

If you have anything to sell: If you wish to purchase anything, do not spare the printer's ink. Put an advt. in the Chronicle.

The Quebec Chronicle.

Print and prosper. Let world know what you are doing. For all kinds of real up-to-date artistic printing, call at Chronicle.

LVI NO. 20,150

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1902.

ONE CENT.

I smoked my first
STONEWALL
33 years ago and have never found their equal
THE SECRET OF THE STONEWALL JACKSON'S
SUCCESS IS ENTIRELY DUE TO THE RECOMMENDATION
OF THE REGULAR CONSUMER.



OPENING OF THE ORATORICAL SEASON

Dominion Parliament Considers Speech from Throne

MR. BOURASSA'S AMENDMENT

MR. BORDEN THINKS THERE IS MORE LEFT OUT OF THE SPEECH THAN THERE IS IN IT AND SIR WILFRID THINKS MR. BORDEN IS NOT SO KIND AS USUAL - A POOR LOOK OUT FOR THE FAST SERVICE - THE GOVERNMENT NEED DO NOTHING FOR THREE YEARS, AND THEN BE NO WORSE THAN THE CONSERVATIVES.

(Special to the Chronicle.)

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—The White Pass Railway Company accepted the schedule of rates prepared by Mr. Tish, with the result that there will be considerable reduction.

The Marconi Company has undertaken to reduce the price of cable messages by 50 per cent as equivalent for aid granted by the Dominion Government.

A Government caucus will be held next Tuesday. No date is fixed for the Opposition gathering.

A telegram from Cape Town to the Governor-General to-night announces the arrival of the transport Manitoba.

The debate on the address was not concluded to-night, Mr. Bourassa having given notice of an amendment in favor of a definite railway policy to prevent Canadian railways falling into the hands of foreign corporations.

Mr. Campbell (West York) moved and Mr. Beland (Beauce) seconded the address.

Mr. Borden twitted the Government with the number of appointments they made from the House and invited Mr. Mulock's special attention to the matter. He pointed out notable omissions in the speech, as for instance the fast Atlantic service and the Yukon boundary award. He also referred to the inconsistency of the Ministers when discussing tariff questions. In conclusion he referred in kindly terms to the deaths of Messrs. Doherty, Cracke, Wallace and Bell, and Lord Dufferin.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who was received with Liberal cheers, was inclined to find fault with the tone of Mr. Borden's speech. The leader of the Opposition was generally fair and candid, but to-day it was evident that he felt he must please some of his belated supporters. With reference to our commercial relations with Germany, if there are not as good to-day as they were five or six years ago it was because the Canadian Parliament had managed to secure the abrogation of the Anglo-German treaty. To-day Canada did not enjoy the benefit of mini-

main tariff with Germany, but negotiations were in progress to secure a remedy and it would be premature to say that they had been abortive. As regards the Alaska boundary question, it was in the same position as last year. No progress had been made. On the subject of the fast Atlantic service he remarked that if within the next three years the Government had accomplished nothing they would only then be in the same position as the Conservatives. The reason there had been no reference to the sending of the contingent to South Africa was because the question had been disposed of last session. He said the Government could not continue to send men to South Africa for the reason that there was no appropriation. It had been laid down that the circumstances of 1899 were very exceptional, but the view was taken with regard to the constabulary and the same principle applied in regard to the third contingent that opportunity would be afforded to such young Canadians who desired to enlist for service, and this had been done. He thanked Mr. Borden for his kindly references to the departed. He referred in eloquent terms to the visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales, a visit which was calculated to be of lasting good. He then proceeded to twit Mr. Borden with taking a morbid view of the country's prosperity. He (Sir Wilfrid) admitted that he was extremely disappointed at the result of the census. But it was nothing like the disappointment they had experienced in the past. When the budget was brought down it would be found that there was no disappointment among the members of the Government. (Liberal applause). The Premier closed by saying that the Government had no great measures to introduce. It was the intention to have, if possible, a short session, and in doing this he believed that they were consulting the wishes of both sides of the House.

Mr. Monk caustically reviewed the lack of policy of the Government, referring to the obstinacy of the speech from the Throne. He demanded specific information on certain points with which the speech did not deal.

Mr. W. F. MacLean advocated the nationalization of railways and the payment by Canada of the expenses of the last contingent sent to South Africa.

Mr. Bourassa having given notice of his amendment, the House adjourned.

ENGINEER'S MISTAKE

Rochester, N.Y., Feb. 11.—This evening while a heavy steam crane was at work engaged in cleaning up the wreckage of a former accident, the Buffalo local appeared on the main line, and Michael Murphy, of this city, the engineer on the crane, becoming confused, swung the crane over the main track, ditching the local. Murphy was buried under the wreckage and suffered a compound fracture of the right arm, skull fractured and hands crushed. He will die. The engine of the Buffalo local was completely wrecked, and fireman Frank Parmenter, of Buffalo, received a bad shaking up, and it is said he is in a serious condition.

BARGAIN DAYS! FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

PORK, BEEF AND VEAL.

Filet	10c per lb	Beef from	3c per lb
Leaf Lard	10c per lb	Lamb	5c per lb
Spare ribs	10c per lb	Roasted lamb	12c per lb
Roast	10c per lb	Canadian lard, per bucket	\$2.50
Shoulder roast	9c per lb	Sugar-cured Ham	13c per lb
Small roast	8c per lb	Roasted Ham	13c per lb
Pork chops	10c per lb	Bacon	13c per lb
Minced meat	9c per lb	Cured Bacon	12c per lb
Sausage	10c per lb	Roll Ham	18c per lb
Corned beef	3c per lb	Pork in carcass	8c per lb
Head and feet	3c per lb	Salt Pork	10c per lb
Kidneys	5c per lb	Butter from	15c per lb

At the Terminus of the Electric Railway.

CHAMPLAIN MARKET.

A. DOMBROWSKI.

What, Going to Move!

Why, yes. For this place wants to be papered and painted, and the proprietor won't do it for me

Well why not call up 502,

or call and see Marchant Bros. in their new store in Y. M. C. A. Building, they will see the proprietor for you, and it will not cost you as much to remain as it will to move, for there is such Breakage. Carpets too small, and O! such bother.

No. 146, Y. M. C. A. Building.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

AGREEMENT WITH THE WHITE PASS RAILWAY - AGREEMENT WITH MARCONI - REDUCTIONS OF CABLE RATES.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—The Canadian Government have come to an agreement with the White Pass Railway Co., which means that the existing high rates on that road will be reduced by \$19 per ton on general merchandise. If the Company raise the rate on the American end, then Government has taken power to reduce or cancel them altogether on the Canadian end.

It is calculated that the arrangement with the Dominion Government and Marconi in regard to wireless telegraphy means a reduction of 60 per cent. on the present cable rates. Canada will also have the use of the system free for the protection of life and property on the great lakes.

CANADIAN REMOUNTS

London, Feb. 14.—Lord Rosbery, in the House of Lords yesterday, advertising to recent statements in the House of Commons with reference to alleged crookedness on the part of those entrusted with the purchase of remounts for the army in continental countries and elsewhere, said there were other parts of the world where they might have trusted themselves, trusted with the purchase of remounts. One place from which there are great complaints at the present moment was Canada, which claims that the horses are better than those of the United States.

THREE MEN DROWNED

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 11.—Three men, named Alex. Smith, Joe Couture, and John Ryan, were drowned near the north end of Texada Island last Sunday morning. According to news brought here by the steamer Cassiar, with two companions, named George Callahan and Edward Casey, they left Granite Bay on Saturday evening for Rock Bay, a distance of seven miles farther up. Half a mile from shore their boat was overturned in a squall. The men all managed to cling to the overturned craft but were carried away from shore. They hung on until Sunday morning at daylight, when Smith first and then Ryan and Couture became benumbed and let go their hold and were drowned. The other two still clung to the boat and finally drifted ashore. All the men were loggers.

FRAUDS ON MINERS

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 11.—The Canadian Government Assay Office here states that quantities of platinum ore are being bought up in the Klondike, according to its information, at \$1 an ounce, and being disposed of at \$15 and \$20 an ounce here. An organized gang appears to have been operating in this profitable field. Its members would visit claims where the clean ups were being made, and if they discovered platinum they would declare it was silver and offer from \$3 to \$4 an ounce for it. The assay officials do not tie themselves down to any exact statement regarding the size of the fraud, but outside reports estimate the amount involved at sums varying from hundreds to thousands of dollars.

ACUTE SOFT COAL FAMINE

Toronto, Feb. 14.—The man with soft coal to sell in this city tonight could almost name his own price. There is nobody with coal to sell, however. The stocks in hand will keep big concerns like the Street Railway, the Consumers' Gas Company and Massey's going for a few days only, and if the blockade in the coal region, which is shut in by an impenetrably heavy fall of snow is not broken, it will be a case of hard coal, wood or anything in sight. The situation is quite without precedent. There has been a soft coal famine all winter, as a result of the great increase of industrial activity and stocks have run dangerously low. Then supplies stopped altogether and dealers who have been over to Buffalo say that there is no hope of getting anything through for some time. The railways are taking themselves all the coal that is coming out from the mines. The Street Railway Company here is already burning some hard coal and the Gas Company, which, of course, must have bituminous coal at any cost, has begun to get Nova Scotia coal from Montreal. That costs a heap of money for haulage. In Peterboro, Belleville and other towns east of this city the famine is more acute and many factories will be crippled if the blockade lasts over next week.

REDUCTION SALE.

We have a nice assortment of jewelry, watches, novelties in sterling silver, &c., &c., which we will sell at low prices until the 15th instant. All our prices are reduced. You can examine these pretty goods, even without purchasing.

G. A. BOLDUC & CO.,
106 St. John street.

WILD KENTUCKIAN ON THE WARPATH

He Denounces Alleged American Flunkeyism in the

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

REFERS TO THE VISIT OF PRINCE HENRY OF PRUSSIA AND CORONATION OF KING EDWARD—HE IS BADLY SCORED BY A FELLOW MEMBER AND MADE TAKE BACK A PORTION OF HIS REMARKS.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The monotony of a private member's day in the House was relieved to-day by a very sensational speech by Mr. Wheeler, of Kentucky, in denunciation of what he denominated "flunkeyism" to foreign countries. He took the recent statement emanating from continental Capitals regarding the attitude of Great Britain during the Spanish war as a text for a wholesale attack upon the conduct of America's recent diplomacy. He severely scored Secretary Hay and declared that if Lord Pauncefote had sought, as was alleged, to circumvent as during the war of 1898, the sooner he was shipped across the seas the better. He also criticized the President for his reported intention to send his daughter to the coronation of King Edward, and protested against the official reception of Prince Henry.

There was a sequel to Mr. Wheeler's speech later in the day when Mr. Grosvenor secured the floor and replied at length to what the Kentuckian had said. As to Mr. Wheeler's denial of a statement regarding the visit of the Prince of Wales, in which Mr. Grosvenor declared that he personally could bear witness to the truth of his assertion for he himself had seen the Prince when he first set foot on American soil at Niagara. As to going and he had listened to the Prince, he said, with great interest. He disapproved Mr. Wheeler's remarks about the forthcoming visit of Prince Henry as a bitter attack upon the President of the United States, the House and Senate, and incidentally upon all with whom the Prince would come in contact. As to Lafayette's visit, he insisted that the Marquis was a royal commission, and that he said he did not care to commit himself unreservedly to the friendship of France, which country, he declared, was fighting her enemy on American soil and attempted to get into a fight with the United States before George Washington died. Just at the time when the Americans were to be put to the test as to whether they were gentlemen or not, he said, it was most unfortunate that this protest should come against the reception of Prince Henry. The speech of the gentleman from Kentucky would be exploited in Europe to-morrow on the eve of the Prince's departure as the message of Americans to their guests.

Mr. Wheeler interposed at this point to say that he should gladly welcome any gentleman from abroad—what he objected to was the official color to be given to the visit. Then as Mr. Grosvenor proceeded to read what he said criticizing the President for making a new precedent in connection with the coronation of King Edward, Mr. Wheeler interrupted to say that while he had not desired to bring the matter into the discussion, what he had deplored was the report that the President intended to send a member of his family to the coronation.

"Oh, if it is simply a matter of a young girl going to the coronation of a gentleman and lady," observed Mr. Grosvenor, "I will not murmur it." Continuing, Mr. Grosvenor asserted that within his personal knowledge he would say that in sending a deputization to the coronation of King Edward the present occupant of the White House should simply carry out the plans of the deceased President, who had already selected the head of the commission. If the constituents of the gentleman from Kentucky were polled he did not think that five per cent would condemn the President.

"So far as the young lady is concerned," he added, "I can tell the gentleman one thing. She would give him a great deal of trouble if she should get into a debate with him as to the propriety of her going." (Applause and cheers.) Mr. Wheeler's speech, wounding from it the term "Little Dutchman," which Mr. Wheeler had applied to Prince Henry and his remarks about his indifference to the road with the German people. Mr. Grosvenor commented upon his language, saying that while the gentleman might be indifferent to the road with the German people, it would be different late in the fall, "when pernicious weather," Mr. Grosvenor described at some length the visit of the Prince of Wales in 1890, his tour of the country, the honors showered upon him by President Buchanan, who, he said, rushed out of the White House and met him with extended arms as if he had been "the traditional prodigal son."

As to the visit of Prince Henry, he was a brother of the German Emperor. He was not a Dutchman, but a European navy, the same who had been sent to Manila to protect German interests, and when one of his ships got in the way Dewey had informed him that if his ship did not get out of the way in short order there would be trouble. "Then he took it away like a gentleman," remarked Mr. Grosvenor, amid laughter.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

THE SURPRISE OF THE DAY

The British-Japanese Defensive Agreement

WILL STOP MANCHURIAN GRAB

SHOULD ONE POWER GO TO WAR IN THE EAST THE OTHER WILL RESIST ANY COALITION AGAINST IT.

London, Feb. 14.—Following is the text of the Anglo-Japanese agreement concluded between Lord Lansdowne and Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister:

"The Governments of Great Britain and Japan, actuated solely by a desire to maintain the status quo and the general peace in the extreme East, and being, moreover, especially interested in maintaining the independence and territorial integrity of the Empire of China and the Empire of Korea, and in securing equal opportunities in those countries for the commerce and industry of all nations, hereby agree as follows:

"Article 1.—The high contracting parties, having mutually recognized the independence of China and Korea, declare themselves entirely uninfluenced by any aggressive tendencies in either country, having in view, however, their special interests, of which those of Great Britain relate principally to China, while Japan, in addition to the interests she possesses in China, is interested in a peculiar degree politically as well as commercially, in Korea. The high contracting parties recognize that it will be inadvisable for either of them to take such measures as may be inadvisable in order to safeguard those interests if threatened either by the aggressive action of any other power or disturbances arising in China or Korea, and necessitating the intervention of either of the high contracting parties for protecting the lives or property of its subjects.

"Article 2.—If either Great Britain or Japan, in defence of their respective interests as above described, should become involved in war with another power, the other high contracting party will maintain strict neutrality and use its efforts to prevent other powers from joining in hostilities against it.

"Article 3.—If in the above event any other power or powers should join in hostilities against that ally, the other high contracting party will come to its assistance and conduct the war in common and make peace in mutual agreement with it.

"Article 4.—The high contracting parties agree that neither of them will, without consulting the other, enter into separate arrangements with another power to the prejudice of the interests above described.

"Article 5.—Wherever in the opinion of either Great Britain or Japan the above-mentioned interests are in jeopardy, the two governments will communicate with one another fully and frankly.

"Article 6.—The present agreement shall come into effect immediately after the date of its signature, and shall remain in force for five years from that date. In case neither of the high contracting parties should have been notified, twelve months before the expiration of the said five years, of its intention of terminating it, it shall remain binding until the expiration of one year from the day on which either of the high contracting parties shall have denounced it, but if, when the date fixed for its expiration arrives, either ally is actually engaged in war the alliance shall, ipso facto, continue until peace is concluded."

On January 30, Lord Lansdowne forwarded the agreement to Sir Claude MacDonald, the British Minister at Tokio. In a long message he says the agreement is the outcome of the events of the past two years. He declares Japan and England believe that all nations should in China and the adjoining regions, as well as within the limits of the Chinese empire, be afforded equal opportunities for the development of their commerce and industry and that peace should not only be restored, but should for the future be maintained. From the frequent exchanges of views which have taken place between the two governments and from the discovery that their eastern policy was identical, it has resulted that each side has expressed a desire that their common policy find expression in an international compact of binding validity.

The dispatch, after paraphrasing the objects and purposes of the agreement, continues:

"His Majesty's government have been largely influenced in their decision to enter upon this important contract by the conviction that it contains no provision which can be regarded as an indication of aggressive or self-seeking tendencies in the regions to which it applies. It has been concluded purely as a measure of precaution, to be invoked, should occasion arise, in defence of important business interests. It in no way threatens the present position of legitimate interests of other powers. On the contrary, that part of it which renders either of the high contracting parties liable to be called upon by the other for assistance can operate only when one of the allies finds himself obliged to go to war in defence of interests which are common to both, when the circumstances in which he has taken this step are such as to establish that the quarrel has not been of his own seeking, and when, being engaged in his own defence, he shall find himself threatened, not by a single power, but by a hos-

F. SIMARD & CIE.

**OPENING
OF LADIES' WHITEWEAR**

IMPORTED & DOMESTIC

We are now displaying new and exclusive designs in fine

WHITEWEAR

For Spring and Summer.

Ladies' Night Gowns,

Corset Covers,

Ladies' Underskirts,

Drawers, Chemises,

Infants' Long and

Short Dresses,

Children's Dresses,

Elaborate Sets for Trousseau.

One Price Only. Telephone 2167.

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137 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch.

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HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK,

Is about establishing an Agency

in Quebec, and would solicit ap-

plicants for the position.

Address

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

No. 119 Broadway, N. Y.

CARD.

Electrician and Contractor

Estimates Given for Wiring

All orders promptly attended to at

shortest notice and satisfaction as-

sured.

TELEPHONE 353.

C. W. ROSS,

58 ST. MICHAEL STREET.

RUBBER GOODS

Fountain Syringes,

Hot Water Bags,

Automizers, Etc.

Nothing but the best Goods

See our window display

and our prices.

The Red Cross Pharmacy,

Cor. John and Palace Streets.

tile coalition. His Majesty's govern-

ment trusts that the agreement may

be found of mutual advantage to the

two countries; that it will make for

the preservation of peace, and that,

should peace unfortunately be broken,

it will have the effect of restricting

the area of hostilities."

Stop the Cough

and works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a

cold in one day. No cure, No Pay.

Price 25 cents.

A TORONTO ROBBERY

Toronto, Feb. 14.—Two armed lar-

gars walked into the store of Mrs. R.

Bernstein, 221 King street east, to-

night, and while one of them held a

revolver at the head of Mrs. Cran-

ston, a woman 80 years of age, and the

only occupant at the time, the other

robbed the till of \$50. Mrs. Cran-

ston's nephew was in the kitchen at the

time and the men got away before he

was able to raise the alarm.

Y-Z (wise head) has an advantage over

other soap powders inasmuch as it also acts

as a disinfectant.

Z. PAQUET'S

Departmental Stores

BUTTERICK

We sell the famous Butterick Patterns and take annual subscriptions to the following fashion publications, viz: "The Metropolitan," "Delineator," "Mirror des Modes" and "The Glass of Fashion."

The March issue of Butterick's Fashion

is now in. It is magnificent and

gives all about spring fashions.

An Eventful Week in

THE SHOE TRADE.

What never occurred and per-

haps will not for a long time.

We have just concluded with a

commission merchant the pur-

chase of

1200 Pairs Mixed Shoes

At 50 per cent discount

on wholesale prices.

The lot comprises all styles in

V. C. Kid, Dongola, Calf and Kid,

Tan and Black.

And all shapes, pointed, half

pointed, round and square.

For Men, Women and Children.

Do not forget that our SHOE

STORE occupies the whole second

floor of Store No. 1.

Even not buying, visitors are al-

ways welcome. The selection of

goods is by itself worth seeing. It is

surely the best opportunity for saving

much of your money.

No old fashioned goods. All new

footwear.

THE GREAT SALE

- TO COMMENCE -

Monday, February 17th.

To save overcrowding, it will take

place at different dates for ladies and

gentlemen.

For Gents Only

Monday and Tuesday,

17th and 18th February

Big choice in laced boots, calf, dong-

ola, tan and black. Sizes 6, 6½, 9

and 10, real value \$3.00 a pair.

Now only 98c

High tone shoes of the best manu-

<

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

Great Sale.

HIGH CLASS GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

Notice the Discounts.

Carpets, Oilcloths, Household Linens and Damasks, Sheetings, Blankets, Flannels, all Black Dress Goods and Plain-Colored Dress Goods, Hosiery. **15 per cent off**

For Spot Cash or C O D Only

Silks, Ribbons, Embroideries, Prints, Cloth and Tweeds, Laces, Trimmings, Gents' Furnishings. **20 per cent off**

For Spot Cash or C O D Only

Fancy Colored Dress Goods, Wrappers, Jackets and Mantles, Tea Gowns, Ladies' Waterproofs, Dresses, &c. **25 per cent off**

For Spot Cash or C O D Only

Trimmed Hats, and Bonnets, Caps, Felt Hats, and Children's Hoods. **40 P. C. Off.**

For Spot Cash or C O D Only

Closes the 15th February.

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

24 & 26 Fabrique St.

Loose Diamonds

We have received from Holland several small parcels of very fine Diamonds, the last lot to arrive is a most exceptional selection, every stone is a perfect gem, there is neither spot, speck nor blemish of any kind, the color is a clear white of wonderful brilliancy.

G. SEIFERT & SONS, Jewellers

16 FABRIQUE STREET.

Antique Silver.

Hall Marked Knife, Geo. II., 1738.
Hall Marked Tray, Geo. III., 1757
Hall Marked Tea Pot, Geo. IV., 1824
Two Mugs, Vic., 1852-1901

Also a quantity of Dutch Silver, Tea Pots, Boxes, Mustards, etc., etc.

G. SEIFERT & SONS, Jewellers

16 FABRIQUE STREET.

Quebec Pearls.

We have a choice collection of Quebec Fresh Water Pearls, set in rings and pins, and a number of extra fine unmounted specimens that will interest the connoisseur. Many of these pearls almost equal the Oriental in lustre and beauty.

G. SEIFERT & SONS,
Jewellers, 16 Fabrique Street.

The Quebec Chronicle

CHRONICLE TELEPHONE, No. 45

QUEBEC, FEBRUARY 15, 1902.

THE REAL AUTHORS OF THE FLURRY.

Our readers will not have forgotten the exciting times on the stock market in May last when the famous Northern Pacific deal was going on and the stock went up fabulously high, and was bid up to a thousand dollars per share; if they were at all disposed to do so, the almost daily references to it within the last month in the reports of the movements of specie, and of financial operations, generally, would be sufficient to recall the memory of that eventful period, and to show that its indirect influences were continuous and far-reaching. The general impression at the time, and ever since, has been that the excitement prevailing, and the large advance in stock values were due to the direct struggle between the Harriman interest on the one side, and the Hill interest on the other, to obtain control of the Northern Pacific property; but this impression, though a prevalent one, has been ascertained to be entirely erroneous, Mr. Harriman and Mr. Hill both testifying before the Commission that during the period of excitement they neither bought nor sold a single share of Northern Pacific stock, and in this statement they are borne out by the unanimous testimony of Wall street. The conclusion is obvious, and it is plain that all the excitement was caused by outsiders who wished to benefit by the purposes, real or supposed, of the insiders. The Railway and Engineering Review calls attention to this fact in an article which recently appeared on the subject in the following words: "The facts as developed showed that other parties, learning of the previous purchases by these two interests, assumed that they were contesting for the supremacy, and that as a natural consequence Northern Pacific stock would advance in price. Acting on this presumption, several parties bought quite largely of these securities, so that when delivery day came there was not enough to go round. The situation was intensified by the fact that much of the stock bought by the Harriman interest in a quiet way, and at normal prices, was held abroad, but owing to delay in transmission, and the consequent non-arrival of much of it in time to fill their contracts, those who had sold were obliged temporarily to obtain possession of local holdings in order to make their deliveries, and the result was the panic above referred to."

THE PROVINCIAL FINANCES.

The statement of the public accounts of the Province of Quebec for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, has been printed and published. It differs from all those previously issued in the omission of the usual synopsis which enables the general reader to obtain at little more than a cursory glance a very fair idea in the rough as to the state of affairs, and is therefore calculated, whether designedly or not, to block enquiry, for very few men will have the time or patience necessary to wade through close upon three hundred pages of dry statistics, and those who have not will have to place implicit credence in Hon. Mr. Duffy when he comes to make his budget speech, or in the Opposition critics who will endeavor to tear it in pieces without having much better grounds to go on than his own party proclivities. The Speech from the Throne was also very indefinite concerning this important matter, and beyond a vague announcement that the "balance in the Treasurer's hands," (for His Honor is very careful not to call it a "surplus") is larger than it was last year, no information was vouchsafed. Now, there is a considerable difference between the two things, as may be seen on considering the initial statement on page 2, which gives the total receipts as \$1,973,683.64, made up of the moneys actually received and "the balance on June 30, 1900, of \$160,415.05," and the total expenditure as \$1,885,709.88, including the payment of outstanding warrants on June 30, 1900, amounting to \$132,666.93, and also the outstanding warrants on June 30, 1901, of \$207,354.94. Deducting these latter, we arrive at a total expenditure of \$1,678,354, and a consequent balance carried down of \$295,328.70. In other words, there was in the Treasurer's hands on June 30, 1900, \$160,425, against which there was due, or coming due on the year's transactions, \$132,666, which had to be paid out of the year's receipts, and there was a balance in the Treasurer's hands on June 30, 1901, of \$295,327, with outstanding liabilities of \$207,354 which will have to be met out of the receipts of the present year. To call such a balance a surplus would be obviously a misnomer, unless a man may be allowed to include in his surplus the debts he has not paid. So far then as is apparent from the statement, the actual surplus claimed is \$87,973.76, as compared with an actual surplus of the previous year of \$27,758.12, which is a good showing on the face of it. How it may be altered when the financial details come to be more closely investigated yet remains to be seen.

THE WEDDING GIFT BORE.

London society and some of the London newspapers are raising an outcry against the abuse of the wedding present custom which lavishness and extravagance have made. They declare it an unbearable society tax. Wedding presents are now, they complain, compulsory. Everyone who receives an invitation to a wedding feels bound to respond with a gift and a gift of considerable value, costing far more than he can afford, or desires to spend. The donors take no pleasure in giving these costly presents nor do the recipients especially enjoy receiving them, knowing that the motive that prompted the liberality was purely snobbish and that they will be expected to reciprocate with gifts of at least equal value at the first opportunity.

This is not, as the Daily Mail thinks, "the advent of American and South African millionaires" in good English society, nor the "sordidness of the age," nor the "breaking down of the old social standards," nor any thing else recondite and remote. It is simply the abominably vulgar and ill-bred habit of publicly displaying wedding gifts with each donor's card attached to his exhibit. With the abolition of that custom the wedding present nuisance will be abolished. The whole matter lies in the hands of the socially prominent and influential parents of the brides of the near future. They have only to append to the cards they send out for the wedding a notice that the presents will not be displayed, and live up to their announcement, to reform the "unbearable social tax" out of existence.

When a daughter gets married and notifications of that important event are sent out broadcast as they usually are, Tom, Dick and Harry, who are "the merest acquaintances," don't waste their substance on riotous silverware and overwhelm the daughter therewith because they care a rap about her, but because they want their presents to advertise them creditably among the other presents, which they know will be exhibited and criticised, and gossiped over by everybody at the wedding, and if the daughter is anybody in particular, by everybody who reads the newspapers. If they knew that the presents would not be exhibited and that nobody but the daughter and her own people would ever know what they had sent, or whether they had sent anything, they would save their money and there would be a break in the "endless chain."

It would be exceptionally easy to brand this whole business of displaying wedding gifts and the indiscriminate and lavish wedding-giving that results from the display as bad form, because everybody knows in his heart, without any instruction from social magnates, that it is bad form. A girl's casual acquaintances, male and female, have no better right to give her costly presents and so establish a claim on her just before her marriage than at any other period of her girlhood. Nor is it any more proper at that time than at any other time that a girl should accept valuables from casual acquaintances. The ordinary rule governing such matters is held not to apply at this time merely because everybody knows that the girl doesn't figure in the matter at all except as a vehicle for the public display of the casual acquaintance's magnificence.

But the ordinary rule ought to apply at this time, and it would be instantly applied if it were not the custom to display the wedding presents. If the reformers would eradicate the root-vulgarity, all the other wedding-gift vulgarity that so irks them would die of itself.—Albany Times.

the tradition that a Hohenzollern was the guest of the House Gardner. The moral of this is that if you want to entertain princes in proper style you must import a palace from the Old World. Mrs. Gardner has the gift of foresight developed to a remarkable degree.—Baltimore Sun.

ARMS AND ATHLETICS.

France and Germany—the most glaring examples of "nations in arms"—are endeavouring to temper militarism by the introduction of the very athletics which Mr. Kipling would have us eschew. The Kaiser has performed no greater service to his country than to set his young men playing football instead of slashing one another's noses.—The Commonwealth.

A "PLEASANT ANNOUNCEMENT."

The Government press is just now making the "pleasant announcement" that the taxes collected through the Customs Houses of the Dominion last month makes the largest total in the history of the country. Here is the despatch:—

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—The largest Canada ever knew. This is the pleasant announcement the Customs Department has to make as it figures up its collections on the last day of each succeeding month. The Customs revenue for January amounts to \$2,489,156, a gain of almost half a million dollars over the record of the same month last year. In the seven months of the fiscal year which began with July last the duty collections have totalled \$18,303,878, an increase over the same period in 1901 of \$1,679,731.

Not only is the January total the largest, but there is the same story month after month. In the last fiscal year the Laurier Government collected through the Customs Houses alone (this does not include the inland revenue taxes) the vast sum of \$29,106,979. Seven months of this fiscal year show an increase of \$1,679,731, so that the total for the twelve months will probably exceed \$31,000,000, an increase of eleven millions or more than 50 per cent over the figures for 1896. Of this 35 per cent is represented by the increased prices which the people pay. The announcement is no doubt a pleasant one for those who have the spending of the money, and their ability to take advantage of the situation is shown in the fact that large as is the increase in the revenue, the increase in the expenditure is still greater. It is when the pendulum swings the other way, and the revenue gets back to normal figures that the people will see the folly of the orgy of spending that is being carried on.

When the Bowels are Constipated.

HEALTH CANNOT BE GOOD — DIGESTION AND OTHER BODILY FUNCTIONS CANNOT BE PROPERLY PERFORMED — DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

The character of food, sedentary habits, and neglecting the calls of nature may be set down as the usual causes of constipation. The accompanying derangements are indigestion, dyspepsia, stomach troubles, liver and kidney disease, and an endless amount of pain and suffering. Poisonous impurities, when left in the blood, are bound to find lodgment in some weak spot of the system, and the result is disease of the most deadly nature.

It is a serious matter to neglect constipation. You may do so for a time, only to find that your health has been undermined by bodily derangements of the most fatal kind. You should have a movement of the bowels every day. To accomplish this, avoid concentrated foods, use vegetables and fruits freely, and take one of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills before retiring, two or three times a week, or oftener, if required.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are not an ordinary cathartic. They have a specific and combined action on the kidneys and bowels, and consequently cure constipation, and the accompanying derangements thoroughly and well by removing the causes. For the information of those who are not yet familiar with the peculiar merits of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, we might add that they are purely vegetable in composition, pleasant and natural in action, and remarkably prompt and far-reaching in effect, even in the most serious and chronic cases of constipation, kidney and liver diseases.

Persons with weak kidneys are peculiarly susceptible to sudden changes of temperature, and for this reason need to be on a sharp lookout during the fall and winter seasons, lest the cold settle on these filtering organs and bring on Bright's disease of the kidneys, by far the most painful and fatal of diseases. Scores and hundreds of persons make a practice of keeping Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in the house, and take one when ever the symptoms of constipation and kidney derangement make themselves known. Scanty, high-colored urine, painful urination and pain in the back and limbs are the danger signals of kidney disease.

Whatever else you may neglect, do not overlook the importance of keeping the bowels, the kidneys and liver in healthful, vigorous action. There is no surer way of avoiding serious disease and prolonging life, and the evidence of the people of this country seems to prove conclusively that by far the most effective treatment in bringing about these results is the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box; at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

VICTORIA CROSS UNION MADE CIGAR.
Recently introduced but already popular. Price 5 Cents.

S. J. SHAW & CO., Wholesale and Retail **HARDWARE.**

Regal Toboggans
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New Books

Marjetta, a Maid of Venice, by J. Marion Crawford.
Cynthia's Way, by Mrs. Alfred Sidgwick.
March of the White Guards, by Gilbert Parker.
The Man I Loves, by J. S. Winter.
Shoes of Fortune, do do
Lazarre, by Mary H. Catherwood.
Farewell Nikola, by Guy Boothby.
Every Inch a King, by J. C. Sawyer.
Heart and Soul, by H. D. Skinner.
Circumstances, by S. Weir Mitchell.
Secret Orchard, by Agnes E. Castle.
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Winter Sports ! Winter Sports

Get Ready in Time for a Pleasant Week of Sport

SEE OUR...
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Great Clearance Sale

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TO MAKE ROOM FOR

Spring Goods

This Sale is in accordance with our usual custom at this season, when we offer all kinds of goods at greatly reduced prices.

COLORED DRESS GOODS

HALF PRICE.

BLACK DRESS SKIRTS

Regular \$4.60. Sale Price \$2.93.
Regular \$4.90. Sale Price \$3.15.

ALL Sales

STRICTLY CASH.

DRESS SKIRTS. Black and Navy Serge Dress Skirts, good material and well made in all the sizes, former price, \$4.60, sale price \$2.98. Another lot that were \$4.90 now offered at \$3.15.

COLORED DRESS GOODS. All our Colored Winter Dress Stuffs reduced to Half Price, 24c. now 12c., 35c. now 18c., 45c. now 23c., 68c. now 34c., 88c. now 44c.

Sheetings, Linens, Towels, Quilts,

At 20 Per Cent Reduction.

HUCK TOWELS, all linen, good size, 13c. now 10 1/2c., 15c. now 12c., 19c. now 15c., 23c. now 19c.

TURKISH TOWELS, white with colored borders, 8c. now 6 1/2c., 12c. now 10c., 16c. now 12c., 20c. now 16c., 24c. now 19c., 35c. now 28c.

TABLE NAPRINS, all pure linen, 9c. now 7 1/2c., 11c. now 9c., 13c. now 10 1/2c., 15c. now 12c., 18c. now 15c., 20c. now 16c., 24c. now 19c.

ELANNELETTE, good quality, striped, 9c. now 7 1/2c., 11c. now 9c., 13c. now 10 1/2c., 15c. now 12c.

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FIRE SETS and FENDERS

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HEAVY and GENERAL HARDWARE, AND SPORTING GOODS,

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Visitors to Quebec are invited to call and inspect the largest and complete stock of **FUR GARMENTS and FURS** of every description which we are now showing.

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THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

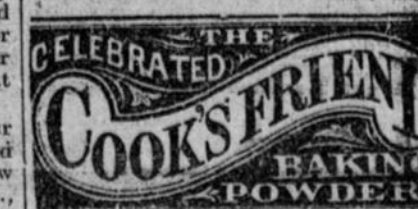
EPSS'S COCOA.

Prepared from the finest selected Cocoa, and distinguished everywhere for its purity of flavor, superior quality, and highly nutritive properties sold in quarter-pound tins, labeled **JAMES EPSS & Co.,** Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

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NO ALUM

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AND TAKE NO OTHER.

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HARRIS TWEED

STYLISH SCOTCH HOME-SPUN SUITING.

Lafrance & Mullin.

Properties for Sale

Several properties in different wards of the city. Labrecque & Belanger, Notaries, 18 Bunde street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. — WHITE brick three story building, No. 13 Hamel street, occupied by L. P. Chaboult, Esquire, advocate. Possession on 1st May. Dr. A. C. Hamel, 21 St. Ursule street. Labrecque & Belanger, Notaries, 18 Bunde street.

FOR SALE. — 1. A white brick building, No. 146 St. Augustin street. Rent \$350. 2. A stone and brick building, No. 146 St. Augustin street and 6 St. Amable street. Two tenements. Rent \$492. 3. A white brick building, No. 6 St. Amable and 53 Conroy street. Two tenements and one store. Rent \$300. Apply to Labrecque & Belanger, Notaries, 18 Bunde street.

LOST. — ON FRIDAY, 7TH INSTANT, between Savard Park and Ann street, an old Indian Sash. Reward of \$10 to finder. Apply at Chronicle office.

WANTED.

WANTED. — LADIES AND GENTLEMEN enjoy evenings at home by making twelve dollars per week. Send your address and two cent stamp to Box 265, London, Ont. to the agent.

WANTED. — TRUSTWORTHY PERSON in each county to manage business, old established house, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary of \$18, paid by check direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 339 Caxton Building, Chicago.

TO LET. — LARGE WELL-FURNISHED rooms, lately occupied by Dr. Eug. Fiset. Terms moderate. Apply at 113 St. Ann street.

TO LET. — DWELLING HOUSE NO. 579 St. John street, with garden; hot water heating. Apply to C. P. Champagne, 66 St. Peter street.

TO LET. — 130 GRANDE ALLEE, AT present in the occupation of Hon. Jules Tessier. Apply on the premises between 2 and 4 o'clock, or to A. J. Chauveau, N.P., 116 Mountain Hill.

BUSINESS STAND TO LET. — ONE of the best business stands, No. 91 St. Joseph street, with dwelling house above the store. Both the store and dwelling are in very good order. For information address J. U. Gregory, Marine Office.

TO LET. — FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 50 St. Louis street from 1st May next. Newly decorated, etc. Hot house attached. Furnace, electric light and all modern conveniences. Apply W. D. Baillarge, 26 Louis street, or City Hall.

TO LET. — NO. 557 ST. JOHN ST., at present occupied by Mr. G. P. P. P. The proprietor will put in a hot water furnace 1st May. For further particulars apply to D. J. A. Scott, 566 St. Valier street, or 3 St. Louis street. Telephone No. 2044.

TO LET. — FROM 1st MAY NEXT, modern dwelling house, 130 St. Augustin street, facing Parliament Buildings, at present occupied by Mr. D. Chamberland, Manager Bank British North America. Apply to Ed. Valliere, office P. Valliere, Quebec.

TO LET. — THE LOWER PORTION of the new house, corner of St. John and d'Aiguillon streets, (Mount Pleasant). Will be altered to form a dwelling, according to plans which may be sent at the office of the undersigned. Hot water heating, electric light, bath, etc. Staveley & Staveley, architects, 92 St. Peter street.

TO LET. — BUSINESS MEN. — THAT fine corner store in the Young Men's Christian Association block. Advantages for a business. First building outside St. John's Gate, opposite Montcalm Market, at junction of Upper and Lower Town street railway. This store was occupied for over 18 years by the late P. F. Blinnet. For terms apply to H. H. Instin, Y.M.C.A.

TO LET. — NO. 17 STE. GENEVIEVE street, Cape, nearly opposite the Governor's Garden. Cut stone, three story house, now being built and approaching completion. Ready for occupation beginning of April. Ten bed-rooms, two bath-rooms, extension kitchen, billiard-room, and all modern improvements. Can be inspected at any time. Apply to E. J. Puggan, St. Louis Hotel, or J. B. Parin, Notary, St. Louis street.

BUSINESS NOTICES. — DIVORCES LEGALLY AND SPEEDILY obtained. References banks and leading Quebec attorneys. Western Law Association, P. O. Box 76, Omaha, Neb.

YOUNG WIDOW OWNING HER OWN home and independent income, would assist husband in business. World marry soon. Cora K. R. Box 83, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS. — WE HAVE WHAT YOU want, self-lighting pocket lamp size of lead pencil, burns perfectly, rapid seller. Seeing is believing. Sample free to agents. Send stamp. Fountain Pocket Lamp Co., 127 Duane street, New York.

Let the sluggish attend a picnic and the ant will surely come to him.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. — SEVERAL FIRST CLASS dwelling houses, in central part of city; healthy locality. Address B. Chronicle office.

HOUSE FOR SALE. — THAT VERY desirable house, No. 40 St. Ursule street, containing nine rooms, and bath; heated with hot water, and electric lights throughout. For particulars apply at No. 40 St. Ursule street, from 3 to 5 p.m.

FOR SALE. — TWO EXCELLENT building lots at Lake Beauport, about one acre square each. For further particulars, apply to Jos. Bignouette, 246 St. Helene street, Quebec.

FOR SALE. — WHITE BRICK COTTAGE and stables, 3 acres of land, for many years the residence of the Hon. J. H. Tarte; half a mile from St. Louis toll gate, facing Spencer Wood. Immediate possession. LaRue & LaRue, N.P., 28 Anne street.

FOR SALE. — PROPERTY NOS. 103, 107, 109 Bayard street, corner Bayard and Bagot streets. Property Nos. 120, 122 Franklin street, corner Franklin and Durochers streets, Quebec Loan Co., 75 St. Peter street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. — FROM 1st May next. Modern dwelling, No. 2 Laporte street, Cape, facing Governor's Garden, at present occupied by Mr. T. H. R. Gardiner. Apply to Albert H. Peters, office of Simon Peters, Quebec.

OR SALE. — THAT SPLENDID property situated on the north side of Ste. Foye Road, near Maple Avenue and west of the Finlay Asylum, and formerly occupied by the late R. H. Smith, ex-President of the Quebec Bank. The house which contains 22 rooms, is fitted up with the most modern improvements. Size of grounds: 193x129 feet. For particulars apply to Nap. G. Kirouac, 119 St. Peter street, or to J. E. Boily, N.P., 40 St. Joseph street, St. Roch's.

ABBE GINGRAS' PROPERTY FOR Sale or To Let. — A magnificent property, already advantageously known situated at Chateau Richer, sixteen miles from Quebec, extensive orchard; meadow; a fine chalet forming two furnished dwellings, supplied with water. Moreover two other houses, likewise furnished and provided with water. Groves of birch, elm, maple, ash and spruce trees, besides over a hundred young pine-trees. Wild and picturesque ravines. A lovely stream and cascades, forming the northern boundary of the property. Two artificial lakes stocked with thousands of trout. One of the most beautiful locations on the banks of the St. Lawrence. Three minutes' walk from the railway station; one mile from the church. The main road leading thereto is macadamized. Electric cars nearly at every hour of the day. Apply to LaRue & LaRue, Notaries public, Quebec, or to Abbe A. Gingras, General Hospital, Quebec.

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Combination of Silk, Wool and Cotton Dress Goods Dyed in a superior manner French or Dry Cleaning a Specialty.

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Dr. J. Collis Browne's CHLORODYNE

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Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a medicine of the highest quality, and is the only one of its kind. It is a powerful laxative, and is used in the treatment of constipation, indigestion, and other ailments. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and is recommended by the highest authorities. It is a medicine of the highest quality, and is the only one of its kind. It is a powerful laxative, and is used in the treatment of constipation, indigestion, and other ailments. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and is recommended by the highest authorities. It is a medicine of the highest quality, and is the only one of its kind. It is a powerful laxative, and is used in the treatment of constipation, indigestion, and other ailments. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and is recommended by the highest authorities.

Sporting News.

HOCKEY.

A GREAT NORTHERN WIN. — The Great Northern hockey team again defeated the C. P. R. septette last evening in the Quebec rink. The winners had a comparatively easy time and won out by a score of 6 to 3, winning 4 to 0 in the first half. The teams were as follows: Great Northern. C. P. R. Henderson, Quinn, Shee, Lewis, Picher, Reynolds, Moran, McNamara, Dequise, Cathcart, Delaney, Phillips.

Mr. Frank Stocking made a most efficient referee.

THE MATCH TO-NIGHT. — The match to-night between Crescent and Sherbrooke, for the Intermediate Championship of the Eastern Series, promises to be a very interesting one. The Crescents are in splendid form and expect to win, although they realize that they will have a hard fight. The regular team will play. The plan opens this morning at 9 o'clock. It is hoped there will be a large attendance.

QUEBEC VS. OTTAWA.

Much interest attaches to the match in Ottawa to-night between Quebec and the Capitalists. The locals left yesterday at noon in charge of Mr. Gerard Power. The exact team is not certain as yet, but will be chosen from the following nine men who have gone to the Capital: Moran, C. Scott, Hod Stuart, Holliday, Montgomerie, Hogan, Copeman, Lemessurier and Benson.

Mr. Frank Bickerdike, of Montreal, will referee the battle.

LAVAL VS. THREE RIVERS.

Laval University team leaves for Three Rivers this afternoon to play the Intermediate team of that city. The Collegian's team will be: Goal, Boivin; point, Charlebois; cover-point, Evans; forwards, Leclair, St. Jacques, Gauvin and Bisset.

THE RING.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14. — Joe Walcott stopped Jimmy Handler, of Newark, in the second round of what was to have been a six round bout at the Industrial Club to-night. There never was a stage of the game when the Newark boy had a chance. Walcott simply contented himself by using his left, and landed it almost at will. In the first round Walcott sent Handler to the floor with a left on the jaw. Handler took the count, and went to a clinch. They were hugging when the gong sounded. In the second round Walcott dropped Handler twice, the latter coming back each time. Walcott finally dropped him for good with a left on the jaw.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 14. — Harry L. Lowry, of Brooklyn, in their twenty round bout. Lowry showed wonderful recuperative qualities, and although practically out three times during the contest, he was comparatively strong at the finish.

GREATEST LIVING ENGLISH WOMAN NOVELIST.

In an old fashioned house at 61 Russell square, London, lives Mrs. Humphry Ward, the novelist. The rooms of her home are large, with massive mirrors in heavy gilded frames, heavy portieres and heavy cornices. Everything about it is heavy except the atmosphere, which, especially on Mrs. Ward's reception days, is bright and brilliant from the sparks of cleverness and wit of the literary coterie there assembled.

Mrs. Ward was born in Tasmania, though forty-five years of her half-century have been spent in England. She is the granddaughter of the famous Dr. Arnold of Rugby, the niece of Matthew Arnold, and the wife of Humphry Ward, the famous art critic of the London Times.

Mrs. Ward is of medium height and rather slender. Her brown eyes have a keen, searching expression, which is softened by the half smile that always plays about her mouth. In 1888 "Robert Elsmere" ran its successful, meteoric career. It was a surprise to her and a few close friends whose advice not to print it she disregarded. She anticipated no great prosperity for it, but hoped it might possibly win some note of appreciation from an occasional, discerning critic. Its sweeping sensation was something for which she was unprepared. Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

A traveller getting outside of St. Petersburg, discovered when he tried to re-enter the city, that he had left his passport in the bedroom of his hotel. The guards refused to let him pass; refused to send for the passport. "According to you," said he, "the only thing for me to do is to throw myself in the Neva!" "No!" said the sentry, "suicide in Russia is strictly against the law."

The Old Plan With Its Difficulty and Expense A Thing of The Past.

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns Are Popular in All Homes.

The expense of buying suitable material and of stamping outlines of a pattern for a mat or rug is a thing of the past, now that the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns can be procured at such low prices. Another advantage in using the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns is that the pattern or design is brought out in lovely and harmonized colors, ready for working. One or more of these elegant patterns should be in every home. When worked up, they look as rich as expensive imported goods, and they wear much longer. Upon receipt of a Postal Card with your address, The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P. Q., will send you free of cost all the newest designs.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

REDUCES EXPENSE

Two washings with Sunlight Soap entail less cost for the same result than one washing with impure soap. Ask for the Octagon Bar.

Marine News.

OCEAN SAILINGS. — The following list of transatlantic sailing is prepared by F. S. Stocking, Passenger Agent, 22 St. Louis street:

Steamer	Line	From
Feb 15 Campanella	Cunard Line	New York
15 Hohenzollern	North German	do
15 Minneapolis	At Transport	do
15 Saxonia	Cunard Line	Boston
17 Couronne	Alban Line	Halifax
18 K. W. der Groene	North German	New York
19 Germania	White Star	do
19 St. Paul	America's Line	do
19 Havardford	Red Star	do
20 La Touraine	French Line	do
21 Mauritania	Cunard Line	do
22 Biscaya	Holland Am.	do
22 K. M. Theresa	North German	do
22 Maiton	At Transport	do
22 Aetolia	White Star	do
22 Vancouver	Dominion	Portland
22 Prelopan	Alban Line	Halifax
23 Tonic	White Star	New York
23 St. Louis	America's Line	do
23 Prelopan	Red Star	do
23 La Bretagne	French Line	do
23 Standen	Holland Am.	do

OCEAN ARRIVALS.

February 14. — SS Germanic, at New York from Liverpool. SS Mongolian, at New York from Glasgow. SS Cassell, at New York from Bremen. SS Anchoria, at Glasgow from New York. SS Westernland, at Liverpool from Philadelphia. SS Bohemian, at Liverpool from New York. SS Dominion, at Liverpool from Portland. SS Sardegna, at Genoa from New York. SS L'Aquitaine, at Havre from New York.

ALLAN LINE.

The ss Mongolian, from Glasgow, arrived at New York at 8 a.m. on Friday. The R.M.S. Tunisian sailed from Liverpool for Halifax and St. John at 1 p.m. on Friday, having been delayed by fog. She has on board 38 cabin, 72 intermediate and 360 steerage passengers.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The ss Madiana arrived at San Juan Porto Rico, from Bermuda, at 3 p.m. last Thursday. The ss Caribbe sailed from New York for the West Indies at 3 p.m. yesterday.

The ss Korona sailed from St. Croix W.I. for New York at 3 p.m. yesterday.

STEAMERS CHARTERED.

Steamship St. Irene, 2471 tons, has been chartered to load Canadian hay for South Africa. Two steamers are now loading hay at St. John, N.B., and four others are due this week to take loads of the same material.

FRUIT STEAMER.

The first fruit steamer announced to come to the St. Lawrence after the opening of navigation is the Thomson liner Fremona, which will load at Messina and Sorrento, leaving for the St. Lawrence between March 15 and 20.

CHURCH SERVICES.

CATHEDRAL OF THE HOLY TRINITY. — Sunday, 16th of February. — Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Morning Prayer and Litany at 11 a.m. Children's Service at 3.30 p.m. Evening Prayer at 7 p.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH, McMAHON street. Public worship to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. Donald Grant, B.A., Pastor. Strangers cordially welcomed.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH. — PUBLIC worship to-morrow at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7 o'clock p.m. The Rev. A. T. Love, the pastor, will preach at both services. Strangers welcome.

CHALMERS' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN). — Public Worship in Chalmers' Church to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. H. H. Macpherson M.A. will preach in the morning, and Rev. D. Tait, B.A., in the evening. Strangers welcome.

TRINITY CHURCH, ST. STANISLAS street, below St. John. — Rev. E. J. Etherington, B.A., Rector. Services to-morrow will be as follows: Morning Prayer at 11 o'clock; Sunday School at 3 p.m.; Evening Prayer at 7 o'clock. Seats all free. Strangers welcome.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH, McMAHON street. — Rev. Jos. Henning, C.S.S.R., Rector. High Mass at 10.30 a.m. Vespers at 7.30 p.m.

DIAMOND HARBOR CHURCH, Champlain street. — Rev. J. McCarthy, C.S.S.R. Services on Sunday at 7 and 8 a.m. Vespers at 3 p.m.

FRENCH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, St. John street. — Rev. P. Boudreau, Pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Strangers welcome.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, ST. VALIER street, St. Roch's. — Services at 10.30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. A. J. Balfour, M.A., Rector. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST CHURCH — DAUPHINE street, St. Stanislas street. Services to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Pastor, Rev. W. H. Sparling, B.A., will preach morning and evening. Strangers welcome.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, ST. John Street (without). — Holy Communion, 7.30 a.m.; Matins, Holy Communion and Sermon, 10.30 a.m.; Catechizing, 4 p.m.; Evensong, and Sermon, 7 p.m.

Correspondence.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

River du Loup, Feb. 12, 1902.

To the Editor of the Chronicle: — Sir, — Much has been said and done in regard to the encouragement of rifle shooting, but what I find strange is the neglect or blindness to encourage the most important branch, that is the volunteer force. This force puts in twelve days drill every year, as to the drill, there is a little too much time given to it, and not enough to rifle practice. I noticed last year that a regular musketry instructor from the Citadel, who was well up in his business, kept a score sheet of all the shooting done at camp by the different battalions and companies. I would like to know what becomes of these score sheets and why are they not published in the newspapers in an abbreviated way in order to show us what battalion and company contain the best marksmen. The Militia Department has promised to all those who led their battalion or company in shooting, but so far I have not heard a word about it. What encouragement or satisfaction have we in drilling and shooting if these important things are neglected? Surely the Department might at least let us see our scores in order to compare them with other battalions and companies with whom we have been camping.

MARKSMAN.

Quebec, February 14th 1902.

To the Editor of the Chronicle:

Sir, — This morning Citizen and others advocate that a new civic hospital should be constructed, and the taxpayers put to a large expense. I think most of the ratepayers will object to this when they reflect that the city out to be adequately supplied with hospitals as it is.

The Hotel Dieu has apparently no infectious ward, although some time since (on the building of the present building), it was announced that there was one. Jeffery Hale has a separate building, and ought to be able to accommodate a considerable number.

But the building that should be able to attend to that class of disease, i.e., the Marine Hospital, appears to have been handed over bodily to a religious order for their own special benefit.

When the building was handed over to the Nuns by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, his excuse to the Protestants of this city for ignoring any rights that they might have in it as a public property, was that the Nuns would look after such disease.

In the present state of affairs, would it not be good for our representatives in Parliament to make an enquiry as to on what terms it was actually handed over?

A civic hospital constructed would mean a large sum of money, and five years hence, if any other epidemic occurred, it would be found that the building had been neglected and put to other uses, and was practically useless. It has been the tale of every city in Canada, and there is no reason to think that Quebec could do any better.

The present hospitals have been built and endowed by public money and private subscriptions, which were solicited for the very purposes now in view. Let them do their duty.

ANOTHER CITIZEN.

GAS TO BURN. — AND GAS TO DRINK.

When natural gas is mentioned in this country it is generally understood to mean such as is found and used for heating and manufacturing purposes in our coal and petroleum regions.

In Europe, however, the only natural gases known are the sulphuric gas about the regions of Vesuvius and Aetna, and the carbonic acid gas in the extinct volcanic region along the German Rhine.

In order to become acquainted with these various gases one has to visit the districts in which they abound, except in the case of the natural carbonic acid gas which millions all over the globe are now acquainted, because of the wide distribution of Apollinaris water, bottled at the Apollinaris spring, which is very rich in its own natural carbonic acid gas. Scientists say that this natural gas, besides rendering the Apollinaris refreshing, preserves its purity. Germany is proud of its natural gas and its text-books on watering places and springs make much of its valuable region in the vicinity of the Rhine.

Literary Notes.

Mrs. Strong, stepdaughter of Robert Louis Stevenson, will contribute to the March Century a descriptive paper of a curious character, entitled "In Samoa with Stevenson," setting forth the picturesque and romantic features of the native life. Speaking of the flexibility of the language, Mrs. Strong says that the little word "ta" means: "I, we too, to beat with a stick, to play on a musical instrument, to reprove, to tattoo, to open a vein, to beat a cannon, to wash clothing by beating, and to turn a somersault."

After a girl has been a bride for about two weeks she begins to lay plans for steering some other poor girl up against a similar fate.

CURE YOURSELF

See Big 4 for treatment of various diseases, including rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. Sold by Druggists. Price 10c per bottle. 25c per box.

For Sale or to Let

House and Outbuildings, No. 53 Valer street, this is a very fine property containing 12 building lots. Also farm of over 100 acres on Little River Road, half mile from toll gate under best of cultivation. Apply "L. S. Chronicle Office."

Jan 15/02

Societe de Prets et Placements DE QUEBEC.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of this institution, for the reception of reports, election of Directors and other business, will be held at the Society's offices on MONDAY, the 15th February instant, at 3 o'clock P.M.

By order, E. LACROIX, President.

ROBT. LAROCHE, Secy-Treas.

P.S. — Shareholders who have obtained loans on their stock are not entitled to vote. Proxies to vote, to be valid, must be deposited with the Secy. at least five days previous to that of the meeting.

15th Feb. 1902.

CHOICE FLOWERS.

PLANTS

Boston Ferns, Cinerarias, Hyacinths, Frucias.

CUT FLOWERS

Roses, Carnations, Tulips and Violets

SILLERY NURSERIES.

Orders received at Chronicle Office

BOOK BINDING, ETC.

GEO. W. STATON

Would respectfully inform his friends and the general public that he has opened a place of business at 67 Saint Paul Street corner St. James Street, where all work in the line of Blank Books, Paper Ruling, Book Binding, etc., will be carried on, and would solicit a share of the patronage of the mercantile community for whom he has catered for many years in connection with the firm of Dawson & Co., and more recently of T. J. Moore & Co. All orders will receive prompt and careful attention and satisfaction guaranteed.

Feb 8/02

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A SIMPLE REMEDY FOR PREVENTING AND CURING BY NATURAL MEANS

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, Constipation, Thirst, Skin Eruptions, Boils, Feverish Cold, Influenza, Throat Affections and Fevers of all kinds.

ITS EFFECT IS SIMPLY MARVELLOUS. It is, in fact, NATURE'S OWN REMEDY, and an UNDISPUTED ONE.

Prepared only by J.C. ENO, Ltd., at the 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND, by J.C. ENO'S Patent.

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Antiseptic, Emollient, Refreshing.

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TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Palace Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

At the earnest solicitation of many of your number I have permitted my name to go before you as a candidate for election as Alderman for seat No. 3, Palace Ward; I therefore have the honor of soliciting your votes and influence.

First and foremost I am an admirer of the business-like and progressive administration of Mayor Parent, and if elected I will support that administration, believing that the best interests of the city in general depend on the continuance of the policy so energetically carried out by the present Chief Magistrate.

My policy, if elected will be, first, last and all the time, the best interests of the city of Quebec.

Trusting that I will be supported by the majority of the voters of Palace Ward on election day, Monday, the 17th instant, I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant,

A. E. PFEIFFER.



CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE.

Quebec, 10th February, 1902.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in conformity with the provisions of the Act 51-52 Vic., ch. 78, and its amendments, the Nomination of Candidates for Seats 1, 2 and 3 of Aldermen for the several Wards of the City of Quebec, took place this day, the TENTH day of FEBRUARY, one thousand nine hundred and two, at the City Clerk's Office, in the City Hall, between the hours of NOON and FOUR o'clock in the afternoon, and that the undermentioned persons were named and designated as Candidates in requisitions in writing, signed by six or more electors duly qualified, and deposited in the said City Clerk's Office, on the day and under the conditions within the hours above mentioned, namely:

FOR THE OFFICE OF ALDERMEN FOR SEAT NO. 1.

St. Lewis Ward—Bernard Leonard, painter.

Palace Ward—George Tanguay, merchant, and Antoine Aime Lantier, dentist.

St. Peter Ward—George Madden, coal merchant.

Champlain Ward—Martin Foley, merchant tailor.

St. John Ward—Pierre Joseph Cote, merchant, Honore Dorion, mason.

Montcalm Ward—Pierre Cote, grocer, and F. B. Flouin, trader.

St. Roch Ward—J. A. Belanger, stone cutter.

Jacques Cartier Ward—Nazaire Fortier, tanner.

St. Sauveur Ward—Israel Montreuil, snr., merchant, and Olivier Plamondon, baker.

St. Valier Ward—Telephore Verret, butcher, Jean Drolet, snr., butcher.

FOR THE OFFICE OF ALDERMEN FOR SEAT NO. 2.

St. Lewis Ward—A. H. Hall, veterinary surgeon, and Alexander Cummings, contractor.

Palace Ward—H. Edmond Casgrain, dentist.

St. Peter Ward—Pierre L. Turgeon, merchant.

Champlain Ward—John T. Byrne, stevedore, and Patrick Dinan, stevedore.

St. John Ward—Henri D. Barry, manufacturer.

Montcalm Ward—Noel Rancour, ice merchant.

St. Roch Ward—Joseph Gauthier, painter.

Jacques Cartier Ward—Jean-Bte. Morissette, agent.

St. Sauveur Ward—Louis Cantin, grocer.

St. Valier Ward—Siméon Nap. Parent, advocate.

FOR THE OFFICE OF ALDERMEN FOR SEAT NO. 3.

St. Lewis—Edmond Taschereau, notary.

Palace Ward—Alexander James Meserve, accountant, and Adolphe E. Pfeiffer, manager.

St. Peter Ward—Charles Pettigrew, merchant.

Champlain—Edward Reynolds, conductor, and Daniel Griffin, stevedore.

St. John Ward—Elzéar Vincent, bookseller and printer.

Montcalm Ward—Patrick Hogan, dealer, and John E. Walsh, bookseller.

St. Roch Ward—Napoleon Drouin, merchant.

Jacques Cartier Ward—Charles E. Roy, merchant, and Jean Elie Martineau, merchant.

St. Sauveur Ward—Frs. X. Jobin, trader.

St. Valier Ward—Ulderic Cantin, manufacturer.

There being but one Candidate for the office of Aldermen for seat No. 1,

THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE

REPLY TO THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE ADOPTED AFTER A NUMBER OF SPEECHES—MR. FLYNN ON THE GOVERNMENT POLICY.

Legislative Assembly, Quebec, February 14, 1902.

The afternoon session was taken up until six o'clock with the consideration of the Speech from the Throne. The address in reply was proposed by Mr. C. Blouin, M.P.P. for Lévis, seconded by Mr. Walker, M.P.P. for Huntingdon. Hon. Mr. Flynn replied in a lengthy speech and was followed by Hon. Mr. Parent, the House adjourning at six o'clock and adjournment until Monday afternoon.

In the Legislative Council the address was moved by Hon. N. Gauthier, seconded by Hon. R. Turner. Hon. Mr. Chapais replied, and was followed by Hon. Mr. Archambault. After the adoption of the address the Upper House adjourned until the 25th inst.

The following petitions were presented at the opening of the House this afternoon:—

By Mr. Robitaille—To amend the charter of the city of Quebec, so as to have power to borrow a sum not exceeding \$50,000 for water works and drainage in the city.

By Mr. Robitaille—Petition of Messrs. Archange Racine, Andre E. Vallard, Jean Elie Martineau and F. X. Drolet, all of Quebec, requesting to be incorporated under the name of "La Compagnie de Pulpe Metalechouan."

By Mr. Robitaille—Petition of Rev. John Forbes and others to be incorporated under the name of "Les Freres Blancs d'Afrique."

By Mr. Lacombe—Petition of Medard Paquette, Horace Normandin, E. Laflamme and others, all brokers, of Montreal, asking to be incorporated under the name of "L'Association de Bienfaisance des Boulangers de la Cité de Montreal."

By Mr. Hutchison—Petition of Percy Clare Duboyce, notarial student, Montreal, to introduce a bill to be admitted to practice the notarial profession after examination.

By Dr. Pelletier—Petition of Herbert Alexander McCrea, of Hemmingford, praying for an Act to authorize him to practice the profession of surgeon-dentist in this Province.

By Dr. Pelletier—Petition of the Corporation of Compton Ladies' College, asking for amendments to their charter. The petitioners pray that they be allowed to change the name from Compton Ladies' College and that the constitution of the governing body be altered and that they should have a certain capital established under their charter.

By Mr. Hutchinson—Petition of The Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Company to amend Act 45 Vic., chap. 64, relating to their company, so as to give it full power to hold and possess real estate for the purposes of its business and for rental and to correct certain errors in the wording of said Act.

By Mr. Tellier—Petition of Mgr. Bruchesi and Roman Catholics of the parish of St. Charles Borromeo, in the Diocese of Montreal, praying for incorporation as a fabrique and for power to elect church wardens in said parish.

By Mr. Blouin—Petition of the Mayor and Council of Lévis, praying for amendments to their charter.

By Mr. Tellier—Petition of the Corporation of the Town of Joliette to amend their charter.

By Mr. Lacombe—Petition of the Corporation of Bailiffs for the District of Montreal, praying for leave to amend their charter.

By Mr. Lacombe—Petition of Hon. D. Rolland and others to be incorporated under the name of "La Société d'Administration Generale."

By Mr. Taschereau—Petition of Georges Cloutier and others, of St. George, Beauce, to be incorporated under the name of "La Cie Electrique de Beauce, Limitee."

By Mr. Lacombe—Petition of the Montreal Zoological Gardens and others for leave to pass a bill amending the charter of the city of Montreal.

By Mr. Major—Petition of the Cure and Church Wardens of the parish of La Nativité de Marie de Labelle, praying for an Act for the civil erection of said parish.

By Mr. Lacombe—Petition of La Compagnie de Papier Rolland, praying for leave to change the qualification of the directors of said company.

By Mr. Chevrin—Petition of Alphonse Charlebois and others, of La Prairie, praying for an Act authorizing them to immediately divide in equal shares between the universal legatees the proceeds of the sale of immovables of the estate of the late Alfred Charlebois.

Mr. Blouin, on rising to propose the address, received a hearty reception from his friends. He began by thanking the Government, on behalf of the County of Lévis, for the honor conferred upon him in inviting him to move the address. The County of Lévis had elected him by acclamation, which was a proof that the electors of that County were of the same opinion as the remainder of the Province as to the good policy of the present Administration. He referred to the great progress made in agriculture and timber trade since the advent to power of the Liberal Administration. He said that the present Government has shown great zeal in protecting the colonist as well as the capitalist. He hoped that the House would adopt the Government measures for the appointment of a commission to study the colonist's complaints.

Mr. Walker also thanked the Government for requesting him to record the address. He began by congratulating the city of Quebec on the enthusiastic reception tendered the Duke and Duchess of York on their arrival here last fall. Referring to colonization, Mr. Walker remarked that it was one of the great factors in this Province which had many advantages over the Western Provinces on account of its accessibility to the sea. The magnificent harbors of Quebec and Montreal, with all their facilities for loading and unloading our merchandise, give to this Province special advantages. The development of our vast water powers, the extent of which were not fully realized, offered

exceptional advantages for the manufacture of pulp for paper and other commodities. He had great faith in the pulp and other industries of this Province, which were now only in their infancy, and as regards colonization the splendid exhibits of this Province made at the Paris Exhibition in 1900 and at Glasgow last summer would no doubt induce numerous emigrants to come here. It was very gratifying to learn that negotiations had been opened between the Provincial and Federal Governments regarding our fisheries, and it was to be hoped that they would be carried to a successful end. After referring to the question of education in this Province and to the aid extended by the Government to municipal councils for the improvement and maintenance of roads, the member for Huntingdon resumed his seat amidst applause.

Hon. Mr. Flynn replied at length, commenting separately on each item contained in the Speech from the Throne.

The leader of the Opposition had listened very attentively to the speeches made by the proposer and seconder of the address to the Speech from the Throne, which contained a very light menu, it was the regime of fast and abstinence. In referring to the visit of the Duke and Duchess of York, he had no doubt that Their Royal Highnesses had returned to England fully satisfied of our unanimous expressions of loyalty. At the time of the Royal party's visit a number of newspapers had stated that certain titles would be conferred on prominent citizens of this Dominion, and there was some disappointment expressed in certain quarters when the names were made known. It was even reported that certain persons occupying seats in the Legislature had been offered but had refused the honors. This question was a very interesting one, and the Premier, he thought, might give some explanations. All were curious enough to know what had transpired and the House was the proper place to give all the necessary information. No doubt that during the session some member would ask for the correspondence on the subject. As to the question of colonization he could not view the results in such a bright manner as the two previous speakers.

In reading that paragraph in the Speech from the Throne, he had to admit that he was sadly disappointed. He had expected that probably some new measure would be introduced, but the measure would be back down and suggested an appointment of a commission to study the grievances and complaints of the lumber merchants and colonists, and this no doubt would only cause delays.

The Government was apparently facing difficulties which it could not solve itself, and judging from the past commissions did not have any practical result; besides costing considerable amounts to the Provincial Treasury. However, he was pleased to learn that before appointing a commission, the Government had agreed to submit the question of such an appointment to the House. He considered that the best way of settling the question would have been to submit it to a committee of the House, with full powers to examine witnesses and report to the House. A similar difficulty had been raised under his (Mr. Flynn's) administration and that was the procedure he had adopted, with the result that a law was framed upon the report of the House. The question was not one of fact, as the province wanted colonization to progress, but it was a question of right. The Government sells certain limits to lumber merchants, and some of these limits are included in lands upon which settlers have settled. Therefore it is not surprising that difficulties arise, as the purchasers of timber limits are bound to protest. According to the last modifications in the laws, things have changed to permit an increase of revenue, and to-day the lumber merchants have acquired rights which they apparently intend to have respected. He referred to the visit made by Hon. Mr. Gouin, Minister of Public Works and Colonization last summer throughout the Province. The latter had seen how colonization was carried out and he was surprised that the Premier did not request his colleague to report on the result of his visit.

Hon. Mr. Flynn could not agree with the Government's policy on education, and was anxious to know what great reforms had been made in that respect, as stated in the Speech from the Throne. He could not find any, as the system was the same as formerly. As to the question of free books and maps, Hon. Mr. Flynn drew the attention of the Government and the Prime Minister to the question which was a most important one. According to him, the question could be dealt with as follows: Can we furnish free books to all in this Province? He had always been under the impression that these free books were intended for poor children. The Government had distributed over one hundred thousand books, "Mon premier livre," and this would necessitate another distribution of a "second" and "third" book. Was this book distributed in both languages? Out of what fund were they paid? No money had been voted during last session for that purpose and he (Mr. Flynn) concluded that they must have been paid out of the fifty thousand dollars voted by his administration under Act 60 Viet., and the object of that Act was to help poor children. Regarding agriculture the present Government was only following in the footsteps of its predecessors. As regards the financial statement, the way the pretended surplus is announced in the public accounts, oblige everybody to look for that surplus, but he could find none. Since 1887 to 1901 the Government had sold 11,686 square miles and the proceeds of these sales had amounted to \$263,793 and in June the sale had taken place just in time to allow the proceeds to be entered in the receipts for the fiscal year. Another item which brought in considerable revenue was the sale of water powers, and he questioned the advisability of such sales.

Mr. Flynn remarked that if there was a surplus as the Government pretended it should abolish taxes, and



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The time to cure consumption is not after the lungs are hopelessly involved and the doctors have given you up. Take it in its early stages and you are saved.

Consumption is a wasting disease of the lungs, and at the earliest symptoms of lung trouble steps should be taken to arrest the waste and thus stop the disease. Consumption preys upon weakness. Strength is the best measure of safety.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

For Pale People

are the best tonic and strength builder known to science. The record of this medicine speaks for itself and proves conclusively that taken when the symptoms of consumption develop they build up, strengthen and invigorate the patient to a point where disease disappears.

Among those upon whom consumption had fastened its fangs, and who have proved the disease curable, is Mr. Edgar St. George, of St. Jerome, Que. Mr. St. George says:—"About a year ago I became greatly run down. I lost color, suffered constantly from headaches and pains in the sides; my appetite left me, and I became very weak. Then I was attacked by a cough, and was told that I was in consumption. The doctor ordered me to the Laurentian Mountains in the hope that the change of air would benefit me. I remained there for some time, but did not improve, and returned home feeling that I had not much longer to live. I then decided to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After using several boxes my appetite began to return, and this seemed to mark the change which brought about my recovery, for with the improved appetite came gradual but surely increasing strength. I continued the use of the pills, and daily felt the weakness that had threatened to end my life disappear, until finally I was again enjoying good health, and now, as those who know me can see, I show no trace of the illness I passed through. I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life, and I hope my statement will induce similar sufferers to try them."

These pills are also a certain cure for the after effects of la grippe, which frequently develops into consumption. They also cure neuralgia, stomach troubles, kidney and liver ailments, rheumatism, sciatica, anemia and the ailments which make the lives of so many women a source of constant misery.

Do not take anything but the genuine, which always has the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on every box. Sold by all druggists or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

In conclusion asked the Government if at this session, it intended inaugurating a railway policy and granting land or money subsidies to railway companies. If, as stated, the provincial finances are in such a healthy state, would the Government reply in a favorable manner to the numerous demands made upon them throughout the Province.

Hon. Mr. Parent followed, and began by congratulating the mover and seconder of the address, on the able manner in which they had addressed the House. He informed the House that during the last fiscal year the surplus of receipts over ordinary expenditure was \$71,339.74, and of \$47,174.56 over all expenses, ordinary as well as extraordinary. No doubt, everybody would admit that this was a most satisfactory result and capitalists would consider this Province a good place for investing their capital. Moreover, that result was a proof that they had not failed in keeping their promise that they would administer the Province with economy. While acting with prudence the Government has not neglected any part of the public service; in the first rank is the public instruction and the present Government promised to increase the subsidies towards public instruction. For the last four years of the Conservative administration the expenditure for public instruction amounted to an average of \$376,245, and during the four years of the Liberal administration, a yearly average of \$421,062 was spent, making an annual increase of \$44,817, or a total of \$179,271 more in the four years.

As regards agriculture, a considerable increase was also effected in that department, notably respecting the improvements to country roads, which the Government considers indispensable to agriculture. Last year the sum of \$16,710 was spent for that purpose and the Government was even disposed to increase that amount according to the resources at its disposal.

Regarding the administration of Justice, \$35,980 less was spent in 1901 than in 1897.

The revenue from woods and forests has considerably increased and to-day forms about one-third of the ordinary revenue of the Province. During the four years finishing 30th June, 1897, the costs of administration of Lands, Forests and Fisheries had increased by \$11,417.53 from 1894 while in the same space of time the revenues had decreased \$25,270. Under the present administration the increase of expenses during four years amounted to \$12,210, while the increase of revenue had been considerably more.

In 1898 this revenue was \$1,087,042, and in 1901 \$1,465,003.

A very poor idea is held regarding the extensive rivers east of the Saguenay. For example, the Manicougan river, which was measured last summer is a much more extensive river than the St. Maurice in length and by the volume of its waters.

The question of colonization was a most important one, and the Government took special interest in all that related to settlers, and always intended to do so in the future.

As regards the claims of the Provincial Government against the Federal Government, the Premier claimed that the Privy Council had decided that the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec had a right to claim from the Federal Government the indemnity paid over to the latter by the United States in connection with the fishing question. This Province's share amounts to \$1,425,855, and the interest thereon since 1879 would bring the amount to \$3,393,531. Another claim against the Federal Government is for the amounts collected by the latter for fishing licenses, and this the Provincial Government claims, amounts to \$490,000.

The address was then voted, and the House adjourned until Monday afternoon.

NOTES.

Notices of motion for Monday next have been given by Mr. Hutchison—To introduce a bill entitled "Law modifying Art. 5435 of the Revised Statutes of Quebec respecting building societies."

Mr. Chioyano—to introduce a bill respecting agricultural societies.

Mr. Delaney—For an order of the House for copies of all correspondence exchanged between the Government or its members and certain persons in Magdalen Islands or elsewhere respecting the appointment of a collector of revenue for the Magdalen Islands.

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An old bachelor is a man who is too late for the fair.

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The following is a list of the prize-winners at the recent exhibition held in this city by the Quebec Poultry and Pet Stock Breeding Association—

	1st.	2nd.	3rd.
G. A. Langelier, Quebec.....	10	7	1
F. H. Bender, Quebec.....	7	6	5
E. Bognieville, Davelle.....	2	7	2
J. M. A. Raymond, Quebec.....	2	1	1
R. Alpaugh, St. John.....	1	1	1
A. Dupuis, Quebec.....	1	1	—
J. Hamrick, Quebec.....	3	1	2
J. Hughes, Nelsonville.....	5	5	5
R. Ryland, Beauport.....	10	5	5
P. Plourde, Quebec.....	2	1	—
A. Sinclair, Beauport.....	5	2	—
C. J. Brome, St. John.....	6	3	4
W. L. Crawford, Quebec.....	5	5	1
J. L. Crawford, Quebec.....	—	2	—
R. R. Jackson, Quebec.....	—	1	—
T. McGinis, Ierville.....	3	2	—
J. B. Bigouette, Ierville.....	—	1	—
A. Fraser, Beauport.....	—	2	1
T. Carbray, Beauport.....	4	1	2
J. Waters, Quebec.....	1	3	1
J. O. Noel, Ottawa.....	28	6	—
A. E. Pfeiffer, Quebec.....	39	5	—
F. Nantel, St. Jerome.....	67	37	12
W. Legare, Rabbit Belgian, 1st.	—	—	—

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The Only Cereal Product That Can Keer People Well and Strong.

The ordinary grain foods such as wheat, hominy, corn and oatmeal put up in fancy packages to attract the attention of the public, are not true health foods. They are used by many who are not aware of their depressing influence on the digestive organs. The presence of so much insoluble starch, which hampers digestion and causes many serious derangements of the stomach.

Malt Breakfast Food is the only grain food free from starchy ingredients. In its manufacture, the starch of the wheat is converted into maltose and dextrine by the use of pure health-giving Malt. The weakest stomach retains and relishes Malt Breakfast Food. It tones and strengthens the digestive organs and quickly builds up flesh and muscle. Malt Breakfast Food is now recommended by hundreds of physicians as a perfect health food that keeps people well and strong. Your Grocer sells and recommends it.

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GREEN OR BLACK.

Is PURE TEA. That statement alone should be of interest to all lovers of tea and cause them to give it a trial. One single trial is all we ask.

Blanket Cloth Just Received

All Wool. Very Choice. Fancy Borders.
SCARLET, CRIMSON, LIGHT BLUE, LIGHT GREY, BROWN
 BLANKET COATS READY MADE OR TO ORDER.

LONG STOCKINGS FOR SLIDING,
 LONG STOCKING FOR SKATING,
 LONG STOCKINGS FOR SNOWSHOEING
PUTEES PUTEES
 Cardigan Jackets, Sweaters. Toques in all Colours.
 Agent for **DR. JAEGER'S UNDERWEAR**

JOHN DARLINGTON,
 OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

FISHERIES.

FOR 1902.

AMERICAN NET AND TWINE COMPANY,
 OF BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS.....
 FISH NETTINGS, COD TRAPS, COD SEINES,
 CAPLIN SEINES, HERRING NETS, &c., &c.
 ALL MADE FROM OUR OWN.....

GOLD MEDAL TWINES.

Fishermen of the Quebec Province can be supplied with our manufactures through their Quebec Merchants, or by application at our office in Boston or New York.

We would particularly call attention to the fact that for over sixty years we have been and are still the Largest Makers of Fish Nets, Twines, etc., in America or Europe; that our goods have always stood at the head; that our prices are satisfactory.

That whenever and wherever we have exhibited our manufactures in Competition with all others, either at the London Fishery Exhibition, in 1883, at Chicago, in 1894, or at Paris, in 1900, (the Grand Prix and two Gold Medals) we have always received the HIGHEST AWARDS.

We would announce that at the recent Pan-American Exhibition, at Buffalo, we were awarded the only Gold Medal for the excellence and superiority of our manufactures.

Correspondence Solicited. Illustrated Catalogue Free.

American Net and Twine Company,
 93 Commercial St., Boston, Mass., 204 Front St., N.Y.
IVFRSW. ADAMS, Treasurer and Gen'l. Manager.
 ESTABLISHED 1842. CAPITAL \$350,000.

INVENTORY TAKING

— AT —

P. J. COTE'S,
 29 ST. JOHN STREET.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.

On All Lines.

2,000 yards Dress Goods, balance of Autumn Importation, to be sold at half price, viz: 50c. for 25c., 75c. for 38c., 80c. for 40c., \$1.00 for 50c.

1,200 yards Silk, valued at 75c. and 95c., to be sold at 35c. and 50c. per yard.

8 Cases of Sheet, in Remnants, worth 35c. and 40c., to be sold at 20c. and 22c.

8 Cases Pillow Cotton, all widths, also in Remnants, worth 18c. and 20c., for 9c. and 11c.

A Special Discount of 10 p.c. and 20 p.c. on the balance of stock including Carpets, Curtains, Tweeds and Ready Made Clothing.

SPECIAL.

All our New Embroideries, comprising over 600 patterns, direct from Switzerland on view. We wish to call the attention especially of the Ladies to this fact.

P. J. COTE'S,
 29 ST. JOHN STREET.

SMALL-POX INCREASING

A CITY PHYSICIAN, CALLED TO ATTEND A CASE OF MEASLES, DISCOVERED FIVE FAMILIES INFECTED WITH THE DISEASE IN CHAMPLAIN STREET — AN INTERVIEW WITH HIS WORSHIP MAYOR PARENT, WHO STATES THAT THE CIVIC HOSPITAL IS ONLY CLOSED TO THOSE WHO CAN AFFORD TO PAY AND DISEASED REFUGEES FROM THE COUNTRY.

Smallpox is very evidently on the increase in this city, notwithstanding any declaration that the Health Department may make to the contrary. The contagion is rapidly spreading, and will no doubt become a veritable epidemic unless the health authorities step in and enforce a vigorous rule of compulsory vaccination. In order to show the danger that menaces the public, it is only necessary to relate the following experience of a reliable physician who was called on last Thursday to attend a case of measles located in a house on Champlain street. The doctor in question answered the call of duty, and when he entered the sick chamber he saw two children suffering from smallpox and not measles, as he had been led to believe. He informed the mother of the children of the fact, when the poor woman, in a state of consternation, informed him that four other families, her neighbors, had children in their houses prostrated from the same symptoms, which they thought was measles. A subsequent investigation proved that all those families were suffering from smallpox, and that not one of the members had been vaccinated. This is only one example of the spread of the disease, and the danger that menaces the public in all parts of the Province, including the different cities, and goes to show that the Provincial Board of Health must relax in their duty, when they know the serious state of the situation and do not enter into a crusade against the danger, and first commence with compulsory vaccination, and see that this necessary precaution is carried out as it should be.

HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR INTERVIEWED.

Yesterday afternoon a Chronicle representative had an interview with His Worship Mayor Parent relative to the closing of the Civic Hospital to the poor. Mayor Parent said: "Yes, the Civic Hospital in a manner is closed, that is, the authorities were obliged to place certain restrictions upon the receipt of patients, for the reason that it was becoming an asylum, not for the citizens of Quebec, but for country people from the lower parishes of the Province, who were making it a refuge for all the sick that they saw fit to send to this city and be looked after at the expense of the public. This practice was becoming so notorious that the city thought that it was near time that the practice was stopped. Besides, there is a class of people in Quebec who are well able to pay for their board, and I do not see why they should be admitted free of charge to the Civic Hospital, which was erected to accommodate the poor. The poor are not excluded from the Civic Hospital or charged for their board. If there are any poor patients to enter for treatment, they can be accommodated by applying to the proper channels, but we cannot allow the building to be crowded with people from other parts of the province at the expense of the citizens of Quebec, nor will we allow patients well able to afford medical treatment at their homes, to be admitted to the exclusion of the poor that are unable to pay. I am thoroughly cognizant with the case at the Hotel Dieu Hospital. It was a patient who applied to that institution to have an operation performed, and who developed the disease of smallpox. We took that patient into the Civic Hospital, but at the same time have given the Sisters of the Hotel Dieu to understand that we cannot make it a practice to care for every patient from abroad that they may choose to send into the Civic Hospital, unless they are prepared to pay for their board. It is an easy matter for people from the country to gain entrance into the Hotel Dieu or any other hospital, and if we do not protect ourselves, the citizens of Quebec would be called upon to foot the bill of every patient that the parish authorities in the district of Quebec and other country districts would feel like sending to us. I must say that if something was not done to stop this, very soon our hospital would be full of strangers, and no room left for the poor of Quebec."

TEXAS, MEXICO AND CALIFORNIA. THE SOUTHERN ROUTE, via P. R. R. Southern Railway, A & W. P., W. of Alabama, L. & N. The route of the Sunset Limited Agent car, New York offices, 271 and 1185 Broadway.



Cured of Piles.

Mrs. Hinkley, Indianapolis, writes: "The doctor said it must be an operation costing \$800 and little chance to survive. I chose Pyramid Pile Cure and one 50 cent box made me sound and well." All druggists sell it. It never fails to cure any form of Piles, try it. Book on Piles, cause and cure, free by mail. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

EDWARD SHEA OF ST. CATHARINES

FALLS THIRTY-NINE FEET AND SUSTAINS SERIOUS INJURIES

Edward Shea, aged 24 years, a resident of St. Catharines, County of Portneuf, met with an accident yesterday that may cost him his life. He was proceeding along the Jacques Cartier bridge, when he lost his balance and fell to the ground, a distance of thirty-nine feet. Friends who witnessed the accident went to his assistance and found him lying unconscious. He was taken to a house nearby and a doctor hastily summoned who found that he had three ribs fractured right from the spinal column, as well as other internal injuries. The unfortunate young man was brought to this city by the Lake St. John Railway, and on his arrival was met at the station by the city ambulance, when he was removed to the Hotel Dieu Hospital for treatment. It is feared that his injuries are dangerous.

DEATH OF AN OCTOGENARIAN. Mr. George Cantin, aged 80 years, one of the oldest and most respected residents of Bienville, Levis, and uncle of Mr. George Cantin, of the firm of Bolduc & Cantin, furniture dealers, Levis, died on Thursday last. The deceased was a familiar figure in the whole County of Levis and had a remarkable memory for past events up to the time of his death.

AN ENJOYABLE LUCRE. On Thursday last Madame and Miss Rainville gave a eucbre in the Speaker's room, Parliament Buildings, when the following ladies and gentlemen were present—Misses Marguerite Forget, Pauline Larocque, Alice Perreault, Montreal; Juliette Chénier, Blanche Verret, Cecile Pacaud, Edith Cannon, Marie Louise Laverne, Artibaska; Miss Ducharme, Rebecca de Lorimier, Montreal; Jeanne Bellet, Marie Robitaille, Messrs. Jos. Rainville, Jules Papineau, Alfred Vallières, Wilfrid Carner, Alfred McDonald, Arthur Cannon, Arthur St. Jacques, Lucien Pacaud, Frank Carrel, George Parent, G. Gibson, T. Gauthier. The first lady's prize was won by Miss Robitaille and the second by Miss Bellet. Mr. F. Carrel captured the gentleman's first prize, while the second was won by Mr. Jos. Papineau. Needless to say that the guests spent a most enjoyable evening.

TEXAS, MEXICO AND CALIFORNIA. THE SOUTHERN ROUTE, via P. R. R. Southern Railway, A & W. P., W. of Alabama, L. & N. The route of the Sunset Limited Agent car, New York offices, 271 and 1185 Broadway.

BEGINNING THE WEEK

The Montreal Times of Wednesday, says: "The third of the recent series of accidents on the I. C. R. occurred at Dorchester station this morning. The night freight from Montreal in charge of Con. Fraser and Driver Copeland was badly wrecked about 5.30 this morning in Dorchester station yard. Eleven freight cars, the van and a pair of the wheels of the engine are off the track. Quite a number of the box cars are badly smashed up and freight will have to be transferred from seven of them. Fortunately no one was hurt, but the wreck was more disastrous to rolling stock than the smashup near Calhoun's Mills, Monday morning. The track is torn up for a considerable distance and it may be impossible to effect even temporary repairs, so that trains can pass that point, before this evening. The line is completely blocked at the scene of the wreck and traffic will probably not be resumed before this afternoon. A wrecking crew is now on the spot and the line will be cleared as speedily as possible. The C. P. R. from Halifax is expected to get through about on time. The cause of the mishap is not known. It may have been due to the rails spreading, or a broken wheel on a car. This is the third accident on the I. C. R. within three days, and strange to say all occurred within a few miles of each other. The first occurred to a special at Upper Dorchester Sunday evening, then came the big smashup to the fast freight about a mile and a half east of Calhoun's Monday morning, and the third of the series, still more disastrous, occurred at Dorchester this morning."

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

WEI HAI WEI NOT GIVEN UP

London, Feb. 13.—In the House of Lords the Under Secretary for the Colonial Office, referring to the Government's intention to withdraw the British troops from Wei Hai Wei, added the information that the Government had no intention of giving up so valuable a colony as Wei Hai Wei. It was extremely useful as a small arms store, for gunnery practice and as a sanatorium. The naval and military officials there had every reason to believe Wei Hai Wei would become increasingly useful and valuable. The Chinese regiment at Wei Hai Wei, Lord Onslow added, would be gradually disbanded. It had been found that the position could only be fortified at the greatest expense. The Colonial Office took over the administration of the place on January 1. The rumors that Wei Hai Wei would be returned to China or handed over to any other power were entirely unfounded. The decision had been reached from the view point of naval strategy, and there had been an extraordinary consensus of naval opinion in favor of the course adopted.

WELCOME.

We would suggest to visitors to Quebec not to leave this city without going to Pagny, Lepiney & Frere's, which is the most popular dry goods firm in this city.

APIOLINE (CHAPOTEAU)
 For LADIES ONLY.
 RELIEVES PAIN AND IS A SAFE, RELIABLE MONTHLY REGULATOR.
 Superior to Ayur, Pennyroyal and Tansy.
 Agents: LEMAN, SOUS & Co., Montreal.

An amiable actress is one who has never been divorced.

A DARING RESCUE

NELLIE PAUL, AGED THREE YEARS, FALLS INTO THE RIVER ST. LAWRENCE AND MR. JOSEPH LYNCH JUMPS INTO THE ICY COLD WATER AND SAVES HER.

Nellie Paul, aged three years, daughter of Mr. John Paul, who resides at 346 Champlain street, while sliding on the wharf near her father's house, went over into the river and was rescued by Mr. Joseph Lynch. The child was unable to stop the velocity of the sleigh she was on and went over the wharf. Mr. Lynch, who was at work near by, fortunately witnessed the accident, and without loss of time went to the rescue. Without the least hesitation he jumped into the river, which was full of floating ice at the time, and seizing hold of the little one kept her above water until help came. Several young men who happened to be near the scene of the accident procured a rope, and by its aid pulled the child out of her perilous condition, after she had been made fast by her rescuer. The child was in an exhausted condition and when carried to the home of her parents Dr. Parke was summoned, who attended to her wants.

The rescue was a most daring one, for the reason that the river was not only full of ice, but there was danger of Mr. Lynch taking cramps. This makes the sixth life that he has saved from drowning, and up to the present he has never received the least recognition for his bravery. Last fall his father, who had a heavy chain across his shoulder, fell into the river, when Joseph Lynch dived after him and brought him up and landed him safely. The full credit of the rescue of Nellie Paul is entirely due to him, and the authorities should do something in recognition of this brave young man. The agent of the Humane Society in Quebec should lose no time in reporting the matter to headquarters, while at the same time the citizens of Quebec should also come forward with a public reward.

DIED OF ENTERIC

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—A cable has been received here from the Casualty Department, Cape Town, at the Militia Department, stating that Harry Butler Williston, died at Pretoria from enteric fever. Deceased's father is Charles Williston, of 284 Robie street, Halifax.

BOER SLIMNESS

Cape Town, Feb. 13.—A letter found upon a Boer recently captured in the Transvaal revealed a new trait of boer "slimness." The letter was dated from "Leyden," and purported to be written by a prisoner there to his brother in South Africa. It was an impassioned appeal to the addressee to use his influence with the General De Wet to end the war, as the Boer cause was hopeless and the idea of intervention was absurd. It occurred to a suspicious official, however, to try the device of rubbing soot on the blank page of the letter. A new message appeared on the blackened page urging the burghers to continue the struggle, as Russian intervention was imminent.

HEAVY SALE OF TIMBER LIMITS

Toronto, Feb. 14.—The greatest sale of lumber mills and timber limits in Canada for many years, the sale of all the properties, limits, mills, waterways and franchises of Cook Brothers, has just been consummated. The buyers are George W. Cook, nephew of H. H. Cook, and George J. Cook, members of the firm, and Wm. Lumis, late manager of part of Cook Brothers' properties. The limits sold are on the north shore of the Georgian Bay, with the little town of Cook's Mills as the centre, and cover eight townships, or three hundred square miles of territory. It is reported that the prices paid by Messrs. Cook and Lumis, as the new firm will be called, was \$1,250,000.

AIRSHIP COLLAPSES

Monaco, Feb. 14.—Santos Dumont, the aeronaut, met with a disaster here today, and himself had a narrow escape from death. His airship is a catenary wreck, while to-night his motor lies at the bottom of the Bay of Monaco. At the time of the ascent, a number of steam yachts and launches including the Prince of Monaco's yacht Princess Alice, were cruising about the Bay with the intention of following the balloon. Cheers greeted Santos Dumont as his air ship rose. It was soon noticed, however, that, instead of maintaining its usual equilibrium, the balloon rose and pitched in a way that created considerable anxiety among the spectators. The aeronaut, however, continued his flight and continued to ascend until the long guide rope was quite twenty feet from the water. In turning the balloon, the guide rope caught in the screw, and this with the erratic working of the airship created a situation of great danger. At the same time a small arose and Santos Dumont tilted the head of his balloon upward in order to disengage the guide rope, but in doing so the ballast shifted and the oil used to run the motor began to spread. Fearing an explosion, the inventor pulled the envelope cord. This rips the envelope of the balloon, which at once began rapidly to descend.

SEVEN MEN KILLED

Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 14.—Seven men were killed and at least fourteen were seriously injured by a huge boulder, weighing fifteen tons, which crashed into a caboose of a work train on the Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf Railroad, twenty miles west of Little Rock, to-day. As the train was passing under the high bluffs bordering the river, two miles west of Little Mammello, the crew saw a heavy rock rolling down the steep declivity which had been detached from the hillside by the rains. The train was going slowly, but was almost upon the rock when it struck the track. Engineer Nason reversed his engine at once, but the train struck it with almost full force. The caboose was at the head of the train and was shivered into splinters. Most of the men who were killed or injured were in the caboose.

Whiskey has caused many a man to go to work—to get money to buy it.

ARE YOU DEAF?

ANY HEAD NOISES?

ALL CASES OF DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE

by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable. Head Noises Cease Immediately.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 13, 1900. Dear Sir—I now beg to inform you that the cure received from you, was an extraordinary good one; I can say a word for it, for after using the medicine three days, the head noises disappeared, and I could hear like before. The reason for my not writing before was, that I wanted to convince myself that I am cured. I now ask you to accept my heartfelt thanks for the speedy and thorough cure. Very respectfully yours, GUSTAV KREUTZER, 413 Fox Street, Buffalo.

Our Treatment Does Not Interfere With Your Usual Occupation. Examination and advice free. YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME at a nominal cost. International Aural Clinic, 536 La Salle Ave., Chicago, Ill.



THE QUESTION ARISES

in many offices, about quality and cost of Stationery and Office Supplies.

Expenses must be kept down—and goods of inferior quality are purchased with the idea that this is economy. Why not buy here? Then quality and price will both be satisfactory. Our margin of profit is but a slight advance on cost. These prices are less than you have been paying.

MOORE'S, 118-120 Mountain Hill, Quebec

ESTABLISHED IN 1865. TO VISITORS...



When purchasing goods, it is advisable to select a firm which has an old standing and which keeps moving its goods, as has been the case with us. Fair prices and good workmanship are guaranteed, and this has been the cause of our success.

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Optical Goods and Souvenirs of Quebec, in great variety always on hand.

EMILE JACOT, JEWELLER, 159 St. Joseph Street.

QUEBEC, 30th June, 1885.

DEAR MR. LANGLOIS, Proprietor of St. Leon Springs.—I think that the fact should be made public that the St. Leon Mineral Water is a most excellent remedy for Scarlet Fever and Measles. I claim the merit of having been the first to discover this property in this water and to have proved its virtues by a fair trial. How it forces out the eruption of scarlet fever and how rapidly the sore throat is cured by its use, without the aid of any other remedy, is surprising, as so far, none of the usual remedies have shown themselves under this treatment. I prescribe a daily hot bath of this Mineral Water, and as much of it to be drunk, day and night, as possible; without paying any attention to the occasional vomiting which follows, as it benefits the throat—or to the purging, which is not weakening. Children, at first, take the water unwillingly, but afterwards eagerly, to assuage the raging thirst caused by the fever. Abundance of milk, but a moderate quantity of beef tea are allowed; as also brandy, when support is required. This fever was quite prevalent at St. Leon last year, and the medical men there tried this water on my recommendation, with the same satisfactory results as I met with. I consider this water a boon in Scarlet Fever; it is so simple and yet so effectual.

I would have no hesitation to employ it in Small Pox and Asiatic Cholera, as it washes the poison out of the system most expeditiously.

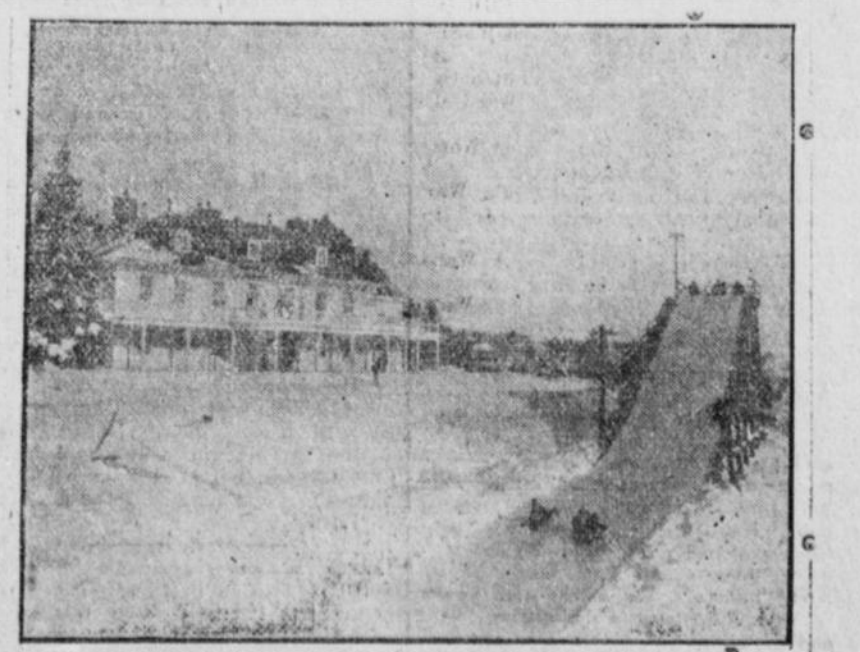
I have, apparently, cured several cases of Epilepsy of long standing by the use of this water solely; it I suppose, correcting the deranged state of the digestive organs, which are often the starting point of this disease.

I need say nothing as to what it can do for Rheumatism and Dyspepsia, as that is too well known to the public already.

Yours very truly, A. ROWAND, M.D.

The above celebrated water for sale by all leading Druggists and Grocers.

Wholesale and Retail by TEL 131. The St. Leon Springs, No. 3 Fort Dauphin.



Duke of Kent's Residence, Montmorency Falls

Now open as a First Class Hotel and operated in connection with the Q. Ry. L. & P. Co's Electric System. Elevator from foot of Falls lands passengers within 200 feet of the House. Every accommodation for private or public dinners or Supper Parties with excellent Ball Room.

Outdoor Sports, Snow Shoeing, Sliding, Tobogganing or Skating. Magnificent view of the Falls. Holly, Renfrew & Co's fine herd of Buffalo and Caribou can be seen in the Park adjoining the Hotel.

Care from Q. M. & C. Station runs hourly week days, last car 10.30 P.M. from Quebec and 11 P.M. from Kent House Station. Sunday first car from Quebec 1.30 P.M., last 6.30. Returning cars on the hour 2 to 7 P.M. Special cars by arrangement.

Orders attended to by Telephone 2442. J. W. BAKER, Manager Kent House.

Application to the Legislature
Public Notice
In pursuance of the Act in relation to the incorporation of companies, the undersigned, G. F. GIBSON, Attorney for the Applicant, hereby gives notice that the following company is being incorporated in the Province of Quebec, and that the same will be incorporated on the 15th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at the City of Quebec, in the County of Saguenay.
Quebec, 25th January, 1902.
G. F. GIBSON,
Attorney for the Applicant.

NOTICE.
The undersigned, G. F. GIBSON, Attorney for the Applicant, hereby gives notice that the following company is being incorporated in the Province of Quebec, and that the same will be incorporated on the 15th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at the City of Quebec, in the County of Saguenay.
Quebec, 25th January, 1902.
G. F. GIBSON,
Attorney for the Applicant.

NOTICE
Is hereby given that Alfred Collier, Agent, Montreal; William J. Benick, Banker, New York; Richard D. Wyckoff, Banker, New York; Cleophaa Blouin, Manufacturer, Levis; Joseph Paquet, Contractor, Levis; Philippe Edouard Bourassa, Clerk, Levis; George U. Holman, Engineer, Levis; will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, at its next Session, for an act of incorporation for themselves and those who will join them, under the name of "The Levis County Railway Company," and to grant them a charter to erect, construct and carry on within the limits of the County of Levis and adjoining counties a system of tramways or electric railways in the said county and all the necessary powers, rights and privileges for that purpose.
DROUIN, PELLETIER & BAILLARGEON,
Attorneys for Petitioners.
Jan. 31, '02.

At the next session of the Quebec Legislature the Canadian Electric Light Company will present a private bill for the authorization and ratification of a new issue of debentures, to better define and complete its powers as to the construction and working of a tramway in the County of Levis and adjoining Counties, to limit its powers as to the issuing of debentures so as to give more security to the present holders, to better define its rights as regards the transfer of its powers and to amend its charter generally, so as to attain the objects for which it exists and to improve and increase its circle of business and operations.
Quebec, 21st January, 1902.
DROUIN, PELLETIER & BAILLARGEON,
Attorneys for the Canadian Electric Light Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that George Cloutier, Esquire, physician, Joseph Gagnon, merchant, Francois Xavier Hains, accountant, all of the parish of St. George, Beauport; Pierre Ferdinand Levesque, merchant, of the parish of St. Francois, Beauport; Henri S. Beland, physician, and member of the House of Commons, Auguste Paquet, advocate, Joseph Poirier, Sheriff, Valere Gosselin, notary, of the village of St. Joseph, Beauport; Joseph Dominique Morin, gentleman, of Levesque; Donald G. Bennett, grain and provision merchant, of Sherbrooke; Charles Alfred Blouin, agent, of Beauport Junction, will apply at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec for an act to incorporate them, and those who will join them, under the name of "Le Compagnie Electrique de Beauport," and to grant them a charter with power to construct and work a first line of electricity to convey power for lighting and heating from the hydraulic powers situated on the Chaudiere river between the parish of St. George and the parish of St. Martin, opposite the fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of the first range of Levesque, in the County of Beauport, and from there, running along as much as possible, the said Chaudiere river, or the public highway, starting from Lake Megantic, as far as Levesque, passing through the different parishes of the Counties of Compagnie, Beauport, Dorchester and Levesque, also with power to construct a second electric line from the said hydraulic powers on the Chaudiere river, going directly to Riverview or Thetford Mines; finally with power to construct branch electric lines from any point on the two main lines to any place where light, heat or motor power is required; also with power to construct a telephone line along the electric lines and branches, as well as roads for vehicles and rails, and to make all necessary works, to supply the necessary light, heat and motor power to towns, villages, mines and other industries in the counties of Beauport, Compagnie, Megantic, Dorchester and Levesque; to acquire and possess hydraulic powers, as well as the necessary land to construct roads and stations necessary for that purpose; to purchase or expropriate lands which may be submerged by the working of said hydraulic powers; finally with power to construct on said Chaudiere river, mills and works for the cutting and preparation of lumber, the manufacture of pulp and electricity, as well as to possess and work mines of different minerals, the whole with power to establish tariffs for lighting, heat and motor power, telephones, and electric roads which will be worked by this company.
PACAUD & BOLDUC,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Furious Old Gentleman (to new Scottish footman)—"Do you take me for a fool, sir?" "Well, sir, I'm no longer here, and I didn't get yet."
NO NOT FORGET.
That our books of samples of embroidery are ready for our customers who require embroidery.
FAGUY, LEPINAY & FRIERE.

THE ELECTION IN PALACE WARD

OPINION CONCERNING A CONTEST WHICH IS AWAKENING MUCH INTEREST IN THE CITY.
The electors of Palace Ward will on Monday next make their choice of a representative in the City Council. There are two candidates for their suffrages, both estimable gentlemen, and both ardent supporters of His Honor the Mayor and the progressive and up-to-date policy which, inaugurated by him, and ably carried out by the Council, has done so much for the city of Quebec and for our large and varied population. Mr. A. E. Pfeiffer who is seeking the honor of representing this important ward in the Council is a gentleman eminently fitted for the office. A native Quebecer, he is thoroughly aware of the city's necessities, and moreover he is a successful and careful business man, whose experience in the conduct of his private affairs would be of the greatest value in the transaction of public business. Mr. Pfeiffer, manager of the well known laundry and dye works of the same name, employs a great many hands, the question of race or creed of his employees never being permitted to interfere in the slightest degree with his business arrangements. A gentleman of such broad-minded principles is specially fitted to represent Palace Ward in the Council, and if elected it is certain that he will do careful and efficient work, and thus prove that the confidence of his electors has not been misplaced. Many of the leading business men of the ward are saying that Mr. Pfeiffer is pre-eminently the man for the place, and worthy of every elector's support.—Com.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

POLICEMAN'S DEADLY WORK.
New York, Feb. 13. — Philomena Crelin, a special policeman at Hudson near Orange, N.J., did fearful work tonight with a revolver at his home, shooting his daughter and himself and causing the death of his wife. His own wound and those of the girl are almost certain to prove fatal before morning. Tuesday night Crelin had a quarrel with his wife and tried to stab her with a carving knife, the daughter interfered and saved her mother's life, but the father at this time threatened to kill his child. Tonight, when Crelin went out duty, he brought his revolver home with him. While all the facts are not known at present, it seems likely that he first shot his daughter. She was struck by two bullets, one of which entered her abdomen and the other the left breast. Crelin, it is thought, then attempted to shoot his wife, but she was suddenly seized with a hemorrhage of the lung and fell to the floor dead. The officer then shot himself, the bullet striking in the region of the heart. The daughter's name is Mrs. Mary Ferguson. She and her three children made their home with the Crelins.

Ten Years of Bitter Work and Gladness

Paine's Celery Compound

Has Brought Health and New Life to the Sick and Disabled in Every Part of the Civilized World.

For the last ten years the work of Paine's Celery Compound has been a blessed and cheering one to men and women of every rank in society. In no one case has the great medicine failed to benefit, and where it has been used promptly, it has in every case brought a cure.
The blessed results that spring from the use of Paine's Celery Compound are not confined to this Canada of ours. The great life-giving medicine has been sent to every quarter of the civilized world, and has cured the sick, restored the weak and depressed to health and strength, and caused tens of thousands to live who failed to find health in worthless prescriptions, sermons, pills, and remedies.
It is to this best of all medicines, Paine's Celery Compound, that we would direct the attention of every man and woman suffering from weakness, general debility, rheumatism, neuralgia, heart trouble, dyspepsia, anemia, blood diseases, liver complaint and kidney trouble. Thousands of grateful letters have poured in testifying to wonderful and permanent cures.
It is foolish and criminal to delay the use of such a disease banisher when others have so clearly demonstrated its value; when many of your friends and neighbors have been made well by its use. The health-giving virtues are so eminently great that the ablest physicians are prescribing Paine's Celery Compound daily for the sick.
If you are weak physically, in the grip of disease, or simply feel out of sorts, irritable, sleepless or despondent, try one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and note well the magical effects.
It is possible when men and women begin to God begin to live and exert an influence it will stem this awful tide of iniquity which is now in the world.

Wood's Phosphodine
The Great English Remedy Sold in 100,000,000 Bottles in Every Part of the World. Only this medicine discovered. It is a powerful purgative, guaranteed to cure all cases of Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache, Stomach Trouble, Nervousness, Mental Weakness, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of 25 cents. One bottle \$1.00. For full particulars, send for free pamphlet to any address.
The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.
Wood's Phosphodine is sold in Quebec by all responsible druggists.

A PLACE OF CONTRASTS

BEAUTIFUL DAVOS — A TOWN OF SLEIGHS — A BATTLEFIELD BETWEEN HEALTH AND DISEASE — GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF THE PLACE.

Davos is truly a place of tragic contrasts; pure, beautiful, instinct with life and health; but with a red spot in its snow.
The town sparkles with electricity; amber and orange and crimson lights glitter up the mountain-slope against the background of snow. As we drive to our hotel in our sleigh we pass between rows of shops bright with jewellery and gay with flowers, stocked with costly furs, or stored with tempting viands. This is no Alpine village; it has no barns or chalets or ill-smelling lanes; it is a well-built, thoroughly equipped miniature town, although it stands more than five thousand feet above sea-level, and is fed by a slender mountain railway. Whether we come for health or come for pleasure, it is a bright and cheerful welcome that Davos extends to its visitors.
Daylight renews and enhances the first impression. At eleven, the sun bursts into the valley, and for full five hours pours forth the warmth of July into the bosom of winter. Though the snow is everywhere, in street and road no less than on pasture and mountain-side, yet there is not a vacant seat in the open space opposite the Kurhaus, where the band is playing at noon of a January day. Snow—but not snow as snow is known in England! It is a dry, white powder which falls away from clothes or boots almost as it touches them, and wets them not; it lies smoothly spread over the landscape without a stain upon its glittering purity; it is not peppered with smuts or trampled into slush.

TOWN OF SLEIGHS.

Directly a fall has taken place, a roller consisting of a large wooden drum is drawn over the streets and sidewalks, affording a smooth, hard surface for traffic. Wheels, of course, are unknown in Davos. Every vehicle, from the post-wagon to the perambulator, is a sleigh. Outside the station, in place of the usual row of hotel omnibuses is a row of hotel omnibus sleighs; the bread, the milk, come round on sleighs; the tinkle of sleigh bells is ever in the air; the very tram that runs from Platz to Dorf is a railless tram, and glides on runners. The horses, with their plumes of red or green and white—there are no mules in Davos—swing along at a good pace, showing better action than might be expected from their class, as they pick up their feet to clear the snow.

Often there is a little train of toboggans hitched on to the rear of a sleigh, and a sleigh and four loaded with hay with two more similar sleighs in tow, or half-a-dozen sleighs come in procession, of which only the first possesses a driver, the horses of the others following of their own accord in the track of the leader.

DAVOS AS A BATTLEFIELD.

There are two classes of visitors to Davos—those who come for health and those who come for pleasure. For this is one of the great battlefields of Europe—where war is waged against no human foe, where the combatants on the one side are already wounded, where the enemy is all-vigilant, relentless, insidious, treacherous; where the sound and wholesome forces of nature are arrayed on the side of suffering against the malignant forces of disease; where pure air and strong sunshine win their silent triumph over one of the most terrible afflictions of mankind.

The long verandah, with its row of couches; the muffled forms of the consumptive patients stretched beneath their rugs exposed to every kind of weather; the balcony high up with its striped screen and outdoor lamp; the slow step, the hollow cough that belie the bronze of the sunburnt cheek are familiar enough; but though the "cure" is, of course, much in evidence, it quickly ceases to engage one's attention, and the tragic side of the situation is easily forgotten in the many gaieties and amusements, of which there is an ample provision in the place, and in which the "consumps" have scarcely any part.

THE GAITIES OF DAVOS.

There is the ice rink, where the town band plays every other day, and where skating of every degree of skill is to be witnessed—from the brilliant and dashing evolutions of German and Dutchman and Frenchman to the wooden but difficult "turns" and "combined figures" of English skaters. "In skating," it is said, "an Englishman does a difficult thing as if it were easy; a foreigner does an easy thing as if it were difficult"; but the foreigners are certainly the most interesting of the two to watch.
Then there is the curling rink, where spoutless teapots with the handle on the top glide sedately towards the "house," preceded by anxious and nervous pioneers dancing an agitated polka-step, and smoothing the tea-pots way with brooms. There is a curling rink, too, close to the ice rink, where there is a holocaust of clay pipes twice a week. There is tobogganing to any extent, with at least three first-class runs, the Schaatslauf, the pretty run down through the woods at Clavedel, and the more dangerous Klosters run, with its "elbow" where the course turns at right angles, and its "cabbage garden" at the finish for an unheroic termination of a facile descent of the racing track.
There is, besides, the ice run, on which you can damage yourself even more severely than on the other runs, the pleasures of which are proportionately greater. Besides all these open air sports there is a succession of dances, concerts, theatricals, billiard handicaps, and other species of amusements, such as English people are wont to organize when the find themselves together in a foreign land.

REAL DAVOS WEATHER.

If the mornings are full of brilliant light, the afternoon effects are singularly beautiful. The valley runs east and west, and at four o'clock on a January afternoon the sun disappears behind the shoulder of a mountain which juts out like the side scene of a theatre. Then on the jagged mountains that close the head of the valley to the west rests a purple light, and when, as this grows mellow, you turn in precisely the opposite direction, you find that the snowy tops of the mountains are also bright with a broad reflected glow, tinged with the hue of the lemon or the rose. When the last beam of the sun has vanished and the scene changes to night, close to the moon and high in the west shines—in this present month of the year—the loveliest and brightest jewel of a star that ever shone on mountain peak—Venus, alone, save for the moon, rivalling even her effulgence like a beautiful girl by the side of a stately chamberlain.
Bitter cold are the nights, for real Davos weather—save when the Dohn blows, the warm precursor of snow—is what we call real Christmas weather in England. Of the intensity of the frost the ice-sleighs bringing the ice blocks from Davos Lake are a constant reminder. From the frozen snow huge slabs, sixteen or eighteen inches in thickness, are cut out by the hundreds, are ranged in rows like pale blue tombstones, and are despatched to foreign countries or deposited in the cellars of houses in the place for future use. Five of these wondrous blocks go to a sleigh load. It is not uncommon to find the driver sitting philosophically on his cool cargo with only a piece of matting for a cushion.
CURLED MOUSTACHES AND TRAGEDY.
The shops of Davos are so bright and tasteful that one might almost for a moment fancy oneself in Lucerne, and the people who fill the streets and are for the most part well-dressed and spruce. One receives somehow an impression of luxury and of leisure as assigned to the cultivation of appearance. If you analyse this impression we find it to be partly due to the number of handsome fur coats that are generally worn; partly, too, to the daintily curled moustaches that so many men display.
Alas! it is not for the sake of appearances that the moustache is kept short and the curling iron applied to keep it clear of the mouth—the doctor can give you another reason. These gentlemen walk slowly; they carry little blue bottles with silver tops. Their greetings are not "How do you do?" but "How is your temperature?" or "Put on weight this week?" or "Doctor pleased with you?"
Poor fellows! Many a one would change his furs for fustian if with the laborer's life he could acquire the laborer's lung.

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For Singers and Speakers:

The New Remedy For Catarrh is Very Valuable.
A Grand Rapids gentleman who represents a prominent manufacturing concern and travels through central and southern Michigan, relates the following regarding the new catarrh cure. He says:
"After suffering from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach for several years, I heard of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets quite accidentally and like everything else I immediately bought a package and was decidedly surprised at the immediate relief it afforded me and still more to find a complete cure after several months' use."

"I have a little son who sings in a boy's choir in one of our prominent churches, and he is greatly troubled with hoarseness and throat weakness, and on my return home from a trip I gave him a few of the tablets one Sunday morning when he had complained of hoarseness. He was delighted with their effect, removing all his troubles in a few minutes and making the voice clear and strong."
"As the tablets are very pleasant to the taste, I had no difficulty in persuading him to use them regularly."
"Our family physician told us they were an antiseptic preparation of undoubted merit and that he himself had no hesitation in using and recommending Stuart's Catarrh Tablets for any form of catarrh."
"I have since met many public speakers and professional singers who used them constantly. A prominent Detroit lawyer told me that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets kept his throat in fine shape during the most trying weather and that he had long since discarded the use of cheap lozenges and troches on the advice of his physician that they contained so much toxic, potash and opium as to render their use dangerous to health."
Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant-tasting lozenges composed of catarrhal antiseptics, like Red Gum, Blood Root, etc., and sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents for full treatment.
They act upon the blood and mucous membrane and their composition and remarkable success has won the approval of physicians, as well as of thousands of sufferers from nasal catarrh, throat troubles and catarrh of the stomach.
"A little book on treatment of catarrh mailed free by enclosing P. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich."

LINEN.

Come and see our whiteware for ladies and children. Nothing finer. Speciality in sets.
FAGUY, LEPINAY & FRIERE.



The Bank of Montreal

OFFERS FOR SUBSCRIPTION AT PAR
\$2,000,000 First Mortgage Six Per Cent Ten Year Coupon Bonds of

The CANADIAN COLORED COTTON MILLS CO.

LIMITED
IN DENOMINATIONS OF \$100, \$500, AND \$1,000 EACH.
MATURING 2nd APRIL, 1912.
Interest payable half yearly, 2nd April and October
Bonds and Coupons domiciled at Bank of Montreal, Montreal.

This Issue is to retire an Issue for a similar amount due 2nd April, 1902.
Holders of the present Issue will have priority in the allotment, but it will for them to deposit their Bonds with THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY, with a Temporary Receipt, and deliver in exchange thereof the new Bonds when issued. 60 per cent have already signified their intention of making the exchange.
Holders of Bonds may deposit them with any Branch of the Bank of Montreal, forwarded to The Royal Trust Company, with whom Bonds must be deposited and filed not later than 1st March, 1902. Applications by new subscribers must be accompanied by a deposit of five per cent of the amount applied for, which will be returned if no allotment is made. The Balance will be payable when the Bonds are delivered. When old Bonds are lodged for exchange, the deposit of five per cent will not be required.
The property covered by the Mortgage consists of Real Estate, Mills, Machinery, etc., owned by the Company, upon which \$1,144,317.53 has been spent since 1902, and which now stands in the books of the Company at \$6,044,317.53.
The net profits for the nine years to April, 1901, were:

1893.....\$357,576.03	1897.....147,876.32
1894.....201,291.17	1898.....236,875.74
1895.....246,006.06	1899.....333,877.45
1896.....372,058.32	1900.....465,428.14
1901.....\$3,834.67	

The amount required annually for interest on the Bond issue is \$120,000.
The above figures are furnished by The Canadian Colored Cotton Mills Company, Limited, and certified to by their Auditor, Mr. Arthur H. Plimmsoll.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY.
DAVID MORRICE, ESQ., President
C. D. OWEN, ESQ., Vice-President
HON. GEORGE A. DUMMOND, T. KING, ESQ.,
E. S. CLOUSTON, ESQ., DAVID MORRICE, Jr.,

BANKERS.
THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

TRUSTEE FOR BONDHOLDERS,
THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY, MONTREAL.

at whose office a copy of the Deed of Mortgage can be seen and all necessary Forms obtained.
MONTREAL, 12th February, 1902.

THE Only Tonic Wine!

Composition of which is Known to the Doctor.

MEDICAL VOICES.

Opinion of a Well Known Doctor.
Quebec, 12th February, 1900.

Previous to the introduction of the Vin des Carmes on our market I used to prescribe different kinds of medicinal wines to my patients. Since I have observed the properties of Vin des Carmes the test has been so satisfactory that it is the only medicinal wine I now recommend to my practice.
DR. J. A. GARNEAU, Deputy Coroner.

A General Tonic.
Gentlemen—Having tested Vin des Carmes in my practice, I cannot but highly recommend it as an aperient and general tonic. Please believe me,
Yours very truly,
DR. A. DAVID,
3674 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Another Attestation.
February 13, 1901.

Gentlemen—I have obtained much success in many cases of Anæmia and Debility, as also in the convalescence or recovery from weakening diseases by prescribing Vin des Carmes. Please send me at once a new package of five boxes.
Yours truly,
DOCTOR B. BORDELEAU.



VIN DES CARMES

Is Sold in Quebec by All Druggists and Grocers.

MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter, Saturday, 15th, 9.37 a.m.
Full Moon, Saturday, 22nd, 8.03 a.m.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

Toronto, Feb. 14. —Fair, moderately cold weather prevails throughout the Dominion except in British Columbia, where it is mild and rainy. The general outlook is favorable for somewhat milder weather in Ontario, and very little change in the other Provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 40.46; Kankopos, 26.34; Calgary, 6.14; Edmonton, 20.28; Prince Albert, 1 below, 21; Parry 26; Port Arthur, 2 below, 24; Parry Sound, 2 below, 28; Toronto, 8.24; Ottawa, 12.28; Montreal, 8.26; Quebec, 10.30; Halifax, 18.30.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fresh westerly and northerly winds, fair and moderately cold.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf.—Fresh westerly and northerly winds, fair and moderately cold.

MARRIED.

THOM-MERLEY.—On February 11th, at St. James' Church, Morrisburg, by the Rev. G. S. Anderson, Herbert L., youngest son of the late Prof. Wm. Thom, of Quebec, to Lillie M., youngest daughter of the late James I. Merley, of Morrisburg, Ont.

DIED.

AUSTIN.—On the 14th instant, Henry Charles, second son of the late Capt. F. P. Austin, of H. M. 76th Regiment.

Funeral from his late residence, 39 St. Ursule street, on Saturday, the 15th instant, to Trinity Church, thence to Mount Hermon Cemetery.

BOGUE.—On the 12th instant, at Winnipeg, James P. Bogue, eldest son of the late Denis Bogue, and formerly of this city.

Notice of interment later.

HARDY.—On the 13th instant, in this city, Mr. Elzear Hardy, aged 59 years.

Funeral will take place Monday (17th) leaving his late residence, 7 d'Arthey street, at 7.45 a.m., for St. John Baptist Church, thence to Belmont Cemetery. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Great Shoe Sale—Z. Paquet.

Are You Deaf?—International Aural Clinic.

Stationary—Moore's.

Testimonial—St. Leon Springs.

Long Distance Telephone—The Bell Telephone Company.

Electors of Montcalm Ward—P. Hogan.

Gymnastic and Physical Exhibition—Y. M. C. A.

Legal Notice—Geo. Lefebvre.

Quebec Board of Trade—T. Levasseur.

Notice—A. J. Price.



WHAT A LUXURY!
IN THE USE OF
Modern Plumbing.
It fully repays the initial outlay.
Our assortment is one of the largest in Canada.

Mechanics Supply Co.
QUEBEC

The Annual General Meeting of St. Patrick's Literary Institute will be held in Tara Hall on Saturday, February 15th, at 8 o'clock p.m.

Business—Election of officers.

J. E. DELANY,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

A meeting of all officers, non-commissioned officers and men who served in South Africa in the various contingents will be held on Monday evening, February 17th, 1902, at 8 o'clock, in the 1st Quebec Field Battery Rooms Drill Shed, for the purpose of forming a South African Veterans' Association. All are requested to attend.

A. J. PRICE,
Secretary Pro-tem.

Quebec Board of Trade.

A General Special Meeting of the members of the Quebec Board of Trade will take place Tuesday next, 18th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., in the Board room, 39 St. Paul street.

T. LEVASSEUR,
Secretary.

The Pressure of Business

Is Greatly Relieved by Use of the
Long Distance Telephone.

You reach your customer in a few seconds and

MUCH can be accomplished at cost of

LITTLE time and trouble.

The Bell Telephone Company
OF CANADA

HAVANA CIGARS,

10, 25, 50 and 100 in a box.

B. B. and G. B. D's. **SOAR PIPES.**

Walking Sticks,
Gold and Silver Mounted

Cigar and Cigarette Cases,
Cigar and Cigarette Holders.

Stock Complete and Prices Right.

AS A VISIT SOLICITED.

E. H. WALLING,

182 St. John Street, Quebec.

ESTEY
FLOUR
WOLVERTON MILLING CO.
PATENT
WOLVERTON, ONT.
IS
THE BEST
TRY IT
AND BE CONVINCED
FOR SALE BY
J.B. REAUX & CO.
P.G. BISSIERE & CO.
AND FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

FOR SALE,

That very desirable residence, No. 45 d'Arthey street, with vacant lot adjoining. House contains nine rooms and bath, heated with hot water, and electric lights throughout. For particulars apply to
LaRUE & LaRUE,
Notaries,
88 St. Anne Street.

GRAND MIDWINTER

Gymnastic and Physical EXHIBITION
...BY THE...
MEMBERS OF THE Y. M. C. A.
Gymnasium Classes,
Tuesday, Feb. 18th, at 8 P.M.

Admission 25c. Children 15c.

Feb 15/2

TO THE MUNICIPAL ELECTORS

—OF—

PALACE WARD.

At the request of many of the most prominent electors of Palace Ward, I have consented to allow myself to be placed in nomination as a candidate for seat No. 3 for that ward in the City Council, and I now come to respectfully solicit the favor of your support and your vote at the polls on Monday next, the 17th instant, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.

I may say that it is with a full appreciation of the honor done me, that I shall, if elected, undertake the important duties of the office, and that I shall devote my utmost efforts to discharge them conscientiously and fearlessly in the interest of the city in general and the ward in particular of which, as you are aware, I have long been a resident and proprietor.

Our city is to-day prospering and growing forward with rapid strides, which augur well for the future. To assist in promoting its advancement is my ambition and will be my constant aim.

Among the measures which I consider contributory to this, I give a first place to a continuation of the wise and successful administration of Hon. S. N. Parent, which has placed Quebec in the excellent position it now occupies and it is needless to say that his re-election as Mayor for another term will have my full support.

It is patent to everyone that there are not many urgent local questions before the electors at the moment. Still, there are some.

I believe that the question of a properly equipped and better civic hospital for contagious diseases should receive early attention and settlement, and that the city should be provided as soon as possible with such accommodation located on a healthy and pleasant site.

I think that some other means can be found to stimulate the collection of the annual taxes than the disfranchisement of proprietors, unless they have paid these in full on or before a certain arbitrary date. This system I regard as unjust. At all events, in my opinion, proprietors should be entitled to their votes in the wards in which their taxes have been fully paid up.

There are many valuable franchises belonging to the city, which will be in great demand sooner or later and I think that these cannot be too zealously safeguarded by the city's representatives.

I am also strongly in favor of the city being represented on its Harbor Board, as is Montreal, by its Chief Magistrate; of course, there would have to be mutual concessions.

The construction and running of a passenger elevator to promote rapid and easy circulation between the Lower and Upper Towns constitute a local improvement of the near future, which particularly interests Palace Ward, and which will have my earnest support.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
ALEXANDER J. MESSERVEY.

"Terrible as an army with banners," said Solomon—probably after watching a political parade from the grand stand.

Local News.

FLAG AT HALF MAST.

The flag was flying at half mast yesterday over the High School out of respect to the memory of the late Marquis of Dufferin.

MGR. BEGIN TO VISIT ROME.

It is stated that Mgr. Begin will leave Quebec on the 18th instant to attend the Jubilee celebration of Pope Leo XIII.

DON'T FORGET THIS ANNOUNCEMENT.

B. W. Ward will speak to-morrow night at 8.15, in the National School Hall, Esplanade. All are cordially invited. Be sure and come.

MEETING.

Alderman Roy will hold a meeting at Jacques Cartier Market Hall to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. The Alderman has invited Mr. J. E. Martineau and friends to meet him there to discuss municipal matters.

SOUTH AFRICAN VETERANS.

A meeting of all the officers, non-commissioned officers and men in the various contingents who served in South Africa will take place on Monday next, in the First Quebec Field Battery Rooms, Drill Hall, Grande Allee, for the purpose of forming a veteran association.

For novelties in Dress Goods and Silks—Glover, Fry & Co.

NOT THE SAME PARTY.

La Semaine Commerciale last week announced that several actions had been taken against the firm of Adolphe Huot. We are requested to state that the firm in question is not that of Adolphe Huot, plumber, Lower Town, who always honors his obligations.

CARNIVAL.

One of the greatest attractions of the carnival is undoubtedly the great sale of ladies' white ware, embroideries as well as cotonnades.

FAGUY, LEPIKAY & FRERE.

A POSITIVE CURE.

Parents should read the certificate of the late Dr. Rowand, which appears in another column, respecting the merits of the St. Leon mineral water. Dr. Rowand was one of Quebec's most prominent physicians, and his opinion is well worth taking into consideration.

HOTELS MUST CLOSE.

According to law, all the hotels and grocers wherein liquor is sold must be closed during polling hours on Monday next, when the municipal elections will take place. This only applies to wards in which there is a contest.

Special from Norwich, Ont.

The recovery of Mr. Norman Batty, hardware merchant, one of Norwich's oldest and most successful citizens, has excited much comment. For years Mr. Batty has been an increasing sufferer from Catarrhal Asthma and although no end of time and money was spent, relief was not obtained until Mr. Batty commenced Catarrhoxone treatment, which perfectly cured him. This case is only equalled by that of Mrs. Bannan, wife of J. J. Bannan, druggist, who was also cured of Asthma and Hay Fever by Catarrhoxone, which is a remarkable proof of its value. Two months treatment Price \$1. Small size 25c Sold by all druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

SEAT NO. 3, MONTCALM WARD.

John E. Walsh, present sitting Alderman of Seat No. 3, Montcalm Ward wishes to inform the public that any information will be given to enquiring friends in regard to his present contest at his Central Committee Room, No. 28 O'Connell street.

FISH FOR THE LENTEN SEASON.

Fresh salmon, fresh halibut, haddock and cod, all of the best quality. Salt fish of all kinds at prices to suit the most critical buyer. Get your supplies at J. A. Moisan's, 341 St. John street. Telephone 450.

Q. A. A. RINK.

Don't forget the band on this rink (this Saturday) afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock. These afternoon bands were very popular in former years and if well patronized will be continued for the balance of the season. Next week the band will play on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday nights.

A PLEASANT TRIP.

On the Great Northern Railway by a Number of Citizens.

Upon the invitation of Mr. J. C. Eno and his son-in-law, Mr. Graves, of New York, the following gentlemen left Quebec yesterday morning on a trip over the road and a visit to Shawinigan Falls:—Hon. J. Tessier, Hon. C. Langevin, Mr. P. N. Savard, ex-M.P. for Chateaufort, Arthur H. Murphy, H. O'Sullivan, Lt. Col. DuChesnay, P. D. Cazes, E. B. Gauthier, Ulric Tessier, John Murphy, D. McGie, Alf. Wheeler, E. A. Panot, W. B. Cabot, Boston; J. E. A. Dubuc, Chicoutimi; F. X. Biermans, Shawinigan Falls; Mr. Despathe, Montreal; Prof. Owens, McGill College; J. G. Scott, W. C. Johnson, Shawinigan Falls, and the following employees of the road:—Messrs. James Bain, G. Toombs, W. R. Russell, Mr. Doucet and T. B. Flood. On arrival at Shawinigan Falls the party visited the place in detail, particularly the factory of the Belgo-Canadian Pulp Co., and all expressed themselves highly pleased with their visit.

On the return trip to Quebec a most enjoyable time was spent by a most enjoyable group of friends. On board, a vote of thanks to Messrs. Eno and J. C. Scott was moved in very appropriate terms by Hon. C. Langevin, to which Hon. J. Tessier and Messrs. Savard and O'Sullivan added some remarks, all expressing the high esteem in which both gentlemen were held by the citizens of Quebec. Both Mr. Eno and Mr. Scott made very suitable replies, which were highly applauded.

Those who had the good fortune to be present were unanimous in stating that the trip throughout was a most enjoyable one.

The bathers sometimes find the sand soft and yielding to his feet. It does not trouble him and he goes on until his knees and his back are stiff and he has to fight for his life in a quicksand.

Disease is much like the quicksand. The first symptoms of stomach trouble do not cause anxiety. But when the body grows weak through lack of nourishment and disease of the stomach breeds disease of heart, lungs, liver or kidneys, the sufferer realizes his danger and seeks for medicinal aid.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures diseases of heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, etc., when these diseases have their origin in disease of the stomach and its allied organs.

Thomas A. Swartz, of St. Station C, Columbus, Ohio, Box 107, writes: "I was taken with severe headache, then cramps in the stomach, and my food would not digest, then kidney and liver trouble, and my back got weak so I could scarcely get around. At last I had all the complaints on me, and the more I doctor, the worse I got until six years passed. I had become so poorly I could only walk in the house by the aid of a chair, and I got so thin I had given up to die. Then a neighbor said, 'Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and make a new man out of yourself.' The first bottle I had taken eight bottles, in about six weeks I was weighed and found I had gained twenty-seven (27) pounds. I have done more hard work in the past eleven months than I did in two years before, and I am stout and healthy to-day. I think as I ever was."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

For novelties in Dress Goods and Silks—Glover, Fry & Co.

NOT THE SAME PARTY.

La Semaine Commerciale last week announced that several actions had been taken against the firm of Adolphe Huot. We are requested to state that the firm in question is not that of Adolphe Huot, plumber, Lower Town, who always honors his obligations.

CARNIVAL.

One of the greatest attractions of the carnival is undoubtedly the great sale of ladies' white ware, embroideries as well as cotonnades.

FAGUY, LEPIKAY & FRERE.

A POSITIVE CURE.

Parents should read the certificate of the late Dr. Rowand, which appears in another column, respecting the merits of the St. Leon mineral water. Dr. Rowand was one of Quebec's most prominent physicians, and his opinion is well worth taking into consideration.

HOTELS MUST CLOSE.

According to law, all the hotels and grocers wherein liquor is sold must be closed during polling hours on Monday next, when the municipal elections will take place. This only applies to wards in which there is a contest.

Special from Norwich, Ont.

The recovery of Mr. Norman Batty, hardware merchant, one of Norwich's oldest and most successful citizens, has excited much comment. For years Mr. Batty has been an increasing sufferer from Catarrhal Asthma and although no end of time and money was spent, relief was not obtained until Mr. Batty commenced Catarrhoxone treatment, which perfectly cured him. This case is only equalled by that of Mrs. Bannan, wife of J. J. Bannan, druggist, who was also cured of Asthma and Hay Fever by Catarrhoxone, which is a remarkable proof of its value. Two months treatment Price \$1. Small size 25c Sold by all druggists or by mail from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

SEAT NO. 3, MONTCALM WARD.

John E. Walsh, present sitting Alderman of Seat No. 3, Montcalm Ward wishes to inform the public that any information will be given to enquiring friends in regard to his present contest at his Central Committee Room, No. 28 O'Connell street.

FISH FOR THE LENTEN SEASON.

Fresh salmon, fresh halibut, haddock and cod, all of the best quality. Salt fish of all kinds at prices to suit the most critical buyer. Get your supplies at J. A. Moisan's, 341 St. John street. Telephone 450.

Q. A. A. RINK.

Don't forget the band on this rink (this Saturday) afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock. These afternoon bands were very popular in former years and if well patronized will be continued for the balance of the season. Next week the band will play on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday nights.

A PLEASANT TRIP.

On the Great Northern Railway by a Number of Citizens.

Upon the invitation of Mr. J. C. Eno and his son-in-law, Mr. Graves, of New York, the following gentlemen left Quebec yesterday morning on a trip over the road and a visit to Shawinigan Falls:—Hon. J. Tessier, Hon. C. Langevin, Mr. P. N. Savard, ex-M.P. for Chateaufort, Arthur H. Murphy, H. O'Sullivan, Lt. Col. DuChesnay, P. D. Cazes, E. B. Gauthier, Ulric Tessier, John Murphy, D. McGie, Alf. Wheeler, E. A. Panot, W. B. Cabot, Boston; J. E. A. Dubuc, Chicoutimi; F. X. Biermans, Shawinigan Falls; Mr. Despathe, Montreal; Prof. Owens, McGill College; J. G. Scott, W. C. Johnson, Shawinigan Falls, and the following employees of the road:—Messrs. James Bain, G. Toombs, W. R. Russell, Mr. Doucet and T. B. Flood. On arrival at Shawinigan Falls the party visited the place in detail, particularly the factory of the Belgo-Canadian Pulp Co., and all expressed themselves highly pleased with their visit.

On the return trip to Quebec a most enjoyable time was spent by a most enjoyable group of friends. On board, a vote of thanks to Messrs. Eno and J. C. Scott was moved in very appropriate terms by Hon. C. Langevin, to which Hon. J. Tessier and Messrs. Savard and O'Sullivan added some remarks, all expressing the high esteem in which both gentlemen were held by the citizens of Quebec. Both Mr. Eno and Mr. Scott made very suitable replies, which were highly applauded.

Those who had the good fortune to be present were unanimous in stating that the trip throughout was a most enjoyable one.

TEETH AND FGD.

A Help In Time Of Need.

Sometimes bad teeth cause illness, particularly when they are not fit to masticate food. A man in Ada, O. had all of his teeth drawn. He was sick with indigestion and lack of vitality and his teeth were in a bad condition. He expected, to regain his health by thoroughly chewing his food, but he had no experience that is well worth knowing of.

"Instead of improving I continued to lose strength," he says, "until I was a mere moving skeleton. I tried a number of prepared foods but none of them helped me until I got Grape-Nuts. The flavor pleased my palate at once. I soaked the food in cream and got along with it nicely. Within a few days I noticed that I was not so tired and jaded. Gradually I grew stronger, so I ate off all other foods and took only Grape-Nuts."

My old time vigor came back and in two months I gained 47 pounds. This was remarkable for I am of spare build. Now I sleep and feel wonderfully well.

Inasmuch as I am doing so nicely without teeth I have concluded to wait until my gums have finished shrinking before having a set made. I don't believe I could have gone through the drain on my system had it not been for Grape-Nuts. There is no doubt about the life-giving and nerve-strengthening force of that food. I talk Grape-Nuts to all of my friends."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

FELL IN A FIT.

A seasonal messenger in the employ of the Legislative Assembly, named Goudeau, fell in a fit at the Parliament Buildings yesterday morning. At first it was thought he was dead, his body being motionless, but by hard work several physicians present brought him around. His illness was caused by indigestion.

CONVALESCENT.

The friends of Mr. Dorval, Chief of the Quebec fire brigade, will be pleased to learn that he has recovered from his severe illness and is now convalescent. He ventured out of his home yesterday, when he visited his barber and got dressed up, in anticipation of being able to return to his duties in the course of a few days.

Y.M.C.A. NOTES.

Young Men's Meeting to-night at 8 o'clock, open to all young men.

Prayer and Praise service for young men to-morrow morning at 9.45.

Bible Class for young men Sunday at 3 o'clock.

A most cordial invitation is extended to all men strangers in the city especially.

RECORDER'S COURT.

A young man, who was before the Recorder's Court on Thursday last, charged with threatening his mother with violence and allowed to go free on condition that he would leave the city, was again brought into Court yesterday, having failed to make good his promise, but instead getting drunk. He was sent to gaol for two months.

PASSENGER CAR BURNED.

On Thursday last a first-class passenger car, the property of the Intercolonial Railway, was burned at Levis. The car was in the yard at the Grand Trunk station when it was discovered to be on fire. The firemen of No. 2 Station were called out and extinguished the flames before it was entirely destroyed, but the damage caused will reach \$3,000.

Electors of Montcalm Ward cast your votes for Mr. P. Hogan, the popular candidate for Seat No. 3. Vote early and advise your friends to do the same.

Never Say Die.

You may be weak, miserable, nervous, and you despair. Never say die until you have used Ferrozene, the most wonderful blood maker, nerve strengthener and brain invigorator. It tones up the whole system. You can eat anything and digest it if you use Ferrozene. You sleep well. You make blood quickly, strength increases daily, in a short time you're well. Try Ferrozene, which you can obtain at any drug store and from W. Brunet & Co.

IMPORTATIONS.

We have just received our tweeds and serges. Come early and select your spring goods.

FAGUY, LEPIKAY & FRERE.

DEATH OF MR. H. C. AUSTIN.

Our readers will regret to learn of the death of Mr. H. C. Austin, a notary public of this city, which sad event occurred shortly after midnight. The deceased, who has been seriously ill for some time past, was one of the oldest members of the profession in this Province, and was highly esteemed and respected by all. The funeral will take place this afternoon.

SPOT CASH SHOP.

It will always pay you to ask for prices at the Spot Cash Shop for Lent:

Fresh Salmon, 13c per pound.
Fresh Halibut, 14c per pound.
Fresh Dore, 10c per pound.
Fresh Haddock, 5c per pound.
Good butter in rolls, 20c per pound.
Pettit John Breakfast Food, 2 packages for 25c.
Malt Breakfast Food, 2 packages for 25c.

Buckwheat Flour, 2 packages for 25c.

Also, Cream of Wheat Pancake flour, Grape-Nuts, Marmalade, Oranges.

N. MOISAN.

Corner d'Arthey and Julia.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Mr. Harry Read, aged 45 years, who resided in Artillery street, this city, died suddenly at his home yesterday at noon. Deceased, who was a ship laborer, was sitting in a chair when he suddenly fell to the floor in an unconscious condition and expired shortly afterwards. Heart disease is supposed to be the cause, which, however, will be determined this morning at the Coroner's inquest.

RUNAWAYS.

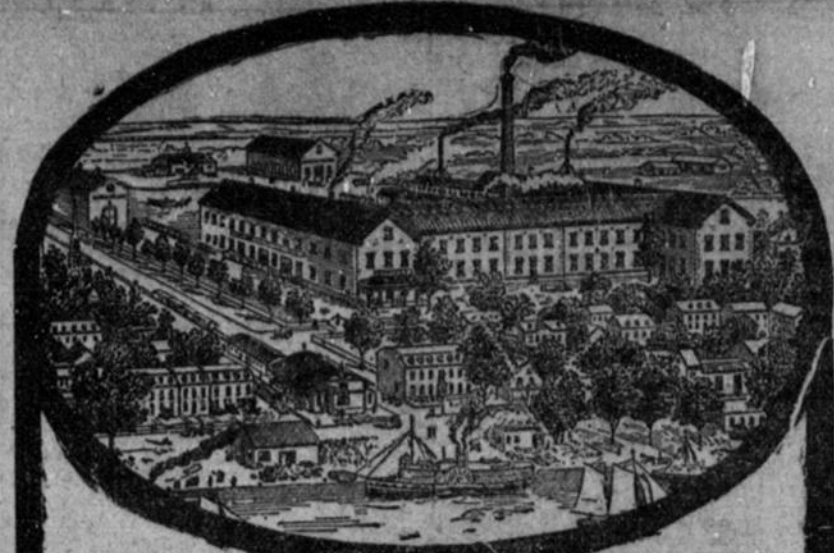
Runaway horses have been of frequent occurrence these past few days. Yesterday at one o'clock an animal became infuriated and ran away on St. John street. He broke the traces and afterwards knocked over a policeman that was trying to stop him, and finally was caught on St. Lawrence street. Fortunately the guardian of the peace escaped injury and no damage was done to the sleigh attached. Later in the afternoon another horse took fright in the Lower Town and galloped up Mountain Hill, to be stopped at the Basilica, without damage.

BAND AT THE RINK.

The Band of the R. C. A. will play at the Rink this (Saturday) afternoon from 3.30 to 5.30 o'clock. The following is the programme:—

1. March—"Golden Eagle" Sousa
2. Valse—"Or et Azur" Lamorhe
3. Quadrille—"Topey Turvey" Williams
4. Valse—"Invitation a la Valse" Weier
5. Lancer—"Duke of Fife" J. Wood
6. Valse—"Moreoka" Lamorhe
7. Valse—"Die Osmanen" Lanner

Vive la Canadienne.
God King.
J. VEZINA,
Bandmaster.



The Melchers Gin Distillery, Berthierville, P.Q.

Where Melchers'

RED CROSS

Canadian Gin

is distilled and Matured for years in Bonded Warehouses controlled by the Government.

Melchers "Red Cross" is the Only Pure Gin having its age guaranteed on every bottle by a Government stamp.

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., Distributing Agents, MONTREAL, Canada.

Gentlemen = =