



BE JUST AND FEAR NOT.
GENERAL REGISTER AND INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.—The Subscribers most respectfully beg leave to acquaint the Ladies and Gentlemen of this City, that he has commenced an Establishment for the above purpose, at No. 6, St. Francois-Xavier-street.

He will use his utmost endeavours to procure good, honest, and faithful Servants for Families, &c., and he trusts to be able to serve good Servants with good Employers.

Also, from his particular local knowledge of the City, he will be able to procure Tenants for Houses; and supply the best information to strangers who are in want of houses, tenements, or land.

N.B. Servants recommended from this Office after remaining one year with their employers, and receiving a note of approbation, will, by applying, at my Office, receive an Honorary Medal, from the Public's most obedient Servant.

Sept. 17. P. MERCKELL.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.—PARTICIPATION IN THE PROFITS OF THE INSTITUTION BY THE ASSURED.

The Assured of this Company have received instructions from the Board of Directors to place the assured in Canada upon the same footing as a participation in the profits of the Establishment, with those in England.

They do therefore announce to the Public, that the Profits of the Fire Department appropriated to the Assured will be distributed at the close of each successive period of five years, in the form of a percentage upon the premiums.

Parties who obtain the settlement of Losses from Fire are not thereby deprived of the right to participate in the profits of the Company.

The Agents beg leave to call the attention of the public to the advantages hereby held out to those who insure with this Company, viz: A PARTICIPATION IN THE PROFITS OF THE ESTABLISHMENT; those who insure for a period of five successive years, thereby becoming virtually Stockholders to the amount of their premiums, and without being subject to any of the liabilities of the Company, as they will receive back a portion of their premiums in the shape of a percentage; or in other words, at the end of every successive five years they will be paid a Bonus proportionate to the extent of their transactions with the Company.

This advantage, so far superior to what is offered by any other Company in this country, connected with the circumstance of the large Capital of FIVE MILLIONS Sterling, the respectability of the Directors, and the universally acknowledged superior method by which their affairs are conducted; Agents cannot doubt will be duly appreciated by the people of the Province, and will point out the ALLIANCE COMPANY to those who wish to insure their property against Fire, as that which will best suit their interest and security.

MACKENZIE, BETHUNE & Co. AGENTS.

ALLIANCE OFFICE, Commission Street, 24th August, 1824.

YOUNG LADIES BOARDING SCHOOL.—MISS WOOD, respectfully informs the Gentlemen and Ladies of Montreal and its vicinity, that she has taken that neat and convenient three-story brick house, the property of Thomas Phillips, Esq., in St. Lawrence-street, descending the hill from Notre-Dame-street, where she will be happy to accommodate both Boarding and Day Scholars, and the following branches of education taught, viz:—Reading, Systematic Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Rhetoric, History, Geography, Astronomy, Drawing, Painting of all sorts, very Descriptive, Embroidery, Tansouring, Filigree, Music, Dancing, and French.

Montreal, June 24th, 1824.

NOTICE.—MUSCO ITALIANO ET GABINETTO DI CURIOSITA. The Proprietor of the MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY AND CABINET OF CURIOSITIES, in thanking those persons who have honoured him with their patronage, gives notice, that the encouragement which he has already received has not been sufficient to reimburse him for his trouble and expense, and as he has been offered a sum for his said Museum, which appears to him reasonable, he is determined to dispose of it at the opening of the navigation, if more encouragement is not given; if, on the contrary, the public favour increases, he will consider it a duty to retain his said Property, which is the only means of amusement and recreation of the kind in this country, even if he should find more advantageous offers than have already been made.

He has already announced the contents of this Cabinet of Natural, Artificial and Musical Curiosities, by numerous advertisements, and will still continue further to augment it, if an increase of patronage is bestowed.

The Cabinet will not be opened during the day for less than One Dollar, that is to say, fifteen pence for each person, if there are four; and at night, until nine o'clock, for two Dollars, viz: fifteen pence for each person, if there are eight.

Montreal, 20th January, 1826.

TO JOURNEMEN TAILORS.

A FEW first rate Workmen WANTED by W.M. SLACK, 127 St. Paul-street.

17th Oct.

NOTICE TO MEDICAL GENTLEMEN.—A favorable opportunity now offers for a gentleman of the profession establishing himself in the flourishing village of Richmond, Upper Canada. As the Subscriber is now called on full pay to the 76th Regiment, he will let his House by the year or for a longer term, with an Acre of land on which it stands, Garden, Root-house, &c. Also a lot of twenty acres of land adjoining the village, six of which are under cultivation.

N.B. he will sell his Stock of valuable Medicines on hand at a fair valuation. Application to be made to JAMES BURKE, Esq., Richmond, who will show the premises.

Nov. 2—JAMES CHRISTOPHER CLEIS.

LATELY RECEIVED, and FOR SALE.

3000s Cloves, 40 Reams Demy Paper for Printing, 10 Casks of fine-drawn Horse Nails.

ALSO ON HAND,

London Bottled Porter, and Sherrie Wines; London Double and Single Refined Sugar; Sals and Castor Oil; Vinegar, Black Pepper; Cassia; Nutmeg, and all other kinds of Groceries, &c. &c.

N.B. he will sell his Stock of valuable Medicines on hand at a fair valuation. Application to be made to JAMES BURKE, Esq., Richmond, who will show the premises.

Nov. 2—JAMES CHRISTOPHER CLEIS.

FOR SALE, at No. 99 St. Paul's Street,

on the most reasonable terms, an excellent assortment of DRY GOODS, comprising: Broad Cloths, Flannels, Casimires, Bandannettes, Bonnet cloths, with every other article suitable for the season.

Rums, Gin, Brandy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Sauternes and Spanish Wines, Tea, Coffee, Pepper, Sugar, Raisins, and all other kinds of Groceries, &c. &c.

JOSHUA STANFIELD.

FOR SALE, by JAMES MILLAR.

A few Pouchons very fine Whisker, superior Port and Madeira Wine, in bottles, a few casks Madeira Wine, and Mustard in casks.

Montreal, 4th February, 1826.

FOR SALE, at No. 99 St. Paul's Street,

on the most reasonable terms, an excellent assortment of DRY GOODS, comprising: Broad Cloths, Flannels, Casimires, Bandannettes, Bonnet cloths, with every other article suitable for the season.

Rums, Gin, Brandy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Sauternes and Spanish Wines, Tea, Coffee, Pepper, Sugar, Raisins, and all other kinds of Groceries, &c. &c.

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A few Pouchons very fine Whisker, superior Port and Madeira Wine, in bottles, a few casks Madeira Wine, and Mustard in casks.

Montreal, 4th February, 1826.

SHOP AND STORE TO LET.—That convenient SHOP & WHOLESALE STORE over it, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew Porteous, and adjoining the Store of the Subscribers, the situation for business is excellent. For further particulars apply to

WM. HARWOOD & SONS.

Feb. 15—2.

TO LET, and possession given on the 1st of May next,

that convenient DWELLING HOUSE, situated in St. Francois-Xavier Street, at present occupied by Mrs. West.

For particulars apply to A. LAFRANCOISE.

Feb. 10th—sw.

TO LET, and possession given 1st May next,

that well-known, comfortable, and elegantly situated two-story Stone DWELLING-HOUSE, at the corner of Notre-Dame and St. Gabriel streets, belonging to the Estate of the late J. G. Beck, Esq., and at present occupied by F. A. Boivin.

The house and premises in the rear, say stable, hay-loft and carriage house, &c. are in complete repair, and amply secured against accidents by fire from any contiguous buildings; the kitchen has also the advantage of a supply of water from the Montreal Water Works, the whole forming one of the most desirable residences in the city of Montreal for a private family. For particulars, apply to

February 8—J. B. LINDSAY, S. P.

HOUSE TO LET, and possession given on or before the first of May next.

That two-story Stone House, No. 70, Notre-Dame Street, the upper part occupied by Mr. Edouard Pugin, as a dwelling house, the lower part as an Armoury, and would be a desirable situation for a Retail Store. For further particulars, enquire of

MADAME VEUVE GOSSELIN.

Feb. 10th—sw.

TO LET, au lieu de Mai prochain, pour trois années, au plus.

Cette grande et saine MAISON neuve, à deux étages, très bien bâtie, dans le quartier de la rue Craig, et tout près du Champ de Mars, avec un Terrain spacieux, tel qu'il est, et un grand Jardin complanté de jeunes Arbres fruitiers, Eclaircie, Remise, &c. 2. Un grand Terrain en Prairie avoisinant, bien clos, avec une bonne Grange. Pour les conditions s'adresser sur les lieux au propriétaire, ANTOINE DUBOIS.

Montreal, 28 Janvier, 1826.

FOR SALE, or TO LET.—That valuable

PROPERTY, delightfully situated at the Côte à Baron, belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. JAMES HALL. The above Property is so generally known, that particulars are considered useless. Part of the payment will be required on passing the deed; the remainder may remain in the purchaser's hands for a term of years on paying interest. For particulars enquire of

Feb. 8th, 1826. ARCHES FERGUSON, Herald Office.

FOR SALE, or TO LET, for one or more years

and possession given on the 1st May next, that neat and convenient DWELLING HOUSE and PREMISES, situated in Notre-Dame Street, at present occupied by R. L. Morrogh, Esq. The situation and proximity to the Public Offices recommend it to Professional Gentlemen; in the rear are a Coach-house, Ice-house, &c. with a Flower Plot and Kitchen Garden, containing an Asparagus Bed, and well stocked with the choicest Plum Trees, and Currant and Gooseberry Bushes. For particulars enquire at this Office.

Montreal, February 8.

FOR SALE, or TO LET, and possession given

on the 1st of May next, a two-story HOUSE, situated at the Basin of Chamblé, with spacious Store, Stables, &c. From its size and distribution, as well as contiguity to Business, no situation is better adapted for a Merchant. Apply to the Subscriber, now residing at Montreal.

EDWARD M. LEPROHON.

Montreal, February 3—sm.

FOR SALE, or TO LET, and possession given

on the 1st of May next, a well-furnished and convenient DWELLING HOUSE in St. Paul's Street, St. Ann's Suburbs. In the rear is a well of excellent Water, and a small Garden. For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. L. Solomons & Co. No. 41, St. Paul Street, or to Mr. Noah Shaw, adjoining the Premises.

February 11—2.

TO BE LET, that well known eligible STAND

FOR BUSINESS, in St. Mary's Street, Quebec Suburbs, a House with a Garden, Stabling for a number of Horses, with a spacious Yard and Stables, formerly the property of the late Frederick Stearns, at present occupied by Henry Stearns. Possession to be given on the first of May. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber.

February 3—2. HENRY STEARN.

FOR SALE, or TO LET.—That excellent

and commodious HOUSE, situated on Craig Street, in a central part of the Town, and at present occupied by Mr. ANDREW SHAW. For terms apply to the Revd. JOHN BETHUNE.

Montreal, 7th Feb. 1826—2.

NOTICE.—A person going to New York, and returning immediately to this place, would undertake to transact any Business there, for a moderate compensation. Having been a resident for some time in the U. States, he doubts not of giving satisfaction to those who may employ him. Any communication left with Mr. JOHN SARRIS, will meet due attention.

Montreal, 13th February, 1826—sm.

NOTICE.—All Persons, who have, or will be, come parties to an assignment made in June last before Henry Griffin, Esq., N. P. by PORTOUS & NESBITT, and the undersigned, are hereby requested to call at the Subscribers Office and receive a dividend on said Estates.

Feb. 12. ANDREW PORTOUS.

FOR SALE, at No. 99 St. Paul's Street,

on the most reasonable terms, an excellent assortment of DRY GOODS, comprising: Broad Cloths, Flannels, Casimires, Bandannettes, Bonnet cloths, with every other article suitable for the season.

Rums, Gin, Brandy, Madeira, Teneriffe, Sauternes and Spanish Wines, Tea, Coffee, Pepper, Sugar, Raisins, and all other kinds of Groceries, &c. &c.

JOSHUA STANFIELD.

FOR SALE, by JAMES MILLAR.

A few Pouchons very fine Whisker, superior Port and Madeira Wine, in bottles, a few casks Madeira Wine, and Mustard in casks.

Montreal, 4th February, 1826.

EXPORTS and IMPORTS at QUEBEC.—In 1825, 6000 copies of this printed on a Sheet of Letter Paper, for transmission to a distance, may now be had at the Office of the Montreal Herald, Jan. 28th, 1826.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

30 Pouchons well flavoured Rum,

100 tons patent Shot assorted from B. R. to S. 300 rads and legs. Points dry and white and red lead yellow ochre, &c.

100 boxes Window-glass 6-8 & 8-2 & 9-2.

—ALSO—

100 chests twankey Tea,

50 do. and boxes Hyson, young Hyson

Hyson Skin, Hoken,

60 shares Bank of Canada Stock,

20 do. Quebec Fire Insurance, do.

and Exchange on London.

Cash or approved notes will be received in payment.

WILLIAM PIEDIE & Co.

January, 8—sw.

STEPHEN FIELD & CO. are now receiving

in addition to their former Stock

4000 sides Sole Leather,

2000 do. Upper do.

100 dozen calf Skins,

20 dozen Morocco do.

1000 sides Horse Leather,

200 do. Harness do.

All of which will be sold very low for Cash, or approved Endorsed Notes, at private and public Sale, this, 100 legs best Dairy Butter, low for Cash only.

Montreal, Old Market Place, Jan. 20. nsw

NAPOLEON.

WHOSE fate has engaged, so much of the public attention for more than a quarter of a century, is still considered by many of the people of France to be

ALIVE.

and such, it is said, continues to be the attachment of his old soldiers and many others to him, that they must be still living.

AND IN

all the changes and reverses which have attended him, they look upon him as being yet destined to good fortune, as certain; but how much more fortunate will those be, who purchase a Ticket or Share in the admirable Lottery, managed by Campbell, under the authority of the State of Maryland, who will yet triumph over all opposition; and all Adversities will do well to remember, that CAMPBELL'S Offices are by far, and will continue to be, the most fortunate in

AMERICA.

HIGHEST PRIZE, \$100,000.

The next brilliant Lottery in this country, soon to be drawn, is the following unparalleled truly grand and splendid

LOTTERY.

1 prize of \$100,000 is \$100,000

1 do. 50,000 50,000

1 do. 20,000 20,000

1 do. 10,000 10,000

5 do. 5,000 50,000

10 do. 1,000 10,000

100 do. 50 40,000

100 do. 20 40,000

100 do. 10 40,000

100 do. 5 40,000

100 do. 2 40,000

100 do. 1 40,000

100 do. 1/2 40,000

100 do. 1/4 40,000

100 do. 1/8 40,000

100 do. 1/16 40,000

100 do. 1/32 40,000

100 do. 1/64 40,000

100 do. 1/128 40,000

100 do. 1/256 40,000

100 do. 1/512 40,000

100 do. 1/1024 40,000

100 do. 1/2048 40,000

100 do. 1/4096 40,000

100 do. 1/8192 40,000

100 do. 1/16384 40,000

100 do. 1/32768 40,000

100 do. 1/65536 40,000

100 do. 1/131072 40,000

100 do. 1/262144 40,000

100 do. 1/524288 40,000

100 do. 1/1048576 40,000

100 do. 1/2097152 40,000

100 do. 1/4194304 40,000

100 do. 1/8388608 40,000

100 do. 1/16777216 40,000

100 do. 1/33554432 40,000

100 do. 1/67108864 40,000

100 do. 1/134217728 40,000

100 do. 1/268435456 40,000

100 do. 1/536870912 40,000

100 do. 1/1073741824 40,000

100 do. 1/2147483648 40,000

100 do. 1/4294967296 40,000

100 do. 1/8589934592 40,000

100 do. 1/17179869184 40,000

100 do. 1/34359738368 40,000

100 do. 1/68719476736 40,000

100 do. 1/137438953472 40,000

100 do. 1/274877906944 40,000

100 do. 1/549755813888 40,000

100 do. 1/1099511627776 40,000

100 do. 1/2199023255552 40,000

100 do. 1/4398046511104 40,000

100 do. 1/8796093022208 40,000

100 do. 1/17592186044416 40,000

100 do. 1/35184372088832 40,000

100 do. 1/70368744177664 40,000

100 do. 1/140737488355328 40,000

100 do. 1/281474976710656 40,000

100 do. 1/562949953421312 40,000

100 do. 1/112589990

The landed men are actually beginning their machinations for a continuance of the monopoly in bread. There has already been a county meeting in Lincolnshire, to petition Parliament against any importation of corn from other countries, and against any relaxation of the corn laws. This is impudent enough, to say the least of it; but let us see how it stands with human nature and common sense. The whole of this, meeting, with one able exception, insist that no import duty would be an adequate protection to the English farmer, who pays such heavy rents and taxes. Now this is saying on the part of the landlords about as any limit whatever, being affixed to the price of corn, and therefore, to their own demands of rent. On the other hand, we affirm, that it is the solid interest of the occupying farmer, to receive but a moderate rent; and therefore, that he the farmer ought to long for a relaxation of the corn laws, and to be enabled to sell his grain for all the price which he can get, and which fall exclusively upon the land, if they are such as cannot be got rid of by any legislative ingenuity, we suppose they must be met by moderate protecting duties. But what is now the condition of the United Kingdom? Mr. Huskisson has opened largely the old prohibitory system of our trade. He has exposed the manufacturers of England to such a competition with foreign manufacturers, as they never before apprehended. Do, then, the country gentlemen persuade themselves, that the nation will be any the worse for the removal of the corn trade? Is it not a great blessing that comes from one side, and a corn monopoly, with excessive wages, its necessary consequence, on the other? If the manufacturers of England be liable to foreign competition in their goods, with what face can the corn-growers insist upon their right to have a more partial measure dealt out to them? It is as clear as day light, that if an open commerce in all other articles be allowed, it cannot be refused in corn only; nor, if refused, would the demand of it signify one farthing, since the whole population would be enabled to pay their inability to pay the present price of corn; and, in spite of all the non-importation laws in the world, the market price of wheat would infallibly come down. Either, then, Messrs. Huskisson and Robinson must retract their steps, and re-enact the restrictions on trade which were so recently, and with so much eclat, abolished, or the monopoly in agricultural produce will cease to have the practical effect of keeping up rents and prices. There is another circumstance, which would render the present system of corn trade, even more untenable than it is at present, and at least no longer productive of benefit to the farmer. The country bank-paper system must be abolished for ever. The country banks must be cut off from the privilege of issuing notes at their own discretion, and to what extent they please; or all legitimate credit will be at an end, and all property stripped of its best protection. It is monstrous to reflect upon the sort of persons who, in numerous cases, have established themselves as country bankers, the hold they have obtained over the country population, and the ruinous consequences that have resulted from the made of it, and the dreadful ruin which their multiplied failures have spread among the classes who confided in them. Upwards of 60 of these establishments have been broken up, as the papers inform us, within these last three weeks; and how many more must follow, no man can safely conjecture. People talk much of pity for the unfortunate bankers. In some cases we know that honest and prudent men may be involved by the misfortunes of others, and such we can unfeignedly commiserate; but we must, for the thousands of poor credulous and unfeeling persons, who, with their families, are consigned to utter destruction by the failure of any extensive bank. How many poor tradesmen's bills are left unpaid by the extinction of deposits, which had been left for the discharge of them! How many small farmers thrown upon the parish, by the swallowing up of the sums laid by for their rent day! What numbers of small annuitants, of industrious shopkeepers, all whose savings had been locked up in the neighbouring country banks, and who are now left with a few shillings of old coin and Bank of England paper should become, throughout the kingdom, what they are in London and in Lancashire—the two great centres of commerce—the only media of circulation between man and man. None, in that case, can be bankers, who are not men of property: kite-flying—or carpeting a whole county with private paper, representing, not property, but effrontery and credulity, must then disappear from among us; there will be a stop to fictitious credit, there will be a sensible fall in the price of property, and a consequent fall in the price of the land, and against which fall the landlords are striving to make head by petition, in favour of the old unprincipled corn laws. They will find the enterprise, happily for the rest of the community and for themselves, (though they have not sense enough to be aware of it,) far beyond their power.

The wind having changed to the eastward since Monday, the ships of war under orders for foreign service, and the outward bound merchantmen which put into this port, have all proceeded on their respective voyages &c.—On Tuesday, the Glasgow frigate, Hon. Capt. Maude, for Lisbon, to relieve the Tribune; and the convalescent ship Magnificent, Lieut. Mundell, for Port-Royal, Jaénica; on Wednesday the Dromedary, Mr. W. Skinner, master, with 400 convicts for Bermuda, to be employed in improving the port; on Thursday the convalescent ship Royal Oak, Lieutenant Allison, for Bermuda, taking Governor and Highways Turner, K.C.B., and others; and many other passengers, and this day the Mastiff, Captain Copeland, to survey in the Mediterranean, leaving the Tweed only at Spithead.

This morning sailed the Aurora, Jackson, for Hydra, having on board 40 of the crew of the Greek brig of war Clonini, lately wrecked on the Isle of Alderney, from whence they were taken to Guernsey, where they received the greatest kindness and attention from the Lieutenant-Governor, Sir John Collicoe, and the inhabitants, who in addition to having provided them with food, clothing & lodging for some time, the sailors raised for them a most liberal subscription, and gave £3s to each of the crew on their leaving Guernsey. We are requested to state that, for the kindness they have received from the Governor and inhabitants of Guernsey, they feel the deepest gratitude, and beg to return their most grateful thanks; it is, perhaps, impossible to express the high sense they entertain of the kindness they experienced, better than in their own words, which were, “the people of Guernsey behaved to us like angels, not like men.”

The Marquis and Marchioness of Hastings and family are expected to embark in about a fortnight in his Majesty's yacht Herald, Capt. Locke, for the Continent.

The Lords of the Admiralty have promoted the following Officers, between the 1st Oct. and 31st December, instant:—

To be Captains:—G. G. Graham, A. T. F. Vidal, and John Leith.

To be Commanders:—T. Stephenson, G. J. Hope Johnstone, R. H. Cockerell, J. Allison, W. Symonds, C. Croker, J. Maynard, J. Mundell, W. G. H. Whish, T. B. Bond, and E. Blankley.

To be Lieutenants:—C. J. Seombe, W. Arlett, G. W. H. Fitzroy, W. Wellesley, C. W. Webster, A. Bolton, H. A. Broadwood, J. B. G. W. Justice, J. W. Hill, W. Hornby, C. Dimock, C. H. W. W. Broaden, M. P. Naeble, W. Crispin, Hon. E. B. Curzon, B. Allen, W. D. Miller, J. Hayes, A. B. Lowe, W. M. Dowall, A. Read, M. Champ, B. Dowsa, A. Kellest, E. Kelly, R. K. Marsh, and George Trolepp.

LOSS OF THE COMET STEAM-BOAT.

On Wednesday the Judge Admiral, Sir John Colville, sat in the chamber of the Second Division of the Court of Session, for the trial of Duncan Mc-Lure, late master, and Peter Mc-Bride, late pilot, of the Comet steam-barge, accused of culpable homicide, and also of culpable neglect, and reckless communication of charge, and steering of a steam-barge, &c.

An objection to the relevancy of the indictment was stated by Mr. Patrick Robertson, and, after considerable discussion, the Lord Advocate withdrew the charge of "reckless and culpable neglect in steering the Comet, and confining the indictment to the charge of culpable homicide."

General Robertson said that the Comet was one of the passenger barges saved from the Comet. Came on board at Ruthven, Appin on the 21st of Oct. They touched at Ruthven, say, which they left, he thinks, about 12 at night. Was in the cabin when the vessel was struck, and came on deck immediately. It was about two in the morning. The moon was not shining at the time. It was shining about 10 o'clock the night before. Saw no person on the look-out, when he came on deck. Did not see any light in the box. Immediately before the collision, he heard some cry from the Comet. Did not perceive at first what was the cause of the shock; did not see any vessel near them at first, but soon after saw one. He thought the vessel was nearer the shore than the Comet. The last he saw of the Comet was the funnel. She moved a little way towards it. She was about a quarter of a mile from it. After moving a little way the Comet went down. The other vessel was then a good way off, and moving away from the Comet. It was a steamer vessel. Did not observe whether the Ayr had a light on board. After the Comet went down, it then swam towards a box, but could not overtake it. He then swam towards the bows of Gourock, and fell in with the Comet's life-boat, into which he got by the help of the Ayr, and a little after they were picked up by a boat from Gourock.—He swam out first from the Comet, and then a little way down the river; he afterwards turned towards shore on preserving light. There were a great many passengers on board. He did not see any of them from them and the crew were the collision. He saw the Ayr and the Ayr and he thought she was not enough to hear them. Did not observe the Ayr at first, after he was in the water. The crew and passengers

By the Comet, he thinks were sober.

By the Comet—Saw the captain standing in the cabin, when they struck. He had been there about ten minutes. The captain was talking to Mr. G. G. of Cornish, who was drowsed. There was liquor in the cabin, except one glass of toddy, with a young man got at it at once.

By the Comet—Captain M-Tones was the first to hear the boom, upon the Strike being given. I heard some calls on deck before, but could not see what they were. The Ayr did not lead the chase.

Mass Jact Munro—Was on board the Comet when she was lost. Had been on the deck from 12 o'clock that night; it was very clear; there were no clouds or showers of snow. She knew one M. Kenzie, one of the passengers, who asked her if it would like to see another steam boat passing, as he took her forward to the bow, and when she came there, saw the Ayr steam boat about 100 yards off to starboard. Does not recollect of seeing any persons there at the time, nor did she hear any person call when she was there. Was standing at the bow when the collision took place. Was saved by a log the first she got hold of. The cry was, the Comet were the Ayr. There was a cry heard by whom she was saved.

Croat exclaim—Did not observe a light in the bow of the Ayr till after she passed, after the collision.

By the Court—Observed a man sitting in the fore part of the vessel when she was sitting at the helm, but did not observe him when she went forward to strike the Ayr press. She took him to be one of the crew.

The Loan Associate said, they had now got through the whale of the passengers, save one, witness G. Gle, and therefore he could not trust much more light on the subject.

By the Court—Who was master of the Ayr? By the Ayr, detailed what took place previous to the collision. He had a light hung out, and his crew were all at their posts. He heard the cry—"A boat, a boat, starboard your helm." He went to the fore part to ascertain what kind a boat was a head. This was the collision almost immediately took place. That was the first time he saw the Comet. Did not hear a hail or a word from the Comet before his men called out. The Comet had no light out. They had gone about three lengths of themselves before he observed a cry from the Comet. He then ordered the engine to stop, and, in the same breath, ordered the bow to lower the bow. The engine was stopped, and the bow was lowered, he staggered, he was clumped. This time he ordered the helm to starboard, did not answer the bow the helm. He then starboarded the helm, hoisted up the jib, and were round; but when the Ayr had come round, the Comet had disappeared. They steered in the direction they had seen her, and stopped 10 or 15 minutes at the spot, but seeing nothing, he steering for Greemock, the passengers then entreating him to save their lives by running the vessel on shore. He had about 10 pa-

concern on his head the Ayr, and 9 of a crew. The capture might be on about 15 seconds after the collision, an odd time said the Lord Advocate, before he ordered it to be stopped. Was about a quarter of a mile from the shore. He might have directed the vessel to sail about the spot, but in so doing they might have gone over some of the persons in the water. Greenock was distant from this place three miles, and they had to go back to the place to get the report. There was a harbour at Gourock for small vessels, but his vessel could not have gone near the harbour at the time, as it was then dead low water. The Ayr drew seven feet, and could not go safely into Gourock at any time. There was deep water close in at Kemphook Point, but rocky. Never observed a house, with a boat hanging on the wall, close to the water. Asked if he was not aware that, by going on shore, they might have given the alarm to the people at Kemphook Point, some five minutes, and the water was increasing on him. He lowered the jolly boat, which was capable of containing 12 persons. He tried all he could to bring him to the Comet, so soon as he brought the Ayr into Gourock.

Cross-examination.—He had been about a month in command of the Ayr steam boat. He had been 17 years as a master in the merchant service. The impression on his mind was, that all on board the Comet had perished, and, leaving a cargo on board, and the vessel in the water, he had returned to the wharf at Greenock. They were a good deal below Kemphook, could have alarmed the people of Gourock sooner than those of Greenock. If placed in the same situation again, after what has happened, he would, perhaps, act differently, but cannot say

in what way? It never occurred to him that, by merely calling out, he might have alarmed the people at Gourock before going to Greenock. He then described the injury done to his vessel. "The Judge said, if it could be proved that this witness was not lying, that he be re-allowed."

Mr. M. C., after signing his deposition, left the Court in the charge of a mace.

The declarations of the pannels were then read.

Mr. James stated that he had been master of a steamer, boat for many years on the Clyde. The tonnage of the Comet was about 71 tons, the engine 28 horse power. She was a strong vessel, and met no accident on the voyage to Inverness. Detailed the progress of the voyage on return till the Comet met the Ayr. "The Ayr" going from the Clyde, kept half a mile ahead from the Comet. When passing the Clach the Comet felt, but no light was hung out. There was a deficiency of candles on board of the Comet. There was no dancing after passing the Clach. He was on deck all the time till they passed the light-house. Was in the cabin when he heard the call of "Stop the engine." Heard no order as to *porting* the helm. The side of the Comet was fast open. She moved half way to the shore, when she went down. There was an attempt to turn her back, but she was running fast, and a rope was cut and broke, and she was swamped. The Comet went down about two minutes after being struck. The Ayr made a stop, and then a kind of circuit. She afterwards made towards Greenock. Had the Ayr backed, she would have saved the passengers. There were 33 steerage passengers, besides children. The fares of the cabin passengers were not collected, but he believed there were 16 or 17 in it. There were three sailors, two stewards, and himself, in all nine of a crew. There was a small crowd on the quay on the night in question.

Mr. Brodie's declaration was pretty similar to that of Mr. James.

THE *LONDON AVOCATE*, in addressing the Jury, congratulated them on the close of this long trial. Some might think he had brought forward more evidence than was requisite; but the Jury were aware, that many rumours were afloat respecting this sad occurrence, which it was necessary to put down, by leaving nothing unexplained, that could throw the least light upon it. With the view of affording a fuller and more complete view of the case, he had terminated all the people saved from the Crown, whom he could bring forward, save two; one of them was absent, and the other was indisposed. Of those on board the *Ayr*, he had examined the master, the mate, and the pilot, and others, whose testimony was indisputably necessary to explain the particulars of the transaction. It was for the Jury to judge of that evidence. The proceedings, which had followed on the melancholy event, were rendered necessary by many reasons. Some individuals had been guilty of such a course of conduct, as would have rendered it necessary to satisfy the public, and prevent, as far as possible, a repetition of the catastrophe. If, in individual cases, such a course be considered wise and advantageous, surely in this instance it was; when many lives were an unexampled calamity, when many individuals in perfect health and enjoyment, expecting to land as soon as the homes of life could be reached, have passed many difficult and dangerous points, crossed a rocky reef, were wrecked with a few yards to spare, and that some of them, in the very next moment, had been hurled into the abyss of their countrymen and kindred. And thus, but unhappily,

[illegible]

And I shall be the Court's Lordship here. A good order was soon after given, and then the Court disbanded, but down to that moment, no blame was attachable to the Ayr. Their conduct afterwards was by no means so unexceptionable. Indeed, the use was made of a most singular one. If in any manner they were to go from the shore, they were to be accompanied, such was when two steam-boats ran full of each other; for, from the facility and rapidity of their motions, they seem infinitely calculated to save one's lives that may by any means be in danger. However, the fact was, the Ayr first proceeded towards the shore; they knew not the extent of the injury they had sustained, and were not certain that they themselves were in any danger. It is to be regretted that the investigation, the strongest in nature, was their first motive. Soon after the shock, the master heard a call that his vessel was not much hurt, and could stand for an hour. He was then immediately stop by taking off the hour. After this, although their conduct was blameless in the last degree, much excuse was to be made for the state of mind in which they must have been, and which was the cause of the fatal and indeed sworn, was what contradicted by the great body of the evidence, that after turning and going back, the Ayr took up a position in the neighbourhood of the spot where she had struck the Comet, and remained there for about 10 minutes.—The learned Lord then proceeded, with his usual ability, to comment upon the evidence, and called the attention of the jury to the most important aggravations of the conduct of the master of the Comet, then considered in reference to the importance of his charge—of his most culpable neglect of duty—and of the extent of loss ensuing thereon. His Lordship, in particular, insisted upon the leading points of the aggravations arising from the want of lights, from exceeding the hour at which the Comet left Coleridge, and the notorious fact, that the Comet was not seen until she had been a total collision, which as seamen, they must have been well aware of, and indeed had observed on the preceding night.—

the panel's declaration it was admitted, that it was the practice at narrow parts of the Clyde to hang out lights, but not at sea, if it were moon-light, and, therefore, it was undeniable, that the common understood regulation was that, if there was no moon, even at sea, lights should be hung out. This had not been attempted to be disproved by the counsel for the pannel, by any naval officers, or masters of steam-boats, but only by three persons, one an old pilot, another a grocer, and a third a nephew of the first. That first person had been proved to be a man of no skill or knowledge in navigation, and that not night boat were used. Surely, then, it was as the duty of the witness to remain at the bow of the boat on deck. But it was proved that he did not do so, he made his appearance on deck till the shock had taken place, although his excuse for going below was most unsatisfactory, saying that it was necessary as he had stated, to inform the passengers that they were approaching Greenock, he had no less than five stewards, and several others who might have carried the news below. The master did not even attempt to lock out. No one was found on that duty. There was no regular watch, for when Mr. Lachlan called to the pilot, "Port," he was on the paddle-box. His Lordship contended that, from the whole of the evidence, regarding the carelessness of the night, it was impossible the *Ayr* should not have been seen, and that the blame of the collision was chiefly to be laid on the *Greenock*, by reason of the carelessness exercised by those on board the *Greenock*. Besides, had the Captain of the *Greenock* been at his post on deck, the *Ayr* would have been seen.

travertine" writers, and thus, too, the calamity had been averted. The learned Lord then detailed to the Jury the law in cases of culpable homicide, from Hume's Commentaries, vol. 1, p. 186, et seq., and cited a variety of cases, where, even in the performance of a lawful act carelessness or disregard to the safety of those under their charge, had subjected many in punishment; and contrasted these cases with the present, as wholly different, and as not involving the guilt, negligence, and culpability of the party, by virtue of the offence. The effect of this would, however, slight a punishment might follow on it, have a great influence in preventing the recurrence of such fearful catastrophes. Whereas, if they should be dismissed from the bar, it would operate as an encouragement to others to repeat the offence. This was not merely a breach of regulations, but could only be excused by the infliction of a penalty. It was very different where such an accident had followed in the presence of a crowd, as in the present case, and he accordingly greatly rejoiced that The learned Lord concluded, by telling on the Jury to pronounce such a verdict as the evidence demanded, which would, he was persuaded, not merely have the effect of an empty or unsatisfactory expression of opinion, but would show to the world, what was for some of the economy of the age, and be reflective of the most beneficial effects to society.

Mr. COCKBURN agreed with the Lord Advocate, that this was a right case to be brought to trial—such as it had been conducted, it was a most important case, and he was glad that it came to the jury, and would be for the good of the country.

to my own prejudices—the prejudice arising in all our minds, from the dissimulations of a colony, which has become the subject of our own conversation and our unguarded remarks—a calamity which has extended so many families with mourning, and struck out so many faces on which we were accustomed to dwell with delight—seems to these people, he could not deny, but he thought he had no right to correct. He called upon his prejudices, and said to a British jury sit to try, upon legal evidence, the conduct of the president of the hospital, that it is not your duty to create a precedent, and consider whether it is not better that you should be told that it must be forced upon a convict, which will save the law, and yet not harm the people. We hearken unto a jury who are so ready under considerations? He had seen men convicted of culpable homicide. He had seen men convicted in various degrees, from a month's imprisonment to transportation for life. So that your verdict, if you find them guilty, recommend to mercy, as you may, most subject them to rigorous punishment. It is a mockery of justice to tell me that it is expedient, that it will make men more careful if you find these men guilty, on other than strictly legal grounds. I go to you, therefore, thus prepared, to plead to this, that you must be satisfied, in the first place, that you are not men, but that you are judges, and acknowledge of all the consequences. For so you have that degree of guilt, you cannot convert, there are various cases of negligence now, which do not amount to this degree. A man, who reads in bed, neglects his house on fire, is negligent; but who would ever think of trying him for wilful fire-raising? I hope it is law that no man can be liable criminally for more than his own misconduct. There are various men connected with a steam boat, of whom have different duties to perform; and if you say, 'why say, that the master was to be criminally liable, because, in a moment of confusion, the persons did not obey the orders given to him?'—then, regard to this case, you must have the crime of negligence of the grossest description. It is not enough to say, 'they were negligent.' It is not enough to say, 'they were negligent, and they were the cause in which they conducted or neglected their duty.' They were culpably negligent, but not criminally so. The first act of negligence charged against them is, that they had no light; of this there is no doubt, and the question just is, whether not having this light, is sufficient to convict these men. I would just ask this question—is there evidence before you, that it is the invariable practice in the West or the Frith to carry lights? In point of fact, it is proved to you, that there are disputes about this matter, and that masters of vessels are not at one upon this point—that there are just as many vessels sail with lights, as without them. This may be wrong—but he thought it a reprehensible practice—was wrong—was just one, which in the exercise of his duty, was a master of a vessel may feel or not. We know that there are a few vessels upon which it cannot be done again, and that it is sufficient provision to be able again, but, do not stretch forth your

to punish, what was as much his custom as not. As to the night, the Captain of the *Arcturion* of whom the less is said the latter—whose opinion regarding the state of the night is contradicted by every other witness—was in the shadow of a hill on the pier, at a time when, according to his own account, it was no light whatever! Other witnesses say, the night was so clear, that the vessel was seen many hundred yards distance—the lights at *Arcturion* were seen, and the evidence of every witness tends to contradict that of the master of the *Arcturion*. In regard to a good look-out being kept on board the *Comet*, he did not mention it. But several witnesses have proved that the men who first announced the approach the *Arcturion* had been for hours on the same part of vessel; and Miss Munro says, that she saw him the how two minutes before the vessel struck, assuming that there was no light—that the master of the *Comet* was not on deck—that there was look-out—still were those the causes of the accident?—I have no doubt, that if the vessel had been there, but hearing the *Comet*, the order to stand off the helm, was a correct and proper one in the circumstances. The order, in the contrary, to the pilot the *Comet*, to 'port your helm,' was the wrong one, and that order being obeyed, not the want of it, brought the vessels into contact. It is perfectly unnecessary for you after this to say, that the want of proper lights or a good look-out produced the accident. I have no doubt, that if the vessel had been out-fitted to try, and whose situation, gentlemen, I say, is not so evasive as that of those who wished, has given evidence which no man in his senses can believe. It is false—the learned gentleman said—it is false that he did not hear the cries in the *Comet*. It is false that he stooped for a moment. It is false that he considered his vessel in the least danger. It is false that he was so perturbed by the cries, but his heart not softened by the agonies of these dying men. He died, he saved no life. He made no attempt to save a

gle drowning being, though there was time for those persons at Gourick to put off their boats and rescue many. I never knew a human creature dead in such a situation as this man. I repeat it, no, compared to him, I envy the fate of those who are more. I will not disgust myself further by telling more of him: but I say, that as a witness on trial, one word that he has uttered cannot be believed. Mr. Cockburn concluded an ingenious eloquent speech, by calling upon the Jury to acquit the prisoner, and to say that they have no feelings of the friends of the survivors, and how much more desirable it would be for them to consider that their benevolence the consequence of a dispensation of Providence, which he believed to be, rather than the rash and culpable negligence of an erring and unfortunate man.

The Judge commenced summing up the evidence for three to three in the morning, and then charged to the Jury at four o'clock. The Jury then is closed to consider their verdict.

On Thursday the Court met at two o'clock, and did being called against the panels, the Jury, their Chancellor, George Vauchope, Esq. returned a verdict, unanimously finding the rebel pregnant D. M'Innes; but, in consideration of circumstances of the case, as well as his good character, recommended him to the leniency of the Court; and, with respect to M'Urde, had him acquitted.

In discharging the Jury, and thanking them for their attention, the Judge observed, that their ver-

was exactly in unison with their own opinion. The Lord Advocate then moved the sentence of Mr. Cockburn said, that, at the beginning of the trial, he had made certain objections of a legal nature. He now considered it as his duty, in justice to the Court, the Prosecutor, and his client, to state, in founding on these objections, he intended to exercise his right of appeal, and bring the case before a superior Court. He therefore put it to the Lord Judge, whether, in these circumstances, he did now to pass sentence, or delay till the fate of appeal could be decided. He thought the degree of amendment did not be too nominal.

The Lord Advocate observed, that he did not say anything in the address of his learned friend, which imperatively required an answer. The point had an undoubted right to advocate his case to a superior Court, if he was so advised, but he, as Advocate, in the performance of his duty, must open a sentence in conformity with the law.

The Judge, in reference to what had been said from the Council for the peers, had only to say, that so far from that wishing the case to be tried under review in a superior Court, nothing did more gratefully go to his feelings. But that if only be done by suspension, it was therefore thought that sentence should be pronounced, and while possibly brought to a conclusion.

The Lord Judge then proceeded to pass sentence on the accused, according to the law, and the Court then adjourned till the next morning. The Lord Judge, in giving the sentence, said, "The

and, at considerable length, the circumstances
 were stated, regarding upon the great danger to be
 apprehended from the careless navigating of rivers
 steam boats. He trusted that the cause and
 effects of that day's conviction, would be a warning
 to masters and owners of steam boats, to induce
 to take every step in their power to prevent the
 recurrence of similar misdoings. He also said
 a word to the pilot, Mr. Hyde, in dismissing him
 from the bar, and expressed a hope that he would
 find a reparation from any share he had in
 a calamitous event.
 The counsel for the Crown.—The Lord Advocate,
 James A. Alison, and A. Wood, Esqrs. Advoca-
 tes. A. Reid, Esq. Procurator Fiscal. A. Hol-
 land, Esq. W. S. Agent.
 Counsel for the prisoners.—Henry Cockburn, R.
 Robertson, and Alexander McNeill, Esqrs. Advoca-
 tes. John Nisbet, Esq. S.S.C. Agent.
 Verdict.—At the close, the witness Mr. Laidlaw was
 asked about the custody of the macer, having been
 absolved after having given evidence, in the pro-
 bability that there would arise some occasion for
 presenting him. And yesterday a bill of suspension
 presented to the Court of Justiciary, in behalf
 of prisoner McTear, by Alexander McNeill,
 advocate, one of his counsel, when the discuss-
 ion of it was fixed for Thursday (to-morrow).

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.
PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT OF
LOWER CANADA.
 HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.
 Friday, February 17, 1826.
 Mr. Cuthbert, in answer to the Address, praying
 for redress and copies of the Public Accounts may be
 before the House, reported that his Excellency
 answered as follows:—“It will be almost impos-
 sible—without retarding other public business to fur-
 nish copies of all the accounts referred to in the Ad-
 dress; but in order to comply with the desire of the
 House, I will direct either that the original of these
 accounts be delivered to any committee that the
 House may appoint, with the understanding and con-
 sent, however, that they shall be returned to the
 proper officer as records thereof; or, I will cause
 publication to be given of them in the office to
 committee if the House think proper to adopt
 such an arrangement.”
 Mr. Secretary Cockburn delivered the following
 message:—
 The Governor in Chief lays before the Assem-
 bly estimates of the Civil Expenditure and the
 of the Lower Canada for the year 1826, shew-
 ing the total supply required to be £31413 16s 2d.
 The whole Expenditure of the year 1825, and
 the amount which the Governor in Chief in his
 name, calls upon the Legislature to pro-

the Governor in this manner to the State
 explanatory of the alterations and additions
 estimated expenditure of the last year
 (Signed) _____
 of St. Louis, Quebec, 14th January 1870

ment of the augmentations to the estimated *figure* of the year 1826 beyond that of 1823.

In Increase of £100 Sterling per annum to the *aries* of the Judges of the Inferior Districts (C) of *ay* and St. Francis.

During the strong representations, which have been made on behalf of the Provincial Judge of Inferior District of Gaspe, and the inconvenience to which both these Judges are subjected on account of the remoteness of their situation (and other peculiar local circumstances), the Governor Chief has thought it right to recommend their Majesty for this increase of salary, and to include it in the *Estimate* accordingly.

In increase to the Salary of the Coroner at Montreal.

The Governor in Chief conceiving it but just that Officer should be placed on an equal footing as *ary* with the Coroner at Quebec, has placed him in the *Estimate* accordingly.

In increase to the allowance for a Turnkey to be *gout* at Three Rivers.

This augmentation is founded upon representation made by the Sheriff at Three Rivers, of which are annexed. And the same circumstances existing at Montreal and Quebec to render necessary the increased allowances estimated in 1824 and 1829, they are stated this year at the amount.

(Signed)	11.
act of the Estimate of the Civil Expenditure of Lower Canada for the year 1820.	
ies to Officers of Government, and Contingencies not included under the Head of any Depart- ment.	£10,054 1 3
Executive Council,	162 10 0
ers of Audit and Inspection of accounts,	1097 10 0
ier General's Department.	1100 0 0
ices to the Judges and other persons attending the Ad- ministration of Justice.	22534 0 0
rier General's Office.	1000 0 0
ices of Collecting Revenue deducted in progress of Collec- tion.	250 0 0

wards the payment of this Ex- penditure, the amount of Re- venues appropriated for defraying the expenses of the Administration Justice and for the support of the Civil Government, estimated at an average of the last three years, (after deducting the pro- portion for U. Canada,) at	£37,808 1 3 30,150 0 6
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Agency for which a supply is required, in aid of the above estimated Revenues, £7658 1 3
 per Supply required for the Civil Expenditure of the year 1826, and of the aforesaid estimated revenues :—
 Votes of the Legislature :—
 Legislative Council, 4027 18 0

House of Assembly,	7089	10	0
Use of the Bishop's Palace,	600	0	0
Printing the Laws,	600	0	0
Salaries of the Bishop,	1800	0	0
Expenses,	1854	18	8
Repairs and Repairs of Public Buildings, &c.	2304	0	0
Expenses of Collecting the Revenues, under the Provincial Laws, not deducted in progress of collection.	2763	0	0
Salaries of Staff and Contingencies, miscellaneous charges.	1321	8	3
	715	0	0

ences of the Trinity Board,	£1400	0	0
nces of Elections,	150	0	0
nces to wounded Militiamen,	350	0	0
to Sir James Monk,	500	0	0
to Widow Panet,	270	0	0
ment on Public Buildings,	550	0	0

Total Ster. £3030 0 0
 Estimate of the probable amount of the Public
 Revenue of Lower Canada for the year 1826, found
 by the receipts of the Income in the last three

Net amount of Income for Lower Canada.	
	Currency.
Appropriated Revenues.	25516 11 1
Unappropriated Revenues.	72567 15 0
Surplus appropriated for improving navigation of the River St. Lawrence.	2522 0 0
	\$100,000 0 0

of this Produce is to be de-
 ducted the Appropriation of
 1000 Ster. by the Act 35th
 c. III.

The Governor in Chief having by his message on March 1821, called the attention of the Assembly to the necessity of providing better accommodation for the Legislature when in Session, again presents this subject to their consideration, in order that before the end of this session, some plan may be adopted for carrying into effect during the winter, such alterations and additions to the present part of the Building where the Legislature meets as may render it more commodious for that purpose."

The Governor in Chief having received several
and Estimates, furnished by Architects, (un-
provision of an Act, passed in the last Ses-

for the erection of a new Gaol at Montreal, of which were sent in, after the expiration of the period fixed for that purpose, by the advertisement issued under the Act; and finding great difficulty in making a selection among them, thinks it proper to submit the whole of them to the Assembly, and to leave it to be determined by the Legislature, which of them shall be adopted and carried into execution."

(Signed) "DALHOUSIE."
Castle of St. Lewis, Quebec 17th Feb., 1826.
Schedule of Plans and Estimates accompanying the
Bill respecting a new Canal at Montreal:—

Plan and General Estimates of William Bell.
Plan and Estimate of Clarke and Appleton.
Plan of George Blacklock.
Plan and Estimate of Noah Cushing.
Plan and General Estimate of John Cliff.
Plan and General Estimate of John D. ...

The Governor in Chief laid before the Assemblies of the Award made in July last, by the
ty of the Arbitrators, appointed under the Act
Imperial Parliament, 3d Geo. 4th cap. 119,
purpose of determining the proportion accru-

payable to Upper Canada, for the four years
 ending 1st July, 1824, out of the Revenues
 in this Province; and also a copy of the Report
 of the Honourable John Richardson,
 Arbitrator appointed on the part of this Pro-
 vince, who did not agree in the basis assumed by
 the two Arbitrators in making the Award.
 The Governor in Chief will cause to be laid
 before the Council.

ty's name, calls upon the Legislature to p

relating to this subject which they may require. He also recommends to the Assembly to make provision for a remuneration of the Arbitrator appointed on the part of this Province upon the scale recommended by His Majesty's Government, in the case of the Honorable Mr. Hale, as communicated to the Assembly by Message on the 1st instant.

"The Governor in Chief further informs the Assembly, that in consequence of a Dispatch from His Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, a copy of which he herewith transmits to the Assembly, and by virtue of the 30th Section of the before mentioned Act of Parliament, he has issued a warrant for the payment of £250 (being the proportion to be defrayed by this Province) of the remuneration to the Honorable Ward Chipman, of New Brunswick, who, upon the Arbitration of the two Provinces not agreeing in the choice of a third Arbitrator, was appointed by His Majesty as the third Arbitrator, under the provisions of the 15th Section of the aforesaid Act.

"(Signed) "DALHOUSIE."

"Caute of St. Louis, Quebec, 17th Feb. 1826."

"The Governor in Chief lays before the Assembly and recommends to their consideration, the two accompanying Petitions, the one from the Ladies of the Hotel Dieu at Quebec, for an aid to enable them to receive a greater number of sick in their new wards; and the other from the Committee of the National School at Quebec, for aid to that Institution.

"(Signed) "DALHOUSIE."

"Caute of St. Louis, Quebec, 17th Feb. 1826."

"The Governor in Chief referring the Assembly to his Messages to the Legislature of the 10th December, 1825, of the 1st instant, respecting a provision to be made for the widow of the late Judge Ogden, recommends to the case of Mrs. Janet, widow of the late Judge Janet, of the Court of King's Bench, for the District of Montreal, who, after many years of faithful and useful public service, left his family in straitened circumstances; and the Governor in Chief recommends that provision be made for both these Ladies by pensions not exceeding £150 sterling to each."

"(Signed) "DALHOUSIE."

"Caute of St. Louis, Quebec, 17th Feb. 1826."

The Quebec Fire Insurance Corporation Bill was read a second time, and referred to a Committee of the whole on Wednesday next.

The two Bills to incorporate the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, were both read a second time, and referred to a Special Committee on Education.

The House went into Committee on the petition of the Agents of the Honorable East India Company—report ordered to be received to-morrow.

The House went into Committee on the Judicial Bill, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

The House went into Committee on the expediency of dividing the District of Quebec to establish new Jurisdictions, and obtained leave to sit again.

SATURDAY, 18th February.

Mr. De Lory, Master in Chancery, informed the House that the Legislative Council had passed the Bill regulating the measure and weight of Coals, with an amendment—the amendment was afterwards agreed to by the House, and the Bill ordered to be brought up.

Mr. Tuckers brought up the petition of Archdeacon Mountain, complaining of the operation of a Clause in the Act in favour of the Grantees of the Crown in St. Lawrence and the Counties of La Salle. A long and very warm debate ensued, and the petition on a division of yeas 13, nays 21, was not received, as being of a private nature, and that reason ought to have been presented in the first fortnight of the Session.

The Estimate of the Civil Expenditure for 1826, was referred to a Special Committee of seven members.

The petition of the Hotel Dieu recommended by Message from the Governor in Chief, was referred to the Committee on the report of the Commissioners for the support of Hospitals, &c.

The Message of the Governor in Chief recommending support to the National School at Quebec, was referred to the Committee on Education.

The order of the Day to consider in Committee of the whole the Quebec Friendly Society Incorporation Bill was read for Friday next.

The Message relating to the Plains and Estimates of the new Montreal Canal was referred to the Special Committee; the Message relating to the Montreal Canal was also referred to a Special Committee.

Mr. Tuckers obtained leave to introduce a Bill to continue for a limited time the Act providing for the Police of Montreal and other villages—second reading on Monday next.

Mr. Feltz brought up the petition of certain schoolmasters and others of Quebec, praying that no further tax may be laid on days—referred to the Committee of the whole to consider the expediency of reducing the number of days.

On motion of Mr. Simpson, the engrossed Bill for the relief of certain by-laws (the by-laws of the Corporation of Montreal, was read a third time, passed, and ordered to the Council.

The House went into Committee of the whole on the petition of the Agents of the Honorable East India Company—and on resuming passed the following resolutions:

1. Resolved, That where alteration is necessary in the mode now provided of ascertaining and levying the Duties on Teas and other commodities imported direct from China.

2. That the East India Company, by their authorized Agents, should be allowed to enter into Bonds for the Payment of the Duties on Teas and other commodities imported direct from China, without the Bond of any other person being required.

3. That no duties should be charged upon damaged Teas, provided the same be destroyed.

4. That a Drawback equal to the amount of Duties paid be allowed upon all Teas exported from this Province by sea, to any port where the same may be lawfully sent, provided the said Teas have been exported direct from a Bonded Warehouse or the Ware-Houses of the East India Company.

Mr. Lefebvre obtained leave to bring in a Bill accordingly—second reading on Wednesday.

The Bill to authorize Horatio Gates and others, to make a navigable Canal from St. John's to La Prairie, was read a second time, and referred to a Special Committee.

The petition of the Hon. C. de Salaberry, was referred to the same Committee.

Mr. Bourdages, seconded by Mr. De St. Ours, moved, and it was ordered, that it be an instruction to the Committee to enquire whether such Canal will not prove prejudicial to the navigation of the Richelieu, and to report on this matter before proceeding to report on the Bill.

The Bill, authorizing the person administering the Government, to grant Licenses for Houses of Public Entertainment gratis, was, on motion of Mr. Simpson, referred to a Special Committee.

The Order of the Day to consider of the expediency of taking dogs, was postponed to Friday next.

QUEBEC, February 20.

ESTIMATES.—The estimate of the expenses of the Civil Government of the Province for 1826, was laid before the House of Assembly on Friday evening last, by Message from His Excellency the Governor in Chief—This estimate differs in form from the estimates submitted by His Excellency Sir J. C. Sherbrooke, in 1824, by Sir George the Duke of York, in 1825, in 1826, by Lord Dalhousie, in 1827, and by Sir Francis Burton, in 1828. It is indeed different in form from any estimate heretofore submitted. The distinction of permanent and local establishments, introduced in 1822, and persisted in till last year, is again substantially, although not nominally, revived; new items are again transferred from one list to the other. To cover the charges in the first division of the list, the appropriations already made, or alleged to be made, are given as exclusively applicable; but this part of the list has

been so crowded that there is a deficiency of means of upwards of seven thousand pounds sterling, to cover the whole amount. The offices and expenses of the Civil Government, heretofore termed local, are, of course, entirely to be provided for by the Assembly. The Offices not included in the votes of the House, in 1825, are re-included in the first division of the list, and to the estimate generally, is added a list of some new or increased charges. It is impossible to foresee the effect which the present deviation from that course on the part of the Executive, which led to the happy termination of the long subsisting financial difficulties last year, may have on the other branches of the Legislature. The total amount of the two divisions of the Estimate for 1826, is £72,251. 17s. 3d. currency. Accompanying the estimate for the support of Government, is an Estimate of the current revenue of the year, which, on an average of three years, is given at £108,100. 6s. 1d. currency net. The appropriations, in addition to the expenses of Government last year, amounted to about £7,000. It is said, that there was about £4,000, in the chest of last year's revenue, part of which is engaged for unpaid appropriations of last Session.

Nolan's Gazette.

The Register Bill has been taken up by Mr. Vallieres, and was introduced into the House of Assembly on Wednesday last, in such a form as to divert it of the objections heretofore raised against it. We do not know, since it has fallen into the hands of the able and learned Member for the Upper Town, that there is every probability of its passing into a Law.

Our active fellow citizen, Mr. Blanchet, has, we understand from good authority, also prepared a Bill for appointing certain Commissioners to inspect the books of the Receiver-General, and to settle and adjust the public accounts; this Bill is said to be drafted upon an Act of the Legislature of Jamaica for the same purpose. As soon as these Bills are introduced, we shall endeavour to procure copies, and lay abridgements of them before our readers.

His Excellency's message with the Estimates of the expenses and statement of the Revenue has been referred to a Committee of the following gentlemen: Messrs. Tachereau, Neilson, Leslie, Heney, Cuvillier, Vallieres and Bourdages.—Mr.



most full and lively manner. We have not room to enter into an elaborate detail of the successful execution of this very pleasing performance; but we fit our attention more particularly to the interview with *Ophelia*, in the representation of the Play. The melancholy gaiety with which he gave the eighteen passages, in his polished manner, interrupted by passion, elicited bursts of applause; and we feel pleasure in finding ourselves supported in asserting, that Mr. Hamilton has fully realized the expectations formed of him; having portrayed in an elevated and most effective style one of the most difficult of Shakespeare's characters, leaving but one impression on the minds of those who were present—an anxious desire of again witnessing him on the boards of our Theatre—where we are certain he will be hailed by every lover of the histrionic art, with those demonstrations of public respect and approbation to which good actors are entitled, and a gratified audience can bestow.

To the Editor of the Montreal Herald.

Sir, My style of composition not having been framed to flatter the Spectator's self-love, I cannot, in justice, complain of the severity of his strictures, nor is it my intention to comment on a single passage of his yesterday's delectable production, but trust the self-selected judge will henceforth abstain from his habitual practice of coarse insinuation, against the representative of his Majesty, and learn to think, with less gifted personages, that conveyed calumny, though disguised in a single parenthesis, is to an honorable mind as vile as detestable, as when more amply detailed in a lengthy communication. The military body, no doubt, feel highly gratified with the complimentary Editor's professions towards them, especially after his attempt to wound the character of their noble chief, of whose humane qualities it seems he, as one of the people, is quite unconcerned. But I pronounce the Spectator as no organ of the public sentiment; the people, of whom I profess myself one, have solid grounds for respecting the military, not in a sneaking attack on their honor and humanity, but from a sense of their acknowledged readiness at all times, with hearts to succor and hands to save. Be it to the honor of the respectable portion of the Montreal Press, which has seemed to copy so effectively an article, couched in the disposition of the military authority to furnish information, or yield to prejudices, when respectfully requested, and the acquiescence implies neither breach of duty or safety. I repeat, Mr. Editor's sense of propriety is not the public standard, and again caution the readers of the Spectator (though risk of further immoderation from its sanguine and delicate Editor) against yielding credence to the specious insinuations often to be found in its columns.

I am, Sir, Your obedient Servant, JUSTITIA.

Montreal, 23d Feb.

METEOROLOGICAL TABLE.

Thermometer. Barometer.

Feb. 18. 6.4 30.2 30.27 Fair.

19. 18. 37. 30.21 30.21 Fair.

20. 30. 30. 30.28 30.27 Fair.

21. 30. 30. 30.27 30.27 Fair.

22. 14. 21. 29.83 30.24 Fair.

23. 22. 29. 30.40 30.43 Fair.

24. 25. 30. 30.29 30.33 Fair.

BIRTH.

On Thursday morning last, at the 1st St. Helens, the Lady of Captain Phillips, Royal Engineers, of a daughter.

DIED.

Yesterday, at 10 o'clock, George Shaw, aged 76, in this city, on the 23d inst., Joseph, son of Alexander Workman, aged two years and two months.

BANK NOTICES.

MONTREAL BANK.

Director for the following week, JAMES LESLIE, Esq.

Bank Hours, from 10 o'clock A.M. until 5 o'clock P.M.—from the 1st November to the 1st of May next, (Sundays and Holidays excepted.)

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL—Visiting Governors for the ensuing week: DAVID ROSS, and JAS. MCGILL DRINKWATER, Esqrs.

NATIONAL SCHOOL—Visitors for the ensuing week: MESSRS. WILLIAM HALL and J. JACKSON, Esqrs. for the Boys' School; MRS. GRANT & MRS. GERRARD, for the Girls' School.

THEATRE ROYAL.

For the BENEFIT of Mr. MAYMOOD.

And positively the LAST NIGHT of his Appearance in Montreal; and First of

MR. FREDERICK BROWN.

On MONDAY EVENING, 27th Feb. 1826.

Will be acted Shakespeare's Celebrated Tragedy of

KING LEAR

AND HIS THREE DAUGHTERS.

King Lear, ... Mr. MAYMOOD.

Edgar, his first appearance these four weeks. Mr. F. BROWN.

Cordelia, ... Mrs. BRAZIER.

Goneril, ... Mrs. TUCKER.

Regan, ... Mrs. FORBES.

After which, for the first time here these several years, Macklin's farce of

LOVE A LA MODE.

Sir Archy M. Sarcum, Mr. MAYMOOD.

Tickets to be had at the Book Store of Mr. Nickless, facing the Court House.

THE Subscribers have for Sale, at their Store, No. 9, St. Paul Street, a complete Assortment of DRY GOODS.

150 pieces Cottons, 200 pieces assorted Prints, 150 yards raw boiled Lined Oil, 50 cwt. Putty, 200 boxes F.D. Tobacco Pipes, 10 gross each, 20 Put Ash Kettles and Pots, Tea & Glycer Camp Ovens, Sugar Kettles, Sausing Irons, Brushes, &c.

FERRIE, CORMACK & CO.

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PAVILION COFFEE-HOUSE, Madame Strayer—THIS EVENING, will be exhibited a great variety of New Performances, and some new Picturesque and Maritime Views of a FIGURE performing on the SLACK ROPE with great activity. The whole to conclude with a correct view of the CITY OF CADIZ, with the Public Roads, on which will be seen all of the principal buildings, &c. For the entrance, One Shilling Children, 7d. To commence at half past SEVEN o'clock. The next Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, will be positively the last Nights of this interesting Performance.

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NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

The Subscribers have established the following Ships as a Line of Packets between New York and Liverpool: to leave New York on the 9th, and Liverpool on the 24th of each Month in the Year, viz.:

SHIP LEEDS, WILLIAM STODDARD, Master, to sail on the 8th March.
SHIP SILAS RICHARDS, HENRY HODGKINS, Master, to sail 8th April.
SHIP YORK, NATHAN DE COST, Master, to sail 8th May.
SHIP CORINTHIAN, G. W. DAVIS, Master, to sail from New York, on the 8th of June.

These Ships are about 400 Tons each, built of the best materials, copper-fastened and coppered, commanded by men experienced in this trade, and no expense will be spared in making their accommodations convenient and comfortable for passengers. Beds, bedding, wines, and stores, of the first quality are furnished.

For Freight or passage apply to the Captains on board, to FISH & GRINNELL, 136, Front Street, T. Parker & Co. 44, South Street, New-York, or to JAMES MILLAR, MONTREAL.

NEW LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS FROM NEW-YORK.

SHIP JOHN WELLY, ISAAC HARRIS, Master, to sail 24th of 2d month, [February].

SHIP MANIATTAN, F. W. MARSHALL, Master, to sail 24th of 3d month, [March].

SHIP PANTHEA, WM. HATHAWAY, Master, to sail 24th of 4th month, [April].

SHIP WM. BYRNES, W. G. HACKSTAFF, Master, to sail 24th 5th month, [June].

The owners of the above ships intend one of them shall sail from New-York on the 24th, and from Liverpool on the 8th of each month. These ships are all of the first class—are coppered, and have convenient cabins, well furnished with Beds, Bedding, and Stores of the first qualities. They are also commanded, and insurance can be effected on each at the lowest rates. For passage, (which in the cabin is 30 guineas,) or further particulars, apply to BYRNES, TRIMBLE & CO. New-York, or to C. L. OGDEN & CO. Montreal.

11th Dec. 1824.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK PACKETS.

With the view of offering to the public greater facilities in the intercourse between this Port and London, and especially of inviting the attention of passengers destined to either Great-Britain or the Continent, to the Ships employed in this trade, the subscribers, in conjunction with their friends, have established a line of packet-ships, to sail from New-York on the 20th, and from London on the 1st of every month throughout the year, viz.:

SHIP BRIGHTON, WILLIAM S. SEASON, Master, to sail 1st March.

SHIP CRISIS, DAN. VAN DYKE, Master, to sail 1st April.

SHIP ACACIA, DANIEL CHADWICK, to sail 1st May.

SHIP HUDSON, HENRY L. CHAMBERS, Master, to sail 1st June.

SHIP CORTES, BENJ. SPRAGUE, Master, to sail on the 1st of July.

These Ships are all of the first class, and are commanded by men of activity and experience; they are about 400 tons burthen, copper fastened and coppered, and in every respect fitted in the best manner. The accommodations for passengers are very spacious, and the furniture, stores, &c. made to suit the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For freight or passage, apply on board, to JOHN GRISWOLD, 68, South-st. to FISH & GRINNELL, 136, Front-st., New-York; or to Messrs. HORATIO GATES & Co.

N.B. It is intended that the ships of the above line shall touch at Cowes every way, for the purpose of receiving and landing passengers. Steam-boats run constantly from Cowes to the Continent, and to different parts of England.—April 20th.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

All those Ladies and Gentlemen, Merchants and others, in want of Servants, or Servants in want of Places, are requested to apply at the General Registry Office, No. 6, St. Francois Xavier Street, where they may be expeditiously supplied. Houses of every description to let; particularly one eligible for a Butchery.

P. MERCKELL.

NEW TEAS.

DIRECT FROM CANTON. JOHN TORRANCE begs to announce to the Trade of this, and the Sister Province, that having made extensive purchases of the above article, at the Honourable East India Company's late Public Sales, here, and in Quebec the now offers for Sale, at a very moderate advance, the following descriptions, viz.:

370 chests Trunka.
100 do. Hyson Skin,
12 do. Old Hyson,
63 do. and boxes Young Hyson,
27 do. fine Souchong,
18 do. Congee,
24 do. Bhoia.

J. T. would remark, that he can with confidence recommend these TEAS of every superior quality, having taken great pains to select the finest lots.

Montreal, 25th August, 1825.

RECEIVED per Ottawa from London: 6 cases Gentlemen's superfine W. Proof Hats assorted, of the most fashionable shape, & 1 case of dyed Netts, Skins, Ladies' Seal Skins, and Creamer Skins, for Furriers, use—for Sale by BENJAMIN HALL, St. Lawrence St. or No. 3, St. Francois Xavier St. Oct. 29.—z.

GENERAL LODGE OF INSTRUCTION.

On the first and third Wednesdays in each month, At the Hall of Lodge No. 7, New-market place, at 7 A. M.

REGISTRY OFFICE FOR SERVANTS.

WILLIAM STUBBS has opened an Office of the above nature, No. 83, St. Paul Street, (corner) opposite General Bridge, where ladies and gentlemen may be provided with servants of every description; and servants may be supplied with places on the shortest notice. Also, Farmers supplied with gardeners and labourers.—June 18.—z.

T. & E. RICHARDSON, are now receiving & different arrivals, their Straws, Serpents, comprising a general assortment of Bismarck and Sheffield GOODS; and of Ottawa, an invoice Paints and Painters' Materials; with Russia, Sweden, and English Iron, Castings, steel, Chains, Nails, Gums, Saws, Shovels, Pans, Anvils, &c. Also, 50 dozen American Grass Seythes, warranted.—May 28.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.

No Stranger shall be allowed to visit the Hospital except from 2 to 5 P. M. By order of the Committee of Management, A. GRAY, Apothecary and Steward. Sept. 2.

THE Subscriber begs to leave notice to Merchants and others, that he will on the first May next, leave the employ of Messrs. A. L. Macdonell & Co. Scott, & establish himself in this city, as COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER, (for which purpose he has taken the well known premises) presently occupied by Messrs. SRAO & HITCHCOCKS.) The experience he has acquired in that line of business, joined to the greatest assiduity, he flatters himself will insure him such support as he trusts his exertions will ever merit.

EDWARD PREGEN.

Montreal, 9th April, 1825.

THE Subscriber has just received by the late arrival, a general assortment of Woolens, consisting of fine and superior Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Plains, &c. &c. &c.

A few pieces silk velvet and rich figured Silks, which he offers for cash or short approved credit. AITCHISON, FRIGUSON, No. 15, Notre Dame Street.

TWO BE LET, and possession given immediately, if required.—That large and commodious House, No. 64, Notre Dame street, at present occupied by Mr. L. Pomeroy, as the City Hotel, with spacious yard, stables, ice and wash house. From its size and distribution, as well as contiguity to business, no situation in this city is better suited for a Boarding House. Apply to 9th Feb. 1825.—z. JOHN MAC DONELL.

THE Subscribers have at all times from their Distillery, a supply of superior Grain Whisky.

For private families, a small quantity of PRAT. HANDYSIDE, BROTHERS & Co. Montreal, 11th January, 1825.—z.

THE creditors of the late SAMUEL DAVID are hereby informed, That an order for the distribution of the monies proceeding from the sale of the household furniture and goods, is now solicited from the Court of King's Bench of the District, and that their respective claims ought to be filed in the said Court, instead of being presented to Mrs. David, or to the undersigned Notary as might be inferred from former advertisements. 14th June. N. B. DOUCET, N. P.

THE Subscribers have for sale at their Stores, No. 95, St. Paul-street—superfine west of England Cloths, Cassimeres, Plains, Flannels, Flannels, Point and Hose Blankets, worsted Hosiery, Bombazines, Calicoes.—Also, a general assortment of Cotton and Linen Goods, which they will sell low for Cash, or short approved credit. FERRIE, COIMACK & CO. Montreal, 10th December, 1824.

TWO LET, and possession given on the first of May next.—An Orchard situated at the corner of the St. Antoine Suburb, belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. Pierre Huguet Latour, containing about one hundred and fifty fruit trees, with a House two stories high, well finished, Out-house, Shed, Stables, Barn, Ice-house, Wells, and other conveniences; the whole is in good order. Possession of the Orchard may be had, if required, in April. Apply to the subscriber, now residing at Mrs. Widow D. C. Macdonell's, St. James-street. P. HUGUET LATOUR. Montreal, 15th January, 1825.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that the CONVEYANCE and PATENT COOK business, heretofore carried on in the name of the late William Northedge, will hereafter be conducted by her: from having for some time previous to the decease of the late William Northedge, conducted that business, she feels confident that she will be enabled to continue it with satisfaction to all who may favour her with their patronage.—N.B. Orders executed with the least possible delay. ELIZABETH NORTHEDGE. Montreal, 20th Aug. 1825.

FIRE ASSURANCE ASYLUM COMPANY

No 70, Cornhill, London.

THE Business of the Asylum Company is confined exclusively, to insuring the lives of Officers of the Army and Navy (including risks of battle and sea) and of persons going to or residing beyond the limits of Europe, or predisposed to hereditary, or other constitutional maladies; of delicate constitution, or of any form of chronic disease, unaccompanied with actual danger, or exposed to contagion, which would subject them to rejection or an uncertain rate of premium at other Offices.

DIRECTORS.

Sir JAMES MACINTOSH, M. P. President.
THOMAS FRANKLIN LEWIS, Esq. M. P. Vice President.
Lancelot Daugh Allen, John Kynner, Esq.
Stephen Nicolson Bar. William Sims, Esq.
Robert Chaloner, Esq.
Thomas Fenn, Esq.
The Hon. Wm. Fraser, John Ashton Yates, Esq.
Capt. George Harcourt, Esq.
R. N. C. B.
Francis Kemble, Esq.

George Fenton, Esq. Resident Director.
Messrs. Charles W. Hallett, Esq.; Foster Reynolds, Esq.; John Richards, Esq.; The directors have with great care and research, ascertained the true law of mortality for various humors and diseases.

Advances will be granted at premiums accurately graduated to the risks proposed, not only with reference to the general healthiness of the estate, but to the particular service intended.

The Company is supported by a Capital of £250,000, in 2000 shares of £125 each, of which 25 per cent. has been advanced, and the shareholders have entered into sufficient securities for payment of the remainder. This Capital is fully sufficient for the security of the assured.

The importance of LIFE ASSURANCE to those who in professional and mercantile pursuits, derive little or fluctuating incomes from personal exertions, or who are in the possession of places, the emoluments of which die with the holder, has long been acknowledged both in Europe and the United States. America. In the full conviction, that the inhabitants of the Canada would not be slow in perceiving the advantages to be derived from the introduction of such an Institution amongst them, the undersigned communicated to the Directors of the ASYLUM COMPANY, such information as a long residence in various parts of both Provinces has enabled him to collect, and the Board with the view of affording additional facilities, to those who may be desirous of availing themselves of the benefits of Life Assurance, have in consequence, appointed him their Agent, for the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada. He will accordingly be prepared to receive proposals, and negotiate Policies upon Lives, as soon as he is in possession of the scale of premiums (which he daily expects,) this has been calculated with great care and attention, to adapt it to the peculiar localities of the Canada, and will, on comparison, be found considerably lower for young and middle aged risks than that of any other Office.

A physician or consulting Surgeon of eminence will be appointed in the principal Towns in either Province, before whom persons in the country, wishing to effect insurances, may appear, on sending their proposals by letter to the Company's Agent at Quebec.

The names of the Medical Referees and all other necessary information will be given in a future advertisement. Wm. KEMBLE, Agent. St. John Street, Upper-Town, Quebec, 8th October, 1825.—z.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having been appointed Trustees to the Insolvent Estate of J. WARE & GIBB, of this City, Grocers, hereby request that the creditors, parties or disposed to become parties to the assignment, may present their claims duly certified and without delay to the said Trustees; and all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to pay the amount of their respective debts to either of the Trustees, or to Mr. Albert Ware, who is duly authorized to receive the same and to grant acquittances. (Signed) JOHN FLEMING, JAMES DUNCAN GIBB. Montreal, January 17, 1826.—z.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Estate of the late THOMAS BURNETT, Esq., in his life time of Montreal, Engineer, are requested to pay the same, and those to whom the said estate is indebted are requested to present their accounts duly attested, at the office of Mr. H. GRIFFIN, Notary Public, May 11th.

NOTICE.—All persons having demands against the vacant estate and succession of the late Mrs. Sarah Stanley in her life time of Chambly, widow of John G. Beck, Esq., deceased, are requested to present their accounts for settlement without further delay to the undersigned at St. John's, or to J. B. Lindsay, Notary at Montreal. W. M. LINDSAY, CLERK. Montreal, Aug. 25.

NOTICE.—All persons to whom the Estate of the late DAVID DAVID, Esq., in his life time of Montreal Merchant, is indebted, are requested to present their accounts duly attested, at his late Country house in Notre Dame Street, and those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to forthwith pay their respective debts due thereto.

JAMES HAYS, ISAAC VALETTE, FRANK W. PRATTINGER, SAMUEL GERRARD. } Executors. May, 17.

NOTICE.—The undersigned propose transmitting to the undersigned Messrs. J. How and M. A. Co. their annual order for Sercial, Tinto, Malmsay and Madeira Wines, in all this month.

Introducing these Wines by particular request, and in pipes, hogsheads or qr. casks as may be preferred—they pledge themselves, that as heretofore they shall prove of the choicest qualities, and invite those desirous of availing themselves of this opportunity to leave their respective names at their Counting room without delay. They may confidently remark that besides the saving of trouble, there is an actual saving of money on importations through their agency. CHARLES L. OGDEN & Co. 12th January, 1825.

NOTICE.—The CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and firm of TAYLOR & Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to the said firm are to discharge their debts to N. G. FILIANO, who is authorized to give acquittances for the same; and all just demands against the said firm, will be discharged by the said N. G. FILIANO.

FRAS. H. TAYLOR. N. G. FILIANO.

August 3.

Mr. Filiano, is Agent for the Truth Teller, printed at New York.

NOTICE.—The Public are respectfully informed, that the CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting under the name of DYDE & MARTINANT, at the Mansion House, expired on the 1st day of May inst., and all claims against the said firm are to be paid by Mr. MARTINANT, who, at present, is in possession of all the effects belonging to the said Partnership.

MARIA WALTERS, Widow of the late ROBERT DYDE. Montreal, 2nd May, 1825.

NOTICE.—The Power of Attorney granted in favour of MICHAEL SCOTT, Esq., to collect the debts and settle the affairs of SCOTT and DOUGALL is this day revoked. 5th Nov. JOHN DOUGALL.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Estate of the late SAMUEL GOULDING, in his life time, of the City of Montreal, Carriage Maker, are requested to pay the same forthwith, and those to whom the said Estate is indebted are hereby requested to present their accounts duly attested at the Office of Mr. H. Griffin, Notary Public, St. Gabriel Street.

PRESIDENTIAL EVANS, & CO.

WILLIAM GARDEN, } Tutors. Montreal, Nov. 18, 1825.

NEW GOODS.—The subscriber offers for sale at the store lately occupied by Messrs. Spragg & Hutchinson, a choice and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, just received per the late arrivals; the whole are of the most superior quality, and will be sold very low for cash or short approved credit. May 28. ROBERT SHEDDEN.

MASSON HALL HOTEL.—TO BE LET, and possession given on the first of May next. This very commodious, extensive and elegant BUILDING, erected last year, is situated in the most airy and pleasant part of St. Paul Street. The House contains every desirable convenience and requisite for an extensive Establishment, having been purposely built for an Hotel, on the most improved plan, independent of which, it comprises a Hall Room of considerable dimensions, upon a scale of elegance in its proportions, and a style of finish and decoration, not to be surpassed, if not superior, to any Hotel of the kind in North America; with Superior, Cold and Hot Water, a Masque Lodge Room, exclusively devoted to that purpose, finished in an equally superior manner.

The Dependencies are very spacious and convenient, with an Ice House &c.; and in the rear is a Promenade of considerable breadth, of the entire length of the House, but detached from it by conducting galleries, commanding a most beautiful view of the River St. Lawrence, the magnificent scenery on its banks, and the surrounding country for many miles, with the Island of St. Helene, and the Fort, Batteries, and Public Works constructed thereon; from it may be seen the Harbour with the Shipping, and the entrance of the Lachine Canal, forming in the season of the navigation a coup d'oeil rarely surpassed in any country.

The Establishment, since its opening on the 1st of May last, has been favoured with the most flattering patronage of the public, and the numerous and distinguished strangers who have visited this city during the last summer. The New Theatre has been built on the adjoining Lot, and is now in full operation. With such extensive advantages, and the encouragement that may be confidently expected, a Tenant who perfectly understands the economy and management of such an Establishment, cannot fail in acquiring a handsome independence in a few years.

For terms and particulars, apply to JOHN MOLSON & SONS. Montreal, 16th December, 1825.—z.

N.B. An extensive Livery Stable is contiguous; where Strangers may be constantly furnished with Horses, Carriages, &c., at the shortest notice.

ANY GENTLEMAN of respectability wishing to enter into Business, with a small Capital, or employing his Money to advantage, may hear of a desirable situation by applying to the Printer.—December 28.

FARMS FOR SALE, &C.

FOR SALE, on reasonable terms, the following valuable Property in Uppar Canada, for which indisputable titles will be given, viz. — TWO DWELLING HOUSES in the flourishing Village of Mile Roche, one of which has been occupied as a Merchant's Shop, and is well calculated for that purpose, or for an Inn; the other is well adapted to the residence of a small Family.

Also, A large Building consisting of twelve Rooms, at present occupied by Mechanics in the said Village; these buildings are nearly new, and are well pointed, and in point of situation are exceeded by no Lots in the Village.

Also, A Store and dwelling House, erected on the front part of Lot No. 14, in the 1st Concession of Osnaburk, with an acre of ground well enclosed on which they are erected.

100 Acres of Land, being East half of Lot No. 13, in the 1st Concession of Osnaburk; 80 acres of this is cleared.

These Lots being on the front part of the River St. Lawrence, and surrounded by settlers, are particularly recommended to the notice of Emigrants or others wishing to purchase good lands.

200 Acres No. 1, 4th Con. Winchester, Eastern 200 do. No. 13, 12th do. Mountain, District 200 do. No. 19, 9th do. Cambridge, Ottawa dist. 200 do. No. 3, 7th do. Carleton Place, Newmarket. 200 do. No. 3, 7th do. Carleton Place, Newmarket.

For terms apply to the Subscribers at Montreal; Messrs. M. L. L. Esq., of Cornwall, or to Wm. A. MacFarlane, Esq., Mile Roche, Upper-Canada. ARCHIE. FERGUSON, No. 15, Notre-Dame Street. Montreal, 3d August, 1824.

FARMS TO LET.—The Farm of Waterloo in the Parish of Pointe Claire, within a mile of the River St. Lawrence, and 14 miles of the Montreal Market, containing 6 acres in front by 22 acres in depth, with the use of an extensive adjoining Wood Land for pasture. Possession of the Fields will be given on the 24th instant, and of the Buildings on the 10th April next.

Also, The Farm and Garden of Airly, on the Mountain of Montreal, and within 3 miles of the market—containing about 200 acres in superfluous, and having upwards of 8 acres in front. Possession of the Lands this Autumn, and of the Buildings on the 1st January next.

Also, The Farm and Garden of Gibraltar by the Mountain of Montreal, separated from Airly, in the Cote des Neiges road, containing about 148 acres, with a neighbouring Meadow Land of about 20 acres. Possession of the Lands this Autumn, and of Buildings, 1st of April next.

The above Lands belong to the Estate of the late JOHN OGDEN, Esquire, and will be leased to substantial Farmers, for such term as may be agreed on. Apply to G. MOFFATT. 11th Sept. 1824.—z.

TO BE DISPOSED OF, with an unexpected Title, and immediate possession given, a capital FARM of two hundred and sixty two Acres of Land, possessing the following singular advantages, viz. — The Land is of the best quality; 150 Acres is covered with good Timber of various kinds, which at the present small value of three shillings and six pence, York Currency, per Cord, as it stands, will amount to six thousand pounds; and the Land, at the small value of twenty Dollars per Acre, will amount to about 3,200 Dollars. About 100 Acres are included with a good Fence from the Woodland, and is for the most part in grazing Cattle for the Market, or for her Dairy, being remarkably watered. On this Farm is a natural large bed of Marl, Lime, or Plaster, in a powdered state, with conveyance down to most parts of the Farm, and has been proved to be of great benefit to the soil in filling or in grass. A large Stone House stands at the upper end of the Farm; and, at the expense of about 75 Dollars, will make an excellent residence for a large family; if it were to be built now, it would cost upwards of 800 Dollars.

There is a regular run of fine Water passing close by the House, which, from the situation of its elevated shore, might be conveyed over the Chimney, or on to the highest Hill of the Farm. There is ready for building with, a large quantity of good stone.—A small Orchard which produces fine Apples.

This excellent Farm is situated about a mile and a quarter from the Village of Dundas, in the Township of Hamilton West, Gore District, bounded by two main roads leading to the Village, which is very rapidly increasing in population, and bids fair to become one of the first Markets for Trade in the two Provinces; being situated at the head water of Lake Ontario, to which the vast population of the west of it must resort, it being so very convenient for them to dispose of their Produce, and to get what they want to take back with them. Many Houses and new Stores are now erecting, in addition to those that were built some time since.

The Government Lots were all taken up with great avidity, and are selling as high as 40 or 50 Dollars and upwards per Acre. It is now particularly certain also, that what is called the Outlet of Burlington Bay, will be cut through next season, pursuant to the Act of last Session, so as to admit the King's Sloop and other large Vessels. This will be a great acquisition to the Merchants and Buyers at Dundas, for shipping of the Produce and receiving their goods, &c. &c. &c.

Buy being only a few miles distant, and to which Boats may pass safely by a short Canal which is nearly finished.

On the Farm is an eligible situation for a Brewery, Distillery, or Tannery, as if Nature had designed one of the whole of those Businesses to be carried on here.

The above Farm, which will very rapidly increase in value, may be bought from the owner for a less sum than it is now worth; or the Proprietor will rent it to an eligible Tenant, for one, two, three, five, or ten years, at a moderate rate.

For terms, or to take back with them, apply to the Proprietor, or to J. FERGUSON, Herald of the Press, at Montreal.

Stone House Farm, near Dundas Village, January 1, 1826.

N.B.—In addition to the above advantages, the Water Works are capable of working almost all kinds of Machinery, such as a Great Mill, Fulling Mill, Carding Machine, Nail Factory, Trip Hammer, &c.; with eligible situations for Dams at convenient distances, and Rapid Fall, for all those purposes; Nature has left Embankments for the Dams to be made at a very small expense.

The advanced time of life of the owner of these Premises, is the only reason of his offering them for Sale so much below their value.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A fine FARM in the Township of Howe Township, Upper-Canada, containing 218 acres of the best Land, 100 acres cleared, and a fine Orchard. It yields from 45 to 50 tons of excellent Hay. The buildings erected thereon, consist of a large Stone House fit for a genteel family, frame House, 2 barns and Stables for all kinds of live stock.

The teams with all the rest of the live stock, waggons, carts, &c. &c. to be disposed of at a valuation to the purchaser, or rented to the person who may take the farm upon rent; likewise, a still house and blacksmith's shop in progress of building.—For further particulars, inquire of Messrs. H. Russell & Co. Montreal, or J. Marks, at N. Kingston, or G. A. Krein on the property.

N.B.—The above property has of late years undergone considerable improvement, and is deserving the attention of an English farmer. G. A. KREIN. 12th March, 1825.—z.

FIRE INSURANCE.—MANHATTAN COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

The Subscriber (in consequence of the resignation of the Agency by George Davies, Esq.) having been appointed Agent to the Company, informs the Public, that he is prepared to take risks, on terms as low as those of other Offices.—Applications for insurance from the country accompanied by a proper description of the property, Goods, &c. will meet with immediate attention.—The known respectability of the company it is thought is such as to make it unnecessary to remind the Public of it.

J. S. HOLMES, At McDonald and Holmes, St. Gabriel Street Sept. 9.

FOR SALE.—A quantity of POT BARLEY of the first quality, and will always have on hand a regular supply, at J. Crook's Wind-mill, Windmill Cottage, Griffin Town, February 8, 1825.

FOR SALE.—30 pipes Benedictine Wine, 4 pipes Rich Malaga, 40 boxes Spermatic Candles.

PHILIP HOOFFESTETER, St. Denis Street, December 17.

FOR SALE.—RED CLOVER SEED, of an excellent Quality.—Apply at Mr. H. GRIFFIN'S Office, Montreal, 24th Feb. 1824.—z.

FOR SALE.—BY JOHN PORTER, No. 19, Notre-Dame-street, low for cash.—15 lbs. of Barclay, Perkin & Co.'s best London Brown Stout, 8 casks Dunbar & Sons, do. do. bottled, 4 pipes best Cognac Brandy, Montreal, 3d June, 1825.

FOR SALE.—A handsome large second hand FAMILY SLEIGH, with Glasses and Blinds, all in good repair, warranted strong, will be sold cheap for cash. WM. WHITE, Gain Street, St. Mary, opposite the old Foundry, December 30.

FOR SALE.—75 Cwt. of DRY COD FISH, of a superior quality. St. Paul-Street. JOHN JONES.

NEW TEAS.

MACDONELL & HOLMES, have for sale 250 chests and boxes of the following Teas, viz.:

Pekoe, in boxes, Hyson in chests and boxes, Young Hyson, in do. do. Hyson Skin, in do. do. Tienkay, do. do. Souchong, do. do. Congou, do. do. Bhoia, do. do. Javanese, do. do.

Montreal, 26th August.

MARTINIQUE LIQUEURS.—FOR SALE by the Subscriber — 34 boxes (each 12 bottles) superior Crème de la Martinique, each case containing the following:—

Noyau Blanc et Rouge, Anis, Anglaise, Anisette, Cannelle perfait Armour, Cannelle Rose and Noko.

JOHN LUCKIN, CONFECTIONER. Nov. 30.

ALLIANCE, BRITISH AND FOREIGN LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.—Established by Act of Parliament.—Capital: Five Millions Sterling.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

JOHN IRVING, ESQ. M. P.

Francis Baring, Esq., N. M. Rothschild, Esq., Samuel Gurney, Esq., Moses Montefiore, Esq.

J. Alexander, Esq. M. P., Chas. Greenwell, Esq., G. H. Barrett, Esq., James Heygate, Jr. Esq., John Howard, Esq., William Howard, Esq., Arch'd Campbell, Esq., William Kay, Esq., William Crawford, Esq., Oswald Smith, Esq., Timothy A. Curtis, Esq., H. M. Thornton, Esq., Francis Crosswell, Esq., Thomas Wilson, Esq.

The Subscribers being appointed Agents for the said Company, have the honor to announce, that they are now ready to take Risks and grant Policies of Assurance against loss or damage occasioned by fire, in any part of the Provinces of Lower and Upper Canada.

The names and wealth of the Presidents and Directors of this Association, are so widely known throughout the commercial world, that it would be presumptuous on the part of the Agents to suppose that any observations of theirs could increase the confidence of the public in an association composed of such distinguished individuals.