

\$1.15, according to brand. Young's held firm at \$1.12 to \$1.15. Miramichi Packing Co., at \$1.12, now held at \$1.15. Island Packing Co., \$1.15. New salmon is a little lower, No. 1 at \$21, No. 2 at \$20 and No. 3 at \$19 per lb.

FRUITS.—The arrivals of the new crop have all gone into consumption. Sales of Valencia to arrive have been made at 84c to 9c. Currants are held firm at 6c to 7c. Tarragona Almonds, 13c to 14c.

HIDES AND SKINS.—The condition of the hide market has not changed as regards prices, which are fully maintained at last week's figures. The demand, however, has been more active, but not of a vigorous character. Stocks keep well down to a low level without much prospect of increase as the offerings at primary points are very limited. The volume of business shows an increase compared with last week, sales of good sized lots being reported at 10c to 10c for No. 1 imported bull hides and 8c to 8c for No. 2 bull's hide. No. 2 hides are at 10c to 10c and heavy business is at 11c to 11c.

The market for green butchers' hides is without change in any particular, a fair business being done at steady prices. We quote \$10, \$9 and \$8 for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respectively. Sheep and lambskins have sold to a moderate amount at 30c to 30c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.—No new features have been suggested relative to the pig iron market, the volume of trade being satisfactory and at full prices. Most of the business transacted was on through account for Western buyers. Stocks are low and all the iron arriving goes into consumption immediately. Warrants are called a trifle lower at 51c 10c. We quote as follows:—Summit, \$23 to \$23.50; Garth, \$23.50; \$23.50; Langdon, \$23 to \$23.50; Calder, \$22.50 to \$23; Eglington, \$22.50; and Colnett at \$24. A good business has been done at 10c to 10c on the basis of \$2 to \$2.25 for crown quality. The tin plates market is, if anything, firmer, but prices are unchanged at \$5.15 to \$5.35 for charcoal and \$4.35 to \$4.50 for coke as to grade. Canada plates are steady at \$2.25 for Penn and equal. Ingot tin in London is called 15c lower at \$106 10c. Here the market is unchanged at 26c. Ingot is also unchanged at 20c. General hardware trade continues good and well distributed.

LEATHER.—Although no extensive business has been effected in any line of leather goods the past week, no buyers having taken anything more than what was requisite to tide over immediate wants, the general market has preserved a healthy tone, the prices realized having been much the same. As has been the case for some time past, the market for choice Spanish sole is simply supplied, any lots on hand being rapidly picked up at full prices. Sales of about 1,000 sides are reported at 26c to 27c. No. 2 has sold fairly well at 24c to 25c. China sole is in light supply at 22c to 24c as to quality. Zanfar bar sole has changed hands at 24c. Slaughter sole is quoted at 27c to 28c. Heavy harness leather remains firm at 29c to 32c. Upper leather has been quiet ranging from 33c to 36c as to quality, and choice lower than 6c pounds average is held at 33c. Good merchantable splits continue to secure a large share of attention from exporters, who receive good returns from the favourable market in England. Here prices are quoted at 20c to 28c as to quality. Buff remains firm at 14c to 16c, choice buff being quoted up to 20c. Public ranges from 12c to 15c with a fair business. The market for imported stock rugs is quiet and unchanged.

LIQUORS AND WINES.—There has been more movement in the market, and champagne, port, sherry and brandies of the finest brands have been in demand. The market is active for all kinds. We hear of sales of Barbados at 55c, and Trinidad from 49c up to 50c, according to sample and lot. Antigua is held firm at 50c.

NAVAL STORES.—Only a very moderate business has been effected in this department of trade during the past week. Prices have not varied to a notable extent, though the small demand receives full attention. Dealers are beginning to anticipate an increased movement before long. E grade rosin has changed hands in limited extent at \$2.75, and F at \$2.50 to \$2.55. Pine pitch is at \$2.20 to \$2.25. Pine pitch is at \$2.20 to \$2.25. Oakum moves off slowly in small lots at 6c to 10c per pound as to quality. Spirits turpentine in New York quoted at 46c.

OILS.—The market is firm, though there has been little movement in them during the week. Small sales of Cod Liver Oil, Newfoundland have been made at 65c, and Halifax at 60c to 62c, and steam refined at 72c, now held at 75c. Cod liver is firm, selling at \$1.75 to \$1.80 per Imp. gall. Olive 33c to 35c, and refined 50c to 57c per Imp. gall. as to sample.

PETROLEUM.—Advices from Petrolia report that refiners there are full of orders, and will not sell for future delivery except at pretty high figures, 17c being the rate now asked on an unsettled market. In this market a share of the advance in crude, and a brisk business is anticipated. Broken lots have advanced, and now sell at 20c. Single barrels are quoted at 21c to 22c. The New York market to-day was telegraphed firm at 7c to 7c for crude, and 8c to 8c for refined. The latest quotations from Petroleum are:—Antwerp, fine pale American, 19 francs 50 centimes paid, and 19 francs 75 centimes sellers. Bremen, petroleum, 7 marks 85 pfennings. Liverpool, refined petroleum, 7d per gallon. These quotations compared with the corresponding advance of 25 centimes at Antwerp, and 20 pennings at Bremen.

RICE.—The market is firm at last week's quotations. Sales at \$3.60 to \$3.75. SALT—Continues in fair demand. Prices remain unchanged. Coarse, 10s at 67c; 11s at 62c; 12s at 57c; 13s at 52c; 14s at 47c; 15s at 42c; 16s at 37c; 17s at 32c; 18s at 27c; 19s at 22c; 20s at 17c; 21s at 12c; 22s at 7c; 23s at 2c; 24s at 1c; 25s at 1c; 26s at 1c; 27s at 1c; 28s at 1c; 29s at 1c; 30s at 1c; 31s at 1c; 32s at 1c; 33s at 1c; 34s at 1c; 35s at 1c; 36s at 1c; 37s at 1c; 38s at 1c; 39s at 1c; 40s at 1c; 41s at 1c; 42s at 1c; 43s at 1c; 44s at 1c; 45s at 1c; 46s at 1c; 47s at 1c; 48s at 1c; 49s at 1c; 50s at 1c; 51s at 1c; 52s at 1c; 53s at 1c; 54s at 1c; 55s at 1c; 56s at 1c; 57s at 1c; 58s at 1c; 59s at 1c; 60s at 1c; 61s at 1c; 62s at 1c; 63s at 1c; 64s at 1c; 65s at 1c; 66s at 1c; 67s at 1c; 68s at 1c; 69s at 1c; 70s at 1c; 71s at 1c; 72s at 1c; 73s at 1c; 74s at 1c; 75s at 1c; 76s at 1c; 77s at 1c; 78s at 1c; 79s at 1c; 80s at 1c; 81s at 1c; 82s at 1c; 83s at 1c; 84s at 1c; 85s at 1c; 86s at 1c; 87s at 1c; 88s at 1c; 89s at 1c; 90s at 1c; 91s at 1c; 92s at 1c; 93s at 1c; 94s at 1c; 95s at 1c; 96s at 1c; 97s at 1c; 98s at 1c; 99s at 1c; 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1022s at 1c; 1023s at 1c; 1024s at 1c; 1025s at 1c; 1026s at 1c; 1027s at 1c; 1028s at 1c; 1029s at 1c; 1030s at 1c; 1031s at 1c; 1032s at 1c; 1033s at 1c; 1034s at 1c; 1035s at 1c; 1036s at 1c; 1037s at 1c; 10

The Montreal Herald.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 6.

APPOINTMENTS.

Academy of Music—Performance at 8 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Performance at 8 p.m.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

BY THOS. J. POTTER.
Real Estate—At his rooms, at 10 a.m.
Real Estate—At his rooms, at 11 a.m.
BY SHAW & GOWLEY.
Horses—At the Horse Market, College street, at 3 p.m.

CONTENTS OF TO-DAY'S PAPER.

FIRST PAGE—Marine Intelligence; Commercial Items; Financial; Weekly Review of Stocks; State of Trade; Railway News, etc.
SECOND PAGE—Commercial continued, etc.
THIRD PAGE—Commercial continued, etc.
FOURTH PAGE—Editorial; Notes, etc.
FIFTH PAGE—J. Barsalou & Co's. Soap and Candle Factory, etc.
SIXTH PAGE—The Fate of Madame La Tour, etc.
SEVENTH PAGE—Local News, etc.
EIGHTH PAGE—Telegraphic News, etc.

PALMAM QUI MERUIT FERAT.

THE TWENTY-FIVE FEET CHANNEL
Adown the broad St. Lawrence stream
We sailed, at break of day,
On board the ship "Peruvian,"
The channel to survey.
And many a hoary head was there
That bore the snows of years:
Our merchant princes thronged the deck—
Our city's pioneers.
Whist younger men, and middle-aged—
A goodly company—
Were also there to test the depths
That join us to the sea.
Time was—now many years ago—
When this our Montreal
Could only carry on her trade
In shallow craft and small.
Then steamers came, a goodly fleet,
To bear across the main
The wealth of our Canadian fields—
Our produce, fruits, and grain.
Bold science, then, her ready aid
Bestowed for many a day,
To clear away the rocks and shoals
Which barred the way.
And lo! the crowning prize is won,
Rewarding those who strive,
And from a twelve feet channel, now
It reaches TWENTY-FIVE!
The fertile West—the prairies wide
From their abundance pour
The produce of their fields and fill
Old Europe's empty store.
Each monster ocean steamship now
Can gain our inland port,
And Commerce with her wealth declares
This City her resort!
Amidst the throng who join this day
Our triumph to declare
One worthy form is sadly missed
One vacant seat is there.
Those giant efforts now are owned,
That name's on every tongue.
Our Canada may well be proud
And mourn for her JOHN YOUNG!
His monument! go rear it high
And point with grateful hand
To his untiring efforts made
To benefit our land!
What fitter trophy can we rear
To mark his well earned fame,
Than with the triumph of today
To link his honoured name!
MONTREAL, Oct. 3, 1882.

A NOT SUPER-COURTEOUS CRITICISM.

When any of the great London dailies, by accident, or as the result of information specially prepared, chances, as occasionally happens, to say something approximately true of Canada and Canadians, we feel a degree of elation, generally quite out of proportion with the importance of the matter itself. It is gratifying to find that we are beginning to be understood by the metropolitan press. The satisfaction, unfortunately, is generally short-lived, and we are either amused, or chagrined, as the case may be, by a farago of nonsense presented in the most confident and pompous style. The *Daily Telegraph*, perhaps, outstrips all other London daily journals in the density of its ignorance of Canada, although some publications of higher literary repute are not far in its rear in this respect. In a long article the *Telegraph* of the 21st ult., moralizes on the lamentable accident to the steamer "Asia," but the writer, when he ventures beyond the lines marked for him by the cable despatch, on which his dissertation was evidently founded, gets as completely lost as the ill-fated vessel herself. There had to be a column, written on or about or near the subject of the accident, and the material available was so inconsiderable that recourse had to be had to what is known among "leader" manufacturers as "padding." As the result, we have half a column of extracts from Charles Dickens' *American Notes*, and his correspondence with his biographer, Mr. Forster (which has had forty years to mellow), in which the great novelist decries American scenery as monotonous and unimpressive, but is eulogistic of Niagara's grandeur. After this long prelude, which has no more to do with the mishap in question, and which is as disproportionate to what follows as a Cathedral's porch would be to a rustic church, we have an *olla podrida* of facts relative to the great lakes, which prepares the way for a recital of the circumstances of the accident, which is, in the main, correct. Then follow conjectures and inferences in profusion, which cannot be so characterized. "It is but too probable," the British paper are informed, "that, like nearly all the lake-boats, they were badly manned and badly equipped for a kind of navigation which, in the opinion of many competent authorities, is more dangerous than that of the ocean itself." The mind of the writer seems to have been deeply impressed by his "competent authorities" with the greater hazard of lake over ocean navigation, for we have the comparison in-

stituted half a dozen times in fifty lines. For example, we have the picture presented of a stranger "waking up at dawn, on a bright summer morning, in a hotel in Chicago overlooking Lake Michigan, and seeing the sun rise out of an illimitable expanse of water as blue as the Bay of Naples," who see at a glance that there is "room and verge enough upon its surface for storms not less formidable than any which the Atlantic is capable of generating." Again, "there are more disasters to shipping upon Lakes Michigan, Huron and Erie than occur to a similar amount of tonnage sent forth to brave the terrors of the ocean," which is about as reasonable as to put on contrast the loss to the community by a millionaire being fatally run over in the street and a hundred colliers meeting death in a mine. General Cass is quoted as the narrator of stories "about the perils of lake navigation more to be dreaded in his eyes than that of the Atlantic." As to lake-boats being almost invariably badly manned, any one who is competent to express an opinion knows that this is not the case. As to bad equipment, they are fully as well prepared for emergencies as was the unfortunate "Princess Alice" which went down in the Thames a few summers ago with hundreds of excursionists on board, and this in full view of either bank and of scores of vessels anchored or passing. The *Telegraph* has a good deal to say about the loss of the "Lady Elgin" by collision on Lake Michigan, as one of many "catastrophes which have occurred to teach American families what the perils of lake navigation are," but has not a word to say about the unlucky "Princess Alice," and the dangers of Thames navigation. But what has all this to do with the fate of the "Asia," unless the word Canada is to be obliterated from the map altogether, and everything, good or evil, great or small, that happens or exists north of the Gulf of Mexico is to be regarded as American—an idea which our London contemporaries generally seem to entertain. The writer in this case, in nine places out of ten in which he uses the word America means Canada, and means to say something uncivil upon the country, as in the following "elegant extract":—

"In point of fact, there is not much which should tempt English travellers in the United States to make their way by the lakes when westward bound. The voyage is long and tedious, and the scenery on the edge of these great sheets of water is uninteresting in the extreme. In hot weather some of the lake steamers are infested with insects which banish sleep, and the table is that of that inferior Western hotel type most unattractive to a refined European taste. For commercial purposes the value of the great lakes is absolutely incalculable. Strangers upon pleasure bent, however, should not trust their lives in the frail vessels which ply upon these magnificent but dangerous and inconstant waters."

FRAUD AND PATRONAGE.

The majority of the Republicans to whom the circumstances attendant on Secretary Fulger's nomination for the New York Governorship are distasteful, ascribe the result to an undue interference on the part of the Federal authority with matters of purely State concern. The silence of ex-Secretary Evans when asked to express his views can be taken as little less than condemnation of the transaction, while the unwillingness on the part of many other politicians to say what their opinions are, is, at the very least, ominous. But while there are many who appear likely to give the nomination the go by and refrain from voting, there are those—and they are as genuine Republicans as are to be found in the State—who will unhesitatingly scratch the ticket and for once go Democratic in order to rebuke the "machine politicians," and inaugurate, if that be possible, a better era for the future. Among these is the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, whose denunciation of the Convention and its doings a few days since must have fallen like a thunder-bolt among the individuals who have stooped to such dishonourable methods as those which are reported to have obtained. Mr. George W. Curtis, editor of *Harper's Weekly*, usually one of the leading orators of the Republican party, who, for all, that has been accustomed to esteem principles as higher than individuals, and whose voice was ever raised in behalf of wholesome reforms, was recently asked for political advice on behalf of the members of the Civil Service Reform Association, with whose movements he has been identified since its inception. He at once replied, in the most emphatic manner, "I do not advise, have not advised and shall not advise a course so totally repugnant to all my political convictions and to my sense of public duty." He added that the nomination was procured by the combined power of fraud and patronage and to support it at the polls would be to acquiesce in fraud and patronage as legitimate forces in a nominating convention. The only effectual way, he continued, in which the voters could emancipate themselves from the corrupt and debasing rule of a machine was to defeat its candidates and this he believed would be decisively done by the Republican voters. The Democrats appear to be wonderfully amused over the position which affairs have assumed, and continuously and sharply remind those whom they term the "kickers" of the different positions which they occupied at the time of the Electoral Commission when he whom they term the "fraudulent president" was declared to be the chief Magistrate of the United States. They single out individuals in the ranks of the disaffected who they claim were rewarded with office for their services in connection with that affair. Altogether the situation is peculiar, and the political atmosphere is more than ordinarily warm, the course of the Republican Convention having rendered the party stronghold remarkably as-

sailable to the red hot shot which is being poured into it. The supporters of Mr. Cleveland appear to exercise singular discretion. Almost a unit and backed by the anti-monopoly element who see or reflect to see the hand of monopoly raised against Governor Cornell and the best interests of the State, they are complacently surveying the internal disintegration of their adversaries and the quality that they now display which so long been absent from their ranks bids fair to eventually prove to be to them the better part of valour. The whole difficulty manifestly arises as we have said out of the importation of Federal issues into those of purely State concern; and the anxiety of the friends of President Arthur to secure for him a second term of office, has not only seriously prejudiced his chances, but besides weakening the party, has made its chief candidate in the Empire State a laughing stock and a by-word for inconsistency, "Pharisee," "hypocrite," "whited sepulchre," being but a few of the choice appellations that have been bestowed upon him. It is but a few years ago that the party leaders were men of honour and respectability. To-day the "party managers" are men who, to use a term with which Canadians are familiar, "smell to heaven," and truly has it been said that "no graver political peril now confronts the country than the complete subjugation of party by unscrupulous cabals which bribe with public employment and pay their way by filching from the public treasury." "Reform" and that in high places, as well as in low, must be the watchword of the Republican party, who, it may be, will only realize how low they have fallen, and how much they have done which has to be undone, after they have been deprived of office and been made to discover for themselves how sweet are the blessings of adversity.

INSPECTION OF COAL AND CORDWOOD.

The agitation which has been going on in the Ancient Capital for some sort of municipal protection for citizens against the extortionate charges and fraudulent practices of retail dealers in fuel, has not been without at least seeming effect. It will be a temporary solace, at least, to the complaining public, that the City Council has taken up the matter and legislated into existence a system of licensing and inspection, which, if thoroughly acted up to, will give them some relief. Not before it was needed, we should say, however, if what the citizens have had to put up with has not been exaggerated by the local press. People have been charged for coal just double what the retail dealers have been paying for it, with the certainty of the weight being short after all; while when if disgusted at the extortion practised by the dealer in coal they took to using firewood they found themselves robbed in a variety of ways. Even the simple-hearted, unsophisticated inhabitant has little or nothing to learn in the way of trade trickery. He can compositely offer a block of limestone thinly coated over as very choice maple sugar, can dye the ends of his logs of cordwood to make them pass for well seasoned fuel, and reduce the dimensions of his sled to save as many sticks as possible. Perhaps, all this may be changed under the new system, and no doubt the worthy citizens of Quebec would be heartily pleased to have it so.

Col. Badine, Captain of the American team which contended against the British riflemen at Creedmoor, says that it will require much labour and painstaking effort to pick out teams, if such teams are to be placed on an equal footing with the British organizations. He avers that more subordination to officers is wanted, and stated that the arms used by the British were in many particulars superior to those of the home team. The real value of the Creedmoor match thus appears to have been in the settlement of the relative value of weapons.

Newport, the far-famed watering place by the sea, the summer resort of the wealthy, beauty and fashion of the United States, has been declared to be in a very bad sanitary condition owing to defective sewerage and poisonous well water. Let this not be told in Galt or published in *Askalon*, otherwise those who have been accustomed vainly to seek health and pleasure at this "delightful" spot will be tempted another season to fold their tents like the Arabs and silently steal away—but where?

TRADES UNIONS and individual agitators have in the United States, as well as in this country, been accustomed to inveigh against the undue competition which prison labour was entailing upon that of free and honest people. In spite of this, however, we notice that the report of the New York State Prisons for the year ending September 30, 1882, shows a surplus of \$63,600.08 against a surplus of \$363,335 for the previous year; the largest surplus for any one year in the history of the prisons.

The Medical Faculty of McGill University celebrated the opening of the fiftieth session of the College, by a grand banquet at the Windsor Hotel last evening, to which all the graduates, as well as representatives of Sister Colleges and professions, were invited. The Dean of the Faculty, Dr. R. P. Howard, occupied the chair. An extended report of the proceedings will appear in a later issue.

Mr. WILLIAM F. SMITH, formerly General Passenger Agent of the Central Vermont Railway, has, we are glad to notice, been appointed Eastern Passenger Agent of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, with headquarters at 285 Broadway, New York. Mr. Smith's extended railway experience, together with his general *bonhomie*, will, we are sure, stand him in good stead in his new appointment.

The shareholders of the Montreal Cotton Company, of Valleyfield, will be pleased to learn that Mr. Richard Whitaker, formerly manager of the mills, has returned, and will assume again his old position. We bespeak for this enter-

prise the same success which attended Mr. Whitaker's management up to the period of his retirement last year.

PERSONAL.

His Honour Lieut-Governor Robitaille is at the Windsor.
Mr. and Mrs. James Douglas, of Glasgow, Scotland, who have been on a visit to this city, have left for the States.
Messrs. Capel and Boteler, of the East Indies, and who are in the Government Telegraph Service, were in the city yesterday, their object being to inquire into the mode of working the lines in this country. They are understood to have expressed themselves highly pleased with the system of the Great North-Western Company.

MARRIAGES.

WILSON-MACDOUGALL.—At Christ Church Cathedral, on Wednesday, the 4th inst., by his Lordship the Bishop of Montreal, assisted by the Very Rev. the Dean, Mr. James Reid Wilson, to Florence Isabel, second daughter of Mr. Donald Lorn MacDougall.

DEATHS.

McCOLLON.—In this city, on the 3rd inst., Eva Anne McCollon, youngest and beloved daughter of Francis McCollon, Esq., Assistant-Chief of the Fire Department, aged 16 years.
Her funeral will take place from her father's residence, No. 158 Wellington street, on Friday afternoon, the 6th inst., at 2.30 o'clock, to St. Stephen's Church, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.
"Her end was peace."

G. H. MUMM & CO.

CHAMPAGNES

Late Shipments to this Market of a Special "Cuvée" of 1878 EXTRA DRY WINE is pronounced to be very superior; its delicacy and high quality are unequalled by any other Brand.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Dominion.
October 6 239

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
HENRY THOMAS, - - - Manager.
To-night (Friday) and Saturday Matinee.
Positively last two performances of the
LIGHTS OF LONDON!
No performance on Saturday night.
October 6 239

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
HENRY THOMAS, - - - Manager.
Five Nights and Saturday Matinee.
Commencing Monday, October 9th.
The Great London and New York Sensation,
THE BLACK FLAG!

Mr. and Mrs. NAT GOODWIN
(Eliza Weatherly) and
Mr. EDWIN F. THORNE.
New and Magnificent Scenery by Voegtlin. Same as used at the Union Square Theatre, New York City.
Box plan now open.

WANTED, 100 SUPERNUMERIES.
October 6 239

THEATRE ROYAL.
J. B. SPARROW, - - - Manager.
Every Evening this Week & Saturday Matinee.
The Meteor of Pantomime Fame,
MAFFITT AND BARTHOLOMEW,
And their FAMOUS RAYEL COM. PANY, reproducing the Grand, Romantic Spectacular, Comic Trick and Fairy Ravel French Pantomime, entitled

Mazuline, the Night Owl:
Or, BLACK RAVEN OF THE TOMBS.
Popular Prices. Seats at Prince's.
October 4 237

THEATRE ROYAL.
J. B. SPARROW, - - - Manager.
Three Nights and one Matinee only!
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 9th, 10th and 11th.

Matinee Wednesday, at 2 p.m.
THE WORLD FAMOUS—THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE.
M. B. LEAVITT'S
GIGANTEAU MINSTRELS!
40 Specially Selected Stars! 40
A programme Entirely Original, Novel and Refined, making this an Organization without a parallel.
Popular prices. Seats at Prince's.
October 6 239

Amateur Athletic
ASSOCIATION.

CHAMPIONSHIPS OF CANADA,
ON THE
Montreal Lacrosse Grounds,
ON
SATURDAY, the 7th OCTOBER,
(Weather permitting)
Commencing at 2.30 P.M.
Victoria Rifles Band will attend.
Admission as usual.
T. L. PATON, H. WYLLIE BECKETT,
Hon.-Sec. Chairman Sports Committee.
October 6 u 239

New Advertisements.

WANTED AT ONCE,
A respectable Youth for an Iron Office.
Apply to P. O. Box 1476.
October 5 m 238

WANTED,
COATMAKERS; four first-class, immediately; Toronto prices paid; constant employment given.
GEO. RITCHIE & CO.,
Belleville, Ont.
October 5 u 238

EDWARD EVANS,
ACCOUNTANT,
169 ST. JAMES STREET,
(OPPOSITE ST. JOHN STREET.)
MONTREAL.
September 28 232

New Advertisements.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

TENDERS

Are invited for the privilege of SELLING NEWSPAPERS AND BOOKS, &c., on the Trains and at Stations of the Company.
Tenders will be received on or before the FIFTEENTH NOVEMBER.
JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.
Montreal, Oct. 4th, 1882 r ft 239

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

TIES.

This Company is prepared to receive Tenders for TIES between:
Richmond, Chaudiere, and Doucet's Landing..... 100,000
Richmond and Lennoxville..... 40,000
Montreal and Richmond..... 70,000
St. Isidore and Hemmingford..... 10,000
Specifications and forms of Tenders can be obtained on application to J. Y. LLOYD, Asst. Engineer, Richmond; A. DOW, Tie Inspector, Montreal; F. L. WILLIAMS, Tie Inspector, Danville; or
E. P. HANNAFORD,
Chief Engineer, Montreal.
Tenders on the Printed Form will be received up to OCTOBER 20th, 1882, addressed to
JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.
Montreal, Oct. 1st, 1882 b ft 239

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastern Division.

A SPORTSMAN'S EXCURSION TO THE FAR-FAMED Hunting Grounds of the Upper Ottawa.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW—NEVER HAVING BEEN ATTEMPTED BEFORE.

For the special benefit of the sportsmen of Montreal and vicinity, giving them an opportunity of visiting a country abounding with all kinds of game, the Canadian Pacific Railway offer the following great inducements:—

Montreal to Pembroke and Return, \$6.00
Tickets good to go on regular trains from MONDAY to THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th to 12th, inclusive, and good to return until MONDAY, OCTOBER 23rd, 1882.
Trains leave Montreal 8.30 a.m., Arrive Pembroke 6.15 p.m.
Returning, Trains leave Pembroke 12.25 p.m., Arrive Montreal 9 p.m.

Dogs carried in baggage car free of charge; and hunting equipments, to the extent of 200 pounds, free; returning, 200 pounds of game will also be carried free.

For tickets and information, apply at the Company's City Ticket Office.
103 ST. JAMES STREET
ARCHER BAKER, GEO. W. HIBBARD,
Gen. Sup't. Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
Oct. 5th r 239

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

The partnership carried on under the style of NOTMAN & SANDHAM has been dissolved this day by mutual consent and limitation of time.

WM. NOTMAN,
HY. SANDHAM.
Montreal, 23rd September, 1882.

Wm. Notman begs to announce that he has this day taken his son, Mr. Wm. McF. Notman into partnership, and the style of the firm will hereafter be WM. NOTMAN & SON, Photographers to the Queen.

WM. NOTMAN,
W. McF. NOTMAN.
Montreal, 25th September, 1882. r 234

CANADA JUTE COY., (Limited), MANUFACTURERS.

FLAX, LINEN, JUTE, COTTON, Various Qualities. TWINES, YARNS.

GRAIN FLOUR SALT SUGAR CEMENT NAILS BOLTS.

Wool Packs, Bale Covers, Made to Order. Hop Sacking, Messian's.

OFFICE AND WORKS:
62 and 64 COLLEGE STREET, MONTREAL
July 26 3m 117

MAGOR BROS. & CO.

OFFER FOR SALE:
Brls. No. 1 CAPE BRETON HERRINGS
Hf-Brls. do do do
Brls. No. 1 SALMON
Brls. NEWFOUNDLAND A COD OIL
Brls. STEPHENS' DUNDEE SEAL OIL

Boxes BONELESS FISH
OFFICE
Corner Port and Common Sts.
September 8 215

KILBY & ABBOTT

Steel and Iron,
Boiler Tubes,
Axles, Wheels and Tyres
All Material used on Railroads,
Paints for Cars, Bridges, &c.,
Car Furnishings

RAILS!

10 St. Sacrament St
May 23 122

New Advertisements.

FLANNELS!

FLANNELS! FLANNELS!
COLD WEATHER!
COLD WEATHER!
COLD WEATHER!

KEEP WARM!
KEEP WARM!
KEEP WARM!

Flannels for infants at S. CARSLY'S
Flannels for girls at S. CARSLY'S
Flannels for boys at S. CARSLY'S
Flannels for women at S. CARSLY'S

FLANNELS FOR MEN AT S. CARSLY'S

FINE QUALITY FLANNELS!
FINE QUALITY FLANNELS!
FINE QUALITY FLANNELS!

GOOD WEARING FLANNELS!
GOOD WEARING FLANNELS!
GOOD WEARING FLANNELS!

SOFT WARM FLANNELS!
SOFT WARM FLANNELS!
SOFT WARM FLANNELS!

RED FLANNELS!
WHITE FLANNELS!
GRAY FLANNELS!

IN PLAIN AND TWILLED!
IN PLAIN AND TWILLED!
IN PLAIN AND TWILLED!

AT S. CARSLY'S
AT S. CARSLY'S
AT S. CARSLY'S

S. Carsley's is the place to buy your Flannels if you wish to obtain the best possible value.

S. Carsley makes a specialty of his Flannel Department, and makes every effort to please the public.

Remember, at S. Carsley's you will see the largest and best assortments of all makes, colors and qualities of Flannels there is to be found in the city.

S. CARSLY,

393, 395, 397, 399 NOTRE DAME STREET, Montreal.

THE MOUNT ROYAL Milling and Manufacturing Co.

HAS BEEN AWARDED
A BRONZE MEDAL AND A DIPLOMA
AT THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION at MONTREAL, 1882, for the excellence of their Exhibit of

RICE

AND
Products Thereof.
October 5 238

HAVANA CIGARS!

1 Case HENRY CLAYS.
1 Case BENITOS.
1 Case LA MEIL.
1 Case GOLDEN EAGLES.

JUST RECEIVED BY
N. Y. PIANO CO.,
St. James street, Montreal.
September 30 234

PHILIP HENRY,

134 ST. JAMES STREET,
September 30 234

Glendinneng's Stoves

Ranges,
Furnaces,
ARE KNOWN TO BE THE BEST.

THE "LEADER,"

COOK, Has No Equal!
Some people are selling a Shabby Imitation of it.

THE "WINDSOR,"

HALL STOVE,
Looks well, but it has not as much SHINE on it as some others.
September 16 222

CHANCE OF TIME.

Commencing on Monday next, the 9th inst., The steamers QUEBEC and MONTREAL will leave for Quebec at SIX p.m. instead of SEVEN.

J. B. LAMERE, ALEX. MILLOY,
Gen. Manager. Traffic Manager.
Montreal, 5th Oct., 1882 b 238

YES! YOU CAN

GET SOME OF THE
FINEST FINISHED
Photos in Town
AT
MR. PARKS' STUDIO.
GO and TRY.
195, ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.
January 17 14

New Advertisements.

The Evening Classes

AT
The Montreal Business College

Will Commence on MONDAY, OCTOBER 2nd.

The Evening Classes are designed particularly for those who cannot attend during the day on account of employment. The course of study is thorough and practical, and designed to impart a sound Business Education. It combines theory and practice, and includes Bookkeeping in all its forms, Business, Customs, Commercial and Mental Arithmetic, Penmanship and Business Correspondence, Commercial Law and Business Forms, English, French and Shorthand. The full Business College Course may be taken or the student may enter for the pursuit of a single study. Day Classes as usual.
For particulars, apply at the College, corner of Notre Dame and Place d'Armes, or send for circular containing full description of the course, terms, &c.
Address DAVIS & BUTE,
September 27 du 231

CAUTION!

DECKER BROTHERS make so perfect a piano, have established so high a reputation and reaped so plentiful a financial harvest as the result of increasing improvements in their art, that they are considered a legitimate prey by unprincipled forgers and imitators who steal their name, counterfeit their trade-mark and purloin their distinctive patterns and scales. It is therefore necessary that intending purchasers of the genuine "DECKER" piano should exercise care that they be not deceived by fraudulent misrepresentations. The highest courts of law in New York have established beyond controversy that the only piano known to the public and to the piano trade as "THE DECKER" piano—(also known as DECKER BROTHERS' piano and DECKER piano)—is manufactured by Decker Brothers, 33 Union Square, N. Y.

DE ZOUCHE & CO.

Are the Sole Agents here.
September 29 233

ANOTHER "CAUTION."

The advertisement indulged in by the agents of Decker Bros., in Montreal, which appears in today's HERALD, is only intended to throw dust in the eyes of people who have not heard of the controversy, carried on for years by Decker Bros., to restrain Decker & Son from the use of their name on their own pianos. Messrs. De Zouche & Co. know well that the result of the appeal to the "highest courts in New York" is to protect Messrs. Decker & Son, who are the older firm by many years in the use of their name on their pianos, and the worst that they continue to put their names on their pianos, under the protection of the laws of the State of New York, where both the firms reside, is a direct refutation of the insinuations of

J. BARSALOU & CO'S SOAP AND CANDLE FACTORY

was erected in 1874, and stands upon a block of land 150 ft. by 150 ft. The corner of St. Catherine and Plessis (formerly called "Burdett") streets. It is a neat yellow brick structure, 150 feet long, 40 feet wide, and four stories high, with rows of windows on both sides furnishing an ample supply of both air and light.

The first or basement story contains a boiler house in which is one of W. C. White's 80 H. P. tubular steam boilers, an engine room with a horizontal engine of 25 H. P., constructed by Messrs. Laurie Bros. of this city, two steam boilers for rendering tallow with a capacity of 10,000 lbs., a boiler plant tank, holding 500 gallons, to receive the exhaust steam from the factory, a chamber for making concentrated lye, and a large and commodious cellar for the storage of raw materials. The ground floor contains the business offices which are entered from the street, and in addition three soap pans, two bearing each a capacity of 30,000 lbs. of soap and one of 40,000 lbs. and a soap mixer. Here the raw tallow or animal fat is received and dumped through traps in the floor into the rendering pans below. The soap, candles and concentrates are also piled here until ready for delivery or until packed in boxes. The second story is used for filling the soap pans which extend from the story beneath. These are surmounted with covers through which a large pipe passes to ventilators in the roof, for the purpose of carrying off the steam from the boiling soap. There are 12 small boilers for boiling lye, sal soda, &c., and two iron pans to receive the soap cuttings from above; and there is a lye tank with a capacity of 1,000 gallons, from which the soap pans are supplied.

At the eastern end of this flat is a large room used as a candle factory, when the weather is sufficiently cold to allow this branch of manufacture to be carried out. At the date of our visit it was not therefore in operation.

The third story is used as the soap-cutting, pressing and packing departments, and contains pressing and cutting machines specially designed for the purpose. There is here a large store room for soap frames &c. The ground and third story floors are covered with boiler plate to protect and keep the floors clean and also to enable the trucks to run easily upon them.

In the manufacture of soap the raw tallow is received on the ground floor and rammed, after which it is dumped into the vats beneath where it is rendered. This is the process which gives rise to the objection constantly made against permitting the carrying on of soap and candle factories within the city limits, an objection which will now be removed, by requiring this to be done at one of the abattoirs. After the tallow has been thoroughly rendered, it is taken to the second story on an elevator, and then put into soap pans with lye, resin, palm oil, and chemicals, and is boiled. When this is sufficiently done, the mixture is emptied into a mixer, to secure the proper blending of the several ingredients, and then poured into soap frames, which are mounted on small iron wheels, and contain, on an average, 1,200 lbs. of each. As each frame is filled it is rolled out of the way to cool, and another is put in its place, until the contents of the pans are all drawn off. As soon as the soap is cold, the frames are run on the elevator and taken to the third story, where the soap is stripped and trimmed, that is made even on its surfaces. It is then cut into slabs about two inches thick, which is done by placing at the back of the large block of soap an upright frame, which just passes over the block, and across which fine wires placed at intervals equal to the required thickness, are tightly drawn. This frame which runs on the base or platform of the soap frame is connected with a winding drum on the other end, the revolving of which causes the machine to move forwards cutting up the block of soap into 20 slabs at the same time. These are then placed upon a table and with a similar device cut into three lengths and these lengths are again cut into 20 pieces each, so that each frame of soap is cut into 20 slabs, and each slab into 60 bars weighing one pound each. In this manner and with these devices a solid block of soap weighing 1,200 lbs. can be cut up into bars in thirty minutes by two men; or in twenty if three men be employed. These bars are then stamped and pressed in machines manufactured by Messrs. Hersey Brothers, Boston, Mass.

The soap cuttings and trimmings instead of being thrown into the soap pans to be reboiled are placed in an iron vessel with a coil of hot water pipes passing round it, and the water is kept boiling, the fat dripping through a small opening in its bottom into a vessel beneath, where it is cooled and again taken to the third story to be cut, pressed and packed. This apparatus is also the manufacture of Hersey Brothers. As soon as the soap is pressed, it is packed in boxes containing 60 bars and lowered to the ground floor ready for delivery.

All the boiling processes are carried on by steam. The products of this establishment are laundry soaps, fullers' soap, candles, concentrated lye put up in 1 lb. tins, and shoe shining. The capacity of the factory for the first of these is 500 boxes per day. Since the introduction of coal oil the demand for tallow candles is very small indeed, and is limited almost exclusively to places where the former article cannot be safely used.

Considerable business is done in preparing concentrated lye, which is sold to druggists and grocers, to be by them retailed to their customers. It is put up in tin and iron boxes. In its manufacture a whole forenoon is required to melt it, and for this an intense heat is required.

The blacking factory, which is 50 x 18 feet, is on the Plessis street side of the property, and turns out 300 gross of boxes per day with the labour of two men.

The stables occupy the side of the lot opposite to the blacking factory, the space between the two being used for the storage of resin and fuel. The number of men employed is eighteen. The chemicals used are procured from England, while the United States furnishes the palm oil and resin.

This establishment, which is not yet eight years of age, has attained a prominent position and large patronage. The cleanliness with which it appears to be conducted is very creditable to its proprietors.

GAS STOCK.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.
Sir,—It is a noticeable fact that every day, almost without exception, a certain local journal has in its columns some bit of news, having evidently for its object the depreciating the value of our City Gas stock.

One day it is a clipping from some American paper, showing the great strides being made in electric lighting (never by any chance any clipping from equally reliable papers, telling of the yet almost unsurmountable difficulties in the way of making the light perfect or cheap enough to compare with gas.) Another day it is the report of an interview with Mr. Dan. Sereau; with this gentleman they have had several interviews. In the first one, if I remember rightly, he stated that the electric light would never be a competitor but a very good friend of gas. This not exactly

suited the object in view, another interview was had, when the interviewed was more considerate, going into actual figures and making out that it would be possible to give consumers the electric light at about \$3.50, as compared with about \$2.50 for each gas burner. Possibly another interview would bring the price of the electric light down to nil, with a bonus thrown in.

Another day we have the interview with the capitalists who have not made up their minds, but intend doing something and that too before very long; it may be in gas, or electric light, or in something else.

The last, I will notice, though there were many others, is the ever memorable interview with that very shrewd old gentleman, who seems to devote his time, etc., it is needless to refer to the contents of this interview; it speaks for itself. By the way the gossip on "the street" say this shrewd old gentleman is a very lively, young, and active member of our Stock Exchange.

There can be no manner of doubt that the aim and object of all these daily notices in the journal referred to, simply, as I said before, to depreciate the value of gas stock. I much wonder if there is any truth in the rumour now very current, that the several parties interested and their friends are heavily short of gas stock. If this is a fact, of course it would account for the milk in the cocoa nut.

SHAREHOLDER.
MONTREAL, October 5, 1882.

AMUSEMENTS.**ACADEMY OF MUSIC.****"THE LIGHTS OF LONDON."**

A magnificent audience thronged the Academy last night to witness the repetition of the "Lights of London," which has been so successfully and with so much acceptance produced here. We have already reviewed the cast and expressed our opinion with regard to the individual performers. We need only add that only two more opportunities of seeing the play will be offered Montreal theatre-goers—this evening and to-morrow afternoon at the Saturday matinee—as the company leave for Toronto on Saturday evening. The seats for the matinee will be reserved.

"THE BLACK FLAG."
The above excellent drama, now being played in Toronto, will be produced here on Monday next and for the week. The Globe speaks of the performance as follows:—

Certainly "The Black Flag" deserves all that has been said in praise of it. It is a piece of very clever dramatic writing, and possesses all the qualities which combine to make a great dramatic success. It is intensely interesting from beginning to end, for there is little exaggeration or straining after effect in the situations presented, and therefore the story told appears natural and unobtrusive. The plot is wholly original, and the characters in the cast do not seem to be old friends under new names. Each figure in the play also possesses peculiar traits which clearly define it from any other, and the strong individuality which is thus given to each makes nearly every character in the piece an important one. Nor does the scenery in which the play is presented detract from the merit or interest of the performance. Several of the sets were extremely handsome in appearance or ingenious in construction. Special reference must be made to the changing scene in the third act, which deserves the highest praise. The "Harry Glyndon" of Mr. Edwin Thorne is an impersonation of which too much cannot be said in praise. Word, look, and action were ever in harmony, one aiding the other in the expression of the sentiment or the noblest sentiment. The box office is now open at 264 St. James street.

THEATRE ROYAL.
The presentation of Maffet and Bartholomew's pantomime attracted another large attendance to the Royal last evening and the piece seems to grow in favour every evening. There should be large audiences at the Royal the rest of the week. Leavitt's celebrated minstrels are announced to appear at the Royal next week.

QUEEN'S HALL.
MRS. THROWER'S CONCERT.
A highly respectable and appreciative audience assembled at the Queen's Hall last night, the occasion being Mrs. Thrower's concert, in which she was assisted by the Beethoven Quartette Club and Herr Heinrich Bohrer. The quartette consists of Mr. C. M. Allen, violin; Mr. Gustave Danurendt, violin; Mr. Henry Heindl, viola; and Mr. Walf Fries, violoncello. The programme, which was most artistically presented, was as follows:—

1. Quartette—Op. 41, No. 3.....Schumann.
Encore—"Haymaking".....Mendelssohn.
2. Song—"The first Violin".....Mendelssohn.
Encore—"Toccata & Fugue".....Bach.
3. Piano—A. Toccata & Fugue.....Bach.
Encore—"Polonaise".....Chopin.
4. Song—"From Maria Stuart".....Raff.
Encore—"A Summer Shower".....Raff.
5. Solo Violoncello—Op. 41, No. 3.....Schumann.
Encore—"Polonaise".....Chopin.
6. Quartette—Op. 41, No. 3.....Schumann.
Herr Bohrer, as well as the Club, received enthusiastic applause; the whole entertainment being successful from a musical point of view.

For novelties in fine overcoatings see Robinson's new stock.

Consignment Notices.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Beaver Line S.S. LAKE NEPIGON, Captain M. L. Primmer, from Liverpool, is entered at Customs. Consignees will please pass their Entries without delay.

THE CANADA SHIPPING CO.,
H. E. MURRAY, Gen'l. Manager.
October 4

E. B. EDDY'S
Unmatchable Matches
IN BOTH
Brimstone and Parlours

BRIMSTONE MATCHES put up, viz.: Telegraph and Telephone Rubys in 100's, 200's and 300's.
PARLOUR MATCHES, without Sulphur. LION PARLOURS also in 200's and 300's.

PUT UP EXPRESSLY FOR FAMILY CONSUMPTION.
Warranted the Finest Match in the World.
GREEK WINES.
SANTO—Summer Wine.
BOUTA—Sweet and Delicate.
ST. NIKOLAI—A most delicate Character.

FREDERICK KINGSTON
WINE MERCHANT,
25 HOSPITAL STREET.
July 15

Auction Sales.**BY SHAW & GOWDEY.****THIS AFTERNOON.****SALE OF HORSES.**

A large number of FINE HORSES will be sold at Maguire's Horse Market, College Street.

This (Friday) Afternoon,**At THREE o'clock.****236 SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers.****New Advertisements.****IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE:****Sal Soda****Soda Ash****Bleaching Powder****Roll Sulphur****Flowers of Sulphur****Alum****Copperas****Sulphate of Copper****Borax****Bichromate of Potash****Dry Red Lead****T. D. Pipes****COTTON, CONNALL & CO.****39 St. Sacramento St.****MONTREAL.****September 23****225****LADIES' SATCHEL BAGS!****Plush Bags!****Alligator Bags!****SEAL LEATHER BAGS!****MOROCCO LEATHER BAGS!****All the New York Styles!****Nothing like them in the City!****W. J. CLARKE,****BEAVER HALL SQUARE,****October 4****237****IMPORTANT NOTICE.**

Housekeepers, now that the Exhibition is over, is the time to see to your FURNACES and DRAINS and have them put in repair for the winter. You will find it to your advantage to call on the undersigned, who will give his personal attention to all orders entrusted to him. PRICES MODERATE.

JOHN BURNS,**Plumber, Gas & Steam Fitter,****675 ORAIG STREET.****September 30****234****FINE ENGRAVINGS!****Extensive Exhibition of Beautiful Engravings****Of the Works of Great Artists—Landseer, Ford, Millais, Turner, Ansell, Elizabeth Thompson, Ross Bonheur.****These Engravings are choice impressions of the original plates. They represent the greatest works of modern Art. We are****Reducing our Stock of Engravings,****And this sale will offer****AN OPPORTUNITY****for those who wish to adorn their houses to select advantageously from a large stock.****The taste for really good Works of Art, in black and white, is steadily growing in the large cities of Europe and America, and early impressions are becoming scarcer all the time.****DAWSON BROTHERS,****150 to 165 St. James Street.****September 30****234****Tremendous Cash Bargains.****200 Copying Letter Books****Of all sizes and qualities,****FROM 75 CTS. TO \$5.00 EACH****ENVELOPES from 75c. M. up.****NOTE PAPER from 75c. Ream up.****LETTER DO do do \$1.50 do****FOOLS-CAP do do \$2.00 do****Blank Books and General Office Stationery****AT WHOLESALE PRICES.****An Unparalleled Opportunity****FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.****GEO. HORNE & CO.****71 and 73 St. Francois Xavier St.****October 2****235****SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!****We beg to inform the public that we****have added the branches of Photo Engraving****and Photo Lithography to our business,****embracing the latest improved appliances****and machinery, enabling us to produce****Illustrations of every description with****great rapidity at LOW PRICES.****Printers can have Cuts produced from****copies or pen and ink sketches in a few****hours.****GEO. BISHOP & CO.,****169 ST. JAMES STREET.****September 28****232****NOTICE OF UNCLAIMED MONEY.****If Mr. William McCartney, who sailed****from Liverpool, England, for New York,****America, about forty years ago, would com-****municate with Messrs. Johnston & Free-****man, Solicitors, Piccadilly, London, Eng-****land, he would hear of something to his****advantage, as his uncle, General William****Frederick Martin, is dead. He died in the****East Indies, and would have left all his****property, which is estimated to be over one****million of rupees, or if he has any heirs****alive we would be pleased to hear from****them. William McCartney was born in****Liverpool, England. His father went from****there to Ireland with his family when Wil-****liam was about six or eight years old.****When he sailed McCartney left Liverpool****he had two children, a boy and a girl.****The boy's name was Abraham.****New York papers please copy.****September 29****a 233****Auction Sales.****BY THOMAS WALLS & SONS.****NOTICE TO OUR CUSTOMERS.****OUR NEXT****TRADE SALE,****At 10 DEBRESOLES STREET, Mont-****real, will be held on****Tuesday and Wednesday, October****10 and 11.****And will sell from Consignments of over****150 packages of GENERAL DRY****GOODS, Silks, Linens, Dress Goods,****Woolens, &c., all new seasonable goods.****And at our Warehouses, in Toronto, on****Tuesday and Wednesday, October****10 and 11.****A full assortment of GENERAL DRY****GOODS, Linens, Silks, Ready-made****Clothing, Fur Coats and Caps. Also,****Boots and Shoes.****Consigners will please send their goods****as early as possible.****Advances made in cash.****THOMAS WALLS & SONS,****Trade Auctioneers and Commission Mer-****chants,****TORONTO AND MONTREAL.****October 6****239****New Advertisements.****LIGHT WINES.****Burgundies.****SHIPPED BY****MESSRS. GEISWEILER & FILS,****Nuits, Cote d'Or.****These Wines guaranteed to be according****to label—MAÇON VIEUX, BEAUJOL-****LAIS, POMMARD VOLNAY, NUITS,****CHAMBERTIN 1874, CLOS DE VOUE,****GEOT 1865, and CHABLIS.****Bordeaux.****SHIPPED BY****MESSRS. DURAND FILS de JOHN****Bordeaux.****ST. ESTEPHE, ST. JULIEN, MARGAUX****and HAUT BASAUX.****Champagnes.****"PIPER-HEIDSIECK"****AND****H. PIPER & CO'S****"Carte Blanche Sec."****For sale to the TRADE ONLY by****John Osborn, Son & Co.****SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA.****20 & 22 ST. SACRAMENT STREET.****September 15****221****Marmalade and Sardines!****Just Received per SS. "OCEAN KING,"****A Consignment of****FRENCH SARDINES****AND OF****JOHN MOIR & SONS'****CELEBRATED MARMALADE.****Prices on application to****WM. DARLEY BENTLEY,****317 St. Paul Street, Montreal.****September 18****223****BARB WIRE FENCING****FIRST PRIZE awarded us at the EX-****HIBITION held in Montreal, September,****1882, and SILVER MEDAL for the****MACHINE used in the manufacture of the****same.****THE MANITOBA****Four Point Barb Galvanized**

DOMINION DESPATCHES.

A Spicy Clerical Slander Case at Ottawa.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AT YALE.

Attractions for Immigrants Indicated by His Excellency.

THE LORETTE MYSTERY.

Sir Hector Langevin to be Made Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

LUNCHEON ON A CHIMNEY TOP.

A Thrilling Adventure with a Grizzly Bear.

QUEBEC.

The Lorette Mystery.

QUEBEC, October 5.—The inquest on Miss Hossington, found dead at Lorette, has been adjourned till Monday next, to afford the police an opportunity of tracing, if possible, the missing links in the chain of evidence adduced. It is said that a little girl named Robitaille, living at the angle of the Jeune and Ancienne Lorette roads, only five miles from town, saw deceased walking from the direction of the city. She has been subpoenaed as a witness for Monday. The coroner has taken possession of all the effects of the deceased. Her tin box, on which was marked "Wanted on the voyage," contains apples, cakes, bread, sandwiches, grapes, tomatoes, preserves, jellies, and a small bottle of whiskey; also a box of sedlitz powders. There are also among her effects a grey blanket and a hat, ribbons, &c. An air of respectability and refinement pervades all these little effects. The coroner yesterday handed over the body of deceased to the Mayor of the parish for burial according to law. It was understood it would be interred last night, but should it be subsequently claimed it can, of course, be given up to her friends.

Boiler Inspection.

It will be remembered that the coroner's jury in the case of the recent fatal boiler explosion on board the ship "Queen of the North" in this port, appointed the verdict with a recommendation to the Dominion Government to pass a law in connection with boiler inspection, requiring the proper examination of all engineers or others entrusted with the driving of stationary engines. The District Coroner, Dr. A. G. Bellenue, forwarded this recommendation to the Department of Justice, Ottawa, and has since been informed that it has been referred by that Department to the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

War Stores—The Cartridge Factory.

The Hon. Mr. Caron's inspection of the new ordinance, and of the Dominion armory at the Citadel, where 14,000 stand of arms are stored, principally Snider and Martini-Henry, was most thorough. He was accompanied by Lt.-Col. Oswald, of Montreal, and a number of other officers. From the Citadel the Hon. Mr. Caron and his friends proceeded to the cartridge factory, in the artillery barracks. Here they were received by Capt. Prevost, who is in charge of the institution, having been sent to Woolwich by the Dominion Government to study the science of manufacturing cartridges. It became necessary for the Dominion to manufacture its own cartridges for Snider Rifles, owing to the fact that they were no longer made in England in consequence of the Snider having been superseded by the Martini-Henry rifle. The factory is supplied with a large amount of rare and costly machinery, some of which is of very clever and beautiful design. Though the institution has only been running about a fortnight and is not yet in full blast, all the component parts of the cartridge are now being turned out, and the inspecting party spent some time yesterday in observing the machinery in operation, followed in rolling pig lead into lead wire, or pipe, cutting it into bullets, pointing the bullets, stamping the base of the cartridge, the cap, &c., and cutting and rolling the case. Capt. Prevost is just working upon his first lot of a quarter of a million cartridges. When all the parts are completed, which will probably be next week, the cartridges will be filled and completed. At present some fifteen hands are employed. Later it is expected that this number will be increased to 25. The capacity of the factory will be 25,000 to 50,000 per day. The filling process is not done on the same premises, but in the laboratory of the Cove fields. There also new premises have been erected and every precaution taken to avoid accidents. The flooring where the explosives are to be mixed is covered with leather and the operatives are required to divest themselves of almost all their clothing.

A Prospective Judgeship.

The name of Mr. J. G. Bosse, M.P. for Quebec Centre, is mentioned for an early judgeship.

Sir Hector Langevin's Reward.

Sir Hector Langevin will, it is stated, take the Lieutenant-Governorship of Quebec at the expiration of Mr. Robitaille's term of office.

The Megantic Election Case.

The *enquete* in the Megantic election case has been adjourned till 13th inst.

Fall Ploughing.

Farmers in this vicinity have commenced their fall ploughing operations.

Ship Labourers Emigrating.

A gang of ship labourers left this evening for Norfolk.

The Cutlers' Office.

The Board of Examiners of the Cutlers' Office has been reconstituted and the following gentlemen are now the members: R. R. Dobell, A. Thompson, W. Sharples, and Col. Forsyth.

OTTAWA.

A Spicy Scandal Case.

OTTAWA, October 5.—The court house was crowded to-day, when the case of Allan vs. Stearnes was called. Among the audience were some eight or ten members of the Gospel, who listened to the evidence with intense interest. This case is the first of a batch of slander cases preferred by the Rev. Mr. Allan, Methodist minister at Osgoode, against members of his congregation. James Eastman was the first witness called. He testified that the defendant had told him he had heard that the Rev. Mr. Allan was caught in bed with a Miss Hume, now Mrs. Earle, who had fled the country, but he asked him not to say anything about it as Mr. Allan might make it hot for him. James Eastman, the second witness, said he was one of the stewards of the church and had through Eastman and others heard of the rumours about the reverend gentleman. He was present when Eastman paid Rev. Mr. Allan one hundred dollars as compensation for having slandered him. Witness explained that the rumours had the effect of breaking up three congregations in the County of Russell, which were under the spiritual direction of the plaintiff. The one at Osgoode had at one time a membership of nearly three hundred persons, but it had dwindled down to about twenty. When he last went out on a collection tour he succeeded only in getting one dollar and twenty-five cents. The case is still in progress, and is likely to consume much time, there being a crowd of witnesses to examine.

The Annual Fair.

ALMONTE, October 5.—The twenty-third annual exhibition of the North

Lanark Agricultural Society was held here to-day, and was a complete success. The weather being fine there was a large attendance; over 7,000 tickets were taken at the gate. There were over 1,000 entries. The exhibition was one of the best that has ever been held in this section.

ST. JOHN.

St. John, N.B., October 5.—The congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church met this evening and extended a call to the Rev. Dr. Smith, of Guelph, Ont.

The Ellis Case. It was expected that the preliminary examination of Ellis, the Evangelist, who ran away from Thomaston, Me., with one of his wives, would have been commenced at the Police Court this afternoon. As the prosecution was not ready the prisoner was further remanded.

HALIFAX.

A Wreck Purchased. HALIFAX, N.S., October 5.—The tender of Mr. Wyde, of this city, representing the Quebec Wrecking Company for the purchase of H. M. S. "Phoenix," wrecked on East Point, P.E.I., for the sum of \$3,000 has been accepted.

A New Company. Articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of the Provincial Secretary and Registrar of Deeds by the Nova Scotia Gold Concentrating Company. The capital stock of the company is \$25,000 in 2,500 shares fully subscribed and paid up. The company is formed for the purpose of concentrating sands or tailings from certain gold quartz crushers in the Province and for the purchase of such.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

CRICKET.

The last cricket match of the season will be played on the Montreal Cricket Ground on Saturday afternoon next, between the Montreal Club and fifteen all-comers. Wickets will be pitched at 12.30 sharp.

AMERICAN TURF.

THE JEROME PARK RACES. In the first race, 1-mile, Alagaisa won, Felicia 2nd, Lizzie Mac 3rd. Time, 1:19.4. Second race, 1 1/2 miles—General Monroe won, Bootjack 2nd, Thera 3rd. Time, 2:27.1.

Third race, 3/4 miles—Girofle beat Faircourt. Time, 4:11. Fourth race, 1 1/4 miles—Kennesaw won, Duke of Montalban 2nd, Valparaiso 3rd. Time, 1:01.7.

In the steeplechase over the short course Postquid won, Harry Gow 2nd, Revenge 3rd. Beyardine fell at the last jump, and was so badly injured that she died.

CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS.

NEW YORK, October 5.—Paul Prescott, who robbed John Saulsbury, an old man of Athens, N. Y., of \$800 on the street, was sentenced to Sing Sing for 24 years, in less than 25 hours after the robbery.

Chas. Link, being out of work and his family in need, yesterday undertook to manufacture parlor matches for sale. He pounded chlorate of potash and phosphorus in a mortar and an explosion occurred. Link was severely injured and one hand must be amputated. Mrs. Link was also badly hurt.

Yesterday at Nimmo, Robt. Ward, a prominent citizen, went into the upper part of a sawmill and stepped on a board which was loose. He fell, and his head was almost completely severed from the body.

WEATHER REPORT.

Temperature in the shade by Standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co., opticians and mathematical instrument makers, 242 and 244 Notre Dame Street.—8 a.m., 51°; 1 p.m., 52°; 6 p.m., 68°; max., 81°; min., 46°; mean, 53.5°; by Standard Barometer.—8 a.m., 30.36; 1 p.m., 30.34; 6 p.m., 30.36.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Ont., Oct. 6, 1 a.m. } Probabilities for the next 24 hours:—Lakes—Moderate to fresh east to south winds fair weather, with some light rain; higher temperature. Upper and Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf, and Maritime Provinces—Light to moderate winds, continued fine weather and higher temperature.

LATEST SHIPPING.

LONDON, October 5.—Arrived, Grecian Monarch. COPENHAGEN, October 5.—Arrived, the Hekla. NEW YORK, October 5.—Arrived, Derwynter, from Antwerp.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of sleep by the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians in the world, and is sold in the United States. Sold everywhere.

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING.

BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA has no equal in relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back, or Throat, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when needed, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is sold by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

AN INVITATION.—I shall be pleased to show my fall and winter selection of suitings, trousseaus, overcoatings, &c., to anyone calling, being sure they are superior to all others in variety and general excellence. L. Robinson, 31 Beaver Hall Terrace.

ST. CATHARINES.

Excise Revenue. ST. CATHARINES, Ont., October 5.—The Excise revenue of the St. Catharines division for September: spirits, in 1882, \$1,824.45; in 1881, \$1,990.30; malt, in 1882, \$330.21; in 1881, \$749.14; tobacco, in 1882, \$563.90; in 1881, \$542.17; licenses, in 1882, \$50; in 1881, nil. S.M. return, etc., in 1882, \$240; in 1881, \$209; total 1882, \$3,058.08; in 1881, \$3,490.61; decrease, \$432.55.

ALMONTE.

The Annual Fair. ALMONTE, October 5.—The twenty-third annual exhibition of the North

FROM THE OLD WORLD.

Sir Samuel Baker on Egyptian Affairs.

HONOURS TO WOLSELEY AND SEYMOUR.

Arabi Dreads to Face British Justice.

THE SUEZ CANAL IMPROVEMENTS.

The Annual Pilgrimage with the Sacred Carpet Starts for Mecca.

ASIATIC CHOLERA AT MONT CENIS.

Arrest of Parties Implicated in Lord Montmorris' Death.

MILITARY REVOLT IN INDIA.

The Parnellites Dismayed at the Bishops' Action.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Death of an Explorer. LONDON, October 5.—Charles Wahah, who recently explored Burnah, starting from China, is dead.

Honors for the Brave. The Corporation of London have decided to present an address of congratulation to General Wolseley and the freedom of the city, and a sword of honour to Admiral Seymour. General Wolseley has already received the freedom of the city.

Dillon's Resignation. Dillon, replying to the resolution of the Liverpool Land League, requesting him to reconsider his resignation of his seat in Parliament, writes that he will give the matter his earnest attention, and says nothing but ill health could cause him to quit politics.

Lord Montmorris' Murder. DUBLIN, October 5.—Flannigan and wife, suspected of being connected with the murder of Lord Montmorris, at Clonbur Court, Galway, in September, 1880, have been arrested at Cong.

Irish National Convention Postponed. A correspondent at Dublin says the Government has reason to believe the proposed National Convention will be postponed.

The Parnellites Dismayed. There is consternation among the Parnellites owing to the report that, on the recommendation of Archbishop McCabe, the Irish Catholic Hierarchy, now in session, refused to allow a priest to attend the forthcoming National Convention.

EGYPT.

Pilgrimage to Mecca. CAIRO, October 5.—The usual yearly caravan, with the Sacred Carpet for Mecca, started to-day. There was a vast concourse of spectators. A British guard of honour was present. All passed off quietly.

Arabi Disgraced. Arabi says he surrendered to Englishmen and would have escaped had he known he was to be tried by Egyptians.

Arabi's Trial. Arabi and Taulba Pashas were today removed to Garde Meubles, where eighty other prisoners were removed yesterday. The preliminary examination in the case of Arabi was held secretly today. His formal trial will be public.

Lost Discoveries. CAIRO, October 5.—A large quantity of valuable loot has been discovered at Dammanhour and other places.

Arabi's Swiss Adviser to be Expelled. It has been decided to expel Nimet, Arabi's Swiss adviser from the country.

Importation Prohibition Rescinded. The Khedive will to-morrow sign the decree rescinding the prohibition of the importation of coal and petroleum.

The June Massacres. Several natives, convicted of participation in the June massacres, will be executed at Alexandria on Saturday.

Medals for British Troops. The Khedive will give medals to the entire British army engaged in the Egyptian campaign. Those for the soldiers will be of copper, and for the officers, of silver.

Reorganization of Finances. PARIS, October 5.—It is said that England entertains the plan for the reorganization of the financial affairs of Egypt by the suppression of the control and extension of the powers of the public debt Commission.

Arabi without Counsel. ALEXANDRIA, October 5.—Arabi has telegraphed for counsel. The persons applied to decline to defend him because they are afraid of losing their clients. Arabi will, therefore, probably be convicted with ease.

LONDON, October 3.—A separate building is being fitted up in Cairo for the reception of the prisoners to be tried by court-martial, including Arabi Pacha and Taulba Pacha. The court will sit on the same premises as that in which the prisoners are confined, in order to obviate the necessity of conveying them to and fro. The lower classes in Cairo fail to realize the defeat of Arabi Pacha and the national cause. Among the commercial section and the middle class a better feeling prevails. In influential native circles it is not expected that the respect for the Khedive can be restored. As an instance of popular feeling while the arrival of the Khedive at Cairo was being celebrated by illumination at Assiout, a thousand Mussulmans attacked the Copts and threatened to kill all the Christians in the town. The Mudir interfered and quelled the riot. A native watchman at Fort Ady has been flogged for insulting Englishmen.

The Khedive has conferred the Grand Order of the Order of Medjidieh on Lieutenant-General Sir J. M. Adey. Two batteries of artillery have gone to Alexandria en route to Europe. Five thousand refugees, mostly Greeks, have returned to Alexandria.

A New Military Force. VIENNA, October 5.—It is reported that England has promised the Khedive to permit the recruiting of a new Egyptian military force in India, provided the pre-

sent gendarmerie is placed under British officers.

FRANCE.

Suez Canal to be Improved. PARIS, October 5.—It is reported that the French and English directors of the Suez Canal yesterday came to a complete agreement in favor of the improvement and enlargement of the Canal in view of the expected increase of traffic.

Asiatic Cholera.

Several cases of Asiatic cholera are reported on the French side of Mont Cenis Tunnel. All the mail bags passing through that place have to be disinfected. Commission physicians arrived to investigate the disease.

France and Egypt.

PARIS, October 5.—It is reported that Gen. Billot, Minister of War, with a high official of the foreign office, has gone to London as Minister Plenipotentiary, in connection with the settlement of the Egyptian question.

De Lesseps has telegraphed the President of the court martial by which Arabi is being tried that during the war Arabi exerted himself to maintain the neutrality of the Suez Canal, and protected the lives and interests of Europeans in Egypt.

GERMANY.

Prussian Elections.

BERLIN, October 5.—All parties in Prussia are actively prosecuting the electoral campaign. Herr Eugen Richter addressed twelve hundred progressive electors of Berlin, recommending strenuous opposition to the present Ministry and denying the reports of a split in the party. The meeting pronounced enthusiastically for the re-election of the deputies for Berlin. The *Kreuz Zeitung* publishes the Conservative address to the electors. It declares that the most valued possessions of the nation are threatened by Liberalism, and that in the maintenance of Conservative principles lies the only chance of rescue from this danger. The *Post* contains the address of the free Conservatives, which generally supports the policy of the present government. As regards ecclesiastical affairs it demands strict guarantees for the upholding of the rights of the State. The address further urges the advantages of a strong inter-party system of compromise between seemingly contradictory political views essential to the constitutional life of the country. The *Standard's* Berlin correspondent says:—"Prince Bismarck has just declared that he is a private gentleman he would use his influence in favour of the free Conservatives and old Conservative candidates. Both as voters and Minister he would want the public by all means possible against free traders."

Opera House Panic. The snapping of a chain caused the fall of an iron curtain among the footlights on the stage of the Royal Opera House this evening, and an intense panic among the audience ensued. Many persons were severely crushed, but none were killed. The house was soon cleared.

SPAIN.

Territorial Negotiations. MADRID, October 5.—The Ministry have decided to refuse the offer of the Sultan of Morocco of the strip of land around Centa, in return for the retrocession of the Island of Santa Cruz de La Mar, on the Atlantic coast, Morocco.

New Ironclads. A grant of thirty millions pesetas is to be asked by the Ministry of Marine for the purchase of two ironclads of the "Inflexible" type, constructed in England.

The American Minister and the King. LISBON, October 5.—Mr. Francis, the new American Minister, had an audience with the King to-day.

Financial Matters. MADRID, October 5.—The Ministry of Finance reports the expenditure of the first half year balanced the revenue. The receipts exceeded the expenditure in several provinces.

ITALY.

Chamber of Deputies Dissolved. ROME, October 5.—The King has signed a decree dissolving the Chamber of Deputies. The election for a new Chamber will take place at the end of October.

GREECE.

The Porte Receding. ATHENS, October 5.—The Porte has promised Greece that it will order the evacuation of ceded points on the frontier including Gouzitza, on Thursday.

INDIA.

Reported Military Revolt. ST. PETERSBURG, October 5.—It is stated that the Afghan troops have revolted against the Ameer.

New Loan. LONDON, October 5.—The prospectus of a new Indian loan of two million pounds sterling to bear interest at four per cent., was issued to-day.

AFRICA.

Trouble in Algiers. TUNIS, October 5.—Insurgent Arabs are preparing to make raids south of Chattr, on the Algerian border. They have already attacked the French outposts. The threatening attitude of the insurgents is causing anxiety amongst the military authorities.

PERU AND CHILI.

The Imprisoned President of Peru. WASHINGTON, October 5.—The Peruvian Minister received a cablegram from Guayaquil Ecuador, stating that Calderon, President of Peru, who has been a prisoner in Chili for the past eleven months, and Logan, the new United States Minister to Chili, are in Araquiza, Peru, treating for peace. Arequipa is the city lately made the seat of the Peruvian Government by Vice-President Montero.

Minister Elmore says he has been expecting news of the kind in view of the solid union of Peruvians under the Provisional Government of Calderon, and of the loyal attitude of Bolivia and of the firm position occupied by the United States during the whole war, as an impartial friend of all belligerents. He always believed lasting peace could be made only by the Calderon Government under the auspices of the United States.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LONDON, October 5.—The Consul-General of the Argentine Republic has received a letter from President Roca declaring that there is nothing to justify the fear of an interruption of the friendly relations between the republic and Brazil.

Finest makes and best choice of diagonals and worsted coatings at Robinsons.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

An Infernal Machine Sent to a Judge.

THE "JEANNETTE" INQUIRY.

Extensive Building Operations in New York.

NOTES ABOUT THE ELECTIONS.

Terrible Accident in a Saw Mill.

The Elections.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The Executive Committee of the New York County Anti-monopoly League last night ratified the action of the Anti-monopoly State Committee, endorsing the nominations of the Democratic State Convention.

A Will Case. John H. Swift, who died last year, bequeathed a million dollars to various religious and educational societies. His estate turns out to be worth only \$200,000. The executors have brought a suit against sixty interested defendants to have the Court declare what shall be made of the estate.

Extensive Building Operations. Building operation in New York and Brooklyn during the past nine months aggregate \$48,000,000.

A Dishonest Collector. TARRYTOWN, N. J., Oct. 5.—In the trial of Col. Houghton, collector at Port Jervis, for making fraudulent returns to the Government, very damaging testimony has been given against the defendant. Deputy Collector Smith testified that out of 40 names on five pay rolls 37 were forged.

Insurance Convention. NIAGARA FALLS, Oct. 5.—The National Convention of State Insurance Superintendents assembled here yesterday. McColl delivered the inaugural address. He said life insurance was again held in popular favour. The failures of companies organized during the inflation period was now rightly understood. During the last ten years there was a decrease of 39 companies; increase of assets, \$126,000,000; increase of surplus, \$24,000,000. Of the co-operative institutions only 35 had more than 1,000 certificates each outstanding, and over half of the total number of certificates were issued by four associations. He said that unless prompt action was taken to ward improving rates a number of fire insurance companies must retire from business.

The committee on fire insurance reserves presented an elaborate report, and recommended that all cities of 30,000 or more inhabitants be divided into districts that the amount of insurance carried by each company in said districts be ascertained for December 31, with a view of making permanent fire details, subject to laws similar to that in Massachusetts, and that laws similar to that in Massachusetts, limiting insurance on any one hazard to ten per cent. of capital of the company, be made more definite and certain. The report was made the special order for Thursday.

Blaine's Health Improved. AUGUSTA, Me., October 5.—Blaine arrived here last evening and is very comfortable.

Butler for Governor. BOSTON, October 5.—Gen. Butler has decided to accept the Democratic nomination for Governor.

American Guns Condemned. NEW YORK, October 5.—The directors of the National Rifle Association have passed a resolution enacting that future winners of the Wimbledon cup will be required to give \$500 bonds for its safe keeping. Colonel Bodine, captain of the late team in the international military match, made a report in regard to it. He urged among other things that the future captain of the team be relieved of the duty of choosing the men to form it, and referred to the fact that the guns used by the British were superior to those used by the Americans. He drew two deductions from the recent defeat of his team—one that the present gun they used was defective, and the other that their best military shots needed much more experience at this long range. The present gun, however, he thought could be so altered that it would be equal to that used by the British team. If the gun makers were unable to get up proper guns, then let the weapons be got abroad. In view of the difficulties of getting the proper gun, and the short time our men have to prepare, he suggested the advisability of postponing the return match to 1884. The appointment was authorized of a committee of experts and military riflemen to consider the question of rifles, ammunition and organization of a team for the coming military rifle match in Great Britain in 1883, and Colonel John Bodine was again selected Captain of that team. The Secretary was instructed to notify Sir Henry Holford that the figure of fortune given the British team was a gift, and not a trophy, and was to be used by them in whatever manner they saw fit.

A Tichborne Case. ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 5.—The mystery in the now celebrated Wackerle case deepens as it proceeds, and it bids fair to rival the famous Tichborne case. The plaintiff, Walburg Wackerle, sues on an insurance policy on the life of her husband. In defence the New York Life Insurance Company says the man is not dead. To-day the alleged dead man, William Wackerle, was placed on the stand. His examination produced several points of rather a startling nature. The clear and concise manner in which he answered all questions on points which have already been brought up by other witnesses was calculated to inspire confidence in his honesty; but, when the question was put to him by the plaintiff's counsel as to how many children he had, he became confused, and answered, "I think there were seven or eight; all dead now." Upon being questioned further, he testified that he did not know the date of birth, date of death, age at the time of death, sex or name of any, except one of his children, although living with his wife all the time. Neither could he answer as to where they were born. He stated in to-day's examination that his last child had died in Sacramento, Cal., and had been taken up after being buried there and buried again; but upon being asked why in a previous deposition he said nothing of this, merely stating that the child was buried in Sacramento, he answered that he did not think of it. The climax was reached, however, when witness was asked if he was in Cincinnati in 1869? "I was not," "Will you swear this?" "I will." "Are you as positive of it as you are that this woman is your wife?"

"Yes, I swear it positively, for I was in Detroit."

Plaintiff's counsel then produced a certificate of medical examination, made in Cincinnati, in connection with an application for insurance in Milwaukee in 1867, the certificate being dated February 5, 1868.

The agitation of the witness at this point was painful, and he was still unable to answer questions coherently, though he still insisted that he was William Wackerle, a brother of the plaintiff's husband, and that he had been induced to assume his dead brother's name in order to get the pension from the government, which he has been drawing for several years, and that there is a conspiracy to defraud the woman. Who the parties are to the conspiracy has not developed as yet. The defence commenced examining witnesses in rebuttal to-day. Two witnesses were on the stand who swore they knew William Wackerle, and that the man in court was not he.

A Comet Broken Up. NASHVILLE, October 5.—At half-past four this a.m. E. E. Barnard discovered the nucleus of Crull's comet separated into three unequal fragments, largest estimated to be 15,000 miles in length. The space between the fragments is estimated at 2,000 miles. Yesterday Mr. Barnard observed that the nucleus assumed the form of a long strip, 24,000 miles in length and 3,000 in breadth.

The "Jeannette" Case. WASHINGTON, October 5.—The naval board appointed to inquire into the loss of the "Jeannette" was convened to-day.

An Infernal Machine. An infernal machine was recently mailed to Justice Field, of the U.S. Supreme Court. The case being regarded with suspicion, was placed in the water at night and then opened from the back. No damage was done. A clipping from a newspaper was pasted in the case with a detailed account of a decision given by Field regarding the title to certain property in San Francisco. It is supposed the machine was the contrivance of a disappointed litigant.

The Tariff Commission. NEW YORK, October 5.—At a meeting of the Tariff Commission representatives of the trading companies here and in Brooklyn appeared. Peter Cooper addressed a communication to the Mission, saying that the country wanted a protective tariff and one that would not be broken up every 10 years. Dr. E. P. Miller read an address on the tariff, prepared by Cooper. It treated of the causes of the last panic, and the causes of the present prosperity in