

The Stanstead Journal.

VOL. LXXIII—No. 41

ROCK ISLAND, (STANSTEAD) P. Q., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1918.

WHOLE No. 3792

HELP WANTED

Both male and female, experienced and inexperienced, to operate Lathes, Milling Machines, Grinders, Drill Presses, etc.

Experience not necessary, but desirable. Good pay and steady employment in a good, warm, up-to-date factory.

Practically 100% Government work. Be patriotic; help win the war. By working for us you are helping the boys "over there."

Butterfield & Co., Inc.
ROCK ISLAND, QUE.

IMPORTANT SALE

PUREBRED STOCK AT AUCTION.

A. E. Fish & Sons of Ayer's Cliff, will sell at their Highland Stock Farm, on Wednesday, October 16th, 1918,

30 Head Registered Ayrshires

Also Horses and Pigs.

For particulars see posters. Write for catalogue to A. E. FISH & SONS, Ayer's Cliff, Que.

BOY WANTED

At The Journal Office.

TOWN TOPICS

Mrs. George Winter is ill with la grippe.

Cyrus Fortin is able to be about part of the time after an attack of la grippe.

Hector Domina has moved into the Belisle house on Pelow Hill, recently purchased by him.

Lee F. Ticehurst and Carl A. Lane are both ill. The mill of the Building Association is not now running.

Oregon Fortin, driver of the station bus is ill with la grippe. Mrs. Fortin and three children are also shut in with the same illness.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. LeBlanc of Beebe are both ill with la grippe. This is the reason why LeBlanc's delivery wagon has not been on the road during the past few days.

Thomas Wells, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Wells arrived at his home Tuesday evening from the French front. He enlisted in the signal section of the 117th, and went overseas in 1916. He will be here two weeks.

Francis Davio, son of Mrs. Mary Davio of St. Johnsbury, formerly of Rock Island, died of Spanish influenza at the end of the week and the body was brought here for burial on Monday. Two sisters, Miss Davio and Mrs. W. D. Sweeney, are ill with the same disease at St. Johnsbury.

My house, with its six bedrooms and two bathrooms, and space to finish five more sleeping rooms, is very desirable for a lodging house. As now finished it would earn at least \$60 per month, and leave room for a good sized family to live in. James A. Gilmore.

Lady Atkins, wife of the Lieut.-Gov. of Manitoba, and Mrs. W. A. Cooke, arrived in Stanstead last week, guests at the Stanstead Inn. Lady Atkins left for her home in Winnipeg on Friday, Mrs. Cooke remaining longer, renewing acquaintance with old friends. These ladies will be remembered as daughters of the late William B. Colby. Dr. Cooke is in attendance at the Methodist General Conference and Board of Missions in Hamilton and Toronto.

Robert A. Brown died at his home on South Main street, Derby Line, Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The body was taken to White River Junction, Vt., for burial Wednesday. Mr. Brown came here from White River Junction about a year ago and has been employed at Butterfield & Co's. He is survived by a wife and small child, his father, C. H. Brown, who came here at the opening of the business of G. & G. Limited, but father and son were arranging to move to Massachusetts.

TOWN TOPICS

William Hull is out after an attack of la grippe.

Mrs. Clayton Wing and child are ill with la grippe.

William Webb, jr., is ill with the prevailing epidemic.

Dr. H. P. Stockwell has been laid up with la grippe during the past few days.

Rev. B. F. and Mrs. McIntire left Tuesday evening for their new parish in Dexter, Me.

The opening of the People's Entertainment Course has been postponed from October 25th to November 15th.

Miss Maria S. Smith is ill with Spanish influenza in Manchester, N. H., where she has been staying for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. George Julian and son and Mrs. Julian's brother, Walter Souther, all are ill with la grippe, but are improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Trefle Laroche and two children are all ill with la grippe, Mr. Laroche's condition being considered serious.

E. Gilleneau, who keeps a small grocery on Railroad street, has been seriously ill with la grippe for some days. Mrs. Gilleneau is also ill with the same disease.

The Butterfield Works were closed Saturday afternoon owing to the illness of many employees. Many of the men are still out and the lower shop remains closed.

Porter F. Hunt, who was stricken with Spanish influenza while at Tufts College, pneumonia developing, was brought home Tuesday night, and is now getting along nicely.

Geo. K. Muir, baker, formerly of Stanstead, now with F. D. LeBlanc, Beebe, was called to Barre, Vt., Tuesday, by the death of his daughter Jennie (Mrs. James Crozier) who leaves two children.

Miss Marie Cunningham of the Butterfield office was stricken with influenza toward the end of the week, went to her home at Bishop's Crossing Saturday and died there Tuesday. She was a favorite wherever known and will be greatly missed by friends and acquaintances here.

Gordon T. Ross is holding his own, although his condition is still critical. Twelve days ago he was stricken with the influenza, pneumonia developing three days later, and he has had a hard fight. His sister Mildred had the influenza in a mild form and is now much better. Miss Lillian Ross, who was taken ill at Macdonald College some time ago, is improving slowly.

Miss Beaulis Rich, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rich of Derby, died Wednesday, Oct. 2nd, at Brightlook Hospital, St. Johnsbury, where she had just finished training as a nurse. Pneumonia, developing from influenza, was the cause of her death. Miss Rich was very highly esteemed in her home village. The funeral took place at Derby Saturday, Rev. Lemuel Davis conducting the service.

Most of the cases of influenza in this community are of a mild form, and no doubt many hard colds are being classed as la grippe or influenza, the inclination being to take no chances. The infection here is said to have come from Sherbrooke. If the present kind of weather could continue for a few weeks the disease would doubtless be pretty well stamped out. This is naturally a very healthful community.

The remains of Kathleen Davis, daughter of Charles Davis, were brought here from Skinner, Me., for interment. The funeral took place in the Congregational Church, Saturday, Rev. Lemuel Davis of Derby conducting the service. Burial at Derby Line.

The bearers were two brothers, Earle and Edwin Davis, Locke Aldrich and Harley Ames. While feeding the chickens back of the house a stray bullet coming from the woods, pierced her head causing instant death.

THE DERBY LINE MEAT MARKET

CHARLES MAROIS & SON, Proprietors

Native and Western Beef always in stock. Veal, Lamb, Pork, Ham, Bacon, Sausage, Liver, Tongue and Tripe.

Sea Fish twice a week.

Halibut, Cod, Haddock, Salmon, Mackerel, Herring and Finnan Haddies.

FULL LINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

EVERYTHING NEAT, SWEET AND SANITARY.

TOWN TOPICS

E. F. C. Crumpler is ill with la grippe. William Pinfild is confined to his home with la grippe.

Albert F. Gilmore is ill at home with the prevailing epidemic.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Bailey of Burlington, Vt., were in town Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Corliss are ill with the prevailing epidemic.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bothwell of East Angus, were in town Saturday.

Mrs. E. E. Sargent returned Friday from several weeks' visit in Southern Vermont.

Leo Gilmore was taken suddenly ill Tuesday after dinner and has been confined to his bed.

Henry Renihan has bought from J. F. Paquette the double tenement opposite St. Joseph's Hall.

Miss Margaret Pipkin, who has been ill with the prevailing epidemic, was out yesterday for the first time.

Colby Stoddard, for the past two years states attorney of Orleans County, died at his home in Orleans Sunday.

Hollis C. Clapper, who for the past ten days has been confined to his home with the prevailing epidemic, is again able to be out.

Alfred Labounty, who has been working in the blacksmith shop at the Butterfield works, has gone to Norton, Mass., to do similar work.

Owing to the illness in so many homes the regular October meeting of the Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist Church has been canceled.

Dr. Gordon Cosby, who is ill in a New York City hospital, is not making the progress his friends would wish. His father and mother are in New York.

Eugene Perkins has purchased the Hiram Todd farm in Holland. The transfer was made on Saturday, Oct. 5th, and Mr. Perkins will move to the farm at once.

A letter from Rev. E. L. Rice indicates that Mrs. Rice has been benefited by the high altitude, consequently they have decided to remain two weeks longer. They will likely be here the last Sunday in October.

Mayor Charles R. Jenkins returned Monday evening from Newcastle, N. B., where he has been moose hunting. According to his story moose were so plenty that they rapped at the camp door to be shot, and he shot one from the camp veranda.

H. L. Todd, having sold his farm in Holland, will sell his personal property at auction on Saturday afternoon of this week. The sale will include the registered Belgian stallion Brock 5553 and the imported Belgian mare Grosse, registered in Canada.

The Caswell & O'Rourke Store Co. have installed a "Sherrers Sanitary Grocery Counter." This is just what its name implies. It is sanitary in every sense and customers get the food product without their exposure to dust and store odors. Look at this scheme and it will win your approval. Clean, sanitary bulk food is sure to make for health and economy. People have been paying too much for fancy packages and brilliant labels.

A special meeting of the vestry of Christ Church, Stanstead, will be held in the Parish Room Monday, Oct. 14th, at 8 p.m., to select a People's Warden. For nearly two years the office has been worthily filled by Mr. C. W. Stevens; but as he is obliged to be South for the winter on account of his wife's health, a successor has to be chosen. All women of the church are urged to be present at this meeting as a matter of vital importance connected with the church edifice is to be discussed.

It is for every one of us to say how much patriotic endeavor, how much loyal sacrifice we will make by saving our money, by "doing without," so that such day will see a surplus to add to our own and the nation's strength.

If you can't be the first one to **Buy a Bond**, come in as close a second as possible. Don't be a Trailer.

38 Perfection Oil Stoves

SOLD IN THE PAST FEW DAYS

We now have No. 530, \$6.75; No 630, \$8.50

Order by number.

The efficiency of an Oil Heater will be greatly increased if a pan of water is kept on top whenever stove is burning.

Wall Board—Golden Oak or Cream White, \$30.00 to \$40.00 per 1000 square feet. Good supply on hand.

American Twin Shingles make a splendid roof and cost but little more than wood.

Cement—We have plenty; price has stiffened a little, but is not excessive yet.

Stoves and Ranges—It's worth quite a drive to see the display in our Stove Room. There is not another such showing in Vermont, hardly the like in New England. For the present we will not add the last 10% advance on Glenwoods. It's a good time to buy.

Traps, Guns, Ammunition—We're having a remarkable sale and still we have the goods.

Horse Blankets, Robes, &c.—These goods are hard to get, but we bought long ago.

Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines, London Litter Carriers, Cattle Stanchions, Team Harness, right in stock.

Heavy Express Wagon—Will sell at half its value.

True & Blanchard Company

277-2, Newport.

COLBY J. STODDARD

Colby J. Stoddard of Orleans, Vt., state's attorney of Orleans County, died at his home in Orleans, on Saturday afternoon of pleuro-pneumonia following an attack of influenza. The funeral was held at the grave Tuesday afternoon, Rev. R. A. Hamilton officiating. Mr. Stoddard was born at East Charleston, April 6, 1877, and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Stoddard. He was educated in the district school and Derby Academy, and studied law in the office of Bates, May and Simonds of St. Johnsbury, being admitted to the bar in 1902. Mr. Stoddard is survived by his wife, and three daughters, Evelyn, Elsie and Marion. He was just closing his first term as County Attorney. He was a good counsellor and a most genial and kindly man.

HOLLAND

Mrs. Herbert Flinn, who underwent an operation for appendicitis at home, is gaining slowly. She has a trained nurse from Sherbrooke caring for her. All schools and churches in this section are closed indefinitely on account of the Spanish influenza.

O. A. Selby has been at North Hyde Park recently on account of the illness of his father's folks. His father has had a shock and is very low, and his mother has erysipelas.

Word was received Saturday of the death of Mrs. O. Allen (nee Rena Bree) of Charleston from pneumonia. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved ones.

Mrs. M. L. Ames is still improving slowly.

MAGOG

There are many cases of Spanish influenza in town. At the Methodist Church on Sunday morning it was decided to cancel the services until the epidemic abated. The schools are closed for a time.

The Pine Hill Cemetery Association has just received a cheque for \$2,000, a legacy from the late L. H. Sweeney of San Raphael, Cal. The donor of this gift had helped the Association financially many times.

Mr. Robt. Campbell met with a bad accident while at his work in the engraving room on Friday afternoon. He was going up a ladder to get some patterns when the ladder slipped and he fell a distance of 18 feet, breaking his right arm and sustaining other severe bruises.

Mrs. E. J. Adams is spending a few weeks with friends in Danville. Her sister, Miss Fanny Marsden, is with the family here.

Messrs. John and Gary Manning are leaving on Wednesday for Virginia.

Mr. L. H. Drew of Boston is a guest of his sister, Mrs. F. W. Wallace.

Mrs. Burbank of Montreal was a week-end guest of Mrs. J. H. Peasley. Miss Cora Williamson of Beebe was in town on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Smith and children visited relatives in Sherbrooke recently.

Mr. Clinton Manning and sister Myrtle of Montreal were at home for the week-end.

SHINGLES

We have on hand 500,000 Quebec and New Brunswick Cedar Shingles which we want to turn into cash as soon as possible. The prices are from \$3.00 per M up, with four grades to choose from. Since the freight rates are advanced we cannot replace these shingles at the prices asked, but we will make no increase while present stock lasts.

Three Villages Building Association Limited

WANTED.

Girl to learn typesetting, etc. Apply to Stanstead Journal.

COAL ON FOUNDRY HILL

Peculiar "Find" Beneath Old Libby Shops at Rock Island.

During the recent excavation for a cellar under the north annex of what were formerly known as the Libby shops, near the top of Foundry Hill, diggers encountered charcoal. At first it was thrown out with the dirt, but as the quantity increased a systematic effort was made to save the "find" for fuel. Beneath a strata of about a foot of soft earth covering the entire size of the building which juts into the street, was a strata of unmixed charcoal varying in thickness from six or eight inches at points where there was least, to sixteen or eighteen inches where there was most, the whole being fairly well packed by the weight above it for many years. Something like ten tons of the charcoal were reclaimed, and it is said to burn well in an ordinary coal stove.

No one now living about here remembers even a "story" which would account for this surprising deposit. No one knows even when the old building was erected.

One theory advanced is that charcoal was once burned on the spot soon after the land was cleared, and in support of this theory it is said the remnants of some old stakes were found in position.

The location is just a little way above the old foundry building, and if iron casting here dates back to a period prior to the erection of the wood shops, the coal may have belonged to the former.

The JOURNAL would be glad to hear from any old reader who has any information to give on this subject.

The building under which the coal was found is that portion of the shops where the late David Libby made caskets forty or fifty years ago. Some years ago the property was acquired by the late Julius Allard, Sr., and it is now owned by his son-in-law, J. A. Roy.

GRANITEVILLE

Miss Bessie MacKay recently received a bonus for successful teaching in Graniteville school, from the Department of Public Instruction.

Miss Tillie Guerin spent the week-end with her brother, Mr. A. Guerin.

Pte. Elmore Powers, who is in military service in Montreal, spent the week-end with his wife and parents.

CASWELL & O'ROURKE STORE CO.

DAYLIGHT STORE

The Fighting Fourth Liberty Loan will be sold September 28—October 19. The campaign is shorter, the amount larger. Get ready to act quickly; save your money to buy Fighting Fourth Liberty Bonds. With your help America Fares Forth to Victory. Walk right into any Bank and buy to the very utmost.

The Daylight Store will have a sale of Coats this week that will help you save. A lot of good warm coats at \$5.75, a larger assortment of garments at \$7.50. Now these are last year's garments offered when you need them early in the season and at very low prices.

We have 100 new Plush and Cloth Coats that you should see and price. No better time than now, this week, when we have them. Any goods bought now will look like bargains later, this applies to shoes particularly. Come in on our Children's Shoe Sale this week, always something new at the Daylight Store where the Christmas display starts in Oct.

The Caswell & O'Rourke Store Co.

FOUNTAIN PENS

WE HAVE THE

Waterman Ideal,

Moore's Non-Leakable,

and several other well-known makes.

Consult us before buying.

The Journal Printing Co.,

ROCK ISLAND, QUE.

THE AMES GARAGES

DERBY LINE, VT., and ROCK ISLAND, QUE.

The motoring season is now open and you will find at both Garages a complete line of Tires, Oils and Accessories; also

Cars for Hire

All Kinds of Repairing, including Brazing and Welding promptly and skillfully executed by experienced workmen.

Service Station for the Vestry Storage Battery.

GEORGE T. AMES, Proprietor

THE YOUNG GARAGE

MY GARAGE IS NOW
READY FOR BUSINESS

Gasoline, Oils and Supplies

Ample Floor Space

Efficient Workmen

Prompt Service at any hour of the twenty-four

Phone this Garage if you need assistance, and we will soon be with you.

Full Line of Tires

E. A. YOUNG

ELM STREET, - DERBY LINE

ARTESIAN WELLS

PURE WATER SUPPLY

Estimates and Information
Given Free.

BAY STATE ARTESIAN WELL CO.

CONCORD

WARNER AND WOODSVILLE
NEW HAMPSHIRE

CLARK BROTHERS' STEAM LAUNDRY

The most satisfactory way to get rid of the drudgery of wash-day during the heated season is to send your washing to us. All work entrusted to our care will receive prompt and careful attention. We do all kinds of washing and ironing—Family Wash, Wet Wash, etc.

Phone [237 ring 4] us and we will call at your home.

CLARK BROTHERS
Foundry Hill Rock Island

FITCH BAY

In spite of the very rainy day a large number of friends attended the memorial service in St. Matthias Church on Sunday afternoon to honor the memory of another Fitch Bay boy, Pte. Lee N. Keet, who paid the supreme sacrifice in France on Aug. 26th. The church was draped with flags, and beautiful white asters were on the altar. The service opened with the Processional hymn, "Ten Thousand Times Ten Thousand," which was followed by the psalms and the lesson. After that the hymn, "O God of Love, O King of Peace." This was followed by the rector's address which was based on part of the 25th verse of the 11th chapter of St. John: "The master is come and calleth for thee." After the address the hymn, "There is a Blessed Home," was sung. Prayers were then offered and at the close of the service the beautiful hymn, "For All the Saints Who from Their Labors Rest." After the benediction, "God Save the King," and "God Save Our Splendid Men," were sung. Pte. Keet was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Keet of this place and went overseas in March. He was a very popular young man and had a host of friends by whom he will be sadly missed. Among the relatives who attended the service were the parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Keet, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Gustin, brother-in-law and sister, Mr. S. G. Keet and Willie Keet, brothers, Miss Iva Keet, sister, Mr. D. B. Keet of Ayer's Cliff, uncle, and Miss Jessie Cameron of Georgetown.

Messrs. George, Jr., Raymond, Cecil and Kenneth Pelkie and Mr. Cephas Rogers are ill with the prevailing epidemic.

Mrs. R. A. Temple and daughter Barbara of Smith's Mills were guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Adams a few days recently.

MASSAWIPPI

The prevailing influenza has several victims here. Those most badly afflicted are Master Bertram Garneau, Mr. P. St. Lawrence, Mrs. J. Ayer, Miss Susie Ayer, Mrs. T. N. St. Dizier, Clare and Alton St. Dizier, Mrs. J. Carr, Mrs. W. Jones, Mr. E. English and family and the two children of Mr. E. St. Dizier. Some improvement is noted in some of these cases.

Mrs. C. Peck and Miss Maud Peck are leaving shortly for West Charleston, Vt., for the winter. Mr. O. Brown and wife are renting a house in the village.

Mr. Leon Stebbins was called to North Hatley on Monday, owing to the illness of his mother.

Mr. G. A. Smith recently purchased 28 head of cattle to winter at Maplewood farm for Mrs. E. St. Dizier.

Miss Cora Rowell, Mrs. T. Rowell and Mrs. Weir Rowell were recent guests of Mrs. and Miss Peck.

Two days of sunshine, (Monday and Tuesday) have done people good, after a long five weeks' of rain. We hope the sun will continue to shine until the wet earth is dried off, and the health of the people improved thereby.

Mrs. Otis Shurtleff has been on the sick list, also Mrs. A. Smith, Miss Grace Smith of Maplewood, and Miss Ross, teacher in the Lord district.

Our school is closed for two weeks and both teachers, Miss McLean and Miss Davis, have gone to their respective homes, at Gould and Bury.

Mrs. Dr. Gillilan and Mrs. Twombly of Beebe were guests last week at the home of her sister, Mrs. T. N. St. Dizier and Mrs. Gillilan was here again on Tuesday of this week on account of the illness of her sister and family.

The Patriotic Society held their regular meeting on Tuesday of last week. The annual report was given by the secretary and treasurer, and will be given out later. The following officers were elected by vote: president, Mrs. L. Coit; vice-president, Mrs. G. A. Smith; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. P. Whitcomb, secretary, Mrs. J. Gibson; treasurer, Miss E. Stevenson.

GRIFFIN

Mr. G. M. Bachelder has taken the contract from Mr. Doran to drive the rural mail routes Nos. 1 and 2 and began his duties Oct. 1st. We all consider Mr. Bachelder "the right man in the right place" being a reliable and energetic man, whatever he undertakes proves successful.

The funeral of the late E. F. Stone took place here on Monday forenoon, Rev. F. G. LeGallia conducting the service.

Mr. and Mrs. George Young of West Derby were called here owing to the death and funeral of the late E. F. Stone.

Church of England service here Sunday, Oct. 13th, at 3 p.m. Sunday School at 4 p.m.

There are many people who praise God from whom all blessings flow and then proceed to waste them.

VERMONT ITEMS

The prevalence of la grippe has been the cause of the adjournment of the meetings of many activities; even that of the state republican committee, was put forward indefinitely.

Newport City has raised about \$100,000 of its \$150,000 Liberty Loan allotment. B. W. Wilcox, manager of the Gilman store, is chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee of Newport.

VERMONT ITEMS

Allen P. Niles of Derby is visiting his son Frank in New York.

The government farm loan bureau has already loaned the farmers of the state \$618,300.

Alden Hay, Evarts Kidder and Robert Kilburn of Derby are attending Middlebury College this year.

633 non-fatal accidents and 2 fatal were reported to the Commissioner of Industries in the month of August.

Wesley A. Kelley of Derby is making extensive repairs to his lumber mill. Henry Moulton is in charge of the work.

Word has been received at Newport of the safe arrival of Rev. H. B. Rankin in France, where he will do Y.M.C.A. work.

Nixon Morse, who has been visiting in Newport, Derby and Charleston for a few weeks, has returned to his home in San Diego, Cal.

C. N. Moulton of East Charleston, has sold his store, and it is said that he is to become the cashier of the National Bank of Island Pond.

A patch on the knee or seat of your trousers, and the gloss of well worn places on a suit, are badges of distinction in these days of saving.

Lieutenant Aubrey Akin of Newport son of Mr. and Mrs. John Akin has been assigned as military instructor at Canisius College, Buffalo, N. Y.

The price of wool throughout the state is 68 cents per pound. Any attempt to lower this price should be referred to the Commissioner of Agriculture, E. S. Brigham. St. Albans.

The number of inmates at the various state institutions on October 1 were: state hospital for the insane 717, state prison 144, house of correction 104, industrial school 237, a total of 1202.

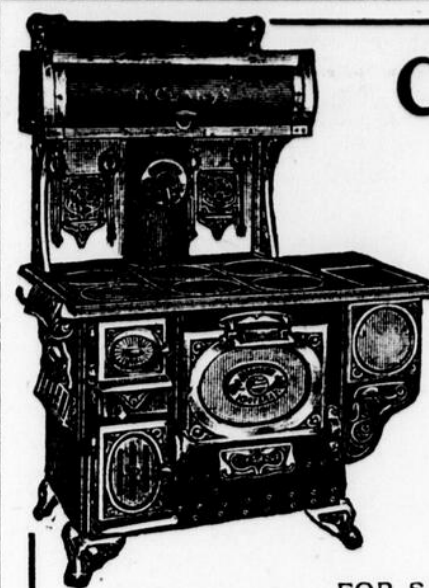
Harry Robinson, Chief Engineer of the Royal Naval Motor Boat Reserve, a former Hatley boy, is visiting in Orleans, after two years service in the English Channel. Mr. Robinson has a 30 days' furlough.

1333 miles of highways have been under constant patrol this season throughout the state, and the expenditure has been \$24,374.06, or \$18.27 per mile. This is the solution of the maintenance and permanence of the reconstructed highways of the state. The law of the "stitch in time" is again proved adequate.

Derby Line, with a population of 561, raised in one evening, from 78 subscribers \$85,600 of the liberty loan allotment of \$105,000 for the town of Derby, with a population of 1669. The average per subscriber being \$1,097.44. More was raised later in this village, the total passing \$90,000. The balance of the town is doing well.

People of Orleans County can obtain sugar cards of the following: Albany, F. W. Tenney; Barton, W. B. Proctor; Orleans and Brownington, H. S. Webster; Irasburg, B. T. Chaffee; East Charleston, A. C. Gallup; West Charleston, H. G. Ruiter; Coventry, Mrs. H. C. Cleveland; Craftsbury, C. H. Root; Derby, A. A. Silver; Derby Line, T. F. O'Rourke; Glover, A. P. Bean; Greensboro, R. A. Ritchie; Holland, C. H. Bennett; Jay, W. H. Warner; Lowell, H. A. Parker; Morgan, S. C. Wilcox; Newport City, C. S. Emery; Town of Newport, C. W. Kelley; North Troy, A. H. Butterfield; Troy, W. D. Miller; Westfield, W. B. Gilpin; Westmore, G. C. Myers. Each family is allowed two pounds a month for each member of the family.

The Northfield News and the Enosburg Standard are supporting the democratic candidate for governor, as he has declared for the prohibition amendment to the national constitution, and the republican candidate opposes it. At the uniting of the committee on resolutions of the democratic party, whose duty it is to draw up the party platform, the temperance issue was wholly ignored. The conditions are somewhat paradoxical; Dr. Mayo, the democratic candidate, a temperance man and a whiskey platform; P. W. Clement, the republican candidate, notoriously opposed to temperance, backed by a temperance platform. The logical disposition of existing conditions would be to have a division of the sheep and the goats, or the dries from the wets, and have a square deal. It isn't absolutely necessary or obligatory for a man to respond to the snap of the party whip when its mandates violate his convictions. The world has juggled long enough with John Barleycorn, the greatest menace to efficiency in the world today. One candidate speaks of this as a "minor issue," and that "winning the war is the great outstanding issue." The answer to such drivel is: The offspring of John Barleycorn are children of selfishness, supreme and all-absorbing, and selfishness is the cause of all war, and the death of the cause can but bring permanent peace. The advocate of and for the continuation of the manufacture and sale of alcohol as a beverage, be it direct or indirect, is playing into the hands of the rapers of Belgium, Serbia, France and Russia. There can be no middle ground on this question, and at this the world's most critical hour, the man who hesitates to aid in giving the traffic its knockout blow, stands condemned by his own conscience and his country's honor.



Controlled Heat

The oven in the Kootenay Range is surrounded by an envelope of heat which is at every moment under your instantaneous control. With the Kootenay Range the heat control is so easy and accurate you can use all the heat from your fuel without waste.

FOR SALE BY

HORACE J. CORDEAU

Successor to Hall & Cordeau

McClary's

Kootenay Range

London St. John, N.B. Toronto Calgary Montreal Hamilton Winnipeg Edmonton Vancouver Saskatoon

CARTER'S Inks, Paste, Mucilage, Typewriter Ribbons

Try Pencraft, the new double purpose ink for office and fountain pen use

Sold by

The Journal Printing Co.

The Royal Bank of Canada

with which is amalgamated

The Quebec Bank

Capital Authorized	\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid up	14,000,000
Reserve Funds and Undivided Profits	15,000,000
Total Assets	386,000,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Business of all kinds can be transacted in this manner, and will receive prompt attention.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT EVERY BRANCH

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES TO RENT

Joint Accounts may be opened in the name of two persons; in case of death balance payable to survivor.

Sub Branch at Fitch Bay, Que. Open Thursday of each week

ROCK ISLAND BRANCH A. C. McPHEE, Manager

REAL ESTATE OF ALL KINDS

GENERAL INSURANCE

CATALOGUE OF FARM OR VILLAGE PROPERTY SENT ON REQUEST

P. C. BLANCHARD & CO.

ARLINGTON BLOCK

NEWPORT, VERMONT



A Thorough Course

that fits you for the World of Business. Thoroughness is the keynote of the courses at this successful college. Individual instruction by experts insures that thorough training in business systems which is demanded by the big business houses today. Our courses include Bookkeeping, Stenography and Typewriting, Penmanship, French, Correspondence, Commercial Law and Office Systems.

Bugbee Business College

affiliated with Stanstead College, Stanstead, Que., gives its students a large campus, rink, golf links, gymnasium, buildings equipped with all modern conveniences, and a thorough business education at moderate rates, because of the endowments of the college.

Students may enter at any time. Write for College Calendar.

GEO. J. TRUEMAN, M.A., Principal, STANSTEAD, Que.

The Stanstead Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
THE JOURNAL PRINTING CO.
Rock Island, Que.

One year (advance payment) \$1.00
If paid in six months, 1.25
At the end of the year, 1.50

When sent by mail to subscribers in the United States the price will be \$1.50 a year in advance.
Entered as second-class matter at the Post-Office at Derby Line under the act of March, 3, 1879.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Transient advertising 10 cents a line for the first insertion and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion. 12 lines to the inch.

SOME "SAVING" SENTENCES Save for Victory.

To save is the easiest of practices—
if you have the will.

Pinch your expenditure a little and
you'll find it will pay.

A dollar saved is a dollar earned.

Save to lend to your country when
it calls.

The will that saves is the will that
wins.

Saving will provide both an um-
brella and a mackintosh for the "rainy
day."

Saving money is often the expres-
sion of saving grace.

Save to make Canada secure.

A man who is hovering on the verge
of want is not his own master.

Save to save—both yourself and
Canada.

Live within your means and your
means will be increased.

If you don't live within your means
you must live on the means of others.

The first dollar saved is often the
first step on the road to affluence.

Heaven helps those who help them-
selves. Moral—Save!

Don't be a victim of circumstances;
help to shape circumstances by saving.

Sacrifice a present pleasure for a fu-
ture good—Save.

Save, remembering that to him that
hath shall be given.

Patches in war-time are often an
evidence of patriotism.

Saving brings its own reward com-
pounded.

The Teutonic people have built up a
great military machine and are trained
and forced to deny themselves. In the
allied nations the denial is left largely
to the individuals.

The measure of your love of free-
dom is your willingness to deny your-
self so that the strength of the nation
for war effort will be increased.

Self-denial must take the form of
money-saving—thrift.

Every time you buy a thing you do
not need to, interferes with Cana-
da's war work. Every dollar you
spend on things not strictly necessary
is a dollar not merely wasted but used
to employ labor on things that have
nothing to do with our efforts to win
the war for freedom.

Too much time of Canadian work-
men is being purchased by us to make
things that are for show and pleas-
ure. Too great a quantity of material
that our soldiers could effectively use
against the foe, goes into the making
of superfluous things for us, whom
they are so valiantly defending.

Stop the reckless spending.

The man who saves for his country
helps himself.

Don't administer your finances on
the come-easy, go-easy plan. Save.

A dollar saved over here helps the
boys "over there."

In England they say: "A shilling
wasted stabs a soldier in the back."

Parsimony to promote your coun-
try's welfare is now virtue; indeed, it
is expected of you.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend our most sincere
thanks to all who assisted in any way
at the memorial service for our son
and brother, Corp. Guy H. Montle, to
those who took part in the music, and
those who sent flowers. We assure
all that we deeply appreciate their
sympathy.

MR. AND MRS. J. M. MONTLE
AND FAMILY.

YOUTH-TIME

The important time to lay
a strong foundation for
robust manhood is while life is
young and the body develop-
ing. A growing child needs
every possible help to conserve
energy and confirm the body
in vigorous health. To a
developing child

SCOTT'S EMULSION

comes with particular help.
Thousands of the strong men
and women of today were in
youth-time nourished and
strengthened to withstand
the inroads of disease by the
consistent use of Scott's.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

HONORED HEROIC DEAD

Memorial Service for Corp. A. H. Swift
and Corp. G. H. Swift.

An impressive memorial service was
held in Centenary Methodist Church
Sunday afternoon in honor of Corp.
Albert A. Swift and Corp. Guy H.
Montle. Pulpit and choir loft were
draped with Union Jacks, while the
Stars and Stripes occupied a position
at the right, the Tri-Color at the left
of the platform, and a profusion of
flowers helped in the decorative ef-
fect.

In spite of a leaden sky, drizzling
rain, and chilly atmosphere many peo-
ple left their homes to pay final trib-
ute to the two young men who have
given their lives in freedom's cause.
Both were killed in action in France—
Corp. Swift on Aug. 10th, Corp. Mon-
tle, Aug. 28th. The latter was a mem-
ber of Tomfobia Lodge, No. 18, I. O.
O. F., and members of that organiza-
tion attended the service in a body.

The pastor, Rev. J. I. Hughes, con-
ducted the service, and the principal
speaker was Rev. T. A. Halpenny,
now of Toronto. Canon Hepburn,
rector of Christ Church, also took
part.

Mr. Halpenny said this community
had a very definite place of its own in
his mind, especially when thinking of
the war, for it was here that he passed
from peace to war. Afterwards he
went to a church which was very
deeply in the service, but most of the
boys from that congregation he had
never seen, and it was not quite the
same, because here he had known
personally those who had gone. When
from this place word came of one who
had fallen, it was always someone he
knew. The former pastor made feel-
ing reference to the late Pte. Roy A.
Telford, expressing his regrets be-
cause of inability to be here at that
time. Others, too, he had known and
had longed to look into the faces of
those afflicted.

The last time he remembered seeing
Corp. Montle was when the church
had arranged a little reception in hon-
or of those who were leaving.

The speaker had been much im-
pressed by one sentence in a letter
written after the young soldier's her-
oic death. It was this: "He lieth
resting on the crest of the hill he was
trying to take." That was typical of
what all our boys were doing at the
front.

Mr. Halpenny said the service was
not a funeral but a memorial. Sadness
was inevitable, but it was tinged
with glory.

The words of the text were: "Be of
good courage, and let us play the men
for our people, and for the cities of
our God." 2 Sam., 10: 12. This was
the message which came from France.
The speaker referred to the report of
an officer giving an account of the
blowing up of a certain section where
some of our men were killed, many
more being buried alive, but in the
words of the officer, "We dug them
out and used them over again." There
was no glory in war, but there was
glory in the spirit of the men.

Another incident related was that of
a man lying, mortally wounded, on
the floor of an old chateau, among
many others who had been carried
back a short distance from the firing
line. A chaplain, after removing the
mud from the man's face as best he
could, recognized an acquaintance.
Knowing that he must be gotten out
that night or remain there over the
following day, the chaplain appealed
to the physician in charge. When an
attempt was made to move the
wounded man he spoke: "Here, don't
touch me; take him; I cannot live
long anyway," were his words.

No one who knew Corp. Montle be-
fore he left this place ever thought of
his leading a group of men into battle,
but this he did.

The glory was in the principle for
which these men went, giving up ev-
erything here to do and die for the
sake of humanity.

Referring to a certain French sol-
dier whose right arm had been shot
away and who, when some one at-
tempted to sympathize with him in
the "loss," said, "I have not lost an
arm, I gave it for France," the
preacher said: "These boys have not
lost their lives; they have given them
for Canada. They had died young but
it was doubtful if they would have
done as much had they lived to be
eighty, following the ordinary walks
of life.

The speaker referred to the change
which had come over the people of
Canada. Many of the peacefully in-
clined were opposed to participation
at the beginning of the war, but they
had been brought to realize that force
ruthlessly applied for wrong, must be
faced by force for right.

Mr. Halpenny referred to the part
taken by the church, claiming that
Christianity had indicated itself. No
one had heard of the agnostic being
in demand, but the gospel had brought
comfort to millions. Christianity
would play an even more important
part among the nations of the future,
and hereafter the British Empire must
not have its commercial hands upon
the nations it does not attempt to
evangelize.

Mr. Hughes, after paying tribute to
the splendid sacrifices of the two men,
referred briefly to the tragic death of

Corp. Swift who, with five others, was
killed by a stray shell. They had ad-
vanced fourteen miles in two days
and the survivors were unable to get
a chaplain up for the burial. The
grave was dug in an orchard, one sol-
dier read a chapter and led in prayer.
This service, the speaker thought, was
more to be desired than if it had taken
place in Westminster Abbey, with the
Archbishop of Canterbury in charge.

Mr. Hughes had not known Corp.
Swift and Corp. Montle personally,
but he knew two homes; he also knew
the average young man who had
joined the colors, and knowing that
average, knew a splendid type of men.
Albert Swift, always cheerful, gallant,
gentle and true, was three times rec-
ommended in despatches, yet not al-
lowing a word about it to come home
to his parents. The measure of life
was not in its span, but in its accom-
plishments.

Special music was furnished by an
augmented choir, supported by the
College orchestra.

EAST BOLTON

It is with deep sorrow that we re-
cord the passing away of Mrs. Nelson
Lorimer (née Edith Wing) youngest
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wing,
at the home of her brother, Raymond
Wing, on Tuesday forenoon, between
8 and 9 o'clock, in the twenty-fifth
year of her age. Mrs. Lorimer was
taken ill on Tuesday, a week previous
to her passing away. At first her case
was not considered serious. A doctor
was called, on his arrival pronounced
it to be a serious case of Spanish in-
fluenza. Everything that possibly
could be, was done by loving hands,
but to no avail, and she sank rapidly
until the end came. She leaves to
mourn her loss her husband, and
daughter Doris who is but three years
of age, father, mother, one sister and
six brothers, besides a large circle of
friends, for Edith was of a bright and
happy disposition and made many
friends wherever she went, and her
always welcome and pleasant person-
ality will long be remembered in her
home town where she was born and
spent all her life excepting a few short
years in Haverhill, Mass., where she
married Mr. Lorimer, returning some
three years ago to Bolton where she
was housekeeper for her brother with
whom they made their home. The
funeral service was held in the Meth-
odist church of which deceased was a
member, on Friday afternoon at 2
o'clock, her pastor, Rev. E. Darlington,
officiating. The casket, which was
covered with floral offerings so
typical of the life of her whom we
mourn, was borne by her six brothers,
Clayton of Rock Island, Harold of
Haverhill, Mass., Leslie, Raymond,
Leonard, and Claude of East Bolton,
with Mr. G. Robb of Knowlton as di-
rector. The floral offerings consisted
of a pillow from father and mother,
wreath from brothers and sister,
broken circle from Mrs. Howard
Stevens of Haverhill, Mass., sprays
from Mrs. Young of Haverhill, Mass.,
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert McDougall of
Magog, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Taylor, Mr.
and Mrs. Wm. Patterson, Margaret
and Darcy Patterson, Miss J. C. Dun-
lop, and the Ladies Aid. In the death
of Mrs. Lorimer we keenly realize our
loss. Her devotion to her family was
a bright chapter in her life. Her
retiring nature led her to hide her best
qualities from public gaze; in her
home her true worth was most con-
spicuous; always a kind person, her
devotion to her family had no limit.
The light of her life has gone out,
and brings darkness to the family
circle. The grave was beautiful-
ly lined by hands of friends and
there we left the peaceful sleeper, and
in memory keep her. Interment in
the East Bolton Cemetery. Deep sym-
pathy goes out to the bereaved hus-
band, little daughter, parents, broth-
ers, and sister in their deep trouble.

Few other cases of influenza have
been reported. Several are confined
to their beds with severe colds.

Miss Margaret Patterson is spending
a couple of weeks in Montreal and
Vanleek Hill, Ont., where she went to
attend the wedding of Miss Ethel
Allen.

Mr. Orrin Knowlton and Miss
Marion Sullivan of Magog were in
town on Saturday.

Miss Edith Bryant has taken up her
duties as teacher in Carrier school.

Schools in this vicinity are all closed
owing to the outbreak of Spanish in-
fluenza.

Mr. Clayton Wing of Rock Island
and Mr. Harold Wing of Haverhill,
Mass., are in town, called here by the
death of their sister.

Mr. Howard Stevens returned to
Haverhill, Mass., on Saturday after
visiting at Mr. R. Wing's.

Miss Lera Channell went to New-
port on Sunday after staying a short
time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. L.
Channell.

F. J. Wilkinson, who recently re-
turned from Western Canada, has
bought the Homer G. Ayer property,
including over four hundred acres of
land at and in the vicinity of Ayer's
Cliff. The pioneer settler on this
property was Thomas Ayer, who came
from New Hampshire something like
a hundred years ago.

Those who do not fight must save.

TWEED-ALLEN

A very pretty autumn wedding was
witnessed at 2.30, Thursday afternoon,
Oct. 3rd, at the home of Mr. and Mrs.
James Allen, Vankleek Hill, Ontario,
where their daughter Ethel was united
in marriage to Mr. William Tweed,
both of that place. The ceremony was
performed by the Rev. Mr. Hillis, pas-
tor of the Methodist Church, in the
presence of only immediate relatives,
and the vows were pledged beneath an
archway of evergreens and flowers.
The bride, who was unattended, was
gowned in white crepe de chine over
white silk, and carried a bouquet of
asters and white roses. They entered
the parlor to the strains of Mendels-
sohn's wedding march played by Mrs.
R. W. Allen, sister-in-law of the bride.
After the young couple had received
the congratulations of their friends, a
bounteous supper was served, the
bride received many beautiful and
useful presents, including silver, linen,
and cheques.

Mr. and Mrs. Tweed left amid show-
ers of confetti and rice by train for
Montreal and other points. On their
return they will reside near Vankleek
Hill, Ont. The going away gown worn
by the bride was a suit of blue serge,
and she wore a blue velvet hat, with
white ostrich mount.

GEORGEVILLE

Miss Emery has closed her cottage
and taken a position in Montreal for
the winter.

Mrs. Ives has gone to North Hatley
for the winter.

Dr. Gatchell of Beebe was called to
the home of Mr. Alfred Robinson one
night last week. Mrs. Robinson was
very ill but is recovering.

Dr. Fraser of Fitch Bay was called
to Mr. Lewis' on Sunday on account of
illness in the family.

Mr. N. A. Beach of Derby Line was
in town on Tuesday.

We have not heard of any real cases
of influenza in our village, but several
have been ill with colds and possibly
mild cases of grip. The school is
closed this week, and all precautions
are being taken.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Clark are visiting
at the home of Mr. A. H. Bullock.

The outlook concerning the epidem-
ic of Spanish influenza, which had
reached alarming proportions in Sher-
brooke, is now said to be more hope-
ful.

Four hundred cases of Spanish in-
fluenza are reported in Coaticook and
public places have been closed down.

BORN

JOYAL—At Rock Island, Sept. 28, 1918, a son
to Mr. and Mrs. Moses Joyal.

DIED.

STONE—At Griffin, Que., Oct. 4, 1918, Ethan
Frank Stone, aged 78 years, 5 months and 15
days.

MOSHER—In Lisbon, N. H., Oct. 3rd, 1918, My-
ron H. Mosher, youngest son of the late
Harvey Mosher of South Barnston, brother
of Mrs. A. J. Gummer.

TO LET—At Stanstead, Tenement on ground
floor, 4 large rooms, hot and cold water,
stove and furnace, electric lights. Homer
Martel, Stanstead. 92-1

FOR SALE

67 acres of Wood and Timber Land, two
miles from Stanstead. Chas. N. Hill, Derby
Line, Vt.

FOR SALE

at Lineboro, Que., my Home Place, with 10
acres of Wood and 10 tons of Hay, also a good
Horse, 10 years old. Apply to Mrs. Daniel Mc
Lean, Lineboro, Que. 92-2

FOR SALE

3 Registered Holstein Cows, Registered Hol-
stein Heifer to freshen in February. Cheap
for quick sale. A. J. Mallard, or N. A. Beach
place.

AUCTION SALE

To close the Estate of the late Henry N. Big-
elow the following property will be sold at
public auction on the premises at Beebe on
Saturday, October 19th, at 1 o'clock sharp:
2 Sleighs, one horse Traveller sleds, Sleds,
Plow, Harrow, Lawn Mower, 1 Dominion Plow
no first class condition, 1 Sideboard, 2 Ex-
tension Tables, Chairs, Hall Rack, Small
Stands, Couch, large Oak Chair, 1 Morris Chair,
1 Couch Hamock, 4 Bedroom Sets, Old Bed-
steads, 2 Mattresses, 1 Willow Cradle, Rugs,
lot Pictures, Mirrors, 1 three burner Oil Stove
(in good condition), Warming Stove, Kitchen
Table, Kitchen Chairs, Kitchen Utensils, Dish-
es, 1 United States separator, 1 Water Separa-
tor, 2 Churns, Washing Machine, Brass Ket-
tle, large Iron Kettle, Ladders, Wheelbarrow,
20 Cedar Posts, and other articles too num-
erous to mention.
Terms—Cash.
92-2 C. E. TWOMBLY, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

50 acre farm, one mile from Stanstead, one
mile from Rock Island. Will be sold with or
without stock. Apply at the Journal office or
address Box 3, Rock Island, Que.

We Specialize In

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

Government
Municipal and
Industrial Bonds

"PRINTZESS" Suits and Coats

Now that you have bought your BONDS
BUY YOUR COAT

There is no better time than right now.

OUR ASSORTMENT

is larger and more complete than it will
be at any other time this season.

COATS AND SUITS

of good wool materials,
Plain and Fur-trimmed—Snappy styles,
at only a slight advance over
last year's prices.

PLUSH GOATS in great assortment of
styles and prices.

SERGE DRESSES—Wool Serge, new
styles, popular prices.

NEW BLOUSES—Georgette, Crepe de
Chine, and Silks, pretty designs, all
prices.

DRESS SKIRTS—New styles, plaids, fan-
cies and plains.

MILLINERY

The Autumn and Winter Millinery is
more attractive than ever, reproducing
the beautiful shades of the season and
color combinations irresistible.

Business and Professional Cards.

J. C. COLBY, B.A., M.D.
Office at Carleton Place, St. Lawrence,
consultations 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., and by
appointment. Both 'Phones.

DR. H. P. STOCKWELL,
Stanstead Plain, Que.
Office and residence opposite S. W. College.
Bell and People's Telephones.

DR. C. L. BROWN, E.A.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Ayer's Cliff, Que. People's 'Phone.

R. O. ROSS, B.A., M.D., C.M.,
Office Hours: 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. & 8 p. m.
E. T. Telephone.

DR. E. A. TAYLOR,
Office, P. O. Block, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m.,
Residence, Valentine Ave., Derby Line, Vt.
Telephone Connection.

C. I. MOULTON, L. D. S.,
Dentist,
Stanstead Plain, Que.

SYDNEY A. MEADE,
Provincial Land Surveyor,
Coaticook, Que.

EDWARD AUDINWOOD,
Undertaker & Embalmer,
Derby Line, Vt., and Rock Island, P.Q.

J. SIDNEY BRODERICK, K.C.
Advocate
Sherbrooke, Que.
At Gilmore Inn, Rock Island, every Saturday.

CHARLES E. BENNETT,
Designer of
Buildings, Machinery, Furniture, Landscape
Gardening, Derby Line, Vt.
Consultation and Superintendence.

ERASTUS P. BALL,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Graduate of Montreal Veterinary College.
Office at Lee Farm, Rock Island, Que.
U. S. P. O. Address: Derby Line, Vermont.

G. DUHAMEL
Notary
Offices: Duval Block, Rock Island, Que.
At Ayer's Cliff second and last Thursday of
each month.

SIDNEY STEVENS,
Fire, Life, Accident and Health
Insurance
Best Companies represented
Agent Empire Typewriter
Stanstead, Que.

JOHN M. MONTLE
Advocate
Offices: Duval Block
Rock Island, Quebec

J. A. SULLIVAN
Insurance Agent
Insurance of Every Kind
Tel. Derby 37-6 Derby Line

F. X. FEULTAULT,
Graduate from Laval University,
General Medicine
Residence: Miss Anne Gilmore's Building,
Main Street, Fitch Bay, Que.
Day and night 'Phone.

L. E. CHARBONNEL, LL.B.
Attorney at Law.
Wills made and Probated.
Deeds, Investments,
Collections, Canada and U. S.
ROCK ISLAND, QUE.

MANSONVILLE
On Monday, Oct. 7th, Mr. Ira Crown
was buried at Owl's Head. Mr. Brown
was a lifelong resident of this town,
and was 81 years of age. Interment
in the Owl's Head cemetery. Rev. L.
E. Roy officiated.

The frame of the new barn and
woodshed at the Methodist parsonage
is up and boarded.

The farmers have had quite a diffi-
cult time in harvesting and threshing
their grain. John Wheeler fished his
last oats out of the water. Claud
George at last got all his threshed, in
all nearly two hundred bushels of oats
and sixteen bushels of barley. Earlier
W. Besean got in five hundred bushels
of oats.

Alonso Sargent has moved over
from North Troy onto his farm at
Highwater.

The remains of Mr. Edward C. Per-
kins were brought here from Montreal
and the funeral was held in the Angli-
can Church, Rev. D. Armitage con-
ducting the service. Interment in the
cemetery here. The late Mr. Perkins
was 60 years of age, and had been in
poor health for several years. He was
the eldest son of Major Perkins.

Wm. R. Oliver, Frank Bailey and J.
C. Ferrill, who have been ill with la
grippe, are able to be out again.

Miss Mabel Keach has returned
home from Boston, Mass.

Andrew Woodard's little girl ac-
cidentally cut off two of her fingers with
an axe the other day.

A teachers convention was held here
on Monday, Oct. 7th.

A birthday surprise will be given
Mrs. Sam. Clark on Friday of this
week.

BALDWIN'S MILLS

Mr. W. K. Baldwin, M. P., recently
spent a week in Ottawa.

Mrs. Howlett of Montreal is spend-
ing a few weeks with Miss Rose May.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Drew visited re-
latives in Rock Island during the week-
end.

Mrs. Robert Markwell entertained a
few friends on Friday evening last.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Lyon and family of
Colebrook were recent visitors in the
place, coming by motor.

Misses Irene and Ella May are at
home this week as their school at
Coaticook is closed on account of the
prevailing disease.

Mrs. R. W. Perkins is the guest of
her daughter, Mrs. Bert Spaulding, at
Dixville.

Mrs. Iva Bacon, formerly of this
place, was married Oct. 4th to Mr.
Marcus Magoon of Lawrence, Mass.

BEEBE

Mrs. (Dr.) Gillilan and Mrs. Carlton
Twombly spent a day at Massawippi
recently with Mrs. Gillilan's sister,
Mrs. T. N. St. Dizier.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hall of Laco-
nia, N. H., have come to spend the
winter with Mrs. Holt's parents, Mr.
and Mrs. J. Martin, who live just out
of the village.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Hutchison and
little daughter, who have been west
for the past year, are at the home of
Mrs. Hutchison's parents, Mr. and
Mrs. Charles Copp.

Much sympathy is expressed for Mr.
and Mrs. Frank Rich and daughter
Geraldine in the loss of their daughter
and sister Beulis. They were former
residents of this place.

Francis Pocock remains very sick.

Mrs. Henry Bigelow is to have an
auction Saturday, Oct. 19th. The
homestead has been sold to Jack O'-
Leary, who will take possession soon.

Many more cases of influenza have
made their appearance in town.

With deep regret, we announce the
passing away on October 4th, in Man-
chester, N. H., of Laura K. Verville,
third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis
Pocock of Beebe Plain, Vt. Besides her
parents to mourn her loss, Mrs.
Verville is survived by her husband,
Henry J., one daughter, Gladys, three
brothers, Percy, Ernest and Sidney
Pocock, two sisters, Mrs. Thomas
Blakeley and Mrs. W. B. Sharpe. The
interment took place in Pine Grove
Cemetery, Manchester, N. H., October
7th.

Received too late for last issue
The supper served to the Odd Fel-
lows Tuesday evening, Sept. 24th, was
a decided success. Every one spoke
very highly of the supper and a good
sum of money was realized.

Fred Ely had an auction last Thurs-
day and has gone to Massachusetts.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Grow have
moved into the tenement vacated by
Fred Ely; Myron Lamorey has taken
the one lately occupied by Mr. Grow.

James Ewens came home from Sher-
brooke on account of being ill with
Spanish influenza.

Francis Pocock is very sick with
pneumonia.

Mr. Earl Dustin of Sherbrooke spent
the week-end with his mother and
sisters here.

Mr. D. Moranville of the Customs is
having his annual vacation. He is
away on a hunting trip.

Miss Nellie Ketcham returned Mon-
day from Fitch Bay, where she had
been called by the death of her uncle,
Mr. W. Gardine.

Mr. and Mrs. George Feltus of Len-
noxville spent the week-end with
their parents.

Donald Akin of Newport spent Sun-
day with his grandparents, Mr. and
Mrs. Henry Akin.

Miss Margaret Robertson is ill with
influenza. Roland Wells is also re-
ported ill with the same disease.

Service in All Saints' Church next
Sunday at 3 p. m. if churches be open
again. Offering for the mission fund.

TOMIFOBIA

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clark of North
Hatley visited their daughter, Mrs.
Leslie Comstock, recently. Mrs. Com-
stock returned with them to North
Hatley for a week's visit with friends.

Mrs. Roy Temple is visiting her
mother, Mrs. Adams, at Fitch Bay for
a few days.

Miss Harriet Reed has been quite
sick with a severe cold.

Mr. L. Burbank of Lennoxville spent
Sunday with his brother, Mr. E. Bur-
bank.

Mr. Frank Taylor returned home on
Saturday, having spent the last few
months in the Canadian West.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Baldwin have
gone to Sherbrooke.

Mr. Rufus Gardine and Mrs. Richard
Jenkins of Fitch Bay made calls in the
place on Monday.

Mr. Edgar Davidson of Ayer's Cliff
was in town on Saturday and shipped
a car load of stock from this station.

Owing to the prevailing distemper
the meeting of the Homemakers Club
which was to have been held with Miss
McNally is postponed until further
notice.

MAGOON'S POINT

A letter recently received from Mr.
Earle Rogers, formerly of this place
but now of Randolph, Vt., stated he
was soon to start overseas.

Mrs. Herbert Wilson was at Stan-
stead one day recently.

Miss Lillie Eryou was at Beebe on
Thursday.

Mr. J. H. Champeau did not accept
the gasoline tractor and threshing
outfit that he bargained for at Sher-
brooke, thinking it was not just what
was needed in this place.

Mr. Wright Wilson attended the
council meeting at Tomifobia on Mon-
day.

A thunder storm visited this place
on Saturday night, and on Sunday
there was a flurry of snow.

Mr. Clayton Hand of Ayer's Cliff
was the guest of his brother, Mr. H. A.
Hand, and family on Monday.

Our school is closed at present ow-
ing to the illness of the teacher, Miss
Merrill.

Mr. Ed. Eryou was at Tomifobia on
Tuesday on business.

Mr. J. H. Champeau was called to
Magog last week to attend the burial
of his sister.

WAY'S MILLS

The Way's Mills Model School will
hold its first opening on Friday even-
ing, Oct. 18th. A good program is be-
ing prepared. Mr. McDougall of Len-
noxville will be present to give the
School Fair prizes and the school
prizes will also be given.

The Ladies Aid met with Mrs. Gil-
bert on Wednesday. In talking of
their plans for a rummage sale which
was to be held October 11th, it was
decided to postpone the event until
the Spanish influenza scare had passed.
There are no cases here, but public
gatherings of this kind might spread
the disease. A pleasant feature of the
meeting was the presentation of a let-
ter and purse of money to Mrs. B.
Smith, who is leaving for her new
home in Ayer's Cliff. Mrs. Bean read
the letter and presented the purse of
money. Mrs. Smith replied very feel-
ingly, thanking her many friends.

Mrs. Smith has always been a faithful
worker in the Ladies Aid, church and
community effort, and will be greatly
missed. We wish for her many friends
in her new home.

The Poverty Social given by the
Homemakers and Farmers Club a
short time ago, was a success. The
sum realized for soldiers Christmas
boxes was \$29.10.

News was received here Saturday of
the death of Mr. Nelson Corey, from
Spanish influenza, in Manchester. He
was a son of Mr. H. Corey, Barnston.

Mrs. Dyson received word on Satur-
day of the death of her brother, Pte.
Porter Johnson, from pneumonia in
Montreal. Mrs. Dyson went at once
to Concord, N. H., where the body
will be sent for burial.

Master Douglas Converse has been
confined to the house with a bad cold.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dustin, with their
family, were at Frank Smith's last
Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Andrew of Coaticook
spent the week-end at F. B. Smith's.
Miss Agnes Oliver is staying with
her sister in Coaticook.

HATLEY

The Ladies Aid met with Mrs. (Rev.)
A. Shorten at the parsonage on
Wednesday afternoon for tea. In
spite of the condition of the roads and
weather quite a number of ladies were
present. On account of the prevailing
war conditions, it was decided to with-
draw the usual yearly harvest supper,
and ask each member of the aid to
give one dollar instead, that the funds
of the treasury might not suffer.

The Patriotic Society met in the
Guild Hall on Friday afternoon, Oct.
4th. During the business meeting it
was decided to hold the meetings in
the private houses of the village dur-
ing the winter months on account of
the scarcity of fuel. The next meeting
will be held on Friday afternoon, Oct.
18th, at the home of Mrs. Charles
Sweeney.

The Epworth League of the Metho-
dist Church was organized for the
winter on Thursday evening. It was
decided in the future to hold the
weekly meetings on Tuesday evening
instead of Thursday as formerly. All
the young people of the vicinity are
cordially invited to attend these
meetings.

Word has been received from Pte.
W. Woodman, also Pte. Arthur Mc-
Clary, that they have arrived safely in
England after a pleasant voyage.

Three young children of Mr. and
Mrs. C. P. Young are suffering from
Spanish influenza, as is also Master
Stanley Haines.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Bowen are
spending a few days in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Foot have again
returned to Hatley and are residing in
the house belonging to Mr. Leon
Laevitte, on Meadow street.

APPLE GROVE

Misses Aveyette Bryant and Flora
Bryant of North Hatley are home for
a week owing to the school at North
Hatley being closed because of so
many cases of Spanish influenza.

Our school here is being taught by
Miss Iva Blake of Magoon's Point, who
graduated at Stanstead College last
June, leading her class.

Mr. Wm. Watson has returned to his
daughter's at Lennoxville after spend-
ing some weeks at his old home here.

Mr. DeMeeter has gone to Sher-
brooke.

Nearly all of the neighbors have
their threshing done.

Potatoes are turning out well. Sev-
erest frost of the season occurred Mon-
day night.

MCCONNELL

Miss Arlene Chapman is at her home
here for two weeks on account of
the closing of the school at Magog for that
time.

Miss Lillian Gauthier was home from
Casville for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Courtmanche and
Mr. and Mrs. J. Choquette are visit-
ing their parents at Claremont, N. H.

Mrs. L. H. Parnell and little Helen
are spending a few days with their
parents in Magog.

The remains of the late Maud Tweed
who died at Ayer's Cliff last week,
were brought here for interment.

A donation party will be given Fri-
day evening, the 15th, for Rev. G. W.
Chapman at his home. All are cor-
dially invited.

HEATHTON

Mrs. E. Humphrey is a guest of Mrs.
P. L. Ellis.

The Military Sewing and Knitting
Club will meet with Mrs. Marietta
Horne on Thursday afternoon, Oct.
17th.

The Aid meeting at the hall was well
attended, and a pleasant afternoon
was spent, knitting and sewing for the
Red Cross. A nice tea was served.

Miss Mayme S. Channell of Holland,
Vt., visited her friend, Mrs. Harry A.
Smith, recently. While there she vis-
ited friends at Stanstead for a day.

Miss Ethel Pocock went to Stanstead
on Wednesday of last week.

Messrs. Shirley and Cecil Wallace
and Miss Lena Rosenberg and brother
from New Boston are attending school
here.

At this writing Miss Mary Higgins is
a guest of Mrs. K. D. Cooper.

Mr. Wm. Stratton has leased Mrs.
Marietta Horne's farm, and is taking
possession today. Mrs. Horne has re-
served the use of several rooms for
herself, and will for the present occu-
py them. Mr. Stratton and family
come highly recommended, and we
are pleased to welcome them here.

LIBRARY CLOSED

On account of the possibility of dis-
ease being communicated by the
means of books, the Haskell Free Li-
brary will be closed until further notice.
Books now outstanding may be return-
ed upon the days they are marked as
due, and it is urgently requested that
the Librarian be notified in all cases
when books are returned from homes
where there has been the least indica-
tion of either influenza, pneumonia or
grippe, that the books may be carefully
fumigated. The Library Trustees regret
the need of this action, but they are
determined to leave nothing undone
that will aid in stamping out the
prevailing distemper. Kindly remem-
ber that all books now out are to be
returned to the Library as soon as due,
or on any Tuesday or Saturday after-
noon before, and the Librarian notified
as above indicated.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the Collec-
tor of the Municipality of the Township of
Stanstead, for both Municipal and School
Taxes for the year 1918, has been ap-
pointed and is now deposited in the office of the under-
signed, secretary-treasurer at Tomifobia,
Que., for collection. Take Notice, that all
persons liable for the payment of such taxes
are requested to settle the same within thirty
days from the date of this notice, without fur-
ther delay, otherwise they will be charged in-
terest, and an additional fee to cover the cost
of collecting.

L. E. CARPENTER, Sec.-Treas.
Given at Tomifobia this 10th day of Sep-
tember, 1918.

WANTED

Young married men, having at least
common school education, 22 to 35
years of age, for special training, to
become fitted to take responsible po-
sitions in our Factory Organization.
We are growing. Bright, energetic
young men should investigate. Es-
sential work, permanent position, and
good pay. Apply by letter, or in per-
son to Superintendent, Butterfield &
Company, Inc.

TORIC

There's a lot of
difference be-
tween Toric
Lenses and
Flat Lenses
besides their
slight extra cost. They give
you extra vision and extra
comfort. They are better-
looking, too. Come and see
us about Toric Lenses.

LENSES

R. C. PARSONS & SONS
International Jewelers

Rock Island, Que. and Derby Line, Vt.

FOR SALE—Cows & freshen from November
to May next. Also some pigs, 9 weeks old.
C. C. Hovey & Son, Way's Mills, Que. 91w3



Save Fuel, Time By Wire

Don't Use wasteful carbon lamps—Use the economical MAZDA LAMPS.

Don't Light the kitchen range to broil, fry or toast—Do it at the table with the ELECTRIC GRILL AND TOASTER.

Don't Worry about wash and ironing day—Save a day week with the ELECTRIC WASHER AND ELECTRIC IRON.

Keek house with electricity—it means real economy, efficiency, comfort, convenience—and more time for war work.

Electrical Appliances Lighten the Labor of the Home.

"DO IT ELECTRICALLY."

SOUTHERN CANADA POWER CO., LIMITED

Operating Sherbrooke Railway & Power Co., with offices at
Lennoxville, North Hatley, Ayer's Cliff, Rock Island.

FRANK D. FLINT

The Store that Sells Wooltex Coats and Suits

BLANKET SALE 7 DAYS ONLY

October 12th to 19th, inclusive

We were fortunate to carry over hundreds of pairs of Blankets. If we had to buy our Blankets at the present wholesale prices we would be forced to mark them at exorbitant prices. Most of them are marked to sell for less than we can buy them today.

To Start the Sale we are offering Special Prices for 7 Days Only

Size 46x74 costs today \$1.87½	Our regular price is \$1.75	Sale price \$1.39
" 50x72 " " 2.20	" " " 2.00	" " " 1.69
" 64x76 " " 3.00	" " " 2.75	" " " 2.39
" 72x82 " " 4.50	" " " 3.75	" " " 3.29

All other Blankets will be offered during this sale at 10% less than our regular prices.

STEVENS ALL LINEN TWILLED CRASH

The Stevens Mill price of this Crash today is 35c a yard, or \$14.00 for a piece of 40 yards. We shall offer it at \$12.00 a piece during the sale. Cotton Crash will cost as much in a short time.

All other Crashes will be sold at 10% less than regular prices during the sale.

HEAVY ALL-WOOL SWEATERS

for Men, Women, and Children, will be offered during the sale at 20% less than regular prices.

Dark Shades of Cotton Bergalines, Foulards and Silver Cloths

27 and 36 inches wide. Present value 50c a yard, sale price 23c. There is nothing at this price to compare with these goods for serviceable waists, dresses and skirts.

Don't fail to buy a Winter Coat or Suit while you can get All-Wool Materials, as it will be only a short time before you will have to pay as much for all cotton materials.

Coats priced \$17.50 to \$100.00. Suits priced \$27.50 to \$85.00.

The best line of Serge, Poplin and Silk Dresses we've ever shown

Serge Dresses priced \$17.50 to \$37.50; Poplin Dresses \$12.50 to \$17.50; Silk Dresses \$17.50 to \$45.00.

The Serge Dresses have advanced quite a little in price, but the Poplin and Silk Dresses are still splendid values, and the Serge Dresses will go very much higher.

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOE SHOP

The most complete line of Fall Shoes and Rubbers to be found outside of a large city store. All prices are going to be higher; we know because we have already bought for Spring at the new prices.

FRANK D. FLINT, - Newport, Vermont

The Kaiser as I Knew Him for Fourteen Years

By ARTHUR N. DAVIS, D. D. S.

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

CHAPTER III.

The Kaiser's Dual Personality.

If I had come away from Germany in January, 1918, and had written the impression I had gained of the Kaiser in the ten years I had known him, what a false picture I would have painted of the man as he really is!

It would have been a picture of a man who in general appearance and bearing was every inch an emperor and yet who could exhibit all the courtesy, affability and gentleness of the most democratic gentleman, a man soft of eye and kindly in expression, a man of wide reading and attainments—perhaps the most versatile man in the world, a man who possessed a most alert mind, a remarkable memory and the keenest observation; a man who was not generous in nature and yet was at times considerate of others; a man of charming personality and amiability. It would have shown a man of unparalleled egotism, a man who was impatient of correction and who would brook no opposition. There might have been in the picture a suggestion of the dire lengths to which the man would go to have his way, but it would have been only a suggestion.

As far as it went, the picture would have been accurate, but it would have been sadly incomplete—with all the lights worked in but lacking all the shadows.

It took the war and its attendant horrors to reveal the Kaiser in his true colors. The war did not change his character; it uncovered it.

Early in my practice I happened to mention to the Kaiser that I appreciated the friendliness he showed me in invariably waving his hand at me as he passed my window when walking along the Tiergarten.

"It's a good advertisement for you, Davis," he said. "The people see me waving to you and they know you must be a good dentist or I wouldn't come to you. It will help your business!" In every act, he was conscious of the public.

During that period of my career in Berlin, he showed the utmost interest in my progress and frequently inquired how my practice was developing.

The first bill I rendered him, as I have mentioned, he doubled. On a number of subsequent occasions, he paid me more than my bill called for. These overpayments never amounted to very much, but they impressed me because they were so out of keeping with the stinginess the Kaiser displayed in other directions.

From time to time the Kaiser sent or brought me autographed pictures of himself or others. At the time of the one hundredth anniversary of Frederick the Great, he gave me a picture of that monarch. On another occasion, he presented me with a group picture of himself surrounded by his family and dogs. I remember his bringing to me a large unframed picture in celebration of his silver wedding. It was about twenty-four by eighteen inches in size. It showed the Kaiser and himself in a sort of cloud floating above a birdseye view of Berlin, with the palace and the cathedral dimly seen below.

"I don't know just what this masterpiece was meant to signify, but I had it framed and placed it in my office. It evoked from a little boy who entered the room with his mother the following astonished remark: 'Oh, mother, look at the Kaiser in heaven!'"

A post-card picture of the Kaiser, signed by his own hand, was in his own estimation one of the most priceless gifts he could bestow. I remember his donating one of them to an American charity bazaar in Berlin to be auctioned off. He thought that the fact that the card came from his imperial majesty gave it a value which could not be measured in dollars and cents. A piece of jewelry or a sum of money might have been duplicated or even excelled by a gift of similar character from any American millionaire—for whose wealth the Kaiser frequently expressed the utmost contempt—but what could surpass the value of an autograph of the Kaiser?

No doubt the royal banquets were prepared much upon the same principle, for it was a common saying among the German aristocracy that one had better feel well before going to a banquet at the palace.

I happened to mention to the Kaiser the reputation his banquets held among his people. He was not at all taken aback.

"That's good!" he commented. "The Germans are too fat, anyway. The majority of the people eat too much."

Long after automobilism became more or less general, the Kaiser still employed a horse and carriage for ordinary travel, relying upon his free use of the railways for longer distances. When, however, the Reichstag passed a law compelling royalty to pay for their railroad travel, the Kaiser took to automobiles. They charged him 11,000 marks, he told me, for the use of a train on one of his shooting trips, and that apparently was more than he could stand.

"Autos are expensive," he declared,

"but they don't cost me that much!"

The Kaiser speaks English with but the slightest trace of a foreign accent. His diction is perfect. He speaks French, too, very fluently, and, I believe, Italian. He is widely read on almost all subjects and knows the literature of England, France and America as well as that of Germany. Mark Twain was one of his favorite American authors and Longfellow his choice of American poets.

He prides himself on his acquaintance with history and has little respect for the political opinions of others whose knowledge of history is less complete.

Shortly after Carnegie had donated five million marks to Germany to further world-peace, I happened to be talking to the Kaiser of American millionaires and the steelmaster was mentioned.

"Of course, Carnegie is a nice old man and means well," remarked the Kaiser, condescendingly, "but he is totally ignorant of world history. He's just advanced us five million for world-peace. We accepted it naturally, but, of course, we intend to continue our policy of maintaining our army and navy in full strength."

Indeed, there is hardly any subject to which the Kaiser has devoted any considerable attention in which he doesn't regard himself as the final authority.

As an art collector and antiquarian he claims first place and he is rather inclined to feel that second place should be left vacant. He always resented very much the acquisition by American millionaires of art treasures and antiques which their wealth enabled them to buy, but which their limited acquaintance with history and their lack of culture and refinement made them unable to appreciate—in the Kaiser's estimation.

Of his own taste in art little need be said. The monuments which he caused to be erected to his ancestors and their advisors and which adorn the Sieges Allee, the street he had opened through the Tiergarten especially for them, are at the same time a monument to the Kaiser's ideas of art. They are the laughing-stock of the artistic world. They have been so frequently defaced by vandals whose artistic taste they offended that it was necessary to station policemen in the Sieges Allee to guard them. Not long ago a burglary occurred in the vicinity. The burglars were observed while at work and a startled civilian rushed to the Sieges Allee to summon one of the officers who were known to be on guard there.

"If you hurry," exclaimed the civilian, excitedly, "you can catch these burglars red-handed."

"I'm sorry," replied the policeman, "but I cannot leave the statues."

Realism is the Kaiser's idea of what is most desirable in dramatic art. When he put on "Sardanapal," a Greek tragedy in pantomime, at the Berlin opera house, he sent professors to the British museum to secure the most detailed information available regarding the costumes of the period. Every utensil, every article of wearing apparel, every button, every weapon, in fact, every property used in the play were to be faithfully reproduced, particular pains being taken to produce a most realistic effect in a funeral pyre scene in which a king ended his life. The Kaiser sent me tickets to see it.

King Edward attended the performance at the Berlin Royal opera and I asked the Kaiser how the king of England enjoyed it.

"My gracious," the Kaiser replied, unable to repress his satisfaction at the effect the pantomime had had on his royal uncle, "why, the king was very much alarmed when the funeral pyre scene came on. He thought the whole opera house was on fire!"

Perhaps the Kaiser's love for details might be attributed to his keen observation. Nothing, no matter how trivial, escaped his attention.

A couple of years before the war I had the empire furniture in my waiting room reupholstered. On the very first occasion of the Kaiser's calling at my office after the change he noticed it.

"My, my, how beautiful the chairs look!" he exclaimed. "Good enough for Napoleon himself."

On another occasion, between two of the Kaiser's visits, I had had put up in the waiting room a new portrait of Mrs. Davis. The Kaiser noticed it the moment he came into the room and made some complimentary remark about it.

The Kaiser frequently accused the Americans of being dollar-worshippers and the English of being ruled by Mammon, but that he himself was not totally unmindful of the value and power of money was clearly revealed by the manner in which he catered to people of wealth in recent years.

The richest man in Berlin and one of the richest in Germany was a Hebrew coal magnate named Friedlander. The Kaiser ennobled him and made him Von Friedlander-Fuld. Another wealthy Hebrew to whom the Kaiser entered was Schwabach, head of the Bleichroeder bank, one of the strongest private banks in Germany, and he, too, was ennobled, becoming

Von Schwabach.

A number of other wealthy Hebrews in Germany were also honored by the Kaiser in another way. Although he was averse to visiting the homes of private individuals who lacked social standing, he departed from his rule in their favor and visited their mansions ostensibly to view their art collections, but actually to tickle their vanity.

Shortly after Leishman became ambassador to Germany, the Kaiser called on me.

"Your new ambassador's daughter is the best looking young lady who has attended our court in many a day," he declared. "Half a dozen of my young staff officers are very anxious to marry her. Can you tell me, Davis, whether these Leishmans have money?"

If the Kaiser despised the American propensity for money-making, he was certainly not averse to acquiring American dollars.

He told me once that every trip the Hamburg-American liner Amerika made from New York to Hamburg resulted in transferring \$150,000 from American to German pockets, and added: "We're mighty glad to get some of your American money, I can tell you."

Of the Kaiser's versatility I had convincing evidence. In his conversations with me we usually wandered from subject to subject in the most haphazard manner, and he invariably displayed a surprising store of information on every topic we touched, and I am not vain enough to believe that he was so anxious to make a favorable impression upon me that he prepared for these discussions in advance.

Indeed, the Kaiser discussed so freely almost every subject that suggested itself that I often wondered what his advisors would have said had they overheard our conversations. His readiness to talk to me was undoubtedly due to a tendency he had to trust every one with whom he came in intimate contact. For a man who was apt to have so many enemies, he was less suspicious than anyone I had ever met. He seemed to trust every one, and his sense of security loosened his tongue and made him more talkative, perhaps, than was always discreet.

The Kaiser was very fond of listening to and telling stories with a point and would frequently invite me to tell him any new one that I might have heard. Some of the stories we exchanged were more or less risqué and would be out of place in these pages, but I do not mean to intimate that there was anything very much amiss with them. They always amused him very much and he was quick to catch the point.

The Kaiser's sense of humor frequently exhibited itself. He told me of a conference between representatives of all the powers regarding the selection of a king for Albania after the Balkan war. Some of those present thought the incumbent ought to be a Catholic, others insisted that a Greek Catholic was essential, still others maintained that a Mohammedan would be most logical.

It seemed quite impossible to come to any agreement as to just what religion the king of Albania should profess, and the Kaiser had ended the discussion, he said, with the suggestion:

"Well, gentlemen, if a Protestant won't do, and a Roman Catholic won't do, and a Buddhist is out of the question, why not select a Jew and call him Jacob the First? He'll have his throat cut, anyway, in three months!"

The powers did not select a Jew, but the prince of Wied, the Kaiser's nominee, was put on the throne, and within a month or two afterwards had to flee for his life.

In referring to Roosevelt's patriotic offer to lead an army in France, the Kaiser declared that he admired him for his courage and zeal.

"I hear," he said, "that he is now on his way to Italy. It is too bad we did not postpone our offensive there. Perhaps we might have captured him. Wouldn't Teddy look funny in a gas mask?"

Shortly after the U-boat Deutschland made its successful trip to America, the Kaiser called on me, and he was in a very jocular frame of mind.

I happened to mention to him that I planned to go to America the following summer in connection with the porcelain tooth I had patented.

"Well, it won't be necessary now, Davis," he commented. "We can send the Deutschland over and bring back a boatload of teeth!"

"Fix my teeth well, Davis," he declared on another occasion, "so that I can bite. There are lots of people I would like to bite!" and he snapped his jaws together in a way that would have boded ill for the victims he had in mind, although his remark was evidently more facetious than vicious.

The courtesy and affability which the Kaiser almost invariably displayed in his relations with me did not prevent him on one occasion from showing his indignation when I touched him upon what was evidently a very sore point—the part that America was going to play in the war, although he always claimed to be unperturbed about the American situation.

He had pointed out that America at that time had only 30,000 men in France and he believed that the U-boats would effectively prevent any great addition to our forces abroad, if, indeed, they ever left our shores.

"As a matter of fact, however," he added, "your countrymen would be very willing, no doubt, to fight for their country to protect it from invasion, but I don't believe you'll ever get many of them to leave home to fight abroad. America will really be a very small factor in the war, Davis!"

"Your majesty is underestimating the power of America!" I replied.

He turned to me indignantly, and in

Continued on page seven.

A Lustrous Finish for Wood Work and Floors

PUT into your home the cheerful appearance that only sparkling freshness can give. Bring back the lustrous, youthful beauty of the woodwork; make your furniture gleam like new. All this can be accomplished with ease. A brush, a pair of hands and your spare moments—and you can give your home the brilliant appearance of a new interior, by the use of

China-lac

the perfect household finish. Producing a lasting finish that will resist wear, its colors will not fade. The surface may be washed with soap and water; the lustre of China-lac remains undimmed.

For stairways, doors, baseboards and all interior woodwork, China-lac comes in suitable shades. There is also gloss white (a hard washable white enamel) for kitchen and bathroom—and flat white where a soft white finish is desired.

China-lac is also the perfect floor finish—lustrous, durable, inexpensive. Will not crack or show heel prints. China-lac will give years of attractive usefulness to that chair or table which you have discarded because of its scratched surface. A few cents worth of China-lac will transform any piece of furniture.

China-lac, while staining the wood and giving a surface that gleams like glass, permits the original grain of the wood to show through the tough elastic finish. It stains and finishes in one operation. Give it a trial on some article of furniture.

We carry and recommend the following B-H products:

For Exterior Painting B-H "English" Paint.	Plaster Ceilings and Walls B-H "Fresco" — A flat tone oil paint.
Staining the Roof "Anchor Brand Shingle Stains" in 19 different colors.	Varnishing a Floor B-H "Floorlustr" — excellent for interior floors.
B-H Porch Floor Paint For Porch Floors, Ceilings and parts exposed to the weather.	For Barns and Outbuildings Imperial Barn Paint.

WM. M. PIKE & SON
ROCK ISLAND, QUE.

Saves Money For The Farmer

PRICES of farm products have reached a high level. The farmer can take full advantage of this situation only by adding to his equipment of time and labor-saving machinery. Time and labor are money. When time and labor are saved, money is saved.

Time and labor-saving devices for working the land do not produce complete results in themselves. The farmer must have rapid and dependable means of placing his products on the market.

The Ford One-Ton Truck will make trips to town so much more quickly than the horse that you will have many extra hours of time to devote to productive work. A large number of farmers have proven the Ford One-Ton Truck to be a time and money-saver—have you?

Runabout	- \$ 660	Coupe	- - - \$ 875
Touring	- - 690	Sedan	- - - 1075

F. O. B. Ford, Ontario
All prices subject to war tax charge, except truck and chassis.
All prices subject to change without notice.

Campbell & Bellam, Dealers, Beebe Jct.

OFFICE SUPPLIES
TYPEWRITER PAPER, CARBON AND RIBBONS
AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

SALOONS A LOSING PROPOSITION.

According to Robert W. Kelso, secretary of the Massachusetts state board of charities, the liquor traffic in that state costs more than \$2,700,000 a year in clear money, over and above all the revenue received from the traffic. Mr. Kelso presents the following statement:

Policing 354 cities and towns.....	\$3,178,400
Judges and courts.....	181,046
Jails and houses of correction.....	408,735
State institutions.....	388,297
Hospitals for insane.....	569,599
Public charity.....	314,169
Poor relief.....	1,200,650

Total.....\$6,235,898

Liquor license fees received.....3,453,321

Estimated net public cost.....\$2,782,576

In arriving at his figures, Mr. Kelso takes the total cost of policing and shows by figures that 59 per cent of the arrests made were for drunkenness. Therefore he charges up half the cost of the police to liquor.

For the courts he deducts the fines they have collected from their cost and then takes 70 per cent of the total spent on criminal cases as the cost of liquor. He asserts that 65 per cent of those lodged in jail, excepting tramps and vagrants, as in the case of the courts, got there through drink. So he takes one-half of the cost of the jails and the houses of correction. In like manner he goes through the entire list.—Chicago Herald.

IS NATIONAL CONSTITUTIONAL PROHIBITION AN INVASION OF THE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS?

Arguing that a vast majority of the people esteem alcoholic beverages essential to their health and happiness, the liquor interests are saying that the government has no right to stop supplying the demand for them. The weak point in this charge is that it is based upon false premises. Those who advance such argument will, of course, have to admit that the citizens of the fourteen states which have constitutional prohibition favor that policy of dealing with the drink traffic, and that as to the thirteen states dry by statute it is reasonable to suppose that the law would not have been enacted if public sentiment had been against it. In all of the remaining wet states there is so large an element for prohibition that the question is constantly before the people in state, county or local elections.

Be that as it may, the people of the states whose legislatures meet in 1910 will have an opportunity to give expression to their desire for ratification of the federal amendment through their votes for members of those legislatures. Thus a vast army of people whose rights the liquorists insist are being invaded will be amply protected.—Union Signal.

PROHIBITION IN LOS ANGELES NO DETRIMENT TO PROPERTY INTERESTS.

Real estate in Los Angeles experienced an unexpected boom, when on April 1 the city passed under the dry regime. Before the real estate offices closed for the day, more than a score of the liquor shops were rented for other purposes, and there was a heavy demand for choice locations in the downtown section, especially for the corners formerly used for saloons. The manager of the rental department of one large real estate firm said:

"Of the fifteen saloon properties listed with us we had five rented before noon and negotiations were on for the renting of five others before the close of the business day.

"We could have rented a great many of the saloons a month ago had not the owners desired to hold onto them in the hope they would win their fight in the courts.

"There has been very little reduction in the rents. The passing of the saloons will bring a healthy business condition to Los Angeles."—The Examiner (Los Angeles).

A BLESSING TO WORKINGMEN.

As an employer of a thousand or more laboring people in the city of Nashville, A. B. Ranson, the president of John B. Ranson & Company, hardwood lumber, Nashville, states: "I consider prohibition has been one of the greatest blessings for the laboring man, and I believe that it has made good men out of men who were too weak to withstand the temptation that the saloon offered. I have seen men in my employ commit suicide because they could not get drink. Their families, of course, suffered. I have also known men who would have been good providers had it not been for strong drink. I consider prohibition one of the greatest blessings for the workingman, instead of being a menace."

DRY TOWN HAS MONEY.

"City in excellent shape financially. All bills paid and surplus on hand, auditor's report shows." No, these are not headlines from some wet town newspaper telling of booze-bought municipal prosperity. Oh, no. They refer to Freeport's financial condition without any liquor license money.—Illinois Issue.

Doesn't Uncle Sam want his workers at home to be just as efficient as his fighters abroad? Then, close the breweries.

THE KAISER AS I KNEW HIM FOR FOURTEEN YEARS

Continued from page six.

his most imperious manner exclaimed: "We underestimate no one! We know exactly what we are doing!"

How seriously he was mistaken in this respect has since been sufficiently proved.

No matter how gloomy the outlook for Germany, the kaiser seldom showed concern. It is true that whenever things were going wrong, as when the Russians in the early part of the war were sweeping everything before them in their advance on the Carpathians, he and the rest of the royal family kept as far in the background as possible, whereas when the German cause was triumphant, as in the case of the offensive against Italy, he could not make himself too conspicuous at the front.

But even when Germany's adversity was greatest, the kaiser always put on a brave front. At such times I have seen him stop in the street, after leaving my office, and before the hundreds of people waiting outside to greet him, ostentatiously put a cigarette in his mouth and light it, that everyone might notice how steady his hand was and how little he was worried by the turn things were taking.

At the same time, on one or two occasions after the war started, I noticed that he acted differently when in the dental chair than had been his custom when everything was serene.

The kaiser once boasted to me that not a building was erected in Germany, not a bridge built, not a street opened, not a park laid out, but what the project was first submitted to him. He kept posted on everything that was going on, not only in Germany, but in the world at large, and as far as he was able, he endeavored to have his finger in every development of world-wide importance. I cannot imagine that he was less interested in what his countrymen were doing in connection with the war than he was in their achievements in time of peace.

If he did not actually lose the sinking of the Lusitania, therefore, I am convinced that he was thoroughly aware of the plan to blow it up and sanctioned it. That he could have averted it if he had been prompted to do so is clearly indicated by another incident which left a very deep impression upon me.

I was informed by one of the German aviators that plans had been made to drop gas bombs on London which contained a deadly gas which would penetrate the cellars of houses in which civilians were in the habit of hiding during air raids.

Shortly before this hideous idea was to be put into effect the papers announced that bombs of this character had been dropped by the allies on Baden-Baden, but that, fortunately, they had fallen in a clump of woods in the center of the town and had failed to explode, which had given the Germans an opportunity to take them apart and ascertain their nature.

The purpose of this announcement, of course, was to forestall the storm of condemnation which the Germans knew would follow their use of the bombs on London—a ruse which they had invariably employed whenever they contemplated some fresh violation of the rules of international law and the dictates of humanity.

It happened that one of my patients who resided in Baden-Baden called to see me the day after the bombs had been dropped on her town, and she told me all about it.

"The airplanes which dropped the bombs had been flying over the city all the morning," she declared. "We thought they were our own machines out for practice and paid no particular attention to them. Then they dropped the bombs and they landed in the woods, and we knew we had been attacked. What a dreadful thing for them to do!"

What a foolish thing for allied airplanes to do—to spend a whole morning studying the layout of the town and then to drop those deadly bombs on a clump of woods where they could not possibly hurt anyone, and how careless of the Germans not to molest them while they were engaged in their devilish work!

But the point I wanted to bring out was this: these gas bombs were never used on London!

"Just as everything was in readiness for the raid," the officer told me regretfully, "we received orders direct from the kaiser to hold off—I saw his signature to the order. Of course, there was nothing for us to do but comply, but if we had had the kaiser there, I believe we would have strung him up by the neck! We still have those bombs, however, and you may be sure they will yet be used!"

For some unknown reason the kaiser stopped the use of those lethal gas bombs for the time being. Why didn't he move to save the women and children on the Lusitania?

When I went back to Berlin in the fall of 1915, after a visit to the United States, the kaiser was very anxious to ascertain from me just how America felt towards the war.

I told him that before the sinking of the Lusitania American opinion had been divided. There had been many who were strongly pro-ally, there had been others who were openly pro-German and there had been still others who maintained an absolutely neutral attitude. After the Lusitania tragedy, however, there had been a distinct change in public feeling. I told him, practically the whole country having become decidedly anti-German.

"Perhaps if the U-boat commander had known so many women and children were on board," was the kaiser's

only comment, "he might not have sent forth the torpedo which sent the vessel to the bottom, but what he was thinking of most, of course, was the 5,000 tons of ammunition on board which were destined to slaughter my people!"

Of course the kaiser knew that if the U-boat commander's orders were to sink the Lusitania, disobedience upon his part would have left but one course open for him: suicide. If, on the other hand, the kaiser meant to intimate that the U-boat commander sank the Lusitania on his own initiative or without special instructions from his superiors, the fact still remains that the kaiser could undoubtedly have prevented the tragedy and didn't.

But if there can be any doubt as to the kaiser's direct responsibility for the sinking of the Lusitania, certain it is that he fully approved, openly defended and even exulted in the murder of women and children by Zeppelin raids on London, Manchester, Liverpool and other non-military cities and towns.

"England expects to starve my women and children to death," he declared to me early in the war—long before we in Germany had begun to feel the slightest effect of the diminishing food supply, "but our Zeppelins will give their women and children a taste of war, too. Confound them! They sit on their island and try to starve us; we will give them a taste of what war is!"

This was the man whose various acts of consideration towards me, whose talents and personal charms, had made such a favorable impression upon me! How trivial and inconsequential they all seemed now! Clearly, they were all a part of the role he had been playing for years. While he was outwardly displaying all the earmarks of a gentle character, he was inwardly plotting to dominate the world. For twenty-five years he maintained the peace of Europe, he frequently boasted. He maintained peace just long enough to complete his final preparations for the wickedest war that was ever waged!

And yet strangely enough, even after the war had revealed the kaiser to me in his true colors and had shown him to be capable of deeds which I should have thought were foreign to his nature, his presence always had a most remarkable effect upon me.

I have a vivid mental impression of him now as I write. He is standing in the center of my room, drawn up to his full height, his shoulders thrown back, his left hand upon the hilt of his sword and his right emphasizing his remarks, protesting in the most earnest manner that it was not he who was responsible for the war and all its horrors, but that it had come upon the world despite all he had done to prevent it. His ready, well-chosen words entrance me, I feel that this man must be telling me the truth and I am ready to believe that before me stands the most unjustly judged man in the world.

And then he shakes my hand in farewell and is driven away, and as I gaze at the spot where he stood, there comes before my eyes the desolation of Belgium, the tragedy of the Lusitania, the despoliation of France and Poland, the destruction of women and children in London and Paris and a thousand and one other atrocious deeds which belie the kaiser's fair words, and I realize that I have been talking to the world's most finished actor and have simply been bewitched by the power of his personal magnetism.

To be continued.

Where It's Really Cold.

Turn up your collar, thrust your hands to the bottom of your pockets and read about the "cold pole" of northern Siberia, where the natives speak patronizingly about Greenland's icy mountains and other such relatively balmy resorts. At the town of Verkhoyansk, which would probably never have had any inhabitants if the late czar's government had not sent occasional batches of exiles thither, the thermometer has been known to drop to 90 degrees below zero, which is a "record" for the whole world. While the regions about the North and South poles of the earth are cold all the time, the Siberian "cold pole" gives its inhabitants a comfortable let-up in summer, when the thermometer frequently climbs up into the 80's above zero. During the brief summer season the life-giving rays of the sun, which remains above the horizon day and night for some time during the height of the season, exert an intensely stimulating influence upon the vegetation and the ground is covered with flowers.

How Strangers Act in New York.

In an article by a great hotel man in the American Magazine the writer says:

"It has always been of interest to me to see how differently people from other cities or countries act in New York hotels and restaurants. When a Westerner or a Southerner sits down in a New York restaurant the first thing he asks for is seafood. Westerners are wild about good oysters, while the Southerner wants fresh clams.

"There is an interesting difference, too, about the South Americans and Westerners in New York. The Western man comes to the city eager for a change in food, room, atmosphere, surroundings and, in fact, everything.

"The South American Spaniard is exactly the reverse. He wants his conditions at home duplicated as nearly as possible. And because this has been impressed upon us, we have in the hotel McAlpin Spanish bell boys, clerks, telegraph operators, waiters, and last but not least, Spanish cooks."



With Acknowledgments to Luke Fildes, R.A.

To every home there comes a time when every thought, every hope, every prayer for the future centres on the recovery of one loved one. In that hour of anguish, every means to recovery is sought—the highest medical skill, trained nurses, costly treatment. Does the price matter?

It may be so great as to stagger the imagination—a sum beyond the possible.

But does anyone ask, "Can we do it?" Money or no money, they do it. And somehow they pay.

It may mean doing without things they think they need. It may mean privations, sacrifices, hardships. They make unbelievable savings, they achieve the impossible, but they get the money to pay.

★ ★ ★

To-day in this critical period of our nationhood, there is imperative need for MONEY—vast sums of money. Only one way now remains to obtain it.

The nation must save, every community, every family, every individual Canadian must save.

If anyone says "I cannot save" let him consider to what extent he

would pinch himself to relieve the sufferings of a loved one at home; and surely he would not pinch less for our fighting brothers in France.

Without suffering actual privations, nearly every family in Canada can reduce its standard of living, can practice reasonable thrift, can make cheerful sacrifice to enrich the life-blood of the nation.

You who read this, get out pencil and paper NOW. Set down the items of your living expense. Surely you will find some items there you can do without.

Determine to do without them.

Start TO-DAY. Save your money so that you may be in a position to lend it to your country in its time of need.

Published under the authority of the Minister of Finance of Canada.

29

HAVE YOU ANY WHEAT FOR SALE?

Farmers:

Our Company, the St. Lawrence Flour Mills Co., Limited, is ready to buy, at the price fixed by the Government, any wheat harvested in the Province of Quebec, grown from Manitoba seed.

If you have any such wheat for sale, mail us a sample, and let us know at the same time how much of it you can dispose of, and we will answer your letter promptly.

St. Lawrence Flour Mills Co., Limited,
1110 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

REGAL FLEUR de LIS

Our Government standard flours, REGAL and FLEUR DE LIS, are still, and notwithstanding the restrictions imposed upon us by the Canadian Government, the best flours on the market for the baking of bread and pastry—a trial will convince you.

WE BUY YOUR OLD HORSES

If you have one that is lame or out of commission, or has been hurt, or one that has to be killed, notify us. We will take them off your hands and pay you besides.

Stanstead Fur Farming Co., Ltd.,
Telephone 183-3
Rock Island, Que.

CALVES WANTED.

I can pay highest prices for calves delivered at Rock Island any Monday. Phone 1462.
C. B. KELLY, Crystal Brook Farm, Derby Line, Vt.

FOR SALE.

Desirable Building Lot with frontage of 90 ft. on Beach Avenue, Derby Line, Vt. Apply to E. J. Batchelder, Jeweler, Swanton, Vt.

WILLIAM M. HASELTON

Successor to Haselton Bros.
Established 1896
Monuments, Headstones, Building Material, Marble and Granite.
Wholesale and Retail.
Workmanship the best. Prices reasonable.
Beebe Junction, Que. Beebe Plain, Vt.

TRACTOR WILL LAST ABOUT EIGHT YEARS

Outfit Enables Owners to Enlarge
Their Farm Operations.

Study Conducted by United States Department of Agriculture—Used on
Average Forty-Five Days
Each Year.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The average life of a farm tractor is from 7½ to 8 years, according to estimates furnished by over 600 experienced tractor owners on representative corn-belt farms in Illinois. This is brought out in a study conducted in 1917 and the spring of 1918 by the United States department of agriculture, a report of which is published in Farmers' Bulletin 963. The reports of the tractor owners show that the outfits are used on an average of 45 days per year.

While at first glance this may appear low, when it is remembered that on farms where horses do all the work they are used on an average of only about 100 days annually, it will be seen that where both horses and tractor are



Tractor Drawing Double Disk Harrow.

used, even though the number of horses is somewhat reduced, the machine need not be expected to have employment for as many days annually as did the horses. The horses kept will do some of the work, which will, of course, decrease the amount to be done by the tractor. A considerable percentage of the 100 days' work done by horses represents odd jobs for

which the tractor cannot be used to advantage. Even if the machine were to do all the work formerly done by the horses, it would not normally be employed 100 days per year, inasmuch as it does the work more rapidly.

It should be borne in mind, says the bulletin, that practically all farm operations must be carried on within limited periods, and that between these seasons there will often be no field work which the tractor can do, either on the home farm or for neighbors. The fact that weather and soil conditions are such as to permit field work with a tractor does not necessarily mean that there is such work to be done. Farm management plays an important part in organizing the farm so as to provide profitable employment for the tractor during as many days as possible. Such organization involves the planning of a crop rotation which will furnish a large amount of work which it can do, the elimination of as many horses as desirable, and the distribution of the work over a long period. However, the rotation should include only such crops as can be grown profitably in that particular section.

The significance of the fact that a large percentage of the Illinois farmers who reported enlarged their farms after buying tractors is readily apparent when the tractor's place in farm management is thus considered. Obviously these men have learned through experience that much more land per man can be handled when a tractor is used than with horses only, and that to get the most out of their investment they must farm land enough to keep their tractors busy at profitable work throughout as much as possible of the available working season.

"SAFE FARMING" IS FAVORED IN SOUTH

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

How the farmers of the Southern states are following the "safe farming" program, advocating the production on every farm of the food for the family and the feed for the live stock, is shown by the fact that in 1917 there was an increase in production of all food and feed crops in the South except rice and hay. A slight decrease in rice from the 1916 production was due principally to protracted dry weather and salt water.

No Milk There.

You can't squeeze blood out of a turnip—nor a profitable amount of milk out of a cow that hasn't got it in her.

GOES FAR BACK IN HISTORY

French City of Montdidier Was of Importance in First Millennium of the Christian Era.

The National Geographic society issues the following war geography bulletin on Montdidier, a few miles east of Amiens:

"This little town, whose history dates back to the first millennium of the Christian era, had a population of less than 5,000 at the beginning of the war, but it was rich in historic associations. It is said to have derived its name from the fact that Didier or Desiderius, the last of the Lombard kings, was imprisoned here in 774 by Charlemagne. It will be remembered that Charlemagne, having put aside his first wife, Desiderius' daughter, took up the quarrel of Pope Adrian I with the Lombard monarch, and after marching an army across the Alps, captured the erstwhile father-in-law's capital city, Ticinum, and took the vanquished ruler back to France, where he died in captivity.

"Montdidier is attractively situated on an eminence on the banks of the river Don. It is the capital of an arrondissement in the department of the Somme, and is 62 miles north of Paris by rail, and 23 miles southeast of Amiens. Its chief industries before the war were tanneries and the manufacture of zinc-white.

"When the tides of war finally receded it is probable that the three buildings in which the citizens of Montdidier took the greatest pride will be crumbling ruins. These are the church of St. Pierre, which was built before Columbus set sail on his voyage of discovery, and which contains a tomb and font of the eleventh century; the church of St. Sepulchre, a fifteenth century edifice, and the Palais de Justice, formerly the city castle. In the last named building visitors before the war were shown six unusually handsome Brussels tapestries of the seventeenth century. These were undoubtedly removed before the Germans entered the city.

"Montdidier's most famous son was Parmentier, the scientist, who gave impetus to the culture of the potato in France. A statue erected here commemorates his gift to the nation.

"For a number of years this little city was governed by its own lords, then passed under the dominion of the counts of Crepy and Valois. In the twelfth century it became a possession of the French crown and received a charter of liberties. In 1636 it offered a gallant and successful resistance to the Spanish invaders."

Avoid Grouch and Live Long.

Writing for the Minneapolis Journal, A. J. R. notes the demise of a Seattle citizen one hundred and three years old, and suggests that one of the reasons why he lived so long was that he never groused at the breakfast table or elsewhere. Discussing this, A. J. R. writes:

"The enjoyment of breakfast and of the sunrise always comes so easily to me that I sometimes wall in charity for persons who, I have been led to believe, start the generous day wrong by raising hedges at the breakfast table. I will freely wager 75 cents that the Seattle centenarian who lived to be one hundred and three never indulged at breakfast, never complained of the food, nor sneered at his wife's cooking."

The aged Seattleer ascribed his longevity to his own temper; he had not been angry since he was twenty, and had driven a yoke of oxen most of his life. Also, loved everybody, and everybody loved him.

He Hadn't Realized.

The custodian of an Indianapolis building recently hired a colored man, George, to work about the building. George had always worked as a "house man" and came well recommended. The first day of his employment, however, George was out for lunch the greater part of three hours.

The custodian was naturally annoyed. "Where in thunder have you been?" he inquired the minute he set eyes on the erring George. "Me? Why, I've been home takin' a nap." George answered, in a surprised tone. "I always takes a nap in the middle of the day."

"Well, believe me," the custodian declared, "you don't do that any more. You're needed around here."

Was George aggrieved? Not a bit of it. A most appreciative grin spread over his face.

"Well, now," he said slowly, "you'll have to excuse me this time, boss. It's just that I didn't realize before how important I am around here."

Labor-Saving Harvester.

One thousand improved wheat-harvesting machines, known as combines, will be used in Washington state and other states of the Northwest this year, according to farm-help specialists of the United States department of agriculture, and will effect a great saving in labor. These machines, which cut the heads from wheat and thresh the grain as they travel across the field, can be operated by two persons, and each machine will harvest from 250 to 400 acres of wheat during a season. They are marked labor savers over the old type combine, which required about 20 men.

No Chance for the Old Man.

It was the first time that Richard's father had seen "her" and they were talking things over.

"So my son has proposed to you," he said, "and you've accepted him? I think you might have seen me first." She blushed sweetly as she replied: "I did, but I think I prefer Richard."

FALL AND WINTER GOODS —AT— WILLIAM M. PIKE & SON'S

Notwithstanding the war handicap, we have the most complete line of Clothing for Men, Boys and Children in our long term of years as general storekeepers.

OVERCOATS FOR MEN AND BOYS

Belted, Military Cut and Plain Tight Fit for Young Men; Chesterfield and Ulster Half-Belted for Men. These coats were bought early and our prices are away below the present market. Men's, \$18.00 to \$32.00. Boys' and Youths' \$8.50 to \$16.00.

MEN'S SUITS

in the popular patterns and cloths, from \$18.00 to \$27.50, \$10.00 less than the present market. Suits just received, although bought early, are selling at from \$24 to \$35.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

The same conditions control the market for these lines, and we are willing to divide the advance on stock in hand. Suits 6 years to 18 years selling from \$6 to \$10; Children's Suits, 3 years to 7 years, \$3.50 to \$5.00.

We have a bargain in Men's Heavy All-Wool Pants: \$5 to \$6. These are excellent values.

LADIES' COATS

We have 6 Ladies' Coats, last year's stock, that are A 1 in every respect, and we are closing them out at \$5 to \$12. Perhaps you'll find something here for common, at least.

UNDERWEAR

These shivering nights make us think of warm, comfortable underwear. Our stock is in: Natural Wool for Ladies, Misses, and Children—Union and Two-Piece Garments.

A Full Line of Turnbull's and Watson's Goods—Canada's Best Underwear, made of Pure Australian Wool, in Union and Two-Piece Goods, and we have Turnbull's 65 per cent Wool. These are ideal, will not shrink as much as all-wool, and will be warm and durable.

We have a Men's Heavy Ribbed Wool Garment at \$2.00. We could not buy these at this price.

A Large Line of Full Fleece-Lined Shirts and Drawers at \$2.00, for Men and Boys.

STOCKINGS

Keep your feet warm, comfortable and dry. One of the chief factors to insure good results from a working man or woman, is to make their feet comfortable, and stockings are an important feature. Our Better Stock of Children's Hose range from 60 cents to \$1.15.

Men's Heavy Wool Hose at 50 and 60 cents.

Men's Fine Wool at 75 cents.

Men's Cashmere 60 to 75 cents.

Everybody's Garment, the Sweater

New Stock is arriving every day, and we already have a good assortment. Drop in and look at our stock.

GLOVES ARE HERE

We have a full line of Dent's in Men's and Women's, Suede, Cape, Mocha and Kid. A good Chamorro at \$1.25. These are real.

Misses Dress Gloves, and Working Gloves and Mittens.

The Store of Dependable Goods Sold in a Dependable Way

WILLIAM M. PIKE & SON

ROCK ISLAND, - - - QUEBEC

Frocks for "The Awkward Age"



From about her seventh year until she is well along in the "flapper" stage the growing girl usually requires some special attention to clothe her becomingly. This is "the awkward age" with some children, who are either too angular or too chubby, while others get through it without difficult lines that must be softened. But for all of them the straight line dress seems to be the safe choice—the thin little girl and the fat little girl, with perhaps a little variation in waist line, wear it with equal success.

New frocks for school, and other everyday wear this fall, have been presented, and two of them, shown above, demonstrate how well the specialists who design children's clothes have managed the straight-line idea. These two refined and sensible dresses are pretty and no little girl will look awkward in them. They will interest the mother who must busy herself with her daughter's school frocks. Both these models are adapted to cotton or to wool materials, and both suggest ways for remodeling and "making over" woolen clothes that it is the part of patriotism to pass along from grown-ups to the small fry during wartimes—or any other times, for that matter.

Any substantial cotton or reliable

wool fabric may be made up like the frock pictured of plain goods. The bodice has the effect of a short jacket which buttons under a fly at the front, and the plain skirt—with flat saddle-bag pockets applied—is gathered on to it. The sleeves are three-quarters length and the dress is worn over a lawn or batiste blouse with a small turnover collar. The decoration is the simplest sort of needlework trimming—merely silk floss in outline stitching forming squares that border all edges in the bodice and on the pockets.

Plaid and plain gingham or plaid and plain serge will serve equally well for the other dresses. In this model the skirt is plaited and set on to a plain body. There are two narrow belts of the plaid goods, the lower one terminating under a narrow box plait in the front of the skirt and the upper one fastening with a plain button. The white plique collar and cuffs are separate. Like the under blouse in the other dress, they are the means of freshening up the frock and teaching the little ones the invaluable lesson of daintiness in appearance.

Julia Bottomley

THEY NEVER KNEW LUXURIES

Shakespeare, Napoleon and Other Famous Persons Who Lacked Many Things That We Enjoy.

Shakespeare never drank a cup of tea, never tasted coffee, never sipped a glass of cocoa, never ate a potato and never smoked a cigar. Yet he managed to lead a variegated life and write plays that you still go to see.

Napoleon, who died 97 years ago, never saw a steamboat nor a railroad train, nor even a gas light, but he ruled all Europe.

Lincoln never saw an electric light nor talked through a telephone, but he freed 4,000,000 slaves.

I doubt if William McKinley ever rode in a motor car. Certainly U. S. Grant never knew of the wireless. They both rose to fame and went to the White House.

The finest piece of known architecture on earth was erected at Athens by men who never saw a newspaper.

St. Peter's cathedral was the product of Michael Angelo's brain, but he never read a book that came from a printing press or saw a mechanically typed page.

Raphael painted his immortal Madonnas, but he never ate a corn muffin. Cleopatra never wore a velvet gown, and even if Helen of Troy was so beautiful that she caused a 10-year war, she never owned a pair of leather shoes.

George Eliot never beheld a movie, but she wrote "Adam Bede," which is a somewhat more important thing to have done.

I presume that of all the women who ever lived in the world not five contributed more to the pleasure of a greater number of other women and men than the wife of a Chinese emperor. Forty-six centuries ago that empress discovered that a worm could make silk and she started the silk industry for this entire world.—Girard in Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.

Few Non-Italian Popes.

A majority of the popes have been Italians, but there is no national limitation. Pope Clement II, for example, was a Saxon German, whose family name was Sulzger; Clement IV was a Frenchman named Leo Gros; Clement V was a Frenchman named d'Agout; Clement VI was another Frenchman named Pierre Roger; Alexander VI was a Spaniard, named Borgia; Calixtus II was a Frenchman and Calixtus III was a Spaniard named Borgia and was uncle to Alexander VI. These are a few examples of non-Italian popes.

Farm of Violets.

One farm of 40 acres in California is devoted almost entirely to the growing of violets.

AU TRALIA'S BIG SALT LAKE

It Dries Up Entirely in Summer and Is an Extremely Valuable Piece of Property.

On York peninsula, in South Australia, is a wonderful lake of pure salt, says the Wide World. It is a huge depression in the earth which fills up in the winter months. In the hot summer sun the water quickly evaporates, leaving a thick deposit of almost pure salt. Seen from a distance, the surface of the lake has all the appearance of being covered with a sheet of ice. The salt crust is so thick and strong that men and even carts and plows can traverse it with perfect safety. Yet below the crust there is a considerable body of sluggish water.

After the rays of the summer sun have played their part, the salt is gathered. It is just raked into heaps, and these pyramids of salt are a striking feature of the landscape. The salt is now shoveled into carts and conveyed to various works on the seaboard, to undergo the process of refining.

Gathering the salt is trying work on account of the great heat and the dazzling reflection. Often it is necessary for the men to wear colored glasses to protect the eyes. After the loose salt has been collected from the surface a special kind of plow is run over it, when another harvest of the valuable material can be reaped.

The yield of salt from this strange lake amounts to several thousand tons a year, and it is among the finest obtainable. The lake is several square miles in area and is naturally a very valuable property.

Ventilate Coal Piles.

Unless coal piles are well ventilated spontaneous combustion will follow. To prevent spontaneous combustion, the bureau of mines gives these suggestions: (1) Build a coal bin on dry ground. (2) Store only one size of coal in each pile. (3) Remove fine coal for immediate use if possible. (4) Don't wet and dry the coal alternately while piling. (5) Store the coal in small piles near the place where it is to be stored. (6) Use small bins in storage yards.

Best Workers Win.

Today it is the man who does the most and best work who wins, whether he is a professional or business man. The doctor with his horse and buggy was better than walking, but at that he often times arrived too late. The successful doctor of today has his automobile to arrive on time. He prefers to arrive too soon rather than too late.—Exchange.

PLEASANT HEIGHTS

The people in this vicinity were surprised to hear of the death of Mr. Frank Stone at Griffin on Friday, Oct. 4th. Although they knew he was in very poor health they did not think the end was so near. Mr. Stone lived in this vicinity a number of years before going to Griffin and had many friends here. Mrs. Stone and family have the sympathy of their friends here.

Mr. S. Graham of Ottawa visited at Mr. H. Bachelder's and Mr. Wm. Bachelder's recently and called on a few friends at Oliver.

NORTH HATLEY

Rev. Fred Millar of Chicago has consented to give the Thanksgiving sermon at the Universalist Church next Sunday at 10.45. Mr. Millar founded this church in the seventies. He is well known in Stanstead and Sherbrooke Counties. His many friends in Hatley will be glad to know of his great missionary enterprises in Chicago and doubtless will greet him in large numbers next Sunday morning.

FITCH BAY

Mrs. D. Avon Dolloff (nee Grace Johnson) has received a bonus of twenty dollars for successful teaching at Apple Grove, district No. 7, for the years 1917 and 1918.

Other Fitch Bay items on second page.

OSCAR C. MILLER

Oscar C. Miller of Newport died in the Mary Fletcher Hospital, Burlington, Vt., Saturday evening, October 5th, from the effects of a critical surgical operation performed several days earlier. The funeral was held at his Newport home, Tuesday afternoon, his pastor, Rev. L. A. Edwards, officiating. Mr. Miller was a successful lumber manufacturer and banker, very active in municipal affairs, prominent in political and masonic circles.

No Mistaking His Meaning.

Smith was taking his friend out for a drive. The car had the jumps. It balked and bucked and bounced along unsteadily, greatly to the friend's discomfort. They turned into a park boulevard and the friend noted a sign at the side of the road. "Smith, you better not drive on this road," said the friend. "Why?" asked Smith. "Well, that sign says 'Pleasure cars only.'"

How He Made It.

"Yes," said the millionaire, "I not only made hay when the sun shone, but I made it from the grass that grew under other people's feet."