Morning Chronicle,

AND COMMERCIAL AND SHIPPING GAZETTE.

VOL. XVI.] QUEBEC, THURSDAY, 4TH SEPTEMBER, 1862. [NO. 7113

BAZAAR!

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE

Right Honorable the VISCOUNTESS MONCK,

A

BAZAAR

WILL BE

HELD IN SEPTEMBER NEXT,

FOR THE

BENEFIT

OF THE

Protestant Male Orphan Asylum.

Contributions will be thankfully received by the undermentioned Ladies:—

Mrs Grieve, Mrs. Glover,
Mrs Jeffery, Mrs. Prior,
Mrs C Montizambert, Mrs. R Hamilton,
Mrs Wm. D. Campbell, Mrs Meazies,
Mrs Forsyth.

Quebec, June 12, 1862. law

THE ST. LAWRENCE WAREHOUSE, DOCK & WHARFAGE CO'Y., SOUTH QUEBEC.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 20 Vic. c. 174.

GEO BESWICK, Esq., Pres., Managing Director
JAMES PATTON, Jr., Superintendent.
THOMAS H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

THIS COMPANY possesses Deep Water Wharves for Ocean Ships, Lake and River Craft, with suitable Storage for Flour, Grains, Ashes, Iron, Coals, Salt, &c., &c., in direct connection with the Grand Trunk Railway.—Also, a Timber Cove of 4000 feet frontage, with Deal Wharves, Steam Elevators, Cranes, &c., for the expeditious and economical loading and unloading of Goods and Produce—Liberal advances made on all kinds of Merchandise and Timber as received at this Establishment.—Letters to be addressed to the Secretary, at the Company's Office.

SHAW'S BUILDINGS,
Mountain Street, Quebec.

Quebec, May 15, 1862. 6mc law

VALUABLE

Real Estate FOR SALE.

1st MARL HILL FARM situate at Lorette, about six miles from Quebec, on the Ormiere (Macadamised) road, contains about 125 arpents, thoroughly underdrained and in a high state of cultivation, with a stone dwelling house, farm house, barn, 155 feet in length, and other buildings thereon. The farm fronts on the River St. Charles, with valuable water privilege, 32 feet fall of water.

2nd. 54 arpents of wood land near Lorette.

3rd. 12 arpents of land, on the River St. Charles, adjoining the Quebec Water Works dam, with a saw mill thereon erected, and access to the same by macadamised road.

4th. 32 building lots at the same place, on the said macadamised road, one-fourth of an arpent front by 90 feet in depth.

5th. 1 Building lot, near the Lorette Bridge.

6th. 60 arpents of land, at Belair, about 7 miles from Lorette, with a house and barn thereon. An excellent stand for a general country store.

7th. 20 arpents at the same place, with a dam and materials for erection of a saw mill.

8th. An emplacement in St. Vallier Street, Quebec, at the foot of the Cote d'Abraham, 88 feet front, by about 100 feet depth to the cime du cap.

The above lots, the property of RICHARD FREEMAN, Esq, are offered for sale, in consequence of his intention to leave this District to reside in the Eastern Townships.

For further particulars apply to the Hon. LOUIS PANET, N. P., or to

ANDERSON & PARKIN,
Advocates,
St. Lewis Street.

Quebec, June 25, 1862. 3m-law-s

Ericsson's CALORIC ENGINE

THE undersigned is prepared to furnish ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINES, 12 inch, 18 inch and 24 inch, single and twin 24 inch cylinders.

These Engines have been extensively used in the United States and Cuba, and are admitted to be the safest and most economical motors in use.

They are compact and simple in construction; are not liable to explosion; require no engineering skill for their management; do not increase the insurance of the building in which they are placed; and consume only a third of the fuel of a steam-engine of the same power.

They are applicable for all the purposes for which the steam-engine is used, and are particularly suited for driving Printing Presses, hoisting, pumping, and working the machinery of Mills, Machine Shops and Manufactories of all kinds where motive power is required.

These Engines are made according to the directions of the Inventor, and have all his latest improvements.

Refer in Montreal to

Messrs. Parsons & Finney,

COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER,

St. Alexis Street,

—AND—

MR. J. B. ROLLAND,

St. Vincent Street,

Where Engines may be seen in operation.

—ALSO, TO—

MESSRS. LOVELL & GIBSON

PRINTERS, TORONTO,

AND TO THE

PROPRIETOR

OF THE

Quebec Chronicle.

They are also in operation on the Grand Trunk and Northern Railway, for pumping at water stations.

Applications for Engines or information, to be addressed to

MR. SAMUEL RISLEY,
Consulting Engineer, Toronto;
or to MR. W. E. CHITTENDEN,
Manufacturer, Niagara, C. W.

Jany 4, 1862.

DINNEFORD'S Pure Fluid Magnesia

Has been, during twenty-five years, emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public, as THE BEST REMEDY for

ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION,

and as a MILD APERIENT for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children. Combined with the

ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP

it forms an *agreeable Effervescing Draught* in which its aperient qualities are much increased. During HOT SEASONS and in HOT CLIMATES, the regular use of this simple and elegant remedy has been found highly beneficial.

Manufactured (with the utmost attention to strength and purity,) by

DINNEFORD & Co.,
172, New Bond Street, London;

And Sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the W

Dec 28, 1861. e 2aw

A BAZAAR

IN AID OF THE

St. Bridget's Asylum,

WILL BE

Held in the beginning of October next.

Persons desirous of contributing towards this benevolent object, will please send their donations to the following ladies:—

Mrs. C. J. Ardouin, Mrs. J. Dunn, jr.,
Mrs M T. Walsh, Mrs. J Doyle,
Mrs. Moizon, Mrs T. Burns,
Mrs. M. A. Higgins, Mrs. J A. Green,
Mrs. Lilly, Mrs. J. Foley,
Mrs. Valleau, Mrs J. Brophy.

MRS. ALLEYN and MRS. MAGUIRE, will preside at the Refreshment table.

MARY E. CONNOLLY,
Secretary.

Quebec, May 30, 1862.

CANADA Oil Association.

Oil Springs, Enniskillen.

THE Subscribers having been appointed Agents for the above Association, are prepared to sell and contract for the delivery of

Crude Petroleum,

at the WELLS, at Wyoming Station, or at Point Levi.

JOHN ANDERSON & CO.,
St. Peter Street.

Quebec, Aug. 26, 1862.

CATAWBA

SYRUP!

SOMETHING NEW!

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public, that he has on hand a supply of the

NEW SYRUP,

prepared from the

Catawba Grape,

which can be procured from him either in quantity or with ICED SODA WATER from the fountain, at No. 14 Buade Street. Iced Soda Water and Nectar from the Fountain or in Bottle, with a great variety of Syrups constantly on hand.

JOHN S. BOWEN,
Chemist and Druggist,
14 Buade Street.

Quebec, Aug. 14, 1862.

Just Received,

DAVENPORT'S SPECIFIC for Gout and Rheumatism,
BLAIN'S GOUT and RHEUMATISM PILLS,
DR. SCOLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

JOHN W. McLEOD,
Chemist & Druggist,
St. John's Gate.

Quebec, May 17, 1862.

Bottles.

Just Received per "Ina," from Newcastle:"

WINE and CLARET in Crates,
For Sale by

LEMESURIER & CHAMPION,
23, St. Peter Street.

Quebec, July 1, 1862. tf

Notice.

LIVING on the premises, the Subscriber is prepared to dispense MEDICINES at all hours of the night, and on SUNDAYS from EIGHT to TEN A.M.

JOHN W. McLEOD,
Chemist & Druggist,
St. John's Gate.

Quebec, May 17, 1862.

NOTICE

TO

FARMERS AND OTHERS

HAVING

LAND FOR SALE.

A LARGE ARRIVAL of Emigrants with CAPITAL, are expected at Quebec this Summer. Persons having FARMS FOR SALE would find the

QUEBEC CHRONICLE

an excellent medium for disposing of them.

☞ *The CASH must accompany the Advertisement.*

Quebec, May 26, 1862. 3m

GOVERNMENT

Emigration Office,

QUEBEC, 5th May, 1861.

A SINGLE MAN wants a situation as CLERK or BOOK-KEEPER. Town or Country.

Apply at the office.

Quebec, May 5, 1862.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS, to be the ONLY GOOD SAUCE, and applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his Brother at WORCESTER, *May*, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

EXTENSIVE FRAUDS.

LEA and PERRINS having discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of their "WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE," the labels of which closely resemble those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances with the names of L. & P. FORGED; they have deemed it their duty to caution the public, and request purchasers to see that the names of LEA & PERRINS are upon the *Wrapper, Label, Stopper, and Bottle.*

L. & P. further give notice that they will proceed against any one who may infringe upon their right, either by manufacturing or vending such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents in the various parts of the world to advise them of such infringements.

Wholesale and for Exportation by the Proprietors, LEA & PERRINS, Worcester, England, Crosse & Blackwell, and other Oilmen and Merchants, London.

Nov. 9, 1861. law

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

FOR

Fire, Life and Annuities.

CAPITAL ---- £1,000,000 Stg.,

CHIEF OFFICE:

Queen Insurance Buildings, Liverpool.

CANADA BRANCH OFFICE:

Union Buildings, Montreal.

HOME AND **FOREIGN FIRE** AND **LIFE INSURANCE.**

Prompt and liberal Settlement of Claims.

BOARD:

WILLIAM MOLSON, ESQ., CHAIRMAN.
THOMAS KAY, Esq., | HENRY THOMAS, Esq.
HON. JOHN YOUNG, | DAVID TORRANCE Esq
BANKERS—MOLSON'S BANK.
LEGAL ADVISERS—MESSRS. TORRANCE & MORRIS,
MEDICAL ADVISER—WM. SUTHERLAND, Esq., M.D
SURVEYOR—JAMES H. SPRINGLE.
AUDITOR—THOMAS R. JOHNSON.
RESIDENT SECRETARY AND GENERAL AGENT—A. MACKENZIE FORBES.

UNION BUILDINGS,
26, St. Francois Xavier Street,
Montreal.

Special Features:

NON-FORFEITURE OF LIFE POLICIES.

LIFE POLICIES CONSIDERED UNCHALLENGEABLE EXCEPT IN CASES OF PALPABLE FRAUD.

POLICIES PAYABLE DURING LIFE-TIME OF ASSURED.

LIFE POLICIES GRANTED ON A SPECIAL REDUCED SYSTEM.

All of which are fully explained in the Prospectus.

DAYS OF GRACE:—Assured fully protected, both under Fire as well as Life Policies.

DIVISIONS OF LIFE PROFITS:—Every five years. Four-fifths returned to participating Policy Holders

The undersigned having been appointed as Agent to the above well known and long established Office, is prepared to take Risks on Fire and Life.

Office Hours 10 to 5.

BENIAH S. PRIOR,
Agent,
Quebec Chambers, St. Peter Street

Quebec, June 26, 1862. 12mc

JUST RECEIVED!

Another Novelty!

SCENTED GEMS!

Piesse & Lubin's Fountain Finger Rings!!!

THE delight of all who have seen this little conceit is most gratifying to its inventor. It is at once useful and ornamental. By the least pressure, the wearer of the Ring can cause a jet of Perfume to arise from it at any time desired—thus every one can carry with them to a Ball, Concert, or Public Assembly, enough scent so refreshing! for the evening.

The practical application of this invention causes a good deal of merriment and laughter.—A gentlemen who abhors perfume, unless it be snuff, "squeezing" a Lady's hand, will receive a shower of the eternal Frangipanni or Kiss-me-quick, much to the delight of all present at being thus sweetly "found out."

The Rings can be filled with Perfume with the greatest ease—thus: press the Ball at the back of the Ring nearly flat, pour scent into a cup and dip the Ring into it; the elasticity of the ball will then draw the Perfume into the interior till full. Each Ring will hold about half an ounce of the Perfume.

Visitors to the sick will find a Ring filled with Lavender Water, the antiseptic qualities of which are so valuable, to be of the greatest service, both to Invalid and Visitor.

The Rings are sold empty, so that purchasers can fill them with their own favorite scent.—Price 2s. 6d.

Agent for Quebec:

JOHN S BOWEN,
Chemist and Druggist,
14 Buade Street.
Quebec.

Quebec, June 6, 1862.

ALBION HOTEL,

311, 313, 315 St. Paul Street,

MONTREAL.

THE ALBION HOTEL has long been regarded by business Men generally, and especially by the best Merchants of Upper and Lower Canada, as the most convenient, comfortable and easy of access of any Hotel in Montreal. Situated as it is at the head of St. Paul Street, contiguous to the largest wholesale Houses in the City, also, near the Telegraph Offices, Post Office, Banks, &c. The house has been under the charge of its present Manager (L. W. DECKER) for nearly five years. During that time, and more particularly within the last year, large additions and extensive alterations have been made, so that the House is now capable of accommodating 250 guests. The Sleeping Rooms are airy and well furnished. The Beds have all been furnished with new Spring Mattrasses, and are unsurpassed by those of any Hotel in the City. The House is well furnished throughout and properly kept in every respect. The proprietors, encouraged by the very extensive patronage heretofore by them received, are determined that there shall be nothing wanting on their part to make the **Albion** the most quiet, comfortable, and best (setting style aside) Hotel in Montreal.

The price per day is $1,25 being that only of an ordinary second class House, whilst the accommodations are now first class in every particular.

Carriages with careful and intelligent drivers may be procured on application at the Office.

Omnibuses and Porters of the House are in attendance at the various Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings.

MEAL HOURS.—Breakfast, from half-past Seven to Nine o'clock. Dinner from one to half-past two o'clock. Tea from six to eight o'clock.

DECKER & CO, Proprietors.

June 2, 1862. 3mc

AMERICAN HOUSE,

BOSTON,

IS the largest and best arranged HOTEL in the NEW ENGLAND STATES. It contains all the modern improvements, and every convenience for the comfort and accommodation of the travelling public.

LEWIS RICE,
Proprietor.

Boston, Feby 6, 1862. 12mc

Leeches! Leeches!!

QUEBEC DISPENSARY.

JUST received, a fresh supply of PRIME SWEDISH LEECHES.

JOHN E. BURKE,
Upper Town Market.

Quebec, April 8, 1862.

NOTICE.

THE Steamer CITY, will keep a regular line from Quebec to Ste. Ann du Nord. She will leave for ST. ANNE, every MONDAY, TUESDAY and SATURDAY Mornings, from the CHAMPLAIN MARKET WHARF, and will call at her usual stopping places, returning the same day.

Parties wishing to charter the Steamer for Pleasure Trips, can have her every Wednesday and Thursday.

For the hour of departure enquire on board, or at the Steamboat office, Boisvert's Hotel.

JACQUES GARANT,
Agent.

Quebec, June 25, 1862. 3aw

Notice.

WHEREAS MR. CHARLES RACINE, Baker, of St. Roch, disappeared since Friday morning, the 25th April last, and that his family has not heard of him since, public notice is hereby given that MADAME RACINE has authorised the undersigned Notary to settle his business; therefore parties indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those who have claims against him will file their accounts.

F. L. GAUVREAU,
Notary.

Quebec, May 10, 1862. law

Elephant Oil,

25 CASKS, For Sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, July 4, 1862.

Public Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late MADAME SOPHIE LOUISE BOUDREAULT, widow of the late Honorable Louis MEYNOT, are requested not to pay any money to any person except the undersigned, who are alone authorized on the part of MISS ZELIRE MEYNOT, Universal Legatee.

L.S. ARGANT,
F. BOISVERT,
Attorneys.

Quebec, June 12, 1862. tf

H. & W. BANSLEY,

Perfumers and Hair Cutters,

Patronized by their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales, Prince Alfred and Suite; the Governor General and gentry of the Household; the Officers of the Garrison, and Parliamentary Hair Dressers by appointment.

No. 10, St. John Street, Quebec.

WE respectfully return thanks to our customers for their very liberal patronage since our establishment in Quebec, and beg to bring before their notice the extension of our premises, which is now filled with

Choice, Cheap, Useful and Fancy GOODS,

in part consisting of Rogers' Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, Penknives, Razor-Strops, Lubin Perfumery, Gesnell's Perfumery, Toys, Combs, Baskets, Walking Canes, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, &c, &c, Wigs, Ornamental Hair, Wig Braids and Plats, always on hand and made to order. Baby's Carriages, the cheapest and best in Canada.—Prices: from $3.50 to $16.

Razors ground and set with despatch, on an entirely new principle.

A GREAT WANT SUPPLIED!

H & W. BANSLEY have on hand a large assortment of "the great improved STROPS," which are undoubtedly the best and cheapest ever offered for sale.

A NEW ROOM ATTACHED!

Remember No. 10, St. John Street.

Quebec, June 14, 1862.

PESTACHIO NUT Skin & Complexion POWDER.

THIS TOILET POWDER imparts to the Skin a natural whiteness, youthful delicacy, and softness, attainable by no other means.

Brownness of the Neck or Arms, undue Redness of the Face and Hands, are obviated by one application of this exquisite discovery. Travellers and residents in warm climates will highly appreciate this simple appendage to the Toilet.

It will be found superior to any other article for preventing that Moisture in the hands so detrimental to Fancy Needlework; so totally does it prevent the discolouring action of the Sun on the Skin, that Freckles are unknown to those who use the Pestachio Nut Powder. In the Winter season it is an indispensable appendage to the Toilet and Nursery, especially for children, as by using it to dry the skin after washing, Chapped Hands, Chafed and Rough skin are with certainty prevented.

It is strongly recommended to Gentlemen, to rub over the chin after the use of the razor, as it at once allays the irritation produced by shaving.

The PESTACHIO NUTS being an edible fruit, this Powder, which is prepared from them, can be relied on for its absolute innocence and simplicity of composition.

Spanish Oil of Pestachio Nuts.

"The beauty of the Raven Tresses of the Spanish Ladies has excited the admiration of every visitor to Madrid. No other hair-dressing fluid is used but the expressed Oil of Pestachio Nut, which is as common here with the Mountain Peasant as the Court Beauty."—*Gordon's Month in Spain.*

Agent for Quebec:

JOHN S. BOWEN,
Chemist and Druggist,
14 Buade Street.

Quebec, June 21, 1862.

Houses to Let,

THREE Comfortable Fire Brick HOUSES, in St. Joseph Street, St. Roch's, containing nine Rooms each, with water, gas, &c.

Possession 1st May next.

Apply to

E. G. CANNON,
Notary.

Quebec, April 30, 1862. 2aw tf

QUEEN'S HOTEL,

LATE—REVERE HOUSE,

TORONTO.

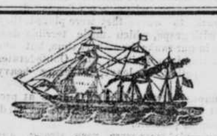
THOS. DICK,
PROPRIETOR.

Quebec, May 24, 1862. 12m

Wine and Claret Bottles,

47 CRATES WINE and CLARET BOTTLES.
For Sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Dec. 9, 1861.



Steam from Montreal to London.

WHITE STAR

Line of Steamships

FOR

LONDON DIRECT.

THE SPLENDID NEW & POWERFUL IRON SCREW STEAMSHIP

"MAVROCORDATOS,"

A 1, 12 Years, 1200 Tons, 500 Horse Power,
FREDERICK S. EWEN, Commander,
WILL LEAVE

MONTREAL for LONDON DIRECT

On or about the 1st September next.

THIS favourite and highly classed Steamship having four water-tight Compartments and of great strength, (late of the *Greek and Oriental Steam Navigation Company*), has been engaged expressly for this Trade, and selected for her power and the excellent condition in which she has delivered her Cargoes. She has very superior accommodation for First, Second and Third Class Passengers, who can be booked through to all Ports of Britain and the Continent.

This Line will be continued Monthly during remainder of Season, and presents to importers a desideratum needed of importing Goods direct, and we recommend them to instruct their Agents in England to secure Freight accommodation without delay.

For terms of Passage and Freight apply, in *Montreal*, to

DAVID E. MACLEAN & CO.

In London, to
Messrs. MELLADEW & CO.,
44 Mark Lane.
Messrs. HILL, SON & MEADOWS,
35 Milk Street, Cheapside.
CHARLES BIGGS Esq.,
142 Bishop Gate Street.

In Liverpool, to
Messrs. ALFRED HILL & CO.,
The Albany Old Hall Street.

N.B.—The next Ship of the Line will leave London on or about the 20th September.

Agents for Quebec:

LANGLOIS & GLASS.

Quebec, Aug. 18, 1862. 1m

North British and Mercantile FIRE & LIFE Insurance Company.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Established in 1809.

Capital - - Two Millions Sterling.

PRESIDENT:
His Grace the Duke of Roxburgh, K. T.

VICE-PRESIDENTS:
The Most Noble the Marquis of Abercorn, K. G.,
The Right Hon. The Earl of Stair.

HEAD OFFICE:
64 Princes Street, Edinburgh,

MANAGER: David Smith Esq. | SECRETARY: John Ogilvie, Esq.

CANADA CENTRAL BRANCH:
4 & 5 Merchants' Exchange Montreal

MANAGING DIRECTORS:
D. Lorn MacDougal, Esq. | Thos. Davidson, Esq.

ORDINARY DIRECTORS:
The Hon. Louis Renaud, M.L.C.,
The Hon. John Rose, M.P.,
Thomas Ryan, Esq., Merchant,
James Law, Esq., Merchant,
David Davidson, Esq., Banker.

SECRETARY:
H. J. Johnson, Esq.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Insurances affected at the LOWEST RATES of PREMIUMS corresponding to the risk.

Losses by Fire from Lightning made good.

The full power of Settling all Losses is vested in the Montreal Board of Directors, and Claims are payable immediately on being adjusted.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

This Company combines the system of Mutual Assurance, with the safety of a Large Protecting Capital, and thus afford all the facilities and advantages which can be prudently offered by any Life Assurance Company.

Nine-tenths of the Profits divided amongst those insured under the participation of profit class.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR CANADA:
Messrs. MacDougal and Davidson, Montreal.

The Subscribers beg to intimate to their friends and the public, that they have been appointed Agents for the Company for Quebec and vicinity, and are now ready to receive orders, and to give full particulars as to rates and any other information that may be required.

RYAN, BROTHERS & Co.,
Agents,
St. Peter Street.

Quebec, Aug. 16, 1862.

INTERNATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

142 Strand, London.

QUEBEC OFFICE:

No. 42 St. Peter Street,

(Dean's Buildings.)

THE above Society has been established nearly a quarter of a century. It is empowered under Special Acts of Parliament, and not being a Mutual Society, the Policyholders incur no responsibility, while two-thirds of the Profits are allotted to them every five years.

ITS CAPITAL IS

$2,500,000,

in Twenty-five Thousand Shares of $100 each, of which nineteen thousand seven hundred and nineteen Shares, representing

$1,971,900,

HAVE BEEN ACTUALLY ISSUED.

Upon these the deposit of **$20** *per share is paid and invested, amounting to* **$394,380,**

Leaving at call in the hands of the Proprietors $1,577,520

Further accumulations have also been made and invested to the extent of 674,340

Total Guarantee Fund, irrespective of Income, which exceeds $350,000 per annum $2,646,840

The withdrawal system of the INTERNATIONAL offers advantages which are obtainable in no other Society. Thus:

1. The Assured may pay half the premiums only, with interest for the remainder, during the whole continuance of his Policy.

2. If he elect to pay full premiums, he can at any time borrow half the aggregate amount of all his previous payments, without forfeiture of his Policy.

Or, should he ever desire to surrender such Policy, one-half of the full annual premiums paid will be returned to him for the purchase thereof.

The Society has always been prompt and liberal in the settlement of Claims, and has already paid upwards of $1,600,000.

ALFRED FALKENBERG,
Agent.

Quebec, July 1, 1862. 12mc

Summer Arrangements.

1862. 1862.

DIRECT

STEAM COMMUNICATION

WITH

GLASGOW.

"Anchor" Line

OF

STEAM PACKET SHIPS

SAILING REGULARLY BETWEEN

Montreal, Quebec and Glasgow.

CALEDONIA,—1397 Tons Register, 360 Horse Power, 12 years A 1,—JAMES CLARKE, Commander.

UNITED KINGDOM,—1255 Tons Register, 300 Horse-Power, 12 years A 1,—JAMES CRAIG, Commander.

FROM QUEBEC:

UNITED KINGDOM, ... Saturday, Aug. 23.
CALEDONIA, ... Tuesday, Sept. 23.
UNITED KINGDOM, ... Tuesday, Oct. 14.
CALEDONIA, ... Saturday, Nov. 15.

FROM GLASGOW:

UNITED KINGDOM, ... Saturday, July 26.
CALEDONIA, ... Do. Aug. 23.
UNITED KINGDOM, ... Do. Sept. 13.
CALEDONIA, ... Do. Oct. 18.

THE

United Kingdom,

WILL SAIL FROM

QUEBEC for GLASGOW

ON

SATURDAY, the 23rd AUGUST,

Rates of Passage from Quebec to Glasgow:

Saloon Cabin $60
Intermediate $30
Third Class (including an abundant supply of properly-cooked provisions) .. $25
Children in proportion.

Return Tickets $100 since May last.

☞ Berths not secured until paid for.

☞ Each ship carries a duly qualified Surgeon.

For freight or passage apply to G. & D. SHAW, Montreal.

ROBERT SHAW & CO.,
Quebec.

Quebec, July 31, 1862. c

UNITY

Fire and Life Associations

OF LONDON.

CAPITAL: Two Million Five Hundred Thousand Pounds Sterling.

Deposited in Canada - - $50,000.

Canada Branch:

Offices, No. 11, Great St. James St.,

MONTREAL.

DIRECTORS FIRE DEPARTMENT.

JOHN FROTHINGHAM, Esq.
BENJAMIN HOLMES, Esq.
ALFRED LAROCQUE, Esq.
WILLIAM LUNN, Esq.
JOHN G. MACKENZIE, Esq.
JOHN TORRANCE, Esq.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND, Esq. M.D
E. H. TRUDEL, Esq., M.D.

MANAGER.

WILLIAM P. REYNOLDS, Esq.

Fire Department.

Insurances effected on all descriptions of insurable property on as favorable terms as those of any other English Company of good standing.

Losses paid in net cash on proof of claim, without reference to England.

Losses by lightning or explosion by Gas paid by this Association.

Life Department.

The advantages obtained by assurers are of a

Substantial Character.

including a participation in the profits every five years to the exent of

Eighty per Cent.

A cash surrender value to the extent of

Forty per Cent.

of premiums paid, given on participating policies of three years' standing.

The prudent management and large resources of these Associations, the liberality and promptitude evinced in the settlement of all just claims, have justly earned for the *Unity* a reputation second to none of the London Offices.

WM. A. CURRY,

Company's Office, corner Buade and Fort Streets, Upper Town.

Further particulars may be obtained from any of the undersigned *Agents*.

JOSEPH LAURIN,
No 4 Palace Street,
W. H. TILSTONE,
St. Peter Street.

Quebec, Aug. 4, 1862.

JOHN FISHER,

EXCHANGE BROKER,

No. 33 St. Peter Street,

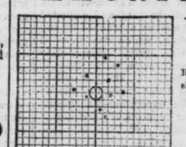
QUEBEC,

☞ Dealer in United States Bank Notes, and all kinds of foreign Gold, Silver and Sovereigns.

Constantly on hand English and American Silver.

Quebec Aug. 11, 1862. 1mc

AMMUNITION.



TARGET
12 FEET SQUARE.

Represents average shooting at 200 yards, with

ELEY'S BEST ENFIELD CARTRIDGES.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR

Sporting or Military Purposes.

Double Waterproof Central Fire Caps, Felt Waddings to prevent the leading of Guns, Wire Cartridges for Killing Game, &c., at long distances, Breech Loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality or Shot Guns and Rifles.

Contractors to the War Department for Small Arms Ammunition.

Jacob's Rifle Shell Tubes, Cartridges and Caps for Colt's, Adams', and other Revolvers.

Enfield Rifle Ammunition and Ball Cartridges,

For Whitworth and Henry's Rifles, also for Westley Richard's, Terry's, Wilson's, Prince's, and other Breech Loaders.

Bullets of uniform weight made by compression from soft Refined-Lead.

ELEY BROTHERS,
Gray's-Inn-Road, London, W.C.

☞ WHOLESALE ONLY.

April 10, 1862. 52 law

Collection and Commission.

MR. E. L. SNOW,

MONTREAL, C. E.,

ATTENDS to collection of accounts for Publishers, Merchants, Physicians, and others, in Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa and Toronto, and other places in Canada. All collections duly reported and proceeds promptly paid over.

Address communications to "Montreal Gazette Office."

REFERENCES:—Lowe & Chamberlin, Proprietors "Montreal Gazette;" John Lovell, Publisher "Canada Directory," &c, &c, Montreal; R. & A. Miller, Wholesale Booksellers and Stationers, Montreal and Toronto.

July 1, 1862. 6mc

Henry Williams Mackreth,

SOLICITOR,

AND

Commissioner for taking Affidavits for Courts in Lower Canada.

4 Corbet Court,
Gracechurch Street,
London.

Aug. 11, 1862. 12mcp

To Ship-masters and others.

FOR SALE,

CHICAGO MESS BEEF, in Barrels and Tierces,
Montreal P. Mess do do.
Prime and Cargo do do

—ALSO.—

Prime Pork, Biscuit, Butter,
Flour, Split Peas, &c.

J. C. NOLAN,
St. Peter Street.

Quebec, July 1, 1862. tf

For Sale,

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, and with or without the furniture, that well-known HOUSE the

"Railroad Hotel,"

at Richmond junction, Eastern Townships. Reasons of a purely domestic nature induce the proprietor to dispose of it.

The price wanted is very moderate, and will be taken as follows:—Not less than one fourth cash down, and the balance in half yearly or yearly installments with interest.

For particulars and to treat address the proprietor.

NARCISSE NOEL,
Richmond Junction,
Eastern Townships.

Aug. 25, 1862.

PAINT.

Now Landing ex "Wolverine," from London:"

ZINC,
RED,
BLACK,
BLUE,
GREEN,
YELLOW,
WHITE LEAD—qualities No. 1, 2 and 3,
All in Tins of 28 lbs.

—ALSO,—

VARNISH—Noble & Hoare's best English, Carriage and Wearing Body.

For Sale by

LEMESURIER & CHAMPION,
23, St. Peter Street.

Quebec, July 1, 1862. tf

Liverpool Soap in Bond.

300 BOXES CASEY'S LIVERPOOL SOAP, in bond or duty paid.
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, July 3, 1862.

Notice.

THE CARGO of the Ship SCANDANAVIEN, Capt. GUDE, from Rotterdam, will be landed from Batteaus, at Galt & Crawford's Wharf.

FALKENBERG & McBLAIN,
Agents.

Quebec, May 30, 1862.

Provisions.

PORK—Mess, Prime Mess and Prime in barrels.
BEEF—Prime Mess in Tierces.

All of Montreal inspection.

For Sale by

LEMESURIER & CHAMPION,
23, St. Peter Street.

Quebec July 1, 1862. tf

Teas in Bond or Duty Paid.

50 CHESTS JAPAN,
63 Catties do.
29 Chests Java Hyson,
30 do do Twankays,
87 do do Congou,
54 Finest Breakfast Souchong,
85 Finest Mayune Old Hyson,
100 do do Young Hyson,
Landed ex "Jura," from Liverpool.

For Sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, July 3, 1862.

For Sale,

25 BAGS CLOVER SEED,
Just received.

LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec, April 26, 1862. tf

Ysasi & Co's Sherry and Port Wines,

Now landing ex "Victoria," from Cadiz,

32 QUARTER Casks very Pale and very particular SHERRY,
32 do do heavy bodied Port,
20 do do Benecarlo Wine,
2 Hhds. very pale and high flavored Vino d'Asti Sherry.

For Sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, July 4, 1862.

English Cheese.

QUEEN'S ARMS,
Cheddar,
Double Gloster,
Truckles,
North Weltshire,
Just landed ex "Hibernian."

For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN

Quebec, July 18, 1862.

Refined Sugars in Bond.

100 BARRELS ENGLISH CRUSHED SUGAR, in bond or duty paid.
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, July 3, 1862.

MEETING AT MONTREAL IN AID OF THE DISTRESSED ENGLISH OPERATIVES.

(From the Montreal Transcript.)

The public meeting, on Saturday, convened by advertisement, for the purpose of contributing relief to the distressed operatives of Great Britain, was numerously attended, and by a large class of our most influential citizens. Most of the signers to the requisition were present, and in addition many of the leading members of the mercantile and other classes.

At the appointed hour, the meeting having adjourned to the Board of Trade Room in the Exchange,

His Lordship, the Metropolitan, occupied the chair, and in the course of his observations remarked that the action of this meeting could not be looked upon as an act of charity, but as an act of public duty; for the operatives in the manufacturing districts were suffering privation, in order that England might maintain the high position of neutrality she has all along kept up, during the present distressing conflict in America.

Honorable John Rose, seconded by William Molson, Esquire, moved to the following effect:—

"That this meeting expresses its deep sympathy for the distress existing among the operatives of Great Britain; and records its admiration of the patient and noble manner in which they have borne their sufferings,—and that the meeting recognises it as a duty to cooperate with their fellow-subjects in Britain in their efforts to mitigate the suffering that now prevails."

The resolution was then passed unanimously. A large and influential committee was then named to collect subscriptions; and a vote of thanks was passed to the chairman. Subscription lists were immediately opened; the first on the list being Wm. Molson, Esq., who subscribed $500. The Honorable George Moffatt, set down the name of his firm, Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., for a similar sum, intimating his willingness to double that sum in conjunction with a certain number of others. He was followed by Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., John Redpath & Son, Buchanan, Harris & Co., G. Stephens, Law, Young & Co., Edmonstone, Allan & Co., Wm. Dow & Co., with subscriptions of similar amounts, and several of them with equal offers of augmentation. A large number subscribed in various amounts from $250 to $50 forming an aggregate of upwards of $8,000 as the subscriptions on the spot. We entertain not the least doubt that Montreal will contribute to this patriotic subscription a sum worthy of its pristine fame for generosity; and a fitting and enduring testimonial of its loyalty and attachment to the British nation and her free institutions.

☞ A young woman named Adelaide Coes, who has been for some time working on army coats and blouses, in Hartford, has, by rubbing her eyes with her fingers discolored by the cloth completely destroyed one of her eyes, and seriously injured the other. There must be some powerful poison in the dye of the cloth.

GENERALSHIP.—Some of our contemporaries, who are still in the way of doing military criticism, are lashing out viciously about these days. We advise them to keep cool. Scolding don't seem to mend matters. It is unlucky to have poor Generals; to have our soldiers know it seems to make the matter worse. One thing is very certain—if things are to go on as they have done, the order excluding reporters from the camps of the armies is an absolutely necessary one. It will never do to have such performances fully reported. On the contrary, the Government must forbid the newspapers to give any account whatever of what is transpiring in Virginia—or still better—suppress them altogether. Such strategy doesn't bear reporting, save in the rouged diction of official bulletins.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

MONTREAL VICTORIA RIFLES.—Several thousand persons assembled at the Montreal Cricket Ground on Saturday to witness the presentation of colors to the Victoria Volunteer Rifles. In addition to this corps there were present on the ground Major S. J. Lyman's Battalion of Foot Artillery; Lieut.-Colonel Routh's Royals; the Chasseurs, under Major Malhiot; and besides the Staff there were a number of officers of the Brigade present. The Anglican Bishop, att

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Montreal—Steamer Montreal.
Grand Trunk Ferry Steamer—J Tibbits.
Blankets—Glover & Fry.
Iron Bedsteads—do.
Quebec Rifle Club—C H E Tilstone.
Broker & Commission Merchant—M Benjamin.
Notice—J & M Dunn.
Lecture—R Baxter.
Gold Rings Lost—J R Audy.
One Cooking Range and fittings for Sale or to Let at St Foy Laundry.
A Setter Bitch and Dog for Sale—L Casault.
Sale of Teas, Sugars, &c—A J Maxham & Co.

Morning Chronicle.

QUEBEC, SEPT. 4, 1862

☞ See First Page.

The reports as to the progress of the war, which are permitted to be published in the Northern papers, are of so contradictory a nature that it is impossible to judge accurately of the real position of affairs. But the admission of certain very severe reverses which has been allowed to appear leads to a fair inference, the stupid policy of secrecy which has lately prevailed being taken into consideration, that worse disasters still remain untold. The Confederates seem to have driven the enemy back upon the capital itself, and if it be true that the great hero of the war, Stonewall Jackson, has succeeded in crossing the Upper Potomac, and throwing the troops under his command into Maryland, the Federalists have but small chance of recovering themselves from the disasters that have of late so rapidly pursued them. From the commencement of the struggle until to-day, Maryland has been restrained by the simple pressure of overwhelming military coercion from casting in her fortunes with those of the South; and the entrance upon her soil of Jackson's liberating corps will cause a general arming of her population against Northern rule. The effect of such an uprising, in the present crisis, and in the positions now held by the contending forces, could scarcely fail to be fatal to all the hopes of the Federalists.

At present, everything appears to favor the Southern cause; and even should the Confederates receive great defeat in Virginia—and there is no prospect that such an event will occur—they would still have made such headway in the present campaign as could never be overcome. In the West they seem to have been everywhere victorious, not only recovering Tennessee, Missouri and Kentucky, but actually invading the State of Ohio, whose capital, Cincinnati, is at this moment threatened and is evidently in considerable danger of capture. Added to this, the Northern forces are confessedly disheartened and demoralised, and people and army have lost confidence in the Generals to whose hands the national honor is confided. All things considered, the end of the struggle appears to be rapidly approaching; but, after all the outpouring of life and treasure which it has caused, no sensible man seems yet able to comprehend why it was ever begun.

We are glad to observe that the Harbor Commissioners have so promptly adopted one of our suggestions by discarding the antiquated idea that they ought to keep their proceedings confined exclusively to themselves. They have at length judiciously resolved to publish in the newspapers the minutes of their proceedings at each sitting, and this goodly innovation has already been acted on. This wise concession to the general wishes will, no doubt, be productive of good to the Commission. It will have the effect of leading the public to discuss any policy it proposes, and while this may prevent altogether or make them further deliberate in carrying out projects which have not been sufficiently considered, it will serve to strengthen their hands in all measures of wholesome expenditure to secure real improvements to the harbor.

A great meeting has been held in Montreal in aid of the distressed operatives in Lancashire. The munificent sum of eight thousand dollars was subscribed within a very few minutes! The citizens of Montreal are as generous in acts of charity as they are bold and aspiring in matters commercial. When will Quebec begin at office to emulate her in both? There is no reason why we should not rival her in acts of benevolence—none why, if we would shake off our lethargy, we should not surpass her as a great sea port. Let us begin, at all events, by doing something for our distressed fellow-countrymen at home.

All our readers will be pleased to hear that the report that the *Great Eastern* had received most serious injuries by striking on a sunken rock in Long Island Sound is destitute of foundation. A slight accident has been magnified into an almost irreparable disaster. But, so far as we can learn by the latest accounts, the damage the noble vessel has received is of so trivial a nature that she will be ready for sea on the day appointed, and have a surplus of time for exhibition to all sight-seers who may be curious to inspect her.

The people, or rather let us say the press—for we have a most earnest desire not to malign a neighbor with whom we have long lived in peace, and between whom and ourselves there are so many reasons that we should continue to be friends—the press then, we say, of the Northern States complain that our sympathies are not with them and their cause. And, do they wonder at this? Have they not offered every insult, which ink and paper could record, to the nation of which we are part and parcel? Have they not given repeated provocation by mean and unworthy acts? Have they not sought occasion to accompany indignities by menace, and with a mean and soulless ingratitude refused to recognize a forbearance that no other nation would have shown them? Has England's neutrality been nothing to them? Where would have been their lawyer-generals and their heroes of Bull Run had Britain cast but a finger's weight in the scale for the South? The inveterate hate towards England which is nurtured by certain portions of the American press is manifested in Monday's issue of the New York *Times*. The redoubtable hero who wields the editorial *stylum* of that journal has devoted over three columns of his space to stale lies, and the grossest falsification of historic facts that perverted truth, or disgraced a public journal. And all this for the sorry purpose of traducing that which he discovers his country cannot emulate. If there be one reason stronger than another why England and her people forbear to feel offence at insult so oft repeated, it is because they believe that these indignities are not from the body of the American nation, but are the outpourings of a depraved and venal press. We admit the talent with which that press abounds, we acknowledge its influence, but we despise the lowness of its sentiment, and the degradation to which it willingly descends. To traduce and calumniate, to gloss the lie, to pander to the worst passions of our nature, appear to be the literary garbage on which it feeds. That it has no love for the truth fits it for the hour, while its skill in making the worse appear the better cause renders it a fit and appropriate instrument of the power which is only tolerant of falsehood and deception. Did we adopt the mode of inference which rules the New York journalists, we should charge the many insults to our country upon the whole people of the States, but we have no idea of doing them so gross an injustice, we believe the aspersions of the *Times* and other American papers are the mere ravings of a few unprincipled men who, in an excitable community, live by the manufacture of sensation. Indeed we have some proof of this in one of the articles to which we have reference. For although the writer denounces the London journalists without mercy, and bespatters that eternal bugbear of the American mind, the "aristocracy," he has not dared to venture on an insult to the Queen. The wily scribe knew his ground and his audience too well, and he passes an allusion to our world-respected Sovereign with a sneer that he would find dangerous to practice in the presence of her subjects.

Is this an attempt of the *Times* to change the ground of quarrel with Britain? Is the slave game played out, and is a new issue to be raised upon the question of the merits of democratic Government? If so, we think the time for canvassing the advantages of democracy most unfortunately chosen. It certainly has not shone with astonishing lustre for the last eighteen months. The misquoting statistics by the newspapers complained of by our New York contemporary is certainly a novel *casus belli*. "We could not find fault with them," he says, "because they differ with us in opinion, but we denounce the flagrant injustice "which corrupts and distorts the mass of American intelligence and statistics as given for "past year by English newspapers." Who will now believe the Americans are thin-skinned! "It is idle to cite instances when nearly "every article printed affords them. The "*Times* publishing the telegram which announced the capture of McClellan's whole "army—which it afterwards refused to correct "—is but one illustration among myriads. "The *Saturday Review's* late assault on "General Butler, when, in speaking of the "case of Mrs. Phillips, it does *not* state that "the lady had been repeatedly warned, once "incarcerated, many times forgiven, and all "but besought to behave like a reasonable "and decent person;—when, in the same "article it does not mention the 'Chika-"hominy' skeletons exhibited in the shop "windows of New Orleans." If it could be idle to cite any instance in the long catalogue of childish whining through which our contemporary has poured forth his plaints, those he has thus cited are indeed most idle. But they are in keeping with the rest, save that they have a spice of the ludicrous that saves them the severe condemnation which the article, generally, will receive at the instance of every lover of peace or friend of humanity. In conclusion, the following piece of wholesome advice is offered to the press of England; and we feel assured that our readers will believe that with the simple change of the word "British" for American, the inculcation would be far more applicable to our friends South of the forty-fifth parallel than to those in England: "If the British "Press desires to escape the odium of nurturing a hatred which is likely to be so baneful "to the best interests of both countries, let it "eschew its former course and adopt a new "one characterized by the novel features of "truthfulness and moderation."

MEETING FOR THE ERECTION OF A CHURCH AT CACOUNA.

Owing to the yearly increasing number of tourists and visitors who spend the summer season at Cacouna, considerable difficulty has been experienced in endeavoring to provide accommodation, at that place, for persons desirous of attending Divine Worship on the Sabbath day. An unfinished house was at one time used as a temporary place of worship; but on the building being completed, it had to be relinquished, and another procured. A congregation, frequently amounting to 250 persons, was thus exposed, as the weather varied, to suffer alternately from heat and cold. This great inconvenience has frequently led to the discussion of the propriety of causing a suitable building to be erected; and we are glad to perceive, by the proceedings which we publish below, that there is a prospect of this desirable end being attained for next season:

CACOUNA, Aug. 25, 1862.

A meeting of persons favorable to erecting or leasing a suitable building at Cacouna for the purpose of Divine worship was held this morning.

Mr. H. S. Scott was appointed Chairman, and Mr. Wm. Cassils Secretary.

It was unanimously resolved that a suitable building be erected for the use of the following Protestant denominations, viz: Church of England, Presbyterian, Congregational, Baptist and Methodist, and that Messrs H. S. Scott, Edward Foston, Hon. James Ferrier, Alfred Savage, John W. Cook and William Cassils be a Committee to raise subscriptions, purchase a site and prepare a suitable building. In the event of any of these gentlemen declining to act, the majority of the remainder to have power to substitute others (of the same denomination if possible) to act in their place.

As the resident clergyman of the Church of England at the neighboring village of Riviere du Loup has for the last thirteen years officiated at Cacouna during the summer season, in the afternoon, it was

Resolved,—That the afternoon service be reserved for the Church of England when the services of one of the clergy of that church can be procured.

It was further Resolved,—That the enterprise be not proceeded with unless a sufficient sum be raised to cover the probable expense, which, it is supposed, will be from $900 to $1,000.

A subscription list was then opened, to which several gentlemen attached their names, the amount subscribed being $140—after which the meeting adjourned.

WILLIAM CASSILS, Secretary.

Persons desirous of contributing are requested to transmit their names with the amount which they purpose to subscribe, to any member of the Committee.

ARRIVAL OF THE S. S. *NORTH AMERICAN*.

The Steamship *North American*, of the Canadian Mail Line, from Liverpool 21st, and Londonderry 22nd ult., arrived in port about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon, bringing 105 cabin and 122 steerage passengers.

The passenger list and the latest shipping intelligence by this arrival will be found in other columns.

THE STREETS.

A single glance at a number of our leading thoroughfares, after the heavy rain of Monday evening last, must have been sufficient to convince the most economical of the necessity of some new, effective and generally applied plan for the thorough repair of our streets and sidewalks. In many places, the street-planking had been started from its position by the rain, and the displaced planks floated about in every direction completely breaking up the road. This was particularly the case in St. Paul street, near the intersection of St. Charles street. Throughout the city the loose, uneven and ricketty sidewalks met the same fate, and in several localities the boards had gone off in all directions. The dangerous foot-paths which abound in the majority of the suburban and many of the principal streets are worse than useless—they are a positive nuisance; and it would be much better policy to remove them altogether than to allow them to remain as traps for the unwary.

Councillor's Baillarge's motion, in the City Council, on Friday night last, directing the attention of the Road Committee to the condition of the sidewalks and the propriety of repairing them, was most opportune. We hope that the members of the Committee, whose duty it is to attend to this matter, will be prepared to report on some effective measure for putting all our thoroughfares in a decent state of repair. The error, in days past, has been in frittering away money on a few patches, here and there. A general plan will cost less and answer the purpose much better.

MORE GIPSIES.

A number of gipsies arrived yesterday afternoon, from England in the steamer *North American*. In dress and personal appearance they presented the usual characteristics of their tribe, strongly marked; and, on landing, were easily recognized from the other emigrants. Immediately after leaving the ocean-steamer they began to look out for opportunities of trading or raising money. In crossing from the steamer one of them produced his fiddle and proceeded to strike up "music for the million," with a view to some adequate remuneration of course.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Among our new advertisements to-day, we would direct particular attention to that of Mr. H. Benjamin, so long and favorably known in this city. The departure from amongst us of the firm of which he was the leading partner, was witnessed with regret, after a residence of nearly a quarter of a century. His business knowledge and experience will, we are sure, suffice to recommend him to the mercantile community. In addition, however, to this he gives the further inducement of cash in all transactions.

SAILORS' TEMPERANCE MEETING.

The sailors' temperance meeting advertised to take place on board the steamship *St. Andrew*, on Tuesday evening, was held in the warehouse on the Ocean Steamship Wharf—the latter being much more convenient for a numerously attended meeting. The large room was well lighted and tastefully arranged, the walls being covered with a variety of flags. About 180 seamen and others, including several ladies, were present. The meeting was opened with prayer by the Rev. J. S. Sykes, Chaplain of the Port; and by his address, which followed, lasting an hour, he kept the audience alternately between roars of laughter and serious attention. Captains Dutton and Williams then delivered excellent addresses. Mr. Smith, 1st officer of the *St. Andrew*, sang a merry song, while sailors, to the number of forty-three, signed their names in the pledge-book. The doxology was then sung, the chaplain pronounced the benediction, and the very successful temperance meeting was brought to a close.

THE BATEAU RACE.

The sailing match for bateaux, which created considerable interest among the bateaumen of the port and their friends, as well as among the numerous class of citizens who take an interest in boat-races, came off yesterday We believe some twelve bateaux were entered. Eight started for the run, which was from the East India Wharf, down the river, to a buoy at Beaumont Shoal, around the buoy and back to the starting point. Mr. Jas. Blais' bateau, "La Belle Rose," sailed by Mr. Charles Blais, was the winner, coming in about fourteen minutes ahead. The proprietor of the successful craft, who resides at Cap Blanc, is one of our best known, most industrious and deservedly successful citizens. We are assured that his bateau was handled in excellent style. Mr. Giguère's craft came in second; Mr. Vallee's third—the others being distanced. The weather was fine, clear and favorable.

THANKS.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. Barlee, mail-officer of the steamship *North American* for a liberal supply of the latest English and Irish papers.

THE PRESERVATION OF GAME.

"What a country! how very few birds to be heard or seen!" Such is one of the commonest exclamations which escapes from a stranger travelling throught the country parts of Canada. Even when Audubon's marvellous plates of American birds are laid before him, even when he is told that Naturalists have ascertained the existence of no less than seven hundred and sixteen different species of the feathered tribe, in North America, (some four or five hundred of which visit Canada) even then he feels disinclined to disbelieve what he considers the testimony of his own senses; and truly, for the admirer of nature, what can be more incomplete than green fields, luxuriant forests without birds, what more loathsome than the absence of melodious songsters, than the solitude which poachers, pot hunters or pseudo-sportsmen are fast creating through the length and breadth of this fair country! There is a passage in the oldest Canadian writer on Natural History, which has always struck me from the painful contrast it furnishes between the past and the present time. Pierre Boucher, Governor of Three Rivers, in those days one of the leading towns in Canada, in his *Histoire Naturelle du Canada*, published in 1664, discourses thus: "I shall not set out in detail the name of all the birds which one meets in the Gulf (of St. Lawrence) such as cormorants, gannets, seap geons, &c., &c., which seem to belong to the sea more than to the land, but I will mention those in our own neighborhood, and *which we shoot daily*, such as Swans, Canada geese, Brent geese, wild white geese, Cranes, ducks, teal, divers of more than ten kinds, loons, bitterns, herons, woodcock, snipe, plover of several kinds, sea-snipe, &c, &c., all the country swarms with this game in the spring and in the fall." I shall not enlarge on what the worthy old Governor wrote. I shall now ask where, in the vicinity of Three Rivers or of Quebec, are we to find those birds which our fathers used *to shoot daily*, such as *swans* and *cranes*? Why the very name of them raises a smile! Where have you now to go, in order to get a glimpse of the friend of Virgil, of the snowy swan? why, in the far west, on the St. Clair flats on the great lakes of Western Canada. As to cranes, who were also here shot daily, and from whom that Island, dear to all sportsmen, Crane Island, has taken its name, seldom indeed do they now alight on its swampy beaches. How account for their scarcity? Are we to believe that another old French Governor, *le Chevalier de Montmagny*, who leased the place from the French crown in 1646 as his shooting box, are we to believe that he was such a crack shot, such a mighty Nimrod that he bagged the whole of the game? No, certainly not; for history tells us that the Governor of Canada in those days had enough to do to keep the savage Iroquois out of his capital, and had but a very few days to devote to the shrine of St. Hubert, the patron saint of sportsmen. Where also are gone those droves of wild turkeys, which formerly made the Ottawa valley vocal with their gobblings? Where! Ask the pot-hunter where. Ask that cowardly sneak, who shoots the old bird on her eggs, steals the half fledged young ones, pours in a deadly volley on a flock of unsuspecting birds on their feeding grounds in the dead of night. Ask also the lawless, the lazy Indian who slays by the hundreds our noblest game, the moose, the deer, merely for the skin, what has become of the countless herds of these fine animals which formerly roamed our forest wild. I do think the present an opportune time for all those lovers of Natural History, for all those who take an interest in the preservation of the game of Canada, to speak out. I for one, do so the more readily, from the fact that efforts are now made to mar the usefulness of a patriotic association, to which the country and the Legislature have confided the important, the sacred trust of preserving the game. My only answer to demagogues who are striving to make the million believe that the indiscriminate slaughter, at all times, of wild fowl, and birds and animals generally, is one of their rights; my answer is that in this country as elsewhere, the whole question lies in a nut shell. Do you wish to have game in the country? Then do as is done in France, in England and elsewhere and protect it now. I shall the more freely speak in favor of the Game Club that I am not, nor have ever been a member; merely from the interest I take in the cause of Natural History.

J. M. LEMOINE.

St. Louis Road, 1st Sept. 1862.

(☞See Baird's Report.)

TEMPERANCE PIC-NIC, YESTERDAY.

The pleasure excursion of the St. Lawrence Division Sons of Temperance to St. Jean, yesterday, was—like all temperance festivals—a decided success. Between three and four hundred persons were present, who enjoyed themselves amazingly. In fact, they could not do otherwise. The gentlemen who had charge of the arrangements acquitted themselves admirably of their task. All kinds of games had been provided. One round of amusement succeeded another in endless variety; and the hours were never permitted to lag wearily. The weather was very favorable—somewhat cool, perhaps, but clear, pleasant, and exceedingly propitious for out-door sports. It was half-past nine, last night, before the excursionists returned.

FINE GRAPES.

We were shewn, yesterday, a superb cluster of grapes grown on the Spencer Grange property, St. Louis Road. It was decidedly one of the most magnificent specimens of this fruit, grown in Canada, which has yet come under our observation. One would almost feel inclined to think—looking at the rich purple hue and the juicy luscious appearance of the grapes that they had ripened under the warm skies of some Southern clime, instead of those of our own less favored country. It shews at least that the District of Quebec can do more than it generally obtains credit for.

POLICE COURT.

In the case of James Fitzgerald, some particulars of whose trial were published in our last issue, charged with enticing soldiers to desertion, a conviction was the result, on the charge of Private McFatridge, of the 1st Battalion, 17th Regiment; and the defendant, Fitzgerald, was, yesterday morning, sentenced to pay a fine of forty pounds, together with the costs of the case, and to be imprisoned for two months—also to be imprisoned until the fine in question is paid.

A case which had been fixed for trial, yesterday morning, was deferred.

Several informations in assault and battery cases were lodged.

RECORDER'S COURT.

Five prisoners were brought before the Recorder yesterday morning. Two of these were arrested on the double charge of drunkenness and resisting the Police in the execution of their duty. The whole number of prisoners—among whom were two females—were committed to gaol in default of paying the fines imposed on them.

Thirty-seven notices were issued demanding immediate payment of the sum of $525.15 water-tax.

Twenty six executions were issued against defendants in whose cases judgments had been obtained for the sum of $176.83 arrears of assessment, interest and costs.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Arrival of the "Asia."

HALIFAX, Sept. 3rd.

The steamship *Asia* from Liverpool on the 22rd, via Queenstown on the 24th Aug., arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning.

Her dates are two days later.

The political news possesses no new feature. Garibaldi's position was without change.

The ministerial address to Victor Emmanuel recommending a state of siege of Sicily, denounces Garibaldi as a rebel.

It was reported that Gen. Cialdini is to be appointed military chief in Sicily.

It was stated that the recent movements of the *Tuscarora* had been a mere dodge of the British steamer *Ajax*, in order to obtain coal. (?)

American securities were advancing.

Consols closed on Friday at 93¾ a 93¾. The latest via Queenstown has not come to hand.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, 23rd.—Breadstuffs quiet. Provisions dull.

LONDON, 23rd.—Consols closed at 93¾ a 93¾.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES

LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF WAR!

The Federal Generals Kearney and Stevens Killed.

COMMUNICATION WITH WASHINGTON IN DANGER.

THE FEDERALS ASK PERMISSION TO BURY THEIR DEAD.

DISSATISFACTION IN THE NORTHERN ARMY.

WASHINGTON, September 1st.—Recent advices from the vicinity of the late sanguinary conflicts in Virginia with the enemy, report affairs in that locality as being comparatively quiet. The news from that quarter, to-day, has been, considering the intense excitement and bustle prevalent, decidedly meagre. Rumors and stories of the most extravagant nature have been circulated throughout the city, a great majority of which have been found, on enquiry and reasoning, to be entirely unreliable.

Parties who left Centreville yesterday afternoon, report that the command of General Banks, which had been rumored as cut off, commenced arriving at that point about 5 o'clock yesterday.

There can be very little doubt as to the correctness of this report, as our informant states that he witnessed the arrival of this command.

It is further stated that a march of 25 miles was accomplished by them on that day, in order to reach that position.

This morning a slight skirmish took place with Gen. Kearney's Division.

In the recent battle General Hatch was wounded slightly, a ball penetrating the brim and body of his felt hat and flattened on the skull.

The dead were being buried and the wounded removed to-day from the late scene of conflict, under a flag of truce.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2nd.—Gens. Kearney and Stevens were killed in a severe engagement which took place last evening near Chantily, about two miles north of Fairfax Court House, between a portion of Pope's army and Jackson's forces. Our loss was heavy, but the enemy was driven back a mile, and we occupied the field of battle until three o'clock this morning.

General Stevens was killed with a minie ball, which entered his brain while he was leading his men to action, bearing the colors in his hand, the color-sergeant having been slain. His son, acting as Assistant-Adjutant of the brigade commanded by his father, was wounded.

General Philip Kearney was also killed. Last night his body was taken possession of by the enemy, but afterward delivered into our lines under a flag of truce.

Col. Fletcher Webster's body, it is understood, is being embalmed for transmission east. Capt. Sweet was not killed as reported, but Capt. Smeed, of the 5th Artillery.

Gen. McClellan to-day entered upon the duties just assigned him.

FAIRFAX COURT HOUSE, Sept. 1st.—Yesterday morning a flag of truce was sent in for permission to bring off the dead and wounded of our army who had not been reached during the day of the fighting, which was granted to last from noon till sunset. Some sixty ambulances were sent with a number of Physicians and some citizens. On their arrival at the field a terrible scene presented itself. The wounded, with few exceptions, had received no attention, our doctors all leaving in company with the troops, and the enemy having enough to do to attend to their own. The Physicians immediately commenced their operations, but their means and help were very inadequate. About one half of the wounded were brought in, their wounds hastily dressed some amputations performed, and the ambulances filled and brought away, the number being about 200. About 150 to 200 still remained in the field, and now that our army has retreated back, no chance remains of sending them succor.

A terrible responsibility rests on those having charge of the matter, that the object of the flag of truce was not more successful. Some were seen whose limbs were commencing to mortify for want of dressing, and who were faint and almost famished from hunger and thirst.

Those who visited the field of battle were not allowed to proceed beyond where the heaviest part of the fighting took place, and no troops or guns could be seen except a number of cavalry who were scattered all over the hills, and who were all willing to converse freely with our soldiers and citizens who accompanied the ambulance train. They unanimously say they will soon drive us from Virginia, and even into the Free States, and will endeavor to let us feel the war by making a portion of our land resemble that part of Virginia over which the armies have passed and repassed the last six months.

On returning to Centreville it was found that a fight had taken place somewhere in our rear, and everything was bustle and excitement—the troops getting under way for the scene, trains moving off, &c., while many had already gone.

It seems that during the forenoon a report reached headquarters that a movement was on foot to attack our trains, and King's division was ordered to proceed to Fairfax, and take a position to the west of that town, to prevent any demonstration of the enemy. About noon the Confederates were discovered approaching from that direction, when skirmishing commenced, and our troops formed in line of battle. Word being sent to headquarters, and additional forces sent to the spot, the Confederates attacked with a large body of infantry, but were repulsed in gallant style by our forces, consisting of King's and Rickett's divisions, Pennsylvania reserves and some others.

The Confederates had batteries concealed in the woods, and when our forces drove them back to where they were placed they opened with grape, which made terrible destruction in our ranks for a short time, but our guns, getting into position, the Confederates were compelled to leave, suffering heavy losses.

It is impossible to obtain particulars at present, but the list of casualties will be forwarded as soon as possible.

The enemy's forces were very strong, and commanded by Jackson in person, and had the attack not been promptly met, our communication with Washington would be again cut off.

All our trains succeeded in making their way back to the vicinity of Alexandria, and acres of land there are now covered with them.

The troops along the whole line were under arms all night, but nothing has occurred up to this hour, five a.m., to indicate the presence of the enemy.

It will seem strange to the public that so many attempts to cut off our supplies and communication with Washington should be so nearly successful, especially when such a large army as that of Pope's at the present time occupies the country in this vicinity.

Loud complaints are heard daily among the officers and men of the inefficiency of certain commanders, and it is evident that the men are becoming dissatisfied and losing faith in those in whom they should have the utmost confidence.

A large crowd of stragglers continually line the roads in the rear of our army. The side walks and yards of houses in Alexandria and neighborhood being filled with them every night. Unless some change is made to insure better discipline, both among officers and men, the worst consequences to our army may be anticipated. No anxiety need be felt for the safety of our forces in Virginia, as heavy reinforcements are continually moving to the seat of war, and an army will be soon in the field, which will drive the Confederates back to Richmond.

GREENFIELD, Mo., Sept. 1.—Major Leppart has obtained another signal success over the guerillas in south east Missouri. With a squadron of the 13th Illinois cavalry, two companies of the 24th Missouri volunteers, and one howitzer of the 2nd Missouri artillery, the Major attacked Col. White, whose force was estimated at 1,000, about twelve miles south of Pittman's Ferry, on Current River; and after a desperate conflict of an hour's duration completely routed White, capturing all his wagons and equipage and taking many prisoners; also a number of prisoners and mules. Our loss in killed and wounded is not stated, but it is slight compared with that of the enemy.

POPE FALLING BACK TO WASHINGTON.

FALL'S CHURCH EVACUATED BY THE FEDERALS.

'Stonewall' Jackson on his way to Baltimore.

PHILADELPHIA, 3rd.—The *Enquirer* of this city makes the following statements: Baton Rouge has been completely destroyed by our troops. General Breckenridge had demanded its surrender. He had a large army with him.

Fall's Church has been evacuated by our troops.

The wounded who were in the hospital at Falls Church have arrived in Washington.

The Railroad bridge over Bull Run has again been destroyed by the Confederates.

Stonewall Jackson is on his way to Baltimore via Leesburg, with forty thousand men; he intends crossing near Edward's Ferry.

The latest from Major General Pope's army head-quarters says, that his whole column was falling back from thence to Washington.

WASHINGTON, September 3rd.—A surgeon who had left Fairfax Court House at half-past nine on Monday evening had reported to the military authorities here at midnight that the enemy was still pursuing, or threatening to pursue, the flanking movement to which General Pope's despatches of yesterday morning referred.

General Lee was believed to have massed his troops on the Little River Turnpike, which runs to the north of Centreville, from Gum Springs through Germantown and Fairfax Court House to Alexandria.

Ample preparations had been made to meet him, and the probabilities were that there would be a great battle fought to-day or to-morrow. The supposition was strengthened by a telegraph from Fairfax Station, dated later in the evening, to the effect that there was heavy firing in the direction of Leesburg, between that place and Fairfax Station.

The report brought by other officers, who left the front at an earlier hour than the surgeon whose testimony is given above, was that the enemy had fallen back with his whole army for lack of supplies, being satisfied with what he had already done, or, at least, feeling himself to be unable to accomplish more. These gentlemen supposed the movement on our right flank to be a feint, intended to cover the retreat.

LATER.—There is little or no doubt that there was heavy skirmishing between forces supposed to constitute the Confederate advance on our outposts last night.

The 11th Massachusetts went into the fight on Friday with about 240 men; 105 were killed and wounded. The other four regiments of this brigade, (Butterfield's) the 44th N. Y., 17th N.Y., 83rd Pa., and 16th Mich., came out in the same proportion.

Butterfield's brigade had marched for 21 days without change of clothes, and went into the fight in thus fatigued condition.

The *Tribune's* correspondent who went over the field of battle on Sunday says:—Our dead lay entrenched as the fell in battle, with the exception of their caps and shoes.

I did not see a single instance among the whole 180 dead where the shoes had not been rifled; these were palliating circumstances, for many of the Confederates were barefooted. The Confederate dead and wounded had all been disposed of on Monday morning.

Intelligence was received at headquarters that the divisions of Hill and Longstreet intended to appear on our right in force, and cut off our supply trains. To prevent this consummation, the division of Gen. Reno was despatched by Gen. Pope to Fairfax Court House It was also deemed prudent to commence the evacuation of Centreville to cover our base of operations, inasmuch as Gens. Hill and Longstreet were known to be in force some distance toward Washington from the battle-field of Saturday; and as a reconnoissance to the front had revealed an anticipated movement in some direction by the enemy, the army of Virginia commenced retiring to Fairfax Court House on Monday at 9 o'clock, Reno's Division leading, and McDowell's corps following. As Reno's division was pursuing this line of march, and when within a mile and a half of Fairfax Court House, a heavy volley from a force of riflemen came pouring on them from the woods to the right of the road. This occurred at 4 p.m. The rebel force was a detachment from Gen. Hill's division, and was commanded by General Stuart. The volley was almost entirely received by General Steven's brigade, composed of the 28th Massachusetts, 9th Michigan, 50th Pennsylvania, 100th Pennsylvania, and 46th New York. Reno and Stevens formed their commands in line of battle to repel the attack of the enemy now concealed in the thick shrubbery. General Stevens rode up and down his line gallantly rallying his men. Intimidated by repeated volleys from an unseen enemy, and unable to cope with them in the position the men held, General Stevens ordered his men to fix bayonets and charge them out through the woods. This order was gallantly responded to by his men, who drove them before them with great slaughter. While thus charging, General Stevens was hit and instantly killed, but not until the enemy had been routed. Captain Stevens, the son of the General was also wounded in the hand. Kearney's battery now opened on the Confederate forces, causing great havoc among them. Skirmishing was kept up for about three hours, when the enemy retired and the train passed. The enemy's loss was heavy.

Mr. Thomas, in the House offered the following resolution:—

Resolved,—That the committee on military affairs be instructed to enquire into the propriety of calling out 50,000 men for 30 or 60 days, for the purpose of expelling the Confederates in Kentucky.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 2nd, 10 p.m.—The excitement has been very high here all the evening. The citizens are enrolling themselves rapidly in the different wards. Large numbers are working on fortifications on the Kentucky Hills.

Governor Tod arrived here this evening, and is in communication with the military authorities.

The utmost exertions are being made for the defence of the city.

The Confederates are stated to be from 20,000 to 30,000 strong, and reported to be at Boyle's Station, 39 miles from this city, and are expected to arrive opposite the fortifications on Thursday.

The 45th and 59th Ohio Regiments are moving slowly to Covington.

Our pickets are all out, and our steamboats have been ordered to remain on this side of the river.

Gen. Gilbert's command, which fell back from Lexington, reached Frankfort to-night.

There is no telegraphic communication south of Falmouth.

Gen. Grant's Head Quarters, Sept. 2nd, 1 p.m., via Cairo 4 p.m.—To Major Halleck:—Col. Dennes, with from 4,000 to 5,000 men, met with the Confederate Cavalry yesterday, a few miles west of Whedon, in superior force, driving them back, and whipping them badly. The enemy left 110 dead on the field, and their wounded are estimated at over 2,500. Our loss is five killed and four wounded.

[The despatch, via Philadelphia, relative to the evacuation of Fall's Church and 'Stonewall' Jackson's movement on Baltimore, was repeated in the latest telegraphic summary received last night.—Ed. M. C.]

☞ A letter writer, speaking of newspaper correspondents at the seat of war, says that there have four have died at their posts from disease contracted while in the army; three have died from wounds received in battle; seven have been taken prisoners; and two have gone over to the enemy. In addition a considerable number have returned to their homes enfeebled by disease.

☞ United States Marshal Milward, of Philadelphia has asked Gov. Curtin to aid him in taking the enrolment for the draft in the North and South Gap township of Schuylkill county, the United States Deputy Marshal having charge of the enrolment in this region having been driven away by violence. The trouble is in the same locality where the miners recently had a difficulty with the coal operators.

A NOVEL CASE FOR THE LAW COURTS.—A curious case at law recently occurred at Shrewsbury, Vt. A man was arrested for passing a twenty dollar Confederate States note, in exchange in a horse trade. The complaint was made under the statutes against offering money or goods under false pretences. The man was bound over to appear at the County Court and answer to the complaint. The case may yet figure on the pages of the Vermont Law Reports.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRODUCE PRICES CURRENT.

Montreal, Sept. 2, 1862.

Flour.—Pollards $2 to 2.50; Middlings, 2.40 to 2.65; Fine 3.60 to 3.80; Super. No. 2, $3.90 to 4.30 Superfine, 4.75 4.80; Fancy, 4.80 to 4.90; Extra, 5 to 5.10; Superior Extra, 5.50 to 5.30. Bag Flour, per 112 lbs. Spring Wheat, 2.50 to 2.55; Scotch, 2.55 to 2.60.

Flour is inactive to-day. There is a sale of Extra at $5.

Oatmeal per barrel of 200 lbs., $4.75 to $5. Little or none in market.

Wheat—Canada Spring, in car loads, 98c to $1. No wholesale transactions for some days. The following are prices asked for Western Wheat:—Chicago No. 1, $1.03; Milwaukie, $1.06; Red Winter $1.13.

Corn per 56 lbs., 45c. Dull.

Barley and Oats.—No transactions.

Peas per 66 lbs, 75c to 82½c. No transactions.

Ashes per 112 lbs. Pots, $6.20½ to 6.25; Inferiors 5c to 10c more, (less legal deduction); Pearls, $6.27½ to 6.3½.

Freights—The latest engagements we hear of were at 9s 3d for Grain and 4s 3d for Flour, to Liverpool or Glasgow; few vessels offering.

REVIEW OF THE BUTTER AND PROVISION TRADE.

For August, 1862.

Butter, throughout the month, has been in fair request, and prices have been well maintained. Lots, generally, have been secured soon after arrival The advices from Britain have stopped extensive shipping transactions; but really good parcels have been freely purchased for this branch of the trade. The demand for the Lower Ports has been quite brisk, especially during the latter part of the month, the result being a complete clearance of the market; and should the demand continue brisk it is more than probable that present quotations will be fully maintained. We quote inferior 10c to 10½c; medium 10c to 12c; fine, 12½c to 13c; choice, 13½c to 14c.

Lard.—The market is quite bare; we do not hear of any but retail lots offering; the demand is good, and 8c to 8½c would be given for good lots.

Tallow 8c to 8½c. There is a fair demand, but no supplies.

Hams are scarce; Smoked sell at from 5½c to 7c; Sugar-cured, 7½c to 10c; the Cincinnati appear to be the only kind on the market.

Pork.—Mess, $11 to 11.50; Thin Mess, $9.25 to 9.75; Prime Mess, $8.25 to 8.75; Prime, $8.50 to 8.75. All grades are enquired for, especially Mess, which is very firm.

JOHN DOUGALL & CO., Produce Commission Merchants, 270 St. Paul Street.
(Successors in the Produce Business to John Dougall.)

PRICE CURRENT OF LEATHER.

MONTREAL, Sept., 2, 1862.

The inspections of Leather for the week ending Aug. 30, were:—Sides, No 1, 2,994; Do, No. 2 1,306; Do, No. 3, 132;—total 4,431. The following are current prices:—

Hemlock Spanish Sole, No. 1 (best brands) per lb.,	24c	to 25c
Do. do, No. 2	20c	to 21c
Do. do. No. 1, ordinary,	21c	to 22½c
Do. do. No. 2,	19c	to 20c
Hemlock Slaughter, No. 1,	22½c	to 24c
Do. No. 2,	20c	to 21c
Waxed Upper, light and medium,	32c	to 34c
Do. heavy,	31c	to 32c
Grained, do,	33c	to 36c
Splits, do, large,	20c	to 24c
Do do. small,	15c	to 17½c
Kips, No. 1, City Slaughter, whole,	37½c	to 42½c
Do. ordinary, in sides,	30c	to 35c
Calf-Skin, 27 to 36 lbs., per dozen,	60c	to 70c
Do 18 to 26 lbs. per dozen,	50c	to 60c
Harness,	21c	to 23c
Skirting,	27½c	to 30c
Cordovan, per foot,	12c	to 16c
Enamelled Cow,	15c	to 16c
Patent Cow do,	16c	to 17½c
Buffed, per foot.	12c	to 14c

Spanish Sole.—For Prime stock the market is firmer, and the demand fair. Holders are looking for higher rates of ordinary grades; the supply is ample and there is no change to notice in prices.

Slaughter Sole.—There is scarcely any inquiry for this description of stock, and prices are in a measure nominal.

In other kinds there is no change to notice.

JOHN DOUGALL, Commission Merchant.

Statement of Flour Inspected for the week

CANADA

Life Assurance Company.

THE Statutory Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company was held at its offices, Hamilton, on Tuesday, the 5th instant. John Ferrie, Esq., Vice-President, in the chair.

The Manager read the Directors' Report and Statement of Securities held by the Company, when it was moved by the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Sheriff Thomas, that the report be adopted.

On motion of the Rev. S. D. Rice, seconded by Samuel Sharpe, Esq., it was

Resolved,—That this meeting has received with much gratification the Report which has just been laid before it by the Directors, and having heard the explanations which have been offered in support of its statements, and the general discussion which has taken place thereon, has much pleasure in recording its entire confidence in the stability of the Company, and in the good faith, business ability, and general careful management of the present Directors, and can cordially declare its belief that the Institution is entitled to a continuance of that public confidence which has heretofore been extended to it.

These Motions and the Resolutions were carried unanimously with the exception of the Hon. D. McDonald, of Toronto, who has expressed his wish to be considered a dissentient.

On the motion of T. Bickle, Esq., seconded by Dr. Hamilton, of Dundas, the meeting adjourned to 28th October, after a vote of thanks to the Chairman for his conduct in the chair.

Detailed Reports of the meeting may be had on application to

A. G. RAMSAY,
MANAGER.

15th August, 1862

Agent in Quebec,

H. W. WELCH,
St. Peter Street.

Quebec, September 1, 1862. 6

H. BENJAMIN,
BROKER
AND
General Commission
MERCHANT,
11 *and* 13 *St. Joseph Street,*
MONTREAL.

☞ Cash advances made upon every description of Merchandise.

Sept. 4, 1862. 1m

For Sale or to Let,

ONE COOKING RANGE and fittings, all in good order, being quite new.

Enquire at the ST. FOY LAUNDRY.

Quebec, Sept. 4, 1862. 2

FOR SALE,

A SPLENDID SETTER BITCH and DOG. For Sale by

LOUIS CASAULT,
Chateau-Richer.

Quebec, Sept. 4, 1862. 1p

Wanted,

A RESPECTABLE COOK and NURSE. Apply to

JOHN S GIBB,
St. Foys Road.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862. 3

Wanted,

WINTER STORAGE, near Palais Wharf, for 200 Cords Firewood.

Apply at Russell's Hotel, Palace Street.

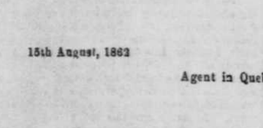
Quebec, Sept 3, 1862. 6

TADOUSAC HOTEL
AND
Sea Bathing Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that, in conformity with the 23 cap. Con. Statutes of Canada—

The first meeting of the Shareholders of the above named Company, will be held at the office of Messrs FORSYTH, BELL & CO., St. Peter Street, Quebec, on THURSDAY, the 11th September next, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of electing Trustees for the management of the affairs of the said Company for the ensuing year.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862. 8



Grand Trunk
RAILWAY.
Alteration of Trains.
September 3rd.

TRAINS will leave POINT LEVI, as follows:—

EXPRESS TRAIN for MONTREAL, SHERBROOKE, ISLAND POND, PORTLAND and Way Stations between Point Levi and Richmond, daily, at 4.50 P.M.

MIXED TRAIN for RICHMOND, SHERBROOKE and ISLAND POND, daily at 7.00 A.M.

MAIL TRAIN for RIVER DU LOUP, daily at 1.30 P.M.

The Ferry Steamer will leave the Grand Trunk Wharf, Quebec, for above Trains, at 6.45 A.M., 1.00 P.M., and 4.30 P.M.

Trains will arrive at Point Levi, as follows:

From MONTREAL, SHERBROOKE, ISLAND POND, PORTLAND and Way Stations, between Points Levi and Richmond, by EXPRESS TRAIN, daily, at 10.15 P.M., and MIXED TRAIN, daily, at 10.00 A.M.

From RIVER DU LOUP, by MAIL TRAIN, daily, at 1.45 P.M.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Point Levi, Sept. 3, 1862. c

NOTICE.
THE
Grand Trunk Ferry
STEAMER

Will, on and after WEDNESDAY, 3rd SEPT., run as under until further notice:

Leaves Quebec:		Leaves P. Levi Station:	
A.M.		7.30 A.M.	
6.45	Pas. & Mails for Richmond & Way Stat's	9.00	
8.00		10.00	Pas from Richmond & Way Stations
9.30		11.00	
10.30		12.00 NOON.	
11.30			
1.00 P.M.	Pas. and Mails for River du Loup	1.45	Pas. & Mails from River du Loup.
3.15		3.00	
3.30		4.00	
4.30	Express for Mont'l, Portland and the West.	5.00	
		6.30	
6.00		10.20	Express from Mont'l, Portland and the West.
7.10			

On SATURDAY mornings the Boat will leave Point Levi side, at 8.30 A.M. instead of 9.

FARE for passengers..... 5c. each,
One Horse, Driver and Cart.. 15c.
One Horse, Waggon & Driver. 20c.
Two Horses, Carriage and Driver..... 50c.
Cattle and Horses..... 10c. each.
Freight ℔ 100 lbs..... 4c.

On SATURDAY mornings the Steamer will leave the NAPOLEON WHARF with Passengers for the Ocean Steamships at 9 A.M. Persons desirous of accompanying their friends will be permitted to the Saloon Deck on payment of 12½ cents, subject to certain restrictions.

The Proprietor will not hold himself responsible for delays caused by the non-arrival of the Trains on advertised time.

JAMES TIBBITS,
Proprietor.

Quebec, Sept. 4, 1862.

GOODWIN & WILDER'S
North American Circus!!
[From the Boston Academy of Music.]
COMBINED FOR THE SEASON OF 1862, WITH

Mrs. Dan Rice's Great Show!

A GRAND NATIONAL EQUESTRIAN CONGRESS!
No half Circus and half Menagerie combined, but two well-known Circuses consolidated in one.

LOOK AT THE ARRAY OF STARS!
MRS. DAN RICE, the Queen of the Arena.
M'LLE. JEANETTE ELSSLER, the Great Tight Rope Dancuse, from Francom's Hippodrome.
MRS. J. SHOWLES, the unequalled Maitresse de Cheval.
M'LLE. ELIZABETH, the Beautiful Equestrienne.
NAT AUSTIN, the Australian Clown.
JACOB SHOWLES, Antipodean Equestrian.
JOHN BARRY, the Great Somersault and Trick Rider.
CHARLES SHAY the Japanese Juggler and Knife Thrower
THE WONDERFUL SNOW BROTHERS, in their Great Gymnastic Feats.
OLD BOBBY WILLIAMS, the well known Grotesque.
J. C. RIVERS, the American Clown.
MASTER WILLIAM AUSTIN, the Youthful Gymnastic Hero.
J. FOSTER, J. DOVISE, and others.
The wonderful Manege Horse, WHITE SURREY.
The beautiful performing Horse, AMERICAN EAGLE.
The Pugilistic Mules, HEENAN and SAYERS.
The Learned Ponies, ROBIN GREY and CUPID.

Together with other attractions too numerous to mention, a description of which, will be found in the splendid Bills of the Company, and in the Hand Book of the Arena.

Performance at 2 1-2 and 7 1-2 P. M.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS. CHILDREN 15 CENTS
Will Exhibit at

River du Loup, Monday, Sept. 8th,
Kamouraska, Tuesday, " 9th,
Ste. Anne, Wednesday, " 10th,
L'Islet, Thursday, " 11th,
St. Thomas, Friday, " 12th,
St. Michel, Saturday, " 13th,

QUEBEC FOR 4 DAYS,
(Outside St. Louis Gate,)
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday,
Sept. 15, 16, 17 & 18.

☞ RESERVED SEATS, 50 cents. ☜

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862. 2wo

MUSIC CLASS.

THE RE-OPENING of M. ERNEST GAGNON'S MUSIC CLASS, (Couillard Street, No. 14,) will take place on WEDNESDAY, September 3rd.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862. 2p

Furnished House Wanted.

WANTED, until the 1st May next, a comfortably FURNISHED HOUSE, or furnished apartments (5 or 6 Rooms), in the Upper Town, or outside St. John's Gate.

Address by letter to "M.," at *Morning Chronicle* Office.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862. 3p

To Let,

A HOUSE, on St. Foy Road, a mile from the Toll Gate. Apply to

GY. TESSIER, N. P.,
No. 6 D'Aiguillon Street.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862. 3

WANTED,

TWO SALESMEN, who thoroughly understand the Dry Goods Business.

O'DOHERTY & CO.,
17 Fabrique Street.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 4c

EDUCATION.

MR. MILLER, from the University of Bonn, begs to announce that after the 1st instant, he is prepared to resume his lessons in German, French, and in the Classics.

For terms inquire at Mr. ARDOUIN'S, Jeweller, Fabrique Street.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 12p

FRESH
OYSTERS!

JUST RECEIVED per STEAMER *ARABIAN*,
A LARGE SUPPLY OF
Bouctouche & Caraquette
FRESH
OYSTERS,

Which can only be procured at the

British American RESTAURANT,

In the Shell, Stewed, Soup, Scolloped or Griddled.

SAM. LAPRISE,
Cul de Sac, Opposite Champlain Market.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. tf

$2000 Challenge.

THE PROPRIETOR of "*Wild Irishman*" offers to match him against any horse on the Continent of America for one thousand dollars ($1000)—a DASH of two miles over eight hurdles, four feet, stiff timber, on the CORNWALL TRACK; and a THOUSAND DOLLARS ($1000) over three miles across country, at OTTAWA, same ground as run last Fall's Steeple Chase there.

Weights in both matches, 11 stone.

Challenge open for eight days.

Address,
A. LEAMY,
St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal.

Sept. 1, 1862. 6

Just Received:

A FEW samples of FLOUR, which will be sold at fair rates.

E. H. DUVAL,
Telegraph Buildings.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 3

Flannels.

OUR STOCK
OF
FLANNELS
IS
NOW COMPLETE
IN
Every Variety of Texture.

The make of these Goods as usual.

CLOVER & FRY.

Quebec, Aug. 30, 1862. 5

SCOTCH
WOOL HOSIERY.

Every Quality & Size
OF
Men's, Women's & Children's
SCOTCH
Wool Hose,
MANUFACTURED BY
Wilson, of Harwick, Scotland.
—ALSO—
PATON'S
ALLOA WOOL YARNS,
IN
Every Grade of Quality.

CLOVER & FRY.

Quebec, Aug. 30, 1862. 5

Department of Crown Lands,

Jesuits' Estates and Crown Domain Branch,

QUEBEC, 30th Aug., 1862.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until 6th proximo, at noon, for lease to expire 1st May 1863, ¼ or ⅕, of lots Nos. 1 and 7, Hare Point, Quebec. Each offer to state lot, term tendered for, rent *per annum* offered and names of two sureties. For further particulars, apply to this Department.

ANDREW RUSSELL,
Asst. Com Crown Lands.

Quebec, Sept. 1, 1862. 3 m w&s

Lost,

A DARK GREY SCOTCH TERRIER DOG, answers to the name of "PRINCE," owner's name on collar. Whoever will return him to the St. Louis Hotel will be rewarded.

Quebec, Aug. 29, 1862.

BOARD.

A LADY and TWO or THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with furnished rooms and board.

At No. 24, Coullard Street.

Quebec, Aug. 29, 1862. tf

Notice

IS hereby given that WM. DUNFORD is no longer my Agent for the Steamers St. PIERRE and QUEEN VICTORIA, nor authorized to receive any sums of money for me.

PIERRE BARRAS.

Levis, Aug. 30, 1862. sept. 2, tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned will not be responsible for any debts contracted in his name without a written order from

MICHAEL PARANT,
Merchant,
Rimouski.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 1mp

Christian Brothers' Commercial Academy.

THE Brothers of the Christian Schools have opened, at their rooms in D'Auteuil Street, a course of tuition in French, in addition to the course of English Studies previously advertised.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 3

Codfish and Cod Oil.

200 CWT. LARGE DRY FISH.
20 Brls. COD OIL.

For Sale by

LEMESURIER, GRANT & CO.,
St. Paul Street.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 3

Wines for Sale.

Just Received direct from Cadiz:

IN Hhds., Quarter-casks and Octaves, best brands of PEMARTIN'S SHERRIES.

LEMESURIER & CHAMPION,
23, St. Peter Street.

Quebec, Aug. 1, 1862

MRS. SIMPSON'S ESTABLISHMENT
FOR THE
Board & Education of Young Ladies,
MANSFIELD STREET, MONTREAL.

THE AUTUMN TERM will commence on MONDAY, the 1st September, on which day the Pupils are requested to attend punctually at 9 A.M., that they may be Classed for the ensuing Session.

MRS. SIMPSON has several vacancies for Boarders. Her House is spacious, situated in the most airy and healthy part of Montreal, and has been designed by an eminent Architect, expressly for a first-class Boarding School. The instruction given is of a thorough and comprehensive character. The health and comfort of Pupils are sedulously attended to, and no pains are spared to ensure for them every Mental and Physical advantage.

For Prospectus, apply at the Chronicle Office.

Quebec, Aug. 15, 1862. 3wp

For Sale,

THE HOUSE and LOT in ST. ANNE STREET, the property of the late JOHN TIMMONS, and now occupied by Mr. P. BUCKLY, as Hotel and Livery Stables. Half the purchase money may remain on the property for a term of years if required.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN LILLY,
18, Buade Street.
or
O. TESSIER.
N. P.

Quebec, Aug. 16, 1862. tf

1862—Royal Mail Line.—1862.

Ports on Gulf of St. Lawrence and New Brunswick.

FOR
Shediac, N. B., and Intermediate Ports,
THE POWERFUL SIDE WHEEL STEAMER

ARABIAN,

CAPT. P. G. CHRYSLER,
(Late of the Upper Canada Mail Through Line,)
(*Carrying the Canadian and New Brunswick Mails,*)

WILL leave QUEBEC for SHEDIAC, N. B., calling at RIMOUSKI, GASPE, PASPEBIAC, DALHOUSIE, MIRAMICHI, and RICHIBUCTO.

On TUESDAY, the 16th Sept.
AT FOUR O'CLOCK, P. M.

	Cabin.	Deck.
Quebec to Rimouski.....	$ 5.00	$2.00
do Gaspé Perce...	12.50	4.00
do Paspebiac.....	13.00	5.00
do Dalhousie.....	15.00	6.50
do Bathurst.....	16.50	6.50
do Miramichi.....	18.00	7.00
do Richibucto....	18.00	7.25
do Shediac.....	19.00	7.50

Meals for Cabin included.

Arabian connects at Shediac, with E. and N. A. Railway for St. John, Portland, Boston, and with Steamer for Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia.

For further information apply to

PETER DENISS,
Agent,
Corner of Peter St. and Cul-de Sac Market
Quebec.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862.

Royal Mail Line.

QUEBEC TO
Gaspe, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Miramichi, Shediac & Pictou.

THE POWERFUL FIRST-CLASS NEW IRON Screw Steamer

LADY HEAD,

W. DAVISON, Master,

Will leave ATKINSON'S WHARF, on

TUESDAY next, the 9th Sept.,

at FOUR o'clock, P. M., touching at the above places going and returning.

RATES OF PASSAGE AND FREIGHT:

	1st class.	2nd class.	Freight per bbl.
Quebec to Gaspé	$12.00	$4.00	50 cent.
do. to Paspebiac,	13.00	5.00	50 "
do. to Dalhousie,	15.00	6.00	50 "
do. to Miramichi,	18.00	7.00	50 "
do. to Shediac,	19.00	7.50	60 "
do. to Pictou,	20.00	8.00	60 "

Same charges from above Ports to Quebec.

All baggage at risk of owners thereof.

☞ Berths not secured until paid for at the Office.

Shippers are requested to have their freight at 6, A.M., on the wharf, and their entries passed at the Custom House before noon on the day of sailing.

For further particulars apply to

F. BUTEAU,
Manager,
Atkinson's Wharf, St. James Street.

Quebec, Sept 2, 1862.

Lady's Saddle Mare
FOR SALE.

A BAY MARE, nearly thoroughbred; has been ridden by a Lady for the last three or four years; is perfect in all her paces.

Apply at this office.

Quebec, Aug. 27, 1862.

Employment Wanted.

TWO LADIES, recently arrived from England, are anxious to obtain employment as DAILY GOVERNESSES, or ASSISTANTS IN A SCHOOL.

They are well qualified to give Lessons in Music, both Vocal and Instrumental.

All Communications addressed H. F., Chronicle Office.

Quebec, Aug. 26, 1862. 12p

Fowls for Sale.

A FEW imported WHITE DORKINGS and BLACK SPANISH, pure breed.

Apply at this office.

Quebec, Aug. 27, 1862.

J. B. LIVERNOIS,
Photographer,

HAVING secured the services of a first class PORTRAIT PAINTER and COLORIST, is now ready to make all descriptions of

Photographs,

Colored, either in Oil, Water Colours, Pastel or finished in India ink; from the miniature size to full life size. Small Daguerreotypes or Ambrotypes enlarged up to life size if required.

Photographic Rooms,
No. 17, John Street,
NEARLY FACING PALACE STREET.

Quebec, July 23, 1862. 6w

Messrs. Alleyn & Alleyn,
ADVOCATES,
Office, No. 2 Buade Street,
C. ALLEYN. R. ALLEYN.

Quebec, Sept. 1, 1862. 6

American Cheese.

A CHOICE LOT JUST RECEIVED.
For Sale by
W. & R. BRODIE.

Quebec, Sept. 1, 1862. 5

MRS. PENNY

BEGS to announce that she will resume giving private and class lessons in Music and Singing, as well as the English, Italian and German languages, on TUESDAY, 2nd September.

Quebec, Aug. 30, 1862. 6

Coals.

BEST NEWCASTLE GRATE COAL.

—ALSO—

AMERICAN ANTHRACITE.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers.

JOHN LAIRD,
12 Peter Street.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 3

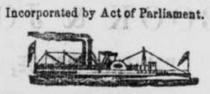
To Let, Furnished,

A SUIT of ROOMS—possession immediate—in John Street, without. Terms moderate.

Inquire at this Office.

Quebec, Sept. 2, 1862. 2

ROYAL MAIL LINE.
RICHELIEU COMPANY
BETWEEN
QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.



The New and Splendid Iron Steamer

MONTREAL,

CAPT. P. COTE.

WILL LEAVE THE NAPOLEON WHARF
FOR MONTREAL,
This Afternoon at FOUR O'clock,

For further particulars apply at the office.

J. B. LAMERE,
Agent.

Quebec, Sept 3, 1862.

Delightful Trip
TO THE
Lower St. Lawrence and the River Saguenay.

The Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Company's Splendid First Class Iron Steamer

MAGNET,

THOS. HOWARD, Master,

Running in connection with the Upper Canada Royal Mail Steamers, and the Steamers of the Richelieu Company, will leave the NAPOLEON WHARF, QUEBEC,

EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY MORNING,

During the Season, at 8 o'clock, for the

River Saguenay and Ha! Ha! Bay,

CALLING AT

Murray Bay, River du Loup and Tadousac.

The "MAGNET" is built in Four Water-Tight Compartments, of great strength, and equipped with every possible appliance for safety, and is one of the best seaboats afloat. She is fitted up with large family staterooms, most comfortably furnished, and in every respect second to none on the Canadian waters

Tickets granted, allowing parties ample time to remain at any place on the route for the enjoyment of Sea-Bathing, Fishing or Hunting

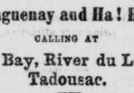
☞ At TADOUSAC, the Travelling Public will find first class accommodations at Mr. JOHN LONG'S HOTEL. The best of Trout Fishing and Sea Bathing is in the immediate vicinity of this Hotel.

Staterooms secured, and every information obtained on application at the Company's Office, Napoleon Wharf, to

A. R. McDONALD,
Agent.

Quebec, July 2, 1862. c

1862.



THE CANADIAN INLAND
Steam Navigation Company's
ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE!

IN connection with the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S STEAMERS, form a DAILY LINE between

MONTREAL,
PRESCOTT,
OGDENSBURGH,
BROCKVILLE,
KINGSTON,
TORONTO,
HAMILTON,
and other immediate ports.

Connecting at Prescott with Railroad for Ottawa City; at Kingston with Steamers for Bay Quinte; at Toronto with Steamer *Zimmerman*, for Niagara Falls, &c; with Northern Railroad for Collingwood and Western States, and at Hamilton with Great Western R. R. to all points West.

For Tickets and General Information apply to the undersigned, at the Hotels, or at his Office, Napoleon Wharf.

A. R. McDONALD,
Agent.

Quebec, July 1, 1862. c

Wanted to Charter,

ONE VESSEL, 700 to 850 tons register, to load for Liverpool
One Vessel, 300 tons reg., to load for Westport.
One Vessel, 300 tons reg., to load for Whitby.

ALLAN GILMOUR & CO.

Quebec, Aug. 1, 1862.

STEAMSHIP
"UNITED KINGDOM."

IN consequence of the lowness of the tides the present week, the UNITED KINGDOM will not be repaired in time to leave on SATURDAY the 23rd instant.

☞ Notice will be given as soon as possible of the day of her intended departure.

ROBERT SHAW & CO.,
Agents.

Quebec, Aug. 20, 1862.

Wanted to Charter,

1 VESSEL for Leith.
ONE do for Clyde.

DONALD R. McLEOD.

Quebec, Aug. 26, 1862.

ALL IMPORTANT TO
GAS CONSUMERS.

EMERY & CLAYTON beg to announce to the public of Quebec, that they are prepared to furnish their new patent GAS REGULATOR and PURIFIER, by which a saving of 20 to 40 per cent. is effected in the consumption of Gas. It has been tested and approved by Professor CROFT, of Toronto, and has been put in use for a large number of persons in different sections of the Province, whose certificates of its value are in the possession of the patentees.

The regulator will be put up on trial in private houses or public buildings, and, if it does not prove satisfactory, will be removed by the patentees free of cost.

EMERY & CLAYTON will call upon the citizens of Quebec for orders, and hope to meet with a liberal encouragement.

☞ Churches supplied at half price.

Quebec, Aug. 28, 1862.

To Let,

TWO FIRST CLASS HOUSES situated in Palace Street, ready for occupation 1st Sept.

Apply to

L. MACLEAN,
2 St. Helen Street.

Quebec, Aug. 14, 1862. tf

To Let,

A FARM situated in the first range of the Parish of Assumption of Berthier, 2¼ arpents in front by 20 arpents in depth, having a splendid dwelling house, with barn and stabling complete, and being but a few arpents from the steamboat landing. Possession can be given on the 1st November next

Apply to

THOMAS WHITTY,
St. Michel de Bellechasse.

Aug. 5, 1862.

Wanted to Charter,

A VESSEL of 500 tons burthen, to load Timber and Deals for Newport.

ALLAN GILMOUR & CO.

Quebec, Aug. 16, 1862. tf

AUCTION SALE.
BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

Auction Sale
OF
TEAS, SUGARS
&c., &c., &c.
BY AUCTION, WILL BE OFFERED,
ON
MONDAY,

The 8th September,

AT THE STORES OF

LeMesurier, Grant & Co.,

No. 83 Paul Street,

1000 CHESTS & half-chests TEAS, consisting of Hyson, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Twankay, Souchong, Japan and Congou.
50 Hogsheads Bright Cuba Sugar,
100 Puncheons Muscovado Molasses,
50 Barrels Choice Roasted Coffee,
200 Boxes Ground Coffee,
100 Boxes Ground Pepper,
With the usual assortment of other goods

Sale at TWO o'clock.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, Sept. 4, 1862.

BY F. H. HALL.

VALUABLE Freehold Property
FOR
Sale by Auction.

THE Subscriber has received instructions to offer at PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 9th September, that Valuable FARM, now occupied as a Market Garden, containing 34 Arpents, situated on the St. Foy Road, a short distance from the Church. Upon the Farm is a newly-erected Cottage, and a plentiful supply of Water

The Sale will take place at the Store of the undersigned, St. John Street, at THREE o'clock, P. M.

F. H. HALL, A. & B.

Quebec, Aug. 25, 1862. c

SALE OF
Household Furniture.

WILL be Sold by Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd instant, at the corner of Dog Hill and Paul Street, Lower Town, a quantity of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Bedding, Crockery, &c.

Sale at ONE o'clock.

F. H. HALL, A. & B.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862.

QUEBEC MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NOTICE.

A CALL of 40 PER CENT has been made on the Capital Stock of the QUEBEC MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, payable as follows:—

10 per cent. on the 1st September next.
10 " " 1st October "
10 " " 1st November "
10 " " 1st December "

By order of the Board,

A. FRASER,
Secretary.

Quebec, July 29, 1862.

JUST RECEIVED
A
Further Supply
OF
FREEMAN'S
Sweet Essence of Senna,
(*A mild efficient Purgative, agreeable to the Palate,*)

Containing, in a highly concentrated form, all the active principle of Senna, entirely deprived of its nauseating and griping properties, and rendered a fragrant cordial syrup, invented to supersede the use of calomel in the nursery The extraordinary merit of this medicinal novelty has obtained for it the distinguished patronage of Her Majesty's Physicians—Sir C. M. Clark, Bart., M.D., Dr. Ferguson, and Dr. Locock

Agent for Quebec,

JOHN S. BOWEN,
Druggist,
14 Buade Street.

Quebec, July 5, 1862. c

Notice.

THE Subscriber has for Sale at his Cove, Sillery, Masts, Red Pine and Spruce Spars, Ash Oars, Handspikes, &c.

JOS. CANTILLON.

Quebec, May 16, 1862.

Canvass & Cordage.

CANVASS—Webster's Red and Blue Stripe.
do Bleached and Tarpaulin, all from letter A to No. 6
CORDAGE—Tarred, Imported & Canadian, from 1¼ to 6 inch.
BOLT ROPE—Assorted sizes.
TWINE—Best roping and seaming.

For Sale by
LEMESURIER & CHAMPION,
23, St. Peter Street.

Quebec, July 1, 1862. tf

MUSIC.

THE undersigned, having returned to this city from the States, wishes to take this opportunity to announce to the musical public his intention of giving PIANO LESSONS. He would respectfully solicit the favor of his former patrons.

S. L. PFEIFFER,
No. 48 St. John Street, without.

Quebec, Aug. 28, 1862 2wp

MUSIC ROOMS,
ESPLANADE.
Piano and Singing Lessons.

MR HENRY CARTER'S TENTH TEACHING SEASON, in Quebec, will commence after the summer vacation, on MONDAY, the first of September.

16, ESPLANADE.

Quebec, Aug. 28, 1862. 12c

COAL OIL
FOR SALE.

100 CASES CLARIFIED COAL OIL, put up in cans of 5 gallons each.
50 Barrels do.

For Sale by

HUOT & LACOMBE,
Hunt's Wharf.

Quebec, Aug. 23, 1862. 1m

Wanted to Charter,

A VESSEL to carry CRUDE PETROLEUM to Glasgow.
One to Cork for orders, and one to Liverpool or London.
To load here, in Montreal, or in a Western Port.

—ALSO—

Deck or Poop Freight for 60 bbls. to Glasgow.

JOHN ANDERSON & CO.

Quebec, Aug. 26, 1862. tf

AUCTION SALES
BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

Important Sale
OF
HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE,
Horses, Carriages, Sleighs, Harness, Saddlery,
Manton & Mortimer Guns, &c.

BY AUCTION, WILL BE SOLD,
ON
TUESDAY,

The 9th SEPTEMBER,

AT THE RESIDENCE OF

COL. PAYNTER, COM'DT.,

ARTILLERY BARRACKS,

THE whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and effects, consisting of:—

Drawing Room,
Dining Room,
Bed Room and Kitchen Furniture,
Brussels Carpets,
An excellent Piano,
China and Cut Glass Ware,
Oil Paintings after Landseer, &c.,
Chimney Ornaments, &c.

—AFTER WHICH—

3 Valuable HORSES, viz:—
GYPSEY—7 years, perfectly sound, and trained to carry a lady.
RUFUS—Chesnut charger, 7 years.
MAY-FLY—Slightly blemished.

—ALSO—

A Brougham nearly new, English,
Irish Jaunting Car, complete and quite new,
Double Waggon by Gingras,
Double and Single Sleighs,
Robes,
Double and Single Harness,
Lady's and Gentleman's Saddles, best English.

—ALSO,—

2 splendid Double Barrelled Guns,—1 by Joe Manton—1 by Mortimer.
Fishing Rods and Tackle, and a quantity of other articles.

Goods on view from NOON, on MONDAY until hour of Sale.

Particulars of which will be given in Catalogues.

Sale at ONE o'clock.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, Aug. 30, 1862.

TEAS,
SUGARS
BARBADOES
SYRUP,
&c., &c., &c.
BY AUCTION WILL BE SOLD,
ON
FRIDAY,

The 5th September,

AT THE STORES OF

MESSRS.

Lane, Gibb & Co.,

1000 HALF CHESTS New TEAS, consisting of Gunpowder, Hyson Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Japans, Java, Oolong, Souchong and Congou.
150 Hhds. Choice Bright Sugars
200 Barrels Crushed Sugar,
25 Tierces Loaf Sugar,
150 Barrels Sugar-House Syrup.

Also the Cargo *ex Giraffe*,

232 Puncheons Bright Barbadoes Syrup.

Ex Marie Elvina,

100 Puncheons Bright Porto Rico Syrup.

Ex Marie Almida,

100 Puncheons Muscovado Molasses,
200 Barrels do do.

And if arrived in time,

A Cargo of Bright Porto Rico Sugar, with an assortment of other goods.

Sale at half-past ONE o'clock precisely.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Quebec, Sept. 1, 1862.

Auction Sale
OF
Earthenware

To be Sold without reserve,

Consisting of the following:

200 Doz. Rockingham and Stone Tea-pots,
50 Do do do Jugs,
75 Do Chambers, assorted sizes,
4000 Do Yellow Bowls, do do,
600 Do do Mugs, do do,
50 Do Butters and Covers,
50 Do Soap Boxes,
100 Do Salts,
75 Do Mustards.

The Sale will take place at the POTTERY of Messrs WM. & D BELL, Little River, on

THURSDAY,

The 11th instant.

Sale at TWO o'clock precisely.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

N. B—All Goods bought at the Sale will be delivered, free of charge, in Quebec.

WM. & D. BELL.

Quebec, Sept. 3, 1862. td

Illustrated News,
Per Mail Steamer *Europa*.

ILLUSTRATED NEWS, June 22 & 29, each 1s.
News of the World, June 23 & 30, each 6d.
Evening Mail, " 25 & 27, " 1s.

P. SINCLAIR.

Quebec, July 15, 1862.

Rhenish Wines.

Just received, from place of growth,

A FEW CASES SPARKLING MOSELLE,
Bodenheim of '57,
Steinwein of '57.

—ALSO—

Champagne, of Superior Brand.

For Sale by
LEMESURIER & CHAMPION,
23 St. Peter Street.

Quebec, July 18, 1862.

THE HIPPOZOONOMADON.
L. B. LENT, Manager.

THE HIPPOZOONOMADON IS THE LARGEST EXHIBITION IN THE WORLD, CONSISTING OF A GRAND CONSOLIDATION OF

Five Distinct Exhibitions,
BLENDED TOGETHER, AND ALL EXHIBITED UNDER,
ONE MAMMOTH PAVILLION,
For One Price of Admission, viz.:

LENT'S Mammoth National Circus, from Niblo's Garden, New York.
S. P. STICKNEY'S Great Western Circus, from Cincinnatti & St. Louis.
J. G. SHEPARD'S Great Eastern Circus, from the Atheneum, Boston.
G. C. QUICK'S Hippopotamus, or Behemoth, from the White Nile, Egypt.
SANDS, NATHANS & Co's. Four Performing Elephants, "Victoria" and "Albert," "Antony" & "Cleopatra," from Cook's Amphitheatre, London.

AMONG THE MOST PROMIMENT ATTRACTIONS OF THE HIPPOZOONOMADON IS THE ENORMOUS

HIPPOPOTAMUS,

Or River Horse, from the White Nile, Egypt, the "GREAT BEHEMOTH," of which JOB says, chaps 40, 41, "Upon the earth there is not his like!" He is the only real Amphibious Animal ever exhibited, living in the water or out of it, under the water, or on top of it. This is really the

Greatest Wonder in the World!

And no intelligent person should fail of seeing him, as he is the most noted animal of Ancient or Modern times. He will make his *entree* into this place at the head of the Procession drawn by a long team of

The Largest Elephants in the World!

And will be exhibited in his IMMENSE AQUARIUM and in the Ring at each performance. He is the only animal of the kind which has been, or will be, exhibited in America, and is the only one ever exhibited in the civilized world for Fifteen Hundred Years, with the exception of one in the Zoological Gardens in London. During his exhibition in New York, he was visited by over TWO MILLIONS OF PEOPLE, including the Clergy and most learned Naturalists in the United States. The cost of importing him from the River Nile, 2000 miles above Cairo, was

Over Sixty Thousand Dollars,

And over two years' travel through the morasses and swamps of Nubia, were exhausted previous to his capture. He is attended by his original Captor and Keeper,

ALI, the Egyptian,

A lineal descendant of the Ptolemies, or Kings of Egypt—"The Builders of the Pyramids."

THE WONDERFUL PERFORMING ELEPHANTS
Victoria and Albert, Antony and Cleopatra,

Will appear in each Exhibition, and go through their Wonderful Performances, which display the almost human sagacity of these enormous Brutes, to a greater extent than it has ever before developed. They

**ance, Ascend and Descend Inclined Planes, Play on Musical Instruments,

For Sale or To Let.

To Let,

THREE first-class FIRE-PROOF STORES.

—ALSO—

Large (Black) Store in St. James Street.

Apply to H. ATKINSON, Jun., St. James Street.

Quebec, Febr. 10, 1862. 2aw

To Let,

THE BYTOWN HOTEL at Spencer Cove.

Apply to GEO. BURNS SYMES & CO.

Quebec, Febr. 10, 1862. tf

For Sale,

THE HOUSE on Esplanade, adjoining Sheriff Sewell's, at present occupied by J. S. Fry, Esquire

Apply to H. ATKINSON Jun., St. James Street, Lower Town.

Quebec, Febr. 10, 1862. 2aw tf

Cottage to Let on the Belvidere Road.

THE COTTAGE on the Belvidere Road, at present occupied by Du Chenar, 60th Rifles; Stables, Coach-and one acre of land attached.

Apply to H. O. AUSTIN, Notary.

Quebec, Jany. 28, 1862. tf

To Let,

THAT EXTENSIVE STORE, (with fire-brick Safe,) now occupied by LeBlanc, Hardy and Page, foot of Mountain Hill, possession can be had on the first of April.

Apply on the premises, or to CHAS. LANGEVIN, No. 6 Carriere Street, Cape.

Quebec, March 24, 1862.

At Lake St. Charles.

For Sale or to Let,

In lots to suit applicants,

A FARM of about eighty acres of well cultivated land, all newly fanced in, and three acres thereof in width bordering on the Lake.

Apply immediately to CHARLES L. GETHINGS, Advocate.

Quebec, Febr. 25, 1862. tf

FARM FOR SALE,

ON the Little River Road, about three miles from the Toll Gate, containing one hundred and eighty acres, with Farm-house Barns, Stables, Coach-house and other outbuildings.

For terms and conditions,

Apply to THOMAS DORAN, St. Peter Street,

or to H. G. CANNON, Notary, Garden Street, Quebec.

Quebec, Nov. 2, 1860. tf

To Let.

TO be let, with immediate possession, the EXTENSIVE PREMISES in Arthur Street, forming the eastern portion of Laurie's buildings.

The store is well situated and admirably adapted for either the Wholesale Grocery or Dry Goods business. Rent moderate.

Apply next door, to A. LAURIE, Junr., & Co.,

or to FISHER LANGLOIS, Notary.

Quebec, May 20, 1862.

Lots for Sale,

TWO BUILDING LOTS near Grain Street, St. Roch Suburbs, one 60 x 60 feet, the ther 40 x 60 feet.

Apply to JAMES TREMAIN, Agent.

or to MAXFIELD SHEPPARD, St. James Street.

Quebec, Febr. 19, 1862

STORES To Let,

THE FIRST FLAT of the three story Stone Store, facing St. Peter and St. Paul Streets, now occupied by Messrs. Langlois & Glass, with double office.

J. B. RENAUD.

Quebec, March 28, 1862.

To Let,

A DOUBLE OFFICE, No. 14, St. Joseph Street, Upper Town, at the corner next to Joseph Petitclerc, N. P.—for years occupied by Notaries.

Enquire within, No 13.

Quebec, March. 31, 1862. tf

Desirable Country Residence for Sale.

TO be sold by private contract, the large and commodious MANSION, the property of the late A. Lauzier Esq., on the Charlesbourg Road, and but a short distance from town.

The House is delightfully situated on the Banks of the River St Charles, and the grounds cover about ten arpents.

The Outhouses consist of a new and substantial Stable, Coach-house, Wood Shed, &c

Plan of the grounds may be seen at the office of Fisher Langlois, Esq., Notary, from whom all necessary information may be obtained; also from D. A. CALLAM, one of Executors of the Estate.

Quebec, May 20, 1863.

TO LET,

TWO STORY BRICK DWELLING, being No. 5, Montcalm Buildings, Amable Street, Montcalm Ward.—Rent £30.

Apply to A. JOSEPH,

or E. G. CANNON, N. P.

Quebec, May 6, 1862.

To be Let,

TWO COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSES, in Grant Street, St. Roch, one containing eleven and er nine rooms.

Apply to HUGH ROSS, Defosses Street, St. Roch,

or to F. LANGLOIS.

Quebec, April 24, 1862 tf

TO LET,

A SHOP and DWELLING, with spacious vault, in Cul-de-Sac Street, occupied for several years by Mr Graham, Ship Chandler and Grocer.

Apply to CHARLES McDONALD & SON, Upper Town Market.

Quebec, April 23, 1862. tf

Prime Pork.

PRIME PORK, For Ship's use.

For Sale by G. & D. SHAW, 1 Common Street,

treal 1m

To Let,

A FLOUR MILL with two pairs of stones, also a SAW MILL, both situated on the River Portneuf, in the Seigniory of Bourg Louis, Parish of St. Raymond.

Apply to Alexis Cayer, Esq., in said Seigniory, or to the proprietor, PETER LANGLOIS, St. Angele Street.

Quebec, April 9, 1862. tf

TURNIP SEEDS!

Field Seeds!

THE Subscriber has just received by S. S. "*Damascus*," from Glasgow, a large Assortment of Scotch TURNIP SEED, of the following varieties:—Early Stone; Yellow Altringham do Aberdeen Green Top, Aberdeen Purple Top, Swedish Purple Top, Malta; Golden Ball; White Globe; Red Norfolk All of which he guarantees fresh, and of the very best quality, as they came direct from the Grower, Wm. Dons, of Haddington.

—ALSO—

A Fresh supply of Long Red and Round Yellow Mangel Wurtzel and Potatoes of the following varieties:—Early African, Early Frame Ash-leaf Kidney, and Large Mangel Wurtzel or Californian Potatoe.

JOHN S. BOWEN, Druggist and Seedsman, 14 Buade Street.

Quebec, May 15, 1862.

Seeds! Seeds!!

SEEDS!!!

GARDEN, FLOWER AND FIELD SEEDS.

Flower Roots!

THE Subscriber has just received per Steamer *BOHEMIAN*, via Portland, A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

FRESH SEEDS!

Growth of 1861.

The following are some of the varieties:

Beans.—Broad Windsor, Long Pod, Swords, Early China Dwarf, Mohawk Dwarf, White Marrow, 6 weeks Yellow, White, Fulmer's, Cream Colored; Scarlet Runners, White Lima, White Caseknife, Horticultural.

Peas.—Early Daniel O'Rourke, Charlton, Washington, Frame, Auvergne, Napoleon, Eugenie, Champion of England; Dwarf Bishop's, Blue Imperial, Sugar, Marrow Knights, Marrow Woodford's; Marrow Matchless, British Queen, Ely Ringwood

Cabbage.—Early York, Battersea; Savoy Green, Cape; Sugar Loaf; Drumhead, St Denis; York Large, York Large French, York Dwarf French, Quintal, St. Denis, (genuine), Red Pickling, Enfield Market.

Carrot.—Early Horn; Long Orange, Altringham, Blood Red, Red Surrey; White Belgium.

Lettuce Cabbage.—White Drumhead, Early Spring, Imperial, Tennisball, Lonacks, White Silesian; Victoria; Cos, White, Paris.

Radish.—Long Scarlet, Salmon, White; Red Turnip, White Turnip, Olive Shaped, Early Frame, Black Spanish.

Onion.—Fine large Red, Strasburg, White Portugal, Small Silver, Straw Colored, Top.

Mushroom, Sea-kail, and many other varieties. A catalogue of which may be obtained on application, or sent post paid to my address.

A large choice assortment of FLOWER SEEDS, comprising over 100 varieties.

A small assortment of DAHLIA and GLADIOLUS ROOTS.

— ALSO, —

Timothy, Lawn Grass, Red and White Clover, Bird Seeds and Early Potatoes.

JOHN S. BOWEN, Druggist and Seedsman, 14 Buade Street.

Quebec, May 2, 1862.

New Teas.

Landing ex 'City of Quebec':

1000 HALF-CHESTS TEA—consisting of Hysons, Young Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Gunpowders, Imperials and Uncoloured Japans.

10 Chests Madras Indigo.

LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec, May 3, 1862

For Sale,

Now arriving per Grand Trunk Railway Road,

100 PUNCHEONS Prime Bright MUSCOVADO MOLASSES,

50 Hhds. Prime Bright MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

LANE, GIBB & CO.

Quebec, Jany. 28, 1862

Government House,

Quebec, 5th May, 1862.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the 7th Section of the "Act respecting the management of the Indian Lands and property," (23rd Vic. Cap 151,) amongst other things provides that the Governor in Council may from time to time declare the provisions of the "Act respecting the Sale and Management of the Timber on Public Lands," or any such provisions, to apply to Indian Lands or to Timber on Indian Lands;

And whereas the Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands and Chief Superintendent of Indian Affairs, has reported that it is in his opinion desirable for the better protection of the Timber on Indian Lands and for the benefit of the Indian Timber Revenue that certain provisions of the Act last above referred to, being the 23rd Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, should be declared to apply to Timber on Indian Lands;

His Excellency in Council was therefore pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following sections and sub-sections of the Act last above mentioned, shall and they are hereby declared to apply to the Timber on Indian Lands, that is to say:

Section one, and sub-section two, and section two.

Sections three, four, five, six, seven, eight, and sub-section number two.

Sections nine, ten and sub-section number two, section eleven, sub-section number two, and sections twelve and thirteen.

WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

Quebec, May 13, 1862. 12

High School of Quebec.

THE usual course of instruction in this Institution comprises English Reading; Grammar and Composition, History, Geography, Writing; Arithmetic, General and Commercial; Mathematics, including Geometry, Algebra, Mensuration, &c.; French, Latin, and Greek.

Terms, as heretofore, £12 10s. per annum, payable quarterly in advance; Scholars under 10 years of age £10 per annum.

By a due distribution of labour among the Teachers and other arrangements, a full opportunity is afforded of securing proficiency in the practically useful, as well as the Classical branches.

Quebec, 27th Dec., 1856

Salt Afloat, ex 'Chapultepec.'

2000 BAGS, in lots to suit purchasers.

M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, May 15, 1862.

Port Wine.

5 HOGSHEADS Offy, Cramp & Co. very superior PORT WINE.

2 Pipes do do do do do

For sale by M. G MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Dec. 5, 1861.

NOTICE.

The following Sections from Passenger Acts are still in force, and all breaches thereof, in any particular, will be rigidly prosecuted.

Passenger Agents, Runners, &c.

"No person shall, within the Ports of Quebec or Montreal, or within five miles from the outer boundaries thereof, for hire, reward, or gain, or the expectation thereof, conduct, solicit, influence or recommend any Emigrant to or on behalf of any

Steamboat Owner or Charterer

Or to or on behalf of any

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Or to or on behalf of any

Lodging House or Tavern-Keeper,

For any purpose connected with the preparations or arrangements of such Emigrant for his passage to his final place of

Destination in this Province,

OR IN THE

United States of America.

Or the Territories thereof, or give or pretend to give to such Emigrant any information or assistance in any way relating to such passage to his said place of distination, or in any way exercise the vocation of booking passengers, or taking money for their inland fare or for the transportation of their luggage,

Unless such Person shall have first obtained a License from the

MAYOR OF THE CITY OR MUNICIPALITY IN THIS PROVINCE,

within which such person may reside, authorising him to act in such capacity, and which license such Mayor is hereby authorized to grant on such person producing a recommendation from

Her Majesty's Chief Agent

FOR

EMIGRATION,

OR FROM THE

Government Emigration Agent

At the place where the license may be granted to the effect that he is a proper person to receive such license, and giving a satisfactory bond to such Mayor, with two sufficient sureties, in the penal sum of three hundred dollars, as security for his good behaviour; which said license shall not be for any period longer than one year from its date; and such person shall pay for such license to the Corporation of such City or Municipality such sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, as the Mayor and Council shall determine"

Keepers of Taverns, Hotels, &c.,

"Every keeper of a Tavern, Hotel, or Boarding House, in a City, or in any Town, Village or place to which the Governor in Council shall, by Proclamation publish in the *Officiel Gazette*, declare that this section shall extend, who shall receive into his house, as a Boarder or Lodger, any Emigrant, within three months from his arrival in this Province,

Shall cause to be kept conspicuously posted in the public rooms and passages of his house,

AND

Printed upon Business Cards,

A list of the rates of prices which will be charged Emigrants per day and week for board or lodging, or both, and also the rates for separate meals, which card shall contain the name of the keeper of such house, together with the name of the Street in which it is situated, and its number in such Street; And every keeper of any such Tavern, Hotel, or Boarding-House, who shall neglect or refuse to post a list of rates, or to keep business cards, or who shall charge or receive or permit or suffer to be charged or received for boarding or lodging, or for meals in his house, any sum in excess of the rates of prices so posted and printed on such business cards, or shall omit immediately on any Emigrant entering such house as a boarder or lodger for the purpose of taking any meal therein, to deliver to such Emigrant one of such printed business cards, shall, upon conviction of any one of the said offences be deprived of his license, and incur a penalty of not less than five dollars, nor more than twenty dollars:

PROVIDED ALWAYS,

That no such

Boarding House Keeper.

HOTEL KEEPER,

OR

Tavern Keeper

SHALL HAVE

ANY LIEN ON THE EFFECTS

OF SUCH

EMIGRANT

For any amount claimed for such board or lodging, for any sum exceeding five dollars; and any such person who shall detain the effects of any Emigrant after he shall have been tendered the said sum of five dollars, or such less sum as shall be actually due for board or lodging, shall, on conviction thereof, incur a penalty of not less than five dollars, nor more than twenty dollars, over and above the value of the effects so detained, if not immediately restored, and a search warrant may be issue for the same."

A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent

Govt. Emigration Office, Quebec, May 13, 1862.

Crown Lands

DEPARTMENT.

Quebec, April, 1862.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT ABOUT

21,500 Acres of Crown Lands,

IN THE

Township of Ashburton, County of Montmagny, C. E.,

WILL BE

OPEN FOR SALE

To actual and intending settlers, on and after the 2th day of May next.

For particulars, apply to the local agent F. Tetu, Esquire, at Montmagny.

ANDREW RUSSELL, Assist. Com. of Crown Lands.

Quebec April 11, 1862. 1aw

STEPHENSON HOUSE!

AND

ST. CATHARINES SALINE BATHS.

In Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of Women, Indigestion, Scrofula, and

Obstinate Syyhilitic Affections of Bones and Skin, and the many

AND

WONDERFUL CURES!

Effected by these Waters, have made them

FAMOUS THROUGHOUT AMERICA

☞ REFERENCE is permitted to the following distinguished Visitors, as to the efficacy of the ST. CATHARINES WATERS in Disease: The Right Reverend Archbishop Hughes, Gen. J. Watson Webb, Alvah Hunt, Esq., Edwin Forrest, Esq., F. DePeyster, Esq., C. Stetson, Esq., D. Howard, Esq., Messrs. P. V. King and Lekoy, of New York city, H. W. Sargeant, Esq., of Flatkill, Messrs. Jas. Lawrence, P. Grant, and P. C. Brooks, of Boston, Bishop Upfold, of Indiana, C. C. Trowbridge, Esq., Detroit, Prof. Jas P. White, Buffalo, &c The majority of the leading Physicians in the large cities are also well acquainted with the properties of the Waters, and the following gentlemen in Canada:—Chancellor Blake, J. B. Robinson, Esq., Toronto, John Galt, Esq., M. Vankoughnet, Esq., Judge McCord, Montreal.

☞ ST. CATHARINES is eleven miles west of the Suspension Bridge. Niagara Falls trains connecting with all Express trains on New York Central Railway will convey passengers direct to the Springs, per Great Western Railroad.

For Sale by J. S. BOWEN, Druggist, 14, Buade Street. J. BOWLES & CO., 24 Fabrique Street.

Quebec, April 3, 1862.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steamships.

From New York to Liverpool.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$130
Second do do .. 75

From Boston to Liverpool.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$110
Second do do 60

The ships from New York call at Cork Harbor. The Ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

Scotia, Capt Judkins, China, Capt Anderson.
Persia, Capt E G Lott, Asia, Capt Cook.
Arabia, Capt J Stone, Europa, Capt J Leitch.
Africa, Capt Shannon, Canada, Capt Muir.
America, Capt Moodie, Niagara, Capt A Ryrie

AUSTRALASIAN.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

	leaves	WEDNESDAY,	
Persia, Lott,	" N. York,	June	18
Africa, Shannon,	" Boston,	"	25.
China, Anderson,	" N. York,	July	2.
Arabia, Moodie,	" Boston,	"	9.
Scotia, Judkins,	" N York,	"	16.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, 4 Bowling Green, New York.

June 11, 1862.

MINING LOCATIONS

DEPARTMENT

OF

Crown Lands.

Quebec, 21st April, 1862.

The following Changes

IN THE

MODE OF DISPOSING

OF

MINING LOCATIONS

HAVE BEEN AUTHORISED BY

His Excellency the Governor General in Council:

That in all future sales of Mineral Lands a Royalty of 2½ per cent on all ores extracted be charged, payable in cash on the value of the ore prepared for market at the mine, and that Letters Patent be issued for such lands on the payment of the purchase money without any additional conditions; also that Lots in surveyed townships, presenting indications of Minerals, be sold at the same price per acre as the lands adjacent, subject to the above mentioned Royalty.

(Sig.) GEO. SHERWOOD, Commissioner.

Quebec, April 26, 1862.

Crown Lands

DEPARTMENT.

Quebec, 13th May, 1862.

THE LANDS

IN THE

TOWNSHIP OF ALLEYN,

COUNTY OF PONTIAC,

40,000 ACRES,

WILL BE

Open for Sale

FOR

Actual Settlement,

On and after the 11th June next.

For Lists of the Lots and conditions of sale apply to G. M. Judgeon, Esquire, Crown Land Agent, at Clarendon, in the said County.

(Signed,) ANDREW RUSSELL, Assist. Commissioner.

Quebec May 14, 1862

THE Morning Chronicle BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

Is now complete, and attention is invited to the unsurpassed facilities for executing, with NEATNESS and DESPATCH, every description of

JOB PRINTING.

The Establishment is furnished with all the approved modern machinery, and the collection of

BOOK & FANCY TYPES

Will bear favorable comparison with any Establishment in Canada.

Business Cards of every Variety, Style and Cost,

From $3 per 1000!!

TINTED CARDS!
TINTED CARDS!!
TINTED CARDS!
TINTED CARDS!!

A new and beautiful Card, for Business Advertising very attractive.

BILL HEADINGS!
BILL HEADINGS!!
BILL HEADINGS!
BILL HEADINGS!!

Plain and *Tinted*, of every hue and color, Ruled and Cut to any size or pattern!

CIRCULARS!
CIRCULARS!!
CIRCULARS!
CIRCULARS!!

The Selection of MODERN TYPE for Circular Printing cannot be surpassed.

1000 CIRCULARS

On Cream Laid Note Paper, neatly printed, and folded,

For $4.50!!

Bank Checks, Notes and Bills of Lading,

PRINTED ON PLAIN OR GROUND TINTED PAPER.

ENVELOPES!
ENVELOPES!!
ENVELOPES!
ENVELOPES!!

The Stock comprises every description of Style, Color and Size, and can be furnished with Business Card, neatly Printed on the corner, per 1000

From $3.50!!

LAW FORMS & BLANKS,

Reports of Evidence and Judgment, and every description of Legal Documents, furnished to order.

MAMMOTH POSTERS!
MAMMOTH POSTERS!!
MAMMOTH POSTERS!
MAMMOTH POSTERS!!

Shop Bills, Auction Bills, Programmes, &c.,

For executing this Style of Work, the Selection of TYPES in the *Morning Chronicle* Office, is not surpassed in Canada, and for Style

☞ COMPETITION IS DEFIED. ☜

Labels for Dry Goods, Groceries, Apothecaries, &c.,

PRINTED IN THE NEATEST STYLE OF THE ART.

Bronze, Colored, & all other Kinds of Printing,

Executed to suit the taste of the most Fastidious.

CATALOGUES!
INVOICES!!
Bills of Shipping!
&c., &c., &c.

☞ Please call and examine for yourselves. Business men should bear in mind, that *the most successful* are those who, by a

Proper Application of Printer's Ink,

AND THOROUGHLY

Advertising their Business,

HAVE MADE THEIR

Thousands of Dollars!

ANNUALLY.

☞ Orders from the Country will meet with care and dispatch.

Quebec, July 18, 1862.

Crown Lands,

DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, April 12, 1862.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT ON

SATURDAY,

The Twenty-sixth day of July next,

AT THE

Office of the Crown Land Agent,

Peter treet, Lower Town,

IN THIS CITY,

AT THE

Hour of noon,

ABOUT

5,500 Acres of Crown Lands,

IN THE

Township of Stoneham and Tewkesbury, in the County of Quebec,

WILL BE

Offered for Sale at Public Auction.

TERMS CASH.

ANDREW RUSSELL, Assist. Commissioner.

Quebec, April 21, 1862

Crown Lands

DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, 8th April 1862.

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT ABOUT

15,500 ACRES

OF

CROWN LANDS,

IN THE

Township of Demers,

County of Temiscouata, C. E.,

WILL BE

OPEN FOR SALE

TO

Actual and Intending Settlers

ON AND AFTER

The 10th Day of May Next.

For particulars, apply to the local agent, L. N. Gauvreau, Esq., at L'Isle Verte.

ANDREW RUSSELL, Assist. Commissioner.

Quebec, April 10, 1862.

Cognac Brandy.

46 CASES Roullet Delamain, Vintage 1840, very superior, now receiving, and for Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, April 28, 1862.

ARKELL'S HOTEL

CORNER of KING and RICHMOND-STS one Block from Great Western Railway Depot, near the City Hall, London, C. W.

Cabs always in readiness to convey passengers to and from the Railway Depots.

Good Stabling attached to the premises.

May 9, 1862.

Liverpool Soap.

500 BOXES CASEY'S LIVERPOOL SOAP, just landed ex "Anglesea," in bond or duty paid.

For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, May 5, 1862.

Flour!

FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

CONSTANTLY on hand, at Pointe Levi Station, all kinds of FLOUR, in barrels and in bags, made by order in Upper Canada.

—ALSO,—

Provision, Liquors and Groceries.

B. MARQUETTE.

Pointe Levi, March 19, 1862. 3m

To Heads of Families, Preceptors, &c.

FREEMAN'S

SWEET ESSENCE OF SENNA,

(A mild efficient Purgative, agreeable to the Palate,

Containing, in a highly concentrated form, all the active principle of Senna, entirely deprived of its nauseating and griping properties, and rendered a fragrant cordial syrup, invented to supersede the use of calomel in the nursery. The extraordinary merit of this medicinal novelty has obtained for it the distinguished patronage of Her Majesty's Physicians—Sir C. M. Clark, Bart, M.D., Dr. Ferguson, and Dr. Locock.

Agent for Quebec, JOHN S. BOWEN, Druggist, 14 Buade Street.

Quebec, April 11, 1862. c

Where is the Chronicle?

Of yesterday? I want to read that article, Oh! Sir, I burnt it. I had to light the fire. Well now that's too bad. I want it so much. Well, sir, if you will get me a box of

Crawford's Patent Fire-lighters

you can always have the *Chronicle* when you want it; and they are for sale at all respectable grocery stores in Quebec.

Price only 25 cts. a Box of Six Dozen.

Quebec, March 30, 1862.

SALT AFLOAT,

Ex "GOLDEN LIGHT,"

3000 BAGS COARSE SALT, 500 Bags Butter do.

For sale afloat.

Apply to M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, May 8, 1862.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE TIME BALL in the Citadel, each day, (Sunday excepted,) at Half-past Twelve will be hoisted half-mast; at Five minutes before ONE it will be hoisted to the mast-head, and at ONE o'clock, Mean Time at Observatory, the BALL will be DROPPED. A Chronometer keeping correct Greenwich time, should then show 5h. 44m. 49s., and the difference between this, and the time shewn by a Chronometer, is its true error on Greenwich time at that moment;—As it is "Greenwich time" that the Observatory shews when the Ball is dropped it is no matter where the ship is lying; for instance, if a ship half-way across the Atlantic could see the Ball drop, the difference between 5h. 44m. 49s. and the time shewn by the face of her Chronometer, would be its error on Greenwich time.—A ship, on arriving, should compare her Chronometer by the Time Ball, as it will enable her to get her "Sea Rate," which seldom or ever agrees with "Harbour Rate."

—EXAMPLE:—

May 23rd, 1859, the Barque "Nancy," of Bristol, on leaving Liverpool, found her Chronometer (Dent 738) fast on Greenwich mean time, 0h. 4m. 57s.—June 20th she anchored at Quebec, and when the Ball dropped her Chronometer shewed	5h. 50m. 42s
Greenwich Mean time when Ball dropped	5h. 41m. 49s
June 20th, Chronometer fast on Greenwich mean time.	5m. 53s
May 23rd, " " "	4m. 57s
No of days.. ..	28 | 56s
Sea rate, ...	2s
Again, on June 27th, when Ball dropped, Chronometer shewed	5h. 50m. 54s
June 20th, Chronometer shewed	5h. 50m. 42s
No of days, ...	7 | 0m. 12s
Harbour rate	0m. 1-7 s

By paying attention to the Sea and Harbour Rates, under different temperatures, the intelligent master of ship will be able to arrive at a better rate for his Chronometer than could be obtained in any other way.

It is strongly recommended not to send a Chronometer on shore, when they can be so easily rated on board, and no one who has the interest of his ship and the welfare of his owners at heart, will ever give his Chronometer to the charge of another, if it is possible to avoid it.

Should the ship be loading timber, the Chronometer can be slung to the loom of an oar (one end being made fast, the other affords a spring,) that will save the Chronometer from any jar or injury.

Observatory, { Latitude...46° 48, 30" Longitude, 4h. 44m. 49s.

E. D. ASHE, Lieut. Royal Navy, F. R. A. S., Director.

Quebec, April 21, 1862. c

Scottish Provincial Assurance COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

Capital.....£1,000,000 stg.
Invested in Canada.....$350,000

PARTIES assuring their lives now will be entitled to share in the (five years') Profits to be divided on 31st January, 1862.

CANADA HEAD OFFICE:

Place d'Armes, Montreal,

A. DAVIDSON PARKER, Secretary, Canada.

QUEBEC: LANGLOIS & GLASS, Agents.

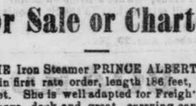
Quebec, Dec. 13, 1861. tf

For Sale or Charter.

THE Iron Steamer PRINCE ALBERT, now in first rate order, length 186 feet, beam 21 feet. She is well adapted for Freight, having large deck and great carrying capacity, with light draft of water, well suited for Canal and River navigation, and would make a good Tow Boat.

Apply to JOHN McDOUGALL, Caledonia Works, St. Gabriel Locks, Montreal.

Quebec, Febry. 25, 1862.



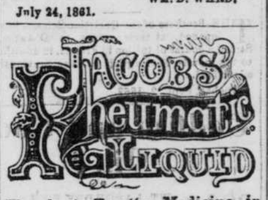
ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL, OTTAWA.

THIS House being situated immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and commanding a beautiful view of the Chaudiere Fall, Suspension Bridge, and surrounding scenery, and patronized by their ROYAL HIGHNESSES the PRINCE OF WALES and PRINCE ALFRED and the GOVERNOR GENERAL, is now open to the Public as a FAMILY and COMMERCIAL HOTEL, at rates not higher than other respectable establishments.

A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited by

GEO. F. POPE, (formerly of Montreal,) WM. D. WARD.

July 24, 1861.



The best Family Medicine in the World!!

One of the most popular Medicines at present sold in Canada, and the only one that has worked its way into public favor and general use on its own merits, without a single puff or a single certificate forced upon the public notice by the proprietor. The knowledge of its efficacy has been communicated from friend to friend and from neighborhood to neighborhood, till its very name has become a "familiar household word," and its presence in the little stock of Family Medicines indispensable

And as it is a "home manufacture," public opinion awards to it the preference, as far as patronage is concerned—especially as it has proved itself superior to foreign remedies of the kind now, and is less liable to abuse in the future,—happily escaping many speculating hands through which foreign articles must necessarily pass.

As no person in Canada (except myself) possesses the recipe for preparing my RHEUMATIC LIQUID, the public may rest assured that every other article claiming to be the same is spurious, and, to prevent counterfeits, "JACOBS' RHEUMATIC LIQUID" will hereafter be blown in each bottle.

It has proved itself an

An excellent remedy in "Dipteria, And when taken in the first stages of the disease is a CERTAIN CURE.

It does not profess to cure "all diseases to which flesh is heir" but in numberless cases which occur in daily life

"IT IS INVALUABLE."

☞ Try it once and you will never be without it.

IT CURES

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Phthisic, Fever, Ague, Dyspepsia, Acid Stomach, Canker in the Mouth and Stomach, Sick Headache, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Heartburn, Painter's Cholic, Diarrhœa, Dysentary, Summer Complaints, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and Cholera, Rheumatism, Lameness, Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Frostbites, Stiffness and Swelling of the Joints, Toothache, Ague, Sore Throat, Pain in the Side, Headache, Neuralgia in the Face, Chilblains, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects, and Venemous Reptiles, &c.

Prepared only by C. JACOBS, Sherbrooke, C. E.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers every where.

J. BOWLES & CO., Medical Hall, General Agents,

Where all dealers can be supplied at Manufacturer's prices.

—ALSO—

For Sale by J. Musson & Co., J. E. Burke, J. B. Rowen, J. W. McLeod and J. H. Marsh.

Quebec, Dec. 11 1861. 12m c

INSURANCES

Royal Insurance Comp'y,

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

CAPITAL:

TWO MILLIONS STERLING

AND

Large Reserve Funds.

Annual Income, - - - - £130,000 Stg.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

THIS Company continues to INSURE Buildings and all other descriptions of Property against LOSS or DAMAGE by FIRE, on the most Liberal Terms.

All just losses promptly settled, without deduction or discount, and without reference to England.

The large Capital and judicious management of this Company insures the most perfect safety to the assured.

No charge for Policies or Transfers.

Insurance effected on Rents of Buildings.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The following advantages amongst numerous others, are offered by this Company to parties intending to insure their lives:—

Perfect security for the fulfilment of its engagements to Policy holders.

Favorable Rates of Premium.

A high reputation for Prudence and Judgment, and the most liberal consideration of all questions connected with the interests of the assured.

Thirty days grace allowed for Payment of Renewal Premiums, and no forfeiture of policy from unintentional mistake.

Policies lapsed by non-payment of premiums may be renewed within three months, by paying the premium, with a fine of ten shillings per cent, on the production of satisfactory evidence of the good state of health of the life assured. Participation of profits by the assured, amounting to two-thirds of its net amount.

Large Bonus declared 1855, amounting to £2 per cent per annum on the sum assured, being an age from twenty to forty, 80 per cent on the premium. Next division of profits in 1860.

Stamps and Policies not charged for.

All Medical Fees paid by the Company.

Medical Referee:—Dr. ROWAND, No. 24, St. Lewis Street.

FORSYTH, BELL & CO., Agents, Commercial Chambers.

Quebec, April 29, 1856.

Eagle Life Insurance Company of London.

Established in 1807.

☞ Canada Agency Established in 1825. ☜

THE Quinquennial Division of Surplus for the period ending in 1857, will be paid in Cash at the office of the undersigned Agents, the current rate of Exchange, to those policy-holders who may select that mode; they have the option, however, of applying the surplus in either of the following modes, viz.:—

1stly.—Payable in Cash.

2ndly.—Adding to the amount assured.

3rdly.—In a reduction of Premiums falling due in the five years subsequent to 1857.

4thly.—In a reduction of all Premiums subsequent to that date.

The Surplus in 1857, divisable among the assured, exceeds TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS, Sterling.

The realized assets of this Company amount to over ONE MILLION THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS, Stg.; and the annual income upwards of TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTY THOUSAND POUNDS.

The rates of Premium are as low as the experience of more than half a century warrant; and as eighty per cent. of all profits is every five years divided among the assured, it is evident that these rates are the very lowest that any Life Insurance Company can demand, consistent with its own safety, and the consequent security of the assured. Policies are issued with or without participation of profits, for one year, seven years, whole life, joint lives, or payable on the life attaining the age of sixty. Premiums payable quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly. One-half credit for first five years.

W. & W. C. HENDERSON, Agents in Canada.

Quebec, June 10, 1858

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER, PAPER RULER, AND ACCOUNT BOOK Manufacturer,

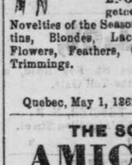
No. 4 BUADE STREET,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

Account Books made to order for any branch of business on the shortest notice, Paper Ruled to any Pattern.

Quebec, April 23, 1862. 12mo

NOTICE.



MRS. H. JACOBS informs her customers that she has just received by the Canadian Steamer "Bohemian," a large and complete assortment of FRENCH and ENGLISH MILLINERY, together with a variety of the Novelties of the Season, comprising Silks, Satins, Blondes, Laces, Lappets, Coiffures Flowers, Feathers, Crapes, Parametta and Trimmings.

H. JACOBS, Fabrique Street.

Quebec, May 1, 1862. 12m c

THE SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

PRESIDENT:

His Grace the Duke of Roxburghe.

At the Septennial Investigation, 31st Dec., 1860, a Bonus of £1 15s. per cent per annum declared on Capital and previous bonuses. "The Bonus now declared also participates in the future profits, and is equal to a Bonus of 2 per cent. not so participating." Funds, £811,768 17s. 9d. Annual income, £154,754 12s. 11d.

By the minimum premium table, "*as large a sum as possible is insured for the smallest possible premium.*"

For tables of rates and general information, apply to the undersigned, Agent for the Society, No. 12, St. Peter Street.

D. A. ROSS, Advocate.

Quebec, June 22, 1861. 12mo 3aw

PRIVATE BILLS.

MR. H. B. WILLSON,

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT LAW,

PARLIAMENTARY AGENT.

OFFICE:

No. 13 Garden Street, (near the Clarendon Hotel,)

QUEBEC.

Quebec, March 25, 1862.

A. McCALLUM'S CHRONOMETER DEPOT,

No. 40, St. Peter Street.

CHRONOMETERS accurately rated by Astronomical Observations and Transit Clock.

SIX CHRONOMETERS for Sale, warranted good.

Ship owners hiring Chronometers for the run home, should they afterwards think of purchasing the Instrument, the hire will be deducted from the original price. Sextants, Quadrants, Charts, Parallel Rules, Compasses, &c., &c., always on hand. Marine Clocks, Fancy, Bronze and Office Clocks.

—ALSO,—

Gold and Silver