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The Montreal Herald

Stretching a Girdle Around the Earth Everyone who reads THE HERALD Does this every day, and has 24 hours left in which to become owner of a small part at least of this terrestrial globe.

EIGHTY-FOURTH YEAR. NO. 11.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 13, 1891.

3 CENTS, \$6.00 A YEAR

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

It will be fair and cold to-day. The new French loan subscription was a great success. Efforts are to be made to irrigate Alberta. Ten thousand men are idle on strike in the Mahoning Valley. A baggage car between Detroit and Chicago was robbed a day or so ago. Parnell gets a slap in the face, metaphorically, from the younger Gladstones. A New York boy has died from cigarette smoking. He first became a raving maniac. The smashing of the Housatonic dam by ice has caused an interruption of railroad travel. A Pennsylvania town is reported to be sinking. Many towns go down in the course of years. The barbers of the West are organizing into unions. The public, of course, will get shaved. A French paper says that the only difference between Parnell and O'Brien is of a financial nature. Edward Adolphus, Earl of St. Maur, and twelfth Duke of Somerset, died yesterday in the 87th year of his age. Sir John Thompson has apparently stolen a march on the United States—or, at all events, has clipped Blaine's wings. A wing of the Russell House, Ottawa, was destroyed by fire last night. Many commercial travelers lost their samples. Mr. Turner, president of the Quebec Board of Trade gave interesting testimony yesterday regarding the shipment of cattle. Dom Pedro, ex-Emperor of Brazil, is translating the "Arabian Nights" from the original into the Portuguese language. "A Package of Cigarettes" is the title of the latest farce comedy. It ought to draw well, but it is liable to be very rank. A Halifax man was yesterday sent to prison for seven years for stealing \$30. Is this making the punishment fit the crime? At the meeting of the International Bricklayers' Union at Toronto yesterday, Canada was represented by one bricklayer. The farmers in Nepean Township, Carleton County, refuse to pay toll because the toll company won't keep the road in repair. Bishop Fallows, of the Episcopal Church, Chicago, has been obliged to retire from the pulpit temporarily owing to failing health. The shipment of eggs to England does not promise to pan out so well, judging from what a shipper says as reported in another column. A convention of the reform party of Canada, convened by Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, will be held in Toronto some time during February. Mark Twain, it is announced, listened to the funeral sermon of his mother by telephone. That looks too theatrical to be very impressive. Later developments show the gang of counterfeiters arrested at Windsor to be about as dangerous to the community as any gang unearthed of late years. Now that so many efforts have been tried to keep the Indians quiet in the West, how would it do, just for an experiment, to try dealing honestly with the red men? Extensive opium smuggling between Canada and the United States seems to have been going on. A Montrealer was mixed up with several Chinamen in the adventure. The tides were very high on the Atlantic coast yesterday. At Annapolis all the wharves and many of the houses near the river were submerged. A like state of affairs prevailed at St. John. At last night's meeting of the Young Liberals' Club it was decided to invite Representatives Hitt, of Illinois, and Mills, of Texas, to address a public meeting in Toronto on trade questions. Dr. John Stewart, a leading physician and who has been a resident of Kingston for half a century, died on Sunday in his 80th year. He was the founder of the Royal Medical College. Senhor Soveral, secretary of the Portuguese Legation in London, has been appointed minister plenipotentiary to Great Britain in succession to Senhor de Freitas, who was recently recalled by the Portuguese Government. Prof. E. Stone Wiggins says the next great earthquake to occur in Canada is due about Aug. 19, but there may be smaller seismic disturbances in the meantime. Wiggins knows as much about it as we do and we don't know anything. The Attorney-General of Ontario has forwarded a requisition to the Minister of Justice for the extradition of Chester Wilnot, Yourex, wanted in Belleville, Ont., for forging and uttering forged papers on the Bank of Commerce and Merchants Bank. He is now in custody in Bremen, Germany. The Governor General has received a cablegram from Sir Charles Tupper asking for information respecting Wadsworth the Englishman, who recently mysteriously disappeared from Wallaceburg, Ont. It is feared that Wadsworth who carried \$3,000 on his person met with the same fate as Benwell. Sir Charles Dilke, who is generally recognized as the best living authority on foreign affairs, regards the situation

on the French shore of Newfoundland as serious. He believes, if a settlement is not reached in the meantime, the natives will take matters in their own hands next season. From other sources The Herald is impelled to the same belief. The Paris Temps publishes advices from St. Louis, Senegal, in West Africa, which state that after the French troops, under Commander Archinard, had captured the fortress of Niara, a stronghold of the Sultan of Ahmadou, they speedily achieved another victory over the Sultan's forces at Youri. The battle field at Youri is 30 kilometres southwest of the fortress of Niara. The figures given in trade reports for the final quarter of 1890 show that at the leading commercial centres of Germany the amount of exports to America has improved despite the operations of the McKinley tariff. As compared with the previous quarter Hamburg's American trade has increased \$441,000; Berlin's, \$250,000; Stettin's, \$240,000, and Brunswick's, \$63,000. In fact, the figures for every consular district which has yet reported show an increase in American trade. The following telegram is a concise summary of the Indian situation as it appeared last night: The entire body of Indians numbering between three and four thousand are camped about five miles from this (Pine Ridge) agency by tomorrow. Col. Shaffer's command is here numbering about 700 and Gen. Brooke's command of 1600 men are following. The talk among themselves in camp, their disposition and appearance indicate a favorable result and submission to the military authorities.

ON THE FRENCH SHORE.

Sir Charles Dilke's View of the Newfoundland Trouble.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—Leclair publishes an interview on Newfoundland matters with Sir Charles Dilke, who is residing in this city. Sir Charles thinks that, apart from the lobster question, the main difficulty is found in the impossibility of reconciling the development of Newfoundland with French treaty rights. The entire territory belonged to the colonists, but they are denied the rights of sovereignty. Sir Charles Dilke thought they would eventually take the law in their own hands. He believed that during the coming spring shots would be exchanged between the colonists and the crew of the French ship. Ground for an agreement should therefore be discovered at once.

ONE BRICKLAYER WAS PRESENT.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

TORONTO, Jan. 12.—The annual convention of the Bricklayers' and Masons' International Union opened this morning, with over 400 persons from all over the United States and Canada in attendance, though including only bricklayers so far as Canada is concerned. The convention was called to order at 10:30 by President Heartz, of Denver, Col., Mayor Clark, President Davidson, of the Board of Trade, and other representatives of the city were present. Mayor Clark welcomed the visitors in a neat speech. Mr. Davidson then extended a welcome on behalf of the commercial men of the city. Architect Lennox, who was introduced as a friend of the labor men, and Ald. Shaw, as chairman of the Board of Works, also made brief speeches. President Heartz replied to the addresses of welcome and expressed the warmest sentiments towards the Canadian people. Ex-President A. Darrah of St. Louis, Mo.; Leleage Campion of Cleveland, Ohio, and Delegate McDermott of Cincinnati, spoke in a similar strain.

NO MONEY IN IT.

Result of a Shipment of Eggs to England.

OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—An Ottawa gentleman interested in the egg and poultry business received a letter yesterday from Mr. Jaquemont of London, Eng. In this letter Mr. Jaquemont says the result of the shipment of Canadian eggs to England did not bring very great profits to the sender. Speaking of a particular consignment he says that the freight and other expenses amounted to two pounds one shilling on goods to the value of 23 pounds odd. He admits the possibility of lessening the cost of freight but on this consignment the loss from broken and bad eggs destroyed the whole profit.

THE ICE HOUSE GAVE WAY.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

SARASIA, Jan. 12.—This evening while men were putting ice into Houser's brewery the floor holding the ice in the building gave way and the men went down with the ice and floor. Wm. Jacques had an arm broken and was otherwise injured. Geo. Tefft became fast in the ice, and besides injuries received suffered badly from cold before being rescued. It is impossible to tell yet how badly he is injured.

THE REGULAR REVOLUTION.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Chas. R. Flint & Co., who with Hemmway & Brown of Boston, own the principal line of vessels from here to Chili, received this evening a cable from Santiago, advising them that the naval forces of Chili had started a revolution. The cable did not state how the army stood.

THEY WERE RE-ADMITTED.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Decker, Howell & Company were re-admitted to membership of the stock exchange to-day. The announcement was received with cheers.

They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating; it will relieve dyspepsia, aid digestion, give tone and vigor to the system. 249

A NEW MOVE IN THE SEALERIES.

Sir John Thompson Takes the Matter to the United States Supreme Court.

A MOVE NOVEL AND INGENUOUS.

No Further Chance for Blaine's Tall Talk and Tail-Twisting.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—A Washington special says, Sir John Thompson, Canadian Minister of Justice, through Mr. Calderon Carlisle, the American Consul of the British legation and Mr. Choate, acting as his associate in the case, made a motion in the Supreme Court to-day for a writ of prohibition commanding the United States district court at Sitka, Alaska, to annul the proceedings by which the sealing craft W. P. Sayward was libeled in 1887. There were two suggestions for the prohibition filed. One is merely a formal suggestion made in behalf of Thomas Henry Cooper, an English subject, owner of the craft. The other, which brings the whole disputed question concerning the alleged jurisdiction over the Behring Sea before the Court, is made in behalf of Canada by Sir John Thompson with full knowledge and consent of Her Britannic Majesty, the purpose being to appeal from Secretary Blaine to the Supreme Court, in order to settle once for all the Behring Sea dispute. This movement on the part of the British Government appears not to have been expected, and the attorney general was taken by surprise when the motion was made. The proceedings have been conducted with the utmost secrecy. This action, it is believed will bring the matter of jurisdiction over the Behring Sea to an issue at once and avoid the tedious formalities of diplomacy. The prayer for a prohibition on the district court is for a friendly nation, international courtesy requires that the matter shall be considered by the Supreme Court as early a day as possible. If the Supreme Court decides that the United States had no right to seize the vessel for catching seals in the Behring Sea more than a marine league from the shore, all pretensions of the United States to jurisdiction over those waters will be exploded. The case of the seizure of the schooner W. P. Sayward is as follows: The vessel belongs to Victoria, B.C., and was captured by the revenue cutter Rush, for killing seals in the Behring Sea. The schooner was captured on the high seas, 59 miles from land. She had 477 seals on board. She was taken to Oonajaska and from there to Sitka, where she was libeled by the U.S. District Court for taking seal within the jurisdiction of the United States in violation of section 1565 of the revised statutes, the allegation being that Capt. Geo. Eary, the master of the Sayward, had killed some 30 odd seal at the place of capture, 5743 N. and 18751 W., 59 miles off Cape Cheerful between Oonajaska and Pribyloff Islands, in violation of the statute named. Upon that allegation the schooner was libeled. The case was taken to the Supreme Court and the case is now on docket.

The idea of taking the case from the uncertain and dilatory court of diplomacy to the court of justice is both novel and ingenious. The court ordered that two weeks' time be granted to the Attorney-General to make a showing to the motion. The British Government, it is believed, has had this matter in contemplation for some time, probably since last spring, when it was announced that the negotiations between the United States and England on the Behring Sea question were ended. An appeal was taken in case of the W. P. Sayward and the case was brought to the Supreme Court and on motion of petitioners. This was today dismissed on a motion, which was immediately followed with a request to file suggestions with the court for the writ of prohibition to annul the action of the District Court of Alaska.

KOCH'S LYMPH.

The First Injection in Montreal for Lung Troubles.

The interest which was manifested in the first introduction of Dr. Koch's Lymph into the treatment of patients at the Montreal General Hospital, has to a considerable extent subsided. Although as many as seven patients have been so far treated, it was not until yesterday that patients were treated for lung disease. At Dr. Macdonnell's clinic yesterday three male patients were inoculated in its earlier stages. Each patient received 1 cc. of one per cent of the solution of the fluid. These patients have been under close observation for some time so that any reaction which might take place as a result of the injection would be readily noticed. The other patients who were injected some time ago are doing well, more especially the lupus patients.

AN ICE SHOVE.

It Causes a Stoppage of Connecticut Railroad Travel.

BIRMINGHAM, CONN., Jan. 12.—For the first time since the Housatonic dam was built several years ago, an ice freshet occurred yesterday, partially sweeping away the railroad bridge on the Derby extension road between Shelton and Derby. Immense cakes of ice came down over the dam, and passing under the carriage bridge, struck the piling of the railroad bridge, breaking the supports like pine stems. The whole structure will probably fall into the river. All passenger trains have been discontinued, and no trains will be able to run for several days. Other minor damage has been done, but the railroad is the chief loser. The pecuniary damage will amount to from \$10,000 to \$15,000.

A SNEAK LOVER.

The Mean Way in Which He Tried to Get Even.

THE LIBERALS IN CONVENTION.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier Calls a General Meeting of the Party.

TO BE HELD IN TORONTO IN FEBRUARY.

A Line of Policy to be Formulated, and New Ideas Brought to Light.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

TORONTO, Jan. 12.—The Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, leader of the Liberal party of Canada, after consultation with the representative leaders of the party in Ontario, has decided to issue a call for a provincial convention of Liberals to be held in this city during February. It is felt that a great contest is impending, and upon the triumphant issue of that battle for the Liberals the very life of the nation depends. All over the Dominion there is a significant movement of opinion against existing conditions. Isolation and restrictions are deemed. The great producing and consuming masses are searching into the policy which is taxing, even to the bone, retarding development, and driving the best blood and the best brain of the Canadian family into a foreign country. The farmers are in revolt, the workmen are restless, and a great contingent of the manufacturers are questioning the wisdom of the policy which burdens and distresses the country. It is of first consequence that all these elements of unrest and all these forces of opinion should be brought into council and the rising tide of liberal and progressive sentiment directed firmly and strongly against the bulwarks of restriction. The men who come up from the constituencies will be able to tell the leaders that partisan bitterness is abating, that the farmers are uniting against the policy which burdens and impoverishes, and that since the disastrous year of 1878, brought with such evil to Canada, no such marked and signal movement of opinion toward the Liberal leaders has been manifested. They will declare that everywhere the people are weary of the launching of fatuous bores, hopeless of relief from tariff remedies, and sick of scandals that shame Canada before the world. They will tell the leaders that the public conscience is awakening from a long and criminal sleep and that public sentiment is reviving, and the leaders will go on in the fight with fresh heart and renewed determination. An impulse will go out from the convention that will put new spirit into the Liberal party from end to end of Canada, uniting all classes and interests in a common resolve to battle against wasteful and corrupt administration, the power of boodle and the strength of class combination. An overwhelming victory for tariff reduction has just been achieved in the United States. It is in the same fight that the Liberals of Canada are engaged. They look for an issue not less overwhelming and triumphant. The machinery will be perfected and the battle very greatly advanced by the proposed convention. Cheap fares will be granted on all the railways, but the exact dates of the convention have not been fixed. The announcement will be made later. All information desired can be had by communication with Mr. W. T. R. Preston, general secretary of the Ontario Reform Association, Reform Club, Toronto.

THE PICTURE TROUBLE EXPLAINED.

The trouble about those two pictures which were offered for sale as Mrs. Stanley's handiwork, and which were denied by her, has been partially explained. The pictures were bought by Mr. Scott as genuine from a London, Eng., firm. Mr. H. J. Tiffin bought them and presented them to the lady managers of the Protestant Infants' Home for the benefit of that institution. They thought the occasion favorable for offering them for sale, with the result that when Mrs. Stanley saw them she repudiated them. She has, however, presented the pictures with a picture bearing her autograph, which has been placed on view in the Windsor. Mr. Scott intends demanding an explanation from the firm from whom he purchased the bogus pictures.

THE FINES COLLECTED.

The cashier of the Recorder's Court has completed his returns for the year 1890. They show an excess of moneys collected over any previous year, chiefly due to the large amount of fines levied upon keepers and inmates of disorderly houses, in whom the police have directed especial and vigilant effort during the twelve months just ended. Following is a detailed statement of receipts:

January	.....	\$1,107.95
February	.....	1,044.30
March	.....	2,089.70
April	.....	1,284.94
May	.....	1,336.14
June	.....	2,273.25
July	.....	4,596.33
August	.....	3,446.87
September	.....	2,570.37
October	.....	2,570.37
November	.....	2,570.37
December	.....	2,495.97
Total	.....	\$28,845.10

DONATIONS ACKNOWLEDGED.

The treasurer of the Montreal General Hospital acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the following sums: Cochrane Cassils & Co. \$60; John Date, \$20; Thos. Robertson & Co. \$50; Andrew Baile, \$10; J. J. Milloy, \$10; R. Sharpley & Sons, \$10; Goodyear Rubber Co. \$10; George W. Ross & Co. \$10; M. B. Atkinson, \$5; T. Robertson, \$8; F. Gross, \$5; J. W. Ness, \$5; Bernstein & Wolsey, \$1; L. Lagarus, \$1; A. Borden, \$1; Cash, \$45.

A FEW CIVIC FIGURES.

The police and fire department reports for 1890 have been completed, and show that during the year there have been 348 arrests for drunkenness; 134 for prostitution; 41 for vagrancy, and five sent to penitentiary for robbery. There were 53 alarms for police during the year. The fines during the year amounted to \$501.89; 32 children were picked up on the streets and returned to their parents. The public scales brought in \$38; public pound, \$6.41; nights the electric lamps went out. There were 10 fire alarms, of which six were false. The damage by the four fires amounted to \$1400. The total revenue this year shows an increase over last of \$143.89.

THE LIBERALS IN CONVENTION.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier Calls a General Meeting of the Party.

THE HIGHEST POINT KNOWN.

Damage All Along the Coast of the Atlantic Ocean.

HOUSES AND WHARVES DELUGED.

The Stages and Wharves are Set Afloat and Great Damage Done.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 12.—During the heat of the Irish elections in December, Dr. P. S. O'Reilly of this city addressed a letter of encouragement to the Hon. W. E. Gladstone, telling him of the feeling of Irish Americans in this city on the Irish question and promising Mr. Gladstone moral and material support. A reply has been received from Mr. Richard J. Gladstone, dated Hawarden, Dec. 4. Speaking for his father the young man says: "It is most satisfactory that the opinion of a large majority of leading Irishmen in St. Louis remain true to the policy which nearly five years ago joined the Irish Nationalists and English Liberals in a firm, and we trust, a lasting friendship. You recognize that on our part we have been in every particular, large and small, abidingly true to the proposals of 1886 in heaven's name, why should the divorce court be allowed to compromise the future of Ireland? British Liberals have sacrificed much for Ireland during the past five years. They have refused to give precedence to any British question until Ireland has received Home Rule. All of a sudden Mr. Parnell turns his back upon us, ignores his own speeches and declares that we are guilty of treachery to Ireland. Can anything be more preposterous? He himself, if the charges are true, has been a leading agent in the treachery. We who have been true to Ireland and who mean to be true to her have a right to ask Irishmen to be true to us in order to carry through a great national settlement of the Home Rule question. Kilkenny has spoken decisively and I have no doubt that Ireland will adhere to the solemn pledges which her representatives gave us in 1886."

MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS.

The Surrounding Villages Had a Busy Time Yesterday.

With the exception of the Mayor, Cote St. Antoine citizens yesterday elected their Municipal Council for this year. Mr. George Durnford acted as president of the election and, though two gentlemen were nominated in addition to those elected they quietly withdrew, and the village will be spared the expense and worry of a day of voting. The following gentlemen will form the council:

First Ward—Messrs. R. H. Redfern, J. R. Walker and T. B. Macaulay.
Second Ward—Messrs. Matthew Hutchinson, A. C. Hutchinson and Alex. Jamieson.
Third Ward—Messrs. Hugh Eschkan, N. McLeod and H. Robertson.
Fourth Ward—Messrs. T. C. Bulmer, C. B. Elmacoff and W. G. Lewis.

On Wednesday the new council will meet and elect the mayor. At Outremont two new councillors were elected by acclamation, Messrs. G. E. Cooke and Alfred Joyce. The mayoralty contest will take place on Feb. 2. At St. Henri the new Mayor is Mr. S. Dagenais, and two aldermen, Messrs. J. Brisbois and J. T. Aquin were elected by acclamation. There are two seats to be fought for by Messrs. M. Cragneau, A. Callesier, J. Jacob and D. Lafleur. The council in the council of St. Cuneo will be contested by Messrs. J. Luttrell and D. Leonard. The fight will be strictly one of annexation or no annexation. No change will take place in the Verdun council. The council will be made up as follows: Mayor, Wm. Smith, M. D.; Councillors: East ward, Joseph Lavigne, re-elected; Centre, Henry J. Giles and Phileas Monette; West, A. Riddle and A. Lamsarche.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

Its Merits Discussed by the Montreal Ministerial Association.

Capital punishment was upheld in a paper read by Rev. Mr. McKillican before the Protestant Ministerial Association yesterday morning. There were present the Rev. Messrs. McKillican, Tully, Nichols, Antiff, Flanders, Fleck, Therrien, Picher, E. M. Hill, Ainsworth, Harris, Scanlon, Smyth and Bland. At the conclusion of the reading of the paper several of those present discussed the subject for and against. Rev. Mr. Flanders will read a paper favoring the abolition of capital punishment at the next meeting.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. F. B. Polson, Toronto, is a guest at the Windsor. J. L. Pierre, Ottawa, is at the Windsor. He has just returned from a European trip. Mr. George R. Harris, Boston; Hon. R. M. Wells, Toronto, and Mr. E. O. Oler, Q.C., were at the Windsor yesterday. Among the late arrivals at the Riendeau are: Charles Wilbrouner, Hugh Constable, Sorel; T. Gillespie, Acoulaye; A. Mayfield, Toronto; Geo. Barthe, Three Rivers; F. Hicks, Vercheres; F. Bell, Toronto; and Laurence Braham, London, Eng.

MAJORITY SENTENCE.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.

HALIFAX, Jan. 12.—A colored woman named Maud Stevenson was sentenced to seven years imprisonment in the Dorchester penitentiary at Annapolis to-day. Her crime was the theft of \$30 and some jewelry at Bridgetown.

SE. Mungo.

Superior in every respect to the majority of (so called) 10-cent cigars that are offered to the public. That tired, languid feeling and headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

A WHACK AT PARNELL.

The Younger Gladstone Concisely Sums up the Situation.

THE HIGHEST POINT KNOWN.

Damage All Along the Coast of the Atlantic Ocean.

HOUSES AND WHARVES DELUGED.

The Stages and Wharves are Set Afloat and Great Damage Done.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 12.—To-day's tide, as agreed, was highest ever known and was accountable for a vast amount of damage. At 12:30 o'clock it reached its highest point, which was from five to eight inches higher than at the time of the Saxby gale. Every wharf in the city was covered and stores on South wharf, west of Ward-street, and all west of Nelson-street on the North wharf were flooded to a depth of eight or twenty inches all stock on the floors of these stores was more or less damaged, some articles such as sugar, salt, etc., being badly so. It is impossible just at present to estimate the full loss and while no single merchant will lose very heavily, the total will reach thousands of dollars at least. All business was suspended and those portions of the wharf out of the water were thronged with spectators watching the waves as they rolled across the top of South wharf, on over market slip, and broke against the sides of the buildings on the North wharf. The merchants and clerks in long leather and rubber boots were wading about endeavoring to get their perishable goods out of the way of the elements. Every store on the wharf, without an exception, was flooded to the depth of from 10 to 20 inches and in one water was just commencing to pour in on the fire in the self-keeper. The whole top of the South wharf was afloat and it was a most peculiar sensation to feel it surging and heaving beneath one's feet. One merchant pointed out to your correspondent that wharf, which in its position was just on a level with his door had been floated up and was 15 inches above it. About the floors of all the stores barrels, boxes and bags were piled with the water several inches deep around them. Turnbull & Co., Hall & Fairweather, Baird & Peters, Tufts & Co., Thomas Gorman, H. W. Northrup, Andrew Malcolm, and the heaviest losers. All coal sheds were flooded with water.

TO IRRIGATE ALBERTA.

A Scheme to Provide a Drainage Canal in the Northwest.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 12.—Application will be made at the next session of parliament to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing and maintaining an irrigation canal in the territory of Alberta. John B. Bright, C. E. Lethbridge is promoter of the scheme with D. Davis, M.P., C. E. D. Wood, editor MacLeod Gazette, and Dr. Kennedy, Mr. Bright has made extensive surveys until at present time he has completely a liberal grant and to build the canal entirely with private funds. The presence of the mounted police at Turtle Mountains reserve is expected to quiet the fears of the settlers and prevent uprising. The chief cause for alarm appears to be the blue troops at Fort Pembina, N.D., are held in marching orders ready to strike out at once in case of trouble.

A Bagnio Tragedy.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 12.—Frank F. Mitchell, a well-known race horse gambler, shot and instantly killed Dolly Mayo, an inmate of Maud Browning's bagnio at 2019 Chestnut-street, shortly before 2 o'clock this morning. He then fired a bullet into his own brain and died a few minutes afterwards. Mitchell called at the house about 11 o'clock last night and spent the time between his calling and the shooting in quarrelling with the girl. The girl's real name is said to be Sallie Hendrickson, and she is said to be a daughter of respectable parents living at Pittsburg. Mitchell hailed from Cincinnati, where his family now reside.

FAIR BUT COLD TO-DAY.

BY OUR SPECIAL SERVICE.

TORONTO, Jan. 12.—The storm mentioned yesterday is now central over the Bay of Chaleur, it has caused a general gale throughout eastern Canada accompanied by snow in Quebec and northern New Brunswick, rain in southern New Brunswick and throughout Nova Scotia. Finer weather now prevails in Ontario and Quebec. An important depression covers the northwest accompanied by higher temperature and local snow falls.

MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM TEMPERATURES.

Calgary, 29-32; Qu'Appelle, 20 below 32; Winnipeg, 18 below 32; Toronto, 23-30; Quebec, 20-28; Halifax, 18-48.

PROBABILITIES.

Lakes and St. Lawrence-Frost decidedly cold weather, with light local snow falling. Gulf—Decreasing westerly winds, clearing, colder weather. Maritime—Decreasing southwest to north-westerly winds, clearing, and becoming decidedly colder; light snow falls.

YESTERDAY'S MONTREAL TEMPERATURE.

Temperature in the shade by Standard thermometer observed by Hearn & Harrison, Opticians and Mathematical Instrument Makers, 1640 and 1642 Notre Dame-street: 8 a.m. 26, 1 p.m. 27, 6 p.m. 23; max. 33, min. 19, mean, 26.

By Standard Barometer: 8 a.m. 28.63, 1 p.m. 28.64, 6 p.m. 28.27.

THE HERALD is printed and published for the Proprietor by PETER MITCHELL, at No. 6 Beaver Hill, St. Louis, Mo.

WAYS OF WOMEN FAIR.

FADS, FANCIES AND FASHIONS OF THE GENTLER SEX.

Interesting Compilation of Women's Work in the World—Anecdotes of Their Cleverness in Various Departments—Latest Fashion Notes.

There are many incongruous things in the tender than in the young person who wears robes in her searlike coat.

Do the duty that lies nearest. That is living. Character and service and beauty make perfect womanhood.

There are plenty of so-called fashionable mothers in New York who do not see their children more than an hour a day.

Miss Elford Buckingham, a senior of the Harvard Annex, has been appointed an instructor in the Royal Normal College for the Blind at London.

Where do the manure artists get their custom? At a recent \$200 dinner party there was not one polished or pointed finger nail, and every guest was a recognized authority in the gay world.

The ubiquity of the Kings Daughters is something remarkable. They are in Japan, China, India, New Zealand, Australia, the Sandwich Islands, Turkey, Italy, Germany, Great Britain, and United States.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher lives and writes in a suit of sunny parlors, where birds are always chirping and flowers are always in bloom.

Think of having your portrait on a desert plate! Well, yesterday I saw a set of Dresden plates which had been decorated to order for a New York woman.

Art has no sex. Women stand abreast with men in decorative designing. The French, Swiss and English schools are equipping thousands of women every year for employments especially suitable to their natural refinement and richness of fancy.

They are the designers of a large percentage of the artistic fabrics and confections that France exports.

Speaking of George Eliot's continued popularity, it is interesting to note that booksellers assert that "Robert Elsmere" is as dead as a book well can be.

Mrs. Murrill, who has been elected for four years in succession President of the Society of Lady Artists, holds a prominent position in the art world of London.

Gifted young ladies employed in the families of the upper ten as governesses and teachers barely earn sufficient wages for support.

Side combs of shell, mounted in gold, silver and small stones are still worn by the elite.

This seems to be a royal favorite among colors this year, and blue with Astrakhan a popular combination.

The newest thing in fur capes is a fringe of sable tails for the sleeve pieces carried over the shoulder in graduated lengths.

A new and effective trimming for evening gowns is a band, or rather roll, made of silk peony petals, "differed," and of any shade to match the dress.

Long-waisted corsets are absolutely necessary for the long, straight, slender woman of the period.

Parisians affect the style of one garment over another, as in the plaited dress, and running the change on this mode produces many pleasing and unique designs.

Muffs for evening wear favored by the elegantes are very dainty and tiny little affairs made of violets, rosebuds, or humming birds in conjunction with lace, silk, and plush.

In many of the well-dressed children are seen stockings of black and white plaids. These are very artistic and add much to the very short skirts of the small boy and the dainty white frocks of future society queens.

Aprons are coming in again, but to be quite of the approved mode they must be in black Chantilly lace adorned with tiny velvet bows, and the ones are rarely used, and are of Valenciennes lace and insertion work.

A beautiful new material for evening gowns is a black net, liberally embroidered and fringed with turquoise, steel, and jet. It is to be made over black, with a bodice and train of turquoise-blue velvet, lined with steel satin.

One of the most fashionable of the new styles is a diamond array.

Our men sheeps, which are strong enough for bed linen, can be utilized to advantage for tea scarfs, bureau scarfs, or any of the covers which are necessary. This old linen is much finer than that bought for embroidery purposes and is much easier to work.

Now that it is the fancy to have fur jackets and capes open and pointed at the neck, the silk muffler is a necessity in severe weather, and it also protects the skin and linen if the fur cracks. The most fashionable mufflers are the plaid silk ones.

The Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City Railway Company have issued a truly fine work of art in the shape of a calendar whereon is depicted scenes in the western country through which this finely equipped railway is running.

Next week great scenic production—Dixey in "The Seven Ages."

POST-OFFICE TIME TABLE FOR JANUARY, 1891.

Table with columns: DELIVERY, MAILS, CLOSING. Lists various routes and times for mail services.

NOVELTIES OF FASHION.

All the favor fans bear the monogram of the recipient in silver.

Beauty is a very fine thing to have, but style is vastly better.

Frizzes, curls and waves are essentially the fancies of fair-haired Gallic women.

Side combs of shell, mounted in gold, silver and small stones are still worn by the elite.

This seems to be a royal favorite among colors this year, and blue with Astrakhan a popular combination.

The newest thing in fur capes is a fringe of sable tails for the sleeve pieces carried over the shoulder in graduated lengths.

A new and effective trimming for evening gowns is a band, or rather roll, made of silk peony petals, "differed," and of any shade to match the dress.

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LOGAN'S-PARK

In the Matter of Expropriation of a strip of land between Amherst-street and Logan's Park, for the enlargement of said Logan's Park, in the St. Jean Baptiste and St. James Wards of this city.

Dividend Notice.

A half-yearly dividend upon the capital stock of this Company at the rate of five per cent. per annum, will be paid on February 17 next, to Shareholders of record on that date.

Notice to All Whom it May Concern.

The undersigned Commissioners, appointed to value the pieces of land comprised in the above matter of expropriation, hereby give public notice that they will proceed to value the properties required for the above improvement on THURSDAY the FIFTEENTH day of JANUARY instant at THREE o'clock in the afternoon, in the Commissioners' Room, City Hall, and that they will then and there be ready to hear the proprietors, and all parties interested, with their witnesses, title deeds, etc.

T. PREFONTAINE, HENRY JOSEPH, L. BARRÉ, Commissioners.

Commissioners' Room, City Hall, Montreal, January 12, 1891.

To be inserted in The Herald and Gazette on the 12th and 13th January instant.

RAILWAYS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Established 1857. Twenty-fourth Year. The International Railway and Steam-Navigation Guide.

Containing the Latest TIME TABLES from Official Sources as reliable and accurate.

GAZETTEER OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA. Being an Alphabetical List of Railway, Steamship and Stage Lines, in which are mentioned Towns and Offices, P.O. Savings Banks, etc., giving Population, Location, etc., making the Guide invaluable for TRAVELERS, TOURISTS, SHIPPERS, BANKERS, ETC.

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THE INTERNATIONAL GUIDE CO., PUBLISHERS.

BEAVER HILL, MONTREAL. Estate Late Joseph Tiffin, Esq.

Central Vermont Railroad

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 27.

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CRATHREN & CAVERHILL

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

BEAVER LINE.

The Canada Shipping Co's Winter Arrangements between Liverpool & New York.

The sailings from Liverpool will be as follows:

Lake Ontario.....Jan. 10
Lake Huron....." 23

The sailings from New York for Liverpool will be as follows:

Lake Ontario.....Jan. 10
Lake Huron....." 23

For freight or other particulars apply: In Montreal, to A. A. Watt, 8 Custom House Square, in Quebec, to N. G. Seymour & Co.; in Liverpool, to R. W. Roberts, 21 Water Street; in New York, J. S. Arkell & Co., 25 Whitehall-street.

H. E. MURRAY, General Manager, 4 Custom House Square, Montreal, November 24, 1890.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY AND STEAM-NAVIGATION GUIDE

(PUBLISHED MONTHLY) THE ONLY RECOGNIZED RAILWAY GUIDE OF THE DOMINION

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TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 13.

BISHOP CAMERON'S MISTAKE.

Hon. Mr. MacGillivray's reply to Bishop Cameron's circular is a well written and temperate answer, and will not only strengthen the esteem in which the writer is held not only in Antigonish but throughout Nova Scotia, and should also convince Bishop Cameron of his mistake in becoming an election agent for the Minister of Justice, and of the improper nature of his appeal to the electors. When a dignitary of the church appeals to the cupidity of his people and bids them vote for a candidate because he is likely to procure the expenditure of public money in the constituency it is high time that his Archbishop should remind him, as the Archbishop of Halifax did, that it is not the duty of a bishop to mix himself up in the petty squabbles of party politics. What justification Bishop Cameron could have imagined he had to speak of "designating politicians," "disturbing Sir John Thompson by organizing a factious opposition" or to speak of "factionists and their daps" would puzzle the most acute of mankind to discover. Men of less intellectual capacity than has which might have been expected in a bishop, would be able to understand a gentleman who was opposed to the policy of protection and who condemned the corruption of individuals as well as the bribery of constituencies, could fairly expect that a majority of the electors in a Nova Scotia constituency would support him in his efforts to effect a change. Whatever Bishop Cameron's opinion of protection may be, and it is fair to assume that he favors it, there can be no longer any doubt of the low standard by which he measures public morality or the poor opinion he entertains of the men of Antigonish. That his most regrettable laxity is not generally shared in his own neighborhood was proved by the fact that the Minister of Justice, on whose interest his Lordship's most censurable circular was issued, only received a majority of 40 in a total of 2454 votes. Twelve hundred and seven men expressed their opinion of Bishop Cameron's circular, and it is probable that many of Sir John Thompson's friends were prevented from doing so only by the desire to see him elected. Between recommending his people to vote for the Minister of Justice because he had caused certain monies to be expended amongst them and if elected would procure more, and telling them to vote for the man who would give each one the largest bribe the step is not wide. Indeed, it would be unsafe to limit the probable exercise of Bishop Cameron's partisanship in a closely contested election. A bishop who can range himself on the side of open corruption and designate its opponents as a factious opposition must be capable of great development as an electioneering agent. The enemies of that church of which Bishop Cameron is a prelate will rejoice at this episode. Had he desired to weaken his authority and influence amongst his own people, and provide a handle for those who seek to destroy him he could hardly have done better. Some shock was felt at seeing the editor of a Roman Catholic newspaper in Ontario grovelling before the threat of his bishop, but in this case the ecclesiastical could at least say that the claims of the newspaper, however natural they might be to Protestants, were inconsistent with the complete supremacy of the Catholic Church in its own field, and that he merely defended a trust confided to him. But not only has the Pope declared that the Church shall not turn politician, but common sense might have taught Bishop Cameron that when a Bishop descends to the level of a party heeler he wounds his own dignity, stops the influence which he desires to exercise and embitters the feeling against his cloth and his church which it is his duty to allay. This is not an age in which it is safe to plant mental dynamite in the church, and the spectacle of a Bishop as an apostle of corruption is not one which thinking Catholics desire to see.

LA JUSTICE IN TEARS.

La Justice thinks, or says it thinks, that the Herald has made itself the echo of a certain number of fanatical Protestants who wanted to stop the farming system in order to take away from our religious communities the care of the insane. It adds that we have asked and accepted for the Protestant Asylum "the odious, the infernal and middle-age system" which we have denounced. In the first place the Herald did not denounce the farming system for the reason alleged. It mattered little whether the contractors were religious orders or lay institutions. We do not see what connection there is between religion and the cure of insanity. Nor have we asked for a continuance of the farming system. We merely noted the arrangement that had been made between the governors of the Protestant Insane Asylum and the Government. We should prefer that such institutions were wholly under the control of the Government. As there seems to be a difficulty at present in obtaining the we noted that the next best thing had been done, viz., the medical charge of the institution being given to an officer appointed by and therefore removable at the pleasure of the Government. The point that seems to wound La Justice is that \$116 are paid for each patient in the Protestant Asylum and \$100 in the Catholic institutions. We do not know the explanation of this, probably it is easily explained, but it tends to show that the cry of "fanatic," etc., etc., directed against those who objected to a continuance of the horrors of Longue Pointe, was prompted by a pecuniary anxiety.

There is usually a good deal of financial consideration in the zeal of those who attempt to defend the indefensible.

MORE ANXIOUS FOR SETTLEMENT.

Information from Washington, combined with the tone of the more independent class of American newspapers, furnish pretty good evidence that President Harrison and Secretary Blaine both find that their jingo policy on the Behring Sea question is not only likely to prove a failure, so far as making an issue for the Republican party at the Presidential election is concerned, but that it has also got them into a diplomatic snarl from which a graceful retreat will be a somewhat difficult feat. The fact is the jingo policy did not "take" with the rank and file of the American people, and this consideration, as much as anything else, has probably had considerable to do in bringing both the President and Mr. Blaine to a more reasonable frame of mind; and if so we may reasonably look more for rapid development of events in the direction of a satisfactory settlement of the difficulty. It is very unlikely that there will be any further desire at Washington to keep the question open till the next Presidential campaign is on.

THE DOMINION FINANCES.

It is understood that the public accounts of the Dominion for the last fiscal year—of which a brief resume has been given to the public—are printed and ready for distribution, but that the Finance Department hesitates to give them out. There is no reason why they should be withheld, unless it is desired to conceal the true state of the finances from the public as long as possible. Indeed, sufficient is known about the financial situation to render it absolutely necessary that the people should be put in possession of full information so far as the accounts of the last fiscal year will furnish it. If the accounts are not cooked for the express purpose of concealing the true state of affairs, the Government can have no valid reason for withholding them, particularly as they are printed. By all means let them be circulated, at least to the press and members of Parliament. There is something very suggestive in the meagre details of the finances furnished by the Government organs and the elaborate attempts they have made to gloss over the patchwork that seems to have been resorted to in order that they may be rendered presentable.

LOOK OUT FOR CUBA.

The troubles in the Caroline Islands, which have resulted in a good deal of bloodshed and the destruction of considerable property owned by American missionaries, are likely to create a serious issue between the United States and Spain. The houses and other property occupied by the missionaries on Ponape would appear to have been wantonly destroyed by the Spanish soldiers, and it is pretty certain the American Government will feel called upon to demand indemnity. At least intelligence from Madrid is to the effect that the news from the islands has created a sensation there and that the Spanish Government anticipate a demand for damages on the part of the American Government. Should these troubles result in complications between the two countries they might afford the United States the opportunity, so long coveted by many in that country, of seizing and holding Cuba, which has made so many unsuccessful attempts to secure independence. It is pretty certain that if the United States did take such a step they would find willing allies in a considerable number of the people of Cuba.

MAKING HIMSELF RIDICULOUS.

The Irish difficulty is becoming a little ridiculous. The question of whether Mr. Parnell shall retire now or later, permanently or temporarily, and who he will consent to be chosen as his successor, is a little absurd in view of the fact that he has already been forcibly retired, very much against his will, and that a new leader, of whom he does not approve, has been selected in his stead and commands the confidence of those whose assistance is necessary to the Home Rule fight. Then Mr. William O'Brien is adding a little to the comicality of the situation. It appears from the accounts of his friends that he is impulsive, hysterically inclined, very vain and given to posing on all occasions. In the language of the street his head is swelled and he is given to gush. Whether this is a true estimate of him or an ill-natured libel we have not the least idea. Amongst those who say it of him is Mr. Patrick Ford, and our opinion of Mr. Patrick Ford could only be adequately expressed by the employment of language which we do not care to use. But there is no doubt that Mr. O'Brien is making himself very busy as a kind of handy Jack to Mr. Parnell, and is also making himself, or being made by others, rather ridiculous. He is a fugitive from English law, and yet when someone accuses him of something which might have been supposed to be meritorious in a friend of Mr. Parnell he threatens to appeal to the laws of England to defend his character. He has received great benefits from Mr. Patrick Ford's exertions and rascally publication—a journal entirely out of harmony with the spirit of Ireland's best men—indeed, it appears that part of the money subscribed in America to help evicted tenants in Ireland was diverted from that purpose by Mr. Ford, Mr. Parnell and Mr. O'Brien to purchase a newspaper for the last named person and to start him comfortably in business. Mr. Ford now says that O'Brien is a political dandy in trouble with his trousers, and this expression has

set everyone laughing at the gentleman who is said to have adopted a mysterious manner and to look upon himself as holding the key to Ireland's future. Mr. O'Brien, if he wishes well to the cause of Home Rule, would be wise to drop at once into the subordinate position to which he belongs, and allow the elected leader and his lieutenants of the Irish party to conduct the business they are engaged in without any further nonsense.

THE CIVIC FINANCES.

The civic financial situation received an airing yesterday at the meeting of the City Council, and some light was let in upon the management of the last loan which may do good. If Alderman Prefontaine's statement be correct—and we have no reason to question its absolute correctness—it was anything but the successful transaction Mayor Grenier represented it to have been on his return from London; and it is matter of regret that illness prevented Mayor Grenier being present to give some explanations in regard to the somewhat serious charge implied in what Alderman Prefontaine said. There is no use crying over spilled milk, but the episode is one which will compel the City Council and the citizens to be a little more vigilant in their oversight of civic affairs, and a little more exacting in their demand for full information, particularly in regard to financial matters. In this connection the Finance Committee were quite properly rebuked by several aldermen for holding secret meetings when discussing the finances and thus depriving the public of information to which they are clearly entitled. There must be no more hole-and-corner meetings of that kind. The discussion resulted in the appointment of Alderman Hurlbut and Clendinning as a delegation to accompany the City Treasurer to London to make the necessary arrangements for transferring the city account and disposing of the unsold bonds. It would not be correct to say that the financial muddle is a critical or serious one, but it certainly is an annoying one and may prove temporarily embarrassing. Whether or not it could have been foreseen and effectively guarded against is a question on which there will necessarily be differences of opinion, but such a bungle must be guarded against in all future transactions of the kind.

"FINANCIAL SWEATING."

A correspondent of The London States writes that paper charging that financial firms in London are accumulating wealth rapidly by "sweating" borrowers. As the charge is made in connection with Argentine affairs, the inference which will naturally be drawn is that the public has been compelled to submit to bleeding operations of that kind—a "sweating" process, so to speak—which has materially contributed to bringing about the collapse in Argentine finances. The modus operandi hinted at is that of financial firms taking loans, "say, at 67 and bringing them out at, say 84." The words quoted evidently refer to some particular transaction and if the loan was successfully floated the financial firm interested would make in a profit at the start of 17 per cent. The letter is signed "H. Guedella," and the name and tone thereof indicate that he knows something about the true inwardness of the financing which has been carried on in connection with the Argentine Republic. Among other things he says:

Financial sweating has been pursued in England to an extent which outstrips all imagination. Talk of sweating in the East End by middlemen! One is not surprised to find firms of eminence quietly accumulating fortunes by sweating, that is, by taking loans at, say, 67, and bringing them out at, say, 84. The British public should insist on the Argentine Republic instantly, as a justification for their compromising with them, acquiescing in what sums net they got for each loan, and then would not the people's eye be opened to the easy way that sweaters accumulate riches! No Republic, State, or any municipal city should be allowed to compound with their bondholders without giving this information. Trust companies were formed by dozens by the sweaters to enable them to sell their wares to them. The system of underwriting is most pernicious and unfair to the public.

There is evidently a good deal of meaning in such a charge, more than appears on the surface, and if the suggested investigation were made the British public and the world might possibly be treated to some strange revelations, which might not prove very creditable to some eminent financial firms; at least that is precisely what the letter quoted implies. Have any of the colonies been obliged to submit to this "financial sweating"?

The Halifax Herald still labors under the hallucination that the Liberals of Canada want to adopt the McKinley tariff for this country. Its mental condition must be a melancholy one.

DELAWARE, the defeated Republican gubernatorial candidate for Pennsylvania, whose bank failed shortly after the election, has been placed under arrest on a charge of embezzlement. The Republicans of that State are probably thankful that he was defeated.

The conviction which has been growing for some time that there would be no silver legislation, in fact no financial legislation of any kind at Washington during the present session of Congress, is having a beneficial influence upon the money market. Hoarded gold is coming slowly out of its hiding place and money is easier all round. If the improvement continues, it will no doubt soon make itself felt beneficially in financial circles in Canada.

The Winnipeg Tribune which is sometimes said to be the organ of the Northern Pacific Railway takes that corpora-

tion to task for raising the freight rate on grain from Manitoba, and at the same time gives the C. P. R. just commendation for having refused to follow suit although sorely tempted to do so. The Tribune says that somehow or another the Northern Pacific always manages to do the wrong thing. Somebody must have pulled out the wrong stop in that organ.

THE STAR: Toronto ladies are asking for admission to membership on boards of education. This right has already been granted them in England and in some States of the neighboring Union, and the concession in all cases has had a decidedly good effect.

The Star does not seem to be aware that in Ontario women are, and rightly so, on precisely the same level as men so far as election to school boards is concerned. What the Toronto women agitated for was to have aldermanic candidates pledge themselves to vote for women as high school trustees, these being elected by the Board of Aldermen instead of by the people at large.

THERE is a serious schism in the Tory ranks in Richmond County, C.E. A Mr. Hearn, one of the local representatives of the county, who was defeated last summer, acting as he supposed under the authority of the Tory Provincial Association, called a convention to nominate a candidate in opposition to Hon. Mr. Flynn, the present representative. This convention, which was attended by two hundred and fifty electors, nominated Mr. H. N. Paine, who sat in the House of Commons from 1882 to 1887. This did not suit Mr. Gillies who wanted the nomination and threatened to be a candidate whether he was nominated or not. The Halifax Herald ignored Mr. Hearn's convention, declaring it irregular, and backed up the aspiring Mr. Gillies, in whose interests a second convention was called and he was, of course, nominated. And now there is war between the two factions, with The Halifax Herald supporting the smaller of the two. The Liberals of Richmond are not likely to be disturbed by this state of affairs.

OTTAWA JOURNAL: SIR JOHN MACDONALD, ETAT 76. Born Glasgow, Jan. 11, 1815. Came to Canada, 1821. Made a lawyer, 1825. Elected to Parliament, 1827. Cabinet minister, 1837. Prime Minister Upper Canada, 1838. Prime minister Dominion and K.C.B., 1837. Deceased, 1873. Returned to power, 1873. Still there and lively.

Has not our esteemed contemporary forgotten one or two events? For instance: Double shuffle, 1859. Caused first Northwest insurrection, 1870. Paid money to help Riel's escape, 1872. Sold Pacific charter, 1872. Adopted protection, 1878. Gerrymandered the constituencies, 1882. Inaugurated blind share companies, 1885. Introduced Franchise Bill, 1885. Caused second Northwest insurrection, 1885. Instituted red parlor bribery fund, 1882. Squandered the public money in bribing constituencies, 1887 and following years. Invented Rykertism, 1883. General crookedness, Always. GOING UP, 1892.

Have you seen Dixey in "The Seven Ages"?

The Comte de Paris at the Plaza Hotel. During the recent visit of the Comte de Paris and the Duke of Orleans to this country, Gen. Sherman and the officers of the U. S. Army gave a dinner in honor of the distinguished visitors at the new Plaza Hotel. Every one complimented the management of the great Plaza for its magnificent and luxurious appointments, and above all, for the supreme excellence of its cuisine and service. When a person makes up his mind to enjoy the very best of everything that money can buy and highest artistic can create, he goes to the Plaza, where all this is always at his command.

Mysterious Disappearance of Mr. Dyspepsia. It is said he was driven and is kept away by the use of Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. Sold by all Grocers.

Found at Last! A remedy that not only relieves, but cures that enemy of mankind, consumption, as well as the numerous satellites which revolve around it in the shape of coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat, influenza, &c. The remedy is made by Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

W. C. Potter, of Waterford, N. Y., was confined to his house for nearly a year from liver complaint, being unable to attend to business. His physicians gave him no relief. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY cured him.

WHY!

WHEREFORE? The virtues or merits of a remedy for pain do not consist in its being as good for relief as other remedies, but in the fact that it is better, in being more prompt and sure, and therefore the best for the specific purpose. It is not an idle catch-line that strikes the eye thus:

ST. JACOBS OIL THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN, IS THE BEST.

It is the best cure for all aches and pains, and it holds THE TRUE PROF. To this specific fact Archbishops, Bishops, Clergymen, Lawyers, Doctors, Governors, Generals, Senators, Members of Congress and Legislatures, U.S. Consuls, Army and Navy Officers, Mayors and Officials, testify and use in saying: "We suffered pain; OTHER REMEDIES FAILED, and St. Jacobs Oil cured promptly and permanently." For the same reason THE POOR MAN finds what he seeks and needs, is not deceived and will have it at any price.

BALLS, DINNER PARTIES, &c. Supplied with the very choicest Wines, Liquors, &c., on short notice. The finest stock in the Dominion to choose from in High-class Champagnes Fine Hock Wines Clarets and Sauternes Fine Sherries and Madeiras Choice Old Ports, Ales and Stout, etc. ONE OF THE "CRACK" WINES OF THE DAY

FRESH SUPPLIES OF GAME From the Wild West. By express this morning, 50 dozen Quail, 20 dozen Prairie Chickens and 50 brace Long Point Ducks. FRASER, VIGER & CO.

THE WINES OF GERMANY Henckell's Hocks and Moselles Rhemish and Palatinate Wines. 151 cases Still and Sparkling Rhine and Moselle Wines, shipped by Messrs. Henckell & Co., Mayence. HENCKELL'S STILL HOCKS. Per Case 1 doz. 2 doz. Henckell's Laubenheimer, \$7 00 \$8 00 Henckell's Hattenheimer, 7 50 8 50 Henckell's Erbacher, 9 50 10 50 Henckell's Niersteiner, 10 50 11 50 Henckell's Steinweil, 10 50 11 50 Henckell's Heubach, 10 50 11 50 Henckell's Rudesheimer, 10 00 11 00 Henckell's Marconbrunn, 10 00 11 00 Steinberg Cabinet, 182, 20 00 20 00 Johannsberg Castle, 1874, 22 50 22 50 Henckell's Still Hocks and Moselles, Henckell's Sparkling Ehrenbreitstein, \$20 00 \$21 50 Henckell's Sparkling Moselle, 20 00 20 00 Henckell's Sparkling Schartzberg, finest dry, 21 00 21 50 FRASER, VIGER & CO.

FOR BOILING WHOLE Our "Trade Mark" Pig Hams, running 7 to 10 lbs each, just received direct from the smoke house. Messrs. F. A. Ferris & Co's Old Trade Mark Little Pig Hams for boiling whole. FRASER, VIGER & CO.

200 ARMOUR'S STAR HAMS Opened out on Saturday. Armour's Medium Size Hams, delicious for slicing, for frying and broiling. 200 Pieces Armour's STAR Breakfast Bacon just fresh in. FRASER, VIGER & CO.

IF YOU WANT A BOTTLE Of the very Oldest and Choicest Port Wine imported into Canada, come to the Old Reliable ITALIAN WAREHOUSE. We import the very highest grades of Choice Old Ports and Fine Sherries that come to this market. The following is our stock of PORTS.

Table with 4 columns: Port Name, Per gallon, Per bottle, Per doz. O. R. Old Reserve, £10 00, \$20 00, \$240 00. P. S. Private Stock, 150 00, 15 00, 180 00. V.D.P. Very Old Port, 9 00, 1 75, 20 00. F. N. O. 3, Extra Particular, 6 00, 1 50, 17 00. Four Diamond Choice Old Port, 6 00, 1 25, 15 00. No. 10 Very Superior Rich Old Wine, 4 50, 1 00, 12 00. No. 4 Fine Old Wine, 5 50, 75, 6 00. No. 2 Superior Sound Young Port, 2 50, 55, 6 00. Portuguese Wine, 1 50, 35, 4 00. Commendatore Port, 1 50, 15 00.

It is the same with FINE SHERRIES. We make it our pride and our boast that NO OTHER HOUSE IN THE DOMINION imports to this country as many fine Sherries, ranging from £10 to £20, £20 to £100 and over, per butt, as we do. Our present stock of SHERRY

Table with 4 columns: Sherry Name, Per gallon, Per bottle, Per doz. O. F. G. Misa's Old English Gentleman, \$10 00, \$20 00, \$240 00. "Club" Superior rich pale, 8 00, 15 00, 17 00. V.D.P. Who do Pasto, very finest dry, 7 50, 15 00, 16 00. Extra Dry, 7 50, 15 00, 16 00. F. O. Fine Old Sherry, Magnificent Dinner Sherry, 6 00, 1 25, 13 00. Rich and Fruity, 5 00, 1 00, 11 00. E. D. Light Amouillade Dry, Delicate Dinner Sherry, 4 50, 1 00, 11 00. Superior Sherry, 4 50, 1 00, 11 00. Table Sherry, 4 50, 1 00, 11 00. Superior Sound Pale Sherry, 2 50, 55, 6 00. Cooking Wine, 1 50, 35, 4 50.

Fraser, Viger & Co., Family Grocers and Wine Merchants. ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, 199 St. James-street.

Stieily Asphaltum Paving Company Montreal Sidewalks, Cellars Floors, Yards, etc., Paved with Limmer Rock Asphalt. Marlow.

STREETS PAVED WITH Italian Rock Asphalt At lowest prices and work guaranteed. Send for circulars and prices. OFFICE AND MILLERS, 10, 12 & 14 Mill-street

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stieily Asphaltum Paving Company Will be held at the offices of the company, 111 St. James-street, on Wednesday, the 21st of January, 1891. By order, G. A. DICKSON, Secretary.

Cumberland Railway & Coal Co. NOTICE is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the Company's Offices, Imperial Buildings, Place d'Armes, in the City of Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of FEBRUARY next at 3 30 p.m. The Transfer Books will be closed from the first day of February until after the meetings. By order, H. R. DRUMMOND, Secretary.

DOC'S SURE CURE AN ESTABLISHED REMEDY FOR ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY SYSTEM. No matter how long the disease has existed, or how severe the symptoms, it is cured in a few days. Prepared by DR. J. B. RICKABY, 26 Washington-st., opp. School-st., Boston, Mass.

Academy of Music Henry Thomas, Manager. ONE WEEK MATINEE SATURDAY. Good Old Times Presented by Col. W. E. Sime's Brooklyn Co. Seats now on sale at Nordheimer's. Next Week—Mr. Henry E. Dixey, in "The SEVEN AGES."

SPARROW & JACOBS' Theatre Royal Every Afternoon and Evening Week Commencing Monday, Jan. 13. JOS. H. ALLICK in the following repertoire: THE AFTERNOON & EVENING—CATTLE-KING—THE MOUNTAIN—Thurs., Fri., Sat., Afternoon & Evening—KING—Introducing the Acting Horses, Raider and Charger, etc. Prices of admission, 10c, 25c and 50c. Reserved seats for the next week following—GRAY & STEPHENS.

CARSLAKE'S Grand Derby Sweep! \$75,000.00. 1st horse (6 prizes) \$200 each, \$1200. 2nd do do 100 200. 3rd do do 50 100. Other starters, 6 prizes, divided equally, 1200. Non-starters 500. 15000 TICKETS - 85 EACH. 6 HORSES ENTERED - 1,238 PRIZES. Tickets numbered 1 to 2500—six of each. Drawing May 20th. Race May 27th. Result mailed to country subscribers. —GLEANED TO FILL.—Address GEO. CARSLAKE, Proprietor, 2448 St. Catherine-st., Montreal. Mansion House, 522 St. James-st., Montreal.

FETTES COLLÈGE SCHOOL. Cor. Drummond and St. Catherine-sts. THIRD TERM begins on 27th JANUARY. Courses of Study—Classical, Mathematical and Commercial. A "Preparatory Class" for the "Science Department" of McGill University from 3.30 to 5.30 p.m. A primary class for beginners will be formed, under the tuition of an English certificated lady teacher, of ability and experience in teaching pupils. Fee \$4. Application at the School, 2448 St. Catherine-st. TRAILL OMAN, M.A., Headmaster.

Art Association of Montreal PHILIP'S SQUARE Art Classes—1891. The classes will re-open on Monday, Jan. 13, under the direction of Mr. W. Brymner, R.C.A. Two scholarships for competition. Class-rooms arranged for study and instruction. Students granted the privileges of associate members. The Reading-room for members is supplied with the leading art publications. Family Tickets \$7.50. Single \$5. Galleries open daily, 9 a.m. to dusk. Saturdays FREE, open until 6 p.m.

"The Position of English Poetry in Canada." A lecture will be delivered by Mr. E. B. Brownlow, under the auspices of the Society of Canadian Literature, on January 15, in the Natural History Museum Hall, University-street. All are cordially invited. Members please note that after the lecture the annual meeting will be held and they are requested to remain as the business is important.

NOTICE Take notice that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act of Incorporation of "The Steam Boiler and Plate Glass Insurance Company of Canada." D. MACMILLAN, Solicitor for Applicants. London, Dec. 3, 1890. 2F10

Provincial Agency Co. Limited. The Shareholders of the above-named company are notified that the first regular meeting for the election of permanent Directors and the transaction of the affairs of the company generally, shall take place at the office of Messrs. Mercer, Beaudry, Choquet & Martineau, No. 75 St. James-street, in the City of Montreal, on Monday, Twenty-sixth day of January instant, 1891, at 3 o'clock of the afternoon. By Order of the Board of Provisional Directors. Montreal, Jan. 9th, 1891. 9-674

LOUIS ROERDER GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE Rich Dry Wine. BRUT, the Perfection of D'y Champagne. Aix. Andrea Kraay & Co. CLARETS and SAUTERNES, Finest Imported. GUINNESS'S STOUT. Bull Dog Brand. DASS'S ALE. Foster's Bottling. SCOTCH WHISKY Cockburn's Very Old Highland. Stewart's Glenlivet. Boutillier G. Briand & Co. FINE OLD BRANDIES. J. & R. MCLEA Sole Agents for the Dominion. 29 1/2 St. James-st.

ENTIRELY NEW THE PIGEON MILK Gentlemen's Friend Fits Vest Pocket (no liquid) Stricture impossible. PIGEON MILK cures in from 1 to 3 days. Mailed on receipt of any address for the BIRD MEDICAL CO. 11-26 Detroit, Mich.

S. ALLSOPP & SONS Burton-on-Trent No. 1 India Pale Ale in Five and Eighteen Gallon Cases. Also Quarts and Pints. No. 1 INDIA PALE ALE. Quarts and Pints. EXTRA STOUT Specially Bottled by the Brewers. All for sale by FRASER, VIGER & CO., JOHN R. HERRISON & SON, J. B. H. RICKABY CO.

Gillespies & Co. Agents for the Dominion. 135

THE LAST LOAN GETS AN AIRING.

Alderman Prefontaine Makes a Statement Calculated to Set People Thinking and Talking.

THE BONDS WERE NOT ALL SOLD.

Aids. Clendinning and Hurteau Appointed to Accompany Treasurer Robb to London.

Acting Mayor Conroy presided at the meeting of the City Council yesterday in the absence, through illness, of Mayor Grenier. Although the attendance of the aldermen was at first slim, three of them who have been unable to put in an appearance for some time through illness were among the earliest arrivals.

These were Ald. Patrick Kennedy, Ald. Wilson and Ald. Martineau. Shortly after the proceedings began nearly every seat in the Council Chamber was occupied, the only vacant ones being those of Ald. Perreault, P. Dubuc and J. B. R. Dufresne.

Ald. Cunningham presented a petition from proprietors on Bleury-street for a permanent roadway on Sherbrooke-street from St. Denis-street to Union-avenue.

Ald. Prefontaine moved, seconded by Ald. Wilson, that the Road Committee's report on the street improvements to be carried out this year, the particulars of which have been already published, be adopted.

The committee also asked for two special appropriations, one for \$10,000 for grading and opening Ontario-street from Frontenac-street to the eastern limits, and another for \$10,486 for the grading of St. Catherine-street east. Ald. Prefontaine explained that if the committee obtained credits for these amounts now, orders could be at once given for quantities of stone, and if these orders were given at once \$7000 would be saved to the city.

Ald. Stephens moved in amendment that the reports and motion be held over till next meeting. The money asked for could only come out of appropriations not yet sanctioned by the council. The proper thing to do would be to refer this application for special appropriations to the Finance Committee. This was done.

Ald. Cunningham moved that the portion of the report which referred to the widening of Bleury-street from Craig to Sherbrooke-street should be adopted, and the work proceed forthwith, the city attorney to be instructed to initiate proceedings in expropriation.

Ald. Stephens wanted the matter held over till next meeting. No outlay would be incurred without the advice of the Finance Committee. The city should at the present juncture proceed very cautiously with work involving large expenditures of money.

Ald. Prefontaine said that some of these improvements could be gone on with before May 1. He saw no reason to scare the city by this constant talk about its finances. The money to be called upon to pay anything until it took possession of the property expropriated. The Road Department would take every step necessary to make arrangements to take possession of the Bleury-street property before May 1.

Ald. Cunningham asked whether there would be a meeting of the Council on Monday next, and on several Aldermen crying out "yes, yes," he withdrew his motion.

The report of the Finance Committee recommending the immediate payment of the bonuses to Mr. Paton, Mrs. Black, Mrs. Lesage, and others caused a division, the voting being as follows: for the adoption of the report, Ald. Gauthier, Shorey, J. M. Dufresne, Janssen, Boisseau, W. Kennedy, McBrice, Farrell, Brunet, W. Kennedy, Wilson, Hurteau, Griffin, Clendinning, A. Dubuc, Villeneuve, Hame-line, Thompson, Malone, Stevenson, Prefontaine, Rolland—22; against, Ald. Lamarche, Y. Grenier, Germain, Savignac, P. Kennedy, Martineau, Stephens, Jean-notte—3.

The subject to which the aldermen next addressed themselves was that of the dangerous condition of some of our sidewalks. The question which puzzled many of them was, who is to look after the sidewalks—the Police Committee or the Road Committee?

Ald. Jeannotte said that the Council had last year decided to give them in charge of the Road Committee.

The accuracy of this statement was contested by several, but it was found to be correct.

Ald. Clendinning said the whole question was in a nutshell. The city should want to keep the sidewalks in order. It had been said that the by-law provided that the snow should be kept down to a depth of 6 inches. How could people know when there was a depth of 6 inches? He hoped that measures would soon be taken to change the present system.

Ald. Villeneuve said that the question was more important than people imagined. Some time ago a judge condemned the city to pay \$1000 damages to a man who had broken his leg on account of the state of the sidewalk in W. Kennedy.

Ald. Stephens at once recognized in a practical manner the importance of the subject by giving notice of motion that a special tax be imposed by the city for the purpose of keeping the sidewalks in a safe condition during winter.

Ald. Rolland moved, seconded by Ald. Farrell: the report of the Finance Committee recommending that the City Treasurer should be authorized to proceed to London to transfer to some financial firm of good standing the city's loan which had been placed with the Barings Bros. Ald. Rolland stated that he had been informed that a large amount of bonds had not yet been disposed of. The delegation—Mr. Robb—would be instructed to transfer the loan to some other bankers and to make arrangements for the sale of the bonds which the city would issue in the future under its charter.

Ald. Jeannotte wanted to know the amount of debentures already sold. Ald. Rolland replied that £110,000 worth had been sold, and £490,000 would have to be disposed of.

Ald. Jeannotte complained of the absence of information from the Finance Committee's report, which merely asked that the city treasurer should be sent a delegate to London to sell certain debentures. Why did it not give particulars of the amount sold and yet to sell, and details of the whole transaction?

Two much secrecy had been observed by the committee, and the council of the citizens whom they represented were

kept in the dark. The people had been told some things, but that the whole loan had been placed and that the debentures had been sold. He moved that the report be referred back to the Finance Committee with instructions to prepare a full statement of the exact position of the financial business of the city.

Ald. Prefontaine agreed with what the previous speaker had said. The last delegation sent to London, consisting of the mayor and the city treasurer, had stated that the loan had been satisfactorily disposed of. It turned out that it was not. We know that only a certain quantity of those debentures were negotiated, and that instead of selling the bonds the Barings advanced \$720,000 on them. The point which the citizens of Montreal should remember is that we have now to redeem those bonds otherwise they will be thrown upon the market and sold at most unsatisfactory prices. It must also be borne in mind that though we were told that the bonds had been negotiated at \$22 to \$23, all the cash we got was 70 per cent of the face value. Another very important matter for the Barings had been paid commission upon the whole of the bonds, and that was upon money that the city had never received. That was a financial operation which did no credit to the city of Montreal.

Ald. Rolland, who looked rather uncomfortable while Ald. Prefontaine was speaking, said that Barings would not be paid this commission.

"But," replied Ald. Prefontaine, "I have been informed that Barings Bros. in their statement of the transaction with the city showed that they had deducted the commission for the sale of the bonds."

Acting Mayor Conroy said that every alderman in the council was entitled to be put in possession of all the facts of this important matter. (Cheers.)

Ald. Prefontaine, continuing, said that if we have to reimburse the Barings to the amount of \$750,000, it would be incumbent to look thoroughly into the subject, for we wanted money with which to carry on the business of the city and to proceed with the improvement of the streets. He concluded by moving an amendment to Ald. Rolland's motion, to the effect that Ald. Hurteau and Ald. Clendinning should accompany the city treasurer to London. He did not mean by this to cast any slight upon the city treasurer, who was honest and capable. But he was an employee of the city, and did not occupy a representative position like an alderman. He selected Messrs. Hurteau and Clendinning, not only because of their commercial standing, but because each represented one of the two nationalities of the city, both of which he considered should be represented in an important affair like this.

Ald. Rivaille seconded the amendment.

Ald. Stevens moved a sub-amendment that one alderman—Mr. Hurteau—should go to London with Mr. Robb, and that words should be added to the Finance Committee's report providing that they should not enter into any negotiations without the sanction and approval of the City Council. He thought it would be absurd to send two aldermen. One would be enough. Ald. Prefontaine had spoken of representing the English-speaking people of the city. A dollar contained 100 cents in both French and English. There was no nationality about financial transactions. Somehow the great financiers on the other side always got the best of us in the interest account. He also spoke of the inexpediency of making bonds redeemable. They should be made redeemable after 30 years. They had a borrowing power of 15 per cent based on the valuation of the city. Supporting the property of the city should depreciate, we would have to pay a high rate of interest. They might one day find themselves in the position of Toronto, which could not sell any of its bonds.

He protested against the modern idea that the more a city or province borrowed the better off it was. The English speaking portion of the city would be quite satisfied with Ald. Hurbeau, who spoke English well, while Mr. Robb was proposing to send two aldermen to gratify feelings of which the council had no right to take account.

Ald. Gauthier seconded the sub-amendment. He considered that one alderman would be sufficient. He and the city treasurer might meet some good Canadians in London who would help them in their mission. Sir George Stephen and Sir Donald Smith held stock in the reconstructed firm of Barings Brothers, and they could be relied upon to look after the city's interests.

Ald. Stevenson thought the sending of frequent delegates to Europe made the city look ridiculous. The Finance Committee had kept the council in the dark about the details of the loan, and that they had been in the form of what had taken place. He understood that the new syndicate had taken over all the Barings' responsibilities. If that were so there was no need of sending a delegate to London.

Ald. Rolland stated that some time after the collapse of the Barings the Finance Committee received word that the syndicate would carry on all the business engaged in before the trouble. Later on, however, they got a message stating that a new company, on examining the accounts, had decided not to continue the account with the city. Mr. Robb had seen the Bank of Montreal people, and had made a proposal to them, but they had asked for time to consider it.

Ald. Wilson didn't see the necessity for sending a delegation at all.

Ald. Cunningham said that the few paltry dollars which the sending of the two aldermen to London would cost were as nothing compared to the important financial mission with which they were to be entrusted. The last delegation had hopelessly bungled the business which they were sent to transact. If a practical-minded alderman had gone with them he would have given them a lead, and they would have saved them from making mistakes. He thought that it would be wise to send Ald. Clendinning with the delegation.

Ald. Rolland said that he had received a cablegram from London stating that the paragraph in the London Capital and Finance Gazette, which had been sent by the Dalziel news agency to the effect that a delegation from the city of Montreal were going across to sell the city's bonds had produced an injurious impression.

The sub-amendment was lost by 21 against and 6 for.

Ald. Prefontaine expressed his willingness to add to his amendment the words suggested by Ald. Stephens as to the delegation obtaining the sanction and approval of the Finance Committee before they finished any negotiations.

After considerable discussion this was allowed to be done, although Ald. Stephens protested against the irregularity of the proceeding; and the amendment was carried by 18 to 9. Ald. McBride and Farrell voting in the minority.

Ald. Rolland moved that the first order of the day, the report of the Finance Committee respecting the granting of an interim appropriation for the purpose of carrying on the business of the various

committees, should be passed. The amounts have been published in The Herald.

Ald. Stephens asked to be furnished with details. There was a program of \$150,000 for the Road Committee and what for? The council knew no more about the destiny of these sums of money than the man in the moon.

It having been explained that the totals given had been estimated by the accountant, and that the money was for defraying current expenses, salaries, &c., the motion was adopted, and the council adjourned.

It is needless to add that Ald. Clendinning looked happy.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY.

Good Old Times at the Academy Last Night.

Of all the dramas which have been produced at the Academy so far this season it is doubtful if any of them has made such a decidedly instantaneous hit as did that entitled "Good Old Times," from the pens of Wilson Barrett and Hall Caine, produced at the Academy of Music last night for the first time. The audience were delighted with the piece from the start. The capital acting of the principals, the efficient manipulation of the scenery and the exciting climax to the first act at once appealed to and secured the undivided interest of the large audience present, which interest was continued and intensified as the play progressed, and as the acting improved or the situations became more exciting. Seldom has a drama been presented at the Academy which appealed more to the human sentiment, and seldom also has such a drama been constituted with such attention to details, dialog and mechanical effects as is that being produced during the present week. The title of the piece, as also the dialog and its other general features, possess the rare and agreeable merit of originality, the play being the point of the author's title to the play is not completely explained until the last act. The story hangs upon the marriage of Mary Harding to John Langley, J.P., a young Sheriff of Cumberland, who subsequently is led to believe that she is an accomplice in the murder of her own father and committed by a persistent lover of hers named Robert White alias Crosby Granger, who also has married a young girl named Lucy Drew. She proves a loving and devoted wife to him; which feeling he continuously reciprocates until he suddenly believes her unfaithful to him. Then following her into the garden adjoining his residence he takes upon himself the crime committed by his wife, and is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in Tasmania. While serving his sentence a mutiny occurs between the convicts, resulting in the escape of Crosby and the release of Langley for the hold part he played in helping to put an end to the revolt. It so happens that Langley secures a position on a plantation belonging to his wife, and is raised to the position of overseer, without ever having the chance to speak to his unknown friend. Just as he discovers her identity the escaped Crosby appears with several of his pals, and due retribution is again delayed by Langley being bound and gagged, the wife kidnapped, and the house ransacked by the ex-convicts. Colbath Joe and Spot, an aboriginal, two faithful servants of Mary Langley arrive in the nick of time, however. Langley is himself released by them and by their combined efforts the English plot of the play is frustrated and "Good Old Times" is once more realized. As regards the company it is a very able one. Miss Eleanor Carey in the leading role of Mary Langley displays histrionic talent of a high order, and in the more emotional lines is particularly effective. Mrs. John Clendinning makes a very acceptable Lucy and Miss Maggie Halloway is a pleasing Biddy. Both Mr. A. Lawrence and J. Clendinning in the leading male characters of John Langley and Crosby Granger performed some very creditable work and proved themselves to be actors of a very high order. Mr. Alf. Fisher as Colbath Joe, and Mr. N. Campbell as Spot furnished considerable amusement, while Mr. C. T. Nicholls as Amos Drew, Mr. James Cooper as Inspector Braithwaite, J. J. Cooper as Nick Baker and Mr. J. R. Cumpson did full justice to the parts allotted them. The remainder of the large company gave a good support. Too much cannot be said of the beauty of the scenery and of the mechanical effects, which can only be said, in conclusion, that those who wish to see a capital drama, well staged and ably portrayed, should not fail to see "Good Old Times" at the Academy this week.

"The Cattle King" is a very marvellous border drama full of fun and pathos abounding in exciting incidents, and realistic situation, and may very well be recommended not only to those who love this peculiar style of drama, but to the general play-going public, for in its construction it embodied the elements necessary to attract and amuse any audience. It was greeted last night, and at the matinee yesterday, with good applause. The play is a very clever portrayal of the dual characters of the American Cattle King, and the champion poker player of the Pacific slope, is very successful. He is supported by a carefully selected company, and the part apportioned to each member thereof, are well performed. Miss Lena Othank both looks and acts the part of Katherine Paxton, an heiress, in a highly commendable manner; she has a very pretty face and graceful bearing. Miss Nettie Leonard, Theresa Davene, cousin of Katherine, is clever. Miss Viola Crosby, as Molly Mexico, "the best man in camp," knows how such a part should be rendered, and does it with a very pretty face and graceful bearing. Clever Charlie Crosby is a first-class Irish comedian, and sings and dances to the intense delight of all. Mr. Lon Blanton is a typical stage ruffian, and while playing a part which is not generally given the sympathy of the audience, is withal as gentlemanly an artist as can be found in his line. Of the other characters it is needless to particularize when all are so satisfactory. The trained horses ridden on the stage by Miss Othank and Mr. Wallick are handsome specimens. The clever tricks performed by Mr. Wallick's steed are of a nature to excite wonder and amusement. Patrons of the Theatre Royal may count on being highly entertained during the week by Mr. Wallick's good company. A change of program is announced for Thursday, Friday and Saturday when "The Mountain King" will be presented, in

Carsley's Advertisement

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which the splendidly trained acting horses Raider, Charger, Texas and Pets can be seen to advantage. The scenery and effects of "The Cattle King" deserve special mention. They are a feature of the performance.

St. Ann's Y.M. Society. A grand musical and dramatic entertainment will be given by the St. Ann's Y.M. Society in their hall, Ottawa-street, on Tuesday evening, Jan. 27, on the occasion of the society's sixth anniversary. The annual general meeting of the society will be held on Wednesday evening, Jan. 14, for the election of officers for the coming year.

Dixey in the Seven Ages. The elaboration of Shakespeare's sublime soliloquy the "Seven ages of man" on burlesque lines by Mr. Henry E. Dixey, will no doubt prove an interesting treat to the Academy patrons. It is said to furnish Mr. Dixey ample opportunity to display his versatile ability, he to furnish each of the seven ages from the "baby to the old man in his second childhood." The company is said to embody all that is representative in American burlesque and numbers more than sixty people in all.

Why His Wife is "Fidgety." I have the best cook in town. Whose bread is delicious and white; Her coffee is fragrant and brown; Her pastry a perfect delight; But the daily complaints of the worry they bring; She's my own darling wife, but a fidgety

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Seats for Dixey ready Northheimer's Thursday.

The Cream of the Havana Crop. We beg to notify the trade, and more particularly those customers whom we have kept waiting for several months for our La Cadena and La Flora brands of cigars, (owing to the Havana crop not having been at that time in fit condition to use) that we are now commencing to manufacture the above mentioned brands, our buyer, who has just returned from Havana, having purchased several lots of tobacco, which were picked from the Cream of the Crop regardless of price. We make no little boast when we state that our Havana cigars are equal in every respect to the highest class of imported at much less figures. We wish particularly to impress upon smokers the fact that these brands are not made in competition with the great majority of rank cheap Havana cigars that are offered to the public as fine goods.

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FROM WASHINGTON.

INTERESTING NEWS FROM THE AMERICAN CAPITAL.

The Death of the Force Bill—The Free Coinage Bill—To Pass the Senate and Likely to Pass the House—A Lively Scrimmage in the President's Cabinet About the Indian Question.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE HERALD.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The federal elections bill came to grief in the Senate somewhat unexpectedly, but none to soon. The way is now open for legislation in which the country has a more immediate interest, for which there is a more urgent demand, and it was done in an entirely legitimate way, without the violation of any time honored precedents, without the application of any "gag-rules" without any controversy or waste of time—simply by a good old-fashioned vote that recorded and made effective the will of the majority. The force bill has been laid aside in matter for general congratulation. A third of the session has been thrown away in its consideration, and schemes are still afoot to consume perhaps another third in pressing it to passage, yet, it is a notable fact that the measure is not asked for by the country and has no public sentiment behind it. The petitions or memorial for its adoption that have been presented to the Senate since the opening of the session may be counted on the fingers of one hand, and yet, with a pertinacity worthy of a stronger and wiser cause, Senators sought to subordinate every interest to it, as though the wondering silence of the people signified approval of their mistaken policy.

There seems to be little doubt that free coinage will pass the Senate when the vote is reached, and it is almost certain to pass the House. Speaker Reed is opposed to the bill, but he will certainly not adopt a course of obstruction. It is not coming to a vote when it reaches the House. When the silver bill came to the House from the Senate last session, Mr. Reed referred it to the committee on coinage without first getting the consent of the House. There was then such criticism over this course that the bill was brought back into the House again, and then formally referred. By this action was established the right of the House to decide whether a Senate bill shall be sent to committee or be acted upon at once. It would be difficult, therefore, for Mr. Reed now to refuse to let the House have possession of the silver bill when it comes from the Senate, and there is little chance that it would be referred to committee. It therefore appears certain that Mr. Harrison will be called upon to pass his judgment upon a free coinage bill. This means a serious embarrassment for him, which will likely involve his re-nomination. It will surely cut both ways. It looks as if the mere fact of his having to pass upon the bill one way or the other will be sufficient to defeat his re-nomination. His friends are, therefore, very anxious and they want Mr. Reed to save him. The fact that Mr. Reed has no love for Mr. Harrison would not prevent him doing anything within reason to save the President from embarrassment, but he cannot be expected to stultify himself by following a course which could not be sustained.

There is said to have been a lively row at this week's Cabinet meeting, arising out of the discussion of the Indian question. There has been for some time differences between the Department of War and the Department of the Interior in regard to the policy to be pursued, and which have been rather intensified by the recent request of Gen. Miles that army officers be placed in charge of Indian agencies in South Dakota. The President has eventually taken the side of the department of the Interior, and he has constantly admonished Gen. Miles to a policy of avoiding bloodshed if it be possible to do so. The War Department has been considerably nettled by this policy, though of course the President being the head of the Army, has full authority in the matter. Secretary Noble, on his side, has been considerably irritated and Tuesday he went to the Cabinet meeting armed with documents and in course of the discussion of the proposition, he was indignant and he was keenly resented by Secretary Proctor, who also made a very spirited speech in defence of the policy of the Department of which he is the head. Altogether it is said to have been the liveliest cabinet meeting held for many a day.

A bill for the relief of colored people introduced in the Senate recently was referred to the committee on foreign relations. This is probably the unkindest cut of all. A Republican Senate, too! Having shot themselves and sealed the elections' bills with the silver Republicans the Democrats are now anxiously watching to see if there are any signs of life in their victim.

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There are certain dealers in this city who continue to sell inferior cigars, our "El Padre Pin" boxes as the genuine. In order to prevent such dishonest practices smokers should insist upon having only those that bear our gold embossed brand, upon which is printed the words, "El Padre Pin," without which none are genuine. Any dealer who has any El Padre Pin cigars without our brand can have them exchanged for the branded ones by applying at our office, 45 Cote-street. 136

The Cream of the Crop "La Cadena" cigars, superior to imported and at much lower prices.

SLOW STARVATION IN ALASKA.

A Scheme to Stock the Country With Reindeer for Food Supply.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The House Committee on Education devoted a session to-day to the consideration of the condition of the inhabitants of Alaska, which has been brought forcibly to the public attention of late by the statements in the report of Sheldon Jackson, United States General Agent of Education in Alaska. Mr. Jackson, accompanied by Mr. Harris, the Commissioner of Education, was present at the meeting.

Mr. Jackson, in his report, referred to the gradual starvation of the natives of Alaska, which has been brought forcibly to the public attention of late by the statements in the report of Sheldon Jackson, United States General Agent of Education in Alaska. Mr. Jackson, accompanied by Mr. Harris, the Commissioner of Education, was present at the meeting.

After hearing the statement from Mr. Jackson and also one from Commissioner Harris the committee decided to report to the House a resolution to extend to Alaska all the benefits of the act of 1887 and to establish agricultural experimental stations in connection with the colleges in the several States and the act supplementary thereto, passed last year to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public lands to the more complete equipment and support of the agricultural and mechanical colleges. The effect of this action would be to place at the disposal of the Interior Department money to purchase the reindeer with which it is proposed to stock the land.

A WARRIOR IN JAIL.

Capt. Kennedy, of Kiel Rebellion Notoriety, Charged With Larceny.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 12.—Capt. James Kennedy, who gained notoriety at the outbreak of the Kiel rebellion by starting towards Manitoba with a Gatling gun to help the Indians, with the purpose of declaring an alliance with the Fenians and declaring war against England, has been arrested on a charge of larceny preferred by J. B. Hammond, a stranger in the city.

Hammond came here from Winnipeg, and after wandering about town for several hours, fell in with Kennedy. The captain him in tow and the two proceeded to invest Hammond's currency at various dispensaries of liquid refreshment. Hammond awoke from a nap to find himself in a saloon in lower town and minus his money. He could not distinctly recall all the occurrences immediately preceding his falling asleep, but he said he remembered that Kennedy put his hand in the pocket where he kept his money.

Kennedy denied having taken the money, and when asked to account for certain money which was found on his person when arrested he said he won it playing poker with some at his room. Judge Cory allowed him twenty-four hours within which to produce his poker party in court, pending which he went to jail in default of bail.

Statistics show that ninety-five out of a hundred men fail in business sooner or later, and the cases in which a firm sees fifty years of business life are extremely rare. It is certainly then a noteworthy case when a house dates its existence back to the close of the Revolution, as do Walter Baker & Co., the famous chocolate and cocoa manufacturers, of Dorchester, Mass., who began business in 1780, and for a hundred and ten years have made their productions the standard of purity and excellence all over the world. The immense increase in the consumption of their Breakfast Cocoa is largely due to the care and accuracy in setting and maintaining the standard of absolute purity in its production, thereby insuring its perfect healthfulness and the highest degree of nutrition. No chemicals are ever used in its preparation, but only the action of the cleanest and most exact mechanical processes upon the best materials; and at the Paris Exposition the gold medal for absolute purity and excellence was awarded to W. Baker & Co.'s preparations by the most eminent scientific authorities of Europe.

HIGHLY EDUCATED INDIANS.

Poker Playing Leads to Their Arrest for Forgery.

TUCSON, Ariz., Jan. 12.—Advices from Solomonville say that Modoc Wind and Lenard Matt Mahon, two Apache Indians, were held to answer by United States Commissioner Blake on a charge of forging Capt. Bullis's name to a Government check for \$125. The forgery was so well executed that it was not detected until presented to the Assistant United States Treasurer at San Francisco. The check was sent back to Capt. Bullis for correction. He could not find the stub in his check book, which led to the discovery of the forgery. Modoc Wind was a confidential clerk to Bullis and was educated at the Indian School at Carlisle, Pa. The other Indian was educated at the San Carlos School. Both were addicted to poker playing.

Mr. Debs is Tired. TERRA HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 12.—Grand Secretary and Treasurer Debs, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, announced to-day that at the conclusion of his present term he would retire from any official connection with the order. He has served since 1880, being elected six times without a dissenting vote, the last time being last September, at San Francisco. It was Mr. Debs who wrote the statement to the country last September, by authority of the Supreme Council, giving the reasons for not ordering the threatened great strike on the New York Central road.

Quality not Quantity. Our inducements—a good article at a fair price. It is a well-known and indisputable fact that the celebrated and popular brands of cigars "Cable," "Hugo," "El Padre" and "Madre e Hijo" have lost none of their original excellence. Over a quarter of a century in the market. Millions of each brand sold annually. Facts which speak for themselves. S. Davis & Sons, Montreal. 136



Good Hair, Good Health and Good Looks. The AUDETTE'S HAIR PROMOTER cleanses the scalp and removes dandruff; it also prevents the hair from falling out and promotes a healthy growth. The AUDETTE'S HAIR PROMOTER is a cool and refreshing lotion; it is unexcelled as a dressing and especially adapted for children. This preparation is not a dye, but simply a cleansing stimulant and a tonic. The AUDETTE'S HAIR PROMOTER is guaranteed on the best medical authorities to be absolutely free from injurious chemicals. Sold by Druggists, 50 cts. per bottle. S. LACHANCE, sole proprietor, 4538 and 7040 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

The Royal Canadian Fire and Marine Insurance Co. 157 St. James Street, Montreal. Capital \$500,000 Assets 700,000 Income 517,678. I. URSAN MCINTYRE, Esq., President, HON. J. R. THIBAUDEAU, Vice-President, HARRY CUTT, ARD. NICOLL, Secretaries. Marine Underwriter GEO. H. McHENRY, Manager. M. J. E. DROZ, Agent for City and District of Montreal.

IMPERIAL Fire Insurance Company (ESTABLISHED 1883.) Subscribed Capital \$6,000,000 Total Invested Funds \$8,000,000 Agencies for Insurance against Fire losses in all the principal towns of the Dominion. Canadian Branch Offices. COMPANY'S BUILDING, 107 St. James Street, Montreal. E. D. LACY, Resident Manager for Canada.

G. Ross Robertson & Sons GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS ESTABLISHED 1865 No. 11 Hospital St., Montreal. Special Facilities for Placing Large Lines Equitable Rates. Reliable Companies.

Liverpool & London & Globe INSURANCE COMPANY. CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS. THE HON. HENRY STARNES, Chairman EDMOND J. BARBEAU, Esq. W. J. BUCHANAN, Esq. ANDREW FREDERICK GAULT, Esq.

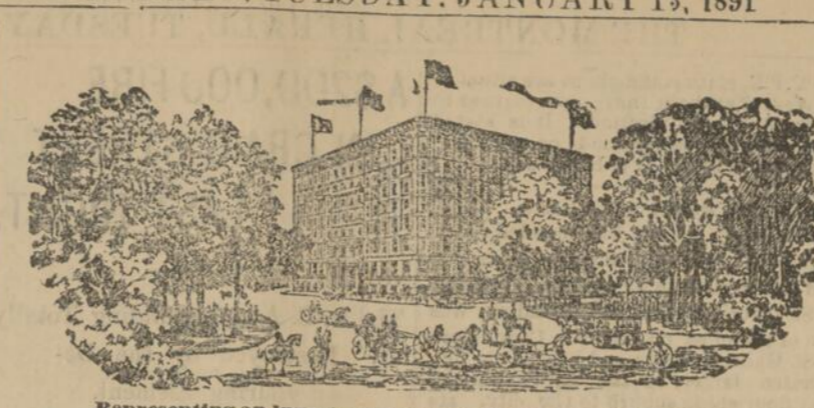
Amount Invested in Canada \$1,000,000 Assets over \$400,000,000. MERCHANTILE RISKS accepted at the lowest current rates. Churches, Dwelling Houses and Farm Properties insured at reduced rates. Special attention given to applications made direct to the Montreal office. G. F. C. SMITH, Chief Agent for the Dominion. Sub-Agents: FRED O. HENSHAW, FRED NASH, GEORGE C. HEAM, F. J. GILMAN, Special Agent French Department, CYRILLE LAURIN. Telephone—Bell, No. 135; Federal, No. 324.

PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF Hartford, Conn. Cash Capital \$2,000,000. Canada Branch Head Office 114 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL. GERALD E. HART, General Manager.

A share of your fire insurance is solicited for this reliable and wealthy company, renowned for its prompt and liberal settlement of claims. CYRILLE LAURIN, G. MATLAND SMITH, Montreal Agents. Established 1878.

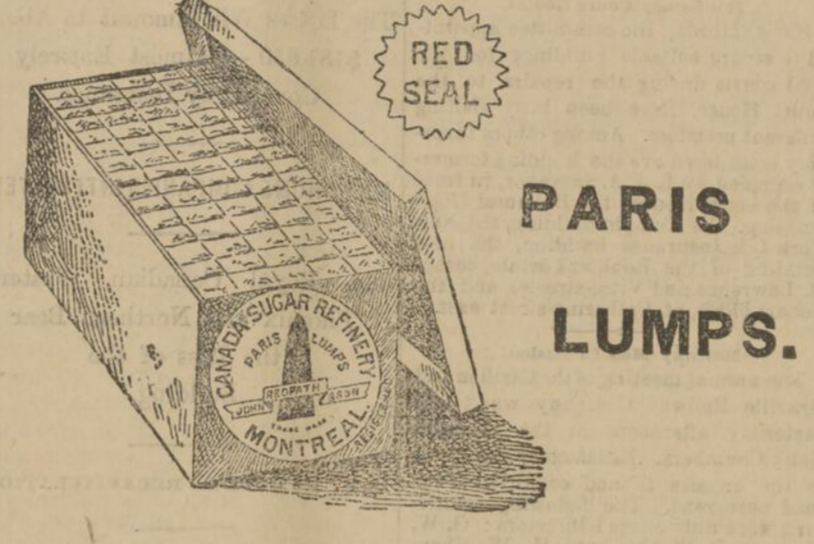
THE GUARANTEE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA. The oldest and largest in America. Paid-up capital and resources over \$1,000,000. This company transacts no other business. It has on its books the records of over 10,000 employees guaranteed by it in all parts of the continent in the past twenty-five years. Sir A. T. CAIT, C.O.M.C., President. Edward Rawlings, Vice-President and Managing Director, Head office, 157 St. James street, Montreal. Established 1872.

The Accident Insurance Company of North America. Head office, 157 St. James St., Montreal. SIR A. T. CAIT, President, V.-Pres. & Man. Director. It has paid over 19,000 losses covering \$1,000,000. Atlas Assurance Co. (OF LONDON, ENG.) FOUNDED, A.D. 1808 CAPITAL, £1,200,000 Stg. HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA: MONTREAL. LOUIS H. BOULT, Branch Manager. R. A. Campbell, Special City Agent.



Representing an Investment of Over \$3,000,000—N. Y. Tribune. THE PLAZA HOTEL ON THE PLAZA, FACING MAIN ENTRANCE TO CENTRAL PARK NEW YORK CITY. ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF—Conducted on American and European Plans Inspection Invited. F. A. HAMMOND. The most magnificently and luxuriously appointed, and perfectly equipped hotel in the world.—N.Y. Hotel Register.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co. (Limited), MONTREAL. Redpath. We are now putting up, for family use, the finest quality of PURE LOAF SUGAR, in neat paper boxes. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS PRICE 50 CENTS.



PARIS LUMPS. We are now putting up, for family use, the finest quality of PURE LOAF SUGAR, in neat paper boxes. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS PRICE 50 CENTS.

THE EMPIRE CLOTHIERS Advertisement. GENTLEMEN'S Business Suits. PRINCE ALBERT SUITS. A Special Range of the Newest and Most Fashionable Shades in MELTON, NAP, BEAVER and Venetian Cloths. STORM KING Driving Overcoats. Of Frieze, Cape Overcoats, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds. A Choice Range of Trousers Always Kept in Stock.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR THE EMPIRE CHILDREN'S Clothing Parlor. NEW STYLES. NEW SUITS. Strong School Suits. ETON SUITS. STRONG SCHOOL PANTS. For Boys. A Superb Range of Boy's and Children's Overcoats.

BUSINESS SUITS. 2261 ST. CATHERINE-ST. West. GEORGES. ROONEY, Manager.

ST. LEON To the Rescue OF THE SUFFERING. He has Come by the C.P.R. on a Train Loaded with his BENEFICENT LIQUOR. All the Drinkers of the WONDERFUL St. Leon WATER ARE HAPPY. FRESH WATER Drawn Every Week FROM THE SPRING. ST. LEON MINERAL WATER COMPANY, L'D 54 VICTORIA-SQUARE. Bell Telephone 1432.

Tremont House. Cor. Beacon & Tremont-sts., BOSTON, Mass. Entirely Refurnished and Refitted. Elegant Turkish Baths connected with the House. EUROPEAN PLAN. 285-15. R. A. Stranahan, Prop.

THE ARLINGTON. Cor. King & John STREETS, TORONTO. This new and elegantly furnished hotel, under the management of Mr. E. M. Mathews, late of Montreal, is ready for the reception of guests, and will be found equal to any first-class hotel in the Dominion. E. M. MATHIEWS, MANAGER. ST. LOUIS HOTEL QUEBEC. This hotel, which is unrivalled for size, style and locality in Quebec, has just been completely transformed and modernized throughout, being refitted with new systems of drainage and ventilation, passenger elevator, electric bells and lifts, etc. In fact, all that modern ingenuity and practical science can devise to promote the comfort and convenience of guests has been supplied. CHATEAU ST. OUIS HOTEL CO., Proprietors.

THE EXCHANGE RESTAURANT. 95 and 97 St. Francois Xavier-street. The most popular restaurant in the city. Meals served a la carte. The best of liquors on hand. All at moderate prices. ED. C. LALONDE, Prop. RIENDEAU'S HOTEL, (Late St. Nicholas Hotel), 58 and 60 JACQUES CARTIER SQUARE. The new Riendeau Hotel is in close proximity to the City Hall and Court House. The rooms are large, airy and elegantly furnished. JOS. RIENDEAU. THE RUSSELL, OTTAWA. The Palace Hotel of Canada. This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now open. The Russell contains accommodations for over FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS, with passenger and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the city, Parliamentary grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the Capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet leading public men. The entire Hotel is supplied with electric and gas. In case of fire there would not be any confusion or damage. Every attention paid to guests. KENLEY & ST. JACQUES, Proprietors. Feb 2.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK. Fifth Avenue, New York. This most fashionable and centrally located hotel has been renovated from top to bottom, and is now opened under management of R. H. Southgate upon the American and European plans. This hotel is the favorite resort for Canadian tourists. MITCHELL, KINZLER SOUTHGATE, Proprietors. Comfortable Rooms, \$ per day; Board, \$2 per day.

ROSSMORE-HOUSE. CORNWALL Ont. The best \$2.00 Hotel in Canada—75 finely furnished Rooms, Electric Light, Gas, hot and cold baths, everything new and first class. GEO. ROSS, Proprietor.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL, 135 to 139 St. James Street, MONTREAL. HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor. The best known Hotel in the Dominion. STRATHY BROTHERS INVESTMENT BROKERS [MEMBERS MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE] 73 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER ST. MONTREAL. Business strictly confined to commission. Coupons cashed, and dividends collected and remitted. Interest allowed on deposits over one thousand dollars, remaining over seven days, subject to draft at sight. Stocks, bond and securities bought and sold. Special attention given to investment. Correspondents—Goodbody, Glyn & Dow, New York; Blake Bros. & Co., Boston; Pamour Gordon, Hill & Co., London, England.

WACCONS, CARTS, &c. MANUFACTURED BY DOMINION TRANSPORT CO. Shops - 30 ANN STREET office 11 CUSTOM HOUSE ST.

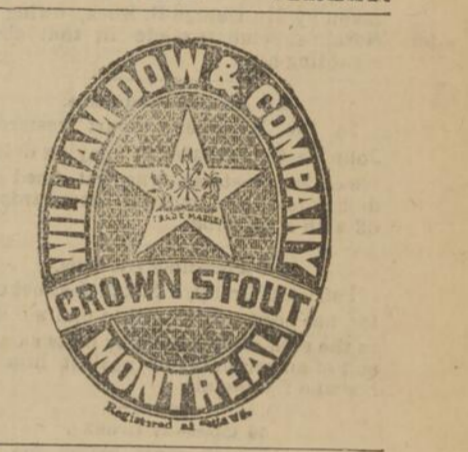
ITS STOPPED FREE. The object of the Key Indemnity Company is to facilitate the recovery of accidentally lost keys. And as it secures as far as possible so desirable an end, with little or no trouble or expense to the loser, the promoters of the enterprise feel confident that its usefulness will secure general patronage. Each member will be furnished with a Metal Tag with inscription as follows: Finder return to Key Indemnity Company, 654 Craig-street, Montreal, and receive reward. Terms of membership, 50c. per annum.

Dawes & Co. BREWERS & MALTSTERS. India Pale Ale and XX Mild Ale. Extra and XXX Stout Porter, & Wood and Bottle. FAMILIES SUPPLIED. Sand Porter, quarts and pints. OFFICE: 521 St. James-street West, MONTREAL. Orders received by Telephone.

JOHN HOPE & CO MONTREAL AGENTS IN CANADA FOR JOHN DE KUYPER & SON, Rotterdam MARTELL & CO., Cognac JULES ROBIN & CO., Cognac DEINHARD & CO., Coblenz BARTON & GUESTIER, Bordeaux M. MISA, Xeres de la Frontera COCKBURN, SMITHES & CO., Oporto S. DARTHEZ, Tarragona RODRI & FILS FRERES, Bordeaux B. & J. BURKE, Dublin PATTERSON & HIBBERT, London BULLOCH, LADE & CO., Glasgow W.M. JAMESON & CO., Dublin GANTRELL & COCHRANE, Dublin. —AND— BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, etc.

JOHN H. R. MGLSON & BRUS Ale and Porter Brewers, 1006 Notre Dame Street Montreal. Have always on hand the various kinds of ALL AND PORTER IN WOOD AND BOTTLE. Families regularly supplied.

MONTFERRATO ITALIAN CLARET AND ALGERIAN CLARET FOR SALE BY FREDERICK KINGSTON WIDE MERCHANT 25 HOSPITAL - STREET.



DR FOWLER'S SEXTON WILD STRAWBERRY CURES CHOLERA Cholera Morbus COLIC and CRAMPS DIARRHCEA DYSENTERY AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS. IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

Cumberland Railway. COAL COMPANY. Are now shipping Coal from their mines at Springhill, N.S. Fresh mined and of superior quality, OFFICE. IMPERIAL BUILDINGS Place d'Armes. P. O. Box 386.

Pilkington's Washing Soda. Powdered. The latest English Preparation, in 1 lb. boxes. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS. BELLHOUSE, DILLON & CO Montreal. Wholesale Agents. Wm. M. Kellogg & Co MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS 411 ST. JAMES ST.

—SPECIALTIES— French and American hand-made Creams Fine English Chocolates and medicated work. All orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed. The Key Indemnity Co OF CANADA. H. H. DATE, Manager, 654 CRAIG-ST., Montreal. The object of the Key Indemnity Company is to facilitate the recovery of accidentally lost keys. And as it secures as far as possible so desirable an end, with little or no trouble or expense to the loser, the promoters of the enterprise feel confident that its usefulness will secure general patronage. Each member will be furnished with a Metal Tag with inscription as follows: Finder return to Key Indemnity Company, 654 Craig-street, Montreal, and receive reward. Terms of membership, 50c. per annum.

ALD. STEVENSON WILL RUN AGAIN.

So He Told a Deputation Last Evening—An Amateur Detective Fined.

THE PAUDRETTE CONSPIRACY CASE.

A Consumptive Injected With Koch's Lymph—Montreal Protestant Ministers Discuss Capital Punishment.

Mr. Henry Hadley has announced his intention of coming forward as an opponent of Ald. Thompson in St. Gabriel Ward.

In the Market Hall, St. Jean Baptiste Ward, this evening Ald. Germain and his opponent, Mr. L. Quimet, will address the electors.

One of the driving wheels of the Winnipeg train was found to be cracked when the train was passing St. Rose yesterday morning.

Number of patients treated at Montreal General Hospital for week ending Jan. 11, 1891: out-door patients relieved 627, indoor average daily 160.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals which was announced for yesterday, was postponed until Jan. 21.

The Committee of Management of the Montreal General Hospital gratefully acknowledge a gift from Dr. Roddick of very valuable instruments, appliances, &c., specially selected for the service of the hospital by him while he was in Germany last summer. The value is about \$150.

An appeal has been made to the Recorder's Court for the return of a fine of \$75 inflicted upon a grocer named Edward Robillard for selling liquor to a minor.

Joseph Heter, accused of stealing a broom from in front of a grocery store was found guilty and sentenced to five days' imprisonment by Judge Dugas yesterday.

Action against The Gazette printing company for \$10,000 damages has been taken by Mr. George B. Stik, owing to certain statements made in that sheet regarding him.

In the Recorder's Court yesterday John Easton, accused of playing detective on Jurors-street, was first fined five dollars and costs, but was afterwards let off with a warning.

For Assaulting His Wife. Patrick O'Grady, a Nazareth-street carter, has been condemned to find sureties in the sum of \$100 and pay costs as a result of an action taken against him by his wife for assault.

56 Cases—17 Drunks. There were 56 cases before the Recorder yesterday charged with various offences. Among the lot were 17 cases of simple drunkenness, who were mulcted the usual \$5 and costs or 15 days.

Last Weeks Mortality returns. There were 72 deaths among Catholics last week, and 12 among Protestants. There were no fatal contagious diseases amongst the latter. Amongst the former, 3 died from diphtheria, 1 croup, 8 measles, 3 typhoid, 1 diarrhoea and 1 cholera infantum.

Minor Police Items. The case against Poudrette for larceny of a picture has been abandoned, and D. Laframboise charged with stealing a horse has been acquitted. Enquette in the case of Patrick Barrington accused of larceny as a bailiff will be continued to-day.

To Pay for the Horse and Wagon. Suit has been entered by Mr. J. Ogilvy against the Grand Trunk Railway for \$600 damages alleged to have been sustained by the loss of a valuable horse and express wagon through collision with a passing train near Cote St. Paul a few months ago.

Will Appear Before the Bar. The pilot of the tug Anglesia has been notified to attend at the Harbor Commissioners' meeting to-day to answer to a charge of carrying away a buoy with a tow in a channel forbidden to such craft. The year's financial statement will be presented to the meeting.

Unavoidably Held Over. Owing to a more than usual pressure upon The Herald's space this morning, the conclusion of Detective Gullen's interesting story of the life of the notorious burglar, Cornelius Brophy, the first part of which appeared on Saturday, is unavoidably held over until to-morrow.

Rigors of Exposure. Those most exposed to the rigor of a Canadian winter suffer most with what cannot be well avoided, but can be certainly and promptly cured by St. Jacobs Oil, and that is frost bites. If neglected, they sometimes cause the loss of a limb, but they can be easily cured, as stated.

Robbed While Travelling. Mr. Robert Dalglish, publisher, of this city, while en route to Halifax and while occupying a seat in a Pullman car, was relieved of his purse, containing \$120. He has communicated with the railway authorities, who have now detectives on the case. Mr. Dalglish says he has no idea who the pickpocket is.

On Duty Again. Recorder de Montigny has so far recovered from his recent severe illness that yesterday he was enabled to appear in Court and re-assume his functions as Judge of Municipal offenders. The list was a long one and he was still weak, but he sat in a session out, and seemed not the worse for it at the close.

The U. S. System of Health Economy. The Hon. Messrs. Robidoux and Langrelier will go to the United States early in February to acquire 1 to the American system of the health economy in

provision of the projected construction of lunatic asylums and new jails. They will be accompanied by Dr. Vallee as specialist in diseases of the brain, and by Mr. Perreault, the architect.

To Quash the Capias. Richard L. De Marigny arrested last month on a capias at the instance of A. Galineau, presented a petition before Judge Mathieu yesterday to quash the capias that he never owed the amount claimed, and that all the allegations contained in the declaration on which the capias was granted are false. The petition will be opposed.

Last Will and Testament. The will of the late Mr. Eliza Bouthillier, accountant, was probated yesterday morning. The estate comprises \$3000 life assurance, besides household furniture and certain amounts due him. It is left to his wife and son, who are to enjoy the revenue only during life, and at the death of the son the capital to be divided among his children.

A Disgusting Trio. A disgusting charge was preferred against three parties in the Recorder's Court yesterday morning. A carter was accused of being drunk in his sleigh on St. Lawrence-street, and his two passengers, one a man of 49, the other a young girl of 15, were also charged with drunkenness and indecent exposure. All three were remanded until the 18th for trial.

The Committee's Report Not Adopted. Yesterday forenoon the Finance Committee had a short meeting to consider the personnel of the delegation to be sent to London. It was resolved to send Mr. Robb alone. A report to this effect was drawn up to be presented to the council in the afternoon. As will be seen from the report of the council's proceedings elsewhere, the report was not adopted.

Returned With the Lymph. Dr. G. T. Ross of the medical faculty of Bishop's College has returned to the city from Berlin, where he went some time ago to study Dr. Koch's lymph treatment. He is well pleased with the result of his visit and brought back with him a supply of lymph. For lupus and consumption in its earliest stages he considered the remedy marvellous. He will at once commence to use the lymph for lung diseases.

Fraser Institute Finances. The Fraser Institute has issued its 12th annual report. It is dated July 1, 1890, and shows:—Receipts for year, \$20,596.23; disbursements, \$19,532.94; cash on hand, \$863.29. The subscription to the institute amounted to \$36,176.38. The amount donated in 1889-90 was \$6250. The total attendance for the year was 37,373, with an average per diem of nine.

Disorderly Boys. Nine lads who had congregated in a shed off Poplar-street, and proceeded to make themselves happy after their own peculiar fashion, were arrested on a charge of disturbing the peace Sunday. The constable who made the deposition against them stated that they had kept the whole neighborhood in an uproar, and Mr. De Montigny accordingly fined each \$2 or 10 days each.

The Paudrette Conspiracy Case. Enquette in the Paudrette et al. conspiracy case was continued yesterday and considerable evidence adduced. The case is an interesting and complicated one and is likely to last for some days. Mr. Sorel Menard, hotel keeper, of Chabouillee-street, has taken an action for \$5000 damages against Le Monde for certain references made in that journal regarding his connection with the case.

Run Down by a Sleigh. At 10.30 yesterday morning Mr. R. Lavarbeau, an old man of 70, was run over by a passing private sleigh at the corner of Notre Dame and McGill-streets. He was conveyed to the General Hospital, where it was found that he had sustained a severe cut just below the left hip. Though quite seriously hurt he is thought likely to recover. The owner of the sleigh which ran him down is said to live in Chabouillee-street.

Young Spouters Will Meet To-night. In the Fraser Institute Hall this evening the Montreal Parliamentary Debating Society will re-commence its sittings, which were dropped during the holiday season. The members desire to start with renewed enthusiasm the last three months during which no meetings will be held. The programme for this evening will be a debate on the government bill, "Abolition of Capital Punishment."

A Bad Practice. Z. Gintard, convicted of jumping on a moving train, was fined \$2 or ten days by Judge Dugas yesterday. The practice is a most reprehensible one and is attended with great danger to life and limb. It is only too prevalent, say the railroad authorities, and they are determined to make every effort to prevent it. In the future all persons caught in the attempt to board a moving train will be arrested.

More Fast Drivers. The fast drivers were in force in the Recorder's Court yesterday. Ovide St. Charles, saloon keeper, Sanguinet-street, was fined \$10 and costs. Colin Campbell, florist, of Ste. Ceneogonde; Frederick Volkert, furrier, Prince-street; Joseph Bienville, driver, St. James-street; Alfred Brasseur, butcher, Cote St. Louis; Fred Beres, procer, St. Lawrence-street; George Pare, clerk, and John Burgess, clerk, were each fined \$5 and costs or 15 days.

Letting Covers a Multitude of Sins. The charge of loitering is a peculiar one according to the city by-laws and is comprehensive enough to include almost any offence not actually a misdemeanor or a felony. Yesterday there were no less than 10 prisoners brought before the Recorder in this one court. To-night the height and breadth of their several delinquencies seemed to be included under the onehead, i. e. loitering; there were various grades to their liability for punishment and the fines ranged from \$1 to \$5 each.

The Proposition Agreed to. The proposition of the C. P. R. to the M. P. & B. Railway to give up possession of that part of the M. P. & B. road between West Farnham and St. Lambert on condition that the M. P. & B. would relinquish all claim to the land on which

the C.P.R. station and shops are situated at West Farnham has been agreed to with slight modifications. It is stated that work will be resumed on the Farnham end of the M.P. & B. in June.

Mr. Hadley a Candidate. Mr. Henry Hadley has acceded to the request of a largely signed requisition and is a candidate for aldermanic honors in St. Gabriel ward. Mr. Hadley was one of the most progressive Councillors of St. Gabriel village and his efforts contributed largely to the annexation of that flourishing suburb to the city. His petition will be introduced. In the evening a discussion will take place on "How we may best develop the latent powers of the congregations." This conference, which will take place in Knox Church, will be open to all the Presbyterians in the city.

Of Interest to Presbyterians. In the David Morrice Hall this morning the Montreal Presbytery will commence its quarterly session. The Home Mission, City Mission, Church Extension Committee's and French work reports will be presented and discussed. A petition favoring the division of the presbytery will be introduced. In the evening a discussion will take place on "How we may best develop the latent powers of the congregations." This conference, which will take place in Knox Church, will be open to all the Presbyterians in the city.

Temporary Court Rooms. Since Saturday the committee appointed to secure suitable buildings for the civil courts during the repairs to the Court House, have been busy visiting different premises. Among others favorably considered are the building formerly occupied by L. J. A. Survevor, in front of the Court House; the Balmoral Hotel building, the Temple building, the New York Life Insurance building, the new building of the Robillard estate, corner St. Lawrence and Vitre-streets, and the Robert block, St. Catherine-street east.

Railway Men in Session. The annual meeting of the Carillon and Gravelle Railway Company was held yesterday afternoon in the Melsons Bank Chambers. Satisfactory reports as to the repairs to and condition of the road were read, and the following gentlemen were duly elected Directors: G. W. Simpson, R. W. Shepherd, H. W. Shepherd, L. I. Gibb, Richard Bolton. At a meeting of Directors held subsequent to the annual meeting, G. W. Simpson was elected President, H. W. Shepherd, Vice-President, and R. W. Shepherd, Jr. Secretary and Treasurer.

Those Who Made Over Fifty Per cent. The preliminary examinations of the Pharmaceutical Association have resulted as follows: S. Courtois, J. S. Martin, F. L. Wooley, J. C. A. Bates, W. B. Parker, J. V. Levesque, Miss R. A. N. Parkin, J. D. Paterson, E. Brodeur, A. Goyette and T. E. Hnat. The examiners were Wm. S. Kerry, A. E. Duberger and Wm. H. Chapman. The candidates were examined in French, English, geography, arithmetic and history, and were required to make at least 50 per cent, on all subjects.

Academy next week. Mr. Henry E. Dixey and his merry players. He is in Hard Luck. Mr. D. Phelan, of St. Ann's Ward, appeared before the Board of Revisors yesterday morning and asked that his name be placed on the lists. It was shown that he was a property holder and that his name had been left off the list by inadvertence. As he had applied within the proper time the board declared itself powerless to put on the name, and the City Attorney upon being appealed to supported their pretension. After placing on two names whose documents in support of the claims were produced and making one correction in spelling, the board adjourned.

Sale for Dixey opens Thursday, Nordheimer's. The Honorable Premier's Movements. Hon. Mr. Mercier will return to Montreal for the Club Nationale banquet, which is to take place at the Windsor on the 27th. He will then proceed to New York in company with Hon. Mr. Sheehy, and sail for Europe on the steamer La Champagne on Jan. 31. Mrs. and Miss Mercier were to accompany the Premier on his voyage to Europe, but owing to Mrs. Mercier's mother's poor condition of health she prefers staying by her to attend to the wants of her old age. Mr. Mercier and his colleague will sojourn in Europe for several months. They have special invitation from Belgium, France, Spain and Italy.

Dixey in "The Seven Ages" next week. Company of sixty people. Bad Boys Disposed of. The six boys arrested by the police of No. 6 Station, charged with stealing a box of cigars as already reported in these columns, were brought before the Police Magistrate yesterday morning, and found guilty. One of the number, Achille Rosseau, aged 15, was sent to the reformatory for the duration of his sentence of Aug. last, for breaking and entering. Of the remainder Charles Charbonneau, James Stafford, Ravel Gareau, and William Kelly gave bonds in the sum of \$200 each, for their good behavior during the ensuing two years, as provided for by the new law, while Arthur Piche, the sixth of the offenders who was unable to furnish bail, was released on a suspended sentence.

Who is coming to the Academy next week? Colonel Stevenson will stand again. A large and influential deputation, comprised of leading electors of the West Ward, waited upon Colonel Stevenson at his residence yesterday evening and asked the alderman to allow himself to be nominated for still another term in the City Council. The able and conscientious manner in which he has served the ward in past years and the valuable services which he had rendered the whole city during his long public career were emphasized by the gentlemen present, who manifested great anxiety that he should again represent them in the Council.

Colonel Stevenson consented to stand again. He promised that, if elected, he would do all he could to further the interests, not only of the West Ward, but of the city in general, as he had done in the past.

The deputation promised to work vigorously to secure his re-election.

Dixey and his merry players next week. Company of sixty players.

"Cable." Nearly half a century in the market this brand of cigars will be found this year to be finer than ever. A truly great cigar. Millions sold annually.

A \$200,000 FIRE IN CRAIG-STREET LAST NIGHT.

The R. B. Angus Building Totally Destroyed by the Devouring Element.

TWELVE BUSINESS FIRMS DAMAGED

Probably the Fiercest Conflagration Witnessed in Montreal Since the Longue Pointe Asylum Blaze.

YEOMAN WORK DONE BY THE FIREMEN.

The Losses Will Amount to About \$181,650—Almost Entirely Covered by Insurance.

MANY HOME COMPANIES INTERESTED

The Royal Canadian, Western, Phoenix and Northern Bear the Loss of the Building.

THE HERALD'S RECAPITULATION.

That fine suite of buildings just west of the old Y.M.C.A. building is no more. It was burned last evening and the conflagration proved to be one of the most stubborn and disastrous fires which has visited Montreal for a long time.

The streets were crowded with citizens returning from their day's labor and Craig-street west was crowded with pedestrians. Among them were Sub-Constables Menard and Soulan who first saw flames issuing from the building 751 Craig-street. It need hardly be told that as speedily as they could reach box 19 an alarm was sounded. In the meantime an immense crowd of spectators gathered in front of the building and when No. 1 apparatus arrived it took but a moment to decide the men that help was required. A second and a third alarm were pulled and down came Nos. 4, 2, 3, and 5 in quick order, followed by their comrades until no one but the reserve force was left in the fire stations.

Chief Benoit was early on the scene, and his imperative orders resulted in the men attacking the flames in really magnificent style. Seldom, indeed, is it that residents of any city can feel prouder of the work of the men who put even their lives into jeopardy in order to safeguard the property of citizens. Before the chief had jumped from his conveyance an order was given and obeyed.

Incredible though it may seem, it is nevertheless a fact that within 10 minutes from the discovery of the fire the vast building was in flames and the centre of the city was so bright that even as vivid that a paper could easily be read. Wild rumors were soon afloat, and a general impression prevailed that the Herald office was again on fire. It was not so, however, for among the first on the scene were the numerous representatives of the press.

For half an hour the seemingly unconquerable flames fought like waves and obeyed the commands of their chief. No one but those who visited the scene of the conflagration can have an idea of the fierceness of the flames. Darting like serpents' fangs they even reached the buildings on the opposite side of the street until chief and firemen alike were forced to back down the street and for a few minutes direct their attention towards saving the threatened structures. This being told, the reader can gather a faint conception the terrible heat and awful character of the fire that took upon as soon as the flames ceased dashing across the street they took up their positions immediately in front of the building and stayed there until every particle of danger was gone.

Fall of the Roof and Wall. At 7.45 the supports of the massive roof succumbed to the elements and down it came with a crash that could be heard a long way off. Myriads of sparks rose and fell like so many beautiful stars until the scene appeared so awful yet grand that spectators could not refrain from giving vent to expressions of delight. Within a few moments from this another beautiful scene was witnessed owing to the fall of the immense mass of machinery of the Benalack Lithographing and City Printing Companies. With a fearful noise, almost like an explosion, it came crashing through the half-burned floors until the cellars were filled with a debris burning at a white heat. With the loss of the sustenance afforded by the various flats the immense front stone wall at once gave every sign of a collapse. Firemen worked at its base as though in no danger whatever, and with bated breath the thousands of onlookers watched for the imminent fall of the front. It came, but the men seemed prepared for it, and though not even as far back as the centre of the street they stood their ground like so many heroes. First the western end, and then with a roar like a Niagara down came the immense stone cornice, followed by the heavy white granite. Fortunately it fell within a few feet of the foot of the wall, or some of the brave fellows, who still kept at their work, would surely have perished. They knew their work, however, and

none of them were injured, except from fatigue and heat, during the progress of the fire. The weather gradually changed until the water froze as it fell. Within a few moments the eastern half fell and the anxiety of the spectators and those in command of the brigade was greatly relieved. With the fall of the wall the firemen seemed satisfied that all danger of spread was passed, though for the half hour previous it seemed that superhuman effort would be needed in order to prevent the complete loss of the whole valuable block.

The Fire Under Control. At 8.10, just one hour after the first alarm, The Herald man spoke to Chief Benoit, who said that he considered the conflagration under control, though a good deal yet remained to be done. He was right. There was a good deal to be done, for it was not until four hours later that the last of the firemen left the scene. In the meantime the men whose duty it was to preserve property had not been idle. In fact, they did such work that no one can speak but in words of warm praise of the salvage corps of Montreal. No. 4 and No. 2 men no sooner reached the scene than they made their way, ladders on each side of the burning structure. After 80 pieces of canvas had been spread No. 4 hastened back to the station and brought another 20 covers, which were soon placed where they would do most good, for rooms occupied by Messrs. King, Goddard, Thurston, Elliott, Auld, Hammond, Martel, Owen and others.

The large building occupied by Messrs. Hughes and Stevenson came in for a good deal of attention from the firemen, and greatly to their credit must be said that a stout brick wall divided the two buildings it became evident that a good deal of energy would be required in order to save that of Hughes and Stevenson; but energy and pluck did it and though the fire made its way into the upper portion of the premises it was soon squelched. In doing this, however, an immense quantity of water was poured into the building until the contents were almost completely wrecked.

An idea of the damage can better be given when it is told that the contents were insured for \$50,000 and that the greater part of this will be required to put the business on the same footing as before. Among the insurance companies interested in the building are the Glasgow and London, Queen's, Atlas, Northern, Imperial, Argus and Liverpool, London and Globe. Mr. Stevenson was seen during the progress of the fire and expressed himself as pleased with the work of the brigade.

The gallant efforts of the men were also very successful in saving the building just east of the fire, though great obstacles in the shape of falling debris and heat had first to be surmounted. Mr. G. H. Elliott, of the building and one of the men who had charge of the fire, and several times gave up all hope of seeing his business saved, but again the work of the men told and he will get off with a loss of \$2000, which is covered by insurance in the Lancashire. The True Witness office was damaged to the extent of \$500 through smoke and water.

The insurance on the other losses is given below, but a few words about the burned building will prove interesting. It is hardly three years ago since it was erected, and it was evidently not a very solid structure was looked upon as an ornament to Craig-street. The front had a good veneer of stone, behind which was a brick wall. Inside the building almost everything used in the creation of the wood, so that it can easily be imagined that when once the fire got a start it did not take long to spread. This indeed proved the case. Within the memory of the oldest resident of the man who visited the scene covered had a fire in this city gained such wonderful headway in so short a time. Even before the arrival of the first detachment of the brigade the building was in flames and doomed to destruction.

The Losses and Insurance. G. J. Lunn, machinist, occupied the basement of the burned building and had a quantity of tools and machinery which was the accumulation of years. He estimates his loss at \$8,000 and had not one cent of insurance. Everything will be a total loss as the contents of the four flats above were piled promiscuously into his flat.

Southern & Caray, railroad ticket printers, occupied a portion of one of the upper flats and all their presses down to the basement and the severe cold will be a total loss. Their plant and machinery was valued at \$17,000 and they had insurance to the extent of only 7000.

Chadwick, spool cotton factory, Robert Henderson & Co., agents, occupied the two upper flats of the portion of the block occupied by Hughes & Stephenson. They had a plant composed of very delicate machinery in which the raw material is spoiled. This was all destroyed by fire and water and was valued at \$40,000. Mr. Henderson told The Herald that the loss would be nearly covered in the North British Insurance Company. They carry considerable prepared stock in their St. Paul-street warehouse so that they will not be immediately inconvenienced so far as orders are concerned, but the machinery which is the company's own patents will all have to be replaced from England.

J. D. Thurston & Co., manufacturers of boots and shoes occupied the third flat of the burned building and had a store on the ground flat. Mr. Thurston estimated the value of his stock and plant at \$20,000, on which he had \$10,000 insurance in the London Liverpool and Globe Insurance Company.

The Benalack Printing Company also occupied a flat in the destroyed block. Their plant and stock was valued at \$25,000 on which they had only \$10,000 insurance in the Commercial Union, Queens and London Insurance Companies. This is the third time this firm has been burnt out since its establishment. Everything is a total loss as their presses and stock went into the basement in a heap.

The Bell telephone men will have the wires in order by 9 o'clock this morning, so that the public will have as little inconvenience as possible.

Royal Electric Light employees were on hand, and soon fixed their wires so that the lights were not affected. About \$100 will cover the Bell telephone loss.

D. W. Austin, dealer in paper bags and twine, occupied a portion of the building damaged by water. He carried very little stock at the time of the fire, and consequently his loss will only be about \$50. He had no insurance. When a reporter called at his residence late last night, Mr. Austin had heard nothing about the fire, and consequently the information was quite a surprise to him.

F. Auld, manufacturer of mullage and liquid glue, was an occupant of the block which suffered principally from water. From the nature of his stock, however, it will be a total loss. It was valued at \$2000, on which he had \$1700 insurance. He had a large order which

was ready to be delivered to-day but which was entirely destroyed.

H. Owen & Co., printers, occupied quarters in the damaged block. They had \$3000 worth of machinery which was insured as follows: \$2000 in the National of Ireland and \$600 in the North American, total \$2600. The stock and plant of Waters Bros & Co., valued at \$10,000, is a total loss. They have insurance to the extent of \$6,000.

The New York Last Machine Company of which Mr. W. J. Coburn is the agent, only recently put machinery in the burned building valued at \$1800. They had no insurance and the loss will be total.

Hughes & Stevenson will lose about \$10000 which is fully covered by insurance.

Elliott & Co.'s loss will amount to about \$2000 which is also covered.

The block was owned by Mr. R. B. Angus and was only erected a few years ago. The building was valued at about \$35,000 and was fully covered by insurance in the Western, Phoenix, Royal Canadian and Northern insurance companies. The greater part of the building is a total wreck.

The block which was occupied by Messrs. Angus, Elliott, Owen, and others, is owned by the Trust and Loan Company, and is understood to be fully insured.

Recapitulation. The following is a recapitulation of the losses:

Table with 3 columns: Firm, Loss, Ins. Water Bros & Co., \$16,000, \$6,000; New York Last Machine Co., 1,800, 0; Southern & Caray, 17,000, 7,000; Chadwick, 17,000, 7,000; Thurston & Co., 20,000, 10,000; Benalack & Co., 25,000, 10,000; D. W. Austin, 2,000, 1,700; F. Auld, 2,000, 1,700; H. Owen & Co., 3,000, 2,600; J. H. Elliott & Co., 10,000, 3,000; Angus & Stevenson, 35,000, 26,000; Land & Loan Building, 2,000, 2,000; Total, \$181,650, \$128,500.

The Scene at 2 O'clock this Morning. The spectacle presented by what remained of the block at 2 o'clock this morning was suggestive of loneliness and desolation. The crowds that had assembled around it had gone, the firemen and their engines and hoses and ladders had vanished, and there was nothing to break the sullen silence that reigned except the occasional hissing of smoldering embers whose heat had thawed particles of ice in immediate contiguity to their midst. Smoke was still rising from several parts of the ruined buildings. The broken and damaged wires in front seemed to be so interlaced as to form a veritable spider's web. The white borders of frost which lined the wires served to accentuate the effect. At The Herald reporter stood before the wrecked buildings an amusing incident occurred. A carter who was passing drove his sleigh close to the scene of the fire in order to cast a glance at the results produced by the conflagration. He was looking at the wreckage with a long, lingering glance at them, he whipped up his horse, but before he had gone far he found that there was something the matter with his sleigh. The horse tugged hard at the sleigh, but could make little progress. The carter got out to inquire into the cause and evidently not a very long time had elapsed when one of the wires had got entangled in his sleigh. He quickly disengaged the wire, and with a laugh went his way.

Incidents Noticed at the Fire. Two steamers were used, both of which were placed in Victoria-square.

Many people complained of the poor water service, but Fire Commissioner Perry gave it as his opinion that it was all that was required.

The work of the police in keeping back the multitude was very successful, and it was also pleasing to note the gentlemanly manner in which they informed trespassers that they must keep outside the ropes.

The labyrinth of Ball telephone wires, after they had been cut, to allow the raising of the ladders, and the quantity in the extreme, as the water poured upon them and quickly froze. The cutting of the wires allowed the poles to bend until it became evident that if the remaining dozen or so were cut, the poles would succumb to the weight of the uncut wires.

Many of the sufferers from the fire did not know of their loss until informed at their homes by Herald men.

A good deal of trouble was experienced in lowering the ladders, which had become frozen from the almost constant downpour of water and the severe cold. The firemen and several citizens had a hard time saving the stables in the rear. One horse was there, and it was only saved after a good deal of trouble.

Some individual with more nerve than brains rang a false alarm from box 415 during the progress of the fire.

Two streams were laid from Victoria-square and through Murphy's cigar store to the back of the burning building.

The City Publishing Company's loss could not be obtained, but their plant and stock will be a total loss, probably about \$7000.

John Hammond, manufacturer, sustained a slight loss by water. He resided in the top flat of the block, and Loan Company's building, but his loss will not be serious.

Many people had a good deal of doling to do in order to avoid the downpour of sparks which were carried as far as the Cote de Mars.

Mr. Angus was seen at St. James' Club last night and gave The Herald some information which will be found in the "losses and insurance."

The seals in jacket won by Mr. Philip Johnson of Toronto was badly injured by a live coal.

One of the salvage wagon drivers remarked that the front wall would certainly fall, and sure enough the words were hardly out of his mouth when it crashed to the sidewalk.

The burned structure was generally supposed to be fireproof, but the supposition was evidently groundless.

The gas from the pipe which supplied the building ignited as soon as the supply was burned away. A good deal of trouble was experienced in putting it out.

As usual the origin of the fire is a mystery. One of the tenants of the building declared that it started from the boiler in the cellars, but this hardly agrees with the statements of those who discovered the blaze and declared it to have commenced on the second flat.

Two Small Fires. A small fire at 147 Craig-street, called out the brigade yesterday evening at about 5.40 p.m. The blaze was only a slight one, and was confined to a shop, and was extinguished with but little damage. At 5.48 p.m. another alarm was rung from box 92. The trouble was at the residence of Henry Borgue, 793 Notre Dame-street, where a blazing chimney caused some timid passers-by to call out the brigade. There was no damage except to the revenues of the cleaning sweeps, who will not be required to use their brushes for some little time to come, as the soot has been thoroughly cleaned out.

A "SMALL" SILVER WEDDING.

Five Hundred guests at the Windsor Hotel Last Night.

If all those of Montreal's entertainers had been in attendance at Mr. and Mrs. Small's silver wedding reception at the Windsor last night there would probably be few "home" receptions in future. The occasion was (besides the silver wedding) the introductory society of Mrs. Small, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Small, and Manager Sweet spread himself to do full justice to the occasion.

When The Herald's Society Young Man arrived on the scene, the corridors, ball room and parlors of the Windsor presented a completely beautiful and imposing powers of description. Of the 300 guests present none could be seen who were not thoroughly enjoying themselves. The ladies' ordinary was tastefully decorated with bunting, flowers, etc., and quartered in well-arranged spots an orchestra of well-trained musicians played charming music, to which some 112 couples danced.

One of the features of the reception was the opening of the club rooms as luncheon rooms, in which were found some two dozen tables beautifully decorated and well attended by thoroughly trained waiters, who offered the guests the following tempting menu:

- Escalops of Oysters, Cold. Onion Turbot, Sure Sole, Terrine de Foie Gras Strasbourg, Filet a la Windsor, Boned Capon, a la Gelee, Roast Beef, Roast Turkey, Roast Capon, Roast Partridge, Roast Quail, Roast Black Duck, Roast Ham and Tongue, SALADS, Lobster, Chicken a la Russa, PASTRY, Pyramide de Macarons, Charlotte Russe, Pyramide de Fruit, Brioche, The Champagne Gelee, Conchages, Roman Punch, Ice Cream in forms.

The reception was a great success throughout, which fact confirms our view that any who desire to successfully receive a number of friends should avail themselves of the facilities offered by the Windsor, such as are equally offered in a very few cities to-day.