

ALLIES CONTINUE VIGOROUS OFFENSIVE ON THE DOBRUDJA AND TRANSYLVANIAN FRONTS

Field Marshall Von Mackensen's Men Are Pushed Back Further—Austro-Germans Positions Are Captured—General Foch's Troops Capture Village of Saillisel—Berlin Admits Advance By Serbs

The Russians and Rumanians on both the Dobrudja and Transylvanian fronts of the Rumanian theatre are vigorously on the offensive against the troops of the Teutonic allies. Keeping up their operations to the north of the Constanza-Tchernavoda railway begun last week, the Russo-Rumanian forces have been enabled to push back Field Marshal Von Mackensen's men to a front running through the towns of Topal, Inancesne and Karanasuf.

In the Transylvania zone the Russians have gradually reinforced the Rumanians on the northern section of the line until they are now fighting side by side with them over a front of about fifty miles south of the Bukovina border. The latest official communications from both Bucharest and Petrograd report the capture of Austro-German positions in the Trotus and Alt valleys, and the repulse of attacks at various points. Near the Oituz Pass the Austro-Germans have made advances, according to Berlin.

After days of sanguinary fighting the village of Saillisel, lying to the east of the Peronne-Bapaume road in the Somme region of France, has at last fallen entirely into the hands of the troops of General Foch. In the capture of the town the French inflicted heavy casualties on the Germans and in addition captured seven officers, 220 men and eight machine guns. On the remainder of the front in France artillery duels are in progress.

Little fighting of moment is going on in the Russian, Macedonian and Austro-Italian theatres. Along the Narayuvka river in Galicia attacks by the Russians have been put down by the Austro-Germans. The town of Polog and Culse Hill have been captured by the Serbians from the Bulgarians, according to Paris. Berlin admits an advance by the Serbians in this region. No infantry engagements on the Austro-Italian front have been reported.

Unofficial advices from Berlin say that the commander of the German submarine which recently sank the British steamer Rowanmore, on which there were several Americans, reports that the vessel was shelled because she failed to halt when commanded to do so.

DEUTSCHLAND READY NOW.

New London, Conn., Nov. 12.—The time of the departure of the German submarine Deutschland was still uncertain tonight, although everything apparently had been in readiness since Saturday for a quick dash to sea. At the custom house it was said the manifest had not yet been filed, but that this formality together with issuance of clearance papers would occupy only a short time.

There were more rumors today that British cruisers were outside the three-mile limit waiting for the Deutschland and that two German war submarines were off the coast to convoy the boat back to Germany. There was no confirmation.

GREECE WILL FLOAT LOAN.

Athens, Saturday, Nov. 11, via London, Nov. 12.—(Delayed)—The provisional government has decided to float a loan which will be placed among Greeks residing in the United States and other foreign countries.

Major Cheroulis and Colonel Kontoratos, of Queen Sophie's Own Regiment, have deserted the royal forces to join the Venizelists at Saloniki.

BRITISH BOMB BULGARIA.

London, Nov. 12.—The Admiralty today made the following announcement:

"A squadron of naval airplanes on Friday bombed successfully Bulgarian airdromes and stores at Drama, Porna and Angista (on the Macedonian front), with excellent results.

"Friday's Volkingen (Rheinish, Prussia) air raid was carried out by a squadron of naval airplanes."

SERBIAN KING IN ATHENS.

London, Nov. 12.—A Reuter despatch from Athens dated Nov. 11 says: "It is understood that the Greek government has agreed to the Entente demands that officials and officers be allowed full liberty to join the provisional government, provided they first resign from the royal service."

"King Peter of Serbia has arrived at Athens incognito."

INSURGENTS EVACUATE KATERINA.

Litokhoron, Greece, Friday, Nov. 10, via London, Nov. 12.—(Delayed)—The insurgents have completed the evacuation of Katerina, leaving the town in the hands of a few French guards. The government troops have recommenced their withdrawal southward to take up headquarters at Peloponnesus, on the Isthmus of Corinth, in compliance with the agreement between the Entente commanders and the Royalists.

ANOTHER GERMAN LIE.

Berlin, Nov. 12, via Sayville.—A deep impression has been made on the German public by the recent report from the Admiralty that a British patrol ship, flying the American flag, after destroying the German submarine U-41 deliberately ran down a rowboat containing the two survivors of the submarine crew in an endeavor to remove the only witnesses.

"Indignation is growing in Germany," says the Overseas News Agency, "and the excitement is stimulated by the fact that German submarines returning from trips report again and again that they have been attacked treacherously by hostile merchantmen. These cases furnish proof that the instructions given by the British Admiralty in May of last year, a copy of which was found on the steamship Woodfield, are still in force. According to these instructions, armed trading ships are to attack submarines on sight."

HOW THE ARABIA WAS TORPEDOED

PRESENCE OF MIND OF EUROPEAN CREW AVERTED A GRAVE DISASTER.

London, Nov. 12.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Malta dated last Thursday, dealing with the sinking of the Peninsular and Oriental Liner Arabia, says:

"Passengers of the Arabia who landed here say that the submarine was not seen but that the wake of a torpedo was discerned. After the ship was struck the submarines periscope was seen three hundred yards distant. "The torpedo struck the bunkers near the engine room. Coal blocked the rent and stemmed the inrush of water, which undoubtedly enabled the Arabia to remain so long afloat. The crash was terrific and the vessel swirled round under the force of the impact.

"Some of the passengers insist that the submarine approached to within fifty yards of the Arabia before it discharged the torpedo. Two engineers are missing, and it is supposed they perished at their post of duty. The periscope was distinctly seen circling around the vessel after she was struck, but the submarine never came to the surface.

"The passengers are convinced that the gravest disaster was only averted by the presence of mind of the European crew to whom had been allotted the watertight doors. Dr. Bodie, a passenger, relates that while in a boat he saw the submarine's periscope moving toward the Arabia, the intention of the submarine evidently being to board the steamer and secure the ship's papers. The rescuing vessels, however, frustrated this design."

The Weather

Toronto, Nov. 12.—A pronounced cold wave is now centred in the north-west states, while the pressure is nowhere low on the continent. Some occasional snow flurries have occurred in Ontario and Quebec but the weather in Canada has been nearly everywhere fine and cold.

Temperatures:

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	6	16
Prince Rupert	26	44
Victoria	28	42
Vancouver	24	38
Kamloops	6	18
Edmonton	4	16
Battleford	4	14
Saskatoon	1	13
Prince Albert	4	14
Medicine Hat	6	10
Moose Jaw	9	9
Regina	8	0
Winnipeg	2	10
Port Arthur	12	23
Parry Sound	24	28
London	32	36
Toronto	32	32
Ottawa	50	26
Montreal	22	28
Quebec	14	26
Halifax	28	40

* Below.

Forecasts:

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay:—Fresh to strong north-west and north-east and north winds, some light local snowfalls or flurries but partly fair and cold.

Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence:—North and north-west winds, local snow flurries, but mostly fair and cold.

Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and North Shore:—Moderate to fresh north-west to north winds, a few local snow flurries but generally fair and cold.

Maritime:—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly north-west and north; a few light local falls of snow or rain, but mostly fair and cold.

Superior:—French north to west winds, local snow flurries but mostly fair and cold.

All West:—Fine and cold.

MORE NORWEGIANS SUNK.

London, Nov. 12.—The Norwegian steamships Dahne, 1,388 tons gross, and Seirstad, 993 tons, have been sunk.

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BATTLE FOR POSSESSION OF SAILLY-SAILL'SEL

ANOTHER ONE IS IN PROGRESS—OFFICIAL ACCOUNT OF FRENCH OPERATIONS ON SOMME FRONT—SEVERE BOMBARDMENT.

Berlin, Nov. 12, via Sayville.—Another battle for possession of Saily-Saillisel, on the Somme front, began last night. The struggle is still in progress, the War Office announces. Following is the official account of operations on the western front:

"On the north bank of the Somme the artillery fire temporarily became severe. In Saily-Saillisel last evening there began new fighting, which still is going on.

"South of the river the firing increased in the vicinity of Chaumes. On both sides of Ablaincourt our artillery hindered the development of an attack which was in preparation."

Saturday's Events.

Paris, Nov. 11.—The following official statement was issued tonight by the War Office:

"We delivered this afternoon a sharp attack on the village of Saillisel (on the Bapaume-Peronne road) a greater part of which we recaptured. Our troops are occupying the north-eastern and south-eastern outskirts. The struggle continues in the eastern part of the village where the enemy is still resisting desperately. The number of prisoners counted to now exceeds one hundred, including four officers.

"South of the Somme an attempt by the Germans against our position south of Pressoire was repulsed with bombs. The artillery duel continues violently on both sides in the regions of Ablaincourt and Gomiecourt. There was an intermittent cannonade on the rest of the front.

"Between ten and eleven o'clock on the morning of Nov. 10 a group of seventeen British airplanes bombarded the steel works at Focklingen (Volkingen) north-west of Sarbrucken. One thousand kilograms of projectiles were dropped on the buildings which were damaged seriously. In the course of the operation British machines fought several actions against enemy machines, three of which were felled. On the following night between 8 and 9 o'clock four airplanes executed a fresh bombardment of these works, dropping 1,000 kilograms of projectiles. Several fires were observed. All our machines returned safely.

"During the night of Nov. 10-11 our squadrons drenched with projectiles the stations of Ham, St. Quentin, Tergnier and Nesle, in the Somme region, and the airdrome at Dreuze, the blast furnaces of Romsbach, the airplane sheds of Frescati (near Metz), and blast furnaces of Hagondange (north of Metz). These operations caused great damage and several explosions and fires were observed.

"A German airplane during the night of Nov. 10-11 bombarded several French towns. Nomancy and Luneville received attacks, but no damage or casualties resulted.

Eastern Army: "On the left bank

HUN SUBMARINE SINKS AMERICAN STR. COLUMBIAN

LATTER WAS SUNK OFF PORTUGAL AFTER A VIOLENT TEMPEST.

Paris, Nov. 12.—A wireless despatch from Madrid says that it was a German submarine which sank the American steamship Columbian. According to this information, the Columbian encountered the submarine on Nov. 6th, during a violent tempest. The submarine compelled the Columbian to interrupt her voyage and lie to under surveillance until Nov. 8th. When the storm subsided, the despatch says, the submarine ordered the crew to abandon the ship, and then sank her.

A Havas despatch from Madrid quotes the newspapers of Corunna, Spain, where the crew is reported to have landed, to the effect that when the Columbian was held up the submarine ordered the crew to disembark, but that the storm was so severe that this was impossible until two days later.

of the Cerna the Serbians, taking the offensive vigorously in the mountainous region of Chuke, north of Skoobauer, the Bulgarian forces and drove them back notwithstanding fierce resistance from strongly fortified positions. Up to now 500 prisoners, including 10 officers, ten guns and ten machine guns have fallen into the hands of our allies.

"On our left wing a lively artillery duel continues. We repulsed several enemy attempts at diverse points of our front."

Paris, via London, Nov. 12.—The official communication issued by the War Office tonight reads: "North of the Somme we completed the conquest of Saillisel and carried with grenades some groups of houses in the eastern part of the village where parties of Germans were still holding out. The whole village is now in our possession.

"The losses to the Germans sustained in this fighting are indicated by the number of bodies which cover the captured ground. We captured seven officers and 220 unwounded prisoners together with eight machine guns.

"On the rest of the front there was only artillery action.

"Adjutant Bonnefoy brought down on Nov. 4th his fifth German airplane."

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It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; has no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

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The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Price in England: 2/6, 1/0, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

Legal Intelligence

Judgments—Assignments—Writs Issued:

Judgment by Hon. Chief Justice Lemieux:—

Plante and al. vs. Laprise — Judgment as prayed.

Judgment by Hon. Justice Dorion: Legare Ltée. vs. Gagnon, and Roy, T. S.—Delibere discharged.

Judgments by Hon. Justice Bellemare:—

Comeau vs. Lapierre. Action for \$110, based on a check, dismissed with costs.

Bernier vs. Pageau. Plaintiff claims \$416.04 based on a contract between the parties in the present case, dated 17th December, 1913, considering that defendant has proven his plea the learned judge dismisses the plaintiff's action with costs, reserving to plaintiff all legal recourse that she might have by the writing of the 17th December, 1913.

Judgments by Hon. Justice Roy: Lavergne vs. The Quebec Garrison Club. Delibere discharged to allow the parties to file all the documents necessary to complete the record.

Bonnet vs. Huot. Judgment in plaintiff's favor for \$30, amount of the offers made by defendant, the whole without costs.

A demand of assignment was made to Louis Marchand, of Quebec, trader, for a claim of \$2,014.14, by P. P. Martin & Co., Ltd., a body politic and corporate, having its principal place of business at Quebec, traders. The insolvent has consented to assign for the benefit of his creditors, and the appointment of a provisional guardian was made by the Prothonotary, the nominees being Messrs. LaRue, Trudel and Picher, accountants, of Quebec.

Writs Issued:

Writs of summonses issued from the Prothonotary's Office:—Cyrille Tessier, vs. MacKenzie-Mann & Co., Ltd., and The Canadian Northern System Terminals, Ltd., Toronto, \$7,000.00.

Farrell, Belisle & Co., Ltd., vs. Miss Delima Verrault, Sayabec, \$110.03, debt.

J. Alphonse Jacques, vs. Philibert Garneau, Quebec, \$2,003.80, personal.

Wilbrod Blais, vs. Arthur Chateaufort, Quebec, \$144.25, rent.

Georges Morel, vs. Louis St. Hilaire alias Louis St. Hilaire, Ste. Anne de Beaulieu, \$199.00, in factum.

Louis Canac Marquis, vs. Alphonse Legare, \$730.65, account and promissory note.

Montefiore Joseph, vs. J. Adelaar Gagne, Quebec, \$304.70, debt.

Germain Belanger, vs. Marie Cedulie Tremblay, St. Joseph d'Alma, \$162.78, account.

Cora Morin, vs. Mrs. Clara Goulet and Adelard Gravel, Quebec, \$102.16, debt.

On the night to which the writer refers the transport men of a certain battalion asked many questions of the men they met coming down from the front. Nearly all the questions included inquiries as to the colonel.

"How is the old C.O.?" is he all right?" Particularly anxious to did the colonel's groom ask this question.

At last there is the steady noise of marching feet. The battalion has arrived, and all is stir about the kitchens. The colonel's servant meets a man of his own company, very tired, very muddy, and very careworn-looking. "Hullo, Pat! Glad to see you old man! Is the C.O. come?"

Pat stops suddenly, and looks up a little startled and surprised.

"The C.O.? Yes! ah! yes! The C.O. has come!" And heartily rejoiced at the news, the colonel's servant hurries on to the cook sergeant for the hot tea he has arranged to be ready for his master.

Even the most weary, and worn-out soldiers let their tongues wag when they come to the field kitchens and know that some hot food is at hand. It is strange tonight, though, how silent the men are. They sing to the ground slowly, they seem even indifferent to the greetings of the transport men—they even ignore the kitchens!

The colonel's servant comes hurrying along with a steaming cup in his hand. He stops near the shelter he has put up for his master behind the wagon. There is an officer standing close by. "Very glad to see you safe, captain! Is the colonel here, sir?"

The Servant's Greeting.

The officer looks up, his face haggard. Pointing to the shelter, he replies to the servant in a low voice. "Yes, oh! yes, the colonel is here." Very eagerly the servant goes toward the rude shelter, saying, "Colonel, indeed, I am glad you are back. I have

your tea, sir, or perhaps you would like a little soup or else maybe—"

The officer interrupts him, and, laying his hand upon his shoulder, says: "Don't you understand, man—the colonel!"

The two men stare at each other. In a flash the servant now understands! Very tenderly they raise the covering from the body, and by the light of an electric torch they look at the calm, dead face.

Yes, the colonel is here. He might, indeed, be sleeping, so peacefully he seems, his hands clasped across his breast, over the mud-stained and blood-stained uniform. A long, cruel gash spreads over one cheek—not disfiguring but rather, indeed, ennobling the more the face which the men had always thought looked noble.

When the morning dawned they carried him, in mourning and respect to the graveyard in the little ruined town near by.

And so it was the colonel came back with his battalion!

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PERSONAL

HOW THE COLONEL CAME BACK.

An Episode in the Battle of the Somme.

(London Chronicle.)

The field kitchens had gone up the long dark road in the direction where the Division had been engaged in action. It was a very successful action, and all the news which trickled back was very cheering. True, there had been many, many losses, both in officers and men, but even these, sadly as they were felt, were not so grievous for the time in the exultation felt at what had been achieved. The Division had gone through most squalid had already, in the course of the long drawn-out battle, been assaulted six times, but without success.

For two years the Germans had been entrenched there, and they had, as well they know how, made the position very strong. Barbed wire entanglements of the most intricate kind, machine-gun emplacements where the guns, by cunningly contrived lifts, could disappear during the bombardment and reappear at once afterwards. Everything that could be contrived to ward off attacks had been contrived, and quite openly the enemy boasted that the place was impregnable.

Now, however, the joyful news came that in the seventh attack the "old Irish Division" had won through.

66 Back from the Trenches.

The following day the victorious battalions worked hard "consolidating" the ground won and digging themselves in to resist counterattacks. When night came they would be relieved by fresh troops, and so when night did come, and it came loweringly, with angry, black clouds sweeping across the moon, the field kitchens were sent up the long dark road down which the men would march from the battlefield. Midway along the road some of the battalions would bivouac for the night at each side. So the transport officers hurried off the field kitchens to meet them and to prepare hot soup, tea and everything possible for the weary soldiers who for two days and two nights had been fighting and advancing with only such food as they might carry in their haversacks.

This long, dark road, was intermittently shelled, but if it were shelled on every yard of it the transport men would willingly have gone up it to meet their battle-worn comrades.

The great majority of the wounded had been picked up and dealt with, but after an action, singly and in little groups, wounded men are encountered—men who have been sheltering in shell-holes and unable for the time to reach assistance or make their plight known. From these returning sufferers much information is gleaned by the men of the transport as they pass along. Comrades are inquired for and officers asked after. Sometimes the answer is "Dead," sometimes "Wounded," and sometimes it is hard to get definite news.

"How Is The Old C.O.?"

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Mr. A. Thomas, of Ottawa, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. H. H. Ayer, of Montreal, is a guest at the Chateau.

Miss Alice Fitzpatrick, of Ottawa, is a guest at the Chateau.

Lt.-Col. W. H. Fraser of Ottawa, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. F. H. Stearns, of Montreal, is staying at the Chateau.

Mr. J. J. Hebert, of Montreal, is registered at the Chateau.

Mrs. A. Robinson, of Sherbrooke, is registered at the Chateau.

Madame Miville Dechene, is in Montreal, the guest of her sister Mme. Arthur Delisle.

Miss Tudor Montzambert, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Reginald Beckett, in the city, has returned to Ottawa.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British Ambassador to the United States, accompanied by Lady Spring-Rice and daughter, who were recently the guests of Sir Charles and Lady Fitzpatrick in Ottawa have arrived in the city, and are registered at the Chateau.

The marriage is announced to take place on the 20th, instant between Miss Florida Florette Belland, daughter of Mr. H. Beland of this city, and Mr. Rosario Paquet, son of Mr. Elzear Paquet, also of this city. The marriage will be solemnized in the St. Louis Chapel of the Basilica at 7 a.m.

Late arrivals at the Chateau:—A. Plamondon, H. H. Ayer, A. Ewan, J. J. Hebert, D. R. Kennedy, Jr.; C. Lecours, W. R. Borbridge, J. A. Lortie, L. T. Charbonneau, J. K. Cunningham, P. Saucier, Montreal; Lt.-Col. A. O. Lambert, A. Thomas, Ottawa; J. E. Bennett, Sir C. Spring-Rice, Washington, D.C.; Mrs. A. Robinson, Sherbrooke; E. J. Phillips, Toronto; N. P. Bonney, Newark, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Flanders, New York, N.Y.; Mrs. M. Dunn, Lt.-Col. W. H. Fraser, G. B. Campbell, Ottawa; F. E. Ritchie, F. H. Stearns, A. R. Martin, P. Lauglin, Montreal.

berg, the ships purchased are the Fordonian and Algonquin from Canadian owners and the American steamship Bowdoin. All three will fly the American flag, he said.

TOTAL VOTE IN U.S.

New York, Nov. 10.—The total popular vote received in each of the States by President Wilson and Charles E. Hughes, but based on incomplete reports and estimated, indicated that the President received 403,312 more votes than Mr. Hughes.

PROHIBITION DEFEATED

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 10.—State wide prohibition was defeated in Missouri last Tuesday by an overwhelming vote.

Returns from more than half the voting precincts of the state gave a majority of more than 124,000 against the amendment.

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New York, Nov. 10.—The total popular vote received in each of the States by President Wilson and Charles E. Hughes, but based on incomplete reports and estimated, indicated that the President received 403,312 more votes than Mr. Hughes.

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RUSSIANS AND RUMANIANS PROGRESS IN TRANSYLVANIA

FURTHER SUCCESS IS RECORDED ABOUT FIFTY MILES BELOW THE BUKOWINA BORDER—ADVANCE IN DOBRUDJA CONTINUES.

Petrograd, Nov. 12, via London.—The Russian army which is invading Transylvania to assist the Rumanians in the defense of their western frontier has gained further successes, the War Office announces, and has penetrated Transylvania a distance of more than 50 miles below the Bukowina border. In Dobrudja the advance against Field Marshal Von Mackensen's army continues. Following is the announcement:—

"South of Dorna Wara, in the region of the villages of Hollo and Tolgyes, the enemy continues to attack without success. South of Almasmezo (55 miles south-east of Dorna Wara) we carried two commanding heights, capturing one machine gun, four officers and 205 men.

"In the Argis valley, on the Transylvania front, the enemy continued his unsuccessful attacks.

"On the Danube front (Dobrudja) our advance toward the south continues."

Rumanian Successes.

Bucharest, Nov. 12 via London.—The Rumanians have assumed the offensive on a considerable section of the Transylvania front, after repulsing repeated Austro-German attacks, the War Office announces. The occupation of a number of positions is reported. In Dobrudja Field Marshal Von Mackensen's army has been driven further to the south. The official account of these operations follows:—

"Northern and north-western fronts: In the Trotus valley our troops made an attack. They occupied Mount Alunis, eight kilometres north of Goiasa, and Mount Preceles, seven kilometres north of Agas. In the Uzul valley our artillery destroyed the Uzvolgy factory.

"The enemy delivered eight attacks in the direction of the summit of Cernica, between Slanio and Otuz, all of which were repulsed. We then assumed the offensive on the whole front from Vrancea as far as Slanio. We occupied the Lupcei and Patamora summits.

"In the Buzeu valley the enemy opened an attack at 6 o'clock in the evening on the right bank of the river. He was repulsed at eight o'clock. At Table Butzi, Bratocea and Predelus there were patrol actions. In the Pralova valley the enemy's artillery was active. Toward Leresti and Candesti the fighting continues.

"In the Alt valley we continue to make progress on the left bank of the river. On the right bank the enemy made a violent attack. In the

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ESTABLISHED 1764.

QUEBEC, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1916.

ONE CENT.

NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL
REACHES CANADIAN SHORES

THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE IS INSTALLED AT
HALIFAX—BRITISH AMBASSADOR, HIS COUSIN,
MEETS HIM AT LEVIS—SIR EVARISTE LETLANC
PAYS HIS RESPECTS.

Canada's new Governor-General, the Duke of Devonshire, the Duchess of Devonshire and their two daughters, Lady Maud, Louise Emma Cavendish and Lady Katherine Cavendish, and suite arrived in Levis on special train over the I.C.R. at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Halifax and remained a short while before proceeding to Ottawa.

During their brief stay at Levis His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province, Sir Evariste LeBlanc, and Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, his cousin, British Ambassador to the United States, who is spending a few days in Quebec, paid their respects to the Duke and Duchess and party. The Lieutenant-Governor was accompanied by Major Victor Pelletier, A.D.C. The distinguished party arrived in Halifax on Saturday from England where they were given a warm welcome. The ceremony of installation of the new Governor-General took place in the Legislative Assembly Chamber at Halifax.

The new Governor-General of Canada is 48 years old. He is the son-in-law of the Marquis of Lansdowne and his wife is Queen Mary's most intimate friend.

Sir C. Spring-Rice.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice attended service at the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity yesterday morning and in the afternoon Sir Cecil and Lady Spring-Rice had tea with the Bishop of Quebec and Mrs. Williams.

Welcome at Halifax.

Halifax, N.S., Nov. 12.—The Rt. Hon. the Duke of Devonshire, was formally installed as Governor-General of Canada in the historic Council Chamber of the Nova Scotia provincial building here at three o'clock Saturday afternoon, in the presence of representatives of the Dominion government, the Senate, the navy, the army, the Supreme Court of Canada, Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia, the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, the provincial cabinet, the clergy of Nova Scotia and prominent citizens. His Excellency was sworn in by the Hon. Louis Davies, K.C.M.G. The Duke of Devonshire is the third Governor-General to have been installed at Halifax, the others being the Marquis of Lorne and Earl Grey. The ship bearing the Duke of Devonshire, the Duchess of Devonshire, their two daughters, Lady Maud, Louise Emma Cavendish and Lady Katherine Cavendish, arrived here at noon.

The big gun on Citadel Hill had just boomed the noon hour when the ship bearing the ducal party swung in alongside the new pier two. The gang plank was swung out, and the Under-Secretary of State Mulvey went on board and paid his respects to them.

As soon as the ship was docked the Duke, of Devonshire, the Duchess of Devonshire, Lady Maud Louise Emma Cavendish and Lady Katherine Cavendish were soon close to the rail of the upper promenade. His Grace wore a morning suit; Her Grace, Lady Maud and Lady Katherine wore travelling costumes and their furs. The sun shone brightly. There was a nip of cold in the air, a typical fall morning in Canada. In spite of the rough trip all had an excellent color, and were taking a keen interest in everything around them. A western battalion was drilling nearby and the ducal party seemed much interested in the manoeuvres. They remained on board for luncheon.

Shortly before 2 o'clock Hon. Mr. Blundin, Secretary of State; Mr. Mulvey, Under-Secretary of State, Admiral Kingsmill and staff, Major-General Hodgins, Adjutant-General, and his staff, went on board to receive the Duke and the Duchess. In a few minutes they disembarked again, accompanied by Captain Buckley-Johnson, King's Royal Rifles, and were followed shortly afterward by His Grace and Her Grace and suite.

His Grace was immediately preceded by the equestrian in the handsome uniform of an officer of the Coldstream Guards. His Grace wore

a morning suit, and was followed by Her Grace, who wore a black seal-skin coat, trimmed with ermine; Lady Maud Louise Emma Cavendish who wore a cerise suit, trimmed with fur; Lady Katherine Cavendish, attired in a suit of blue, trimmed with fur, and Col. Henderson, military secretary. They descended from the upper to the lower floor of the pier, where they were received by a guard of honor, with a military salute of honor was made up of a detachment of one hundred men and three officers from the 66th P.L.F., commanded by Captain Frank Marr. The vice regal party and suite were then conducted to automobiles. The Duke and Duchess entered their automobiles sitting together in the rear seat, the equestrian sitting with the chauffeur. Lady Maud and Lady Katherine occupied a second automobile, and the rest of the suite followed.

The automobiles proceeded by way of Cornwallis, Barrington, George and Hollis streets to the parliament buildings of the province of Nova Scotia. The streets from the pier to the parliament buildings were lined on both sides with khaki clad men of overseas troops and forces doing garrison duty here. Among the troops were the 226th battalion from Manitoba, commanded by Lt.-Col. R. A. Gillespie, and the 248th battalion Nova Scotia Highlanders, commanded by Lieut.-Col. Parsons.

Though the citizens had not known in the morning of the coming of the ducal party, the soldiers were on the streets at the noon hour and it soon became noised about that the new Governor-General had arrived. The result was that there were many thousands of citizens along the route, and the Duke and Duchess were kept busily engaged, bowing their acknowledgements to the applauding crowd.

The Duke was received at the provincial building by a guard of honor made up of a detachment from the 66th, Halifax Rifles, commanded by Captain H. Clarke and the band. The Duke and Duchess and suite went around to the House of Assembly, where the procession was formed. A few minutes to 3 o'clock Captain Hicks, secretary to the Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia, led the procession from the House of Assembly to the Council chamber. The order was as follows: Captain Hicks, Lieut.-Colonel Gillespie and Lieut.-Col. Parsons, staff officers of the general officer commanding the Sixth Division and the chief of the naval staff; Major-General Benson, G.O.C., the Sixth Division; the Adjutant-General, Major-General Hodgins and Admiral Kingsmill; Captain Corbett; the Duke's suite; the Duke of Devonshire and the Duchess of Devonshire.

On the entrance of the Duke and Duchess the entire assemblage arose. The Duke took his seat on the dais on the south side of the Council chamber, and the Duchess was escorted to her place at the left of the dais. Just behind the Duchess were the members of the family, to their left was the Hon. Sir Louis Davies, K.C.M.G., and members of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia. To the right and left of the dais were local military officers. Also to the right was the Military Secretary, Col. Henderson, and members of the provincial cabinet. Hon. Mr. Blundin, Secretary of State, was the only member of the Dominion cabinet present. Among the spectators were Hon. Howard Ferguson and Hon. T. McGarry, two Ontario Ministers and Mrs. Ferguson.

Arrival at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12.—The Duke of Devonshire, Canada's new Governor-General, will arrive in Ottawa tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. He will be received by members of the government, military headquarters staff and other officials. Sir Louis Davies, Justice of the Supreme Court who went to Halifax to administer the oath of office, and Hon. P. E. Blundin, Secretary of State, who handed over the great seal, returned to Ottawa this evening.

DEUTSCHLAND'S CARGO.

Sir Robert's Orders Regarding Report Sub is Carrying Canadian Ottawa, Nov. 12.—Sir Robert Borden, Prime Minister, has directed that inquiries be made into the allegations of the Providence Journal that Canadian nickel is being taken back as part of the cargo of the German submarine Deutschland. The question will be taken up by Cabinet tomorrow and an official statement issued. In the meantime government circles discredited the story, asserting sufficient safeguards have been provided. It is stated that some mines in the United States are producing a limited supply of nickel.

GERMANS SHELLED
ROWANMORE AFTER
SHE HAD STOPPED

HUNS SAY SHIP'S CAPTAIN
RESPONSIBLE FOR THE
BOMBARDMENT.

Berlin, Saturday, Nov. 11. (The Associated Press).—Via Sayville, Nov. 12.—The report of the commander of the German submarine which sank the British steamship Rowanmore, on which were several Americans, has been received by the Admiralty and indicates that the captain of the ship was responsible for her bombardment by the submarine. The reports says the Rowanmore disregarded the submarine's signal to halt and endeavored to escape at full speed, making it necessary for the submarine to fire a few shots in order to bring her to.

The crew showed its opinion of the captain's course, the report says, by piling into boats, leaving the master alone on the steamer. He was forced to lower a boat unaided and was paddling around alone, therein when picked up by the submarine.

The Americans on board, as far as can be learned, consisted of several negro firemen.

No report has been received on the case of the British steamship Marina which, with 52 Americans in the crew, was sunk by a submarine off the Irish coast. Inasmuch as she was sunk on the same day as was the Rowanmore a report is expected soon.

Three other cases of the sinking of steamships have been submitted by the American Embassy to the Foreign Office. These vessels were destroyed in September. No evidence was presented in this connection to indicate that Germany's assurance in regard to the conduct of submarine warfare have not been observed. No report has been received by the Embassy.

An informal request for information in regard to the sinking of the Rowanmore and Marina was made to the German government by the American government last month. There were two white Americans and five Filipinos in the crew of the Rowanmore, all of whom were saved. Affidavits obtained by the American consul at Liverpool said the Rowanmore attempted to escape, but that the submarine continued to shell her after she stopped. Six Americans on the Marina, which was armed with a 4.7 inch gun, lost their lives. American survivors said under oath that the vessel was torpedoed without warning.

BRITISH DISCHARGE
GAS AGAINST HUNS

ENEMY'S ARTILLERY HAS
SHOWN CONSIDERABLE AC-
TIVITY OF LATE.

London, Nov. 12.—The bulletin from British headquarters in France issued tonight reads:

"The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity during the day, particularly in the neighborhood of Les Bouffes and Eaucourt L'Abbaye. Early in the morning and again during the afternoon we successfully discharged gas against the enemy trenches north of the Ancre."

"Otherwise there is nothing to report."

ACTIVITY UPON
ITALIAN FRONT

AN UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OF
ENEMY TROOPS AND TRANS-
PORTS IS RECORDED.

Rome, Nov. 12, via London.—Following is the official announcement from the War Office today:

"Trentino front: An unusual movement of enemy troops and transports was observed in the sector between Vallarsa and the Terragnola valley. In the region of the Asiago valley and on the Asiago plateau there were artillery duels and skirmishes among reconnoitring parties."

"Julian front: We consolidated Hill 309, near which another six-inch gun, abandoned by the enemy, was found. In the course of small infantry encounters about twenty prisoners were taken."

AMERICAN ABOARD
STEAMER NOW SUNKEN

London, Nov. 12.—The American consul at Bombay, India, states that only one American, Paul Rutledge Danner, was on board the British steamer Arabia, sunk Nov. 6th in the Mediterranean, says a Reuter despatch from Bombay.

AUSTRO-GERMAN PROGRESS
THOUGHT ONLY TEMPORARY

PETROGRAD CRITICS THINK WINTER WILL FIND
RUSSIANS STILL HOLDING POSITIONS TAKEN
EARLIER BY GENERAL BRUSILOFF.

Petrograd, Nov. 12, via London.—The past week has brought a continuous series of sharp thrusts and counter thrusts along the entire south-western section of the Russian front, with both sides constantly drawn into hand to hand conflicts during which first line trenches changed hands with bewildering rapidity.

The net result has been slight progress for the Germans north-east of Baranovitchi, on the southern flank of General Evert's position. Here, however, the Russians have already regained their lost trenches and elsewhere all positions recently won by the Germans have in every case been wrested from them by counter attacks which were executed before they had an opportunity to consolidate them.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg continues to hammer the Russian position between Brzezany and Halicz, in Galicia, south-east of Lemberg, where occupying a range of hills along the Narayuvka river the Russians are still reaching out threateningly toward Lemberg. The Austro-German gains in this region are considered to have been only temporary and, according to military opinion, winter will set in with the Russians still firmly holding the position won by them during the early part of General Brusiloff's offensive. The Russian military critics are satisfied that whereas Field Marshal von Hindenburg has succeeded in commencing a partial offensive the Russian army is successfully accomplishing its purpose of preventing a further diversion of Austro-German troops to the Rumanian front, which they assume to be of the greatest importance.

Berlin, Nov. 12, via Sayville.—Renewed assaults yesterday by the Russians against Austro-German positions on the Narayuvka river south-east of Lemberg resulted in failure, it is announced officially.

Petrograd, Nov. 12, via London.—After an all-day battle in Galicia, south-east of Lemberg, Austro-German troops captured a section of the Russian trenches, the War Office reports. The engagement occurred in the vicinity of Lipnicadolna and Svistelniki, where continuous heavy fighting has been in progress since the Russians captured Austro-German positions there last week.

"In the region of Lipnicadolna and Svistelniki the enemy bombarded the front trenches, and attacked with larger forces," the statement says. "In the course of the battle, which raged until evening, the enemy succeeded in recapturing a section of our half destroyed trenches."

"On the remainder of the front there was an exchange of fire. Our scouting patrols made useful reconnaissances."

"The situation on the Causasian front is unchanged."

HUN COMMENT ON
ASQUITH'S SPEECH

MAJORITY OF PRESS REGARDS
IT INTENDED FOR NEUTRAL
CONSUMPTION.

Berlin, Nov. 11, via Sayville.—The majority of the German newspapers publish the speech of Premier Asquith at the Lord Mayor's banquet in London on Thursday evening, without comment, and added tersely that the speech was made for the benefit of neutrals "who naturally resent English war methods and whom Asquith now tries to coax into patience."

The Vossische Zeitung says that compliments paid to all countries, "especially to violated Greece only indicate the weakness of the British position," and asks how things must be in Saloniki if Mr. Asquith feels compelled to flatter even a small country "brutalized into helplessness."

The Cologne Gazette publishes an interview with a French statesman who declares that a separate peace between Russia and the Teutonic Allies is improbable, but adds that this does not mean that all members of the Entente necessarily will make peace on the same day.

GERMAN WAR LOAN.
Berlin, Nov. 12, via Sayville.—The amounts paid on subscriptions to the fifth German war loan up to Nov. 7 was 8,924,000,000 marks, or 83.8 per cent of the total.

NOTED FRENCHMAN DEAD
Paris, Nov. 11.—Alfred Joseph Noquet, a noted French chemist and politician, through whose efforts divorce was re-established in France in 1884, is dead.

WILSON'S SUCCESS
PLEASES GERMANS

PACIFIC TEMPER OF AMERI-
CAN PEOPLE IS BLAMED
FOR HIS RE-ELECTION.

Berlin, Nov. 12, via London.—Although further press discussions of President Wilson's re-election emphasizes Germany's indifference as to the outcome, important organs like the Cologne Gazette note with satisfaction that the President's success, as they view it, has been due to the pacific temper of the American people.

The Cologne Gazette, however, insists the election has taught President Wilson a good lesson for, the paper asserts, it was not a victory for the Wilson who was hellbent against Germany and "the obedient servant of England," but the Wilson who boasted he maintained peace and vowed to keep the same goal in the future.

Both papers see reasons for contentment with the result from the fact that the Parisian press was jubilant over the reported election of Mr. Hughes.

HAZARDOUS SEA
VOYAGE ON TUG

AFTER SENDING OUT "S. O. S."
CALLS THREE MEN REFUS-
ED TO LEAVE VESSEL.

London, Nov. 12.—The Berhaven correspondent of the Central News telegraphs the following remarkable story of the sea:

"One of the most extraordinary voyages ever made across the Atlantic has just been completed by the 'Vigilant,' a little American tug, belonging to New York, and bound from St. John's, Nfld., for Cardiff. Two days out from St. John's which she left a week ago last Sunday, the Vigilant experienced terrific weather, and on the fifth day she sent out 'S. O. S.' calls, the captain fearing she would founder. The Holland-American liner Ryndam picked up the signals, and proceeded to her assistance."

The Captain and 12 of the tug's crew were taken off by the 'Ryndam' which was bound for Rotterdam, but three men refused to leave. They were the second mate, Robert Ferguson, a Canadian; the third engineer, Thomas Walsh, an Irishman, and an American fireman named John Smith.

Taking control of the ship, these three men overcame tremendous difficulties, and actually succeeded in bringing her within sight of the Irish coast, where they were picked up by a British patrol vessel. Ferguson was locked in the wheelhouse and the other two in the engine room. The terrible weather prevented them moving and they remained at their posts for fifty hours, without food, water or sleep. Several parts of the ship were cracked in the main including the shaft of the dynamo in the engine room. This caused the tug to be in total darkness by night and added to the horrors of the situation.

ROFRANQ, ACQUITTED.

New York, Nov. 12.—Michael A. Rofrano, an attorney and former Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner of this city, was acquitted of the charge of complicity in the murder of Michael Gaimari, a political rival, by a jury here late today after it had deliberated on the case 22 hours. Rofrano was accused of having ordered Gaimari's death as the result of a political feud.

PRICE OF "TIMES"
WILL BE INCREASED

London, Nov. 12.—The price of the Times will be increased to 3½ pence after Nov. 20, and other important daily newspapers probably will follow suit, says the Weekly Dispatch. Owing to the cost of production, it adds, a number of leading newspapers are being conducted at very heavy losses.



His Majesty
the King

Real
English Burberry
O'Coats

The cold nip of winter is in the air and so these fresh arrivals from overseas comes at a most opportune time.

To those who already own a Burberry Coat we won't tell how good they are, but to the lady who hasn't yet worn one we say:—

No other garment is so light, so soft, yet so warm as a real burberry, which by the way, can only be had from us in Quebec.

In Grey, Blues, and Heather Mixtures.

They have that purely English look about them that is at the same time both the envy and admiration of the Canadian and American Tailors.

All Sizes up to 44 Bust

Holt, Renfrew & Co.
Limited

SERBIANS TAKE POSITIONS
AND CAPTURE PRISONERS

STRONGLY ORGANIZED HEIGHTS ON THE CHUKE
RANGE ARE CARRIED BY ASSAULT. AS WELL
AS POLOG VILLAGE.

ALLIES MUST SHOW
STILL MORE VIGOR

NEW OUTBURST OF GERMAN
ENERGY CALLS FOR IT, HE
SAYS.

London, Nov. 12.—J. L. Garvin writing in The Observer predicts that unless the Entente Allies come to a more vigorous decision the war will be prolonged far into 1918 as "the result of the new outburst of German energy on all sides and the unity of direction under Von Hindenburg."

"The Allies in the east have perpetrated almost every blunder left to them to commit," writes editor Garvin, "after a previous record of mismanagement that seemed well nigh exhaustive. The prospect is not disastrous, but is disagreeable as the fault is reparable only at the cost of several million avoidable casualties and thousands of millions in money which might have been saved."

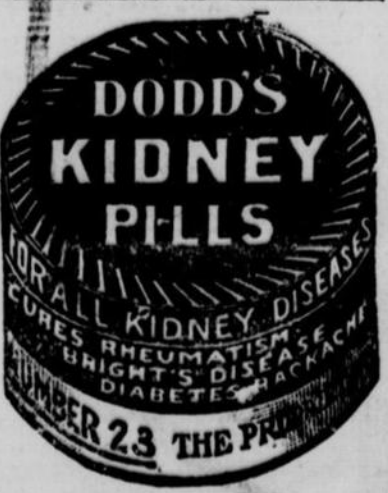
"The glorious chapter of the Allied offensive on the Somme is closed. The new chapter is beginning as the Germans have fully recovered their morale. There will be no breaking through by the Allies on the west this year, nor will there be any extensive withdrawal of the German lines between Arras and Noyon."

SITUATION IN GREECE.
Athens, Thursday, Nov. 9, via London, Nov. 12.—In connection with the difficulties which have arisen between the Greek government and the Entente in regard to the use of Greek warships for patrolling operations, Vice-Admiral Du Fourmont, commander of the Anglo-French naval forces gave assurances today that the French had come to Greece not as conquerors but as friends, and stated he was ready to convey with units of the Allied light squadron Greek ships bound for Saloniki. He did not explain, however whether the warships to be used for this purpose would include those taken from Greece.

The Admiral also proposed the appointment of a mixed commission of engineers to work out plans for improvements to the port of Piraeus.

FLURALITY FOR DEFEATED
CANDIDATE NOW PUT AT
260.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 12.—Today's corrections, additions and subtractions, left the Hughes plurality in Minnesota, at 260. The total vote to date was: Wilson, 178,548; Hughes, 178,809. Cass county's revised returns gave Wilson 1,260 and Hughes 982. Faribault county returns favored Wilson 14 to 12. There are a few precincts to hear from in addition to the soldier vote of two regiments.



The Quebec Chronicle

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NEW GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Canada today welcomes to Ottawa her new Governor-General, the Duke of Devonshire, his wife, the Duchess, and his family, hoping that their stay in this country may be both long and pleasant. In succeeding His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught the new incumbent of the Vice-regal position has a hard task before him and he comes here in times of unusual stress but there is every reason to believe that he will prove a worthy successor to the long line of his distinguished predecessors.

The fact that the Duke is a first cousin to Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador at Washington, may be something more than a mere coincidence, while it may also be remarked that the Duke's father-in-law is Lord Lansdowne, a prominent member of the Coalition Government in England. The Duchess is Queen Mary's Mistress of the Robes and one of Her Majesty's most intimate friends, the two being much alike in all their ideas and tastes.

The Duke of Devonshire is forty-eight years old, having succeeded his uncle eight years ago. The late Duke was a man of distinguished mind and could, it is said, have been Premier of England had he so desired.

By dint of hard work the present Duke has occupied various positions. He was for three years treasurer of the royal household, and last December he was made Knight of the Garter, the highest social honor in the gift of the King. The Duke has been financial secretary to the Treasury, and in June, last year, he was included in the Coalition Government at the request of the Marquis of Lansdowne, being Civil Lord of the Admiralty. He had been during the four preceding years chief Unionist whip in the House of Lords, when it was said Lord Lansdowne was training him to occupy his own position as Unionist leader in the Lords.

The Duke and Duchess are kindly people, well suited to maintain the dignity of a great position. They have two sons and five daughters and are a united happy family. The Duchess has had experience as a girl in Canada when her father, the Marquis of Lansdowne, was Governor-General. The Duchess has charm and tact, but both she and the Duke are rigid sticklers for court etiquette and the homage to royalty.

A distinguished Canadian has stated that Canada's position through participating in the war of her own free will, acting as an independent, has become that of a former vassal raised to political equality. Imperial federation and an equal voice in the foreign policy of the empire has been spoken of as the only logical sequence of the situation, not only with regard to Canada but to Australia and the other colonies. The demand for it has been heard the loudest in London. Prime Minister Asquith, at a meeting of Liberals and Unionists in East Fife on June 14, acknowledged the justice of the arguments in favor of imperial federation.

"We shall have to take stock of our internal relations," he said. "It will never be possible, in my judgment, to revert to our old methods of council and of government. The fabric of the empire will have to be refashioned, and the relation not only between Great Britain and Ireland but between the United Kingdom and our dominions will of necessity be brought, and brought promptly, under close and connected review."

RUMANIA—WEST AND EAST.

The Allies could hardly expect Germany to make any less effort than she has made in face of Rumania's declaration of war.

It was obviously necessary to spare at once a very large force and at least one able commander to cope with the situation, as soon as the Rumanian cavalry had made their sensational advance across the Austro-Hungarian frontier.

To take a parallel case, what would have been said all over the Empire if immediately upon Turkey's espousal of the cause of Germany the Allied commanders had refrained from striking at Turkey? The action of Russia in the Black Sea, and of England and France in Gallipoli and Mesopotamia entailed a regrettable diversion of forces from the main battle-lines in France and Galicia respectively, but, without these great enterprises the formidable Turkish armies would have immediately acquired prestige which would have made them ten times more dangerous.

It was the same with Rumania from the German point of view. In proportion to the dismay with which the

enemy contemplated Rumania's defection from the noble army of neutrals, it was Germany's obvious policy to strike hard to punish that gallant country for her temerity, and if possible to make the Rumanian people speedily repent of it.

If the rapid successes achieved by the Rumanians in Transylvania have received a considerable check at the hands of von Falkenhayn, and the Russo-Rumanian advance along the western shore of the Black Sea, which should eventually be able to crush Bulgaria and threaten Constantinople effectively, has been for a while seriously held up in the Dobrudja marshes by Mackensen's powerful artillery, yet the collapse of both these forlorn enterprises for want of bases is happily already within sight.

Meanwhile these diversions have been doubly costly to the enemy, by the fact of the withdrawal of so many divisions of their best troops. And by the removal from the main fronts of two generals of the highest calibre.

Even if Rumania's gallant rally produces no more than a stale-mate along the Danube, King Ferdinand's great decision will not fail to recommend itself to the mature judgment of his brave people. And whatever the reckoning may be at least for the present year, the moral and practical effect on the whole fortune of the great war is indubitable.

In Greece and Bulgaria, in France and Flanders, along the whole Russian line from Memel to the Carpathians the cordial toast of "Ferdinand's army" will enhearten the forlorn Christmas celebrations in the trenches of our soldiers and of their allies in this third winter of their splendid warfare.

LAURIER'S REASON.

From time to time local Liberal organs, possibly because they have occasional spasms of shame over Laurier's disgraceful blocking of Borden's bill to give Britain naval aid, arise on their hind legs, so to speak and say that if Laurier had not been defeated in 1911 Canada would have had a Canadian navy at the beginning of the war.

This at once begs the question. Why did Laurier delay for months to award the contracts for the building of Canadian war vessels?

The Hon. William Pugsley gives the following explanation:—

"The reason was that in the Province of Quebec the question of a Canadian Navy was being made an issue. The Government thought that under the circumstances it would be proper to leave the awarding of contracts for the building of war vessels and to start upon the Canadian Navy until after the elections."

Thus, while Australia was building the ship that crushed the Emden, and little New Zealand was paying for destroyers, Sir Wilfrid Laurier kept his naval contracts carefully pigeon-holed, finking before the possible loss of a few votes in Quebec.

NEGLIGENCE.

An expert on forestry told the Dominion royal commission the other day at its Montreal sitting, that within twenty-five years Canada would have lost its wood pulp supply if conservation measures are not adopted meanwhile. This is not the first or second time we have heard something like this from authorities more or less distinguished. In fact we have heard it so frequently that possibly we have come to regard it as a "wolf" cry and for that reason take little notice of it.

It is many years since the Dominion conservation commission first gave the country warning on this subject. Since then the warning has been repeated times without number and is still being repeated. Why should this be so? Of what value is a conservation commission if no notice is taken of its reports and warnings? Where are the wise men in governments of Canada, Dominion and provincial, who should be attending to this most important matter? What right have the people of this generation to continue squandering the heritage which should be merely used by them and handed down to posterity richer than ever before?

The expert who speaks today says that three things are working to bring our pulp wood forests to naught. One is the absence of any plan of reforestation, another the absence of any adequate system of fire protection and the third is the great waste which is permitted by those who should know better in almost every forest area. In this connection he states that thirty per cent. of the pulp woods of Canada have been burned over and rendered useless for generations to come.

Evidently there is something radically wrong somewhere; something lacking. And it is surely time the people of Canada should insist upon their governments enacting such legislation as may be necessary to prevent early bankruptcy in this decidedly valuable department of the country's resources.

THE ALL RED CABLE.

In discussing the inter-imperial news question the papers have always joined the getting of the news and its distribution by the cables as if they were the same thing—and should be considered as a unit. As a matter of fact they are quite distinct and should be dealt with separately, says the Vancouver Sun.

The getting of the news can be dealt with by the press better than by the various governments and would be more likely to be true and unbiased. To be truly imperial it should be done by the united press of Great Britain, the dominions, India and the crown colonies, acting together as a unit and be paid for jointly according to the number of papers in each unit.

The sending of the news is, however, quite another affair and should be done by the united action of the several governments. The people have to pay in any case—so as far as cost is concerned the question is whether it will cost more or less to meet it out of the general revenues or to have the papers pay it, and charge it on in the price of the papers to the public.

The real question, however, is not that of cost, but whether the free distribution of the empire news throughout the whole empire will not have a unifying effect, commercial and political, greater than can be had in any other way, and create a common bond of mutual profit which will hold the unity together.

The cost of a complete and fully competent electric communication between every part of the empire, would be considerable—but divided among the several parts would not be heavy upon each individual unit. If the payment of the capital invested were spread over a period of years the annual payment would be relatively small. Besides when the line is not used for the press its use for commercial and other purposes should and probably would meet operating expenses.

At any rate as the cost will have to be paid by all the people just as the wagon road is used by all the people, it should, like the road, be done by the state and for the same reason that by so doing the cost will be less and the benefit greater. Further, the feeling which it will create that not only the line of communication but the empire itself is neither mine or thine but ours will lead to united action in other and greater things.

PRESS COMMENT.

Those who refuse to volunteer for overseas service, and assert that if Canada were attacked they would fight for her, advance an excuse that will not stand a moment's examination. Canada could only be attacked in the event of the German navy destroying the British fleet, the Teutonic armies defeating the armies of the Allies and thus enabling a German expeditionary force of perhaps half a million men to be transported across the ocean. With the British navy out of the way it would be a simple matter for the German battleships to wipe out Halifax, steam up the St. Lawrence as far as Quebec, and there land an army. Against such an army as victorious Germany could place in Canada, of what avail would be the resistance that could be offered by the untrained, unskilled, unwilling citizens who protest their readiness to fight if the war should be carried to them? They would be a mere mob, whose resistance would be hopeless from the start.

But when we speak of a country being attacked, we do not have in mind an assault made upon an acre of land, or a shell dropped in its territorial waters. The citizens are the Dominion, and the Dominion has been attacked, and is being attacked every day. We have suffered about 40,000 casualties, nearly a third of them being fatalities. Can anyone with these figures in mind say that Canada has not been attacked? When the first Canadian soldier was shot, the war was brought home to Canada. Those who refuse to take this view of Canada being attacked must approve the doctrine enunciated by W. J. Bryan for the United States. When Americans were being murdered in Mexico he advised his countrymen to leave the country and come home. If an American were to be pursued across the border and there murdered by a Mexican, the Bryan school of pacifist would avenge him; but the theory is that he is not entitled to any protection from his own country once he leaves its shores. We cannot believe that those who refuse to go to the help of Canadians who are fighting in France and Flanders would fight in any circumstances. If they are deaf to the appeal of their fellow-citizens abroad, they would disregard any other appeal to their patriotism.—Exchange.

SALE OF TRIMMED HATS FOR LADIES.

LIQUIDATION OF THE ENTIRE DEPARTMENT.

Choose

\$ 5.50, for	\$ 3.83
6.00, for	4.00
6.50, for	4.33
7.00, for	4.67
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9.00, for	6.00
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On all our Untrimmed Velvet and Felt Hats for Ladies and Children.

SPECIAL

Trimmed Hats, in Felt, Plush and Velvet, for 79c and 89c
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SPECIAL SALE OF COLORED MANTLES FOR LADIES.

Now is the Time to Buy Your Mantles Cheap.

\$12.00, for	\$ 9.35
12.50, for	10.25
14.00, for	11.95
15.00, for	12.95
16.00, for	13.65
17.00, for	14.95
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15%

DISCOUNT ON ALL BLACK AND COLORED MANTLES FOR YOUNG GIRLS.

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SHAWLS, WOOLEN VESTS, SILK VESTS, BONNETS and WOOLEN TIES, KIMONOS.

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ELEGANCE AND ECONOMY.

THE VERY LATEST STYLE FOR YOUTH.

A SPECIAL PRICE FOR A FEW DAYS.

PRETTY MID-SEASON

OVERCOATS, TW BUT-

TIONS, WELL FITTED and

COMFORTABLE. MADE

OF BROWN, DRAB OR

NAVY BLUE RATINE and

OTHER MATERIALS, IN

MIXED COLORS;

REAL VALUE, \$22.00.

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THE CUT AND FINISH OF OUR SUITS AND OVERCOATS IS FIRST-CLASS.

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SLOW ACTING NERVES.

The common earthworm has two sorts of nerves.

One of these is a thread running lengthwise of the body between the places where head and tail would be if the creature had either. This nerve has only on use—to carry the signal to shorten up.

So when the worm, keeping underground by day, comes by night halfway out of its hole and suspects, though he cannot see, the early bird looking for breakfast, which goes the signal along the nerve thread, one end of the body flattens out and locks fast in the burrow, and the rest pulls into safety.

This sort of nerve carries a message at the rate of a yard and a half a second, or about seventy times more slowly than our own do.

The other sort of nerve takes care of the crawling. Signals along these nerves travel only an inch a second. If our inner telegrams were sent as slowly, it would be a whole minute from the time the pitcher threw the ball till the batter started to swing his club at it.

Yet, as the simpler creatures go, the earthworm is not especially sluggish. The fresh water clam, for instance, gets word from one part of its body to another at only half the earthworm's rate. So it is 2,400 times slower than a man.—Edwin Tenney Brewster in St. Nicholas.

When Appetite Fails and Health Declines Follow This Suggestion

REQUIRES ONLY A COUPLE OF SMALL TABLETS AFTER MEALS TO FIX YOU UP AGAIN.

A New Blood-Food Called Ferrozone Sure to Restore you Quickly.

Every day comes the good news of wonderful cures with Ferrozone. In Peterboro' it worked marvels for Louis Meehan—put him right on his feet—made him entirely well. "About three years ago," says Mr. Meehan, "I had the Grippe which left me in a very run-down condition that finally developed into Dyspepsia. I was unable to eat but a few things and had a craving for food. I gave up treating with the doctors because they did not help me and on the advice of a friend used Ferrozone. It not only cured me of Dyspepsia and Biliousness, but has built up my strength to what it was before I had the Grippe. I can recommend Ferrozone as an ideal restorative."

Ferrozone gives you force, energy, vim. It strengthens the stomach, cures indigestion, prevents headaches—guarantees good health.

Thousands use Ferrozone—they all feel better; try it yourself—sold in 50c. boxes, six for \$3.50 at all dealers or direct from The Catarrh-zone Co., Kingston, Ont.

WOOL GOODS — FOR — WINTER WEAR

WOOL SPENCERS—White and Grey, just arrived, at \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.68
CHILDREN'S KIMONOS,—In Pink, Sky and Khaki, at \$1.38, \$1.75, \$1.68, and \$1.98
KNITTED WOOL SUITS,—In Grey, Khaki and Cardinal, for boys, at \$2.88 and \$2.98
WHITE BLANKETS,—Large assortment, at the old prices of \$4.95, \$5.75, \$7.75 and \$8.75
DOWN QUILTS, in good quality Sateen coverings, at \$3.25, \$5.75, \$7.25, \$8.75, \$9.75, \$10.48 and \$12.75
TRIMMED HATS, in Black and colored velvets, at \$3.88, \$4.25, \$4.75, \$5.25, \$5.75, and \$6.50
CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS— at \$3.65, \$3.95, \$4.25, \$4.75, \$5.25, \$5.75 and \$5.68

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G. F. C. LOVE, Manager

Brilliant Cut Glass Wares

We are now showing our new designs in First Quality Brilliant Cut Glass Wares for the Dining Table.

Customers who are contemplating the purchase of any article in Cut Glass will find it to their interest to inspect our display.

G. SEIFERT & SONS, Jewellers

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RIFLES—of Winchester, Savage, Mannlicher, Remington, Ross and Browning's make, in all calibres.

SHOT GUNS—In single and double barrel, in 12, 16, 20 gauge.

REVOLVERS AND PISTOLS—In Smith & Wesson, Iver-Johnson, H. & R., Bayard, Savage and Colt.

Tents, Blankets, Folding Beds and Stoves, Sleeping Bags, Donnell Bags, Canoes, Hunting Boots, Etc., Etc.

General and Heavy Hardware at the

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Tents, Canoes, Hunting Suits, Boots, Blankets, Stoves, and Everything that is Necessary for the Up-to-date Sportsman.

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Hardware Merchants, Phone 573. 13 ST. JOHN ST.

NEW BOOKS

"Rhymes of a Red Cross Man," —By Robert W. Service.
"The Best Short Stories of 1915," —By Edward J. O'Brien.
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POPULAR REPRINTS, at 55c each.

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MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

The old reliable remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains.

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MR. A. E. LAURENCE, EDMONTON, writes: "I fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I must not walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the best liniment made."

Minard's Liniment always gives satisfaction. For any ache or pain, it gives instant relief.
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Special Rates for Meals, by the Week or Month.

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SURGEON DENTIST
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Opposite Livera's Pharmacy.

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HEAD OFFICE AND FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC.
TWO BRANCHES IN LEVIE.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

AT THE HEAD OFFICE AND ST. ROCH'S BRANCH.

BIRTH.

GRAVEL—On Friday, November 10, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. Alexandre Gravel, a daughter.
Christened Marie Therese Cecile. Godfather and godmother, Mr. and Mrs. Achille Gravel, grandparents of the child. The child was carried by Mrs. Ft. Drouin, her grandmother.

DIED.

AUGER—On the 9th instant, at the age of 84 years and 4 months, Jacques Auger, Notary, husband of the late Marie Elonore Lamontagne.

He was of the firm of Auger and Campbell, Notaries.

Funeral will take place on Monday, Nov. 13th, 1916, at 8.45 a.m., from his late residence, No. 143 Des Prairies street, for St. Roch's Church, and thence to St. Charles Cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

FLEMING—Accidentally killed at Montreal, on Tuesday, November 7th, 1916, William Fleming, aged 52 years, formerly of Bergerville, Quebec.

Funeral took place from the C.P. Ry., station on Saturday, to Belmont Cemetery.

Sherbrooke papers please copy.

GAMBLE—At Montreal, on the 10th inst., Bertha, beloved wife of Wm. Gamble, and daughter of the late John R. Mountain, of this city.

The body will arrive on the 6.45 C.P. Ry. morning train from Montreal, on Monday, the 13th instant, funeral will leave depot for St. Patrick's Church, in time for the 9.30 a.m. service.

New York and Philadelphia papers please copy.

HAMEL—On Saturday, November 11th, Gertrude Hamel, daughter of Joseph Hamel, Superintendent of Marine and Fisheries.

The funeral will take place Tuesday morning, leaving Mr. Theo. Hamel's residence, 38 St. Anne st., at 8.45 for the Basilica and thence to Belmont Cemetery.

Friends and relations are respectfully invited to attend.

LAROSE—On 12th instant, Edouard Fournier dit Larose, mason contractor, of this city.

Funeral will take place on Wednesday morning at 8.45 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 55 St. Joachim street, for St. Jean Baptiste Church, and thence to Belmont Cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Montreal and Ottawa papers please copy.

LAVIGUEUR—On Sunday, November 12th, 1916, Marie Therese Yvonne, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Lavigueur, aged two weeks.

The funeral will leave the Lavigueur residence, No. 610 St. John street, at 3.45 p.m. on Tuesday, for St. Jean Baptiste Church, thence to Belmont Cemetery.

MARTIN—At No. 4 Casualty Clearing Station, France, on November 2nd, 1916, Private William John Joseph Martin (officially reported died of wounds), son of Mr. Benjamin W. S. Martin, at the age of 19 years.

MILLER—Suddenly, in Montreal, on the 11th instant, Ruby Taylor, wife of Archibald Lewis Miller, Montreal.

MORIN—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 12th, 1916, Auguste Morin, of the firm of Alex. Petrie & Sons, sailmaker, husband of Dame Eugenie Laliberte, at the age of 59 years.

Funeral on Wednesday morning, leaving his late residence, 90 St. Margaret street, for St. Roch's Church and thence to St. Charles Cemetery.

He was the father-in-law of Mr. L. G. S. Deschamps, accountant at Thos. Hethrington's.

McINNES—At 534 Hill street, London, Ont., on the 10th instant, Margaret McInnes, aged 94 years and 7 months, widow of the late George Moore.

Interment at London today.

ROSS—At Indian Lorette, on November 11th, 1916, Harriet Ann Sait, formerly of London, Eng., aged 71 years, dearly beloved wife of Henry Ross.

The funeral will leave her late residence on Monday, 13th inst., at 1.30 p.m., for St. Michael's Church; Service at 3.00 p.m. Thence to Mount Hermon Cemetery.

Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg papers please copy.

THE ROYAL NAVY WANTS CANADIANS

For immediate overseas service. Pay \$1.10 a day and upwards. Free kit. Separation allowance, \$20.00 monthly. Apply nearest Naval Recruiting Station or Dept. of the Naval Service, OTTAWA.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

QUEBEC SOLDIER DIES OF WOUNDS

PRIVATE WILLIAM J. J. MARTIN GAVE HIS LIFE FOR EMPIRE.

Another Quebec lad has made the supreme sacrifice at the front in the person of Private William John Jos. Martin, the nineteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Martin, of 47 Des Stigmates street.

The official telegram announcing the death of their son was received by Mr. and Mrs. Martin on Saturday morning and later in the day a letter was received from the lad in which he wrote in a cheerful tone, telling his parents how well he felt and entreating them not to worry on his account.

Following is an official communication:

Ottawa, Nov. 10th, 1916.
Mrs. Rosanna Martin,
47 Des Stigmates street,
Quebec, P.Q.

Deeply regret to inform you, No. 132787, Pte. William John Joseph Martin, Infantry, officially reported died of wounds at No. 4 Casualty Clearing Station, November 2nd, 1916.

OFFICER IN CHARGE
O RECORDS.

Private Martin, who was a splendid young man, standing six feet two inches in height, was in the employ of the Bank of Montreal, and had been transferred from this City to the Granby branch previous to enlisting. He joined the colors in Montreal with the 73rd Highlanders, and went overseas early last spring. He distinguished himself a number of times and on one occasion he carried a wounded comrade four miles on his back, for which he was personally complimented by his higher officers.

Besides his father and mother, the young hero leaves several brothers and sisters, and amongst the former is Mr. Benjamin Martin, of the staff of Whitehead & Turner. The deceased was a grandson of Major W. W. Martin, of this city.

SUDDEN DEATHS.

Mr. Auguste Morin, aged fifty-nine years, employed by the firm of Alex. Petrie & Sons, Sailmakers, dropped dead on Bridge Street yesterday. The deceased was well and favorably known and his sudden death will be regretted by a large circle of friends.

Coroner Jolicœur was also notified of the sudden death of a man named Larose, a resident of St. Joachim street.

Inquests will be held on the remains of both men today.

DEATH OF MR.

EDOUARD LAROSE

The many friends of Mr. Edouard E. Larose, of 55 St. Joachim street, will regret to learn of his death which took place suddenly yesterday evening. The deceased, who was unmarried, was a well-known contracting mason and was very popular amongst a large circle of acquaintances.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning to St. Jean Baptiste Church.

EXCURSION TO MONTREAL

Via C. P. R.
Saturday, November 18th.
Reduced rates from Quebec, Lorette, Belair, Port-Rouge, St. Basile, Portneuf, Deschambault, Lachevrotiere.

Special train from Quebec at 1.50 p.m. For particulars and tickets apply to C. A. Langevin, City Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, 30 St. John St., Chateau Frontenac and Gare des Palais, Quebec, or to your station Agent.

PATRIOTIC FUND.

Quebec, Nov. 10, 1916.

"Quebec Chronicle," Quebec:—Dear Sir,—I beg to advise that I have today received the undermentioned subscription to the Canadian Patriotic Fund:—

Previously acknowledged \$87,935.07
Employees' Messrs. Price Bros. & Co., Ltd., (additional) 71.02

\$88,006.09

Subscriptions received by Mr. Nap. Lavoie, Gen'l Manager, La Banque Nationale 12,453.03

Yours faithfully,
W. M. BANCROFT,
Joint Treas., Can. Pat. Fund.

WE GIVE 25%

Discount on Costumes in store without any distinction.

BON-TON COMPANY,
423 St. Joseph St.,
Phone 2315.

QUEBEC BOYS JOIN THE NAVY

THREE HAVE ANSWERED CALL OF BRITISH ADMIRALTY FOR RECRUITS.

The appeal from the Mother Country for recruits from Canada to assist Great Britain in maintaining her supremacy of the seas is evidently not falling on deaf ears locally, for already three Quebec boys have enrolled and are due to go overseas shortly for training. That many more will join, Lieut. Murray, R.N., C.V.R., Overseas Division Naval Recruiting Officer, feels confident, for he considers the inducements held out to the young Canadian are such that will appeal to the average man worthy of the name.

Besides the advantage of securing a most thorough physical training the one enrolling, while contributing his share in the great war, will at the same time have an opportunity of seeing strange lands. In addition to the pay, which is the same as in the Canadian Militia (\$1.10 per day), the naval recruit accepted without any previous experience on sea, is provided with a free kit. Those enrolling are sent without delay to England to go into training. In view of the importance of Great Britain remaining mistress of the sea it is felt that Canada, like other British possessions, will respond to the call of the British Admiralty by contributing her quota of the large force of men needed to man the greyhounds of the water that are guarding our shores.

Applicants are requested to apply to Lieut. J. A. Murray, R.N., C.V.R., Overseas Division, Naval Recruiting Officer, Harbor Commissioners Building, Quebec.

LARGE CROWDS SAW WAR FILMS

"BATTLE OF THE SOMME" PACKED THE AUDITORIUM ON SATURDAY.

Record crowds witnessed the "Battle of the Somme" pictures shown at the Auditorium for three days last week, under the auspices of the Quebec Chronicle.

On Saturday the theatre was jammed to the doors—matinee and evening—to witness the wonderful views actually taken on the battlefields of Europe.

The pictures attracted much interest here and hundreds were unable to witness them because of the short engagement. The Chronicle received expressions of commendation from many leading Quebec citizens for their efforts in having brought the films here.

TRINITY CHURCH.

On Wednesday evening, Nov. 15th, at 8 o'clock the Rev. Dr. Symonds will give an address in Trinity Church on the subject "Christian Unity in the Light of the War."

HARVEST THANKSGIVING.

The annual Thanksgiving Service for the harvest, which has been deferred for special reasons, will be held in St. Peter's Church next Thursday evening, Nov. 16, at eight o'clock. The preacher will be the Rev. John Medley Withycombe, M.A.

The thank-offerings will be devoted to the fund for the widows and orphans of the clergy of the diocese.

A TRAGIC DEATH.

Death came with amazing suddenness to the young wife of Mr. Archibald Lewis Miller, who expired at her home in Montreal on Saturday evening. The passing away of Mrs. Miller came as a shock to relatives in this city who had not been aware of the late Mrs. Miller being in ill health.

Added grief is lent the death of this young woman by the fact that her husband is attached to the 42nd Highlanders of Montreal, due to go overseas very shortly. He is a son of Mr. Archibald Miller, of this city.

COURT OF SESSIONS.

Two members of the 189th Battalion, named William E. Dery and Ernest Picard, were charged before Judge Choquette in the Court of Sessions on Saturday with desertion. Picard was sentenced to two years and Dery to one year's imprisonment.

RECORDER'S COURT.

There were only two prisoners before His Honor the Recorder on Saturday morning, both of whom were charged with drunkenness. One of the offenders was fined \$5 and costs and the other was discharged.

NO FLOWERS IN 'EM.

Mrs. Flatbush—She has no artistic tastes.
Mrs. Bensonhurst—Why not?
"Just look at all those empty cans in her backyard. Not a flower in one of 'em!"

ANNIVERSARY OF METHODIST CHURCH

LARGE CONGREGATIONS AT BOTH SERVICES—HONOUR ROLL UNVEILED.

The sixty-seventh anniversary of the Methodist Church in this city was celebrated yesterday by two impressive services. At 11 a.m. a military service and unveiling of the Church honor roll took place and in the evening the anniversary service, proper was celebrated, which embraced the sixty-seventh anniversary of the dedication of the Church, the one hundred and tenth anniversary of the organization of the congregation and the one hundred and thirty-sixth anniversary of the first Methodist service in Quebec.

The preacher at both services was Major the Rev. James Smyth, Principal of the Wesleyan Theological College, Montreal, who also officiated at the ceremony of unveiling the honor roll. The Rev. T. P. Perry, pastor of the Church, was in charge of the services.

A marked feature of the services was the large attendances on the part of the military and civil members of the community.

At the morning service the 171st Battalion, C.E.F., was represented by a large detachment, accompanied by the battalion's brass and bugle band, under the command of Major Stevens. A detachment from the 8th Royal Rifles, in charge of Lieut. Cooper, was also present.

The musical portion of the service was beautifully rendered and reflected great credit upon the choir, which was under the direction of Mr. Chas. H. Thorn. The R.C.G.A. Band occupied a position at the left of the pulpit and under the direction of Lt. Charles O'Neill, rendered sacred selections. Mrs. F. C. Thorn presided at the organ.

The order of service at both services was as follows:

Morning.
Military and Unveiling Service.
R.C.G.A. Band—"Judea" from Mors et Vita".....Gounod
Doxology and Invocation.

Hymn 108—"All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name".....
Responsive Lessons, Psalm 124.
Anthem—"March from the Banner of St. George".....Elgar
Second Lesson.....
Prayer.

Offertory.....
Organ—"Intermezzo".....Calverts
Solo—"Mr. J. A. Carpenter".....
Announcements.

Hymn 477—"God is My Strong Salvation".....
Sermon and Unveiling of the Honor Roll.

Hymn 746—"Onward Christian Soldiers, Marching as to War".....
God Save the King.
R.C.G.A. Band—"Grand March".....Rasse

Benediction.

Evening—Anniversary Service.
Organ Prelude—"Pilgrims Chorus (Tannhauser)".....Wagner
Doxology and Invocation.

Hymn 661—"I love the Kingdom, Lord".....
First Lesson—"Isaiah, Chapter 12".....
Anthem—"By Babylon's Wave".....Gounod
Second Lesson.....

Prayer.
Organ Voluntary—"Priore".....Lemare
Solo—"Hear My Cry, O Lord".....
Mrs. W. J. B. Fraser.

Hymn 734—"Jesus the Word Bestow" Sermon.
Solo.....Mr. T. Ward
Hymn 656—"Saviour Again to Thy Dear Name we Raise".....
National Anthem.

Benediction.
Organ Postlude—"Allegro," from D. Minor Sonata.....Dr. Volckmar

Major Smyth, who occupied the pulpit at both services, took for his text in the morning: "And herein is that saying true, One sower and another reaper," St. John, chap. 4, verse 37.

In the course of his delivery the preacher said: True religion should touch every department of human activity. It was not merely a subject for meditation, it concerned our practical life and the problems which confronted us on every side. Religion and war are closely associated, and nothing effects individuals or nations so much as war. Nothing calls for greater sacrifice on the part of people or nation so much as war. It was a necessary part of a soldier's life that he should enter God's temple, and in the preacher's opinion there was no services so impressive as a military one. Few people can watch soldiers on the march without being moved. Their service today was unusually impressive. They were doing honor to the men who had made the supreme sacrifice. There were many in the congregation who had given husbands or sons, or both, that looked upon this service with special interest, because their boys are in uniform. Those who had made the sacrifice were not those who would reap the greatest benefit from it. He quoted an example from the lives of Bunyan, Dr. Johnson, Milton and Shakespeare, showing how little these great men reaped the benefit of their labors, and how much good the generations which had followed them had derived from the works of these quoted examples from the lives of labors of the men who had fought England's battles in the past, amongst them Marlborough, Wellington, Nelson and Kitchener. Referring to Nelson's famous signal, "England expects every man to do his duty," the preacher asserted that the spirit of this motto was behind the British guns today.

The past teaching of German militarists, professors, writers and teachers was being reaped today by the German nation. The people of Germany were taught they could conquer the world, and this doctrine was preached on every available occasion. The result was the present war with all its frightfulness. The terrible deeds committed in Belgium and in France by the Germans would be brought home to them and what they sowed that would they reap. He also referred to the frightful sufferings of the Armenians at the hand of the Turks with Germany looking on and not displaying any tendency to save the unhappy Armenians from their terrible plight.

In concluding Major Smyth referred to the great sacrifices made by Canadians in upholding the principles of liberty and justice.

He appreciated the honor that had been conferred upon him in being asked to unveil the Honor Roll of the Methodist Church. Five of the brave men who figured on that roll had made the supreme sacrifice. Although all the names of those who had enlisted were not on roll; they would be placed later, when they had left for overseas. The Rev. Mr. Smyth then unveiled the Roll, the congregation standing while the ceremony was being performed.

The Honor Roll consists of a brass plate mounted on a solid oak shield. The names of 27 men and women who are doing duty for the Empire are engraved upon it, and there are a number of blank spaces for additional names, the inscription and names on the shield are as follows:

Quebec Methodist Church Honor Roll.

Militia on Active Service with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, and Date of Enlistment:

Major W. Leo MacWilliam, 12th Battalion, August, 1914.

Captain R. G. Ood, 10th Battalion, August, 1914.

Captain Thos. M. Houghton, 2nd Battalion, August, 1914.

Captain Harry Whiteman, 13th Battalion, August, 1914.

Captain Annie C. Strong, A.M.C., August, 1914.

Lieutenant Daisy Binning, A.M.C., August, 1914.

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Captain Annie C. Strong, A.M.C., August, 1914.

Lieutenant Daisy Binning, A.M.C., August, 1914.

Lieutenant Bessie Cromwell, A.M.C., August, 1914.

Color-Sergeant F. J. Sinclair, 12th Battalion, August, 1914.

Staff-Sergeant P. A. H. Ackerman, R.C.D., August, 1914.

Sergeant C. A. Young, 12th Battalion, August, 1914.

Corporal P. G. Scott, 8th Battalion, August, 1914.

Lance-Corporal Kenneth Glass, 12th Battalion, August, 1914.

Private B. Grant, 12th Battalion, August, 1914.

Private F. J. Southall, 12th Battalion, August, 1914.

Private E. G. Langford, 14th Battalion, August, 1914.

Lance-Corporal W. Whiting, 23rd Battalion, November, 1914.

Private P. D. Woods, 23rd Battalion, November, 1914.

Corporal S. Vatcher, 23rd Battalion, November, 1914.

Private F. C. Squirey, 23rd Battalion, December, 1914.

Private A. Thoms, C.A.S.C., December, 1914.

Major Alex. Young, 52nd Battalion, July, 1915.

Bombardier F. Lowing, R.C.O.A.

Private J. B. Jacob, R.C.E., 1914.

Private J. Ely Lobry, 13rd Battalion, October, 1915.

Lieutenant P. G. Jack, January, 1916.

Corporal G. W. Sues, 57th Battalion, February, 1916.

Private S. White, R.C.R.

Presented by the Mission Band, September, 1916.

Wm. Carrier & Fils Enr.

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Dresses for Women in Fancy Silks and Plain Serges; priced \$7.00 to \$11.00, for \$3.95

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Black Serge and Corded Velvet Skirts; priced \$4, \$5 and \$6, for \$2.95

Black Serge Skirts for Women; assorted sizes; priced \$3.00 and \$3.50, for \$2.49

Children's Skirts of Serge and Tweeds; sizes 5 to 10 years; value of \$1.50 for \$0.69

Reefers for Boys; sizes 3, 4 and 5 years; value of \$4.00, for \$1.79

9 to 14 years; value \$7.50, for \$3.79

Creamer—100 skins. Special price \$7.95

50 Mink Skins, at \$0.79

Creamer Caps for Boys of 10 to 16 years.

NATIONAL HOCKEY
LEAGUE SCHEDULE

In The World of Sport

CRESCENTS HOLD

ANNUAL MEETING

NATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE
ADOPTS 1916-'17 SCHEDULE
RADICAL CHANGES MADE

Championship Will Be Decided When Winners of Sections
Play Off—Schedule is Divided in Halves—Stick-Throwing
Means Loss of a Goal—Presentation to Emmet
Quinn—Season Opens Here on Dec. 27.

Quite a few innovations in the playing of the National Hockey Association's schedule will be in vogue during the coming winter.

Foremost amongst the departures from the usual methods will be the playing of the league in two sections, as already forecasted in these columns. This means that when the first half of the schedule is ended, whichever club is leading will be declared winner of that section and will have the right to play off with the winner of the next section. Should the same club win again, of course, there would be no play-off necessary. Should another club, however, which finished in a lower position in the first section come out on top in the last half of the schedule, a play-off would become necessary. Should two teams or more be tied for the first position at the end of a playing section, the winner will be decided by the goal average; in case of a tie still prevailing, any of the teams involved in the tie by leading the second section will be declared champions.

Mr. M. J. Quinn, Vice-President and Manager of the Quebec Hockey Club arrived in town from Montreal last evening after attending the meeting and explained some of the moves of the N.H.A. to the "Chronicle."

"This scheme of playing two sections," said Mr. Quinn, "may be good and then it may not be a success. It looked to be worth a try and we figured that in case of one club experimenting during the first part of the season, a chance to recuperate any attendant losses in position would be thus accorded them and though they might finish low in the first half of the season, they would still be in the running for the title and given a fresh start in the second part of the race. Of course, it is a new venture and we will know only by experience what its disadvantages may be; even now, we can foresee some, though they are not likely to materialize."

The winners of the sections will play home and home games for the championship of the league and the right to defend the Stanley Cup on the Coast.

Peace Pact Signed.
The peace agreement between the two leagues was received from the "Patriots," duly signed and everything is now in a pacific state between the Professional circuits.

The New Referee System.
Another important matter was decided in connection with the system of refereeing the games. It was decided that the one-man referee system will be adopted during the winter, though the double system may be applied whenever thought necessary.

The league had quite a list of referees from which to make their selection and of course, under the circumstances, the most experienced and tried men received the call. The selection will be on this basis: Harvey Pulford will be worked in all games on Montreal ice; Cooper Smeaton, a popular referee in Quebec and Ottawa and Dr. Wood will be the referee in the Toronto games. This scheme looks practical and it worked out successfully will save the league considerable expense and unnecessary wiring, etc. In addition to this, the President Major Robinson may add or substitute any of the following referees: Dr. Hamel of Quebec, who has the first call, Dr. Clement, Jack Marshall, C. Nolan, Tom Melville, Dr. Labrecque, "Coo" Dion and G. Whitehead, of Montreal. Because of the fact that Joe Malone is playing hockey in the league, the officers thought it advisable for appearances sake that Jeff's application be set aside just now, he being a brother of the Quebec player.

It is quite possible that Quebec's referees will be given opportunities during the season as the president is determined to give them a trial—if not alone—as assistants to either Smeaton or Pulford in order to become accustomed to the style of play, etc.

A Goal for Stick-throwing.

"If a player throws his stick this season, it means a goal for the opposing side," said Mr. Quinn last night. This rule is a most important one and its adoption, though belated, will have the effect of stopping this practice altogether as the player will know a goal will be awarded anyway and stick-throwing will only make it sure, whereas taking a chance of the goal-keeper stopping the rush single-handed there is always the possibility of the puck never reaching the twine.

Match Foul for Boxing.

The players who instigate a fight will receive a match foul this season instead of the usual major penalty. Heavy bodychecking against the boards will be classed as a major foul and the referee will use his judgment regarding the legitimacy of the check. The numbers of players will be definitely established when the season starts and the men will bear

the same number all season. Should a player with No. 5, for example, be released or traded, his number will be left vacant and new players will be given new numbers. In this way the spectators will know who is playing by reading the numbers on the programmes which will be correct (we hope).

Presentation to Emmet Quinn.
During the evening Mr. Emmet Quinn, retiring president of the N.H.A., was made the subject of an interesting presentation of a solid silver tea service as a token of esteem and thanks for his past work with the league. The presentation was made on behalf of the league by Mr. S. E. Lichtenhein. Major Frank Robinson occupied the chair, presiding over his first N.H.A. meeting, the others present being: Capt. Reid of the 228th Bat. W. Livingstone, Toronto; George Kennedy, Canadiens; S. E. Lichtenhein, Wanderers; Capt. Williams of Toronto, and Mr. M. J. Quinn of Quebec. Ottawa was not represented. Mr. Quinn of the Quebec club was induced to speak, the Quebecs being the oldest club represented at the meeting.

The schedule occupied some time but was finally decided on as follows:

N. H. A. SCHEDULE FOR 1916-17.

Games to be Played on Ice of Last Named Club.

Wed. Dec. 27.—Toronto vs. Canadian	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Dec. 30.—Quebec vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Jan. 3.—228th vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Jan. 6.—Quebec vs. 228th	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Jan. 10.—Wanderer vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Jan. 13.—Canadian vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Jan. 17.—Toronto vs. Quebec	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Jan. 20.—Toronto vs. 228th	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Jan. 24.—Canadian vs. Wanderer	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Jan. 27.—Toronto vs. Wanderer	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Second Half.	
Wed. Jan. 31.—Canadian vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Feb. 3.—Toronto vs. Quebec	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Feb. 7.—Toronto vs. 228th	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Feb. 10.—228th vs. Quebec	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Feb. 14.—Toronto vs. Wanderer	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Feb. 17.—Toronto vs. Canadian	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Feb. 21.—Quebec vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Feb. 24.—228th vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Wed. Feb. 28.—Quebec vs. 228th	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "
Sat. Mar. 3.—Wanderer vs. Toronto	" " " " " " " "
" " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " "

CANADIAN OFFICERS TO VISIT FRONT.

Arrangements are being made by Sir Sam Hughes whereby a number of the higher officers on service in Canada, in connection with the administrative work at headquarters and also in the various military divisions, will be permitted to visit England and the front. The group will include, it is understood, such men as General Wilson, of Montreal, and General Logie, of Toronto. The proposed visit will give these officers an insight into conditions in England and on the firing line, which will be of great use to them in connection with the organization work in Canada.

MEN

Before selecting your suit, go to the Empire and see how they look on other men.

Hall & Rogers

FAMOUS TRIO OF SONS OF IRELAND.



Geo. Carey.



Geo. McNaughton.



H. LaRoche.

Clever Forward Line of City League Champions, Which Will Be Intact for Another Season.

CRESCENT HOCKEY
CLUB'S ANNUAL

CITY LEAGUE CLUB ELECTS OFFICERS FOR COMING SEASON — PROSPECTS BRIGHT.

The Annual meeting of the Crescent Hockey Club, one of the oldest organizations in the city, was held yesterday morning in the Victoria Hotel, a large and enthusiastic gathering of old and new members being present.

The club intends to have a strong aggregation on the ice during the coming winter and as they have always been a factor to be reckoned with in past years, under the management of the veteran Johnny Carberry they propose to add new laurels this winter by annexing the city league title if trying counts for anything. George D. Acquin, baseball-player par excellence and a fervent player member of the Crescents last season, was elected to preside over the club for 1916-17 and his aide will be, Jimmy Walsh, whose return to his old love was the occasion for much rejoicing. Jimmy besides shouldering the vice-presidency, will be coach and may possibly get into the game once more, if his physical condition permits. Archie Kerr will, as usual, look after the records and the finances of the club.

W. Toop Egan, Billy Hanson, Tom Molloy, the Delaney boys, and other old standbys are still with the club and will help to tide the Red, Black and Yellow over a brilliant season. During the meeting, an interesting presentation of two handsome portable electric lamps to Lt. Hubert Hughes, their sterling right wing player who was married recently, was made by Mr. John Carberry on behalf of the club. Lt. Hughes, though sought by the Quebec club, said that he would be pleased to do his best to help out the Crescents in the event of not playing with the professionals. Good material is in sight and the club will adopt strict training rules for the men. The officers are as follows:

Hon. Patron—Mr. H. Fontaine.
Hon. President—Mr. W. W. Walling.
Hon. Vice-Presidents—Messrs. W. T. Egan and M. Dinan.
President—Geo. D. Acquin.
Vice-President—James Walsh.
Sec.-Treas.—A. G. Kerr.
Exec. Committee—Messrs. Thos. Molloy, Wm. Hansen, Reg. Delaney, Manager—J. A. Carberry.
Coach—James Walsh.
Trainer—Wm. McPherson.
Delegates to League:—Messrs. Wm. Hansen and E. Delaney.

NAGA WORSHIP.

The hooded cobra, or Naga, still has his devotees in Bombay city, and from Kashmir to Nepal in the Deccan and Southern India, and on the West Coast in particular, this curious veneration of snake gods survives. Says The Times of India. An interesting account of the worship is given in an annual report of the Archaeological Department. The usual form of Naga worship is the vow taken by childless wives to install a snake stone if they are blessed with offspring. Closely allied with this idea is the worship of trees, and pinal and marzosa trees planted together—"married," as the saying goes—come in for a share of the devotion paid to the snake stones set up in their shade. It is believed, says this account, that women will bear children if they walk round the married trees one hundred and eight times every day for forty-five days consecutively. Unfortunately no authentic case is cited of the efficacy of this prescription, but the offerings brought in gratitude by women to the shrines may be taken as favorable evidence.

SHE COULDN'T UNDERSTAND.

Mamie—Why did you leave your last place?
Katie—The master and missus was forever quarreling hehind locked doors.
"But wasn't there a keyhole?"
"Yes, but they always quarreled in French."

Sporting Notes

Did somebody suggest a ball game for yesterday?

A football team from members of the 171st battalion played a draw game against a local team on the Exhibition Grounds on Saturday. The score was 2 all. The crowd was also 2 all.

The players who throw his stick to prevent a goal in coming N.H.A. games will also toss a goal to his opponents. This stick-throwing business has long been a point for discussion and the penalty is a fit one.

The point system, adopted last season will govern the championship. In the event of a tie a percentage rule will be applied to the game won and lost to determine the winner.

"Billy" Walsh, the president of the St. Patricks baseball club is quite a devotee of the terpsichorean art. In Montreal Bill was enjoying a few one-steps, fox-trots, etc., at a classy ball-room when it suddenly dawned upon him that he was due to go to Quebec at 11.55. It was then 11.45. He called a hack and the slowest one in Montreal responded. The driver did his best but the horse couldn't do more than his eight-hour day and Bill arrived in time to see the green lights of the last car fade into the inky blackness of a Montreal night (very black). Bill then tried to make connections with a St. Lawrence street car to cut off the train at Mile End but there was nothing doing. At last, at considerable expense, an automobile was hired and the race to the depot began. Well, you know how it is in the Movies. Racing at seventy or eighty miles per hour in his high-powered Ford, Bill reached the depot at Mile End before the train, and hastily dropping a hundred dollar bill into the hands of the daring chauffeur and telling him to keep the change if he could pass it, he jumped aboard the fast moving train just in time for a quiet game.

"It was worth it," said Bill telling of his experiences to a bunch of newspaper sellers. "That last dance was a corker when I go back to Montreal I won't forget that ball room."

"Sammy" Lichtenhein bet \$500, against \$250 of George Kennedy's money, that the latter will not make \$2,000 with his Canadian team this winter. And Sammy then bet \$10.00 even that Kennedy would not put up the money. But, Sammy will lose the ten, though he may win the \$250.00.

Frankie Bogash, 2:15 1-4, owned by Mr. J. M. Landry, of this City, and full sister of Frank Bogash, Jr., 1:59 1-4, has proved herself to be the best five mile racer in the world. Her time of 12:26 at Maisonneuve yesterday afternoon on a heavy half-mile track will stand for some time.

Ald. Ulderich Gavuin shares the honors with Frankie Bogash in the new world's five mile pacing record. This is not the first world's record that Ald. Gavuin has figured in. At the Exhibition meeting in 1913 he drove Major B. O. to a new world's record for four miles in 9:56 in the five mile race which was finished in 12:31.

It was sheer gameness that won for the Bogash mare. At the seventh lap she brushed up alongside her larger opponent and although Marconi strove for a full mile to maintain the lead, he could not stay with the little Quebec pacer.

Most of the Quebec contingent who went up to Montreal to witness the race will come back in good spirits and with fat rolls which were picked up from the backers of Marconi.

Another five mile match race between Frankie Bogash and Nellie G., the winner of the five mile event at the Quebec Exposition of 1916, is said to have been arranged, the race to come off in about a month's time.

Manager Quinn of the Quebec Club announces that he has practically closed with Lt. Hubert Hughes the brilliant right wing player of the

RIVET-FIELDS
HERE ON FRIDAY

CLEVER FRENCH-CANADIAN BOXER WILL MEET FAST NEW YORK WELTERWEIGHT

In view of the fact that many fans complained that the Rink is now rather cold for the comfortable enjoyment of boxing bouts, the management of the Irish-Canadian Club have decided to lease the St. Roch's Athletic Club rooms for the winter and will open there on Friday evening with a fine attraction. George Rivet, claimant of the Canadian welterweight title, meeting Danny Fields, Billy Peppy's clever welter in the main ten round bout. Fields is undoubtedly the cleverest outside welterweight who has appeared here, only lack of condition failing to secure for him a decisive win over Reu Allen. In George Rivet he will meet one of the hardest boys in the game and as they are both tall, rangy fellows a great contest is assured.

It is possible that Young Mack and Charlie White will be signed up for the same evening and this should be a fine preliminary.

Crescents of the local city league. If Hughes plays with Quebec, the Crescents will lose a valuable player. The club, however, has given Quebec many players from its ranks and Manager Carberry and the other officers would be only too pleased to see Hughes make good as a professional. Joe Malone, Jack McDonald, Paddy Moran are all former Crescents.

Poor old Yale went down to a 21-0 defeat at the hands of little Brown Harvard defeated Princeton 3-0 after a stern battle.

Popular Pastime, No. 608—Watching those "Do your Xmas shopping early" ads begin to bud.



SAXON MOTOR CAR CO.

OF CANADA.

is open to negotiate with a reliable distributor for Quebec territory.

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K. W. MACRAE, of

SAXON MOTOR CAR CO.,

OF CANADA.

Windsor, Ontario.

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Tenders for Indian Supplies.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked on the envelope "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received at this Department up to noon, on Tuesday, November 28th, 1916, for the delivery of Indian Supplies during the fiscal year ending the 31st March, 1918, duty paid, at various points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Forms of tender containing full particulars may be had by applying to the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority of the Department will not be paid.

DUNCAN C. SCOTT,

Deputy Supt.-General

of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 6, 1916.

N.13x4

GOULLET-GRENDA
TEAM WINNERS

TOTAL MILEAGE IN SIX-DAY'S GRIND ON BICYCLES WAS 1350.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 11.—Riding in front of a field that was broken by injuries sustained in the closing sprints, Alfred Goulet, of Newark, N.J., and Al. Grenda, of Australia, tonight won the six-day bicycle race begun last Monday. Their total mileage for the ten hour daily grind was 1,350. Jacob Magin, of Newark, and Frank Corry, of Australia, were second. Thomas and Lawrence, a San Francisco team, were third. Other positions at the finish follow: Fourth, Hanley, San Francisco and Madden, Newark; fifth, Kaiser, Germany, and Dupuy, France; sixth, Sullivan, New Haven, and Eaton, Newark; seventh, Arthur and William Spencer, Toronto; eighth, Root, Melrose, and Lawson, Salt Lake City; ninth, Carman, New York, and Wiley, Buffalo.

The nine teams came through 59 hours of riding tonight on even terms and then entered on a series of 25 one-mile sprints in the last hour to decide, on a point basis, the final standing. After Goulet and Grenda had won the first three of these, Ray Eaton won the fourth. On the north-east turn Eaton rode high into Grenda's wheel. Both riders went down, and over them hurtled Lawson, Corry, Wiley and Dupuy, the first two of whom were thrown into track side boxes. Several spectators were hurt but not seriously. Lawson received injuries to his head said to be severe. Grenda was cut about one of his eyes. Corry's legs were hurt. Dupuy's face was scratched and his body bruised, and Wiley was shaken up severely.

All the riders but Lawson and Wiley continued the racing.

USING EVERY WORD.

It takes a woman to make every word tell when it comes to imparting secrets.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 8th December, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, twelve times per week between St. Samuel de Gayhurst and the Quebec Central Railway Station, to begin from the Postmaster-General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of St. Samuel de Gayhurst, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

S. TANNER GREEN,

Post Office Inspector.

Quebec, Oct. 27th, 1916.

O.30x1aw.mnx3w

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa, until noon, on Friday, the 8th December, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week between "St. Ludger and St. Samuel de Gayhurst," to begin from the Postmaster-General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of St. Ludger, St. Samuel de Gayhurst and Drolet, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

S. TANNER GREEN,

Post Office Inspector.

Quebec, Oct. 27th, 1916.

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S. TANNER GREEN,

Post Office Inspector.

Quebec, Oct. 27th, 1916.

O.30x1aw.mnx3w

FRANKIE BOGASH
SETS NEW RECORD

GAME QUEBEC MARE WON FIVE MILE RACE AT MAIS-ONNEUVE.

(Special to Chronicle)

Montreal, Nov. 12.—Frankie Bogash, owned by J. M. Landry, Quebec, and admirably driven by Alderman Ulderich Gavuin, Quebec, made a world's harness record this afternoon when she paced a five mile match race for \$500 a side in 12:26 incidentally defeating her worthy opponent Marconi, owned in Montreal and considered one of the best distance pacers in America.

A large number of Quebec people were here for the race which took place on the Maisonneuve track and was witnessed by about five thousand people. The performance was wonderful from the fact that the race was paced on a half mile track, heavy in spots and the day bitter cold. About seven thousand dollars changed hands as a result of the race which was a big event in local light harness racing. The Quebec mare finished strong and was held in considerably in the last half mile, having raced her bigger opponent into submission.

Marconi took the lead at the start and held it until the end of the seventh lap (3 1-2 miles) with the Quebec horse at his sulky wheel all the way. At this point, however, Gavuin sent the little mare to the front, and while Marconi held on and fought gamely for nearly a mile, he was finally worn down by the fast clip set by Bogash. Marconi was only about eight or ten lengths behind at the finish but the Quebec mare was wraps.

There was much cheering when the fast time was announced, and the winner was surrounded and admired by hundreds of horse lovers, as she is well-known and very popular here.

Driver Gavuin was the subject of warm congratulations for his excellent judgment in piloting the winner.

HIGH PRICES AFTER PEACE.

A tremendous leap in the cost of living, coincident with a slump in the demand for labor, will follow peace in Europe, a United States trade expert declares. He also predicts higher prices and less work than the country has ever known. This condition, he declares, will be brought about through an enormous increase in demand for raw products, particularly foodstuffs, in Europe, and an almost complete cessation of demand for manufactured products. Europe will have to be restocked and the great body of European labor furnished with material to turn into manufactures with which to re-enter the world's markets.

Jos. Cote



IMPORTER and WHOLE-

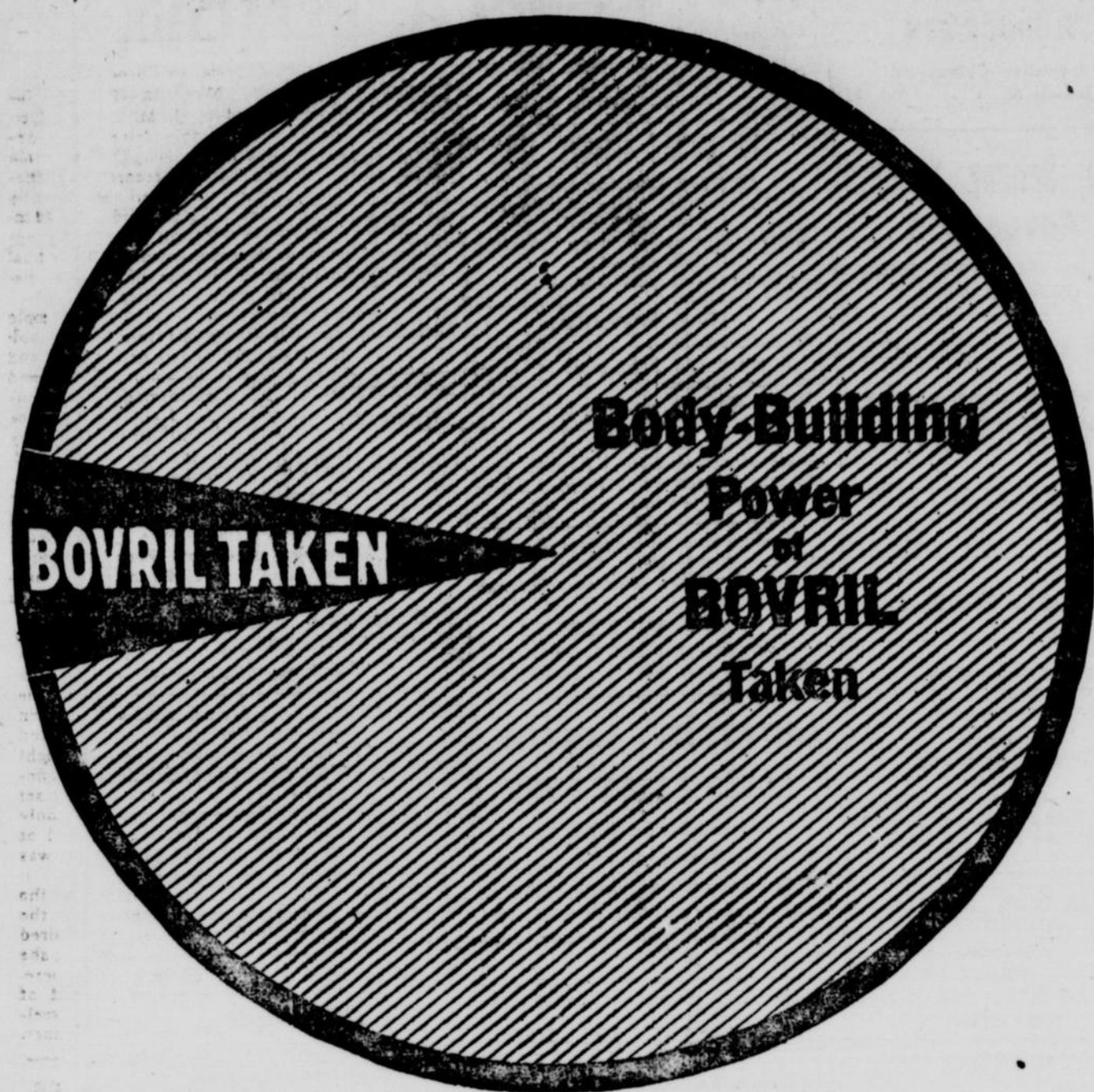
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GROCERIES.

The Remarkable Body-Building Power of BOVRIL



IN the recent experiments with Bovril on human beings conducted independently by some of the best known physiologists of the day, and reported to the British Medical Association, an amount of Bovril corresponding to the small dark section of this circle, added to the diet, *produced an increase in weight, flesh and muscle* corresponding to the large light section, proving the Body-Building Power of Bovril to be in every case from

10 to 20 Times the amount of Bovril taken

This conclusive proof of the power of BOVRIL explains how it provides that store of resistance necessary to ward off disease and to repel Colds and Influenza.

GUNS ARE BUSY ON THE MEUSE

GREAT ARTILLERY ACTIVITY
ON BOTH SIDES IN VERDUN
DISTRICT.

Paris, via London, Nov. 10.—The War Office tonight issued the following communication:

"North of the Somme we captured trench elements north-east of Les Boeufs and in the region of Saillisel. A German counter attack directed against Saillisel was easily repulsed. We took some prisoners.

"South of the Somme there was a continuous bombardment, which was somewhat violent at intervals on the Pressoirs and Albaincourt sectors.

"On the right bank of the Meuse there was great artillery activity by both sides at all points between the Haudromone quarry and Damloup. There was no infantry action, and the day was quiet on the remainder of the front.

"Eastern army: At the bend of the Cerna river (Serbia), fresh Bulgarian attacks against the Serbian positions failed. Inclement weather continues along the whole front.

"British airplanes have bombarded the Porna and Puljovo stations."

GERMANY MAKES THREAT TO NORWAY

CONTINUATION OF DIPLOMA-
TIC AND OTHER RELATIONS
MENACED.

Berlin, Nov. 10, via London.—The Lokal Anzeiger in a leader regarding the hour's expected Norwegian answer to Germany's protest against Norway's attitude towards submarines declares that should Norway refuse to alter its position, Germany will be forced to ignore Norway's order to submarines to avoid Norwegian waters. The newspaper adds: "The Norwegian government will see itself faced with a serious fact. If Norway should abide by its illegal measures, it is clear that the results would be. The continuation of diplomatic and other relations between Germany and Norway could not be thought of."

A. S. SMITH, M.L.A.

PASSED AWAY

Moosomin, Sask., Nov. 10.—Alexander S. Smith, M.L.A. for Moosomin in the Saskatchewan Legislature, died this evening, aged 48. Mr. Smith came west from Kincardine, Ont., in 1882.

NEUTRAL TELLS OF ZEPPELIN RAIDS.

S. S. McClure, the magazine publisher, who has been rather pro-German since the beginning of the war, was in Germany not long ago, and there read of the frightful damage done by a recent Zeppelin raid. When he returned to England on his way home he took the trouble to visit the places where the Germans claimed to have wrought their destruction. He checked the British official statements and then announced that the British figures were correct and the German claims absurd. Similar testimony has been given by a correspondent of the Springfield Republican, who appears to have been sceptical of the British reports. He was provided with credentials which took him to the districts visited by the raiders, and there was permitted to interview witnesses of the raids, to count the dead and independently estimate the damage. He reports, as Mr. McClure reported, that the British figures are absolutely to be depended upon; and that the German claims are mere inventions. He asserts positively that it is impossible for the Zeppelin raiders to know anything of the damage they do; impossible for them to recognize the districts over which they are flying.

Germans Do Not Know.

A captain of one of the Zeppelins brought down in England, when asked how he could reconcile his conscience to dropping bombs on women and children, denied that this was done, and asserted that bombs were dropped only on military works and public buildings. Asked how he could tell where a bomb dropped on a dark night when he was a couple of miles up in the air he replied, with some mystery, that the Germans have their ways of knowing. If this is true, then it is plain that the German reports of munitions works being destroyed and thousands of people killed are deliberate inventions, and not founded on the reports of the Zeppelin officers. British aviators flying at various heights over London in order to test the efficacy of the methods employed to darken the city on the approach of a Zeppelin agree that at a much lower altitude than that usually maintained by the Zeppelins it is impossible to distinguish prominent places. If those who are flying over London every day cannot tell one landmark from another, how is it possible for strangers flying much higher up to do so?

A Midland Raid.

The correspondent of the Republican visited an important Midland city of several hundred thousand population the day after a notable raid. This city should have been a shining mark. It has many square miles of munitions works, and the facilities for driving off invaders were slight compared with those of London. The city was warned of the approach of a Zeppelin, and all lights were turned

out, while the citizens in obedience to orders stayed indoors, refraining from laughter or any other loud noise. For some time, perhaps half an hour, the invader hovered over the hushed and shrouded city, uttering at a loss where to strike. Then a distant railway train evidently gave the commander of the airship his first hint of his whereabouts, and the bombs began to drop, until the whole cargo had been disposed of. Then the ship flew swiftly away.

Poor People Chief Sufferers.

As a result of this spectacular raid the correspondent found that between twenty and thirty people had been killed by the bombs, and twenty houses destroyed. Despite the vast extent of the area occupied by munitions works, only one bomb dropped within it, destroying a pile of railroad ties. Nearly all the bombs fell in the thickly-populated districts, upon the homes of the very poor, and it has been noted that this is the case with the great majority of the bombs dropped in England since the beginning of the war. It is supposed that this is due to the fact that the Zeppelin necessarily follow the course of railways or rivers in their flight, and it seems to be the rule in most cities

that the railways pass through the most congested districts. The houses destroyed, for the most part, have been small and poor, and in view of this fact it is remarkable that the incendiary bombs have been able to start a conflagration of any importance.

When one of these 200-pound bombs dropped from a height of a couple of miles falls on the average workman's house, that house ceases to exist, and where it stood is a fire. But so admirable are the fire-fighting arrangements, and so swiftly are the firemen on the spot that even in densely-packed districts there has been no important conflagration. Equally amazing it is that, while the face of England is thickly pitted with munition works and places of military importance, not one of them has been damaged. The opinion of the Republican correspondent is that the raiding is kept up in order to cheer the German people. He believes, however, that the Germans are making a terrible mistake, and that when peace terms are being considered they will find that their experiments with Zeppelins in England will exact a heavier penalty than the killing of a hundred thousand British soldiers.—Toronto Mail.

The Russian Symphony Orchestra

under the direction of Modest Altschuler has made the following records exclusively for the Columbia Co.

12 in. \$1.25.	A5321. Bargemen's Song. Russkaja I Trepak. (Rubinstein.)
10 in 85c.	A1211. Funeral March of a Marionette. Espagnole Dance. (Moszkowski.) (Gounod)
12 in. \$1.25.	A5469. Serenade. (Titl.) Dreams. Wagner.)

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Repeat it every night at
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Best Nerve Specialist in England Was Consulted

But Nervous System Failed to Respond to Treatment Prescribed.

Nervous disorders frequently result from injury to the nerves in accidents or because of the shock to the system.

The writer of this letter was injured in a mixup with some colts, remained unconscious for three weeks, and in spite of continued treatment in hospital could not obtain restoration of the internal nerves which control the action of the digestive and other vital organs. He travelled to Europe and consulted England's greatest nerve specialist. Relief was only temporary, in spite of many treatments used.

His letter gives the facts briefly and tells how he was finally cured by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Can you imagine any more severe test of this great nerve restorative?

Mr. Henry F. Venn, Cefu Ranch, Malakwa, B.C., writes: "Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has restored my nervous system and given me new health."

Having met with a severe accident seven years ago, from which I was unconscious and which left my nerves in a very sore plight. I was treated by doctors galore and consulted one of the greatest nerve specialists in England, but nothing seemed to do me much good. Hypophosphites and, in fact, all and every kind of nerve mixture in almost every form was used, but never with more than temporary benefit.

"But Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has acted very differently, for it has built up my nervous system until I feel like my old self again. If this medicine will do for others what it has done for me, I shall not regret having written this letter. I have recommended the Nerve Food personally to many, and shall always esteem its great restorative value."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

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PEAS, fine Delory... ..30c tin
PEAS, extra fine Dandicolle & Gaudin... ..30c tin
PEAS, very fine Dandicolle & Gaudin... ..30c tin
PEAS, extra fine Menina... ..30c tin
PEAS, fine Menina... ..30c tin
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Quebec.
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Tel. 175.

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ROBERT STEWART, L.L.A.,

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Auditors of the Province of Quebec.
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Office Tel., 6819 - Res. Tel., 748

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\$4.00 A LOAD
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LANE & LEMIEUX

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Advocate.

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CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2907, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Omer Vezina, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Machinist.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2844, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Hunestakes Munoles, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Clerk.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2872, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Louis Julien, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Civil Service Employee, Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2859, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
J. George Fradette, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Shoeshiner.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2903, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Henri Tourangeau, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Photographer.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2858, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Joseph Feltus, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Yardman.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2858, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Joseph Feltus, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Yardman.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2850, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Edouard Dombrowski, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Clerk.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2846, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Joseph Comptois, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Manager.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2846, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Joseph Comptois, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Manager.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 3406, of 1915.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
A. Caron, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Laborer.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 1830, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Walter S. Buchanan, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 1834, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Frederick Bishop, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 1834, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Frederick Bishop, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 1846, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Albert R. Fleming, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 1852, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Napoleon Gagne, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 1858, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Alphonse Hamel, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 1858, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Alphonse Hamel, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 907, of 1916.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
William P. Cullin, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2885, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Joseph A. McIlh, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Driver.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

CANADA.) In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec.) City of Quebec No. 2885, of 1914.
The City of Quebec, Plaintiff;

vs.
Joseph A. McIlh, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Driver.
Defendant.
Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.
Quebec, November 11th, 1916.

TH. DUBE
Clerk of the Recorder's Court, of the City of Quebec.

MEETING OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Friday, November 10th, 1916

Present: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bouchard, Bourret, Collier, Dussault (St. Louis), Dussault (Belvedere), Fiset, Galibois, Gauvin, Glode, Lantier, Lockwell, Madden, Martin, Mercier, Paquet, (St. Sauveur), Paquet (Jacques-Cartier), Pettigrew, Plamondon, Theriault, Verret.—(22).

The minutes of the last meeting are read and confirmed.

Read a letter from Sir A. E. Bateman, chairman of the Dominions Royal Commission, thanking the Mayor and Council for the cordial welcome accorded the Commission by the Municipal authorities.

Read a letter from Lt.-Col. Readman, Commanding 167th battalion, thanking the Mayor and Council for the vote of \$5,000, to help recruiting for regiments presently in formation in the City of Quebec.

Read a letter from the Young Women's Christian Association, thanking the Council for the grant of \$150.

Read a letter from the Joiners and Carpenters of America, United Fraternity, praying the Council to order that all city printing shall carry the label of their union. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Read a letter from Mr. Honors Dion, asking that suitable drainage be given for his property on d'Hervey Street. Referred to the Waterworks Committee.

Presented a petition from citizens of Limoilou, praying the Council to purchase four building lots to permit the extension of the 6th avenue to the 6th street in Limoilou. Referred to the Road Committee.

Presented the following reports of Committees:

Finance:
2484th. To grant \$100, to the Stadacona Ladies' Working Association and to "La Providence, St. Malo" \$250.

Moved by Alderman Verret, seconded by Alderman Dussault (St. Louis) and resolved: That the said report be taken up as the 4th order of the day.

2485th. To grant \$100, to Mr. Gaspar Lafrance, for extra work.

Moved by Alderman Verret, seconded by Alderman Lockwell, and resolved: That the said report be taken up as the 5th order of the day.

Waterworks:
708th. To authorize His Worship the Mayor to sign contract with the Harbor Commissioners, for water supply for two years, at \$5,000.

Moved by Alderman Fiset, seconded by Alderman Madden, and resolved: That the said report be taken up as the 6th order of the day.

Order of the Day.
1st order of the day—The Council takes up the consideration of the 2480th report of the Finance Committee, to levy a tax on fire insurance companies, etc., postponed from last week.

Said report being against the levying of tax of one per cent. on the total amount of premiums collected annually in the City by the said Company, and containing a minority report praying for reconsideration by the Council, and the said report being put to the vote, it is moved by Alderman Verret, seconded by Alderman Lockwell: That the following paragraph be added at the end of the report: "The Council is of the opinion that the levy of one per cent. on the amounts of the premiums annually perceived in the City by the fire insurance companies in addition to and above the present tax of \$500.00 imposed upon each Company."

And the said motion being put to the vote is lost on the following division of 9 for and 11 against, as follows, to wit:

For: Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bouchard, Gauvin, Lockwell, Paquet.

Against: Aldermen Verret, Dussault (St. Louis), Dussault (Belvedere), Fiset, Galibois, Gauvin, Glode, Lantier, Lockwell, Madden, Martin, Mercier, Paquet, (St. Sauveur), Paquet (Jacques-Cartier), Pettigrew, Plamondon, Theriault, Verret.—(11).

It is then moved by Alderman Verret, seconded by Alderman Dussault (Belvedere): That the debate on the said motion be now adjourned to the next meeting.

Alderman Galibois, seconded by Alderman Theriault, moves: That this Council do now vote the previous question. After some discussion, the motion is withdrawn.

Alderman Fiset calls the attention of the Council to the fact that it is midnight.

And the Council adjourns till Tuesday next.

Adjourned.

TO RECORD BABE'S IDENTITY.
There will be no more changelings or Slingsby baby cases if a new system of recording a child's identity is generally adopted. The finger-print system is now employed by the police in all countries. A convict whose thumb-print has once been taken can always be identified.

There are obvious difficulties about taking a baby's finger-print—the hands are always curling and clutching—but its feet present no such obstacles. What applies to finger-prints applies to foot-prints. The impression of a baby's foot once taken forms a life record.

The foot-print system is already employed in one great foreign maternity hospital with most satisfactory results. All that is necessary is to cover the sole of the child's foot with printer's ink by means of a roller, and then transfer the impression to a sheet of paper. The ink can be cleared off the foot with alcohol. Care must be taken not to disturb the impressions before they are dry.

(St. Sauveur), Paquet (J. Cartier), Theriault, Verret.—(9).

Against: Aldermen Bourret, Collier, Dussault (St. Louis), Dussault (Belvedere), Glode, Lantier, Madden, Martin, Mercier, Pettigrew, Plamondon.—(11).

The said motion is declared lost, and the said report is declared received.

2nd order of the day—Pursuant to notice, Alderman Lockwell moves, seconded by Alderman Theriault: That the department of legal collection be instructed not to seize any property for arrears of taxes, unless a notice of two months shall have been given to the proprietor.

And the said motion being put to the vote, with the consent of the Council, Alderman Lockwell substitutes the words "30 days notice" to the words "notice of two months."

And the said motion, thus corrected, being put to the vote, is lost on the following division of 3 for and 18 against, as follows, to wit:

For: Aldermen Bedard, Lockwell, Theriault.

Against: Aldermen Bertrand, Bouchard, Bourret, Collier, Dussault (St. Louis), Dussault (Belvedere), Fiset, Gauvin, Glode, Lantier, Madden, Martin, Mercier, Paquet, (St. Sauveur), Paquet (J. Cartier), Pettigrew, Plamondon, Verret.—(18).

3rd order of the day—Pursuant to notice, Alderman Bouchard moves, seconded by Alderman Collier:

That this Council, whilst complying with the order of the Legislature, to subdivide the City in eight wards, with two representatives for each ward, after a serious consideration of this question, finds that said subdivision would entail many difficulties and inconveniences, — and humbly suggests that said subdivision should be made in six wards, with two representatives for each ward, as follows, to wit:

I. Camplain, St. Peter, St. Louis and Palace wards.

II. St. John's ward, and portion of Belvedere ward.

III. Montcalm ward, and portion of Belvedere ward divided by the central line of St. John's Street and the central line of St. Foye Road to the City limits.

IV. St. Roch and Jacques-Cartier wards.

V. St. Sauveur, St. Valier and St. Malo wards.

VI. Limoilou ward.

And the said motion being read, Alderman Fiset raises a point of order: That the said motion cannot be entertained, because it contains a preamble, which is forbidden by the by-law.

His Worship the Mayor declares the point of order well taken.

And Alderman Fiset continuing to speak, Alderman Collier calls Alderman Fiset to order, stating that the motion being declared out of order, Alderman Fiset has no right to speak or the said motion.

His Worship the Mayor declares the point of order of Alderman Collier well founded.

Alderman Bouchard asks permission to strike out the preamble of his motion, and with the consent of the Council, he moves, seconded by Alderman Verret: That the said preamble be struck off from the said motion.

And with the consent of the Council, the said motion is adopted.

Alderman Bouchard, seconded by Alderman Collier, moves: That this Council humbly suggests that said subdivision should be made in six wards, with two representatives for each ward, as follows, to wit:

I. Camplain, St. Peter, St. Louis and Palais wards.

II. St. John's ward, and portion of Belvedere ward.

III. Montcalm ward, and portion of Belvedere ward divided by the central line of St. John's street and the central line of St. Foye Road to the City limits.

IV. St. Roch and Jacques-Cartier wards.

V. St. Sauveur, St. Valier and St. Malo wards.

VI. Limoilou ward.

A lengthy discussion ensuing upon said motion thus amended:

With the consent of the Council, Alderman Fiset moves, seconded by Alderman Theriault, and it is resolved: That when this Council shall adjourn, it stand adjourned until Tuesday next, the 14th of November instant, to continue the debate on the said motion.

It is then moved by Alderman Verret, seconded by Alderman Dussault (Belvedere): That the debate on the said motion be now adjourned to the next meeting.

Alderman Galibois, seconded by Alderman Theriault, moves: That this Council do now vote the previous question. After some discussion, the motion is withdrawn.

Alderman Fiset calls the attention of the Council to the fact that it is midnight.

And the Council adjourns till Tuesday next.

Adjourned.

To Investors

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT, MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.
Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.
Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.
Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.
A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.
For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA,
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

Fashionable Store

T. D. DUBUC

Formerly Donohue's Store

Household Furnishings

Down Comforters in a new collection of pretty designs and shades.
Comforters in all the very daintiest colorings and room furnishings.
All Wool Blankets at moderate prices and in all sizes.
Linen Damask Table Cloths with Napkins to match.
Embroidered Pillow Cases and Guest Towels.
Sheeting, Pillow Cottons, Towelling, Crash, Cretonne and Art Sateens.
FLANNELETTE FOR KIMONOS—Flannelette Velours in very smart designs and in a collection of suitable shades for Kimonos.
Reversible Flannelette in Grey, Purple, Blue, Rose, Fawn.
Eiderdown Flannel in plain and varied effects in White, Sky, Pink, Grey, Mauve, and Red.
Vyella Flannel, warranted fast colors, in patterns suitable for day and night wear.

T. D. DUBUC

188 & 194 St. John Street

UNION BANK OF CANADA

DIVIDEND, No. 119.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of the Union Bank of Canada has been declared for the current quarter, together with a bonus of 1 per cent., and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in the City of Winnipeg, and also at its Branches, on and after Friday, the first day of December, 1916, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of November next.

The transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of November, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
G. H. BALFOUR,
General Manager.
Winnipeg, Oct. 19, 1916.
O.26xmnth to N.30

The Royal Trust Co.

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES

Capital Fully Paid Up - - - \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund - - - 1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
SIR VINCENT MEREDITH, Bart. - President
SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, C.V.O. - Vice-President

R. B. Angus, E. B. Greenshields,
A. Baumgarten, C. R. Hosmer,
A. D. Braithwaite, Sir W. C. Macdonald,
E. J. Chamberlin, Hon. R. Mackay,
H. R. Drummond, Herbert Molson,
C. B. Gordon, Lord Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O.,
Hon. Sir Lomer Gouin, K.C.M.G. Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, LL.D.

A. E. HOLT - Manager

The Company is authorized to act as Trustee and Executor under Wills, Assignee, Etc., to give Bonds in connection with Judicial Proceedings, and to accept any Financial Agency.
As the law of the Province of Quebec does not require Executors to give security for their administration, nor does it oblige them to render accounts to the Courts, the nomination of

The Royal Trust Company

rather than an individual, as Executor, affords the greatest possible security to Testators. The Company does not die. Its charges are reasonable and its appointment is the best guarantee a Testator can have that his Estate will be honestly and economically managed.
The Company will act as Agent and Attorney for Executors already acting, will manage Estates, and will receive free of charge, for safe-keeping, Sealed Wills in which it is named as Executor.
The Company is also prepared to receive securities for safe-keeping, collection of coupons, etc.
Solicitors and Notaries placing business with the Company may be retained to do the legal work in connection with such business.
Information and advice may be obtained at the Company's Quebec Office, Bank of Montreal Building, St. Peter street.
QUEBEC BRANCH:
GEO. L. DEAN - Manager
Nov. 13/16, monxly.

Wilf. Lacroix

Architect and Estimator.
Graduate: "Polytechnical School."
Member P.Q.A.A.

—Inspection —Plans
—Quantities —Specifications

485 ST. JOHN STREET,
Phone 1558.
Ag. 26xmn, wd. frx158

SCV INQO
It is claimed that there will then exist for all time a record of the baby's identity which would carry weight in any court of law in after years. No matter how much the feet grow, the lines will have grown with them, and their pattern will not be changed.

CAPABLE OF CORRECTING THE DICTIONARY.
It is futile to attempt to instruct the forward youth of this our day. Ont who sat at lunch with us the other day remarked in the course of a narrative, "and then the poor fellow sat and wrang his hands."
"There is no such word as 'wrang,'" said we.
"There wasn't before I spoke, perhaps," said he, "but there is now."

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED

MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED
"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

Wilf. Lacroix

Architect and Estimator.
Graduate: "Polytechnical School."
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—Inspection —Plans
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"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

Book Now if going to England Bermuda or the West Indies

Sailings and full information by all lines on application.

Write, 'phone or call

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GENERAL STEAMSHIP AGENTS.

25 ST. LOUIS ST. Tel. 22

JONGAS & MALOUIN

Civil Engineers and Land Surveyors. Water Works and General Construction, Surveying, Setting of Boundary Lines, Subdivision of Building Lots, Appraisal, Inventory and Estimation of Timber Limits, Woods Survey and Mappings, Estimates on Cost of Municipal and Private Enterprises.

Office: Quebec Railway Building, St. Joseph St., St. Roch. Tel. 272. Quebec.

FLAME DAMES HOUSE

18 St. Ann Street—Newly Repaired. Formerly the St. George House. First-class Rooms, with all modern conveniences, also a full bar. Excellent Cuisine. Phone 5592. Rates Reasonable. MRS. BERTRAND.

Gaudias Bureau

MACHINIST. Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE 2346. RESIDENCE 5623. 116 5th Street, Limoilou.

Phone 3918.

Dr. C.-C. Warren

Surgeon-Dentist. LINDSAY BUILDING. No. 303 ST. JOHN STREET.

Quebec Construction Co.

111 Mountain Hill. Room No. 41. Phone 3729. Block Morin. Q. bec.

AUTUMN SALE

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE WITH IMPORTED HATS AND NOVELTIES.

YOUR INSPECTION IS RESPECTFULLY INVITED.

Miss M. Brownrigg

64 St. John Street.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned GEORGE SHINK, student-in-law, of the City and District of Quebec, that after having obtained permission from the General Council of the Bar of the Province of Quebec, he will present a bill to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, at its next session, in order to be admitted to the practice of law after examination.

GEORGE SHINK, Quebec, Oct. 10th, 1916.

St. Roch's Hotel

E. H. BELLAND, Manager. MANY ROOMS WITH BATH. Telephones 6520-6521.

Keep Your Feet Off Your Mind

Consult Prof. P. T. BERRIDGE, Chiropractor. Patients can be treated at their own home. Phone 5885. 308 ST. JOHN ST.

Point View House

38 RAMPARTS ST. Pleasant, bright rooms; magnificent view overlooking St. Lawrence River; all modern conveniences; stable board; favorite resort for winter. Phone 4897. MRS. M. WHELAN, Proprietress.



Horlick's

THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK

Rich milk, malted grain extract, in powder. For Infants, Invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. The Food-Drink for all Ages. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Substitutes cost YOU Same Price. Manufactured in Slough, Bucks, England, and Racine, Wis., U.S.A. Sample free, address Gilmour Bros. & Co., 509 Plus St., Ave. Maisonneuve, Montreal, Can.

Y. W. C. A.

COURSE OF LECTURES.

CHARLES DICKENS

"GREAT EXPECTATIONS."

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH

FOUR O'CLOCK P.M.

Lecturer: Rev. HERBERT SYMONDS, D.D., From Montreal.

SINGLE LECTURE 35 Cts.



W. KINGS and TENTS

of every description made on shortest notice.

Canvas Canoes for Sale. Jobbers in Cotton, Duck and Rope.

ALEX. PETRIE & SON.

Sail Loft—13 ST. JAMES ST. Office—114 ST. PETER ST. Telephone 444.

Auction Sale

In the matter of—C. O. SIMARD. Registered Grocer, 8 St. John Street, Quebec.

Insolvent; NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, November 17th, 1916, At 11:00 o'clock, a.m.,

Will be sold at our office, 101 St. Peter Street, Quebec, the assets of this Estate as follows:

A—Stock in trade... \$2,844.15

Store furniture... 692.00

\$3,536.15

B—Book debts, according to list... 2,296.28

C—One Safe... 100.00

D—Typewriter (Empire, No. 2)... 75.00

E—Cash Register (National)... 250.00

F—Rolling stock... 441.25

G—One Ford Delivery Auto... 700.00

H—Rent of store to April 30th, 1917. The sale will be for each item separately.

The inventory and list of book debts may be seen at our office.

The store will be opened on Thursday, November 16th, 1916, for the inspection of stock, furniture, etc.

Terms of sale: CASH. BEDARD & BELANGER, Assignees.

Office: 101 St. Peter street, Quebec, November 7th, 1916. N.9,11,13,15,16x5

Auction Sale

CANADA. Province of Quebec. Superior District of Quebec. COURT.

No. 1177. Re. EMILE BELANGER, Quebec, insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, November 21st, 1916, at 11 o'clock, a.m., will be sold at our office the assets of the insolvent as follows: Item

A—Stock lumber... \$930.88

B—One lot of wood prepared for doors and windows... 16.13

C—Rolling stock... 690.00

D—Furniture... 100.00

E—Two pieces of land situated at Limoilou, known and designated under number 1063-1064, subdivisions of lot number 508 of official cadastre St. Roch Nord, with building thereon erected, also machinery attached to the jointer shop, being numbers 157, 157 1/2, 159 and 161 of Ninth street.

F—One piece of land, being lot designated in official cadastre of St. Saeveur under number 2098, with building thereon erected subject to a rent of \$12.00, payable to Estate J. B. Renaud, on August 1st, yearly, being numbers 37 and 39 of St. Leon street.

Inventory and titles can be examined at our office.

Terms of sale: CASH. LaRUE, TRUDEL & PICHÉ, Curators.

Offices: Dominion Building, 126 St. Peter street, Quebec, Oct. 31, 1916. N.1,4,6,9,11,13,15,16,18,20,21x10

Shipping News

SHIP MOVEMENTS OVER THE WEEK-END

MANCHESTER HERO LEAVES FOR MONTREAL—STEAMER

QUEEN LEAVES FOR QUEBEC.

Although small craft was fairly active no ocean liners either passenger or freight arrived here over the week-end. The SS. Manchester Hero which has been in port several days unloading a big cargo including heavy pieces of machinery for mills in the Province, left yesterday for Montreal with the balance of her cargo.

The SS. Laurentian of the Canada Steamship Lines left over the week-end for points along the north shore with passengers etc. Among the vessels which passed inward yesterday bound for Montreal were the C. P. O. S. Ionian and the St. Winifred.

News was received in town yesterday to the effect that the steamer Queen of the Quebec & Lewis Ferry Co., which has been ashore at St. Catherine's Bay for some time, was successfully refloated yesterday and will leave at 5 a.m. this morning for Quebec.

The Manchester Line SS. Manchester Corporation with general cargo for Quebec and Montreal was reported inward at Cape Madalen at 3.30 p.m. yesterday. She is due to arrive in port this evening.

White Star-Dominion Line SS. Northland from Liverpool with passengers and general cargo was reported at South Point, Anticosti, at 1.30 p.m. yesterday. She is due in port late tonight.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

New York, Nov. 11—A limited business was reported in chartering and a good general demand prevailed for tonnage. Rates were firmer and tonnage offerings light. Quotations on grain nominal; cotton to Liverpool, per 100 lbs. \$1.50.

Charters: Steamer, 2,932 tons, general cargo, Philippines to New York, 100s per ton dead weight. Nov-Dec: Spanish steamer, 1,959 tons, coal, Virginia to Buenos Aires 55s; Norwegian steamer, 1,481 tons, coal, Virginia to the River Plate, 50s; prompt; Spanish steamer, 34,000 quarters, grain, Atlantic range to Marseilles or Cette, 23s; November; Spanish steamer, 30,000 quarters, same; bark, 698 tons, coal, Norfolk to Pernambuco or Macao, \$11 net. November-December; schooner, 676 tons, lumber, Gulf to west coast; Italy, \$35; schooner, 610 tons, same, schooner, 424 tons, wood pulp, Liverpool, N.S. to New York, \$4 and loaded.

NEW GRAVE FOR FAMOUS VESSEL.

Wreck of the Schooner Oscar and Hattie to be Removed from Muddy Waterway.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 10—Twice buried, the remains of the derelict Oscar and Hattie, which have reposed on the muddy bottom of the East Waterway for nearly two years are again to be removed from their resting place and given a third interment, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer. The schooner Oscar and Hattie is a famous one, and is prominently mentioned in C. B. Bagley's History of Seattle as the pioneer in the halibut fishing industry.

Having outlived her usefulness, two years ago, the vessel was sunk in the Duwamish River. The march of progress and improvement necessitated her removal, however, and she was taken from the river to be re-buried.

"The condition of the railways, while certainly not all that might be desired, is, nevertheless, much better than it was eighteen months ago, and in view of the assistance already given, no hardship will be worked against the railways in determining that no action should be taken in this case until the effect of the Eastern Rates judgment can be clearly demonstrated. Theoretical demonstration really amounts to nothing. The actual traffic returns alone can show what, under the new conditions as developed, the situation will be I am of opinion that the board should at the present time, therefore, take no action in this application."

OCEAN SAILINGS.

Transatlantic sailing list compiled by F. S. Stocking, General Steamship Agent, 32 St. Louis street, Quebec.

Subject to Change:

Nov. From To

7—Finland... N.Y.... Liverpool

8—Carpentaria... N.Y.... Liverpool

9—Baltic... N.Y.... Liverpool

10—Scotian... Quebec, Glasgow

11—Espagne... N.Y.... Bordeaux

12—Scandinavian... Quebec, Liverpool

13—St. Louis... N.Y.... Liverpool

14—Saxonia... N.Y.... Liverpool

15—Cassandra... Quebec, Glasgow

16—California... N.Y.... Liverpool

17—Ionian... Quebec, London

18—Adriatic... N.Y.... Liverpool

19—Sicilian... Quebec, London

20—Cameronia... N.Y.... Glasgow

21—Northland... Quebec, Liverpool

22—St. Paul... N.Y.... Liverpool

buried in the East Waterway. The construction of ship ways for new vessels to take the place of the once proud Oscar and Hattie require her removal from the waterway.

The J. F. Duthie Shipbuilding Company wanted the Oregon-Washington Railroad Company to officiate at the "new burial" of the schooner. The railroad, however, passed the honors to the Chesley Towboat Company.

W. R. Chesley says his company "performed the burial service" for the owners two years ago by removing it from the Duwamish River, and hadn't even yet received compensation for it. Port Warden A. A. Paysee is willing enough to act as master of the ceremonies at the final burial, but he insists that the remains be cremated before the ashes are consigned to the bottom of Elliott Bay.

Nothing stands in the way of giving the once queen of the Seattle halibut fleet a final resting place but authority. Mr. Paysee has asked, Corporation Counsel Hugh M. Caldwell for permission to salvage her chain and anchors valued at \$60 (the only valuables about the schooner), and burn her to ashes on the beach.

"The real beginning of the halibut fishing industry, on a commercial scale, dates from the year 1888, when Captain Christopher Johnson brought the Gloucester schooner Oscar and Hattie around the Horn and entered the deep sea fishing business out of Puget Sound. The initial voyage of this craft was made in August of that year, and was very successful. The bulk of the catch was shipped East for smoking."

OCEAN FREIGHT RATES

Time Inopportune for Increase on Import Freights.

A judgment of considerable importance to the railways and importers was yesterday handed down by Sir Henry Drayton, chief commissioner of the Board of Railway Commissioners, in which it was decided that the time was inopportune to increase freight rates westward from Atlantic ports. The decision was given on an application by the Grand Trunk, Grand Trunk Pacific and Canadian Pacific Railways, for approval of new and increased schedules of rates on import freights bound west from Montreal, Portland, Maine, and St. John, N.B. The increase was opposed by the importing interests, and a copy of the judgment was received yesterday by Mr. W. S. Tison, transportation manager of the Board of Trade.

The decision, which was concurred in by the other commissioners, is as follows: "The companies desired to materially increase their import rates, which were on a relatively low basis, but which were all rates made by the companies themselves, and not imposed by the board.

"Treated as individual rates, they are undoubtedly low. The proposed increases were suspended by the board in Order No. 24,440. The case has been heard, and has been standing some time for judgment.

"Importers claim that with high ocean rates, the burden on their traffic is already unduly heavy. "Undoubtedly ocean rates are very high; but, as a matter of principle, a high ocean rate affords of itself absolutely no reason why the railway companies should be compelled, for the purpose of reducing as much as possible the traffic disability engendered by the high ocean rate, to carry imports at a probably low and unremunerative basis.

"On the other hand, there is no question as to the fact of high ocean rates, and grave resulting difficulties for the importer.

"In the Eastern Rates Case, the general rate structure was dealt with and the whole question of railway finances and requirements of the different lines was given most careful consideration by the board. Such increases as were reasonable were authorized—these increases in some instances being substantial.

"The application now made deals with a general rate schedule, and the effect of it cannot properly be measured aside from the effect of the Eastern Rates Case. The full effect of the increases there authorized is not yet apparent. Some of the higher tariffs authorized have not indeed, been yet put into effect.

"The condition of the railways, while certainly not all that might be desired, is, nevertheless, much better than it was eighteen months ago, and in view of the assistance already given, no hardship will be worked against the railways in determining that no action should be taken in this case until the effect of the Eastern Rates judgment can be clearly demonstrated. Theoretical demonstration really amounts to nothing. The actual traffic returns alone can show what, under the new conditions as developed, the situation will be I am of opinion that the board should at the present time, therefore, take no action in this application."

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

Quebec, Nov. 12, 1916.

Riviere a la Martre, 260; Clear, strong north. Inward 10.30 a.m. Kaduna, 12.30 p.m. Haakon VII.

Cape Magdalen, 294; Clear, north-west. Inward 11.30 a.m. Benin.

Fame Point, 325; Clear, strong north-west. Inward 11.40 a.m. Manchester Corporation.

Montreal to Quebec. Longue Pointe, 134; Cloudy, north-west. Inward 9.5 a.m. Saguenay.

Cap St. Michel, 125; Cloudy, north-west. Outward 12.25 p.m. steam barge Mapleton.

Sorel, 100; Cloudy, north-west. Spray and tow left outward 12.30 p.m. Outward 10.35 a.m. J. H. Hackett and tow.

Three Rivers, 65; Cloudy, north. Inward 1.15 p.m. steam barge Georgetown, 2.15 p.m. Lloyd Porter.

H. S. MCGREEVEY, Superintendent.



CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE.

Quebec, 12th, Oct. 1916.

Public Notice is hereby given that the City of Quebec shall apply to the Legislature of this Province, at its next session, to ask for certain amendments to its charter of incorporation; and to ask for authorization to borrow a sum of \$750,000 (seven hundred and ninety thousand dollars), to pay the cost of permanent works in the streets and public places of the City; for: permanent works on the grounds of the Exhibition Commission; for the opening of Lockwell Street; for a subscription to the Monument of the Faith; for permanent sidewalks; for amounts paid for war purposes; and more-over, to modify the width of the roadway in certain streets of the City; to amend the law concerning the list of employees to be supplied by each employer; to impose a special tax for the removal of refuse and snow by the City or by contractors; to make applicable to the Clerk of the Recorder's Court of this City the provision of the number 5321 of the Revised Statutes of the Province; to repeal the law prohibiting the imposition of a tax on non-resident working men; to authorize the City to impose a tax on automobiles; to obtain authorization to build a viaduct over Octave street, and for other purposes.

By order, H. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk.

THE QUEBEC BANK

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Quebec Bank will be held at the Head Office of the said Bank, in the City of Quebec, Que., on Tuesday, the twenty-eighth day of November, 1916, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering an agreement for the sale by the said The Quebec Bank of its assets to The Royal Bank of Canada, upon the terms set out in such agreement, a copy of which will be mailed to each Shareholder with this notice, and if deemed advisable, of passing a resolution or resolutions, approving the said agreement and authorizing the President and General Manager of The Quebec Bank to affix to said agreement the corporate seal of the Bank and to sign and execute the same for and in the name of and on behalf of the Bank; and also for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, of passing all such other and further resolutions for fully carrying out the said agreement and the terms thereof as the Shareholders shall consider expedient or advisable, and for the purpose of authorizing the Board of Directors to give all such notices and make all such applications and to pass and execute all such other acts, resolutions, deeds, instruments, matters and things as may be deemed necessary for procuring the assent of the Governor-in-Council to the said agreement, and for carrying out the same and distributing the proceeds of the said sale.

By order of the Board, B. B. STEVENSON, General Manager.

Quebec, Oct. 12th, 1916. O.13x208

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Phones 5728. Res. 6993.

W. & G. Morton Massey

GENERAL INSURANCE BROKERS

111 Mountain Hill.

TENDERS REQUIRED

Quebec, P.Q., Oct. 31st, 1916.

400 Quebec Ry. Bldg. TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until Wednesday, 22nd of November, 1916, at 4 p.m., for 90,000 Railway Ties for delivery early in the Spring of 1917.

Tenders to be sealed and plainly marked: "Tender for Ties."

Specifications can be seen at our office, and at the office of Mr. Arthur Dick, Division Engineer, Trans. Ry., Quebec, and Mr. Gordon Grant, Chief Engineer Trans. Ry., Ottawa, Ont.

O'BRIEN & DOHENY, Contractors, Que. & Saguenay Ry.

N.2x2022

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC.

(Standard Time, 75th Meridian.)

	Nov.	A.M.	P.M.
Monday	13	8.07	8.11
Tuesday	14	8.52	8.53
Wednesday	15	9.41	9.40
Thursday	16	10.35	10.34
Friday	17	11.35	11.36
Saturday	18	12.00	12.32
Sunday	19	12.45	1.31

Moon Phases.

Last quarter Nov. 17th. at 5.01

Classified Advertisements

THE GREAT CIRCULATING MARKET PLACE OF OPPORTUNITIES

LOST.

LOST—Pocket book containing over \$70. A liberal reward will be given on returning to J. F. B. care The Chronicle Office.

WANTED.

WANTED—Immediately, a general servant. Apply 183 Maple Ave. nov.13x3

WANTED—15 good brick layers for work on St. Maurice Paper Co's Mills at Cap Madalene. 65c per hour and fare out. Apply to Geo. A. Fuller Co., Ltd., Cap Madalene, Quebec. nov.13x2.

PUPILS WANTED—For dancing, children or adults. Also English tuition and kindergarten system for young children. Apply Miss Shipman, 29 1-2 Cartier Avenue. Phone 3694. nov.8x6.

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with good accommodation. Meals if desired. Also suitable for light house-keeping. Apply at No. 19 St. Ursule St. Phone

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These tiny Capsules cure
in 48 hours without
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