



## NEWS.

## TRANSATLANTIC.

The sentence of Kalkofski, who was found guilty in the Panitz conspiracy trial in Bulgaria, and condemned to nine years' imprisonment, has been commuted to exile.

## MUNCHAUSEN HARD AT WORK.

HIS LATEST FABLES REGARDING BISMARCK.

BERLIN, June 2.—The Emperor has informed Prince Bismarck that if he does not stop his prattling utterances the result will be serious.

LONDON, June 3.—A Paris correspondent says a number of officials at minor German courts are threatened with dismissal for interfering at the instigation of Count Herbert Bismarck.

## THE PANAMA CANAL.

PARIS, June 2.—M. Wyse has sailed from Southampton on a mission connected with the Panama Canal. M. Moncheur, the liquidator of the Panama Canal Company, instructs M. Wyse after visiting the canal works at Colon to proceed to Cartagena and Bogota to negotiate with the Colombian Government for a prolongation of the canal concession. It is expected that M. Wyse will return to Paris in the autumn.

## A TIMELY WARNING.

LONDON, June 2.—There is great work going on here in the shares of the Kentucky and Tennessee Land Company. In some cases the share have risen from 250 to 300 percent premium. The Economist warns the speculators that their ventures are being overdone, and predicts that the inflated prices cannot be maintained.

## AMERICAN.

## AN OUTRAGE AT HARVARD.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 2.—A large gathering of Harvard students to-night passed resolutions denouncing outrages committed on the statue of John Harvard and the college building on Sunday morning, and tendering the college money to repair the damage. It was decided to employ a detective to ferret out the vandals.

## OREGON STATE ELECTION.

PORTLAND, Oregon, June 2.—An election was held in this State today for State officers and members of the Legislature. Meagre returns seem favorable to Penoyer (Democrat), for governor. The Republicans will probably have a majority in the Legislature on a joint ballot.

## THE ALIEN LABOR LAW VIOLATED.

CHICAGO, June 2.—It is said Special Treasury Agent Stinch will to-morrow begin proceedings against the officers of the Master Carpenters and Builders' Association for violating the Alien Contract Labor Law by bringing from Canada carpenters to fill strikers' places.

## A WARNING TO EMIGRANT GIRLS.

A POOR YOUNG WOMAN MADE MAD BY FOUL TREATMENT.

NEW YORK, June 2.—A handsome young emigrant was to-day brought to the charge office by a police officer, who found her wandering in the streets. The girl's name is Sarah Marion, and she landed here three weeks ago. She rushed through the barge office in a great hurry. After being turned upon the streets, ignorant of how to find her friends, a man met her. He told her he would take her to a boarding house where she could remain. She accompanied the man to a house, and it is alleged that she was drugged and kept confined in the house for several days. She was found wandering in the streets insane from the ordeal she had passed through.

## THE TARIFF BILL.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Two hours were spent by the Republican members of the Senate Finance Committee today considering the Tariff bill. The time was devoted to schedule work. Progress was slow, considerable differences of opinion being shown over the rates of duty on timber.

## RAILWAY RATES.

CHICAGO, June 2.—The Chicago Freight Committee of the Central Traffic Association today decided to reduce the rate on wheat, barley, rye and other products to the basis of 23 cents per 100 pounds, taking effect on June 9. The present rate is 25 cents while on oak and corn it is 20 cents. The Lake Shore road took the initiative and also gave notice of an intention to reduce the rate on dressed beef from 45 to 45 cents per 100 pounds to Boston and New England points. The reason given for the move is that the new Canadian Pacific Wabash line has secured so large a share of the dressed tonnage as to leave no doubt that it is cutting rates. The Lake Shore's action in regard to dressed beef has not been followed by the other lines and an effort will be made to induce it to withdraw.

## CUSTOM REGULATIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The President today sent to Congress a letter of the Secretary of State relative to the recommendations of the Pan-American Conference regarding customs regulations. The President in transmitting the letter states that the conference recommended a uniform system of customs regulations for the classification and valuation of imported merchandise, a uniform nomenclature for the description of articles of merchandise imported and exported, and the establishment of an international bureau of information at Washington. The conference also decided to establish a Washington Latin-American library, to be formed by contributions from the several nations of historical, geographical and literary works, maps, manuscripts and official documents relating to the history and civilization of America, and expressed a desire that the Government of the United States should provide a suitable building, to be dedicated upon the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America.

## A CLOUDBURST'S WORK.

A VILLAGE ALMOST SWEEP AWAY.

CONNECTICUT, June 2.—The village of Loveland was nearly destroyed by a huge water-spout yesterday. Loveland is located in the Beyer Valley, in a valley, a terrific storm in the character of a cloudburst passed over the valley, breaking about a mile above town, sweeping down the street and leaving hardly a house. The loss of life, as far as has been heard from, includes Mrs. Sayles, an aged lady, and son and others whose names are now unknown. One family was taken off the tree tops this morning where they had been swept by the flood. One of the family was swept past and drowned. The search for missing persons is so far unsuccessful.

## EARTHQUAKE IN PERU.

LIMA, June 2.—An earthquake occurred here this morning at ten minutes to two. It was the severest shock experienced for years and was followed by two others which, though much milder, were of more than average strength.

## THE UNITED STATES CENSUS.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The taking of the census of 1890 was begun to-day throughout the United States. It is intended that it shall be the most complete enumeration ever made. Every possible grain of information concerning the country, the population, its industries, debt, nationalities of the people, their employment, hours of labor, pay, etc., will be gathered. It is anticipated that considerable trouble will be met in endeavoring to obtain answers to certain questions asked by enumerators, such as one's income, one's physical deformities, disease, the amount one's home or farm is mortgaged for, etc. The law under which the census was taken provides heavy penalties for refusal to answer the questions the enumerators ask.

## THE QUESTIONS ASKED.

The questions are as follows:—

1. Christian name in full and initial of middle name surname.
2. Whether a soldier, sailor or marine during the civil war (United States or Confederate), or widow of such person.
3. Relationship to head of family.
4. Whether white, black, mulatto, quadroon, octoon, Chinese, Japanese or Indian.
5. Sex.
6. Age at nearest birthday. If under one year give age in months.
7. Whether single, married, widowed or divorced.
8. Whether married during the census year (June 1, 1890, to May 31, 1891).
9. Mother of how many children and number of these children living.
10. Place of birth.
11. Place of birth of father.
12. Place of birth of mother.
13. Number of years in the United States.
14. Whether naturalized.
15. Whether naturalization papers have been taken out.
16. Profession, trade or occupation.
17. Month successfully employed during the census year (June 1st, 1890, to May 31st, 1891).
18. Attendance at school (in months) during the census year (June 1st, 1890, to May 31st, 1891).
19. Able to read.
20. Able to write.
21. Able to speak English. If not, the language or dialect spoken.
22. Whether suffering from acute or chronic disease, with name of disease and length of time afflicted.
23. Whether defective in mind, sight, hearing or speech, or whether crippled, maimed or deformed, with name of defect.
24. Whether a prisoner, convict, homeless child or pauper.
25. Supplemental schedule and page.
26. Is the home you live in hired or is it owned by the head or by a member of family?
27. If owned by head or member of family, is the home free from mortgage or incumbrance?
28. If the head of the family is a farmer, is the farm which he cultivates hired, or is it owned by him or by a member of his family?
29. If owned by head or member of family, is the farm free from mortgage or incumbrance?
30. If the home or farm is owned by head or member of family and mortgaged, give the post-office address of owner.

## AN ENUMERATOR'S WARM RECEPTION.

One of the enumerators, Louis Marks, met with a very warm reception to-day in a liquor store on Forty-fifth street. He was hustled out amid a volley of beer glasses which were thrown at him. Marks then returned to the place under police escort, but was unable to obtain any information. He reported the matter at the main office, and was told to write out his story, which will be forwarded to Washington. It is estimated that the enumeration will show the United States to have a population in round numbers of 66,000,000.

## AN ENUMERATOR COMMITS SUICIDE.

Frank Laguerre, aged 33, recently appointed as census enumerator, had been out of work for a long time. Rejoicing over his appointment he got drunk on Saturday and did not sober up until to-night. Realizing that he was liable to fine and imprisonment because he did not show up this morning at the supervisor's office he became desperate and committed suicide by taking "Rough on Rats."

## ORIMES AND ACCIDENTS.

POISONED BY WILD PARSNIPS.

OTTAWA, June 2.—News has reached the city from Treadwell, Ontario, that a family named Campbell, at Lake George, about three miles from Treadwell, were poisoned by eating wild parsnips. Two boys, one nine and the other seven years old, are dead, two are dying, and the mother, grandfather and little infant are in a bad condition. The old man, who was looking for herbs whereof to make medicine, in the bush, brought home the wild parsnips which proved so fatal.

## FOUND DROWNED.

A coroner's inquest was held to-day on the body of August Steamer, who disappeared recently from his home in New Edinburgh, and whose remains were found floating in the Rideau river by a couple of boys. The jury rendered a verdict that they did not know how the unfortunate man met his death.

## A MAIL ROBBER SHOT.

WINNIPEG, June 2.—An attempt was made to rob the Battleford mail while lying up at Otter Station, N.W.T., Saturday night. The would-be robber overhauled two sacks of newspapers and demanded that Courier E. Woodcock open up the registered and other letters which were inside. Woodcock shot through the door and the robber fled shrieking with pain. The registered and other mail are believed to be all right.

## A COSTLY SMOKE.

L. H. Shaw, proprietor of the woollen mills at Fish Creek, was arraigned before Superintendent Melville, Calgary, charged with disturbing public worship in the Church of England, Fish Creek, by smoking his pipe. Shaw claimed he did not smoke while the service was going on, but when the benediction was being pronounced. He was sentenced to pay ten dollars and costs or fourteen days in gaol. He took the latter.

## A PLOT TO CATCH A ROBBER.

St. John, N.B., June 2.—Jerome Converse, who, with two others, formerly entered the house of G. O. Allan at Chester Depot, Vt., in August, 1888, and at the muzzle of a revolver took twelve hundred dollars besides gold watches and other valuables, was arrested to-day at Eastport, Maine, having been decoyed there from this city, where he has been for some time. He was known here as J. K. Flagg, under which name he also lived for some time at Eastport. He lived high here, and ran an employment agency. He wanted to leave the Hotel Stanley, but the proprietor, who lives at Eastport, declined to transfer the lease. When the officers reached him here and learned this they got the present lessee of the Stanley and the Eastport owner to enter into a plot with them. Flagg was approached and offered the lease of the hotel, but it was explained he would have to go to Eastport and see Mr. Prescott, the owner, so as to get the lease transferred. He took the bait and went by steamer to Eastport to-day. When he stepped on the wharf there Sheriff Kilby took him in custody. He could not be arrested in St. John, because his was a non-extraditable offense. Flagg lived in Stanley, Ont. for some time under the name of J. O. Hawkins.

## THE BENWELL MURDER CASE.

WINNIPEG, Ont., June 2.—Brakenham Hays, who was killed to-day, was one of the witnesses at the Benwell inquest. He was the witness who identified Benwell as the man who travelled West with Benwell, and was probably the Crown's most important witness.

## GREAT BEQUESTS.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The will of the late Mrs. Mary A. Edson leaves about \$250,000 to religious and charitable objects.

## Summer Resorts.

## PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.

It will be opened JUNE 1st; a delightful summer resort for families and parties. One mile from C. P. R. station. Good bathing and fishing. Terms moderate. For further information address

O. LEROY, Greenville, P.Q.

## THE CURTIS FARM HOTEL.

Fortune Rocks, Me., will be open for guests June 25, and until Oct. 6. Terms, from \$10 to \$15 per week. Die counts made for families and parties. Send for circular. Address, Mrs. M. E. CURTIS, Fortune Rocks, Me.

## A BENAKIS HOUSE.

ST. FRANCOIS DE LAQUE. Hot and cold Mineral Water baths, certain cure for Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Salt Rheum, General Debility, &c. Capital and fine bathing on St. Francois River and Lake St. Peter. Steamer "Berthier" from Montreal on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 1 p.m. Return tickets \$1.50.

Canada Pacific Railway—To the House and return from

|                                                | Saturday to Saturday | Sunday to Sunday | Tourist |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------|
| Montreal                                       | \$2.75               | \$2.45           | \$1.10  |
| Tell on Saturday good till Monday following.   |                      |                  |         |
| Tell on Sunday, good till Tuesday following.   |                      |                  |         |
| Tell every day, good until November 1st, 1890. |                      |                  |         |

Address: KIMPTON & LEITH.

## SEA BATHING.

## INCH ARRAN HOUSE!

DAIHOUSSIE, BAIE DES CHALEURS, N.B.

THE HEALTHIEST PLACE IN CANADA.

This favorite summer resort, on the l'Île of the International Railway, opens June 1st. Beautiful scenery, abundant fishing, bathing, and a good table and the other comforts of a City Hotel. The sanitary arrangements are perfect, pure water, thorough drainage, with all modern conveniences. Bath rooms supplied with hot, cold and salt water. Communication with all points of interest is easy by rail or steamer. For further information address,

JEROME F. HALE, Manager, INCH ARRAN HOUSE, Dalhousie, N.B.

## PROSPECT HOUSE.

Private Boarding for Families for the Summer, FORT BEACH, RYE, N.H., DANIEL M. FOSTER, Prop. Located on high land, good lawn in front, commands magnificent view of the beautiful coast of Rye and the Isles of Shoals, Hampton and Kittery Point; sea view unsurpassed. View of ocean from every room. A good table and the other comforts of a City Hotel. The sanitary arrangements are perfect, pure water, thorough drainage, with all modern conveniences. Bath rooms supplied with hot, cold and salt water. Communication with all points of interest is easy by rail or steamer. For further information address,

PORTSMOUTH DEPOT.

## THE IROQUOIS HOUSE.

On the Bellefleur Mountains, St. Hubert, P.Q.

and OTTERBURN PARK, on the Richelieu River, are both open for the season.

B. F. CAMPBELL, Managing Director.

## HILLSIDE COTTAGE.

CHEBAGUE ISLE, Me.

Will be open June 15th. Good bathing and fishing. Board, \$5 per week. For particulars, address,

MRS. H. P. HILL, Chebague Isle, Me.

## THE UNITED STATES HOTEL.

PORTLAND, MAINE.

This well-known Hotel having been put in first-class order for the summer season, and having the best location in the city, Market square, Congress and Federal streets, make it the most desirable Hotel for the summer tourist to stop at while in Portland. The table is furnished with the best in the market. Rates, \$2.00 to \$2.50 per day. Meals, 50c.

FOSS & O'CONNOR, Proprietors.

FRANK L. FOSTER, PETER O'CONNOR.

## LORDELL, KNOWLTON, P.Q.

Especially adapted for families. Bathing, fishing, bathing. Five minutes' walk from depot, post-office and lake. Small farm attached. Terms moderate. Address,

K. P. STEVENS, Knowlton, P.Q.

## PARK HOUSE, MAGOG, P.Q.

This popular House has been thoroughly renovated and furnished and is now in first-class condition for the reception of guests. Terms from \$1 to \$1 per week. Reduction for families. WM. JAMIESON, Proprietor.

## COUNTRY BOARD.

A few lady boarders can be accommodated with comfortable and quiet quarters in the house of the late Albert Knight, M.P. Beautiful and healthy locality. Terms moderate. Address, Mrs. W. W. WILSON, Stanstead, Que.

## DALHOUSIE, N.B.—A few vacancies

for boarders for summer months in a private family; situation very pleasant. Address for terms, MISS STEWART, Glen Cottage, Dalhousie, N.B.

## MOOSEHEAD LAKE, MAINE.

MT. KINKO HOUSE. The favorite resort for sportsmen, tourists and invalids has never been known. For circular address O. A. DENNEN, Manager, Kinko, Me., or CHERRY & CO., 106 State street, Boston.

## WHEN COMING TO

CALEDONIA SPRINGS

For Rheumatism or Dyspepsia

You are coming to a watering place, in curative properties equal to any European or American, though it is Canadian. Ask your physician.

Season Opens 11th June.

Guides on application.

## LAKE COTTAGE.

Newly painted and renovated. Will be ready 15th MAY to receive private Families and Tourists at reasonable prices. This desirable Cottage is beautifully situated within three minutes walk from station, lake and park. My guests may depend upon having plenty of Fresh Milk, Cream, Butter, Eggs and Fish fresh from the Lake.

For references apply to E. N. ENGLAND, M.P.P. Knowlton; GEORGE G. FOSTER, Esq., Montreal.

H. DAVID BARBER, Knowlton, P.Q.

## SEASIDE HOUSE.

LITTLE METIS. This well known Hotel will be open for visitors on the 15th of June. For pure air and bathing, there is no better place. The Proprietors have secured a lake teaming with trout, one hour's drive from hotel. For particulars apply to

WILLIAM ASTLE.

## KIRKWOOD HOUSE, Scarborough.

Beach, Maine. One of the finest located seaside hotels on the Atlantic coast, situated only eight miles from Portland. Beautiful beach, excellent table, good drainage, and bathing. For terms and engagement of rooms address OTIS KALER, Proprietor.

## GRANITE SPRING HOTEL.

WILL BE OPEN JUNE 10TH, 1890.

This hotel is newly built and newly furnished, and has one of the best mineral springs in the State of Maine, running through the house by power. One hundred dollars reward will be given anybody in the State of Maine who can show better mineral water than this. The house is located on Long Island, Portland Harbor, and is one of the most beautiful islands in Casco Bay for its groves and beaches and excellent views. Price of board from \$1 to \$3 per day, according to the location of the rooms.

E. PENCE, Proprietor, Cor. Exchange and Middle streets, PORTLAND, MAINE.

## Summer Resorts.

## BOARDING-AT ST. BRUNO'S.

Boarded by physicians, at the foot of a Mountain and near the lake.

Address, A. BENOIT, St. Bruno, Que.

## THE OCEAN WAVE HOUSE.

WALLIS SANDS, RYE, N.H.

(A Temperance House.)

The only public house at this beautiful beach.

A Montreal lady who spends her summers at the beach says the Ocean Wave affords more for the money than any house she ever patronized.

For terms, &c. address the Proprietor, RYE, N.H.

HENRY KNON.

## SUMMER RESORTS.—Seaside Pri-

ate Boarding House, Little Metis, is now open to accommodate Seaside Visitors during the summer months; beautifully situated; close to the beach. For particulars, apply to R. CAMPBELL, Little Metis, Que.

## LAKE VIEW FARM.

L. BAILEY, GEORGEVILLE, QUE. Accommodation for a few boarders. House is very pleasantly situated near the lake with a splendid view of Georgeville, the lake and surrounding country. For particulars apply at No. 4 Mount Charles place, Montreal.

## HO! FOR THE SALT WATER!

WOODLAND HOUSE, METIS. The above hotel, being situated on the shore of the St. Lawrence, affords a delightful summer resort. The proprietors having spared no expense in fitting up the Woodland for the convenience of their guests. Terms, moderate. Opened June 1st. G. & J. SMITH Bro., Proprietors.

## OCEANIC HOUSE.

BRACON HILL, PEAK'S ISLAND, ME. Open for the season June 1st. Superior facilities for bathing, boating and fishing. For particulars address

MRS. E. T. STERLING.

## BOARDERS can be accommodated

at the CASCO HOUSE, for the season. Terms very reasonable. Address,

MRS. J. F. HILL.

Cousin's Island, Maine.

## TURRIFF HALL, Little Metis.

This well known house will be open for guests on the 1st of JUNE. For central location, easy access to the sea for bathing and boating, and its location, it is surpassed by any other place on the Lower St. Lawrence.

R. TURRIFF, Proprietor.

## SUMMER BOARDERS, in the

beautiful village of Derby Centre, four miles from the city of JUNE. For central location, easy access to the sea for bathing and boating, and its location, it is surpassed by any other place on the Lower St. Lawrence.

Address MRS. G. D. TAYLOR, Derby Centre, Vt.

## ST. LEON SPRINGS.

PALACE HOTEL, ST. LEON, QUE. This celebrated establishment, combining temperance principles, one of the most delightful and agreeable summer resorts on the continent, will be open to the public on the 1st of JUNE. The numerous tourists who visit this beautiful spot annually will find it this year, under the new management, more attractive than ever. The proprietors will spare no effort in catering to the comfort and enjoyment of the guests. The cuisine will be under the immediate management of one of Montreal's leading professional cooks. Special facilities will be given for all kinds of recreation, such as billiards, bowling, croquet, lawn tennis, boating, etc. To sufferers from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, General Debility, etc., the St. Leon Springs, in connection with this hotel offer a sure cure. Coaches will be waiting for guests at Levesville, leaving and returning from Montreal and Quebec. For terms apply to ST. LEON MINERAL WATER CO. (Ld.) Proprietors, Toronto. M. A. THOMAS, Hotel Manager.

## CHAMPLAIN HOUSE, PHILIPS.

BURG, P.Q.—A delightful summer resort, situated on Lake Champlain, two miles from P.Q. Excellent bathing and fishing. House open May 1st. Terms moderate. For further information, terms, etc. address

E. C. BURKE, Philadelphia, Que.

## LONG BRANCH.

## WEST END HOTEL.

COTTAGES AND RESTAURANT OPEN JUNE

Hotels Open June 21.

Transient rates, \$1 per day and upwards.

Weekly rates, \$25 and upwards.

D. M. & W. R. HILDETH, New York Office, Metropolitan Hotel.

## "THE BAY VIEW"

FERRY BEACH, SAGU, ME. A unique Summer Resort, connected by Marine Railway with Old Orchard. For information and circulars regarding rates, &c. address Bay View, Sagou, Me., July 1st; after that date, Bay View, Me.

MRS. E. MANSON, Proprietor and Owner.

## MONTREAL'S SUMMER Resort.

## "THE GROVE,"

## BEACONSFIELD.

The Prettiest Point on LAKE ST. LOUIS.

Easily reached by G. T. R. and C. P. R.

The Grove is now in its first fresh beauty. Beautiful foliage and blossoms on all sides.

City address: 55 BEAVER HALL HILL.

Bel Telephone No. 484.

## FRANKLIN HOUSE

HIGHGATE SPRINGS, VT.

Open June 1st to October 1st. Located in a maple grove on Lake Champlain. Farm and Dairy connected with House.

LAKEVIEW COTTAGE.

Open June to October. Located on Lake Champlain. Fine Camping Grounds with Ice House, Boats and Restaurant.

JUDSON & SCOTT, Proprietors.

## SEASIDE—PEAK'S ISLAND.

PORTLAND, ME.—MOUNTAIN AND AIR COMBINED. Bethel Cottage is situated on high ground, commanding a splendid view of the beautiful islands and surrounding country. A pleasant home where all shall be done for comfort of guests. House open early in June. Correspondence solicited. Boating and good deep sea fishing can be had. Smooth beach for bathing. Address Mrs. McDONALD, 147 Metcalfe street, Montreal, till 1st June. After that date Peak's Island.

## SUMMER BOARDERS.

First-class Board on a Farm for parties wishing

## THE WANDERING JEW.

EUGENE SUE'S  
GREAT TALE OF THE JESUITS  
AND LABOR REFORM.

(Condensed for the "Witness")

T SECOND.—THE CHARTERMENT.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

REVELATIONS.

Mdlle. de Cardoville, much astonished at the alarm displayed by Rodin, when she had asked him for some explanation of the formidable and far-reaching power of the Abbe d'Algrigny, said to him: "Why, sir, what is there so strange in the question that I have just asked you?"

After a moment's silence, Rodin cast his looks all around, with well-feigned uneasiness and replied in a whisper: "Once more, madame, do not question me on so fearful a subject. The walls of this house may have ears."

Adrienne and Dagobert looked at each other with growing surprise. Mother Bunch, by an instinct of incredible force, continued to regard Rodin with invincible suspicion. Sometimes she stole a glance at him, as if to penetrate the mask of this man, who filled her with fear. At one moment, the Jesuit encountered her anxious gaze, obstinately fixed upon him; immediately he nodded to her with the greatest amenity. The young girl, alarmed at finding herself observed, turned away with a shudder.

"No, no, my dear young lady," resumed Rodin, with a sigh, as he saw Mdlle. de Cardoville astonished at his silence; "do not question me on the subject of Abbe d'Algrigny's power."

"Speak, sir, I pray you speak," said Adrienne.

Drawing about him Adrienne, Dagobert, and Mother Bunch, Rodin said to them in a low voice, and with a mysterious air: "Have you never heard of a powerful association, which extends its net over all the earth, and counts its disciples, agents, and fanatics in every class of society—which has had, and of ten has still, the ear of kings and nobles—which, in a word, can raise its creatures to the highest positions, and with a word can reduce them again to the nothingness from which it alone could uplift them?"

"Good heaven, sir!" said Adrienne, "what formidable association? Until now I never heard of it."

"Well, then I know this—it is the aid of that association which renders the Abbe d'Algrigny so dangerous a man. By it he was enabled to follow and to reach divers members of your family, some in Siberia, some in India, others on the heights of the American mountains; but, as I have told you, it was only the day before yesterday, and by chance that, examining the papers of Abbe d'Algrigny, I found the trace of his connection with this Company, of which he is the most active and able chief."

"But the name, sir, the name of this company?" said Adrienne.

"Well! it is—!" but Rodin stopped short.

"It is," repeated Adrienne, who was now as much interested as Dagobert and the seamstress: "It is—!"

Rodin looked round him, beckoned all the actors in this scene to draw nearer, and said in a whisper, laying great stress upon the words: "It is—the Society of Jesus!" and he again shuddered.

"The Jesuits!" cried Mdlle. de Cardoville, unable to restrain a burst of laughter, which was the more buoyant, as, from the mysterious precautions of Rodin, she had expected some very different revelation. "The Jesuits!" she resumed, still laughing.

"They have no existence except in books; they are simply frightful historical personages."

After listening in silence to Mdlle. de Cardoville, Rodin continued, with a grave and agitated air: "Your blindness frightens me, my dear young lady; the past should have given you some anxiety for the future, since, more than any one, you have already suffered from the fatal influence of this company, whose existence you regard as a dream!"

"I, sir?" said Adrienne, with a smile, although a little surprised.

"You," said Adrienne, this time without smiling. "Dr. Baleinier—"

"Obeyed the Abbe d'Algrigny, the most formidable chief of that formidable society. He employs his genius for evil; but I must confess he is a man of genius. Therefore, it is upon him that you and yours must fix all your doubts and suspicions; it is against him that you must be on your guard. For, believe me, I know him, and he does not look upon the game as lost. You must be prepared for new attacks, doubtless of another kind, but only the more dangerous on that account."

"Luckily, you give us notice," said Dagobert, "and you will be on our side."

"Can do very little, my good friends; but that little is at the service of honest people," said Rodin.

"Now," said Adrienne, with a thoughtful air, completely persuaded by Rodin's air of conviction, "I can explain the inconceivable influence that my aunt exercised in the world. I ascribed it chiefly to her relations with persons in power; I thought that she, like the Abbe d'Algrigny, was concerned in dark intrigues, for which religion served as a veil—but I was far from believing what you tell me."

"How many things you have got to learn!" resumed Rodin. "If you knew my dear young lady, with what are these people surrounded, without your being aware of it, by agents devoted to themselves! Every one of your steps is known to them, when they have any interest in such knowledge. Thus, little by little, they act upon you—slowly, cautiously, darkly. They circumvent you by every possible means, from flattery to terror—seduce or frighten, in order at last to rule you, without your being conscious of their authority. Such is their object; and I must confess they pursue it with detestable ability."

Rodin had spoken with so much sincerity,

that Adrienne trembled; then, reproaching herself with these fears, she resumed: "And yet, no—I can never believe in so infernal a power; the might of priestly ambition belongs to another age. Heaven be praised, it has disappeared for ever!"

"Yes, certainly, it is out of sight; for they now know how to disperse and disappear, when circumstances require it. But then are they the most dangerous; for suspicion is laid asleep, and they keep watch in the dark. Oh! my dear young lady, if you knew their frightful ability! In my hatred of all that is oppressive, cowardly, and hypocritical, I had studied the history of that terrible society, before I knew that the Abbe d'Algrigny belonged to it. Oh! it is dreadful. If you knew what means they employ! When I tell you that, thanks to their diabolical devices, the most pure and devoted appearances often conceal the most horrible snares!"

Rodin's eye rested, as if by chance, on the hunchback; but, seeing that Adrienne did not take the hint, the Jesuit continued: "In a word—are you not exposed to their pursuits, have they any interest in gaining you over!—Oh! from that moment, suspect all that surround you, suspect the most noble attachments, the most tender affections, the most monstrous sometimes succeed in corrupting your best friends and making a terrible use of them, in proportion to the blindness of your confidence."

"Oh! it is impossible," cried Adrienne, in horror. "You must exaggerate. No! I tell myself never dreamed of more frightful treachery!"

"Alas, my dear young lady! one of your relations, M. Hardy—the most loyal and generous-hearted man that could be—has been the victim of some such infamous treachery. Do you know what we learned from the reading of your ancestor's will? Why, that he died the victim of the malevolence of these people; and now, at the lapse of a hundred and fifty years, his descendants are still exposed to the hate of that indestructible society!"

"Oh, sir! it terrifies me," said Adrienne, feeling her heart sink within her. "But are there no weapons against such attacks?"

"Prudence, my dear young lady—the most watchful caution—the most incessant study and suspicion of all that approach you."

"But such a life would be frightful! It is a torture to be a victim of continual suspicion, doubts, and fears."

"Without doubt they know it well, the wretches! That constitutes their strength. They often triumph by the very excess of the precautions taken against them. Thus, my dear young lady, and you, brave and worthy soldier, in the name of all that is dear to you, be on your guard and do not lightly impart your confidence. Be on your guard, for you have nearly fallen the victims of those people. Be always on your guard, and, in doubtful cases, do not fear to apply to me. In three days, I have learned enough by my own experience, with regard to their manner of acting, to be able to point out to you many a snare, and device, and to protect you from them."

"In any such case, sir," replied Mdlle. de Cardoville, "my interest, as well as gratitude, would point to you as my best counselor."

(To be Continued.)

## CHILDREN'S CORNER

## ENGLISH INCONSISTENCIES.

The verbal curiosities of the English language seem to be inexhaustible. New amusing combinations and fresh pitfalls for the foreigner who struggles for the mastery of our mother tongue are being constantly brought to light. As an illustration of the peculiarities of our orthography, witness the following: "Weird Tale," from the *Chicago Herald*:

"A fellow who swallowed a drachm of poison grew cold as a clachm, and when somebody said 'I don't believe he is dead,' The corpse quickly shouted, 'I achm.'"

"And since then they say that his ghost Each night walks around his bed post, And it scares all the folk, Who aren't used to such jolks, Clear out of their senses almost."

And then read those ironical lines, as found in *Harper's Bazar*:

"A fast man on a fast day took his horse and went to a fast land, and there tied him fast, and as fast as he could he broke his fast."

"Then he rose and took off his hose, and went with his hose along the rows and put the rose on the end of his hose, which, as every one knows, is a sort of nose. So his hose waters every rose in all the rows."

"Now say who knows how a foreign wight could leave very fast the meaning of hose and nose, and knows and nose, or to per form any rite right, or even write rite right, if his living depended on getting some right which involved the right writing of wright, right, write and rite?"

## THE "I WILLS" OF SCRIPTURE.

COMPILED BY MRS. E. H. RICHES.

Tuesday, June 3.

HEALING.

I will come and heal him.—Matt. viii. 7.

Heal me, O Lord, and I shall be healed; save me, and I shall be saved: for Thou art my praise.—Jeremiah xvii. 14.

Mrs. ARKRIGHT had been reading her morning portion one day, when she was disturbed about several household matters, and annoyed at the delay in a certain cherished plan. She felt not quite in the spirit for taking up her Bible, but she had formed the habit of doing so, and almost mechanically was turning to her place in course, when her eyes fell on that declaration of our Lord: "If any man will come after me, let him take up his cross daily," etc. The word daily appealed to her with a force and comfort which she had not previously felt. The Saviour himself had anticipated her need, when he had said that his disciples should, not once for all merely, but every day, take up the cross and bear it, following the master. Somehow the little troubles grew dignified, and presently, though not lessened nor removed, were turned into a means of gracious discipline. The way was still steep, but one whom she loved had trodden it before; she need not fear to walk where the blessed master had set his feet. Mrs. Arkwright went forth from her chamber greatly helped, and the help had come from the perusal of one verse, its meaning made evident to her soul by the teaching of the Lord.—*Intelligence.*

## Business Cards.

STRENGTH  
THIS IS WHAT JOHNSTON'S  
FLUID BEEF IMPARTS

ONE POUND of Johnston's Fluid Beef contains as much actual and real nutrition as FOURTEEN BREAD CRUMBS, and a QUARTER POUND of PRIME BEEFSTEAK.

THEREFORE

ONE TEASPOONFUL, or half an ounce, is EQUAL to HALF A POUND of PRIME BEEFSTEAK.

ROBERT IRWIN,  
SADDLER.

165 McGill Street. Over Fifty Years.

Just received per "Parisian" CHRISTIE'S CROWN BRATED RIDING SADDLES for Ladies and Gentlemen

JUST RECEIVED,  
DIRECT FROM THE PUBLISHERS,  
FINE COPYRIGHTED ETCHINGS,  
(REMARK PROOFS).

Very desirable Pictures. Also, a superior line of Reproductions of Water Colors, by L. PRANSKY. Call and see these high-class Works of Art. We can also frame them correct. Our Gold and Silver Frames are beautiful. Old Frame Regit.

W. H. HOPE.

2255 St. Catherine Street.

TELEPHONE NO. 1966.

J. W. ROBERTS,

336 ST. JAMES STREET.

Manufacturer and Importer of

ENGLISH SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, WHIPS, BLANKETS, BRIDLES, GROOMING BRUSHES, SADDLERY, AND HARNESSES. COMPETITION, PRICE, THE UNIVERSAL METAL CLEANER (none better). Horse Blankets, saddle pads, etc. Send your orders by telephone or otherwise for repairs to Saddles and Harness, or work of any kind. I will send for it as quickly as I can, and send it home when finished. Give me a trial. I guarantee satisfaction.

## DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

## GRIMAUD'S SYRUP

## OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME.

Prescribed for the last 30 years with the greatest success in CONSUMPTION, OBSTINATE COUGHS, COLDS, and CATARRH; IT ARRESTS THE COUGH, spitting of blood, and NIGHTSWEATS, the APPETITE improves and HEALTH IS PROMPTLY RESTORED. Price 75 cents. OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

## SICK HEADACHES, NEURALGIA,

are instantly relieved by taking Grimault's Guarana, a single powder of which is sufficient to cure instantaneously the most violent sick headache.

The LANCET says:—"GRIMAUD'S GUARANA powders are a certain remedy for sick headaches."

The above may be obtained from all Druggists in CANADA and the UNITED STATES. Wholesale of LYMAN, SONS &amp; CO., MONTREAL.

## THE BENALLACK

LITHOGRAPHING AND PRINTING CO.,

151 Craig Street,

MONTREAL.

## W. &amp; F. P. CURRIE &amp; CO.,

100 GREY NIN STREET,

MONTREAL.

Importers of Drain Pipes (Scott), Portland Cement,

CUNNEY TONS, ROMAN CEMENT, ST. LINGON, CA. CEMENT, FIRE BRICKS, WATER LIME, PLASTER OF PARIS, FIRE CLAY, BORAX.

Whiting, China Clay,

MANUFACTURERS OF BRICKS, STEEL SOFA, CHAIR and BED SPRINGS.

## ENGLISH HAIR BROOMS,

ENGLISH SHOE SETS, TRAVELLING SHOE SETS.

Put up in neat wood boxes, only 25c. ULLY'S BRUSH WORKS, 56 VICTORIA SQUARE.

Carpet Sweepers repaired. Bell Telephone, 2740.

## GRANT'S PATENT SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES

PROF. SAMUEL S. GRANT, 1st Honors Diploma, Ophthalmic College, N.Y.

Spectacles and Eyeglasses fitted to the sight by new and scientific methods. Eyes carefully and delicately tested. No extra charges. Difficult optical work and oculist prescriptions executed exact. HENRY GRANT &amp; SON, Ophthalmic Opticians, 72 BEAVER HALL COR. DORCHESTER ST.

## ROOFING!

Sparham Fire-proof Roofing Cement Co. The Sparham Cement Roof is the only roof that has given perfect satisfaction and stood the test of our climate for the past twelve years. All other cement roofs have been failures.

CAUTION. The Sparham Cement Company hereby warns the public against all cement roofs—except the original—Fire-proof Sparham Cement. The Sparham Company warns the public against all roofs made by different roofer-called Sparham—as being spurious.

The only roofers in Montreal and vicinity who are supplied with the real article and patented by this Company are Messrs. Campbell &amp; Co., the agents in Montreal.

GUARANTEE. All roofs laid by Campbell &amp; Co. have the guarantee of the Sparham Company, which has \$50,000 capital paid up—a substantial guarantee—not on paper.

ROOFS. Roofs laid in Montreal with our cement TEN YEARS ago are as good to-day as when laid and have had no repairs. For further information and testimonials apply head office, 55 St. James Street, Montreal.

C. E. MALBY, Sec.-Treas. Agents appointed throughout the Dominion and the United States.

## HELLEBORE. HELLEBORE.

CATERPILLARS. CATERPILLARS. Have your Currants and Gooseberries. Use PURE WHITE HELLEBORE. For sale at the GLASGOW DRUG HALL.

HOMOEOPATHY.—The subscriber has a full stock of Medicines and Books always on hand.

ORANGE BLOSSOM.—The Great Remedy for all Female Complaints. A fresh supply just received. Country orders promptly filled.

J. A. HARTE, DRUGGIST, 1780 NOTRE DAME STREET.

Bell Telephone 1190. Federal Telephone 554.

GORDON BROS., 39 Beaver Hall, Hill Montreal.

REPAIRING AND RECOVERING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

EDWARD EARL &amp; CO.

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR NEW PREMISES, 69 BLEURY STREET.

and have on hand a good stock of MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES AND POSTS.

—IN— GRANITE AND MARBLE.

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

EDWARD EARL &amp; CO., 69 BLEURY STREET.

Encaustic, Embossed, Plain Glazed and Unglazed Tiles for Hearths, Bath-rooms and Vestibules, &amp;c.

ESTIMATES GIVEN.

W. I. FENWICK, (Member Montreal Stock Exchange.) STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, etc. dealt in for cash or on margin. AGENT FOR J. H. HERBERT &amp; CO., Commission Merchants, of Chicago.

Grain, Pork, Lard, etc. etc. bought and sold for delivery or on margin. P.O. Box 613. Bell Telephone, 1578.

MRS. C. GUERIN, DRESSMAKING, Ladies' and Children's Underwear, etc., 61 BLEURY STREET.

ALL KINDS FANCY WORK. Ladies' Own Materials made up on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.

GARTH &amp; CO., DOMINION METAL WORKS

536 to 542 Craig Street, MONTREAL.

Have always on hand a full and complete stock of CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, GLOBES.

TABLE AND PORTABLE LIGHTS, SHADES AND BURNERS.

Of the Latest Patterns and Designs.

COMMERCIAL PRINTING! BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, CIRCULARS, ENVELOPES, &amp;c.

Executed promptly, in the best manner and at lowest prices.

WM. TECTOR, STATIONER, PRINTER AND BOOKBINDER, 53 St. Francois Xavier street, MONTREAL.

PHOTO-ENGRAVING Executed in the best style, at moderate cost and without delay, by JOHN DOUGLAS &amp; SON, 177 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

PLEASE NOTE THE NEW ADDRESS OF THE COMMERCIAL PRINTING HOUSE, 1791 Notre Dame Street, (Corner of St. Peter.)

We are now in running order again and ready to receive orders for all kinds of Book and Job Printing for prompt delivery.

J. THEO. ROBINSON.

IF YOU WANT HAND OF ROPE SUPPLIES SEND TO THE CALES TEMPERANCE DEPOSITORY, 247 Guy Street, Montreal.

OTTAWA RIVER  
NAVIGATION COMPANY.

DAILY MAIL LINE BETWEEN MONTREAL AND OTTAWA AND CALEDONIA SPRINGS.

Passengers take \$5.00 a m. train daily for Lachine to connect with steamer for Ottawa and intermediate ports.

DAY EXCURSIONS BY PALACE STEAMERS: SOVEREIGN to Caledonia and back, \$4.25. Saturdays, \$1. SHOOT THE RAPIDS: Ste. Anne's—Take 1.40 p.m. train daily; on Saturday, 1.30 p.m. C.P.R., 2.15 p.m. G.T.R. Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Take 5 p.m. train to Lachine, Round Trip, 50c. Tickets at 174 and 143 St. James street, Grand Trunk Office and Windsor and Montreal Hotels.

MARKET STEAMERS.—Steamer MAUDE for Brown's Wharf, Ac. Tuesdays and Fridays, 6.30 p.m. Steamer PEACOCK for Caledonia, Ac. For Excursion, charter to SHERRINGHAM PARK, ILE PERROT, Popular saloon Rte. Prince of Wales. Apply Head Office, 55 Common street, Montreal.

R. W. SHEPHERD, JR., Manager.

## RICHELIEU &amp; ONTARIO

NAVIGATION COMPANY. 1890—SEASON—1890.

The following steamers will run as under and call at the usual intermediate ports:—

Steamers QUEBEC and MONTREAL will leave Montreal daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 p.m.

To TORONTO—Commencing Monday, 2nd June, leave daily (Sundays excepted), at 10 a.m., from Lachine at 12.30 p.m., from Coteau Landing at 6.30 p.m.

To the SAGINAW—Commencing about 1st May, leave Quebec every Tuesday and Friday at 7.30 a.m., and from 29th June to 15th September, four times a week Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

To CORNWALL—Steamer BOHEMIAN every Tuesday and Friday at noon.

To THREE RIVERS—Every Tuesday and Friday at 1 p.m.

To ROCHESTERVILLE, VALENCE, VERCHERES and BOUT DE L'ISLE—Daily (Sundays excepted), per steamer TERREBONNE at 2.30 p.m. Saturdays at 2.30 p.m.

LONGUEUIL FERRY—From Longueuil, 5 a.m. and every subsequent hour. From Montreal, commencing at 6.30 a.m.; last trip, 5.30 p.m. See time table.

To LAPOSTOLLE—From May 26th to 1st September, leave Montreal, 6.30 a.m., noon, 4 and 6.15 p.m., 4 times a week, and on Tuesdays and Fridays, 6 a.m., 9 a.m., noon and 4 and 6.15 p.m.

EXCURSIONS—Commencing Saturday, May 3rd, by steamer TERREBONNE, every Saturday at 2.30 p.m., for Vercheres.

For all information apply at Company's Ticket Office, 1361 St. James street, Windsor Hotel, Balmoral Hotel, Canal Basin and Richelieu Pier.

ALEX. MILLOY, JULIEN CHAROT, Traf. Man. Gen. Man., Montreal.

## Professional.

JOHN MCINTYRE, NAVAL ARCHITECT AND MARINE SURVEYOR.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MARINE ENGINE REPAIRS.

Telephone 869. P. O. Box 1233. 25 BLEURY STREET, MONTREAL.

## MACLAREN, LEET, SMITH &amp; SMITH,

ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &amp;c., &amp;c., 162 St. James Street, Montreal.

JOHN J. MACLAREN, Q.C. | R. C. SMITH, B.C.L. | R. C. SMITH, B.C.L. | R. C. SMITH, B.C.L.

BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS.

Telephone No. 1233. No. 12 Place d'Armes square.

GEORGE H. BURROUGHS, | W. HERBERT BURROUGHS

## Builders and Carpenters.

MATT JANNARD &amp; SONS, CARPENTERS, CABINETMAKERS, ETC., Keys Fitted, Double Windows put up, Furniture Repaired.

HOUSE JOINING OF ALL KINDS. All orders promptly attended to at Moderate prices Office and Store Victoria, 55 Metcalfe street.

R. G. SALLOWAY, CARPENTER AND JOINER, has removed his shop from corner of Sherbrooke and Bleury streets to 41 MANCIE, NEAR ONTARIO STREET, and his residence from 235 Bleury to 17 HERCULET STREET.

Mr. Salloway desires to thank the public for past patronage, hoping that good and careful work may secure a continuance and increase of same.

## BLINDS. BLINDS. BLINDS.

We are prepared to make contracts for the repairing, painting and putting on of BLINDS. We make a specialty of VENETIAN BLINDS, furnishing new tapes and cords when necessary. We do every kind of house and all kinds of blind work to order; and are within call by Bell Telephone 651, any hour up to 10 p.m. daily.

HART &amp; CO., Contractors, Carpenters, &amp;c., &amp;c., 17 D'AMOUR STREET.

Paints, Oils, &amp;c.

J. GRACE, 51 University St., House and Sign Painter and Paper Hanger.

All orders promptly attended to. KEEPS IN STOCK ASPHALT &amp; DEVOIS ENAMEL PAINTS. Estimates given for new work.

As also an assortment of Prepared Paints ready for use Gold and Plain Wall Papers, Window Glass, Glue, Paint Brushes, Paris Green, Malachite and Vermilion, which he sells at the Lowest Market Prices.

JAMES KIMBER &amp; SON, TINTING, PAPERHANGING, PAINTING, &amp;c. Estimates given for new work.

5 MCGILL COLLEGE AVENUE. Bell Telephone 421.

E. T. HOUGHTON, 53 BLEURY STREET Dealer in Hardware, Paints, Oils, Colors, Glass, Brushes, &amp;c.

House and Office Painting, Paper-hanging, Calomining, &amp;c., promptly attended to. Estimates furnished.

H. A. MILLER, HOUSE, SIGN AND WINDOW SHADE PAINTER, PAPER HANGER AND DECORATOR, GILDING, GRASSING, GLAZING, WHITE WASHING, &amp;c. 196 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

CENTS FOR SALE AT THE "WITNESS" OFFICE.



## REFORD'S AGENCIES.

DONALDSON LINE, WEEKLY GLASGOW SERVICE.

Sailing from Montreal every WEDNESDAY Mornng. 8.30 tons, 4th June, 4th July. 8.30 tons, 11th June, 11th July. 8.30 tons, 18th June, 18th July. 8.30 tons, 25th June, 25th July. Glasgow Agents:—Donaldson Bros, 165 St. Vincent st.

## THOMSON LINE.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE SERVICE.

## Weekly Calendar.

TUESDAY, JUNE 3rd.

## Committee Meeting.

ALDERMAN

G. W. STEPHENS'

HEADQUARTERS COMMITTEE ROOM

-18 AT-

172-BLEURY STREET-172

Open every day from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.  
Friends wishing to assist will please call.

## ART ASSOCIATION

F. MONTREAL.

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Continued a few days longer. MILLET'S great Picture

"THE ANGELUS."

And a collection of fine Paintings by CONSTABLE, COBURN, D'AGAN, BOYER, DAUBIGNY, DELACROIX, DIAZ, RAY, DUPRE, TROYON, MONTICELLI, ROUSSEAU, and others.

Admission, 50c; Children under 12, 25c.

Special Tickets for Schools and Convents can be had at the Gallery.

9 a.m. to 6 p.m. 8 to 10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4th.

## THE MONTHLY MEETING OF

MOTHERS will be held in the Y. W. C. A. rooms, 102, Metcalfe street, on WEDNESDAY, 4th June, at 3.30 p.m.  
All mothers are cordially invited to attend.

## ST. MARY'S DIVISION.

## A GRAND PUBLIC MEETING

of the ENGLISH-SPEAKING ELECTORS of St. Mary's Division will be held on

WEDNESDAY NEXT, 4th inst., at 8 p.m.,

Corner of Dorchester and Papineau Roads.  
Admission, 50c; Children under 12, 25c.  
All invited to attend.

## CANADA CONGREGATIONAL

WOMEN'S BOARD OF MISSIONS.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Board will be held in

CALVARY CHURCH.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

4th and 5th June.

Sessions will begin at 8.30 and 2 o'clock.  
Public meetings in the evening, at which MISS MARY PORTER, Missionary from China, will give addresses.  
The public cordially invited to all the sessions.

## FUTURE MEETINGS.

## CALL TO PRAYER

In view of the approaching elections all members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of the Province of Quebec are requested to observe

TUESDAY, the 10th day of June,

as a day of special Prayer, saying:  
1st. That voters may be wisely guided in their choice of candidates.  
2nd. That those who are elected may be true to their promise of supporting any prohibitory measure that may be brought before the House.  
3rd. That the time may soon come when the sale of liquor shall be no longer under the protection of law.

ELIZABETH MIDDLETON,

Hon. President.

ELLEN G. FOSTER,

President Dom. W. C. T. U.

MARY E. SANDERSON,

President Que. Prov. W. C. T. U.

J. E. DUGGALL,

Pres. Sup. Special Calls to Prayer.

Montreal, May 29, 1890.

## THE OTHER SIDE

OF MR. DUCHESNE'S AFFAIRS—HE DENIES ON HIS PART ALLEGATIONS CONCERNING SEQUESTRATION OF HIS ESTATE.

With reference to the contestation of the bill of Mr. L. B. Durocher, proprietor of the *Richelieu Hotel*, published in the *Witness* a few days ago, we are requested by that gentleman to deny in toto the charges contained therein. In the first place, as regards not having kept his books regularly since May last previous, Mr. Durocher declares that the books were kept in exactly the same manner as before. Mr. Durocher also states that the allegation that he should have had \$8,181.90 cash assets, is false, as the amount of \$800 which he retained was the only cash balance in his hands. The different cheques mentioned as having been given to his sister, he declares to have been counted twice, as they simply represent the cash amounts paid to her at disbursements mentioned in the contestation, and these cash amounts were due to Miss Durocher in virtue of an acknowledgment of salary due handed over to her five years ago. The \$500 paid to his brother Isaac was simply borrowed money. The charge of having several thousand dollars' worth of jewellery in his possession, held by him as security for hotel bills, Mr. Durocher also denies absolutely, and says it is without any foundation.

With respect to the water heater, said to be worth nearly \$2,000, he says there is a slight mistake, as it must have been taken for the heating apparatus of the whole building, while it served only for heating the water of the bathroom, and is now worth about two dollars and a half as old iron.

Mr. Durocher says that he will satisfactorily substantiate all of the above statements when examined in open court on the 11th inst.

## TRUE BILLS.

The Grand Jury have returned these true bills: Elizabeth Giroux, larceny; Michael Guilford, perjury; Edward Preston, perjury; Arthur Cyril and Edmund Vallieres, larceny; Charles Brown, alias "Little Horse," robbery; Richard S. Haley, alias Louis Albert Napoleon Bonaparte, attempted murder; Alvin Kille, perjury; Andie Emery Kille, refusing to provide; Francisco Vitelli, murder; Pierre Audet, Charles Boncher, Alphonse Letellier, and Narcisse St. Pierre, witness; Napoleon Girouard and William Goupil, larceny; Jean Baptiste de Lorde, libel.

When arraigned Elizabeth Giroux pleaded guilty of stealing a pair of boots from her employer, but on his intercession sentence was suspended.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS.  
Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contracts on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.  
With large type or cuts, 25c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising types. Special contract rates.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$3.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00, with reduction to clubs. Northern Messenger, \$3.00; 12 copies to one address, \$2.25; 20, \$4.00; 50, \$10.50; 100, \$20.

## "WITNESS" AGENCIES.

For the convenience of ladies and other readers of the *Witness* the following agencies have been established where domestic and want advertisements generally will be received at the same rate as at the *Witness* Office, viz.: twenty words for ten cents, each insertion:—  
W. Drysdale & Co.'s, Uplown Branch, 2363 St. Catherine street, West.  
Richard Turner, grocer, 605 Wellington street, Point St. Charles.  
John Gilliland, 43 Erie street East End.  
Thos. Cathcart, Grocer, 229 and 231 Craig street.  
Subscriptions for the *Daily* and *Weekly Witness* also received at these agencies.

## The Daily Witness.

TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1890.

THE UNITED STATES CENSUS has been fairly begun, and if it can be carried through on the lines laid down by the law it will be the most elaborate and minute measuring of a nation ever undertaken. From a Canadian standpoint, perhaps the most important feature of this census is, that for the first time a distinction is to be made between Canadians of British and of French descent in the Republic and the nature of the movement of people from the provinces to the States, will, therefore, be fully elucidated. The people are inclined to rebel against the information asked for in regard to their family relations, their illnesses, diseases and states of health, and their indebtedness, when secured by their farms and dwellings. Such statistics, if people could be persuaded to give them willingly and accurately, would be of great use, but they will not be given correctly and partial returns will only be misleading.

IT WAS A GOOD IDEA to turn out the Cadet corps and give the Duke of Connaught an idea of the manner of men that Canada is to have, and give the lads a part which they will never forget in receiving the soldier Prince, who may, in time, be the commander-in-chief of the armies of the Empire, if that office be not abolished. There is another reason for commending this display of youthful military enthusiasm. Canada is a country which needs few but lads to carry arms. Its men, one and all, are required to develop her great wealth and natural resources, and the bone and sinew of the country is employed for productive, not destructive, services. This blessing, for which Canadians can never be too thankful, is so much a part of our national condition, that we ourselves and our guests are apt to forget it, and such reminders as that which the spectacle on the parade ground yesterday afforded, are instructive for both Canadians and their visitors.

THE AMERICAN TRUNK LINES, through the Central Traffic Association, appear to be determined to fight the Canadian Pacific for the Chicago traffic until that corporation has been sufficiently humbled to make it quite willing to obey the mandates of the Association. The rates on westbound grain have been reduced by ten percent, as one very decided step in that direction. The effects of this reduction on the traffic, and of the further reductions which are sure to follow if this fails, will help to determine what percentage of freight will at the close of the war be permitted to the Canadian Pacific. The Interstate Commerce Act, by forbidding pooling, was expected to put an end to these rate wars, and also to the division of traffic, upon a basis that prevents the natural advantages of one route over another from having their due effect, but strong as the law is, it has failed in this. The American trunk roads have made the out in rates at a time when it will injuriously affect the lake shipping interest more than it will the railways themselves. The war promises to be a prolonged one, for as long as they do not get too much freight to carry at a loss the railways can "fight it out on this line if it takes all summer."

## REPORTS REGARDING THE NORTH-WEST.

The Canadian Pacific Railway officials who are responsible for the despatches concerning the crop prospects in the North-West should visit the Corn Exchange immediately on the publication of their reports. They would learn how little credence is given to despatches emanating from people who are under such temptation to color things out of regard for the supposed interests of the company and, doubtless, of the country. The report published yesterday, though so far as we know there is nothing except its source to discredit it, was regarded by everyone so far as we could discern as untrustworthy. So far as such reports have any influence at all now, it seems to be in the way of suggesting doubts whether all is going well. Why should such reports be published, it is said, unless

there is something wrong, the effect of which upon the interests of the company, unless offset in some way, is likely to be bad. Disingenuous reports may serve for a time, but in the long run they bring disaster. Napoleon the Great, who seems to be the type which certain financiers, railway managers and other business men are most fond of regarding themselves as being moulded after, systematically wrote lying bulletins concerning his reverses. He and all his admirers thought his course was justified by his successes after publishing such falsehoods. They did not wait to see what the end would be. History records how little lying bulletins served one of the greatest of men, who died a miserable, whining wreck in exile. His lies had served him after the fashion of lies. The Canadian North-West is not a paradise, but it is one of the most fertile countries on the face of the earth. It has disadvantages in the respect of climate. But it is capable of becoming a land of millions of prosperous people. Some political, commercial, and industrial changes are necessary before the North-West can become as wealthy as nature meant it to be. It needs free trade, railways economically administered in the interest of the people of the country and not of the people of other countries, and of through freights, its lands distributed among cultivators at the mere cost of distribution by the Government, and a greater population of genuine workers who are not in a hurry to be rich at the expense of outsiders. Mere speculation in lands, mines, railways, steamship routes, corner lots and all sorts of wild schemes, will have to be killed out and people be content to settle down to honest every day work. A solidly prosperous North-West will then be a reality.

## THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

The proceedings at the annual meeting of Bank of Montreal, which is to Canada in some respects what the Bank of England is to the United Kingdom, are always looked forward to as of importance to the financial and commercial world. This year they are, though important, somewhat less interesting than usual. The year has not been a prosperous one either for commercial men or for the farming community, though some manufacturers and importers have profited by the higher prices which have ruled in Great Britain, where the year has been one of great prosperity. Under these circumstances the manager and directors of the bank are not inclined to go very minutely into the history of the year's operations, though their frank record is all that is really necessary. It is not encouraging, and no attempt is made to predict as to the future. Last year's predictions were, as the General Manager pointed out, favorable, and though well founded at the time they proved to be utterly fallacious. A few sentences of Mr. Buchanan, the General Manager of the Bank, should be well weighed by every business man. He said:

It is hardly necessary to state, what all business people must know, that the past year has been an exceptionally trying one both to the farming and the commercial community. The opening of last spring gave bright promises, but the autumn brought no fulfillment. With the exception of the Lower Provinces, the harvest was a great disappointment, collections were necessarily poor (particularly in the North-West), small failures were numerous, many of our customers made heavy losses, and it was necessary to reduce our commercial loans without causing great inconvenience, and most likely doing serious injury to those dependent on us. We have, however, been able to give all the assistance necessary to meet any reasonable demands without unduly cramping our customers.

These sentences concerning last year's business should be read in connection with his closing remarks upon next year's prospects: "It is not my intention to trespass on your time by giving a general trade review for the past year. That has been and probably will be, done by others; nor shall I attempt to prophesy as to the future. The mercantile community know that, owing to the failure of the harvest, payments have been bad, business poor, and small failures numerous. It is to be hoped better things are in store for us this year; otherwise the consequences will almost assuredly be serious. These quiet words constitute a more significant warning against over expansion than a long harangue on the necessity of caution would do. The shareholders have reason to be satisfied with the directorate and management, inasmuch as, in spite of the unprosperous year, the earnings of this great institution have been almost as great as those of last year, and nearly up to the average of the last three years. Preparations of a most effective character have been or are about to be made against trouble or difficulty during the year just entered upon. The position of the bank is a strong one. The reserve of six millions is, of course, maintained, the sum carried to profit and loss account amounts to about eight hundred thousand dollars, and had not a new reserve fund of two hundred thousand been established this balance would have been in the neighborhood of a million of dollars. This policy of constantly increasing the virtual capital of the bank at the expense of the dividends is not popular with shareholders and speculators, but it is, perhaps, one to be commended in the interests of the public.

## RAIN IMPROVES THE CROPS.

St. Paul, June 3.—More heavy rain fell on Sunday and Monday in parts of Dakota and Minnesota, and the reports of good results to crops are general. It is believed more rain has fallen this year in one week than fell during all last season. In many localities what for five years have been dry hollows are now small lakes and ponds, and this report is very common. With heavy rain and plenty of sun an extra wheat crop is assured.

## "HIP, HIP, HIP! HURRAH!"

FOR THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AND HIS DAUGHTER.

CHEERS FULL OF BRITISH HEARTINESS FROM CANADIAN THROATS—A TOO ENTHUSIASTICALLY LOYAL CROWD AT THE CHAMP DE MARS—OUR FIRE BRIGADE AT ITS BEST—OUR CHARACTERISTIC POLICE LAXITY—THE CANADIAN CADETS REVIEWED—A DAY OF REJOICING.

A crowd is patient. A Montreal crowd is also good humored. While waiting for what it comes out to see, it is willing to amuse itself with what it did not come out to see. Yesterday, on the Champ de Mars, the crowd waited to see the son and daughter-in-law of its sovereign, and amused itself in the meantime. The crowd was supposed to be "roped in" by a squad of "the finest," but it was not roped in. There was not enough rope for every one, and the crowd would break through, despite shoves and threats. It was estimated as a 10,000 crowd. The small boy was there in full force; he climbed the historic poplars; he ran across the Champ de Mars in chase of the big dog, and the policemen chased small boy and big dog alike.

The crowd was cosmopolitan. The reverend father was there in his flowing robes of black, to see the son of the monarch of the greatest Protestant empire the sun ever shone upon. Colonel Stevenson was there, with a pansy in his button-hole and a superior gold-headed cane. There were about as sunlit as a youth of fifteen; he complained, and very properly, to Chief Hughes, of the bad way the crowd was kept.

"Oh," replied the Chief, "that's all very good. I've got seventy men here. It's not enough. Besides, I don't get any orders."

"BAH!" replied the Colonel, "the Chief of Police ought to know what to do in such cases without any orders."

The Chairman of the Police Committee approached. "Alderman Jeanotte," said the Colonel, "why don't you have the people kept back. I feel like sending for just 150 feet more rope to hang somebody with. As if the City of Montreal couldn't furnish rope for this," and the Colonel turned away in disdain.

The Chief sent for ten more men. They stretched a rope. It broke and the wildest confusion prevailed. The windows of the Court house were alive with faces. Judges and lawyers forgot their robes for the moment and looked eagerly for the Royal party. The brigade had begun to arrive by this time. The original intention of bringing it all upon the Champ de Mars by the Duchess sounding an alarm had to be abandoned owing to the crowd, it being found that an accident might occur before the Duchess's arrival, and ranged in order, steamers, extension ladders, salvage wagons and hose reels, the engines at the west and the hose reels at the east end of the plateau. Some of the apparatus had been "decorated" with a touch of decoration other than the burnished brass, nickel or bright paint looked by far the best. One engine had a thing that looked like an immense cabbage stuck on top. A reel was covered with

TEN CENTS FLAGS, CHIEFLY AMERICAN AND FRENCH.

"The Chief should make them take those things out," was the remark. The saluting point, where an alarm box had been erected, was in rear of the Court house at the east end, just at the foot of the steps. The City Hall, with the alarm office in the City Hall tower, was on the side opposite, near the Drill Hall.

A space had been "roped off" for the visitors in rear of the Court house, but it was filled up by the crowd, before the Royal party arrived. Acting Mayor Stephen, three or four daughters at 4.15. The ladies were in elegant costumes. Miss May Stephens carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley, which she afterwards presented to the Duchess, who accepted them gracefully, and introduced the young lady to her Royal Highness. The Duchess, who had hardly got out of the carriage, in the situation when Lieut. Col. Houghton, D.A.G., and Mrs. Houghton drove up. The crowd appeared determined to monopolize the Champ de Mars. The Mayor felt that he must do something. He expostulated and called upon the police.

It was now 4.45 by the City Hall clock. The crowd was getting impatient. The Acting Mayor and Ald. Stevenson amused themselves by opening the Gamewell alarm box to see if it was all right. There was a murmur at the west end of the Champ de Mars. It grew into a roar.

"HERE THEY COME," was the exclamation, and the Prince, Princess, Lady Stephen and Sir George Stephen drove up, followed by Sir John McNeill, and Mr. and Mrs. Cayave. The roar subsided into a hush as the carriages stopped. Col. Crawford, waving his hat, called lustily for three cheers for their Royal Highnesses. The cheers were forthcoming, with a good hearty roar. The Prince stepped out of the carriage. He looked pleased. So did Her Royal Highness. The paleness of her cheeks—quite noticeable in the morning at the depot, after the long and tiresome journey—had quite disappeared, the roses were manifest through her gown. Prince Arthur wore the same suit as at the depot. He placed himself with Sir George Stephen, Ald. Stevenson, as Chairman of the Fire Committee and the Acting Mayor, in front of the royal carriage. The ladies kept their seats. The brigade got in motion again. The Chief, driving his buggy, came along and saluted; so did the sub chiefs. The massive engines slowly trundled past, each drawn by three magnificent steeds. The "chemicals" followed, the coal wagons, the Hayes, Skinner, Dorval and Langevin ladders, the hook and ladder trucks, the salvage wagons, the reels, double and single.

THERE WAS A HITCH.

Number one hose reel nearly got foul of the supply wagon in consequence, right opposite the Prince. The whole procession came to a standstill, despite Ald. Stevenson's energetic efforts to get on. Finally they moved on and the extension ladders were drawn into the centre of the ground. In the interval before the "pass at a gallop," Mr. Fred. Perry sauntered in front. His absent-mindedness was well known. He had his hands in his pockets, his broad hat on one side. He was evidently absorbed with the movements of the brigade. The first of past years were in his brain.

"TAKE YOUR HANDS OUT OF YOUR POCKETS, PERRY."

came a stage whisper, heard half across the Champ de Mars. Mr. Perry started. He remembered the Prince and the rest of the distinguished company, he took out his hands, he moved to one side with the rest.

The signal for passing at the double came. The Chief and sub Chief went by. On came the massive engines at the wildest speed, clouds of dust, despite the efforts of the Road Department's water carts, in their wake. Each vehicle passed like a flash, and one could not help thinking of a Roman chariot race. The helmets and the big sleek fiery horses gave it that appearance. The Prince evidently enjoyed it. He looked at the clouds of dust smilingly. Interest lit up his bronzed countenance, and his eyes followed each vehicle as it thundered past. Each received its special cheer, but when

CAPT. BECKINGHAM WITH HIS SALVAGE CORPS flashed by, the reins loose upon the necks of the two magnificent blacks from No. 2, the cheering was at its loudest. The Duke was seen to turn to Col. Stevenson and compliment him. "He told the Colonel that he never remembered seeing better horses, especially those two fine blacks." It was evident that all of Montreal there present thought with the Duke.

The dust subsided. The apparatus got into position again. The horses had been taken out of the four extension ladders. The signal to start was given. The Skinner men bore away the palm, they had their ladder up a few seconds ahead of the Hayes, Dorval and Langevin men. The Prince was introduced to Chief Benoit. The Prince said he saw the Chief going to the High School first that morning. He congratulated the Chief on the appearance of the men. "What would you do if a fire broke out now?" asked His Royal Highness. "We should have to wait for them to send us an alarm here," replied the Chief. "Do you have any apparatus on the ground?" "Do you have any fire?" asked the Prince. "Yes, we had two this morning, one at the High School and one up St. Lawrence Main street."

THE GALLANT COLONEL AND THE PRINCESS.

By this time the Princess had been handed out of her carriage by the gallant colonel. He took off his hat. "You are an old gentleman, Colonel, pray keep on your hat," she said. The Colonel bowed again, smiled and covered his head. Who would not, when bidden by a princess?

The Colonel opened the Gamewell box which rings on opening. The Duchess and Duke both looked closely into the mechanism. The Duchess pulled down the look. The alarm flashed up to the City Hall tower. In a few seconds the gong opposite sounded. Three cheers rushed from the eastern to the western end of the Champ de Mars. The hose was laid in a moment, the men mounted the ladders, the water was turned on, and then—there was an impromptu shower which nearly drenched the Royal party. It was not the men's fault however. If they had turned their stream towards the Craig street they would have drenched the bystanders. The only course was to turn them across the Champ de Mars, the wind gave the streams a sudden twist, with the above result. The Duchess put up her sunshade. The Duke, nearly wet through, took it good naturedly as did the rest. The top of the carriage was hoisted, but the stream soon stopped.

The review was over. But before the Royal party could get into their carriages, the police gave way. The crowd rushed in from all sides.

AN OLD VETERAN WITH MEDAL

shook the Prince's hand and said he remembered him 30 years ago. Others crowded up. A big man pushed his way to the Prince and seized his hand. The Prince naturally felt and looked annoyed. The police, who had all the while been watching the crowd, saw their mistake and taking hold of guests and intruders alike tried to thrust them aside. There was a struggle comparable to a scuffle on Epsom Downs on Derby day. The Prince and party were hustled. Finally enough space was cleared to let the visitors pass their carriages, where they drove off amid cheers.

A *Witness* reporter expostulated with Chief Hughes afterwards. "Well," said the Chief, "the people wanted to see the Prince and Princess, they didn't want to be roped in. I think the people were perfectly right."

The flag on the Provincial Government building, St. Gabriel Hill, was old, threadbare, blown into strips. It might have been a new one without a charge of extravagance against the Government.

The Royal party had quite a drive of it to the grounds of the Montreal Athletic Association at the West-End of Montreal. They were to inspect the cadets and see a lacrosse match.

THE CADETS REVIEWED.

The drive was done in quick time, "however, and to the sound of soft, light music, and amid the plaudits of a large and fashionable crowd, the Royal party were introduced to M.A.A.A. grounds at six o'clock on Monday afternoon. A special box or enclosure had been prepared for them, in the centre of the stand, affording immediate command of the grounds. Handsome chairs, in crushed strawberry plush upholstery; a little table and a vase filled with fresh roses, agreeably suggested the elegance of a drawing room. The M.A.A.A. accessories of a drawing room, the elegant M.A.A.A. things by halves. They knew a British flag from an American one any time. The Royal Standard waved from the flagstaff of the rooms. Dozens of Union Jacks fluttered gaily in the evening breeze. There was a "Welcome" over the door in unmistakable English capitals. When the Royal feet pressed the carpet laid from the door to the stand that was a British cheer that went up from a thousand throats. When the band played the opening bars of "God Save the Queen," that was a splendidly British "HIP, HIP, HURRAH!" that shook the air as the Royal party took their seats. Mr. Nelson, ex-President of the Montreal Lacrosse Club, looked as fresh as if he had been laid up for about fortnight, paper and lavender for about fortnight, and had just been taken out for momentary view. His cheeks were like twin roses. His coat fitted him like a mould. His gloves were of the latest aesthetic shade. A delicate lily of the valley adorned his button hole. Mr. McIndoe, the present President, in tawny black frock coat, light tan gloves and boutonniere, felt the bigness of the moment. These two gentlemen received the Royal party, and, hats in hands, escorted them to their seats. Accompanying the Duke and Duchess of Connaught were General McNeill, Captain and Mrs. Cayave, Sir George Stephen, Lady Stephen, Acting Mayor Stephen, Mrs. Houghton, and Miss Stephens, Lieut. Col. Houghton and Mrs. Houghton. The Prince stood most of the time chatting to Sir George Stephen and the Acting Mayor, and he listened with much interest to Lieut. Col. Houghton's description of the various corps and regiments, standing at "attention," and waiting to be reviewed. The Duchess was quiet, but her eyes brightened when the red and white man struggled for supremacy on the lacrosse field. Lady Stephen sat at her right and engaged her in conversation. The Duchess speaks English with a marked accent. Everybody knows that the ex-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, the Hon. Peter Mitchell, is overflowing with goodnature. He has the notion, however, that cynicism becomes him; and so, when the Hon. Peter, in a grey business suit, sauntered carelessly into the royal box, with that upper lip in a little curl, most different, it was felt that

THE THIRD PARTY WAS QUITE IN CHARACTER.

The Prince received him heartily, and within two minutes Peter was talking to the Princess as calmly and matter-of-course as if he had known her for years. All the men, of course, felt sick with envy. Amid all the ceremony which hedges in a prince, that was a beautiful little touch of human nature towards the crowd, when the smallest boy in the High School Cadets, marching up to the Royal pair with a soldierly air, and presenting the Duchess with a handsome bouquet of lilies of the valley, was cordially shaken by the hand by the Royal lady, clapped on the back in a loud, manly way by the Prince, and cheered to the echo by the grand stand.

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

BUT WHERE IS THE REFORM?

A complete list of the victims of the Longue Pointe asylum horror shows that some ninety-five persons were burned or are still missing. It was a terrible price to pay for reform in the management of provincial lunatic asylums in Quebec.—*Montreal (N. B.) Transcript.*

## THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS YESTERDAY AFTER-NOON.

THE REPORT FOR THE YEAR—SIR DONALD SMITH AND GENERAL MANAGER BUCHANAN DELIVER ADDRESSES—THE STATE OF TRADE—THE FUTURE PROSPECTS.

The seventy-second annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Montreal was held at the head office, in this city, at one o'clock yesterday afternoon. Among those present were: Sir Donald Smith, president; the Hon. George A. Drummond, vice-president; the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, Messrs. Gilbert Scott, Hugh McLennan, W. C. McDonald, A. T. Paterson, E. B. Greenfield, Robert Anderson, H. Montagu Allan, John Crawford, Jesse Joseph, Gilman Cheney, George Macrae, Q.C., J. Alex. Strath, A. W. Hooper, A. C. Clark, W. G. Murray, James O'Brien, J. Philip Scott, the Hon. D. A. McDonald, J. H. E. Meleau, John McDonald, John Morrison, Robert Henry, Hector Mackenzie, James Tinker, L. J. Forges, William Herring, (Quebec), F. S. Lyman, W. H. Meredith, James Moore, G. F. C. Smith, Campbell Lane, John Dunlop, Q.C., John Grant, Frank Caverhill and Gordon Strachan.

On motion of Mr. Robert Anderson, Sir Donald Smith, K.C.M.G., was requested to take the chair.

Mr. George Macrae, Q.C., moved, seconded by Mr. Gilman Cheney:

That the following gentlemen be appointed to act as scrutineers:—Messrs. F. S. Lyman and W. H. Meredith, and that Mr. A. Brock Buchanan be secretary of the meeting.

Carried.

THE DIRECTORS' ANNUAL REPORT.

The President then called upon the General Manager, Mr. W. J. Buchanan, to read the annual report of the directors, which was as follows:—

The directors beg to present the seventy-second annual report, showing the result of the Bank's business for the year ended 30th April, 1890:

|                                                                                                                                                 |                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 30th April, 1889.....                                                                                       | \$ 817,417.58  |
| Less reserved for rebate on bills discount of current.....                                                                                      | 200,000.00     |
| Profit for the year ended 30th April, 1890 after deducting charges of management, and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts..... | \$1,377,311.32 |
| Dividend, 5 percent, paid Decem-ber, 1889.....                                                                                                  | \$1,924,728.85 |
| Dividend, 5 percent, payable 1st June, 1890.....                                                                                                | 600,000.00     |
|                                                                                                                                                 | \$1,200,000.00 |

Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward.....

\$ 794,728.85

The principal feature in the annexed statements as compared with those of last year is the falling off in the deposits, caused chiefly by large withdrawals of Government moneys. The amount carried forward at credit of Profit and Loss Account is somewhat less than last year; but it will be observed that \$200,000 have been appropriated to provide for rebate on bills under discount, in accordance with the recommendation adopted at the annual meeting last June.

Beyond these two points there is nothing in the statements calling for special mention or remark.

As indicated in the last annual report a commodious and substantial building has been erected on the corner of St. Catherine and Mansfield streets in this city for occupation by the West End branch of the bank, and in the building are also fire and burglar proof safety vaults for rent, for the accommodation of parties desiring to have their securities in a safe place.

The head office and all the branches have passed through the usual inspection during the year.

The shareholders are aware that there has been important legislation in the session of Parliament just closed, bearing upon banking, which has resulted in a comprehensive Bank Act, to go into force on 1st July, 1891, and to take the place of the existing act.

DONALD A. SMITH, President.

GENERAL STATEMENT

30TH APRIL, 1890.

|                                         |                 |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|
| CAPITAL STOCK.....                      | \$12,000,000.00 |
| Reserve.....                            | \$5,000,000.00  |
| Balance of profits carried forward..... | 794,728.85      |



## Last Edition

## INSPECTING THE CADETS

ON THE BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS OF THE MONTREAL AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION YESTERDAY.

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS ENJOYED WITH "YOUNG CANADA" AS SOLDIER—SOME INCIDENTS IN THE MOVEMENTS OF THE DUKE AND DUCHESS TO-DAY—VISITING AND DRIVING.

Yesterday afternoon's proceedings at the M. A. A. grounds were very pleasant. The scene which met the gaze of the royal party was one of exceeding picturesqueness. With the shining river in front, the fresh green of the mountain behind, and a sword lake in the foreground, showing soft and tender in the warm light of the declining sun; with the multi-colored uniforms of the cadets, the lithe forms of the lacrosse men in the foreground, and the dreamy music of the Victoria Rifles band—one felt that, given the sun and a bit of green grass, and you can make poetry in spite of the locomotive, which occasionally went whistling by, leaving a train of smoke in their wake as they passed the lower end of the grounds.

THEY WERE SIX CADET COMPANIES on the field—the High School boys on the extreme left, the Eloc School corps, the Highland ladders, the Montreal cadets, the St. John the Evangelist's School corps, and the St. Mary's College boys. Major T. Atkinson was in command, with Captain E. Chambers as Brigade Major. After the general salute, Prince Arthur, accompanied by Sir George Stephen, Acting Mayor Stephens, Sir John McNeill, Colonel Cayre, Lieut. Col. Houghton, Major Lyman, Mr. McIndoe, and Mr. Nelson, made a minute inspection of the ranks. The boys were repeatedly praised by the Prince and the St. Mary's lads were encouragingly spoken to in their own language.

The Royal party then took up their station at the reviewing point, and the march past began. The lads moved with splendid precision. Cheer after cheer greeted them. The Highland lads, the High School boys, and St. Mary's Cadets, were conspicuous for their steadiness. Lieutenant Colonel Houghton was commended by the Prince to express his admiration of the excellent bearing of the lads, and his gratification that young Canada was following in the glorious footsteps of its ancestors. A lacrosse match between the Montreals and a band of Chippewa Indians followed. The Prince flung the ball into the field as a signal for play. Pity the Royal party couldn't have seen a championship match, when we play lacrosse in earnest. Archie McNaughton and Tommy Garland showed how quick the eyes and prompt the calculations and supple the limbs may become; but the play was wild and ragged; the Indians were not up to average form, and it mattered little what the result would be. The Montreals took three straight games, and could have doubled that record if the sun had held out.

Upon leaving the Royal party were heartily cheered.

## VISITING ABOUT TOWN TO-DAY.

Two tall and massive policemen guard the Royal party from the curiosity of the vulgar in front of Sir George Stephen's palatial residence. They wear brand new uniforms and white gloves. These two tremendous beings constitute a biological study of the profoundest interest. An unearthly solemnity rests upon them. They are really related to the ancient sphinx, but the phillistinism of the bison has got the better of the poetry of the sphinx. They are quite unamiable to any of those persons which usually exert so potent a sway with mankind. In their silence they are colossal; in their integrity they are great; in their ingenuity they are heart-breaking.

Behind the massive door stands a being of another order, and your timid hand has hardly touched the bell before he confronts you. Dressed in dead black, with a shirt front as white as snow, he regards you with a cold and critical eye, which unerringly ranges your social status. No use to assume a jaunty air, as though you were in the habit of laughing at Freeman as Sir George Highness. That eye sees through you, and by a process of prompt calculation, the calculating brain behind that eye, "tells" you up to a dollar bill. During the past two days we have seen several attempts to suggest a substance and a *commodore* of fact which did not exist, and persevering efforts to impose upon judgment which never faltered. Disaster—irreparable disaster—was the result. And yet this being is a fellow mortal, with this tremendous distinction, that every atom of weakness has been eliminated from a nature which at one time may have throbbed with generous ardors.

## A LITTLE GOSPEL.

Sir John McNeill had just breakfasted this morning, and was enjoying a cigar when a *Witness* man called upon him. Sir John was as fresh as a lark after a dew bath. He has a brogue that you'd go miles to hear—rich, mellow, and pure as you meet it amongst the educated classes in the city of Dublin.

"How are the Royal party after the fatigue of yesterday?" "Quite well. The Duke and Duchess enjoyed themselves very much. The Duke was greatly pleased with the turn out of the Fire Brigade made. He was warm in his praise of the horses—noble creatures."

"Was he pleased to see the city again?" "Very much indeed, and you can say that from him. He was much struck with the improvements made since he left, and is glad to see the city prospering so much."

"By the way, Sir John, can I see the Prince?" "Sir John removed his cigar, and looked hard at the reporter."

"What, to interview him?" "Yes."

"Most certainly not," said Sir John, with unequivocal surprise. "It is an inflexible rule that members of the Royal family decline being interviewed by the press."

## DID HE BREAK THE RULE? NO.

"Yet the Prince broke that rule in Toronto?" "What do you mean?" asked the General in astonishment.

"I mean that the Prince gave an interview to a reporter of a Toronto paper."

"There is not a word of truth in it."

"Then it was a fake?"

"Sir John looked severely at the reporter."

"A what?"

"A fake—an invention—a lie, in short."

"Precisely. A reporter may have overheard some words which the Prince dropped, but he never gave a formal interview to any reporter."

## AT THE ART GALLERY.

His Royal Highness the Duke and Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught, accompanied by Sir George Stephen and General McNeill, started at ten o'clock in two carriages for the Art Gallery. They drove up Drummond, along Sherbrooke street and down Union avenue. On the sidewalk and street a crowd had collected. As the party alighted a stinging cheer rang out. The Duke smiled and bowed.

The party were received by Messrs. R. B. Agnew, (President of the Association), C. A. Cloutier, R. W. Sheppard, W. Hall, W. Thomas, A. T. Taylor, C. J. Fleet, A. D. Steele and K. Lindsay, secretary.

Mr. Jacobi acted as cicerone. In a cutaway black coat, which fitted his figure like a glove, a white waist that fairly glowed again, a pair of patent leather shoes, and a beaming smile, Mr. Jacobi, as he fitted from picture to picture explaining hidden beauties to the Duchess in her native German, looked like a good-natured fairy just stepped out of a story book. Mr. Jacobi detained the Princess. "He will talk her to death," one of the gentlemen muttered, "once he starts upon pictures." But he didn't. The Duchess enjoyed it. For the first time during the past two days she threw aside her reserve and became animated. "Poor thing," said dear old, good Mr. Jacobi afterwards, "poor thing, she was glad to hear her own German; not but that it took me all my time to furnish my own up to keep pace with her. They looked at 'A Summer Day's Idyll,' by Adolphe Monticelli, and 'Diana,' by J. E. Corrot, and 'Decorative Panel,' by Emile Vermeer, and 'La Rose,' by E. Lanzyer. The Prince was taken in hand by Mr. Agnew, but, indeed, he chatted affably with all the gentlemen. All this time the *chef d'œuvre*,

"THE ANGELUS," sacredly guarded by a policeman, illuminated by focussing gas reflectors and hung in the centre of heavy dark red plush curtains which lent an air of artistic voluptuousness to the *cost entente*, was awaiting inspection.

But the movement was in that direction, and the little room of the main gallery was reached at last. The Duchess sat down at once in front of the picture, and Mr. Jacobi guided her eye to the simple but powerful realism of the picture. The Duke stood at the back of the seat and the gentlemen gathered round him. The Duke may be an art critic, and if he refrained from expressing his opinion upon the 'Angelus' at last, he has been here for a splendid common place of criticism, which are so abhorrent to the art nature. The school-girl says that Shakespeare is "nice," and off-hand adjectives about a picture convey nothing but vagidity. The Duke did not say a word about the merits of the picture, which may have been a splendid prudence on his part, but he chatted pleasantly about the cost of the picture.

JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING. "All that excitement about the picture was probably an advertising dodge," said Sir George Stephen.

Mr. Agnew explained how it was that the picture was here.

"Oh, they won't pay the duty on it, eh?" said the Prince.

"We have had it in our vaults," remarked Mr. Clouston.

"I suppose a fee is charged for admission, then," the Duke asked.

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Agnew.

"Can probably a small revenue will be derived from its exhibition," Prince Arthur rejoined.

"That's the object, no doubt," said Sir George.

"When I was in Toronto," said Sir Highness, "I saw the statue which they intend to put up to the memory of Colonel Williams, who distinguished himself at—let me see—"

"At Batocche," put in Sir George.

"Yes, at Batocche," resumed the Prince. Well, the sculptor was presented to me, and he said he was under me in the artists' corps in England. Let me see—I forgot his name."

"Premier Minister was the name," said Sir George, regretting his unavoidable absence. Political engagements compelled him, he states, to leave the city this morning.

THE DUKE'S NINTH OF JUNE. Aid. Rolland says that June is a noticeable month in Prince Arthur's life record. On June 11th, 1870, he was decorated at St. Patrick's Hall, Montreal, with the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George. On June 19th, 1871, he married the Duchess of Connaught. In June he took his seat in the House of Peers and in June he returns once more to Montreal.

(Special to the *Witness*.)

QUEBEC, June 3.—The committee of which the Mayor is president having decided to present the address of welcome to the Duke and Duchess of Connaught in the halls of the Legislative Council and limit the number of invitations to the persons for whom the official cards at the opening and closing of Parliament, the great majority of citizens are indignant. They ask why they should not be furnished the occasion of proving their loyalty to the Queen by tendering their respects to her son.

THE LAW'S DELAYS. The official stenographers who take down dictations in the Court House are complaining bitterly of the delays they have to experience in being paid for their work. They say they have not been able to get a single cent since the 8th of May. However, no blame can attach to the stenographers here as he has written twice to the Government upon the subject, and the fault is supposed to be due to the negligence or oversight of officials in some department at Quebec.

LA PATRIE MAKES MERRY. Referring to the case of the young girl Lydia Morissette, *La Patrie* says: "L'Événement tells us that she has been rewarded for her obedience to her father and her attachment to her faith by the most happy of events, having married a fine young man and being now separated from the Rev. Mr. Therien's mission by the most indissoluble bonds. If young girls are thus rewarded there is reason to fear that a large number will go to the Protestant mission to have afterwards the merit of leaving it and be rewarded with a good marriage."

THE HORSE KICKED HIM. A boy named John James Hutchison, 14 years of age, working for a farmer named Dunn, on lower Lachine road, was kicked by a horse this morning while cleaning it, and badly injured. He was removed by ambulance to the General Hospital where it was found that his jaw and arm were broken, besides being otherwise bruised.

AN EMANCIPATED MINOR. Edouard Raymond Fabre, minor son of G.R. Fabre, has been emancipated, his father being named his curator, and he has formed a partnership with his father as importers of saddlery, carriage furniture, etc.

CITY ITEMS. Judge Taschereau has rendered judgment quashing the capias in the case Dame E. Bonin vs. Dufresne vs. Geo. Hickock.

Mrs. Dufresne has written a letter of thanks to the City Council in reply to the resolution of council passed on the 10th inst. in relation to her husband, Mr. Jas. F. D. Black, City Treasurer.

Mr. Euclide Bernard, of Beloit, is taking an appeal from the recent decision of Judge Ouimet maintaining the contestation of his bill and sentencing him to one month's imprisonment.

A young boy driving a goat was run over by a hack at the corner of Craig and St. Denis streets, on Sunday afternoon last. The child was but slightly bruised, but the poor goat was very severely injured.

Mr. Eugene Globensky has ceased the publication of the *Meunier of the Civil Courts*, and the only daily legal newspaper now is the *Daily Record*, published by Messrs. John N. Fulton and Jas. Daoust.

The "Lake Nepigon," the oldest ship on the Beaver Line, and now in port, made her fastest trip this passage. She came over in 11 days, and under the command of Captain Herriman it is expected that the old boat will even do better in the future.

Lieut. Col. G. Mattice; Lieut. Col. D'Orsonne (5th District commanding); Lieut. Col. A. Stevenson, (Field); Lieut. Col. Turnbull, (Garrison Artillery); Lieut. Col. Butler, (Prince of Wales); Lieut. Col. F. C. Henshaw (Victoria); Lieut. Col. F. Coverhill, (5th Royal Scots); Lieut. Col. Massey (5th Fusiliers); Lieut. Col. C. A. Dugas (5th Mount Royals); Major McArthur (Cavalry); Brigade Major; Mr. Roy and ten members of the city press.

THIS EVENING. On the return of the Royal party to the wharf, at foot of Jacques Cartier square, about 5 o'clock, they are to drive to No. 4 Firestation, Chabouille square, where the Princess is to press the spring which unhooks the horses, while the Prince, with watch in hand, is to take to hitch up. The usual time is about ten seconds.

WHY THE POLICE FAILED. The Chief of Police was out this morning when a *Witness* reporter called. Sub-Chief Lancy, in answer to an enquiry, replied: "We did not know of the review on the Champ de Mars before hand. We were told on dismissal at the depot that there would be nothing more that day but a review on the lacrosse grounds of the cadets. Men were sent there and we had none left. When we got the information that men were wanted, we telephoned around to all the stations to have the men taken off their beats, we also took the men on duty at the Court of Queen's Bench. So, you see, it was not our fault if there was a blunder."

"But why let the crowd fill the Champ de Mars before the Duke departed?" "We could not prevent that. There were few policemen on the Craig street side of the Champ de Mars, and the crowd was only kept back by the fire apparatus. When it began to move off, the crowd made a rush, the few police followed, but could do little or nothing."

THE DINNER THIS EVENING. At Sir George Stephen's will be attended by H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, H.R.H. the Duchess of Connaught, Sir George Stephen, Lady Stephen, Sir John McNeill, Dr. Kilgaly, Mr. R. E. Angus, Mrs. Angus, Miss Angus, Sir Francis Johnson, Lady Johnson, Col. Cayre, Mrs. Cayre, the Hon. J. A. C. Abbott, the Hon. Chief Justice Sir A. A. Dorion, Miss Dorion, Hon. Geo. Drummond, Mrs. G. Drummond, Mr. G. Drummond, Mr. G. Drummond, Mr. H. Montague Allan and Rev. Jas. Barclay.

THE FIELD BATTERY SERENADE. The Montreal Field Battery, Lieut. Col. Stevenson commanding, have a full dress parade this evening, mustering at the Drill Hall at 7.30. The intention is to proceed with their band and serenade the Prince and Princess at dinner at Sir George Stephen's.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMFORT. The Acting-Mayor and aldermen met at the depot at 10.30 to escort the Royal guests to the car (in rear) provided for them.

At St. Anne's Mr. Harry Abbott had carried in waiting for the royal guests, the Mayor and Town Council of St. Anne's provided carriages for other guests. St. Anne's was en fête.

The steamer "Sovereign" was tastefully decorated for the occasion by the Ottawa River Navigation Company—its owners.

Premier Minister was the name, said Sir George, regretting his unavoidable absence. Political engagements compelled him, he states, to leave the city this morning.

THE COAL HEAVERS' STRIKE. THE MEN STILL OUT, BUT PEACABLY CONDUCTING THEMSELVES—A DENIAL OF A STEVEDORE'S STATEMENT.

The position of affairs among the strikers on the wharves has not changed. The men are still idle. There are two coal vessels at Hochelaga with cargoes, unable to get unloaded. The strikers are sitting quietly around. The stevedores are determined to hold out against any increase. The men are as determined not to go back to work until their terms are agreed upon. A telephone message was received at the Central police station this morning asking that police be sent to Hochelaga, as five hundred striking coal laborers were preventing other men from taking their places. The message was an exaggeration. The men are perfectly quiet and say they will not prevent men from taking their strength.

A "coal handler" writing to the *Witness* says that he had given notice to their employers of their demand for increased wages, two months ago, and before any contracts were signed. He further states that the men will undertake to do the work at the same figure as the stevedores have signed for. He thinks it high time for the public and merchants know their strength.

THE COAL HEAVERS SAY THEIR SAY. (To the Editor of the *Witness*.)

SIR,—In reference to the item which appeared in last night's issue in connection with the coal handlers' strike, allow me to refute a misleading assertion made to your reporter by some coal stevedores, alleging that not a minute's notice was given by the men previous to taking the step of entering upon a strike. It having fallen to my duty, being secretary of the Executive Trade Council of Longshoremen, composed of three assemblies, to notify all stevedores handling coal in this port, or about to handle it, of the proposed intention of the coal handlers, to go into effect on the 1st of June. This I did one month ago, by a written notice to eight stevedores handling coal in this port, namely, Mills & McMaster, Sheridan, McCly, Doran, Hardisty, Roach and McGillivray, and verbally to all that I thought might possibly handle it, so that no excuse might be made use of in that respect. All coal stevedores knew perfectly well of the proposed demand, so that there is no use of misleading the public in that excuse, as truth crushed to earth will rise again. Not wishing at present to discuss the wisdom or folly of the step the men have taken, I write this to justify myself in the position I was placed in by informing all coal handlers of what my duty called me to do, and I did it, and let any coal stevedore refute it over his own signature, but let him not misinform the public under a guise and cloak.

Sir, Trade Council of Longshoremen, 73 Jucors street, June 2nd, 1890.

A WILL CASE. Dame Alex. St. George, widow of the late Fabien Drapeau, who had her husband's last will and testament annulled some time ago, is now taking an action against his heirs for her own half of the estate.

At a meeting of the creditors of the Henderson Lumber Company held yesterday, Mr. A. F. Riddell was appointed liquidator.

MONTREAL, June 3, 1890. Readings by Hean & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day: 30.17; yesterday, 30.09. To-day: Temperature, max., 69; min., 51; yesterday, max., 70; min., 52.

COMMERCIAL. "WITNESS" OFFICE, Tuesday, June 3, 1890.

FINANCIAL. Money is quiet at unchanged rates.

Sterling exchange is dull at 108 15-16 for round amounts of 60-days between banks and 109 1-2 for demand bills. Currency drafts on New York are drawn at 1-16 premium. Counter rates higher all round.

There is no change to report in the stock market, which is fairly active at generally lower values. Bank of Montreal was, if anything, rather weaker. Other bank stocks unchanged. Telegraph was steady with a sale at par. Richelieu and City Passenger were weaker. Canadian Pacific about steady.

Morning sales—4 bank of Montreal (ex-div.) @ 216; 5 Ontario, 217; 125 Montreal Telegraph, 100; 25 City Passenger, 105; 25 Richelieu, 99; 25 at 98 1/2; 25 at 98 1/2; 15 Montreal Street Railway, 97; 7 at 97 1/2; 1,100 Canadian Pacific, 91.

Afternoon sales—3 bank of Montreal, 216; 100 at 215 1/2; 3 at 214 1/2; 30 Ontario, 110; 10 Montreal, 140; 12 Commerce, 124 1/2; 25 Richelieu, 99; 50 at 98; 600 Canadian Pacific Railway, 93.

The prices at the close of the Board reported to-day by Messrs. Nichol & Macfar, Stock Brokers, corner St. Francois Xavier and Notre Dame streets, were as follows:

STOCKS. Bank of Montreal, 216; 214; 215; 216; 217; 218; 219; 220; 221; 222; 223; 224; 225; 226; 227; 228; 229; 230; 231; 232; 233; 234; 235; 236; 237; 238; 239; 240; 241; 242; 243; 244; 245; 246; 247; 248; 249; 250; 251; 252; 253; 254; 255; 256; 257; 258; 259; 260; 261; 262; 263; 264; 265; 266; 267; 268; 269; 270; 271; 272; 273; 274; 275; 276; 277; 278; 279; 280; 281; 282; 283; 284; 285; 286; 287; 288; 289; 290; 291; 292; 293; 294; 295; 296; 297; 298; 299; 300; 301; 302; 303; 304; 305; 306; 307; 308; 309; 310; 311; 312; 313; 314; 315; 316; 317; 318; 319; 320; 321; 322; 323; 324; 325; 326; 327; 328; 329; 330; 331; 332; 333; 334; 335; 336; 337; 338; 339; 340; 341; 342; 343; 344; 345; 346; 347; 348; 349; 350; 351; 352; 353; 354; 355; 356; 357; 358; 359; 360; 361; 362; 363; 364; 365; 366; 367; 368; 369; 370; 371; 372; 373; 374; 375; 376; 377; 378; 379; 380; 381; 382; 383; 384; 385; 386; 387; 388; 389; 390; 391; 392; 393; 394; 395; 396; 397; 398; 399; 400; 401; 402; 403; 404; 405; 406; 407; 408; 409; 410; 411; 412; 413; 414; 415; 416; 417; 418; 419; 420; 421; 422; 423; 424; 425; 426; 427; 428; 429; 430; 431; 432; 433; 434; 435; 436; 437; 438; 439; 440; 441; 442; 443; 444; 445; 446; 447; 448; 449; 450; 451; 452; 453; 454; 455; 456; 457; 458; 459; 460; 461; 462; 463; 464; 465; 466; 467; 468; 469; 470; 471; 472; 473; 474; 475; 476; 477; 478; 479; 480; 481; 482; 483; 484; 485; 486; 487; 488; 489; 490; 491; 492; 493; 494; 495; 496; 497; 498; 499; 500; 501; 502; 503; 504; 505; 506; 507; 508; 509; 510; 511; 512; 513; 514; 515; 516; 517; 518; 519; 520; 521; 522; 523; 524; 525; 526; 527; 528; 529; 530; 531; 532; 533; 534; 535; 536; 537; 538; 539; 540; 541; 542; 543; 544; 545; 546; 547; 548; 549; 550; 551; 552; 553; 554; 555; 556; 557; 558; 559; 560; 561; 562; 563; 564; 565; 566; 567; 568; 569; 570; 571; 572; 573; 574; 575; 576; 577; 578; 579; 580; 581; 582; 583; 584; 585; 586; 587; 588; 589; 590; 591; 592; 593; 594; 595; 596; 597; 598; 599; 600; 601; 602; 603; 604; 605; 606; 607; 608; 609; 610; 611; 612; 613; 614; 615; 616; 617; 618; 619; 620; 621; 622; 623; 624; 625; 626; 627; 628; 629; 630; 631; 632; 633; 634; 635; 636; 637; 638; 639; 640; 641; 642; 643; 644; 645; 646; 647; 648; 649; 650; 651; 652; 653; 654; 655; 656; 657; 658; 659; 660; 661; 662; 663; 664; 665; 666; 667; 668; 669; 670; 671; 672; 673; 674; 675; 676; 677; 678; 679; 680; 681; 682; 683; 684; 685; 686; 687; 688; 689; 690; 691; 692; 693; 694; 695; 696; 697; 698; 699; 700; 701; 702; 703; 704; 705; 706; 707; 708; 709; 710; 711; 712; 713; 714; 715; 716; 717; 718; 719; 720; 721; 722; 723; 724; 725; 726; 727; 728; 729; 730; 731; 732; 733; 734; 735; 736; 737; 738; 739; 740; 741; 742; 743; 744; 745; 746; 747; 748; 749; 750; 751; 752; 753; 754; 755; 756; 757; 758; 759; 760; 761; 762; 763; 764; 765; 766; 767; 768; 769; 770; 771; 772; 773; 774; 775; 776; 777; 778; 779; 780; 781; 782; 783; 784; 785; 786; 787; 788; 789; 790; 791; 792; 793; 794; 795; 796; 797; 798; 799; 800; 801; 802; 803; 804; 805; 806; 807; 808; 809; 810; 811; 812; 813; 814; 815; 816; 817; 818; 819; 820; 821; 822; 823; 824; 825; 826; 827; 828; 829; 830; 831; 832; 833; 834; 835; 836; 837; 838; 839; 840; 841; 842; 843; 844; 845; 846; 847; 848; 849; 850; 851; 852; 853; 854; 855; 856; 857; 858; 859; 860; 861; 862; 863; 864; 865; 866; 867; 868; 869; 870; 871; 872; 873; 874; 875; 876; 877; 878; 879; 880; 881; 882; 883; 884; 885; 886; 887; 888; 889; 890; 891; 892; 893; 894; 895; 896; 897; 898; 899; 900; 901; 902; 903; 904; 905; 906; 907; 908; 909; 910; 911; 912; 913; 914; 915; 916; 917; 918; 919; 920; 921; 922; 923; 924; 925; 926; 927; 928; 929; 930; 931; 932; 933; 934; 935; 936; 937; 938; 939; 940; 941; 942; 943; 944; 945; 946; 947; 948; 949; 950; 951; 952; 953; 954; 955; 956; 957; 958; 959; 960; 961; 962; 963; 964; 965; 966; 967; 968; 969; 970; 971; 972; 973; 974; 975; 976; 977; 978; 979; 980; 981; 982; 983; 984; 985; 986; 987; 988; 989; 990; 991; 992; 993; 994; 995; 996; 997; 998; 999; 1000.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST—June 3. (Published by J. R. Meeker.)

15 St. Sacramento street.



