

Jas. Jones

THE EQUITY.

No. 43, 25TH YEAR.

SHAWVILLE, PONTIAC COUNTY, QUE., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1908.

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Money collected
Money transmitted
Interest paid **Four times a year**
on \$1.00 and upwards in our

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

The Bank of Ottawa.

P. W. MURPHY, MANAGER,
Campbells Bay and Fort Coulonge.

CONCRETE CULVERTS, PIPES AND curbing for wells sold at works. We will contract with municipalities to manufacture pipes. H. T. McDOWELL & Son, Shawville, Que.

LOCAL NEWS

To ADVERTISERS.—Matter for change of advertisements must be in our hands not later than ten o'clock Monday morning to insure publication current week.

Mr. Sam. Armstrong, we regret to report, is laid up with an attack of pneumonia.

J. J. Turner has an auction sale on for Wednesday, April 29. See posters for particulars.

FOUND.—and left at this office, a pair of glasses in case. Owner may have them on application and paying cost of this notice.

Place your orders for enlargements with a man of experience and reputation and get your money's worth every time.
H. IMISON, Artist.

Mis Lusk, professional nurse, in attendance at G. M. Donaldson's, closed her engagement there this week.

Mr. Milton R. McGuire, who had arranged to remove to Lethbridge this month, has decided to remain here till next fall.

A popular young townsman is booked to take a very important step on Thursday of this week. We trust the change may bring with it the enjoyment of much happiness and prosperity.

Messrs. John Horner and R. J. Hamilton, with their gang of men and teams returned last week from the Rouge river district, where they were engaged all winter forwarding shanty supplies for Klock Bros.

Miss McCoy, ceases her duties as principal of the academy this week she having come to an understanding with the commissioners whereby the balance of the school year is to be supplied by Inspector A. L. Gilman, who will assume charge of the academy next week. Miss McCoy, we understand, desires to avail herself of the offer of another position at Rossland, B. C., for which place she leaves next week.

Educational.

On Thursday evening, April 9th, a public meeting was held in the Orange hall here to discuss the educational system of Shawville and surrounding district. The attendance was rather small, due doubtless to short notice given.

Chairman G. F. Hodgins explained that the school board desired to give the people an opportunity to hear what Inspector Parker might have to say as the result of his visit to the Academy which had taken place during the day.

Rev. H. Coffin gave a short talk on the advantages of education to the individual and thus to the state, and made suitable reference to the co-operation which should exist between parents and teachers. School rooms should be bright and home-like for children, etc.

Inspector Parker made reference to the passing away of the several model schools of Pontiac, so that now only the one at Quyon remained, and Shawville academy was the only one in the Ottawa valley above the town of Lachute. The inspector was of the opinion that with a proper building, under good management, at Shawville, there should be one of the best academies in the province. But without a proper building and equipment it was impossible for a teacher to do superior school work any more than a good axeman could cut as much wood with a poor axe as he could with a good axe. He said he would be pleased to answer any questions asked.

Most questions asked were re. cost of suitable building here, and what kind of buildings were in other places.

Rev. W. S. Lennon said that he considered Shawville was lacking in suitable building and equipment for school purposes. He referred to the advantages of having good mental and physical training when young, and the benefit to be gained by having a good public hall and library room.

—Com.

The Merchants Bank of Canada.

ESTABLISHED 1864.
CAPITAL PAID-UP \$6,000,000 RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS, \$4,034,256.25
President, SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Vice-President, JONATHAN HODGSON, Esq.
E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.
The Bank has 120 Branches and Agencies distributed throughout Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and other North-West Provinces.
Three per cent. interest paid on Savings and credited to accounts every three months, viz: February, May, August and November.
A General Banking Business Transacted.
Farmers' Business Solicited. Money loaned on Note for Grass and Stall-Feeding Cattle, etc.
R. L. WHITMAN, Manager, Shawville.

LOCAL NEWS

Births.

At Bristol, on Sunday April 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. James A. Little a daughter.

Mrs. Ralston, widow of the late Hugh Ralston of Bristol, is dead at the age of 80 years.

Imison's photos are made on the best material that money can buy, and are guaranteed not to fade. See that each photo bears the imprint.
Photo by H. IMISON.

A card from Elwin P. Hodgins, tells us that he is now engaged on the Arcola Times, a weekly paper which came into existence about six months ago.

VESTRY MEETING.—The annual vestry meeting of St. Paul's church will be held in the church at two o'clock on Monday afternoon, the 20th inst. All members of the congregation who can do so are earnestly requested to attend.

Inspector Parker, B. A., made his annual inspection of the Academy last Thursday, which was very helpful to both teachers and pupils. His visit is always looked forward to with pleasure. At the close a holiday was granted to the pupils, which will be taken at Easter. The grounds having been improved last spring, received high marks; but the need of a better building was emphasized.

The Buckingham Post of the 3rd inst., was issued as a special "Hockey Number" containing a number of half tone engravings of the town's champion team, and other gentlemen prominently identified with the club. The issue also contains a short history of the popular game since its introduction in that town some years ago, together with a resume of the incidents which led up to the Lower Ottawa Valley championship being captured by the Buckingham septet this year.

The task of rolling the roads in the township of Clarendon during the past winter, cost the municipality a pretty good round sum, as will be seen from the statement of payments in that behalf in another column. But if the cost seems comparatively high the people who are paying it at least have the satisfaction of knowing that notwithstanding the great depth of snow during the past winter, Clarendon had better winter roads than ever before and better than any of the neighboring municipalities where similar means for keeping roads in order were not employed. And good roads at any time of year are one of the greatest advantages any community can enjoy.

Obituary.

Died at Vinton on April 10th, 1908, Bridget O'Donnell, wife of the late John Mulvey. The deceased, who was seventy years of age, leaves a family of six sons and five daughters who will greatly miss her. She was a woman of sterling qualities and was greatly beloved by everyone with whom she was acquainted. Her influence on both young and old was always for good. She was a true, warm-hearted woman, with a kind word for everyone.

Bridget O'Donnell resided in North Onslow prior to her marriage to John Mulvey when she moved to Vinton where she has lived for over fifty years. Of her daughters there are three married, Mrs. Hugh Morrison of Fort Coulonge; Mrs. George Dunn, of Ottawa; and Mrs. Ed. McDonnell, of Buckingham.

The funeral, considering the inclement state of the weather, was largely attended. The remains were taken to Vinton Roman Catholic Church where a mass of requiem was chanted after which the body was interred.

—Com.

LOCAL NEWS

Potatoes Wanted

I will be loading potatoes again at Shawville station on April 21st and 22nd, and will pay 70 cents per bag of 90 lbs. for good sound, dry potatoes, of medium size. I will also buy a quantity of seed potatoes. Bags supplied.
H. TUBBE.
P. S. Eggs and butter bought at my house for cash.

Agents Wanted!—16x20 crayon portraits 10 cents and up, sheet pictures one cent each. You can make 40% profit or \$36.00 per week. Catalogue and samples free.
FRANK W. WILLIAMS COMPANY,
1208 W. Taylor St.,
Chicago, Ill.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. Coleman, Dentist, will be at his office in Shawville from April 15th to 30th, 1908.

The present being Holy Week, daily morning services are being held at St. Paul's church.

If you have any pictures you want preserved bring them to Imison and have them neatly framed. Pictures framed while you wait.
H. IMISON.

Mr. John R. Booth, the veteran lumber king of Ottawa, celebrated his 81st birthday on Sunday the 5th inst.

Dr. Martin, surgeon dentist, will be at: Quyon, April 17th and 18th; Shawville, April 20th and 21st; Campbells Bay, April 22nd and 23rd; Coulonge, April 24th. And the following week will be at Shawville.

We acknowledge the receipt, from Alf. R. McGuire, of Lethbridge, of copies of the Lethbridge News and Calgary Eye Opener. The latter continues to maintain in the most emphatic manner the character which its name implies. The man who is looking for the advanced type of red-hot journalism will find the 'Opener' fully up to his most exacting requirements.

Mr. A. E. Postlewhite, our enterprising carter, has taken to the wheels this week, the streets having at last become too bare for runners. Reports from the surrounding country say that sleighing is pretty well over in the open sections, but the bush roads are still fairly good and much snow remains in the woods. Winter has indeed lingered long in the lap of spring this year.

The Shawville Conservative club will hold a meeting in the council hall on Monday evening next, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock. Mr. Brabazon, M. P., and Dr. McNally, the party nominee for the local house, are expected to be present to address the gathering. Members of the club and all who identify themselves with the Conservative party in this section should make it a point to attend as matters of importance will come up for discussion.

Personals

Mrs. N. Brownlee, Ottawa, visited friends at Radford and Shawville this week.

Miss Eva Elliott, of Yarm, is home again after spending the winter in Toronto.

Mr. W. N. Dauley, proprietor of the marble works here, spent a day in town last week.

Mrs. McArthur, of Russell, visited her sister, Mrs. G. M. Donaldson, for a day or two last week.

Miss E. Sheppard, sister of Mrs. W. A. Hodgins, who has been residing in San Francisco for a number of years past, arrived here Monday evening.

Miss Florence Desjardins, who has filled the post of assistant to the postmaster here for the past two years, left on Monday to take a similar position at the town of Alexandria, Ont.

A SITUATION

for every graduate. That is our record for the past year. Let us prepare you for one. Write for our new prospectus today.

OTTAWA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Cor. Bank and Wellington Streets.

● The Up-to-date School ●

H. C. W. BRAITHWAITE - PRINCIPAL.

OPEN ALL SUMMER

WILLIS BUSINESS COLLEGE of OTTAWA

The school that wins patronage on merit. One of the largest and most progressive schools in Canada.

Continues in session throughout the summer, so that students may begin at any time and complete the course without interruption.

The catalogue tells all. Shall we send it?

S. T. WILLIS, Principal,
102 Bank Street.

IT'S A FACT

THAT THE

Gowling Business College

OTTAWA ONT.

finds positions for all its graduates. That its system is the most up-to-date. That its equipment is the newest and finest in Canada. That its premises cannot be excelled.

Write for new catalogue Now.

J. D. McFAYDEN, Assoc. Principal.
W. E. GOWLING, Principal.

Note the address—
Orme Hall, 174 Wellington St.

That the unexpected is always happening is proven by recent claims paid.

- F. J. Gagnou, Baskatong, Que., \$30.00 — Thumb injured.
- J. Thibert, Cantley, Que., \$44.28 — Typhoid Fever.
- R. Chamberlain, Kazabazua, Que., \$10.00 — Hip injured.
- A. H. Box, Cobden, Ont., \$30.00 — Foot crushed.
- W. C. Carruth, Renfrew, Ont., \$81.43 — Knee injured.
- C. Church, Cobalt, Ont., \$20.00 — Hand injured.
- A. G. Tennout, Pembroke, Ont., \$11.43 — Endocarditis.
- C. Pell, Arnprior, Ont., \$22.46 — Ankle sprained.
- J. Wood, Quebec, Que., \$1,000.00 — Killed.

For rates apply to
ERNEST PITT,
PROVINCIAL MANAGER,
222 St. James St.,
MONTREAL.

FOR SALE.

As the undersigned is about to give up farming, he offers the following machinery and implements for sale cheap, namely:—
1 Binder, 1 seeder,
1 mower, 1 wagon, complete,
1 set work harness.
The above articles are almost new. Will be sold on terms to suit purchaser, with security.
G. ZEMMERMAN,
sub R. of Clarendon,
Near Wilson's Mill.

Have a life size photo taken by Imison. They are better than a crayon portrait. He can make the many size you desire. See samples at Imison's Studio.

REWARD.—I offer a reward for the return of little brown curly dog taken away March 31st.
GEO. CATER.

S. S. CONVENTION.—A union Sunday School Conventions for Starks Corner's district, will be held at the Presbyterian Church, Starks Corners, Que., on Thursday, May 7th, commencing at 2 p. m. Several speakers will be present. All interested are requested to be present.
J. C. C. C. C., President.

Church Services.

Easter Day, 1908.

S. James, Otter Lake, 10.30 a. m.
S. Matthew's, Charlevoix, 3 p. m.
S. Stephen's, Grosvenor, 7 p. m.
Sacrament at S. George's, Thorne, on the 20th inst., at 3 p. m.
CYRUS P. BAUGH,
Priest in charge.

SEEDS SEEDS

The kind that grows

Timothy and Clovers now in stock.

Our seeds are from the most reliable dealers in Canada and are guaranteed fully up to Government standard.

Prices are higher this season but will not be any lower so there is nothing to be gained by late buying.

Garden and Flowers Seeds, of all kinds

Potato Onions,
Top Onions,
Dutch Onions.

We have coming in

Corn, Rape,
Hungarian Grass, &c.

We sell

Yorkshire Stock Food,
Herbageum, and
Bibby's Cream Equivalent.

Now is the time to look after your Stock.

J. H. SHAW.

Have you that tired feeling?

Then try a bottle of our

SPRING TONIC

It gives snap to your muscles,
braces up the nerves and stimulates the appetite.

75 CENTS A BOTTLE

THE DRUG STORE

SHAWVILLE - QUE.

P. S. Don't forget that we handle the best government standard Timothy and Clover Seeds.

A MEDICINE FOR SPRING

Do Not Dose With Purgatives—
A Tonic is All People Need.

Not exactly sick—but not feeling quite well. That's the way most people feel in the Spring. Easily tired, appetite variable, sometimes headaches and a feeling of depression. Perhaps a feeling of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order; that the in-door life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble. Don't dose yourself as many people foolishly do with purgatives in the hope that you can put your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. What you need in spring is a tonic medicine that will make new, rich blood, build up the weakened nerves, and thus give you new health and strength. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the one medicine that can do this speedily, safely and surely. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich, red blood, strengthens the appetite, clears the skin, and makes tired depressed men and women, bright, active and strong. Mr. Harry Huggins, Oshawa, Ont., says: "I don't think there is anything equal to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a cure for nervousness, indigestion and a run-down condition of the blood. For some time I was a great sufferer from these troubles. I tried several remedies, but nothing helped me until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before taking them I felt like an old man, but by the time I had taken four boxes my strength had returned, my appetite improved, my nerves were steady and I was feeling a renewed man."

If you need a medicine this spring—and most people do—try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and see how speedily they will make you feel like a new person. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BRITAIN'S LATEST WAR

FIGHT TO THE DEATH THAT WILL BE WAGED WITH RATS.

Egypt and India Will Also Wage a Relentless War Against These Rodents.

At last rats are doomed. Sir James Crichton-Browne has formed a society, the sole object of which is their extermination.

The greatest rat centre in the world is London, and it has been estimated that round about the docks there are fully six millions of them. Sir Lauder Brunton has stated that the plague of rats is a national danger. London spends over \$50,000 a year on fighting the pest, and all over the world a re-britain's latest war

relentless war is being waged against these rodents, says Pearson's Weekly. Egypt has taken special measures against the creatures and an anti-rat campaign is in active progress at the present time. The Nile rats are very big and fierce, and they swarm up from the river in thousands, infesting the towns all around, Khartoum being the great centre.

India is the most determined enemy of the rat. Year after year that dreadful scourge, the plague, takes a terrible toll of human life, and it is believed that its propagation is largely due to rats; the infection being conveyed to human beings by means of the bites of fleas, which have forsaken rats stricken with the plague.

In various parts of India the British Government has established stations for the reception of rats. A proper staff of officials is appointed, and each station is provided with cages for the reception of the rodents. Rat farms are supplied free to the poor. A farthing a head is paid for every rat caught, dead or alive. The whole of the rats are thrown into a tank containing a solution of carbolic acid. After the bodies have been in the tank for a certain time they are withdrawn and cremated. Weekly rat hunts are also organized in the plague districts of the country.

FARMS TO BREED FEROCIOUS FELINES.

The Salvation Army has taken a hand in the war of extermination, and war of extermination, and for some time has been collecting cats in England. The felines have been consigned to the Salvation Army settlement in India in order to assist in routing out the chief means of disseminating the plague. Two rat farms have been established in order to breed cats of the fiercest type. The rat is quite a new-comer, comparatively speaking, to our part of the world, as really it is a native of Asia, which has made its raids westward. It was somewhere in the sixteenth century that the black rat first came to Europe, while it reached our shores about a couple of hundred years ago.

Black Watch
Chewing Tobacco
Rich and satisfying.
The big black plug.

In another forty years it had found its way to America.

After the black rat had been established some time in Europe, the fierce brown rat came on the scene; gradually it came westwards from China. Then, in 1727, one of the most remarkable scenes ever witnessed took place. Enormous numbers of rats swam across the Volga in a seemingly endless army, and rapidly advanced over Europe, driving the black rat before it.

The black rat was our common house rat until the present brown or grey rat made its appearance in our isles less than a century and a half ago. Whenever the brown rat has landed it has quickly driven out the older black rat, the stronger and bigger creature proving an easy victor in the fight for existence.

There is a great difference in the habits of black and brown rats. The brown rat is distinctly a burrowing animal, but the black rat prefers the top rooms of premises, and is not particularly partial to burrowing.

Really, rats are most remarkable creatures, full of strange contrasts, good and bad. They are shrewd and cunning to a degree, while all their senses are remarkably acute, and by aid of their marvelous teeth can find their way through what seem insurmountable obstacles.

THE RAT'S GOOD POINTS.

Hunger will drive them to accomplish the most extraordinary feats, and they are frightful enemies when short of food. Under the pangs of starvation they will not hesitate to attack any living creature, man or elephant.

Yet the hated rodents have many good points. They are extremely clean animals, and take as much care over their toilets as cats. No creatures are more kind and loving to their young. They will swim foaming rivers, and dare the most formidable of enemies in order to protect their young or to furnish food for them.

Although they are visited with so much hatred they make good pets; it is no uncommon occurrence for a prisoner in a rat-infested place to make firm friends with the rodents.

Rats are sometimes starved, curious to relate, owing to their teeth growing too long. In order to prevent their teeth getting to an inordinate length, they become their own dentists, grinding their teeth on stones. If the rat is cooked in the same fashion as the rabbit, its flesh is superior, according to authorities.

EARNED BY HER INGENUITY.

The Comtesse de Marlet, the well-known novelist who writes under the name of "Gyp," has a pretty wit.

She was on one occasion assisting at a charity bazaar in Paris, to which came Baron Rothschild as a visitor. The writer immediately pressed him to buy something.

"What am I to buy?" said the wealthy nobleman. "You have nothing I want, stay, I have an idea. Sell me your autograph. I should like that."

Without delay, the lady took a sheet of note-paper, and wrote:

"Received from Baron Rothschild the sum of 1,000 francs for charity.—GYP."

The baron read, handed over the money willingly, and departed, well pleased with the comtesse's ingenuity.

DRUGGING CHILDREN

A SOURCE OF DANGER

When you give your child a so-called "soothing" medicine you are not curing its sickness. You are merely drugging it into temporary insensibility. Soothing medicines contain opiates and an overdose may kill the child. When you give your little one Baby's Own Tablets you have the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine is safe. And you have the word of thousands of grateful mothers that this medicine will promptly cure all the minor ailments of childhood. Mrs. L. W. Smith, St. Giles, Que., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl for constipation and other troubles and have found them the best medicine I have ever used." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

Interesting Gossip About Some Prominent People.

Many stories are told concerning the dry wit and humor of the Hon. Joseph Cannon, Speaker of the Washington Congress. Mr. Cannon's salary as a Congressman amounts to \$417 per month, and on his election to the Speakership he decided to go to a better hotel than he had formerly lived in. He accordingly was conducted by the clerk of one of the more fashionable establishments to such a small suite of rooms as his actual needs required. "How much is it?" asked the Speaker. "We would let you have it for four hundred dollars a month." As the Speaker hesitated, fingering his cigar in a nervous way, the solicitous clerk inquired, "That is not too much, is it, Mr. Speaker?" "Oh, no, not at all," responded Mr. Cannon, gravely. "I was merely puzzling my brain to think what I could do with my other seventeen dollars."

The world loves a lover, and for that reason is deeply interested at the moment in the doings of Prince George of Greece, who is to marry Princess Marie Bonaparte. The world also loves a brave man, and has not forgotten how Prince George saved an Emperor's life some years ago. In a place of honor in the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg hangs a walking-stick which, if it could speak, would tell the story of how Prince George saved the Czar from a murderer's blow. The Royal cousins were walking through the streets of a Japanese town during the celebration of a religious festival, when a fanatical policeman aimed at the Czar with a heavy bludgeon. The blow must have killed Nicholas—then the Czar's wife had not Prince George averted it, and knocked his assailant down with his stick.

The popularity enjoyed by the Emperor Joseph of Austria compares very favorably with that accorded our own King. When Francis Joseph ascended the throne he was only eighteen years of age—he is now seventy-seven—and the people of both Hungary and Austria vie with each other in loyalty to their monarch. How many people, by the way, are aware that the Austrian Emperor is the only living European monarch who has led an army in actual battle with the enemy? This was in 1848, at the Battle of Santa Lucia, when the Archduke, as he then was, headed the cavalry charge against the Sardinian squares and captured the guns which had been playing havoc all day with the Austrian troops. Francis Joseph was one of the few who escaped without hurt. A few months afterwards he was called to the throne. When he started ranching in his early days President Roosevelt was looked down upon with some contempt by his hired cowboys, owing to the fact that he was a college graduate and also wore glasses. One bullying fellow, named "Long Ike," used to be fond of entering drinking bars and taking up the glass of any man he thought he could frighten. He played this trick on Roosevelt, and was so certain that he was a typical "tenderfoot" that he did not even make his customary bluff first with the revolver. Before "Long Ike" quite knew what had happened he found himself on the floor; then he was picked up, rushed out of the saloon, and flung down again on the ground outside. He was unable to get up for five minutes; and then he quietly sneaked out of the camp.

AGONIZING PILES.

Cured by Zam-Buk.

Mr. F. Astridge, of 3 St. Paul Street, St. Catharines, Ont., says: "For five years I suffered untold agony with protruding piles. The pain was so great at times I would almost scream. I went down in weight and had no appetite. I tried everything I heard of for piles, but got no relief. I went to several doctors, but they would give me little hope of ever getting rid of them and I finally gave up in despair. One day a friend gave me a sample of Zam-Buk and told me of someone who had been cured. I decided to try it, and the relief I got was encouraging. I bought a box, and the piles kept on diminishing. I used three boxes and am now completely cured. One thousand dollars would be none too small an amount to give for such a cure as mine. I wish I could convince every sufferer of the value of Zam-Buk."

Zam-Buk cures cuts, burns, chapped hands, cold sores, itchy ulcers, eczema, running sores, catarrh, piles, bad legs, abscesses, face sores, spring eruptions, and all skin diseases. Of all druggists and stores, 50c., or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ON BUSINESS BENT.

Mother—"Tommy, what are you doing in the pantry?"

Tommy—"Oh, just putting a few things away!"

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing.

"The most extraordinary thing about him is that he always attaches importance to the most insignificant things."

"Yes, that is plain to be seen. If it were not so, how else could he have such an opinion of himself?"

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. Refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 50c.

"Does your wife take any interest in current politics?" asked the earnest woman. "No," replied Mr. Farmon, "she don't. But if it's current jelly or current roly-poly, why, I believe she could tell you more things about 'em than you ever dreamt of."

In its initial stages a cold is a local ailment easily dealt with. But many neglect it and the result is often the development of distressing seizures of the bronchial tubes and lungs that render life miserable for the unhappy victim. As a first aid there is nothing in the handy medicine line so certain in curative results as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the far-famed remedy for colds and coughs.

IN THE SAME BOAT.

"We get some sad cases," said the attendant at the lunatic asylum to the interested visitor, and opened the door of the first cell.

Inside was a man sitting on a three-legged stool, gazing vacantly at the wall.

"This is an unhappy story," said the attendant. "He is in love with a girl, but she married another man, and he lost his reason from grief."

They stole out softly, closing the door behind them, and proceeded to the next inmate.

This cell was thickly padded, and the man within was stark, staring mad.

"Who is this?" inquired the visitor.

"This?" repeated the attendant. "This is the other man."

HAPPINESS.

True happiness consists in the forgetting how to fret About the many things that we Are sure we cannot get.

A MACHINE FOR WOMEN.

Should be the best obtainable. The Singer and Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines are acknowledged the lightest, running, most durable and convenient of any. Look for the Red S.

Any lady having used any make of sewing machine for 1 year or more write Singer Sewing Machine Co., Manning Chambers, Toronto, for beautiful set of ten convenient views of Ontario. Free for asking.

TOO PROSPEROUS.

Rollingstone—"This here country is getting too prosperous."

Tattler—"That's right. I was obliged to refuse six jobs yistday."

Weak and Sickly People say those who robust health. No need to stay sick when by the use of the best tonic, "Furovion," you can get rich blood and renewed strength and vigor.

ISSUE NO. 15-08.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, BACKACHE, GRAVEL, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, HEADACHE, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY TRACT.

The Pember Store
A SPECIAL SALE
DURING ALTERATIONS.
18 INCH
Natural Wavy Switches
in brown shades only
\$3.15
Please send Cash with order.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
The Pember Store
127-129 YONGE STREET,
TORONTO, - ONT
Single Fare Excursions to Toronto
April 16th to 20th.

RAW FURS

We pay highest price for all kinds. SHIP TO US
Liberal assortment. Prompt returns.

D. H. BASTEDO & CO.
Manufacturers and Exporters.
77 King St. East, Toronto. Established 1873

REPARTEE.

"Tim" Healey, the Irish member of parliament, is quick at repartee. A voter once informed him that he would "sooner vote for the devil than for Healey." "But possibly your friend may not turn up," said "Tim," adding in a tone of mild enquiry, "Perhaps you would support me then?"

THERE'S EVERYTHING IN BEING FIRST.

The first train in Canada was operated on what is now a part of the Grand Trunk Railway and this great system has ever been on the alert to stay in the first rank. In keeping with this general policy the "International Limited," the premier train of the Grand Trunk System, is also the finest and fastest train in Canada, and one of the fastest long distance trains in the world. Leaves Montreal every day at 9:00 a.m., Toronto 4:40 p.m., arriving at Detroit at 10:00 p.m. and Chicago at 7:40 a.m.

UP-TO-DATE.

Gladya—"Got yer spring hat yet, Mamie?" Mamie—"Sure. Me mother got it for me three years ago."

Sleeplessness.—When the nerves are unstrung and the whole body given up to wretchedness, when the mind is filled with gloom and dismal forebodings, the result of derangement of the digestive organs, sleeplessness comes to add to the distress. If only the subject could sleep, there would be oblivion for a while and temporary relief. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will not only induce sleep, but will act so beneficially that the subject will wake refreshed and restored to happiness.

LOVE AND GROCERIES.

Love cometh into life,
Abiding with us still;
But though he has a winsome way,
'Tis Love that never loves to pay
The jingling grocery bill.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAIN OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

NO TIME TO WASTE.

Lady (to caller)—"You won't mind my going on with my work while you're here, will you? Then I shan't feel I'm wasting time."

This is the time to paint with Ramsay's Paints. Paint your roof, paint your steps, paint your whole house. Ramsay's Paints are the oldest and best known in Canada for style, beauty, wear and tear. Your dealer has a large stock. Look at his color cards. They are beautiful. Write A. Ramsay & Son Co., Montreal, for pack of Souvenir Picture Post Cards of Homes.

THE POOR BOARDER.

Quite small was his bedroom, but he Was meek and content as a saint. He made no complaint for, you see, There was really no room for complaint.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

NO DANGER.

"I shall expect you not to wear my clothes," said the lady of the house. "You needn't worry on that point, madam," retorted the new maid. "I wouldn't even patronize your dressmaker."

Externally or Internally, It is Good.—When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil opens the pores and penetrates the tissue as few liniments do, louching the seat of the trouble and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will cure affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

HAPPINESS.

True happiness consists in the forgetting how to fret About the many things that we Are sure we cannot get.

A MACHINE FOR WOMEN.

Should be the best obtainable. The Singer and Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines are acknowledged the lightest, running, most durable and convenient of any. Look for the Red S.

Any lady having used any make of sewing machine for 1 year or more write Singer Sewing Machine Co., Manning Chambers, Toronto, for beautiful set of ten convenient views of Ontario. Free for asking.

TOO PROSPEROUS.

Rollingstone—"This here country is getting too prosperous."

Tattler—"That's right. I was obliged to refuse six jobs yistday."

Weak and Sickly People say those who robust health. No need to stay sick when by the use of the best tonic, "Furovion," you can get rich blood and renewed strength and vigor.

Shoppers and House Owners When You Visit Toronto
There is no place where those who are refurbishing for Spring, can find so much that is economical and beautiful; so much that is in the highest artistic taste, and in such a variety as to offer things that are in keeping with any style of decoration. Our offerings consist of—
Turkish Rugs **Oriental Brassware**
Indian Rugs **Russian Brassware**
Persian Rugs **Japanese Art Wares**
Visitors are always welcome and they will find our collection very interesting.
COURIAN, BABAYAN & CO.,
40 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

The Great French Will Relieve Those Suffering From
External Remedy
PANGO
Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cuts, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains and Pains.
Price 25 and 50 Cents. All Druggists, or by mail from
The Pango Company, - Toronto
WE GUARANTEE RELIEF. NOTHING LIKE IT.

Do You Hear Well?
We Agree to Make You Hear Ordinary Conversation Providing You Can Still Hear Thunder.
We wish you to see a new electrically sensitized hearing device called the Electrophone, that instantly causes even the deafest people to hear clearly. The very best result we can promise you as a reward for using the Electrophone is the complete, lasting restoration of your hearing. Next to that in importance is the certainty that the moment you apply this marvelous little instrument you will be able to hear clearly and distinctly either in public or in private. This scientific electrical sound-conducting instrument fits snugly over the ear, as shown in cut, and is so small that it usually escapes observation. Its purpose is to magnify sound waves and throw them directly on the ear-drum in a manner according to nature. The result is your deaf ear is exercised just as well ears are, and after a while most people find their hearing has become as good as ever. Meanwhile, however, with the Electrophone attached you can hear even the faintest sound without strain, effort or embarrassment, and your pleasure is vastly increased by the assurance that no harm is being done, as is the case with artificial ear-drums, trumpets, etc., that poison and ruin the ears of all who use them. Come and test the Electrophone free. We agree to make you hear. You will receive courteous attention and not be urged to purchase. We would advise, however, that when you have tried an Electrophone exactly suited to your degree of deafness, you pay a deposit on it and try it at home. Those who cannot call should write for our free illustrated booklet and list of satisfied users of the Electrophone.
Sent on Trial Anywhere in Canada. Remember the Electrophone will open up a new World to you, perhaps you are only looking for temporary relief, but you will find that it will do much more, the Electrophone gradually restores the natural hearing. We satisfy 99 per cent. of our patrons, because we sell all instruments subject to one full month's trial.
Free Trial to All Who Call. Free Booklet to All Who Write. Excursion rates on all railroads April 16th to 21st., over Easter Holidays.
Mfgs. and Patentees: The Stolz Electrophone Co.
CANADIAN OFFICE; THE BRAND ELECTRO OZONE, LIMITED
334 SPADINA AVE., TORONTO.

YOUR OVERCOATS
and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no signs of dye in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 186
BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO.

WANTED
to hear from owner having
A GOOD FARM
for sale. Not particular about location. Please give price and description, and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. Will deal with owners only.
L. Darbyshire, Box 264, Rochester, N. Y.

THE PETERBOROUGH CANOE CO. LTD.
PETERBOROUGH, Ont., Canada.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE

WELL DRILLS
With one of Loomis' latest improved machines you are sure of large profits on the capital invested. They are the leaders in this line. Certainly the greatest money earning Well Drilling Machine made in America. Address
LOOMIS MACHINE CO., TIFFIN, OHIO.

EARN THIS AIR RIFLE

For hunting or target practice. The King air rifle is sure death to small game. We will give this gun to any boy who will sell twenty-five packages of Blaine for us. Send for the Blaine to-day. We trust you. When you sell the 25 packages at 10 cents each, return our \$2.50, and we will immediately send you the rifle, all charges prepaid.
THE COLONIAL MANUFACTURING CO.,
Dept. B, Hamilton, Ont.

FREE
Send us your name and address for 13 pieces of jewelry to sell at 10 cents each. When sold send us the \$1.30 and we will send you three TWO SOLID GOLD RINGS. We trust you with the jewelry and will send all charges paid. Send us your name and address now.
STAR APC CO., 41 Bay St., TORONTO, O., U.S.A.

AGENTS, \$103.50 PER MONTH
selling these wonderful
Sole agents, Y. C. Gleason,
Columbus, O., sold 25 pairs
in 2 hours, made \$15; you
can do it, we show how.
FREE OUTFIT.
Special inducements to Canadian Agents.
Thomas M'F. Co., 302 K St. Dayton, O.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The main outlines of the great scheme of defence which the Government of the Australian Commonwealth is about to introduce are set forth in an official memorandum that has been published at Melbourne. The Denkin Ministry has accepted and is going to act upon the principle that every male citizen is under an obligation not only to serve in time of war but to prepare himself for that duty in time of peace.

It is computed that when the Australian military system is in working order some 27,000 youths will enter the ranks every year; 83,000 will be undergoing military training in each twelvemonth, and in eight years Australia will have 214,000 men drilled, equipped and organized in brigades, while in less than a quarter of a century she will be able to call three-quarters of a million of her citizen soldiers into the field.

A noiseless, smokeless, flashless, colorless, fumeless, but not effectless gun is the invention of Fred Baugterer, a Brooklyn engineer. This gun, he claims, can throw 2,000,000 bullets an hour. No dynamite, gunpowder, nitro-glycerin, or other chemical or explosive is employed to send the Niagara of bullets rushing through space at the rate of 500 a second or 30,000 a minute.

A HAPPY SOLUTION.

There had been a long-standing difference of opinion in the Plunkett family concerning the dining-table. Mrs. Plunkett maintained that its legs were too short, and ought to be lengthened at least half an inch.

"It doesn't fit our chairs, Jared, and you know it," she contended. "When we sit down to this table we're too high above it. You could have pieces of wood glued on the ends of the legs. That would be easier than to saw off the ends of all the chair-legs."

"I don't agree to your proposition at all, Gordelia," said Mr. Plunkett. "I think the table is just right. But I'm willing to compromise the matter. You have been wanting a hardwood floor in this dining-room for a long time, haven't you?"

"Well, we can have that new kind of hardwood flooring that is laid on top of the old floor. That will raise the entire surface three-eighths of an inch or more, and that will raise the table, of course, just so much. How will that do?"

This seemed to be a fair proposition, and without a moment's hesitation Mrs. Plunkett accepted it as a satisfactory compromise.

INSECT EATING PLANTS

TYPES FOUND IN ABUNDANCE IN NORTH AMERICA.

Some Get Indigestion and Show Intelligence in Rejecting Inedible Matter.

"The most extraordinary and wonderful of the plants found in this country," says a well known botanist, "are those generally called 'carnivorous' or 'insectivorous' plants. In some of these are to be found remarkably intricate traps which are set for the unwary insect, who visits them under the impression that he will get a sweet meal, only to find out when too late that he who comes a-dining furnishes a food morsel for the host in the end."

"As early as 178 it was discovered that the flytrap of North Carolina catches insects. This now well known plant grows in North America from Rhode Island to Florida. It is a small herb with a small circle of leaves which lie flat on the ground. Each leaf ends in a nearly circular piece which is divided by a very marked midrib. The two semicircular halves have a series of teeth along their edges; these margin teeth are stiff and a little bent upward. In the centre of each half there are three small hairs. If you look closely at these hairs you will find that each has a joint near the base, while all over the centre of the leaf halves there are scattered glands which secrete ferments intended to digest any animal matter."

ALIGHTS UPON THE LEAF.

Nothing happens until in the course of its wanderings the insect gets onto one of these semicircular halves and touches one of the hairs, when both halves suddenly close together, exactly like a rat trap. The sensitive hairs, when the two halves shut up together, fold down, the teeth on the edges interlock like the teeth of a trap, and the insect is caught and imprisoned. Ere long the captive is covered with a secretion under which it is slowly digested. A long time is required by the plant to digest its food, sometimes as much as three weeks.

"Another curious family of American trap setters are the commonly called pitcher plants or trumpets (Sarracenia). One species abundant in Florida is called the side saddle plant. The leaves are about six inches to a foot long and are hollow, funnel shaped tubes with a short flat wing along one edge. They may be an inch or two in diameter at the top or widest end, where there is also a sort of half open lid which keeps rain from getting inside of the leaf. The color of these leaves is very conspicuous, brown, red or yellow, which attracts the insects. About their openings these pitchers are coated with a sweet substance which draws insects on the wing, while crawling insects find patches of honey along the rim or wing of the vase. The hungry little intruders explore until they pass the boundary line of sweets and come to where for a space the surface is highly polished. Nearer the depth of the pitchers their roadway changes to one over myriads of stiff little bristles pointed downward. Turning in hope of reaching the sugar land is futile, as each one of these points is facing it, and they are as keen as unguarded swords."

THE POOR INSECT STRUGGLES.

but it slowly but surely slides lower and lower, until finally it falls into a pool of water which fills the lower part of the vase. The body of the insect after a time decays and only the empty shell remains.

"An extraordinary number of insects are caught by these pitcher plants. I have found plants which were only 10 inches long to have an accumulation of three or four inches of insects. Birds occasionally visit them and rob the plant of part of its prey."

"There is probably a secretion in the water, as I have noticed a centipede about two inches in length which had partly fallen into the water. After several hours the immersed portion had become white and apparently lifeless, while the upper portion was alive and still struggling."

"In some pitcher plants the vase is brought up into a sort of hood or dome, with the entrance at one side and below. There are thin patches on this dome or cupola, and small insects, attracted by the light which comes through these bare places, remain, dashing themselves against them or crawling over them, just as flies do on a windowpane, until they become tired and fall into the water below."

BLOOD-THIRSTY AS WELL.

As far back as 1780 it was known that

IN FIRE WITH COMRADES

SCENES AT A BURNING COLLIERY IN ENGLAND.

Splendid Heroism of Englishmen—Attempts to Rescue Burning Miners.

While twenty-two imprisoned miners roasted slowly to death in the Main-stead colliery, near Birmingham, comrades with grandest heroism not only counted their own lives as naught in the attempt at rescue, but complained bitterly when compelled to desist.

After the alarm was given, about six o'clock on the evening of March 4, Mr. Waterhouse, the manager of the colliery, was sent for, and immediately formed a rescue party. Through the anxious crowd which surrounded the pit head, the eight men hurried in the dense smoke, but found themselves unable to reach the bottom of No. 1 shaft, and returned, several being in a state of collapse.

DESOLATE SCENE.

About half-past nine a second descent was made by the rescue party, who succeeded this time in reaching the bottom of the shaft, but could hear no sound from the entombed miners. A little later another attempt was made but the rescuers were driven back by the smoke. At half-past one in the morning a final effort was made with the same result, Messrs. Wright and Overbridge being drawn out of the cage in a fainting condition.

Slowly the night passed, and the grey light of morning showed a desolate scene—row upon row of men, with strained, eager faces, the muscles of their mouths twitching with the long vigil and the agony of their emotions. The men who had waited all night had to be held back almost by force, so eager were they to join in the work of rescue. There was not a miner who would not have risked his life to save those below.

WAITING FOR DADDY.

At three o'clock, his tear-stained face lit up by the glare of a fire which had been built on a mound, a small eight or nine-year-old boy stood sobbing his heart out. He was "waiting for daddy," he said. "Daddy" had gone down into the pit to seek another relative, and the poor little chap was led away to spend his vigil in more comfortable surroundings.

DOCTORS STOOD READY.

Beginning at four o'clock in the morning on Thursday wonderfully daring but fruitless attempts, in one of which poor Welby lost his life, were made to get to the miners. At nine o'clock Friday four men went down the shaft. A code of lapping signals had been agreed upon, and the grimy men at the top listened intently and called for "Silence!" as the daring quartette were slowly lowered. The attempt was as futile as the others. They did not even reach the bottom. Whilst they were still fifteen yards away they gave the signal to be drawn up.

Canvas was unrolled on the earth, and the doctors stood ready with their phials and their instruments. The four queer figures stepped out of the cage, and it was seen at once that all of them were suffering severely from the effects of their descent.

WAS RAGING FURNACE.

Another fruitless descent was soon made, and one of the men who came up said that there was a raging furnace at the bottom, and that the hiss and crackling of the wood could be heard distinctly. Later in the day all available hands were set to work at the pithead giving effect to a scheme for reversing the ventilation, which scheme had been formed by mining experts called to the scene.

The instant the decision of the conference was made, fifty men flung off their coats, and, seizing pick and spade, worked mightily, digging a trench for new pipes to the engine room. Little they recked of the rain and the cold if their efforts could save their comrades.

THREE MEN OVERCOME.

When Welby, the Yorkshire man, went to his death, groping, stumbling, dying, in the hades of heat and smoke, three other men went with him. When he was overcome they tried to get him to the cage, but on the way back two more collapsed. The fourth man, Thorne, acted with tremendous heroism. He carried and dragged one man for nearly a quarter of a mile to the bottom of shaft No. 2, and brought him to the surface.

Then he went down again and brought up another of his comrades. At last he was overcome. People were horror-stricken, and another rescue party quickly stepped into the cage, and set out in search for Welby, who had been left below. They came up at 10.30 having failed to find him, and all hope of saving his life was gone from that hour, as he had evidently wandered a long way into the workings.

DEVOTION OF MINE OFFICIALS.

The courage and devotion of the mine officials was beyond all praise. For forty hours Mr. Insley, the check-weighman, did not close his eyes, and David Boss, the surveyor, during all the terrible days of anxiety, scarcely left the pit's mouth. Five rescue parties were headed by Mr. Waterhouse, the manager, whose noble efforts will not soon be forgotten by the English people.

THE END OF JUSTICE.

Old Sixanna—"Why do you feel that your child will lose his case? Have you exhausted every means at your disposal?"

Young Briony—"No, but I have exhausted all the means at his disposal."

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The Magic Pot

"DO wish I had some good broth to give mother," sobbed Gretchen, burying her head in her arms. Gretchen did not care so much for herself. But, you see, her mother lay ill in the next room, and the last of the food had disappeared. The little girl began to despair. She knew her mother would not like to have her beg food; yet what else could she do?



however, and since she had fallen ill the scanty hoard of savings had vanished quickly. Nor did any one come to her relief. "Poor mother is weak for lack of food, I must get her something!" and Gretchen went forth. "My dear, you shall have all the soup you wish," said a clear, sweet voice. Gretchen raised her tear-stained face in astonishment. There stood the nicest, dearest little fairy—oh, so much nicer than any her story-books ever told about!



TIRED OF LIFE OF SHEPHERD.

Most Remarkable Crime Ever Committed in Switzerland.

The shepherd, Joseph Michaud, who murdered Robert Munziger, a young Swiss Alpinist, on the Col de Balme, Switzerland, last August, was sentenced to life imprisonment at Martigny the other day. The crime was perhaps the most remarkable ever committed in the Alps. According to Michaud's confession, which was made with great cautiousness, he lay in wait on the Col de Balme for days, intending to murder the first unaccompanied tourist who came along. He hoped the victim would be a rich Englishman or American, and his intention was to leave Switzerland and go to America, where he hoped to make his fortune. Michaud explained that he had thought this out carefully while attending to his flock, and had concluded that he would remain a shepherd to the end of his days unless he could make a coup by murdering and robbing a wealthy tourist.

BULLET-PROOF SHIRT.

Some Experiments With Invention of Russian Officer.

Some additional experiments have just been made at St. Petersburg with a bullet-proof alloy, the invention of an officer of engineers, Lieut.-Col. Techemerzine. Mauser bullets, which, when fired almost point-blank, pierced a target composed of eight thicknesses of ordinary one-millimetre (1-25 inch) steel merely flattened themselves in mushroom shape against the scales of metal half a millimetre thick arranged by Col. Techemerzine in a silken fabric. The clothing intended for military use also proved impervious both to rifle and revolver bullets, and as the projectiles remained embedded in the silk there was no ricocheting or splintering. Colonel Techemerzine has explained that the fundamental idea of his invention is "the closing of the pores of chromo-nickel steel." He succeeded in accomplishing this operation by means of great hydraulic pressure at a very high temperature. Among the metals used in the process are platinum, silver, iridium and vanadium. The result of filling the pores is to obtain a substance half harder and more ductile than steel, and with three and a half times greater power of resistance. A cuirass made of the alloy and of sufficient size to protect the chest and back weighs about five pounds, and its presence cannot be detected when worn under ordinary clothing.

SPIDERS' WEBS VARY.

There are a Great Many Varieties, According to the Will of the Spider.

"As fine as a spider's web" has long been a standard of comparison, but it makes a difference as to what sort of spider's web is meant. All spiders webs are not alike; nor are all the threads of which they are made. These may be dry or sticky, fine and regular, or coarse and rough, according to the will of the spider, and the use he wishes to make of it. One kind of web is that seen on the grass on dewy mornings. This is merely a level floor on which the spider runs and catches his prey. The thread is not sticky, and the web may last, if undisturbed, a whole season. Attached to it is a tube of web, in which the spider hides. Another web is in large meshes, but of indefinite shape. Insects get tangled in the mesh, but are not held by any glutinous nature in the thread. They there are some webs, in which the spider runs about to catch the insects which get entangled. In addition, there is the familiar geometrical pattern. In making these, the insect first places the radiating lines in position. On these are woven the circles of sticky thread, which, however, never reach right to the centre. These are the webs which catch insects by their stickiness. There are, in addition, many varieties of spiders which build no web at all, but catch their prey by running after it.

DOGS AS DRUMMERS.

A curious custom connected with the Serbian army is the manner in which most of the regiments carry the big drum. It is not, as in most countries, slung in front of the man who plays it, but is placed upon a small two-wheeled cart drawn by a large dog, which has been so trained that it keeps its place even through the longest and most tedious of marches. The drummer takes up position behind the cart, and performs on the instrument as it moves along. A girl will cheerfully give up a dollar to have a fortune-teller inform her that she isn't going to be an old maid.

THE EQUITY.

SHAWVILLE, APRIL 16, 1908.

Last week some of the Montreal papers published a report that Premier Gouin intended ending up the business of the Legislature on Wednesday of this week, and immediately bring on the provincial elections, in order to have the contest held on the 15th of May. Whatever may be the premier's intentions, it seems unlikely he will be able to carry out his wishes, so far as proroguing the Legislature this week is concerned, as much business of an important character remains yet to be done. The idea of holding the elections on so short notice, apart altogether from the unseasonableness of the time of year, will not, we feel assured, commend itself to the majority of the people of the province.

It was stated in the Public Accounts Committee of the House of Commons that the tug Victor was chartered by the Department of Marine and Fisheries at \$25 a day for use on the St. Lawrence river above Montreal. At the end of October the agent of the department at Prescott discharged the craft. He was ordered from Ottawa, however, to take it on again, and it was kept on the pay list till November 14. During the fortnight it underwent repairs, not being used by the Government. The owner, Mr. Merwin, was thus paid by the Government for the time he used to improve his property. Mr. Aylesworth says Tory goats in the department are responsible for the shame that has come upon it. Was such a record likely to be made by a Tory goat or a grafter?—Montreal Gazette.

Hasen Government.

St. John, N. B., April 7.—The members of the Hasen Government, to whose offices salaries attach, having to go to the people again for re-election, were all nominated today, and in no case was there any opposition.

New Smelter at North Bay.

North Bay, April 10.—Active operations will shortly be commenced in the smelter of the Montreal Reduction and Smelter Company, limited, recently erected near North Bay, Ont. It is stated that the smelter will be in operation by May 1 at the latest, and that successful experiments have demonstrated the ability of the plant to produce refined silver by reducing the ore.

Madman's Terrible Work.

In Montreal a few days ago a mad book agent named Dillon, held the police force at bay for several hours, before his capture was effected, and this with the assistance of a detachment of the fire brigade. During the siege, the madman wounded Chief Detective Carpenter, wounded two policemen and shot another dead. Dillon was fired on and received three wounds before he gave up. About 5000 people gathered in the street while the excitement was in progress.

Serious Accident.

Kenora, Ont., April 10.—A serious accident occurred last night between eleven and twelve to No. 97, six miles east of MacMillan, when a huge rock, disturbed by the thaw fell in front of the train, causing the collapse of the engine and damage to four coaches.

Engineer John Love, of Kenora, was pinned under the engine and scalded to death. He leaves a widow and one child. Fireman Sanders, seeing the obstruction, jumped and saved himself but was dragged some distance by pieces of the wreck. The mail, baggage and passenger cars kept on the metals and no passengers were hurt. The train was delayed twelve hours.

Methodist Episcopalians.

NEW YORK CONFERENCE THINKS BAN ON DANCING, THEATREGOING AND CARDS SHOULD BE REMOVED.

New York, April 6.—The New York Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church held an important session today, at which several matters of moment to the Church were debated and acted upon. One subject that has created much comment, the resolution recommending to the General Conference that paragraph 248 of the Church discipline, which advises against dancing, card playing, theatre-going, etc., be eliminated, was adopted by an almost unanimous vote. Much to the general surprise there was no debate on this important question. It was simply taken and a vote called for. Only seven delegates recorded their votes against the resolution. If the General Conference approves the step, it was explained, it will not mean that Methodism goes back on its historic position in respect to the amusements, but simply puts them on the matter of conscience.

The preliminary statement of the financial transactions of the Government of Canada for the fiscal year ending with March 31, show the revenue to have reached the high figure of \$94,708,982, or almost eight millions more than in the previous twelve months. Notwithstanding this high revenue, however, the Government added nearly eight million dollars to the debt. The wretches have at last got ahead of the capacity of the country to provide them with money.—Montreal Gazette.

THE MARKETS.

SHAWVILLE

Wheat standard \$0.95 to 1.05
Flour per barrel \$5.50
Oats, per bushel, 42c.
Peas per bushel 70c to 80c.
Butter per pound 25c.
Potatoes per bag, 65c.
Wool per lb. 20 to 22c.
Eggs, per dozen 15c.
Hides per 100 lbs., \$3.50 to 4.00
Pelts 15 to 60 cents each.
Pork, per 100 lbs., \$7.00
Calfskins, 40 to 50 cents.
Hay per ton 13.00 to 15.00

OTTAWA.

The following are last Saturday's quotations:
Butter, in prints 30c and 32c.
Butter in pails 31 to 32c.
Eggs, fresh, per dozen, 22 to 23c
Pork, per 100 lbs., 6.00 to 9.00.
Beef, per 100 lbs., 4.50 to 8.50.
Mutton from 10 to 90c.
Oats, per bushel, 48 to 50c
Hay, per ton, \$15.00 to 18.00.

According to reports to Ottawa the number of applicants for seed grain made to the Government agents is much smaller than was expected. This indicates that the situation in Saskatchewan and Alberta is not so serious as Parliament was given to understand when it made the seed grain grant. The news is good.

The city of Chelsea, Mass., suffered a serious situation from fire on Saturday last, by which the tannery, manufacturing and retail sections were devastated. An area of one mile square was burnt over, which included 20 business blocks, two hospitals, thirteen churches, several factories and three hundred tenements. Loss between seven and ten million dollars.

The reports of the government's own officers during the past year show that as a magazine arm the Ross rifle is worthless, also that the sights are no good when the rifle becomes heated. And yet in the face of this, which, in addition to a number of other defects, renders the weapon a worthless single shot arm, the government last month ordered 10,000 more!—Ottawa Citizen.

It is said that Carleton Place is to be abolished by the C. P. R. as a terminal point and that in a few weeks all train crews running out of that town will run from Smith's Falls through to Chalk River direct. The reason given is economy. Should this change take place it will necessitate the removal from Carleton Place of about 250 trainmen, about half of whom are married.

Very Hard Luck

Toronto, April 10.—After waiting and saving for nine months, R. Johnson, 57 Mallock avenue, Toronto Junction, was able to write home to the old country for his wife to come out to him. She arrived on Thursday night apparently in good health, was taken ill this morning and died in St. Michael's hospital tonight.

Johnson came out to Canada from Buckinghamshire, England. He got work as brakeman on the C. P. R., and on September 13 he had his toes crushed under a freight train, and for nearly a month he was laid up at the Western hospital. But in spite of this setback he has saved enough to justify him in bringing out his wife in the summer. She arrived in Montreal on the Atlantic liner Ionian.

Selections

LAUGHED AND LOST.

Instances in Which a Smile Was Followed by Disaster.

When "Laugh and the World Laughs With You" was written, the author took no thought of the autocratic ones of the earth, who cannot see themselves in anything approaching a ridiculous light.

It is related that the present czar of Russia, returning once from a long journey, was weary and in no mood to be trifled with. As he was passing through his apartments he slipped on a bearskin mat that lay on the polished floor. Clutching at one of his attendants, he nearly brought himself and his support to the floor. Baron Endhoff, at the time a confidential adviser, could not check a smile, which his monarch turned just in time to observe. The next day Endhoff was dismissed from his office and lost the \$60,000 attached to the post.

Another ruler who is not to be trifled with is William of Germany. Gough Milbanke, a clever but bluff Scot, who was an expert in colonial administration, was once taken up by the kaiser, who wished his advice on eastern affairs and had decided to give him an important position to guard German interests in China. At one of their conferences the kaiser made an absurd suggestion as to eastern diplomacy. Milbanke laughed. The emperor wished him a frigid good night and never received him again.

Another Scottish administrator, Duncan McVea, was advising the plesant but touchy late king of Portugal, who had planned to put the shaly government of the Cape Verde islands in the hands of this skillful manager. The king became much excited and made a ludicrous botch of his English, which is usually excellent. McVea smiled audibly and was promptly ordered away. He was never appointed to the governorship, which carried a salary of \$25,000.—New York Tribune.

Massey-Harris Implements

FARMERS:

The time is fast approaching when spring machinery will be required. The question is are you supplied? If not you want to take into account the high reputation established by the MASSEY-HARRIS GOODS, and see what I have to offer before placing your orders. At this season I would draw special attention to our

**Disc Drills, Gang Plows,
Disc and Finishing Harrows,
O. K. Champion Potato Planters,
Cream Separators, &c.,**

which will be found second to none in the market.

Sample machines may be seen at A. Draper's, opposite Methodist Church.

R. W. SMILEY - Agent, Shawville.
Successor to W. J. Stark.

Horse Owners, Attention!

The Imperial Live Stock Corporation

(Under Government control.)

Head Office - Montreal, Que.



We insure Horses, Cattle and Livestock generally against death from accident or disease including the necessity of destruction in the interest of humanity.

We also insure against Castration, Foaling, etc.

For rates of insurance and other information apply or write
L. MULLIGAN, V. S., - SHAWVILLE, QUE.
- LOCAL AGENT -

WANTED.

A teacher for No. 1 School, Alleyne, holding a second class diploma or permit. Protestant preferred. Apply to S. ANDERSON, Sec. Treas., Danford Lake, Que.

Strayed.

A black and tan collie dog answering to name of Bounce; has front paw torn, and spot over each eye. Would find please communicate with W.M. OSTROM, Portage du Fort, Que.

Farm to Let.

I wish to rent or give on shares my farm, 1 mile from Yarm P. O. For further particulars apply on premises or to H. A. HOPPER, Chapleau, Ont. P. S. 1 span of horses for sale.

Cows for Sale.

For Sale—A number of good cows, newly in, with calves at side, and others coming in. All well fed and in good condition. Prices ranging from 25.00 to \$40.00. Apply to—C. CALDWELL, Shawville.

Trespass Notice.

All parties are hereby forbidden to trespass in any manner whatever on Lot, North Half of South Half of West Half of No. 27 on the 12th range of Clarendon. Parties found so doing after this notice will be prosecuted according to law. LOUIS ROBILLIARD.

Farm for Sale.

One hundred acres of good land just four acres west of the Corporation of Shawville with a comfortable dwelling house and a good frame barn and horse stable, cow house, store house and other buildings. For all particulars apply to the undersigned on premises. JOHN G. McDOWELL, Shawville, Que.

Public Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as grocers and butchers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to said partnership are to be paid to Wilber Dale at Shawville; and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to Wilber Dale by whom the same will be settled. Dated at Shawville this 30th day of March, 1908. WILBER DALE, ARMEN DALE.

N. B. The meat and grocery business will be continued as before by the undersigned. WILBER DALE.

DONALDSON'S JEWELLERY STORE

Always well stocked with a full assortment of the latest and most beautiful creations of the goldsmith's Art.

GOLD and SILVER WATCHES

Brooches of elegant design

Rings, all sizes, all prices

Watch Guards

Cuff Buttons - Stick Pins

Repairing promptly attended to.

C. M. DONALDSON - SHAWVILLE

During the winter the C. P. R. has shipped nearly 8,000,000 bushels of wheat to the seaboard by the all rail route. A considerable quantity of grain is still a ord in the elevators at Fort William, and this will be shipped by boat as soon as navigation opens.

For Sale
100 acres of land, mostly loam, 4 miles from Shawville, 50 acres cleared, remainder in bush. Good frame house and large bank frame barn, and other necessary outbuildings. A good bargain to anyone who purchases before May 1st. For further information apply to this office.

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GOOD INVESTMENT

In the case of fire it is practically A NECESSITY.

Policies written up at current rates in the following reliable able companies:

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W. F. CALDWELL, Agent - Shawville

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At a very small extra cost you can have your

Envelopes,

Bill Heads,

Note Heads,

Letter Heads,

Anything in fact,

printed with your name and occupation, and then it looks business-like, too.

We shall be pleased to supply you

THE EQUITY.

JUST PACED IN STOCK

A quantity of . . .

**Men's Pants
Men's Suits
Boy's Suits**

which having been bought at a bargain, will be sold **VERY CHEAP.**

Fresh Groceries always on Hand, also Flour and Meal.

FRANK ARMSTRONG.

Pointers for Shrewd Buyers

We keep the most complete stock of Stoves, Tinware, Agateware,ENAMELWARE to be found in the county.

If you want a stove or cooking range of any kind see what we have to offer and get our prices before placing your orders elsewhere. It will pay you.

Plumbing— If you have a job in the plumbing or pipe fitting line of any kind we have a man who is an expert at the business, and we guarantee to give you a satisfactory job.

Roofing, Raftertroughing, Furnace Fitting, — All done with a special effort to please.

G. W. DALE, Shawville

P. S. — Highest price paid for Hides, as usual.

THE NEW SASH AND DOOR FACTORY

SHAWVILLE, QUE.,

Doors, Sash, Mouldings . . . Turnings, Rough and Dressed Lumber,

Estimates furnished and building contracts taken.

McDowell, Wilson & Dale

P. S. Custom sawing done and any quantity of logs purchased.

STILL ON HAND!

A few Quebec Heaters

.. ALSO ..

Wood Heaters

which will be cleared out at greatly reduced prices.

SAP CANS, all sizes now on hand.

PLUMBING a specialty.

G. E. WAINMAIN.

P. S. Roofing and Eave Troughing as usual.

INTERNAL GEAR

THIS GEAR GIVES INSTANT ACTION TO KNIVES

It starts them going at the same instant the big power-wheel moves; can't help it because the small pinion drives the pitman crank with no lost motion. A mower's value lies in its power to cut grass—and lots of it—quickly and continuously without a break-down. That's where our No. 8 Mower proves its worth. This internal gear works smoothly, transmits firm and steady power to the pitman. It produces almost no friction, and that unpleasant vibration and pounding prominent in some mowers is absent. The

Frost & Wood No. 8 Mower

is provided with ball and roller bearings wherever any wear occurs. So carefully is the No. 8 put together and so rigorously tested at the factory that it will handle the heaviest hay, and though subjected to the severest strains, still it will be remarkable how few the repairs needed. We can point to Frost & Wood Mowers made twenty years ago that are cutting grass now. Our cutter-bars are forged out of the toughest steel procurable. Pitman-head and jaws are forged steel. Pitman is made of tough, seasoned hickory. The convenient foot-lift raises the whole cutter-bar from end to end when passing stones or other obstructions.

Mr. Farmer, this is the mower for you to own—it's economy, wisdom and foresight—an insurance against worry. Send now for our "Farmer's Ready Reckoner" and catalog. It's free. Outrigger is your vicinity will gladly explain our mower and other farm implements. Be free to ask him any questions.

The Frost & Wood Co., Ltd., Smith's Falls, Canada

FRED C. SCHOEN, Agent - LADYSMITH.

THE EQUITY,
A Weekly Journal devoted to Local Interests
Published every Thursday
At Shawville, County Pontiac, Que.

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All arrears must be paid up before any paper is discontinued.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Legal advertising, 10 cents per line for 1st insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
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Commercial advertising by the month or for longer periods inserted at low rates which will be given on application.
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All kinds of Job Printing neatly and cheaply executed. Orders by mail promptly attended to.
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Fellow by Examination of Trinity Medical College, Toronto
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Will visit Shawville every Saturday.

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DR. COLEMAN - DENTIST,
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PERSONAL ATTENTION—OPEN ANY HOUR

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Notary Public,
SHAWVILLE, QUE.

THE BAY VIEW HOTEL
CAMPBELLS BAY, QUE.
Recently enlarged and improved now furnishes excellent accommodation in every respect. Good Sample Rooms, fine, large public Hall and good stables in connection.
J. B. KAVANAGH - Proprietor.

THE MURPHY HOUSE
G. E. MURPHY,
(Successor to B. G. Kilforan)
Prop. Otter Lake, Que.
This hotel is being thoroughly overhauled and refitted with a view to giving every satisfaction to the travelling public. We will accord to all classes alike the most courteous treatment, and best attention, whilst the appointments of the Hotel and premises will be efficiently maintained.

Help Protect the Deer
And other Game during Close Season by reporting at once to the undersigned any violation of the Game Laws you become aware of. All correspondence strictly confidential.
N. McQUAIC
Prov Game Warden.
Bryson, May 1, 1907.

The Ontario Provincial elections are to be held on Thursday, June 11th.
Seeding operations were commenced by Portage la Prairie farmers last week.
St. Thoms Anglican church of St. Catharines, congregation voted against having a vested choir. The congregation is divided on the matter.
Nineteen members of the Doukhobor colony at Fort William have been sentenced to six months imprisonment at Toronto. Why should the taxpayers of Ontario be burdened with the support of these anthropological monstrosities?
The township of Hatley has been condemned to \$1,500 damages and \$700 costs in connection with the death of a woman who was killed by being thrown from a buggy in which she was driving, the accident being due to the defective condition of the road. As a consequence a special tax is to be levied upon the municipality for the next two years. Had this special tax been levied two years ago the money would have materially improved the roads. As it is the people will be that much poorer and the roads just as bad as ever. The lesson, however, should be of some value to other municipalities. They should be able to recognize the advantage of spending their money on roads rather than on law suits.—Montreal Gazette.

Increased Grant to Elementary Schools.
In the Legislature on Saturday Hon. R. Roy introduced the bill he had promised regarding grants to elementary schools. The measure provides for an increased allowance of \$50,000 for this department of education, which will mean a total grant of \$150,000 for the encouragement of these schools. Of the increased grant, \$20,000 is to be used to aid the creation of commercial societies in poor municipalities. Lastly, \$1,500 is to be reserved for poorer municipalities to aid construction of more modern school houses.
Another part is to be devoted to new and increased pensions to female teachers. As an encouragement towards paying increased salaries to teachers, \$100 is to be given to each municipality which pays its teacher not less than \$150 a year, and \$50 to municipalities paying not less than \$125.

Debate at Yarm School.
Subject:—Resolved that British Columbia is a better province than Manitoba. The debaters were six of the pupils. Master Ellis Hodgins, first speaker on the affirmative side, opened his remarks by saying "British Columbia has over five times as many people as Manitoba, therefore there is more work done in it than in Manitoba." Next he compared them in size and climate. British Columbia is better situated for trade than Manitoba. It has better fisheries and it has the best timber lands in the Dominion. He said where there were forests, we found wild animals; therefore B. C. has a better trade in furs than Manitoba.

Miss Phyllis Hodgins, leader on the negative, spoke next. She stated that Manitoba has the most fertile soil of the world and that the land was easily worked. She said that men settlers going into Manitoba didn't have to spend years clearing the land so as to be able to sow a crop, but that they could raise a crop the first year.
Wile Hanna, second speaker for the affirmative side, spoke of the excellent harbours of B. C., and of the Railway System. Climate is generally more temperate than of any other province of the Dominion, therefore better adapted to the raising of fruit. Fruit of every variety can be raised in great quantities, while fruit cannot be raised to any extent in Manitoba. He said that plenty of work could be found in B. C. the year round, while in Manitoba the laboring man was only sure of work during seeding, harvesting and threshing. He said that coal of the first quality was found in British Columbia. Captains of the fur seal forms an important industry. He also spoke of the forests and fisheries of British Columbia, and proved that B. C. was ahead of Manitoba in this respect.

Lemuel Hodgins, second speaker in favor of Manitoba, began by saying that it was easier to put a railroad through Manitoba than British Columbia, because the land was level and there were no mountains. In Manitoba most of the inhabitants are of British descent while those of British Columbia are of all nationalities. Hence their educational system will not be as good. He said it was easier for surveyors to survey Manitoba than British Columbia. Manitoba is divided into square sections.
Miss Eva Greenshields spoke next in favor of B. C. She asserted that in the river basins of B. C. was to be found some of the best agricultural and pasture land of the world. She spoke of the gold mines of this province stating that in the year of 1899 the output was that in the year of 1899 the output was over one million dollars. The salmon fisheries of the coast of British Columbia are the best in the world. She compared the cities of British Columbia with those of Manitoba to the advantage of the former.

Loyal Belsher, the third speaker for negative side, first said that Manitoba was an older province than B. C., therefore better settled. He said that there were large forests around the Lake of the Woods. The mail system of Manitoba was better than that of British Columbia. In B. C. they charge a fee of fifty dollars to fish and hunt and the fee was only twenty-five in Manitoba. In the year 1906 Manitoba worked 1,720,851 acres more land than what was worked in B. C. in the same year, and raised 4,289,839 bushels more of wheat than British Columbia.

Ellis Hodgins, first speaker on the affirmative side had 25 minutes to reply. Master Harry Belsher acted as time-keeper and Miss M. C. Demere, teacher, acted as judge, deciding in favor of the affirmative side.
The marks gained were by the affirmative 41, and 20 by the negative. —CON.

LADIES' Ready-to-wear Garments

This week we pass into stock a splendid range of Ladies' Ready-to-wear Garments.
10 dozen Ladies' Fine White Lawn Blouses, fronts of embroidery panels, yokes trimmed with German valenciennes lace insertion, tucked back, in 3/4 and full length sleeves, extra values 75 cents to \$2.00.
Ladies' Corset Covers, good quality white cotton, trimmed with torchon edgings and insertions and ranging in price from 25 to 75 cents each.

Puritan Brand Knitted Summer Under Vests and Corset Covers, unexcelled for quality and durability, 10 to 50 cents a garment.

Ladies' Underskirts in Black and Colored Sateen and Moire, flounces of shirring and accordion pleating, made by Northway, excellent values, \$1.00 to \$2.50 a skirt.

Our range and values in
Hosiery,
Black and Colored Silk,
Taffetta Long and Short Gloves,
Leather, Silk and Linen Belts,
Fancy Neckwear, etc.,
is the best we have ever shown.

You will make no mistake in buying your ready-to-wear goods at

Pontiac's Greatest Store

G. F. HODGINS.

ROLLING ROADS.

Bills ordered to be paid by Clarendon Council, 6 April, 1908.

Alexander S. Elliott, trip to County Council	\$5 00
" " " Visiting Mrs. Kennedy	2 00
August Rose	\$7 00
David McDowell	12 75
Walter Hodgins, 30 hours shovelling	1 25
Stewart Stark	4 50
Joseph Sly, keep J. Craig, 5.00; trip to Arnprior, 2.00; shov'g 75c.	25 00
Alexander S. Elliott, rolling roads, 51 hours	7 75
Fred Tippins	15 30
John Belsher	7 90
Henry B. Hodgins, filling hole, Yarm	2 95
John Palmer	1 75
Trueman B. Draper	8 20
Alexander Workman	11 55
H. K. Kelly, 11 hours rolling	3 00
George T. Dagg	3 30
Richard Somerville	13 50
Robert Tracy	6 00
J. S. Strutt, 27 hours rolling	2 10
John D. Strutt	8 10
Robert Jones	12 60
James Judd	14 40
E. T. Hodgins, work with Draper	13 20
William Palmer	1 00
George McCord	9 40
J. A. McGuire	3 60
Thomas Smiley	13 05
George Allen, 24 hours	7 20
Robert J. Glenn	11 02
James V. Findlay, 64 hours	19 20
Thomas Eades, 32 hours	9 60
Edward Telford, 23 hours	6 90
Joseph C. Walls, 10 hours	3 00
William Dale, 10 hours	3 00
A. W. Chamberlin, 30 hours	9 00
Verney Eades	3 00
George Prendergast	23 55
Trueman C. Draper	6 00
Davis Hodgins	12 56
Reuben Draper	21 05
Robert Cuthbertson, 70 hours	21 00
John Telfer	6 55
Charles E. Palmer	10 32
William T. Barber	10 87
W. R. Grant, 14 hours	4 20
James Smiley, shovelling	2 00
Richard Ralph, 40 1 4 hours	12 07
Samuel B. Towell	15 60
Alfred Murphy, 50 3-4 hours	15 22
Richard Richardson, shovelling	8 82
Forrest Prendergast, 29 1-2 hours	8 85
William Hodgins	4 65
W. C. Stark	20 93
S. A. Smart	17 25
John Quip	18 08
William Park, reduced	13 20
Hiram C. Hodgins, Shawville	6 20
George Robitaille, reduced	7 00

County rate for 1908 \$542 04
Donation Protestant Hospital, Ottawa 364 28
Total \$906 32
H. MARSHALL, Sec. Treasurer.

A. SMILEY, SHAWVILLE
Furniture, Carriages, Harness and Machinery.
Undersold by no competitor.
Reduced prices for this month.
Never before was our stock so complete.
Intending purchasers call and examine goods.
This is a chance in a lifetime.
Universal prices to all customers.
Remember we carry Linoleums, Carpets, Etc.
Every article fully guaranteed.
A. SMILEY, SHAWVILLE.
P. S. Buffaloes at cost - Cutters on next year's terms.

WILBER DALE
Dealer in
Meats and Groceries.
Canned Goods,
Breakfast Foods,
Confectionery,
Fruit, Biscuits, &c.
— ALSO —
Fresh and Cured Fish, all kinds,
Fresh Meats, Bacon and Sausage.
Highest Price paid for Poultry and Eggs.
A Call Solicited.

SHAWVILLE
SASH AND DOOR FACTORY
Bring your order here for anything in the line of —
Doors, Sash, Mouldings, Turnings, Sheeting.
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Manufacturers of
Rough and Dressed Lumber.

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Now is the time to place orders for your Spring Implements.
In this line the Massey-Harris goods have the proud distinction of leading all others in points of usefulness and merit.
Come and have a chat with us before placing your orders, and see what inducements we have to offer.
W. S. CLARKE, - LOCAL AGENT.
P. S. The Wm. Gray & Son Carriages excel.

Farm for Sale
Part of lot 21 on the 10th range of Clarendon will be sold with or without stock and implements. For full particulars apply to the undersigned on premises
T. H. SMILEY,
Morehead, Que.
For Sale.
Twenty-five acres of land, being part of Lot 10, on the 2nd range of Clarendon. About 20 acres cleared and under cultivation. Soil clay and loam. Dwelling house with kitchen attached and stable 18 x 42. For further particulars apply to
T. J. JOHNSTONE,
on the premises.

PONTIAC FRIENDS:
I have placed in my cellar for season 1908, a large quantity of
BEEES
Any person wanting to buy will kindly place order with me before April 1st. New Queens imported each year; also Bee supplies on hand.
YARM APIARY
R. McJANET, Prop. - YARM, QUE

Collie Dog Astray.
Strayed from my premises about the 21st of March a dark-colored Collie Dog with brown legs, responds to name "Rowdy." Information that will lead to his recovery will be rewarded, and any party found harboring him after this date will be prosecuted.
E. T. BROWNLEE,
Clarendon, April 7, 1908.

PATENTS
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We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon request. Marion S. Markon, Reg'd., New York Life Bldg., Montreal; and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

Our Letter From Paris

FROCKS OF LINEN WITH A TOUCH OF COLOR

WHAT could be more fascinating than springtime in Paris, when all the world is buying Easter costumes and the stores are looking their very best decked out in spring garb. And never were the magazines more beautiful than at present.

Of course, madame goes to the great artists for her trotteurs, afternoon suits, frocks for soirees and ball dresses, but nevertheless she likes to see the materials and the colors as shown by the great merchants; and then she must also buy those dainty accessories to the toilet—gloves, handkerchiefs, parasols and such charming things.

For these madame prefers the Bon Marche, that huge store on the Rue de Bac across the historic Seine. Here she finds attractive touches that make her toilet the most finished in the world—those little details that must in themselves be perfect; but for veils "la vraie Parisienne" prefers the Galleries La Fayette back of the Opera House, and here also she buys those fascinating lingerie waists for which Paris is famous. The nuns in the many convents, with the help of the girls who went to them for education, formerly made these gossamer blouses, but since the convents have been closed and the good nuns banished from France, the dainty waists must be made by the business-like manufacturers, and they are, therefore, not the perfect hand-made affairs that they once were. Here in the Galleries, also, madame finds graceful jupons and pretty robes de nuit, and there are also many lovely negligees so dear to the feminine heart; but it is to the Printemps that she must go to get ribbons, which in Paris are not cheap, while at the Louvre the shopper finds the most wonderful materials—chiffons, silks, laces. It was here that figured chiffon first appeared, and it is here that new dress stuffs are always in evidence for the admiration of tourists and Parisians.

Liberty satin this year is extremely popular. One couturier on the Place Vendome says that in the last two months she has used more than 3000 meters of this shimmering stuff for gowns. This is wonderful, but the liberty is worthy of such universal admiration. All gowns must be made of soft silks or cottons that will fall in graceful lines and give clinging effects.

Silk cashmere has been introduced and has been found popular. Bordure chiffons are extensively used, while crepe de chine exactly fits in with the requirements.

And what revelations are the many hat shops that line the Rue St. Honoré! Cerise, magenta, checkerberry, ruby—what an array of brilliant coloring and what a charming variety of shapes! Madame must, indeed, be of a peculiarity if she fails to find among these artistic triumphs a chapeau to her liking.

New Treatment of Blouses

WHEN all is said and done, nothing can be of more interest to the feminine mind than the ever-present and always-worn blouse. Any suggestion for this important part of the toilet is always eagerly received, and no detail about trimming could be unwelcome to womanhood.

The jabot is always pretty and in style wherever it may be introduced, and many of the new waists are being made with a single frill down the front, either of several colored handkerchiefs sewn together or a pleated ruffle of the material itself. Other blouses are arranged so that a panel down the front opens and extends over the shoulders, leaving a place for a collar of insertion, while the outer edge of the panel is trimmed with a frill of the material.

A Pretty Style

THE veiled waist is not new, but it is still being made by high-class dressmakers for fastidious women who want matching blouses for their tailored suits.

One especially pretty model is of Dresden silk in full pinks and blues veiled with silk voile in London smoke. This accompanies a suit of the London smoke shade.

Veiled waists are pretty, soft, becoming and well-wearing, for silk voile and even chiffon cloth are surprisingly durable materials.

For the woman on economy bent, this may serve as a suggestion for a "make-over," in which may be employed for the foundation the discarded waist or dress of striped, checked, polka-dotted or other fancy silk sure to be on hand.



ONLY a year ago linen gowns were almost universally made in white, an attractive fashion that was likely to be becoming to almost every woman. But this year Dame Fashion has changed her mind, and from her high place has sent forth an ultimatum. A gown may be white, it is permitted, but if it is, it must be trimmed with a color or black, or have some color combined with it in some way. Further the smartest—those mortals who are assiduous worshippers of the autocratic old dame—will not wear white, but will choose some light color, whether it be in linen, voile, silk or

cloth. **EMBROIDERY OF TASTE**, which is another way of saying a lady who obeys the royal decree, has chosen linen as the foundation for her summer wardrobe, both for morning and afternoon gowns. After all, nothing washes and wears so well, and there is no other material so varied in texture.

The first is a gown of the rose handkerchief linen, trimmed with tiny roses of cluny lace insertion. The waist is tucked and embroidered by hand in the same pale rose of the linen, while the yoke is of dotted tulle or net. This gown shows to the best advantage the newest sleeve, which is not a kimono and not a mikado, though it partakes

a little of both. If made in three-quarter length and finished with a band of embroidery. The belt of the costume is of bias linen, caught in the back with two tabs, while the hat is of black chip piled high with pink roses.

A model in white linen, sheer or heavy, as the case may be, is made on the jumper idea, the embroidery being done in very narrow white braid. The yoke and mousquetaire sleeves of the blouse are of solid valenciennes lace, while the oversleeves are Japanese in style. The girde, the finishing touch to the costume, is of soft cerise or cherry color liberty satin, with long ends hanging a little to one side of the

back. The skirt is plain except for a band of embroidery. The hat of white chip, worn with this costume, is adorned with three cerise rosettes.

A model for heavy linen or white on beige is made with the wide panel and two rows of pearl buttons, the skirt being finished at the bottom in broad tucks. The yoke is of baby Irish lace, while the sleeves are sectional, one of the newest and most popular fashions. The belt worn is of apple green suede, while the hat, of natural straw, is trimmed with a large apple green bow with mitered ends.

The three linen dresses shown today are admirable in every line, while in

style and finish they are the "dernier cri." They show no great change from the designs of the "advanced" drawings, except that the pleated skirt will not be as popular as was foretold, while the panel front is even more used than was expected. All of the dresses must include a little hand embroidery, and there is no shade or color that is not boldly dragged out to the light during this year. The sleeves are made in almost every conceivable way: kimono, Japanese, Bulgarian, Hungarian, sectional—any sleeve will do just so the shoulders are long and the arm attaching dress and sleeve is not in evidence.

A New and Costly Present

A CASE containing an umbrella, either of the usual black or a more cheerful shade, and a white sunshade makes a most charming but not inexpensive gift. The handle, which may be screwed to either, is as elaborate as the donor can afford, and is finished with a silver chain, which passes over the wrist. Some of these handles are quite magnificent—of gold, ivory or even studded with semi-precious stones—and the sunshade is shown usually in white, but is as handsome as any one could possibly desire.

Blouse of Novel Style

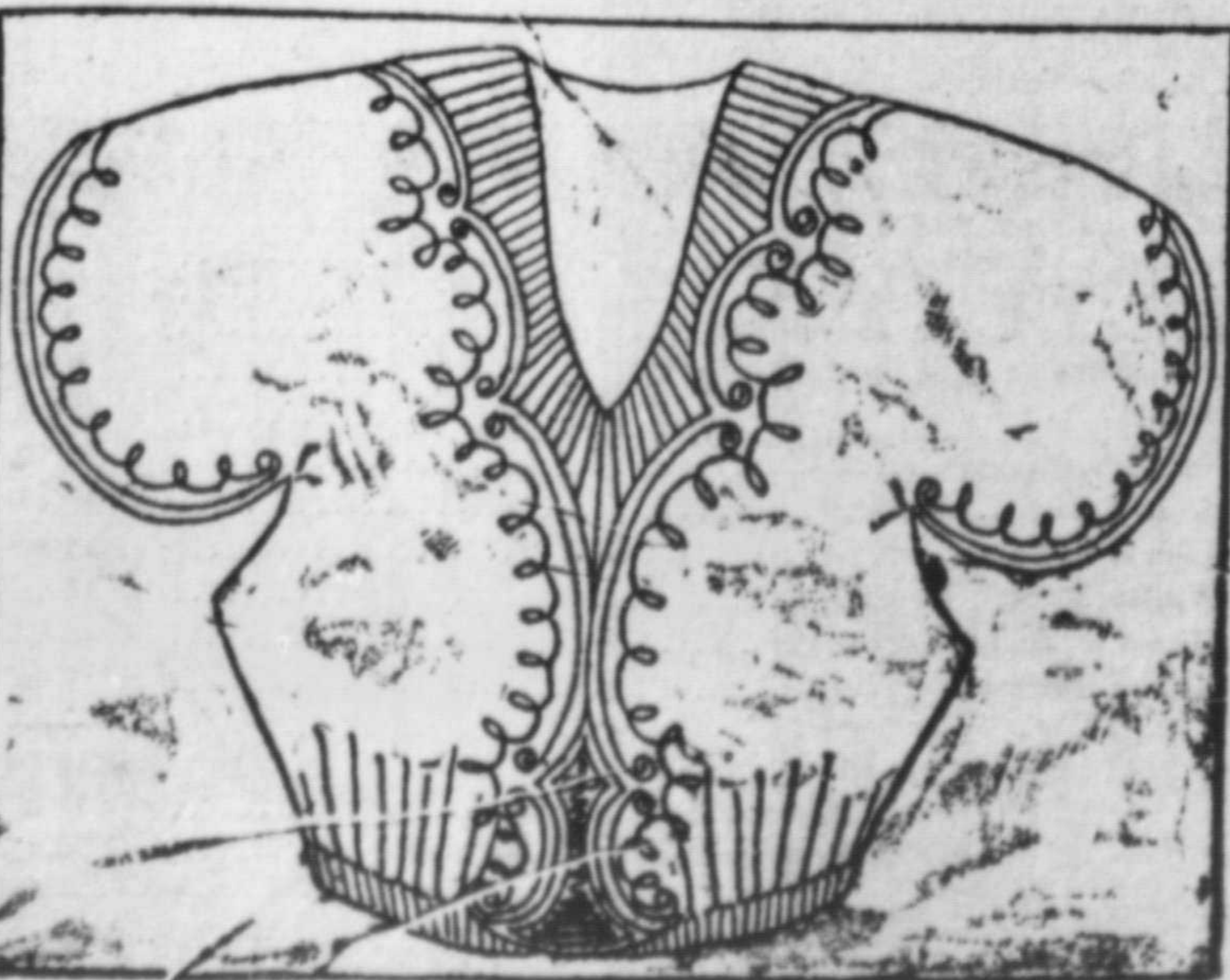
NEW gingham or linen waist is cut straight up to the top of the neck, where it fits in somewhat the same way as a gored empire skirt fits the waist. To this is attached a turnover collar, which fastens in front with a cameo pin. The effect of the novelty is very odd, but it is practical and washes well, while women of special type, all and lithe, it would suit admirably.

Veils of Russian Tulle

VEILS of Russian tulle are very much in favor at present, either without binding of any kind or else edged with a band of tulle to match. This, of course, adds greater strength to the tulle, and, when it envelops the whole hat, as fashion at the moment decrees, this reinforcement renders it far more satisfactory.

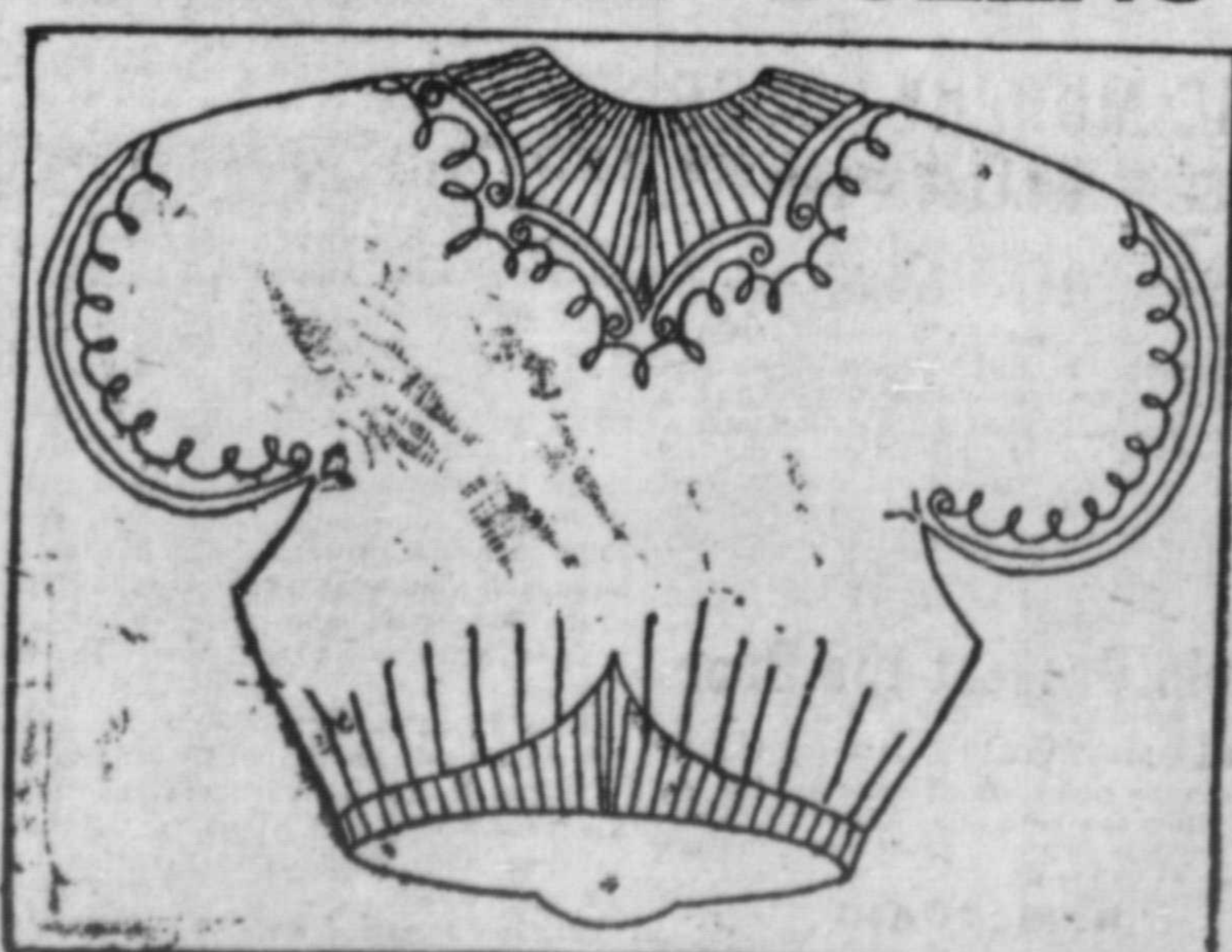
SUGGESTIONS FOR MAKING A SLEEVELESS BOLERO

THIS drawing shows today is of a new sleeveless coat, trimmed at neck and waist line with a braided band of material, or else with lace, either cluny or Irish. The sleeveless coat would be most attractive in white linen trimmed with soutache braid, or it might even be of some lighter material—swiss, dandy or lawn-tucked and finished with insertions of valenciennes or of other lace. Then, too, there are many women who last year had jumper dresses, and this year they have become tired of costumes made so long ago and wish to alter them into a more recent style. For these the pattern is admirable, for it may be made of a jumper of last year, using the material itself for the main part of the jacket, and finishing it at waist and collar in the manner indicated. As most of the jumpers were made entirely without sleeves or with a kind of one-piece, short affair, they will need little alteration. If by any chance the skirt has gone out of favor, it may be used to make one of these little boleros. Tulle or satin might be employed for trimming, if desired. The sleeveless coats are at present the top of the fashion, and the woman who owns a bolero of white will have a coat that is appropriate with almost any costume in her wardrobe. At the waist line the bolero is finished in tucks and



placed above the added band, and if tulle is not used, flat net might be considered and used on the coat. Little triangular pieces at the bottom of the front is very easily added if desired. In fact, it might be used as a sort of adjustment for the neck.

for when it is to be worn closed the triangular piece must be hooked into place, and when the bolero is to be worn open it is unnecessary, and might better be omitted. The back of course, is treated in exactly the same way as the front.



although the neck must be higher, and therefore the added piece of the material should be broader, while the braiding around the waist may be arranged in whatever way is most becoming to the figure for which it is intended.

Thus a new jacket may be made with comparatively little work, or an old jumper may be altered to suit the day. Dictates of fashion, and, no matter which method is used, the result should be entirely satisfactory to even the most fastidious.

A Broken Vow;

OR

BETTER THAN REVENGE.

CHAPTER VII.

When Olive Varney had set out for Chelsea with that determination to get into the house wherein Lucy Ewing lived, she had not really contemplated the final fraud she afterwards committed. All that was in her mind was that at No. 3, Greenways' Gardens lived a certain Mr. Christopher Dayne who was expecting news of a certain Uncle Phipps. She had been fortunate enough to meet the wife of that mysterious uncle and to possess herself of certain news which vitally concerned the young man; in some indefinite fashion she meant to trade upon that knowledge and so gain her purpose. It was only when she reached the house and stood in the moonlight before it that she understood how great her difficulty really was.

She had designed, in that indefinite fashion, to go to the place as the messenger of Aunt Phipps, but at the last moment she saw she could gain nothing by that. Whatever message she might give, she must finally yield up the address of Aunt Phipps, and so pass out of the business. She might get into the house, it is true, but there could be nothing to detain her there after her message was delivered. As a stranger she would enter it; as a stranger she must inevitably leave it. Some other way must be found; some other use must be made of this extraordinary opportunity that had come to her.

Certain words used by the feeble Aunt Phipps that night occurred to her while she paced about impatiently before the house, longing only to get a footing in the place itself. She remembered how Aunt Phipps had said that the boy had never seen her; she remembered that Aunt Phipps had refused to go near the house, in dread of the message she must carry. It suddenly occurred to her that in all probability Aunt Phipps never would sum up courage enough to face the young man whose fortune she had innocently helped to dissipate. In other words, no Aunt Phipps would ever knock at the door and demand to see Mr. Christopher Dayne.

But suppose another Aunt Phipps stepped into the breach? Suppose a woman, striving to find her way, under false pretences or under any pretence, into that house, declared herself to be Aunt Phipps, and so gained the right to remain there? Suppose, indeed, that Olive Varney—alive, and full of a dreadful purpose, and yet supposed to be hidden away safely in the grave—suppose that she, primed with the knowledge of the innocent old woman had poured into her ears, stepped in and took the old woman's place?

She thought about that aspect of the case very carefully. Discovery must follow sooner or later; but what did that matter? Once laid down for her, and she was utterly reckless of what might follow. Suppose she pretended for the time that she was Aunt Phipps; suppose she came in that fashion directly into the lives of these young people? That would be a power indeed, because she would arrive as a long-expected friend, and yet as an enemy. With a reckless born of that great purpose in her mind, she determined on the instant to do it.

The chances were all in her favor. In a sense she had Aunt Phipps hidden away; no one knew of her existence even. It would be quite possible for her to be kept quiet by any tale that suggested itself; quite possible, in fact, to tell her that this wronged nephew of hers was so indignant and so threatening that she must not think of facing him. The only point to be decided upon was what message she must give to Christopher Dayne when she should meet him.

While she sat in that little room into which she had been shown and awaited the advent of her supposed nephew, a whimsical thought came to her that she might after all be somewhat young for an aunt. More than that, she wondered in a careless fashion whether it would be necessary that she should show him any particular affection. Such thoughts, however, only grew up in her mind as unimportant matters; to be dismissed in a moment; the main thing was that she had gained her point, and that by a series of extraordinary events she was actually under the same roof with her enemy, and with the right to remain there.

"In such a cause as this I can sink everything—forget everything," she thought bitterly. "I might have come here and met her face to face, and seen her shrink from me in dread; and what could I have done afterwards? Now I come in another character, and the poor little fool believes herself free from prosecution. As for the boy, he doesn't count; he's merely a pawn in the game. What I shall do after this first meeting I don't know; I have been Fate-led through it all—I will be Fate-led to the end. My cause is just and righteous, or I should not have succeeded even to this extent; I shall not fall now."

Meanwhile, at the door of that upper room Christopher Dayne and Lucy still lingered. As a matter of fact he was half afraid to go down; now that the wonderful event had happened at last, he did not know how to face it. He had got to that point when anything might occur within the next few minutes. He had been in dire straits for money; in his darkest hour this mysterious woman had suddenly found him, and was bringing him news of some scribble which she had in trust for you.

be the best of news, of course; there was no question of that. That had been the dream of his life; that some day Uncle Phipps was to step forward, and apologize for any delay there might have been, and hand to him that which properly belonged to him. It was only a question of time, and to-night all the waiting was ended. Yet, as this was to change his life so completely, he was half afraid of it.

He had struggled on so bravely in Greenways' Gardens; and yet it had not all been struggle. From that first moment when the face of Lucy Ewing looked out at him from the window of No. 3, something new had entered into his life—something which made the struggle seem worth while. Precious moments like this present one, when he touched her hands and was assured of her sympathy; bright days, when her voice and her looks had assured him that he was some day to be great and famous, and she very proud of him.

"You're quite sure"—he hesitated, and held her hands, and looked deep into her eyes—"absolutely certain that this won't make any difference?"

"Difference? I don't understand, Mr. Dayne," she faltered. "What difference can it make—except to you?"

"I don't mean that," he replied hurriedly. "Only, I saw the shadow of this woman—this Aunt Phipps—just now; and it seemed to fall across the place where I first saw you. You know you brought me to this house; but for you, I should never have come here at all."

"Mr. Dayne—you were looking for apartments," she reminded him.

"And some good chance brought me here. Why, there are thousands of places in London where apartments are to be let; and I might have gone to Highgate or Brixton, or anywhere, you know. Instead of that, something inside me said—'Go to Chelsea' and to Chelsea I came."

"How very remarkable!"

"Now you're laughing at me; but it isn't a laughing matter. But for Fate, why should I have come here at all? Why should I have turned into Greenways' Gardens and stopped right in front of this house? What I want you to understand is that even if this Aunt Phipps has brought me my fortune—it won't make any difference; even if I'm rich you'll still let me live here—and be your friend."

"Odley will want to increase the rent," she observed slyly.

"You won't be serious; I'll buy the house if Odley likes, rather than go away from you," he retorted. "Won't you tell me that nothing will make any difference, Lucy?"

"You are keeping Aunt Phipps waiting," she said, striving to withdraw her hand. "Do you think so little of my friendship, that any change of fortune could change that? This is only an accident—something that might have happened to anyone. Come—you must go down."

He had to be satisfied with that. When he looked back, at the bottom of the first flight, he saw that she had a hand resting lightly against her lips, but that was nothing. It was only his misfortune that he had not looked a moment earlier and seen her kiss her fingers in his direction. Even then he felt inclined to dash back for a moment to get a more direct answer to his question; but he remembered that Aunt Phipps was waiting, and that people who bring good news must be treated politely. So he went down stairs three at a time, in a mighty hurry.

A disconcerting aunt, this; one who sat in the shadows of the room, and held herself so upright, and so looked at him so intently. A youngish aunt, too, of a good figure, so nearly as he could judge, and with a calm, grave, somewhat sad face, which might have been handsome, but for a certain shadow which rested upon it. Christopher stood just within the door of the room and bowed a little awkwardly.

"You are—Aunt Phipps?" he ventured.

She nodded slowly; she felt she had to guard every word and every gesture, and to be on the alert. This boy was but an instrument towards the end she was seeking; behind him, as it were, was the figure of the girl she had taken such pains to reach. She could use him now for her purpose; presently he could be swept aside and left out of the business. For the moment only he was useful.

"I am your Aunt Phipps—wife of your uncle," she said steadily. "I have come a long way to find you. Won't you sit down?"

He sat down on the other side of the table near which she was seated, and drummed nervously and impatiently upon it with his fingers. A shaded lamp stood upon the table, and she moved the shade a little, so that the light was thrown fully upon him, whilst her own face remained in the shadows. He felt rather than saw that she was looking at him intently.

"It's very kind of you," he murmured nervously. "How is—how is Uncle Phipps?"

"Dead," she snapped that one word at him, and was silent again.

"Yes. You see, Aunt Phipps," he went on, overcoming his awe of this strange woman, and edging a little nearer to her over the table, "the old boy—I'm sure I beg your pardon, I mean Uncle Phipps—has had a lot of money of mine for some years past. He was to have let me have it when I came of age; but he—seemed to let it slip his memory. But it's better late than never, isn't it?"

"Your uncle has been unfortunate," said Olive, tracing a pattern with her gloved finger on the table-cover. "He never told me of his business, but I believe that he had some idea he might increase your fortune; and so he speculated with it. The speculation turned out wrong; the fortune gradually went, until now—"

He started to his feet, and cried out huskily: "Don't say that, Aunt Phipps—for God's sake don't say there's nothing left!" he exclaimed. "I want money now more than I ever wanted it in my life; I'm young, and I know how much I could do if I only had the chance—if only had something to begin with. Don't say there's nothing left!"

"I can only tell you the truth," replied Olive, feeling a little sorry in her own mind for this good-looking boy, although he was merely a stranger to her. "Your uncle has lost not only your money, but his own and mine too. I am absolutely penniless. What have you to complain about. You are young, and can work."

"I beg your pardon," he said humbly. "I did not know that you were in that position; it's hard for a woman. But still," he added, with some cheerfulness, as he rose to his feet again and threw back his shoulders—"it might be worse—and after all, as you say, I can work. We'll pull through somehow, Aunt Phipps—never fear."

"We?" She, too, had risen to her feet, and was looking at him over the lamp.

"Yes—well. If the old man has got rid of all the money, it isn't likely I can leave you to starve, is it? It isn't quite what I'd expected," he went on, moving restlessly about the room—"but we can't help that. God only knows what we shall do, or how we shall manage; but we'll pull through somehow, I'm sure."

Olive Varney stood bewildered; this was a new aspect of the case indeed. She had thought to come in, and deliver a message, and so gain admittance to the house; but to be coolly told by this young man that he was prepared to support her; to watch his brave young face when he said it, and to guess at what he renounced in saying it; this was a new experience, and a new lesson. Olive Varney was a little humbled by it all.

"Why were you so anxious to have this money?" she asked, in a slow voice. "Why so anxious now, I mean?"

He glanced at the door for a moment, and then came across and stood at the other side of the table and looked at her across the lamp. As she looked straight into his eyes, she thought of the feeble old woman lying in that upper room in Westminster; and was not surprised that the real Aunt Phipps had not found courage to face this boy, on the very threshold of life, and to tell him of the wrong that had been done him. But for that grim purpose in her mind, she would have been ready to rush out of the house and to get away and hide her face. There was nothing for it, however, but to stand and listen.

"Well, Aunt Phipps—I don't mind telling you, because you've been very good to me in coming so far just to break the news," said Christopher. "But I—I'm in love."

She remembered then, and hardened at the remembrance.

So the boy was to be useful to her, after all; in this she saw a chance to strike at the girl. He had spoken regretfully of that lost fortune; had even suggested that it would spoil his plans. The game was beginning well indeed. "In love? And who is the lady?" she asked, a little coldly.

"She lives here; her name is Lucy Ewing. Oh, Aunt Phipps—Aunt Phipps—if you only knew the dreams you've broken up to-night! If you only knew how I've got to begin again, with nothing to begin on—you wouldn't stand so calmly there and think so lightly of it. No—no—I don't mean that," he added, impetuously. "I don't seem to know what I'm saying. But I'm awfully fond of her—and I think she's fond of me; and now, of course, it's all over. That isn't your fault, either; you couldn't help old Phipps losing my money, could you? And only to think that you're penniless, and that I've got to look after you. I must see about that at once."

"What are you going to do?" she asked, as he was striding towards the door.

"Do? I am going to see Odley and arrange for a room for you, of course. That is, unless you happen to have a lodging anywhere else."

She remembered that she had not, she said so. She was swept off her feet, in a sense, by the impetuous fashion in which he had taken possession of her. Assuring her that it would be all right, he rushed out of the room.

Olive Varney sat in the room that had been hastily got ready for her that night at No. 3, Greenways' Gardens, and bowed her head on her clasped hands, and saw that everything was coming her way.

"Father—I have not forgotten—I have not failed," she whispered. "I touch the life of this child when it seems most fair and gracious to her; it is in my power to wreck it—and I will. I hold her and her lover in the hollow of my hand. Give me strength; I need nothing more."

(To be Continued.)

THE OLDEST OF PROFESSIONS.

An old friend of the family had dropped in to see a young lawyer whose father was still paying his office rent. "So you are now practising law," the old friend said, genially.

The Farm

RAISING DAIRY CALVES.

Among dairy cows the best practice is to remove the calf from the cow within 24 hours after its birth and at once teach it to drink. This separation may be delayed until the dam's milk assumes the normal condition, but as a rule, the earlier the calf is taken in hand and its feeding regulated the better for the calf. The younger it is the easier it learns to drink. It is also better for the dairy cow to be regularly milked by hand than to suckle a calf. The milk of good cows is often too rich for their calves and the latter are apt to take too much if left to help themselves. There is no truer thing in my experience, and I believe in that of hundreds of others, than that allowing a calf to suck is an injury to the cow. This injury is more or less permanent, according to how long it is continued. No rule can be given for quantity in feeding calves, they differ so much in size and food requirements. Judgment must be used, the feeding effects observed and the calf given enough to thrive and be active, but not too much. More calves suffer from over feeding than from scant diet. Keep the calf a little hungry and eager for more rather than fill it to dullness. The endeavor should be to prevent the beginning of indigestion which leads to scouring and perhaps fatal diarrhoea. Nothing causes indigestion sooner than overfeeding or irregularity in the quantity, time and temperature of the milk especially while the calf is young, and absolute cleanliness about feeding vessels is essential, with frequent scalding. If it can with certainty be kept equally clean, some feeding device which compels the calf to suck its milk instead of swallowing rapidly is preferable to the open pail. The practice of feeding calves by means of what is termed a calf feeder is growing in popularity among the dairymen, writes Mr. J. Fletcher. This is a pail arranged with a loose fitting top and a rubber tent upon the top of it which is connected with a tube having a simple valve at the lower end which lies in the bottom of the pail. The objection of a calf drinking from the pail is that by this means no saliva of any account is mixed with the milk. The effect of this fluid in aiding digestion is well known, and it is a fact also well known that calves fatten much more rapidly and better, as a rule, upon the cow than upon the pail, even if they get a pail full of new milk fresh and warm from their dams morning and night. A good many calves become polled by drinking too rapidly. I am certain that skimmed milk taken slowly by the operation of sucking will prove of more real benefit to calf than to drink it rapidly. The increased use of milk separators has resulted in greater attention being paid to raising calves on skimmed milk. It is well settled at this time that practically as large, strong and vigorous calves can be grown on skimmed milk, supplemented by some suitable grain feed as on whole milk providing they are properly fed and cared for. There is no question but that whole milk is the normal food for calves, and when the cream or butter-fat is removed it becomes necessary to replace it in the calf ration with some equivalent but cheaper form of food.

The calf here referred to is not supposed to be for veal, but to be raised for a dairy cow.

The foregoing treatment should be accompanied by early lessons inducing it to eat sweet hay and a little grain. The sooner it learns to eat hay and the more it eats, the better, but keep up milk feeding as long as possible, of only once a day. Grain should be used, oats, bran and a little linseed to judiciously supplement the other food. Do not turn it out to grass too soon. A calf will be in good shape to get its living from pasture the first summer. Fall calves are generally better cared for, thrive better and make better calves than those dropped in the spring. Our aim should be to produce a cow with a large capacity for consuming and digesting rough fodders. Clover and alfalfa is the best food known for this purpose and we cannot get the calves to eat it too young. From this point to the breeding time we should aim to make the animal grow rapidly without putting on too much fat. It is well to breed the heifer so she will drop her first calf at from two to two and a half years of age, during the first milking period feed the heifer well. Remember she is not through growing yet, and part of her food must go to building up her frame. The heifer may not give a paying quantity of milk the first year, but this should not deter us from milking her for another year. We must remember that we are establishing character to the heifer, and whatever we teach her to do during the first year of her milking life she will be likely to do the remainder of her life. Long milking is a habit.

WATCH THE COWS.

A recent bulletin of the Wisconsin Experiment Station warns dairymen to carefully watch their cows for tuberculosis and says:

If dairy farmers will do three things they may keep their herds from the scourge:—

1. Find out the actual condition of their herds by applying the tuberculin test.
2. If found free, buy in the future only tested stock or test them before admitting same to herd.
3. For young stock and hogs use skim milk separated at home, or pasteurized properly at creamery or factory.

If disease is found, reacting animals should be separated and disposed of properly, and the barns adequately disinfected. In the case of valuable animals, healthy calves may generally be secured from reacting cows, if calves are separated at birth and fed on boiled milk of mother or milk from non-reacting animals. Remember the danger from tuberculosis lies in its hidden course of development, and for the sake of the herd itself, as well as for human beings consuming the products of the herd, one cannot afford to neglect taking such steps as are necessary to find out positively the condition of their herd.

ALFALFA OR LUCERNE.

Bulletin Written by Prof. C. A. Zavitz, of the Agricultural College.

A bulletin on alfalfa, also known as Lucerne, has been written by Prof. C. A. Zavitz of the Ontario Agricultural College and printed by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. It is now being distributed and copies can be obtained on application to C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Parliament Buildings, Toronto. The bulletin gives the results of experiments conducted with alfalfa for ten years at the Agricultural College, and should be in the hands of all farmers who intend sowing alfalfa. The bulletin closes with the following paragraphs:

Alfalfa should be very carefully tested on many farms throughout Ontario. Its large yields of nutritious feed for farm stock, its perennial character of growth, and its beneficial influence on the soil, are all features which commend it very highly for those farms on which it can be grown successfully.

There are different ways of laying down a plot or a field of alfalfa, and we would suggest the following method as one which is likely to give very excellent results. Select land having a clean, mellow, fertile surface soil overlying a deeply drained subsoil having no acidity. Use large, plump seed, free from impurities and strong in germinating power. Inoculate the seed with the proper kind of bacteria, providing alfalfa has not been grown successfully on the land in recent years. As early in the spring as the land is dry enough and warm enough to be worked to good advantage, make a suitable seed-bed and immediately sow about twenty pounds of alfalfa seed per acre from the grass seed box placed in front of the grain drill, and about one bushel of spring wheat or of barley per acre from the tubes of the drill. Smooth the land with a light harrow or with a weeder, and if it is very loose and rather dry, also roll it and again go over it with the harrow or the weeder. As soon as ripe, cut the grain and avoid leaving it one the land longer than necessary. Give the alfalfa plants every opportunity to get a good start in the autumn in preparation for the winter. If for hay, cut each crop of alfalfa in the following year as soon as it starts to bloom. In curing, try to retain as many of the leaves on the stems as possible, and to protect the crop from rain. Never cut or pasture alfalfa sufficient close to the ground to remove the crowns of the roots, and thus injure or possibly kill the plants. If these directions are followed, the alfalfa may be expected to produce large and valuable crops for a number of years without re-seeding.

A RAPID COUNTER.

It is not every one who proves the ineffectualness of insomnia cures at seven years of age; that is why a youngster's experience seems remarkable enough to quote.

The father of the lad, who was about seven years old, was a physician, and when the child found difficulty in getting to sleep, was ready with advice. "I'll tell you something that will soon put you to sleep," he said. "You begin and count slowly up to one hundred, and then another hundred, and so on, and before you know it you'll be sleeping. Try it to-night when you go to bed."

Everything remained quiet that night until the father went to retire. As he passed the boy's bed a little voice piped:

"Papa!"

"Yes, my boy."

"What comes after trillions?"

But the wakeful youngster's query was not answered; his father had vanished into his own room.

HOW HE KNEW.

A lady who was perfectly well, but fancied she was suffering from fever, called on an old and experienced physician to consult him. She described her symptoms at some length, and he listened patiently. At last he said:

"I think I understand your case, madam. Sit perfectly still a few moments, and let me look at you."

She complied, and he eyed her attentively for nearly a minute, glancing at his watch once or twice in the meantime.

"There is nothing the matter with you, madam," he said. "You haven't the slightest indication of fever. Your heart-beat is perfectly normal."

"Why, how do you know, doctor?" she asked, in surprise. "You didn't feel of my pulse."

"I didn't need to," he answered. "I counted the vibrations of the ostrich-feather on your hat." And he bowed her out.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force. It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth. ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

IS A MARTYR OF SCIENCE!

BIRMINGHAM DOCTOR STUDIES X-RAY EFFECTS.

He Loses an Arm as the Result of an Investigation Into a Cure for Dermatitis.

Defying the agony of cancerous ulcers developed on his hands and skin by X-ray experiments to benefit humanity, Dr. Hall-Edwards, L.R.C.P., Birmingham (England) General Hospital, continued his work with the disease ever spreading, until recently he had to have his left arm amputated. He is doing well, and it is hoped the disease has been arrested.

He is one of the X-ray pioneers, and first noticed signs of the disease (now called "dermatitis") in 1896, after exposing his hands to the rays for several hours. Soon ulcers, nearly half an inch large, broke out on the back of his hands, and gradually spreading over the body. The pain was excruciating. Dr. Hall-Edwards, however, continued, not only his X-ray investigation, but to study the disease which they produced, with a view to saving fellow investigators, and on the day before his operation was at work in his laboratory.

PREVENTIVE DISCOVERED.

Dr. Hall-Edwards believes he has discovered a treatment by which he can cure the growth of the cancerous ulcers which have formed on his right hand. The treatment, if it proves successful, will be fully published in a work on X-rays which he hopes to publish shortly. He shows how immunity from the disease can be obtained by the use of steel gauntlets lined with rubber, and an apron coated with lead. The fear that he may not complete this book on which his heart is set, is the only thing that daunts the doctor's spirit. In spite of ceaseless agony he is quite cheerful.

He declares most positively that the brief period during which patients are subject to X-rays can have no prejudicial effect upon them. Victims of X-ray dermatitis have been:

OTHER VICTIMS.

Mr. Clarence Dally, Mr. Edison's laboratory assistant, died October, 1905, after seven years' suffering; had an arm amputated in 1903.

Mr. Edison himself had the focus of one eye disturbed and had lumps on the skin.

Dr. M. Radigue had two fingers amputated, and died in December, 1905, after months of agony.

Mr. Wilson and another investigator of the radiograph department of the London Hospital suffered in 1903 from inflammation of the hands.

Dr. Blacker, of St. Thomas' Hospital, died in 1904, and operators at Guys, St. Thomas', King's College, the Middlesex and London Hospitals were affected.

Mr. Harry Cox and Mr. Cassor, makers of X-ray apparatus, suffered from lacerated hands.

THE PEANUT DIET.

Four Ounces of Gobbers and One Fruit Meal a Day Recommended.

Dr. Thomas J. Allen, the man who lived sixty days on peanuts, declares that the peanut is "a safe, substantial and valuable article of diet." Yet he does not advise every one to cling to gobbers alone.

"The exclusive peanut diet," he says in the Vegetarian, "may do much harm. The peanut is loaded. It is a highly concentrated diet. It contains 25 per cent. albumen, which is at least twice as much as one doing vigorous mental work should eat."

"The first week I lost ten pounds as a result of the sudden change, even though I had tested foods before by exclusive dieting of three or four days. The news was heralded that the peanut man was losing flesh rapidly, but was as well physically and mentally as ever. Immediately letters began to pour in. 'How do you eat peanuts to reduce your weight; raw or roasted?'"

"Four ounces of unroasted peanuts (you can learn to like them that way, for it's natural) daily is a good ration for the average case. The best time to eat them, generally, is the fore part of the day, the substantial fruit meal being taken in the evening. It requires an hour at least to eat them properly, but this need not interfere with business or pleasure."

"The peanut is a natural narcotic. If you are troubled with insomnia and consequent nervous exhaustion (for sleep is nature's sweet restorer), eat a few peanuts an hour before retiring—pulverizing them thoroughly."

THE VICTIM.

Everybody winks poor father. Bess pats him on the cheek And she says she'll need a brand new hat.

Before another week, Brother he wants a dollar, And so does sister Nan. Every one down to baby Works that poor man.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force. It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth. ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

**OUR SHOE . .
 . . COUNTER**

is attractive with the beauties for spring. No line of Boots or Shoes was ever more complete or beautiful.

For Gentlemen :

The McKee Shoe
Geo. A. Slater
INVICTUS SHOE.

For Ladies :

The Empress Shoe
The Kingsbury Shoe

For Boys :

The Tedd Shoe.

For Girls

The Quaker Shoe.

**THE SHAWVILLE BOOT and SHOE STORE
M. STEWART.**



A woman's shoe determines as much as any other one detail of a woman's apparel her right to claim the distinction of being correctly costumed. The Empress claims the distinction of being a faultlessly made and designed shoe, and is unrivalled in perfection.

We have the exclusive sale of this modern shoe. We sell other shoes for women, but none better than the Empress.

Get the Habit

of going to A. E. Bourke for tailor-made clothes. They Fit Well, Wear Well, and Look Well till worn out, because they hold their shape.

A. E. BOURKE, MERCHANT TAILOR.

"Nothing Succeeds like Success"

The successful issue of our **GREAT NINE DAY SALE** has more than met our expectations and we tender thanks to the purchasing public, (who came from all parts of Pontiac County,) for the liberal patronage extended. As intimated in a previous issue of this paper, on and after the 1st day of May our business will be conducted

Strictly on the Cash System

This will enable us to sell at the very closest prices, and our patrons may rely on getting Values that cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

T. W. WILSON & CO.

NOTE: Our books will be closed on April 30th, when all outstanding accounts must be settled immediately.

ORIENTAL RUGS.

Why Those That Are Made by Hand Work Cost So Much.

The simple apparatus is still in use in outlying districts—home dye tubs filled with colors extracted from sheep's blood, larkspur, indigo, tumeric, saffron, mulberry, walnut husks, brass combs for carding and distaffs whirled by hand. Between two sticks held horizontally by supports at the ends are strung threads drawn taut, harp fashion. Then worsted yarn is passed over and under the strings twice. Songs are sung—songs transmitted from old to young, so ancient, some of them, that they are in a lost language—and these songs tell the weaver what colors to tie in as she progresses with the pattern. Each district has its own patterns and songs. After each knot the ends of the yarn are scissored off to form the pile.

In a close woven piece like a Kirman, measuring a mere 5 by 8 feet, there are 400 knots to the square inch. As the weaver's speed is about three knots a minute, four years of continuous labor would be required on such a rug. Within that time some fingers would stop weaving forever; others would go on with it. Was it any wonder, the rug hunter asked me, that no two old rugs, even from the same village and the same household, were ever just alike? A bereavement would induce a greater unconscious use of white; a bridal would turn the weaver's thoughts to scarlet and victories of war to yellow. Local environment, family happenings, removals from town to desert and desert to mountain, would each have effect. Gossip of harems, the tinkle of silver anklets, the alarms of brigands, the elations of religions, all would go into the rug.

"Then," I interrupted the hunter, "if they still dye and weave as of old, rugs are being made now that eventually will be beautiful and valuable?"

If the west were willing to say to the east, "We will give you five or ten years to make a rug," if it would say that, then age and gentle wear would do the rest. But the west won't. It has mansions in increasing numbers to fit out at once. So it has introduced aniline dyes and machine carders and spinning jennies and collective weaving and is otherwise hustling production.—Franklin Clarkin in Everybody's Magazine.

Confidence is the companion of success.—Chatham.

The Power of Mystery. "I can't afford to have people think I don't know about this particular question," said the politician, "and I haven't the time I need to read up on it."

"Well," replied his wife, "in that case I'll tell you what I'd do. I'd look wise and get some paper to announce that you decline to be interviewed."

Ingress and Egress. The Old Man—The easiest way to get into society is to marry for money.

The Young Man—Suppose you are in society and want to get out? The Old Man—Then marry for love.

Illustrated Bits.

Shareholders Meeting.

The shareholders and patrons of the Lily Co., will please meet in Shawville on Saturday, 18th of April, at 2 o'clock p. m. E. T. HODGINS, Secretary.

Farm for Sale—A snap

100 acres, Lot 6, Con. 3, Township of Bristol, Que. 80 acres under cultivation; balance good bush. 40 acres fall plowed. Clay loam, all level and machine worked. 1 barn 40 x 100 ft., stabling for 6 horses, 1 large room for 20 head of cattle, 1 large granary, pig sty and hen house—almost new. Large frame house, 11 rooms; a good cistern, woodshed and everything convenient.—2 miles from railroad, 1 mile from school, convenient to cheese factory store, post office and churches. 2 good wells. Immediate possession. For particulars apply on premises or write D. S. MORRISON, Bristol, Que.

SPRING Horse and Bull Show

THE SPRING SHOW of Stallions and Bulls under the auspices of the Renfrew Agricultural Society, will be held in the Renfrew Fair Grounds, on the afternoon of

TUESDAY, APRIL 28th

W. A. Munro, B. A., principal of the Agricultural High School at Morrisburg, will be the speaker. All farmers and others interested in good stock are invited to attend. Admission, 10c.

W. E. SMALLFIELD, D. BARR, SR., Sec. President.

FARMS FOR SALE.

100 acres in Bristol Township one mile from Norway Bay. Good frame dwelling. Basement barn 40 x 60. Soil is a clean clay loam with clay subsoil. 30 acres under cultivation. 12 acres hardwood bush large timber, natural drainage, wire fences. Price \$4,000, easy terms.

\$4250.—100 acres in the Township of McNab, 4 miles from Arnprior. New frame dwelling, large basement barn. Soil is a strong clay loam, free from weeds and stones. 80 acres under cultivation, balance in bush and pasture.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE. A good live Grocery business in Arnprior, Ont. Business over \$13000 per year. Will be sold right to a quick buyer. Good reasons for selling. All information cheerfully given upon application. For all information apply to

A. G. CLARKE, Real Estate Agent, Arnprior, Ont.

TENDERS For Milk Drawing.

Tenders will be received up to Friday, April 24th, for drawing milk on the several routes, as follows:

No 1—Same as last year, with L. Cuthbertson's added, (Wm. Sturgeon's).

No 2—Same as last year, (R. Cuthbertson's).

No 3—Same as last year, (J. McLaren's).

No 4—From Caldwell or Glengyle to factory, same as last year, (Smith's).

No 5—Same as last year, (J. Conolly's).

No 6—Same as last year with E. T. Brownlee added and R. Hodgins off, (R. Cerrigan's).

No 7—Same as last year with R. Hodgins added, (George Hodgins).

No 8—To commence about Storey's thence to Wm. Barber's, same as last year with additions, (Wm. Barber's).

Parties tendering to satisfy themselves as to quantity of milk offered. The Company does not bind themselves to accept lowest or any tender. E. T. HODGINS, Sec.

PERFECTION CLOTHING

Men's Suits :

Our spring stock of Men's suits are now in and for range, style, value and workmanship cannot be equalled. These goods are high class, made in one of the best factories in Canada. Our own label is on every coat, and we can confidently ask your closest inspection. Prices range from \$6.00 to \$15.00.

Our \$10 Suits are splendid goods.

Youths and Boys :

We are specialists in Boys' Clothing. The largest stock, Most attractive patterns, Most seasonable goods, Best all round stock.

Gents' Furnishings :

Fancy and working Shirts
Spring Sweaters
Summer Underwear
Pants and Overalls
Ties and Braces
Everything in Men's goods

Call and see our large stock of Hats and Caps
Newest shapes and styles.

W.A. HODGINS.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING

BARGAINS IN LADIES' WHITE WEAR

White undershirts regular \$3.20 for \$1.75. Same worth \$2.00 selling for \$1.35 and some worth 1.50 selling for 1.00

Embroidered Corset Covers, regular price 1.00, selling for 50 cents.

Great bargains in White Lawn Blouses, worth from 1.25 to 1.50, selling for 75c.

Ladies' Night Dresses, regular 2.50, for 1.35

Night Dresses worth 1.65, selling for 1.00.

Special bargains in Ladies' long Gloves in silk, only 50c. Short silk gloves only 25c. Cashmere gloves 20c. Woollen gloves 15c.

EXTRA BARGAINS in Black Dress Goods. Heavy black silk half price—only 75 cents.

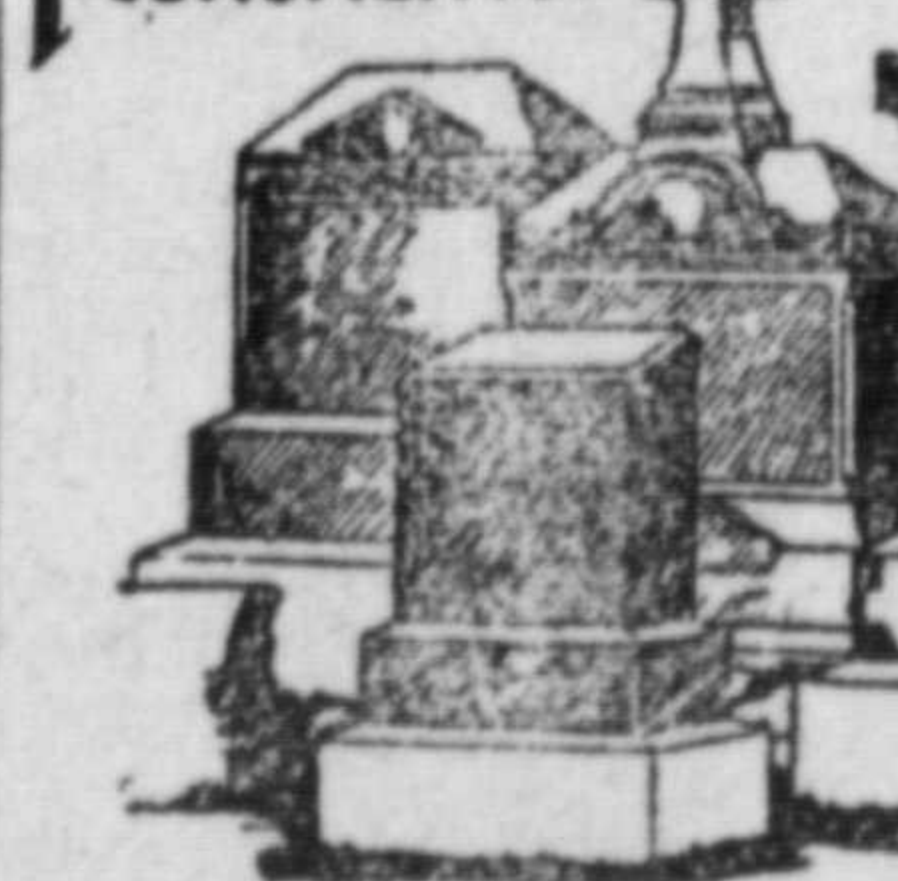
GREAT BARGAINS IN PANTS, SHIRTS AND SUITS—Men's fancy Top Shirts, (W. G. R.) worth 1.00 for 75c.

Green Tea worth 30c for 20c.

Come soon and pick your choice of these goods, as they won't last long.

LOUIS HERMAN

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



SHAWVILLE

MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

W. N. DAULEY, Prop.

Before placing your order for a Monument, or Cemetery Work of any description it will be to your interest to see our collection of designs which we are prepared to execute in the best grades of American or Imported Marble or Granite. Estimates given on Monuments to be erected in any part of the country.

IRON FENCING A SPECIALTY.

W. N. DAULEY, Shawville.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Jehn Telfer and myself wish, through the columns of THE EQUITY to thank our friends for their many kindnesses during our recent bereavement.

MRS. G. TELFER.
Clarendon Front, April 11, '08.

SCHOOL REPORTS.

No. 10 BRISTOL

Grade IV.—Helen Morrison, Nellie Gallagher, Louis McKee, Mary Foran.

Grade IV, Jun.—Lloyd Conolly, Rob Sheppard, Cecil Conolly.

Grade III.—May Gallagher, Clarence McKee, Roy Sharpe, Leonard Horner.

Grade II, Sen.—Jessie Caldwell, George Graham, Edith Caldwell.

Grade II, Jun.—Agatha Dumas, Harper Rennick, Donald Sharpe, James Foran.

Grade I, Sen.—Mary Dumas.

Grade I, Jun.—Anthony McKee.

Sac. Hist., Grade IV.—Audria Rennick, Helen Morrison, equal; Mary Eoran.

Sac. His., Grade III.—Bert Sheppard, Roy Sharpe, Leonard Horner.

Highest in marks:—

Grade IV, Sen.—Mary Foran.

Grade IV, Jun.—Robb Sheppard.

Grade III.—Clarence McKee.

Grade II.—Jessie Caldwell.

F. MACJANETTE,
Teacher.

Clarendon Council.

Shawville, 11th April, 1908.

Regular session of the Clarendon council this day.

Members present: Mr. Mayor, Alex. S. Elliott; couns J. H. Smiley, Reuben Draper, Thomas A. Elliott, Wm. Hodgins, Thomas Eades and W. R. Grant.

Minutes of last meeting read.

Moved by coun Smiley sec by coun Draper that the minutes of last meeting as now read be and are hereby adopted, save and only the 50 cents per day for road labor which is rescinded.—Carried.

Moved by coun Hodgins, sec by coun Grant, that Wm. Barr be and is hereby instructed to procure the necessary number of tile to cover 3 acres, to take away the water from a certain point indicated.—Carried.

Petition D. B. Stevenson and 5 others praying that the town line between Clarendon and Litchfield be opened by road labour on the west side of lot 28, 9th, and part 28, 10th ranges, of Clarendon.

Moved by coun Grant, sec by coun Eades, that the above petition be and is hereby accepted.—Carrie.

Moved by coun Elliott, sec by coun Draper, that the petition of Thomas Palmer and others be laid over till next meet ng.—Carried.

Moved by coun Elliott, sec by coun Hodgins, that the following bills be paid.—Carried

NOTE—Bills above referred to will be found in statement published in another column.

Shawville Council.

Regular meeting of the Municipal Council of Shawville, held on Monday, April 6, 1908

Present:—The Mayor, Arthur Smiley; Councillors Alexander, Black, Hodgins and Caldwell.

Minutes of last regular meeting were read and ad pted.

Moved by coun. Black, seconded by coun. Alexander, that the following bills be paid: George Hynes, \$12.75; A.

Smiley, \$25.65; Harry McDowell, \$1.75; C. Caldwell, \$15.00; Langford Strutt, 75c; T. Findlay, \$1.00; A. E. Postlewhite, \$2.33; R. J. Wilson, plank, \$48.62.—Carried.

Councillors Hobbs and Cowan entered and took their seats at the board:

Moved by coun. Caldwell seconded by coun. Hobbs, that the certificates of T. A. James and C. Caldwell, having been authenticated under oath, as to the signatures of the petitioners, to the satisfaction of this council, the said certificates be and they are hereby confirmed, by each paying the usual fee of \$25.00.—Carried.

Moved by coun. Hobbs seconded by coun. Alexander that the mayor, couns. Cowan and Caldwell be a committee, with power to add to their number, to interview ratepayers for the purpose of raising funds to instal a system of water-works.—Carried.

Moved by coun. Hobbs, sec. by coun. Caldwell that Dr. Armstrong, W. G. McDowell and George Hynes be re-appointed board of health.—Carried.

Moved by coun. Hobbs sec. by coun. Alexander that G. M. Donaldson, W. J. Eades and G. A. Howard be appointed valuers, and that the secretary be instructed to act as their secretary in making the roll.—Carried.

Moved by coun. Cowan, sec. by coun. Caldwell that R. L. Whitman and H. S. Barnett be re-appointed auditors.—Carried.

Moved by coun. Hobbs sec. by coun. Hodgins that R. A. Dale and R. J. Hamilton be re-appointed pond-keepers.—Carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

W. W. IRELAND,
Sec.-Treas.

Allumette Island Council.

Province of Quebec,
Municipality of
Allumette Island.

General meeting of the Municipal Council of Allumette Island, held this 13th day of January, 1908, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon at Onapau village.

Members present: H. N. Lackie, mayor; councillors John Butler, Alex. Ryan, S. Mainville, Moise Demers, Thos. Fitzpatrick and Richard Kennedy.

Mes-rs. H. N. Lackie, Alex. Ryan and John Butler, newly elected councillors, took their oaths of office and seats.

Minutes of last meeting read. Moved by Moise Demers seconded by John Butler that the minutes of the last meeting just read be adopted and signed.—Carried.

Moved by Moise Demers seconded by S. Mainville that H. N. Lackie be re-elected mayor of this municipality for the ensuing term.—Carried.

Moved by Thomas Fitzpatrick seconded by S. Mainville that P. McMahon be re-appointed secretary treasurer at a salary of \$175 per year and 7 per cent on all arrears collected.—Carried.

Moved by Alex. Ryan seconded by S. Mainville that Francis Bourat and F. A. M'lonney be appointed auditors.—Car'd.

Moved by S. Mainville seconded by Moise Demers that this Council do now adjourn.—Carried.

P. McMAHON,
Sec.-Treas.

The Renfrew hotels are being equipped with fire-escapes under instructions from License Inspector Conolly.