Montreal Herald

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOL. LIX. MONTREAL, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1867. NUMBER 62.

POST OFFICE.

MONTREAL, January 12, 1867.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails at Montreal.

Due.	Mails.	Close.
7.45 a m	Quebec by Railroad	7.00 p m
8.00 a m	North Shore Land Route	1.30 p m
10.45 p m	Canada West Day Train...[1]	8.15 a m
12 Noon.	Canada West Night Train.[2]	7.00 p m
9.45 a m	Laprairie	2.15 p m
9.45 a m	St. Johns, C.E., Napierville and Clarenceville	7.45 a m 2.15 p m
9.45 a m	New York, Boston, Buffalo, Troy, &c.	2.15 p m
6.45 a m 1.45 p m	St. Hyacinthe, Richmond and Island Pond....[3]	6.00 a m 1.15 p m
6.45 a m	Portland	1.15 p m
11.00 a m 5.00 p m	Chateauguay, Beauharnois and Huntingdon	7.00 a m
9.15 a m 5.00 p m	Lachine	7.00 a m 2.00 p m
11.00 a m	St. Remi, Hemmingford & Plattsburg	2.00 p m
11.00 a m	Chambly	6.00 a m 2.30 p m
10.30 a m	Longueuil	2.00 p m
....	Contrecoeur, Varennes and Vercheres	2.00 p m
6.30 a m	St. Laurent, St. Eustache	7.00 a m
2.00 p m	Ste. Rose, Ste. Therese, & Ste. Jerome	7.00 a m
5.00 p m	Rigaud, Carillon, Grenville and Way Offices to Ottawa	8.15 a m
5.00 p m	Terrebonne, New Glasgow	7.00 a m
	St. Johns, N.B., Halifax, & P.E. Island, via Danville Junction & Bangor, every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday	1.15 p m
	Do, via Portland every Saturday	1.15 p m
	Ditto every Friday (must be prepaid 12½ cents per ½ oz)	7.00 p m
	Ditto via Boston, fortnightly, Cunard mail.	

[1] Conductor's Bag open till 9.15 A.M.
[2] do do 9.15 P.M.
[3] do do 1.40 P.M.

Registered letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.

All the above Mails are daily, except Sunday. Street Letter Boxes visited at 10.30 a.m., 1.30, 6, and 9 p.m. On Sunday, at 9 p.m.

INSURANCE.

Office of the Orient Mutual Insurance Company.

NEW YORK, 26th JAN., 1867

The following Statement of the Affairs of this Company, on the 31st day of December 1866, is published in conformity with the provisions of its Charter:

Premiums unearned 31st Dec., 1865.....$140486.63
Premiums received during the year ending 31st December, 1866.......... 781992.65

Total Premiums.................. $922479.28
Earned Premiums of the year.........$734712.85
Losses and Expenses;..................$421859.67
Re-Insurance and Return Premiums...$174002.02

ASSETS:

Cash in Banks.................$106608.31
United States Stock.............. 226713.75
Stocks of States, Cities, & Corporations, Bonds and Mortgages, and Loans on demand.......... 152523 75 — 485845.81
Subscription Notes and other Bills Receivable, Uncollected Premiums and Accrued Interest........ $683242 30
Salvages & Unsettled Accounts 26875 92 710118.22

Total amount of Assets $1195964.03

The Board of Trustees have resolved to pay Six per cent. Interest on the outstanding Scrip Certificates, to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on or after 1st March next.

After allowing for probable losses in the case of vessels out of time, and unsettled claims, they have also declared a Dividend, free from Government Tax, of Twelve and one-half per cent, on the net amount of Earned Premiums of the year ending 31st December, 1866, for which Certificates will be issued on or after 1st of March next.

The Profits of the Company for which Certificates have been issued, am't to $733200.00
Additional Profits from 1st January, 1866, to 1st January, 1867............. 138851.16

Total Profits $842051.16
Redeemed in Cash.............................. 145420.00

Amount remaining with the Co'y......$696631.16

(By order of the Board)
CHARLES IRVING, *Sec.*

TRUSTEES:

Joseph Gaillard, Jr., George Mosle, Edward F. Davison, A. LeMoyne, Jr., E. H. R. Lyman, Wm. E. A. Mackintosh, John Auchincloss, Lawrence Wells, Francis Cottenet, Charles Luling, Alex'r Hamilton, Jr., George F. Thomas, C. H. Sand, W. F. Cary, Jr., Cornelius K. Sutton, Edward Haight, Leopold Bierwirth, Simon de Visser, John S. Williams, Alex M. Lawrence, Fred'k G. Foster, George Christ, Richard P. Rundle, John A. Ralli, James Brown, N. D. Carlisle, William Shall, Leopold Huffer, Wm. S. Wilson, F. Coucinery, Gustav Schawb, John F. Schepeler.

EUGENE DUTILH, *Pres.*
ALFRED OGDEN, *V-Pres*
CHARLES IRVING, *Sec.*

NOTICE.

This Company have made arrangements to issue, when desired, Policies and Certificates payable in LONDON and LIVERPOOL, at the Counting Rooms of Messrs. DRAKE, KLEINWORT & COHEN.

The undersigned continues to receive applications for Open and Special Policies, and to effect Insurances on Ships, Cargoes and Freights, with above well known Company, payable in Gold or Canadian Funds.

HENRY McKAY,
No. 18 St. Sacrament
Montreal, 1st Feb. 1867 3m-27

The Liverpool & London & Globe

INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000 STERLING.

1865,

Fire Premium.................£739,333
Reserved Surplus Fund...... 971,409
Life Premiums.................. 250,104
Life Reserve Fund............1,775,059
Invested in Canada.............. 250,000

CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

T. B. Anderson, Esq., Chairman, (President Bank of Montreal.)
Henry Starnes, Esq., Deputy-Chairman, (Manager Ontario Bank.)
E. H. King, Esq., (General Manager Bank of Montreal.)
Henry Chapman, Esq., (Merchant).
G. F. C. Smith, Resident Secretary.
Medical Referee; D. C. Maccallum, Esq., M.D.
Inspector: F. A. Ball, C.W.; James Spier, C. E.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

During the past 16 years the Fire business of this Branch of the Company has steadily increased, until it now stands in the front rank of Insurance Companies. The Company is represented in all the cities, towns and villages throughout the land, by active business men, whose efforts have secured for it a large share of first-class custom in their several localities. In the administration of this business and in the settlement of claims, the Directors have endeavoured to act with liberality and promptitude, and in all doubtful questions (saving fraudulent ones) to give the benefit of the doubt to the assured, so that no delay might occur in arriving at the amount of a loss or in settling it when ascertained.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The Directors would call attention to the moderate rates at which they are prepared to grant Life Policies and Annuities, and respectfully solicit a comparison of their terms with other first-class English Companies.

Persons assuring under Table No. 2, with Guaranteed Bonus, (a form of assurance peculiar to this Company), should they reach a certain specified age, may leave to their heirs, in addition to the original sum assured, all Premiums paid during their lifetime, (including a certain amount of interest), the whole not exceeding an amount double the sum originally assured.

No extra charge for military service in defence of the Country.

All Claims are payable *thirty days* after admission of same.

The Company's Life Tables and Prospectus, will be gladly furnished by the Company's Agents throughout Canada, and also by

G. F. C. SMITH,
Resident Secretary, Canada Branch.
October 9. 241

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL

INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000 STERLING.

HEAD OFFICE, 130 Buchanan St., Glasgow.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman — ALEXANDER RONALDSON, Esq., Merchant.
Vice-Chairman — JAMES NICOL FLEMING, Esq., Kilkerran House, Ayrshire.
G. STEWART ANDERSON, Esq., Merchant.
HUGH BAIRD, Esq., Merchant.
JOHN BOAG, Esq., Iron Merchant.
JAMES COUPER, Senr., Esq., City Flint Glass Works.
JAMES GRAHAM Esq., Builder.
WALTER GRIEVE, Esq., Merchant, Greenock.
ROBERT KERR, Esq., of Cruikston Hall, Paisley
JAMES MACKENZIE, Esq., of Glentore, Merchant
JOHN JAMES MUIRHEAD, Esq., Goldsmith.
LEWIS POTTER, Esq., Merchant.
ADAM PRINGLE, Esq., Dowanhill Gardens.
JAMES SALMON, Esq., Architect.
ALEXANDER STRONACH, Esq., Banker.
WILLIAM TAYLOR, Esq., Grain Merchant.
Consulting Physician — DR. M'CALL ANDERSON.
Solicitors — Messrs BURN, MACLEAN & ALISON
Bankers — THE CITY OF GLASGOW BANK.
Manager — A. GORDON BROWN.
Secretary — A. L. WHITECROSS.

MONTREAL.

Consulting Physician — R. CRAIK, M.D.

McCULLOCH BROS.,
AGENTS FOR LIFE DEPARTMENT,
Offices, 10 and 12 Corn Exchange Building.
September 21. 226

ROYAL

Fire and Life Insurance Company.

CAPITAL,.........£2,000,000 Stg.
ANNUAL INCOME, over £700,000 Stg.

BUILDINGS and all descriptions of PROPERTY INSURED against LOSS or DAMAGE by FIRE on favourable terms.

POLICIES on LIVES issued on very advantageous terms, and no extra premium charged for Military Services in defence of the Provinces or for crossing the Atlantic.

Claims promptly settled.

H. L. ROUTH,
AGENT
October 17. 248

REMOVAL.

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

THE OFFICE OF THE GENERAL AGENCY of the ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY has this day been REMOVED from No. 85 St. Francois Xavier Street to more convenient apartments in the SEMINARY BUILDINGS, immediately opposite the Post Office. Entrance on Great St. James Street.

S. PEDLAR & CO.,
General Agents.
February 12. 36

HOUSES, &c.,

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THEATRE ROYAL.

To Let, by the Night or Week.

For particulars, apply to

HENRY PRINCE,
305 NOTRE DAME STREET.
February 25. 47

TO LET.

Those splendid NEW STORES, now in course of completion, situated in the most central part of Great St. James Street, (corner of Dollard Street), comprising TWO STORES, first flat and basement. The Stores are so constructed that they could be thrown into one if required. Also, two large and handsomely finished HALLS suitable for Lodges, Societies, or Sample Rooms. The above can be leased separately to suit tenants.

Apply to
TIFFIN BROTHERS,
St. Paul Street.
March 1. 51

OFFICES TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS OFFICES TO LET in Bank Chambers, entrance St. Peter Street.

Apply at
MOLSONS BANK.
February 4. 29

TO LET.

The SHOP, No. 151 Wellington Street, now in the occupation of Mr. Cullen.
E. G. PENNY,
Herald Office.
February 12. 36

STORE OR STORAGE TO LET from the 1st April next, No. 4 Lemoine Street.

For particulars apply on the premises.
January 17. 14

FARM FOR SALE.

A beautiful FARM situated within the immediate environs of the City of Three Rivers, on the border of the St. Maurice, the property of Mr McCabe, containing One Hundred superficial Acres, the greatest part under cultivation; the whole in free and common soccage.

This Farm is situated within 20 acres of the Cathedral and 14 acres of the American Saw Mills, with good water power and good spring wells.

Conditions liberal. Immediate possession given to purchaser. Apply to the proprietor, Mr. Peter McCabe, on the spot, or at the office of *L'Ere Nouvelle.*

Three Rivers, Feb. 18, 1867 a-TS 44

TO LET.

From the first May next,

The SPACIOUS WAREHOUSE, No. 22 Grey Nun Street, at present occupied by D. Macpherson, Esq.

Please apply to
E. S. LYMAN,
Box 660.
Or 22 Cathcart Street.
February 4. 29

FOR SALE.

The most desirable property in Montreal, known as "TEMPLE GROVE," formerly the residence of the late Honourable Mr. Justice J. S. McCord, with House, Outhouses, Ice-house and Stable, Orchard, Garden and Grounds; the latter containing a very large collection of forest trees and shrubs, and being among the most beautiful and best kept in Canada. An excellent Well is in the grounds.

The VIEW is UNRIVALED. Frontage on Cote de Neiges Road about 970 feet English measure. The proposed Boulevard would give a frontage to the rear.

Apply to
C. A. LEBLANC, and DAVID R. McCORD, } Executors
486 Craig Street.
October 27. 257

TO LET.

The TWO UPPER FLATS of Store No. 506 St. Paul Street. Apply to HELLIWELL & MACPHIE, Corner St. Nicholas and St. Paul Streets.
February 15. 39

TO LET.

THREE excellent OFFICES on the first Floor (up stairs) HERALD BUILDING, 61 & 63 Great St. James Street.

Apply to
PENNY, WILSON & CO.,
HERALD OFFICE.
February 1. 27

TO LET.

That BRICK STORE on Smith and Murray Streets, near the Canal, known as "The Car Factory," and now occupied by N. Davis, Esq., Forwarder. Enquire at No. 232 St. Mary Street.
February 6. mwf31

STORE TO LET.

420 ST. PAUL STREET, the premises lately occupied by the subscriber as a Wholesale Warehouse, suitable for the Dry Goods or Hardware Trade, with means of egress and ingess at each end. Rent moderate, and immediate possession given. Apply to

JULES FOURNIER,
34 St. Sulpice Street.
January 19. 16

TO LET.

The premises at present occupied as a Wholesale Warehouse by the subscriber. Rent moderate, and immediate possession given if required.

Apply to
ROBT. WILKES,
441 St. Paul Street.

REMOVING to 455 ST. PAUL STREET
January 11. 9

Country Residence For Sale or to Let.

A comfortable first-class HOUSE, most pleasantly and healthily situated on the Bank of the River at Laprairie, containing eight large rooms and garret, detached kitchen, good dry cellar, ice-house, garden, stabling, and out-buildings, &c., &c.

For further particulars, apply at the HERALD OFFICE.
February 19. 42

TO LET.

That first-class four-story CUT STONE HOUSE, newly built, situated near Bonsecours Church, and fronting on St. Paul Street, fitted up with all the modern improvements. The first flat is divided in TWO beautiful SHOPS, with a fine floored Cellar, and a private entrance on St. Paul Street. The second flat contains two Halls and a large Dining Room, with a Kitchen in rear, also 27 Bedrooms. The Yard is spacious and all paved, with Stables capable of containing 60 Horses, provided with Water Pipes.—Also, a Shed for Wood and two others for the use of Carriages. Apply to

ALEXIS DUBORD,
Nos. 227 & 229 St. Paul Street.
February 14. 1m 38

TO LET.

TWO OFFICES on the Second Flat of the HERALD BUILDING, 61 & 63 Great St. Street, with a large Room 40 x 30 in rear.

Apply to
PENNY, WILSON & CO.,
HERALD OFFICE.
February 1. 27

TO LET.

ON THE THIRD FLAT OF THE HERALD BUILDING, 61 & 63 Great St. James Street, a ROOM 30 x 22.

—ALSO,—

A ROOM IN THE BASEMENT 40 x 25.

Apply to
PENNY, WILSON & CO.,
HERALD OFFICE
February 1. 27

BAKERY TO LET.

A SHOP and DWELLING, No. 281 St. Lawrence Main Street, second door from Mignonne Street. Also, the SHOP and DWELLING Nos. 178 and 182 three stories, nearly opposite the market; one of the latter having an Oven well adapted to a Baking establishment.

Apply to
JACOB WURTELLE,
187 St. Urbain Street.
February 19. 42

TO LET.

IN THE "HERALD" BUILDING

Nos. 61 and 52 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET:

An excellent CELLAR, with LARGE ROOM in rear

ON FRONT FLAT, UP STAIRS.

A LARGE OFFICE, fronting on Great St. James Street, 30 x 18. Also, a SMALL OFFICE; and, in rear, a ROOM, 30 x 15. This flat is well adapted for an Insurance or Public Office of any description.

ON THE SECOND FLOOR.

TWO OFFICES.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR.

A LARGE ROOM, facing on Great St. James Street, 31 x 20 and 14 feet high.

IN REAR, a ROOM, 30 x 45, on Second Flat.

Apply to
PENNY, WILSON & CO.,
HERALD OFFICE.

HOUSES, &c.,

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

DURHAM HOUSE in St. Lawrence Street, above Sherbrooke Street, at present occupied as a Preparatory College, with Garden and Outbuildings.

A two-story BRICK HOUSE in Elvet Place, St. Urbain Street, near Josephine Street.

A HOUSE in Monteith Terrace, Cadieux Street, with Garden.

For further particulars, apply to
STANLEY C. BAGG,
Fairmount Villa.
February 4. 29

TO LET.

A LARGE YARD and COOPERAGE on NAZARETH STREET, at present occupied by J. Halliday & Co. Rent moderate.

Apply to
W. WATSON,
Or W. W. OGILVIE
Commissioners Street.
February 14. 38

To Persons desirous of passing the Summer at Longueuil.

THE DIRECTORS of the LONGUEUIL NAVIGATION COMPANY, at the request of a number of persons, and desirous of rendering the the means of communication more easy to business men travelling between the City of Montreal and the Village of Longueuil, propose during the coming Summer to prolong the hours of service performed by their Steamers between the Foot of the Current and the Village, so as to leave Longueuil each evening at 8½, and the Foot of the Current at 9.

February 26. 1m TTS 48

FOR SALE

BUILDING LOTS, Point St. Charles,

SITUATE on FORFAR and adjoining Streets, also at or near Sebastopol. Well drained, and in close proximity to G. T. R. Workshops, to the Canal and Manufactories.

Apply to D. AIKMAN,
Point St. Charles,
Or THOS. S. SCOTT, Architect,
44 Little St. James Street.
Februry 6 11 M16 31

TO LET.

THREE FLATS and CELLAR, with separate entrance, over Store occupied by Smyth & Edmunson, 204 and 206 McGill Street, being well adapted for light manufacturing purposes, or for Sample Rooms. Apply to

C. TUGGEY,
61 Great St. James Street.
February 21. 44

NOTICES

GEO. BISHOP & CO.,

ENGRAVERS and PRINTSELLERS,

"HERALD" BUILDING,

53 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET,

MONTREAL.

PHOTOGRAPHS, Plain and Colored, in great variety

VISITING, WEDDING, and BUSINESS CARDS

CRESTS and MONOGRAMS, Stamped in Colors

SEALS, DOOR PLATES, JEWELLERY, &c., engraved in the best style

January 8. 6

JOHN HOPE,

CORN EXCHANGE BUILDINGS,

MONTREAL,

REPRESENTING, IN CANADA,

Messrs. JULES ROBIN & Co., of Cognac;
" OFFLEY, CRAMP & Co., of London;
" OFFLEY, CRAMP & FORRESTERS, of Oporto;
" CRAMP, SUTER & Co., of Cadiz;
" MOET & CHANDON, of Epernay;
" BRANDENBURG FRERES, of Bordeaux;
" HENKELL & Co., of Mayence;
" E. & J. BURKE, of Dublin, Export Bottlers of Messrs. A. GUINNESS, SONS & Co's EXTRA FOREIGN STOUT

N.B.—*Orders received from the Wholesale Trade only.*

Feb. 20. (286) 3

Portraits in Winter Costume.

W. NOTMAN

HAS just completed a new arrangement for Portraits in Winter Costume.

This style is very effective, and has the additional advantage of affording to friends at a distance an excellent idea of our Canadian winter and of the following Canadian sports and outdoor amusements:—

SNOW-SHOEING
TABOGGANING
SLEIGHING
SHOOTING
WALKING
SKATING

Giving a charming variety in an Album.

W. NOTMAN,
PHOTOGRAPHER TO THE QUEEN,
17 Bleury Street
Montreal
January 7. 5

ON VIEW FOR A FEW DAYS,

W. Notman's Selection of Photographs

FOR THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

The public are invited to call and see them.

December 11. 295

EX HIBERNIAN.

JUST RECEIVED,

CABINET ALBUMS,

For the New and Popular Size of Photographs,

AT NOTMAN'S.

November 23. 280

PORTRAITURE

A Few Large Vignettes

FINISHED IN WATER COLORS, ARE NOW ON VIEW AT

W. NOTMAN'S

As the style is somewhat NEW, the public are invited to call and see them.

Being painted to order, can only detain them for exhibition for a FEW DAYS.

November 8. 267

Minatures on Porcelain.

W. NOTMAN has now a few Specimens on view. Nothing can surpass the delicacy of finish this process is capable of, retaining at the same time force and vigour.

December 11. 295

CASH ADVANCES

MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS intended for Sale in this Market, or for shipment to our British Correspondents.

THOS. HOBSON & CO
486 and 488 St. Paul Street.
August 24. 286

ADVANCES ON PRODUCE

THE Subscribers CONTINUE to MAKE LIBERAL ADVANCES on PRODUCE consigned to their friends in all the leading Ports of Great Britain and Ireland.

RIMMER GUNN & CO
Ma 14 628

GIBB & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED, per last Steamer, a Choice Assortment of SOUTH-SEA SEALSKIN COATS and WAISTCOATS; also a small assortment of EMBROIDERED DRESS WAISTCOATS, now so much in vogue in Europe.

January 14. 11

FOR SALE.

YOUNG HYSON,
GUNPOWDER,
IMPERIALS,
TWANKAYS,
UNCOLORED JAPANS,
OOLONGS.
248 GEO. S. SCOTT.

New and Old Crop RAISINS
Bags COFFEE

—ALSO—

Bags LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT } Afloat &
Bags do STOVED do } in store.
Barrels and hf-brls LABRADOR HERRINGS

GEO. S. SCOTT,
Corner Hospital Street and Exchange Court.
October 17. (140) 248

FOR SALE.

DUNVILLE & CO'S.

V. R.

OLD IRISH WHISKY,

BELFAST.

SAME AS SUPPLIED TO THE

International Exhibition, London, 1862

THE

International Exhibition, Dublin, 1865

And now regularly to

THE HOUSE OF LORDS,

The quality of which is equal to the finest French Brandy, may be had from the principal Wine and Spirit Merchants in Canada.

Shippers supplied in Butts, Hogsheads, or Quarter-casks; also in Bottle

February 25 (102)

WINES AND SPIRITS

THE Subscribers offer the following for Sale, in Bond or Duty paid:—

PORT WINES—Sandeman's, Forrester's, Cockburn's, Offley's, Martinez's, &c } In pipes, hogsheads, and quarter-casks
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

SHERRIES—Duff Gordon's, Pemartin's, Cosen's, Cramp, Suter & Co's, Martinez's, Campbell's, &c } Various qualities in butts, hogsheads, and quarter-casks
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

BRANDIES—Martell's, Hennesey's, Otard's, Robin's, Vine Growers, Prunier's, Central Vineyard's, Champagne Vineyards, &c } In hogsheads, q'ter-casks, octaves and cases.
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

RUMS—Jamaica and Demerara
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON

GIN—DeKuyper's, Hencke's { In hogsheads, quarter-casks and cases
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

WHISKEY—Scotch, in quarter-casks, cases and glass jugs; Irish, in cases
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

CHAMPAGNES—Moet's 1st quality, do 2nd quality, Guestier's Cabinet, do Comet, Heidsieck 1st quality, Cartier 1st quality, do 2nd quality, Maison Berton
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

CLARET—Chateau Margaux, Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Langera, And others
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

HOCK—Still—Liebfraumilch, Nierstein, Bodenthal, Walporzheim; Sparkling—Various Brands

MOSELLE—Sparkling & Still—various brands
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

ALES—Bass & Allsopps; PORTER—London and Dublin } In pints and quarts
239 DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.

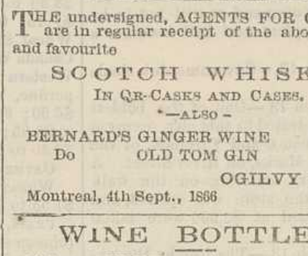
BITTERS—Gianelli's celebrated Italian Bitters—1000 cases.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA,
DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.
October 12. 242

U. C. WHISKEY—100 Puncheons 50 O.P. 120 Barrels Rye

Davie, Clarke & Clayton,
46 ST. PETER STREET
October 6. 239

SCOTCH WHISKY.



THE undersigned, AGENTS FOR CANADA are in regular receipt of the above choice and favourite

SCOTCH WHISKY.

IN QR-CASKS AND CASES.

—ALSO—

BERNARD'S GINGER WINE
Do OLD TOM GIN

OGILVY & CO.
Montreal, 4th Sept., 1866 1y 211

WINE BOTTLES.

100 gross WINE, quarts
50 do do pints

FOR SALE BY
IRVINE, CLARKE & CO.,
8 ST. HELEN STREET.
November 29 285

BEER CORKS.

25 bales, for Sale by
IRVINE, CLARKE & CO.,
8 ST. HELEN STREET.
November 29. 285

COALS FOR SALE.

LEHIGH
WELSH ANTHRACITE
NEWCASTLE GRATE
NEWCASTLE SMITHS
STEAM

—ALSO—

LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT

JOHN ANDERSON & CO.,
CUSTOM HOUSE SQUARE.
February 1. 27

CANADA SUGAR REFINERY,

MONTREAL.

JOHN REDPATH & SON,

MANUFACTURE

All kinds of Refined Sugars.

WHITE SUGARS—STOVE DRIED, MOIST, AND CRYSTALS.

YELLOW SUGARS—BROWN AND YELLOW OF EVERY KIND.

SYRUPS—AMBER, GOLDEN, AND STANDARD.

OFFICE

ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDINGS.

January 2.

CHS. FARRE

CHAMPAGNE.

THE undersigned having, as per annexed letter, been appointed SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS IN CANADA for the above brand of CHAMPAGNE WINE, offer it for sale; relying upon its merits, which have already acquired for it here that reputation so well established in Europe and the United States, to recommend it.

Besides obtaining for his Wine a first-class Medal at the French Universal Exhibition of 1855, MR. FARRE has been appointed Purveyor to the Courts of Spain and Prussia.

CHAPMAN, FRASER & TYLEE,
Successors to
E. MAITLAND, TYLEE & Co.

Gentlemen,—By authority from the house of Madme. Ve. Chas. Farre in Reims, I hereby appoint you SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS of the Chas. Farre Champagnes in the whole Province of Canada, and you are hereby authorized to advertise as such on and after this date.

I am respectfully,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. G. WELSH,
General Agent in the United States and Canada for the house of Ve. Chas. Farre in Reims.
January 3. 2

PRINTS

3500 pcs. Macnaughton & Thom's Prints

GUARANTEED BEST, 72's.

FOR SALE.
LEWIS S. BLACK & CO.
September 10 216

INSURANCE.

ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Hartford, Conn.

PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS:

$4,478,100.

THIS COMPANY has had an AGENCY in MONTREAL for nearly

FIFTY YEARS.

and during that time has secured the public confidence by the prompt and liberal settlement of every fair claim. It has fully complied with the Laws of Canada, by the deposit with the Government of Stocks to the extent of

$50,000,

and it is prepared to issue Policies on terms as low as the safety of the Assured will permit.

ROBERT WOOD,

GENERAL AGENT and Attorney for Canada,
83 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
March 4. 3m 53

CITY OF GLASGOW

Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, . . . £600,000 Sterling.

SUM ASSURED, EXCLUSIVE OF BONUS,

EXCEEDS

THREE MILLIONS STERLING.

ANNUAL REVENUE:

One Hundred & Twenty Thousand Pounds.

AGENTS:

RINTOUL BROTHERS,

87 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET.

October 15.

Phœnix Fire Insurance Company

OF LONDON

ESTABLISHED IN 1782.

THIS COMPANY having invested, in conformity with the Provincial Act, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS for the SPECIAL SECURITY of POLICY HOLDERS IN CANADA, is prepared to accept RISKS on DWELLING HOUSES, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise, at the lowest current Rates.

JAMES DAVISON, Manager.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.,
AGENTS FOR CANADA
February

MARINE INSURANCE.

BRITISH AMERICA

ASSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1833.

RISKS TAKEN ON HULLS OF SAILING VESSELS and STEAMERS. Also, on Merchandize in Transitu between the Ports of the Maritime Provinces and Chicago, and *vice versa* at lowest current Rates.

MARINE INSPECTORS:
CAPTAIN ALEXANDER DAVIDSON,
CAPTAIN RODERICK COURNEEN.

M. H. GAULT,
Agent.
77 Great St. James Street,
October 12. (110) 245

BRITISH AMERICA

ASSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE ASSURANCE.

THE Subscriber continues to grant INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE, on ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF PROPERTY at MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

M. H. GAULT,
AGENT,
77 Great St. James Street.
October 12. (110) 245

The Standard Life Assurance Co'y,

ESTABLISHED 1825.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED

The Colonial Life Assurance Company,

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN ASSURANCES.

An Amalgamation having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, the business of the United Companies will henceforth be conducted under the title of the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The Annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650,000, and the Accumulated Funds amount to upwards of £3,500,000 Sterling. The New Business transacted during the past year amounted to the large sum of £1,375,000 Sterling, the corresponding Premium amounting to £45,357 per annum.

MODERATE RATES charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad.

LOCAL BOARDS AND AGENCIES in all the British Colonies, where every facility will be afforded in the transaction of business, and where Premiums may be received and Claims paid.

PROFITS divided every five years.

WILL. THOS. THOMSON,
Manager and Actuary.
D. CLUNIE GREGOR,
Colonial and Foreign Secretary.

CANADA BRANCH.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

NO. 47 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

B. H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier La Banque du Peuple.
JOHN GREENSHIELDS, Esq., Merchant.
ANDREW ROBERTSON, Esq., Advocate.
H. COTTE, Esq., Banker.
GEORGE STEPHEN, Esq., Merchant.

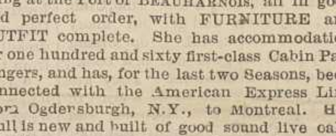
MANAGER FOR CANADA:
W. M. RAMSAY.

INSPECTOR OF AGENCIES:
RICHARD BULL.

Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Head Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.

January 2. 1

FOR SALE.



Steamer for Sale.

THE BEAUHARNOIS, CHATEAUGUAY and HUNTINGDON NAVIGATION COMPANY offer for Sale their splendid and newly-built UPPER CABIN STEAMER "EMPRESS," now lying at the Port of BEAUHARNOIS, all in good and perfect order, with FURNITURE and OUTFIT complete. She has accommodation for one hundred and sixty first-class Cabin Passengers, and has, for the last two Seasons, been connected with the American Express Line from Ogdensburgh, N.Y., to Montreal. Her Hull is new and built of good sound live oak. Her dimensions are one hundred and seventy feet long. Cylinder forty inches, and ten and a half feet stroke. She is well adapted for a Lake or River Passenger Boat.

For further information, as to price and condition, apply to

OWEN LYNCH, Manager,
Beauharnois.
Beauharnois, Feb. 20, 1867. 1m 43

TEAS—Twankay, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Congou, and Souchong.
CURRANTS—New Crop
SUGARS—Hhds Cuba Muscovado
Boxes Centrifugal, extra bright
SALT—Fine Stoved
INDIGO—Chests fine Madras

For Sale by
JAMES TORRANCE & CO.
February 27. 49

JUST ARRIVED.

EX STEAMER FROM LONDON:

50 brace of ENGLISH PHEASANTS
120 kegs of RUSSIAN CAVIARA
5 hampers ENGLISH FILBERTS
50 kegs ELMIRA GRAPES
50 cases ENGLISH CHEESE, assorted
10 do WESTPHALIA HAMS

DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
228 Notre Dame Street.
February 5. 30

COALS FOR SALE.

WELSH ANTHRACITE
NEWCASTLE GRATE
NEWCASTLE SMITHS

—ALSO—

LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT

JOHN ANDERSON & CO.,
Custom House Square.
December 11. 295

PORK.

BBLS HEAVY CANADA MESS
BBLS THIN do do
BBLS CANADA PRIME

MONTREAL INSPECTION. FOR SALE BY
RIMMER, GUNN & CO.
December 12. 10

INSURANCE.

THE EUROPEAN

ASSURANCE SOCIETY

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1849.
INCORPORATED A.D. 1854.

Empowered by British and Canadian Parliaments for

LIFE ASSURANCE,

Annuities, Endowments, and

FIDELITY GUARANTEE.

CAPITAL, £1 000,000 Sterling.

Annual Income over £330 000 Sterling.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Policies issued to meet every emergency;
Special advantage to Assurers;
Moderate rates of Premium, combined with perfect security.

During the 18 years of this Society's existence, it has met with an unsurpassed degree of public support and confidence, and is now ONE OF THE LARGEST LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETIES IN GREAT BRITAIN.

THE NEW ASSURANCES EFFECTED IN 1865 yielded the large Premium revenue of £43,000.

THE LIFE CLAIMS and BONUSES paid by the Society since its commencement exceed a MILLION AND A QUARTER STERLING.

No Claim has ever been contested.

THE ROYAL NAVAL AND MILITARY

LIFE DEPARTMENT

is under Special Patronage of

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY

THE QUEEN.

VICE-PATRONS:

FIELD-MARSHAL HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, K.G., K.P., G.C.B. G.C.M.G., General Commander in Chief.
HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF RICHMOND.
THE RIGHT HON. EARL GREY.
THE RIGHT HON. SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE, BART., M.P., President of the Board of Trade
VISCOUNT EVERSLEY, A.D.C., to the Queen.
ADMIRAL SIR JAMES ALEX. GORDON, G.C.B.,
GENERAL SIR JOHN F. BURGOYNE, BART. G.C.B. Inspector-General of Engineers.
GENERAL SIR HEW D. ROSS, G.C.B., R.A.
MAJOR-GENERAL LORD WILLIAM PAULET, K.C.B., adjutant-General.
LIEUT-GEN. SIR JAMES HOPE GRANT, G.C.B., Quartermaster-General.
LIEUT-GEN. WILLIAM FRED. FORSTER, K. H., Military Secretary.

CHAIRMAN OF DIRECTORS:
SIR FREDERIC SMITH, K.H., F.R.S.

LIFE POLICIES are issued to Naval and Military Officers, whether in active Service or not on the most favorable terms.

Persons residing or about to reside in tropical climates, as also Invalid Lives, are treated with at very liberal rates.

Guarantee Department,

The EUROPEAN is the only SOCIETY whose Bonds of Guarantee are accepted by the BRITISH GOVERNMENT, by whom the Society's affairs and position are subject to annual scrutiny—thus affording ample proof of its stability and responsibility.

HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA:
71 GREAT ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

DIRECTORS IN CANADA:
(All of whom are fully qualified Shareholders.)
HENRY THOMAS, ESQ., CHAIRMAN.
HUGH ALLAN, ESQ.
C. J. BRYDGES, ESQ.
WILLIAM WORKMAN, ESQ.
FRANCOIS LECLAIRE, ESQ.
THE HON. CHAS. ALLEYN, Q.C., M.P.P. QUEBEC.

MANAGER FOR CANADA,
EDWARD RAWLINGS.

From whom all information may be obtained.
February 4. 3m 29

Statement of the Condition of the

PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY,

BROOKLYN, N.Y.,

On the First day of January, 1867.

STEPHEN CROWELL, PRESIDENT.
EDGAR W. CROWELL, VICE PRESIDENT.
PHILANDER SHAW, SECRETARY.

CAPITAL.

The Capital of said Company actually paid up in Cash is . $1,000,000 00
The Surplus on the 1st day of January, 1867.......... 666,416 02

Total Amount of Capital and Surplus........... $1,666,416 02

ASSETS.

Amount of Cash on hand and in Bank. $104,070 38
Amount of Cash in hands of Agents, in course of transmission.......... 51,813 91
Amount of Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien of record on unencumbered Real Estate (mostly dwelling houses in the City of Brooklyn), worth at least $600,000, rate of interest 7 per cent.......... 272,401 29
Amount of Loans on demand, secured by pledges of good Bank and other Corporation Stocks as collateral, the market value of which is at least $107,031.......... 86,025 00
Amount of Bills receivable for Premiums on Ocean Marine and Inland Navigation Risks.......... 329,695 84
Amount Invested in Public Securities, viz.:—
$334,750 U.S. Treasury Notes, 7.30, market value...$351,487 50
55,000 U.S. Bonds, 1881, market value.......... 59,950 00
4,000 U.S. Bonds, 1866, market value.......... 5,200 00
25,250 U.S. Bonds, 5-20, market value.......... 27,270 00
77,000 U.S. Bonds, 10-40, market value.......... 77,000 00
1,200 U.S. Certificates of Indebtedness, market value.......... 960 00
25,000 Tennessee State Bonds market value.......... 16,625 00
30,000 Kings County Bonds, market value.......... 30,000 00
18,000 Wisconsin State Bonds mark't value. 18,000 00
35,000 Virginia State Bonds, market value.......... 15,400 00
Kings County Indebtness.......... 7,412 74
,500 Brooklyn Union Ferry Company, market value.......... 4,000 00 — $613,305 24
Amount due for Fire Premiums on Policies issued at Office 13,658 23
Amount due for Marine and Inland Premiums, issued at Office.......... 59,255 83
Amount of Accrued Interest.......... 14,145 99
Amount of Real Estate owned by the Company (Office Building).......... 106,955 86
Amount of other property, miscellaneous items.......... 9,488 45

$1,666,416 02

The above Statement of the condition of the Company at this time will show, notwithstanding the year just ended has been one of an extraordinary character, so far as losses are concerned, that the PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY of Brooklyn, N.Y., has passed through the fiery and watery ordeal unscathed, and is able to show the handsome array of Assets of **One Million, Six Hundred and Sixty-six Thousand, Four Hundred and Sixteen Dollars, and Two Cents,** as security for its policy-holders, and the payment of losses. The premium receipts of this Company for the past year were

for

Fire Premiums.... ......$878 556 52
Marine and Inland......1,152,228 45

And it has in the same period paid out for Losses,...................$1,408,637 89
Marine Premiums marked off earned.............. 930,981 11
Its entire income from all sources for 1866, was 2,131,839 82

BROOKLYN, New York, Jan. 16, 1867.

On this day the Directors of the Phenix Insurance Company declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE per cent. payable on demand.

Applications for MARINE and INLAND INSURANCE (either by Open or Special Policies) with the above favorite Company will be received by the undersigned.

Claims payable in Montreal in Gold or Canadian Funds.

ROBERT HAMPSON,
No. 8 Common Street.
March 5. 3m 54

STAR LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF LONDON.

Annual Income,.................$725,000
Reserve Fund, ...$3,800,000

BOARD OF REFERENCE, MONTREAL:

Hon. Jas Ferrier, M.L.C. | T. J. Claxton, Esq.
J. G. Mackenzie, Esq. | T. M. Bryson, Esq.
Thos. Rimmer, Esq. | J. Torrance, jr., Esq.
Alex. Buntin, Esq. | J.A. Mathewson, Esq.

THE STAR offers every advantage to Assurers, and the undersigned is now authorized to issue Policies on the Half Credit System, requiring no note for the Half Premium, but the amount can remain at Interest at Five Per Cent.

Insurers sending in proposals this month receive special advantages.

WILLIAM M. FREER,
AGENT.
13 COMMON STREET.
February 27. 49

FENIANISM IN IRELAND.

ADDRESS OF THE BISHOP OF KERRY.

The heads of the Roman Catholic church have united with the government in denouncing the Fenian conspiracy. The Rev. Dr. Moriarty, Bishop of Kerry, thus referred to it:

Since we met here last Sunday some people in Kerry have been betrayed into an act of madness which we may safely say is without a parallel in the annals of lunacy. I should have thought that, considering the spacious accommodations afforded by our lunatic asylum, and the facility afforded by our board of governors, there were few dangerous lunatics yet at large in this country But I am sorry to say I was mistaken. It would seem that some dozens of that class left the town of Cahirciveen on Wednesday evening with the avowed intention of making war on the Queen of England and of upsetting the British empire. I think there is not one inmate of the asylum who would not hold his sides for laughter if he heard it Now, if this were only folly we might be satisfied to deplore it, but these people were answerable to God for their conduct, for they had, I regret to say, sense enough to know what they were doing was a grievous crime. It is just twelve months since I explained in my Lenten pastoral the deep guiltiness of rebellion against lawful authority, so they cannot plead that they were not instructed and forewarned. They resisted the ordinance of God, and purchased for themselves damnation. It we must condemn the foolish youths who have joined in this conspiracy, how much must we not execrate the conduct of those designing villains who have been entraping innocent youth, and organizing this work of crime! Thank God they are not our people; or, if they were, they have lost the Irish character in America. But beyond them there are criminals of a far deeper guilt—the men who, while they send their dupes into danger, are fattening on the spoils in Paris and New York—the execrable swindlers who care not to endanger the necks of the men who trust them—who care not how many are murdered by the rabel or hanged by the strong arm of the law, provided they can get a supply of dollars either for their pleasures or for their wants O God's heaviest curse—His withering, blasting, blighting curse on them. I preached to you last Sunday on the eternity of hell's torments. Human reason was inclined to say, "It is a hard word, and who can bear it?" But when we look down into the fathomless depth of this infamy of the heads of the Fenian conspiracy, we must acknowledge that eternity is not long enough nor hell hot enough to punish such miscreants.

During the delivery of this discourse numbers of young men left the chapel.

Cardinal Cullen, at the Lord Mayor's inauguration dinner last evening, "hoped the day would soon arrive when those things which degrade the country and lead her people into a false position might be swept away. False patriotism was degradation, and might be perverted to ruin. Within the last few days, it was plain that the patriotism to which he alluded ought to be prohibited by every one who loved his country."

SCENES IN DUBLIN.

A distressing scene took place in the Commission Court on the occasion of sentencing the prisoners who pleaded guilty to the charge of treason-felony.

Baron Fitzgerald, in passing sentence, said: —Power, you have been at the head of this conspiracy in Dublin. You assumed to yourself the power of appointing centres, and were actively engaged in the distribution of arms. You, Devoy, were centre for the military and engaged in seducing them from their allegiance. The sentence, in your case is penal servitude for fifteen years; in the cases of Sinclair, Baines, Stack, Stanley and Brown ten years each; and in that of Cashman and Walsh seven years.

The prisoners seemed to be horror struck with the severity of the sentences. Power's face assumed a deadly hue; Baines burst into tears The galleries were filled with wives and children and other relatives. Their screams and sobs were violent Some became quite hysterical, others fainted and had to be carried away insensible. Stowell, Joyner and Williams were sentenced to twelve months imprisonment, each for possession of arms without a license

Stephens J. Meany was brought before Baron Hughes. The Attorney-General prosecuted. John Devany and Thomas Doyle proved the connection of Meaney with the brotherhood in New York, having heard him speak at Clinton Hall, and seen him offer Fenian bonds for sale.

After hearing the evidence the Judge requested to know what act had been proved that brought the prisoner within the jurisdiction of the court.

The Attorney General contended that, although no act was proved in this country, yet as he had proved the existence of a conspiracy to depose the Queen, acts tending to the same done outside the United Kingdom should convict.

His Lordship was of a different opinion and refused to pass sentence. He, however, accepted a verdict of guilty, and put back the prisoner till he should further examine into the case

The action brought by Capt. Murphy against Col Fielding and Maj. Bacon for illegal imprisonment has, by mutual agreement, been arranged by defendants paying the sum of £100 damages.

THE GALLANT POLICEMAN AND THE PATRIOT PRIEST

In the House of Commons on the 18th of Feb Col. Grenville asked the Chief Secretary for Ireland whether he had any further information to impart to the House with regard to the Fenian movement in Kerry.

Lord Naas—I have no further information to give beyond that I received a telegram two hours ago stating that everything was quiet, and that there was no appearance of any attempt being made to revive the insurrectionary movement in the county Kerry. The number of the band was at no time more than 120 or 130.

Mr. Walrond wished to ask the noble lord whether he could confirm the published reports of the gallant conduct of police constable Duggan, who was attacked by the rioters while carrying despatches. He would also inquire whether the noble lord could confirm the report of the loyal conduct of the Rev. Mr. McGinn, a Roman Catholic priest, who, it was stated, gave notice to the police of the intentions of the rioters, endeavoured to dissuade the party from their mad enterprise, and on being charged by their leader with having given information against them, boldly acknowleeged that he had done so.

Lord Naas—The statement which appeared in the *Times* of this morning with regard to Constable Duggan is entirely correct. He showed the greatest possible gallantry and devotion to his duty. After being wounded, and after falling from his horse, he still endeavoured to struggle on as best he could in order to perform his duty. He was, unfortunately, unable to accomplish this, and was obliged to take refuge in a house, whither was followed by some of his assailants. With respect to the conduct of the Rev. Mr. McGinn, the information in the hands of the government leads us to believe that the statement published is perfectly correct.

THE HABEAS CORPUS SUSPENSION CONTINUED IN IRELAND.

In the House of Commons on the 21st Feb. Lord Nass moved the second reading of the bill for the continuance of the suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act in Ireland. He reviewed the history of Fenianism in Ireland since last autumn, and stated that the Fenian leaders having been everywhere, except in Ireland, the government had no difficulty whatever in obtaining information of their designs and proceedings. Had it not been for the outbreak in Chester and the Kerry business, the government would have been willing to relinquish their extraordinary powers. He congratulated the House upon the fact that the peasantry showed no sympathy with the movement, and warmly eulogized the conduct of the Roman clergy in the present crisis, to whom he considered the country owed a debt of gratitude. The request of the government for a continuance of the suspension act did not arise from any mistrust of the ordinary means of dealing with the matter, but to enable them to grapple decisive with the secretly members of the conspiracy and to quiet the apprehensions of the loyal population.

He concluded by warning the Irish people against the machinations of the wirepullers in New York, who had no objects to serve except those which were sordid and selfish. He moved for the continuance of the suspension for a further period of three months, or up to the first of June next.

The House of Lords, at the request of Lord Derby, agreed to hold a Saturday meeting in order that the Habeas Corpus bill for Ireland might be passed through all its stages before the 26th Feb., when the existing act would expire.

THE SITUATION IN KILLARNEY.

Killarney (Feb. 21) Correspondence of the Dublin Freemen.

In my last despatch I mentioned a report that had reached me relative to a meeting having been held by the Fenians near Cahirciveen on Tuesday week. The gathering took place under the pretence of attending a "wake." Head Constable Connell, at Cahirciveen, so soon as he heard of the gathering, sent to the Gladiator gunboat, lying off the neighbouring coast, for assistance, and an armed boat was dispatched to the town to afford protection.

It is understood that further important information has been received from the writer of the anonymous letter, which led to the arrest of Captain Morriarty, an arrest that mainly prevented the outbreak from assuming serious proportions It was Mr. Cruice, R. M. that Mr Galway consulted with on receiving the letter, and at that interview they at once determined to test the accuracy of that communication by sending police to meet the car that day from Cahirciveen and arrest any person on it answering the description given by the writer. When Capt. Moriarty was brought to the police barrack he seemed quite cool, and expressed surprise that he should be arrested. Mr. Cruice asked him if he had any papers that would show who he was, and he at once said he had, and pulled out the letter addressed to Sheehan, in Killarney. Mr Cruice asked him if he had any objection to read it. The captain, replied that he had none, and opening the letter was just putting it to the flame of the candle before him, when it was snatched from his hand. This was the letter signed "J. J. O'Connor." The same night Mr Cruice went to the telegraph office for the purpose of telegraphing to the police at Cahirciveen to look out for O'Connor, but he found communication was interrupted. He then sent the despatch which Duggan was carrying when he was attacked. With respect to the fugitive leaders of the outbreak the belief now is that they have scattered, and are about the coast waiting a chance to get off."

The police force at Cahirciveen, Kells, and other places in that quarter is being increased.

A man named Fitzgerald, arrested at Cahirciveen on suspicion of having been engaged in the outbreak, has been committed by the magistrates for trial. The proceedings on the first day before the magistrate at Cahirciveen were private.

AT CAHIRCIVERN.

(*Cahirciveen Feb. 21st. correspondence of Cork Examiner.*)

The hundreds of Fenians reported as seen in Toomies Wood in reality numbered but twenty-seven. These were young men from this locality, who with a recklessness of danger, adhered to the fortunes of their leader. One of them succeeded in getting into Killarney for supplies for his comrades, who had scarcely tasted food for three days.

The war steamer Black Eagle arrived at Valentia yesterday. The Gladiator is the only other vessel here. Soldiers are being despatched to several out stations to protect the constabulary in posting the legal notices proclaiming the county. The wires between this place and Killarney *were again broken this morning*, but were repaired after a few hours' delay. There are military patrols on the road between Killorglin and Cahirciveen.

THE COAST OF CORK.

(*Castletown Berehaven Feb. 20th correspondence Cork Examiner.*)

Her Majesty's ships Racoon and Pigeon arrived here yesterday from Plymouth, and several other ships are expected. The constabulary from some of the outlying stations have been ordered into the town, taking with them their arms, ammunition, beds, &c., The stations so deprived of men are Tries and Adrigole, the former station in charge of constable Meehan and the latter in charge of constable Cochrane. The Allihies, or Berehaven mines, another detached station, has been reinforced. The people here are not in the least excited, feeling confident that if any attempt was made the number of police in the town would be quite sufficient to insure tranquillity.

THE FENIANS IN ENGLAND—A COUNTER MOVEMENT AT WARWICK, AND THE GUNS OF THE CASTLE OUT.

(*From the Dublin Freeman's Journal*, Feb. 23.)

Tuesday evening much alarm was occasioned at Warwick, England, by Mr. Hickling, the Chief Superintendent of the Police, receiving a telegraph from London to the following effect: —"A number of suspicious looking persons left Paddington station by the quarter-past six train for Warwick. They will arrive there at a quarter past nine. Head Centre Stephens is said to be among them" On receipt of the telegram Mr. Hickling communicated with the Mayor, and also with Capt. Vaughton, in command of the militia staff at the barracks, and Capt. Vaughton ordered the officers and sergeants of the staff under arms, and they were supplied with ball cartridge A number of the local volunteers were also called out. A large quantity of arms being stored at the barracks the gates were closed, and the staff remained under arms until nearly midnight. On the arrival of the 9 15 P M train from London about thirty persons alighted, and called for cabs to take them to Warwick Castle. During the evening it transpired that the persons who had arrived by the train had come to Warwick to attend a coursing meeting at Charlecote Park, got up by a local publican.

CAHIRCIVEEN, Valentia, Feb. 21.

A farmer living near Cahirciveen was arrested last night for attempting to administer the Fenian oath to a soldier of the Fourteenth regiment. The prisoner, with three others who have been committed for trial for being present at the attack on the coastguard station at Kells, were sent off to Tralee this morning in charge of the troops and constabulary. Considerable sympathy was shown by the population for the prisoners.

KILLARNEY, Feb 22—Two o'clock P. M.

Troops just ordered to proceed towards Cahirciveen. Military supposed to be on the track of fugitives in Glencar mountain All quiet here. More arrests expected to take place. Authorities active.

KILLARNEY, Feb. 22—4 P. M.

Everything quiet. H company of rifles went out early this morning to search a place called the Robbers' Glen, near Killarney.

KILLARNEY, Feb. 22—Night.

A rumor has reached here to the effect that one of the Fenian fugitives was found dead on Glencar Mountain, supposed from exhaustion.

The parties arrested in Cahirciveen suspected of being implicated in the late rising were this day lodged in the county jail, Tralee.

A company of the Sixtieth rifles, with a company of the constabulary, have just returned from a search for arms, &c.. in the Robbers' Glen, Glenfesk, but nothing was found.

General Horsford returns from Valentia tomorrow.

THE LONDON TIMES ON THE CONFEDERATION BILL.

The *London Times* of the 21st devotes its leading article to the Confederation Bill. After some preliminary remarks as to the events which gave rise to the scheme it proceeds to criticise it as follows:

It is impossible to examine the Bill without discovering provisions condemned by the experience of the past, and inconsistent with any foresight of the future. The creation of an Upper House is the difficulty in making Constitutions, and the Bill provides that the Governor-General shall nominate the Senators for life, subject to the proviso that any person nominated as Senator must be resident and have a property qualification in the Province for which he is nominated, and to the further proviso in the case of Quebec that its 24 Senators shall have their qualifications situate in 24 separate districts of the Province. It is not easy to conceive a scheme more unpromising. Councils nominated by the Colonial Governor have been tried and rejected in the Australian Colonies, and, stranger still, a nominated Council existed in Canada until it was displaced by an elected Upper House. If the choice lay between a Senate nominated by the Governor and another elected by electoral districts, we should prefer the latter; but the framers of the North American Confederation had a pattern of a second Chamber close at hand, more worthy of adoption than either. In the Senate of the United States two members sit for each State, elected by the State Legislatures, and amid all the vicissitudes of American politics the Senate has maintained the highest character as a Legislative Assembly. We know not what reason induced the North American Delegates to pass by a precedent so full of instruction, and to resort instead to a plan which has been tried and thrown aside as inefficient. It is, no doubt, true that the Government of the Confederation is designed to be Parliamentary, but the only divergence from the American precedent required by this consideration would be a provision that a certain quota of the Senate should vacate their seats whenever the Lower House was dissolved. Were the Senate elected by a provision that one-third of the members for each Province should be chosen by the Provincial Legislatures, voting together when there are two Chambers, and voting cumulatively whenever the House of Commons was dissolved, an Upper House would be formed which for dignity and power would be unrivalled, and which would yet be free from all taint of oligarchy. Considerations for the welfare of the new Confederation recommend the proposal, but how much more strongly should it be urged if we look forward into the future! It is plain that as long as the Senate is nominated by the Governor-General, himself the nominee of an English Minister, the government of the Confederation must depend upon England. Were the link broken, the Dominion would instantly fall into disorder; but if the Senate, as well as the House of Commons, were elected by machinery requiring no external interference, the complete independence of the Dominion would be established with a *minimum* of change. The object of the Colonial Secretary should have been to limit to the utmost degree the power and discretion of the Governor General, and the same reason which makes us condemn the vesting of the nomination of Senators in his hands makes us dissent from the proposal that the Lieutenant-Governors of the several Provinces should receive their appointments for him. Desiring, as we do, to foster an independent feeling, we should have urged the propriety of giving to each Province the power to elect its own Governor, and had our advice been followed we should have done more to establish the autonomy of the Confederation than by any show of defference to the first designs of the Provinces themselves, by any profession of a resolution not to interfere with their freedom of action, should they desire to set up for themselves.

The Bill before Parliament does none of these things but it must be taken as it is It is a Treaty of Union, as Lord Carnarvon said, which cannot be altered without throwing the whole scheme back for reconsideration; and, humiliating as the confession may be, we are often obliged to go on in life with a course which we know to be faulty, because we took a false step at the outset. It is so with the Confederation of the North American Provinces. We cannot look upon it as one promising stability; we see in its provisions no trace of any policy touching the permanent relations between Great Britain and her dependencies; it points to a continual dependence upon the mother country injurious to it and to us Yet we must acquiesce, and were Canada alone concerned it might be questioned whether it were politic to utter what can only be an idle protest. But we have other Colonies besides those in North America, with which questions almost daily arise, and an opportunity should not be lost of insisting upon the necessity of carrying on our Colonial administration in a spirit which looks in advance of what is immediately before us.

PROPOSED PEACE CONFERENCE.—The New York papers have published a circular addressed by Mr. Seward to the belligerent republics of South America and to the Spanish government, proposing a peace conference to be held at Washington on the 1st of April next The circular, which was issued towards the close of last year, proposes that each of the powers concerned shall send one plenipotentiary to Washington authorized to treat of all matters of difference between the respective powers and agreed upon terms of peace that shall be equal, just and honorable to all the belligerents, an armistice to take place as soon as the belligerent States shall have accepted the proposition and to continue until the termination of the conference. Answers have not yet been received to this offer, but it is believed in Washington that it will be accepted.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.—The English Government have introduced two bills to carry out the recommendations of the Royal Commissioners relative to the punishment of death. One of these defines and amends the law relating to murder, and the other provides for alternations in the mode of carrying that punishment into effect, so as to secure as much privacy as possible. It is proposed that there shall be a clasification of murders, similar in principle to that which obtains in France, into murders of the first and second degree, and that executions shall in future be intra-mural.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPORTANT TO DRUGGISTS & OTHERS

Burnett's Cocoaine, the most justly celebrated Hair preparation in the World, *for sale at the old price*, retail 50 cents a bottle. No other preparation so exactly suits the various conditions of the human hair.

The above-named article is manufactured solely by the Proprietors. The name and title thereof is adopted as a Trade Mark to secure the public and proprietors against imposition by the introduction of spurious articles. All unauthorised use of this trade mark will be promptly prosecuted.

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO.

For sale by all druggists.

HENRY, SIMPSON & CO., Montreal,
General Agents for Canada.
May 11 mwf DW 112

HUNNEWELL'S STANDARD REMEDIES.

1866 HUNNEWELL'S UNIVERSAL 1866

COUGH REMEDY.

HUNNEWELL'S TOLU ANODYNE | HUNNEWELL'S ECLECTIC PILLS.

1867 HUNNEWELL'S REMEDY FOR 1867

CONSUMPTION.

The Proprietor of the above named valuable and truly reliable preparations trusts that the readers of the *Herald* they are too well known to require any other than the plain facts, that they are not remedies for every disease that flesh is heir to, but remedies for what they are recommended, to which great numbers testify, and confidence to test them will be found perfectly sacred

There can be no evidence required to strengthen confidence, which cannot be seen at my office; and it is by a test of *true character* on which I rely for acceptance, and not for extended forms of advertising.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor,
Practical Chemist and Pharmaceutist,
9 Commercial Wharf, Boston, Mass.

Sold by all regular dealers in medicine.

January 24. 2m mwf DW 18

SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR.

RHEUMATISM! RHEUMATISM!!

It is well known that bathing, ointments and external applications, only drive Rheumatism from one part of the system to another. Sometimes, with fatal results. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC RHEUMATIC PILLS often cure the worst and most protracted cases. This simple medicated SUGAR PILL will do more to eradicate the disease than quantities of crude medicines, in doses which often do more harm than good. Price, 25 cents per box. Six boxes for $1.

FAMILY CASES

Of 35 large Vials, morocco case, containing a specific for every ordinary disease a family is subject to, and a book of directions.......................$10 00
Smaller Family and Travelling cases, with 20 to 28 vials, ...from $5 to $8
Specifics for all Private Diseases, both for Curing and for Preventive treatment, in vials and pocket cases.......... ....$2 to $5

These remedies, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the country, by Mail or Express, free of charge, on receipt of the price.

Address HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, Office and Depot, No. 562 Broadway, NEW YORK.

DR HUMPHREYS is consulted daily at his Office, personally or by letter, as above, for all forms of disease.

Henry, Simpson & Co., Wholesale Agents for Canada. Also, sold by Kenneth Campbell & Co., J. A. Harte, and Mrs. M. A. Footner, Agents

February 25. DSW2m mwf 47

WHY NOT USE THE BEST

OVER TWENTY YEARS' increasing demand has established the fact that MATHEWS' VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best in the world It is the cheapest, the most reliable, and most convenient. Complete in one bottle. Does not require any previous preparation of the hair. No trouble. No crock or stain. Produces a beautiful black or brown, as preferred A child can apply it. Always gives satisfaction. Only 50 cents per bottle. Sold everywhere.

A. I. MATHEWS, Manufacturer, N.Y.
HENRY, SIMPSON & CO., Wholesale Agents,
515 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
August 15. ly mwf 1

THE MYSTIC HAIR TINT,

PREPARED BY

WM. BOGLE, OF BOSTON, U.S.

THIS celebrated article for Colouring the Hair and restoring the same to its natural appearance, was patented in the United States several years ago, since which period there has existed for it, in the United States and England, an unprecedented demand, and is now almost universally used by all requiring the use of Hair Restoratives. The simplicity and harmless ingredients used in the preparation of this article, the easy and simple mode of application, nothing except a small brush being necessary for that purpose; the natural appearance of the Hair after the application of the Tint, the duration of the application, and the reasonable rate at which the article is sold, are a few of the causes which have followed the introduction of the

HAIR TINT

In the leading Cities of England and America

A TRIAL of the MYSTIC HAIR TINT will suffice to insure all who use it once to continue to use the article.

For sale by WM. BOGLE, Boston, and all Chemists and Druggists in Montreal.

September 1

BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID

THE GREAT WORLD-RENOWNED HAIR RESTORATIVE,

For preserving, restoring, curling, cleansing, dressing and fashioning the Hair and Moustachios into the most soft silky and glossy description imaginable. Patronized by Her Majesty the Queen and the Royal Family, by the President of, and the elite of fashion throughout, the United States.

The unprecedented demand for this wonderful Hair Restorative has led to the fabrication of a host of counterfeits, often containing elements most deleterious to the hair, and thousands have had cause to regret their use. See that you get the genuine.

The virtues of Bogle's Hyperion Fluid for the Hair require no panegyric. Its universal success has never been equalled, and the immense good it has done is testified by thousands of certificates from physicians and parties of the highest standing, open for inspection at the Proprietors. Therefore,

All who suffer from Baldness—
All who are troubled with Dandruff—
All who have Salt Rheum, or any Humor of the Scalp,
All who have "Hair Eaters" at the Roots of the Hair—
All who are troubled with Headache, and

BOGLE'S ELECTRIC HAIR DYE

Is proven to be the very best in the world. It instantaneously changes Hair to any requires color, life-like and natural.

All who wish to have a beautiful glossy Head of Hair, in luxurious growth to the latest period of life, USE BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID.

BOGLE'S MYSTIKOS, OR MYSTIC HAIR TINT.

A new discovery for gradually restoring Grey Hair to its original color Only one preparation, Simple and easily applied. Super for Whiskers, Moustachios and Eye-Brows.

Sold by all respectable Druggists and Perfumers throughout the World.

PROPRIETOR—W BOGLE, Boston, U. S
June 12. 81

AKIMOS NOVITATE TENEBO.
THE MONTREAL HERALD

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 14. 1867.

SEE FIRST PAGE

For Fenian Rising in Ireland; The London Times on the Confederation Bill; Proposed Peace Conference, &c., &c.

SEE FIRST PAGE FOR HOUSES TO LET, &c.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY HENRY J. SHAW.
Retail Grocers Stock, at 85 Notre Dame Street, at Ten o'clock.
Books, at his Stores, at Seven o'clock.

BY FENNING & BARSALOU.
Dry Goods, &c, at 416 St. Paul Street, at Two o'clock.

BY G. McGREGOR.
Dry Goods, at his store, at Two o'clock

BY JOHN J. ARNTON.
Real Estate, at his rooms, at Eleven o'clock

TEMPERATURE

In the shade by Standard Thermometer, observed at C. HEARN'S, Optician, 242 Notre Dame Street

8 A.M.	1 P.M.	6 P.M.
31.5°	33.°	35.5°

Recorded by Patent Register.

MAX.	MIN.	MEAN.
31.5°	29.°	31.7°

Montreal, March 13, 1867.

ILLUSTRATED EDITION

OF THE

MONTREAL HERALD.

On several previous occasions we have printed illustrated numbers of the MONTREAL HERALD, for the purpose of exhibiting, from time to time, the general advance of the City, as manifested by the increase and importance of its public and private edifices, and by the improvement of architectural taste in the community. A wider step than has ever been made before, has been taken in this department of progress, since the issue of our last figured sheet, and we have, therefore, determined to publish another ILLUSTRATED HERALD, in order to bring our engraved expositions of the character of the City up to the present date. We believe it will be found that the improvement in the size and character of the wood cuts in this number will have kept pace with the advance in extent and beauty of the City, of which they portray some of the newest and best buildings. Such a sheet, besides its uses among ourselves, as a work of art, will be —as we have reason to know that our former engravings have been—a most valuable means of conveying, to persons at a distance, a true and adequate idea of the wealth and spirit of our citizens, and those circumstances which are likely to determine strangers to seek a home here. No written description can convey an impression equal to these pictorial representations.

The ILLUSTRATED HERALD will appear early next week, and will be printed on a double sheet of fine paper, manufactured expressly for the purpose.

The first page will be occupied by a large and fine engraving of ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, now being built on Dorchester Street; and of the NEW ST. PATRICK'S HALL, now being built on Victoria Square.

The second page will have a beautiful cut of the NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE OFFICE, at the corner of St. François Xavier and Hospital Streets; an artistic copy of the statuary for the PEDIMENT OF THE MONTREAL BANK, which comes from the chisel of the renowned sculptor, Steele, of Edinburgh; and large engravings of the block of buildings erected by J. & T. CAVERHILL in Notre Dame Street, and by MR. THOMAS TIFFIN at the corner of St. Peter and Notre Dame Streets.

The third page will be filled by a representation—a foot square—of the splendid stores blonging to Messrs. J. & T. CAVERHILL, in St. Peter Street; of Mr. JOSEPH TIFFIN'S new building in Great St. James Street; and of Mr. B. GIBB'S new building in Notre Dame Street.

On the fourth page will appear, the new buildings of the MERCHANTS' BANK, at the corner of Notre Dame Street and the Place d'Armes; the store of Messrs. H. & H. MERRILL, in Notre Dame Street; Messrs. MUIR'S new block, at the corner of Place d'Armes and Notre Dame Street; and Mr. CHAS. ALEXANDER'S buildings in the same street.

The double sheet will contain a letter-press description of the engravings; a list of the new buildings, of all sorts, erected in Montreal during the year; and a short general review of the progress of the city.

The ILLUSTRATED HERALD will present an excellent opportunity to advertisers, as the issue will be very large, and the price will be fixed at a reasonable rate. A great part of the available space has already been taken up; and, therefore, those who desire to make use of the remainder for purposes of publicity, should apply without delay, in order to prevent disappointment.

The following are the terms of advertising in this edition:—

One Square of 20 lines, close....	$3.00
Two " " 40 "	5.00
Quarter Column,..............	10.00
Half Column,..............	17.00
Three-quarter Column,.........	22.00
One Column,..............	30.00

PENNY, WILSON & CO.,
51 and 53 Great St. James Street.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

(Specially reported for the Montreal Herald.)

LATEST FROM OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, March 13.

In the county of Prescott, Mr. Boyd, of Vankleek Hill, will offer as candidate for Local Parliament.

One thousand dollars were realized at a Bazaar, held lately here, in aid of funds for the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.

An arrest was made to-day, by Detective O'Neill, of two lads, aged 12, who had robbed Mr. Barber, Builder, of several thousand copies of Orange song books, "the Derry Harmonist, from Derry's walls" also of a quantity of foolscap which they disposed of as old paper.

Mr. O'Neill also arrested an old offender, who a few weeks ago struck at Dr. Wood with an iron headed cane.

Mr Friel is re-elected President of the Mechanics' Institute.

PASSENGERS

Per SS "North American," from Liverpool to Portland 28th Feb: Lieut Colonel Sir Henry Havelock; Messrs R French, James Baillie, J G Lonsdale, Archer Robertson, B Draper, J A Robertson, A McKewan, Charles Magee, James Walker, James Robertson, J G Gunther, H Dunning Josiah Cumming, Frientowski John Theasby; Mrs Bartlett, Miss Herschfield, Capt and Mrs Randall, Capt and Mrs Lunt, Mr and Mrs Dunn; Captains Cartwright, Wheelwright, Briand, Dennison,—28 cabin and 257 steerage.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

GENERAL PRESS DESPATCHES.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LIVERPOOL, March 11, noon.—Cotton opened firm and with more activity; prices have advanced ⅛. Middling Uplands 13⅛; Middling Orleans 13⅜.

Breadstuffs generally firm. Oats 3s 2d per 45 lbs. for American and Canada. Provisions firm and unchanged. Tallow 43s 6d per cwt. for American.

LONDON, March 13, noon.—Consols advanced to 91¼; Erie declined ¼; opening rates being 39¾; 5-20's advanced to 74¼; Ill. C. slightly advanced, ruling figure 78.

VIENNA, March 13th.—Despatches have been received here which state that the Viceroy of Egypt withholds the tribute which the Sublime Porte of Turkey levied on the people of of that country, to meet the expense of crushing the insurrection in Candia.

LONDON, March 13, noon.—The Anglo American Telegraph and the original Atlantic Telegaph Company, held a meeting in this city yesterday to consider the proposed reduction of tolls upon business transmitted over the cable, quiet unexpectedly to the general public. The movement for a reduction failed in consequences of the refusal of the Atlantic Company to assent thereto. The public should remember that although the practical management of the cable is in the hands of the Anglo American Company, no change in rates can be made with out the consent of the Atlantic Company. The latter company is the one which initiated the cable enterprise but subsequently transferred its franchises and property to the Anglo American Company, which successfully completed the work.

LONDON, March 13th, noon.—The Banks at Amsterdam and Berlin have reduced their rates of discount.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 12.—News from all directions represent the flood as unprecedented. All the roods south are badly broken up, by the carrying away of bridges, culverts and by land slides. The Ohio river is rising. The rain still continues to fall.

NEW YORK, March 13th.—Stock market not quite so firm at 2nd board.—Gold 134⅜; W U 41⅞; N Y C 102¾, Erie 58⅞; Reading 101⅜; M S 72⅜; I C 113; N W 35¼; do pfd 63⅛; R I 95⅛; F W 95⅜.

Post's financial article says the loan market continues easy at 6 to 7 discount demand active choice paper 6½ to 7½. Stock market dull. Governments are more active with an improvement on the gold bearing bonds. Railroad shares steady except Erie which is declining. Foreign Exchange in fair demand.

ST. LOUIS, March 12th. The *Democrat's* St Joseph special correspondence says, that Gen. Cook's recent raid against the Indians, in the region of Steen's Mountain, resulted in the killing of 63 of the savages.

Mrs Pope, mother of Gen. Pope, died to-day.

NEW YORK March 13th The *Times'* special says an order will be issued to-day assigning Schofield, to the first division; Sickles, to the second; Thomas, to the third; Ord, to the fourth; and Sheridan to the fifth districts in the Southern States, under the Military Reconstruction Bill.

The Herald's Vera Cruz letter, of March 2nd, states 16,000 French troops had sailed for France up to that time. Great preparations were making to defend the city after the French had left.

It is said Maximilian will expose Napoleon's intrigue against the United States.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The excitement consequent on the Fenian insurrection in Ireland still continues in this city.

Meetings of the various circles have been held, and a mass demonstration will take place this evening at Union Square.

Money is pouring in plentifully, and the project of a New York merchant to raise one million dollars for privateers has been favourably received, and meets with considerable success.

Private letters from Washington state that the Committee now in that city have been cordially received by Senators and Representatives of both parties.

CHICAGO, March 12th.—The Fenian brotherhood met at two o'clock to-day; seventy-eight circles were represented in the organization.

President Roberts was introduced and spoke two hours on the present organization, its past record, and its future prospects, giving a minute disposition of all moneys received at headquarters.

After the appointment of business committees, the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The following correspondence, by telegraph, was received by the Convention:—

"NEW YORK, March 12th.—To Colonel W. R. Roberts, Chicago: A deputation of centres, representing Ireland, England and Scotland, request your immediate co-operation.

Answer yes or no. Publish your ideas immediately.

(Signed), J. J. GEARY"

"CHICAGO, March 12th.—To J. J. Geary, New York: Your despatch received. Do I understand you, that the representatives of the I. R. B., from Ireland, England, and Scotland, now in America, agree to unite with us for the purpose of giving aid to the men said to be in revolution in Ireland? If so, as President of the Fenian Brotherhood, and speaking on behalf of that organization while holding ourselves irresponsible for the results of what I fear is a premature and ill-prepared movement, nevertheless we will render all the aid in our power to our brothers in the field. Our objective point is Ireland. We labor for Ireland, and we will strike for Ireland.

(Signed), W. R. ROBERTS, Pres."

THE GRAND TRUNK AND MR. HATHAWAY.—Last year arrangements were made by the Grand Trunk Railway Company to forward Canadian freight from Portland to the Lower Provinces, an agreement having been come to with Mr. Hathaway to employ his steamers. In consequence, as it is stated, of want of boats, one of them having been lost, and from the others not possessing sufficient power, great irregularities took place, and the Company were put to considerable loss as well as inconvenience. Intimation was, therefore, made to Mr. Hathaway that the agreement would be considered at an end unless the evils complained of were rectified. The delays still continuing the agreement was declared closed, and a contract was entered into with another firm to do the work. Mr. Hathway by the termination of the agreement believed himself to be aggrieved and made a claim against the Grand Trunk for damages. Mr. Brydges, the Managing Director, who was on his way to Britain, arrived in Portland on Saturday morning by the regular passenger train, and was there all day. About eleven at night while waiting in his car at the station for the arrival of the train with the mails and passengers for the steamer by which he intended sailing, a sheriff's officer presented himself, and took Mr Brydges into custody on a *capias*, issued at the instance of Mr. Hathaway, the object of making the arrest at that time of night, it was believed, being to prevent Mr. Brydges from getting bail, and so throwing him too late for the steamer. Bail, however, was got immediately, and there was, therefore, no detention. Whatever may be the merits of the dispute between Mr. Hathaway and the Grand Trunk, it is evident that Mr. Brydges cannot be held personally liable, and there is no doubt that Mr. Hathaway has put himself in a false position. It is stated, indeed, that an action for malicious arrest will at once be made, when of course the whole facts will be brought out.

FENIAN NEWS.—We print in other columns a batch of interesting Fenian news in relation to the late rising in Kerry, &c. The outspoken language of the Catholic Bishop of Kerry shows that the Clergy are fully alive to the folly and madness of a movement which can have no other end than ruin to all those engaged in it.

THE CONDEMNED CHIGNON.—The developments which resulted from the examination of a chignon under a microscope, referred to in these columns a day or two since, have caused a tremendous excitement among those who were heretofore admirers and followers of this singular fashion. Every new communication seems to increase the general terror and dismay. Some of those engaged in the discussion, still boldly assert that although "raw hair" may possibly be infested with embryo insects, yet that after passing through a proper process, it is impossible to find any matters from which living creatures may be developed. But any feeling of satisfaction that might be encouraged by assurances of this character, is quickly dissipated by the letter of "a Victim of Fashion," who submitted her head gear to such a practical test that it was immediately sacrificed to the flames. The story is graphically told. The lady got a microscope and "stared at the monsters" in her chignon. Several writers contend that it is impossible for anything that will give life to remain after the hair has been properly prepared. But how vain are such declarations in view of the experience of "Paterfamilias," who says that about three months ago his two daughters were unspeakably shocked and surprised by the discovery of *pediculi* in their hair in myriads. No possible cause could be assigned for the terrible visitation. His daughters wore artificial chignons, but these were so far from being suspected that they were not even examined. In adopting remedial measures they were laid aside, and some fancy having induced his daughters to wear their hair in a different style they have not since been troubled. The obnoxious chignons have since been carefully burnt. The unpleasant discovery had such an effect upon one of his daughters that it caused a severe attack of nervous fever, and utterly prostrated her for nearly six weeks; indeed, at one period her life was despaired of by the medical man in attendance. The testimony of "The Father of a Family" is even more direct against the offensive article. He says that his youngest daughter recently purchased a chignon, which she had only worn for about a week when she experienced such uncomfortable sensations in her head that his wife insisted upon examining it. She found the poor girl was literally swarming with truly dreadful insects, that could only have been derived from the chignon, which was ruthlessly destroyed. Many other horrid stories are told of these things, great and small, whose discovery has lately given rise to so much disgust and real alarm amongst those who sail under borrowed plumage. The testimony of many witnesses certainly seems to be in favor of those who have lifted up their voices against the —chignon.

CITY COUNCIL.

After some routine business,

The City council met last night, Councillor Brown, Acting Mayor, in the chair.

It was moved by Alderman Rodden, seconded by Alderman David, That the Finance Committee be advised to include in the annual estimate, the sum necessary to carry out the arrangements contemplated by the Resolution adopted by the Joint meeting of the Finance and Road Committees in reference to the purchase of the City Plans, now held and being completed by Walter Shanley, Esq.

After some conversation on removal of St. Anns' fish market,

Alderman David moved, seconded by Alderman Rodden, that the Road Committee be authorized to communicate with the citizens in regard to the new lines to be braced on the new plans as well as the continuation and widening of the new streets which are to be made in the future, and that the notice be published for 2 weeks in two English and two French papers.

The Council then adjourned.

NOTES FROM THE CITY SURVEYOR'S REPORT.

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE FOR 1866.

Micellaneous Items..............	$89.713 66
East Ward..............	3 017.08
Centre..............	1.864 20
West..............	3 240.96
St. Anns..............	13 478 31
St. Antoine..............	30.440.91
St. Lawrence..............	13 261.25
St. Louis..............	7 102.03
St James..............	12.754.15
St Mary..............	7.009 63
	$181 883.18
Less materials on hand at commencement of season. Amount due Jail authorities &c, which belong to previous year's expenditure..............	18 238.15
	$163 644.03

NOTE.—Miscellaneous Items comprise—main sewers, amount paid on account of small sewers, old debts paid off this year, flag stones on hand, paving stones on hand, Bricklayers and Mason's work in repairing sewers, &c. &c., all enumerated in the contingent sheet.

The following statements from the City Surveyor's Report supply the most important part of the information contained in it, in addition to what we have already published.

Small sewers construct d....	18,912 lineal feet
Main & medium do........	9,340 "
Block paving..............	241½ sqr yds
Nicholson paving..........	960¾ "
Board Fencing..............	9,910 lineal ft
Properties acquired by amiable ar angement or by valuation of Commissioners, with the exception of those acquired for Albert Street, the proprietors are assessed for the amounts as per assessment rolls..............	$162.053 22
Properties sold by Corporation, not including property sold at corner of Bonaventure Street, which belongs to the current year's receipts......	$11,101.80

By the report of the Inspector of Buildings it will be seen that there were 219 buildings put up last year, of which 137 were dwellings, the others being stores, workshops, &c., of these 82 were built of stone, 117 of brick and 20 of wood, 110 being roofed with metal, 107 gravelled and 2 shingled, the total number of feet of frontage being 5,304 06, exclusive of the freight depot in Albert Street, which is 1,197 feet. During the year certificates were granted for 11 hot air furnaces, 2 hot air steam furnaces, 8 steam engines and 56 wood yards. There were notifications made of 254 defective chimneys, of which 237 were repaired, 18 spouts missing or to be repaired, of which 73 were attended to, 181 missing spout conductors of which 176 were put up. Attention is drawn in the report to parts of the fronts of new houses being projected without support from beneath, rendering them highly dangerous.

Mr. Bertram's report of the Fire Department we have already given at some length. In addition he urges strongly the appointment of a Fire Marshal, and the importance of having the means of ascertaining more clearly the origin of some of the fires. Children with matches were the cause of 5 fires and 20 were incendiary. Of the houses in which fires occurred 25 were stores, 43 of brick and 52 of wood. The expenditure for the year has been Fire Department $15,092 26½; Telegraph, $3,500.56½; Street Watering. $599 19; Building Inspector, $189 75½. Total, $19,381 77½.

In the report on the watering of the streets Mr. Patton refers to the impropriety of the Fire Police watering the streets, and recommends that this be done by a department which should also clean the streets. The report states that the streets which were begun to be cleaned in the early part of last season were left untouched and the dirt allowed to accumulate. As an evidence of the impropriety of combining the two duties of watering the streets and attending to fires the report shows that there were 34 alarms during the time the watering was going on which had to be attended to. There had been used in watering the streets 13,763,484 gallons of water during the season which began on the 23d April and continued to the 25th October.

CITY ITEMS

NEW MAPLE SUGAR.—Mr. W. V. Hall, 127 McGill Street, has handed us some very nice cakes of maple sugar of this year's make, received by him from Vermont. This is early for the making of sugar. The sample is of excellent quality.

THAWING.—Yesterday was damp and cold with a slight drizzle, the remains of the heavy rain which was falling all the previous day. The side walks are in a deplorable state, the holes considerably cut by some, while the adjoining parts of the footpaths are untouched, being filled with water. This is bad enough through the day, but after dark it is highly dangerous as it is impossible to see where the ice is cut away, the first warning of danger being a sudden fall, and not improbably a serious accident.

POLICE COURT.—Several prisoners were examined yesterday, but discharged for want of sufficient evidence.

RECORDER'S COURT.—There were 9 cases yesterday, all for drunkenness, except Bastien Breault, and Etienne Boug t, who were charged with assaulting Narcisse Cote, and fined $2.50 or 1 5days each.

THE VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.—The Band of the 25th Regt., K.O.B., is expected to play at the Rink, to-morrow (Friday) evening.

The United Board of Out Door Relief beg to say their funds are all expended, the Treasury is empty.

As there is still much suffering among the poor, and many of these unable for a few weeks yet, to obtain employment. The Board would respectfully ask for further contributions to enable them to continue for a short time longer, the necessary funds to relieve their distress.

CRYSTAL PALACE CONCERT.—A general rehearsal for orchestra and chorus will take place this evening at half-past 7 o'clock, at Messrs. Gould & Hill's, Great St. James Street. A full attendance is requested.

CAIRO, Ill., March 13—The Levee, near Mound city, broke this morning. The citizens are doing all they can to prevent an inundation of the town. Cairo is in fact, and is believed to be capable of withstanding the flood at its maximum.

THE ROYAL CALEDONIA CURLING CLUB MEDAL.

Yesterday the contest for the medal given for Curling by the Royal Caledonia Curling Club was decided in favour of the Montreal Caledonia. About a fortnight ago one rink with Mr. M Hutchison, Skip, played against the Buckingham Club on the ice of the latter, and a rink from there came to Montreal to play with the second Caledonia rink. The members playing were; of the Caledonia, Mr. David Brown, Mr. Robert Gardner, Mr. Thomas Brown and Mr. W. McGibbon, Skip; and of the Buckingham, Mr. Malcolm McLeod, Mr. John Higginson, Mr. W. D. Waddell, and Mr E. W. Murray, Skip. The first part of the game was keenly contested, the Buckingham Club having gained the first two ends, a single shot each. The third the Caledonia gained a double end. Up till lunch time the play was characterised by great equality, shot for shot being the order of the day, but after lunch the Caledonias drew ahead rapidly notwithstanding the determined struggle made by Buckingham. At two o'clock the play terminated, the scores being Caledonia 35, Buckingham 18, majority for Caledonia 17, which added to 14 at Buckingham gave them a majority on the two rinks of 31. The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed and the whole play was characterised by the greatest keenness and good humour. The Buckingham, although recently formed, has already distinguished itself having carried off two prizes, one from the Stadacona, Quebec, and the other from the Ottawa Club at Ottawa.

THE DINNER.

In the evening the Caledonia Club entertained the members of the Buckingham in the Jacques Cartier Club, where a very beautifully served and substantial dinner had been prepared by Mr. Gilbert, the talented *chef* of the Club. To those who know his abilities it is needless to say more.

The President of the Caledonia Club, Major A. A. Stevenson, occupied the chair, the Vice-Chairmen being Col. Ogilvie and Capt. McGibbon. When the cloth had been drawn the Chairman read letters of apology from the Hon. John Young, President of the Canadian Branch of the Royal Caledonia Club, prevented by urgent engagements from attending, and from Mr. H. McKay, President of the Montreal Curling Club, and Mr. George S. Brush, President of the Thistle Club.

The Chairman gave the usual loyal and patriotic toasts, which were drunk with all the honours, and the Army, Navy, and Volunteers, which was replied to by Col. Ogilvie who on rising was received with applause. He said he could speak confidently, that as far as the Volunteers of Canada were concerned, no country in the world need be ashamed of them. He himself was unattached now. When in the active force he had tried to do his duty, and never had more pleasure than when he was in command of the No 1 troop, as he felt then as if he occupied a proud position. He felt that he ought to retire and allow Major Smith to return thanks.

Major Smith briefly returned thanks. He felt certain that if called out the volunteers would do their duty.

The Chairman gave His Worship the Mayor, and the Corporation of Montreal, in a few well chosen terms

His Worship returned thanks. He expressed his gratification at receiving their confidence, especially as he saw round the table men of every nationality, English, Irish, Scotch, and Canadian. He was proud to be Mayor of such a city as Montreal, and to preside over such a body as the new Council was. He could assure them that no city on this continent stood in a better position than Montreal. He gave some of the statistics of the City to show that the Water Works yielded 7 per cent, the markets 8 per cent, and they had a sinking fund amounting to $405,000, so that whatever debt there was, was covered by real estate and bank stock. There were many difficulties to be contended with by the Mayor and members of the Corporation. As to the volunteers of Montreal, he might be looked upon as one of their best friends. (Applause.) Their conduct had called forth praise in all quarters. It was now certain that the Drill Shed would be built during his Mayoralty and it would be one worthy of the City and of the Volunteers. He was glad to see so many of their friends from the country, although they had come only to be defeated, but the Caledonia Club, against which they had contended, was one not to be beaten. (Applause) The Caledonians might have had some courtesy and allowed themselves to be beaten, but that was not a fault of which the Scotch are guilty. (Laughter.) He begged to propose a toast which he felt they would drink with pleasure—The health of the President and the Caledonian Curling Club.

The Chairman returned thanks, and said that if they were victorious now, it was not without many defeats in their early years. This year, however, he might fairly claim that the Caledonia was the champion club of Montreal, and it possessed many who as curlers could not be beaten in Montreal, or Canada, or perhaps in the world. (Applause.)

Col. Ogilvie proposed the Royal Caledonia Curling Club. He felt as if he might claim to be a good curler, since the other day he managed to beat the great Matthew Hutchison. (Laughter), There was one point of view which might recommend curling, that was the social equality which was shown there, and much as he disliked democracy this was a good thing. The Royal Caledonia Curling Club was the parent of all the Curling Societies. The President was not here but an able representative was present, Mr. George Denholme, Secretary.

Mr. George Denholme said that all acknowledged the benefits to curling caused by the Medals sent out from the old Club. It was a Scotch game that of curling, although becoming naturalized here, and it was well that these games of our native country should be kept up as a tie between us and the Mother Country. (Cheers)

The Chairman proposed the members of the Buckingham Curling Club. He was certain that among all the Caledonia were ever pitted against they had never contested with better men than those from Buckingham, and to-day there had been a specimen of the men it could furnish although they had been placed at disadvantage, some of the plyaers not having practis ed for some time. They had come with a large score against them and came at great inconvenience to compete. (Applause.) It would be well if the Royal Caledonia Club could understand the distances curlers had to come to meet one another here, their zeal and love for the game would then be better understood. (Applause) He hoped that they might all meet again not only as curlers but as friends. (Loud Applause.)

Mr. W. D. Waddell returned thanks. The Buckingham was a small Club and at much inconvenience they had come down. They had only yet played four matches: out of these they had gained two. He had no wish to boast, but he hoped some day to retrieve the laurels they had lost to-day. They intended to stick to the skirts of the Caledonia Club until they had made up what they had lost. The treatment they received since their arrival in Montreal was such as would never be forgotten, but he hoped to reciprocate some day, and to prove that Backwoodsmen were of such a nature that like true Britons they would not turned back for anything. (Applause.) They have been honoured by the presence of the Mayor of Montreal, a gentleman who was known throughout the country for his abilities.

Mr. E. W Murray returned his thanks and expressed his gratification at all that had been done for their comfort, even before they had left their humble village. Though defeated they were not dead yet. The worthy President had crowed not a little. (Laughter.) But they would put up with it, and after their kind treatment did not feel as if they had been beaten at all. (Laughter) He in a few suitable terms expressed his sense of the benefits of curling. As it was drawing to the wee short hours; he was not a Scotchman but had read Burns, (laughter) he would again only express his thanks.

Mr. Higginson also returned thanks in a few well selected terms.

Col. Ogilvie proposed the sister clubs in Montreal.

Mr. George Denholme returned thanks for the Montreal Club, and said that one disadvantage they laboured under was, that many of the older members left on business at the beginning of winter, leaving the younger members to contend for the prizes. Though they had lately celebrated their sixtieth anniversary, he hoped they were not yet in a state of decrepitude. He felt that with all the Clubs there was the utmost cordiality and good feeling.

Mr. Walkem for the Thistle Club returned thanks. He begged to say to the young members of the Caledonia that they were requested to play a rink on Friday with the younger members of the Thistle at either of the rinks.

The Chairman proposed "Keen Curlers all the world over."

The Chairman then proposed the Press, which was suitably responded to.

Col. Ogilvie proposed the health of a gentleman to whom it might be said the Caledonia Club owed its present existence. Last winter it was very shaky, but that gentleman said the Club must be kept up, and in two months it was stronger than it had been for years. Had it not been for douce, honest, modest Sandy McGibbon there would in all likelihood have been no club; his exertions joined to the indomitable perseverance of Sandy Stevenson had save it. He felt that no man could refuse a flowing bumper to that health. (Drunk enthusiastically.)

Mr. A. McGibbon disclaimed al credit for the result stated. He could not see that he had the credit of this thing, he thought it was due to another quarter. There was a talk about breaking up and dividing the funds, but the meeting ended by challenging the Champion Club of New York. (Great laughter.) He felt a great interest in the club as one of his brothers had founded it, and for his sake he always felt a warm side to it. His brother William made up for his deficiencies as a curler.

Mr. Higginson proposed the Caledonia Club, in a few words (Drink with three times three) The Chairman returned thanks briefly. He hoped all the clubs would have rinks in a more favourable locality before long. He thought that on such an occasion as this, they ought not to forget to drink to the health of John Boyd, an old Caledonia member, as keen a curler as ever lived. (Cheers.)

The health of the Umpire, Mr. Denholme, was drunk with the greatest enthusiasim, and suitably responded to.

The toast of the "Ladies" was drank with all honour, and a variety of volunteer toasts were given, the meeting breaking up at an early hour, after spending a happy and pleasant evening.

NEW BOOKS RECEIVED FROM DAWSON BROTHERS.

DIXONS NEW AMERICA: Lippincott & Co. —Hepworth Dixon, the Editor of the London *Athenæum*, has made a journey through the United States, for the purpose of fitting himself to instruct his readers on the phases of American life which he describes as new —new alike in Ameriea and in Europe. Accordingly he passed some time on the extreme limit of the old civilization in Lea venworth and Denver; made himself acquainted with the virtues and vices of that energetic race of frontier men, who have in spite of their good will but about one woman to every ten of the masculine race, then passed on to the Mormons; made the acquaintance of apostles and prophets, maids, wives and widows, and heard from the lips of the Potentate called in a recent French biography Brigham junior, an opinion about marriage between brothers and sisters, which he was pledged not to deliver to the world. After this he lodged among the Shakers, who do not marry at all; and then went to the other extreme and passed some time among a certain set, of self styled "Bible People" among whom every body is married to everybody else of opposite sex. We scarcely think there is quite so much of importance as he supposes in all these strange eccentricities of belief and conduct; but his account of the facts is interesting and fair. However contrary to his own views the principles which guide these strange communities, Mr. Dixon sees a great deal of practical good and happiness wrought out in each of them, and tells us the good with the bad. In general society too he has made inquires of a delicate kind, of which he gives the results discreetly; but truly. Without touching upon these we will copy as a specimen of the book a chapter on the four races:—

White men, black men, red men, yellow men—all these chief types and colors of the human race—have been drawn into company on the western soil, this middle continent, lying between China and the Archipelago on the one side, Africa and Europe on the other, where they crowd and contest the ground under a common flag.

The White Man, caring for neither frost nor fire, so long as he can win good food for his mouth, fit clothing for his limbs, appears to be the master in every zone; able to endure all climates, to undertake all labours, to overcome all trials; casting nets into the Bay of Fundy, cradling gold in the Sacramento valleys, raising dates and lemons in Florida, trapping beavers in Oregon, raising herds of kine in Texas, spinning thread in Massachusetts, clearing woods in Kansas, smelting iron in Pennsylvania, talking buncombe in Columbia, writing leaders in New York. He is a man of plastic genius, of enduring character; equally at home among the palmtrees and the pines; in every latitude the guide, the employer, and the king of all.

The Black Man, a true child of the tropics, to whom warmth is like the breath of life, flees from those bleak fields of the north, in which the white man repairs his fibre and renews his blood; preferring the swamps and savannahs of the south, where, among palms, cotton-plants, and sugar-canes, he finds the rich colors in which his eye delights, the sunny heats in which his blood expands. Freedom would not tempt him to go northward into frost and fog. Even now, when Massachusetts and Connecticut tmept him by the offer of good wages, easy work, and sympathizing people, he will not go to them. He only just endures New York; the most hardy of his race will hardly stay in Saratoga and Niagara beyond the summer months. Since the South has been made free for Sam to live in, he has turned his back on the cold and friendly North, in search of a brighter home. Sitting in the rice-field, by the cane-brake, under the mulberry-trees of his darling Alabama, with his kerchief round his head, his banjo on his knee, he is joyous as a bird, singing his endless and foolish roundelay, and feeling the sunshine burn upon his face. The negro is but a local fact in the country; having his proper home in a corner—the most sunny corner—of the United States.

The Red Man, once a hunter of the Alleghanies, not less than of the prairies and the Rocky Mountains, has been driven by the pale-face, he and his squaw, his elk, his buffalo, and his antelope, into the far Western country; into the waste and desolate land lying westward of the Mississippi and Missouri. The exceptions hardly break the rule. A band of picturesque pedlers many be found at Niagara; Red Jackets, Cherokee chiefs, and Mohawks; selling bows and canes, and generally spunging on those youths and damsels who roam about the Falls in search of opportunities to flirt. A colony, hardly of a better sort, may be found at Onieda Creek, in Madison county; the few sowing maize, growing fruit, and singing psalms; the many starving on the soil, cutting down the oak and maple, alienating the best acres, pining after their brethren who have thrown the white man's gift in his face, and gone away with their weapons and their war-paint. Red Jacket at the Falls, Bill Beechtree at Oneida Creek,—the first selling beaded work to girls, the second twisting hickory canes for boys,—are the last representatives of mighty nations, hunters and warriors, who at one time owned the broad lands from the Susquehannah to Lake Erie. Red Jacket will not settle; Bill Beechtree is incapable of work. The red-kin will not dig, and to beg he is not ashamed. Hence, he has been pushed away from his place, driven out by the spade, and kept at bay by the smoke of chimney fires. A wild man of the plain and forest, he makes his home with the wolf, the rattlesnake, the buffalo, and the elk. When the wild beast flies, the wild man follows. The Alleghany slopes, on which, only seventy years ago, he chased the elk and scalped the white woman, will hear his warwhoop, see his war-dance, feel his scalping-knife, no more. In the western country he is still a figure in the landscape. From the Missouri to the Colorado he is master of all the open plains; the forts which the white men have built to protect their roads to San Francisco, like the Turkish block-houses built along the Syrian tracks, being mainly of use as a hint of their great reserve of power. The red men find it hard to lay down a tomahawk, to take up a hoe; some thousands only of them have yet done so; some hundreds only have learned from the whites to drink gin and bitters, to lodge in frame-houses, to tear up the soil, to forget the chase, the war-dance, and the Great Spirit.

The Yellow Man, generally a Chinese, often a Malay, sometimes a Dyak has been drawn into the Pacific States from Asia, and from the Eastern Archipelago, by the hot demand for labour, any kind of which comes in him as a boon. From digging to the mine, to cooking an omelette and ironing a shirt, he is equal to everything by which dollars can be gained. Of these yellow people there are now sixty thousand in California, Utah, and Montana; they come and go: but many more of them come than useful. Hop Chang keeps a laundry; Chi Hi goes out as a cook; Cum Thing is a maid-of-all-work. They are in no man's way, and they labour for a crust of bread; carrying the hod when Mike has run away to the diggings, and scrubbing the floor when Biddy has made some wretch the happiest of his sex. Supple and patient, these yellow men, though far from strong, are eager for any kind of work; but they prefer the employments of women to those of men; delighting in an engagement to wash clothes, to nurse babies, and to wait on guests. They make very good butlers and chamber-maids. Loo Sing, a jolly old girl in pig-tail, washes your shirts, starching and ironing them very neatly, except that you cannot persuade him to refrain from spitting on your cuffs and fronts. To him spitting on linen is the same as damping it with drops of water; and the habits of his life prevent him, even though you should catch him by the pig-tail, and rub his tiny bit of nose on the burning iron, from seeing that it is not the same to you. To-day, those yellow men are sixty thousand weak; in a few years they may be six hundred thousand strong. They will ask for votes. They will hold the balance of parties. In some districts they will make a majority; selecting the judges, forming the juries, interpreting the laws. Those yellow men are Buddhists, professing polygamy, practising infanticide.

Next year is not more sure to come in its own season than a great society of Asiatics to dwell on the Pacific slopes. A Buddhist church fronting the Buddhist churches in China and Ceylon, will rise in California, Oregon, and Nevada. More than all, a war of labor will commence between the races which feed on beef and the races which thrive on rice; one of those wars in which the victory is not necessarily with the strong.

White man, black man, red man, yellow man, each has a custom of his own to follow, a genius of his own to prove, a conscience of his own to respect; customs which are not of kin, genius which is largely different, and conscience which is fiercely hostile.

Mr. Dixon has one chapter upon "Reconstruction," and we feel some satisfaction in noticing that so shrewd and impartial an observer takes very much the same view as we have done upon that subject. He regards the secessionists as having committed a crime, for which they have to atone by complete submission to the inevitable but on the whole not severe terms imposed by their conquerors. It has been, according to him, a misfortune for them that Mr. Johnson should have awakened vain hopes of their return to the union, upon other terms than those conceded to them by Congress. There are men so committed to the past as to be willing sullenly to submit to personal ruin with the ruin of their cause; but the best men, especially the youngest men, look forward instead of backward, and are now quite ready for reconstruction on the terms of Congress. A son of General Lee at a social entertainment was the first to rebuke one of the Company, who proposed the toast of the fallen flag, with the remark that there was now but one flag—the stars and stripes. Mr. Dixon saw nothing but a reaction toward unionism, which seemed to him to be as enthusiastic as it was sensible. Not that the flag of secession is dragged in the mire at Richmond, for the brave men who bore it cannot but respect the emblem of their own gallantry—as Mr. Dixon evidently respects it in that light only—but that it is rolled round the staff and laid away now and forever.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE.)

LONDON, March 13, evening.—Consols unchanged at 91¼ for money; American securities have been quite steady to-day. Illinois Cntral however have declined ¼; Erie 38¾; Ill C 77¾; 5-20 74½

LIVERPOOL March 13, evening.—Cotton quite active to-day. Sales aggregating some 15,000 bales. The activity had caused an advance in prices, which at the close, were as follows:—Middling Uplands 13¼d; Middling Orleans 13⅜d. Breadstuffs generally quiet. Corn steady at 38s per quarter for mixed Western. The best grades of California Wheat are saleable at 13s 3d per cental. Provisions dull. Lord quiet and unchanged at 50s 6d per cwt. Bacon 41s per cwt for Cumberland cut middles. Pork 77s 6d per 200 lbs for Prime Eastern Mess. Petroleum 1s 6d per gallon for Pennsylvania refined and 11d for Spirits. Ashes 33s per cwt for Pots. Tallow 43s 6d per cwt.

LONDON, March 13, evening.—Despatches from Dublin dated this evening state that Ireland is quiet; no new Fenian demonstrations are reported.

There has been a great fall of snow on the Island

A number of Fenians have been arrested at Limerick. The prisoners while on their way to the police barracks were cheered by the people.

Placards emanating from emissaries of the I. R. B. have been posted in the streets of Clonmel, a borough town in both Waterford and Tipperary counties, forbidding people paying their rents.

VIENNA, March 13.—Emperor Francis Joseph has given orders for the strenthening of the Austrian posts on the Servian frontier.

BERLIN, March 3.—Herr Munchausen, Premier of the Government of Hanover, in the Government of the late King, has challenged Count Von Bismarck for words uttered in a debate in the German Parliament.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The Fenians held a mass meeting at Union Square to-night and were addressed by a number of prominent leaders. Resolutions were adopted pledging the support of the various circles in the vicinity to the men in Ireland.

NEW YORK, March, 13.—The steamer Ocean Queen brings late advices from the Isthmus and South America. In Guatamali quiet unexpectedly a revolutionary outbreak has taken place, which, however, is not of sufficient importance to interrupt seriously the rapid progress of the Republic. Dates from Buenos Ayres and Montevedo tell of an engagement which ended favourably for the allies.

The Senate of the Fenian Brotherhood has been called together for next Tuesday, to take action on the present condition of the Irish national movement.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Gen. Grant in a General Order published to-day for the information and government of all concerned, the act to provide for the more efficient Government of the rebel States, and concludes as follows:—

In pursuance of this act, the President directs the following assignments to be made; First District, State of V A, to be commanded by Brevet Major-General J M. Schofield, headquarters at Richmond, V. A. Second District, consisting of the North and South Carolina, to be commanded by Maj.-General D E Sickles, headquarters at Columbia, S. C. Third District, consisting of the States of Georgia, Florida, and Alabama, to be commanded by Major Gen. G. H. Thomas, Headquarters at Montgomery, Ala. Fourth Department consisting of the States of Mississippi, and Arkansas, and to be commanded by Brevt-Major Gen. F O. Cord, Headquarters at Vicksburg, Miss. Fifth Department consisting of the States of Lousiana, and Texas, Maj. Gen P. H. Sheridan, Headquarters at New Orleans.

NEW YORK, March 13. A steamer leaves to-night for Hudson. It is expected navigation to Troy will be resumed the present week.

The *Post's* special says, Mr. Trumbull of the Judiciary Committee, to whom the supplemental Reconstruction Bill was referred, has reported a substitute, giving power to the delegates elected in the South, to decide the question of Reconstruction, without submitting their action to the people of each State.

The adjournment of Congress depends upon the fate of the Bill.

Reverdy Johnson has received advices from the South to the effect that, prompt Reconstruction under the new law is certain. Orders to the district commanders will not be issued until the Supplemental Bill becomes a law.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Governments a shade firmer.

TROY, N. Y., March 13.—One of the boldest robberies ever perpetrated in this city, occurred last evening, between 6 and 7 o'clock, of the Jewelry store of E Marks, on River Street. A show case of jewelry standing on the walk near the door of the store was opened, and diamond rings valued at $2,000 were taken therefrom.

CINCINNATTI, March 13.—The loss by the explosion of the Powder Mills, near Xenia, Ohio, yesterday, is estimated at $ 0,000.

The *Commercial's* Merickville despatch says, it is estimated that the late flood has damaged East Tenn., over two millions of dollars. Over two hundred persons were washed out of their homes at Merickville. The damage to farming interests is very heavy, many farmers lose their houses, barns, grain and stock.

CINCINNATI, March 13.—The reports received from below this city represent great destruction of property by the flood in many places between New Albany and Evansville. The river is 30 miles wide. Thousands of cattle, sheep and hogs have been drowned, and hundreds of thousands of bushels of grain have been lost. The country is covered with floating stacks of hay, wheat and oats. Nearly all the steamboat landings are under water, and the boats cannot make their landing. Shawnee town is completely inundated in the lower part of Cincinnati, and in Covington hundreds of houses are under water.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 13—The river here rose nine inches in 14 hours up to 8.30 this morning. It is now within four feet of the rise of 1847, and five feet of the rise of 1832, and continues to rise at the rate of one inch per hour.

"SORE FEET."

The illustrious member for South Simcoe, Brother Thomas R. Ferguson, was very badly treated at the Brampton dinner. When Brother Andrew Fleming was extolling his own loyalty and that of Brother John Hillyard Cameron, he went out of his way to make a dreadful rap at Brother Ferguson. We quote from the *Leader's* report:—

"And he was glad to be able to tell his "hearers that the representative of Peel was "not one of those who had complained of get-"ting their feet blistered when at the front" "(Loud cheers, laughter, and cries of "That's "hard on Simcoe Tom"). Mr. Fleming resumed his seat amid loud applause."

Brother Ferguson has good reason to complain of the cruelty of Brother Fleming. What a shame to show up Lieut Col. Ferguson, of the Simcoe Volunteers, in that way, and just at the very moment when with blistered feet he is proposing to run two counties! And then to think of the wickedness of the jokers fastening the hit on "Simcoe Tom!"—and, worse then all, those loud cheers with which Brother Andrew's hit was received! Really, we don't wonder at Brother Tom being provoked beyond all endurance. And then, for the *Leader* to have been and gone and printed the whole of it in the most offensive shape, for circulation among the lambs of South Simcoe and Cardwell! Brother Ferguson has our heartfelt sympathy, and the best thing we can advise him to do is to publish that famous court-martial report which is so carefully hidden away in the pigeon-holes of the Militia Department at Ottawa. Unless that document is forthcoming to prove Lieut.-Col. Tom's unexampled bravery in the field, the "sore feet" calumny will give him an immense deal of trouble before the elections are over. We have long taken it for granted that when the Fenians threatened us, Brother Tom acted as bravely as he has always talked —but if this Conservative endorsement of the vile story about the "sore feet" don't bring out that report, even we shall begin to doubt.—*Globe.*

THE ARMY.

Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment—Surgeon John Rambaut, M. D., having completed twenty years' full-pay service is appointed to be surgeon-major.

The Army and Navy Gazette says that the trial of the newly-converted Enfield rifles to breech loaders (Snider pattern), show many defects, either in the arms or ammunition. In firing for accuracy at 500 and 700 yards by 20 men of the best shots, the figure of merit obtained was not nearly as good as with the Enfield rifle before conversion to a breech loader, and, in some instances, some of the men failed to hit the target out of five rounds. Another great fault found was that almost in every instance in which the men did not oversight their rifles it was ascertained that the bullet dropped short of the distance. In firing for rapidity the time taken to fire 10 rounds was as near as possible 1 min 40 sec., but in this practice the figure of merit obtained was very low. In a great many instances the men after firing experienced considerable difficulty in removing the case which contained the powder and bullet from the breech; a large number of the cartridge burst; therefore, the effects of their fire was lost, besides, in some instances it was found impossible to ignite them. The ball-cartridge used on this occasion is different to what was first issued and is much better; the difficulty found in extracting the ammunition case from the breech, the bursting, and non-explosion of some of the cartridge, is considered attributable to the imperfect construction of the arms.

The present blue undress Infantry frock-coat is to be abolished, and a neat patrol-jacket substituted for it. The present garment is generally detested, and the change will be welcomed by all ranks.

The salary of Lieut. Gen. Sir Edward Lugard, K C.B., Permanent Under Secretary of State for war, is to be increased from £1,500 to £2,000 per annum.

We call attention to the extensive sale of Real Estate at Mr. Arnton's rooms this morning. The very valuable property known as the "Union Buildings," drawing a large rental, and in a most central and eligible situation, forms part of the sale. Plan on view.

WHOOPING-COUGH.—We would particularly recommend the use of Downs' Vegetable Balsamic Elixir for the cure of whooping cough. We are assured it is one of the best medicines for this disease that can be procured. Great credit is due to the enterprising firm of Henry, Simpson & Co. for placing this valuable Cough Remedy within the reach of all. In cases of cough it is the best remedy we know. For sale everywhere. Price 25 and 50 cts per bottle.
[1m SW 35]

CHOLERA.—Dr. Humphreys' Specific Homœopathic Cholera Cases contain a full description of the disease and the preventive and curative treatment in full, so that every family and traveller may have the medicines at hand and be ready to apply them at a moment's warning. Thus met and treated, cholera is comparatively mild and easily subdued. Price $10 or $5,00
Humphreys' Homœopathic Medicine Co, 562 Broadway, N. Y.
Henry, Simpson & Co., Wholesale Agents for Canada. Also sold by Kenneth Campbell & Co, and J. A. Harte.
r DSW 59

We sincerely believe that the mother who neglects to provide MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for her suffering child, is depriving the little sufferer of the remedy of all the world best calculated to give it rest and restore it to health. There is not a mother who has ever used it, but what will tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest and health to the child, and is perfectly safe in all cases. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup." All others are base and dangerous imitations.
r DSW 59

THROAT DISEASES.—We would call attention to "Brown's Bronchial Troches" We have found them efficacious in allaying irritation of the throat and Bronchia, and would commend them to the attention of public speakers and others troubled with affections of the throat. They are also an excellent remedy for hoarseness resulting from cold."—*Congregationalist, Boston.*
[r DSW 59]

AVOID MEDICINES: they always aggravate chronic complaints; but Du Barry's delicious health-restoring Revalenta Arabica Food, which yields three times the nourishment of the best meat, saves 50 times its cost in other remedies, and invariably restores perfect digestion, strong nerves sound lungs, healthy liver, pure blood, refreshing sleep, functional regularity, and energy to the most disordered or enfeebled. We extract a few out of the 60,000 cures:—Cure No. 58,216, of the Marchioness de Brehan, of seven years' liver complaint, wasting away, debility, nervousness, with a nervous palpitation all over, bad digestion, constant sleeplessness, and the most intolerable nervous agitation." Cure No. 1,771: Lord Stuart de Decies Lord Lieutenant of Waterford, of many years dyspepsia. No. 49,832: "Fifty years' indescribable agony from dyspepsia, nervousness, asthma, cough, constipation, flatulency, spasms, sickness and vomiting Maria Joly." Cure No. 46,270: Mr. James Roberts, of Frimley, Surrey, of 30 years' diseased lungs, spitting of blood, liver derangement, and partial deafness. Cure No. 47,121: Miss Elizabeth Jacobs, of extreme nervousness, indigestion, gatherings low spirits, and nervous fancies. Cure No. 54,810: The Rev. James T. Campbell, Fakenham, Norfolk, of indigestion and torpidity of the liver, which had resisted all medical treatment." In tins at 1s 1½d; 1 lb. 2s 2d; 2, lbs. 4s 6d; 5lbs 11s; 12 lbs 22s; 24 lbs 40s terling. BARRY DU BARRY & Co. 77 Regent Street, London; and all Grocers and Chemists. Sold by Lamplough & Campbell Montreal. r DSW 11

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

HERALD OFFICE,
Wednesday, 13th March, 1867.

Nothing doing in Sterling Exchange, for which we quote 9 prem. cash, for Bank 60-day Bills. The New York market is higher, which has imparted a firmer tone here. Discount rate 9½; Silver buying at 4, and selling at 3¾ discount; 5 20's 107 to 110½, and 7 30's 106 to 106½. Greenbacks 25 to 25½ discount.

At the Corn Exchange this morning there was very little done, except in Strong Flour for Bakers, which sold at extreme prices, viz.: $7.45 to $7.50, some specially favourite brands going at $7.60. In other kinds very little was done.

FLOUR, per brl. of 196 lbs.—Superior Extra $8 50 to $9; Extra $8.00 to $8.25; Fancy, $7.75 to $8.00; Superfine, from Canada Wheat, $7 35 to $7 40; Strong Superfine from Canada Wheat, $7.40 to $7 50; Superfine from Western Wheat, nominal; City-Brands of Superfine, nominal; Superfine No. 2, $6.75 to $6 90; Fine, $5 75 to $6.00; Middlings, $5.70 to $5 85; Pollards, $4 00 to $4.50; Bag Flour $3.50 to 3.60 per 100 lbs.

OATMEAL, per brl. of 200 lbs.—$5 to $5.12½.

WHEAT, per bushel of 60 lbs.—U. C. Spring, $1.55 to $1 60.

PEASE, per 60 lbs.—A sale of 5,000 bushels, (choice sample), for May delivery at 84½c.

OATS, per bush of 32 lbs—32c to 33c.

BARLEY, per 48 lbs—53c to 5 c.

RYE, per 56 lbs—75c to 77c.

CORN, per 56 lbs—92½c.

SEEDS—Flax, nominal at $1.60 per 56 lbs.; Timothy, $2.10 to $2,25 per 45 lbs for good; Clover, 12c per lb.

ASHES, per 100 lbs.—First Pots, $5.60 to $5 65, according to tares; Seconds, $4.75 to $4 80; Thirds, $4.00 to $4.05. First Pearls $7.00

BUTTER, per lb.—Nothing doing.

PORK, per brl of 200 lbs—Mess $18,25 to $18,50; Prime Mess, $13 to $13 50 Prime $11 75 to $12.

MILWAUKEE, March 12.—No. 1 Wheat very firm $2.30 to $2.35 in store. No. 2 Wheat, $2 11½ in store, cash; $2,12½ seller next week; receipts, 6,000 bush; shipments, 4,000 bushels. Flour, firm, $10. Mess Pork, firm, $20.50.

CHICAGO, March 12.—No. 1 Wheat, firm, $2.35 to $2.36 in store. No. 2 Wheat, $1.95½ in store; receipts, 5,000 bush; shipments, 3,000 bush. Corn quiet, 79½c in store; receipts, 12,000 bush. Mess Pork firmer, $20.50 to $21.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

NEW YORK MARKETS—March 13.

Stocks active. W U 41⅞; N Y C 102⅛; Erie 59; Hudson River 136 to 137; Reading 101⅜; M C 107¼ to 107⅜; M S 72⅜; Ill C 114⅜; C & P 81⅛; C&T 118; Rock Island 95⅜; N W 35⅛; do pfd 63⅛; F W 95⅜; P Mail 122⅛; Atlantic 83⅛. Money 6 to 7 per cent; Exchange, 60-days, 108⅜; Sight, 109⅛. Gold 134⅛.

Cotton firm, at 29½c for middling Uplands.

Flour—Receipts 2,633 brls; market about 15 to 25c better with fair demand; sales 12,000 barrels, at $8,65 to $10 for Superfine State; 10,15 to $11 for Extra State; $11,10 to $11,75 for choice do; $8,65 to $10 for Superfine Western; $10,10 to $11,15 for Common to medium Extra Western; $11,25 to $12.40 for choice do.

Rye Flour steady.

Wheat—Receipts 4,224 bush; market 3c to 5c better; sales 56,000 bushels, at $2.29½ to 2 37½ for No. 2 Milwaukee: $2 47½ for No. 2 Chicago; $3,25 for White Canada.

Rye 1c to 2c better, at $1.25 to 1.27 for Western.

Barley quiet.

Corn—Receipts 5,093 bush; market 3c to 4c better, active and excited; sales 186,000 bush, at $1,12 to $1,14 for mixed Western in store, $1, 3 to 1,15 for do afloat.

Oats.—Receipts 2,598 bush; market 1c to 2c better; sales 77,000 bush., 62c to 65c for Western; 70c for State,

LATEST MARKETS.

Flour closed firm, and 15c to 25c advance. Wheat 3c to 5c better. Corn excited, active and 3c to 4c higher. Pork closed irregular and lower; new Mess $22,12 to 22 56; old Mess $21 to 21 50. Lard closed firm, at 12c to 12¾c for old, and 13¼c for new.

IMPORTS

Per SS "North American," Wm. Kerr, Master, from Liverpool to Portland, 28th February, 1867.

Order 22 bls; J Barker 1 pkge; J Walker 1 csk; Mess 16th Regt 1 cse; Order 15 coils 1 bx 9 coils; Winn&H 300 bxs; Davis, W&co 3 cs; W Ramsay 63 hfchts; T Hiudry&co 178 do; Gelver &F 22 pkgs; Gibb&co 5 do; R Levy 1 do; N S Whitney 1 do; A Helmuth 2 cs; Merrick Bros 3 pkgs; Hall, R&co 2 cks; McC, Jack&co 5 pkgs; Bryce, McM&co 1 do; J H Turner&co 2 do; J W Benson 1 do; Rimmer, G&co 115 hf chts; J & H Mathewson 40 do; J Jenkins 1 cs; W Bonnell 1 do; J Waldee&co 1 do; Barclay&McL 1 do; Dawson Bros 1 do; Gorland, H&co 3 pkgs; J Robertson, Son&co 3 do; Nicholl-&H 4 do. H W B&co 2 do; A&J G McIntosh 5 do; J W Gale 5 do; Malcolm&co 2 do; J B&J S Grafton 2 do; J Robertson, Son&co 3 do; J W Gale 3 do; J Craick&co 2 do; T Thomas&co 38 do; Service& W 1 do; J&H Merrill 3 do; M H Irish 3 do; T Mussen 2 do; Murphy Bros 3 do; Order 3 bales; Evans, M&co 3 pkgs; J Walker 1 bx; Order 1 pkg; C Daily&co 1 do; T&G Perkins 146 hf chts; S&H Thompson 3 cs; Jas Patterson 14 do; Baukage, B&co 15 pkgs; J A Rafter 3 do, McClure&C 4 do; D&F Laurie&co 1 do; James Williamson&co 7 do; A Laurie&co 9 do; J H Evans 6 bdls; Foulds&H 8 pkgs; G Ringland 6 do; A Prevost&co 10 do; F&J Leclaire&co 17 do; P M Galarneau&co 21 do; W McLimont 20 do; Baukage, B&co 10 drums 50 kgs; J Riddell 1 cs; J E Evans&co 2 do; Tetu&G 15 pkgs; W H Hiam&co 7 do; H Morgan&co 14 do; J Johnson&co 18 do; M &co 5 do; R Walker&Son 6 do; Garland&co 2 do; J B&co 1 do; Beardmore &co 1 do; McClinny Bros 2 do; G&J W Cox 8 do; T Thompson&Son 11 do; Gault Bros 17 do; Jas Roy&co 1 do; W S&co 3 do; Stevenson&co 27 do; Ewart, S&co 3 do; Lumpey, Johnson &co 1 do; Muir, Ewan&co 1 do; J McKay&Bros 19 do; E Hudon, Son&co 2 do; Dobbie&Currie 8 do; J Hingston&co 18 do; C C Taylor&co 11 do; Supt of Stores 18 cs; C Sampson 1 do; Wm Riley 1 do; N S Whitney 3 pkgs; O'Neil&co 3 do; McCulloch &co 8 do; Ross&co 1 chain 3 cks 38 knees; Order 1 cs; S&W C 1 pkg; The Militia Department 1 cs; Order 1 ck, H&H Saunders 2 cs; B Levin 1 do; Whalley&W 4 pkgs; R McPhail 4 do; A Robertson&co 16 do; C S Hyman 2 do; McMillan&co 1 do; Order 14 coils 1 bg; J Campbell&Son 1 cs; O Doherty &co 2 pkges; P Rooney 3 do; Jas May 1 do; P Shee 1 do; N&F Rooney 3 do; John Rankin 5 cs; Noah Piper&Sons 2 pkgs; L Stanbury&Son 7 do; A Dredge&co 2 pkgs; Sinclair, J&co 3 do; Kingan&co 106 hf chts; H Fraser 306 do; F&Moore 167 do 20 cs; D Welch&co 7 pkgs; Ferrier&co 3 do; Florence, G&co 1 do; A Rimmer 45 cs; W C Round 2 pkgs; N&Wood 20 bdls; Crathern&C 5 pkgs; M&Baker 5 do, H S Scott&co 3 do; S S Black&co 5 do; H J Gear 115 hf chts; A McFarlane&co 1 cs; C Snowdon&co 3 pkgs; Lyman, E&co 2 do; J&R O'Neill 4 do; Jos Beaudry&co 3 do; Hughes Bros 16 do; B Doran&co 4 do; Henderson&R 2 do; J&G Perkins&co 100 kgs; E Hunt&co 1 cs; S H Thompson 2 do; Gordon&McK 8 pkgs; Jas Robinson&co 1 do; Fyulds&H 1 do; Thos Lailey&co 2 do; A R McMaster&co 12 pkgs; J Y Gilmour&co 4 do; S McCall&co 6 do; Crathern&C 1 do; Moodie&Sons 2 do; McC Shenyn&co 13 do; J Patton&co 3 hhds; Thomas, T&co 52 pkgs; F & Drapper 9 do; Frontingham&co 4 do; McC, Jack&co 1 do; Geo Winks&co 8 do; Jas Baillie&co 32 do; Magee&R 11 do; W&R Muir 19 do; E Hudon Fils&co 1 do; J Grenier 2 do; Desmarteau& co 4 do; Lewis, K&co 8 do; Jas Donnelly 10 do; J&G Perkins 206 bgs; J G McKenzie&co 14 pkgs; Magee&R 1 do; Hudon&P 5 do; Martin&M 5 do; Hoskins&C 1 do; Cormack& co 2 do; Hibbard&co 1 do; Jas Carless 4 do; Munderloh&co 1 do, John Kay 10 do; Whan &McL 6 do; James Scott 11 do; McNee & W 3 do; W A Murray & co 10 do; Hoskins &co 21 do; H&J Moss 5 do; A Hamel&Frere 9 do; Greenshields&co 5 do; Order 1 do; R Campbell&co 2 do; Benny, McP & co 1 do; W Darling &co 1 do; C W Barr&co 8 do; T&W Hunton 9 do; J P Clarke 19 do; J Williams 2 do; Mrs Hearn 2 cs; Fhinic&co 2 csks; L J Beliveau&co 2 botts; C McDonald & Sons 5 kgs; R McPhail 2 cs; J N Hall 1 pkg; Beling & co 1 do; A W Walker 4 do; N Davis 15 do; A Walker 21 do; Jos Walker 2 cks 5 cs; R Lewis&Son 2 cks 53 bdls; Waddell&P 10 cs; Thom, P&co 1 do; C Page 2 do; F Fraser 1 cs 25 pkgs; Ogilvie & co 12 do; P Aubin&co 12 do; J Claxton & co 23 do; C Wright 1 cs; J B Rolland, & Fils 2 cses; A Schnob 1 do; A & E Ames 8 do; Chanteloup 1 do; Thos May 1 do; Baukhage, B&co 1 do; Order 1 do; Foulds&H 4 do; Abbe Tinger 1 do; Order 1 do; C W Parker 1 sck; J Flemming&co 6 cs; Order 4 cs; H F Nerleek 1 cs; Garland&co 1 do; Savage&co 1 bx 1 cs; J Meyer&co 2 cs.

Per ss St. Patrick, Captain M Trocks, from Glasgow for Portland, U S., 21st Feb

Curtis, B&co 300 tons pig iron; Brown, S & co 16 bles; G Rogers 2 do; Jas Walker 5 bxs; Ferrier& co 1 do; G Leslie 4 pkgs plants; J Walker 2 bles; W W Grant 3 do; W J Stewart 1 cse; Jas Campbell&Son 3 do; Mat Leggat 1 box; Jas Campbell&Son 6 cs; Canadian Express Co 2 bxs; Draper&F 1 do; Fingland&D 1 ble 1 bx; Thibadeau, T & co ble 2 bxs; Glover & F 7 bles; Whan&McL 3 cses; G&J Moore 2 do; J Fleming &co 1 bx; Fingland&D 1 do; McLachlan, Bros& co 1 do; A Roy&co 4 do 3 bles; Ross & co 1 ble; T Hart 1 bx; Davis, W&co 1 cse; Dobbie&C 1 ble; McIlroy&R 1 cse; Oame on, M &co 4 bxs; D Morrison 1 do; Jas Stanbury & co 1 do; Jno Aitken&co 1 cse; A G Burns 1 bx; J Y Gilmour &co 2 cses 1 csk; M Moodie&Son 3 cs; W Ferguson&co 3 pkgs; Lewis Kay&co 1 bx; Lyman, C&co 3 bags seeds; MurdochBros 8 do; Davis, W & co 4 bales; J C Grlston 1 case; M Whiting 4 do; Chas Duncan 3 do; McIllroy&R 5 do; Whan&McL 1 do; Clerk of Legislative Council 4 do; McIlroy&R 3 bxs; Mrs Gunn 1 do; Chas Duncan 1 do 1 ble; John Shaw 3 bles; F &D 2 bxs 1 ble; Whan&McL 2 bxs; Hudon&P 1 bx; A Prevost&co 2 bles 1 bx; F&J Leclaire 1 ble; Jas Walker 4 bxs 3 bles; J L Cassidy& co 6 crates; J Watson&co 2 do; T&Burns 3 do; R Weir&s 1 bx; Stirling McC&co 1 cse; McCall S&co 6 cs 1 ble; Hamel&F 1 cs; J Aitken&co 7 cs; Magee&R 4 bles 1 bx; W Sanderson 1 csk; W C Harriss 1 bx; Cameron M&co 1 ble 1 bx; R McKenzie 3 csks; A Prevost&co 2 bles 1 bx; F&J Leclaire&co 1 cs; A Roy&co 9 bles 6 bxs; Martin&M 1 ble; P M Galarneau&co 2 cs; Fingland&D 2 cs 1 ble; W&R Muir 10 bxs 13 bles; Magee&R 1 ble; R Turnbull 1 pkg; Drader&F 2 cse 1 ble; T J Claxton&co 1 cs; J G McKenzie &co 3 bles, Alex Walker 5 bles 4 bxs; Draper&F 3 bxs 1 ble; B Doran&co 4 bxs 1 ble; W Mitchell 10 bles 9 bxs; Thos T&co 1 cs 1 ble; Thibaudeau T&co 3 cs 1 ble; J H Rogers 1 bx Hudon&P 1 bx 1 ble; F&J Leclaire&co 6 bxs; L, Kay&co 1 bx; Magee&R 3 bles; E Hudon Fils& co 2 bles 1 cse; A Millar 2 cses; J Muir 1 cse; Dickson C&S 2 cses; Martin&M 3 bxs; H&F 1 ble 1 bx; W A Murray&co 5 do; M M Kechnie 2 do; Order J&A O'Neil 8 do 4 bles; H Morgan& co 12 bles; A Prevost&co 7 bles 10 bxs; J, G&co 2 do; P Harty 2 do; Thomson&B 2 do; F&D Laurie 1 bale; U H Brethour&co 4 do 3 cses; G Ritche 2 do 1 bale; McCulloch, J&co 1 do; J B & J S Grafton 6 do; Cunningham&L 1 bale 2 cses; C Seaw 1 do; A Laurie&co 3 do 1 ble; Foulds&H 2 do 1 cse; Hoskins & C 3 bxs 1 ble; Lewis, S, Black & T 8 do 4 bxs; B McMurrich&co 24 cses 10 bales; J Craick&co 1 cs; T J Claxton&co 1 A&J G McIntosh&co 1 do 4 bles; Nicholls& H 1 do 3 cses; J B[illegible] 1 bale; Dobbie&C 5 do 2 bales; W McL[illegible] 5 cses; S Greenshields, Son&co 2 bxs 2 bales; J Mackay& Bro 12 do 19 bxs; Ogilvy & co 3 do 2 cses; McIntyre, D&co 1 cse 1 ble; Tetu&G 2 do; A R McMaster&Bro 3 do 8 bxs; Moffat, M&co 4 do 5 bles; J Henderson&co 1 bx; A Hamel&F 3 do; N&H Desmarteau&J 4 do 4 do 2 bls 1 cask; T J Claxton & co 1 ble 2 bxs; Thomas, Thibaudeau &co 8 bles 3 bxs; G Winks 30 bles 10 cs 1 truss; S Greenshields, Son&co ble 1 bx; P M Galarneau&co 3 bales 1 bx; John Rankin 11 cses; J P Clark 4 bles 2 bxs; Davis, Welsh&co 3 cses 2 bls J Baillie&co 5 do 15 cses; W Stephen &co 3 bles 2 cses; Buntin Bros&co 6 bxs; H Buntin&co 7 cres 4 plates 2 bxs; N&F Rooney 1 cs; J Allan& co 3 do; G&J W Cox 3 do; Gordon&McKay 10 do 7 bles; T Bailey 2 bles; W A Smith&co 1 do; R Walker & Son 2 bxs; J Roy&co 2 do; Angus Logan&co 11 bxes 2 cses 4 brackets 2 press rolls frames 2 angle brackets 2 sketchins do 1 wood vat 2 cast iron vats 2 lifter wheels 2 attached pulleys 3 shafts 1 bevil wheel 2 spouts; G Robertson&Son 1 bx 6 csks; Gault Bros & co 11 bxs 8 bles; A Chisholm&co 1 ble; McNee&W 3 do 9 bxs; J Hingston&co 3 bxs 9 bles; J Johnston & co 4 bxs; J Chalesworth & co 6 do 3 bles; Hughes Bros 2 cses 1 bale; A Hamel &Frere 10 bxs 4 bles 4 cses; Arbuckle & Bruce 8 pkgs; Buchanan, Hope&co 4 bles 10 cses; Jno Catto & co 1 bx; G Winks&co 3 bles.

A W Ogilvie & co 1050 bushels wheat; W Parkyn 700 do; Kirkwood, L&co 350 do bushels peas; R T Routh 1050 do; D Morrice 300 brls flour; D Morris 300 do; R Mitchell 200 do; Janes, O&co 200 do; J E Aunsicker 200 do; C A Stark 100 do; D Morrice 200 do; D Butters 200 do; Laidlaw, M&co 100 do; J Dougall 105 do; A W Ogilvie 800 bags do; D J Craig 200 do; T Hobson 2 brls ashes; J A Summer 3 do; Akin &K 8 do; J Burrell 6 do; M A Seymour 2 do; R Mitchell 1 do; C A Starke 4 do; H Chapman 13 do; Nivin&co 1 do; D A Ogden 4 do; F W Henshaw 2 do; H J Gear 3 do; Patterson&W 4 kegs butter; G Wait 37 do; M Laing 4 do; Dingwell 8 do; J Burnett 12 do; T R Whitehead & co 32 do; M P Ryan 11 do; C &Ross 27 brls lard; Akin&K 7 do; A W Hood 12 brls tallow; Brown &C 5 do; Hua & R 9 rolls leather; Shaw Bros 79 do; Starke, S&co 11 hhds tobacco; W C McDonald 12 do; A Prevost 21 brls high wines; D Masson 50 do; M Lang 6 dressed hogs; M P Ryan 9 do.

Per Grand Trunk East—H Roy&co 3 bxs; H P Benallack 3 do; A McGibbon 7 do; A Fraser 1 do; A Robertson 1 do; S&C 6 cs.

Per Montreal and Champlain—R &W 8 bxs; J Curtis&Son 1 do; J Buchan &co 5 3 hf chsts; Rice, D&co lot of furniture; S Turner& co 4 cs; R Lewis&Son 5 bxs; A A Wilson 4 cs; M Cawthorn 2 bags; N Cassidy 3 cs, Converse, C & L 200 bles; J Kirkup 2 bxs; T L Steele 3 do; M Wood 1 do 1 brl; Canada Nail Co 201 bdls; J Morris 10 bxs 7 bags; Munderloh &S 1 bx; M Watson &co 7 do; Delisle Bros&McG lot goods; Ferrier&co 4 bdls; Simpson, W&co 1 bx; A W J 4 brls; C T Palsgrave 2 bxs, G Hagar &co 1 do; J Jamieson 1 do; M& Baker 1 do; G R Fabre 1 do.

ASHES INSPECTION OFFICE.

MONTREAL, March 11, 1867.

	Pots.	Pearl
In Store per last Statement......	2,371	759
Received since..............	256	34
	2,627	793
Delivered since..............	515	306
In Store Mar. 9, 1867, at 6 p.m...	2,112	487

LEATHER inspected week ending March 9, 1867:—

Sides No. 1..............	2,044
Sides No. 2..............	713
Sides No. 3..............	61
Total..............	2,818

Hides inspected for week ending March 9, 1867:—

Hides, No. 1..............	302
Hides, No. 2..............	17
Bull and Stags..............	20
Total..............	339

THOMAS HAWKINS, Leather Inspector

BIRTHS.

On the 12th inst., at No. 57 St Elizabeth Street, the wife of James A. Brown, of a daughter.

On the 28th February, at 102 Hereford Road, Bayswater, London, England, the wife of John Miller Grant, Esq., of a son.

DIED.

Suddenly, in this city, on the 12th inst., Cynthia Gilbert, wife of Chas S. Burroughs, Esq., of Lachine aged 40 years.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the Funeral, which will take place on Thursday afternoon, at half-past Two o'clock, from the residence of her brother, Mr. E. E. Gilbert, St. Joseph street west.

In New York, on Sunday, 3rd instant, at her residence, Isabella McGowan, formerly of Montreal, C.E., aged 65 years, 4 months and 10 days. Toronto and Kingston papers please copy.

REMOVING TO NEW PREMISES.

H. & H. MERRILL'S

GREAT CHEAP SALE,

Which commenced on MONDAY, the 18th ult., will be

CONTINUED

during the remainder of the present month of March, in the course of which time the subscribers are positively resolved to

SELL OFF,

at considerable SACRIFICE, the entire balance of their present

STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

amounting in value to nearly

Two Hundred Thousand Dollars

Commencing THIS DAY, the Sale will open with an immense assortment of Canadian and European

SPRING TWEEDS,

the prices of which are put down fully 50 per Cent. below the lowest possible profit price. Particular attention is directed to an assortment of several hundred

FANCY SILK DRESSES,

which have been likewise reduced ... at least 50 per cent. below their real value.

BLACK GLACE SILKS,

the ordinary selling price of which varies from 7s to 8s per yard, are now offered at the unprecedented low figure of 5s per yard. This article of Stock has been reduced since the commencement of the present CHEAP SALE to about 4000 yards; the balance *must now be sold without reserve.*

10 cases of SPRING DRESS GOODS will be offered this week at from 50 to 75 per cent. below the usual selling price

5 bales WHITE SHIRTINGS and LINENS
3 cases SPRING MUSLINS and LIGHT PRINTS
2 cases FRENCH MERINOS
—AND—
2 cases IRISH POPLINS

will be offered at COST PRICE, to complete the clearing out of a particular portion of the premises.

The subscribers would also direct the attention of their Customers to the following rich assortment, all of which they will POSITIVELY SELL at prices below any that have hitherto prevailed in Montreal.

SILKS:

Black and Colored Moires
Pim's Irish Poplins
Black and Colored Gros-de-Londres
Plain and Fancy Silks

DRESS GOODS;

Muslins of finest quality
Poplinettes in great variety
Lustres, of most brilliant styles
Grenadines, superior to anything to be found in the city

SHAWLS:

Black and White Lace
Paisleys of the finest quality
Cashmeres, unsurpassed

FRENCH MERINOS:

Silk and Cloth Mantles
Embroideries of superb designs
Ladies', Gents', and Children's Silk, Cotton and Thread Hosiery and Gloves. This collection will be found on examination to be of the most superior manufacture.

LINEN DEPARTMENT:

Table Cloths, of finest texture
Table Linens, of various qualities
Napkins, of every variety
Diapers and Linens in endless description and quality

CARPETINGS:

Tapestry, Kidderminster, Brussels, Velvets' Imperials, and every other description usually in demand. These will be offered at from 25 to 30 per cent. below the ordinary selling price.

VELVETS and VELVETEENS,

In endless variety and shades.

KID GLOVES:

Jouvin's, No. 1 quality
Alexandre's celebrated French
Nemo's do do

OIL CLOTHS:

Table Cloths, English
Do do, American
Floor do, do
Do do, English

The varieties of pattern are as numerous as the shades of the Rainbow. Prices hitherto unheard of.

RIBBONS, NETTS

—AND—

NOVELTIES,

In quantities and varieties too numerous to mention.

The subscribers would close this advertisement by respectfully announcing that on the FIRST OF APRIL next, they purpose opening their

MAGNIFICENT NEW PREMISES,

(an engraving of which will appear in the Edition of the *ILLUSTRATED MONTREAL HERALD*)

WITH AN ENTIRE AND EQUALLY

MAGNIFICENT NEW STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS,

now selected in Europe by one of the Firm, and shortly expected to arrive by Steamers. They would, therefore, repeat to their numerous friends and patrons the statement already made, that they do not desire to remove a single piece of Goods pertaining to their present Stock, to their NEW PREMISES; but, on the contrary, they are determined to SELL OFF the whole without any reserve whatever, at prices which may simply cover cost, and in many instances they will rather submit to a sacrifice, and allow the Goods to be carried away by their Customers. Now is the time, then, to obtain Cheap Goods: a similar opportunity may probably never again occur.

H. & H. MERRILL,

274 and 276 Notre Dame Street.

March 14. 62