The Montreal Daily Star.

VOL. XIII., NO. 13. MONTREAL, MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1881. PRICE ONE CENT.

Morning Telegrams.

Sparks from the Telegraph.

Bronchitis is epidemic in London.

Mr. Gladstone is rapidly recovering.

Severe weather in the United Kingdom.

Tommy-cod fishery has closed for the season.

Navigation on the Rhine is stopped by drift ice.

Another cremation has taken place at Washington, Pa.

The Siemens electric railway in Berlin is to be opened on the 1st prox.

The Tekke Turcomans have been severely defeated by General Skobeloff.

Application has been made for two batteries of horse artillery for South Africa.

The Foord pit, at Stellarton, has been cleared, and found to be very little injured.

Colored Republicans in Tennessee want a representative in Garfield's Cabinet.

John Smith is dead. He was found frozen to death near Brampton on the 15th.

McVean's hub and spoke factory at Dresden, Ont., has been burned. Loss, $20,000.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Ireland has petitioned Her Majesty to reassert the law in Ireland.

The report that the explosion at Salford armory was the work of Fenian agency is confirmed.

The Crown Prince of Germany has publicly expressed his disapproval of the anti-Jewish agitation.

The writs against the Rev. Messrs. Dale and Enraght have been discharged by the Court of Appeals.

There are prospects of a compromise being arrived at between the masters and men of the West Lancashire collieries.

Mr. Allan Caldwell, a wealthy farmer, of Wingham, Ont., cut his throat from ear to ear on the 16th. No cause assigned.

Maynard's cotton mill at Preston, England, has been destroyed by fire. The damage is placed at £24,000. The mill contained 23,000 spindles.

The British ship "Leonore," Capt. Bailey, was sunk off Hartlepool, in collision with the steamer "John Dixon," of London. Nine persons were drowned.

It is said that the new Syndicate will place on deposit to-day in the Receiver-General's office, Toronto, the sum of $1,500,000 as a guarantee of faith in the concern.

It is now said a bottle has been found containing a paper, on which was written with pencil:—"Steamship 'City of Boston' burned June 29, 1870. A. Harrick Treque."

Sporting Notes.

Hanlan's denunciation of Ward is generally condemned in Toronto.

The Governor-General's and Perth Curling Clubs will have a match on Saturday next at Perth.

R Bird, of Haddington, Scotland, made 66 miles in 12 hours in a recent "go-as-you-please" walking match.

Forty-eight entries have been made for O'Leary's "go-as-you-please" match at New York on the 24th.

In consequence of O'Leary's acceptance of the challenge of Rowell, the latter has gone into strict training for another world's championship walking match. Vaughan has also gone into training.

THE SALFORD EXPLOSION.

MANCHESTER, January 15.—The police have found a clue which may lead to a discovery of the perpetrators of the explosion at Salford barracks. It is said that the regiment now quartered in the barracks contain many Irish, and that Fenianism had been previously suspected among them. The fuse is reported to have been found in the ground near the shed, where the damage is more serious than at first reported. A hole was blown in the outer wall of the barracks large enough to admit a man.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

(SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.)

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—The *Canada Gazette* contains the following:

6th Cavalry—To be paymaster, Charles C Clapham; to be Quarter-Master, Sergeant John Garth.

Montreal Garrison Artillery—To be 1st Lieutenant, 2nd Lieutenant Charles H Levin, vice Henry Verco Platt, whose resignation is accepted.

1st Prince of Wales, Montreal—To be Captain Provisionally, Charles Denny Hanson, vice Butler, appointed Adjutant; to be Adjutant, Captain Thomas Page Butler, vice Hutchins, resigned.

5th Royal Scots Fusiliers, Montreal—To be Major, Captain Charles G Geddes, vice Hartland St Clair MacDougall, permitted to retire retaining his rank; to be Captains, Lieutenant Selkirk Cross, vice Geddes; Lieutenant Robert M Esdaile, vice George Campbell MacDougall, whose resignation is accepted; Lieutenant John Charles McCorkill, vice F S Lyman, appointed Paymaster; Lieutenant James A McLennan is permitted to retire retaining his rank, and the resignation of Lieutenant Robert Lindsay is accepted.

8th Royal Rifles Quebec—No 3 Company: To be Lieutenant, provisionally, David Douglas Young, gentleman, vice Montizambert, resigned.

86th Three Rivers Infantry—No 3 Company: To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, Leonce Chalut, gentleman, vice Paul P Demaray, whose resignation is accepted. No 5 Company: To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, Deligny Boucher, vice Amateur Demers, whose resignation is accepted.

Dorchester Infantry—The headquarters of this provisional battalion and of No 2 Company thereof are changed from St Anselme to St Isidore.

Confirmation of rank—2nd Lieutenant John David Roche, No 3 Battery, Quebec Garrison Artillery, from 18th December, 1880.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

Another War Cloud—The Porte Backing Down—Greece Bellicose—Action of the Powers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 15.—The Porte has communicated to the Ambassadors a fresh note, regretting the warlike preparations of Greece, which are bringing trouble upon the peace of Europe; and to terminate such a state of affairs, which is disastrous both to Turkey and Greece, the Powers are invited to send instructions to their Ambassadors at Constantinople for a European Conference. The Porte hopes a pacific solution will thus be attained. The note has created a good impression.

Reports have been received at the Foreign Embassies here that Greece intends attacking Turkey about the end of January.

PARIS, January 15.—Barthelmy St. Hilaire has instructed the French Minister at Athens to declare that the Berlin Conference conferred no rights upon Greece, and that if Greece persisted in going to war she must not count upon the support of France.

The Paris *Temps* counsels the Powers to concert a solemn collective declaration that Greece has misconstrued the bearing of the decisions of the Berlin Conference, and defining their real character. The *Temps* says such declarations would give the King of the Hellenes the power he needs for resisting the popular current. The Vienna *Presse* says it is now proposed that the Powers shall take an identical step to avert war.

LONDON, January 15.—Telegrams from Athens announce that yesterday's evening papers highly approved the reported verbal rejection by the Government of the arbitration scheme for the settlement of the boundary question. It is stated that since then Greece has issued a circular maintaining that it is obligatory upon the Powers to secure the execution of the decrees of the Berlin Treaty. A despatch to the *Times* states that the Turks are collecting troops and military stores on the Greek frontier, and it is elsewhere reported that Dervish Pasha, Governor of Albania, and fourteen battalions of regulars will shortly leave Ragusa for Janina. The Vienna *Presse* denies that the Ministers at Athens will collectively urge upon Greece a policy of moderation.

An Athens despatch says Greece is negotiating for the purchase of several cruisers. Collective action has been postponed until the Powers receive the Porte's reply in respect to arbitration.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 15.—Ali Pasha is suspected of inciting the Kastrati and Hotti tribes on the southern borders of Montenegro to attack the Montenegrins. Dervish Pasha has advised Montenegro to take precautions, and he is sending troops to the disturbed district.

A TERRIBLE AVALANCHE.

A Town Buried in Snow—Great Loss of Life.

SALT LAKE, January 16.—Snow has fallen almost continually in Wahsatch about the heads of Little and Big Cotton Woods since Christmas. The mountains surrounding the mining district of Alta are steep and high and trees have been cut off. The tramway sheds of the Wahsatch and Jordan Valley Railway have been swept away at several places for five miles below Alta, rendering ingress or egress almost impossible. Two weeks ago a snow-slide carried away a man named Darley. A continuous storm increased in fury with the opening of last week. On Wednesday night snow fell in sheets, and the wind became a hurricane. A slide carried away the flagstaff over a house and 400 feet of railroad sheds were swept across Flat Creek to opposite the mountain. Lately another slide passed over Victoria and Imperial House, burying two men who dug their way out in ten hours. Continuing it swept away Grizzely boarding house, in which were Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Hoskins, and four children, Charles Simons, Robert Howarth, and Evan Morris. Of these, Mrs. Hoskins and daughter, Jane Howarth, and Morris, were killed. Another slide smashed and buried the Toledo Works, and a boarding house, killing Charles Barbridge, and Frank Daporte. On Thursday and Friday, work stopped at the principal mine, and many men left for the valley. The storm continued and increased in fury, the wind blowing a gale and piling snow just over the crest of the hill north of Alta on all sides. A great weight started another slide, half a mile wide, on Friday night, which would have completely demolished Alta, but was partially diverted by a flat area just above the head of Main street. It struck a large, heavily-built stone store in which five men gathered for safety. Two sleeping in the second story were thrown out, comparatively unhurt. Three had taken refuge in the basement, and built a fire—Jno. Fitzgerald, P. B. Lee and Wm. Hollingshead. The house was crushed in on them and fired from the stove, and they perished. Richard Williams and John Washington, who remained looking after the Job Lawrence property, with instructions to sleep in the tunnel, are missing. The avalanche swept away every building owned by the Job Lawrence Company, with their tramway, inflicting a loss of $30,000. It buried the Buffalo House, but three men had retired into the tunnel, and were rescued exhausted. Fifty people came down last night, leaving about twenty, who, for various reasons, could not get away. The trip down was fearful. They left home with nothing but the clothes on their backs. Women wallowed through the snow as best they could, the men carrying the children. There remains enough mountain slope still undenuded to complete the destruction of the town and it may slide at any moment. Eight miles of Upper Big Cottonwood are said to be one huge slide covering everything. A big slide in Mayfield Gulch blocked the creek for 400 yards, and made quite a lake. While there is no loss of life yet reported from Big Cottonwood Mountain, many are leaving the canon as fast as possible. When the snow becomes deep and heavy on the steep mountain slopes, an avalanche may be started by a party wading across their face or by the concussion sometimes of a blast.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Obstruction Tactics in the House of Commons—Split in the Home Rule Ranks—Demonstrations Against Coercion—An Outbreak Expected—More Arrests—Land League Intimidation.

LONDON, January 15.—The debate on Mr. Parnell's amendment which has been protracted through seven sittings, averaging eight hours each appears to have convinced the Government of the absolute necessity for some modifications of the Rules of the House to prevent the scandalous squandering of the public time, of which the worst has not yet been seen; and, perhaps, Monday will witness the resumption of the interminable discussion of Mr. McCarthy's amendment, and the other amendments, following with fresh harangues on each. Mr. Parnell's friends intimate that obstruction this session is intended to take the form not so much of filibustering as the prolongation of the discussion. It is known that the Government, perceiving that no progress has been made during the last few days, is seriously considering the adoption in some form of the "previous question," or some other means which will enable the majority of the House to bring this frivolous and wilfully protracted speech-making to a close. Parliamentary precedent requires that the debate on the address shall be terminated before proceeding with other business, hence neither the Coercion nor the Land Bill have yet been introduced. One obvious object of Mr. Parnell is to point triumphantly to the delay as a proof of the unreality of the alleged urgency of coercion.

Although Mr. Parnell's amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne has been disposed of and apparently by an overwhelming majority, there remain three other amendments, each of which may be made an opportunity for an almost endless debate. A like delay in carrying the reply to the speech from the throne has never been known in British parliamentary history. Before coming to close quarters with the obstructionists, the Government desires to give the country a practical lesson to show it how completely all legislation might be blocked under existing rules; that is to say, Government desires the demand for the strongest measures against obstruction to come from the people. Some manifestations of importance have been made out of doors, but upon the whole the proceedings of Mr. Parnell and his followers in the House seem to be watched with remarkable apathy except in London, where great indignation with them is expressed.

The split in the ranks of the Home Rulers has much weakened the Irish party. It is rumored that Mr Parnell has resolved to use all forms of the House to expose the coercion bill, which is set down for Monday, and the Parnell party will threaten that Government will be compelled to suspend or imprison members before the coercion measures are passed. Mr. Parnell claims that Government wants to force a premature rebellion in order to suppress the League organization. Irish members were greatly disappointed by the small Radical vote against coercion. Thirty were expected to support Mr. Parnell's amendment; only eight of the Radicals voted, many of them abstained. There is a decided feeling in English parliamentary circles that Mr. Parnell's party will commit a serious error in opposing further direct legislative measures entertained by the minority toward Ireland. It is generally assumed that Mr. Gladstone has made use of the delay caused by the debate in elaborating the land bill further in favor of Ireland than was originally sketched. The correctness of this assumption seems to be established by the fact of the satisfaction of the deputation which waited on Mr. Gladstone on Wednesday, by the split in the Home Rule party itself, and by the sweeping majority against the amendment to the address.

The *Daily News* says the Cabinet Council will necessarily consider the question of obstruction in the House of Commons. The *Times* charges the Home Rulers with abusing the freedom of debate for the sole purpose of frustrating its practical purposes.

It is stated that a series of local demonstrations against coercion have been determined upon. Preparations are making for a monster meeting in Hyde Park.

The naval commander at Queenstown was summoned to Dublin yesterday to confer with the general officer commanding the forces now in Ireland, with a view to concerting measures for resisting an outbreak, of which tidings had reached the Government.

Mr. Mitchell Henry, in a letter to the *Times*, says it is true that his tenants have disappointed him very much, owing to secret instructions from Land League agents, who virtually think that every landlord is a robber and an intruder. Very few of his tenants, he says, have paid rent, though many would have paid if they were not intimidated by the lawless confederation who have succeeded in completely changing the character and behavior of the people. "I respect Davitt," he says, "more than other persons of higher position, because he makes no concealment of an object such as must prevent any honest man from taking the oath of allegiance as a member of Parliament."

Mr. O'Connor, honorary secretary, and Mr. O'Neill, secretary of the Cork Land League, have been summoned on charges of attempted intimidation by writing threatening letters. The five officers of the Tralee branch of the Land League, in whose cases the magistrates yesterday reserved their decision, were to-day committed for trial. Their attorney on the advice of eminent counsel, did not ask to have them admitted to bail. Other arrests are expected to-night.

DUBLIN, January 15.—At Maryborough, six traders have been summoned on a charge of attempting to compel persons to join the Land League. Davitt to-day, near Kanturk, vehemently attacked landlords. Government reporters were present.

Interesting to Tax-payers—How Some Corporation Contracts Are Let.

There is much whispering among dry-goods merchants concerning the manner in which some of the contracts to supply next summer's clothing to the police were let by the Police Committee at their meeting on the 29th ult. It is said that Mr. Thomas Patton, who got most of the contracts this year as well as in former years, receives them through a system of favoritism practised towards him. The well-known fact that Ald. Grenier, a wholesale dry-goods merchant, is in the habit of supplying Mr. Patton, a clothier, with his cloth goods, taken in connection with the actions of the former gentleman at the meeting of the Committee, is very suggestive, and makes an airing of the matter not out of place. The following are facts elicited from an examination of the reports of the meeting and statements made by gentlemen concerned, who have been interviewed.

There were 172 men besides the sergeants and the various chiefs to be supplied with suits. The following were the tenderers for the men's clothing and their offers:—

MEN'S PANTALOONS.	
Thomas Patton	$3.70 per pair
D. McEntyre	3.65 "
D. Labonte	3.25 "
J. & E. McEntyre	3.47 "
MEN'S COATS.	
Thomas Patton	$13.00
R. J. Inglis	12.50
D. McEntyre	11.75
J. & E. McEntyre	13.20
MEN'S BLOUSES.	
Thomas Patton	$3.95
D. McEntyre	3.85
R. J. Inglis	3.85
J. & E. McEntyre	3.90

The seven members of the Police Committee were all present at the meeting. In each of the three above articles Mr. Patton's tender was accepted. Mr. D. McEntyre's tenders for pantaloons and coats, and Mr. Inglis' tender for blouses, were moved to be accepted and the motions voted on, but a tie resulting in each case, the casting vote was given in favor of Mr. Patton by the Chairman, who thus voted for his own goods. In each motion Aldermen Hagar, Hood and McCord voted against Mr. Patton, and Aldermen Lavigne, Kennedy and Thomas Wilson for him.

The contracts to supply coats for the Chief, Deputy chief and two sub-chiefs—four in all—were given to Mr. Patton who tendered for them in detail for sums aggregating $135. Mr. R. J. Inglis claims that he tendered to supply the lot for $100, but his samples were not considered, it being said that his tender was not put in in the necessary form. Of course besides the prices the quality, color, workmanship, etc., of the goods offered was to be considered.

Messrs. J. & E. McEntyre, on being interviewed, said that the system of contract by tender as practised in the Committee was a perfect farce. It was a foregone conclusion whose tenders would be received. Mr. Patton had only to get a tie vote and he got the contract. The same system had been in operation for years and everybody knew it. They had tendered every season for at least half-a-dozen years past and never got any contract and never expected to get any while the present system of favoritism lasted. If they were to send in samples of broadcloth and Mr. Patton of gray frieze, both at the same price, Mr. Patton's samples would be accepted. They would have had a reasonable profit on their goods if their tenders had been received. It was well-known that the workmanship on their clothes was far superior to that on Mr. Patton's, while the material they used was much better, and the prices asked generally lower. The police of Montreal were more poorly clothed than those of any other city they knew, and it was time the press and Corporation took up the matter, and saw that they were better clad.

Mr. Labonte said that he tendered to supply the men's pantaloons, not in the least expecting to get the contract, and his expectations were realized. It was well-known how the contracts were let, but he would not complain. Mr. Patton was welcome to the contracts.

Mr. R. J. Inglis claims that he has been in the habit of putting in tenders for half-a-dozen years past, in every case but once lower than Mr. Patton's. He had never got any contract before, and knowing all about the system of favoring Mr. Patton, never expected to get any, and was much surprised to get the sergeant's coats this year, even although his tender was so much lower than Mr. Patton's. He thought D. McEntyre should certainly have had the men's coats. He or D. McEntyre should have had the men's blouses, for their tenders were 10 cents lower than Mr. Patton's, and the material in each case was the same—wool indigo-dyed serge of Canadian make. He should have had the chief's coats, for there was $35 difference in the tenders. He did not think it any good to make a fuss, for this favoritism had been partly exposed about two years ago and little had come of it.

Mr. D. McEntyre had been tendering for years and never got anything before last year when he was surprised to get a considerable part of the contract. The work he had done had given universal satisfaction, but this year he had again got nothing. Last spring he had sent a tender to Ottawa to supply the Water Police of this city with pantaloons, and his samples were accepted out of those of fifteen other tenderers after being examined by American experts. He got $3.95 per pair from the Dominion, his offer to the city was for $3.65, and the material and workmanship were exactly the same in each case. The pantaloons he offered were worth at least 50cts per pair more than those offered by Mr. Patton, and accepted. He offered coats $1.25 cheaper than Mr. Patton's, of as good material and superior make-up His blouses were of the same material as Mr. Patton's, of just as good make and 10cts cheaper. The loss to the Corporation on 172 men's suits was a considerable sum. Mr. Patton was paid $28 for the last sergeant's coats made, for which Mr. Inglis, who, as a matter of show this year, receives the contract, gets $19.75.

Several members of the Police Committee were interviewed, and made strong statements. Two of them expressed themselves freely on the subject, saying that the system of favoring Mr. Patton had been going on for a long time and was generally known. They had done their best to have the contracts given on the merits of the goods offered, but were in the minority. Most of the goods offered by other tenderers should have been accepted before Mr. Patton's. The men's coats, offered by Mr. D. McEntyre, should certainly have been accepted. One gentleman stated that the pantaloons, tendered by Mr. D. McEntyre, were worth at least from 25 to 40 cents more than Mr. Patton's, and were 5 cents cheaper. The proper system of letting the contracts, they both said, was to remove all labels from the samples offered, except the price marks, engage a competent tailor or expert to judge of their quality, and award accordingly.

Ald. Grenier said that the contracts, in his opinion, had been given according to the merits of the goods. The Committee had been equally divided three times, and he had given the casting vote in favor of Mr. Patton because he thought his samples, considered every way, were the best in the lot. The pantaloons offered by Mr. D. McEntyre were as good as Mr. Patton's, but not suitable in color. Mr. Inglis' sergeant's coats were the best considered in price and quality, and Mr. Inglis had got the contract for them. Mr. Patton was an old and tried contractor. He had voted as he thought the goods merited; he had no interest in the matter. It was true he sold goods to Mr. Patton, but he had no doubt he could have sold to Mr. D. McEntyre if that gentleman had got the contract. The duties of an alderman were difficult ones, and he could not expect to please everybody.

Fish and Game Protection Club.

The twenty-second annual meeting of the members of this Club was held on Saturday afternoon in the Mechanics' Hall, Mr. R. H. Kilby, President, in the chair.

The report of the Secretary, which was read, showed that during the year 1880 thirty new names had been added to the roll of membership, making 120 in all. The laws for the protection of fish and game had been better observed than in former years. In March and April last, through the instrumentality of the Club, over a ton weight of game was seized and distributed among the charitable institutions of the city. At Vaudreuil seventeen nets were taken from the river and sold, as well as a large number which had been discovered in other places. The owners of the nets could not be found. The attention of the Committee was drawn to the fact that over two-thirds of the partridges offered for sale in the city are taken by means of snares, many of the birds being decapitated, apparently for the purpose of escaping detection.

The Treasurer's report showed that the receipts for the year amounted to $262, and the disbursements, $244.61, leaving a balance in hand of $17.39.

The election of office-bearers then took place, with the following result:—President, J C Wilson; Vice-President, E C Monk; Secretary, G H Matthews; Treasurer, W H Rintoul (re-elected). General Committee—R H Kilby, H R Ives, I H Stearns, R A Alloway, D D S, George U Ahern, J J Redpath, F J Brady, E B Goodacre, T W W Goodwin, A N Shewan, J Johnston, jr, L A Boyer, J B A Mongenais, T B Hall, J B Robertson.

The meeting then adjourned.

Personal.

Jay Gould's income is $5,000,000 annually.

Mr. Angus, of the Pacific Railway Syndicate, leaves for England by the next mail steamer.

Baron Rothschild is to succeed the Empress Eugenie as tenant of Camden Place, Chiselhurst.

Advices from River Ouelle report the health of ex-Lieutenant-Governor Letellier is again very low.

It is now said the Baroness Burdett-Coutts' marriage will take place in a day or two, at a certain little chapel not a hundred miles from Piccadilly. The exact day is kept a profound secret.

Prince Leopold has consented to act as "best man" to Lord Brooke, eldest son of the Earl of Warwick, on his marriage to Miss Florence Evelyn Maynard, eldest daughter of the late Colonel the Hon. C. H. Maynard. The marriage will take place in Westminster Abbey about the third week in February. Miss Maynard is the beauty and heiress to whom the gossips some time ago betrothed the Prince himself.

Skating Matches.

The "go-as-you-please" match at Lomas' Rink on Saturday afternoon was well attended. The following are the names of the winners:—First, Stewart, gold medal; 2nd, Ross, gold medal; 3rd, Moffatt, pair of skates; 4th, Gaudeur, box of cigars; 5th, Smyth, do.

At the Asbestos Rink, on Saturday evening, there were seven contestants. Edwin Irwin, the winner of a number of matches last year, carried off the gold pin, his brother Robert being a good second, secured a barrel of apples. John Grant was so badly frozen that he was obliged to leave the ice ere the race was concluded. He was declared the winner of the third prize. The St. Jean Baptiste band furnished music for the occasion.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Public Contracts.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—Will you please inform me if tenders have been asked for the improvements at the Hochelaga station of the Q., M., O. & O. R. I am informed that the contract has been awarded to Messrs. Beemer and A. Laberge; if no tenders have been asked for, it is very unjust, contractors ought to have the chance of tendering for those public works, and it is very well known that some other jobs have been given to Mr. A. Laberge, and that without tenders from other contractors.

I am, sir,

A CONTRACTOR.

St. Bonaventure Depot.

A NEW ARRIVAL'S EXPERIENCE.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

Sir,—Permit me through your columns to relate an experience in the Bonaventure depot. I had occasion recently to visit the depot in company with my wife, to meet a lady friend about to arrive on the South Eastern train. The train, due here at 9:05 p.m., was late, and when I made inquiries among the officials regarding the cause of delay, I was met with the answer from all, "I don't know when she'll be in," not one of them proffering any explanation as to the cause of delay. Nor could I ascertain from any other source, for although there were remarks on the blackboard relative to other trains, I failed to discover a single remark anent the delay of the South Eastern. If a report had been on the board stating the time this train was likely to arrive, I could have gone home until that time; but, as it was, I was obliged to wait patiently until its arrival, and with a view to this my wife and I entered the *first-class* waiting-room. We had not sat very long when my wife uttered a scream and sprang to her feet. The cause of her dismay was evident, as a large number of cockroaches had crawled from the walls to her neck and shoulders and fell from their perch when she moved. A gentleman, who was present, and myself killed quantities of the detestable insects.

As my wife was unable on account of the cockroaches and bad smell of the waiting-room to remain there longer we were obliged to drive home and being anxious not to miss the incoming train in case the lady we expected should be subjected to the indignities which we observed a gentleman (who arrived on the Western express) undergo, we were obliged to drive back and forth, at a considerable expense, until the train arrived at 11 o'clock. The gentleman to whom I have reference was evidently a stranger in the city, for when he inquired of a by-stander if he would direct him to a good, respectable hotel, he was immediately surrounded by a lot of hotel runners and cabmen, some of whom were most impertinent. One of this gang seized him by the shoulder and endeavored to pull him along; a second seized him by the coat and tried to pull him in an opposite direction, while a third seized his valise and was making off with it, the others crying all the while, "Oh, let the poor fellow alone," "Don't go through his pockets," &c., &c. The poor gentleman stood appealing to the ruffians—for I can call them by no other name—to desist. I might here remark that the runners for the more respectable hotels did not participate in these most ungentlemanly proceedings. Now, Mr. Editor, what was I to expect? If a gentleman received such treatment, how would a lady without a protector be used? I think it a great scandal that a Company possessed of ample means such as the Grand Trunk Company should not provide better accommodation for the travelling public. Even if the depot were no better, the waiting-rooms at least might be kept clean and comfortable, and fit for a lady to occupy, and the public ought to be treated with courtesy and consideration. Now, in my humble opinion—and I have travelled all over the world. I never saw in Africa, or the interior of India such ungentlemanly conduct manifested towards travellers, and I consider the Bonaventure Depot, for a railway station, a disgrace to so fine a city as Montreal, and to a Company whose weekly receipts average nearly $20,000 in excess of the receipts of corresponding periods last year. Now, Mr. Editor, I think you will join with me in recommending the G T R to use a part of their surplus receipts in making the station and waiting rooms more inviting to travellers, and also to see that when trains are an hour or two late, due notice may be given on the boards, and that general order may be preserved among the cabmen and hotel-runners.

[Signed] AN EXPERIENCED TRAVELLER.

[The charge which the writer of the above letter makes is a serious one, but nevertheless one which the Grand Trunk Company might easily avoid. Without asking the Company to go to the expense of building a new station it is not asking too much that they keep the present accommodations clean and wholesome. A great convenience which would not cost much would be an Enquiry Office in which an intelligent clerk should be found at all hours capable and ready to give all kinds of information so frequently desired in so public a place. We commend this suggestion to the consideration of the management.—ED. STAR.]

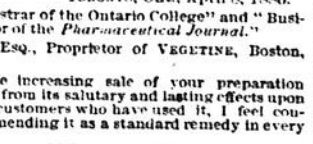
Half a Century Old—And Still Lives.

Among the many COUGH REMEDIES offered to the public during the past half-century, none has stood the test so well, and commanded such a large sale, as the N. H. DOWNS' BALSAMIC ELIXIR. It is now over 50 years since it was first introduced, and it has always maintained a large and steady sale. In all diseases of the Lungs, Chest and Bronchial Tubes, DOWNS' ELIXIR can always be relied upon.

A TRUE BALSAM.—Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is truly a balsam. It contains the balsamic principle of the Wild Cherry, the balsamic properties of tar and of pines. Its ingredients are all balsamic. Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Bronchitis, and Consumption speedily disappear under its balsamic influence.

Vegetine is the great Health Restorer. 8

Medicines.



Confident in Recommending It.

TORONTO, Ont., April 8, 1880.

From the "Registrar of the Ontario College" and "Business Editor of the *Pharmaceutical Journal*."

H. R. STEVENS, Esq., Proprietor of VEGETINE, Boston, Mass.:

Sir—From the increasing sale of your preparation (VEGETINE) and from its salutary and lasting effects upon numbers of my customers who have used it, I feel confident in recommending it as a standard remedy in every family.

GEO. HODGETTS, Dispensing Chemist, 305 Yonge street.

VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 13z

VITALIZES AND ENRICHES THE BLOOD, TONES UP THE SYSTEM, MAKES THE WEAK STRONG, BUILDS UP THE BROKEN-DOWN, INVIGORATES THE BRAIN, AND

CURES

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, NEURALGIA, FEVER AND AGUE, PARALYSIS, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, BOILS, DROPSY, HUMORS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, REMITTENT FEVER AND ALL DISEASES ORIGINATING IN A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR ACCOMPANIED BY DEBILITY OR A LOW STATE OF THE SYSTEM.

PERUVIAN SYRUP

SUPPLIES THE BLOOD WITH ITS VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT—IRON; INFUSING STRENGTH, VIGOR AND NEW LIFE INTO ALL PARTS OF THE SYSTEM. BEING FREE FROM ALCOHOL, ITS ENERGIZING EFFECTS ARE NOT FOLLOWED BY CORRESPONDING REACTION, BUT ARE PERMANENT.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS,

PROPRIETORS, 86 HARRISON AVENUE, BOSTON. Sold by all Druggists. 1

GOLD & SILVER TOPPED SMELLING BOTTLES, Selling off at cost price, TOILET SETS, CUT GLASS TOILET BOTTLES, ODOR CASES, SACHETS, AND PERFUMERY IN GREAT VARIETY, C. J. COVERNTON & CO., Corner Bleury and Dorchester Streets. 301

RUPTURE.

THE TRIUMPH TRUSS CO., 334 Bowery, N. Y., and 9 South 13th Street, Phila., Pa., cure Rupture in from 30 to 90 days, and will pay $1,000 for a rupture they cannot cure. Send 25c. for Book to Dr. C. W. H. BURNHAM, General Superintendent, 334 Bowery, New York, and be cured. 493z

8 6s

Clothing.

GREAT SALE
— OF —
FINE OVERCOATS,
— FOR —
GENTLEMEN AND BOYS.

In accordance with our annual custom previous to stock taking, February 1st, and in order to close out all odd lots and broken sizes of overcoats, we have placed them on separate counters, and have made such a reduction from the regular season's prices as insure their immediate sale.

— IN OUR —
GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT

we offer fine all-wool fabrics, thoroughly cut, made and trimmed in our own workshops, which have retailed till the present time for

$18.00 and $20.00

and have marked them down to close at

$8.00 AND $10.00.

The lot consists of fine custom misfits and sample overcoats, made from a handsome selection of foreign fabrics.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

All our broken lines of Children's Overcoats,

4 TO 16 YEARS,

consisting of Fur Beavers, Naps, Oxford Mixed, Cassimeres, and handsome Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, formerly retailed at

$8.00, $9.00 and $12.00

marked to close ut at

$3.00 AND $5.00.

Parents will find this the best opportunity to procure fashionable and stylish made overcoats at such low prices.

THE BOSTON
ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE
41 & 43 ST. JOSEPH STREET. 9 6

Boots and Shoes.

Wool-Lined Rubbers!
FELT OVERSHOES,
PLAIN and FANCY.
SNOW EXCLUDERS,
ALASKAS!
— AND A GOOD —
ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS!
For Ladies and Gents to wear under
OVERSHOES!
VERY CHEAP.
FOGARTY & BRO.,
CORNER
St. Lawrence & St. Catherine st. 11tf

TO SHOEMAKERS. Just received, a fine lot of Porpoise Leather. Also, French Calf Skin, English Kips, English Uppers, and all kinds of Canadian Leathers and Shoe Finding, at very low prices, at J. M. ROBY & CO., 469 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 287z

Baking Powder.

FOR RAISING YOUR NEW YEAR'S CAKES, USE THE COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER, Which took first prizes at Ottawa, 1879; Toronto, 1880 and Montreal, 1880. The Cook's Friend is pure, healthy, always of uniform strength, and contains no alum or other injurious ingredients. Ask for the COOK'S FRIEND, And take no other. Retailed by all Grocers. 288z

Jewellery.

25 CENTS OFF THE DOLLAR.
WALTHAM WATCHES,
ELGIN WATCHES,
ENGLISH WATCHES
SWISS WATCHES
Until the First of January, 1881.
STODDART,
41 and 41½ BLEURY STREET.
Wholesale Manufacturer, No. 13 Red Lion Street, London, England. 304

Cigars, &c.

SMOKE THE "CUPID," THE BEST FIVE CENT CIGAR IN THE DOMINION Made of fine Havana Tobacco. Manufactured by G. FISCHEL & CO., 20 and 22 St. Dizier Street. Wholesale Depots at Factory Price: A. BRAZEAU, 47 St. Lawrence Main Street. C. GRATTON, 18 Jacques Cartier Square. 300z

Dentistry.

W. H. DION YOUNG, D.D.S., Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, 1873. SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTISTRY, ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. Over 15 years' practice in the Dental Profession. 300½ Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL. 301

Rooms.

ROOMS—With Board. 16 Brunswick street. Terms moderate. 13 7

ROOM—To Let, to a Gentleman of quiet habits comfortable furnished room on Durocher street address, "Comfort," STAR Office. 12 3

ROOMS—Furnished. 53 Bleury street. 12 6

ROOMS — Furnished. 11 Belmont street. 11 6

ROOMS — Furnished. 1 Beaver Hall Square. 11 8

ROOM—To Let, a Front Furnished Room. 66 University street. 10 6

ROOMS—With First-class Board and French tuition, by Professor Masse, 11 Phillips Square. 9 6

ROOMS—Well Furnished with board. 750 Palace street. 9 6

ROOM VACANT, also Table board. 45 Aylmer street. 8 6

Board.

VICTORIA HOTEL, LATOUR STREET, BEAVER HALL HILL. ONE DOLLAR A DAY. DAY BOARDERS—A few can be accommodated at $13 a month. Good Rooms for regular boarders. Six Tickets for a dollar. 27eod

BOARD—Young French Man of good family, wishes board in private family, instructions given in French and English in exchange, references given. Address, "T. 232," STAR office. 11 3

BOARD—Vacancies. 137 Mansfield street. 8 6

BOARD—Large well Furnished Rooms and good Board. $3.50 a week. 85 St. Lawrence Main street. 2 15

BOARD and ROOM, 85 St. Lawrence street. 306 27

BOARD AND FRENCH, a few gentlemen can be accommodated with board and rooms, also lessons in French, by an accomplished teacher, at 1148 St. Catherine street. 306 tf

For Sale.

FIRST-CLASS BAR AND SALOON FOR SALE, in a central locality, doing very good business, will be sold very cheap, a long lease if required; proprietor retiring on account of being connected in two other establishment in another line. For urther particulars address "J. C. M.," STAR Office 11 3

ROYAL ARCH REGALIA FOR SALE, CHEAP, as good as new. Also, DRESS COAT, medium size, first-class finish. Can be seen by addressing "BOXWELL," STAR Office. 304+

ST. BERNARD PUPS — Best breed in the Dominion, for sale. Apply 126 St. Mary street. 11 3

RARE CHANCE—The Contents of a neatly furnished cottage for sale, in good order. Address "Neatness," STAR Office. 10 4

PIANO AND STOOL FOR SALE. Price $40. Address, "W. 6," STAR office. 12 4

FOR SALE—A Good Commercial house, with grocery stock, horse, harness and carriage, terms very liberal. Apply 124½ St. Christophe street. 11 15

FOR SALE—Dry Kindling $1.50. Hardwood $2, Maple $2.25, load delivered. 37 Radegonde, 25 Bleury. 8 6

FOR SALE, a new Grocer's Express Sleigh, well finished and ironed. Cheap. Apply at 22 Nazareth street, city. 8 6

To Let.

OFFICE TO LET, Heated by steam with fire-proof safe; also an entire upper flat. Apply at Office of Life Association of Scotland, 99 St. James street. 8 6

TO LET — Commodious Warehouse and Yard, 65 Common, corner Queen street, opposite entrance to canal and mail steamers' wharf, is well situated for manufacturing purposes. Rent low, possession immediately. Apply to S. Burland & Co., Real Estate Investment and Insurance Agents, 114 St. James street. 11tf

TO LET—That Fine Store, corner of St. Dominique and Vitre streets, heretofore occupied by Mr. Chas. Meunier, grocer, also, a Restaurant with first-class Dwelling attached to both. Possession can be had immediately, or on the First of May. Apply to Thos. Tiffin & Co., 214 St. Paul street, or T. Nantel, 671 Mignonne street. 3 12

TO LET—That splendid Store, No. 365 Notre street, actually occupied by J. D. Lawlor, sewing machines manufacturer. Also, large lumber yard, corner St. Bonaventure and Craig streets. And first-class offices in Barron's Block, 162 St. James street. For terms apply to L. O. HETU, Notary, No. 16 St. James street. 11 27

TO LET IN QUEBEC — The building so well-known under the name of the Albion Hotel, on Palace street. The position of this House, in the centre of the City, and in such close proximity to the North Shore Railway Station, specially recommends it to the attention of those desirous of establishing a first-class hotel in this City. Having been occupied for a number of years by well-known hotel-keepers, it offers all the advantages that can be desired for the traveller who visits our City, and is a hostelry that under intelligent management would be certain of doing a good business. Address, S. I. GLACKEMEYER, N.P.E., No. 84 St. Peter street. Quebec. 12 6

FACTORY TO LET No. 23½ COTTE STREET, FOUR FLATS 10 x 45, WELL LIT, Power and Steam Fitting complete. R. JELLYMAN. 296 tf

Miscellaneous.

EDWIN ROUND & SONS, (Limited,) (Limited,)
SILVER AND NICKEL PLATE WORKS,
SILVER AND NICKEL PLATE WORKS,
SILVER AND NICKEL PLATE WORKS,
SILVER AND NICKEL PLATE WORKS,
SILVER AND NICKEL PLATE WORKS,
Sheffield, England. | Sheffield, England.
Sheffield, England. | Sheffield, England.
Sheffield, England. | Sheffield, England.
BRANCH SHOW ROOMS:
BRANCH SHOW ROOMS:
457 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
457 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
457 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
457 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.
Doulton Ware and China, and Best Cut Glass Cruets, Hot Water and Claret Jugs, Spoons and Forks, and general Plated Goods of best quality. 3z

CARLING'S AMBER ALE!! The Agent is now prepared to supply CARLING'S AMBER ALE to Private Families, at $1 per dozen quarts; 70c per dozen pints, ALSO, SAND PORTER, PALE BITTER ALE AND PORTER. Orders strictly attended to. CELLAR UNDER No. 16 ST. SACRAMENT, Entrance on St. Eloi lane. CHARLES R. WILLIS, Agent, P. O. Box 1828. 292

COAL OIL, best brands; Paraffine Candles, Winter Pressed Oleine, Winter Proof Black Oils, Mill and Machinery Oils, &c. New stock at lowest prices. Best price paid for Oil Barrels. MITCHELL, COPE & CO., 21 DeBresole street (off St. Sulpice), 6z P. O. Box 1074, Montreal, P. Q.

GEO. W. WADSWORTH, RECEIVER OF MALT, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW and all kinds of PRODUCE, 31 *DOANE STREET, BOSTON.* Reference—W. F. JOHNSTON, 12 Port street, Montreal. 12z

SHORTHAND in twelve easy lessons. A thorough knowledge of Shorthand guaranteed in a course of twelve lessons, extending over a period of six weeks. Fee for the course $5, payable in advance. Apply to H. DALBY, STAR Editorial Office. 248

Situations Vacant.

WOOD ENGRAVER Wanted—Mechanical—Send specimens to Grant, Barfoot & Co., Toronto, Canada. 13 1

AS ASSISTANT BARTENDER. Wanted a situation by a man lately with M. Wright. Enquire for "O. 55," STAR Office. 8 6

AS CLERK.—WANTED, by a Young Man of 17, who has acquired a French and English education, a situation in an Accountant's office. References given. Address P.O. Box 570. 10 4

RESIDENT GOVERNESS WANTED, for a family in the country. Requirements: French, Music, and the usual English branches. Apply by letter, to Box. 1517, Montreal Post Office, giving name and address. 12 3

GOOD COOK AND HOUSEMAID WANTED. Enquire for "W, 283," STAR Office. 12 4

WET NURSE WANTED. Apply to Dr. Reddy. 12 3

CARPENTERS WANTED—Apply to A. Chisholm, 20 Hibernian Road, Point St. Charles. 13 2

WANTED, a smart Boy, speaking both languages, and one who will obey instructions. References. Apply Mitchell, Cope & Co., 21 DeBresoles street. 13 2

WANTED—A Junior Assistant Book-keeper. Apply at 26 St. Sulpice street. 12 2

WANTED—For an office in town, a junior clerk. Apply to P.O. Drawer 2105. 12 3

WANTED—A Nurse, with good city references. 1596 St. Catherine street. 12 3

WANTED—500 Coat, Pants, and Vest Makers, to good hands will be paid the highest price. Apply to James O'Brien & Co. 12 6

WANTED—One or two respectable boys, to learn the Bank Note Engraving business, must have a talent for lettering, and be well recommended. Apply to British American Bank Note Company, Montreal. 12 3

LIVE CANVASSERS WANTED. Apply 187 Dorchester street. 10 6

WANTED — A Junior Office Clerk. Apply in own handwriting, giving references. Address P.O. Box 1207. 11 3

WANTED—A Junior Clerk for a Commission Business. One having some knowledge of Custom House work preferred. Address, stating salary expected, and giving references, to "U 249," STAR Office. 11 3

WANTED—A Young Girl as General Servant, French preferred. Apply at 281 Guy street. 11 3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A Dining-room Girl, and Chambermaid. Apply city Hotel, St. Joseph street. 11 3

WANTED—A Laundress, Protestant. Mrs. J. S. Hunter, 747 Dorchester street. 11 3

WANTED—An intelligent Office Boy, who writes a good hand; best references required. Apply P. O. Box 1725. 9 6

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A first-class Machinist and Lathe hand, two Blacksmiths, one Moulder, constant work at good prices. Empire Works, 27 Dalhousie street, Montreal. 8 6

Situations Wanted.

ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER—The subscriber desires a situation as assistant book-keeper, or any writing occupation, he can give the best city references. Address "U. 250," STAR office. 11 5

EMPLOYMENT WANTED—As Engineer, can do his own repairs, understands steam and gas piping; will work cheap. Address, "Engineer," STAR Office. 11 3

WANTED—An Eligible Situation for a pupil just leaving school; is a good penman and arithmetician, and otherwise well informed, age seventeen. Charles Nichols, L.R.C.P., 21 Victoria street. 9 1

WANTED—By a Young Lady, a situation as nursery governess, can teach music, and is handy with the needle. Address, "Governess," STAR office. 9 9

Lost.

HORSE BLANKET LOST, red binding. Reward at 275 Bonaventure street. 12 3

SPECTACLES LOST — On St. Catherine street. Please return to 1211 St. Catherine street. 12 3

Wanted to Purchase.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A small tract of land, (about ten acres) with or without buildings, vicinity of St. Anne's or Pointe Claire preferred, must front on water. Address P.O. Box 1563. 8 6

WANTED—To Exchange a farm for a stock of drugs. Address "Drugs," STAR Office. 11 6

Property for Sale.

687 ST. JOSEPH STREET—For sale or to let, at a low rent to a good tenant, nice shop with fine dwelling, well adapted for a medical gentleman or drug business. Apply to F. Warren, 396 Notre Dame street. 11 6

$2000—For Sale, a well built cottage, in good order, ten apartments, B. and W. C. on St. Andre street, near Sherbrooke Street. Apply "I.B.," STAR Office. 12 6

$2200—FOR SALE—A Snug well built cottage, brick, with stone foundation, well drained, and in good repair, containing 10 rooms, bath and water closet, healthy spot, good for investment, will pay 10 p.c., can be seen any time, $500 cash, balance by easy instalments. Apply 48 Cadieux street. 12 2

FARM FOR SALE—At St. Therese, convenient to Depot. Terms easy. 249 Commissioners. 5 12

FOR SALE OR TO LET—The valuable property belonging to Madame La Marquise de Bassano, known as "Elmwood," fronting on the River St. Lawrence, near Longue Pointe, containing about 12 arpents of land, with cut stone villa, and other buildings. Terms liberal, possession immediately. Apply at 22 St. John street, to Court & Macintosh. 9 6

FOR SALE. That valuable Farm, formerly owned by Mrs. Dr. Wanless, below Longue Pointe, with a stone House and extensive barns, stables, &c. It contains 200 arpents of which about 30 are in garden and orchard, and 130 under cultivation. A large outlay has been expended for drainage, about 100 arpents being underdrained. Terms of credit very liberal. 104 COURT & MACINTOSH.

Educational.

KINDERGARTEN! FROEBEL'S SYSTEM. New Term commences MONDAY, JANUARY 23RD. Visitors welcome every day between 10 and 12 o'clock. MISSES McINTOSH, 9 10 27 Victoria street.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE LENNOXVILLE. THE COLLEGE SCHOOL will re-open on SATURDAY, 22nd JANUARY. For particulars apply to Rev. Professor Read, M.A. 8 6 EDWARD CHAPMAN, Secretary.

MONTREAL COMMERCIAL SCHOOL, 1396 St. Catherine street, Boys from 9 till 2; New Term on Wednesday, 19th January; Young Lady's from 3 till 4.30; Evening, from 8 till 9.30. 12 6

ATTENTION!—SHORTHAND! SHORTHAND!!—Wanted, pupils for shorthand. Taught in three lessons of one hour each; guaranteed to read and write from dictation with facility or no charge. Terms very moderate; no books required. Apply to Shorthand Teacher, 694 Craig street. 309

AN ENGLISH LADY having several years' experience in Teaching, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Daily Governess in an English or French family; highest references. Enquire for O 50, STAR Office. 8 6

THE BERTHIER GRAMMAR SCHOOL FOR BOYS, will re-open Monday, January 10th. Vacancies for a few more pupils. For circulars apply to the Principal, Rev. R. MacManus. 303 tf

EVENING CLASSES HELD AT 835 Ontario street, English taught in all its branches. Book-keeping, Classics, and Mathematics. Terms moderate. 1527

Carpet Felt.

CARPET FELT FOR PUTTING UNDER CARPETS—Saves the Carpets, Prevents Moths, makes the Floor Air-Tight, and is pleasant to walk on. Will last for ten years. Five cents per yard, delivered free. BENNET & CO., 100z Wholesale Stationers, 453 St. Paul street.

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors,
158 St. James street.

Vol. XIII.……………………………**No. 13.**

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE CIRCULATION OF THE STAR for the week ending Jan. 15th, and the corresponding period of 1880:—

Jan. 1880.			Jan. 1881.		
Monday……	5	14,374	Monday…..	10	14,579
Tuesday…..	6	13,715	Tuesday…..	11	14,654
Wed'sday…	7	14,310	Wed'sday…	12	13,710
Thursday…	8	14,291	Thursday…	13	16,659
Friday	9	14,367	Friday	14	14,485
Saturday …	10	14,859	Sat'rday…..	15	14,760
Total………		85,916	Total………		88,847

Average daily circulation for week ending Jan. 15th, 1881:—

14,807.

MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1881.

Answers to Correspondents.

J.B.—Will you kindly inform me how many two year old draught (entire) horses were imported during the year 1880, and by whom were they imported? ANS.—Impossible to answer such a question—age of horse not taken.

W.G.—Why did Lord Beaconsfield resign his position in the Imperial Government? ANS.—His term of office was almost up, so he appealed to the people in the hope that he would be returned, but as the Conservatives were in a minority in the new Parliament he had to resign.

J.J.L.—It is contended that under the British North America Act the Governor-General has not the power of veto. Please say what the facts are? ANS. The Governor-General by Art. 12 of the Confederation Act is granted the powers of the respective Governors of the various provinces previous to 1867, as far as they can be exercised after the Union in the Government of Canada. These Governors had the veto power, as well as the right to reserve for the sanction of the Home Government, any measure whose provisions they did not approve or were doubtful of.

SUBSCRIBER, Shetland.—1st. What is the exact length of the solar year? 2nd. How long will it be till the odd minutes and seconds amount to a day—24 hours—reckoning from the date of change from old to new style? 3rd. What is the difference between Geometry and Trigonometry? 4th. What is the rule for drawing a Mathematical Ellipsis? 5th. How is the word Calais pronounced, stating the accented syllable? ANS.—1st. 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes and 50 seconds. 2nd. It makes the difference of a day every four years, hence the extra day in leap year. This calculation is not exactly correct and to make it so we drop the extra day in leap year every 200 years. 3rd. Consult Webster's dictionary. 4th. The simplest method of description is to fix on a plane the two ends of thread with pins in the foci and make a pencil move on the plane, keeping the thread constantly stretched. 5th. Calay. Neither syllable is accented.

AROUND the new Syndicate there is already gathering a halo of suspicion. There is not wanting evidence that the rival scheme was conceived in insincerity and born in deception. We trust it may be otherwise, but we fear the new Syndicate is the progeny of political exigencies.

THAT kind of patriotism which places the necessities of a political party high above the nation's welfare is strikingly exemplified in the discussion on the Canadian Pacific Railway. Many Liberals approve of the contract, while many Conservatives disapprove of it, yet their loyalty to their party pays so much better than their loyalty to their country that they vote as their leaders direct. Alas, poor Canada!

ONE of the peculiarities of Canadian life is that the immigrants do not become Canadians as the immigrants into the United States become Americans. Nor can we be much surprised at it. In Canada we have, after all, no national sentiment to appeal to. We have no national music to sooth our savage breasts, we have no national societies to promote national sentiments, and in fact we have no nationality as nations stand, in the world's gaze. If we want to make men Canadians we must first make a Canadian nationality. Send the imported A. D. C.'s, generals, colonels and others to their own country, and make every resident of Canada believe that he can aspire to any position in the land.

IF duelling is not restricted in Europe it will become vulgar because it will become general. The world was about flattering itself that the practice of duelling had died out, when it is startled by evidences from all sides of the revival of the so-called gentlemanly appeal to honor, and day by day we see evidences that these appeals are on the increase. The other day two youths fought in Hungary with pistols, at three paces, and, as a matter of course, both were killed. The distance was tragically short, but it meant business. It was not like the duel that was fought in a dark room, where one of the combatants, directed by some feeling akin to remorse, and wishing to spare his antagonist fired up the chimney and—brought down his opponent.

WE have been waiting patiently for an American paper to make a common sense remark in regard to the fuss Prof. Hind is kicking up about the Halifax award. The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* has won the prize in the following paragraph:

The Halifax award has been paid, and the matter should be allowed to rest, notwithstanding the fact that under that decision we were assessed $5,500,000 for about $500,000 worth of fish. John Bull got the better of us in that affair, just as we got the better of him in the Geneva award, and that is about all there is of it.

If Hind participated in the getting up of false statistics when the Canadian claim was being prepared he was a scamp, and is, therefore, not worthy of notice now.

EVEN Germany can learn something now in military tactics. Some of the Asiatics, it appears, teach their cavalry horses to lie down, and the troopers find good shelter behind their living ramparts of poor dobbins. A body of cavalry ride towards the enemy. When within a given distance the troopers dismount, their horses lie down, and then the men bang away at the enemy. There are times, no doubt, when such tactics would be of great value, but a breastwork of horses is an expensive defence, and a German General would be likely to consider which was of more value—the horses or the men—as for humanity that has nothing to do with it, and as to the question of value it would depend on circumstances. Sometimes a horse is worth more than a man, and sometimes a man is worth more than a horse.

Insanity on the Increase.

Governor Cornell, of New York, calls attention, we see, in his late message to the marked increase of insanity in the State of New York. Every year adds about 500 to the number of lunatics who have to be accommodated in public asylums. This bears out what doctors are from time to time telling us of the singular increase in nervous diseases which is characteristic of the present age. Are we to submit tamely to this growing evil or shall we try and trace it to its source and make war upon it there. We incline to think that the trouble springs in large measure from a want of harmony in modern society. Men now-a-days very often think one thing, feel another, and act in a way that corresponds neither with what they think nor with what they feel, but with what they fancy other people think or feel. There never was a period, we believe, when people in general less understood their own minds. You cannot in the present day judge what a man thinks by what he says; in nine cases out of ten the opinion he expresses is a purely conventional one. This, however, is not a healthy state of things and many evils both moral and intellectual must flow from it. We want what the Germans call an *Aufklarung* to give us a fresh start in the path of intellectual sincerity. Modern life is yet reposing upon the foundations that were laid for older and very different civilizations. We want new foundations for the new superstructure; we want a new unity of life, and when once we get that the wards in our asylums will begin to empty.

The Hours of Labor.

Dr. Bergin, M.P. for Cornwall, has introduced into Parliament "an Act to regulate the hours of labor in the shops, mills and factories of the Dominion of Canada." Such a measure is undoubtedly needed, but the present one hardly goes far enough in its provisions. The evils that arise from the long confinement of children and women in mills and factories is one that requires to be remedied with a strong hand. The present Act does not sufficiently limit the hours of labor. Thus it provides that children under fourteen years of age shall not be employed continuously for more than five and a half hours without an interval of at least one hour for a meal. Under this article a child might work for eleven hours a day, which is certainly too long. For young persons the day's work is fixed between 6.30 a. m. and 6.30 p.m., including one hour for dinner, but a half holiday is provided for on Saturday. The week's labor, however, mounts up to 60½ hours. The hours of women are 65½ hours per week. Then for children, young people and women when they work at home, which, though used as a dwelling, is, by reason of the work carried on there, a factory or workshop within the meaning of the Act, a similar number of hours per week is fixed. In view of the fact that tradesmen in Scotland refuse to labor more than 51 hours a week, these working hours for women and children are not sufficiently restricted. The bill is deficient also in regard to the penalties for violations of its provisions. They vary from two to ten dollars for each infraction. To the employers who break the law this will scarcely seem a very terrible penalty. The Bill, however, in its sanitary provisions and in creating inspectors, is undoubtedly thorough and practical, and with the amendments we have suggested will prove very beneficial. It should be added that children under ten years of age are absolutely prohibited from working, and those between that age and fourteen years must attend school during sixteen weeks of the year. We would suggest six months as a preferable term. However, in the Committee, to which this Bill will be referred, thorough consideration will be given to all these details.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Mr. Blake's Montreal meeting was a ticket-of-leave affair—those who had no tickets were compelled to leave.—*Toronto Mail.*

If the great English landlords do not foresee what is waiting for them in the immediate future they are short-sighted men.—*New York Sun.*

Very little boys have started very big fires before now, Greece is a little country, but Greece may set Europe in a blaze yet.—*New York Sun.*

Wendell Phillips says that no reform, moral or intellectual, ever came down from the upper classes of society. But nobody questions the blue blood in the veins of Wendell Phillips.—*Boston Herald.*

No doubt the Land League is costing the Crown a great deal of money, but if that leads to some measure of justice being meted out to the tenant class of Ireland, much good will result, on the whole, from the expenditure.—*Boston Transcript.*

The Irish question has baffled the most lucid intelligence and the most generous impulses of English statesmanship. And why? Is it not because there is something in the land and legislative systems which cannot bear discussion?—*New York Tribune.*

A telegram from Ottawa to a local contemporary says the Government are determined to push the Syndicate bargain to a vote this week. Why this haste? Does it spring from fear of other companies offering terms more favorable to the country?—*London Advertiser.*

A Mr. Gerner sends us 120 pages of rhymes in small type—advance sheets, as it were—and requests us to read the work "through to the end," and then criticise. This able editorial is for the purpose of informing Mr. Gerner that Methuselah is not connected with this paper.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Three elections have been annulled for undue influence. We do not hesitate to say that these three judgments are three judicial lies of the first order….The proof in these cases was a series of exaggerations of inexactitudes; the sentences were models of cæsarism and ignorance.—*Le Canadien.*

During the past twenty years this country has received from Canada an immigration equal to half the present population of Canada, and that circumstance alone should prove that no matter how delusive other remedies may be, the attempt to relieve Ireland by building up Canada is certain to be a failure.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

It must come to this: either we must suspend all laws securing individual liberty in Ireland, and garrison it; or we must accept the doctrine that in matters solely affecting Ireland, Irishmen must be the best judges of what is to their advantage. There is no third course, and the sooner we realize this, the better it will be for us.—*London Truth.*

Canada has now a debt of something over $200,000,000. It was $199,125,323 last July, and projected public works will largely increase it. This is larger, in proportion to wealth, than the debt of the United States, and it will be an argument on this side against the annexation of Canada. It is no argument, however, against a reciprocity treaty, which would be advantageous to both countries.—*Boston Herald.*

All great popular movements are attended more or less with breaches of the peace and local outrages, and it is by no means to be expected that Ireland should be an exception, however much these are to be deplored. It is honorable to the present leader of the Irish hosts that he deprecates violent measures to promote success, and that he boldly invites examination on the subject.—*Boston Post.*

In the long run English sense has always triumphed over English sentiment. England may be, and probably is, thoroughly Radical at the present moment. But because it is Radical there is no reason to make us think that Englishmen have divested themselves of that respect for law and order which is the heritage of their history, or that they have suddenly changed their conceptions of the principles upon which society can be carried on.—*London World.*

While Canada wants all the immigrants she can get, there will be a good deal of risk in bringing none but Irish peasants. They know little about farming, and as has frequently been pointed out by those who ought to know, they are lazy and drink more than is good for them. This may be owing to their unhappy condition of servitude, which crushes all ambition out of them. Nevertheless, it appears to be the fact, so that the experiment of converting them into Canadian farmers, will be watched with a good deal of interest.—*Toronto Telegram.*

The Liberal creed in regard to our Colonies has always been that they, not we, benefit by their connexion with us, and that they are free to maintain or to break off that connexion. I know of no more reason why we should annex the Boers than that the Boers should annex us, except that might makes right. During Lord Beaconsfield's tenure of office, Liberals agitated against all these Imperial abominations. Now that a Liberal Government has succeeded that of the Jingo crew, we must be true to ourselves, and, wherever it be possible, reverse a policy that we have declared to be wicked, unwise, and unjustifiable.—*London Truth.*

Sancho Panza blessed the man who invented sleep, but nobody seems to have thought of blessing the man who invented ice. If it were not for ice there would be neither curling nor skating, and in the hot days of July and August there would be no cool drinks or ice cream. It opens a wide field of thought when you recall that the ice some fat curler falls on, in trying to make the hog score, may be served up to you in a lemonade in the course of next summer, or the ice over which some fair damsel glided on skates in January, may help to make the ice cream her young man buys for her in June.—*Toronto Telegram.*

A tax upon real estate touches everybody in the community in which the tax is laid, and everybody who has business to do with the community. No one can evade the searching power of such a tax. It is bound to distribute itself over the whole surface of business. One might as well attempt to heap water up in one spot as endeavor to evade a tax on real estate. The rich lawyer, paying but little taxation directly, will indirectly contribute to some other person's taxes every time he spends a dollar. The wholesale merchant and the retailer adds his taxes to his other outgoings, and calculates his prices accordingly.—*Toronto Globe.*

Whatever sympathy we may feel for a brave people in a struggle for independence, the first duty of the Government of a constitutional empire in the face of an unprovoked rebellion is to put it down. The second—and we feel sure the present Liberal Government of Great Britain will not be slow to recognize it—it is to see that the re-established order rests upon a basis of justice, and has due regard to the rights of all concerned. Whether it would be wise or right, at the proper time and under proper conditions and sureties as to their treatment of the natives, to restore to the Boers their independence, is a matter for after consideration.—*Toronto Globe.*

The Boat Race Postponed.

A London despatch says that owing to the severe frost and the fact that there is a quantity of ice on the river, the Hanlan-Laycock race is postponed. Should the weather prove favorable, the race will probably take place next Saturday.

New Magazines.

THE INTERNATIONAL REVIEW for January, A. S. Barnes & Co., New York, publishers.—This Review is brimful of interesting matter this month. An article on Ireland, by Leonard Courtney, M.P., one of the English independent Liberals, is specially able, and discusses the question of Home Rule in a most judicial manner. While admitting the general principle that a national demand for self-government should be recognized, he yet maintains that the present demand is not a deep rooted serious desire of the Irish nation, and that if the land question is settled satisfactorily it will be still less so. He, moreover, expresses an opinion that the Irish temperament would make havoc in a local parliament. Disorder would prevail. A false commercial system would be sought to be inaugurated to develop Irish industries. Bounties, subsidies, grants would be given, and money would be accordingly freely borrowed. Then a cry would be raised for a protective tariff in the interest of Irish industry; "but the follies of which English colonies and the United States may be guilty, without conscious suffering, would be followed by a swift punishment of misery in a country like Ireland, with no reserve of fertile lands to which labor can be directed." "Bush Life," by Walter Chamberlain, M.P., another English Radical, is a continuance of a description of Australia and a forecast of its future, which the writer believes to be that of a United Empire, second only to that which may be taken by the United States. "The Chinese Question" is ably discussed by Prof. Van Buren Denslow, who ably ridicules the "scare." "State Support of Denominational Schools" is the continuation of Rev. R. W. Dale's article. Other articles are "Recent Biographies of Edgar A. Poe," by E. L. Didier; "Horace Bushnell," by Prof. G. P. Fisher; "A Book from the Iliad of India," by Edwin Arnold.

THE EVANGELICAL REPOSITORY. Thomas D. Morison, Glasgow, publisher.—We have received a number of this quarterly magazine of theological literature, and can recommend its form and management. Articles on "Psychological Impossibilities," by the Rev. Robert Mitchell, an eminent Manchester pastor; "The Pastor as the Model Christian," by the Rev. George Cron; "Some Tendencies of Modern Science," by Wm. Hamilton, are worthy of special notice. But the article that will attract the most attention is on "The Sabbath Question," being a lecture delivered by the Rev. Dr. Morison, the founder of a branch of the Congregational Church in Scotland, on the occasion of an Inaugural *Sunday Lecture* by Professor Tyndall, of London, to which we have already referred. The perusal of Dr. Morison's essay is an intellectual treat. The careful, insidious way in which the promises are laid down, and the bold manner in which a forcible and logical superstructure is erected thereon, it is a delight to notice. The promises are that there is a God, that the Old Testament is the Word of God. It is further proved from the New Testament that the decalogue is binding on all times, and hence that the fourth commandment is not peculiarly Judaic, but is law to all. The objection that the Sabbath of the moral law is a different day from our Sunday is treated as a paltry one. "The seventh day of the week" is nowhere mentioned in the commandment. "It says, 'Six days shalt thou labor,' but it does not specify which six days. It says, 'The seventh is the Sabbath of the Lord,' but the seventh is not specified as the seventh day of the week. It is specified only as the seventh relating to the preceding six." The institution of Sabbath antidated the bestowal of the decalogue, and was not Judaic. It was instituted at the creation. The writer explains his belief that the first chapter of Genesis is not scientific history, and was, never intended to be. The creation as in Genesis was but a pictorial revelation to the scribe, the shifting scenes of which were sub-divided into six, under the form of six days' work, so that at the close there might be a seventh day, the Sabbath of the Lord, to be hallowed and set apart for the consideration of the solemnities of human life. The transcendent importance and universal obligation and blessing of a weekly Sabbath day is thereby illustrated. There is a time to weep as well as a time to laugh. The Sabbath is a time for solemnity and reverence and awe, but not for gloom and austerity. It is moreover a human need. These things should guide us in the choice of our Sunday avocations. The essay contains many passages of singular literary beauty, to which space will not permit us to refer. The writer does not wish to plunge into a debate of minute questions of Sabbath observance. He leaves that to the conscience of individuals, but he fears that some of the members of the Sunday Society, who advocate the opening of museums and places of amusement on Sundays, have ulterior objects in view, and would not much regret the total abolition of Sunday, of the Church, of Christianity, Religion, and of the very idea of a God. The article evinces much shrewdness. In a short space every argument is marshalled to support the writer's view. The discussion on this question is sure to spread.

A Glutton.

Joshua Joynes, a man well known in the eastern part of Virginia as a glutton, sat down to dinner on New Year's Day, near Onanacock, Va., and disposed of as much food as would have served a dozen men for a good square meal. Joynes has frequently performed similar ridiculous feats for wagers. His bill of fare to-day consisted of fifteen pounds of pork, twelve links of Bologna sausage, sauce from one large hog, one large goose, which the gormandizer has had up fattening for the past month, one well-grown chicken, one peck of sweet potatoes, one dozen large biscuits, one large mince pie, and six cups of strong coffee. Joynes sat down to this repast at 1 o'clock, and at half-past two he had disposed of every article named, picked the bones of the fowls, and took a glass of egg-nog. He then smoked a pipe, jumped on a horse and rode five miles through the frosty air. Joynes weighs two hundred and fifty pounds, and is a good-humored fellow of 60.—*Chicago Times.*

City News.

—The election of Councillors for the Town of St. Henri will take place to-day.

—The Society of St. Vincent de Paul held general meeting yesterday at the Hotel Dieu Hospital.

—Our contemporary, *Le Nouveau Monde*, has changed its title and will in future be known simply as *Le Monde*.

—Dr. McBean's door-plate, which mysteriously disappeared a few night's ago, has been as mysteriously replaced in its old position.

—The Thistle Benefit and Social Society intend celebrating the Birthday of Robert Burns by a concert in Nordheimer's Hall on the 25th instant.

—The first of Mrs Thurston and Mr Whiteley's musical matinees was held in Queen's Hall on Saturday afternoon, and passed off with marked success.

—James Curley, a gentleman upwards of 60 years old, fell on the sidewalk on Saturday and broke one of his legs just above the ankle. He was taken to the General Hospital.

—Mary Sheehan, about 40 years of age, wife of John Brown, was found dead in a yard off No. 13 Hermine street. The Coroner was notified, and an inquest will be held.

—In response to a very numerously signed requisition, headed by the name of Ald. Grenier, Alderman Holland has consented to offer himself for re-election in the Centre Ward.

—One of "Big John's" braves was nearly drowned on Saturday while conveying the mails from Lachine to Caughnawaga. He was about disappearing under the ice when one of his companions rescued him.

—At the meeting of the Land League yesterday afternoon, six new members were added to the roll. The receipts amounted to over $20. The Treasurer reported that $400 had been sent to the Land League in Ireland during the week.

—Yesterday, His Grace Archbishop Bourget preached in the Notre Dame Cathedral to a large congregation. His Grace's appeal to the people for funds to clear off the debt of the Bishop's Palace was generously responded to, some $3,000 being collected.

—On Saturday evening a number of the members of the Fire Brigade met at the Central Station to present Mr. W. McRobie, the retiring Chief of the Salvage Corps with an address and a purse of $80, on the occasion of his leaving the brigade. The presentation was made by Sub-Chief McCulloch.

—Two plumbers, Robert and Thomas Short, employes of Mattinson, Young & Co., were badly scalded Saturday afternoon in the *Gazette* engine room, through the bursting of the tank into which the engine exhausts. They were taken to the General Hospital, and will be at work again in a few days.

—Thursday last Mgr. Bourget, at the invitation of the cure, preached in the parish church at Boucherville. During the day the places of business were closed, and the town presented quite a holiday appearance. After the service His Grace was given $1,100 by the parishioners towards paying off the debt of the bishopric.

—The Montreal Veterinary Medical Association held its regular fortnightly meeting in the Veterinary College, Saturday evening, Mr M C Baker, V S, presiding. Mr F T Carter, communicated an interesting and complicated case of laryngitis, after which Mr Richard Price read a thesis on pneumonia. The meeting then came to a close.

—On Saturday afternoon Rose Rafter, a woman about fifty years of age, was run over at the corner of Gain and Craig streets by a horse driven by a boy in the employ of Jean Bte. Deschamp, butcher of Bonsecours Market. The victim, who was injured on the right arm and back, was subsequently removed to her home and attended to by a physician.

—Canon Evans announced to his congregation yesterday morning that the services on Sunday next would be the last in the old church. His Lordship the Bishop will preach in the morning and in the evening the Rev. Canon Evans will preach the last sermon there. The Sunday following the congregation will occupy the basement of their new building.

Noon Telegrams.

CABLE.

LAND LEAGUE PROSECUTIONS.—DUBLIN, Jan 17.—Land League prosecutions are cropping up all over the land. On Saturday ninety-six summonses were served on six prominent members of the Maryborough Land League for compelling shop keepers to join the League. Warrants have been issued for eleven officials of Kerry branches, including a Catholic priest.

AMERICAN.

THE CHINESE TREATY.—NEW YORK, January 17.—The *Times* says Democratic Congressmen from the Pacific Coast are united in opposition to the new Chinese Immigration Treaty. Republican Congressmen from the Pacific are not wholly in its favor, and point out two defects; the first the possible construction of the word "Laborers"; second, the fact that the treaty in effect permits the naturalization of the Chinese.

SS. ARRIVALS.—NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Arrived, SS. "Travancor" and "Erin," from Liverpool….The SS. "Ontario," from Liverpool, 6th inst., arrived at Portland, 3 p.m. Sunday.

THE WHITTAKER CASE.—NEW YORK, January 17.—The Whittaker court of inquiry cost the Government $4,000, and the court martial will cost $6,000 more.

WAR INEVITABLE.—NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The *World's* London special says: I have been told by well-informed persons that the British Ministry now regard war between Greece and Turkey inevitable, and fears it will involve others.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A Washington special to the *Herald* says the recount of a portion of South Carolina's population results in a striking confirmation of the June count. The census of 1870 was badly taken.

THE ICE CROP.—NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The capacity of five leading city ice company's houses is 1,610,000 tons. None are packing ice in Maine, as the home crop is large and excellent. Ice will be cheap next season.

POSTAL TELEGRAPHS.—WASHINGTON, January 17.—It is reported that several bills for the establishment of postal telegraphs will be presented immediately in the House.

BLAINE'S RESIGNATION.—NEW YORK, January 17.—The *Times* says Mr Blaine's resignation is expected this week.

TAMMANY.—NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The *Tribune* says Tammany Committee of Organization will meet to-morrow, and John Kelly be chosen chairman.

A SANGUINARY REVENGE.—ATLANTA, Jan. 17.—While four negroes were taking cotton from a plantation at Cochran last week they had a few words with a white man, who passed them. He borrowed a gun and followed the negroes and shot two fatally.

Special Notice.

The fact that any discovery increases in popularity with age is *prima facia* evidence that it supplies a public need and is possessed of true merit. Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum is a remarkable evidence of this, it is now over 20 years since the inventor first introduced it to the public, and it is now to be found in almost every home in Canada. As a cough remedy it has no equal. Sold by all chemists. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle. 12-2

New Advertisements To-Day.

WANTED—A Blacksmith to do General Jobbing and attend to an Engine and Boiler. Apply to Burns & Gormley, 675 Craig street. 13 3

WANTED—A situation as Bar-tender. Good experience. Address F. C., STAR office. 13 3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A good size Sample Room, ground floor would be preferred, or a small store in a business locality. Moderate rent. Applicants must mention the street and number. 10 6 Post-office Box No. 1725.

New Advertisements To-Day.

WATER DEPARTMENT.

The undersigned having been authorized by the Water Committee to confer with the plumbers of this city to ascertain their views on the proposed rules and alterations of the By-Law regulating the Water Fixtures in houses: NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting will be held in the Water Committee Room, City Hall, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 19th instant, at TWO o'clock p. m., where gentlemen connected with the plumbing trade are requested to come and give their views and opinions on the proposed changes mentioned above.

By order.

LOUIS LESAGE, Supt. of W. W.

Montreal, 15th January, 1881. 13 2

CHESTER'S CURE! AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR *ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH, CROUP,* AND ALL DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY ORGANS.

Many marvellous cures effected in the City of Montreal, and throughout the Dominion. Perfect health restored to hopeless sufferers.

For sale by all Druggists. Price, large, $1; small, 50c per box.

Persons not being able to procure small packages at the city drug stores, can be supplied by the proprietors at 389 Lagauchetiere street, who will forward package promptly, free of postage.

WM. E. CHESTER & CO.,

13 389 LAGAUCHETIERE STREET, MONTREAL.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned Brewers and Malsters have this day purchased the entire plant, business and goodwill of The Montreal Brewing Company, situated at 14, 16 and 18 Jacques Cartier street, corner of St. Mary street, and have entered into Partnership for the purpose of continuing the business of brewing and Malting, under the same name and style as heretofore.

The signature of the firm will be

THE MONTREAL BREWING CO.

THOMAS CUSHING, CHARLES STRANGMAN.

Montreal, January 1, 1881. 13 3

1881. VALENTINES. 1881.

FULL LINE JUST RECEIVED.

Price list on application.

THE MONTREAL NEWS COMPANY,

13 6 588 Craig street.

MONEY TO LOAN,

On first Mortgage security, at low rates of interest.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON,

Real Estate, Insurance and Financial Agent,

13 12 191 St. James street.

COUGHS AND COLDS!

There is no necessity to let a Cough or Cold settle upon the lungs and end in the most dreaded of all diseases, Consumption.

You can break up a simple cold very soon by using GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM,

it is a simple but very effective remedy.

Sold by all Chemists, price 25c and 50c per bottle.

BAR AND FIXTURES FOR SALE—A first-class Bar and Fixtures, one of the best stands in the city; opposite the Champ de Mars. Will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to

J. B. ARCAND, Volunteers' House,

7 12 461 CRAIG STREET.

THE NEW YORK HOUSE ON THE WAR-PATH—$500 to be thrown away between now and the 1st of May. Board reduced. Table Board, $3.00 per week, $12 per month. Transient, $1 per day. Elegant warm rooms at your own price until the commencement of American travel. This will take effect on and after February 1st. American cooks and proprietor. 13z

STORES WANTED—With Good fronts on the following streets: St. Lawrence Main street, between St. Catherine and Craig. Craig street, near St. Lawrence Main street. St. Joseph street, between McGill street and Chaboillez Square. St. Mary street, west of the Barracks, immediate possession required. Address at once, giving full particulars to "G. M.," care of S. J. Moore, Bengough Moore & Co., Printers, Adelaide street, west, Toronto. 13 1

LACHINE to CAUGHNAWAGA —"BIG JOHN" attends all the trains from Montreal at Lachine, except the last leaving here at 6.15, which he only attends by special order, to ferry passengers and goods across to Caughnawaga. Fare 25c. 10

HORSE WANTED FOR LIGHT EXPRESS. Apply 308 Bonaventure, or 30 St. Gabriel street. 12 2

STORE WANTED — On St. James street, Address, "Store," STAR office. 5

FOR SALE—"Harvard," "Frank-lin" and "Forest Grates, two small size Self-feeders, and three Box Stoves for wood, at 754 Craig street. 13 1

FEMALE ORGANIST Wanted, for small Church. Must speak French. Address "M.B.," STAR office. 13 2

ROOM WANTED, in a German family. Address "M.B.," STAR office. 13 2

BOARD — Young man of good family wishes board in private family; references given. Address, N. 307, STAR office. 13 2

TO LET—Small Farm or Market Garden, within three miles of the city limits, large house, barn, &c. Long lease will be given. "A. B. C.," STAR office. 13 1

CAPITAL TO INVEST—A Man of great ability as active partner, desires to invest some money with manufacturers or wholesale traders. Address, with full name and address, Box 208, P.O. 13 3

FOR ADOPTION—A Little Girl 9 months old. Apply by letter to T 201, STAR Office. 10 6

FOR SALE CHEAP—Six recent-ly built, solid brick houses, stone foundations, Nos. 57 to 67 Moreau street, Hochelaga, near the Hudon Cotton Mills and Railway station, good investment. Apply to S. Burland & Co., Real Estate Investment Agents, 114 St. James street. $46,000 cash, in various amounts to lend at low interest. 13 6

FOR SALE—All contents of a House. Address, A. C., STAR Office. 13 3

PHOTO LENS FOR SALE—Suit-able for magic lantern, at 754 Craig street. 13 1

LEMON AND WHITE FOX TERRIER DOG LOST, answers to the name of "Rip." The finder will be rewarded on returning him to 150 Upper St. Urbain street. 13 3

ROOMS—For Married Couple or Single Gentlemen, with or without board. 498 Lagauchetiere street. 13 1

ROOMS or Table Board. No. 20 Brunswick street. 13 3

ROOMS TO LET — Furnished Bedrooms, first-class, Club Chambers, 855 Dorchester street. 13 2

BOARD—Good Board. $2.50 per week, at 266 William street. 13 1

SICK NURSE, TRAINED, from the old country, is at present disengaged, good recommendations. Enquire for "Q. 320." STAR office. 13 3

EXPERIENCED and Good Plain Cooks, Kitchen Maid, Laundress, Housemaid, Tablemaid, Seamstress, with references, wants situations. Miss Neville, 67 Jurors street, Registry Office. 13 1

WIDOW—Protestant, wants a situation as nurse, to one child, or working housekeeper, good references. 67 Jurors street. 13 1

GENERAL SERVANT, with ex-perience, wants a situation. 67 Jurors street. 13 1

AS SALESMAN OR TRAVEL-LER—Wanted a Situation, for Hardware, Metals, Paints or Oils, &c. Address, "H. M. P.," STAR office. 13tf

AS SALESMAN, TRAVELLER, OR OFFICE—Wanted a situation in groceries. Address "C. P. W.," STAR office. 13 tf

SMART SEWING GIRLS to learn Cravat making. Apply to H. A. Demers & Co., 185 St. James street. 13 1

20 SHIRT IRONERS WANTED. Constant employment at Tooke Bros., 522 St. Paul street. 13 3

YOUTH WANTED—Who has some knowlege of counter work, one who has been in a store, and who speaks French and English preferred. Address stating age and references, to "W. 286," STAR office. 13 3

STEADY YOUNG MAN WANTED, as coachman, must be well recommended. Wm. Evans, Seedsman. 13 4

HOUSE AND TABLEMAID, ex-perienced wanted. Apply 156 Metcalfe street. 13 3

HOUSEMAIDS, COOKS, GEN-ERAL SERVANTS, at Mrs. Corbett's, 64½ Bleury street. 13 1

WANTED—A Nicely Furnish-ed room, without board, in strictly private family, vicinity of Beaver Hall. Address "H. D.," STAR office. 13 1

WANTED TO RENT—A Store, suitable for sample room or saloon. Address "W. 297," STAR office. 13 2

WANTED—A Lumber Sawyer. Apply to Mr. H. C. Lamoureux & Co., at No. 33 Notre Dame street, Montreal, or at Coaticooke, P.Q., St. Jean Baptiste street. 13 6

Auction Sales.

By Benning & Barsalou.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING ACTS.

In Re THE MONTREAL WEAVING CO., Insolvent.

The undersigned Assignee will sell, by public auction, on the premises of the Company, Papineau Road, on THURSDAY, 20th JANUARY, 1881.

COMMENCING AT 11 A.M., THE FOLLOWING:

40 Looms for Weaving Corsets, 40 Jacquard Machines, 1 Web and Tape Loom, 1 single Drum Winding Machine, 1 Spooling Machine, 2 cases Hooks, Eyes and Rivets for Bustles, 5 cases Weavers' Reeds, 5 cases Shuttles, 6 cases Bobbins, 52 Lace Looms, 12 Earthen Busts, 1 Boiler-plate Tank for Boiling Linen, 2 Washing Machines, 1 Eyeleting Machine, 1 Punch, 1 Swinging Punch, 1 large lot old Cast Iron, 1 large lot Old Iron, 1 lot Hangers, Shafting and Pulleys, 1 lot large Sheet-iron Bobbins, and other sundries.

Conditions—Cash.

The above can be seen by application to the undersigned.

L. JOS. LAJOIE, Assignee.

BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

Office of Lajoie, Perrault & Seath, 64, 66 and 68 St. James street, Montreal, 15th Jan. 1881. 12 4

By W. E. Shaw.

SINGING CANARIES and other Birds, for Sale, MONDAY and TUESDAY, at 235 St. James street.

12 W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

FIVE SEVEN OCTAVE Piano-fortes, one Grand Piano, large six-light Bronze Gasalier, crystal Gasalier, 3 neat Walnut Sideboards, 6 Parlor Sets, Marble-top Bedroom Sets, Dining Tables, large assortment Chairs, Job lots Furs, Overshoes, Platedware and Hardware, a few nice pictures, China and Crockery, &c., to close accounts, Bookcase, Secretary Card-table, Ranges, Mirrors and Household Effects. Next large sale at my store, 235 St. James street,

FRIDAY MORNING, 21ST INST.,

Sale at TEN o'clock.

W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

WEEKLY SALE—Horses Sleighs, Harness, &c., at Maguire's Horse Market, College street, FRIDAY AFTERNOON, 21st inst., at TWO o'clock.

12 W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

NOTICE—On the 26th instant, will be sold by auction, at the Office of La Compagnie de Prêt et Credit Fonciers, No. 8 St. Lambert Hill, properties of the above Company, for permanent shares.

By order,

5 17 G. N. FAUTEUX, Cashier.

BANKRUPT STOCK OF HAB-ERDASHERY FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

In the matter of GEORGE BOND & CO., 415 Notre Dame Street.

On TUESDAY, the 25th inst., the Stock and Fixtures belonging to above Estate, will be sold on the premises, in one lot, at so much in the dollar of the Inventory prices.

The Stock and Stock Books can be seen any time during business hours, up to date of sale.

Sale at ELEVEN o'clock.

12 H. B. PICKEN, JR., Trustee.

New Advertisements To-Day.

A Luxury Unknown

IN CANADA!

FRENCH COFFEE!

As used in Paris!

IN ITS HIGHEST PERFECTION.

Get Circulars for Particulars.

SOLD BY GROCERS GENERALLY.

Wholesale by

WM. JOHNSON & CO.

77 St. James Street,

MONTREAL. 6*

SHOP WANTED

— FOR —

WOODWORKERS!

WITH ABOUT FIVE HORSE POWER.

Would also rent Dwelling and Stable adjoining or adjacent.

Address,

10* W., P. O. BOX 1365.

SKREI! SKREI!!

COD LIVER OIL.

The new Skrei brand of Norway Cod Liver Oil, so pure and tasteless that it can be easily taken by the most sensitive invalid.

FOR SALE AT THE

MEDICAL HALL,

AND ITS BRANCHES. 246*eod

Arless

FIRST PRIZE—ARLESS, PHO-TOGRAPHER, awarded FIRST PRIZE for Carte de Visite, Cabinet and Colored Photographs at Dominion Exhibition, Montreal, 1880. The Prize Pictures are now on view at my Studio and are open to inspection by the public.

G. C. ARLESS,

278 2aw 737 Craig street, cor Victoria Square

Auction Sales.

By Thomas J. Potter.

89 AND 91 YOUNG STREET, near Ottawa street. Lot 24 feet by 90 feet with two-story Brick House in rear. Sale at my Rooms TUESDAY, January 18th at TEN o'clock. NO RESERVE.

9 THOS. J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

81 BRITANNIA STREET, Point St. Charles. Comfortable small Brick-cased Dwelling and Lot 25 by 100 ft., with wide lane, a really good property for a Mechanic. No encumbrances. Sale at my rooms TUESDAY, January 18th, at half-past TEN o'clock.

9 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

135 PRINCE STREET—SOLID Brick House, with stone foundation and excellent cellar. House strongly built and in good order, and must always rent quickly, being close to all the great manufacturing establishments. Sale by order of Mrs. McInernay, at my rooms,

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19th, AT HALF-PAST TEN O'CLOCK.

10 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

35 COURSOL STREET. BRICK COTTAGE, stone foundation, in very nice order. Convenient to cars. Healthy locality. A comfortable home for a man of moderate means. Terms easy. Sale at my rooms, WEDNESDAY, January 19th instant, at half-past TEN o'clock.

9 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

27 AND 29 COTE STREET, **32 BLEURY STREET.**

Valuable and very Central Properties, both near CRAIG STREET, adapted for manufacturing premises. Sale by auction, at my Salesroom, THURSDAY, 20th January, at half-past TEN a.m., by order of Mr. William Patterson.

The large emplacement, 32 Bleury street, is about 44x116ft., with two one-story wooden houses, and fine brick stable, coach house and other buildings at the rear.

The solid brick premises and dwelling, Nos. 27 and 29 Cote street, known as the VICTORIA LIVERY STABLES, very substantially built under the supervision of Messrs. Hopkins & Wily, and are said to be the finest in the Dominion. Perfectly drained and ventilated, and the building was designed after the most approved modern style and with ample storage room. The dwelling is spacious and comfortable, and the whole can be easily converted into manufacturing premises. Size 52 by 102 ft., with wide lane in rear. Sale at half-past TEN o'clock.

11 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 UPPER ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

Wooden shops and five dwellings, all well-built, and very comfortable, with two lots, one 45x75ft., and one 45x150ft., running through to St. Dominique street, on which street are two houses, Nos. 8 and 10, the whole forming a desirable investment for a small capitalist; property being situate on one of the main arteries of the city. Sale at my rooms, FRIDAY, 21st January instant, at half-past TEN o'clock.

THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

Also, a fine corner lot, 36 feet on Gain street and 45 feet on Lagauchetiere street, close to Craig street. 10

ST. JOSEPH STREET AND ST. DAVID LANE, valuable corner and one of the only CENTRAL lots to be had on this important thoroughfare. Best part of the street being half way between McGill street and Chaboillez square. Size 52x104 ft. No encumbrances whatever. Terms cash. Sale at my Rooms,

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21ST, At half-past TEN o'clock,

12 THOS. J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

23½ and 25 COTE STREET, Recently known as "JELLYMAN'S PAPER BOX FACTORY."

Next to Theatre Royal. The above desirable and spacious manufacturing premises will be sold by order of Mr. R. JELLYMAN, at my Salesroom, on FRIDAY, 21st January, at ELEVEN o'clock.

9 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

COTTAGE AND GARDEN. Lot 33x175. 143 CADIEUX STREET.

A very attractive and pleasant house, with extention Kitchen and plenty of room on the ground floor. The Cottage is nicely shaded by full-grown trees in the summer. Garden well kept and planted with fruit trees.

SALE SATURDAY, 22nd JANUARY, at Half-past TEN o'clock.

12 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

GOOD CORNER PROPERTY. Amherst and Dorchester street corner, Brick Store, Brick Tenement Dwelling and two Wooden Houses, being Nos. 224, 226, 230 Dorchester street, Nos. 109, 111 Amherst street; worth $408 per annum rental; no encumbrances whatever. Terms half cash, balance 3 years at 6 per cent, or all cash will be taken if desired.

Sale at my rooms MONDAY, 24TH JANUARY.

10 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

118 & 120 GERMAN STREET, and No. 1 DUMARAIS STREET. VALUABLE CORNER BLOCK, substantial cut-stone front and stone back, near Dorchester street, one of the finest and best built properties in St. Louis Ward. Commuted. Perfect title. No encumbrances of any kind whatever. Taxes all paid up. Lot 44x72ft. Houses tiled drained and in good repair and always occupied by first-class tenants. Capitalists looking for a secure and permanent real estate investment, should examine this property. Sale at my room on MONDAY, JANUARY 24th, at Half-past TEN o'clock.

12 THOMAS. J. POTTER. Auctioneer.

HANDSOME NEW RESI-DENCE, 112 UNIVERSITY STREET, just below Sherbrooke street—one of the most desirable and complete private houses yet offered to public competition—will be sold by Auction on TUESDAY, 25th January, Full particulars will be published, Key at my office. Very easy terms of sale.

12 THOS. J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

By John J. Arnton.

UNRESERVED SALE — TWO BRICK Houses, 126 and 128 St. Martin street, also, one House on back of lot, rear of St. Joseph's Church, lot 25x100, will be sold at my rooms, on TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY INST., AT TEN O'CLOCK.

This is a good, well-built property. Part can be paid monthly, or the whole in cash.

10 JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

TWO WOODEN COTTAGES, Nos. 197 and 199 Ottawa street, with lot 37 x 90, (situated next to corner of Eleanor street), close to the Government Sheds and Factories. A snug little investment for a man of moderate means. Perfect title, subject to usual ground rent. Sale at my rooms on

TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY, AT TEN O'CLOCK.

7 JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

NO. 457 WELLINGTON Street, opposite Grace Church, immediate vicinity of new G. T. Offices and Works; the lot is a valuable one, size 40 x 140, on which is erected a small brick house.

Sale on TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY, at my rooms, at TEN o'clock.

7 JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR SALE of the DAW-SON PROPERTY on DUBORD STREET, back of the Viger Market, at my rooms on THURSDAY, 20th JANUARY.

Old Wooden Building, Nos. 3 to 7 Dubord street. Lot about 45x86. Area per cadastre, 3,891 sq. feet.

Dwelling and Workshop, No. 11 Dubord street. Lot about 38x85. Area per cadastre, 3,280 sq. feet.

These two parcels must become very valuable and must be sold. The Executors desire to realize for the benefit in part of the Minors.

Sale at TEN o'clock.

12 JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

132 DUROCHER STREET. FINE STONE (Rock front with cut-stone facings) HOUSE, containing modern improvements, viz.: Gas in every room, hot and cold water, speaking tube, bath and W.C.; 10 apartments, 3 marble mantles and 2 grates, all in good order. House stands on lot 25 ft. x 100 ft.; has been carefully built by former owner for his private occupancy, drainage carefully trapped and warranted perfect. Lane in rear opening on PRINCE ARTHUR STREET. English Sashes with 26 oz. glass.

The above very desirable and cheerful residence will be sold at my rooms on

THURSDAY, 20th JANUARY INST., at HALF-PAST TEN O'CLOCK.

JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

Permits on application. 10

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN.

Just received, direct from the manufacturers, a large and complete stock.

AN INSPECTION INVITED.
AN INSPECTION INVITED.

LYMAN, SONS & CO.,
LYMAN, SONS & CO.,

St. Paul Street. 281*

$100,000 DRY GOODS AT A SACRIFICE.

The undersigned having purchased the stock of STEVENSON & CO., is now offering it to the Trade

— AT —

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

An early call is solicited.

WM. MOODIE.

J. S. BROWN, Agent.

No. 12 St. Helen Street, Dec. 24, 1880. 304 20

STORAGE OF FURNITURE.

All kinds of Household Furniture, Pianos, Works of Art, Plate, etc., etc., received on storage at most reasonable terms (goods fully insured) at

SHAW'S BUILDINGS,

8 10 726 Craig street, near Victoria square.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE OF THE FINEST QUALITY,

Comprising a very general assortment of the best class of

SILVER PLATED WARE! SILVER PLATED WARE!
SILVER PLATED WARE! SILVER PLATED WARE!

In Tea, Tete-a-Tete and Water Sets, Butter, Pickle, Fruit and Baking Dishes, Card, Cake and Fruit Baskets, Breakfast and Dinner Casters, Tea Kettles, Trays, Salvers.

Jewel Caskets, Vases, Flat Ware of every description, Fruit, Sugar, Salt and Mustard Spoons, Table and Dessert Spoons and Forks, Fish Eating and Fruit Knives, Cutlery Cabinets, &c.

RETAILING AT VERY LOW PRICES!

JOHN WATSON, 370 ST. PAUL STREET, Corner St. Sulpice. 3*

Meetings and Amusements.

DAILY NOON MEETING, from 12.15 to 1 o'clock, Y. M. C. A. ROOMS.

Christians who desire a revival of God's work in their own hearts and in the city; are specially requested to unite in this service. Requests for prayer should be addressed to the Secretary.

Tuesday, January 18—"Experience of the Man born Blind."—John ix. 1–38. F. E. Grafton.

Wednesday, January 19—"Keep Guarded thy Heart, thy Tongue, thy Way."—Prov. iv. 23, 26, 27. Psalm xxxix. 13. Rev. A. L. McFayden.

Thursday, January 20—"God's Love and the Love it inspires."—1 John iv. 7–21. J. D. Dougall.

Friday, January 21—"The Evil of Strong Drink."—Prov. xxiii. 29–35. Rev. J. H. Dixon.

Saturday, January 22—"Prayer for the Preaching of the Word." S. F. Massett. 12

SOCIAL will be held in the base-ment of ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, on TUESDAY EVENING, 18th inst. Good programme has been prepared. 13 2

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. SALVINI.

Two performances only. The illustrious Italian Tragedian, SALVINI! Supported by an American Company, under the management of Mr. John Stetson. Monday, January 17th—"The Gladiator." Wednesday, January 19th—"Othello." Prices—General admission, $1; Reserved Seats, $2 and $1.50; Gallery, 50c. The sale of seats and boxes begins this morning at 10 o'clock, at 136 St. James street. 7

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

One performance only. TUESDAY, JANUARY 18th, The Great Union Square Theatre Comedy Success, FRENCH FLATS! will be given by the Boston Globe Theatre Company, Mr. John Stetson, Manager. Usual Theatre prices. Box sheet now open at Office of Academy of Music, 136 St. James street. 7

GRAND ANNUAL CONCERT,

Under the auspices of the ST. PATRICK'S T. A. AND B. SOCIETY, Will be held in NORDHEIMER'S HALL, ON MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 17TH, 1881.

Doors open at 7:30 p.m. Concert will commence at 8 p.m. All who could avail themselves of this opportunity should not fail to attend the best Concert of this season and an address by J. J. Curran, Esq., Q.C., in his usual eloquent and masterly style.

Tickets at usual prices, 50c and 25c.

Tickets can be got in the following places:—Mr. Sharkey, 570 St. Mary street; Mr. M. O'Connell, 192 St. Antoine street; Thos. Carmody, 204 Bleury street; J. B. Lane, Bleury street; Mr. Redmond, Chaboillez Square, and from the Committee of Management, and at the door on the night of the Concert. A splendid programme has been prepared for the occasion. The Committee has spared no expense to make the Concert a success.

113 B. GUNNING, Secretary.

NOTICE TO SKATERS!

If you want to spend a good evening you should not fail to go to the DOMINION SKATING RINK, Canning street, it is the largest and best kept in this locality, the ice being always in first-rate condition. 6 16

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION

OF ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

A LECTURE | A LECTURE | A LECTURE

— ON —

"A CANADIAN MECCA!"
"A CANADIAN MECCA!"

Will be delivered under the auspices of this Association

By DR. W. G. BEERS, — By DR. W. G. BEERS,

In the School-room of the Church, on MONDAY EVENING, 17th JANUARY, at EIGHT o'clock.

The Congregation and their friends are cordially invited.

ALEX. MOFFAT, President.

12 2

MONTREAL LACROSSE AND SNOW-SHOE CLUBS.

Shooting Competition—Small Target—MONDAY, 17th inst., at 8 o'clock.

Rules of Shooting Competition will be strictly enforced from this date.

A Presentation to a member will take place at 9 p.m.

R. McGILL STEWART, Hon.-Sec. M. L. & S. S. Clubs.

12 2

MONTREAL POULTRY, DOG AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION.

THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION!
THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION!

The above Society will hold their Annual Exhibition of

POULTRY, DOGS AND PIGEONS,
POULTRY, DOGS AND PIGEONS,

— ON —

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, 2ND, 3RD AND 4TH FEBRUARY, 1881,

In those centrally situated Stores, 771 and 773 CRAIG STREET,

A Few Doors West of Victoria Square.
A Few Doors West of Victoria Square.

Entries close positively January 20th, 1881. For Entry Forms, Prize Lists, &c., apply to

JAMES H. CAYFORD, Secretary,

Box 1168. 739 Craig street. 12

BEAUHARNOIS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY—(Limited.)

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at 181 St. James street, at 4 p.m., on TUESDAY, the 18th January, 1881.

SAMUEL FILGATE, President.

Montreal, 8th January, 1881. 5 10

DON'T FORGET THE MAS-QUERADE AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE RINK, TUESDAY EVENING 18TH JANUARY.

SAMUEL ROBERTSON, Manager.

The best ice in the city. 13

MRS. OTIS ROCKWOOD,

OF BOSTON,

begs to announce to the Musical Amateurs of Montreal that she is prepared to receive young Ladies and Gentlemen as students of Vocal culture, at her residence,

No. 959 DORCHESTER STREET,

between the hours of 10 and 2 daily. Special hours can be arranged for those finding the above inconvenient. Instruction in classes is also contemplated. 274 2aw

DANCING!

PRIVATE CLASSES—TUESDAY.

WALTZ—Private Lessons by appointment, 50c, six for $2.50.

MRS. GODWIN,

7 79 Bleury street.

New Advertisements To-Day.

CARTAGE.

TENDERS are invited for the Cartage from High Rock Mine to Buckingham Station, (Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway,) of 500 to 1,000 tons of PHOSPHATE.

Apply to

W. M. KNOWLES & CO.,

12 2 380 St. Paul street, Montreal

QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—Tenders will be received up the 15th prox., at the office of the above Company, for heating the premises with hot water.

The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Quebec. 14th January, 1881. W. L. FISHER, Sec. 12 3

IN PRESS, AND WILL BE PUBLISHED SHORTLY,

INTEREST TABLES at 3 Per Cent.,

On any sum from one dollar to one hundred thousand dollars, and from one day to three hundred and sixty-eight days.

COMPILED BY NAPOLEON MATTE, ESQ., Inspector of La Banque Nationale, Quebec,

On heavy toned paper, strongly bound in leather and cloth. Price, $3.50.

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THE "DECKER" PIANO.

THE EMERSON PIANO! THE EMERSON PIANO!
THE EMERSON PIANO! THE EMERSON PIANO!
THE JAMES & HOLMSTROM PIANO!
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THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN!
THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN!
SECOND-HAND PIANOS FROM $35 UPWARDS.
MUSIC IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

DEZOUCHE & CO., DEZOUCHE & CO.,
DEZOUCHE & CO., DEZOUCHE & CO.,
(Successors to Joseph Gould),
233 ST. JAMES STREET. 233 ST. JAMES STREET.
233 ST. JAMES STREET. 233 ST. JAMES STREET.
309*

FOR SALE.

LEMON, ORANGE, CITRON } PEEL,

SARDINES, ¼'s. and ½'s.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S GOODS.

T. T. T. TOMATOES

In lots.

OATMEAL, BARLEY AND SPLIT PEAS.

Also, large assortment of

GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS.

L. CHAPUT, FILS & CO.,

309, 311 and 313 Commissioners Street. 308*

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

DOUGALL—On Monday, the 17th January, Mrs. Jas. L. N. Dougall, St. Denis street, of a daughter. 13 2

FISHER—At 315 St. Urbain street, on the 15th January, the wife of John Fisher, of a daughter. 12 2

MARRIAGES.

HAROLD, McDERMOTT—On the 15th January, at the bride's residence, by the Rev. Jas. Fleck, B.A., Mr. John Harold, widower, to Miss Mary Ann McDermott, only daughter of the late James McDermott, both of this city. No cards. Boston and New York papers please copy.

DEATHS.

HARDISTY—At Lachine, on the 16th January, after a short illness, William Lucas Hardisty, late Chief Factor in the Honorable Hudson Bay Company's service, aged 56 years. The funeral will take place from his late residence, on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 1.30 p.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

McNAMARA—At Coteau St. Louis, Mile-End, on the 17th January, Charles McNamara, aged 22 years, son of the late Daniel McNamara. The funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 8:30 a.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

BAIRD—At Kinross, Scotland, on the 15th January, Jean Stocks, aged 81 years, widow of the late James Baird, and mother of Alexander Baird, of this city. 12 2

DUNCAN—On the 14th January, Isabella Drummond, wife of Charles Duncan, produce salesman, Montreal.

LECKIE—In this city, on the 14th January, after a long illness, Robert Leckie, merchant, aged 59 years, formerly a partner in the firm of Buchanan, Leckie & Co.

TAYLOR—In this city, on the 14th January, David Taylor, of Folkstone, Kent, Eng., aged 51 years.

SMITH—On the 14th January, at his residence, 598 Lagauchetiere street, Richard Smith, formerly of Coteau Landing, P.Q., aged 80 years.

O'HARA—In this city, on the 13th January, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of Michael O'Hara, aged 5 months and 13 days.

MAY—At Belleville, on Thursday, the 13th January, Harold May, Esq., aged 32 years, formerly of Charlottetown, P.E.I.

RADENHURST—At Sorel, on the 10th January, Ann, third daughter of the late Thomas Radenhurst, Esq., in the 87th year of her age.

STARKE—In this city, on the 16th January, Cranston C., infant son of J. Starke, aged 11 days.

MOFFAT—At Washburn Mills, N.B., Jan. 12, Andrew Moffat, 67 yrs.

GRAHAM—At Coote Hill, N.B., Jan. 5, Mrs. Mary Ann Graham, 53 yrs.

HOOPER—At Charlottetown, P.E.I., Jan. 8, Thos. J. Hooper, 57 yrs.

LOCKHART—At Parrsborough, N.S., Dec. 31, Mrs. Jacob Lockhart, 64 yrs.

The Weather.

1 p.m.—Thermometer at Hearn & Harrison's during the last 24 hours :—

6 p.m.	8 a.m.	1 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Mean.
7°	14°	19°	19°	5°	12°

Barometer—6 p.m.—30.25 8 a.m.—30.30 1 p.m.—30.35

10 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours—Moderate winds, fair weather, with light snow in some localities, slightly lower temperatures.

Mattresses, spring beds and all kinds of bedding manufactured by Wm King, 652 Craig street. Hair mattresses a specialty. Old mattresses remade equal to new. 13†

Messrs. E. E. Gilbert & Sons have obtained an order for seven steel boilers of seventy-five horse power each, besides tanks and other machinery for the Beet Root Sugar Company at Farnham.

Boned turkey, Charlotte Russe, jelly and pudding moulds; mangles and clothes wringers and washing machines; box sleighs, cutters, pointers and skates sold at a discount at L. J. A. Surveyer, 524 Craig street.

Two O'clock P.M.

Personal.

Hugh Scott, of Toronto, is in town and the guest of Mr. Ormond.

Quick Passage.

The steamer "Celtic," of the White Star Line, which arrived at New York on Friday morning, has made a most remarkable voyage, having left New York December 23rd for Liverpool, where she arrived January 2nd, discharged her cargo, and took in another cargo for New York, arriving there at eight o'clock Friday morning, thus making the round voyage in three weeks, something which has never been equalled.

SUBURBAN.

The little calumet engine belonging to the North Shore Railway, has been repaired, and is now doing excellent service on the ice railway. A large number of cars were brought over this morning.

A meeting of the church wardens of St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Hochelaga, was held yesterday. The wardens were authorized to borrow $2,500 to pay off the church debt. They were instructed not to pay over 6 per cent. interest for the loan.

COMMERCIAL.

American Wheat Easier—Corn Steady—Pork and Lard Firmer—English Markets Steady.

Prices of flour and grain continue nominally unchanged on this market in the absence of business, the only transaction reported to-day being a sale of 100 bbls Extra Superfine at $5.20. Advices from England to-day reported floating cargoes of wheat and corn as quiet but steady. Wheat and corn cargoes on passage and for shipment were slow. At Mark Lane wheat and corn was steady. English country wheat markets were firm and French steady. English farmers' deliveries of wheat during the week were 25 to 30,000 qrs. At Liverpool spot wheat was quiet and corn firm. There was a hard frost in England last night.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Flour, Superior extra, $5 30 to $5 35 ; extra superfine, $5 20 to $5 25 ; fancy, $5 15 ; spring extra, $5 16 to $5 20 ; superfine, $4 90 to $4 95 ; strong bakers', $5 75 to $6 25 ; fine, $4 10 to $4 25 ; middlings, $3 30 to $3 50 ; pollards, $3 00 to $3 10 ; Ontario Bags, $2 60 to $2 70 ; city bags, (delivered) $3.15 to $3 20. MEAL—Oatmeal, per brl, $4 40 to $4 50 ; cornmeal, yellow, per brl, $3 00. WHEAT—No. 2 spring (nominal), $1 20 to $1 25 ; No. 2 red winter, (nominal), $1 19 to $1 24 ; peas, 81c to 82c ; oats, 35c to 37½c.

RECEIPTS TO-DAY.—Oats, 1,200 bushs ; Barley, 450 ; Flour, 1,065 bbls ; ashes, 4 ; butter 25 pkgs ; pork, 50 bbls ; leather, 123 rolls ; spirits, 150 casks ; dressed hogs, 214.

Wheat in Chicago was easier at 98½ to 98¾ February ; 99⅛ March. Receipts, 22,000 bushels ; shipments, 6,000. Corn was about steady at 37¾ February ; 42⅛ to 42¼ May, 41¾ to 41⅞ June. Receipts, 72,000 bushels ; shipments, 46,000. Pork opened higher at $13.47½ March, and lard at $8 98 March.

At New York No. 2 Red wheat sold at $1 19 now, $1.18⅞ bid February.

Wheat and flour in Toronto were quiet, steady and unchanged. Barley dull and easier. Peas, oats and rye unchanged. Corn lower. Hogs firm and higher. Wheat—Fall, No 1, $1 12 ; No 2, $1 09 ; No 3, 1 03 ; Spring, No 1, 1 16 ; No 2, 1 14 ; No 3 1 08. Barley, No 1 $1 02 ; No 2 92c to 97c ; No 3 extra, 87c ; No 3, 77c. Peas—No 1, 67c ; No 2, 66c. Oats—No 1, 34c ; No 2, 33c. Corn, 57c. Flour Superior, $4 85 ; Extra, 4 75 ; Fancy, 4 70 ; Strong Bakers', 5 00 ; Spring Extra, 4 75 ; Superfine, 4 55 ; Fine, 4 10. Bran, $12 50. Clover seed, $5 00 to 5 25. Timothy, $2 50 to 2 60. Hogs, $6 25 to 6 40. Butter, 15c to 18c. Barley (street), 75c to 95c. Rye, 80c to 81c ; spring, $1 12 to 1 18 ; Fall, $1 00 to 1 10. Oatmeal, $3 85 to 3 90. Pork, new, $16 00 to 16 25.

The bank statement for December shows the subscribed capital of the chartered banks to be $62,359,533 ; paid-up capital, $58,819,603 ; notes in circulation, $27,328,358 ; total liabilities, $121,471,722 ; total assets, $192,537,714.

A Washington special says :—The recent consolidation of the telegraph companies has given an impetus to a project to introduce a bill providing for the control of the telegraph by the Government. It is claimed that the power of the Government to declare any road in the country a post road, and thus erect lines without going to the great expense for right of way, would enable the Government to cover as much territory as that now occupied by existing lines at a cost of about $18,000,000.

The Halifax Chamber of Commerce has appointed a committee of merchants to wait upon the Government in regard to the winter port question.

A Philadelphia despatch says :—The Attorney-General of Pennsylvania is preparing an opinion taking the ground that the American Union will forfeit the rights and privileges in that State by consolidation. It is also reported the Baltimore & Ohio Railway will not consent to the transfer to the Western Union of its contract with the American Union. The *Tribune* reports that President Green, of the Western Union says :—"I can see nothing at present which is likely to prevent the accomplishment of our plans, still it is impossible to say what complications may arise before the legal approval of the union."

Wholesale Provision Markets.

The market relieved during the latter part of last week of considerable quantities of butter, poultry and hog products opens with a firm tone. Packers are now purchasing hogs in the country districts, and prices are stiffening. So far very few have been brought here for sale and packers were unwilling to buy anticipating lower prices, in this they appear doomed to disappointment. We quote prices here as follows ;—Choice Eastern Townships, 20c. to 22c. ; fair to fine, 18c. to 20c. ; Choice Morrisburg, 19c. to 21c. ; fair to fine, 18c. to 20c. ; choice Brockville, 18c. to 20c. ; Western, 16c. to 19c. ; Kamouraska, 14c. to 15c. ; rolls, 17c. to 20c. Cheese, 13c. to 13¾c. Dressed poultry is steady at the following prices :—Turkeys, 8c. to 9c. ; chickens, 6c, to 6½c. ; geese, 6c. to 7c. Game is still very quiet, deer selling slowly at 5c. to 5½c. per lb, and venison saddles 8c. to 9c. ; partridges, per brace, 65c. Mess pork, old, $16.30 to $16.50 ; new, $17 to $17.50. Lard, 12c. to 12½c. Dressed hogs at $6.50 to $6.75. Eggs, steady at 23c. to 25c. for fresh, and 21c. to 22c. for pickled.

Montreal Cattle Markets.

The cattle trade shows some signs of improvement, but transactions are not by any means large. Among the dealers on the St. Gabriel market to-day were :—Henry Gould, Whitby, 1 car of cattle ; George Webber, Peterboro, 1 car ; Frank Rodgers, Toronto, 3 cars ; Fred Ritchings, Toronto, 1 car ; Thos Robertson, St. Marys, 1 car. Mr. Crawford, of Guelph, had a load of very fine cattle, five of which he sold to Mr. N. Kennedy at 5¾c. This was the best sale made. Prices generally ranged from 3c to 4c for common and 4¼c to 5½c for medium to fine. Since and including Monday last 17 cars of cattle arrived on this market, but besides this several cars passed through to Halifax for shipment to the order of Mr Acre, of Colborne.

New Advertisements this P.M.

WEEKLY TEST.

Number of purchasers served during week ending January 15th, 1881 6,733
Same week last year 5,590

Increase 1,143

S. CARSLEY'S SHOW ROOMS!

Now is the time to buy cheap Mantles. Carsley's Mantles are all reduced to very low prices during our January Sale.

Good Beaver Cloth Jackets, nicely trimmed, only $2.75, $2.85, $3, $3.25, $3.35, $3.50, $3.75, $3.90, $4, $4.25, &c.

Good Diagonal Cloth Jackets, nicely trimmed, only $3.50, $3.75, $4, $4.25, $4.50, $4.75, $5, $5.25, $5.50, &c.

Without doubt these are the Cheapest Jackets ever sold in Montreal.

All other Jackets reduced to equally low prices.

Come to Carsley's for Cheap and Stylish Dolmans.

Carsley's Ulsters are by far the cheapest in the city. Reduced prices from $4.

S. CARSLEY'S SHAWL DEPARTMENT

We believe that we have sold more Shawls this season than all the other Stores put together.

All Shawls at reduced prices during this month only.

Heavy Wrap Shawls, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75 and $1.90.

All-Wool Cambrian Shawls reduced to only $1.90.

Scotch Shawls, in all the newest designs, reduced prices from $3.00.

All Shawls to be sold at great reductions during this month.

Knitted Shawls reduced to nearly half-price.

CARSLEY'S COSTUME DEPARTMENT.

The balance of our ready-made Dresses to be sold below cost. Reduced prices from $6.50.

CARSLEY'S SKIRT DEPARTMENT

We have never sold so many Skirts as what we have this season. DOZENS OF SKIRTS sold every day. Carsley's is the place for good Skirts at low prices.

English Felt Skirts from 68c.

All Skirts at reduced prices.

S. CARSLEY,

MONTREAL.

USE CLAPPERTON'S THREAD. 13

CO-OPERATIVE.

Before people venture their money into an enterprise, they should always find out who was the first and principal person to move in the matter, whether it be a person who has been a success in his previous undertakings or not. We are all asked to subscribe money to start a Co-operative Store. It is, therefore, of importance for the public to ask what questions they may think proper.

A few reasons why Co-operative Stores cannot succeed in Montreal ;

FIRST,—They cannot buy cheap. We are told Manufacturers in England will not serve them, for the same reason as Wholesale Houses and Manufacturers in Canada will not serve Grangers.

SECOND,—They do not deliver their goods, and hire is too high in Montreal for people to hire one every time they buy groceries or liquor or other goods they cannot carry. In London, cab hire is only sixpence per mile. Street cars, one penny for short, and twopence for long distances.

THIRD,—We believe their chief Profit in London is derived from the sale of Spirits and Wines, and people here will be adverse to helping them to making Canada as drunken as Britain.

FOURTH,—We consider the capital asked for is not quarter enough to enable them to do what they propose.

FIFTH,—They do not pay cash for their purchases, as is supposed, but buy on credit, and it is very questionable whether they do not also sell on credit.

Dry Goods men have less to fear from Co-operative Stores than any other business, as they go very lightly into Drapery Goods. The businesses affected the most are; Wine and Spirit Merchants, Grocers, Boots and Shoes, Provision Dealers, Druggists, Stationers and Hardware.

We may state that the very same means to tempt people to subscribe to this movement is being adopted as has always been used in Montreal to get people to invest in Co-operative Building and Fuel Societies and other institutions in which so many thousands of dollars have been lost.

The writer became a member of a Montreal Co-operative Fuel Association a few years ago and lost all the money subscribed.

CORRECTIONS.

We were in error in stating, in our advertisement of yesterday and day previous, that Shareholders in Co-operative Stores are liable for double the amount of their shares the same as Bank Shareholders are. We understand that Shareholders are liable only for the amount of the shares they hold. This makes the thing more unfair still to business men, who are held liable for all the debts they may incur.

For a Co-Operative Store to import properly, they would have to send at least ten buyers to Europe, twice a year.

NEXT WEEK.

Still further reductions will be made on different classes of goods next week, in order to make our Cheap Sale a still greater success.

S. CARSLEY.

Cheap Sale commences every morning at eight o'clock Clapperton's Thread is selling faster than ever.

BANKRUPTCY.

The last Co-operative Store Bankruptcy was the failure of the large one on Regent street, London. Others are expected to fail shortly.

S. CARSLEY,

MONTREAL. 13

CARPETS! CARPETS!!

JUST OPENED, JUST OPENED,

THE NEWEST PRODUCTIONS AND BEST STYLES OF

BRUSSELS AND WILTON CARPETS

BRUSSELS AND WILTON CARPETS

EVER SEEN IN THE CITY.

And, during the balance of this month, we will offer our best FIVE-FRAME BRUSSELS, remaining of last Fall's Patterns, at $1.25 to $1.35 a yard.

LIGGETT & HAMILTON, LIGGETT & HAMILTON,
LIGGETT & HAMILTON, LIGGETT & HAMILTON,

47 and 49 St. Joseph Street,

Old St. George's Church. Old St. George's Church. 12

THE CARPET WAREHOUSE,

459 & 461 NOTRE DAME STREET,

(ESTABLISHED 1859.)

AND FOR OVER 20 YEARS ONE OF THE LEADING EMPORIUMS OF THE CARPET TRADE IN THE COUNTRY.

Large and varied Stock constantly maintained and offered at the lowest market prices, with a Liberal discount off for cash.

ORDERS BY MAIL CAREFULLY FILLED.

INSPECTION INVITED. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JAMES BAYLIS & SON. 2eod +

A FULL RICH FLAVOR IS

PROCURED BY USING

HENRI JONAS'

EXTRACTS!

THEY ARE PURE AND UNADULTERATED.

The name "HENRI JONAS" stamped on every label. 11+

Four O'clock P.M.

Telegrams.

SS ARRIVAL.—The Inman line SS "City of Richmond" from Liverpool via Queenstown, January 6th, arrived at New York at 3 a m, Saturday. Time of passage 7 days 21 hours.

FROM OTTAWA.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.]

DRAWING-ROOM.—OTTAWA, January 17.—The Governor-General holds a drawing-room in the Senate Chamber this evening. The House will, therefore, probably not sit after six o'clock.

ANTI-SYNDICATE.—Mr. Glen, MP, has received a petition from South Ontario against the Syndicate with over eleven hundred signatures.

FROM QUEBEC.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.]

QUEBEC, January 17.—Hon Mr Chapleau returned to town yesterday from Ottawa, where it is understood that he has been watching the interests of the Province of Quebec and of the Q, M, O & O Railway in the course of the debate upon the Pacific Railway contract. Hon Mr Loranger, Attorney-General, returned to town last evening by the Q, M, O & O Railway, his health being apparently much improved by his recent visit to Florida. Mr L A Senecal, general manager of the Q, M, O & O Railway, arrived in town last night. He will return this evening to Ottawa.

LAKE BEAUFORT has been closed for the natural propagation of fish up to the breaking of the ice next spring.

NARROW ESCAPE.—At Levis, a young girl in St Louis street was nearly self-strangled under the following circumstances: She was leaning on a fence and happened to slip, when her cloud catching in a picket she found herself suddenly hanging and half suffocated. But for the timely arrival of help to extricate her from her dangerous position, she unquestionably would have died in a short time.

City News.

—The High School boys have organized a snowshoe club.

—Many tons of specimens out of the drawers of the Geological Museum have been already shipped to Ottawa, and others are being sent every day. The cases will not be stripped until the last, so as to give the public an opportunity of seeing their contents before the Museum is removed.

—About forty members, ladies and gentlemen, of the Montreal Social Snow-Shoe Club left this city last Friday, on the Q, M, O & O Railway, for Point Fortune, where they gave a very successful concert in aid of the funds of St Columba Presbyterian Church in that place. The intense cold and bad roads prevented many from attending, still the result was very gratifying to the members of the church.

Personal.

The Harry Webber "Nip and Tuck" Combination are at the Richelieu Hotel.

Fifteen members of the Salvini Combination are at the Richelieu Hotel.

Rev. Dr. Jenkins, of St. Paul's Church, made the announcement yesterday that he had just completed his sixteenth year of labor for that congregation.

James O'Halloran, Q C, Cowansville ; Capt F J Osborne, London ; Lt-Col Mattice, Sherbrooke, and Hon L Ruggles Church ; Alex Begg, Manitoba, and A S C Hilton, of Carter, Rice & Co, Boston.

Hon Peter Mitchell, C W Bunting, *Mail*, Toronto ; R B Angus, St Paul, Minneapolis & Minnesota RR ; A Paton, Paton Manufacturing Co, Sherbrooke ; Miss M Paton, do ; J S Kennedy, C P R Syndicate, New York ; Tomaso Salvini and Company ; C E Hamilton, Winnipeg ; and C G Clousten are at the Windsor.

THE CIVIC ELECTIONS.

Numerous Changes in the Council—Who are in the Field.

There is likely to be a considerable change in the *personnel* of the Council after the February elections. In addition to the nine vacancies created by the ordinary retirements, there will be two extra seats vacant by the resignations of Aldermen Nelson and Genereux. Three of the retiring aldermen will not offer themselves for re-election.

THE MAYORALTY.

So far, Alderman Nelson is alone in his candidature for the civic chair.

WEST WARD.

Alderman Fairbairn is the outgoing member in this ward and has accepted an influential and numerously signed requisition inviting him to present himself for re-election. Alderman Nelson having announced his intention of resigning his seat another vacancy will thus be created in the ward. This morning a deputation waited upon ex-Alderman George W. Stephens to request him to accept a nomination for the ward, and that gentleman promised to take the matter into consideration.

EAST WARD.

Alderman Martin, the retiring alderman for this ward, will not accept another nomination, and Ald Genereux having resigned there are two vacancies in the ward. The only candidates in the field at present are Mr A Prevost, wholesale dry goods merchant of St Paul street, and Mr Beauchamp.

ST LOUIS WARD.

Alderman Lavigne will stand to be re-elected for the St Louis Ward and ex-Ald Laberge, who was in office in 1877, will be his opponent.

In conversation with a STAR reporter this morning Ald Lavigne said he thought he would be re-elected and without much opposition. Speaking of the City Passenger Railway Company he said that he thought the terms they had been asked to face were a little too hard and that they would have too much to do and would not get enough out of it in return. He was going to do his best to get the St. Henri Abattoir scheme through although he thought that it would injure the East End. The talk of transferring the payment of the water tax from the tenant to the landlord he was much against. Landlords oftentimes had to eject their tenants on account of their not paying and he thought that it was enough for them to lose the arrears of rent from their rent-roll without having to pay for water for people by whom they never benefited. As to the statute labor tax, it should, he said, be done away with, as so very few ever paid it. He was shown the other day a list of sixty or seventy names in the St. James' ward, only about nine-tenths of whom had paid in time to have their vote. The city took in hardly enough money by it, he concluded, to pay the salary of the clerks who were paid to look after and collect in the department.

ST. JAMES' WARD.

Ald. Grenier has already declared his intention of throwing off the aldermanic yoke and vows positively that he will not saddle himself with city matters longer. He has worked for the city, he says, eighteen years, and during that time has found it necessary to neglect his own business to some extent, and thinks it is now somebody else's turn.

ST. MARY'S WARD.

Ald. Jeannotte is not yet sure that he will stand for re-election. He has been asked but has not yet decided.

CENTRE WARD.

Ald. Holland is the retiring member, and has consented to offer himself for re-election.

ST. LAWRENCE WARD.

The retiring alderman, Alderman Hagar, will accept the nomination which has been tendered him.

ST. ANTOINE WARD.

Alderman Greene is the outgoing member for this Ward, and declines to offer himself for re-election, the pressure of his business duties preventing him serving the Ward for another term. This morning a deputation waited upon Mr. David Morrice to offer him the nomination for the Ward. Mr. Morrice said he would take time to consider the suggestion, but was afraid that his business would not permit him to devote the necessary time to municipal affairs.

Six O'clock P.M.

City News.

—It was Dr Fulton's eldest son, Bismarck, who broke his collar bone by slipping on the icy sidewalk on Friday last, not Dr Fulton as reported.

—All the prisoners in the Recorder's Court this morning recorded themselves as being intemperate. Only one of the seven, a bookbinder, claimed to be able to read or write.

—An action for $1,165.68, arrears of taxes, has been entered in the Superior Court, by the Assistant City Attorney on behalf of the city of Montreal, against Mr Alexander Crawford, of Windsor, Ontario. The writ is returnable on the 31st instant.

—Every effort is being made to make the coming exhibition of the Montreal Poultry, Dog and Pet Stock Association the best ever held in this city. The executive are busy preparing the stores, which are very centrally situated, being near Victoria Square, on Craig street, and will have ample accommodation for the exhibits. One of the best American judges has been engaged for the poultry and pigeons. Intending exhibitors are reminded that Thursday next is the last day for making entries.

Appointments this Evening.

St. Paul's Church—Lecture.
Academy of Music—Salvini.
Nordheimer's Hall—Concert.
Theatre Royal—"Nip and Tuck."

Personal.

Hon. H. G. Joly was in town to-day and visited the Superior Court on business.

Alderman Isaac F. Scripture, of Lowell, and late of Montreal, is in town on a short visit. He visited the Council Chamber while the Council was in session to-day. Judging from the appearance of the worthy alderman, Lowell is a good place to live in.

Real Estate.

This morning Mr. John J. Arnton sold at his rooms the detached double dwelling (built by the late John Leeming, Esq.) with conservatory attached, likewise brick stables, etc ; 134 feet front on Dorchester street, west, 125 feet on Guy st ; one of the most commodious and comfortable houses in the city, and was purchased by R. Cowan, Esq. (of Messrs. Jno. McDougall & Co.) for the sum of fourteen thousand nine hundred dollars cash.

The vacant lot on Guy street, 8,473 feet superficial, and the 2 two-story cottages next adjoining, each 25 ft. 6 and 26 ft. 10 respectively. Lot 132 feet deep, was bought by the same gentleman for ten thousand one hundred dollars. There was an unusually good attendance, the sale was regarded as satisfactory. Total amount, $25,000.

Another Hotel Scheme.

Some of our principal French Canadian capitalists are thinking seriously of the question of erecting an immense hotel, on the latest principles, on the square plot of land between Jacques Cartier square and Claude street, and Notre Dame street and the lane just opened between Jacques Cartier square and Claude street, the building to front on Notre Dame street. The building on the proposed site, the old Government House, is a dilapidated structure, and the whole property is not worth much more than the bare land. The promoters of the scheme think that if their suggestions were carried out that the capitalists who undertake the erection of the hotel would realize a large interest on their outlay. The site has been chosen as being in the very centre of the business portion of the city and as being near to the boat landings and the new station of the Q., M., O. and O. Railway. For many other reasons this site seems well suited, particularly for the splendid view of the shipping and St. Helen's Island which would be obtained from the upper story windows in summer. It is roughly estimated that the capital required for the undertaking would amount to about $2,500,000 or $3,000,000.

Sudden Death in Tabb's Yard.

A woman named Brown died suddenly in a house in Tabb's Yard off Hermine street last night shortly before 11 o'clock. She with her husband and another woman, a Mrs. Henry, were together in the house in the early part of the evening when the last mentioned produced a quarter of a dollar and told Brown to go for a bottle of whiskey. The whiskey was brought and shortly after Mrs. Henry retired to a corner of the room and went to sleep. Mrs. Brown went to bed and her husband soon followed suit. About eleven o'clock he awoke and calling his wife and getting no answer he made an investigation and found her to be dead. He called in the police and in his excitement told them that Mrs. Henry had poisoned his wife, and the consequence was that she was taken into custody. The Coroner was notified and held an inquest this morning. The man in his deposition related the facts as put forth above only that he said he had no recollection of having accused the other woman of poisoning his wife. Mrs. Henry corroborated his statement. Dr. Mount stated that he was of the opinion that death was caused by *apoplexie foudroyante*, and a verdict was brought in in accordance with this evidence. It will be remembered that it was this same yard that was the scene of a wholesale poisoning case some years ago.

Finance and Commerce.

The annual meeting of the Ville Marie Bank was held Saturday afternoon, when Dr E H Trudel was elected President and Messrs J G Guimond, Dr Trudel, C F Vinet, A Dubord and P A A Dorion, Directors. A motion to place the bank in liquidation was lost on an almost unanimous vote, and the plan adopted of reducing the capital stock to $500,000 approved. A statement submitted showed the nominal assets to be $1,213,137, which were valued at $896,839 and the liabilities due the public were $352,722 in round numbers. By reducing the capitel to $500,000 there will remain a surplus of $44,116.81.

The statement of affairs of the Hochelaga Bank, submitted at the annual meeting on Saturday is an interesting one. At the beginning of the year there was a deficit of $77,214.08, and moreover the bank had lost so considerably the public confidence that its notes in circulation had been reduced to the minimum figure of $213,499.00. During the year the deficit has been reduced to $24,171.21, and the circulation increased to $409,166.00. With the abundance of funds now at its disposal, and the public confidence restored, the bank has extended its sphere of operations by the establishment of an agency in Three Rivers and it has proved a success. Mr. F. X. St. Charles was re-elected President, and G. E. Brais, cashier.

The money market was again extremely dull to-day. The rate of discount for commercial bills is 6 to 7 per cent, as to name and date, while call loans are 4 to 5 per cent. and time loans, 5 to 6 per cent. Sterling in New York was 4.80½ and 4.84 for call and time loans, respectively. Here sterling was quiet at 8½ prem for 60-day bills between banks, 8⅝ to 8¾ over the counter. Gold drafts on New York ⅛ to ⅛ prem. Documentary dull at 7¾ to 8.

Hochelaga Bank stock has been listed at the Montreal Stock Exchange, and will be dealt in after to-day.

A special cablegram to THE STAR to-day, dated London, records the failure of the Southport and West Lancashire Bank, which suspended payment this morning. The bank is a local affair and has only three branches, one at Ormskirk, another at Skelmersdale, and the other at St. Helen's, the head office being at Southport. Its subscribed capital was £500,000, with £190,410 paid up, and its reserve fund amounted to £22,500. Its shares were £10 each, and it had 650 partners or shareholders, the affairs of the concern being managed by Wm. Dodd, manager, and R. Harvey, secretary. The amount of its deposits cannot be ascertained at present. It had no circulation of its own.

Morning sales—300 Montreal, 175 ; 25 do, 175¼ ; 245 do, 175½ ; 150 do, 175 ; 10 do, 174¾ ; 55 Merchants, 117½ ; 100 do, 117 ; 25 do, 117½ ; 37 Commerce, 138 ; 585 do, 137½ ; 51 do, 137¼ ; 50 do, 137 ; 89 do, 137 ; 20 Union, 91 ; 471 Montreal Telegraph, 120 ; 325 do, 119¾ ; 195 do, 119½ ; 450 do, 119¾ ; 200 do, 120 ; 143 do, 121 ; 25 do, 120½ ; 200 do, 120 ; 50 do, 119¾ ; 100 do, 119½ ; 25 do, 118¾ ; 25 do, 119¼ ; 25 Richelieu, 57½ ; 200 do, 57 ; 25 do, 56¾ ; 20 do, 56 ; 125 do, 55 ; 25 do, 54¾ ; 145 do, 54½ ; 50 Gas, 152½ ; 25 do, 152¼ ; 25 Canada Cotton, 127½.

Montreal dropped 5 per cent from Saturday and Richelieu 4 per cent. Market generally closed very weak.

LONDON, 5 p.m.—Consols, 98 9-16 money ; 98¾ account ; 4½s, 115¾ ; 5s, 103⅜ ; Erie, 53¾ ; Illinois Central, 129½.

MONTREAL STOCK REPORT.

[REPORTED SPECIALLY FOR THE STAR.]

NOON,—January 17, 1881.

Par Val	A'mt Paid.	BANKS.	Value p. c.	Value p. Share
200	All.	Bank of Montreal	174¼ to 174¾	349 00
40	"	Ontario Bank	98 to 99	39 20
60	"	Consolidated Bank		
50	"	Banque du Peuple	94 to 95	47 00
50	"	Molsons Bank	105 to 107½	53 00
100	"	Bank of Toronto	146½ to 148	147 00
25	"	Banque Jacq. Cartier	98 to 100	24 50
100	"	Merchants Bank	117½ to 117¾	117 50
50	"	East. Town. Bank	114½ to 115½	57 50
50	"	Can. Bank of Com	136½ to 137	68 50
100	"	Exchange Bank	62½ to 65	62 50
100	"	Union Bank		
		MISCELLANEOUS.		
40	"	Mont. Telegraph Co.	118½ to 119½	47 30
50	"	Dom. Telegraph Co.	90 to 91	45 00
100	"	Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	54½ to 55	55 00
50	"	City Passenger RR.	116 to 117½	56 00
40	"	City Gas Co.	152 to 152½	60 80
50	"	Mont. Loan & Mort Co.	106 to 108	53 00
100	"	Royal Can. Ins. Co.	56 to 57	
100	"	Harbor Bonds		
00	"	Mont. Corp. Bonds		

E. L. BOND, Broker,
4 Merchants' Exchange.

Extra Edition.

Evening Telegrams.

CABLE.

THE STATE TRIALS.—DUBLIN, Jan. 17.—The Court of Queen's Bench was crowded to-day. Mr. MacDonagh, for the traversers, said he intended to put in evidence 41 acts of Parliament passed before and after the Act of Union regarding the land laws and the preservation of peace in Ireland. He called as a witness an evicted tenant of 83, whose feebleness caused a sensation. The prosecution objected. The Court decided it was admissible, if the prosecution intended to rely on the nineteenth count of the indictment, which charges the traversers with conspiring to create discontent and disaffection among the subjects of the Queen, and ill will and hostility between different classes of her subjects, and then the Court said the trial would last for years. A short adjournment was granted on application of the Attorney-General to enable him to consult his colleagues.

THE HANLAN-LAYCOCK RACE.—LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Hanlan-Laycock race has been postponed from day to day because of the ice on the Thames. Betting this morning was 3 to 2 on Hanlan. Unless the weather permits the race before Wednesday the tides will not serve for another week.

NO MEETINGS.—LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Local branches of the Land League in the County Kerry have held no meetings since the institution of proceedings against the officers of the Tralee branch.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—LONDON, Jan. 17.—A railway accident occurred at Wakefield, Yorkshire. Seven persons are reported killed and thirty to forty injured.

REPULSED BY BOERS.—DURBAN, Jan. 17.—It is rumored the British have made two sorties from Pretoria and were repulsed by the Boers.

DEAD.—MANCHESTER, Jan. 17.—The boy injured by the explosion at Salford is dead.

AMERICAN.

ABANDONED AT SEA.—NEW YORK, Jan 17.—A steamship from Liverpool reports that on Jan. 4th she passed the ship "City of Montreal," from Quebec for Greenock, waterlogged and abandoned.

SS. ARRIVALS.—The Inman line SS. "City of Berlin," from New York, 8th inst., arrived at Queenstown at 9 a.m. to-day. Passage, 8 days, 16 hours......NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Arrived, SS. "Gallia," from Liverpool.

BANK FAILED.

[SPECIAL CABLEGRAM TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Southport and West Lancashire Bank, a limited liability concern, with head office at Southport, has suspended payment. The liabilities are said to be heavy.

PARLIAMENTARY JOTTINGS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.]

OTTAWA, January 17.—It is probable that the general amendment to the railway resolutions will be moved in the House this afternoon.

There is some talk of a third offer for the construction of the C. P. R. being put up by friends of the Government.

Mr. Barnard, M.P., has arrived.

Mr. Gibson, one of the members of the new Syndicate, left for Montreal on Saturday. The Company will to-day put up $1,500,000 as security of which Mr. Gibson, will furnish $500,000.

City News.

—The small tenement property No. 544 to 546½ St. Dominique Street was sold by Mr. Potter, auctioneer, at his rooms this morning for $700 to Mr. Robt. McBride.

—The postponed annual meeting of the Protestant Home for Friendless Women, will be held at the Institution, 97 Upper St. Urbain street, on Thursday, the 20th instant, at 3:00 p.m.

—A very choice programme has been prepared for the literary and musical entertainment to take place to-morrow evening in the school-room of the Church of St. James the Apostle.

—An alarm from Box 41 called the reels to a fire that had broken out at 87 Inspector Street between ten and eleven o'clock to-day. The only damage done was to the ceiling of the building.

—In the City Council this afternoon Ald. Allard presented a petition asking permission to contract a railway along Craig street and *via* one of the western streets to Mount Royal Park. The matter was referred to a sub committee.

—Mr. Levi Abrahams has entered an action against the Grand Trunk Railway Company for $19, the value of a "ticket," alleged to have been purchased in the United States by the plaintiff, which the Company refused to accept as genuine.

—The novel spectacle of an advocate suing for fees, will be seen in the Superior Court in a few days. Mr. St. Pierre having entered an action against Harduin Lionais for a sum in the vicinity of $2,000. The writ is returnable on the 31st instant.

—The Montreal Loan and Mortgage Company has entered an action in the Superior Court against Elie Hudon *dit* Beaulieu, for the recovery of $1,076.53, money alleged to have been loaned on a mortgage. Messrs. Lunn & Co. appear for the prosecution.

—Mr. Thomas Sonne has entered an action in the Superior Court against James Fyfe, for $4,560. The parties in this case were partners a few years ago, and the present action is for money alleged to have been owing to the plaintiff when the partnership was dissolved.

—Three young men of St. Anne, arrested by Detective Flynn, were tried at the Police Court this morning for pilfering from the wreck at St. Anne bridge. They were convicted, but on giving information implicating a number of the parties for the same offence, sentence was suspended pending other arrests.

—The funeral of the late Mr. James Toner, which took place yesterday afternoon, was one of the most largely attended that has taken place in this city for some time past, between eight hundred and one thousand persons having followed the remains from the late residence of the deceased, corner of St. Dominique and Lagauchetiere streets.

—Some time ago the C. W. Williams Manufacturing Company rented a sewing machine to a certain party, who in turn pawned it with one Goldberg. The matter coming to the ears of the owners of the machine, action was brought by the company against Goldberg, who declined to give it up. The case was argued this morning before Mr. Justice Laframboise, who took the matter *en delibere*.

—In the first division of the Superior Court to-day, the case of L. Therier *vs.* Charles Berger, for $5,000 damages for an alleged infringement of a patent stopcock occupied the attention of the Court during the greater part of the afternoon. One of the witnesses was remarkably shrewd, so much so that a lawyer who cross-examined him, sat down and acknowledged himself beaten. The case was unfinished when we went to press.

Trouble on the Stock Market.

Messrs. C. & C. G. Geddes, who have been dealing extensively in Montreal Telegraph and Richelieu & Ontario stocks, were unable to meet their engagements to-day and stocks suffered considerably.

St. Henri Municipal Election.

Great excitement has prevailed all day in the town of St. Henri over the election of Councillors. Many of the prominent residents are anxious that the old Councillors should be re-elected, as the question of the water-works, in the town will have to be decided very soon, and as the popular Mayor says: "They require men in the Council who understand the condition of affairs in regard to this question." A great number of voters were challenged. At noon to-day the vote stood : For St. Augustine Ward, Daignault 126, Senecal 132, Cameri 77. Trudeau 65. St. Henri ward, Desere 39, Carzlais 94, Hurtubise 33, Fiscault 39, Goulet 76. The poll closes at five o'clock to night.

The Liston-Hart Assault Case.

The case against Richard Liston charging him with aggravated assault on his wife Stella Hart on the evening of the 7th inst., was commenced before the Recorder this morning. It will be remembered that Liston was convicted at the Police Court about a month ago for stealing a sum of money from Stella Hart and on his marrying her in the Court, sentence was suspended. Mrs. Liston, Dr. Burland, the two brothers and the mother of the wife, and several other witnesses were examined. Mrs. Liston testified that the assault took place in her own cigar store at No. 26 Bleury street. Her husband had quarrelled with her repeatedly during the day of the assault and said that he would have her at his feet before seven that evening. He had slapped her, dragged her about and "choked" her several times, and once she had called in policeman Malone who was passing and asked him if it was right for her to be thus beaten and abused. Malone replied that it was "right for a man to lick his wife," adding "I lick mine too sometimes." She had become so frigtened that she got reconciled to her family during the afternoon. Shortly before eight o'clock in the evening, when her mother and brothers were present, her husband had "choked" her until she was out of breath, and his hold on her neck was broken by her brother. She then went to the police station on Jurors street, and, returning, found that her husband had turned the people out of her shop and put out the lights. He came to the door and dragged her in, then "choked" her until she was black in the face, threw her down and kicked her heavily in the right side at least twice. She knew nothing more until four o'clock next morning. She had given him no provocation at any time.

The other witnesses for the prosecution corroborated her statements, except that none were present at the actual assault, described her appearance and apparent injuries after her swooning, and Liston's actions and capture after the assault. The evidence for the defence was brought in an attempt to prove that the wife did not wish to live with her husband, and seeing a chance, had brought this charge against him to get rid of him. Dr. Burland had testified that when he examined Mrs. Liston the day after the assault he had found marks of bruises on her right side. The defence claimed that she been undergoing treatment before the assault for some malady seated in the side, and asked the Court to adjourn to four o'clock until Dr. Guerin, who, it was claimed, had treated her, could be called as a witness, which was granted.

Mr. A. P. Globensky appeared for plaintiff, and Mr. Cross for defendant.

Mr. Keller's Reply to the Charges Made Against him.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13, 1881.

To the Editor of THE STAR :

SIR,—I have refrained from saying anything in my defence since my arrest, trusting that in the meantime the facts would have been laid before the public. I now ask a few lines in your paper simply to state the facts.

I do not pretend for a moment to offer anything in extenuation of what I actually did, though this might be done. Since the date some years ago when the estate first came into my hands [at which time if I had chosen to defraud I could have appropriated $25,000, as that amount was in bank subject to my private cheque, with the consent and knowledge of the other trustees], feeling my own credit to be good, and requiring funds, without any intention to defraud, I utilized several sums, upon which I paid *ten* per cent interest.

About two years ago, the matter preying upon my mind, I wrote to one of the trustees, Mr. W. K. Hepburn, the gentleman who instituted the proceedings against me, stating all the facts, and left Montreal, leaving him my address. He immediately telegraphed me : "Come home—everything will be all right." On the strength of that telegram I at once returned, and after receipt of a letter from the other trustee, Mr. A. W. Hepburn, to whom my letter had been communicated, I passed a deed before Mr. Lighthall, notary public, giving up everything of which I or my wife was possessed, even the wedding presents of the latter. This deed both of the trustees signed.

I continued to pay the ten per cent interest, and when arrested was only one instalment behind.

The warrant was taken out in my absence in this city on business, and *why* I do not know, as Mr. Hepburn declined to see me. Since leaving I have made the following offer of settlement, which has been refused, viz : to insure my life in any company named for the full amount, back interest to be paid in cash, security satisfactory to the estate to be given for the payment of *both premiums of insurance and all interest for five years*, that time to be allowed me to refund the principal. I named my surety. He offered to become responsible, and was acknowledged by the estate to be perfectly good. The amount involved according to the terms of the Trust deed will not be payable before the time mentioned, thus no one would suffer, and in the meantime the estate would be secured for both principal and interest. It is not likely I should have made such an offer absent from Montreal had I not been acting in good faith, and prompted by the sole desire of making full and ample reparation.

I merely wish to lay these facts before the public, without any word or comment on my part which would be out of place.

My aim in life henceforth will be to clear my name, to pay the Hepburn estate and my other creditors in Montreal every cent I owe, and this object, for which all my energies shall be bent, I have no doubt I shall soon be able to accomplish.

Thanking you for granting me so much space,

I am, your obedient servant,

FRANK J. KELLER.

LATEST PRICES—STOCKS, &c.

Prices of breadstuffs and provisions in Liverpool :—

	Jan. 15. 5:00 p.m. s. d.	s. d.	Jan. 17. 5:00 p.m. s. d.	s. d.
Flour, per cwt	9 0	12 0	9 0	12 0
Spring Wheat	8 6	9 9	8 6	9 9
Red Winter	9 6	9 10	9 6	9 10
White Winter	9 0	9 10	9 0	9 10
Club	9 9	10 3	9 9	10 3
Corn (new), per cwt	5 6	5 6½	5 6	5 6½
Barley	5 3	0 0	5 3	0 0
Oats, per cental	6 2	0 0	6 2	0 0
Peas, "	6 9	0 0	6 9	0 0
Pork	66 0	0 0	66 0	0 0
Lard	48 0	0 0	48 0	0 0
New Beef	73 0	0 0	74 0	0 0
Bacon	38 6	41 0	39 0	41 0
Tallow	34 9	0 0	34 9	0 0
Cheese (new)	66 0	0 0	68 0	0 0

The following were the fluctuations in New York stocks, furnished by Messrs. Macdougall Bros., stock brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier street :—

Jan. 17, 1881.

	Op'g.	Cl'sg.		Op'g.	Cl'sg.
W. U. Tel	108¼	107⅞	Do Pref	107⅝	106
Lake Shore	133¼	133½	Rock Island	137	138¼
Pacific Mail	53¼	53⅜	Ill. Central	127	129
Erie	52⅜	51½	C. B. & Q.		171½
Do 2nd	101⅞	101½	Wabash	49	48¾
Do Pref	94	93	Do Pref	93	93¼
Ohio & Miss	43¾	43⅜	Union Pacific	119½	118⅞
North-West	132¾	134	A. & P. Tel	44	44
Do Pref	144¾	146½	Man. Elv	35	34
St. Paul	121	122½	Reading	62½	59¼
Do Pref	127¾	130⅛	Kansas & T	47½	46¾
Mich. Central	125	124⅝	Can. Southern	85	88⅝
Jersey Central	89¾	88⅝	St Paul & O		47¼
N. Y. Central	152⅜	152	Do Pref		99⅝
Del., & Lack	115¼	116	Iron M	61¾	61¾
Del. & Hudson	98½	98⅛	Exchange	480½	480½
St. Joseph	53½	53¼	Money		

CHICAGO, 1.04 p.m.—Wheat, 97¾ nominal January ; 98⅜c February ; 99½c March ; $1 April ; $1.03⅜ nominal May. Corn, 37⅛c January ; 37⅝c February ; 32¼c to 32⅜c May ; 32c June ; 32½c. July. Pork, $12.37½ nominal January ; $12.87½c February ; $12.52½ March ; $12.67½ April. Lard, $8.87½ to $8.90 January ; $8.87½ to $8.90 February ; $9 March ; $9.10 April ; $9.20 nominal May.

NEW YORK, 2 p.m.—Wheat, sales, 300,000 bushels. Chicago, $1.12 to $1.17 ; Milwaukee, $1.17 to 1.18 ; No. 2 red, $1.18¼ cash ; $1.18 January ; $1.18⅝ to $1.18⅞ February ; $1.20 to $1.20⅛ March ; $1 20½ May. Corn, sales, 50,000 bushels ; No. 2, 56½c to 58c. Oats, quiet. Tallow, 6⅜c to 6½c. Dressed Hogs, 6⅞c. to 7c.

New advertisements this P.M.

FOR SALE—A Good Cottage Piano, cheap for cash. Apply at 503 Albert Avenue, off Canning street. 13 3

TO RENT—Cheap, a Furnished Upper Tenement, in a good healthy locality, with the privilege of purchasing, furniture perfectly new. For full particulars, address "X. Y.," Box 1160, Post office. 13 6

GOOD STORE COUNTER WANTED. Address "Y. 19," STAR office. 13 1

LOST, on Saturday afternoon, part of a medical instrument, Y shaped, consisting of two flexible tubes about six inches long, fixed in a black ball, and bell-shaped centre-piece. Finder please leave at this office, the General Hospital, or at 1351 St. Catherine street. 13 2

FOUND—Part of a double Stethoscope. Apply to Geo. R. Prowse, 224 St. James street. 13 1

New Advertisements this P.M.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & COMPANY,

18 DE BRESOLES STREET,

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE ELECTRO-SILVER-PLATED WARE!

The Trade only supplied.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & COMPANY,

18 DE BRESOLES STREET,

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE ELECTRO-SILVER-PLATED WARE!

The Trade only supplied.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & COMPANY,

18 DE BRESOLES STREET,

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE ELECTRO-SILVER-PLATED WARE!

The Trade only supplied. 252+

H. & H. MERRILL'S

GREAT

Annual Sale!

— OF —

REMNANTS!

Is Now Going On,

And will be continued until further notice.

Special Cheap Lots Ready for next Week's Sale

— AT —

H. & H. MERRILL'S

288 & 290 Notre Dame St. 131

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF NEW AND FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS.

CORSETS! CORSETS!! CORSETS!!!

Our stock of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Corsets is now very complete.

"THE LOUISE"—A Corset made from good Satin Jean, in both white and drab, all sizes, 50c per pair.

"THE RELIABLE"—All sizes, in white and drab, 75c per pair.

"THE PERFECT"—A very superior Satin Jean Corset, Silk Embroidered and improved shape, all sizes, in white and drab, $1 per pair.

"THE SPOON BUSK"—All sizes, $1 per pair.

Crompton's celebrated "ADJUSTABLE" Corset—All sizes, in white and drab, $1 per pair.

"THE FLEXIBLE HIP"—Quite a new Corset; said by several of our lady customers to be the most comfortable ever worn by them. All sizes, in white and drab.

NURSING CORSETS! MISSES' CORSETS! CHILDREN'S CORSETS!

THE STORE FOR CORSETS!

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

403 AND 405 NOTRE DAME STREET,

CORNER ST. PETER.

Five Per Cent. discount for cash on all purchases over One Dollar.

N.B.—An experienced Saleswoman to wait upon the Ladies in this Department.

SEE OUR CORNER WINDOW! 5t

REMOVAL.

J. R. MARTIN J. R. MARTIN
J. R. MARTIN J. R. MARTIN
J. R. MARTIN J. R. MARTIN
J. R. MARTIN J. R. MARTIN

Has removed his
Has removed his

ENGRAVING AND LITHOGRAPHING BUSINESS
ENGRAVING AND LITHOGRAPHING BUSINESS
ENGRAVING AND LITHOGRAPHING BUSINESS

To more spacious premises,
To more spacious premises,

16 BONAVENTURE STREET, VICTORIA SQUARE.
16 BONAVENTURE STREET, VICTORIA SQUARE.
16 BONAVENTURE STREET, VICTORIA SQUARE.
16 BONAVENTURE STREET, VICTORIA SQUARE.

(next to McLaren's.) 11leod+

COAL! COAL! COAL!

FURNACE, per ton $7.00
EGG, per ton 7.00
STOVE, per ton 7.50

Also, Steam and House Coal.

S. W. BEARD & CO.,

52 McGILL STREET. 11 6+

THE NATIONAL POLICY HAVING THE DESIRED EFFECT. Our stock of home made and hand made chairs of every description from the common Windsor at 25cts, to the best walnut Dining with cane seat and back or perforated seat and back, same price, from 25c to $5, Revolving and Tilting Office or Library Chairs, from $6 to $14, or the Folding Reclining Chairs, cane or perforated seat and back, from $6 to $10. Our stock of chairs for the coming spring will not be less than 50,000, of all kinds, varying in price, for Wood Seats, 25c upwards, in Cane Seats, 73c and upwards, from 1,000 to 5,000 chairs always on hand for renting out for public entertainments, concerts and lectures, at $5 a 100, at OWEN McGARVEY & SON, 7, 9, and 11 St. Joseph street. 12 +

FOR THE NEWEST and BEST FURS call at R. W. Cowan & Co.'s. We are selling all this present season's stock at greatly reduced prices up to the close of the present month, prior to opening out with new goods. Please call and examine goods and prices. Material and workmanship guaranteed.

R. W. COWAN & CO.,

THE HATTERS AND FURRIERS,

Corner of Notre Dame and St. Peter Streets. 12+

DENTAL PEARLINE. A Fragrant Tooth Wash. Superior to Powder. Cleanses the Teeth. Purifies the Breath. Beautifies the Gums. 25c. per bottle. Sold at all Drug Stores. Sole manufacturer. HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, 144 St. Lawrence Main street. 309+

20 PER CENT. REDUCTION. With less rent and a large assortment, I am able to sell WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY and SILVER GOODS, For this week, at 20 per cent. reduction. HENRY GRANT, 26 Beaver Hall Terrace. 5+

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE paid for second-hand books, old coins, curiosities, &c., at 799 Craig street, next door to St. Antoine street. 309 +

SALESMAN WANTED — An active intelligent man of good business habits. Apply 9 a.m., 281 Notre Dame street. 12

A THOROUGH BUSINESS man with some capital, desires an active interest in a lucrative and growing business. Address full particulars. "Lucrative," STAR office. 13 3

A GERMAN LADY PIANIST desires to give private lessons in Music and German language. Address MISS MULLER, STAR Office. 13 2

PIANO WANTED — Second-hand, in good order. Send particulars and price to No 60 St. Hubert street. 13 2

TO FARMERS—Wanted by a young man, board with a good farmer, with the view of learning farming. Apply by letter, with price of board, to "L. D.," Box No. 1922 Post Office, Montreal. 13 6

WAITER WANTED—Enquire for "Y. 18," STAR office. 13 1

HANDSOME SKYE TERRIER FOR SALE—Good ratter and house dog. For particulars, enquire for "Y. 17," STAR office. 13 3

HEALTH LIFT WANTED, must be in good order. Address Saml. Robertson, Manager Crystal Palace Skating Rink. 13 2

PERSONAL — Thankfully appreciated ; patients about again ; most anxious to hear when. Best wishes. P. 13 3

FRENCH-CANADIAN HOUSE-MAID WANTED, in a small family, to wait at table, and know her duties, having good references. Apply at once 97 Union avenue. 13 3

SKELETON SKATES, all sizes, Geo Payne's, 687 Craig street, west of Bleury street. 13 3

New Advertisements this P.M.

CHURCH OF ST. JAMES THE APOSTLE,

A LITERARY AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT, Will be given in the SCHOOLROOM OF THE CHURCH, On TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 18th, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Admission 25c.

Programmes and tickets at DeZouche & Co.'s, and the Medical Hall Branch. 13 2

RE ZION CHURCH.

NOTICE PERTAINING SOLELY TO THE PROPERTY RECENTLY SOLD, AND ITS OCCUPATION.

The immediate presentation of accounts is requested. Also, the payment of sums due the Church. The undersigned will be in his Office TO-MORROW (TUESDAY,) 18th, from 3 to 5 p.m., to make and receive payments.

131 JAMES W. TAYLOR, Treasurer.

QUEEN'S HALL.

MADAME EMMA C. THURSTON & MR. S. B. WHITELEY'S

SECOND GRAND POPULAR MATINEE!

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22nd, at THREE P.M. MR. CHAS. REICHLING, Violinist. MR. W. L. MALTBY, Basso.

Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 25 cents extra. At DeZouche & Co.'s, A. & S. Nordheimer's J. Hecker's, and Dawson Bros. 13 3

FISH & GAME PROTECTION CLUB OF PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

The annual dinner of this Club will take place at the St. Lawrence Hall on THURSDAY NEXT, 20th inst. Tickets can be obtained from Mr. Hagar.

132 G. W. MATTHEWS, Secretary.

RELIGIOUS ANNIVERSARIES

The Anniversaries of the various Religious Societies will be held this year as hitherto in the ST. JAMES STREET METHODIST CHURCH, On the 24th to the 28th instant inclusive, commencing each Evening at HALF-PAST SEVEN o'clock. Further and fuller particulars later.

134 JAMES McCAUL, Secretary.

DRAUGHT TOURNAMENT.

A Final Meeting for arranging the Handicap Allowances, will be held at the St. Andrew's Home, on MONDAY EVENING, the 17th inst., at 8 o'clock sharp. Entries must be made before meeting, as List will be then closed.

131 JAMES M. GLASS, Sec. of Committee.

NORDHEIMER'S HALL.

Grand Amateur Entertainment by members of the MONTREAL SOCIAL AND DRAMATIC CLUB, under the direction of Mrs. Buckland, in aid of a special charity, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22nd, at 8 p.m. "MARRIED LIFE," Comedy in three acts. To be followed by the laughable farce, "THE ROUGH DIAMOND." Tickets, 50 cents ; balcony, 25 cents. To be obtained at Nordheimer's and DeZouche's, St. James street. 13

THEATRE ROYAL.

EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK.

HARRY WEBBER, IN HIS FAMOUS COMEDY DRAMA,

NIP AND TUCK. NIP & TUCK. NIP & TUCK. NIP & TUCK. NIP & TUCK.

Grand Saturday Matinee. Seats at Prince's. 13

SINGING FROM NOTES.

Dr. MACLAGAN is about to form a class for instruction in above, commencing on MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24th. Terms for course of 12 lessons, $2. 650 Palace street, January 17th. 13 3

THE COSY NEW and SUBSTANTIAL ROUGH STONE DWELLING, No. 132 DUROCHER STREET, will be sold by JOHN J. ARNTON, on THURSDAY Morning next. Also the "DAWSON" Property on DUBORD STREET, back of Viger Cattle Market, by order of the Executors. 131

REAL ESTATES to be sold at my rooms, No. 83 St. James street :

Wednesday, 19th January — Cottage, No. 187 Cadieux street, at 11 o'clock.

Thursday, 20th January—Block of Houses, No. 168 to 174 St. Christophe street, at 11 o'clock.

Friday, 21st January.—Residence No. 126 St. Christophe Street, at 10:30 o'clock.

Monday, 24th January.—Block of Houses, No. 289 to 293 Papineau Road, at 11 o'clock.

Tuesday, 25th January.—Property No. 181 and 183 St. Andre Street, at 11 o'clock.

Thursday, 27th January—Property No. 158 Cadieux st., St. Jean Baptiste Village, at 11 o'clock.

All information wanted will be given at our offices.

13 A. BOURBONNIERE & CO., Auctioneers.

TO ARCHITECTS, MASTER PLUMBERS, BUILDERS, AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL.

Having perfected My "ODOURLESS" WATER CLOSET AND AUTOMATIC SUPPLY TANK, I am now prepared to receive orders for the same. The Water Closet and Tank is now in general use (with satisfaction), and can be seen in operation at Water Works, Work Shop, 69 St. Charles Borromee Street. All interested in sanitary reform, are respectfully requested to inspect the merits of the Closet and Judge for themselves. For further information. Address

JOHN ROBERTSON,

581 Seigneurs Street,

136 Montreal.

MONEY TO LOAN on First Mortgage. Houses to rent from $9 up to $20 per month. Apply to F. X. Beaudry, 154 St. Charles Borromee street. Office hours, 1.30 to 2.30. 13 3

EMPLOYMENT WANTED—By a respectable married woman, as wet nurse. Apply at 902 St. Catherine street. Mrs. Lee, midwife. 13

WANTED—For a Photographic Room, a young man who understands printing and finishing tin-type, must speak some French. Apply at 173 McGill street. 13 3

WANTED, an experienced General Servant. Apply at No. 40 St. Famille st. 13 2

WANTED — A Practical Mechanic with about $2,000, to take an interest in a manufacturing business. Send name and address to "A. G.," Box 1472. 13 10

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — General Servant. 694 Sherbrooke street. 13 2

WANTED — General Servants Immediately, at Mrs. Corbett's, 64½ Bleury street. 13 2

WANTED, a furnished or partly furnished house, west of Bleury street. Y, 21, STAR office. 13 1

WANTED—General Servant for family of six ; must wash and iron well ; Protestant preferred. Apply 13 Maple Avenue, off St. Joseph street. 13 3

WANTED—A Girl to do light housework. 36 Recollet street. 13 2

WANTED.—A Young Girl to attend a baby and sleep at home. Apply 1139 St. Catherine St. 13 3

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. District of Quebec—No. 2350. SUPERIOR COURT—P. A. A. Dorion, Plaintiff, vs. Francois Mandeville, Defendant, and A. Dalbec, Advocate, Distrayant. On the Twenty-sixth day of January instant, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 151 Beaudry street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture. P. ARCHAMBAULT, B.S.C. Montreal, January 17th, 1881. 13

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal—No. 7,445.—CIRCUIT COURT, Montreal.—Eugene Brissette, Wood Merchant, of Montreal, Plaintiff, vs. Herminegilde Desautels, Joiner, of Montreal, Defendant.—On the 26th day of January, inst., at Nine of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 290 Wolfe street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture, &c. Terms Cash. JOS. THIBAULT, B.S.C. Montreal, 17th January, 1881. 13

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal—No. 2359.—CIRCUIT COURT—Alphonse B. Jasmin, Merchant, of Ste. Therese de Blainville, District of Terrebonne, Plaintiff, vs. George Desormeau, of Montreal, Defendant.—On the 26th day of January instant, at Five of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 420 Montcalm street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture, &c. Terms cash. Jos. THIBAULT, B.S.C. Montreal, 17th January 1881. 13

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.—No. 857.—SUPERIOR COURT.—Louis Lahaie, Plaintiff, vs. L. A. Senecal, Surintendant, du Chemin de Fer Q. M. O. & Occidental, Defendant.—On the Twenty-fifth day of January, instant, 1881, at TEN of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 340 Craig street, in the city of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture, &c. Terms Cash. JULES VALIQUETTE, B.S.C. Montreal, 15th January, 1881. 13

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.—No. 2342.—CIRCUIT COURT—Jean Bte. Doutre, Esq., of the City of Montreal, Advocate, Thimothee Desgrosseilliers, Farmer, and Emilie Bertrand, Blacksmith, both of the Parish of Ste. Martine, in the District of Beauharnois, in their character of Administrators and Executors of the Estate of the late Joseph Doutre, in his lifetime of the town of Beauharnois, in the District of Beauharnois, and the late Dame Adelaide Giroux, his wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Dame Catherine Grenier, of the City of Montreal, wife of the late John Clough, in his lifetime Gentleman, of the Parish of St. Celestin, in the County of Nicolet, District of Three Rivers, William Clough, Painter, of the City of Montreal, and James J. Clough, Cigar Maker, of the City of Montreal, Defendants.—On the 26th day of January inst, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendants, No. 49 St. Lawrence Main street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendants, seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture, &c. ED. BRAZEAU, B.S.C. Montreal, 17th January, 1881. 13

GEORGE BAILEY!

A TALE OF

NEW YORK MERCANTILE LIFE.

BY

OLIVER OLDBOY.

[George Bailey is printed in THE STAR *by permission of the author and publishers. The story is published in book-form complete, by Harper and Brothers, Franklin Square, New York, who will send it by mail, postage prepaid, to any address on receipt of one dollar.]*

CHAPTER XXIII.—*Continued.*

Finch eyed her closely and furtively to see the effect of this last shot, but it entirely failed of its mark; for Jenny was too well aware of Mrs. Finch's passion for George Bailey, and knew full well that while he lived Finch had no chance in that quarter. How Jenny Edwards learned everything concerning Grace Finch, and how Grace Finch learned everything about Edith Wilde is a female mystery which we shall not try to fathom at present.

"Go to your late wife," said Jenny, "and see if she will treat you any better than I have done. But why talk in this way about your late wife? I understand you—I am no child. Go to work, as I said before, like a man: reform, repent! All I have in the world I would give freely to make you a good honest man."

"What would you have a fellow to do, I repeat, who is sick, houseless, homeless, hungry, without a stitch of decent clothing to his back, without a cent in his pocket to buy his dinner? Good God! woman, have mercy on a fellow!"

Disgusted, and yet full of compassion, Jenny drew out her pocket-book and handed him fifty dollars.

"Here," said she, "go and buy yourself a decent suit of clothes in which you can look for employment. When you are reformed come and see me again, but not before. Go, go!"

The mean hound grabbed the money, and actually counted it in her presence. His watery eyes gloated over it, before he hid it away with what remained of Quin's twenty dollars. The vulture-like avidity with which he had seized her hard-earned money was extremely painful to Jenny Edwards. As she walked away from him the tears fell thick and fast as she soliloquized:

"Poor wretch! poor wretch! How fallen! how low! And this is all that remains of my hero! And yet I would give my heart's blood to make him such a man as George Bailey!"

Finch soliloquized too: "Work be hanged! How can I work? She has plenty of money saved, and I must have my share of it. This is a mine, and I'll work it."

Ah, Jenny, Jenny! by what strange circumstances do heroic women like you fall into the hands of such ghouls as Myron Finch, and frivolous wax-dolls become the idols of the most chivalrous men!

CHAPTER XXIV.

"Vice stings us, even in our pleasures."
COTTON.

It was seven o'clock in the evening of the day that Myron Finch had wheedled out of Jenny Edwards fifty dollars of her hard-earned money, and Mr. Jacob Van Hess, his daughter and his two grandchildren were seated after dinner in the dining-room. The old gentleman was trying to read, amidst the clamor and squabbling of the two children, the condition of the stock-market, as recorded in the *Evening Post.* Mrs. Finch was vainly endeavoring to prevail upon her son, a boy of twelve years of age, to study his lessons for the morrow. Myron Finch, Jr., was a faithful copy of his sire in form, in color, and in disposition, but not in intellect, for in this he had caught his mother's weakness.

"What's the use of them books?" he petulantly asked his mother, tossing his head from side to side with a strong expression of disapproval. "You won't let a fellow read 'The Boy Robber of the Red River.' That's a bully book! He shot his dad in the knee for lickin' him when he was only thirteen—one year older than me."

"Hush, hush, Myron! your grandfather will hear you, and be angry. Take your books this instant and study your lessons, or I'll whip you and send you to bed."

"Well, wait until I am a few years older," replied the amiable lad, "and I'd like to see any one—"

"Ma! ma! won't you make Myron stop pinching me?" screamed the little sister. "I do believe he has pinched a piece out of my arm!"

"Children, keep quiet," said the grandfather over his spectacles. "Grace if those children cannot keep quiet, send them directly to bed. They disturb me—annoy me; they are always quarrelling."

At this the young Myron stuck his tongue in his cheek and winked villainously at his little sister.

"Ma! ma! won't you make Myron stop?"

But Myron simply made a grimace more wicked than the one that preceded it. Ah, verily, "Their fathers have eaten sour grapes, and the children's teeth are on edge!"

In the meantime the father of this hopeful student of "The Boy Robber of the Red River," having refrained all day from drinking strong liquor, and having now in his possession what appeared to him a very large sum of money (for everything in this world is relative), and excellent prospects of making more in a like easy fashion, resolved, "just this once," to treat resolution, and indulge himself in one or two glasses of brandy, for the purpose of steadying his nerves for another pecuniary raid.

He plunged into one of the low dens near the pier and drank twice in succession. Like the tiger's taste for blood, the taste of the drunkard is only whetted by a little liquor. There never was a better maxim for the dipsomaniac than, "Touch not, taste not, handle not;" and Finch knew it as well as any man living. But this "just once" was his ruin. For half an hour, while walking toward Broadway, he fought against the craving for more liquor; but the insatiable desire overcame his resolution. Again he entered a low groggery and drank a large glass of Jamaica rum, that being, in his estimation, the most fiery liquor in the market. Although his limbs trembled and his hands shook, his brain was untouched; and he entered Broadway making most heroic efforts to steady himself, and wondering why he always became drunk in his legs, and not in his head, like other men.

In Broadway he saw a sight which nearly sobered him; he saw George Bailey and Walter Wilde walking up that fashionable street arm-in-arm, and chatting pleasantly on the affairs of the day. Of course, neither recognized in the dirty, ragged wretch before them their fellow-passenger, Alexander Brown. As they overtook him, Walter Wilde remarked to his companion:

"What a wretched creature! Just see what drink will bring a man to!"

"Yes, yes," replied Bailey; "but who knows the trials and temptations that led him to such a state? God help us all! I was once sorely tempted myself. My sufferings taught me one good lesson—charity for the fallen."

Finch overheard the conversation, and instead of feeling grateful for the compassionate words, and still more compassionate tone of Bailey, he cursed Bailey again and again, and hated the man most intensely because he had befriended him.

When Bailey and Wilde were lost in the crowd, Finch plunged into another basement groggery near Broadway, and, uttering internal imprecations, drank off two more glasses of Jamaica rum to console himself for the sight he had just witnessed. "Now," said he to himself, "I am in fit condition to see my late wife and father-in-law, and make them shell out. It will be no paltry fifty dollars this time."

A remarkable feature in this man's character was that he never once thought of his children; and in this respect he was below the brute. When a man once abandons principle, and lives for nothing but the gratification of his base appetites, the very reason which, rightly used, elevates him to an equality with angels, enables him to think thoughts and do deeds that would shame the very lowest of the brute creation.

There was a ring at the door-bell of Jacob Van Hess's house. Susie O'Neil, the only servant of all work, answered it. She saw by the light of the hall a dirty, ragged man, with a strong odor of bad liquor on his breath, standing in the vestibule, and surveying him for an instant, she exclaimed, "No-o-o!"

"I wish to see your master," said the tramp.

"You can't see him. Go 'way; we never gives anything to tramps nor beggars."

"I am neither a tramp nor a beggar, you impertinent flunkey!"

In the meantime the tramp had insinuated his body so far inside the door that Susie could not shut it: she was, therefore, obliged to call out, "Mr. Van Hess! there's a tramp in the hall that won't go 'way! Please come here an' put him out!"

Mrs. Finch went up-stairs with the two children; and the husband and father saw them as they passed. Mr. Van Hess accosted the tramp in an angry tone,

"Well, sir, what do you want here? Leave my premises, or I'll call a policeman."

"Mr. Jacob Van Hess, I warn you that you had better not," said the tramp, in an insolent voice.

"Why not! why not? Susie, call a police-officer this instant! Do you mean to rob me—murder me? Begone, sir!"

While Susie was looking for an officer, the tramp whispered,

"Jacob Van Hess, you had better dismiss the policeman; for if I am arrested there will be a scene. You don't know me, eh? You don't know your son-in-law, *Myron Finch?*"

Had a thunderbolt dropped at the feet of the old man he could not have been more astounded. He was obliged to lean against the hat-rack for support. The color left his face, and the lines about his mouth deepened. He feared Finch with an exceeding fear; he feared him more than he did Satan. Here was his evil genius come back to torment him; here was the fiendish hypocrite whose wiles, tricks, lies and villany had blasted his life, and whose cruelty had destroyed the happiness of his only child; here was his ruthless enemy, who had destroyed his business reduced him from affluence to respectable poverty. Jacob Van Hess remained for a minute or two speechless, and almost unconscious, dazed, and horror-stricken by the blow.

"I say, old man, do you desire a scene? Do you want me arrested? Do you want that divorce business ripped up from stem to stern? If you don't, be quick, for here comes the policeman. Just tell him it is all a mistake. Do you hear, old man?"

(To be continued.)

GERMANY AND THE JEWS.

The Jewish Question in Germany as it Appears to a Distinguished Professor of Geneva.

Professor Carl Vogt, of Geneva, writes as follows in the *Frankfurter Zeitung* concerning the Jewish persecution now going on in Germany:

"Wherever I met with Jews I found their conduct in life the same. They are industrious, intelligent, frugal, at times to excess, charitable, little disposed to violence or crimes and not addicted to drink. They are accused of lacking dignity, of being obsequious and cunning in trade. On the whole they have the good qualities and faults of highly civilized nations. The picture which Europe would present if peopled exclusively by Israelites would be a strange one. There would be no wars, and consequently the moral sense would not be so frequently outraged as it now is; millions of men would not be taken from the plough, the workshop and the counting house to bleed in battle; public debts and taxes would decrease; sciences, letters and arts—especially music—would be highly cultivated; industry and commerce would flourish; felonious assaults would be of rare occurrence and crimes against property seldom accompanied by violence; owing to the effect of skilful and regular labor combined with economy wealth would largely accumulate—wealth that would be devoted to noble charities; there would be no conflicts between church and state, except perhaps in affairs of little import; but unfortunately there would be considerable bribery and little firmness exercised by public officers. Marriages would be frequent, contracted early in life and generally respected. As a natural result the evils produced by immorality would be almost unknown. These characteristics, together with a few good hygienic rules, would produce a beautiful and healthful people. Births would be numerous, the average duration of life would be longer, and the population would rapidly increase.

"No great effort of the imagination is required in drawing the foregoing sketch, as it is founded upon well established facts. But I hasten to add that a commonwealth thus formed would lack vitality. If only a few of the descendants of the ancient Greeks or Romans, the Cantabues or Celts, the Teutons, Slavs or Huns were left in Europe or the adjacent countries, then the immense Israelitish population which we imagined would soon be subjugated, crushed and plundered. The greater their wealth the quicker their pillage. The more beautiful the race the sooner would they be treated like the Circassian women and the young prisoners who once sat in Babylon and wept. In short, the supposition of a large, highly civilized—*i. e.*, very humane, very meek, very intelligent and very rich—population, without plunderers and despots taking advantage of it, is as little in accord with known facts as the hypothesis of a continent inhabited by herbivorous animals without birds or beasts of prey. One could construct theoretically a highly civilized commonwealth having nothing in common with barbarism: but this would not be a perfect state, for such a society could not offer any resistance.

"How can we account for the fact that this small, world-wide scattered Jewish community possesses virtues and vices which so admirably represent a progressive state of civilization? Certainly not by the usual theories of philosophers and historians,

"If religion alone would determine the character of Jew and Gentile, we might expect to find the reverse of what we really see. The Israelites follow the Old, the Christians the New Testament. The Old Testament promotes roughness of manner and injustice in certain respects; it represents God as an avenger who punishes future generations for the wrongs of a father; a God who has chosen one people and neglects all others. The new Testament breathes a spirit of mildness, benevolence and humility; it represents God as good, gracious and compassionate; He embraces as his children all men without regard to race or creed; kindness and meekness are recommended even to exaggeration, as in the commandment, 'Resist not evil; but whosoever shall smite thee on the right cheek, turn to him the other also.'

"But it is the Jew who is humble, even to the extent of obeying this exacting command; while the Christians are frequently high handed, violent, intolerant and excessively severe in their laws. Now, if religion alone had educated these nations the Jews would be violent and the Christians submissive. But the facts are different.

"It is asserted that the Jews are submissive, distrustful, saving and attached to their own race because they have suffered persecution for so long a time. But many Christian nations have also been persecuted, and in many ways oppressed, yet they have always attempted to rebel under such circumstances. The Jews have suffered and were silent, while the Christians whether Spaniards under the Arabs, or Poles, or Irish, or any other nationality—acted quite differently whenever they considered themselves oppressed or could find cause for complaint. The comparative good will of the Israelites is therefore not to be attributed to their religion or treatment. Natural history only is able to solve the riddle.

"The Jewish is one of the oldest cultured nations that never intermingled with others. During the brutal violence of the Middle Ages the Jews invented commercial intercourse which united the nations, as is evidenced by the introduction of bills of exchange. They fostered the arts and sciences. Already two thousand years ago they had a remarkable moral and intellectual knowledge which tradition has preserved and improved, for in spite of their general dispersion the isolation of the race was not checked. Thus we find that an Israelite, if he resembles his great grandfather or a still more remote ancestor, possesses nevertheless the virtues and vices of a civilized man and at the same time the excellent culture of his race which has justly earned the admiration of every true artist.

"The Christian nations, on the other hand, are only just emerging from barbarism. Their civilization in central Europe dates back no more than three centuries, and in Russia did not commence before the reign of Peter the Great. They have yet to struggle continuously against their former habits of robbery, injustice, and moral and physical violence. In the southern parts of our continent there are to-day populations who consider revenge for bloodshed, even if perpetrated upon a descendant of the offender, a virtue. The westerly coasts of Europe can to-day show inhabitants who rejoice in shipwrecks because it gives them an opportunity for plunder. In our most civilized countries, about two hundred years ago, they burned all heretics, and only one hundred years ago witches shared the same fate. As late as the eighteenth century arbitrary incarceration was of common occurrence, and people of high rank shamelessly caused common people to be whipped in defiance of law and justice. In the early part of our own century trifling thefts were expiated in England on the gallows. The wars are still terrible, and pirates are not yet entirely extinct. It is not quite safe to resemble one's ancestors in these respects to day. The violence of our ancestors, according to the laws of atarism, must now and then rise up again. This violence in consequence of old age has become an instinct, and it requires time to create other instincts, Galton, in his book 'Hereditary Genius,' says: 'Yesterday man was still a barbarian, and one must not except that the natural capacities of his race have already been transformed in proportion to the actual progress he has made. At the present time men are like beasts transplanted into a country which offers unaccustomed climatic conditions and subsistence. Our instincts go astray under these changeable circumstances.'

"'Thus the laws of nature testify.'

"I really do not know how the true inwardness of the whole disgusting Treitsch-Stoecker crusade now rampant in Germany could be better characterized than by the above quotation from Alphonse de Candolle, the celebrated botanist, whose publication appeared in Geneva in 1873 and in which these remarks would hardly be expected as the book is entitled 'Histoire des Sciences et des Savans Depuis Deux Siecles,' but just because even historians like Treitschker may perhaps not have read this book (for what cares the Don Quixote of historic science for the natural sciences?) I have verbally translated this entire characteristic passage. It emanates from a man whose ancestors being Protestants fled from France to Geneva, and who in the science of botany has reached that high standing which his father previously occupied. A descendant of an old family of students of nature—that is why Alphonse de Candolle looked at things simply with the unbiassed eye of a naturalist.

"At last!' Carl Hilebrand, my countryman and townsfellow (for both of us were born at Giesson,) exclaimed when the Berlin Protest against the notorious anti-Jew petition came under his notice. 'At last! How eagerly did we wait for it! Too long we were forced to blush on looking a foreigner in the face!' 'My dear townsfellow,' I would like to say to him, 'I too could exclaim, at last! how long have I been waiting, not for the protest but for the petition—for the storm itself.' The barometer fell lower and lower, all signs were sure. Should then the laws of nature fail this time? No! They have proved true on this occasion; the storm is now raging because it could not fail to appear. Do not seek for specific causes. The all help like the vermin in Goethe's 'Peter Brei':

"'Ratten mause, Floh und Wanzen.
Mussen all beitragen zum Ganzen.'

"Let them deny it as much as they please, it is nevertheless true that religious fanaticism envy, avarice, all have their hand in it. But at the bottom of it lies the old foundation of barbarism, seeking an object upon which she may exercise her long restrained violence, and believing to have found that object in Judaism—so much disliked on account of its superior condition. Something has to be stormed. After the outer works of Duppel were taken the inner Duppel had to be stormed. After the French war the Vatican, after that socialism. And now, when no other war seems imminent and brutal force cannot any longer remain idle, the Jew has been singled out to be driven to the wall. 'Make an end of them.'

"Why? Because he possesses more intelligence than you? I can really find no other cause for the reproaches they heap upon the Jew than their anger at their own inferiority to his higher intelligence and more ancient, deeper-rooted civilization. 'Der Jude liebt die betrugerei' (Fraud is the Jew's delight) says an old rhyme written upon the roof of an old house in Little Linden near Giessen. Possibly. But why are you stupid enough to be imposed upon? The Jews have almost the entire public press in their hands. Also possible. But why were you stupid enough to let them take it from you? The Jews rule the money market, the exchanges the entire commerce and the credit of the world. Possible again. But how could a small minority succeed in this if not edowned with superior intellectual powers and a larger amount of endurance and energy in all undertakings? The Jews hold more offices, count more lawyers and physicians among their ranks than their entire number in proportion to the general population justify. Very likely. But viewing the decided aversion exhibited toward them by many governments it is a clear proof at once that they are more capable and know how to make the best use of their capacities. The entire wealth of the nation will in course of time fall into their hands. Probable; in fact there is no doubt about it, for they do not like you, get drunk, do not spend more money than they have: they are saving, domesticated, lead a blameless family life, labor uninterruptedly—early and late—and with intelligence. How could success fail them? Go and do likewise and you will also get rich. But no! Candolle is quite right. The dark spirit of your barbarous ancestors is still stirring within you, to waylay and rob the peaceful merchant on the high road.

"Oh, noble Barbarism, led on by knights and priests (yunker and paffen)! She has been reared in war and violence of every description. And now that she has burst the slight covering which has disguised her, people are astonished that she rears herself and aims a blow at this one because his nose is crooked, and seizes by the throat another because he has a well-filled money bag: and a third she trips up because he stands in a high place.

"I cannot help, my friend and townsfellow, Hillebrand, blushing at Florence. This doggerel blossom of barbarism, longing after plunder and strife, had to burst, and it is a mistaken belief that the party of progress and the party of secession are powerful enough to shake it off. You hear them even boast of their barbarism! About this as well as about many other blossoms of barbarism Hillebrand will have to continue to blush, for the Yuden hetze will not be the last act. The laws of nature cannot be evaded, but must take their proper course. If an enemy of Germany had offered a prize for the best answer to the following question: What has to be done to bring upon Germany the greatest possible injury from abroad without any recompense at home? then Messrs. Treitschker, Stoecker and their consorts would no doubt have carried the prize. For the barrenness of their agitation is manifest in this; that nothing can come of it but personal slander and defamation; some exchange of blows; a few pistol-shots; anything except a practical result or benefit to anybody. The Jews cannot again be deprived of their equality in civil rights, and more they do not require in order to maintain that superiority in all branches of human activity which they have already established by their inventive and active genius, even while laboring under oppressive and discriminating laws. These ignorant fellows don't know of the fact established by statistics that of all classes of men it is the Hebrews who adapt themselves the easiest to changes of exterior conditions. They will outlive the present persecutions as they have survived many others. If precluded from public office and station, or the liberal professions, they will apply themselves with greater zeal to commerce, industry, the exchanges and the press. They will combine and help each other, and a few years hence nothing will remain in the Teutonic mind of this present hue and cry except the remembrance of an outbreak of mediæval barbarism, which, it is true, will for time to come remain vivid enough to cause our children and grand-children to blush for their father's folly."—*New York World.*

LATEST MAIL NEWS.

England.

Disease among the sheep is spreading all over England, and causes agriculturists serious alarm.

There are five ministers in the Spurgeon family—Rev. C. H. Spurgeon, his father, brother and two sons.

The Admiralty have decided that the entry of Naval cadets shall in future take place by means of limited competition.

At present a purchaser in Britain gets for £1 nearly half as much again of foreign products as he could have done in 1860.

A cook applying for a place in London, lately, declined the situation because the housekeeper's room was too damp for her grand piano.

Lloyds' list of shipping accidents is at present unusually long, thus proving how disastrous the recent stormy weather over a wide area has been to shipping.

It is expected that the revised translation of the New Testament, as prepared by the Westminster Company of Revisers, will be published in February next.

The London *Graphic* spent in preparing its Christmas number this year $15,000 on engravers and authors, $25,000 on paper, and $30,000 in printing and electrotyping.

An Irishman in Sheffield was lately savagely assaulted, and nearly kicked to death while on the ground, by a brother Irishman, because he had ceased subscribing to the Land League.

The ancient practice of summoning the judges to advise the British House of Lords, which has not been in use since 1875, is about to be revived at the hearing of the important case of Angus against Dalton, when two or more Judges of the Chancery Division are to be summoned.

At a meeting of the Emma Mine shareholders, held in London, it was agreed to wind up the Company voluntarily in order to carry into effect the terms of settlement under which the liquidators of the present Company require to form a new Company with a capital of £700,000.

At the recent dog show held in Birmingham, a panic was caused among exhibitors by a suspicion that several dogs on exhibition had died from the effects of poison. One dog named Guy, a fine spaniel, valued at £100 died, and an analysis made by the borough analyst resulted in the discovery that the animal had been poisoned with strychnine. The owner claims £50 from the Committee of Management.

A singular occurrence took place in Old London, recently. A young man named Wolfe was passing along Fleet street, when he noticed a small parcel in a box which it is the custom to place on the kerb of the street for the reception of the sweepings of the shops. He picked up the parcle and it exploded, blowing off his fingers and a portion of his thumb. He was taken to St. Bartholomew's Hospital.

A late essayist notes that in proportion as education and home comforts increase, English women refuse to go into the fields as day laborers. This is the case throughout the country; though many women, from a love of the comparative liberty such labor implies, still continue it, just as in the lace-making, willow-stripping, and glove-trimming districts they reject domestic service for these employments.

The Queen has just given the Albert Medal to Surgeon Henry Grier, of the British Army Medical Department, for heroic conduct like that of the brave Brooklyn doctor who recently lost his life in attendance upon a diphtheria patient. Surgeon Grier found Lieutenant Graham dying of suffocation from the diphtheric membrane, an operation for tracheotomy having failed to relieve him. All other efforts failing, Grier sucked the membrane and poisonous matter from his patient's throat.

Mr. Enraght has requested to be relieved from chapel duty in Warwick gaol in the first place for the chaplain's sake, lest the prisoners should say one parson is preaching and the other is a felon; and next lest he should be an unintentional stumbling-block in the way of their conversion. The prison rules do not allow of the other prisoners being told that he is not a felon, otherwise "he should be proud to sit among the poor fellows and pray with them for his own deeper conversion as well as theirs."

When Lord Palmerston died he left by will the whole of his property to Mr. Cowper Temple, his step-son. The heir had enjoyed this property for some time, when [so says report] he discovered in a secret drawer the draft of a codicil, which clearly showed that Lord Palmerston had intended to leave his Irish estate to his private secretary, Mr. Ashley. This was, of course, not binding on Mr. Cowper Temple, but, with the truest sense of honor he at once informed Mr. Ashley of the discovery, and made over to him the Sligo estate.

The case of Debenham agt. Mellon, involving the question of the liability of husbands for the debts of wives, has attracted great notice in England. Mrs. Mellon was supplied by her husband with a sum adequate for her apparel, but ran into debt in excess of it. Under the case Jolly agt. Rees, the court decided for the husband as not being liable for his wife's debts, if he supplied her with money enough to buy necessaries, and forbade her to exceed it. On appeal the decision was affirmed, and re-affirmed by the House of Lords.

Lady Burdett-Coutts is employing the period preceding her marriage in organizing a flower girl brigade. The object is to assist those pretty and often unprotected little girls who try to live by the sale of flowers in the streets. During the winter months in England, when flowers are scarce, the girls have to depend on foreign importations for their supply, and these are so dear that they can often hardly manage to get a stock, or, if they do, make little profits. The object of the association is to assist the girls in the purchase of flowers from such as have good greenhouses.

World Over.

European clothes have decreased the vitality of the inhabitants of the South Sea Islands.

Italy has about three thousand writers. There is now very little imitation of German authors.

The opal mines at Queensland, Australia, bid fair to rival at one distant day the far-famed depositories of that gem in Hungary.

In Holland the Catholics demand that school teachers shall be silent about religion, while the Protestants protest against its exclusion.

Mdlle. Sarah Bernhardt has sent a donation of a thousand francs towards the fund which is being raised to erect a statue to Alexandre Dumas.

A new painting by Titian has been discovered in Austria. It is the portrait of the wife of Charles V., the Emperor. Its genuineness is said to be undoubted.

A German publisher lately stole an American novel, altered the name, changed the conclusion, and then had the impudence to send a presentation copy to the author.

The following is an epitaph from a tomb near Versailles: "Except in 1859, during which for several days she took lessons on the piano, her life was without a stain."

Brazil inaugurated, about ten years ago, a system of gradual emancipation for its slaves, by means of which slavery would cease in 1900. A large number of planters voluntarily freed their slaves, and the movement was popular for a while; but of late a reactionary party has gained strength, and the result is a fresh agitation of the subject.

Some days before Herr Anderwert, the newly-elected President of the Swiss Confederation, blew out his brains, he had been profoundly melancholy, imagining himself surrounded by people who were plotting to kill him. The smallness of the majority which elected him preyed upon his spirits. He was greatly respected by his countrymen.

Dr. Oscar Lenz, the Austrian explorer, who started from Morocco, has reached Senegal *via* Timbuctoo. He is the fourth European who has visited Timbuctoo, his predecessors being Major Laing, in 1826 (he was murdered, and his papers were lost); Caillie, a Frenchman, who in the same year started from the south and reached Morocco, and Barth, a German in 1853.

An exhibition of canaries has been held in Paris, at the Restaurant Bonvalet, on the Boulevard du Temple, under the patronage of the "Societe Serinophile de Paris," which includes among its rules and regulations the following paragraph: "It is expresdly forbidden to talk politics or indulge in any conversation of an improper tendency during any of the meetings."

An African "King" at Accra has been foiled in an attempt to overthrow the British Empire. His sable majesty became mutinous, and the European community were in danger for some time. Fortunately, however, the war vessel "Foam" appeared in the roadstead, and the King was arrested and sent on board. The "Dido" arrived soon afterwards, and a court was formed, which sentenced the King to imprisonment for sixteen years.

Englishmen are thriving in Russia. Only a few months ago a Mr. Morris received a concession for developing the coal deposits near Vladivostock, and more recently a Captain Wells presented a project for turning Saghalien into a humanitarian Botany Bay. It is now announced that a certain Mr. Hugo Carlyle has laid before the Russian Government a plan for establishing a railway clearing house in Russia, that country being at present unprovided with any institution of that character, although sadly in need of one.

Two curious uses of the telegraph are noted. A man coming from Berlin to Paris wrote home at once the street and number where he was staying. Afterward, wandering about the city, he forgot the name of the street, and telegraphed to his family at Berlin in order to ascertain it. Another man from St. Louis wished to find in New York a Mr. Johnson, but had forgotten his Christian name. He telegraphed to St. Louis for the name and address, and found that the man he sought was stopping at the same hotel, the St. Nicholas.

A naval officer who has had the opportunity of a close inspection of the figure-head picked up by the "Girl of Devon," writes expressing his strong conviction that it is the figure-head of the missing training-ship "Atalanta." He gives a description of the figure, and adds, "there are no signs of its having been in collision, but it appears to have been forcibly torn away. The bolts (iron ones) remaining are so rusted and corroded that no marks are discernible. The figure is carved out of yellow pine; the nose appears to have been damaged and replaced with new pine."

A Baptist Minister's Experience.

I am a Baptist minister and before I even thought of being a clergyman I graduated in medicine but left a lucrative practice for my present profession, 40 years ago, I was for many years a sufferer from quinsy, "Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me," I was also troubled with hoarseness and Thomas' Eclectric Oil always relieved me. My wife and child had Diphtheria, and Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured them," and if taken in time it will cure seven times out of ten, I am confident it is a cure for the most obstinate Cold or Cough, and if any one will take a small teaspoon and half, fill it with the Oil and then place the end of the spoon in one nostril and draw the Oil out of the spoon into the head by sniffing as hard as they can until the Oil falls over into the throat, and practice that twice a week, I don't care how offensive their head may be, it will clean it out and cure their Catarrh. For Deafness and Earache it has done wonders to my certain knowledge. It is the only medicine dubbed patent medicine that I have ever felt like recommending and I am very anxious to see it in every place, for I tell you that I would not be without it in my house for any consideration. I am now suffering with a pain like rheumatism in my right limb and nothing relieves me like Thomas' Eclectric Oil.—Dr. E. F. Crane, Corry, Pa.

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Taken internally it relieves *instantly* the most acute pain. Used externally it is the best *Liniment* in the world. Its effect is almost instantaneous, affording relief from the most intense pain. It soothes the irritated or inflamed part, and gives rest and quiet to the sufferer. It is eminently the people's friend, and every one should have it with them, or where they can put their hands on it in the dark, if need be.

You may ask, with surprise: "What! am I to take internally the same preparation I use as a liniment?" "Why not?" we ask. "Is it necessary that a liniment should be poisonous?" That many of those in common use are, we admit; but the PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable medicine, and contains no poisonous ingredient. And, although it is used internally, it is nevertheless, one of the most powerful and best liniments in the world.

Beware of counterfeits and worthless imitations; call for PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER, and take no other.

PAIN KILLER!

PRICE: 20c, 25c and 50c PER BOTTLE.

SYR: HYPOPHOS.
FELLOWS'
COMPOUND SYRUP
OF
HYPOPHOSPHITES
COMP: FELLOWS.

GRIEF.

EXCESSIVE ANXIETY, or PROLONGED Study, will produce infirmity in the Nervous System, in proportion as the strength of that system is expended upon the mind in troubled thought, so are the organs of digestion, assimilation and nutrition, rendered inactive and sluggish in proportion as the system becomes infirm. Every individual has some one organ weaker than the rest, and this is always the first to suffer during nervous prostration; for example, afflicting news sometimes causes total suspension of the muscular action of the heart, producing sudden hemorrhage and death. No doubt any longer remains of the practicability of restoring the nervous system, and through the nerves the muscles of the impaired organs. FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES has been proved to possess such power in numerous instances. It will impart strength to overcome trouble and affliction. Persons who are accustomed to look upon the dark side, and who see no pleasure in living, on using this Syrup soon learn to value and enjoy life, and those who study deeply during long hours, will find in the Syrup a promoter of the power of endurance in the brain.

There is no doubt of this fact, that an impaired Nervous System causes Consumption, Neuralgia, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Heart Disease, and a host of others. FELLOWS' HYPOPHOSPHITES, which effectually cures Nervous Debility, should cure these diseases also. "Remove the cause and the complaint will cease."

Hot Springs, Ark., Feb. 23d, 1880.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, St. John, N.B.

Dear Sir: I have been prescribing your HYPOPHOSPHITES for several years, both in Canada and the United States, but more particularly at this famous resort for Invalids, where thousands annually congregate. For those in whom the BRAIN AND NERVOUS SYSTEM HAS BEEN EXHAUSTED FROM MENTAL OR OVERWORK, I have found no combination of remedies so PROMPT AND EFFICACIOUS in restoring the vital forces. I trust that every person needing relief will avail themselves of so valuable a preparation.

Respectfully,

ALEX. McMASTER, M.D.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. $1.50 PER BOTTLE. 13

CINGALESE

Hair Renewer!

IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE

Best Preparation for the Hair

that has been presented to the public, for restoring it to its natural color, and leaving it soft and glossy.

IT STOPS FALLING OF THE HAIR.

IT REMOVES DANDRUFF.

IT COOLS THE SCALP.

IT RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR AND BEAUTY.

Its continued use, by those with Bald heads, will produce a beautiful head of hair. Every one recommends it. For sale by all Druggists. Price, 50c. 271

THE ONLY LUNG PAD

CURES BY ABSORPTION (Nature's way)

All LUNG DISEASES,
THROAT DISEASES,
BREATHING TROUBLES.

IT DRIVES into the system curative agents and healing medicines.

IT DRAWS from the diseased parts the poisons that cause death.

THOUSANDS TESTIFY TO ITS VIRTUES.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, $2.00, by

H. HASWELL & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
148 and 150 McGill Street, Montreal, P.Q.,
273 General Agents for the Dominion.

DRIED FLOWERS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
DRIED FLOWERS,
FROM PRUSSIA, COMPRISING
HANGING BASKETS,
WREATHS,
CROSSES,
BOUQUETS,
&c., &c.

ALSO A LOT OF
CHOICE PAMPAS PLUMES,
—AT THE—
GLASGOW DRUG HALL.

J. A. HARTE, Druggist,
279x 400 Notre Dame street.

HANLAN WRITES:

"I have used JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF for a considerable time, it is the best muscle former I have ever tried. It is pleasant to the taste, and there is no trouble about its digestion.
(Signed)
268x EDWARD HANLAN.

Paints, &c.

RAMSAY'S RUSSIAN WHITE LEAD!

Awarded First Prize at the

DOMINION EXHIBITION.

TO THE TRADE:

The subscribers are now prepared to receive orders for FALL and SPRING, for the above

CELEBRATED BRAND OF WHITE LEAD.

A. RAMSAY & SON. 268x

Brewers, &c.

JOHN H. R. MOLSON & BROS.,

ALE AND PORTER BREWERS,
No 286 St. Mary Street,
MONTREAL,
Have always on hand the various kinds of
ALE AND PORTER,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
Families Regularly Supplied. 185 eod

Railroads.

CENTRAL VERMONT R. R. LINE.

OLD RELIABLE SHORT ROUTE.

Three Express Trains daily, equipped with Miller Platform and Westinghouse Air Brake. Sleeping Cars are attached to Night Trains between Montreal and Boston, and Springfield and New York via Troy, and Parlor Cars to Day Express between Montreal and Boston and New York via Troy.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL.

DAY EXPRESS for Boston, via Lowell or Fitchburg, also for New York, via Troy or Springfield, at 7.15 a.m.

For Waterloo, 7.15 a.m.

For Waterloo and Magog, 3.20 p.m.

NIGHT EXPRESS for New York via Troy, at 3.20 p.m., arriving in New York at 6.45 next morning.

NIGHT EXPRESS for Boston via Lowell, and New York via Springfield, 6 30 p.m.

GOING NORTH.

Day Express leaves Boston, via Lowell, at 8 30 a.m., via Fitchburg at 8 a.m., Troy at 7 40 a.m., arriving in Montreal at 8.45 p.m. Express leaving New York at 8 a.m., arriving in Montreal at 11 p.m.

Night Express leaves Boston at 7 p.m., via Lowell, and 6 p.m. via Fitchburg, and New York at 4 p.m., via Springfield, arriving in Montreal at 8 20 a.m.

Night Express leaves New York via Troy, at 8.30 p.m., arriving in Montreal at 10 a.m.

For Tickets and Freight Rates, apply at Central Vermont Railroad Office, 136 St. James street,

W. B. VIALL, Canadian Passenger Agent. Boston Office, 260 Washington street New York Office, 417 Broadway. W. F. SMITH, General Passenger Agent. J. W. HOBART, General Supt. St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 4, 1880. 151x

SOUTH EASTERN RAILWAY

—AND—

MONTREAL AND BOSTON AIR LINE.

THE DIRECT AND BEST ROUTE

—TO—

CONCORD, MANCHESTER, NASHUA, LOWELL, WORCESTER, PROVIDENCE, BOSTON,

and all points in NEW ENGLAND, also to the EASTERN TOWNSHIPS.

The most comfortable and elaborate Sleeping Cars run on the night trains that enter Bonaventure Station.

Parlor Cars on Day Express.

ALL CARS AND TRAINS run between Bonaventure Station, Montreal, and Boston WITHOUT CHANGE. Baggage checked through to all principal points in NEW ENGLAND.

BAGGAGE PASSED BY THE CUSTOMS AT BONAVENTURE STATION, thus saving all trouble to Passengers at the Boundary Line.

Day Express leaves Bonaventure Depot at 8.30 a.m. Night Express leaves at 5.30 p.m.

Day Express arrives at same Station from NEW ENGLAND and the TOWNSHIPS at 9.05 p.m. Night Express at 9.15 a.m.

For tickets, apply to 202 St. James street, Windsor Hotel and Bonaventure Station.

H. P. ALDEN, Supt. Traffic. GUSTAVE LEVE, Passenger Agent. BRADLEY BARLOW, President and General Manager. 236

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS,
Commmencing 14th June, 1880.

THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS RUN DAILY (except Sundays,) as follows:

Leave Point Levi	7.30 A.M.
Arrive Riviere-du-Loup	1.00 P.M.
" Trois Pistoles	2.05 "
" Rimouski	3.41 "
" Campbellton	7.55 "
" Dalhousie	8.31 "
" Bathurst	10.15 "
" Newcastle	11.40 "
" Moncton	2.10 A.M.
" St. John	6.05 "
" Halifax	10.45 "

These Trains connect at Chaudiere Curve with the Grand Trunk Trains leaving Montreal at 10 o'clock p.m. and at Campbellton, with the steamer "City of St. John," sailing Wednesday and Saturday mornings for Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, &c., &c.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sunday.

The Pullman Car leaving Montreal on Monday and Wednesday and Friday, runs through to Halifax, and that leaving on Tuesday and Thursday, to St. John.

SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS may now be obtained via rail and steamer, to the unrivalled Sea Bathing, Boating and Fishing Resorts on the Lower St. Lawrence, Metapedia, Restigouche, Bay Chaleur, Gaspe, Prince Edward Island and all points in the Maritime Provinces.

For information in regard to Passenger Fare Tickets, Rates of Freight, Train Arrangements, &c., apply to

G. W. ROBINSON, Agent, 120 St. Francois Xavier street, (Old Post-Office Building,) Montreal. D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent. June 14th, 1880. 133

Q. M. O. & O. RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF TIME

Commencing Thursday, December 23nd, 1880.

Trains will run as follows:—

	MIXED.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Hochelaga for Ottawa	1.30 a.m.	8.30 a.m.	5.15 p.m.
Arrive at Ottawa	11.30 a.m.	1.10 p.m.	9.55 p.m.
Leave Ottawa for Hochelaga	2.10 a.m.	8.10 a.m.	4.05 p.m.
Arrive at Hochelaga	10.30 a.m.	12.50 p.m.	9.35 p.m.
Leave Hochelaga for Quebec	8.00 p.m.	3.00 p.m.	10.00 p.m.
Arrive at Quebec	8.00 a.m.	9.55 p.m.	6.30 a.m.
Leave Quebec for Hochelaga	5.30 p.m.	11.10 p.m.	10.00 p.m.
Arrive at Hochelaga	8.00 a.m.	5.00 p.m.	6.30 p.m.
Leave Hochelaga for St. Jerome	5.30 p.m.	....	....
Arrive at St. Jerome	7.15 p.m.	....	....
Leave St. Jerome for Hochelaga	5.45 a.m.	....	....
Arrive at Hochelaga	9.00 a.m.	....	....
Leave Hochelaga for Joliette	5.00 p.m.	....	....
Arrive at Joliette	7.25 p.m.	....	....
Leave Joliette for Hochelaga	6.00 a.m.	....	....
Arrive at Hochelaga	8.20 a.m.	....	....

(Local Trains between Hull and Aylmer.)

Trains leave Mile-End Station Seven Minutes Later.

Magnificent Palace Cars on all Passenger Trains, and Elegant Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Trains to and from Ottawa connect with Trains to and from Quebec.

Sunday Trains leave Montreal and Quebec at 4 p.m.

All Trains Run by Montreal Time.

GENERAL OFFICES, 13 Place d'Armes Square.

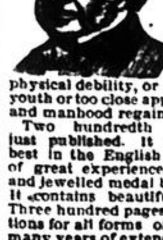
TICKET OFFICES { 13 Place d'Armes, 202 St. James Street. } Montreal.

Opposite St. Louis Hotel, Quebec.

145 L. A. SENECAL, General Agent.

New Books.

KNOW THYSELF.



THE untold miseries that result from indiscretion in early life may be alleviated and cured. Those who doubt this assertion should purchase the new medical work published by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Boston, entitled THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or, SELF-PRESERVATION. Exhausted vitality, nervous and physical debility, or vitality impaired by the errors of youth or too close application to business, may be restored and manhood regained.

Two hundredth edition, revised and enlarged, just published. It is a standard medical work, the best in the English language, written by a physician of great experience, to whom was awarded a gold and jewelled medal by the National Medical Association. It contains beautiful and very expensive engravings. Three hundred pages, more than 50 valuable prescriptions for all forms of prevailing disease, the result of many years of extensive and successful practice, either one of which is worth ten times the price of the book. Bound in French cloth; price only $1, sent by mail post-paid.

The London *Lancet* says: "No person should be without this valuable book. The author is a noble benefactor."

An illustrated sample sent to all on receipt of 6 cents for postage.

The author refers, by permission, to Hon. P. A. BISSELL, M.D., President of the National Medical Association.

Address Dr. W. H. PARKER, No. 4 Bulfinch st., Boston, Mass. The author may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience.

HEAL THYSELF

253x

Fancy Goods.

TO ARTISTS, ARCHITECTS, &c., &c.

ALWAYS IN STOCK A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Winsor & Newton's Artists' Requisites.

Whatman's hand-made Drawing Papers.

Sagar's and Winterbottom's Tracing Linen, either Glazed or Dull Back, width 36 and 42 inches.

Hand-made and continuous Drawing Paper, mounted on Linen, from 36 to 56 inches wide.

Chesterman's Metallic and Steel Tapes and Land Chains Boxwood and Ivory Scales, &c.

MESSRS. SCHLEICHER & SCHULL of DUREN, PRUSSIA, Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated SAND-GRAINED AND GRAINLESS DRAWING PAPERS, LEATHER AND DULL BACK TRACING PAPERS, Have appointed us

AGENTS FOR CANADA,

For the sale of their Goods.

Send for Samples and Price List.

B. SHARPLEY & SONS,
12x 282 and 284 Notre Dame street.

Stove Polish.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

For Beauty of Polish, Saving Labor, Cleanliness, Durability and Cheapness, Unequaled. MORSE BROS., Proprietors, Canton, Mass.

Each package of the genuine bears our Trade Mark—A Cut of the Rising Sun.

Trade-Mark copyrighted in United States 1865. Registered in United States Patent Office, 1872. Registered in Canada, 1879.

LYMAN, SONS & CO.,
LYMAN, SONS & CO.,
MONTREAL AGENTS. 125x

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE.

UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE GOVERNMENTS OF CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF THE MAILS.

1880. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. 1881.

This Company's Lines are composed of the following Double Engine Clyde built Iron Steamships. They are built in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, and are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest:—

	Tons.	
Parisian	5400	Building.
Sardinian	4650	Capt. J. B. Dutton.
Polynesian	4100	Capt. R. Brown.
Sarmatian	3600	Capt. A. D. Aird.
Circassian	4000	Capt. Jas. Wylie.
Moravian	3650	Capt. John Graham.
Peruvian	3400	Lieut. W. H. Smith, R.N.R.
Nova Scotian	3300	Capt. W. Richardson.
Hibernian	3434	Lieut. Archer, R. N. R.
Caspian	3200	Capt. Trocks.
Austrian	2700	Capt. R. Barrett.
Nestorian	2700	Capt. J. G. Stephens.
Prussian	3000	Capt. Joseph Ritchie.
Scandinavian	3000	Capt. H. Wylie.
Buenos Ayrean	3800	Capt. Neil McLean.
Grecian	3600	Capt. Legallais.
Manitobian	3150	Capt. McDougall.
Canadian	2600	Capt. C. J. Menzies.
Phœnician	2800	Capt. Jas. Scott.
Waldensian	2600	Capt. Moore.
Corinthian	2400	Capt. McNicol.
Lucerne	2200	Capt. Kerr.
Newfoundland	1500	Capt. Mylins.
Acadian	1350	Capt. F. McGrath.

The Steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line, Sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, from Boston every WEDNESDAY, and from Halifax every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched.

FROM BOSTON.

*Sardinian..........Thursday, Dec. 30, 8.00 a.m.
Hibernian..........Thursday, Jan. 6, 2.00 p.m.

FROM HALIFAX.

Sardinian..........Saturday, January 1.
Hibernian..........Saturday, January 8.

Passengers may embark at Boston on the Steamers marked * on the evening previous to sailing, if they so desire.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM MONTREAL, VIA HALIFAX:

Cabin..........$67, $77 and $88.
(According to accommodation.)
Intermediate..........$45.
Steerage..........$31.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM MONTREAL, VIA BOSTON:

Cabin..........$58, $78 and $88.
(According to accommodation.)
Intermediate..........$45.
Steerage..........$31.

The steamers of the Halifax Mail Line from Halifax to Liverpool, via St. John's, Nfld., are intended to be despatched as follows:

FROM HALIFAX.

Hiberian..........Monday, January 3

RATES OF PASSAGE BETWEEN HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN'S:

Cabin..........$20.
Intermediate..........$15.
Steerage..........$6.

GLASGOW LINE.

During the season of Winter Navigation a Steamer will be despatched each week from Glasgow for Boston (via Halifax, when occasion requires), and each week from Boston for Glasgow direct.

FROM GLASGOW.
FROM BOSTON.

Scandinavian..........December 31
Waldensian..........January 7

Through Bills of Lading granted in Liverpool and Glasgow, and at all Continental Ports, to all points in the United States and Canada, and from all stations in Canada and the United States to Liverpool and Glasgow, via Boston or Halifax.

Connections by the Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Railways via Halifax, and by the Central Vermont and Grand Trunk Railways (National Despatch), and by the Boston and Albany, New York Central and Great Western Railways (Merchants' Despatch) via Boston.

Through Rates and Through Bills of Lading for East-bound traffic can be obtained from any of the Agents of the above-named Railways.

For Freight, Passage, or other information, apply to John M. Currie, 21 Quai d'Orleans, Havre; Alex. Hunter, 7 Rue Scribe, Paris; Aug. Schmitz & Co. or Richard Berns, Antwerp; Ruys & Co., Rotterdam; C. Hugo, Hamburg; James Moss & Co., Bordeaux; Heinr. Ruppel & Sons, Bremen; Charley & Malcolm, Belfast; Montgomerie & Workman, 17 Grace Church street, London; James & Alex. Allan, 70 Great Clyde street, Glasgow; Allan Bros. & Co., James street, Liverpool; Allan, Rae & Co., Quebec; Allan & Co., 72 La Salle street, Chicago; H. Bourlier, Toronto; Leve & Alden, 207 Broadway, New York, and 5 State street, Boston. Or to

H. & A. ALLAN, 80 State street, Boston, and 25 Common street, Montreal. 180

DOMINION LINE OF STEAM SHIPS,

Running in connection with
THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.
SS. CANADA, Building, 3,850 tons,
SS. SARNIA, Building, 3,850 tons,
SS. OTTAWA, 3,850 tons.

ONTARIO	3,176 tons	DOMINION	3,176 tons
MISSISSIPPI	2,680 tons	TEXAS	2,700 tons
TEUTONIA	2,700 tons	QUEBEC	2,700 tons
ST. LOUIS	2,000 tons	TORONTO	3,284 tons
BROOKLYN	3,600 tons	MONTREAL	3,284 tons

DATE OF SAILING.

Steamers will sail as follows:—

FROM PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.

Ontario..........January 28
Toronto..........February 11
Brooklyn..........February 25

FOR GLASGOW.

Quebec..........January 14

RATES OF PASSAGE FOR WINTER MONTHS.

Cabin—Montreal to Liverpool..........$57.50
and return..........$101.25

Prepaid Steerage Tickets issued at the lowest rates.

Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Offices in Canada, and Through Bills of Lading are granted to and from all parts of Canada.

For Freight or passage, apply, in London, to Bowring, Jamieson & Co., 17 East India Avenue; in Liverpool, to Flinn, Main & Montgomery, 24 James street; in Quebec, to W. M. Macpherson; at all Grand Trunk Railway Offices, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., Exchange Court, Hospital street. 44

WHITE STAR LINE.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The steamers of this line take the LANE ROUTES recommended by Lieutenant MAURY, U. S. N., on both the outward and homeward voyages.

SAILING FROM NEW YORK.

CELTIC	Jan. 20th at	8.00 a.m.
ADRIATIC	Jan. 29th at	3.00 p.m.
BRITANNIC	Feb. 5th at	10.00 a.m.
BALTIC	Feb. 10th at	2.30 p.m.
GERMANIC	Feb. 19th at	8.30 a.m.
CELTIC	Feb. 24th at	2.00 p.m.

SALOON PASSAGE.

New York to Liverpool and Queenstown, $60, $80, and $100, gold.

Return Tickets—$110, $145 and $175, gold.

These steamers do not carry cattle, sheep or pigs.

STEERAGE PASSAGE

To and from Montreal, Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Glasgow, Belfast or Cardiff, $31 to or from.

Passengers taking the "White Star Steamers," as a rule, arrive in London in 9½ days from New York.

Passengers booked, via Liverpool, to all parts of Europe at moderate rates.

For further information and passage, apply to E. J. CORTIS, Agent, 37 Broadway, New York. Or to

B. J. COGHLIN, SOLE AGENT, 26 St. Sulpice street. 177

CUNARD LINE.

DANE ROUTE.

The Cunard Steamship Company (Limited), between NEW YORK and LIVERPOOL, calling at CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW YORK.

The "BATAVIA" will sail on WEDNESDAY, January 19th.

The "GALLIA" will sail on WEDNESDAY, January 26th,

THOMAS WILSON, Agent,
9x eod 58 St. Francois Xavier street.

ANCHOR LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS

Sail every Saturday.
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW,
CABINS, $60 to $80. STEERAGE, $28.
These Steamers do not carry cattle, sheep or pigs.

And every Saturday.
NEW YORK TO LONDON DIRECT.
CABINS, $55 to $65. Excursion at Reduced Rates.
Passenger accommodations are unsurpassed.
All Staterooms on Main Deck.

Passengers booked at lowest rates to or from any Railroad Station in Europe or America.

Drafts at lowest rates, payable (free of charge,) throughout England, Scotland and Ireland.

For books of information, plans, &c., apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. Y.,

Or to GUSTAVE LEVE, No. 202 St. James street, Montreal. 132

Tobacco.

SMOKE

GOLD FLAKE

CUT PLUG!

GOLD FLAKE

CUT PLUG is the best Pipe Smoking Tobacco ever introduced into Canada. It is made from the best selected fine old Bright Virginia Leaf.

(THE RAW LEAF FROM WHICH THIS TOBACCO IS MADE COSTS MORE THAN ANY OTHER TOBACCO MANUFACTURED IN CANADA, AFTER IT IS READY FOR THE PIPE)

It is made absolutely pure and neatly packed in pound tin-foil packages.

It is sold by all respectable dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

MANUFACTURED BY

THE GLOBE TOBACCO CO.,

WINDSOR, ONT.

260