The Montreal Daily Star

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LORD ABERDEEN'S FAREWELL.

The Departing Viceroy Tendered an Ovation on Leaving Dublin—Unprecedented Demonstration.

DUBLIN, August 3.—The farewell feves given by the Earl of Aberdeen and his wife at Dublin castle to-day was attended by a large number of members of the Irish National league. The streets are profusely decorated in honor of the departing Viceroy and an enormous crowd of people assembled from all parts of the country to tender the Aberdeens a rousing ovation on taking their final leave. The farewell to Lord and Lady Aberdeen was phenomenal. All Dublin was abroad and the enthusiasm was unbounded. The procession was a gorgeous affair, the trade guilds vieing with each other in display. There were numerous bands in the procession and all played national airs, there being a marked absence of British tunes. Lord Aberdeen and the Countess were much affected by the demonstration. Lord Mayor Sullivan asked Lord Aberdeen to describe the scene to the Queen, and to tell her that "this was a pale forecast of the reception she will receive when she comes in person to restore to Ireland her ancient right of self-government." The address of the Corporation to the retiring viceroy declared that nothing short of Mr. Gladstone's measure would satisfy the Irish people. In his speech at Kingstown, Lord Aberdeen promised that he and the countess would fervently pray for the peace and prosperity of Ireland. The farewell feves in the afternoon was less brilliant than that of Earl Spencer, and the attendance was smaller. The procession was two hours in passing the castle. Two thousand horsemen were in line. The crowd broke through the ranks of the police in their endeavor to shake hands with Lord Aberdeen and his wife. The viceroy and the countess were inundated with bouquets.

TRADE DEPRESSION.

Report of the Royal Commission on the State of British Trade.

LONDON, August 3.- The final report of the commission appointed by the Conservative Government in 1885 to enquire into the causes of the depression in trade, will announce that the commission has not found any evidence of depression as regards restriction of trading operations. The volume of British trade has increased more than commensurately with the growth of the population. Low prices and the consequent diminished profits constitute the only evidence of depression. There has been a greatly prolonged period of over-production, owing to a vast increase of wealth in the country. The commission does not believe the legislation regarding labor has injured trade, and deprecates an increase in the number of hours of labor and a diminution of wages. The report distinctly favors trades unions. The commission considers the recent failure of agricultural products the main if not the sole cause of the diminution of the home trade, which otherwise, the commission believes, would be in a satisfactory condition. The condition of the working classes, the report says, has greatly improved in the past twenty years. Commerce both in the home trade and the foreign trade is greatly increased, especially as regards Germany, whose trade is improving, and pressing England closely at home and abroad. No fiscal alteration is suggested, and no reference is made to protection or reciprocity. The commission urges that British factors adapt their manufactures to the necessities of foreign markets, in which respect, the commission says, Germany excels.

SHOCKING AFFRAY.

Two Men Butchered at a Picnic Near Brookfield, Mo.

BROCKFIELD, Mo., August 3.—At a picnic given at the Meyer school house, on Saturday, nine miles north of this city, a terrible affray occurred, in which two men lost their lives. The farmers for miles around had gathered to spend the day in harmless amusement, and one, John Garner, took advantage of the gathering to make money by establishing a booth for the sale of beer without procuring a license. Several heads of families present called on Chauncy Hague, Constable of Grantville, to suppress the nuisance. Mr. Hague placed Garner under arrest, and putting a deputy in charge of the booth, started off the grounds with his prisoner, when Edward, a brother of John Garner, ran up with an axe and struck the constable a blow on the neck, severing the windpipe and cutting through the collar bone into the lung. Test Fogarty, who ran to Hague's assistance, received a blow from the axe in his left side, cutting through the ribs and almost severing the body in twain. Before the horrified bystanders could regain their presence of mind, Garner darted into the woods, brandishing an axe, and, as yet, has not been captured. Should the murderer be caught he will be lynched.

GENERAL BOULANGER.

An Admission and a Denial From the French Minister of War.

PARIS, August 3. Gen. Boulanger, while admitting that he is the author of the letters to the Duc D'Aumale, writes as follows: "When the conspiracy among the Princes compelled me to choose between my former chief and the Republic, I was faithful to the latter. If the friends of the Duc D'Aumale ever attempt to proceed from words to deeds, I shall simply but energetically do my duty against them." The Royalist papers publish *fac similes* of the letters of Gen. Boulanger to the Duc D'Aumale. The General explains that he repudiated them without having read them supposing that the papers referred to a spurious letter published in Brussels. He admits that he has fallen into a skilfully prepared trap, but maintains that his relations in private life ought not to prevent him as a minister from fulfilling his political duty. The Paris *National* and other Republican papers implore Gen. Boulanger to refrain from "further mumbling displays and deliberate untruths." It is the general opinion that Boulanger has lost prestige in the army.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

More Rumors Regarding His Approaching Visit to Canada.

OTTAWA, August 3.—The *Evening Journal* to-day says: "Sir Charles Tupper, who is now on his way to this country, will remain in Nova Scotia several weeks prior to visiting the capital. He will likely spend six months in Canada, and will take a leading part in organizing the Conservative party for the next general elections. It is regarded as probable that Sir Charles will re-enter the cabinet, but from a well informed source, the information is given that he has no desire of re-entering politics here just now beyond exerting his powerful hand in favor of his party in the approaching contest. Sir Charles' visit to this country fulfils his prophetic remark made on the occasion of his departure for England to assume the duties of Lord High Commissioner. His last assurances publicly made were that he would come back to Canada, if wanted, to assist his former colleagues. A report that Sir Charles has been induced to leave England on the ground that he will succeed Sir John is positively denied."

THOSE STARVATION STORIES.

An Admission From the Ottawa "Free Press"—The Paternity of the Stories.

OTTAWA, August 3. The *Free Press* this afternoon has the following concerning the authority given in the newspapers which published the false reports of the wholesale deaths from starvation and ravages of bears and wolves said to have occurred at Newfoundland: "It should be stated that Mr. Andrew F. Widdel was interviewed by a *Free Press* reporter, which interview was published in this paper on the 24th ult. He represented himself as being an agent of a large fish house in Boston, and who, having been in St. John's, Nfld., on business, heard reports of sufferings from along the Labrador coast which he narrated. In the report of that interview this gentleman was wrongly credited with being a resident of St. John's. It now appears that the information which he furnished as being fact has more the appearance of fiction."

FISHERMEN RESCUED.

Eight Gloucestermen who Lost Their Vessels in a Fog Landed at Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., August 3.—Eight Gloucester fishermen who lost their vessels on the Grand Bank in a fog last month and experienced terrible sufferings from hunger, thirst and exhaustion before being picked up or reaching land, arrived here to-day from St. Pierre. Four are Nova Scotians, the other four are Norwegians. Michael Tobin and Loyl Jewett, lost from the schooner "Lizzie J. Greenleaf," on July 9th, were four days and nights in an open dory without food or water, when they were taken on board by a French barque in a very exhausted condition, supplied with the necessaries of life, and again started for land, being finally taken into St. Pierre on a French Barque. Jeremiah Smith and Harvey Bailey, lost from the schooner "Frederick Gearings," on the Grand Bank, on July 16th, after four days and a half intense sufferings and exposure, were taken on board a French fisherman, cared for, supplied with provisions and again started, reaching Lamaline after five days' exposure. Oliver Hansen and Lari Olsen, of the schooner "David A. Story," lost their vessel on the 17th July, and after three days' starvation reached St. Lawrence, Newfoundland. Charles Crogan and Chris Chanseen, of the schooner "William H Oakes" left their vessel on July 20th and three days later were taken on board the barque "Riberia," from St. John, N. B., for Ireland, whence they were on the 27th ult. transferred to the British fishing schooner "Eliza" and landed at St. Pierre. Smallpox is still prevalent at St. Pierre. They report that French vessels are loading enormous quantities of splendid quality fish at St. Pierre, which already rivals Gloucester as a great codfishing centre.

VIEWING THE LAND.

Hon. Mr. White's Tour of Inspection in the North-West.

WINNIPEG, Man., August 3.—On his return trip from British Columbia, Hon. Mr. White stopped over at Donald and examined the lands there in order to inform himself thoroughly acquainted with the locality, in view of the request of the Canadian Pacific railway for additional land for a town site. He also stopped at Banff Springs in connection with the establishment of a national park there. The grounds, about 20,000 acres in extent, are being laid out by Mr. Geo. H. Stewart, C. E., who has about forty men under him. They are surveying roads and planning bridges. The land is generally picturesque, being wild and mountainous, and affording grand climbing for those who enjoy exercise. The Cascade mountains tower about 5200 feet above the valley, and the Split mountains are nearly as high. There are a great many islands in Bow river, and the whole country is one where great enjoyment may be had. Hon. Thomas White will remain in the city on business connected with the land department until Friday next.

SEEN AGAIN.

The Sea Serpent Once More Shows up, This time off Portland.

BOSTON, August 3.—A special from Portland says great excitement has been occasioned there over the appearance of a sea monster, supposed to be the same serpent that was reported off the Massachusetts coast. It was run across by a party of men who were out sailing. When first sighted the serpent was asleep, but being awakened by the appearance of the boat took fright and made off. It was about 150 feet long, three feet thick, tapering to eight inches at the neck, which was smooth and of reddish color. The head was three feet long with large black eyes. Captain Sullivan, of a coasting schooner, says he ran it down the other night while asleep, and the creature awakening made such frantic efforts to escape that the sea was lashed into a mass of foam, causing the vessel to rock violently.

DISTURBED BELFAST.

Appeal to Prevent Disorder—Another Slight Riot Quelled by the Police.

BELFAST, August 2.—The mayor of Belfast has sent a circular letter to the different magistrates of the city asking them to actively exert their influence to promote a better feeling among the people towards the police, so that there may be co-operation between the latter and the populace for the prevention of disorder and suppression of lawlessness. Crowds of men are assembled in different parts of the city, evidently bent on fighting the police. Rioting was renewed here to-day but the disturbance was slight as compared with the outbreaks of Saturday and Sunday. The police succeeded in dispersing the mob. The jury in the case of the boy who was killed in the riots has given a verdict that the boy was killed by the police, who were justified in firing on the mob.

THE SEALS OF OFFICE.

Surrendered by the Old and Accepted by the New Ministry—More Appointments.

LONDON, August 3.—The members of the Gladstone ministry surrendered their seals of office to-day to the new ministers. The members of the two ministries lunched with the Queen. Lord Salisbury will remain a guest of the Queen until to-morrow.

The following additional Government appointments have been officially announced:

Edward Clarke, Q. C., solicitor-general.

Arthur Bower Forwood, secretary to the Admiralty.

Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, civil lord of the Admiralty.

Lord Harris, political secretary to the War office.

It is believed the Queen will open Parliament in person.

United Protestant Workingmen.

The United Protestant Workingmen's Benefit Society held their regular monthly meeting yesterday evening in the Oddfellows' Hall, St. James street.

The treasurer, Mr. Wm. Seale, made the following report:

RECEIPTS.

Cash balance from last meeting	$ 4 38
Cash from Mr. Samuel Gray, financial secretary, for dues, etc.	176 25
Total	$ 180 63

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid sick benefit to fourteen members	$ 107 00
Paid sundries	47 00
	$ 154 00
Cash balance on hand	26 63
Total	$ 180 63

Picnics.

The third annual excursion of the Branch No. 26, C. M. B. A., takes place on Thursday to Lake St. Peter. The steamer "Three Rivers" has been chartered and will leave the Jacques Cartier wharf at nine o'clock Thursday morning. Excellent music has been secured. It promises to be a great success.

The Grocers' picnic is to take place at St. Hyacinthe on the 12th. Fine prizes are offered to competitors in the sports and games, and some special prizes are offered for a guessing match, open to every man, woman and child attending the picnic.

The St. Vincent de Paul Society of St. Mary's parish will hold their annual picnic and games at Lenwood Grove on Saturday next. The object of this society is purely charitable.

A Grocery on Fire.

At twenty minutes to four this morning a fire broke out in Donnelly's grocery store at the corner of Columbia and Wellington streets. The alarm was sounded from box 126, and No. 9 from Point St. Charles was soon on the spot, one stream from it being sufficient to extinguish the fire, but not before the stock and store was badly burned. The loss is covered by insurance. The salvage wagon and Nos. 3, 10 and 12 also went to the scene, but their services were not required.

Rev. Abbé Marcoux has been appointed vicar of Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere, in place of Rev. Mr. Begin, who has been transferred to the post of assistant-superior of Ste. Anne's College.

NEWS OF THE WORLD CONDENSED.

Cable.

Continuous rain threatens the potato crop in the south of Ireland. Potato blight is reported in West Cork.

A detachment of militia has gone from Belfast to Armagh to assist in quelling riots in the latter town.

Herbert Spencer is seriously ill from nervous prostration and insomnia. Sir Andrew Clark is in daily attendance upon him.

An explosion of coal gas occurred in the hold of the Norwegian barque "Feles," at Cardiff, yesterday. Six men were fatally injured.

The town of Veiprovactz, Hungary, containing 1000 houses, has been destroyed by fire. A large quantity of corn and forage has also been destroyed.

The Paris *Figaro* announces that arrangements are being made for a conference between M. DeFreycinet and M. De Giers, French and Russian ministers of foreign affairs.

The Frenchman Lorides, and two Italian brothers named Vecchi, who were charged with treason in disclosing secrets in connection with the maritime defences of Italy, have been acquitted.

A London despatch says that in the case of Hobbs, Osborne & Hobbs vs. the Guardian and Northern Insurance Companies the defendants have abandoned the contemplated appeal to the Privy Council and have paid the amount of insurance and costs.

Complete returns from the elections for counsellers-generaux in France show that 847 Republican and 411 Conservative candidates were successful. In 117 districts second ballotings will be necessary. The Republicans make 76 gains and the Conservatives 83.

The London police have been informed of the existence of extensive intrigues by Irish and Russian dynamiters against the English Government. Detectives will be stationed at different Russian ports and all arrivals from Russia to Great Britain will be closely watched and vessels searched.

The Nationalists of Castle Blayney, Monaghan, are boycotting a recently opened local branch of the Great Northern (Ireland) railway because the nominee of the league was not appointed station master. The present station master is receiving threatening letters and the employés are afraid to resume work.

The remains of Abbé Liszt were buried temporarily in Bayreuth cemetery yesterday. The funeral services were very simple. The coffin was covered with flowers. Wreaths and other floral emblems were sent by many of the ruling German choruses. The funeral procession was headed by the Fire Brigade, and included relatives and pupils of the deceased, the municipal authorities, judges, artists of the Wagner opera company and many citizens.

American.

At a joint session of the California Legislature yesterday A. P. Williams was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of United States Senator Miller.

Master Workman Powderly has written to a well known politician that under no circumstances will he allow his name to be used as a candidate for Congress.

A passenger rate war between the European steamship lines centering at New York is imminent. Already the Rotterdam line has made a cut of $3 in steerage rates.

At Tyrone, Pa., yesterday a million and a half feet of lumber in the yards of John Irwin & Bro., were burned. The fire is supposed to have been caused by tramps.

In Texas and Northern Colorado there is a large area of rainy weather. Telegraph wires are all down. The long drought in that section makes rain a welcome visitation.

At Cincinnati Monday night the Bricklayers Union decided to maintain their position which is to do no work where nonunion hod-carriers are employed. This stops work on a large number of buildings.

The Chicago pool roads, it is openly admitted, have been cutting eastbound freight rates, and three or four of them are vigorously cutting each other for the traffic. The Lake Shore is charged with being the aggressor.

Caroline Jackson, colored, died at the County house in Troy, N. Y., Monday night, aged 110 years. She was born in New York State, and was a slave until liberated by law. She was once a noted cook at Saratoga Springs.

At Sansford, Pa., yesterday an old camelback locomotive engine now in the shops of the Lehigh Valley Coal and Navigation Company, exploded killing one man and injuring eight, two of them fatally. The boiler was put in fifteen years ago and has been condemned several times.

Monday afternoon three children of Wm. Hauck, living three miles from Keosauqua, Ia., a grandchild of Hauk's and two children named Gilliver, went to Desmoines River, and five of them went bathing. One fell in a deep hole in the river, and in trying to extricate the struggling one, five were drowned. The children's ages ranged from 5 to 12 years.

In a saloon at Elizabeth, N. J., yesterday ex-Alderman Connelly badgered John Lonahan, a young man of 18, about his inability to drink. Lonahan said he would drink all Connelly would pay for. This was agreed to and Lonahan emptied twelve large glasses filled to the brim with whiskey. He reached the street, staggered along for about a block and dropped dead.

Dr. William Haynes yesterday reported to Dr. Nagle, of the New York Board of Health, that he had given a certificate to an undertaker of a person who died of consumption, and that the undertaker had asked him to change the cause of death and make it anything else but consumption, because the deceased had an insurance on his life in a company whose policy stipulated that in case of death by consumption a certain deduction would be made. Dr. Haynes refused to make the change, when the undertaker stated that many of the physicians in the city were doing it. Dr. Haynes was advised to bring the matter to the notice of the District Attorney.

Canadian.

Petroleum has been discovered near La le Dauphin, N. W. T.

Counterfeit Bank of Commerce bills are in circulation in Quebec.

Hon. John Norquay has left Winnipeg on a trip to the Pacific coast.

The loss by fire, Monday, on Campbell's buildings, Ingersoll, Ont., is $20,000 to $25,000.

The Imperial gunboat "Comus" sailed from Halifax for Bermuda and Jamaica last night.

It is estimated at Toronto that the wholesale Autumn imports this year will be larger than they have been for several years back.

Seven hundred persons left Hull yesterday on a pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre under the direction of Rev. Fathers Gauvin and Grandbois.

Three hundred English, Irish and Scotch immigrants arrived at Toronto yesterday. With a few exceptions they all had situations already provided for.

The residence of Mr. Jones, at New Liverpool, Que., was destroyed by fire last night, together with its contents. Loss, $5000; insured for $3000 in the Glasgow & London.

Michael Davitt, the well known Home Ruler, who is about to pay a visit to this continent, is, it is said, to be invited by the St. Patrick's Literary Association to deliver a lecture in Ottawa.

Mr. John J. McGee, clerk of the Privy Council, has left for Halifax for the purpose of swearing in Lord Alexander Russell, commander of the forces in British North America, who will act as Governor-General during the absence of Lord Lansdowne. The latter will sail for England by the steamship "Parisian" on the 5th inst.

At the village of Napier, Monday James G. Sutherland, aged 17 years, lost his life. He was in the woollen mill of his brother and while trying to adjust a misplaced belt, was drawn in and thrown around several times, striking against a staircase at each revolution. His arm was broken and he was otherwise so bruised that in half an hour he was a corpse.

Medical.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

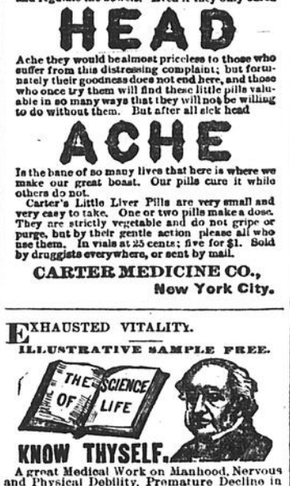
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY.

ILLUSTRATIVE SAMPLE FREE.



KNOW THYSELF.

A great Medical Work on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Exhausted Vitality, &c., &c., and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses; 300 pages, substantially bound in gilt muslin. Contains more than 125 invaluable prescriptions, embracing every vegetable remedy in the pharmacopoeia for all acute and chronic diseases. It is emphatically a book for every man. Price only $1 by mail, postpaid, concealed in plain wrapper.

ILLUSTRATIVE SAMPLE FREE TO ALL

Young and middle-aged men for the next 90 days. Send now, or cut this out, as you may never see it again. Address, DR. W. H. PARKER, 4 Bullfinch St., Boston, Mass. 1125zw

Can't Keep House

BOWMANVILLE, ONT., Dec. 5, 1882.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston.

Dear Sirs:—We suppose it is no new thing for you to receive congratulations on the success of your valuable cough remedy, DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY; but perhaps at this time a word or two from us will not prove out of place. Although the Balsam has not been advertised to any extent in this locality, our sale of it is very large and its demand increasing, which is due to the universal satisfaction which it gives to our customers. We have never had a single complaint, and husbands tell us their wives will not keep house without it, and would like you to do a little more advertising in this county, for we believe were your Balsam better known, its sale would be increased ten fold.

Yours truly,

STOTT & JURY,

181z2aw "The Druggists."

OVER WORKED Women

For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and over-worked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best tonic. It is not a "Cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent Specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our *positive guarantee*. See wrapper around bottle. Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.

A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, and Constipation, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. 25c. a vial, by druggists.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—Humphreys' Medicine Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

Washing Powder.

JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE

The Great Invention, FOR EASY WASHING

In Hard or Soft, Hot or Cold Water, without Harm to Fabric or Hands.

No family, rich or poor, should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers, but *beware* of vile imitations. PEARLINE is manufactured only by JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

16zeod.

STEEL WIRE DOOR MATS.

These beautiful and everlasting MATS are the best foot cleaners ever produced, will not rust or damage by exposure, require no shaking to remove the dust. Inspection invited, where a full assortment of sizes can be seen

J. B. MACDONALD, 17 St. John St.,

General Agent for the TORONTO STEEL WIRE MAT COMPANY. 150z

Railroads.

CENTRAL VERMONT RAILROAD. Trains Leave Montreal.

7.35 A.M.—Express, arriving Farnham, 9.25 a.m., Granby 10.05 a.m., Waterloo 10.45 a.m., Magog 11.50 a.m., Sherbrooke 12.15 p.m. This train makes close connection at Magog with Steamer "Mountain Maid" for Georgeville, Newport, Vt., and all points on Lake Memphremagog.

8.30 A.M.—White Mountain Express, with Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars to Fabyans, arriving 4.25 p.m., stumpfull Mount Washington 5.30 p.m., Portland 8.00 p.m., Old Orchard Beach 8.30 p.m.

9.30 A.M.—Fast train, arriving St. Albans, 10.50 a.m., Burlington 12.10 p.m., Montpelier 12.50 p.m., White River Junction, 2.55 p.m., Boston, via Lowell 7.20 and New York, via Springfield 10.30 p.m., Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars to Boston.

10.00 P.M.—New York and Boston Express arriving St. Albans 7.35 p.m. (supper), Burlington 9.05 p.m., Rutland 11.25 p.m., Troy 2.55 a.m., Albany 3.30 a.m., New York 8.00 a.m., Worcester, 6.40 a.m., Boston 7.40 a.m., via Rutland, Bellow Falls and Fitchburg. Wagner Sleepers Montreal to New York and Pullmans, St. Albans to Boston.

Through cars on this train arriving Waterloo 8.15 p.m. Magog 9.10 p.m., and Sherbrooke 9.55 p.m.

8.30 P.M.—Night Express, arriving St. Albans, 10.45 p.m., White River Junction 3.10 a.m., Manchester 6.25 a.m., Nashua 7.00 a.m., Boston, via Lowell 8.30 a.m., via Fitchburg, 8.35 a.m., New York via Northampton, Holyoke, Springfield, New Haven 11.45 a.m. Close connection at Nashua and Winchendon, for Worcester, Providence and points on Worcester and Nashua and Eastern Railroads. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars to Boston and Springfield.

For tickets, Time Tables and all information, apply at Windsor Hotel and Grand Trunk offices, or at the Company's Office, 136 St. James street.

A. C. STONEGRAVE, Canadian Passenger Agent.
J. W. HOBART, Gen. Manager. S. W. CUMMINGS, Gen. Pass. Agent.

July 7th, 1886.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Commencing 14th June, 1886.

THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS RUN DAILY (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Leave LEVIS	8.15 A.M.
Arrive Riviere du Loup	11.50 A.M.
Trois Pistoles	12.50 P.M.
Rimouski	2.40 "
Little Metis	3.36 "
Campbellton	6.25 "
Dalhousie Junction	7.38 "
Bathurst	9.25 "
Newcastle	10.50 P.M.
Moncton	1.40 A.M.
Sackville	3.30 "
Halifax	9.10 A.M.

The Grand Trunk Trains leaving Montreal at 10.15 p.m. connect at Chaudiere Junction with these trains.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destinations on Sundays.

The Sleeping Car leaving Montreal on Monday, Wednesday and Friday runs through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday to St. John.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

THROUGH TICKETS may be obtained via rail and Steamer to all ports on the Lower St. Lawrence and in the Maritime Provinces.

For tickets and all information in regard to passenger fares, rates of freight, train arrangements, &c., apply to

GEO. STEPHENSON,
Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent,
136½ ST. JAMES STREET,
(Opposite St. Lawrence Hall).
MONTREAL

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B., June 12th, 1886. 140z

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE —OF— ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

1886—SUMMER SERVICE—1886

From Liverpool.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Quebec.
June 3	Polynesian	June 24
" 10	Parisian	July 1
" 17	Siberian	" 9
" 24	Sarmatian	" 15
July 1	Circassian	" 22
" 8	Polynesian	" 29

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Montreal
June 10	Hibernian	About June 27
" 17	Caledonian	" July 4
" 24	Buenos Ayrean	" 11

From London.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Montreal to London or about
June 10	Nestorian	July 1
" 24	Lucerne	" 15
July 8	Thingmuda	" 29

From Liverpool.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Halifax.
June 5	Carthaginian	Monday, July 5
" 26	Nova Scotian	" 19
July 6	Caspian	" Aug.

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Boston
June 9	Waldensian	About June 26
" 16	Prussian	July 3
" 30	Canadian	" 17
July 7	Austrian	" 24

From Glasgow	STEAMSHIPS.	From Philadelphia
June 3	Ann Arbor	About June 13
" 23	Wyoming	" July 14

For Freight, Passage or further information apply to

G. W. ROBINSON,
136½ ST. JAMES STREET, Opposite St. Lawrence Hall.
Or H. & A. ALLAN,
25 Common Street, Montreal.
80 State Street, Boston. 231z

Dominion Line to Royal Mail Steamers.

Liverpool Service.

SAILING DATES FROM QUEBEC.

MONTREAL	Friday 6th August
OREGON	Thursday, 12th "
TORONTO	Friday, 20th "
VANCOUVER	Thursday, 26th "

Bristol Service for Avonmouth Dock.

SAILING DATES FROM MONTREAL.

QUEBEC	Friday, 13th August
ONTARIO	Friday, 27th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec, $50 to $80, according to steamer and accommodation. Second Cabin, $30. Steerage at lowest rates.

These steamers have saloon, state-rooms, music-room, smoking-room and bath-rooms amidships where the motion is felt, and carry neither cattle nor sheep.

Passengers for SS. MONTREAL, TORONTO and SARNIA can embark at Montreal; also those for the steamers sailing to Avonmouth.

Apply to W. D. ROSS, 14 St. James Street, or D. TORRANCE & CO., Hospital Street.

SOAPS.

J. BARSALOU & CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

FOLLOWING BRANDS OF SOAP,

IMPERIAL SOAP,
Trade-Mark. Horse's Head.

HOUSEKEEPERS' SOAP,
1 lb. Bar, 60 lbs. per Box.

ALL-RIGHT SOAP,
RED MOTTLED SOAP,
BLUE MOTTLED SOAP,

these are Naturally Mottled Soaps.

SHOE BLACKING.

Our Shoe Blacking is justly esteemed for its Brilliancy, Blackness and Leather Preserving Qualities. The name of the Firm is impressed on each Bar of Soap and each Box of Lye and Blacking. Beware of Imitations.

OFFICE AND FACTORY:

St. Catherine & Plessis,

MONTREAL.

179ztf

A NEW INVENTION!

1¼ Cords of Beech have been sawed by one man in 9 hours. *This is a positive fact. He did it once.* It is not hard work for a man to saw 125 to 150 cords per month. It saves down trees. First order secures exclusive territory. Write for terms. FOLDING SAWING MACHINE COMPANY, 27 Franklin Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A FORTUNE FOR SOMEONE.

On account of duty, and having all we can attend to in the U. S., our patents for Canada are for sale. 181 2

HEALTH AND VIGOR QUICKLY RESTORED. Send for our new book on the cure of wasting weakness, debility and decay, mailed free to all afflicted. Address The Clarke Medical Co., East Haddam, Conn. 156z

Specific Articles.

AH DE LORMIER, THE SHIRTMAKER, has just received a full assortment of Cambric, Marseille and Silk Scarfs, from 5c. 10c, 15c and 25c each. Shirts and Collars made to order. 1760 NOTRE DAME STREET, 2nd door east of French Church. 164

DRAIN PIPES!—PORTLAND, ROMAN and Canada Cements, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, White Bricks, &c., &c. ALEX. BREMNER, 640 Craig street. 249z

JUST RECEIVED, EX SS. PARISIAN.

A large quantity of assorted Crates of English Crockery, 2nd quality, from the very best makers. Fine selection, good assortment, low prices. Wholesale only.

Z. GRAVEL,
17tzdf 254 St. Paul street, Montreal.

Summer Resorts.

ABENAKIS HOUSE,

ST. FRANCOIS DU LAC, P. Q.

Most renowned Mineral Water. Cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Throat and Liver diseases. Splendid bathing. This House, recently built, offers to visitors all the comfort of the best hotels of Canada and States. Elegant table, fishing, boating, billiards, Croquet, Concert Hall, Music.

Steamer "Three Rivers" Tuesdays and Fridays, go and back, $1.50; also, by the South Eastern R. R. every day. Terms $8 per week, half price for children. 174z

HO, FOR LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG!

On and after Monday, July 5, 1886.
The Splendid Steamer

"MOUNTAIN MAID"

will run daily (Sundays excepted), connecting at Magog with train of Central Vt. R. R. from and for Montreal as follows:

Leave Magog at 11.30 a.m., leave Georgeville 12.45 p.m., arrive Newport 2.45 p.m. Leave Newport 3 p.m., leave Georgeville 5 p.m., arrive Magog 6.15 p.m. Trains leave Montreal (Bonaventure station) for Magog at 7.35 a.m., returning arrives at Montreal at 10.40 p.m. Steamer will call, going and returning, at Owl's Head Mountain House and Knowlton Landing. For information regarding rates, etc., apply to D. POTTINGER, Gen. Pass. Agt. C. V. R.R., 136 St. James St., Montreal, or to I. E. FUTVOYE, St. Johns, P.Q. 158z

THE IROQUOIS HOUSE,

ON THE BELOEIL MOUNTAINS,

ST. HILAIRE, P. Q.

ACCOMMODATION FOR 300 GUESTS.

Only 57 minutes from Montreal by G. T. R. R.

Lv. MONTREAL by G.T.R., Arrive at ST. HILAIRE.
7.45 a.m. 8.52 a.m.
8.10 a.m. 8.57 a.m.
1.35 p.m. (Saturdays only). 2.46 p.m.
3.15 p.m. 4.12 p.m.
5.30 p.m. 6.16 p.m.
10.15 p.m. 11.25 p.m.

Leave ST. HILAIRE, Arrive in MONTREAL.
4.45 a.m. 6.00 a.m.
7.58 a.m. 8.35 a.m.
11.02 a.m. 11.55 a.m.
4.54 p.m. 6.05 p.m.
8.56 p.m. (Saturdays only) 10.05 p.m.
7.22 p.m. 8.10 p.m.

Fare to Iroquois House and return $1.25. 167

Caledonia Springs!

GRAND HOTEL NOW OPEN.

Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Family Resort; moderate rates. Sanitation unqualifiedly perfect. Superior accommodation. Send for guide. 154z

ST. LEON SPRINGS HOUSE.

This house will be open June 1st. Terms as usual. Dr. Johnson, of Philadelphia, will reside at the Springs. Sanitary arrangements first-class. Good stabling and attendance for horses. Baths at all times. Water a sure cure for rheumatism, salt rheum and dyspepsia.

JAMES K. GILMAN, President and Manager.
124z St. Leon Springs Co.

SEA-BATHING. — INCH-ARRAN HOUSE, DALHOUSIE, Bay des Chaleurs, N.B.

Patronized by His Excellency the Marquis of Lansdowne, Governor-General of Canada, and leading families of the Dominion. Now improved and completed. Will open for the season on 15th June. Unequalled scenery, bathing, boating, fishing and driving; excellent table, livery, billiards, bowling, lawn tennis, &c. For particulars address,

103z WM. B. THORPE, Manager.

NEW POPULAR SUMMER RESORT. THE CHATEAUGAY CHASM, NEAR CHATEAUGAY, N. Y.

Special rates from Montreal as follows: Via G. T. R. R. via Huntingdon, thence Hunter's stage (10 miles), leaving on arrival of evening train, round trip $12.00; also via Rouses Point to Chateaugay, thence about thirty minutes' ride to the Chasm House, round trip $8.00. 10 tickets good for 10 days limit. A good flood at entrance of Chasm entertains at popular rates, by meal, day or week. Tickets may read via Huntingdon and return by Rouses Point, at $8.00. Apply at 148 ST. JAMES ST.

For information regarding entertainment and scenery, apply to R. A. JACKSON, Manager. P. O. address, Chateaugay, N. Y. 152zzm

CHAMARD'S LORNE HOUSE!

MURRAY BAY.

Your patronage solicited.
149z WM. CHAMARD & Co.

McLEAN'S HOTEL,

now open for visitors, offers exceptional facilities to Sportsmen, and those seeking Health and Fine Scenery. 154 1m

PARK HOUSE, MAGOG, QUE.

This hotel is now open for Summer boarders. Prices from Five to Six Dollars per week. Reduction for families.
137 W. JAMIESON, Proprietor.

Du Berger's CENTRAL House,

Murray Bay.....now opened to Visitors.
154 GEORGE DU BERGER, Prop.

Errors of Youth.

SUFFERERS FROM

Nervous Debility, Youthful Indiscretions.

BE YOUR OWN PHYSICIAN!

Many men, from the effects of youthful imprudence, have brought about a state of weakness that has reduced the general system, so much as to induce almost every other disease, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever being suspected, they are doctored for everything but the right one. Notwithstanding the many valuable remedies that medical science has produced for the relief of this class of patients, none of the ordinary

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors.
158 St. James Street.

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, at $3 a year, $1.50 for six months, and 90c for three months.

☞ We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal.☜

London, Eng., Office—American Agency, 446 Strand, W. C. H. P. Noah, correspondent and agent for advertising.

Correspondent and agent for French and Belgian advertising in THE STAR—Mons. A. Lorette, 61 Rue Caumartin, Paris, France.

CIRCULATION OF THE DAILY STAR FOR WEEK ENDING JULY 31, 1886.

Monday	24,936
Tuesday	24,954
Wednesday	25,049
Thursday	25,056
Friday	25,032
Saturday	26,326
Total	151,353

PRESENT DAILY AVERAGE

25,226.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1886.

OUT OF TOWN.

Orders may be left at THE STAR office, 158 St. James street, for THE STAR to be sent to the seaside or other out-of-town addresses.

IT appears that the Labrador yarns were first published in Ottawa, and not in Ottawa despatches to New York, as we stated yesterday. We make the amende to the Great Northwestern Telegraph Company upon which we called to reveal the author of the hoax.

WITH much regret Montreal journalists will learn that a Quebec *confrere* has been fighting with an official of the Quebec Corporation. There is, however, a sad satisfaction in knowing that the newspaper man "licked" the official; in the chaste language of the telegraphic despatch "doing him up in short time."

THE Mount Royal Park improvements, like may other civic works, have been stopped through the refusal of the Provincial Legislature to pass the Bill to Amend the Montreal Charter. This is a piece of mischief for which the city has to thank Mr. Mercier, one of Montreal's most mischievous enemies. Should that gentleman and his friends get into office, it will be a misfortune for the province generally, but a calamity for Montreal. The Provincial milch cow drained dry by Conservative administrations will be killed for the sake of its hide by the leaders of the National Party.

MR. COLLINS, of Massachusetts, is entitled to the distinction of having made the most idiotic proposition so far with reference to the fishery question. He proposes that the United States should boycott Canadian railways and British shipping. His bill amounts to nothing less because the American Government does not recognize the Canadian Government in its treaty negotiations. The acts of which it complains are the acts of British subjects. The foreign country which, it pretends, has denied commercial privileges to American citizens, is the United Kingdom. If the vessels of that foreign country are excluded from United States ports, the bottom will be knocked out of American commerce as completely as it has been knocked out of American fish stealing in Canadian waters. Mr. Collins should call his measure "A bill to transfer trade from American to Canadian and other ports." There is a big Cleveland vote in Canada, but not even to please his Canadian admirers would the President do anything so unpatriotic as to declare that bill in force.

THE LABRADOR YARNS.

Our innocent contemporary (at least we hope it is innocent) the Ottawa *Free Press* confesses or professes to have been gulled by "an agent of a large fish house in Boston" about the wholesale starvation on the Labrador coast. Such fishy looking stories ought to be received with caution from unknown travellers representing large fish houses. It is astonishing how naturally the liars of this wide Dominion seem to gravitate towards Ottawa. Whether it be of Indian risings in the North-West or famine on the coast of Labrador, a sensational yarn that can be traced to Ottawa need not as a rule be traced any further. There is something demoralizing in the atmosphere of the place. A little while ago in England to brand a story as of Yankee origin was to offer to the teller an insult, that in theory, at any rate, can only be washed out in blood. Now, however, Ottawa's claim to the championship is indisputable. We believe there are some veracious people in Ottawa, but not many. For the sake of their moral health they should studiously avoid reading too many Ottawa newspapers or Ottawa telegrams to any other newspapers. And for the sake of their reputations they might date their letters from Bytown.

THE STATE OF BRITISH TRADE.

The Royal Commission appointed by the Imperial Government (Conservative) in 1885, to enquire into the causes of the depression of trade, has made its report. It will be remembered that leading Liberals refused to sit on this Commission, frankly declaring their opinion that it was a mere attempt to boom "Fair Trade" doctrines for electioneering purposes. The report, however, makes no reference to Protection or Reciprocity and suggests no alterations in the tariff. This Commission supposed to be composed of hardened "Fair Traders" reports that the volume of British trade under the existing fiscal system has increased more than commensurately with the growth of the population. Prices, and consequently profits, are low, and there has been a greatly prolonged period of over-production owing to a vast increase of wealth in the country. The Commission considers the recent failure of agricultural production the main, if not the sole cause of the diminution of the home trade. In other words, the home trade is suffering from natural, not artificial causes. The British farmers have not yet accommodated themselves to the new conditions of agriculture consequent upon American and colonial competition. At the same time that everybody is crying out that agriculture is ruined in England, dairy produce and fruit are being imported in enormous quantities; and in these things English farmers ought certainly to be able to compete on favorable terms with foreigners in the English market. Legislation may be necessary to abolish the discriminating tariffs on the English railways which make the majority of English farms practically more remote from English markets than is Manitoba. To such questions as these the Imperial Parliament may be able to devote some attention—when the Irish question is settled.

DISHONESTY AIMING AT POWER.

In supporting Mr. Stephens' attacks on the government of the province, a young Liberal asks us: "Does the alteration of name change also the character of the ministry?" referring thereby to the fact that THE STAR, which opposed and condemned previous Conservative Cabinets, is inconsistent in refusing to attack the present one in Mr. Mercier's behalf.

The alteration of one name does often greatly change the character of an organization. Of this we will give Mr. Stephens and his political friends an illustration which may appeal forcibly to them. The alteration of the name of the leader of the Liberal party in this province from Joly to Mercier, with its attendant circumstances, is the illustration to which we refer.

Perhaps we can take no better text than this as a standpoint from which to deal with the views of our Liberal critics. Let us recall the facts of Mr. Joly's resignation not only from the leadership of the Liberal party in this Province, but from the legislature itself. He was the trusted and esteemed head of a compact and energetic party. He had been in power once, and his honest and capable administration proved that he represented principle as well as party, and no man, whatever his nationality or creed, but could point with pride to Joly as a representative Canadian, or could not honorably follow where Joly chose to lead. We lay stress upon these facts, which are admitted by all, because the character of the man had everything to do with the course he took when the Riel agitation gathered strength in this province. Had he been a selfish man or a corrupt man, or insecure in the leadership of the Liberal party, or an indolent man, or even an Englishman, the course he took to protest against the utilization by the Liberal party for party ends of the death of Louis Riel would have meant little or nothing. But with the Joly which this province knew, the course which Joly took was the gravest condemnation of the Riel agitation which has yet been uttered. It meant that the foremost French Canadian Liberal in this province was forced to see in the Riel agitation a tremendous danger to the concord of the two peoples who inhabit this country.

Now, how came it about that Mr. Joly was powerless to stem the Riel tide, so that his only resource was to wash his hands of the Liberal party? How, indeed! Consult the records of the meeting on the Champ de Mars of Nov. 19, two days after Riel was hanged. Who were the leading figures there? Mr. Mercier and his lieutenants among the Provincial Liberals. They saw their opportunity to inflame popular feeling, and they jumped at it; and before Mr. Joly or the cooler men of the Liberal party in the Province had anything to say about it, Mr. Mercier had committed the party to the platform of race and revenge. What reason was there for this? Had the Government of this Province hanged Riel, or could they have prevented the hanging, or had they anything to do with it in any shape or form? Whatever the crime, if any, of the Ottawa Government, it did not implicate the Quebec Government; whatever Sir John Macdonald's blood-guiltiness, it did not affect Dr. Ross; whatever handle the Liberals might have made of Riel's death at Ottawa, they had no claim to use it here; and the use they did make of it was not only hypocritical and dishonest, but a blow at the harmony of the two races in this province; for when Mr. Mercier appealed to French Canadians to vindicate their nationality in the politics of this province, what did it mean to them — what *could* it mean to them — but that their nationality was in danger in the politics of this province, or in short that the English speaking people of this province were directly at enmity with them? Such is, neither more nor less, the meaning of the Riel cry as taken up and pushed by Mr. Mercier in provincial politics. And Mr. Mercier has used it for all it is worth and more too. It was not an accidental or temporary moyé of his, that appearance on the Champ de Mars. It was not merely to show his sympathy with his countrymen in the indignation they believed they had reason to feel against the Dominion Government. He deliberately seized the Riel cry as a lever with which to wrench this province into his own hands, at whatever cost of peace and neighborliness among us; and he has worked most earnestly and dishonestly with that lever ever since.

With all this in view, one of our critics arraigns THE STAR for "playing into the hands of the *Parti National* by confining the issue in the coming provincial election to the question whether Riel should or should not have been hanged." This is a disingenuous implication, and as we give our critics perfect freedom in our own columns, we deserve fairer treatment. The issue which influences us in the present politics of this province has nothing to do with Riel's hanging, and our utterances have always made this clear. The issue which influences us is whether a Dominion question with which this Province has nothing to do is to be used and infamously used to inflame race feelings here with the view of putting a particular lot of politicians into power at Quebec no matter whether they be Liberals or Conservatives. This gigantic and dangerous piece of dishonesty would be a nice prelude to a new regime! We are expected to swallow what Mr. Joly could not, and when we protest we are told that we are helping "erratic enthusiasts who are seeking to kindle the flames of race hatred in this province."

The Conservative Government of this province has for the past two years been comparatively a good one, and while it has made mistakes, its critics are obliged to go back to its predecessors to formulate any really formidable indictment against it. But we are not careful to answer the contention that the present Conservative Government should be dismissed for the dishonesty or incapacity of its predecessors when we weigh the gigantic dishonesty of the campaign which Mr. Mercier is conducting with a view to obtaining power for himself. A man or a party who will use such means to obtain power as Mr. Mercier and the Liberals are using will stick at nothing when they get it. We may have been defrauded and misgoverned in the past; Mr. Mercier's course promises much worse in the future should he now succeed. There are more kinds of bribes than money ones, and worse ways of influencing men than by treating them. Mr. Mercier is attempting to intoxicate a whole province, and in such a way that the minority in it is sure to sooner or later feel the effects.

AN AGENTS BLUNDER.

The city of Hamilton, Ont., has about forty thousand inhabitants, and a larger number of factories in proportion to population than any Canadian city west of Montreal. It is situated in the centre of one of the finest agricultural regions in America, where peaches, grapes and other fruits requiring a warm climate grow to perfection. It is surrounded by beautiful hills and has at its feet a lovely bay, and the people of the place thought its commercial position so good some years ago and indulged in such high hopes of its future that it was dubbed "the ambitious city."

In spite of its great expectations, and although its growth has been by no means slow, Toronto, forty miles away, long ago outstripped it in population, and the people of Ontario's capital are wont to say that Hamilton is ambitious only in name. To show that the epithet was aptly applied when the Colonial Exhibition was projected the Hamilton people determined to advertise their city in England, and a descriptive pamphlet of the city and surrounding country was published at the joint expense of the city and the county of Wentworth for free distribution at the Colonial Exhibition. They refused all advertisements, and fearing that copies might be bought up for advertising purposes, copyrighted the book. The pamphlet was in every way a credit to the ambitious city, and great results were expected from it. R. M. Wanzer & Co., the sewing machine manufacturers, volunteered to have the pamphlets distributed free of cost by their London agent, and the offer was accepted with thanks. It has just been discovered that Mr. Fricar, the Wanzer agent in London, before distributing the pamphlets stamped on the covers of 25,000 copies the following:

"With the Wanzer Sewing Machine Company's compliments, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada. (Page 11.) Chief office in Europe, 4 Great Portland street, Oxford Circus, London."

At page eleven he inserted several Wanzer sewing machine advertising dodgers.

The citizens of Hamilton are justly indignant, and although Mr. Wanzer says it was purely a blunder of his London agent, which was not in any way suggested, implied or ordered by the firm, who had simply given instructions to have the pamphlets distributed regardless of expense, some of the committee think that R. M. Wanzer & Co. should be obliged to pay the whole cost of the pamphlet. No doubt the firm were guiltless of evil intention, but they have had the benefit of the advertisement through their agent's action, and even if it costs more than it is worth they should not hesitate to pay for the pamphlets. No doubt the city would have good ground for a legal action against the firm, and even if the City Council is disposed to let the matter drop it will cause much ill feeling which will be most injurious to them unless they act honorably in the matter and pay for their agent's blunder.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Chinese Diplomacy.

[From the Nineteenth Century.]

Prince Bismarck complained not long ago of the way our Foreign Office inundated him with despatches, but even the writing powers of Downing street would not be a patch upon those of Chinese statesmen. A masterly policy of inaction is there studied to perfection, and it is rare that any case is settled until reams of paper have been covered in thrashing out every detail. A Chinese despatch must be written in a certain stereotyped form, and in acknowledging a despatch you must first begin by quoting in extenso all the documents to which you are replying. This system of reproducing all the previous correspondence proves very cumbersome as the case gradually develops. Like a lady's letter, however, the pith of a Chinese communication generally lies in the postscript, and a practiced hand will grasp the meaning at a glance. The Viceroy of a Chinese province peruses some hundreds of these documents every day, and attaches a minute to each in a business-like style, which is not excelled by our best organized departments at home.

Dilke and Beecher.

[From the Chicago Herald.]

Dilke was more than an ordinary politician. He was an extensive traveller, a great student, a leader of wonderful popularity. He was a man of wealth, the son and grandson of celebrated men, the proprietor of several prosperous periodicals, and a foe of royalty and aristocracy. He had been a member of several Parliaments; he was the youngest man who ever represented a metropolitan constituency, and he had sat in two Cabinets. Had he kept his personal record clean and avoided the complications which have now brought disgrace and ruin upon him he might easily have aspired to and gained some of the most conspicuous honors. His exposure and punishment are creditable alike to the English courts and the electors of Chelsea. Similarly tempted by party zeal, it may be doubted if an American constituency would have crushed a popular idol with such promptness.

The case of Mr. Beecher will forever estop the people of this country from criticizing the leniency of their neighbors. Dilke has been condemned on the testimony of others, damning in its character, it is true, but unsupported by any admission of his own. Beecher was convicted not only by the evidence of others, but by his own confessions, and went free. He became more popular than before, remained in the pulpit at increased salary, drew larger congregations, and was more than ever held up as a pattern for mankind. In the words of his friends, "he lived down the scandal," while the men and women who were his victims found that the scandal lived them down.

August.

The corn is standing in golden rows,
The gardens are rich in things to eat;
Melons are ripe, and each man knows
Abundance is spreading at his feet,
Luscious and mellow and passing sweet.
The sky above us is still most blue,
And the sun glares down the livelong day;
But work all done and labor through,
We well can sleep the night away;
For breezes rise at set of sun,
To cool the earth and revive the flowers;
As the evening veil above is hung,
We watch the stars from this world of ours,
And smile at the pleasant August hours.

—*Sophie L. Schenck in Brooklyn Magazine.*

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

ONTARIO.

The Mayor of Toronto has issued a proclamation appointing August 16 as the annual civic holiday.

Mr. J. W. Johnson, F. C. A., Principal of Ontario Business College, Belleville, has just returned from a visit to Bermuda in the interest of the college, which is largely patronized by Bermudians. Several students accompanied him to Belleville.

The Lower Town representatives, who unsuccessfully opposed the motion passed by the Ottawa City Council authorizing the Mayor to memorialize the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council for the annexation of New Edinburgh, now propose, it is said, sending a deputation to Toronto to endeavor to persuade the local Government to refuse the petition of the memorial.

Citizens of Toronto are very backward in subscribing towards the Knights of Pythias deficit in connection with the recent demonstration. The total subscriptions received up to date only amount to $737. There is a deficit of about $4000, and Dr. King, supreme prelate, has made a public appeal for aid, looking to the general benefit derived from the visit of so many thousands of strangers.

Frank Brierton, butcher on Queen street West, Toronto, and a friend, on Monday night ate a portion of a dish of blackberries. They were immediately seized with violent pains in the stomach. Medical aid was summoned and emetics promptly administered. For some hours it was doubtful if they could recover, but Tuesday morning, though very weak, they were pronounced out of danger. The medical attendant states that the symptoms were those of Paris green poisoning, and it is supposed that a solution of this powder had been poured on the berries when on the bushes to act as insect destroyer, and had not been washed off before presentation at table.

QUEBEC.

The grocers of Quebec are agitating the early hour closing question.

An inquest will be held on the body of a young lad, a passenger on the schooner "Fleetwing," who was accidentally drowned at Quebec on Tuesday.

The Bar of Quebec has passed resolutions of sympathy with the bereaved family of the late Mr. G. H. Larue. The funeral took place at Quebec Tuesday morning and was largely attended.

A fight of a very scientific nature was indulged in at Quebec Monday evening by a certain newspaper man and an official of the corporation. The newspaper man got the best of the official, doing him up in a short time.

The body of Mr. L. H. Tibbitts, drowned in the river a mile below Lawrenceville on Tuesday last, was recovered on Thursday and taken to Brome Corner to be buried in the family burying ground. Mr. Tibbitts was a middle aged man of generous disposition, and was well liked by the entire community. The state of his crops testifies to his ability as a farmer, being the best in the vicinity. This is the saddest accident ever chronicled from Lawrenceville.

Stanstead Plain.

The funeral of Thomas W. Wyman, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Stanstead, took place on Sunday last, and was very largely attended. The service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Chambers, at the Methodist Church, which was very tastefully and appropriately decorated for the occasion. The music was ably rendered by a selected quartette consisting of Mr. H. E. Foster, Miss Mary Fuller, Mr. H. A. Channell and Dr. R. M. Canfield, Miss Jessie Colby officiating at the organ. The Mayor and Council attended in a body, to testify the respect due, not only to one of their oldest townsmen, but also to a councilor who had so efficiently and for many years assisted them in their deliberations. Mr. Wyman came here in 1840 a comparatively poor man, but by dint of energy and perseverance in his business as a jeweller he accumulated sufficient wealth to rank him with the richest inhabitants. His death took place on Thursday, the 29th July, at Newport, Vt., where he stopped on his way home from St. Leon Springs.

Sherbrooke.

The foundation of the Paton Manufacturing Company's new store house has been laid and the brick work well under way.

Visitors to Forepaugh's Circus and Menagerie, which will exhibit here on the 5th inst., are cautioned against pickpockets and confidence men.

Tenders are asked for to construct the new Methodist church at the corner of Court and Bank streets. Plans and specifications are in the hands of Dr. Dowlin.

Messrs. Gordon & Loomis have nearly completed the brick work of the new hospital on Belvidere street, and are about commencing the new building in connection with the Smith Elkins Manufacturing Company's works.

Messrs. Bowen and Cotè have returned from their fishing trip to the boundary line ponds and Moose River on the International Railway extension. They had excellent sport, and report large game as being very plentiful, particularly caribou and deer. The work carrying the rails as far as "the gulf," on Moose River, will be commenced and completed immediately. This will complete 27 miles of railway east of Lake Megantic.

The heavy rain of Thursday evening lodged a quantity of grain, but a few days fine weather will bring a good deal of it back to a nearly upright position. Heavily laden apple trees suffered some damage. The lightning was very bright and almost continuous, but being principally sheet lightning did not produce the usual thundering after clap accompaniment. The rain of the Tuesday before effected a rise of over two feet in the St. Francis River the same day.

The new exhibition building is boarded in and looks very well from the opposite of the river. From its elevated position it can be seen from nearly every part of the city. The streets between the exhibition grounds and the St. Francis are being put in thorough repair, and new sidewalks have been laid on Bridge street. The want of a sidewalk on the outside of the Aylmer bridge to balance the one on the south side will lead to a Broadway block between pedestrians going in opposite directions during exhibition week. Perhaps, however, the majority will manage to make their trips to and from the grounds about the same time.

THE INCREASE OF SHIPPING.

An Increase of About 56,000 Tons in Montreal's Ocean Tonnage Over Last Year.

The monthly statement of the Harbour Commissioners for July contains the following information:

STATEMENT OF REVENUE.

July,	1885.	1886.
From Customs—		
Wharfage inwards	$18,000	$21,000
Wharfage outwards	9,000	11,000
Tonnage dues on vessels	6,500	7,500
Total	$33,500	$39,500
Local Traffic	4,892	4,756
Total for July	$38,392	$44,256
Amount of revenue previously reported	58,556	69,401
	$96,948	$113,657
Increase in ocean traffic	15,500	
Increase in local traffic	1,209	
Net increase to August 1st	$16,709	or say 14.70 p. c.

The following is the statement of the number and tonnage of sea-going vessels that arrived in port, from the opening of navigation up to August 1st, the following years:

Years	Steamships.	Tonnage.	Sail.	Tonnage.	Total Number.	Total Tonnage.
1883	220	289,622	75	26,489	295	316,111
1884	205	272,945	87	34,634	292	306,678
1885	206	294,153	79	32,612	285	326,765
1886	248	343,485	74	39,275	322	382,760

Number of inland vessels that arrived in port from the opening of navigation up to August 1st the following years:

Years.	Vessels.	Years.	Vessels.
1883	2494	1885	2948
1884	2263	1886	2684

THE CHAMBLY ELECTION.

Declaration of the Result Postponed Until Monday—The St. Lambert Box Opened —What it Contained.

In his proclamation for the Chambly election, Mr. Hurteau, the returning officer, appointed yesterday afternoon at three o'clock the time at which he would open the ballot boxes, sum up the vote cast for the two candidates and declare the result. Owing to the St. Lambert incident a good deal of interest was taken in the proceedings which took place at the hour mentioned at the registry office of the county of Chambly at Longueuil, the returning officer's headquarters. Many politicians who had gone over from the city to be present at the official count were disappointed in not being admitted to the room, as Mr. Hurteau declared that only the candidates or their representatives could be present. Mr. Jodoin attended in person, but Mr. Prefontaine, who was present at the registry office, chose to be represented by Mr. C. A. Geoffrion, Q. C. These gentlemen were closeted with Mr. Hurteau for over two hours, and a warm discussion is said to have ensued as to whether the ballots cast at St. Lambert could be admitted or not. Finally the meeting broke up, the returning officer having made up his mind to adjourn until Monday at three o'clock. To a STAR reporter Mr. Hurteau stated that he was bound to strictly follow the law, and consequently he would require a sworn statement from Mr. Renaud, the deputy returning officer at St. Lambert, before accepting the ballots cast there. He had adjourned for this purpose. At the suggestion of Mr. Geoffrion, the box (which was not sealed) had been opened to take an inventory of the number of ballots. He said 68 of these had been found poll-mell in the box, but he would not say how many of these had been cast for Mr. Jodoin or Mr. Prefontaine. He referred the reporter for information on this point to Mr. Viger, Mr. Prefontaine's agent, who had counted the votes. Mr. Hurteau concluded by stating that if Mr. Renaud stated on oath that the ballots in the box were exact they would be accepted and counted together with the rest. From Mr. Prefontaine and Mr. Geoffrion it was learned that the St. Lambert box contained 68 ballots, 40 of which had been cast for Mr. Jodoin and 28 for Mr. Prefontaine, giving the former a majority of 12.

It is claimed, however, that two of these ballots are illegal, and that such candidate will lose one. One ballot which had been marked for Mr. Jodoin had the following inscription on it in French: "I vote for Mr. Jodoin, Noel Marcille," and on the other ballot Mr. Prefontaine's name was struck out altogether and a cross placed at the end.

It seems decided that Mr. Prefontaine will not ask for a recount before the courts until after the result is declared, and then it is possible that he will declare himself satisfied without any recount at all.

By present appearances Mr. Prefontaine has an apparent majority of 86 in the whole county.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Cricket.

THE CANADIAN INTERNATIONAL TEAM.

The annual international cricket match between Canada and the United States, to be played in New York next week, is likely to prove of more than usual interest. The United States cricketers are anxious to reverse the results of the matches of 1884 and 1885, both of which were easily won by the Canadian teams. On the other hand, the Canadian team, which has usually consisted entirely of Ontario and Quebec men, will this year include a couple of Halifax players, nominated by the Halifax Club at the special request of the Canadian Cricket Association. The full Canadian team has been selected and is as follows: W. W. Vickers, W. W. Jones, M. Boyd and D. W. Saunders, all of Toronto; A. Gillespie and R. B. Fergie, of Hamilton; F. Harley, of Guelph; B. T. A. Bell, of Montreal; W. C. Little, of Ottawa, and L. J. Fuller and W. A. Henry, of Halifax.

Notes.

"Ben All" won the second race at Saratoga, in a canter.

"Lady Gibney," the celebrated trotting mare, died at Hartford, Conn., last week.

A match is being arranged between Hanlan and Courtney, to be rowed at Rockaway Beach, for $500 to $1000 a side.

H. W. Staples, of Newark, N. J., has challenged Mr. Graham, the champion wing shot of England, to a match for $500 or $1000 a side.

Gaudaur and Hamm sail for England on Thursday. A match has been arranged between Gaudaur and Beach for $5000, to be rowed on September 18.

THE IRISH VICEROY.

The "Times" on Lord Aberdeen's Departure —Preparations for the Reception of Lord Londonderry — Mr. Balfour on Irish Affairs.

LONDON, August 4.—The *Times*, alluding to the demonstration in Dublin yesterday upon the departure of the Earl of Aberdeen, says: "It would be absurd to attempt to draw any conclusions for a spectacle which, though not without its pleasing features, chiefly illustrates the mutability and sincerity of the Celtic character. All the scenic apparatus is ready to show Ireland's heart-hatred of England, when it suits the stage managers to change the performance."

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach and the Marquis of Londonderry will start for Dublin tomorrow.

The *Standard* says: "The state entry of the new Lord-Lieutenant will doubtless be a brilliant affair, but after the wild enthusiasm of yesterday any ordinary pageant will appear tame. It was a demonstration in favor of Home Rule, which Mr. Gladstone, at the proper time, will doubtless make the most of. Lord Londonderry and Mr. Michael Hicks-Beach must be content to forego the approbation which is to be obtained at so perilous a price."

Much importance is attached to Mr. Balfour's address to his constituents, as reflecting the views of Lord Salisbury. Mr. Balfour says: "The decisive verdict of the country on the Irish policy of Mr. Gladstone makes it clear that a majority of the people are decidedly opposed to any loosening of the bonds knitting the United Kingdom. In spite of the additional difficulties with which Mr. Gladstone's recent action has loaded an already difficult problem, the Government will pursue a policy just to every interest of Ireland and generous to every legitimate Irish aspiration. The Government will be firm in the execution of the law, while striving to remove the chief evils under which Ireland suffers."

DRIVEN FROM CHURCH.

Bees Drive Pastor and People Out of Church—Immense Find of Honey.

OAKLAND, Ill., August 2.—The Christian Church at Harmony, near this place, has been inhabited by bees for a number of years. The bees took up their abode in the wall behind the pulpit. The pastor of the church has been annoyed by them, and they finally got so bad that they drove the pastor, people, and all out of the church and had undisputed possession. To-day a crowd collected and ripped the siding off from the foundation to the roof, where they thought the bees were located. After getting the siding off the men found that the bees had deposited their honey in the wall between the studding, which were two inches wide and six inches apart, that space being completely filled with honey to a height of sixteen feet. The honey was carried away in washtubs and pails, and divided among the neighbors.

A SPLIT IN THE RANKS.

Divided Opinions Regarding the Coming Irish Convention in Chicago.

NEW YORK, August 4.—At a meeting of the municipal Council of the Irish National League, last night, President Egan's letter warning the Council against interfering in the reception of the Irish delegates was hissed. A resolution was adopted to the effect that all societies that had furnished financial aid to the Irish cause should be recognized at the National Convention in Chicago, making the Convention one of Irish societies and not one of the National League.

SNOW IN AUGUST.

OTTAWA, August 3.—The weather here since last evening has been remarkably cool. Flakes of snow are reported to have fallen in several parts of the city.

ROME, N. Y., August 3.—Snow fell here early this morning for about five minutes. The weather is extremely cold.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN DEAD.

(SPECIAL TO THE STAR.)

TORONTO, August 4.—A telegram from New York says: "Samuel J. Tilden died at 8.45 this morning.

POOR ZAIRA GATTINI.

The Sad Experience and Cruel Fate of a Favorite Italian Prima Donna.

LONDON, August 2.—A tragic story is told by the *Cologne Gazette* of the sad experience and cruel fate of the favorite Italian prima donna, Zaira Gattini. A short time ago, Zaira, her mother and two brothers went to Barcelona, where the prima donna was to fulfill an engagement. While there the mother became ill. Physicians were called, but the patient steadily grew worse. Zaira attended at the bedside of her mother during the day and regularly appeared at the theatre each night, leaving her brothers to watch over the sick woman.

One night while Zaira was absent at the theatre the physicians informed her brothers that their mother was in a hopeless condition and could live but a few hours at the most. The elder of the brothers, crazed by grief at this announcement, seized a pistol and shot himself dead in the presence of his mother, who expired almost immediately afterward. The younger brother hastened to the theatre to inform his sister. He was admitted, and met her just as she was leaving the stage, burdened with flowers, and her ears ringing with the applause of the audience. In a few words he told her what had happened, when, with a scream that was heard all over the house, she ran to a window and attempted to throw herself to the ground. She was restrained by friends, who, attracted by her cries, rushed toward her, and was immediately conveyed to her apartments. When her paroxysm of grief had subsided it was found that the shock had deprived her of her reason, permanently, the physicians feared, and she is now confined in an asylum.

MURDER OF A CLERGYMAN.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, August 4.—Rev. G. Chadock, pastor of the Methodist Church here, and who has been the leader in the prosecution of the saloon cases, was shot and instantly killed last evening on the street. There is no clue to the perpetrator of the dastardly crime, but there seems to be no doubt that it grew out of the war lately inaugurated on the saloons. Great excitement prevails.

SOUTH LONDONDERRY ELECTION.

LONDON, August 4.—Judge Monroe has granted Mr. Healy's petition for a scrutiny of the ballot papers cast in the South Londonderry election, which resulted in Mr. Healy's defeat.

G. M. D.

Walking down Broadway is very pleasant when you feel well, and T——K——never felt better than when his friend asked him how he got over that severe cough of his so speedily. "Ah, my boy," said T——, "G. M. D. did it!" and his friend wondered what G.M.D. meant. He knew it did not mean a Good Many Doctors, for T—— K—— had tried a dozen in vain. "I have it," said he, just hitting the nail on the head, "you mean Dr. Pierce's 'Golden Medical Discovery,' or Gold Medal Deserved, as my friend J——S ——always dubs it." Sold by druggists.

The stud of the Empress of Austria is to be brought to the hammer to Her Majesty's great regret. She obeys the doctor's orders by riding no more.

Nose Eaten Off.

Mr. G. H., of Ottawa, a shoemaker by trade, had catarrh so bad, and neglected it so long, that his nose was entirely eaten away. He had been aware of an offensive ulceration for more than a year, but had no idea it would result so seriously till the delicate bones became involved in the destructive process, and after that the progress of the disease was so rapid that the whole nose was destroyed in less than three months. His home doctor told him that nothing could be done to stop the ravages of the dreadful disease, but he came to us, and, after a long and careful course of treatment, was cured. If he had applied in time his nose would have been saved. This disease caused him a great deal of annoyance, and he had spent several hundred dollars for treatment and various patent remedies, but constantly grew worse rather than better. He came to us in July, 1885, and after taking our remedies one month declared they had done him more good than all the medicine he had taken before. After continuing the treatment three months longer he was entirely cured.

The Chief of the British-American Surgeons, together with his assistants, from Dr. Kergan's British-American Medical and Surgical Institute, of Detroit, Mich., *are now at the Albion Hotel.* Free consultations daily (Sunday excepted) from 9 a. m. until 9 p. m. All chronic diseases and deformities treated as specialties.

Vieuxtemps, born in 1820, when 2 years of age, passed whole hours striking the strings of a bow of the cords of a little instrument. At the age of 4½ years he began to decipher music.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25 cents a bottle.

Mendelssohn Bartholdy, born in 1809, at 8 years of age was able to read every kind of music at sight, and to write the harmony upon a bass correctly.

My friend, look here! you know how weak and nervous your wife is, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve her, now why not be fair about it and buy her a box?

Sax, born in 1814, when only 12 years old, would make very fine clarionets and flutes.

Holloway's Corn Cure is the medicine to remove all kinds of corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of twenty-five cents.

Liszt, born in 1811, at 9 years of age improvised in public in such a manner as to excite the greatest astonishment.

Pope & Bitleau, druggists, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, writes: We have never sold any medicine that gives such satisfaction to the consumer and pleasure to the seller as Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. We can refer you to numbers that have used it for diphtheria with entire satisfaction and success.

Thalberg, born in 1812, was only 15 years old when he began to attract attention in the world of music.

There are cheap panaceas for various human ailments continually cropping up. Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure has no affinity with any of these. Unlike them, the article is derived from the purest sources, is prepared with the utmost chemical skill, and is a genuine remedy and not a palliative for Billiousness, Constipation, Kidney troubles, impurity of the blood, and female complaints.

Special Notice.

It is conceded by all musicians that no piano in the world equals the tone of the New York Weber. All styles for sale or hire at the stores of the N. Y. Piano Company, St. James street. 180 2

NEW SAFES!

WORTHY OF ATTENTION.

—to—

Anyone desirous of seeing

Burglar-Proof Safes,

—AND—

FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

that have withstood every test, and received first prizes wherever exhibited in competition, the make and construction of which cannot be successfully imitated, will please call at our Wareroom:

154 St. James St.

J. & J. TAYLOR,
TORONTO SAFE WORKS,
C. K. ADAMS, } Managers
W. H. OLIVE } Montreal Branch.

131 2aw

Thomas J. Potter's Sales.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, GASALIERS.

Lot of 32 Boxes Japan and Green Tea, &c
Clearing Sale at my store on
THURSDAY MORNING, 5th August,
at 10 o'clock.
THOS. J. POTTER,
178 Auctioneer.

Thomson & Gowdey's Sales.

THE GRAND CENTRAL,
241 AND 243 ST. JAMES STREET,
Friday Afternoon, Aug. 6th, 3 o'clock.
Bankrupt Stock Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes
Large assortment Umbrellas, &c.; General
Furniture, Carpets, &c.
THOMSON & GOWDEY.
173 Auctioneers.

W. E. Shaw's Sales.

THE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, etc., at my rooms, 322 St. James St., on FRIDAY, the 6th inst., will comprise M. T. Walnut Bedroom Sets, Nickel-Plated Show Cases, a very fine Gas Stove, a Regulator Clock, Single and Double Mattresses, New Baby Carriages, Sewing Machines, Lounges, Cane Seat Chairs, etc.
SALE AT TEN O'CLOCK.
W. E. SHAW,
179 Auctioneer.

A. Marcotte & Co's. Sales.

AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned will sell by Auction, FRIDAY, the 9th inst., at No. 120 St. Antoine St.,
1 Cover Buggy (2 seats, Jumper), 1 Buggy (2 seats, Quebec), 2 Top Buggies, and 4 other Piano Box Buggies.
All those are new and will be sold without reserve; also, a good Express Waggon, having been in use for the last few months only.
Sale at TEN o'clock a.m.
A. MARCOTTE & CO.,
180 3 Auctioneers.

INSOLVENT NOTICE

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

96 St. Francois Xavier st.,
Montreal,
2nd August, 1886.
Re MAX. ROTHSCHILD,
Kazabazua, P. Q.

Max. Rothschild, of the Villages of Kazabazua and Low, General Storekeeper, has this day made an assignment of his Estate to the undersigned, for the benefit of all his creditors.
Claims must be filed within seven days from the date hereof.
W. ALEX. CALDWELL,
180 3 TRUSTEE.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE TARIFF,
WITH
STERLING, FRANC, AND OTHER TABLES,
As in force from 31st March, 1886.
Amended to 28th May, and Corrected to June 19th, 1886.
PRICE 25 CENTS.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & BULMER,
STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MAKERS, AND PRINTERS,
1755 & 1757 NOTRE DAME ST.,
MONTREAL.
160 eod

GILMOUR BROTHERS,

Wholesale Dry Goods and Smallwares,

87 ST. PETER STREET,

Beg respectfully to call the attention of the trade to the large stock we have recently opened at the above commodious premises, and invite inspection, feeling confident that our prices will compare favorably with any in the market.

We call particular attention to our

English Woollen Goods.

Having bought same before the late advance, customers can take advantage of buying at the old prices.

Our Smallware Department

will be found well assorted, amongst which we have a few

NOVELTIES IN TOYS.

Give us a share of your patronage

GILMOUR BROTHERS.
180 tf

Porto Rico Sugars & Molasses.

Just arrived to our consignment the Barque "Journal" from Ponce, with

254 Hhds SUGAR,

also in Store, the cargo of the "Jeannette," from same port, consisting of

Good to Choice Molasses.

TIFFIN BROS.

BIRTHS.

RAINVILLE—At Montreal, August 3, the wife of H. B. Rainville, advocate, of a daughter. 180 2

MARRIAGES.

BAULF-DRISCOLL.—On August 3, in St. Patrick's Church by the Rev. Father Dowd, D. Baulf of Winnipeg to Julia A. Driscoll, daughter of R. Driscoll of this city. (Brockville and Winnipeg papers please copy.)

CORLEY-CUDDY—At the Bishop's Palace, Aug. 3, by His Grace the Archbishop of Montreal, assisted by the Rev. Fathers Morgan and Donnelly, Timothy Corley, of Swinford, Ireland, to Maggie, daughter of John P. Cuddy Esq., of this city. 180 2

ERNST-STRUM—At Lunenburg, N. S., July 24, by Rev. G. L. Rankin, Eli Ernst to Ida Maud P. Strum.

ENGLISH-HALL—At Lunenburg, N. S., July 24, by Rev. R. C. Caswall, James Albert English to Anna Mathilda Hall.

ISARD-BAILEY—At Hamilton, Ont., July 29, by Rev. J. Odery, Edwin A. Isard to Jennie May Bailey.

McEWEN-BURNS—At Amherst, N. S., July 27, by Rev. S. D. Yates, James McEwen to Jennet Burns.

STEVENSON-JOHNSON—At Hamilton, Ont., July 31, by Rev. Wm. Massey, M. A., Arthur Stevenson to Louisa Annie Johnson.

VEASEY-HIGGINS—At Hamilton, Ont., Aug. 2, by Rev. Dr. Adams, Henry Veasey to Elizabeth A. Higgins.

WOLFE-LANGILLE—At Amherst, N. S., July 28, by Rev. D. Macgregor, B. A., Emil Wolfe to Jennie Langille.

WIGGINS-CAMPBELL—At Lakeville, Carleton County, N. B., July 28, by Rev. J. B. Flewelling, George S. Wiggins to Lillie L. Campbell.

DEATHS.

BLAIR—Drowned on July 9, in Ottawa River, near Chalk River, William Charles Blair, of Kincardine, Perthshire, Scotland. 179 3

CONROY—In this city, on August 3, Kate Mohan, aged 56, relict of the late Patrick Madden, and wife of Joseph Conroy. Funeral from her husband's residence, 77 Delisle street, on Thursday, August 5, at 8 a. m., to the Roman Catholic Cemetery. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

CROWLEY—at St. John, N. B., July 31, Johanna Crowley, 60 years.

DUBEAU—Accidentally drowned, at Shelter Island, N. Y., on Sunday, August 1, Joseph, aged 23 years 9 months, son of the late Jacques Dubeau. Funeral will take place from his mother's residence, No. 234 Mount Royal street, St. Jean Baptiste Ward, on Thursday afternoon, August 5, at 3.30 o'clock, to the R. C. cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

GILLIES—In the city on Wednesday, 4th inst., of heart disease, Theresa Gillies, aged 26 years, daughter of Mr. John Gillies. Funeral from her father's residence, 225 St. Martin street, on Friday morning, 6th inst, at half-past seven o'clock, to St. Anthony's Church and thence to the R. C. cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend. 181 2

KEOGH—At Cote St. Louis, Aug. 2, Margaret, eldest daughter of Edward Keogh. Funeral Thursday, Aug. 5, at 8.30 a. m. from her father's residence, 63 Carriere street, to parish church, thence to R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend. 180 2

MOFFATT—At Otonabee, Ont., August 1, Andrew Moffatt, 76 years.

MacFARLAN—August 4, in this city, Mary Stewart MacFarlan, daughter of the late Deputy Commissary General MacFarlan and granddaughter of the late Principal MacFarlan of the University of Glasgow. Notice of funeral hereafter. 181 3

PETERS—At South Bar, C. B., July 25, Capt. George M. Peters, 50 years.

RAE—At Pugwash River, N. S., July 30, Margaret Rae, 77 years.

WHITNEY—At Hamilton, Ont., August 1, Mary Whitney, 55 years.

The Weather.

1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours: Fresh west and northwest winds; fine weather; not much change in temperature.

READINGS BY HEARN & HARRISON'S Standard Thermometer at this day: Max. 74°; Min., 51°; same date last year: Max. 78°, min. 59°.

Barometer readings to-day: 8 a. m. 29.79; 12 m., 29.81; 3 p. m., 29.81.

Too Much of a Good Thing Don't Suit the French.

The recent manifesto of Prince Napoleon recalls a *mot* by the late Emile de Girardin.

"What would you do if I should become emperor?" asked the Prince of Emile, who was a violent Orleanist.

"Monsignor, I should retire to Belgium and remain there during your entire reign."

"During my entire reign? You can't mean it."

"Oh, don't give yourself any uneasiness, monsignor, I shouldn't have to stay there long!"

An Artless Remark.

Little boy (to very stout lady visitor) Wasn't you single before you married Mr. Slimley?

Stout lady—Yes, my dear.

Little boy (perplexed)—Oh, then when you married Mr. Slimley you became double, didn't you?

Stout lady—Oh, no, my dear; we became one, as they say.

Little boy (conclusively)—Oh, then you're the *one*, ain't you?—*Harper's Bazar.*

Steamer "Persia."

J. H. SCOTT, - Master.

SAILS EVERY FRIDAY AT.....7 P. M.

Fare to { TORONTO.....$7.50 / ST. CATHARINES.....8.00 / NIAGARA FALLS.....8.50

MEALS AND BERTH INCLUDED.

D. BATTERSBY, - 181 St. James St. (Citizens' Insurance Building).

0512aw

JUST IN,—A fine lot of real American Mahogany Bedroom Suites, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Gentlemen's Dressing Bureaus, Bookcases, Fancy Tables, &c., &c., very Cheap, this month. WM. KING & CO., 652 Craig street. 181 2

OUR VERY LARGE AND COMPLETE stock of Chamber Suites, of 35 different styles, some entirely new, in Black Walnut, Oak, Mahogany, Cherry, White Ash and African Ash Panels, Ebonized and Mahogonized Suites, Enamelled Suites in beautiful landscapes and in delicate tints, at

OWEN McGARVEY & SON'S,

Nos. 1849, 1851 and 1853 NOTRE DAME ST., Corner McGill St. 181 2

POIRIER'S ADVERTISEMENT.

CAUTION—BALDWIN FINGERINGS.

Ladies, be aware of certain merchants selling inferior quality Fingerings for Baldwin's, pretending to sell them cheaper than others, when in fact they are only a cheap Fingering which is dear at the price asked for, comparing with the real Baldwin. The Baldwin & Walker Fingering is another substitute for Baldwin and is a cheaper quality of wool. The real Baldwin Fingering has a ticket attached to every quarter of a pound, with a BEE HIVE ON IT AND THE LETTERS B.B. on one side and J. AND J. BALDWIN BEE HIVE FINGERING on the other, and ladies ought to refuse any Fingerings without that ticket on, as all others are imitations. It would also be good to remember that every quarter of a pound should contain four Skeins as they are sometimes sold three skeins to the quarter. This certainly does not speak in favor of Dry Goods merchants, but there are such unscrupulous ones in the trade, and for the sake of honest dealers, ought to be pointed out to the Public.

I keep the real Baldwin Fingering in stock and sell it at a price consistent with quality and weight.

H. F. POIRIER,

1311—&—1313

ST. CATHERINE STREET.

QUEEN'S HALL BLOCK.

181†

THE ALBERT CO'Y'S

OATMEAL TOILET SOAP

Makes the Skin Soft and Smooth.

Sold by Leading Grocers.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1886.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS!
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MONTREAL LACE HOUSE

Go direct to Headquarters for Laces, Flouncing and Drapery. The Newest Designs and Latest Novelties will be found, and the best value is at the Montreal Lace House, namely,

S. CARSLEY'S.

HANDKERCHIEFS
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HANDKERCHIEFS

Go to the Popular Store for Ladies' and Children's Handkerchiefs, where the largest assortment is kept, where you can get the newest novelties, and where they sell much cheaper than other stores, namely,

S. CARSLEY'S.

JERSEY SUITS FOR BOYS
JERSEY SUITS FOR BOYS
JERSEY SUITS FOR BOYS

A Large Lot of Boys' Jersey Suits,

GREATLY REDUCED
GREATLY REDUCED
GREATLY REDUCED

ALL SIZES ALL SIZES ALL SIZES

BEST QUALITIES BEST QUALITIES BEST QUALITIES.

S. CARSLEY.

JONAS BROOKS & BROS.

Parties requiring the very best Sewing Cotton, for Hand or Machine use, should ask for Brooks' Spool Cotton. It is the popular sewing Cotton in England for manufacturing purposes and private use, and has been for generations past. Ever since Messrs. Brooks Bros. have reduced the price to the same as ordinary spool cotton the demand has kept steadily increasing.

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S

ADVERTISEMENT.

DURING AUGUST,

we will offer Cheap Lines in SILKS and SATIN RHADAMES.

"VISITORS"

should not fail to visit our Silk Department, as we are selling all kinds of Silk Goods, at and below Wholesale Prices.

A large assortment of Black and Colored Satin Rhadames, 75c, worth $1.00.

A large assortment of Black and Colored Satin Rhadames, $1.00, worth $1.40.

Brocaded Satins in large assortment of colors, 75c, worth $1.25.

Black Gros Grain Silks, at prices that will make quick and large sales.

Gros Grain Silks, from 50c up.

HEADQUARTERS

for cheap Silks and Satins,

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S.

The balance of our Prints, at Clearing Out Prices.

The balance of our Dress Ginghams, at Clearing Out Prices.

The balance of our Dress Muslins, at Clearing Out Prices.

The balance of our Dress Satins, at Clearing Out Prices.

REMEMBER!

We are also clearing out large lines of all kinds of Summer and Fall Dress Goods.

See our All Wool Dress Goods, at 20c.

See our All Wool Dress Goods, at 25c.

See our All Wool Dress Goods, at 30c.

Buy your Umbrellas at

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S.

For Best Value in all kinds of Dry Goods, come to

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S,

1781 & 1783 NOTRE DAME ST.,

105, 107, 109, 111 ST. PETER ST.

Terms Cash and only One Price. 181†

S. D. HAMILTON,

1935 NOTRE DAME STREET.

GREAT AUGUST SALE.

A sale in August is the best time of the year for

BARGAINS

with us, as many of our old customers know right well, at other times of the year we want to sell goods but we want to make money too, but in August the sales are all we care about, we want to get our stocks down and we don't stop to consider sacrifices.

MULL MUSLIN.

Our wide India Mull Muslin, in all Colors, worth 25c yard, to be sold at 10c yard.

SHAWLS.

All Wool French Cashmere Shawls, in White, Cream, Blue, and Red, regular price, $2.00, which we will sell for $1.60 each, just the thing for picnics, seaside, and evening wear; they are beauties, no mistake about it.

BLACK STRIPED SILK.

Good quality, come and secure some, only 90c yard.

BROCADED VELVET.

Large assortment of Black Brocaded Velvet, for Fall Dresses and Mantles, worth $3.00 yard, for $2.00.

GREAT BARGAINS IN WOOL SHAWLS,

Blue, White, and Red.

Shawls, worth $1.60 each, for 60c.
Shawls, worth $2.00 each, for $1.25.
Shawls, worth $2.50 each, for $1.50.
Shawls, worth $4.00 each, for $2.50.

S. D. HAMILTON,

1935 NOTRE DAME STREET.

Opposite Dupré Lane.

1812aw

Johnstons Fluid Beef

The Only Nutritious and Reliable Preparation in the Market.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS. 178

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS!

—OF—

SUMMER

Boots & Shoes

PRICES LOW ENOUGH TO

SUIT EVERYBODY!

Ladies' But. and Laced Boots, from 75c up.
Ladies' Fine Kid Buttoned Boots, worked button holes, $1.15.
Men's good Lace Hand Cong. Boots, for $1.25.
Boys' and Girls' School Boots, from 75c up.
Ladies' Fine Buttoned and Tie Shoes, for 65c.
Men's Nice Neat Shoes, from 90c up.
Ladies' Good Prunella Slippers and Congress, 50c.
Men's Fine Sewed Laced Boots, $1.75.

A Genuine Bargain Guaranteed to Everyone at

W. R. THOMPSON'S,

100—McGILL ST.—100

Directly opposite St. Ann's Market.

1811†

LIGGET & HAMILTON'S

Announcement.

HOSIERY SALE.

Before the arrival of our new goods we have determined to clear out a number of odd lines in Ladies' and Children's Stockings, of various kinds and qualities, and in order to insure a speedy sale we have made them REMARKABLY CHEAP. Many of them are Woollen Goods, suitable for the approaching Fall and Winter. We invite immediate inspection.

NEW BEADED GOODS.

In Steel, Gold, and Black, just received, at very low prices.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS.

We are selling New Goods already very freely, and our customers seem fully alive to the fact that this is the time to buy, as all prices MUST BE HIGHER later on in the Season. We have many of our important lines of Dress Goods already in stock, all marked at old prices, notwithstanding the great advance which has taken place. Our advice to our customers and the public is, BUY EARLY TO GET THE BEST VALUE FOR THE MONEY.

SASH RIBBONS.

"JOB."

These Goods are all Silk, rich quality, 8 inches wide, worth $1.00 per yard, to be cleared out at 19c per yard.

Dressmaking by Mrs. White. Perfect fit, and moderate charges.

Stores close at 6 O'clock, and 1 O'clock on Saturdays.

LIGGET & HAMILTON

1883 and 1885 Notre Dame St

1812eod

BOISSEAU BROTHERS'

GREAT SUMMER CLEARING SALE

STILL GOING ON.

All Goods reduced right down. Call for Bargains.

Just received, a large job lot of

LADIES' CASHMERE JERSEYS,

To be cleared at half the regular price, in Black and all the leading shades.

SALE COMMENCING TO-MORROW.

CALL FOR BARGAINS.

235—&—237

ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

BOISSEAU BROTHERS.

180†

THE DOMINION LINEN WAREHOUSE.

FLANNELS. FLANNELS.

We have just received our stock of ALL WOOL GREY FLANNELS, and they are with us, doubt the best value we have ever had in these goods.

ALL WOOL GREY FLANNELS, in all widths and prices, from 20c per yard up.

PRINTS. PRINTS.

For the best value in PRINTS, at very low prices, come to

DOMINION LINEN WAREHOUSE.

JAMES A. O'GILVY.

181 †

ROCHEFORT SUPPORTS BOULANGER.

Almost Alone in Finding Excuses for the French Minister of War.

PARIS, August 4.—M. Rochefort is almost alone in finding excuses for General Boulanger, who is being told on all sides that he is not worthy to hold the portfolio of War Minister.

The history of the dispute can be told in a few words. It will be remembered that during the discussion in the Chamber of Deputies on the expulsion of the Princes, Gen. Boulanger, Minister of War, was taken to task by the Duc de la Rochefoucauld-Bisaccia, who exclaimed: "It was the Duc d'Aumale who made you a General," to which M. Boulanger replied: "I was named a General when Gen. Wolf commanded the *corps d'armee*, and when Gen. Farre was Minister of War. I do not suppose that the Duc d'Aumale had anything to do with my nomination." Now comes M. Limbourg the Duc d'Aumale's confidential man, and gives to the public a letter dated 1889 having the signature of Col. Boulanger and addressed "to Monseigneur the Duc d'Aumale." In that letter Col Boulanger expresses himself thus: "Monseigneur, it is to you that I owe my nomination to the grade of General. Blessed shall be that day which shall recall me under your orders." Gen. Boulanger immediately caused a denial to be made in the Republican journals, particularly in *Le Temps* and *La France*, of M. Limbourg's assertion. He reiterated this denial in an interview with an editor of the *Voltaire*. M. Limbourg has persistently affirmed the authenticity of the letter in dispute, and he has caused to be published two letters, similar in tone, addressed by Gen. Boulanger, to the Duc d'Aumale. To back up his story M. Limbourg has produced the originals, which have been reproduced and published in fac simile by the Royalist journals. This publication has created a great sensation, not only in the press, but among the public. This evening the Havas agency publishes a note of official origin bearing on this singular affair. In this note an old letter, attributed to Col. Boulanger by the *Journal de Bruxelles*, is called "a ridiculous invention." The authenticity of the letters published by M. Limbourg is admitted, but the note declares that these letters contain only the commonplace formulas of courtesy.

THEATRICAL MANAGER DEAD.

NEW YORK, August 4.—Henry G. Jarratt, the well known threatrical manager, died at Buenos Avres on Monday of consumption.

Third Edition.

ROYAL YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

The Race for the Queen's Cup — The "Genesta" Comes in First, but is Beaten on Time Allowance.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

SOUTHAMPTON, August 4.—Yesterday was the first day of the Royal Yacht Squadron Regatta. The Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales and their daughters, visited the squadron. The race was for Her Majesty's Cup, valued at $500. The Duke of Rutland's yacht, "Lufra," the Prince of Wales' "Aline," Lord Rovelstoke's "Water Witch," Mr. Mulholland's "Egeria," Lord F. Cecil's "Sleuthhound," and Sir Richard Sutton's "Genesta" were among the entries. The course was from Cowes to the Yarmouth flag boat and return. The race ended in almost a drift. The "Genesta" and "Sleuthhound" just saved their time. All the others were disgusted, some hauling down their racing colors. The "Genesta" finished first, but on time allowance was beaten by the "Sleuthhound" by five minutes fifteen seconds.

THE FISHING QUESTION.

An Ingenious and Novel Mode of Settling the Problem.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HALIFAX, N. S., August 4. — The *Herald* publishes a long letter, signed "Piscator," outlining an ingenious and novel solution of the fishery problem. Its chief points are that both Canada and the United States should be equally interested in protecting both the deep sea and inshore fisheries and handing them down to future generations for the food supply of centuries. The Americans must cease their fish-destroying practices, and unite with the Canadians in fostering the fisheries, every fishing vessel being a portion of the marine police. The whole of the fishing grounds should be thrown open to both nations, and the fish markets of each nation should be free to both, with some additional advantages to Canada. All minor questions should be decided by a permanent international fishery commission.

THE DECLINE IN SILVER

Likely to Have a Serious Effect in the Mining Districts of Montana.

BUTTE, Mont., August 4. Grave alarm exists throughout the mining districts of Montana over the rapid decline of silver. It is estimated that 50,000 people in the territory are dependent on the mining industry and cognate enterprises. The recent depreciation of ten cents per ounce in silver represents the profits of the mining companies, which will have to close down unless a reaction occurs. The lead and copper mines, in which silver is an important bi-product, are also seriously affected. The Glendale works, employing 1000 men, will shut down on the 15th inst. The Alice Moulton, Lexington and Wickes works and many other great enterprises, which for years have paid heavy dividends and employ thousands of men, cannot run if the present depression in the silver market continues. A general paralysis of business will follow.

TOMBSTONE, Ariz., August 4. The Tombstone Mill Mining Company yesterday discharged fifty men, and will close down entirely on the 15th, owing to the low price of silver.

THE HEIDELBERG FESTIVITIES.

Notable Address by the Crown Prince Frederick William.

HEIDELBERG, August 3.—The Crown Prince Frederick William opened the celebration last night. In his address to the descendants of the founder and former members of the great institution, the Prince congratulated them upon their possession of a share in the glorious record of Heidelberg. The University had, he said, maintained through many vicissitudes the foremost position in securing religious liberty and the right of scientific enquiry, which Heidelberg possessed to-night together with every quarter of the world. The University had also led in the work of fostering faith in the principles of national unity, which was at present Germany's safeguard and strength. "Now that this unity has been regained," continued the Prince, "the maintenance of the ancient virtues of our race calls for the exercise of greater prudence, self-denial, and spiritual discipline, in order to promote the happy development of the liberal spirit of the national life of the German people." The address of the Crown Prince was received with great enthusiasm.

THE YACHT "CYGNET."

Alarming Statement Concerning the Safety of the Vessel.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

KINGSTON, Ont., August 4.—The alarming statement was made yesterday that the yacht "Cygnet," having on board many prominent Torontonians, had been dismasted *en route* to Oswego and was tossing about in the trough of the sea. A tug was immediately sent out, but could find no trace of the boat. Later, however, the captain of the schooner "Eccles" reported here that in coming across he met a dismasted fishing boat rolling about, and made endeavors to pick the craft up, but the man on the boat, contentedly smoking, remarked: "You needn't trouble yourself, I'll fetch up some where." The yacht "Cygnet" is supposed to be in Oswego or at McDonald's cove.

TWO ROGUES IN HIDING.

The Offer of the Defaulting Treasurer of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal Co.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.—The *Times* says: Jas. A. Wilson, the defaulting secretary and treasurer of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal Company, who helped to steal over $60,000 from the company by the fraudulent issue of bonds, is in hiding in New York city. So is his cousin and predecessor in the office, Henry V. Lesly, who also robbed the company in the same manner. The directors of the company yesterday received a communication from Wilson, offering to surrender himself and Lesly provided all prosecution against him is withdrawn. The offer did not ask immunity for Lesly, and the inference is that Wilson means to turn State's evidence against Lesly.

CROWDING OUT THE KNIGHTS.

A Massachusetts Town Thrown into a Ferment by the Action of a Large Firm.

WORCESTER, Mass., August 3.—The town of Athol, Mass., was thrown into a ferment yesterday morning by the following notice, which was posted in the shops of the shoe manufacturing firm of the Lees, employing 500 hands:—

Notice is hereby given to our workmen that our shops will continue to run until August 14. At the close of business on that day our shops will close until Monday, August 30. All workmen in our employ will then be required to sign a certificate to the effect that they do not belong to and will not join any labor organization during the time they are in our employ. The rule requiring two weeks' notice to discontinue work for us is waived until August 30, and any who wish to leave previous to that date will be paid in full on demand.

HENRY DIXEY INCENSED.

The American Actor Threatens Heavy Libel Suits Against New York Papers.

NEW YORK, August 4.—A London despatch says: "Henry Dixey is much incensed at the treatment he has received at the hands of some American newspapers, and asserts that he will bring two or three libel suits. In fact he cabled yesterday to ex-Judge Dittenhofer to bring a suit for $25,000 damages against a New York paper for publishing a paragraph to the effect that his business here was so bad that the members of his company were finding their way back to New York as best they could with their salaries long unpaid. Dixey says he is doing a better business at the Gaiety than he was at the Bijou last year, and he thinks of asking for an extension of his engagement."

THE CHOLERA.

ROME, August 4.—The Cholera reports for yesterday are: Bologna, 13 new cases, and 7 deaths; Lucin, 22 new cases and 8 deaths; Citalella, 10 new cases and 8 deaths; Castelfranco; 28 new cases and 1 death; Ravenna, 23 new cases and 9 deaths; other places, 62 new cases, and 15 deaths.

THE NEW ALLIANCE.

Ald. Prefontaine Explains His Triumph in Chambly—The Riel Question and General Discontent With Sir John Did it—The New Member Defines the Position He Will Take in The House.

Ald. Raymond Prefontaine, who carried Chambly county against the Ministerial candidate, Mr. Jodoin, continues to be the recipient of congratulations from the united oppositionists. To ascertain exactly to what Mr. Prefontaine attributed his victory a STAR reporter called upon him at his office this morning, when the following statement was obtained:

"I attribute my victory in Chambly," said Mr. Prefontaine, "to the fact that the Liberals and Independent and Nationalist Conservatives were united in a general feeling of discontent against Sir John, not only because of the Riel affair, but also because he has sought to deprive the provinces of their rights in the License question, the Franchise Bill and other matters."

"Did any of the clergy interfere in your election?"

"None of the clergy interfered in such a way as to induce men to vote one way or the other. Some of the clergy, however, expressed their opinions on the facts of the case. Among those who are known to have been opposed to the Ministerial candidate

BECAUSE OF THE RIEL QUESTION

were the Rev. Mr. Tassé, curé of Longueuil, the *vicaire* of Boucherville and the Rev. Mr. Peette, a retired priest, residing at Boucherville. Senator De Boucherville, although he was not a personal friend of mine, did not use his influence against us."

"What do you think of the English vote in the late contest?"

"With very few exceptions every English Liberal who voted cast his ballot in my favor. When I was the Liberal candidate in the former contests in the county either as a supporter of Mr. Joly or as an Oppositionist at Quebec, I received the English Conservative and Liberal vote. In a Dominion contest, of course, I could not very well expect to receive the English Conservatives who naturally stood by the Ministerial candidate."

"What do you think of St. Lambert?"

"I am not at all dissatisfied with the voting in St. Lambert. Though everything was used to excite prejudice against me I came out very well. I had to undergo 'une lutte de cor-aires.'"

"How will matters go in the contest for the Legislature?"

"Dr. Martel is defeated before hand. In fact, it was reported to me yesterday, that he

DID NOT INTEND RUNNING

at all. Our candidate, who will be a Nationalist, will be selected shortly at a convention held for that purpose."

"What position do you intend taking in the House?"

"That of a staunch Nationalist. I will oppose Sir John all along the line. When he has been overthrown, of course, we will decide as to who will compose the new Cabinet. But you can rest assured that the Hon. Edward Blake will be the chief. The Nationalists and Independent Conservatives are willing to accept him as such."

"Do you believe the new alliance will be lasting?"

"I believe so, as long as the principles of the different fractions composing it are respected by the allies. Of course that greatly depends upon the events."

"Will you have the

SAME COMBINATION

to fight the Quebec Government as you had in the Federal contest?"

"Yes, I believe so."

"Had the Laval matter any effect in the election?"

"Not at all; that is all bosh, it was not a factor at all. The fact of the matter is that Chapleau has lost all his prestige and has made blunders unworthy of a statement. Take his St. Lambert speech for example. There he appealed to the English electors, Liberals and Conservatives, while at Boucherville and elsewhere in the county his supporters sought to make capital against me because I had supported the course adopted by Mayor Beaugrand during the epidemic. Corruption on the most extensive scale was carried on by our opponents. Some men were given as much as $25 to vote, and we know of a $5 horse having been purchased for $100 for the purpose of influencing the seller. Chapleau's influence at Ottawa has greatly decreased, and in the late contest he conducted himself in a most unworthy manner. He spent one night preceding the election in a saloon in Chambly in his shirt sleeves canvassing the electors. He spent election day riding up and down the Lachine Canal in a charette bringing up

EVERY WORKING MAN

he could find to the poll."

"How do you explain that the election was brought on at the time it was?"

"Because, if they had waited until the new lists had been prepared I would have been stronger by at least 250. At Chambly fifty men were employed to work on the dredges and paid their salary a week in advance. It is a remarkable fact that in every parish in the county where the people are well-to-do farmers, above purchase, I gained ground."

"How do you like the Government's general policy?"

"Well, I do not agree with Sir Richard Cartwright in every particular. I am a protectionist, and would uphold the present fiscal policy with some alterations. For example, like the Hon. Peter Mitchell, I believe in removing the duties on the necessaries of life."

"How will the Chambly result affect the other provinces?"

"Favorably. I believe it will show that Sir John's power is broken in Quebec, and that the provinces is decided to have a change in the administration. Ontario will not stand by Sir John because Quebec is against him."

THE LAST SAD RITES.

The Obsequies of the Late Rev. Abbe Picard.

Notre Dame was filled with the faithful this morning, the occasion being the obsequies of the late Rev. Abbé Picard, who for his good works had been surnamed "The St. Vincent de Paul of Montreal." The congregation comprised representatives of all the Roman Catholic religious orders in the city. The remains of the deceased were placed on a catafalque erected in the centre of the main aisle, and could be seen from all parts of the sacred edifice. The body was vested in priestly vestments with the biretta on the head and in the hands was a golden crucifix. Around the remains were a number of lighted tapers. The altar was draped in mourning. The sanctuary was filled with the clergy, several of whom were from the diocèses of Three Rivers and St. Hyacinthe. The *levee du corps* was made by the Superior of the Sulpicians, the Rev. Abbé Collin, assisted by Rev. Abbé Sentenne, *curé* of Notre Dame, and Rev. Abbé Brissette *curé* of St. Timothee. The pall bearers who removed the body from the Seminary when it was exposed, to the church were the Rev. Abbés Toupin, Dantel, Campeau, Desmarteau, Chevrier and Deguire. The absonte was chanted by His Grace Archbishop Fabre, who was assisted by Rev. Mr. Marechal, V. G., and Rev. F. Aubry, *curé* of St. Johns, Rev. J. B. Larue officiated at the solemn Requiem Mass which was chanted, attended by Rev. Abbés Giband and Larue as deacon and sub-deacon. After the libera the remains were removed to the Grand Seminary on Sherbrooke street and interred.

PROVINCIAL POLITICS.

An Independent Liberal's View—Answer to Mr. Turner's Letter of Yesterday.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—The readers of THE STAR who have followed its course lately on the Riel matter must have been considerably surprised, not to say amused, at the effort made by a gentleman in your edition of last evening to turn the edge of your spirited action. Mr. Turner's pretensions might be all very well if the administration of recent Conservative ministries in this Province was the real live issue before the electors. But unfortunately it is not so. It is Riel or no Riel, and endeavor to palliate it as he may, Mr. Turner cannot venture to dispute such a self-evident fact. The issue is a clear one and one on which the electors should have no hesitation in deciding. The Dominion Government hanged Louis Riel, justly or unjustly as it may have been and the so-called National party sprang into existence with the avowed intention of revenging this act on the Dominion Government. Had it confined itself to the arena of Dominion politics the issue might have been a matter for discussion. But no! the Mercier-McShane-Prefontaine combination, believing that it would be a favorable cry with which to catch the ignorant and unwary, introduced into provincial politics, an entirely foreign subject, and are now seeking to punish the Provincial Government for an act for which the Dominion Government is alone responsible. Does this show manly principle? Does it not rather clearly show to what length the Mercier clique are prepared to go if only they can get into office? Would Mr. Joly have adopted or countenanced such tactics? Every honest Liberal knows that he would not. The best evidence of it is the fact that he withdrew from the party and would have nothing to do with it. Mr. Turner may belittle what he is pleased to call the "vaporings" of these men, but this is no argument. It has been too long the fashion to belittle such evil tendencies, and to allow them to grow until they become dangerous. The so-called National party with such mottos as "en bas l'anglais" is a menace to the country, its peace and prosperity. What *raison d'etre* is there for the existence of a district French Canadian National party in this province? Have not the French Canadians, generous, noble and sensible as the mass of them are, always lived peaceably and prosperously with their brethren, the English, and would not this always continue if it was not for the "vaporings" of demagogue schemers and wire pullers whose highest ambition seems to be to get their party into power regardless of principle?

What we want in this country is neither an English, French, Irish nor Dutch party; all such sectional combinations must be a standing menace to the welfare of the whole and should be promptly frowned down. By all means let us have a National party but let it be one with "Canada" as its watchward, and its aim not the stirring up of race predjudice and hatred but the union and solidification of all classes in the Dominion. By this means only can Canada ever hope to become great. Does it not, therefore, behove every one, young or old, who loves his country, without distinction of party, race or creed, to unite at this critical moment, and by their voice and work help to bring about a result that will show this so-called National party in no uncertain way that its existence is not necessary, and that the sooner we are rid of it the better it will be for the whole country? THE STAR, in its article of Saturday, struck the true note, and has acted in this matter in a manner which deserves the praise of all patriotic and thinking men, who consider principle of more account than getting into office. With what Mr. Turner says regarding Mr. Stephens, the writer certainly concurs. That Mr. Stephens has been a faithful public servant, and deserves well of his fellow-citizens, few will dispute. Mr. Stephens, in criticising the acts of the Government, has raised what should be the real issue in the approaching Provincial election, and if Mercier and the wire-pullers would take the same course they might stand a better chance of success. True, Mr. Stephens, it is claimed, shirked the Riel vote at Quebec, but he may have had reasons for so doing; and until he has had ample time for explanation, it would certainly not be just to forget his whole valuable record for this one act.

Yours, etc.,

J. A. BOYD.

Montreal, August 4, 1886.

Mount Royal Park.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—I have read with astonishment in THE STAR of August 3rd, referring to the Mount Royal Park management, in which it is stated that after an interview with Alderman Holland, it was found that valuable plants and shrubs, purchased at great expense, had been destroyed by frequenters of the park. I have ample evidence to show that not the *frequenters* of the park, but the numerous sheep and cattle, allowed to roam over the park, are the cause of the mischief complained of; and it is high time that a thorough investigation into the matter should be made.

As to the insinuations of "spite" on the part of anyone holding privileges besides those of the Park Ranger himself, I believe them to be perfectly groundless, and hope that immediate action will be taken by the Park Commissioners to let the taxed public know how their money is spent in its application to the improvement and embellishment of the park in question.

TAXPAYER.

Montreal, August 4, 1886.

PERSONAL.

Doctor A. Brodeur, professor at Laval University, has presented his thesis before the Faculty of Medicine at Paris, with the highest possible distinction, the 30th last July. He will return to Montreal in the month of August. His paper treated of surgical operations in disease of the loins, which question he discussed with success before Professors Treiat, Farabeuf, Landouzy and Reclus.

The Dome of St. Pster's.

The framework of the dome of the new Roman Catholic Cathedral has just been completed and the wooden covering is being put on. This will be covered with galvanized iron of the usual stone gray color. About 250,000 feet of timber have been used in its construction and 30 men have been employed on the work. The cross which will surmount the dome has arrived and is being gilded; it will be put up at the end of the week. The height of the centre piece is 18 feet with a cross bar of 12 feet. The cut stone for one of the smaller domes arrived yesterday from Joliette, but it will not be placed in position till next Spring.

Judge Ouimet.

The Hon. Joseph Alphonse Ouimet, Q. C., took the oath of allegiance and the oath of a puisne Judge of the Superior Court to-day before Mr. Schiller, commissioner *per dedimus potestatem.*

Music on Dominion Square.

The Victoria Rifles Rand will perform on Dominion Square to-morrow evening the programme published in yesterdays STAR.

The Hincks Estate.

Mr. Charles Lamothe, real estate agent, has been appointed cur

Last Edition.

MORE GAS.

The Consumption of Gas so Much Increased Since the Reduction in Price as to Require Another Gasometer.

Mr. Jesse Joseph, president of the Montreal Gas Company, leaves for England to-night for the purpose of purchasing a new gas-ometer for the Elm station, Hochelaga. This has been rendered necessary by the increased consumption since the reduction in the price last year.

"The daily capacity of the new holder," said Mr. Scriver, the secretary of the company, "will be one million cubic feet and will have a circumference of 375 feet. The entire daily capacity of the works is 3,000,000 cubic feet. The whole outlay, including mason work, will be in the neighborhood of $90,000. The mason work will be put in during the Autumn, and the tank and holder will be in working order by the Autumn of 1887. The holder will be the same size and in fact will be a duplicate of the existing one, which is amongst the largest on the continent, only being surpassed by one in Boston, which is 150 feet larger."

Mr. Scriver stated that he was not in a position to give the increased consumption since the reduction in price, but he acknowledged it had been large. The average annual increase of a healthy company, he said, was ten per cent. This figure had been passed by the Montreal Gas Company.

When the news leaked out over the street this morning it had the effect of stiffening gas stock, one broker volunteering the statement that the consumption since the reduction from $1.50 to $1.25 had been twenty-five per cent.

Charged With Stealing a Coat.

On the 14th of July two waiters, named Sherrard and Monaghan, employed in the Windsor Hotel, went to Mr. Brault's tailoring store, on Notre Dame street west, where Sherrard ordered a suit of clothes. He and Mr. Brault then went to the back part of the store to have the measure taken. Monaghan meanwhile remained standing near the door. When, however, Mr. Brault returned, he found that the man had decamped after stealing, it is alleged, a coat worth about $20. The case was entrusted to Sergeant Charbonneau, who made search for the article for several days without avail. Last week, however, he heard that a man answering the description of the alleged thief had been boarding under the assumed name of Brady along with a woman whom he represented as his wife, at the house of a Mrs. Foy, 48 St. David Lane. On getting further he learned that the man had left. On Monday, the officer gave a sample of the material in the coat to Mrs. Foy. She, afterwards, when making up the bed in which Monaghan had slept, found the cloth under the mattress. Subsequently Monaghan, alias Brady, and the same woman, who he then said, was his sister, were arrested at Ste. Cunegonde for loitering, and for that offence both were sent to gaol, he for eight days, and she for a month. The man having served his term in prison, was taken charge of by Sergeant Charbonneau. The prisoner will appear for trial before the Recorder to-morrow.

A Poison Story Explained.

Rumors have been current in the East End to the effect that a whole family, consisting of eight persons, living on Wolfe street, had been poisoned through the mistake of a druggist in giving bag poison in place of Gregory's mixture. In making enquiries the first story report was that the wrong drug was that a certain druggist was responsible for the error. The druggists' name was given to the STAR reporter. On proceeding to Wolfe street and making several fruitless enquiries, all saying they had heard nothing, it was found that the whole story originated as follows: An elderly person by the name of Irwin, living at 54 Wolfe street, was taken sick during the night and got up to get some Dwight's mixture, as he thought, instead of which, the bottle not being labelled, he took a dose of liniment. No evil effects followed this. The next day his wife, who felt out of sorts, took some of the same liniment and was taken violently ill, but has since recovered. The son, some days afterwards, took some of the same liniment and was also violently affected. On examination, the liniment was found to contain belladonna and other ingredients. The fault, of course, lay in neglecting to have labels on the bottles.

New Justices of the Peace.

The following new Justices of the Peace have been appointed: Messrs. Louis Turcot, Pierre Guérin and James Stuart, of the parish of St. Sacrament, county of Chateauguay; Mr. Hugh W. Elder, of the village of Belœil Plain, county of Stanstead; Mr. Alexis Genest, of the parish of St. Edouard de Gentilly, county of Nicolet; Mr. L. Hyde Bachelder, Saint Césaire parish, county of Rouville; Messrs. Patrick Thomas Rafferty, John Sinclair, George Sills, Patrick Mc-Crary, Thomas Donnelly, Patrick Kenny, Thomas Moore, Alexander Cowper and George Rutherford Lighthall, all of the city of Montreal; Godfroi Laviolette, warden of the penitentiary of St. Vincent de Paul, and Telesphore Ouimet, deputy warden of the same penitentiary, both of the parish of St. Vincent de Paul, county of Laval.

Mr. Felix Carter, of 10 Old Jewry Chambers, solicitor, London, has been appointed a commissioner to take depositions under oath, on the authority of article 30 of the code of civil procedure.

Sale of Trotting Horses.

A lot of trotting horses belonging to the estate of Mr. J. G. Guimond were sold at W. E. Shaw's yard yesterday. The trotting stallion "Star Mills," after keen competition was knocked down to Mr. T. Love for $290 and the bay mare "Jessie" was finally adjudged to Mr. John Ogilvie. About a dozen other horses were sold at prices ranging from $50 to $162.50, the sale being ably conducted by Mr. D. D. Fraser, in the presence of Mr. W. E. Shaw.

The Alleged Bribery at Longueuil.

The *coquille* in the case of Mr. Pierre Racine, postmaster of Longueuil, who was arrested on the 29th ult., on a charge of bribery was opened before the Police Magistrate to-day. Moise Delage dit Lavigueur, an elector, who, it is alleged, was bribed, made a deposition to the effect that Mr. Racine gave him $10 to cast his vote in favor of Mr. Jodoin, in the election then at hand, after which, the court adjourned.

Will the Province Pay?

A statement was circulated yesterday to the effect that a movement is on foot to induce the Quebec Government to shoulder the expenses arising out of the elevation of the Archbishop of Quebec to the Cardinalate. These, it is surmised, will aggregate some $25,000. In some quarters it was believed the rumor was correct, while in semi-official circles no corroborative statement could be elicited.

The People's Jimmy.

Five citizens of Point St. Charles awoke Ald. McShane at two o'clock this morning to obtain the release of Daniel Tracey, who had been arrested and lodged in the St. Gabriel Market police station. In their company he proceeded to Judge Dugas and obtained Tracey's release on bail. "I am always willing to stand by the people," said Ald. McShane after relating the above.

The "Passport."

The R. & O. Navigation Company's steamer "Passport," sunk at the entrance of the Cornwall Canal, has not yet been raised although work is energetically being carried on upon her. She is not seriously damaged and the work will consist in making the hold water tight and pumping it dry. The passengers' baggage has all been taken off, but a little of it was damaged.

Run Over.

A little boy named Ernest Castonguay was run over on St. Paul street last evening by a carter. He was taken into Dr. Picard's, who dressed an ugly scalp wound, and he was then taken to Notre Dame Hospital, where it was found his collar bone was fractured and that he had sustained internal injuries.

A Detective's Catch.

A detective has caught something at last. On Tuesday while Detective Gladu and Constable Lessard were out fishing on Lake Masson, near Ste. Marguerite, they hooked a trout that measured two feet four inches, and weighed 12½ pounds.

MORE TROUBLE ON THE WHARF.

Longshore Men Engaged in Unloading a Steamer Intimidated Into Ceasing Work By a Crowd of Loafers—The Harbor Police Restore Order.

As there have been ever since the late demand for an increase of higher wages by the coal longshore men vague rumors in circulation of a probability of further trouble with the wharf laborers, quite a sensation was caused in the harbor this morning by reports circulating that the canal longshore men had made a demand for a uniform scale of prices at the rate of forty cents per hour. The report, however, turned out to be greatly exaggerated and had its origin in some trouble among the men engaged in discharging the lumber cargo of the propeller "Niagara" in the Wellington Basin. This morning Mr. Wm. H. Machon, the stevedore having the contract to unload this steamer, noticed that his men appeared restless and after some time they refused to work. Enquiries elicited the fact that the trouble was due entirely to the influence of some men who had gone on board of the steamer and threatened to beat the men engaged by Mr. Machon if they did not refuse the lower wages offered them by their employer and strike for forty cents an hour. The men at work being satisfied refused to do as ordered, and one of the other men who was attempting to influence them becoming annoyed at their persistent determination to continue working, struck one of them on the face. A row was only then averted by the speedy ejectment from the vessel of the unwelcome visitors. They had a few friends ashore then, but in a few minutes quite a crowd had collected who lounged about the wharves threatening the men at work. The latter eventually gave in to the threats and left off work. Mr. Machon then notified the agents, Messrs. Anderson, Mackenzie & Co., and they in turn applied to the Government Harbor Police for protection. A squad was immediately despatched to the "Niagara" and as soon as the crowd lounging about the wharf saw the approach of the providores of the law they made off. The four ringleaders of the trouble, including the man who assaulted one of the workmen, crossed to the other side of the basin in a boat.

These men are well known and their arrest could be easily accomplished. No steps have, however, been taken up to the hour of going to press, to bring them to justice. It is claimed that these men are nothing but loafers and not wharf laborers and the responsibility for the unquiet feeling which has prevailed is laid upon their shoulders.

As soon as the crowd of intimidators left the wharf, Mr. Machon's men resumed work and are continuing the unloading of the steamer under the protection of the police.

A STAR reporter was informed by several stevedores, this morning, that there is not the slightest fear of a strike, as the men are satisfied with their wages.

Some ship laborers were spoken to, and laughed at the idea of a strike. They say that the uneasiness is due to the efforts of a crowd of loafers to make a row.

THE SAULT ST. MARIE CONNECTION.

The Canadian Pacific Arranging to Cooperate with American Lines for a Direct Route From Minneapolis to the Canadian Seaboard.

Two important American railway companies, the Minneapolis, Sault St. Marie and Atlantic and the Detroit, Mackinac and Marquette have arranged to extend their lines to Sault St. Marie, in order to secure a through service to the Atlantic. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has met their advances in a most cordial manner, and on Monday Mr. Ramsay, with a staff of surveyors went to Algoma with a view of surveying and arranging the road which had previously only been preliminarily examined. The distance from Algoma to the Sault is about 90 miles and the C. P. R. purpose pushing the work as rapidly as possible in order to cooperate with the two American companies. The directors of the American lines are sound financial men, and it is intended to have the connections completed in about a year. The new route proposed would be about 400 miles shorter to the Atlantic coast than any present one and would materially affect the traffic of the Upper Peninsula and especially from Duluth. A great deal of grain raised in the northern States which pours into Duluth and is shipped by boat to the Atlantic for want of an approximately direct route will probably go by rail.

TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS.

Passengers per Royal Mail Steamship "Parisian" for Liverpool.

List of saloon passengers per Allan Royal Mail Steamship "Parisian," Captain James Wylie, from Quebec to Liverpool, 5th August, 1886: His Excellency the Governor-General, Marquis of Lansdowne, Hon. A. Byng and two men servants, Mr. Anderson, Mr. H. M. Baker, Mr. Adolphe Baker, Mrs. C. S. Baker, Miss Allisamon Baker, Rev. Mr. Barker, Miss Benson, Mr. W. Bentham, Mrs. Bentham, Miss Blake, Mr. F. W. Blunt, Mr. H. G. Bousor, Mrs. Bonsor, Mr. H. P. Buckley, Rev. J. E. R. Caisse, Mr. D. Chalmers, Dr. Clark, Mr. H. B. Cook, Mrs. Cook, Miss Cook, Miss Cruickshank, Mr. Arthur Dalzell, Mr. T. A. Dawes, Mr. Everett, Surgeon-General A. H. Fraser, Miss Florence Gault and maid, Mr. James Gibb, Mr. Gray, Miss Hawson, Mr. Hawson, Miss Hayes, Mr. J. H. Joseph, Mrs. Joseph, Miss Joseph, Mr. Jesse Joseph, Dr. E. J. Kelly, Mr. C. A. Looms, Mr. Henry Lyman, Mrs. Lyman, Mr. John McKittrick, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Miller, Mr. Wm. Middleton, Mr. Andrew Muir, Mr. A. H. Newman, Miss Margt. Parkins, Mr. Cyprien Pelletier, Col. Martin Porter, Mrs. Porter, Master Porter, Rev. Archdeacon Read, Mr. W. H. Rice, Mr. Russell, Miss Sargeant, Rev. Thos. Seddon, Mrs. Sinclair, Mr. H. Smith, Mr. Swinford, Miss Symmes, Miss Tenley, Miss Ellen Wade, Mr. F. G. White, Mr. T. Whitehead, Mrs. Whitehead, Miss Whitehead, Rev. R. F. Winter, Mrs. Winter, Major J. Wood, Miss Wood, Mr. N. Worthington, Mr. C. Wright, Mr. Donald Wylie.

The Policeman May Die.

The encounter between the two policemen Mitchell and Doyle and Messrs. Mason and Daniel Collins, turns out to be a much more serious affair than at first appeared. Mr. Collins was dangerously injured and is not expected to recover. In yesterday's STAR, the version of the affair as published was given from the policemen's standpoint. Their story has been contradicted by Mr. C. O. Morrin, in front of whose store the affair took place. He says that Messrs. Mason and Collins are respectable citizens of Point St. Charles, and that he had made no complaint to the police regarding them. They had, he said, visited his store during the evening and purchased goods for which they paid, and before leaving got permission from him to stand outside at his show window. The neighbors sympathize with Messrs. Mason and Collins and blame the police for their action in the matter.

Enlarging the Canadian Rubber Factory.

The addition now being made to the works of the Canadian Rubber Factory is quite extensive, consisting of a building 175 x 64 and of the same style as the main building. This is to be finished by the first of October and will increase the manufacturing facilities one half. It is to be used as a shoe shop and the machinery will be in immediately after the building is finished.

The Electric Light Boom.

The property owners and residents of the cross streets between Craig and St. Catherine streets are petitioning the City Council to replace the street gas lamps in those streets by the electric light.

The 65th Excursion.

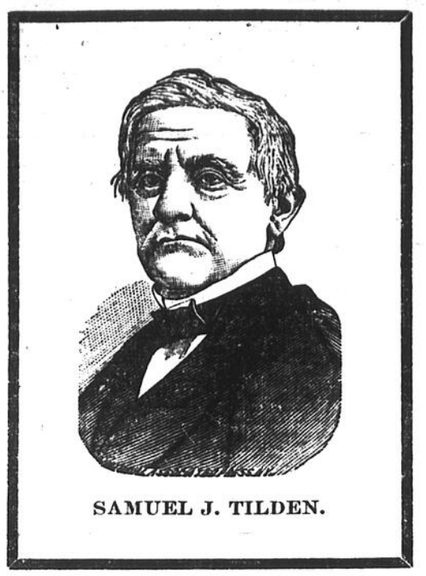
Owing to the large sale of tickets, the officers of the 65th Regiment have decided to hold their moonlight excursion on Friday evening, on board of the "Canada," in place of the "Berthier."

Business Notes.

Mr. John Fisher, of Huddersfield, Eng., and Mr. Geo. C. Longley, late with Hodgson, Sumner & Co., are about to start together as wholesale woollen dealers, Montreal.

Mrs. Van Horne and family went to Portsmouth, N. H., this morning via the South Eastern Railway.

Sir Cornelius Kortright, Lady Kortright and family arrived in Montreal per SS. "Oregon" and have gone to Barry, near Toronto, to permanently reside. Sir C. Kortright was formerly governor of British Guiana and lately of Cape Coast Castle, West Africa.



SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

YONKERS, N.Y., August 4.—Samuel J. Tilden died peacefully at Greystone this morning at 8.45 a.m. There were present with him Doctors Simonds and Swift and his niece, Miss Gould. His death was entirely unexpected. The cause was failure of the heart, following an acute attack of diarrhœa and nausea.

Samuel J. Tilden, whose death is announced above, was born at New Lebanon, in the State of New York, in 1814. He was descended from an old and highly honorable family, the remotest member of whom he had any positive knowledge being one Nathaniel Tilden, who was Mayor of Tenterden, Kent, England, in 1623. This gentleman removed with his family to America in 1634, and settled at Scituate, Mass. Mr. Tilden's father was a thrifty merchant of New Lebanon, who, on account of his integrity and good sense, especially on political matters, was admitted to terms of intimacy with Martin Van Buren. His mother was descended from William Jones, Lieutenant-Governor of the colony of New New Haven, and reputed to be a son of Col. John Jones, one of the regicide judges of Charles I., because wife nephew of Oliver Cromwell. In his eighteenth year Mr. Tilden entered Yale College, where he pursued his studies with such indefatigable zeal that his health gave way and he was compelled to drop out of the course. As soon he had sufficiently recovered he resumed his studies at the University of New York, where he was graduated in 1834. He was then a young man of only 20 years. He subsequently read law, and while a student in the office of John W. Edmunds in New York, wrote several articles on the political situation. One of these was in defence of President Van Buren's policy. It caused considerable discussion in the newspaper world, especially so as the President was conjectured to have written it. As soon as he had been admitted to the Bar, Mr. Tilden opened an office of his own in Pine street in New York city. Although embarked in professional life of a kind which called for the most arduous application he did not lose his interest in politics. He continued to express his opinions through the press, and occasionally spoke at political meetings. As soon as the Presidential campaign of 1844, in which James K. Polk was a candidate, had fairly opened, Mr. Tilden founded the New York *Daily News*, in connection with John O'Sullivan. The following year he was sent to the Assembly from the city of New York, and elected as a delegate to the convention which was to revise the Constitution of the State. The estrangement between the friends of Mr. Polk and Mr. Van Buren in consequence of the elections of 1846 caused Mr. Tilden to retire from politics and continue his attention to the law. This was a fortunate move, without which his subsequent success and fame as a lawyer could never have been achieved. He immediately began a series of triumphs at the bar which gave him great reputation. Among the more notable cases in which he was successful may be mentioned that of Flagg vs. Giles; Burdell vs. Cunningham, a famous will case, and that of the Pennsylvania Coal Company vs. the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company. It is no exaggeration to say that from 1855 up to the time he retired from professional life, one-half the great railway corporations north of the Ohio and between the Hudson and Mississippi had been his clients. For some time preceding the war he was the confidential adviser of Dean Richmond, the leader of the Democratic party in the State of New York. He was elected Governor of New York in 1874, and was nominated to the Presidency in 1876. The result of the election being disputed led to the appointment of the Electoral Commission, under whose decision the Republican candidate was peacefully inaugurated. Since that time Mr. Tilden had lived in retirement, with the exception of an occasional appearance in public. At the time of the last Presidential campaign, leading Democrats sought to induce him to consent to become a candidate, but he positively declined.

THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Mass Meeting at Napierville County Yesterday.

A mass meeting of the electors of Napierville was held at St. Edouard, yesterday, both political parties being represented. About 1500 people were in attendance. The Parti National was represented by Hon. Mr. Marchand, Messrs. Bergeron, M. P., A. E. Poirier, Ed. Guerin and Lafontaine, and the Conservatives by Hon. Mr. Taillon, Messrs. Leblanc, M. P. P., F. X. Paradis, M. P. P., and P. L. Pelletier. Speech making was indulged in for several hours, in the course of his address Mr. Taillon stated that the Quebec Government were quite prepared to stand by their own acts and he did not believe that any of the electors would seek to hold them responsible for the acts of the Ottawa Government. During the last session he had prepared a motion asking for amnesty to the imprisoned Metis; but before it had been presented he had received assurance from Ottawa that the amnesty would be granted. This was satisfactory to Mr. Mercier at the time, but that gentleman had subsequently changed his mind in favoring the adoption of the Garneau motion. The Conservative speakers urged the re-election of Mr. Paradis and the Liberals stood by Mr. Lafontaine. Mr. Coupal, the other Liberal candidate, withdrew his own behalf. There is an indication that the contest will be a triangular one.

There is to be an opposition meeting at Verchères on Tuesday next, the 10th inst. Hon. Mr. Mercier and leading lights of the Parti National will be present. After the meeting a candidate will be selected. According to accounts now in circulation, Mr. Bernard, M. P. P., is not at all sure of uniting a combined Liberal support in his favor.

Mr. Geo. Duhamel has a letter in this morning's issue of *L'Etendard*, taking exception to the manner in which that paper approved of the idea of allowing Hon. Mr. Beaubien to be returned unopposed in Hochelaga. He states that Mr. Beaubien did the *Paris National* good service when there was no danger ahead; but he would like to know where Mr. Beaubien was in the Verchères and Chambly elections. Mr. Duhamel states that Hon. Mr. Taillon declared publicly in his presence at St. Constant that Beaubien was the Ministerial candidate in Hochelaga. He calls upon Mr. Beaubien to explain.

A movement is on foot to organize a public meeting at St. Jean Baptiste during next week to enable the Hon. Mr. Beaubien to explain the position he intends taking in the coming electoral contest.

GENERAL STRANGE'S COMPLAINT.

The Deputy Minister of Militia Knows Nothing About the Charge of Garbled Reports.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

OTTAWA, August 4.—Colonel Panet, Deputy Minister of Militia, was seen this morning in reference to General Strange's letter to the press, in which he complains that injustice has been done his command in the omission of a mention of his encampment at Frenchman's Butte. The Deputy Minister said that all the reports which came to the department were published, and there was no intentional omission so far as he knew. The casualties were all taken from the reports submitted, and were included in the Minister's report. "I will show Major-General Strange's letter to General Middleton when he returns," said Colonel Panet, "and will ask him for an explanation. There was no intention to shield General Strange or the men under his command. I am very sorry the affair has occurred, but I do not see how it can be explained away. As to General Strange's insinuation of garbled reports, I know nothing of it. We published all the information we received. I know General Strange to be a worthy man and a good officer, one of the best in the English army. General Middleton could have done anything he liked with the reports while they were in his possession, but I do not believe he would garble them."

TWO FATALITIES IN OTTAWA.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

OTTAWA, August 4.—John Murphy, laborer, aged 23, was buried by the cave-in of a drain on Daly street to-day. He was dead when extricated. He leaves a wife and two children.

The first fatality in connection with the erection of the new parliamentary building occurred this morning, when Robert Parry fell a distance of twenty feet, from the top of the wall, and fractured his skull and both arms. He died while being removed to the hospital. He was aged 42 and leaves a wife and family in England.

RAILWAY EXPROPRIATION.

Judge Torrance Gives a Decision Adverse to the Atlantic & North Western Railway.

Hon. Mr. Justice Torrance gave judgment this morning in the case of Mrs. Conway vs. the Atlantic & North Western Railway Company. The decision was given on an injunction taken by Mrs. Conway, who owns some property at Lachine at the new bridge, and on the petition of the company for a warrant of possession of this land on depositing double the value before an expropriation was made. The injunction was maintained with costs and the petition dismissed with costs. The company was condemned to pay $460 damages to Mrs. Conway and $50 penalty for having disobeyed the injunction. The Court held that the company had no right to take possession of the land marked on its plan without an order from the Court. The company was enjoined to desist from the possession thereof, and to destroy all work done on the property and to pay damages caused in removing the fence and root house and in beginning to make a highway on the property. The Court also held that the company had no right to expropriate Mrs. Conway's land, which borders on the edge of the river as it was not necessary to the construction of the railway itself. It appears that the company only require this land to build a new municipal road as they have blockaded the highway in constructing one of the piers of the bridge. The Court held they had no right to build a pier on the highway as they have done or to expropriate lands for municipal roads. Messrs. Pagnuelo, Taillon and Gouin for the plaintiff and Messrs. Abbott, Tait & Co., for the defendants.

LORD ABERDEEN.

The Late Viceroy Interviewed on Yesterday's Demonstration—Comments of the Press.

DUBLIN, August 4.—Lord Aberdeen was interviewed at Kingston last evening by a reporter, who questioned him concerning the ovation tendered to him yesterday at Dublin on his departure from that city. Lord Aberdeen said he had been impressed by the good temper and courtesy shown by the people who took part in the demonstration. The processionists were orderly, and there was nothing in the actions of the great crowd which could have been considered aggressive or annoying to their political opponents. "It was a demonstration for Mr. Gladstone," said Lord Aberdeen; "it was none the less of kindly feeling, while at the same time there were exhibited signs of the extreme spontaneity of public opinion."

The *Freeman's Journal* says: "Lord Aberdeen came to Ireland as the herald of peace. The Irish democracy, finding the message withdrawn, resolved that he should convey an assurance that they are ready to clasp hands in friendship with the British democracy, while they are resolved to maintain Ireland's rights at all odds."

LONDON, August 4.—The *Dublin Express* (Loyalist) says: "Even a stranger might have noticed that respectable citizens were absent from the gathering of yesterday."

The Dublin *Irish Times* (Loyalist) says the affair was one-sided, and was purely a Gladstone display.

Conservative newspapers in England adopt this view of the demonstration, but the Dublin correspondent of the London *Times*, who is reported to be a Tory and an Orangeman, telegraphs to his paper that the ovation has not been equalled since the days of O'Connell. For the first time in the history of Ireland, he says, a viceroy has demolished the barriers separating the Imperial dignity from the sentiment of the masses, thereby merging the rule of the Queen in that of the sovereign people.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

LONDON, August 4.—Advices from Constantinople report an attempt to assassinate the Grand Vizier. That official was out driving on Sunday afternoon in Halilaghia and two shots were fired at him by a Tartar. Neither of the shots struck its mark. The assassin then pursued the carriage with a drawn sword, with which he endeavored to strike the Grand Vizier. He was arrested and taken before the Sultan at the Yildiz-Kiosk. His Majesty the Tartar declared that the Grand Vizier had prevented him from securing justice, and implored him to hang the Vizier.

SNOW ON MOUNT WASHINGTON.

MOUNT WASHINGTON, N. H., August 3.—A north west wind, blowing at the rate of sixty miles an hour, set in at nightfall yesterday. Snow began to fall at 2.30 this morning and at 5.30 the ground was covered to a depth of one and one-half inch. The wind is blowing eighty miles an hour and windows are thickly covered with frost. The thermometer yesterday registered 85° in the valley, but now marks 28° here.

PARTICULARLY GOVERNED.

The Official Conservative Cabinet and the Unofficial Whig Cabinet.

Councils of Both Parties To-Day—Preparing for the Session—The Aberdeen Demonstration—The Extradition Treaty.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 4.—England is particularly governed just now, having two Governments. The first of these is the official Conservative Cabinet, which meets to-day to discuss what action shall be taken if the Liberal leaders press for precise information on the Irish policy, assuming that the reference in the speech from the throne is unsatisfactory. This is the nut which will puzzle them to crack. The second of the Governments, the unofficial Whig Cabinet, meets curiously enough at the same hour at Lord Hartington's residence, the momentous question for consideration being whether Lord Hartington shall sit on the front opposition bench with the Gladstonian leaders. His followers naturally wish him to do so, as indicating that they have in no way departed from the lines of Liberal conviction and tradition. Lord Hartington, however, is a man of very great natural courtesy, and it is unlikely they will persuade him into what would be rudeness in practice, however proper in theory.

NO CONFIRMATION.

Hints are circulating that the Queen may open Parliament in person on the 19th. There is no confirmation of this yet.

Lord Londonderry and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach leave for Dublin to-morrow to take formal possession of their new offices.

THE ABERDEEN OVATION.

"Nothing like it since O'Connell," is the universal verdict on the triumphal departure of Lord and Lady Aberdeen from Dublin. Lord Aberdeen said yesterday that no language of his could convey anything like a just appreciation of the extraordinary scenes through which they had just passed. Lord Mayor Sullivan said it is unparalleled in Anglo-Irish history. Of course the Tory papers profess to regard it as got up artificially to strengthen Mr. Gladstone's hands.

THE EXTRADITION TREATY.

The postponement of the extradition treaty is not surprising. The *Standard*, which expresses the general opinion, says: "The thing concerns the people of the United States as nearly as ourselves. With us it is a question of safety; with them, one not only of safety but of honorable obligation. The country is bound to render municipal law effective for the fulfilment of international duties, but no honest American pretends that his Government has done in relation to the case what a civilized Government is bound to do. Of late, however, the people of the United States have had some domestic experience of the past. It is probable that fellowship in suffering will quicken conscience." The *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "Like the International Copyright law, the extradition treaty is absolutely certain sooner or later," but it infers that we shall have to wait for it for important reasons.

NORMAN.

THE AFGHAN BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 4.—The difference which prevented the British and Russian members of the Afghan boundary commission from arriving at an agreement has been settled and the work of the commission is drawing to a close.

OPPOSITION TO MR. MATTHEWS.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 4.—The Radicals of Birmingham will oppose the re-election of Mr. Matthews.

WAR ON BANDITS.

CITY OF MEXICO, August 3.—The new law against bandits is being actively applied in various parts of the republic. At Leon two bandits named Zaragoza were recently shot; at Coal-Coman four, and, since the passage of the law, near Tulancingo fifteen have been put out of the way. Six more of Bernal's bandits have surrendered and been pardoned by the authorities, in accordance with the new law.

POLICE FEAR THE MOB.

AMSTERDAM, August 4.—Large numbers of police have resigned. They say their duties have become arduous and distasteful. Fear of the mob is supposed to have been the chief cause of resignation. The *Tagblad* asks the government to invite the powers to adopt general measures against the socialists.

MR. EGAN TO LEAVE THE C. P. R.

WINNIPEG, August 3.—A report has gained currency that Mr. J. M. Egan, the general superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is about to transfer his services to a western road, and that Mr. Farlinq, of the Chicago & Milwaukee Road, now in the West with Mr. Van Horne, will succeed him.

RED RINER RISING.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., August 4.—The Red River has risen twenty feet since yesterday. It is higher than ever before known. All work done on the Santa Fe Railway bridge has been swept away, and the immense trestle work destroyed.

PARNELL IN DUBLIN.

DUBLIN, August 4.—Parnell has arrived in Dublin to attend a meeting of his party to-day.

TURKISH ARMAMENT.

LONDON, August 4.—Turkey is forming an additional corps in Europe.

Constable Richards, who has been favorably known for his courtesy at the Bonaventure Depot for the last 18 years, has accepted a position on the C. P. R.

FINANCIAL.

MORNING SALES.—20 Bank of Montreal, 214½, 10 do 214¾, 247 do 215; 225 Commerce, 123, 60 do 123¼, 15 do 123⅝, 100 do 123¾; 225 Telegraph, 125⅝, 250 do 125⅞, 250 do 126, 175 do 126⅛ buyer 30 days), 125 do 126, 55 do 126¼, 25 City Pass., 174½, 100 do 174¾, 325 do 175, 25 do 175⅛, 100 do 175¼; 175 Richelieu, 79¾, 25 do 79¾, 5 do 79⅞, 50 do 79¼; 575 Canada Pacific, 67; 1360 Gas, 207, 150 do 207¼, 100 do 207⅝; $3000 Champlain Bonds, 101; 13 (50 per cent.), Gas, 192½.

AFTERNOON SALES.—35 Bank of Montreal, 215¼; 250 do, 215⅝; 300 Merchants, 126¾; 30 Commerce, 123¾; 50 do, 123¾; 5 do, 123½; 175 Telegraph, 126¾; 25 do, 126¾; 375 do, 127; 5 do, 126¾; 725 do, 127½; 25 do, 128; 25 do, 127¾; 150 City Pass., 176¾; 50 do, 176; 180 Gas, 207½; 150 do, 207¼; 200 do, 208; 150 Richelieu, 79½; 25 Dundas Cotton, 67¾.

London Consols closed at 101 5-16, and Canada Pacific started at 68 5-8, and closed 68⅝. Paris Bourse closed at 82.57½. Money in London, 1¾ per cent.

NEW YORK STOCKS BY MEREDITH & MONK—The market opened a little off on the report of cutting of east bound rates by Lake Shore, but soon recovered and the bull feeling is again in full swing. The fancy stocks seem to absorb the most interest now and even traders who have been confining their attention to bonds are now buying the cheap fancies. Such stocks as Central Iowa, Cedar Falls and Minnesota, Colorado coal, Cameron coal, East Tennessee and Chicago, Washington and Baltimore are slowly being absorbed.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy earnings for June show an increase of $170,000, and St. Paul, for the fourth week of July, $32,000, and for the month $142,000.

COMMERCIAL.

LOCAL.

Business on 'Change was very quiet to-day, no sales of flour were reported. The Western States market reports show a decline of ⅞ of a cent in wheat, and ¼ to 1 cent on corn. Our market is quiet, peas and oats are held firm with a good export demand. The local trade in flour is fairly active and a considerable quantity in broken lots have changed hands outside, especially in fresh grounds which bring outside prices.

GRAIN—Wheat, Spring, 83 to 84c; do, red Winter, 83 to 84c; do, white Winter, 83 to 83c; corn, 55 to 57c; oats, 30 to 31c; rye, 58 to 60c; peas, 72 to 73c; barley, 55 to 58c.

FLOUR—Patents, $4 15 to 4 60; choice superior extra, $4 05 to 4 15; superior extra, $3 80 to 3 90; extra superfine, $3 70; fancy, $3 40; Spring extra, $3 30; superfine, $3 to 3 10; Canada Strong Bakers', $4 10 to 4 20; Manitobas do, $4 50 to 4 60; American do, $4 70 to 4 80; fine, $2 85; middlings, $2 75; pollards, $2 60; Ontario bags, medium, $1 70 to 1 75; do, Spring extra, $1 60 to 1 65; do, superfine, $1 45; city bags, delivered, $2 25 to 2 30; oatmeal, bris., $4 10 to 4 20; do, granulated, $4 40 to 4 50.

Cuddihy says: I think corn good property and it is quite certain to sell at very much better prices. I think damage to crop is 25 per cent, and it will toll after a while, wheat is good thing to let alone.

DAILY RECEIPTS.—Wheat, 65,472 bush.; corn, 83,624 bush.; peas, 117,42 bush.; oats, 800 bush.; flour, 2891 brls.; ashes, 64 brls.; butter, 917 pkgs.; cheese, 4727 boxes; leather, 93 rolls; tobacco, 52 pkgs.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN.

BEERBOHM reports, cargoes off coast, wheat, quiet but steady, corn, nothing offering; cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat and corn, quiet; Mark Lane, wheat, quiet, do, corn steady; arrivals off coast, for orders, wheat and corn, nil; on passage to the Continent, wheat, 740,000 qrs; corn, 80,000 qrs; on passage to the United Kingdom, wheat and flour, 1,975,000 qrs; do corn, 430,000 qrs; Liverpool, wheat and corn, spot, rather easier; do, fair, average; Red Winter wheat, 6s 7d; do white Michigan wheat 6s 7d. Weather in England unsettled.

Liverpool 3.30 p. m. Prime western lard 34s 9d.

THE LIVERPOOL public cable says: Wheat quiet, steady, poor demand, offered freely; corn quiet, poor demand.

NEW YORK OIL. (By Doran & Wright Co.)

Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
65¼	65¾	65¼	65¾, ¾

CHICAGO MARKETS (By Doran & Wright Co.), August 4.—Wheat opened firm, said Hutchison; bad puts on fully one million September wheat at 76c to-day, none of which was put. The failure of W. B. Harvey on 'Change, who was long on wheat, unsettled the market. Market closed firm at 76¾c for September wheat. Reports from California to-day reduce the crop of that State to 60 per cent. of average crop. Corn weak on sales of long. Corn closing quiet.

Wholesale Produce, Provisions, etc.

CHEESE.—The cheese market is nominally unchanged. The country seems for the time being to be leading the market, as 7¾c is said to have been paid in the country markets, while it is difficult to do better here, and holders ask higher figures, but shippers do not feel disposed to meet their views. It is generally believed that there is a considerable accumulation in the country which must find an outlet, and a good quality of June make is said to be held in cold storage in northern New York, some of which is understood to be on Montreal account. Altogether the market does not warrant the belief in high prices. Shipments from here this week will not be very heavy, and local trade is quiet. We quote: 7¾ to 7¾c for fine to choice; 6¾ to 7¼c for medium; 6 and 5 to 6¾c for other grades according to quality.

BUTTER.—The butter market is nominally unchanged, there is no less brisk a demand for creamery for export, but prices remain about the same. In dairy makes the trade is confined to local wants. We quote: Creamery: 18¾ to 19c; Townships, 14 to 15c; Morrisburg and Brockville, 13 to 15c; Western, 12 to 14c.

EGGS.—The market is very little changed in tone, but there still exists a demand for fresh stock, which is firm at quotations. Newly candled eggs, in case lots, bring from 14¾ to 15c, and ordinary, 13¾ to 14c per doz.

SALT FISH.—We quote: Labrador salmon, No. 1, $13; do, No. 2, $12; do, No. 3, $11; do, British Columbia, $11; dry cod, $3 to $3 50; Labrador herrings, per brl, $3 25 to 3 50; lake trout, half brl, $3 75.

ASHES.—Pots, No. 1, $3 60 to 3 70; No. 2, $3 30; pearls, No. 1, $5 25.

PORK.—In hog products generally there is a fair jobbing trade in small lots, reported at quoted prices, Western States markets show some signs of weakness and slightly lower prices to-day, but the market is nominally unchanged. We quote: Chicago mess pork, new, $13 50 to $14; clear short cut, new, $14 to 14 50; smoked hams, 12 to 13c; do canvassed, 12¾ to 14c; breakfast bacon, 10¾ to 11c.

TALLOW.—4¾ to 5c.

LARD is firm at quotations, a fairly brisk local trade is reported in Fairbanks at 9¾ to 9¾c, and Canadian, 8¾ to 9c in pails.

FRUITS.—The market is nominally unchanged, a fair jobbing trade is reported in the seasonable lines, and the supply is quite equal to the demand. We quote: Apples, new, $3 to 3 25; Valencia oranges, $12 to 13 per case; Rhodi do, $6 50 per box; Messina and Palermo lemons, $4 50 per box; Malaga grapes, $4 per keg; Aspinwalls, $4 00 to 5 50 per bunch; do Jamaica, $2 to $3; red do, $1 50 to 2 50; dried apples, 3c per lb; Spanish onions, $5 per case; tomatoes, $1 10 per box to large crate, $3 50; cherries, $1 to 1 25 per basket; California grapes, $3 50 per case; California peaches, $3 50 per box; do plums, $2 50 to 3 50 per box; southern peaches, 10 to 12c per lb; Bartlett pears, $4 to 4 50 per box; cocoanuts, $6 per 100; water melons, 40c each.

Hay Market.

The market is fairly supplied with hay and straw, for which there is a good consumptive demand. Prices ranged from $10 to $11 50 for medium to fair, and $11 50 to 12 50 for choice timothy, per 100 bdls. of 15 lbs. each.