DAILY WITNESS.

VOL. X., No. 300. | Terms of "Daily Witness," delivered in City, $4 per annum; Mailed, $3 per annum, $1.60 for six months; 90 cents for three months | MONTREAL, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1871. | Terms for advertising in "Daily Witness," 10 cents per line, first insertion, and 5 cents each subsequent insertion. | PRICE ONE CENT.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

CHRISTMAS BEEF, &c,

OF VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY.

DEMARS & BARRIE,
912 St. Catherine street,
Opposite English Cathedral.

MESSRS. DEMARS & BARRIE

Beg to announce to their customers and others wanting good qualities of meat for Christmas season, that they have a pair of two year old Steers, which cost $175, and 4 others, which cost $175. They are superior to any before brought to this city. Price for the best beef, only 11½c. per lb.

A USEFUL PRESENT FOR THE Holidays would be a LOCKMAN SEWING MACHINE, which makes the lock-stitch on both sides and has all the late improvements.

JOHN F. BROOKS & CO.,
343 Notre Dame street.
Second door from St. Francois Xavier street.

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S REQUISITES.

Gold and Silver Capped Smelling Bottles.
Parian Statuettes, Vases, Toilet Sets.
Boys' and Youths' Chemical Cabinets.
Perfume Cases, in Mother of Pearl & Fancy Wood
Hair Brushes: Ivory and Tortoise Shell.
Lubin's, Cleaver's & Atkinson's Perfumes.
—ALSO,—
Finest Cod Liver Oil.
Fluide d'Hiver, or Winter Fluid.
Homœopathic Medicines and Books.
Brahoe Powders, for Rheumatism.
Crocus Pots, & Hyacinths in Glasses.

GLASGOW DRUG HALL—400 NOTRE DAME ST.
J. A. HARTE, Chemist.

XMAS! XMAS!!

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN MILLINERY, MANTLES AND DRESS-MAKING.
PERCIVAL & CONNELL,
112 Bleury Street.

CHRISTMAS, 1871.

PORTRAITS, plain or colored, required for presents should be taken early.
ALBUMS or SCRAP BOOKS of Landscape Photographs, make very handsome presents, especially for sending abroad.
ALEX. HENDERSON, Photographer, Phillips' Square.

TOYS! TOYS!—Christmas and New Year Presents.—We have received as usual all the newest novelties of the season, at
BRUCE'S EUROPEAN BAZAAR,
56 St. Lawrence Main st.

Railways, &c.

VERMONT CENTRAL RAIL ROAD LINE.—WINTER ARRANGEMENTS —Commencing December 4, 1871.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Montreal at 8.40 a.m. arriving in Boston via Lowell at 10 p.m.

TRAIN for Waterloo leaves Montreal at 3.00 p.m.

NIGHT EXPRESS leaves Montreal at 3.30 p.m. for Boston, via Lowell, Lawrence, or Fitchburg; also for New York via Springfield or Troy, arriving in Boston at 8.40 a.m., and New York at 12.30 p.m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH AND WEST.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Boston via Lowell at 8 a.m arriving in Montreal at 9.45 p.m.

NIGHT EXPRESS leaves Grout's Corner at 9.00 p.m., South Vernon at 9.58 p.m., receiving passengers from Connecticut River R.R., leaving New York at 3 p.m., and Springfield at 8.10 p.m., connecting at Bellow's Falls with train from Cheshire Railroad, leaving Boston at 5.30 p.m., connecting at White River Junction with train leaving Boston at 6 p.m.; leaves Rutland at 1.50 a.m. connecting with trains over Rensselaer and Saratoga R.R., from Troy and New York via Hudson River R.R., arriving in Montreal at 9.45 a.m.

Sleeping Cars are attached to the Night Express trains running between Montreal and Boston, and Montreal and Springfield, and St. Albans and Troy.

Drawing Room Cars on Day Express trains between Montreal and Boston.

For tickets and freight rates, apply at Vermont Central R.R. Office, No. 60 St. James st.
G. MERRILL, Gen'l Supt.
St. Albans, Dec. 1, 1871.

SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES JUNCTION RAILWAY.

1871. TIME TABLE No. 2. 1871.

COMMENCING 6th NOVEMBER, 1871, TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:—

GOING NORTH.	Dist.	No. 1 Mail.	No. 3 Freight.
Richford, Vt. ......dep		A. M. 6.10	A. M. 6.10
Abercorn	1¾	6.20	6.25
Sutton Flat	8½	6.40	6.55
Emerson's	11¼	6.50	7.15
West Brome	15¼	7.05	7.35
Sweetsburgh	18¾	7.20	7.50
Cowansville	20¾	7.28	8.10
East Farnham	24	7.40	8.36
Brigham	26¾	7.50	8.40
Farnden	29¾	7.56	....
West Farnham	33½	8.10	9.10
St. Johns		8.45	....
Montreal ......arr		9.30	....

GOING SOUTH.	Dist.	No. 2 Mail.	No. 4 Freight.
Montreal ......dep		P. M. 3.00	A. M. ....
St. Johns		4.30	....
West Farnham		5.15	10.30
Farnden	4¾	5.30	....
Brigham	7¾	5.35	11.00
East Farnham	9¾	5.45	11.30
Cowansville	13¼	5.56	11.45
Sweetsburgh	15¼	6.06	11.45
West Brome	19	6.20	P. M. 12.10
Emerson's	22¾	6.35	12.30
Sutton Flat	25½	6.45	12.50
Abercorn	31	6.55	1.30
Richford, Vt. ......arr	33¾	7.05	1.30

Passengers by taking No. 1 Train connect at St. Johns with Trains for New York, Boston, Rouse's Point, &c.

No change of Cars to or from Montreal.

Stages leave the Stations upon arrival of Trains from Montreal for various places in other parts of the Eastern Townships.

Until further notice, Freight Trains will run on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Passenger Trains have right of Track over Freight Trains.

Trains coming North have right of Track over trains going South.

A. B. FOSTER,
Waterloo, P.Q., November 3, 1871. Manager.

THE ST. LAWRENCE and OTTAWA RAILWAY.—From Prescott to the Capital. The shortest and best route from Montreal and all points East to Ottawa. Ask for Tickets by Prescott Junction.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—1871—72.

On and after MONDAY, the 30th Oct., 1871, four Passenger Trains will run daily on this Line making certain Connections with those on the Grand Trunk, the Vermont Central and the Rome and Watertown Railways for all points East, West and South.

COMFORTABLE SOFA CARS on their up connecting with the Grand Trunk Night Express by which Passengers leaving Montreal in the Evening will reach Ottawa at 4.15 the following morning. Charge for Berths, 50 cents each.

Connection with the Grand Trunk trains at Prescott Junction certain. 20 minutes allowed for Refreshments at Prescott Junction.

FREIGHT NOTICE.

A Floating Elevator always in readiness at Prescott Wharf, where Storage for Grain, Flour, Pork, &c., can be had.

A CHANGE GAUGE CAR PIT is provided in the Junction Freight Shed by means of which Freight loaded on Change Gauge Cars comes through to Ottawa without Transhipment.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa, 28th Oct. 1871.

Educational.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE, HAMILTON.

This Institution will open on THURSDAY, the 4th January, 1872.

Classes will then be formed in all the branches of education taught.

The best advantages under the best teachers are assured to patrons. Cost per year of 40 weeks, for board and tuition in English and Music, $192. New Pianos from Messrs. Nordheimer are used for practice. Send for circulars.

SAMUEL D. RICE.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY,
76 McGILL COLLEGE AVENUE,
Conducted by Miss BURRAGE, (daughter late Rev. R. R. Burrage, M. A., formerly Head Master Royal Grammar School, Quebec.
Vacancies for a few additional pupils.

Fuel, Stoves, Coal-Oil, &c.

THE CANADA PEAT FUEL CO.
HODGE'S PATENT.

The public are respectfully informed that the price of the Peat Fuel, from and after this day will be $5 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

DAVID AIKMAN,
Secretary.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!
594 CRAIG STREET.

A large assortment of Coal and Wood Cooking Stoves, Parlor, Hall and Box Stoves, of all sizes; Coal Sifters, Coal Hods, Clothes Mangles and Wringers very cheap,

AT
WALTER W. SARGENT'S,
594 CRAIG STREET,
Next Gazette Building,
3 Doors East St. Francois Xavier st.
Jobbing promptly done to order.

Shops and Dwellings to be Let

TO LET,
Two Houses on St Etienne st., near Forfar. Apply to R. ASPINWALL, on the premises.

TO LET, the Shop and Dwelling, No. 661 Craig street, lately occupied by William Mitchell, as a Bakery and Confectionery. Also, the machinery used in the above premises, consisting of Show Glasses, Cutting Machines, Brakes, &c. For further particulars apply to P. M. CRORY, 31 William st.

LARGE HAY LOFTS, STABLES and large yard to let, near St. Catherine and St. Denis sts., with basement dwelling for family of man having horses in his care. Also Stables, Hay Lofts and safe Yard, near Notre Dame, between Court House and Post Office.
Address M., Box 855 Post Office.

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS AND BUILDERS.

TO LET, THE OLD COLLEGE BUILDINGS.

Arrangements made to suit the requirements of tenants, with or without steam power.

Vacant lots for sale or to let, on long lease on College and William streets.

Cheap Storage for all classes of goods.

MULLIN & McCRORY.

N B.—Apply on the premises, 31 William street.

TO LET, the large four story Warehouse, now occupied by Messrs. Cantlie, Ewan & Co., in the Albert Buildings; possession 1st March. Apply to the proprietors,
GEORGE WINKS & CO.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED, all men of influence and means who are desirous to engage in the manufacture of a new and original safety lamp and chimney, constructed on an entirely new principle; is simple in its construction, free from oil on exterior, gives a greater light; is positively non-explosive.

We guarantee it to be the cheapest, safest, and the most reliable lamp ever invented. Is secured in the Dominion.

Can be seen at the American House, St. Joseph st., between the hours of seven and ten p.m.

Enquire at the office.

ANDREW N. COLE

THOS. MILTON will sell at his office, British Masonic Chambers, 359 Notre Dame street, Masonic Aprons, Jewels, &c., at cost, from this date, until St. John's Day, 27th Dec. Hours of sale from 2 till 5, and from 7 till 9 evening.

A LIGHT IN THE WINDOW ALL NIGHT,
D. & J. TEES, UNDERTAKERS,
11 Bonaventure street. Residence on the premises.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the *best in the world*. The only True and Perfect Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or unpleasant odor. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces IMMEDIATELY a superb Black or Natural Brown, and leaves the hair *clean, soft and beautiful*. The genuine signed W. A. Batchelor's. Sold by all Druggists.
Factory, 16 Bond street, N.Y.

TO MANUFACTURERS AND MECHANICS.

Just received, ex "Scandinavian," a good stock of Hammers, Rivers, Inside and Outside Callipers, and other Tools, at
T. REEVES, GUN MAKER,
695 CRAIG ST. 695.

ASK YOUR STOREKEEPER FOR BOOTS AND SHOES
Manufactured by PIERCE & HALL, Rock Island, P.Q.
They are the best in the market, and are sold by merchants generally throughout the Eastern Townships. Observe their label on each pair "Custom made warranted."

SCALES! SCALES! SCALES!

Fancy Beam and Stand, Even Balance, Grocer's Graduated Beam, Union, Wood Platform, Iron Platform Scales, in great variety; all of my own manufacture, and warranted. Repairing promptly executed. H. B. WARREN, No. 247 Fortification Lane off Victoria Square.

THE GUIBORD BURIAL.

Our readers are no doubt aware of the merits of this case, and that the Catholic authorities refused the interment of the late Guibord in the consecrated ground, in consequence of his being a member of the Canadian Institute. This case has been before our Courts, and so far has been decided in favor of the Seminary. This decision is believed not to be correct or just, and it has been decided to appeal the case to the Privy Council in England, and as $4,000 are required for this purpose, a subscription is being taken up for this object, and we hope it will be liberally responded to.

The Treasurers for this fund are J. R. THIBAUDEAU, 330 St. Paul street, and JAMES BAYLIS, 449 Notre Dame street.

Funds may be sent also to the HON. JOHN YOUNG, Chairman of the Committee. It is requested by the Committee that persons desirous of contributing to the above object, will send their subscriptions to any of these addresses.

VARNISHES,

Coach Builders, Painters, Japanners, &c., Joseph Lane & Sons, Manufacturers, Birmingham.

VARNISHES—New York and Canadian.

GLUES—Sheet, Fine Sheet, Ex. Fine Sheet, White, &c.

GOLD AND SILVER LEAF, &c., BRONZES, &c.

GLASS, Oils, White Lead and Paints, all description

A. RAMSAY & SON,
RECOLLET STREET.

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON-CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

NON-COMBUSTIBLE AND NON-CORROSIVE

Saves 20 per cent. in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N.B.—It saves 20 per cent. on the Richelieu Co's steamboat Terrebonne; and steam is raised 45 minutes sooner than ever before; while the Harbor Commissioner's steam Derrick saves 3 per cent., as attested by Mr. Wright, Supt.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P.O. Box 844½,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion.

GOLD FISH! GOLD FISH!!

Just arrived, a large selection of fine healthy Gold fish, different sizes and beautifully marked.

For sale at
JAMES GOULDEN'S Druggist,
175 St. Lawrence Main street.

REMOVAL.

WM. FOOTE & CO., Wholesale Tea Dealers, have removed to their new premises, "Dominion Buildings, 136 McGill st.," and invite the attention of buyers to their large and carefully selected assortment of Japan, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, Twankay, and other Teas. Country buyers will do well to examine those Teas before going elsewhere. Samples forwarded post free to the trade.

136 McGILL STREET.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN GLASS-CUTTER.

We beg to call attention to a most useful new invention, THE CARBONIZED DISC GLASS-CUTTER, Equal to a good Glazier's diamond, at a fraction of the cost, and much easier to use. Each one warranted.

Price only 50c., prepaid by mail to any part of the Dominion. Supplied at wholesale on very liberal terms.

AGENTS:
Montreal and East, CHAS. BROOKS & SONS, Lennoxville, P.Q.
Montreal and West, JOHN McARTHUR & SON, Montreal, P.Q.

TO CONSUMERS OF VARNISH.
—BAYLIS, WILKES & CO. call the attention of the above to their large and varied stock to suit all trades. Special attention being given to the requirement of each class of consumers. All varnish guaranteed made upon the English principle and equal to the best imported article.

B. W. & Co. are also agents for the best makers of White Lead, Colors, Paints, Bronzes, Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil.

BAYLIS' New Dominion Axle Grease will be ready for Spring trade early in the new year. Trade Mark secured.

Stop Factory and Offices, 18 to 28 Nazareth st.

Fancy Goods, &c.

EVENING AMUSEMENTS.

BAGATELLE, TABLE CROQUET,
BEZIQUE, SQUAILS, LOTO,
CHESS, DRAUGHTS, BACKGAMMON,
RACE GAMES, CUBE GAMES,
POPE JOAN, &c., &c., at
RICE SHARPLEY'S, 281 Notre Dame st.

FOOT BALLS.

A supply of English made FOOT BALLS with Rubber Bladders, and covered with best English Leather; Prices range from $1 upwards at
RICE SHARPLEY'S, 281 Notre Dame st.

CHINESE LANTERNS.
A very large assortment of the above PAPER LANTERNS, just received from Paris, at
RICE SHARPLEY'S, 281 Notre Dame st.

WALKING CANES.
Just opening a splendid assortment of WALKING CANES, of the best London manufacture, at
RICE SHARPLEY'S,
281 Notre Dame street.

Property for Sale.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TO COLONIZATION SOCIETIES, LAND SPECULATORS, TIMBER DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

Great Chance for obtaining large blocks of valuable lands at low prices.

THE BRITISH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY

Offer their lands in the Eastern Townships of Canada, at greatly reduced prices, payable in cash or in shares of the Company at par provided not less than one thousand acres be taken.

A valuation of the whole of the land has been made for this express purpose, and the opportunity thus offered of acquiring valuable lands for settlement, as well as timber limits, is one rarely open to the public.

For particulars applied to the undersigned at the Office of the British American Land Company, Sherbrooke, Q., Canada.

R. W. HENEKER, Commissioner.
Sherbrooke, Nov. 28th, 1871.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned has been specially authorised to sell that elegant and desirable property, consisting of the residence of
ISAAC BUTTERS, ESQ.,
With 25 acres of Land, more or less adjoining, situated in the village of Standstead Plain.

Mr. Butters, for improvement of health and other reasons, is about to leave the country, therefore the above property (with or without the Household Furniture) will be sold at a Bargain.

ISRAEL WOOD.
Stanstead Plain, Oct. 17, 1871.

SALE BY AUTHORITY OF JUSTICE

Public notice is hereby given that on TUESDAY, the 26th of December instant, at noon, at Mr. S. P. Mousette, N.P., Nos. 7 and 9 St. Vincent street, in the City of Montreal, S.P.M., N.P., the immovable, hereafter designated, having belonged to the *communauté de biens* which heretofore existed between Dame Catherine Dufresne, of Montreal, and the late Louis Malo, in his lifetime gentleman, of Montreal, will be sold and adjudged judicially, by Public Auction, to the highest and last bidder, the half of the said immovable, belonging to the said Dame Catherine Dufresne, in consequence of the *communauté de biens* which has existed between her and the late Louis Malo, and the other half belonging to the substitution *de biens* left by the said late Louis Malo, created in virtue of the solemn Testament of the latter, received at Montreal, before Mtre. J. E. O. Labadie and his confrere Notaries, of date 6th of January last, 1870, to wit:—

1st. A Lot of Land or Emplacement lying and being situate on the level of Perthius street, St. James Ward, said City of Montreal, containing fifty-four feet in front by a depth of forty-six feet six inches, English measure, more or less, without guarantee as to precise measure; bounded in front by the said Perthius street, on one side by the representatives Hood, on the other side by a mitoyen passage, and in rear by a lane ten feet in width, the said passage and the lane being in common to those persons having a right, with a one and a half story wooden house, lined with brick, and other buildings thereon erected.

The said immovable, more amply designated on a certain figurative plan made by M. Laurent, Esq., Architect, of Montreal, and lodged in the office of the undersigned Notary for reference thereto, if required.

2nd.—An Emplacement situated on the level of St. Catherine street, St. James Ward, City of Montreal, containing thirty feet in front by ninety feet in depth, French measure, the whole more or less bounded in front by St. Catherine street in rear by one named Jacques Asselin, on one side by the representatives of Louis Barcelo, and on the other side by a passage ten feet in width, French measure, on the whole depth of the said emplacement which will remain for the use of the purchaser and the said Jacques Asselin or his legal representatives, the right at any time in pertinity to both their heirs, and those having cause in the future, in common with the right of *mitoyenneté* with a one and a half story brick house, having two tenements, and other buildings thereon erected.

For the conditions of sale, and more particular information, address the undersigned,

C. E. SCHILLER, Esq.,
F. M. LAPALLIEUR, Esq.,
Testamentary Executors.
J. E. ROBIDOUX,
Attorney.
S. P. MOUSSETTE,
Notary,
No. 167 Lagauchetiere street, Montreal.
Dec. 2nd, 1871.

Fruit, Plants, &c.

LAYER AND VALENCIA RAISINS, FIGS, ALMONDS, FRESH LEMON AND ORANGE PEELS, IN ¼ LB. BOXES,
Just received.
J. G. SHIPWAY & SON,
7 and 9 St. John street.

APPLES! APPLES FOR SALE!
—1,000 Barrels of Apples for sale at the old stand, No. 35 St. Francois Xavier st., and also at the store, No. 560 Craig st., a few doors east of the GAZETTE Office.
THOMAS WILSON.

500 BRLS. APPLES.
Choice Winter Fruit, slightly frozen, for sale cheap, in lots to suit purchasers, by
McLAURIN & McNIECE,
351 Commissioners st., opposite New Custom House.

DRIED FLOWERS! DRIED FLOWERS!!
German and Canadian Everlastings, retaining their beauty and freshness of Color, formed into Wreaths Bouquets, Baskets, Crosses, Stars, Anchors, &c.
Also a few Hyacinths.
JAMES GOULDEN, Druggist,
175 St. Lawrence street.

MONTREAL FLORAL NURSERIES, ST. JAMES SQUARE. St. Denis Street.
James Cooper, Proprie. Francis Roy, Manager.

Sewing Machines.

GUELPH SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.
GUELPH, ONTARIO.

THE OSBORN

Family and Light Manufacturing Sewing Machine, is the most simple and complete Sewing Machine of all the varieties now in use.

FIRST PRIZE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, 1871,
SPECIAL PRIZE OF $25 TORONTO, 1871,
25 FIRST PRIZES,
3 SECOND PRIZES,
2 DIPLOMAS,

Awarded during season of 1871. Highest awards in all classes over every competitor.

Each machine fully warranted for three years to execute all the varieties of Sewing required for family purposes.

Tailors, Dressmakers and others will find our machines all that they are claimed to be.

Agents wanted where none are appointed.

Unprecedented inducements.

GEORGE HARVEY,
341 Notre Dame street Montreal,
General Agent for Province Quebec.

Situations Vacant.

ADVERTISEMENTS *for* HELP WANTED *inserted under this head at the rate of* ONE CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

WANTED, a Girl, about 14 years of age, to do light house work. Apply at No. 1 Belmont st.

WANTED, two smart, intelligent Boys, as apprentices to the Marble Cutting. Apply at Montreal Marble Works, corner St. Catherine and St. Alexander streets.

WANTED, a young Woman, as an Assistant Trimmer. Must speak French and English. Apply between 4 and 6, MUIR, EWAN & Co., Wholesale Clothiers, 185 McGill street.

FOREMAN Fitter wanted, for a large Boot and Shoe Fitting room; must have long experience and understand the business thoroughly. Apply Box 774 P.O.

WANTED, a girl, 14 or 15. Apply at 39 University street.

WANTED, a first-class Groom; wages $7 per week. Apply to Mr. CAMPBELL 534 St. Joseph st.

WANTED, a girl, or middle-aged woman, as thorough servant. Apply 26 Queen street.

TWO Salesmen Wanted for Dress Goods department.
S. CARSLEY.

Situations Vacant.

ADVERTISEMENTS *for* HELP WANTED *inserted under this head at the rate of* ONE CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

AGENTS wanted, who are known to horse keepers and farmers. 451 Commissioner street.

WANTED, a Storeman, who knows something of the salt fish trade, and can read and write. JAMES C. GORDON, 31 St. Nicholas street.

WANTED, an unmarried man, to take charge of horse and cow; city references required. Apply at 1158 St. Catherine street.

WANTED immediately, Fixtures, suitable for a large shop. Apply to M. O'CONNOR, 370 Notre Dame street.

WANTED, a Boy 15 or 16 years of age, to make himself generally useful in a Drug Store. Apply between the hours of 2 and 3 p.m., at 31 Scotland street.

WANTED, a young man accustomed to wait at table and to make himself useful; must live at home; good references required. Apply at 1136 St. Catherine street.

WANTED, for a Shop, a Youth of fifteen or sixteen, who writes a good hand, and speaks French and English. Apply, by letter, S., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, a young girl, about 15 years of age for housework and to assist with a baby. Apply at 144 Peel street.

WANTED, immediately, a good Housemaid 743 Sherbrooke st.

LIGHT Porter wanted—A young man speaking French and English. Apply, by letter, stating age and former employer, to F., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, a Housemaid. Apply at 51 Victoria st.

PROTESTANT Girl wanted, as General Servant in a small family; light work and good wages. Apply at 1118 St. Catherine street.

WANTED, a Housemaid, to go to the States. Apply at 60 University st. before 1 p.m.

ASSISTANT Bookkeeper.—Wanted, as an assistant Bookkeeper, a young Man, sharp, and correct at figures, with some experience at Books. Address Box 546 P.O., City.

WANTED, an Operator on Wheeler & Wilson Machine, to stitch Linings and fold Tweeds. Apply between 4 and 6, MUIR, EWAN & Co., Wholesale Clothiers, 185 McGill street.

WET Nurse wanted immediately. Apply at No. 39 Beaver Hall Terrace.

WANTED, a first-class book-keeper; best of references required. Address with particulars to J. J., this office.

WANTED, a first-class Cutter, for Mantles and Dresses; good references required. Apply immediately, at the Recollet House.

WANTED, a good General House Servant. Apply at 30 University st.

WANTED, fifty girls, to sew straw. Apply immediately, at Dominion Straw Works, 281 Notre Dame street.

WANTED, men used to handle carpenter's tools. M. JACOBS & Co., 78 McGill st.

TO Commission Travellers.—Wanted, for an old established Boot and Shoe House in this city, an experienced Traveller, to solicit orders on the Ottawa route. JAMES POPHAM & Co., Montreal.

AN Inspector of Agencies wanted, for the section west of Montreal, by a well-established American Life Ins. Co. A first-class position for a thoroughly competent man. Address, stating qualifications, Box 705, Montreal.

PETERBOROUGH and Haliburton Railroad.—A few hundred Laborers wanted. Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor, or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.
Peterborough, Oct. 26, 1871.

Employment Wanted.

ADVERTISEMENTS *for* SITUATIONS *and* EMPLOYMENT WANTED *inserted under this head at the rate of* HALF-CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

EMPLOYMENT wanted, by a steady young man of temperance principle, is willing to make himself useful. Address J. K., this office.

TO Wholesale Merchants—Wanted, by young man, thoroughly posted in office work, employment as Assistant Bookkeeper, or in any other office capacity; is a resident of this city; best references given. Address W.B., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, by a steady respectable man, a situation, to take charge of an engine, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address P. T., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, a situation as Housekeeper. Address A.H., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, a situation as Resident Governess; qualifications—English and Music; best testimonials given. Address M.D., WITNESS Office.

WORK wanted, at Dressmaking or Millinery. Address Box 449 Post Office.

A Situation wanted, by a middle-aged man, where trust and confidence is required, or in any capacity not menial. Security can be given. J.S.B., No. 22 Chaboillez Square.

Wanted.

ADVERTISEMENTS *of* MISCELLANEOUS WANTS *inserted under this head at the rate of* ONE CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

WANTED, a second-hand Raccoon or Wolf Coat; state price and place to be seen. Address J.T.M., Box 386 P.O.

MRS. BISSONETTE wants families or gentlemen's washing; good references given. Apply 278 Wolfe st.

STEAM Power wanted.—A large flat, with steam power required. Address M. LESSER, Box 215.

WANTED immediately, a second-handed Partition for an office. Apply to 37 College st.

WANTED, by a desirable tenant, a First-class Furnished House, with good stabling, for which a liberal rent will be paid; East End preferred, with immediate possession. Apply to JAMES MUIR, House & Land Agent, 255 St. James street, up stairs.

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LOST.—Lost, on Saturday, the 16th inst., a King Charles Dog, answering to the name of "Charley," between Mountain and Guy sts. Any person returning him to 379 Guy street will be rewarded. Retaining him after this notice will be prosecuted.

LOST, a Portmonnaie, containing a small sum of money, between Morgan's and Bancroft & Sharpe's, St. James st.; name of owner inside. Any one finding the same and returning to this office, will be suitably rewarded.

LOST, on Saturday, 2nd inst., a Plain Gold Shirt Button. The finder will be rewarded on leaving it at this office.

Publisher's Notices.

NEW DOMINION MONTHLY

JANUARY, 1872.

READY IN A FEW DAYS.

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Results of a Skating Adventure.
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The Cloud with the Silver Lining.
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ILLUSTRATION:—
The Late Hon. Louis Joseph Papineau
Frontispiece.

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AUNT JANE'S HERO

(Published by Permission.)

BY MRS E. PRENTISS.

CHAPTER XV.

The two sisters, as they sat alone together at lunch on the following day, offered a strange contrast to each other. Annie's faultless dress gave her a certain lady-like air; she had taken pains to grow stylish-looking and, in a sense, she was so. Yet there was a little restlessness in her movements, and her face had lost some of its youthful brightness and freshness. Maggie's refinement, on the contrary, was all in her face and in the tone of her voice; she had no style, no manner, her dress was very simple, and everything about her spoke of an economy that in spite of itself had to be ungraceful. But she looked serene and satisfied, and when she spoke it was with a loving gentleness born of a very different world from that in which Annie had been living.

"I don't see but you are the same old sixpence!" Annie at last burst out in her old natural manner.

"From what people say of you I fancied you were quite changed and spoiled. I almost expected to hear you begin to preach a sermon at me on the pomps and vanities of life. But there you sit, eating like other mortals, and looking as contented and happy as a queen."

"A great deal happier than any queen I know of," said Maggie.

"Is Horace good to you? I mean," she added, coloring a little, "is he what you hoped he would be when you married him?"

"Yes, indeed!" said Maggie, "all I have to complain of is that he spoils me so."

"Tom and I get on very well together, too," proceeded Annie. "For my part I like to be spoiled. And Tom has nothing to do, so why shouldn't he? He fairly loads me with pretty things, and then he admires everything I say and do."

"I hope, then, that you admires all he says and does!" cried Maggie. "Sometimes mutual admiration societies are good things."

"Oh, you know what Tom is—a big good-natured thing! I get out of patience with him twenty times a day, and then we kiss and make up. I never pretended to be as romantic as you are, or even as he is, but we get on together, as I said before."

"And are you really going back to Europe again?"

"Yes. You see Mamma White would fain have us come and live with her, but that doesn't suit me. For though I can wind Tom about my finger in anything else, when it comes to his mother he is stiff. So, to put off the evil day, I am going to make him take me back to Europe. After we've travelled all we choose I mean to settle down somewhere and study!

"And study!" repeated Maggie.

"You need not look so confounded. I only want to learn French enough to do shopping, and Italian enough to sing with; you need not be afraid of my turning into a book-worm. Tom has helped me to do my shopping thus far, but I don't always want him watching every cent I spend. Besides, it is mortifying to go about with other ladies who rattle off their French as if they were born to it, and to depend on one's husband to do one's talking. And now, speaking of shopping, let me show you what I've brought for you."

"Oh, Annie," said Maggie, trying to look pleased at the display of finery, "how come you to spend so much money for me?"

"What is money good for, as Tom says," was the laughing answer.

"But these things are too costly for me, with my plain ways; at least most of them are. Let me keep the useful ones; they are just what I need. You can't think how thankful I am for them, they will fit me up for the winter. But this light silk dress, oh, Annie! I never go to parties; you must wear that yourself."

"You foolish child! Knowing what a little old maid you are, I had it made as simply as Mlle. Duria would consent to make it; and do you suppose I'm not going to have any visits from you this winter? This will be the very thing to wear when you come to dine with me."

Maggie yielded; it did not seem very likely now that she would go out to dine with Annie or any one else, she still felt so weak and disinclined to exertion.

"I am so glad for you, Annie dear," she said, when everything had been admired and discussed, "that Tom is so much under your influence. For I did tremble when you married him, lest being a worldly man, he would be a snare to you."

"Now it's coming!" thought Annie, coloring. "I don't see but Tom is as good as many people who pretend to be better," she replied. "He is as honorable and as generous as the day is long, and wouldn't take advantage of a fly. And he is as sweet-tempered and kind-hearted as you are, every bit of it. And you ought to see how good he is to his mother! By-the-by, to tell you a secret, Mamma White always hoped he would take you instead of me."

"I was not in the market to be taken!" cried Maggie, with some spirit. And then she wished she had not said that; Tom was a dear, good fellow, why resent being selected for his spouse?

"Oh, I know nobody had the least chance after you met Horace," said Annie, gleefully. She had steered clear of Maggie's impending sermon, and delivered herself scornfully of the words, "Mamma White," and now it was time to go.

The weeks that followed were full of confusion; Mr. and Mrs. Wyman passing back and forth between the hotel and their rich (?) daughter, and Horace's house and their poor (?) daughter; Tom and Annie running in and out; display of dry goods, jewellery, pictures, infinite nothings; dinners, lunches, suppers. For a little time this pleasant excitement was good for Maggie, but it soon ceased to be pleasant. She loved her own quiet home, and the opportunities it gave her of doing good, and gradually resumed the habits broken in upon by her illness. She could not go to her mission school yet, but she had her class come to her Sunday afternoons, taught them, prayed with them, persuaded them to pray, and was as happy as a human heart could be.

Horace was almost as well as ever, but that was not really well. He could not get exercise enough to keep up his health. The doctors said he ought to ride on horseback every day, but they might as well have said he ought to dissolve and eat pearls. He took care not to tell Maggie this, and she did not know how hard he found it always to take car or stage, when other men kept themselves young and vigorous by walking. Still she saw that he often was thoughtful, almost depressed, and asked herself if seeing Tom White and Annie so free from care, so able to put forth their hands and take whatever they would, was not, unconsciously, making his own poverty more conspicuous and painful. He was working hard, and working late; would he have to do this if he had no wife to encumber him? Pondering these questions, she, too, became more silent than was her wont, and Horace soon perceived and misunderstood it.

"Poor little thing!" he said, "I do not wonder she feels the contrast between Annie's lot and her own! Here she is sick and weak, and needing delicacies, and drives, and leisure, and I can not afford to give her enough of either! Ought I to have entered on this struggle, and to have let her enter it with me?"

"A penny for your thoughts!" said Maggie, coming behind him, and putting her cool hands on his forehead. He was sitting over some papers, but not occupied with them, and she saw that he looked troubled.

"Well, my dear," he said, "if I must confess, I was thinking of you."

"Of me! And with such a face?"

"Yes, of you. Think of Annie's position, and think of yours! And you are ten times as worthy of the good things of life as she is."

"Ah! I know what all this means. You think Tom and Annie happier than we are. Why, Horace, I am ashamed of you! We are the happiest people in the world."

"Are we?" with a comical look.

"Yes, we are. Only you get dyspeptic now and then for want of exercise, and then you get to thinking things. Come, now, if you could put everything back where it was before you knew me, when you had nobody but yourself to take care of, would you do it?"

"And go and board at a boarding-house? No, I wouldn't."

"Then hadn't we better put a good face on our little home, and enjoy it?"

"One can't always get into the mood to put on good faces."

"But one can bear the contrary mood patiently, and then it passes away, as moods will. Tell me one thing, are you over-working because of me?"

"I am not over-working because of anybody. Of course, if I had no family to care for, I should work less than I do now, for lack of inspiration; or, if I were rich, like Tom, I dare say I should not work at all. I should fancy that I didn't feel very well, and that idleness was my vocation."

"Then I'm glad you're not rich. I have been thinking lately that God meant something when He gave the work of dressing and keeping the garden of Eden to both Adam and Eve. He could have made the garden take care of itself, or have given all the work to Adam."

"Why, Maggie! don't you read your Bible more carefully than that? He did give the keeping of the garden to Adam, and to Eve he gave work that Adam could not do, and which gave her plenty of occupation."

"Well," said Maggie, drawing a long breath, "I don't know how I came to make such a mistake, but I have really felt troubled at your having to do all the work, while I idle at home. For I certainly thought God made Eve share Adam's labors in the garden."

"I think that while I go on with my writing, you had better refresh your memory by reading the third chapter of Genesis. I believe I am a little out of sorts, and have been looking at things through the medium of a touch of indigestion. Not a very glorious trophy to bring home from the battle-field, is it?"

"It seems as if it was enough to lose one's limbs," said Maggie, "and not have one's health thrown into the bargain. Horace, dear, would exercise on horseback take the place of walking?"

"Yes; but then this beggar has no horse on which to ride," he said, laughing.

Maggie stood in thoughtful silence for some minutes, and then said in a low voice,

"Now I feel that we are poor. But this is God's choice for us; the choice of our best Friend. I am sure He could refuse us nothing that would give me the pain that the sense of your needing something you cannot have, gives me."

Her eyes were full of tears, yet she smiled as she went on.

"I don't know but it is a good thing to feel our own weakness; it makes God's strength seem so strong. We can't manage this business of your exercise, but He can, and I believe He will."

"Well, I feel all the better for this talk," said Horace. "You always build me up when I get down. And now, little woman, go about your business, and I will pitch into mine."

"It would be a relief," thought Maggie, as she sat down at his side with her work-basket, "if I could talk this matter over with somebody. But if I tell Aunt Jane or Annie, that Horace needs a horse, or the use of one, it would be just the same as asking them to see that he has one. Oh the money Annie spent for me in Paris! However, the hand of Providence guided hers; why should I fancy I could have guided it better?"

At this moment a note was handed her from Annie, which ran on this wise:

"Dear Mag,—Tom had has to go and look after his mother, who must needs fall sick. And I have got such a cold that I can't go to see you or anybody. So jump into the carriage and come here this minute.

'NAN.'"

Maggie tossed this note to Horace, and ran to get ready. She knew he was too busy to miss her much, and it was pleasant to think of seeing Annie all by herself. Not that she did not love Tom, who treated her like a brother, but that his presence was some little restraint to her.

Annie came to meet her with unusual warmth.

"Just look at my nose!" cried she. "And this is the night of Mrs. Erskine's reception, and I wanted to go! Isn't it provoking? And a cold does make one feel so flat!"

"But you could not have gone without Tom."

"Oh, yes, I could! There are plenty of them who would be only too glad to escort me. But only think now, suppose Mamma White should go and die! I should have to throw away all my lovely things, and put on black."

"Why will you belie yourself so, Annie? To hear you talk, one would think you had no heart."

"You wouldn't think so, for you know better. Do you know Tom and I came the nearest to a quarrel to-day that we have come yet. He wants me to go home to live, because his mother is out of health and out of spirits, and thinks it would cheer her up to have us about the house. But let me show you how she looks." And Annie put on such a long, melancholy face, that Maggie could not help smiling.

"I think you ought to go if Tom wishes it," she said.

"I don't believe in mothers-in-law, much less in living with them."

"Nor do I, under ordinary circumstances. But with her only son gone, Mrs. White has no pleasure in keeping up her establishment. Think how lonely she is!"

"Well, when I married Tom, I thought I was going to have all sorts of good times."

"It seems to me you have almost all sorts. But was not your marriage to be for Tom's pleasure, as well as your's?"

Annie colored, and replied:

"I don't think it is very kind in you to take sides with Tom, and against me! If there is any one thing I always detested the thought of, it was marrying a man's mother and sisters. To be sure Tom has no sisters—I'm glad he hasn't—and his mother might be worse than she is. But if we go there, she will expect us to sit with her all our evenings, and make me go with her to her societies and things. And I don't like to be led round by other people, and never did."

"Just what we don't like is often just what is best for us, darling. I did not like to see my husband lying at the point of death, nor did he like to see me lying so. But I wish I could tell you what beautiful things grew up out of those unlikings. And as to being led about by other people; why, they are often God's hands. He is the real Leader."

"Here comes Tom!" said Annie, in a tone of relief. She did not want to be led by God's hand; she fancied she knew what was good for her better than He did.

"How's your mammie?" she asked, as Tom drew near.

"Dreadfully low spirited. She says she needs some life and stir about the house. And I think she does."

Annie set her lips in a way that showed there would have to be a fight before she should furnish that life and stir, and then Maggie prepared to go. Tom insisted on escorting her, and as they drove off, asked, in a piteous way, what he should do to pacify these two women, who, between them, were bewildering him to the very last degree.

"I don't know what to make of Annie," said Maggie. "She never used to be selfish."

"Selfish!" repeated Tom, in a tone of surprised indignation. "My Annie?"

Ah, well, what a mercy that love is blind!

"Yes," said Maggie, decidedly. "Your Annie, my Annie, is not herself. But she is not spoiled. I am sure that if she sees that you really wish her to go home with you to your mother's, she will yield."

"But I don't like to urge her so, and yet my mother needs us; I declare I never was so worried in my life. There's nothing I wouldn't do for her, and nothing I wouldn't do for Annie; but I don't seem to suit either of them," he said, plaintively.

"I am very sorry; but I am sure it will all come out right," said Maggie.

These words were simple enough, but they meant a great deal, she was sure that she was going to pray about this thing day and night, and sure that God would hear and answer her in some good way of His own. And though she did not say this to Tom, he felt that there was significance in her tone and manner, and that she was on his side. He ran in for a moment to see Horace, and they had a little brotherly talk together, which did not amount to much in itself, but which led Tom to think, as he drove off,

"I do love that man!"

And made Horace say to Maggie, to her great satisfaction;

"The more I see of Tom, the more I like him. He is as good-hearted a fellow as the sun shines on."

"Aunt Jane always said so," replied Maggie, "and she has known him ever since he was a little boy. But isn't it strange, that with such a good woman for his mother, he has grown up to be in and of the world?"

"How good is she?"

"Why, very good, I always supposed. She is the greatest hand for going to prayer-meetings, and societies and associations, and things of that sort."

"And who looked after Tom, while she was off on these expeditions?"

"Expeditions? Do you call prayer-meetings expeditions?"

"If they took her out of her house I do. Of course, I am not finding fault with them, but I have observed that your burning and shining lights abroad often neglect to shine as they ought at home. And I know, for Tom has told me, that coming home from school, and invariably finding his mother out, he naturally sought for other society, and that not always of the best sort."

"But think how he loves her!"

"Yes; but that's something comparatively new. It sprang up out of the death of his father."

"How many good things spring up out of sad ones!" said Maggie, thoughtfully. "Horace, I begin to believe that God distributes His favors far more equally among men that we fancy. How many poor people He makes rich; how many rich people poor! Think how happy we are, and what a little thing is poisoning Tom's peace, and Annie's."

And then she told him of her conversation with them both.

"Well, I advise you to keep silent, and not mix yourself up in the business. It is not our affair."

"I rather think I can leave it to the Lord," said Maggie.

"And I rather think you must. You look very tired."

"Annie grieves me. It hasn't been a good thing for her to marry a rich man. I daresay my head would have been turned just so, however."

"Yours, darling? What nonsense."

But he acted as if he liked such nonsense, and soon peace settled down upon the little household, and gathered them all under its wings.

But Tom and Annie sat far into the night, discussing the question his mother had brought to a point, the one coaxing, arguing, despairing, the other unreasonable, willful and blind.

"Very well!" cried Annie, at last. "It is plain that you care more for your mother than you do for me. To gratify her wishes you would sacrifice my happiness. If I had known you were such a man"—and she filled up her sentence with tears, adding, "It says in the Bible that a man should forsake father and mother, and cleave to his wife."

"Yes, it does. But mother repeated ever so many texts to prove that he ought not. It does seem as if there ought to be a right or a wrong to this question. Would you be willing to let some other impartial person, or persons, decide it? Horace, or Maggie, or both?"

"Oh, I can tell you beforehand what they would decide. They would preach sermons by the hour to prove that I ought to give up and let you have things your own way. I have no doubt they would find such a text as this in the Bible:

"'Annie, you naughty girl, do what your husband wishes!'"

In spite of her nose, which she had made even redder by crying, Annie looked charming in her husband's eyes as she uttered these words in the bright, arch way that always won him. He caught her and kissed her, and said nobody should tease her, and that she was his own little pet, and—well, they all talk alike.

And Annie hid her triumphant face on his shoulder, and knew herself victorious.

(To be Continued.)

CORRESPONDENCE.

TEMPERANCE HOTELS.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—I have for several weeks gone through your paper to see if I could not find an advertisement of a temperance hotel, or private house, where travellers from the country could board in town for a day or two, either with wives or daughters, without being compelled to go to an hotel, where liquor is so freely taken. I wish you would direct me to some good temperance hotel, or private family, where we could be at ease, not hearing the continual sound of the bar-room night and day. You will perhaps tell me that bar-rooms are closed at 11 p.m. No, sir, they are closed for the *police*, but not for boarders; they will drink and play cards very late. If you want to retire, you have the noise and cannot rest; music for which you do not care when you have travelled 40 or 50 miles; and many times those same bar frequenters will retire and make more noise when in their rooms, especially when whiskey has been taken too freely. Besides this, you are very often asked, whether you are known or not, to take something, which puts you to expense, or be ridiculed if you refuse to do so.

I am in the habit of travelling very often with my wife and family, and if I knew a good temperance house, where I could have good boarding and good stabling, I and many others would patronize it. I am, &c.,

Joliette, Dec. 13, 1871. A COUNTRY TRAVELLER.

ST. JOHNS LUNATIC ASYLUM.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—Among the principal newspapers of Montreal city, the WITNESS is the only one which has not, at some time or other, sent out a representative or reporter to view for himself the condition and management of the asylum at this place. And, singular to say, the WITNESS is the only paper in Montreal which has attacked the Asylum. I have no intention of dealing in personalities, but certainly it would seem only just that before charges were made, they should be derived from reliable and unimpeachable sources, and not trumped up one whole year after date, with the visible object of doing me injury. I have everything to gain and nothing to fear from a full and fair enquiry of the case to which you refer in your article of 18th inst., but I protest against the old uncompromising spirit of hostility to me which prompted this, as it has done previous attacks.

Now, sir, I do not plead ignorance of the case you allude to. It simply amounts to this—that upon the 5th of December, 1870, a lunatic from Montreal was admitted into the Asylum: a creature so morally and physically filthy, his personal habits so abominable, and his acts and language so degrading that he was unfit to associate with other than the lowest animal that crawls on the earth; and let me try to impress upon you, Mr. Editor, that he is not the only one of the sort that is admitted into the Asylum. This man was not put among clean patients, but in what is called the dirty house, amongst others of the same class. This man had frequently to be put into a bath and washed five or six times a day. From the moment I saw his habits I pronounced him an incurable case. I knew he would never recover, and told his family so; moreover I twice called upon his wife in Montreal and told her all the particulars, so far as I could, with a proper degree of respect, speak to a female; and the last time I called was to tell her that, if she wished him to die at home, she should remove him. When his friends came to remove him, of course he was filthy, and had to be washed before clean clothes were put on him; and not only them, but when dressed and about to go with his friends, he was in ten minutes in such a filthy state that his own brother ran away from him. My impression at the time was, and I told his friends so, that I did not think he would be taken on the cars. He was taken, however, and the passengers in that car must have had a pleasant time of it.

You, sir, have forced me to reveal truths that I would most willingly have kept concealed for the sake of public decency. As to that man, or any other person in the Asylum, suffering from unkindness, the charge is simply an untruth. As to the dirty house, it has a furnace at one end and a water-closet at the other (which I regret to say is not always used), and I am very proud of the arrangements. That house or apartment has been seen by the most scientific men of Montreal, amongst whom were Drs. Beaubien, David, Fenwick, Hingston, Trenholme and others, and I appeal to any of those gentlemen respecting the arrangement of that apartment. When you state that there should be a large building for the accommodation of lunatics; when you say that a Lunatic Asylum should be for lunatics, and not idiots; when you say that lunatics should be sent to an asylum without any

delay, when the symptoms of insanity first make their appearance, you are treating of a subject with which you are acquainted; but when you write about the internal arrangement and management of an asylum, you can have no practical, and therefore accurate, knowledge of the topic.

If you had to take the place of one of the keepers for a month and do his work, your articles upon lunatic asylums would modify their slashing style; you would then be inclined to have some sympathy with those whose hard earnings come from a lunatic asylum.

As to "the secrets of the prison house," you will find them all in my reports every year for the past ten years. There are no secrets, but there is a regard for decency which I fear your informers, in this instance have not got. If yourself, sir, or a duly credited representative of yours, came here, I would show to him all the parts of this and other departments, so that you or he might judge of the honest efforts I make to help even the lowliest and the most loathsomely unclean of my patients.

In conclusion, sir, I will say to you, and all who share your views in this particular, that I stand prepared for a full investigation in this or any other point of my administration. You know the proper course to take in the premises, and I am ready to meet you at every stage.

Yours &c.,
Henry Howard, Medical Superintendent.
St. Johns, Q., Dec. 19th, 1871.

REMARKS.

In reply to Dr. Howard's communication, we have to say that the Doctor does not deny the allegations on which our article of the 18th was based. An excuse founded upon the filthy habits of a poor lunatic long since dead, is no defence of cruelties perpetrated upon the latter (possibly without the Doctor's knowledge). It is really no denial of the charge. Again—Dr. Howard refers to the visit to the Asylum of certain medical gentlemen of this city last April, for the purpose of inspecting his ventilating apparatus. Now this is scarcely fair. These gentlemen did not see the place as the relatives of the deceased saw it. The latter left the Asylum in February and died, as we are informed, on the 10th of March, just four weeks and one day after his return home. Now our reporter was informed that a person in the employment of a well-known plumber of this city went out to assist parties at St. John's in making certain required alterations, and returned on the 4th of April; and the medical visitors did not inspect the asylum until *after the latter date*, as the report of their hospitable reception and speeches furnished at the time by some of the Montreal papers can testify. Besides, Doctor Howard is too well aware of the courtesy of his medical brethren to imagine that they would openly express their disgust, even had they seen the place in its previous condition.

With respect to the poor creature himself, whose friends believe him to have been so ill-used, Dr. Howard must know that he would not have been left, and paid for, in the Asylum had they supposed that he would have been subjected to such treatment. As to our not knowing the details of the internal management of the St John's Asylum, we reply that Dr. Howard himself cannot know how his servants act in his absence. Moreover, he does not deny the perfectly nude and filthy condition in which another of his patients was seen by one of the parties above mentioned.

Circulation of the Daily Witness during the week ending Dec. 16th, and the corresponding week of last year:—

December, 1871.			December, 1870.		
Monday	11	10,500	Monday	12	10,800
Tuesday	12	10,600	Tuesday	13	10,750
Wednesday	13	10,400	Wednesday	14	10,800
Thursday	14	10,600	Thursday	15	10,700
Friday	15	10,500	Friday	16	10,700
Saturday	16	11,000	Saturday	17	11,500
Total		63,600	Total		65,250

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1871.

THE "ALABAMA" CLAIMS.

As our readers will remember, the Commission to decide on these claims has recently met at Geneva. We have it now to state that the case of the claimants, as prepared by Hon. J. C. B. Davis, and occupying five hundred pages, has been presented, accompanied by voluminous documents and correspondence. This formidable array of papers has certainly an imposing appearance, but is not so much an index of the damages to be allowed as a specimen of the herculean task before the Commission, in sifting law and evidence, in order to separate the chaff from the wheat. The absurd legal way is followed, as we perceive, of crowding in everything—historical and sentimental—that can possibly have a bearing on the matter in hand. Much of this must, of course, be ruled out, comprising the large class of sentimental grievances to wounded sensibilities; for this International Arbitration differs slightly from an action for breach of promise of marriage that is brought on for trial.

The case begins with alleged proofs of unfriendliness on the part of England in proclaiming neutrality, in concealing negotiations with France for recognizing Southern independence. It passes on to its suspicions of intentions which the British had to legalize letters of marque, and then proceeds to quote unfriendly speeches in Parliament.

It turns from this "buncombe" to treat on the duties of neutrals, which, with lawyer-like prolixity, are drawn out under twelve heads. These are, in brief, impartiality; independence of municipal laws; also that a neutral must enforce its laws; use diligence to prevent the construction and departure of vessels with hostile intentions to friendly powers; that it should not allow belligerents to make use of its ports or waters as a base of warlike operations, or for renewing or augmenting military supplies; and, in case of failure in fulfilling these conditions, that it is liable to make compensation for the injury; that it does not escape such obligation by the change of the offending vessel into a public man-of-war; that it cannot be relieved of the responsibility either by the offending vessel fraudulently evading a municipal law; and that the offence will not be "deposited, so as to release the liability of the neutral, by the entry of the offending vessel in a port of the belligerent, and there becoming a man-of-war, if any part of the original fraud continues to hang about the vessel."

After this rather lengthy preamble comes as prolix an account of the acts charged against Great Britain under these counts of indictment. Payment is claimed, not only for vessels destroyed, but for interruption of trade and various other constructive and hypothetical damages, ridiculous enough any where except in making up a law case.

The claims for direct damages foot up the nice little sum of $19,021,428, which is computed from loss of ships, cargoes, and from increased rates of insurance. The indirect damages are left to the assessment of the tribunal, should it give a judgment for any. The claims are thus classified in the Boston *Advertiser*:—

First, the claims for direct losses growing out of the destruction of vessels and their cargoes by the insurgent cruisers. Second, the national expenditures in the pursuit of these cruisers. Third, the loss in the transfer of the American commercial marine to the British flag. Fourth, the enhanced payments of insurance. Fifth, the prolongation of the war and the addition of a large sum to the cost of the war and the suppression of the rebellion. To the amount thus shown should be added interest upon the claims to the day when the awards are made payable by the treaty, which is one year after the award. The rate of interest claimed is seven per cent., and the United States propose the first day of July, 1863, as the date from which interest shall be reckoned. The statement sets forth the expediency of an award by the tribunal of a gross sum to be paid by Great Britain.

OUR LUNATICS AND THEIR TREATMENT.

In the previous articles on the care and treatment of lunatics in this Province, which appeared in the Witness on the 8th and 18th inst., respectively, the policy of the Government was discussed in contracting, without the consent of Parliament, for the care of lunatics during another term of years at Beauport, and the unfitness of the so-called Provincial Asylum for its purposes was pointed out. In the present article we propose to treat the subject from a general point of view, and indicate the method which, in our opinion, ought to be followed up in the treatment of this most pitiable class of human beings.

In the first place—regarding lunacy as not merely a malady of the mind, but as involving also, in many cases, the derangement of the normal functions of the body—it would appear to be the object of a wise foresight to provide a spacious and well-ventilated home for its subjects. Nor should their residence be in a low, swampy locality. It is, moreover, expedient that the ground attached to an asylum be sufficiently spacious to admit of the patients taking an adequate amount of exercise, even in winter. When the mutual relations subsisting between the mind and body, even in sane persons, are considered, it will be obvious that such provisions are not merely wise but necessary. In point of fact they are made in all well regulated asylums in Great Britain and Ireland, and one has only to contrast some of the asylums in the United States with their spacious sheds, workshops and other places of exercise and amusement, with the Provincial Asylum at St. John's, to be painfully conscious of the inferiority of the latter. The simple reason is this: The building and locality are totally unfitted for their purpose, and no expenditure of money will ever adapt them for it. Again—in the treatment of lunacy the classification of patients is absolutely essential. The deteriorating effect which is produced upon mild and harmless patients by consorting with those of an opposite tendency is well-known to all who have a practical knowledge of the subject. The insane are surprisingly imitative; and just as it is possible for a wise keeper or guardian to check unseemly ebullitions of temper or habit by reference to the example of those more properly conducted, so the unrestrained intercourse of bad and good, violent and gentle, clean and filthy patients is equally injurious to all. In such circumstances the patients may be kept, indeed, "out of harm's way," but a cure of the malady is absolutely impossible. From the classification of patients there obviously follows the necessity of a larger corps of keepers. One keeper at least is needed for each class, whose habits he should study and to whose wants he should diligently attend. Besides, this method, although more expensive at first, offers the only chance of preventing the cases from becoming chronic, and being thus a continuous expense to the Government. It may be here also remarked, that no asylum for the insane can truly subserve its purposes without having a sick bay or ward for male, and another for female patients. When this is wanting the keeper of the day room cannot safely allow the patients under his or her charge to retire to the dormitory, and thus it is necessary for their own or others' safety to exclude them into a separate and well-fortified apartment, whether they be filthy in their habits, violent in their conduct, or simply enfeebled by disease; and thus also arise the opportunities for neglect and the charges of cruelty to one of which reference was made in a late issue of the Witness. The keeper in charge, if he attend properly to his other patients ought not to leave them alone for any considerable length of time, and so he either neglects the sick and troublesome altogether, or if he is obliged to attend to them occasionally, is tempted to do so with haste, ill-humor and severity.

Another obvious advantage in having a spacious edifice appropriated to the care of lunatics is, the possibility of providing for the accommodation of the Superintendent within its walls. The old proverb that "a master's eyes do more than both his hands," is never more true than in relation to a lunatic asylum. There are many opportunities for neglect, and not a few for the maltreatment of patients, even in a well regulated asylum, so that the underlings constantly require the active presence of a conscientious superior. By night, in peculiar exigencies, as well as by day, the presence of the latter ought to be attainable, which is not the case at the St. John's Asylum, where the Medical Superintendent is obliged to reside at a considerable distance from it. In some instances the services of an assistant physician or an apothecary would be sufficient, were such an officer appointed, as in our opinion he ought to be, in every well regulated asylum for the insane; but in others the presence of the head officer is required to govern alike the keepers and the patients. An assistant would be valuable in case of the illness or unavoidable absence of the principal; but it is surprising to observe the readiness with which even lunatics discern the difference of prerogative exercised by one and by the other.

There are several other topics in connection with this subject on which we could write; such as the varied treatment required for the lunatic who is silent, reserved and dangerous, and him who is jocund, communicative, and highly capable of affection towards his keeper—the stolid and almost idiotic, and him whose brain is ever active, whose memory is retentive, and who, although he reasons often times from false premises, uses, nevertheless, a form of speech which is logical and appropriate—between the wild, raving lunatic, and him who is merely idiotic or suffers quietly from what is termed a "softening of the brain." Something might be said likewise about the quality of the keepers, their ability, in this Province, to speak both languages, their age and general fitness for their office; and, in fine, about the hygienic treatment of lunatics as to amusements, exercise, the visits of their friends, &c.; but sufficient has been written, for the present, to convince the thoughtful reader that a system the reverse of that we have indicated is not that which can result in ameliorating the condition of our lunatics, or, in the majority of instances, relieving the Province from the expense of their maintenance.

CITY ITEMS.

Court of Appeals.—In consequence of the absence of Chief Justice Duval, judgments will not be given in the Coote and Dixon case until next term.

Horse Strangled.—A horse in the stable on the farm of the late Hugh Fraser, Lower Lachine, and belonging to a man named P. McLaughlin, was on Tuesday night accidentally strangled. The animal was valued at about $250.

That Barge.—Yesterday we noticed that the enterprising owner of the barge which keeled over on an attempt being made to sink her a few days ago, has placed a winch on the ice and obtained the services of a few laborers, with a view to making another attempt to have her righted and sunk properly.

Postponed.—Owing to the illness of the Rev. Canon Baldwin, who is at present suffering from a severe affection of the throat, the fourth of his series of winter lectures was postponed until the first Wednesday in January. Divine service was conducted instead in the Cathedral schoolroom, by the Rev. Mr. Evans, assistant minister of the church.

Waste of Water.—Householders and others should see the necessity of not allowing their water taps to run at this season of the year, when the ordinary supply of water for domestic purposes, is proportionately limited, and when the utmost carefulness is necessary to keep up a sufficient quantity in case of fire.

Accident.—Yesterday evening, a few minutes after six o'clock, a lady fell in St. Peter street, between St. James street and Fortification lane, owing to the slippery and dangerous state of the sidewalk. She lay almost insensible from the effects of the fall and the shock to her system, until a gentleman passing kindly hailed a sleigh, and had her conveyed to her home in St. Dominique street. Residents in this street should be obliged to keep the sidewalks properly cleaned and covered with ashes to prevent the accidents which almost daily occur there.

Beware!—At this season of the year, when shops are filled with parties making their holiday purchases, storekeepers should be on the alert for the light-fingered gentry, who are said to be just now visiting such stores as do a large business, especially in the evening. Their plan is to help themselves to whatever is within their reach, then price some article and walk away without purchasing. Last season many articles were stolen in this way. This year they have commenced their work already. On Saturday evening last, while a number of gentlemen were in Mr. W. B. Bowie's store, two persons called, made a trifling purchase, and whilst the clerk was attending to the other parties, one of the two lifted a fur cap from the shelf, and walked off with it. The theft was not discovered until some time after.

CORN EXCHANGE DAILY REPORT.

(From the Montreal Herald.)

Montreal, Wednesday, Dec. 20th.

Flour, ₱ brl of 196 lbs.—Superior Extra, nominal $0.00; Extra, $6.25 @ $6.30; Fancy, $0.00 @ $6.10; Fresh Supers, (Western Wheat) $0.00 @ $5.90; Ordinary Super, Canada Wheat, $5.90 @ $5.95; Strong Bakers' Flour, $6.00 @ $6.20; Supefines from Western Wheat (Welland Canal,) $5.90 @ $5.95. City brands of Superfine (from Western Wheat) Fresh Ground, $6.00 @ $0.00; Canada Superfine No. 1, $5.45 @ $5.50; Western Supers No. 2, $5.45 @ $5.50; Fine, $4.90 @ $5.10; Middlings, $3.50 @ $4.00; Pollards, $3.00 @ $3.50; U. C. Bag Flour, per 100 lbs., $2.70 @ $2.75; City Bags (delivered), $2.90 @ $0.00.

Market quiet. Western quotations for Wheat are nominally unchanged this morning. Liverpool prices are unaltered, as per latest Cable annexed:—

	Dec. 20. 1.25 p.m. s d		s d	Dec. 19. 1.25 p.m. s d		s d
Flour	25 0	@	28 0	25 0	@	28 0
Red Wheat	10 10	@	11 3	10 10	@	11 3
Red Winter	00 0	@	11 6	11 6	@	00 0
White	12 6	@	00 0	00 0	@	12 6
Corn	00 0	@	31 6	31 6	@	00 0
Barley	3 10	@	0 0	00 0	@	3 10
Oats	0 3	@	3 0	3 0	@	0 0
Peas	41 0	@	00 0	00 0	@	41 0
Pork	00 0	@	58 6	58 6	@	00 0
Lard	45 3	@	00 0	00 0	@	45 3

Business on 'Change was not active this forenoon, and quotations of yesterday are continued. There is no wholesale demand at the moment, transactions being restricted to the wants of the local and city trade, who purchase but sparingly. Receipts reported by G. T. R., 2,400 brls.

Wheat, ₱ bushel of 60 lbs.—Market quiet. Quotations nominal.

Corn, ₱ bush. of 56 lbs.—Market quiet. 65c asked for retail lots.

Pease, ₱ bush of 66 lbs.—Quotations are 82c @ 84c.

Butter, per lb.—Market quiet but steady. Rates are: Store-packed Western, 13c @ 15c; Fair Dairy Western, 16c @ 18c; Choice Dairy Western, 21c @ 23c.

Cheese, per lb.—Quotations are: Factory Fine, 10c @ 10½c; Finest New, late made, 10¾c @ 11¼c.

Pork, (per barrel of 200 lbs.)—Market dull. Mess (inspected) $15.25 @ $15.50; Thin Mess, $14.00 to $14.25.

Ashes, per 100 lbs.—Pots dull. Firsts, $7.85 @ $7.90; Seconds, $7.15. Pearls, quiet; Firsts, $8.42½ @ $8.50; Seconds, $8.20.

Oats, ₱ bush of 32 lbs.—Held at 31c @ 33c.

Barley, per bush of 48 lbs.—Steady at 55c @ 60c.

Oatmeal, ₱ brl. of 200 lbs.—Quiet at $4.75 @ $5 according to quality.

Lard ₱ lb.—Retail demand at 10c @ 10½c.

Dressed Hogs, ₱ 100 lbs.—Market quiet. Rates are $5.50 to $5.75, according to weight.

Milwaukee, Dec. 20. 10 a.m.—Entirely nominal; nothing doing. 11 a.m.—Wheat nominal at $1.21 and $1.18½; No. 2 $1.19½ January. Receipts, 21,000 bush.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

BLANK BOOKS.

Ruled to Any Pattern.

And bound ready for use in one week, at

S. W. MASON,
Account Book Manufactory,
50 St. Francois Xavier street.

Orders respectfully solicited from Merchants Bankers, Railroads, Insurance and other Incorporated Companies.

MONTREAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Twelve per cent. upon the paid-up Capital of this Company, for the past year, has been declared this day, and will be payable at its office, in this city, on and after FRIDAY, the 22th inst.

ALSO,

declared this day, and will be paid at the same time and place, a Bonus of Five per cent. on the subscribed Capital of the Company.

By order of the Board,

A. MURRAY, Manager.

20th Dec., 1871.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame street.

SWEET STEWING & FRYING OYSTERS.

My supply of choice selected Baltimore, Norfolk, Lock Out Points, Va., and Fair Haven, Conn., and other oysters, are direct and regular by express;—hence the oysters are in prime condition and flavor,—the meats are firm and fat.

The Oyster Trade being a speciality with us, and our long experience in the business, enables us to offer liberal inducements to the trade, and to large consumers. Particular attention paid to our family trade, and prompt delivery to any part of the city.

J. B. BUSS

254 St. James street, 2 doors West Ottawa Hotel.

GENTS' FUR CAPS,

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.

Mink, S. S. Seal, Ermine, Grebe and Persian Lamb Muffs, Collars, Boas, Ruffs, Cuffs and Caps, forming a complete assortment of Ladies' Fur Goods.

50 LADIES' WHITE JACKETS

to arrive next week, in time for the holidays, at

R. W. COWAN'S
MAMMOTH FUR EMPORIUM,
Cor. of Notre Dame and St. Peter sts.

P.S.—Look out for the right man to represent the Centre Ward, one who will give us those forty new Policemen.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

In the matter of DEMASS PHANEUF, of the Parish of St. Cesaire, County of Rouville Trader,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned, Andrew B. Stewart, have been appointed Assignee in this matter.

Creditors are requested to fyle their claims before me within one month, and are hereby notified to meet at the office of the Assignee, in the City of Montreal, on Wednesday, the twenty-fourth day of January next, A.D., 1872, at the hour of Three o'clock in the afternoon, for the public examination of the Insolvent, and for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally. The Insolvent is hereby notified to attend.

A. B. STEWART, Assignee.

Montreal, 19th Dec. 1871.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, and its amendments—In the matter of OVILA LANCTOT, of the City of Montreal, Cabinet-Maker and Trader, individually and not otherwise, an Insolvent.—I, the undersigned Andrew B. Stewart, Official Assignee, of the City of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors are requested to fyle their claims before me within one month, and are hereby notified to meet at the office of the Assignee, in the City of Montreal, on MONDAY, the Twenty-second day of January next, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon, for the public examination of the Insolvent, and for the ordering of the affairs of the estate generally. The Insolvent is hereby notified to attend.

A. B. STEWART, Assignee.

Montreal, 18th Dec., 1871.

GENERAL Servant wanted; good references required. Apply between 3 and 5, at 58 University street.

WANTED immediately, a General Servant; country girl preferred. Apply at 13½ Berthelot st.

A Young Man, who has had many years' experience, desires a situation as Bookkeeper. Can furnish splendid testimonials in regard to ability, character, &c.; among the rest his present employer. Address A. W. H., Box 5[illegible] P. O.

WANTED, an Office and Sampleroom. Address P.O. Drawer 477.

WANTED, for School Section No. 8, a Teacher; State salary and No. of certificate. Apply to JOHN NICHOLSON, Secy.-Treas., Fitzroy Harbor.

A Young lady engaged at business, can be accommodated with board, at 13½ Berthelot st.

LOST, a Gold Earring, scroll pattern. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at 3[illegible] St. Catherine street.

WANTED, by a respectable person, a Situation as experienced Cook. Apply 51 Sanguinet st.

WANTED, by a young man of this city, a Situation in an office; is correct at figures, and can write a good hand. Address W. G., Witness Office.

WANTED, two Press Feeders and two Compositors.—Apply at this office.

WANTED, a smart Boy, at Inglis, Photographer.

PARLOR and Bedroom, Furnished, to Let, in a private Protestant family. Address, 22 Witness Office.

AGENTS wanted to canvass the city for an article required in every store, shop, office and dwelling; liberal inducement to a suitable party. Apply 15 Latour street.

WANTED, an experienced Table-maid. Apply to Mrs. George Stephen, 323 Mountain st.

WANTED, six Sewing Girls, and three Boys; must speak English. Apply 95 St. Francois Xavier st. (up two flights). C. H. YOUNG & Co.

WANTED, a respectable young woman as servant. Apply at 245 Upper University street.

AGENTS wanted, for "Mysteries and Crimes of Mormonism." Best selling book out, sales immense; pay $50 to $250 per month and expenses. Address C. L. Hooper & Co., Publishers, Montreal.

WANTED, a good Cook. Apply forenoon before 10, afternoon after 5, 873 Sherbrooke st.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

CLUBS.

Now is the time to make up clubs for the NEW DOMINION MONTHLY. A club of five may have the magazine addressed separately for $5. Price of a single copy, $1.50 per annum.

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S CHEER.—Among the requisites in every well-ordered household at the approaching festive season is an ample supply of healthful temperance beverages.

These, consisting of Ginger Ale, winter beverage, Lemonade, &c., can be had at the leading grocery stores, or at the factory, 10 St. Urbain street.

Be sure to obtain "Wilson's Ginger Ale," &c., the purity of whose goods is guaranteed.

CHAS. WILSON, Proprietor.

TOWELL RACKS,

FOR NEEDLE WORK, new styles, Carved and Plain,

AT

S. R. PARSON'S
Furniture Warerooms.

PIANOS FOR SALE.—Fine tone 7-Octave Cottage Pianofortes, cheap for cash, elegant cases and guaranteed for five years, at S. R. Warren & Co.'s old St. George's Church, St. Joseph street, and at No. 781 Charles Borromee street.

TO LET, until 1st of May, Cottage 265 Dorchester street, and the Furniture in the same to be sold. Apply on the premises.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame st.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

The "Family Doctor"—A copy of this thrilling temperance tale sent gratis to new subscribers remitting $1.50 for the NEW DOMINION MONTHLY before Jan. 1st, 1872.

Ask for it when you send the money.

BUY YOUR FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

AT

HUSTON'S
16 Main Street.

FELT! WOODS' PATENT FELT!

WARRANTED NOT TO CRACK!

Boots made from this Felt are superior to those manufactured from any other Felt, as it possesses the qualities of durability and pliability not found in the Felt that is made with or without a Cotton thread basis, such makes of Felt having been found by experience to crack across the bend of the foot, both in the Rubber and leather-bottomed Felt boots. In addition to the Patent Felt being manufactured in a manner that ensures its freedom from cracking, special attention is given to the quality of the Wool used, as well as to the Dyeing, so that it wears finer and retains its color to the end.

CERTIFICATE.

We the undersigned, wholesale Boot and Shoe manufacturers, hereby certify that we have used "Woods' Patent Felt," and consider it to be the best make (without exception) of Boot Felt that we have ever used. (Signed),

J. & T. BELL,
G. JAMES & Co.,
AMES, MILLARD & CO.
BROWN & CHILDS,
WM. McLAREN & CO.
LINTON & COOPER,
POPHAM & CO.
MULLARKY & CO.
SLATER & PERRY.
M. BONAYNE & CO.
G. FORBES,
DONOVAN & WILLIAMS.
McCREADY BROS.
&c. &c. &c.

WHALLEY & WOODS,
234 McGill St.

N.B.—Purchasers should be sure and ask for WOODS' PATENT FELT.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame street.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S
RHEUMATISM AND GOUT REMEDY

is well known on the Continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness.

One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases, and you will find it a real blessing. Mr. P. Bourdeau, of the firm of Bourdeau & Barbeau; and Mr. W. McKay, teacher of the Catholic Commercial Academy, and many others have found this out.

For sale by all Druggists.

CHARLES MARTIN,
36 Victoria Square, Montreal,
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

JOSEPH GOULD

Sole Importer in Lower Canada of the famous STEINWAY, CHICKERING, GABLER EMERSON AND OTHER WELL-KNOWN PIANOFORTES,

211 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.

Fresh supplies of the above celebrated Instruments constantly arriving and for sale at the lowest possible prices and on most favorable terms.

A variety of second-hand instruments, of all styles and at all prices, constantly on hand.

Also, a complete assortment of the MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS, from $60 to $600 each.

JOSEPH GOULD,
Successor to GOULD & HILL,
New No. 211 St. James st.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND ITS AMENDMENTS.

IN THE MATTER OF — FRANCOIS REMI TRANCHEMONTAGNE, of Berthier-en-Haut, Merchant.

AN INSOLVENT.

L. A. MARTEL, of Longueuil, Trader,

AN INSOLVENT.

FRANCOIS XAVIER CUSSON, of Montreal, Trader,

AN INSOLVENT.

I, the undersigned ANDREW B. STEWART, Official Assignee, do hereby give notice that on the SIXTEENTH day of DECEMBER, 1871, at a meeting called for that purpose, I was named Assignee to the Estates of the said FRANCOIS REMI TRANCHEMONTAGNE, of the said L. A. MARTEL and of the said FRANCOIS XAVIER CUSSON, in the stead and place of Sancrede Sauvageau, removed.

A. B. STEWART, Assignee.

Montreal, 16th Dec., 1871.

HENRY E. JUNOD

Has on hand a choice selection of Ladies' Fur Setts, S. S. Seal Hats, bound with P. Otter; also, a large assortment of Gents' Fur Caps, Plucked Beaver Gauntlets, Mitts and Gloves, &c., No. 376 Notre Dame st., opposite J. Aitken & Co.'s.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame st.

FOR SALE,

Fresh Ground Oatmeal, very choice.
Black Eye Marrowfat Pease, in barrels or in bulk.
Timothy Seed, in barrels.
Superior Extra Flour—White Frost, XXX.
Extras—Braemar, Hampton, Tyne, Whelers' Choice Family, Wolverton, Glenlawson, &c.
Strong Superfine—Peoples, Glenco, Milton, Hampton, Ontario, Wolverton, Waverley, Kilcolman, &c., &c.

ALSO,

No. 2 Fine and Middlings Flour!
75 BRLS. BEST ENGLISH PRIME MESS PORK
AND
100 RAILWAY CAR WHEELS, 33 inch.

ROBT. MITCHELL,
Commission Merchant and Broker,
95 St. Francois Xavier st., Montreal.

N. MACDONALD,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,
(Late with R. Hendery & Co.)
No. 29 BLEURY STREET, Near Notman's.

Having many years' experience in the first houses in Montreal and in the old country, entire satisfaction will be guaranteed with all work done. Gold Chains and all kinds of Jewellery made to order and repaired.

N. MACDONALD, 29 Bleury st.

GENTLEMEN, we strongly recommend you to buy your Fall and Winter Clothing at HUSTON'S, as they are well known to give the best value in the city. 16 Main street.

WOODS & CO.!

WOODS & CO.! WOODS & CO.!
273 Notre Dame street!
273 Notre Dame street!
273 Notre Dame street!
Boots! Boots! Boots! Boots! Boots! Boots!
Woods & Co.! Woods & Co.!
273 Notre Dame street!
273 Notre Dame street!
Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!
Woods & Co.! Woods & Co.!
273 Notre Dame street!
Rubbers! Rubbers! Rubbers! Rubbers!
Woods & Co.! Woods & Co.!
273 Notre Dame street!
Felt Overs! Felt Overs! Felt Overs! Felt Overs!

UNDER PATRONAGE OF H.R.H. PRINCE ARTHUR, H.E. LORD LISGAR, Governor General, and Gentry of Montreal.

JOHN PALMER,
HAIR DRESSER, WIG MAKER and PERFUMER
Manufacturer and Importer of
Human Hair, Wigs, Bands, Switches and Chignons.

The finest assortment of Hair Nets in Canada, at the lowest prices.

Manufacturer of the Invigorator, a valuable preparation for removing Dandruff, and rendering the Hair Soft and Glossy.

Hair work done to the latest styles.
All orders punctually attended to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 357 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame street.

HENRY GRANT,

MANUFACTURER OF MASONIC REGALIA, JEWELS, &c.,
303 NOTRE DAME STREET.

Brethren requiring Regalia, Jewels, Material, &c., for the 27th,

ST. JOHN'S DAY,

are requested to send in their orders at once.

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING BUSINESS FOR SALE.

One of the best stands in the city and well established, having a first-class connection. This is an excellent opportunity for a young man with a small capital and good business ability. The stock is light and well assorted, and the business done will pay largely on investment. Satisfactory reasons given for retiring from it. (Possession given any time.)

Address with real name in confidence to Box 625, P. O., Montreal.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

MOULDING SAND.

ONE CARGO WATERFORD, coarse and fine.

For Sale by
COPLAND & McLAREN,
Corner Grey Nun and Wellington sts.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
Funds invested in Canada . . . $100,000
RINTOUL BROS.,
General Agents, 24 St. Sacrament street.

NEW DOMINION MONTHLY.—See liberal clubbing terms for the coming year.

CHEAP ORANGES & LEMONS. 50 Boxes fine Oranges, at $2.50 per box; 100 Boxes New Lemons, $3.50 per box, all kinds Winter Apples and a lot of Fine Dates cheap, delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

JAS. TUCKWELL, corner McGill and St. Paul sts.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

AT THE
NEW YORK AND BOSTON PIANOFORTE CO.,
423 NOTRE DAME STREET,

One Hundred Customers, to purchase some of our Pianofortes, Organs, &c.

Our stock is complete, with additions from the manufacturers every week.

Our thorough knowledge of the business, and experience for many years in the manufacture of Pianos, ought to give full confidence to intending purchasers that the instruments will be in all respects such as we represent.

We identify our own credit with every instrument sold, and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Warranted for 5 years.

We are sole agents for

Hall, Davis & Co's Pianofortes, Boston, U.S.
W. H. Jewett & Co's do do
Geo. Woods & Co's Parlor and Vestry Organs, Boston, U.S.
Weber & Co's Pianofortes.

THOMAS A. HAINES Manager.

FOR SALE,

BLACK VELVETEENS.
BLACK CORD-EDGED RIBBONS.
BLACK & COLORED SASH DO.
CARDIGAN JACKETS.
CLOUDS.

LEWIS S. BLACK & THOM.

REMOVAL.

M. H. GAULT,
HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICES
TO
164 ST. JAMES STREET.

THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY (OF CANADA),
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE
CAPITAL $1,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
175 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

DIRECTORS:

SIR HUGH ALLAN, ... President.
EDWIN ATWATER, C. J. BRYDGES,
ADOLPHE ROY, HENRY LYMAN,
N. B. CORSE, GEORGE STEPHEN,

Fire and Life Risks taken on the most favorable terms. Fidelity of Employees Guaranteed, and Accident Policies issued.

This being a Canadian Company, and sustained by the largest Capitalists and Merchants of Montreal, is entitled to and solicits the support of the Canadian Public.

Full particulars of each Department may be obtained at the Head Offices, or of any of the Agents.

GEORGE B. MUIR,
Manager, Fire Department.
EDWARD STARK,
Acting Manager,
Life Guarantee and Accident Department.

1,000 OVER COATS, Beavers, Naps, Blanket and Pilot, from $7.00 at HUSTON'S, 16 Main street, and 175 St. Joseph.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame st.

MARBLE.

SLABS ITALIAN VEINED MARBLE,
FIRST QUALITY, Ex "Leonie."
FOR SALE BY
W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
100 Grey Nun st.

FRENCH CORSETS.

FIVE CASES just received.

CASSILS & CAMERON, Recollet st.

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS.

THOS. ALLAN & CO.
HAVE A LARGE STOCK.

Every article warranted as represented.

375 NOTRE DAME ST.

MORISON'S "OLD STAND."

TURGEON & COMPANY
ARE NOW
Offering BLANKETS, at reduced prices.
Offering FLANNELS, red, ditto white, very low.
Offering DRESS GOODS, at unequalled prices.
Offering BLACK LUSTRES, just in every one's money.
Offering MANTLES & JACKETS, of the latest style.
Offering QUILTED SKIRTS, cheaper than any house.
Offering STRIPED SHAWLS, at cost.
Offering MILLINERY, complete assortment.

This is the "Old Stand," and acknowledged the cheapest dry goods store in the city.

TURGEON & COMPANY, Importers, 450 Notre Dame st.

N.B.—We call particular attention to a lot of extra large size Blankets, at $3.75 per pair, a great bargain.

SCOTCH LAMBS' WOOL

UNDERCLOTHING & HOSIERY.

Just received, a large assortment of the above desirable goods in various makes and qualities.

FALL & WINTER GLOVES & MITTS.

including Dents' Kids, Driving, Buckskin, Dogskin, Russia Calf, Cloth, &c., &c.

Also, a fresh supply of SCARFS and TIES, including the following new shapes: Classic, Brandon, Solferino, and several new shades to Windsor, Club House, Kensington, Rt. Honorable, &c., &c.

R. J. TOOKE & CO.,
167 St. James Street,
Near St. Lawrence Hall.

Perfect Fitting Shirts made to order.

BRILLIANT STOVE POLISH.

Every Housekeeper who wants a bright Stove should ask for

E. JAMES & SONS'
PRIZE MEDAL DOME BLACKLEAD.

For sale by all respectable dealers.

N.B.—Beware of spurious imitations.

FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTS

FROM ONE DOLLAR.
HEAVY WELSH FLANNEL,
FROM 25 CENTS.
WHITE AND BLACK CLOUDS
In great variety.
AT
DESMARTEAU & BOND'S,
456 NOTRE DAME STREET.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

ORIENTAL,
424 NOTRE DAME STREET, 424

CANADIAN TWEEDS. CHEVIOT TWEEDS,

A special lot for Fall Suits.

A. A. MURPHY.

J. B. LEITHEAD, Manager.

2,000 PAIR OF ALL WOOL Pants from $2.25, at HUSTON'S, 16 Main street.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

SAVAGE, LYMAN & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1818.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

SAVAGE, LYMAN & CO.

Have now received their SUPPLY OF GOODS, personally selected in the different European Markets for their own HOLIDAY TRADE.

THE STOCK WILL BE FOUND TO BE THE LARGEST IN THE DOMINION.

Special attention is called to their *extensive* assortment of

GOLD JEWELLERY,

Of the newest and most elegant designs, in every variety of manufacture.

—ALSO,—

MARBLE MANTLE CLOCKS,
CARRIAGE CLOCKS,
FINE BRONZE & PARIAN STATUARY,
SOLID SILVERWARE, new styles, put up in cases specially for Holiday and Bridal Gifts.
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, in all its styles of manufacture.
LEATHER DRESSING CASES & BAGS,
HANDKERCHIEF & GLOVE BOXES.
MAJOLICA WARE — JARDINIERES, with and without stands.

—AND—

an immense variety of

PARISIAN FANCY GOODS,

too numerous to mention.

The public are invited to call and inspect the above

SAVAGE, LYMAN & CO.,
271 NOTRE DAME ST.

WATCHES!

The Subscribers have received, BY EXPRESS FROM SWITZERLAND, a

CASE OF GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

From the Manufactory of the Celebrated

ULYSSE NARDIN LOCLE,

of whom they are the

SOLE AGENTS,

making their assortment most complete in style and price.

The whole of these are warranted reliable Timepieces.

SAVAGE, LYMAN & CO.,
271 Notre Dame st.,
Sign of the Illuminated Clock.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Come and see a large and varied Stock of Fancy Boxes and other goods just received from Paris, suitable for Christmas and New Year's Gifts.

J. FINDLAY,
517 and 514 St. Paul st., Confectioners.

CHRISTMAS STATIONERY.

CARDS, NOTE PAPER, ENVELOPES, &c.,

All New and Original Designs, some of them illustrating Canadian Sports, &c.

Tobogganing,
Snowshoeing,
Skating,
Maple Wreaths,
Snow Views,
Sleighing, &c.

highly illuminated in beautiful colors.

MORTON PHILLIPS & CO.,
(Successors to Robt. Graham),
Established 1829,
375 NOTRE DAME ST.

Office for sale of Bill and Postage Stamps by appointment.

X. X. X. FLOUR.

BARRELS, HLF-BARRELS AND BAGS SUPERIOR EXTRA FLOUR.

Put up expressly for the Holiday season, delivered free at wholesale prices.

APPLES.

FAMEUSES,
GREENINGS,
BALDWINS,
SPITZENBURGS,
20 oz. APPLES.

NEW FRUITS.

Treble Crown Raisins,	West-End Currants,
Double Crown Raisins,	Jordan Almonds,
Black Crown Raisins,	Soft Shell Almonds,
Black Basket Raisins,	Walnuts,
Loose Muscatel Raisins,	Brazil Nuts,
Selected Valencia Raisins,	Filberts,
Sultana Raisins,	Sweet Oranges,
Almeria Grapes,	Lemons,
Turkey Figs,	Prunes,

WM. McGIBBON,
Corner Notre Dame and St. Gabriel sts.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

SKETCH OF LIFE AND TIMES OF LOUIS JOSEPH PAPINEAU, by THOMAS STORROW BROWN, in NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for January, with Portrait. Ready in a few days.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame street.

OUR WHITE LIST.

White Dress Shirts, Plain and Embroidered.
White Linen Collars, the "Alexis," &c., &c.
White Linen Fronts and Dickies.
White Linen Cuffs, different styles.
White Muslin Bows for turn-down collars.
White Muslin Bows for stand-up collars.
White Muslin Ties, from ¾ inch to 1½ inches wide.
White Muslin Ties, from 27 inch to 51 inches long.
White Kid Gloves, from 50 cents to $1.25 a pair.
White Linen Handkerchiefs, all prices.
White Silk Handkerchiefs, all prices.
White Cotton Sox.
White Silk Sox.
White Silk Braces, &c.
Black Silk Sox.

W. GRANT & CO.,
249 ST. JAMES STREET.

ARISTOCRACY.

If you wish to become a member of the "Aristocracy of Canada," use the

CINGALESE HAIR RENEWER.

J. GARDNER,
CHEMIST,
457 NOTRE DAME STREET,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Price 75 cents per bottle.

PRINCE ALEXIS

The NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for December contains a fine double page portrait of Prince Alexis loose, suitable for framing.

Price 15 cents.

HUSTON'S $5.00 Pea Jackets are the best value in the city. 16 Main street Branch Store, 175 St. Joseph street.

WARM FEET.

MEN'S CLOTH BOOTS . . . . $2.50.
WOMEN'S CLOTH BOOTS . . . . . $2.00.

354 Notre Dame Street.

GREAT AND GOOD CITIZENS

It is not too much to say that many of the rising generation will remember with gratitude their obligations to

J. G. KENNEDY & CO.,

who, by furnishing them with neat and suitable attire, contributed so largely to their subsequent advancement and success in life, which may easily and cheaply be accomplished at

THE YOUTHS' CLOTHING MART.

J. G. Kennedy & Co., by their ability and attention to the requirements of this department, have acquired a wide-spread reputation. This is evinced by the large and influential connection that they have succeeded in attracting to their establishment.

J. G. KENNEDY & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CLOTHIERS.
31 St. Lawrence Street.

THOSE INTERESTED IN CANADIAN HISTORY should not fail to read the interesting life of Hon. L. J. Papineau in NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for January. It is the result of much research, and contains information which cannot be had elsewhere.

FOR SALE,

PIG IRON—"Summerlee & Glengarnock."
FIRE BRICKS—English and American.
FIRE CLAY. do

COPLAND & McLAREN.

BUY your Woollens Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame street.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per "Prussian," from London,

A splendid Assortment of Fancy Carved

GLOVE BOXES,
WRITING CASES,
HANDKERCHIEF BOXES,
DRESSING CASES,
TEA CADDIES,
WORK BOXES,
CARD BASKETS,

COLLAR BOXES,

WORK BASKETS,
BRACKETS, BOOK SLIDES,
&c., &c.

The above are the newest designs and are very suitable for X'mas and New Year Presents.

JAMES BROWN & BRO.,
219 St. James st.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.

DRESSING CASES, WORK BOXES,
WRITING DESKS, SCOTCH TARTAN GOODS,
in great variety.

HIAM & OSTELL,
411 St. Paul street.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

I beg to call the attention of the public to my IMPORTATION OF GOODS for the HOLIDAYS.

My STOCK consists exclusively of

GENUINE GOLD JEWELLERY,

Is the largest in this city, and is selected with the greatest taste and care, both as regards beauty and durability.

I am the only Jeweller in the city who makes semi-annual visits to Europe, FOR THE PURPOSE OF BUYING GOODS, and the public will always find the largest stock of NEW GOODS at my Establishment, which is the only one in Canada that has EIGHTEEN SHOW CASES, FULL OF GENUINE GOLD JEWELLERY, on view.

The goods are all marked in plain figures, at not cash prices. A written guarantee given with every article sold.

A visit of inspection respectfully solicited.

E. G. MELLOR,
No. 285 NOTRE DAME ST., Crystal Block.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF DRESS GOODS SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.

OBSERVE THE REDUCTIONS—

From 16 cents to 12 cents From 25 cents to 17 cents
" 30 " to 20 cents " 45 " to 25 "

AND BETTER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

PRINTS—A great variety from 8 cents to 25 cents.

We have also a large stock of—

FANCY GOODS, BERLIN WOOL WORK,
SLIPPERS, CUSHIONS, FENDER-STOOLS,
TEA COZIES, PINCUSHION-TOPS,
BANNERS, BANNERETTES, CHAIRS, CORD & TASSEL TRIMMINGS to match, STAMPED VELVET SMOKING CAPS & SLIPPERS.

Just received, ex "Scandinavian," a further supply of—

WORK BASKETS lined with Silk all Colors & Sizes
SOME GREAT NOVELTIES IN PEN WIPERS, a large variety to select from
LACE COLLARS, CUFFS, SLEEVES & FRONTS,
LINEN SETS, COLLARS & CUFFS.
Cheap line of—
KID MITTS, GLOVES, &c., half price.

393 NOTRE DAME STREET,
JAMES McCLURE & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1845.

HOLIDAYS, 1871-2.

SEASONABLE GOODS at the old stand, corner of St. Lawrence and St. Catherine streets.

RAISINS, all kinds,
CURRANTS, Fine new,
CANDIED PEEL, Fresh,
SPICES, Pure,
FLAVORING ESSENCES and EXTRACTS,
LEMONS, ORANGES,
FIGS, NUTS, ALMONDS, PRUNES,
DRIED APPLES,
FINEST PASTRY FLOUR,
FANCY AND PLAIN BISCUIT, all kinds.
SUGAR CURED HAMS AND BACON.
FINE NEW SEASON TEAS.
RICH FLAVORED COFFEES.
CHOCOLATES AND COCOAS, all kinds and makes.
JAMS AND JELLIES, MARMALADE,
FINE TABLE BUTTER.
ENGLISH and AMERICAN CHEESE,
VERY FINE FRUIT SYRUPS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

PRICES AS LOW AS FIRST-CLASS GOODS CAN BE AFFORDED FOR, AND NO DAMAGED, UNSOUND, OR INFERIOR GOODS OFFERED.

Remember the address—

W. D. McLAREN,
Corner of St. Lawrence and St. Catherine streets.

SWEET ORANGES.

Ex "PRUSSIAN," and by Express from Portland arriving 11 a.m. to-day, 15th Dec.,

100 CASES NICE SWEET RIPE ORANGES.

The subscriber will receive weekly supplies during winter of the

CHOICEST FRUIT

that offers in the

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

ALEX. McGIBBON.

ALMERIA GRAPES,

TUNIS DATES,
TURKEY FIGS,
EXTRA PLUMS,
and all kinds of Nuts.

ALEX. McGIBBON,
Italian Warehouse.

AT THE

MEDICAL HALL,

Opposite the Post-office

May be seen

A Fine Display of

FANCY TOILET GOODS,

Suitable for

PRESENTS.

An Equally Large and Varied Assortment May be Seen at the

BRANCH,
PHILLIPS' SQUARE.

DO NOT FAIL TO VISIT THE West End 50c and One Dollar Store, 435 Notre Dame street, for your presents. We have just received New Games for old and young; Toys in an endless variety; Work Boxes, Silver Ware, all kinds; a large and varied assortment of Jewellery, Boys' Sleds and over 20 thousand new Novelties to select from.

OPPOSITE RECOLLET.

Meetings, Amusements, &c.

MR. SMITH'S CONCERT

IS

UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED

TO A

FUTURE DATE.

ZION CHURCH YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION.

THURSDAY EVENING, 21st DEC.,
LECTURE HALL, ZION CHURCH.
CHRISTMAS CONVERSAZIONE.

I.

Opening—"Hark, the Herald Angels Sing," . . . . . Mendelssohn.
Address, by the Rev. Chas. Chapman, M.A.
Song—"The Flowers of the Forest," . . . . . Gentleman Amateur.
Reading—"Mr. Sprouts on the Beautiful" . . . . . Prof. Andrew.
Pianoforte Solo—"La Reine des Fees," . . . . . Lady Amateur.
Song—"A Doubting Heart," . . . . . Lady Amateur.
Duett—"Dawning of the Puritans," . . . . . Lady Amateur.
Pianoforte Solo—"Ventre a Terre," . . . . . Kowalski. Gentleman Amateur.

II.

Pianoforte Solo—"Der Freischutz," . . . . . Gentleman Amateur.
Song—"Of a' the Airts," . . . . . Gentleman Amateur.
Address by the Rev. G. Wells, of the American Presbyterian Church.
Pianoforte Duett—"Peri Waltz," . . . . . Lady Amateurs.
Song—"The Leap for Life," . . . . . Lady Amateur.
Reading—"A Presidential Reception," . . . . . Mark Twain. Prof. Andrew

NATIONAL ANTHEM.

Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock sharp.

Tickets, 15c.; to be had at Messrs. Jas. McClure & Co's, Chas. Alexander & Son's, and Savage Lyman & Co., Notre Dame street, and Grafton's, St. James st., and at the door.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The members of the Mechanics' Institute, Board of Trade, and Art Association, and members of the Society of Canadian Artists, are requested to meet at

THE MECHANICS' HALL,

On THURSDAY EVENING next, at EIGHT o'clock, to consider the bill recently passed by the Legislative Council conferring the power of voting by proxy upon certain members of the Board of Arts and Manufactures, and to protest against the mode adopted of passing the bill through the Council.

REMEMBER THE

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL CONCERT
OF THE
Irish Protestant Benevolent Society,
IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,
THURSDAY, 4th JANUARY, 1872.

Tickets—Gentlemen, 50c. Ladies, 25c.

FIRST ANNUAL FESTIVAL

OF THE
NEW ERA DIVISION, No. 86, S. of T.,
TO BE HELD AT
UNION HALL, 711 CRAIG STREET,
ON THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 21st, 1871,

Supper served at 9 o'clock.

Speaking by the Rev. Mr. Wells, American Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Mr. Gordon, Sherbrooke street Wesleyan Methodist Church, and others.

Singing by the "New Era Glee Club," and others.

Tickets admitting lady and gentleman, $1; Single Tickets, 50 cents. Can be had of the Committee.

It is particularly requested that all parties holding tickets will be at the hall promptly at 8.45.

WAYNE GRISWOLD, Chairman.

BAZAAR.

The Ladies of the Ottawa street

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH

Will hold their

ANNUAL BAZAAR, IN THE STORE No. 212 ST. JAMES STREET,

ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

21st and 22nd,

Two doors west of the Mechanics' Hall,

COMMENCING EACH DAY AT TWELVE O'CLOCK.

The music at the Bazaar this evening, will be furnished by Mr. Gruenwald's Orchestra.

Admission . . . . . 10 cents
Lunch from 12 to 3 o'clock, price . . . . . 40 cents

THE CHRISTMAS CONCERT

AND TEA MEETING,

Will be held TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) evening,

IN THE

LECTURE HALL OF THE CHABOILLEZ SQUARE CHURCH, INSPECTOR ST.

Music and Singing by some of our well-known Amateurs; and Addresses by the

REV. MESSRS. WELLS, CHAPMAN, CHEETHAM AND MASSEY.

Tea on the table at 7½ o'clock.
Tickets to be had at the door.

MONTREAL AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Meeting of the members of the above society for the reception of the report of the Directors for the past year, and the election of officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer, 120 St. Antoine street, on FRIDAY next, the Twenty-second instant, at half-past SEVEN o'clock in the evening.

J. E. PELL, Sec.-Treas.

The attention of the members is called to the following clause of the rules and regulations:—"If a vote the poll be asked by two persons having right of vote the President shall be bound to give it, and the Secretary will at once begin to register the votes of those who shall present their tickets of membership for the present year, and who shall have paid their subscriptions for the following year, AT LEAST ONE HOUR before the said meeting, and the President shall declare, as elected, those who shall have obtained the majority of votes."

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL.

The annual meeting for the reception of reports, and election of certain officers, will be held in the Mercantile Library, opposite the English Cathedral, on SATURDAY, the 23rd inst, at 3 p.m. The members (subscribers), are specially requested to be present.

JOHN POPHAM, Honorary Secretary.

Montreal, 20th Dec., 1871.

EIGHTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF TEACHERS,

In connection with the

PROVINCIAL ASSOCIATION OF PROTESTANT TEACHERS OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

The Eighth Annual Convention of the above Association will be held on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 27th and 28th inst., at St. Francis College, Richmond, Q.

The order of exercises will be announced shortly. A number of leading friends of education are expected to be present, and to take part in the proceedings.

Double journey tickets for single fare will be granted by the G.T.R., and by the Massawippi Valley R.; probably also by the Vermont Central.

All teachers and friends of education are invited to attend.

FRANK W. HICKS, M.A., Secy.

N.B.—The Secretary will forward, on application to him at McGill Normal School, Montreal, certificates, to be presented at commencement of journey on G.T.R. Return checks on Massawippi Valley R. will be furnished during Convention.

BIBLE SOCIETY MEETINGS, 1871.

Anniversary Meetings of the Branch Bible Societies, at which public addresses on week days, and sermons on Sundays will be given by the Rev. James Green, of the Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society, and the ministers of the Gospel in the different localities, according to the order, date and time given below.

All are respectfully invited to attend.

Cote St. Paul . . . . . Sunday, " [illegible]
Hochelaga . . . . . Sunday, " [illegible]
Tanneries West . . . . . Tuesday, " [illegible]
Cote des Neiges . . . . . Wedn'y, " [illegible]

When the meetings fall on the Sabbath, there will be a sermon on the subject to suit the occasion, and it is desirable that all formality of business should be done at a previous meeting, say Saturday night, when practicable.

Will Editors of local papers please publish the meetings as fall in their vicinity.

Will Correspondents please address the Agent to places marked thus*, or to Montreal.

Collections will be taken up at each meeting. Please intimate this.

JAMES GREEN, Travelling Agent M.A.B.S.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

BUY your Woollen Goods early at the Oriental, 424 Notre Dame st.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.

We have now on hand a large stock of New Goods to which we invite the attention of dealers.

CASSILS & CAMERON,
Recollet street.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR;

OR,

MRS. BARRY AND HER BOURBON.

A cheap re-print of this thrilling Temperance Tale in handsome pamphlet form.

PRICE—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

A Liberal Discount to the Trade.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Publishers, Montreal.

NOTES OF A TRIP TO GASPE, by the well-known litterateur, J. M. Le Moine, Esq., Quebec in the NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for January. Ready in a few days.

RENEWALS FOR 1872.—We respectfully remind our Subscribers who purpose to renew for next year, that they would very greatly facilitate the business of the "Witness" Office, if they would remit early in the present month, and thus relieve us in some degree of the great pressure of correspondence at the end of the year. New subscribers remitting at once for next year, will receive the balance of 1871 gratis.

Great care should be taken to write the name and the post-office legibly.

POST-OFFICE TIME-TABLE
Post-Office, Montreal, Aug. 7, 1871

CLOSES.	MAIL.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.
8 P.M.	ONTARIO.	6.00	
8.30	Ottawa River Route [a]	5.00	7.00
8.30	Ottawa by Railway [a]	5.00	7.00
8.30	Province of Ontario [a]	5.00	7.00
	QUEBEC.		
	Quebec, Three Rivers, and Sorel by steamer		5.15
	Quebec by Railway	7.00	9.00
8.30	Eastern Townships, L. Shore, Arth. & River du Loup R.R.		7.00
8.30	St. Remi & Hemmingford R.R.		3.00
	Hyacinthe, Sherbrooke & St. Johns & Rouse's Point R.R.	6.00	1 & 7
8.30	Shefford and the Vermont Junction Railways		2.30
	MARITIME PROVINCES		
	New Brunswick & P. E. I.		12½ & 7
	Halifax, N. S.		12½ &
	Newfoundland, forwarded daily on Halifax, except Quarterly is on alternate Fridays, counting from June 2		
	UNITED STATES.		
	Boston and New England States, except Maine	8.00	2.30
8.30	New York and Southern States		2½ & 7
10 A.M.	Island Pond, Portland and Maine		12½ &
10 A.M.	Western and Pacific States		12½ &
8.30	and Manitoba	5.00	7.00
	WEST INDIES		
	Letters, &c., prepaid via New York, are forwarded daily on New York, whence Mails are despatched.		
	For Havana and West Indies, via Portland, every Thursday.		2.30
	For St. Thomas, the West Indies and Brazil, on the 22nd of every month.		
	GREAT BRITAIN.		7.00
	Canadian Line—Friday		7.00

[a] Closes at the Post-Office at 8 A.M. and 4.30 P.M.
[b] Postal Car leaves upon the arrival of the Trains from the West, at 1.30 P.M. daily, except Sunday.
Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.
Money Order Office and Registered Letter Branch Office visited at 10.30 A.M., 1.15, 5.45, and 9 P.M. On Sundays at 9 P.M.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Taken at the Montreal Observatory, latitude 45° 31 N., longitude 4h. 54m. 18s. west of Greenwich; height above sea level, 187 feet, as determined by Capt. Bayfield, R.N., in 1844 A.D. By CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., LL.D., D.C.L.

	2 P.M.	7 A.M.
Barometer corrected	29.473	29.710
Thermometer	24	24
greatest cold		22.9
Wind	N.W.	W.
Miles per 24 hours		160.14
Snow, depth in Inches		
Rain, depth in Inches		

MONTREAL ALMANAC.

		Moon's Phases for Dec.	d	h	m
Sun Rises	7 41				
Sun Sets	4 14	Third Qr.	5	1	8 morn
Moon Rises	2 17	New Moon	11	1	9 eve.
		First Qr.	18	4	47 eve.
Moon Sets	2 37	Full Moon	26	4	44 eve.

News by Telegraph.

CABLE.

CONGRATULATIONS.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Queen has received congratulations from the President of France on the recovery of the Prince.

The journals express admiration at the manner in which the American Press have been supplied from day to day and hour to hour with news of the illness of the Prince.

FRENCH PROTESTANTS.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—A deputation of French Protestants had an interview to-day with M. Thiers, who received them with affability, and promised that religious equality should be maintained.

COMMUNIST TRIALS.

The work of trying the Communist prisoners is progressing as fast as possible, and additional courts are to be created the more rapidly to dispose of the remaining cases. Up to the present 14,378 persons have been tried. Of these 2,072 were convicted, and sentenced, and 12,356 acquitted.

RESIGNATION OF THE SPANISH MINISTRY.

MADRID, Dec. 20.—The members of the Malcampo Ministry have tendered their resignations to the King. The formation of a new Ministry was entrusted to Senor Zogasta, but he had not, up to noon to-day, succeeded in completing a Cabinet. He offered four portfolios to Zorilla and his supporters, but they were refused. The crisis continues.

UNITED STATES.

COMBINATIONS TO REFORM ERIE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—There are now three distinct organizations for the purpose of securing a change in the management of the Erie Railroad, viz.:—Heath and Raphael, a party of the Atlantic & Great Western Sickles' combination, and the Anti-Ring American Stockholders. The present organization of American Stockholders was originated some two years ago by a large number of stockholders who are opposed to the present management, and has continued to the time with varying success. The recently formed organizations have shown signs of increased vitality, and are prosecuting their work with confident anticipation of early success.

THE N. Y. RING.

District Attorney Garvin says he knows of no indictment against J. C. Heenan.

Mayor Hall to-day, in answer to a question as to whether he intended to resign, stated he was at present subject to circumstances which might oblige him to leave office immediately.

FIRE.

MOUNT CARMEL, PA., Dec. 20.—The Mount Carmel Iron Works were destroyed by fire last night; extent of loss not yet ascertained, but the premises were fully insured.

THE CUBAN CAUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The delegation of the Daughters of Cuba, from New York, called upon the President this afternoon by appointment, and had an interview with him and Secretary Fish. The conversation was on Cuban affairs, and the deputation left the Executive Mansion well satisfied that the object of their visit would be accomplished.

REDEMPTION OF BONDS.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that twenty millions of 5-20 bonds will be redeemed on and after March 20th, 1872, with accrued interest, and that interest on said bonds ceases on that date.

AID TO INDIANS RECOMMENDED.

The Secretary of the Interior, in a communication to the House of Representatives, recommends an appropriation of $185,000 for the immediate relief of the Navaja Indians, New Mexico, who are left destitute by the failure of their crops.

NEGRO LYNCHERS.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 20.—Confirmation of a report has been received that John H. Saunders, Jasper Dugan and Curtis Garrett, confined in Lake City Ark for the murder of the negro lawyer, Wynne, were taken and shot dead by a mob of negroes, who then took possession of the town, which they now hold.

CANADIAN.

(From the Morning Papers.)

OTTAWA.

R. R. EXTENSION.

OTTAWA, Dec. 20.—The Chaudiere extension of L. and O. Railway was opened for public traffic to-day, and was officially inspected by Mr. Munro, Engineer to the Board of Works.

TORONTO.

THE GRAND DUKE.

TORONTO, Dec. 20.—Grand Duke Alexis arrived at the Union Station this evening shortly after 11 o'clock. He was met at the depot by about 200 citizens. A deputation from the Western cities was also present with a view of inviting His Imperial Highness to visit the West. The party proceeded to the Queen's Hotel, where several citizens were presented to him. At 11 a.m., to-morrow, the Corporation will present him with an address. In the evening he will attend a reception at Lieut.-Governor Howland's.

The weather is fearfully cold, the thermometer being several degrees below zero.

LORT BURWELL.

THE HARROW GUAGE RAILWAY.

PORT BURWELL, Dec. 20.—A large and influential meeting was held here last night in the interest of a projected narrow guage railway from Port Burwell, through Tilsonburgh, Ingersoll and Stratford, to Southampton, on Lake Huron. Mr. D. Freeman, Reeve of Bayham, Mr. G. Suffel, Reeve of Vienna, and Messrs. Burwell, McBrede and Emery, were the speakers. A resolution pledging the meeting to support the scheme was unanimously passed, and one hundred thousand dollars of stock was agreed to be taken by those present. A charter will be applied for this session, and there is but little doubt that the scheme will be carried out.

QUEBEC.

RAILROAD OPERATIONS SUSPENDED.

QUEBEC, Dec. 20.—The men employed on the Intercolonial Road by Messrs. Berlinguer & Co. have returned to town, being, it is alleged, unable to proceed with their work on account of the severe cold weather prevailing in that district.

LOCAL ITEMS.

A very full meeting of those interested in the establishment of a new Bank in this city, took place this afternoon in the Board of Trade Rooms. After considerable discussion, a committee was named to carry out the object of the meeting.

A large dry goods store, occupied by Mr. P. C. Dumortier at Point Levis, was destroyed by fire yesterday.

It is said that Mr. Cauchon intends coming forward for the representation of the county of Montmorenci in the House of Commons at the next Parliament.

Weather clear and very cold. Wind west.

HALIFAX

HEAVY SNOW FALL.

HALIFAX, Dec. 20.—Snow has fallen all over the Province continuously since yesterday. The railroads are obstructed, and the Windsor and Truro trains both got off the track this afternoon.

SHIPPING NEWS.

A few of the P. E. Island produce fleet got out of the ice recently, but the greater number of vessels will be ice-bound till spring. The failure to export the great amount of property thus tied up has affected the financial condition of the island seriously, and unless relief be soon devised, commercial disasters must occur ere long.

The schooner "Edmund," from North Sydney to St. Pierre, was wrecked near that island. Most of her crew were saved.

The steamer "Nova Scotian" sails to-night for Portland.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

(Continued from fourth page)

TORONTO, Dec. 20.

Mr. Sandfield Macdonald contended that the policy of the Government should have been announced, and argued from the British North American Act that to appoint an additional member to the Council, the course pursued by Mr. Blake, was unconstitutional. Quirega is at Cenalvo threatening Mier. Cortina was recently here in consultation with Palacios, with whom he is ostensibly in accord, and is now moving toward Mier with 400 men, all the available Government forces, to meet Quiroga. His allegiance to Juarez is doubtful. Martinez is marching on San Luis, and Navanjo on Bacabras.

Valdez, heading a small force, recently pronounced at San Carlos in this State, and started toward Monterey. This is significant, because Valdez is a creature of Gov. Canales.

The Government steamer will funds is expected from Tampico. Unless it arrives soon a *Pronunciamiento* is imminent.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—SS. "City of New York" arrived from Liverpool.

— Mr. Sandfield Macdonald was at first beaten by a majority of one or two. Being unwilling to acknowledge that vote, the next one went 43 to 25; and last night, on trying his strength for a third, and doubtless last time, for the present, and that too on a pretty strong point, he could only muster 12 against 50.

STEALING A COAT.—As far back as the 9th November last a gentleman named David Seath, who then resided in St. Antoine street, had two coats stolen from his residence. Tuesday, Mr. Seath met a man named Stanislas Quenneville, a carter residing at the Tanneries, with one of the missing coats on his back. He immediately communicated the circumstance to the police authorities at Chaboilles Square Police Station, and Quenneville was at once arrested. The prisoner was brought up before the Police Magistrate yesterday and committed for trial to the next Court of Quarter Sessions.

— Rich Gold Jewellery, suitable for Christmas Presents, by auction at Two o'clock. Alfred A. Booker, Auctioneer.—See Advt.

— The auction sale of elegant presents—dinner services, statuary, and Bohemian ware will be continued to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at the sale-rooms, St. James street. Many beautiful articles have yet to be sold. John J. Arnton auctioneer. See advertisement.

— It will be seen by our advertising columns that the bankrupt stock of Messrs. E. Wright & Co. is to be sold by auction at the store, No. 165 St. Lawrence street, commencing this evening at half-past seven.

— Thirteen of the sleighs offered at Mr. Leeming's rooms on Tuesday, were sold at prices ranging from $18 to $14. Several valuable bear, wolf, and buffalo robes were sold, and the competition was spirited on most of the articles submitted for sale.

HOLLY—MISTLETOE.—Be sure and call and get a sprig of Holly and one of Mistletoe from Crawford, 179 St. James street; he gives it to every one, rich and poor.

My friends, what's the matter,
Who's raising this noise,
Where are people going
And what is the cause?
Is it the Grand Duke
Who has arrived on our shore,
Or the varied assortment,
At Harper's One Dollar Store?

We welcome the Public,
So delay not too long,
For this great Dollar Store
Is the central throng.
Different articles are there,
Thirty thousand and more;
Select all your presents,
At Harper's One Dollar Store,
267 Cathedral Block.

BIRTHS.

CARVEN.—In this city, on the 20th inst., the wife of James Carven, jr., Architect, of a son.

CAMERON.—On the 17th inst., at North Nation Mills, Mrs. D. A. Cameron, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

JOHNSTONE—FERGUSON.—At Montreal, on the 18th inst., at the residence of the bride's brother, by the Rev. Dr. Burns, William Johnstone, of Wick, Caithness, Scotland, to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William Ferguson, Esq., of Montreal.

DIED.

CAVAGNAL.—On the 20th inst., John Cavagnal, ex-Gendarme.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 15 Champ de Mars street, at 5 o'clock on Friday, 22nd instant. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

THOMPSON.—On the 19th Dec., in the 54th year of her age, Ellen Taylor, the beloved wife of George Thompson.

The funeral will take place from her husband's residence, No. 19 Panmure Square, on Thursday, the 21st inst., at half-past 2 o'clock, for St. John's Church, and from thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

New Advertisements this Afternoon.

HOLLY, GRATIS. MISTLETOE, GRATIS.
a very sensible X'Mas Present.

FLOUR.
The VERY FINEST FLOUR, FOR CULINARY PURPOSES to be had in Barrels, Half-barrels, 49 lb. bags and by the single lb.
A very sensible X'Mas Gift.

DAVID CRAWFORD,
179 St. James street.
GRATIS. GRATIS.
MISTLETOE. HOLLY.

CHERRY TOOTH PASTE.
FOR BEAUTIFYING AND PRESERVING THE TEETH AND GUMS.
25c. A POT.
TATE & COVERNTON,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
157 St. James st.

HOLLY, GRATIS. MISTLETOE, GRATIS.
COFFEE.
TRY THE OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE.
DAVID CRAWFORD,
179 St James street.
GRATIS. GRATIS.
MISTLETOE. HOLLY

ALBUMS from 40c. and upwards, BIBLES, CARD CASES, JEWEL BOXES, &c., all at G. & W. CLARKE'S, next the WITNESS Office.

ADVERTISE!
Canadian manufacturers will find it worth their while to advertise in the NEW DOMINION MONTHLY. They are everywhere being crowded out of the field by English and American firms that understand the true economy of advertising. That native industry may be encouraged.
ADVERTISE!

CRAWFORD'S
INGREDIENTS FOR A PLUM PUDDING.
A SPRIG OF HOLLY.
VALENTIA RAISINS Selected fruit.
SULTANA.
LOOSE MUSCAT.
SEEDLESS.
ZANTE CURRANTS.
ORANGE, LEMON & CITRON PEEL.
JORDAN ALMONDS.
CEYLON BROKEN SPICE.
DOUBLE EXTRA FLOUR.
EGG POWDER.
DON'T FORGET THE SPRIG OF HOLLY.
For Sale by
DAVID CRAWFORD,
179 St. James street.

PRINTING.
VISITING CARDS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
POSTERS & HANDBILLS
&c. &c. &c.
IN ALL COLORS,
AT
WITNESS OFFICE.

HOLLY! HOLLY!
179 ST. JAMES STREET.
CRAWFORD'S X'MAS DINNER.
WILD TURKEYS.
PRAIRIE CHICKEN.
PARTRIDGE.
QUAIL.
MALLARD DUCKS.
FRIED SOLES.
BUFFALO TONGUES.
CINCINNATI HAMS.
UPPER CANADA HAMS.
BALTIMORE OYSTERS.
STILTON, DOUBLE GLOUCESTER, CHEDDAR, and MORTON'S FIRST PRIZE CANADIAN CHEESE.
SPICED BEEF.
SPICED BACON &c., &c.
X'MAS DINNER.
DAVID CRAWFORD,
179 St. James street.
HOLLY! HOLLY!

THE GREAT SUPERIORITY OF DR. WHEELER'S COMPOUND ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA over all other remedies consists in its being purely phosphoric in action, being composed only of ingredients that enter into the formation of the system, and in such carefully adjusted proportions as are readily absorbed and assimilated. It supplies the waste constantly going on from the decomposition of tissues, as no other remedy can. Hence in all cases of nervous and physical exhaustion, and prostration and GENERAL DEBILITY, Nervous Prostration and GENERAL DEBILITY. For building up constitutions of low vitality, debarred from the ordinary influences of invigorating nature. It has no equal, as it immediately imparts energy to the organs of nutrition, and creates healthy blood. Its tonic, vitalizing power is felt at once, and it builds up diseased structures radically in the same manner as our daily food, with no liability of relapse.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, at $1.00.

THREE CASES HANDSOME LACE CURTAINS, much below value: 90c to $2.00 per pair.
S. CARSLEY, 393 Notre Dame st.
Sale of Dress Goods. Black Silk, and Quilted Skirts still increasing.

"PLUM PUDDING."
"If you have not made your Plum Pudding, try the following recipe: Take one pound of bread crumbs, one table-spoonful of flour, a little salt, one teaspoonful of Munro & Jackson's Egg Powder, half a pound of suet, a little mixed spice, and rub the ingredients well together; add half a pound of sugar chopped fine, a three-quarters of a pound of stoned raisins, half a pound of currants, two ounces of candied peel, a tablespoonful of brandy, and a little rum, baking powder; lastly moisten the whole with a little milk, using enough to make it too wet, or the pudding will be heavy; boil in a basin for four hours the day before it is required. Two hours boiling will be sufficient the day it is used.
Munro & Jackson's Egg Powder is sold by Grocers and Druggists everywhere.
Prepared only by
MUNRO & JACKSON,
161 McGill street,
Montreal.

NEW DOG CART and SLIDE-SEAT SLEIGH, 2 Family Sleighs, 1 second-hand Dog Sleigh, nearly new; 6 other Sleighs, various kinds; 1 Cariole; 2 Sets Harness; Russian Bear, Wolf and Buffalo Robes; 1 Coon Coat, 1 Opossum do., 1 Lynx do., with Astrican collar; Wool do., 1 Marten do., 1 Buffalo do.; 1 valuable plucked Beaver; second-hand Lamb Coat, cost $60; second-hand plucked Beaver Coat, cost $40.
Sale Thursday, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock.
JOHN LEEMING & Co., Auctioneers.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE—AUCTION SALE, commencing this EVENING, 21st instant, at the store of Messrs. WRIGHT & Co., 165 St. Lawrence Main street. The following Consignments, viz.: From Mr. Charles Richardson, 80 crates from Mrs. E. Muir, 1 Fireguard; from Mrs. Jos. Tilley, Jun., 4 do. and quantity of toys for children's X'mas Tree; from Messrs. Hickson & Outhet, St. Ann's Market, fine roast of beef and turkey.

New Advertisements this Afternoon.

HOLLY, GRATIS. MISTLETOE, GRATIS.
CRAWFORD'S X'MAS DESSERT.
MY STOCK this year far surpasses anything ever yet offered to the public.
NEW GOODS.
NOUGATINES, first offered in this market.
ABRICOTINES, " " "
DRAGEES, " " "
BISCUIT DE PARIS, " " "
RUSSIAN WAFERS, " " "
SUGAR WAFERS.
METZ FRUIT.
APRICOTS, Crystalized and in Syrups.
CHERRIES, " " "
PRUNES, " " "
CHINOIS. " " "
GINGER. " " "
PRUNES, extra quality.
FIGS—Eleme—thin skin.
MALAGA GRAPES.
JORDAN ALMONDS.
RAISINS—McCulloch's 3 Crown—the only lot in the city.
ENGLISH FILBERTS.
AMERICAN CHESTNUTS.
PECAN NUTS—Crop 1871.
PINE APPLES—in Tins.
PEACHES—in Tins.
BARTLETT PEARS—in Tins.
CHINA GINGER—$1.50 per jar.
—AND—
An endless variety of
CHOICE THINGS.
suitable for X'Mas Festivities.
Holly and Mistletoe—Gratis.
DAVID CRAWFORD,
179 St. James street.
GRATIS. GRATIS.
MISTLETOE. HOLLY

SELLING CHEAP!
LARGE WRITING DESKS, beautifully finished.
AT LOW PRICES ALL THIS WEEK.
G. & W. CLARKE, next the WITNESS.

GOOD WRITING DESKS,
Fitted up with Paper, Ink Bottle, Pens, &c.,
ONLY $1.50 EACH.
G. & W. CLARKE,
Next the WITNESS.

WANTED, a good looking Irish travelling horse, for his feed; easy driving and of general attendance. Address "Robert," DAILY WITNESS.

BOARD.—A few young Gentlemen can be comfortably accommodated at 18 Cote st.

BOARD Wanted, by a lady with two children going to school, a private family preferred.
Address, Drawer 332, P. O.

2 O'CLOCK EDITION.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21, Noon.—Gold, 112¾; Exchange, 9¾.

QUEBEC.

SALE OF A "ROUGE" NEWSPAPER.

QUEBEC, Dec. 19.—It is positively stated that Hon. Mr. Evanturel, proprietor of *Le Canadien*, has sold his journal to Hon. Mr. Langevin, the sale to come into effect on the 15th Jan., and that a paper war will be opened between the latter and Hon. Mr. Cauchon, in the *Journal de Quebec*. The breach between those two politicians growing out of their respective ambitions to lead their party in this district, is becoming wider, it is said, every day.

PLUNDERING WRECKED SHIPS.

A report has reached town that some of the farmers in the lower counties have been engaged in plundering one or more of the shipwrecked and ice-bound vessels in the lower St. Lawrence. It is suggested to retain the services of the Quebec water police to protect this property till Spring.—*Globe.*

THE BOARD OF ARTS RESPITED.

We are glad to see that Government has withdrawn the obnoxious Bill relating to the Board of Arts. Mr. Chauveau declares that it was introduced by mistake. He says the Government believed that the Bill had been asked for by the Board of Arts itself, and not, as was really the case, by certain private members of the Board. But the Government would seem to be strangely uninformed when they could make such a mistake as is here confessed to. A new measure is to be introduced next session. The law, Mr. Chauveau says, must be changed, if the country is to take part in the work. This, of course, sounds very fair and specious; but the country, as against the city, must not be a mere sleeping partner as far as practically promoting the object of the Board goes, and yet at the same time have power to control its management. Neither should the country be represented, except in so far as it is duly qualified by taking part in the cultivation of natural science, art, and industrial economy. It is not that the original members of the Board object to sharing their powers with others, for they have invited co-operation; but they insist that these others shall be really co-laborers with them, and be the representatives of bodies who form the natural and undoubted constituency of such a Board. Equality, and not ascendancy, is their motto, and their prayer is simply to be relieved from the interference of mere assuming meddlers.

THE MEETING TO-NIGHT.—Notwithstanding the fact that the Board of Arts Bill has been withdrawn by the Government, the general meeting, announced for to-night, will still be held in Mechanics' Hall to protest against these attempts at secret legislation.

LE PAYS.—All friends of independent thought and Liberal ideas will rejoice to hear that *Le Pays*, which we announced as at death's door, is not to be allowed to die yet. We are informed that a despatch has been received from Quebec this morning to the effect that the Liberal party have determined that their principal French organ shall continue its career, and funds are to be provided for the purpose. This shows real grit, and will have great influence in raising the Liberal French party of Quebec in the esteem of their political brethren elsewhere. We wish *Le Pays* every success in the prolonged existence thus vouchsafed it, and in the renewed battle it will, doubtless, wage against the political subservicncy and corruption that so greatly prevail in this Province. As a frustration of the disgraceful plots of the Romish hierarchy against free thought, the rallying of *Le Pays* is also a most cheering and hopeful sign of the times.

CITY ITEMS.

THE COCK-PIT IN VISITATION STREET.—As we have already reported, twenty men were arrested on Sunday last by Inspector Gailey, of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, in a house in Visitation street, where they had assembled evidently for the purpose of engaging in the brutal sport of cock-fighting. A number of cocks were found on the premises, and a ring, and everything requisite for the sport were provided. The names of the parties are Antoine Courtemanche, laborer, Pierre Montreuil, carter, Felix Depatie, laborer, Isaie Leboeuf, shoemaker, Jerome St. Jean, tobacconist, Eugene Bouthillier carter, Joseph Bernard, shoemaker, Bienni Lamontagne, shoemaker, Simeon Malo, shoemaker, Olivier Leblanc butcher, Joseph Charron, laborer, Auguste Chaput, shoemaker, Gedeon St. Denis, laborer, Louis Prudhomme, laborer, Louis Fringe, laborer, Jean Clavelle, mason, Stanislas Bisson, painter, Edmund Boissy, bricklayer, Telesphore Lepai, laborer, and Felix Laurier, jr., tobacconist. At the Recorder's Court yesterday morning the case was heard, and Inspector Gailey examined, but as there was no evidence to prove that they were actually engaged in the brutal pastime, the accused were all discharged.

RAISING THE WIND.—(*Ed. Witness.*)—SIR,—In November 1870, the R. C. Bishop of Montreal issued a Pastoral Letter to his Clergy, the purport of which was that immediate subscriptions should be raised in order to save the Jesuits from bankruptcy; but somehow or another nothing was raised. The Jesuit Fathers of De Bleury street, however, by "ways and means," have such a good hold over the human nature of the Bishop that they quietly got him to overlook his own needs and those of his Cathedral under the oblivious influence of a lecture on "Magnetism and Somnambulism," delivered here by Father Pailloux, who has, according to *Le Nouveau Monde*, got about $1,400, as a beginning, from the Parishes of Longueuil and St. Bruno for the avowed purpose of helping on the Siberia (?) mission. The very latest news about this affair is that the highest dignitary of the R. C. Church in this country, the Archbishop of Quebec, has refused to countenance the "holy" speculation in his Diocese.—LUX.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL WITNESS OFFICE.
Thursday, Dec. 21, 1 p.m.

FLOUR.—Market quiet; small retail demand, quotations unchanged. Superfine $5.90; Fancy $6.10; Extra, $6.40.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BUTTER.—There are no new features to note in the butter market and prices are materially unchanged. Choice qualities would sell at about 19c per lb, but inferior are dull and unaltered.

CHEESE.—The demand is moderately active, and prices here ruled steady at 10c @ 10½c per lb for Ol and 11c @ 11½c for Choice new made Dairy.

LARD.—There is a moderately brisk demand for local consumption. Prices are quoted at 10c @ 10½c per lb.

POTATOES.—In fair demand. Prices unaltered a about 75c @ 80c per bush.

OATS.—Market quiet. We quote prices at 39c @ 40c per bush.

PEAS.—Market easy, and prices nearly nominal at 80c @ 82c per bush.

BUTTER AND CHEESE MARKET.—The market was active, and prices about the same as last week; good winter dairies, 18c to 20c; good to prime fall made 20c to 22c. The cheese market was dull. Dairy, 12c to 13c; factory 13½c to 14c.—*St. Albans Messenger*, 19th.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET.

Receipts for the Week ending Monday, Dec. 18, 1871.

Beeves.	Cows.	Veals.	Sheep & Lambs.	Swine.	All kinds
6,455.	119.	1,158.	29,092.	52,218	89,042.

Prices of Cattle to-day:—

	Cents per lb.
Premium Beeves	13 to 13½
Prime to extra Bullocks	11½ to 12¾
First quality	11 to 11½
Medium, or good fair quality	10½ to 11
That of ordinary grade	9¾ to 10½
Inferior or lowest grade of Cattle	8 to 9
General average of market (estimated at)	10¼ to 11½
Extreme range of prices from	8 to 13
The most of the sales are from	10 to 13

Beeves.—This being the marketing time for Christmas cattle, and the supply being such as New York never saw before, the drovers never will be again, for feeders on a big ire of emulation in this direction when it is at the expense of the pocket. Prices are very different now from what they were a few years ago. Only last Christmas there were plenty cattle sold at 16c which were no better than many which barely reached 13c to-day.

Milch Cows.—The demand has been fair during the past week, especially for good cows. A few superior animals went at $140 with one at $150, and poor milkers at $50 @ $60.

Veal Calves.—The market rules a little stronger, a few of the finest Bucks County selling at 10¾, though 10½ is the outside, and 9½ is safe to-night. Buyers, however, still take the lead, selling at 8c @ 9½c for the bulk with the finest at 9½c to 10¼c and the poorest at 7½c to 8c.

Sheep and Lambs.—Christmas sheep are the rage just now, and the supply of such is large. They are worth 7½c @ 8c, though 8c was refused for 40 of about 85 lbs. Ordinary sheep are neglected, and prices are weaker, or 5½c @ 5¾c, with grassers 6c @ 6¼c. Sales of Canada sheep at 5¾c, and 121 lambs of 110 lbs. all at 8c. Also, of other Canada stock, 103 sheep, 105 lbs. at 5¾c; 130 of 110 lbs at 5¾c; 230 of 110 lbs at 5¾c; 124 lambs 101 lbs. at 7½c. Total sales for the week 6,115, many of them heavy Canada sheep, at $5.50 average. 122 Canada ewes, 90 lbs. at 5¾c; 74 of 111 lb part lamb, at 7½c, and 52 of 104 lb. at 8c. 92 Canada lambs, 81 lb. at 7½c; 215 do 'sheep 115 to 117½ lb. at 6¾c, and 56 extra, 166 lbs at 8½c.

Hogs.—Arrivals are very large, being 32,218 for the weeks and 19,454 to-day. With such receipts and such weather, 1,938 Western dressed arriving during the week, prices are less firm. We still live 5½c @ 5¾c, though it is possible that something may be made much 5c; Sales were made of 2 cars Ohio, 219 lb, at 4¾c; 2 cars 221 lb. at 5¼c, 4 cars 2 bars, 241 lbs., $1.20 and 7 cars, 215 lb at 5¼c. City-Dressed of 213 lbs sold at 5¾c; 200 lb. 5¾c; 189 lb. 6c; 193 lbs 6¼c; and pigs, 6¾c with Western dressed at 5¾c @ 6¾c, same holding for Tues.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

DAILY REPORT OF THE MONTREAL STOCK MARKET
Reported exclusively for the Daily WITNESS by the Board of Brokers.
THURSDAY, December 21

STOCKS.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Transactions.
Bank of Montreal	249½	247¾	....
Ontario Bank	120	119¾	....
Bank of B.N.A.	....	119	....
City Bank	90¾	89	....
Banque du Peuple	112¾	111¾	112
Molson's Bank	116	114	....
Bank of Toronto	190½	189¾	....
Banque Jacques Cartier	120¾	118	....
Merchants' Bank	136xd	135xd	....
E. Townships Bank	....	....	....
Quebec Bank	115	113	....
Banque Nationale	....	....	....
Union Bank	110xd	106xd	....
Royal Canadian Bank	103½	101¼	104½
Metropolitan	140xd	140	....
Dominion Bank	....	95	....
Ontario Bank	130xd	129¾	....
Commerce Bank	137	136¾	....
Montreal Mining Co.	$2.00	$1.50	....
Huron Copper Bay	40	35	....
Montreal Gaslight Co.	....	80	....
Quebec Fire Insurance	....	....	....
Champ & St. L. R.R.	98	97	....
Champ & St. L.R.'d 8 p.c. Bonds	....	100	....
Do. Sterling 6 p.c.	....	90	....
Mont. Telegraph Co.	196	193½	....
People's Telegraph Co.	....	90	....
Richelieu Nav. Co.	252	220	....
Canadian N. Co.	114	110	....
City Passenger R.R.	260	250¾	....
City Gas Company	180	170	....
Merchants' Exchange	140	98	....
Mont. District pr. Building Society	....	103	....
Mont. Rolling Stock Co.	115	113¾	....
Canada Engine and Machine Company	100	87½	....
Montreal Cab Co.	100	....	....
Dominion Stock	113	....	....
Dominion Bonds	103	....	....
Gov.'t Deb. 6 p.c. sig.	....	....	....
Gov.'t Deb. 6 p.c. cy.	99	97	....
Gov.'t Pitch. 5 p.c. sig.	....	....	....
Gov.'t Deb. 5 p.c. cy.	....	....	....
Montreal Harbor 8 p.c. cy. Bonds	....	109	....
Montreal Harbor 7 p.c. Bonds	....	....	....
Do. 6 p.c. Bonds, due 88	....	....	....
Mont. Harbor, 6 p.c.	105½	103½	....
Quebec Harbor Bonds, 8 per cent.	....	....	....
Montreal 7 p.c. Stock	125	117	....
Montreal Corp. Bonds	104½	103	....
Montreal W. W. Bonds	104½	103	....
do. 6 p.c. Stock	105	103	....

EXCHANGE.

Bank G days sight or 75 days date	109	@	109¼
Merchants' Bills, 60 days	108¾	@	109
Bank on demand on New York	11¾	@	11
Merchants' Bills	....	@	....

Bank Gold Drafts on New York, 1-16 dis to par
Gold rate at noon in New York, 110¾

FRANK BOND, *Secretary*,
7 St. Sacrament st.

New Advertisements this Evening.

NOTICE.
The Subscriber hereby informs the citizens of Montreal and the public generally that he has purchased of the late proprietors, SELLEY BROS. & Co., the entire Stock, Book Debts, &c., of the
VICTORIA DRUG HALL,
No. 36 St. Radegonde street, and that he will continue the business as Chemist Druggist, &c., in the same premises.
He will keep always on hand an ample supply of the purest
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,
for dispensing and other purposes, and every variety of the CHOICEST PERFUMERY, and all articles requisite for the Trade.
—ALSO.—
All the popular PROPRIETARY MEDICINES, including especially—Selley's Compound Elixir of the Phosphates and Calisaya, Selley's Cherry Cordial, SELLEY'S MAGICAL HAIR RESTORER, AND SELLEY'S CHOLERA SPECIFIC, &c.
Included in the above-mentioned purchase, is a large stock of Trusses, all varieties, Ladies' and Gents' Chest Expanders, Chest Protectors, Abdominal Supporters, Pessaries, &c., &c.
—TOGETHER WITH—
All the Machinery and Implements for the MANUFACTURE OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, apparatus for the relief of PHYSICAL DEFORMITIES, and all other surgical appliances in this department; the most skilful surgical machinist will be employed, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed in the execution of all orders.
J. ENEAS.

In retiring from business Selley Bros. & Co. thank their friends for their past favors, and bespeak for their successor the same patronage which they have so kindly extended to them.
N.B.—All accounts due by and to the late firm will be settled by the present proprietor.

EDUCATION.—French, Italian and Spanish lessons given by a duly educated and native French teacher. Apply to P. PURY, Professor, 22 McGill st., room No. 15, up stairs. Terms very moderate.

CHICAGO FIRE RELIEF FUND.
A meeting of the General Committee will be held in the Mechanics' Hall,
ON SATURDAY MORNING,
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK.
S. J. LYMAN,
F. MACKENZIE. } Secretaries.

NOTICE.
COUNTY OF HOCHELAGA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
The Annual General Meeting of the above-named Society will be held at the Jacques Cartier Hotel, JACQUES CARTIER SQUARE,
On FRIDAY, the Twenty-ninth instant, at Eleven a.m., for the reception of the report for the past year, and for the Election of Officers for the ensuing year.
By order,
HUGH BRODIE,
Secy and Treas.
C. H. A. S.

R. PATTON,
PLUMBER, GAS & STEAM FITTER.
Sole agent in the Dominion for the
"SPRINGFIELD GAS MACHINE."
The best and only reliable machine made.
Call and see it in operation.

GRENDDIER AND COROBIA.
ONE CASE OF
TIES AND SCARFS
IN THE ABOVE
NEW SHADES
Just received per express from London for the
HOLID

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

(From Morning Papers.)

RAILWAY POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT.

QUEBEC, Dec. 20.—The reporters were in their places at three o'clock, but the House was not yet opened. At its opening Mr. Cauchon stated that strangers were in the gallery, on which the reporters were made to leave their gallery. When they were again admitted the House was in Committee on resolutions relating to a grant of land in favor of the St. Francis and Megantic International Railway Company. Mr. Chauveau was explaining his railway policy, having moved the following resolutions:—

"That it is expedient to authorise the Lieut-Governor in Council to grant to the Railway from Quebec to Lake St. John, with the view of aiding in the construction of this part of the road in question, from the terminus at Gosford to Lake St. John, at the mouth of the River Metabetchawan, ten thousand acres of land for each mile in length of the said part of the said railway. This grant shall be in that section of unoccupied Crown lands marked F. in the map annexed, being in the counties of Quebec, Montmorency and Chicoutimi. The Government shall not be held to make the grant before the said section from Gosford to Lake St. John shall be completed and in operation to the Government's entire satisfaction. That it shall, nevertheless, be lawful for the Lieut-Governor in Council, when it shall be shown that the said Company is engaged in the construction of these works, to grant them, so soon as 25 miles of the road shall be completed, part of the lands apportioned to the said section of the road. If such road shall not be *bona fide* begun within two years from the 1st of May next the Company will lose all right to such land grants.

"That it is expedient to authorize the Lieut-Governor in Council to grant to the St. Francis and Megantic International Railway Company, for the construction of the portion of its Railway within this Province between the place where the said Railway leaves the line of the Grand Trunk Railway and the Province Line, for each mile of such portion of Railway, ten thousand acres of land; said land to be chosen within the limits of the territory designated on the map hereunto annexed and described as follows:—The territory lying on the right bank of the River St. Maurice, and being situated partly in the Counties of Portneuf and Champlain; the said block containing a superficies of 752,000 acres, more or less. That the Government be not bound to make the said grant until the said portion of Railway shall have been completed to their entire satisfaction. That it be nevertheless lawful for the Lieut.-Governor in Council, when it is established that the said Company is actively engaged in the construction of its works, to confer upon it, for each twenty-five miles of the portion of the road completed, a grant of land, corresponding to such length of road. No grants shall, however, be made under this Act to the said Company, unless on or before 1873, it shall have signified to the Secretary of the Province, its acceptance of such grant in lieu of any subsidy to which it might be entitled."

Mr. Chauveau, in introducing his Railway resolutions, said that several Railway Companies had petitioned Government, some for land grants, and others for subsidies. As to grants of land, the Government, by the resolutions now submitted to the House, carried out the promise made last to the St. Francis and Megantic International Railway Company. The demands of three other Companies for grants of land have been taken into consideration. Regarding the demands made for the continuation of an iron railway upon the North bank of the Ottawa, from Alymer to Deep River, and of the Gatineau River Iron Railway, it must be remarked that the first of these roads, which has been considered by the Government, is a continuation of the great line between Quebec, Montreal and the Ottawa, towards the head-waters of the Ottawa, has peculiar claims on the aid of this Province. At the same time Government has already expressed the opinion that this project has also strong claims on the Federal Government. If this aid is granted, the Local Government will find itself in a better position to make a land grant or subsidy to the Gatineau Railway, which will be a Colonization Road of very great importance, and a powerful tributary to the other road. The Government has decided, that in the future land grants will not be made to new Railway Companies unless the roads are calculated to promote to interests of colonization in the localities where the lands are situated. As to those railroads which, according to this principle, cannot have land grants, Government desires to aid them as much as possible by subsidy. Government has received demands for subsidy from the following companies: The Missisquoi and Black River, Phillipsburg and Yamaska, and Waterloo and Magog R. R. The Government intends to aid these three enterprises next session, and to continue to them the policy it has carried out to this time.

Mr Holton protested most earnestly against this way of bringing on measures without giving notice of them to the public. The first resolution had been given notice of, but the second was sprung upon the House and country, and he though it a violation of all constitutional rule or practice.

Mr. Chauveau admitted that there seemed some reason in Mr. Holton's objection, but it could not be pretended that the question was not a public one. The Gosford Road had arranged for an extension of their line to Lake St. John. The lands it was proposed to give would never be opened up if it were not for railways, and, therefore, it was in the public interest.

Mr. Chapleau approved of the policy of Government, and urged that they should pursue the same policy as that in the United States. He would not oppose any grant which was to open up the country, but he should decidedly oppose any favoritism. He was glad that Government had decided to open up the Valley of the St. Jean. The promise to the Megantic Railway had been made last year. He advocated great care in the making of grants, as also a liberal grant to the Colonization Railway from Montreal to St. Jerome, which would open up some magnificent territory. The policy of the Government, in his opinion, would be supported by the whole House, and was one the country could not fail to approve.

Mr. Eddy hoped that every member of the House would support the Government in its policy, for it was well worthy of it. He for one should never have been attracted to this country had it not been for the opening up of the Ottawa and Prescott Railway. Was this country to remain as it was to the end of time? Now our young men were leaving the country daily, and if they were to be retained it must be by the opening up of the country by railways.

The House went into Committee on Mr. Chauveau's resolutions, which they adopted, and on rising and reporting the bill,

Mr. Holton urged the House to adopt a proviso in the bill to be framed upon them, so that the best, shortest and most practicable route for railways be secured.

Mr. Gerin moved in amendment that the grants to the St. Francis and Lake Megantic Railway be not in the St. Maurice District, but in the counties through which the railway passes.

Mr. Irvine admitted the principle laid down by Mr. Gerin. He showed that Government had been obliged to take the course it had done with respect to the St. Francis and Megantic Railway grant. He admitted the advisability of Government retaining hold on all Railways till their completion, and advocated the spending of Government's surplus funds in the fostering of railway and other enterprises.

Mr. Holton would support the policy of Government with respect to the Megantic and St. Maurice Railways on its merits, as it appeared to him worthy of it.

Mr. Gerin's amendment was withdrawn, and the resolutions were passed. The bill founded on them was read a second time, and a third reading fixed for to-morrow.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the bill to continue, for a limited time, the several Acts therein mentioned, which was read a third time and passed.

THE BOARD OF ARTS BILL WITHDRAWN—GOVERNMENT EXPLANATIONS.

On the order of the Bill to amend the law respecting the Board of Arts and Manufactures,

Hon. Mr. Chauveau said that the Government intended to withdraw this Bill. It had been introduced in mistake. The Government thought it had been asked for by the Board itself, but they had since ascertained, however, that it had only been asked by private members of the Board. The sub-committee, which was in reality the executive committee of the Board, had, protested against the Bill. Later still they had received a petition from what claimed to be a majority of the members of the present Board, in which it was urged that the majority of the members could not attend the meetings of the Board as at present organized. That it was a subject of complaint there could be no doubt, and the Government had hoped to be able to find some means of regulating the matter during the present session. At this late period of the session, however, the Government did not wish to legislate against the representations made by the Board. It was certain, however, that attention should be paid to the representations made by a great number of members with respect to the evil which existed, and at the approaching session Government would introduce a measure to regulate this matter. Several ways had suggested themselves by which this wrong could be remedied. The first was to constitute the Board of Arts in like manner as the Council of Agriculture is now constituted. So far as it was possible to ascertain this Council had fulfilled its functions very well. No partiality had been shown by the Government in appointing it, as it was composed of almost equal numbers of Government and Opposition members—of English and French. He would not say, however, that Government would adopt this system. It was one of the projects which had been suggested, and would be considered by the Government during recess. Another mode which also suggested itself was to provide for a system of voting at polls by institutions for members of sub-committees. A similar system had been pursued in the old Board of Agriculture. This system however had been abandoned in the Council of Agriculture, as it was found highly inconvenient. Another means was to reduce the number of delegates to the Board and to pay the travelling expenses of those who attend. These three different modes of improvement would be considered by the Government during the recess, and a measure would be introduced during the coming session. He must say that the charge asked for was very reasonable. It was a fact that the law as it stood had diminished very much of the representation of all parts of the country upon the Board. The Board had in a great part been confined to an institution in Montreal. It was not their fault; they did their best to promote education, and labored with very good success. But if they wanted the country to participate in the movement they must change the law. The reason that the exhibitions were so poorly attended, was because interest in the Board had not been generally extended over the whole country.

Mr. Holton was glad that Government had withdrawn the measure, and the institution in Montreal to which the success of the Board was due, would be equally gratified. He agreed with the hon. gentleman that change in the administration of the Board was necessary. With respect to the manner of voting and electing members of the subcommittee that might fairly come up in the House at a subsequent session and after reasonable notice. The system of voting at home was by the use of voting papers, and it was followed by the Universities in England in their parliamentary elections. If a measure came up next session, after fair notice, no reasonable ground could be urged against the decision of Parliament. The complaint now was that an institution in Montreal, which has been mainly under the management of the Mechanics' Institute of Montreal, for the last twenty years, should be radically changed by a bill brought in without notice. He knew the hon Premier's explanation was in good faith and he accepted it; and he thought it would be equally satisfactory to the people of Montreal.

Mr. Beaubien maintained that the hon. gentleman had said that the proposed changes were necessary.

Mr. Holton—No, but some changes are necessary.

Mr. Beaubien still maintained the necessity of the changes. After glancing at the history of the institution, he contended that the Board having the management of Provincial funds, should be administered by the whole Province. He did not wish to discredit the gentlemen who had for years managed the Board, but he was ready to give them every credit, and he and his friends had no intention of ousting them. They only wanted to stimulate them. The law by which this institution was governed was seemingly liberal, but still it was very unequal. Seeing the storm the new Bill had raised he had advised Government to withdraw the Bill, and introduce a Bill to place the Board of Arts in the same position as the Board of Agriculture. He hoped that the new measure to be introduced next session would do both parties justice.

EDUCATIONAL LAW AMENDMENT.

The House then went to the second reading of the Bill to further amend the educational laws in this Province.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau explained the provisions of the Bill.

Mr. Hearn severely attacked Mr. Chauveau who was always doing injustice to Quebec City, and always deaf to its protests. The present Bill doubled the school tax of Quebec, which was by no means wanted, the Catholic School Comissioners having plenty of funds in hand. He also said Mr. Chauveau had broken faith with Quebec City.

This Mr. Chauveau emphatically denied.

Mr. Hearn reiterated his statement that the Catholic School Commissioners had plenty of funds in hand, and said that if the Protestants wanted more funds than they had they should raise them among themselves.

Mr. Rheaume opposed the bill on the ground also of the severe manner in which it would bear on Quebec.

The Committee struck out the clause relating to expropriation, on which they rose and reported. The bill as amended was then passed. It will be read a third time to-morrow.

MONTREAL CHARTER AMENDMENT.

The Montreal Corporation Bill was to-day passed in the Legislative Council without amendment.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

DISORDERLY SCENE IN THE HOUSE.

TORONTO, Dec. 20.—Mr. Speaker Scott rose to make personal reference to an article in the *Daily Telegraph*, charging him with having been bribed by Mr. Blake.

Mr. Sandfield Macdonald rose amid loud cries of order, to maintain that the Speaker had no right to refer to the matter, as he spoke for the House. The Speaker appealed to the House. Mr. Sandfield Macdonald continued amid great confusion. The Speaker got excited, and threatened to resign. Mr. Sandfield Macdonald refused to follow the ruling of the Speaker, and continued to speak amid confusion and noise. The Speaker called for the House to support him in his proceeding. The Reform side instantly proceeded to vote in his favor, but the late Ministerial side refused to vote. Mr. Sandfield Macdonald would not sit down.

Amid great excitement Mr. Cumberland rose, and in a temperate address suggested that the House should adjourn, in order to prevent a repetition of the disgraceful scene. The Speaker intimated that he intended simply to give the matter a flat denial.

Mr. Sandfield Macdonald contended that the Speaker was the mouth-piece of the House, and was bound to sit still, even when slandered; but his defence should be undertaken by some private member.

The Speaker said he would press the matter no further, but would make his denial through the medium of the public press.

Mr. Prince rose to make a personal explanation, but, amid loud cries of order, was compelled to desist.

Mr. Blake announced that he had been called upon to form a new government; he himself accepted office as President of the Council. Though he need not vacate his seat, he would resign and allow his constituents to pass judgment upon his action. He would endeavor to consult the convenience of the House as to adjourning.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

—In California 30,000,000 acres of public land are granted to railroad companies.

—The Great Western Railway is to have a thousand additional freight cars.

—The population of Massachusetts has doubled every 17 years since 1800.

—The yellow fever carried off 26,000 persons in Buenos Ayres last summer. And now the small-pox has come to its assistance, and the deaths are reported as very numerous.

—The Bowling Green Savings' Bank of New York expects to be able to declare a dividend of fifty per cent. by the first of January next.

—Literary men in Britain are still making up a free Library for Chicago. The Duke of Argyll, Disraeli, Carlyle and all the notabilities are making contributions. Mr Hughes leads in the project.

—The Roman *Times* is the name of a new English newspaper published in Rome. It made its first appearance on the 28th Oct., and is the first newspaper in the English language that has been published in the City of Rome.

—The Legislature of the Island of Newfoundland will meet for the despatch of business on Thursday 25th of January. The Government of the Island have contributed $1000 to the Chicago Relief Fund.

Miscellany.

THOUGHTS ON POPERY.

(By Rev. W. Nevins, D.D.)

PRAYERS FOR THE FAITHFUL DEPARTED.

I have taken up again that little book, "The Christian's Guide to Heaven," published, as the title-page assures us, with the approbation of the most reverend Archbishop of Baltimore. Parts of it I have heretofore reviewed, but I have not exhausted its contents. I find, on page 198 of my edition, the title of this article, "Prayers for the Faithful Departed." Faithful, said I to myself; and is it for the faithful dead that they pray? I was so ignorant as to suppose that it was for wicked Catholics, being dead, they were so good as to pray. I thought there was no need of praying for deceased Christians—for the faithful departed. I got the notion somewhere, that good people, when they die, go where there is "fulness of joy" and "pleasures for evermore." I may have imbibed it from St Paul, who says that when such are "absent from the body," they are "present with the Lord;" or perhaps I caught it from St. John, who speaks of the dead that die in the Lord, as "blessed from henceforth," and as resting from their labors. It is more likely, however, that I got the idea from our Saviour, who says to the church in Smyrna (Rev. ii. 10), "Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of life." It was natural that I should take up the idea in reading this, that prayers for the faithful departed were needless since he says, if they were faithful unto death, they should receive a crown of life." We are all liable to mistakes, that is, unless we are infallible. It seems, according to the Catholics, who profess to know all about these matters, that the faithful do not get the crown of life by being faithful unto death. No, they must be faithful a good while after death, before they receive it. That which they get at death is very different from the crown of life. They are a long time absent from the body before they are present with the Lord. They do not go to heaven or paradise. They go to purgatory. This is the Catholic's creed. It does not seem to agree altogether well with the Saviour's promise to the Smyrneans. A simple man would suppose that fidelity unto death was immediately followed by the crown of life. But they that cannot err tell us otherwise.

Somehow or other this doctrine of the faithful going to purgatory after death, and needing to be prayed out of it, seems to have been always out of the mind of the apostle Paul, when he had his pen in his hand, or was dictating to the amanuensis. He speaks of it as gain to die; but surely, to exchange earth for purgatory is no gain. He tells of his desire to depart and be with Christ, just as if the one immediately followed the other. He overlooked purgatory; otherwise I think he would not have had the desire to depart. Perhaps he thought he would fare as well as Lazarus, who made no stay in purgatory; or as the penitent thief, who could not have made a long one, since he was in paradise the same day he died. It has always appeared to me that, according to the Catholic system, this man, of all others, should have gone to purgatory. He never did any penance on earth—never bought an indulgence—he repented only a few minutes before he died; and yet he goes direct to paradise! Who then may not?

But do they not give us chapter and verse for praying for the dead? It must be confessed they do. Here it is: "It is a holy and wholesome thought to pray for the dead, that they may be loosened from their sins."—(2 Macb. xii. 46.) This looks like scripture, though it does not sound much like it. It passes for scripture with the Catholics: but it is Apocrypha. It is no more holy scripture than the Koran is. I know the Catholics contend that it is as good scripture as any. But ask the Jews if it is scripture. "Unto them were committed the oracles of God." Ask them if the books of Maccabees were committed to them. They tell you no. They were not even written in Hebrew. The New Testament abounds in quotations from the Old Testament Scriptures. I wonder some of the writers of the New Testament had not quoted Maccabees, if it had been scripture. I would ask any one who reads it, if it strikes the ear as scripture. It certainly does not. Besides, it is not in all cases good sense. The verse quoted in favor of praying for the dead is not good sense. They speak of praying for the dead as a holy thought, and of prayer as having an efficacy to loosen them from their sins. Now, any child can see this to be no part of scripture.

But I hasten to the prayer. "A prayer for the suffering souls in purgatory." It is a curious prayer. I should like to quote the whole of it. But some specimens must suffice. Here is one petition. "Have mercy on those who suffer in purgatory. Look with compassion on the greatness of their torments; they are more keenly devoured by their ardent desire of being united to thee, than by the purging flames wherein they are plunged." Observe, here are spirits in flames; and they are purging flames. Fire may refine and purify certain metals, but how it should act in that way on souls, is beyond my comprehension. The suffering occasioned by fire is very horrible; but it seems that it is nothing compared with what they suffer from the love of God, or the "ardent desire of being united to him." I wonder, if they have such desires after God, that they are kept in that suffering state; I wonder he does not take them up to himself. Why should they suffer so, since Christ has suffered for them, and they are the faithful who believed on him? Did not Christ suffer enough? But the prayer proceeds: "With them I adore thy avenging justice." So it seems the faithful are the objects of God's avenging justice. I always thought that justice exacted its full demand of Christ. I don't know what the Apocrypha says about it, but holy scripture informs me (Rom. iii. 26), that God can now be "just, and the justifier of him which believeth in Jesus;" and that "if we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive them."—(1 John i. 9.) Are not the faithful pardoned? and how is pardon consistent with vengeance?

The prayer goes on thus: "Remember, O Lord, thou art their Father, and they are thy children. Forget the faults which, through the frailty of human nature, they have committed against thee." Then a little further on: "Remember, O Lord, that they are thy living members, thy faithful followers, thy spouses." Here you see these sufferers are God's children; and they are suffering for mere faults, which they fell into through frailty. This seems hard. But they are not only God's children; they are Christ's members, his faithful followers, his spouses; and he died for them—and yet there they are burning—pardoned, yet suffering punishment—interested in the satisfaction of Christ, yet making satisfaction for themselves—paying over again the penalty which the Saviour discharged. And this is the Roman Catholic gospel! Is it not "another gospel?" And yet "not another." It is no gospel. It is contradiction of the good news.

I quote but one more petition: "Deliver them, O most merciful God, from that place of darkness and torture, and call them to a place of refreshment, light and, peace." The reader will remember that this prayer is for the faithful. It is they who, having been "faithful unto death," go to a place of darkness and torture. There they "rest from their labors." I don't know, for my part, what worse can befall unbelievers than this. Truly, here is no great encouragement to believing. What a consolatory doctrine this to break in the ear of a dying disciple! Fear not, be of good cheer, thou art but going to the place of "darkness and torture." Can it be Jesus who says this to his faithful followers? Can this be Christian doctrine? It certainly is not well calculated to make dying easy. With such a prospect before them, I do not wonder that Catholics find it hard to die—verily, death has a sting, and the grave a victory, if the Roman Catholic doctrine of purgatory be true.

A VISION OF DEATH.

I saw—whether asleep or awake, I cannot tell—but this I know: I saw the dark and dismal door of death. It was narrow as the grave; and only one could enter at a time, and tread its winding steep. Yet thousands passed the door. At its threshold all left their earthly idols. Some cast a wistful look as they pushed forward, and shrieked; some lingered, trembling; and some rushed forward, regardless of the consequences. There were seen all ages, all ranks, and all conditions, passing toward the door.

I saw the drunkard quaff his bowl of poison, burst open the door of death, and stagger in. I heard a groan, a fall, a hollow, dismal sound, and all was silent as the tomb.

Next came a voluptuary. He laughed, he danced, and leaped the fearful leap. The door closed on him. I heard a trembling cry. Spectators shuddered, and turned their eyes away, and nothing more was seen.

A selfish miser came. His head was white with care. His look was fearful with despair. Envy was his only attendant. He staggered to the door, laid down his gold, and wept. A dismal cloud enveloped him. A laugh was heard. And when the cloud was gone, gold, miser—all had disappeared.

There came a man of honor. His step was stately. At his nod many bowed and fawned. He, too, must pass the gate. He touched the secret spring. The door flew wide open. Darkness enveloped him. The multitude shrank back to follow some other leader. And now nothing was seen save a few dried leaves of laurel.

I saw one other come. Hope sat on his brow. He smiled and wept; but, with a forward look, he traced the path, while in his hand he held a little Book, and often read. I saw he had a glass that penetrated the dark abyss, and left a ray behind. I heard him sing. 'Twas not a song of earth, but soft and sweet, like the melodious sounds of distant music on a summer's eve. He passed the door of death; and, like the sun, whose rays have chased the flying clouds away, he passed to rise more glorious on the morrow.—*Exchange.*

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL.

FERTILIZERS.

As to commercial fertilizers, I think I have been well paid for the application of gypsum (plaster of Paris) to my upland grasses at the rate of one bushel per acre per annum, while my tillage has been supplied with it by dusting my stables with it after each cleaning, and so applying it, mingled with barn-yard manures. Lime (unslaked) from burned oyster-shells, costing me from 20 to 25 cents per bushel, delivered, I have applied liberally, and I judge, with profit. Bones, ground, (the finer the better) I have largely, and I think advantageously used; but my land had been plainly pastured for nearly two centuries before I bought it, and thus continually drained of phosphates, yet never replenished; so my experience does not prove that the farmers of newer land ought to buy bones, though I advise them to apply all they can save or pick up at small cost. Pound them very fine with a beetle or axe-head on a flat stone, and give them to your fowls; if they refuse a part of them, your soil will prove less dainty. I am not sure that it pays to buy any manufactured phosphate when you can get raw bone; though I doubt not that, for instant effect, the phosphate is far superior. As to guano, it has not paid me; but that may be the fault of careless and unskillful application. I judge that any one who has to deal with sterile sands that will not bring clover, may wisely apply 400 pounds of guano per acre, provided he has nothing else that will answer the purpose. After he has produced one good stand of clover, I doubt that he can afford to buy more guano, unless he can apply it to better purpose than I have yet done.

I have a strong impression that most farmers can do better at making and saving fertilizers than by buying them. Lime and sulphur (gypsum) if your soil lacks them, you must buy; but a good farmer who keeps even a span of horses, three or four cows, as many pigs, and a score of fowls, can make for $100 fertilizers which I would rather have than two tons of guano, costing him from $180 to $200. If he has a patch of bog or a miry pond on his farm—any place where frogs will live—he can dig thence, in the dryest time next fall, two or three hundred loads of muck, which having been left to dry on the nearest high ground till November or later, and then drawn up and dumped into his barn-yard, pig-pen, and fowl-house, will be ready to come out next spring in season for corn-planting, and, being liberally applied, will do as much for this crop, as two tons of guano would, and will strengthen his land far more. If he has no muck, and no neighbor who can spare it as well as not, let him at midsummer cut all the weeds growing on and around his farm, and in the fall gather all the leaves that can be impounded, using these as litter for his cattle and beds for his pigs, and he will be agreeably surprised at the bulk of his heap next spring.

I am an intense believer in home production. We send ten thousand miles for guano, and suffer the equally valuable excretions of our cities to run to waste in rivers and bays, poisoning or driving away the fish, and filling the air with stench and pestilence. No farmer ever yet intelligently tried to enrich his land and was defeated by lack of material. He may not be able to do all he would like to at first; but persistent effort cannot be baffled.—*H. Greeley.*

THE LAW OF NEW YORK.—"The Tree Law" of New York State, as recently amended, and now on the Statute Book, seems to us an eminently good one, and much needed at this time. It is as follows: "Any inhabitant liable to highway tax who shall transplant by the side of the public highway any forest shade trees or fruit trees, of suitable size, shall be allowed by the overseers of highways, in abatement of his highway tax. one dollar for every four trees set out; but no row of elms shall be placed nearer than seventy feet; no row of maples or other forest trees nearer than fifty feet, except locust, which may be set thirty feet apart; fruit trees must also be set at least fifty feet apart; and no allowance as before mentioned, shall be made unless such trees shall have been set out the year previous to the demand for said abatement of tax, and are living and well protected from animals at the time of such demand." The cities need just such a law. The large towns need it, The country needs it. All need it, and if all will heed it, in its true spirit and interests, New York will be a very different State in 1900 from what it would if none regard its suggestions. Many advantages will result, as effect follows cause, from a faithful, earnest carrying out of this law. Some of these are so obvious that men who have studied the influence of forestry and tree planting on human welfare at all, will cry out with us for more trees, and will wish, as we do, that more of our unsightly and fruitless hill-tops and slopes were robed in forests, both to hide their nakedness, and to modify our climate in a way to favor the great interest of agriculture. The influence of this law, if suitably regarded, is certain to be beneficent.—*Evangelist.*

ICE-HOUSES.—Ice is an important remedy in various forms of disease, and is of great value in families as a means of keeping food and fruits fresh, nutritious, and healthful; hence every well-to-do family, owning its own homestead, or two or three neighboring families, would do well to make an arrangement for an abundant supply of this summer luxury, as it may be done at small cost, by building an ice-house on the "Stevens Plan." For one family, make a house twelve feet each way, by setting twelve posts in the ground, three on a side; board it up, eight feet high, on the inside, so that the weight of the ice shall not press the boards outward; dig out the dirt inside, six inches deep, and lay down twelve inches of sawdust; pack the ice in a pile nine feet each way, filling the space of eighteen inches between the ice and the boards with sawdust or tan bark, with the same thickness on top; make an old-fashioned board roof, leaving the space above the ice open for ventilation. Have a small entrance on the north side of the roof. If the ice-house can be located on the north side of a hill, and a small stream of water introduced slowly through the roof, on a very cold day, so as to make its way between the pieces of ice, the whole mass would freeze solid; or a pile of snow could thus be made into solid ice, and would last from one winter to another.—*Journal of Health.*

FATTENING HOGS.—Joseph Harris gives in the *American Agriculturist* an extract of a letter of John S. Bowles of Ohio, (with whose communications we have frequently favored our readers,) giving a brief account of his treatment of fattening hogs. He has now 165 head—and generally endeavors to have 30 head ready for market every three months the year round. An engine grinds and cooks his corn. In shelling, the cobs alone run the engine. He thinks cooking food saves grain, saves time in fattening, and renders the animals less liable to disease. It can hardly be otherwise for the man who will take the pains to give them good, pure, wholesome feed, will provide clean sheltered quarters for them, and avoid the bad air and filth which some farmers permit, and which, as every one knows, are a fruitful source of disease everywhere. No animal takes more pains to avoid dirt than a pig, if he can obtain what he wants; and the farmer who crowds him into foul quarters must not only expect these animals to become diseased, but ultimately the eaters of such badly fed pork must become diseased also, as many do.

TRICHINÆ IN FOWLS.—A medical journal says: Dr. G. S. Bryant reports having found embedded in the stomach and intestines of the hen large numbers of entozoa, coiled in cysts in every possible attitude, and not unlike the trichinæ found in the human muscle. He suggests that the disease known as "chicken cholera" is dependent on the presence of these entozoa, and promises to continue and report investigations on this subject.

TO PREVENT TURNIPS FLAVORING MILK AND MEAT.—When turnips and rutabagas are fed to milch cows and fattening sheep and beeves, the milk and butter and meat will have a decided flavor of the roots. This may be prevented by feeding the cows only immediately after milking; and by changing the feed of fat animals from roots to hay and meal for three or four days previous to slaughtering, there will be no unpleasant flavor in the meat.

Professional.

THOMAS NICHOL, M.D., HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, MEMBER OF THE COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF ONTARIO. 155 BLEURY STREET, opposite the Jesuit Church.

C. W. WEBB, L.D.S., DENTIST, 142 ST. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET. Artificial Teeth. Teeth filled. Teeth extracted. Nitrous Oxide Gas given. All operations on the teeth. (ESTABLISHED 1860.)

DR. BESSEY, No. 6 BEAVER HALL SQUARE.

Sailing of Steamers, &c

ALLAN LINE, under contract with the Government of Canada for the conveyance of Canadian and United States Mails.

1871-72—WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.—1871-72.

This Company's Lines are composed of the undernoted first-class full-powered Clyde-built double Engine Iron Steamships:—

Vessel.	Tonnage.	Commanders.
Polynesian	4100	(Building.)
Circassian	4000	(Building.)
Sarmatian	3600	Capt. J. Wylie.
Scandinavian	3000	Capt. Ballantyne.
Prussian	3000	Lt. Dutton, R.N.R.
Austrian	2700	Capt. Brown.
Nestorian	2700	Capt. A. Aird.
Moravian	2650	Capt. Graham.
Peruvian	2600	Lt. Smith, R.N.R.
Germany	3250	Capt. Trocks.
Caspian	3200	Capt. Ritchie.
Hibernian	2434	Capt. R. S. Watts.
Nova Scotian	2300	Capt. Richardson.
North American	1784	Capt. Miller.
Corinthian	2400	Capt. James Scott.
Ottawa	1831	Lt. Archer, R.N.R.
St. David	1650	Capt. E. Scott.
St. Andrew	1432	Capt. H. Wylie.
St. Patrick	1207	Capt. Stephen.
Norway	1100	Capt. C. N. Mylins.
Sweden	1150	Capt. Mackenzie.

The STEAMERS of the LIVERPOOL MAIL LINE (Sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, and from Portland every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and to land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland), are intended to be dispatched from Portland:—

Moravian	Dec.	9.
Sarmatian		16.
Prussian		23.
Nova Scotian		30.
Scandinavian	Jan.	6.
Hibernian		13.
Moravian		20.
Sarmatian		27.

Rates of Passage from Portland:—

Cabin .... $70 to $80.
Steerage .... $25.

The Steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to sail between the Clyde and Portland at intervals during the season of Winter Navigation.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

For freight or other particulars, apply—in Portland to J. L. FARMER, or HUGH and ANDREW ALLAN; in Quebec, to ALLANS, RAE & Co; in Havre to JOHN M. CURRIE, 21 Quai d'Orleans; in Paris, to GUSTAVE BOSSANGE, 25 Quai Voltaire; in Antwerp, to AUG. SCHMITZ & Co; in Rotterdam, to G. P. ITTMAN & ZOON; in Hamburg, to W. GIBSON & HUGO; in Belfast, to CHARLEY & MALCOLM; in London, to MONTGOMERIE & GREENHORNE, 17 Grace-church st.; in Glasgow, to JAMES & ALEX. ALLAN, 70 Great Clyde st.; in Liverpool, to ALLAN BROTHERS, James st., or to

H. & A. ALLAN,
Corner of Youville and Common streets.

Insolvent Notices.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.—In the matter of EDWARD WRIGHT, of the City of Montreal, Trader, Insolvent.—I, the undersigned THOMAS S. BROWN, of the City of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month, and are hereby notified to meet at my office, No. 1 Union Buildings, St. Francois Xavier st., in the City of Montreal, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of January, 1872, at 3 of the clock in the afternoon, for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering of the affairs of his Estate generally.
Montreal, 13th Dec., 1871. T. S. BROWN, Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.—In the matter of OLIVIER JACQUES, Boot and Shoe Dealer and Trader, of the City of Montreal, as much in his own name individually as in his capacity of universal legatee of all the real and personal estate left by the late Dame Angele Duhamel, his wife, deceased, and in this last capacity the said Olivier Jacques acting for his said wife individually, and as having, when living, carried on business in Montreal alone, under the name of "O. Jacques," and as copartner with her son Napoleon Jacques, under the name of "O. Jacques et fils," an Insolvent.—I, the undersigned THOMAS S. BROWN, of the City of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month, and are hereby notified to meet at my office, No. 1 Union Buildings, St. Francois Xavier st., in the City of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of January, 1872, at 3 of the Clock in the afternoon, for the public examination of the Insolvent and the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.
Montreal, 13th Dec., 1871. T. S. BROWN, Assignee.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.—In the matter of NAPOLEON JACQUES, of the City of Montreal, Leather Merchant, as well individually as having heretofore carried on business in partnership with Dame Angele Duhamel, wife of Olivier Jacques, under the firm of "O. Jacques et fils"—Insolvent.—I, the undersigned THOMAS S. BROWN, of the City of Montreal, have been appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month, and are hereby notified to meet at my office, No. 1 Union Buildings, St. Francois Xavier st., in the City of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of January, 1872, at 3 of the Clock in the afternoon, for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally. T. S. BROWN, Assignee.
Montreal, 13th Dec., 1871.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of JOHN CHARLES, alias JOHN P. CHARLES, of Montreal, an Insolvent.
A first and final Dividend Sheet has been prepared, subject to objection until the 2nd day of January next, after which Dividend will be paid.
A. B. STEWART, Official Assignee.
Montreal, 15th Dec., 1871.

Notices.

THE Undersigned Executors of the late William Minchin, in his lifetime Merchant in this city, hereby notify all parties indebted to this Estate of their appointment, and request all parties having claims against it to present the same duly authenticated to P. S. ROSS, 10 Gray Nun st., as soon as possible.
E. MINCHIN.
JOHNSTONE THOMSON.
W. W. OGILVIE.
Montreal, 15th Dec., 1871.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between THOS. McWILLIAM and JONATHAN FINDLAY, Wholesale Confectioners, has been dissolved by mutual consent on 15th Dec. inst.
All outstanding debts will be paid by J. Finlay, who will also collect amounts due late firm, he only being entitled to grant receipts for same.

IN REFERENCE to the above the business heretofore carried on by Findlay & McWilliam, as Wholesale Confectioners, will be continued by J. FINDLAY, on his own account, at the old stand, 512 and 514 St. Paul street.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating the Debentures issued or to be issued under By-law No. 37 of the County of Compton, authorizing the subscription by the said County of stock to the amount of $225,540, in the St. Francis and Megantic International Railway Company, as the said By-law is believed to be illegal, and the payment of the tax to be laid thereunder, for the purpose of providing for the principal and interest, to become due upon the said Debentures will be contested.
G. H. BORLASE,
Attorney for Municipalities of Compton, Ascot and Oxford.
Sherbrooke, 12th Dec., 1871.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MONTREAL YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

Invite PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS for a building to be erected for the Association.

Full particulars as to dimension of lot, accommodation required, and other particulars, will be given on application to the undersigned.

T. JAMES CLAXTON,
Chairman Board of Directors.

No plans received after 10th January.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
MONTREAL GYMNASIUM.
Annual subscription reduced to $5. Tickets paid for now will hold good to 1st January, 1873.
Gymnastic Classes are already formed under Prof. Barnjum.
Sparring Classes taught by D. C. Dole, jr., of Portland, Me.
Applications for tickets may be made to the Superintendent, or to the undersigned, No. 119 St. James st.
C. CUSHING,
Sec'y. Treas.

CENTRE WARD.
FOR COUNCILLOR,
HENRY THOMAS, ESQ.

EXPRESS.
THE CANADIAN EXPRESS CO'Y
FORWARD
MERCHANDISE, MONEY,
AND
PACKAGES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Collect Bills with Goods, Notes and Drafts
THROUGHOUT
CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.
Running daily (Sundays excepted) over the entire Line of
THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,
Prescott and Ottawa, Brockville and Ottawa, and Port Hope and Peterborough Railroads, connecting with responsible Expresses for New York, Boston, and all principal points in the United States. Also, By the Allan Line of steamers to all parts of Europe.
Every Railway Station in Great Britain an Express Office.
Packages handed in at any Railway Station in Great Britain, consigned to Wm. Blackwood, Agent, Canadian Express Company, Liverpool, will make quick despatch. Invoices must accompany all Foreign Consignments.
Particular attention given to all Articles perishable by frost or heat.
Reduced rates on all large Consignments, particularly on Poultry, Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Game, &c.; also on Consignments to and from the Lower Provinces, via Portland.
Two Expresses daily on all principal portions of the Line.
Articles perishable by frost guaranteed without extra charge.
For particulars enquire at any of our Offices along the Line.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
G. CHENEY,
Superintendent.

Apothecaries, &c.

SPANISH FLY is the acting ingredient in ALEX. ROSS'S CANTHARIDES OIL, which speedily produces Whiskers and thickens Hair. ALEX. ROSS, 248, High Holborn, London, and all Chemists at home and abroad. Sold by J. GOULDEN, 17 St. Lawrence Main st., Montreal.

HAIR CURLING FLUID, 248, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.—ALEX. ROSS'S CURLING FLUID curls Ladies or Gentlemen's Hair, immediately it is applied. Half-pint bottles. It does no injury to the hair—indeed, is as harmless as water. Had of all Chemists, and of J. GOULDEN, 17 St. Lawrence Main st.

GREY HAIR, 248, High Holborn, London.—ALEX. ROSS'S HAIR DYE produces a perfect color immediately it is used. It is permanent, and perfectly natural in effect. This article has been used for more than 30 years. Had of J. GOULDEN, 17 St. Lawrence Main st., Montreal; and all Chemists.

HAIR DESTROYER—248, High Holborn, London.—ALEX. ROSS'S DEPILATORY removes superfluous hair from the face, neck, or arms, without injury to the skin. Sold by all Chemists, and by J. GOULDEN, 17 St. Lawrence Main st., Montreal.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.—Corns cured in one day, by using ALEX. ROSS'S CHIROPO. This preparation gradually dissolves the Corn in a few hours, removing the very root. Changes the hard skin into a pappy pulpy state. 248 High Holborn, London, and all Chemists. Had of J. GOULDEN, 17 St. Lawrence Main st.

TRUSSES! TRUSSES! TRUSSES!
One of the best assortments of TRUSSES in the Dominion, all kinds and sizes, suitable for the largest adult or smallest child, of the best English and American manufacture.
Also, Abdominal Supporters, Umbilical Bands, Suspensory Bandages, Chest Expanders, Eye Shades, Silk Stockings. A selection of Surgical Instruments.
JAMES GOULDEN, Druggist,
175 St. Lawrence Main st.; Branch, 369 St. Catherine st., Montreal.

NEURALGIA! NEURALGIA!!
GOULDEN'S NEURALGINE
Is a safe and certain cure for Neuralgic Pains in the Jaw, Face, Head, Neck, &c.
Neuralgine will also be found of great service in improving weak digestion, loss of appetite, &c.
Prepared only by the Proprietor
GOULDEN, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
175 ST. LAWRENCE STREET

For Sale.

PAIR OF BAY MATCHED PONIES for Sale, about 13 hands high, to be seen at Low's Hotel, St. Henry street. Age 4 and 5 years.

FOR SALE.
A Steam Tubular Boiler, 3 feet 3 inches in diameter, and 12 feet long. Can be seen at 773 Craig street, near St. Antoine.

A CLERGYMAN, who has some valuable books, which he is obliged to part with, informs the public that they are on view at HILL'S Bookstore, Dorchester st., near the Cathedral. The following are a specimen of the books offered for sale:—
Harmony of the Gospels, by Chemnitius, 1 vol. folio, Greek with Latin notes, 16, 16.
Miles Coverdale's Bible (*fac simile*), 4to. Bagster's edition.
Wordsworth's Greek Testament, 3 vols., large 8vo. Rivingtons, London.
Triglott New Testament (Gospels), 4to. Syriac, Greek and Latin.
Notitia Ecclesiastica Conciliorum, &c. Cabassitus. Folio. Lugdini, 1685.
Barbosa *De Jure Ecclesiastico Universo.* Folio. Lugdini, 1634.
Bishop Burnet's History of his own time, large 8vo London, new edition.
Lord Stafford's letters (temp. Charles 1st), 2 vols folio. Dublin, 1740.
Many of the books to be sold are nearly new, all in good preservation, and will be sold cheap for cash.

FOR SALE,
Caustic Soda, Crystals, Soda Ash, &c., Borax, Saltpetre, Litharge, Castor, Palm, Olive and Fish Oils. Agent for Earles & King's Linseed Oil.
HENRY DOBELL,
St. Sacrament street.

PIG IRON, No. 1 Monkland, to arrive per S. S. "Corinthian," and succeeding steamers from the Clyde. Also, in stock and to arrive, Boiler Plates, Tubes and Rivets; Iron Tubing and Fittings, all sizes, up to 4 inches bore.
For sale by THOS. ROBERTSON, & CO., 9 and 11 Chenneville street.

Business Cards.

NOTICE.
The Subscriber hereby informs the citizens of Montreal and the public generally that he has purchased of the late proprietors, SELLEY BROS. & Co., the entire Stock, Book Debts, &c., of the Victoria Drug Hall, No. 26 St. Radegonde st., and that he will continue the business as Chemist-Druggist, &c., in the same premises.
He will keep always on hand an ample supply of the purest Drugs and Chemicals for dispensing and other purposes, and every variety of the Choicest Perfumery, and all articles requisite for the Toilet.
—ALSO,—
All the popular Proprietary Medicines, including especially—Selley's Compound Elixir of the Phosphates and Calisaya, Selley's Cherry Cordial, Selley's Magical Hair Restorer, and Selley's Cholera Specific, &c.
Included in the above-mentioned purchase is a large stock of Trusses (all varieties), Ladies' and Gents' Shoulder Braces, Chest Protectors, Abdominal Supporters, Pessaries, &c. &c.,
—TOGETHER WITH—
All the Machinery and Implements for the manufacture of artificial limbs, apparatus for the relief of physical deformities, and all other surgical appliances. In this department the most skillful surgical machinist will be employed, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed in the execution of all orders.
J. ENEAS.
In retiring from business Selley Bros. & Co. thank their friends for their past favors, and bespeak for their successor the same patronage which they have so kindly extended to them.
N.B.—All accounts due by and to the late firm will be settled by the present proprietor.

DAVID GLEN,
PLUMBER, GASFITTER & BELLHANGER,
21 Hanover street, Montreal.
All Jobbing promptly attended to.

ADCOCK & ENGLISH,
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS
FINEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN ELECTRO SILVER PLATE.
New patterns constantly coming forward.
Corner St. Sulpice and Commissioners sts.

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLES,
595 LAGAUCHETIERE STREET,
and
48 ST. BONAVENTURE STREET,
SINGLE & DOUBLE SLEIGHS.
SLEIGHS FOR WEDDINGS.
SLEIGHS FOR FUNERALS.
CLOSE CAB SLEIGHS, FOR NIGHT PARTIES, BALLS, &C.
Persons ordering can depend on promptness.
Commercial travellers going to the country, will be supplied at low rates.
Passengers going by rail will be called for at any part of the city, by leaving their address at either stables.
BANCROFT & CO.

CLARKSON & HAGARTY,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
TORONTO, ONTARIO.
As proprietors of a first-class Elevator, capacity 20,000 bushels, in close proximity to our market, and in connection with all railways, we have extra facilities for purchasing all kinds of Grain and Flour, and beg leave to solicit orders for same.
REFERENCES:
Toronto:—Hon. Wm. McMaster, President Canadian Bank of Commerce; Hon. Chief Justice Hagarty; Thomas Clarkson, Esq.
Montreal:—Messrs. J. G. Mackenzie & Co.

BRITISH AMERICAN STEAM DYE WORKS.
T. PARKER begs to inform his customers that he will continue to receive and deliver goods at his present store.
44 ST. JOSEPH ST., EAST,
until May, 1873.
New works and principal office:
521 ST. JOSEPH ST., WEST.
P.S.—All orders at both offices will be promptly attended to.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1862.)
Capital - - 2,500,000, with power to increase
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ROBT. GILLESPIE, Esq., (London Director of the Bank of Montreal,) Deputy Chairman.
JAS. ANDERSON, Esq., (Messrs. Anderson Anderson & Co).
EDW. COLLVILLE, Esq., (Director of the Hudson's Bay Company).
MARTIN R. SMITH, Esq., (Messrs. Smith, Payne & Smith.)
HEAD OFFICE:
East India Avenue, Leadenhall street, London England.
BRANCHES AT
Victoria, British Columbia.
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Portland, Oregon.
San Francisco, California.
Agents and Correspondents in Canada and New York—The Bank of Montreal and their Agents.
The Banks Agents in Canada will undertake collections in British Columbia, and facilitate business with that Province generally.

GRAVEL ROOFING.
FELT AND GRAVEL ROOFING of all kinds.
OLD GRAVEL ROOFS Repaired and Renewed.
TIN, IRON AND SHINGLE ROOFS Coated with a New Fire and Waterproof Composition, warranted to give satisfaction.
Country work at moderate prices.
ROBERT ALEXANDER,
606 Craig street, west,
Near Corner St. Antoine

GEO. W. REYNOLDS & CO.
MILLERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the Purchase of
FLOUR, GRAIN, &c.
TOLEDO, OHIO.

Dry Goods, &c

JOUVIN & CIE., of Paris,
GOLD MEDAL BRAND.
BEST TWO-BUTTON FRENCH KID GLOVES,
IN
BLACK, WHITE, STRAW, GRIS, LIGHT AND DARK COLORS.
To be had, Wholesale only, from
GEORGE WINKS & CO.
ALBERT BUILDINGS.

Machinery, &c.

FOR SALE,
A Second-hand 40-horse Boiler, in good condition—almost new. Cheap, and terms easy.—Apply to G. E. DESBARATS, 319 St. Antoine st., where it can be seen.

EAGLE FOUNDRY.
GEORGE BRUSH,
24 to 34 King and Queen sts., Montreal.
Steam Engines, Steam Boilers, Hoisting Engines Steam Pumps.
Ore Crushers, Stamp Mills Water Wheels, Mill Gearing, Shafting, &c.
Winches, Hoisting Machines for Warehouses, &c.
Bark Mills, Hydraulic Presses, Screw Presses, Castings and Forgings of all kinds.
Best Fire Bricks, Fire Clay and Foundry Facing Wares on hand

Publications, Stationery, &c

WILKIE COLLINS' CHRISTMAS STORY.
"Mrs. or Miss," a Christmas Story in Twelve Scenes, by WILKIE COLLINS, author of "Man & Wife," "The Woman in White," &c., &c.
Price, 40 cents.
For Sale by
DAWSON BROS.

LONGFELLOW'S NEW POEM.
"THE DIVINE TRAGEDY"
BY
HENRY WADSWORTH LONGFELLOW.
FOR SALE BY
DAWSON BROS.,
St. James street.

GREAT SALE OF BOOKS,
At wholesale prices, at the Store,
199 ST. JAMES STREET.
We have just received a large assortment of Books for Christmas and the New Year, and intend selling them at trade prices to the public. All articles sold at this establishment warranted perfect in every respect. Corner of St. Peter st., opposite Molson's Bank. Scripture Texts in great variety.

JUST THE TIME TO PURCHASE TEMPERANCE TRACTS.
The attention of Temperance Societies is invited to the "MONTREAL SERIES OF TEMPERANCE TRACTS," in which the most interesting and instructive matter that can be selected is published semi-monthly in a four page (double column) tract.
The subscription price is $1.50 per annum for 20 copies of each number issued to one address, or 480 tracts in the course of a year, equal to nearly 4,000 pages of the common tract form, and in a shape more likely to be read. Three hundred assorted numbers of these tracts will be sent for $1. In all cases the publishers pay the postage.
JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Publishers, Montreal.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CANADIANS, THROUGH BRITISH AND FOREIGN CONNECTIONS.
GREAT INCORPORATED INSTITUTIONS.
CAPITAL £2,000,000 STERLING.
Can be supplied with the indispensable articles of Account Books and Stationery to carry on business in Montreal and the Dominion of Canada from their head offices in Britain and other Foreign Countries.
ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTORIES
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRIES
ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRISE,
And get your Account Books made cheaper than they can be imported, at
S. W. MASON'S
ACCOUNT BOOK MANUFACTORY.
59 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

NEW STORY.
At the beginning of the New Year we will commence to publish in the
DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY WITNESS,
A STORY,
ENTITLED
ELEANORE MARVIN,
OR,
ALMOST A NUN,
A STORY FOUNDED ON FACT,
By the talented and well-known authoress,
MRS. JULIA McNAIR WRIGHT.
Intending subscribers should remit at once, so as not to miss any of the numbers.

CITY AND TOWN AGENCIES
FOR THE SALE OF THE
DAILY WITNESS
The following is a list of the places where the Daily Witness" is sold regularly by news-boys:—

Province of Quebec.	
Montreal,	St. Andrews,
Quebec,	Windsor Mills,
St. Johns,	South Durham,
West Farnham,	Lower Bedford,
Granby,	*Province of Ontario*
Waterloo,	Ottawa,
Bedford,	Cornwall,
Lennoxville,	Prescott,
Richmond,	Cobourg,
Danville,	Belleville
Stanstead,	Gananoque,
West Shefford,	Kingston,
St. Hyacinthe,	Napanee,
Upton,	Ingersoll,
St. Armand,	River Raisin,
Lachute	Merrickville,
	Arnprior.

TO GROCERS.
PRINTED SHEETS, containing the following names, for sale at the WITNESS Office:—

FLOUR,	HAM,
MEAL	EGGS,
TEA	CHEESE,
BUTTER,	LARD,
BARLEY,	BEANS,
RICE,	FISH.

Clothing, &c.

BUSINESS YOUNG MEN.
When young men first in business start,
They are apt to make a failure,
Flatter themselves that they are smart;
They wear a grand regalia.
Advice to veterans they will give,
Bravely impart their knowledge,
They do not know what 'tis to live,
Although they've been through college.
Experience they must have in life,
And common sense and reason;
Life is full of care and strife,
Through each and every season.
Boon & Woodworth sell their clothing low,
At No. 3 Main street, sir;
Call and see.—I'm sure you'll find it so,
And always find them there, sir.
The finest Overcoats they sell,
To be found in all creation;
Their Coats and Pants fit nice and well;
Boon & Woodworth suits the nation.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

EGGS! EGGS!!
1500 DOZ. FRESH EGGS FOR SALE, AT
WM. McGIBBONS,
Cor. Notre Dame and Gabriel streets.

GREAT BARGAINS
IN GROCERIES,
at the Cheap Bakery and Japan Tea Store, 707 Craig street.
The Shop is always thronged with customers, all surprised at the prices of our goods, and they leave their orders without hesitation.
Choice new season Teas, of all sorts—Japan, Green, Black Gunpowder, and English Breakfast Souchongs.
Fresh Valentia Raisins, only 5c per lb.
Cheap Bread, only 16c. per 6 lb. loaf.
Choice New Currants, only 7c. per lb.
X.X.X. Pastry Flour, from pure white wheat, 55c. per 14 lb.
No. 1 Family Flour, inspected, 45c. per 14 lb.
Citron Peel, 35c. per lb.
Lemon, — per lb.
Beautiful Bright Sugar, 10c. per lb.
Biscuits of all sorts, from 6c per lb. up to 15c. per lb.
Beautiful Large Raisins.
Fruit Syrups, only 25c. per bottle.
All goods delivered free inside city limits.
JAMES MULLINS, 707 Craig street.

Insurance.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
LIFE BRANCH.
Notwithstanding the divisions arising out of two Quinquennial Valuations, and the payment of all claims and expenses, the amount at the credit of the Life Fund is over 65 per cent. of the entire Premiums received on every Policy now in existence.
New Business, First Quinquennium, £718,395 Stg.
do Second do £1,412,461 Stg.
Chief Office, Canada Branch, 13 St. Sacrament st.
A. MACKENZIE FORBES,
Resident Secretary.

MONTREAL WITNESS
PROSPECTUS FOR 1872.

During twenty-five years existence the circulation of the WITNESS has increased from 800 to about 20,000: or counting by sheets issued, instead of 800 a week, we have in round numbers:—

Daily, 11,000 x 6	- - -	66,000
Semi-Weekly, 3,000 x 2	- -	6,000
Weekly	- - - - -	7,000
		79,000

The same rates of increase for the next quarter of a century would give us an entry into 500,000 families for 7,900,000 sheets. These figures are no more incredible than the present ones would have been twenty-five years ago, and we shall do our best, with the assistance of constantly improving appliances and facilities for reaching the public, and counting largely on the rapid growth of our Dominion, and of its chief city, to realize them.

PLATFORM.

We stand just where we always stood, and look for success to that aid which has hitherto helped us.

CHANGES.

THE DAILY WITNESS, hitherto issued at Noon, and 2, 4, and 6 o'clock, P.M., will, during the coming session of the Dominion Parliament, and possibly thereafter, appear also at 6 o'clock in the morning, all other editions continuing as heretofore. The object of this is to catch certain mail and express trains which do not suit any of our present editions, so that many are deprived of the paper who want it. THE DAILY WITNESS will then be sold at every town and village for ONE CENT. We shall by the 1st January, 1872, have completed our arrangements for city delivery, and will, by means of delivery carts and sleighs, be able to supply dealers in almost every corner of the city. We have a steam press running on bulletins alone, so that each dealer may receive one daily. *Daily Witness* $3 per annum, payment in advance.

TRI-WEEKLY WITNESS.—Subscribers to the SEMI-WEEKLY WITNESS will, after 1st January, be supplied with a TRI-WEEKLY of the shape and size of the present DAILY WITNESS, which will be found to contain about as much matter as the present SEMI-WEEKLY, thus making an addition of fifty per cent. to the reading matter without any addition of price. *Tri-Weekly Witness*, $2 per annum in advance.

MONTREAL (WEEKLY) WITNESS.—This paper will continue of the same shape as hitherto, but will be larger by the breadth of a column each way on every page, thus making an addition of fifty per cent. to the reading matter. *Weekly Witness*, $1 in advance.

CLUBS.

We have never been able to offer any inducement which has borne fruit equal to the assistance of those whose sincere friendship for the enterprise has prompted them to exertion on our behalf.

In all editions where one person remits for one year in advance for eight persons, he will be entitled to one copy additional for himself. Or any person remitting $8 for our publications will be entitled to one dollar's worth additional.

ADVERTISING.

Advertising in the DAILY WITNESS costs 10 cents per line for *new advertisements*, or for such as are inserted as new; 5 cents per line for *old advertisements*—that is all insertions after first, when not inserted at new. The following are exceptional:—Employees or Board Wanted, one cent per word. Employment or Boarders Wanted, and Articles Lost and Found, 20 words for 10 cents, and half a cent for each additional word.

The TRI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY WITNESS will be counted together, and all the issues of one week will be counted one insertion. Thus,

Weekly	- - - - -	7,000
Tri-Weekly, 3,000 x 3	- - -	9,000
		16,000

The service rendered will thus be greater in quantity, and for many kinds of business better in quality than that of the Daily, yet, for the present, the same scale of charges will be followed. Thus an advertiser has, for the same money, advertising for as many weeks in the country editions as he has days in the daily editions. The above startling changes in the terms of the country editions we are enabled to make by increased printing facilities, and in the hope of securing a circulation that will attract advertising patronage. Advertisers may, we think, confidently count on a rapid improvement in the value of these contracts through the working of these changes. No advertisements will be accepted which are not in accord with the known principles of the WITNESS.

ADVANTAGES.

We here announce cheaper papers than can be got anywhere else, and cheaper advertising, we think, in proportion to circulation, than is offered in Canada. Whether the papers are good, as well as cheap, the public are the best judges. All the departments of reading matter will be kept up as heretofore. We are giving increased attention to the commercial department.

It is our intention in future to have at least one serial story running in each edition of the WITNESS, and generally more in the Daily, and we hope also to present to all readers one or two wood engravings per week.

CONSTITUENCY.

The WITNESS is the workingman's paper; the merchant's paper; the farmer's paper; the clergyman's paper; the ladies' paper; the children's paper; the teetotaler's paper; the Christian's paper.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Proprietors.

CANADIAN MESSENGER
PROSPECTUS FOR 1872.

This paper has more reading in it, and that of the highest class, for the money it costs, than any of our other publications. It contains little news, but is a perfect treasure-house of instructive and religious reading, as gathered from the abundant resources which contemporary literature affords. It is a pioneer finding its way to the utmost limits of civilization and to every remote post-office in the Dominion, from Michipicoton to Mainadieu. Circulation 14,000. *Canadian Messenger 38 cents per annum in advance, postage prepaid by publishers. Advertising 10 cents per line each insertion. Club of seven to one address for $2; 100 to one address for $25.*

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Proprietors.

NEW DOMINION MONTHLY.
PROSPECTUS FOR 1872.

This magazine is the oldest and has the largest circulation of any literary magazine in Canada. It aims at being a Canadian Magazine, both in the character of its matter, and in opening the way to Canadian writers. In the latter field it has up to the present been a failure, so far as remunerating its contributors and its publishers is concerned; but, as its circulation is fair, we are in hopes that a good advertising patronage may yet put it on a paying basis. We do not think our Canadian homes can find elsewhere a publication at once so wholesome, so interesting, and so Canadian, and we ask all Canadians to sustain it. Its circulation is 3,500. *New Dominion Monthly $1.50 per annum in advance. Old subscribers sending the name of a new subscriber with their own, will get the two for $2. Advertising in New Dominion Monthly per page $8.00.*

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Proprietors.

N.B.—JOB PRINTING SENT to the WITNESS Printing House will be done neatly and quickly, and at the lowest rates compatible with first-rate work.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Proprietors.

THE "MONTREAL WITNESS" is printed and published by JOHN DOUGALL & SON, Proprietors, and 220 Great St. James ———House, No Brunswick street.