SUCCESSFUL ADVERTISERS' SAYINGS
"Some time I may stay out of "The Star for a day or two, and "then I am sorry."
—MR. F. LAPOINTE, Furniture, Montreal, P.Q.

WEATHER FORECAST WARM

The Montreal Daily Star.

CIRCULATION OF STAR
Last Week's Daily . 351,680
Last Week's Weekly . 126,429
Total last week 478,109

VOL. XXXVII. No. 227 MONTREAL, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1905. PRICE ONE CENT.

DOUKS IN GAOL ARE PARTICULAR ABOUT THE DIET

Refuse to Eat Unless They are Supplied With the Choicest Fruits

OFFICIALS ARE AT THEIR WITS END.

Participators in Recent Pilgrimage Giving Trouble to Their Keepers at Regina

Special to the Montreal Star.

Winnipeg, September 23.—Advices from Regina tell of a unique situation in regard to sixteen Douk-Dukhobors, who are prisoners in gaol because of a recent pilgrimage which they undertook across the prairie to find the Redeemer. An effort was made to have them declared insane and sent to the asylum, but the Department of Justice did not feel that the evidence would warrant committment on that charge. They were therefore given six months' imprisonment for indecent exposure.

The hard labor conditions of the sentence cannot be carried out as the prisoners absolutely refuse to work, asserting when the Canadian Government provided for bringing the colony to Canada they were to be free, and they maintain that though they may be close to gaol and beaten they will never work. They will not even eat unless supplied with the kinds of food they desire.

Some of those now in custody were at Regina two years ago as a result of the big pilgrimage. On that occasion they would eat only raw vegetables, and a number of them even browsed on grass. Now they have taken to a fruit diet, and demand most expensive kinds of fruit. Some days they want peaches, and others California plums. At first they were not indulged, but they sulked and refused other food offered till they became so weak that the medical adviser of the gaol recommended any nourishment they would accept. Milk has been tried, but they refuse it, and the gaoler is at his wits' end to discover a remedy for the fantastic notion of the troublesome prisoners.

New York, September 23.—The condition of Baron Komura, the peace envoy, was reported yesterday to be greatly improved. His physicians hope that he will be able to leave for British Columbia next Wednesday.

SAW PRISONER WITH A KNIFE

Further Evidence in the Trial of Rocco Caporale for Murder

The trial of Rocco Caporale on a charge of murdering Constantino Lizza is being continued in the Court of Kings Bench to-day. Yesterday afternoon the proprietor of the ice cream factory, the rear of which the 3rd row looks into, gave evidence. His name is Victor Cannatto. He said that on July 9 the accused, with his sister Rosina, went into his store while he was engaged with a friend and his brother-in-law, in the basement. After ordering ice cream, the ladies tried to enter his private house at the rear of the premises.

Cannatto then swore that upon hearing cries from his wife, he came out of the basement and saw the two ladies in the back yard and ordered the intruders away. They refused to obey, however, and a row ensued, one Italian knocking Cannatto down with one fist, while another tried to stab him. Defteris and his brother-in-law, the latter armed with a banana branch, came out of the basement also, and there was a general scuffle. Mr. Cannatto said he noticed that two of the Italians were armed with revolvers, while the others carried knives. Heffers he said, was stabbed by the accused as he was retreating into the cellar.

Mrs. Cannatto corroborated all that her husband had said, and Mrs. Demers, who lives above the store, said that she saw most of the row. She saw Caporale with a knife in his hand, but did not actually see the stabbing.

The Standard.

The streets are ringing early this morning with the "newsboys" shouts "The Standard," the great Canadian Weekly. Everybody seemed to be buying a copy and it is a long time since the newsboys did such a hustling trade. The sales must have been very large.

The Standard is a surprise to the public. Something good was expected. In justice to the publishers, it must be said they have more than lived up to their promises. It is quite clear the "Standard" has come to stay. The circulation of the "Standard" in England would do yeoman service for Canada if Murray's staff is certainly to be felicitated.

The prospectus in the "Standard" while modestly expressed makes it very clear that a great bill of fare is in store for the readers of the "Standard."

What is better than a salad dressed with the Adolphe Puget Olive Oil?
155 15 law

Strong British Influences Said to be at Work for Realization of the Long Cherished Dream of Anglo-Russian Entente

Special Cable from The Montreal Star Correspondent.

London, September 23.—There are significant indications of strong British influences at work for the realization of the long cherished dream of an Anglo-Russian entente formed on the principle of Russia to Britain as Britain to Russia. Specific proposals to that end have been considered by the Cabinet and Foreign Office officials, and Monday at Windsor, the King had the benefit of official opinion to assist him in the reception of the Czar. The bait which is being dangled before Russia as a return for the abandonment of Muscovite designs on India is an expression of willingness to withdraw opposition to Russian supremacy in Constantinople, and to afford free outlet for the Czar's ships from the Black Sea to the Mediterranean through the Dardanelles. English statesmen say that Great Britain has no right to "hand over" Constantinople to Russia or to give the Czar carte blanche to break up the Sultan's Empire, but they are ready to admit that the country no longer has the interest in the near east that compelled a generation ago to insist upon imprisoning Russia in the Black Sea. If the other signatories of the treaty of Paris will consent, Russia is now assured Britain will make no objection to the Czar's carrying out any act serious in Europe which he may decide.

Disinterested observers point out that if Englishmen's enthusiasm for a Russian influence over Turkey, probably arise less to a desire to rid themselves of the Russian menace to India, which will cease to be a reality when the new Anglo-Japanese alliance comes into effect than a wish to "hustle up Germany" and destroy the Kaiser's dream of expansion in the near east.

NORWAY AND SWEDEN ARE IN ACCORD

Solution of the Difficulty Between the two Nations has Been Reached

Stockholm, September 23.—It is reported that the Swedish and Norwegian representatives of the conference at Karlstadt have reached a solution of the difficulty between the two nations. Sweden insists that the form of the treaty of arbitration shall be modelled on that between England and Switzerland which accepts all questions affecting the vital interest and independence of either country. Norway wished to extend the scope of the treaty to certain details which are now being adjusted. Sweden to-day officially notified the foreign legations that all serious obstacles had been surmounted and that the details would shortly be solved.

The Swedish Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count A. F. Wachtmeister, and Foreign Minister Lovelund, of Norway, who are at the head of the respective delegations in the conference, are drafting a compromise treaty of arbitration.

MIKASA'S CAPTAIN ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Commander of Illfated Flagship Regards Loss as a Personal One

Tokio, September 23.—A special to the Jiji from Sasebo says that Captain Ijichi, commander of the ill-fated Mikasa, made an attempt to commit suicide after an address to the survivors of the warship by jumping from a window. He was severely wounded about the head and is now reported to be in a critical condition in the Sasebo Naval Hospital.

It is said that shortly after the destruction of the Mikasa, Captain Iwichi collected the remaining members of the vessel's crew in a room in the sailors' training school. He spoke briefly and feelingly on the loss of the ship. He said that after enjoying a series of victories he regarded the loss of the Mikasa as one of personal responsibility but he advised his men not to lose heart.

Captain Iwichi was not on the warship at the time of the disaster, but he boarded the vessel when the fire was raging and did his utmost to save the ship.

Operations of Hyde and Associates In Which Equitable Participated

New York, September 23.—Syndicate operations of the Equitable Life Assurance Society were taken up by the insurance investigating committee yesterday and resumed the entire afternoon session.

Mr. Henry B. Winthrop, assistant secretary and financial manager of that society, was called to the stand immediately after the recess and presented a record of securities and purchases of the various parts of his company also a record of sales and purchases of securities for the past five years. He declined, however, to say he was able to explain the connection of J. H. Hyde and associates, and took exception to the information he was further to supply which is to be presented later.

Some of the operations were in Atlantic Coast Line bonds in which J. H. Hyde of Louisville, the Equitable director, was a member, and $211,000 profits. Mr. Winthrop said there was nothing on the Equitable books to show who the "Associates" were, nor Mr. Hyde's personal profits.

The Equitable participated also in a Union Pacific syndicate in the name of J. H. Hyde, and when asked by what authority the society assumed the responsibility of Mr. Hyde's personal operations, Mr. Winthrop produced the minutes of the finance committee in July 1905 showing a written assignment to the company by Mr. Hyde of his interest in this syndicate. The society had paid into that syndicate $1,620,000.

Just before Mr. Winthrop was examined Mr. Hughes read a long letter from Grover Cleveland, who is a trustee for the policy-holders in the Equitable Society, under the Thomas F. Ryan trust agreement. The letter was offered in evidence.

At the morning meeting Thomas A. Jackson, vice-president of the New York Life Insurance Company, described the agency system and the method of paying bonuses.

COMPLETE ACCORD MOROCCO QUESTION

France and Germany Reported as Being Satisfied with the Arrangements

Paris, September 23.—Information obtained from a well informed source is to the effect that Dr. Rosen, a German Minister to Morocco, and K. Revoil, representing France, reached a complete agreement on all the disputed points of the Moroccan question at their conference yesterday.

Both parties are entirely satisfied with the arrangements. It is understood that Dr. Rosen and Premier Rouvier will meet in order to formulate and sign definite terms of agreement relative to the programme to be discussed at the International Conference on Reforms in Morocco.

Mr. Bole Accepts Nomination.

Special to The Montreal Star.

Winnipeg, Man., September 23.—Mr. J. F. Bole, brother of Mr. D. W. Bole, M.P., of Winnipeg, at a meeting of Regina Liberals received and accepted the nomination as Liberal candidate in the approaching provincial elections.

Mr. Walter Scott, the Liberal leader, addressed the meeting. Mr. G. Brown, barrister of Moosomin, was nominated a Liberal candidate for Souris district. A Red Deer, Alberta convention selected Mr. J. J. Moore, Liberal.

Requiem Mass for Students.

In the chapel of Mount St. Louis College yesterday solemn requiem services were held for the late Henry McCutcheon and R. Normandin, who were drowned during the vacation. Many of the parents and friends of both families were present.

Mass was celebrated by Rev. Chaplain Brosseau, he being assisted, as deacon, by Rev. Father Aime, O.F.M., and as sub-deacon by Rev. Father Perrier of the Archbishop's Palace. The college choir rendered very effectively the harmonized mass of the dead.

BOOM ARTICLES IN THE LONDON TIMES

They are Doing Much to Advertize the Canadian West

Special Cable from a Montreal Star Correspondent Resident in London.

London, September 23.—Articles which a special correspondent of the Times is contributing from the Canadian West are factors making for the present buoyancy in British anticipations regarding Canada, as reflected by the upward tendency of Canadian Pacific, Hudson's Bay, Canada North-West Land, Calgary and Edmonton, and other stocks. The correspondent has a most careful analysis of the causes of the western growth and the fact that he is also intimately acquainted with South Africa adds weight to his conclusions that in no country in the world are the opportunities so great as now in the Canadian West, for a man with nothing but a stout heart and willing hands.

The Times itself is so impressed that in its first editorial it says: "What part is the Canadian West to play in the history of the Empire and the world? That problem Canadians and we have to solve together. It is a problem which both of us may approach with full hope, but hope ever tempered by awe, at the immensity of the issues for good or evil which hang on the solution."

WINDERMERE.

A good salad is always dressed with Adolphe Puget Olive Oil.
355 15 law

THE KING ONCE AGAIN MAN OF WEEK IN ENGLAND

His Influence in the World of Imperial Politics is Felt.

DOES NOT IMPOSE HIS IDEAS, HOWEVER.

Recent Interview With Leader of the Opposition Causes Comment in Great Britain.

Special Cable to The Montreal Star.

London, September 23.—The King once again is the man of the week. Though deprived of constitutional power, he has managed to give a new and much needed lead to the ministerial policy, and has done so without arousing the smallest suggestion that he has been trespassing beyond his proper province as sovereign.

The ministerial army policy has come more and more in recent years under the influence of a purely military element, whose ultimate end, if not aim, is some form of compulsory service. This policy, in its attempt to reduce the volunteer force by some 70,000 men, who cannot comply with the rigor of the new training and other regulations, and will not promise to serve abroad and to turn what remains of the bodies from citizen soldiers into imitation regulars, has provoked the bitterest opposition among the volunteers themselves and the general public, who have no ambition to see England Germanized.

Now, the King is a keen army man, but an Englishman first. Hence, he first encourages the Scottish volunteers to hold a gigantic review at Edinburgh, and also encourages the Minister of War himself to attend, and in warmly commending the patriotism of the volunteers uses a few well-chosen words, which make it quite clear that he, as the titular head of the army, regards the volunteers as a force of the highest national value for the defence of the home country, not for foreign service.

Only those who realize the influence which the Sovereign still retains in England can appreciate how completely this royal action is likely to stimulate the volunteer movement and act as a counter check to British professional militarism.

Another noteworthy Royal act is King Edward's marked attentions to Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman at Marienbad, where the Sovereign looks to find a successor to Mr. Balfour, though Lord Spencer's poor health and Lord Rosebery's self - obliteration leaves no room for doubt that Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman would now be in any case practically the unanimous choice of the party.

Special to The Montreal Star.

Halifax, N.S., September 23.—Halifax citizens gave a brilliant ball last night in honor of Prince Louis of Battenberg and the officers of the six ships of the second cruiser squadron now in port.

The ball took place in the provincial building, which was elaborately decorated for the occasion. The dancing was in the Legislative Council Chamber, and supper was served in the Assembly Chamber.

The attendance numbered between 300 and 400, the company including the elite of the city. Major-General Sir Charles and Lady Parsons gave a large garden party at Bellevue in the afternoon in honor of the Prince.

Mrs. Thomas Macdougall of Quebec is spending a few days in the city.

STYLE and COMFORT With a Buckley & Sons' Hat
THE WALDRON DROUIN CO., LTD., Agents for Canada



Aird's Water Fall
A DELICIOUS LOAF.

Singers Daily Lessons. Breathing the secret. Method endorsed by Albert Visetti. Practice rooms open day and evening for use of pupils and strangers in city. O STEWART TAYLOR, 169 Peel St. Phone Up. 2733
226x6

DEATH.

FRASER—At Fraser's Point, Dundee, on the morning of the 18th inst., Sarah Sutherland, wife of the late Hugh Fraser. Funeral took place Wednesday, the 20th inst.

"MARK WELL" Your Grocer makes less money on the sale of
"SALADA"
CEYLON TEA
than on others. But notwithstanding this fact, he prefers selling "Salada" on account of the great satisfaction it gives his customers.
BLACK OR GREEN | SEALED PACKETS ONLY

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MUNDERLOH & CO.,
Electrical Supplies,
61 ST. SULPICE STREET,
Opposite Notre Dame Church.

The turn of a collar, the fit of a neckband, the buttonholes of a garment are little matters that receive great attention at the
Toilet Laundry
It is through looking after little details like this that we can be sure of retaining your custom, once you have given our work a trial.
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Phones: Up. 3480, 3481, 3482.

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The cheap, scientific fuel.
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New York Life Building
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of excellence is the ever increasing demand and popularity of



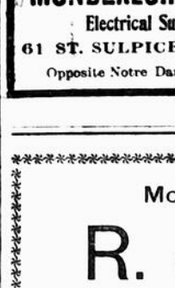
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END YOUR SHAVING TROUBLES
BE YOUR OWN BARBER. SHAVE COMFORTABLY AT HOME WITH A
NEW STAR Safety Razor
Makes a close, clean and delightful shave in a moment. No danger of cutting or irritating the face. Blades are glass temper; will hold a keen and smooth edge for years. No waiting; no skin disease; no trouble.
Endorsed by over 500,000 satisfied users all over the world.
For 28 years the only Safety Razor that has given universal satisfaction.
DONT EXPERIMENT. All Good things are imitated, The "STAR" SAFETY has been IMITATED, but never DUPLICATED.
The genuine Safety has three stars on the blade. PRICE $2.00.
ELEGANT SHAVING OUTFITS, containing Star Razor, Star Diagonal Strop, Star Stroppers, etc. Price from $5.00. Your money back if not satisfactory.
Correspondence always a pleasure.
L. J. A. SURVEYER
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More Popular Every Year
R. J. Tooke's Shirts

J. P. SAUER & SONS GUNS
This firm, established in 1751, has made Sporting Shot Guns a specialty, and to-day there is no maker turning out Shot Guns by machinery who can compete with them in the fitting, finish and balance, and certainly none can beat them in the shooting qualities of their guns, which we will describe.
LOCKS AND ACTION are the genuine Anson and Deeley System, considered by experts to be the best.
STOCKS of selected Italian Walnut, with pistol grip and rubber-butt-plate.
BARRELS are Krupp's "genuine Fluid Steel," and beautifully finished.
THE BORING is done on the most modern system, and correct shooting is guaranteed. The RIB is a beautifully matted extension rib.
The LOCKING SYSTEM, consisting of their extension rib, and two bolts on the lug, gives three distinct catches, assuring an absolutely secure lock.
SAUER GUNS, No. 1. Price..... $60.00
SAUER GUNS, No. 2. Price..... $80.00
SAUER GUNS, No. 3. Price..... $100.00
Nos. 2 and 3 Guns have the round cross bolt through the top extension, making four distinct fastenings.
We have taken the Canadian agency for guns made by J. P. Sauer & Son, Suhl, Germany, and invite your inspection of a shipment of 12-Gauge Guns which have just arrived, or we will send free booklet describing these Guns.
T. W. BOYD & SON,
27 NOTRE DAME STREET.
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Good Fur Felt Hat!
That's the kind we sell lots of, and there are none better or as good for the money. An English or an American Hat, direct from the makers, good qualities that will keep their color and shape and always correct in style.
By the wearing qualities you shall prove them.
We invite you to examine them. Other Hats sold at $2.50 do not equal them, and others sold at $3.00 are no better.
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OPEN TILL 11 P. M. TO-NIGHT.

Dent's Gloves a Specialty—From $1.00 up
For people whom no second grade Glove will satisfy, nothing else just suits them as do these Dent's British Make Gloves (D.B.M. stamped on every pair we sell), and Perrin's French Gloves.
They KNOW that the leathers have been nine months in the tanning, that the skins they are made from were picked from among the best in the English markets, that the Gloves are made in the best possible manner—wax sewn, pricked seams, double gusseted. The mark insures all this.
They KNOW they are the best money can procure. Yet they are moderately priced:
Walking Gloves, medium and heavy weights, tan shades, $1.00, regularly sold for $1.25 and $1.50.
Dent's Ox. Tan, new red arrow backs, in Cuba and Havana, special price, $1.25.
Dent's one horn button York tan, red arrow, spear points, $1.50.
Dent's one horn Russian washable leather, $1.50.
Dent's one dome Ox. gold tan duplex, $1.50.
Ladies' silver dome white pique washable, $1.50, $1.75.
Perrin's French Gloves a specialty, every shade, short or long fingers, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, and $1.75.
Perrin's gray suedes, 3 shades, from $1.25 to $1.75.
We want you to try a pair or two of these Gloves. You'll see the difference, and you, too, will insist on having the D.B.M. Gloves, and Perrin's Gloves, to be obtained at
The Hannan Store, 213 and 215 St. James St.

Books of the Week Reviewed; "Orrain." Some Others.

By George Murray, B. A., Oxon., F. R. S. C.

Orrain. By S. Levett-Yeats. (Methuen and Co., London, W. C.)

This novel, which has quickly attained a second edition has met with a most favorable reception in England. The author has set foot in the field of romance and appears to be well qualified to run a course with some of the best accredited holders of that field. If he could always write as soundly and as strongly as he does, this writer should go far as the French say. Grace of style and ease of diction are joined to keen imagination and a pretty taste in romantic description. Here is one sentence only, which occurs in a picture of Fontevrault Forest. "Around us on every side the huge and aged trees, stretching in long lines of receding obscurity, stood like a phalanx army of giants guarding some dreadful secret of the past."

The massacre of St. Bartholomew has formed the central incident of many stories, but it has never been used to better advantage than in the present historical tale. It contains, also, a vivid picture of the corrupt Court of France, with Diane de Poitier's pulling the wires of weakness and bigotry, Catherine de Medici's moving gloomy and jealous, and Mary Stuart of Scotland, a bright, light-hearted girl, flitting across a canvas crowded with figures whose names are famous in history. But the chief interest lies in the varied adventures of the hero of the book—Bertrand d'Orrain and his rescue and courtship of Diane de Paradis, "a Huguenot to her pretty finger tips" says the text. The mad race that he rides for her from Fontainebleau to Paris resembles that which was ridden from Aix to Ghent. The romance is full of action, and well worthy of the author who wrote "The Lord Protector," and "The Chevalier d'Auriac." Longmans, Green and Company, publish the book in New York for $1.50.

Leaves from the Scrap-Book of a Scottish Exile. By Frank Adam, F.R.G.S. (W. and A. K. Johnston, Edinburgh and London.)

This neatly bound and neatly printed volume will be sure to gladden the hearts of all patriotic Scots, and what good hearts are of patriotism, whether they be Lowlanders or Highlanders. The compiler, Mr. Frank Adam, addresses his preface from Tonaghyk, West Sluin, and describes his book as "the reproduction of the leaves of a scrapbook which for many years has been devoted to clippings bearing on Scotland and Scottish subjects."

Mr. Adam has prepared for his readers an ample and varied intellectual feast with which the most exacting cannot be disappointed, omitting further reference to the valuable sections on "The Bagpipe," and "Patriotic Poems," we must find space for one or two Scotch anecdotes. Many of them (as is generally the case with such specimens) have reference to the national drink. Here are one or two of them. The first is entitled "A Slight Difference," and runs thus: "Two cronies were on one occasion going home together in an elevated condition when one of them remarked: 'Well, Donald we've had a gae beautiful day, but whit bothers me is that I canna remember what like the bride was.' 'Wheest, man!' said his friend. 'It wisna a marriage. It was a fun'ral!'"

Here is an instance of "Witty Resignation." A man, being seriously ill, asked his wife to send for the minister, who came and talked seriously with him and tried to comfort the wife by saying that while John was very weak, he was evidently prepared for a better world. John unexpectedly rallied, and said "Jeannie, ma woman, I'll maybe be spared to you yet." "Na, na, John!" was the reply, "ye're prepared, an' I'm resigned. Dee noo!" "There is another story that relates to "A Doctor and His Fever Patient." "A Scottish soldier at Bloemfontein recovering from an attack of 'enteritis' told his doctor that he would be grateful for 'a wee drappie,' the medico informed him that 'a spoonful of whiskey would kill him.' 'Aweel, sir,' said the patient, 'I maun just dae without it; but, doctor, come up close tae me.' The doctor obliged him. 'Ah! thank ye, doctor,' said the soldier, sighing contentedly, 'yer breath's verra refreshin.'" Here is "The Latest Insult to Scotland." An English paper thus describes the Scottish national dish: "A Haggis is a meat boiled in dog's meat, and served in a bagpipe." The force of fancy can no further go.

I. Little Stories of Courtship. By Mary S. Cutting. (N.Y., McClure and Phillips.) II. The Freedom of Life. By Annie P. Call. (Boston, Little, Brown and Co.)

1. Mrs. Cutting is already favorably known by a volume entitled, "Little Stories of Married Life," which probably suggested her present book. The American home seems to be the chosen field of her stories, which are at once artistic, literary and ethical. "Courtship" to many young readers is a more entertaining theme than what they call "hum-drum marriage," and Mrs. Cutting in her eight stories has endeavored to suit all tastes. The longest tale contains eighty pages, and is called "A Practical Love Story." The other seven "Love Stories" are humorous, problematic, every-day (involving families, or first love), financial and romantic. The stories are light, to suit the public taste, but are of decidedly higher type than most of the tales that we find in American magazines.

2. Miss Call's book is of a graver nature and follows the lines perhaps too closely of her two previous works, "Power Through Repose" and "As a Matter of Course." Professor James, in his "Talks to Teachers on Psychology" says that "the writer's books ought to be in the hands of every teacher and student in America of either sex," and that "the gospel of moral relaxation, of dropping things from the mind, is preached with signal success." Miss Call's harp seems to have but one string, and she harps on it rather too persistently, but we have found profit and benefit from many chapters of "The Freedom of Life," and feel sure that it will prove of special interest to nervous women. The titles of some of the chapters may serve to show readers what topics are successfully handled by Miss Call. "How to Sleep Restfully," a good article; "Hurry, Worry and Irritability," "Nervous Fears," "Self-Consciousness," "Human Sympathy," "Personal Independence," and "Self Control." The last chapter is addressed "To Mothers," and points out the deficiencies in their management of their children, which have been at times noticed by the observant author.

The Great Mogul. By Louis Tracy. (Toronto: McLeod and Allen.)

The gorgeous Empire of Akbar the Great affords a grand field for the wonderful descriptive powers of Mr. Tracy, whose "Wings of the Morning" and "Pillar of Light" still linger in our memories. "Many a heart ached because Nur Mahal lived, and Sir Robert Mowbray died in that wonderful month of May, 1588." The providential preservation of the girl baby, Nur Mahal, whom her parents had been for the moment obliged to abandon, and the murder of Sir Robert Mowbray (the conqueror of the Spaniards), by Fra Geronimo, an ascetic and visionary young monk, who was maddened by the success of his country's hereditary foe, are related in the first chapter, and on these important incidents the plot of the romance is founded.

Sir Robert left a son, Walter, who, twenty years later, pays a visit to London, in company with a gigantic and good natured yeoman, Roger Sainton, and there rescue from the Spanish Embassy, whither they have been fraudulently taken, the daughter and niece of an alderman, viz. Anna Cave and Eleanor Roe, with the latter of whom Walter falls promptly and hopelessly in love. There the monk recognizes the son of the man he had slain, and henceforward pursues him with undying hatred and enmity. Accordingly Walter and his giant friend are abducted and shipped to Spain. On the way thither they escape through the kind offices of a Franciscan monk and made their way to India, where they join the Adventurous English traders who do business with the court of the Great Mogul. The chief adviser of the latter is the father of Nur Mahal, a woman of resplendent beauty, who falls in love with Walter. Though highly honored by her unclouded love for him, the gallant Englishman never swerves from his fidelity to Eleanor, of whom he now knows nothing, and declines the grand distinction of marrying the Persian's daughter. Of the extraordinary adventures of Walter and Roger Sainton we must not trust ourselves to speak, as they would require space that we cannot afford to give them. The romance ends happily for all those who deserve happiness, and at last Nur Mahal becomes the Empress, and a mighty one, as is testified by history. The Oriental part of the story absorbs our attention completely, and some of the descriptions are magnificent. Mr. J. C. Chase has illustrated some striking scenes by six drawings.

Mad Margaret. (Toronto: The Copp Clark Co.)

Samuel Rutherford Crockett was born in Duchrae Galloway, on September 21, 1860, and has never forgotten to write about his native county and people. He had a good education at Edinburgh, Heidelberg and New College, Oxford, and as a novelist and journalist has made good use of his literary advantages in his varied writings. He is a great master of the romantic-historical style, and though he likes longer to get over the ground than is seemingly strictly necessary, he supplies in his novels fair enough diversion for readers who are not too exacting. The story before us begins in France and ends in Scotland, in the good old times of "battle, murder and sudden death." The heroine, Margaret Douglas, when we are first introduced to her, is nearly eighteen and has been two years in the nunnery of the Holy St. Brigida of Chevorney. She is "a radiant damsel," and though it has been arranged that she is to marry William, the head of the House of Douglas, she is scarcely outside of the walls of the convent, when she has numerous swains ardently seeking to woo her. Her marriage does not afford her much protection against the God of love, and when her husband dies, she is promptly espoused by his brother James. Even this does not put an end to the fair lady's romantic transactions, for a third lover appears upon the scene. But we must not tell the secrets of the story. There are 417 pages of the book, and these teem with exciting adventures, some of them sanguinary and startling. The man who can maintain our interest during fifty chapters is a practised romance writer, otherwise he could not perform the feat. Seventeen illustrations from the pencil of Sydney Seymour Lucas add to the interest of the romance.

The Winged Helmet. By Harold S. MacKaye. (Toronto: Copp Clark Co.)

As the title of this romance seems somewhat strange, it may bear well to explain that "The winged helmet" is in reality only a lover's token embroidered upon a handkerchief. The scene of the drama is France in the reign of Francis I., and the story deals mainly with the fortunes of a very jealous nobleman, the Count de Beaubleu, his wife, her brother and Gilberte, her maid, a girl of great beauty and high courage. She boldly tells the great lord what she thinks of his ill-usage of her lady, and, by a stroke, lover's help, escapes his vengeance, and flies away to keep a prosperous Inn, there's inn, while the Countess de Beaubleu is taken by force to a convent, and there locked up for safe keeping. The lady's maid has many adventures which we must not reveal, and finally, after a romantic career, when the jealous nobleman has repented of his ill-conduct, and been reconciled to his wife, he makes Gilberte a belted knight under the name of the Lady of the Inn. There are, of course, many other characters in the novel, some of whom do not interest us on the whole, though "The Winged Helmet" cannot be pronounced a great novel, it will while away an hour pleasingly enough. There are six illustrations by Mr. T. C. Edwards.

NOTES AND QUERIES.

Pronunciation of "Beaconsfield."

Editor of Notes and Queries:

D. E. A. writes me. Will you kindly in an early issue of the Star give correct pronunciation of Beaconsfield (Earl of).

There ought to be no doubt whatever about the correct pronunciation of "Beaconsfield." A letter written in the year 1880 to Mr. Corry (the Earl of Beaconsfield's private secretary) concerning the pronunciation of the name was answered by a well-known official gentleman. The reply was that the only correct pronunciation of "Beaconsfield" is "Be'-kunz-field," the "c" long in first and last syllables, and the "u" short. Notwithstanding this authoritative decision, we frequently hear the first syllable given as "Bek."

Editor of "Notes and Queries."

Quotations from Carlyle.

(Miss) L. M. (Montreal) wishes to know in which of Carlyle's books he asserts that the population of England consists "mostly of fools."

Though he made the assertion very frequently, it is hard on the spur of the moment to "spot" this expression of his opinion. Nevertheless, here are two quotations which may serve "to fill the bill":

In Carlyle's "Latter Day Pamphlets," No. 1, "Stump Orator" we read: "The practice of modern Parliaments, with reporters sitting amongst them, and twenty-seven millions mostly fools listening to them, fills me with amazement." Again, in the same series of pamphlets (No. VI. Parliaments) he speaks of "A modern honorable member with his reporters gallery, his fine ventilators and twenty-seven millions, mostly fools listening to him at Runcorn's watch all at hand are asleep."

Chamfort says: "Le public se oublie toujours faute de sots pour faire un public."—"The public forgets itself for want of fools to make a public."—Translated by The Review Editor of "Notes and Queries."

"And Life is Never the Same Again."

[illegible] girl's aspirations [illegible] when the [illegible] [illegible] and who wrote the [illegible] in which it [illegible]

[illegible] of Contemporary [illegible] may be found in Physiology: A Primer Story [illegible] Macdonald.

[illegible] was published in [illegible] and included [illegible] Story, Dr. [illegible] Eight of [illegible] Among [illegible] each of the following lines:

"And so as [illegible] things go wrong,
A sigh [illegible] or [illegible] heaving,
And then comes a mist and a weeping rain
And life is not the same again."

These expressively simple lines are as natural as it is possible to be. They start unbidden to the eyes and lips, as tears fall to the cheeks, because of their truthfulness. They create in us what Longfellow has called:

"A feeling of sadness and longing,
That is not akin to pain,
And resembles sorrow only
As the mist resembles the rain."

Mr. Ionald's four lines seem to haunt the memory and recall us faintly of Coleridge's "Christabel," which also begins with the word "Alas!" It is as follows:

"Alas! they had been friends in youth;
But whispering tongues can poison truth,
And constancy lives in realms above;
And life is thorny, and youth is vain,
And to be wroth with one we love
Doth work like madness in the brain."

George Macdonald is a true poet, and his four lines quoted above are destined to life for a long time.

[illegible]Editor of "Notes and Queries."

An Inadvertent Statement Corrected.

A respected correspondent draws my attention to a "lapsus calami" in last Saturday's Star by which the writer told his readers that "Maurice Hewlett occupies a high rank among the present novelists and romance writers of America."

This too hastily penned statement was contrary to the writer's positive knowledge of Mr. Hewlett's nationality, and can only be accounted for by the fact that the reviewer's thoughts were occupied with the novelist's style which delights the people of the United States more than it does those of the United British Isles. As remarked by the critic "Mr. Hewlett's style is far too sensuous," and at times is so "high-falutin" as Americans say, that it almost degenerates into bathos, and reminds us of the grandiloquent strategery of the Oriental fruit-vendor: "In the name of the Prophet—Figs!"

Of course, Mr. Hewlett's name is not found in "Who's who in America" published in Chicago by A. N. Marquis and Company, but the following slight notice is borrowed from the English "Who's Who," published in London by Adam and Charles Black.

"Maurice Henry Hewlett, Keeper of Land Revenue Records and Enrolments, 1896-1900. Born on 22 January 1861, eldest son of Harry Gay Hewlett of Shrewton, Wilts. Married in 1887 Hilda Beatrice, 2nd daughter of Rev. George William Herbert. Educated in London at International College, Spring Grove, Isleworth. Barrister-at-law, 1891. Publications: "Earthwork out of Tuscany," 1895; "The Masque of Dead Florentines," 1895; "Songs and Meditations," 1896; "The Forest Lovers," 1898. "Pan and the Young Shepherd," 1898. "Little Novels of Italy" [illegible] not meant on his later works.)

Regarding the scalp and necklace of [illegible] boy [illegible] and [illegible] Address 53 Cecil's Grid [illegible] W.

I have also made the [illegible] side [illegible] to Mr. Hewlett and have corrected the error [illegible] about his [illegible]

Editor of "Notes and Queries."

An Unexpected Question.

Metricus writes me: I am in possession of a charming little book of verse entitled "Idalia," without any author's name on the title page. It is the work, as I understand of William Johnson, an assistant master at Eton College, [illegible] I find a short piece of Latin characters addressed evidently to one of the boys being sent from home. The piece is addressed to a boy, speaking of the mother as well as himself.

[illegible]

Matres, si verum, cum [illegible] natos
Impellunt [illegible] patres
Militiæ, perfer, [illegible]
[illegible]

What I wish to observe is that the third line above given is not a complete hexameter, as it lacks a syllable. The writer was a good scholar, and it must have been through some oversight that he allowed the line to appear in this shape. What I would suggest is to change the full stop after "locus" to a comma, add "et" to the line, and then, perhaps, put a semi-colon instead of a comma after "Britannus."

Would not this make it all right, and do you not almost think that this is the way the author wrote it?

I regret to say that if I understand "Metricus" rightly, I cannot subscribe to his opinion that the line to which he refers needs any alteration. He speaks of "a short piece in Latin hexameters" written by a former master of Eton College. Mr. Corry is undoubtedly the acknowledged author of "Idalica," but the "piece" in question is written in Ovidian elegiac verse, and not in Virgilian hexameters. As regards the particular line to which he refers, I fail to see that "it lacks a syllable." The scansion of the hexameter is perfectly correct, according to the following arrangement: "Imbellī patre natus hā be tamen arma Britannus. As the Star printer cannot indicate by type the "longs and shorts," I may mention that the scansion is as follows: Spondee, dactyl, dactyl, dactyl, dactyl, spondee. I cannot, therefore, see why the line, which is already correct, requires any correction. "I pause for a reply," more especially as my correspondent is known to be a classical scholar.

Editor of "Notes and Queries."

Value of Coins Wanted.

G. A. J. asks: Will you kindly inform me in your "Notes and Queries," what is the value of an American gold dollar dated 1854, and in good condition. Also the value of P. E. Island one cent, 1871, with legend "Parva sub ingenti." If they are of more than face value where could they be disposed of?

At one time I was foolish enough to waste a great deal of valuable time in answering questions about such vanities as coins and medals. I am now wiser, and have nothing to say on such subjects. But I have a friend who is an authority on these matters, Mr. Robert Wallace McLaughlin, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal. He has a right to charge a fee for his correct information. I had not.

Editor of "Notes and Queries."

The Latin for an English Sentence.

A lady (Montreal) desires to know a Latin form for the words: "I have chosen my path." Horace in his Epistles I. 18.103, and Juvenal in Satire X. 362 use the words "semita" stated to denote a path in life. We may therefore suggest as appropriate "Semitam vitæ meæ delegi," or "Cursum vitæ descripsi," or "designavi."

Editor of "Notes and Queries."



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Life at the McGill Survey Camp
Where the Students Get Practical Experience in Surveys and Astronomy

Railway Lines Were Laid Out and the Ottawa River Sounded at St. Anne's—Camp Was Held at Beaconsfield—Some Amusing Incidents.

The McGill Survey Camp has broken up and the students have now returned to town for the winter's work. The camp which was at Beaconsfield, was one of the most successful that has been held there, being for students in attendance.

This camp is held annually in order that the students might have an opportunity of studying surveying from its practical as well as from the theoretical standpoint. In former years the camp has been held at a point some distance from the city, but last year it was decided to hold it at Beaconsfield. The places were chosen before were Carlton and Lachine.

The students were required to be on hand for the forty about the twenty-first of August.

CHORES OF THE DAY.

The hours of the day were rising at 6 o'clock, breakfast at seven o'clock, turn up for work at eight. Lunch each day was served at 1.30, and if some of the parties were a long distance from camp lunch was served on the work and a return to camp was made. Each evening the men had their leisure.

All kinds of general survey work was done. Base lines were run and a great deal of work was given on horizontal and vertical angles. Preliminary and location and cross-sectioning as well as instrument work formed the principal features of this department.

WATCHING THE STARS.

The third and fourth years spent a great deal of time on astronomical work, observing being done both day and night. In the day time observations were made on the sun and during the night the men had to stay in the "Transit House," which had been set up for the camp, and look at the stars. Towards the end of the camp when the cold spell was on, this was anything but enjoyable as the students did not prepare for such cool weather in September.

The first year's work was confined to farm surveying, considerable attention being given to detail work.

SOUNDING THE OTTAWA.

The third year had each day an experience which was a change at least from the ordinary routine of camp. Each morning this class left on board a gasoline launch for Ste. Anne's, where they spent their time in hydrographic surveying. The Ottawa River at this point was metered and sounded. There were forty men in this party.

The camp was in charge of Prof. McLeod and Prof. Kerry and as there were so many students the staff of assistants to the professors was large. These were: Messrs. Harvey, Cameron, Edwards, Jost and H. W. Jones.

Some of the second year work was carried out on the Westmount mountain, in charge of Messrs. Livingstone, Dutcher, Martin, Ritchie and Forbes.

COMPETITION IN FIELD WORK.

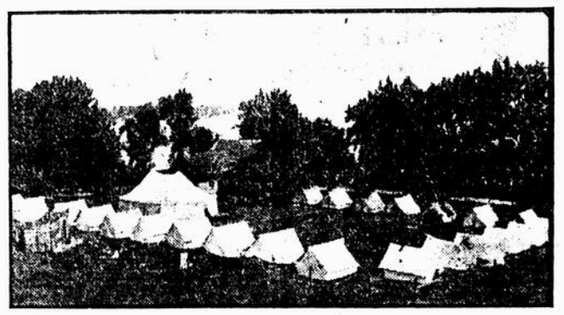
On the closing day of the camp, which was last Friday, a competition in Field work was held. The best four men of the third year were the men who were eligible to compete in this work. The results are not yet announced.

Wherever there is a gathering of students considerable enjoyment along the side must be expected, and this year's camp held up its reputation.

Sports were held on the last Saturday before the closing day. These included field, track and aquatic events. Sir George Drummond kindly presented four prizes for aggregate points, George Trenholme being the man to win the highest number. After the sports a "dinner" was held at the local "hotel."



McGILL SCIENCE CAMP.—A group of students rescue an automobile which jumped the roadside at Beaconsfield.



McGILL SCIENCE CAMP.—General view of the students' tents at Beaconsfield.



McGILL SCIENCE CAMP.—A trio of students at field work.

PULLED AUTO FROM LAKE.

It will be remembered that not long ago an automobile jumped a bridge near Beaconsfield and precipitated the occupants in the water of the lake. Now one of the members of the auto party was a student at the camp, so, when the accident occurred, he called the fellows to his assistance in helping the owners of the car to remove it from the lake.

AMATEUR FIRE BRIGADE.

One day a summer cottage that was close by the camp was seen to be in flames, and "en masse" the students formed themselves into an amateur fire Brigade. There was a windmill close by the house, and from this many buckets of water were obtained to throw on the fire. However, as the fire was nearly out, less care was taken in regard to the direction in which the water was thrown, and many were the wet fellows. One senior climbed to the top of the roof with one of the ever handy fire extinguishers. This was all right as long as the fire lasted, but when the flames had led down and he began to come down from the roof the appliance would not stop and, missing his footing to some extent, he received a shower of the "anti-fire" liquid, which settled for ever the fate of his suit of clothes.

The camp consisted of twenty-five sleeping tents, and one large one for cooking purposes. An old house was also used for keeping the instruments and doing the map work.

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Spanish Counterfeiters Caught.

Special to The Montreal Star.

Paris, September 23.—The Spanish coiners, one man and four women, have just been tried at the Paris Assize Court for uttering spurious money. They are: Manoel Caudet, aged 30; his mother, who is over 60; the widow Fernandez; the widow Marco; a blind woman and her daughter Eva. These people were engaged in coining French and Spanish silver coins in Barcelona. In Paris they succeeded in palming off a good many suprious ones and two franc pieces on shopkeepers. Manoel Caudet and his mother were first arrested, and they agreed to inform on their accomplices. The woman Caudet had come into France with 3,000 one franc pieces, which she was obliged to show to Marseilles, but the customs man there made no trouble and let her start for Paris, thinking that she was an eccentric old person who carried her money about with her in small coins. At the trial Manoel Caudet and his mother were condemned to imprisonment for two years. The blind Widow Marco was discharged, but her daughter Eva goes to prison for five years, the woman Fernandez receiving the same sentence.

Canadian Insurance for Last Year
Shows That Fire Companies Lost, While Life Concerns Did Remunerative Business

Special to The Montreal Star.

Ottawa, September 21.—According to figures of Canadian insurance for the year 1904, the fire insurance companies conducted business at a loss, while the life insurance companies did a remunerative business. Owing to the great number of large fires during the year, including the great sweep at Toronto, the fire insurance faced a considerable deficit in their financial operations, in spite of the fact that the premiums taken in showed an increase of $1,785,120 over those of the previous year. The fire losses wiped out the increase and the companies paid out $929,652 more than they took in.

Of the thirty-eight companies doing business in Canada during the year, ten were Canadian, nineteen British and two American. The Canadian companies were in luck, for the losses all fell on the British and American companies. In fact the Canadian companies made a profit on the operations of the year, their premiums being $2,681,275 and their losses $2,561,475, leaving a profit of $113,800. On the other hand the British companies were hit very hard, their business figures standing at $8,343,666 in premiums to $9,172,919 in losses, making a loss of $729,652. The two American companies operating in Canada also suffered severely, their figures standing at $2,365,140 losses as compared with premiums of $2,144,941, showing a loss of $220,941.

As a result of the unsuccessful operations of the year, two of the British companies decided to retire from the Canadian field, but to offset this another Canadian company was formed and one more American company applied for a license to do business in Canada.

The year 1904 is one of the few isolated instances where the companies have lost. During the past thirty-six years, covering practically the period since confederation, the companies doing business in Canada have made upwards of sixty-one millions of dollars in profits.

LIFE INSURANCE FIGURES.

The 45 life insurance companies doing business in Canada during 1904 had a successful season. For every $100 received in premiums these companies paid over to policy holders a fraction of a cent under fifty dollars, leaving about the same amount to be carried to reserve, expense and profits. The gross amount of life policies taken out in Canada during the year shows an increase of over six and a half million dollars more than in the previous year. The total amount of risks in Canadian companies increased over forty-one million dollars and the assets of the companies were increased by over nine million dollars. In round figures the Canadian companies have in force at the present time in policies $364,640,166, the American companies $180,631,886, and the British $42,608,738.

FRATERNAL INSURANCE.

The above figures do not include insurance carried under the assessment plan. Of these companies there are three fraternal societies carrying on insurance by federal license and one society insuring only commercial travellers, and other people connected with the wholesale trade, in its various branches. The net amount of insurance these companies had at the end of the year 1904 was $123,434,000, which is an increase of considerably over five million dollars. The total amount of policies taken out was $12,370,500, a decrease of $314,500 as compared with the previous year. To sum up Insurance taken out in all its branches denoted a healthy condition of affairs generally, but the unusual number of large fires, made what would have been, under normal conditions, a season of profit for the fire insurance companies, one of loss instead.



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MEMOIRS OF SHERLOCK HOLMES.

The Greek Interpreter.

By Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

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During my long and intimate acquaintance with Mr. Sherlock Holmes I had never heard him refer to his relations, and hardly ever to his own early life. This reticence upon his part had increased the somewhat inhuman effect which he produced upon me, until sometimes I found myself regarding him as an isolated phenomenon, a brain without a heart, as deficient in human sympathy as he was pre-eminent in intelligence. His aversion to women and his disinclination to form new friendships were both typical of his unemotional character, but not more so than his complete suppression of every reference to his own people. I had come to believe that he was an orphan with no relatives living, but one day, to my very great surprise, he began to talk to me about his brother.

It was after tea on a summer evening, and the conversation, which had roamed in a desultory, spasmodic fashion from golf clubs to the causes of the change in the obliquity of the ecliptic, came round at last to the question of atavism and hereditary aptitudes. The point under discussion was, how far any singular gift in an individual was due to his ancestry and how far to his own early training.

"In your own case," said I, "from all that you have told me it seems obvious that your faculty of observation and your peculiar facility for deduction are due to your own systematic training."

"To some extent," he answered, thoughtfully. "My ancestors were country squires, who appear to have led much the same life as is natural to their class. But, none the less, my turn that way is in my veins, and may have come with my grandmother, who was the sister of Vernet, the French artist. Art in the blood is liable to take the strangest forms."

"But how do you know that it is hereditary?"

"Because my brother Mycroft possesses it in a larger degree than I do."

This was news to me indeed. If there were another man with such singular powers in England, how was it that neither police nor public had heard of him? I put the question with a hint that it was my companion's modesty which made him acknowledge his brother as his superior. Holmes laughed at my suggestion.

"My dear Watson," said he, "I can not agree with those who rank modesty among the virtues. To the logician all things should be seen exactly as they are, and to underestimate one's self is as much a departure from truth as to exaggerate one's own powers. When I say, therefore, that Mycroft has better powers of observation than I, you may take it that I am speaking the exact and literal truth."

"Is he your junior?"

"Seven years my senior."

"How comes it that he is unknown?"

"Oh, he is very well known in his own circle."

"Where, then?"

"Well, in the Diogenes Club, for example."

I had never heard of the institution, and my face must have proclaimed as much, for Sherlock Holmes pulled out his watch.

"The Diogenes Club is the queerest club in London, and Mycroft one of the queerest men. He's always there from quarter to five to twenty to eight. It's six now, so if you care for a stroll this beautiful evening, I shall be very happy to introduce you to two curiosities."

Five minutes later we were in the street, walking towards Regent's Circus.

"You wonder," said my companion, "why it is that Mycroft does not use his powers for detective work. He is incapable of it."

"But I thought you said—"

"I said that he was my superior in observation and deduction. If the art of the detective began and ended in reasoning from an arm-chair, my brother would be the greatest criminal agent that ever lived. But he has no ambition, and no energy. He will not even go out of his way to verify his own solutions, and would rather be considered wrong than take the trouble to prove himself right. Again and again I have taken a problem to him, and have received an explanation which has afterwards proved to be the correct one. And yet he was absolutely incapable of working out the practical points which must be gone into before a case would be laid before a judge or jury."

"It is not his profession, then?"

"By no means. What is to me a means of livelihood is to him the merest hobby of a dilettante. He has an extraordinary faculty for figures, and audits the books in some of the Government departments. Mycroft lodges in Pall Mall, and he walks round the corner into Whitehall every morning and back every evening. From year's end to year's end he takes no other exercise, and is seen nowhere else, except only in the Diogenes Club, which is just opposite his rooms."

"I cannot recall the name."

"Very likely not. There are many men in London, you know, who, some from shyness, some from misanthropy, have no wish for the company of their fellows. Yet they are not averse to comfortable chairs and the latest periodicals. It is for the convenience of these that the Diogenes Club was started and it now contains the most unsociable and unclubable men in town. No member is permitted to take the least notice of any other one. Save in the Stranger's Room, no talking is under any circumstances allowed, and three offences, if brought to the notice of the committee, render the talker liable to expulsion. My brother was one of the founders, and I have myself found it a very soothing atmosphere."

We had reached Pall Mall as we talked, and were walking down it from the St. James's end. Sherlock Holmes stopped at a door some little distance from the Carlton, and, cautioning me not to speak, he led the way into the hall. Through the glass panelling I caught a glimpse of a large and luxurious room, in which a considerable number of men were sitting about and reading papers, each in his own little nook. Holmes showed me into a small chamber which looked out into Pall Mall, and then, leaving me for a minute, he came back with a companion whom I knew could only be his brother.

Mycroft Holmes was a much larger and stouter man than Sherlock. His body was absolutely corpulent, but his face, though massive, had preserved something of the sharpness of expression which was so remarkable in that of his brother. His eyes, which were of a peculiarly light, watery gray, seemed to always retain that far-away, introspective look which I had only observed in Sherlock's when he was exerting his full powers.

"I am glad to meet you, sir," said he, putting out a broad, fat hand like the flipper of a seal. "I hear of Sherlock everywhere since you became his chronicler. By the way, Sherlock, I expected to see you round last week, to consult me over that Manor House case. I thought you might be a little out of your depth."

"No, I solved it," said my friend, smiling.

"It was Adams, of course."

"Yes, it was Adams."

"I was sure of it from the first." The two sat down together in the bow window of the club. "To any one who wishes to study mankind this is the spot," said Mycroft. "Look at the magnificent types! Look at these two men who are coming towards us, for example."

"The billiard-marker and the other?"

"Precisely. What do you make of the other?"

The two men had stopped opposite the window. Some chalk marks over the waistcoat pocket were the only signs of billiards which I could see in one of them. The other was a very small, dark fellow, with his hat pushed back and several packages under his arm.

"An old soldier, I perceive," said Sherlock.

"And very recently discharged," remarked the brother.

"Served in India, I see."

"And a non-commissioned officer."

"Royal Artillery, I fancy," said Sherlock.

"And a widower."

"But with a child."

"Children, my dear boy, children."

"Come," said I, laughing, "this is a little too much."

"Surely," answered Holmes, "it is not hard to say that a man with that bearing, expression of authority, and sunbaked skin, is a soldier, is more than a private, and is not long from India."

"That he has not left the service long is shown by his still wearing his ammunition boots, as they are called," observed Mycroft.

"He had not the cavalry stride, yet he wore his hat on one side, as is shown by the lighter skin on that side of his brow. His weight is against a sapper. He is in the artillery."

"Then, of course, his complete mourning shows that he has lost some one very dear. The fact that he is doing his own shopping looks as though it were his wife. He has been buying things for children, you perceive. There is a rattle which shows that one of them is very young. The wife probably died in childbed. The fact that he has a picture-book under his arm shows that there is another child to be thought of."

I began to understand what my friend meant when he said that his brother possessed even keener faculties than he did himself. He glanced across at me and smiled. Mycroft took snuff from a tortoise-shell box and brushed away the wandering grains from his coat front with a large red silk handkerchief.

"By the way, Sherlock," said he, "I have had something quite after your own heart—a most singular problem—submitted to my judgment. I really had not the energy to follow it up save in a very incomplete fashion, but it gave me a basis for some pleasing speculations. If you would care to hear the facts—"

"My dear Mycroft, I should be delighted."

The brother scribbled a note upon a leaf of his pocket-book, and ringing the bell, he handed it to the waiter.

"I have asked Mr. Melas to step across," said he. "He lodges on the floor above me, and I have some slight acquaintance with him, which led him to come to me in his perplexity. Mr. Melas is a Greek by extraction, as I understand, and he is a remarkable linguist. He earns his living partly as interpreter in the law courts and partly by acting as guide to any wealthy orientals who may visit the Northumberland Avenue hotels. I thing I will leave him to tell his very remarkable experience in his own fashion."

A few minutes later we were joined by a short, stout man whose olive face and coal black hair proclaimed his Southern origin, though his speech was that of an educated Englishman. He shook hands eagerly with Sherlock Holmes, and his dark eyes sparkled with pleasure when he understood that the specialist was anxious to hear his story.

"I do not believe that the police credit me—on my word, I do not," said he in a wailing voice. "Just because they have never heard of it before, they think that such a thing cannot be. But I know that I shall never be easy in my mind until I know what has become of my poor man with the sticking-plaster upon his face."

"I am all attention," said Sherlock Holmes.

"This is Wednesday evening," said Mr. Melas. "Well, then, it was Monday night, only two days ago, you understand—that all this happened. I am an interpreter, as perhaps my neighbor there has told you. I interpret all languages—or nearly all—but as I am a Greek by birth and with a Grecian name, it is with that particular tongue that I am principally associated. For many years I have been the chief Greek interpreter in London, and my name is very well known in the hotels.

"It happens not unfrequently that I am sent for at strange hours by foreigners who get into difficulties, or by travellers who arrive late and wish my services. I was not surprised, therefore, on Monday night when a Mr. Latimer, a very fashionablely dressed young man, came up to my rooms and asked me to accompany him in a cab which was waiting at the door. A Greek friend had come to see him upon business, he said, and as he could speak nothing but his own tongue, the services of an interpreter were indispensable. He gave me to understand that his house was some little distance off, in Kensington, and he seemed to be in a great hurry, bustling me rapidly into the cab when we had descended to the street.

"I say into the cab, but I soon become doubtful as to whether it was not a carriage in which I found myself. It was certainly more roomy than the ordinary four-wheeled disgrace to London, and the fittings, though frayed, were of rich quality. Mr. Latimer seated himself opposite to me and we started off through Charing Cross and up the Shaftesbury Avenue. We had come out upon Oxford Street and I had ventured some remark is to this roundabout way to Kensington, when my words were arrested by the extraordinary conduct of my companion.

"He began by drawing a most formidable-looking bludgeon loaded with lead from his pocket, and switching it backward and forward several times as if to test its weight and strength. Then he placed it without a word, upon the seat beside him. Having done this, he drew up the windows on each side, and I found to my astonishment that they were covered with paper so as to prevent my seeing through them.

"'I am sorry to cut off your view Mr. Melas,' said he. 'The fact is that I have no intention that you should see what the place is to which we are driving. It might possibly be inconvenient to me if you could find your way there again.'

"As you can imagine, I was utterly taken aback by such an address. My companion was a powerful, broad-shouldered young fellow, and apart from the weapon, I should not have had the slightest chance in a struggle with him.

"'This is very extraordinary conduct, Mr. Latimer,' I stammered. 'You must be aware that what you are doing is quite illegal.'

"'It is somewhat of a liberty, no doubt,' said he, 'but we'll make it up to you. I must warn you, however, Mr. Melas, that if at any time to-night you attempt to raise an alarm or do anything which is against my interests, you will find it a very serious thing. I beg you to remember that no one knows where you are, and whether you are in this carriage or my house, you are equally in my power.'

"His words were quiet, but he had a rasping way of saying them which was very menacing. I sat in silence wondering what on earth could be his reason for kidnapping me in this extraordinary fashion. Whatever it might be, it was perfectly clear that there was no possible use in my resisting and that I could only wait to see what might befall.

"For nearly two hours we drove without my having the least clue as to where we were going. Sometimes the rattle of the stones told of a paved causeway, and at others our smooth silent course suggested asphalt, but save by this variation in sound, there was nothing at all which could in the remotest way help me to form a guess as to where we were. The paper over the window was impenetrable to light, and a blue curtain was drawn across the glass work in front. It was a quarter-past seven when we left Pall Mall, and my watch showed me that it was ten minutes to nine when we at last came to a standstill. My companion let down the window, and I caught a glimpse of a low, arched doorway with a lamp burning above it. As I was hurried from the carriage it swung open, and I found myself inside the house, with a vague impression of a lawn and trees on each side of me at I entered. Whether these were private grounds, however, or bona-fide country was more than I could possibly venture to say.

"There was a colored gas-lamp inside which was turned so low that I could see little save that the hall was of some size and hung with pictures. In the dim light I could make out that the person who had opened the door was a small, mean looking, middle-aged man with rounded shoulders. As he turned towards us the glint of the light showed me that he was wearing glasses.

"'It this Mr. Melas, Harold?' said he.

"'Yes.'

"'Well done, well done! No ill-will Mr. Melas, I hope, but he could not get on without you. If you deal fair with us you'll not regret it, but if you try any tricks, God help you!' He spoke in a nervous, jerky fashion, and with little giggling laughs in between but somehow he impressed me with fear more than the other.

"'What do you want with me?' I asked.

"'Only to ask a few questions of a Greek gentleman who is visiting us, and to let us have the answers. But say no more than you are told to say, or—' here came the nervous giggle again—'you had better never have been born.'

"As he spoke he opened a door and showed the way into a room which appeared to be very richly furnished but again the only light was afforded by a single lamp half-turned down. The chamber was certainly large, and the way in which my feet sank into the carpet as I stepped across it told of its richness. I caught glimpses of velvet chairs, and high marble mantelpiece, and what seemed to be a suit of Japanese armor at one side of it. There was a chair just under the lamp, and the elderly man motioned that I should sit in it. The younger had left us, but he suddenly returned through another door, leading with him a gentleman clad in some sort of loose dressing-gown who moved slowly towards us. As he came into the circle of dim light which enabled me to see him clearly I was thrilled with horror at his appearance. He was deadly pale and terribly emaciated, with the protruding, brilliant eyes of a man whose spirit was greater than his strength. But what shocked me more than any signs of physical weakness was that his face was grotesquely criss-crossed with sticking-plaster, and that one large pad of it was fastened over his mouth.

"'Have you the slate, Harold?' cried the older man, as this strange being fell rather than sat down into a chair. 'Are his hands loose. Now, then, give him the pencil. You are to ask the questions, Mr. Melas, and he will write the answers. Ask him first of all whether he is prepared to sign the papers?'

"The man's eyes flashed fire.

"'Never!' he wrote in Greek upon the slate.

"'On no conditions?' I asked, at the bidding of our tyrant.

"'Only if I see her married in my presence by a Greek priest whom I know.'

"The man giggled in his venomous way.

"'You know what awaits you, then?'

"'I care nothing for myself.'

"These are samples of the questions and answers which made up our strange half-spoken, half-written conversation. Again and again I had to ask him whether he would give in and sign the documents. Again and again I had the same indignant reply. But soon a happy thought came to me. I took to adding on little sentences of my own to each question, innocent ones at first, to test whether either of our companions knew anything of the matter, and then, as I found that they showed no sign I played a more dangerous game, our conversation ran something like this:

"'You can do no good by this obstinacy. Who are you?'

"'I care not. I am a stranger in London.'

"'Your fate will be on your own head. How long have you been here?'

"'Let it be so. Three weeks.'

"'The property can never be yours. What ails you?'

"'It shall not go to villains. They are starving me.'

"'You shall go free if you sign. What house is this?'

"'I will never sign. I do not know.'

"'You are not doing her any service. What is your name?'

"'Let me hear her say so. Kratides.'

"'You shall see her if you sign. Where are your from?'

"'Then I shall never see her. Athens.'

"Another five minutes, Mr. Holmes, and I should have wormed out the whole story under their very noses. My very next question might have cleared the matter up, but at that instant the door opened and a woman stepped into the room. I could not see her clearly enough to know more than that she was tall and graceful, with black hair, and clad in some sort of loose white gown.



"The man tore the plaster from his lips and rushed into the woman's arms."

"'Harold,' said she, speaking English with a broken accent, 'I could not stay away longer. It is so lonely up there with only— Oh, my God, it is Paul!'

"These last words were in Greek, and at the same instant the man with a convulsive effort tore the plaster from his lips, and screaming out 'Sophy! Sophy!' rushed into the woman's arms. Their embrace was but for an instant, however, for the younger man seized the woman and pushed her out of the room, while the elder easily overpowered his emaciated victim, and dragged him away through the other door. For a moment I was left alone in the room, and I sprang to my feet with some vague idea that I might in some way get a clue to what this house was in which I found myself. Fortunately, however, I took no steps, for looking up I saw that the older man was standing in the doorway, with his eyes fixed upon me.

"'That will do, Mr. Melas,' said he. 'You perceive that we have taken you into our confidence over some very private business. We should not have troubled you, only that our friend who speaks Greek and who began these negotiations has been forced to return to the East. It was quite necessary for us to find some one to take his place, and we were fortunate in hearing of your powers.'

"I bowed.

"'There are five sovereigns here' said he, walking up to me, 'which will, I hope, be a sufficient fee. But remember,' he added, tapping me lightly on the chest and giggling, 'if you speak to a human soul about this—one human soul, mind—well, may God have mercy upon your soul!'

"I cannot tell you the loathing and horror with which this insignificant-looking man inspired me. I could see him better now as the lamp-light shone upon him. His features were peaky and sallow, and his little pointed beard was thready and ill-nourished. He pushed his face forward as he spoke and his lips and eyelids were continually twitching like a man with St. Vitus's dance. I could not help thinking that his strange, catchy little laugh was also a symptom of some nervous malady. The terror of his face lay in his eyes, however, steel gray, and glistening coldly with a malignant, inexorable cruelty in their depths.

"'We shall know if you speak of this,' said he. 'We have our own means of information. Now you will find the carriage waiting, and my friend will see you on your way.'

"I was hurried through the hall and into the vehicle, again obtaining that momentary glimpse of trees and a garden. Mr. Latimer followed closely at my heels, and took his place opposite to me without a word. In silence we again drove for an interminable distance with the windows raised, until at last, just after midnight, the carriage pulled up.

"'You will get down here, Mr. Melas,' said my companion. 'I am sorry to leave you so far from your house, but there is no alternative. Any attempt upon your part to follow the carriage can only end in injury to yourself.'

"He opened the door as he spoke, and I had hardly time to spring out when the coachman lashed the horse and the carriage rattled away. I looked around me in astonishment. I was on some sort of a heathy common mottled over with dark clumps of furze-bushes. Far away stretched a line of houses, with a light here and there in the upper windows. On the other side I saw the red signal-lamps of a railway.

"The carriage which had brought me was already out of sight. I stood gazing round and wondering where on earth I might be, when I saw some one coming towards me in the darkness. As he came up to me I made out that he was a railway porter.

"'Can you tell me what place this is?' I asked.

"'Wandsworth Common,' said he.

"'Can I get a train into town?'

"'If you walk on a mile or so to Clapham Junction,' said he, 'you'll just be in time for the last to Victoria.'

"So that was the end of my adventure, Mr. Holmes. I do not know where I was, nor whom I spoke with, nor anything save what I have told you. But I know that there is foul play going on, and I want to help that unhappy man if I can. I told the whole story to Mr. Mycroft Holmes next morning, and subsequently to the police."

We all sat in silence for some little time after listening to this extraordinary narrative. Then Sherlock looked across at his brother.

"Any steps?" he asked.

Mycroft picked up the Daily News, which was lying on the side-table.

"'Anybody supplying any information as to the whereabouts of a Greek gentleman named Paul Kratides, from Athens, who is unable to speak English, will be rewarded. A similar reward paid to any one giving information about a Greek lady whose first name is Sophy. X 2473.' That was in all the dailies. No answer."

"How about the Greek Legation?"

"I have inquired. They know nothing."

"A wire to the head of the Athens police, then?"

"Sherlock has all the energy of the family," said Mycroft, turning to me. "Well, you take the case up by all means, and let me know if you do any good."

"Certainly," answered my friend, rising from his chair. "I'll let you know, and Mr. Melas also. In the meantime, Mr. Melas, I should certainly be on my guard, if I were you, for of course they must know through these advertisements that you have betrayed them."

As we walked home together, Holmes stopped at a telegraph office and sent off several wires.

"You see, Watson," he remarked, "our evening has been by no means wasted. Some of my most interesting cases have come to me in this way through Mycroft. The problem which we have just listened to, although it can admit of but one explanation, has still some distinguishing features."

"You have hopes of solving it?"

"Well, knowing as much as we do, it will be singular indeed if we fail to discover the rest. You must yourself have formed some theory which will explain the facts to which we have listened."

"In a vague way, yes."

"What was your idea, then?"

"It seemed to me to be obvious that this Greek girl has been carried off by the young Englishman named Harold Latimer."

"Carried off from where?"

"Athens, perhaps."

Sherlock Holmes shook his head. "This young man could not talk a word of Greek. The lady could talk English fairly well. Inference—that she had been in England some little time, but he had not been in Greece."

"Well, then, we will presume that she had come on a visit to England, and that this Harold had persuaded her to fly with him."

"That is more probable."

"Then the brother—for that, I fancy, must be the relationship—comes over from Greece to interfere. He imprudently puts himself into the power of the young man and his older associate. They seize him and use violence towards him to make him sign some papers to make over the girl's fortune—of which he may be trustee—to them. This he refuses to do. In order to negotiate with him they have to get an interpreter, and they pitch upon this Mr. Melas, having used some other one before. The girl is not told of the arrival of her brother, and finds it out by the merest accident."

"Excellent, Watson!" cried Holmes. "I really fancy that you are not far from the truth. You see that we hold all the cards, and we have only to fear some sudden act of violence on their part. If they give us time we must have them."

"But how can we find where this house lies?"

"Well, if our conjecture is correct and the girl's name is or was Sophy Kratides, we should have no difficulty in tracing her. That must be our main hope, for the brother is, of course, a complete stranger. It is clear that some time has elapsed since this Harold established these relations with the girl—some weeks, at any rate—since the brother in Greece has had time to hear of it and come across. If they have been living in the same place during this time, it is probable that we shall have some answer to Mycroft's advertisement.

We had reached our house in Baker street while we had been talking. Holmes ascended the stair first, and as he opened the door of our room he gave a start of surprise. Looking over his shoulder, I was equally astonished. His brother Mycroft was sitting smoking in the armchair.

"Come in, Sherlock! Come in, sir," said he, blandly, smiling at our surprised faces. "You don't expect such energy from me, do you, Sherlock? But somehow this case attracts me."

"How did you get here?"

"I passed you in a hansom."

"There has been some new development?"

"I had an answer to my advertisement."

"Ah!"

"Yes, it came within a few minutes of your leaving."

"And to what effect?"

Mycroft Holmes took out a sheet of paper.

"Here it is," said he, "written with a J pen on royal cream paper, by a middle-aged man with a weak constitution. 'Sir,' he says, 'in answer to your advertisement of to-day's date, I beg to inform you that I know a young lady in question very well. If you should care to call upon me I could give you some particulars as to her painful history. She is living at present at The Myrtles, Heckenham. Yours faithfully, J. Davenport.'

"He writes from Lower Brixton," said Mycroft Holmes. "Do you not think that we might drive to him now, Sherlock, and learn these particulars?"

"My dear Mycroft, the brother's life is more valuable than the sister's story. I think we should call at Scotland Yard for Inspector Gregson, and go straight out to Beckenham. We know that a man is being done to death, and every hour may be vital."

"Better pick up Mr. Melas on our way," I suggested. "We may need an interpreter."

"Excellent," said Sherlock Holmes. "Send the boy for a four-wheeler, and we shall be off at once." He opened the table-drawer as he spoke, and I noticed that he slipped his revolver into his pocket. "Yes," said he, in answer to my glance, "I should say from what we have heard, that we are dealing with a particularly dangerous gang."

It was almost dark before we found ourselves at Pall Mall, at the rooms of Mr. Melas. A gentleman had just called for him, and he was gone.

"Can you tell me where?" asked Mycroft Holmes.

"I don't know, sir," answered the woman who had opened the door, "I only know that he drove away with the gentleman in a carriage."

"Did the gentleman give a name?"

"No, sir."

"He wasn't a tall, handsome, dark young man?"

"Oh, no, sir! He was a little gentleman, with glasses, thin in the face, but very pleasant in his ways, for he was laughing all the time that he was talking."

"Come along!" said Sherlock Holmes abruptly. "This grows serious," he observed, as we drove to Scotland Yard. "These men have got hold of Melas again. He is a man of no physical courage, as they are well aware from their experience the other night. This villain was able to terrorize him the instant that he got into his presence. No doubt they want his professional services, but, having used him, they may be inclined to punish him for what they will regard as his treachery."

Our hope was that, by taking train, we might get to Beckenham as soon or sooner than the carriage. On reaching Scotland Yard, however, it was more than an hour before we could get Inspector Gregson and comply with the legal formalities which would enable us to enter the house. It was a quarter to ten before we reached London Bridge, and half past before the four of us alighted on the Beckenham platform. A drive of half a mile brought us to The Myrtles—a large, dark house, standing back from the road in its own grounds. Here we dismissed our cab, and made our way up the drive together.

"The windows are all dark," remarked the inspector. "The house seems deserted."

"Our birds are flown and the nest empty," said Holmes.

"Why do you say so?"

"A carriage heavily loaded with luggage has passed out during the last hour."

The inspector laughed. "I saw the wheel tracks in the light of the gate lamp, but where does the luggage come in?"

"You may have observed the same wheel tracks going the other way. But the outward bound ones were very much deeper—so much so that we say for a certainty that there was a very considerable weight on the carriage."

"You get a trifle beyond me there," said the inspector, shrugging his shoulders. "It will not be an easy door to force, but we will try if we cannot make some one hear us."

He hammered loudly at the knocker and pulled at the bell, but without any success. Holmes had slipped away, but he came back in a few minutes.

"I have a window open," said he.

"It is a mercy that you are on the side of the force, and not against it, Mr. Holmes," remarked the inspector, as he noted the clever way in which my friend had forced back the catch. "Well, I think that under the circumstances we may enter without an invitation."

One after the other we made our way into a large apartment, which was evidently that in which Mr. Melas had found himself. The inspector had lit his lantern, and by its light we could see the two doors, the curtain, the lamp, and the suit of Japanese mail as he had described them. On the table lay two glasses, an empty brandy bottle, and the remains of a meal.

"What is that?" asked Holmes, suddenly.

We all stood still and listened. A low moaning sound was coming from somewhere over our heads. Holmes rushed to the door and out into the hall. The dismal noise came from upstairs. He dashed up, the inspector and I at his heels, while his brother Mycroft followed as quickly as his great bulk would permit.

Three doors faced us upon the second floor, and it was from the central of these the sinister sounds were issuing, sinking sometimes into a dull mumble and rising again into a shrill whine. It was locked, but the key had been left on the outside. Holmes flung open the door and rushed in, but he was out again in an instant, with his hand to his throat.

"It's charcoal," he cried. "Give it time. It will clear."

Peering in, we could see that the only light in the room came from a dull blue flame which flickered from a small brass tripod in the centre. It threw a livid, unnatural circle upon the floor, while in the shadows beyond we saw the vague loom of two figures which crouched against the wall. From the open door there reeked a horrible poisonous exhalation which set us gasping and coughing. Holmes rushed to the top of the stairs to draw in the fresh air, and then, dashing into the room, he threw up the window and hurled the brazen tripod out into the garden.

"We can enter in a minute," he gasped, darting out again. "Where is a candle? I doubt if we could strike a match in that atmosphere. Hold the light at the door and we shall get them out, Mycroft, now!"

With a rush we got to the poisoned men and dragged them out into the well-lit hall. Both of them were blue-lipped and insensible, with swollen, congested faces and protruding eyes. Indeed, so distorted were their features that, save for his black beard and stout figure, we might have failed to recognize in one of them the Greek interpreter who had parted from us only a few hours before at the Diogenes Club. His hands and feet were securely strapped together, and he bore over one eye the marks of a violent blow. The other, who was secured in a similar fashion, was a tall man in the last stage of emaciation, with several strips of sticking-plaster arranged in a grotesque pattern over his face. He had ceased to moan as we laid him down, and a glance showed me that for him at least our aid had come too late. Mr. Melas, however, still lived, and in less than an hour, with the aid of ammonia and brandy, I had the satisfaction of seeing him open his eyes, and of knowing that my hand had drawn him back from that dark valley in which all paths meet.

It was a simple story which he had to tell, and one which did but confirm our own deductions. His visitor, on entering his rooms, had drawn a life-preserver from his sleeve, and had so impressed him with the fear of instant and inevitable death that he had kidnapped him for the second time. Indeed, it was almost mesmeric, the effect which this giggling ruffian had produced upon the unfortunate linguist, for he could not speak of him save with trembling hands and a blanched cheek. He had been taken swiftly to Beckenham, and had acted as interpreter in a second interview, even more dramatic than the first, in which the two Englishmen had menaced their prisoner with instant death if he did not comply with their demands. Finally, finding him proof against every threat they had hurled him back into his prison, and after reproaching Melas with his treachery, which appeared from the newspaper advertisement, they had stunned him with a blow from a stick, and he remembered nothing more until he found us bending over him.

And this was the singular case of the Greek Interpreter, the explanation of which is still involved in some mystery. We were able to find out by communicating with the gentleman who had answered the advertisement, that the unfortunate young lady came of a wealthy Grecian family, and that she had been on a visit to some friends in England. While there she had met a young man named Harold Latimer, who had acquired an ascendency over her, and had eventually persuaded her to fly with him. Her friends, shocked at the event, had contented themselves with informing her brother at Athens, and had then washed their hands of the matter. The brother, on his arrival in England, had imprudently placed himself in the power of Latimer and of his associate, whose name was Wilson Kemp—a man of the foulest antecedents. These two, finding that through his ignorance of the language he was helpless in their hands, had kept him a prisoner, and had endeavored by cruelty and starvation to make him sign away his own and his sister's property. They had kept him in the house without the girl's knowledge, and the plaster over the face had been for the purpose of making recognition difficult in case she should ever catch a glimpse of him. Her feminine perceptions, however, had instantly seen through the disguise when, on the occasion of the interpreter's visit, she had seen him for the first time. The poor girl, however, was herself a prisoner, for there was no one about the house except the man who acted as coachman, and his wife, both of whom were tools of the conspirators. Finding that their secret was out, and that their prisoner was not to be coerced, the two villains with the girl had fled away at a few hours' notice from the furnished house which they had hired, having first, as they thought, taken vengeance both upon the man who had defied and the one who had betrayed them.

Months afterwards a curious newspaper cutting reached us from Buda-Pesth. It told how two Englishmen who had been travelling with a woman met with a tragic end. They had each been stabbed, it seems, and the Hungarian police were of opinion that they had quarrelled and had inflicted mortal injuries upon each other. Holmes however, is I fancy, of a different way of thinking, and he holds to this day that, if one could find the Grecian girl, one might learn how the wrongs of herself and her brother came to be avenged.

ARE YOU FAT?

Kellogg's Obesity Food Will Reduce Your Weight to Normal, Free You From Suffering and Turn Your Fat Into Muscle.

IT HAS DONE THIS FOR MANY OTHE RS WHO TESTIFY TO ITS EFFICACY —TRIAL PACKAGE FREE.



The Above Illustration Shows the Remarkable Effects of This Wonderful Obesity Food—What It Has Done for Others It Will Do for You.

Don't be fat. It is an abnormal and diseased condition of the body. Nutriment that should have built up bone and muscle for you has made fat instead.

Excess fat is attended by many dangers. The heart, stomach, liver and kidneys become seriously affected, breathing is made difficult, and often, though seemingly well, the fat person is in grave danger.

Don't starve yourself. You will only become weakened and aggravate your condition without losing flesh.

There is a sure way and a safe way. Hundreds of reputable people testify to what Kellogg's Obesity Food has done for them. It has turned their fat into muscle. They submit their photographs as corroborative evidence. Can you doubt such proof?

Don't be fat. Write me to-day and I will send you free, a trial package, postpaid, in plain wrapper.

One happy woman, Mrs. Mary Smith, 275 Sheldon St., Grand Rapids, Mich., says:

"My Dear Mr. Kellogg:

"I am sending you two of my photos. They will tell you better than I can how much different I look, and you can imagine how much better I feel.

"My doctor tells me that the effect of the remedy seems to be to strengthen and fortify the system before stripping it of its surplus fat. He was very much interested in the 'experiment,' as he called it. In fact, I do not believe I would have ordered it if he had not urged me to. He said that he had analyzed it and found it to be harmless, but that he didn't believe it could do what you claimed for it.

"I weighed over two hundred pounds, which, for a woman of my height, is very fat. Now I weigh 135, am plump and well formed, and I feel good all day long and sleep so restfully at night.

"I shall always thank you for what you have done for me, and I will be glad to have you refer me to any of your patients.

"Send me your name and address—no money—to-day to F. J. Kellogg, 1926 Kellogg, Bldg., Battle Creek, Mich., and receive the trial package in plain wrapper free by mail.

Have you Tried Best for BLACK BOOTS U.N.O. Paste?

If your dealer does not sell it, send 5c in stamps to cover cost of mailing, and we will mail a full size tin post paid to any address in Canada or United States. Canadian Factory, Fillmore & Morris, Ltd., Amherst, Nova Scotia. 221 S 2aw

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. 209 12eod

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The Newest Cabinet Photo of His Excellency
The Right Honorable Sir Albert Henry George, Earl Grey.
Present Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, Sent to all Users of
Diamond Dyes.
Read the Easy Conditions.

It will interest the ladies of Canada to learn that a Montreal artist has specially prepared for the manufacturers of DIAMOND DYES an order for the most recent photo of our very popular Governor-General. These cabinet photos are worthy of a place in any parlor or sitting room.

Please note well the conditions. One photo will be sent free of cost to each lady who sends her full post office address and four of the inner envelopes which contained DIAMOND DYE of any color.

Envelopes of other makes of package dyes will not be accepted.

This offer will be valid until November 30th, 1905. Send in your address at once with the four empty envelopes, so that you may get this photo without delay.

Wells & Richardson Co., Limited,
200 Mountain Street, Montreal, Que.
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CLARK'S
Sliced Smoked Beef
A cool dainty dish to coax the summer appetite.
JUST FINE BEEF SLICED AS THIN AS WAFERS AND DRY CURED.
Serve with crisp lettuce or radishes and bread and butter.
Your dealer sells many other delicacies all ready to serve, put up and guaranteed by
W. CLARK, MONTREAL.
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J. P. SAUER & SONS GUNS
Trap and Game Shooters who can appreciate something extra fine in Guns, should call and see the new SAUER GUNS, shown by T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame street west. 222 5

CELEBRATED
BUCKLEY & SONS' HAT
The Waldron Drouin Co., Ltd.,
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"SPRING BEDS"
Ideal No. 33 appeals to your lazy streak. Any dealer.
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Dr. Gowling's English Female Pills
used with satisfactory results for the past 70 years. Reliable and invaluable to women. $1.00 and $4.00 a box. Mrs. Cowling, 82 Drummond, corner St. Catherine, and 202 St. Hyacinthe, corner Fine Avenue, Montreal, and all druggists. 88 294

COMMON SENSE
Kills Rats, Mice, Roaches, Bed Bugs. NO OFFENSIVE ODOR. All druggists, or 381 Queen, West, Toronto. Beware of imitations. 61 365

For and About Women.

LEAVES FROM A NOTE-BOOK.

Music for Children.

Mothers are naturally eager to do the best that lies in them for the highest development of the small bodies and young souls entrusted to them. For the souls unfolding slowly will be some day the arbiter of the doings of new men and women.

So there is more than ordinary interest in a talk by Francis Shepherd before the Mothers Club in New York the other day. Starting out from the general statement that music is not solely or chiefly a medium of pleasure but rather a tremendously vitalizing instrument of education, Mr. Shepherd sketched a picture of the possibilities of music in the home operating as an active agency to develop or control that almost took away the women's breath for audacity.

A song in the heart of the mother will bring the little one into the world with a sunny heart, he told the mothers.

"The cradle song sows the seeds of the musical harvest," he said. "A fine voice is not necessary in the mother, but mother's love is. Singing conversation with a child is one of the surest ways of cultivating a happy disposition in it."

The climax was reached by an interesting exhibition of piano playing by his little daughter.

First she played Rech's prelude in F. "Certain cry climb a victory song with this boy in our neighborhood," he told them. Then she played Mendelssohn's Rondo Capriccioso and a Scherzo from one of Beethoven's sonatas, all from memory.

The child practices only an hour a day, and technical exercises only fifteen minutes every two days. All the rest of her time she spends in applying what she has learned. "A complete reversal," said her father, "of the usual method of grinding away at five finger exercises with a 'piece' thrown in as a sop once in a while."

The child, who is too subdued in temperament as well as the too aggressive rough child can be wonderfully influenced and their natures amended by systematic and definite musical culture.

"In the case of little children," said Mr. Shepherd, "if they are angry singing will calm them.

"Did you ever think that a person can't sing and be angry at the same time? He either has to keep his mouth shut or get good natured.

"But how are these temporary suggestions of gentleness or loveliness to be made permanent? Let me explain. Scientists say every motion of a muscle breaks down a certain brain cell. Every time the muscle goes through that motion the tendency is strengthened in the cell to break down and thus is formed what we call habit. By constant repetition music tends to form emotional habits.

But music affords mental as well as spiritual training. Mr. Shepherd told his auditors, in fact, it furnishes "the best mental training in the curriculum. It develops concentration and control of the emotion, and gives mental training among other things."

The Society Girl.

... that wise little book of inspiration, The Imitation—it is said that it is not the gown that makes the monk. Equally, we may say it is not the frock that makes the woman, and silk linings frequently cover as warm womanly hearts as sateen.

The life of the society girl for instance, is not always pictured with justice. The butterfly, pleasure-seeker and heedless young woman we read about and hear discussed is not the ideal society girl, nor is it a fair painting of the position she occupies.

The girl in society who fulfils conscientiously her social occupations and fulfils them with tact, good judgment and cleverness is quite as serious as the girl behind the counter. And she has a mission, albeit a different one from the station of the daily toiler. Indeed, the average man could not spend the strenuous life of a society girl and live to tell the story.

Society regards as imperative the keeping of a large number of visiting and acknowledging of invitation cards and the keeping in mind of a thousand courtesies that forgotten would mean social failure. The designer of the house, dress this woman of toil and her mother and put the finishing touches to this spend.

What man could stand the pressure of this correspondence with perhaps a class in the morning, a reading in the afternoon, a lecture between, tone or four teas or two formal receptions, rush home, snatch a half hour's rest, dine, then go to an opera, theatre or stately ball, and finally go to her rest at early dawn and yet retain marvellously fresh and beautifully fair? And of course the masculine defender will add, "What else would want to?"

The secret of her endurance is the cure the society girls take of herself and gets from others. Her food is of the best, her bathing systematic and religious, her manicuring perfection, her massage scouring and rebuilding, her hair is under vital attention and her morning rest is assured.

No girl is better cared for physically than the society girl, and her glowing health usually evidences this.

It is well. For the girl whose position in life calls her to undertake social responsibilities may, and often does, perform her woman's mission of cheer and well-doing there as effectually as elsewhere.

The Unexpected Guest.

There are some things to remember about the unexpected guest brought home by the head of the house some day. Impromptu John has a right to expect this privilege. Your bachelor is a hospitable animal, and business exigencies foster the virtue. The very reprehensible habit of "treating" is an outgrowth of the instinct of hospitality. The merchant, being a man, comprehends that his customer and fellow-man will be more amenable to reason if his stomach be at peace with itself and the rest of the body. The stereotyped "Suppose we step out and take something," is a preliminary to negotiation and sale.

What the "something" includes one does not, it is yet more assuasive to the inner man which sets the pace for action in the outer man. Acceptance of a dinner almost seals an important bargain.

Apart from his business training, John as his boyhood liked to play the host. There is much in the good nature that prevails all over the world to back it all amicably with one's self. I have thought sometimes that it is a recognition of the unconscious strong of the universal brotherhood of man. We live [illegible] Being in friendly communion acknowledges a common need and a friendly disposition to further the common good.

BE READY FOR HIS GUESTS.

[illegible] it may be a certain [illegible] concert of the pleasure with which John has looked forward to having a some of his own was the anticipation of seeing his friends at his table. A glow of prideful proprietorship at that home warms his heart at the thought of saying to his old schoolfellow, Tom or his business associates, Dick and Harry, "Come around with me and take a family dinner, won't you?" The glow permeates his whole being and pride becomes exultation if he can meet the civil demur of the proposed guest with "My wife is always glad to have me bring a friend home. You will take us as you find us, old man!"

It is your duty as his wife, the keeper of his house and the maker of his home, to prove his words true every time.

I hope you have what I have elsewhere called "An Emergency Pantry." While John conveys Tom or Dick or Harry to his (John's) room to brush off the dust and wash his hands, open a can of soup. If it be mock turtle add a glass of wine, the juice of half a lemon, a pinch of sugar and a small cup of boiling water. Your cook will warm it up in five minutes. If a chicken soup, beat a raw egg into a small cup of milk, add a tablespoonful of butter stirred in a frying pan to a "roux" with the same of flour, mix with the soup and boil up at once. Set on olives and salted nuts, and a dish of bon-bons to fill out empty spaces on the table. Add crackers and cheese to the salad course and follow the pudding with nuts and raisins. If the maid be well trained, and you keep your head, the meal will not be ten minutes later on account of these additions. The guest must be made to believe that his coming involved no more work than the laying of an extra plate, knife, fork and tumbler.

Above all, and through all, and in spite of all, keep cool. Do not let the first the second the third and the fourth course be a Roasted Hostess.

About Omens.

As a rule nothing happens in apparent consequence of omens, and nothing is really expected to happen, but there is something flattering to our vanity in believing that the course of events will be altered in accordance with some [illegible] message delivered to us or to perform us for some little harmless deceit. I have never had a serious illness or been in a carriage accident," says some one, and then having darkened the attention of an apparently spiteful Power to his present state of happiness he knocks under the table and says "Unbeliefen." In fact, we are a superstitious lot, switches, bits of wood, a broken and switches, bits of wood. It is all dreadful nonsense, but most of us have some pet superstition which we do not like to have disproved by ridicule, any more than children like to be told that it is all rubbish about the fairies that live in such and such a wood. Like them, we are inclined to be angry, and say in our hearts that those who think they know so much will know more some day when having neglected to touch the button [illegible] overtakes them. Horse [illegible] superstitions that want to take on the [illegible] ing out of the game.

The Ideal Wife.

A Chicago clergyman preached a practical sermon last Sunday on the ideal wife. The necessary attributes he dwelt on especially were truth, gentleness and pleasing appearance.

To attain the realms of the ideal a wife must be absolutely truthful to her husband; she should never criticize her husband, nor be a scold; she must look her best at all times; and it is a sin for her to be careless about her personal attire in the presence of her husband.

These are the quite sensible points made during the course of the sermon, but there was one essential virtue omitted. The reticence that will prevent a woman from ever confiding to people outside her home what troubles she may meet with there.

But when are the clergymen going to tell the world what the ideal husband should be?

HUMAN GOODNESS.

The first condition of human goodness is something to love; the second something to reverence.

—George Eliot.

MY LADY'S BOOK-SHELF.

Pen-Picture of George Eliot.

Here and there on the book-shelf you must have volumes whose stiff covers as they fall back seem to release a flight of soul-revelations so sincere and fine as to fill your room with a sense of palpitating humanity. And among those books, the treasured ones of every library, there are surely two or three of George Eliot's.

She is one of the writers whose searching knowledge of the human heart make her best works a real heritage to each successive generation. The world does not outgrow George Eliot.

Among those who knew the great novelist personally and have left us descriptions of her, Herbert Spencer is the most recent. In his autobiography we find this clear pen-picture.

"In physique there was, perhaps, a trace of that masculinity characterizing her intellect; for, though of but the ordinary feminine height, she was strongly built. The head, too, was larger than is usual in women. It had, moreover, a peculiarity distinguishing it from most heads, whether feminine or masculine — that its contour was very regular. Usually heads have here and there, either flat places or slight hollows; but her head was everywhere convex. Striking by its power when in repose, her face was remarkably transfigured by a smile. The smiles of many are signs of nothing more than amusement; but with her smile there was habitually mingled an expression of sympathy, either for the person smiled at or smiled with. Her voice was a contralto of rather low pitch, and I believe naturally strong." On this last point he says: "I ought to have a more definite impression, for in those days we occasionally sang together; but the habit of subduing her voice was so constant that I suspect its real power was rarely, if ever, heard. Its tones were always gentle, and, like the smile, sympathetic."

Dreaming and Doing.

"Those who dream do not do. Those who do have no time to dream."

These epigrams from a recent article by Sarah Bernhardt apply not only to the art students, for whom she wrote it but with equal aptness to the woman ordering a home or the business girl earning her livelihood out of the home.

"It seems to me," she continues, "that the successful ones are those who never think at all about success, but simply work. They love art, and they toil. They make no speeches, never seek to impress others with the certainty of their own success; never, in fact, bother their heads about others or the opinion of others at any time. They work patiently, they work year after year; their work improves little by little, and they wake some day surprised to find themselves successful."



IN PRINCESSE STYLE.

Shirred Waist, 5123. Shirred Flounce Skirt, 5124.

What might be called simulated princesse gowns are to be greatly in vogue this coming autumn and winter and are exceedingly attractive and graceful. Illustrated is one of the best of the sort that is made of pale green messaline satin with trimming of lace banding, but it would be equally appropriate for any seasonable material that is soft enough to make the shirrings desirable. In reality the waist and skirt are separate and joined invisibly, but the effect is that of the entire gown and the model is far more generally becoming than the one made in more severe style. Silk veiling, barege and radium silk are all favorites of fashion and all eminently suitable to such treatment, but the possibilities of the design are by no means confined within any fixed limit. The waist is made with a smoothly fitted lining and itself consists of the front and backs, which are shirred to form both the yoke and the girdle, the closing being made invisibly at the back. The neck can be finished with a little frill of lace, as illustrated, or with a regulation stock as may be liked, and the sleeves also allow a choice of the elbow or three-quarter length. The skirt is made with two sections and the flounce. The lower section and the flounce both are shirred to form headings and beneath these headings the joinings are made. The shirrings at the upper edge give a yoke effect and are arranged over a plain foundation.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is, for the waist 5 yards 21 or 3 yards 44 inches wide with 5-8 yard of all-over lace for the deep cuffs when these are used; for the skirt 12 yards 21 or 6 yards 44 inches wide.

The waist pattern, No. 5123, is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust measure; the skirt pattern, No. 5124, is cut in sizes for a 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch waist measure.

POEMS WORTH REMEMBERING.

Remonstrance.

Daughters of Eve! Your mother did not well
She laid the apple in your father's hand,
And we have read, O wonder! what befell—
The man was not deceived, nor yet could stand;
He chose to lose, for love of her, his throne,—
With her could die, but could not live alone.

Daughters of Eve! he did not fall so low,
Nor fall so far, as that sweet woman fell;
For something better, than as gods to know,
That husband in that home left off to dwell
For this, till love be reckoned less than lore,
Shall man be first and best for evermore.

Daughters of Eve! it was for your dear sake
The world's first hero died an uncrowned king;
But God's great pity touched the grand mistake,
And made his married love a sacred thing;
For yet his nobler sons, if aught be true,
Find the lost Eden in their love to you.

—Jean Ingelow.

THE HOME-MAKER'S DEPARTMENT.

Brisk September air whets the appetite for a substantial breakfast, and the family have begun to clamor for hot breads. There is always a certain dread to the housekeeper about starting in on a round of griddle cakes, waffles and raised biscuits, and when the annual question is put to her, "Isn't it about time we had some hot bread?" she longs for a variation of light rolls and muffins to bridge the few months until really cold weather sets in. Here are some recipes which are easily prepared and can be cooked immediately.

Spice and fruit buns are particularly appetizing in the early autumn.

Spanish Bun.—One cup of sugar; four tablespoonfuls of melted butter, half a cup of New Orleans molasses, two eggs and one yolk of egg, one cup of sour milk, two cups of flour, one cup of seeded raisins. Add one teaspoonful of cinnamon and the same of allspice, soda, vanilla and half a teaspoonful of cloves. Bake in a loaf.

Quick Cinnamon Bun.—Rub one tablespoonful of lard into one quart of flour and add one teaspoonful of salt and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Stir in quickly half a pint of milk. Roll out in a thin sheet, cover with a thick layer of sugar, another of currants, and then sprinkling of cinnamon. Roll up and cut into buns about two inches long. Stand these on their ends in a greased pan and bake twenty-five minutes in a quick oven.

Recipes in which sour milk is used:

Sour Milk Biscuit—Sift one quart of flour with one tablespoonful of salt and one teaspoonful of baking soda. Butter a baking pan and see that the oven is hot. Wet the flour with a pint of sour milk or enough to make a soft dough. Add one tablespoonful of lard by chopping it into the flour. Shape into biscuits quickly and bake for twenty minutes.

Sweet Johnnycake—One pint of sour milk one cup of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of lard, one egg, one cup of flour, one teaspoonful of soda, one-half teaspoonful of salt and a dash of nutmeg. Stir in with these ingredients enough cornmeal to make a dough as stiff as a loaf cake. Bake in square tin in quick oven. Less sweetening may be used if preferred.

Breakfast Puffs.—Two cups of sour milk, one teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of salt, one egg and flour enough to roll out like biscuit dough. Cut into narrow strips and fry in hot lard like doughnuts. Serve piping hot.

Egg Muffins.—One quart of flour sifted twice. Three eggs, the whites and yolks beaten separately, three teacups of sweet milk, one teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of sugar, one large tablespoonful of lard or butter and two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Sift together flour, sugar, salt and baking powder. Rub in the lard cold and add the beaten eggs and the milk. Mix quickly into a smooth batter which is a little firmer than for griddle cakes. Bake twenty minutes.

Sally Lunn.—Three cups of flour, one cup of sugar, one cup cornmeal, half a cup of butter, one and a half cups of milk, four eggs and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder.

PRACTICAL FASHIONS

Montreal has never seemed to favor the introduction of plaids in dress, however fashionable they may be in Paris or New York. This season again they are very much in vogue, and a few weeks will tell us how they have taken here.

In all material and all colorings they are decidedly popular. For a cloth coat and skirt costume, a check is rather too cold in color for autumn and winter, but for a separate skirt, or for a young girl's school dress, to be worn with a dark cloth jacket of the same shade, checks are exceedingly smart. Dark plaids are often made up into walking costumes, but for a coat some plain color is sure to prove more becoming to the figure.

With a black fur coat an effective but dark colored plaid skirt will look extremely well. This style of skirt should be made on a becoming plaited model, and worn with a two-inch belt, either of silk or the cloth. Sun plaiting is as fashionable as ever—more so, if that were possible—and most attractive are the models in which the material, instead of being flat over the hips, is simply stitched down tightly in the pleats some few inches below the belt. In this way extra fulness can be obtained when desired.

For afternoon, many of the newest models in light weight house gowns are of check voile, as well as the colored check silks. These gowns are made with considerable white about the neck and in the sleeves. Yokes and vests of finest tucked mousseline de soie or chiffon, with insertions and ruchings of Valenciennes, lighten considerably an otherwise heavy winter dress. In fact, on the darkest and heaviest of winter materials, the finest and most delicate lace and chiffon trimmings are now employed with altogether charming effect.

DAILY STAR PATTERN COUPON

The price of each pattern is 10c. City readers must call at the Star Branch Office, corner Peel and St. Catherine streets, for patterns. Out-of-town readers will be served by mail, and will receive patterns promptly.

For Ladies, give Bust Measure. For Misses and Children, give Age only. For Skirts, give Waist Measure.

PATTERN NO.	BUST MEASURE.	WAIST MEASURE.	AGE IN YEARS.
No.....	.....inches	.....inches	.....years
No.....	.....inches	.....inches	.....years
No.....	.....inches	.....inches	.....years
No.....	.....inches	.....inches	.....years

Name, Mrs. or Miss.....

Street and No. .....Town.....

Province.....

Address Pattern Department, The Daily Star, Montreal

N.B.—Patterns will not be exchanged. Be sure to fill in correct number and particulars. Out-of-town patrons should be careful to send complete address, clearly written. Send silver or postal note. Stamps not accepted.

FREE TO WOMEN ONLY.

St. James Wafers for Pale and Weak Women are a specialty for diseases peculiar to women only. They cure nothing else. But this they do cure. They are in great favor all over England, Scotland and Ireland, and we wish to have them equally well known all over the world. We know of no better way to do this than to give absolutely free to every sick woman a full sized 50c. box. One box is enough to do a lot of good. If the St. James Wafers for Pale and Weak Women were not a specialty or more than ordinary merit we would not make this offer.

St. James Wafers for Pale and Weak Women are nice little Wafers of a pretty lemon color, and are easily taken. Every sick woman who will fill in the following coupon and mail it to our Canadian agents will receive in plain wrapper, a full sized box absolutely free. All names are rigidly kept secret.

ST. JAMES WAFERS CO.,
c/o Lyman Sons & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Montreal.

Dear Sirs,

I have never tried your St. James Wafers for Pale and Weak Women, and will take, according to directions, a full sized 50c box if you mail me one free of all cost.

My name is.....

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196 26eow

The good cook always dresses Salad with ADOLPHE PUGET OLIVE OIL.

185 18 1aw

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c. at all dealers or EDMANSON, Bates & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT. 189 S17

"SPRING BEDS" Ideal No. 83 appeals to your [illegible] sense. Any dealer. 211 78

You buy a larger box, it holds more powder and so you economize when you use

SOZODONT Tooth Powder

No Grit—Doesn't Scratch

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JOURNAL of CHEMISTRY MAY, 1905.

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AMERICAN PRESS OPINION ON VIGILANT'S FIRING ON POACHING FISHERS

(Detroit News.)

Poaching on the great lakes has become as dangerous as it is unlawful and the situation suggests that the two bordering governments would better come to a mutual agreement which will prevent reckless risks of life. If American fishermen have recklessly fished out their own waters while the Canadians have kept theirs stocked, the Americans should abide by the consequences of their folly. The law of the land makes it a misdemeanor to bring stolen property into the country, but careless toleration of a practice that is always under suspicion has made the fishermen take the chance of setting nets in Canadian waters and taking fish, at the risk of being overhauled by a Canadian patrol boat.

When caught with the goods, the fishermen, who have provided themselves with a very fast tug, are chased and fired upon, as their defiance of Canadian law warants. This practice might be cut short if the home officials would in such cases arrest the offenders and deliver them and their tug and nets over to the judgment of the Canadian courts. It would be done in case of murder, robbery and certain other crimes, why not for an international grand larceny? As it is, the practice is likely to go on until some American fishing tug will be sent to the bottom with all on board, and then there will be an uproar by the politicians at Washington, a useless investigation, and a lot of unnecessary expense.

(Buffalo Express.)

So long as American fishing tugs persist in going across the Canadian line for fish, they have themselves to blame if their experiences with Canadian revenue cruisers are unpleasant. The fishermen very little know, however, that when the inevitable happens and a shot goes a little too straight, causing a loss of life, they will not be content to take the blame upon themselves. Then there will be an outcry for protection to the United States Government. It will be asked why Canadians are allowed to shoot Americans in this fashion and the country will be forced by public opinion to take up a quarrel in which it may have the better side of the argument.

It would be much wiser to avoid this difficulty before it occurs. Instead of leaving to Canadians alone the policing of Lake Erie by the vigorous methods they appear disposed to adopt, the United States would do well to have its own police boats on hand, both to restrain its own citizens who persist in going over the Canadian line and to counteract the zeal of the Canadian revenue officers, who may sometimes be disposed to give themselves the benefit of a doubt as to the exact location of the boundary.

A just and neighborly arrangement would be to allow the fishermen of each country common rights on the whole of the lake, but that will a matter for long international negotiation. In the meantime let there be an arbitrator at hand to keep this war between the fishermen and the revenue officers within bounds.

(Boston Globe)

There will hardly be any international complications of much importance because a Canadian cruiser, commissioned to prevent poaching by American fishermen in lake Erie, has shot holes in three or four fishing tugs that were admittedly where they had no right to be. Incidentally, by the way it has been demonstrated that the men behind the guns on the Vigilant know how to shoot.

(Boston Herald)

They seem to be having quite an active naval warfare on Lake Erie, almost a revival, as it were, of the active maritime operations of a century age. Th trouble apparently arises from the fact that our fishermen cannot be persuaded to follow the international regulations which determine the areas of fishing grounds for the two peoples whose territory borders upon the great lakes. In the past the Canadians have complained that on the great lakes there has been an unwillingness on the part of the Americans to observe proper regulations for the preservation of fish, and that while the Canadians have been willing, and, indeed, have established closed seasons so far as fish catching is concerned, their neighbors on the south of the lakes have not been willing to do this, but have on the contrary, made a point, at close seasons, of fishing in Canadian waters When the Anglo-American joint high commission was appointed in 1898 the regulation of lake fisheries was one of the points upon which it was hoped a common agreement could be arrived at. As it is, the line of division in the matter of these fisheries is the boundary of each country, which is assumed to extend to the centre of each of the great lakes on the frontiers of the respective countries. The American fishermen have apparently considered this restriction inoperative so far as they were concerned, and in this way have provoked a retaliation, which has taken shape in firing from the Canadian patrol boat upon vessels so employed, which are, of course, endeavoring to escape, as to be caught would probably lead to the confiscation of the seized vessel.

(New York Times.)

Viewed merely from the sporting standpoint, the little war in progress on Lake Erie between those whom the Canadians so humbly and kindly call "American" fishermen and the little gunboat Vigilant, which tries to enforce the will of our neighbor's Marine Department, is not without many attractive features. Nobody seems to get killed, though there is a considerable expenditure of gunpowder and some of ball, and the amount of properly destroyed is not large enough really to count against the abundant excitement obviously enjoyed by all participants in the daily chases. The possibilities, however, are at least slightly alarming. Somebody, perhaps several somebodies, will be killed at this strenuous game sooner or later and then there will come a sudden appreciation on both sides of the lake that the business is a serious one in its small way. Irritations and bitternesses will inevitably be developed, and well, there are remote possibilities that an international incident will ensue. Apparently our fishermen are entirely in the wrong. Chance and several other things have brought it about that a majority of the fish left in the lake congregate on the Canadian side. This, and this alone, presumably makes the Americans the lawbreaking aggressors, the Canadians the righteous defenders. The situation is unpleasant and embarrassing—so unpleasant and so embarrassing that in our opinion the authorities in the ports whence these piratical fishermen start on their voyages and to which they bring their booty ought to wake up and devise some scheme by which they can put an end to what are undoubtedly impudent affronts to a friendly power. Perhaps the simplest something to do would be to come to an arrangement with the Dominion Government under which the lake fishing would be free to all, with or without the payment of agreed fees when the "nationals" of either country pass out of their own waters. That would be vastly better than the equipment of the Vigilant with the rapid-fire gun for which her commander is now pleading.

(New York Globe.)

The American papers have, of late, contained numerous news items dealing with friction along our northern border—lumber troubles between loggers of Maine and New Brunswick "flag incidents" on the lake coast and pursuit of American fishing vessels by armed Canadian tugs in Lake Erie—all of which serve to remind the busy American for the moment that a proud and self-reliant people live between us and the Northern Lights. But if the average American should be asked to predict the future of this Canada he would probably reply somewhat as follows: "Oh, she'll join us when she gets tired of roughing it alone." Or, in other words, Canada will, some day, furl her distinctive flag, press her maple leaves between the covers of her belligerent school histories, put away her perky little beaver in moth balls, submit gracefully, and be annexed.

Once upon a time or, to be more precise, in the middle eighties there was undeniably a strong annexationist sentiment in Canada, particularly in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Manitoba. Whatever may have inspired it, and the reasons grew mainly from tariff differences, this sentiment is no longer to be reckoned with in Canada, and one can travel from Halifax to Vancouver and scarcely meet, though he be diligently sought for, a single simon-pure annexationist.

Within the last twenty years a new ideal, or, rather, a passionate development of one that is as ancient as humanity, has become more and more manifest in the world, the ideal of nationality. To be free, to be able to observe one's customs, to speak one's native tongue, to develop one's own characteristic institutions, to live one's national life untrammelled by outside influences and restrictions—this ideal is stirring in the hearts of many different races and peoples to-day. Norway has felt its quickening power and suddenly sprung forth into the arena, a nation. Australia, Hungary, Poland, Armenia, Macedonia, Arabia, all are conscious of a call to rise and walk alone. And the Dominion of Canada has likewise fallen under the inspiring influence of this ideal.

The Dominion, of course, is, to most intents and purposes, a nation now, for the bonds that bind her to Great Britain are frail at best, but Canadians have, in the last five years, awakened to the possibilities of their vast country and, roused from the torpor of a century of easy-going colonialism, look confidently forward to the future.

Will this budding empire of freemen consent to lose its identity in that of its great neighbor to the south? Will 6,000,000 sturdy Canadians, everyone of them a politician born and bred, agree to constitute a minority of 1 to, say, 13 at Washington when they can manage their own affairs in their own Canadian way at Ottawa?

To paraphrase Horace Greeley: Young man, go north—and see.



—Design by May Manton.

Full Blouse or Guimpe, 5134. Graduated Tucked Skirt, 4980.

A SIMPLE AFTERNOON GOWN.

Such simple afternoon gowns as this one are charming made of challie, cashmere or any other similar material and are in the height of style. In the illustration bananna colored dotted cashmere is trimmed with a heavy lace banding and the neck is made high and the sleeves long, but the model can be varied by the omission of the collar and the cuffs, giving the effect shown in the back view. When made in this way it becomes somewhat more dressy and appropriate to even a greater variety of materials, taffeta and flowered louisines, giving a peculiarly desirable result.

For a woman of medium size will be required, for a waist 3 3-4 yards of material 21, 3 yards 27 or 2 yards 44 inches wide with 2 3-4 yards of banding, for the skirt 13 3-4 yards 21, 10 1-2 yards 27 or 6 1-4 yards 44 inches wide.

A May Manton pattern of the waist, No. 5134, sizes 32 to 40, or of the skirt, No. 4980, sizes 22 to 30, will be mailed to any address by the Fashion Department of this paper on receipt of ten cents for each.

Military Happenings.

It was thought by the members of the militia that with the formation of the Militia Council many mistakes which before were apparently caused by lack of concerted action by the heads of the different military branches could be rectified. But to an outsider there are many ways in which there is still room for improvement. Ask any artillery officer, garrison or field, in Montreal or elsewhere what he thinks of Petewawa as an artillery range. He will tell you his corps has been ordered there for practice on some date in August, then changed to September, then told it may be the end of October before the range will be ready for his detachment. In the meantime, not a shot has been fired, and the Government has kept a staff of officers and all the available men of the permanent force from Kingston and Quebec at Petewawa for the purpose of carrying out practice.

We are told that the men of the Engineer Corps did good work this year, both at Levis Camp and at Rockliffe. This work was for show and not of any further use after the camps closed. Why could not the department have sent these men to Petewawa, for it was decided early in the year by the Government to acquire this ground. When the work required in felling trees building and repairing roads and shelter huts, laying telephone lines, would be the regular duty of engineers, and everything done would go towards making the tract of new land of use to the militia. As it is, the R. C. A. have had to do this work and are still doing it, and the artillery batteries, owing to all the delays and postponements, cannot get their men together and but a small percentage of the practice for this year will be carried out. It seems to an onlooker that an arrangement made at Ottawa between the head of the artillery branch and that of the engineers' branch, say in July last, their officers are in the same building—would have saved thousands of dollars to the Government.

MILITARY MEN AT DINNER.

Special Correspondent of The Montreal Star.

Petewawa, Ont., September 20. The vexations of spirit suffered by the commandant Lt.-Col. Benson, and officers in working against great odds to turn the primeval forest into an artillery range, were all forgotten in an enjoyable visit to Fort William, Que. In the afternoon the first shot was fired on what is destined to be the great central military training camp of Canada, and in commemoration of the event the officers were invited to dinner at the Hotel Pontiac, as the guests of Mr. C. A. McCool, M. P., and his brother, Mr. C. L. McCool. The good things provided by the hosts were a revelation to those guests from the East, who, if they had formed any opinion at all of Petewawa and the surrounding country before their arrival, would have thought that possibly the only addition to the ordinary government rations would be the usual fare of a lumber shanty.

The steamer Irene, towing a Government yawl, brought the officers, about 35 in number, across the river, while other guests, Mayor Bromley and several citizens, of Pembroke, arrived in Dr. Deacon's yacht. The dining room of the Hotel Pontiac was tastefully decorated with maple leaves in all the glory of red and yellow autumnal tints.

After the toast of the King, the chairman, Mr. C. A. McCool, proposed the health of the commandant and officers of the Petewawa Artillery Camp.

Lt.-Col. Benson, in his reply, referred not only to the hospitality of the evening but to the uniform kindness and consideration shown him and his staff, not only by Mr. McCool and his brother, but by all the residents of the district, including the citizens of the flourishing town of Pembroke. Col Benson congratulated the host on the share he had had in bringing to the notice of the Government the advantages of the large tract of land between Petewawa and Chalk River for military purposes, and said that the pioneer work begun this year was but the beginning of extensive operations which would be continued from year to year until Petewawa Camp had become a great training centre for the whole Dominion.

The toast, "The Militia of Canada," was proposed by Mr Murray, ex-M. P., for Nipissing, and ex-M. P. P. for Pembroke, who spoke of himself as a man of peace but referred in eloquent terms to his pride in the past record of the members of the Canadian militia at home and abroad.

Lt.-Col Cole, of Montreal, in replying, expressed a doubt after hearing Mr Murray's rendering of "Scots wha hae," as to his remaining a "man of peace" under all circumstances and on all occasions.

The toast was also responded to by Lt.-Col Irving, commanding the 42nd Infantry Regt. of Pembroke, and by Major Huntingdon, of the 97th Rifles, of North Bay.

The toast of the "Lumber and Other Industries of Pembroke" brought Mr. W. H. Bromley, Mayor of the town to his feet, who expressed his pleasure at being able on behalf of the citizens of their growing town, which was now connected with three railway systems, of welcoming the officers and men of the Canadian militia to their vicinity. Mr Delahey, in a few words, seconded what had been said by Mayor Bromley.

Other speakers were Lt.-Col. Duff, of the Army Medical Corps, Dr. Deacon, of Pembroke, and Major White, of the Army Service Corps. "The Press" was replied to by Majors Du Plessis and Grant, both connected with a new publication at Kingston, "The Artillerist." The last toast, "The Ladies," brought three most enthusiastic champions of the fair sex to their feet Lieutenants Mills, Cameron and Roy.

The arrival of the steamer Victoria from Pembroke about nine o'clock brought the dinner to a close, for on the steamer were a number of young people of Pembroke to attend the dance given by Lt.-Col. Lennox Irving to the officers of the camp. Valentine's orchestra, from Ottawa, was present and then dancing was kept up with a vim till the first boat left for camp at midnight. Many, however, were unwilling to leave, and a second trip was made at 2 a. m. to accommodate these enthusiasts, who, when across the river, had a three-mile walk in the dark over rough ground to get to camp, during which they beguiled themselves with pleasant thoughts of a most enjoyable evening and the less comforting thought of having to be up and out at seven a. m. for gun practice.

ARTILLERYMEN FROM PETAWAWA.

War-worn and swarthy with their weeks of exposure to sun and wind, and the constant fatigue of an artillery practice camp, a bunch of Western soldiers stretched themselves at their ease yesterday at the Waldorf Hotel and rested after toil. These were the members of a detachment of the 13th Field Battery, of Winnipeg, who after strenuous weeks in the Government camp at Petawawa, have come to Montreal for a few days of rest and relaxation before starting again, as they will on Sunday morning, off to the Western land.

If the detachment of Western artillery now in Montreal is a fair sample of the soldiers of the West, Canada has little to fear for her military future. Big, tall fellows, broad-shouldered and husky, they look as though it would be "bad medicine" to meet them when the hatchet was unburied. Most of them have already won their spurs at that, for there are a dozen South African veterans, wearers of medals for services rendered the Empire in the group.

The officers and men of the detachment are Major Ducharme, Lieut. R. Johnston, Sergt. J. S. Stalker, acting as section-commander; Sergt.-Major T. C. Tennant; Quartermaster-Sergt. C. A. Mills; Sergt. H. Gordon, in charge of No. 1 sub-division; Sergt. S. C. P. Collier, in charge of No. 2 sub-division; Sergt. H. J. Hudson, in charge of No. 3 sub-division; Sergt. J. Grindey, in charge of No. 4 sub-division; Sergt. Black, Corp. H. Quinn (a former Montrealer), Bombardiers Brierley, Bates, and R. Bronton; Gunners Braithwaite, Cheyne, Chapman, Giraud, Greenwood, Jackson, Oliver, Orr, Whitehead, Bevin, McVicar and Raalte.

The Winnipeg quota at Petawawa consisted of four sub-divisions. They came to the camp to take part in the competitive practice of the Dominion Artillery Association, and they report that over and above the practice acquired there has been a rattling good time provided for officers and men throughout the camp. Eight men of the detachment qualified as competent gun-layers. Corp. Quinn, once of Montreal, and now of Winnipeg, Bombardiers Brierley and Bates, Gunners Chapman, Jackson, Oliver, Orr and Whitehead.

The most interesting feature in connection with the group now visiting Montreal is that so many of them are medal men. The major himself is an old Montreal loan, having served in the Montreal Field Battery in 1885, under Col. Stevenson. He has served in the artillery for twenty-two years.

Sergeant Gordon has had nineteen years' service. He was in "C" Battery, with "Gat." Howard, in South Africa, and also in the Second C. M. R. He wears the King's and Queen's South African medals. Sergt. Mills was with the first Canadian contingent ad served in the South African Constabulary, for three years. Sergt Hudson wears the South African medal, having served in "C" Battery. Sergt. Collier has the Coronation decoration. Sergt. Grindey is a veteran of the Second C. M. R. Gunners Giraud and Bevin were in the Imperial Yeomanry. Gunner Braithwaite has the King's and Queen's medals, having served with Paget's Horse in South Africa. Lieut. Johnston served in the Canadian Postal Corps in South Africa.

Major Ducharme, speaking of the weeks spent in camp at Petawawa, said that he and his men had enjoyed the outing very much. Of the camp itself he said: "The Petawawa camp is a very good one. It gives the active service conditions, never before attained by any camp in Canada."

"You'd think so from the way we climbed that kopje yesterday," remarked Sergt. Collier, who had played the game in South Africa.

"The ground is yet in a rough state," continued Major Ducharme. "But after the Government has put on it the projected improvements, it will be one of the finest artillery ranges in America."

A pretty wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Point St. Charles, on September 20th, when the Rev. E. A. McKenzie united in marriage Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Mr. Thomas Wallace to Mr. Thomas E. Clendening. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore white Brussels net over cream silk, her veil being fastened with lily of the valley. She carried a bouquet of white roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Wallace, sister of the bride, wore cream silk, and carried a bouquet of pink roses. The bride's going away gown was of navy blue silk, with red velvet toque. The honeymoon will be spent at Toronto and Niagara Falls.

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With the aid of proper living, Angier's Emulsion will cure consumption in the earlier stages and give the greatest possible relief in the later stages. It relieves the expectoration, removes the pain from the chest, reduces the fever, makes breathing easy, allays the night sweats and checks the diarrhœa. It induces an increase of body weight and strength.

All bright housewives say it's best in every way.

ELECTRO Silver Polish SILICON

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FACEOZONE.

DR SIMON'S FACEOZONE washes away and dissolves all blemishes, Pimples, Blotches and Blackheads, and under its influence the skin regains its natural beauty and health. It is deliciously cool and refreshing to use, acting as a tonic and food for the skin. For Toilet use Faceozone is preferable to any powder, perfume or toilet water. Price 50c a bottle from all dealers. If you have any difficulty in obtaining it, order direct from COOPER & CO., Dept. S, 425 St. Paul street, Montreal.

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10 feet x 13 feet—Regular $45.00
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½ Price Monday

Take Elevator to Top Floor.

NEW FALL WAISTS

$4.50 values for $2.50

This is another of our "fortunate" purchases when the manufacturer needed some ready money. Styles are newest and best. Prices about half what they should be—

LADIES' WAISTS, made of lustres, all-wool flannels, cashmeres and mercerized cottons, numerous pretty styles, including the surplice effect; colors are navy, brown, green, reseda, cardinal, black and white, in stripes, checks, figured and plaid effects, sizes 32 to 42. Regular values $3.50 to $4.50. Monday $2.50

Embroidery Sale

STARTS MONDAY.

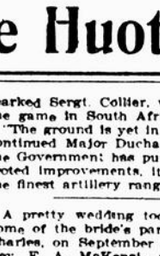
When our buyer was in Switzerland a few weeks back, he cleared a manufacturers' lot of Loom Ends of Fine Embroideries and Insertions. Lengths are 4½ and 6½ yards, and what a charming and varied assortment of patterns, what a pleasure to choose from such a wide variety. Widths are from 2 to 18 inches. We will sell them Monday per piece of 4½ or 6½ yards for from *20c to $3.75 a piece; worth in the regular way quite 50% more.*

Also a very fine collection of *Circular Flouncings*, all new designs in open and blind work patterns. 2½ yards in each flounce. Regular values $5.00 to $9.00 a flounce—*Monday $2.50 to $4.50.*

$1.50 CORSETS $1.00

LADIES' CORSETS, in several new models, suitable for slight and medium figures; made of fine quality coutil and batiste, trimmed lace and silk ribbon; filled rust proof steels, included are same C.B. and Crompton makes; sizes 18 to 30. Regular values $1.25 to $1.50. Monday $1.00

NEW DRESS GOODS!



GOODNESS, exclusiveness, richness and novelty, sparkle everywhere in our Dress Goods section. We never recollect a time when everyone seemed so thoroughly pleased with styles and values. The display this season is beyond all precedent and we never had so a large a collection before. The fashion books are decidedly second best fn comparison with the interesting details of these fall stuffs, they tell a story of newness and novelty hardly to be comprehended by any written description. That's partly why we're so anxious for you to see what we're showing, and because we know if you don't see you're missing what would interest you much.

LITTLE GIRLS' DRESSES

$3.50 kinds for $1.50

This is a chance to practice economy in the buying of Dresses for the little girls to finish out the season with—

MADE OF CHAMBRAY, in neat sailor style and fit ages from 2 to 6 years; colors are sky, fawn, ox-blood and grey, some with white pique gamp, nicely trimmed with braid, strapping and sailor knot. Regular values $2.00 and $3.50. Monday $1.50

BOYS' $5.00 SUITS for $1.49

JUST THIRTY-THREE OF THEM, made to fit boys of from 4 to 6 years; sailor style of navy and grey serges, part of a manufacturer's samples—that accounts for the prices. Suits are as good as new. Values $4.00 and $5.00. Monday $1.49

St. Catherine and Mountain Sts. Ogilvy's St. Catherine and Mountain Sts.

Judge For Yourself

WE DO GUARANTEE that you cannot find, for a similar price, any other coffee that will be anywise alike to the quality offered to you in "Madame Huot's Coffee." This coffee is a blending of several varieties of superior coffees, having each of them some special quality sought after by connoisseurs. It is those qualities blended that you appreciate by the cup when you taste

Wholesale—E. D. MARCEAU, 281-285 St. Paul street, Montreal.

"Madame Huot's Coffee" 1 lb. 40c. 2 lbs. 75c.

Death Was Accidental.

Coroner McMahon, has held an inquest into the cause of the death of Nazaire Noel, who died in the General Hospital from injuries received by falling down the hold of the steamship Marina, of the Donaldson line. The evidence showed that the deceased fell down an open hatchway while he was going after his coat on the steerage deck, and the jury returned a verdict to that effect, being convinced that no crime had been committed.

Complicated Watches accurately adjusted. R. Hemsley, 255 St. James St.

Special Notice.

The "CYRANO CIGAR" is just as good as the best imported.

Only 10c.

When you desire a satisfactory smoke ask for "Cafe Noir" pure Egyptian Cigarettes. 15 cents per box.

CANADA'S FIVE FORMER GOVERNOR'S-GENERAL ARE ALL PROMINENT FIGURES IN THE FIELD OF ENGLISH STATECRAFT AND POLITICS

To Lord Lansdowne Great Britain Owes Her Eminently Successful Foreign Policy of the Last Few Years—Lord Minto Takes Curzon's Place in India—the Duke of Argyll, Lord Aberdeen and Lord Derby.

The late Lord Dufferin, when Governor-General of Canada, said in a well known speech "Viceroys of Canada are fleeting shadows and evanescent eidolons that haunt the



LORD MINTO.

Dominion's history but scarcely contribute a line to its pages." A London journal modernized the aphorism the other day when it remarked "Any intelligent schoolboy could discharge the duties of Governor-General of Canada."

Though Lord Dufferin's remark may possibly have a certain foundation of truth, there have been Governors who have done far more than merely "haunt" the history of Canada. The most conspicuous of these is undoubtedly Lord Lansdowne, the present Secretary for Foreign Affairs. Five former Governors-General—the Duke of Argyll (or, as he will better be known in Canada, the Marquis of Lorne), Lord Lansdowne, Lord Derby, Lord Aberdeen and Lord Minto—are still prominent in public life in England, but only two, namely Lord Lansdowne and Lord Minto, the newly-appointed Viceroy of India, continue to take an active part in carrying on the government of the Empire.

One point which is the continual object of praise and envy from the French press, deserves to be mentioned in passing. All these distinguished men have served the country and the Empire with absolute disinterestedness, some of them the wealthiest land owners in England (Lord Lansdowne has an annual rent roll of $300,000 from his Irish estates alone, and Lord Derby owns a large slice of the county of Lancashire), and sons of the noblest families. The ambition to equal the fame of their illustrious ancestors is probably the chief spur that drives them to the service of their Empire. No other country in the world has the devoted and disinterested service of its best blood in such a manner.

LORD LANSDOWNE.

First and foremost of former Dominion Governors-General stands Lord



THE MARQUIS OF LANSDOWNE.

Lansdowne, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs. Much water has passed under the bridges since he went to Canada in 1883, never for a thoroughly hostile reception, and by his quiet tact and thoughtfulness turned enemies into admirers. He was no pale ghost to haunt mercly the history and the environment in which he found himself. From Canada to India, and thence to the War Ministry. There was no break in the success of Lord Lansdowne's career. He is considered in Ireland as one of the most eloquent of the Conservative orators and he was the backbone of the Secretaryship of War with a record of which any man might be proud.

Never has the public memory proved itself shorter than in the case of the failures of the Boer War. Long after the early British defeats, the press continued to laud Lord Lansdowne's imperturbable and powerful calm. At the present day he stands at the head of the Cabinet. He is, as Minister for War, responsible for the reorganization of the British army, and he is the trusted adviser of the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Balfour, in the delicate negotiations which have resulted in the wisdom of the Entente with France.

Lord Lansdowne is in the front rank of living statesmen and he is equally with Premier Balfour, Joseph Chamberlain, Mr. Ritchie, the late Mr. John Hay, Mr. Root, Count Lamsdorff, M. Rouvier, the late Mr. John Hay. He is a powerful factor in the relations between the United States regarding the question of the fortifying of the Panama Canal, the war of Russia, intrigues of Pekin, and with the greatest sympathy and dignity at the time of the South Sea outrages, and is fearless in his condemnation for the Japanese atrocities and the attitude with France, and is absolute and courteous. Lord Lansdowne has certainly retained for a statesman, which is eminently and deservedly in a British statesman. He stands head and shoulders above all others in the importance he brings to the Unionist Party. He is the only man



LORD DERBY.

here of the present Government whom the Liberals could not adequately replace.

LORD MINTO.

Of a totally different type is Lord Minto, whose appointment to the Viceroyalty is another proof of the fact that the Home Government regard Canada as a safe training ground for Viceroys. He is the delight of all sportsmen and lovers of adventure, his exploits would fill a good sized volume. After examining the entire list of his predecessors one comes to the conclusion that India has never had as an equal sportsman as its Viceroy. His turf exploits are heralded everywhere and we are surfeited with hearing how he is the only man who ever broke his neck and lived, how he won the Grand National and Grand Steeplechase at Paris, and how he took his degree in riding astride a bike beneath his gown. What we do all more like, and in it the problem as to what Minto will do in India, whether he will take a stand up to Kitchener, or whether he will, and adopt the Commander-in-Chief in establishing what is practically a military despotism in British India. We shall see its capability in the reception of the Prince of Wales on his tour.

Meanwhile the newly appointed Viceroy does not appear in public though he has been seen on most of the race courses during the summer. India is too occupied with the last recriminations between Kitchener and Curzon to devote much time to expressing its opinions on the appointment. It is worth remarking, however, that the holders of the two most important



THE EARL OF ABERDEEN.

posts in the Empire, the Foreign Secretaryship and the Indian Viceroyalty, are both men who have gone through the Canadian mill, and who have learnt there much of the art of organization and superintendence which stood them in good stead at a later time.

OTHER EX-GOVERNORS-GENERAL

Of the other three surviving ex Governors-General of Canada, there is little to be said as regards their activity in politics. Lord Derby, who was with Peel from 1858 to 1865, remains one of the most influential members of the House of Lords, after a distinguished career which embraced the posts of a lord of the Admiralty, Financial Secretary to the War Office, and to the Treasury, Secretary of War, and Colonial Secretary for the Colonies. In his case, by contrast with Lords Lansdowne and Minto, the Governor-generalship of the Dominion came as the termination and not as the commencement of a distinguished political career.

The Duke of Argyll, Governor-General from 1878 to 1883, as Marquis of Lorne, who has just celebrated his sixtieth birthday, will probably be best known to future generations as the author of a number of books including "Canadian Pictures," "The Life and Times of Queen Victoria," "Tales and Poems," "The U. S. A. after the War," and a treatise on Imperial Federation, published in 1885. The Duke is an ardent golfer, and is an excellent shot, and these sports, together with his literary work, combine to keep him from becoming prominent in the public eye.

Lord Aberdeen, Governor-General from 1893 to 1898, is another of the most respected of peers. He, like Lord Lansdowne, was one of "Gladstone's young men," and unlike his great contemporary, still follows the Gladstonian school of thought in politics, in



THE DUKE OF ARGYLL.

which, however, at the present time he takes no very active share. He is probably best known to Canadians as the owner of Coldstream Ranch Vernon, B. C. WINDERMERE.

While the family reads, sleeps or eats some meters are working you into debt.



YOUR

Electric Meter

Is it True

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Is it False?

It has been represented to **The Standard** by experts that there is great discrepancy between the registration of electric and gas meters, and the actual consumption, the difference in percentage running as high as 40 per cent.

Our informants ask What is the remedy? No citizen feels disposed to buy check meters to test the Company's meters.

The Standard gives a practical answer to these enquiries. **The Standard** is ordering from a manufacturer of established reputation a supply of meters.

The Standard will place these meters at the service of the citizens, free of charge, to test the Company's meters. Due notice will be given of the arrival of the meters.

The Light, Heat and Power Co. may be (unconsciously, of course), charging citizens more light than they are using. We will see if this view be correct. It is enough to pay a high price for the light we use without paying for light we don't use.

These test meters may give some one an electric shock, but the consumers can't be injured.

No advertisement admitted to the columns of **The Standard** without passing the Censor in **The Standard** office, and no admission to **The Standard's** columns for advertisements intended to deceive the public as to quality of wares. Don't advertise in **The Standard** unless you mean what your advertisements say.

The Standard

The National Weekly of Canada.

For Sale by dealers throughout the Dominion

OUR IRISH LETTER

Irish Teams Have Been Very Successful in Polo Matches This Year

MYSTERY IN NIGHT ATTACK

Police Say it Was Faked—Owner Accuses Police of Fabricating Evidence.

From the Special Correspondent of the Montreal Star.

Dublin, September 13. Ireland has been very successful in the polo field this season, having won the open cup at Lords, which had been held for the past dozen years by English or regimental teams. For the first time ever the Irishmen beat a strong English combination in Messrs Rawlinson, Peacock, Nesbitt and Hall in the third annual international match. England vs. Ireland, played on the Nine Acres, Phoenix Park, Dublin, on the 30th of September, when Ireland won after a very close contest by 5 goals to 4. This is the inter-regimental tournament at Hurlingham. An Irish regiment the 6th Inniskilling Dragoons won the cup defeating in the final the 20th Hussars, and again the Saturday winning the first and only tie for the all-Ireland Military Cup from the 11th Hussars by 5 goals to 4.

Football has commenced in Ireland each this season. The opening of the season began on Saturday, August 26th with a friendly match (Association) between the Leinster Cup and the Leinster League champions (Bohemians and Shelbournes), ending in a scoreless draw.

Last Saturday (September 2nd) the Bohemian Club acting guest of the Cliftonville, and defeated them by 2 goals to nil. In Belfast, last Saturday, several good matches took place, one of the most being that in which Shelbourne beat Celtic by 3 to 2.

Sir Neville Chamberlain, Inspector-General of the Royal Irish Constabulary, has addressed a long letter to Mr Mageen, of Dundalk House, Count Rossommon, who made such a violent onslaught on the police on the night of the 11th of July last. The Inspector-General goes fully into the evidence which has been gathered in the matter, and concludes by saying:—"I go up to

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A refined, modern, practical business training institution. Business men give preference to our graduates on account of their superior qualification. An interview will give proof of this. Individual instruction under specialists. Modern and practical methods. Interview from 1 to 5 p.m. daily. Term opens September 6th. Get our Prospectus if interested.
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THE MONTREAL SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION will re-open MONDAY, SEPT. 18. OFFICE NOW OPEN. Tel. Up 2474.
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New Term Now Open in all departments at the

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This boarding school, under the direction of the Sisters of the Congregation of Notre Dame, will re-open on September 6th. For particulars apply to the Superior. 177 26eod

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The School for Young Ladies
916 SHERBROOKE STREET,

Conducted by Miss Symmers and Miss Smith, will re-open on Wednesday, 13th September. Pupils who desire it are prepared for the University School Examinations and for Matriculation.

After Tuesday, 5th September, Miss Symmers and Miss Smith will be at home to receive visitors on school business.

Prospectus on application. 197 32eod

THE PHILHARMONIC.

Director—Charles Harriss, Mus. Doc., Cantuar.

The membership list in connection with the organization of the Philharmonic Chorus will remain open until October 7th. The first meeting of the Chorus will take place in the Natural History Society's rooms on Tuesday, October 10th, at 8 p.m.

Ladies and Gentlemen, with good voices and able to read fairly at sight, who desire to join the Chorus, will please forward their name and address to the Secretary.

W. J. HEALY,
218 8 2aw 229 Stanley St., Montreal.

JOHN B. NORTON,
F.A.G.O., A.R.C.O., Lic. Mus.

FELLOW of the American Guild of Organists, New York, Associate of the Royal College of Organists, Lon., Eng., Licentiate in Music.
ORGANIST AND MUSICAL DIRECTOR OF CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.
Lessons in PIANOFORTE and ORGAN PLAYING, VOCAL CULTURE and the THEORY OF MUSIC.
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Conservatorium of Music
OPENS SEPT. 18th

When instruction in all branches will commence
Pupils may enter at any time

Pianoforte Competition, for Exhibition of $50, open to all candidates, will be held on Monday, Sept. 25th, at 9.30 a. m. Entries should be sent in early to The Secretary.
799 Sherbrooke St.

221 7 3aw

PROF. WILLIAM BOHRER, L.M.
Piano, Singing and Theory.
PREPARES FOR EXAMINATIONS. 944 Dorchester St.
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209 60

Mr. Edward Broome
MUS. BAC.
Organist of the American Church.

has been, during the last three months, studying in London and Munich, Germany. He expects to be in his office, corner of Bishop and Dorchester, on Monday, October 9th, when pupils are requested to register their names.
222 19

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Concert Pianist and Accompanist.

Pianist Montreal Symphony Orchestra. Lessons in piano, organ and theory. Tel. East 405. 222 6

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Day and Evening Classes for boys and men. Any of the matriculation examinations may be prepared in the shortest possible time. Apply personally to D. H. SHORTELL, M.A.
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Mr. W. Pabst

will return to Montreal first week of October and take up his classes in HARMONY, COUNTERPOINT, COMPOSITION, SINGING and PIANO. 207 6

Miss Marguerite Sym

has resumed her Piano teaching at 242 BISHOP STREET.
227 5

PHYSICAL TRAINING CLASSES

Miss Sara Morris will resume classes in Westmount commencing Monday, Oct. 9th, on SATURDAY, OCT. 7, at 9 a.m., and in the Caledon Hall, 1320 Sherbrooke St., on WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18, at 3.30 p.m.
225 7eod

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Has Resumed PIANOFORTE LESSONS,
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F. C. TAIT, R.A.M. & R.C.M.,
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MISS M. S. BUTLER,

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W. R. Fraser, Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins), Lecturer in Classics, McGill University, 1901-1905, will open Sept. 25th, a Matriculation Class, designed for a limited number of students who aim at entering the University next year. Individual attention and competent assistance guaranteed. Students may join the class at any time. Private tutoring in University, Latin and Greek is also offered. Address 60 Drummond street. 226 9

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will resume his lessons on Wednesday, September the 20th, 4 Phillips Place.
213 12eod

MANY RICH FINDS HAVE BEEN MADE IN OLD BOOKS SOLD AS RUBBISH

Two events have just occurred which have aroused considerable interest in literary circles. A little book, printed in 1590 and entitled "The Tragedie of Antonio," done into English by the Countess of Pembroke, Sir Philip Sidney's sister, was sold the other day at Sotheby's, the famous London auctioneers, and was purchased by A. Jackson, the collector, for £560. It now transpires that the former owner who sent it to Sotheby's bought it, along with several more books, at a country shop for 2d. The second event of note is the discovery in an old Buckingham house of a first edition of Shakespeare's "Richard III." The copy has been lying on a shelf for years, nobody, apparently, realizing its immense value. At Sotheby's it fetched the record price of £1,750. G. J. Howell, the plaintiff in a recent action heard in the City of London Court, stated that a short time ago he bought some old books at an auction for 5s. and sold them for considerably over £100.

These are not the only occasions upon which treasures, literary and artistic, have been unearthed or acquired in the most unexpected manner, says a writer in London Tit Bits. The frequenter of the second-hand bookstalls has sometimes been rewarded handsomely for his patience and industry, though, with the increase of booksellers, and especially of those who deal in second-hand volumes, the task of the bibliophile is, perhaps, not nearly so pleasant or profitable as in days gone by. In those times it was no rare thing for the book hunter, in his search for unconsidered trifles, to come across a work priceless because of its scarcity, and the discovery of which nowadays would mean a fortune for the lucky finder.

Nevertheless, despite the keenness of the booksellers and dealers, there have been instances in which accidental or chance purchases have been made of the most precious works. In June, 1844, a peddler in Lincolnshire purchased from an old woman at Blyton what she was herself pleased to describe as "some old paper." The lot was sold by weight, and she was not dissatisfied with the price of 9d. which was at the rate of a penny a pound. The peddler, on his part, thought that he had made a good business deal, when he, in turn, sold the parcel as it stood to a Gainsborough chemist, who was in the habit of buying supplies or waste paper in which to wrap his drugs. Among a good deal of what he regarded as little better than rubbish was a book which did not readily lend itself to wrapping purposes.

On the off-chance that it might be saleable the chemist offered the book to a local stationer, and, somewhat at random, he named a guinea as his price. This figure was considered exorbitant, but the shop-keeper, with a view of eliciting some information about the volume, agreed to put it in his window. It was there exposed to the gaze of the public, having first been labeled, "Very curious old work." It began to attract some attention, and the stationer, suspecting that it was likely to prove more valuable than he had anticipated, paid the chemist 2 guineas for that which he might earlier have acquired at half the figure.

It was now ascertained that the work was the "Boke of St. Albans," and the stationer, having got possession of it, immediately sold it to a Mr. Stark, a London bookseller, for 7 guineas. The book had no sooner arrived in London than it was sold by Mr. Stark to Right Hon. Thomas Grenville for 70 guineas. It was then ascertained that the "Boke," with many others of rare value, had been cleared out of a gentleman's library as worthless in order to make room for more modern and better-looking tomes. They were handed over to the gardener to do as he chose with them, and it was on the demise of the latter that his widow disposed of the little remaining stock of the "waste paper."

An earlier transaction than this in the book world is even more inexplicable, as, from their position, the parties to it might reasonably have been expected to have had full knowledge of the works with which they were dealing. The Recollet Monks at Antwerp, in 1755, wishing to clear their library of what they deemed "rubbish," behaved in exactly the same way as the gentleman referred to above, and handed over some 1,500 volumes in manuscript and print, to their gardener to get rid of in any manner he liked.

He could only sell them by weight, and he was elated to receive so liberal an offer as 6d. a pound, at which price he sold the lot to M. Vanderberg, who at once disposed of them to a London bookseller for 14,000 francs. The poor monks, when they learned what had occurred, were so filled with chagrin that M. Vanderberg felt it necessary to appease them by a present of 1,200 francs.

** ** **

A pleasant experience was that which befell the well-known bibliophile, Geo. Clulow. Mr. Clulow was on one occasion staying in the country when he saw a catalogue of a sale of furniture, farm implements, and books announced for the following morning at a Derbyshire rectory. Having nothing better to do he went to the place indicated the next morning at an early hour, the catalogue intimating that the books would be he first articles to come under the hammer. The parties, however, did not adhere to the order of the catalogue, and Mr. Clulow, raising a protest, was given the key of the book room by the genial auctioneer, who invited him to bring down any of the volumes to which he might take a fancy. "A very short look over the shelves," says Mr. Clulow, "produced some thirty black-letter books, three or four illuminated missals, and some book rarities of a more recent date. Book by book, in lots of two and three, my selections were knocked down in rapid succession at prices ranging from 1s. 6d. to 3s. 6d., this latter sum seeming to be the utmost limit to the speculative turn of my competitors." Mr. Clulow's purchases did not cost him £13 all told. Included in them were some real book treasures, among them a copy of Dibdin's "Bibliographical Decameron," while what he weeded out subsequently realized four times the price he paid for the whole.

Another romance of bookselling only dates back a couple of years. A country laborer from the district of Llanarth, in Wales, took a sackful of old books and pamphlets to a second-hand dealer at Lampeter, who bought them for 10s. Two of the old books were sold for 10s. to a buyer, who afterward sold one of them to a Manchester firm for £4. This firm sold the volume again for £400, and later the book, which was a copy of the Latin Prayer-book of 1516, was advertised for sale by a well-known firm of second-hand booksellers for £1,000.

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ARE INVESTIGATING CRIME AT MACAZA

Detectives are on Track of Young Man Who is Suspected of Deed

Special to The Montreal Star.

L'Annonciation, Que., September 23.—Detective Giard, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is still continuing his researches with regard to the traces of blood found in the neighborhood of Macaza a few days ago. A close examination of the spot brought to light in the underbrush bits of paper, which, when pieced together, seem to show that they were parts of a letter written by a business man with regard to a certain transaction with some one at a distance.

A farmer in the neighborhood has handed to the officer several sticks stained with blood, found near the spot where the blood was first discovered. He was also informed that a strange woman had been wandering in that vicinity some ten days ago, and that later a young man about nineteen years of age had been enquiring for this woman in the neighborhood. Since his coming to L'Annonciation and Macaza the young woman has not been seen again.

The description of this young man corresponds with that of a determined burglar and highwayman who has committed depredations at various points along the railway line from Ste. Agathe to Nominingue. His latest exploit or at least the latest of which he is suspected is the robbing of the Canadian Pacific Railway boarding-car at L'Ascension yesterday while the men were at work. Detective Giard was informed of this by the station agent, who told him the robbery had taken place in mid-day, fifty miles from the station, yet no one heard or saw the man, but the suspect was seen a short time later dressed in clothes belonging to one of the Canadian Pacific Railway men who boarded on the car.

Detective Giard drove over from L'Ascension Thursday night, but found no trace of the suspected burglar, and he has just heard that the man was seen at an early hour yesterday near Nominingue.

Meantime, groups of people are searching in the neighborhood of Macaza and L'Annonciation to find some traces of the body of a woman, as everybody is convinced that murder has been done.

Quebec Cabinet in Session.

Special to The Montreal Star.

Quebec, September 23. The Ministers are holding a long Cabinet meeting, which will be adjourned till the 28th instant. The only appointment of importance slated for this meeting is that of Mr. Blais Letellier, who has been named Legislative Councillor to succeed the late Hon. Mr. Audet, for the division of Lauzon, including Levis, Dorchester and Beauce.

Special Notice.

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Pianos of reliable construction can be purchased at Layton Bros., at most reasonable prices. Agents for the Karn, Behr Bros., and Brinsmead Pianos. Warerooms, 144 Peel street. 227 2

TYPES OF WARSHIPS WHICH COMPOSE THE BRITISH NAVY

What, in essentials, is a battleship? How does it differ from other vessels of war? All warships are meant to fight, yet one particular set are exclusively called "battle" ships, and the others have designations that are apparently less specific. What stamps a modern battleship as sui generis, as different from all other war craft? It is mainly a question of detail. Hard hitting power, the power of sinking and destroying an enemy by gunfire, is the battleship's prime essential and qualification. The main feature is that such a ship must carry the most powerful armor-piercing guns of the time. At the same time she has to keep the biggest shots of the enemy out of herself. Nearly important and peculiar a feature of a battleship is that the vessel must carry as thick armor as possible on her sides and spread over as wide as possible an area. To carry the heavy weights that are involved needs a large and roomy vessel, for which reason battleships are of necessity the biggest vessels of war afloat. Speed with them is a matter of relatively less moment, although it is, of course, one of very real importance as shown by the enormously powerful engines placed on board to drive the great hulls through the water. Vastness of bulk over all generally, and heaviness of appearance, the presence of large circular fighting tops on the masts, usually two on each mast, the heavy guns being mounted in pairs in the turrets or barbettes on the upper deck point ing one pair ahead and one pair astern the enormous girth of the funnels, as compared with those of other ships these are some points to keep in mind. In old days one used to look at the rows of port holes one row meant a frigate, two or three row a ship of the line, the distinction was clearly marked and apparent at a glance.

A cruiser primarily is, of course, a ship meant to cruise to keep and sweep the seas just as has been said a battleship primarily is a ship meant to fight, or let a battle to give and take the hardest knocks at close quarters. High speed and capacity of stowing fuel supplies to last many weeks at a stretch are cruiser's prime essential. After that she needs guns big enough to smash through the heaviest armor carried by foreign cruisers, and armor thick enough to keep out the shells from the enemy's guns. There is no need in cruisers for very big guns or very thick armor such as in battleships. If a cruiser met a battleship her speed should enable her to run off and prevent herself being brought to action. Armor is required in cruisers because of the terribly destructive nature of modern shells and high explosives such as lyddite and melinite. The quick-firing guns of the day, the smaller of which can fire from six to ten hundred-pounder shells a minute, would shatter and wreck any unarmored structure within a few minutes of opening fire.

How can one tell an armored cruiser from an unarmored or "protected" cruiser? One would require a special Rontgen ray apparatus with a capacity for penetrating metal. This is what the terms mean, when you see them in the newspapers. An armored cruiser carries light armor on her sides and trusts mainly to that as her defence. A "protected" or unarmored cruiser the terms mean exactly the same thing has no armor at all on her sides, and depends for keeping afloat on a horizontal turtle back shaped deck of steel from one to three inches thick arched over the lower part of the hull and the engines at about the level of the water-line. Shot striking this must hit at an angle and glance off, and so the ship herself would not be likely to be sunk in action. The men at the guns fight behind shields (fixed to the guns in stages) or boxed up inside casemates of four or six inch thick steel, while the enemy's shells sweep between along the decks at will. The "protected" cruisers protected against being sunk came into vogue some twenty-five years ago. Two years ago the general adoption of armored, i.e., side armored cruisers in all navies renders them practically obsolete.

Then there are gunboats and sloops and gun-vessels or torpedo gun-vessels the difference between which often puzzles the "man in the train," as does sometimes the difference between "destroyers" and torpedo boats. Yet each one of these terms has a distinctive meaning, and the vessels so called have each a separate purpose to fulfil. Gunboat first of all is an old term going back to the days when Nelson was a baby. Its meaning is a small very low-sided vessel, mounting a small vessel carrying one heavy gun. In foreign waters British gun boats are mostly used to "show the flag" and in home waters for drill practice. Abroad they do police work up the rivers and along the coast in China and South America.

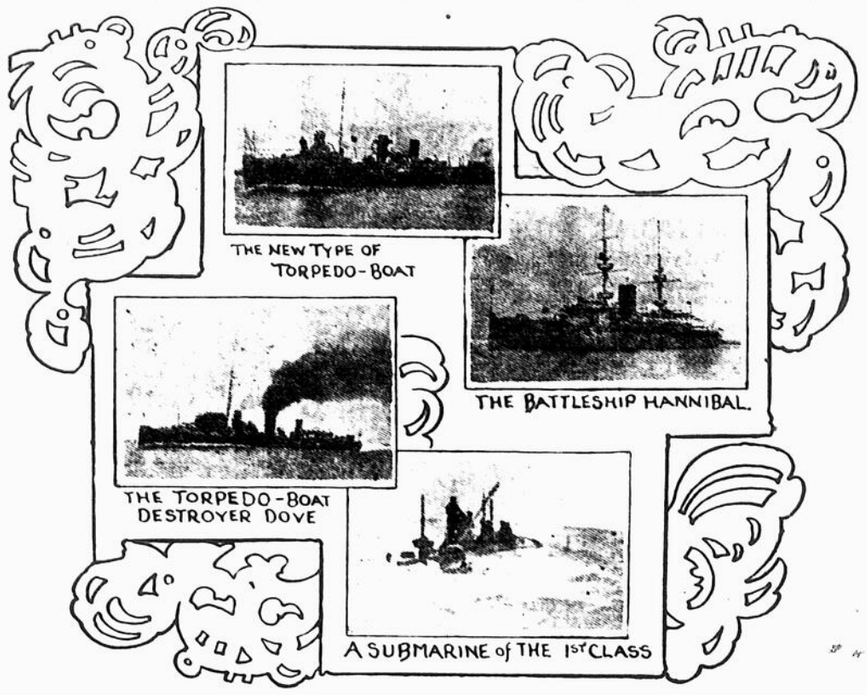
Sloops or more correctly "sloops-of-war" are really gloried gunboats, carrying half a dozen or so guns, mostly small, absolutely unarmored, with one funnel and three light masts. Their work is much the same as that of the gunboats, though their day is over now.

Torpedo gun-vessels also have their last day in sight, though some remain still doing duty. They represent an experiment that failed—though the ships individually have done good work in their way. They are really very small unarmored cruisers of very high speed, designed originally about 1889 to hunt down and sink torpedo-boats, the menace from which was then beginning to be recognized. The Navy, on their coming into existence, called them "watchers"—but in practice it was found that they couldn't catch torpedo-boats. It was impossible to engine vessels of the size and build for the speed required, and so the idea of the class, a very large one, was given up. All the same, as fleet auxiliaries British torpedo gun-vessels have proved themselves by no means "King's Hard Bargains," and in war would, at least in home waters, do useful service on occasion.

It was the advent of the destroyer, or torpedo-boat destroyer, to give the vessel its full name, that killed the torpedo gun-vessel. The destroyers did what the older craft tried to do and failed. The destroyer's object of existence is to "destroy" torpedo-boats, by reason of its having guns and higher speed and better sea-going qualities in all weathers, the out-come only two advantages of the larger size of the vessel. In appearance the destroyer is only a bigger torpedo-boat, with three or four squat funnels instead of the latter vessel's pair, and a high upstanding forecastle, on which is mounted the bow chaser gun, generally a twelve-pounder quick-firer, which stands out prominently as an identifying mark. Alike, destroyers and torpedo-boats are painted a dead black all over, different in this from all other classes of British war vessels, whose "war-paint" is a dull grey.

The "Scouts" are the newest class of small, fast war vessels introduced in 1903, and now first joining the effective roll of the fleet. They can take enough coal to carry them across 3,000 miles of sea at a ten-knots cruising speed. At full speed the "Scouts," which bear typical names, such as Pathfinder, Forward, Adventure, and Sentinel, can cover twenty-five knots an hour in any weather, and their raison d'etre is to act as the eyes of the "fleet."

Finally there are the submarines, of which vessels the British Navy has upwards of a dozen already in service, and several others (1 "H" class), of improved type and larger range of action than the "A" and "A 1" classes but long of "running" their trials [illegible], to look at submarines are cigar-shaped vessels of thin steel, from 60 feet to 100 feet in length, according to class, from 120 to 200 tons, and able to move through the water about ten feet below the surface at from eight to ten knots. Great secrecy is officially maintained about everything that has to do with the mechanism and interior arrangements of submarines.



HOW THE SINKING OF THE MIKASA MAY HAVE BEEN BROUGHT ABOUT

Naval Opinion is That Crossing of High-Voltage Electric Wires Caused the Fire to Spread

A naval officer, writing on the sinking of Togo's flagship, the Mikasa, offers the following elucidation:

In spite of the terrible loss of life from the explosion of the magazine of the Mikasa and the possibly unworthy suspicions that may exist concerning the origin of the fire, there is something of solace well worth considering in the certainty of the knowledge that the good battleship is not lost to the Japanese navy, for she can and will be quickly raised and repaired. In itself and to the outsider this fact would ordinarily stand for nothing of particular interest, as it would only affect the maintenance of the strength of the Japanese navy or its reduction by one battleship. But the Mikasa was Togo's flagship, the centre of the decisive naval battle off Tsu Shima, and as such there is a sentimentality connected with her putting her in the heroic list with names held dear among the nations.

Everyone is familiar with the general details of fire-proof buildings and everyone knows that such buildings suffer from conflagrations due to the inflammable fittings installed. In this respect a well-found battleship is far and away superior to the most perfectly outfitted fireproof building in the world. The difficulty, therefore, of starting a fire on a battleship may be understood.

To the uninitiated, the mere fact that a warship contains tons of gunpowder and other explosives presents a source of inherent danger. This feature however, as may be imagined, is the best guarded of all the elements. In a well disciplined ship, as undoubtedly the Mikasa was, access to explosives, except under positive authority, is as impossible as the access to a bank safe after office hours is to the bank employe. A safe may be burglarized, but the magazine of a warship cannot be. It is not intended by this to convey an idea that an explosive in a magazine is absolutely secure; but it is secure from being tampered with by any person on the ship Lik elaloehtr 23456 123456 sherdlu.

Like all other explosives, gunpowder will ignite spontaneously, at or above a certain temperature. To guard against this not only is great care taken in the location of a magazine to prevent high temperatures, but telltales are installed to give general warning of an excessive and dangerous rise. There is another invariable precaution taken with all magazines. Being installed always below the water-line, provision is made for quickly flooding them with water, the flood cocks being worked from various distant parts of the vessel.

FIRE-FIGHTING FACILITIES

Finally, all city dwellers are accustomed to the promptness and efficiency with which fire departments attack conflagrations. It is true that the fire is not always overcome short of ruin, but, on the other hand, it seems often almost marvellous how quickly about one hundred men, well trained, can get a fierce fire under control. With a battleship like the Mikasa, there are not one hundred, but more than seven hundred men thoroughly trained in fire work. They do not have long distances to travel before getting to the fire. They have no frozen mains or low pressure to deal with, but all is in readiness almost on the instant. A fair average in time from the first sound of the alarm until all the water streams are available and pouring at full head, would be fifteen seconds on a well disciplined ship.

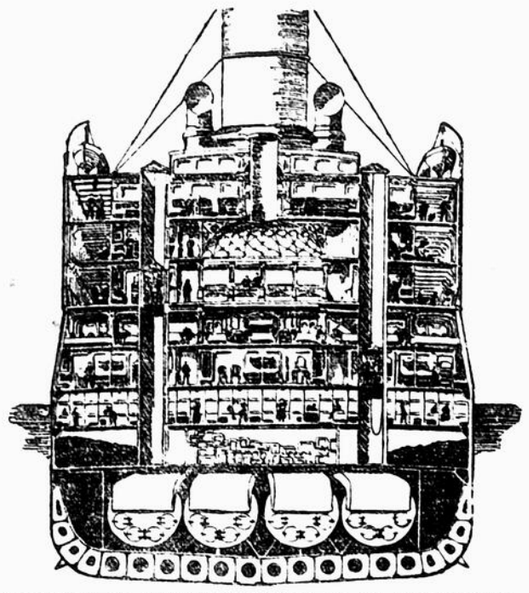
Summing up, then, we have a thoroughly disciplined and highly trained crew, a ship where it is difficult to start a fire, or to feed it after it is started; a thoroughly guarded magazine; ample fire fighting apparatus; constant police patrol of the ship for this always exists—and, in spite of all this, the vessel did actually catch fire and her magazine blew up.

In view of the fact that the peace terms have been highly unsatisfactory to a great body of the Japanese, and that rioting has occurred, it has been surmised that possibly the ship may have been deliberately destroyed by some of her crew. To the writer, this seems an impossible assumption, under the circumstances. Full weight must be given to the facts that this was a crew who had won the highest honors in a grand sea fight; that they idolized their admiral, and that, however peoples may differ, sailors are universal in one respect, the pride and love which they have for their commander, when such feelings exist, extend to the ship itself. One of those men would naturally no more attempt to destroy the ship a real part of himself, that he would have raised his hand against Admiral Togo in person.

Assume that dissatisfaction existed and that a high state of resentment existed. The ship was well disciplined. This cannot be gainsaid. It follows then that of the great number of men and officers on board there could only be a very few so far affected as to attempt a harm. To deliberately attempt to set fire to that vessel was practically a most difficult operation, requiring free, unintermeddled, long continued work impossible under the circumstances. Even if a fire could be started by any of the common ordinary methods it would have been discovered and doused quickly. Still, again under any ordinary conflagration methods, it does not seem possible that the magazine would have been permitted to explode. It would have been flooded in time. The machinery theory seems untenable from a dozen different considerations. In fact while it might seem reasonable to persons entirely unacquainted with naval discipline and surroundings, to those having such a knowledge either it is apparent that obstacles are insurmountable or the knowledge is biassed by a taste for the morbid.

There is a far simpler and more rational explanation. Whether it be true or not cannot be vouched for and it is doubtful if the cause ever will be determined. Through the short circuit of an electric wire, or the overheating of coal in a bunker, or some like cause of high temperature, the steel in some locality was raised in temperature and travelled at will, finding and starting a smoulder and entering the magazine, as it well could, with the origin far away. Telltales are not infallible and failed to give the magazine warning, therefore the magazine was not considered in sufficient danger to flood, or perhaps, the flood cocks themselves failed. While, therefore the actual fire at its seat was being fought and brought under, the ignition point of the explosive was reached at some distance away and the explosion followed.

Passenger Elevators on Ocean Steamships



ARRANGEMENT OF THE ELEVATORS ON AN OCEAN LINER.

Passenger elevator on a ship! Who ever expected to see such a thing?

With the ever-increasing size and carrying capacity of the great Atlantic liners, however, elevators have at last become a necessity, as much so, in fact, as in a hotel seven or eight stories high.

Accordingly, the mammoth new Cunard liners now nearing completion for the New York route, will each have two passenger elevators.

When one considers that these ships will be ninety feet from keel to the highest deck, or the height, say, of an eight-story building, it is readily seen that the question of vertical travel becomes a serious one.

Seven of the eight decks of the new vessels will have passenger accommodations. Six of these will contain quarters for the first-class passengers. Four will be above that, which will contain the dining saloon, so that there will be, of necessity, a great deal of travel up and down.

When ships carried passengers upon only two decks, or three at most, there was little need for elevator service, but the great passenger vessels of to-day are like modern hotels, and most of them are larger than the average hotel.

Patrons of a seven or eight story hotel would soon grow weary of walking up and down stairs.

The Cunard Company is the first to adopt the passenger elevator as a part of ship equipment, but it is probable that all large boats constructed in the future will have them.

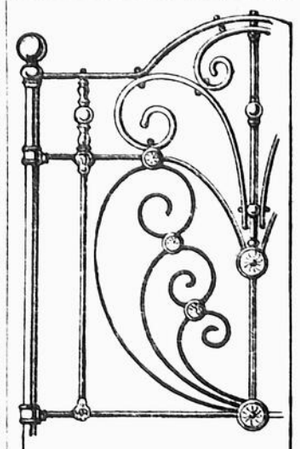
Suggested by a member of the staff of a New York publication, the elevator idea was at once approved by Vernon H. Brown, general manager of the company in America. He forwarded the suggestion to the home office in Liverpool, and the elevators were immediately incorporated in the plans for the new vessels.

There will be two of these passenger lifts, one on each side, in each vessel.

Mammoths of the deep these vessels will be. Eight hundred feet long with 88 feet of beam and a displacement of 43,000 tons they will be simply floating hotels. The main dining-rooms will be 80 feet wide, 125 feet long and will be capable of seating over 500 people. So large are the ships that each first-class stateroom will be 50 per cent. larger than the customary size.

Each tiny grain of WINDSOR TABLE SALT is a perfect crystal pure and dry. That is why it never cakes.

The Surest Remedy is
Allen's Lung Balsam
It never fails to cure a SIMPLE COLD, HEAVY COLD, and all BRONCHIAL TROUBLES.
Large Bottles $1.00. Medium Size 50c.
Small or Trial Size 25c.
Endorsed by all who have tried it.



Skilled Designers Produce Ives' Metal Beds.

The production of beautiful designs in metal is a fine art distinct from all other branches of decorative work. It requires the highest kind of metal-working skill and a most complete equipment of appliances.

The H. R. Ives Co. have all the skilled metal artists and the means of producing such goods and that is why Ives Metal (Brass and Iron) Beds are so artistic in design and so handsomely wrought. An Ives Brass Bed is a beautiful creation, one that will be a source of satisfaction to its owner for a lifetime—ask your dealer for an Ives Metal Bed.

The H. R. Ives Co., Limited
MONTREAL.

PORTLAND AND NORTHWEST
WITHOUT CHANGE
via
UNION PACIFIC
September 15 to October 31, 1905. Colonist rates to all points in the northwest, from
Chicago $33.00
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Lewis and Clark Exposition
PORTLAND, OREGON
is now open, but closes Oct. 15, 1905. Two trains daily. Through sleeping and dining car service. Quickest Time.
Inquire of
WILLARD MASSEY, N.E.F. & P.A.,
176 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

OUR LONDON LETTER

Trade Unionists Meet and Pass Resolutions Opposing Protection.

LEAVEN SPREADING SLOWLY

Lord Aberdeen Was Not Passed Over In Choice of Viceroy for India.

From the Special Correspondent of the Montreal Star Resident in London.

London, September 13. This week the Trades Unionists have been holding their congress, and to judge from the comments of certain English journals, the death blow has been given to the Chamberlain movement. After sitting in solemn conclave and after a somewhat vigorous debate a resolution was carried by 1,253,000 votes to 28,000 that "any departure from the principles of Free Trade would be detrimental to the interests of the working classes, on whom the burdens of Protection would press most heavily," that Protective duties are unjust in incidence and economically unsound, that a system of preference or retaliation would be a hindrance to international progress and peace. The Radical and anti-Imperialist Daily News is almost beside itself with delight, crying "Fifty to one," and the Daily Chronicle says "After two years' incessant work, the Protectionist crusade has recruited one trade unionist in fifty. Even the least successful of missionary societies would think that a poor result." Other Free Trade journals rejoice that these Trade Unionists have stood firm. But while this is the attitude of organized labor, it must be remembered that the very essence of Trade Unionism is itself a measure of protection, inasmuch as its efforts are devoted to closing its ranks against the outsider and to keeping up the rate of wages. The British working classes are slow to throw off old prejudices, and especially is this the case with the leaders, who often declaim that they are in the right and have nothing to learn from anybody else. But the views expressed by the minority of 26,000 are sure to spread, and, as Mr. Chamberlain has so often said, it will take time to convince the people where their best interests lie. Too much is being made at the present time by the anti-Chamberlainite party of the rise of price of meat in Germany, which has led to an agitation there for the removal of the duty, an agitation which is blocked by the agrarian interests. Then the recent visit of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association to this country is declared to have only resulted in impressing the deputation with the need for further protecting the Canadian manufacturer against the British rise of output. In this connection a letter from Mr. Goldwin Smith is quoted, in which he declares that this is the outcome of the Chamberlain movement. "Here in Canada," he says, "an effect of Mr. Chamberlain's agitation, as we have seen all along and as you must now see, has been to stimulate demand for an increase of protection against British as well as other goods." But Mr. Goldwin Smith is not taken too seriously in this country.

A MISAPPREHENSION

It has been suggested in some quarters that the appointment of Lord Minto to the Viceroyalty of India implies the passing over of the Earl of Aberdeen, himself an ex-Governor-General of Canada, but there is not the slightest ground for the suggestion, as all are aware who know the way in which such appointments are made. The primary consideration in all these cases is that the selected man shall be a strong supporter of the Government of the day, although the appointment may not be subject to change in the case of a change of Ministry. For instance, if a Liberal Government were to come into power after the next general election, this fact would make no difference to Lord Cromer. The case of Ireland, however, is different, as there the Viceroy goes out of office with the Government. If the above mentioned qualification were removed, it is obvious that there are many men eligible for the post, such as Lord Balfour of Burleigh, a strong Conservative, but opposed to the Government in its fiscal policy, and Lord George Hamilton. On the opposition side there are Lord Tweedmouth, an exceptionally able man, Lord Sandhurst, who proved a very successful Governor of Bombay at a most difficult time, and many others.

AUSTRALIA LAGS BEHIND

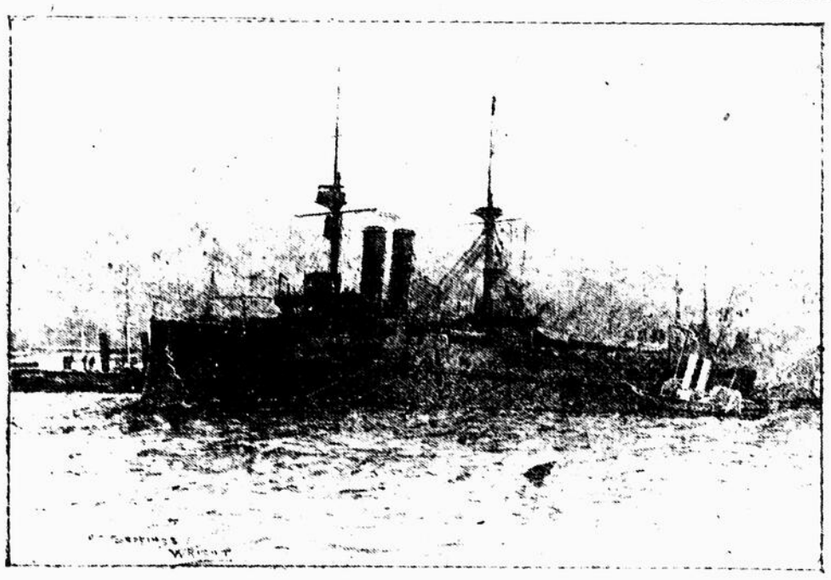
While Canada is putting her house in order as regards military matters by reorganizing her militia, and making it a thoroughly well-trained body of men, Australia lags behind, and according to the latest news her forces are in a deplorable condition. This is portrayed in startling colors in a letter which appeared on Thursday in the Times from an Australian Senator and Lieutenant-Colonel. The Commonwealth, it seems, has made no effort to train her youth in the "use of arms," and no action has been taken to give effect to a provision in the Defence Act enabling the Government to establish cadet corps. Within the last three years the strength of the defence forces of the States has fallen nearly 30 per cent., and, as the Senator puts it, this is not all, for callow youths have replaced experienced men. Nor has the efficiency of the troops been maintained, for the latest returns show that 20 per cent. of the forces are non-efficient. In officers, too, there is a great deficiency. The members of the forces are dissatisfied, discontented, and disgusted, and so far, despite the indignant clamours of the press, the deplorable state of things goes on. Australian Ministers might do worse than take a leaf out of Canada's book.

And, while on the subject of Australia, it is to be noted that considerable attention has been attracted there by the recent increase in the salaries and indemnities paid to Canadian Ministers, Senators and M.P.'s. Since the close of the first session of the first Commonwealth Parliament, many of its members have been complaining that the allowance of £400 was not sufficient to cover the various expenses of travelling and living in an expensive city like Melbourne. An increase was proposed by the Labor Government of Mr. Watson, and now Mr. Deakin is being strongly urged to raise the allowance to £500 or £600. The supporters of the movement relying on the precedent set by Canada.

WINDERMERE.

PANTING PASHAS.

The return of the Sultan of Turkey from his devotions yields a curious sight. As his horses ascend the hill at a quick trot, his generals, his pashas, his colonels and his ministers keep pace with his horses. The courtiers are clad in scarlet and bullion, in blue and silver, in green and gold. They are grey, grizzled and old, but they run behind and on either side of the imperial carriage. Obesity is not an exemption, age is not a release.—Argonaut, San Francisco.



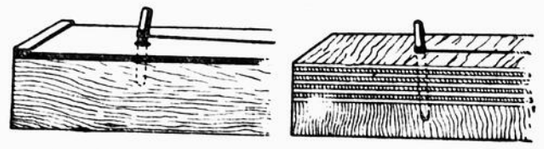
NEW BATTLESHIP DOMINION BROKE HER MOORINGS.

Early in the morning of September 3, the battleship Dominion, a vessel of 15,000 tons, broke loose from her moorings at North Corner, in Portsmouth Harbor, and drifted down upon other vessels. She first struck the gun-boat Ant, carrying away her mooring-stanchions, and then she collided with and smashed a private yacht, the occupants of which had a narrow escape. Next she struck the King's yacht Alberta on the starboard quarter, staving in the bulwarks and injuring the paddles. Finally the Dominion headed for the Gosport shore and brought up on a mudbank. The accident has rather anticipated the Alberta's fate, as that vessel will be broken up when the King's new turbine-yacht is ready.

THE ADOLPHE PUGET OLIVE OIL is the purest and the best.
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MASON AND RISCH PIANO TALK NO. 5

A PIN-BLOCK ADVANTAGE



Ordinary Pin-Block (note iron plate). Mason and Risch Pin-Block.

THE surface of the Mason and Risch pin-block is not covered by the iron plate as in most makes of pianos. This advantage adds to the beauty of tone and the standing in tune of the instrument.

When the pin-block is covered with the iron plate the pins must be passed through it and sunk in the pin-block. But if the strings or the pins touch the plate it ruins the tone. This inferior process necessitates securing the string much higher up on the pin, thus giving a much greater leverage on the pin. Cracking of the pin-block and bending of the tuning pins is inevitable, and the piano cannot be kept in tune, and when the pin is bent sufficiently to touch the plate it gives the tone a harsh metallic sound.

The Mason and Risch iron plate does not cover the pin-block into which the pins are solidly sunk. The string is attached close to the pin-block, doing away with the leverage on the pin.

This is one of the reasons for the rich clear tone of the Mason and Risch Piano and why it remains so long in tune.

Write for some of our descriptive literature.

MASON AND RISCH
The Piano with a Soul
Mason and Risch Piano Company, Limited, Toronto

W. H. LEACH,
2440 St. Catherine Street, Montreal.

Toronto Exhibition Pianos—Beautiful Mason & Risch pianos from Toronto Exhibition received at Leach's, 2440 St. Catherine street; sold cash or $10 monthly.
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ASK FOR
Labatt's
India Pale Ale.
If you want the best table Ale brewed—Do more than ask for it see that you get it. It will repay you in added satisfaction.

Wood's Phosphodine,
The Great English Remedy.
A positive cure for all forms of Physical or nervous Weakness, Mental and Brain Worry. Loss of Vitality and Effects of Excesses all of which lead to Consumption, Infirmity, Insanity and an early grave. Price $1 per pkg., six for $5. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. Write for free Pamphlet. The Wood Medicine Co., Windsor, Ontario.
163 156eod

CUBA--The Land of Sunshine!

Fruit Land Must be of a Sandy Loam Soil.

BLACK LANDS ARE CONSIDERED BY EXPERTS TO BE SUGAR CANE LANDS, GIVING POOR NATURAL DRAINAGE, AND IN DRY WEATHER BREAKING INTO UNFRIABLE CLODS.

Remember That

Hundreds of Canadians have purchased plantations from us [illegible] are going to make their permanent home on our estate.

Bear in Mind

Scores of people, many practical orange and other fruit growers, have been all over our property, returned and have purchased large tracts of land from us and are now preparing to cultivate the same in orange and fruits. This speaks for itself.

Conservative Estimated Returns from a Five-acre Orange Grove

First year from planting, trees not bearing
Second year from planting, trees not bearing
Third year from planting, trees bearing, estimated crop value.. $ 500
Fourth year from planting, trees bearing, estimated crop value.. 1500
Fifth year from planting, trees bearing, estimated crop value.. 2500
Each succeeding year proportionate increase.

Oranges.

No better evidence is needed of the large returns for the successful orange grower than the fact that a 30-acre orchard in full bearing was recently sold, to close an estate, at a price of $30,000 or $1,000 per acre. American growers in Cuba are getting a net profit of from $150 to $500 per acre the third year after planting, with an increase of yield as the trees grow older of about 15 per cent. a year. Rapid and cheap transportation will add materially to the profits of the orange grower.

Canada-Cuba Land and Fruit Company, Limited.

Second Issue of Ten Thousand Acres Only Will be Sold at $20 an Acre.

After this is sold a further issue will be sold at $40 per acre. Buy now and Save Money. You can't duplicate this land for less than $50 per acre to-day in Cuba. Buy a business lot at $50 to $75, which will rapidly increase in value. Terms cash, or 25 per cent. cash and 25 per cent. each month until paid for.

Deeds of the Property in Our Possession and Free from Encumbrance. Titles Guaranteed.

What Can I Do in Cuba?

AMONG OTHER THINGS YOU CAN MAKE MONEY, BUT YOU NEED TO HUSTLE.

TAKE SUFFICIENT MONEY TO KEEP YOU AND YOUR FAMILY ONE YEAR, THEN IT'S YOUR OWN FAULT IF YOU HAVE HEALTH AND YOU ARE A FAILURE. THERE IS NO DROUGHT, BLIZZARD OR FLOOD, NO CROP FAILURE, NO COLD WEATHER AND NO EXTREME HEAT. SUCCESS IS ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN IF YOU ARE WILLING TO HUSTLE. THIS IS ALL THERE IS TO IT. A LITTLE MONEY—A LOT OF ENERGY—AN INDEPENDENCE SURE.

THE WEST END OF THE ISLAND IS THE OLDEST AND MOST DESIRABLE FOR SETTLERS. EASILY REACHED BY RAIL AND BOAT. THE RIGHT SOILS FOR FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND TOBACCO.

POULTRY

of all kinds do well in Cuba, and command very high prices, especially eggs, guineas and doves do nicely. Quail, wild, are very numerous, millions of them; guineas during the war went wild, and are very wild and very numerous, demonstrating the country's adaptability to poultry.

STRAWBERRIES

of large and superior quality, and produce two crops annually, and with care when planting, and variety, produce all the year.

GINGER ROOT

can be raised in Cuba, can be cultivated in oranges during the first three years, or chocolate groves. It is planted and cultivated like potatoes, and yields half to two tons per acre and commands 10 cents per pound in New York market. One ton of ginger is worth $1,000 to $2,000.

RICE

Cuba will produce upland rice, average of 2,500 pounds per acre.

YUCCA

produces starch and tapioca and other sweets used in confectionery. Will average a profit of $200 to $300 per acre.

PRUNES

do well in Cuba, and pay [illegible] per acre.

APRICOTS

will net $200 to $400 an acre.

FIGS

grow wildly in Cuba and are profitable, average $500 an acre.

OLIVES

do well in the high lands of Cuba, but were prohibited under Spanish law. Will produce rich results in fruit and olive oil. Profit of $200 to $500 an acre.

CACAO.

or chocolate tree flourishes in Cuba. They attain a height of 10 to 20 feet in four years, and will produce 2 to 10 pounds per tree. At 20 cents per pound and 400 trees per acre, $240, and after ten years 10 pound per tree, $800.

Governor-General Charles H. Allen, of Porto Rico, says:—A ten-acre grove of oranges once in bearing gives a comfortable income sufficient to support a family in the best country style.

In Cuba an orange grove will mature in one-third less time than in Florida, California or Arizona. An orange grove practically yields forever, as trees 100 years old are in their prime.

Eighty trees to the acre, 1,000 oranges to a tree, 200 oranges to a box, $3.00 (gold) per box, is $1,200 per acre.

The possibilities in the way of fruit-growing in Cuba have never been appreciated. Oranges of the finest flavor grow in the greatest abundance, without any care. With proper cultivation the possibilities in this line are limitless. Frosts are unknown, and there is a sufficient amount of rainfall to do away with need of irrigation.—Governor-General Wood in Collier's Weekly.

The Company's Lands are what we claim them to be: Sandy loam soil, free from rock or swamp and mostly ready for the plow.

VEGETABLES AND SMALL FRUITS

of all kinds do exceptionally well in Cuba, and can be placed upon the American markets weeks ahead of those from any other source, thus always securing the top prices. However, for a number of years yet the local markets of Havana afford ready sale for much of this kind of produce. For example, thousands of bushels of both white and sweet potatoes are annually imported from the United States for Cuban consumption, although both kinds grow well in Cuba and bear two crops a year. Strawberries also bear two crops a year, but can rarely be bought in Havana, and never bring less than twenty-five cents a quart. Many Americans in Cuba who are making a specialty of early vegetables and small fruits for shipment to the United States during January, February and March, report a profit of over $400 per acre on their land under cultivation.

PINEAPPLES.

The Cuban pineapple to-day dominates the American market. About $4,000,000 worth of this fruit was shipped out of Cuba last year, and yet the great western and central markets of the United States are unsupplied.

Pineapples are usually planted about 7,000 to the acre, and the plants begin to bear from twelve to eighteen months after being set out. Each plant, for from five to seven years thereafter, without replanting, produces one fruit annually, and enough new shoots to enable the grower to increase his acreage each year.

Remarkable Growth of Orange Trees.

In a letter recently received is the following item: I visited a fruit farm and photographed an orange tree three years ago from setting. It was six inches in diameter at the base and about eighteen feet high, with branches five or six feet long and full of fruit. I also photographed a tree five years old which bore 5,000 oranges last year, and another seven years old which bore 7,000 oranges. Grape-fruit attains perfection in Cuba.

ORANGES.

It is claimed by the best authorities on citrus fruits that if all the available lands suited for the purpose in this part of the world were put into cultivation it would be more than twenty years before the market would be supplied to the same extent that it was previous to the freezes in Florida and California.

It must be remembered that an orange grove will mature here in one-third less time than in California or Florida.

Governor-General Charles H. Allan says:—"A ten-acre orange grove, once in bearing, gives a comfortable income, sufficient to support a family in the best country style."

When an orange tree is in full bearing it is valued at $100.—Florida Fruits and How to Grow Them.

Profits on Oranges and Other Citrus Fruits.

As an indication of the profits to be derived from raising oranges and other citrus fruits, I quote from an official work on Cuba, recently published: "The person owning an orange grove in a country free from frosts is the most independent and happiest person on earth. A full-grown orange tree will yield from 1,000 to 5,000 oranges yearly, and, like the lemon tree, begins to bear the third year. Before Cuba got its setting back during the war, orange lands were selling from $150 to $300 per acre, and a three-year-old grove was worth $1,000 per acre. The oldest trees in Cuba are some 150 years old, and each year the crop is greater than the previous year. No limit is placed upon the age of the orange tree, so in beginning an orange grove, remember, if four or five years are required to bring it into bearing, it will continue to yield its golden harvest for generations to come, and when once in fruit you can sit beneath its shade almost in idleness and have an abundant competency."

SHALL HAVE OUR OWN STORES AT ONCE.

OUR OWN DOCK WILL BE ERECTED AT ONCE.

LUMBER WILL BE FOR SALE ON OUR OWN PROPERTY AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

FARM IMPLEMENTS WILL BE FOR SALE ON THE PROPERTY.

POST-OFFICE, TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH LINE WILL BE INSTALLED AT ONCE ON OUR PROPERTY.

SAW MILLS WILL BE ERECTED AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE.

THE COMPANY INTEND TO PURCHASE, PRODUCE AND SHIP TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE FOR THE COLONIST.

A QUALIFIED MEDICAL PRACTITIONER WILL BE IN CHARGE OF THE COLONY.

EVERY PROMISE MADE WILL BE CARRIED OUT TO EVERY LETTER.

WITH THESE ADVANTAGES IT IS NOW YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO GRASP A CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.

CALL FOR INFORMATION, WHICH IS GIVEN FREELY AND CHEERFULLY.

TRANSPORTATION.

The farmer is as necessary to the market as the market is to the individual farmer. Wherever good markets and rich farming sections are found will also be found good transportation lines. Transportation is the connecting link between the two, and a good service is as vital to the success of each as breath is to the human body.

A man locating with a view of making himself a home place which will sustain him, looks first into the means of transportation afforded him. Where he finds established, reliable lines, with frequent schedules, he deals with no uncertainties. When crops are ready for shipment the service is there for him. He knows how many hours it will take for his produce to reach the market. He knows to a cent what it will cost him to place it in the market. When he is in need of anything he can get it quickly.

We have direct shipment from our own estate, and with the increase of our population and fruit to ship, naturally our shipping facilities will increase.

COMPARATIVE FREIGHT RATES.

From Cuba to New York the freight rate is 35 cents per box. The duty is 50 cents per box making $1.0. The California grower's fruit is nine days longer en route, and he pays 90 cents per box freight. The average rate paid by the Florida grower is about 75 cents per box and the time in transit is a fraction greater than from Cuba.

CUBA'S ADVANTAGES.

It will be seen that California has an advantage of 15 cents in freights, but the losses in decayed fruit, by reason of the longer transit, gives Cuba a decided advantage. The almost continual drought and occasional freezes or frosts in California makes Cuba far more desirable and very much safer. Florida has an advantage of about 30 cents in freight and duty, but if the Florida growers could be assured of immunity from the freezes they would gladly pay the entire duty paid by the Cuban fruit. In Florida, however, it is not only a question of the fruit, but of the total destruction of the trees.

What better guarantee of every assistance from our company could the prospective investor wish than the very fact that the colonist's interests are also the company's interests, the colonist's success the company's success.

CHEAPNESS.

Water is always the cheapest and best transportation for fruits. Fruits can be carried to all parts of the Eastern and Middle States in one-third the time and at one-third of the expense, and in better condition than from California. Cuban fruits are the earliest in the market, and command the highest prices.

Address all Communications to GEORGE F. DAVIS, Managing Director, 106 King Street West, - - TORONTO.

Agents Wanted. Telephone Main 5731.

Fitzsimmons' Reminiscences and Thoughts Told by Himself in His Own Peculiar Way

Foul Play in Corbett and Sharkey Affairs.

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Ever since I mentioned the Corbett affair at Carson City and the other on the Sharkey matter out in 'Frisco, I have been in receipt of numerous letters which hint that I have been keeping back something about both of those mills.

That's right. I have and I'm going to say right here that there are lots of matters connected with those two matches that will never be told by me. The tone of three of the letters I refer to is such that some righteous indignation has got me, and I'm going to hand out a few wallops where they belong. I let several people down light in those two articles, and if they hurry up and claim they were not fairly treated it's up to them to get some more of the same medicine.

As I think I've said before, I'm a pretty easy going old chap until they get my dander up. Even then I don't get mad, but there's one thing no white man ever said to me yet and got away with, and that is that I don't know myself or what I've been talking about.

There are a lot of so-called sports who owe their present position to the fact that I've kept my mouth closed concerning some propositions they've made to me, and if you should happen on one of those crooked pikers you might find out that they went away with a flea in their ear that they have no difficulty in remembering.

I'm not sitting up on a tin pedestal looking down on the sporting crew and telling them how good I am, or how honest I am, either, but I'm willing to let my record and my patience speak for itself, and I don't want any half-baked near-sports running up to the ropes trying to make a feeble bluff, because I'm going to call it every time. With that warning I'll go ahead and hand out those things I spoke of, principally because of what the wise man can read between the lines above, if he has a mind to.

Whenever I told the story of the Sharkey match I omitted a lot of things because I couldn't see any useful purpose in telling them. Since then, as I've said, I've had a few letters and I'm going to answer those by opening the subject again. I'm going to take the Sharkey match first, because it came first, and some of the things that occurred there had a bearing on the Carson City business.

I tried to let Wyatt Earp down easy, but it doesn't seem to be appreciated, so I'll say he acted like a yellow cur, in spite of his word. I knocked Tom Sharkey out fair and square, and Earp knew it, but when it came to announcing the decision he never made it. In fact no decision was ever rendered outside of the one I made myself. When I dropped Sharkey and he lay there like a log until his second picked him up, Earp merely walked over to his corner, put the cheque for $20,000 in the hands of Tom's seconds and walked out of the ring and out of the building.

He didn't have the nerve to stay there and face the music, in spite of the fact that he wore a gun. I knew then for absolutely certain that I'd been trimmed, and it was myself who called for order and shouted to the crowd:

"The referee says I've lost on a foul, gentlemen."

All this time Tom lay like a dead man, until a certain man well known in San Francisco came down from his seat in the balcony and stooped over him, possibly five minutes after Earp had left the building. As I say, he stooped over him and his words are as plain to me now as they were then. He said:

"Put your hands on your abdomen and groan as if you were in great pain."

Those weren't the exact words, for I can't give them here, but they are close enough for all practical use. In the fog that was hanging over him Sharkey heard them, anyway, and did as he was told. He drew up his legs and his groans could be heard all over the ring. I said before that I didn't think he was in on the original play. I can say that still, but he was in on the finish to it, and did just what he was told. I know and proved later in court that the doctor the Sharkey crowd had got to inject something into him to make him swell up before they bandaged him, had a job doing it, for Tom howled like a stuck pig and put up a hot battle to keep them from doing it. Then they bandaged him and when the regular doctors showed up to examine Tom his crowd wouldn't stand to have the bandages disturbed. It looks funny now, but it was no joke then. I took that case into court and proved by Tom's own seconds that he was faking. I proved by others that the whole thing was a job, but I was up against the political gang here and the judge, after telling me he would give a decision in my favor if I proved my case, welched on his word and handed it in against me. I'm just telling this to show that while I was going to let things go as I told them I can tell some things now. As for Wyatt Earp, he wilted, and didn't have the nerve to stay and face the music.

I've got a whole lot more of that same kind of talk tucked away in my head, and it's at anybody's disposal that wants to drag it out. I'm not looking for trouble, but I am looking for a square deal and I think I know how to get it.

** ** **

Now, about some of those things that happened at Carson City. When I'd got Jim where I wanted him, and had put him down, I was back towards my corner. There were 20 men hanging on to my hands, congratulating me, and then Corbett rushed over. While I had my hands locked he punched me twice in the face. I couldn't have got away if I'd wanted to. In desperation I shoved my face out and said to him:

"Go on and punch. You can't hurt me anyway."

Then Jim's seconds got him away and the crowd commenced to push up. There wasn't a policeman or a Pinkerton man anywhere in sight. They'd been put there to keep off anything that looked like trouble, but they carefully kept out of it. There had been a lot of bluff about it being death to the first man over the ropes, but I didn't see anyone try to make good. As soon as the crowd started forward again I felt something cold against my left cheek and a voice said:

"All right, Fitz. Don't one of you boys move or I'll drill you. Back there!"

I looked down, and there was the blue barrel of a 44 resting on my shoulder. Behind it was Wyatt Earp, and when he met my eye he said:

"Don't worry, Fitz. I did you a dirty trick in 'Frisco at the Sharkey fight, but I'm with you here, and I'll kill the first duck that lays hands on you."

I told him to take that gun away, that I could look after myself, and besides I didn't want to have anything to do with a crook, and he stood for it and went off. He's a nervy man, is Earp.

That's only a part of what I was going to say. They've all called Corbett a fair fighter. I'll leave it to you folks who read this. I got it bad from the jump. I wasn't in shape to begin with. Sparring with Ernest Roeber before the fight, he shoved out his elbow and I caught it with my forearm. The arm swelled up to twice its size and wasn't so much use. I'd caught cold and I was all choked up with it. I'd hurt my foot and I couldn't use it the way I should have. That was bad enough, but my cook had turned me down and I went into the ring about as sick as a man could go.

Jim split my lip in one of the early rounds and every time we came together I take his left glove and rub it backwards and forwards across that lip as hard as he could, until it would break out afresh, and felt as big as a log. I didn't kick much, because there wasn't any use, but it wasn't fair fighting at that. I got a lot of other misuse that the average fighter won't stand for, but we'll let it go.

There has been a lot of talk about my weight. I've got one letter within a few days that tells me I was weighing ten pounds more than Corbett did. That's about as illicit as anything I can think of. I went into that ring weighing 156 1-2 pounds, well under the middleweight limit, and I've fought every fight I ever had under that limit, too. Corbett weighed 187, and those weights can be proved any time.

Another paragraph in the letter I refer to says Corbett was a sick man. That's foolish, too, or Jim told an untruth, for he acknowledged a few days after the battle, over his own signature, that he was in fit condition to make the fight of his life.

I've got to tell these things, and I didn't want to, but I'm not going to let any four-flush come up and tell me I'm out of order. I've been trimmed several times, and I want to say right here that I'm quite handy with my head and can see just as far through a brick wall as anyone else. Every time I've had it handed to me, it has been by a friend, or somebody I thought was a friend, and every time I've found out all about it, and a whole lot more than I've talked about. I've been worked for a good and easy mark, and because I'm not revengeful to the point of bitterness, some of these almost-fighters and crooked sporting men think they're going to do it always.

I'm saving a few little incidents that will look rather pretty in cold type, and maybe I'll use them when the time comes. Next week I'm going to tell you about another dose of bad medicine I got from some friends down in New Orleans, where they worked me for $40,000 in cold cash the night I met Tom Hall.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It Is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better, it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels, it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges, they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat. I also believe the liver is greatly benefitted by the daily use of them. They cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

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DUKE OF ORLEANS' EXPLORATIONS ADD 110 MILES TO SHORE OF GREENLAND

Capt. Koldewey, writes C. C. Adams, the famous leader of the German arctic expedition of 1860-70, wrote nearly thirty-five years ago, after he had planted his flag on the east coast of Greenland, at Cape Bismarck.

"I am fully convinced that perhaps never, or at least only in very particularly favorable years, can any ship advance along this coast. The heavy sea ice, closely joined to the land ice, gives one the impression of a rampart built for eternity."

The present year has been one of those "very particularly favorable years." If early in July we had been on the deck of the exploring ship Gelgica, we should have witnessed the unusual spectacle of open water stretching far to the north along the eastern shores of Greenland. The Duke of Orleans had chartered the Gelgica for a cruise in the Arctic between Spitzbergen and Greenland. He did not expect to go very far north or to make great discoveries, though he hoped that his soundings and other oceanographic work might add interesting facts to our knowledge of the Arctic Ocean, but the greatest chance an explorer has had for a decade came to him, and he improved it.

It was the splendid luck of this princely traveller that he happened to be in the right place with a good ship when the time came to make a dash for the north. The management of the Ziegler arctic enterprise heard that the Duke was going to cruise in the Greenland Sea and asked him if he would be kind enough to call at Shannon Island and see if Fiala and his party might have reached that spot, where supplies had been sent by Mr. Baldwin, the leader of the first Ziegler expedition.

The Duke said he would call at Shannon Island. We know now that he found the Baldwin caches undisturbed for no explorer had been near them. But there was open water to the north. The Duke of Orleans did what any man of sense would do with such an opportunity in his grasp. He got up steam without an hour's delay and set out for the unknown.

He crossed its threshold and sailed in waters where no ship has ever been before. We have, as yet, only a few details of his remarkable journey but we may rely upon their accuracy. They were written by Lieut. Bergendahl, a Swedish officer and a member of the Duke's expedition. Returning from the north he had an opportunity to mail a letter in Iceland, and it was received by Prof. Nathorst of Sweden, a geographer of the first rank and the brilliant explorer who gave us our present exact knowledge of the remarkable Franz Josef Fiord in East Greenland.

Prof. Nathorst made the letter public about a week ago.

Cape Bismarck is in about 76 degrees 40 minutes north latitude. Up to this summer it was the highest point that had been attained by ship in Greenland waters and also the northern limit of sledge journeys along that coast.

Thirty-five years ago Capt. Koldewey, with eight men and a heavy ladden sledge, left his winter quarters on the ship Germania, at Sabine Island. Amid baffling winds and deep snows the party plowed their way northward, suffering bitterly from the cold, though they turged very hard at the sledge ropes. When they discovered and named Cape Bismarck their supplies were so reduced that they were forced to retrace their steps to the ship.

This same point is said to have been reached two years ago by Capt. Ole Frandal and his steam sealer from Norway. The ice conditions were not unfavorable there that year, and it is believed that he reached the neighborhood of Cape Bismarck.

Between Cape Bismarck and Independence Bay, discovered by Peary on his journey across the inland ice, still stretched an unknown coast about 400 miles in length. It was the only part of Greenland's periphery that was entirely unknown. It will be necessary to determine the trend of all this coast before we can accurately outline on our maps the greatest island of the world.

The Duke of Orleans has reduced the length of the unknown coast line by 110 miles by steaming that distance to the north of Cape Bismarck. There are now only about 290 miles of shoreline to be surveyed to give us a fairly accurate idea of the shape of the island.

The Belgica party made a rough survey of the unknown coast from Cape Bismarck to the parallel of 78 degrees 16 minutes north latitude and gave the name of Terre de France to the new shores of Greenland they had discovered. They report that Cape Bismarck is not a cape, as Koldewey believed it to be, but is an island. It is not strange that the German sailor should have made this mistake, for he wrote that his party climbed to the top of this landmark during a violent snowstorm "which effectually prevented any great geographical acquisition."

The Belgica then turned back to more southerly waters. To reveal 110 miles of unknown shore line is given to very few explorers nowadays, and the fact that the work was done in a few weeks shows that luck is a very important element in polar exploration.

The east coast of Greenland has now been explored from Cape Farewell at the southern end of the island to the Belgica's farthest, a distance of over 1,400 miles in a straight line and far greater following the shoreline.

Bowel Troubles of Childhood are effectively banished by

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It prevents indigestion, diarrhœa and cholera infantum—is the tiles' laxative for little ones—corrects stomach troubles—rids the system of worms—keeps babies well when teething. 25c a box—at all druggists.

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OUR REFERENCES, OUR CUSTOMERS:

It is easy enough to promise anything in an advertisement, but customers come back to us, and you know they wouldn't if we didn't treat them right.

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Absolute privacy is our watchword. Our service is the quickest possible. No advance charges of any kind.

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Order a case of it right now.



Telephone East 140.

224 4

OFFICE WORK BY MACHINERY



The manager was seated at a roller top desk dictating letters into a phonograph.

This is a parable. He who runs may read, or, to use the modern version, he who travels per Mercedes will see the world.

There was once a too-old-at-forty merchant. He had toiled—toiled unto grayness.

But fortune had not come.

He pared the point of quill pen the remembered his father using one in that very room, and gazed gloomily at an ancient inkstand filled with a viscous, turbid mass. And the spirit that was in him evaporated and dried up like his ink, with only the dregs of gall and iron left behind.

He thought of the days of fret and worry, the nights of cramping pen work, when he had sat till the small hours checking Eiffel Towers of figures and writing letters which an office boy had smudged into grey indecipherability with the aid of a copying-book and a brush charged with solid sloppiness.

He thought of the headaches and the restless nights in which he lived again through the petty annoyances of the day, and as he despatched a boy with a message he had always hated (telephone) he decided to end it all.

So he retired and lived economically in the suburbs, and another man reigned in his stead. This is the prologue.

* * * * *

Six months passed. The too-old-at-forty merchant again visited his old office. It was the same room, but—

The new manager was seated at a roll-top desk. Before him was a phonograph with a neat recording mouthpiece. Into this he was speaking quickly. "I want two thousand copies of the following letter posted to our regular customers in time for the four o'clock mail this afternoon. Take down. Dear Sirs, Owing to our having now labor-saving machinery in all our factories, we are able to quote prices for all our goods which you will note are now ten per cent. cheaper than those offered by foreign competitors. A glance at the following figures will—"

For thirty seconds he continued to talk into the phonograph. Then he removed the wax cylinder and handed it to a boy who carried it into the next room where the patter of many typewriters sounded like hail on the roof.

The too-old-at-forty merchant looked on with smiling toleration.

"I think you made a mistake in that letter," he said. "I heard you dictate that you wanted two thousand copies. I suppose you meant two dozen."

The return smile was of tender compassion. He was informed that two thousand was correct.

"But you said they were to be sent off by the four o'clock post, and it is one-thirty now. However big your staff may be you can hardly have two thousand letters typed and the envelopes addressed and stamped in two and a half hours."

"I shall employ exactly one girl clerk and a boy on that job," remarked the new manager, leaning back luxuriously in his chair, "and if they tried they could do double the quantity in the time."

He rose. "Perhaps you would like to see the miracle?" he said as he opened the door next to his room.

A girl typist was taking down in shorthand the words of the letter as they were dictated from the phonograph on which she had placed the wax cylinder. This was completed in one minute forty-five seconds by the watch. She then adjusted a sheet of wax paper on her typewriting machine and typed the letter.

A few minutes later the waxed paper was fitted to a rotary duplicator, and an office-boy was reeling off eighty copies per minute.

"Rate of 4,800 an hour," commented the new manager.

The too-old-at-forty merchant looked thoughtful.

Meanwhile the girl-clerk was feeding envelopes into the addressing machine, which was printing them (each with a different name and address)at the rate of 2,000 an hour.

The T-O-A-F merchant seemed to want to ask questions.

"Quite simple," said the new manager. "Every customer on our books has his name and address set up in rubber type. The boy does this in his spare time. The address, set up in a little metal galley, is then attached to one of these endless chains which pass through the machine. Each time an envelope is printed by the machine the chain moves round so as to bring another address into position for the next envelope. Simple, isn't it?"

"In my time it would have taken a man about four days to do what that machine does in one hour," said the merchant, musingly.

"But this isn't your day; it's ours," said the new manager.

"What next?" asked the merchant of the past.

"Next comes the envelope sealing machine," said the new manager remorselessly. "Now in your day one office-boy using single tongue power would probably stick down about forty envelopes in an hour. This little machine seals nine thousand in that time. You see, it is quite small. You just put the pile of letters in at the top and turn this handle. Then the letters (now typed, duplicated, addressed, and sealed by machinery) fall out on the table. Oh! I wouldn't try to count them. It might strain your arithmetic to keep pace with the machine."

The rotary duplicator and the "Addressograph" were still working merrily. "Would you like to see the other things?" asked the new manager.

"Now this machine," he said, moving over to another instrument in a neat-looking case, "not only prints letters in exact imitation of typewriting, but it also prints a different name and address on each and adds a perfect imitation of your signature in black ink at the bottom."

"I begin to feel very old," said the former owner of the business. "I suppose your chief cashier is made of levers and sprockets and your confidential clerk is driven by a mainspring?"

"Well, I think there are cog wheels and spacing gears in them, too," said the new manager. "Now, here is the book typewriter with which we keep our ledgers, and, in fact, all the books in our firm. We only use pens here as pipe cleaners. You lay the book on the table, so, draw the machine over it, and make your entries cleanly and neatly.

"But bound books are now out of date. The loose leaf book is the modern idea. Dr. and Cr. sheets are of different-colored papers, and the leaves can be removed and reinserted in the binder at a moment's notice.

"Then all you have to do is to cast up the figures," said the old merchant.

"Pardon me, we do nothing of the kind." With calculating machines that will tell you in ten seconds what 2,756,834 multiplied by 456,873 amounts to, and which will extract the square root of 587,867,901 with a few turns of a handle, the human brain becomes too slow for practical purposes.

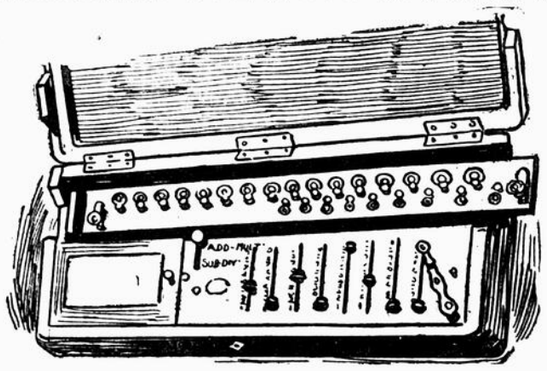
"Now, if you will look at this 'Arithmometer' for a moment, you will see that all you have to do is to place the pointers at the figures which you wish to multiply, subtract from or add together, then turn this handle, and the result will appear in that row of spaces at the top."

An office boy now came up and reported that the two thousand letters had left the office at 3.30.

"It seems to me that brains are quite obsolete," said the antediluvian merchant.

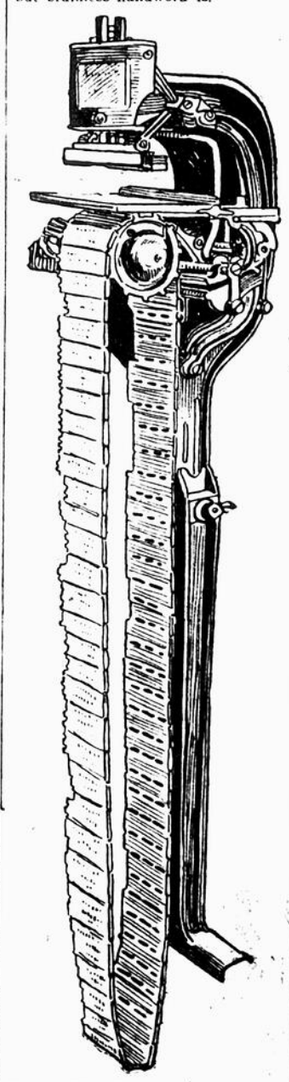
"And that is the biggest mistake of all," returned the twentieth-century manager. "Brains are what we want, and all we want. We are freed of the old grinding routine that business men used to break their hearts over; now we have time to think. Our clerks have shorter hours and are better paid; but those we do employ have brains, otherwise we should have no use for them.

"No, brains are not at a discount, but brainless handwork is."



THE ARITHMOMETER.

A machine which extracts a square root, or does a difficult bit of multiplication in a few seconds.



THE IMPROVED ADDRESSOGRAPH.

This machine addresses 2,000 envelopes per hour, each with a different name and address.

Sir Sandford Fleming Advocates World-Girdling Empire Cables to Mould Empire Into Living Reality

The discussion of the question of State Cables and Cheap Telegraphy, as aids to Imperial consolidation, by Sir Sandford Fleming before the United Empire Club in July last, appeared in concise form in the Empire Review last month.

The Imperial Telegraph Service suggested is so full of promise, and it is regarded by the Chambers of Commerce, everywhere as such a potent factor for the promotion of the best interests of the Empire that the subject promises to receive the utmost consideration at the next Colonial Conference.

In his opening sentences Sir Sandford Fleming referred to the report of the Ottawa Board of Trade respecting Empire Cables. "It demonstrates," he said "that there is a widespread desire to secure a comprehensive means of cheap telegraphy between all the great self-governing British States throughout the world, in the interests of trade, shipping, social and commercial intercourse, and especially in the interests of Imperial affinity and union." Developing this idea, he goes on to say "it is not suggested that the State should assume the control of ocean cables generally, but simply that one line around the globe should be State owned, that this line should be the one described by the Ottawa Board of Trade as Empire Cables, connecting as it would the several great outlying divisions of the Empire with each other, and all with the mother-country."

INTERESTS OF PRIVATE LINES

Anticipating the objection that existing systems would be prejudiced, he answers "in so far as other cables intersect the line of the Empire cables, they would assume the position of branches, and would gain greatly by the connection. The true policy of the State should be to reduce progressively the charges of messages transmitted by the Empire cables to the lowest possible rates while still leaving the service self-supporting. Two results would follow this policy: an enormous increase in the volume of business, and a great reduction in telegraph charges to and from all points on the globe-girdling chain. Both results would necessarily benefit the private companies owning the branch lines, by reason of the continuous steam of profitable telegraph traffic which the Imperial trunk system would bring to the companies to handle."

WOULD REDUCE CHARGES.

Sir Sandford then adduces evidence to prove that by the establishment of a system, such as he advocates,it would be possible to reduce to a large extent "the cost of all over-sea telegraphy coming within the range or within the influence of these cables." He refers to the returns of the Pacific Cable Board, to show that the Pacific Cable "already earns sufficient to cover all working expenses, and leaves £31,000 surplus earnings." He then proceeds as follows:

"The cable, with duplex and curb automatic working, attains a speed of 168 letters per minute, and I have heard of no good reason why this working speed should not be maintained in transmitting a continuous stream of telegraph matter. On this basis, taking the words at eight letters, the transmitting power of the cable is 30,000 words per day of twenty-four hours. Excluding Sundays, this is equal to more than 9,000,000 words per annum. After making due allowance in ordinary tariff for all necessary service messages, the line is quite capable of carrying 25,000 paying words per day without to any appreciable extent adding to the present working expenses.

FOUR PENNY RATE POSSIBLE.

"The Cable, working only half time, that is to say, twelve hours in each twenty-four would, at the low rate of 4d. per word, yield a revenue considerably more than sufficient to meet ordinary working expenses—to be precise, 3 1-4d. per word would be sufficient. It is true that an additional transmission charge of 6d. per word would be necessary to meet in full all charges made by the Treasury for interest, renewal fund and sinking fund to replace capital on the very liberal scale suggested by Lord Selborne's Committee; but it is a debateable question how much of this charge should be made payable at the expense of cheap telegraph. If the projected circle of cables come to be regarded as vital to the life and progress of that great political organism, the Empire, it will have to be considered how far its functional utility should remain unimpaired. The rates I have mentioned, 4d., even 10d. per word, are extremely low compared with what has heretofore been charged (ranging as high as 9s. 4d. per word before the Pacific Cable was advocated. For if such cheap telegraphy be possible across the Pacific to New Zealand and Australia, it is equally possible to India and South Africa. It must, however, be borne in mind that to approach such modest transmission charges it is indispensable that the connecting cables should be State-owned, and the service efficiently managed under State control."

Sir Sandford winds up his article with an expression of his satisfaction that "in conjunction with the world-girdling chain of State cables there is no other conceivable agency which would more speedily mould our great world-Empire into a living reality."

WHAT OXFORD UNDERGRADUATES THINK OF RHODES SCHOLARS AS A CLASS

An Oxford undergraduate contributes the following impression of the Rhodes scholars, and the place they fill at the university, to the London Leader.

In various parts of the world at the present time some eighty young men are getting their belongings in order and are saying "Good-bye" to their friends. They will begin residence in Oxford next October. Their fears about this new life in the home country will be tempered by the reports of the welcome and happiness to be found there which have been sent back by their predecessors. The truth is that, although there has been a good deal of nonsense written about the "Rhodesters," without doubt they have been a great success both intellectually and socially.

The public has been told that these strangers lived in isolation up here, and that they longed for the companionship of ladies. "The absence of feminine refining society," we are told, "is one of the drawbacks of Oxford." The present writer has smoked, eaten, and drunk with various Rhodesmen. He has had many long conversations with them, even after midnight, in the hours that reveal the secrets of the heart. Therefore he dares to write down their impressions, which may be found to differ very materially from those of the authors of these and similar statements.

AN AMERICAN VIEW.

A muscular representative of one of the most remote American States gave a pull at his pipe, rearranged his cushions, and thus summed up the last hour's conversation: "At Oxford you learn to live. A man keeps his body in a downy bed till ten o'clock, in snoozing comfort. After a cold bath he has a huge breakfast. After a period of torpor and smoking, he does some mental work. In the afternoon a good dose of exercise, either on the river or up at the ground—hard, healthy English sport. Tea-time arrives, the delightful, restful meal, with just a few cronies. A good dinner precedes bridge or a visit to the theatre. You men do not always do this, but you all learn to exercise your own capacities for enjoyment. And this is a better plan than our system of nine months' work and three months' slack. Better slack in company."

This is, of course, an extreme point of view. But it proves that the man was not lonely. He had mixed with us. He appreciated the fact that the majority of undergraduates do not do a full day's work in the sense of keeping their noses in their books. Oxford life is not congenial to real study. More important lessons are learnt in seeming idleness. Another colonial illustrated the general law of Bohemianism in term-time by the example of his professor, who is "a fussy little man, full of ideas and dodges, with a habit of leaving his cigarette ashes among my chemicals."

FIRST IMPRESSIONS.

It was an interesting crisis in a conversation when one of the "Rhodesters" began to speak of the English undergraduate. It was a delicate subject. The colonial hardly likes to give straight out his opinion of the many types of character he meets in daily intercourse, especially when he is speaking to one of the victims of his criticism.

He said: "My first week I was a bit lonely. The welcome was not so hearty as a colonial one. The English young man is a standoffish sort of person. He views a stranger with suspicion, and makes him unconsciously hold aloof in return. He does not rush into a newcomer's arms and kiss him on both cheeks. So I would like to forget the first week. After that I found you were good fellows." Another remarked on our subdued, gentle accent. "In my land," he said, "quiet speech, as a rule, means effeminacy." Here a burly athlete speaks as gently as our milk-and-water man."

Up in North Oxford, the land of ladies, the "Rhodester" is a success. The real reason of this is his interesting conversation. An American accent can be forgiven if the deadly dulness of epigram and commonplace is redeemed by a few sensible remarks on things of the world. Even a suburban road can be made interesting when it is compared with lively detail, to the Australian bush. And then, how entertaining he can be when he talks of himself. "Audacious self-esteem, if there are good grounds for it, is always imposing. Some of the "Rhodesters" are self-made men, and will tell you a tale of manual toil in some backwater of the world.

A FRENCH PROVERB.

On the bottom of a small French toy this notice is pasted "Quoiqu-elle sout tres solidement montee, il ne faut pas brutaliser la machine." A Rhodes scholar obeys this advice when he talks to a lady. We try to open conversation with stale criticisms of the latest novel or the most inane musical comedy. He gives the lady credit for intelligence, and starts to talk about something interesting without wasting words on inanities. At many of the most literary and scientific houses of North Oxford you may find him interesting the guests with dissertations on abtruse subjects, though afterwards he is quite capable of pulling the family boat up the river.

It would be rash to speculate as to how far Cecil Rhodes' ideas of thus uniting the Empire will be realized. It is evident that our Colonies could teach their Motherland a good deal in matters of national importance. This has been proved by certain speeches at the Union last term, where colonials have put a plain common-sense view of the question before the House, and have driven in a nail of practical experience without any irritating epigrammatic flourishes, the favorite vice of the English juvenile orator.

The seeds are being sown. The fruits will be seen in not only the broadened ideas and wider sympathies of those Englishmen who have had the privilege of coming into contact with these picked colonial brains, but also possibly in the increased virility of the Parliaments of England and her self-governing Colonies. In order to place the scheme on a reciprocal basis, and to further the bond of sympathy, why cannot a liberal-minded millionaire found scholarships in America and our colonial Empire for English students?

MILLIONAIRES, ANCIENT AND MODERN.

What classical saying strikes a more modern note than that of Seneca, "A great fortune is a splendid servitude"? It seems simply a translation into the Latin philosopher's sonorous phrase of the commonplaces of our own familiar philosophy, as when Andrew Carnegie speaks of "slaves of the habit of hoarding," and adds: "At first they own the money they have made and saved. Later in life the money owns them." To such aparent identity of view in a Seneca and a Carnegie there attaches the peculiar interest many moderns feel in the life of the Roman Empire, because in its materialism and its imperialism it is supposed to parallel our own civilization, the student of manners, constantly harking back to it for a curious resemblance and the moralist for an "awful warning." Thus, with the modern more or less on the watch to see Roman history of the first century repeat itself in the twentieth, any fresh contribution to our knowledge concerning it attracts almost a popular audience—as in the case of Dr. Dill's recently published study of "Roman Society from Nero to Marcus Aurelius."

The picture Dr. Dill draws for us of the Roman millionaire of the first century seems, cursorily, to be a case of history repeated. The lavishness of his entertainments, of which the extravagance has been so often detailed (perhaps $150,000 for Egyptian lilies for a single feast is a novel item); his frequent appearance in the role of "self-made man" who had "come up from the people"—the freedman; his acknowledged obligation to spend liberally on municipal objects, as baths and temples, and also hospitals, schools and good roads; his contributions, more or less compulsory, to the collegia or trades-unions of the time; his genuine and general pity for the proletariat—his spirit of charity. In modern phrase—despite the hideous cruelty of the gladiatorial shows and slave punishments; his liability to the inheritance tax and to other special taxes that in the end developed into a system of practical confiscation—in these and many other respects the Roman millionaire is pictured as subject to familiar modern conditions, actual or possible.—From "The Point of View," in October Scribner's.

WATCHES ARE NOT "PLATE."

In a test case made by the Goldsmiths' Company, London, a court has decided that gold and silver watches are not "plate," and imported watches do not require the hallmark. An appeal has been taken.

Not Sleeping Well

Without sleep there can be no bodily or mental vigor, consequently sleeplessness is a dangerous condition. Nothing so surely restores sleep as Ferrozone; it's harmless—just a nourishing, strengthening tonic. Ferrozone vitalizes every part of the body, makes the nerves hardy, completely rebuilds the system. The cause of sleeplessness is removed—health is restored—you can work, eat, sleep,—feel like new after using Ferrozone. Don't put off—Ferrozone costs 50c per box at all dealers; get it to-day.

GRAFTED ON AN EYELID.

A physician at Bordeaux, France, was called on to graft an eyelid on a man whose face had been shockingly burned. As there was no healthy skin left near the eye, he partly severed a piece of skin from the man's left arm and kept the arm in contact with the eye for ten days. The operation was a complete success.

STATUE OF ALEXANDRA.

The first public statue of Queen Alexandra has just been commissioned. Geo. W. Wade, the well known sculptor, has been chosen to do the work. The destination of the statue is Hong Kong, which has already given commissions for statues of King Edward and the Prince of Wales.

Are you now convinced that Red Rose Tea "Is Good Tea?"

I have made an honest effort to convince you that Red Rose Tea is good tea.

I have shown you in these talks that Red Rose Tea combines the good qualities of rich, strong Northern Indian tea with the delicate fragrance of Ceylon tea.

That by this combination of two good teas, Red Rose Tea is better than either—with a "rich fruity flavor" exclusively its own.

I have told you why it is always uniform in flavor and strength, of its selection at the gardens, how it is tested and blended—I have tried to tell you all about Red Rose Tea and why it is good tea.

I want you to try Red Rose Tea because I want you for a permanent customer. I know if you once try it, you will use only Red Rose Tea.

The price of half a pound of Red Rose Tea is small—that small investment may show you how much tea value, tea quality and flavor you have missed. Is it not worth trying?

FREE SAMPLE—We will send a large sample of Red Rose Tea, by post, free, if you will write and tell us the priced tea you are now using, and whether black or green.

Red Rose Tea is good Tea

T. H. Estabrooks

St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg



Our FAMILY PHYSICIAN

The great curative powers of this remarkable remedy have been known for more than 60 years to medical science and to millions of grateful men and women in thousands upon thousands of homes throughout the world. It stimulates every nerve and quickens every vital power of your body. It throws off pain and invigorates your physical organism until you are vitalized and built up to your proper strength, energy and vitality.

There is no remedy known to medical science that is so effectual in the cure of pain of every or any description as

Radway's Ready Relief

It never fails to relieve even the most stubborn attacks of **Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Chest or Kidneys, Sore Muscles, Sprains and Strains,** and will drive away every trace of soreness and stiffness whether caused by unusual exercise, the strain of toil or by annoying and painful attacks of inflammatory diseases.

Internally in water it is a positive cure for **Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Nausea, Cramps, Colic,** and all **Inflammatory Stomach and Bowel Diseases, acute or chronic.** It reaches the vital centres of your body with its powerful properties and roots out the causes of diseases in your physical organism. It destroys in its beginning every insidious disease which cannot be destroyed if allowed to go unchecked. Don't put it off. Keep handy this great remedy.

If used at once in sudden attacks, it will cure before the family doctor could answer your call.

For Sale by all Druggists 25c and 50c a Bottle

RADWAY & CO., Ltd.

MONTREAL, CANADA

Proprietors Radway's Ready Relief, Radway's Pills, Radway's Blood Purifier



Be Stylish Without Extravagance

We invite your attention to our improved system of dressmaking, man-tailored and designed from the highest class of goods, with the finest workmanship and price, which cannot be equalled by the ordinary modiste. We take as much pride in making your costume as you do in wearing it. We ante-date every dressmaker in this Dominion in styles, because our Paris and New York experts keep us thoroughly posted on all that is *au fait*.

The Novi-Modi system provides the latest and most appropriate patterns and correct style and fitting at the lowest possible cost.

We would like to show you our complete costumes, separate waists, skirts or coats. The garments are tried on and delivered the same day. WE WANT YOUR CUSTOM—SEE IF WE DON'T DESERVE IT.

Complete Costumes from $15.00
Coats from $10.00

Novi-Modi
MAN-TAILORED COSTUMES

2364 St Catherine Street

TO BE BEAUTIFUL BE NATURAL

You can bring back the natural beauty of your hair by careful treatment upon Nature's lines.

THE PRODIGIOUS CHEVELURINE

will restore your hair to its former vigor and natural beauty. This great scalp food strengthens the pigmentary secretions, thereby giving back the COLOR and GLOSS of YOUTH. It DESTROYS the dandruff germ and PROMOTES the hair to its original strength. It is delicately PERFUMED and pleasantly COOLING in use. One of the nicest dressings for any hair.

Price 50c per Bottle.

Illustrated booklet sent free on receipt of 2c stamp to defray postage. COOPER & CO., Dept. 2, 425 St. Paul St., Montreal.



The Great Paris Invention.

City Council Annexation Committee Meets Delegations From Ste. Cunegonde, St. Henri and Notre Dame des Neiges

The annexation committee of the City Council met delegations from Ste Cunegonde, St. Henri and Notre Dame des Neiges, yesterday at the City Hall

Alderman Lavallee presided for the first part of the meeting, but when the alderman was unmoored away for the meeting of another committee his place was taken by His Worship the Mayor, who had entered shortly before.

The first to be called upon was the committee from St. Henri

SCHOOL TAX AN ISSUE

The question which they brought up for discussion was the question of how the new by-law annexing the outside municipalities would affect the school laws as applied to the newly existing municipalities. In the meeting the question had been laid before the City Treasurer, Mr. Robb, and a report was received from him. The delegation from St. Henri stated that their chief objection would be to the levying of the new neutral parcel tax in the manner established by the late amendment to the school tax law

THE OBJECTION MET

This objection was met by the statement that the same would not apply this year and could not possibly apply until a change had been effected in the School laws as it now stands.

This could not possibly be this year and may not be next, though in all probability it had been stated by a prominent member of the Quebec Government a change would be effected next year.

A PROMISE GIVEN

It was definitely stated to the St. Henri delegation also to that from Ste. Cunegonde that should the annexation by-law go into force this year that the taxes would be collected as in the past by the treasurer of the Catholic School Board, the separate municipalities not existing as before.

The chief spokesman of the St Henri delegation was the Hon. Dr Lavallee.

THE CUNEGONDE'S REQUESTS

The head of the delegation from Ste. Cunegonde occupied but a few minutes, and voiced almost the same opinions. Nothing will take place in the administrative working of the school law, one of the fear that both of St. Anne's Ward belonging to what is now the Catholic school district could not, owing to the by-law, be effected until with the commencement of the school year.

The heading of the delegation from Notre Dame des Neiges occupied somewhat longer time.

This municipality consisting of 1,200 souls, possessing in all 1,200 acres, with assessed real estate amounting to $1,-200,000, and $242,000 worth of property exempt, would make a condition of their entering the confederacy that they should be created a separate ward.

ASK REDUCTION OF GRADES

They also ask that the city should immediately enter upon the task of reducing the grade of Cote des Neiges Hill.

A report had been submitted on this point and according to the estimate of City Surveyor Barlow, the cost of making this a six per cent. grade would be in the neighborhood of $300,000. This was regarded as excessive but it was explained by the present delegation that their demands were by no means excessive. All they require is that some of the steeper slopes should be reduced a trifle. They submitted a plan and their estimate of the cost of the work was about $20,000.

AND LOWER ASSESSMENT

In addition to this, one of the delegates, Mr. Higginbottom, thought that the new municipality would not enjoy the full benefits of city administration for several years, they should not pay the full assessment for that period. He thought that they should only pay a portion of the ordinary assessment.

Mayor Laporte stated that he would be in concurrence with the wish of the deputation that the slopes should be reduced as speedily as possible and would favor this. His declaration coincided with that of Ald Lavallee and quite satisfactory to the delegation. It was stated that all the proprietors of Notre Dame des Neiges were in favor of the annexation by-law.

Summer Resorts.

LONGUEUIL.

As the dress dance of autumn approaches the summer residents of the charming leave of this resort are loth to lose we were tempted at first to forego the pleasure of attending it, but the loveliness of the moonlight decided us.

The Longueuil Boating Club is holding a euchre in the Club House tomorrow night.

The ball fields of Chateauguay Basin present an animated appearance, especially on the Tuesday last week, owing to the presence of the Montreal Football team, who had come up to play a match with the Chateauguay team. The game, which was part of the day's programme, had to be abandoned, and euchre substituted. The game resulted in a victory by the small margin of one for the home team.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Stanway were among the week-end visitors.

The regular fortnightly dance was held in the club house on Saturday evening. Although the attendance was not as large as usual, during the summer months, it was more pleasant. Mrs. Thomson presided at the piano, and among those present were President G. H. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Elliot, Mr. and Mrs. Irving, Mr. H. and Miss Hooper, Mr. Lambert, Mr. and Miss Walker, Mrs. Elliot, Miss Stewart, Miss Carmichael, Mr. and Mrs. Mc-Dermaine, Miss Gowen, Quebec, Mr. Dawson, St. Lambert, Miss Cookson, Montreal, Misses Barton and Mr. and Mrs. Edson.

Miss Fiedler, who spent the summer here, has returned to the city.

Mrs. Lyall spent a few days in Longueuil last week.

Mr. and Mrs. and the Misses Cunningham have closed their cottage for the season.

The Longueuil Amateurs of Opera purpose holding a concert in the Town Hall on October 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Cole and family and Mr. and Mrs. I. Harris have returned to the city.

SHAWBRIDGE.

Although the summer season is almost over, there are still quite a number of city visitors with us, taking advantage of the last few weeks of good weather.

Mrs. Vineburg and family have returned to the city.

Those registered at Mr. F. W. Bell's "Hillcrest," are Mr. Right, Miss M. Right, Miss Thacker, Miss Right, Miss Norman, Miss Norman.

Mrs. McQueen has closed her cottage for the season.

Miss Alma Kelly and Miss Lucita Kelly spent a few days at Lake Desolation, guests of their uncle, Mr. R. Trudeau.

Mrs. Hanson and family are spending a few days in town prior to moving into their new house for the winter.

Mr. J. Smith spent the week-end in town returning to town accompanied by Mrs. Smith, who spent the summer at Hillcrest.

A party, made up of the guests from Mr. F. W. Bell's, spent a pleasant day last week at Ste. Agathe and vicinity.

WATERLOO.

Mrs. L. H. Brooks, of Montreal, spent the week-end among friends.

Mr. Robert Neil spent last week at home.

Miss C. Riff returned last week from Montreal, where she spent the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Grasette have returned from Hamilton, and will take up their residence in Montreal.

Mrs. H. E. Allen and son Richard, have returned home from Cape Cod and Boston.

Mrs. E. D. Lawrence has joined her two daughters in Montreal, where they will spend the winter.

Mr. Watson, Mrs. Watson and Miss C. Norris, of Lyndonville, Vt., motored on Monday for a trip down the valley of St. Lawrence.

Mr. Palmer Cox has presented the Public Library with a set of his famous "Brownie" books.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. C. Miner, of Clearbay, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Stevens last week.

The Misses McGuire and H. Clement have returned from a two weeks' holiday in Montreal.

POINTE CLAIRE.

Mr. Hervy Trimmingham is the guest of Mrs. Gerald Lomer this week.

Among the recent departures for the city are Mr. R. Young, Mr. Carlisle, Mr. H. Jackson, Mr. Cowdry and Mr. George Baber.

Mr. Percy H. Oakes has returned from Quebec.

Miss E. Lomer, Mrs. Stikeman, Mrs. Savage, Miss E. Savage and Miss Gilbert have returned from Val Morin.

The "Little Church in the Fields" held its closing services last Sunday, as the Rev. Mr. Rich was returning home.

Mrs. M. Meredith, of Ste. Agnes, and the Misses M. and R. Meredith, Miss M. Haskell and Miss I. Haskell were week-end visitors here.

Mr. P. Mackenzie, Mr. A. Hoell and Mr. T. Demers have also returned to Montreal.

Mr. C. Pease has returned from his holiday trip.

Miss Rae, of Montreal, was visiting Mrs. Hugh A. Allan.

HUDSON ON THE LAKE.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyman spent Sunday at the parsonage, the guests of their son, the Rev. Mr. Wyman.

Miss Bertie Hoy has returned to town.

Miss ...ux is the guest of Mrs. Ethel Hodges.

Mrs. Grisdale and family, of Ottawa, are the guests of Mrs. Grisdale's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Vipond.

Mr. Nicholson is visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Hodgson.

Mr. Bert Burdon was the week-end guest of his aunt, Mrs. McNaughton.

LACHUTE.

Mr. ... of Montreal is ... guests.

Mrs. ... of Montreal is the guest of Mrs. ...

Mr. ... of Montreal ... Mrs. A. Mc...

Mr. ... Montreal is ... visit to Montreal.

Mr. ... Montreal and Mr. ... Montreal ... Mrs. ...

Mr. ... of North Bay are ... Mr. ...

Mr. ... Lachute has been visiting ...

Dr. ... Montreal ... Mrs. ...

Mrs. ... Lachute ... Mrs. ...

Mr. ... Montreal ... Mrs. ...

Mr. ... Montreal ... Mrs. ...

Mr. ... Montreal

Special Cable News of Events in All Parts of the World

JAPANESE ARMY HAD A CELEBRATION

Nogi's Soldiers Commemorate Beginning of Port Arthur's Siege.

GAMES AND THEATRICALS

Description of the Queer Festal Scenes in Manchurian Headquarters.

Special Correspondence of the Montreal Star.

Headquarters Third Japanese Army, September 2.—The Japanese both at home and abroad are great people for celebrations. In Japan there is a holiday for the kites, a holiday for the frogs, a holiday in connection with the cultivation of the silkworm, and so forth. In fact, the Japanese make up for their lack of Sundays by having a day off to commemorate nearly every event of importance that occurs, be it an important one or not. It is no wonder, therefore, that the Japanese in Manchuria, the first anniversary of the battle of the Yalu, the second army made an occasion of May 26, which the first to fully appreciate all the work which had been done by the gods and others on the memorable field of Nanshan.

Now comes the turn of the third army. Upon the same day a year ago the lines of supposed defence had been forced in Nogi's centre. However, the main fort of Port Arthur was not to be taken until December, and it was to be another month before the Russian fleet was destroyed, so that the day which a year ago ushered the fall of outlying forts in the defences of Port Arthur proved but the forerunner of the end. From that date the investment of the city and the siege proper began. It was June 26 on which the 3rd and 9th divisions of the Japanese army were ordered made the assault on the fortified hill known as 203 Metres, which was the key to the whole position. It was on this day that the first attack was made on the Russian defences, and it was on this day that the first anniversary of that bloody event.

WRESTLING THE FAVORITE SPORT.

But the ruling sports here now, however, are wrestling and sumo, and on the occasion of the Mikado's birthday the contests were held in the presence of the general staff and all the officers of the army

LIVES LOST DURING POLITICAL ROW

Cuban Congressman Shot and Chief of Police Also Killed.

DYNAMITE BOMBS FOUND

Train Load of Guards Sent to Cienfuegos to Preserve Necessary Order.

Havana, September 22.—Official despatches received yesterday from Cienfuegos announced the killing of Congressman Enrique Villuendas, leader of the Liberal party, and the most able orator in the Lower House, and the Chief of Police of Cienfuegos during a conflict between the two political parties, the Liberals and Moderates.

The Government advices say the police had information that within the hotel in which Villuendas resided a quantity of arms had been deposited, and they went to investigate. As the police ascended the stairs they were met by a party of Liberals who fired on them, killing Chief of Police Hance. The police returned the fire, killing Villuendas and wounding several others.

A despatch from Cienfuegos says that six persons were killed and twenty-five wounded.

Government despatches say that besides Congressman Villuendas and Chief of Police Hance two policemen were killed and several policemen and civilians were wounded. Rural guards surround the entire block in which the Hotel Suiza, the scene of the affray, is situated.

One telegram says that Villuendas fired the shot which killed the Chief of Police, while according to another telegram the shot was fired by Jos. Fernandez, a Liberal, who has been arrested.

A search of the hotel revealed two dynamite bombs in the room occupied by Villuendas. The police are searching the hotel and carrying out the order of a judge, who was informed that explosives were hidden there.

The Government has received this telegram from Senator Frias:

"While in the cases of present the forces are keeping order every precaution is needed, as fact is danger of assault. I recommend that the authorities prevent the entrance into Cienfuegos of probable trouble makers who are going to provoke the city. There are fears of dynamite bomb throwing."

Acting on the advice of Senator Frias the Government yesterday sent a train of thirty cars loaded with rural guards, most of whom are destined for Cienfuegos, while the others will be distributed in Matanzas and Santa Clara, where threats received by the Government to the serious trouble are more or less acute. The train also carries artillery and the troops are supplied with a good number of ammunition.

The feeling at Havana is most tense. The Liberals are bitterly denouncing the Government, saying they have refused to receive forces from Cienfuegos because the Government will not permit the use of either the Government telegraph or of the cable line.

TURKISH RUGS

26th Annual Sale by Auction

of genuine hand-made Turkish, Persian and Indian rugs, carpets, palace strips, stair carpets and portieres, will be held in our rooms,

NOS. 247 AND 249 NOTRE DAME STREET WEST, on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday

AFTERNOONS

October 10th, 11th and 12th,

at 2.30 each day.

M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

Catalogues in preparation and will be sent on request.

Goods now on view. 227 3

QUEEN'S AUCTIONEERS M. HICKS & CO.

Irish Linens

22nd Annual Auction Sale

—OF—

FINEST QUALITY

Belfast Linens

Under instruction from the manufacturers, we will sell by auction, without reserve, a large assortment of double satin damask in table cloths, (all sizes), napkins, tea and tray cloths, table linen, towels, toweling, pillow linen, sheeting, doylies, etc.

Also guipure and point lace curtains, tapestry table covers, Marseilles, toilet and satin finished quilts, counterpanes, etc., etc., etc.

Sale at our rooms, Nos. 247 and 249 NOTRE DAME ST. WEST,

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY AFTERNOONS

at 2.30 o'clock each day.

Goods now on view.

M. HICKS & CO., 227 4 Auctioneers.

No. 858 SHERBROOKE ST.

OPPOSITE McGILL COLLEGE.

Important Auction Sale of Valuable Household Furniture, Decker Bros., New York Upright Piano, Paintings, Water Colors, Bric-a-brac, Very Handsome Grandfather's Clock, Wilton Carpets, Splendid American Billiard Table, etc.

We are instructed to sell by auction at the residence,

NO. 858 SHERBROOKE STREET,

On Wednesday Morning, 27th Sept.

All the Handsome Household Appointments therein, including:—

IN DRAWING ROOM—Beautiful Decker Bros. New York Upright Piano, in rich mahogany case, Wilton Carpet, Combination Gas and Electric Fixtures, Costly Inlaid Curio Cabinet, a rare antique; Handsomely Carved Japanese Ebony and Silk Painted Screen, Oil Paintings, Water Colors, Steel Engravings, Mahogany and other Odd Settees, Easy and Fancy Chairs, Centre Tables, very fine Crystal and Onyx Etagere, Reveled B. P. Mirrors, Mahogany Music Cabinet, Bronze Mantel Timepiece, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Handsome Bric-a-brac, Brass Fender and Fire-irons, Mahogany Cabinet, with bevelled Plate Glass Mirrors; Ebony Inlaid ditto, Mantel Chime Clock, Inlaid Ebony Davenport, etc., etc.

IN DINING ROOM—Very fine Wilton Square (nearly new), Handsome Walnut Dining Room Suite, including Sideboard, Dining Table and Chairs in leather, 2 Walnut China Cupboards, Crystal and Dinner Ware, Water Colors, Tapestry, Pictures, Japanese Gong, Brass Andirons and Gas Log, Jardinieres, Ornaments, Portieres, etc.

IN STUDY—Oak Secretary and Bookcase, Inland Card Table, Oak and Leather Chairs, Engravings, Macey Sectional Bookcase, etc.

IN BILLIARD ROOM—Very fine, nearly new Collander Co., 4½ x 9, American Billiard Table, complete; Oak Leather Chairs and Table, Linoleum, etc.

IN HALL—Wilton Hall and Stair Carpet, Handsome Hat Stand, very fine Grandfather's Clock, with phases of the moon, cathedral gong, in inlaid mahogany case; Armour, Shield, with Battle-axes, Spears, etc.; Pictures, Bronzes, etc.

IN BEDROOMS—Fine Walnut, Cherry and other Bedroom Suites; Hair Mattresses, Feather Pillows, very nice Walnut Wardrobes, with plate glass door, Cherry and Walnut ditto; Combination Gas and Electric Fixtures, Curtains and Portieres, Couches and Easy Chairs, Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Oak Chiffonier, Oak Bureaus and Washstands, Grandfather's Clock in oak case; Engravings, Toilet Ware, Oak Combination Washstand, Folding Bed, Table Lamps, etc.

IN SITTING ROOM—New Wilton Carpet, Round Oak Table, Walnut Etagere, Walnut Desk, Easy Chairs, Gass Radiator, Pictures, etc.

IN KITCHEN, ETC.—Prowse Steel Range, with hot water attachments, and Copper Boiler, Good Linoleum, Cabinet, Table, 2 Kitchen Dressers, Refrigerator, Kitchen Sundries, Hard Coal, etc.

All in fine order.

Sale at Ten O'Clock.

On view afternoon before sale from 2 to 5.

FRASER BROS., 227 3 Auctioneers.

No. 1132 DORCHESTER ST.

Important and Attractive Auction Sale of Superior Household Furniture.

Splendid Bell Upright Pianoforte, Handsome Modern Drawing Room Furniture, Excellent Bedroom Suites, Etc.

The undersigned are favored with instructions from V. E. TRAVERSY, ESQ., to sell by public auction at above residence, comprising:

IN DRAWING ROOM—Fine toned Bell Upright Pianoforte, 2 Mahogany Settees in silk tapestry; Inlaid, Gilt and Ebonized Occasional Chairs in Silk; Fancy Rockers in Silk; Roll Back and Wireback Chairs in blue figured Plush; Wireback Sofa in Blue Plush; Mahogany Chairs in figured Plush; Mahogany and Ebonized Centre Tables, Walnut Secretary Bookcase, large Mirror in B.W. frame; Valuable Ornaments and Bric-a-brac, Engravings, Water Colors and Paintings, Fancy Table Lamps, Lace Curtains and Portieres, Silk Draperies, etc.

IN DINING ROOM—Walnut Sideboard, with P.G. Mirror; Extension Walnut Dining Table, 6 Walnut Diners in leather; Side Tables, Rockers, Clock and Ornaments, Wilton Carpet, Engravings and Etchings, Dinner and Teaware, E. P. Ware, Glassware, Lace Curtains, etc.,

IN HALL, ETC.—Handsome Oak Hallstand, with B.P. Mirror; Chairs, Rugs, B.W. Roll Top Desk, Oval and Circular Tables, Books, Pictures, Portieres, New Raymond Cabinet Sewing Machine, Stair Carpets, etc.

IN BEDROOMS—Large B.W. Bedroom Set (Thomson), 2 Superior B.W. Sets, with Tennessee marble tops; Oak Bedroom Set, Gent's Oak Bureau, 2 Gent's Dressing Bureaus, large size and specially designed with B.P. Mirrors; large B.W. Framed Mirror, Wilton Carpets, Rugs and Lace Curtains, Hair Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Blankets, Elderdown Quilts and Comforters, Morris Chairs, Rockers and Odd Chairs, Pictures and Ornaments, Chamber Sets, Odd Bureau and Washstand, Iron Bed and Bedding, Verandah Chairs, Night Chair, usual Kitchen Furnishings and Requisites.

Sale on TUESDAY MORNING, 26th September, at 10 O'Clock.

FRASER BROS., 226 3 Auctioneers.

Household Furniture, Etc.

Auction at our salesrooms, Nos. 453 and 455 ST. JAMES ST. Regular auction,

Friday Morning, Sept. 29th,

At 10 O'Clock.

A large assortment of household furniture, pianos, pictures, carpets, oilcloths, stoves, etc., and a large quantity of miscellaneous goods.

Safe storage for furniture, pianos, etc. Private sales at all times. Furniture, pianos, carriages, harness, etc. Cash advances made.

257 5 FRASER BROS. Auctioneers.

ESTATE Late William Francis, Esq.

There will be sold on MONDAY, the 25th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, inst., 1905, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in the residence, NO. 88 UNIVERSITY ST., in the city of Montreal, by order of the executors of the last will of the late WILLIAM FRANCIS, in his life-time of said city, hardware merchant, through the undersigned notary, proceeding at the same time and place to the inventory of his testamentary estate, all the household furniture and effects in said residence, to wit:

Wire back parlor suite, large Turkish rug, Brussels carpets, mantel mirror, centre table, gasaliers, walnut sideboard and other, steel engravings and other pictures, small mahogany sideboard, dinner and tea sets, walnut bookcase and books, mahogany side table, mahogany chest of drawers, good bedroom sets, hair mattresses, feather pillows, looking glasses, toilet sets, mats, hall and stair carpets, couch, mahogany bookcase, bronze statuette, contents of servant's room, Prowse steel range, kitchen requisites, etc.

Terms cash.

WM. F. LIGHTHALL, Notary.

FRASER BROS., 226 1 Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF

1000 PLANTS

FOR HOUSE and TABLE DECORATIONS.

Including: Bay trees, Palms, Ferns, Rubber Plants, Aurecarias, Oleanders, etc., etc.,

At our Salesrooms 453 St. James Street,

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, 27th Sept., at 2.30.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

The stock is all in splendid, healthy condition, and every plant is potted. 227 3

At St. Anne de Bellevue, P.Q.

AUCTION SALE OF

Superior Household Furniture,

Handsome drawing room plenishing, dining room and bedroom furniture, brass and iron bedsteads and bedding, carpets etc., etc.

Cor. of Grand Trunk Ave. and Church Street,

On SATURDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 30, At 2.30.

FRASER BROS., 227 2 Auctioneers.

Estate Late James Linton, Esq.

IMPORTANT SALE OF

Valuable Household Furniture,

Axminster carpets, Eastern rugs, magnificent mirrors and crystal gasaliers, bronzes, marble statuary, clocks, ornaments, large Estey pipe organ, excellent silverware, Thomson drawing room furniture, splendid dining room furniture, bookcases and a large collection of books in costly bindings; rich lace curtains and portieres, pictures, Ledoux coupe, etc., etc. (by order of the executors, at the residence,)

No. 1121 Sherbrooke Street

MONDAY MORNING, 2nd OCTOBER, at 10 o'clock.

Particulars later.

FRASER BROS., 227 2 Auctioneers.

Some Laundries

do good work some of the time.

Most Laundries

do good work most of the time.

No Laundry

does good work all of the time except

Royal Steam Laundry

Phones M 4888.

11 PERTHIUS ST.

THE PEOPLES AUCTIONEERS

Unprecedented Opportunity

The Finest Stock of Furniture in Canada to be Sacrificed.

Positive and Peremptory

Auction Sale

..... OF .....

$45,000 Worth of Elegant Household Furniture, Brass Bedsteads, Office Furniture, Bedding, etc.

The subscribers are advised by Messrs. H. A. Wilder & Co., that on account of extensive alterations in the building, which will necessitate the removal of the greater part of the furniture, they have decided to sell by auction the entire stock in their uptown store,

No. 2415 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

Commencing

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,

September 25th, 26th and 27th.

The stock comprises the finest goods and the greatest assortment carried by any furniture house in the city, comprising: Silk brocatelle W. R. drawing room suites, elegantly carved parlor sets, odd and easy chairs, reception chairs, gold and enamelled chairs, all in handsome coverings; brass, onyx, oak and other centre tables, magnificent parlor cabinets, pier mirrors, ornaments, ladies' secretaries and desks, in great variety; costly dining-room furniture, including many pieces from Grand Rapids, in handsome sideboards, extension dining tables, buffets, dinner waggons, china cabinets, leather-covered dining chairs and couches, library tables, handsome bookcases, office chairs and lounges, screens, hall stands, hall tables and chairs, costly brass bedsteads and enamelled beds, springs, hair and other mattresses pillows.

Also, over 150 very handsome bedroom sets and odd bureaus and washstands, gent's and ladies' dressers, wardrobes, etc., baby carriages, go-carts, Grandfather's clocks, etc., etc.

NOW ON VIEW. Sale Each Day at 2.30 and 8 p.m.

RAE & DONNELLY, Auctioneers.

***You should take advantage of this great sale, as every lot will be sold without reserve. Goods packed and shipped to all parts. 225 3

THE REPOSITORY

Corner Simcoe and Nelson streets, Toronto.



BURNS & SHEPPARD, Proprietors.

ESTABLISHED 49 YEARS.

Auction sales of Horses, Carriages, Harness, etc., every Tuesday and Friday at 11 o'clock. Private sales every day.

GREAT AUCTION SALE

TUESDAY NEXT, SEPTEMBER 26th, AT 11 O'CLOCK.

By Instructions from MR. CHAS. BOECKH, Toronto,

Who is taking up the auto, we will sell his handsome pair of bays, "Castor" and "Pollux," 15.3 hands, 6 years, sired by "Cyclone," out of standard-bred mares, winners of 28 ribbon including three championships, also Candidate, bay mare, 15.1 hands, 9 years, Tuesday, Sept. 26th, together with his entire and complete stable outfit, consisting of Victoria, brougham (S. Brown), T. cart (Hutchinson), Tilbury and runabout, double family sleigh, also single sleigh, four handsome musk ox robes, single and double sets of English harness, Kay collars, liveries made by Henry A. Taylor, etc., saddles, knee rugs, blankets, etc., all purchased for show purposes. Castor and Pollux and Candidate are some of the handsomest carriage horses on the streets of Toronto, safe, sound and reliable in every way. Any family desiring high-class horses and prize appointments would do well to attend this sale.

BURNS & SHEPPARD, Auctioneers and Proprietors.

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In the matter of J. A. LAMOUREUX, Furniture Dealer, 3598 Notre Dame St., St. Henri.

The undersigned will sell by public auction, at No. 69 St. James Street, Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th Sept., 1905, at 11 o'clock, the following assets, in three lots:

1—Stock of Furniture, Stoves, etc $1,255 20
Fixtures 37.87
$1,293.07

2—The book debts, as per list, will be sold separately 203.30

3—The rights in the lease of the premises to 1st May, 1906.

The store will be open on the 26th. For all other information, apply to

ALEXANDRE DESMARTEAU, Trustee, 1598 Notre Dame St., Montreal,

MARCOTTE BROTHERS, Auctioneers. 226 2

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In re J. O. LAROSE & CO., 1237 St. Lawrence St., Montreal.

Sale by auction at No. 69 St. James Street, Montreal, on FRIDAY, 29th September, 1905, at 11 o'clock.

Stock of dry goods $8612 59
Fixtures 480.68
$9093 27

Book debts, per list 21.75

Store will be open on 27th and 28th.

KENT & TURCOTTE, 97 St. James Street, Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers. 226 3

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In re CANADA HARDWARE CO., In Liquidation.

Sale by auction at No. 69 St. James st., Montreal, MONDAY, 2nd OCTOBER, 1905, at 11 o'clock:

Book debts and bills receivable, per list, about $29,615.00

A policy of assurance on the life of John Lavallee in the Sun Life Assurance Co. 3,000.00

(Annual premium for life, $91.20; 12 premiums paid.)

A. L. KENT, Liquidator, Kent & Turcotte, 97 St. James st., Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS., 225 3 Auctioneers.

City of St. Henry

Bids are asked for the 25th September, instant, at 6 o'clock p.m., or before, from contractors, for the construction of sewers on FOPLAR AND WALNUT STS. Plans and specifications to be seen at the City Engineer's office, MR. J. EMILE VANIER, No. 5 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal.

The city not binding itself to accept the lowest or any of the bids.

The bids to be on FORMS OBTAINED from the Engineer and to be accompanied by a certified bank cheque representing 5 per cent of the said bid, and the whole addressed to

LS. N. SENECAL, City Clerk

City Hall, St. Henry, corner St. James street and Place St. Henri. 225 2 eod

TRADE SALE

On Wednesday and Thursday

27th and 28th September,

At Ten O'Clock Each Day.

Balance of Two Bankrupt Stocks, comprising: Dress and Underskirts, Cloaks, Capes, Jackets, Whitewear, Blouses, Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves and Mitts, Dress Goods, Cashmeres, Apron Cotton, Woollen Goods, Tweeds, Beavers, Melitons, Serges, Canvas, Dress and Tailors Trimmings, Ladies' Costumes, Corsets, Millinery Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Linens, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Neckties, Buttons, Thread, Laces, Umbrellas, etc., etc.

Also 50 cases of Smallwares, Fancy Goods, and a large quantity of consignments.

No reserve, and in lots to the trade.

MARCOTTE FRERES, 227 3 Auctioneers.

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In re JOSEPH BEAULIEU, Contractor, Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction, at No. 69 St. James street, Montreal, on

WEDNESDAY, the 27th Sept., 1905, at 11 o'clock,

the following immovable.

Two lots of land situate in the city of Montreal, known and designated under numbers seventy-two and seventy-three, of the subdivision of lot number one hundred and ninety-six (196-72 and 73) of the official plan and book of reference for the Village of Cote St. Louis, containing each twenty-five feet front by one hundred and two feet depth, English measure, more or less, with houses thereon erected, bearing numbers 871 to 881, Droliet street.

For all other information apply to ALEXANDRE DESMARTEAU, Trustee, 1598-1608 Notre Dame st. MARCOTTE BROS., 216 4 2aw Auctioneers

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In the matter of J. L. OLIVIER, Grocer, 536 Mount Royal Ave., Montreal, Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell at public auction, at No. 69 St. James Street, Montreal, the assets of said insolvent,

THURSDAY, the 28th September, 1905, At 11 A.M.

Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors and Accessories	$904.91
Fixtures	318.00
Rolling Stock	200.00
Licenses, Cash paid on Register, Scales and Oil Tanks	317.67
Rent of Store to the 1st May, 1906, and Heat included	280.00
	$2,020.58

Conditions—Cash. The store will be open for inspection of stock Wednesday, the 27th of September. For other information apply to

NAPOLEON ST. AMOUR, Curator, 11 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS., Auctioneers. 225 2eod

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 2969.

Harry Lewis, of the City of London, in England, trader there, carrying on business as such under the firm name and style of "M. Lewis,"

Plaintiff, vs

Joseph Smith, of London, England, merchant, Henry Smith, of the City and District of Montreal, merchant, and Oscar Smith, of the same place, heretofore carrying on business as wholesale and retail importer, under the name and style of the "British and German Importation Company,"

Defendants

The Defendant, Joseph Smith, is ordered to appear within one month.

Montreal, September 19th, 1905.

E. BRANCHAUD, Deputy Prothonotary. 226 2

Important Sale

Household Furniture, Costly Crystal Gasaliers, Eastern Rugs, Mirrors, Pratte Upright Piano, Very Valuable Aeolian Orchestrelle, Silk Portieres, Lace Curtains, Etc., Etc.

The undersigned, instructed by WM. G. CHENEY, Esq., will sell at 867 DORCHESTER ST., on

TUESDAY, 26th SEPTEMBER, at 10 o'clock a.m.,

the whole of the furniture and effects, including:

DRAWING ROOM—Valuable Aeolian Orchestrelle (with over 100 pieces of classical music, this instrument is nearly new and cost over $1000), a splendid Pratte upright piano (cost $500, and is also nearly new), crystal gasaliers and side brackets, bric-a-brac, lace curtains, silk portieres, Axminster carpets, Eastern rugs, wire-back silk-covered arm chairs, and sofa, silk chairs, reception chairs, card tables, centre tables, oil paintings, silk frame mirrors, cabinet, music box, etc.

DINING-ROOM: B. W. sideboard, extension table, leather-covered chairs, L.C. reclining chair, Brussels carpet with border, mirrors, Japanese screen, fine engravings, table linen, cutlery, sterling silver spoons and forks, lot of fine silver-plated ware, dinner, tea and breakfast sets, glassware, lace curtains, etc.

HALLS—Crystal gas pendants, Newel post bronze gas fixture, palace strip and other Eastern rugs, B. W. frame mirror, engravings, hall chairs, Axminster stair carpets.

LIBRARY—Brass fire irons and dogs, gas logs, leather-covered and other arm chairs, sofa, handsome bookcases, pictures, lace curtains, about 500 volumes of well-bound books, including several sets of standard works; very fine marble clock, bric-a-brac, reading stand, mirror, crystal gasalier, pictures, etc., etc.

BEDROOMS—Imported ¾ brass bedsteads, hair mattresses, B. W. oak and other bedroom sets, several lounges, arm chairs, odd bureaus and washstands, dressing bureaus, shaving stands, splendid B.W. folding bed with mirror front, costly B.W. mirror front wardrobe (by Scott), other wardrobes, fancy tables, two desks, lot of bed linen and blankets, sofa rugs, portieres, lace curtains, Brussels and other carpets, Morrice chairs, mirrors, brass fire dogs, crystal gas fixtures, sewing machine, large fur chest, zinc box, several gas heaters.

KITCHEN AND BASEMENT, etc.: Splendid steel range by Burns, gas stove, refrigerators, Pembroke tables, usual utensils, about 7 tons of coal, etc., etc.

Also contents of servants' rooms.

The house will be open to intending purchasers on MONDAY AFTERNOON, from 2 till 5.30 o'clock.

WALTER M. KEARNS, 225 4 Auctioneer.

Suburban Real Estate

This is the best time of all the year to hold public sales "on the spot." A well advertised auction on the ground NOW will attract a good buying audience. We make a specialty of writing up, managing and conducting these sales, and suggest immediate attention, as there are not many Saturdays left this fall.

ANGUS & POTTER CO., Tel. Main 2476. 17 Bleury St.

Several Good Factory Sites for Sale. 225 5

GREENE AVENUE, EAST SIDE

Valuable business site, 26.6 x 110, adjoining No. 259, midway between St. Catherine St. West and Western Ave., and between two banks, Montreal and Sovereign. Lane at side and rear, and mitoyen wall on south side. This choice building lot will be sold FOR ACCOUNT OF AN ESTATE, on

MONDAY, 2nd October, at 11 A.M., At Mechanics' Building, 204 St. James Street.

ANGUS & POTTER CO., Auctioneers. Office, 17 Bleury Street. Tel. Main 2476. 227 7

Special Sale

600 ROLLS FLOOR OILCLOTH,

By Auction.

Assorted sizes, new designs. The last of the year.

THURSDAY, 28th September, 1905, At 11 A.M.

At our Warehouse, 55 St. Sulpice St. Merchants' attention is called to this important sale.

Regular Weekly Sales every WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 10 A.M.

BENNING, BARSALOU & CO., LTD., 227 4 Auctioneers.

TRADE SALE BY AUCTION

WEDNESDAY, 27th, and FRIDAY, 29th September, 1905, At 10 A.M.,

Blankets, Woollen Underwear, Men's Overcoats, Furs, Racoon Coats, pieces and full Skins, Ladies' Fur Jackets, Fur Caps, and a large assortment Fall and Winter Goods, at our warehouse.

BENNING, BARSALOU & CO., LTD., 55 St. Sulpice Street. 227 3 Auctioneers.



Special Sale of High Class Horses, TUESDAY, Sept. 26th, at 2.30 P.M.:

Dorson, bay gelding, 6 years old, by Defender, dam Roonette, winner of King's Plate, 1904. Edna, chestnut mare, 5 years old, by Prince James, dam Jaka. Florange, bay gelding, 6 years old, by Pay or Play, dam Belle of Orange, winner of Elkington Cup, 1903. Also the fast pacing mare, Lady Lawood, record 2.26¼, brown mare, 15¾ hands high, perfectly sound kind and city broken, will make an ideal road or race mare. Also the fast trotter, Lord Fallis, record 2.18¾, br. gelding 15¾ hands high, thoroughly city broken, one of the fastest trotters on the road in the city. Also we have been instructed by The Flour Mills Co. to sell their entire outfit, consisting of 2 horses, 1 express, 2 sets of harness, buggies, without reserve. On view at our stables Tuesday morning.

T. W. FOSTER & CO., 605 St. Paul Street, 226 3 Auctioneers.

WINNING BACK OF ATLANTIC RECORD

Some Facts Which Have Leaked Out About New Cunard Leviathan.

Special to The Montreal Star.

London, September 23.—Some interesting facts have just leaked out regarding the interior structure of one of two twenty-five knot Cunarders which represent Great Britain's determination to win back the Atlantic record lost some time ago to the Germans.

The vessels, it should be explained, are not likely to be ready until the end of the year, and by that time it is hoped by maritime men that the United States Government will have deepened the new Ambrose channel in order to permit these new Cunarders to enter and leave New York harbor. Next month the newest German Atlantic liner, the Amerika, belonging to the Hamburg-American Company will leave on her maiden trip, and it will be interesting to compare the relative merits of the new vessels. The Amerika has been called the millionaires' boat. She has not been built so much for speed as for luxury. Against the twenty-five knots of the turbine Cunarders her seventeen knots would make but a poor showing, as would, indeed, the present German record of 23.5 knots.

Electric lifts or elevators will carry the passengers of the Amerika from one deck to another. Such lifts will also be a feature of the Cunarders. In fact, it is claimed that the Cunard Company was the first to incorporate the idea in its plans for new ships, the suggestion coming, in 1902, from a member of the staff of the Scientific American.

The principal dining room on the Amerika is 100 fet long. It is fitted up in Louis XVI. style, the walls being frescoed with copies of Boucher's pictures, the cost of the decorations alone being about $25,000.

NOVELTY IN AMERIKA.

A novelty in Transatlantic travel is that saloon passengers on the Amerika may book passage only, and pay for food a la carte in the restaurant the table service being gold plated. The waiters will dress as waiters and not as stewards.

The vessel also has a gymnasium. The walls of the day nursery are illustrated with stories. The room is light and airy, indeed the whole atmosphere of the ship is artificially changed every few minutes.

In addition to the ordinary sea water baths, there will be an electric bath to which will be attached specially trained attendants. The length of the Amerika is 687 feet, breadth 74 feet, displacement just under 42,000 tons.

The new turbine Cunarders will banish all vibration. In length they will be 600 feet, breadth 68 feet, and 10 feet in depth, with a displacement of 43,000 tons and an aggregate horse power of 75,000, the double bottom will be five feet six inches between the inner and the outer shells.

The great width of the ship enables Scotch boilers, which will be of the largest size, to be placed four abreast and still leave room for large coal bunkers in the wings.

The decks will be eight in number. The great dining saloon on the upper deck for first class passengers will be 125 feet long and will seat 125 people. The first class rooms are to be half as large again as ordinary state rooms.

As turbine engines almost invariably develope horse power in excess of the contract it is believed that these Cunarders will make twenty-six knots an hour on their trials.

BOYS DROWNED AT A PICNIC

Boat Overturned on Lake Ontario and Two Lives Were Lost.

Toronto, September 23.—The boys of the Victoria Industrial School, Mimico, held a picnic at the Lake Shore yesterday afternoon. Eight of them went out in a dingy without a sail. There was a heavy sea running and the boat was upset, and all were thrown into the water. Most of the lads clung to the upturned boat. Two of them, however, essayed to swim to the shore, about 200 yards distant, and were drowned. They are Henry Coggishall, aged 17, of Toronto, an inmate of the institution for four years, and Harry Leech, aged 16, of Ridgetown, who has been in the school for three years. There was no sign of the lads when a rescue party in row boats arrived at the scene several minutes afterwards.

To sail September 23 — The American steamer Barracouta, Captain Curtis, last reported to have sailed from San Francisco for Nikolaievsk, has been seized by the Japanese north of the Island of Sakhalin.

The ship Bray Hay sailed from Quebec yesterday for Belfast with deals.

FRAE AULD SCOTIA

The Wee Frees Winna Meet to Confer Wi' the United Frees.

SUNDAY CARS FOR DUNDEE

Rosebery in the Lewis — Marble in Iona—Whisky in America.

Frae Oor Ain Correspondent.

Glasgow, September 13.—The idea o' the Kirk Commission, that the twa kirks micht hae a bit conference atween themsel's an' arrange the things that there may be nae dispute ower, has come to naethin'. The Free Kirk has said to the United Frees that altho' it thinks the Act o' Parliament a big injustice, it will dae what it can to help the Commission on its big job, an' appear for the third time afore a court o' law to contend for the property that is its by right. An' it will gie its lawyers orders to meet the lawyers o' the United Frees, as the Commission hinted at, but the leaders o' the Free Kirk winna meet themsels wi' the leaders o' the United Frees to hae a quiet talk ower what things they micht agree ower, an' save the Commission the trouble o' settlin'. An' the Wee Frees in waitin' this opinion o' theirs to the United Frees say plainly that it wadna be easy to fin' among the United Frees men fit to meet in conference wi' them, the Wee Frees. Sae as the hail thing is to be left to the lawyers, there isna muckle hope o' a peaceful settlement ony mair nor lots o' the big squabbles. The Commission will hae to gang ower it a', but by bit, deedlin' which kirk this bit o' stane an' lime or that bit o' money belangs to.

Dundee has come roond at last. It has stood oot langer than ony ither toon in the country against tramway cars, on Sunday, but at last it has decided, by 11,825 votes against 7,196, that Sunday cars it will hae. Sin' the thing was spoken o' twa three years syne there has been a continual agitation ower it. The Toon Council aye squabblin' an' arguin' an' takin' votes o' the ratepayers, aye kennin' that Sunday cars wad come, but aye frichtened to risk startin' them in case the ratepayers micht throw the hail Council into the street at the next election. Takin' a vote o' the ratepayers was just their way o' shovin' the responsibility aff themsel's. Noo that they've got a real vote in favour o' the cars they hae started them, an' the guid, auld Sabbatarians, wha tak a cab to the kirk themsel's, an' haud up their han's at a' them wha gang on electric cars, are in mournin's. The danger is that Dundee, noo that it has got a shove doon the hill o' moral degradation, will gang ower fast. At the first Toon Council meetin' after the vote, the members no only decided to start the Sunday cars, but declared themsel's in favour o' the Sunday openin' o' museums an' art galleries. At this rate Dundee will soon be as far doon the hill as, say, Glasgow.

Stornoway, for a place sae far awa' frae civilization, has been keepin' itself weel afore the public this week. Lord Rosebery, Mr. Gerald Balfour, the Earl an' Countess o' Glasgow an' some mair notabilities, has been up there openin' its new Municipal Buildin's, public library, social institute, etc., etc. Stornoway disna dae things by halves. It decided some years syne to hae a new Toon Hall, an' as Mr. Carnegie promised it £3,500 for a library, it thocht it micht as weel hae a library, too. By an' bye the idea o' a big block to hand a' the offices an' halls gree on the toon, an' the result was the block Lord Rosebery opened last Thursday. The day was a special holiday, an' Lord Rosebery in his speech went over the romantic bits in the history o' Stornoway an' the Island o' Lewis, spoke o' the visits o' Royalty to the place, included the visit o' puir Charles Stewart when there was a prize o' £30,000 for the man wha wad betray him, an' o' the days o' the warfare o' the clans, an' wound up by wonderin' why in a' the warl' Stornoway isna a Royal Burgh, an' by askin' a' its folk to min' that tho' they live in Stornoway they are a pairt o' the big Empire, an' should send oot o' their young men an' women as mony as they can to carry on that Empire.

The Vikings frae Norway an' Sweden dinna seem to be pleased wi' startin' whale fishin' in Shetland and carryin' awa at the end o' each season a' the money they can mak' oot o' the business. They've taen a lease o' the marble quarries o' Iona, an' are to start workin' them in the spring. The quarries were worked hunder's o' years syne, but whether the marble was sent oot o' the country nae-body kens. The altar in the auld Cathedral on the Island was made o' white marble quarried near by, an' it is likely that the stuff wud be sent to ither Cathedrals in Scotland an' England, an' may be in ither countries. The marble is o' a queer white an' colored kind, that should sell fine but the quarries are at a bit o' the Island that is badly exposed to the sea, an' the difficulty will be to get it on board ships. A harbor, or at least a pier, is badly needed.

Ane up for Auld Scotia! The British Consul in a United States city sends hame word that the increase in the use of Scotch whisky is very marked, and it is to some extent displacing wine in clubs and restaurants where formerly wine was ordered. Scotch whiskey sells better and is more advertised than Irish whiskey. That last sentence seems wrang end foremost, but it's there as I read it. The queer thing is that although whiskey may be boomin' in America, it is dull at hame an' distillers hae lost hope o' ony improvement until the general trade o' the country gets better. "The turn-over of the past fortnight," says a man writin' on business affairs, "has been small, and the trade done has been of an unquestionably hand-to-mouth character." This is true, oh how true. "The business done has been of a hand-to-mouth character." Exactly.

The Toon Council o' Glasgow hae been tryin' a' they can to spoil the whiskey trade, but they haena made muckle o' a success o' the job. They started a big house doon in Ayrshire as a hame for drinkers wha wadna stop drinkin', an' when the magistrates got afore them in case that seemed hopeless, sae long as the drinker was left in the way o' temptation the sentence was Girgenti, that is the name o' the hame instead o' a five or six months' wecks in gaol. But the experiment has turned oot a failure. First, because the magistrates hae nae power to send women there unless they are nearly hopeless an' next, because the thing is far ower expensive. There are 46 women in it the noo (men arena admitted), an' only 17 o' them show any sign o' reformation. There haena been a big number o' women through the hame yet, but o' them that hae been, 23 hae been in the han's o' the police sin' they cam oot. As to expense, the cost is £1 11s 2½d a head a week—mair than mony a laborin' man raises a family on. Girgenti canna be a success until the magistrates hae the power to send there drinkers wha are still likely to reform, instead o' hopeless cases. Sae the question is, should it be kept gaun in the hope that Parliament will grant this power, or stopped at ance.

The Harbor Board o' Aberdeen has sairly offended the economical folk in their ain city. They wanted a trip up the Continent, an' as they wanted forbye—for the good o' their ain harbor, of course—to see some o' the harbors o' the Continent they chartered a

Plays and Players.

"Pay yur money and take your pick" describes correctly if somewhat indelicately, the theatrical situation of the week. Certainly there was no lack of variety in the offerings, which ranged from the heaviest melodrama to the lightest burlesque. All manner of tastes were catered to, and the cosmopolitan among us could wander at will from a light opera, freshly imported from "dear old Lunnon" to a Russian tragedy played in Yiddish by a New York company. Between the two extremes were comedy, farce, burlesque, educated animals and performance and moving pictures. Even the most jaded appetite could not fail to find something that appealed to it on such a thrice-told menu.

The greatest novelty of the entire collection was undoubtedly "Le Jockey Malgre Lui," which although it has been adapted into English, was until the week never presented in America in the original French version. The Orpheus Co. introduced into the opera was also original and was seen here for the first time.

"Le Cadet" at the Theatre des Nouveautes was one of Bertin's former successes and greatly pleased the patrons of that cosy little play house. The Academy had "The Smart Set," which was played by a company of clever colored people. The Theatre Royal, the popular home of burlesque, had the usual olio and burlettas, the aggregation presenting them being known as "The Broadway Gaiety Girls." The Arena added to the general variety by presenting Crockers educated horses and donkeys. A Shakespearean revival and a circus were all that was lacking to make a collection of almost every known sort of theatrical attraction. With performances in several languages in English—the London variety, in French the Parisian description, in Yiddish of a German sort, and in American the coon kind, we were at least up to date, if not wholly thankful.

At His Majesty's "The Duchess of Dantzic" deservedly made good. The atmosphere was entirely that of a London production, and one stepped from the theatre with the full expectation of finding oneself in the Strand outside the Gaiety, or in Leicester Square and the neighborhood of Daly's. There was so much good work done in "The Duchess" that any minor faults deserve to be passed over in silence. For the week the prices were still at the top notch for theatrical attractions in this city, but the back rows of chairs on the ground floor were not as well patronized as the management could have desired. Many theatre-goers who have sat in comfort during His Majesty's have only one day like a severe attack of rheumatism for they are far from comfortable. To remedy the difficulty on ordinary occasions the management might hire out cushions in the manner in vogue during the summer at the baseball park. On two dollar night a coupon could be attached to the ticket entitling the holder to the temporary ownership of a cushion.

Next week we are to have "Raffles" visit us, and the hoodlums in Westmount, the sandbagging on the docks, and the "first floor jobs" in the uptown districts will probably, hereafter, be conducted by disciples of that gentle purloiner of his neighbor's goods. The era of the high class burglar is at hand, and in the near future the methods may be copied of the Most Honorable person who introduced himself into a household as a friend of the hostess, dined with the wife, and then carried off the family jewels. When accused he only looked superior and quoted "Raffles" as an example. Queer how it is that brothers-in-law Doyle and Hornung should be responsible for the most famous detective and the best known thief in modern literature and drama—Hawkshaw not excepted.



KYRLE BELLEW,

As Raffles, at His Majesty's next week.

AT LOCAL PLAYHOUSES.

Mr Kyrle Bellew will bring "Raffles" to His Majesty's Theatre next week. The play, which is founded on Mr. E. W. Hornung's stories of that famous gentleman cracksman, is not merely a story in criminology, but contains an exceedingly pretty love story. Miss Clara Blandick will play the role of Gwendolyn Conron, to whom Raffles loses his heart. Bunny, Raffles' chum, will be in the hands of Frank Connor, and E. M. Holland will be Capt. Bedford, the detective. Others in what promises to be a cast of high merit are Frank McCormick as Crawshay, the professional thief, and Miss Lorena Atwood as Miss Vidal, the adventuress.

At the Academy of Music next week the attraction will be "The William H. West Big Jubilee Minstrels," for which Manager Ricaby claims many novel and original turns. Among the exclusive acts promised by the management is that of Bert and Johnny Swor, which is said to be very clever.

At the Theatre Francais next week the management have decided to reproduce "Le 5 cents de Baptiste," which was given during the supplementary season. It will be produced with all the original comedy, scenic effects, marches and music, and will be presented by the augmented Cazeneuve Company. The piece abounds in adventures and funny situations, and many new specialties are promised by the management. The soirees de gala will be continued.

"Les Amants Legitimates" will be next week's offering at the Theatre des Nouveautes. The comedy, which is a three-act affair by Ambroise Janvier, is said to be full of wit and to have made a hit when produced in Paris. The cast will include Mr. Prevost, "Paul de Puysses"; Mr Christian, "le Comte"; Mr Petibon, "Letourteau"; Mr. Desplas, "Desmoustiers"; Melle. Bienfait as "Huguette"; Melle Berthall as Madame Baudoin," and Mme. Darcot as "Fanny."

"An Honest Politician," and "A Tempest in a Tea House" will be two features of the bill presented at the Theatre Royal next week by "The Jolly Girl Burlesquers." The comedians of the company are headed by Sam Sidman, James Connor and Geo. T. Davis and will be supported by a large chorus and those contributing to the olio will include Glorine, Rosalie, the Lassard Brothers, Bigger and Lancaster, and the Jolly Four Quartette. In addition to the regular performance the original moving pictures of the Nelson-Britt fight at San Francisco, September 9th, will be shown at every performance.

Riverside Park will close a successful season with to-morrow evening's performance. The management next season has decided to extend the park one more block east of Notre Dame street, and will erect a covered theatre of pavilion seating 4,000 people. It is designed to have the park the little Coney Island of Montreal, and to this end the attractions arranged for will include good vaudeville acts such as will please the better class of patrons as well as such features as Darkness and Dawn, the Galveston Flood, the Electric Toboggan and Shooting the Chutes.

Crocker's educated horses, which have been performing at the Arena this week have met with such success that the engagement has been extended so as to include all next week. The usual Wednesday and Saturday matinees will be given in addition to the evening performances. The programme will be varied from that given this week, and a new set of moving pictures will be introduced.



MR. SANFORD B. RECOBY,

The proprietor of West's Minstrels, to appear at the Academy.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

Mr. E. S. Willard will open his season at His Majesty's Theatre week after next, presenting a repetoire of five plays. On Monday evening, "David Garrick" will be the bill. Tuesday and Wednesday evening Henry Arthur Jonas' play, "The Middleman," will be presented. On Friday evening and Saturday matinee the offering will be "The Professor's Love Story." On Thursday evening Mr. Willard will give Montrealers an opportunity of passing judgment on "Lucky Durham," Louis N. Parker's adaptation of Alfred Capus' play which was called "La Chatelaine" in France. On Saturday evening the Willard engagement will be brought to a close with Charles Dickens' "Tom Pinch." Miss Alice Lonnon, who succeeded Miss Fealy, as Mr. Willard's leading woman, will appear with him in Montreal. Of the five plays Mr. Willard will present during his stay here, but one is a comparative novelty. In "Lucky Durham" he will depart from his usual custom and will not appear as one of the elderly men with which he has become identified in this country.

Joseph Murphy, in "The Kerry Gow," will be the attraction at the Academy of Music the week beginning October second.

The management of the Theatre des Nouveautes announce for the week beginning October 2nd, the first appearance in America of Mlle. Gondy, and Messrs. Demanne and Derniers, when Mlle. Gondy will play a role in which she appeared in Paris for over three months.

Louis Frechette's historic drama, "Papineau," will shortly be produced at the Theatre Francais. A dramatic production of Lord Byron's "Mazeppa" is also in course of preparation, and will be given very soon.

At the Monument National on October 17th and 18th, the Thalia Theatre Company of New York, headed by Mme. K. Lipksin, will play a return engagement presenting "The Schlte" and "The Schwie."

PLAYS IN OTHER PLACES.

"The Walls of Jericho," Alfred Sutro's four act play which made such a tremendous hit in London, was produced this week in Washington, by Jas. K. Hackett and his wife, Mary Mannering. In spite of the scolding Mr. Sutro administers to society, the play made as great a success in Washington as it did in London.

At the Garrick Theatre, Philadelphia, this week, Minnie Seligman and William Bramwell produced John Luther Long's "The Dragon Fly," with great success. The play is described as a romantic drama, and the principal character, Nadadora, is a sort of Madame Butterfly transplanted from Japan to Mexico.

E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe opened their season this week in Cleveland, with "The Taming of the Shrew." The co-stars are credited with a very real success in their latest revival.

The Russell Brothers produced "The Great Jewell Mystery," their comedy drama by Mark Swan, in New York this week. Owing to the illness of James Russell, his place was filled by his nephew, John Russell, jr. In the last act of this blood and thunder play the Russell Brothers' familiar sketch is introduced.

George Ade's play, "The Bad Samaritan," after a short run leaves New York this week for a road tour.

John C. Slavin, who is to launch shortly in a starring venture by Manager Whitney, left the Schumann Heink company in Montreal last week. His play, which will be known as "The Mayor of Kankakee," will open in Chicago.

DOINGS OF THE PLAYERS.

The Japo-American "entente cordiale" is being cemented for all time.



MR. M. DANE,

At the Francais next week in "Le 5 Cents de Baptiste."

A young woman player in "The Ham Tree" has announced her engagement to a Japanese army officer. The prospective groom is of course described as both rich and heroic.

A change in the ending of "The Prodigal Son" has been made, and now the audience is able to go out with a light heart to its Welsh rarebits and club sandwiches.

Mrs. Genevieve Haines, who will be remembered here as the author of "Hearts Aflame," which was played at the Academy of Music a season or two ago, has secured from Booth Tarkington the right to dramatize his novel, "The Conquest of Canaan." Mrs. Haines is a pretty and earnest little woman, who takes her work even much more seriously than it is regarded by the managers and public.

A production may be made shortly in London of Comyns Carr's "Tristram and Iseult," with H. B. Irving and Mrs. "Pat" Campbell in the name parts.

The Baldwin Melville Stock Company have opened their season at the Lyric Theatre, New Orleans, giving "In Mizzoura." The yellow fever scarce has not kept people away from places of amusement, which are said to be constantly well patronized.

A company, to be known as the American Gaiety, is being selected in New York to go to Germany and Austria next year. For the principal characters in the plays produced, members of local stock companies will be utilized, but the chorus and show girls will be American.

Miss Vera Michelena has been engaged to play the title role in "The School Girl." Miss Michelena has been seen here in "The Jewel of Asia."



MISS LOLA BIGGER,

One of the "Jolly Girls," which is coming to the Theatre Royal.

Pauline Hall, of "Arminie" fame, is to revive "Dorcas," in which she appeared about nine years ago.

Ida Conquest, who was seen here last as the star in a merry farce that failed to win approval in New York, is now in London, where she will be William Collier's leading woman in "On the Quiet."

As she has not yet fully recovered from her serious attack of appendicitis, Ada Rehan will be unable to star this season in George Bernard Shaw's play, "Captain Brassbound's Conversion." Miss Rehan is still recuperating in Wales, and will not be seen on the stage this year.

Mr. F. C. Whitney is said to be threatening a law suit against Frank Henessy and Lee Schubert for the possession of "The Motor Girl," in which the latter propose to star Julie Sanderson, whose meteoric rise from the chorus is the envy of all the other front row show girls.

"The Nazarene," which Messrs. Schubert, Fisher and Perley are to produce shortly, has a sensational stunt for the leading woman. In spite of the fame to be acquired by an absolutely new situation, leading women are now besieging the management for the part, as she who is finally chosen will be thrown each night into a den of lions.

Robert Fitzsimmons, actor and pugilist, will be in the support of his wife, Julia May Gifford, when she stars in comic opera. Her season is announced to open on April 1st next.

Betty Singleton, the part Viola Allen is to play in "The Toast of the Town," this season, is said to follow closely the history of Miss Elizabeth Farren, who later became the Countess of Derby. Miss Farren's stage prototype, Betty Singleton, is an actress, the "toast of the town," the period of the play being that of George the Third.

Ruben Fax and Christie Macdonald, both well known in Montreal, will be with "2905," when Col. Savage produces it in Baltimore next month.

The company which will support Henry E. Dixey in the dramatization of "The Man on the Box" has started rehearsals.

Raymond Hitchcock has become by right of purchase, the possessor of the country estate at Little Neck Bay, L. I. As neighbors he will have two Montreal favorites, Miss Minnie Ashley and Miss Blanche Walsh.

Mrs. Neil Burgess, who for many years supported her husband in "The County Fair," died suddenly this week at her home in Atlantic Highlands.

Alice Johnson, starring in "The Marriage of Kitty," recently found herself locked in her dressing room during the performance. To get away she climbed down a fire escape and answered her cue from the front of the house. Well done, Mr. Press Agent, but why didn't she try the stage door?

Eugene Cowles, the well-known Canadian basso, has been engaged by Manager Whitney to support Lilian Blauvelt in her forthcoming light opera tour.

Montreal women are fairly considerate about taking off their hats at places of amusement, but in Berne recently a few of the fair sex caused a panic by failing to remove their headgear. When politely asked to take off their hats they refused, and when the ushers attempted to forcibly remove the mass of chiffon and feather from the elaborate coiffure of one of the obstinate ones, she attacked him tooth and nail. A riot ensued and in the middle of it the electric lights were turned off. The theatre was cleared by the police, the offender escaping in the general confusion, but a civil engineer who was in the crowd was so severely kicked in the head that his recovery is doubtful.

Miss Virginia Harned will star in "La Belle Marseillaise" this season, having refused to appear in the new play written for her by Henry Arthur Jones.

When Lillian Russelll appears in vaudeville at Proctor's Twenty-Third street theatre, the seats for the opening performance will be sold at auction.

Music and Musicians

On the whole, Gericke has not done badly by Montreal in the programme he has prepared for the visit of his Boston Symphony Orchestra. Necessarily, it is a trifle too comprehensive and catholic to suit the ideals of either the Purists or the Others, yet it contains enough of interest to both to secure at least their sympathetic consideration.

The "Oberon" overture has been played many a time and oft, yet no serious exception can be taken to its inclusion in the programme, especially in consideration of the fact that it is the first number, and will, therefore, be largely lost in the trampling of late-comers. Our old friend—and Mr. Goulet's also—the score of Berlioz' "Damnation of Faust," has also been called on to supply a quasi popular flavor—and here again ther is little cause for protest. Spohr's D. minor violin concerto and Beethoven's C minor symphony give proper artistic "ton" to a programme which, on the whole, leaves little room for improvement. It is, in full, as follows:

Weber, Overture to the Opera "Oberon."

L. Spohr, Concerto for violin in D minor, No. 9.
I. Allegro.
II. Adagio.
III. Allegrette.

Hector Berlioz (a Minuet of Will-o'-the-Wisps) (b. Waltz of Sylphs), from "The Damnation of Faust," Op. 24.

Wagner, Waldweben," from "Siegfried."

Beethoven, Symphony in C. minor, No. 5, Op. 67.
I. Allegro con brio.
II. Andante con moto.
III. Allegro: Trio.
IV. Allegro.

Soloist, Willy Hess.

Damrosch has cornered Kubelik for the exploitation of New York's somewhat fervid claims to be regarded seriously as a musical centre, as manifested by the New York Symphony Orchestra, and the erstwhile phenomenon will be the soloist at the two great festival concerts to be given in Carnegie Hall early in December. Unless Kubelik has grown out of all knowledge, there is a strong and sympathetic likeness between him, Damrosch and Damrosch's orchestra, as regards aims and methods.

Young Arnold Daly is the latest convert to the dogma of good music, even in connection with bad plays. Mr. Daly may be sincere, or he may simply be advertising—in either case his statements show a certain ingenuity which is not without interest. At the Garrick Theatre, in the future, there will be played "no sentimental or popular melodies," a dictum which, if followed out, will give us an idea of where the difference between good music and "sentimental or popular melody" is to be detected. It would add greatly to the value of the lesson if one knew who was responsible for the exclusions. Mr. Daly insists that the overture and entr'acte music shall harmonize with the spirit of his plays. While on his road tour last season, Mr. Daly dispensed with music altogether, because "the theatre orchestras were bad and their selections unbearable."

Come to think of it, did Mr. Daly visit Montreal last year?

An incident of which Alfred Reisenauer, the pianist, never wearies of telling, occurred years ago, when with Liszt and several of the latter's pupils, he was visiting Wagner. An argument arose on the subject of piano improvisation, and to demonstrate his side of the controversy, young Reisenauer seated himself at the piano to make a fantasy of several widely different themes —"Parsifal," Liszt's second rhapsody, the "Blue Danube," "Die Lorelei" and "The Barber of Bagdad."

"I played for nearly an hour," said Reisenauer, "and at times I confess I was in a rather tight place. The transition from the 'Blue Danube' to 'Parsifal' presented a yawning gap that rather awed me for a moment, but I made it. I paraphrased all the themes as a beginning, then wove in counter melodies, then drove the subjects tandem, then set them against one another, then sent them up into the thin musical blue so far that they were almost unrecognizable. Then I brought them back with a few pulls at the harmonic guiding lines, and made them dance and prance, and show all the musical paces which aptitude and instinct of the moment suggested. Finally, I reached what Americans call 'the grand-stand play,' when I tossed three distinct melodies into the air, and had them all disporting themselves merrily at the same time, dressed in iridescent harmonic hues, and shot through with all the brilliant technical tracery that youthful daring allowed me to employ. It was great sport, and I learned then and there that the great ones in music like a pyrotechnic display sometimes as well as ordinary mortals."

When Siegfried Wagner comes here next year public interest will be directed to him, undoubtedly as son of his father rather than for his own achievements as a composer of music. This indirectly recalls a good story about Rossini.

When Meyerbeer died his son composed a funeral march which "remembered his dead father." Full of emotion the young man took it to Rossini.

"Play it, maestro," he pleaded, "play it. I wrote it in expression of my grief and mourning for my dead father."

Rossini took it up, placed it on his piano and played it. Tears rolled down his cheeks. Utter sadness dwelt upon his countenance.

"You weep," cried young Meyerbeer, beside himself with joy at the effect upon the great master.

"Yes, I weep," rejoined Rossini amid tears.

"And why?"

"Because," replied Rossini, "I am wishing that you were dead and it was your father who had written the funeral march."



THE CONDUCTORS OF THE BOSTON SYMPHONY SOCIETY.

Mme. Calve will open her transcontinental American tour with an appearance in New York at Carnegie Hall on November 4. She will not confine herself to selections from those operas which she hoped to make famous, but will sing certain characteristic songs of Ireland, Scotland and England, in her own recently acquired English.

The difficulty of managing Mme. Calve has always been uncertainty as to her appearances, and this year her managers here have arranged that, should she plead illness as a bar to singing, her own physician, with a managerial physician, shall invoke a third medical man, and all three shall definitely decide as to her ability to perform. Should she then fail the public she will subject herself to a fine of $10,000. Under these stringent conditions Lloyds of London, the greatest association of insurance mongers in the world, have undertaken to insure Mme. Calve's impresario to the extent of $42,000.

Miss Beatrice Lapalme who, two years ago, made her grand opera debut in "Mignon," at Brussels, will this season make her first appearance at the Paris Opera Comique in "Mireille." Miss Lapalme has more than justified the expectations of her friends and her success in grand opera has been little short of phenomenal. To bridge the gulf which separates the amateur soprano from the stellar limelight of the Opera Comique in two years is almost without precedent.

Among other novelties to be introduced at the Opera Comique this year will be "Miarka," by Jean Richepin and Alexander Georges. The first performance will come in the beginning of October, and Mmes. Heglon, Marguerite Carre, and MM. Clement and Jean Perier have been selected for the principal roles.

A message from Munich says that Mme. Gadski sang the three Brunnhildes at the Wagner Festival in the Bavarian capital, and was so sensationally successful that Prince Regent Luitpold bestowed upon her a high decoration, King Ludwig's Order for Art and Science. The Munich press criticisms are referred to as "symphonies of praise."

Mrs. Rollie Borden Low, who has sung in Montreal several times, her last appearance being with the Symphony Orchestra last April, has been making a considerable success with her recitals in Paris. Judging by the programmes, Mrs. Low has developed a special fondness for Hugo Wolf, seven of his compositions appearing on one list of songs and nearly as many on another.

Serena, who has joined Conreid's forces with a special letter of approval from Jean de Reszke, has this to say of the work the famous tenor is now doing:

"M. de Reszke will never sing again in America. He told me that he has closed his operatic career. M. de Reszke has no special method of voice training, but individualizes his work to suit each voice. He has more pupils than any teacher in Paris, probably over two hundred, and these are all instructed in classes of four, with fifteen minutes devoted to each pupil. He first arranges in classes the dramatic sopranos, the contraltos and the coloratura sopranos, and so on, so that the special instruction for one will be suitable for all. Later on he teaches contraltos and sopranos in the same class, so that each singer may observe the method of tone production in the various registers.

"M. de Reszke is the most charming instructor imaginable. He is stern but sympathetic, and has the patience of an angel. Among his pupils now are a number of American girls, some of whom have spent a small fortune in experimenting with others."

Among the pianists who are to visit Canada this season—although there is yet no intimation that they are coming to Montreal—are Alfred Reisenauer and Harold Bauer. Reisenauer has only once before visited America, but two years ago he scored a rather unusual success. Bauer has been in our midst three or four times and, while by no means of the first rank, has won considerable popularity.

Francisco Tamagno, the tenor, died, August 31, at Varese, Italy. Tamagno was born in Turin, of humble parentage, and in his early life was employed on one of the steam railways of Italy as a handler of baggage. He had a superb voice even as a boy, and attracted the attention of several Italian merchants, who offered to educate him and put him on the sage. At sixteen he found himself a chorus singer in the Theatre Reggio, of Turin, and five years later he was a leader, one of the strongest natural soloists of his day.

He was of gigantic stature, deep-chested, and of amiable disposition. His favorite part was Othello, in which he made a world-wide fame. He sang often in the United States and was very popular with American audiences. He was decorated by the King of Italy, the President of France and Queen Victoria.

La Matin of a recent date declared "A season at the Opera Comique without Calve would be like one without Gounoud, Massenet, Bizet and Charpentier. That the great diva has elected to go on a concert tour of America is the gain of our sister republic across the Atlantic, but the loss is ours. Calve's voice may be likened to a Stradivarius violin. It grows richer and resonant with years. Our favorite 'Carmen' is now in her very prime." Mme. Calve will be heard in Montreal on Wednesday, November 1st, instead of Thursday, November 2nd, as previously stated.

The universal opinion of the London press seems to be, that, instead of decreasing the powers of Miss Hall as a violinist the long and serious illness of last season has apparently increased her command of expression. Miss Hall's playing is as notable for its charm and artless expressiveness as it is for its executive brilliancy. The date for the Montreal concert, which for some time has been in doubt, has now been definitely settled and this charming young artist, of whom so much has been written, will be heard here on Friday, November 10th.

The Montreal Symphony Orchestra under Mr. J. J. Goulet, will give eight concerts this season at the Academy of Music. The dates are as follows: November 10, 24, December 8, January 12, 26, February 9, 23, and March 9. The concerts will be under Mr. Veltch's management.

The only mature violinist of the first rank who will tour in America this season will be Henri Marteau, head of the younger Belgian school, which developed from that of Ysaye. Much interest is being taken in musical circles in America in his first appearance here, as since his last trip across the Atlantic in 1898 (when he played with brilliant success in Montreal) he has, according to European critics, advanced and broadened immensely. In 1898 he was Ysaye's closest follower, he is now an authority in himself. He will play in Montreal on Tuesday evening, February 6.

The concerts of the Mendlessohn Trio were so successful last year that the members of the Trio, Miss Eva Plouffe, pianist; Mr. Emile Taranto, violinist and Mr. J. B. Dubois, cellist, have decided to have a series of five chamber music concerts to be given this season, one each months, starting on November 14. The works given will be entirely new and modern.

Patent Report.

Owen N. Evans, solicitor of patents and expert, Merchants Bank building, reports the following United States patents granted to Canadians last week: 799,165, car fender, Alfred Jobin, 799,186, air brake system for street railways, R. C. Quinn, 799,188, lifting jack, James M. Reid, 799,226, grain door, Alexander R. Dickie, 799,437, drier, Byron E. Bachtel, 799,471, shaft sleeve for roller bearings, John Kincaid, 799,601, levelling attachment to squares, J. A. Hopewell.

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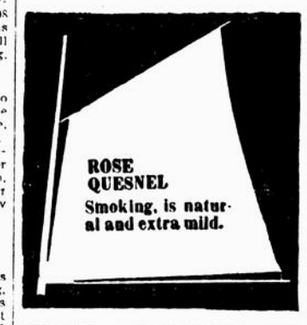
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BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF Quebec, District of Montreal No 13291. Circuit Court. Henri Gauthier, Plaintiff, vs James S Kincade, Defendant. On the 2nd day of October, 1905, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, in rear of No 402 Amherst street in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant seized in this cause, consisting of one sewing machine, etc. Terms cash. M J A DeCELLES, B.S.C. Montreal September 23rd, 1905.

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Near a popular corner of a favorite uptown thoroughfare a phrenologist has his office.

The usual lighted charts proclaim the fact—charts of multi-colored heads with the areas denoted lent the usual glamor, while many parts of palms and myste figures of the zodiac make known the fact that within is one whom the Fates have peculiarly befriended, one whom the Norns have wonderfully endowed, a man who can [illegible] your very utmost friendship, a man who knows your fate.

One's first introduction to the seer, while interesting was rather in the nature of a disillusion.

The street door which I opened had caused a bell out of sight of a flight of stairs a darkened hall appeared.

"Come right up," said the lady. I obeyed.

The Professor's wife, for such I judged her to be, led the way to a front room in which [illegible] I was left to meditate upon the coming ordeal.

AN ESOTERIC INTERIOR.

The room was dusty, unremarkable so. The furniture had an ornate look, which even two shekels for admission will so rapidly a quiet on the table, to which was allotted the center of the room, lay an ordinary book of well-thumbed drawings by a colored pen and ink artist, quite recently.

But the walls—there was atmosphere.

Charts and maps of the seer's inner economy resplendently portrayed in inks of black and red circles of bald Egyptian heads, broken up into as many pat hes of color as a projected map of some new hemisphere, weird drawings of naked pelvic skeletons, bones, nude figures charts on charts. Even the figure with it suspended the table lamp was of mystic shape, suggesting esoteric somethings. One shuddered.

FACE TO FACE WITH SEER.

The wait was not for long. A partly little from the half-opened door proclaiming the fact that two of the Professor's fem le clients were departing, then a footstep on the landing, enter a portly form, draped in [illegible] black. The seer and I were face to face.

The Professor is stout, quite stout. His small eyes looked out furtively from beneath heavy overhanging brows half hi ing through steel-rimmed glasses. A decent frock coat gave him a ministerial aspect and his voice when he spoke was full of unction.

"You've come to give your head a rub," he said with a strongly marked cockney accent.

Ah! He was toying with me now. He knew well enough his favorite of the powers of the seer would that I did not want my palm read. Once I wasted my money [illegible] I proceeded to enlighten him.

WHERE THE SAGE WORKS SPELLS.

"Walk this way," he commanded, and he led me to his lair.

More charts, skulls and weird instruments, a revolving glass tables and cloth door and a dreary outlook upon chimney pots and shades of all those who have practised the black art of necromancy since the days of Medea bear witness a refrigerator.

The sage beckoned me to a seat. Looking up to the ceiling reflectively, he paused for a moment, then took one himself.

"Of course you want the dollar reading," he remarked. I did.

Then standing up he looked me firmly in the eye. He stood back a pace and surveyed me as a painter would a canvas a frown upon his face, his head slightly on one side. He stepped forward, brushed my front locks with his rather fat fingers, running his hands lightly through my back hair, something in the fashion one sees monkeys using with their kind at the Zoo.

A MELODRAMATIC PAUSE.

Then he paused melodramatically while I shuddered.

"You have certainly strong marked tendencies," he began. Running his head rapidly over my head, he kept up a running commentary.

"Bump of curiosity, strongly developed, you will be in days at times arising from this curiosity of yours, but as the bump of combativeness is well marked you will probably come ll out of this.

"Hah too, the bump of cautiousness is well marked, I see too that you 'ave on a plaid vest. I should judge that you are Scotch."

The professor had his little joke and paused to laugh heartily at it.

MESSAGE OF THE FATES.

He then made me hold up my hands in the manner of the captives in Assyrian bas relief, and from the lines of the palm and the bumps of the head he spun me out my fortune. It was a long story more or less interesting.

"Hi should judge that you would make a good orator, but as your early education was sadly neglected any change in your position in life must come through your own heffort.

"Your chances of success in bettering your condition here good, has the bump of acute shrewess is poorly developed and so I should judge that you will be a total habstainer, you have perseverance and the capacity for hard work for you are lacking in [illegible] originality."

After several minutes in which he dealt with my characteristics, he said: "Hi should judge that you was a clerk in an insurance office."

UNABASHED BY ERRORS.

I had remained quiet throughout the above but I insisted that this I was not. He was not abashed.

"You are a clerk of some kind. Not what we would call in Hingland a clerk, that is a bookkeeper, but you are a salesman.

"Hi should say that you would make a great success as a clerk in a dry-goods store. As the bump of color and form is well developed, you would do well in the ribbon department."

This stung some.

MARITAL PROPHECIES.

Then the professor cut loose. In spite of that fond attachment of the art which had been broken off in England whence I had come at an early age, I was destined to some day marry. I would have two olive branches. It would be advisable for me, however, to eschew the society of ladies for some years, as I was rather too prone to dance away the day in idle dalliance at their side that to be always up and doing. And I ought to be up and doing if I was ever going to hold down that job for which I was so fitted. Had I possessed a little more energy and had chance favored me in my youth I would have made a good engineer. I had some little capacity for music and would probably play the mandolin or the flute well.

After the professor had warned me that all my future depended upon my own exertions and that I need expect no money from any rich relations, he paused exhausted.

SOME GOOD ADVICE.

"You will travel far some day, young man," he remarked. "I will give you some advice. Endeavor to conquer your distrust of self and him spite of the success which you will make in your calling, strike hout for yourself. Dont be afraid to travel. Look at me. I've travelled.

"Young man, I've travelled over 40,000 miles. In my youth I found myself working for another man.

"I branched out. I went to Australia. I have been round the world. Just look at me.

"No, young man, there is nothing in this working for another man. Branch out for yourself."

The professor paused and I perceived that my dismissal was near.

"Is there any question you would like to ask?" he remarked.

"Will my children be dark or fair?" was the request.

"That is hard to say but I should say from your hand that they will be fair."

SAW SPECULATIVE SPIRIT.

"If I make a change and branch out for myself would I be successful?" was the next question.

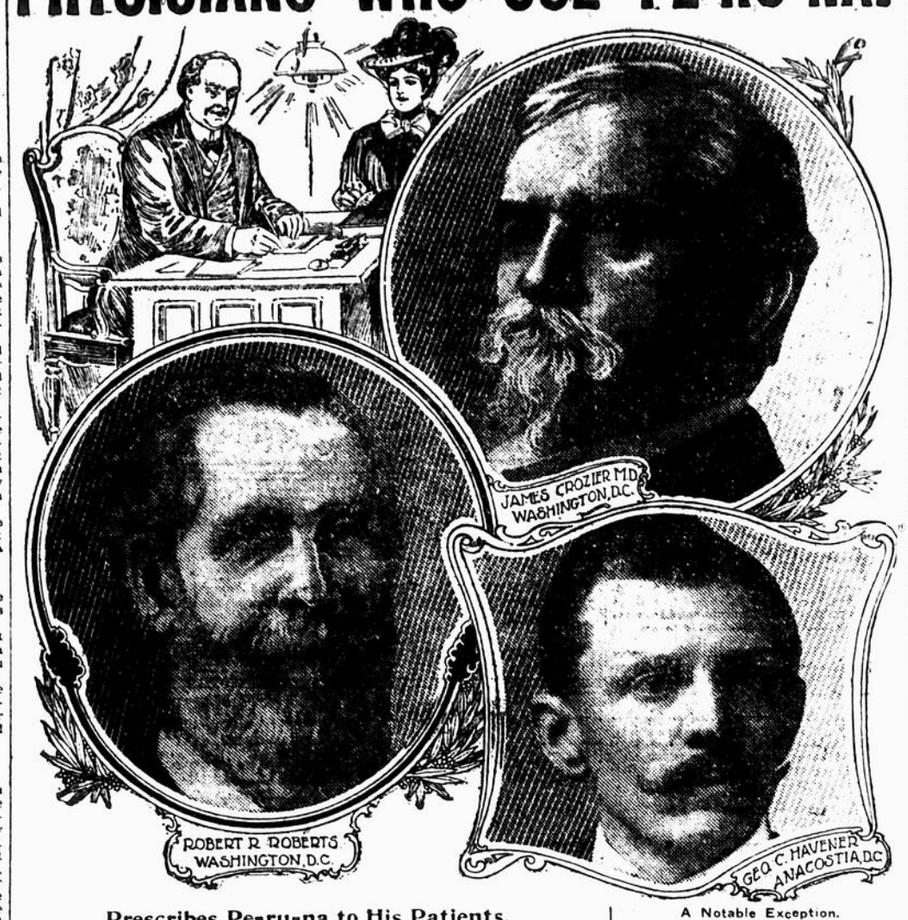
The professor surveyed my hand again and then asked me for what line of business I thought of going in. I told him it was the fruit commission business.

"Yes, you should do well in that. You have the spirit of the speculator but you are also cautious."

The professor's voice was growing tired and the clanging of the downstairs bell announced the coming of another client. I tendered him the dollar. He bowed.

In his manner and words of dismissal there was unaction. A just man, conscious of his own rectitude, he knew that he had earned his money. He had.

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Robert R. Roberts, M.D., Washington, D.C., writes:

"Through my own experience as well as that of many of my friends and acquaintances who have been cured or relieved of catarrh by the use of Hartman's Peruna, I can confidently recommend it to those suffering from such disorders, and have no hesitation in prescribing it to my patients."

Best Tonic He Ever Prescribed.

James Crozier, M.D., formerly U. S. Pension Office Medical Examiner, formerly on the Medical Board of Referees, U. S. Pension Office. In a recent letter from Washington, D.C., writes:

"I have often prescribed Peruna in my practice for catarrhal trouble, and after giving it a fair test I can cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy for coughs, colds and catarrh in its worst stages.

"It is one of the best tonics I have ever prescribed."

Peruna has proven its merits thoroughly and overcome all prejudice.

Pe-ru-na Beneficial for Severe Cases of Catarrh.

George C. Havener, M.D., Anacostia, D.C., writes:

"In my practice I have had occasion to frequently prescribe your valuable medicine and have found its use beneficial, particularly in severe cases of catarrh."

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Usually, physicians are not in favor of proprietary medicines.

It is only in cases where a proprietary medicine has by its superior merit forced itself upon their attention that the physicians will pay any attention to such medicines.

A Notable Exception.

They prefer to use the medicines which they prescribe.

Now and then, however, a medicine becomes so popular that the people whom it cures are so numerous and manifest that the physicians do not hesitate to make public endorsement of it, and use it in their practice.

Such has been the case with Peruna.

Recognized by Physicians.

For many years the physicians opposed it.

After a while, occasionally one here and there felt constrained to use it.

There are still many physicians who are opposed to Peruna, but the number of physicians who endorse Peruna, and who make daily use of it in their practice is rapidly increasing.

Many Endorsements.

We append a few letters received from such physicians. These are fair specimens of the kind of letters we are receiving from physicians who have used Peruna.

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FOUND IDOL OF PREHISTORIC PEOPLE IN MOUNTAIN CAVERN OF COLORADO

Features are of Caucasian Cast and Work is Much Finer Than Those of Indian Period

Salt Lake City, Utah, September 22.—(An idol of stone—a war god of some hitherto unknown race, apparently neither Indian, Aztec nor Cliff Dweller, is now on its way from this city to the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. In its discovery W. L. Bachtell, who has been sending archaeological specimens to Dr. George P. Merrill, of the National Museum, has got trace of a lost people.

He took the relic from a cavern high on a cliffside where the Buckskin Mountains lift their summits nearly ten thousand feet above the silent desert at the Colorado Canyon's northern rim. He brought it to Salt Lake City, and thence it will go on to Washington. There archaeologists can find rich opportunity for study in its chiselings.

Features of Caucasin cast, about its throat carved chain links, and on its stone breast an amulet, symbolical of the rising sun, the image shows handiwork of some old light worshippers. But men who have studied the potteries and the painted rocks of the Cliff Dwellers say some other race than they bowed before it when the first slanting rays found their way over the mountain tops into the cave's rift. The story of its discovery sounds unlikely like some of the weird chapters in Rider Haggard's stories of "The Mountains of the Moon."

Bachtell himself is no ordinary man, even among the prospectors of the Arizona strip. A Maryland boy, he found his way to the West. And among the spurs of the Rocky Mountains, where they steer far away out from the main range into the silent reaches of the thirsty desert, he has for many years spent a strong, solitary existence, exploring through dry gorges and climbing precipices in search of remnants of prehistoric peoples.

Last March he left the Salt Lake route at Las Vegas. He took an outfit and went down into the desert. He made his way to the rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado by a route few men have travelled. Those few were prospectors—for the search for gold and copper has sent a little band of lean, rugged, sunburned men into that waterless country, where they have spent months looking for mineral.

It is a strange country, this north edge of the Grand Canyon. To it the desert stretches in long plains, from which rise painted mesas. The lofty floor of the Kaibab Plateau hangs over one part like a giant roof garden, forest covered, with meadows of flowers. In another, close to the deep gorge, where the river runs more than a mile below, the Buckskin Mountains rise right out of the alkaline sands.

Bachtell spent three months in these mountains. He found some arrow heads and many mineral specimens. He was more anxious for these latter at the time than for anything else, and he overlooked no opportunity to talk with prospectors. From these he got much valuable information.

To find minerals where life itself is a fight requires a peculiar ability which few even among the prospectors of Utah and Arizona possess. And so these men, when they told anything, confided information of value. From one of them Bachtell learned of the stone god.

The man had found it while looking for copper. And the story of his discovery sounds uncanny. He was following up some copper float—that is to say, he had run on a bit of mineralized rock which he knew must have been detached from a ledge. He went back in the direction whither he knew the ledge must lie. It might be miles or rods away. As he went he ran across other float and some of this showed richly. He crossed a steep ridge, descended into a deep gorge, and following up the other side, toiled on upward toward the crest of the range, where its backbone lies sharp and jagged at an altitude of between 9,000 and 10,000 feet.

And so he had reached the little break where he had made up his mind the outcropping must show. He settled himself on a shelf of rock and picked into the rotten formation with his hammer. A small rift suddenly yawned into an open cave mouth as the fragment fell away before him.

He widened the aperture. Before him opened a cavern. Eventually he crawled into the place. He lit a candle and saw a great chamber in the living rock. And in the room were signs of life that had been when the mountains were young.

All these things were of stone. Cooking utensils, bowls and pestles where they had pounded their grain, and oddshaped basins, littered the floor. In the middle, right opposite the cave door, was the image of the war god.

The man told Bachtell of this, and Bachtell went with him to the cliff. Old as he was at mountain climbing the specimen hunter could not get up the crack in the rocks. The prospector made the climb alone. He brought the image out and lowered it with a rope.

In Salt Lake City Bachtell showed his discovery and many who had explored cliff dwellings inspected it. The idol had none of the characteristics of relics from those places. It was hewn out with chisels and it is thought that these were of copper, hardened after the manner the ancient Egyptians used—a process which has been lost for hundreds of years. The chiselling is so fine that even the hair is thus marked. The links of a chain are carved about the neck and a circular amulet at their end. Its upper half has the divergent rays of a rising sun. This and the fact that the idol was facing the eastern entrance to the cave indicate that it was used by sun worshippers.

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"TRANSVAAL" COPPER CLAIMS.

The famous "Transvaal" group of copper claims, located eighteen miles south-east of Ashcroft on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has been bonded to John M. Turnbull, of Trail. Mr. Turnbull, who is a son of Mr. Robert Turnbull, of Montreal, represents large Canadian capital.

James Haskins and George J. Novak, of Rossland, are the largest owners in the Transvaal property. About a year ago this property was bonded to J. D. Sword and Smith Curtis, who have now rebonded it to Mr. Turnbull.

Mr. Turnbull intends to push the work of development. He has just returned from the mine, where he had a conference with the owners, and found everything in connection with the property in a satisfactory condition. Bunk houses and cabins are already in course of erection and a force of men will be put to work at once. It is probable that Mr. Turnbull's principals will spend upwards of a million dollars on improvements in the next few years.

The Transvaal group consists of a large number of claims, containing probably the most phenomenal surface showing of copper ever located in the province. It is said the zone of value is more than four hundred feet wide, and there are extensive shoots of great richness.

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It was the great eclipse of August 21, 1560, that turned Tycho Brahe into an astronomer. He was in his 14th year at the time, a Danish boy of noble origin, and had been destined first for the army and then for the law. But the accuracy with which the eclipse was predicted impressed him with the belief that astronomy was a divine thing, and then efforward he devoted his life to it. The debt of astronomy to Tycho Brahe not me for his own work, but as the man who shaped the genius of Kepler, can scarcely be over-estimated.

MOST CULTURED ROMANOFF.

Grand Duke Constantine of Russia is said to be the most cultured Romanoff now living. He has translated a great deal of Shakespeare into the native tongue and in amateur theatricals has appeared as Hamlet. His seven children are all being brought up thoroughly to understand English literature.

DISCOVERED A NEW STAR

Mrs. W. P. Fleming, the famous woman astronomer at the Harvard observatory, has discovered a new star of the transient variety, known to astronomers as Novae. Since 1572, when the first star was discovered, only fourteen such stars have been found, eight of which are credited to Mrs. Fleming.

The Daily Star.

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Circulation of the Star.

WEEK ENDING SEPT. 16TH, 1905.

MONDAY	57,637
TUESDAY	57,675
WEDNESDAY	57,623
THURSDAY	57,621
FRIDAY	57,556
SATURDAY	63,568
TOTAL	351,680
Daily Average	58,613
Weekly Star Last Week	126,429
CIRCULATION OF THE STAR DAILY AND WEEKLY LAST WEEK.	478,109

One issue of the Daily and Weekly Star aggregates

184,000

From the above figures are excluded several thousand subscriptions regarded as more or less ephemeral.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1905

A SILLY DEFENCE OF THE INDEMNITY "GRAB."

The few papers which undertook to defend the items of the Parliamentary indemnity at the last session have drawn upon themselves the exasperated wrath of their subscribers, and are still engaged in arguing the question. To the people as a whole, that cold-blooded Agreement to lift a thousand a year out of the public treasury and to stuff it with one by bringing of hands to the plot, was a secret and indefensible business. And they are saying so wherever the occasion calls for an expression of opinion, nor will their indignation be greatly dampened by the sort of argument which is usually put up for the act.

The Toronto News, for example, ventures upon the contention that the increase in the indemnity was a necessity, because the members are under expense while holding their elections. That is a fine advantage of being a servant of the people! It has seldom enough been held that the sessional indemnity was intended as a Parliamentary contribution to the campaign funds of the members. The very word "indemnity" marks its purpose. It is intended to indemnify the members for absence from their own business and attention to that of the nation while they are at Ottawa.

But if Parliament is to subscribe to the campaign funds of the members, then a number of delicate questions arise which are hardly met by the present conditions. Some members have far greater legitimate expenses than others, and if they are to get the same hooks from the public funds A man who must look after a city constituency is much more out of pocket at the end of his term than the luckier chap who stands for a "safe" country district. Will Parliament, when it comes more in contact with the question, attempt to temper the wind to the shorn lamb and pay its members in accordance with the costliness of their campaigns?

Then what of the public-spirited man who gets beaten? He may spend as much on his campaign as his more fortunate opponent, and, if Parliament is in the business of contributing to the campaign funds of the candidates it should, in all fairness, vote him an amount equal to the elected member. We are not going to put so great a premium on mere success, surely. If it is in the public interest that the nation should pay the election expenses of one candidate at an election, it certainly must be in the public interest that it pay the expenses of the other.

However, this whole contention that Parliament has anything to do with paying the campaign expenses of the politicians who either succeed or fail to get elected is too absurd for serious consideration, and the fact that the Toronto News raises this point shows how hard driven it is to defend its impossible position before the people. The indemnity is only proper as a payment to members for the time they give to the nation. It has and should have nothing whatever to do with their campaign expenses. Parliament cannot undertake to pay the campaign expenses of any set of politicians. And, as an indemnity, it is now too large for the value of the services given by the majority of the men who sit in Parliament. If there is any doubt on this subject, Parliament should have the courage to submit the whole issue in the form of a plebiscite to the men who must pay.

JAPAN'S CASH WINNINGS.

It will not do to imagine that because Japan did not get an indemnity from Russia, that she comes out of the conflict without any financial remuneration for her immense sacrifices. Experts have been estimating the cash value of the concessions which Russia has made to her over and above the treatment of Corea and Manchuria; and they total up to a nice sum for the Mikado's Government.

First, there are the fishing rights given by Russia to Japan along her Pacific coast. Mr. E. Yamaza, of Tokio, who knows a good deal about the subject, says that the Russian seaboard teems with salmon, salmon trout, cod and herring. Hitherto the Japanese have only been permitted to fish, under a yearly license, off the southern end of the Island of Sakhalin, but even this poor privilege he values at a million dollars a year, and adds that the new concession must be worth at least ten times as much. So we may put down ten millions for the fishing privileges.

Then there are the railways transferred by Russia to Japan, which Mr. H. W. Denison, the English adviser of the Mikado's Ministers, calculates to be worth $150,000,000, while the coal mines taken over are worth from a quarter of a billion upward. These sums will not, of course, be available for the immediate payment of Japanese loans as an indemnity would have been, but they constitute wealth which will eventually fall into Japanese pockets and so benefit the people quite as much as a lightening of taxation would do. Then to this must be added what remains of the immense Russian works at Port Arthur and Dalny, no small sum, and the value of the mines in Lower Sakhalin.

Another large item will be the war vessels captured from Russia. It is hard to say what these will be worth when repaired and got ready for use. Russia estimates that she has lost $112,000,000 in this way, but of course nothing approaching this figure could be set as the value of the battered hulks which have fallen into the hands of the Japanese. Still what they have captured will be worth many millions, which must otherwise have come out of the Mikado's naval fund.

It pays to win a war even if one does not get an indemnity. The "spoilings" are quite as good as those of a political victory.

THE MAYOR'S RETIREMENT.

Mayor Laporte's determination to stand by his word and by the tacit understanding that the English-speaking section of the community shall have an opportunity to name the Chief Magistrate every alternate term, is exactly in accord with his entire municipal record. From the first he has been a tower of strength to the forces of reform, and it is eminently fitting that he should close his career by this tribute to personal honor and to fair play as between the two sections of the community.

Mr. Laporte has been a good Mayor as he was a good Alderman. He is likewise a good citizen, and appreciates the vital importance in a city such as ours of the keeping of exact faith between all the divisions of our people. He values, too, his own word, and, while we shall be sorry to lose him, we could not lose him under better circumstances.

EMIGRATION AND THE EMPIRE.

A phase of the deeper interest that is being taken these days in the Empire by the British people is the keen discussion that is going on in the Mother Country over the question of emigration. There are now no less than three new large schemes on foot for settling men, women and children from Home on the virgin lands of the Colonies, and all three are appealing to the British government for state assistance.

Mrs Close has a plan for taking children from the poorhouses, bringing them out to a home in the Coombs, educating them and then sending them out to work for farmers and others throughout the country. Mr J. Kinloch Cooke proposes that the Government should establish a Board of Emigration to select emigrants and assist them to settle upon the land in the Colonies, he also suggests that the Colonial governments might help in the expense.

But chief of all is the scheme proposed by Mr. Rider Haggard, whose report is made as the result of an investigation of Salvation Army and other colonies in England and America, and is now being favorably considered by the British Government, which sent Mr. Haggard out as an Imperial Commissioner. Mr. Haggard's plan is briefly that the Salvation Army, or some other capable organization, should be intrusted by the British Government with the task of selecting suitable emigrants from among those who apply to the state for aid, and that acting under a government-appointed superintendent of emigration, this society should be empowered to take the emigrants out to the outlying portions of the Empire to settle them in colonies. The expense, Mr. Haggard urges, should be borne by the Government, a contribution being asked from the "Unions" in return for having the paupers taken off their hands, while the Government should be recouped by the settlers, no title being given to the lands until the indebtedness is cleared off.

The deep interest that is being aroused by these schemes is of course not all due to enthusiasm for the Empire, one strong motive being relief for the poverty that has been pressing with unusual severity on certain parts of England during the last couple of years. Indeed, Mr. Haggard's plan includes provision for farm colonies at home as well as in the colonies. But even in this, the Empire is deeply concerned. Citizens of the Empire the world round regret that any section of Englishmen should suffer poverty, but if they find their way out of the suffering by a path that emphasizes the need of a larger agriculture at home, their relief may help them to see that Mr Chamberlain's plan for encouraging inter-Imperial trade is good home social reform.

While the people of Great Britain are showing this keen interest in emigration is an opportune time for the Canadian Government to push its campaign for the best settlers. One motive of the Englishmen who are engaged in this work is their desire to see the Empire settled with English-speaking people, a desire in which our Government should be ready to second them. Men and women born on British soil will make the most loyal and best settlers we can get, much more easy of assimilation than the people from European countries, for whom the Government appears to be paying a higher bonus. For the building up of a strong homogeneous Dominion we can draw from no better source than the people of our common blood and Empire in the British Isles.

CANADA AND THE WEST INDIES.

The subject of the annexation of the British West Indies to Canada is coming in for more serious consideration at present than it ever was before. There has been some improvement of late years, but conditions in the Islands are still far from being satisfactory.

In Canada, so far the chief advocates of annexation are in the Maritime provinces. This is of course due to the fact that they have from their coast business, and also a community of interest with the islands. They, too, are directly affected by the [illegible] which would touch the Spanish-American [illegible]. There were commercial men in Nova Scotia which might be affected by any treaty made with the islands of Porto Rico and with Cuba. When Cuba was taken possession of by the United States and the latter entered into a special trade arrangement with the Liberators. Nova Scotia directly and seriously suffered. The large catches of fish taken by the fishing vessels sailing from the ports on the south coast of the province were prepared for a large market in Porto Rico and the vessels returned to same which had been built as specially brought back sugar cargoes. The new arrangement gave the New England fishermen and the ports an immense advantage over the Nova Scotians in the former's special trade. At the same time, if the British West Indies [illegible] West Indies, the American [illegible] of being a serious possibility. The same feeling as the British fishermen of Nova Scotia have from the Maritime Provinces of Canada.

Then there was the French bounty question, by which a substantial bounty paid by the government of France to their fishermen on every quintal of fish sold by them to a foreign port. How to keep our fishermen from buying that part of the Spanish West Indies trade in favor of the United States and compelled to compete with the bounty-fed fishermen of France in the British West Indies, Spain would not hear the Maritime Board of Trade is memorializing the Dominion Government in favor of annexation.

The scheme is one which at first sight appeals to the sentiment of Imperialism which is so strong in the hearts of Canadians. It will also to Canada by giving us a portion of subtropical territory such as our North American neighbors possess. Yet there are some objections in the way the serious nature of which cannot be overlooked. The West Indies are to-day a city all prepared for self-government, as we know it in Canada. Some of them have had a free government and in a success as it is well known to the Crown Colony system.

It has been suggested by the New York Tribune in a thoughtful and sympathetic article on the subject that what seems to be more practicable and certainly free from any grave racial difficulties would be for the West Indies to begin by entering into a federation of their own which might then enter into advantageous reciprocal trade relations with Canada. There is a still less uniformity of governmental system among the islands and of ethnic races and industrial, commercial and social conditions to make it homogeneous. It is probable that such a federation in itself to the domestic relationships of its members would be in the channel and stronger attitude materially advantageous toward the rest of the Empire and of the world which a federation would bring to the islands it should also advance their interests. So far as their relations to the United States are concerned, it would probably not matter very greatly what course was pursued. They would certainly be no worse off and might become better. The Tribune says:

"The United States will doubtless remain on the friendliest of terms with its British neighbors both at the north and at the south, but, while it cannot be expected to modify its own fiscal system for their benefit, it would, on selfish as well as on generous grounds, welcome whatever added to their prosperity."

The American border press are taking a very sane and temperate view of the Lake Erie poaching situation. The Buffalo Express, for instance, says that the American fishing tugs "have themselves to blame" but fears that, if a man gets shot, they will be crying to the Government for protection. With this in view it urges that "instead of leaving to Canadians alone the policing of Lake Erie, by the vigorous methods they appear disposed to adopt, the United States would do well to have its own police boats on hand." The Detroit News says that if the American fishermen have recklessly fished out their own waters, while the Canadians have kept theirs stocked, the Americans should abide by the consequences of their folly, and says that the practice of firing on them would be stopped if American officials would arrest the offenders and hand them over to the Canadian authorities. Certainly the two governments concerned should come together without further delay and arrange a more modern system for stopping poaching. At present, it will be a very easy task, but if an American fisherman should happen to be shot during an American campaign, it might not prove so simple.

APPEAL JUDGMENTS.—The Court of King's Bench in appeal, which has been sitting for ten days past, adjourned yesterday to October 24th, when judgments will be delivered.

THE PASSING HOUR

A Canadian cheese has exploded, which makes it look as if our dairy products may begin to acquire the good will of the Russian anarchists.

This Art Gallery figuring in connection with the King's Coronation picture is no relation to Dan Gallery. It's confusing some times when you come across two names alike.

The company always has the policy-holder examined by the doctor. The policy holder is now having the company examined by the lawyer.

Hasn't Said a Word About It.

Willie—"There's a new baby up to our house."

Mrs. Jones—"Ah, what's his name?"

Willie—"We dunno yet. He can't talk."

Per capita bank deposits are about $50. A wifely will make most of us wonder who has the $79.25 belonging to us.

Sir Wilfrid is going to give us a scientific tariff. It will probably be able to shoot 13-inch shells into foreign exporters and $10 bills into the pockets of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

If it's true that a political speaker in Alberta sat down without speaking of



the school question, Toronto might as well hoist the flags at half-mast and go into mourning.

A man has stolen $4000 from a hospital, but probably argues that money was the only thing that seemed to improve his health any.

Germany and France having jointly agreed to protect the integrity of Morocco, are now quarrelling over which shall have the privilege of taking the first slice.

It is formally announced that China proposes to have a new constitution. She will be unable to get it until she quits smoking opium.

The Tokio rioters are just beginning to come to and realize that Japan did not really whip the whole world.

That Philadelphia butcher who has been arrested on a charge of selling adulterated sausage may reasonably plead that he did not know there was any other kind.

MATRIMONY.

What is marriage?
Marriage is an institution for the blind.
When a man thinks seriously of marriage, what happens?
He remains single.
Is an engagement as good as marriage?
It is better.
Why does a bride wear a veil?
So that she may conceal her satisfaction.
When a man says he can manage his wife, what does he mean?
He means he can make her do anything she wants to.

As that Canadian cheese had a big explosion, why not arm our battleship Algiers with a reserve battery of Canadian Cheddars?

Everything is booming in Canada, and the hospitals will join the list of active



industries just as soon as the football season gets fully started.

No man's Christianity is strong enough to restrain him from passing along a plugged quarter.

TOGO AND MICK.

(Toronto Star.)

The Mikado has an income of $2,000,000 a year, while Togo worries along on three thousand. The excuse is that the Mikado is a son of heaven, while Togo is so to speak, a son of a gun.

Consider the extravagance of the New York Life in paying Attorney Hamilton $100,000 a year, when it might have secured Uncle Chauncey Depew for a trifle of $20,000.

THE UNITED STATES.

(Puck.)

Best state for a doctor—Md.
Best state for a tramp—Wash.
Best state for a toper—R. I. (and rock).
Worth more than nine states, put together—Tenn.
Best state for hogs—Penn.
Worst state for health—Ill.
The state we like best—Me.
Best state for wealthy sinners—Mass.
Best state for dogs—Ky. (yi).
Best state for a poor shot—Miss.
Best state for Arabs—Ala.
Best state for those who can't pay—O.
Best state for a flood—Ark.
Two states oftenest together—Wis. Ky.
Best state for miners—Ore.
Worst state of all—Texas.

This is an age of labor-saving machinery, but picking pockets will always be done by hand.

Norway and Sweden are peculiar, that's all. They find it more fun to make faces than to draw blood.

Mr. Rockefeller denies that he predicted hard times, and then he boosts oil prices another notch, just to show that the people have money to burn.

Progress of the Seasons.

(N.Y. Mail.)

Fail has fell.

Why, What Would Our Navy Do?

(Buffalo Express.)

Why don't the plaguey fish in Lake Erie stay on the American side of that imaginary line and thus prevent all this trouble?

Japs are imitating American methods in everything.—Newark Press. And when the navy grafters stole the $165,000 they were probably giving an imitation of American Life Insurance.

After this, perhaps, Sir Thomas Lipton will confine himself to yachting and the tea business, permitting Buffalo Bill to do the rough riding when Royalty is around.

Satisfactory Agreement re Terminals.

Special to the Montreal Star.

Ottawa, September 23.—The members of the Transcontinental Railway Commission, except a satisfactory termination of the matter of terminals for the Grand Pacific at Winnipeg. The principle of joint ownership will be pursued as far as possible. The value of the land held at present by Mackenzie and Mann to the extent of the service required by both companies will be considered at length.

Will Leave Public Service.

Ottawa, September 23.—Dr. George Johnson, Dominion statistician, leaves for the Maritime Provinces on Monday on a well earned holiday. It is understood that in a few weeks Mr. Johnson will proceed to Europe and on the conclusion of his vacation will say good-bye to the public service of Canada.

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS. MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

ARENA TO-DAY at 2.30 and 8.15 p.m.
Owing to the Great Popularity of CROCKER'S
HORSES, PONIES, DONKEYS AND MULES
THEY WILL REMAIN ALL NEXT WEEK, giving the usual Wed. and Sat. Mats.
A New Set of Moving Pictures Will Be Introduced.
SAME PRICES. Reserved Seats now on sale at Star Branch Office, corner of Peel and St. Catherine Streets.

AMERICA'S GREATEST BAND, THE
Boston Symphony Orchestra
80 ARTISTS. MR. GERICKE, Conductor.
Victoria Rink, Monday, October 2
SALE OPENS TO-DAY AT NORDHEIMER'S. $1 to $3, Boxes (4) $10

Fall Trips
REDUCED RATES on RIVER LINES up and down St. Lawrence.
LOW RATES TO BERMUDA AND RETURN, for Months of September and October.
ALL LINES TO EUROPE.
W. H. HENRY.
Tel. Main 2046. 185 ST. JAMES STREET.

REV. HUGH PEDLEY
—WILL PREACH TO
Students in Emmanuel Church
Cor. St. Catherine and Stanley streets.
SUNDAY NIGHT
EVERYBODY WELCOME.

NOTICE.
REGULAR QUARTERLY COMMUNION OF
St. Patrick's T. A. & B. Society
takes place Sunday, September 24th, 1905, at 8 o'clock mass in St. Patrick's Church. Every member is requested to attend.
D. KELLY, Secretary.

Mount Royal Sanatorium
THE ATTRACTION FOR INVALIDS and chronic cases is the brightness and daintiness of our rooms, an excellent table, and the unexcelled facilities for all forms of Water and Electric treatments. An electric elevator is being installed to connect baths and Sun Parlor.
45 Metcalfe street, Montreal.

EDUCATIOINAL. EDUCATIONAL.

Individual Evening Instructions at
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays
Montreal Business College
Commence Monday, October 2nd
Corner of St. Catherine and University Streets.
Book keeping and Office Work by the Budget system, including Loose leaf and Card methods. Arithmetic, Penmanship, Correspondence, Practical Lettering, by the Touch and Sight-sight systems, Shorthand in English and French either. Pupils to specially arrange sheet. Only a small number can be received by this method of teaching. Enter now. Write, call or telephone Uptown 151 for Prospectus.
Address, J. D. DAVIS, 46 University Street. 227 8

"Must Die to Win."
Wrong! Endowment insurance enables you "to win" during your lifetime, at the end of 10, 15, 20 or 25 years, as you may select, and to enjoy the fruits of your savings for the rest of your life. It may do more. An Endowment policy in
The Mutual Life of Canada
should you not outlive the term selected, will enable your wife and children, or dependent loved ones, "to win" a competence and thus protect them from the "cold charity of a pitiless world."

STEWART'S SHOES.
Fashion
makes it imperative that every woman pay much attention to her footwear.
However modest a costume, it is incomplete without appropriate Shoes.

Stewart's
Superior quality for Autumn wear are peculiar unto themselves, and possess those salient characteristics so often imitated, but never equalled.
Superior Quality—
$3.50 and $4.
STEWART'S
3 STORES.

EUROPE'S CHRONIC PROBLEM.
When a whistle toots in London, or it thunders over Greece,
Or a rooster crows in Paris, or a donkey brays at Nice,
Or it rains at Copenhagen, or a bomb bursts at Moscow,
Europe rises to enquire, "What is William up to now?"
—Record Herald, Chicago.

Established 1860
150 Varieties
Esterbrook's Steel Pens
Sold Everywhere
The Best Pens Made
221*13 law

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS. MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY Matinees WED. THUR. SAT
THIS WEEK
An all Colored Comedy Co.
THE SMART SET
The Merriest Musical Melange, including S. H. Dudley and 30 others, with Mr. John Daly. Prices 15, 25, 50, 75c. Next Week "West's Minstrels." 222 6

ROYAL - ALL THIS WEEK Matinee Every Day
THE BROADWAY GAIETY GIRLS
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c and 50c.
Next Week—The Jolly Girls. 222 6

THEATRE DES NOUVEAUTES
COMEDIE FRANCAISE
Tel. Bell East 1395. Week of September 18th, "LE CALICE."
Plays in three acts, by F. Vanderem. Matinee Saturday. Next week "LES AMANTS DE LA." 222 6

GO TO LOVE'S
for rich cakes and pastry. Tel. East 498. 182 67 2aw

HIS MAJESTY'S
All this week, Mat. Sat. (Performance starts at 8.15 p.m.) KLAW and ERLANGER present
The Duchess of Dantzic
With EVIE GREEN and HOLBROOK BLINN and the original London Cast. 224s4

THEATRE FRANCAIS Matinees Daily, Popular Prices.
WEEK SEPT. 18,
"LE JOCKEY MALGRE LUI"
—AND—
Les Cambrioleurs Pantomime.
Next Week—Les 5 Cents de Baptiste. 222*6

Shoot the Rapids on Sunday.
Sunday is the most weather permitting of the Steamer Excursions will leave Lachine Wharf at 2.30 p.m. on her popular trip to and the Island and down the Rapids.

YOU'LL BE SORRY
IF YOU MISS IT.
KYRLE BELLEW, the famous English actor, as "RAFFLES," the Amateur Cracksman," with E. M. HOLLAND and an unusually strong supporting Company (LIEBLER & CO., Managers), all next week. Matinee: Saturday. REGULAR HOUSE PRICES, $1.50 to 25c.
SEATS NOW SELLING AT
HIS MAJESTY'S

ACADEMY Matinees: Wed., Thurs., Sat., Beginning Monday, Sept. 25.
SANFORD B. RICKABY'S Ye Bright and Merry
WM. H. WEST
BIG JUBILEE MINSTRELS
50—Bright Lights of the Minstrel World—50
Positively the Largest and Best Minstrel Organization in America.
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES. GRAND PARADE AT 11.30.

TO-NIGHT, 8.30 P.M. (Saturday, Sept. 23rd.)
DANCING ASSEMBLY
Drummond Hall, 81 Drummond St.
Admission as usual.
PROF. FRANK H. NORMAN'S SELECT DANCING CLASSES
Now organizing in above Hall (until my new $50,000.00 Stanley Hall is completed).
Adults—8 p.m. Juveniles 4.15 p.m.
PRIVATE LESSONS given daily at any hour. Tel. Up 934. 227*1

COMING!
THE AUTHOR OF
THREE MEN IN A BOAT!

Y. W. C. A.
SCHOOL OF COOKERY,
896 Dorchester Street,
Will re-open with a
DEMONSTRATION,
Tuesday Afternoon, Sept. 26, at 3 o'clock.
DAINTIES FOR FIVE O'CLOCK TEA.
Admission—10 cents.
Pupils wishing to enroll are requested to make immediate application to the Principal, Miss Dow. 226 3

Caledonian Society's Jubilee Choir.
The first regular rehearsal of above choir will be held in Parlors of St. Andrew's Home, 407 Aqueduct street, on Monday Evening, 25th inst. at 8 o'clock. The Society extends a cordial invitation to ladies and gentlemen possessed of vocal ability and who are interested in Scottish music to be present and assist.
S. S. RAIN, W. C. McALISTER, Conductor. 227*2 Hon. Sec.

Calvary Church
Guy street, above St. Antoine.
The Pastor REV. E. H. TIPPETT will preach at both services to-morrow.
Evening Topic:
"THE QUEEN OF HEAVEN."
Seats Free. All Welcome.

CAN YOU WALTZ?
If not, and you wish to learn correctly, call and see Mr. Frederic W. Norman at
Conservatory Hall,
Cor. McGill College Ave. and 229-231 Catherine St.
Special attention given to those who have failed to learn elsewhere. Phone Up 261.

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Under New Management.
RE-DECORATED
TO RENT. Suitable for socials, private theatricals and general amusement purposes. Open for inspection. For terms and dates apply to
CASTLE & SON,
20 University street.
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The Gambler
By Katherine Cecil Thurston,
AUTHOR OF
"The Masquerader,"
A Most Interesting Romance.
Price $1.50. Post Free
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THE DANCING SCHOOL,
KARN HALL, 2362 St. Catherine Street.
Beginners' Class meets Monday and Thursday, 8 p.m.
I guarantee to teach you in one month. Should there be a question of doubt, come and see a lesson given.
Advanced Class, Tuesday and Saturday, 8 p.m. A pleasant Practice class, orchestra of music. The dances adopted by the American Association of New York will be added to our programme.
Children's Class Forming. Very few more names required to commence this class.
I expect to give an entertainment this year. I will have sufficient pupils of my own teaching to depend upon and exemplify the art of Terpsichore.
Young Ladies and Gentlemen, Afternoon Class forming.
Health culture class for married and single ladies. If you are interested I can show many testimonials from ladies who benefited last year. Morning and Evening classes.
McGill University Students, forming class Saturdays, 7.30.
M A A A. I want you before your new hall is open.
Karn Hall has been enlarged by dressing rooms, supper or card room, sitting-out rooms, etc.
To rent for concerts, balls, parties, euchre, etc. Come and see what it has to offer.
Send for information and prospectus.
Tel. Up 2356. Res. Main 1676.
No public distribution of circulars throughout. All are invited to attend or see pupils.
A. ROY MACDONALD, Mast. of Dancing. 3 6eod

ONTARIO
Grape Juice
(Guaranteed Free from Alcohol).
PURE. HEALTHFUL. DELICIOUS.
Pint bottles (8 ounces) 25 cents. Carton 2 dozen bottles $2.50 per dozen. Quart bottles (16 ounces) 50 cents. Carton 1 dozen bottles $3.00 per dozen. Also packed in half gallon and 1 gallon bottles for church purposes.
Made in Canada.
THE LEMING, MILES CO., Limited, Sole Agents, Montreal.
227 16 3aw

Investigation Into the Affairs of the Big New York Insurance Companies Is Being Followed Closely in Canada

The investigation into the affairs of the big Life Insurance Corporations in the United States is being followed with close attention by insurance men in Canada. The evils and mismanagement that exist in the big New York companies are fortunately not to be found in this country where the companies are administered as a rule with prudence and economy by officials who are paid on a scale commensurate with the size and expansion of the business.

The great difficulty that is foreseen by the insurance men of Canada in the present agitation is that the legislators will rush in and institute legislation with the investigating powers of life insurance companies. Should this be done and the experience of men who control the investment of the money held in trust for the policy holders by Canadian companies be forced to a narrow channel of security, the first consequence will be the raising of premiums and the disappearance of profits. This will be readily seen when it is noted that the profits of the life insurance companies are calculated upon the earning of three and a half per cent. If the investments should be confined to securities that pay less than three per cent it is evident that the companies must either increase their premiums or decrease the returns to the policy holder.

The whole insurance trouble in New York appears to be of the administrative kind. The investments made by the big companies have as a rule proved successful, and on the aggregate they have shown a profit.

The evil practices of these companies in connection with Life Insurance enterprise is a natural outgrowth of their success. As the trust companies were not forced to care for the life insurance payables to the widows and children of policy holders, it is argued therefore that the life companies should take an interest in them.

But what is not natural and what is not excusable is that the directors should use their position as such to get control of stock in a trust company and later sell that stock to the company at a very much advanced figure. All this with all due allowance for the evil of such proceeding. The investment was not unprofitable for the Equitable Life Assurance Society which is the company in which the state of affairs was shown to have existed.

BEGINNING OF TROUBLE.

The beginning of the trouble was Mr. James Hazen Hyde's mad craze for power and wish for domination in and over the Equitable headquarters and elsewhere.

Henry B. Hyde, father of the young man, was the founder of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York. He it was who induced several men to put their money in the business. He it was who secured the names of some of the kings of finance to act as directors of his company. During the lifetime the society grew to be a power in business and in power. The name of Henry B. Hyde was synonymous throughout the length of and breadth of that was applied a successful as life insurance business. He had only one son, James Hazen Hyde, who to-day is twenty-nine years of age. He had also in the head office of the Equitable a man named Charles M. Alexander who was the right hand man of the president and founder.

At the death of Henry B. Hyde, Charles M. Alexander, who had gone through all the positions in the company, was made president of the company. He was also entrusted by Mr. Hyde with the care of the stock in the Equitable, which when James Hazen Hyde came to the age of thirty was to be turned over to him. Mr. Alexander therefore practically controlled the Equitable for the Hyde shares constituted the majority of the stock.

James Hazen Hyde had been brought up in Paris. His father had always indulged his every whim, and he came back to America bringing with him the methods, the manners and the dress of the gay French capital. Soon after his arrival in New York, young Mr. Hyde, who had immediately joined the staff of the Equitable, began to excite remark by the sumptuousness of his appointments. He was rising meanwhile in the offices of the company, and, thanks to the interest of his father's friend, Mr. Alexander, he soon became first vice-president of the society.

His appointment was rather a tribute to his dead father than a recognition of the young man's merits, for he showed no particular interest in the affairs of the company, but on the other hand attempted to ride it roughshod over all the officials. He countermanded the president's orders with the greatest sang-froid, he snubbed the other high officials on all occasions, and generally proved a source of annoyance to those who were trying to keep up the record of the Equitable Assurance Society.

At his hotel and at his clubs the young man's luxurious tastes led him into all kinds of folly. Finally, the famous banquet at the St. Regis called attention more strongly than ever to the young Sybarite, and people began to say things about the company with which he was connected.

SNUBBED FOR PAINS.

Mr. Alexander, who had been the father's friend, tried to get the same part towards the son, but was snubbed for his pains. The president was hard at work in the service of the company, passed over many irregularities, and even lent countenance to some of them, but finally things came to such a pass that he could no longer condone the actions of his first vice-president, and he appealed to the Board of Directors to remove him. His request was backed up by every officer and official save one connected with the Equitable headquarters office. Then the agents took a hand in. Under the direction of Mr. Tarbell, superintendent of agencies, and second vice-president of the company, they addressed a round robin to the directors asking the removal of young Hyde from a position in which he was damaging the company.

The directors asked young Hyde to resign, but the young man had determined not to give in to any pressure of this kind and refused that as owner of fifty-one per cent. of the stock of the company he refused to confide his interests to other hands than his own.

When he was pressed to ask for his resignation and for his offences against the rules and observances of such companies he refused that he was not the only one who broke the regulations and charged President A. Alexander, his father's friend with carrying on private business with the funds of the company and other like offences. Charge followed charge on either side. The directors took sides and Hyde was asked to maintain his position. The case of the Frick investigating committee composed of directors under the presidency of H. C. Frick of the Steel Trust. The work of that commission only showed things to be worse than they had been supposed to be.

INVESTIGATION OPENED.

State Superintendent Hendricks opened an investigation although during the many years he has been in office he had failed to report any irregularities in the affairs of the company, he suddenly discovered that the operations of the Equitable had been tainted with fraud from the time of Henry B. Hyde, twenty-five years ago, right through the administration of the present officials.

Mr. Alexander, who has reached a comparatively advanced age, and who has always been regarded as an honorable and upright business man, could not stand the strain. His private life was of the highest standard, and he could not bear to have his business methods held up to the glare of criticism. He became seriously ill, and had to retire to a sanitarium. At the present time, he is still ailing, and is not aware to this day that he is no longer, and has not been for months, president of the Equitable.

The investigation showed that the directors had underwritten stock which was afterwards sold at an immense profit to the society, and that young Hyde used the stock of the society to qualify himself as a director in a variety of companies which paid him large fees yearly as a director. Various other irregularities had occurred, so that it was deemed fit and proper to establish an altogether new set of officials. Mr. Thomas Ryan secured young Hyde's interests in the Company. Mr. Paul Morton was made chairman of the executive board, and a board of trustees headed by Grover Cleveland, former President of the United States, was placed in control of the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. These affairs were found to be rather in a demoralized condition, but the investments were not bad. The trouble seemed to be that instead of allowing the policyholders to get the benefit of all the profits, the higher officials had been in the habit of securing securities and selling them to the company at a substantial advance, though these securities generally proved profitable to the society as well.

Large salaries were bound to be paid to the counsel for the company, most of whom were directors. Thus, Senator Chauncey M. Depew was the recipient of large sums as counsel fees, while ex-Senator David B. Hill was also on the pay list of the Equitable as counsel. Senator Depew is a leading Republican, while David B. Hill is the prophet of the Democrats of a large section of New York State. Each year, at Albany, bills are introduced which have for their objects the creation of embarrassments to life insurance companies. To fight these, it is necessary to have strong influences at work in the two parties, and the life insurance companies may therefore be trusted to have among their counsel men of weight in the higher political spheres of the respective parties.

The revelations in the case of the Equitable caused a storm of indignation to arise, and comment on the administration of all other societies was inevitable. A committee was formed by the Legislature at Albany and is now investigating the affairs of the other two big companies, the New York Life and the Mutual Life Assurance Company, of New York.



MR. J. P. MORGAN,

Who will in all probability be called as a witness by the Insurance Investigation Committee.

REAL ESTATE IN MONTH OF AUGUST

Nearly Three Times the Value of Year Ago.

MUCH BUILDING ACTIVITY

Houses and Flats Now Being Erected Will Relieve Scarcity Next Season, But No Longer.

Business in the real estate market during the month of August was comparatively active, and all the indications point to fall and winter season of continued activity, says the Gadsek Simpson Real Estate Record. The transactions of the month cover a wide range and they include many small properties in St. Louis Ward and in Hochelaga Ward where the transfers have been greater in number than in any other part of the city. There is a good deal of building going on, but not enough as yet to meet the demand for house accommodation. More houses are needed, and were it not for the increased cost of building there is no doubt but that a more active construction movement would be under way. The tenements, flats, and apartment houses now being built will relieve the situation somewhat next spring, but not for long.

CONCRETE FOR NEW BUILDING.

Concrete is being used in the United States and in some cities in Canada as a substitute for brick and stone, and some builders look upon concrete as the building material of the future. A concrete building is stated to be practically fire proof, more durable, more easily maintained, and the first cost is less than the ordinary house of brick or stone. If such is the case concrete dwelling houses may soon restore the normal relation between the demand for house accommodation and the supply.

Business has been more active than usual in the mortgage loan market, but lenders are conservative and all applications are carefully scrutinized.

The sales recorded during the month of August in the undermentioned suburban municipalities amount to $454,891, and are as follows: Maisonneuve, $67,905; DeLorimier, $34,345; Town of St. Louis, $65,166; Pont Cote, $29,-; Outremont, $14,499; Cote des Neiges, $12,250; Notre Dame de Grace, $30,000; Montreal West, $5,095; Verdun, $14,-618; Cote St. Paul, $4,110; St. Henri, $44,350, and Ste. Cunegonde, $161,905.

BUILDING PERMITS IN AUGUST.

One hundred and fifty three building permits were issued in August, and the stated aggregate cost of the work is $449,101. This includes 91 permits for new buildings consisting of 75 houses, 165 tenements, 5 stores, 1 warehouse 1 factory, 13 sheds, and 3 stables to cost in all $355,455. There were 62 permits for alterations or repairs to 52 houses, 73 tenements, 26 stores, 4 warehouses and five sheds, to cost in all $93,646.

There were 268 real estate transfers in the city wards and town of Westmount recorded at the registry offices during the month of August amounting to $1,472,709.

St. Andrew Ward	9	$230,985
St. George Ward	7	106,422
St. Joseph Ward	8	72,589
St. Ann Ward	7	185,925
St. James Ward	6	78,858
Lafontaine Ward	8	49,900
St. Louis Ward	13	87,965
St. Lawrence Ward	4	13,700
St. Mary Ward	14	92,505
Papineau Ward	16	79,082
East Ward	1	6,000
St. Jean Baptiste Ward	24	96,871
St. Denis Ward	46	87,552
Duvernay Ward	23	54,510
St. Gabriel Ward	12	36,567
Hochelaga Ward	47	88,069
Westmount	23	142,515
	265	$1,472,709

During the corresponding month of last year 153 transfers were recorded, amounting to $525,466.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE LOANS.

The Real Estate Mortgage loans recorded during the month of August in registration division of Montreal West, amount to $641,200, of this amount $10,000 was placed at 4 per cent., $125,000 at 4 1-2 per cent., $233,700 at 5 per cent., $1,000 at 5 1-2 per cent., $1,500 at 6 per cent., and $270,000 at a nominal rate.

In Montreal East the loans recorded amounted to $263,889. Of this amount $150,000 was placed at 4 1-2 per cent., $100,000 at 4 3-4 per cent., $39,750 at 5 per cent., $24,500 at 5 1-2 per cent., and $18,319 at a nominal rate.

In Hochelaga County the loans recorded amount to $364,868. Of this amount $135,104 was placed at 5 per cent., $52,300 at 5 1-2 per cent., $104,611 at 6 per cent., 800 at 6 1-2 per cent., $12,800 at 7 per cent., $6,000 at 8 per cent., $500 at 10 per cent., and $30,703 at a nominal rate.

Berlin, September 23.—The official bulletin issued yesterday announced nine fresh cases of cholera and two deaths between noon Thursday and noon yesterday, making the totals 256 cases and 80 deaths.

Hearing of Petitions Postponed.

Special to the Montreal Star.

Sherbrooke, September 23.—The hearing of the election petitions in the Stanstead and Sherbrooke contested election cases has been postponed till December at the request of Mr. H. R. Fraser, one of the attorneys, who is leaving for a six weeks trip to England.

The hearing of the preliminary objections in the case of Mr. A. B. Hunt (counter petition) against Mr. Rufus Pope has been continued till next Tuesday.

THE GREAT

CUT PRICE DRUG STORE

The Largest in Canada.

Dr. J. LEDUC & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

Chabolliez Square, Montreal

Our Store is Reliable. We Cut Prices, But Don't Substitute.

Prices 50% Less THAN ANY OTHER DRUGGIST

PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL, Same old price ..... 25c Pint

METHYLATED SPIRITS, for burning purposes; for 3 half pints 25c

LARGE STOCK OF OPTICAL GOODS, ½ PRICE

SIGHT TESTING FREE.

All kinds of RUBBER GOODS straight from the manufacturers at HALF PRICE.

Large stock of TRUSSES from 75c up.

WE GIVE GREEN STAMPS--ASK FOR THEM.

Patent Medicines, Proprietary Articles, etc.

	Reg.	Our price
Genuine Pears Soap, per cake		.10
Beef, Iron and Wine	$1.00	
Imperial Cream	2.00	$1
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	1.00	
Hood's Sarsaparilla	1.00	
CASTORIA	35	
Ayer's Hair Vigor	1.00	
Seidlitz Powders, 12 in box	25	
Fountain Syringe	1.25	
Hot Water Bottle (Rubber)	1.50	
Blaud's Iron Pills per 100	1.00	
Dodds Kidney Pills	50	
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills	50	
Beef, Iron and Wine	50	
Lubin's Hair Renewer	50	
Gibb's Dent. Marjoan	25	
Carter's Little Liver Pills	25	
Citrate of Magnesia, Natural Aperient, Bottles	25	
ABBEY'S SALT, large	60	
Frijuvia Syrup	1.25	
Velpeau Pills	50	
French Castile Soap, imported from Marseilles	50	
Carriage Sponges	2.50 & 3.50, for	
Nestle's Food	50	
Allenbury's Food	1.00	
Horlick's Malted Milk	1.00	
FLORIDA WATER, large	50	
SANTAL MIDI	1.00	
Raphael's Tooth Wash, and $1 worth stamps		50c
Raphael's Pure Cod Liver Oil and $1 worth of stamps		50c
Raphael's Syrup of Hypophosphites and $1 worth of stamps		50c
Raphael's Tooth Powder and $1 worth of stamps		50c
Raphael's Beef, Iron and Wine and $1 worth of stamps		50c
Raphael's Sarsaparilla and $1 worth of stamps		50c
Raphael's Elixir of Cod Liver Oil and $1 worth of stamps		50c
1.38 Boric Acid and $1 worth of stamps		50c
BALSAMINE, the Great Cough Remedy, at $1 worth of stamps		50c

PRESCRIPTIONS

Competent pharmacists dispense prescriptions entrusted to this department.

Ready when promised whether for city or country—customers has gained for us a record for prompt sale.

Green stamps with all prescriptions.

Mail orders containing money should be addressed to

DR. J. LEDUC & CO.,

Chabolliez Square.

Corner Inspector and Notre Dame Sts.,

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(PHOSPHATED WINE OF CINCHONA BARK)

A sovereign remedy for Constipation, Anaemia, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Consumption.

MOTARD, FILS & SENECAL, Agents,

5 Place Royale, Montreal. 227 3 3aw

LEGAL QUERIES.

Ques.—Is it customary for a person building a house to use adjoining property for his building material (mixing mortar etc.)? If he uses said property without permission, what claim, if any, would there be against him?

M. M. Q.

Ans.—There is nothing in the law which authorizes the builder of a house to so use his neighbor's property. He can be sued for trespass, and he is liable for all the damages he may cause.

Ques.—I am a farmer. I hire a man by the month and he agrees to milk the cattle and put on fires in the morning. On Sunday mornings after work he goes to church and we see no more of him until Monday morning. Have I any redress for lost time, or will I have to pay him in full?

J. L.

Ans.—If he has done the chores on Sunday morning he is entitled to the rest of the day to himself, except that he should return for the evening chores. You cannot dock him unless you give him notice of your intention. He is bound to give you notice as he is hired by the month.

Ques.—Where must I build my line fence under the following conditions? On the side of my lot there is a side road allowance. This crosses a small bay, into which runs a small creek (average near mouth 8 ft. wide), the creek rising in my brother's lot and crossing mine. On both sides of the creek, at its mouth, and in fact from my line, it is swampy. If not a legal question, would the Crown Lands Dept. advise me, it being a free grant? A locates 97 acres about ten years ago; does part of improvements, and sells to B. A gives B receipt, payment in full, mentions amount also that he (A) will give B (or rather get for B) the patent when B has the necessary improvements done. This agreement was written by C, brother of B, and witnessed by him (C). Would this stand if A cared to dispute transaction? A also notified Crown Lands agent (who is township clerks of the sale. Can I compel the Council to give me a road out from my lot? The nearest existing road is 200 rods from my corner stake. Is an auditor disqualified from running as reeve or councilor?

W. H. T.

Ans.—Your diagram is very clear and satisfactory, but against whom is it you wish to know where to fence. You must fence as against C and along the road allowance as soon as the adjacent lots are occupied but not before. If your patent covers the part of the bay within the line of the road allowance produced, you would be entitled to fence in that part of the bay, otherwise you must follow the shore line. The agreement would be binding, you cannot compel the Council to give you a road. The auditor must resign his position, he cannot hold both.

Ques.—Will you kindly advise me what to do in the following case? A marries B secretly five years ago, and on all people being informed, they asked A if she would consent to remain at home for a time in order to give B a chance to be in a better position to support her, and then to be married publicly. A agreed, and her people support her in every way, while B is supposed to be saving. Six months later B loses his position and goes to his home, where he has remained ever since, and doesn't show any intention of getting a position, and on being asked what he intends doing, says, What can I do? I can't help it if I haven't the money to keep you or get a position." A has been very kind to him in every way, but that is all she can get for an answer. Can A get a divorce in Canada on the grounds of non-support, or what can she do? By answering this you will greatly oblige.

"A. B."

Ans.—No, under those circumstances you cannot get a divorce in Canada. We would advise you to consult a lawyer.

Free Gifts of Toilet Soaps

Use SUNLIGHT SOAP and SAVE THE COUPONS.

The Coupons are the same as cash because they can be exchanged for Toilet Soaps for which you have to pay out money every week.

Users of SUNLIGHT and CHEERFUL SOAPS can get their TOILET SOAPS for nothing.

Ask your grocer for particulars or write us for Premium List.

A gift is of little value if it consists of something you have no use for.

In exchange for Sunlight Soap Coupons you can get something you need and use every day.

206.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO, CANADA.

Mail Orders promptly and carefully attended to

Dupuis Freres

Our Stores are Closed Daily at 6 p.m. except Saturday.



Fall 1905 Millinery Opening

To Take Place on Monday & Tuesday, the 25th & 26th of this Month



Millinery Show Room, Second Floor

Grand display of our entire collection of Fall Millinery. It surpasses in number and variety any exhibit we have hitherto made.

Ready-to-Wear Department

Exceedingly attractive exhibition of the newest shapes in FELT HATS, artistically trimmed with the latest imported novelties in silk, velvets, birds, wings, quills, etc.

Ladies' Blouses and Dress Skirts.

BEST EXHIBITION OF THE KIND IN THE CITY.

This week grand display of latest Novelties in LACE AND SILK BLOUSES.

Our New Dress-Goods Dept.--Ground Floor

Dress Fabrics of all descriptions are now shown in the one building — Fancy Dress Goods, Black Dress Goods, Costumes, Cloths and Suitings.

SOME OF THE LINES LATELY RECEIVED:

DRAP CHIFFON, 52 inches wide in all the fashionable colors.

WOOLLEN PLAIDS DRESS GOODS 46 inches wide, new color effects, in large or small checks.

VENETIAN SERGES OR CLOTH, all the colors en vogue this season, prices ranging from 50c up to $1.50.

EOLIENNES, the best values and largest assortment in the city, different shades in all colors, to begin with: Ivory, white, cream, champagne, pale green, reseda, myrtle, turquoise, sky blue, drab, brown, purple, plum, gray, etc. Price 50c.

FANCY EOLIENNES, all colors. Price 80c.

SATIN DUCHESSE CLOTH, a favorite line this Fall for Costumes, all the newest shades. Price, $1.50.

SICILIENNES, fancy, 56 inches wide, mixture of different colors, with steel grey, also in checks. Prices $1.25 and $1.50.

Ladies are cordially invited to visit our new Dress Goods Department.

Ribbons--Our Fall Importation Just Received

Best Values Offered in the City.

TAFFETA SILK RIBBONS, 4 in. wide, at 14c.
We have this favorite line in all the following colors: Pale blue, royal blue, navy, blue bourdon, cardinal, coquelicot, champagne, brown and black or white.

TAFFETA SILK RIBBONS, glace, 5 inches wide, at 20c a yard, in all the fashionable shades, including black and white.

LOUISINE SILK RIBBONS, shot effect, 5 inches wide, a very special line, at 19c. Grand display of all these new Ribbons to-night, near main entrance.

Ladies' Fancy Collars and Neckwear

New Lines Just Received.

WHITE GUIPURE SETS, Collar and Cuffs, price 25c.
CREAM GUIPURE SETS, Collar and Cuffs, price 35c.
WHITE ORIENTAL LACE SETS Collar and Cuffs, price $1.25
FANCY SETS OF SOUTACHE BRAID AND TAFFETA SILK, black with gold and white, cream with gold and white, brown with gold and white, also white and gold, price $1.50.
CHIFFON COLLARS AND FANCY STOCKS, large variety to select from, prices ranging from 75c and all the way up to $3.50.
BRUSSELS NET SCARFS with Oriental edging, in cream or champagne, price 25c.
OTHER LINES OF LACE SCARFS at 90c, $1.75, and $3.50.
ORIENTAL LACE CHEMISETTES at $1.35, $1.50 and $2.75.

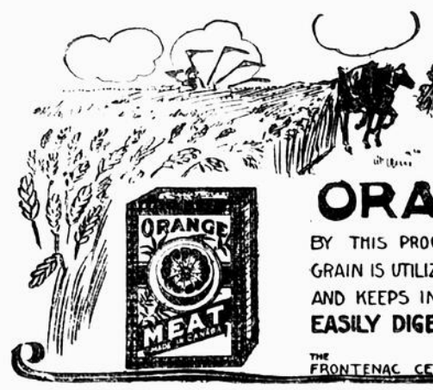
LADIES' KID GLOVES AT 59c

Balance of Lines Offered Last Saturday.

These are Two Fastener Gloves, in different colors, range of sizes complete, broken lines, formerly selling at 75c, 90c and $1. To-night 59

DUPUIS FRERES,

The Big East End Departmental Store - 1571 to 1583 St. Catherine St., City



THE PICK OF CANADA'S ENORMOUS WHEAT CROP IS BY SPECIAL PROCESS CONVERTED INTO THE MOST PALATABLE OF BREAKFAST CEREALS

ORANGE MEAT

BY THIS PROCESS EVERY LIFE-GIVING ELEMENT OF THE GRAIN IS UTILIZED ORANGE MEAT NOURISHES THE INVALID AND KEEPS IN GOOD TRIM STRONG MINDS AND BODIES

EASILY DIGESTED

LOOK FOR THE NEW PREMIUMS. COUPONS IN EVERY 15c PACKAGE.

THE FRONTENAC CEREAL CO LIMITED, KINGSTON, ONT.

J. EVELEIGH & CO.

SCHOOL OPENINGS; School Bags, School Trunks get them from HEADQUARTERS first class make and price the lowest—Manufacturers of the finest Trunks and Travelling bags [all the varied makes and styles] in the Dominion. Repairing promptly attended to; sent for and returned. Phones: E. 2467. M. 438.

HEADQUARTERS 245-247 St. James St.—FACTORY Cor. Vitre and St. Elizabeth Sts.

RATES —FOR— PREPAID CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS In the MONTREAL DAILY STAR.

SITUATIONS WANTED, ten cents for 25 words or less, and 1-2 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PUPILS WANTED, 10 cents for 10 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

All other "WANTED" ads. 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents for 20 words or less and 1-2 cent per extra word, each insertion.

BOARD, 10 cents for 20 words or less and 1-2 cent per extra word, each insertion.

FOR SALE, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and 1-2 cent per extra word, each insertion.

TO LET, HOUSES, STORES, Etc., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

LOST, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and one cent per extra word, each insertion.

HELP WANTED, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and 1 cent per extra words, each insertion.

PERSONAL, 5 cents per word, with a minimum charge of 25 cents each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

No charge made in our books for classified advertisements of less than five lines.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When such advertisements are not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence much higher.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — THIS ADVERTISEMENT is called to [illegible] SHERBROOKE and [illegible] STREETS, [illegible] MANSFIELD, [illegible] MACDONALD, [illegible] DRUMMOND, [illegible] CRESCENT, [illegible] DORCHESTER, [illegible] ST. CATHERINE, [illegible] DORION, [illegible] CRAIG, [illegible] ST. ANTOINE, [illegible] ST. JAMES, [illegible] ST. PAUL, [illegible] ST. JOSEPH, [illegible] ST. LAWRENCE, [illegible] ST. URBAIN, [illegible] ST. DENIS, [illegible] ST. LOUIS, [illegible] ST. ANDRE, [illegible] ST. LUKE, [illegible] ST. JOHN, [illegible] ST. MARTIN, [illegible] ST. HYACINTHE, [illegible] ST. ROCH, [illegible] ST. JEROME, [illegible] ST. SCHOLASTIQUE, [illegible] ST. EUSTACHE, [illegible] ST. ROSE, [illegible] ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, [illegible] ST. THERESE, [illegible] ST. JEAN, [illegible] ST. HENRI, [illegible] ST. GABRIEL, [illegible] ST. CUNEGONDE, [illegible] ST. ANNE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE BELLEVUE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DES PLAINES, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE LA POCATIERE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE LA PERADE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE BEAUPRE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE LA GARAPINE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE LA PRAIRIE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE MONTMORENCY, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE CHICOUTIMI, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE LA PERADE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE BEAUPRE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE LA GARAPINE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE LA PRAIRIE, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE MONTMORENCY, [illegible] ST. ANNE DE CHICOUTIMI. For particulars apply to R. P. & G. Q. Railway, St. Hyacinthe. 226 6

FOR SALE Sherbrooke Street.

The property of Sherbrooke street, [illegible] residence with [illegible] will need re-heating and [illegible] 14 rooms and 3 cellars over [illegible] with three frontages. Will be sold at not cost to quick purchaser. [illegible] F. S. [illegible], care of star office. 221 6eod

To Builders and Speculators

[illegible] FOR SALE [illegible] ST. LAWRENCE [illegible] Apply to P. S. ROSS & SONS, 142 Notre Dame st. West.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR RENT

[illegible] Ave. [illegible] near Sherbrooke st. [illegible] Rooms, Family, Cost [illegible] Bath and Hot Water, Electric Light and Hard Wood Floors, 5 Bedrooms, Bath and w. Hardwood floors. Apply to JOHN JAMES BROWNE & SON, 207 St. James St. 225 3

FOR EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE A LARGE REVENUE [illegible] property in the west end [illegible] block [illegible] property east [illegible] particulars to R. P. Box 207. 222 3

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — BLOCK OF 8 TENEMENTS, [illegible] stone front, situated in west end, perfect order, or could be sold separately, good investment. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE—LAVAL AVENUE, CLOSE to Sherbrooke street, fine large house, bay window and stable, in perfect order, price $7,000. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — ON VICTORIA STREET, between St. Catherine and Burnside Place, two stone front houses, good investment. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple building.

FOR SALE — CLAUDE-BOYE AVE. near Westmount, solid stone and brick house, modern conveniences, at less than cost to close estate. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple building.

FOR SALE — PROPERTY CORNER Fulford and Closse sts., store and dwelling, rent $420, price $4,000. Largest. W. A. Snowdon, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — ST. DOMINIQUE ST., [illegible] property close Sherbrooke st. [illegible] Rents, [illegible] price $4,000. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — BUILDING LOT ON GUY st., close to St. Catherine st., 24 x [illegible] Apply on premises. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — DUROCHER STREET, DE- [illegible] Rents, [illegible] Apply on premises. W. A. Snowdon, 155 St. James st.

FOR SALE — DORCHESTER STREET, [illegible] to the [illegible] rents, [illegible] price $4,000. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — LORNE CRESCENT, A [illegible] detached stone and brick residence, [illegible] rooms, fine [illegible] lot; price $9,000. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — FINE PROPERTY [illegible] acres, with frontage on St. [illegible] Lachine Rapids. Handsome [illegible] between [illegible] Station. Will be sold at [illegible] price. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — GROSVENOR AVE., Westmount, tenement and flat house, [illegible] and brick, modern conveniences, [illegible] price $7,200. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — FIFTY MEN [illegible] fully equipped [illegible] consisting of machine [illegible] Engine and water power. [illegible] particulars to A. S. Walbridge, Berthier st. 224 6

FOR SALE — FROM NO. 2 TO 14 Conway street, three fine flats and [illegible] tenements, [illegible] and [illegible] price at [illegible] Apply at 2 Conway street. 224 6

FOR SALE — MODERN RESIDENCE [illegible] Elm Avenue, [illegible] up-to-date [illegible] For particulars apply on premises, No. 5 Main avenue. 224 6

FOR SALE — THE PROPERTY OF [illegible] Rue Rachel, corner Clark and [illegible] to suit purchaser. Apply to owner, A. Pelletier, Avenue Cartier, Can. Pac. Railway, St. Hyacinthe. 224 6

FOR SALE Sherbrooke Street.

The property of Sherbrooke street, [illegible] residence with [illegible] will need re-heating and [illegible] 14 rooms and 3 cellars over [illegible] with three frontages. Will be sold at not cost to quick purchaser. [illegible] F. S. [illegible], care of star office. 221 6eod

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — UPPER LACHINE, [illegible] rooms, with [illegible] Bonaventure and Bevaisier avenues, low [illegible] terms to prompt purchasers. Apply to P. S. Ross & Sons, Temple Bldg., 142 St. James street, Montreal. 223 3

FOR SALE — AT ABOUNDING BARGAIN Every business [illegible] from [illegible] to [illegible] thousand five hundred. Apply to J. B. Peloquin. 225 6

SUBURBAN PROPERTY TO LET.

TO LET PART OF COUNTRY HOUSE [illegible] with two acres of land. Apply Lake Longue Pointe.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY WANTED.

WANTED HOUSE WITH 5 ACRES [illegible] or more land, near river or lake, good [illegible] not more than two hours by rail from [illegible] office.

WANTED — IN LACHINE, FURnished or unfurnished house, ten to fifteen rooms on water front. Address D. Star Office. 223 4 6aw

OFFICES TO LET

TO LET — USE OF OFFICE TO YOUNG [illegible] Stenographer to [illegible] in part of residence, on [illegible] for [illegible] to both parties. C 122, Star Office.

KENSINGTON

Just West of Westmount.

BUY NOW, before the STREET RAILWAY line is continued along SHERBROOKE Street through the property.

[illegible] BUILDING LOTS [illegible] have been sold.

[illegible] on SHERBROOKE STREET, 15 per cent.

MADDEN AVENUE, $175 to $225 per lot, 75 x 105 feet each. Large Villa Lots, $750 each.

Terms to suit. Take MOUNTAIN BELT LINE cars to KENSINGTON platform (a minute morning and afternoon, then free) Bus to property.

FRANK E. DONOVAN,

Selling Agent, Temple Building - - - 185 ST. JAMES STREET.

OFFICE on Property, corner McLean Avenue and Sherbrooke Street. JOHN McCORMACK, Agent.

COUSINEAU, RAYMOND & HALL, *Real Estate and Insurance Brokers,*

Tel. Bell, Main, 4117. 68 ST. JAMES ST. Tel. Merchants, 908.

PROPERTIES.	BUSINESS CHANCES.
$150,000	**$5,000**
ST. CATHERINE ST., large block on [illegible] and adjacent streets, [illegible] of the most promising parts of the city.	GENERAL STORE, in Soulanges county, large produce exchange business giving handsome profits, [illegible] installations, dimensions of store, 26 x 70, and back store at right, best private dwelling of 20 x 24, and extension of 20 x 18, good outbuildings, only three stores in locality.
$8,300	**$9,000**
DUFRESNE ST., [illegible] corner, 3 stores and 3 dwellings. Yearly revenue, $750.	SPECIAL BARGAIN, for Produce Merchant, solid brick construction, with beautiful grounds; splendid ice and storage house, has cost $15,000 to present owner. Cash $750.
$8,000	**$5,500**
BEIGE ST., 6 flats, solid brick.	SAWMILL AND MOULDING FACTORY, situated in best part of the city, first class installation and machinery, monthly receipts $3,000 at the lowest, lease of 4 years.
$16,000	**$25,000**
ELFORD ST., 11 dwellings, solid brick. Yearly revenue, $2,052.	LICENSED RESTAURANT, near railway station, $625 weekly profits. A great chance of making a fortune.
$8,500	**$9,000**
DEMONTIGNY ST., 6 flats, stone and solid brick.	LICENSED RESTAURANT, near Court House first class installation. Weekly guaranteed receipts of $275.
$8,000	**$9,000**
CHAMPLAIN ST., 8 dwellings, stone and brick. Yearly revenue, $881.	HOTEL, Notre Dame St., St. Henry, with private dwelling of 8 rooms, yard and stable. Would exchange for property.
$10,500	**$6,000**
ST. URBAIN ST., 8 dwellings, yearly revenue, $1,000.	HOTEL, in one of the suburbs, fine locality, good installation and large receipts.
$10,000	**$3,800**
TURGEON ST., street corner, 11 dwellings. Yearly revenue, $1,200.	HOTEL, in one of the best possible localities, having a large circulation at the door of a neighboring city's population, being at the head of a handsome bridge used as a boulevard by both cities. Exceedingly good bargain.
$5,000	**$2,000**
LAURIER ST., 3 dwellings, stone and brick. Yearly revenue, $565.	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL tobacco business in a central part of the city, with all conveniences for delivery of goods. Barber shop attached to the establishment. Last year's takings, $25,000.
$5,800	**$12,000**
ST. PATRICK ST., ground 45 x 120, 7 dwellings. Yearly revenue, $815.	HOTEL, in central part of city. $400 weekly receipts.
$4,300	
ORLEANS ST., 4 dwellings, solid brick. Yearly revenue, $432.	
$6,000	
CADIEUX ST., 6 dwellings. Yearly revenue, $600.	
$10,500	
PARK AVE., 7 dwellings, stone and solid brick. Yearly revenue, $1,050.	
$7,500	
CHERRIER ST., solid brick, store and dwelling. Yearly revenue, $750.	

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — THREE STORY SOLID brick tenement house, in good order, Sanguinet st., near Craig; price $7000; pays 10 per cent. gross. Mainwaring, Houle and Co., 147 St. James st. 224 2 2aw

FOR SALE — $3,000 — PRESSED brick front, three flats, new, rent $440 per annum, half minute from Park [illegible] cars. Annex. Half cash, or less, will do. [illegible] Star office.

FOR SALE — 405 METCALFE AVE., [illegible] Westmount, all modern conveniences, immediate possession, price low, terms to suit. C. Withycomb, 242 St. James st.

FOR SALE—DUROCHER STREET, [illegible] Montreal Annex, new 8 room cottage, solid brick, pressed brick front, stone foundations, large lot 50 by 100 feet, fine locality, no flats allowed on this section. For plans and particulars apply S. Shackell, 48 Temple Bldg.

For Sale Westmount.

A 2 story brick cottage, with extension kitchen, on high stone foundation, 9 rooms, hot water heating, modern and up to date [illegible] $7,000. Immediate possession if desired. W. Ernest Bolton, 141 Notre Dame st. west. Phone Main 32. 224 6

ONLY $3,850.

For ten days we are authorized to sell No. 4 to 8 Lewis Ave. Brick Houses. Consists of [illegible] Library, Dining Room, Kitchen, 4 Bedrooms, Bath and w.c. Lot is 25 feet front. A bargain for prompt sale. JOHN JAMES BROWNE & SON, 207 St. James St. 225 3

OVERDALE AVENUE.

[illegible] stone front house, thirteen [illegible] Lachine Avenue, [illegible] stationary [illegible] parquet floors, hard [illegible] and [illegible] new and fine property, in A1 order. Price, $4,000. Fred B. Cole, Lachine. [illegible] St., substantial well built solid [illegible] hot water furnace, [illegible] garden, $2,500, terms [illegible] for [illegible] at James st. 226 2

FOR SALE.

Handsome sandstone front residence on Park avenue (Annex), 9 bedrooms, 3 [illegible] extension kitchen, laundry, etc. A perfectly appointed gentleman's house. Price for immediate sale. Apply FRANK E. DONOVAN, Temple Bldg., 185 St. James Street.

Valuable Building Sites on Cedar Ave. FOR SALE

We have 40,000 feet of high land for sale, on best of terms to suit purchasers. Access from Pine Avenue. Near cars, yet quite retired. P. S. Ross and Sons, 142 Notre Dame Street West.

STUDIO TO LET.

TO LET—A STUDIO WITH PIANO, for the morning hours, situated on St. Catherine street, between Stanley and Mountain streets. Address L, 1002 Star Branch office.

Building Site For Sale.

The remaining portion of the

Linton Property

Comprising the garden lot on Summerhill Avenue, off Cote des Neiges Road. Convenient to electric cars. Splendid location. 150 feet frontage.

H. L. PUTNAM, 1st Floor, Temple Building.

141 Crescent Street.

Attractive Sandstone Residence, close to Sherbrooke street, full extension, side lights; immediate possession; six bedrooms.

H. L. PUTNAM, 1st Floor, Temple Building.

FOR SALE

3 Cote St. Antoine Road

Residence with garden, in best part of Westmount, facing public square. Three floors, seven bedrooms, library, drawing room, whole length of house, etc.

Mountain Street

Three solid stone front flats, seven and six rooms each, finished in best style. Situated between Dorchester and St. Catherine. Pay 8 per cent. net. Price $15,000.

Arlington Ave., Westmount

Nine room house, fine condition, Daisy furnace, concret cellar, close to Park. Price $7,000.

Cottages, St. Lambert

Frame cottage, concrete cellar, hardwood floors, twelve rooms, fine garden. Price $4,500.

Brick and Clapboard cottage, Victoria Park, eight rooms, Daisy furnace, fine situation. Price $3,000. Easy terms.

J. Corliss Stevenson, 126 ST. JAMES ST.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — 194, 196 RYDE STREET, two superior tenements, solid brick, built by present owner. Price $2500, easy terms. Apply 194 Ryde st.

FOR SALE — 150 ST. LUKE ST., modern stone front house, eight rooms, well finished, deep lot. Possession this fall. Terms of payment to suit purchaser. Apply to R. A. Dunton, 160 St. James st.

COTTAGE, 11 ROOMS, STONE, MODern, Sherbrooke st., Westmount, exchange for lots clear, also cottage Western avenue, Westmount, 9 rooms, stone and brick, modern M. Rochon and Sons, 79 St. James st. M. 2219, Star Office.

FOR SALE—ON ST. ANDRE ST., near Mount Royal avenue, two story stone front house, containing four dwellings of 5 and 6 rooms, bath, w.c. and gas, actual rent $465, size of lot 40x94 to a lane, price $5000. E. R. Gareau, room 68, Alliance Building, 107 St. James st. Call between 9 and 12 a.m.

FOR SALE—ON ST. LAWRENCE-Main street, above Sherbrooke street, a solid brick house, containing store and dwelling, price $5,000, terms. $2,500 cash. E. R. Gareau, room 68 Alliance Building, 107 St. James st. Call between 9 and 12 a.m.

FOR SALE—ON RIVARD STREET, stone front 4-dwelling house of five rooms each, w.c., size of lot, 44x70 to a lane, actual rent $360 per year, terms, $800 cash, balance $180 per year at 6 per cent. E. R. Gareau, room 68 Alliance Building, 107 St. James st. Call between 9 and 12 a.m.

FOR SALE — DORCHESTER ST. west. Superior house, three public rooms, 5 bedrooms, bathroom, etc. Immediate possession if desired. P. S. Ross & Sons, 142 Notre Dame street west.

PROPERTY WANTED.

Wanted to Purchase,

West of Peel st., above St. Catherine st., good modern house. Price not to exceed $10,000. M. 3651, Star office. 224 4

WANTED TO PURCHASE, FOR A client, one 3-flat house, modern, and yielding good revenues, situated in Montreal Annex preferred. David & Dubreuil, 8 Craig st. east.

WANTED TO PURCHASE PROPerty situated in the east end, would pay cash or give in exchange fine properties situated in west end. Mrs. Archambault, P. O. Box 223.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE HOUSE of about eight rooms, in Outremont, Annex, or north end of town. State price and particulars to L. 2103, Star Office.

WANTED TO BUY A MODERN house, about $5000 cash, Westmount preferred, would also purchase furniture if for sale. B 4188, Star Office.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

NOTRE DAME DE GRACE.

Beautifully situated building lots, adjoining the Town of Westmount, belonging to estate of the late Felix Decarie, situated between Western Avenue and Sherbrooke Street. Very low taxes, and a good water supply.

Bleury Street Property For Sale

Stone front buildings, containing two stores, with dwellings above, situated between St. Catherine and Ontario Streets. Lot, 47 x 164 feet. Excellent business stand. Moderate price.

REAL ESTATE RECORD

For the Month of September.

Contains the Monthly Review, Recorded Transfers, interesting reading matter and advertisements. Also a list of properties for sale.

CALL OR SEND FOR A COPY.

THE CRADOCK SIMPSON COMPANY, 205 ST. JAMES STREET.



PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TWO BARGAINS, ONE in Westmount, $4500, one in Longueuil at $1500. Apply at once to W. Godbee Brown, 178 St. James st.

FOR SALE — NO. 782 PARK AVE., modern up to date residence, 10 rooms, extension kitchen, hot water furnace, large yard and verandah. Bleury and Park avenue cars direct to house in 15 minutes from Craig street. Only $800 cash down, balance arranged in monthly or quarterly payments. Keys at room No. 3, 124 St. Peter st. 227 3 2aw

FOR SALE — CHANCE FOR PERson having a little money, cottage, $400 and $10 per month, without interest. Address 296 Amherst st.

FOR SALE ST. URBAIN THREE flats, rent $684, $6950. Cadieux, 3 flats, $2300, cash $300. St. Denis st., 3 flats, $5750. Park ave., 3 flats, $15,000. Mount Royal, nice corner, rent $1152 $10,000. Property for sale in all parts of the city paying from 10 to 15 per cent. C. E. L. Desaulniers, real estate, 71a St. James st. Office hours, 9 to 12.

FOR SALE—UNFINISHED PLANK house, stone foundation, ready for bricking and plastering, 26 front, 31 deep, large extension and shed adjoining, nine rooms, hall, bathroom, bay window, lot 50x200, four vacant lots can be had; poultry houses and runs can be had also if required. 5 miles from city, 5c fare. P.O. Box 44, Maisonneuve.

97 Ryde Street, Point St. Charles

For sale, solid brick tenement of 4 stories, occupied by 2 tenants. Very substantially built by present proprietor for his own occupation. Price moderate. Immediate possession of upper flat if desired. Apply P. S. Ross and Sons, 142 Notre Dame Street West.

FOR SALE—ST. LUKE ST.

Four stone front dwellings, 8 and 9 rooms, bathrooms, etc. Annual rent, $1,002. Brick shed in rear. Price $11,500. A bargain. W. Ernest Bolton, 141 Notre Dame West. Phone Main 32.

WAREHOUSES TO LET.

TO LET Craig St. Warehouse,

Just West of Victoria Square,

4 stories and basement, hot water heating, moderate rent, immediate possession. For particulars apply to J. STEVENSON BROWN & CO., Guardian Building. 227 6eod 160 ST. JAMES STREET.

WAREHOUSE WANTED.

WANTED—WAREHOUSE of 20,000 to 30,000 feet floor space, with railway siding, situated near centre of city if possible, must have good yard space, will pay good rent for same. Owner, who has unproductive land alongside railway and who is willing to build a warehouse on same, may secure a good tenant for a long term of years. Address V 4001, Star Office. 226 3

WANTED — FOR A TERM OF years, a four storied warehouse, near Victoria square, built to order or arranged to suit. Security beyond question. Address O 1429, Star Office. 217 6 2aw

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — NEW, MODERN flats in Westmount, paying over 10 per cent on price, or over 15 per cent. net on cash required over mortgage. C. Withycomb, 242 St. James.

FOR SALE — BEFORE PURCHASing, examine those modern houses now finishing, Grosvenor ave. east side, below Sherbrooke, Westmount, price and terms easy. C. Withycomb, 242 St. James.

JOHNSON & DUCLOS, 62 ST. JAMES st. For sale 2 flats, Hutcheson st., brick and stone, modern improvements, yearly revenue $506, price $5000. Shuter st., 3 flats, brick and stone, revenue $960, price $10,000. cottages, Argyle street, brick and stone, price $7500 each.

JOHNSON & DUCLOS, 62 ST. JAMES st. For sale most desirable corner lots, in Ville St. Paul, corner Church and Angers sts., great opportunity for a builder. Easy terms.

FOR SALE—ON ST. DENIS, FIRST class five-story solid stone house, containing three dwellings; actual rent $808; terms, $4500 cash, balance at 5 per cent. E. R. Gareau, room 68 Alliance Building, 107 St. James st. Call between 9 and 12 a.m.

FOR SALE—NEAR ST. LOUIS SQ., stone front house, containing two dwellings of 6 and 8 rooms each, b., w.c., and gas, house in good order, rent $372; price $4000; terms, $1000 cash, balance on very easy payments. E. R. Gareau, room 68 Alliance Building, 107 St. James st. Call between 9 and 12 a.m.

FOR SALE—FINE, LARGE, WELL-finished house, 12 rooms, barn stable, coach-house, good cellar, large trees, 20 acres land, ideal residence for city gentleman, only $2500. Fulton, Mascouche, Que.

FOR SALE — ONLY ONE SELF-contained house in Westmount, ready for decoration and can be finished to suit purchaser in 10 days, modern improvements, price $5300, terms to suit purchaser. Apply 4134 St. Catherine st.

Valuable Corner Property For Sale.

Corner of Craig and Dorion Streets, with extensive frontages to both streets. Particulars from P. S. Ross and Sons, 142 Notre Dame Street West.

FOR SALE—ON ST. ANDRE ST., 6 dwelling house on lot 45x94 to a lane, rent $654; price $6000, terms, $1000 cash, balance on very easy terms. E. R. Gareau, room 68 Alliance Building, 107 St. James st. Call between 9 and 12 a.m.

FOR SALE — DORCHESTER ST.

Handsome stone front residence, 3 story and extension, situated on the best part of Dorchester street, twelve rooms, conservatory, finished in natural wood, recently decorated throughout. Open plumbing, washtubs etc. Coach-house, stable in rear. W. Ernest Bolton, 141 Notre Dame west. Phone M. 32.

HALLS WANTED

WANTED — PRIVATE HALL, OR two parlors, with boudoir, twice a week by dancing club of 20 members, state price and conditions. B 4124 Star office.

Eastern Townships.

City of Sherbrooke

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE, With Water Power.

THE BRITISH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY

invite the attention of capitalists, desirous of embarking in manufactures, to the great facilities afforded by the City of Sherbrooke, (population exceeding 12,000 by the last census), with its LARGE PERMANENT WATER POWER.

The position of Sherbrooke is unparalleled as a railway centre, being in direct connection with every part of the Dominion. The Grand Trunk, Canadian Pacific, Quebec Central, and Boston and Maine Railways have important stations in the heart of the city.

The City Corporation offers exemption of taxes for a period of from ten to twenty years, to any manufacturing company that will establish works within the City limits; a liberal cash bonus will also be granted by the Corporation to any company establishing a cotton industry.

The Company also offers for sale many choice building lots, suitable for country residences.

They have also a large amount of first-class timber lands for sale in the District of St. Francis.

For detailed information, apply to J. DAVIDSON, Commissioner of the Company. 215 4 law SHERBROOKE, P.Q.

Foundry For Sale

For sale, in the Town of St. Johns, P.Q., foundry belonging to Mr. D. Lailberte.

For other details apply at my office, E. R. GAREAU, Room 68, Alliance Building, 107 St. James Street. Bell Tel. M. 2154. Call between 9 and 12 a.m. 227 1

FOR SALE

IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION.

Belmont ave.	$4,000
22-26 Holton ave (each)	6,500
140 Hutchison st.	7,500
4048 Tupper st.	8,000
763 Lagauchetiere st.	9,000
McGill College ave.	10,000
Mt. Pleasant ave.	12,000
4049 Dorchester st.	13,000
Dorchester st., 1st Dec.	14,000
143 Metcalfe st.	15,000
Dorchester street	20,000
Sherbrooke street	25,000

FOR RENT

(Open Daily).

	Per month.
Hospital st. warehouse	$185.00
4049 Dorchester st., house	75.00
Dorchester st., 1st, Dec.	75.00
737 Sherbrooke st.	75.00
41 McGill Coll. ave. house	60.00
4048 Tupper st., house	50.00
22-26 Holton ave., house	45.00
St. Denis st., store	25.00
902 St. Hubert st., flat	10.00

JOHN JAMES BROWNE & SON, 207 ST. JAMES ST.

221 26eod

LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — SOUTHWEST CORNER OF Westmount avenue, and Victoria st., 95 x 175, total area 16,672 ft., building restrictions, will sell on easy conditions. Mainwaring, Houle and Co., 147 St. James st. 226 2

FOR SALE — BUILDING LOT ON VICtoria Park, St. Lambert, 50 x 110, facing on Hickson st., cheap for cash. Address L. 2212, Star Office. 226 6

FOR SALE — MANCE ST., ADJOINING new Presbyterian Church, $425, $25 cash down, balance $6.20 monthly, which you will never miss. All the lots will be advanced again in a few weeks. 38 lots recently sold, the new Bleury and Park avenue cars are only about 100 yards from the lots, and buildings are going up rapidly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 227 3 2aw

FOR SALE — ST. URBAIN STREET, lots, close to St. Viateur avenue, 25 x 100, $475, all city advantages, building to brick, and all prices are to be advanced on July 1st. Big profits. Only $225 cash down, balance $7.65 monthly. Office on property, 1454 St. Lawrence st. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 221 3 2aw

FOR SALE — CORNER HUTCHISON and Boulevard, close to Park avenue cars, and just at the foot of the Mountain, a desirable corner lot, or block of flats if sold this month 36 cents a foot will buy it. Easy terms. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 227 3 2aw

FOR SALE — DON'T FORGET THE prices of building lots in Montreal Annex (which is so close to the heart of Montreal) are always increasing, the earlier you purchase the larger your profits will be. Remember, we only require $25 cash and small monthly payments. Good selling agents wanted to work evenings or spare time. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 227 3 2aw

FOR SALE — 10 LOTS, EACH 25 x100 at $300 each, water in street, close to schools, churches, electric cars, etc., and nice houses. Terms $10 cash and balance $4.03 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. Branch office, corner Park and Van Horne ave., open Sundays from 2 to 5.30. Alex Walker. 227 3 2aw

FOR SALE — FOUR LOTS ON DUROcher st., near Fairmount ave. Annex, at reasonable rate. Telephone Up. 1418.

FOR SALE — FINE BUILDING LOT ON Sanguinet street, close Prince Arthur street, size 72 ft. front by 70 ft. W. A. Snowdon, 46, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — BOYER ST., $125, $7 CASH and $1.23 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE—MANCE ST., $426, $25 CASH and $4.80 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — CHAMPLAIN ST., $130, $13 cash and $2.76 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — ST. ANDRE ST., $150, $8 cash and $1.47 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — ST. URBAIN ST., $475, $25 cash and $7.65 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — AMHERST STREET, $300, $15 cash and $3.36 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — PAPINEAU AVE., $160, $16 cash and $3.41 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — DUFFERIN STREET, $300, $12 cash and $2.36 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — DUROCHER STREET, $425, $42 cash and $8.80 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — CHAMBORD ST., $150, $8 cash and $1.47 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — ROMAN ST., $200, $25 cash and $3 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aaw

FOR SALE — WESTMINSTER AVENUE, $352, $36 cash and $5.35 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — PANET ST., $175, $10 cash and $1.83 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — WAVERLEY ST., $325, $25 cash and $5.10 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE — ST. GEORGE STREET, $375, $15 cash and $5.25 monthly. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 6 3aw

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS IN Annex, on Hutchison st., Durocher st., Mance st., Esplanade avenue and St. Urbain st. P. S. Ross & Sons, 142 Notre Dame street west.

FOR SALE — BUILDING LOTS ON easy terms, at Montreal West, St. Lawrence-Main extension, Longueuil, St. Lambert, etc. P. S. Ross & Sons, 142 Notre Dame street west.

FARMS WANTED.

WANTED — SAND AND STONE; also farm about 40 arpents. Apply O. Holmes, Rockland ave., Outremont.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE — AT LONGUE Pointe, 120 arpents, three arpents on river, cadastral No. 407. For further particulars apply on premises, Jas. Fletcher, Longue Pointe. 222 6

FOR SALE — A FARM, CONTAINING 216 acres, situated 1 and half mile from the City of Sherbrooke, two miles from the Village of Lennoxville, creameries in both places. There are two houses on the premises, one suited for a gentleman's residence, the other for a farmer, pasturage and barn room for 60 head of cattle, with stabling for from 3 to 6 horses; first-class spring water, running to house and barn, has never been known to fail in the driest of seasons, has been run as a dairy farm for a number of years, always with success. There is a wood lot on the place, with enough standing timber to supply all the wood that will be required for fuel, for years. Orchard, with good variety of fruit. This property must be sold at once to settle an estate. For further information apply to James F. Morkill, P. O. Box 482, Sherbrooke, Que. 223 6

FOR SALE — TWO FARMS NEAR New Glasgow, 300 and 100 acres, with part Lake, good fishing and shooting. Apply S. Shackell, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — SMALL FARMING properties in blocks, suitable for poultry raising, market gardening, orchards, including building lots; low price, near Lake St. Louis and railroad station; fare opportunity for investment and speculation. Apply S. Shackell, Temple Bldg.

FOR SALE — A MODEL FARM AT [illegible], Quebec. Send at once for printed description. Address C. M. Johnson, P. O. Box 2335, Montreal, Canada.

FOR SALE — VALUABLE FARM situated in the County of Huntingdon, three miles from the town of Huntingdon, containing 153 acres, 136 acres under good cultivation, the remainder comprising an extent sugar bush and orchard, two houses, one a splendid solid stone house, heated by furnace, with good concreted cellar, containing large [illegible] and stables, all in good condition, half mile from butter factory and school. For further particulars address Wm. Muir, Post Office, Huntingdon, P. Q.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES OF LAND 4 cultivated, price $200, three arpents of good land, $125, 110 arpents of clay land, $1900. Fulton, Mascouche, Que.

FOR SALE — FARM IN COUNTY OF Argenteuil, six miles from C. P. R., 65 acres cultivated and 50 acres valuable timber. Apply 147 Ferdinand st. 227 3

FOR SALE—CADIEUX POINT, ABOUT two miles from Vaudreuil Village, on Lake of Two Mountains, 125 arpents high level land, beautifully wooded, groves and meadows, with over one mile of lake frontage, the most picturesque spot within 100 miles can be subdivided to double coast main road passes on to portion of land, present price about $200 per arpent, according to location, might exchange portion for desirable city property, land is all free and clear and contains about 3000 cords good hardwood. James Baillie, Board of Trade Building.

FOR SALE — $300.00 WILL BUY 2½ acres land, house and outbuildings. Address G. 3424, Star Office.

FARMS TO LET.

TO LET — FARM OF 90 ACRES. Apply to 45 Court st., Mile End.

MEDICAL.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY FOR RUPture for those using truss, sent securely packed, postage paid, to any address in Canada, upon receipt of 50 cents. Arthur Gibbs, Sole Agent, 36 Hospital st., Montreal.

WESTMOUNT HOUSES FOR SALE

ROSLYN AVE., above Cote road, west side, cut stone house, 9 rooms, lot 50x111, two bathrooms, ready for occupation.

ROSLYN AVE.—2 pressed brick houses, east side, lot 50x111, each house, 10x111, 9 rooms, ready for occupation.

Take a walk up and see these houses if you are thinking of buying. The quality of the workmanship is all right in every respect.

GROSVENOR AVE., below Sherbrooke, west side—Three new houses, 7 and 8 rooms.

515 GROSVENOR—Stone front, 8 rooms, oak floors, tiled bathroom, lot 50x111, occupation at once.

MOUNT PLEASANT AVE., cor. Monteagle—Two new semi-detached houses, 8 rooms, beautifully finished, ready for occupation.

15 WINDSOR AVENUE—House and grounds, laid off as garden, 7 rooms, decorated in first-class style.

WESTERN AVE., cor. Roslyn — Four new houses, corner, 10 rooms, others, 7 rooms.

Further particulars from JAMES BAILLIE, B12 Board of Trade Building.

P. S. ROSS & SONS, 142

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET — DORCHESTER STREET, stone front residence, 12 rooms, extension, conservatory, stable, coach house, newly decorated throughout, rent $75. W. Ernest Bolton, 1763 Notre Dame st. 223 6

TO LET — 186 SELBY AVENUE, 8 rooms, furnace and all modern conveniences, immediate possession. Apply Miller & Bremner, 2334 St. Catherine st. 224 6

TO LET — A COTTAGE ON BERRI st., with modern improvements. Apply at room 26, Aylmer Bldg., 107 St. James st. 224 6

HOUSE TO LET, 1101-1104 DELORIMIER (newly) finished, 8 rooms, bath and w.c. Star furnace. Apply 1125 Delorimier avenue. 226 2

TO LET — 6 NEW HOUSES ON LAfontaine Park, corner of Boyce ave., 8 rooms, hot water heating, all modern improvements. Low price. Apply to P. E. Valliere, 1049 St. Robert. Tel. 949 East or to J. A. Jarry, 26 St. James st. Tel. Main 2245. 226 2

TO RENT — SELF-CONTAINED house of nine rooms, furnished throughout with the best of Brussels carpets and curtains. House is situated in the most residential part of the city, and has just been papered and decorated inside. Has hot and cold water, is lighted with gas. Apply N. G. Vanquelin, Limited, 1202 St. Catherine st. 226 2

TO LET — HOUSE, NO. 257 MANsfield, quarter above Mount Royal, 2 rooms, all modern improvements, rent $15 per month, immediate possession. Apply to P. D. Valliere, 1049 St. Hubert st. Tel. East 939. 226 2

Houses To Let

Hobon ave., Westmount, fine new houses up to date, 12 rooms, $40; 10 rooms, $35; Selby st., bright tenement, 8 rooms, furnace, $25; Brandon ave., very nice modern flat, 6 rooms, furnace, $20. Tupper st., part of house, 8 rooms, furnace, partly furnished, $50 to $75; small houses, 5 rooms, ample room Hanover st. $14. Longueuil, good winter and summer houses, $10 to $15; large villa, furnished, $25. Fred Rose, 1238A St. James st. 226 2

TO LET — STE. ANNE DE BELLEvue, Grand Trunk station, modern cottage, fine grounds, furnace, bath, etc., $20.00 to suitable tenant. Apply Miss Telfer, on premises. 225 2eod

TO RENT — FAIRLY LARGE SIZE shop and dwelling, corner Charlevoix and Ryde streets, P. St. Charles. Well situated for drug store, as there is no drug store within half a mile radius; rent $16 per month. Apply on premises or at No. 164 Ryde st.

TO LET — A PARTLY FURNISHED house, owner wishes to board with tenants and will make reasonable terms with desirable people. W. Godfrey Brown, 178 St. James st.

TO LET — TENEMENT ON SHUTER street. Apply 126 Shuter st.

TO LET — COTTAGE ON RIVER front, Lachine, furnished or unfurnished. Address B 4163, Star Office.

TO RENT — 340 PRINCE ARTHUR ST., self-contained house, no basement, extension kitchen, seven bedrooms, furnace, electric light, etc. Rent $40 per month. H. L. Putnam, 181 Door, Temple Bldg.

TO LET — A HOUSE, 10 ROOMS, 655 Cadieux street, other houses with 4 and 8 rooms, also stable, 4 stalls. Apply 647 Cadieux.

HOUSE TO LET, THREE APARTments, third, very good rear clean entrance, must be quiet, respectable family, no children. 144 1-2 Queen. Apply 17 Verrault st. Rental $8.50 monthly.

TO LET — ONE 7-ROOMED DWELLing and one corner store on Notre Dame street west. Apply at 2713 Notre Dame st.

TO LET — NOS. 718 AND 718A CADieux street, near St. Louis de France Church, two new modern flats of 6 and 7 rooms.

TO LET — A SIX ROOMED DWELLing, repaired to be very warm, clean locality, to be seen any time at 844 Sanguinet. Key downstairs. $12 month.

TO LET — NEW HOUSES OF 5 AND 8 rooms, heated by proprietor, Selby st., near Atwater avenue, Westmount. Apply on the premises, next to No. 29. 223 3eod

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET — DORCHESTER STREET, handsomely furnished residence, 12 rooms, extension, conservatory, stable, coach house, rent reasonable. W. Ernest Bolton, 1763 Notre Dame st., Phone Main 32. 223 6

LARGE FURNISHED HOUSE TO let, or partly, ten rooms, bath, w.c., piano, large garden close to electric car, Back River. Telephone Up 3192, Perrault, 2719 St. Catherine st. 223 6

DORCHESTER STREET, TO LET, furnished house, 8 rooms, bathroom, etc., west of Crescent st. 1st Oct. to 1st May. P. S. Ross and Sons, 142 Notre Dame st. west. 224 26

TO RENT — ONE OF THE MOST splendidly furnished self contained houses in the west part of the city, has two stories and large dry concrete cellar, with stationary wash tubs. The furniture, carpets, hangings, etc. have been in use only a short time and do not show the slightest wear. The entire furnishings will be sold if desired. Apply to H. Valiquette, Limited, 1547-55 St. Catherine st. 225 3

HOUSE ON PEEL STREET, NEAR Sherbrooke, completely furnished, occupation 1st October. Mainwaring, Hyde & Co., 147 St. James st. 226 3

TO LET — FURNISHED SEMI-DETached cottage, 23 Dufferin st., with its Lafontaine Park, seven rooms, bath, electric light, moderate terms. Apply evenings, between 7 and 8 o'clock.

TO RENT — UPPER TENEMENT, west end, eight rooms, well furnished, electric light, hot water heating, possession October 1st. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple Building.

TO RENT — FROM 15TH OCTOBER to 1st May, large furnished house, with modern conveniences, $100, situated on Mackay st., near Sherbrooke st. Apply P. O. Box 928. 223 3eod

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT

No 96 ST. MARK STREET.

Apply to H. JOSEPH & CO. 223 2eod

BUSINESS PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET — CHEAP, LARGE CORNER store, 696 St. Antoine st. west and small dwelling in rear. At once. Furnace. Henry Ward and Co., 260 St. James st. 225 2eod

TO LET — TWO STORES ON ST. Catherine st., Nos. 2524 and 2526, first furnished for a barber and second with fixtures. Apply at room 26, 107 St. James street. 227 6

STORES TO LET, NO. 369 371 ST. James st., good show windows, immediate possession, suitable for manufacturers' agent. W. Walker, 125 St. Francois Xavier st. 227 6

TO LET — FROM 1ST MAY NEXT, shop, situated in the best part of St. Catherine st. west, between McGill College ave. and Mansfield st. Apply at 324 Prince Arthur st. 209 8 law

BUSINESS PREMISES WANTED.

Machine Shop.

Wanted—Buildings, containing 5,000 sq. feet floor space, two flats preferred, or equipped shop, with or without power. Address W 4055, Star Office. 226 2

SILVERWARE.

English Hall Marked Tea Sets

Manufactured by Messrs. Chas. Westwood & Sons, Birmingham. Branch, 234 Board of Trade Building. 194 232

FURNISHED FLATS TO LET.

TO LET — 245 BISHOP STREET, handsomely furnished and heated middle flat, 7 rooms, and bathroom, electric light. W. Ernest Bolton, 241 Notre Dame st. west. Phone Main 32. 223 6

To Let,

SHERBROOKE STREET

Handsomely furnished upper flat, 9 rooms, immediate possession. Rent $70 per month. D. W. OGILVIE & CO., 11 St. Sacrament Street.

Tel. Main 3113 223 5

TO RENT — GOOD FURNISHED flat in Westmount, near the Park, seven rooms, hot water heating. Chas. J. Brown, 4237 St. Catherine st. 224 6

TO RENT SUITE OF FIVE ROOMS and bath. Hutchison street, in perfect order. Mrs. Mat. Hughes. Address Mrs. Hughes, Star Office. 226 2

TO RENT HANDSOMELY FURNISHed flat, seven bright rooms, owner would rent to family of desired, unquestionable reference required, open between 1 and 4 p.m., 201 Prince Arthur. 224 2 2aw

FURNISHED FLATS WANTED.

WANTED — SMALL, WELL FURnished flat, desirable locality, possession 1st inst. Full particulars Address Alterable, W 4070, Star Office. 226 2

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED,

MODERN HOUSE

In Westmount or Western Montreal, must be in good order, price not to exceed $6000, possession May, 1906. M 3650, Star office. 224 4

WANTED TO RENT, SELF-CONtained house, 8 or 10 rooms, with hot water furnace and modern improvements. Address M 3699, Star Office. 223 3

WANTED — A HOUSE OR FLAT with not less than four bedrooms, unfurnished or partially furnished. Apply to Mr. Ogilvy, 761 Mountain st. 226 3

WANTED — 8 OR 10 ROOM HOUSE or flat, until May 1st. Address W 4064, Star Office. 226 2

WANTED — SMALL FURNISHED house, country, for winter months. State terms. W 4063, Star Office. 226 2

WANTED — HOUSE, FOUR OF FIVE rooms, unfurnished, for 1st October, full particulars. Address 404 Sanguinet st., Box C. E 4120.

WANTED — TO RENT HOUSE OF 6 to 8 rooms, self-contained or otherwise, immediate possession. Address stating terms, C 4144, Star Office.

WANTED — ON RIVER FRONT, BEtween Lachine and St. Annes, or east of Montreal, a house containing fifteen to twenty rooms with modern conveniences for year's occupation. Address A 4118, Star office. 227 2

WANTED TO RENT — A SMALL house in vicinity of Westmount or Outremont, state terms. Address P 6370, Star Branch office.

WANTED — AT ONCE, HOUSE OF about 8 rooms, with all modern conveniences and in good order, electric lights between Union and Stanley, Sherbrooke and Dorchester, price not to exceed $25. Address P 6443, Star Branch office.

WANTED — TO RENT BETWEEN first and 15th October, six to ten roomed upper tenement or flat, within 10 minutes walk of Philips square, B, 2203, St. Catherine st.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

TO LET — HEATED APARTMENT, No. 22 Drummond. The Seymour, Tupper st., 7 bright rooms, gas and electric fixtures, and gas stove. Possession 1st Oct. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 224 6

TO LET — HEATED FLAT, 86 Greene, 5 rooms and bath, hardwood floors, open plumbing, electrolliers, gas stove, hot water, immediate possession. 379 Greene ave. Phone Mount 1003. 224 2

TO LET — HEATED FLATS, "ROSEberry," 4162 Sherbrooke st., near Greene avenue, hardwood floors, electrolliers, superior finish, 3 and 4 bedrooms, immediate possession. 379 Greene. Phone Mount 1003. 226 6

TO LET — BACHELORS APARTments, comprising of bathroom, bedroom, sitting room and smoke room, all well furnished and lighted by electric light, in the vicinity of the Windsor Hotel. Apply to B 4135, Star Office.

TO LET — APARTMENT SUITES IN the new apartment house, Hutchison st. Rents moderate, including heating, taxes, janitor's attendance, etc. For particulars apply to No. 59 Beaver Hall Hill. 225 6

Bishop's Court Apartments

147 BISHOP STREET.

LUXURIOUSLY FINISHED SUITES OF 5 ROOMS each, with bathroom. Janitor on premises. P. S. Ross & Sons, 142 Notre Dame street West. Phone Main 612. 208 78

Bellevue Apartments.

A FEW VERY DESIRABLE SUITES of one, three and five rooms, with kitchen and bath room and gas stove. Janitor service.

Restaurant a la Carte in Building.

J. STEVENSON BROWN & CO., GUARDIAN BUILDING,

Tel. Main 980. 160 St. James Street. 223 6eod

ROSEBERRY APARTMENTS,

4162 Sherbrooke Street

To Let—Suites of 7 and 8 rooms, heated and water rates paid, artistically decorated, all fittings, immediate occupation, $35 and $40 monthly. P. S. Ross & Sons, 142 Notre Dame street west.

TO LET HANDSOME APARTMENTS THE MAJESTIC

ON HOPE AVENUE.

Built from the Latest American Plans.

Situated off North side of Dorchester street, between Seymour ave. and Sussex ave.

The most complete and up-to-date Apartments in the city.

Ready for occupation about October 1st.

Handsome suites of eight and nine rooms each can now be arranged for, all with direct light. Hardwood floors, etc., including heating, electric light fixtures, hot water the year round, gas range, gas grates, china closets in pantry and dining room, refrigerator, all taxes, including water, individual store rooms in basement, janitor service, etc. For plans and full particulars as to rental, etc., apply to J. Seath Smith, Architect, 147 St. James st., or to

J. F. RIEPERT, 60 St. Peter st.

STABLES TO LET.

TO LET—A STONE STABLE, ROOM for five horses, coach house and hay loft, Dorchester street, near Drummond. Apply R 2899, Star office. 226 2 eod

TO LET—A STABLE TO RENT OR to sell 16 stalls and shed, all newly repaired, good centre for livery and boarding stable. Apply 405 Lagauchetiere street.

TO LET — GOOD STABLE TO LET, central. Apply 21 University st.

RESIDENTIAL FLATS TO LET.

TO LET — 1050a ESPLANADE AVE., Annex, 8 rooms, open plumbing, gas and electric light, nice locality, $19. Apply 300 St. Hypolite st. 222 6

TO LET—AT CORNER OF CHAUSSE and Marie Ann streets, bright modern flats, six rooms, convenient to cars. Particulars Telephone J. A. Metayer, Up 182. 2223 6

TO LET — OXENDEN AVENUE, new, elegant, heated, self contained flats, $40, $45, $50 per month, near Mountain; close to car line and only 20 minutes from Post Office. Apply J. W. Talley, Phoenix Insurance Company, of Hartford, 22 St. John st. 223 6

TO LET — UPPER FLAT, CONTAINing four rooms, in the Boulevard St. Denis, modern conveniences, St. Denis st. cars pass close by, rent $7 per month. L 3549, Star Office. 225 6

TO LET — 723, 723a, 723B MANCE st., nicely finished, 7 and 8 rooms, flats, hot water heating, gas, electricity. Apply P. Bouillier, 1592 St. Urbain street. Telephone Main 2404. 225 4

TO LET — 7-ROOMED FLAT, MODern and bright, near Western square, 352 H. J. Ross, 180 St. James st. 226 2

TO LET — STONE FRONT FLAT, No. 670 Mance street, 7 rooms, hot water furnace, gas and electric, new, first class, immediate possession. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 226 6

TO LET, TWO RESIDENTIAL flats, $14 to $18 per month. Special terms for winter and desirable tenants. Address H. A. Hutchins, Temple Building. 226 6

TO LET — FLATS, 725a, 725b MANCE street, 7 and 8 rooms, nicely finished, hot water heating, gas, electricity, open plumbing, etc. Apply to Dr. J. A. Fortin, 279 Rachel st. Telephone East 3814. 224 2 2aw

TO LET — MAGNIFICENT FLAT, finished in first class style, hot water furnace, electric light, gas, fireplace and mantel, with mirrors, St. Main st., Annex. Address for particulars to Wm. Grass, 1151 St. Lawrence st. Tel. Merchants 1305. 225 2 law

MARRIED COUPLE COULD SECURE part of flat, comprising three large rooms, front parlor bedroom and kitchen. Terms moderate. Vicinity of Glen ave. L 3642, Star Office. 224 3 3aw

TO LET — FLATS, 795 ST. DENIS, 8 rooms, bath, w.c. gas, electricity, furnace, hot and cold water, enamelled woodwork mantel, gas grates, ceiling and walls tinted luxuriously. Address Dr. Alex. Germain, 451 Rachel. Phone East 788.

TO LET—STONE FRONT MIDDLE flat, just finished, a gem, all hardwood gas, electricity, nickeled plumbing, rent $16. 1698 St. Urbain st., "Annex."

TO LET — COMFORTABLE, MIDdle flat 6 rooms and bath, 574 Demontigny st., near DeLorimier avenue, immediate possession. Apply H. Reinhardt, 1 Oxenden ave. Telephone Up. 3029.

TO LET—MODERN FLATS, GROSvenor ave., Westmount, east side, above Sherbrooke, now finishing, decorated to order, hardwood floors, electric fixtures. C. Withycomb, 242 St. James.

TO LET — 6 ROOMED FLAT, WITH bath, modern construction, Lafontaine Ward. Apply 282 Mentana st.

TO LET — NICE, COMFORTABLE flat of six rooms, heated by furnace, in Westmount, rent moderate, possession latter part of October. Apply to P. O. Box 2249, Montreal.

TO LET — FLATS, 1793 ST. URBAIN street, Annex, six rooms and bath, w.c. and gas, vacant, 73 Marianne street, 7 rooms and bath, w.c., gas and hot water furnace, 1st October. Apply No. 260 St. James st., room 16.

TO RENT — FLAT, 7 ROOMS, WELL lighted, new system of heating, No. 100 Sherbrooke st. Apply to Isidore Gougeon, 326 Dorchester st. Tel. Bell Uptown 4301. 227 6

TO RENT—SOMETHING EXCEPtionally fine, built on a 38-foot lot, corner of two beautiful streets, facing Mount Royal Park, light from four sides, window in every room, 9 and 10 rooms, a chance to get the most beautiful and finest location around Montreal, corner of Mount Royal avenue and St. Catherine Boulevard. Call at premises.

TO LET—NO. 132 PARK AVE. UNfurnished, 7 rooms, furnace, gas and electric (fixtures for sale), immediate occupancy. Apply 196 Park ave. Telephone Up 2987.

TO LET—THREE FLATS, 6 ROOMS each, just completed, stone construction, gas and electric light, rental $17 per month, Park avenue, St. Henry. Apply to Mr. O. Lamoureux, Ste. Marguerite st., St. Henry.

TO LET—FLAT, 8 ROOMS, DAISY furnace; rent $22, no children. Address 12a Sussex ave.

FLATS TO LET, 624 CLAREMONT ave., 6 Thornton Park, open plumbing, hot water heating, 7 and 8 rooms, $20. Thomas Liggat, 2474 St. Catherine st. 227 26eod

TO LET — 4 MAGNIFICENT NEW flats on Lachine Road, river side, 7, 8 and 9 rooms, all the latest improvements, mantels, Daisy furnaces, open plumbing, enamelled baths, basins and sinks, set tubs, permanent gas and electric fixtures, ready October 1st. Terminus Wellington at cars. Apply to V. Bougie, 225 Lachine Road, Verdun. 225 7

TO LET — WITH PRIVATE FAMily, unfurnished double drawing rooms, electroliers, gas grate, mantel and small gas stove, rent, including light, heat, gas, use of telephone, trunk room and bath, $30 month, central, references. Address P 6401, Star Branch Office.

FLAT TO LET, UPPER FLAT, SIX rooms, corner Tupper and Chomedy sts., freshly tinted and papered, immediate occupation, rent $22.50. Norman Lusher, 178 St. James st.

TO LET — AT 895 ESPLANADE avenue, flat, seven front, bay windows, modern plumbing, six rooms, bath, w.c., immediate possession. Tel. East 4078. 227 2

TO LET — HEATED FLAT TILL May 1st next, seven rooms, bath and all modern improvements. Rental moderate. Apply on premises, afternoon and evenings. 36C Drummond st., upper flat.

TO LET — FLAT, AT 187 HUTCHIson st, lessee must buy contents, which are all new.

For rent, only a few more left of those beautiful new flats on Simard ave., Fairmount. Also 2 new cottages. Prices from $10 to $20 per month. These houses are all new and modern in every respect. Must be seen to be appreciated. Apply to L. E. JALBERT, 1679 Papineau, in the afternoon, or 397 Laval Ave. evenings. 227 6

RESIDENTIAL FLATS WANTED.

TO LET 891 ST. GEORGE, ST., UPPER, 6 rooms, $15; 895 St. George st., lower, 5 rooms, $18; 49 Waverley st., lower, 6 rooms, furnace, $18; 447a Mance st., middle, furnace, 7 rooms $20. G. W. Badgley, 124 St. Peter st. 225 8

WANTED — FOR IMMEDIATE OCcupation large flat or small house, in good residential section, modern conveniences. State rent and accommodation. Address A 4139, Star Office.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, of 3, no children, between the 1st and 5th of October, a furnished or partially furnished flat of 6 or 7 rooms, between Bleury and Guy streets, north of St. Catherine st. B 4158, Star office.

TO RENT.

TO LET — TO CAREFUL AND RELIable party, upright grand Pratte piano; fine instrument, handsome case, beautiful tone; $5 monthly. Address P 6351, Star Branch office.

TO RENT HOISTING ENGINES, BOILers, etc. J. H. Wood and Son, 101 Bleury st. 227 8 2aw

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — A GOOD PLAIN COOK with best of references. Apply in the afternoon, from 3 to 5, also a general servant. Apply 1280 Dorchester st. 215 26

WANTED — LADIES TO ENGAGE IN profitable business. Write at once to Robinson Corset Co., 376 Clarence street, London, Ont. 212 52

WANTED — OPERATORS, MALE OR female, on men's shirts and ladies' blouses, we pay the best wages. Call No. 10 St. Peter st. 219 27

WANTED — A GOOD POCKETBOOK maker as foreman, also boys and girls to learn and experience. Canada Leather Goods Co., 411 St. James st. 223 5

WANTED — MEN WANTING FREE passage to England and return as cattlemen are advised to apply direct to authorized agents. Enclose 2c stamp for particulars. Canadian Employment Agency, 124 1-2 St. Antoine st. 212 22

INVOICE CLERK

Wanted — Invoice clerk (Underwood typewriter), for the office of a large manufacturing concern. Stenography not essential. Must be a good machine operator, and quick and correct at figures. Good position and prospects for the right party. Protestant preferred. Apply, stating age, experience, etc., to P. O. Box 688, City. 223 5

WANTED — FINISHERS IN CLOAKS and manties wanted at M. Marchand's, 1841 Notre Dame st. 201 26

WANTED — OPERATORS IN ALL DEpartments. Apply at once to John P. Black and Co., 183 Vitre st. 207 26

WANTED — MEN AND WOMEN TO wear our ready-to-wear cravenette to order suits, overcoats, ladies' costumes, skirts, also all kinds of furs. We sell for cash or on easy terms. American Outfitting Co., 245 St. Lawrence st. 205 107

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY A GOOD general servant for dining room flat, must be a good cook, no washing, also a young girl for light housework, latter must sleep at home, references necessary. Apply 44 St. Mark st. 213 26

WANTED — GRADUATE NURSE, CApable of taking charge of operating room, salary $25 per month and transportation. Apply with references to Matron, Galt Hospital, Lethbridge, Alberta. 224 4

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL WITH SOME experience as nurse. Protestant preferred. References required. Apply to 21 Cote des Neiges, first house above Sherbrooke st. 225 3

MONTREAL STAR BRANCH OFFICE

Notice to Residents OF

St. Catherine Street West

WANT ADS

FOR

The Montreal Star

Will be received by

W. H. Chapman

Chemist and Druggist, CORNER OF GUY AND ST. CATHERINE STREETS.

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN AS MESsenger. Apply Secretary's Office, McGill College, 803 Sherbrooke st. 225 4

WANTED — MEN AND BOYS WANTed to earn $5 daily after two months' instruction, positions guaranteed. Coyne Bros. Co., Plumbing Schools, New York, Cincinnati, O. St. Louis, Mo. (Free catalogue). 225 236

WANTED — A RINK KEEPER FOR the St. Lawrence Curling Club Avenue, stating experience, L 3648, Star Office. 225 3

WANTED — A HOUSE TABLEMAID, must have good references. Apply to 200 University st., after six o'clock p.m. 226 2

WANTED — SPECIALTY SALESMAN, conversant with French and English, to sell the retail grocery and drug trade in Montreal and district, must be a hustler, clean cut and well appearing, and have large acquaintance with the trade. Apply with references Saturday, September 23rd, between 2 and 5 to J. Bernhelm, Queens Hotel. 226 2

WANTED — AT 749 MANCE STREET, young girl to take charge of child two years old and to make herself useful in the house, sleep at home. 226 2

WANTED — LADY IN EVERY TOWN, city in Canada, where we are not represented, to take orders for tailor-made to measure costumes, skirts, good commission. Write quickly Dominion Garment Co., Box 209, Guelph, Ont. 226 2

WANTED — A GIRL, ENGLISH PREferred, to take care of two children, references required. Apply at No. 5 Laval avenue. 226 2

WANTED — AT ONCE A GOOD PLAIN cook. Apply 752 Sherbrooke st. 226 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY AT 897 Sherbrooke st., house-tablemaid, must be experienced and have best of city references. Apply after 4 p.m. 226 2

Bookkeeper.

Young man, about 20 years of age, wanted as assistant in bookkeeping department of an insurance office; good prospects for the right man; state age and salary expected. Apply to P.O Box 2407, City. 226 2

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT must be good plain cook, no washing or ironing, references required. Apply at once to 162 Hutchison st. 226 2

WANTED — PARCEL BOY, AGE about 14, strong and willing, good references. Apply to Gilb and Company, 148 St. James st. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT for family of three, in a flat. Apply at 222 Mance st. 226 2

WANTED — A YOUNG WOMAN AS nurse to one child, willing to assist with housework. Apply with reference to 595 Mountain st. 226 2

WANTED — A HOUSEMAID; REFERences required. Apply to 109 Metcalfe street. 226 2

WANTED — A HOUSEMAID, WHERE tablemaid and cook are kept. Apply 140 Metcalfe st. 226 3

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT for small family. Apply with references, 172 Crescent st. 226 2

WANTED — TABLE AND HOUSEMAID. Apply between 12 and 2 p.m. or after 6 p.m. at 295 University st. 226 2

WANTED — A BOOKKEEPER FOR manufacturing office. Apply, stating references and salary required, to Canadian Aluminum Works, Limited, Chambly, Canton, Que. 226 2

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN for general housework, in family of man and wife; must be good cook and laundress; none other need apply. House has every modern convenience and a good home awaits the right one; references required. Wages $5. Mrs. Horace C. Pearce, Hartford, Vermont. 224 2 2aw

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERvant for small family; no washing. Apply 417 Metcalfe avenue, Westmount. 225 2eod

WANTED — BUNCH MAKERS AND rollers. Apply Reliance Cigar Factory, Limited, 7 de Bresoles st. 225 2eod

WANTED — TRIMMERS FOR SILK hats, 1794 St. Catherine st.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—MEN WANTING FREE PASSage and return on cattle steamers to London, Liverpool, Glasgow, Bristol and Manchester, must apply to D. J. Lyons, 123 McGill st., Montreal. Enclose 2c stamp for particulars. 163 78

WANTED — ALL INTELLIGENT, RELIable men seeking pleasant employment, on salary or commission, are advised to write now to G. Marshall and Co., London, Ont. 222 6

WANTED — MECHANICAL ENGINEER and leading draughtsman, experienced in mill and turbine water wheel work. State age and experience. Apply to C 3191, Star Office. 223 6

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, new system; eight weeks completes; wages while learning; tools donated, board provided; steady position guaranteed when through. Write for catalogue. Moler's Barber College, 131 Prince street, New York city. 222 6

WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERAtors, pressers and finishers on men's neckwear, also girls to learn. Apply Tooke Bros. Ltd., 302 St. Elizabeth avenue, St. Henry. 222 6

WANTED — SUIT CASE MAKERS AND bag framers wanted at once. Apply Adams Bros., Harness Mfg. Co., Limited, Toronto. 223 6

WANTED — APPRENTICES TO LEARN the jewellery trade. Apply, with references to Wm. Bramley, Manufacturing Jeweller, 643 Craig st. 224 4

WANTED STENOGRAPHERS SHOULD attend speed classes Monday, Wednesday or Friday evening, $1 monthly. Goltman's Business College, 2462 St. Catherine. Outlines by Principal. Typewriting, book keeping, telegraph, penmanship, arithmetic, proof-reading, etc. 225 4

Wanted by an old established English Wholesale

Dry Goods

House, a representative for Canada. Address, giving full particulars, care R. T. Henriker, Sovereign Bank Building, Montreal. 226 2

WANTED — GIRLS, EXPERIENCED ON Wheeler and Wilson Semistitch and embroidery machines, also girls to learn, highest wages paid, steady employment. Apply Mr. Gaiway, John P. Black and Co., Ltd., 183 Vitre st. 225 3

WANTED — FOR OFFICE OF IMporting and manufacturing concern south as stenographer and typewriter, also for general office work. Apply with full particulars as to present and previous employment to R 3853, Star Office. 225 3

WANTED — MEN AND WOMEN TO learn the barber trade. Write for catalogues to-day. Positions guaranteed when through. Montreal Barber School, 591 Craig st., Montreal. 225 3

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN WITH good address, speaking both languages, who has had experience in men's furnishings. Apply by letter, with references, etc., to Tooke Bros., Limited, 302 St. Elizabeth ave. St. Henri. 225 3

WANTED — TRIMMING CUTTERS, with one or two years' experience on shirts. Apply to Tooke Bros., Limited, 302 St. Elizabeth ave., St. Henri. 225 3

WANTED — TABLEMAID, APPLY 20 MacGregor st. 225 3

WANTED — GOOD COOK, ALSO A tablemaid, references required. 764 Sherbrooke st. 225 3

WANTED — NURSE FOR ONE CHILD, also to do upstairs work, family of two. Apply immediately Box 1000, Brockville, Ont. 225 3

WANTED — A YOUNG LADY, GOOD plain rapid longhand writer; one with some experience; typewriting (Smith Premier) preferred. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary required, etc., to R 3854, Star Office. 224 3

WANTED — LESSONS IN BRIDGE whist. Address R 3855, Star Office. 225 3

WANTED — YOUNG LADY CLERK for retail shoe business, speaking French and English, must have best references. T 3931, Star Office. 226 2

WANTED — CUSTOMS CLERK FOR wholesale liquor establishment. State experience and salary expected, T 3954, Star Office. 226 2

WANTED — BY OCTOBER FIRST, ENgineer and electrician, to take charge of Picton light and Water Station. Wheelock Condensing Engines. Married man preferred. State wages. D. L. Bongard, Secretary Light and Water Commissioners. 226 2

WANTED — BRIGHT CAPABLE BOY for office, messages. Apply Mr. O'Connor, Star Office, St. James st. 226 6

ENAMELLERS

Experienced enamellers wanted. Hemsley Mfg. Co., 255 St. James Street. 226 2

WANTED — COMPOSITORS, EIGHteen week; Union or non-Union. Apply C. H. Pollard, Winnipeg. 223 6

WANTED — BY THE QUEBEC ASSOciation of trained nurses, a trained nurse, salary $30 per month with board, washing and uniforms. For further particulars apply to Mrs. Colin Sewell, 68 Louis st., Quebec. 223 6

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FEMALE fur machine operators for fine work, also first class finishers and apprentices. Good wages paid; steady work year round. Apply Mr. Carter, 5 Recollet st. 223 6

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, 3 in family. Apply 790 Park ave., Annex. 224 4

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant, with references, small family. Good wages. Apply 89 Union ave. 224 4

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant, small family, no washing or ironing. Apply room 614, Temple Building, 185 St. James st. 225 3

WANTED — SOME GOOD LIVE CANvassers on liberal commission, having slight knowledge of machinery. Apply 329 Craig st. west. 225 3

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD general servant, small family, no washing. Apply 136 Durocher st. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT; no washing, will pay good wages. Apply at once with city references to 110 St. Matthew st. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT; no family, must be well recommended; good home for proper person. Apply 382 Roslyn avenue, Westmount, or Telephone Mount 792. 226 2

WANTED — YOUNG GENERAL SERvant; must be a good plain cook; good wages, small family; references required. Apply 20 City Councillors st. 226 2

WANTED—A FOREMAN FOR A SMALL machine shop employing thirty-five men. Must be a hustler, with mechanical and executive ability. Apply to room 5, Imperial Bank Building, Montreal. 225 6eod

WANTED — FOR FIRST OF OCTOBER two smart sewers, can give employment immediately. Featherbone Novelty Mfg. Co., Ltd., room 16, Birks Bldg. 225 2eod

WANTED — EXPERIENCED HANDS for crochet barrel buttons; home work at best prices. Dominion Cord and Tassel Co., 502 St. Paul st.

Bread Driver

Wanted—Bread Driver. Good wages to experienced man. Give references, and state when ready for work. Apply T 3999, Star Office. 226 2

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework, no cooking or washing, flat house. Apply 703 Sherbrooke st.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND Remington typewriter, must be expert at both; good steady position, reply must be in applicant's own handwriting, and state experience and salary wanted. Post Office Box 452.

WANTED — TRAVELLER IN GLASS, china, etc., with good connections, taken as partner. Address T 3953, Star office.

WANTED — A SERVANT AT 55 Upper st. 227 2

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERAtors on underwear, weekly wages, no piece work, steady employment. Apply The Delmel Linen-Mesh System Co., 2202 St. Catherine st. 226 2

WANTED — GOOD PLAIN COOK, ALso housemaid, references required. Apply 79 Shuter st. 226 2

WANTED — YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN who wish to improve their handwriting, should attend our evening classes in penmanship. Individual instruction under Prof. D. Beauchamp, Canada's champion penman. Success guaranteed. Send us your name and we will show you what we can do. Montreal School of Penmanship, 2624 St. Catherine st. 226 2

WANTED — A COOK, ALSO HOUSEtablemaid. 951 Dorchester st. 226 3

Nurse Wanted

A young girl as nurse, and to help with light housework. Must sleep at home. Apply with references to 416 Wood ave., 1st house above Sherbrooke street. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, small family, no children. Apply with references to 309 Sherbrooke st. 226 2

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL TO MAKE herself useful in small flat. Apply at once 619 City Hall ave. 226 2

WANTED — AT ONCE A GENERAL servant, must be good plain cook and have city references. Apply 454 St. Antoine st. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, where help is given, former girls stayed 3 and 5 years. 35 St. Luke st. 226 2

WANTED — YOUNG MAN AS LEDGERkeeper for a wholesale firm. Apply, stating age, experience, etc. W 4052, Star Office. 226 2

WANTED — AT ONCE A GENERAL servant; no washing, one flat, four in the family. Apply 97 Hutchison st. 226 2

WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERAtors on ladies' whitewear, good pay, plenty of work. Apply to Klein Bros. and Co., 39 Bonsecours st. 226 3

WANTED — 200 MEN FOR LUMBER camps at once. Western Ontario, highest wages. Apply Canadian Agency, 332 1-2 St. Antoine st. 226 2

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED UPper housemaid, city references required. Apply at 1129 Sherbrooke st. 226 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY COMPEtent draughtsman, familiar with steam plant designs, when writing state full particulars and salary expected. Apply C. Brandeis, Guardian Building, Montreal. 226 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY AN INdoor man servant. Apply between 6 and 7 p.m. to 42 Union ave. 226 2

WANTED — SMART OFFICE BOY, with experience, good prospects for advancement. Apply by letter to The Montreal Rolling Mills Co. 226 8

Girls Wanted

Wanted—Girls, from 18 to 21 years of age, for our Enamelling Department. Apply before 9 a.m. The Hemsley Mfg. Co., 255 St. James Street. 226 2

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED PERson to take charge of a small flat, and wait on an elderly lady, for month of October. Apply to C. Simpson Garland, 30 St. John st. 226 6

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, must be plain cook. Apply 257 Metcalfe ave., Westmount. 226 2

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAIST and skirt hands. Apply 13a Brunswick st. (continuation of Union ave.); permanent work. 226 3

WANTED — MESSAGE BOY AT ONCE, both languages, two dollars weekly. Call 772 Palace st. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, small house, family of three, must be good plain cook and have good references, good wages. Apply 247 Atwater ave., corner Souvenir. 226 2

WANTED — MACHINISTS. WANTED Apply, stating experience to the Wm. Hamilton Mfg. Co., Peterboro, Ont. 226 6

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, 3 in family. Apply 847 St. George st., Montreal Annex. 226 2

WANTED — A COOK, FAMILY OF 3; housemaid kept. 273 Bishop st. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT; must understand plain cooking, city references, three in family. Apply before 2 or after 5, 447 St. Urbain st., above Milton st. 226 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, no washing or ironing. Apply 93 Mackay st. 226 2

WANTED — AT ONCE FOUR GOOD coopers, to make apple barrels, at Brockville, Ont. J. K. McCargar, St. Lawrence Hall, Brockville. 226 3

WANTED — BOY FOR AN OFFICE who writes a fair hand. Apply B 4165, Star office.

WANTED — FINISHERS ON LADIES' silk waists; none but those who have worked on waists need apply. O. L. Lederer, 423 St. James st.

WANTED — STEAMFITTERS AND plumbers. Address F.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT for family of two. Apply evenings, 15 Lorne Avenue.

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT for small family. Apply 10 Metcalfe street, big yard to play in. Apply after 6 p.m. from 1st to 15th May.

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT and Nurse.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK.

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOM — COMFORTABLE ROOM TO rent furnished or unfurnished, two clothes presses, would suit two ladies, kitchen privileges Apply in the evening 2176a Laval avenue. 226 2

ROOMS IN NICE HOUSE PRIVATE family, cosy fire, shared room and board for two bathgoers, flat Aue light 104 St Hypolite st, near Sherbrooke 226 2

ROOMS — PARLOR, BEDROOM AND double room in rear flat suitable for two gentlemen, private family gentlemen only 853 Palace st 226 3

ROOM — FRONT PARLOR BEDROOM suitable for two gentlemen, also other rooms kept Apply 15 Lagauchetiere st (north of 20 Catherine) 226 2

ROOM — COMFORTABLE SINGLE room, suitable for lady employed during the day, with private English family 494 St Lawrence Main st 226 3

ROOMS — TWO LARGE UNFURNISHED rooms, self-contained, on first floor, suitable for two gentlemen Apply 11 Union ave 226 2

ROOM — LARGE WELL FURNISHED front bedroom, suitable for 2 persons, table if desired for two Laurier ave 27 Hardy

ROOMS TO LET UNFURNISHED Lower flat with privilege of using kitchen 2548 St Martin st 226 2

ROOMS AT 695a SHEERBROOKE st, choice residences, single and double, private family 226 3

ROOM TO LET COMFORTABLY FURnished front room suitable for one or two business gentlemen 104 Hutchison st 226 2

ROOM — PLEASANT FRONT ROOM with board for use of elderly quiet ladies or gentlemen, private family, all modern conveniences, 5 minutes walk from Guy street 226 2

ROOMS (not fully) AND STORE FRONT to rent, central, would suit Hairdresser 2067 Dorchester st, near Wood's Hotel 226 2

ROOM — TO LET NICELY FURNISHED cold water, use of bath 20 St Antoine st

ROOMS — DOUBLE PARLOR AND bedroom, unfurnished, with stoves or kitchen privileges if desired, both private flats, rent moderate, charges 1902a St Urbain st Annex

ROOM LARGE, COMFORTABLY FURnished on bath flat, suitable for married couple 38 Victoria st

ROOMS, A WELL FURNISHED ROOM or suite of three, use of bath, hot water heating, Auer light, private family 2002 St Catherine st

ROOMS, A COUPLE OF NICE ROOMS, hot water and Auer light, two doors from Sherbrooke 201 Mance st

ROOM TO LET, A LITTLE FRONT room, heated by hot water, private family, no children, no other boarders, gentlemen only 59 St Denis

ROOM NICELY FURNISHED, BATH on flat, would suit one or two 13 Evans street, off St Urbain, above Ontario st

ROOMS NICELY FURNISHED PARlor bedroom also parlor suitable for one or two gentlemen, also double room, with separate beds, steam heated, Auer light, telephone, etc 25 Park ave

ROOM—A BACK PARLOR TO LET, with use of bath, mantel bed if required, quiet, on ground floor 95 Union ave

ROOMS TO LET — FURNISHED or Unfurnished 67 Metcalfe st

ROOM A COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room on bathroom flat, private family, no children Apply 241 Cornwall street

ROOM — FURNISHED ROOM, FRONT parlor, in private family, all conveniences, gentleman preferred Apply 24 Mullin st References.

ROOMS LARGE DOUBLE ROOM ON bathroom flat, well furnished, suitable for two gentlemen Apply 155 Mansfield st

ROOMS TO LET, A LARGE FRONT room, furnished, for a couple Apply 10 Notre Dame de Lourdes st

ROOMS — FURNISHED, ALSO TWO unfurnished rooms, breakfast and tea if desired, refined parties, small, strictly private family 30 Fort st.

ROOM—ONE LARGE WELL-FURnished room, gas, clothes press, hot water heating, on bathroom floor, 1207 St Catherine st, near Greene ave

ROOM—NICELY FURNISHED, SUITable for two gentlemen, Auer light, quiet house Apply 836 Sherbrooke, between Park ave and Mance st.

ROOM—A WELL FURNISHED ROOM, with all modern conveniences, gentlemen only, no students 952 Sherbrooke st, near Park ave

ROOMS TO LET—A LARGE DOUBLE room also single room, with partial board, private family 100 Cathedral st

ROOMS— FOUR UNFURNISHED ROOMS to let 4296 Western ave 227 3

ROOM — WELL FURNISHED DOUBLE parlor bedroom on bath flat, also single rooms, gas, bath, etc, 723a Sherbrooke st 225 3eod

ROOM — LOVELY FRONT PARLOR, suitable for a large bedroom, unfurnished if desired, fine locality, facing Viger square 32 St Denis st 225 2eod

WANTED — POSITION AS GUIDE TO party of hunters or explorers, thorough knowledge of territory east of St. Philip Apply John Denis, Rimouski. 205 12eod

ROOMS — FRONT BED-SITTING ROOM, for gentlemen, well heated, bath flat, hot water, private family, telephone breakfast optional 71 Hutchison st. 223 3eod

ROOMS — TO LET, FURNISHED, ON bathroom flat, with large clothes closets, Auer lights, hot water heating, use of telephone, 251 Bleury st close to Sherbrooke st., for gentlemen only 222 3eod

ROOM — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED single room, suitable for lady or gentleman employed during day, private English family, rent moderate 76 Milton st 223 3eod

ROOMS — TWO BRIGHT FURNISHED rooms in private family, every convenience, gentlemen only 176 Mance st 223 4 4aw

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED ROOM to rent at 35 Mackay st gentlemen preferred 223 3eod

ROOM — TO LET FURNISHED FRONT double room, first floor, private family, terms moderate 432 West Notre Dame st., near Inspector 223 3 3aw

ROOMS — WHERE TO STAY WHILE IN Montreal; well furnished, large, bright rooms; excellent board, situation central, convenient to theatres, churches, cars and railways, terms reasonable, 78 Victoria st. 207 8eod

ROOMS—ENGLISH PARTY WANTING room without meals in private French family, no children, can have same at 285 St Hubert st. 221 2 1aw

ROOMS TO LET, FURNISHED, double parlor, Auer light, furnace, bath flat, suitable for a couple or two friends 158 Selby ave, near Greene, board optional

ROOM, LARGE FRONT PARLOR, furnished or unfurnished with house keeping privileges, also another room off hall 19 Argyle ave, off Aqueduct, city

ROOMS, CRESCENT STREET, DOUBLE room sitting room adjoining on 1st floor, also double and single on bath flat, Tel. Uptown 1417.

ROOMS — UNFURNISHED ROOM, front parlor Apply 134 Kinkora ave.

ROOMS NICELY FURNISHED SINGLE & and double rooms 2494 St Catherine st 227 1

ROOMS — DOUBLE ROOM WITH la also modern improvements, on bath; one floor, for one or two gentlemen 506 Laval ave., facing St. Louis sq.

ROOM — TO LET IN FRENCH CANadian private family (Parisian speaking), or Dorchester, corner Bagot, heated by hot water and lighted by electricity breakfast if desired Address A. B. C., P. O. Box 2353, Montreal.

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOM — TO LET FURNISHED FRONT room bathroom flat wardrobe, hot water telephone private family, gentlemen only 495 St Denis st

ROOM — TO LET COMFORTABLY furnished room, use of bath, hot water heating, gas, also meals if desired 647 Cadieux st

ROOM — TO LET LARGE ROOM, NICE ly furnished 10 McGill College ave

ROOM — ON FIRST FLOOR FURNISH ed or unfurnished, used if desired for gentlemen's dressing room, near McGill College

ROOMS — COUPLE HANDSOMELY FURnished or single, use of bath with all conveniences 1224 Dorion st

ROOMS — TO LET, TWO FURNISHED rooms in bachelor flat D 4200 Star Office

ROOMS — TWO NICE UNFURNISHED rooms, use of bath on flat, 2 Coleman st (north of 20 Catherine)

ROOM — COMFORTABLE SINGLE room, suitable for lady employed during the day, with private English family 494 St Lawrence Main st 226 3

ROOMS — TWO LARGE UNFURNISHED rooms, self-contained, on first floor, suitable for two gentlemen Apply 11 Union ave 226 2

ROOM — LARGE WELL FURNISHED front bedroom, suitable for 2 persons, table if desired for two Laurier ave 27 Hardy

ROOMS — TO LET UNFURNISHED Lower flat with privilege of using kitchen 2548 St Martin st 226 2

ROOMS — AT 695a SHEERBROOKE st, choice residences, single and double, private family 226 3

ROOM — TO LET COMFORTABLY FURnished front room suitable for one or two business gentlemen 104 Hutchison st 226 2

ROOM — PLEASANT FRONT ROOM with board for use of elderly quiet ladies or gentlemen, private family, all conveniences, 5 minutes walk from Guy street 226 2

ROOMS (not fully) AND STORE FRONT to rent, central, would suit Hairdresser 2067 Dorchester st, near Wood's Hotel 226 2

ROOM — TO LET NICELY FURNISHED cold water, use of bath 20 St Antoine st

ROOMS — DOUBLE PARLOR AND bedroom, unfurnished, with stoves or kitchen privileges if desired, both private flats, rent moderate, charges 1902a St Urbain st Annex

ROOM LARGE, COMFORTABLY FURnished on bath flat, suitable for married couple 38 Victoria st

ROOMS, A WELL FURNISHED ROOM or suite of three, use of bath, hot water heating, Auer light, private family 2002 St Catherine st

ROOMS, A COUPLE OF NICE ROOMS, hot water and Auer light, two doors from Sherbrooke 201 Mance st

ROOM TO LET, A LITTLE FRONT room, heated by hot water, private family, no children, no other boarders, gentlemen only 59 St Denis

ROOM NICELY FURNISHED, BATH on flat, would suit one or two 13 Evans street, off St Urbain, above Ontario st

ROOMS NICELY FURNISHED PARlor bedroom also parlor suitable for one or two gentlemen, also double room, with separate beds, steam heated, Auer light, telephone, etc 25 Park ave

ROOM—A BACK PARLOR TO LET, with use of bath, mantel bed if required, quiet, on ground floor 95 Union ave

ROOMS TO LET — FURNISHED or Unfurnished 67 Metcalfe st

ROOM A COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room on bathroom flat, private family, no children Apply 241 Cornwall street

ROOM — FURNISHED ROOM, FRONT parlor, in private family, all conveniences, gentleman preferred Apply 24 Mullin st References.

ROOMS LARGE DOUBLE ROOM ON bathroom flat, well furnished, suitable for two gentlemen Apply 155 Mansfield st

ROOMS TO LET, A LARGE FRONT room, furnished, for a couple Apply 10 Notre Dame de Lourdes st

ROOMS — FURNISHED, ALSO TWO unfurnished rooms, breakfast and tea if desired, refined parties, small, strictly private family 30 Fort st.

ROOM—ONE LARGE WELL-FURnished room, gas, clothes press, hot water heating, on bathroom floor, 1207 St Catherine st, near Greene ave

ROOM—NICELY FURNISHED, SUITable for two gentlemen, Auer light, quiet house Apply 836 Sherbrooke, between Park ave and Mance st.

ROOM—A WELL FURNISHED ROOM, with all modern conveniences, gentlemen only, no students 952 Sherbrooke st, near Park ave

ROOMS TO LET—A LARGE DOUBLE room also single room, with partial board, private family 100 Cathedral st

ROOMS— FOUR UNFURNISHED ROOMS to let 4296 Western ave 227 3

ROOM — WELL FURNISHED DOUBLE parlor bedroom on bath flat, also single rooms, gas, bath, etc, 723a Sherbrooke st 225 2eod

ROOM — LOVELY FRONT PARLOR, suitable for a large bedroom, unfurnished if desired, fine locality, facing Viger square 32 St Denis st 225 2eod

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ROOMS TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS — FIRST CLASS CLEAN AND airy room, for gentlemen only, no students, shower bath 74 University st 222 6

ROOMS — EXCEPTIONALLY PLEAsant rooms, 154 Mance st, 3 doors above Sherbrooke st Telephone 225 5

ROOMS SINGLE AND DOUBLE TO let, clean, bright, newly furnished, bathroom, flat, electric light, all conveniences, Forty-six Alder on street

ROOMS — LARGE WELL FURNISHED cool front flat, for gentlemen, breakfast if desired, bath, hot and cold water, telephone 4 St Famille st 225 3

ROOMS — TWO LARGE ROOMS — TO rent, suitable for one or two gentlemen, newly furnished, all conveniences, Auer light 105 Church st, near Sherbrooke 225 3

ROOM — WELL FURNISHED FRONT room, suitable for one or two gentlemen, in private family, gentlemen only, telephone 40 Mackay st 225 3

ROOM — LARGE DOUBLE ROOM NEWly furnished, clothes press, steam heated, Auer light, bath flat, suit two gentlemen, also single room 40a St Matthew st 225 3

ROOMS — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, gas, Auer light, and hot water heating, quiet house, gentlemen preferred 41 Mackay st 225 3

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED AND neatly done over, all conveniences, parlor bedroom, open fire if desired, bath, meals accommodated 8 Victoria st 225 3

ROOM — TO LET, FURNISHED, FURnace heat, suitable for one or two gentlemen, small family 49a St Antoine street 225 3

ROOM — TO LET, NICE, LARGE double room, with board, with hot and cold water bath flat, terms reasonable Old country family Apply 11 St George st 226 2

ROOMS — NICELY FURNISHED BEDsitting room Auer light, telephone, use of bath, 106 St Urbain st 225 2 2aw

WANTED — BY THREE LADIES ONE or two furnished rooms, light housekeeping, Must be within tram. Particulars to A 4064, Star Office

ROOM COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, suitable for one or two gentlemen, with every convenience 14 Belmont st

ROOMS — TO RENT STATE the requirements to Mrs. Box 5, Montreal

ROOMS — TO LET TWO ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished 22 St Urbain st, near Sherbrooke st, terms moderate

ROOMS — TWO NICE ROOMS WITH Auer light, furnished or unfurnished Persian family 144 Bleury st corner Ontario and Dorion

ROOM — FURNISHED ROOM TO LET with bath on flat, hot and cold water 2 Anderson st

ROOM — BEDROOM BATHROOM FLAT private family, University st, near Sherbrooke, gentlemen, must need address N 6295, Star Branch Office 227 2

ROOMS NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS by day, with breakfast optional, every convenience, central locality, gentlemen preferred 38 Anderson st

ROOMS — TWO BEDROOMS FURNISHED on bathroom flat, every convenience, good home for widow, lady, or widower, 18 St Dominique st

ROOMS — PLEASANT COMFORTABLE rooms, dinner and single, gentlemen, private family Apply janitor, the Salisbury Flats, 270a St Antoine st

ROOM — TO LET, LARGE, FURNISHed, and steam heat 86 Crescent st

ROOM — TO LET, UNFURNISHED large room, stove connected for cooking, bath, wardrobes Parisian family 1539a Ontario (corner Sanguinet) Come at noon

ROOMS — FURNISHED WITH USE OF kitchen, 8 and 10 dollars month 8 Brunswick st. 227 3eod

ROOMS, PRIVATE FAMILY, CENtral locality, furnished or unfurnished, nurse preferred F 4152, Star Office

ROOM — TO LET A DOUBLE AND a single room, bath flat with modern conveniences, telephone private family Apply 122 St Denis st.

ROOM — NICE FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for two ladies, 5 Balmoral st, 1 door from St Catherine st

ROOMS — TO LET SINGLE AND double, well furnished rooms, in bathroom flat, hot water heating, Auer light, private family, 26 Mackay st

ROOMS — FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, hot and cold water 76 Cathcart st.

ROOM — SMALL FURNISHED FRONT room in a private family, $3 a week, use of the kitchen 309 St. Antoine st.

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED — TWO COMMUNICATING rooms for family of two, on bathroom flat, breakfast required West of Union ave, and north of St Catherine preferred Apply P 3600, Star Office 225 3

WANTED — ROOM BY BACHELOR, with full privileges, Answer T 3950, Star office. 226 2

WANTED — TWO OR THREE WELL furnished rooms for light housekeeping, desirable locality, give full particulars, Address Americana, W 4058, Star Office 226 2

WANTED—ONE OR TWO FURNISHed or unfurnished on or near St Catherine, between Mackay and Western square, for a lady, terms must be reasonable Address P 6381, Star Branch office

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple of refined habits, two rooms with board, will pay liberally for suitable quarters E 4302, Star office.

WANTED—BY A REFINED MARRIED couple 2 or 3 rooms in nice locality, with privileges of light housekeeping Apply E 4303, Star office

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD WITH English speaking family, for a married couple, close to Place Viger Apply A 4115, Star Office

WANTED — BY LADY SINGLE ROOM, central, must be moderate. Apply A 4110, Star Office

WANTED — A MUSIC TEACHER DEsires a furnished room, with the use of the parlor or an unfurnished one or partly furnished, to be used as a studio, mention price in writing to P 6403, Star Branch Office.

WANTED BY MARRIED COUPLE, no children, furnished room, with use of kitchen and telephone, English family, modern, rent permanency, references exchanged State rent and full particulars P 4383, Star Office

WANTED — BY LADY AND DAUGHter one large unfurnished room for two small ones, private family, between Union avenue and Fort Address P 6350, Star Branch Office.

WANTED — GENTLEMAN WISHES furnished room or two small rooms, between St Hubert and Park ave would prefer room with electric light and running water, permanent if suited, references if desired Address B 4154, Star Office

WANTED — BRIGHT FRONT ROOM for lady, use of kitchen Address, stating terms, 193 Versailles st.

WANTED BY YOUNG MARRIED couple two or three unfurnished rooms, small heated flat, one room to be used as kitchen for light housekeeping, central, rent moderate Address D 4262, Star Office 227 2

WANTED — TWO GENTLEMEN DEsire suite of two or three well furnished rooms, must be first class and modern and in good locality, no attention will be paid to replies which do not state location of rooms, rental and how lighted and heated A 4123, Star Office.

ROOMS TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS — FIRST CLASS CLEAN AND airy room, for gentlemen only, no students, shower bath 74 University st 222 6

ROOMS — EXCEPTIONALLY PLEAsant rooms, 154 Mance st, 3 doors above Sherbrooke st Telephone 225 5

ROOMS SINGLE AND DOUBLE TO let, clean, bright, newly furnished, bathroom, flat, electric light, all conveniences, Forty-six Alder on street

ROOMS — LARGE WELL FURNISHED cool front flat, for gentlemen, breakfast if desired, bath, hot and cold water, telephone 4 St Famille st 225 3

ROOMS — TWO LARGE ROOMS — TO rent, suitable for one or two gentlemen, newly furnished, all conveniences, Auer light 105 Church st, near Sherbrooke 225 3

ROOM — WELL FURNISHED BRIGHT warm room, in private family, gentlemen only, telephone 40 Mackay st 225 3

ROOM — LARGE DOUBLE ROOM NEWly furnished, clothes press, steam heated, Auer light, bath flat, suit two gentlemen, also single room 40a St Matthew st 225 3

ROOMS — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, gas, Auer light, and hot water heating, quiet house, gentlemen preferred 41 Mackay st 225 3

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ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOMS — TO LET NICELY FURNISHed rooms, with board, at 94 Union ave 213 12

ROOMS AND BOARD A LADY would give first room and board to widow or aged person who could dispose of a certain capital By letter, C 3153, Star Office 222 6

ROOMS — LARGE DOUBLE AND SINgle rooms with first class English board, table guests accommodated 50 University st

BOARD — SUPERIOR BOARD, RESidence, with strictly private English family, situated University, above Sherbrooke st. Particulars Phone Up 4150. 222 6

ROOMS — LARGE DOUBLE AND SINgle rooms for married couples, or on suite for families, relatively, with board, first class cooking 24 McGill College ave. 223 6

ROOMS AND BOARD, LARGE DOUBLE room on bathroom flat, also table board 33 Union ave 223 5

ROOMS — A LADY WILL RENT HANDsomely furnished rooms, with or without board, in a well Kept flat, with electric light, telephone, desirable comfort, bachelors or others, 787 St Denis st Telephone East 3914 224 6

ROOMS — EXTRA LARGE DOUBLE parlours, running water, rooms double and single, furnished or not, we take tourists, Tel East 3414, 994 St Denis. 224 6

ROOMS — LARGE, BRIGHT, COSY front rooms, well furnished, Auer light, hot and cold water, telephone, first class board suitable for married couple or gentlemen, two single rooms, Apply 21 University st 224 6

ROOMS — AND BOARD LARGE FRONT double room 84 Hutchison st, with board, terms moderate, suit two gentlemen or married couple, private and home-like. 225 3

ROOM — AND BOARD FOR RESPECTable young man or two companions, use of parlor, English family, home comforts 5 Richmond sq. 225 2

BOARD — GOOD CHANCE FOR BOARDers at Walsh's, 173 St Lawrence, $3.50 and $4 per week, double and single rooms, central locality. 225 6

ROOMS — DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms, nicely furnished, partial board, Auer light, choice central location, quiet, 59 Mance st. 225 3

BOARD — TWO NICELY FURNISHED double rooms, also back parlor, suitable for gentlemen, excellent table, with home comforts, terms reasonable, 862 Palace st 225 3

ROOM — LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH board, suitable for two gentlemen or married couple, good locality and central, 27 Hanover st 226 2

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED, ON bathroom floor, with first class board, modern conveniences Tel Terms moderate 424 Dorchester st. 226 2

ROOM — COMFORTABLE DOUBLE room in private house, redecorated throughout, all modern appointments, in first class locality, well furnished, suitable for couple or professional man, first class board if desired, terms reasonable Address Advertiser, P. O Box 1107, City. 226 2

BOARD — AND ROOMS, NICELY FURnished, porcelain baths, hot water, electric light, early breakfast, six o'clock dinner, also table board 814 Palace st. 226 5

ROOMS — AND BOARD ALSO TABLE board only Mrs Bisaillon, 124 Berri st. 226 3

BOARD AND ROOMS—ONE OR TWO gentlemen willing to pay a fair price for well-furnished rooms, with electric light and telephone in a private family, near McGill College Address P 6414, Star Branch office

ROOMS— COMBINATION BED-SITTING room, also small room, good board, Auer light and telephone 135 Baile st.

ROOMS — LARGE DOUBLE AND SINgle rooms on bath flat, also first class table board, most central Mrs Bradshaw, 21 Cathcart st. 227 4eod

ROOMS AND BOARD COMFORTABLY for furnished rooms, with board if desired, in small, quiet family, central, moderate terms Apply 131 Lusignan.

ROOMS — AND BOARD A FASHIONable boarding house at 319 Sherbrooke st, is now open to receive guests, elegantly furnished rooms, first class board, all modern conveniences, an opportunity for those desiring a superior and refined home for the winter, no children taken. Table board also given.

ROOMS GOOD BOARD AND EXTRA warm rooms for aged persons, for fall and winter, $15 month Home comforts Address N 8267, Star Branch Office.

ROOMS AND BOARD MRS. DOCTOR Poulin has rooms and board before and during confinement, strictly private, terms moderate 151 Montcalm st.

BOARD — IN WESTMOUNT, LARGE room, with board, also table board for limited number of gentlemen 369 Clarke ave., Westmount 227 4

SUMMER BOARD.

BOARD— WANTED BOARDERS APPLY Mrs Wm. Shaw, Shawbridge, Que. 219 10

BOARD — FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODAtion at Hotel Belmont, Ste. Agathe des Monts, best of boating and fishing; use of boats on lake free. 209 30

A Story in Classified Want Ads.

CHAPTER 2.



The Classified Nurse Girl.

The "CLASSIFIED BABY," we'll call him for short,
Was, of course, without equal in his deport,
But the care of a child and housework as well
Proves no easy task, as mothers will tell.

The wife of the household was not an exception,
To working at all hours she raised an objection.
Said she to her husband, "We'd better employ
A tidy young nurse girl to care for the boy."

In the Montreal Star he then put an ad
"A nurse girl is wanted for a well-behaved lad."
A girl soon was hired—Star ads never fail
To bring the best help, male or female.

BOARD.

BOARD — FIRST CLASS TABLE board, quick service, $12 month, $3 week, 21 tickets $5, meals Use phone Queen's House, 92 Metcalfe st 222 6

BOARD — MRS. DOCTOR SEARL, strictly private accommodation for ladies with professional attendance, ladies treated and attended 169 St. George st. 223 5

BOARD FIRST CLASS TABLE BOARD Terms low Address 109 Park avenue. 223 3

BOARD FIRST CLASS TABLE BOARD at 14 Dorchester st

BOARD VACANCY FOR TABLE boarders, terms moderate 69 Brebeuf, set 1st floor door off Union ave

BOARD — MRS. BRASEAU, SICK nurse, has accommodation for ladies before and during confinement, best medical attendance 15 Anne st, St. Henri 204 13eod

BOARD A HOUSE, GOOD VIEW OF Island lake, good board, free boat, good fishing, Francis Chartier, Lake Charlebois, St Marguerite. 215 10eod

ROOMS AND BOARD.

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78 Union Ave.

Specially arranged rooms on ground floor for consulting doctor, one furnished as study or office, the other furnished as patients' waiting-room. Everything perfectly new, clean and bright. Other rooms to suit lodgers. Apply at above address 225 3

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — BY TWO YOUNG GENtlemen first class board and lodging Address N 6250, Star Branch Office 226 2

WANTED — BY YOUNG ENGLISH business gentleman room with board in neighbourhood of Greene avenue, with private family preferred Apply, stating terms, etc., B 3565, Star Office 226 2

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD IN A private family by a young gentleman of quiet habits, above St Catherine and west of Bleury, permanent if suited T 3977, Star Office 226 2

WANTED — BY YOUNG GENTLEMAN nicely furnished room, with or without board, home-like comfort, centre of the city, private family preferred, T 3986 Star Office 226 2

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD, OR room in private family, by young gentleman, state terms, Address C A 2601 St Catherine st 225 2eod

WANTED—COMFORTABLE DOUBLE room and board wanted by married couple in refined neighborhood, in vicinity of mountain, west side preferred Address P 6400, Star Branch office.

WANTED—SINGLE ROOM, WITH OR without board, in private house, centrally located. E 4400, Star office.

WANTED — A LADY WISHES ROOM and board in a good west end locality. Address M 6153, Star Branch Office 225 3eod

WANTED — A YOUNG BUSINESS couple want to board in private family, central, nice place, will pay $40. B 4124, Star office

WANTED — MARRIED COUPLE WANT room and board, central location B 4122, Star Office.

WANTED — A YOUNG LADY REQUIRes room and board in a private family, where no other boarders are kept. Address O 6241, Star Branch Office.

WANTED — WARM FRONT BEDROOM, with board, for lady, no trouble given, St Catherine st preferred Address Mrs. Brown, 87 Union ave. 227 2

LONDON, ENGLAND, BOARD.

LONDON HIGH CLASS BOARDING ESTablishment, very central; recommended at the Canadian Office, London. Re-decorated and re-furnished throughout. Electric light and bells in every room, separate tables, excellent cuisine Inclusive terms from $7.50 a week, or $1.25 a day. St Kilda, 17 and 18 Torrington Square, Russell Square, W.C., near British Museum. 215 5 1aw

MISCELLANEOUS.

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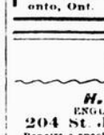
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When Mr. Pierpont Morgan Says Stocks Will Go Up, They Go Down

But He is Not Saying Anything Now, So They May Go Up—The Gates Crowd is on the Bull Side as Usual.

From the Montreal Star's Special Correspondent in Wall Street.

New York, September 23 J Pierpont Morgan is bullish Usually when such is the case the stock market declines For years there has been no exception to the rule that when Mr Morgan is on a bullish interview, the market immediately takes a big drop In the present instance Mr Morgan has not put forth an interview, and hence the announcement of his bullishness on the part of the Steel corporation has had the effect of causing the market to go ahead with a rush. Mr Morgan is now said to be silent. As a matter of fact the group in the Steel corporation is the market may keep new lows. The corporation are making money and are having large earnings and have ample opportunities. The future movements are of less importance to Wall Street than what the Morgan interests may do. It is now up to the Morgan people to "get behind the market." The bears will be in control of the market. Some of the wise ones, however, believe that the market will be a waiting one, awaiting something more definite developments. Such a period is rather dull. The market is a waiting one, awaiting something more definite developments. Such a period is rather dull. The market is a waiting one, awaiting something more definite developments. Such a period is rather dull.

Public Is Optimistic

A view of the situation which may be of interest is that the public is in a most frame of mind toward the market at the present time. It is looking for higher prices and is willing to buy on the part of the public. The public is in a most frame of mind toward the market at the present time. It is looking for higher prices and is willing to buy on the part of the public.

The Gold Imports.

Probably the most significant happening of the week was the announcement that a syndicate had engaged $1,000,000 gold for import, which is to be followed by the gold received by other engagements, nevertheless, suggest that the movement from which it is to be drawn in the event of any material further demand for gold. In the first quarter of the year the imports had been large, being the result of the big financial interests, the heavy drawings of currency from the interior reserves with its consequent withdrawal upon the stock market and the view held by them with regard to the future of their large stock holdings.

Bank of England Rate.

Despite the fact that the Bank of England has effected its object and the open-market operation of preventing a further depletion of its gold holdings, to the extent of $15,000,000 less than a year ago, this statistic should be due to pick up much of the incoming South African gold. The Bank of England is now in a position to take care of the gold that is coming to it. The Bank of England is now in a position to take care of the gold that is coming to it. The Bank of England is now in a position to take care of the gold that is coming to it.

Shifting of Loans

Indications of large gold exports, pointed to the transference of stock markets abroad, have nothing of the sort. The movement of foreign money to the market A reduction of $7,000,000 in one of the Associated Banks the past two weeks shows that the banks are being relieved of their commitments and the money is coming back to the banks. The movement of money to the banks is a good sign. The movement of money to the banks is a good sign. The movement of money to the banks is a good sign.

Rumor About Cassatt.

While formal outbreak men do not credit the report that President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, is to retire. They point out that he has entered upon one of the boldest and at the same time most effective policies ever carried out in the railroad world. A prominent railroad official says that the whole question with Pennsylvania is how can the increase in traffic be handled. The enormous sums of money raised and spent, he says, still leave the company without sufficient facilities to handle its business with the best results. President Cassatt is only 68 years old, and therefore, cannot be compulsorily retired through the annual meeting under the company's age limit rule which disqualifies employes more than 70 years old. The report that President Cassatt would retire for this or some other reason has frequently been in circulation, and has as frequently been denied. The Gould-Ramsay imbroglio has not excited, and cannot excite, any interest in Wall Street. The speculation in the so-called trivial stocks is very small and will probably remain so for obvious reasons.

Estimated Gold Imports

It is estimated that $6,000,000 gold will come here from Europe within the next few weeks. Most will represent $750,000 of bank credit. There will be no Russian loan while money is the object desired for crop moving purposes. But it is rumored that New York bankers will arrange to float $10,000,000 of the Russian loan to establish that amount of the money to left here and draw. Most of the actual proceed by the time the loan is announced. The rates will be no drawing it here, while Mr Morgan is now said to be silent. As a matter of fact the group in the Steel corporation is the market may keep new lows. The corporation are making money and are having large earnings and have ample opportunities. The future movements are of less importance to Wall Street than what the Morgan interests may do. It is now up to the Morgan people to "get behind the market." The bears will be in control of the market. Some of the wise ones, however, believe that the market will be a waiting one, awaiting something more definite developments. Such a period is rather dull. The market is a waiting one, awaiting something more definite developments. Such a period is rather dull. The market is a waiting one, awaiting something more definite developments. Such a period is rather dull.

The Insurance Exposures.

When Rockefeller Sold.

Rich Men's Sons.

TRADE THROUGHOUT CANADA.

General Tendency of Prices of Staples Still Upwards.

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say: Trade here in fall and winter goods continues to increase in volume and activity. Jobbers throughout the province have been selling forward good orders and now from the West continue large. The dry goods trade is exceeding last year's shipments are large, being locally in excess of those of this time a year ago. The hardware houses report a good demand for all lines of seasonable goods, and sales generally hold firm. The demand for metals continues active. Pig iron shows a firmer tone. Orders are coming well. Sugars have had their ups and downs during the week, but on the whole are generally steady. Canned goods shows little change. Provisions are in moderate request, with prices unchanged from some points they are still a shade easier. Quotations for No. 1 stock continue to be quoted at 90c to 92c. Trade in Eastern hooks and woollens is active, and it is reported that the output of the mills is sold ahead. Leather is firm, and a large business is being done. Hides are steady. Trade in the West is reported to be quiet, but collections are good. The trade in the West is reported to be quiet, but collections are good. The trade in the West is reported to be quiet, but collections are good.

Quebec—Wholesalers report trade fairly satisfactory and compares favorably with last year. Collections show a slight improvement. The rain, which was badly needed, has been a great benefit to the country. Local industries continue active. There is no change in the situation.

Winnipeg—Wholesale trade continues active, there being a good demand evident in all departments. Retail trade has been a little quiet during the past week, so especially in the country, and collections have been correspondingly slow, but the farmers are still busy, and retailers are optimistic and look forward to a big trade opening up shortly. Fall dry goods are moving briskly, and a heavy demand is noted for all lines of hardware. The crop is grading out No. 1 hard and No. 1 and 2 northern, with little of the latter.

Victoria and Vancouver—Trade continues very much active. From all along the coast come good orders for wholesale lines and with money plentiful collections are good. The building trade is especially brisk. Mining and lumbering interests report continued activity and the fishing outlook is generally encouraging. There is talk of the erection of a flour mill at Vancouver for the grinding of wheat from Alberta, which will be transshipped here on its way east.

Hamilton—The volume of wholesale and retail business continues to increase. Country trade is reported active and collections show some improvement. The local demand for wholesale lines is active. All lines of manufacture are busy and the general outlook for trade is bright.

London—Trade conditions continue satisfactory and the volume of wholesale and retail trade continues to compare very favorably with previous years. Country produce is coming forward fairly well although the market for butter and cheese is easier. Collections are fairly good following a more active country trade.

Ottawa—There is little change in business conditions. There is a good movement of wholesale stocks and trade has assumed the active air confidently expected for some time. Local industries are busily engaged.

CATTLE EMBARGO QUESTION.

English Paper Protests Against Attitude of Home Government.

Regarding the much agitated subject of the cattle embargo the Liverpool Journal of Commerce, scoring the home authorities, says in part:

"It must be exceedingly worrying to the Board of Agriculture that the Canadian Government and people persist in their contention that the reports of the veterinary inspectors on the importation of live cattle into this country instead of humbly accepting the fact that on account of the present embargo be taken off. The board professes to be able to prove to a demonstration that no obstacle is offered by the present regulations to the promotion of the trade in cattle between Great Britain and Canada, figures being quoted with a view of showing that in spite of the restrictions an enormous traffic is at present being conducted. After such a complete argument as this it is future use of the Canadians ought to be assured though we are afraid that they will continue to persist in their contention that they know better than does the Privy Council Board of Agriculture what steps are likely to help them and what to hurt them. In this view the Canadians have always had the hearty support of the Journal of Commerce and, indeed the contention of the Government in this country that the Canadian cattle trade is improved by the embargo is only to be regarded as stupid.

"A telegram just received from Ottawa gives a brief reply from the Imperial authorities to the protest of the Canadian Government against the cattle embargo. In this reply it is stated that the Agricultural Possessions of British agriculturists, who have suffered in recent years from the increased pressure of colonial and foreign competition, make it more than ever necessary that precautions should be taken against the introduction of disease consistent with the reasonable requirements of Colonial produce and the interests of consumers at home. It would be difficult to find a better number of reasons in the whole of British literature, and we would humbly suggest that the paragraph would have been much improved in clearness, and, might we add, in truthfulness if it had stopped short at the word 'competition.' In the face of the enormous ways to prevent the introduction of disease, surely it is sufficient to urge that as a reason by itself.

"The position of the Canadian Government can be put in a very few words. The embargo was put on Dominion cattle because of the outbreak of several pleuro-pneumonia that existed in Great Britain. To-day there is not a breath of suspicion anywhere that any contagious disease prevails amongst the Canadian cattle, and it is unfair to the Canadians that they should be subjected to restrictions which should be removed. The people of Canada rightly consider that the continuance of the embargo is a positive slur on the good name of the cattle which are reared in the Dominion and, after going to an enormous amount of trouble to extirpate all trace of disease, they strongly protest against being branded with some of the South American States which have simply laughed at our regulations, gone their wicked way and still stand equal to Canada in regard to British restrictions. The worst feature of the business is that it threatens in the future to become a political matter. We protest against this with all our might, for there can be absolutely no connection between a straightforward commercial transaction such as that the crooked silly thing which this country goes by the name of politics."

Firms Registered and Incorporated.

The following companies, etc., have been registered in Quebec Province:

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The following companies, etc., have been incorporated in Ontario: London—Leech & Hunter Seed Co.—Orillia—Tamagami Lumber Co.—Toronto—Canada Lands Improvement Co.—Woodstock—Canadian Loan Co.

When she is in England the feminine Australian despises and rejects Australia. It is not so with the American woman or the Canadian. They are, it is true, possessed of a mania of admiration for all and things and make extravagantly enthusiastic pilgrimages to such shrines as the Lion Street tavern where Dr Johnson is reported to have bent his elbow, to Stratford on Avon or Windsor Castle, but I can't show any part of the American continent and be edified by the fine way in which they bite your head off."—Sydney (Australia) Bulletin.

Komura's Classmates in Maritime Provinces

There is one St. John, N. B., man who is more peculiarly interested in the peace negotiations at Portsmouth, (N.H.) than any other Geo. V. McInerney, K.C., for at Harvard, when he was a student there, Mr. McInerney was a class-mate of Baron Komura, the Japanese plenipotentiary, chief representative of his nation at the Portsmouth meeting.

In the autumn of 1876 Mr. McInerney entered Dane Hall as a first year law student. There he found registered two Japanese students, about twenty-one years of age, destined a quarter of a century after graduation to occupy a foremost place in the politics of the world. He was acquainted with Kaneko and also knew Komura well. They all dwelt near one another on Mt. Auburn street, the young Japs living together. As Mr. McInerney remembers them they were bright fellows and fell in with the civilization; studious, but were more for finding out the ways of the western people than anything else. Kaneko was quite a literary chap and at one time president of our literary club."

This was the Bohemian Club, formed January, 1877, by a number of the law students for literary purposes. Mr. McInerney was secretary and retains possession of the constitution and by-laws, with a record of all the minutes. The club lived but a single term. On the page that proclaims the aims of the club are the following signatures of the charter members:

Henry Elliot Armstrong, London (Eng.), now on the editorial staff of the New York Sun.

Allan Percy Cumming, Paris.

William Gray Maxwell, New York.

Edwin Oscar Wheeler, San Francisco.

Martin A. Ryerson, Chicago.

Nao Tsgu Kaneko, Japan.

Burt Seaman Read, Glenburn (N.S.), uncle and sometime partner of Hon. H. R. Emmerson, and now deceased.

George V. McInerney, Kempton.

L. J. Maddux, Santa Rosa (Cal.)

C. K. Bunstell, San Francisco.

There are all of the class of '79, the law course then extending over only two years. Mr. McInerney left at the end of the year to finish at the Boston Law School. The daps completed their course at Harvard.

These two young men, of noble birth in the land of the Rising Sun, had spent some time at academic studies in England and had crossed to America's leading seat of learning to come in contact with her customs and civilization and study western principles of law.

It was but a few years before that the ban had been removed from a Jap's migrating from his country. These were the first Japanese students to register at Harvard, the only ones of that year, and quite probably the first to enter the American commonwealth for purposes of study.

Kaneko's literary bent was early evidenced by a passage in the minutes of the first meeting, dated January 31, 1877, which reads as follows:

"Mr. Kaneko was then called upon and read his composition entitled 'A Dream.' On a vote being taken for its publication, it was carried by a large majority, the paper chosen being the Evening Transcript."

This was the second "composition" on the programme. Mr. McInerney's criticism that the paper somewhat resembled Addison's Vision of Mirza was not liked by Kaneko.

An interesting item appears in the minutes of the next meeting, February 14. It reads: "The future 30 years hence, embracing the lives and ends of the talented members of this club," was the production of the magic pen of our brother Read," and a little further on, we read, "Mr. Kaneko gave us a description of the changes in one of the villages of his native land."

It is not probable that "our brother Read" could foresee that approximately "30 years hence" his classmate Kaneko would be dictating from his country's capital terms of peace to a nation whose general not long since sallied forth from St. Petersburg with the proud boast that he himself would conduct this little matter at Tokio, nor that his room-mate, the later Baron Komura, at that time, one might safely guess, burning the midnight oil on Mt. Auburn street, would have charge of the delicate end of the negotiations not far distant from the spot where it all was happening.

This same Kaneko is the man who toured America last fall and winter creating pro-Japanese sentiment on this side of the water. He was in St. John and during his trip visited Harvard, Yale and other American colleges where he was feted by the Japanese students.

A COSSACK'S CHILDHOOD.

Powerful light is thrown on Cossack nature by the revelations made by the Russian whom Ernest Poole quotes in his article, "Peasant Cattle," in the October Everybody's.

"What a fine cook Granny was!" relates the Cossack, in describing his childhood, "she made bright yellow cakes big as tats big fur hat. It took a long time to bake the cake in the brick oven. It was so soft and delicate that even if you stamped on the floor and jarred the oven the big cake would fall into a lump of dough and be good only to feed the geese and the peacocks. So old Granny used to hobble up and down in front of the oven waving off all of us who tried to get close for a smell, and even if one of us little brats shouted or swore she would curse us soundly in a whisper for making a jar in the air. If you've ever heard a Cossack swear you will see that Granny was right for a Cossack curse could stop a big locomotive going full speed down a mountain! Ha! Ha! Ha!" He leaned back and grew red with laughing.

"Well! well. And my good, fat mother—what borsch (soup) she used to make in the deep earthen bowl! When she poured it all splattering into the brown earthen basin, two or three feet across, then we brats used to stand around, each with his wooden spoon. We each dipped out a big chunk of meat, always fair play, each had his turn, if one of us took two pieces, how quick lid Granny would beat him in the face with her spoon! And when the meat was all gone then we dipped up the thick, red tomato soup—every spoonful, I can tell you! We young dogs were always hungry!"

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Halifax Ry.	at 108	pays 5 55 p.c.
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THE ST. LAWRENCE AD. CO., 8 St. James street, Montreal.
THE QUEBEC AND LEVIS AD. CO., 30 St. Nicholas street, Quebec.
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Your obedient servant,
ARTHUR B. WARE.

The public subscription of stock positively closes Monday, September 25th, at 3 p.m.

MARCONI WIRELESS
TELEGRAPH CO. OF CANADA, LTD., CAPITAL STOCK $5,000,000
SHARES $5 EACH, FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.
NO BONDS. NO PREFERRED STOCK. NO DEBTS
DIRECTORS: (Hon. E. F. C. HENSHAW (Pres.) GUGLIELMO MARCONI (Vice-Pres.) JOHN D. OFFLEY (Vice-Pres.) H. G. MATTHEWS (Secy.) J. N. GREENSHIELDS and ANDREW A. ALLAN. General Manager, Maj. GEO. W. FISHBACK.
MUNROE & MUNROE, MANAGERS FOR THE MARCONI UNDERWRITERS
Write us for details of this best investment ever offered.
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THE RIGHT TO MANUFACTURE under Canadian Letters Patent No. 85,535, granted to Geo. Hutchison of Scotland, Nov. 25, and for improvements in Making Matches, will be for sale or royalty on reasonable terms. Address A. MARION & MARION, Patent Attorneys, New York Life Building, Montreal. The invention is a valuable one and the patent is for sale.
225 3 2aw

TOWN OF ST. PAUL
COUNTY HOCHELAGA, P.Q.
Bids are asked for, next Monday, the 25th instant, from contractors, for the construction of sewers on 3 streets. Plans, specifications, etc., to be seen at the Town Engineer's office, MR. J. E. VANIER, at No. 5 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal.
R. D. DUNN,
Secretary-Treasurer.
223 3eod

Patent Notice.
THE RIGHT TO MANUFACTURE under Canadian Letters Patent No. 85,535, granted to GEO. HUTCHISON of Motherwell, State of California, U.S.A., for improvements in Fire Extinguishers, will be for sale or royalty on reasonable terms. Address A. MARION & MARION, Patent Attorneys, New York Life Building, Montreal. The invention is a valuable one and the patent is for sale.
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HARTSHORNE, BOGERT and BATTELLE,
Members New York Stock Exchange
Stocks and Bonds
NORMAN BINMORE, Manager.
160 St. James street.
197 207

A Great Wall Street Story . . . .

..The Golden Flood..

By EDWIN LEFEVRE.

[*Published Exclusively in the Montreal Star.*]

The president looked up from the unders' plan of the last "Industrial" consolidation: capital stock, $100,000,000; assets, for publication, $200,000,000—which the syndicate's figures had pronounced perfectly legal. Judiciously advertised the stock probably would be oversubscribed. The profits ought to be enormous. He was one of the underwriters.

"What is it?" he asked. He did not frown, but his voice was as though hung with icicles. The assistant cashier, an imaginative man in the wrong place, shivered.

"This gentleman," he said, giving a card to the president, "wishes to make a deposit of one hundred thousand dollars."

The president looked at the card. He read on it:

MR. GEORGE KITCHELL GRINNELL.

"Who sent him to us?" he asked.

"I don't know, sir. He said he had a letter of introduction to you," answered the assistant cashier, disclaiming all responsibility in the matter.

The president read the card a second time. The name was unfamiliar.

"Grinnell?" he muttered. "Grinnell? Never heard of him." Perhaps he felt it was poor policy to show ignorance on any matter whatever. When he spoke again, it was in a voice overflowing with a dignity that was a subtle rebuke to all assistant cashiers.

"I will see him."

He busied himself once more with the typewritten documents before him, but in its allurring possibilities, until he became conscious of a presence near him. He still waited, purposely, before looking up. He was a very busy man, and all the world must know it. At length he raised his head majestically, and turned—an animated fragment of a glacier—until his eyes rested on the stranger's.

"Good-morning, sir," he said politely.

"Good-morning, Mr. Dawson," said the stranger. He was a young man, conservatively under thirty, of medium height, square of shoulders, clean-shaven, and clear-skinned. He had brown hair and brown eyes. His clothes hinted at careful habits rather than at fashionable tailors. Gold-rimmed spectacles gave him a studious air, which disappeared whenever he spoke. As if at the sound of his own voice, his eyes took on a look of quiet self-confidence which interested the bank president. Mr. Dawson was deeply prejudiced against the look of extreme astuteness, blended with the desire to create a favorable impression, so familiar to him as the president of the richest bank in Wall Street.

"You are Mr. Dawson?" the president looked at the stranger's card as though he had left it unread until he had finished far more important business. It really was unnecessary, but it had become a habit, which he kept only when speaking to his equals or his superiors in wealth.

"Grinnell," prompted the stranger, very calmly. He was so unimpressed by the manner that the president was impressed by him.

"Ah, yes. Mr. Williams tells me you wish to become one of our depositors?"

"Yes, sir. I have here," said the stranger, slipping from his pocket-book, "an Assay office cheque on the Sub-Treasury. It is for one fifty over a hundred thousand dollars."

Even the greatest bank in Wall Street must have a kindly feeling for its small depositors of a hundred thousand dollars. Mr. Dawson permitted himself to smile graciously.

"I am sure we shall be glad to have your account, Mr. Grinnell," he said. "You are in business in——" The slight arching of his eyebrows, rather than the inflection of his voice, made his words a private interrogation. He was a small, slender man, grey-haired and grey-moustached, with an air of absolute fitness from trivial ties. His manners were what you might expect of a man whose grandfather had been Minister to France and had never forgotten it, nor had his children. His self-possession was so great that it was quite noticeable.

"I am not in any business, Mr. Dawson, unless," said the young man with as mile that deprived his voice of any semblance of pertness or of premeditated discourtesy, "it is the business of depositing $102,648.82 with the Metropolitan National Bank. My friend, Professor Willetts, of Columbia, gave me a letter of introduction. Here it is I may say, Mr. Dawson, that I haven't the slightest intention of disturbing this account as far as I know now, for an indefinite period."

The president read the letter. It was from the professor of metallurgy at Columbia, who was an old acquaintance of Dawson's. It merely said that George K. Grinnell was one of his old pupils, a graduate of the School of Mines, who had asked him to suggest a safe bank of deposit. This the Metropolitan certainly was. He had asked his young friend to attach his own signature to the bottom, since Grinnell had no other bank accounts, and no other way of having his references verified. Mr. Grinnell had said he wished his money to be absolutely safe, and Professor Willetts took great pleasure in sending him to Mr. Dawson.

Mr. Dawson bowed his head—an acquiescence meant to be encouraging. To the young man the necessity for such encouragement was not clear. Possibly it showed in his eyes, for Mr. Dawson said very politely, in an almost courtly way he had at times to show some people that an aristocrat could do business aristocratically:

"It is not usual for us to accept accounts from strangers. We do not really know," very gently, "that you are the man to whom this letter was given, for that your signature is that of Mr. George K. Grinnell."

The young man laughed pleasantly. "I see your position, Mr. Dawson, but really, I am not important enough to be impersonated by anybody. As for my being a stranger, Professor Willetts has vouched for me, and I've laughed under that impression for twenty-nine years. I'll have Professor Willetts in person introduce me, if you wish. I have some letters——" He made a motion toward his breast pocket, but Mr. Dawson held up a hand in polite dissent, he was above such.

"And as for my signature, if you will send a clerk with the to the Assay office, next door, they will, doubtless verify it to your satisfaction. I can just as easily bring legal letter notes, I suppose, in any case. I have no intention of touching this money for some time to come. I suppose the bank will be safe from——"

"Oh," interrupted Mr. Dawson, with a sort of subdued cordiality, "as I told you before while we do not usually take accounts from people of whom we know nothing in a business way, we will make an exception in your case." That the young man might not think the bank's eagerness for deposits made its officers unbusinesslike, the president added, with a kindly explanatory smile, "Professor Willetts' letter is sufficient introduction. As you say you are not in business——" He paused and looked at the young man for confirmation.

"No, sir. I happen to have this money, and I desire a safe place to keep it in. I may bring a little more, I'll depends upon certain family matters. But that is for the future to decide. In the meantime, I should like to leave this money here, if——"

"Very well, sir." The president pushed a button on his desk. A bright-looking, neatly dressed office-boy appeared, his face exaggerateldly attentive.

"Ask Mr. Williams to come in, please." The office-boy turned on his heels as by a military command, and hastened away. It was the bank's training; the president's admirers said it showed his genius for organization down to the smallest detail. Presently the assistant cashier entered.

"Mr. Williams, Mr. Grinnell will be one of our most valued depositors. We must show him that we appreciate his confidence in us. Kindly attend to the necessary details." Mr. Dawson paused. Perhaps the hesitancy was meant as an invitation to Mr. Grinnell to vouchsafe further information of a personal nature. But Mr. Grinnell said, with a smile: "Many thanks, Mr. Dawson," and Mr. Dawson nodded back, politely. As the man turned to go, he took up the underwriting plan and forgot all about the incident. It was on Thursday. It might as well have been a Monday or a Tuesday, for that matter.

Mr. Williams called up Professor Willetts on the telephone, who said he had never known a better specimen than George K. Grinnell. He described Grinnell's appearance, and added that Grinnell had been one of his students, and was quite well up on metallurgy, but was not so far as the professor knew, engaged in active business. He thought Grinnell had some private means. The assay office people had identified Grinnell and his signature. It was not much information, but it was enough.

On the following Thursday, after the close of the business day, Mr. Dawson, reading over some routine memoranda submitted by the cashier, found his gaze arrested by a line that told of the deposit of $151,000 by "George K. Grinnell." He sent for the cashier.

"What about this $151,000 deposit by George K. Grinnell?" he asked.

He deposited an Assay office cheque, the same as he did last week."

The president frowned. He was puzzled.

If he should happen to make any further deposits of this character, tell the receiving teller to say I should like to see him, please."

"Very well, sir."

The president turned to his desk again, and promptly forgot the incident—forgot it for exactly one week. On the following Thursday, shortly before noon, Williams, the assistant cashier—a short, stout man, with an occasional smile—approached his feared chief.

Excuse me, Mr. Dawson," the assistant cashier's habitual attitude before the president was one unintentrupted apology for existing at all—Mr. Grinnell is here."

"Grinnell? Grinnell?" mused the president, frowning.

He has just deposited $250,000—an Assay office cheque the same as last week," Williams explained.

"Yes, yes, I know," said Mr. Dawson sharply. "Tell him to be kind enough to come in." He underscored himself. That makes half a million in gold in a fortnight. Hm!" When Mr. Dawson found time to himself it meant business—usually woe to the unpalmed."

He rose to greet the him-compelling depositor.

How do you do, Mr. Grinnell?" He smiled with a cordiality that was more than mere affability and extended his hand. The president's grasp was firm. Wall Street said that his cool hand held in gold storage some thirty thousand ounces before it came down to earth to animate the body of Richard Dawson, but Mr. Dawson, just as there are men who endeavor to keep honest by habitually looking you straight in the eyes, believed that strong personal impressions genuine cordialness in a hand clasp.

Mr. Grinnell smiled. There was not the faintest trace of hostility in the young man's smile, but it was not a humorous smile, nevertheless.

"The cashier said you——"

"Yes; I told him to ask you to be good enough to call. I hope I am not inconveniencing——"

"Not at all. But I fancy you are very busy."

The president smiled in self-defence.

"Mr. Grinnell," he said, with a sort of quizzical joviality, "you have been a source of some I'll own up"—with the amused smile of men when they confess to an essentially feminine sin—"curiosity. I tell you frankly that I'd very much like to know more about you what you are doing what you have done, what you intend to do. In the past fifteen years you have deposited with us a half-million in gold." he smiled again, this time interrogatively.

"Mr. Dawson," the young man answered, very seriously, though not in the slightest degree rebukingly, "really I can add nothing to what I told you when I first had the pleasure of seeing you. As I said then, I have not the slightest intention of disturbing the account, not to the extent of one cent, so far as I can see now. Indeed you may safely assume that this money will remain untouched for an indefinite period. I'd rather keep the money here than in a safe-deposit vault. Still," with a smile for the first time, "if you think I'd better transfer my account to the Eastern National, or the Mandell National, to save you further——"

"Oh, my dear Mr. Grinnell!" in a tone that conveyed to a deity his shock at being misunderstood. "I mean by that I desired to learn more about you from a natural business curiosity. I certainly are satisfied if you are."

"Very well," said, smiling again "I am twenty-nine years old, single, an orphan, a graduate of the School of Mines. I live with my sister at 193 West 38th street, and I believe in a Republican form of government under a Democratic administration."

"My dear Mr. Grinnell," said the president with a look of regret to hide his annoyance, "you may not imagine for an instant that I had any desire to pry into your personal affairs. You know, we like to take an interest in our depositors, just as we wish our depositors to take an interest in us. Your bank president should be your business father confessor. The time may come when you may be of use to me, and I shall be glad to give you my best advice, should you ever care for it. And, Mr. Grinnell," with a smile paternal to the last eighth, "I am a mouth or two older than you. I have had some experience in many lines of business," excepting that of Mr. George K. Grinnell, who did not accept the subtle invitation to confide. Then, with a final smile, putting his hand on the young man's shoulder "As for your account, Mr. Grinnell, may it continue to grow! We can stand it if you can."

"I am glad to hear that very glad indeed. I may take you at your word." Being young, I am, of course, very wise, Mr. Dawson. But I have hopes of getting over it. When my account becomes really respectable, I doubtless shall be more than glad to avail myself of your advice. I shall value it highly."

"It is yours at any time, Mr. Grinnell," said the president, shaking hands. He did not show any surprise at the intimation of greater deposits in the future. It was as well that he did not. On Thursday of the following week Mr. George K. Grinnell deposited an Assay office cheque for $2,000,000 lacking a few cents. It made a million of gold bullion which the young man had sold to the United States Assay Office, and of which he had deposited the proceeds in the Metropolitan National Bank. The president did not forget the incident when the cashier sent in a memorandum, but promptly summoned the official.

Mr. Grinnell has become quite a depositor, I see," he said.

Every Thursday he comes with an Assay office——"

Yes I know. It seems to be a habit with him. If he should come in next Thursday, or at any time, let me know at once. Don't ask him to come into my office, but let me know he is here at once. Has he drawn any cheques on us?"

No, sir; not one."

If he does, let me see it."

It is—rather curious," ventured the cashier.

Not at all," said Mr. Dawson curtly. The cashier left him without another word.

The advent of the strange depositor was curiously awaited by the tellers to whom the cashier had spoken. The cashier himself offered to bet his assistant that Grinnell would not deposit more than $500,000. The fat assistant decided to lose a five-dollar hat to his superior, and then to ask that same superior for an increase in salary. He bet that Grinnell would deposit a million.

You see," he said, with a look of intense astuteness, that his device of internally losing the bet might not be too obvious "he deposited first a hundred thousand, then a hundred and fifty, then two-fifty, then he dashed and deposited five hundred thousand. I think he will double again and deposit a million."

Millions don't grow on bushes. I'll take the bet," remarked the cashier smugly. His subordinate covered a chuckle of success by a woeful smile of self-depreciation. But his exultation over the increase in salary and the artistic loss of a five-dollar hat did not endure long. Grover, one of the receiving tellers, on Thursday hastily sent him word that Mr. Grinnell had deposited $1,000,000, and was being detained at the teller's window on a pretext of attending to some clerical detail. The assistant cashier straightway walked into the president's room.

Mr. Grinnell is outside, sir. He has just deposited one million."

Very well, Mr. Williams."

The president walked out of his private office, through the corridor, into the main office of the bank. On the one side there was a long, marble counter, surmounted by a bronze railing, having windows barred like cages. On the side, behind which were imprisoned the tellers and the clerks, on the other, the plain walls, with the long panels of polished marble, and the high, little upright desks over the steam radiators at which the customers made out the deposit slips or signed cheques. It was not unlike a church, this temple of finance, known in Wall Street as "Fort Dawson." It had a look of austerity that impressed people. The chink of gold was aristocratically inaudible; the clerks habitually spoke in whispers, and outsiders felt this and lowered their voices instinctively. A bank which tolerated boisterous humor would not have been quite safe enough. This one repelled levity, and attracted deposits, it had nearly $150,000,000 of other people's money. Great was Dawson and his golden fort!

The president walked, hatless, through the corridor as though he were going to another office. He was, quite accidentally, Mr. George K. Grinnell, who happened to be there.

How do you do, Mr. Grinnell?" I'm glad to see you," he said cordially. There was no pretence about his cordiality. The man that deposited millions. But it was not this particular deposit which had caused the busy clerks to make mistakes in adding their rows of figures, they were accustomed to the fluctuating semi-millions of the great stock-gamblers. It was that Mr. Dawson should be so cordial to any one.

I am very well, thanks," said the young man. "So are you, I can see."

You have great eyes, Mr. Grinnell. Well, what have you done now?" asked the president, playfully.

Deposited a little more." It was said calmly, not with theatrical nonchalance.

How much?" The president, naturally, was asking for information he could not be expected to have.

A million this time."

The president put his hand chummily on his customer's shoulder.

Young man," he said, in mock seriousness, "when will this nefarious work cease?"

I'll stop when you tell me you'd rather I went to another bank," answered Grinnell, smiling.

The president shook his head as if in despair.

You are incorrigible. Well, come early and often. Drop in on me whenever you feel like it. Glad to see you at any time."

Thanks, Mr. Dawson," he nodded, smilingly, but Mr. Dawson felt uncommittally. Mr. Dawson thereupon became serious. "I may take you up and try as he might. He drew the self-possessed young man aside.

My dear Mr. Grinnell, it is a great deal of money to have idle, and, naturally, it is impossible for me to think it businesslike, if you contemplate employing it in the near future, of course, it alters matters. But, if we are to allow you interest on it, why——"

Mr. Dawson, pardon me for interrupting you. As I said before, I have not the slightest intention of disturbing this account for some time to come. I am not bothering about investments. They can wait. And I am willing to waive the interest. This may be unbusinesslike, but I am engaged in—ah—other matters, of greater importance."

Yes?" with an inviting inflection.

Yes; I am in love."

Both laughed. Then the discomfited president said jovially: I don't blame you, then. Leave before business, by all means." And with a final warm handshake, he passed on. But he resented the smile of the self-possessed youth of the young man.

On the following Thursday, Mr. George K. Grinnell deposited two and a half millions — an Assay office cheque in payment of gold bars weighing 220,543 ounces three pennyweights.

(Continued on Monday.)

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Fishing, Shooting, or surveying parties should never omit to carry with them

CALVERT'S

20% Carbolic Soap.

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Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

It has a reputation of 60 years' standing and never fails to either relieve or cure.

There are many imitations of this remedy on the market that sell for less per bottle. Dr. Fowler's is 35 cents, so be sure and get the genuine. The cheaper articles may be dangerous to your health.

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MRS. CHAS. WOODS, Waubaushene, Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in my house for years, and I find it a splendid remedy for Diarrhœa and Bowel Complaints, especially in children teething."

Cures dandruff. Stops falling hair. Relieves itching.

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THE ORIGINAL remedy that "Kills the Dandruff Germ."

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A PUBLIC TOOTH BRUSH.

A novel dental object, says the Lancet, is coming when an unstrained public health brush will be as rare as a public tooth brush." The reason is that dirty hair brushes spread dandruff, and true dandruff is now known to be a contagious disease that kills, sooner or later.

Drug Stores, $1.00. Send 10c., stamps, to HERPICIDE CO., Dept. H., Windsor, Ont., for a sample.

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Nearly ⅓ more for the money.

Canada Flakes comes in the big 15c. package—nearly ⅓ larger than any other.

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is not only the biggest package, but the best cereal. Toasted wheat—ready to eat.

With every package you receive a handsome premium.

Eat Canada Flakes and get these serviceable premiums absolutely free.

AT YOUR GROCER'S.

THE PETERBOROUGH CEREAL CO. Limited, - PETERBOROUGH, Ont.

Try Our Plan.

If there is anything in House Furnishing Goods we have it. Cash or Credit.

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Pay as you can. The plan enables you to get the article you want, or need, right away. You don't have to wait several weeks, or months, and "save up" until you get the whole amount necessary. When you buy here you simply pay a small amount down, and the goods are delivered at once. And then you pay the balance due a little at a time—each week or month, as best suits your convenience.

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Blue Ribbon

TEA



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The Crescent Electric Co.,

SHOWROOMS COR. CRESCENT AND ST. CATHERINE STS.

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Now is the time to place your order for yor winter supply.

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PERFECTION

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(MAPLE LEAF LABEL)

Because it is Pure. Because it is Nutritious.
Because it is Healthful. Because it is Economical.

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Allan's SODA WATER AT THE TOP

It is the Purest and Best Made.

The water is passed through the Best filters before being used for manufacturing, and the machinery is the latest improved and the best money can buy. As a proof of the superior quality of ALLAN'S SODA WATER, it is admitted into all the highest families and leading Hotels, Clubs and Restaurants in this city, after having been carefully tested with other makes, and is even used on ocean steamers. It is taking the leading place in the trade, and the only way the other makes can now be sold is by offering them at reduced prices. Do not allow dealers to impose them on you, but demand the best—ALLAN'S. The price remains the same, and the quality will be kept up at any price. The best corks are used to retain the gas, and the greatest care taken in every detail. It is equal to any imported at about half the price; the process of manufacture is the same, and, as above stated, the machines are the best that are made in England, having been specially imported for ALLAN at a large price.

PLEASE ASK FOR ALLAN'S AND TAKE NO OTHER.

IT HAS NO EQUAL For KEEPING THE SKIN SOFT, SMOOTH AND WHITE AT ALL SEASONS.

"The Queen of Toilet Preparations."

BEETHAM'S Laroola

SOOTHING & REFRESHING.

Bottles, 1s. and 2s. 6d. (In England.)

SOLE MAKERS: M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, ENGLAND.

It entirely Removes and Prevents all ROUGHNESS REDNESS CHAPS, IRRITATION, TAN, etc.

It is unequalled as a SKIN TONIC as well as an EMOLLIENT.

A LEGITIMATE TEA BUSINESS

GOOD GOODS

REASONABLE PRICES

16 OZ. TO THE POUND

ALL TEA

STROUD'S STORES

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Two Important Questions That Can Be Answered Easily After Reading This.

In many products of Nature are found two or three of the four elements of food, but in wheat there are fifteen different food elements and every one of these fifteen different elements is necessary for the proper sustenance and upbuilding of the human body.

Every nutritive element of the human white wheat grown is found in Malta-Vita. This famous food is the whole of the wheat thoroughly steam-cooked and cooked in absolute purity and cleanliness with the finest malt extract that was ever made; thus it is the most delicate, richest, strongest food in the world. To understand, of course, that the cooking and steaming of the wheat gelatinizes its starch, and then the malt extract, a powerful digestive agent, quickly converts the starch into maltose or sugar. Maltose is great food, and the weakest stomach digests and assimilates it with ease.

We all know that for many years physicians of highest standing in their professions have prescribed malt extracts which contain a large percentage of maltose, or malt sugar, but which cost from fifty cents to seventy-five cents per pound. Malta-Vita, the crisp, delicious whole wheat food, costs from eight to ten per cent. of malt-ose.

When Malta-Vita comes from the ovens it is the crispest, most delicious food in the world, containing only one per cent. of moisture. The other 99 per cent. is food—brain and bone and nerve and muscle food—and most easily digested because the gelatinized starch of the thoroughly cooked wheat has been converted by the fine malt extract into maltose (malt sugar).

The Malta-Vita Company buys orders from every wholesale dealer to a quantity which the company knows can be disposed of annually by the wholesaler's territory. The wholesaler, in turn, makes only such shipments to grocers as he knows they will be able to handle satisfactorily.

Thus the grocer's supply of Malta-Vita is always as fresh and crisp as when it comes from the ovens to the big factory at Toronto. That is the kind that melts in the mouth.

Malta-Vita is a food that is good for health the year round. It can be eaten three times a day by the sick or well. It is sustaining to the working man refreshing and invigorating to the invalid. At all grocers now 10 cents.

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF Quebec, District of Montreal. No. 975. Superior Court. John B Keating, Plaintiff, vs. H. Lacy Hilton, Defendant. On the 2nd of October, 1905, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Sheriff in the Court House, in the City of Montreal will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of a quantity of Champagne Cider. Terms cash. J. DESMARAIS, B. S. C. Montreal, 22nd September, 1905.

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF Quebec, District of Montreal. No. 15514. Circuit Court. Albert Begin, Plaintiff, vs. Joseph Gagnon, Defendant. On the 2nd day of October, 1905, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of said defendant, No. 255 Dalhousie street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture. Conditions Cash. F. X CHAMPAGNE B. S. C. Montreal, 22nd September, 1905.

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF Quebec. District of Montreal. No. 1270. Circuit Court. J. A. Bourdet, Plaintiff vs. Hildege Riendeau, Defendant. On the 2nd of October, 1905, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 240 Rue Logan, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture. Conditions Cash. J. DESMARAIS, B. S. C. Montreal, 22nd October, 1905.

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF Quebec, District of Montreal. No. 9634. Circuit Court. Thomas Gauthier, Plaintiff vs. Jacob Solomon, Defendant. On the 2nd day of October, 1905, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, No. 219 St. Dominique street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture. Terms cash. J. DANSEREAU, B.S.C. Montreal, 22nd September, 1905.

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF Quebec, District of Montreal. No. 12,966. Circuit Court. Louis O. D'Argencourt, Plaintiff vs. P. L. A. Lefebvre, Defendant. On the 2nd day of October, 1905, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, No. 22A Sanguinet street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, consisting of one piano, household furniture. Terms cash. J. EDMOND DUROCHER, B. S. C. Montreal, September 23rd, 1905.

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF Quebec, District of Montreal. No. 15543. Circuit Court. Leon Mallette, Plaintiff, vs. Alfred J. Ouellette, Defendant. On the 2nd day of October, 1905, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, No. 48 Mentana st., in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture. Terms cash. J. DANSEREAU, B.S.C. Montreal, 22nd September, 1905.

SPORTING GOSSIP FROM ALL OVER THE BRITISH ISLES

It is stated that Kermode, the Lancashire-Australian bowler, is about to return to Australia, and that he may not be seen in the Lancashire team next season.

The death is announced of Charles Saunders, the ex-tennis champion of England. Peter Latham, the present champion, won the championship from Saunders, in 1895.

F. Maven, a half-back, who figured in the Newcastle United Northern League team last season without missing a match, has been signed on for New Brompton. He is 21 years of age, weighs 11 st. 4 lb., is 5 ft. 9 in. in height. Maven has the further recommendation of being a total abstainer.

Lately there has been evinced considerable curiosity as to what Doncaster leases out of its races. There are some who assume that the people have no rates to pay, but though this is a fallacy, the inhabitants are greatly assisted through the races.

Last year (1904) the expenditure on account of the spring meeting was £1,756 5s. 3d. Of this £1,438 8s. 6d. was paid to Messrs. Weatherby for stakes. The disbursements for the September meeting amounted to £15,707 9s. 11d., of which £7,277 went for stakes. Besides these there are the Glasgow paddocks, which cost in one way or another £1,312 0s. 8d. This brings up the total to £17,019 odd.

From the spring meeting (excluding a balance of £564 12s. 2d. carried forward from the previous year) there was received £2,153 4s. 6d. For the September meeting the receipts were £15,767 8s. 6d.; from other sources, £61 2s. 8d.; and from the Glasgow paddocks, £1,770 2s. 5d., making the total receipts for the year £30,756 10s. 5d.

This leaves a balance to the good on the year of £13,172 18s., and, including the balance left over from last year (£564 12s. 2d.), a total to be dealt with of £13,737 10s. 5d.

This was apportioned: — One year's interest at 4 per cent. on £116,180, estimated value of stands, etc., £4,647 4s., transferred to borough fund, £7,500, leaving a balance to carry forward of £2,154 8s. 10d.

Large as these figures are, it is when we come to aggregates that we are most surprised. For the ten years 1895-1904 the receipts from the spring meeting were £25,667, producing a profit of £8,280.

For the same period there was received from the September meeting £265,016, and the profits handed over to the borough fund totalled up to £68,720.

Notwithstanding these, what many will think satisfactory results, the race committee have recently revised the charges for the stands enclosures, etc., and those using them will have to pay from 15 to 20 per cent. more than in past years.

Here is something from an English paper about the scratching of Cicero: The colt, it appears, was struck out because he had not been going very well in his work of late. Nothing whatever is wrong with the horse. He is sound in wind and limb, it is on the authority of Percy Peck, his trainer, that I am speaking; but in his recent gallops he has not acquitted himself satisfactorily, so Peck telegraphed to Lord Rosebery, who is in Scotland, advising his lordship to strike him out, which Lord Rosebery has done. If the horse is off of form he would doubtless have been better out, speaking personally, to think that he might have been allowed to take a chance. His backers at any rate could have had a run for their money, which is win or lose an immense amount of heart burning would have been saved.

Had Cicero been a candidate of no reputation it would not have mattered much, but he won the Derby, and until his defeat in the Eclipse Stakes was believed to possess an even money chance of winning to-days race. Can the oldest racegoer recall an instance of a Derby winner being deprived of his chance of completing such a fine double event for no other reason than that he "has not been showing his form at home lately." Lord Rosebery knows his own business best, of course, and there the matter can end.

Here are two English newspaper opinions about Val d'Or and its non-appearance in the St. Leger. The Morning Leader says: All the talk at the London clubs yesterday and in the trains going to Doncaster was about the fearful luck which has attended M. Blanc in Val d'Or being weather-bound at Boulogne for two days with the consequent result that he had to be sent home again. It really is curious the way a man, lucky in some directions, is unfortunate to the verge of hopelessness in others. M. Blanc can win all the races at home which he desires, practically, but yet is debarred from taking an English classic race. He had some consolation, however, in the Eclipse Stakes.

Another paper says: There is an intensely bitter feeling, amounting almost to disgust, at the action of M. Edmond Blanc in ordering Val d'Or back from Boulogne to La Fouilleuse. It is argued that at the worst the colt might have been despatched on Monday, when the Channel was like a millpond, and his condition after reaching Doncaster allowed to decide the question of his starting or otherwise. Except that Val d'Or was supported by the right people on Saturday, the professionals, who a little while previously had been coerced to lay huge sums against him, might be credited with superhuman premonition. When next M. Blanc wins a race in England he must not expect any transports of delight from the unfortunate losers over Val d'Or.

The boxing match between Potter Palmer and Owen Moran, which should have taken place at the National Sporting Club on October 2, has been cancelled.

F. T. Bone, of the Polytechnic Cycling Club, beat the Land's End to London cycling record by 33 minutes. He left Land's End at 5 a.m. on Thursday, and arrived in London at 2.34 a.m. yesterday, having covered 309 miles in 21 hours 34 mins.

For the second time, George Hirst, "that hero of cricket," as Lord Hawke dubbed him on Tuesday night, accomplished that yesterday which no cricketer living or dead ever did before.

For the second time in his career he completed the feat of scoring over 2,000 runs and taking over 100 wickets in one season. The magnitude of the performance it is impossible to exaggerate. It has never been equalled before by any of the great cricketers of the past. Only three cricketers, W. G. Grace, G. L. Jessop, and C. L. Townsend—have ever approached it.

Grace in 1876 scored 2,622 runs and took 124 wickets. Townsend in 1899 scored 2,440 runs and took 101 wickets, and Jessop in 1900 made 2,210 runs and took 104 wickets, but only Hirst has achieved the extraordinary "double" of 2,000 runs and 100 wickets twice.

The first time was last season, when he made 2,501 runs and obtained 122 wickets, and although this year he will scarcely equal these figures he had done enough to place himself absolutely at the pinnacle of cricket fame.

No one in the whole history of the game has succeeded in doubling this double, though several have achieved the rare feat of scoring 1,000 runs and taking 100 wickets.

In this minor list W. G. Grace comes first with seven "doubles."

Hirst yesterday brought his record to six. For the sake of comparison the figures may be set out:

W. G. GRACE.

Year.	Aggregate runs.	Total wickets.
1874	1,663	17
1875	1,498	37
1876	2,622	134
1877	1,474	129
1878	1,151	105
1885	1,688	108
1886	1,846	102

HIRST.

1896	1,122	104
1901	1,535	101
1904	1,870	106
1905	1,841	122
1904	2,501	122
1905	2,190	110

The pluck and endurance of this gritty Yorkshireman are less conspicuous than the genial placidity of his temperament and the modesty of his demeanor. He has become the idol of the cricket fields not only of his own county but throughout the country.

Bowling still continues to occupy the attention of many sportsmen [illegible] it is out of door events, and is a most satisfactory sign of the times that great improvements are being made in the greens. Now there one rarely hears of clubs who are not in some store upon what new and ingenious tricky cuts to their greens to create eccentric runs, &c., to vex the players and likely to prove detrimental to the play of their opponents. In contrast to such subterfuges I notice over such beautifully true greens as Brownswood, South London, Upper Clapton and Muswell Hill realize a certain satisfaction over their defeats in the fact that they gave the invaders so fair a battleground that the defenders could find no particular vantage point in the matter of experience of past play.

A high compliment has just been paid to the South London green by a prominent Metropolitan bowler now on tour in Scotland, who says: "Of the three greens which I have played over, though one is of turf more than 30 years old, none is to be compared with Tom Roberts's beautiful rinks at Wandsworth. I have also been surprised to find that so far as I have seen we are, if anything, more enthusiastic over our games in London than they are in Scotland."

Remarkable in their extremes are the reports of the prospects for partridge shooting which has just opened here in Scotland and the North of England. Good sport is reported, but the south of the district is very exceedingly. An item of interest is the success of Sir Gorton Clementine's rearing of an enormous head of partridges on the French system, by which the hens hatch their eggs in pens dotted about the estate, the young birds being allowed to go out and feed themselves when only a week old. The keepers afterwards make up coveys putting from 17 to 20 young birds with each pair of old ones. Wet weather has somewhat interfered with the partridges. Cheshire and the Duke of Westminster's excessive [illegible] the birds are scarce. Rather better reports have been received from the estates of the Earl of Egerton, at Tatton, of the Marquis of Cholmondeley, at Malpas, of Lord Tollemache, at Peckforton, and of Sir Philip Grey Egerton, at Oulton.

The 28-36 horse power car just made for the Princess of Wales is considered a model in many respects by motorists. The royal owner had her own ideas of comfort and convenience incorporated into the carriage body by Messrs. Mulliner, and one of the chief ideas was that the car should be specially fitted up for the pleasure of the Princess and her children. In the boot beneath the main seat at the back is fitted a capacious [illegible] basket, with all necessary appointments so that the travellers may enjoy a meal at any pleasant spot that tempts them to linger. The chassis and carriage work has all been made in Great Britain. The body is of the Limousine type, that is with a covered top and is also enclosed back and sides. It is constructed of light ash framing with aluminum panels, all the door and corner panels being hammered out by hand with a view to securing a succession of graceful curves. The window frames and all fittings are of special figured rosewood, French polished. The interior is upholstered in royal blue, the cushions and back being in morocco, while the roof is covered with blue cloth.

Sporting life appears to have taken a firm hold upon the aristocracy of the world, even the feminine members of royal families becoming enthusiastic sports. Princess Charles of Denmark is a skilled shot, and as a child was taught to shoot at a target. Princess Victoria Melita of Saxe-Coburg, formerly Grand Duchess of Hesse, and niece to King Edward, is another famous markswoman. The Duchess of Redford is a splendid shot, and so is the Duchess of Newcastle, who has killed many head of big game in the Rocky Mountains. The Marchioness of Breadalbane is a first rate rifle shot and deerstalker. Lady Lovat, a bride of last season, shoots well and many fine stags have fallen to her rifle. Lady Sandhurst and the Hon. Mrs. Algernon Bourke must also be included among noted deerstalkers. Lady Hindlip's another big game shot, and brought home a giraffe from her recent travels in East Africa. Lady Helmore has also secured some notable trophies from the African jungle. Lady Wolverton, Lady Helen Stavordale, Lady Vivian and Lady Juliette Duff are all good markswomen, and the two last-mentioned ladies afford instances of step-daughters trained by sport-loving stepfathers. Lady Constance Stewart-Richardson is second to none as a hotel stalker in Scotland. She has shot stags in Scotland, big game in the jungles of Ceylon, and wild hogs on the plains of South-West Texas. Lady Beatrice Pole-Carew is another splendid shot, and the latter also includes Lady Elena Wickham, sister to the Marquis of Huntley, Lady Constance Scott, daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch, Mrs. Asquith and Miss Muriel Wilson, Mrs. Alan Gardner, daughter of Sir James Blyth, has killed big game in all the four quarters of the globe, and Mrs. George Cornwallis West shoots as well as she writes or plays the piano. The Hon. Mrs. Lancelot Lowther is a good rabbit shot, and Violet, Lady Beaumont, and the Countess of Warwick are deadly with partridges and pheasants.

PERSONALS.

(See also page twenty-one.)

Mrs. Carruthers, of Quebec, is spending a few days here.

Sir Montague Allan, is in Quebec, a guest at the Chateau.

Hon. Lomer Gouin, and family returned to Quebec and taken up their residence on the Ramparts.

Mr. James Oborne, superintendent of the eastern division of the C. P. R., leaves for Megantic to-day, and will return Sunday or Monday, with Mr. D. McNicoll, vice-president. They will inspect the lines between Megantic and Montreal.

Look Your Best. Wear a BUCKLEY & SONS' HAT.

THE WALDRON DROUIN CO., LTD., Agents for Canada.

The Shamrocks, the National Amateur Lacrosse Union Champions, Who Will Defend the Minto Cup Against the St. Catharines Team To-day



JOHNNY CURRIE.



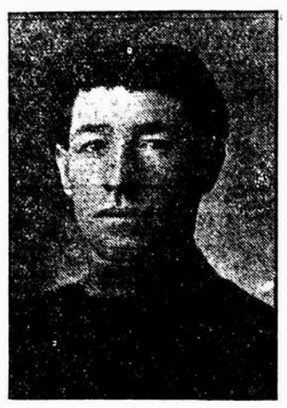
JOHNNY BRENNAN.



HENRY HOOBIN.



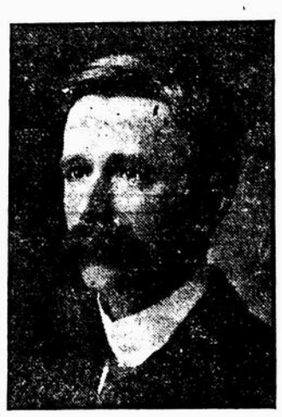
"SPIKE" HENNESSEY.



JIMMY HOGAN.



JOHNNY HOWARD.



W. P. LUNNY, Secretary.



THOMAS O'CONNELL, President.



PAT ROONEY, the Trainer.



MIKE KENNEY.



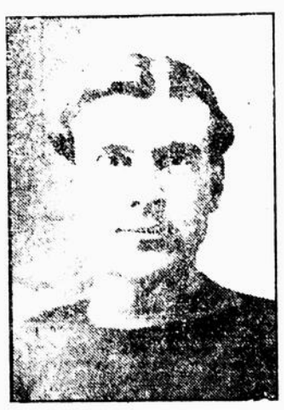
CASEY, THE GOALKEEPER.



PADDY BRENNAN.



PHIL. O'REILLY.



JIM KAVANAGH.



J. M'ILWAINE.

Ladies' Golf Championship Won by Miss Mabel Thomson, of St. John, N.B.—Interprovincial Match Was a Draw

The Golf Tournament at Dixie is now over, leaving Miss Mabel Thomson, of St. John, champion of Canada by defeating Miss Young of the Victoria Club, by a score of 3 up and 2 to go.

There was a very large crowd present, the largest that had so far attended the tournament, and the match for the championship was closely followed by a gallery of fully 250 people, who kept up perseveringly with the players, even when the sky became overcast and a few drops of rain seemed to portend a shower. But with the exception of a slight sprinkling, the rain very obligingly held off until the games were over, and every one was taking the train for home. But though the weather overhead was favorable, the ground still continued rather heavy, which is probably the reason the scores were not better.

CHAMPIONSHIP MATCH.

The championship match fully justified the expectations that had been formed of it. In spite of the fact that after the first three or four holes Miss Thomson's victory was seen to be merely a matter of time, the match was a well contested one, and excited the greatest interest in the spectators. Miss Young gave a fine exhibition of the game, and played up to the high reputation she enjoys in the world of golf as a former champion and one of the foremost lady exponents of the sport in Canada. Neither in style nor power, however, neither in her long game nor in her short was she the equal of Miss Thomson, whom she defeated four years ago in this very competition. Miss Young's driving, while good, has never been noteworthy, but her short game, especially her approach, has always been excellent. But even in this Miss Thomson was yesterday her superior.

PLAYED FAULTLESS GAME.

In every point the St. John lover's game was with one or two exceptions faultless and if it had not been for the heaviness of the ground her score would have been much lower than it was. Another respect in which she had the advantage of Miss Young was in the perfect coolness and self-possession with which she played. She seemed to be out merely in a practice match she took things so easily, while her opponent was perceptibly nervous.

However, all things considered, it was a splendid match, whose interest well rewarded those who took the trouble to follow it up, and which was quite worthy of the stake for which it was played.

BOTH STARTED POORLY.

The opening drives were poor, short and low. On her second Miss Thomson was bunkered by fooling her brassey, thus giving Miss Young an advantage which she lost in a missed put, halving the hole in 8. In the Pond hole Miss Thomson was again bunkered, but again she recovered nicely and managed to divide the hole. Miss Young secured a beautiful stymie, but it was waived and the hole halved in 7. The third hole gave Miss Thomson one up. Miss Young's approach was short, and a fine long put, enabled Miss Thomson to hole out in 3.

HALVED IN ORCHARD.

In the Orchard Miss Young played her second short of the bunker while her rival cleared beautifully. But a bad third and a missed put cost her this advantage, and the hole was halved in 7.

Two fine drives opened the next hole, but Miss Thomson's was somewhat better. Miss Young seemed to lose power in her drives by overswinging. The Victorias player made a fine approach but she missed her put by only a few inches, and the hole went to Miss Thomson, in 4.

The sixth started with a piece of good luck for Miss Thomson, whose ball hit the bunker, but happily bounded over, rolling well down to the green. Both players made good approaches, and puts, and the hole was halved in 4.

MISS THOMSON 4 UP.

In Lower Brook Miss Young player short of the track. Miss Thomson cleared, but her ball ran into the bunker and gave her no advantage. A beautiful approach by Miss Thomson and a missed put on her opponent's part gave her the hole in 6. A fine drive clear to the green and a splendid put gave her the Upper Brook as well, making her 4 up.

But Miss Young took down this lead at the corner, a fine piece of approach work giving it to her in 5, and leaving Miss Thomson 3 up at the turn.

MISS YOUNG'S MARVELLOUS DRIVE.

Good chances to put missed on both sides divided the Dixie hole in 6. In the eleventh Miss Thomson made a wonderful drive, well up on the green, but a marvellous put by Miss Young gained the hole, which seemed an easy thing for her rival. The put was fully 12 yards, and was the most sensational bit of play of the afternoon. Everyone was so surprised Miss Young included—that they forgot to clap.

Miss Thomson retrieved herself in the next hole, taking it in five, and making the score three up. Judicious play gave her the elm tree as well, again running her score to four up.

But the fourteenth went to Miss Young who took it in five, Miss Thomson missing a fine put. Hawthorn was halved after two splendid approaches, putting Miss Thomson in that very comfortable position of dormie three. She merely required to halve one of the next three holes to win the match, and this she managed to do at the very first of them. Miss Thomson holed out with a beautiful long put, and Miss Young followed with another just as good. This pretty play was a fitting ending to the match.

INTERPROVINCIAL MATCH.

This game counted as well in the interprovincial match which was carried on simultaneously. In this game, which came out a tie in spite of there being thirteen players on each side, Quebec bore themselves very well in the face of what seemed the great superiority of Ontario, the match ending in a draw.

The details of the interprovincial match follow:

	Ontario	Quebec
Miss Thomson	1	
Miss Young		0
Miss Pheip	1	
Miss McAnulty		0
Miss Hargraft	0	
Miss Green		1
Mrs Burritt	0	
Miss M. Reid		1
Miss Nesbitt	0	
Miss Musson		1
Mrs Fleming	1	
Mrs Phillips		0
Miss C.	1	
Miss Agnes Mussen		0
Miss Mylie	1	
Miss E. Reid		0
Miss Christie	0	
Miss Lemon		1
Mrs Woodruff	0	
Miss Albert Mussen		1
Miss Hall	0	
Miss E. Mussen		1
Mrs Barnard	1	
Mrs F. L. Cains		0
Mrs Ewart	0	
Mrs Whitehead		0
	6	6

The cards for the championship match are:

Miss Thomson—
Out: 5 7 3 4 4 5 3 6 — 37
In: 6 4 3 5 7 4 4 * * — 35
Total for 16 holes: 83

Miss Young—
Out: 5 7 4 6 4 7 5 5 — 39
In: 6 5 6 5 4 4 * * — 35
Total for 16 holes: 82

In the consolation match Miss Lemon had a walkover as Mrs Robertson did not turn up.

INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE.

Dates of Intermediate and Junior Games for the Season.

The annual meeting of the Montreal and District Interscholastic Football League was held in the High School, on Thursday, September 21, 1905, at 4 p.m., when Mr. C. A. Fosbery, M.A., Principal of St. John's School, was elected president and Mr. T. J. Pollock, B.A., of Westmount Academy, secretary-treasurer.

The schedule for the present season is as follows:

INTERMEDIATE SERIES.

October 7, High School at Westmount Academy.
October 18, Westmount Academy at High School.
October 28, High School at Westmount Academy.

JUNIOR SERIES.

September 30, St. John's School at Westmount Academy.
October 4, High School at Westmount Academy.
October 14, Westmount Academy at St. John's.
October 21, High School at St. John's.
October 25, Westmount Academy at High School.
October 30, St. John's at High School.

FOLLOWED HER INSTRUCTIONS.

A visitor of noble birth was expected to arrive at a large country house in the north of England, and the daughter of the house, aged seven, was receiving final instructions from her mother.

"And now, dear," she said, "when the Duke speaks to you, do not forget to say 'your grace.'"

Presently the great man arrived, and after greeting his host and hostess, he said to the child, "Well, my dear, and what is your name?" Judge of his surprise when the little girl solemnly closed her eyes and with clasped hands exclaimed, "For what we are about to receive may we be truly fankful, amen."

ROUND THE WORLD IN A MOTOR CAR.

Mr. C. J. Glidden, of Boston, Mass., who with his wife is making a tour of the world in a motor car, believes that already he has seen more of the world and strange peoples than any other individual man living. So far he has travelled more than 25,000 miles, and has visited thirty-four countries. He has driven along the most northern road on the earth and the most southern road. In Australia and New Zealand he has driven where the road would have been better had there been no road at all. But he is already convinced that the world was made for motoring, and that the pastime of the immediate future will be motoring round the world.

"For pleasure there is nothing on earth like it," said Mr. Glidden, in a recent interview. "For educating a man as to what the world is like and what its peoples are doing nothing could equal it."

Mr. Glidden has taught two Kings how to drive a motor car, and has left behind him a longing for the new vehicle wherever he has been. He is looking forward to the time when the world will be laid down with special motor car tracks, rallied like the railways, and every man will be his own train.

Motors Everywhere.

"Hardly anything has surprised me more," he said, "than seeing the astounding rapidity with which the motor car is making its way in the world. It is everywhere. Mine was the first to be seen in Fiji. Perhaps I shall find a few places in Africa where one has not been before. But already the motor car is everywhere and everywhere it is being wanted.

"When I landed in Fiji the natives were very scared at first, and declared that 'the father of all the devils' had fallen among them. I believe that in Fiji the motor car will now always be known by a native name, meaning 'Sire of Satan.' But after I had taken King Ratu Kadavu Levu Roko Tui Tailleon for the first ride and then given him a taste of speed, he wanted to know whether I could go at sixty miles an hour, and was quite disappointed because I couldn't.

"R. K. Levu R. T. Tailleon, the King of the Fijians, is a fine specimen of a modern King. He is doing his best for his people. His father was a cannibal. He himself is a man of most polished and up-to-date manners, and he is gifted with excellent common sense. He still wears the bare legs and little white apron of his country, but above them he has European dress, and he does not do his hair in the grotesque native fashion. He met me in an English check jacket and waistcoat and cap to match, with white apron and bare legs underneath. For the instruction of his people he got me to take many of them for rides.

"One old aristocrat whom I drove about admitted to having presided at no fewer than 47 human feasts in his earlier years. He looked it. He was not good at arithmetic and there were no doubt many other festivals on human dishes which he did not count in with the 47. Whenever his mind went back to those occasions, you could see that he was reviving pleasant memories with evident relish. He liked riding in my car, but I believe he would have liked better to see me slowly roasting. But cannibalism is out of fashion now in Fiji, and is only indulged in on the sly, the authorities have practically put an end to it.

The Sultan of Java and His Home.

"I have just left a different sort of monarch, the Sultan of Java. He only resembles the ruler of the Fijians in the length of his name. All I have of it is S. P. J. M. Tuan Soesoehoeman Pake Boewono Soerkarta Adinigrant,' Pak that I believe, is only what he is called for short. He did write the whole of it for me on a beautiful photograph of himself with which he presented me. By writing in a very small and cramped hand he just managed to get it all in in six lines. Each line is twelve inches long, and there is no waste of room by having spaces between the names.

"But the Sultan of Java has plenty of spare time on his hands. He can afford to have a name like that. He manages most of the affairs which are in any way involved with the religious ideas of his people, but the Dutch do most of the other work for him.

"We arrived at Soja, the capital, on a Friday, and His Majesty sent a Prince to meet me, and express his royal regrets that the day being the Mohammedan Sunday he could not see me until Saturday, but we could visit the Palace. Our reception by him was one of the most wonderful ceremonies ever conceived. The Palace of the Kraton stands in walled-in grounds four miles square. Out of those grounds the Sultan very rarely goes. Until a couple of years ago he had never seen the sea, which is only fifty miles away. The Queen had never seen even the streets until she crossed them on her wedding day. The buildings of the Palace consist almost entirely of columns covered with immense roofs, and with great ornamentations in gold and silver.

"At the gates we were received by the Prince commandant of the native army. In the inner court we were welcomed by a chorus of girls chanting and a band playing on the peculiar Javanese instruments, which sound like rubbing a finger on glasses. On the floor sat 2,000 royal attaches and servants. Mrs. Glidden and the wife of the commandant were put on the right of the Sultan's chair, I and the Dutch Assistant Resident on the left. His Majesty entered with a slow and stately step, followed by Ministers and servants crouching down on their heels, and waddling along in that comical attitude as if all were doing a cobbler's dance.

An Empty Treasury, but a Full Quiver.

"His Majesty shook hands cordially, and asked many questions through the Assistant Resident. Then he had the car brought into his presence and examined it. He asked the price and on learning it, sent at once for his treasurer, who came in crouching on his heels. In the Royal presence only whites are allowed to stand upright. He, after that, had his treasurer the cost of the car, and asked if there was enough money in the treasury at the present time to buy it. Without a word the treasurer made a calculation, and replied that the unhappy [illegible] has just [illegible] Majesty [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

MONTREAL LOST YESTERDAY AND TWO CLUBS ARE TIE IN LEAGUE

Baltimore, September 23. The Met... [illegible] were defeated ... [illegible] nothing. The fielding of Baltimore players was altogether [illegible] the batting was [illegible] Baltimore [illegible] Montreal [illegible] at all times [illegible] Baltimore [illegible] Montreal [illegible] Baltimore [illegible] Montreal [illegible] Baltimore [illegible] Montreal

C.P.R. REQUESTS FREE WATER

Company Thinks Supply at Cattle Market should be Gratis.

CATTLE ARE SUPPLIED FREE

And Company is at Expense Without Return—Economy Proposed re Annual Civic Reports.

At the meeting of the Finance Committee yesterday afternoon a communication was received from the C. P. R. asking to be given water free by the city at the East End Cattle Yards on the plea that the company was furnishing water free of charge to animals brought on the market for sale.

The communication was as follows:

"We are paying water taxes at the East End Cattle Market at the rate of 18.12 cents per thousand gallons, and we therefore desire to ask you to make the necessary arrangements to supply water free on account of no charges being made for the same by our company on live stock brought on the market for sale. About fo.ty per cent. of live stock sold on this market is not fed by us nor is it brought over our line, being driven in from country places, G. T. R. steamboats, etc., and from which we have no revenue whatever. I might say that the city derives revenue from this stock by the collection of their market and weighing fees, our agreement with the city does not compel us to give water free. We have leased the East End Cattle Market for the sole purpose of feeding for a money consideration the animals which are brought to or are on the said market for sale. The water pipes and troughs put in a covered market when built about eighteen months ago, have proved very unsatisfactory and have been a continual source of loss to our company on account of leakage, etc., and a further loss of revenue is sustained by supplying water free to live stock which is brought here from outside sources to be sold on market days, and fed elsewhere. It would be an unusual thing to make stock owners pay for watering their stock when brought on the market for sale and I therefore think we should be allowed water free. And furthermore, I consider it in the interests of the public in general that live stock should not be deprived of water after having been driven a long distance in warm weather, to be sold on the market and slaughtered shortly afterwards. According to clause seven of our lease with the city it lies in the power of your committee to make or establish such abolition as above mentioned."

The communication was left over for future consideration.

AN ECONOMY PROPOSED.

Ald. Carter called attention to the custom of publishing civic annual reports in pamphlet form. He said the cost of this custom to the city was considerable. In order to save heavy expenditure the city printing committee had decided that all annual reports should be published in the Municipal Gazette. This publication would be bound in book form every year. The volume should be sent to outside cities in the same way the pamphlets had been sent. By the new system cities in the United States could readily understand just what the city of Montreal was doing.

The committee looked favorably on the report made by Ald. Carter and at the next meeting the matter will be gone into more thoroughly.

INADEQUATE WATER SUPPLY.

A complaint was made by Ald. Carter on the poor flow of water which was being given to houses in Bishop, Mackay and Crescent streets. He said that the flow was so weak in these streets that the water would not go to the second story when it was being drawn in lower flats.

He saw the danger of this state of affairs was that there would be an outbreak of disease. It was further shown by Ald. Carter that with but very little cost these streets could be connected with a larger main, when a better supply could be got.

The committee decided to report in favor of the necessary connection being made.

THE U. S. CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Hamilton, Mass., September 22.—The weather conditions were almost as fine as yesterday. Most of the leader's early scores were good with the exception of those of Alex. Smith, who was unable to make the first nine holes under 40.

The most brilliant work of the earlier play was that of Champion Willie Anderson, who covered four holes in 14 shots. Walter J. Travis was well up, getting a 37 for the round.

Anderson continued his good work for the remainder of the round, going out in 35 and finishing with 76 for the 18 holes, making his total for the 54 holes 237, to 236 for Alex. Smith, who made his morning round in 80. Anderson holed a 10 foot putt for 3 on the final green amid applause from the gallery.

Alec. Campbell, of Brookline, scored 80 which gave him a total of 238, one stroke behind Anderson. H. F. Barrett made 77 for his round, which gave him a total of 238, while Mr. A. G. Lockwood finished his 18 holes within a five 76, and totalled 245. S. Gardner, who was tied for first place yesterday with Smith, had a poor start, making 40 for his first nine holes. Several of the contestants dropped out after the morning round.

At the end of the third round the championship was still in doubt.

THE POSTMASTER IS THANKFUL

Dodd's Kidney Pills Enabled Him to Sleep in Peace.

Grand Work They Are Doing for Thousands of Canadians Every Year.

Tabucintac, Cumberland Co., N.B., September 22.—(Special.)—Mr. H. J. Lee, postmaster here, is one of the great army of Canadians who, rescued from pain and weakness by Dodd's Kidney Pills, are shouting the praises of the great kidney remedy.

"Yes," the postmaster says, "I want to express my thankfulness for the great benefit I have received from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

My trouble was having to urinate too freely. I had to rise eight or ten times each night, so that my rest was broken. My feet and legs also swelled. Then I got Dodd's Kidney Pills and I took six boxes all told. Now I am all right.

"It will be a comfort to me if by making my case public I can lead some other sufferer to find relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure Bright's disease. They also annually bring relief to hundreds of thousands of Canadians who are bothered with earlier kidney troubles.

The "Late" Canadian Athletic Union--A Terrible Arraignment by Inspector Stark

Inspector Stark has written the following for the Star.

When the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union was formed some twenty odd years ago its promoters had no thought of interfering in any way with lacrosse. As time wore on the Union became the recognized authority in athletic matters generally, and as such was occasionally appealed to for assistance by the lacrosse people in the adjustment of disputes that were constantly arising regarding the status of their players. The Union, while disclaiming any authority over lacrosse, yet ever ready to lend a helping hand to a sister organization thus became, through these frequent appeals, almost imperceptibly, the guardian to some extent at least, of lacrosse interests, and lacrosse thus aided crept, perhaps quite as unconsciously, into closer relations with the Union, and was finally admitted to its councils, and given a voice in shaping its policy and administering its affairs. From this period dates the decline of the Union. Its vacillating and oft-times erratic policy dictated largely by the representatives of the baser element for the advancement of their own selfish ends, despite protest and entreaty, did much to impair its usefulness and shake public confidence. Now the crisis has been reached, and this demoralizing element through force of numbers, and with characteristic impudence, takes possession of the machinery of the Union with the avowed determination of running it in the interests of professional lacrosse. They showed the extent of their interest in the Union on Saturday by making their lacrosse match with St. Catharines a counter attraction to the Union's annual games, and having vanquished their opponents they flocked in overpowering numbers to a meeting that had no attraction for them in the afternoon, with a determination to crush out, by brute force regardless of law or reason, the last vestige of opposition, the initial step towards which was taken by their friends on the Board of Governors of the Union on the 26th of June last in passing, over the president's ruling, a resolution setting aside that portion of the constitution which forbids amateurs to play with or against professionals. The president, very properly, at the time took the ground that as the resolution involved a change in the constitution it was beyond the powers of the board, and in the second place the notice required by law had not been given. Notwithstanding this the board carried the resolution over his ruling, and on Saturday he appealed to the Union but in vain, as the board's action, to the everlasting disgrace of the Union, was confirmed. What mattered it to them if in their greed for gate receipts they found it necessary to crucify their president? All honor to Capt. Gorman, who has taken throughout the only course open to an honorable man with a knowledge of his duty and the courage to do it, though he should fall in the attempt. The situation on Saturday night had its ludicrous feature in the school-boy arguments advanced by apparently intelligent men in an effort to convince themselves that the board's action did not involve a change in the constitution. If the granting permission to do something, the doing of which is expressly and in specific terms forbidden by the constitution, is not changing the constitution, will some kind person please enlighten us and tell us what it is?

To the lover of clean athletics the present is not promising and yet the future is not without hope. The selfish and inconsistent elements that united to sacrifice everything to professional lacrosse having accomplished their purpose, and got their opponents safely under the hatch, will now follow their natural instinct and take to devouring each other, and in the not distant future it will fall to the lot of our successors, before commencing a reconstruction, to clear the field of the bones and offal, the stench from which will make the task a somewhat disagreeable one, but compensating advantages will eventually come in the form of improved environment and a purer and healthier atmosphere.

WM. STARK.

Toronto, September 20, 1905.



A CONGRESS OF HUMAN CURIOSITIES: THE SMALLEST, TALLEST, THINNEST AND STOUTEST MEN.

The congress took place in "The New World," Berlin. The prize for the tallest man was won by Joseph Olschewsky, who is 39 years old, and 6 feet 7 inches in height; that for the smallest, by Bruno Schmidt, who is 28 years old, and 3 feet 2 inches in height; that for the stoutest, by Hans Feldhosen, who is 29 years old, and has a waist measurement of some 5 feet 5 inches; that for the thinnest, by Richard Minelli, who is 42 years old, and has a chest measurement of about 1 foot 11 1-4 inches.

In Montreal Churches.

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE AND HOMES, Longue Pointe.—On Sunday, September 24th, at 3 p.m. Divine service will be conducted by the Rev. T. Stannage Boyle, M.A., B.D.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, Dorchester st.—Rev. James Barclay, D.D., pastor, will officiate at both services. Morning service at 11 o'clock; evening service 7. Sunday school, 3. Seats free at Sunday evening services.

ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH.—Sunday, September 24th, 1905. Rev. W. R. Young, B.A., B.D., will preach at both services. Morning theme: "What God would have me do." Evening, "The Question of a Patriot."

TRINITY CHURCH, corner of St. Denis street and Viger Square. The Rev. J. M. Almond, M.A., rector. Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Matins, 11 a.m.; Sunday School and Bible Class, 3 p.m.; Evensong, 7 p.m. All are welcome. Preacher, the Rector.

ST. GILES' CHURCH (St. Denis st.)—Morning service at 11 a.m., Communion. Evening service at 7 p.m. The pastor, Rev. J. R. Dobson, will preach at both services. Sunday School and Bible Class at 3 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, at 8 p.m. Strangers welcome.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, corner St. Denis and Marie Anne streets.—Rev. M. Day Baldwin, M.A., rector; Rev. R. I. Ross, curate. Matins and sermon at 11 a.m., preacher, the curate. Evensong and sermon, at 7 p.m.; preacher, the rector. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m.

CALVARY CHURCH (Congregational), Guy st., above St. Antoine.—Services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor, Rev. E. H. Tippett, will preach at both services. Evening topic, "The Queen of Heaven." Sunday School, 3 p.m. Christian Endeavor, Monday, at 8 p.m. Weekly prayer meeting, Wednesday, at 8 p.m. Seats free. All welcome.

ST. MARTIN'S CHURCH.—Rev. G. Osborne Troop, M.A., rector. 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Morning Prayer and sermon. Subject: "The Kingdom that Knows no Nationality." 7 p.m., shortened Evening Prayer and sermon. Subject: "The Victory that Overcometh the World." Preacher at both services, the Rector. All seats free and unappropriated.

THE CHURCH OF ST. JAMES THE APOSTLE.—Rev. Canon Ellegood, D.C.L., rector. Rev. H. A. Brooke, M.A., assistant. Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Matins, 11 a.m. Sunday School, 3 p.m. Evensong, 7 p.m. Preachers, morning, the Rector. Evening, Rev. H. A. Brooke. Strangers will be shown to seats at five minutes after eleven and five minutes after seven. All are welcome.

CALVIN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Next Sunday (Sept. 24th) will be Children's Day. Rev. Dr. Gordon, of the First Baptist Church, will preach in the morning. Rev. Dr. Johnston, of the American Church, will address the young people in the afternoon. The pastor of the church will conduct the evening service.

At the children's service in the afternoon Mrs. Albert Loney, soprano, will render the solo, "I Am the Light of the World."

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH.—Rt. Rev. James Carmichael, D.D., Coadjutor Bishop of Montreal, rector. Rev. H. P. Plumptre, M.A., first assistant. Rev. H. Britten, second assistant. Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity. Holy Communion after evening service. 11.05, Morning Prayer. Preacher, Rev. H. P. Plumptre. 3 o'clock, Sunday School. 7.05, Evening Prayer. Preacher, Rev. H. P. Plumptre. Wednesday, Divine service, 8 p.m.

ST. CYPRIAN'S CHURCH, MAISONNEUVE.—Sunday September 24th, 11 a.m., Holy Communion. 3 p.m., Sunday School. 7 p.m. Festal Evensong. Preacher, Rev. F. Charters. Tuesday, September 26th, St. Cyprian's Day.—8 to 10 p.m., A social gathering of the members and friends of St. Cyprian's Church. A cordial invitation is given to the public to participate in this observance of St. Cyprian's Day. Rev. John James Willis, rector.

EMMANUEL CHURCH, cor. St. Catherine and Stanley streets.—Rev. Hugh Pedley will preach to students on Sunday night. Everybody welcome.

SCANDINAVIAN EVANGELICAL MISSION (in the American Presbyterian Chapel, 75 Inspector street.)—The pastor, Rev. J. Ohling, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. All Scandinavians are invited.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, 41 Closse street (Western square).—Sunday service at 11 a.m. Subject, "Unreality." Wednesday evening service at 8 p.m.

ST. PAUL'S MISSION, St. Charles st., Point St. Charles.—Rev. C. A. Doudiet, missionary. Morning service, 11 o'clock; evening service, 6.30. Sunday school, 3; sewing class, Friday, 3 p.m.

S. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.—Father Powell, of the Society of S. John the Evangelist (Cowley Fathers), Boston, will be the preacher at the high celebration to-morrow.

ST. GABRIEL CHURCH.—Rev. Robert Campbell, D.D., will officiate at both services. Communion at 11 a.m.; subject of evening discourse, "The Perfecting of Believers." Children's day service at 3 p.m.; young men's class at 10.15 a.m.

ST. MARY'S (Anglican).—Services, 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Morning Prayer. Preacher, Rev. W. W. Craig, M.A. 7 p.m., Evening Prayer, the Rector. Sunday School and Bible Class at 3 p.m. Strangers welcomed. Rev. H. Jekill, rector.

OLIVET BAPTIST CHURCH.—The preacher at the morning service will be the Rev. Prof. H. T. Fowler, of Brown University, Providence, R.I.; in the evening the pastor, Rev. J. L. Gilmour, B.D., will preach a special sermon on "Duties of Parents and Children."

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER (English Lutheran), Karn Hall, 2362 St. Catherine street.—Charles G. Beck, pastor. Sunday school at 11 a.m.; church service at 7 p.m. Ladies' Aid meeting on Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lorensen, 323 Charron street. All are welcome.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND (St. Andrew's).—Morning service, 11. Topic of sermon: "Let Them Alone." Evening service, 7. Topic of sermon: "Judge Nothing Before the Time." Sunday School and Bible Class at 3. Rev. J. Edgar Hill, M.A., D.D., will officiate at both services. Ladies' Aid Society, Monday, 3 p.m.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH (Reformed Episcopal).—Alexandra Rooms, 2204 St. Catherine street, opposite Christ Church Cathedral. Services on Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. A. R. Hubley, rector, will preach at both services. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m.; prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Every one welcome.

STANLEY STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near the Windsor.—11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Special service for children in the morning. Sunday School will not meet in the afternoon. Chinese School at 8.15 p.m. Christian Endeavor Society on Monday at 8 p.m. Missionary prayer meeting on Wednesday, at 8 p.m. Service preparatory to Communion on Friday at 8 p.m. Strangers welcome. Rev. F. M. Dewey, M.A., pastor.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, Weredale Park, Dorchester street and Atwater avenue.—Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity. Celebration of Holy Communion at 8 a.m.; morning prayer at 11 o'clock. Sunday school and Bible class at 3 p.m.; evening prayer at 7 o'clock. Preacher at both services, the Dean. The Very Rev. Dean Evans, D.D., D.C.L., Rev. Principal Rexford, LL.D.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.—Ven. Archdeacon Norton, D.D., rector of Montreal; Rev. H. Symonds, D.D., vicar of Christ Church Cathedral; Rev. T. S. Boyle, B.D., Rev. F. J. Sawers, M.A., curates. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Cathedral service, preacher, the vicar. 3 p.m., Sunday school and Bible classes in Synod Hall. 7 p.m., Cathedral service, preacher, the vicar. All seats free at the 7 o'clock service.

DIVISION OF COST OF WATER SERVICE

Legal Opinion Given by City Attorneys Regarding Vexed Question

POSITION OF PROPRIETORS

Property Owners Must Comply With Law or Pay Water Taxes for Tenants.

The city attorneys have prepared the following statement showing just what is the liability of the city and the liability of property holders, in regard to putting water service pipes in houses:

"After reading the dispositions of various statutes, it seems evident to us that the city must pay the cost of introducing water into houses and other buildings, that is to say, up to the line of the street, and the distribution of the water in the said houses or buildings is at the expense of the proprietors or occupants. But it is necessary for the city to have a separate and distinct pipe for each consumer in order to effectively control the collection of the water tax, and if the proprietor refuses to fulfil his obligation, he then becomes responsible for the payment of the tax imposed upon the above-mentioned persons. This the means the city must take to control the water supply and insure the collection of its revenue in cases were several tenants occupy the same building as in cases where the building is occupied by a single tenant.

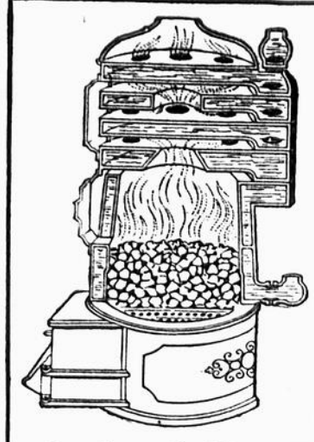
"We deem it advisable to add the following explanations:

"In order to give effect to the disposition of article 474, as amended, that is to say to give the city the power to enable the officers of the Water Department to shut or open the water to each family or to each tenant or sub-tenant separately, there must be a stop cock for each water or distribution pipe that the proprietor must instal, and as is done at present.

"We understand that there is a main in the street which by means of an extension pipe laid in the direction of the street line, gives a connection and a stop cock for each separate distribution pipe of a house, which is, in our opinion, laid at the cost of the city, the proprietor being compelled to pay the cost of the laying of the pipe extending from the stop cock connection to the dwellings or parts of dwellings which he desires to supply in order to relieve himself of the obligation of paying the rate or tax of his tenants or sub-tenants."

Chicago, September 23.—Detectives yesterday raided the brokerage offices of Thomas Davies and Company and arrested eleven men and two women. The raid followed charges that the firm had been doing a bucket-shop business. The police assert that they will have witnesses who have paid in over $200,000 to the concern.

The marriage took place recently, Rev. Mr. Jekill officiating, of Miss Mabel Wilkinson, daughter of Mr. W. Wilkinson, to Mr. R. H. East. The bride wore white crepe de chine, with orange blossoms and carrieid white roses. The bridesmaids, Miss L. Laing and Miss F. Langhoff, wore pongee silk and carried pink roses. Mr. E. E. Wallace was best man. The groom's gift to the bride was a diamond and amethyst ring; to the bridesmaids he gave rings and to the best man a gold pin. Mr. and Mrs. East have left on a trip to the West.



ANY boiler will burn coal and generate heat in the fire-pot.

But it is not the amount of heat you generate in the boiler that makes a successful heating system. It is the amount of heat you use.

There are millions of horse power in the Falls of Niagara, but it is of no use until it is harnessed.

That is the point—harness and use the heat your boiler generates. In most boilers a large percentage of it is lost up the chimney.

We have succeeded in designing a boiler that holds and uses more of the heat generated in the fire pot than any other boiler on the market.

The sides of the fire-pot of the Oxford Boiler slant inwards, so that instead of the heat sliding up through the flues it sharply impinges against these inclined walls. As an addition to this, in the first water section nearest the fire, the flues are bell-shaped so that a very great surface is exposed to the direct rays of the fire.

Oxford Hot Water Boiler

The Oxford Boiler saves fuel because a much smaller fire keeps the water at a greater temperature, because every bit of the heat generated by it is used.

We want to tell you all about the Oxford hot water heating apparatus. Won't you write a post card for our illustrated book? It's free.

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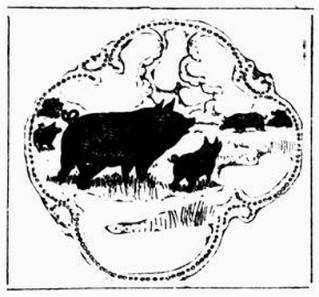
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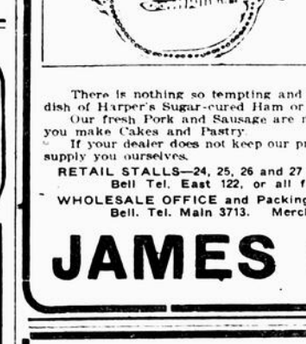
Try a Harper Ham.

There is nothing so tempting and appetizing on the breakfast table as a dish of Harper's Sugar-cured Ham or Bacon; the best the market can offer. Our fresh Pork and Sausage are now in season. Try our pure Lard when you make Cakes and Pastry.

If your dealer does not keep our products, 'phone East 122, and we will supply you ourselves.

RETAIL STALLS—24, 25, 26 and 27 St. Lawrence Market.
Bell Tel. East 122, or all first class Grocers and Butchers.
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A Medicine Just for Women.

It is common sense that women need different medicine than men. Their peculiar organism requires it.

Medicines, sold alike for men and women, never contain what will do a woman the most good, that is, the uterine and other female tonics. Such medicines may relieve for a little but that is all. They do not cure, because they do not reach the cause of nine-tenths of the ills of women.

Women need a remedy compounded for their special needs. Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women are such a medicine.

This is a special remedy, compounded by a specialist for a special purpose. The specialist is Dr. Hugo, of Paris, who perhaps knows more about the needs of women to-day than any other living physician. Its special purpose is to cure the ills of women and them alone. It is not for men.

Any sick or run-down woman, no matter what the cause, will positively get more benefit from one box of these tablets than from a dozen boxes or bottles of any remedy sold indiscriminately for men and women both, which does not contain the special uterine and other female tonics her system requires.

And it takes but one box to prove our statement. Improvement is noticed the first week.

50c. at dealers or by mail postpaid. B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Q.

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Hardwood Front Doors, Pine Chamber Doors, at lowest prices.
We carry a large stock of Gilmour's superior Doors in Pine and Hardwood.
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Hardwood Flooring, in Oak, Birch and Maple, bored and butted, and end-matched.
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Coal and Coal Oil Heaters,
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Geo. R. Prowse, 208 McGill Street.

Agents for "Sedgwick Dumb Waiter."

WEATHER RESTRICTED TRADE.

Dun's Bulletin of Saturday, September 22, says of Montreal trade, in part:

A week of damp, muggy weather has given cause for considerable complaint on the part of city dry goods retailers, and collections from this source are inclined to drag a little, but travellers in the country are doing fairly, and report good prospects for the fall sorting trade.

For groceries there is a better general demand. The combination price for new pack of standard brands of tomatoes has been fixed at 85c and corn at 85c.

Metal and hardware men report a satisfactory demand, pig iron is in good demand and is advanced from 25 to 50c a ton, the discount on lead pipe is reduced from 25 to 5.

Leather men report just a moderate demand, hides are in light supply and very firm.

The conditions prevailing in the cheese market are not wholly satisfactory, the export movement being comparatively restricted at the moment.

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223 3eod

Armour's Extract of Beef in the Kitchen.

Armour's Extract of Beef gives a rich flavor of roast beef to hash, stews, ragouts and potpies. It restores to left-over meats the full flavor lost in the first cooking. With Armour's Extract of Beef in the kitchen a soup or sauce is made ready for the table in a few minutes that it would take an hour or two to prepare with fresh meat, and it would not be as good and would cost more.

Don't forget that a 2-ounce jar of Armour's Extract of Beef will go further than an 8-ounce bottle of Fluid Beef. It is therefore less expensive. Use a quarter teaspoonful to make a cup of beef broth, etc., etc.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists.

Armour Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Armour Tomato and Beef Catsup

An appetizing relish for steaks, chops, roasts, pork and beans, and fish of all kind. It is just a little bit better than others.

Sold by all Grocers.

Lea & Perrins' Sauce

The original and genuine Worcestershire

By Royal Warrant to His Majesty the King.

It is the sauce itself you pay for. Bottles and labels are easily copied. But the genuine Worcestershire is inimitable.

There is only one Lea & Perrins' Sauce. Get the kind you have always bought—not a cheap imitation.

J. M. DOUGLAS & CO., Canadian Agents, Montreal.



ST. CHARLES EVAPORATED CREAM

For many things in cookery, St. Charles Cream is an essential. It is as good as the best milk or cream for any purpose. For many purposes it is much better. It gives to coffee, for instance, a flavor which even the best of ordinary cream cannot approach, and it aids in bringing out the delicate aroma of chocolate and cocoa. For confection and ice cream it is unexcelled. For invalids and infants it is indispensable. It never curdles. It strengthens the strong.

If only pure water is added it will agree with the most delicate stomach.

Sold by best grocers everywhere.

ST. CHARLES CONDENSING CO., Ingersoll, Ont.

227 2 1am



"WASHINGTON Time"

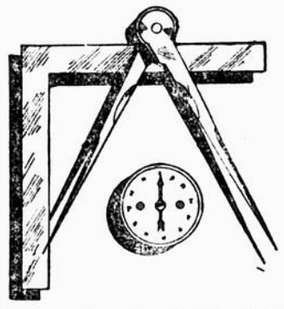
Like George Washington the

ELGIN WATCH tells the truth

Every Elgin Watch is fully guaranteed. All jewelers have them. "Timemakers and Timekeepers," an illustrated history of the watch, sent free.

ELGIN NATIONAL WATCH CO., Elgin, Ill.

The Pandora Thermometer



The thermometer on the Pandora range oven means precisely in accuracy to the cook what the square and compass mean to the draftsman. Without the square and compass the draftsman would have to work entirely by guess, just as you do without an accurate and reliable thermometer on your oven.

The Pandora thermometer reduces cooking to an exact science. You know precisely how much heat you have and what it will do in a given time. It is one of the small things which makes the Pandora so much different and better than common ranges.

McClary's Pandora Range

Warehouses and Factories:
London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N.B., Hamilton

L. N. & J. E. NOISEAUX, 3174 Notre Dame st.
J. & P. DAVIGNON, 1064 Ontario st.
MAY BROS., 597 1-2 Wellington st.
R. & W. KERR, 2226 to 2230 St. Catherine st.
VERSAILLES FRERES, 240 St. Catherine st.
HY. MORGAN & CO., Colonial House, St. Catherine st.
F. FORGET, 927 St. Lawrence st.

10 PER CENT RECEIPT

NOLAN SAVAGE STORES

Everything that's newest and best in staple and fancy Dry Goods, and Ladies' Men's and Children's furnishings, 10 to 50 per cent cheaper than elsewhere.

NOLAN SAVAGE CO.

Formerly Canadian Trading Co.
4230 St. Catherine St. West.
1231 St. Catherine St. East.

$5.00 IN STAMPS FREE

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY on purchases of $1.00 or over, from 8 to 11.30 a.m., on presentation of this coupon, and Double Stamps there after until closing.

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC HAS REACHED HAMBURG--EVERY EFFORT BEING MADE TO KEEP IT FROM BRITISH PORTS

For the moment the British Navy is not Great Britain's most important line of defence. An enemy more to be dreaded than any armed force appears to be moving across Europe, and at all British home ports keen-eyed men are watching for the invader.

The enemy they dread is cholera, a disease that has probably caused more deaths than all the wars of the world. In the country it has its toll for its own. In India it has been known in a single year to send half a million men, women and children to the pyres, the towers of silence and the burying grounds, and but a few years ago it destroyed 250,000 in Europe and 10,000 in America.

Many times there have been cholera epidemics in Britain, but our efficient sanitary arrangements and the keenest inspection of boats arriving from infested ports can prevent others in the future. At the present moment the disease is as close to British shores as Hamburg, and the medical inspectors are naturally more than ever vigilant.

This last invasion of Western Europe seems to have come from India sweeping slowly, and almost unobserved, over Eastern Europe, then through Galicia, Poland and East Prussia, until it reached Danish Sea at last Hamburg. Now no ships leave Hamburg for almost all ports of the world, it depends upon the officers who inspect incoming A. s whether or not the disease is allowed to travel further.

It has long been known that in fact that cholera is carried only by human beings, clothes or merchandise coming from infected areas. It is not as dread as was once believed, and though a few puzzling cases have been cited there is no evidence to show that it can appear spontaneously.

As a rule it follows well-defined routes, either from India to Egypt by sea and then through the Mediterranean, or overland through Afghanistan, Persia, Central Asia and Russia.

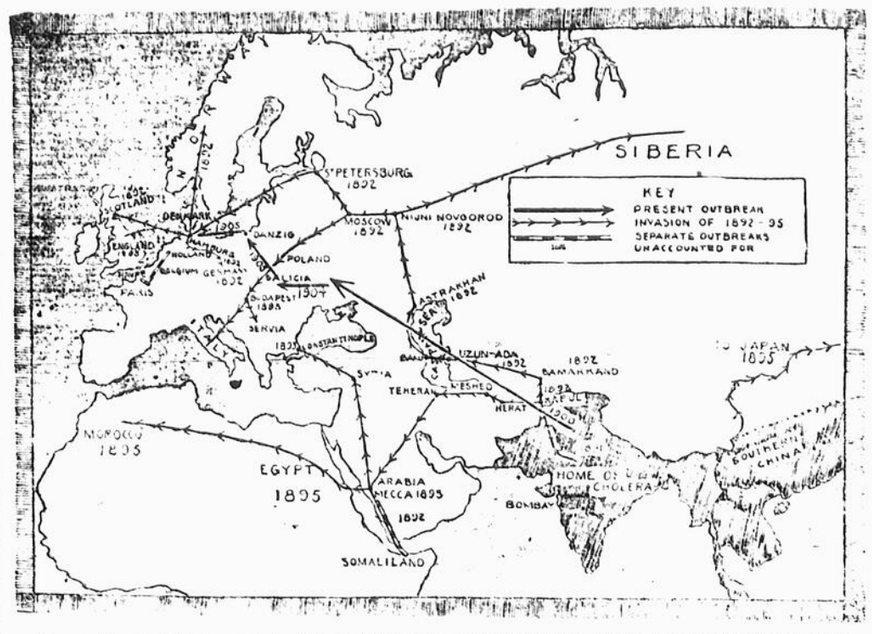
The speed at which it travels varies considerably. Sometimes it will make a sure but steady advance of but a few hundred miles a year, and will continue to move at that rate for seven or eight years. At other times it will sweep round the world in a few months, slaying hundreds of thousands.

Perhaps the most remarkable epidemic of cholera in recent years was that which fell its victims at the Hardwar Fair, India, in 1892.

In the previous year 60,000 deaths from cholera had been recorded in India, and these were carried to the fair. Many pilgrims, on their way home, succumbed on the way or carried the fell disease to others, until a track had been scored round the globe.

By April 19 it had reached Cabul. By May 1 Herat. Then it travelled through Persia, Central Asia, along the shores of the Caspian Sea, up the Volga to Nijni Novgorod, Moscow and Petersburg. By August 16 it had reached Hamburg; on August 19 a case was reported in Scotland twelve days later New York had been reached. Then the track turned back to Europe, touching Galicia, Hungary, Holland, Servia, Norway, Denmark and Italy. In that one year it caused the deaths of 378,449 persons during its travels after leaving India.

To go further back into the records we find that in 1885 the South of France, Italy, Sicily and Spain were infected, and that the last mentioned country lost 120,000 of its population. In the following year the same countries were again attacked with the addition of Austria-Hungary and South America.



The chief home of Cholera is British India. When it passes its natural boundaries it invariably travels westward by two routes—by sea to the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, or by land through Northern India to Europe by way of Russia. The map shows the great overland invasion of 1892-1895. The epidemic travelled rapidly owing, it is believed, to the existence of the Transcaspian Railway, and, later on, to the movements of the poorer classes of emigrants through Europe. The present outbreak of Cholera in Europe is perhaps an offspring of the Indian epidemic of 1900. Roughly, its direction is indicated by arrows.

First Ascent of Crow's Nest Peak Was Accomplished by Amateurs

The first ascent of the Crow's Nest Pass, the famous western peak by a party of amateurs was first accomplished on August 20 last by four young men after a perilous climb of some four hours.

The party was comprised of K. Whimster, of Frank, P. D. McTavish, Calgary; D. G. Harrower, of Lethbridge, and D. L. Stauffer of Coleman.

For some time they were in training for the event, Messrs. McTavish and Harrower climbing mountains at Banff and Mr. Whimster making every effort to work up muscle and wind.

Equipped with axes, ropes, provisions, water-bottles, camera, etc., they made a start from Coleman at 3 a.m. on Sunday, 20th August, taking horses from there to an old logging camp of the McLaren Co., about five miles north of Parris' ranch, close up to the foot of the mountain. This was the route travelled by the Whymper party two years ago. There the horses were left and the men followed the Whymper blaze through the bush till it was lost, when they struck out for themselves, travelling four or five miles before the edge of the timber line was reached. This done, they arrived at the base of the main hill at its southwest corner at 8.30 o'clock. The real climbing then commenced, the party gradually working around to the northwest corner of the hill, where they struck a narrow ridge with a glacier in it.

The first made an attempt to scale the precipitous wall, but fail after climbing 200 feet. Going about half way up the ridge they again attempted the precipice on the north side and, after a hard struggle, succeeded. For the first it was almost straight up foothold being had on narrow ledges and knobs of rock. Mr. Whimster was in the lead and as the members of the party became faint and tired one behind kept up the ropes, for a slip would have meant a horrible death.

After scaling the precipice, the most perilous part of the whole climb, a series of shale slides and short cliffs were met with for some hundred feet. Through the men worked cautiously along the ridge, which was the base of the cone on the north side. Then for half a mile it was a hard and dangerous climb until the peak was reached at 12.15 o'clock. The party found a stone cairn, evidently erected by Swiss guides, who made the first ascent, two years ago, and contained a bottle and note. The latter recorded another ascent since the Swiss guides' visit. The men wrote their names on a page torn from a notebook, left the slip in the cairn, besides having stretched a red handkerchief on a pole and tied to it a white handkerchief, which may still be seen floating on the summit. As a memento of the trip the men brought down with them a flag and a number of photographs taken of the marvellous views to be had up there.



THE CROW'S NEST PEAK.

The ascent of which was accomplished by the first party of amateurs on August 20, 1905.

Thinks Fever is Now Over.

New Orleans, La., September 23.—Leaving after a conference with Dr. White, that the fever epidemic is under control, Presiding Wm. Alt recommended to the School Board that the public schools be opened on October 2.

The State Board of Health has given that the fever is no longer epidemic in the State, at their meeting to-day, and a further sent in the number of the patients.

Suing Railway Commissioners.

Toronto, September 23.—Mr. Thomas Wardell, of Aurora, has issued a writ against the Toronto, Grey and Northern Railway Commissioners, claiming $12,500 damages for alleged breach of contract.

What Sulphur Does

For the Human Body in Health and Disease.

The mention of sulphur will recall to many of us the early days when our mothers and grandmothers gave us our daily dose of sulphur and molasses every spring and fall.

It was the universal spring and fall "blood purifier," tonic and cure-all, and mind you this old-fashioned remedy was not without merit.

The idea was good, but the remedy was crude and unpalatable, and a large quantity had to be taken to get any effect.

Nowadays we get all the beneficial effects of sulphur in a palatable concentrated form, so that a single grain is far more effective than a tablespoonful of the crude sulphur.

In recent years, research and experiment have proven that the best sulphur for medicinal use is that obtained from Calcium (Calcium Sulphide), and sold in drug stores under the name of Stuart's Calcium Wafers. They are small chocolate coated pellets and contain the active medicinal principle of sulphur in a highly concentrated, effective form.

Few people are aware of the value of this form of sulphur in restoring and maintaining bodily vigor and health. sulphur acts directly on the liver and excretory organs and purifies and enriches the blood by the prompt elimination of waste material.

Our grandmothers knew this when they dosed us with sulphur and molasses every spring and fall, but the crudity and impurity of ordinary powders of sulphur were often worse than the disease, and cannot compare with the modern concentrated preparations of sulphur, of which Stuart's Calcium Wafers is undoubtedly the best and most widely used.

They are the natural antidote for liver and kidney troubles and cure constipation and purify the blood in a way that often surprises patient and physician alike.

Dr. R. M. Wilkins, while experimenting with sulphur remedies soon found that the sulphur from Calcium was superior to any other form. He says: "For liver, kidney and blood troubles, especially when resulting from constipation or malarly, I have been surprised at the results obtained from Stuart's Calcium Wafers. Invalids suffering from boils and pimples and even deep-seated carbuncles, I have repeatedly seen them dry up and disappear in four or five days leaving the skin clear and smooth. Although Stuart's Calcium Wafers is a proprietary article, and sold by druggists, and for that reason tabooed by many physicians, yet I know of nothing so safe and reliable for constipation, liver and kidney troubles and especially in all forms of skin disease as this remedy."

At any rate, people who are tired of pills, cathartics, and so-call "blood purifiers," will find in Stuart's Calcium Wafers a far safer, more palatable and effective preparation.

227 2 2aw

Dinkelspiel Interviews de Witte

George V. Hobart contributes the following interview with M. Witte to a recent number of the New York American:

"Vell, poyge, how is it?"

"Why, gets, Dinky."

"I did not tell you at Portsmouth, Serg, I vas very much tickled by success."

"I vagge believed you down here, Dinky." "Vy vas your absence pre-sent so completely?"

"Because, Serg, before I vas stopping I might whisper dot I vas helping you to settle dot question of de cessation of de Russ and I vished I vas in two to get in dot fight."

"How did you like der way I played my hand, Dinky?"

"Vell, Serg, for a young feller vas effen mit a pobt-tail flush mostly sporting. I must say dot you played it vast like it vas a Czar loaded mit vodka."

"Vot do you mean, Dinky, by a Czar loaded mit vodka?"

"I mean you played it like a king full dot vas a cookoo Serg, but mit impercuptions. It vas fine, but a choke neferdeless."

"Ha, ha!" almost could I commit laughter, Dinky."

"How easy it is Serg to eggsplain a smile ven der chance is on der udder fellow, yes?"

"'Czar loaded mit vodka, vich means a king full ha, haveuh?' I vill speak it to Nicholas ven I get home, Dinky."

"After vot you hit me to bobtail flush in Portsmouth N. H. vas enough to teach at any choke you might mention dear. You dink so, Serg?"

"Buried fifty ov me, Dinky."

"I see it in de papers, Serg, vare der chapperoons peoples haf rolled up der Romanoff and put a crick in each hand dey vas about to knock der bottom out of de right hand of der ancient suffragette to see der magnificent vay I was completely out it. Do you read it?"

"I vast have to busy it ins to get stamped on de vay to and of a Japanese hell of a fight. Begs der I gotted her time to get a der papers, Dinky."

"Vat vas your impressions of America, Serg?"

"It vas a fine country, Dinky, and der best place to save money for I never seen vat it cost to live much more. Russia vas not in this country vas a Czar for four weeks."

"Vas you surprised to git choke in a fellowship vot you had battered in by your vast hours, Serg?"

"I vas not a-on Dinky."

"I showed know, Serg?"

"No, Dinky, because vot would happen to me vould happen so fatally dot I vould need a coroner und not a stenographer, nicest pas'."

"Den, Serg, you vast hat to play dot bob-tailed flush to her limit?"

"I hat to play it just like it vas a Czar loaded with vodka, vich is American for a King full ha, haski! I vill not such a laugh from Nicholas but not chose, Dinky, such a laugh."

"I vish, Serg, dot I could gif Baron Komura a choke vich vould get a laugh from der Mikado but he vill be a cold audience dound you think?"

"Being a diplomat you must not discussion der laughabilities of udder nations. I must go now, Dinky, und give up my epetite, because I am invited to a heckfest to-night. If Chauncey Depew and dare to pinch it from me maybe I will recite your choke, vich says dot a Czar soused mit vodka is der same as a King full ha, haveuh!' Good-by, Dinky'"

"Auf wiedersehn, Serg, und good luck to you."

D. DINKELSPIEL.

ARTS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Plans of the Classes for the Coming Winter.

As announced already the free evening and day classes of this institution will re-open for the season on Monday, the 16th of next month, in the Monument National Building, 218 St. Lawrence street.

The list of the classes, together with the evenings on which they will be held is as follows:

Mechanical drawing, No. 152 Cote-Congregation street, Tuesday and Thursday; plumbing, in the upper part of the St. Lawrence Market, on Tuesday and Friday.

The following courses are held in the Monument National Building — Modelling, Monday and Wednesday; decorative drawing, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday; lithography, Monday and Wednesday; sign painting and lettering, Tuesday and Friday; boot and shoe pattern making, Monday and Wednesday; carpentry and joinery, Tuesday and Friday; architectural drawing, Monday and Wednesday; mechanical drawing, Tuesday and Friday; dress cutting and making, Monday and Wednesday.

The dress cutting and sewing class which has been so well attended last year will again be put into operation this year. It will be held on Tuesday and Thursday afternoons from two to four o'clock. The hat making course will leave its home on Monday and Wednesday afternoons. Miss M. A. Gagnon is the head teacher of these two courses. These classes will open October 17.

Professor J. J. Goulet, the well-known director of Symphony orchestra, will again have charge of the mandolin class which will meet on Monday and Tuesday afternoons at 3.30, and Monday and Wednesday evenings at 7.30.

All former pupils who do not desire to join the classes this fall are requested to call before the opening of their drawing boards and other effects left in the class rooms last spring.

Any information can be obtained by applying to the Assistant Secretary, Mr. J. P. L. Labbe, Room A, Monument National.

Load of Oakum Caught Fire.

The men of No. 1 fire station were called out yesterday for a fire in a load of oakum at the corner of Notre Dame and Lemoine streets, near McGill. The blaze while it lasted was spectacular and the drivers had a race to get from being burned to death. How the fire started is not known.

Free Until Cured.



To men who suffer from loss of Strength Vigor, Nervousness and all forms of Weakness, and to both men who are troubled with Impotency, Lame Back, Kidney, Liver and Stomach troubles. I will give the use of my world famed Dr. Sanden Electric Belt absolutely free until cured, and not one penny in advance or on deposit. Price low, cured as low as $5 in many cases. If I don't cure you don't pay anything whatever. Call today and take a belt along, or write for one and my two books, sealed, free.

DR. A. SANDEN, 132 St. James St. Montreal, P. Q.

Office hours 9 to 8 p.m. Sunday 11 to 1 p.m.

INLAND NAVIGATION.

R & O LOW RATES WEST

Through the Beautiful 1000 Islands and Bay of Quinte

BY DAYLIGHT

To Kingston, $4.00; - Return, $ 6.75
To Toronto, $7.00; - Return, $12.00
To Hamilton, $7.50; - Return, $13.00
Including Meals and Berth.

On MONTREAL TORONTO HAMILTON Line Steamers Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.30 p.m.

MONTREAL TORONTO LINE Steamers leave Montreal at 7.30 p.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Discontinued after September 30th.

MONTREAL QUEBEC LINE—Steamers leave at 7 p.m. daily.

SAGUENAY LINE—Steamers leave Montreal at 9 a.m. on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

For THE MARVELLOUS SAGUENAY Excursion, 3 days, $15, including all necessary expenses, board and return.

City Ticket Office, 128 St. James Street, Opposite Post Office.

2nd 100

Pleasant Week-End Trips

(FROM COLBORNE STREET.)

SATURDAY, at 2.15 P.M. — Steamer sails up river and arrives at Prescott next morning. Through all the Rapids, returning and arriving in Montreal Sunday evening at 6.30. Fare $5, including berth going and meals for round trip.

(FROM VICTORIA PIER.)

SATURDAY, at 2.30 P.M. — Str. "Cornwall" for Vercheres. Home at 7.30 same evening. Fare 50c.

SATURDAY, at 7 P.M.—Steamer for Quebec. Tickets, $3.50, good leaving Quebec Sunday or Monday afternoon.

SUNDAY, at 8.30 A.M.—Str. "Berthier," for Berthier and Grand Nord. Home at 9 p.m. Fare 50c.

SUNDAY, at 9 A.M.—Str. "Cornwall" for Sorel and way ports. Home at 8.30 p.m. Fare, 90c; Contrecoeur, 60c; Vercheres, 50c; Varennes, 40c; Boucherville 30c.

SUNDAY, at 1.30 P.M.—Str. "Laprairie." Returning leaves Laprairie at 4.30 p.m. Fare, 35c.

SUNDAY, at 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.—Str. "Boucherville," for Isle Gres Bois and Boucherville. Fare, 25c. Leaves Isle Gres Bois 10.15 a.m. and 6.15 p.m.; Boucherville 11.30 and 6 p.m.

Refreshments on board at city prices.

TICKET OFFICE—128 St. James street, Opposite Post Office.

OTTAWA RIVER NAV. CO.

NOTICE.

The steamers SOVEREIGN and EMPRESS forming the fast passenger line between Montreal and Ottawa, WILL BE WITHDRAWN FOR THE SEASON AFTER WEDNESDAY, 27th INST.

228 5 3tw

I. N. CO.--SAY CHALEUR ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME—IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 20TH, 1905.

THE FAST S.S. "TAY" (NEW) leaves Liverpool and Quebec every Tuesday and Saturday mornings for Gaspe and intermediate ports, and is due to arrive from Montreal at Gaspe Basin on Thursday and Monday afternoons respectively.

SPECIAL SEA EXCURSIONS to Gaspe and Restigouche. This includes Perce, Percy, Forillon, Paspebiac, New Carlisle, Dalhousie, Campbellton, Bathurst, Newcastle and Chatham.

For all particulars as to freight and passage apply to

BLAIR & RICHARDS, Managers
151 26 1aw Campbellton, N.B.

Sea Sickness

Positively PREVENTED By the Anti Mal de mer Belt for sale at Burr's Drug Store 1778 Notre-Dame st., Montreal

And Queen's Hotel. Write or Call on the Anti Mal de Mer Belt Co., 180 St. James St. Montreal.

221 26 1aw

THE DANGER OF LIGHTNING IN ARMORED CONCRETE CONSTRUCTIONS.

It is a well-known fact that any constructions made entirely of iron are practically immune against the effects of lightning as the amount of electricity accumulated in the case of a lightning stroke is allowed to distribute itself over the large surface of the roof and to flow off to the earth at many places with greatly reduced intensity. Conditions are quite similar in connection with buildings made entirely of armored concrete, as the disruptive current will find the roofing iron and distributing rods of an armored concrete roof, struck by lightning, a good conductor of electricity so as to flow off to the more superficial girder iron with which the roofing iron is connected by wire meshes. Now, as experience has shown, lightning not to be discharged to the earth by a concentrated jet from the place of striking, but to have a tendency to distribute itself to all sides if possible, the electricity will be diffused throughout the roof transversely by a network of iron rods. The electricity being greatly reduced in intensity, will have an excellent opportunity of flowing off to the ground through the round irons inserted in armored concrete columns, thus being communicated to the foundations of the current column, which in turn transmits it to the ground. This shows that neither artificial lightning arresters, nor their parts will be required in connection with any construction consisting entirely of armored concrete.

AN ACCOMPLISHED MUSICIAN.

Jack London, the author, on his last visit to New York, was introduced in a cafe to a musician.

"I, too, am a musician in a small way," London said. "My musical talent was once the means of saving my life."

"How was that?" the musician asked.

"There was a great flood in our town in our boyhood," replied London. "When the water struck our house my father got on a bed and floated with the stream until he was rescued."

"And you?" said the musician.

"Well," said London, "I accompanied him on the piano."

HOW PEKING IS LIGHTED.

A French writer tells how Pekin is lighted, as follows: "Eighty thousand taels (£40,000) is assigned each year for street lights, the official in charge taking 10,000 as his share, and gives the rest to a subordinate. This latter hands over 20,000 to his inferior, and so on, until the original sum is reduced to a few copper cash given to a coolie to buy oil and a wick; these are placed on a plate on the ground. A beggar comes along and drinks the oil and such is the lighting of Peking."

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



ALLAN LINE
LIVERPOOL VIA MOVILLE
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.

Tunisian, Friday, 22nd Sept., 8 a.m.
Parisian, Friday, 29th Sept., 5 a.m.
Bavarian, Friday, 6th Oct., 5 a.m.
Virginian, Friday, 13th Oct., 5 a.m.

Tunisian's record, Rimouski to Moville, is 6 days, 5 hours.

FIRST CLASS, $75 upwards, according to steamer.

Reduction for round trip tickets.

SECOND CLASS, Liverpool or Londonderry, $42.50 to $47.50.

THIRD CLASS, Liverpool, London or Glasgow, $25 and $26.25. Paris $23.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW

Sicilian, 21st Sept. Pretorian, 5th Oct.
Mongolian, 28th Sept. Pretorian, 12th Oct.

Rates and cards of passengers outward.

Saloon, first second cabin, $40 to $60; third class, Paris, $26.50.

Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal.

16 213

Dominion Line Steamship

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.

Ottawa ..... Sept. 30 | Southwark ..... Oct. 7
Canada ..... Oct. 14 | Dominion ..... Oct. 28

WHITE STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Teutonic ..... Sept. 27 | Cedric ..... Oct. 4
Cedric ..... Sept. 29 | Majestic ..... Oct. 11

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

Azores Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa, Alexandria

From New York — From Boston

Celtic ..... Sept. 26 | Canopic ..... Oct. 7
Republic ..... Oct. 19 | Romanic ..... Oct. 28

Apply to local agents or Company's office, 77 St. Sacrament st. Montreal 2 213

Canadian Pacific Railway Co's

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.
Montreal, via Quebec, to Liverpool.

Lake Champlain ..... Sept. 28th, Nov. 2nd
Lake Erie ..... Oct. 12th, Nov. 16th
Lake Manitoba ..... Oct. 19th, Nov. 23rd

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin to Liverpool, $60.00 and upwards, according to steamer and accommodation. Return tickets at reduced rates. Second cabin to Liverpool, $40.00, to London, $42.50. Return trip at reduced rates. Third class to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Londonderry and Queenstown, $27.50. From Liverpool, London or Londonderry, $27.50 to Quebec.

MONTREAL to LONDON.

*Montrose ..... Sept. 23rd
Lake Michigan ..... Oct. 14th
Mount Temple ..... Oct. 21st
Second cabin to London, $40.00.
Third Class to London, $26.50.

Dates of sailings of freight steamers to Liverpool, London and Bristol not shown above, furnished on application.

Apply to
Canadian Pacific Railway Co., Atlantic Steamship Lines,
Board of Trade Building, St. Sacrament st., Montreal. 103 209

Elder Dempster Line,
Montreal to Cuba and Mexico.

SS "CANADA," sailing about Sept 25, calling at Charlottetown P.E.I., Halifax, N.S., Nassau, in the Bahamas, Havana, Cuba, and Progreso, Coatzacoalcos, Vera Cruz and Tampico, in Mexico. The steamers are of 4,000 tons register, and have comfortable accommodation, situated amidships, for first and second-class passengers, and are lighted with electric light. Passage can be booked either to Cuba and Mexican ports also to Charlottetown and Halifax.

For rates of passage and other particulars, apply to

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
319 Board of Trade, Montreal.
W. H. HENRY,
Temple Bldg., Montreal.
169 28eod

North German Lloyd

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
S. Kaiser Wil. II. Sept. 30, 10 a.m.
Kaiser ..... Oct. 7, 10 a.m.
S. Wm. II. Oct. 10, 1 p.m.
Kronprinz Nov. 21, 11 a.m.
Kronprinz Oct. 24, 5 a.m.
Kaiser, Nov. 28, 11 a.m.

TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Rhein, Sept. 28, 10 a.m.
Rhein, Oct. 26, 10 a.m.
Kaiser, Oct. 12, 10 a.m.
Friedrich, Nov. 2, 10 a.m.
Main, Oct. 19, 10 a.m.
Main, Nov. 16, 10 a.m.
Bremen, Oct. 5, 10 a.m.
Bremen, Nov. 30, 10 a.m.
Bremen direct.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
Aller, Oct. 11, 11 a.m.
Aller, Nov. 15, 11 a.m.
Main, Oct. 14, 4 p.m.
Main, Nov. 18, 4 p.m.
Trave, Oct. 25, 11 a.m.
Trave, Dec. 2, 11 a.m.
Neckar, Oct. 7, 11 a.m.
Neckar, Dec. 7, 11 a.m.

Gibraltar and Naples

OELRICHS & CO., 5 Broadway, N. Y.
W. H. HENRY, Sole Agent for Montreal, Temple Bldg., 185 St. James st. 124 196

Hamburg-American.

Plymouth-Cherbourg-Hamburg

Graf Waldersee ..... Sept. 30 | Deutschland ..... Oct. 19
Pretoria ..... Oct. 5 | Amerika ..... Oct. 26
Normannia ..... Oct. 12 | Patricia ..... Oct. 28
Pennsylvania ..... Oct. 14 | Hamburg ..... Nov. 2

Parlor Room, Gymnasium on board.

Calling at Dover for London and Paris.

New York—Naples—Genoa.
By superb new twin screw steamers.
Hamburg-American Line, 37 Broadway, N.Y.

JAMES THOM, General Agent, 17 St. Sacrament st. W. H. Henry, Temple Bldg., 185 St. James st.; Battersby's Tourist Agency, 175 St. James st. 174 175

CUNARD LINE
Boston Queenstown Liverpool.

Fast Twin Screw Mail and Passenger Steamers, 14,350 tons, 600 feet long. Remarkable for steadiness. Rooms upper decks amidships, perfect ventilation.

IVERNIA—Sept. 26, Oct. 24, Nov. 21, Dec. 19.
SAXONIA Oct. 10, Nov. 7, Dec. 5, Jan. 2.

Plans, sailings, etc., the Cunard SS. Co., Ltd., 126 State st., Boston, Mass. CHAS. F. SUMNER, Agent. 53 156eod

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
(American and Australian Line.)

Sails from San Francisco every 10 days to HAWAII, every 21 days to SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA, monthly to TAHITI. For booklet and sailing list, address Wm. H. Chaney, agent, 127 St. James st., Montreal; H. K. Denbigh, G.E.A., 427 Broadway, New York. 183 312

AN OLD EPITAPH.

An old churchyard near London is famous for the inscriptions on its tombstones. There is one on the memorial of Susannah Barford, died 1652, aet. 10 years and 13 weeks. The concluding lines beneath the skull and crossbones on her monument are:

Her stage was short, her thread was quickly spunn,
Drawne out and cutt, got heaven, her worke was done,
This world to her was but a tragedi play,
Shee came and saw't, dislik't, and passed away.

BEGGING IN LONDON.

It is calculated that 4,000 persons make a living in London by begging, and that their average income amounts to about thirty shillings a week, or over £300,000 a year. Last year 1,925 persons were arrested for begging in the streets, of whom more than 1,500 were sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from one week to three months. Many of these objects of charity were found in possession of sums of money, and even of bank-books showing very handsome deposits.

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SPECIAL SUNDAY SERVICE.
LEAVE MONTREAL

For Lake of Two Mountains, St. Annes, Vaudreuil, Caledonia Springs, Plantagenet and Ottawa.

(Windsor Street) 10.00 a.m. Sundays, returning arrive Montreal 10.00 p.m.

For Laurentian Mountains, Shawbridge, Ste. Agathe, Labelle and Nominingue.

(Place Viger) 8.15 a.m. Sundays, returning arrive Montreal 8.30 p.m. Six hours at Ste. Agathe, three hours at Labelle.

St. Jerome.

(Place Viger) 9.35 a.m. Sundays, returning arrive Montreal 9.00 p.m.

St. Eustache.

(Place Viger) 9.35 a.m. 2.35 p.m. Sundays, returning arrive Montreal 8.10 p.m.

For Joliette, St. Gabriel, and Three Rivers.

(Place Viger) 8.40 a.m. Sundays, returning arrive Montreal 8.25 p.m.

For Terrebonne, L'Epiphanie, Lanorale.

(Place Viger) 3 p.m. returning arrive Montreal 8.25 p.m.

EXCURSIONS
Sept. 23, 1905

Valid to return until October 9th, 1905.
RATES FROM MONTREAL.

Detroit, Mich., - $15.00
BAY CITY, Mich $17.25
SAGINAW, Mich $17.15
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich $18.95

Chicago, Ill., - - $18.00
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS, Minn $34.00

Proportionate rates from all stations in Canada.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS HOTEL
Will remain open until September 30th, 1905

CHEAP RATES
SECOND CLASS FROM MONTREAL.
Until October 31st, 1905.

$48.90—Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma, Wash., and Portland, Ore.
$46.40—Spokane, Wash., Nelson, Rossland, Midway, B.C.
$45.90—Missoula, Mont., Salt Lake, Utah, Helena, Butte and Anaconda.

Proportionately low rates to other points.

Harvest Excursion
Second Class From Montreal
To The CANADIAN NORTHWEST
September 26th, 1905

Winnipeg, Man. $30.00 Pr. Albert, Sask. $38.00
Brandon, Man. 31.35 Macleod, Alb. 38.00
Regina, Assa. 33.75 Calgary, Alb. 38.00
Moosejaw, Assa. 34.00 Strathcona, Alb. 40.00

Good for return within 60 days.

Ticket Offices: 129 St. James Street, Next Post Office.

Going West or Northwest?

Tell me where you are going, and when, and I will tell you how best to get there and what it will cost. I will also tell you why you should select the Burlington Route for your trip.

This is the railroad that offers a greater selection of routes and better service to the West and Northwest than any other line.

Very low-price one-way tickets on sale daily Sept. 15 to Oct. 31.

A postal will bring you detailed information by return mail.

Burlington Route

J. A. YORICK,
Canadian Passenger Agent,
10 King Street, East,
TORONTO.
1649

CHEMISTS
find Cook's Friend Baking Powder pure

DOCTORS
pronounce it wholesome

COOKS
know it does the work at the right time

HOUSEWIVES
say that cake and bread raised with Cook's Friend Baking Powder are fine, dainty and delicious

SWISS SMOKE MOST.

For some reason—or none — most people have hitherto looked upon the Germans as the most inveterate smokers in the world, although few will be surprised to learn that the Dutch are a little ahead of them as consumers of tobacco, since pictorially a Dutchman is always associated with a pipe. But none will be prepared to hear that the Swiss smoke 50 per cent more than either, still less that the Belgian burns more than double as much as the Dutchman.

Special Notice.

Reliable Piano Tuning

Willis & Co. guarantee satisfactory work and only employ competent men. We tune for a number of the most leading musicians. Terms moderate. Phone Up 2686. Willis & Co., 2470 St. Catherine Street.

RAILROADS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WESTERN EXCURSIONS

Exceptionally Low Round Trip Fares:

From MONTREAL to

Port Huron, Mich. - $14.85
Detroit, Mich., - - $15.00
BAY CITY, Mich 17.25
SAGINAW, Mich 17.15
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich 18.95
Chicago, Ill., - - $18.00
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., all rail 34.00
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS via Upper Lakes and Sault Ste. Marie 37.50

GOING SEPT. 23, 1905.

Valid to return ... October 9, 1905.
Proportionate rates from all stations in Canada.

REDUCED FARES
Until October 31, 1905

Second Class Colonist Fares from Montreal to

ST. PAUL, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and PORTLAND $48.90
ROSSLAND, NELSON, TRAIL, ROBSON, SPOKANE $46.40
ANACONDA, BUTTE, HELENA, SALT LAKE $45.90
COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER, PUEBLO $45.50
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES $49.00

Low Rates to Many Other Points.

CITY TICKET OFFICES
137 St. James street, Telephones Main 460 and 461, or Bonaventure Station.

New York Central R. R.

Trains leave Windsor Station for New York 7.50 a.m., daily except Sunday, and 7.30 p.m. daily. Locals for Valleyfield and intermediate stations 10.20 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 5.10 p.m. and 6.10 p.m., daily except Sunday, and 9.15 a.m., Sunday only.
City Ticket Office, 130 St. James street. 228 156eod

RutlandRd
Windsor St. Station

Trains Leave as Follows:

9.35 a.m.—GREEN MOUNTAIN FLYER, arriving Burlington 12.25 p.m., Troy 5 p.m., Albany 5.25 p.m., New York 9.20 p.m., Boston 8 p.m., Worcester 7.29 p.m.

7.10 p.m. NIGHT EXPRESS, arriving Burlington 10.10 p.m., Troy 2.50 a.m., New York 7.17 a.m., Boston 7.00 a.m. Worcester 6.27 a.m.

Pullman sleeping and Parlour cars on through trains.

Secure accommodations and tickets at 141 St. James st. and Windsor Station.

T. M. FALLON,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent.
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MONTREAL PARK & ISLAND RAILWAY COMPANY.

LACHINE — From Post Office, 20 min. service, 6.40 a.m. to 11 p.m. 30 min. service, 11 p.m. to midnight. From Lachine 20 min. service 6.50 a.m. to 11.20 p.m., 40 min. service, 11.40 p.m. to 12.00 midnight. Sault au Recollet — From St. Denis to Henderson Station every half hour, 5 a.m. to 10.30 p.m., every hour, 10.30 p.m. to 12.00 midnight. Extra car runs from Chenneville st. to Henderson Station at 6.10 p.m. Mountain — From Mt. Royal avenue, 20 min. service, 6.30 a.m. to 11.40 p.m. From Victoria ave., Westmount, 20 min. service, 5.30 a.m. to 11.40 p.m. Cartierville — From Snowdon's Junction, 40 min. service, 7.40 a.m. to 11.40 p.m. From Cartierville, 40 min. service, 5.40 a.m. to 1.40 p.m.

135 296

Santa Fe

ALL THE WAY.
Cheap Rates to
CALIFORNIA
SEPT. 15th to OCT. 31st.
$49.00
FROM MONTREAL, QUE.
Through Tourist Cars

For Rates, Berths, etc. Apply to D. W. HATCH, Agent Santa Fe, 138 St. James street, Montreal, Que. 217 8 4am



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Royal Sport

When buying your next box of cigars, ask for and demand

THE Royal Sport
The Full Value 10c Cigar.

They are made from Pure Havana Leaf, picked in the year that the crop was right the best skilled workmen made them. Their taste is pleasant and aroma fragrant. Most dealers have them. If yours has not write us.

The Sherbrooke Cigar Co.,
LTD.
SHERBROOKE, QUE.

NO CONTRACT AND A BIG BILL

Harbor Commissioners Discuss Cost of Shed Alterations.

LYALL'S CHARGE $55,000

Board Cannot Change the Method of Electing its President by a Mere Vote.

At the meeting of the Harbor Commissioners yesterday afternoon a large part of the session was taken up discussing the fact that no contract existed between the commissioners and Messrs. Peel Lyall and Sons relative to the alterations in the sheds on the harbor front, and if the same was a case of Settler for the same had been terminated.

These alterations had been authorized by a by-law passed and a draft contract had been prepared by Secretary Smith and Chief Engineer Kennedy. The contract had been sent to Mr. P. St. George, engineer in charge of the Government interests, and being it had evidently slept for the commissioners had seen no more of it.

Some of the commissioners objected to the payment of this amount with a contract had been entered into, and it was finally decided to lay the matter on the table until later.

Hon. Robert Mackay, the chairman, stated that the contractors had begun their work of alterations upon their own responsibility and the good faith of the commissioners.

The finance committee concurred in the recommendations of the works committee that the two sets, separate be made at sections 3558, at an estimated cost of $1,500 and at sections 28-29, at an estimated cost of $3,000.

The reports were adopted, Mr. Dorian dissenting.

The special committee on wharf sheds reported on the application of the Canadian Pacific Railway and Messrs. H. & A. Allan, to have the floors of the sheds changed from scoria blocks to asphalt, and recommended that inasmuch as the scoria blocks had been specially made for the sheds, of such a form as to provide a smooth, level surface, and that no time had been delivered, the floors be laid with scoria blocks, as contracted for.

The report was adopted, Mr. Bickerdike dissenting.

A communication was read from the harbor solicitors expressing the opinion that the mode of electing the president by open vote could not be changed to one by ballot by a mere motion or resolution.

ACCOUNTANTS AT DINNER.

Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Incorporation of Montreal Association.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the incorporation of the Montreal Association of Chartered Accountants was celebrated last night by a dinner in the sportsmen's room of the Montreal Club.

The president of the society, Mr. J. W. Ross, presided and the toast list was an elaborate one.

The toast to the Montreal Society was proposed by Mr. W. H. Cross, president of the Dominion Association of Chartered Accountants. Mr. Cross referred to the progress which the profession had made since its inception twenty-five years ago. It was the oldest organization of its kind in Canada, and in respect was only a few months younger than the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England. He referred to the fact that of the members of the association whose efforts had made the society what it is to-day.

The other toasts were honored and a number of interesting speeches delivered by the members of the association and the guests from kindred societies who were present.

NEW CHIME OF BELLS.

St. Louis de France Church Will Have Fine Set.

The fine chime of bells for St. Louis de France Church were shipped from Havre the beginning of this week. Rev. Father Belanger, the pastor, is actively engaged in making preparations for their blessing, which will take place the middle of next month.

The late pastor, Abbe Lamarche, raised the funds for the chimes, and his successor, the late Abbe Bourassa, gave the order. Neither lived to see the plans realized.

Canadian and American Patents.

The following Canadian and American patents have been recently secured through the agency of Messrs. Marion and Marion, patent attorneys, Montreal, Canada and Washington, D.C. Information on the subject will be supplied free of charge by applying to the above-named firm.

CANADA.

No. 95,028. Robert Gass, Shubenacadie, N.S., improvements in railway cars.

No. 95,052. Albert Bellamy, Fort William, Ont., rail chair.

No. 95,054. Charles Lavers, Vilvorde, Belgium, brake apparatus for railway vehicle.

No. 95,131. George Krebs, Copenhagen, Denmark, apparatus for impregnating and drying wood.

UNITED STATES.

No. 799,165. Alfred John, Winnipeg, Man., car fender.

No. 799,619. Joseph Hudler, Glauchau, Germany, incandescent gas burners.

No. 799,822. Messrs. Coulombe and Lacroix, Woonsocket, R. I., vinegar generator.

No. 799,939. Messrs. Reynolds and Bedard, Montreal, Que., peat drying apparatus.

Gave Judgment for Plaintiff.

Mr. Justice Doherty gave judgment [illegible] for $175 in favor of C. M. Webster vs. Andrew Mackay. The plaintiff undertook to do something for the defendant in a house owned by Mr. H. H. Walsh. Mr. Walsh paid $325 for a portion of the work, but defendant refused to pay the balance when the plaintiff took action, claiming $175 on the main contract and $21.80 as extras. The evidence showed that defendant had given plaintiff an order for the balance, and that the [illegible] has carried out his contract.

Montebello, September 23.—The Government is organizing societies for the benefit of the sufferers by the recent earthquakes. Many applications were received by the School for National Instruction at Milan.

Terrific storms continued to devastate the province destroying the temporary shelter occupied by the earthquake sufferers. Lightning killed three persons yesterday near Cosenza.

Sudden Death of Thomas Woods.

Thomas Wood, 130 Shannon street, died in the General Hospital last night, where he was taken by an emergency ambulance call, and as there is some dispute as to the council of the death for the ambulance call, Coroner McMahon will look it to the matter. Woods, it is reported, is to have died in the ambulance on him, and council of Dame Hellen Gleason, but it was found that he was sick of pneumonia.

Mr. Godfroi Langlois Spoke.

At the meeting of the Laurier Political and Literary Club, St. Godfroi Langlois, M.L.A. for St. Louis division, was the principal speaker. He dealt with the question of [illegible] elections and the tariff. Other speakers were Messrs. Mazzolam, [illegible] Woodenberg, Levinson and L. [illegible].

Action Held to Be Premature.

In the case of Dame H. [illegible] vs. L. P. Dupre, the court upheld the defendant's plea that the plaintiff was to wait for payment of a debt of $[illegible] until B. could raise the money by a certain loan, and, therefore, the action was premature.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

LAST NIGHT'S ARRIVALS.

At the St. James: C. W. Lister, Prince, N.S.; C. Gardner, Berwick; F. Simard, St. Johns, Que.; J. C. Morris, Hawkesbury; W. J. Galbraith, Quebec; D. J. D'Arche, Hartford; F. E. Smith, Yarmouth; J. J. Mills, Toronto; J. Ewing, New Glasgow; H. W. Mc[illegible], Toronto; C. L. Morton, Amherst; J. Cudewood, New York; Alexander Fraser, New York; W. H. Hyde, New York; S. H. Brownlee, Niagara Falls.

Living With a Broken Neck.

Binghamton, N.Y., September 22.—Frank Worrick, a farm laborer, lies with a broken neck at Union, and the physicians think that he has a fair chance of recovery. He was thrown from a load of straw, striking on the back of his head and dislocating his neck.



A NOTABLE REFORM IN THE OLD EST SCHOOL.



THE TRIUMPH OF INNOCENCE.

(Portrait of a gentleman who is thoroughly satisfied with the Terms of Peace.)

—Punch.

HUNGARIAN CRISIS OF LAST FEW WEEKS

It is Not Clearness, but Confusion Worse Confounded.

Special to The Montreal Star.

Vienna, September 23.—Not clearness, but confusion worse confounded is the net result of the last few weeks' development in the Hungarian crisis. Perhaps the success of the movement of the breaking of the boat between Norway and Sweden without bloodshed had made the Hungarians believe that they can achieve a similar success in the south-eastern part of Europe.

While it is true that broadly considered, no important changes have occurred, still there have been troublesome outbreaks among the peasant classes. Then, too, the secondary features of the situation have altered in appearance, while the relative importance of others has been notably modified. Were it not for the general conviction that by hook or by crook some settlement will be reached within the next few months, the position would seem worse now than at the beginning of the enforced parliamentary recess. The antagonism between the Coalition and the Fejervary Cabinet, is, if possible, sharper than ever before. Neither side shows any signs of yielding. The authorized representatives of the Crown still declare with emphasis that there can be no question of any change in His Majesty's standpoint regarding the language of command, and M. Kossuth, who has spent a few days in Vienna recently on his way from Karlsbad to Budapest, affirms in the "Wiener Allgemeine Zeitung," that it will be impossible to restore order in Hungary or for the Coalition majority to take office until the question in regard to which the current of Hungarian opinion is irresistible has been settled once and for all. M. Kossuth does not expressly mention the language of command, but alludes to it with sufficient clearness by saying that the "Monarch needs only to break with a prejudice which time and the conversion of the army from a paid into a popular institution have proved to be unjustified." M. Kossuth again lays stress on the loyalty of the Hungarians to the Hapsburg dynasty, but adds that the public desire cannot be withstood without imperilling the results attained through the wisdom and the moderation of the Monarch since the year 1867.

IMPORTANT ISSUES RAISED.

While some of the main terms of the problem are thus unchanged some important side issues have been raised. The Fejervary Cabinet has departed from its passive attitude and is preparing to challenge the Coalition to try conclusions on quite another field than that of national military demands and abstruse questions of State jurisprudence. The Minister of the Interior, M. Kristoffy, has declared himself a convinced partisan of universal manhood suffrage on an educational basis, the vote to be extended to all Hungarian citizens irrespective of race, who can read and write in any language. The Socialists who have long agitated for universal suffrage, have eagerly espoused M. Kristoffy's idea, and have begun in its support a campaign of propaganda which appears to be causing considerable embarrassment to the Coalition. It is stated authoritively that when the chamber, which has just commenced its sessions is well under way, a Government bill will be introduced embodying a scheme for universal suffrage, the object being to provide a popular anti-Coalition platform in case the Premier, Baron Fejervary, should think right to advise the Crown to dissolve Parliament during the autumn. From the standpoint of Magyar Hegemony, in Hungary, his move may be dangerous though for the moment the Magyar's stand to gain electoral influence on an educational qualification, as they are at present better educated than the other races of Hungary. The non-Magyar races, with an eye to the more remote future have, like the Socialists, caught up the idea of universal suffrage and are beginning to busily agitate in its favor. Whatever the results of the Government's "red herring" move it can hardly fail to place the Coalition in an awkward predicament. The Coalition has never seriously contemplated universal suffrages with equality for all races and languages, although it has repeatedly coquetted with the idea of electoral reform properly trimmed to suit Magyar interests, but it is an open question whether Baron Fejervary will succeed just at present in turning the current of public feeling against his adversaries.

The Coalition, indeed, has during the past few weeks assumed the position of an independent committee of public safety and has gone so far as to instruct the county assemblies not to take into account Ministerial annulments of county decisions, but to deflect for the payment of officials who may be suspended by the Government a certain proportion of the taxes due to the State Exchequer. The Coalition promises to deduct the monies thus deflected from the taxes to be collected when it shall attain office. Passive resistance continues throughout the country both in regard to the payment of taxes and to the enrolment of recruits. In one respect however the Coalition has been checkmated—namely, in its efforts to induce the Liberal party to dissolve and leave its members a free hand. Count Tisza succeeded in holding the party together and in limiting the threatening dissolution to a secession of a dozen deputies.

Pleased With Lake St. John District.

Quebec, September 23.—Hon. J. C. McCorkill, provincial treasurer, who returned this week from a trip through Lake St. John district, has formed an opinion of that region which apparently will strongly influence him in favoring any schemes the Government may bring forward at future sessions for its development.

Hon. Mr. McCorkill went into the so-called "hinterland" for the purpose of acquainting himself with the country. He was accompanied by several prominent persons of Quebec, and also by Prof. Chvon Barron, of London, Ont. When seen at his office in the Parliament buildings, he spoke of the change in his opinions regarding the district.

"There is room in the Lake St John district for the whole population of Quebec," he said "and the prevailing idea that the country north of the Laurentian range is not suitable for general agriculture and business is a fallacy. I was never more surprised over anything than over that vast sweep of almost level land lying around Lake St. John. The English-speaking people of Quebec have no conception, I am certain, of what a future that place has, for the French are doing most to settle it."

AN ARMED POSSE LOOKING FOR CHILD

Prescott, Ont., September 23.—The community of Roebuck and Domville is aroused over the disappearance of an eight-year-old girl. Wednesday morning Mr. John Orr, a farmer living six miles north of Prescott, sent his little daughter on an errand across the fields to a neighbor's house. She arrived there safely and left about half past ten, and has not been seen since. Foul play is suspected, as four rough characters were seen in the swamp near her home that night, and it is reported they tried to hold up a man about midnight. A search party was organized at the Goodwin's boarding house at noon yesterday, and the country is being searched by an armed posse.

WESTERN LAND SPECULATION.

230,000 Acres Sold to Land Company for About $1,000,000.

Winnipeg, September 23.—The harvesting of an immense crop has given a renewed stimulus to the land boom. Many big deals are under way, and one involving about one million dollars has been consummated. C. A. Bole, and F. B. Lamb of the North-West Colonization Company, St. Paul, have just purchased from a syndicate of land men, Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan and Alberta, a tract of 150,000 acres in the Saskatchewan district, western Manitoba and eastern Saskatchewan was purchased by the syndicate. The department of the syndicate in Toronto. The price paid is not being made public, but it is understood it was considerably in advance of what it was originally offered to the syndicate. The sale includes the Canadian Pacific Railway lands in the district between Saskatchewan and Alberta. The new Grand Trunk Pacific runs through the tract.

The Saskatchewan Land Company of which Messrs. Bole and Lamb are the leading members, was formed only a few months before the sale was made. It had in its syndicate a number of well known men, and it is understood that the new purchase will be handled by the old company. It is the first one in the interior to deal in the both tracts at once on both wholesale and retail lines.

PAID PENALTY FOR ATROCIOUS CRIME

Negro Executed for Beating His Stepdaughter to Death

Atlanta, Ga., September 23.—Rufus Binyon, colored, who murdered his stepdaughter at Rain, in May 1900, was executed yesterday.

The crime for which Binyon was sentenced to be executed was most atrocious. He raped his 8 year old stepdaughter, May Hartborne to death, then placed the body in the fireplace. The mother of the child, Carrie Binyon, discovered the crime in time to prevent the cremation. Binyon was brought to the Federal goal here in chains and quickly convicted.

Bishop Arnett, of Ohio, made a direct appeal to President Roosevelt to change Binyon's sentence to life imprisonment but the President declined interfere.

Death of An Old Quebecer.

Special to The Montreal Star.

Quebec, September 23.—The death occurred yesterday afternoon at the age of 86 of one of Quebec's oldest and most esteemed citizens in the person of Mr. John Darlington. Since early life he has occupied the same shop opposite the Post Office, where the business conducted by him was first established in 1787.

Montreal Companies Incorporated.

Special to the Montreal Star.

Ottawa, September 23.—Letters patent of incorporation have been granted the following two Montreal companies: The Canadian Glass Manufacturing Company, Limited, capital stock $5,000; the Boston Varnish Company, capital stock $50,000.



"GREAT RUSSIA."

The war at home will be continued.

—Puck

LONDON WOOL AUCTION SALE.

Americans Bought Crossbreds Freely —Germans Also Present.

London, September 23.—The offerings at the wool sales yesterday amounted to 14,188 bales. There was a brisk demand for all descriptions, and prices showed a hardening tendency. Americans bought fine and medium greasy cross-breds freely. Scoured and slipes were in keen demand for home and German buyers at the highest prices of the series. Following are the sales in detail:

New South Wales, 2,100 bales, scoured, 83d to 1s 0d; greasy, 23d to 1s 3½d. Queensland, 2,000 bales, scoured, 1s 3d to 2s 2½d; greasy, 9½d to 1s.

Victoria, 600 bales, scoured, 1s to 2s; greasy, 9½d to 1s 2d.

New Zealand, 6,100 bales, scoured, 83d to 1s 10d; greasy, 8½d to 1s 5½d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 500 bales, scoured, 1s 4½d to 1s 11½d; greasy, 6½d to 9½d.

River Plate, 1,200 bales, scoured, 9½d to 1s 6½d; greasy, 10d.

Punta Arenas, 500 bales, scoured, 1s to 1s 4d; greasy, 8½d to 1s.

Falkland Islands, 200 bales, greasy, 10d to 11½d.

CHEESE BOARDS WERE FIRM.

Prices Showed No Disposition to Decline Yesterday.

Kemptville, Ont., September 23.—Buyers offered 11 11-16c for both white and colored, at which price several lots changed hands. Rest of salesmen holding off for a higher figure.

Napanee, Ont., September 23.—There were 1,731 boxes of cheese boarded, 701 white and 1,030 colored. Only bid on the board was 11¾c for 250 colored. No sales.

Listowel, Ont., September 23.—No meeting of the cheese board. Next meeting September 29.

Brantford, Ont., September 23.—There were offered 1,505 boxes of cheese. Sales: 555, viz., 55 at 11 13-16c, 300 at 11¾c, 250 at 11 5-16c. Next market Friday, October 6th.

Perth, Ont., September 23.—There were 1,500 boxes of white and 250 boxes colored cheese boarded. All sold, prices subject to Brockville cheese board prices. Usual buyers were present.

LOVELY BOOK OF SCENERY FREE.

Just to boom our big illustrated family magazine, we will send by return mail, prepaid, a beautiful engraved book of views of the Rockies and our great monthly magazine for a year, on trial for only 15c. Clubs of 4 and 5 books (different) 40c. Stamps taken. Offer limited. Send at once. Western Magazine, Sta. 69, Denver, Colorado.

Put 'em in the Ash Barrel.



Shoe Reform

Object—health, comfort economy. Rubber abandonment—disappearance of corns, cold feet, clammy feet, tired feet. Water-proof leather adoption Convenience, improved appearance, longer wear, foot comfort, common sense. See the new wet-proof, oil-dressed French Calf Footwear, heavy kid lining. Made by the Goodyear Welt process. Light, springy, stylish.

Price $6.00

Ask for the

Slater Rubberless Shoe

SLATER SHOE STORES:

225 St. James street.
1551 St. Catherine street.
730 St. Catherine st. (Eugene Viau)
830 St. Denis st. (Arsene Lemay)
1497 Notre Dame st. (A. Fleury)
2350 St. Catherine st. (French & Smith)
Albert La Salle, St. Henri.
47 St. Lawrence street.
144 Centre st., Point St. Charles (Thos. Hickey)
P. Donnelly, Lachine.

Boutelleau

X.V.O.B.

Cognac, 1831.

Recognised in Europe and America by educated palates as the cream of the famous Charente Brandies.

HUDON, HEBERT & CO., Montreal

Agents for Canada.

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CASH 10 RECEIPT

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

For the first dollar purchase in all departments, and $3 Stamps in the Grocery Department between 8 and 11 a.m.

DRY GOODS

600 dozen Ladies' Black Cashmere Gloves, all sizes, good value at 25c special for Monday and Tuesday 12½c

Grocery Department

21 lbs. Granulated Sugar for $1.00
2 lbs. Parisian Blue for 25c
3 pkgs. Corn Starch for 20c

BOOTS AND SHOES

Men's Boots, lined with leather, in Velours Calf, regular $4.50, for $3.25
Ladies' Patent Leather Boots, regular $5, for $3.25
We make a specialty of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers for boys and girls.

L'ETOILE,

481 Notre Dame West, Chaboillez Square.

COUPON.

This Coupon is good for $4.00 in Stamps in the Dry Goods Department and $3.00 in the Grocery, with the first $1 purchase, 8 to 11 a.m., Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

ADAM LAMY, 3555 Notre Dame St., St. Henry

Your health depends as much on your druggist as on your physician.

Your doctor's prescription will cure you if scrupulous care and the best quality purest drugs are used in dispensing it.

Ask your doctor about the purity of my drugs and the absolute accuracy I use in dispensing.

Dowler's Pharmacy

Cor. Phillips Sq. and St. Catherine St.



KRASEL'S DOUBLE ASH SIFTER

does the work of two Sifters and does it quick and clean. Practical demonstration daily. Open evenings till 9 o'clock.

Descriptive circular by mail.

All out of town orders promptly filled. Express charges prepaid, as per circular.

I also carry a full line of HOUSE FURNISHINGS, HARDWARE, OILS and WINDOW GLASS.

Address all orders to

PAUL R. KRASEL,

2693 and 2695 ST. CATHERINE STREET. (Near St. Mark street)

MONTREAL, P.Q.

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A GENTS FOR

JOHN T. LYONS

STORES AT

6 Bleury street.
St. Catherine st., corner Drummond
1447 St. Catherine street.
Cor. St. Lawrence and Fairmount—24



Campana's Italian Balm

The most simply compounded and healthful of all skin foods.

25 cts.

THE DUPLIGRAPH!

The Latest Invention in "Duplicating" Machines.

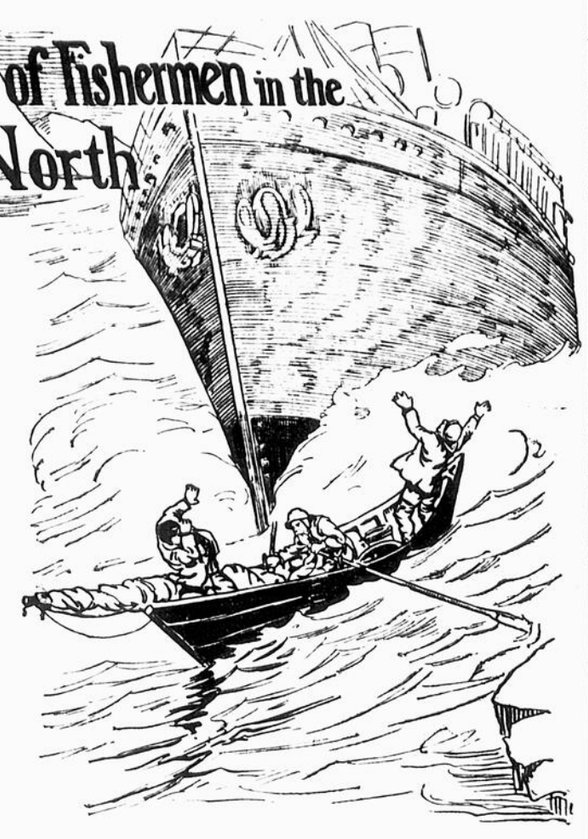
The simplest, cleanest, quickest and cheapest duplicating machine on the market. No dirt, no washing, no stencil, no roller, no expensive supplies. For both typewriter and penwriting.

Write for circulars and samples of work.

PENMAN & SPRANG, Manufacturers, Toronto, Canada.

MONTREAL BRANCH, Ground Floor, Temple Building, St. James street.

Deadly Perils of Fishermen in the Frozen North



For daring and enterprise for boldness in the face of danger, the hardy fishermen who wrest a livelihood from the perilous Arctic seas, are not surpassed by any on the globe.

At this moment hundreds of these men are battling with storm and ice, fog and treacherous currents in the frigid waters of Labrador, Greenland, and Iceland.

Setting out from home ports sometimes as early as April, by August they reach the northern limits of their fishing grounds and, perhaps, have already encountered extraordinary hardships and perils.

The cargoes of codfish and halibut they bring back to stock the markets of the United States are often secured at great cost in suffering, and even life.

Innumerable are the dangers of the fishing fields. Work must be done oftimes amid icebergs and drift packs, treacherous fogs descend, and many fishing vessels are cut down by some rushing liner and sent to the bottom with all hands.

A greater percentage of these men are lost than in any other calling, not excepting that of arms. It has long been said that the history of the Gloucester fisheries is written in tears.

Gloucester, Mass., is the recognized and time-honored home port of this fishing fleet. At times its harbor is crowded with staunch schooners that have known many a battle with the wind, wave and threatening ice.

Were it not for the skill and daring of these hardy men, the fish markets of the United States would be lacking a large proportion of a staple that has become almost indispensable.

As early as April the "captains courageous" of Gloucester start out. They make their way northward fishing all along the Newfoundland coast, battling with floes and bergs, dodging passing steamers, watching for disasters and fogs, but busily fishing all the while.

Straight into the teeth of the ice that is coming southward they press, until they reach the halibut banks about the mouth of Hudson Bay or the fishing grounds along the shores of Greenland. One July morning an American schooner was setting out her fishing lines. At the waters when the white wall of an advancing ice floe was seen coming swiftly along on the bosom of the relentless Labrador current. It was a lone, terrifying barrier, bristling with jagged points and blocks of ice twenty feet high.

In this massive grip the ship was caught, her rudder was smashed and her seams opened. She closed around her like some giant band of destiny and immense blocks crushed upon her deck.

By setting on her canvas at the risk of having her spars torn out, the vessel finally worked clear. For six days the weary crew toiled without ceasing at the pumps, until they made St. John's harbor.

Very fortunate they felt in so doing so easily. Hundreds of vessels had been caught in similar ice packs and crushed to pieces.

This instance is but illustrating a common danger of the fishing grounds. Hundreds of vessels have had similar experiences, while many unfortunates have never returned to tell the tale.

It is a danger that swoops down with startling swiftness. One hour may see the ocean comparatively free of obstructions and a number of vessels busy with their fishing lines the next, all may be encircled by an ice floe and some of them sent to a watery grave.

Fishing is done from small boats, or dories, of which each sailing vessel carries eight or a dozen. Each dory is manned by two fishermen.

It is from these little craft, frail enough at best, but helpless in the ice, that most of the fishermen are lost.

Crowding on sail, the schooner may escape from the threatening mass, but the dories caught in it are in a desperate plight.

The men may crawl upon the moving ice, but that does not always mean safety. Borne swiftly on the southbound current, they are often carried far beyond the reach of help. When their schooners finally sail back into Gloucester flags are at half mast and more names are added to the list of the sea's victims, to be read at the next annual memorial services.

Often, far south of the fishing banks, will be seen mute evidences of a tragedy upon some floating cake of ice. It may be a lot of seamen's gear, a few tin cans, perhaps, or even a dory, but no sign of life.

The sight of a vessel coming into harbor with her ensign at half-mast is all too frequent at Gloucester. And many a fine craft sails jauntily away to the North, never to be heard from again.

Overwhelmed by a floe or berg, perhaps, or run down in fog by a liner, the vessel vanishes with all hands on board, leaving not a trace of the manner in which death overtook them.

A number of vessels are lost by dragging their anchors in a sudden storm. One unmanageable craft will crash into another, and the two, locked in deadly embrace, may plunge upon a third, and all go to the bottom.

Fishermen always keep their ears open for the sound of an approaching steamer. When the fog is so thick that one can scarcely see the end of the bowsprit, there is especial danger from these steam-driven giants, with their sharp iron bows that crush down the little wooden fishing vessels as though it were a floating house of cards.

For steamers do not always follow the law and slow down during a fog. Many a fishing crew, sleeping soundly in their bunks, have been awakened by the crash of collision, only to find themselves borne downward beneath the icy waters before they can reach the deck.

When disaster comes there is less chance of rescue in those Arctic regions than there would be further south. The fishing fleets are widely scattered, and few other vessels are in those seas, except an occasional patrolling warship or a clumsy whaler blown out of her course.

Time after time dory fishermen, separated from their vessels by ice floes or during fogs, have managed to work their way to the bleak Labrador coast. It is then a toss-up whether they can drag themselves to some station of human beings or must perish along the shore.

Lines of dread or sorrow are deeply graven upon the faces of the women of Gloucester. The girl who in her early twenties, marries a fisherman takes more than an even chance of being a widow in her thirties.

This terrible tax upon human life has resulted in the stablishment of a memorial day.

Upon a certain morning in midwinter children cast flowers upon the waters of the harbor, one flower for each victim of the sea during the preceding year. Then the fishermen and their families gather in the City Hall for memorial services. The roll of the dead is called, prayers are said and there are addresses.

Why do men follow such a hazardous calling? There are mouths ashore to be fed, and bread must be got from the sea.

Naturally, the fishermen get better wages than other sailors, having a share in the proceeds of the catch, as a general thing. Most of them are fairly prosperous, owning their own homes and possessing snug bank accounts.

No Gloucester fisherman ever sails away to the Northern banks, however, with anything like assurance that he will see his home again.

In the truest sense they are "men unafraid," and their very daring casts a halo of romance about the icy death traps of the Arctic seas.

Highest Tower in the World to be Built for Amusement of New Yorkers

Original always and in all things, New York is soon to have the oldest amusement enterprise on the face of the earth, in the shape of a tower taller than any structure in the world and equipped with a larger variety of combined entertainments and utilities than anything that has ever existed for the edification of the millions who are constantly and hungrily seeking new pleasures.

Called "The Weber Tower," after its designer, Carl Weber, one of the best known experts in the matter of tall steel-concrete constructions, the building will be unique in many ways, and when it has been erected, either in one of the parks of Manhattan, or in some equally prominent spot, it will unquestionably be one of the foremost attractions of the metropolis.

In the first place, it will reach the enormous height of 1,250 feet, just 258 feet taller than the Eiffel Tower in Paris and more than twice as tall as the Washington Monument, which, with 555 feet, is at present the highest permanent structure in the world. It will so far overtop everything in New York that comparison is idle, the Park Row building, which now holds pre-eminence, being only 382 feet high, and the St. Paul building, ranking second, having but 308 feet. In Europe, after the Eiffel Tower, there is only the Ulm Cathedral, with 528 feet, but this is excelled by the City Hall in Philadelphia with 548 feet.

Height alone, however, will not be the chief recommendation of the Weber tower. It will be a skyscraper of universal invitation. If you are a business man you will be able to rent offices inside its lean but lofty stretches. If you want an evening's frolic you will be escorted to the highest roof garden in the world, eleven hundred feet above the sidewalk, which is so high that every other roof garden will look like a pigmy patch of light without form or substance. If you are an astronomer you will find all the paraphernalia for the study of the heavens at such close range that you will hardly need a telescope. And above all, there will be the necessary precautions to prevent you jumping off if you are one of those persons who get that impulse whenever they reach the top of a high place.

Although virtually nothing has been known of this remarkable project except by those most intimately associated with it, the plans have so far progressed that in all likelihood it will be an accomplished fact in a reasonably short time. Several of the most influential capitalists in New York have taken it up and have been so much impressed with it that the vast sum required for it is practically ready and actual work will probably begin before the winter sets in. So thoroughly has the scheme been worked out that the whole structure can be completed and ready for use within a year after the beginning of the operation.

Huge Cylindrical Shaft.

In design the tower will be entirely novel. Its main part is to be cylindrical, in the form of a shaft of thirty-five feet inside diameter, the lower three hundred feet, reinforced by a system of ribs, while the largest outside diameter will be one hundred and forty feet. Balconies for the accommodation of visitors will be provided at various heights, and the highest platform accessible to the public will be twelve hundred feet above the street level, where there will be space for as many as sixteen hundred persons at one time.

According to present plans, eight elevators will run in the main shaft, with a capacity of about 1,250 persons every hour. The main platform, however, where there will be a roof garden that can be inclosed when the necessity arises, will be eleven hundred feet high. Here there will be refreshment stands, a post office, telegraph office, public telephones, toilet rooms and about everything else that modern exigencies demand, while well informed guides will be in attendance to point out and explain the wonderful views from every side and to furnish field glasses when required. Another novel feature will be provision for a United States weather observatory, which will be higher than any now in use, as well as several rooms applicable to private scientific research.

From the base of the tower up to the three hundred foot balcony there will be eighteen stories, some of which will be utilized for office purposes and some for entertainment. There will be ample room for a theatre, as well as for a museum and other exhibitions. As a matter of fact, half a dozen distinct entertainment enterprises may be included in this great space without conflict. The second floor, however, will be reserved for a restaurant of the first class, with about ten thousand square feet of floor space and, of course, the most up-to-date improvements in the way of comfort and decorative effect. On the lower floor there will be stores, but only such as will be in harmony with the purposes of the entire edifice, and here also will be located the electric machinery for the operation of the elevators and the power for the light, heat, ventilation apparatus and so on, although this will be of such a magnitude that a part of it will go below the main stairway.

Although details of the architectural ornamentation have not yet been perfected, it is promised that the entrances especially will be extraordinarily elaborate, with marble columns, spacious stairways, promenades, reception rooms and other features of luxury and splendor. So far as may be possible this effect of richness will be striven for from the base of the building to the top of the tower.

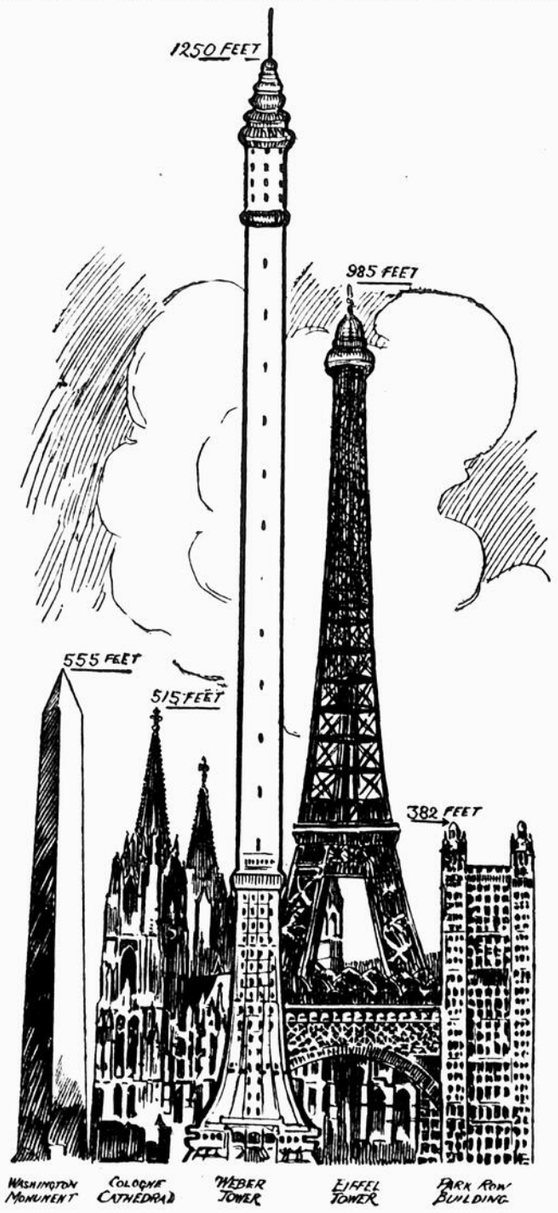
Whatever other attractions the building may contain, the top of it will be the greatest, by reason of the immense height and the magnificent view to be had there, to say nothing of the quality of the air in any kind of weather. Before the eyes of the spectator there will lie the whole City of New York, the Atlantic Ocean as far as the sight can reach, the Hudson River and the surrounding country to a distance of 250 miles. It has been estimated that the view will take in a territory of 20,000 square miles.

All the year around the tower will be open and the elevators will begin to run one hour before sunrise and continue until midnight. The upper floors, however, probably will be utilized as club rooms, in which case, of course, members will have access at all times.

Carl Weber, to whose inventive genius the public will owe this novel attraction, is a civil engineer and president of the Weber Steel-Concrete Chimney Company, of Chicago. His chimneys are known everywhere, and for this new one, which probably will acquire the name of the "Amusement Chimney," he has a large staff of engineers and workmen at his command, although the whole work will be under his personal supervision.

At present, the tallest concrete construction is the chimney of the American Smelting and Refining Company, in Tacoma, Washington. This has an inside diameter of eighteen feet, and a total height of 308 feet, and although the thickness of the walls is only eight feet at the base, the chimney is proof against cyclones. The work on that construction was done in about seventy-five working days.

It is estimated that the cost of the new tower will be about two million dollars, including electric equipment, interior decoration and fixtures, and a reserve fund for emergencies. It is believed that the tower, when finally in operation, will be capable of accommodating easily fifteen thousand persons a day.



Get Your Money's Worth. Wear a BUCKLEY HAT.
THE WALDRON DROUIN CO., LTD., Agents for Canada.

MARINE NEWS.

Port of Montreal.

ARRIVED.

SS. Cape Breton (Br.), Reid, 1109, cargo coal from Sydney for the Dominion Coal Company, Windmill Point.

SS. Ortawa (Br.), Maddox, 2291, general cargo and passengers from Liverpool, Dominion line; Dominion line wharf.

SS. Campana (Br.), Rouchard, 1900, general cargo and a few passengers from Lower Gulf ports; Victoria pier.

CLEARED.

SS. Dominion (Br.), Mendus, general cargo and passengers for Liverpool.

SS. Ontarian (Br.), Williams, general cargo and live stock for London.

SS. Britannic (Nor.), Olsen, light, for Sydney.

SS. Tancred (Nor.), Andersen, light, for Sydney.

SS. Nordhoen (Dan.), Sonne, light, for Chicoutimi, to load deals for Cardiff.

SS. Kildona (Br.), Roberts, general cargo, for London.

SS. Montrose (Br.), McNeill, general cargo, for London.

SS. Wobun (Nor.), Melkle, light, for Sydney.

SS. Sif (Nor.), Hermansen, light, for Sydney.

SAILED.

SS. Tunisian (Br.), Braes, general cargo and passengers, for Liverpool.

SS. Milwaukee (Br.), Moore, general cargo, for Liverpool.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Iona (Br.), Cummings, 2085, the Robert Reford Co.; section 23.

Mongolian (Br.), Stirrat, 2087, H. & A. Allan; Allan's Glasgow wharf.

Athenia (Br.), McNeill, 5112, the Robt. Reford Co.; Donaldson Line pier.

Canada Cape (Br.), Symonds, 2780, Elder, Dempster & Co.; Elder-Dempster sheds.

NOTES.

The C. P. Atlantic liner Montfort arrived in Bristol yesterday.

The C. P. Atlantic liner Lake Michigan sailed from London for Montreal yesterday.

The C. P. Atlantic liner Lake Champlain is due here from Liverpool to-morrow morning.

The Crown of Navarre sailed from Quebec with deals for Cork and London yesterday.

The Manchester Shipper, from Manchester with a general cargo is due here to-day.

The Nord Amerika sailed from Quebec with deals for Sunderland and Newcastle yesterday.

The C. P. Atlantic liner Montezuma sailed from Antwerp for Montreal and Quebec yesterday.

The Allan liner Sicilian, from Montreal and Quebec, arrived at Liverpool Thursday afternoon.

The C. P. Atlantic liner Monmouth passed in at Martin River yesterday, and is due here on Sunday.

The Allan liner Parisian, from Liverpool with general cargo and passengers for Montreal, is due here to-morrow evening.

The Allan liner Bavarian sailed from Moville for Montreal at 2.30 yesterday afternoon with 147 first, 262 second and 700 third-class passengers.

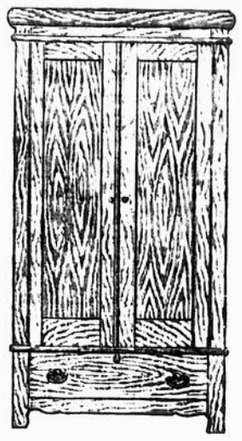
The Allan liner Pomeranian, from London and Havre for Quebec and Montreal, arrived at Quebec yesterday and is due here to-day.

Torpedo Boats Collide.

Cherbourg, September 23.—During the naval manoeuvres here yesterday two torpedo boats collided and remained interlocked until they were towed to port, where they were separated by tugs.

Investigation showed that the boats had suffered serious damage. Their crews were rescued.

The Usefulness of a Wardrobe



is known by every housekeeper. The small space it occupies and its utility is much appreciated. We have a large assortment and we will make the special offer of a magnificent Wardrobe, same as cut, Colonial style, golden oak finish, one large drawer at bottom and two doors in cupboard. The interior is furnished with a great number of hooks. A splendid value at $18.00.

Our special price for one week only, **$13.50**

Brass Bedsteads

Special reductions are made in this line. We exhibit in our window a splendid Brass Bed, highly ornamented, 4 feet 6 inches wide, 2 inch posts. Regular price $87.50.

Our reduced price $72.00

Another Brass Bed, new design, 2 inch posts, same size as the one above. Regular price $62.50.

Our reduced price $45.00

H. P. Labelle & Co.

5=7 Notre Dame, West

THE STAMP OF

SUPERIORITY

Shows in the whiteness of the linen laundered by us. It's just right starching; it's just enough—not too much gloss. The comfort of a well-fitting shirt collar, ditto detached collar and frayless edged cuff as we turn them out. The only superiority we lack is that of our price. Ours is rather under than over others. Good place to send your washing, isn't it? Try us.

THE IMPERIAL LAUNDRY CO., Limited

Phone Main 3118. 43½ BONSECOURS STREET. 227 2 law.



Vacuum Cleaning

"The Canadian Vacuum Cleaner Co., Ltd.:

Dear Sirs,—We are very well pleased to state that according to contract you have cleaned our carpet to our greatest satisfaction without having the disagreeable trouble of removing it.

We consider this new process of cleaning carpets, one of the most improved inventions of this century. Yours truly, The Peerless Gas Light Co., Ltd., of Montreal."

The Canadian Vacuum Cleaning Co., Ltd.

The only absolutely dustless system of removing dust without raising a dust. Many of the so-called Dustless Systems being in reality Dust Distributors or Microbe Scatterers.

The Canadian Vacuum Cleaner Co., Ltd.,
13-15 Concord St., Montreal.
Phone Up 2117.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR



DR SIMON'S OF PARIS RAZORINE will instantly and permanently remove without pain or injury to the most delicate skin, all superfluous hairs, the toughest beards, etc., from the face, moles, neck and arms, price $1.00.

$50.00 Will Be Paid If Not successful

FREE TRIAL We are not afraid to have you try this wonderful preparation, and you may do so FREE. If you will send us ten cents to cover cost of postage and packing, we will send you a trial bottle, not a dollar bottle of course, but sufficient to remove considerable hair and furnish a good test. Address COOPER & CO., Dept. 2, 425 St. Paul st., Montreal. Special Agents for Canada.

INDIGESTION

Remarkable cure that will interest every man and woman *suffering* from INDIGESTION.

Effective treatment that PERMANENTLY REMOVES THE CAUSE.

Men and women who suffer from indigestion need no longer despair. Out of a mass of failures has come a genuine success. Indigestion can be thoroughly cured by using

DR. PITT'S PEARL PILLS

They ensure a clear head, pure blood, a healthy liver and a sound stomach. They therefore prevent and cure indigestion and all diseases caused by a disordered stomach and liver.

25c per Box. All Dealers.

THE DR. PITT MEDICINE CO.
P.O. Box 2384, Montreal.

Resignations Formally Accepted.

The board of governors of McGill University have formally accepted the resignation of Miss H. D. Oakeley, as warden of the Royal Victoria College, and of Mr. Justice Fortin, for seventeen years professor of civil law. The governors expressed their regret that such valued members of the staff should have found it necessary to sever their connection with the university. Mr. Aime Geoffrion's appointment to succeed Judge Fortin at McGill will be shortly announced, it is expected.

Dufort Freres

235-237 St. Lawrence Street

It is none too early to see the new arrivals, the fall styles in Blouses and Dress Goods being especially attractive. Don't forget you can get THE STANDARD PATTERNS HERE.

Ladies' Blouses

ALPACA BLOUSES. The new fall style, in four shades, brown, navy blue, white and black, the new sleeves, large cape collar and full tab collar and silk buttons down front, special price $1 25

EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACQUES. An American novelty, very comfortable; in colors of grey and red, trimmed round sleeves and collar in black or self, also ribbon and silk buttons, special price $1 50

EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACQUES. The latest American style, neatly braid around neck with satin, silk barrel buttons, and appliqué work, special price $1 95

EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACQUES. The new style of satin collar, beautifully trimmed with two rows of satin, silk barrel buttons and appliqué work, special price $2 50

EIDERDOWN ROBES. In colors of red and grey, large sailor collar, trimmed with two rows of satin, heavy cord and tassels, silk barrel buttons and silk appliqué work, special price $4 50

EIDERDOWN DRESSING ROBES. In [illegible] shades, red, grey and pale blue, heavy cord and tassels, well [illegible] trimmed with satin, silk barrel buttons and silk appliqué work, special price $5.50

EIDERDOWN DRESSING ROBES. In [illegible] special pale blue; collar and sleeves trimmed with black [illegible] heavy cord and tassels, silk barrel buttons and silk appliqué work, special price $7 50

FLANNELETTE DRESSING ROBES. In stripe [illegible] flannelette, frill around neck and shoulder, assorted [illegible] extra special price $1 25

Flannelette Underwear

FLANNELETTE SHIRTS. In white, pale blue, red or pink, trimmed round neck and sleeves with silk braid. DRAWERS trimmed with flannelette embroidery. SKIRTS made with large frill at bottom, special price, each 50c

FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES. In white, pale blue and pink, frill around neck and sleeves, special price 75c

COMPLETE STOCK OF FALL DRESS GOODS.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.

CASH 10 RECEIPT

ARSENE LAMY,

830 St. Denis St.
Corner Duluth

CASH 10 RECEIPT

Fashion Opening

This week will be remarkable for our grand Fashion Opening, which will be an event of 1905.

Do Not Forget the Date

Friday, September 29th.

A complete assortment of Comforters, Woollen Coverlets, Quilts, all at prices so low that rivalry in any quarter is out of the question.

A magnificent stock of Cloak Materials, fancy grey effects, 56 in. wide, per yard $1 50

Corduroy, assorted colors, a very fine assortment 25c

Cashmere Flannels, the newest designs, worth 40 to 50c, special 25c

Embroidered Pillow Shams, different patterns, special 44c

A complete assortment of Rubbers, Boots and Shoes, for men, women and children.

800 "Leader" Gas Mantels, double burners, worth 25c, special for 3 days .. 15c

100 Pillow Sham Supporters, in wood and in metal, worth always 40c, for these three days 25c

In the Grocery Department, an extra good selection of fine imported merchandise.

Cut out this Coupon It entitles you to $4 worth of Green Stamps with the first $1 purchase in any department and $3 in the Grocery Department—MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Is Your Health Worth 2 Cents?

If so, read this. We are not trying to sell you a patent medicine, guaranteed to cure all imaginable ills; no one but a charlatan or "fakir" would make such a claim. Neither are we trying to get rich at your expense. We compound 42 different remedies from roots, herbs and flowers from Canadian forests, long known for their curative properties. Your forefathers had no other physician but nature, and often reached the age of 100 years. Once again, let us emphasize the fact that we have a different remedy for each complaint we treat, such as:

DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY DISEASE, BLADDER DISEASES, DIABETES, RHEUMATISM, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, GOUT, URINARY TROUBLES, CANCERS, PARALYSIS, ETC. DISEASES of the BLOOD, such as PIMPLES, SORES, TUMORS,

We guarantee, under forfeit of 1,000 DOLLARS to any charitable institution, that none of our remedies contain Alcohol, Drugs or Poisons of any kind, but simply nature's own remedies. We publish no fictitious testimonials from people whose signatures can be bought for a few dollars. Our best advertisement is the recommendation of the thousands we have cured. We give away no free sample bottles; the ingredients of our remedies are too expensive for that, but we gladly give you any information you ask for on your case. If you are suffering from any of the above diseases, write us for our information blank, and we will give you advice free of charge. All we ask is that you enclose two cent stamp for reply. If we think your case is beyond us, we tell you so, before taking any of your money. Isn't this a straight offer?

Address:

Laliberte's Laboratory of Natural Remedies.

136 St. Denis Street,
Montreal, Que.

PIANO BARGAINS

CHICKERING	Concert Grand Piano, fully guaranteed, action thoroughly renovated. Cost $1,500. Now	$350
CHICKERING	Upright Piano, soft mellow tone. Cost $700. Now	$275
HEINTZMAN	Cabinet Grand Piano. Cost $450. Our price	$225
KARN	Boudoir Upright. Was $375. Now	$210
LAYTON BROS.	Cabinet Grand Piano, nearly new, 3 pedals	$200
UXBRIDGE	Upright Piano, pretty walnut case	$195

10% off the Above Prices for Cash.

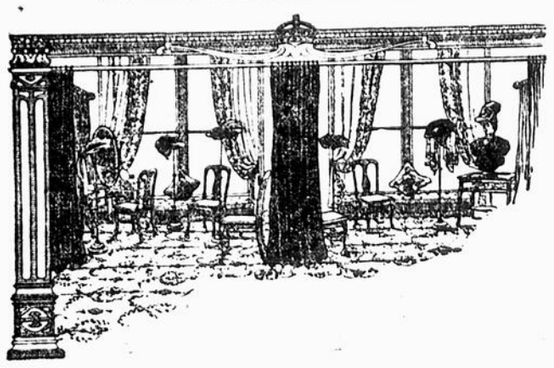
LAYTON BROS.,

Warerooms, 144 Peel Street.

The John Murphy Company Limited

SATURDAY, September 23rd, 1905.

The Highest Type of Millinery.



WHEN our buyers were abroad they understood perfectly well the nature of the business we were seeking to do in Montreal, that the cost of anything was not to stand in the way of its purchase, especially in the nature of materials.

Whatever was likely to be wanted or whatever was worthy of being introduced, must be bought, and accordingly, there is today in our Millinery Department a greater variety of rich materials than anyone ever associated with this business, ever saw gathered together in one place.

And in the matter of designers, we have been equally particular. We have spared neither time, patience nor money in securing milliners of the very highest type. Women of artistic and sympathetic natures—women who can express the feelings of a person in a hat.

Is it any wonder, therefore, that we have such confidence in our ability to satisfy the individual good taste of any lady of Montreal, whether it is in the matter of copying the best Parisian styles or working along original lines?

The end of the week is so busy with us that we may be pardoned for requesting our customers to leave their orders as early as possible on Monday or Tuesday.

(*A couple of our French fitting rooms will be recognized in the illustration.*)

Monday **$25.00** BROADCLOTH COSTUMES. Monday **$25.00**
Our Own Workmanship. We Guarantee the Fit.

Not something we bought from somebody else at a reduced price—one only has to read the cries for help in the want columns of the papers to know that if a manufacturer has any good garments on his hands just now he does not need to sell them at a reduced price—no, these garments were made by ourselves just to demonstrate what an organization like ours can do if it makes up its mind to do it.

It is a Suit that's cut on positively the latest lines; there isn't one fashionable error in its make-up, and yet it is without any eccentric features. It's a plain rich looking costume that you would never dream of getting for $25.00 with the undoubted quality of its broadcloth (dark navy, black and golden brown to choose from), its Newmarket 3-4 length coat, all lined with silk having a velvet collar, and with a fit that is equal to any tailor-made garment you ever wore (sizes 32 to 44).

We are not going to make a public display of these costumes at $25.00 for the simple reason that we do not want everybody to know the price of them. They are well worth $35.00 each and it is not necessary for any one else to know you only paid $25.00 for yours.

A DEMONSTRATION IN DOLLAR DRESS GOODS.

One dollar a yard—that is a price that will satisfy the average purse, but the question is, will the average goods at that price satisfy the average taste? We'll answer that on Monday.

With us a dollar a yard includes the most fashionable goods for Fall and Winter, with qualities unsurpassed anywhere in America at that price.

We'll have them all on special display on Monday.

PURE SILK AND WOOL DRAP DE PARIS, a beautifully sheer, bright, silky, finely woven fabric, the beau ideal of a perfect gowning material in black and the latest Fall, Winter, Evening and Reception colorings ..... ONE DOLLAR

FINEST MERINO AND BOTANY YARN HOPSACKS, in coarse and medium weaves, thoroughly shrunk, all Fall shades in the range, colors guaranteed, correct materials for tailor-made suits, etc ..... ONE DOLLAR

52 inch ALL WOOL VENETIAN BROADCLOTH, nice medium weight, in a full and complete range of Fall colorings, cut also in black, with we guarantee thoroughly shrunk and unspottable, colors fast to light and black, absolutely unfading ..... ONE DOLLAR

48 to 50 inch ALL WOOL SCOTCH TWEEDS, in a brilliant range of colorings, weaves and designs. We question whether such a comprehensive collection as ours has ever been put before the buying public; beautiful compound effects, handsome 3, 4, 5 and 6-toned mixtures, small check effects, small stripe effects, knop and slub effects, etc., etc. ..... ONE DOLLAR

SOMETHING UNUSUAL IN WHITEWEAR.

We're satisfied anyone should judge the entire business by the way we sell whitewear—not only on special occasions like Monday, but every week in the year.

Ladies' Fine Nainsook Underwear.

Corset Covers, made of fine quality nainsook, very neatly trimmed round neck and sleeves with Torchon lace and hemstitching, skirt and draw tape at waist, sizes 32 to 42 inches, good value at 35c, Monday 23c

Ladies' Drawers, made of fine nainsook, frill of self, with row of insertion and edge of lace, shaped band at waist, sizes 23, 25 and 27 inches, open and closed, regular price would be 65c, Monday 45c

A GREAT SALE OF BLANKETS.

An Echo of the Annual Affair we Conduct in Toronto.

Why should not our customers share in the good things that have made our Toronto business famous? Our September Blanket Sale has brought us business there from all parts of the Dominion, year after year, and we have just made up our minds that we would give our customers in Montreal here a direct opportunity to share in the benefits that are derived from it. On Monday we will demonstrate to you just what we mean. The prices we quote below are really not intelligible until you feel the qualities of the blankets themselves.

REAL IMPORTED SCOTCH ALL WOOL.
Size 66x74, $5.50, 66x86, $6, 68x86, $6.50, 70x90, $7, 68x98, $7.50
Pink and blue borders, 70x94, $8, 76x96, $9, 76x96, $10, 76x96, $12

ALL WOOL CANADIAN.
Size 56x76, $3.75, 60x80, $3.90, 60x80, $4.50, 66x86, $4.75, 64x84, $5.50
Pink and blue borders, 66x88, $6.50, 68x90, $7, 72x92, $7.50

ALL-WOOL SOFT CRIB BLANKETS.
4-4, $1.75, 4-4, $2, 5-4, $2, 5-4, $2.25, 6-4, $3, 6-4, $3.75

SCARLET ALL WOOL.
60x80, $4.60, 70x90, $6, 72x90, $7

GREY UNION BLANKETS.
$1.25, $1.75, $2.25, $2.40, $2.75

WHITE UNION BLANKETS.
$2.50, $2.59, $3

WHITE FLANNELETTE BLANKETS.
10-4, 75c, 11-4, $1, 12-4, $1.25.

Open from 8 a.m. until 5.30 o'clock p.m.

The John Murphy Company Limited

SCIENCE AND CORN.

Because Professor F. G. Holden of the Iowa Agricultural College induced the farmers of his state in large numbers to select for seed purposes only the most perfect kernels and to adopt scientific methods of preparing the ground for planting and tillage afterward, he is credited with having added 100,000,000 bushels to Iowa's last corn crop.

BRITISH MUNICIPALISM.

The situation in Great Britain with respect to the municipalization of public utilities is one deserving the most careful attention. The rapidly growing opposition to municipalism is Great Britain is based upon economic grounds.—Electrical World, New York.

RHODES SCHOLAR'S TRIBUTE.

At Oxford the Englishmen's reception is kindly, and one's personal peculiarities are readily excused as being due to "colonial education," while any good points in a man are valued.—J. A. Thomson, New Zealand Rhodes Scholar, in The Witness, Otago.

Looks Best—Wears Longest
THE BUCKLEY HAT.
THE WALDRON DROUIN CO., LTD.,
Agents for Canada.

EVACUATION OF WEI-HAI-WEI

Great Britain Now Said to be Considering the Matter.

THE PREVAILING FEELING

It is That China and Japan Should Be Left to Work Out Their Own Destiny.

Special to the Montreal Star.

London, September 23.—It is now reported that Great Britain as the result of the definite evacuation of Port Authur is considering the desirability of entirely evacuating Wei-hai-wei. No decision has been actually come to, and there is a certain divergence of opinion as to just what step should be taken, but on the whole the balance of opinion appears to be in favor of the evacuation, and there is ground for the belief that this course will ultimately be taken. The feeling is prevalent not only throughout Great Britain but throughout the whole of Europe that possession in the Orient, at least the China-Japan section do not pay in dollars and cents. It is felt that the Chinese and the Japanese should be left to work out their own destiny and that any attempts to reserve cities and control them by means of a chain of fortifications will result in expenses in connection with Armies and Navies beside which the cost of keeping up the military establishments in India must sink into insignificance. In other words the backward movement of the European nations in connection with the acquisition of possessions in the Orient is economic rather than military or naval.

It will be recollected that several questions on the subject were asked in the House of Commons last session, and that on March 4, 1905 Mr. Arthur Lee announced that there would be no change in policy as to the place, but that in view of Far Eastern uncertainty the Admiralty had decided not to press on expenditure.

To define the exact position of Great Britain it is necessary to state briefly the precise conditions of the tenancy of the colony. These are the conditions taken from the agreement which was signed at Pekin on July 1, 1898, and subsequently ratified in London in October.

THE AGREEMENT.

"In order to provide Great Britain with a suitable naval harbor in North China, and for the better protection of British commerce the government of his Majesty, the Emperor of China, agreed to lease to the government of Great Britain and Ireland Wei-hai-Wei in the province of Shantung, and the adjacent waters for so long a period as Port Arthur shall remain in the occupation of Russia.

It will also be recollected that two or three years ago the British Government decided not to use Wei-hai-Wei as a military station but merely to retain it for commercial purposes; but now the Government is reported to be coming to the conclusion that in order to emphasize the integrity of China and maintain the demand for an open door in that country it is a right and fitting step to give up territory which was acquired when Germany and Russia started the policy of "grab" in the Far East by seizing respectively Port Arthur and Kiao-chau.

With the evacuation of Port Arthur by the Russians and Wei-hai-Wei by Great Britain but one Western power would retain a forcibly acquired lease in Northern China and that would be Germany at Kiao-chau, which she holds on a ninety-nine years lease. How long would she remain there if England follows Russia and abandon Wei-hai-Wei is the question which is everywhere being asked in diplomatic circles. German policy with regard to China has been characterised by blunders without number. Prince Bismark rightly remarked when speaking with one of his greatest friends apropos of the telegram about the acquisition of Kiao-chau that the "staking of Kiao-chau would be a new opportunity for new follies in German foreign policy."

Up to the present, Germany has spent many millions of dollars in fortifying Kiao-chau where she has about 3000 men. This autumn she proposes to spend another $4,000,000, and to get the authority of the Reichstag afterwards. But the question that is everywhere being asked and is likely to be asked in the Reichstag is, "Does it pay?"

St. Francis Medical Society.

Special to the Montreal Star.

Sherbrooke, September 23.—The St. Francis Medical Society held its annual meeting this week, and elected the following officers: President, Dr. W. Lamy, 1st. vice-president Dr. Ledoux, 2nd vice-president, Dr. Edgar; secretary-treasurer, Dr. E. J. William's; assistant secretary, Dr. Gadbout; council, Drs. Smith, Fregeau and Pelletier.

Dr. Edgar has invited the Association to meet in North Hatley during the next summer.

Knit-to-fit PATENTED
STORE NEWS

LADIES' FINE HOSIERY

Our stock of Ladies' Hosiery is one of the finest in the city. Of varied assortment in all the latest styles, it offers unlimited choice to those whose taste requires the best. Our line of Ladies' Black Cashmere Stockings, with silk embroidered front in beautiful designs,

30c, 35c, 50c, 65c and 75c a pair.

THE KNIT-TO-FIT MFG.CO.
2469 ST. CATHERINE near Mountain

No discount on **FURS** but our price is **30 to 50%** lower than anywhere

WE CAN DO THAT!
CHAS. DESJARDINS & CO.
1533-1543 St. Catherine St.

HOW ARE YOUR KIDNEYS ?

You Owe It to Yourself to Find This Out at Once.

TEST YOUR KIDNEYS: Put some morning urine in a glass or bottle, let it stand for twenty-four hours. If then it is milky or cloudy or contains a reddish brick-dust sediment, or if particles or germs float about in it, your kidneys are diseased. If, after you have made this test, you have any doubt in your mind as to the development of the disease in your system, send us a sample of your urine, and our doctors will analyze it and send you a report with advice free.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE is a positive cure for all forms of kidney, liver, bladder and blood diseases, uric acid poison, rheumatic gout, diabetes, pain in the back, scalding and painful passage of urine, frequent desire to urinate, painful periods, bearing down and so-called feweakness.

Physicians Unable to Aid Her.

Mrs. Flora Walker, of Griswold st., Ashtabula, O., after several physicians had been unable to aid her, was cured by WARNER'S SAFE CURE. She says: "I firmly believe I am cured of Bright's Disease."

WARNER'S SAFE CURE is purely vegetable, and contains no harmful drugs, it does not constipate. It is now put up in two regular sizes, and is sold by all druggists at 50 CENTS and $1.00 A BOTTLE. Refuse substitutes. They contain harmful drugs, and do the patient more harm than good.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

To convince every sufferer from diseases of the kidney, liver, bladder and blood that WARNER'S SAFE CURE will cure them a trial bottle will be sent absolutely free to any one who will write WARNER SAFE CURE CO., Rochester, N.Y., and mention having seen this liberal offer in the Montreal Daily Star. The genuineness of this offer is fully guaranteed by the publisher. Our doctor will send medical booklet, containing symptoms and treatment of each disease, and many convincing testimonials, free, to any one who will write.

Fate of Beaten . . . Generals.

In Many Cases Reverses In War Have Been the Beginning of Poverty.

Russia has several beaten generals at the present time, and the question is what will eventually become of them.

The land of the Great Bear has seldom permitted the leaders of her army and navy to long survive their downfall, notwithstanding statements to the contrary, and there are several instances of Russians, once shining lights in barrack rooms and naval dockyards, who have taken leave of life both obscurely and tragically, says Pearson's Weekly.

It was not so very long ago that a famous general, at one time honored all over Russia, died by his own hand at a German gambling spa. He had erred during the Russo-Turkish war of 1877-78, and in consequence the troops under his command had met with an unexpected disaster.

After the war the general left St. Petersburg in disgrace, and under an assumed name took up his residence in Germany. He dissipated his fortune at gambling places, and when he had come to his last penny he became a "handy man," eking out a bare existence by running errands, doing odd jobs and distributing bills.

Being unable to recover his self-respect and manhood, he sought release by suicide. He shot himself at a gambling spa, and when his body was searched not a single coin was found upon him.

Again, a leader of the Russians during the Crimean War died in abject poverty in an attic in the Latin Quarter of Paris. He had lost 15,000 men at Inkerman, and his commission was taken from him.

He went to France and led a bohemian life for many years, making a good income by composing musical pieces. The money he earned he spent in riotous living, and one morning he was found dead in his attic after a heavy drinking bout.

According to the "Echo de Paris," Captain Klado, who was the chief Russian witness before the North Sea Commission, has been deprived at St. Petersburg of all his appointments and functions except that of professor at the Military Academy.

It would be interesting to follow the future fortunes of this gentleman, for it is certainly doubtful whether his colleagues at the Military Academy will permit him to long survive his downfall.

Japan is very harsh on her defeated officers, both naval and military. During the present war in the Far East a naval lieutenant who failed to carry out a task set him was politely told by his chief to cover his disgrace by committing suicide.

A sheet was strung on the deck of the lieutenant's gunboat, and behind this was placed an armchair and a table. On the latter was a sharp knife, wrapped in a piece of clean paper. The lieutenant bowed to his comrades, went behind the sheet, sat in a chair and picked up the knife.

The official report stated that the lieutenant had died distinguishing himself in action, and the Emperor granted him a posthumous medal.

After our troops had entered Peking and sacked the Summer Palace of the Emperor, a Chinese general, known as the Chief of the "Dragon Slayers," who allowed his troops to be badly beaten, had his commission taken from him and was publicly degraded.

For a long time his wretched figure was to be seen in the streets of the capital, with gyves on his limbs and a board around his neck as a punishment.

For many years a shabbily dressed elderly man wandered aimlessly about Madrid. At one time he was one of the most mighty of the French marshals and his tunic blazed with gold lace and jewelled orders.

He had risen from the ranks, but misfortune came to him when he started out to meet the Cormans as leader of half a million men. Accompanying him to the front were innumerable valets, grooms and secretaries, yet he came back to Paris, not as a mighty conqueror, but as a broken, friendless man.

He had, in the eyes of the republic, disgraced himself, and popular prejudice drove him from his native country. He went to Madrid and fell lower and lower down the social scale, until he became practically a beggar, both in language and habits.

Not a touch of former greatness was shown by the ex-marshal as he waddled in a purposeless way about Madrid.

A French journalist met the broken man once, and in reply to a question he said, sadly: "When I was a French marshal I was the republic's slave. I am a free man; but the price of freedom is vermin and a crust of bread!"

Several of the brilliant generals of the Southern States of America during the Civil War were driven into humble retirement, when lasting fame was the incentive ahead. One died in a New York garret some time since, a broken down and hopelessly intemperate old man, while other came to this country and set up in business as a barber.

Another general who became a barber was the leader of the Persians whom Sir James Outram crushed just before the Indian Mutiny broke out. The Shah degraded him, and after several more or less exciting adventures he come down to be a barber at Bagdad.

Numbers of wandering Britons allowed the fallen "giant" to shave them, and as he wielded the razor he related his many exploits.

Admiral Villeneuve, who was beaten by Nelson at Trafalgar, was never forgiven by Napoleon, and he became a homeless wanderer, living at cheap and even disreputable hotels.

His income after his disgrace was said to be under £100 a year, and when he died he was heavily in debt.

Weather: FINE and WARM

W. H. Scroggie Limited
THE STORE OF SATISFACTION

St. Catherine University and Victoria Streets.

New Fashions in Dress Fabrics

AN OBVIOUS ADVANTAGE IN EARLY SELECTION

The advantage of better choice. Numerous weaves come in very limited quantities. Manufacturers sympathize with the sentiment of fashion's devotees who are averse to wearing a mode that may be duplicated by everyone.

Very great values indeed, in favorite fashions of the season—don't skip a word of the particulars.

Fine All Wool Sedan Cloth, a beautiful fabric, highly finish, will not spot or crockle. Come in the newest shades of Cadet Blue, China Blue, Navy, Brown, Olive Green, Mulberry, Castor, Light Fawn, etc., per yard $1.50

New Scotch Plaid, a large range of clan tartans, per yard for 48c and 74c

Homespun Suitings, checked and striped effects, in Gray Brown, Blue, Green, etc., per yard ..... 55c, 59c and 69c

All Wool Venetian Cloth, all colors, including Black, per yard 48c, 75c and $1.00

1,500 yards Black and Colored Moreen Skirting, beautiful watered effects. Colors are Bottle Green, Royal Blue, Brown, Pale Blue, Red, Navy and Black. On sale Monday 25c

FABRICS FOR EVENING WEAR

Voile Ajour, with satin spot, rich soft shades, latest weave, available at, per yard $1.25

French Silk Voile, a handsome fabric for Ladies' Dresses, per yard $1.10

Silk Embroidered Crepe de Chine, of French origin, a novel and effective weave, per yard 98c

Silk and Wool Crepe de Chine, all colors, at ..... 59c per yard

LADIES' COATS IN GOOD STYLES.

In no previous season have we had an equal exhibit.

Coats in gray and black Tweed, made in the fashionable three-quarter length, inverted pleat down the back, velvet collar, turned cuffs, lined to hip. Specially made to our order that accounts for the lowness of the price $12.50

REEFERS FOR THE SCHOOL BOY.

If Master School-Boy is given the choice of Coats, he'll decide upon the Reefer style. Allows more freedom of movement, and is sufficiently warm for wear during the real cold weather. An indication that these are made for just such conditions is afforded in the description.

These Reefers are made of heavy Navy Blue Nap, with storm collar, double breasted style, brass anchor or plain black buttons. A good reliable Coat for school wear. Special price Monday $2.90

THREE SPECIAL LINES OF QUILTS.

Three special linens betoken three special values. Soft white Quilts, Marseilles patterns, ready hemmed. We style them Scroggie's Special, and assure that outside The Store of Satisfaction such a low scale of prices does not prevail.

$1.55, $1.95 and $2.15.

POPULAR VOCAL MUSIC 20c PER COPY.

A lower price than they are regularly sold for. Titles:

Tommy	Dearie
Teasing	Moonlight
Alexander.	On a Crocodile.
Nicolini.	Lonesome
Murphy	Chloroform.
Purest Love	Virginia
Would You Care?	Pepita McGuire.
Sweet Little Sana-oo	
On a Summer Night	
In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree.	
You Mustn't Pick Plums	
Just a Little Ever-Loving Girl.	
A Little Boy Called Taps	
What the Brass Band Played.	
Back, Back to Baltimore.	
Katie from Dublin	
Snow Ball Sammy	
On the Lachine Canal.	
Big Indian Chief	
Come Back, Mirandy.	
My Hindoo Man	
That's What the Daisy Said.	
Gimme De Leavin's	
I'm Just Crazy 'Bout You.	

UNCOVERED CUSHIONS.

Special price list in force for Monday only:

Scroggie's Special Uncovered Cushions are well filled with vegetable down, covered with white Mexican cotton

16 x 16 in. regular 29c Monday 19c
18 x 18 in. regular 39c, Monday 29c
20 x 20 in. regular 49c, Monday 39c
22 x 22 in. regular 59c, Monday 49c
24 x 24 in. regular 69c, Monday 59c

50c COMBS FOR 19c

Back and Side Combs, 25 different styles, including shell and amber, worth from 35c to 50c Saturday 19c

Ladies' Modishly-Made Costumes

You should face the Fall Season with one Costume at least made in the walking-length in the wardrobe. Extremely popular fashions are these:

Ladies' Walking Suits, long coat, Cont back, 7-gore front, over tape trimmed cuff, fitted to waist, full width skirt, kilted effect. Suit is made of fine quality Cheviot. This is a special price $21.50

Ladies' Walking Suits, made of Brown and Gray Tweed Mixtures, long coat, lined throughout with good mercerized sateen, pleated skirt. A very nobby suit for $12.50

It's to be a Velvet Season

We had a hint to this effect months ago, and planned accordingly. Such ample stocks of Velvets and Velveteens never before entered the store. Come equipped with the latest issues of fashion magazines, and confirm that representatives of every fashionable weave and color of Velvets figure in The Store of Satisfaction's stocks. Values ahead of the standard that past precedents have set:

Colored Corded Velvets—high class quality, special chiffon finish, medium cords, in all leading shades for Fall. A superior quality for Ladies' and Misses' Costumes, etc. Colors: Cream, Fawn, Reseda, Laurel, Hello, Black, Grey, 2 shades each of Brown and Navy, 22 inches wide, special price 79c

Colored Chiffon Velveteen, specially soft and bright finish, closely resembling a Chiffon Velour, fast dye. Will make a handsome Fall Suit. Colors: Tabac, Navy, Helio and Laurel, Green, width 24 inches. Special price, per yard 85c

Most Satisfactory School Suits

Not merely good looking, but good wearing Suits, that boys will be disposed to take good care of. Don't misjudge them because of the low price. Worth half as much again as the under-noted price:

175 only left of our special line of Boys' 2-piece Norfolk Suits, made of Fancy Tweed, in dark shades, lined with farmer satin, full range of sizes to choose from. Monday's price, per suit $2.45

Floor Oilcloth and Linoleums

Those of Scotch manufacture enjoy the reputation of being the best. Recently introduced many varieties to the assortment of Scottish origin.
Some very fine inlaid wood effects.
Matting, and Carpet patterns, too.
Tile and scroll designs—in fact, every phase of style of recent production.
Prices Range 25c to $1.25

Bed Blankets and Comforters

The kind that will keep you snugly warm all winter. We believe we have the largest assortment—we know we have the premier values. You'll thank us for calling your attention to these:

Full size (66 x 72 in.) Wadded Comforters, covered with Art Cretonnes, of pleasing designs. Each $1.20
Pure down filled Comforters from, each $3.45
Crib Comforters, cotton down filling, from 75c
A new idea in Comforters, filled with thistle down, light, warm and durable, thoroughly sanitary, each $2.49
Blankets—The best possible values in every size, weight and quality.
White Wool Blankets, from, pair $2.25
White All Wool Blankets in 7 lb weight, pair $4.00
White All Wool Blankets, made from finest Saxony Yarn, warranted unshrinkable in all weights, from pair $3.75
White All Wool Crib Blankets, from, pair $1.25

WHEN STOVES ARE REQUIRED.

Stove Pipes will be required too. Appreciating the difficulties which average styles of stove pipe occasion to join together, we've had a special kind made to order, though they're cheap at 8c a length, we'll sell them on Monday for only 5c

Coal Hods wanted? Black Japanned Coal Hods, well and strongly made, our name stamped upon each. Our name is never associated with an undesirable investment, instead of 25c, pay but 15c

FOUNDATION BELTS 8 1-2c

Foundation Belts, which are similar in construction to the Foundation Collar, and may be covered with material to harmonize with any costume, black and white, in all sizes, from 21 to 32 inclusive, special 8½c

LIPPED SAUCEPANS FOR 19c

Best grade of Steel Enamel, 3 different sizes. Too large a stock is the reason 25c to 40c Sauce Pans are selling for, each 19c

Heintzman & Co. Upright

A beautifully finished Cabinet Grand Upright Piano, case and tone like new. Terms, $25 cash and $8 per month, or will make other terms if desired. Also other splendid bargains from $25 to $250 in best makes of Pianos, at Shaw's Piano and Music Store, 2274 St. Catherine Street. 227 3

FALL SALE.

On Monday and Tuesday we will offer 37 made-up Brussels, Wilton and Axminster Carpets, bordered, in various sizes at exactly half price.

--ALSO--

77 made and ready Carpets at large discounts. These Carpets are a snap for those in search of comfort, cheapness and durability.

70 pieces of Tapestry Carpets at 23, 36 and 40 cents, very cheap.

Beds, Bedding and Furniture. See our new openings.

THOMAS LIGGET, *Empire Building,* 2474-2476 St. Catherine Street.

JAEGER PURE WOOL PREVENTS CHILL IN ALL WEATHERS ALL CLIMES ALL SEASONS ALL TIMES

JAEGER
PURE NATURAL WOOL IS GUARANTEED AGAINST SHRINKAGE

Made in all sizes, styles and weights, for ladies, gentlemen and children.
Write for Catalogue No. 3.
Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Woollen System Co., Ltd.,
2206 ST. CATHERINE STREET, MONTREAL.

GIRL A GRADING CONTRACTOR.

Miss Elizabeth Thielman has just completed a two years' contract for grading and paving certain streets in Harlem, N. Y. When her father died his daughter decided to finish the contract which he had made. She hired Italian laborers and has personally superintended the work. She cleared up all the debts he owed to the amount of $50,000.

All notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

BIRTHS.

BOWEN—At 1920 Union st., San Diego, Cal., a son to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bowen, formerly of Danville, Que., Canada.

BURNS—At 145 Council street, on September 20th, 1905, a daughter to Mr and Mrs James Burns.

McCARTHY—At 389 Grand Trunk street, on September 15th, to Mr and Mrs Eugene McCarthy, a daughter.

NIVEN—In this city, on the 17th instant, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Niven.

O'BRIEN—At 269 Grand Trunk street, on September 21st, to Mr and Mrs. John O'Brien, a son.

RICHARDS—At 131 Rose street, on the 6th inst., a daughter to Mr and Mrs G. Richards, of the Chateau, Ste. Anne de Bellevue.

ROBERTSON—At Ottawa, on August 29, 1905, at 35 Third avenue, Glebe, a son to Mr and Mrs James A. Robertson.

MARRIAGES.

BENNETT-MACMILLAN—On the 19th inst, at Knox Presbyterian Church, Montreal, by the Rev. J. Feek, D.D., Catherine (Kate) MacMillan, youngest daughter of the late W. D. MacMillan, of Glen Norman, Glengarry Co., Ont., to Richard J. Bennett, of New Haven, Conn., U.S.A.

BLACKBURN-EDWARD—On September 21st, 1905, at Knox Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Dr. Fleck, Jessie Wilhelmina, youngest daughter of the late David Edward, to David A. Blackburn, both of this city. 226 2

EMPEY-McCRADY—At Grace Church, Point St. Charles, on September 19th, 1905, by Rev. Archdeacon Ker, Charles W. Empey, formerly of Morrisburg, to Eliza J., eldest daughter of H. F. McCrady, of the Nichols Chemical Co., Montreal.

GORDON-LOGAN—At Mountain Street Methodist parsonage, by the Rev. Herman Speffard Osborne, B.D., Mary Edith (Minnie) Logan to Roderick Robert Gordon, both of Montreal.

JAMIESON-ALLOWAY—On September 20, 1905, at Crescent Street Church, by Rev. Mr. Mackay, assisted by Rev. Dr. Barclay, Annie Irene, only daughter of Mrs. T. Johnston Alloway, to Ernest Temple, youngest son of Mrs. R. C. Jamieson, both of Montreal.

McMAHON-NORTON—On September 14, 1905, at St. Patrick's Church, by Rev. Father Martin Callaghan, Alice Maud, daughter of Mr. G. A. Norton, of San Francisco, Cal., to James Leo Francis, second son of Mr. John McMahon, of Montreal.

O'CONNELL-GORMAN—On September 19th, at St. Mary's Church, by the Rev. Father Brady, William E., younger son of James W. O'Connell, to Ida Mae, elder daughter of Patrick Gorman.

PANGMAN-SEWELL—On the 19th of September, 1905, at the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity, Quebec, by the Very Rev. the Dean of Quebec, assisted by the Rev. R. Bigg, Maude Lavinge-one, younger daughter of the late E. L. Sewell, to Cecil Carlisle, son of the late J. Henry Pangman, of Montreal. 225 2

POOLE-TOUGH—At Trinity Church, on Wednesday afternoon, September 20th, John G. Poole to Florence M. Tough, third daughter of the late John Tough.

REES-BROWN—On the 21st of September, 1905, at Melville Presbyterian Church, Westmount, Montreal, May, daughter of the late James Brown, to Henry Rees, of Montreal.

THOM-LUDINGTON—On September 22nd, at the residence of the bride's parents, Lettle, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Ludington, to Alexander Kenneth, third son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Thom, both of this city.

WALLACE-CLENDENING—At 22 Favard street, Point St. Charles, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. E. A. McKenzie, B.D., Elizabeth O. Wallace, youngest daughter of Thomas Wallace, to Thomas E. Clendening, son of the late John Clendening, both of this city. 226 2

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

BELL—On Thursday, September 21st, at 322 Prince Arthur street, Thomas H. Bell, aged 51 years. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

CURTIS—On the morning of September 22, 1905, Joseph Curtis, aged 29 years. Funeral from his late residence, 35 Walker avenue, on Monday, the 25th inst., at 2 p.m. (Kingston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, and Yarmouth, Eng., papers please copy.)

KERR—At the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, on September 22, 1905, Lillie Florence (Lovie), youngest daughter of the late John Kerr, of Inverness, Que., aged 19.

MAJOR—At her residence, 4162 Dorchester street, on Tuesday morning, September 19th, Charlotte Emily, eldest daughter of the late James E. Major. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

NIVEN—On the 17th inst., the infant son of Mr and Mrs Harry Niven.

NOLAN—On September 21st, 1905, Lizzie, second daughter of the late John Nolan. Funeral from the residence of her grandfather, Mr M. Feeney, 195 Chatham street, on Sunday afternoon, at 2.15, to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. Service at St. Anthony's Church on Monday morning, at 7 o'clock.

SINCLAIR—On September 22nd 1905, Janet A. Sinclair, eldest daughter of the late Peter Sinclair, formerly of Quebec. Funeral private. Interment at Quebec. (Quebec papers please copy.) 222 2

TYKE—At Kingston Ont., Sept. 7th, '05, Ola Maud, beloved daughter of George and Emma Tyke, aged 4 years.

SEALEY—At Hamilton, Ont., on Friday, Sept. 8, 1905, Mary Ann, wife of Chas Sealey, in her 73rd year.

TAYLOR—At St. John, N. B., on the 8th inst., Patrick Taylor, in the 86th year of his age.

WOODS—In this city, of pneumonia, on 22nd September, 1905, Thomas Woods, son of the late Arthur Woods, formerly of Quebec. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers. Quebec and Syracuse, N.Y., papers please copy.

How's Your Granny

she's gay, eats golf club sardines.

DEATHS REPORTED.

Cornwall, Ont.—Thomas McConnell, who was buried on Friday at Williamstown, was treasurer of Charlottenburg township for over a quarter of a century. He was 89 years of age.

Seneca Falls, N.Y.—Oren A. Coons, a well-known attorney of this place, was drowned in the Gleason lock of the canal Friday.

Richmond, Va.—Former Congressman and Former Governor of Virginia Charles T. O'Ferral died here on Friday.

Indianapolis.—Colonel I. N. Walker, assistant adjutant-general of the Indiana department, G.A.R., died of uremic poisoning here on Friday.

Toronto.—Edward Stock, a director of the Home Savings Bank, died Friday at Mimico.

TO MOTHERS.

When it is a matter of making the boys look smart and distinguished, none can meet the need so well as the dry goods firm of Messrs. Jas. A. Ogilvy & Sons, St. Catherine street west, corner of Mountain street. Their announcement on page 5 of this issue of the Star will appeal to fall shoppers. Mothers should take their boys Saturday afternoon.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED.

This Store will close at 6 o'clock To-Day. SEPTEMBER 23rd, 1905.

Great Costume Selling at Carsley's

A Manufacturer's Stock at Cost Price.



IT'S A Rare Stroke of good fortune on our part to make such a splendid purchase. It affords those who require a new costume for the Fall an opportunity to do so at very little cost. For equal qualities it is not likely to be repeated this season. As we have been able to make fresh additions to this purchase the sale will be continued on Monday.

Ladies' Costumes for Autumn Wear in tweeds, vicunas, serges, basket cloths, etc. Practically every shade that will be popular this season including black, scarcely two styles alike, tight fitting and semi-fitting coats, elaborately trimmed with braids, appliques and self strappings, lined with the finest materials, perfectly finished. These superbly stylish costumes are offered in this sale at less than half-price **$7.95**

Ladies' Fall Costumes in materials similiar to the previous group but of superior quality. The trimmings are very elaborate and the linings of excellent quality; practically every size in this group. The finest workmanship throughout. Values from $18 to $25.00 **$9.95**

Stylish Autumn Coats

Elegant Styles—Moderate Prices.



This Store's Showing of Ladies' New Fall Coats.

An Empire Coat, of fawn Broadcloth self colored belt and shoulder straps, silk piping, full sleeves, trimmed with gilt and pearl buttons and buckle, farmer's satin lining. Price **$14.70**

A Seven-Eighth Coat of dark fawn covert cloth, tight fitting back, turnover velvet collar and cuffs, self strappings, cloth and pearl buttons. Price **$18.50**

A Three-Quarter Length Coat, in fawn, made with yoke effect, very elaborately braided, full sleeves, turnover cuffs, lined with self colored twill silk. Price **$38.00**

Ladies' Three-Quarter Length Coats, yoke effect, pleated back, very elaborately trimmed, full sleeves, turnover cuffs, lined colored twill silk. Price **$38.00**

A Bolero Coat of crushed brown plush, plain cloth collar, cuffs and belt, Oriental embroidery trimming, lined brown satin, a most handsome and dignified model **$45.00**

Tempting Values in Black Ribbon

A strong feature of our Fall Ribbon display is the splendid collection of Black Ribbons. Wonderful values they are, too. Look at these:

Black Taffeta Ribbon, all pure silk, 4 inches wide, fine quality for bows and neckwear. Regularly 18c a yd. Special for Monday 12c

Black Silk Taffeta Ribbon, extra quality, for millinery, girdles, bows, etc. You won't find a better value anywhere at 25c. Special Monday, 17c

Profitable Price on Oilcloths

If you have a room to cover you will come as a matter of course, for a chance to secure Oilcloth at 16c comes about as often as Christmas.

750 square yards of Good Quality Floor Oilcloth for kitchen, dining-rooms, halls, bathrooms, etc., in a large range of pretty designs, in serviceable colorings, light and medium shades, 54 inches and 72 inches wide. Regularly, a sq. yd., 25c. Special for Monday only. **16c**

Why Get Wet?

When you can purchase a handsome, serviceable Umbrella for so little. For Monday we offer 4 dozen only of **Ladies' Umbrellas**, extra quality black taffeta silk linings, steel rods, paragon frames, pearl post handles, also a few of horn, with heavy silk tassels, in silk case. A $2.00 Umbrella for..... **$1.39**

A Dainty Hat 'The Carmon'

An Exquisite Fall Model, the Carmon, of plain camel's hair cloth velvet bound, turned up at back, trimmed with velvet to match color of hat and handsome ornament at the side, in navy, brown, green, red, black, gray, the prettiest Ready-to-Wear Hat shown this season **$1.35**

Dress Goods! Carsley's for Dress Goods



It's a constant stream of the world's best Dress Goods and most exclusive novelties that flows through the portals of our Receiving Room and out again by way of our despatch system, making but short stay in our Dress Goods Store.

45 pieces of New Bradford Cloth, 42 inches wide, in all the newest fall shades and designs, special importation for Shirt Waist Suits. Regularly 45c. Monday special **31c**

All-Wool Basket Homespun Tweeds, a fine French weave, 42 inches wide, in the most recherche fall shades and designs. Regularly 75c. Special Monday **53c**

25 pieces of Choice Scotch Homespun Cloth, 56 inches wide, in elegant shades of gray, brown, navy, Oxford, fawn, reversible weave, a handsome fabric for Tailored Suits. Regularly $1.25. Special price on Monday **$1.05**

SILK WAISTS

A $6.00 Value at $4.75

42 Ladies' Waists, of fine white Taffeta Silk, trimmed with strappings and pearl buttons, box-pleated, shirred back and front, fancy collar and cuffs, very newest sleeves, all sizes, a regular $6 Blouse. Special Monday at **$4.75**

IF YOU'VE A HORSE

You will appreciate this timely note. We wish to remind you we have a very complete stock of **English Horse Clothing**, as well as Sheets and Stable Blankets, all sizes and all prices.

Stable Blankets from **99c**

Sheet Blankets, from **$1.60**

PURE FOOD LIST

	Reg.	Spec.
Finest Creamery Butter, lb.	26c	24c
Gran. Sugar, 20 lbs.	$1.05	95c
Carsley's Laundry Soap, box containing 60 1-lb. bars	$3.00	$2.50
Magic Washing Tablets	15c	12½c
Hungarian Flour, 24-lb.	80c	70c
Washing Soda, 7-lb. pkg.	10c	7c
Eagle Baking Powrer, 1-lb.	30c	23c
Cleaned Currants, 3 pkgs. for	30c	25c
Pure Maple Sugar	15c	12½c

Boats and Skiffs At Cost

The balance of our stock of Boats, Skiffs, Canoes, Motor Boats, etc., to be cleared at COST PRICE EXACTLY. For instance:

16-foot Painted Basswood Canoes, regular price $32.75. Reduced to **$25.95**

16-foot Cedar Skiff, with two pair of straight oars, varnished. Regular price $40. Reduced price **$30.00**

18 ft. Gasoline Launch, absolutely new, with two horse-power engine, cushions, awnings and brass rails, ready to operate. Regular price $375. Reduced to **$300**

These New Dress Trimmings

Will add a charming touch of style to your new Fall Costume. Some lines briefly described:

Fancy Silk Military Braid, jet and patent black. Special at 18c

Fancy Silk Braid, Dresden Designs, choice shades. Special 12c

Fancy Silk Braids, very choice, in twenty leading shades. Spec'l, 23c

New Silk Braid Applique, Oriental designs, newest shades 63c

Silk Applique Veloutine, newest shades. Special value at **$1.00**

Hosiery—Warm and Durable

Ladies' Plain Black Cashmere Hose, double heels and toes, good elastic stretch, fall weight, made of extra fine pure wool yarn, all sizes. You should see this line. It is magnificent value at ... **37c**

Ladies' Black Ribbed Wool Equestrienne Tights, fine pure wool yarn, splendid elastic stretch, well shaped and comfortable fitting, ankle length, elastic ribbed tops, sizes 1, 2, 3, and 4. Special bargain for Monday shoppers at **76c**

Children's Tams and Bonnets

Children's Silk Plush Tams, pretty little models, trimmed with military brush, in brown, navy and red. Special value at **$1.60**

Little Tots' Bonnets, part of a special purchase, on which we obtained a big discount, made of crushed velvet, with large frill and fancy ruching, in brown, navy and red. Special value at .. **$1.80**

Monday's Special Shoe Savings



"The Duchess" is a three dollar shoe for ladies. If it is not already, it is fast becoming, the most popular $3.00 Shoe in the city. A model we wish you to examine Monday is made of Vici, with patent tips and Goodyear welted soles, Cuban heels, in all sizes **$3.00**

Ladies' Black Dongola Kid Laced Boots, with glossy patent tips, medium weight soles and military heels, made over new fall last. Special value at **$1.95**

White Wool Blankets

Two special offers for thrifty shoppers on Monday. Come early.

50 pairs of Fine Soft Pure White Woollen Blankets, pure and clean, free from grease with plain blue border, suitable for double bed. Never sold cheaper than $4 a pair. Monday **$3.00**

35 pairs of Heavy White Woolen Blankets, soft, fluffy finish, fancy border, size 72 by 90 inches, the finest made. Magnificent value at **$4.85**

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street.

184 to 194 St. James st., Montreal.

BRIGHT SALESPEOPLE WANTED.

We want Bright Salesladies for our Fur, Mantle and Ribbon Departments, also quick salesmen for Dry Goods, those speaking both languages preferred. Apply at once to the MANAGER.

EVILS WHICH CANADIAN FISHERMEN SAY ARE RUINING THEIR LIVELIHOOD

Nova Scotia Fishermen Are Organizing to Secure Certain Definite Reforms.

Special Correspondence of the Montreal Star.

Halifax, September 15.—The leaders of the movement to organize the fishermen of Nova Scotia held their first convention in Halifax this week, and outlined their programme for the ensuing year. Since the movement was inaugurated by Mr. H. H. Nicherson, M.L.A., barely five months ago, seven or eight unions have been formed in various sections of the province.

The unions can hardly be called labor organizations, because most fishermen are small capitalists as well as workmen, while their objects are somewhat broader than those of the stereotyped trades unions, and their tactics, too, will be different. They are, however, the outgrowth of much the same conditions as compelled the organization of labor on a basis of class interest.

In the fishing industry, as in other forms of human effort, the monopolizing tendency of the times has become increasingly manifest." The big fish firms have made their appearance, and are extending their operations in a way that bids fair to rob the ordinary fishermen of their independence at no distant date. And some of these combinations of capital have enlisted the cooperation (unconscious or otherwise) of the government in their efforts to monopolize the fish business. Thus one big firm, which controls a bait freezer practically built by public money for the convenience of all fishermen, refused to sell bait to the shore fishermen unless they agreed to sell their catches to the firm in question no matter what price other companies might offer them.

SCOTCH "STEAM DRIFTER."

Another phase of the same policy is the famous experiment with the Scotch steam drifter, which the big firms induced the government to undertake, the final object of it being to induce Scotch fishermen to migrate to Nova Scotia, where they would very likely fall by way of the truck system under the power of the big firms and act as a lever to bring our own fishermen to terms. The experiment so far has not been sufficiently successful to encourage Scotch fishermen to settle in Nova Scotia. Last summer the steam drifter caught very few herring, and this summer her operations have been so unfruitful that the government has been buying herring from the shore fishermen in order to give the Scotch curers something to do. One of the officials connected with the experiment has admitted that the Scotch methods of catching herring do not seem to be very well adapted to conditions in our coastal waters. When operating in the inshore waters, the drifters' gear usually fouls the rocks on the bottom, and when operating offshore she has mostly caught shacks, sometimes twenty or thirty miles at a haul.

Again, while the movements of the herring schools in the North Sea can be foretold to a nicety, here they are either very erratic or nobody knows much about them. Next year the Government intend to arrange with the shore fishermen to report on the movements of the schools, and it is hoped, that by this means the drifter will be able to follow them around the coast and make a few respectable catches.

CURING METHODS.

The Scotch method of curing herring is probably superior to ours, though some of our fishermen have their doubts about it; but it is not likely to become popular here. The curing and packing is done chiefly by girls, and if one may judge from the comments of fishermen watching the girls at their work, it will be long before our fishermen will allow their women folk to engage in labor of such a character.

DOG FISH PEST.

Another thing which has made the fishermen realize the need of organization has been the dilatory attitude of the Government in regard to the dog fish pest. In the past neither the Government nor the public has given much attention to our sea fisheries, and no doubt this is due to the fact that fishermen have been an unorganized and for the most part inarticulate class. Of course the Government gives a rebate of the duty on the supplies of bank fishermen, a privilege which no doubt has its value, since the unions want it extended to the shore fishermen. Also it pays small bounties to fishermen, but it cannot very well plume itself on that account, since the money so distributed comes out of the sum paid by the United States for favors received from our fishermen. It maintains, too, a number of fishery protection cruisers at considerable expense, but these have outlived their usefulness. The service was originally instituted to keep the Yankee mackerel seiners from poaching within the three-mile limit, and for a while were undoubtedly of some use. But during the last seven or eight years the mackerel schools have for some reason changed their habits, and instead of following the shore, as formerly, in their annual migrations, they keep well off shore. Sometimes, it is true, a stray school appears within the three-mile limit, but even if there were no cutters in commission the Yankees would not bother them, because with the seines made necessary by the change in the movements of the fish, they could not operate successfully in the inshore waters. And anyway, our fishermen have for the most part abandoned the mackerel fishery.

But the application of public moneys to no useful purposes is not the fishermen's only cause of complaint. The Nova Scotia Government maintains agricultural colleges, votes large sums to farmers' fairs, and encourages the mining industries in many ways, but does practically nothing towards the scientific development of an industry, which next to mining is probably her chief source of wealth. At the last session of the local legislature the Government voted $500 to be raced for by fishermen, with the object of encouraging the construction of an improved type of fishing craft.

THE AMERICAN FISHERS.

The organizers of the union, also, desire a change in the modus vivendi with the United States in regard to the fisheries. At present American fishing vessels are not allowed to buy provisions or bait in our ports unless they take out a license, the cost of which is considerable. It is argued that they should be allowed to fit out free of charge and land their fares and ship them under bond by rail or steamer to the U. S. that they would thus leave considerable money among our merchants and shore fishermen, and increase the business of the transportation companies. Some fish merchants claim that if the Yankees were granted free privileges in our ports, they would be able to buy up the bait supplies, and thus hamper the operations of our banking fleet, but Mr. Nickerson denies this. "The change we desire," he said to your correspondent, "would not affect Canadian vessels. The shore fleet those which fish on the inshore banks get their own bait, as a rule, while on the fishing grounds, when there is a run of fish—herring, the only bait used in that area, the nets and traps furnish an abundant supply of bait for all. When there is a scarcity, the boat fishermen, who net the herring themselves, have the supply in their own hands and would not of course sell what they needed to carry on their operations.

"With the great bankers the case is different, their first baiting must be on our shores, and as on an early trip they call at Halifax they get their bait there from Canso. Both Canadian and American vessels resort to Halifax and Canso, the latter of course purchasing themselves with the regulation license. There is no reason why our vessels should not get fair treatment in the purchase of bait, in fact, the large new cold storage depot at Canso, towards which the Dominion Government contributed $50,000 for the purpose of baiting all comers. But the supply there is controlled by a company who make their profits mostly off the men who net the herring.

"Now we propose that the shore fishermen shall have a chance to sell their surplus bait to the consumer direct, whoever he may be. If the netmen, say, at Liverpool or Shelburne, get fifty barrels of herring on any given day, but a very small proportion would be required for local use. Such catches would be made in the summer or early fall, when no grand bankers are around, then second and third baitings being made in Newfoundland or the Magdalens. Then the only possible customer would be the American vessels down on a fresh trip, and under present conditions they are prohibited. It would not pay the fresh fishermen to take out a license, as they are away from the home port only for two weeks or so, and the same crew seldom go on two consecutive trips. Hence, there would be a difficulty about charging up the cost of such license. It therefore comes to this, that the Yankee skipper, who, as well as his crew, usually belongs to Nova Scotia, is compelled to run back to Gloucester with a half fare, when his ice melts or his bait gives out, whereas but for this stupid restriction, he would have purchased from our shore fishermen, and both parties to the transaction would have benefited by it.

"We advocate reciprocal privileges in United States markets, because it would be an immense advantage to our fishermen, but I am nearly if not quite convinced that we can never obtain any important concessions. You know what a determined opponent we have in the New England fishing interests, and the provincial captains and crews sailing regularly out of Gloucester will not listen to any such proposition. They contend that the markets would often be in a congested state, and prices at the best would rule low. Of course I don't share in this view, but it is hard to overcome an old prejudice.

"But as to abolishing the license system, it would benefit us as well as the Americans, even though we got no privileges in return. This being the case, we say let us make the move in question—let us, in short, sell our products when we can, or where the high tariff against us ceases to be operative—that is, on our own shore, in respect to small fish. So far as I can learn the reciprocity talk in New England does not concern itself as yet with the fishery or fishing privileges, but if there is a convention these subjects will have to be considered.

"At present a New England fish company has full control in British Columbia waters. All privileges appear to be open to them, because they fit out in Vancouver, take their fish within the three-mile limit, and sell in Canadian as well as in American markets. The Government does not interfere. In event of a reciprocity convention, we would have in these facts a powerful lever to use in trying to secure greater privileges for our fish in the United States markets.

THE MASTERPIECE OF ABBEY.

Wonderful Features of His Great Picture of the Coronation.

The great Coronation painting of Edwin Abbey, which will be on view at the Art Gallery for the next month, is already attracting a great deal of attention among local lovers of art.

That the work is a masterpiece has been long established by the dicta of the greatest critics. Not only is it valuable from the point of view of art, but as a correct presentation of a historic scene, probably one of the greatest pageants of modern times.

One of the outstanding features of Abbey's work is the success he has achieved in reproducing the units that go to make up his scene. There are over one hundred persons in the picture; the best known men in England and their features are recorded very faithfully. The same care and accuracy in detail has made the artist reproduce in an inimitable manner the vastness and grandeur of the mighty Cathedral where the ceremony took place.

The picture is full of animation, a consummation brought about by the happy way in which the artist has chosen the moment of his representation. Such a group as he depicts would naturally tend to a stiffness and artificiality that would mar the artistic worth of the painting. But the moment is a dramatic one, when the Archbishop of Canterbury stands with the crown raised over the King's head, and the nobles round about hold their coronets in upraised arms, waiting until the circlet will touch the monarch's head to burst forth into the triumphant strains of "God Save the King."

The Coronation painting is a great work of art, and will win in Montreal the appreciation it has met with elsewhere. During the two weeks it was exhibited in Toronto the picture was seen by over 70,000 people.

Celebrated Golden Jubilee.

His Grace Archbishop Bruchesi, celebrated mass to-day at the Providence Asylum in honor of the golden jubilee of Sisters Anastasia and Ephrasee. After the pontifical mass His Grace gave an appropriate sermon from the text "Follow thou me." He applied his text to the two nuns who fifty years ago heard the divine call and gave up the world and its pleasures to follow in meekness and sacrifice the vocation to the religious life. For fifty years they have lived in obedience to that divine call.

The chapel was beautifully and lavishly decorated. The Sisters' choir rendered very effectively, a fine musical programme.

Death of a Well Known Printer.

An old and respected news printer passed away yesterday in the person of Mr. Joseph Malhiot. Mr. Malhiot was widely known among the Montreal printing fraternity, and enjoyed a popularity attained by few. He was a member of the Montreal Typographical Union. The funeral will take place at 2.30 to-morrow afternoon from the residence, opposite the Shamrock Lacrosse grounds.

HAMILTON'S

Exhibit of Black Dress Goods

As an exposition of elegance and exclusiveness in Black Dress Materials our display has but few equals and no superiors. It includes the most practical of fabrics for every day street wear, as well as the most delicate weaves for evening or reception wear.

Just a few we tell you of to-day to give those in search of a Fall or Winter Black Costume an idea of the variety of the choice of materials and values to be had here:

Black Box Cloths, 75c to $2.00 yard.	Black Homespun, 90c to $1.25 yard.
Black Broadcloths, $1.50 to $2.00 yard.	Black Canvas Cloth, 39c to $1.25 yard.
Black Venetian Cloths, 49c to $1.25 yd.	Black Prunella Cloth, $1.25 to $2.75 yd.
Black Vicuna Serge, $1.25 to $1.50 yard.	Black Henriettas, 39c to $1.25 yard.
Black Beaver Cloths, 90c to $2.50 yard.	Black Silk and Wool Voiles, 75c to $1.25.
Black Granite Cloth, 55c to 85c yard.	Black Eoliennes, 69c to $1.75 yard.

Ladies' New Fall Suits at $13.39

The new long Suit Models, made of Donegal and Bannockburn tweeds, grey, blue and black mixtures. Jacket lined through, new pleated skirt. These suits, just in, are marked down to effect a speedy sale. Complete ranges at the above price.

The New Autumn Hats

Additions to our Hat stock are being made daily, the continuous changes witnessed by the frequent visitor in our Millinery showrooms are the results of our constant efforts to individualize the prevailing "Ital" modes to every woman's taste.

We have Hats up to $35.00, but our special efforts are concentrated on three leading lines, at $3.50, $5.00 and $7.50—every one of marked originality and taste. They're special values.

To Create Rapid Selling on Monday We Will Offer

On Main Floor

EMBROIDERIES, cambric edgings and insertions, 2 and 3 inches wide, assorted designs, worth up to 10c yard. Monday 3½c

HANDKERCHIEFS, men's, fine white lawn, hemstitched with ¼ and ½ inch borders, regular 10c each. Monday 5c

RIBBONS, about 200 remnants of silk and satin, 4-yard lengths, assorted colors and widths, worth up to 50c piece. Monday 15c

GLOVES, Men's sizes in light and heavy weight, tans and browns only, most of them regular $1.00 Gloves. Monday 15c

In the Basement

COAL HODS, full size, black Japanned, strong pail handle, 25c. Monday 15c

BASKETS, good large size, cloth Clothes Baskets, with copper wire handles, 35c. Monday 25c

STOVE PIPES, 500 lengths of 7-inch diameter adjust-ble Stove Pipes, 10c length. Monday 5c

DIPPERS, 3-quart size heavy tin Dippers, with soldered and riveted handles, 8c. Monday 5c

On Top Floor

MUSLINS, 27 inches wide, with 3-inch frill of lace and insertion for sash curtains, regular value 15c yard. Monday 12½c

COMFORTERS, double bed size, filled white batting and covered reversible cretonne. A very special value Monday at $1.10

CUSHION FORMS, filled vegetable fibre, covered white cambric—

Size 16 x 16, price 19c
Size 18 x 18, price 29c
Size 20 x 20, price 39c
Size 22 x 22, price 49c
Size 24 x 24, price 59c
Size 26 x 26, price 69c

CURTAINS, White Nottingham Lace, size 34 yards long, 54 inches wide, new pared designs. Special, per pair. Monday $1.00

In the Grocery

Grape Nuts, 1000 sample packages, each package sufficient for one dish. Monday 12 packages for... 5c

3 packets Corn Starch for 20c

6 bars Comfort Soap for 25c

24½ lbs "Earl Brand" Flour for 60c

10 lbs Granulated Sugar for 48c

7 lbs White Beans for 25c

Try a Free Sample of our Table Jellies and Breakfast Coffee, in Grocery booth.

THE HAMILTON CO'Y, St. Catherine and Peel Sts.



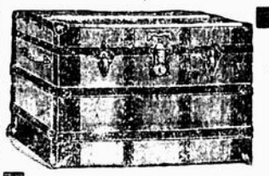
DAINTY DESIGNS FOR DRESSY DRESSERS

C. B. C. CORSETS

"TRUFITS"

Office and Factory—Toronto.





A GOOD TRUNK

$5.00

Heavy Canvas Covered, square top Trunk, sheet iron bottom with rollers, two sole leather straps, brass lock and trimmings, deep set up tray and covered hat box, 32 inches long.

INITIALED FREE—Your name or initials painted on without extra charge.

OPEN EVENINGS.

Geo. G. Gales & Co.,

137 and 139 ST. ANTOINE STREET, Just West of Windsor Street.

Many Years Ago

DEWAR'S WHISKY

"Popularized by Quality."

reached the highest point of excellence, and has remained there ever since.





Eye Testing

Hours 9 to 1; 2 to 5. Appointments, Tel. Up 1332.

PROF. GRANT, B.O.A.,

In Daily Attendance.

Prof. Physiological Optics, Optical Institute of Canada.

2172 ST. CATHERINE ST., Opposite Bible House.

DIVING AFTER GOLD.

After being engaged for seven weeks, under the auspices of the Duke of Argyll, in diving operations to recover the gold that went down with a Spanish frigate 317 years ago in Tobermory Bay, Scotland, the attempt has been abandoned. The diver reported that the exact position of the sunken ship could not be found.

TEMPTING REWARDS.

The Japanese military authorities in Manchuria have offered a reward of £20,000 for the capture of Ki Fung Toi, a native of Shantung Province, and a notorious spy and informer in the service of the Russians, and a similar reward for the capture of Li Ping Sam, ex-Taotai of Tung Pin.—South China Post, Hong Kong.

LOOKING FOR HIS LONG LOST PARENTS

Man Who Was Kidnapped as a Boy Has Lived in Toronto.

ADVERTISING IN THE PAPERS

Offering a Reward to Anyone Who Can Trace Out His Ancestry.

Special to The Montreal Star.

London, September 22. Forty-seven years ago a father and mother endeavored unavailingly to find their kidnapped baby boy. Today that boy, now a man in middle life, is searching anxiously for the parents he has never known. He is advertising liberally in the London papers under the initials of "C. F. M." offering a reward for information regarding his parents.

The known facts of this story of a modern Japhet are as follows: In 1858 there lived about twenty miles from Manchester, a well-to-do landowner, and his wife, whose name and exact place of residence are, however, unknown. A son was born to them. When only a few months old the baby boy was taken out by his nurse and neither ever returned. For years the parents searched for the missing boy. No effort was spared to discover his whereabouts. Finally the bereaved parents were compelled to resign themselves to the inevitable. The baby in the meantime was handed over to a sculptor and his wife living in Manchester.

When he was seven years old the family moved to Liverpool and five years later went to Toronto, Canada, where the boy was educated and started in life. For 34 years he lived there, no suspicion ever crossing his mind that the man and woman he loved as his parents were in no way related to him. Finally, with startling and dramatic suddenness he learned the truth. The sculptor, a widower, lay on his death bed. He loved his adopted son, and though he knew he was dying he could not bring himself to break his long silence and inform his son of his true parentage. As the end neared the old man lay motionless on the bed, his hand clasped in the hand of his adopted son. Suddenly he struggled to a sitting posture and gasped out, "You are not my son. You are—"

Then he fell back dead, taking the secret with him to the grave. Now "C. F. M." is unavailingly seeking his parents, just as 47 years ago they spared no effort to find him.

Pilgrimage of St. Ann's.

The annual pilgrimage from St. Ann's Parish to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery will take place on Sunday afternoon, weather permitting. Extra cars will be ready to take pilgrims early in the afternoon, and the sermons preached by Rev. Father Flynn, C.S.R. will commence in the cemetery at 3 o'clock.

McGill Law Faculty Officers.

The election of officers in the Faculty Law Association of McGill took place yesterday. The election for the position of president was well contested and the meeting throughout was full of vim. The following are the results: President Mr. Frank McKenna, B.A.; vice-president, Mr. J. J. Creelman, B.A.; secretary, Mr. J. Cameron; treasurer, R. Stackhouse; representative to the Alma Mater Society, T. J. Shallow.

Gerhard Heintzman

Sole Agency for These Fine

PIANOS at SHAW'S

ALSO

The world-renowned New York Weber, and our own reliable Shaw Pianos, as well as four other fine makes of new pianos, always in stock, all styles of cases, in fancy woods, also over 20 slightly used and second-hand Pianos, among which are the following

BARGAINS:

$250 Steinway & Sons, N.Y. Upright Piano, fine tone, cost $600

$190 Heintzman and Co., Upright, fancy case, 7 1-3 octaves, fine tone, perfect order, like new. $45 cash and $6 monthly.

$175 Lyric Upright Piano, 7 1-3 octs., medium size, mahogany case, good tone, very little used.

$125 Upright Piano, very nice case, 7 octaves, splendid tone, easy payments if desired.

$90—Decker Bros., N.Y., Square Piano, perfect in tone and condition. Terms, $5 monthly.

$125 Hall, N.Y., Square Piano, cost $450, fine order, perfect condition. Terms, $5 monthly.

$75 Upright Piano, 7 octaves, fancy walnut case, nice tone, $5 per month or $65 all cash.

$30 Thomas Organ, high back, like new, nine stops, cost $125.

Also other Bargains in Pianos and Organs from $25 to $250.

J. W. Shaw & Co

2274 St. Catherine Street.

Visit the Fashionable Millinery Parlors of

Mille Fleurs

1554 St. Catherine Street.

225 2eod

VINO VERMOUTH

FRATELLI CORA

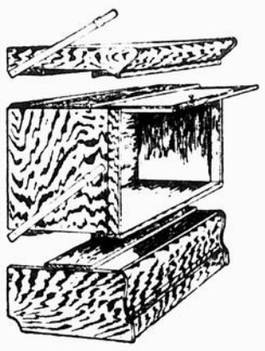
ITALIAN VERMOUTH.

70 cents per bottle, $7.25 per case.

☞ The Trade supplied at Trade prices.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., Sole Agents

WILDER'S



We are agents for the famous Macey Sectional Bookcases.

Great assortment of Wilton, Axminster, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets and Squares just arrived by S. S. Tunisian.

Wilder's Cork Carpet for Offices
Inlaid Linoleum
Four Yd. Linoleum

$12.00 Buys a Roll Top Desk at Wilder's

75 Sample Office Chairs to be sold at 20% less than regular prices at Wilders.

258 St. James *2415 St. Catherine*
263 W. Notre Dame *496 W. Notre Dame*

CLEARING ODDS and ENDS

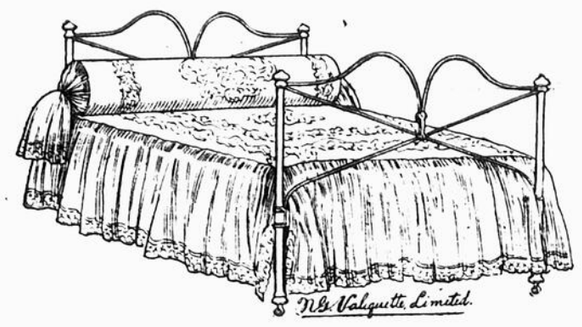
We are going to make a week's clearance in the odd pieces that have been accumulating on our floor for the past season. We are not going to talk much about it either, prefering to save our space for cuts and prices. Monday morning starts the ball rolling. Will you be there ? In Odd Chairs we have about fifty different styles, some lines we have only one or two, others three or four. They will be all brought together and disposed of at pretty much any price.



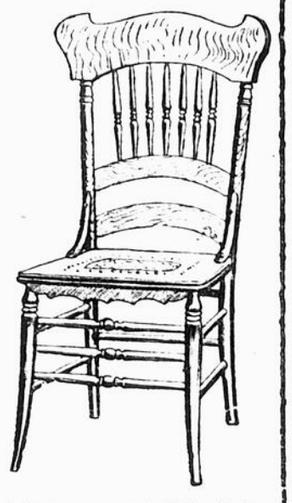
Solid Quartered Oak Dining Chair, genuine leather seat, piano finish. Price while they last $2 10

Arm Chair $3 25

Something Marvelous in Iron Beds.

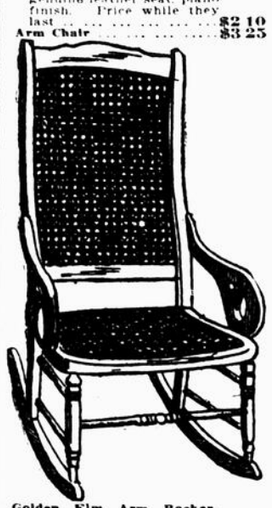


White Enamel Iron Bedstead, all sizes. Pillar 1 1-16, Filling 1-4 and 5-16, Height of Head 41 inches, Foot 37 inches. Only a limited number $2 59

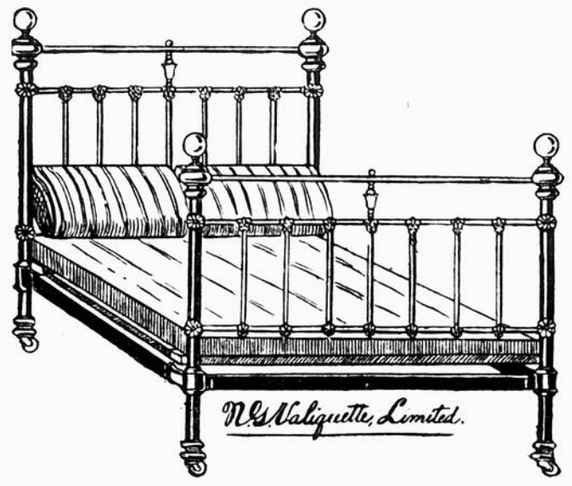


Solid Quartered Oak Dining Chair, genuine leather seat, splendid polish. Price .. $2 00

Arm Chair to match $3 20



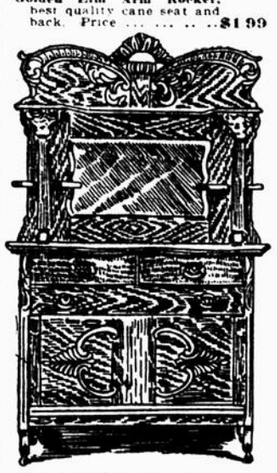
Golden Elm Arm Rocker, best quality cane seat and back. Price $1 99



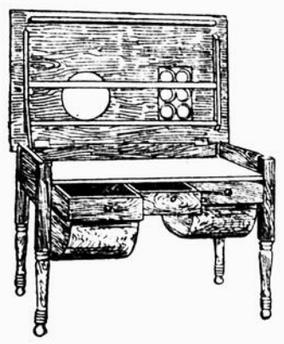
and Iron Bedstead (3 feet only), woven wire spring, wool mattress and two feather pillows, heavy brass knobs, cups and top rails, complete, for $7 80



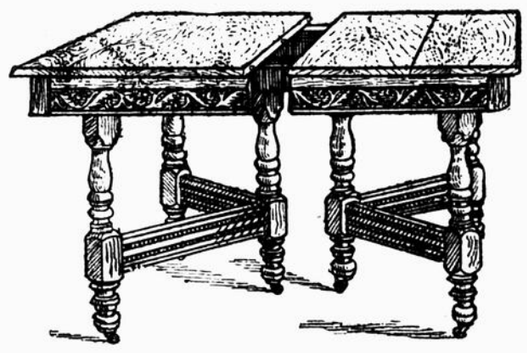
Highly polished kiln-dried elm **Bedroom Chairs** strong and durable. Price $1 33



Flaked Ash Sideboard, 72 in. high, 48 in. long, British bev. plate mirror, nicely shaped. Highly polished and handsomely carved Sideboard. Price $15 00



Golden Elm Kitchen Cabinet, with raising top, showing baking board below, contains 1 cutlery drawer, sugar bin and flour bin. Only a limited number. Price $6 75



Golden Elm Extension Table, extends 6 feet, exactly as cut $4.75

Home Furnishing Emporium, **N.S. Valiquette LIMITED** 1547-55 St. Catherine.

Adopted Child Restored to Parents

Special to the Montreal Star.

New York, September 23.—Yesterday in county court, Brooklyn, Hiram Hyde and his wife, Ellen Hyde of Colchester County, Nova Scotia, obtained an order from Judge Aspinal, restoring to them their ten year old daughter, Teresa Kimball Engeman, who had been adopted by Mr. and Mrs. William A. Engeman.

Mr. and Mrs. Engeman were travelling in Canada in 1901 and were impressed by the child's beauty, and offered to adopt her. The parents, realizing the advantages she would attain consented, and she was legally adopted.

Although Mr. and Mrs. Hyde missed the child, they suffered in silence, consoling themselves with the thought she was living in comfort.

Of late however, their longing to have her with them became so great they held a conference with the Engemens as to abrogating their adoption of the child. Although they had become greatly attached to the child, the Engeman's consented to restore her to her parents.

Express Drivers

Milkmen
Bread Drivers
Delivery Drivers

Do you want a good warm SUIT of clothes for a very small price? Come in and get your pick out of two piles of Men's Suits, worth $10.50 to $15.00, for **$5.00** PER SUIT. They are a bargain. Just Odd Suits. We have no more than one of a kind, and to clear out we offer at this low price.

Also a lot of WINTER OVERCOATS to be cleared early at same price, **$5.00**.

We have all our new range of Tweed, Serge and Worsted SUITS, also OVERCOATS and RAINCOATS, ready for your inspection.

OPEN TILL 9 P.M. EVENINGS.

Allan's Corner Craig and Bleury Sts. and 2299 St. Catherine Street.

PERSIANS EXPELLED FROM OIL REGIONS

Bands of Robbers Continue to Attack Trains at Baku, Firing on Passengers.

New York, September 23.—A special despatch to the New York Sun from Baku states that fifteen thousand Persian workmen have been expelled from the oil regions and a similar number are to follow them soon. Russians and Armenians are also leaving in large numbers. Lack of labor is likely to render the resumption of work difficult.

Bands of robbers continue to attack the trains, firing upon the passengers in them. In one case 53 of the passengers were wounded and one was killed. The robbers endeavored to capture the mails, but a party of Cossacks dispersed them.

The water supply of Baku has been suspended. The members of the municipal government, the doctors and the engineers have fled. Two battalions of infantry, two sotnias of Cossacks, a battery of artillery and a party of chasseurs has been ordered here.

Will Speak About Welsh Revival.

Rev. Dr. Johnston will speak tomorrow evening in the American Presbyterian Church on the recent revival in Wales. Dr. Johnston visited Wales during the summer and had the privilege of meeting with Euan Roberts and of attending several of the Welsh gatherings.

BODY HAS NOT BEEN IDENTIFIED

The Murder Mystery at Boston Still Unsolved by the Police.

Lynn, September 23. The Identity of the young woman whose headless and dismembered body was found in a suit case in Boston harbor at Winthrop Thursday evening, had not been established up to a late hour last night. The most important point established was that the dead woman had been the victim of an illegal operation. Death was due to peritonitis, probably the result of septic poisoning.

The police looked up the families of women who recently have been reported missing. They also endeavored to locate a mysterious stranger, who is said to have been seen in Winthrop recently carrying a dress suit case resembling that in which the body was found. Word was received from Fall River last night that a young woman of that city had been missing three weeks. Her relatives will view the body to-day.

PHENOMENA.

Watch closely the small panel on the left side of the title on the first page of the Star and observe the type change from day to day.

Miss Marguerite O'Malley, Osborne street, who has been spending several weeks at St. Andrews-by-the-Sea, has returned to town.

Ayer's Hair Vigor. Hair turning gray? Why not have all the early, rich color restored? Ayer's Hair Vigor will do this every time. Not a single failure. Stops falling hair also. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN INWARD.

C. P. R. Liner is Expected in Port To-morrow.

The C. P. Atlantic liner Lake Champlain is expected to arrive from Liverpool to-morrow morning. She has the following among her saloon passengers: Mrs. Abbey, Mr. Douglas Armour, Miss Norah Baker, Rev. R. B. Brielars, Mr. E. Devell, Mr. Allan Dobson, Miss M. Allan Dobson, Miss Duvfield, Mr. F. Everhardt, Mr. Howard Earle, Mrs. Earle, Mr. James Findlater, Mrs. Findlater, Miss M. Fleming, Mr. E. F. Fobla, Mrs. Fobla, Mrs. Goodland, Rev. J. J. Gloddemons, Mrs. Graham, Mr. C. E. Grainger, Miss Grainger, Miss B. M. Halpod, Mrs. D. Hobbs, Miss J. E. Hobbs, Miss Gertrude Hosford, Mr. Allan Humphreys, Mr. J. J. Leicester, Miss Bella Lecimer, Prof. E. W. MacBride, Mrs. MacBride and maid, Master Desmond MacBride, Mr. Thomas Meek, Miss Meek, Mr. Guthrie McNab Millers, Dr. Wesley Mills, Mr. P. Perry Owen, Mrs. P. Perry Owen, Miss Pilkington, Miss W. Rueda, Mr. A. C. Todd, Miss E. Todd, Mr. G. S. Watts, Dr. Woodsworth, Mrs. Woodsworth, Mr. E. G. Wylie.

There is a pretty bit of history in the name of that vehicle, the fiacre. St. Fiacre was an Irishman of noble birth, who went over to France in the seventh century and lived as a hermit in a forest near Meaux. His popularity became very great in the France of later centuries. When Sauvage started public hackney coaches in Paris in 1640 he found the most convenient centre for them to be an inn in the Rue St. Martin, named Hotel St. Fiacre, and adorned with an image of the saint. Hence "fiacre."

A Splendid Tribute..

to our Mail Order Department is noted in the fact that its business is increasing in every hamlet, village and town of Canada.

Even in the larger cities customers are becoming more numerous than ever, and orders for Watches, Jewellery and silver needs are being daily filled for patrons, who find much advantage in availing themselves of our Mail Order facilities.

Write for catalogue, and you'll probably see the wisdom, and also how to save money dealing with us.

B. & H. B. KENT,
Mail Order Jewellers,
144 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

If you are thinking of buying a New Suit, a Fancy Vest, an Overcoat, or an extra pair of Trousers. We would like to meet you to-night at

ALLAN'S

busy corner of Craig and Bleury. You'll be a little surprised to see the large and fine stock of Clothing we carry for men, and our goods are all specially selected for our custom trade.

Open till 11 p.m. To-night.

You've Been Wrong

In supposing that because our prices are low our Furniture is cheap. It's our method of doing business that places such offers within the reach of all. It's the price that's cheap, not the furniture. Perhaps you think that

$40.00 to $75.00



a little dear for Bedroom Suites, when we have others at $12.50, but come and see them. We can't describe their beauty and excellence in an "ad."—Cold type can't do it, they require to be seen to be appreciated. The appearance of these bedroom suites suggests big prices, but little prices buy them. They are made of oak and mahogany, beautifully finished, they have an elegant appearance and tasty design; above all, note that the prices are only from 40 to 75 dollars, and they're worth double that money.

F. Lapointe, 1449 St. Catherine St., CORNER MONTCALM.

The Head liner Inishowen Head passed in at Point Amour from Middlesboro' with rails for th Great Northern Railway yesterday and is due here next Tuesday.

"SPRING BEDS"
Ideal No. 33 appeals to your pocket book. Any dealer.
211 78

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