Montreal Herald
AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1857.

VOLUME XLIX — NUMBER 268.

MONTREAL HERALD
STEAM BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE
No. 209 Notre Dame Street,
(Near St. Francois Xavier St.,)
MONTREAL.

THE Proprietor of this Establishment begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that having ENLARGED his STOCK of PRINTING MATERIALS, STEAM PRESSES &c., he is now prepared to undertake every description of Printing, such as Books, Pamphlets, Magazines, Insurance Policies, Programmes, Catalogues, Posting Bills, Hand Bills, Railway Bills, Steamboat Bills, Circulars, Invitation and Funeral Letters, Druggists and other Labels Military Forms of every description, &c., with despatch, and at the LOWEST CITY PRICES.
☞ Business Cards neatly and promptly executed.
JAMES POTTS
Jan. 26. 22

SELLING OFF!!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS.
WILLIAM BENJAMIN & CO
INFORM THE PUBLIC
That they intend offering the whole of their
VALUABLE STOCK
FOR CASH ONLY,
ON
MONDAY next, 26th OCTOBER,
AND
FOLLOWING DAYS,
At a reduction of
25 TO 30 PER CENT.
W. B. & CO.,
Solicit an EARLY CALL, that the Public may judge of this being a
GENUINE SALE,
and made for the purpose of reducing ther very HEAVY STOCK.
W. B. & Co. flatter themselves they need not now state the SUPERIOR QUALITY of GOODS always kept by them.
Store will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, in order to re-mark the Stock.
Ladies will find it most advantageous to pay a morning visit.
196 Notre Dame Street,
Montreal, October 23, 1857. 252

SAVAGE & LYMAN,
HAVE RECEIVED,
PER S. S. "NORTH AMERICAN,"
THREE CASES
OF
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
AND
FINE JEWELLERY,
OF NEW STYLES.
—ALSO—
SILVER TEA & COFFEE SETTS,
Castors, Salvers, Cups and Goblets!
—AND—
FORKS, SPOONS AND LADLES,
OF VARIOUS PATTERNS.
Corner of Notre Dame and St. Gabriel Streets. 220

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.
THE SUBSCRIBER'S STOCK OF GENTLEMEN'S
LAMBS' WOOL UNDER SHIRTS
AND
PANTS,
Is now Complete. A Large Assortment of
Knitted Wool Vests and Jackets,
In all the Newest Varieties.
W. W. CAMPBELL.
October 2. 234

D. & J. MACDONALD & CO.,
Manufacturers,
Glasgow, London, Manchester, Londonderry, Belfast, New York, and Montreal.

D. & J. Macdonald & Co.,
No 163 St. Paul Street,
MONTREAL,
BEG to inform the Trade that they have just received large additions to their Stock of
Sewed and Embroidered Muslins
Of every description and in great variety.
Ladies' and Children's Underclothing
Ladies' Cotton and Lace Mantles, Muslin Jackets, Morning Dresses, &c
Girls' Silk and Muslin Dresses
Boys' Marseilles, Merino, Tartan, and Kilt Dresses
Infants' Pelisses, Carrying Cloaks, &c
A large Stock of Men's Shirts of every description, Cotton, Linen and Woollen
—ALSO,—
Scotch Muslins in variety.
N.B.—All Goods sold at Glasgow Prices.
E. GOODIER.
Montreal, Sept. 24, 1857. 227

THE SUBSCRIBERS have now received their
FALL IMPORTATIONS,
Comprising an extensive and complete ASSORTMENT OF
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Which they offer on the very best terms.
W. & R. MUIR,
St. Paul Street.
Sept. 12, 1857. 217

MONTREAL
PAPER HANGING WAREHOUSE
178 NOTRE DAME STREET.
JUST received, in bond, per ship "Empire" at New York:—
25 bales ENGLISH WALL PAPER, all new and beautiful styles.
—ALSO—
10 cases AMERICAN SATIN PAPER.
—And daily expected—
30 bales ENGLISH WALL PAPER, in bond, per ship "Calleape."
—AND—
5 bales per "City of Hamilton."
F. TRIGG.
April 29 100

NEW CARPETINGS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
VELVET, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, IMPERIAL and COMMON CARPETINGS, of this Fall's importation, among which will be found some New and Choice Patterns, never before introduced into Canada.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
Of a variety of widths and makes, including some of HARE'S celebrated Manufactures.
Hearth Rugs, Druggets, Carpet Bags, &c., in great profusion.
R. CAMPBELL & CO.,
St. Francois Xavier Street.
September 1857. 222

NEW DRY GOODS,
WHOLESALE ONLY.
JUST Received by this Fall's Vessels, LINEN, WOOLLEN, COTTON and SILK FABRICS, purchased under the most favorable circumstances, and now offered to the Trade on reasonable Terms.
STEAMBOAT FURNISHINGS and SHOEMAKER'S FINDINGS constantly on hand.
R. CAMPBELL & CO.,
St. Francois Xavier Street.
September 18. 222

NEW WOOLLEN CLOTHS.
LAVENDER & SUMMERS,
Merchant & Military Tailors & General Outfitters,
80 McGILL STREET, MONTREAL,
HAVE just received per Steamer INDIAN, TWO CASES very superior WOOLLEN CLOTHS, DOESKINS and CASSIMERES, suitable for the present and coming season, to which they respectfully invite the attention of their Patrons and the public generally.
L. & S. take this opportunity of expressing their thanks for the liberal support received by them, and trust by attention and punctuality to merit its continuance.
Army, Navy and Militia Uniforms, Ladies' Riding Habits, Fancy Ball Dresses, Fire Company Uniforms, Servant's Liveries, &c., got up in the best manner.
LAVENDER & SUMMERS received the First Prize for Military Clothing at the late Provincial Exhibition.
N.B.—Ready-made Clothing in great variety, with an extensive assortment of articles for Gentlemen's Wear.
Gold and Silver Lace, Military Ornaments, &c., &c.
September 30. 232

JUST RECEIVED,
LAMBS-WOOL UNDERCLOTHING,
OF THE FINEST QUALITY.
GIBB & CO. have now opened their Winter supply of SCOTCH LAMBS-WOOL SHIRTS DRAWERS and SOX, which they will sell cheap.
They will also receive THIS DAY, ex "Anglo Saxon, the largest stock of
SILK SCARFS,
GLOVES, MITTS, &C.,
(Personally selected,) they ever imported.
WHITE KID GLOVES,
(A Good Article,)
HALF A DOLLAR.
18 Great St. James Street
October 10. 241

H. J. & D. NICOLLS,
LONDON,
Paletot Patentees and Fashionable CLOTHIERS.
THE Subscriber has opened a large and varied ASSORTMENT of CLOTHING from the above celebrated firm, suited to the present and coming season.
W. W. CAMPBELL,
Agent for Montreal.
October 2. 234

J. & H. McLENNAN,
6 GREY NUN STREET,
(Canal Basin,)
MONTREAL,
DEALERS in FLOUR and other COUNTRY PRODUCE; also, in CORDAGE, OAKUM, PITCH, TALLOW, and HYDRAULIC CEMENT, all of which are kept in constant supply.
Mr. HUGH McLENNAN (of the above firm) is now established in CHICAGO, Illinois. Office, No. 13, LA SALLE STREET, where Consignments and Commissions receive prompt attention.
Agents Provincial Tug Line.
Montreal, Sept. 28, 1857. 230

NEW LEATHER STORE.
J. & J. MILLER,
OF ST. PIE TANNERY,
HAVE just opened a WHOLESALE STORE in McGill Street, opposite St. Ann's Market, Montreal, for the Sale of their well-known LEATHERS. They offer to the Trade and Country Merchants, on the best terms:—
1,500 Sides Spanish Sole
1,000 do Slaughter do
500 do Moccasin Leather
—ALSO,—
1,000 Pairs Beef Moccasins.
They will also be continually receiving consignments of all kinds of LEATHER from other Tanneries.
October 8. 239

TO THE GENTLEMEN.
MASONIC EMPORIUM.
JOHN O. BROWN,
179, NOTRE DAME STREET, 179.
IS NOW DISPOSING of his entire Stock of Summer Goods at greatly reduced prices,
CONSISTING OF
Plain & Fancy Tweeds, Doeskins & Cassimeres
Black and Colored Cloths
Plain and Fancy Silk and Satin Vestings
Black and Colored Silk Handkerchiefs, Scarfs and Ties
Muslin and Gingham Handkerchiefs
Fancy Flannels for Shirts
Mens' and Boys' Cotton and Merino Fancy and Plain Socks
Mens' Lambs Wool, Merino, and Cotton Vests and Drawers
Mens' Spun Silk Vests
Mens' Kid, Silk, and Thread Gloves
—ALSO,—
A large assortment of Masonic Regalia and Materials, viz.; Blue Lodge and other Masonic Aprons, Sashes, Collars, Ribbons, Rosettes, Gold and Silver Tassels, Jewels, Silk Handkerchiefs, &c., and a variety of Masonic Materials too numerous to mention.
JOHN O. BROWN.
August 8. 181

IMPORTANT TO
VISITORS TO MONTREAL!
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
ASSORTMENT OF
FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES!
GENUINE
GOLD CHAINS AND JEWELLERY
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!
BEST QUALITY OF
Electro-Plated Ware!
ELEGANT
PAPIER MACHIE GOODS!
SOLID SILVER
Spoons, Forks, Cups, &c.
FINEST QUALITY AND DESIGNS OF
JET ORNAMENTS!
MAGNIFICENT
Parian Marble and Bisquit ORNAMENTS!
Antique Bronzes!
Achromatic Microscopes and Telescopes!
ROSEWOOD AND LEATHER
DRESSING CASES!
Together with an endless variety of Rich and Elegant Fancy Goods of every description, may be found at
A. HOFFNUNG'S,
JEWELLERY AND FANCY DEPOT,
170 Notre Dame Street,
Directly opposite the St. Lawrence Main Street.
August 13. 191

☞ SPECIAL NOTICE. ☜
THE ONLY LICENSED GOVERNMENT AND CORPORATION PAWNBROKER,
IN THE CITY,
NO. 137 NOTRE DAME STREET.
THE Undersigned will advance Money on JEWELLRY, WATCHES, CLOTHING, FURS, STOVES, FURNITURE and other articles at reasonable rates. Has also on hand an excellent and large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Rings, Clocks, and Fancy Goods, which he offers for Sale at the Manufacturers rates.
SIMON HART.
May 20. 6m-118
N.B.—No business done on Saturday till afte 7 o'clock, P.M

R. H. MATTHEWS,
TRAVELLING AGENT FOR THE
Boston Ornamental Iron Works,
383 WASHINGTON STREET,
BOSTON, MASS.
Chase, Brothers & Co., Proprietors,
WILL BE IN THIS PLACE for a few days, and would respectfully solicit orders for Iron Work of every description.
Especial attention given to the execution of orders for
IRON RAILINGS
FOR ENCLOSING CEMETERY LOTS, &c.,
designs of which may be seen on application to him, at the MONTREAL HOUSE, Montreal.
August 12. 190

SCOTCH CONFECTIONS.
THE Subscriber has received a further lot of WOTHERSPOON'S & CO.'S CONFECTIONS, nicely Packed in Tins—each case well assorted.
A. WALKER,
St. Peter Street.
29th Sept. 231

WARREN'S PATENT SCALES
WITH CAST STEEL BEARINGS. Size—10 cwt. for $12. Other sizes in proportion, can be had at the Montreal Scale Factory, 68 Mary Street. Every Scale warranted.
Repairs at the shortest notice
September 1. 207

M'MILLAN & CARSON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOTHING
AND
OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE
No. 66 McGill Street.
MCM. & C. have just received a large and varied assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Consisting of:
West of England, Scotch, and Yorkshire TWEEDS, Doe and Deer SKINS, all from the best makers; Black, Brown and Fancy Coatings, Beaver and Pilot Over Coatings, West of England and French Black and Colored Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Fancy Vesting.
GARMENTS of all descriptions made to measure in a manner that cannot be surpassed either as regards fit, style or workmanship, and at very *moderate prices for cash.*
From the success they have had in cutting that most difficult and important item of Gentlemen's Dress, namely, PANTALOONS, they feel warranted in saying to those who desire a good fitting Pant, made from the best fabrics, that they can be supplied at their Establishment.
M.C.M. & C. beg to say to the Country portion of their Customers that they have on hand a large Stock of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
very carefully made up from good material.
Merchants would do well to examine before making their purchases.
Scott's, Clay's, and Chappell's FASHIONS hand and for sale.
N.B.—ONE PRICE ONLY!
September 17, 1857. tfs 221

LACES & EMBROIDERIES.
C. HEALY
HAS JUST RECEIVED a carefully selected assortment of LACES and EMBROIDERIES, the SULTANA, PICCOLOMINI, EUGENIE COLLARS, SLEEVES, &c., &c.
All the new and Fashionable Styles.
BUGLE LACE and Crape Collars and Sleeves.
Ladies and strangers visiting the City are respectfully invited to inspect the above goods, which are very superior.
C. HEALY, Laceman,
219 Notre Dame Street,
West of French Cathedral.
September 17. 221

THE Subscriber has just received, ex "Anglo Saxon," a splendid and varied assortment of
GENTLEMEN'S LAMBS' WOOL SHIRTS and DRAWERS
Do CARDIGAN KNITTED JACKETS and VESTS
Do FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTS (newest styles and patterns)
SILK AND WOOL SCARFS
AND
MUFFLERS,
in every variety and style.
Gloves, Mitts and Gauntletts, in Cloth and Leather, [lined or unlined.]
UPWARDS OF TWO THOUSAND PAIRS OF WHITE KIDS.
W. W. CAMPBELL,
12 Great St. James Street.
October 19. 248

To Hotel Keepers & Private Families.
NEW PATENT
FIVE MINUTES FREEZER!!!
WARRANTED
To Freeze Ice Creams & Water Ices
IN FIVE MINUTES!!!
More perfectly and in much less time than any other Freezer in use. Its operation is simple and the result certain. To be had at
JAMES WALKER & CO.'S
NEW HARDWARE ESTABLISMENT,
264 *ST. PAUL STREET,*
Formerly occupied by WM. LYMAN & CO.
June 10. 36

BRIGHT MUSCOVADO SUGAR.
HHDS } BRIGHT MUSCOVADO SUGAR
TIERCES } BRIGHT MUSCOVADO SUGAR
BARRELS }
Now landing Ex "Swordfish" and "James Parker," from Halifax.
For Sale by
WILLIS & MACNAB,
Gillespies' Buildings,
Corner Common and Port Streets.
October 16. 246

NEW PATENT
DOUBLE ACTION DOOR SPRINGS,
the cheapest and best yet introduced,
ACTING BOTH AS DOOR SPRING
AND
DOOR PORTER.
Wholesale and Retail.
JAS. WALKER, & CO.,
264 St. Paul Street.
October 7. 238

SANDALWOOD TOOTH BRUSHES.
JUST RECEIVED
Sandalwood Tooth and Nail Brushes,
FINE IVORY COMBS,
DRESSING COMBS,
—Together with a further Supply of—
Lubin's Perfumes.
S. J. LYMAN & CO,
Place d'Armes.
October 6. 237

Water Lime Cement
200 Barrels Rosendale Water Lime Cement, just received, and for sale by LYMANS, SAVAGE & Co.
226 St. Paul Street
August 12. 190

N. H. Downs' Vegetable Elixir,
IS acknowledged by all to be the best Medicine for Coughs, Colds, Croup, &c., in market.
As this Medicine has been before the public for nearly thirty years, and always given satisfaction when the genuine was procured. I shall give no fashionable "puffs" but simply say, that I warrant it as usual, to give entire satisfaction.
Be sure and get the genuine, which has my name written with Pen on every wrapper, together with the number of each bottle.
There is an article sold in Canada, put up by Jasper Curtis, of St. Albans, Vt., which retails for 75 and 75 cents per bottle, being a "base counterfeit"!
The said Curtis has no right at all to use my name to sell an article of his own manufacture. Therefore I caution all buyers and venders of DOWNS' ELIXIR to beware of J. Curtis' counterfeit. Remember that the genuine is warranted.
LYMANS, SAVAGE & CO., Montreal, are general Wholesale Agents for Canada.
I have appointed J. M. Henry, Waterbury, Vt., my General Agent for New England, New York and Canada. Therefore people living in places where this article is not kept, will please ask their Merchants or Druggists to order supplies of said Henry, or L. S. & Co., Montreal, C. E.
For Sale by all first class Druggists in Montreal, and throughout Canada. Put up in two, four and eighteen bottles. Price 38 cents, 75 cents, and one dollar per bottle.
N. H. DOWNS.
October 22. ly-BSC-251

☞ Listen to the Voice of Truth and Reason, and be profited by it.
THE time has come that all who will can escape the iron grasp of Mercury, and other mineral poisons, by calling without delay to see the well-known and justly-celebrated Indian Herb Doctor, F. TUMBLETY, who will remain at No. 18 Great St. James Street, nearly opposite the St. Lawrence Hall, a few doors below the Post-Office, from 1st of September to 1st of May next, to administer those only true and safe medicines from Nature's garden, which has for its author the great and Allwise Physician above!
The following diseases can be cured by Dr. T. in the most obstinate stage of their existence, viz:—Diseases of the Lungs, Heart, Liver and Throat. Also, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, and all Diseases of the Blood, such as Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt-Rheum, Fever-Sores, and all other Chronic complaints of years' standing.
P. S.—The Doctor will also give particular attention to all diseases peculiar to Females and Children.
The Poor will be liberally considered.
OFFICE, 18 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, A FEW DOORS BELOW POST OFFICE.
(Nearly opposite the St. Lawrence Hall.)
N. B.—Persons residing at a distance wishing to consult the Doctor can do so by letter, postpaid, enclosing One Dollar, if they wish for an answer. All letters of this nature will receive immediate attention.
Letters should be directed in a plain, bold hand, to the Indian Herb Doctor, F. TUMBLETY, Montreal, C. E.
August 25. 8m-201

For Sale.
COMMERCIAL POINT FORGE,
DORCHESTER, MASS.
DEARBORN, ROBINSON & CO.,
Successors to
RANSTEAD, DEARBORN & CO.,
Manufacturers of
RAILROAD WORK,
Cranks, Truck, Engine & Car Axles, Frog Steel, Connecting Rods, Frames, &c.
STEAMBOAT WORK,
Shafting, Beam Straps, Wheel Arms, Cranks, Cross-Heads, Connecting Rods, Piston Rods, &c.
—ALSO,—
Sugar Mills and Stationery Engine Shafts, Ship Work, and all kinds of Hammered Shapes, for Machinists.
OFFICE,—14 KILBY STREET.
WM. MEIKLEHAM,
Montreal, Agent for the Canadas.
October 14. 244

FOR SALE by the Subscriber—
Wrought and Cast Iron CAR WHEELS Scrap Iron Car Axles, BAR IRON, PIG IRON CAST STEEL, SPRING STEEL, Bolt Copper, Copper, Brass and Steel Wire, Yellow Metal, patent and common, Block and Grain Tin, Pig and Sheet Lead, Brass Locomotive Boiler Tubes, Patent Lap-welded Iron Boiler Tubes, Composition Gas Tubing, Patent-welded Iron Tubes, screwed, for gas, water or steam, Boiler and Tank Rivets, Unscrewed Nuts, squares and hexagon, Hammers, Hammer Handles, Patent Lifting Jacks, Tackle Blocks, three and four sheaves, Patent Steam Indicators, Finished Engine Brass Work, Engine Packing, Cotton Waste, Hair Felt for covering boilers and steam pipes, Asphalte Roofing Felt, Locomotive, Carriage and Signal Lamps, Circular and Square Fire Brick, and Ground Fire Clay, &c &c.
OILS,
Pure Sperm, Mason's Sperm, Olive, Lard and Car Oils, of the first quality, for machinery and engine purposes.
WM. MEIKLEHAM,
Young's Buildings McGill Street
Sept. 22. 225

THE AUBIN
Universal Gas Works,
FOR the use of Private Houses, Stores, Factories, Saw Mills, Light Houses, Hotels, Colleges, Villages and Cities.
Patented for Canada, Dec. 10, 1856.
Patents also obtained for the United Kingdom of Great Britain, the United States and France.
The above Apparatus (a Model of which can be seen in operation at C. Garth's, 142 Craig Street,) is now coming into general use, as can be seen by certificates and references in possession of the undersigned. It is the simplest, safest, and most effectual yet invented, and calculated for every climate and country, not being exposed to freeze, and generating gas from any material containing it, such as Sawdust, Coal, Rosin, Grease, Bones, Oil or Oil Cake, &c., and affords the *Cheapest Artificial Light known.*
It obtained the
GOLD MEDAL
of the American Institute, and Premiums wherever exhibited.
For further information and the works, apply to
C. GARTH, Gasfitter,
No. 142 Craig Street.
E. BAUMANN,
3-m 240 Agent for Canada East.

CURRANTS—10 caroteels } fine Zante.
50 barrels }
RICE—300 bags Patna.
100 do. Aracan
MUSTARD—10 hhds Colman's
CANDLES—100 bxs Belmont
400 do Belmont Sperm
—ALSO,—
Refined Sugar, Loaf, Dry Crushed, and Crushed Yellow; Golden Syrup; Pepper, Pimento; Cloves; and TEAS, Young Hyson, Twankay, Gunpowder, &c. &c.
For Sale by
JAMES TORRANCE.
26th Sept. 229

Sugar, Rum, Fish, &c.
Hhds } Fair to Extra Bright Muscovado Sugar
Tierces }
Barrels }
Puncheons Prime Porto Rico and Cuba Molasses
Puns Old and Fine Flavored Jamaica Spirits
Bbls } Choice No. 1 Split & Round Herrings
H-bbls }
Barrels Cod Oil
Hhds } DeKuyper's Gin
Cases }
Boxes Lobsters, Mott's Cocoa, and Arrowroot
Hhds Brandy, various brands.
For sale by
J. & J. MITCHELL.
October 1. 233

FOR SALE,
THAT LOT OF LAND fronting the South corner of Craig and St. Dominick Streets with a good Stone Foundation for a House thereon.
Apply to
MESSRS. LEBLANC CASSIDY, Attorneys, Craig Street.
Montreal Feb. 20, 1857 43

FOR SALE.
THE GOOD WILL of the Business hitherto conducted by McIntosh & McLean, in Great St. James Street, Montreal, together with the Stock in Trade, comprising a full and general assortment of Groceries, Liquors, &c. Early application to be made on the premises. Terms can be made liberal.
Montreal, September 21st. 224

FOR SALE.
A LARGE OFFICE CONSULTING TABLE, covered with Green Baize; Mahogany edges, 7 feet 5 inches by 4 feet. Inquire at this Office.
September 18. 222

LIVERPOOL SALT AFLOAT.
For sale by
JAMES TORRANCE.
October 7. 238

Marmalade.
50 Cases Scotch Marmalade, Wotherspoon's make.
A. WALKER,
St. Peter Street.
Sept 29. 231

ON HAND.
50 ASSORTED CRATES of CROCKERY, suitable to the trade of Canada West.
RENAUD, PRIEUR & CO.,
200 St. Paul Street.
September 11. 216

HYACINTHS!
JUST RECEIVED, direct from Holland—
2000 FLOWER ROOTS,
in fine order, consisting of Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, &c.
S. J. LYMAN & Co.
Place D'Armes.
October 7. 238

FRESH TAMARINDS.
10 CASKS, put up expressly for the Subscriber in St. Croix.
For Sale by
S. J. LYMAN & CO.
October 19. 248

SOLE LEATHER.
THE Balance of STOCK of the New Glasgow Tanneries, for Sale by
WILLIS & MACNAB,
Gillespie's Buildings,
Corner of Common and Port Streets.
September 17. 221

FOR SALE—
PLAGNOL'S celebrated OLIVE OIL.
G. E. STARNES,
55 St. Francois Xavier Street.
May 30. 127

FOR SALE,
DUBLIN XXX STOUT PORTER, Pints and Quarts
1st Prize American Cheese
Choice Dairy Butter
Fresh Oatmeal
Superior Buckwheat Flour
No. 1 Mackerel in Kitts
C. D. PROCTOR & CO.
Feb. 14. 38

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.
50 BARRELS just received, in prime order.
LYMANS, SAVAGE & CO.,
226 St. Paul Street.
August 1. 181

For Sale.
BRANDIES.
THE Subscribers having been appointed SOLE AGENT in Canada for the much esteemed "CHAMPAGNE VINEYARD PROPRIETORS" BRANDY, which, in the English, French and United States Markets, classes with the VERY BEST BRANDS, beg to offer to the Trade,—
100 HHDS
100 QR-CASKS
Of Vintage 1852 and 1856. Also, 200 cases, Vintage 1850 and 1855, now landing ex "Eaglet" from Bordeaux, and can with confidence recommend the same as being fully equal, both in quality and flavor, to any brand ever offered for sale in this market.
EWD. MAITLAND, TYLEE & CO.
June 8. 134

LANE, STEPHENS & CO.
OFFER FOR SALE, in Bond or Duty paid imported direct from the places of production:
Valentia Port, of superior quality, in pipes and qr-casks
Pure Juice, in octaves and tenths
Burgundy Port, in qr-casks, "Crown Brand"
Sherry Wines, in qr-casks and octaves
London Port, in qr-casks, Vintage 1852
Queen's Port, in qr-casks, Vintage 1847
Vine Growers Company Cognacs, in hhds, qr-casks, and cases, and of different Vintages
Sept. 16. 220

NOTICE
TO STEAMBOAT CAPTAINS,
ENGINEERS AND OWNERS
WE beg leave to inform CAPTAINS, ENGINEERS and OWNERS of STEAMBOATS, that we have on hand, and are manufacturing FIRE ENGINE PUMPS, and LOCK-UP SAFETY VALVES, in conformity with the late Act of Parliament, specimens of which can be seen at our works or on board of the Steamers "Quebec" and "Napoleon," and can be seen in a few days on board of the following Steamboats:—
"Victoria," "Prince Albert,"
"Jacques Cartier," "Iron Duke,"
"Cultivateur," "Iroquois,"
"Castor," "Montreal,"
"Terrebonne," "Topsey,"
"Ida," "John Stewart,"
"Aid," "Richelieu."
The above furnished in the shortest possible time and on reasonable terms.
BARTLEY & DUNBAR,
St. Lawrence Engine Works
August 3, 1857. 182

LOW MOOR IRON,
LOCOMOTIVE Tyres, Bar Iron, Plates, and every description of this Superior Iron, can be obtained at the manufacturers lowest prices, free of commissions, by application to
W. BAILEY LANG & CO.,
No. 54 Cliff street, N. Y., and No. 9 Liberty Square, Boston.
who are the sole agents in Canada, and the United States, for the LOW MOOR IRON Company.
July 28, 1857. 6m 177

FOR SALE.
BRANDY—"United Vinyard," in hhds and cases, Vintage 1850
GIN—"DeKuyper & Sons," in hhds and cases
WHISKEY—Islay and Campbelton, in puns, hhds and qr casks
PORT WINE, in qr casks
OLD TOM, in cases
ALE and PORTER, pints and quarts
CHAMPAGNE
Hyson Twankay Tea, in catties
Belmont Sperm Candles, T D Pipes
&c., &c., &c.
D. FRASER,
11 Lemoine Street.
August 5. 184

G. BENDA & Co.,
79 Basinghall Street, London,
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS of FRENCH and GERMAN FANCY GOODS, and MANUFACTURERS of TOBACCONIST GOODS, Meerschaum Pipes and Playing Cards of every description, &c. &c.
SOLE AGENTS for England and the Colonies of Ylipelder & Berolgheimer's Celebrated Patent Lead Pencils, and of the Paratom Purses, under Letters Patent from Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen of Great Britain and His Majesty the King of Bavaria.
References allowed to the first houses in Canada.
Goods *Free in Bond*, saving the duty.
Sept. 12. 217

ENGLISH CHEESE.
BERKELEY, Chadder, Queen's Arms, and Truckle's.
For Sale by
THOMAS PECK & CO.
July 15 166

INK STANDS!
INDIA RUBBER INK STANDS
Glass Ink Stands, in great variety
Red Ink Stands, a new article
Cash Boxes, from 8 to 15 inch
Deed Boxes, &c. &c.
R. GRAHAM,
Stationer, 252 St. Paul Street.
Sept. 7. 212

FOR SALE—
Pig Iron and Horse Shoe Iron, made at Marmora, C. W.
J. HENRY EVANS.
May 11. 110

WHITE FISH.
BARRELS, in prime order.
For Sale.
McLENNAN, MACNAB & CO.
17th Sept. 221

For Sale by the Undersigned:
DRY GOODS of all descriptions
GROCERIES do do
FRENCH MILL STONES
FRENCH BURR STONES
BOLTING CLOTH
E. HUDON, FILS & CIE.,
No. 133 & 135 St. Paul Street
May 14. 113

WOLFE'S
Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps.
THIS superlatively TONIC, DIURETIC, ANTI-DYSPEPTIC and INVIGORATING MEDICINE, can be had at the
MEDICAL HALL.
JOHNSTON BEERS & CO.
October 13. 243

THE Subscribers have received a complete assortment of CHEST PROTECTORS and RESPIRATORS.
JOHNSTON BEERS & CO.
Medical Hall.
October 13 243

Wolfe's Aromatic Schnapps.
WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS are now on hand, and may be had of the undersigned, Wholesale Agents for Canada.
CARTER, KERRY & Co.
Montreal, 13th Oct., 1857. 243

For Sale.
300 Kegs Carbonate of Soda,
50 Barrels Soda Ash,
500 Boxes T D Pipes.
A. WALKER,
St. Peter Street.
Sept 29. 231

BUFFALO ROBES.
NORTH-WEST ROBES—Hudson's Bay Company's
SOUTH-WEST ROBES—Seasonable.
☞ Qualities and Packs assorted to suit purchasers.
For sale by
BOYER & HAWLEY
Sept. 15. 3m 219

FRESH BUTTER
IN CROCKS.
JUST RECEIVED, by the Undersigned, a CHOICE LOT of FRESH BUTTER, in Crocks; put up expressly for family use.
R. THOMAS,
Bonaventure Building.
June 25. 149

For Sale.
FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS—
CIGARS
OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION:
"Victoria" Londres Regalias
Do Panatellas
Do Londres
Do Gifts
"Punch" Entreactos
"Rochester"
"Cobden"
"Cabana" Londres
"Cubrey" Operas
Do Regalias
"Cobden" Damas
"El Sol" Opera Panatellas
Do Millar
Do Doces Meses
Do Panatellas
"El Sevillano" Regalias
Do Millar
Do Londres
Brands guaranteed Genuine.
MILLS, MATTICE & CO.
August 24, 1857. 200

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
SUGARS—Bright Muscovado, in hhds & tierces
SYRUPS—Choice Barbados, n small puns
Choice Porto Rico, in puns & brls
TEAS—Young Hyson, Old Hyson, Imperial, Hyson Twankay, Twankay & Souchong
COFFEE—Java and Rio, Green and Roasted
SPICES—Extra Nutmegs, Pimento, Cloves, Cassia, Root and Ground Ginger
SOAPS—Liverpool, Honey and Fancy
GLENFIELD STARCH—Pearl, Blue and Corn Starch
BLUE—Waterford, in 14lb bxs
PICKLES and SAUCES—Bushby's, Powell's, Joyce's, in bots and cases
MUSTARD, in jars; Ketchup, Salad Oil
PATNA RICE, Sago, Tapioca, Sugar Candy
BELMONT SPERM CANDLES, Vinegar
FISH—Round and Split Herrings
Digby Herrings, Table Codfish
SALMON, in brls and half-brls
COD OIL, in brls
INDIGO, Madras, in cases
CURRANTS, in brls; Filberts
LIQUORS—Abbot's and Hibbert's R. I. Ale, pints and quarts.
Abbot's, Hibbert's and Brydge's Stout, pts & qts.
Younger's Edinburg Ale, pts & qts
OLD TOM—Booth's, in hhds & cs
Gurney's, in cases
Old Jamaica Rum
Brandy, in hhds and cases
Port Wine, in qr-casks
WINDOW GLASS, assorted, from 9x7 to 22 18
SODA ASH, PALM OIL
MILLS, MATTICE & CO.
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets.
August 24, 1857. 200

THE largest and best assorted Stock of FANCY TOBACCONIST GOODS on this Continent. Consisting of Meerschaum Pipes, in every shape and variety. Tobacco Jars to represent Mortars, Dogs Heads, and Houses. Patent Leather Segar Cases, and French Fancy do; Silver Snuff Boxes, and Gold Mounted do.; Amber and Horn Mouth Pieces Cherry and other Tubes. With about three thousand dozen of German and French PIPES, any many other articles.
Also, just received, three cases of LATAKIA and TURKISH TOBACCOS, direct from Constantinople, and warranted Genuine.
Also in Store, three hundred and fifty thousand of GENUINE HAVANA SEGARS, of the choicest brands
For Sale, in bond or duty paid, six hundred boxes of MANUFACTURED TOBACCOS, of the most favorite brands, and at prices that defy competition.
JOHN LEVEY.
Sole Agent for Canada for John Anderson's Fine Cut Chewing Tobaccos.
May 23. 120

THE Subscribers are now receiving and offer for Sale, in Bond or Duty paid—
500 bkts Moët & Chandon's Champagnes } Sole Agents in Canada.
100 hhds Central Society of Vine yard Proprietors' Brandy
100 qr-casks, 100 octaves do
500 cases do
—ALSO,—
Clarets in hhds, qr-casks and cases, guaranteed to be genuine
Port and Sherry Wines of different grades
Muscovado Sugar and Molasses
—WITH,—
A General Assortment of Groceries.
LAMOTHE & FRERE,
No. 192 St. Paul Street,
April 24. 96

FOR SALE—
Indigo, Button Blue, Cloves
Pepper, Pimento, Cassia
Nutmegs, Mustard in jars and 1lb & 2lbs
Pressed Smoking Tobacco
Playing Cards, Wrapping Paper
Rice, Flour Sulphur, Ginger
Cream Tartar, Castile Soap
Sugar Candy, Olive Oil
Cod Oil, Corks, Belmont Candles
London Pickles, Windsor Soap
—ALSO,—
A general assortment of GROCERIES, consisting in part of Sugars, Molasses, Syrup, Tobaccos, Lead, Wines, Brandy, Gin, &c. &c.
L. MARCHAND & CO.,
No. 174 St. Paul Street.
Oct. 6. 238

HARDWARE.
THE Subscribers beg to offer for Sale at LOW PRICES, a large assortment of English and American GRATES, FENDERS and FIRE IRONS, CORNICE POLES and CORNICES, CURTAIN-BANDS, &c.
RODGERS' Pocket and Table Cutlery and Scissors.
SHEFFIELD Plated and Brittania Metal Ware.
A most complete assortment of Builders Furnishings of the latest designs.
Cabinet Makers, and Upholsterers, Stock of every description.
Saddlery, &c., with the usual assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware.
—ALSO,—
The PATENTED SELF-SEALING CANS for preserving Fruits without Sugar.
JAS. WALKER & CO.,
264 St. Paul Street.
September 16. 220

Grate Coals!
THE Subscribers offer for Sale the best quality of Screened SYDNEY GRATE COAL, in lots to suit purchasers.
MACDOUGALL, KING & CO.
June 9. 135

Smiths' Coal.
BEST NEWCASTLE NUT COAL for Sale by the Subscribers.
MACDOUGALL, KING & CO.
June 9. 135

COALS. COALS.
SCREENED GRATE COALS, in lots to suit purchasers, for sale by
G. & D. SHAW,
No. 8 Common Street.
Dec. 12 242

BARRELS MACKEREL.
Do. Labrador HERRINGS.
Bundles Prime DRY FISH.
Cases LOBSTERS.
For Sale.
McLENNAN, MACNAB, & CO
17th Sept. 221

STEAM CRANES.
FOR SALE, on board the Steamship "Elizabeth Jane," TWO SUPERIOR STEAM CRANES, of newest construction, each will lift from 3 to 4 tons, and boiler works up to 30 lbs.
Apply to Captain Dodds, on board, or to
HAVILLAND, ROUTH & CO.
Sept. 30. 232

WALLSEND COALS.
50 CHALDRONS BEST WALLSEND COALS, ex S. S. "Elizabeth Jane," from London, in lots to suit purchasers.
For Sale by
HAVILLAND, ROUTH & CO.
Sept. 30. 232

ALL THINGS NEW!
THE MARCH OF IMPROVEMENT STRICTLY OBSERVED
AT C. DION'S
PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS,
NO. 210 NOTRE DAME STREET.
July 9, 1857. 16

For Sale.
E. & A. LAMONTAGNE
No. 1 William Street, New York,
AGENTS FOR CANADA FOR
Messrs. Ruinart Pere & Fils, (Rheims)
" Barton & Guestier, Bordeux,
" Raynal & Alusse, Cognac,
" deBelleville Freres, do.
BEG to solicit orders for direct importation via St. Lawrence or New York, for Champagnes, Clarets and Oils, Brandies, &c., from the above well-known Houses.
E. & A. L. keep constantly in Bond, for the Canada market, an assortment of the above Wines and Brandies; also

☞ We would remind our correspondents at a distance that we refuse all letters unless they are pre-paid.

☞ All notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths inserted in the *Herald* are charged at the following rates:—

Notices of Marriages.....2s 6d
Notices of Births and Deaths....1s 3d
Invitations to attend a Funeral (extra).....1s 3d

All notices, such as the above, are paid at the time of insertion. Should a charge for any of the above notices be allowed to pass through our books, the charge for each notice will be 5s.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 11, 1857.

☞ *PAY YOUR GAS RENT ON OR BEFORE THE 14th INST., AT No. 54 ST GABRIEL STREET, AND SAVE 30 PER CENT. DISCOUNT.*

The New Judicature Act. — The *Canada Gazette* of Saturday last contains a proclamation, by which certain of the provisions of this law will come into force on and from the 24th instant. The act consists of a 152 sections—a certain number of them to be enforced immediately, and others to await the time when the Governor is satisfied that a sufficient Court House and Jail has been erected at the *chef lieu*—the local capital—of each judicial district.—The former provisions only of the law are the subject of the present proclamation. They are contained in sections from 1 to 5 inclusive, 20, from 101 to 112 inclusive, 133, and from 149 to 152 inclusive. The remaining sections, 113 to 116 inclusive, will, of course, be the subject of another proclamation, when the provisions affecting them have been fulfilled. In the meantime, although the decentralizing machinery of the act is only about to be enforced on the civil side of the administration of justice; and although the divisions and *chef lieux* have not in all cases met with the approval of those interested, and are believed to have been defined and selected in the particular interests of the supporters of the present Ministry, we consider even the partial initiation of the system a subject of congratulation to our "country cousins," who will now, instead of being dragged to distant centres, have justice, in civil matters at least, administered to them at their own doors. A somewhat important feature in the new order of things remains, however, to be carried out, between this and the 24th instant, inasmuch as Courts without judges, clerks, and other officers, can be of little practical utility. It might, indeed, be convenient as well as profitable to the "Powers that be," to postpone the exercise of so much patronage as this act secures to them, until after the coming general election—to keep the hopes and fears of the countless candidates for office in abeyance until they and their friends had given their "free and independent" votes at the poll. We shall not, therefore, be greatly surprised, should the establishment of these new Courts, under the present proclamation, be merely *honorary* for some time to come—altho', "equally as true it is," that "a bird in the hand," &c., and the temptation to secure an amount of patronage, which the result of an election might bestow upon others, should not be lost sight of. *Nous verrons:* but, under any circumstances, we have no doubt the Judges and other officers of the new Courts will be appointed, to a man, before the meeting of the new Parliament in February next.

At Last.—"We learned by special telegram last night," announced the *Gazette* yesterday morning, "that the Provincial Secretary had resigned his seat in the Cabinet." Poor Mr. Terrill, if he did entirely mistake his vocation and, conscious of his own utter incapacity, hide his talent in a napkin, his faults have been those of omission mainly—for we cannot altogether pass over his devotion to the fifth Commandment, or his somewhat exclusive care of his own household in the matter of fees—paid to him by himself & Co.,—for services *not* performed. It is, then, really too bad that the poor man should have been, thus, jeered and sneered into resigning his comfortable sinecure, by the organs of the Coalition, to whose rescue he came in the hour of need, and at the same time be insulted with their hypocritical regrets and crocodile tears over his ejectment. "We must repeat our regret," says the *Gazette*, "that this issue (Mr. Terrill's resignation) has been forced" (not upon the pensive Ex-Secretary, but) "upon Mr. Terrill's colleagues, by his own conduct." Now, surely, considering the "repeated regrets" of the organ of the Coalition in all its curiously-complicated phases, might have allowed its so recent model minister the poor credit of having voluntarily resigned his office. This is the least, we think, Mr. Terrill had a right to expect at the hands of his late colleagues and of their *confidential* organs of the press. But no; the residuary Coalition cannot afford to lose even the small credit of having—as they maintain—themselves corrected their own errors; and, accordingly, they plainly enough give a flat contradiction to Mr. T. T's claim to resignation: and, *au contraire*, tell the world that they had "been forced" to give the said T. T. his "walking ticket;" and that his having resigned is all mere leather and pranella—mere bosh and bunkum. This surely, is the "most unkindest cut of all"—a species of supererogatory indignity, which might have been spared Mr. Terrill in his retirement from office, whether voluntary on his part or otherwise.

Personal.—It will be seen by our advertising columns, that, on Friday night, The McCormick—that ubiquitous and indefatigable individual—we might almost say institution—is to have a Benefit at the Theatre Royal—and surely such an event may be viewed as a matter of personal interest to every play-goer in Montreal. We could give a score of reasons why there ought not to be a vacant seat in the house on such an occasion, but it is needless—McCormick's untiring zeal in the performance of his public duties, multifarious and onerous as they have long been, gives him a claim upon our community, which, we feel sure, will be liberally responded to. There is, however, a special reason why his theatrical friends should, on this particular occasion, rally to Coté Street on Friday night. He has, as many of them know, been unfortunate, and his error, if he did err, on the occasion—to which we shall not further allude—they also know, arose from a conscientious desire on his part to maintain the unsullied respectability of their favourite resort. The result has been a pecuniary loss, which he can ill afford; and from which, we are satisfied—even in these "hard times"—the *habitués* of our elegant and admirably-conducted theatre will be too happy to have an opportunity afforded them of relieving him. We hope, then, they will give their faithful old friend and servant an over-flowing bumper, to cheer his heart, on Friday night.

Justices of the Peace.—The last Official Gazette contains the following appointments to be Justices of the Peace:—In the District of Quebec: Noel Hebert, of St. Norbert d'Arthabaska, Esq.; in the District of Montreal: Pierre Chenk and Louis Brassard, of the parish of Ste. Julie, in the County of Verchéres; Louis Benjamin Durocher and Joseph Cyrille Auger, of Terrebonne, in the County of Terrebonne; and John Lewis Cassidy, of the parish of Beauharnois, in the County of Beauharnois, Esqrs.; and in the District of St. Francis: Guillaume Crepeau and Francois d'Assise Richard, of the township of Wotton, in the County of Wolfe, Esquires.

The Police Court.—At Mr. Coursol's, and the Recorder's court, yesterday, the cases brought forward were not of the slightest importance, and were such as may be classed under the categorgy of "drunken and disorderly."

Railroad Along the Mexican Gulf Coast—The Governor of the state of Vera Cruz has appointed an engineer to survey and lay out a road direct between the city of that name and Tampico. The estimates are not given, but any possible cost would be fully warranted by the necessities of the rich country through which it would pass.

New Use for Rattlesnakes.—The *Grand County* (Wis.) *Herald* of the 17th ult., says that Seth Maker, a curious naturalist, residing near Beetown, has a spot of ground on his farm set apart for melons, and near it is a well-known den of rattlesnakes. He has tamed the snakes, and by some mysterious powers in the spiritual department of science, is able to conjure them at will into his melon patch to guard the same against uninvited intruders. The snakes have been in his service all the fall, and have discharged their duties admirably. Wisconsin is going to be a great country.

Trial of Mr. Manby—Verdict of Guilty.—On Thursday, the case of Mr. Manby, the late night station-master of the Great Western Railway at London, come on late in the afternoon. The jury returned a verdict of guilty. A requisition on Mr. Manby's behalf is being got up.

The Atlantic Telegraph.—A correspondent of the London *Times* says that the *Great Eastern* is the proper vessel to lay the Atlantic Telegraph Cable, because—first, of her size, there being sufficient room to coil the wire on reels; second, she will not pitch; and third, the wire being on a series of reels, a high speed may be used with safety.

New Railway Connections.—The portion of the Branch Railway between Preston and Berlin, was opened to the public on Monday, thus making the communication between the Great Western and the Grand Trunk complete at two points.

An Illustration.—A better illustration of the almost universal suspension of trade cannot be found than that supplied by the Great Western Railway returns. The travel for the week ending October 22d, last year, realised a sum of $71,403, while for the corresponding week of the present year the returns were but $47,723. a difference of nearly $24,000!

Going Home.—Thirty-one Irishmen left Hartford one day last week, on their return to Ireland to live, thinking their chances better in the old country than the new.

Theatre Royal.—This evening an excellent bill is presented to the visitors to Coté Street—the *Gambler's Fate*—being a capital play, holding up in its true light the pernicious vice of gaming. This will be followed by the admirable Drama of *Don Cæsar de Bazan*. A new play, we learn, is in active preparation, entitled *The Liverpool Banker*. This popular production is fresh from the pen of that clever dramatic writer, J. Stirling Coyne. The scene is laid in Liverpool—time, the present year. The manager is untiring in his zeal to gratify the tastes of all his patrons, and we trust that he will be well supported by our citizens generally. Do not forget Christopher McCormick's Benefit on Friday evening.

Steeple Chase.—The following are the entries for the open Steeple Chase, which comes off to-day:—

	Weights.		Colors.
Kite	11st.	Sclt. Jacket Blk. Cap.	
Ly. Franklin	11st.	Green Jacket & Cap.	
Harkaway	10st. 7lbs.	Blue Jacket Blk. Cap.	
Charles Riley	10st.	Red Jacket Blk. Cap.	

The horses will start punctually at two o'clock.

Stewards:—Col. Ermatinger, Major Campbell, Col. Duchaney, and Augustus Lamontagne.

A Man Shot by his Son.—The Bytown *Gazette* states, that on the 28th October a man named Farrell, residing in the township of Gloucester, went out at night to look after his son, who had been absent some time watching for deer, when, mistaking his father for a deer, the son fired and shot him in the shoulder, shattering it in a dreadful manner. He was soon after conveyed to the Protestant Hospital at Ottawa, where he now lies with but little hope of recovery. This should act as a warning to those engaged in a similar occupation, as no person should ever approach another at night, when sitting up in this way, without the greatest caution being used.

Electic Magazine of Foreign Literature.—We have received the November number of this popular *monthly*, from Mr. Dawson. It is adorned with a fine portrait of Miss Agnes Strickland, and contains an excellent selection of articles from the more recent European periodicals.

New York Money Market.—The New York *Herald*, on Friday morning, thus speaks of the state and prospects of finance and commerce in the United States:—

Some of the drawers of foreign exchange have advanced their rates, without finding buyers.—Most of the transactions made have been at 108 per cent. The highest points ruling are 109@110 per cent, but these rates are asked by houses which have no desire to draw. There are reports in the street about large shipments of specie next week. It is very likely that during the next thirty or sixty days specie will be going both ways across the Atlantic, without much gain on either side, but after that time the amount will in all probability set entirely this way. As soon as cotton begins to go forward actively the supply of sterling exchange must be largely in excess of the demand. Our importations have dwindled down to the smallest figures, and do not much more than equal our exports. When it is considered that this is the first importing port, and about the third exporting port in the country, a pretty good idea can be formed of the limited amount of our aggregate import trade. This alone will in time, remove many of our financial difficulties, and place us again in a position to liquidate all our indebtedness, both foreign and domestic. The total importation for the year ending June 30, 1858, will, beyond all doubt, be more limited than has been known for many years. The total exportation will of course be less than last year, but the decrease will be in the shipment of bullion—a reduction not likely to do us much harm. If the position of foreign trade will permit us to retain our California remittances of gold for twelve months, the general finances of the country will be placed upon a very strong substantial basis. The season has commenced favorably enough to ensure such a result, if the screws are not prematurely loosened. Contraction and liquidation are the only sure remedies for our difficulties, and they should be rigidly and perseveringly practised.

FASTING, HUMILIATION, AND PRAYER.

Province of Canada. } EDMUND HEAD.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.

To all Our Loving Subjects in Our Province of Canada—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

KNOW YE, that taking into Our most serious consideration the grievous Mutiny and Disturbances which have broken out in India, and putting Our trust in Almighty God, that He will graciously bless our efforts in that Country; And considering the propriety of setting apart a day to be observed throughout Our said Province as a Day of Humiliation and Solemn Prayer to Almighty God, for imploring his blessing and assistance on Our arms for the restoration of tranquility, We have thought fit, by the advice of Our Executive Council for Our said Province, to issue this Our Proclamation appointing, and We do hereby appoint, FRIDAY, the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of NOVEMBER instant, to be observed throughout Our said Province as a day of General Fast and Humiliation and of Prayer to Almighty God for the success of Our arms in restoring tranquility in the said territory. And We do hereby earnestly exhort all Our Loving Subjects in Our said Province reverentially and devoutly to observe the same as a Day of General Fast, Humiliation and Prayer.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well-Beloved the Right Honorable Sir Edmund Walker Head, Baronet, one of Our Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over Our Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c. At Our Government House, in Our CITY of TORONTO, in Our said Province of Canada, this SIXTH day of NOVEMBER, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and in the Twentieth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
T. LEE TERRILL, Secretary.

FOX HUNTING.

[FOR THE "MONTREAL HERALD."]

The village of Pointe Claire is situated on the Western side of the Island of Montreal, fronting Lake St. Louis, nine miles from and above Lachine and seven miles from and below St. Anne, the Western extremity of the Island, where it narrows to a point, three miles beyond which it intersects the Ottawa, dividing it into two, one channel passing over the "Sault au Recollect" and the other forming the Rapids of Ste. Anne. This tongue of land gradually widens as it approaches Ste. Geneviere, a village on its Northern side, and Pointe Claire opposite to, and three miles from it on the Southern side. It will thus be seen that the country between these two villages is about ten miles from the extreme Western extremity of the Island. In an easterly direction it is twelve miles from the village of St. Laurent, which lies six miles west of this city. Persons driving round the Mountain must have observed the beautiful panorama presented by the country west some twenty or twenty-five miles, reminding one of the view from Richmond Hill, with its beautiful park and meadow scenery, the distant view of the Ottawa glistening on one side with the St. Lawrence on the other side of the Island, making the illusion more striking.

This splendid country, for the purposes of the Chase, is perhaps unequalled on this Continent. The position of the farms, concession after concession westward from the village of St. Laurent, is lengthways; with highways running parallel from river to river, and with others at right angles communicating with the several concessions. The fences and enclosures are usually composed of stone walls, with a rail or two on top—and as the concessions approach in narrow down to the tongue of land before described, they are entirely of stone—forming a neat and perfect fence for a well-trained hunter to take, though at times rather higher than wished for—very like some in the stiff hunting counties of England or Ireland, such as Gloucestershire or Tipperary, where some ugly-looking stone walls are to be met with. The cover and copses are generally small and inviting, and from these Reynard is easily forced to take to the open and, from the peculiar lay of the farms, almost invariably runs with the length of the concessions, east or west, thus insuring long runs, with the least fencing, and that of a pleasant and not too distressing description for man and horse. Hence a meet at "Pointe Claire," about the centre of this country, is invariably successful and satisfactory, amply repaying the "true Fox hunter" for any extra trouble he is put to, by a sure find and certain gallop for miles, with good fencing and in fast company.

It is not surprizing, then, that I was again induced to visit this charming country to see the Montreal Fox Hounds throw off, last Saturday, as advertised, at ten o'clock. Having sent on my "mount," I availed myself of the railroad, at 8 o'clock, A.M., and 9 o'clock found me in goodly company, at breakfast, at the "Auberge," in the village, some twelve or thirteen good men and true, being already there for the meet. At ten o'clock the whole, with flunkies, and the village doctor mounted on a hearse-like looking nag, swelling the number to some eighteen "mounts," started towards Ste. Anne, for a cover some 3 miles off in that direction, which was drawn without a find. The dogs taking up an old drag for a short distance, were called off; they were again thrown into another, with like success, the recent rains having flooded the cover, there was no harbor for Reynard; so the Pack was now steered for a copse towards Ste. Genevieve, in a high and dry country, into which they dashed—no sooner in, than symptoms of work begin.—Their busy tails are seen shaking with that peculiar motion—which excitement in the presence of game produces—a suppressed whimper—the quivering snout, well laid on to the ground, with the supple movements of the body and limbs—of the favorite hound has brought the whole about him in busy consultation. At last, in proud confidence of superior instinct, he darts ahead, with expanded jaws, giving out the key-note, to which the rest join in musical chorus; and they dart through the cover at a tremendous pace. Tallyho! Tallyho! resounds through the field. Yoicks!—Reynard has burst out into the open, steering due east, with the gallant pack close at his heels, running with the wind, and taking up a beautiful line of country. Gentlemen, hold hard, cries the huntsman—give the dogs fair play—to him! Good dogs—hark to him, Shamrock! and away they go as swiftly as ever pack went it. Now for work!—Oh, that thrilling pleasure, to see the gallant horsemen charge those walls with unflinching nerve and steady reins! Who is riding the chestnut? by the Lord Harry, he seems to fly over the fences! Well done! It is a well-got-up flunkey with his master's second horse—now you see him—high over his saddle, as he takes that wall, with lots of daylight between his legs; at another, he is well *among* the ears of his superb chestnut; but, bravo! he sticks to him, and is evidently no novice: the pace is tremendous!—it is now an hour and no check—the horses foam and lather, and unless they kill soon, they will be pumped-out; already their heaving sides betoken vast distress. Bravo! the last wall, a rasper, is cleared, and the dogs make for the large cover near the river, nine miles from Point Claire, and about ten from the cover whence Reynard gave the slip. This is a splendid run; it has lasted an hour and twenty minutes without a check. Gradually the music of the pack ceases: Reynard has got to lodgings, and the men pull up. "I wish I had a drop of 'Hale,'" says Flunky, the perspiration rolling off his well fed and rosy countenance. *Sacré*, says the Doctor, who has managed to keep up, "*Cela me fera du bien aussi, que dites vous*, Snob." "My horse has lost a shoe," says somebody. "This country reminds me of Tipperary," says another. "What a glorious run," echo the whole, excitement and satisfaction beaming in their faces. Thus finished another splendid run in this the only country in America where men can ride to hounds, if they wish it. I cannot close this without noticing the steady and sportsmanlike manner the field went to their work, without a grief, though in a country perfectly unkown to most of them; and the pace was good enough for Leicestershire, as one of them justly remarked. Who hath an ear for harmony let him go out to Point Claire, and hear the music of the Montreal Fox Hounds, and if there is *go* in him, it will come out of him then and there, or my name is not

SNOB.

THE HUDSON'S BAY TERRITORY.

(*From the London Daily News, Oct* 20.)

After nearly three months' delay, which under the circumstances of the case looks very much like three months' concealment, the Colonial office has recently permitted the Blue Book on the Hudson's Bay Company and territories to make its appearance. We published some ten days ago the Report of the Committee, as well as a very characteristic letter from an occasional American correspondent, who under the guise of rousing the British public to a proper sense of the value of their vast inheritance which lies stretching between the two oceans, has surreptitiously done his best to gain admission to its valuable fur hunting for himself and his own countrymen. To such advisers, the best reply we can make is perhaps, the somewhat expressive, tone—"Thank you for nothing."

No doubt, as our United States friend says, they do in the United States appreciate the worth and importance of these territories better than the public generally in England does; and it is just because they know their value that it behoves those at home who understand the question not to let the Americans "have their wilful way" with the country they covet. The American plan of operations in the matter is plain and obvious enough. It urges the Canadians on to demand the immediate extinction of the Hudson's Bay Company and the annexation of Rupert's Land, the Indian Territory, and Vancouver's Island to Canada, that they themselves may be able to enjoy all the advantages and benefits of the fur trade, as they would quickly do, after such annexation, under the Treaty of Washington, although at the present moment they impose differential duties of 30 per cent on the produce of Vancouver's Island entering California, and refuse to pay one cent of the £200,000 estimated compensation for the ports and establishments of the Hudson's Bay Company in Oregon, which were surrendered to them on condition of indemnity when the North West boundary was settled.

If England and Canada be wise and prudent, they will admit of no American intervention or American counsel in the arrangement of this purely British question; otherwise we shall have a repetition of the old fable: the United States, so far as the fur trade is concerned, will hand England and Canada each a shell and swallow the oyster themselves. This seems to us the first sound principle in any arrangement. The fur trade is a valuable one; let us have the sense to keep it to ourselves because of its value, and the humanity to exclude the Americans from our Indian territory because experience has proved that quarrels, disputes, and bloodshed invariably follow their intercourse with the Red Men. So much for our clever and smart Correspondent. Now for the Report.

It was prepared by Mr. Labouchere, and was finally adopted in the Committee by a majority of one vote. It was opposed by Mr. Gladstone in a series of short, pithy, striking resolutions (which were rejed by Mr. Labouchere's casting vote as Chairman), and in a draft report, presented by Mr. Christy, a gentleman who appears to have some local knowledge of the question, but who did not press his draft report to a division, and whose views received no other support in the Committee than that of Mr. Charles Fitzwilliany, who is, we believe, personally acquainted with the Indian territory to the west of the Rocky Mountains and with Vancouver's Island. Mr. Christy and Mr. Fitzwilliam stood alone in the opinions that an open competition in the fur trade was immediately desirable and that the validity of the charter ought to be submitted to judicial decision. Mr. Gladstone, who has hitherto in Parliament been by far the most vehement, earnest opponent of the Company, did not go any such length. He proposed to ascertain what parts of this huge territory of 3,000,000 of square miles were capable of colonisation, and what were not; that the portion capable of colonisation should be withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the Comeany, and be settled and governed under free institutions; that the country incapable of colonisation should remain within their jurisdiction; that, subject to a right in the Crown to grant leases of mines and fisheries therein, the Company with respect to it should retain their immunities and trade; that henceforward that jurisdiction should rest wholly on Statute,—not in any degree on Charter; and that, as the Company had "tendered concessions which may meet the necessities of the case," the Committee, came to no decision on the question of raising any judicial issue as to the validity of or rights under the charter.

Everything coming from Mr. Gladstone on such a question is deserving of respect and consideration. Scientifically regarded, this proposition of his is quite unexceptionable. It lays down most excellent principles, and it very skillfully gets Mr. Gladstone himself out of an extreme position in which it is very obvious that, now he is like the rest of us, better informed, he no longer wishes to stand. But what a task it begins with! Nothing less than to survey the whole country from Hudson's Bay to Vancouver's Island, to decide which is cultivatable, which not; to mark and map the divisions out, and to classify and arrange the territory. This is a very pretty sketch on paper; but at present it is far more impracticable than parcelling and laying out the centre of Australia. It is a very reasonable ultimate object to take in view, but an impossible present operation. Neither is this the only objection. For the sake of simplicity, Mr. Gladstone's proposition confounds rights and consolidates property. He obliterates all distinctions between the territory which the Company holds in fee simple and the country which it occupies under temporary license from the Crown, and it does this in a manner quite as indifferent to the interests of the public, which are not to part permanently with any further portions of the territory, as to the interest of the Company, which are not to surrender its chartered rights without indemnity. And, lastly, Mr. Gladstone in his scheme totally disregards Canada, which it is impossible for us to get rid of by a flourish of the pen, or by an omission of this sort. We, too, are imperially disposed in the matter, but in moderation and prudence; for, though we resist the attempts of Canada to annex, at the Imperial expense, all this great territory, we cannot, if we would, settle the question without largely consulting, and be considerably influenced by, the reasonable wishes and just pretensions of the colony. Plausible, and logical, and coherent as Mr. Gladstone's plan looks, there was true widom in rejecting it. It would have proved illusory and unworkable when reduced to practice.

What, then, is it that Mr. Labouchere proposes? To satisfy everybody; a hard and difficult task, which generally ends in pleasing nobody. He would (and the Committee also by its majority of one) inculcate to Canada, (by leaving the colony have as much adjacent land as may be available to it for the purposes of settlement. What portions that may include he does not exactly know; but he "apprehends" he could indicate them, and would be prepared to offer terms districts in the Red River and the Saskatchwan. Indeed, if Canada will not take it, Mr. Labouchere is of the solemn opinion that "it may be proper to consider" whether some temporary provision for the administration of the Red River District "may not be advisable." That is the hope Mr. Labouchere timidly throws to Canada, and then runs away frightened at his own audacity. The violent men in Canada are indignant, and the wise men are laughing at the total want of appreciation of the question thus exhibited. And while the wild and foolish people in the colony are bellowing and shouting, the questions and prudent can let us rest was. We were always obliged to keep sentry by night, and in constant fear of being murdered; and when I again arrived at Muttra, though we had 50 chokedars around the bungalow, we felt we could not trust one, and, of course, at the least noise, I always seized my pistols, for we have ever since been obliged to carry arms; for one or two old pensioners, who appear to be faithful, declare that we cannot trust a single native. The demons are such complete masters of deceit and hypocrisy, that when the country is again quiet the killed will be a sorry list to read. On Saturday, the 4th of July, we received a letter saying things wore such a bad aspect that we had better try to come to Agra; and on Sunday night, the 5th, we left Muttra in a boat, as the only native we could rely on assured us the river was by far the safer. We got through the night very well, and till twelve o'clock the next day, when, passing a village, our boat received a volley of bullets, and our head boatman fell wounded. We returned the compliment, but could only see one man fall. After a little more firing we managed to pass the village; but to our great dismay saw them all collecting and running across the country to catch us as we rounded the land, when they again opened fire upon us, and we were covered by ravines that we could not [illegible] it; when the boatmen assured us that on the other side of the river, at about half a mile further, we should encounter a still more hostile village, and as we should then be between two fires, and the river not above 120 yards broad, three or four of the boatmen ran off, and we were obliged to abandon the boat. We were fired at till out of sight, when we were obliged to play at 'hide and seek' in the grass, afraid least a single native should see us, in which case he might run and give intelligence. One boatmen remained with us, and our party was six. We were about twelve miles from Agra when we left the boat, and we could plainly see all the bungalows at Secundra in flames, and, beyond, Agra appeared one mass of smoke. We hid in the grass and ravines till seven o'clock in the evening, when we came out of our holes, and made for Agra. The boatman had previously made his escape, and must have given information, for soon after three men with matchlocks came prowling round our holes; we were afraid to shoot them in case of giving an alarm, so allowed them to pass. About seven when the moon was rising, we left all our guns in the hole, and I merely had my sword, for we were all so tired we could not carry the guns; not having anything to eat for the whole day, and the only water we could drink was what we found now and then in the cart-ruts. We came along without any opposition till within a few miles of Agra, when we nearly ran up against a mounted picket of the insurgents; but the sentry must have been very careless, for, having fallen on the ground, we crouched back and went round, but were disturbed by a dog that they had picked up in Muttra. However, we managed to pass by them, keeping in the ditches and not exposing ourselves, and about twelve o'clock arrived at the civil lines. Every bungalow had been burned, and seeing a number of fires, we thought they might be friendly chokedars, but did not trust ourselves too near them; however, one of them challenged us, and when told we were six sahibs in distress, about forty men and a few mounted ones were up at once and after us. Whether it was that we were running for our lives, we were over six miles like deer, and soon out of their pursuit. I, however lost my shoes, and sprained my ankle so badly that it was with difficulty I could move, but I managed to hobble along a few yards, till we came to a puddle of water where we thought of sleeping, but on one of our party running up a bank, he saw ten men on the look out, so we went on another two hundred yards, and lay down to sleep, hoping to get up before it was daylight and again make for the ravines, sending one of our party, who was as black as the natives, into the fort to make known our distress and bring us some food. 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Two men carried me, and they gave us milk and curds and whey; and, after promising them rewards if they got us safe into the fort, they placed us all in a palki-gharry, with punkahs all round. Having previously dressed us in their cloths, and blackened our skins with charcoal, they put ropes to the carriage, and brought us as their wives. How thankful was I to the Almighty for such deliverance! and after having washed and dressed in H——'s clothes, you may imagine how glad I was to meet my dear wife and children again."

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Catholic Priests for India.—Mr. Esmonde White and "J.O." have written to the *Times* in deprecation of the onslaught which was made a few weeks ago on Cardinal Wiseman. The latter recommended that a portion of the special collections made in Catholic churches should go towards furnishing an outfit for Catholic priests proceeding to India. This was denounced as unpatriotic. "J.O." reminds us of the heroism displayed by the Catholic priests attending our army in the Crimea, the large demand which exists for their services in an army which is composed to the extent of almost one-half of Catholic soldiers, the poverty of the priests which prevents them from providing an outfit for themselves, and the fact that Catholic chaplains receive from Government only one-half the salary enjoyed by Protestant chaplains.

THE FORCES IN INDIA.

The *Morning Herald* has published a return, compiled from official sources, by Captain H. Elphinstone, Royal Engineers, of the Topographical and Statistical Depot of the War Department, for the guidance of the Secretary of State for War, and other members of the Government. This return is made up to the 10th instant.

From the return it appears that the Queen's troops in India amount to 29,384 officers and men, of whom 21,884 are in Bengal, 2426 in Madras, and 9011 in Bombay.

The Queen's troops now on their passage to India amount to 29,611 officers and men, of whom 18,390 are destined for Bengal, 2210 for Madras, and 9011 for Bombay.

The European troops in the service of the East Indian Company amount to 18,260 officers and men, including 1,900 European officers and men from the disbanded and mutinous native regiments.

The number of native troops still on duty amounts to 128,000 officers and men, of whom 46,880 are serving in Bengal, 50,880 in Madras, and 30,240 in Bombay.

The number of native troops that have been disbanded or disarmed amounts to 27,980 officers and men, of whom 380 belong to the Madras army, and 850 to the Bombay service.

The native troops that have mutinied amount to 58,430 officers and men, all belonging to the Bengal army, with the exception of 200 men of the Bombay army. This number, however, appears not to include the Gwalior contingent and other contingents of native princes that have mutinied.

AGRA.

The *Brighton Guardian* has published the following letter, addressed by a medical officer to his relatives at Brighton:—

"Agra Fort, August 10.

"Dear ——, —Everybody around me are writing to their friends in England, as we hear there is a chance of letters reaching Bombay. I write to you, as I have not heart to depict to —— the horrors every soul in this presidency must have gone through. On the 13th and 14th of May there came a report that the insurgents having murdered every European at Delhi, were marching on Muttra, whereupon we immediately despatched the ladies to Agra. I drove my wife all the way in the carriage, and arrived at Agra about eleven o'clock at night. I returned the next day, and found Muttra occupied by troops, not the insurgents, but those of the Bhurtpore Rajah, who afterwards proved demons of only a second-class. I immediately, at my desire, was put in medical charge of this rabble—2500 strong—as at that time I was in hopes we were to march upon Delhi. G—— tells me she sent you my letter, in which I gave a description of my wanderings and escapes after the Bhurtpore troops had mutinied; and as we are desired to keep our letters to 45 grains I do not think it worth while recapitulating it, trusting that the letter has safely reached you; but from that day until the 7th of July, when I arrived here, I had not known what a night of sentry by night, and in constant fear of being murdered; and when I again arrived at Muttra, though we had 50 chokedars around the bungalow, we felt we could not trust one, and, of course, at the least noise, I always seized my pistols, for we have ever since been obliged to carry arms; for one or two old pensioners, who appear to be faithful, declare that we cannot trust a single native. The demons are such complete masters of deceit and hypocrisy, that when the country is again quiet the killed will be a sorry list to read. 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