

MONTREAL

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXIV.—NO. 41

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1882.

PRICE 3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let
TO LET.
One large room in the front part of the Herald Building, and another, well-suited for light manufacturing, in rear; steam power of necessary. Apply at the Office, 155 St. James Street.

TO LET.
IN ATLANTIC BUILDINGS, Commercial Street, Office No. 207, long occupied by the Grand Trunk Ry. Co. as Custom House Office, and presently by Messrs D. Brady, Son & Co. Store No. 211, occupied for over twenty years as a Ship Chandler's store, will be converted into offices on second floor. Apply to W. E. BOYD, 209 Commissioners St., February 15. r 39

Remedy
in its effects
excellent for
BELOW.

For Sale or to Let for a Term of Years.
Those two new and handsome houses situated on University Street, adjoining the Natural History Museum. The basements are devoted to Storage and furnaces for heating. On the first floor are Reception Rooms, Kitchen and Servants' Bedrooms. Second floor, Dining and Drawing Rooms of handsome proportions, separated by spacious halls. Third floor, four Bedrooms. The houses are supplied with all modern conveniences. Immediate possession; rent to run from 1st May next.

To Manufacturers!
TO LET.
The spacious, well-lighted premises, rear of Nos. 307 to 315 St. Antoine Street, formerly occupied by "The Durland-Desbarats Lithographic Co.," and well adapted for a Wholesale Shoe Factory or other light manufacturing purposes. Possession immediately. Apply to COURT & MACINTOSH, 22 St. John Street. February 11. r 36

TO LEASE for a TERM OF YEARS
From the 1st of May next.
That well-known and centrally situated Hotel, known as the "American House," on St. Joseph Street, a few doors from McGill Street, and within five minutes' walk of the Post-office, all the banks and public offices. The premises are very extensive, running from St. Joseph to St. Maurice Streets, and from St. Henry to Longmill Streets. The stables are probably the most extensive in the Province, and are well-known as the headquarters of the horse trade in Montreal. Apply to JAS. S. EVANS, 15 St. Henry Street. February 10. 1m 35

FOR SALE.
Upon St. Antoine street, the dwelling house known as No. 53, 55, 57 and 59 of said street, with large lot in rear. Large lot, corner of Craig and Sanguinet streets, now occupied as a coal and lumber yard. That handsome villa residence, formerly occupied by E. A. Dubois, Esq., with about forty acres of land, large out-stone dwelling house, out-buildings, garden, etc. This desirable property is situated almost opposite "View Mount," the residence of the late General Ross, Esq. Title perfect. Terms easy. Apply to G. R. S. DEBEAUXE, or to 106 St. Denis Street. E. C. MONK, Esq., Advocate, 182 St. James Street. February 5. 21

FACTORY TO LET OR FOR SALE
Corner Seigneur and Richardson Streets. Lot 100x75, Brick Building 40x60, two stories and high basement, well lighted by windows on three sides; has boiler, engine and shafting complete; heated by steam-pipes throughout. Apply to H. J. RUSSELL, 493 St. Paul Street. December 12. mwt 296

Desirable Residence FOR SALE.
I am instructed by Mr. E. G. Penny to offer for sale the Residence of the late Honourable E. G. Penny, situated on the corner of St. Mark and St. Luke Streets; size of House, 42 feet front and 45 deep, containing spacious Drawing-rooms, Library, Sleeping Apartments, &c., &c., heated by furnace throughout. The house was built by its late owner for his own occupation, and everything about it is thoroughly substantial and well finished. The Garden attached to the residence is well stocked with a choice selection of Fruit Trees. Total area of land about 30,000 feet. R. K. THOMAS, Real Estate Agent, 131 St. James Street. January 31. 26

MANITOBA PROPERTY WANTED TO PURCHASE
Winnipeg and Emerson CITY LOTS, AND MANITOBA FARMS.
Apply to H. H. GEDDES, 119 St. Francois Xavier Street. January 26. 22

NOTICE.
"THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for Amendments to its Act of Incorporation, 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the Company was empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to manufacture besides the articles referred to in such second section such other articles or things as the Company may deem advisable; also, to transmit messages by Telegraph as well as by Telephone Lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its Telegraph and Telephone Lines from any one to any other of the Provinces of the Dominion, and whereby, also, it shall be declared that said Act of Incorporation and its Amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada. BETHUNE & BETHUNE, Solicitors for said Company. Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 1m 17

WEATHER REPORT.
MONTREAL, February 16.
Temperature in the shade by Standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co., Opticians and Mathematical Instrument makers, 242 and 244 Notre Dame Street:—8 a.m., 37°; 1 p.m., 45°; 8 p.m., 45°; Max., 47°; Min., 33°; Mean, 45°.
By Standard Barometer—8 a.m., 30.61; 1 p.m., 30.90; 6 p.m., 29.90.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.
Toronto, February 16, 10.26 a.m.
Storm signals ordered up at the Atlantic ports. This morning a slight depression extends from the upper lakes to Texas, whilst in the North-West Territories the pressure is very high with a temperature ranging from 10 to 30 degrees below zero. The weather is fair and mild throughout the lake regions and eastern lakes. Cloudy, mild weather with local rains; high north and north-easterly winds; decidedly colder weather to-morrow. Lawrence—Fair, mild weather to-day. Northernly winds and decidedly colder weather to-morrow. Gulf—Winds mainly from southward; fair, mild weather to-day; northerly winds and falling temperature to-morrow. Maritime—Winds mostly from southward; fair to cloudy, mild weather.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.
DOMINION.
—The Dominion Alliance is in session at Ottawa, Senator Vidal presiding.
—The Military School at Ottawa for Non-com and 5 Military Districts is fairly attended.
—Captain MacCuaig, of Ottawa, has been appointed Vice-Consul of Norway and Sweden.
—The health of Lieut.-Colonel Andrew Stuart, Eighth Royal Rifles, Quebec, who has been seriously ill, is much improved.
—The New Brunswick Legislature opened yesterday with the usual formalities. The Speech contained little of general interest.
—Ald. Mooney, of this city, is in Ottawa and is reported as being in application for the Hide Inspectorship of Hochelaga District.
—The Governor-General, owing to pressing engagements, has declined being present at the opening of the Kent Agricultural Exhibition.

UNITED STATES.
—Mr. Justice Hunt's resignation has been accepted by the President.
—The Straits of Mackinac are open and clear of ice, and boats are making regular trips.
—A Poughkeepsie despatch states that the ice harvest is over, and only half a crop has been raised.
—Jos. E. Shea, Field, founder of the Sheffield Scientific School connected with Yale College, is dead.
—The Pennsylvania Military Academy was burned down yesterday. The total loss is about \$200,000. The insurance is \$125,000.
—Two hundred families of Canadian Indians are reported by General Frey as trespassing on American territory, near Poplar River, Montana.
—Yesterday the Professors of Yale College presented ex-President Woolsey with a massive gold medal in commemoration of the semi-centenary of his connection with the College.

BRITAIN AND THE COLONIES.
—The cotton-spinners of North and North-east Lancashire have withdrawn their demand for an increase of wages.
—The Editor of Truth remarks that electric lights are a failure in ballrooms, and especially cruel to wrinkles and the artifices employed to hide them.
—The Times says that Mme. Novikoff, the supposed Russian diplomat, whose letters, signed "O. K." attracted much attention during the Eastern excitement, has started for Moscow, and probably will not return to England.
—The annual report of the British National Rifle Association expressed the belief that the contest between representatives of Great Britain and the United States would be of the greatest national importance. The Council of the Association will do its utmost to carry it out in a manner worthy of its importance.

FOREIGN.
—The proposed Spanish pilgrimage to Rome is considered at an end.
—Cairo advices state that the Ministry have decided upon the total abolition of slavery.
—A Constantinople despatch says that Commander Selby's assailants have been arrested.
—A Copenhagen despatch says that great distress exists among the people of Sweden.
—It is said that Guatemala has offered to cede to Mexico that section of country over which there is a boundary dispute.
—It is reported from Jerusalem that a band of 60 Chaldeans have desecrated the holy graves and destroyed the Armenian altar and images of the saints.
—The situation in Egypt continues to be one of expectancy. It is thought the present Ministers will be forced to take decided action in order to hold their own with the army.
—General Kryshanowsky, Governor of Orenburg, Russia, and Privy Councillor of the Russian Ministry of the Domains, has been dismissed. Privy Councillor Holdochovsky has also been dismissed.
—M. Arizola writes from Lima denying the story that President Calderon was ready to sign the decree accepting the Peruvian Company's proposals. Arizola declared that Calderon regarded Cochet's and Larrea's claims with horror.
—Louis Joseph Martel, the statesman, who died in Paris the other day, was sixty-nine years of age. In 1875 he was made a life Senator. He held the portfolio of Justice in Jules Simon's Ministry. In 1879 he was made President of the Senate. He always voted with the Republicans on important questions.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH
FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
CANADA.

QUEBEC—February 16.
Some fourteen of the crew of the steamship "Bahama," lost between St. Thomas and New York, belonged to this city, where they leave families.
It is said that Mr. Landry will oppose Mr. O'Caron, Minister of Militia, for the County of Quebec at the next general election.
PIERRE PAQUET of this city, aged ninety-three, a veteran of 1812, died here to-day.
A prominent manufacturer of this city is being blackmailed by a Lorette tavern keeper.
Lieut.-Governor CARBON leaves here on Saturday for Ottawa, en route for his seat of Government.
—Mr. VALIN, M. P., Chairman of the Harbour Commission, was summoned from his parliamentary duties to attend a meeting of the Board.
The dead body of an infant was found on the steps of the Sacred Heart Hospital this morning.
The hockey match between Quebec and Montreal to-night was won by Quebec in two straight games.
Lieut.-Gov. CARBON to-day visited the buildings of the Quebec Seminary. The students presented him with an address.

TORONTO—February 16.
The Northern Pacific Railway Company have retained the Hon. Wm. Macdougall to look after their Canadian interests at Ottawa.
MAYOR McMURRICH left to-day for New Orleans on private business.
YARD-MAN Woolingsey, G. W. R., had his two hands crushed this morning coupling cars.
To meet a long-felt want as to sending messages relating to death, sickness and extremely urgent matters, the G. N. W. Telegraph Co. has arranged for all its larger offices to be opened at certain hours every Sunday, commencing 1st March.
The Stock Market to-day was moderately active, with transactions well distributed throughout the list. Banks show little change, as compared with yesterday afternoon's prices. Montreal sold at 20 1/2 for ten shares, and closed offered at that price. Ontario was 1/2 higher, with bids unchanged at 168. Merchants were 1/2 lower in bid. Commerce easier, with sales of 10 shares at 142, and 75 in two lots at 14 1/2. Imperial sold at 13 1/2 for 10 shares. Dominion was firm, with a sale of 54 shares at 19 1/2, 20 at 19 and 20 at 19 1/2. Standard Rose 1/2 in bid, with sellers at 114.
The first schooner of the season left the Queen's Wharf this morning, bound for the East with a load of lumber.

HAMILTON, Ont.—February 16.
SEVERAL new foundries and stove factories are being built here.
The total cost of the Water-Works in this city to date is \$1,160,000. The length of pipe laid is twenty-inch supply and pumping main, six and three-quarter inch supply and pumping main, and two-inch distribution main, two miles; six and four-inch distribution main, forty miles; one and two-inch distribution main, seven and three-quarter miles. Total, sixty-two and a quarter miles. The average daily consumption for the year was 661,568,500 Imperial gallons.
At a meeting of the Western Fair Board held this afternoon it was resolved to offer next year \$15,000 in prizes, being \$3,000 more than at the last show.
PATRICK WHALEY, to whose house little Johnny CONNORS ran from the Donnelly's homestead on the night of the Biddulph murder, was buried yesterday. He had been ill about a month. Patrick Donnelly was at the funeral.

BROCKVILLE, Ont.—February 16.
YESTERDAY afternoon License Inspector Fields paid a visit to the Grand Trunk Depot and there made a descent upon the unlicensed house of Mrs. Nappy and Mrs. Bowie. He found two good-sized cart loads of brandy, gin, whiskey and beer, and confiscated the whole cargo. This morning the parties were brought before the Police Magistrate, and as it was their second offence they were fined \$40 and costs each.

TOTTENHAM—February 16.
The election for the riding of South Simcoe, held to-day, resulted in a majority of 500 for Tyrwhitte, with Malmer and Tossoronto to hear from, which will increase Tyrwhitte's majority.

LONDON, Ont.—February 16.
CAPT. WARREN, accused of obtaining money by false pretences, and a great variety of irregular business practices by his employer, has been admitted to bail.
YESTERDAY, while fooling with a revolver, Jno. Meikler, a shoemaker, accidentally discharged the weapon, the ball taking effect in the cheek of J. Burridge, a young man employed in the store.
The Rev. Peter Stanford (coloured), preacher, against whom several charges of immorality were formulated last night, answered his accusers in Victoria Hall, and fully refuted all the charges against him. The meeting voted confidence in him.

HALIFAX—February 16.
MR. ALEXANDER MCKAY, one of the representatives of Pictou County in the House of Assembly, died at his residence in West River, to-day. He had been attending to his Legislative duties a few days ago.
ALLISON SMITH has been chosen President of the Nova Scotia Sugar Refining Company and Michael Dwyer, Vice-President. W. J. Stairs having declined to act as Director, S. M. Brookfield, who received the next largest number of votes at the annual meeting, was chosen by the Board to fill the vacancy.
The debate on the Railway Consolidation Bill commenced in the Legislative Council this afternoon.

GREAT BRITAIN.
ARCTIC SEARCH EXPEDITION.
LONDON, February 16.—The English Admiralty Office has informed the Royal Geographical Society that the Government cannot fit out a relief expedition to go in search of Mr. Leigh Smith, but will contribute £5,000 towards meeting the expenses of a private expedition, provided the necessary extra funds shall be forthcoming and the arrangements meet with the approval of the Admiralty Office.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.
Mr. Gladstone is reported to have said that when the present Government came into power, it found the question of a Channel tunnel already settled affirmatively; but in view of the military opinions expressed, it might be considered to be reopened. The Government would therefore consider the matter.

THE JEWISH OUTRAGES.
It is understood that the report of the British Consuls in regard to the outrages against Jews in Russia, about to be issued, do not show that any cases of violation of women have been clearly proved. The evidence is clear regarding other serious outrages.
A Jewish refugee, who has arrived at Liverpool from Kiev, says he recently saw a number of Jewish maidens stripped naked and dragged through the town. The police refused to interfere. A soldier from Nikolaief says his regiment was not allowed to suppress riots against the Jews. Many women with infants appear to have suffered acutely. The Jewish refugees believe that the Czar is unaware of their sufferings and is not responsible for the atrocities.

FATAL COLLIERY EXPLOSION.
An explosion occurred in the colliery at Trindon Grange, Durham, to-day. 120 persons are entombed in the mine. About 30 have been rescued. Foul gas resulting from the explosion caused the death of four persons in a colliery two miles distant.

NO "HOME RULE" FOR IRELAND.
Mr. Gladstone eloquently defended the Irish policy of the Government in the House of Commons to-night. Referring to his recent utterance respecting Home Rule, Mr. Gladstone declared he simply spoke regarding local Government for Ireland, and that the supremacy of the British Parliament must be maintained. The country cannot give to Ireland what it cannot give to Scotland.

FRANCE.
RELEASED ON BAIL.
PARIS, February 16.—Bontoux and Feder, of the Union Generale, have been released on bail.

ITALY.
PAPAL LETTER.
ROME, February 16.—The Pope has addressed a very grave letter to the Italian Bishops, commanding, in view of the dangers surrounding the Church, to increase their activity, encourage Catholic societies among the laity, develop the Catholic press, and advocate boldly the temporal independence of the Pope.
Russia in the negotiations with the Vatican requires as the price for the peace and liberty of the Church in Poland that the Church shall not pretend to be called national, and the Pontiff shall use religious sentiment to foster Slavism.

RUSSIA.
IMPERIAL APPOINTMENT.
ST. PETERSBURG, February 16.—Count Schouvaloff has been appointed Administrator of the Department of Appanages in the Imperial household.

HORRIBLE CRUELITIES PERPETRATED ON THE JEWS.
LONDON, February 15.—The Telegraph's Vienna correspondent vouchers for the truth of the statement that at Elizabethgrad, Kieff, Odessa, Niezjin, Peizer, Kona and Priolara over two hundred and fifty women were outraged by the "Jew-baiters" during the disturbances. At Kieff General Drenteln, when appealed to for protection, said it was not worth risking soldiers' lives. At Odessa petroleum was poured on a man's head and set on fire and the man died in agony. Subsequently many children were mercilessly killed.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON THE JEWS.
The Jews in the village near Kichinef were attacked by Russian peasants on the 5th inst., and ten nearly beaten to death.

UNITED STATES.
AN APPEAL FROM GUITAUX'S SISTER.
CHICAGO, February 16.—Mrs. Scoville has written to Mrs. Garfield a long letter urging her to intercede in behalf of the assassin. It is agonizing in its appeal and implores the widow of the late President to look upon Guitaux as "Brain sick, deluded and crazy."
Mrs. Scoville says her brother was neither born right, reared right nor married right. She says, "Never can I rest satisfied until allowed on my bended knees, under the weight of this humiliation and disgrace, for brief moments, in which to pour forth to your merciful heart the pleadings of one who must ever feel a sister's love for the insane, motherless boy, even though by a whole world condemned. I beg you to let me say to you and yours what he would say in his right mind. Forgive, even as Christ shall forgive us all."
The senior member of the suspended firm of Kenyon & Co. resides in Adams, N.Y. He is a large malt dealer and banker. One story is that the firm's losses are on account of large operations in and about New York and Watertown.

THE INTER-OCEANIC CANAL AND PRESIDENT GARFIELD.
WASHINGTON, February 16.—A close personal friend states that the late President Garfield said his Administration would take the position, if French or English or German capital constructed the Inter-Oceanic Canal, that it should be used exactly as if invested in railroads or other internal improvements upon the American continent, and European Governments should not acquire any rights of proprietary or protective over the Canal.

PRESIDENT'S STATE DINNER.
The President gives his first State dinner to the Diplomatic Corps this evening. Elaborate preparations have been made. The dining room of the White House will be used for the first time since his administration.

RE-ORGANIZING THE NAVY.
At the Conference at the Navy Department last evening, in regard to the re-organization of the Navy, the views of the remarks were favourable to the views of the last report of the Secretary of the Navy. It was agreed that the necessities of the service require prompt liberation on the part of Congress. Representative Harris submitted a draft Bill which seemed to meet general favour, providing for increasing and improving the Navy. It was the general impression that the larger of the proposed new vessels should be constructed first and others built as the needs of the service require. The proposed Bill contemplates the construction of large-sized, fast cruisers at a total cost of about \$9,000,000 and includes one vessel not less than 5,750 tons, two not less than 4,500, two not less than 3,650 tons, one Ram, one torpedo gunboat, one cruising torpedo boat and one harbour torpedo boat. The Bill also authorizes the Secretary of the Navy to employ experts in naval architecture, steam engineering and ordnance for assistance and advice in this matter.

INCREASING CAPITAL.
ALBANY, February 16.—The Mutual Union Telegraph Company have filed a certificate increasing the capital to \$10,000,000.

MORE FAILURES.
NEW YORK, February 16.—There was continued excitement in the Produce Exchange to-day on account of the collapse of "bull" speculation in grain. The rumours are renewed that two or three prominent firms are embarrassed.

FATAL COLLIER EXPLOSION.
BROOKLYN, February 16.—The boilers in the boiler house of Jewell's mills exploded to-day. Gilbert Stevens, engineer, was killed and six others injured. The main boiler is completely ruined. The explosion caused intense excitement and there were wild rumours as to the loss of life. The boilers were old and unfit for use.

FOUNDING OF THE "BAHAMA."
TWENTY LIVES LOST.
Special to the MONTREAL HERALD.
NEW YORK, February 16.—The British steamship "Glenmoray," Capt. Dawson, which arrived from Calcutta yesterday, had on board 11 men and boys of the crew and two of the passengers belonging to the steamship "Bahama," of Quebec, which was lost on Friday last, in lat. 32° 30' N. and long. 72° 15' W. Capt. Astwood, two second-class passengers and 17 members of the crew have probably been lost. The "Bahama" left St. John, Porto Rico, on February 4th at 6 o'clock p.m. All well until the evening of the 9th, when the barometer fell and a heavy storm burst on the steamer at midnight. At 2 o'clock next morning a squall, with thunder and lightning, was encountered, and sail was shortened. A heavy cross-sea was running, and great quantities of water were shipped. At 3 a.m. the helmsman was set in order to bring the vessel around. A large sea rolled over the vessel, throwing her on her beam ends. The starboard bulwarks were swept away and the two life-boats on that side were carried off the water, poured down on the cabin passengers, and the crew and the cabin Astwood found that the vessel was unmanageable. She did not seem able to keep above water much longer, so he informed the passengers that he was about to abandon the "BAHAMA."

At four o'clock the Captain ordered the two remaining boats left on the port side to be lowered. A white man who was a second cabin passenger, was seen returning to the starboard side in order to save some property which he had left there, this man was washed overboard and drowned. The Captain with another second-class passenger and fifteen members of the crew got into one boat, and were seen returning to the starboard side with two cabin passengers and nine men manned the other which, although metallic and in two compartments, was but sixteen feet in length. The Captain gave his chief officer a compass and told him to steer for Bermuda, which was 315 miles to the eastward. He also gave him the number of miles and the course to steer for in order to reach Savannah. The captain was cool and collected as he gave his officers these directions. There was a quantity of bread and water in each of the boats. Three members of the crew had refused to risk their lives in the overcrowded boats, they said that they would stay on board and run the chances of being picked up by some passing vessel, these were the second cook, the pantry-man and Paul Matron, who was regarded as being the best seaman in the crew. The two boats pushed off from the wreck and were tossed about like chips by the waves, which rose fully sixty feet in height. Scarcely five minutes after the occupants of the metallic boats saw the captain's boat swamped by a great sea.

A man, supposed to be Thomas George, a freeman, was seen struggling back to the wreck. He reached the shore but no one knows whether he ever got on board. Charles Smith, a seaman, also swam towards the wreck and was hoisted on board by the three men who had refused to give up the ship. Captain Astwood and the other occupants of the boat all perished when it was swamped. The other boat kept afloat although the water frequently poured over her gunwales, the men were kept busy in bailing her out, but they occasionally

found time to handle the oars. Mr. Ross, the second mate, had once belonged to a life saving station, and his advice proved of great service in keeping the boat from swamping. The wreck was soon out of sight, and at 5 o'clock a barque was sighted but did not come within hailing distance. She was apparently headed toward the wreck, but it is highly probable that she rescued the men who had remained on board. The officers and the two passengers believed by the time daylight came the "Bahama" was gone.

MUST HAVE GONE DOWN.
Owing to the crowded condition of the boat it narrowly escaped, being swamped several times. The salt water spoiled fresh and soaked the bread so that it was not fit to eat. A small sail was set but the oars were unavailing. At 12.30 a full-rigged ship, bound north, was sighted, she seemed to be steering toward the boat, but at 3 o'clock the latter was at least three miles to leeward of the ship. The shipwrecked crew were all huddled and shivered, and at 3.30 they saw the mainmasts of a ship backed, the second officer of the latter observed the boats and the vessel was hoisted. There was a pall of two miles before the boat could reach the ship, but the men

SENT TO THE OARS WITH A WILL
and made their way in the teeth of the wind and the sea. They were almost exhausted when the boat was reached, and it proved to be the "Glenmoray." The survivors received every kindness on board this vessel. The following are the names of those who perished, some twenty in all: Capt. E. F. Astwood of Bermuda, about 39 years of age and an experienced navigator, leaves a wife and children in Bermuda; James Sutton, purser of Quebec, about 30 years of age, unmarried; Heighon, chief engineer, of New York; Robert Foster, fireman, of Quebec; George Foster, oiler, of Quebec; Thomas George, fireman, of Quebec; Patrick McCarthy, fireman, of Quebec; John Chapples, fireman, of Quebec; John Mullins, fireman, of Halifax; Charles, fireman, a Swede, surname unknown; Charles Smith, seaman, of Quebec; Wm. O'Brien, seaman, of Quebec; James Ferrell, seaman, of St. John's Nfld.; John Peterson, seaman, of Sweden; G. Dickner, porter, of Quebec; H. Dube, pantry-man, of Quebec; Paul Matron, cook, of Quebec; one white man from Nova Scotia, Porto Rico, belonging to Ottawa, Canada, name unknown passenger; a coloured man, a native of Ponce, Porto Rico, name unknown.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE SURVIVORS:
Robert Williams, first officer, of North Wales; Robt. Ross, second officer, of New York; Alfred Defrey, second engineer, of Quebec; J. S. S. third engineer, of Quebec; Geo. Thibault, chief steward, of Quebec; John Olsen, seaman, of Norway; Jas. W. Molloy, seaman, of Quebec; Emil Frank, fireman, of Quebec; D. Trambly, first cook, of Quebec; Edmund Larroie, waiter, of Quebec; Hubert Trumble, of Quebec; John Scott, of New York, one of the firm of Outbridge & Co. of No. 2 Morris street, agent for the Quebec Steamship Co., passenger; H. J. Lear, of Savannah, passenger; total 13. Capt. Astwood was an experienced navigator, and was highly esteemed by the crew. He came from Quebec. The cargo consisted of molasses, sugar, coffee, bay rum, etc., valued at about \$100,000. Several bags of mail matter were lost, and some six thousand in gold and silver was in the purser's room. The "Bahama" was built at Stockport, England, in 1861. She was originally called the "Bermuda," but the name was afterwards changed to the "General Meade," and again by the present owners to "Bahama." The agents are uncertain about her value, but her insurance is in Quebec. She was built of iron, was 145 feet long, 30 feet across beam, and 19 feet deep.

DOMINION ARTILLERY ASSOCIATION.
OTTAWA, February 16.
The Dominion Artillery Association held their annual meeting in the lower room of the Parliament building at 11.30 to-day. Major-General Luard read a communication from Col. DeWinton, expressing regret that, owing to a press of business, His Excellency the Governor-General was unable to attend the meeting, as he had anticipated.

General Luard said, that to obviate the necessity of reading the whole report of the Dominion Artillery Association, he would read from page 30, also from page 32, showing the credits awarded each battery for efficiency. Captain McKee, of No. 2 Ontario Battery, was complimented on the efficiency of his Battery. The Ottawa Field Battery was also mentioned as having made the highest score. General Luard also referred to the achievement of the Canadian Artillery Team at Shoeburyness and the beautiful Trophy which His Excellency the Governor-General had given for competition had been carried home in triumph and now graced the table around which the Association sat.

Lt.-Col. Oswald, M.G.A., then read his report of the "First Canadian Artillery Team" at Shoeburyness, of which team Lieut.-Col. Oswald himself was Commandant. The report contained, first a reference to the formation of the team and a brief account of the different contests entered into by the team in England with the result of each and the various disadvantages under which the Canadian team laboured. Lt.-Col. Oswald referred in his report to the many kindnesses and the hearty welcome and hospitality extended to them while in England by the officers of the National Artillery Association, in whose care they were. Speaking of the Marquis of Londonderry, Lt.-Col. Oswald paid a high tribute of praise to His Excellency and his hospitality. The report said, "On the day before I left Seaham, His Lordship was good enough to present me with a life-size oil-painting of himself, which I now have the pleasure of presenting to this Association, the members of which will, no doubt, fully appreciate the right, one worthy of the noble donor."

The report also referred in praise of the team from the Canadian Artillery. The want of proper ordnance was a serious weak spot in our Dominion Artillery, and it would be vain for us to expect to do much good in competing with our brother warriors in England without practice with the weapon used by them. The financial statement was read which showed a credit balance of \$1,535.95, \$800 of which Lieut.-Colonel Oswald respectfully recommended should be divided between the members of the 1881 Team, which

would amount to \$30 each. The report further contained an extract from the *Forbes' Gazette* of the 13th of August, 1881, which described the fine appearance of the Canada Team, as well as commended their expert handling of ordnance.

General Luard then thanked Lieut.-Colonel Oswald in appropriate terms.

General Strange said that he found was an omission of augmentation of Lieut.-Colonel Oswald himself, to whose efforts and personal sacrifice the success of the venture was largely due. He proposed that the cap which had been given for competition by our own Governor-General and won and carried home to Canada by the prowess of our team be given to Lieut.-Col. Oswald, and, further, that the portrait of the Marquis of Londonderry, kindly given by Lieut.-Col. Oswald to the Association, be placed in his (Lieut.-Col. Oswald's) keeping till such time as the Dominion Artillery Association could boast of a suitable abiding place.

Maj.-Gen. Strange also commented on the want of suitable guns, even for practice, which was a serious drawback to the progress of our Artillery Teams. The General also paid a touching tribute to the memory of the late Sir William Palliser, and recommended that a memorial of condolence with the family of the deceased be forwarded from the Association.

Gen. Luard read a letter, just received, from Col. DeWinton, expressing the regret of His Excellency the Governor-General at being unable to attend the meeting of the Association, and stating that His Excellency would leave to the disposal of the Council all the prizes presented by him for competition.

The annual report of the Association and that of Lieut.-Col. Oswald were unanimously received.

Moved by Capt. MacRae, seconded by Lieutenant-Colonel Oswald, that the meeting recommend the Council to memorialize the National Artillery Association of Great Britain, that their system of scoring for the next meeting be changed to the system of points based on the paralogram of error. Carried.

The subject of Government support in sending another team to England to compete in the artillery matches next year was brought up. A proposition to ask the Government for further assistance this year, was moved by General Luard and seconded by General Strange.

Col. Irwin then asked that a number of changes in the selection of artillerymen to compose teams for sending to Shoeburyness be made. That the teams be composed of volunteers actually enrolled in the volunteer service. This would exclude the men of "A" and "B" Batteries and the Cadets.

Considerable argument followed as to the probable results of such changes, it was thought that the selection should be made indiscriminately, that is without regard to the men having served either in "A" or "B" Battery, or having attended the school of gunnery, and as the teams in England had made no objection to the team sent from Canada last year, but had expressed their entire satisfaction with them, it would be better not to make any changes in the selection of the men till they have taken the initiatory step.

It was decided to conduct the shifting ordnance competition between "A" and "B" Batteries on the same basis as last year.

A suggestion was made that the Cadets of the Royal Military College be admitted to this competition, but as it would exclude them from other competitions it was not acted upon.

It was decided to memorialize Government to offer better facilities to officers for obtaining first-class certificates, after which the meeting adjourned.

LATEST SHIPPING.
NEW YORK, February 16.—Arrived—SS. Pellux from Amsterdam, Schiedam, Rotterdam and Abyssinia from Liverpool. The steamer Sardinia, reported at Montreal yesterday, proves to be an error.

QUEENSTOWN, February 16.—Arrived—SS. Wyoming.

ALWAYS AT A PREMIUM.
To this "fifth quarter of the globe," as an Irish writer has called it, the mother country sends many things its people do not want, and the consequences too frequently are an overstocked market and a depressed trade. From this category we beg leave, however, to exclude two articles the two celebrated remedies, Professor Holloway's Throughout Australasia they are at a premium. The Pills and Ointment are considered the most profitable commodities that can be taken to the diggings, as their efficacy in the diseases common in the gold region is well known to every nugget-hunter, and they are therefore eagerly bought up at any price by those toilers after the mammon of unrighteousness." For bilious fevers and all disorders of the liver and bowels which prevail on the auriferous soils of the interior, the Pills appear to be a positive, immediate and invariable cure. We have seen returned gold reporters from the "diggings" and their reports on this head are uniform. Nor is the assertion less conclusive in relation to the mammon of unrighteousness. For bilious fevers and all disorders of the liver and bowels which prevail on the auriferous soils of the interior, the Pills appear to be a positive, immediate and invariable cure. We have seen returned gold reporters from the "diggings" and their reports on this head are uniform. Nor is the assertion less conclusive in relation to the mammon of unrighteousness. For bilious fevers and all disorders of the liver and bowels which prevail on the auriferous soils of the interior, the Pills appear to be a positive, immediate and invariable cure. We have seen returned gold reporters from the "diggings" and their reports on this head are uniform. Nor is the assertion less conclusive in relation to the mammon of unrighteousness. For bilious fevers and all disorders of the liver and bowels which prevail on the auriferous soils of the interior, the Pills appear to be a positive, immediate and invariable cure. 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TRADE & COMMERCE

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

Table listing steamship departures with columns for destination, date, and agent.

MONTREAL, February 16.

Charles T. Hardy & Co., New York, importers of fruit have failed. Liabilities unknown. The Allans SS. "Manitoba" sailed from Boston, for Glasgow, at 7 a.m. on Thursday morning.

FINANCIAL.

In New York the market for foreign exchange is weaker, and there are more commercial bills offering; the supply of these, however, is not yet large enough to depress rates for sterling below the gold exporting point. If the liquidation of the "bull speculation" at the produce and ocean exchanges here and elsewhere in the country continues there will soon be an abundant supply of commercial bills. Already there is more business doing in the way of cotton, breadstuff, and provision exports. To-day the sharp decline in our stock Exchange should make it possible to ship some securities, but no protracted market abroad for American securities is to be looked for at present, confidence there in our railroad securities having been weakened by the protracted railroad war and by the recent heavy decline in stocks and bonds like those of the Washab Company, enormous amounts of which were placed in the foreign markets when the prices for them were 25 to 50 per cent. higher than now.

The local rates are unchanged. Sterling Exchange is quiet at 104 1/10 for demand, and 97 for 60 day bills between banks, Exchange on New York remaining at from par to 1.16. Commercial paper is negotiated at from 60 1/2 per cent., as to name and date, Call loans being made from 5 to 6, as to collateral.

The Stock market has been strong, the prices realized being fully up to yesterday's. Bank of Montreal closed 1/2 better than the day before, 225 shares passing in the forenoon at 204 1/2; later, sales took place at 204 1/2 and 204 1/4. Ontario sold at an advance of 1/2, 50 shares bringing 61 1/2. Hudson Bay stock has advanced 1/4 since yesterday, the price now being 43 1/2. Bank of British North America sold at 10 1/2. For Peoples 90 was asked, with 88 bid ex-dividend. Molsons were very strong, selling at an advance of 1/2 and 1 on last 125 1/2. Toronto was unchanged at 169 1/2 offered, at with 168 bid. Jacques Cartier sold as yesterday at 112. Merchants were 1/2 better, bringing 128 1/2. For Quebec 108 was bid, and Nationale 90 1/2. Union offered at 95, with 93 1/2 bid. Commerce closed 1/2 stronger, sales taking place at 142 1/2 and 142 1/4. Exchange sold as before at 146. Ville Marie offered at par, with 95 bid. There were sellers of Federal at 164, with buyers at 158. Intercolonial Call offered at 37 1/2, and the Bonds at par. Montreal Telegraph closed 1/2 better, 235 shares being placed. Richelieu and Ontario sold at a decline of 1/4. City Passenger was unchanged, closing with 135 1/2, a few shares however touching 136. City Gas closed with a decline of 1/4, the figure being 163, the best price realized in the course of the day being 164. Ten shares in the Dundas Cotton Co. sold at 128 ex-dividend. Graphic Printing Co. sold at 40. The following was the transactions of the day:

MORNING BOARD

Table showing morning board prices for Montreal, Ontario, and British North American.

MERCANTS

Table listing mercantile firms and their respective prices.

EXCHANGE

Table showing exchange rates for various locations like London, New York, and others.

NEW YORK FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Table listing New York foreign exchange rates for various currencies.

STOCKS.

Table listing stock prices for various companies like W.U. Tel., Lake Shore, Pacific Mail, etc.

MONTREAL STOCK LIST.

Table listing Montreal stock prices for various banks and companies.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Table listing miscellaneous stock prices for various companies like Intercolonial Coal, Montreal Telegraph, etc.

D. LORN MACDOUGALL, Stock Broker.

CALIFORNIA MINING STOCKS.

Table listing California mining stock prices for various locations like San Francisco, Alpha, etc.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COIN AND BULLION.

Table listing foreign and domestic coin and bullion prices.

NEW YORK GENERAL MARKETS.

Table listing New York general market prices for various commodities like coffee, sugar, etc.

seers, sold 1,639 mats Java at 14 1/2 @ 14 1/2; 350 bags Santos at 9 1/2 @ 9 1/2, and 1,819 bags Rio at 9 1/2 to 11 1/2.

FISH—In Mackerel the distributing business is somewhat freer, and the market has a more regular look. Dried Cod moved moderately well. Quoted: Shore Mackerel at \$2.00 @ \$2.25 for No. 1, \$1.75 to \$1.82.75 for No. 2, and \$9 to \$9.50 for No. 3. Dry Cod—Georges at \$5.60 @ \$6 and \$6.75 to \$7 for Grand Bank. Box Herring at \$1.25 @ \$1.30 for Medium Scales, and 14c @ 15c for Tuck Tails, and 17c @ 18c for No. 1. Barreled Herring at 75c for Portland, \$3 for Eastport; Nova Scotia Large Split at \$5 @ \$5.25, and medium at \$3.75 @ \$4.

FRUITS—Brown & Seccomb sold 2,800 boxes Valencia Oranges at \$3 @ \$3.37 1/2. Raisins have not had much activity, most of the business in job lots and to a moderate extent. Valencia remains main strength in fact other descriptions pretty generally lean a little in the buyers' favor. Currants have moderate sales at the slightly modified prices of last week. Turkey Prunes hold to strong prices, on a steady, full demand.

INDIGO—The jobbing business represents the entire trading, this is moderate; prices have not shown marked change. Madras ranges from 65c @ 80c; Manila at 70c @ 77c; Guatemala at 90c @ \$1.25.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits Turpentine. There continues a quiet market and only small sales; merchantable order quoted at 52c. Rosins are not materially changed in price; demand is light. Quotations are as follows: Rosin—Common at \$2.30; good strained at \$2.32 1/2; No 2 (E F) at \$2.40 @ \$2.50; No 1 (G H) at \$2.55 @ \$2.70; good No 1 (I) at \$2.85 @ \$2.90; low pale (K) at \$3 @ \$3.12 1/2; pale (M) at \$3.25; extra pale (N), \$3.52 @ \$3.75; Window Glass, No. 1, \$4 @ \$4.25. Tar quoted at \$3 @ \$3.25. Pitch quoted at \$2.35 @ \$2.40.

PETROLEUM—There is less interest shown by exporters, and a comparatively moderate business, but prices are well supported. Refined in barrels to the home trade is quoted at 87c. Following are official quotations: Crude in barrels at 67c @ 70c; Naphtia at 67c asked. Refined in barrels here at 70c; at Philadelphia at 7c @ 70c; and Baltimore at 70c; cases are at 10c @ 10 1/2.

RICE—The market in domestic sorts is active, but with few exceptions prices remain unchanged. At the South prices have advanced fully 1/2 on good and prime grades, and as the offerings are light further advance is not improvable. The crop is being marketed more rapidly than usual, and this with the shortage leaves the supply ahead less than 12,000 to 15,000 cases than at a date last year. East India styles are quiet. The movement in Carolina and Louisiana common to fair at 5 1/2 @ 6 1/2; good to prime at 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2; choice at 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4; Rangoon, at 5 1/2 @ 6 1/2 paid, and 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2 in bond.

SUGAR—In raw trading is quiet, with prices held steady, and fair refining Muscovado quoted at 7c. Sales of 370 hhd Muscovado at 7c; 700 hhd Centrifugal arrive at 5 1/2 for 95 test, and yesterday, not then made public, 42 hhd common Muscovado at 6 1/2; 48 hhd Martinique at 6 1/2 @ 6 1/2, and 22,353 mats Hilo, or "Star of China," at 6 1/2. The stocks to date are 22,115 tons here, 5,647 tons in Boston, and 1,266 tons in Philadelphia; total, 29,228 tons, against 64,624 tons in 1881 and 53,592 tons in 1880. Refined are a shade easier and quiet.

CEREAL RETURNS.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—The Department of Agriculture has completed a cereal estimate for 1881. In no other season since the inauguration of crop reporting has there been so general a disaster, involving Corn, Wheat, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye and Oats. The aggregate Corn estimate is 1,194,916,000 bushels, grown on 64,262,000 acres of ground, or 31 per cent. from 1880. Wheat, 300,000,000 bushels, reduction 22 per cent., grown upon 37,709,000 acres, yield 10.1 to 10 bushels per acre; lowest rate yet reported for entire crop. Rye, 20,705,000 bushels, reduction 27 per cent., 1,789,000 acres. Barley, 41,161,000 bushels, reduction of 9 per cent., 1,907,000 acres. Oats, 41,483,000 bushels, against 417,885,000 the previous year, acreage, 15,831,000. Buckwheat, 9,486,000 bushels, 829,000 acres. Aggregate product of all cereals shows a decrease of 24 per cent. Aggregate value of cereals grown in 1881 is greater than the total valuation of 1880. Corn and Oats mainly consumed at home and used interchangeably. The value of the aggregate of wheat and rye is the most affected. The failure of wheat is the greatest, the average 55 cents at \$1.19. Values in millions are: Corn 759, Wheat 453, Oats 193, Rye 19, Barley 33, Buckwheat 8. Total, 1,465, against 1,261 in 1880.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

MONTREAL, February 16.

Flour—The market continues to rule dull and unchanged. The only sales reported to-day were 190 barrels Pollards at 37.75, and 75 barrels Choice Strong Bakers' at \$8.20. Our quotations are nominally unaltered, as follows: Superior Extra.....\$6.30 @ \$6.25 Extra Superior..... 6.15 @ 6.20 Fancy..... 6.00 @ 6.05 Spring Extra..... 5.95 @ 6.05 Superfine..... 5.90 @ 5.70 Strong Bakers'..... 5.75 @ 5.70 Fine..... 4.75 @ 5.00 Middlings..... 4.25 @ 4.28 Middling..... 3.90 @ 3.75 Ontario Bakers, sun eagles 88 1/2 @ 87 1/2 Ontario Bakers, non-commercial, 82 1/2 @ 81 1/2 Por. sales and Chilian pease, 82 1/2 @ 81 1/2 English silver..... 4.75 @ 4.85 Five francs..... 93 @ 95 Victoria sovereigns..... 4.35 @ 4.38 Twenty marks..... 3.85 @ 3.88 Twenty francs..... 4.74 @ 4.78 Spanish doubloons..... 15.70 @ 15.95 Mexican doubloons..... 15.55 @ 15.65 Mexican 20-pepos..... 19.50 @ 19.60 Ten guilders..... 3.96 @ 4.00 The silver bars, \$114 1/2 @ \$115 per ounce. Fine gold bars 1/4 to per cent. premium on the mint value.

NEW YORK FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Table listing New York foreign exchange rates for various locations like London, Paris, etc.

NEW YORK GENERAL MARKETS.

Table listing New York general market prices for various commodities like coffee, sugar, etc.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE—February 16.

Table listing receipts of produce for various items like Oats, Wheat, etc.

THE CATTLE MARKETS.

MONTREAL, February 16. There was no business of importance at the Point to-day, most of the offerings being sent down to Viger Market, where a fairly active demand for good butchers Cattle was experienced at 4 1/2 @ 5 1/2 per live weight.

The following is from Messrs. A. T. Tiernan's weekly circular, dated Glasgow, 26th January, 1882: The supplies at our market to-day consisted of 1,284 Cattle and 4,148 Sheep, against 1,620 Cattle and 4,450 Sheep shown last week. The demand to-day ruled dull for all descriptions of Cattle at barely last week's quotations; Sheep met a rather firmer trade, but no advance on last week's rates can be quoted. 127 useful States Cattle were sold yesterday at the Foreign Animals Wharf, Yorkhill, which met a dull trade at from 70s @ 73s per wt. Top Scotch, 80s per cut, Secondary, 74s @ 76s; Top Irish, 74s @ 76s; Secondary, 68s @ 72s; Top Milking and Inferior, 55s @ 65s; Top Stocking, 10s @ 12s per lb. Secondary, 9d @ 9 1/2d; Other Sorts, 8d @ 9d. Cattle at Market, 1,284; Sheep, 4,148.

John Swan & Sons weekly report, dated 27th January, 1882, says: The supplies of fat Cattle in Edinburgh and Glasgow markets this week have been large in point of quality. There was no noticeable feature, the average being of a secondary description. It was observable, however, that stall-fed Cattle from Ireland are annually increasing, and recent high prices have induced the marketing of a considerable quantity of Cattle from all districts, which, together with the mild weather tending to check the consumption, has put upon all the principal markets throughout the Kingdom an undue supply considering the abundance of keep. For top descriptions of both good and poor quality there has been well maintained. With the change of the Edinburgh market to the Tuesday, English buyers came in more force there from being enabled to market their purchases immediately in the Midland Counties, thereby avoiding a week's keep and deterioration, hence the demand for all classes of Fat Stock suited for south export has not been unaltered. The movement in Glasgow numbers were moderately large, the over-supply of last week and the nearly exclusively home demand caused a generally slow trade with a heavy finish. The English markets show no activity, and there is not much margin for profit between the current quotations here and there. The supplies of Fat Sheep at both markets have been fair in quality and quantity, but the really prime in the various classes trade has been good, but all other sorts have been more difficult to realize. Best Calves have been realizing exceedingly high prices. Pigs have also been a shade dearer than the previous week. Foreign supplies comprised a few Danish Dairy Cows, which sold very dear. 12 States Cattle, on an average, 9s per stone, and the supply of Store Cattle was exclusively Irish, and, according to quality, sold exceedingly dear. There is plenty demand for Keeping Stock of all descriptions. The markets may now be reported as well cleared out. Best Beef, 9s 9d @ 10s 3d; Secondary, 9s @ 9s 6d; Inferior, 7s 6d @ 8s per stone. Best Mutton, 10s 2d; Secondary, 9s; Inferior, 7s 1/2 @ 8s per lb.

RECEIPTS OF WHEAT IN MILWAUKEE WERE 23,000 bushels and shipments 3,000. PEAK AND LANE'S local market is quiet and unchanged. The movement in Pork consists of a small jobbing business at from \$21.50 @ \$22 per bbl for Canada Short Cut and New Mess. There is a small inquiry for Thin Mess at \$20 @ \$21. Lard keeps steady, but sales are rather slow at 14 1/2 @ 14 3/4 for Canadian and 15c for Western. Hams are dull and inactive, business being limited to jobbing transactions at 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2 for City Cured and 10 1/2 @ 11c for Green. Dressed Hogs are quoted at \$8.75 @ \$9 per 100 lbs as to quantity. We quote:— Canada Short Cut.....\$21.75 @ \$22.00 Heavy Mess, new, per bbl..... 21.00 @ 22.00 Thin "..... 20.00 @ 21.00 Lard, Canada, per lb..... 0.14 @ 0.14 1/2 Fairbanks, "..... 0.00 @ 0.15 Hams, City cured, per lb..... 0.00 @ 0.13 City Cured, per lb..... 0.10 @ 0.11 Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs, 8.60 @ 9.00 Bacon, per lb..... 0.12 @ 0.13

PORK in the West opened strong and rapidly advanced 6 1/2 to 7c for home delivery was reached, which is 1-10c per lb up from the opening, and 90c higher than the lowest point touched. Lard was strong and sharply advanced, closing at 10.85 @ \$10.87 1/2 March, and \$11.02 1/2 April, a gain of 30c on yesterday's closing. Live Hogs were easy and declined 10c @ 20c all round. Light Grades \$6 @ \$6.50; Mixed Grades \$6.10 @ \$6.60; Heavy Shipping \$6.55 @ \$7.30. The estimated receipts to-day were 18,000 against 19,173 yesterday.

BUTTER—There is no change in the situation of the market, save, that, under easier advices from New York, American buyers are holding off. The depletion of stocks, which has recently taken place, has caused dealers to be encouraged as to the future prospects for the trade are satisfactory. Some dealers hold that the Americans cannot procure much more Butter, as there is barely enough left to supply the home demand from now till the opening of the season. We quote:— Choice Creameries, \$..... 00c @ 00c Choice Eastern Townships, \$..... 21 @ 26 Eastern Townships, \$..... 21 @ 23 Morrisburg and Brockville, \$..... 20 @ 23 Western, \$..... 15 @ 18 Kamoraska, \$..... 15 @ 20

CHEESE—Business has been confined for some time past to jobbing lots, the inquiry for export being dull. We quote for finest September and October makes at 12 1/2 @ 13c in round lots and 10c @ 12c for medium to good summer makes.

EGGS—The market is extremely dull and flat. Fresh sell in a jobbing way at 22c @ 24c. Lined and Packed are quoted at 16c @ 18c, but there is no demand for such.

FISH—The scarcity of No 1 Codfish causes quotations to firm at 87 per cwt. We quote British Columbia Salmon at \$16 @ \$16.50 per lb; Trout, \$4.50 @ \$4.75 per lb; and Labrador Herrings \$6.50 per lb.

FRUIT—Dried Apples are quiet and unchanged. Small sales transpire at from 7c @ 8c per lb as to quality.

ASHES—The market is quiet. Pots have been sold to-day at \$4.30 @ \$5 as to tars. Pearls are quoted at \$6.50, and there are buyers at \$6.40 @ \$6.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKETS.

(Reported by E. McLenahan.)

CHICAGO, February 16.

Table listing Chicago grain and provision market prices for various items like Wheat, Corn, etc.

MILWAUKEE, February 16.

WHEAT..... 9.30 @ 11.00

CORN..... 1.10 @ 1.20

BARLEY..... 1.10 @ 1.20

RYE..... 1.10 @ 1.20

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The following is from Messrs. A. T. Tiernan's weekly circular, dated Glasgow, 26th January, 1882: The supplies at our market to-day consisted of 1,284 Cattle and 4,148 Sheep, against 1,620 Cattle and 4,450 Sheep shown last week. The demand to-day ruled dull for all descriptions of Cattle at barely last week's quotations; Sheep met a rather firmer trade, but no advance on last week's rates can be quoted. 127 useful States Cattle were sold yesterday at the Foreign Animals Wharf, Yorkhill, which met a dull trade at from 70s @ 73s per wt. Top Scotch, 80s per cut, Secondary, 74s @ 76s; Top Irish, 74s @ 76s; Secondary, 68s @ 72s; Top Milking and Inferior, 55s @ 65s; Top Stocking, 10s @ 12s per lb. Secondary, 9d @ 9 1/2d; Other Sorts, 8d @ 9d. Cattle at Market, 1,284; Sheep, 4,148.

John Swan & Sons weekly report, dated 27th January, 1882, says: The supplies of fat Cattle in Edinburgh and Glasgow markets this week have been large in point of quality. There was no noticeable feature, the average being of a secondary description. It was observable, however, that stall-fed Cattle from Ireland are annually increasing, and recent high prices have induced the marketing of a considerable quantity of Cattle from all districts, which, together with the mild weather tending to check the consumption, has put upon all the principal markets throughout the Kingdom an undue supply considering the abundance of keep. For top descriptions of both good and poor quality there has been well maintained. With the change of the Edinburgh market to the Tuesday, English buyers came in more force there from being enabled to market their purchases immediately in the Midland Counties, thereby avoiding a week's keep and deterioration, hence the demand for all classes of Fat Stock suited for south export has not been unaltered. The movement in Glasgow numbers were moderately large, the over-supply of last week and the nearly exclusively home demand caused a generally slow trade with a heavy finish. The English markets show no activity, and there is not much margin for profit between the current quotations here and there. The supplies of Fat Sheep at both markets have been fair in quality and quantity, but the really prime in the various classes trade has been good, but all other sorts have been more difficult to realize. Best Calves have been realizing exceedingly high prices. Pigs have also been a shade dearer than the previous week. Foreign supplies comprised a few Danish Dairy Cows, which sold very dear. 12 States Cattle, on an average, 9s per stone, and the supply of Store Cattle was exclusively Irish, and, according to quality, sold exceedingly dear. There is plenty demand for Keeping Stock of all descriptions. The markets may now be reported as well cleared out. Best Beef, 9s 9d @ 10s 3d; Secondary, 9s @ 9s 6d; Inferior, 7s 6d @ 8s per stone. Best Mutton, 10s 2d; Secondary, 9s; Inferior, 7s 1/2 @ 8s per lb.

RECEIPTS OF WHEAT IN MILWAUKEE WERE 23,000 bushels and shipments 3,000. PEAK AND LANE'S local market is quiet and unchanged. The movement in Pork consists of a small jobbing business at from \$21.50 @ \$22 per bbl for Canada Short Cut and New Mess. There is a small inquiry for Thin Mess at \$20 @ \$21. Lard keeps steady, but sales are rather slow at 14 1/2 @ 14 3/4 for Canadian and 15c for Western. Hams are dull and inactive, business being limited to jobbing transactions at 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2 for City Cured and 10 1/2 @ 11c for Green. Dressed Hogs are quoted at \$8.75 @ \$9 per 100 lbs as to quantity. We quote:— Canada Short Cut.....\$21.75 @ \$22.00 Heavy Mess, new, per bbl..... 21.00 @ 22.00 Thin "..... 20.00 @ 21.00 Lard, Canada, per lb..... 0.14 @ 0.14 1/2 Fairbanks, "..... 0.00 @ 0.15 Hams, City cured, per lb..... 0.00 @ 0.13 City Cured, per lb..... 0.10 @ 0.11 Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs, 8.60 @ 9.00 Bacon, per lb..... 0.12 @ 0.13

PORK in the West opened strong and rapidly advanced 6 1/2 to 7c for home delivery was reached, which is 1-10c per lb up from the opening, and 90c higher than the lowest point touched. Lard was strong and sharply advanced, closing at 10.85 @ \$10.87 1/2 March, and \$11.02 1/2 April, a gain of 30c on yesterday's closing. Live Hogs were easy and declined 10c @ 20c all round. Light Grades \$6 @ \$6.50; Mixed Grades \$6.10 @ \$6.60; Heavy Shipping \$6.55 @ \$7.30. The estimated receipts to-day were 18,000 against 19,173 yesterday.

BUTTER—There is no change in the situation of the market, save, that, under easier advices from New York, American buyers are holding off. The depletion of stocks, which has recently taken place, has caused dealers to be encouraged as to the future prospects for the trade are satisfactory. Some dealers hold that the Americans cannot procure much more Butter, as there is barely enough left to supply the home demand from now till the opening of the season. We quote:— Choice Creameries, \$..... 00c @ 00c Choice Eastern Townships, \$..... 21 @ 26 Eastern Townships, \$..... 21 @ 23 Morrisburg and Brockville, \$..... 20 @ 23 Western, \$..... 15 @ 18 Kamoraska, \$..... 15 @ 20

CHEESE—Business has been confined for some time past to jobbing lots, the inquiry for export being dull. We quote for finest September and October makes at 12 1/2 @ 13c in round lots and 10c @ 12c for medium to good summer makes.

EGGS—The market is extremely dull and flat. Fresh sell in a jobbing way at 22c @ 24c. Lined and Packed are quoted at 16c @ 18c, but there is no demand for such.

FISH—The scarcity of No 1 Codfish causes quotations to firm at 87 per cwt. We quote British Columbia Salmon at \$16 @ \$16.50 per lb; Trout, \$4.50 @ \$4.75 per lb; and Labrador Herrings \$6.50 per lb.

FRUIT—Dried Apples are quiet and unchanged. Small sales transpire at from 7c @ 8c per lb as to quality.

ASHES—The market is quiet. Pots have been sold to-day at \$4.30 @ \$5 as to tars. Pearls are quoted at \$6.50, and there are buyers at \$6.40 @ \$6.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKETS.

(Reported by E. McLenahan.)

CHICAGO, February 16.

Table listing Chicago grain and provision market prices for various items like Wheat, Corn, etc.

MILWAUKEE, February 16.

WHEAT..... 9.30 @ 11.00

CORN..... 1.10 @ 1.20

BARLEY..... 1.10 @ 1.20

THE BLOODY CHASM,

By J. W. DE FOREST

AUTHOR OF "KATE BEAUMONT," "PLAYING THE MISCHIEF," "OVERLAND," "THE MISSIONARY," ETC., ETC.

CHAPTER XXIV.

Mrs. Dumont could not help laughing over the mock-tragedy exit of the two gentlemen; but, the moment they were gone, she became serious again, and recommenced to study her niece.

"What fun! Poor Miss Fitz James!" the girl was saying. Then, suddenly checking her laughter, she sighed. "Oh, dear! I was crying a minute ago."

"You laugh or cry just as Colonel Peyton chooses," returned Mrs. Dumont, with severity if not with injustice.

"I don't!" asserted Virginia, colouring. "It was General Hilton who made me laugh. The idea of an honourable, simple South Carolina gentleman, who never did an underhand thing in his whole life, putting on the airs of an opera brigand! It's enough to upset any one's gravity!"

Mrs. Dumont laid a hand on her lips, and in short, prepared for a struggle. "I wonder if that was all?" she said.

"If the General had gone alone, and Colonel Peyton had said to see Mrs. Fitz James, I wonder if you would have laughed so heartily?"

Virginia's sensitive pride enabled her to see the whole force of this accusation. "Aunt, what do you mean?" she demanded, indignantly. "Do you think I would allow myself to fall in love with this man, or any other man?"

"My dear, you put things so violently I wish I could ever speak to you for you good without being answered so passionately."

There was a moment of silence, and then came a subdued reply. "Excuse me, my dear aunt, but the mere suggestion of such an idea is very fretting. It seems to throw a stigma on me. You couldn't expect a Beaufort to bear it patiently."

"I know you will always remember who you are," said Mrs. Dumont. "But you are in a very difficult situation. Oh, it is a dreadful situation!" she groaned.

"I sometimes, and it seems possible, of gossip about you, till it seems as if I should go wild. It is such a strange situation—so completely unprecedented. No other Beaufort was ever in such circumstances."

There is nothing in our noble family history to guide you. You may believe I always remember that I am a married woman," murmured Virginia.

"I know that I do. How can I ever forget the horrid fact?"

"But here you are making a demand of this man, and he makes a perfect goddess of you. Oh, no!" exclaimed the girl, blushing violently. "Don't say that, aunt. He doesn't!"

"I think he does. I am an old woman, my dear—at least, I am a great deal older than you. I know men better. Never mind that, my dear. You may be cleverer in some things than any other Beaufort that ever lived. But I have been married. And a married woman, no matter if she is a foolish old aunt, understands men better than a girl."

"I am married, too," said Virginia, bitterly. "What does it amount to? Well, it amounts to a good deal. So much the more reason for being careful."

"I have been careful."

possible. I'll sing to him, and make him read me his verses."

"The elder lady?—you suppose—?" began the other, but just then came a tap at the door, and Mrs. Fitz James rushed in. "How do, my dear?—How do, Mrs. Dumont?" she laughed, kissing to right and left. "I've got such a lovely air for you, my dear, I've got, running to the piano. Let me touch of the first bars for you."

Virginia hurried after her, exclaiming, "It's all in consonance; let me clear off those things."

But she was too late. The alert and inquisitive little widow had already picked up the sheet containing Underhill's ballad. "What's this—a new piece?" she rattled. "Picket's charge—words by Colonel Henry Peyton—music by L. De Beaufort."

She read this legend with undiminished dismay, and with a really pitiful subsidence or collapse of utterance. Then, arising suddenly, she asked, "Have you been looking her in the face, as I have been singing it? Has he been here?"

"Yes, he and General Hilton," was the brief reply.

"And you sang it to him?" gasped Lothering. "Oh, how charmed he must have been!" she said, forcing a smile. "How sweet of you! Do sing it to me."

There was nothing better to be done than to sit down and execute the "Charge" with spirit. Mrs. Fitz James listened abstractedly, obviously engaged in profound and troubled reflections, but murmuring from moment to moment, "Oh, that's lovely. Isn't it lovely! Too sweet for anything. And he gave it to you? What a perfectly irresistible man he is!"

She had nothing to say of the heroic strife, nothing of the "knightsly deed," nothing of the heroic music. When the song was ended she began to talk of something else. Presently she got Virginia to essay her own aria, a trivial bit of love-making nonsense. But all this while it was as clear as possible that she was meditating with her whole feather-headed might. At last the light came. She recommenced about Colonel Peyton, he was irresistible—perfectly irresistible—wasn't he, my dear?

Virginia grew fretful under the repetition of the phrase, and finally responded with some asperity. "You may find him so, Mrs. Fitz James," said Lothering, quickly. "I came across one of his conquests this morning. Such a pretty girl! And such a nice girl!—as I had supposed. It is really too bad to tell on her. You must keep it a solemn secret—promise me now. You wouldn't think it of our demure little Irish thing, would you?"

Virginia had not been able to help listening, nor could she help turning hot and red with anger. Her first impulse, no doubt, was to tell the scandal-monger that her whole story was a stupid misrepresentation or a wicked fabrication. But she was self-possessed enough, or, more likely, paralyzed enough, to remain speechless. It was the amazed Mrs. Dumont who demanded, "Do you mean Miss Macmorran?"

"Just Miss Macmorran, and nobody else," affirmed Lothering, bending on to her words significantly. "Oh, I don't know how much it amounts to," she added with the candour of a serpent. "I only suspect. But, my dears, I suspect—volumes."

Virginia still sat silent, a spot of crimson in either cheek, and her eyes settled sternly on the habbiter's face. Lothering's glance dropped, and then wandered away to Mrs. Dumont, like a scared loon diving in one spot to come up in another.

"I met them in the Luxembourg," she hurried on, determined to finish her tale. "They had a long and confidential talk. Then Colonel Peyton saw me, and stole away. I went straight up to Miss Macmorran and pumped her. She is a very little piece, with her nunny face and downcast eyes and subdued voice. Oh, she was awfully adroit; she dodged and evaded in such a way, and she was so much for me. But I learned something. I learned that there had been an intimacy in America."

At last Virginia spoke. She had looked once or twice at her aunt with an expression which asked, "Are you not going to stop her?" Now she broke out altogether. "Why do you go on with this, Mrs. Fitz James? I prefer not to hear any more about it."

"Oh, well—if it annoys you—certainly," returned Lothering, maliciously. "Let us talk of something else, Lothering, or less engaged. But the conversation dragged, and ere long she had her cab summoned and drove home, cheered by the belief, perhaps, that she had spoiled Colonel Peyton's market with Miss Beaufort. It is entertaining by the way, to think what would have been her stupefaction and wrath, could she have learned that the two supposed lovers whom she was trying to separate were husband and wife."

The moment she had departed, Virginia turned to her aunt and asked, "How are we to behave to Miss Macmorran?"

"How indeed?" answered the perplexed lady. "I can't believe it of that modest, simple little thing. And yet, there is that old affair in Charleston, her interest in Mr. Underhill, you remember. She may be aided by rich men, and under obligations to them. Singers sometimes get on in that way, and I could not say she was less entangled. It is a little suspicious—have you noticed the fact, Virginia?—that she doesn't come to see us of late—no more since Colonel Peyton appeared?"

"I shall not look her up," said Virginia, after a long meditation. "But if she calls, I shall treat her well, until we learn more."

"Yes, indeed! We know nothing as yet. Mrs. Fitz James is a fibber-tigibber. I wish she would leave Paris."

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FROM HALIFAX. February 18 PERUVIAN, 4000 Capt. J. G. MacFarlane. February 25 CIRCASSIAN, 4000 Capt. J. G. MacFarlane. March 4 NOVA SCOTIAN, 3200 Capt. W. Richardson. March 11 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. March 18 PARISIAN, 4000 Capt. J. James. March 25 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. April 1 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. April 8 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. April 15 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. April 22 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. April 29 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. May 6 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. May 13 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. May 20 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. May 27 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. June 3 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. June 10 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. June 17 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. June 24 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. July 1 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. July 8 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. July 15 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. July 22 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. July 29 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. August 5 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. August 12 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. August 19 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. August 26 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. September 2 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. September 9 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. September 16 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. September 23 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. September 30 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. October 7 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. October 14 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. October 21 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. October 28 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. November 4 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. November 11 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. November 18 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. November 25 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. December 2 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. December 9 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. December 16 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. December 23 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R. December 30 SARADIAN, 3200 Lt. B. Thomsen, R.N.R.

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CAPITAL NOTES.

From our Special Correspondent. OTTAWA, February 16. EXPENSIVE TRAVELLING. The return of travelling expenses incurred by members of the Government and others from the 10th February, 1880, to the 15th December, 1880, was laid before the House yesterday. This return was asked for in the early days of last session, but was kept back until now. The travelling expenses of Sir John Macdonald and Lieut.-Col. Dennis, including Sir John's passage, \$266.53, Hon. J. H. Pope's travelling expenses were \$888.88 and Sir Charles Tupper's \$1,946.66. The expenses incurred by Sir John Macdonald and his associates in London were \$3,193.31.

PETITIONS. The Ottawa and Arnprior Junction Railway Company have petitioned for an Act of Incorporation. They propose to construct a line of railway from Onslow, in the County of Pontiac, to Arnprior, crossing the Ottawa River at the Chats Falls. They also ask for power to build a line to connect with the Kingston & Pembroke Railway.

A petition presented to the House yesterday from Premier Norquay and others of Winnipeg, prays for amendments in the Act, chartering the Chartered Bank of London and North America, by changing the name to that of the Chartered Bank of London and Winnipeg; by reducing the capital stock to \$1,000,000 and by changing the head-office from Montreal to Winnipeg.

THE VICE-REGAL BALL. A great deal of dissatisfaction and indignation exists among Civil Service employees and others respecting the invitations issued for the recent State Ball at Rideau Hall. It is alleged that quite a number of people came to the capital expecting invitations, and that these with many important official functionaries were overlooked. Colonel De Winton is blamed for a great deal of the trouble, and that official is privately denounced in no measured terms. Complaints respecting the matter have been made to leading members of Parliament, and requests have been made to the Governor-General to inquire into the matter.

THE WAIL OF THE CIVIL SERVANT. I am dreaming alone in my chamber, All the world is at Rideau to-night. My companions are mouldering embers And give but languorous light. The Count De Sesmaisons, Consul General of France in Canada, arrived in the city to-day to pay his respects to the Premier. Mr. C. O. Perrault, Vice-Consul for France at Montreal, is also in the city.

FISHERY WARDENSHIPS. It is said that the acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries has resolved to dispense with the services of Mr. John Mowat, Fishery Warden of the Restigouche District, against whom accusations were made some time ago. Mr. Mowat was charged with signing vouchers for workmen without their knowledge, but states that no vouchers were signed by him for money expended for the Government except at the request of the parties receiving such payments. There is also some difficulty about the appointment of his successor. Mr. Beauchesne, the member for Bonaventure, claims the appointment for one of his constituents, Mr. John A. Verge, of Cross Point. Some Montreal gentlemen, including the member for Cardwell, have recommended the appointment of Mr. John Robinson, the Guardian of the Restigouche Fishing Club, a company of American gentlemen owning fishing privileges on that river. A compromise has it is said been made by which the district will be divided. Mr. Verge being appointed Warden over the Tidal Water Fisheries and Mr. Robinson placed in charge of the Hatchery and upper part of the district. To this arrangement Mr. Beauchesne has consented. Gentlemen who have a knowledge of the fisheries of that district, however, state that the appointment of Mr. Robinson would be very unwise, because that gentleman is at the present agent and house-keeper of the New York Club, and to appoint him to the wardenship would be simply to hand over to the American Association the most valuable Salmon River in the Dominion. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the appointment of Mr. Robinson will be reconsidered. Mr. Mowat's friends claim that he is one of the best officers in the Fisheries service, and that he should not be dismissed.

Mr. Pierpont, and his associates of the Northern Pacific Railway, have left for New York, apparently satisfied that they cannot expect the Government to break faith with the Canadian Pacific Company, and permit the extension of the South-Western Railway to the boundary-line. Unless the Northern Pacific are allowed to connect with the Manitoba railways, they have no further interest in building the South-Western line, and possibly that project may be abandoned. The Hon. Wm. McDougall, however, for the American shareholders in the South-Western, says his clients own about 90 per cent. of the Company's stock, and that they have petitioned the Equity Court of Manitoba for an injunction to prevent Mr. Schultz and his friends from proceeding with the work.

THE MONTREAL DRILL-SHED. At three o'clock to-day the deputation from Montreal waited upon Sir John Macdonald and Hon. Mr. Caron, Minister of Militia, in one of the Commons auterooms. There were present, besides the Ministers, the Count De Sesmaisons, Hon. Peter Mitchell, Messrs. H. Gault, M. R. Ryan, C. J. Courso, Thos. Wolfe, E. Holton, A. Desjardins, J. A. Ouimet, J. G. Bergeron, Lieut.-Col. A. A. Stevenson, J. S. Hall, Jr., Dr.

F. W. Campbell, Ald. Mooney, Captain Campbell, Andrew Robertson, C. O. Perrault, H. Storey, R. Dougal, and others. The deputation were introduced by Mr. Gault, M.P., and Lieut.-Colonel Stevenson briefly stated the object of the visit. He said the position of affairs was well-known to the Government, and the time was now favourable for some action to be taken towards providing the Montreal Volunteers with a suitable Drill-Shed. Out of 40,000 active militia in Canada 2,000 were in Montreal. He read the proposition which had been agreed upon at a public meeting and trusted that the Government would accept it and comply with the wishes of the Volunteers as soon as possible. Ald. Mooney endorsed the remarks of Colonel Stevenson, and Mr. Gault said that a strong feeling existed in Montreal over the matter. Mr. Courso made a speech, saying that he was still a Volunteer and that it was the earnest desire of the citizens of Montreal that the Volunteers should have a suitable Drill-Shed. Sir John did not recollect the particulars of the matter in dispute between the city and the Government, but he was anxious to do everything possible for the comfort and encouragement of the militia force. He did not like the word "Volunteer." He would confer at once with the Minister of Militia, who was filled with warlike ardour. If the Government would only listen to Mr. Carson's representations their surplus would soon be swallowed up in appropriations for the militia force. Sir John said the Government were now in a position, thank Heaven, to do something for the militia force, and that the supplementary Estimates were being prepared. The Government would endeavour to accept the propositions in reference to the Montreal Drill-Shed, either in whole or in part. After thanking the Premier for his promise, the deputation withdrew.

Another grand ball was given at the Rideau Hall to-night, the attendance was very large.

THE CENSUS. The Minister of Agriculture presented to the House to-day the available total returns of the census. The population of the Dominion is 4,324,810, the increase in the past 10 years being somewhat less than at first anticipated. The population, by Provinces, is as follows:— Prince Edward Island..... 108,891 Nova Scotia..... 449,572 New Brunswick..... 321,233 Quebec..... 1,289,227 Ontario..... 1,923,228 Manitoba..... 65,854 British Columbia..... 49,489 The Territories..... 56,449

The following statement shows the population of the city of Montreal, by Wards:— The Ann's Ward..... 20,443 West Ward..... 2,867 Centre Ward..... 827 East Ward..... 2,965 St. Louis Ward..... 19,375 St. James Ward..... 25,288 St. Mary's Ward..... 22,738 St. Antoine Ward..... 33,842 St. Lawrence Ward..... 14,218 Total..... 140,747

The population of the chief cities of the Dominion, according to the revised returns, is as follows:— Montreal..... 140,747 Quebec..... 86,418 Halifax..... 36,100 Hamilton..... 33,902 Ottawa..... 27,412 St. John, N.B..... 26,127 Winnipeg..... 7,853 Guelph..... 9,890 Kingston..... 14,091 Belleville..... 9,516 London..... 6,601 Brantford..... 9,616 St. Charles..... 8,397 Verdun..... 7,201 Charlottetown, P.E.I..... 11,855

The smallest electoral district in the Dominion is the one which sends the poetic Plumb to Parliament. Niagara Town and Township contains 3,445 inhabitants.

The population of the several divisions of the Counties of Hochelaga and Jacques Cartier is as follows:— HOCHELAGA. St. Jean Baptiste..... 5,874 Cote St. Louis..... 1,571 Cote St. Antoine..... 1,537 Cote la Visitation..... 4,111 Hochelaga Village..... 4,422 St. Louis..... 2,845 Ste. Ceneogone Village..... 4,849 St. Gabriel Village..... 4,536 Verdun Village..... 8,224 Cote St. Paul Village..... 949 Notre Dame de Grace..... 1,324 Cote St. Antoine..... 824 Cote des Neiges..... 988 St. Louis..... 1,114 Longue Pointe..... 1,114 Notre-Dame-Tremblay..... 1,063 Rivieres Prairies..... 837 Sault-aux-Recollets..... 2,588 Outremont..... 387 Total..... 40,779

JACQUES CARTIER. Lachine Town..... 2,406 Leclerc..... 822 Pointe Claire Village..... 443 Ste. Anne..... 623 Ste. Anne de Bellevue..... 1,163 Ste. Genevieve..... 1,311 Ste. Genevieve Village..... 715 Isle Bizard, South..... 529 Isle Bizard, North..... 334 St. Laurent..... 2,084 Total..... 12,345

THE TARIFF MANIPULATION. Although the present tariff was long ago said to be perfect, the city is full of deputations requesting changes in the duties on one article and another. The Minister of Customs to-day received a deputation who requested an increase of duties on a number of manufactured articles, and promised, as usual, to take the matter into consideration. A number of Quebec representatives, including Messrs. Courso, Desjardins, Dugas, Bergeron, Vanasse, Landry, and others, had a conference with the Minister of Inland Revenue in reference to the duties on native-grown tobacco. The Minister said the Government were considering a proposal to remove all the stamp and license fees now found so objectionable by tobacco-growers, while continuing the Excise duty on tobacco manufactured and in rolls. It is contemplated to issue licenses, free of charge, to persons engaged in purchasing native-grown tobacco leaf, so that an account be obtained of the quantity produced in each year.

INSURANCE COMPANIES. Mr. Gault's Bill respecting the Sun Mutual Life Insurance Company will, if passed, change the name of the Company to the Sun Mutual Insurance Company of Canada, and will enable the Company to invest their funds in public or other securities of Great Britain or any of her dependencies, or of any foreign State or States, but not more than fifty per cent. of the whole amount of the investments of the Company at any time shall consist of the public securities of or investments in any foreign State or States. Mr. Casgrain introduced to-day a Bill to provide for the winding up of the affairs of the Stadacona Fire and Life Insurance Company. It stipulates that all persons having contested claims against the Company shall be bound to proceed for the recovery thereof in some Court of competent jurisdiction within one year from the passing of the Act, and creditors who are unknown to the Company, and who have not preferred their claims within one year shall be held to have abandoned the same, and the final liquidation of the affairs of the Company shall be proceeded

with as though such persons or such claims had never existed. Mr. Gault has also introduced a Bill to incorporate the St. Lawrence Marine Insurance Company. The names of the persons to be incorporated are not yet given. The head office of the Company is to be in Montreal, and the capital stock is fixed at \$250,000, in shares of \$25 each.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE. The proceedings in the House of Commons to-day were quite monotonous, there being little or no discussion. Mr. Girouard again introduced his Bill to legalize marriage with a deceased wife's sister, with that portion respecting marriage between a man and the widow of his deceased brother struck out. It is expected that when this Bill comes up for a second reading the whole subject of amending and consolidating the marriage laws of the Dominion will be discussed.

Mr. Cameron of Huron introduced two Bills to amend the criminal laws, one providing that persons charged with misdemeanours shall be competent witnesses. Mr. Ives presented a Bill to amend the Election Act, abolishing the \$50 nomination fee and substituting therefor the clause in the Quebec Act, which compels each candidate to deposit \$200 on nomination day, which sum is forfeited by any candidate who fails to obtain one-third of the votes polled. Mr. Ives' explanations were well received by the House and it is probable that the Bill will pass. Mr. Bannerman made a speech to-day complaining that smuggling was being carried on to a large extent at ports on the Hudson Bay. He intends asking if it is the Government's intention to send a revenue cutter to Hudson Bay next summer to enforce the Customs laws. Perhaps Mr. Bannerman will request to be placed in command of the expedition.

A very large number of motions for returns were passed. Mr. Blake obtained orders for correspondence relating to drawbacks on iron used for nail-making, and Mr. Charlton moved for a number of returns respecting the sale and settlement of lands in the North-West. The order paper was disposed of by five o'clock when the House adjourned, Sir John Macdonald being absent attending to Departmental business.

CIVIC AFFAIRS. THE BOARD OF REVISORS. The Board of Revisors met at ten o'clock yesterday morning. Present—Ald. Hood (Chairman), Proctor, Farrell and Leud. Mr. W. S. Walker appeared before the Committee, and asked that the names of nearly all the lawyers and professional men generally in the city of Montreal be struck from the Voters' List, together with the names of guardians, and a large number of tenants and proprietors. His reasons for making this request were as follows: First, with regard to lawyers, notaries, etc., that they were not commercial partnerships within the meaning of the common law of the Statute, consequently they are not a commercial firm, and therefore are bound to pay an individual tax, which they have not done, but have paid a tax simply for one office, which is not within the meaning of the law. The names of the guardians are given rooms in the upper flats of the business houses, and as they pay no taxes, they are not entitled to vote. 3rd. That many of the tenants have no leases, but simply occupy rooms. 4th. That many of the proprietors are put on the Voters' List, when they are really not the proprietors of the property, and are consequently not entitled to vote.

The Board received the opinion of the City Attorney on the applications of parties to be put on the Voters' List. The Board acted according to his opinion, and put on those whose names were not on the list, and recommended them to leave off. The Committee then adjourned until 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS! Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada at its present session for an Act to incorporate the "Indemnity Company of North America," with power to carry on business in Canada and the United States as a Guaranty, Accident and Life Assurance Company. L. N. BENJAMIN, Attorney for Applicants. Montreal, February 16, 1882 41

COALS! COALS! We are now prepared to take orders for Cargoes of the well-known CALEDONIA MINE COAL for delivery during season of navigation. This Coal was used during the past year by some of our largest consumers, and was highly approved of. We will quote f.o.b. at the Mines or delivered at any point in Canada. By order. CHS. GLACKMEYER, City Clerk. Montreal, 16th February, 1882 u 40

J. & R. McLEA, AGENTS, 8 Common Street. Real Estate, Investment and General Agents, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and CONVEYANCERS Office: Room No. 9, Imperial Bank Block, Winnipeg, Manitoba. CITY, TOWN and FARM PROPERTY bought and sold. Correspondence solicited. First-class Montreal and Winnipeg References. A. SMITH. W. E. SCOTT.

Agent at Montreal: THOMAS J. POTTER, 195 ST. JAMES STREET, The "Montreal Headquarters," Opposite Molson's Bank. January 17 14

Auction Sales.

BY SHAW & GOWDEY. The Solid Brick Terrace, CUT-STONE FOUNDATION, 397, 399, 399 1/2, 401, 401 1/2, St. Dominique, short distance above Sherbrooke; 1 self-contained and 4 first-class tenements; all rented, well-built and in thorough repair; sure and safe investment. Rental nearly \$1,000 a year. By auction, at our Rooms, 235 St. James Street, On Tuesday Next, the 21st instant, at Half-past TEN a.m. SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers.

DORVAL. CHARMING DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCE, TWO ACRES OF GROUND, STABLES, BOAT-HOUSE, &c., situated on the point adjoining the Residence of M. M. TAY, Esq., will be sold, by auction, by order of the proprietor, JOHN McDONNELL, Esq. (of Messrs. McDONNELL & LOGIE), at our Real Estate Rooms, 235 St. James Street, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 21st instant, at ELEVEN o'clock. The situation of this lovely Summer Residence cannot be surpassed on the Island of Montreal. Full particulars in evening papers. 41 SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers. Only a few minutes' drive from Dorval and Upper Lachine Depots.—S. & G.

A Gentleman's Private Residence, IN THE WEST-END, nearly 20,000 feet of ground, in our hands for private sale. TRADE-SALES OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, SALES OF FARM STOCK, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c. SALES OF REAL ESTATE by Auction. VALUATIONS and Appraisals, Cash Advances. Good Prices and Cash Returns a specialty. The largest Sale-rooms in the city. SHAW & GOWDEY, Real Estate and General Auctioneers, Head Offices: 235 ST. JAMES ST., Agents OSHAWA CABINET COMPY., 447, 449 NOTRE DAME STREET, February 17 41

BY A BOURBONNIERE. AT TWO O'CLOCK P.M. TO-MORROW, 17th February, at No. 83 ST. JAMES STREET, will be sold a new square piano, "Horace Waters," Brooklyn, 7 1/2 octaves. A five years' guarantee will be given. A. BOURBONNIERE, Auctioneer.

Return of the Nomination for Mayor and Aldermen of the City. PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that, in conformity with the law, the nomination of candidates for the office of Mayor of this City and Aldermen for the several Wards thereof, was held on Wednesday, the Fifteenth day of February instant, at the hour and places, and before the members of the Council of this City, previously named and appointed by the said Council for that purpose.

MAYOR. Hon. J. L. Beaudry and Jean Lukin Leprohon, Esquires, having been nominated, a poll was granted.

ALDERMEN. EAST WARD.—Louis Enclide Beauchamp, Esquire, being the only candidate, was proclaimed re-elected. CENTRE WARD.—John C. Watson and Henri B. Rainville, Esquires, having been nominated, a poll was granted. WEST WARD.—Geo. W. Stephens and Alexander A. Stevenson, Esquires, having been nominated, a poll was granted. ST. ANTOINE WARD.—Francis E. Gillman, Richard Holland and Andre Montrait, Esquires, having been nominated, a poll was granted.

ST. LAWRENCE WARD.—John Henderson Mooney, Esquire, being the only candidate, was proclaimed re-elected. ST. LOUIS WARD.—Arthur Dubuc and Pierre E. Normandeau, Esquires, having been nominated, a poll was granted. ST. JAMES WARD.—Louis Allard and Clopthes Beauchamp, Esquires, having been nominated, a poll was granted. ST. ANNE WARD.—Peter Donovan and Denis Barry, Esquires, having been nominated, a poll was granted.

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THE election for Mayor and Aldermen in the Wards where there is a contest, will be held on WEDNESDAY, the first day of MARCH, in all the Wards of the City, and the Polls, in the said Wards will be opened on the said first day of March, from the hours of NINE in the morning till FIVE in the afternoon, at such places, and before such Returning Officers as will be chosen and specified in a subsequent notice. By order. CHS. GLACKMEYER, City Clerk. Montreal, 16th February, 1882 u 40

DAILY JOURNALS AND POCKET DIARIES At Reduced Prices. SUTHERLAND MILLER & CO., BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS AND Mercantile Stationers, 94 & 96 St. Francois Xavier Street. January 12 10

Auction Sales.

BY THOMAS J. POTTER. LOWER LACHINE ROAD. Comfortable, Commodious Detached Residence and Grounds Owned and occupied by John S. Hall, Esq., who is removing. The property, about 7 1/2 arpents, is within two miles of the city; the House, two-story brick, 42x36, with Kitchen wing, 25x18; also Stable, Coach House, Gardens, Cottage, Ice Houses, &c. Good vegetable garden, fruit trees and strawberry bed; balance in pasture. These highly desirable premises are in good order, and may be viewed by appointment after 4 o'clock. No better choice or healthy suburban residence can be had. The above splendid property will be sold at my Rooms, on TUESDAY, 21st February, at ELEVEN o'clock. Title perfect, clear of all incumbrance, commuted. Possession 1st April, if desired. One-fourth cash, balance at six per cent, or the whole of the purchase price may be paid down. THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

Two Cottages at Longueuil By auction, on FRIDAY, 24th FEBRUARY. Each with good-sized Garden lot. Further particulars will be advertised. THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

230 BAGS COFFEE, BY AUCTION, (On Account Whom it may Concern.) WITHOUT RESERVE, by order of LA BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA, at my Rooms, 195 St. James Street, On TEUSDAY, 28th FEBRUARY, at ELEVEN o'clock. Terms cash. THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer. The Coffee is in Bond.—T. J. P. 41

Miscellaneous. Paper Mill for Sale. That Valuable Property at Portneuf, belonging to Madame La Marquise de Bassano, consisting of the Paper Mill and Water Privileges, with a large amount of Machinery for Manufacturing Pulp and Paper. The Mill is situated near the Station of the North Shore Railway, and there is in the neighbourhood an abundant supply of Wood suitable for making Pulp. Terms favourable. Apply in Quebec to Messrs. ROSS, STUART & STUART, or here to COURT & MACINTOSH. Montreal, 16th February, 1882. b 41

DAWSON BROTHERS Have Just Received a Fresh Supply of SCHOOL SLATES AND Office Slates. FOR SALE AT 159 to 165 St. James Street. February 11 36

DECKER BROTHERS' PIANOS Have shown themselves to be so far superior to all others in Excellence of Workmanship, Elasticity of Touch, Beauty of Tone and Great Durability, that they are now earnestly sought for by all persons desiring THE VERY BEST PIANO. Prices as low as consistent with the Highest Standard. DE ZOUCHE & CO., SOLE AGENTS. February 4 28f 30

THE FAMOUS EMERSON, the Rising JAMES & HOLMSTROM and the Merit-ious STEVENSON PIANOS also kept in this Establishment. February 10 35

THE ROSENKRANZ PIANOS, Established since 1797, at Dresden, (Germany), are unsurpassed for SWEETNESS, POWER and BRILLIANCY OF TONE, as well as EVENNESS and PLIABILITY OF TOUCH. They stand well in TUNE, and are FULLY GUARANTEED as to their STRUCTURAL SOLIDITY. They have been constantly progressing, obtained Prize Medals wherever exhibited, and combine the best qualities of the most celebrated instruments, while owing to long experience and cheapness of labour and materials in Germany, they can be sold at EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES. CHARLES MARTIN, SOLE AGENT FOR CANADA. Also, Agent for the Province of Quebec, for the MASON & RISHO (Toronto) PIANOS, and the CLOUGH & WARREN (Detroit) ORGANS. Ware-rooms: ART GALLERY BUILDING, 1270 and 1272 St. Catherine Street, corner Phillips' Square. February 14 38

BLAIKLOCK BROS. Customs and Insurance Brokers, No. 17 Common Street. February 8 33

AGENT WANTED, To take up the Canadian Agency of a well-known firm of Needle and Fish-Hook Manufacturers. Security and references required. Apply WM. CLARKE & SONS, Mount Pleasant Mills, Redditch, England. February 15 u 33

Auction Sales.

BY THOMAS J. POTTER. Very Comfortable Stone Front House. No. 1245 Dorchester Street West. In perfect order; also, five splendid Building Lots, Clarke Avenue, Cote St. Antoine, each 30 x 150. Sale WEDNESDAY MORNING, 22nd FEBRUARY, at ELEVEN o'clock. THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

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Auction Sales.

BY WM. H. ARNTON. ESTATE LATE MRS. HANNAH MILLS. Valuable City Property AND A SPLENDID VILLA LOT. The Subscriber is instructed by the Executors to sell, at his Rooms, On Monday, February 20th instant, The Two-story, Cut-stone front STORES, Nos. 12, 14, 16 and 18 ST. JOSEPH STREET, corner LOSMONT TERRACE, and adjoining the "American Hotel." The premises are ample for the prosecution of a large business, the lot having a double frontage—44 feet on St. Joseph Street and 121 feet on Longueuil Lane. This commercial property is only one block from McGill Street, and in the most central and busiest part of the city. Also, That SUPERIOR VILLA LOT on PEELE STREET, next above "Newton Terrace," lately built by ANDREW ALLAN, Esq., 120x145, a fine site for the erection of private dwellings or a detached residence. Sale at ELEVEN o'clock. WM. H. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

STOCKS AND BONDS By AUCTION. On MONDAY, 20th FEBRUARY. I have received instructions from the Executors to sell the undermentioned STOCKS and BONDS, appertaining to THE ESTATE LATE MRS. HANNAH MILLS: 6 Bonds St. Lawrence and L. C. RR. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 95 and 100 (\$1,000 each). 4 Bonds Canada Central RR. Nos. 71, 72, 73 & 74 (£200 sterling each). 80 Shares Canadian Securities Co. 50 per cent. paid up (each \$100). 10 Shares Windsor Hotel Co. (each \$100), with privilege of subscription to Bonds. Sale at my Rooms at ELEVEN o'clock. WM. H. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

Mr. JOHN J. ARNTON, In relinquishing the active prosecution of the AUCTION BUSINESS, in which he has been engaged for the past 22 years on his own account, in favour of his son, WILLIAM H. ARNTON, who has received a thorough training, and is fully competent to continue and conduct the same in all its departments, would kindly thank his friends and the public for the many preferences accorded him in the past, and solicit similar favours for his son and successor, whom he will aid by his experience and advice. CONTINUATION OF AN OLD ESTABLISHED GENERAL AUCTION BUSINESS, Which the undersigned proposes to transact, in all its branches, on a Strictly Commission Basis. With a thorough knowledge of the relations that should exist between buyer and seller, a large acquaintance with the community, and a "SEVEN YEARS' experience," will be able confidently to promise every reasonable satisfaction. A limited number of Household Sales of Furniture undertaken; his aim will be not to rush work to the exclusion of proper diligence and attention, in disposing of property placed in his hands. The Plans, Surveys, Records, and particulars of all Real Estate transactions by Mr. J. J. ARNTON will be transferred to his custody (available for consultation and references). The old stand, 61 ST. JAMES STREET, noted for its cheerfulness and bright appearance, will be thoroughly renovated. Callers are assured of courtesy and consideration, and the undersigned hopes to receive a fair share of public support. WILLIAM H. ARNTON, February 4 28f 30

WM. H. ARNTON, 91 ST. JAMES ST. A General Auction Business Conducted. SALES OF REAL ESTATE, SALES OF MERCHANDISE, SALES OF FURNITURE AT PRIVATE HOUSES, SALES OF FARM STOCK. February 4 28f 30

Miscellaneous. Clendinneng's Stoves! BEST OF IRON. ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS—ADAPTED TO THIS CLIMATE. WROUGHT IRON COOKING RANGES, COMBINATION FURNACES. As I was not able to supply the demand last year, I have increased my facilities and added NEW PATTERNS. Melting MORE IRON than any Foundry in the DOMINION, I can EXECUTE ORDERS PROMPTLY. W. CLENDINNENG. January 7 6

BARROW HEMATITE STEEL COY. BARROW-IN-FURNESS, COX & GREEN, Agents for the Dominion of Canada. STEEL RAILS Steel Fish Plates, Bessemer Pig Iron, &c. February 8 33

AGENT WANTED, To take up the Canadian Agency of a well-known firm of Needle and Fish-Hook Manufacturers. Security and references required. Apply WM. CLARKE & SONS, Mount Pleasant Mills, Redditch, England. February 15 u 33

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

FOURTH SESSION—FOURTH PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, February 16.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

Hon. Mr. O'CONNOR presented the report of the Post-Office.

On motion of Sir HECTOR LANGEVIN the Committee of this House to assist the Speaker in the management of the Library was appointed to act as members of the Joint Committee on the Library of Parliament.

BILLS.

The following Bills were introduced and read a first time.

Mr. BEATY—Respecting the Commercial Travellers' Association. Mr. GIBBOURD (Jacques Cartier)—Introducing the Bill concerning marriage with a deceased wife's sister, explained that a portion of last year's Bill referring to marriage with the widow of a brother was now eliminated, and the present measure simply repealed all Acts prohibiting marriage with a sister of a deceased wife, provided that vested rights should not be interfered with. The Bill was read a first time.

Mr. IVES introduced a Bill to amend Section 10 of the Act respecting elections of members of the House of Commons, stating that he proposed to substitute, for the present, the section which required candidates to deposit \$50, which went to the Consolidated Fund, the provision of the Quebec law by which each candidate made a deposit of \$200, and was returned to him if he was elected or if he polled a third of the votes. This ensured good faith in the candidature.

The following Bills were also introduced and read a first time—

Mr. CAMERON (Huron)—To provide that persons charged with misdemeanour shall be competent as witnesses.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron)—To amend the Criminal Law and to extend the provisions of the Act respecting offences against the person.

QUESTIONS.

Mr. FARROW asked it the intention of the Government, this session, to provide greater security in sending moneys by registered letter, by charging extra for registration purposes, according to the amount sent, and the Government to be responsible in case the money is lost?

Hon. Mr. O'CONNOR—This question has not yet been considered by the Government.

Hon. Mr. POPE (Compton) brought up a message from the Governor-General, transmitting copy of numerical census.

RETURNS.

Mr. BANNERMAN, in moving for a return showing the amount received during the last year from the system of New York and Churchill during the years 1876 to 1881 inclusive, said parties were trading largely in that country without paying duty to this country, while the Hudson Bay Company, which was now virtually a Canadian Company, had to make returns and pay duties on the goods that the collection of Customs there should be combined with the Geological Survey. If Customs officers were sent to the Northwest to collect duties the revenue there would be doubled. Carried.

Mr. FARROW moved for a return showing the amount of money sent from Canada by the Post-Office Money Order to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the United States and all other countries during the year of 1881. This was a matter which deeply interested the middle class in this country. He did not complain of the money sent to the United States, but he considered too much was charged for sending money to the United Kingdom. The greater part of the money sent to the Old country was for emigration purposes, and it should receive greater consideration than money sent to a foreign country.

Mr. HESSON endorsed the remarks of the member for North Huron, and considered that cheap rates should be extended to Germany as well as Great Britain.

Hon. Mr. O'CONNOR said the subject of the motion had been under the consideration of the Government for some time and correspondence was in progress having in view the end desired by the hon. gentleman.

The following motions passed without discussion—

Return of seizures made at each Port of Entry in the Dominion during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1882.

Copies of the report of the Engineer appointed by the Government to ascertain the possibility and advantage of the construction of a wharf at Pointe-aux-Trembles, in the County of Portneuf.

Reports and papers in connection with the dismissal of Mr. McEdward, late Postmaster at Neustadt.

Correspondence with the Customs Department on the subject of drawbacks on duty paid on sheet iron for nail-making to the extent of the export of the nails made from such iron.

Return of applications for land for colonization under Plans numbers one and two of Land Regulations issued by the Department of the Interior, 23rd December, 1881.

Returns of applications for land made prior to 25th May, 1881, and of applications for land for colonization made under Land Regulations issued by the Department of the Interior, May 24th, 1881.

Mr. CHARLTON—Return showing the total number of applications for leases of pasture lands, and the total number of acres thus applied for.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron)—Correspondence between the Government and any County Court Judges of the Province of Ontario, or any other persons respecting appointment of such Judges or any other persons as Surrogate Judges of the Maritime Court of said Province, with salary, allowance or fees attached to such appointments.

Mr. STEPHENSON—Returns showing the number of vessels (steam and sail) that entered and departed and reported and cleared from the Harbour of Refuge at Rondeau, separately, as reported to Government by the Harbour Master and Collector of Rondeau Harbour, respectively.

Mr. PATTERSON (Essex)—Correspondence between the Government of Canada and the Imperial Government relative to the admission of live stock into the Dominion for breeding or other purposes.

Mr. PATTERSON (Essex)—Order of the House for copies of reports of H. F. Perley, Chief Engineer Department of Public Works, respecting the Kingsville Harbour.

Sir HECTOR LANGEVIN laid on the table the correspondence in relation to the Northern and Western Boundary of Ontario.

The House adjourned at 4.40 p.m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. BLAKE—On Monday next, resolution that it is desirable that a report should be presented to the House within ten days from the opening of each session, giving full information on all subjects affecting the Canadian Pacific Railway to the latest date, and particularly all the details as to the selection of the route, the progress of the work, the selection or reservation of

land, the payment of monies, the laying out of branches, the progress thereon, the rates of tolls for passengers and freight under the Railway Act and amendments thereto up to the end of the previous fiscal year, like particulars up to the latest practicable date before the presentation of the return; copies of all Orders-in-Council, and of all correspondence between the Government and the railway Company or any member or officer of either relating to the affairs of the Company.

Mr. Blake—On Monday next, address to His Excellency the Governor-General for copies of all correspondence and Orders-in-Council between the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, or any Director or officers thereof, and the Government, or any member or officer thereof, relating to the Company or its affairs.

Mr. Munster—On Monday next, inquiry of the Minister of the Interior, as to the status of the proposed County Court Judge in place of the late Judge A. Rock-Robertson, and, if so, what the Government recommend that Naiman be assigned as his place of residence?

Mr. Charlton—On Monday next, order of the House for the printing of a statement for the six months ending December 31, 1881, of the quantity and value of the exports for the Dominion, of the produce of the mine, of the fisheries, of the produce of animals and their produce, of agricultural products and of manufactures, specifying in each case what is the produce of Canada and what is not the produce of Canada, and a recapitulation of the same; also a summary statement of the quantity and value of the total imports of the same, list of articles during same period, a summary statement of the imports and exports for consumption of the same, list of articles and quarterly value and duty during the same period and a recapitulation of the same.

Mr. Blake—On Monday next, an address for copies of all correspondence, Orders-in-Council and regulations on the subject of grinding in bond, a statement of all bonds given under the regulations with dates and names, a statement of the action thereon and of the present condition of things in respect of each such bond, a statement in detail of the duties paid under other regulations of payment or satisfaction; copies of all correspondence with and demands made by the Government on each person who has given such bonds, copies of instructions given to Inspectors or other departmental officers to attend to such bonds, connected with grinding in bond and of correspondence with and reports from them, a list of the cases so far as ascertained, in which wheat being returned has been properly exported.

Mr. Blake—On Monday next, resolution that it is expedient to discontinue arrangements for keeping female convicts at Dorchester Penitentiary, and to provide for their transfer to Kingston as is done in the case of the Quebec female convicts.

Mr. Blake—On Monday next, inquiry whether it is the intention of the Government to subsidize a line of steamers to perform the same on the Bay Chaleur, between Gaspe and Campbellton in connection with the Intercolonial Railway.

Mr. Blake—On Monday next, resolution that it is expedient that in appeals to the Supreme Court of Canada the printed records in the Courts below should be accepted for the purpose of the appeal without requiring the reprint of the same matter.

Mr. Blake—On Monday next, resolution that the amount of money sent from Canada by the Post-Office Money Order to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the United States and all other countries during the year of 1881. This was a matter which deeply interested the middle class in this country. He did not complain of the money sent to the United States, but he considered too much was charged for sending money to the United Kingdom. The greater part of the money sent to the Old country was for emigration purposes, and it should receive greater consideration than money sent to a foreign country.

Mr. HESSON endorsed the remarks of the member for North Huron, and considered that cheap rates should be extended to Germany as well as Great Britain.

Hon. Mr. O'CONNOR said the subject of the motion had been under the consideration of the Government for some time and correspondence was in progress having in view the end desired by the hon. gentleman.

The following motions passed without discussion—

Return of seizures made at each Port of Entry in the Dominion during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1882.

Copies of the report of the Engineer appointed by the Government to ascertain the possibility and advantage of the construction of a wharf at Pointe-aux-Trembles, in the County of Portneuf.

Reports and papers in connection with the dismissal of Mr. McEdward, late Postmaster at Neustadt.

Correspondence with the Customs Department on the subject of drawbacks on duty paid on sheet iron for nail-making to the extent of the export of the nails made from such iron.

Return of applications for land for colonization under Plans numbers one and two of Land Regulations issued by the Department of the Interior, 23rd December, 1881.

Returns of applications for land made prior to 25th May, 1881, and of applications for land for colonization made under Land Regulations issued by the Department of the Interior, May 24th, 1881.

Mr. CHARLTON—Return showing the total number of applications for leases of pasture lands, and the total number of acres thus applied for.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron)—Correspondence between the Government and any County Court Judges of the Province of Ontario, or any other persons respecting appointment of such Judges or any other persons as Surrogate Judges of the Maritime Court of said Province, with salary, allowance or fees attached to such appointments.

Mr. STEPHENSON—Returns showing the number of vessels (steam and sail) that entered and departed and reported and cleared from the Harbour of Refuge at Rondeau, separately, as reported to Government by the Harbour Master and Collector of Rondeau Harbour, respectively.

Mr. PATTERSON (Essex)—Correspondence between the Government of Canada and the Imperial Government relative to the admission of live stock into the Dominion for breeding or other purposes.

Mr. PATTERSON (Essex)—Order of the House for copies of reports of H. F. Perley, Chief Engineer Department of Public Works, respecting the Kingsville Harbour.

Sir HECTOR LANGEVIN laid on the table the correspondence in relation to the Northern and Western Boundary of Ontario.

The House adjourned at 4.40 p.m.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. BLAKE—On Monday next, resolution that it is desirable that a report should be presented to the House within ten days from the opening of each session, giving full information on all subjects affecting the Canadian Pacific Railway to the latest date, and particularly all the details as to the selection of the route, the progress of the work, the selection or reservation of

land, the payment of monies, the laying out of branches, the progress thereon, the rates of tolls for passengers and freight under the Railway Act and amendments thereto up to the end of the previous fiscal year, like particulars up to the latest practicable date before the presentation of the return; copies of all Orders-in-Council, and of all correspondence between the Government and the railway Company or any member or officer of either relating to the affairs of the Company.

Mr. Blake—On Monday next, address to His Excellency the Governor-General for copies of all correspondence and Orders-in-Council between the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, or any Director or officers thereof, and the Government, or any member or officer thereof, relating to the Company or its affairs.

Mr. Munster—On Monday next, inquiry of the Minister of the Interior, as to the status of the proposed County Court Judge in place of the late Judge A. Rock-Robertson, and, if so, what the Government recommend that Naiman be assigned as his place of residence?

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Medical. For Sale or to Let. PROPERTY FOR SALE. By H. H. GEDDES. SUBURBAN RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET. Residence, 54 feet front and 42 feet deep, fitted up with modern improvements, including hot and cold water pipes, fine Stabling, Coach-house and other outbuildings, all together with six acres of land, planted with the shade and choice fruit trees. This property belongs to Dr. Pennington, and is situated on the bank of the Back River. Price \$10,000.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Also excellent for human flesh. READ PROOFS BELOW— FROM Col. L. T. FOSTER.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, May 10th, 1880. DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gents.—I had a very valuable Hambletonian colt which I prized very highly, he had a large bone spavin on one joint and a small one on the other which made him very lame; I had him under the charge of two veterinary surgeons which failed to cure him. I was one day reading the advertisement Kendall's Spavin Cure in the Chicago Express, I determined at once to try it, and got our druggists here to send for it, they ordered three bottles; I took them all and thought I would give it a thorough trial, I used it according to directions and the fourth day the colt ceased to be lame, and the next day he was able to go to work, and the colt's limbs are as free from bumps and as smooth as any horse in the State. He is entirely cured. The cure was so remarkable that I let two of my neighbours have the remaining two bottles, who are now using it.

Very respectfully, L. T. FOSTER.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ROCHESTER, Ind., Nov. 30th, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gents.—Please send us a supply of advertising matter for Kendall's Spavin Cure. It has a good sale here and it gives the best of satisfaction. Of all we have sold we have yet to learn the first unfavourable report.

Very respectfully, J. DAWSON & SON, Druggists.

Kendall's Spavin Cure on Human Flesh.

Thousands of trials on Human Flesh has proved beyond a doubt that Kendall's Spavin Cure is sufficient strength to penetrate and virtue to cure the worst cases of rheumatism, corns, bunions, frost bites or any bruise, cut or laceration which are not affected in the least by ordinary liniments. It does not blister but on the contrary removes all sores.

GRAVESEND, L. I., Jan., 1881.

B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gents.—I wish to add my testimony in favour of your invaluable Kendall's Spavin Cure. I am in the employ of the Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad, and froze my ears very badly this winter. I suffered intense pain until Mr. Donley applied your liniment to them. It gave me almost instant relief, and by applying it twice a day for one week it restored the ear to its original size, and I have had no trouble with it since. I feel very grateful to you, and would recommend Kendall's Spavin Cure to all for frost bites.

Yours truly, JOHN DERBY.

Kendall's Spavin Cure on Human Flesh.

PATTEN'S MILLS, Washington Co., N.Y., Feb. 21st, 1878. DR. B. J. KENDALL, Dear Sir:—The particular case on which I used your Kendall's Spavin Cure was malignant and painful, and I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Spavin Cure put the foot to the ground again, and the first time since hurt, in a natural position. For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used.

Yours truly, REV. M. P. BELL.

Pastor of M. E. Church, Patten's Mills, N. Y.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not blister, yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep-seated pain or to remove any bony growth or other enlargements, such as spavins, splints, corns, callous sprains, swellings and any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or for rheumatism in man and for any painful swelling in man or for any painful swelling in man or for any painful swelling in man or for any painful swelling in man.

Price \$1, per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors, DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Sold by All Druggists Everywhere.

LYMAN, SONS & CO., Montreal, WHOLESALE AGENTS.

November 10. D & W 269

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., writes: "I had tried many remedies, but failed to find a simple cure, which will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 425 Broadway, N. Y."

September 10. str DW

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm and name of JAC. GRENIER & CO., as Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants, of the City of Montreal, has been and remains dissolved by mutual consent from the first January instant.

JACQUES GRENIER. HERULES GIROUX. Montreal, 14th January, 1882

NEW CO-PARTNERSHIP.

On account of the hereinabove notice of dissolution of the heretofore existing firm of JAC. GRENIER & CO., the undersigned do hereby give notice that they have formed together a Co-partnership to carry on business as Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants, in the City of Montreal, under the same name and firm, JAC. GRENIER & CO., and that they shall continue in future, as for years past, at the same place, the same business heretofore made by said late firm.

HERULES GIROUX. ADOLPHE GRENIER. Montreal, 14th January, 1882. 19

For Sale or to Let. PROPERTY FOR SALE.

By H. H. GEDDES.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET. Residence, 54 feet front and 42 feet deep, fitted up with modern improvements, including hot and cold water pipes, fine Stabling, Coach-house and other outbuildings, all together with six acres of land, planted with the shade and choice fruit trees. This property belongs to Dr. Pennington, and is situated on the bank of the Back River. Price \$10,000.

THREE HANDSOME COTTAGES—That having attractive Stone Cottages, No. 10, Drummond street, next to Osborne street. Also, two pretty Stone Cottages, Nos. 25 and 27, next to St. Antoine street. These houses will be ready for occupation about the 15th of April. For particulars apply to the undersigned, intending buyers can see the plans and obtain all information at my office.

NO. 14, ST. ANTOINE STREET—These two very substantially built three-story houses are situated on a fine lot, bounded by St. Antoine street, with lot about 40 feet wide, and 100 feet deep. They are occupied by one or two families, and are consequently adapted for good or bad business, and are in the best position in the city for renting purposes. Each lot is bounded by a large Stone Building, No. 41 and 43, corner St. Antoine street and St. Antoine street, with lot about 40 feet wide, and 100 feet deep.

Also, the Buildings 60 to 67 LaFontaine street, with lot about 100 feet wide, and 100 feet deep. Both properties are quite close to the business centre, and a good position for any business. The buildings are in excellent condition, and are well adapted for any business. They are situated on a fine lot, bounded by LaFontaine street, with lot about 100 feet wide, and 100 feet deep.

SHOPS AND DWELLINGS, corner of St. Antoine street and St. Antoine street, consisting of two elegant tenements, exceeding well constructed, and are in a constant demand by first-class tenants. The buildings are situated on a fine lot, bounded by St. Antoine street, with lot about 40 feet wide, and 100 feet deep.

ELEGANT DOUBLE TENEMENT—That very handsome Stone House, Nos. 6 and 8, next to St. Antoine street, consisting of two elegant tenements, exceeding well constructed, and are in a constant demand by first-class tenants. The buildings are situated on a fine lot, bounded by St. Antoine street, with lot about 40 feet wide, and 100 feet deep.

THE MOST VALUABLE WELL-KNOWN PROPERTY, for many years owned by Mr. McElliott, Esq., measuring 100 feet front and 100 feet deep, on Murray Street, 104 ft. on Young Street, being 32,000 sq. feet, English measure. This property offers a rare opportunity to Capitalists, Companies or Corporations, who contemplate the erection of a large Manufacturing or other premises requiring a large area, and especially worthy of the attention of the Government, as it is situated close to the G. T. R. Depot and opposite the Montreal Warehouse Company. With the Grand Trunk Railway track running along the West side of the property, and the wharves of the Ocean Steamers and Vessels, it is unexcelled as a site for receiving and shipping goods, and is a most splendid new Dock and Basin, and all the large Manufacturers and Mills, all the land near it on the Canal side (which is a very valuable property) is a most valuable investment for speculation. Notwithstanding that an offer of over \$50,000 was made for this property five years ago, it has positive instructions to sell at a comparatively low figure. Committed to the highest bidder, on a cash basis, Liberal terms.

EXCELLENT COMMERCIAL RESIDENCE—That fine four-story first-class residence, No. 13 Plateau Street. This house has been built in the most substantial manner expressly for the use of the present owner and contains about twenty-five rooms, including a large parlour and large extension in rear. The whole building is thoroughly well equipped with steam, hot and cold water, and is a most desirable property for a School, Institute or First-Class Boarding House. The outside is finished in the most elegant and modern style, and is in good condition. In order to close an Estate property is offered at a great sacrifice on the original cost. Perfect title and easy terms.

THE MOST ELEGANT RESIDENCES, Nos. 117, 119, 121, 123, Dorchester Street West—Three Stories, high bright basements, good closets, bay windows, double doors in front and rear, cut-stone steps and fencings, and a large lot with a depth of 120 feet, including the windows, 16 apartments, finished in the most modern and elegant style, and is a most desirable property for a School, Institute or First-Class Boarding House. The outside is finished in the most elegant and modern style, and is in good condition. In order to close an Estate property is offered at a great sacrifice on the original cost. Perfect title and easy terms.

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LOCAL NEWS.

New Lounges of substantial make and nicely upholstered at \$7.50 upwards at H. J. Shaw & Co., 725 Craig street.

Yesterday in a very sudden manner. It appears that at an early hour yesterday morning Hetu fell off a car at the freight yard at Point St. Charles, and the cars passing over him completely severed one leg from the body, and left the other only hanging by a small piece of flesh.

know, but her his is too utter a center. "That's enough, Mr. Morrissey, you're the champion!" Well, I can't help it; by your own little way I have. By the way, say the box plan opens on Saturday morning.

ON TARIO LEGISLATURE. Toronto, February 16. In the House to-day a number of Bills were read a third time and passed.

GREAT CLOSING CHEAP SALE OF Account Books, Writing Papers of every Size and Quality, Envelopes, Copying Presses and Letter Books, Travellers' Order Books, Steel Pens, Inks, Ink-Stands, Mucilage.

Miscellaneous "ROYAL CHARTER" CHAMPAGNE. WACHTER & CO., EPERNAY. PURVEYORS TO Her Majesty the Queen and His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

For Sale... No. 4 Hill Street... No. 7 St. Anne Street... No. 117 St. Anne Street...

SYND OF THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND IN CANADA. SPECIAL MEETING—THE TEMPORAL LITURGY—OPENING ADDRESS OF THE MODERATOR.

A special meeting of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church in Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, was held in Shaftebury Hall, Toronto, at two o'clock on Wednesday afternoon.

AMUSEMENTS. A new comic opera, entitled "The Boss of Baghdad," written by Mr. H. Fuller, of Ottawa, author of that successful satire, "H. M. S. Parliament," and composed by Mr. Oliver King, pianist to H. B. H. the Prince of Wales, has been engaged to be performed by the Manager of Booth's Theatre, New York, and will probably be produced almost immediately.

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE. A meeting of the Board of Management of the House of Industry and Refuge was held on Wednesday afternoon, Mr. Henry Lyman in the chair, to consider the report of the Special Committee appointed to consider the question of the legacy left by the will of the late Mr. Wm. Workman.

FEES AND DOCTORS. The fees of doctors is an item that very many persons are interested in just at present. We believe the schedule for visits is \$3.00, which would tax a man confined to his bed for a year, and in need of daily visits, over \$1,000 a year for medical attendance alone!

Mr. Wood moved the second reading of the Act amending the Agricultural and Lots Act, authorizing the Directors, instead of the annual meeting of Delegates, to fix a place for holding a show. It repeats the section making an annual show compulsory, and provides that the Council should submit to the meeting the sum required from the Government and state the purposes for which it will be applied.

Mr. Fraser, in moving the second reading of the law to amend the law of newspaper libel, explained that it was a transcript of the English Act, and made accurate and fair reports of public meetings privileged from being made the basis of an action for libel against the paper.

Mr. French opposed the Bill on the ground that it would unchristianize Canada, as he had averred it had unchristianized England. His remarks created considerable amusement.

Mr. Wood moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the law of evidence, a summary of which has already appeared. It admits of Agnostics affirming in Courts of Justice on their declining to take the oath.

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