

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be worded with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for the marriage notice for the death notice for the funeral notice. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, the extra; other extension to ordinary, such as short notice of 1/4, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—propagated.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended ordinary or extra) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

MARRIED.

BAKER-WEBB.—On Jan. 13, 1904, at St. Luke's Church, Toronto, by the Rev. Dr. Langtry, Charles Morgan Baker, eldest son of the late Charles Baker, to Flora Webb, only daughter of Mrs. M. E. Webb, of Winnipeg.

BLACK-MINER.—At the Principal's residence of the Congregational College, Montreal, home of the bride's sister, on Wednesday, Jan. 13, 1904, James Black, son of Mr. C. R. Black, to Helen Miner, daughter of Mr. F. H. C. Miner, all of Montreal.

CORBETT-SANGSTER.—At the Church of the Ascension, Port Perry, Ont., on Jan. 7, 1904, by the Rev. G. W. Locke, rector of St. Stephen's, Detroit, assisted by the Rev. G. Scott, incumbent of the church, Gertrude E., youngest daughter of Dr. J. H. Sangster, to Dr. S. C. Corbett, of Winnipeg.

CURTIS-BURTON.—On Dec. 12, 1903, at St. Catherine's Church, Hatcham, by the Rev. Howard J. R. Curtis, of St. Maurice, Fulham, to Louisa, only daughter of William Edwin Burton, of Drakefield-road, St. Catherine's-park, S.E., London, England.

LYMOND-LUDGE.—At All Saints' Church, Windsor, Ont., on Dec. 30, 1903, by the Rev. F. A. Chadwick, assisted by the Rev. W. Monkbridge, the Rev. Ernest G. Lymond, rector of St. John's, to Ethel Constance Ludge, daughter of the late J. N. G. Ludge, of Port Hope, Ont., and granddaughter of the late Rev. Nassib Ludge, of Kilkenny, Ireland.

FISHER-WILSON.—At the house of the bride's brother, Mr. George Wilson, 27 Brunswick ave., Toronto, on Dec. 30, 1903, May Florence, daughter of the late Benjamin Wilson, Bradford, England, to Mr. J. C. M. Fisher, Mansfield, Ohio, son of Dr. E. J. T. Fisher, of Spadina avenue, Toronto.

FLAWS-CLARK.—On Jan. 12, 1904, at the residence of the bride's father, St. Mary's, Ont., by the Rev. Wylie C. Clark, of Brampton, Ada Bell, daughter of Jas. Clark, Esq., to William A. Flaws, of Toronto.

MCBEAN-MCBEAN.—In the vestry, Melville Church, Windsor, on Jan. 14, 1904, William Dawson McBean, of Winnipeg, Man., to Mary Ethel, daughter of A. G. McBean, Montreal.

DIED.

BINMORE.—In Chicago, on Jan. 14, 1904, Elizabeth Margaret, wife of Henry Binmore, daughter of the late John Herst, and sister of Thomas U. Herst, of this city.

CRAWFORD.—In this city, on the 14th instant, at 13 Bayview street, William Crawford, aged 15 years, only son of Joshua and Isabel Crawford.

Funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon at 2:30, to Mount Royal Cemetery.

CREE.—On Dec. 23, 1903, at Pinewood Sanatorium, Wokingham, England, very suddenly, of heart failure, Edward Russell Cree, Lt.-Colonel R.A.M.C., aged 45, son of the late Edward Hodges Cree, Inspector-General of Hospitals and Fleets, R.N. Deeply regretted.

DOBIE.—At St. Augustin, on Jan. 13, 1904, Jean Robertson, wife of Thomas Dobie, and daughter of the late John Robertson, of Belle Riviere, Que.

Funeral private, on Friday. Please omit flowers.

HENDERSON.—On Jan. 15, 1904, at the Royal Victoria Hospital, Charles A. Montgomery Henderson.

Funeral private, from his late residence, 84 Hutcheson street, on Saturday, 16th inst. Boston papers please copy.

HURLEY.—At 506 Sherbourne street, Toronto, on Jan. 12, 1904, Catherine, daughter of the late William Farley, Tyrone, Ireland, and widow of the late John Hurley, in her 78th year.

JARRELL.—In Kingston, Ont., on Jan. 12, 1904, Phillip Jarrell, aged thirty-five years.

JEWELL.—At Ladies' Protestant Home, Quebec, on Jan. 12, 1904, Elizabeth Bell, wife of William Jewell, senior, Lake Beauport, at the age of 72 years.

KEYES.—On Jan. 12, 1904, at Kingston, Ont., Thomas Keyes, aged 86 years.

Funeral private.

LYMAN.—At Syracuse, N.Y., on Jan. 12, 1904, John Lyman, president of the Northrop & Lyman Company, Limited, Toronto, aged 83 years.

MCBAIN.—At Fern Cottage, Lake Couchiching, Ont., on Jan. 3, 1904, John McBain, in his 38th year.

MORAE.—At Glen Norman, Ont., on Wednesday, Jan. 6, 1904, Donald D. Morae, aged 36 years, last surviving member of the family of the late Donald Morae, and deeply regretted by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

MILLER.—At Newburgh, Ont., on Jan. 10, 1904, Eliza Jane, relict of the late Cephas H. Miller, aged 89 years.

PHILIP.—At her late residence, "Widfield," Willocks street, Toronto, on Wednesday, Jan. 13, 1904, Mary E. Y. Cowie, widow of the late Richard Philip, in her 73rd year.

SHAW.—In this city, on Thursday, Jan. 14, 1904, Ann Jane Lynch, beloved wife of Thomas Shaw, aged 63 years.

Funeral will take place from her late residence, 4430 St. Catherine street, on Saturday, the 16th inst., to Mount Royal Cemetery. Funeral private.

SMITH.—At Hillview, Maryland Place, Bonnyrigg, Scotland, on Dec. 27, 1903, James Smith, late head gardener at Hope-town House.

SHEARER.—On Jan. 12, 1904, Tilly E. Shearer, daughter of the late Andrew Shearer.

Funeral private, at 2:30 p.m., on Wednesday, 13th Jan., 1904.

TIMMONS.—At Quebec, on Jan. 14, 1904, after a short illness, Patrick Timmons, aged 78 years, a native of Enniscorthy, County Wexford, Ireland.

THOMSON.—On board S.S. "Curaco," Charleston, S.C., on Jan. 14, 1904, Robert, third son of Wm. Thomson, of Cote des Neiges. Funeral private.

THE S. CARSLY CO. LIMITED.

EARLY CLOSING MOVEMENT

—WHEREBY THE BIG STORE CLOSSES DAILY AT 5.30 P.M.

Is meeting the hearty approval of the public, and the manifested appreciation of The Big Store's loyal staff. There is a growing disposition on the part of the former to shop earlier in the day. It is noticeable that those who have experienced the pleasure of shopping in the morning cannot be induced to again delay this important duty until the afternoon.

PILE UPON PILE OF LADIES' SNOWY WHITE UNDERWEAR

Disappearing as if by magic from The Big Store daily. The impulse to buy is irresistible. Not only does the showing reveal a much finer collection of superb garments, but the comparison that extends to quality as well as price, demonstrates how vastly superior are The Big Store's values.

LADIES' FINE WHITE CAMBRIC CORSET COVERS, with lace yoke and insertion. January sale price... **54c**

LADIES' FINE WHITE CAMBRIC UNDERSKIRTS, made with deep flounce, trimmed with linen lace insertion and lace. January sale price... **\$1.25**

LADIES' FINE WHITE CAMBRIC DRAWERS, finely tucked and hem-stitched, embroidery trimming. January sale price... **58c**

Notre Dame and St. Peter street side, First Floor.

LADIES FINE WINTER COATS

We intend to clear out the remaining numbers of the styles that are well in advance of the time when the styles that are to be made their appearance. To aid in the accomplishment of that purpose all coats now in stock have been reduced from 20 to 75 percent in price.

30 Misses' Jackets, made of navy blue and fawn beaver and broadcloth. The former prices ranged from \$11.00 to \$14.00; now marked at one price to clear, each... **\$7.95**

Ladies' 3-4 Coats, in different shades of tweed and fawn beaver, satin lined, deep collar, flare sleeves, metal buttons, or fly front. Values from \$11.00 to \$15.75. One price to clear... **\$9.15**

St. James street side, First Floor.

BEEN MAKING GREAT REDUCTIONS IN LADIES' GLOVE PRICES.

Ladies' 'Kathleen' 2-Dome Kid Gloves, in nine shades of tan, brown, fawn, green, navy, also black and white, fancy silk points. Sizes, 3 1/4 to 7 1/4. Sale price, per pair... **68c**

Ladies' 'Countess' 2-Dome Kid Gloves, in nine shades of tan, brown, blue grey, also black and white, fancy silk points. Sizes, 3 1/4 to 7 1/4. Sale price, per pair... **94c**

THE S. CARSLY CO. LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St., 184 to 194 St. James St., MONTREAL.

15% to 50% Discount

All This Month on Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Beds and Bedding.

THOMAS LIGGET, 2474, 2476 St. Catherine St.

Buy Your ELECTRIC FIXTURE & SHADE FROM THE CRESCENT ELECTRIC CO.

2503 St. Catherine St. Tel. Up 971.

HARRISON'S BREAD — IS MADE IN THE — CLEANEST BAKERY in the city.

1c. Moist 36c. Office 41 Victoria Ave., Westmount.

One of Montreal's Wonders!

Our artistic display of AND IRONS and FIRESETS. All prices, all finishes, and all the very latest styles.

At LOCKER'S.

1753 Notre Dame St.

WALSH — At the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Samuel McKee, Upper Ormstown, Que., on Christmas morning, 1903, Eliza Torney, widow of the late William Walsh, of Rawdon, Que., aged 74 years. Interred at Rawdon.

Iowa and South Dakota papers please copy.

WILLIAMSON.—At 705 Pine avenue, on Jan. 14, 1904, Helen, eldest daughter of John Williamson, rector, Crichton School.

IN MEMORIAM.

CROSS.—In loving memory of Robert Henry Cross, who was taken home, Jan. 15, 1899. To live in hearts of those we love, is not to die.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the "Witness" containing the notice, will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 4.

AUSTRALIANS WON. (Canadian Associated Press.) London, Jan. 15.—The cricket match between the English and Australian teams at Adelaide, yesterday, resulted in favor of the latter by 368 runs for six wickets.

FUR JACKETS AT DECISIVE REDUCTIONS IN PRICE

The January shopper secures many veritable bargains, and supplies many a 'long felt want' at a saving to her purse.

Astrachan Fur Jackets, with water mink collar, sizes, 36 and 38 only. Regular, \$27.00. January sale price... **\$25.00**

Greenland Seal Jackets, high collar and revers. Sizes, 36, 38 and 40. Regular, \$32.40. January sale price... **\$29.40**

Electric Seal Jackets, sizes 38 and 40. Regular, \$47.00. January sale price... **\$43.00**

Electric Seal Jackets, mink collar and revers. Regular, \$78.00. January sale price... **\$71.00**

Store No. 5, Notre Dame street side, ground floor.

GROCERY SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

500 7-lb. Tins C. & B. Marmalade, each... **\$.69**

Large tin Imported Sardines. 20 1,000 lbs. Featherstrip Cocoa-nut, per lb... **.16**

1,000 doz. Valencia Oranges, 2 doz... **.25**

Cable Matches, per package... **.05**

CANDY SPECIAL.

Who doesn't like Cut Rock Mix-ture? Our regular price is 8 1/2c lb. Saturday's price will be... **7c**

Only 60 lbs. to sell at this rate. Store No. 6, centre aisle, ground floor.

A BREAK IN THE COLD SPELL

will now enable you to fill up the air spaces not required with Weather Strips. Do it now before another cold dip.

D. DRYSDALE (Hardware), 645 Craig Street.

DESKS — At All Prices and Low Figures

TEES & CO., 300 St. James Street.

By living almost rent free and having very small expenses enables W. H. Leach, 2440 St. Catherine street, to sell Pianos cheaper than any other dealer in Montreal. Prices talk; make comparisons before concluding a trade elsewhere.

DEATH OF MR. S. D. HAMILTON.

Mr. S. D. Hamilton, for several years a well-known dry goods merchant of Notre Dame street west, and latterly superintendent of the Ste. Anne de Bellevue canal, died Wednesday at the age of 63 years, after a long and painful illness. He was a brother of Messrs. Henry and Napoleon Hamilton, the well-known St. Catherine street merchants.

The funeral of the late M. Hamilton took place this morning from the residence of his brother, Mr. Henry Hamilton, No. 132 Mansfield street, to St. James Cathedral, where the funeral service was conducted. Despite the inclement weather there was a large attendance of sympathizing friends of the family. The principal mourners were Mr. James Hamilton, son, and Messrs. Henry Hamilton and N. E. Hamilton, brothers. Among those present were the Hon. L. Gouin, the Hon. James McShane, the Hon. A. Boyer, Dr. Rodier, Dr. Lalonde, Ald. Laporte, Messrs. U. H. Dandurand, H. G. Elliott, S. Beaudin, K.C., J. Braut, Y. Durand, N. Duquette, E. Jutra, J. Aubin, H. Choquette, N. Coie, Y. Gauvreau and Thomas Liggett.

LITERATURE IN 1903.

The busy men among the readers of 'World Wide' will welcome C. F. G. Masterman's review of the past year in literature, which is contained in this week's issue. Three cents from all news-dealers, or \$1.00 a year from the publishers, John Dougal & Son, Montreal. Adv.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

GREAT JANUARY CLEARING SALE!

GENERAL RANGE OF DISCOUNTS 10 TO 75 P.C.

Money-saving Bargains at Every Turn, in Every Section, and on Every Counter and Table!

Some of the Main Features to Remember for To-morrow's Shopping:

ANNUAL WHITEWEAR SALE.

\$8,500 Worth of Superfine Ladies' and Children's White Cotton Underclothing, at less than wholesale prices.

Special Sale of Household and Kitchen Requisites!

Numerous articles in constant use at 25 to 50 percent below usual prices.

Special Sale of Fine Toilet Soaps and Toilet Accessories

at, in many instances, below cost.

"Sacrifices" Sale of Ladies' Jackets and Ready-to-wear Costumes!

Clearing Sale of Dress Goods at 10 to 75 percent discount.
Clearing Sale of Silks at 10 to 50 percent discount.
Clearing Sale of Linens at 10 to 50 percent discount.
Clearing Sale of Cottons at 10 to 33 1/2 percent discount.
Clearing Sale of Flannels at 10 to 33 1/2 percent discount.
Clearing Sale of Boys' and Children's Clothing at 10 to 50 percent discount.

JOHN MURPHY & CO., 2341 and 2343 St. Catherine St., Cor. Metcalfe St.

Terms Cash. Telephone: Up 2740.

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 15.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

FASHIONS IN CUFFS.

The shirt waist proper, which is rarely worn these days, is only correct when finished with its mannish cuffs fastened by link buttons at back. None but the very severely inclined women wear shirt waists now.

Another fashion has a four-inch turn-over cuff buttonholed and scalloped at all edges. Such a cuff upholds a slight fullness above it. And, by the way, these morning blouses call for sleeves that are simple. There must be a wide gulf fixed between them and the lunched and afternoon blouses. If they have plaits they are stitched down, and while the sleeve itself is draped, it is not voluminous.

There is a strong inclination to use brilliant Scotch plaid taffetas on these blouses, and the best disposition of it is on the cuff. Flannel and pongee are the fabrics most preferred for the plaid accessories, and the cuffs are often made four inches deep, tight-fitting, fastened at back with silk buttons, the edges trimmed with a two-inch scalloped band of plaid, stitched down with some bright-colored silk. There are two lines of scallops down the front, and sometimes around the shoulders, and one invariably adds a little scarf and butterfly bow of silk at base of collar. Either metal or silk buttons are used with the plaid cuffs.

Another dainty fashion which calls either for expensive or home needlework, is in having four-inch separate cuffs of Swiss embroidery and Valenciennes lace, or footing and linen batiste, feather-stitched together, finished with ruffles or lace and applied to these blouses at wrist. They are fastened at back with cord loops and silk buttons and are then fastened to the blouse by little gold safety pins.

The safety pins, or rather parallel bars of gold or platinum, set with brilliants, are kept for the afternoon and evening frocks.—Ex.

BRUSH YOUR SKIRTS.

If women who pride themselves on their tidy habits would only not brush their skirts they have worn in the street in their bedroom! wailed a lecturer on health the other day. If they only knew the character of the stuff they brush out, generally all over themselves, too!

A verandah or back porch is the place to take a garment laden with microbes and germs out of the street. The roof makes a good place, or if one can't do the brushing out of the house altogether the bathroom is the next best. But the very idea of sleeping in a room whose atmosphere is laden with the powdered refuse of the streets is terrible to me, and it should be to every woman if she understood what she was doing.—Troy Press.

DAILY TABLE HINT.

Sponge Cakes with Apple Snow.—Cut four or five stale small sponge cakes into thin slices; lay these on a glass dish, and pour over them half a pint of good custard or cream. Bake half a dozen large apples in a well-beated oven pulp away from the skin and cores, weigh it, and a quarter of an hour before it is wanted beat up with half a pound of the strained juice of a lemon, as much powdered sugar as will sweeten it pleasantly, and the well-whisked whites of two eggs. Beat the apple-mixture with a whisk till it looks light and frothy, and has the appearance of snow, pile it on the custard, and serve immediately.

OBITUARY.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—The death is announced of the Rev. Christopher Hamilton, at his late residence, 11 Brunswick avenue. He was in his seventy-fourth year, and was a superannuated Methodist minister, being widely known throughout the Toronto Conference, in which he held a number of important charges.

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 15.—Mr. Geo. Dewar, a pioneer of Lambton County, and at one time secretary and subsequently president of the Lambton Mutual Insurance Company, is dead at his home in Essex, aged seventy-seven years.

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 15.—The death occurred here yesterday of George Frederick, aged sixteen years of age, only son of Mr. George Frederick. Last fall the young man was injured in a football scrimmage at the Collegiate Institute, and to this his death is directly attributable.

Brockville, Jan. 15.—Mr. W. Widdis, of Elizabethtown, just outside of Brockville, is dead, aged eighty-five years. He was one of the oldest residents of that district. The death is also reported from the same district of Mrs. Hiram Booth, aged eighty-one years. She was a continuous resident of Elizabethtown.

FORMER GOVERNOR BUSHNELL. Columbus, O., Jan. 15.—Former Governor Asa S. Bushnell, of Springfield, Ohio, who was stricken with apoplexy last Monday after witnessing the ceremonies attending the inauguration of Governor Herrick, died at Grant Hospital in this city early today. The end came peacefully. His wife and family were at his bedside. The body will be taken to Springfield to-day for burial.

Former Governor Bushnell was born at Rome, N.Y., on Sept. 16, 1834. He came to Ohio with his parents when eleven years old, residing first at Cincinnati and since 1851 at Springfield. From a position as bookkeeper he rose to a partnership in the Wardner, Bushnell and Gleason Company, manufacturers of farming implements, of which he became president in 1886. He served in the civil war, being mustered out with the rank of captain. In 1885 Mr. Bushnell was chairman of the Republican state executive committee. He served two terms as governor of Ohio, being elected in 1895, and re-elected in 1897. Two weeks ago Mr. Bushnell divided three-quarters of a million dollars among members of his family as a New Year's gift.

DR. HENRY TOLMAN. Chicago, Jan. 15.—Dr. Henry Tolman, who had a national reputation as a microscopist, is dead, aged 55 years. In the capacity of microscopist expert, Dr. Tolman was a witness in the Molnux murder trial in New York.

Mr. James G. Monk, brother of Mr. F. D. Monk, local leader of the Conservative party, has just been appointed manager of the French morning paper, the 'Journal.'

ELECTRIC PUMP TROUBLE.

CASE FULLY ARGUED, AND JUDGMENT TO BE RENDERED TO-MORROW.

The hearing on the petition for an injunction to prevent the city from operating the McFavish street electric pump was continued and concluded before Mr. Justice Davidson yesterday afternoon.

Mr. George Janin, who had previously given an affidavit on the public inconvenience and danger that would result from the proposed injunction, was placed in the witness box. He was examined by Mr. Meredith for the petitioners, and admitted that it was proposed to run the pump referred to during the night time because it was cheaper.

In his examination by Mr. Atwater, for the city, the witness stated that the electric plant was designed to replace the steam plant, which had been in existence for some twenty years, and was now worn out. It was in such condition that a month did not pass without its meeting with some accident. Twenty-two thousand people were dependent upon that station for their water supply, both for domestic purposes and in case of fire.

In reply to the Court, the witness admitted that the work could be done by another steam pump, and that the department was not necessarily limited to an electric pump.

Argument was then proceeded with by Mr. J. L. Archambault, K.C., opened with a short address, in which he held that the same reasons which induced the Court to refuse the injunction in the case of the Windsor Hotel and the public drains system existed in this instance, and that there was not sufficient ground to grant the petition.

Mr. Atwater followed, and argued that an injunction could not be granted, as no irreparable injury to the petitioners had been shown. If there was an outbreak of fire and a breakdown happened to the present steam plant, it would be impossible to supply the upper level reservoir with water in a short time. He concluded that under all the circumstances the injunction should not issue.

At this juncture Mr. Brosseau, counsel for John McDougall & Co., the contractors who furnished the electric pump, stepped in to oppose the city's attempt to bring his clients into the case. It had been alleged that the pump was not yet delivered to the city, but there was Mr. McDougall's affidavit that it had been delivered; that it was in the city's building, and that it was now being run for a test at the request of the city. The pump was absolutely under the control of the city.

Mr. Atwater replied that the pump was being operated as a test by the employees of the contractor. There had been nothing in the way of handing over the legal possession.

The Court found that the contractors could not be included in the sense of the motion made by the city for that purpose, and struck them out of the present proceedings.

Mr. Lafleur then argued the case for the petitioners. He pointed out that the nuisance complained of was in a residential part of the city, where beautiful homes had been built, and a money compensation could be adequate by way of remedy. What the people were seeking was not money, but peace in their homes. They wanted to be able to sleep during the night. The evidence of Mr. Janin, the superintendent, was to the effect that it was intended to run the electric pump during the night, and the experience so far had been that sleep was impossible when the pump was working.

Mr. Lafleur then pointed out that the position taken by the petitioners was corroborated by the city itself, when it stated in its protest against the contractor: 'That the operation of the said machinery is the cause of great and incessant vibration and noise, to such an extent that not only the solidity of the building wherein the said machinery is installed is in danger, but there has also been made to the said city by several proprietors and residents on account of the vibration and annoyance.' He concluded by holding that the nuisance could be avoided, and that the injunction should be granted.

Mr. Meredith followed on the same lines, and dwelt on the fact that it had been shown that all the city had to do to obviate the nuisance complained of was to put in another steam pump or another electric pump.

This closed the argument, and the Court took the whole matter under deliberation until to-morrow morning, when judgment will be rendered.

MR. BALFOUR'S APPOINTMENT.

Mr. G. H. Balfour has been appointed general manager of the Union Bank of Canada, in place of the late Mr. E. Webb, of Quebec. Mr. Balfour was born at Waterloo, Que., in 1848, and was educated at Lennoxville. He first entered the office of Mr. John Laird, Quebec, and in 1870 joined the staff of the Union Bank of Canada. After several years he was appointed to the position of general inspector, and later for five years was manager of the bank's branch at Winnipeg.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

The Hon. W. A. Weir was in Quebec yesterday.

Mr. L. N. Casault, Quebec, is confined to his residence through illness.

Rev. G. Osborne Troop while in Quebec is the guest of Mr. W. H. Wiggs.

Miss Evelyn Douglas, Ottawa, is visiting her sister, who is at the Royal Victoria College.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Watson, Mount Pleasant avenue, entertained at dinner last night.

Mr. and Mrs. James Skeoch leave this morning for Trinidad, where they will spend some time.

Lady Sarah Sladen, of Dover, England, who has been visiting relatives in Ottawa, is spending a few days in Montreal.

Mrs. John A. Gunn (formerly Miss Montgomery, of Toronto) will receive at 19 Laval avenue, on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 19.

Mr. and Mrs. Cawthra Mulock and Miss Amiee Mulock, Toronto, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Vincent J. Hughes, 34 Famille street.

Miss Ethel Edgar, Dorchester street, Westmount, entertained informally at a party tea yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Frank Edgar dispensed tea, assisted by Miss Ross.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Chapman, prior to their departure for India, are staying for a while with Mrs. Chapman's grandparents, Sir Charles and Lady Tupper, Winnipeg.

The Duke of Argyll, whose health had been much tried of late, was obliged to leave London for his seat at Rosneath. The Princess Louise accompanied him north, but returned to London later on account of numerous engagements.

Mr. H. T. Hughes, Mrs. M. C. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. Murray Kennedy, and infant, and Mr. and Mrs. J. S. O'Meara, of Quebec, are among those who booked passage on the White Star Line steamer "Celtic," which sailed for Liverpool to-day.

Mrs. C. R. Hosmer entertained the Ladies' Afternoon Euchre Club yesterday at her residence, Drummond street. Mrs. H. Montagu Allan was the winner of the first prize, and Mrs. Dunlap, of the second. Mrs. A. E. Holt won the lone hand prize, and Mrs. Baumgarten received the consolation prize.

Mrs. J. H. Magor, Bishop street, was the hostess at a very pleasant tea yesterday afternoon, when she was assisted in receiving by her aunt, Mrs. Davie. The tea-table was decorated with red carnations, and was presided over by Mrs. Duncan Macpherson and Miss Douglas, who were assisted by the Misses Magor, Miss Bessie Hall, Miss Louise Stevenson Brown, Miss Anita Dillon and Miss Ansel.

Lady Hingston was the hostess at a well-attended and very enjoyable tea yesterday afternoon. The tea-table, at which Mrs. McCarthy, Mrs. Oswald and Miss Whitehead presided, was prettily arranged with pink roses. Miss Boyer, Miss Hickson, Miss Strath, Miss MacCallum, Miss Helen Stikeman, and Miss Winnifred Stanway assisted in dispensing tea. Lady Hingston was gowned in black chiffon velvet, and her daughter, Miss Eileen Hingston, who received with her, was dressed in white.

The marriage of Miss Mary Ethel McBean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. McBean, Olivier avenue, to Mr. William Dawson McBean, of Winnipeg, took place quietly last evening. The ceremony was performed in the vestry of St. Andrew's Church, Westmount, by the Rev. G. F. Johnson. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a travelling suit of brown cloth, with white silk blouse, mink hat and furs, and had a bouquet of violets. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. W. D. McBean left for the west on the way to Winnipeg.

Mr. and Mrs. Baumgarten, McTavish street, entertained at dinner last night, when covers were laid for eighteen. The table was beautifully decorated with American Beauty roses arranged in silver vases. Mrs. Baumgarten greeted her guests, wearing a white lace gown with garniture of pale blue panne velvet. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. H. Montagu Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew A. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Meredith, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Reford, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Humer, Sir Thomas and Lady Shaughnessy, and Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Mathewson.

ANTIQUEARIAN SOCIETY

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE WOMEN'S BRANCH.

Mrs. de Bellefeuille MacDonald presided over the annual meeting of the Women's Branch of the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society, which was held yesterday afternoon in the Chateau de Ramazay. The president, in her address, congratulated the society on its satisfactory condition, and on the improvements to the Chateau. She thanked the members for their devotion to a noble and patriotic work. Mr. Justice Bay, president of the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society, was present by invitation, and gave an address, in which he expressed appreciation of the work of the Women's Branch. Miss Boyer read the French secretary's report, and Mrs. Baumgarten presented the financial statement. The net gain over the previous year was \$93.32. It was moved by Miss Hingston that new members pay an entrance fee of \$1 in addition to regular dues.

The resignation of Miss Roddick as president, and Mrs. C. T. Hart as French secretary, were announced. The list of officers was as follows: President—Mrs. de Bellefeuille MacDonald; Vice-presidents—Lady Van Horne, Mrs. Lacoste, Mrs. Rouer Roy and Mrs. Penhallow; French secretary—Miss Boyer; Treasurer—Mrs. C. E. Spragge; Executive committee—Mrs. Sutherland Taylor, Mrs. Louis Sutherland, Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, Mrs. E. C. Monk, Mrs. Penhallow, Mrs. Ferguson, Mrs. H. R. Ives, Mrs. Spragge, Mrs. F. W. Molson, Miss Roddick, Miss E. Power O'Brien, Miss Van Horne, Miss MacDonald, Miss MacCallum, Mrs. T. Chase Casgrain, Mrs. Prevost, Mrs. L. Beaubien, Mrs. Mignault, Mrs. Robert Archer, Mrs. Archambault, Mrs. Rainville, Mrs. de B. Monk, Mrs. Sicotte, Miss Lacoste, Miss de Salaberry, Miss Roy.

Tea committee—Conveners, Mrs. Louis Sutherland and Mrs. Hector Prevost, with power to form their committee. Entertainment committee—Conveners, Mrs. H. R. Ives; sub-conveners, Mrs. E. Cornwallis Monk, Mrs. St. Pierre, Mrs. Sutherland Taylor, Miss O'Brien, Miss A. Roy, Miss L. Taschereau. Tea was served at the close of the meeting.

BIBLE SOCIETY

QUEBEC AUXILIARY HOLDS 68th ANNUAL MEETING.

Quebec, Jan. 15.—The sixty-eighth annual meeting of the Quebec Auxiliary Bible Society was held on Wednesday evening, in the large Y. M. C. A. hall. There was a large attendance of friends of the society, and the musical portion of the programme was furnished by a strong choir, augmented and supported by an orchestra, under the direction of Mr. C. Thorne.

The chief speaker of the evening was the Rev. G. Osborne Troop, M.A., rector of St. Martin's Church, Montreal, and his earnest address was listened to with the deepest interest. Mr. F. H. Oliver, K.C., presided over the meeting; the Rev. P. Boudreau, M.A., read a portion of the Scriptures, and the Rev. A. T. Love, B.A., offered the opening prayer, after which the secretary, the Rev. Mr. Stobo, read the annual report, which shows the marvellous progress of a century. The Holy Scriptures may now be had in 420 languages, 378 of which are on the list of the Society. During the century 180,000,000 copies of the Bible had been circulated, at a cost of \$80,000,000. Nearly seven-tenths of the human family may now read it, if they will. However, there are still 400 languages or dialects, into which the Scriptures have not been translated. The report also showed the work of the collectors, the depositories, the country depots, and the secretary, whose duties are manifold. Several grants by committee were referred to, and thanks expressed for generous treatment from the Upper Canada Bible Society, also the parent society.

The report shows an income of \$5,927.71, and an expenditure of \$5,082.09. A resolution was adopted, moved by the Rev. G. Osborne Troop, and seconded by the Rev. W. H. Sparling, that the Quebec Society co-operate with the parent body in the celebration of its one hundredth anniversary in March next, and that aid be given, as far as possible, in raising the sum of \$50,000 as a free-will offering from the Canadian auxiliaries.

The meeting closed with prayer and the benediction by the Rev. L. R. Dutaud.

MACEDONIAN SUFFERERS

LETTER RECEIVED BY MISS MATHEWSON FROM LADIES' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF SOPHIA.

The following letter from the Macedonian Ladies' Benevolent Society, of Sophia, Bulgaria, has been received by Miss Ellen Mathewson, 131 Metcalfe street, this city. The letter, which is almost pathetic in its tenor, sufficiently explains itself.

Sophia, Bulgaria, Dec. 4, 1903.

Dear Miss Mathewson, The committee of the Ladies' Benevolent Macedonian Society, devoting itself exclusively to the poor Macedonian sufferers, is at an end with its means and therefore wishes to implore the pity of all charitable persons to help the nation exposed to the most horrible atrocities and unheard-of sufferings. You have no doubt read in your papers of the burning of children alive; of the killing of old men of this unfortunate nation; people shot down and pierced by the daggers of their tyrants; mothers, overcome by fatigue, abandoning their half-dead babies on lonely roads and highways, while they themselves escaped a cruel death by passing with the utmost difficulty the Bulgarian boundary. Bulgaria has given a home and shelter to these poor refugees, but neither private benevolence nor government donations will suffice any more. Our country is not rich. There are 30,000 souls to be clad and fed before the winter sets in.

We ladies of the committee, our eyes blinded with hot tears, beg of all to help us and if possible to kindly head a subscription for these victims. Every penny will be received with profound gratitude by the president of our society, who will publish the names of the donors with feelings of deepest consideration. We remain, gratefully, the president, Mrs. (Dr.) Ellen Bradley; vice-president, Mrs. (Colonel) Brascov; secretary, Mrs. B. Prenska; treasurer, Mrs. F. Hacotcheff. Members—Mrs. Basilia, D. Economova; Mrs. H. Yablansky, Mrs. R. St. Mhailowaki, Mrs. G. S. Changava, Mrs. A. Azographoff, and Mrs. A. Kremioff. Address Mrs. Bradel, Sophia, Bulgaria.

WELLINGTON COUNCIL, R.A.

Wellington Council, 1445, Royal Arcanum, installed the following officers last evening:—Regent, N. Prowse; vice-regent, H. M. Chauvin; past regent, Dr. George Hall; orator, John W. Smith; secretary, W. H. Redding; collector, J. W. Hayden; chaplain, Dr. A. R. Griffith; treasurer, W. Bennett; warden, W. Reid; sentry, David Anderson; trustees, Dr. J. H. Lennon, C. C. Drew and S. Cuthbert.

Among those assisting were Grand Secretary H. Walker, Councilors C. W. Patterson, W. A. Patterson, Dr. J. B. Vosburgh, W. A. Brown, and J. A. Berry.

ONE MUST SEE IT

To Understand the Development Going on in the North West.

MR. H. E. R. ROGERS, OF THE SETTLERS' COLONIZATION COMPANY, WONDERS AT EASTERN APATHY.

In the west, a man will not look at a proposition unless he can see from ten to fifteen percent in it. Here in the east people put their money in the banks, where it is stowed away, making only three or three and a half percent. In the west the Americans come in with their money and pick up the big paying things.

Mr. H. E. R. Rogers, resident director of the Settlers' Colonization Company, Winnipeg, who is at present at the Windsor Hotel, is lost in wonder at the apathy of the east to the development which is going on in the west. He finds it strange that it should be left for the Americans to come in with their capital and exploit the situation. He refers especially to the land companies which are chiefly American, but of course there are other enterprises which are also backed by American money. There was a land company, for instance, which got three million acres not long ago at, say, three dollars an acre. The company retained that land out at six and seven dollars an acre.

Mr. Rogers fully believes that the land companies are doing a good work. If the matter of settlement were left to the government there could be no large result. The expense would be so great that the country would never stand it. The land companies, like his own, send out agents to the western states. They show samples of the products of the country. They effect personal contact and relations. Mere literature would be of no use. There must be the living voice. The agent offers a free excursion to the place in the North-West, which is under discussion. The excursion takes place, the delegates return delighted; the people sell their lands and come to Canada. That is how the thing is done.

As to the matter of the Americanization of the country, Mr. Rogers said that the Americans coming in would have to obey the laws. They were excellent farmers; but perhaps they had not been accustomed, in the western states, to a very strict enforcement of the law. If these same masses became very large and compact there might be need for some watchfulness, but at present they were certainly what the country needed. The Doukhobors made splendid settlers; the Galicians were not so good as the former.

Take the case of Winnipeg, in the matter of development: Last year five million dollars' worth of new buildings went up. And still the cry was "more room." The C. P. R. shops, and hotels, and station would be a great matter for the city, and still they needed in Winnipeg another hotel—a hotel like the Windsor in Montreal—in a good location. In fact, Winnipeg was already a great centre. Some of the business houses in the east recognized this, and now had their own warehouses in the city—the Gauls and the Greenshields, for instance.

The people of the east did not know the west. "Come and see us," said Mr. Rogers, "for you will never, otherwise, understand what a country we have. Above all, let the east not be afraid to invest its money in the west. I know the country thoroughly, having been all through it, and I can say that investment, whether in land, or in an industrial proposition, will pay richly."

LABOR NOTES

At the annual meeting of the District Trades and Labor Council, held last evening in the Knights of Labor Hall, 1047 Notre Dame street, Mr. R. Duquette was elected president. Other officers elected were: Mr. P. Levy, vice-president; J. H. Dodd, recording secretary; J. A. Parquette, corresponding secretary; J. S. Fitzpatrick, financial secretary; A. Smith, treasurer. The executive board will be composed of R. Duquette, chairman; J. A. Parquette, French secretary; J. H. Dodd, English secretary; and J. S. Fitzpatrick, L. Pine, P. Levy, and J. Miller, committee.

At a largely attended meeting of the executive of the Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union held last evening it was decided to adopt a new scale of wages to be put into force shortly. Three new members were initiated and several speeches on matters of interest to the union were made.

LOCAL NO. 134, UNITED GARMENT WORKERS OF AMERICA.

One of the largest attended meetings this season of the above local union was held on Tuesday evening last. Deputations were received from the Knights of Labor, the Electrical Workers' International Union, and the Bakers' International Union. The following resolution was passed with acclamation:—"That whereas the Bakers' International Union reports that certain master bakers have gone back on the agreement made with the men last April, resolved, that this Local Union of the U. G. W. of A. instructs all its members to patronize only bakers using the union label." The

mass meeting committee reported that they had engaged the Palais Royal Theatre for the mass meeting to be held on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 17.

Mayor Cochrane has been invited to preside, and the following gentlemen are expected to be present:—Alderman Laperte, Alderman Ames, Alderman Ekers, Mr. J. B. Mack, vice-president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada; Mr. P. J. Ryan, organizer of the American Federation of Labor; Mr. Succi, of the Electrical Workers' International Union and other prominent speakers.

SHIPPING NEWS

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CLUB.

The annual meeting of the Catholic Sailors' Club was held yesterday. Mr. F. B. McNamee, who presided, reported that the finances of the club were in a satisfactory condition. There was at present on hand over \$4,000, and the amount estimated as necessary for the contemplated extension and improvement of the club property, is about \$6,000. Lord Strathcona has expressed his intention of contributing the last thousand dollars towards the completion of the club's quarters.

SS. NOORDLAND SAFE.

Philadelphia, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Maritime Exchange from the Delaware Breakwater, says that the overdue Red Star liner Noordland, was sighted at 9.22 a.m. The Noordland was due to arrive in this city on Sunday last from Liverpool. On Jan. 13 the captain of the British SS. Cornishman, which arrived at Portland, Me., reported having fallen in with the Noordland on Jan. 3 in a disabled condition. Before being able to learn the nature of her injury, the two steamships became separated by the severe weather. The Noordland sailed from Liverpool on Dec. 30. As the Noordland passed the Breakwater she signalled "All well."

NOTES.

The Allan line SS. Pretorian, from St. John via Halifax and Moville, arrived at Liverpool at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and reported all well.

The Dominion line Welshman sailed from Liverpool at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, with a full general cargo for Portland. The Leyland line SS. Georgian, with a general cargo from Boston for London, arrived at London yesterday.

Have You Seen the GREEN EUCHRE TABLES and CHAIRS.

Everybody is talking about them. Have a look at them, and at the same time test our offer of 20 p.c. to 50 p.c. DISCOUNT ON FURNITURE & CARPETS.

N. C. VALIQUETTE, East, 1541-1547 St. Catherine St. West, 2448 St. Catherine St.

SEWERS.

ROAD DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to construct sewers in the undermentioned streets or sections of streets, namely:

CUVILLIER STREET—From end of sewer to Stadacona street.

DUQUETTE STREET—From Joliette street to Chamby street.

LINCOLN AVENUE—From St. Matthew street, westward.

Proprietors wishing connections must notify the City Surveyor at once, as after sewer is completed permit must be taken out and sum deposited to cover estimated cost of such connections. Claims for existing sewers in said streets must be filed with City Surveyor within two months after the completion of the new sewer. Any information with regard to sewers to be built will be given at the office of the City Surveyor—all in accordance with By-law No. 238 concerning sewers.

By order, JOHN R. BARLOW, City Surveyor.

City Surveyor's Office, City Hall, Montreal, 14th January, 1904.

COLONIAL HOUSE, Phillips Square.

GREAT ANNUAL DISCOUNT SALE.

GOODS DAMAGED BY WATER

MEN'S and BOYS' SUITS and OVERCOATS, slightly damaged by water, through the breaking of a sprinkler head, will be offered TO-MORROW, at

PRICES TO CLEAR.

LADIES' UNDERMUSLINS and GOWNS.

Since the opening of our Sale the demand for LADIES' COTTON UNDERWEAR has been unprecedented; fortunately this was to a large extent anticipated, and we are, therefore, able to replenish the tables day after day with the daintiest of garments, in

SKIRTS, GOWNS, CHEMISES, DRAWERS, CORSET COVERS and DRESSING JACKETS,

At 20 Percent Discount.

Also, a complete range of similar garments in FLANNELLETTE, at 20 percent.

LADIES' FUR JACKETS.

PERSIAN, Trimmed Stone Marten	\$187.50 for	\$148.80
PERSIAN, Trimmed Mink	180.00 for	144.00
PERSIAN, Trimmed Mink	166.75 for	133.40
PERSIAN, Trimmed Mink	160.00 for	128.00
PERSIAN, Trimmed Alaska	133.50 for	106.80
PERSIAN, Trimmed Alaska	116.75 for	93.40
ALL PERSIAN, Plain	126.75 for	101.40
RUSSIAN, Trimmed Mink	71.25 for	57.00
ALL RUSSIAN, Plain	54.00 for	43.00
GRAY LAMB	52.50 for	42.00
GRAY LAMB	40.00 for	32.00
ELECTRIC, Trimmed Mink	70.50 for	56.40
ELECTRIC, Trimmed Alaska	67.50 for	54.00
ELECTRIC, Trimmed Alaska	65.25 for	52.00
MOIRE ASTRACHAN, Trimmed Mink	100.00 for	80.00
3-4 Length GREY LAMB SQUIREL	126.75 for	101.40

LADIES' SHOE DEPT.—Special.

LADIES' KID LACED and BUTTON BOOTS, regular \$4.75, for \$3.50.

LADIES' BOX CALF BUTTON BOOTS, regular \$5.25, for \$3.50.

LADIES' ENAMEL CALF LACED BOOTS, regular \$4.50, for \$3.50.

LADIES' PATENT KID LACED BOOTS, regular \$4.50, for \$3.50.

LADIES' KID BUTTON BOOTS, regular \$3.00, for \$2.00.

LADIES' KID OPERA SLIPPERS, regular \$1.75, for \$1.00.

LADIES' BLACK VELVET OPERA SLIPPERS, regular \$2.50, for \$2.50.

MISSSES' BOX CALF and KID LACED and BUTTON BOOTS, regular \$2.25 and \$2.50, for \$1.00.

MISSSES' KID ANKLE STRAP SLIPPERS, regular \$1.50, for 50c.

10, 15 and 20 percent off regular lines.

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT.

Just received a shipment of ELECTRICAL MATERIALS: these heaters are economical, portable, have neither tubes nor dirt.

20 Percent Off the Following:

Oriental and Practical Portables, Electric Brooms, from 1 to 5 lights, Electroliers, Ceiling Lights and Brackets, in all the latest designs.

SILK, PAPER AND GLASS SHADES, in Red, Pink, Yellow and Nile.

Special attention given to House Wiring, Repairs and Alterations of every description.

HARDWARE DEPT.—(2nd Floor.)

50 Percent Off.

Best quality of Blue Enamelled Round and Oval COOK POTS, lined white.

Best quality of Blue ENAMELLED TEA KETTLES, lined white.

Best quality of White ENAMELLED TEA KETTLES, DISHES AND PANS.

20 percent off a full line best quality Mottled Blue and White Enamel lined COOKING UTENSILS.

Special 5c, 10c and 25c Tables of articles from 10c to \$1.00.

40c BROOMS, for 25c.

CLOTHES PIN BAGS, best make, 25c.

STEEL SINK STRAINERS, to hang, 15c.

BEST STOVE and SHOE POLISHES, 15c and 25c.

20 percent off a full line of HAIR BRUSHES.

UNIVERSAL OIL HEATERS, all guaranteed, \$4.00.

DRAUGHT TUBING 5c per foot.

SOLID BRASS PIE STANDS, from \$6.75 up.

CLOTHES SPRINKLERS, 15c.

SAD IRONS (U. S. A. and never break Cold Handle, iron will never drop from handle, correct weight, smoothest faces.

Set of 3 Irons, a Patent Stand and Cold Handle, \$2.00.

Shirt Waist Sets, a Patent Stand, 3 Irons, 75c.

Sleeve Irons, a Patent Stand, 2 Irons, 50c.

REFRIGERATORS, 10 percent.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

Further liberal discounts in the SILKS.

1,246 yards MOIRE RENAISSANCE, 10 shades, White, Cream, Pink, Cardinal, Rose, Grey, Fawn, Castor, Champagne, Nile, \$1.50, less 50 percent.

1,475 yards ROMAN STRIPE SILK, pure, up-to-date, for Shirt Waists, Blouses and Skirts, price \$1.20, less 50 percent.

600 yards BLACK TAFFETAS, 22 inches wide, soft finish, 70c, less 20 percent.

CONFECTIONERY.

Clear Baked Mixed FRUIT FLAVORS 15c per lb.

DEPT. HUMBUGS, 20c per lb.

MAPLE KISSES, 20c per lb.

PEANUT BRITTLER, 20c per lb.

VANILLA CHOC. CREAMS, 25c per lb.

COCONUT CREAM, 25c per lb.

EVERETT TOFFEE, 25c per lb.

Our No. 1 MARSHMALLOWS. Special on Saturday, 40c.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

All our Best SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS, worth \$27.00 and \$30.00, for \$22.00, made to measure.

500 yards Special Line SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS, \$20.00, made to measure.

PANTS STRETCHERS, 30c and 60c, less 50 percent.

ENDS VESTINGS, less 50 percent.

400 yards ALL-WOOL PURE SCOTCH TWEED, 55 inches wide, worth \$2.50 per yard, less 50 percent.

FRAMED WATER COLORS.

2 Panels in the Art Gallery have been filled with CHOICE WATER COLORS AT HALF-PRICE.

5 Percent for Cash in Addition to all other Discounts or Reductions. Special Attention Given to Mail Orders.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., Montreal.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE.

Total Funds.....\$8,750,000

Divisible Surplus.....\$515,635

QUINQUENNIAL ENDED 1902.

New Applications '03, Canada.....\$1,132,270

Policies Issued '03.....\$1,016,770

Premium Income.....\$323,027.39

Interest Received.....\$131,497.24

Total Receipts.....\$454,524.63

Every desirable form of contract issued. The rates are right. The guarantees liberal. The Policies unconditional. Good inducements to Active Agents.

ARON'D. WRIGHT, Inspector.

B. Mal. BROWN, F.S.S., Manager.

Weekly Calendar.

The Finest and Best Appointed Rink in Canada, both for Hockey & Skating

MUSIC
Every Night

STADIUM

Also, Saturday
and Holiday
Afternoons.Commutation Tickets, \$1.50. Single Admission, 10 and 15 cts.
THE MONTAGNARD A. A. A. J. A. CHRISTIN, Secy.-Treas.
Corner Duluth & St. Hubert. Phone E. 2319.COCHRANE'S AUDITORIUM,
PRINCE ARTHUR SKATING RINK,
Corner Duluth Avenue and St. Urbain Street,
BAND EVERY EVENING.
AD. 100, 10c and 15c. Bell Tel. East 563.ARENA HOCKEY
SATURDAY, JAN. 16th, at 8.30 P.M.
OTTAWA VS. MONTREAL.
P. W. F. BAND WILL PLAY DURING WAITS.USUAL PRICES—Seats on sale at Star Branch Office. Phone Up 1344.
FRIDAY NIGHT SKATING P. W. F. BAND.
Admission, 20c Six Tickets, \$1.00. INTERMEDIATE MATCHES
2.30 and 4 p.m. Saturday.
Admission, 25c. Children, 10c.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 15.

Art Association
PHILIPS SQUARE.CLASSES WILL RE-OPEN after the
Xmas Holidays as follows:
Advanced Art Class—MONDAY, January
4th, at 9.30 a.m.
Elementary Class—TUESDAY, January
5th, at 3.30 p.m.
Painting Class—WEDNESDAY, January
6th, at 2 p.m.
Students intending to join Illustration
Class should apply before January 4th.

DOMINION ALLIANCE.

A Meeting of the Executive of the Alliance
will be held at the Y.M.C.A., on FRIDAY,
the 15th inst., at 8 p.m. Important
business to be transacted. All the Mem-
bers are desired to be present.
G. G. HUXTABLE,
Secretary.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16.

Mr. W. S. Williamson
NEW YORK CITY.Will speak SATURDAY, 8 p.m. Week
night Meeting for Men.
Young Men's Bible Study, SUNDAY, 2.45
p.m. Studies in "The Acts of the
Apostles." Leader, Mr. D. A. BUDGE,
General Secretary.
The Meeting for Men, SUNDAY, 4 p.m.,
Association Hall, Mr. D. J. CRAIG, of
Aylmer, Que., will speak. Topic: "Life's
Greatest Treasure."
Special music by the Male Quartette.
Hearty invitation to men at all these
meetings.
YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIA-
TION, Dominion Square.

OUTREMONT.

Elector of the South Ward are requested
to meet Mr. HART, SATURDAY, at 3 p.m.,
at the Town Hall. Councillor Languedoc
is invited to be present.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 17.

MEN'S OWN,
CALVARY CHURCH, GUY STREET.SUNDAY, Jan. 17th, 3.00 p.m.
Speaker—Rev. MELVIN TAYLOR.
Soloist—Mrs. LANGSTAFF CAMERON.
There is still room for more members and
we hope to sing always.

MONDAY, JANUARY 18.

MASS
TEMPERANCE MEETINGUnder the auspices of Knox Christian En-
deavor Society and Royal Templars of Tem-
perance, in
KNOX CHURCH LECTURE HALL,
MONDAY, January 18th, '04, at 8 p.m.
Speaker, REV. J. R. DOBSON, B.A., B.D.
Subject: "The Proper Attitude of Chris-
tians towards the Liquor Traffic."
Chairman—Mr. J. H. SPICER.
Solo—Mr. DIPLOCK.
Quartette—Messrs. MURISON and RE-
GAN, Messrs. BEST and WERRY.
Elocutionist—Mr. HARRY DIPLOCK.
Come—Collection for Expenses—Welcome.

A DISASTROUS FIRE.

New York, Jan. 15.—The three-story
car barn and about fifty cars of the Con-
ey Island and Brooklyn Railway Com-
pany in Brooklyn, were destroyed by fire to-
day, the fire threatening the safety of
the adjoining power house and put a
number of the Brooklyn car lines out
of commission for several hours. Three
men were injured, but not fatally. The
loss is estimated at about \$125,000. The
building destroyed occupied the entire
block.

THE 'CLALLAM' DISASTER.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The Department of
Marine has declined an application made
from Victoria, B.C., for a government in-
vestigation into the "Clallam" disaster,
on the ground that the vessel was an
American ship. It is said that the
United States authorities will undertake
a searching inquiry into the case.to the pleadings of the two guerilla chiefs,
both of whom have romantic reputations
for courageous daring, though somewhat
reckless in the means they have employ-
ed to raise funds to enable them to fight
the Turks. They would perhaps hardly
like to make a similar appeal in the Unit-
ed States where the experiences of Miss
Stone are so well remembered.

ELECTION ISSUES.

Dissolution or another session of the
Federal Parliament is now the question
most discussed among politicians all over
the Dominion. The possible result of
an appeal to the country offers scope,
almost equal to the Russo-Japanese crisis,
for newspaper predictions, but in this
case every one knows beforehand what
each paper will prophesy. It is evident,
however, from the reports of speeches
at political meetings that there are no
burning questions on which the people
can be called to divide. Mr. Borden's
speeches at Coaticook and Sherbrooke
may be taken as a fair exposition of the
policy advocated by the Conservatives.
Summed up briefly, it includes support
of Mr. Chamberlain's preferential tariff
scheme and closer commercial relations
with the United Kingdom, if these can
be had concurrently with exclusive gen-
eral duties and still higher protection
against imports from the United States.
British preference and higher protection is
the somewhat contradictory cry with
which the Opposition is prepared to go
to the country. The accusatory points in
Mr. Borden's speech were condemnation
of the alleged two-faced attitude of min-
isters on the tariff issue, adverse criticism
of the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme, re-
sponsibility of the government for the
Alaska boundary award, increased ex-
penditure, and an illusory surplus. These
matters, though important enough in
their way, do not make a strong or
catching appeal to the average voter.
The country is prosperous and happy,
new regions are rapidly filling with set-
tlers, trade is expanding at a rate un-
precedented in our annals, no section
of the Dominion and no class of its peo-
ple have a grievance, investments of
capital in monetary and industrial en-
terprises are greater than ever, content-
ment and progress are visible everywhere
from ocean to ocean. Under conditions
so fortunate as these, it will be a diffi-
cult task to arouse the people to the
extent of getting them to defeat a gov-
ernment whose term in office has syn-
chronized with the prosperous times. As
for the Alaska award, ministers are as
indignant at it as any of the people and,
to tell the truth, nobody likes to con-
template the alternative had the United
States not got her way. It must have
been either a tacit surrender with the
question unsettled, or a demand made
that would have jeopardized the peace
of two nations. As it is, Canada stands
with clean hands, while her opponent
stands condemned for having bullied
Great Britain into the acceptance of a
dishonored and contemptible tribunal.Even our friend Mr. Tarte, who is
supposed to be a past master in party
tactics, and who has been appointed
organizer for the Opposition in this pro-
vince, bases his appeal to the electors
on a demand for a higher protective
tariff and condemnation of the Grand
Trunk Pacific Railway scheme. The latter
question having been decided by parlia-
ment, and the contract having been
entered into and signed, has ceased to
be an issue. The Opposition would not
attack that transaction so vigorously if
they were in a position if elected to re-
verse it. People as a rule welcome a
large expenditure of money and would
not be likely to elect a government that
would cut off such an expectation. The
tariff must therefore remain the main
question on which the Opposition will
appeal to the country. From a non-parti-
san point of view it is a weak appeal.
The present tariff has provided an
admirable revenue-producing measure.
An increase of duties, to the extent
demanded by Mr. Tarte, would have
the effect of decreasing the revenue
while increasing the taxation, thus bene-
fitting the protected industries at the
expense alike of the people and of the
public treasury. This is not a sound,
or even a fetching, proposition, and to
bring it up at this time, is to introduce
an element of disturbance which cannot
improve while it must injure existing
commercial conditions. The govern-
ment is at least as much in favor of a
genuine British preference as its oppo-
nents are, having voluntarily, and of its
own motion, initiated that system and
it is just as urgent for some preference
in return. There is some talk of a re-
construction of the cabinet, but whether
it should be made before or after the
dissolution, or not at all, matters very
little, so long as Sir Wilfrid Laurier
and his chief lieutenants remain. One
change is announced to-day, namely, the
retirement of Mr. Bernier from the
Department of Inland Revenue to take
a position on the Railway Commission, and
the succession to the department of Mr.Bordeur, the present speaker. But be-
sides this and Mr. Emmerson's accession
to Mr. Blair's position as Minister of
Railways, nothing else is indicated.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

In spite of the fact that the Board of
Trade returns show that Great Britain
is at the height of her commercial pros-
perity, Mr. Chamberlain and his follow-
ers continue to wail over the decay of her
industries; and to predict her ultimate
decline and failure in no long time, un-
less she swallows his protection nos-
trums. One serious effect of Mr. Cham-
berlain's Jeremiads is the avidity with
which they are being echoed on the
Continent of Europe. The newspapers
translate whole columns of the 'Times'
and other protectionist newspapers, and
thus convict England out of her own
mouth of 'going down the hill.' In the
clubs, wherever men do congregate, Eng-
lishmen are writing home to complain of
being annoyed with the foreigners' con-
dolences. 'So England has lost her
'glass bottle trade, her tin plate trade,
'and what not,' they say, 'and every-
'thing is going to the dogs.' Well, well,
'what would you? Empires rise and
'fall, and every dog has his day.' It is
useless for the Englishman to explain
that 'Chamberlain is all wrong, and
Great Britain was never so prosperous.'
The foreigner shrugs his shoulders, but
cannot be blamed for believing that
'Chamberlain and the 'Times' know
best.' One result of all this 'calamity
talk' has been to injure British securities.
We do not suppose the injury has been
very serious, but reputable correspon-
dents have reported meeting with Con-
tinental investors who threatened to sell
out their consols and other British in-
vestments because they had heard that
England was in such a bad way.In the midst of all these 'alarms and
excursions,' Mr. Chamberlain's Tariff
Commission has been launched, upon
the assumption that Great Britain's
trade really is in peril. If the Commission
came to a different conclusion, and should
report against protection, we suppose that
Mr. Chamberlain would consider that he
had been wrong and would retire from the
contest he has so gratuitously provoked.
But the commission has not been se-
lected with that end in view. The 'Times'
says that the commission is not one of
enquiry, but that its object is to work
out the details of Mr. Chamberlain's pro-
posals. If that is so, it has been hitherto
otherwise reported, and the colonial repre-
sentatives and the few free traders on the
commission would hardly consent to limit
themselves in that way. With the wider
scope of enquiry which the commission
was at first supposed to have had, it might
have performed useful service, as many
of its members are very able, even if the
most of them, from the nature of their
employment, might naturally be ex-
pected to be of protectionist proclivities.
The 'Chronicle' suggests an alterna-
tive free trade court of enquiry, with
Lord Welby, ex-Secretary of the Treas-
ury, as chairman, and Professor Gold-
win Smith and Sir Richard Cartwright
representing Canada. Such a commis-
sion would decidedly add to the interest
of the situation, and its conclusions
would have at least as much force as the
commission of which that great writer,
Mr. Arthur Pearson, is such a prominent
member. Mr. Pearson started his pro-
fessional life as one of Sir George
Newnes's young men, 'digging out para-
graphs for that delectable and high-class
literary weekly, 'Tit-Bits.' Then Mr.
Pearson made a similar penny venture
of his own, and afterwards added a three-
penny magazine. By strict attention to
business, which included a knowledge of
his readers' tastes, he has acquired a for-
tune; but that is a small matter when
compared with the special tribute paid
him by Mr. Chamberlain, who said 'he
was the greatest writer he had ever
'known.' According to the cable, Mr.
Chamberlain did not qualify this stupen-
dous eulogium in any way, so that, ac-
cording to his opinion, Mr. Pearson oc-
cupies the highest peak on Mount Par-
nasus, and Homer, Shakespeare, Dante,
Milton, etc., are relegated to the lower
terraces. The question obtrudes—
was Mr. Chamberlain serious, or was it
only his after-dinner 'fiscal fun'?The Democratic National Convention
is to meet at St. Louis on July 6, and is
expected to declare for Democratic prin-
ciples. These principles include just
and economical government; equal rights
for all, special favors for none; taxation
for public purposes only; a sound and
stable currency; respect for the judi-
ciary; enforcement of the laws; a civil
service divorced from politics; an isth-
mian canal; reciprocity in trade; oppo-
sition to monopolies; friendly relations
with all nations, entangling alliances
with none. Mr. Bryan himself, who declines
to name his personal choice for the
presidential nomination, says that the
next candidate must be a man whose
democracy will not be questioned during
the campaign, and whose fidelity to
Democratic principles will not be doubt-
ed after the election. Strictly Demo-
cratic principles were defined by Jeffer-son, Jackson, Benton, Tilden, and others,
and were adopted by the National Con-
vention of 1862, when Grover Cleveland
was elected president. Judged by these
standards Mr. Bryan himself was
at no time a candidate upon 'strictly
Democratic principles,' for it is well
known that the Chicago platform of 1896
and the Kansas City platform of 1900
were framed particularly to catch the
votes of both the Populists and the Free
Silver Republicans. But free-silver is
now a dead issue and the Populists are
no more, so that there is no reason now
why the Democrats should not unite
upon a really Democratic platform.According to a letter received from
Canadian Manufacturers' Association
sources, that Association has been mal-
igned by someone, presumably a news-
paper, which, it appears, has misrep-
resented the tariff declarations of the As-
sociation, and especially its attitude to-
wards inter-imperial trade. To prove
this we were requested to read two or
three little pamphlets, especially Mr.
George E. Drummond's tariff statement,
at the annual banquet of the Canadian
Manufacturers' Association, in Toronto,
and we have done so. We must con-
fess, however, that we have thereby
learned nothing that we did not know
before, or the sense of which is not
very fairly given in the following brief
report published in the 'British Empire
Review':—'At a banquet of the Cana-
'dian Manufacturers' Association at To-
'ronto the president said they favored
'a policy of reciprocal trade with the
'Empire by means of preference against
'foreign states. To make the present
'British preference of real value, the
'basis of the general tariff must be rais-
'ed; but Canada must provide that, un-
'der all conditions, the "minimum tar-
'iff shall afford fair protection to Cana-
'dian producers." We quote Mr. Drum-
mond in full, so far as the Canadian
Manufacturers' creed is concerned:We must all realize as a prime factor in
this great question that we cannot afford to
lower the standard of living in Canada.
Labor must be as well paid here as in the
neighboring republic, or our people will
continue, as in the past, to cross the bor-
der in search of better things. If, how-
ever, we do pay the same wages as those
paid in the United States, then we must
have the same protection for the products
of our workmen as the tariff of the United
States affords to the products of American
workmen.The policy of the age is protection to
home industries and enterprises. This is
well evidenced by the agitation taking place
in England at present. In so far as our
home market, Canada, is concerned, we
also must adopt the same measures as our
rivals, and in adopting such measures, must
make them thoroughly efficient.
With regard to the Mother Country, while
in the opinion of this Association, our cus-
toms tariff should primarily be framed for
Canadian interests, it should, nevertheless,
we think, give a substantial preference to
the Mother Country, and also to any other
part of the British Empire, with which re-
ciprocal preferential trade can be arranged,
recognizing always that under any condi-
tions our minimum tariff must afford ade-
quate protection to all Canadian producers.We favor an immediate revision of the
present Canadian customs tariff and the
adoption:
1. Of a general tariff, framed especially
to meet Canadian conditions, based in prin-
ciple upon and approximating to that now
in force in the United States, a tariff that
shall protect Canadian industries and pur-
sue as efficiently as the tariff of the United
States protects the industries of that country.
2. We favor a policy of reciprocal prefer-
ential trade within the British Empire,
whereby through readjustment of their re-
spective fiscal systems the United King-
dom and her colonies will each grant to
the products of the others a substantial
preference as against the products of for-
eign countries.Mr. Drummond followed this by declar-
ing that some of the newspapers have
assumed that he had asked for a
tariff precisely the same as that of the
United States, though he distinctly said
'that our tariff should be "framed es-
'pecially to meet Canadian conditions,"
'while it should "protect Canadian in-
'dustries and pursuits as efficiently as the
'tariff of the United States protects the
'industries of that country." In order
that there might be no doubt about his
meaning, Mr. Drummond added to his
address the following footnote: 'It is
'not intended that the Canadian tariff
'shall be item for item the same as that
'of the United States. Canadian con-
'ditions must be taken into considera-
'tion in regard to every individual
'item.' Mr. W. K. McNaught, chair-
man of the Tariff Committee of the As-
sociation, who is entirely in accord with
Mr. Drummond, says in reference to this
declaration of principles:—'Canada does
'not want the United States tariff pure
'and simple, but a tariff which will pro-
'tect Canadian industries of all kinds as
'fully as the United States tariff does
'those of the United States. We want
'a national tariff framed from a Cana-
'dian standpoint for Canadian needs.'
We do not know who has been saying
that the Canadian Manufacturers' As-
sociation wants a tariff identical with that
of the United States, but it would ap-
pear that the Canadian Manufacturers'
Association had erected a scarecrow for
the purpose of knocking it down. It
goes without saying that no country
could adopt the tariff of any other coun-
try, item for item, but the very spirit
of the United States tariff is desired by
the Canadian Manufacturers' Association,
whose whole aim and object is to pre-
vent competition.The uncertainty in the far eastern
situation continues to have more or less
influence on the stock markets, which,
however well informed, feel the reflex
effect of every rumor. The situation
is grave enough, however, as where
there are such combustible mat-
terials a chance spark may lead at any
time to an explosion. The best hope for
continued peace is the cordial way in
which both France and England are
working together to preserve it. France,
with Russia and England with Japan
have the greatest influence and it is
all being exerted to prevent the horrors
and the prodigious economic waste of a
war. Of the local stock market there is
practically nothing to say, except that
it is about marking time and gets 'no
forwards,' as the recruit said, the ses-
sions having been dull and the range of
values keeping at about last week's level.
The yearly statement of the Bank of
Commerce, and the addresses of the pre-
sident and general manager have created
more than usual interest in the financial
world; the statement of our second large
bank having given much satisfaction
to the shareholders and the public, while
the addresses were more than usually
comprehensive. The annual meeting of
the Bank of Toronto took place on Wed-
nesday, and the statement was a most
excellent one. The net profits amounted
to \$424,200 on an average paid-up capital
of \$2,678,000, or more than fifteen per-
cent. The shareholders were paid
ten percent in dividends, and \$344,400
was added to the reserve, bringing that
account up to \$3,154,430, or about 114
percent of the paid-up capital. The
statement shows that the past year has
been one of increased activity, that the
trade of the country continued to ex-
pand, and that the resources of the bank
have been very fully employed. The
Montreal Clearing House reflects the
dull stock market, the clearings having
been only \$19,806,607 as compared with
\$22,139,453 for the corresponding week
of 1903, and \$17,622,904 for 1902. The
local money market is unchanged, with
five to five and a half percent for call
money. The Bank of England's state-
ment is a good one, the proportion of
reserve to liability having increased from
37.50 percent last week to 43.47 percent.
The amount of bullion increased by nearly
seven million dollars. At the annual
meeting of the Montreal Telegraph Com-
pany a good showing was made and Mr.
Hugh A. Allan was re-elected president.

WINONA CONFERENCE.

Th Rev. W. D. Reid, pastor of Taylor
Church, has received a communication
from the Rev. Wilbur Chapman, D.D.,
inviting him to the next conference of
Christian workers at Winona Lake Camp
next summer. Dr. Chapman has given
permission to publish, in pamphlet form,
Mr. Reid's interview on the last confer-
ence which appeared in the 'Witness' on
his return. The aim of the management
is to make next summer's conference the
greatest event in the history of the move-
ment.

'WORLD WIDE.'

A weekly reprint of articles from lead-
ing journals and reviews reflecting the
current thought of both hemispheres.
So many men, so many minds. Every
man in his own way.—Terence.
The following are the contents of this
week's issue of 'World Wide.'

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

The Russo-Japanese Crisis—'Collier's Week-
ly,' New York.
Corea's Quiet Little Emperor—'The Com-
mercial Advertiser,' New York.
The Most Pacific of Powers—The Spring-
field 'Republican.'
Interview with Boris Sarafoff—The Man-
chester 'Guardian.'
Sir Edward Clarke on the Tariff Problem—
'The Standard,' London.
Mr. Chamberlain's Commission Well Re-
ceived—'The Morning Post,' London.
England's Trade and Ours—The New York
'Evening Post.'
Trade Unionism and Protection—Letter to
the Editor of the 'Spectator,' London.
Empire-Making—The 'Leisure Hour,' Lon-
don.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

The 'Strad'—Its Author, History and Qual-
ities—'The Weekly,' London.
Art in Furnishings—On Carpets—By Mrs.
George Tweedie, in the 'Onlooker,' Lon-
don.
History in Wax—Madame Tussaud's Cen-
tenary—The 'Daily Telegraph,' London.

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

Judge Not—Verses by Thomas Bracker, the
New Zealand Poet—In 'T. P.'s Weekly,'
London.
The Average Reader—By Verax, in the
'Daily News,' London.
Paradoxical Chatterbox—By the Rev. John
White Chadwick, in the New York
'Times Saturday Review.'
Literature in 1903—More Withdrawn than
Displayed—By C. F. G. Masterman, in
the 'Daily News,' London.
Lord Wolsey's Autobiography—The
Story of a Soldier's Life—The 'Standard,'
London.
Extracts from 'The Story of a Soldier's
Life.'
The People of the Brooms—By Conrad Noel,
in the 'Daily News,' London.
Old Quebec—The 'Spectator,' London.HINTS OF THE PROGRESS OF KNOW-
LEDGE.Serum and Vaccine for Tuberculosis—By
Dr. Alexander Marmorek, in the 'Inde-
pendent,' New York.
Reasonable Animals—The 'Speaker,' Lon-
don.
The Destruction of Delelita—By Henry H.
Lewis, in the January 'Harper,' abridged.
Fresh Air a Preventive of Disease—By Dr.
J. H. Kellogg, in 'Good Health.'
Bells and Bell Tones—The Manchester
'Guardian.'
Colors' Influence—The 'Commercial Adver-
tiser,' New York.
Science Notes.One dollar a year. John Dougall & Son,
Publishers, Montreal, Canada.

**NORTH AMERICAN FISH AND
GAME PROTECTIVE AS-
SOCIATION TO MEET.**

At the annual meeting of the Mont-Canine Association, which was held last night, in the rooms of the Natural History Association, the following committee was elected for the coming year:—Messrs. R. C. Binning, A. A. Brosseau, J. A. Laurin, Dr. A. G. Sprance, J. Moore, D. W. Ogilvie,

SPORTING NOTES.

A fast and exciting game of hockey was played on the White Star ring be-

Wire & Cable 0 1 5

THE MATCH AT CORNWALL.
Cornwall, Jan. 15.—The Cornwall team

ing, is of special interest at this time of year. Three cents from all newsdealers, or \$1.00 a year from the publishers, John Dougall & Son, Montreal.—Adv.

er Hospital. It was in view of the latter's injuries that His Honor imposed the fine of \$30, ten dollars of which is to go to Dominica.

MOONEY'S,
Cor. Alexander and St. Catherine Sts.

ner St. Catherine and Moreau streets at 8.45 a.m. and 5.15 p.m., arriving at Montreal at 9.35 a.m. and 6.05 p.m. Telephone, Main 571, East 2400.

ner St. Catherine and Moreau streets at
8.45 a.m. and 5.15 p.m., arriving at
Montreal at 9.35 a.m. and 6.05 p.m.
Telephone, Main 574, East 2400.

DUBLIN DAN

Another Story of the Fruits of the Traffic.

CONVICTED FIFTY-EIGHT TIMES, AND MAKES A MODEL PRISONER.

James Brennan, alias James Murphy, alias George, also popularly known as 'Dublin Dan,' astonished Mr. Lafontaine this morning by the comprehensiveness of his prison record. Brennan has an innocent face, and physiognomists would scoff at the idea of his having 'done time.' But time he did. Fifty-seven times had he been convicted, most of the sentences being trivial ones of from fifteen days to two months for drunkenness, but there was one of three years for theft. His fifty-eighth introduction to a trap was today was for the theft of a robe. He said he was drunk when he took it, and one could easily believe it.

'I don't remember taking it, your honor,' Dan explained. 'I must have been drunk, and when I'm drinking I'm crazy.'

Governor Vallée, of the city jail, was present, and asked the Court to be lenient, and His Honor was. He sent down the prisoner for only six months. Governor Vallée said he would rather have Brennan around the jail than ten officers—no prisoner had been so good as Brennan for the look-out. The governor said that when kept away from drink Brennan was one of the best fellows living. It is another instance of the fruits of the traffic.

A strange feature in connection with this case is that George Moussette, who pleaded guilty on Wednesday to stealing two robes, hearing that Brennan was also up for stealing a robe, affirmed that he bought them from Brennan, but the latter stoutly denied that he ever sold him any robe. The Court did not believe Moussette's story, and held him for the Court of King's Bench.

OJBWAYS IN MONTREAL

CHILDREN OF NATURE WILL TELL THE STORY OF HIAWATHA.

The Indian is a natural actor; he is not spoiled by self-consciousness; he performs an action as untutored nature would perform it. This is his charm. Let him have an outdoor part, put him in contact with woods and streams and the living creatures, which have, immemorially, been his companions, and he will, even under temporary artificial conditions, surprise the trained artist by his beautiful, his pathetic simplicity.

'Hiawatha,' dramatized and arranged by Mr. L. O. Armstrong, will be given to-night at the Windsor Hall, together with other representations, under the auspices of the Woman's Art Association, and for the benefit of the 'Handicrafts shop.'

The Indians taking part are Chibabios, the tenor singer, and his son, 'Hiawatha,' Shawanoe, Wabunosa, Nokomis and Lateababirung. They are amateur actors, but the best, Mr. Armstrong says, he ever saw. He has tried them again and again before the best audiences in New York and other places, and they never failed him. Ask the Indian on the stage to shoot a deer (in the course of the representation) or to make love, and he will do both, not according to convention but according to nature itself. And 'Hiawatha's' appeals to the men who are performing it. It is their story. It is not a dream. It is a fact. They know all the places which are indicated; they feel the pathos with all the poignancy of the Indian nature. And chiefly, the Ojibways have beautiful, crooning songs, low and tremulous, with a sort of heart-break in them, which they sing to the delight of their audiences—songs which they have sung from the beginning, when the broad land was all their own, and which have only recently been resurrected. They have a native poetry, full of beauty. Travelers have noticed how they will shout and scream and have their fists about noise and mere animal ebullience, but it has been discovered that the Ojibways have a music all their own—an old music, conveying sentiments which are full of feeling, a music which is low and tender, which is fitted to be the medium of love, and of the sentiment wrapped up in which a single specimen may perhaps be given:

'Shimmering sun upon the lake,
Is it my sweetheart beck'ning me?
Does it not bid my soul awake,
Rise from its dreams and thither flee?

Ripples with sunlight there at play,
This and no more is what I see,

Advertisements.

Of course we mean, war on Furniture Prices. WAR IN THE East we have too much stock we must get some of it off our hands. WAR IN THE West.

N. G. VALIQUETTE,
West: 2241 ST. CATHERINE ST.
East: 1541-1547 ST. CATHERINE ST.

But I will dream that o'er the bay

It is my sweetheart beck'ning me.

The Indians are fine, strapping fellows. They assisted, this forenoon, in getting the scenes ready for the coming play. There will be Indian tepees, forest scenes, log huts, and an attempt at verisimilitude which will doubtless to the distance impose on the audience. The Indians can make a bit of property almost as real as nature itself. The entertainment has been given in many of the great centres in the United States, and has been much admired for its own sake, but it has had this other feature or effect, that hundreds, probably thousands, of people with money to spend, have come to this northern country to find out for themselves the primordial environment of the children of the forest.

MUNICIPAL NOMINATIONS

OPENED AT THE CITY HALL TO-DAY AND REMAIN OPEN UNTIL THE TWENTIETH.

The municipal election campaign may be said to have officially opened to-day, the period for the reception of the nomination of candidates as fixed by the city charter beginning at noon. Nominations may be received until noon on office hours between noon to-day and noon on the twentieth, and the voting takes place on Feb. 1. Aldermen Galtier, Hebert, Larivière and Vallières, Mr. Bastien, who is opposing Ald. Giroux, were the first candidates to present their nomination papers to Mr. Bauset, the assistant city clerk, and many of the city aldermen were at the City Hall during the day attending to the filing out of these decidedly complicated documents.

Mr. Harvey, who is coming out in St. Lawrence Ward, in opposition to Ald. Ekers, has been very active about the City Hall looking after the lists, etc., and says he has been perfectly surprised at the large numbers of electors offering their services to him.

At a meeting of some forty representative electors of Papineau Ward, held in Mr. Germain's store on Ontario street last night, it was unanimously resolved to organize opposition to Ald. Chausse, and a meeting of all the electors has been called for this evening at 1080 St. Catherine street between Papineau and Dorion to choose a candidate.

The formal nomination papers require twelve names, but the papers put in this morning generally bore more. The names on Ald. Galtier's paper as filed were as follows: Hon. Geo. A. Drummond, F. W. Thompson, S. A. Mathewson, Dr. Leduc, A. C. Hooper, Pierre Dufour, P. Demers, J. Keenehan, J. Slattery, J. Tucker, J. Cloran, Alderman Walsh, Alderman F. Robertson, James Robertson, M. Meade, P. T. McGoldrick, P. McCrory.

BOARD OF TRADE

MR. G. E. DRUMMOND IS LIKELY TO BE ELECTED PRESIDENT BY ACCLAMATION—FULL LIST OF NOMINATIONS.

On 'Change to-day the approaching election of membership to the council and board of arbitration of the Montreal Board of Trade, was enthusiastically discussed by members, and it is quite evident that the election to the council will be contested with considerably rivalry. From indications as prevailing at noon it was evident that Mr. George W. Drummond will be elected president by acclamation, and the same may be said of Mr. W. I. Gear as first vice-president, Mr. Robert Munro, as second vice-president, and Mr. James Thom as treasurer. Nominations will close at six o'clock this evening. At two o'clock this afternoon the following names comprised the full list of nominations:—

For president—Mr. George W. Drummond, nominated by Mr. James Crathern.

For first vice-president—Mr. W. I. Gear, nominated by Mr. A. J. Hodgson.

For second vice-president—Mr. Robert Munro, nominated by the Hon. Robert Mackay.

For treasurer—Mr. James Thom, nominated by Mr. Edgar Judge.

For council—Messrs. Leslie H. Gault, nominated by Mr. E. B. Greenshields; Albert Hebert, nominated by Mr. Robt. Archer; Geo. Caverhill, nominated by Mr. J. Davidson; J. T. Wilson, nominated by Mr. Munro; G. F. C. Smith, nominated by the Hon. George A. Drummond; Ald. H. B. Ames, nominated by Mr. Arthur J. Hodgson; Andrew A. Allan, nominated by Mr. J. Thom; Donald Munro, nominated by Mr. R. Ironsides; Mr. A. P. Stewart, nominated by Mr. A. G. Thompson; Mr. F. W. Thompson, nominated by Mr. H. A. Allan; Mr. R. M. Ballantyne, nominated by Mr. A. Hodgson; Mr. H. D. Metcalfe, nominated by Mr. H. A. Hodgson; Mr. J. A. Cuttle, nominated by Mr. W. I. Gear; Mr. G. W. Stephens, jr., nominated by Mr. A. McFee; Mr. E. H. Mathewson, nominated by Mr. E. H. Hebert; and Mr. C. B. Ballantyne, nominated by the Hon. J. D. Rolland.

Board of arbitration—Messrs. E. B. Greenshields, nominated by Mr. G. B. Fraser; Arthur J. Hodgson, nominated by Mr. George E. Drummond; Mr. Alex. McFee, nominated by Mr. W. I. Gear; Mr. James Davidson, nominated by Mr. A. J. Hodgson; and Henry Miles, nominated by Mr. F. W. Evans.

The elections will be held on Jan. 26 next.

LAKE PORT FOR THE G.T.P.

Mr. James Connec, local member for Algoma, states that the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway has selected Thunder Bay as its terminus on Lake Superior, that it has completed the survey and location of this branch from the main line to the lake port, and that a route remarkable for its easy grades has been found.

A TRADER ASSIGNS.

Israel Schaffer, trader, has assigned at the demand of the National Rubber Company of Canada, with liabilities of about \$7,000.

UNDERGROUND WIRES

Legislature to be Asked to Authorize a Loan for Conduits

POWER TO BE ALSO SOUGHT TO COMPEL THE COMPANIES TO PUT WIRES UNDER GROUND

The special committee to discuss the question of a municipal conduit system met this morning, Ald. Martineau presiding, and there being also present Aldermen Laporte, Clearhue, L. A. Lapointe, Lebeuf, Robertson and Vallières. There were in attendance Mr. Barlow, city surveyor; Mr. Jann, superintendent of waterworks; and Mr. Edwards, first assistant engineer of the Electrical Commission of the City of Baltimore, who was engaged with Mr. Phelps in preparing the plans and specifications now before the committee.

The chairman explained that the plans had been privately explained to himself and most of the members by Mr. Edwards and appeared to be very thorough and satisfactory.

The report accompanying the plans—the conclusions of which have already been published in the 'Witness,' was prefaced with the following interesting remarks: This preliminary explanation of the report read as follows:—

In any city there is always a business centre which may be termed the 'congested district,' that is, where houses are close together and electric service is in general use, and consequently where the distribution of service to the particular buildings results in an undesirable multiplicity of poles and congestion of overhead wires.

In like manner the remaining portion of the city, as a general rule, has fewer poles and much less number of overhead wires, because the houses are not so close together and electric service is not so necessary, nor in such general use.

In the first district mentioned, the congestion of overhead wires is caused by the multiplicity of service connections for purposes of distributing electric light and power, telephones and telegraph. Therefore, here the most important problem is the one of 'distribution.'

In the second district, the problem of distribution is not so important, the objection to overhead wires and poles being largely due to their use as 'trunk' lines, more carrier poles being required for this purpose than for simply distribution.

Therefore, in any situation, a system of 'main' or 'trunk' conduits may be laid down to reach certain territories, by following the most direct routes, due regard being had to the planning of laterals to reach distributing centres, and for the purpose of feeding the trolley wires of the street railway system. Such a system laid down to-day might be, and in the majority of cases is, vastly different from the pole lines laid down eight or ten years ago, when lines were built to reach scattered territory, and when little or nothing was known of future demand for service.

This statement is better understood when it is known as a fact that to serve any given territory through 'trunk' lines laid underground, requires much less copper weight for weight, than will be displayed overhead, the amount of service rendered being, of course, the same.

This is not merely a matter of inherent advantage in the use of copper underground, as against its use overhead, but simply to the large amount of use less copper which has been put up from year to year, and which would be unnecessary in a new layout planned with a full knowledge of present requirements.

The same is true with regard to poles. There was no necessity to discriminate between a 'line' pole and a 'distributing' pole, it being simpler and more expeditious to use the poles in common, making distribution of wires from the pole nearest the particular house requiring such service. This is true of poles for all classes of electric service, the trolley wires being of course fed from trolley poles only.

The report, it will be recalled, proceeded to analyze various systems and to recommend the adoption of one costing the city \$1,205,100.

The discussion this morning was of a decidedly informal character. All agreed as to the advisability of making an effort to put the wires underground, but as to whether it was advisable to proceed any further in view of the near approach of the elections.

Aldermen Laporte and Martineau remarked that all the candidates announced themselves in favor of abolishing poles and overhead wires, and further, if advantage was not taken of Mr. Edwards's presence much time would be lost.

A resolution was unanimously passed asking Messrs. Barlow, Jann and Parsons to at once enter upon a thorough study of the plans with Mr. Edwards. Next a resolution was passed authorizing Mr. Edwards to wait upon the various companies on behalf of the city, explain the plans and ascertain if they were willing to co-operate with the city.

It was also unanimously decided to send a report to council recommending that application be made to the legislature for power to borrow money to construct a municipal conduit system, and for authority to compel the companies, if necessary, to use the conduits for their wires.

CHARGED WITH ASSAULT

A CHRISTIAN BROTHER ACCUSED OF KICKING A CRIPPLED PUPIL.

Brother Simon (Adelard Beaudoin) was the defendant in a Police Court case yesterday in which he was accused of having assaulted August Martin, a crippled scholar in the Christian Brothers' school on Richmond street, where Brother Simon is one of the instructors. The latter pleaded not guilty and was admitted to bail until next Thursday. In the meantime Mr. Lafontaine, hearing that the boy was lying dangerous

ill at his home, took an ante-mortem statement. Martin alleges that the Brother Simon kicked him several times.

FIRE BRIGADE WORK.

At half-past twelve yesterday afternoon the men of No. 14 station were called out by a telephone message to 380 City Hall avenue, where fire had originated from a pan of grease placed on the stove. The damage was slight. Fireman H. Charbonneau in removing the pan of grease was somewhat burned about the face.

An alarm from Box 251 brought out the department at a little before nine this morning to fire at 1048 St. Denis street. An overheated stovepipe was the cause. The damage was trifling.

Fire in the cellar of the building, 1193 to 1197 De Montigny street, occupied by the Tetrault Shoe Company, did about \$100 damage this morning. The overturning of a lamp and ignition of shoe varnish was the cause.

A little boy playing with matches caused a fire yesterday afternoon at the home of Mr. Albert Barch, 14 Mount St. Mary ave. The western division of the fire department responded, but not before a quantity of wearing apparel had been consumed. The damage to the building was insignificant.

SHIPPING NEWS.

The Allan line R.M.S. Pretorian, from St. John, N.B., for Liverpool via Halifax and Monville, arrived at Liverpool at 10 a.m. yesterday.

CATTLE MARKET

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Cattle, receipts, 2,000; market steady; good to prime steers, \$5.00 to \$5.70; poor to medium, \$3.50 to \$4.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$4.00; cows, \$1.50 to \$4.00; heifers, \$1.75 to \$4.00; calves, \$1.50 to \$4.00; bulls, \$2.00 to \$4.00; calves, \$2.50 to \$6.00.

Hogs, receipts, 30,000; market, ten cents lower; mixed and butchers, \$4.70 to \$5.95; good to choice heavy, \$4.90 to \$5.00; rough heavy, \$4.60 to \$4.85; light, \$4.50 to \$4.80; bulk of sales, \$4.70 to \$4.90.

Sheep, receipts, 6,000; sheep steady; and lambs steady; good to choice heavy, \$4.25 to \$4.60; fair to choice mixed, \$3.00 to \$4.00; native lambs, \$1.50 to \$2.25.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Jan. 15.—The London market renewed depression over the war outlook had very little influence on the opening trading in the stock market here beyond the repression of all speculation activity. Only a few stocks were traded in and the price changes in the prominent leaders were almost imperceptible.

New York, Jan. 15.—Money on call easy at 2 percent; prime mercantile paper, 5. Exchange, \$182,311,157.

Wall Street—Noon.—The early speculation was conducted with a little more dash, the indifference shown by the market to the far Eastern news stimulating more buying in the Commercial Cable and recently weak showed some uneasiness and recently weak stocks were bought heavily, especially Rock Island. Important gains, however, were limited largely to the minor stocks. In the second hour prices settled slowly to a lower level, wiping out any gains, excepting a few minor specialties. Bonds were firm.

J. B. Picken & Co.'s wire.—The market is heavy and dull. Europe sold around 10,000, principally the Pacific group. The foreign trade statement good, but received no attention. Lead and Co.'s wire.—News from Pittsburgh states that the manufacturers of light steel rails formed a permanent organization yesterday to maintain prices. The price of light rails was advanced \$3 a ton.

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FINANCIAL.

LOCAL STOCKS

A WAITING MARKET.

The market has been very irregular this week, different stocks having their dips and rallies, their bulges and reactions, without much regard to the general trend of the market. This may be partly due to the fact that the market as a whole has no general trend; it goes down when the war scare gets acute, and up when the danger seems less with a tendency on the part of those to whom the market is anything but a pure game of chance, to stop trading till they see which way things are going.

It is, in fact, a 'waiting market,' as it has been much of the last few months. First, it waited for the end of forced liquidation; then it waited for certain information as to how they turned out (this information is still lacking in the case of cotton); then it waited for gold imports, and now it is waiting to see if there will be war, and if so, whether it will be local or general. When the war is disposed of as a market factor, the market will probably put in some spare time waiting for the Presidential elections of next November.

A Presidential year is almost always a bad one for stocks, not so much because of what does happen as because of what may happen. For the last three years, with the exception of 1880 and 1890, when great booms were in progress, stocks have closed the Presidential years lower than they opened. The principal cause of this is that elections, like wars, do not always turn out as expected. The great financial interests that are always fighting for control of the stock markets have the down ways of accumulating information about the probable outcome of the crops; they always have advance information of legislative affecting their interests, generally of executive acts (the Northern Securities case was an exception), and they explain the case as they see it. They are, in fact, much of Wall Street's hatred for President Roosevelt, and sometimes of judicial decisions. But wars and elections are in the hands of the people, and no one can tell with certainty what they will do.

With regard to the present disagreement between Russia and Japan, it must be remembered that war has been expected for several months, and that the 'watched pot never boils.' Investors are waiting to buy on the break in stocks, which they expect to follow the declaration of war, and, therefore, there will very possibly be no break. As Thomas Lawson, the Boston speculator says: 'The ticker says: "What do they think I'm going to do?" and then it does the opposite.' The cause is, of course, that when the whole speculative community expects stocks to go up at any particular time, everybody buys so as to make a profit when it happens; then when the time comes, there is a rush to take profits by selling, which naturally forces prices down instead of up. This was, to a large extent, what happened to the investment demand that was to have boosted stocks this month, and the converse may very possibly occur if war breaks out.

Commercial Cable and recently weak showed some uneasiness and recently weak stocks were bought heavily, especially Rock Island. Important gains, however, were limited largely to the minor stocks. In the second hour prices settled slowly to a lower level, wiping out any gains, excepting a few minor specialties. Bonds were firm.

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IT IS NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND.

A Matter-of-Fact Romance.

(By Charles Reade, D.C.L.)

CHAPTER XV.—Continued.

It was towards evening, and his reverend father paced the corridor, looking at opposition and wickedness, without without hope, and full of lovely, melancholy. Fry suddenly came to the prisoner's cell radiant with joy. "What is amiss?" asked the chaplain. "The matter," said Fry, and he showed him a deuce of clubs, a five of hearts, and an ace of diamonds, and so two or three cards of each suit. "A prisoner has been making these out of contracts." "How could he do that?" "Look here, sir. He has kept a little of his gruel till it turned to water, and then he has pasted three or four leaves of the tracts together and dried them, and then cut them into cards." "But the colors—how could he get them?" "That is what beats me altogether; but some of these prisoners know more than the bench of bishops." "More evil I conclude you mean?" "More of all sorts, sir. However, I am taking them to the governor, and he will pardon it if any one can." "Leave one red card and one black with me." While Fry was gone the chaplain examined the cards with curiosity and that admiration of inventive resource which a superior mind cannot help feeling. There they were, a fine red deuce of hearts and a fine black four of spades—cards made without pasteboard and painted without paint. But how? that was the question. The chaplain entered upon this question with his usual zeal; but, happening to reverse one of the cards, it was his fate to see on the back of it—

everything else. For pity's sake leave me my reason!" The governor made a signal to the turnkeys; they stepped towards the thief. The thief sprang out of their way, his eye rolling wildly as if in search of escape. Seeing this, the two turnkeys darted at him like bulldogs, one on each side. This time, instead of flying, the thief was observed to move his body in a springy way to meet them; with two motions rapid as light and almost contemporaneous he caught Hodges between the eyes with his fist, and drove his head like a battering-ram into Fry's belly. Smack! off! and the two powerful men went down like ninespins. In a moment all the warders within sight or hearing came buzzing round, and Hodges and Fry got up, the latter bleeding; both staring confusedly. Seeing himself hemmed in, Robinson offered no further resistance. He plumped himself down on the ground, and there sat, and they had to take him up and carry him to the dark cells. But as they were dragging him along by the shoulders, he caught sight of the governor and the chaplain looking down at him over the rails of corridor B. At sight of the latter the thief wrenched himself free from his attendants, and screamed to him: "Do you see this, you in the black coat? You that told us the other day you loved us, and now stand coolly there and see me taken to the black hole to be got ready for the mad-house? Dye hear?" "I hear you," replied the chaplain gravely and gently. "You called us your brothers, you?" "I did, and do." "Well, then, here is one of your brothers being taken to hell before your eyes. I go there a man, but shall come out a beast, and that cowardly murderer by your side knows it, and you have not a word to say. That is all a poor fellow gets by being your brother. My course on you all! butchers and hypocrites!" "Give him twelve hours more for that," roared Hawes. "I'll break him." "Ah," yelled the thief, "you curse me, do you? Dye hear that? What? does this lump of dirt believe there is a God? Then there must be one." Then, suddenly flinging himself on his knees, he cried: "If there is a God who pities them that suffer, I cry to him on my knees to torture you as you torture us. May your name be shame, may your life be pain, and your death loathsome! May your skin rot from your flesh, your flesh from your bones, your bones from your body, and your soul split forever on the rock of damnation!" "Take him away," yelled Hawes, white as a sheet. They tore him away by force, still threatening his persecutor with outstretched hand and raging voice and blazing eyes, and flung him into the dark dungeon.

"Cool yourself there, ye varmint," said Fry spitefully. Even his flesh curled at the man's blasphemies. Meantime, the chaplain had buried his face in his hands, and trembled like a woman at the frightful blasphemies and passions of these two sinners. "I'll make this place hell to him. He shan't need to go elsewhere," muttered Hawes aloud between his clenched teeth. The chaplain groaned. The governor heard him and turned on him: "Well, parson, you see he doesn't thank you for interfering between him and me. He would rather have had an hour or two of the jacket and have done with it." The chaplain sighed. He felt weighed down a spirit by the wickedness both of Hawes and of Robinson. He saw it was in vain at that moment to try to soften the former in favor of the latter. He moved slowly away. Hawes eyed him sneeringly. "He is down upon his luck," thought Hawes; "his own fault for interfering with me. I liked the man well enough, and showed it, if he hadn't been a fool and put his nose into my business." Half an hour had scarce elapsed when the chaplain came back. "Mr. Hawes, I came to you as a petitioner." "Indeed!" said Hawes, with a supercilious sneer very hard to bear. "The other would not notice it. 'Pray do not think I side with a refractory prisoner if I beg you, not to countermand, but to modify Robinson's punishment.'" "What for?" "Because he cannot bear so many hours of the dark cell." "Nonsense, sir." "Is it too much to ask that you will give him six hours a day for four days, instead of twenty-four at a stretch?" "I don't know whether it is too much for you to ask. I should say by what I see of you that nothing is; but it is too much for me to grant. The man has earned punishment; he has got it, and you have nothing to do with it at all." "Yes, I have the care of his soul, and how can I do his soul good if he loses his reason?" "Stuff! his reason's safe enough, what little he has." "Do not say stuff! Do not be rash when the stake is so great, or confident where you have no knowledge. You have never been in the dark cell, Mr. Hawes; I have; and I assure you I tried my nerves to the uttermost. I had many advantages over this poor man. I went in of my own accord, animated by a desire of knowledge, supported by the consciousness of right, my memory enriched by the reading of five-and-twenty years, on which I could draw in the absence of external objects; yet so dreadful was the place that, had I not been fortified by communion with my omnipresent God, I do think my reason would have suffered

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

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NEW YORK.

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A. ARCH. WELSH,
2252 St. Catherine street,
Opposite Victoria street.

LICENSE DEPARTMENT

NUMBERS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and opened in the presence of the interested parties at the undermentioned date, at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, will be received at the City Clerk's Office until 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

FRIDAY, THE 22nd JANUARY INST., for License and Vehicle Numbers, Badges, etc., etc.

Each tenderer to tender on forms to be had from the office of the Superintendent of Licenses, Recorder's Office, City Hall.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

L. O. DAVID,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office,
City Hall,
Montreal, January 13, 1904.

away the fog from the lofty peaks, nobody looks at the little green hills in front. So the world's hindrances and the world's difficulties and cares look very lofty till the clouds lift. But when the fog lower does not seem so very high after all. Look to Jesus, and that will dwarf the difficulties.

There are many things, things that look beautiful and desirable, which are denied to many lives. Very well, let them go, but keep time for happiness. The joyous soul can feed upon frugal fare—nay, more than that, it can make the poorest meal a banquet beyond that of kings. This is the greatest art of life—to create joy out of commonest materials. One who can do that, makes of her home a very portal to heaven.

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DECORATOR, PAINTER, GLASSER, and PAPER-HANGER.
Personal and Prompt Attention.

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Cotton Mills, Woollen Mills, Flour Mills.

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Carpet Sweepers Repaired. TEL. M. 2144.

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Bell Tel. East 521.

Professional.

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GEO. R. KITTSO, WM. B. S. REDDY, J. F. REDDY

WILLIAM PATTERSON, M.A., LL.B.,
Advocate, Barrister and Solicitor,
TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 St. James St., Montreal.
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WALDO W. SKINNER.

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OF ALL KINDS NEATLY DONE.
At the "Witness" Office
JOB DEPARTMENT.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS

THE POET AND THE PRINTER.
(New York 'Commercial Advertiser'.)
Once a Poet loved a maiden, as the Poets often do,
And his rival was a Printer of a very inky hue;
But the maiden showered the Poet with her favors all the time,
For she loved his gentle habit of adoring her in rhyme.
Day and night the angry Printer swore 'Ha, ha!' as villains do
When he saw the weakling Poet with his halting verses woo,
And in vain he sweat and struggled for some loving rhymes to think—
He had not the Poet's genius, though he had the type and ink.
By and by the blushing Poet wrote a rhyme of tender vein,
Telling how he loved his Lulu with an ecstasy of pain.
Thus it ran: 'Upon the rubble of the tangled garden close
Thou dost pine, thy cheeks more ruby-aye, more scarlet—than the rose!'
This the Poet sold one winter to the leading magazine,
Where the Printer worked for wages at a linotype machine.
When the Printer saw the poem he declared with baneful eye:
'Maybe I can't fix the Poet's hash—but I can fix his pie!'
Then he took the verse and set it, with a dark and bodiless mien—
Came a strangely altered poem, like a god from the machine.
Thus it ran: 'Upon the rubble of the tangled garden close
Thou dost pine—thy cheeks more ruby-aye, more scarlet than thy nose!'
Came the day of publication and the dark and faithful moon
When the maiden read the poem, shrieked and fell into a swoon.
Then she wept in wild hysterics and they carried her away,
Where she lay in nerve-prostration for a month at Oyster Bay.
There the scheming Printer met her—there were walks beneath the moon—
There were hints of an engagement—there were wedding bells in June.
And the Poet? Nought in life his former ardor could restore.
Now he's teaching kindergarten and will write in rhyme no more.

Moral.
Thus the very modern poet, though entitled to enthuse,
Still should learn to watch his Printer as devoutly as his Muse:
And I have a fellow feeling for the devotee of rhyme,
When the Printer plies my stanzas (as he does from time to time).
WALLACE IRWIN.

Use Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) to wash woollens and flannels—you'll like it.

Critic—No, Mr. Smearly, you will never succeed as an artist. You can't draw.' Smearly—'Can't draw? What's that got to do with it? Ain't I in society?'—Chicago 'Daily News.'

'What's the crowd doing down at the courthouse?' inquired the stranger. 'Oh, they're tryin' the case of Moses Johnson,' replied the Southerner. 'Why, that was the man they lynched yesterday, wasn't it?' 'Yass, but to-day some o' the boys got teched with a foolish curiosity to know whatevah he was innocent or guilty, sub.'—Philadelphia 'Press.'

CARELESS AS TO FACTS.
(From the Washington 'Star'.)
'Experience may be a good teacher,' said Uncle Eben, 'but by de way you hyuhs some people tellin' 'bout deir'st' you wouldn't guess dat experience was as keeful 'bout de facts as a teacher ought to be.'

Two young ladies on the promenade of a seaside resort had been watching the vessels pass, through a telescope lent them by an old salt. On handing the glass back one of the ladies remarked that it was a very good one. 'Yes, miss,' said the ancient mariner, 'that 'ere telescope was given me by Lord Nelson.' 'Good gracious! Why, Nelson has been dead nearly a hundred years,' 'Well, I'm glowed!' replied the salty one, quite unabashed. 'Ow the time do fly!'

VERY LIKE HIS DAD.
(From the Philadelphia 'Press'.)
M. Crepaud—Ah! So sis sees your lecture son? He look to be similaire to you.' Popley—'Yes, he's very much like me.' M. Crepaud—Ah! How do you call eet? 'A cheep of ze old blockhead,' ees eet not?'

Advertisements.

LA GRIPPE.

A Stitch in Time Saves Nine!
TO CURE GRIPPE AND FEVERS

Harte's Grippe Wafers

are a Certain Remedy and Preventive.
GET A BOX. PRICE, 25c.

J. A. HARTE, - Druggist
1778 NOTRE DAME ST.

Advertisements.

Was Unable to do any Work for Four or Five Months.

Was Weak and Miserable.

Thought She Would Die.

Doctor Could Do No Good.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills

Effect a Complete Cure in the Case of MRS. CAROLINE HUTT, Morrisburg, Ont.

She says: "It affords me great pleasure to speak about what your Heart and Nerve Pills have done for me. About a year ago I was taken ill with heart trouble and got so bad that I was unable to do any work for four or five months. I got so weak and miserable that my friends thought I was going to die. The doctor attended me for some time but I continued to grow worse. At last I decided to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after taking a box they made me well and strong again. I cannot praise them too highly for those suffering from nervous weakness and heart troubles."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are in packets per box, or 3 for \$1.25 at all druggists, or

THE T. MILBURN CO., Limited,
TORONTO, ONT.

MONTREAL THEATRES

Recommendations for Increasing Safety of Their Patrons

IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED IN EVERY CASE; BUT MANY MORE IN SOME THAN IN OTHERS.

At yesterday's meeting of the Fire Committee much of the time was occupied with the discussion of the report presented by Mr. Chausse, building inspector; Mr. Guyon, provincial inspector, and Chief Bernot, on fire protection appliances in the Montreal theatres.

The report showed that the condition of the two new theatres, erected under the Lyall building by-law, were in fairly satisfactory condition, but as the by-law was not retroactive, it was impossible for the city to take action to compel the proprietors to make desirable changes.

Ald. Robertson at first suggested a conference with the theatre managers, to see what was best to be done, but Mr. Guyon said this course was not necessary, as the report was self-explanatory, and would have to be observed by those concerned under the provincial by-laws. Mr. Guyon said he would notify each theatre on behalf of the Commissioner of Public Works, that the improvements mentioned in the report must be put into effect. He said he had full authority in such matters, and would lose no time about it. Mr. Guyon went on to say that the report in the present case would be closely followed up, as he knew from experience such reports were liable to be ignored. In 1900 he made a careful inspection of all the theatres in Montreal and found that they were quite capable of improvement in the way of better fire escapes and fire appliances. He made a special report on the subject, but he was obliged to say that all his recommendations had not yet been observed.

The recommendations made at that time were as follows:

Her Majesty's Theatre (now Proctor's).—Provide stairway with bannister on the side of building. Fire escape for the actors' room. A small stair over scene in place of actual ladder. Protect the bridge with a balustrade. Babcock. Official card of seating capacity.

Academy of Music.—One exit on the second floor opening from the actors' room. Two fireproof curtains. Official card of seating capacity.

Theatre Royal.—Provide better exits for actors. Cover gas jets in actors' room. Repair the outside staircase. Babcocks. Connection with city fire alarm.

Monument National.—Chemical extinguishers in class-rooms, and in the guardian's rooms, in all the corridors and behind the scenes. Safety escapes for the classes. Doors to open on the balconies. Cover gas jets in joiner's room. Doors to be left unfastened during performances.

Mr. Guyon added that in the case of the new report, at the moment under discussion, he had been assured by the theatre managers that they would readily comply with any suggestions of this new report.

The recommendations made in the report with regard to the various theatres were as follows:

Academy of Music.—Stage, provide the necessary pipe connections so as to make a water jet above the drop curtain. Improve present methods of opening skylights over the stage, which should be controlled from the stage or made automatic on the sliding plan. This recommendation also applies to the various theatres under their present management. Provide special alarm box connecting with the city fire alarm system. Exits from stage, orchestra, and balcony are considered satisfactory. In the gallery, however, it is considered that another stairway is needed, taking in two windows, the present perpendicular ladders are situated, the windows to be altered in consequence. Regarding the accumulation of ice and snow upon the different escapes, we are of opinion that the same should be covered with a light metal roofing, or the roof on the building should be extended so as to prevent water from dripping during winter months. This recommendation applies to all theatres. All exits to be indicated in large letters by the words "Sortie," "Exit." This applies to all theatres. Provide four three-gallon babcocks to be placed on the stage. Dressing rooms, although they are well equipped with sprinklers, would be in danger of being cut off by a sudden fire on the stage. We would recommend that an emergency exit from the first flat at the end of the passage be put in. The door leading from the dressing room in the balcony should also be made to open free during the performance. As prescribed by public buildings act, etc., the management of fire fighting appliances should be entrusted to a special fireman whose duties are defined by articles 65 and 66, etc.

Proctor's Theatre.—Provide a special fire alarm box on stage; four three-gallon Babcocks, to be put on stage; a water pipe to supply a water jet for the drop curtain, an exit shall be provided from the dressing rooms or the outside, and a fireman shall be placed on the stage, etc.

Theatre Royal.—Provide four Babcocks on stage; improve the partition upon which the switchboard is placed by making the same fire proof from floor to ceiling; provide fire proof sliding doors for the stairway leading to the dressing rooms. Dressing rooms.—We find that means of egress here are insufficient, as the top flat would be entirely cut off in the event of a fire starting on the stage or in proximity to the spiral stair. We

are of opinion that a substantial fire escape is needed, that said escape to have balconies at each flat, and a drop stairway is needed, giving exit to the passage leading to the street. Provide special alarm service as indicated by the chief of the fire brigade. The stairs and interior woodwork of dressing rooms to receive a coat of fireproof paint. Provide water connections for a sprinkling system in each dressing room, above and below the stage as well; provide a water jet for the drop curtain. General exit.—Considering the length of time needed to clear the house, we find the top gallery requires considerably more time than any other part and in the event of a panic the main gallery leading to the top gallery would be overtaxed. We, therefore, consider that a very substantial and broad fire escape is needed on the south side of the building. We would recommend that in order that the supplementary exits may be better known an announcement should be made to the audience, periodically, pointing them out. In order to familiarize the ushers and attendants with the extra exits, and mode of opening the doors, the same should be tried every day before each performance. Fire escapes are to be kept free of ice and snow, and in good repair. A fireman to be stationed on the stage during each performance.

Theatre Francaise.—Provide a water jet for the drop curtain. Provide a special fire alarm box, and Babcocks. The main stairway leading to the gallery to be provided with strong bannisters, one on each side, provide a special fireman, to be on duty in the house. Theatre National.—Provide an iron balcony and stairs (outside) to admit of egress from the gallery. Improve the exits of dressing rooms. Provide an aisle near the boxes on both sides of the auditorium. Theatre des Nouveautés.—Provide a water jet for the drop curtain, and automatic sprinklers above the stage, and in the dressing rooms; provide aisles on both sides of house near the boxes, etc.; provide a fire escape from the gallery, and a fire alarm box behind the stage; provide an opening for the exit of the artists near the stage.

Monument National.—Provide four Babcocks; provide a water jet above the drop curtain; provide a fire alarm box; provide an exit and large stairway at the end of the corridor near the stage, so as to prevent the big stairway from being crowded. Provide steps leading to fire escapes. The doors leading to them should work more easily, and must not be bolted during the performance; provide a special fireman on the stage, etc.

At the regular meeting of Westmount Lodge No. 39, A. O. U. W., held in Victoria Hall, D. D. G. M. W. H. Johnson, assisted by Grand Overseer Thomas Brady and Bros. F. X. A. Carriere, T. H. Skelcher, R. A. Paquin and Alonzo Paquin, installed the following officers for the ensuing year: Bros. J. H. Mullock, P. M. W.; A. I. Morrison, M. W.; F. M. Smith, foreman; Dr. H. Ross, overseer; J. H. R. Smith, recorder; William Phillips, financier; John Brady, Jr., L. Kaiser, guide; Thomas Brady, Jr., L. W.; R. L. Thompson and R. E. Thorne, trustees. After the installation, refreshments were served and a splendid musical programme carried out. The lodge started out the new year well with the admission of three new members.

PORT OF MONTREAL

CHAMBRE DE COMMERCE WOULD LIKE INFORMATION REGARDING THE EAST END.

At a short meeting of the Council of the Chambre de Commerce, held yesterday afternoon, on motion of the Hon. Mr. Desjardins, it was resolved to ask Mr. L. E. Geoffron, the Chamber's representative on the Harbor Board, to ascertain whether or not the proposed improvements to the East End of the port of Montreal will be continued next spring.

COLLEGE NOTES

At the meeting for students to be held on Sunday afternoon, in the Redpath Museum, the Rev. Hugh Pedley will speak on "The critical hours of life."

Arrangements have been completed for the annual dinner of the students of the Medical Faculty of McGill University, to be held this evening at the Place Viger Hotel. Professor Girdwood will be the guest of honor. Representatives will be present from the other faculties, as well as from several sister universities.

A meeting of the McGill Physical Society was held yesterday afternoon, in the Physics Building. Professor Rutherford gave an interesting address on "Further experiments with radium."

At a meeting of the undergraduates of the Science Faculty, it was decided to hold a science dance. The function will likely take place in the Engineering building.

The second year men of the Arts Faculty of McGill will give a skating party next Thursday, on the college rink. Music will be provided during the evening, and after the skating a supper will be served in the McGill Y.M.C.A.

A TRADER ASSIGNS.

Antonio Donat Viau, trader, 2693 Notre Dame street, who made a voluntary assignment some time ago, has now made a formal judicial abandonment of his property.

ST. DENIS VOTERS' LIST

MR. RECORDER POIRIER REFUSES THE VERMETTE PETITION.

The petition of Mr. Joseph Vermette, of 191 Carriere street, to have the names of some sixty electors of St. Denis ward struck from the list, which was presented, by proxy, on Monday, to Mr. Recorder Poirier, was refused yesterday afternoon. Judgment was rendered as follows:

"The petitioner, through his attorney, prays that the names of Emile Aubertin and of eighty-nine other tenants, voters of St. Denis ward, be erased from the list, on the allegation that they do not reside in the ward any longer."

"These persons must have paid their taxes, for they are on the list, and the petitioner's notice must have been served on them, by registered letter, as required by article 65 of the Charter. It is therefore, surprising that one only has put in an appearance to resist the demand made in this instance."

"A young election agent named Martel, the only witness for petitioner, has been brought forward to prove that he was unable to find these persons at the places indicated as their domiciles on the list. He has also testified that he caused duplicates of the notices filed in the city clerk's office to be sent by registered letter."

"Is this evidence strong enough to lead me to the conclusion that these persons confided to the post-office were duly delivered at the addresses given, that these voters are not only temporarily absent, and that there is no doubt that they do not reside any longer in St. Denis ward?"

"It is a serious matter to deprive of his right to vote a citizen who has paid in full his taxes, and I should be compelled to request the petitioner to furnish more testimony before granting his petition, were it not overweighed by the fatal irregularity to which I called attention the other day."

"In 1900, after an able argument between Messrs. Cross and Globensky on one side, and Messrs. Rainville and Gervais on the other, I considered my duty to pronounce in favor of the latter, when a request was made to erase from the list of Centre ward the names of about sixty voters summoned before the reviser by attorneys and not by an elector."

"This decision appeared to me to be in conformity with a precedent created in 1885, in Joliette, by Mr. Justice de Lorimier, in his capacity of reviser of the Dominion list."

"My colleagues Mr. Recorder Weir, whose opinion was quoted against me, declares to me that he never had to decide such a question before and that he shares my views on this point. I am, therefore, compelled to dismiss the petition made in the name of Mr. Vermette, and not by him, for the following reasons:—

"Considering that articles 53 and 64 of the Charter contain imperative formalities respecting the demands of erasure or inscription of civic electors."

"Considering that it is stipulated therein that these demands must be made by a qualified voter, and not otherwise."

"Considering that according to article 68, this voter can only be represented by an agent or an attorney when the parties appear before the Recorder."

"Considering that article 63 of the Code of Civil Procedure which defines the procedure for appearances before the court does not apply to the revision of the electoral list under the special charter of the city of Montreal."

"Considering, therefore, that the notices given by the petitioner were not given according to law."

"I, the undersigned, reviser of the civic electoral list of the city of Montreal, throw out the said ninety demands of the petitioner, Joseph Vermette."

THE ROAD COMMITTEE

STREET RAILWAY SERVICES IN THE NORTH END—A ST. GABRIEL WARD ELECTION RUMOR EXPOSED.

The Road Committee had a long meeting yesterday afternoon. Ald. Vallieres in the chair, and disposed of a considerable amount of business of a routine character.

Ald. Hebert raised an objection to the new north end street car service established by the company at the request of the city. He was of opinion that the new Commissioners street belt line was unnecessary, and that it would be better for north end residents if the old system were inaugurated again, and more cars placed on Amherst street belt line. He said the Beury and Park avenue line and the St. Denis Boulevard line were not what they should be. Complaint had been made to the company, but it claimed the service was good on all lines, and would be improved right along.

It was decided to consult the company about the matter.

The question of the snow banks in front of some of the city churches was brought up and orders were given to have the snow removed to the curb in front of all churches.

The S. Carsley Company, Limited, was given permission to construct a tunnel fifteen feet below the surface of Notre Dame street to connect the retail and wholesale departments.

Messrs. W. C. Weldon and Kenneth Macpherson were present on behalf of the Windsor Hotel to ask that steps be taken to prevent the flooding of the hotel cellar, during stormy weather, from the Dorchester street sewer. It was explained that the flooding had been going on since 1891. Fires were often put out and a lot of worry, not to speak of damage, was caused. Notarial protests had been served on the city, but Mr. Weldon said the company did not desire to sue the city if an agreement could be reached. The levels of the hotel drains had been made thirty-five years ago and had never been changed, but the city's sewers were now inadequate at that point to meet emergencies. Mr. Weldon was of opinion that the city was liable for any damage.

A report on the subject will be sent to the City Council, recommending that the whole affair be referred to the Finance Committee, as the cost of a new sewer would be considerable.

Before the committee adjourned Ald. Vallieres, the chairman, took occasion to thank the members for the courtesy they had extended to him and hoped they might be associated with him again.

Ald. Turner said that as the senior member of the committee he could reciprocate Ald. Vallieres's good wishes, but until that afternoon, when Ald. Vallieres had given him an explanation, he had felt some doubts as to the chairman's sincerity. This was due to a story industriously circulated in his ward to the effect that Ald. Vallieres, in company with several other gentlemen, had come to Mr. O'Brien, the gentleman who was thinking of the colleague Dr. Dagenais, and had urged him to withdraw from opposition to Dr. Dagenais and run against Ald. Turner. He (Ald. Turner) was glad that Mr. Vallieres had given him a most emphatic denial to the story, and that this denial had been substantiated by Mr. Dixon, one of the gentlemen who was said to have accompanied Ald. Vallieres.

Ald. Vallieres remarked that he was glad of the opportunity to give the story an emphatic and public denial. There was absolutely nothing in it, and he had no doubt that it was got up to antagonize the English-speaking Protestants of St. Gabriel Ward against Dr. Dagenais, who is a relative of his (Ald. Vallieres). He added that he was a great friend and admirer of Ald. Turner, and if it was necessary he would go out to St. Gabriel to assist in securing his election.

A large deputation from the Hackmen's Union and Teamsters' Union, headed by Mr. S. Thompson, president of the former body, and Mr. M. Cooney, vice-president of the latter, waited upon Mr. U. H. Dandurand, at his residence on Sherbrooke street, last night, and offered Mr. Dandurand their support in the mayoralty contest.

Speeches were made by Messrs. Thompson, Cooney, N. King, F. W. Kinsella and others. The tenor of all the speeches was that the workmen preferred to have as Mayor a business man of energy, free from the methods and bias of municipal administration. It was remarked that business men, rather than politicians, were needed as mayors, and attention drawn to Mr. Dandurand's success in business, and his high standing in the business community.

Ald. Laporte says he is being fairly overwhelmed with offers of assistance from friends anxious to secure his election. A pretty thorough canvass of the city is being made, and a meeting of those who have volunteered their services will be held on Tuesday for organization.

Ald. Laporte was put in nomination again for seat No. 2, St. Mary's Ward, at a meeting held in the new Fullum street fire station last night. Ald. Laporte explained his course in the Council during the past six years, and speeches were made by Messrs. Desbois, J. E. C. Bumbay and Boissonnault. The meeting was largely attended.

Mr. Wilfrid J. Proulx, N.P., who is one of the candidates for Seat No. 2, St. Jean Baptiste Ward, held a meeting in the St. Jean Baptiste Market Hall, last night, and will hold a meeting for English-speaking electors next week in the same place.

MR. GRAHAM IS OUT. Mr. Arthur H. Graham, of 408 St. Urbain street, has announced himself a candidate for aldermanic honors in St. Lawrence ward, in opposition to Alderman Ekers. His requisition paper has been signed by several leading electors of the ward, including Dr. Stroud, Dr. Giles, H. W. Jesmer, G. Cusson and J. R. Parkin.

THE REV. D. MACKENZIE. The Rev. D. Mackenzie, B.A., of Toronto, who will occupy the pulpit of St. Matthew's Presbyterian Church during the pastor's absence in Britain, is a man of deep and wide culture. He has recently returned from Germany, after three years of study, and previous to that travelled in Palestine and Greece. A volume on "Old Testament sacrifices," of which the late Principal MacVicar thought very highly, is from his pen. As a preacher, Mr. Mackenzie is clear and convincing, and sends his hearers away with a higher conception of the glory and dignity of life.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED. Coroner McMahon proceeded to Blue Bonnet on Wednesday to hold an inquest on the remains of Zoltique Leblanc, who was killed by the premature explosion of a dynamite cartridge. The unfortunate man was working at a place of rock when the charge exploded, killing him instantly. He was 33 years of age, and leaves a widow and five small children. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

G.T.R. FOR ST. LOUIS

BY ARRANGEMENT WITH CLOVER LEAF LINE WILL HAVE THROUGH CAR CONNECTIONS.

A Detroit despatch says it is announced there that the Grand Trunk Clover Leaf passenger service between Detroit and Toledo will be inaugurated about April 1. The roadbed of the Detroit and Toledo Shore line, purchased jointly by the two companies, is being put into first class condition as rapidly as possible.

This new line will give the Grand Trunk through car connections to the St. Louis Exhibition over the Clover Leaf Railway from Toledo.

BLOWN UP BY BULGARIANS

THIRTY TURKISH SOLDIERS LOSE THEIR LIVES IN DESTRUCTION OF POWDER MAGAZINE.

Salonica, Macedonia, Jan. 14.—A Turkish powder magazine in the Kumanova district (sixteen miles from Uskub), has been blown up by Bulgarians. Thirty Turkish soldiers were killed.

A sharp engagement is reported to have occurred near Demirbassar (forty-five miles from Salonika).

LORD CHARLES BERESFORD

VICE ADMIRAL SERIOUSLY INJURED WHILE OUT HUNTING.

London, Jan. 14.—Vice Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, while hunting near Kilmarch on Jan. 8, fell on his head and sustained concussion of the brain. His condition continues somewhat precarious.

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DEPUTATION OF CARTERS WAIT UPON MR. DANDURAND—ALD. LAPORTE'S ORGANIZATION.

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CLUBMEN'S PRACTICAL SYMPO-THY. A subscription for the family of the late George Franklyn Hunt, who received fatal injuries at the Mount Royal Club fire, on Jan. 5, is being taken up among the members of the club.

THE FRANKLIN EXPEDITION. Viscount Sidmouth sends to the "Torquay Directory" an interesting article, in which he says that he is probably the sole survivor of those who saw the last of the members of the Franklin Expedition as they left the Thames. In the spring of 1845, Lord Sidmouth says, he was invited by Sir Robert Inglis, M.P. for Oxford University, to meet Sir John Franklin at breakfast at Sir Robert's house, 7, Bedford-square. Others present included Mr. S. Rogers, Mr. Monckton Milnes, and Lord Arundel, father of the present Duke of Norfolk. After breakfast Franklin took his friends to the map, pointed out to them his intended route for the discovery of a North-West passage, and said, "I shall return round Cape Horn in about two years' time." Commander Fitzjames, under whose command Lord Sidmouth had returned a few months before from the East Indies and Persian Gulf on board Her Majesty's brig "Clío," invited him to inspect the ship—the "Erebus," or "Terror"—before it sailed for the North Seas. Others of the party were the Lord Viscount, Des Voeux, Adam, Helpman, and Robert Orme Sargent. Many years later Lord Sidmouth remarks, he attended at the Admiralty with one of the Naval Lords—he thinks, Sir Frederick Richards—there was a reference to the Franklin Expedition. "By the bye," said the Naval Lord, "one of the ships recently returned has brought back a skeleton, which, we believe, is that of Lieutenant Le Vesconte." Lord Sidmouth remarked, "I remember his figure, and his bow legs well." The Admiral then asked Le Vesconte's height, breadth, and age, after which, stooping down, he drew from under the table a wooden case, took a key from his pocket, and showed Lord Sidmouth the skeleton. "There," said the Naval Lord, "it corresponds exactly with what you have just related. We have made inquiry, but can find no remaining relatives of Le Vesconte to interest themselves in the disposal of the remains." Lord Sidmouth offered to take the skeleton and inter it in the church-ward at Unst, Devon, but the Admiralty decided that it should be buried at Greenwich.

RE-ROLLERS MAY FORM POOL. Pittsburg, Jan. 14.—Managers of re-rolling plants from New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Maryland and Georgia are meeting here to-day to discuss

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London, Jan. 14.—Vice Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, while hunting near Kilmarch on Jan. 8, fell on his head and sustained concussion of the brain. His condition continues somewhat precarious.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

DEPUTATION OF CARTERS WAIT UPON MR. DANDURAND—ALD. LAPORTE'S ORGANIZATION.

A large deputation from the Hackmen's Union and Teamsters' Union, headed by Mr. S. Thompson, president of the former body, and Mr. M. Cooney, vice-president of the latter, waited upon Mr. U. H. Dandurand, at his residence on Sherbrooke street, last night, and offered Mr. Dandurand their support in the mayoralty contest.

Speeches were made by Messrs. Thompson, Cooney, N. King, F. W. Kinsella and others. The tenor of all the speeches was that the workmen preferred to have as Mayor a business man of energy, free from the methods and bias of municipal administration.

It was remarked that business men, rather than politicians, were needed as mayors, and attention drawn to Mr. Dandurand's success in business, and his high standing in the business community.

Ald. Laporte says he is being fairly overwhelmed with offers of assistance from friends anxious to secure his election. A pretty thorough canvass of the city is being made, and a meeting of those who have volunteered their services will be held on Tuesday for organization.

Ald. Laporte was put in nomination again for seat No. 2, St. Mary's Ward, at a meeting held in the new Fullum street fire station last night. Ald. Laporte explained his course in the Council during the past six years, and speeches were made by Messrs. Desbois, J. E. C. Bumbay and Boissonnault. The meeting was largely attended.

Mr. Wilfrid J. Proulx, N.P., who is one of the candidates for Seat No. 2, St. Jean Baptiste Ward, held a meeting in the St. Jean Baptiste Market Hall, last night, and will hold a meeting for English-speaking electors next week in the same place.

MR. GRAHAM IS OUT. Mr. Arthur H. Graham, of 408 St. Urbain street, has announced himself a candidate for aldermanic honors in St. Lawrence ward, in opposition to Alderman Ekers. His requisition paper has been signed by several leading electors of the ward, including Dr. Stroud, Dr. Giles, H. W. Jesmer, G. Cusson and J. R. Parkin.

THE REV. D. MACKENZIE. The Rev. D. Mackenzie, B.A., of Toronto, who will occupy the pulpit of St. Matthew's Presbyterian Church during the pastor's absence in Britain, is a man of deep and wide culture. He has recently returned from Germany, after three years of study, and previous to that travelled in Palestine and Greece. A volume on "Old Testament sacrifices," of which the late Principal MacVicar thought very highly, is from his pen. As a preacher, Mr. Mackenzie is clear and convincing, and sends his hearers away with a higher conception of the glory and dignity of life.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED. Coroner McMahon proceeded to Blue Bonnet on Wednesday to hold an inquest on the remains of Zoltique Leblanc, who was killed by the premature explosion of a dynamite cartridge. The unfortunate man was working at a place of rock when the charge exploded, killing him instantly. He was 33 years of age, and leaves a widow and five small children. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

CLUBMEN'S PRACTICAL SYMPO-THY. A subscription for the family of the late George Franklyn Hunt, who received fatal injuries at the Mount Royal Club fire, on Jan. 5, is being taken up among the members of the club.

THE FRANKLIN EXPEDITION. Viscount Sidmouth sends to the "Torquay Directory" an interesting article, in which he says that he is probably the sole survivor of those who saw the last of the members of the Franklin Expedition as they left the Thames. In the spring of 1845, Lord Sidmouth says, he was invited by Sir Robert Inglis, M.P. for Oxford University, to meet Sir John Franklin at breakfast at Sir Robert's house, 7, Bedford-square. Others present included Mr. S. Rogers, Mr. Monckton Milnes, and Lord Arundel, father of the present Duke of Norfolk. After breakfast Franklin took his friends to the map, pointed out to them his intended route for the discovery of a North-West passage, and said, "I shall return round Cape Horn in about two years' time." Commander Fitzjames, under whose command Lord Sidmouth had returned a few months before from the East Indies and Persian Gulf on board Her Majesty's brig "Clío," invited him to inspect the ship—the "Erebus," or "Terror"—before it sailed for the North Seas. Others of the party were the Lord Viscount, Des Voeux, Adam, Helpman, and Robert Orme Sargent. Many years later Lord Sidmouth remarks, he attended at the Admiralty with one of the Naval Lords—he thinks, Sir Frederick Richards—there was a reference to the Franklin Expedition. "By the bye," said the Naval Lord, "one of the ships recently returned has brought back a skeleton, which, we believe, is that of Lieutenant Le Vesconte." Lord Sidmouth remarked, "I remember his figure, and his bow legs well." The Admiral then asked Le Vesconte's height, breadth, and age, after which, stooping down, he drew from under the table a wooden case, took a key from his pocket, and showed Lord Sidmouth the skeleton. "There," said the Naval Lord, "it corresponds exactly with what you have just related. We have made inquiry, but can find no remaining relatives of Le Vesconte to interest themselves in the disposal of the remains." Lord Sidmouth offered to take the skeleton and inter it in the church-ward at Unst, Devon, but the Admiralty decided that it should be buried at Greenwich.

RE-ROLLERS MAY FORM POOL. Pittsburg, Jan. 14.—Managers of re-rolling plants from New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Maryland and Georgia are meeting here to-day to discuss

G.T.R. FOR ST. LOUIS

BY ARRANGEMENT WITH CLOVER LEAF LINE WILL HAVE THROUGH CAR CONNECTIONS.

A Detroit despatch says it is announced there that the Grand Trunk Clover Leaf passenger service between Detroit and Toledo will be inaugurated about April 1. The roadbed of the Detroit and Toledo Shore line, purchased jointly by the two companies, is being put into first class condition as rapidly as possible.

This new line will give the Grand Trunk through car connections to the St. Louis Exhibition over the Clover Leaf Railway from Toledo.

BLOWN UP BY BULGARIANS

THIRTY TURKISH SOLDIERS LOSE THEIR LIVES IN DESTRUCTION OF POWDER MAGAZINE.

Salonica, Macedonia, Jan. 14.—A Turkish powder magazine in the Kumanova district (sixteen miles from Uskub), has been blown up by Bulgarians. Thirty Turkish soldiers were killed.

A sharp engagement is reported to have occurred near Demirbassar (forty-five miles from Salonika).

SITUATION VIEWED PESSIMISTI-
CALLY IN LONDON.

Hayes. Wolfe—J. Rheault. Drummond—Charles Church. Arthabaska—J. E. Methot. Megantic—Dr. Hume. Joint secretaries—J. E. Waterhouse and C. Chahans, re-elected; treasurer, E. W. Farrell.

Subsequent to the elections addresses from the association were read to Mr. R. L. Borden and the Hon. Mr. Monk.

THE LATE REV. J. GREEN.

The following resolution has been unanimously adopted by the Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society: "Resolved, that we hereby record our sense of sorrow at the death of the late Rev. James Green, who through many years so faithfully and efficiently discharged the duties of district secretary. We recall with admiration his heroic fidelity, as patiently and earnestly throughout the long period of forty-one years of duty and discomfited labor and hardship in his travels and efforts for the Bible Society and by his

Advertisements.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural health and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

THE "DAILY WITNESS" is printed and published at the "Witness" Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Felix streets in the city of Montreal, by John Douglas and Frederick Eugene Douglas both of Montreal.

All business communications should be addressed "John Douglas & Son, Witness Office, Montreal," and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed "Editor of the 'Witness.'"

OGILVY DAILY STORE NEWS.

JANUARY DISCOUNT SALE!

For the third Saturday of our Great January Discount Sale, we are making Special Reductions in every department. The Reductions already made in the different lines have proved of great interest to our many friends, but still there are greater ones to follow.

WHITEWEAR DEPARTMENT

Dressing Jackets and Kimonas.

The balance of our broken lot of Eiderdown Flannel Dressing Jackets, sizes 32, 34 and 36 only. The regular price of which was \$1.65, \$1.85, \$2.00 and \$2.25.

JANUARY SALE, 69c.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

Print Kimonas, in pretty Dresden Patterns, with facings of White Lawn, in colors of Red, Navy and Green.

Regular price, \$1.00.

JANUARY SALE, 69c.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

3 dozen Black Muslin Blouses, neatly made and tucked. A few in this lot are Organdie, tucked all over, with button back, sold at \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.50.

JANUARY SALE, 59c.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

See our Special Table of Fine White-ware, consisting of Gowns, Corset Covers, Drawers and Skirts, beautifully trimmed with fine insertions and laces.

JANUARY SALE, 20 PERCENT OFF.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

Basement Reductions

Striped Balmoral Skirting.

Price, 75c.

JANUARY SALE, 20 PERCENT OFF.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

Colored Moreen Skirting. Price, 50c a yard.

JANUARY SALE, 10 PERCENT OFF.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

Striped Silk Moreen Skirting, 90 cents a yard.

JANUARY SALE, 20 PERCENT OFF.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

27 inch Heavy Navy Flannel, twilled, 30c, for 19c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

PLUSHES AND VELVETS.

Here is a VERY SPECIAL LINE OF PLUSHES, in a good variety of colors, 18 to 22 inches wide.

Prices, 35c to \$1.25.

JANUARY SALE, 25c a YARD.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

Shot Silk Velvets, Terry Velvets, Striped Velvets, Plaid Velvets, Figured Velvets, Brocade Velvets.

ALL 50 PERCENT OFF.

With an Extra 10 PERCENT for Cash.

DENT'S SAMPLES.

We have just received a Special line of Ladies' Gloves. They are Dent's Samples, consisting of Kid, Reindeer and Suede.

These are all best quality Gloves, in colors of Grey, Tan, White, in the lot is a Special Glove, wool lined, suitable for Curling, worth from \$1.25 to \$2.50 a pair.

JANUARY SALE, 79c a PAIR.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

Also a Special line of Suede Gloves, in Greys and White, worth \$1.25.

SALE PRICE, 75c.

LESS 5 PERCENT FOR CASH.

DRESS GOODS.

This is a Special line of Dress Goods, which we have on Sale specially for the January Sale. We have three different lines, as follows:

All Wool Coating Serge, in shades of Brown, Navy, Cardinal, Scarlet, Royal Blue, Cadet Blue, Green, Grey, Cream and Black. Regular, 65c a yard.

JANUARY SALE, 27½c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

All Wool Cheviot Serge, in shades of Brown, Myrtle, Green and Black, 44 inches wide; regular, 75c a yard.

JANUARY SALE, 27½c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

All Wool Nun's Velling, in Cream, Pale Blue, Scarlet, Yellow, Rose Pink, Salmon Pink, Nile Green; regular, 45c a yard.

JANUARY SALE, 27½c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

JANUARY SALE, 27½c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

LADIES' SKIRTS.

SATURDAY SHALL BE SKIRT DAY IN THE MANTLE SECTION.

Here are a few of the many Specials we are showing for the month:

SKIRTS made in All Wool Home-spun and Serge, easily worth \$3.50.

SPECIAL, \$2.50.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

SKIRTS made in All Wool Cheviot; colors, Black and Grey.

OUR SPECIAL, \$4.95; FRIDAY, \$3.50.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

LADIES' WALKING SKIRTS, in All Wool Cheviot; colors, Black, Navy, Grey and Green; worth, \$5.50.

SATURDAY, \$4.95.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

LADIES' SKATING SKIRTS, made in a very neat style, with strappings of self, plain stripes; regular, \$7.50.

SATURDAY, \$5.50.

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With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

CHILDREN'S COATS

30 only, Children's Coats in Fawn, Blue, Black, Green Beaver Cloth, lined throughout, a good serviceable garment. The balance of two lines selling regularly from \$7.50 to \$11.25, sizes 6, 8 and 10 years.

January Sale \$3.50, with 10% Extra for Cash.

Cushion Tops.

We have made a great reduction in Cushion Tops and Pillow Slips for to-morrow, in all the very newest designs and colorings. No "Ancients" in the collection.

January Sale 20% off, with 10% Extra for Cash.

Millinery Reductions

SPECIAL FOR TO-MORROW

Feather Boas.

We have laid out on a table a special line of Feather Boas, which we are going to give you at a special price for Saturday.

60 only, Feather Boas in Black, Grey, Fawn and White. Prices \$5.00, \$7.00, \$8.00 and \$9.00.

For Saturday 33 1-3% off,

with 10% Extra for Cash.

All this season's goods, newest styles.

A special line of Untrimmed Hats, all this season's styles. Prices \$1.50 to \$3.00.

For To-morrow 50c., with 10% Extra for Cash.

All Birds, in all the newest colors. Prices from \$1.50 to \$10.00.

January Sale 50% off, with 10% Extra for Cash.

Comforters.

Eiderdown Comforters, covered in best sateen, plain and with ruffles, in pretty colors and newest patterns. Prices \$4.50 to \$7.50.

January Sale 10% off, with 10% Extra for Cash.

Eiderdown Comforters, beautiful coverings of Satin and Sateen, plain and frilled. Prices \$9.00 to \$18.00.

January Sale 20% off, with 10% Extra for Cash.

MUSLINS REDUCED.

We have four Special Lines in MUSLINS. Now is the time to make your selections for SUMMER DRESSES.

Double Fold Swiss Embroidered DRESS MUSLINS, in different colorings, beautifully Flowered and Lace Stripe Effect; regular \$1.75 to \$2.25; Special 50c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

FRENCH ORGANDIE MUSLINS, in a large variety of Light and Dark Shades, pretty designs and colorings; regular price 45c to 55c a yard; January Sale, 27c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

Fine Colored IRISH MUSLINS AND LAWNS, in Dainty Spots, Stripes and Floral Designs; regular 25c to 35c a yard; January Sale, 19c a yard.

With 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH.

SCOTCH ZEPHYRS, PLAIN COLORED LINEN, STRIPED MUSLIN ZEPHYRS; regular 25c to 35c a yard; January Sale, 15c a yard.

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