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THE MONTREAL HERALD.

TO-MORROW'S WEATHER.
Sun rose at 5.46; sets at 6.05.
Fine and Cool.

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HAIL OF BULLETS WHIZZED ROUND FIREMEN IN HEROIC FIGHT WITH $500,000 FIRE

Explosives and Wines and Liquors Feed a Disastrous Blaze Originating at Canada Hardware Co.'s Premises, but by Strange Good Fortune No One is Injured—Need Another Water Tower

A disastrous fire broke out this morning in the building of the Canada Hardware Company, De Bresolles Street, and before it was subdued worked damages which it has as yet been impossible to estimate, though probably almost half a million will be about the figure when loss of stock and damage to property are fully known. Water is still being poured on the steaming ruins and the block running from Dezier Street to 12 De Bresolles Street, is a scene of desolation in sharp contrast to the usual cheerful hum of business heard in that quarter. Water floods the streets, volumes of smoke and steam surround the dismantled buildings, and the charred and broken rafters and partitions inside are exposed to view from the street.

The Estimated Losses.

The losses are estimated at about $250,000 in stock for Chaput Fils & Co.; $150,000 in stock for Canada Hardware Co.; and $10,000 in stock for General Agency, Ltd.; the buildings, the property of the Hotel Dieu, are worth about $125,000, and damaged to the extent of $40,000.

How the Blaze Began.

The blaze was first noticed by policeman J. Brossard in the rear of the Canada Hardware Company's premises on Royer Street, and he at once rang in an alarm. This was at 1.14 a.m., and in five minutes a second call was sent in. Three-quarters of an hour later the fire had assumed such a threatening aspect that the general alarm was sent in and shortly after two o'clock the whole force of Montreal's fire defenders were on the scene. It was immediately apparent that the building was doomed, for the fire had a strong hold on the second and third storeys.

Explosions Were Dangerous.

An explosion of gunpowder then took place, followed by reports of cartridges exploding in the fire. There were 5,000 boxes of cartridges in stock and these kept going off at intervals to the great danger of firemen, for the bullets were firing in all directions.

About 2.30 a terrific explosion occurred which shattered the floors and roof of the building and gave the flames an impulse which could not be overcome.

An extension ladder was standing against the building and was set afire. It was with difficulty removed before being badly damaged, and had to be immediately used in extricating six firemen from a very dangerous position on the roof of the building occupied by Chaput Fils & Co.

Fearful Plight of Fire-fighters.

When the explosion occurred the roof on which they were standing was raised several feet in the air by the explosion. The fire spread close to them and it became unbearable. They had no way of getting down and they were only rescued just in time.

Heroic efforts were now made to confine the fire to the building in which it had originated and for a short time this was done. The fire caught on the cornices of the building of Chaput, Fils & Co., and also attacked the premises of the General Agency, Ltd., and for a time each fresh attack was overcome by the firemen, but the explosion had raised the roof of Chaput & Fils' building and the fire made its way in.

Much Inflammable Material.

Here there were large quantities of liquors and wines, brooms, groceries and much inflammable material which furnished food for a yet fiercer fire. The fire ate its way in from section to section in the top storey until the whole storey was gutted. The firemen, however, were able to confine the fire to this part of the building, all the damage done to the stock on the lower storey being done by water.

By hard work the flames were kept off the premises of the Central Agency Company, Ltd. Though some thousands of dollars worth of damage was done by water.

Good Fortune of Firemen.

It is a remarkable fact that despite the fierceness and danger of the fire there were no serious accidents to firemen. The usual number of men were taken from the building, overcome for a short time by smoke and heat but all quickly recovered in the open air. Two men only were taken to the hospital for treatment. These were Firemen Gauthier of No. 14 Station, who had his hand cut by broken glass, while breaking in a window in Chaput, Fils and Co.'s building and Engineer A. Ducap, No. 15 Station, who also had his hand cut at work on his engine. Both men were removed to Notre Dame Hospital and had their wounds dressed. Both proved but slight injuries.

Mr. Chaput's Story.

Mr. C. Chaput, of the firm of L. Chaput Sons and Company, was on the scene soon after two a.m. and told The Herald at 10 o'clock this morning that he roughly estimated their loss of stock at about $300,000.

"We had probably $400,000 worth of stock on the premises," he said, "and it appears to be nearly all burnt up or spoiled by the water. We had a large consignment of whiskey in yesterday but so far I do not think it has caught, but it is in the centre of the portion of the building, still on fire."

Mr. Chaput went on to say that he had been anxiously waiting around, to see if it did catch, as if it did it would cause a big blaze, but it seemed that the fire department had done their work too well for that to occur.

Mr. Chaput and the other partners of the concern were having a very busy time, finding temporary offices, a very difficult matter.

Valuable Guns Lost.

Mr. A. St. Arnaud, the manager of the Canada Hardware Company, looking very wet and cold after his night on the scene, told The Herald that he estimated their loss at from $150,000 to $200,000, as their premises are entirely gutted, and with the exception of a few things in the windows on the ground floor, the whole stock has been destroyed, amongst which is a large quantity of valuable guns and ammunition.

He had arrived on the scene at two o'clock, when he had found it in full blaze. For the present they will have a temporary office at their warehouse, 45 Common street. Both he and Mr. Chaput spoke well of the fire brigade. The stock was fairly well covered by insurance.

The Water Damages.

The manager of the General Agency, Ltd., stated that they were carrying a stock valued at $100,000, but that none of it had been damaged by fire. Quite a lot of damage had been done by water, but it was impossible to estimate what the amount would be until the insurance appraisers have examined the stock. He would make no statement as to what the amount would likely be, but it is probable that ten or fifteen thousand dollars will cover the damage.

The insurance companies which are affected by the fire are given below, with the amount of insurance carried by them on building and stock:

Insurance Companies Interested.

Aetna, $12,500; Alliance, $46,000; Atlas, $10,000; Caledonian, $10,000; Commercial Union, $15,000; Guardian, $20,000; Hartford, $10,000; Home, $27,000; Law Union and Crown, $5,000; Liverpool, London and Globe, $55,000; London and Lancashire, $5,000; London Assurance, $20,000; Mount Royal, $5,000; North America, $15,000; North British and Mercantile, $15,000; Northern, $20,000; Norwich Union, $10,000; Phoenix of Brooklyn, $10,000; Phoenix of London, $25,000; Quebec, $7,500; Queen, $10,000; Royal, $48,500; Scottish Union and National, $20,000; Sun, $15,000; Union, $17,500; Western, $28,000; Hartford, $5,000.

Insurance of stock and buildings are as follows: Chaput, Fils & Co., stock, $315,000; building, $66,000; Central Agency Co., stock, $16,000, building, $15,000; Canada Hardware Company, stock, $60,000, building, $15,000.

It is a remarkable coincidence that the last fire of the Canada Hardware Company also occurred during the session of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

Chief Benoit on Men's Good Work.

Chief Benoit this morning said that at about two-thirty no one would imagine that the fire could be prevented from spreading much farther than it did. It was about then that the explosions occurred which had so much to do with the spread of the fire. When they happened the chief said that he had six men on the roof of Chaput Fils' building, and that the roof was lifted bodily six feet into the air, leaving the men in a very dangerous situation. They were rescued without being harmed, however, and then attention was directed toward keeping the fire from Chaput Fils' on the east side, and the General Agency, Ltd., on the other. If this had been left for another five minutes it would have been impossible to save the General Agency premises.

Bullets Broke Many Windows.

During the time the men were fighting here they were exposed to a regular fusilade of bullets from the cartridges exploding in the burning hardware stock. These bullets were whizzing about in all directions, and it is very remarkable that no one was injured by them, as they flew clear across the street and broke the windows on the other side.

A water tower was placed in operation and did splendid work, and had there been two the fire might possibly have been kept in the building in which it started. The towers can reach parts where the heat is too great for the men to stand. The four big steamers also did fine work.

GOVERNMENT OFFERS REWARD.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Government yesterday, it was decided to offer a reward of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the robbers who held up a C.P.R. express in British Columbia.

HONOR FOR LORD MINTO.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Sept. 21.—Jedburgh, Roxburghshire, will confer the freedom of the city on Lord Minto.

CAPS' EXECUTIVE TO MEET.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—There is no change in the lacrosse situation, but there will be a meeting of the Capitals' executive to-night at which the question of playing in Montreal with the Shamrocks Saturday will be considered.

Weather To-Morrow Fine and Cool

To-day, and Thursday—Fine and decidedly cool.

Showers and local thunderstorms occurred yesterday from the lower lake regions to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, accompanied by strong breezes to moderate gales. In Manitoba and the Territories the weather has been everywhere fine, and a little milder, after general heavy frosts. Frost is predicted in this locality both to-night and to-morrow night. The minimum temperature received to-day was thirty-five degrees. Snow is reported to-day in the Adirondack section. The temperatures reported from other points yesterday were as follows: Victoria, 44, 66; Calgary, 34, 56; Qu'Appelle, 28, 48; Winnipeg, 26, 50; Parry Sound, 42, 60; Toronto 41, 66; Ottawa, 44, 56; Quebec, 44, 60; Halifax, 38, 60.

WHAT IS GOING ON

His Majesty's—"The Silver Slipper."
Academy of Music—"Hoity-Toity."
Francais—"Utopian Burlesquers."
Nouveautes—"Marthe."
National Francais—"Serge Panine."

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

New York—Statendam, Ethiopia.
Glasgow—Furnessia.
Leghorn—Perugia.
Liverpool—Southwark.
Queenstown—Westernland.
Antwerp—Zeeland.
Bremen—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.
Boston—Corean.

DEATHS.

BEAULIEU—In this city, on the 21st inst., Juliette Archambault, wife of Mr. Joseph Beaulieu, Advocate, aged 32 years. Funeral service will be chanted at St. James' Church, Friday, the 23rd instant, at 9.30 a.m. The cortege will leave the residence of her father, Mr. L. H. Archambault, K.C., 61 St. Denis Street, at 9.15 a.m. 223x

BUTTERIS—In this city, on Sept. 20th, 1904, Ethelred Harold Butteris, in the 62nd year of his age, formerly of St. John's, Newfoundland. Funeral will take place from 947 St. Denis Street, on Thursday, the 22nd September, at 2.30 p.m. x

SCENE OF THIS MORNING'S FIRE.



THE VIEW ON DE BRESOLLES STREET.

In the centre of the picture is the Canada Hardware Company's premises. It can be seen that the roof has fallen. This is where the explosion took place and the upper storey of the fire wall gave way, which let the fire spread into the warehouse of Chaput, Fils & Cie, which is to the left of the picture.

RUSSIANS WILL FIGHT AT MUKDEN

General Kuropatkin Is Preparing to Make Determined Resistance.

REPORT SMALL SKIRMISHES

The Capture of Port Arthur Within Ten Days is Predicted by Some Japanese Authorities.

Tokio, September 21.—An impression is growing general that an engagement will soon take place at Mukden. Gen. Kuropatkin is evidently preparing to make a determined resistance to any attempt to dispossess him and is entrenching and constructing defenses. He has an immense force available but the opinion is expressed that Tie Pass would be a more favorable location for defense. The Russians, however, are unwilling to suffer the loss of prestige which would be involved by the abandonment of Mukden. Both armies are now rested and have recovered from the effects of the fight at Liao Yang. They are in condition to fight and the weather is favorable for military operations. The roads are drying and the Japanese are speedily restoring the railway. A party of military attaches who recently came to Liao Yang from Tokio were dragged for one hundred miles in open trucks by coolies. The army is now forwarding rolling stock with captured cars and engines, and the service will soon be thoroughly organized.

With the Liao river open the task of transporting men and supplies to the advanced base of operations at Liao Yang is simple.

There is much speculation now as to the extent of the fall and winter campaign. It is generally thought that Field Marshal Oyama will continue pressing Kuropatin back until the winter falls and will then strongly guard his advance line until spring. The Japanese carried on an aggressive campaign against the Chinese during the winter, but conditions are different in this war.

A renewal of the attack upon Port Arthur on newer and more aggressive lines is expected this week and it is predicted in well-informed quarters that the reduction of that fortress will be accomplished within ten days or a fortnight.

The authorities continue silent concerning operations there. The publication of a small list of casualties in the naval brigade operating on land is the only recent official utterance in reference to that siege.

The spoils taken at Liao Yang continue to grow. General Kuroki reports the capture of four miles of railway rails and two hundred tons of coal.

The Situation is Unchanged.

St. Petersburg, September 21.—General Kuropatkin, telegraphing under yesterday's date, declares that the situation at the front is unchanged. He describes an outpost fight Tuesday as Da Pass, half way between Bentsieputze and Sintsintin. A Japanese force, consisting of four companies, marched up from Dziantchan, twenty-three miles northeast of Salmadzi, and tried to capture the pass and turn the Russian left flank, but the Russians repulsed the attack and the turning movement was checked by Russian cavalry, supported by machine guns.

The receipt of the news at Tokio of the march of the Japanese from Dziantchan was the probable origin of the rumor that Kuroki had crossed the Hun river, which runs twenty miles north of Da Pass. The most reliable information does not indicate the resumption of the Japanese offensive for some days.

Japanese Are Moving North.

General Kuroki's Headquarters in the Field, via Fusan, Sept. 21.—The Japanese are slowly pushing northward. The outposts are in touch near Yentai and skirmishes between outposts and patrol parties occur daily. It is believed that the Russians are gathering a force at Yentai, preparatory to making a strong stand for the protection of the coal mines. The Japanese are rapidly changing the gauge of the railroad from New Chwang and probably it will be in operation to Liao Yang in a fortnight. They are rushing forward supplies of ammunition.

Japs Do Not Occupy Fushun.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 21.—The reports that General Kuroki had crossed the Hun river at Fushun turns out to be false. The Russians strongly hold the road to Fushun and Bentsiaputze. It is pointed out that if the Japanese had occupied Fushun the Russians would have been compelled to evacuate Mukden, since Fushun is nearer to Tie Pass.

Outposts Are in Touch.

Tokio, Sept. 21.—A telegram received to-day from military headquarters in Manchuria says that portions of the Russian troops engaged in reconnaissances while returning from Pingtaitsze continued in touch with the Japanese lines along the Mukden and Fushun roads on September 18. There was no fighting.

FOR MAISONNEUVE LIBERALS.

Liberal electors of Maisonneuve, whose names are not yet on the voters' lists, are requested to meet at the Maisonneuve Liberal Club rooms 189 Letourneux Avenue, this evening.

Those entitled to vote are persons whose income exceeds $300 per annum; also sons of property owners living with their families.

The officers of the club will attend at the rooms both evenings to take necessary steps for the completion of the lists.

SIR HOWARD VINCENT SPOKE IN TORONTO

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Col. Sir Howard Vincent, M.P., the apostle of international preferential trade, arrived in Toronto yesterday and lunched with Lieut.-Col. Mason at the Toronto Club. He addressed the Board of Trade in the afternoon and the Empire Club in the evening. His theme before the Board of Trade was the growth of sentiment in favor of preferential trade within the Empire, praise for Canada because of the example set the Empire by her tariff preference, and a warning not to be discouraged should the approaching general elections in Great Britain result in the defeat of the Chamberlain party. His address to the Empire Club followed the same general lines. Lieut.-Col. Geo. T. Denison, in proposing a vote of thanks to the speaker, told the club he expected there would shortly come an offer of reciprocity from the United States, and urged them to avoid it as they would a plague, not to even argue or reason about it.

Through The Herald's Sieve.

ADMIRAL TOGO is probably sitting around in the reception room of the flagship with his feet on the piano waiting for something to turn up.

A MAN in Sarnia howled out that Borden "is one of the greatest statesmen Canada has ever produced." Mr. Borden stood there with his chest out and didn't even blush.

THE BRAND of Indian summer we have had so far could stand a lot of improving.

AIR SHIP MAN in London has just broken the record. His neck will be next.

STRAW HATS showing a disposition to retire for the season might also take a few open cars along with them.

This Date Two Years Ago.

Coal $6.8 a ton and going up every minute.

Some men die hard and others are dead easy.

Borden at Sarnia.

The Star's report of the Borden meeting at Sarnia says:

"Shouts, whoops, and screams of applause broke out when the chairman introduced the leader to the audience. Mr. Hanna's little daughter handed him a bouquet of red roses and received a kiss."

Borden intends to be Premier, even if he has to kiss his way into the job.

To Whom It May Concern.

(Chicago Journal.)

"Who steals my purse steals trash,"
Bill Shakespeare said it,
And in my callow youth
Sometime I read it;
I say, who steals my verse,
Not giving credit,
Despoils me of my name
And bars my way to fame,
And here I spread it,
If what I write is good,
I want it understood
I want the credit.

AMONG THOSE booked for another farewell tour of Canada, we notice the names of Sir Henry Irving and Lord Dundonald.

FAME? FUDGE.

I would not be a hero bold,
I would not be a sage,
And have my great achievements told
On some historic page.

What though a generation reads
The record of your fame,
And weary schoolboys tell your deeds
And mispronounce your name

And Art will sigh and vainly frown
On generous intents;
You merely help to fill some town
With misfit monuments.

IF THE Conservative candidate in St. Lawrence division is looking for a nice soft spot to fall on, he might appeal to the Hon. J. G. H. Bergeron. The latter has made a few practical tests, and if he doesn't know their geographical location, nobody knows it.

CAP. BERNIER, however, will be within 1,800 miles of the North Pole, almost as near as Mr. Borden will get towards the job he is after.

THE HERALD stated that during Ald. Ames' speech at Unity Hall, St. Lambert, the caretaker fell asleep. The caretaker announces that he was not asleep, but was awake and heard the speech. We take it all back.

THERE is more talk of the Hon. Joe Chamberlain coming to Canada to make a few remarks. If Joe is languishing for the glad hand and some soul stirring war whoops he knows where he can get them.

PEOPLE are freezing to death in Samoa. After having seen pictures of the Samoans in full dress we are not surprised at their inability to stand the cold weather.

A MEXICAN whose wealth aggregates $200,000,000 is on his way to New York. He may be able to spend a day at one of those new hotels if he is careful with his tips.

THAT NEW BOOK by Andrew Carnegie, on James Watt, the great engineer, is bound to be successful, if all the Carnegie libraries order copies of it.

IF THAT distinguished geographer, Prof. Gilbert, of Brooklyn, is right, the Niagara River will run dry in about 3,500 years. Those who wish to see the great falls in their present grandeur will doubtless take the hint and hurry up.

THIS is evidently going to be a dull week in South and Central America. There are only six revolutions and two or three volcanoes going on.

ONE of the scientists announces that the world will be frozen solid a thousand years from now. He must expect the Toronto influence to spread.

ALL HONOR to the Westmount poet who loves September and sings:

I shall not mourn the June time
Nor yet the smiling May,
I'd rather have an oyster
Than a rosebud any day.

IF PA WAS AT OTTAWA.



I wish my pa was running things up there at Ottawa,
You bet there'd be no tariff fuss and all this railroad jaw;
He'd have had the Yankees all fenced off a dozen years ago,
Because there's nothing he can't do and nothin' he don't know,
And if you don't believe me, you just come around some day
And hear him talk a little while, that's all I got to say.

"I can't see for the life of me," says pa to us one night,
"Why there should be occasion for this bicomin' tariff fight.
"If I was there I'd fix things up so quickly you could bet
"That no one'd want to kick around and have a constant fret.
"I'd show 'em pretty sudden if they had to deal with me,
"I'd make 'em knuckle under, or I'd drive 'em in the sea.

"The Lib'rals ain't much good," pa says, "they don't do half enough,
"And I ain't no Conservative, they're game is largely bluff.
"They need more Independent men to run the Gover'ment,
"Less talk and much more work would be my principal intent.
"I'd kill," said pa, to me and ma, "the chaps who stand around,
"And say ther're ain't no way by which the railways can be downed.

Pa says there must be something done, an' something right away.
We give more for the things we eat, but don't get bigger pay!
"If I was runnin' things," he says, "I'd make the things we buy
So cheap we'd all have what we want, I'd boost the prices high
On everything the farmers raise, and all the millionaires,
"I'll bet you would be pretty sick if I could run affairs."

I wish my pa was running things up there at Ottawa,
I bet you then the fur would fly and there'd be some new law,
And all the folks that labor would be drawin' bigger pay,
And all the things they're buyin' would be cheaper right away,
And if you don't believe it, you just come around and see—
Pa, he knows all about it, so he says to ma and me.

AS CAP. BERNIER calculates to be back in three years, he will be just about in time to witness the seven hundred and fiftieth performance of the fall of Port Arthur.

Campaign Lies.

(Chicago Tribune.)

"A campaign lie," quoth Uncle Allen Sparks, "is not only wicked but unnecessary. There are always enough campaign truths that hurt just as bad and answer the purpose just as well."

THE Hon. Geo. E. Foster has now been about 3 years looking for a safe place to run in, and the chances are that George will have to keep right on straining his eyesight.

Dundonald Not the Author Of the New Militia Act

Some Proposals, Resembling Conscription, Made by Him, But Not Adopted—Wanted an Army—Would Have Made British Appointee Supreme

(Staff Correspondence of The Herald.)

Ottawa, September 21.—Lord Dundonald's ideas about military service in Canada have hardly been understood by the public. It will be a surprise to the country to learn that the late general officer commanding proposed to establish a standing army in this country to practically introduce conscription. Lord Dundonald has been applauded as the champion of a citizen soldiery, but few have known how far his ideas in that direction went. He has been called the father of the present Militia Act, but as a matter of fact he was a thorough enemy of the Act. What he wanted in the way of militia changes is shown in an autograph revision of the old Act, which is on file in the Militia Department. He was invited by the Minister of Militia to suggest amendments to the Act in 1903, when Sir Frederick Borden thought the time had come for a revision. Lord Dundonald suggested as a beginning that the title should be changed from "An Act respecting the Militia of Canada," to "An Act respecting the 'army' of Canada." Throughout the bill he struck out the word "militia" and substituted the word "army," and for "militiaman" the word "soldier." He preferred the three years voluntary military service fixed by the old Act should be compulsory and that "all male youths in Canada between the ages of fourteen and eighteen years shall perform not less than one hundred drills." He proposed the abolition of the present schools of instruction and in their place the creation of a force of 5,000. The present schools involve the maintenance of a permanent force of 900, at a cost of $295,000 a year for pay outside equipment. The increase proposed would multiply the cost six times.

Advice Invited.

It only took Lord Dundonald six months' residence to decide that Canada needed an army and conscription. He came to Canada in July, 1902 and in February, 1903, the Minister of Militia addressed the following letter to him:

"Dear Lord Dundonald,

"You were good enough to say you would be glad to assist me in the preparation of a new Militia Act. I am sending you a copy of the present Act, which I am inclined to think, after all, had better be the basis of the new bill. One of the reasons in favor of this is that it will be very much more convenient in putting the measure through Parliament. Would you be good enough to indicate what changes you would propose in the way of additions, alterations and omissions, taking each clause of the present Act in turn? In the event of no clauses being introduced, would you kindly indicate the proper place to introduce them?

"I do not ask you to draft these changes in legal phraseology, because that will be done by the Department of Justice. All I desire is that you will be good enough to indicate in your own words what changes should in your opinion be made.

"I am also sending a draft of the bill which the committee which sat here recently adopted, and should be glad to have you consider it in connection with your proposed amendments in the present law."

Changes Proposed.

Lord Dundonald addressed the following reply from Crichton Lodge, Ottawa, February 16, 1903:

Dear Sir Frederick Borden:

"I have this morning been over the Militia Act and return it with suggestions on it. I hope you will be able to make them out. As I know you want the Act back with my remarks, I have not waited to have the ink typed."

This was signed by Lord Dundonald. The letter and the amendments to the bill are in his own handwriting.

The first as stated was to change the "Militia" Act to the "Army" Act, and throughout the word "militia" is stricken out and "army" written.

To the list of classes of the male population liable to be required to bear arms in the militia he adds, "and beside the above named classes all the male youth in Canada within the ages of fourteen and eighteen years shall perform not less than 100 drills of one hour each under such regulations as may be made."

Clause 12 of the old act divided the militia into active and reserve militia composed of corps raised by voluntary enlistment. All of this he struck out and substituted:

"This army shall be divided into corps raised by voluntary enlistment or by ballot, or partly by voluntary enlistment and partly by ballot."

The old period of service clause stated, "The period of service in the active militia in time of peace shall be three years." Instead of this Lord Dundonald proposed, "The period of compulsory service in the army in time of peace shall be three years, but when hostilities are threatened this service may be extended for a year."

Clause 22 of the old act provides the "active militia" shall consist of cavalry, field and garrison artillery, mounted infantry, infantry and engineers. This Lord Dundonald struck out and substituted, "The army shall consist of such corps and departments as may be prescribed by regulations."

Clause 26 of the old act stated, "Her Majesty may accept the services of corps of volunteers under such regulations as are made from time to time." This permissive clause is stricken out as superfluous.

With a stroke of his pen he abolished the present instructional force called "the permanent force" and substituted, "His Majesty may enlist a corps not exceeding 5,000 for continuous service, to perform such duties for which continuous service is necessary."

For the clause stating the "active militia may be called to the aid of the civil power he proposed, "The army" may be called to the aid of the civil power. He also struck out the clause compelling local authorities to pay for military aid as is required at present, a provision which prevents the needless calling out of armed force, and which if allowed might enable big corporations to call out the force to awe striking workmen.

The Command.

A most significant change is one in which Lord Dundonald proposed to increase his own rank and pay. The old act provided an officer of the rank of colonel, at least, in the regular British army should be appointed to command the militia with temporary rank of Major-General, and paid at the rate of $4,000 per annum in full of all allowances. The radical amendment of Lord Dundonald to this was: "There shall be appointed an officer who holds the rank of Major-General or rank superior thereto in His Majesty's regular army, who shall be charged, under the orders of His Majesty with the military command, discipline and military administration and organization of the army, and who, while he holds such appointment, shall have a rank one step above that which he holds in the regular army, and shall have the British pay and allowances of that rank." This clause meant the military administration and organization would be handed over by the Minister to Lord Dundonald, and he would secure the rank of Lieutenant-General and a salary of $10,500 and allowances. This is about £25 a day exclusive of allowances.

There was only one exception to Lord Dundonald's rule of striking out the word "militia" and substituting the word army. This was the clause providing "the militia officer" shall always be inferior to the Imperial army officer of the same rank, no matter what the duties of their respective commissions may be. Officers of the permanent force were to be exempt from this provision. Under the act prepared by Sir Frederick the militia officers are placed on the same footing as Imperial officers. In this change the Imperial authorities concurred.

The changes of Lord Dundonald meant a long step in the direction of turning Canada into an armed camp, and a vast increase in the annual military expenditure. The arming and equipment for such a force as suggested would involve millions of dollars expenditure.

LORD MINTO WILL REACH WINNIPEG ON TUESDAY

His Excellency Was Presented With a Civic Address in Battleford.

Battleford, N.W.T., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Lord Minto and party camped three miles west of here on Sunday night and drove into town next morning. In spite of the early hour a large number of citizens had assembled to welcome His Excellency. A civic address was read by Town Secretary Bradburn, followed by a feeling reply from the Governor-General. In his reply he referred to the wrong inflicted upon Battleford by the railway going past without touching the town, this being the first capital and oldest town of the Northwest Territories.

Lord Minto then inspected the N.W.M.P. barracks and Industrial School. He expressed his pleasure at the sight of over 100 Indian children living happily and cheerfully in comfortable quarters. The party replenished their supplies at the stores and proceeded on their way to Saskatoon, where they will arrive on Wednesday, at Regina on Thursday and Winnipeg on Friday. All speak highly of the drive, although they experienced very inclement weather since last Friday and all day Sunday.

N. B. DEAF MUTES CONVENE.

St. John, N.B., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Twenty deaf mutes from different parts of New Brunswick met this morning at the Y.M.C.A. parlors and formed the New Brunswick Deaf Mutes Association, the declared object being their improvement. F. J. H. Boal, of Sussex, is the president. Mayor White welcomed the silent citizens to St. Johns.

POINTERS ON PUBLICITY.

Hardware and Satisfaction

MR. L. J. A. SURVEYER, the hardware merchant, of St. Lawrence Street, is another extensive user of printers' ink who has secured excellent results by using the columns of *The Herald*.

He remarked: "We have used *The Herald* exclusively for many years, and have always found it an excellent medium. I must say we have had as satisfactory, if not better, results from *The Herald* as from any paper we advertised in, and we have tried them all. We find *The Herald* reaches the class of people we want to attract to our store. In fact, it has done even better than that. Business has been brought to us from Nova Scotia and the Eastern States through advertisements we carried in *The Herald*, and we know by the sure test of people mentioning the advertisement and enquiring for the articles that our space is bringing proper returns."

MALE TEACHERS ARE DROPPING OUT

Crisis Has Been Reached In Education in Ontario

Toronto, Sept. 21.—The Educational Department fears that High School education will be handed over to the care of women teachers, as has already been done in the public schools of the province.

"There is a great scarcity of high school teachers as well as of public school teachers," says Mr. John Millar, Deputy Minister of Education. "We are receiving a great number of applications from the inspectors for temporary certificates. It is a new condition that there should be such a scarcity. It is due largely to the low salaries paid. Men cannot afford to spend four years at the university and one year in professional training, and teach on the salaries that are paid even in high schools."

Teachers in high schools are divided as follows:

Men	488
Women	131
The average salaries are:—	
Principals	$1,220
Assistants	875

Many high school assistants receive no more than $600.

"The salaries of public school teachers for men, $436 and for women $313.

"The salaries of public school teachers," said Mr. Millar, "have not materially advanced for a great many years, while those in other lines have gone up considerably. Twenty years ago a man in a country school received in many places twice as much as a farm laborer, the latter being provided with his board. The salaries of farm laborers, servant girls, and those employed in factories have gone up fifty per cent. The situation is a serious one in the interests of education and the problem is one that it is hard to solve.

The following table shows how men have relinquished their places in the public schools of Ontario to women:—

Year.	Male.	Female.
1867	2,849	2,041
1872	2,626	2,850
1877	3,020	3,448
1882	3,062	3,795
1887	2,718	4,876
1892	2,770	5,710
1892	2,784	6,344
1901	2,437	6,784
1902	2,294	7,073

HIS MAJESTY'S THEATRE TO BE DARK NEXT WEEK

Famine of Theatrical Attractions in New York Has Dragged Away Our Promised Entertainment

The succession of theatrical failures in New York, is responsible for depriving Montreal of a week's use of its chief theatre. His Majesty's will be dark during the whole of next week.

The Kelcey-Shannon company was to have given the new German military play "Taps" its second week's hearing. When the Lyric Theatre, New York, found itself without an attraction, the S. S. Shubert Amusement Company decided to take "Taps" to New York without preliminaries considering that a fortnight's total loss of their own New York theatre was a much worse prospect than paying penalties to Montreal and some other place for breach of contract. So they notified Manager Edwards that they could not fill their Montreal date.

Mr. Edwards has been looking for a substitute ever since, and it is a significant indication of the cautious and waiting character of theatrical business at this moment that he has been unable to secure any show worthy of production on the boards of His Majesty's Theatre. It will therefore be dark until October 3, when Francis Hodgson Burnett's "The Little Princess" will be presented for the first time in this city.

It may have a sad interest for Montrealers to know that "Taps" was a pronounced success at the Lyric on Saturday night.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A M'DONALD SCHOLAR'S BRIDE

Mrs. Ulric Cotton, Wedded on August 11th, Dies in Scotland Almost in Days of Honeymoon.

A private cable reached the city yesterday announcing the death in Edinburgh, of Mrs. W. Ulric Cotton.

Mrs. Cotton was Miss Helen Watson, daughter of Rev. W. H. Watson, of Cowansville, and was married to Mr. Ulric Cotton, B.C.L., McGill University, on August 11. Mr. Cotton won a Macdonald scholarship at McGill and with his bride, sailed for England a month ago to spend a year in Paris.

While visiting relatives in Edinburgh, Mrs. Cotton was taken ill and died after an operation at the hospital.

Mrs. Cotton was principal of the cooking school in connection with the Young Women's Christian Association, for the terms of 1900-1901.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

EASTERN TOWNSHIP NEWS.

Sherbrooke, Que., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Wm. Lord, aged nineteen, died from the effects of an electric shock at North Hatley a few days ago. He turned off a light and in doing so received a shock.

The members of the Sherbrooke Gas and Oil Company, interested in the oil fields of the State of Kansas, together with several Boston gentlemen, will leave by private car on October 1st on a visit to the properties, which they control. They will visit St. Louis fair before returning.

Mr. Teddy Roosevelt, son of President Roosevelt, who has been a visitor a Mrs. Beekman's cottage, Ayer's Cliff, has returned home.

Rev. E. A. W. King, of Windsor Mills, has been appointed a rural dean by Bishop Dunn.

BEGIN THE DAY ARIGHT.

A good breakfast of SWISS FOOD is the open sesame to a successful day's work. Try it.—adv.

STEAMSHIP RATES GO UP.

London, Sept. 21.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Liverpool, states that the local agents of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company there have received instructions to advance Atlantic steerage rates from £2 to £3. The Exchange Telegraph Company learns that it is expected in Liverpool that an announcement of a general advance in steerage rates from £2 to £3 will be made to-morrow. It is understood that, subsequently they will be increased gradually until they reach the point at which they were before the cutting of rates began.

AIRD'S BREAD

is the King of Foods—
builds the body and the brain.
67 to 103 St. Urbain St. Main 1025.

ANGUS SHOPS WERE GREATLY ADMIRED

British Engineers Find Much of Interest in Canada's Railways

"I doubt if there is anywhere a larger block of railway shops in England than these will evidently be when completed," said one of the civil engineer visitors to the Angus shops of the C. P. R. yesterday at lunch. "It is possible that the London North-Western's great place at Crewe, which has practically created that town, may be about as large."

"This," said another member of the party, "is to me distinctly the most interesting thing I have seen on this side of the Atlantic. It is not its mere extent, for several of the American



KING PETER OF SERVIA,
Whose Coronation Took Place at Belgrade This Morning.

lines are about as ambitious in that matter, and we have some pretty large railway shops in England. But it is the last word in shop construction. It is really a marvel of engineering skill and adaptation."

These remarks were quite typical of the attitude of the engineers on their trip through the great shops recently put up by the Canadian Pacific Railway. They missed none of their interesting features, for most of them were already railroad experts, and they were under the careful pilotage of Messrs. H. Goldmark, engineer in charge of the new works; E. W. Carr and Elliott, assistants to Mr. Goldmark; G. B. Mitchell, resident engineer, and also assistant W. C. Bell; Mr. Johnston, superintendent of motive power for the company, and C. L. Dougherty.

The afternoon street car excursion around the harbor front and Mountain were well patronized, and in the evening about 300 persons thronged the comfortable quarters of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers on Dorchester street, to attend the society's reception and meet the scientific lions of the hour. The house was charmingly decorated and illuminated.

The guests were received by the president of the Canadian Society, Col. Anderson, and Mrs. Anderson, and members of the council and their wives, among these being: Professor McLeod, of McGill, and Mrs. McLeod, Dr. Porter, of McGill, and Mrs. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Walbank, Mr. and Mrs. Macpherson, Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy, and Mr. Blackwell.

DIRECTORS ELECTED THEMSELVES YESTERDAY

Formal Assembly of Grand Trunk Pacific Co. Will Go on Record as First Annual Meeting.

The first annual meeting of the Grand Trunk Pacific Company held yesterday, resulted in the re-election of the entire board of provisional directors. By its constitution the meeting had to be held during this month, Mr. Hays and a quorum of the directors were alone present.

PROVINCIAL W.C.T.U. IS MEETING AT HUNTINGDON

Huntingdon, Que., Sept. 21.—(Special).—The annual provincial convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union opened here yesterday and will continue three days. Sessions are held each day; the morning sessions in the Presbyterian Church and the afternoon and evening sessions in the Methodist Church. The interior of both churches have been suitably decorated for the occasion.

The evening session opened with debating exercises, followed by the Huntingdon choir, after which Miss Biggar, on behalf of the local union, read an address of welcome, which was responded to on behalf of the delegates, by Mrs. (Rev.) T. G. Williams, of Montreal, and Mrs. Frances W. Graham, president of the New York State W.C.T.U., gave greetings, then sang with much feeling, "The Bow of White Ribbon She Wore on Her Breast." Mrs. Sanderson, provincial president, who presided, called on Mr. W. S. Maclaren, M.P., who gave greetings from the citizens of the village; Wm. H. Walker, M.L.A., from the surrounding country, Rev. R. G. Peever, from the Methodist Church, and Rev. Mr. Fyles, from the Episcopal Church. Mrs. Foster of Knowlton, replied on behalf of the provincial executive. Miss Dunhill a returned missionary, gave greetings from the White Ribboners of India.

FORMER MONTREALER BLOWS HIMSELF UP.

Mr. James Inglis, seventy, formerly a widely known photographer of Montreal, has died at Chicago from the result of injuries received while experimenting with explosives. Mr. Inglis was trying for a new flash powder and had twelve pounds of magnesium in a mixing machine when a terrific explosion took place, wrecking the house and burying the experimenter in the ruins. Mrs. Inglis who was in the kitchen over the laboratory, was badly hurt, by being blown against the ceiling of the apartment.

BIRD'S CAGE AS NURSERY.

A curious instance of a cage being adapted to the purposes of a nursery has just come to light at Buda Pesth, and in the house of M. Berg, an employe in the Finance Ministry. An information was laid with the police that Berg had "immured one of his children in a cage," and sure enough a plump little boy of three, fat and rosy and playful enough, was found in a cage forty inches long and twenty inches wide. The child, it further appeared, was taken out every night and put to bed in an ordinary child's cot. The father's explantion ws that this strange device enabled the mother to attend to a baby and to her household duties without anxiety as to the elder infant. The law has left M. Berg to his curious cage nursery, merely stipulating for its enlargement.

LIVELY SESSION OF LABOR CONGRESS

Letter Carriers' Representation Causes a Keen Discussion

The Trades and Labor Congress met at 9.30 this morning and continued routine business for an hour before going into secret executive session.

The principal business of the morning was the question of allowing representatives from the Federated Association of Letter Carriers at the Congress. It was argued by those opposed to their admittance that the letter carriers had but few members, and that they had that small number for the sole purpose of obtaining representation in the Congress. Delegates Carey and Wilson, of Toronto, strongly defended the cause of the letter carriers. This trade had a local in Toronto affiliated with the Congress, and was endeavoring to bring all the letter carreirs into the union. They had a right to representation, and if that was not allowed, let the Congress withdraw the charter granted to the letter carriers two years ago. President Flett said that he did not wish to deprive the letter carriers of their right to representation, but the question was whether Delegate Spinard, of Ottawa, had a right to represent the Toronto local of letter carriers.

Secretary Draper explained that Delegate Spinard was not representing a Toronto local of Letter Carriers. The letter carriers were not a local organization, but a Dominion organization. Last year Delegate McMordie had represented the association and no question had been asked, and Delegate Spinard had the same right this year.

Considerable indignation was expressed by members of the Congress, that the secretary should have received the per capita tax of twenty-five cents on only sixteen members from an organization which evidently had a membership much larger than this.

Delegate Glockling stated that the National Association of Letter Carriers was composed of sixteen members, representatives from the various locals throughout the country, and that if the secretary had received the money, the association had a right to representation.

The committee's report was adopted and the representative of the letter carriers allowed to take his seat.

Delegate James Simpson, president of the credential committee, moved for a reconsideration of the credential. Several delegates wanted to know if it would be possible for their trades to follow the example of the letter carriers and pay per capita tax on a board of sixteen, instead of on every member of the trade. Delegate Todd appealed from the decision of the chair, and the president allowed the appeal, and Mr. Todd began to speak.

Secretary Draper—"Where did you get the fact that a man who appeals from the decision of the chair has the right to speak?"

President Flett—"I got it from Cushing, sir."

The secretary—"Well, I never saw it in Cushing."

Delegate Todd spoke explaining his appeal. He was there representing a local union of his trade in Canada. As a matter of benefit to his union, he asked the Congress to give them the same right granted to the letter carriers. President Flett said he was governed entirely by precedent and constitutional law. He held that the various international unions could not be represented by a board, when their membership exceeded that amount.

Vice-President J. B. Mack put the question and the decision of the chair was sustained.

The delegates took a trip out to Lachine this afternoon for the purpose of running the rapids.

An open meeting will be held this evening in the hall of sessions.

OBITUARY

St. Catharines, Ont.—Mrs. Fowlie, wife of Mr. Robert Fowlie, license inspector, died at her home on Queen Street. She was born in St. Catharines in 1837 and has lived here all her life. She has been an invalid for several years, but prior to her illness was active in church and social circles. She leaves a husband and one son, Charles, of Lockport, N.Y.

Wingham, Ont.—Mr. Thomas Holmes, one of the pioneer journalists of Ontario, passed away here in his eighty-third year, after a lengthy illness, following a general break up of the system. Half a century ago he was an important figure in Toronto journalism, and for the past forty-five years, since 1858, had been a resident of North Huron. In Wingham for a generation he conducted a legal and financial business. Besides brothers and sisters and other relatives, he leaves two sons and a daughter. His wife predeceased him two and a half years ago.

CORINTHIAN'S PASSENGERS.

Allan Line steamer Corinthian, is due in Quebec to-day, with thirty-two saloon, 133 second class and 171 steerage passengers. Her saloon passengers are: Mr. J. A. Ackland, Mrs. Ackland, Master Ackland, Miss Ackland, Mrs. Baxter, Mr. Brown, Mr. E. H. Dickson, Miss Edgington, Mr. Jas. G. Ferguson, Capt. T. L. Glover, Mrs. Glover, Miss Harper, Mr. Robert Innes, Mrs. Innes, Miss E. Johnston, Mr. Edmond Laford, Miss Annie M. Kay, Mr. Shaw MacLaren, Major W. J. Neil, Mrs. Nicolls, Master Jasper Nicolls, Mr. John Pursell, Miss Margory Nankin, Mr. David Ralston, Miss Nelly Reid, Miss W. Rutherford, Miss M. Rutherford, Mr. F. Fraser-Scott, Mr. Cecil Talbot, Miss G. M. Thorne, Miss J. Hood, Miss M. Tod.

GOING WITH THE TIMES NOW.

The recent launch of the scout Forward by the Fairfield Company on the Clyde marked a new departure in Admiralty methods. Hitherto it has been customary for the Government's own naval experts to design vessels for H. M. Navy, the building being executed either by private firms or at the Government dockyards. It has been found, however, as the result of some experiments, that more satisfactory results in regard to speed, stability and economy can be obtained when the designing, as well as the building, is left in the hands of private enterprise. In the case of the Forward, and other vessels of a similar class, competitive plans were submitted by the leading shipbuilder of the country, and the result was that the Fairfield Company maintained its reputation by securing three of the contracts.

Another interesting fact to be noted is that while the Forward is regarded as a small naval vessel in these days, its dimensions are similar to those of a cruiser of ten or twelve years ago, which shows the rapid advance that is being made in naval science.

WILL FIGHT NO MORE.

The return visit of the French working men to England next year has practically been decided upon, and will take place in July, 1905. Mr. Hugh Bryan, president and founder of the newly-formed society "The Friends of France," has received a letter from Baron d'Estournelles de Constant accepting his invitation to bring over to England next year 350 French working men. This visit promises to be an exceptionally interesting one, and should do much to still further consolidate the good feeling which now exists between the proletariat of the two nations.

Always Eat the Best. James Strachan, Bakers to Royalty.

HYDRANTS THAT WILL NOT FREEZE

Water Committee Recommends Purchase of Patent Devices

The fact that the city spends $10,000 each winter to prevent the hydrants from freezing raised a discussion at the Water Committee meeting yesterday afternoon as to the best way to get rid of this nuisance. In the end it was decided to recommend the purchase of 850 patent devices, known as the Carroll no-freezing hydrant, at a cost of $4,200. The device is said to work well in Detroit and a satisfactory test of two of these hydrants was made in Montreal last winter.

Should the Council pass the recommendation, half the city hydrants will



MR. JOS. TASSE,
A Former Conservative, Now a Liberal, Converted by the G.T.P., the Brodeur Bill and General Policy of the Government.

be equipped with the Carroll device, and next year it is the intention to put in the remaining half.

The offer of the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company to supply electric power for pumping purposes was discussed.

Superintendent Janin said that he preferred to have the company supply both pump and power, as the city would be relieved of all responsibility. The matter was left over.

Supt. Janin recommended the purchase of three stokers, at a cost of $5,200. These stokers were favorably known for their coal saving qualities.

ALARM BOXES ON WHARF.

Superintendent Ferns, announces that three fire alarm boxes have been placed along the river front for the protection of shipping, as requested by the Harbor Commissioners: Box No. 913, on King Edward pier; No. 914, on Alexander Pier; No. 915, on Jacques Cartier pier.

CANADA WILL SEND EXHIBIT TO LIEGE

Great World's Fair Will Be Held There Next Year

Ottawa, September 21.—(Special.)—It is the intention of the Canadian Government to make an exhibition of the products of this country at the World's Fair at Liege, Belgium, next summer. The Belgians are planning the fair upon a big scale and it is expected that it will be one of the largest things of the kind which has been organized in Europe. As some immigration work is being carried on in the countries which will send visitors to this show, the Department of the Interior is anxious that the Department of Agriculture will make a good showing. There is no doubt that this will be done. At the present time the resources of Canada are being exhibited at the Grocers' exhibition, the Confectioners and Allied Trades Exhibition and the Dairy Exhibition in London. These displays are under the care of Messrs. Hay and Brophy, Canadian exhibition representatives in England. When these exhibitions have closed the Canadian exhibits will be taken to some Liverpool exhibitions. After this Messrs. Hay and Brophy will visit Liege and make a report upon the sort of a display Canada should make there. When this report has been received the department at Ottawa will take steps to prepare an exhibition which will adequately illustrate to the European visitors at Liege the resources of this country and the advantage which can be derived from trading with Canada.

Yesterday the Baron de L'Epine visited the Department of Agriculture and presented his credentials as the representative of the Liege Exhibition. Future negotiations as to space and similar things will probably be conducted through him.

MR. BARRY A TRUSTEE.

At a meeting held last night at the St. Patrick Presbytery, of the trustees of the St. Bridget's Home and Refuge, Mr. John Barry, of John Barry & Sons was unanimously elected a trustee to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation from the board of Mr. John H. Semple.

Wedding and Birthday Gifts

Just opening out a choice selection of VERY FINE CUT GLASSWARE, all very handsome designs, beautifully cut and remarkably low in price, each piece sparkling, brilliant. The selection includes:

Bon-bon Dishes, Sugars and Creams, Olive Dishes, Mustards, Spoon Holders, Salts (all sizes), Knife Rests (all sizes), Large and Small Perfume Bottles, Flower Vases (large, medium and small sizes), Almond Dishes, Long Vases from 12 inches, with other lines yet to arrive.

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2270 St. Catherine Street.

295 St. Lawrence St. Corner DeMontigny St.

LE LOUVRE
General Dry Goods Emporium
Armand Giroux.

Store opens 8.00 a.m., Closes 9.30 p.m., except Thursday, 6 p.m., Saturday, 11 p.m.

Opening Sale of Ladies' and Misses' Autumn Jackets



Our latest arrivals are those handsome, up-to-date Fall Jackets, for women and misses which we will place on sale to-day and to-morrow; they are in all sizes, and every one of them are gems, the product of the most fashionable artists of London, Paris and Berlin. We have only a limited number of them, and at the prices we have marked them at, we expect they will sell very quickly—to be candid, we expect a rush on them; we would therefore advise you to come early to secure a choice.

LADIES' FALL JACKETS

In self-lined Tweed, in brown or royal blue, trimmed collar and cuffs, with plain cloth to correspond with the tweed; Vienna back, narrow shoulder cape and latest style of sleeve. Our price for this beautiful garment only..... $10.00

LADIES' HIGH NOVELTY COLLARLESS COATS

In Women's and Misses' sizes. Fitted back, double-breasted, loose front. The sleeve is slightly gathered at the hand, and finished with a deep cuff. Empire cape, trimmed with oxidized buttons and silk braid. In black only. Our price for this very modish Jacket only $8.75

LADIES' BEST KERSEY CLOTH JACKETS

In black, drab and blue. Vienna semi-fitted back, smart pointed cape, turned-down collar, lapels and cape piped with satin, neat fancy turned-back cuff, ornamented with tiny gun metal buttons. See illustration. Our price for this very modish Jacket only $16.50

LADIES' BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS

In brown, drab, blue or black. The front is extended in yoke style, and falls full and straight; the back, semi-fitted, joins the yoke; the sleeve is of the newest style, soberly finished with metal framed pearl buttons. Our price for this nobby and stylish Jacket only $19.50

We have several other styles that we will be pleased to show and explain when you call.

10 Special and prompt attention given to mail orders. 10

We Give DOUBLE GREEN TRADING STAMPS TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

VICHY-CUSSET

GRAND PRIZE, PARIS EXHIBITION 1900.
F. X. ST. CHARLES & CIE.,
Sole Agents for Canada ..... MONTREAL.

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When it comes to Sweaters, Jerseys, Stockings, etc., in special club colors, we, being manufacturers, can make the goods quicker and cheaper than any one else.

Knit-to-fit REGISTERED & PATENTED

STOCKINGS, in any club color.. .....65c, 75c, $1.00
JERSEYS .....$1.25, $1.35 and $1.85
SWEATERS.....$1.75 to $4.25

For club orders a Discount of 10 per cent. allowed off above prices.
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You take no chances buying our Milk. We feed our cows scientifically. Veterinary surgeons examine the cows, making it impossible to have unhealthy milk. It's pure, nourishing, rich, creamy milk, just what YOU should drink and your children.

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LIMITED.
St. Catherine St. Metcalfe St.

Fall Hosiery and Underwear

The kind you can depend upon to impart genuine warmth and comfort, to fit well, to wear well, and to return big money's worth in all-round satisfaction.

Some Leading Lines:

LADIES' BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, double heels and soles, 35c a pair.
LADIES' BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, double heels and toes, 50c a pair.
LADIES' BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, double heels and toes, 65c a pair.
LADIES' RIBBED HOSE, spliced heels and toes, 35c, 50c and 65c pair.
CHILDREN'S HEAVY BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, spliced knees, heels and toes, 30c, 40c, 50c and 65c a pair.
MEN'S HEAVY BLACK CASHMERE HALF-HOSE, silk spliced heels and toes; extra value 25c a pair.
MEN'S BLACK and HEATHER RIBBED WOOL HALF-HOSE, 35c, 40c and 50c a pair.
LADIES' RIBBED WOOL VESTS, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Extra soft and warm DRAWERS to match.
LADIES' NATURAL WOOL VESTS, $1.00, $1.20 and $1.75 each. DRAWERS to match.
LADIES' SCOTCH LAMB'S WOOL VESTS, 90c, $1.10, $1.25 and $1.75 each. DRAWERS to match.
LADIES' BLACK WOOL TIGHTS, 90c, $1.15, $1.40 and $1.90 a pair.
CHILDREN'S RIBBED WOOL VESTS, 35c, 50c and 75c each. DRAWERS to match.
MEN'S WARM WOOL UNDERSKIRTS, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50. DRAWERS to match.
MEN'S ANTI-GRIPPE BANDS, 35c, 50c and 75c each.

BLANKET DEPT.

Large stock of the best English, Scotch and Canadian makes.
WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, from $2.00 a pair.
SCARLET ALL-WOOL BLANKETS, from $4.50 pair.
GRAY WOOL BLANKETS, from $1.50 pair.
Celebrated "SKELDON" BLANKETS, unrivalled for softness and warmth. Prices from $4.75 a pair.

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Grand Millinery Opening

Continued All This Week!

Owing to the pleasure and interest evinced by our customers and the public generally in this event, we have decided to continue the beautiful display all this week. We cordially invite ladies to visit our showrooms.

The JOHN MURPHY CO.
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2341 and 2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
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MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

Manufacturers to Preach Preferential Trade In Britain

Will Organize Excursion Next Summer—Association Making Rapid Growth and Has Reached Excellent Financial Position

Reception of reports was the main business at this morning's session of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association. The reports presented were of a most satisfactory nature. President George E. Drummond again occupied the chair.

Letters of regret were read from Lord Strathcona, Sir John Colomb, Sir Alfred Lyttleton, Sir Robert Bond and others.

Treasurer George Booth, of Toronto, reported that the last year had been the most successful in the association's history. At the beginning of the year there was a balance on hand of $405, which, however, was set off by a bank overdraft of $585. However, by the end of the year, after spending more than ever before in one year, the association had a balance on hand of $4,816. (Applause.) The balance sheet for the year showed a surplus of assets of $6,601. The transportation department cost $2,300, which was regarded as a wise expenditure, and it was urged that more money should be spent on office accomodation.

The report was adopted.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Secretary Young also reported a great increase in the prosperity of the association. In four years it had grown from an almost provincial organization, with less than two hundred members, to a Dominion wide association, with six branch offices, thirteen sections, and one thousand five hundred members. During the year the membership had increased by 246; plans laid for a new system of correspondent membership in foreign markets; a general revision of the Canadian tariff had been hastened, an excursion across the continent had been successfully carried out, and many valuable benefits regarding legislation, maintenance, labor supply, export trade, etc., had accrued to the members. More than two thousand five hundred trade enquiries from all parts of the world had been forwarded to the members of the association.

In view of the growth of the association's work, more members, better office accommodation, and staff, etc., were required for the next year.

The report highly complimented President G. E. Drummond and the general officers and staff on their excellent work.

It was adopted after a brief discussion.

TRIP TO GREAT BRITAIN.

The reception and membership committee report was presented by Chairman Robert Crean, and sketched the various excursions which had been successfully carried out during the year.

Its main feature, which was a good deal discussed, was the following resolution:

"Whereas, If an excursion to Great Britain, to take place in the summer of 1905, can be organized amongst the members of this association, we believe that it would have far-reaching commercial results, and would tend to promote the mutual interests of our association, the Dominion and the Empire;

"Therefore, be it Resolved, that the Reception and Membership Committee of the Association be authorized to consult the members of the association at an early date and obtain their views regarding the same; further action to be determined by the Executive Council when the results of this enquiry are presented."

Chairman Robert Crean, of Toronto, in an energetic speech, strongly urged this excursion, which he declared would greatly facilitate trade intercourse between the Dominion and the Mother Country.

Mr. R. C. Wilkins, of Montreal, also heartily favored the idea of a delegation to visit Great Britain and preach the doctrine of preferential trade, which, coming from so loyal a country as Canada, he thought would have exceptional influence. He made a very patriotic address, and criticized the Government for not taking a stronger stand on the subject of preferential trade.

Mr. Robert Munroe spoke of the necessity of an important contribution to the defence of the Empire. He regretted that the Government had not spoken more clearly on the subject, considering that as a result of this reticence the press of England was rather dubious as to Canada's position with regard to the matter. He favored sending the delegation to England to show, in a decisive way, the feeling of the people of Canada that the Dominion should make some return for the insurance the British fleet gave our ocean commerce.

Mr. H. Burt, of Toronto, also endorsed the project. He declared that if the Canadians knew the British market as well as they did the American market, and vice versa, that the trade of the Dominion would speedily be diverted very much more away from the United States to the Mother Country.

After some further discussion the report, with the resolution intact, was adopted unanimously.

ADVANCE FOREIGN TRADE.

The report of the commercial intelligence committee was then presented by Chairman Arnold W. Thomas. It regretted the shrinkage in the growth of Canada's export trade, particularly that to Great Britain. In order to aid our foreign trade, it suggested a much more complete and expert system of foreign trade representatives. This matter had been considered, and was reported as follows:

"During the greater part of the year, your committee has had under consideration the reorganization of the incomplete system of foreign representation through which the association has been endeavoring to serve its members. Thorough investigations have been made, and it has finally been decided to organize a system along the lines adopted by the Philadelphia Commercial Museum, which is the greatest independent institution of its kind in the world.

On this point the following resolution was presented:

(1) That the Dominion Government should be urged to extend its system of commercial agencies;

(2) That the representatives appointed should be active, energetic business men with a wide knowledge of Canadian products, raw and manufactured;

(3) That they should be recalled at least once in three years in order to visit the leading exporters in Canada, and to keep in active touch with the progress of Canadian industries.

As the result of a ballot of the members the committee recommended that the association should not recommend the adoption of the metric system in Canada unless it should be simultaneously adopted in Great Britain and the United States.

JAPANESE DISCRIMINATION.

The report also pointed out that, owing to Canada not being a party to the British most favored nation treaties with Japan, the latter country's tariff discriminated against Canadian goods on almost all lines, to the extent of 33 1-3 per cent. As the Dominion Government was not favorable to accepting the terms of the present treaty, which did not expire until 1911, there seemed to be little hope of having this discrimination removed.

Another point urged by the committee was the advisability of establishing a branch office of the association at London, England, to aid in the work of the Canadian High Commissioner there, with a suitable building, for the exhibition of Canadian products, etc.

The committee had also dealt with the idea of securing a universal civic holiday in Ontario.

Mr. Hobson, of Toronto, suggested that the holiday be always fixed for Mondays, so as not to break up the work of the week in factories.

Lt.-Col. Gartshore, of London, thought the holiday should be fixed for Sunday. (Laughter.) There were already too many holidays in the country, governments having fixed many useless holidays, and he thought the association should not approve this accumulation.

Mr. S. B. Burland, of Montreal, favored the adoption of the metric system, which is used by all foreign countries except Russia, Great Britain, the United States and Canada, on the ground that "to do export trade we must speak an export language."

President Drummond closed the discussion with a brief speech, endorsing the idea of making holidays fewer, but uniform, and also favoring the opening of a branch office at London. The report was then adopted.

TO ENTERTAIN DELEGATES.

Mr. George W. Hadrill, secretary of the Board of Trade, extended to the delegates the privileges of the Board of Trade, with the reading room, etc., during their visit.

An invitation was also received from the Shawinigan Falls Water and Power Co., for the delegates to visit the Falls and power plant on the 24th instant.

President Drummond warmly endorsed an invitation from the C.P.R. for the delegates to visit the new engine shops.

Rev. T. Albert Moore, president of the Ontario Lord's Day Alliance, asked that a deputation of the Alliance be received by the delegates, with regard to the preservation of the Sabbath. It was decided to receive this deputation at 4.30 this afternoon.

The meeting then adjourned and witnessed an exhibition of the city fire brigade, which was given under Chief Benoit's command, on Dominion Square. This proved highly successful, and the delegates warmly praised the work of the firemen and the excellence of the appliances.

MR. MORLEY WILL VISIT CANADA

Toronto, Sept. 21.—Right Hon. John Morley, M.P., the author of the biography of Gladstone and many other works and who has held important Cabinet positions in Great Britain, expects to be in Toronto some time towards the end of October. Such is the purport of a letter which Hon. Richard Harcourt, Minister of Educatton, received yesterday from Mr. Morley.

AN INCIDENT OF THE BATILE OF TURENCHEN.



SURROUNDED BY HIS STRICKEN FELLOWS, A GUNNER FIRES HIS LAST SHOT.

PRESS COMMENT ON ROSEBERY SPEECH

One Journal Calls Him a Political Rip Van Winkle

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Sept. 21.—The Manchester Courier says that when Lord Rosebery deliberately suggests that the colonies are indifferent on the fiscal question he becomes indeed a political Rip Van Winkle.

The Manchester Guardian says: "In Canada, the show colony of English protectionist orators, there is every sign, as Lord Rosebery indicated, of an early withdrawal of even such ineffectual feints at a preference as has been already made for the nominal advantage of English manufactures, and Mr. Chamberlain's Welbeck endeavor to adapt his scheme to the special interests of the English agricultural industries has instantly drawn from the corresponding trade in Canada an indignant protest."

Referring to Lord Rosebery's saying that Mr. Chamberlain is ringing the Imperial chime on an alarm bell, the Birmingham Daily Post says that no good purpose is served by such allusions, however smart they may appear to be.

The Liverpool Mercury, referring to Lord Rosebery's speech, says it is certain that no offer of even the most tentative character has been sent us by either Canada or Australia.

The Yorkshire Post says: "Lord Rosebery's liveliness was almost exhausted upon Mr. Chamberlain's proposals and the attitude of the colonies, especially Canada, towards them, but that is not the issue before the country. We doubt if it will be until it has been the subject of a careful investigation by a royal commission."

The Globe, referring to Mr. Drummond's guaranteeing that the Dominion would be found ready and willing to accord a substantial preference to the Mother Country, says: "Lord Rosebery is a Radical Imperialist. He has nothing but cold water to throw on such proposals. He is content to lay it down as an axiom that raising Imperial questions, whether with or without due cause, endangers the unity of the Empire as a whole. A more foolish proposition was never enunciated by a clever politician."

The Pall Mall Gazette observes: Signs abound that the colonies are eager to go further, the address of Mr. Drummond being only the latest of an impressive series.

The Westminster Gazette, referring to Mr. Drummond wanting a tariff which, while encouraging the development of Canadian industries, would give a substantial preference to the Mother Country, says: "We may take it for granted that the 'greater equality' Mr. Chamberlain demands will not be held compatible with the development of Canadian industries."

The Chronicle, referring to Mr. Drummond's speech, calls the preference advocated a delusion. Great Britain receiving nothing in return for a preference on food and raw materials.

The St. James Gazette says that Lord Rosebery was singularly unfortunate in his reiterated denial of the existence of a colonial offer, "for to-day comes Mr. Drummond's declaration in fabor of a mutual policy of preference. It is most unlucky for poor Rosebery to be cornered this way."

City Comptroller Dufresne Died Suddenly This Morning

With startling suddenness the word reached the City Hall to-day that Mr. Olivier Dufresne, city comptroller and auditor, had passed away suddenly at his residence, 130 Cherrier Street, about half-past seven o'clock this morning.

Although Mr. Dufresne had been in poor health for some time, it was not thought that his condition was serious and the announcement of his death came as a great shock to his many friends.

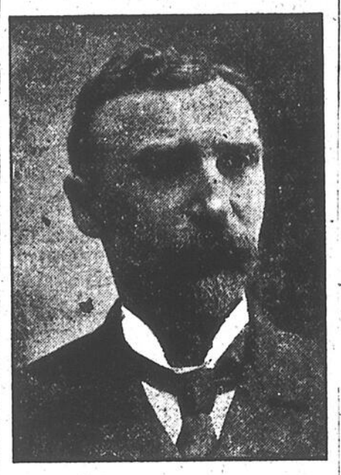
Mr. Dufresne has been a sufferer from hay fever for many years. According to his usual custom he had spent his four weeks' vacation at St. Faustin, among the Laurentians, in a fruitless search for health. The fine air of the mountains built him up to a certain extent, but the change back to city life a week ago was more than he could stand.

Mr. Dufresne was in attendance at his office all week, but appeared to be in wretched health. Yesterday morning for a short time he came down to the City Hall, complaining of the heavy atmosphere and the disagreeable weather. He retired last evening at the usual time and rose again about seven o'clock this morning and dressed. About half-past seven he called to his wife that he was not feeling well and could hardly breathe. Mrs. Dufresne entered and found her husband seated in his arm chair. A moment later he passed away.

A doctor was immediately summoned and death was pronounced due to bronchial asthma.

Mr. Dufresne was born at Ste. Elizabeth, Joliette, in 1856, and was thus only forty-eight years of age. He was educated at the Joliette College and afterwards at the Catholic Commercial Academy in Montreal. At the latter he showed a remarkable talent for bookkeeping and accounting, and in 1876, his final year, he carried off the Jodoin prize of $50.

Subsequently he obtained a position in the business house of Amable Prevost & Co., St. Paul Street, and after five years of faithful work became chitf accountant in that establishment. The special aptitude he displayed and the considerable knowledge he acquired soon entitled him to be considered one of the first accountants in the city. It was therefore no surprise when he was appointed City Auditor in 1887. In 1890 he became City Comptroller, and the double position he has since held to the complete satisfaction of the Council. His capacity for work and his capability in dealing with all matters which came into his charge became well known and won for him also the esteem of the general public. He exercised a wise control over all the expenditure of all departments of the City Hall.



MR. OLIVIER DUFRESNE,
City Comptroller and Auditor, Who Died This Morning.

The late City Auditor in his leisure moments took a deep interest in mutual benefit societies. For three years he was president of the Societe des Artesans Canadiens-Francais, his period of office terminating in 1896. He was married in 1889 to Miss Clarinde Pigeon.

Mr. Dufresne leaves a widow and nine young children.

Although no arrangements have yet been made, it is expected that the funeral will take place on Saturday morning. The flag on the City Hall was placed at half-mast this morning out of respect for the late City Comptroller.

Throughout civic circles the greatest regret is expressed at the death of Mr. Dufresne. Mr. William Robb, city treasurer, was one of the many to pay a tribute of respect to Mr. Dufresne's memory this morning.

"Mr. Dufresne was highly esteemed for his business ability," remarked Mr. Robb. "His energy and thorough mastery of his work need not be mentioned. Mr. Dufresne was ever a faithful servant of the city."

WAS THE CHOICE OF BISHOP VALID?

Election of N. S. Bishop Referred to Supreme Court Judge

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The executive of the Diocesan Synod of Nova Scotia met yesterday to consider the question that has been raised by one or two people regarding the legality of the election of Archdeacon Worrell as Bishop of Nova Scotia. The executive decided that the election was valid, but will refer the matter to a judge of the Supreme Court for his decision.

Very Rev. Dean Gilpin presided and there was a large attendance of members. The whole matter of the election was opened up and discussed for nearly two hours and a half, during which a series of resolutions and amendments were offered, but only one was passed by the meeting. Only two members expressed the opinion that the election was not valid. One of them was a city clergyman and the other a layman from Dartmouth, both of whom contended that the required number of delegates were not present when the ballots were taken. Other members stated that there was no doubt in their minds that the election was valid and they pointed out that while the law only required 116 ballots to be cast there were 119 votes cast on each of the three ballots and that at times there were 120 delegates present.

The following resolution was moved by Canon Crawford, seconded by Mr. J. Walter Allison and was passed unanimously:

"Resolved that a large majority of the executive committee are perfectly satisfied that the election of Archdeacon Worrell, was legal and valid, but as a doubt has been expressed, be it therefore resolved that the whole question be laid before Mr. Justice Graham, or some other judge of the Supreme Court, of Nova Scotia for decision.

NOT SLEEPING WELL?

Without sleep there can be no bodily or mental vigor, consequently sleeplessness is a dangerous condition, indicating poor digestion, thin blood and exhausted nerves.

Nothing so surely restores restful sleep as Ferrozone. It's harmless, just a strengthening blood maker. Ferrozone nourishes every part of the body, makes the nerves hardy, tones the system wonderfully. The cause of your sleepless condition is removed—health is restored—you can work, eat, sleep, feel like a new being by using Ferrozone.

Don't put off, get Ferrozone to-day. 50c per box, or six for $2.50, at all dealers, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

CAPITAL AND LABOR WILL GET TOGETHER

Manufacturers Approve of Conference With T. & L. Delegates.

The important question of a conference between the Trades and Labor Congress and the Canadian Manufacturers' Association was finally satisfactorily settled to-day, and representatives of these two important bodies, which attend to the respective interests of capital and labor, will meet and discuss their differences in the near future.

Since these two bodies opened their meetings in this city there has been an almost general feeling that good results might be obtained if it were possible to have the associations get together through representatives. The matter took tangible form at this morning's session of the Manufacturers' Association, when General Secretary R. J. Younge read a letter from the Trades and Labor Council of Canada, asking that a meeting should be held, with a view to adjusting differences between employer and employe.

PROPOSITION WELL RECEIVED.

The letter was very heartily received and it was left with the secretary to arrange a date on which the meeting should take place.

The meeting will be an important one, as Mr. A. Verville, president of the Trades and Labor Council of Montreal, in his address said that the difficulties that had arisen between the labor unions and manufacturers which have been fought out on many grounds have rarely contributed to the betterment of the working classes.

LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

In order to afford the public an opportunity of learning something of what Christian Science teaches a lecture will be given under the auspices of First Church of Christ Scientist, Closse Street, in the beautiful new King's Hall, 2463 St. Catherine Street, on Thursday evening. The lecturer, Judge Septimus J. Hanna, was for twenty-five years an eminent member of the Western Bar, and for ten years editor-in-chief of the Christian Science periodicals in Boston. Judge Hanna is an able speaker. The lecture is free.

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CONCERT.

Sarsfield Court, No. 183, C.O.F., will have charge of the concert this evening at the Catholic Sailors' Club, Mr. J. Murphy, chief ranger, presiding. Among the host of talent taking part will be: Miss Pansy Driscoll, Miss Gertie O'Brien, Miss Annie McDermott, M. F. Laurendeau, piano duet by Miss Murphy and Miss Kathleen Murphy, Miss Edith McDermott, Messrs. Auburn, Ed. Jackson, Geo. Morgan, Wm. Biggs, Ed. Gray, M. Norris.

BROKEN PLANK CAUSE OF A MAN'S DROWNING

Leonidas Aubut Fell Into the Canal at Ste. Cunegonde and Did Not Rise Again.

The body of J. Leonidas Aubut, aged 20, was found at five o'clock this morning at the foot of the wharf near the machine shops at Ste. Cunegonde. A plank reaching the deck of the yacht Courrier, upon which he was standing, broke in two and threw him in the river. As he did not rise to the surface, it is supposed one of the broken pieces of the plank injured him.

T. AND L. MEN GIVE THEATRE PARTY.

The Trades & Labor Council, who are sitting in convention in this city, have decided to have a theatre party and the Amusement Committee have secured 250 seats for the members to attend a performance in a body at the Theatre Francais on Friday night. On that occasion several features not on the programme will be introduced for the benefit of the visitors, so that an enjoyable evening's fun may be anticipated.

$4,000 FOR EJECTION.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—(Special)—Mr. R. Blaine, of Brampton, obtained a verdict for $4,000 against the C.P.R. for wrongful ejection from a car.

VIEWS MONTREAL AS FACTORY CENTRE.

A party of American capitalists from New York, Boston and Chicago will arrive in the city to-morrow as the guests of the Shawinigan Water and Power Company, to look into the possibilities of Montreal as a manufacturing centre. The visitors who will number between twenty-five and thirty, will also visit the various plants at Shawinigan Falls. Arrangements were made to-day to have the visitors visit the harbor as the guests of the Harbor Commissioners.

Grand Jury Demands New Jail for Montreal

The Grand Jury appointed at the opening of the present sitting of the Court of King's Bench, and who subsequently visited the more important public institutions of the city, reported to Mr. Justice Ouimet to-day that St. Vincent De Paul penitentiary was found in general excellent order. The hospital especially was well lighted and ventilated from the ceilings and windows. Beds in as good condition as any city hospital and all other departments were also in very fine condition.

Demand New Jail.

"Montreal jail," continues the report "under the jurisdiction of Governor Vallee is certainly kept in splendid condition considering the ramshackle building he has to contend with. When it is taken into consideration that some 15,000 prisoners pass through the hands of this gentleman, it is a shame that he should not have a better establishment to house them. Should there be a case of fire, it would take ten men exactly one half hour to open all the cells as each lock must be unlocked separately, and it would be impossible to get all the prisoners to safety if the fire occurred during the night.

"We understand that the Government has already purchased land for the purpose of building a new jail somewhere in Sault au Recollet. Why has it not been built? This would be a monument for the Government for time immemorial. When will it be started? This is not foolishness, as a new jail is an absolute necessity. The floors, the stairs, the walls—in fact all the building —is falling to pieces, and under the circumstances, the condition it is kept in deserves our best praise to the Governor, as he cannot do any better with such a structure—which is an eye sore to the modern city of Montreal. The ground that this jail is built on could be sold for sufficient money to build a new and modern up-to-date prison on the ground already purchased by the Government.

"The female jails, both Catholic and Protestant, are beyond criticism."

HARBOR BOARD REFUSES TO PAY

The meeting of the Harbor Board held to-day was marked by an important discussion between the members of the Board and Mr. A. E. Labelle, the local manager of the Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.

An attempt was made to reach a settlement regarding the erection of a large permanent culvert at the tail race at the Ogilvie Royal Mills, but it was found impossible to do so. Mr. Labelle said the company was willing to pay for over two-thirds the cost of the construction if the Board would agree to pay for the maintenance. A number of the members did not see why this should be done as the culvert was only to supply the Ogilvie mills with additional power.

The board had already voted $2,700 towards the construction of the culvert but after Mr. Labelle's withdrawal it was decided that all former resolutions dealing with the Ogilvie Company should be rescinded and if the company went ahead with the work it should be entirely on their own responsibility.

Owing to the time taken up with matter it was decided to adjourn the meeting till Friday afternoon.

FREIGHT DASHED INTO A WASHOUT

Quebec, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—As a result of a washout on the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway near Chicoutimi last night Engineer Duquet and Brakeman Bouchard were killed, and the engine and six freight cars wrecked. It appears that a local freight running ahead of the Quebec express train, ran into the washout at 7.30 o'clock, three miles west of Chicoutimi, when the engine and six cars plunged down an embankment of twenty feet and were piled in a heap. The fireman, named Warren, was thrown from the cab window, where he was siting, clear of the wreck, but was badly injured. Engineer Duquet was carried down with his engine together with Bouchard, the front brakeman. They were caught in the wreck and the life crushed out of them. Later when their bodies were removed they were unrecognizable. The passengers on the express train which arrived on the scene shortly after the accident occurred, had to walk into Chicoutimi.

The damage to property is not yet estimated, but will possibly reach $5,000.

COLLISION AT MEDICINE HAT.

Winnipeg, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The Imperial Limited eastbound and transcontinental express westbound, were in collision at Medicine Hat station Monday morning. Eight passengers were injured though none seriously. The injured are: Y. Saki, from Japan, cut on head; Miss J. R. Rigg, ear cut; Miss Ida A. Kroyd, bruised; E. Crecelois, scalp wound; M. Schofield, slightly cut; A. Rector, nose broken; B. Harris, slight cuts; J. A. Ferguson, dining car cook, slightly scalded.

SURVEY IS FOR THE NORTH BAY BRANCH

Mr. C. M. Hays, general manager of the Grand Trunk, was questioned this morning concerning a report from Ottawa that the G. T. P. Construction Commissioners would possibly dispute the availability of some of the Grand Trunk's survey work on the Abbitibi-Winnipeg section of the new railway as being too far south. Mr. Hays declined to make any statement on the subject, intimating that if there were any such difference, it would be impossible to speak definitely of it before it was known just what were the commissioners' objections.

In railway circles the report is regarded as based on a misconception of the nature of the work done by the Grand Trunk. That railway is known to have made surveys of a line from North Bay to Winnipeg, which seems to leave North Bay in an almost northwesterly direction, and remains south of the prescribed line of the national transcontinental until it reaches longitude 81 or 82, Lake Abbitibi being on the 80th meridian. But these surveys are for the branch from the main line to North Bay, which the directors desire to get in operation as early as possible in order to facilitate the construction of the middle section, and it will be possible for the Government surveyors to place the junction point of the main line and this branch wherever they please, subject only to the restriction that the Grand Trunk Pacific can invoke arbitration if the junction is placed so far west as to involve an increasing length for the North Bay branch. The Grand Trunk has not surveyed the Winnipeg-Abbitibi line the whole distance to Abbitibi, and the Government surveyors can push west from Abbitibi and join their work to that of the Grand Trunk surveyors at any point they please.

BROME ELECTION TRIAL IN COURT OF REVIEW

Respondent's Appeal From Decision of Judges Archibald and Lynch Will be Taken Up.

Sweetsburg, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The election petition in the cause celebre and Albert J. Dyer et al against Hon. J. C. McCorkill, member of the Legislature for the county of Brome and Provincial Treasurer will be called for hearing before the Court of Review in Montreal to-morrow morning, at ten o'clock. The respondent after waiting since the 14th of July last for the petitioners to move in the matter ingcribed the case himself for final hearing before the Court of Review on Saturday last. The respondent's appeal from the decision of Judge Lynch of the 5th of March last, dismissing the preliminary objections, will be heard at the same time as well as respondent's demand for the revision of the various interlocatory judgments rendered by Judge Archibald, of Montreal, upon the merits of the election petition.

AMUSEMENTS.

Baseball To-day Double Header
MONTREAL vs. JERSEY CITY
St. Catherine St. and Atwater Ave.
First game called at 2 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURE
By JUDGE SEPTIMUS J. HANNA, C.S.D.,
—IN THE—
KING'S HALL,
2463 St. Catherine St., on
Thursday, September 22,
AT 8 P.M.
Admission Free. The Public Invited.

Headquarters, Sept. 20th, 1904.
3rd Field Battery C.A.
All ranks will parade Friday evening, Sept. 23rd, at the Armory, at 8 p.m. sharp, to receive annual pay for Training, 1904.
Uniform, plain clothes.
G. W. STEPHENS, Major,
Commanding 3rd F.B.C.A.

AMUSEMENTS.

HIS MAJESTY'S
All This Week—Mat. Sat.
The Big Musical Comedy,
The Silver Slipper
With 125 People and Special Orchestra.

ACADEMY | ALL THIS WEEK
This Theatre does not advertise in the Gazette.
MATINEES—Wed., Thurs. and Sat.
HOITY TOITY
PRICES—15c, 25c, 50c, 75c.
Next Week—Chas. Grapewin, in MR. PIPP.

Theatre Francais Every Afternoon and Evening.
THIS WEEK, SEPT. 19,
The Utopian Extravaganza Co.
A Company of the highest class.
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 35c and 50c.
Next Week—THE BRIGADIERS.

ART ASSOCIATION
Phillips Square.
THE AUTUMN SKETCHING CLASS (in Oils), under the direction of MR. EDWARD DYONNET, R.C.A., will commence on THURSDAY, 15th SEPTEMBER.
Instruction on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday in each week, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.
For particulars, apply to the Secretary.

CORONA HOTEL
GUY STREET. EUROPEAN PLAN.
Rates, $1 per day. Rooms, with bath, $2 up. Elegantly equipped private dining rooms, and cafe in connection. Cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra Tuesdays, 6 to 8 p.m. Saturdays, 4 to 8 and 10.30 to 12 p.m.

Canadian Amateur Athletic Union
21st ANNUAL CHAMPIONSHIPS
M.A.A.A. Grounds, Sat., 24th Sept.
COMMENCING AT 2.45 P.M. SHARP. 7 TRACK EVENTS. 6 FIELD EVENTS.
Reserved Seats, 75c and 50c. For sale at Morton, Phillips & Co., 1755 Notre Dame St., and M.A.A.A. Office, 149 Mansfield St.
General Admission, 35c.
E. HERBERT BROWN, Sec.-Treas. C.A.A.U.

ELECTIONS



Are often held to see who is the most popular candidate, but with Bird Foods it is different, no election being necessary. The Bird Loving Public want CHOICE, GOOD, CLEAN, WELL-MIXED SEED, so



Brock's Bird Seed and Treat

Although it has many competitors, stands without a rival, and is what the public demand. Remember the name BROCK.

All Grocers and Druggists Keep it.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

AFTERNOON BOARD SALES.

15 Twin City at 97⅞.
35 Twin City at 97¼.
25 Coal at 59.
25 Coal at 59.
50 Iron at 11¼.
25 Iron at 11¼.
$2,000 Iron bonds at 72¼.
25 Power at 77⅜.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

By private wire to Mr. C. D. Monk, from J. S. Bache & Co.:—

DESCRIPTION	Sept. 20 Op.	Cl.	Sept. 21. Op.	Cl.
Amalga'ated Copper.	60¾	57⅝	57¾	58⅛
Am. Locom. Co	26¾	27⅜	26	26
do do pref	97¾	97	96¾	96¾
Am Sugar Rfg Co	131⅜	130⅝	130	130
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Am Smelting & Ref Co	65¾	64	64½	65
Am Car & Foundry	28¾	27¾	28¾	28½
Anaconda Mining Co	97	94	96¾	96¾
Atch. Top & Santa Fe	81¾	80¾	80¾	81¾
do do pref	96¾	95¾	95¾	96¼
Baltimore and Ohio	85½	85¾	86	86½
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Brooklyn Rap d Tr	64⅞	64⅜	64⅝	64⅝
Chic and Alton Co	40¾	....	....	....
Canadian Pacific	127⅜	127¼	127⅛	127⅝
Canada Southern	....	....	....	....
Ches and Ohio	42¾	41⅝	41⅞	42⅛
Chic. Burl and Quin.	....	....	....	....
Chic and N West	....	184⅛	....	....
Chic R I and Pac	....	....	....	....
Chic. Mil and St. P	166¾	166¾	166¾	167
Colorado Southern	19⅛	18¾	18¾	19¼
do do pref.	51⅞	51	50¾	50¾
Con Gas, N Y	208	208	208¾	208¾
Col Fuel and Iron	34¾	33¾	33½	34
Clev. C C and L	....	14⅜	....	....
Detroit United Ry	....	....	....	66
Del. Lack and West.	....	278½	....	....
Delaware-Hudson	166½	166¾	166	166¾
Denver R G pref	....	81¾	81	81¾
Duluth S Sh-Alt	....	....	....	....
do do pref	....	73¾	....	....
Great Northern pref.	....	....	....	....
General Electric	170	169½	168½	169
Jersey Central	....	178	....	....
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	....
Iowa Central com	....	....	....	....
Kansas-Texas com	24½	23¾	....	23¾
Kansas-Texas pf.	47⅛	46	46	47⅛
Louisville Nash	122½	121	121¾	122⅜
Man Elevd	160	158	160	158½
Missouri Pacific	97⅝	96	96¾	96⅞
Metropolitan Trac	121¾	120¾	121¾	121⅞
N Y Con Hudson	126⅝	125½	126⅝	126⅝
Erie Railroad	30¾	30½	30¾	30¾
do do 1 pfd	66¼	66	66	66¼
do do 2 pfd	45	44⅝	43⅞	44⅞
N Y Ont-Western	32½	32⅜	32¾	33
Norfolk-West com	66¾	66	66⅜	66¼
Northern Securities	....	....	....	....
Pacific Mail	....	31⅜	33¾	33¾
Penn R R	130½	129⅞	130	131
Pressed Steel com	....	52	....	....
do do perf	....	....	....	....
Peoples Gas	102	....	101¾	102
Phil and Reading	66	65¾	65¾	66¼
do do 1 pfd	....	84¾	....	85¾
do do 2 pfd	....	75½	76	76
Pullman	....	....	....	....
Southern Ry com	23¾	23½	23⅜	23⅝
do do pref	95¼	95½	95¾	95
Southern Pacific	65½	65¾	65⅝	66¼
Tenn Coal-Iron	47⅜	46	46¾	46¾
Texas Pacific	31½	30¾	30¾	31
Twin City	97⅛	97¼	....	97⅛
U S Leather com	9¾	9¾	9¾	10
do do pref	87	87	....	....
U S Steel com	16½	....	16¾	16¾
do do pref	67¼	66¾	66	67½
U S Rubber com	19¾	19⅞	....	19⅞
do do pref	....	76	....	....
Union Pacific com	97½	96⅞	98⅜	108⅜
do do pref	....	....	....	93
Wabash	21	20¾	20¾	20¾
do pref	41¼	40¾	40¾	40¾
Western Union Tel	....	91¾	90¾	90¾
Wis Central com	19¾	19	19¾	19½
do pref	....	....	43¾	43⅞

CHICAGO MARKETS.

By private wire to Mr. C. D. Monk, from J. S. Bache & Co.:

Wheat, Sept.	107⅛	107⅝	106½	106½
Dec.	108	110	108½	109
Corn, Sept	....	52¼	51¾	52
Dec.	50⅝	51	50¾	50¾-⅝
Oats, Sept	30⅞	31	30⅝	30⅞b
Dec.	22¼	32¼-⅜	31⅛	31⅛
Pork, Oct	11 25	11 80	11 12½	11 27
Lard, Oct	7 15	7 22	7 10	7 15
Ribs, Oct	7 55	7 65	7 50	7 52

BEEFENE
A MEAL IN A TEA CUP
Manufactured by the American Fluid Beef Company, Montreal.

President G. E. Drummond Addresses The Manufacturers' Association

Reiterates Demand for Tariff Revision Along More Protective Lines—Favors an Imperial Preference Compatible With Adequate Protection to Canadian Manufacturers—Mr. Gurney Criticizes Politicians and Demands Closer Supervision by Manufacturers.

Trade conditions, tariff revision and Imperial preferential trade were the dominant notes of a notable gathering of the Dominion Manufacturers' Association in the Ladies Ordinary at the Windsor last night. It was the first open meeting of the present convention, and was attended by a large number of delegates, representing manufacturing centres from the Pacific to the Atlantic. The speakers all closely followed the traditions of the Manufacturers' Association in demanding an upward revision of the tariff on manufactured goods with such Imperial preference as might be consistent with ample protection to the Canadian manufacturers.

President Drummond's retiring address was naturally the main feature of the evening. It was a decidedly interesting utterance, dealing at length with the events of the past year as they affected the trade of the Dominion. It was listened to with keen attention, and frequently applauded.

Mr. E. Gurney, of Toronto, also made a very interesting address in which he distributed a good deal of caustic criticism upon the methods of both political parties, and called upon his hearers to exert themselves so as to become the governing instead of the governed class.

President George E. Drummond occupied the chair, and the meeting opened with prayer by Rev. E. Barclay.

Mayor Laporte then made an excellent speech of welcome to the delegates, congratulating them upon the useful and patriotic work in which they were engaged. Although he had seen many conventions in Montreal he knew of none whose work was of so much importance to the country as that of the Manufacturers' Association. He especially asked the convention to interest itself in the question of fire insurance, which had of late been so much discussed in business and municipal circles.

Chairman J. J. McGill, of the Montreal branch of the Manufacturers' Association, voiced his colleagues pleasure at welcoming the Dominion Association to Montreal. The result of the last convention here had been to increase the membership of the local branch from 110 to 300 and also had led to the formation of the branch at Quebec, with a membership of nearly one hundred.

The Association believed not only in the maxim, Canada for the Canadians, but also its natural corollary, "Canadians for Canada," and he trusted that before the present convention ended the delegates would say "The Canadian Manufacturers for Montreal." (Loud applause.)

Vice-President W. K. George, of Toronto, responded with an eloquent and patriotic address, in which he pointed out the historic glories of Montreal and its great future possibilities.

Such conventions as the present he considered were of great moment to the country, and he trusted that the views of the delegates would be as broad as its membership, which in three years had grown from 800 to 1,500 and now represented every district of Canada.



MR. GEO. E. DRUMMOND,
President of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

PRESIDENT DRUMMOND GIVES ANNUAL ADDRESS

President George E. Drummond then presented the annual address.

In opening he expressed his pleasure at being able to officially welcome the delegates to his own historic city of Montreal.

He then briefly sketched the growth of the Canadian metropolis from its early settlement until it became as it now is, the great centre of the Dominion's trade.

From this the president passed to a review of the stirring events of the past year both in the Dominion and the Empire.

Touching upon the question of Imperial defence he remarked:

"If we Canadians are to look forward to commercial supremacy we must read the signs of the times; in other words, we must be up and doing, and we must in our forward movement recognize among other duties our national and Imperial obligation in respect to the naval protection of our commerce both on the Pacific and on the Atlantic."

The Dominion he considered had reached the flood tide of prosperity, with a future rich in wonderful possibilities in sight. This, it is evident, was appreciated by the world at large, as was amply proved by the 132,000 immigrants who reached our shores during the year ending last June.

MANUFACTURING GROWTH.

The manufacturers of the country had well kept pace with its general development. There were now not less than $520,000,000 of capital invested in manufacturing in Canada. In 1881 there were $159,000,000 so invested. Thus, in twenty years we have, in the face of many difficulties, increased our capital investment by $361,000,000.

"The total production of the 14,650 Canadian factories in 1901 is estimated at $481,058,375. To produce this amount of goods there was 344,095 workpeople and clerks employed, to whom were paid $113,288,146 in wages. The amount of raw material consumed to produce this $481,053,375 worth of finished goods was $266,527,858, showing a net profit to the country of $214,525,517. In estimating these figures it must be borne in mind that only factories employing five hands or over were included in the census statistics, so that it is not correct to measure our advance by comparison with the figures of the 1891 census, which only credited us with a less number of factories by 585 than we have in the census of ten years later."

As compared with this the total combined value of the production of the agricultural, dairying, mineral, forest and fisheries industries was $511,666,306, or only about $30,000,000 in excess of the value of the manufactured goods. Not considering the value of the home market thus supplied or the value of the raw materials used the factories thus kept in the country a sheer sum of $214,525,517.

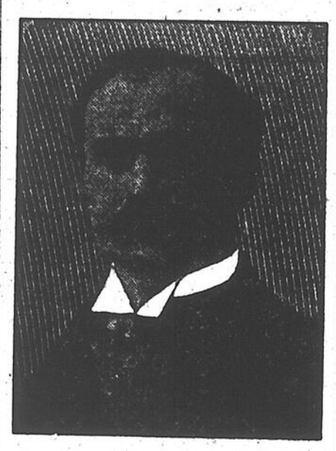
From more exact computation we figured that in 1901 the manufactured products of Canada in 1901 exceeded in value by nearly $110,000,000 the value of the total combined production of our agricultural, dairying, mineral, forest and fisheries industries.

From this the president pointed out the immense train of citizens of all kinds who existed through the manufacturers, and continued:

"Any legislative measure that will keep our capital and labor continuously and profitably employed will, I am sure, command the hearty support of all intelligent Canadians, whether they be agriculturists or manufacturers, producers or consumers."

NEED REVISION.

"The trade and navigation returns for the year 1904 are ample proof of the need of radical changes in the present Canadian customs tariff. On the basis of goods entered for consumption and exports of domestic produce, the increase of Canadian trade for the past year was $2,788,611, which is a small increase compared with those of the years immediately preceding. A further analysis brings to light the fact that the domestic exports show a shrinkage of $15,987,235. This decrease is accompanied, first, by the increase of $1,813,152 in the export of foreign produce; and secondly, by an increase of $18,775,896 in the importation of goods for consumption; in other words, while our total trade statistics have not altered materially, the balance of trade has turned against us in one year to the extent of $34,763,131.



MR. W. K. GEORGE,
Of Toronto—Vice-President of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

The main feature of the imports, said Mr. Drummond, was the large quantity of goods imported from the States that might be manufactured in Canada.

"The amount of dutiable goods imported under the general tariff from the United States in the year ending June, 1904, was $77,390,807. That, in short, represents the value of the Canadian harvest reaped last year by the United States—a country that will not admit our goods on anything like reasonable terms."

He strongly advocated the adoption of a properly constructed tariff, admitting raw material at a low rate of duty and with proper protection upon the finished article by which we could easily increase our output of manufactures by $60,000,000.

From this the president naturally gravitated to a discussion of the Canadian tariff, and reiterated the demand made by the Association at Halifax ten years ago for a revision of the tariff upon more highly protective lines, with a substantial mutual preference within the Empire—at the same time strictly adhering to the "Adequate protection of all Canadian producers."

"The full and careful revision of our present customs tariff, which we have consistently pressed for during the past two years, and which we are convinced is so vitally necessary in the best interests of this country, has not yet been undertaken by the Dominion Government. We cannot but deplore the delay, because it has meant in the interim, and it means to-day, a very serious and continued loss to the industries, and we believe to the general interests of Canada. We recognize that signs are not wanting to show that the Government realize that we are right in our contentions, this being indicated by the highly commendable action of the Government in respect to steel rails, and by other very necessary changes recently made, and which are in the right direction. In so far as these changes are helpful to the particular Canadian industries dealt with they must have the cordial recognition and approval of this Association, but nevertheless we stand for a full revision of the tariff as being absolutely necessary to the welfare of all the industries and interests of this country.

"With regard to the question of preferential trade between the United Kingdom and her colonies, we have placed ourselves unreservedly on record as favorable to a tariff arrangement that, while encouraging the development of industries in Canada will nevertheless give a substantial preference to the Mother Country, and also to any other part of the British Empire with which reciprocal preferential trade can be arranged.

A preferential arrangement giving Canadians an advantage in the markets of Great Britain will be immensely to the interest of our agriculturists. Moreover, it will be to the advantage of our national and Imperial interests in that it will make the Dominion of Canada more attractive than ever to desirable immigrants from Great Britain and elsewhere.

For these reasons, if for nothing else, the policy must command our earnest support, yet the motive that has above everything influenced us in endorsing the policy has been an earnest desire for the union of the British race, for the firm and effective federation of our people in all quarters of the globe."

THE TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM DISCUSSED

Proceeding the president advocated the establishment of a fast Atlantic line and the improvement of Canadian harbors.

This naturally led to a brief discussion of inland transportation, and railways. He strongly advocated the extension of Canada's railway system, and in this regard said:

"The members of this association must view, therefore, with gratification the birth of another great Transcontinental road in the Grand Trunk Pacific."

Discussing the question of fire insurance, which has so occupied the public of late, President Drummond said:

"The insurance companies, owing to serious losses and inefficient fire equipment, in a number of Canadian cities, have made material increases in their rates. The additional expense bore so heavily on many of the members of the Association and increased their cost of production to such an extent, that a committee was appointed to make an exhaustive investigation into the causes for such serious increases, and to suggest, if it were deemed advisable, some method of securing relief.

"As a result of the high rates demanded, especially in the congested districts of our cities, an increasingly large number of risks are being placed each year outside of Canada, particularly with the New England mutual companies. These companies, some of which were organized as far back as seventy years ago, to insure manufacturers in specific lines, have conducted their business in a highly successful manner and with great satisfaction to the insured. Their requirements in isolation, construction, and protection are such that their advantageous rates can be obtained by only a very small percentage of our members. Their aim is to prevent fires rather than pay for them, and they have a most complete system of inspection. On the other hand, the inspection by companies licensed in Canada is generally conceded to be very deficient. Many good risks are allowed to become dangerous through the joint negligence of insurer and insured and premiums are not always adjusted equitably."

"If I have a message to deliver to my fellow members on retiring from the presidency, it is to stand together for the preservation and advancement of Canadian industries, for the preservation of the base from which your capital and labor must work—the home market. Let Canadians be known for their fair dealing and business integrity the world over. Take pride in your national products. Let administrative ability and technical knowledge combine to produce by the most modern methods, and with up-to-date equipment, goods that will set the standard of excellence everywhere, and that only need to be stamped "Made in Canada" to ensure appreciative recognition and praise in every market.

"In the building up of our country let us be broad and fair-minded in all our measures. Le us see to it that we place no embargo on brains, brawn, or capital, because all these forces are necessary in the development of this great country.

"Make Canada attractive as a home to desirable people from all lands, and protect the product of their labor when they come to us.

"Stand for permanent union between Canada and the Empire to which we belong, and remember that in this unity lies our very existence as a free and powerful people. Here is work for the highest intellects, here is a subject worthy of the strongest minded statesmen in every part of the Empire. With our Maritime interests in all parts of the globe, with every variety of soil and climate, physical and intellectual resources immeasurable, consider, gentlemen, what it would mean if all were united in one common bond of national interest. With such a consummation no power on earth could serve to prevent commercially or otherwise, our progress, nationally and imperially." (Loud applause.)

Mr. Edward Gurney, of Toronto, moved a vote of thanks to the president for the service he had done Canada and the Association in the preparation and presentation of this address.

He continued, "If all men would go to the polls and vote according to their convictions instead of being owned by other people, institutions or societies, we would not to-day be facing the disgraceful conditions which exist. It is evident there is something wrong with trade conditions or we would not have the anti-dumping clause passed. We have to-day a Government at Ottawa that is looking around and wondering—"trying to do something with the teapot"—we have also an Opposition equally wondering what to do to catch votes. (Applause).

If the people at Ottawa were in closer contact with us, and instead of being governed we made ourselves the governing classes we would soon show the people of the United States that we are a live virile people, who know how to do business. What this country needs is to wake up, and I thank God we have a lot of people here who are breaking daily farther away from the old family compact ideas.

We have settled one thing anyway—we are going to have a Canadian nationality which is to be part of the British Empire. Although that has not been settled very long we must look at this Imperial Federation idea and be fair. It has been said we will give so much preference for so much defence. We must get rid of that idea, and take our place in the Empire for defence—and offence too. (Applause). We owe it to our national manhood to cease playing the pauper. I do not know what our contribution should be, but let us not be guided by sordid motives, but go to Ottawa and say we owe this duty to the Empire and when we find out what it is—do it." (Loud applause).

Mr. R. H. Alexander, chairman of the British Columbia branch, briefly seconded the vote of thanks, which was carried with hearty cheers.

Sir Lloyd Wise, the well known British patent solicitor, was next called upon, and said that he had come to again visit Canada, impelled by the warm welcome he had met two years ago. He submitted to the president a typewritten pamphlet on improvements in the patent law of Canada, which he had prepared at the request of several Canadian manufacturers, and which he said was written by one who did not look upon Great Britain as the whole Empire. (Applause).

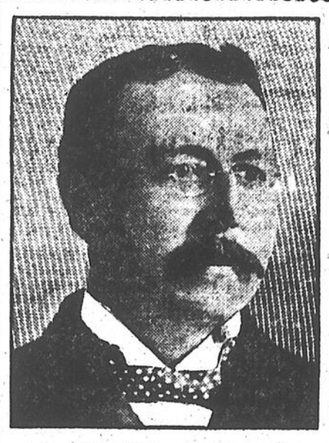
He warmly congratulated the chairman upon his address, saying he had never listened to a more sensible or carefully thought out deliverance upon so many important questions.

He hoped to see a great growth of trade between Canada and the Mother Country, to the exclusion of much foreign trade which was now monopolizing the British markets to the disgust of many loyal Britishers. (Applause).

The meeting broke up with the National Anthem.

LIST OF THE DELEGATES WHO HAVE REGISTERED

The following delegates are registered:—Geo. E. Drummond, Montreal; Henry Knox, Montreal; T. S. Hetherington, Quebec; Alister McLean, Amherst; Watson Jack, Montreal; Francis Braidwood, Montreal; L. Proctor, Fernie, B.C.; Justus A. Griffin, Hamilton; W. S. Alley, Toronto; Edwin Berry, Guelph; W. L. Edmonds, Toronto; W. Lloyd Wise, London, Eng.; C. S. Wallace, Terrebonne; Jas. H. McKeown, Montreal; Jos. Horsfall, Montreal; J. D. McArthur, Brockville; Edward Still, Montreal; Chas. W. Schnack, Montreal; F. D. Medhurst, London, Eng.; E. Packard, Montreal; S. A. Jacobs, Montreal; J. M. Wiley, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; C. C. Ballantyne, Montreal; Watson Griffin, Toronto; J. Rattray, Toronto; Jas. S. N. Dougall, Montreal; Geo. C. H. Lang, Berlin, Ont.; W. K. George, Toronto; R. O. McCulloch, Galt; C. R. H. Warnock, Galt; L. C. Van Bever, Toronto; Jas. Eastwood, New Glasgow; Geo. Bridgen, Toronto;



MR. J. J. McGILL,
Nominated as Vice-President by the Montreal Branch of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association.

Thos. Findley, Toronto; H. H. Hannon, Hamilton; Wm. Hamilton, Peterboro; L. V. Dusseau, Toronto; Emil C. Boeckh, Toronto; Jas. S. Stevenson, Walkerville; Arthur E. Craig, Toronto; I. F. Bush, Port Hope; C. F. Weaton, Toronto; J. M. Woodland, Toronto; John Dick, Toronto; H. Stroud, Paris; G. W. Walker, Hamilton; Geo. E. Forbes, Hespeler; R. L. Torrance, Guelph; Chas. B. Frost, Smith's Falls; Thos. L. Moffat, jr., Weston, Ont.; Richard A. Donald, Toronto; J. Hewton, Kingston; Colin Watt, Toronto; H. L. Hewson, Amherst; J. O. Thorn, Toronto; F. B. Polson, Toronto; J. M. Kilbourn, Owen Sound; Jos. Beaumont, Glen Williams; Jas. Headley, Toronto; John Sykes, Glen Williams; H. Holdroyd, Glen Williams; Jas. P. Murray, Toronto; Thos. Roden, Toronto; D. W. Robb, Amherst; R. H. Alexander, Vancouver; R. Hobson, Hamilton; W. D. Tindall, Toronto; A. G. Lomas, Sherbrooke; C. E. Gurney, Toronto; T. H. Smallman, Montmagny; A. Saunders, Goderich; George P. Wells, Palliser, B.C.; Jas. S. Gould, Smith's Falls; Jos. Ruddy, Bradford; J. J. Gibbons, Toronto; T. J. Storey, Brockville; Robt. Greig, Toronto; D. T. Williamson, Brantford; J. H. Cleland, Meaford; J. T. Sheridan, Toronto; C. B. Lowndes, Toronto; Geo. A. Baker, Toronto; F. G. B. Allan, Deseronto; Henry Wright, Toronto; J. A. A. Belanger, Montmagny; T. H. Whitehead, Brantford; Fred. H. Cragg, Toronto; Hugh R. Tudhope, Orillia; Jas. B. Tudhope, Quebec; J. M. Jenckes, Sherbrooke; Jas. Maxwell, St. Mary's; R. Harmer, Hamilton; Grant H. Burrows, Brockville; S. W. Ewin, Montreal; F. D. Wilson, Toronto; W. F. Vilas, Cowansville; Alfred H. Brittain, Montreal; Arnold W. Thomas, Toronto; Jos. Picard, Quebec; G. F. Benson, Montreal; Hon. J. D. Rolland, Montreal; J. M. Mackie, Montreal; W. S. Kerry, Montreal; H. D. Nicholls, Toronto; R. L. H. Ewing, Montreal; Robt. Crean, Toronto; H. Tetreault, jr., Montreal; John S. McKinnon, Toronto; George Booth, Toronto; H. Cockshutt, Brantford; W. K. McNaught, Toronto; Lloyd Harris, Toronto; Edward Gurney, Toronto; E. C. Gurney, Toronto; G. Guillet, Marieville; P. W. Ellis, Toronto; E. Rathbun, Deseronto; Dan. Wilson, Collingwood; S. A. Jacobs, Montreal; A. G. Lomas, Sherbrooke, Que.; Grant H. Burrows, Brockville; S. H. Ewing, Montreal; W. F. Heney, Montreal; D. G. Morden, Farnham, Que.; Fred. Kerr, Montreal; J. McGill, Montreal; J. D. Chaplin, St. Catharines; R. Kerr, Walkerville; R. C. Wildins, Montreal; C. E. Slater, Montreal; J. H. Paterson, Toronto; W. H. Manson, Toronto; J. E. Mathews, Toronto; N. Ramsay, Toronto; G. J. Joy, Toronto; K. Gardner, Toronto; A. B. Greer, London; G. H. Martel, jr., Montreal; Jno. D. Flavelle, Lindsay; S. H. Chapman, Toronto; G. B. Meadows, Toronto; S. T. Willett Toronto; P. H. Burbon, Toronto; Robt Meadows, Montreal; Robt. McLaughlin, Oshawa; D. G. Mathew, Gananoque; F. W. Stewart, Montreal; J. Baillie, Montreal; J. B. Hutchins, Toronto; G. W. Sadler, Montreal; J. H. Birks, Montreal; O. L. Caron, Montreal; J. M. Sinclair, Toronto; Geo. Esplin, Montreal; E. A. Wright, Montreal; R. Gray, Chatham; D. C. Hope, D. Sapery, Syracuse; Z. Turgeon, Quebec; H. C. McLean, Winnipeg; T. M. Morgan, Longue Pointe; F. G. O'Goody, Montreal; W. S. Locke, Montreal; A. D. Taylor, Gananoque; A. L. Jaynes, Toronto; L. A. Code, Toronto; A. J. Oliver, Galt; J. M. Briggs, Toronto; R. R. Stevenson Montreal; H. Laporte, Mayor, Montreal; B. F. Peacock, Toronto; F. T. Peacock, Toronto; John M. Hersey, Montreal; Charles Gurd, Montreal; B. Goldstein, Montreal; Charles B. Gordon, Montreal; J. A. Crossman, Amherst; J. J. Westgate, Montreal; D. Lorne McGibbon, Montreal; H. A. Moulbon, Montreal; A. W. Baker, Walkerville; W. Small, Montreal; W. J. Chapman, Cote St. Paul; S. A. Agnew, Montreal; W. Rutherford, A. Rutherford, Montreal; A. B. Mole, Montreal; J. Burland, Montreal; L. H. Packard, Montreal.

Spectacles and Eye Glasses carefully repaired by R. Hemsley, The Optician, 255 St. James street.—Adv.

INWARD PILES OF WORST KIND

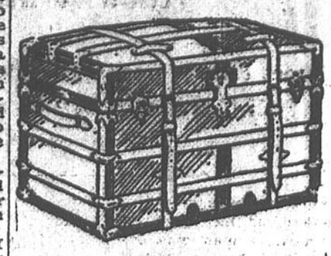
An Aggravated Case of Bleeding Piles Cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Mr. Joseph Parent, Ste. Martine, Chateauguay Co., Que., writes: "For four years I suffered with piles. In the beginning there was only a little external inflammation, but later the disease worked inwards and became very aggravated. I became very weak from loss of blood, so weak that I could not attend to my daily work.

"Dr. Chase's Ointment brought prompt relief and has benefited me so much that I am at work again and rapidly gaining in strength. I can recommend this Ointment as the only cure that I have been able to obtain for piles."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Company, Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous recipe book author, are on every box.

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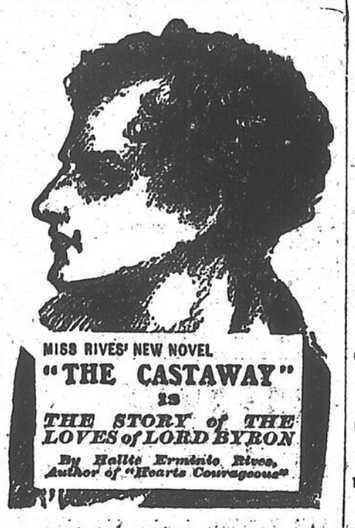
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Watches and Clocks cleaned and repaired.

WHERE UNIONISM IS WEAK IN ENGLAND

Frederic Harrison Points Out Legal Disabilities of Trade Unions.

Mr. Frederic Harrison, who combines Positivism with a very genuine if somewhat Radical interest in the welfare of the working classes, writes in the Positivist Review a very able analysis of the present legal disabilities of trade unions in England. Few Canadians probably are aware of the extremely unsatisfactory state to which recent judicial decisions have brought the law as the status of the organized workingman.

Three years ago Mr. Harrison warned the British workingman that while he was "acting as carriage horse for Lord Milner and General Baden-Powell" and "shouting himself hoarse at Primrose League demonstrations," he was being robbed of the acknowledged privileges attaching to a trade union. Mr. Harrison now writes again to point out how his prophecy has been fulfilled.

THE NEW DISABILITIES.

Mr. Harrison puts the case so simply that we give his words as they stand.

The courts now hold:

(1) That unions may be sued for civil damages, though they are not corporations or legal entities.

This means that unions have the liabilities but not the capacities of corporations. They cannot sue for debts due to them, but they may be sued and made bankrupt.

(2) That courts will grant injunctions to control the collective acts of unions, though they are not corporations.

In other words, the union cannot apply to the court to restrain an association of employers, but the employer may apply to the court to restrain the association of workmen.

(3) That courts will supervise, interpret, and explain trade union rules inter se.

This point applies also to friendly societies, owing to a recent decision. In former days it had been recognized that if a member joined a union or friendly society he tacitly agreed to abide by the decisions of the union, without taking possible differences into the civil courts.

(4) It was held by a judge of the King's Bench that, during a strike, the employer can have a workman to bring into court the rules of a union, and in his (the workman's) name obtain an injunction to tie the hands of the union.

This illustrates (3) When we admit that each member has the right of appealing to the court against his own union, then every member is open to the temptation of being made the catspaw of the master, whether there is a grievance or not.

(5) That peaceful persuasion not to enter into a contract or not to complete a contract is illegal, and even criminal.

This makes strikes impossible. There can be no strike without persuasion. Picketing may be (a) by force, (b) by persuasion, or (c) by mere giving of information. The judges may not only (a), but (b) illegal, and (b) practically carries (c).

(6) That if the officers of a local branch, however remote and subordinate, have authorized, or even acquiesced in, such persuasion, the amalgamated union can be made answerable in heavy damages or costs.

In other words, any three or more members of a union can compromise the whole of its funds, irrespective of authorization. The union is liable not only if it promotes "persuasion," but also if it fails to oppose "persuasion." In fact, the union is only safe when it is actively inculcating unconditional submission to the master.

Fruit-a-tives or Fruit Liver Tablets

mean fruit tablets. They are made of fruit juices. Have the taste and odor of fruit. Wonderful in curing Stomach, Liver and Kidney Troubles. 50c. box. At druggists.

Orange Meal
Ask Your Grocer

Boucher & Roffey, tailors, beg to announce that their stock for the coming season is complete, and would thank you to call and inspect the same. Corner St. Peter and Notre Dame streets.—Adv.

MIRRORS OF ANCIENT TIMES.

We are indebted for our mirrors to the ancient Egyptians. At first they were made of metal, so well compounded and polished that some recently dug up from Thebes have regained a wonderful lustre after burial for thousands of years. Oval in shape, they were fastened to carved wood handles. References are made to such looking-glasses in Exodus and Job. The Greeks and Romans made similar mirrors of silver.

Pliny says that the earliest glass mirrors were made of black volcanic glass. Through the middle ages glass backed with thin metallic sheets came into use, and "bullseyes" or glass globes into which while hot a metallic mixture was blown for backing.

At Murano, near Venice, in the thirteenth century, the Republic protected the trade and jealously guarded its secrets, securing a lucrative business for a century and a half. Mirrors were then made from cylinders of glass flattened on stone, carefully polished, bevelled at the edges and silvered by an amalgam.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Advertising Rates — Birth Notices, 50c; Marriage Notices, 50c; Death Notices, 25c.

BIRTHS.

CLENDINNENG—At 4003 Tupper Street, Sept. 16, a son to Mr. and Mrs. W. Clendinneng.

BURMAN—At 71 Bienville St., Sept. 15, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Burman.

GREER—At Grande Fresniere, Que., Sept. 9, to Mr. and Mrs. William Greer, a son.

M'KYES—Montreal, Sept. 19, Mrs. Frank E. McKyes, a son.

MONTAGUE—Newburg, N.B., Sept. 16, to the wife of J. D. Montague, a daughter.

PATTON—To Mr. and Mrs. William H. Patton, of 4 Atwater Avenue, Westmount, a son. Huntingdon Gleaner please copy. x

POULIOT—At 425 St. Denis Street, Sept. 14, to Mr. and Mrs. W. Pouliot, a daughter.

SILVERSIDES—Sept. 16, at 373 Hibernia Road, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Silversides, a son.

SYLVESTER—At 210 Chatham Street, Sept. 16, the wife of Mr. Joseph Sylvester, a son.

MARRIAGES.

DAGENAIS-LAMONT—Sept. 20, at St. Patrick's Church, by Rev. Father Martin Callaghan, Bertha Elizabeth Lamont, daughter of the late Charles Lamont, of Southampton, Eng., to Alfred Wilfrid Dagenais, of Montreal.

FINN-MOORE—In this city, Sept. 7, at the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, by Rev. Father Brady, P.P., Patrick J. Finn to Minnie Moore.

GUMMER-DAY—Sept. 14, at "Homewood," Guelph, Ont., at the residence of A. E. Howitt, Esq., uncle of the bride, by Rev. R. J. M. Glassford, assisted by Rev. G. F. Davidson, Gertrude Katharine, only daughter of Mr. Wm. Day, to Bertram Garfield Gummer.

LAMONT-COSBIE—Sept. 14, at St. Peter's Church, Toronto, by Ven. Archdeacon Boddy, assisted by Rev. Laurance B. Ekey, of Ste. Anne's, Florence Louisa, only daughter of R. H. Cosbie, to Wm. Hector, son of Mr. Hector Lamont, of Toronto.

MACDONALD-DAFOE—At Aultsville, Ont., Sept. 14, by Rev. N. Waddell, B.D., assisted by Rev. K. Macdonald, M.D., father of the groom, Mr. J. W. Macdonald, of Montreal, to Miss C. M. Dafoe, of Aultsville.

M'NAUGHT-LOGNON—Sept. 19, at the residence of the bride's mother, Westmount, by Rev. Robt. Campbell, D.D., May Lognon to Robt. H. McNaught, of Montreal.

STEVENS-GEARY—At Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal, Sept. 19, by Rev. Henry Symonds, D.D., vicar of Christ Church, Winifred Mary, daughter of the late Henry Geary, M.A., vicar of St. Thomas', Portman Square, London, Eng., to Henry Norman Stevens, second son of Alfred H. Stevens, Esq., municipal commissioner to His Serene Highness the Nizan of Hyderabad, Deccan, India.

WRIGHT-JORDAN—Sept. 14, at St. Patrick's Church, Que., by the rector, Rev. Father Henning, C.SS.R., J. Renshaw Wright, to Mary Stella, second daughter of J. A. Jordan, all of Quebec.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

BELL—In this city, Sept. 19, Ellen Dwyer, beloved wife of John Bell, aged 69 years. Funeral took place this morning from her late residence, 156 Ottawa Street, at 7.45 a.m., to St. Ann's Church, thence to R. C. Cemetery.

BUCKLEY—In this city, Sept. 19, Ellen Buckley, youngest daughter of the late Timothy Buckley and Sarah Casey, aged 23 years. Funeral from her grandmother's residence, Mrs. Ann Casey, 443 Centre St., on Thursday, Sept. 22, at 7.30 a.m., to St. Gabriel's Church, and thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

BUTTERIS—In this city, Sept. 20, Ethelred Harold Butteris, aged 62, formerly of St. John's, Nfld. Funeral will take place from 347 St. Denis St., on Thursday, Sept. 22, at 2.30 o'clock.

CHABOT—Sept. 18, Joseph Chabot, aged 77 years. Funeral will leave his late residence, 87 St. Hubert Streeet, on 21st, at 8.30, for St. James' Church, and thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery.

DRUMMOND—At 1009 Dorchester Street, on the 17th instant, William Harvey, aged 3 years and 8 months, dearly beloved son of Doctor and Mrs. William Henry Drummond.

HENRY—At the Hotel Dieu, Sept. 19, John Henry, beloved husband of Rose Ann Callaghan. New York and New Jersey papers please copy.

HOLLAND—At his father's residence, 308 Magdalen Street, Edwin Joseph (Bob), the last and youngest son of Edwin Holland. Funeral private.

KRAUSE—In this city, Sept. 20, Karl August Krause, aged 79 years, born in Zittau, Saxony. Funeral from his son-in-law's residence, 507 Victoria Ave., on Thursday, Sept. 22, at 2.30 p.m. Boston, New York and Toronto papers please copy.

LAUER—In this city, on 20th September, 1904, Walter, third son of the late Edward Lauer, aged 21 years. Funeral on Thursday, 21st instant, at 3 p.m., from the parlors of Tees & Co., 300 St. James Street, to Mount Royal Cemetery. 223x

MUSSEN—Sunday, Sept. 18, at the residence of Mr. William Dowie (Ellerslie), Waterloo, P.Q., Louis Franklin, of Molsons Bank, only son of the late Rev. Canon Mussen, M.A., D.C.L., aged 21 years.

NOEL—On 365 Bourgeois St., Point St. Charles, Sept. 20, Mary A. Gosse, beloved wife of Aaron Noel. Funeral from above address on Thursday, 22nd inst., at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice. Newfoundland, New York, East Hampton and Toronto papers please copy.

DEATHS ELSEWHERE.

BARRETT—At Berlin, Sept. 18, Adeline Shuh, wife of W. H. Barret, aged 51 years.

BOND—Sept. 16, at Ottawa, Mrs. Bertie Bond, widow of Jos. Bond, Almonte, aged 62 years.

BURNS—Sept. 16, at Ottawa, Eliza J. Magee, aged 75, beloved wife of John Burns, of the Department of Inland Revenue.

LATCHFORD—At Toronto, Sept. 16, James Latchford, aged 30 years.

MACTAVISH—At Kenmore, Ont., Sept. 15, Archibald, Livingstone, MacTavish, aged 64.

MATTHEWS—Acidentally drowned at Bad Axe, Mich., on Thursday, Sept. 15, William Hudson Matthews, youngest son of the late George Matthews, Esq., of Mount Victoria, Hudson, Que.

MONK—In Hamilton, Sept. 16, William, youngest son of the late John Monk, advocate, of this city.

PRATTEN—At Quebec, Sept. 17, Mary, wife of Henry J. Pratten, Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Peace.

WEST—At Thornhill, Ont., Sept. 15, Mary, wife of the late R. A. West, in her 83rd year, after a brief illness.

WILKINSON—Sept. 16, at her residence, Windsor, Ont., Wilhelmina Adelaide Lisare, widow of the late Alexander Wilkinson, P.L.S., aged 74 years.

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is interesting—so is lady charlotte gelatine.

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THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS

Important Catalogue Sale
—OF—
Unredeemed Pledges

The undersigned have received instructions from ARONSON & RUTENBERG, Pawnbrokers, 601 CRAIG ST., to sell by public auction, at their salesrooms, 241 and 243 ST. JAMES ST., on

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 21 and 22, 1904. Sales each day at 2 and 7 p.m.

The balance of the Unredeemed Pledges for the months of July, August, till September 16, 1903, being from Pledge No. 4,883 to 10,119, consisting of a collection of Ladies' and Gents' Watches in Walthams, Elgins, Appleton Tracoys, P. S. Bartletts, Crescent Strs., C.P.R. Specials, Agassiz, English and Patent Lever movements; an assortment of Diamond and Gold Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Brooches, Studs, Cuff Buttons, Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Chains and Lockets, Silverware and Cutlery, Opera and Field Glasses, Revolvers, Photograph Instruments, Tools, Suits, Dress Coats and Vests, Overcoats, Fur-Lined Overcoats, Raccoon, Lamb and Seal Jackets, Fur-Lined Capes; Collarettes in Mink, Sable and Beaver; Fur Caps, Musical Instruments in Violins, Mandolins, Guitars, 'Cellos, Zithers and Accordeons, Dresses, Dress Goods, Blankets, Quilts, Satchels, Boots and Shoes.

Catalogues can be had from the Auctioneers, 241 and 243 St. James Street, or from Aronson & Rutenberg, 601 Craig Street.

Goods on view MONDAY and up to hour of sale.

RAE & DONNELLY, Auctioneers.

We call your particular attention to the large collection of Diamonds, Jewellery and Clothing composing this sale.

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In order to encourage the study of Literary English, and to cultivate skill in essay writing, among those who have not the opportunity of taking the work in school or university, a class to meet weekly will be formed at Shortell's Academy, 2677 St. Catherine st. Write for circular.

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896 DORCHESTER STREET,
Will open September 26th. Pupils wishing to enter the classes are requested to make application at once to the Principal, Miss Dow, between the hours of 2 and 4 and 7 and 8 p.m.

Individual Evening Instruction

On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, in all Commercial Subjects, Typewriting, and Shorthand, in both languages begins on Monday, Sept. 26th, at

The Montreal Business College

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J. D. DAVIS, Principal.

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Principal—Henry W. Anden, M.A., Cambridge, and late of Fettes' College, Edinburgh.
The College reopens Thursday, September 8th, 1904. Regular Staff of 14 University graduates, together with special instructors. Fifty acres of grounds. Separate Infirmary. Physician and Trained Nurse. PREPARATORY SCHOOL with separate Building Staff and Equipment. Examination for Entrance Scholarships Saturday, September 10th, 1904. Special Scholarships for sons of old pupils. For Calendar and particulars, apply to THE BURSAR, Upper Canada College, Deer Park, Toronto.
A Master will be in attendance at the College each Thursday from 2 to 4.30 p.m., to enter pupils and give information.

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A choice selection of
VERY FINE CUT GLASSWARE
All very handsome designs, beautifully cut and remarkably low in price, each piece sparkling, brilliant. The selection includes:
Bon-bon Dishes, Sugars and Creams, Olive Dishes, Mustards, Spoon Holders, Salts (all sizes), Knife Rests (all sizes), Large and Small Perfume Bottles, Flower Vases (large, medium and small sizes), Almond Dishes, Long Vases from 12 inches, with other lines yet to arrive.
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Neuralgia, Sciatica, Inflammatory Muscular, Lumbago, Gout, Stiff Neck, Sprains, Sore Throat, Etc., Etc.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
Price 25 and 50 cents.

WENT TO IRELAND ALONE AT 73 YEARS TO LEARN HIS EXACT AGE

Mr. James Frissick Seeks His Boyhood's Haunts After a Half-Century in Canada and Finds Scarce a Trace of Change

There passed through Montreal a day or two ago, on his way to his quiet Ontario farm, a man who at seventy-three had been back to Ireland, to his native village, alone and without stopping or turning aside on the way there or the way back, simply for the purpose of learning his exact age. He had not been in Ireland, had scarcely been out of Canada, for half a century. He left the old island a penniless young man; he went back to it with wealth enough to keep him in brilliant affluence for the rest of his days.

He is Mr. Jos. Frissick, of Medonta, some fourteen miles from Orillia, Ont. He is seventy-three years of age, a fact he did not learn until a few weeks ago.

Mr. Frissick told an interesting story to a representative of The Herald. Exactly fifty years ago last winter he landed in Canada by way of New York, he tramped across the ice on the St. Lawrence, amid the most deadly cold, and with only the proverbial shilling in his pocket, eventually he obtained work on a farm near Bowmanville, Ont., with one of his own countrymen, and he set himself to achieve the object for which he emigrated—competence and independence.

Shilling after shilling was saved, and when the coinage was altered, dollar after dollar. In time he bought his farm, and now in his declining years, he is comfortably settled near Orillia.

TO IRELAND TO LEARN HIS AGE.

Three months ago Mr. Frissick did not know his age, and so in the jubilee of his immigration, he determined to find it out. Journeying alone he returned to the little island whence he came, and visited the old village in his native Derry. The registrar told him he was seventy-three. He saw neither England nor Scotland, he did not go as far as Liverpool, simply disembarked and embarked at Moville.

"Derry is in a backward state," he said. "I saw them still harvesting with the old sickle, and I did not see a single reaper. In my native village the same houses were standing. There were no new ones and the thatch seemed the same.

"In spite of the vast emigration from Ireland, and to show the longevity of the Irishman, I met no fewer than eleven people I knew as a boy.

"Of the potatoes, the butter and the pork, I thought a good deal, but other products are better in Canada. There seemed no progress, and though I love my native land dearly, I was glad to get back to Canada.

THE HERALD HIS PAPER.

"I was only once outside of Canada before, since I arrived in the Dominion. That was when I visited the United States. But I didn't feel at home, for though I bought every newspaper in sight, I could find no news of Canada. I came back disgusted. I thought the Yankees cared about hearing of nobody but themselves.

"Now when I came here fifty years ago I bought a Montreal Herald, and I have bought it ever since. I found in it some news of old Ireland and I find it still. Though I wouldn't want to live there again, still I like to read about it.

"You may think it queer that I should take The Herald, for I am a Conservative, but I have my own views of things, and can make up my mind for myself. Some of the other people around take the Globe, but I shall always stick to The Herald."

N.B. BAPTISTS MAY UNITE FORCES

Question Was Brought Up at the General Baptist Convention

The position of the Free Baptist Church in the Maritime Provinces was very interestingly set forth at the general conference for New Brunswick, which closed last Sunday. In Nova Scotia there appears to be a strong feeling of unrest, working in favor of union with the other Baptist congregations.

Rev. J. B. Merrill, the delegate of the N. S. F. B. Conference said the Free Baptists of Nova Scotia were growing less, the church was shrinking, and the prospects were that they would become extinct on account of absorption and amalgamation by and with other denominations. There are only six F. B. pastors now in Nova Scotia. They were looking with great interest toward the action of this conference in regard to Baptist union, and he thought there was no doubt that if union was accomplished in New Brunswick it would lead to a union of the Free Baptists with the Baptists in Nova Scotia and the United States.

The New Brunswick F. B. Church is by no means so languishing. It, however, passed a motion favoring a broad measure of Baptist union, with only two dissenting voices.

The report of Rev. Jos. McLeod, secretary, showed the following statistics: There are within the province 145 churches. Only 124 have reported. They are grouped in 38 pastorates. Seven pastorates have one church each, five pastorates have two churches each; the others have each from three to six churches and preaching stations; 100 churches have had more or less pastoral care. The others have had only occasional preaching and no pastoral care. One new church has been organized, at Beaconsfield, Victoria Co. Four churches have become extinct during the year. The membership of the reporting churches is 9,056. The additions during the year were 237, the net gain being 47. Revivals have been experienced in 34 churches. There were baptized during the year 196. Four new church buildings were dedicated during the year, at Geary, Sunbury Co.; Gaspereaux, Queens Co.; North Lake, York Co., and Corn Hill, Kings Co. Two new ones are now in course of construction, at Marysville, York Co., and at Rowena, Victoria Co. There has been raised during the year a total sum of $30,854.38 for the following purposes: Salaries, $13,441.99; current church expenses, $3,756.05; buildings and improvements, $8,823.57; home missions, $370.27; foreign missions, $284.63; conference fund, $670.07; Women's Missionary Society, $1,410.98; other funds, $1,163.63. There were 11 licentiates. Two ministers died during the year, Rev. T. J. Parsons, for twenty years pastor of the Waterloo Street Church, St. John, and Rev. J. S. Jones.

SEASIDE TRAIN SERVICE

Between Montreal and the Lower St. Lawrence Discontinued.

The Intercolonial Railway announces that on Saturday next the 17th inst., the evening train for the seaside resorts on the Lower St. Lawrence, viz.: Riviere du Loup, Murray Bay, Cacouna, Bic and Little Metis, leaving here at 7.45 p.m., will make its last trip of the season and that after Monday the 19th inst., the afternoon train from Little Metis and intermediate points arriving here at 7.00 a.m., will be discontinued for the season.

FREE THINKERS' CONGRESS.

Rome, Sept. 21.—The Congress of Free Thinkers assembled here yesterday at the Roman College, erected by Pope Gregory XIII. There were over 5,000 delegates present, the Frenchmen alone numbering about 1,000. Spain had 300 representatives and ten delegates came from America. Professor Sergi presided and delivered an address, which was warmly applauded, glorifying the triumphs of science over superstition. He hailed the fall of temporal power, condemned Catholicism as prehistoric, and protested against war, ending with advocating an indissoluble alliance of nations and the universal brotherhood of the peoples.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SHOW DAYS AT THE BIG STORE.—These are show days at Carsley's, and it's a sight worth coming miles to see. Here are groups of exquisite Hats, fresh from their trip across the ocean—direct from the hands of the Parisian artists who designed them. Elegant "Marie Antoinettes," dashing, stylish "Gainsboroughs," select "Directories." In the mantle salon there are many distinguished groups of Costumes and Coats, dainty conceptions that only the fertile brain of a French genius could imagine, or the nimble fingers of a Parisian artist create. Moderation in prices seems to be the keynote in The Carsley Show of Hats, Costumes and Coats of this season.

LORD ROSEBERY ON CHAMBERLAINISM

Present Agitation for Preferential Trade Becoming Ridiculous

London, Sept. 21.—Lord Rosebery, speaking at Lincoln, said Mr. Chamberlain began ringing the Imperial chime and telling the country it would be criminal to neglect the offer of the colonies, and in the second place that the preferential tax included a tax on food. All evidence was entirely against this hypothesis. If the colonies had come to the Motherland and asked them in the interests of Imperial unity to consider whether it was not possible to find some method for the mutual exchange of products that would have been worthy of consideration. There was no offer from the colonies and leading authorities in Canada and Australia had given no evidence that they intended such. The leader of the Opposition in Canada had declared in favor of the Chamberlain policy, which implied that the Laurier Government was not in favor of the scheme. The Chamberlain agitation had been proved the baseless fabric of a drama. He considered that the tax on the food of the people was not in the interests of the Empire, but the most dissolving and disintegrating influence that could be applied to the Empire. The agitation was becoming a little ridiculous. It had left the region of argument and entered the region of farce. This was not the way to raise great Imperial issues. It was not Imperialism, but Empiricism.

PRESS COMMENT.

The Standard, referring to Lord Rosebery's speech, says he had no difficulty in showing that the so-called offer of the colonies was a figment of the protectionist imagination. "We agree," adds the Standard, "a serious definite demand from the colonies for Imperial and preferential tariff would deserve to be seriously considered in this country, though we might not accept it. We have positive evidence that there would be strenuous resistance on the part of Canadian manufacturers to a further lowering of the tariff in favor of their British competitors."

The Graphic says that if Rosebery read colonial newspapers he would have been saved from making so many mis-statements.

The Times, combatting Rosebery's statement that the colonial offer rests only on the conference of 1902, says it rests on the visible evidence of preferential treatment as accorded by more than one self-governing colony; also the avowed colonial readiness to enter into negotiations, and lastly, on Mr. Drummond's speech. Mr. Chamberlain's policy is based on a policy already adopted by the colonies, and is not to be dismissed by flouts and jeers.

THEY AIDED CHARITY.

A List of Those Who Gave Prizes to Verdun Hospital.

The management of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane wish to thank the following ladies and gentlemen who contributed to the prize fund: James M. Aird, John F. Alexander, Joseph Allen, H. Bernstein, Edward Askey, A. Bowes & Co., Jonathan Brown, G. B. Burland, Allan Cameron, James A. Cantlie, Caverhill & Learmont, Chase & Sanborn, James Cochrane, C. R. Cornell, the Crescent Manufacturing Company, Limited, Darling & Brady, Davis & Lawrence Company, Dominion Bridge Company, Sir Geo. A. Drummond, John Duncan & Co., H. H. & A. S. Ewing, Mrs. S. Filgate, Mrs. H. E. Fraser, Gault Brothers Company, Limited, Duncan Gordon, Greenshields, Limited, Charles Gurd, Hartt & Adair Coal Co., Hyslop & Hunter, S. Hyman, Alfred Joyce, Horace Lamb, Lockerby Brothers, Limited, Lyman, Knox Company Limited, McArthur, Corneille & Co., James A. McGee, Mariatt & Armstrong, Mrs. A. S. Masterman, Robert Mitchell Company, Limited, James Moore, A. E. Morris, John Murphy & Co., George C. Nicholson, Miss Orkney, Hugh Paton, George R. Prowse, J. Rattray & Co., Robert Reford Company, Limited, F. Robertson, George D. Rose & Co., Louis Rubenstein, Wm. Scott & Sons, Charles A. Smart, W. Stethem, Tooke Brothers, Limited, J. J. Tilley & Son, the Hon. J. K. Ward, H. A. Wilder & Co., J. C. Wilson & Co., Limited, C. Alexander, Sir Montagu Allan, the American Tobacco Company, Limited, Henry Birks & Sons, W. R. Brock Company, Limited, Bruneau, Currie & Co., J. H. Burland, the Canada Paint Company, Limited, Dr. H. B. W. Carmichael, Christie, Brown & Co., Limited, Constantin & O'Breen, the Misses Crawford, Wm. Currie, Thomas Davidson Manufacturing Company, Limited, Mr. T. A. Dawes, Misses Dow, Drummond, McCall & Co., F. C. Emberson, Wm. Ewing & Co., Mrs. E. Finley, Fraser, Viger & Co., Henry Gatehouse, Hugh Graham, Mrs. John Greenshields, Hanson Brothers, R. Hemsley, Jonathan Hodgson, C. Arthur Jaques, Jas. Kenehan, the Laing Manufacturing Company, G. R. Locker, McArthur & Co., R. Macaulay, Bartlett McLennan, Martel-Stewart Co., Masterman Packing Company, Mrs. J. H. R. Molson, H. Morgan & Co., Henry Morton, Albert D. Nelson, James A. Ogilvy & Sons, J. Palmer & Son, Pugsley, Dingman & Co., G. W. Reed & Co., R. G. Reid, James Robertson Company, Limited, Mrs. James Ross, W. O. Ryde, H. Shorey & Co., Wm. Smith, James Tasker, R. J. Tooke, Hugh Vallance, Watson, Foster Company, Limited, James Williamson, C. A. Workman Charles M. Alexander, John Allan, B. Herbert Ames, Barnard & Holland Co., the Bovril, Limited, John Brodie, W. J. Buchanan, J. V. Calcutt, the Canadian Rubber Company, S. Carsley, Chapman-Dart Co., E. S. Clouston, James Coristine & Co., Limited, James B. Creighton, Darling Brothers, J. Try-Davies, Wm. Dow & Co., W. Drysdale & Co., George Eeplin, N. K. Fairbank Co., Mark Fisher, Sons & Co., Gall, Schneider Oil Company, Limited, Gibb & Co., F. E. Grafton & Sons, L. O. Grothe & Co., Robert Harrower, Randolph Hersey, Hodgson, Sumner & Co., Limited, Henri Jonas & Co., G. M. Kinghorn, C. W. Lindsay, Peter Lyall, Alex. McArthur & Co., Limited, Sir W. C. Macdonald, the Major Manufacturing Company, Limited, James Mason, Meakins, Sons & Co., the Montreal Electric Company, D. Morrice, Munderloh & Co., Alex. Nelson & Co., G. Olds, J. J. M. Pangman, E. L. Pease, W. E. Ramsay, R. Reford, H. W. Reynolds, A. F. C Ross, Dr J. J. Ross, George W. Sadler, J. Cradock Simpson, Wm. Tees, R. Turner, Wallace & Wills, Richard White, Daniel Wilson, W. & J. S. Wylie, J. H. Chapman, Thomas Pearson, John Dillon, A. G. Spalding & Bros.

We deliver bread to any address. James Strachan Bakers to Royalty.

7,000 OXEN FOR A BIBLE.

The Thibetans do not display much energy. They do things on an extensive scale, but do not hurry in the doing. Take their Bible, for instance. It is doubtful if it will ever be sold at a shilling a copy, as ours. It is called the Kah-gyur, and consists of 1,683 books. These, however, are classified into 108 volumes, each volume measuring 26 inches long by 8 inches broad by 8 inches thick. A certain tribe of Mongols purchased a copy of the Kah-gyur. They paid 7,000 oxen for it, and it formed a good load for a dozen yaks when they came to take it home. It is printed from wooden blocks more or less carefully carved. These blocks are stored in whole rows of houses, which in themselves form quite a respectable little town. But it is no use buying the Kah-gyur unless you buy the official commentary on it also, which is absolutely necessary if you would understand what you read. This small extra consists of 225 large volumes. Then you will want a hymn book—or, rather, the hymn book. This consists of 100,000 songs, mostly in praise of gods, with hints as to the making of magic circles. When you have studied all this collection carefully, together with a large number of revelations, which form a supplement to the Bible, you are in a fair way to becoming a religious man.

FRANKLIN COUNTY FAIR, MALONE, N.Y.

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RATHER EMBARRASSING.

A lady giving a fancy dress ball placed a servant at the door to announce the entering costumes. Two ladies appeared in ordinary evening dress. "What costume?" asked the servant. "We are not in costume," was the reply. "Two ladies without costume," shouted the servant.

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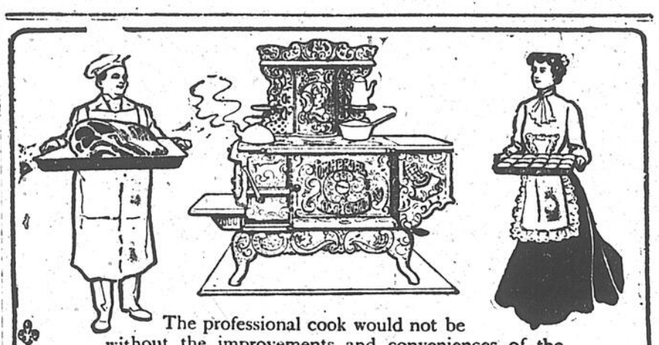
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A CHANCE FOR MR. BORDEN.

The exposure in the election courts of the plot concocted in Buffalo to unseat the Liberal member in North Grey came at a bad time for Mr. R. L. Borden. During his Western Ontario tour the Conservative leader has devoted considerable attention to the corrupt practices revealed in North Perth and in Sault Ste. Marie, and by implication, if not in so many words, has conveyed his impression that the wrong-doing in the Ontario bye-elections was all on one side. What will he have to say of the men who deliberately plotted the North Grey charges and attempted by perjury to give them effect against innocent men? The story of wholesale bribery told by Nelson and Mulloy, the Buffalo experts, was torn to pieces in the court room. The discrepancies in the dates and charges were made perfectly clear, and the remarks of the judges were scathing to a degree rarely noted in a Canadian court room. The trial has been adjourned until October 31, because the Conservatives were unprepared to follow up the case after the exposure of the conspiracy. In the meantime, however, the province is no doubt waiting to hear what the Conservative leader thinks of such tactics to unseat an opponent. While he is on the subject of electoral corruption he should not fail to discuss this latest evidence of the evil. And he is now in the neighborhood where public attention is strongly directed to the subject.

DUNDONALD AND THE MILITIA ACT.

Whatever else may be said about them, Mr. Borden and some of his newspaper advocates are not lacking in audacity. Mr. Borden finds it in his heart to pose in Ontario as the apostle of electoral purity at the very time an Ontario judge is denouncing from the bench a conspiracy of perjury operated by and for the Conservative party there. And some of his newspaper supporters have the hardihood to claim that Lord Dundonald is the real author of the new Militia Act, when they know very well that he fought that act, and openly tried to get others to fight it.

In the debate over his dismissal, Sir Frederick Borden said, referring to the Dundonald manifesto:

"Not to the Minister, not to the Government—because if he could not get my ear he might have gone to the Prime Minister—but he must make an appeal to the people because, forsooth, in my wisdom I saw fit to introduce into this House a much-needed Militia Bill, and was about to put it through. What was the matter with the General Officer Commanding? He saw in that bill, and learned from my statements in the House, that I approved of a new system which has been adopted in England, by which the services of the Commander-in-Chief are dispensed with, and he took alarm, and was determined, without making an effort to convince me that I was wrong in my proposal, to appeal over my head and beyond the Government to the people, in order to prevent me from carrying the Militia Bill through this House."

This is not consistent with the theory that Lord Dundonald was the author of the act as it now stands. Neither is that view strengthened by the extracts from a document in Lord Dundonald's handwriting, on file at the Militia Department, quoted by The Herald's Ottawa representative elsewhere in this issue. The act as it stands met with the approval of the British authorities, with whom Sir Frederick conferred. Lord Dundonald's proposals were wholly at variance with those actually adopted.

He wanted to abolish the militia, even the word, and substitute an "army."

He wanted a standing army of 5,000 men to begin with.

He wanted every youth to be compelled to take at least a hundred drills.

He wanted to multiply, by about six times, the cost of the permanent establishment, an extra charge of a million and a half a year for this item alone.

For voluntary service in the militia in time of peace he wanted substitute a "compulsory service in the army."

He wanted to take from the local authorities the responsibility for calling out the militia in case of local troubles.

And he wanted, as, indeed, his speeches made perfectly clear, no directing council acting with the Canadian Minister, as the new act, like the new British act, provides, but a complete transfer of authority from the Canadian civil power to a British general, acting directly under the King, whose responsibility, that is to say, would be to Great Britain and not to Canada. There was to be an officer of "not less rank than major-general in His Majesty's regular army, who shall be charged with the military command, discipline and military administration and organization of the army," and who should be allowed $10,500 a year and allowances, instead of $4,000, as now.

Naturally, he wanted it to be made very clear that the "militia" (or Canadian army) officer must always be held inferior to an Imperial army officer. With the approval of the War Office, the new act establishes the equality of the Canadian officer with British officers of the same rank.

Great Britain will have no conscription; Dundonald wanted to make a start at it here.

Great Britain insists on Parliamentary control of the army; Dundonald wanted to vest control of the Canadian "army" in a British appointee.

He didn't get his way. He found mere Canadians able to defend Canadian autonomy, and ready to organize an effective defence force without resort to conscription.

The British authorities sided with the Canadian Minister, and turned Lord Dundonald down. He became angry, invited a conflict, was dismissed, attacked the new act and its authors, did all the mischief he could, and left the country when ordered to do so by his British superiors.

And now our Conservative friends claim that he is the author of the new act.

It is sublimely audacious, but it is also flagrantly dishonest. The credit for the new act rests with the man—the men—he chose to traduce.

FIGURES.

President Drummond, of the Manufacturers' Association, last night quoted from an advance copy of the census returns as to industrial establishments, and, with the object of proving, as he said, that manufacturing is no longer of secondary importance, offered the computation that the aggregate output of the manufacturing establishments of Canada is over 481 million dollars, or only thirty millions less than all the other production of the Dominion, agricultural, mineral, dairying, forest and fisheries.

The statement looks wrong on the face of it, and looks worse when tested by the figures Mr. Drummond gives.

To begin with, he says this is the product of 344,095 work people. Are we to seriously accept the statement that the production of these had a value almost equal to that of all the rest of the population? Evidently not. We all work pretty hard in this country, and the results obtained in factories are not five times as great as those obtained elsewhere.

Secondly, the wages of these workpeople amounted to 113 millions. All the rest of the 481 millions, therefore, must have been derived from materials produced either in Canada or abroad. When it comes to comparative production, therefore, is not the 113 millions, plus fair profits of capital, the fair allowance for manufacturing industry, if its importance is to be measured against that of all other vocations, combined?

Thirdly, the total of 481 millions is evidently obtained by adding together the outputs of factories engaged in various processes. The output of leather from the tannery is added to the output of shoes from the factory, making perhaps ten dollars, in Mr. Drummond's calculation, for a pair of shoes that sells for five. Add together the cost of pig iron, and the cost of the steel made from it, and the cost of the rails or machinery made from the steel, and you get an aggregate output representing two or three times the cost of the rails or machinery, which cost must and does include all the others.

Mr. Drummond's handling of the figures about manufacturing are not exactly luminous. But that need not matter were it not that his use of them prepared those to whom they were addressed for the bland and modest declaration of Mr. Gurney that the manufacturers "ought to constitute themselves a governing body of this country" instead of the present Government, or even a Government conducted by an Opposition which is "looking round and wondering as to what would be popular, what would catch votes."

Granted the importance of the manufacturing interests, granted a general desire to help them judiciously, the country is still a long way too big to be governed in the exclusive interests of 344,095 workmen, drawing $113,283,146, or the excellent employers who manage the expenditure of that sum in wages.

BETTER PAY FOR THE TEACHERS

It is a matter of congratulation that the Protestant Board of School Commissioners have seen fit to make a general increase in the salaries of the teachers under their control, despite the great difficulties which they necessarily encounter in financing the work which they supervise. Teachers' salaries in Quebec are ridiculously low, considering the importance of their work, and raising them in one section of the province makes it easier to do something in another. In Ontario and Quebec of late years the cry has been that competent and wide-awake teachers would not remain in the profession. Men were leaving it almost entirely to women, except in high schools, and while admitting that women were as well or better qualified for some branches of the work, it was found exclusive teaching by women was not always the best thing for a boy or girl.

The reason was not hard to find. Wages were offered teachers which a common tradesman would laugh at, and men of spirit and progressiveness would not remain in a profession which barely yielded them a living when other callings were offering good salaries for men and women of ability. So the progress of absorbing the best elements in the staffs of schools went on, until the people were forced to notice it, and began to call a halt. Now a demand for more male teachers in the schools is slowly growing louder, better teachers and other than the lowest tenderers are now being sought, and as a result salaries are slowly getting to be what they should be.

The remarkable fact is that they have not been raised to their proper level long since. Few people nowadays are not interested in the educational and moral progress of their children, and few do not regard the school as the most important instrument in this progress. The heart of the school, of course, is the teacher, and so people demand for this position one whom they can rely on to shape their children's minds in the proper directions, and train them for the purpose of meeting life. And yet for such a person they expect to pay a salary so low that they are almost ashamed in many cases to name it. This, however, is only a matter of habit, and was due first to the supply of teachers being so much greater than the demand, and the fact that the country was not growing fast enough to attract brighter minds to other channels. But as these things are now changed, and people are realizing that it is a bad habit they have fallen into, there is hope that soon there will be a great change for the better, and that salaries will be paid which will keep contented with their lot the best teachers in the profession, so that only the best will be employed. To-day's school boys are tomorrow's voters, and we cannot afford to give them anything but the best possible training and culture in our schools.



JOHN CHINAMAN'S NEUTRALITY.

Madame Europa—Glad to hear, John, that you are not harboring any of these pugilists.

John—Bless your heart, ma'am, they have been fighting in my back yard for the last six months!

—London Punch.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Canada is with Laurier.

The sacred city of Mukden is now the scared city of Mukden.

The reports of Mr. Borden's meetings show that while he takes some members with him, they are only those who could not possibly expect to be taken into a Cabinet. Evidently he does not wish to intrude upon the jealousies of the others.

Mr. Olivier Dufresne, who died suddenly this morning, was a most valuable civic official. He was always anxious to please, but he showed on several important occasions a marked capacity for resistance. If things are better at the Hall than they were, much of the credit is due to him.

There should be a strict investigation into the latest fire loss. The greatest precautions were taken to keep any possible fire in the hardware store from spreading to the Chaput warehouse, yet the Chaput stock is ruined. It is incumbent on Chief Benoit to show why he did not confine the fire to the building where it broke out, and why, in so well arranged a building as that of Chaput Fils, it was necessary to flood the whole building. There was an explosion of powder, it is true, but that fact alone is not enough, from what is known at present, to account for what happened. The efficiency of the brigade, or at least the efficiency of its leadership, is put in doubt by this fire, and the doubt ought not to be allowed to continue.

Tne Deadly Whiskey.

The movements of the prison van to and from the Court House have during the past few days been of more than usual attraction to the crowd of idlers who spend so much of their leisure there, hunting for incidents with which to punctuate the hours of daylight. Indeed there has been considerable increase to the ranks, and that, too, by members of the community who are not to be looked upon as of the regular class of idlers. Not a few women of by no means the lower classes, have daily thronged the little plot of flowers and grass, there to crane their necks at every move shown within the doorway opposite which the "Black Maria" stands.

A man was on trial for his life.

That morbid curiosity which seems inherent in the human, brought those well-dressed, evidently well-reared women, from their homes, in the hope of catching even a momentary glance of the man who had killed the woman he had sworn to love, honor and cherish.

It only lent additional sadness to the sorrowful story.

A few had what satisfaction there can be. It was the last chance. Hogue has been allowed two months to ponder over his wasted life and its horrible closing crime, ere he is sent out of the world at the hands of the common hangman.

Here the advocates of that temperance whoch has been of such incalculable benefit to so many men and women, have still another peg on which to set out the ill results of over-indulgence in strong drink. For there can be no doubt that it was the deadly spirituous extract of the grain that sent Hogue's wife to her grave, and he himself to the scaffold. "Hogue bought nothing at my store but whiskey," one witness explained to the court. The terrible passion for strong drink has truly numbered many victims. And the end is not yet told.

Our whiskey factories will continue to run overtime. —Roxburgh.

Progressive Richmond.

Mr. A. L. Lance, of Richmond, proprietor of the Richmond Times, has purchased the Hamilton block, a three-storey building, and one of the finest business blocks in the town of Richmond. Mr. Lance has fitted the building up as a modern newspaper office, with three presses run by electric motor. The Times has now finer offices and for a flat press better equipment than can be found in any other town in the Eastern Townships.

Luckily the Door Closed.

The office boy put the wastepaper basket down. "I would like," said he, with one eye on the football match list, "to go to a funeral to-day, Mr. Cranke." "You won't, though," replied the cold-hearted manager. "I know it," said the office boy, "but I would like to, just the same." "Whose funeral?" asked Mr. Cranke. "Yours," replied the office boy. Then the door closed hastily between them.

The Winter Nights.

The season is fast approaching when the most comfortable place of an evening will be indoors. To thousands of young men this means that they must spend their time in their boarding-house bedroom or in one of their fellow-boarder's rooms. This gets monotonous, and drives many a young fellow to the saloon. Where else can he go? There is a choice of one or two other places—the Y.M.C.A. for example. But this institution, for all the earnestness of its effort and the nobility of its purpose, does not appeal to all. And if it did, it could not accommodate them. The Monument National classes account for a few. But what about the crowd? They really have no respectable form of entertainment or means of social intercourse open to them. In most Old Country towns and cities may be found "coffee houses"—places where a man can go at any time till ten or eleven o'clock of an evening, get anything he wants to eat and drink, with the exception of intoxicating liquors, at moderate prices, can indulge in a quiet smoke and read, or in any kind of indoor game, can amuse or instruct himself in many ways, and be sure of a clear head in the morning. These places pay for themselves, are free of any taint of patronage or charity, and form one of the best counter-attractions to the saloon ever conveived. And the customers do not spend all their wages there either. Man is a gregarious animal, and social intercourse is as necessary as food. To obtain it there must be a place to meet. City councils in other places have successfully promulgated schemes of this nature; co-operative societies have done the same thing. Why should not a similar scheme succeed in Montreal? Once started, they will run themselves. But it's the start that's needed.

—Radical.

A Good Appointment.

The post of secretary of the commission which is to build the eastern division of the Grand Trunk Pacific is an important and responsible one. It was a place which the Government gave a good deal of thought to when organizing the commission. It was a high honor therefore for Mr. P. E. Ryan when he was chosen for the place. Mr. Ryan is a fine type of the young Canadian who is going ahead



MR. P. E. RYAN.

with his country. Though under thirty, he has had a good deal of experience in business and public affairs, and is no novice in matters connected with the business of conducting a railroad.

He was born in Ottawa twenty-eight years ago, and educated at the separate schools and at Ottawa College. He entered the service of the Canada Atlantic Railroad in 1892, taking a place in the mechanical department. His services and ability earned promotion for him, and he was transferred to the operating department, taking a place in the office of the general superintendent in June, 1904. He remained with the Canada Atlantic until 1897, when he left to accept a position in the general purchasing department of the Canadian Pacific in Montreal. He remained in this department for two years. Then he left active railroad work and became private secretary to Hon. F. R. Latchford, Commissioner of Public Works for the Province of Ontario. However, his destiny seemed to lie in the transportation world, for in 1902 the Ontario Government selected him as secretary-treasurer for the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway Commission, which was named by the province for the construction and operation of this road. Mr. Ryan was filling his provincial post with acceptance, when he was called to Ottawa to serve the Canadian public as secretary-treasurer of the commission which is to open the northern portion of the Dominion with a railway, and connect the wheat fields of the west with the ports of the Atlantic.

Trade That Lengthens Life.

The best and healthiest trade in the world is that of dye-making from coal tar. There is no manual work that comes near it, for tar and the smell of it is the best of all tonics and tissue builders. The average life of a tar worker comes out at 86 years. The mortality is 80 per cent. lower than in any other factory trade. Malignant diseases are almost unknown in aniline dye factories, and even in epidemics the workers suffer very little. And there is nothing like a tar works for keeping of influenza. Yet the work of actually making the tar, which falls to the gas and coal works, is virulently unhealthy, because of the sulphur fumes; but when the tar is "finished" it brims with health and strength, and the weakliest men improve while working it. Eighty-six years is a marvellous average when we remember that the average length of life for the whole population is only 49.

By Cote Des Neiges.

The warm afternoon sun fell over the field and threw its rays across Cote des Neiges road. Two cows were standing in the meadow and a strong-muscled woman stood by them, an axe in her hand. She held in the other a stake to which was attached the rope fastened around one of the cow's necks. She pushed the stake into the ground and raised her axe. The strong arm sent it down on the stake and blow after blow sounded through the still, heavy air. Then she leaned against the axe with a man's freedom of motion and looked across the fields, the sunlight flooding the scene, the cows feeding in the green meadow, the glinting leaves in the background, the still figure erect and strong.

I brushed my hand across my eyes. I had seen that before somewhere, the picture, the landscape, but my memory failed me for I could not tell where. I wished for an artist's pencil that I might catch the beauty of it.

Further down the road the sound of a hammer and chisel cutting out the headstone for some poor mortal's grave, kept time to the whistled tune of "Bedelia." Cheerfulness in work is a good motto for all, even gravestone cutters, and with them, too, Hiawatha and Bedelia serve their purpose. I passed the whistler half smiling at the incongruity as I entered the gates of Notre Dame des Neiges cemetery. That strange yellow afternoon sun threw across the whole city of the dead a weirdness that one sees and feels only in this time of the year. Many people were hurrying by me and passing up the slope, and I followed the path appreciating the sentiment in the white marble of the building ahead, "I am the Resurrection and the Life."

When I came out on the upper slope I saw many people assembled at the first station of the cross. The stillness of the air was broken by the singing of pilgrims and the prayers and responses.

Strike across the landscape the crimson-starred green of the forest, glinted here and there by the gold of the sunlight, sloping down to the beaten road and then up again to the slope on the other side, stretching away to scattered trees and white gravestones

That in itself is a picture, but across it paint hundreds of white human face outlines, band it by a human sea through the centre, that sways, or bends, or kneels; send through it the wave of human voices like waves breaking on the sands of the seashore, and pencil on each face the feeling of devotion that has followed them from that first station where Christ is condemned to death to this eleventh one, where he is fastened on the cross.

That warm afternoon sun is lower now. The priests have pointed out the lesson that the eleventh station has to teach. The voices are raised in singing and the pilgrims pass on to that higher slope, and again the waves and sea of faces paint themselves against the background. The crucified Christ, the thieves, the mother of Jesus, and St. John, stand out on the hilltop and the people have fallen on their knees. There is no crudeness in the pictures or statues from this opposite slope, nothing to mar the weirdness of this ceremony. Down on the beaten road an Anglican clergyman has paused from curiosity. He waits a second and then he stands with bared head and listens as reverently as the others to the priest's words. They are singing again and have passed on, but I linger in the stillness and watch the black wave in the distance. It is impossible for any one to tell what feelings sometimes come over him. The statues on the opposite hill stood out in relief against the background of trees and I looked at them with only certain thoughts of my own for company.

It was nearly sunset as I turned into the road leading towards the gates. Here and there women knelt by graves. From one side of the road the fall of dirt into a newly-dug grave broke the stillness painfully. A few men stood uncovered, and a carriage waited.

The Cote des Neiges road looked different to me when I came out on it, and people somewhat different also. We are so much like insects caught in a web and we cannot get out; we must die so entangled. We are pilgrims who pass each station of life to always reach the tomb at last.

—Francis Daor.

Lightly Weave the Wheaten Garland.

Robert Elliott.

Lightly weave the wheaten garland for the brow of one we love,
With it twine the gracious maple touch'd with light from Heaven above,
Crown Our Lady all resplendent with those symbols of her power.
Wheat and maple softly blending, as her own and rightful dower!
Canada reveals bright visions, but there's none of all more sweet
Than the plainsmen busy gleaning o'er her boundless fields of wheat.

Fair and stately shone the pageant when King Solomon, array'd
In his glory, welcomed Sheba's queen with all her cavalcade;
New and dazzling was the splendor when those feudal kings of old,
Brilliant human suns of glory, lit that field "the cloth of gold!"
Yet our eager eyes turn gladly now a fairer scene to greet,
'Tis the plainsmen busy gleaning 'mid the boundless field of wheat.

Ah! the better day is breaking!—now the the earth a shadow flings
Like the phantom of old Sorrow on those revels of her kings;
For their diamonds, gold and pearls sought in desert, pit and flood.
Speak of tears of bitter sorrow, bearing yet the trace of blood;
While 'tis ours to sing of freedom, never slave with fetter'd feet,
Pining, breathes a sigh to Heaven from our boundless fields of wheat.

Wealth appears in forms protean, wearing still a new diguise,
Flying far when need is sorest, bringing oft a glad surprise,
Stealing now in shape alluring from the wood, the sea, the mine,
Yet if ever out of Eden she has worn a form divine,
'Twas when sprang in Manitoba, all with magic power replete,
Blessed earnest of our future, that first ripen'd stalk of wheat.

All its need was loving nurture: finding that the harvest grew
'Neath the sunny smile of morning, 'neath the touch of starry dew,
Till youg Canada, enraptur'd at the radiance of the gleam,
'Mused amid the golden glory of the promise of her dream,
I' 'tis thus so bright and early while the night and morning meet,
Noon shall see the nations feasting on the gleanings of our wheat!

Scarce uplifted is the curtain to display the rolling plains
Conquer'd by a stalwart people having freedom in their veins,
Having freedom in their veins as the peaceful scene unrolls,
Having freedom in their veins which inspireth mighty souls,
Mighty souls that, high and holy, as Time's throbbing pulses beat,
Praise their God, the Lord Almighty, for the blessings of the wheat.

Lightly weave the wheaten garland for the brow of one we love,
With it twine the gracious maple, touch'd with light from Heaven above,
Crown Our Lady all resplendent with those symbols of her power,
Wheat and maple softly blending, as her own and rightful dower;
Canada reveals new visions, but there's none of all more sweet
Than the plainsmen busy gleaning 'mid the boundless fields of wheat.

"ELBERTA" and "CROSBY" PEACHES

Finest Quality Table Peaches
FROM THE COUNTY OF KENT, THE GARDEN OF ONTARIO.
SELECTED NO. 1 PEACHES
In 11 Quart Baskets.....$1.50 per Basket.
First Come, First Served.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

CLARET WINES
(Imported in Wood.)
Bottled by Fraser, Viger & Co.

		Per Pint Bottle.	Per Quart Bottle.	Per case of 12 Bottles.	Per case of 24 ½-Bottles.
Margaux		$0.20	$0.30	$3.50	$4.50
Club Claret		.25	.40	4.50	5.50
Chateau La Gaffeliere, First Growth Saint Emilion	1899	....	.75	8.25	9.25
Pontet Canet	1890	....	.60	6.75	....
Chateau Leoville	1890	....	1.00	10.00	....
Chateau Lafite	1890	....	1.25	13.00	....

(Imported in Glass)

Messrs. C. S. Boshamer, Leon & Co., Bordeaux.

Boshamer's Claret Wines.

Saint Estephe	1898	....	6.00	7.00
Saint Emilion	1898	....	6.50	7.50
Saint Julien	1898	....	6.75	7.75
Pontet Canet	1896	....	9.00	10.00

Nathaniel Johnston & Sons.

Club Claret	....	5.00	6.00
Saint Loubes	....	5.25	6.25
Medoc	.30	5.50	6.50
Margaux	....	5.75	6.75
Pauillac	....	6.00	7.00
Saint Julien	.35	6.25	7.25
Saint Estephe	.40	7.00	8.00
Chateau Dausac	....	9.00	10.00
Superior Saint Julien	.50	10.00	11.00
Pontet Canet	.55	10.50	11.50
Superior Margaux	....	11.00	12.00
Chateau Beychevelle	....	16.00	....
Chateau Ducru Beaucaillou 1884	....	17.00	....
Chateau Leoville	....	18.50	19.50
Chateau Margaux	....	20.00	21.00
Chateau Lafite	....	21.00	22.00

Barton & Guestier.

Floirac	....	5.25	6.25
Medoc	....	5.50	6.50
Margaux	.30	5.75	6.75
Saint Julien	.35	6.25	7.25
Batailley	.45	9.00	10.00
Pontet Canet	.55	10.50	11.50
Chateau Leoville	....	18.50	19.50
Chateau Larose	....	18.50	19.50
Chateau Margaux	....	22.00	23.00
Chateau Lafite	....	22.00	23.00

WHITE WINES
Bottled by Fraser, Viger & Co.

Sauternes		.20	.30	3.50	4.50

Boshamer's Sauterne Wines.

Graves, Superieure	1895	....	6.00	7.00
Barsac	1896	....	6.50	7.50
Sauternes	1896	....	6.75	7.75
Haut Sauternes	1895	....	9.00	10.00

Nathaniel Johnston & Sons.

Graves	....	6.00	7.00
Sauternes	.35	6.25	7.25
Barsac	....	6.50	7.50
Haut Sauternes	.60	11.00	12.00
Chateau Yquem	....	20.00	21.00

Barton & Guestier.

Graves	....	6.00	7.00
Sauternes	.35	6.25	7.25
Barsac	....	8.75	9.75
Haut Sauternes	.65	12.50	13.50
Chateau Qyuem	....	21.00	22.00

All Less 3 per cent. discount for cash.
Remit by Post Office or Express Money Order or Bank Draft.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
Established 1856,

The Nordheimer Building
207, 209 and 211 St. James St.
MONTREAL.

"Crosby" and "Elberta" Peaches
FINEST TABLE PEACHES
In 11 Quart Baskets .....$1.50 per Basket
"Crosby" Peaches....$1.50 per basket "Elberta" Peaches..$1.50 per basket
FRASER, VIGER & CO., 211 St. James Street.

Electric Signs!
Are You Interested? If so, let us call on you with our suggestions.
THE BEST Way to advertise your line successfully.
THE SAYER ELECTRIC CO'Y
FOR EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL.
10, 12, 14 BEAVER HALL HILL
Phones—Main 4546. - - - Night—East 17.

It Matters Little Whether You are Possessor of Little or Much Money When Wanting a
TAILOR-MADE COSTUME
You will be sure to always find one to suit your means, and that of the latest style as well, if you just pay a visit to one of the
4—MARCHAND STORES—4
The cause of difference in prices consists in the quality of the goods employed in making up—the same attention is paid to the cut and finish of each and every garment.
Thus it is that our TAILOR MADE COSTUMES are within the reach of every purse, with the same guarantee of obtaining satisfaction.
The biggest assortment of SKIRTS, CAPES, BLOUSES, MANTLES, COSTUMES, etc., in Montreal.
The only House of its kind in Montreal.
The 4—MARCHAND STORES—4
1871 Notre Dame Street. 2334 St. Catherine Street.
1453 St. Catherine Street. 129 St. Lawrence Street.

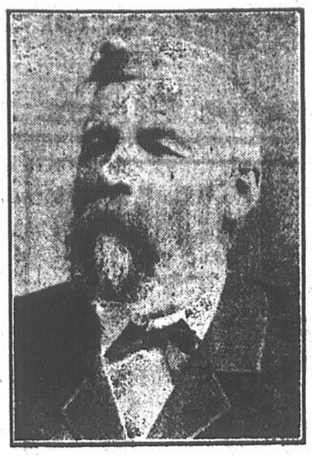
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
3 GREAT BARGAIN DAYS
We only mention a few lines and leave it to you to judge of others here.

NEW DRESS GOODS—"PANAMA." 48 inches wide; blue, black or gray. Import price..... 59c
NEW DRESS GOODS—"HOPSACK" black, cream, navy, drab and gray. Import price..... 59c
NEW COSTUMES, Fancy Tweed, worth $10.00, for.....$6.48
GREY WOOL BLANKETS from.....$1.98
WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, colored borders, 60 x 80. Special to us.....$2.50
FOR 3 DAYS ONLY AT
LECLAIRE'S STORES
223 Main Street,
337 Mount Royal Ave., Corner Mentana
Mail and Telephone Orders Promptly Filled.

One Day's Happenings in the Field of Politics.

LIBERAL CANDIDATES.

A sturdy French-Canadian farmer, the sitting member and next candidate for Missisquoi is known from end to end of his riding, and is decidedly popular. He is a good speaker, and thoroughly understands the needs of his people. He comes of repatriated French-Canadian stock, his parents having returned to Quebec from Vermont shortly before he was born. Mr. Meigs has resided at Farnham for many years, and served several terms as Mayor of the municipality. He was first elected to the House of Commons in 1888, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Clayer, but was defeated at the general election of 1891 by Mr. Baker. In 1896, however, he retrieved the position, winning by a handsome majority, and again carried the seat in 1900.



DANIEL BISHOP MEIGS, M.P.

MR. BORDEN CANNOT COME.

Owing to his engagements in Ontario Mr. R. L. Borden has declined the invitation to attend the banquet of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at the Windsor on Thursday night.

TO RUN IN SASKATCHEWAN.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 21.—Mr. J. H. Lamont, K.C., of Prince Albert, was yesterday nominated at Saskatoon as Liberal candidate for Saskatchewan for the House of Commons.

TO OPPOSE MR. GOURLEY.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Colchester Liberals met in convention yesterday and unanimously nominated Hon. F. A. Laurence for the Federal House. It was a great convention, and the party is ready for the fray, and will win hands down. Mr. Laurence is Speaker of the Local Legislature, and will make a splendid representative.

Mr. Laurence asked and was granted a week to consider the matter. A splendid meeting was held in the evening which was addressed by Hon. J. W. Longley, M. B. Russell, M.P., and Hon. F. A. Laurence.

ST. LAMBERT CONSERVATIVES.

The St. Lambert Conservative Club has elected the following officers: Ex-Mayor Joseph Horsfall, president, re-elected; ex-Mayor E. Perras, vice-president; ex-Mayor A. J. Whimbey, and Councillor Archambault, joint secretaries. Executive committee—Percy Gordon, T. Patenaude, B.C.L.; T. McCallum, H. Bissailon, J. T. R. Hick, F. Trudeau.

MR. BORDEN ON LOCAL OPTION.

Chatham, Ont., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Blenheim, the centre of a recent strenuous agitation resulting in the passing of a local option by-law, was the scene yesterday of a statement by Mr. R. L. Borden with reference to prohibition. The occasion was a question by Rev. G. B. Brown, whose aggressive action and stiff backbone have been the chief elements in the movement in the township of Harwich. Mr. Borden met the questioner at first with a curt reminder that he should go to the Premier of Ontario, but immediately softened his tone and gave a more frank statement. He said the Conservatives always kept their promises, blamed the Liberal Government for breaking theirs on this question, and added that if any Prohibitionist would condone the Government's conduct in the matter he did not want his vote. He added that public opinion must be educated on the question, and said that though not an abstainer, he would sacrifice his individual liberty for the restraint of the liquor evil.

MR. BOLE MAY RESIGN.

Winnipeg, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—It is reported that Mr. Bole will not contest Winnipeg in the Liberal interest, but so far that gentleman refuses to give a decided answer either way, despite the fact that he has accepted the nomination. Should Mr. Bole resign, it will mean that Mr. Puttee, the present labor member, will again be elected, as the people have not taken kindly to the many railway policies of W. Sandford Evans, who has not yet started on active campaign work.

NORTH PERTH LIBERALS.

Listowel, Ont., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Mr. John Brown, ex-M.P.P., was yesterday unanimously re-nominated Liberal candidate for North Perth for the Ontario Legislature.

TORONTO CANDIDATES.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The Conservative candidates for the five rearranged Toronto seats are said to be as follows:—West Toronto, E. F. Clarke, M.P.; North, E. B. Osler, M.P.; East, A. E. Kemp, M.P.; Centre, George E. Gooderham and South, Lieut.-Col. Mason. It is generally understood that Mr. W. R. Brock, the sitting member for the centre riding will retire from politics at the close of this Parliament. He is well past sevent and has great business interests, besides which his course during the past few years has greatly weakened him amongst the labor elements.

BIG MEETING IN CUMBERLAND.

Pugwash, N.S., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The campaign in Cumberland was opened here to-night by a great meeting addressed by H. J. Logan, M.P. and E. M. McDonald, M.P.P. The largest hall in town could not hold the crowd, many being turned away. Mr. Logan met with a splendid reception from his constituents and the speeches of both gentlemen were of a high order and were enthusiastically received. A vote of thanks was moved by Mr. Alex. Wilson, ex-Warden of the county, an influential Scotchman and up to the present time one of the leading Conservatives of the province, but who is now supporting Mr. Logan. The hearty welcome extended to the two gentlemen shows that the Liberal prospects for success in this constituency are excellent.

HON. MR. FISHER AT SHERBROOKE.

Sherbrooke, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Hon. S. A. Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, was in town yesterday and conferred with the leading Liberals in Sherbrooke and Stanstead counties in connection with the coming elections.

A delegation of Liberals in Compton and Waterville, waited upon Mr. F. G. Gale and asked that he allow his name to be placed in nomination for the Liberal candidate of Compton county. Mr. Gale has promised to give his answer shortly.

Orange Meat
Save Tea Coupons

MR. MONET'S DECISION FINAL.

Mr. Dominique Monet writes that he finds it impossible to accede to the repeated requests of his constituents that he reconsider his decision to retire, and again become the Liberal candidate in Laprairie, Napierville. In his public statement he says:

"I may say yesterday I opened a new law office in St. Jean, P.Q., with Mr. L. A. Gosselin and that I intend to devote myself exclusively to the practice of my profession.

"You may say, therefore, that my resolve to retire from politics is firm. I had determined upon it more than six months ago, and announced it to the public at a meeting of my electors held on the 17th inst."

D. MONET.

MR. BORDEN AT CHATHAM.

Chatham, Ont., Sept. 21.—Amidst a heavy rainstorm Mr. R. L. Borden was welcomed to this city last night. Despite the weather a procession, headed by a band met the Conservative leader at the station and escorted him to the opera house. A large audience had assembled to hear the leader's speech, and he was repeatedly cheered during the course of an hour and a half's address in which he dealt at length with the transportation question, the tariff and the recent revelations of electoral corruption in Ontario.

Dr. A. W. Thornton acted as chairman and brief addresses were given by Mr. H. S. Clements, Conservative candidate for West Kent and others. The meeting broke up at a late hour with cheers for Mr. Borden.

M'GILL'S LIST OF STARS AND PASSES

Matriculation Results Were Made Known Yesterday —Summer Classes

The results of the matriculation examinations in the faculties of Arts, Medicine and Applied Science of McGill University were made known yesterday. They are as follows:—

The following students have passed in the faculty of arts:—Brown, Theodora; Brunet, Gilbert A.; Ekers, Henry Austin; Gordon, Walter Hetherington; Hancock, Thomas; Hawkins, Frank E.; Jackson, J. Gertrude; Morison, Wm. Ralph; Paterson, Edward W.; Penny, Arthur Goff; Rice, Leroy; Rogers, Norman; Simpson, James Crawford; McMahon, Edward; Thomson, Joseph Oscar; Wood, Alex. Campbell (B. Arch. course); Vipond, Wm. S.

The following have been conditioned in the faculty of arts:—Greenshields, Ed. J. M.; Moodie, Bertha; Roach, Joseph E.; Shanks, Walter R.

The following students have passed in the faculties in applied science:—Brennan, C. V.; Bristol, Chas. P.; Chambers, Wm. Dancy; Christie, Harold R.; Cook, Archibald S.; de la Vega, Gonzalo; Doran, Ed. J.; Dowswell, H. R.; Royle, P. E.; Dunning, Frank G.; Green, Harry P.; Heywood, Ed. P.; Letourneau, Marius; Lighthall, A.; McDougall, James C.; McLaren, W. A.; Meyerstein, Wm. C.; Mills, J. R.; Ross, A. H.; Saunders, R.; Stinson, J. A.; Williamson, B.H.

The following have been conditioned in the faculty of applied science:—Archibald, D. W.; Archibald, E. M. B.; Cowan, C. W.; Dickson, G. H.; Fernandez, Erasmo; Fielding, A. C.; Forbes, J. H.; Gomes, L. F.; Grahame, Dallas F.; Hattie, J. B.; Jordan, E. H.; Kennedy, Ed. J.; McCallum, F. A.; McNaughton, A. G. F.; Melhuish, P.; Miller, Roy McLean; Murphy, W. H.; O'Keefe, F.; Parker, J .E.; Richardson, C. E.; Rogers, H. G.; Ross, C. C.; Trenholme, G. A.; Taylor, H. R.; Gosselin, Starr.

The following have passed in the Faculty of Medicine:—Allen, K. W.; Donahue, H. F.; Gable, W. G.; Grigg, R. T.; Harry, A. C.; Tees, F. W.; Robinson, G.; Scott, J. B.

The following have been conditoned in the Faculty of Medicine:—Allen, Lorne; Arton, O. A.; Black, J. R.; Cox, C. G.; Drury, W. H.; Kaugman, J.; Paterson, J. H.

The following results in the summer classes of descriptive geometry, free-hand drawing and lettering were also announced:—

Free-hand drawing:—W. G. Brown, Crocker, Hamel, Hendry, Jordan, Lathe, Macaulay, F. R. Renaud.

Lettering:—W. M. Archibald, W. G. Brown, Crocker, Gilmour, Haughton, Hendry, Jordan, Lathe, Macaulay, F. R. McCallum, Renan, Strumbert.

Descriptive geometry—W. G. Brown, Crocker, Hamel, Lathe, Millen, McCallum, Renaud, Spafford, Stephen, Zimmerman.

A list is appended of students who have passed the supplemental examinations and are admitted as undergraduates:

Second year — H. J. Black, C. O. Brown, J. O. Callaghan, W. J. Daly, G. D. Drummond, G. Frith, C. W. Gamble, L. J. Haskell, H. M. Haughton, M. G. Hepburn, W. D. Little, F. C. C. Lynch, W. M. B. MacDonald, J. A. McKinnon, D. R. McCuaig, J. Moyse, W. H. Mulligan, R. H. Mullock, G. N. Otter, R. H. Patterson, P. Racey.

Third year—C. K. Batchelder, E. M. Benedict, G. H. Blackader, A. M. S. Boyd, J. C. Brunner, A. Burnett, A. S. Cram, J. G. Dickenson, W. Ewens, J. M. Forbes, A. D. Gurd, W. K. Harding, S. N. Howell, A. C. Loudon, C. E. McCuaig, A. McMeekin, H. H. Pinch, A. B. Ritchie, F. M. Tupper, E. J. Furley.

Fourt year—J. A. Campbell, S. Cuna, W. Hamilton, A. K. MacCarthy, E. W. Martin, D. McLean, W. Redpath, W. G. Ross, H. Turnbull, G. F. Bippy.

Results Are Sure Because Herald Wants Reach the People Who Buy, Sell or Rent

WHERE TO FIND HELP

Situations Wanted—Female.

☞Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

WANTED — SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced cook; good city references. Apply to Mrs. Butler, 30a City Councillors st. 222

WANTED — BY MOTHER AND DAUGHter, situation, mother good plain cook, daughter as nurse or for light housework. Apply 99 St. Alexander st. 222

Boots and Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES—WE MAKE BOOTS and shoes for straight or deformed feet. Specialty of repairing shoes, rubbers. Rubber boots, water bottles, and everything made of rubber. A. HODINA, 4 Beaver Hall Hill.

Legal Cards.

MACLENNAN, CLINE & MACLENNAN, Barristers, etc., Cornwall, Ont. D. B. Maclennan, K.C., C. H. Cline, F. J. Maclennan

LEITCH, PRINGLE & CAMERON, BARristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc., Cornwall, Ont. Jas. Leitch, K.C., R. A. Pringle, J. A. C. Cameron, LL.B.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., Richmond and Carling sts., London. Geo. C. Gibbons, K.C., Fred. F. Harper.

GREENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS, Barristers, etc., 1724 Notre Dame st.

J. S. BUCHAN, K.C., ADVOCATE, ETC. Guardian Assurance Building, 160 St. James st. Montreal.

Bookbinding.

SEND YOUR MAGAZINES TO HERALD Bindery to be bound. Customers out of town may send by express, and depend on quick return and most reasonable charges. Herald Bindery, 603 Craig st., Montreal. dtf

Wanted to Rent.

☞Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

WANTED TO RENT — TOP FLOOR, OR three or four unfurnished rooms. Apply K 388, Herald. 224

WANTED — A FLAT OF EIGHT ROOMS, centrally located; no children. Apply, stating rent, W., Herald. 223

WANTED — WAREHOUSE, 5 YEARS' lease. Requirement—three floors, 40 x 75 approx., and basement. Power preferred. For occupation about Dec. 1st, by New York house seeking Canadian premises. Reply Box K 390, Herald Office. 224

Agents Wanted.

☞Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

AGENTS MAKE 500 PER CENT. PROFIT selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight. 800 varieties. Catalogue free. Sullivan Co., 1139 Maplewood ave., Chicago, Ill. 224

Plumbers and Steamfitters.

R. E. HANDFIELD, PRACTICAL ROOFER, Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter. Electric bells, electric light. 20 Lemoyne street Bell Phone Main 3888.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

Situations Wanted—Male.

☞Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

WANTED — BY A TEMPERATE MAN, position as storeman. Address W. L., 31 Victoria st., city. 224

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD character, best references, lived in city all his life, wants position in wholesale factory or store. Can promise faithful service. Apply Box A. F., Herald. 224

Educational.

WANTED — PUPILS, VOICE PLACING, violin and sight singing; pure tone a specialty. Corey's Studio, Room 6, Karn Hall, first floor. 225

PUPILS WANTED — RE-SKETCHING from nature, in oil or water colors. Instruction by correspondence. For terms, apply Edward Whiteside, the Post Office, Hillsborough, N.B., Canada. 227

The Herald
RECEIVING DEPOTS FOR
Classified Advertising
BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, ETC.
A. T. Chapman's, 2407 St. Catherine Street, two doors west of Peel.
Roffey's News Agency, 544 St. Antoine Street, corner Atwater Avenue.
Victoria Drug Hall, corner Wellington and Charron Sts., Point St. Charles.
Workman's Clothing House, cor. McGill and Notre Dame Streets.
AND
The Herald Office,
603 CRAIG STREET.

Undertakers and Embalmers.

J. C. WRAY & BRO., 290 Mountain st., and 123 St. Dominique. Uptown 2728. Bust 117.

WILLIAM WRAY, 1236 St. Catherine st. Uptown 2667.

ALBERT GRIFFITH, 673 Wellington street. Main 4418.

Miscellaneous.

PAPERHANGING, PAINTING, TINTING, Plastering, etc. Competent workmen. Low prices. Prompt attention to orders from any part. J. Bacon, 75 Hallowell st., Westmount. 225

DRESSMAKING — LADIES', CHILDREN'S and boys' clothes made to order, on short notice. All charges moderate. 15 Plateau st. 223

HOUSE PAINTING AND PAPER HANGing of every description. Very moderate prices. Estimates given. Geo. Williams, 15 St. Edward st., off Bleury st. 223

Rooms and Board.

☞Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

BOARD—MRS. DOCTOR SEARL, STRICTly private accommodation for ladies, with professional attendance; ladies treated and attended. 28 St. Monique st. 226

ROOM — WELL FURNISHED, ALL CONveniences; private family. 59 St. Famille street. 224

ROOMS — DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS, nicely furnished, comfortable house, all conveniences. 87 Union ave. 224

ROOMS — ONE OR TWO TO LET, FURnished comfortably, English family, use of kitchen, for married couple of two gentlemen; terms moderate. 183 Plessis st., near St. Catherine. 224

ROOMS — TO LET, NICELY FURNISHED rooms, on bath flat, in private family. Apply at 2777 St. Catherine st. 223

ROOM — A LARGE, BRIGHT, COMFORTable room, suitable for two, well heated, Auer light, telephone; gentlemen only. 48 St. Famille st. 222

ROOMS AND BOARD — LARGE FURnished rooms to let, also single; good board; a few table guests accommodated; pleasant locality. 184 Bleury st. 222

BOARD — FIRST CLASS ENGLISH table board, $3.00 per week, five tickets for $1.00. Mrs. A. Morrison, 67 McGill College avenue. 238

ROOMS AND BOARD — SINGLE AND double rooms for winter; convenient location. American House, 79 Union ave. Tel. Up 3245. 222

ROOMS—LARGE SINGLE FRONT ROOM, with board; also table board. No. 11 Burnside Place. 222

ROOMS — PARLOR, WITH MANTEL BED and piano, also double bedroom, with board, Auer light and telephone, also table board. 15 Hanover st. 222

ROOMS AND BOARD — LARGE FURnished rooms to let, also single, good board, a few table guests accommodated; pleasant locality. 184 Bleury st. 222

ROOMS AND BOARD — IN PRIVATE family, late dinner. 4267 Dorchester st. 222

ROOMS AND BOARD — AT THE STRATHcona Hotel, Lachine; very low rates for couples or single gentlemen for winter. 222

BOARD — FIRST CLASS BOARD AND quick service, at $12 a month; $3 week; $1 ticket of six meals; use of telephone. Sussex House, 43 Metcalfe st. W. 222

BOARD — TABLE BOARD AT 153 SELBY st., Westmount. 222

ROOM — LARGE FRONT ROOM, FURnished, suitable for gentleman, on bath-room flat, private family; terms moderate. Apply evening, 4 Dufferin avenue, off Richmond st. 222

ROOMS — TO LET, AT 52 VICTORIA ST., first class references. 222

ROOMS—TO LET, DOUBLE AND SINGLE room, with or without board, suitable as sitting room and bedroom; no children. 4302 St. Catherine st. 222

ROOM — A NICE AND BRIGHT ROOM, well furnished and in first class locality, with up-to-date accommodation. Apply at No. 2 Phillips Place. 222

ROOMS — NEWLY FURNISHED, EVERY comfort, first class house, few doors off Sherbrooke st., 48 Durocher st. 222

Business Chances.

WANTED — PINE, SPRUCE AND HARDwood timber limits. If you wish to sell, address Box K 391, Herald. 223

WHERE TO FIND WORK

Situations Vacant.

☞Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

WANTED — BOY FOR OFFICE, AND TO make collections. Bring written application and references. 1744 Notre Dame st. 226

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, with references, family four, new house, all conveniences, highest wages. 4 Arlington ave., Westmount. Telephone Westmount 1285. 230

WANTED—EXPERIENCED TRAVELLER for special line of cooking utensils, etc. Give references and state salary required. P.O. Box 243, Montreal. 226

WANTED — DAILY GOVERNESS FOR A little girl of thirteen. Music not necessary. References required. Apply in person, between the hours of one and three or five and seven. 80 Redpath st. 226

WANTED — GOOD PLAIN COOK; SMALL family; references required. Apply 39 McGregor st. 223

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT; NO washing or ironing; references. Apply 3 Tower ave., near Fort st. 225

WANTED — BOY TO ASSIST IN BAKEhouse and generally useful. Apply 26 Bronsdon Lane. 223

WANTED — GENTLEMEN OR LADIES; $800 per year and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. Address M. A. O'Keefe, District Manager, 157 Bay street, Toronto.

WANTED—BY AN ASSURANCE OFFICE, a junior clerk; leaving school preferred. Apply, in own handwriting, to P.O. Box 2414, 224

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED CLERK for a general store; must be recommended. Apply, stating wages required, to R. F. Beamish, Box 14, Pembroke, Ont. 227

WANTED — BY A PROMINENT FIRM, A young English speaking man, as stenographer and typewriter, and to assist in light office work. Also collector. Apply, stating experience, age and salary required, Box K 392, Herald Office. 223

Property for Sale.

☞Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

FOR SALE—HOUSE IN COTE ST. PAUL, and 3 farms in country—2 in Arundel. Will sell or exchange for small house in Montreal or vicinity. Particulars at 818 Cadieux st., forenoon or evenings.

FOR SALE — "WINONA COTTAGE." Country residence, 9 rooms, bath with water connections. Fruit garden, large stable, hennery. One mile from Victoria ave., on Sherbrooke st. extension. Apply W. J. McGee, Mechanics' Building.

RESIDENCE FOR SALE — 371 METCALFE avenue, Westmount, 10 rooms. Up-to-date. Everything of the best. Always open for inspection. Good garden. Apply premises, or to C. H. Binks & Co., 573 St. Paul st. Tel. M. 416. 232

Business Cards.

J. A. FINLAYSON (SUCCESSOR TO FINlayson & Grant), Customs Broker and Forwarder, Warehouseman, 415 and 417 St. Paul st., Montreal. Heated Storage, Bond or Free. Telephone Main 1202. P.O. Box 424.

Wanted to Purchase.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE, A FLAT bottomed boat, in good condition. Address 4425 Sherbrooke st., Westmount. 223

Situations Vacant.

☞Advertisements under this heading—One insertion, 20 words, 10 cents; one week, 25 cents.

WANTED — A SMART BOY, ABOUT 15 years of age, for the office. Apply Canada Paper Box Co., 12 St. Eloi st., city. 224

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework; Protestant. 78 Crescent street. 223

WANTED — FANCY IRONERS; GOOD wages and steady work to first class hands. Also experienced woman for flannel washing. Crown Laundry Co., 4218 St. Catherine st. 222

WANTED — A SMART BOY, ABOUT 15 years of age, for the office. Apply to The Canada Paper Box Co., 12 St. Eloi st. 223

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WATCHmakers and jewellers. Apply Miller & Bremner, cor. St. Catherine and Mansfield. 222

WANTED—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 17, to get and deliver orders in a grocery; must be well recommended. Apply 591 St. Urbain st. 222

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, FOR family of two. Apply, with references, 26 Arlington ave., Westmount. 222

WANTED — A GORDON PRESSMAN; one who is accustomed to fine work. Apply Herald Job Room.

WANTED—RESPECTABLE AND INTELligent persons to solicit orders for nursery stock; to the right parties I can offer the best inducements; best time in the year to make a start. Apply for terms, at once, to E. D. Smith, Winona, Ont.

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN AS STENOgrapher and typewriter, English and French, and to assist in office. Address 1678 Notre Dame st. 222

WANTED — AT 88 ST. MARK STREET, experienced general servant, with references; no laundry work. Apply morning or evening. 222

WANTED —AN OFFICE BOY. APPLY AT 34 King st., city. 222

WANTED — HOUSEMAID FOR PRIVATE family. Apply 71 McGill College avenue. 222

WANTED — EXPERIENCED MILLINERY saleslades; preferred if can speak French. Apply before 10 a.m. Jas. A. Ogilvy and Sons. 222

WANTED — AT ONCE, A GOOD GENeral servant for a family of three, living in a flat; references required. Apply 164 Hutchison st. 222

For Sale.

☞Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

FOR SALE — KINDLING FOR THE MILlion. Kindling wood, $2.00; cut hard wood, $3.00; mill blocks, $1.75; tamarac blocks, $2.00 per load. Also anthracite coal. J. C. McDiarmid, 3 Canal Basin, corner Guy and William st. Tel. Main 462.

FOR SALE — ON VERY EASY TERMS, kitchen stoves, hall stoves, and everything for the house, at cheapest prices. The Prince Co., 33 St. Lawrence st.

FOR SALE—SAFES, FIRE AND BURGLAR proof, new and secondhand, at prices that defy competition. Largest stock in city. A. Ahern, Montreal Safe Works, 350 St. James. Telephone Main 813.

FOR SALE — A LADY, BEING SINGLE, will give up her home, nicely situated. Furniture for sale. Just what is needed for a newly married couple. 1193 St. Andre st. 227

FOR SALE—ELEGANT UPRIGHT PIANO, cost $325, will sell at a sacrifice; also carpets, 49 yards, Moquette, will sell cheap. Call at 696 Cadieux st. 222

FOR SALE — McCLARY GAS STOVE, almost new, at a great bargain. Apply 1281 St. Denis st. 222

FOR SALE — BEDROOM SET, REFRIGerator, gasaliers and sundry effects, at 79 Selby st., Westmount. 222

FOR SALE — A GOOD, SERVICEABLE Canadian cob, rubber-tired run-about and harness; can be seen at Stafford's stable, 50 Drummond st. 222

FOR SALE — HORSE, BUGGY AND HARness. Owner has no further use. $75. Apply 262 St. Martin st. 222

FOR SALE — A COUPLE OF BREAD wagons. Apply at 101 St. Urbain st. 222

Lost.

☞Advertisements under this heading—¾c per word for one insertion. Six insertions for the price of four, making the rate ½ cent per word per insertion.

LOST — ON THURSDAY EVENING, SEPtember 15th, between the Windsor Hotel and Allan Line wharf, a silver cigarette case. Finder will be rewarded upon returning same to Windsor Hotel Office. 222

LOST — FROM 23 ST. PHILIP STREET, on the 15th instant, a small black cocker spaniel, female. Reward at above address. 222

LOST — BRINDLE BULL DOG, ANSWERS to name of Pat. Return to F. C. Shorey, 1866 Notre Dame st., and be rewarded. 222

LOST — MONDAY FORENOON, A SILVER brooch, design of two Scotch thistles. Please return to the janitor, at the Marlborough, Milton st., and receive reward. 222

LOST—BY WAY OF PLATEAU, MANCE, Ontario or Bleury streets, baker's bag, with book, small amount change. Reward at T. W. McCoy, 196 Bleury st. 222

MARRIAGE LICENSES
Issued by Arthur W. Wilks. WILKS & MICHAUD, ACCOUNTANTS, Merchants Bank Building, Tel. M. 4125. Evenings, 548 Plessis st., Tel. E. 2252.

Picture Framing.

MIRRORS Suitable for Bathroom, Store Fixtures or Parlor, made to order. Any Size. Old Mirrows Resilvered.
Malone Moulding & Framing Company,
48 Beaver Hall Hill.

Marriage Licenses
ISSUED BY
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James Street and 49 Crescent Street.

Cartage and Storage.

Have Your Furniture or Baggage Moved or Stored by
The Merchants' Express Co.
349 ST. JAMES. Phone—2288 Main.

PROF. CHAS. J. MAURER
Scientifically treats corns, bunions, ingrowing nails, etc. Rheumatism, paralysis, gout and stomach troubles treated by German Massage. Hours, 9 to 12 and 1.30 to 5.30. Parlors, 30-32 Renout Bldg., St. Catherine and University Sts.

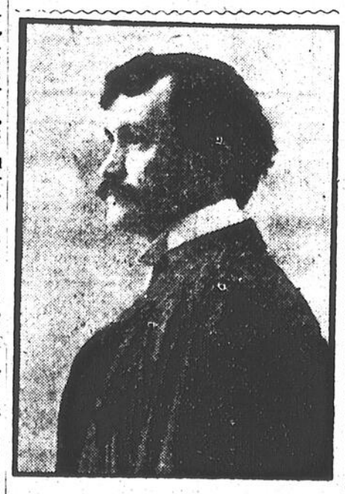
PATENTS TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS REGISTERED
PROCURED IN ALL COUNTRIES.
E. J. FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO
SOLICITORS AND EXPERTS,
MONTREAL.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

MR. BEAUPARLANT WAS NOMINATED

Unanimous Choice of the Liberals of St. Hyacinthe County

St. Hyacinthe, Que., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The greatest enthusiasm characterized the proceedings of the Liberal convention for the County of St. Hyacinthe, which was held at the City Hall yesterday afternoon, for the selection of a candidate to succeed the late lamented member, Mr. J. B.



MR. A. M. BEAUPARLANT, Liberal Candidate in County of St. Hyacinthe.

Blanchet. At the opening Mr. G. C. Dessaulles was unanimously called to the chair.

After the preliminary proceedings the delegates retired, and in about an hour's time returned and announced the selection of Mr. A. M. Beauparlant on the first ballot, amid much applause. In order to meet any possible objections which might arise after the nomination, Mr. Alph. Bourgault, his opponent before the balloting, made personal explanation of his past political record, and a declaration of his allegiance to the Liberal party.

Mr. Beauparlant then dwelt at some on his appearance on the platform. He first thanked the delegates for their unusually large attendance, it being noticed that the full complement of eighty-five delegates was represented, and said that the interest manifested at the convention augured well for the success of the Liberal cause in St. Hyacinthe. He also expressed his pleasure at the presence of Hon. Mr. Prefontaine, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, who had come to lend his assistance in the absence of the Minister for the district, Hon. Mr. Brodeur. He feelingly referred to the death of Mr. Blanchet, under circumstances still fresh in the minds of all those present.

Mr. Beauparlant then dwelt at some length with the fiscal policy of the Government, and closed an able address with an earnest appeal to his hearers to follow in the path of the illustrious men who had preceded them.

Mr. Bourgeault made a brief address, and emphatically declared that he would do his utmost on behalf of Mr. Beauparlant.

Hon. Mr. Prefontaine expressed much gratification at the unanimity of the convention and said that he now felt satisfied that St. Hyacinthe, the strongest Liberal citadel in the province, would roll up a handsome majority for their candidate when the elections occurred, the date of which was still undetermined.

Brief addresses by Mr. Jos. Morin, M. L.A., and others closed the meeting.

The Liberals feel confident, and predict an easy victory for the Liberal candidate.

THE NEW CANDIDATE.

Mr. A. M. Beauparlant, attorney, who was the almost unanimous choice of the Liberal convention for the County of St. Hyacinthe, was born at St. Aime, Richelieu County, in 1864. He received his early education at the commercial Academy of his native place, and later at the St. Hyacinthe Seminary, graduating from the latter institution in 1884.

Adopting law as a profession, he pursued his studies in the office of the late Hon. Mr. Mercier, and was admitted to the Bar in 1890. He afterwards became a member of the legal firm of Desmarais, Beauparlant and Marin, which continued until the appointment of the late Judge Desmarais to the Bench, when the name of the firm was changed to Beauparlant and Marin. He is justly considered one of the stalwart Liberals of this district, and has distinguished himself in several contests, notably in the Nicolet election of 1900, when the Liberal candidate, Mr. Milot, through his great exertions, was defeated by a very small majority in a strong Conservative stronghold.

Mr. Beauparlant is an excellent platform orator, is well informed in political matters generally, and otherwise possesses all the necessary elements in order to unite the Liberal forces to his support.

ALIENS' RIGHT TO VOTE.

A Pointer to the Foreigner Interested in Canada.

In view of the large number of aliens who seek to be naturalized at the approach of the general elections, it may be well to call the attention of those interested to the following amendment to the Naturalization Act, which was passed in 1903.

The section now calling for immediate attention reads as follows:

"When it is intended to present a certificate, under section 11 of this Act, on behalf of any alien, notice in writing of such intention, stating the name, residence and occupation or addition of such alien, shall be given to the clerk of the court, at least three weeks before the sittings thereof; and the clerk shall put up in a conspicuous place in his office three weeks before such sittings, and keep posted there until such sittings are ended, a list showing the names, residences and occupations or additions of all aliens as to whom due notice has been received by him of such intention.

"At any time after the filing of any such notice and previous to the sittings of the court, any person objecting to the naturalization of the alien may file in the office of the clerk an opposition in which shall be stated the grounds of his objection."

As the date of the election may be announced for an early day, it will be seen that those interested have got no time to lose, as a three weeks' notice to the Circuit Court is required. After the expiry of the three weeks, the petition for naturalization may go through its first reading before the court at any time and the second reading and granting of the petition may take place twenty-four hours after the first reading.

Persons wishing to take the oath of allegiance can apply to Mr. A. Chabot, office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court.

Wedding Rings, all the latest styles, solid 18 kt. gold, from $4.50 to $10.00. R. Hemsley, 255 St. James street.—Adv.

A NEW ANAESTHETIC.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 21.—After three years of patient research, two professors of Geneva, Switzerland, have discovered a new anaesthetic, which promises to revolutionize the practice of dentistry. In reporting this to the State Department, United States Consul Liefeld, at Freiburg, Germany, states that finding that the nervous system was influenced by colored lights, the professors soon perceived, after experimenting with each hue, that blue had an extraordinary soothing effect on the nerves. The consul says that a tooth may be painlessly extracted with none of the after effects on the system by shutting up the patient in a dark room and exposing his eyes to a blue light of sixteen candle power for three minutes, causing him to lose all sense of pain, although at the same time retaining his senses.

Real Estate Record

For September—Out To-day

Contains the Monthly and Annual Review, Recorded Transfers, interesting reading matter and advertisements.

Also a list of properties for sale.

CALL OR SEND FOR A COPY.

THE CRADOCK SIMPSON CO.,
205 ST. JAMES STREET.

RAN OVER BY STREET CAR.

Mr. Joseph Dare, of Maxville, Severely Injured in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—With injuries of a very serious character, sustained in a street car accident, Joseph Dore, a Maxville man, is at the Protestant Hospital, and it is feared his case may terminate fatally. Mr. Dore came to Ottawa to visit the exhibition, and also to meet his wife, who had been visiting with relatives at Gatineau Point. He boarded a Sussex Street car, eastbound, yesterday afternoon, and got off opposite No. 6 station to go down to the ferry landing. Just as he alighted from the car he stepped in front of another going in the opposite direction. The unfortunate man got caught underneath the fender, and while the wheels did not pass over him, he was dragged for nearly a block and rolled over and over, nearly every part of his clothing being torn off.

ARE YOU WEAK?



Are you the man you ought to be? Are you as strong as you look? Or have you weak nerves, failing or lost vital power, waste of strength, varicocele, poor memory, dull and stupid feelings, lost ambition, weak back and a general breaking down of your manly powers?

Have you doctored without benefit? Is your stomach ruined from drugs and your money wasted? Are you tired of trying useless remedies? Then come to me. I have a positive and certain cure for you in

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

You put it on when you go to bed and sleep peacefully under the influence of its warming, vitalizing power. You awake full of ambition, with a healthy desire to tackle your day's work. Each day you gain new life from it, and soon begin to feel yourself a man among men. Each symptom of your trouble gradually disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and your life is made happy by the restoration of your old health and vigor.

SORE BACK AND WEAK KIDNEYS CURED TO STAY.

Dr. McLaughlin: Dear Sir,—Your favor of the 19th inst. to hand, and in answer would say that your Belt has made a permanent cure of my case. I have had no occasion to use the Belt for over a year, and my back feels as strong as ever it did, and have also no trouble with my kidneys. I can highly recommend your Belt to any who are troubled with sore back, weak kidneys, or from any other cause. I lose no opportunity in recommending the Belt to every one that I see in need of it. Yours truly, Geo. S. Webb, Aberdour, Ont.

No matter what ails you, there is a cure for you in Nature's remedy—Electricity. The greatest cures on record have been performed by this famous Belt, and it is recognized to-day as the greatest remedial agent known to mankind. It cures every form of weakness, restores the fire and vigor of youth, cures all forms of Nervous Diseases, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Varicocele, Lumbago and many other complaints, after every other known system of medical treatment has failed.

If you are a sick man and discouraged with drugging your system in search for relief with no result, try my Belt. If it fails to cure you, it costs you nothing. Reasonable security is all I ask. Remember my terms are

PAY WHEN CURED

Isn't that fair? You have nothing to lose and everything to gain by accepting my liberal offer.

FREE BOOK. CALL TO-DAY.

Call and test my Belt free, or, if you can't do that, send for my book about it, also free. Don't delay as I can help you. My Belt not sold in drug stores.

DR. M. F. McLAUGHLIN, Office Hours, 9 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Wed. and Sat. till 9 p.m. 214 ST. JAMES ST., Montreal, Que. Not sold in drug stores.

Blair's Pills
Great English Remedy for
Gout & Rheumatism
Safe. Sure. Effective.
All Druggists, 40c and $1.00

CANADIAN PACIFIC

MONTREAL TIME BILL.
Corrected to Sept. 5, 1904.

ST. JOHN, N.B., HALIFAX—Lv. †7.25 p.m. Ar. (x)8.05 a.m.

TORONTO, HAMILTON, ST. LOUIS, MO., CHICAGO — Lv. †9.30 a.m., *10 p.m. Ar. [illegible] a.m., †7.15 p.m.

WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST—Lv. *9.40 a.m., *9.40 p.m. Ar. *7.00 a.m., *6.30 p.m.

S.S. MARIE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH—Lv. *10.10 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m.

OTTAWA—Lv. Place Viger †8.20 a.m., †5.45 p.m. Ar. †11.20 p.m., †10.35 p.m. Lv. Windsor St. †8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m., †4.00 p.m., *9.40 p.m., *10.10 p.m. Ar. *7.00 a.m., *8.00 a.m., †11.45 a.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

QUEBEC—Lv. *8.45 a.m., *3.00 p.m., *11.30 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., †2.45 p.m., †6.45 p.m., §6.30 p.m.

BOSTON—Lv. *9.00 a.m., *7.45 p.m. Ar. *8.15 a.m., *9.15 p.m.

VAUDREUIL—Lv. †7.45 a.m., †9.30 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10 a.m., (i)1.30 p.m., †4.00 p.m., †4.15 p.m., (a)5.15 p.m., 6.15 p.m., 9.40 p.m., *10 p.m., *10.10 p.m. Ar. *7 a.m., *7.35 a.m., *8 a.m., †8.40 a.m., †9.35 a.m., †11.45 a.m., †12.15 p.m., (i)1.30 p.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., §7.15 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

SHERBROOKE — Lv. †8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m., †7.25 p.m. Ar. (x)8.05 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †7.05 p.m.

JOLIETTE — Lv. †8.45 a.m., (i)8.50 a.m., (i)2.15 p.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar †8.50 am., †6.45 p.m., (i)9.25 p.m., §9.30 p.m.

BERTHIER—Lv. †8.45 a.m., (i)2.00 p.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., (g)8.50 a.m., †2.45 p.m., †6.45 p.m.

ST. JEROME—Lv. †9.00 a.m., §9.35 a.m., (i)1.45 p.m., 4.30 p.m., †5.30 p.m., (a)6.25 p.m. Ar. †8.30 a.m., †9.50 a.m., †10.50 a.m., †7.00 p.m., §8.50 p.m.

STE. AGATHE—Lv. 9.00 a.m., (i)1.25 p.m., 4.30 p.m., (f)5.30 p.m. Ar. (g)8.40 a.m., †9.50 a.m., 10.50 a.m., 7.30 p.m., §9.10 p.m.

LABELLE—(m)9.00 a.m., (i)1.25 p.m., †4.30 p.m., †5.30 p.m. Ar. (g)8.40 a.m., †9.50 a.m., †10.50 a.m., (m)7.00 p.m., §9.10 p.m.

* Daily. † Week days. § Sunday only. (g) Monday only. ‡ Daily except Saturday. (x) Daily except Monday. (a) Daily except Saturday and Sunday. (b) Friday. (i) Saturday only. (m) Tuesday and Thursday only.

INTERCOLONIAL.

LOCAL—Lv. 7.40 a.m., 4.40 p.m., 7.45 p.m., 11.45 p.m. Arr.—7.00 a.m., 10.30 a.m., 10.00 p.m.

MARITIME EXPRESS—Lv. 12.00 noon daily except Saturday. Arr.—6.00 p.m. daily except Monday. Leaves Levis 10.25 a.m. Arr. in Montreal 4.05 p.m. Mondays only.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

NEW YORK—Lv. 8.20 a.m. daily ex. Sunday—7.00 p.m. daily. Ar. 9.20 p.m. daily ex. Sunday—9.31 a.m. daily.

VALLEYFIELD LOCAL—Lv. 9.25 a.m. daily ex. Sat. and Sun.—1.35 p.m. Sat. only—5.10 p.m. daily ex. Sat. and Sun.—9.45 a.m. Sunday only. Ar. 8.20 a.m. daily ex. Sunday—4.25 p.m. Sat. only—3.40 p.m. ex. Sat. and Sun.—8.28 p.m. Sunday only.

CENTRAL VERMONT.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK—Lv. 9.00 a.m., 6.40 p.m. Ar. 7.25 a.m., 8.10 p.m., 10.15 p.m.

DELAWARE AND HUDSON.

NEW YORK—8.45 a.m., 11.10 a.m., 7.40 p.m. Ar. 7.15 a.m., 3.15 p.m., 7.35 p.m.

RUTLAND RAILROAD.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK—Lv. 8.50 a.m. and 7.10 p.m. Ar. 7.30 a.m., 9.40 p.m.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

TO THE

Maritime Provinces

THE FAVORITE TRAIN FOR TRAVELLERS

THE

Ocean Limited

leaves MONTREAL 7.30 p.m. daily, Saturday excepted, arriving at HALIFAX at 8.15 p.m.

The Maritime Express

leaves MONTREAL at 12 noon daily, Saturday excepted, arriving at HALIFAX at 4 p.m.

Trains leave Bonaventure Station.

CITY TICKET OFFICE:

143 St. James St. and Bonaventure Station.

NEW YORK CENTRAL

AND HUDSON RIVER R.R.

Trains leave Windsor Station as follows:

7.00 A.M. Daily except Sunday } for all Adirondack Mountain points, Malone, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Albany, New York and all points south.
8.30 P.M. Daily }

8.00 a.m. except Sunday
10.20 a.m. except Sunday
2.00 p.m. except Sunday
5.10 p.m., except Sunday
7.30 p.m. daily
9.45 a.m., Sunday only } Local train for Chateauguay, Beauharnois, St. Timothee and Valleyfield.

For tickets, time tables, Pullman car accommodation, and full information, call at the city office.
130 ST. JAMES STREET.
H. J. HEBERT, City Ticket Agent. F. E. BARBOUR, General Agent.

R&O Low Rates

Toronto - - $6.50 Return - - $11.50
Hamilton - $7.00 Return - - $12.00

Including Meals and Berths, by

MONTREAL-TORONTO-HAMILTON LINE — Steamers leaving on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 p.m.

MONTREAL - TORONTO LINE — Steamers leave at 2.15 p.m., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

QUEBEC LINE—Steamers leave daily at 7 p.m.

SAGUENAY LINE—Steamers leave Quebec on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, at 8 a.m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.
128 St. James Street, Opposite P. O.

MONTREAL PARK & ISLAND RAILWAY

LACHINE—From Post Office—20 min. service, 6.40 a.m. to 11.50 p.m. Last car at 12 midnight. From Lachine—20 min. service, 5.50 a.m. to 11.30 p.m. Last car 12.50 a.m.

SAULT AU RECOLLET — From Craig and Chenneville—45 min. service, 6.15 a.m. to 11.30 a.m.; 30 min. service, 11.30 a.m. to 11.00 p.m. Last car 12 midnight. From Sault au Recollet—45 min. service, 5.30 a.m. to 12.15 p.m.; 30 min. service, 12.15 p.m. to 11.45 p.m.

MOUNTAIN—From Mt. Royal Ave.—20 min. service, 5.40 a.m. to 11.40 p.m. From Victoria Avenue, Westmount—20 min. service, 5.50 a.m. to 12.10 a.m.

CARTIERVILLE—From Snowdon's Junction—40 min. service, 6.00 a.m. to 12.00 midnight. From Cartierville—40 min. service, 5.40 a.m. to 11.40 p.m.

MOUNTAIN BELT LINE—Special Belt Line service as required, via St. Catherine St. Extra cars will be run on all lines as required. For extra cars for Lachine, take Notre Dame cars to connect at Cote St. Paul. For extra cars for Sault au Recollet, take

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WESTERN EXCURSIONS

GOING
SEPT. 22, 23, 24, 1904.
Valid to return until October 10, 1904.

PORT HURON, Mich. - $14.85
DETROIT, Mich. - - $15.00
CHICAGO, ILL. - - - - $18.00
ST. LOUIS (15 Days) - $24.00

BAY CITY, Mich.	$17.25
SAGINAW, Mich.	17.15
COLUMBUS, Ohio	20.00
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.	19.10
CINCINNATI, Ohio	22.30
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. (all rail)	41.00
ST. PAUL or MINNEAPOLIS (via Upper Lakes and S. St. Marie)	44.50
DAYTON, Ohio	20.60
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.	22.20
CLEVELAND, Ohio	$13.85 to $19.50

Proportionate rates from all stations in Canada.

CHEAP FARES

Until October 15, 1904, low one way fares from MONTREAL to

SEATTLE, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, PORTLAND	$48.90
ROSSLAND, NELSON, TRAIL, ROBSON, SPOKANE	$46.40
ANACONDA, BUTTE, HELENA	45.90
SALT LAKE	45.90
COLORADO SPRINGS, DENVER, PUEBLO	45.50
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES	49.00

OTTAWA EXHIBITION

Sept. 21, 23	$2.60
Sept. 22, 24	3.50

Return Limit—Sept. 26, 1904.

TOURIST SLEEPING CAR
—FOR—
World's Fair, St. Louis

Leaves Montreal 10.30 p.m. Thursdays, arrives St. Louis Saturdays, 7.43 a.m. Berth Rate, $3.00 each way.

World's Fair Exc. Tickets on Sale Daily.

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Labor Men Want Bars to Be Closed on Their Holiday

Hot Debate in Trades and Labor Congress on a Resolution That is Described by Someasa Slur on the Organized Workingman

The Trades and Labor Congress held an interesting session yesterday afternoon and debate waxed exceedingly warm at times. The committee on resolutions brought in its report, having considered some twenty resolutions, which were thereupon put to the Congress.

Delegate Bernard Rose attempted to bring in a resolution on behalf of the Hebrew unionists of Montreal, that the Dominion Congress take no steps to support the action of the Lord's Day Alliance in attempting to bring about the better observance of Sunday, so-called the Lord's Day. The matter was referred to the committee on resolutions.

The first measure considered by Congress was a resolution moved by Delegate Levesque, of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, "that it be resolved that all Government work be performed by day labor, and that the men so employed be competent each in his own particular trade." This was adopted by Congress without a dissenting voice.

Geo. Levesque, of the Carpenters Union of Montreal, moved that the Congress petition the Federal Government to enact that the men employed by Government should confine their work to Government operations and not interfere with any other. This also passed the Congress.

CONVICT-MADE BROOMS.

The next resolution put before the house evoked considerable discussion. W. R. Rollo, of Hamilton, delegate from the Brotherhood of Broom-makers, moved "that it be an instruction to the incoming Executive of the Congress to bring about a fulfillment of the promise made by Hon. G. W. Ross and Mr. Stratton that after the expiration of the existing contract, all brooms made in the Central Prison, Toronto, should be labelled prison-made. The date at which said contract expires is December 1, 1904.

Delegate Sinclair, of Toronto, wished to go further, and ask that all goods made in all prisons should be so labelled, but Delegate Rowe, of Hamilton, explained that it was a specific resolution directed to a specific end, and any widening of the terms might destroy its efficiency. The resolution was adopted as proposed.

The debate of the session arose over a measure proposed by Delegate Alphonse Verville, president of the Montreal Trades and Labor Council, "that the incoming Executive use their influence to have a law passed enacting that the sale of liquor be prohibited in Montreal, Quebec and vicinity and even throughout the Province of Quebec, where Labor Day is celebrated, for the best interests of the community." The hottest discussion that has yet taken place in the Congress followed the propounding of this measure. Delegates Gariepy, Sinclair, Montgomery, Long, Ryan and Gloeckling opposed the resolution, the points urged being that the Government would never be brought to pass such a law, that it was casting a slur on the laboring men of the country to admit the necessity of such a course, and finally, that the working classes were not more addicted to the alcoholic habit than other classes of society. Reference was made to the closing of saloons on election day, and several of the delegates stated that more liquor was consumed on such occasions than on any other day in the year.

GREAT TEMPERANCE SPEECHES.

Delegates Verville, Btrehlaume, Page, Murphy, Dupuis, Kressler, Simpson, Rose, Mack, Rodier, and Wiley expressed themselves in favor of the resolution. Delegates Simpson, of Toronto, and Rose, of Montreal, were eloquent in their denunciation of the effects of alcohol on the system. Delegate Rose described the physical deterioration of the British workingman through the abuse of beer, and Delegate Simpson enlarged on the department of medical science, dealing with the causes and results of alcoholism. The debate lasted more than an hour and was brought to a close by Delegate Glockling introducing an amendment that the resolution be made to read, "that this Congress express itself in favor of any measure tending to reduce the evils arising from the use of liquor, and modify their propaganda to include this." The measure was then recommitted to the committee for further consideration.

THE WOMEN'S LABEL LEAGUE.

A resolution was brought in and adopted that the Congress appeal to all affiliated unions to raise a fund to enable any organizers and officers of the Women's International Label League enlarge their sphere of activity.

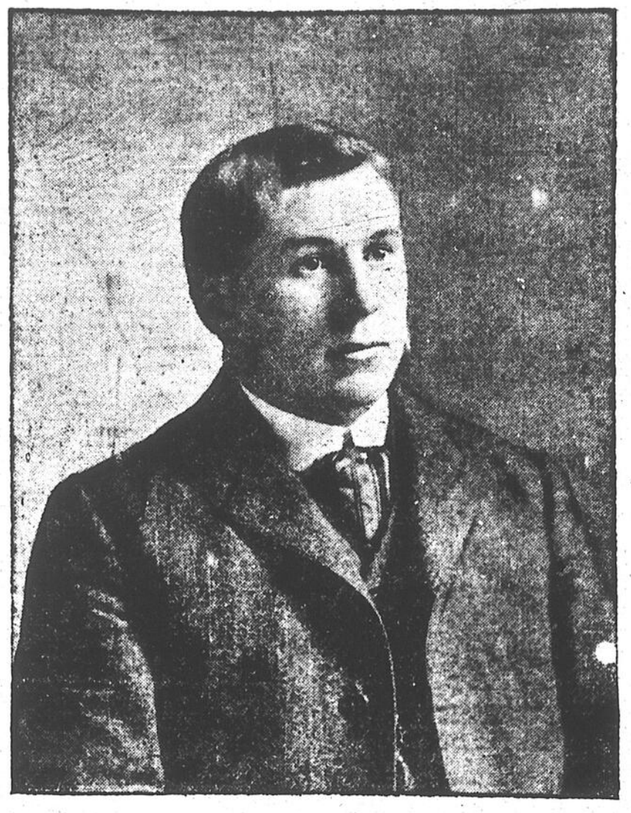
George Levesque moved that the Congress request the Government to pay Government employes in Quebec the sum of twenty cents per hour. This was referred to the executive of the city of Quebec, as being purely local in its nature.

Delegate J. C. E. Tardiff moved that the executive committee of Quebec be instructed to watch carefully the new bill of compensation for accidents in labor, introduced into the Quebec Legislature last session but not yet carried through, as it was understood that the Manufacturers' Association were taking steps to arrest the bill. This was adopted unanimously.

THE LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.

A resolution introduced by Geo. Levesque of Montreal that the Congress be instructed to petition the Dominion Government to abolish the system of receiving letters of recommendation in making appointments, was thrown out by Congress, the delegates being of opinion that it was impossible to arrest such a system under any circumstances.

Delegate Frank Petitclerc moved that the American Federation of Labor be requested to appoint a French-speaking organizer for the whole of the Dominion of Canada. This gave rise to warm discussion, as it was objected that a French-speaking organizer would have to be also conversant with English. Delegate P. M. Draper in speaking to the measure said that the American Federation had already done too much for Canada and that it was time the Canadians should elect heir own organizer or at least pay a higher per capita tax. On motion of Delegate Carey, of Toronto, it was decided to defer further consideration until after the reading of the secretary's report.



MR. JOHN H. RICHARDS, FRATERNAL DELEGATE FROM THE U. S. TO THE LABOR CONGRESS.

A Herald representative interviewed Mr. J. K. Richards, of Newcastle, Pa., the fraternal delegate from the American Federation of Labor to the session of the Trades Congress, at St. Lawrence Hall this morning, on his opinion as an American of the labor movement in Canada.

Mr. Richards said: "I have hardly been in the country long enough to express an intelligent opinion, but I would say that since the session of the American Federation of Labor at Boston, at which I was elected fraternal delegate to Canada, I have studied the labor movement here and watched its progress from the standpoint of organization, and can but say that, numerically speaking, the movement in Canada has kept pace with the movement in the United States. I have attended several sessions of the congress since being in Montreal, and must say that although I have been at several conventions of my own organization, as well as those of the American Federation of Labor, the class of representatives present at this congress will compare favorably with any of those across the line.

The manner of debate, their aggressiveness in the cause of labor, in the discussion of the various problems and the intelligence exhibited are certainly a credit to the working classes of this country. The debates are mild and tempered with justice and discretion to both the union and non-union employing classes.

"When making my report to the American Federation of Labor I shall certainly make specific mention of the above merits."

Mr. Richards was, not unnaturally, very emphatic as to the supreme claims of internationalism in labor organization matters. "I can only ask those in Canada who oppose the International idea," he said, "to bear in mind this one thing, and that is that the employers of Canada in several trades are affiliated with the employers of the same trades across the line in the United States and assist each other morally and financially and if such a procedure is good for the employing interests it should certainly be good for their respective employes."

Mr. Richards spoke enthusiastically of his hospitable reception in Montreal. He has been overwhelmed with invitations he says, and the citizens in general have given him a good time. He is a very well known man in metal workers circles in the Middle States of Pennsylvania, having held at various times nearly all the high offices in the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, and been one of the chief leaders in the recent aggressive operations of that body.

Soap News

We are all of one mind; Fels-Naptha cuts wash-day in half.

And that's only half the good news. All grocers sell it.

Fels-Naptha Philadelphia

Brockville — Brockville bakers are considering the advisability of advancing the price of bread in view of the fact that the wholesale price of flour has jumped $1 per barrel.

TAKING THEM ALIVE.

The different methods by which various wild animals are captured in their native state are interesting. Lions are generally caught by being tempted to thrust their heads through nooses of strong cords composed of twisted hides. Pieces of meat are used for bait, but frequently the hunters have many hard days of hard chasing before the lion can be persuaded to try the noose. When he does the cords are pulled quickly around his throat, stifling him, and other stout cords are bound around his legs.

Tigers are more savage than lions, and can rarely be captured when full-grown. Recruiting is accordingly carried on among the cubs, the parent tigers being killed, and the young, left without protectors, being easily caught. The cubs readily accustom themselves to captivity.

Perhaps the most difficult of all wild animals to capture is the giraffe. In addition to being very rare, giraffes are exceedingly timid and swift-footed. There is no special way to capture a giraffe; many different ways have been tried, and all have been equally unsuccessful. The method which has occasionally resulted in a capture is that of using a long cord, at each end of which is a round weight. This cord is thrown by the hunter in such a manner as to wind around the animal's legs, either bringing it to the ground or rendering it incapable of escaping before it is made a prisoner. Most of the giraffes in captivity have been caught by chance when young.

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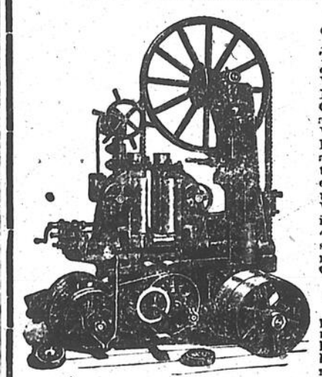
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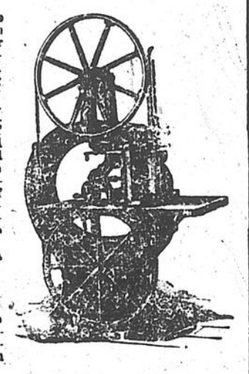
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1 Sept. . Parisian. .	16 Sept.,	6 a.m., 5 p.m
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15 Sept., . Ionian . .	30 Sept.,	5 a.m., 3.30 p.m
22 Sept., . Bavarian. .	7 Oct.,	11 p.m.

Tunisian and Bavarian are the largest and finest steamers on the Canadian route. Record passage, Tunisian, Moville to Rimouski, 6 days, 2 hours. Bavarian's record run, 6 days, 3 hours, 12 minutes.

The saloons and staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ship throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers any hour of the night. Music rooms and smoking rooms on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $50 and upwards, according to steamer and location of room. Second cabin, $30 and $35.

Steerage—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including a plentiful supply of provisions cooked and served, and every requisite for the voyage, $15. Round trip, from Liverpool or Moville, $32.50.

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From Glasgow.	From Montreal.
Sat., 10 Sept—Corinthian . . .	Thurs. 29 Sept.
Sat., 24 Sept—Sicilian	Thurs. 13 Oct.
Sat., 1 Oct.—Pretorian. . . .	Thurs. 20 Oct.

Rates—First Cabin, $40 and upwards; return tickets, 10 per cent. reduction. Second Cabin, to Glasgow or Londonderry, $27.50; return tickets, $49.37. Steerage, $15.00, and everything necessary provided.

Steamers on this service have excellent accommodation for all classes of passengers. The Saloons are forward: Staterooms near the centre of the ship. Promenade deck the entire width of the vessel, and two-thirds of the length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom.

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Reduction in First Cabin Rates: To Liverpool, $47.50 and $50 and Upward, according to steamer and accommodation. Round trip tickets at reduced rates.

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Third class Rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, Londonderry and Queenstown, $15. To Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, $17. To Gothenburg, Copenhagen, etc., $20. Stockholm, Hango, etc., $23. From Liverpool or Londonderry to Quebec, $15.00; from London, $17.00. To and from all other points at equally low rates.

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DOMINION LINE STEAMSHIPS

WEEKLY SAILINGS TO LIVERPOOL FROM MONTREAL

*Dominion.....Sept. 24 †Kensington.....Oct. 22
*Vancouver.....Oct. 1 *Dominion.....Oct. 29
†Canada.....Oct. 8 *Vancouver.....Nov. 5
†Southwark.....Oct. 15 †Canada.....Nov. 12

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*Turcoman.....Oct. 1 *Englishman....Oct. 29
*Manxman.....Oct. 15 *Turcoman.....Nov. 12

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†Cold storage and cool air.
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WOMAN AND HER INTERESTS.

Personal and Society Notes

Mr. U. H. Dandurand has left for St. Louis.

Mrs. and Miss Coursol, of Ottawa, are in Montreal.

Mr. W. Farwell, Sherbrooke, is a guest at the Windsor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Gurd, have returned from Kingston.

Mrs. H. Drummond has returned to Toronto from Montreal.

The Misses Renaud, St. Eustache, are the guests of Mrs. Lapierre.

Mr. G. E. Guimondl, inspector of the Hochelaga Bank, is in Quebec.

Miss Lavoie, who has been visiting in Montreal, has returned to Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. L. Berube have returned to Montreal from St. Comit.

The Countess Talladicno, Florence, Italy, is at the King Edward, Toronto.

Mr. Jeannotte, son of Dr. Jeannotte, Sherbrooke Street, has arrived from Paris.

Miss Smardon, who has been visiting friends at Compton, has returned to Montreal.

Miss L. C. Wicksteed, of Ottawa, who has been visiting in Montreal, has returned home.

Mrs. A. McKay, of Quebec, who has been visiting her son in Montreal, has returned home.

Miss Millie Carmichael of Montreal, has been the guest of Mrs. E. E. Horsey, at Kingston.

Mrs. Parsons, of Montreal, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fortescue, at Edgehill, Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Archer Robertson and family Seymour ave. return home today from Beaconsfield.

Mr. J. L. Munns, Montreal, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and rMs. F. H. Nunns, at Coaticook.

Mr. J. Ross Mills has come down from Ottawa to enter the science course at McGill University.

Mrs. G. F. O'Halloran, who is the guest of Mrs. Harold Hampson, returns this week to Ottawa.

Miss Poosk, of New York, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. G. B. Ashcroft, 314 Prince Arthur street.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Joseph are at present the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Walem at Queenscote, Kingston.

Miss Trotter who has been the guest of her sister Mrs. James Robertson, has returned to her home in California.

Mrs. Vivian S. Hart will receive at her residence, 45 Sussex avenue, on Thursday afternoon, 22nd instant, from 4 to 6 p.m.

Miss Roper, of Peterboro, is the guest of her brother, Mr. Alfred Roper, 254 Oliver Avenue, Westmount, previous to her return to Baltimore.

Miss Marjorie Baker, Sherbrooke street, was among the guests at a young peoples' dinner given last week at Ottawa by Mrs. Fitzpatrick.

Mr. Edward Broome has been removed from the Royal Victoria Hospital, and is now the guest of Mrs. A. S. Ault, Cote road, Westmount.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Pratt, and family, Sherbrooke st., Westmount, who have been spending the summer at Beaconsfield, have returned to town.

Mr. C. J. Covernton and the Misses Covernton, Dorchester street, who have been spending the summer at The Grove, Beaconsfield, have returned to town.

Miss Ethel and Mr. Stuart Ramsay, of Quebec, have arrived in Montreal to resume their respective studies at the McGill Normal School and McGill University.

Miss K. Grannary and Miss Nellie McKenna, who have been spending a week with their aunt, Mrs. G. Clancy, Leclerc ave., Montreal, have returned to Quebec.

Miss Dorothy White, who has been the guest of her sister Mrs. Charles Mackintosh, at Aylmer, has been spending a few days in Montreal, en route to her home in Quebec.

Messrs. W. H. Reynolds, H. McLaren, John M. Roy, W. A. Shackell, W. A. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Wright, Lorne K. Stewart, F. N. Pickard, J. N. Decary, J. Trotter, F. J. Fetherstone, J. Birmingham are among the Montrealers registered at the Chateau, Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Anderson have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Aureola Anderson, to Mr. Edmund D. Knight, eldest son of Mr. Stillman Knight, on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 28th, at half-past two o'clock, at St. James Church, Stanbridge.

September Weddings

McMANAMY-McCARTHY.

St. Patrick's Church, Sherbrooke, was the scene of a pretty wedding yesterday morning, when Miss Sara McCarthy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. McCarthy, London street, was united in marriage to Mr. D. J. McManamy, of that city. Rev. Father Fisetie officiated, and the service was choral. There was a large attendance of friends and acquaintances. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attended by Miss Faucher, and the groomsman was Mr. E. McCarthy, of Philadelphia, Pa., brotner of the bride. The wedding breakfast was served at the residence of the bride's parents.



SOIELAINE BLOUSE WITH MALTEST MEDALLIONS.

A very faint tint of rose-colored soielaine fashions this dainty blouse. Buttoned in the back, the fronts are decorated with medallions, these being disposed to define a yoke and front plait and form both collar and cuff. The soielaine is cut away beneath the lace, and a little backing of rose chiffon provided. The shoulder line is long and the sleeve of the regulation shirt pattern with small puff above th e wrist.

BRUCE-BRADSHAW.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Bradshaw, 34 Madison ave., Toronto, on Wednesday last, her daughter, Miss Katherine Bradshaw, was married to Mr. Alexander Bruce, of Montreal. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. Dr. Wallace of Bloor Street Presbyterian Church, in the presence of some sixty guests. Miss Jean Wilson was bridesmaid, and Mr. James Bruce, of Leith, Edinburgh, the groom's brother, best man. The wedding march was played by Mr. Frank S. Welsman. On the return from their wedding trip, in which they will visit several of the western and southern American cities, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce will take up their residence in Montreal.

DEATH OF MR. JAMES INGLIS.

Inventor of Fast Dry Plate Passes Away in Chicago.

Mr. James Inglis, at one time well known as a photographer in Montreal, died in Chicago on Sunday as the result of injuries received in an explosion last month.

The accident which resulted in his death was the explosion of twelve pounds of magnesium while Mr. Inglis was making experiments in the basement of his house. The force of the explosion destroyed the house, severely injuring Mrs. Inglis, who was in the kitchen above.

Mr. Inglis formerly had a large business in Montreal, but at the request of several American capitalists he removed to Chicago to develop the manufacture of photographic dry plates. Mr. Inglis won world-wide distinction as the inventor of the fast dry plate.

R. & O. MANAGER IN TORONTO.

Mr. C. J. Smith, general manager of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, has gone to Toronto on a short business trip.

TECHNICAL LECTURES FOR ARCHITECTS' CLERKS

McGill Department of Architecture Which Gave a Special Course at 9 a.m. for Partial Students Now in Offices.

An interesting prospectus for 1904-05 has been issued by the Department of Architecture, McGill University, setting forth the order and matter of the lectures in the session just beginning.

This department of the faculty of applied science is of comparatively recent origin, having been founded and endowed by Sir William MacDonald. Th course is designed to afford preliminary training, both practical and technical, in architecture, chemistry, civil engineering and surveying, electrical engineering, mechanical engineering, metallurgy, mining engineering and transportation.

The course comprises four years, and leads to the degrees of Bachelor of Architecture and B. Sc. (architectural engineering).

Lectures and studio work for these degrees will be resumed on Wednesday, Sept. 21, and additional courses of twenty-five lectures will be delivered at 9 a.m. for the convenience of partial students already in architects' offices. These courses will be: Monday, the building trades; Tuesday, architecture of the Gothic period; Wednesday, theory and evolution of architectural forms; Thursday, architecture of the classic period; Friday, sanitation and heating.

In conjunction with these courses will be programmes of home work for such students as are unable to put in a three-hour period in the architectural studio in connection with each lecture.

"CANADA'S" HULL IS UP.

R. and O. Company is Taking it to Levis for Dry Docking—Vessel May be Refitted for Service.

The Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company report that they have successfully raised the hull of the steamer Canada. The steamer will be brought to Levis to be placed in the dry docks, and if it can be used again will later on be removed to Sorel to be rebuilt at the company's works.

Dayton, O.—Paul Lawrence Dunbar, the Afro-American poet, is critically ill of consumption. The doctors say he probably will not live longer than a month.

MARCONI WILL PERFECT SYSTEM

More Powerful Radiatons Can Overcome Distance Across Ocean

New York, Sept. 21.—Signor Marconi talked hopefully yesterday of perfecting his stations on each side of the Atlantic Ocean, so that wireless telegraphic service would become commercially possible. He is here to make important changes in the station at Cape Breton, and when these are completed, or by the middle of October, he will return to England and make similar changes in the Poldhu station, at Cornwall. He will return again to America in December, and with both stations in electric accord he believes he will then demonstrate that the distance of 3,500 miles is no bar to a successful operation of his instruments.

"Though thus far the experiments have been imperfect, they have mainly failed because of lack of power," he said yesterday. "I purpose to increase that of the Cape Breton station, and I have new appliances for a more perfect radiation of the electric waves.

"I believe that I can overcome the long distance with more power. The Cunard steamships now get their bulletins readily and accurately when fifteen hundred miles from shore. With sufficient power the remaining distance across the sea can be overcome, I believe. Recent experiments in Italy developed curious phenomena which distance only cannot explain.

"On a war ship placed at my disposal by the Italian Government we were communicating on the east coast of Italy with the station at Poldhu. At Venice the messages were not intercepted with the same accuracy that they were when at Ancona, several hundred miles further away, and to the south. The cause of this I am endeavoring to discover.

"The Royal Scientific Society of Great Britain is also endeavoring to find out why the rays are hindered to a greater or lesser degree in various seasons, and why they are more potent during the night than during the day. There are several theories propounded, all interesting, but not one conclusive. My new radiating device will, I hope, overcome some of these conditions.

SECRETARY TO LORD GREY.

Ottawa Sept. 20.—Mr. Arthur F. Sladen, private secretary to Lord Minto during the past four years, has been officially informed of his appointment to serve Lord Grey in like capacity. Mr. Sladen has proved an exceptionally courteous attache of Government House ,and the news that he will continue in the like relations to the coming Governor-General has been received in the city with satisfaction.

THE DUTCH PARLIAMENT.

The Hague, Sept. 21.—Queen Wilhelmina re-opened the States-General yesterday. In the speech from the throne the Queen said that the home industries of the Netherlands were not competing satisfactorily with foreign enterprise, and that the finances of the Dutch Indies and the Netherlands needed strengthening. Her Majesty announced also the forthcoming introduction of bills providing for old age pensions and higher education.

FORESTERS' PRESENTATION.

At the opening meeting for the season of Mount Royal Lodge, Canadian Order of Foresters, Bro. L. A. Whittet was presented with a gold watch and chain for the faithful way he had performed the duties of secretary of the lodge for the past six years. Bro. Geo. A. Scott, Noble Grand of the lodge, presided, and the report of the treasurer, Bro. Forest Hughes, showed the finances of the lodge to be in a healthy condition. At the close of the business meeting refreshments were served and a social evening spent.

Diamond Rings cleaned and examined free. R. Hemsley, Manufacturing Jeweller, 255 St. James street.—Adv.

Berlin—A special train will be run between Berlin and Friedrichsruhe today for the mourners who will attend the funeral of Count Herbert Bismarck. He will be buried with exactly the same ceremony as was his father.

Ferrara—The driver of a switch engine suddenly went mad to-day and deliberately drove his engine into an express train on its way through Ferrara from Bologna to Venice. He and the guard of the express and four passengers were killed, and seventeen of the passengers were injured.

Paris Kid Glove Store

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New Autumn Gloves

We have just received a superb collection of exclusive NOVELTIES, designed by the foremost European manufacturers.

The extraordinary display of this season's new goods—glorious in the richest of the AUTUMN SHADES—cannot be described; they must be seen to be appreciated.

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MARIE ANTOINETTE, in white, with large reversible blue cuff.

VAN DYKE—Mousquetaire, in white, black and red, with points in contrasting colors.

ROYAL SCOTS—The favorite new style, smartest street glove, in the newest combinations — champagne with brown, white with blue, and black, etc.

All Perrin's Make

While this showing includes those very desirable for the ultra-fashionable, we have also a complete selection to meet the popular purse and to suit every taste.

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New importations of European and American styles have now been added to stock, making the variety and range very large.

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No. 218—Foolscap size, pig skin $25.00
No. 221—Foolscap size, black morocco 21.00
No. 364—Quarto size, black seal..... 9.00
No. 764—Quarto size, solid leather.... 5.50

DRESSING CASES

Prices $35.00 to $3.00.

No. 948—Solid Leather, 9 x 6, lined pig skin, mirror, military brushes, comb, soap and brush bottles, etc..$13.00
No. 675—Dark Green Morocco, 9 x 6, mirror, two ebony brushes, metal soap box, glove stretcher, comb.... 7.50
No. 912—Morocco, assorted colors, 8 x 5 mirror, one ebony brush, glass brush bottle, meal soap box, comb, etc. 4.75
No. 910—Morocco, assorted colors, 8 x 4 mirror, ebony military brush, razor, shaving and tooth brushes, soap box, comb, etc. 4.50

JEWEL BOXES

Prices $30.00 to $1.25.

No. 4891—Black Seal, moire silk lined, tray, watch stand, etc.....$11.00
No. 6424—Pigskin, gents', silk lined, etc. 7.00
No. 1038-1 — Black Morocco, lined green plush, etc. 5.00

DESK PADS

Prices $8.00 to 50c.

No. DP 216—19 x 15, Seal corners, silver mountings, leather back..... $8.00
No. DP 215—19 x 15, Seal corners, leather back 5.00
No. DP 360—16 x , Walrus corners, silver mountings, leather lined.... 3.50
No. DP 362—16 x 12, Seal corners, silver mountings, leather lined..... 2.50
No. DP 343—16 x 12, Seal Corners, not mounted ..... .75
No. DP 460—12 x 10, Leather corners.. .50

Glove and Handkerchief Cases

Prices $10.00 to $6.50.

No. 3830—Black Seal, silk lined.....$10.00
No. 3823—Seal Lion, assorted colors, lined silk 6.50

MUSIC CASES

Prices $10.00 to $1.50.

No. 424—Polished Crocodile, silk lined $10.00
No. 37—Black Seal, calf lined..... 5.50
No. 5179—Black Morocco, silk lined.. 4.00
No. 4759—Red Morocco, silk lined.... 1.65

BLOTTERS

Prices $12.00 to 50c.

No. 0545—Foolscap size, tree calf, embossed design, silk lined, pockets..$12.00
No. 0684—Quarto size, black seal, silver corners and shield, calf lined.. 10.00
No. 245—Quarto size, black seal, calf lined 4.50
No. 506—Quarto size, long grain green morocco, silver corners 3.00
No. 207—Quarto size, paste grain, assorted colors ..... .50

Gent's Manicure Sets

Prices $10.00 to $5.00.

No. 7033—Sea Lion case, lined gray plush, seven pieces, ebony mounted $10.00
No. 7034—Dark Morocco, lined gray plush, five pieces, ebony 7.25
No. 590—Black Seal, roll up case, lined chamois, five pieces 5.00

RAZOR CASES

Prices $2.00 to $1.00.

No. 7002—Pigskin, to hold six razors. $2.00
No. 7002-4—Pigskin, to hold four razors 1.75
No. 7002-2—Seal, to hold two razors.. 1.25

MILITARY BRUSHES

Prices $10.00 to $2.50.

No. 7185—Pigskin case, hand sewn, ebony brushes $10.00
No. 6111—Pigskin case, hand sewn, ebonized rubber back brushes..... 6.00
No. 6111½—Sea Lion case, ebonized rubber back brushes 5.50
No. 6349—Black Walrus, ebonized rubber back brushes 4.00

Cuff and Collar Boxes

Prices $7.50 to 85c.

No. 714½—Pigskin, with strap, silk lined $7.50
No. 210—Black Seal, satin lined..... 5.50
No. 209—Sea Lion, silk lined 3.50

MUSIC ROLLS

Prices $7.50 to $1.00.

No. 6593—Sea Lion, silk lined $7.50
No. 26 MR—Black Seal, leather lined 5.25
No. 7194—Dark Red Morocco, silk lined 3.50
No. 7194—Walrus, assorted colors, silk lined 2.25

DESK SETS

Prices $19.00 to $5.00.

No. 7003—Black Seal, gold plated mountings, 6 pieces and desk pad..$19.00
No. 7003—Dark Green Morocco, gold plated mountings, 6 pieces and desk pad 15.00
No. 6390—Maroon Morocco, silver mountings, 4 pieces and desk pad.. 8.00

Black Dress Goods Department

SPECIAL 75c TABLE

FOR THE BALANCE OF THE WEEK we will have a SPECIAL 75 CENT TABLE OF BLACK DRESS GOODS.

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The above are all NEW FALL GOODS.

A FEW HANDSOME EMBROIDERED BLACK DRESS ROBES, in Voile de Paris. No two alike. To be cleared at 20 per cent. discount, and 5 per cent. extra for cash.

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We beg to announce that our Fall opening and exhibition of Pattern Hats and Bonnets, imported from Paris, London and New York, and many beautiful creations of our own, will take place on

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PREMO CAMERAS 1904, R. F. SMITH — Full line of models for 1904 just to hand. Send for special bargain list No 14. 1756 Notre Dame street.

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Tender for Cribwork.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Cribwork, St. John," will be received up to and including

TUESDAY, the 27th Day of SEPTEMBER, 1904, for the construction of Cribwork on the Courtney Bay Branch, St. John, N.B.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Terminal Agent's office, St. John, N.B., and at the office of the Engineer of Maintenance, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
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Railway Office,
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UNRIPE FRUIT, CHANGE OF WATER, COLDS, IMPROPER DIET,

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Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Cramps, Pain in the Stomach, Cholera, Summer Complaint, etc.,

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THE BELL TELEPHONE CO'Y OF CANADA, LIMITED.

Notice of Dividend

A Dividend of Two Per Cent. has been declared, payable at the Company's Office, in Montreal, on the 15th October next, to shareholders of record the 30th September, 1904.

CHAS. P. SCLATER,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 14th September, 1904.

HERALD SERIALS ARE GOOD SERIALS.

The Mystery of a Hansom Cab

BY FERGUS HUME.

CHAPTER IX.

In spite of his long walk and still longer drive, Bryan did not sleep well that night. He kept tossing and turning, or lying on his back, wide awake, looking into the darkness and thinking of Whyte. Towards dawn, when the first faint glimmer of morning came through the Venetian blinds, he fell into a sort of uneasy doze, haunted by horrible dreams. He thought he was driving in a hansom, when suddenly he found Whyte by his side, clad in white cerements, grinning and gibbering at him with ghastly merriment. Then the cab went over a precipice, and he fell from a great height, down, down, with the mocking laughter still sounding in his ears, until he woke with a loud cry and found it was broad daylight, and that drops of perspiration were standing on his brow. It was no use trying to sleep any longer, so, with a weary sigh, he rose and went to his tub, feeling jaded and worn out by worry and want of sleep. His bath did him some good. The cold water brightened him up and pulled him together. Still, he could not help giving a start of surprise when he saw his face reflected in the mirror, old and haggard-looking, with dark circles round the eyes.

"A pleasant life I'll have of it if this sort of thing goes on," he said bitterly. "I wish I had never seen or heard of Whyte."

He dressed himself carefully. He was not a man to neglect his toilet, however worried and out of sorts he might happen to feel. Yet, notwithstanding all his efforts, the change in his appearance did not escape the eye of his landlady. She was a small, dried-up little woman, with a wrinkled, yellowish face. She seemed parched up and brittle. Whenever she moved she crackled, and one went in constant dread of seeing a wizen-looking limb break off short like the branch of some dead tree. When she spoke it was in a voice hard and shrill, not unlike the chirp of a cricket. When—as was frequently the case—she clothed her attenuated form in a faded brown silk gown, her resemblance to that lively insect was remarkable.

And, as on this morning she crackled into Bryan's sitting room with the Argus and his coffee, a look of dismay at his altered appearance came over her stony little countenance.

"Dear me," she chirped out in her shrill voice, as she placed her burden on the table, "are you took bad?"

Bryan shook his head. "Want of sleep, that's all, Mrs. Sampson, he answered, unfolding his Argus.

"Ah, that's because ye ain't got enough blood in yer 'ead," said Mrs. Sampson, wisely, for she had her own ideas on the subject of health. "If you ain't got blood you ain't got sleep."

Brian looked at her as she said this, for there seemed such an obvious want of blood in her veins that he wondered if she ever slept in all her life.

"There was my father's brother, which, of course, makes 'im my uncle," went on the landlady, pouring out a cup of coffee for Brian, "an' the blood 'e 'ad was somethin' astoundin', which it made 'im sleep that long as they 'ad to draw pints from 'im afore 'e'd wake in the mornin'."

Brian had the Argus before his face, and under its friendly cover he laughed quietly to himself.

"His blood poured out like a river," went on the landlady, still drawing from the rich stores of her imagination, "and the doctor was struck dumb with astonishment at seein' the Niagaret which burst from 'im—but I'm not so full-blooded myself."

Fitzgerald again stifled a laugh. However, he said nothing, but merely intimated that if she would leave the room he would take his breakfast.

"An' if you wants anythin' else, Mr. Fitzgerald," she said, going to the door "you knows your way to the bell as easily as I do to the kitching," and, with a final chirrup, she crackled out of the room.

As soon as the door was closed Brian put down his paper and roared, in spite of his worries. He had that extraordinary vivacious Irish temperament which enables a man to put all trouble behind his band, and thoroughly enjoy the present. His landlady, with her Arabian Nightlike romances, was a source of great amusement to him, and he felt considerably cheered by the odd turn her humor had taken this morning. After a time, however, his laughter ceased, and his troubles came crowding on him again. He drank his coffee, but pushed away the food which was before him and looked through the Argus for the latest report about the murder case. What he read made his cheek turn a shade paler than before. He could feel his heart thumping wildly.

"They've found a clue, have they?" he muttered, rising and pacing restlessly up and down. "I wonder what it can be? I threw that man of the scent last night; but if he suspects me, there will be no difficulty in his finding out where I live. Bah! What nonsense I am talking. I am the victim of my own morbid imagination. There is nothing to connect me with the crime, so I need not be afraid of my own shadow. I've a good mind to leave town for a time, but that would excite suspicion. Oh, Madge, my darling!" he cried, passionately, "if you only knew what I suffer I know that you would pity me—but you must never know the truth—never! never!" And sinking into a chair by the window he covered his face with his hands. After remaining in this position for some minutes, occupied with his own gloomy thought, he rose and rang the bell. A fait crackle in the distance announced that Mrs. Sampson had heard it, and she soon came into the room, looking more like a cricket than ever. Brian had gone into his bedroom and called out to her from there:

"I am going down to St. Kilda, Mrs. Sampson," he said, ::and probably I shall not be back all day."

"Which I 'opes it 'ull do you good," she answered, "for you're eaten nothin an' the sea-breezes is miraculous for makin' you take to your victuals. My mother's brother, bein' a sailor, was wonderful for 'is stomach, which, when 'e 'ad done a meal the table looked as if a low-cuss had gone over it."

"A what?" asked Fitzgerald, buttoning his gloves.

"A low-cuss!" replied the landlady, in surprise at his ignorance.

"Oh! you mean locusts," said Brian.

"An' what else?" asked Mrs. Sampson, indignantly, "which, tho' not bein' a scholard, I speaks English, I 'opes, my mother's second cousin 'avin' 'ad first prize at a spellin' bee, tho' e' died early through brain fever, 'avin' crowded 'is 'ead over much with the dictionarly."

"Dear me!" answered Brian, mechanically. "How unfortunate."

He was not listening to Mrs. Sampson's remarks.

He suddenly remembered an arrangement which Madge had made, and which up till now had slipped his memory.

"Mrs. Sampson," he said, turning round at the door, "I am going to bring Mr. Frettlby and his daughter to have a cup of afternoon tea here, so you might have some ready."

"You 'ave only to ask and to 'ave," answered Mrs. Sampson, hospitably, with a gratified crackle of all her joints "I'll make the tea, sir, an' also some of my own particler cakes, bein' a special kind I 'ave, which my mother showed me 'ow to make, 'avin' been taught by a lady as she nursed thro,' the scarlet fever, tho' bein' of a weak constitootion she died soon arter, bein' in the 'abit of contractin' any disease she might chance on."

(To be Continued.)

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COR. ST. JAMES AND ST. PETER STS.

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Tailor-made, with concave shoulders, hand padded collars and lapels; irreproachable fit. A long, loose, stylish coat in a variety of cloths and colorings—just the thing for the cool Fall days.

PRICES $10 to $25.

"MALE ATTIRE" Tailored Clothes

Corner St. Peter and Craig Streets

(OPPOSITE WITNESS OFFICE.)

TURF AND TRACK

RACING AT WOODBINE.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—Two odds on favorites, Caper Sauce and Warwhoop, pleased the talent at the Woodbine yesterday, and the other winners were all well played. There was a heavy play on Mary Worth in the last race, but she got away slowly and could not make it up. Land's End, a 5 to 1 shot, in the fourth race, was caught in the jam at the last three-eighths pole, and lost his rider. Summary:

First race, 5½ furlongs, maiden 3-year-olds and up—Persistence Y, 13 to 5; Conspiracy, 15 to 1; Margaret O., 7 to 2. Time, 1.17.

Second race, 6 furlongs, St. Lawrence, purse $400, for 2-year-olds—Caper Sauce, 11 to 20; Sampan, 5 to 2; Moonraker, 30 to 1. Time, 1.17¾.

Third race, Strathcona Plate, one mile, $500 added, for 3-year-olds and up—James F., 16 to 1; Light Brigade, 3 to 1; Early Boy, 3 to 1. Time, 1.43½.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs, for maiden 2-year-olds—Hazel Baker, 6 to 1; Step Dance, 5 to 1; Pelion, 5 to 1. Time, 1.04.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, Dominion Autumn Handicap, $1,000, for 3-year-olds and up—Warwhoop, 3 to 5; Nimble Dick, 5 to 1; Loupania, 5 to 1. Time, 1.51½.

Sixth race, 5 furlongs, for 4-year-olds and up, selling—Minotaur, 11 to 5; Prince Light, 25 to 1; Arachue, 7 to 1. Time, 1.17.

THE SAUGUS MEETING.

Saugus, Mass., Sept. 21.—The September meeting at the Saugus track opened yesterday with a good track, ordinary attendance and excellent racing. In the three events Lady Iona, in the 2.25 trotting class, was the only favorite that won. Owhyho was picked in the 2.18 pace, but Gain was clearly the best of seven that started. In the 2.11 pace, La Pointe was considered the best of the five that faced the flag. After the pair had two more close heats, I. T. Washburn, who took the first heat, came up strong and captured the next two and the race. Summary:—

2.18, pacing, purse $600—Gain won in straights; Owhyho, second; Monte Joe, third. Burt Blake Major, Lady Van and Martindale also started. Best time, 2.13¼.

2.25, trotting, purse $600—Lady Iona, won second, third and fourth heats and race; Lizzie G., second; Capitol, third. St. Patrick, Dick Brine, G. L. Smiley, Alice McGregor and Gussurre also started. Best time, 2.18¼.

2.11, pacing, purse $600—I. T. Washburn, won first, fifth and sixth heats and race; Aintree, second; Lapointe, third. Irish Jack and Roberts Own also started. Best time, 2.10¾.

The winners at Harlem yesterday were Happy Jock, John E. Owens, Stroller, Magistrate, Subtle and Gypsene.

Gravesend winners were Letola, Oiseau, Monet, Ormonde's Right, Santa Catalina and Stuyve.

The Hochelaga Agricultural Society's Exhibition is being held at Delorimier Park this afternoon.

ATHLETICS.

SCOTTISH CHAMPION'S VISIT.

W. H. Welsh, the Scottish short-distance champion and the best quarter-mile in Great Britain, has been visiting Montreal. He is making a tour of the world, but has gone on to St. Louis before making for Vancouver, where he will play with J. S. Tait, an old Edinburgh schoolboy and Watsonian footballer, who was the full-back in the All-Canada Rugby team a couple of seasons ago.

Welsh is also a great footballer, the greatest wing half-back of his time in the Old Country. Two seasons ago when playing for Scotland against England, he was badly damaged, and has been out of the game since. However, he was able this year to run for Scotland against Ireland in the International athletic match, and helped his country to win. He will be home in time for the International football matches which begin in January.

The young athlete is a medical student at Edinburgh University. He belongs to a family distinguished in the athletic world. His cousin, Robin Welsh, was also the finest wing half-back of his time in Scotland, and possessed great pace. Another cousin, Hugh Welsh, will be remembered as the great mile-runner, who once, when beating the Rev. Lutyens in the A.A.A. championships by about thirty yards, won looking back and easing up by one-fifth of a second outside world's record. Had he been fond of the sport and trained W. G. George would never have been in it for record-breaking.

W. H. Welsh himself was narrowly beaten only by Long two or three seasons ago—a great performance for a football player. In The Herald office he talked of his shooting caribou in Labrador as if he had been playing marbles. His family have been large farmers near Dumfries, in the south of Scotland, for many generations. It is unfortunate that he could not stay over for the C.A.A.U. championships.

WESTMOUNT ACADEMY GAMES.

At the annual meeting of the Westmount Academy Athletic Association the following officers were elected:—Chairman of field sports, R. E. Howe, B.A.; secretary-treasurer, Wilbur Thompson; committee, F. Findlay, C. Smith, H. Wills, R. McKibbon and R. Bulmer and E. Graves representing King's School.

The annual games will be held on the M.A.A.A. grounds on the afternoon of Friday, Sept. 30. The following is the list of events: 50 yards, boys under 8; 75 yards, boys under 9; 75 yards, boys under 10; 100 yards, boys under 12; half-mile bicycle, boys under 12; potato race, boys under 12; 100 yards, boys under 14; half-mile bicycle, boys under 14; long jump, boys under 14; 200 yards, boys under 15; 220 yards, boys under 16; one mile bicycle, boys under 16; hop, step and jump, boys under 16; three-legged race, boys under 16; 880 yards handicap, open; one mile bicycle handicap, open; 440 yards, old boys' race; 100 yards, open; 220 yards, open; 440 yards, open; one-third mile bicycle, open; long jump, open; high jump, open; putting 12-lb. shot, open; throwing cricket ball, open; 120 yards, hurdle, open.

THE C. A. A. U. CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Fifty seats have been ordered by the Caughnawaga Indians for the C.A.A.U. championships, which take place at the M.A.A.A. grounds on Saturday afternoon. They hope to see Peter Deer lift the mile, and in this there is little chance that they will be mistaken. Outside of local talent his most dangerous opponents will be Grant and Munson, of the N.Y.A.C., and J. J. Daly, of the Greater New York Irish A. A. Many consider Daly to be the finest distance man in America. If so, he must have improved very much since his arrival on this continent. Up till last year in Ireland he was no better than a 4.35 man in the mile, and he cannot have improved so much as to beat Deer, who ought to chop ten seconds at least off that time under any conditions.

Desmarteau, the Olympic games champion, will have John Flanagan and Mitchell against him, and the contest in the weights is said to be a great one.

Besides the entries from the N.Y.A.C., which were published in yesterday's Herald, Mr. E. Herbert Brown, secretary of the C.A.A.U., received the following from the Greater New York Irish A.A.A. The rivalry between these two New York organizations is very keen, so the contests will be fruitful of excitement. The entries are:—

John Flanagan, hammer, discus and 56-lb. weight.

M. J. Sheridan, discus and shot.

M. Prinstein, 100 yards, 220 yards and broad jump.

G. V. Sontay, one mile.

John J. Daly, one mile and two miles.

Orange Meat

An Ideal Lo Meat

RAIN HAS HIT THE BALL TEAM HARD

Averages of Some of the Players—It's a Sure Thing For the Bisons



THE statement was made the other day by a gentleman who ought to know that rain has cost the Montreal Baseball Club this season no less than $8,000 or $10,000. Not only has rain caused the postponement of many home games, but on the road as well the team has been badly hit by the weather.

The opening day in Montreal proved a big financial loss, while another and perhaps a greater one was the loss of the Decoration Day gate at Buffalo.

The attendance this year has been better than any year since Dooley did that pennant-clasping stunt of his, but the trouble has been that rain and cold have cut into business that, under decent conditions, would have been extremely big.

However, wait till we get our world-beaters together next year.

Then the sun will shine.

Below we show the number of errors made and the fielding averages of the Eastern League first basemen:—

	Errors.	Pct.
Clancy, Montreal	31	.976
Raub, Toronto	31	.942
Jordan, Baltimore	25	.982
O'Hagan, Newark	21	.983
Cassidy, Newark	24	.981
Daly, Providence	22	.984
Grimshaw, Buffalo	27	.981
Carey, Rochester	23	.983

Similar figures are also shown on the active artists who masquerade at shortstop:

	Errors.	Pct.
Yeager, Montreal	66	.902
Lewis, Baltimore	67	.896
Gatins, Newark	67	.901
Rock, Providence	62	.903
Nattress, Buffalo	77	.892

Joe Bean's average is not given because he did not play in many games, and for the same reason the Rochester and Toronto shortstops are also left out.

Jersey City again to-morrow. The games after this will begin at 3.30.

Buffalo can lose the Eastern League pennant. Such a condition is possible. But the Bisons would have to drop nearly every game left on the schedule, while Baltimore must win nearly all that are left, to land on top. As the teams are now playing, it is almost an impossibility for the Bisons to land in second place. During the last week the Buffalos captured seven battle, losing none. The Orioles nabbed five and dropped one.

There are ten playing days left for Eastern League bait, but, with the postponed games each club must have on its list the number will be two to twelve or more. Say twelve. If Baltimore should win all and Buffalo lose, then the pennant would wave over the Orioles' camp, for the result would be something like this:—

Buffalo	85	53	.616
Baltimore	85	46	.649

Then, again, suppose the two contenders were to win and lose half of the twelve games? It would leave them at the close about in this way:—

Buffalo	91	47	.659
Baltimore	79	52	.603

If the Bisons should win six and drop the same number and Baltimore win ten and drop but two, the Bisons would still have the best of the argument by several points, as the following figures indicate:—

Buffalo	91	47	.659
Baltimore	83	48	.634

In order to have a closer race than appears now Buffalo must win but four and lose eight, while Baltimore gathers in ten and drops but two games. Even then the Bisons would have the best of it. The percentage would then be:—

Buffalo	89	49	.645
Baltimore	83	48	.634

So it will be seen that Buffalo must win but a small majority of the games left to land the pennant.

Some of the fans the other day were expressing a desire to see Mike Joyce and Thoney sprint around the bases with a stop-watch keeping tabs on them.

Third Baseman Bradley, of Cleveland, and Shortstop Freddy Parent, of Boston, are the two men whose releases President Herrmann, of the Cincinnati Club, recently offered to buy for $25,000. It is figured that this pair would make pennant-winners of the Reds.

George Davis thinks his lay off last year did him a lot of good. He is certainly putting up a grand article of ball this season and has been a strong factor in keeping the White Sox in the race.—N. Y. World.

"Dumpy" Shea, the Newark catcher, has only made eight errors this season.

FAN WENT CRAZY.

Pittsburg, Sept. 21.—Robert Laird, one of the best baseball fans following the interest of the Pittsburg National League team, today became insane and was removed to the insane department of the Mercer county almshouse. It is claimed by the friends of Laird, most of whom live in Sharon, Penn., that the reverses of the Pittsburg team this year had much to do with his going insane, as he was much interested in the thrice champions, and became morose and queer when it became evident that there was no chance for his favorites to win the pennant.

Laird was known, or rather his voice was known, to every player in the National League, as he invariably sat on the left field bleachers and yelled at the top of his lungs all through the game.

Larry Lajoie will be out of the game for the rest of the season with a bad case of charley horse.

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Buffalo—		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	100000008—	9	18	2
Baltimore	000000223—	9	15	3

Batteries—Yerkes and McAllister; Adkins, Burchell and Byers. Umpire, Kelly. Attendance, 2,420. Called; darkness.

Eastern League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Buffalo	86	41	.677
Baltimore	76	46	.623
Jersey City	72	54	.571
Newark	71	57	.555
Montreal	62	60	.508
Toronto	61	59	.469
Providence	48	79	.378
Rochester	28	98	.222

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	300001000—	4	10	1
Boston	001000000—	1	8	1

Batteries—O'Neil and Grady; McNichols and Moran. Umpire, Zimmer. Attendance, 235.

At Brooklyn—First game—				
Pittsburg	000200001—	3	6	1
Brooklyn	003000102—	4	10	2

Batteries—Case and Phelps; Jones and Bergen. Umpires, Moran and O'Day.

Second game—				
Pittsburg	1000000—	1	8	0
Brooklyn	1000000—	1	5	0

Batteries—Robertaille, Archer and Phelps; Mitchell and Ritter. Umpires, Moran and O'Day. Called; rain. Attendance, 2,000.

National League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	99	35	.739
Chicago	80	52	.606
Pittsburg	77	53	.593
Cincinnati	73	59	.553
St. Louis	66	67	.496
Brooklyn	50	85	.370
Boston	46	89	.340
Philadelphia	42	93	.311

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES.

At Boston—		R.	H.	E.
Boston	20142011*—	11	12	0
Philadelphia	001000000—	1	7	1

Batteries—Young and Criger; Bender, Fairbanks and Schreck. Umpire, Sheridan. Attendance, 6,723.

At Washington—First game—				
Washington	00000000200—	3	6	0
New York	00000011001—	3	10	1

Batteries—Jacobsen and Kittredge; Orth, Chesbro and McGuire.

Second game—				
Washington	000001—	1	8	1
New York	302000—	5	8	1

Batteries—Hughes and Clarke; Chesbro and McGuire. Umpire, Connolly. Attendance, 3,000. Called; darkness.

At St. Louis—First game—				
St. Louis	000000100—	1	6	3
Cleveland	10010000—	2	7	1

Batteries—Howell and Sugden; Rhoades and Buelow.

Second game—				
St. Louis	00000010*—	1	9	2
Cleveland	00000000—	0	6	0

Batteries—Siever and Kahoe; Moore, Donahue and Ostdick. Umpires, O'Loughlin and King. Attendance, 1,878.

American League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	83	50	.624
Boston	82	83	.607
Chicago	78	58	.574
Philadelphia	74	55	.570
Cleveland	71	62	.534
St. Louis	58	76	.433
Detroit	56	77	.421
Washington	32	102	.238

GOLF AND GOLFERS

LYON IN THE RUNNING.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 21.—As the result of the first round of match play in the Olympic International golf championship yesterday, only sixteen golfers are left to compete in the second round to-day. Chicago has six representatives left, of whom not more than four can survive, as Ned Sawyer and Simpson Foulis, Wheaton Club match, and H. C. Egan and Nathaniel Moore are drawn as opponents.

Arthur Havemeyer, of Deal Beach, is the only New Yorker left in the running, while the former amateur champion of Canada, George S. Lyon, is the sole golfer from a foreign country. Most of the thirty-six hole matches yesterday were one-sided, and few surprises developed. A. B. Lambert, of the home course, found Walter Egan, of Exmoor, in an erratic mood, and the Chicago-Harvard player succumbed 7 down. B. H. McMinnie, champion of St. Louis, took a victory from Harold Weber, of Toledo, in the only extra hole match of the day, 1 up in 37 holes.

Arthur Havemeyer won a runaway match from S. T. Price, of St. Louis, striking a wonderful streak in the afternoon, while his brother Raymen fell an easy victim to Robt. E. Hunter, Midlothian Club champion.

Champion H. C. Egan won by indifferent golf, plainly showing that he was far from the brilliant form that marked his victorious matches at Baltusrol.

TOURNAMENT AT KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The Ladies' Golf Club is arranging for a tournament on Oct. 3, 4, 5 and 6 for a club prize and the Grey trophy. The ladies' course is to be played over for all the matches on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 8, a tea will be given at the club-house, when the prizes will be presented.

FOOTBALL.

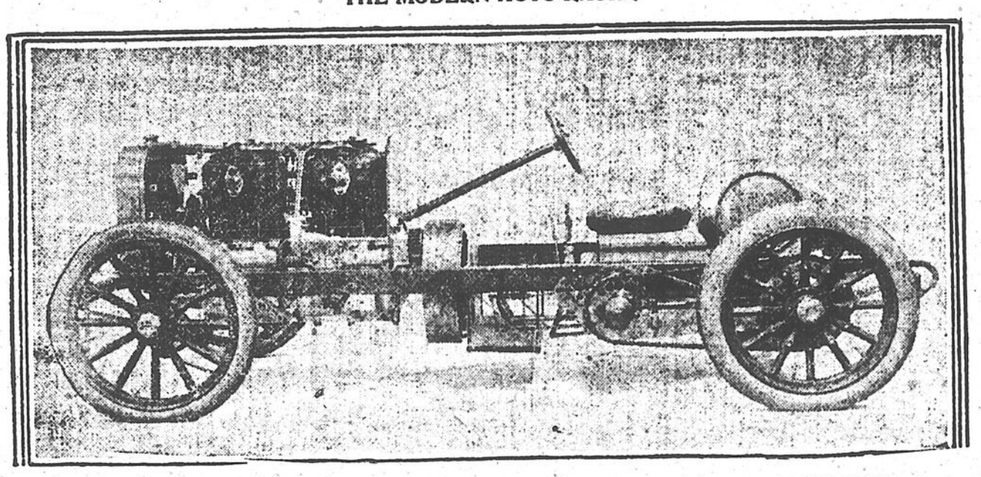
OUTLOOK IN KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The Limestone Rugy footballers are getting into harness, and at a late practice among those who turned out were Betts, Davies, Bearance, Moxley, Revels, McIver, Nicholson, Livingston, Hodgson and Delmage. The captain of this year's team will probably be elected at the next practice, and the name of "Marty" Walsh, who played full-back last year, is mentioned for that position. The Queen's men who are in the city have been having light practices on the college campus. In two weeks more most of the students will have returned to the city, and the collegians will then get down to work in earnest. The first team have lost many of last year's players, but there are many good men of the second line fully capable of filling the vacancies.

NATIONALS NOT YET.

Last spring the Nationals had practically decided to enter the football arena, their athletic association having become so strong of late, but it is now felt that it is better to creep than to leap, and theorganization of a football club will be delayed for another year.

THE MODERN AUTO RACER



THE S. & M. SIMPLEX, OWNED AND RACED BY MR. FRANK CROKER, OF NEW YORK.

Y.M.C.A. SPORTS.

A large number of entries have been received for the Y.M.C.A. field games, which will be held to-morrow afternoon, at the M.A.A.A. Grounds. Several of the boys will endeavor to break association records and competition promises to be keen. The following entries have been received:—

100 yards—P. H. Clarke, J. C. Riddell, D. Buddo, J. D. McKenzie, J. Damant, D. Mundy, W. Abelson, H. Archibald, A. W. Cameron.

Throwing the hammer—N. Lay, Geo. Smith, F. W. Bates, C. G. Higginson.

880 yards—A. Morrison, N. Lay, F. Egan, Geo. Smith, H. Archibald, C. Stanley, Geo. Palmer.

Putting the shot—F. E. Hawkins, F. Egan, Geo. Smith, D. Mundy, F. W. Bates.

One mile—A. Morrison, C. Stanley, H. Copland, C. Mason, Geo. Palmer.

100 yards (boys under 15)—Thos. Potter, Geo. Damant.

Broad jump—W. Common, F. Egan, Geo. Smith, J. Damant, D. Mundy, F. W. Bates, C. G. Higginson.

100 yards (under 18 years)—P. H. Clarke, W. Common, F. Wallace, D. Buddo, G. Field, W. R. Hastings, T. C. Boyle, Geo. Damant, W. H. Jackson.

Three mile walk—J. Leonard, R. Cookman, D. N. Cookman, S. Wilson, H. Copland, D. Linden.

Obstacle race—J. Damant, D. Mundy, A. W. Cameron.

5 mile barrier race—A. C. Stanley, G. Fleet, W. McCulloch, T. Hawkins, G. Williams, J. N. McCuaig, N. Lay, E. Forest, Thos. B. Patterson, H. Archibald, C. F. Smith, C. G. Morrison, W. Smith, J. Coffey, A. Cameron, D. W. Henschel, J. G. McGammon, C. Yule, A. Boire, D. d'Albenas.

220 yards—P. H. Clarke, W. Commen, J. C. Riddell, F. Egan, J. D. McKenzie, Geo. Smith, J. Damant, J. C. Boyle, D. Mundy, W. Abelson.

High jump—F. E. Hawkins, D. Buddo, D. Mundy, F. W. Bates, C. G. Hiddinson.

440 yards—P. H. Clarke, J. C. Riddell, N. Lay, F. Egan, J. D. McKenzie, Geo. Smith, J. Damant, J. C. Boyle, D. Mundy, A. W. Cameron.

Hop, step and jump—F. E. Hawkins, D. Buddo, F. Egan, Geo. Smith, J. Damant, C. J. Higginson.

880 yards (boys under 18)—W. Common, C. H. Clarke, V. G. Wallace, D. Buddo, G. Field, W. R. Hastings.

Relay race—Herrier Club, Athletic Club, R.R. Y.M.C.A. Club.

The following officials have been secured: Referee, T. Wall; track judges, Geo. A. Burton, H. G. Matthews; field judges, A. E. Desilets, P. A. Doig; timers, T. Wall, C. C. Holland, W. S. Leslie; starter, F. T. Tees; scorers, C. M. Daggett, R. A. Beckett; marshal, H. O. McGuire; announcer, A. L. McConnell; clerks of course, H. Ballantyne, W. A. McLaren.

MISCELLANOUES

GONE TO SMITH'S FALLS.

Arthur Service, the fast forward hockey player of last year's Brockville team, left to-day to take up his residence in Smith's Falls, where he will figure on the Junction town senior O.H.A. team this season. Service is one of the best forwards in the business, and his loss will be severely felt in local hockey circles.

L. M.—There was a race-track on the M. A.A.A. rink in 1901, 1902 and 1903.

TORONTO HUNT CLUB BEATEN.

Rochester, N.Y., Sept. 21.—The Rochester Country Club defeated the Toronto Hunt Club 5 to 2 at polo here yesterday, in the annual game for the International Cup, which was won by Rochester a year ago.

President Herrmann, of the Cincinnati Club, challenged President Comiskey, of the Chicago White Sox, to a post-season series last July. Comiskey has accepted and arrangements are under way for the series.

E. & J. BURKE

DUBLIN.

STOUT IN PERFECTION

It is at once a Food, a Stimulant and an Appetizing Beverage. Physicians in all parts of the World prescribe BURKE'S GUINNESS' STOUT as beneficial to patients needing a Tonic or Restorative.

Almost all forms of Malt Extract—so called—are compounded with preservatives, which are well known to be both unwholesome and injurious.

BURKE'S GUINNESS' STOUT is guaranteed free from preservatives of any kind, and, is therefore, the best form of Malt Tonic in the world. Its nutritive and restorative qualities are specially beneficial to invalids.

BURKE'S GUINNESS' STOUT is bottled in Dublin where it is brewed; the label shown above is on every bottle and is a guarantee of Purity and Excellence. Do not be misled by imitations.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING GROCERS AND WINE MERCHANTS.

ROYAL STORES

Brown TIES! Brown HATS!

We Have Them In The Correct Shades!

STETSON'S, ROELEFF'S, GLYN'S, DELEON'S HATS.

Just Received a Large Consignment of these Well-known Brands Fall Shapes.

It Costs No More To Buy The Latest From Us!

The National A.A.A. is certainly becoming a powerful factor in local athletics. Their lacrosse team has done nobly this year, and last season the hockey team made a name for themselves as the fastest seven on the ice. With a football club organized the directors will be doing a great deal to promote athletics amongst the French-Canadians.

MAT AND RING.

Buffalo, Sept. 21.—Yankee Rogers continues to train earnestly for his contest with Maupas, the French champion, which takes place at Montreal next Friday night. Yesterday afternoon Rogers wrestled with three local heavyweights, downing each from four to ten times within an hour, and at the windup he was as fresh as when he started. Rogers has taken off ten pounds since he began training for Maupas and is now as near to being in perfect condition as it is possible for an athlete to be.

"I am taking no chances as to condition," said Rogers, "for they tell me this Frenchman is a great wrestler at his own style. I don't know all the details of this so-called French style of Graeco-Roman wrestling, but I do know all about straight Graeco-Roman. I will have a full understanding of the rules before I go onto the mat, and I will insist on a referee of unquestioned reputation. The match is the most important one I have had yet, and I am determined to win or be carried helpless from the mat.

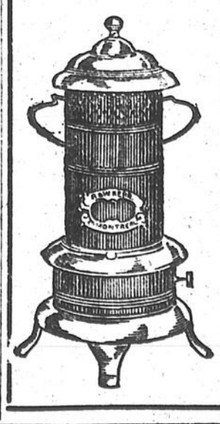
"I am told that the Montreal people are good square sportsmen and I have no doubt that I will be fairly treated. I ask for no odds, just an impartial and competent referee who will be fearless and honest in his interpretation of the rules. Maupas beat Jim Parr under French rules and now Parr says the rules were new to him, and calculated to give a big strong fellow the advantage over a less powerful man. Parr also says that the hammerlock is barred in these rules. I don't like this, for, if you remember, I beat Selva and Henderson with a hammerlock and I consider it one of my best holds. However, I am anxious to visit Montreal, and I will agree to anything reasonable. I may be able to beat Maupas even at his own game. Who can tell?"

CAPITALS VS. SHAMROCKS.

There is now little doubt but that the lacrosse match between the Capitals and Shamrocks will come off on Saturday. The Shamrocks will not budge from their position, which is the only reasonable course to pursue. They mean to adhere to the schedule. The Capitals cannot afford to persist in their foolish attitude.

R. & W. Kerr

2226-2230 St. Catherine Street.



Oil Heaters

that are both smokeless and odorless are a most convenient means of Heating Sitting and Dining Rooms Before Furnace is Started. Cost of Fuel is almost One Cent per hour, and the safety and convenience make them pleasant to use.

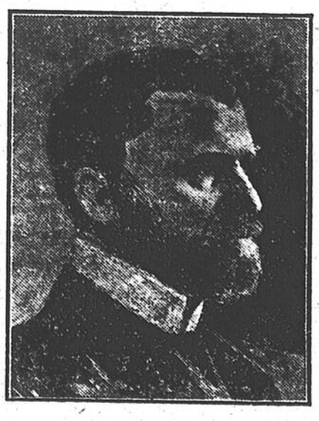
CONSUL FRANKSEN IS VERY SANGUINE

Hopes for Better Relations Between Germany and This Country

Mr. R. Franksen, who has received the appointment of German Consul-General in Canada, to succeed Mr. Franz Bopp, has arrived to take up his new duties.

Mr. Franksen when seen to-day said that it was a pleasure for him to return to the city which he first visited in 1900 as acting consul. At that time he formed many social and political friendships which he had maintained.

When the question of surtax was approached Mr. Franksen said that he would have to familiarize himself with



HERR FRANKSEN,
The New German Consul-General.

the motives of the commercial difference in order to be able to discuss them.

He was satisfied that both Governments were animated with good intentions, and hoped that later on a better understanding might be reached.

The surtax had certainly had a deplorable result on certain lines of German trade, more particularly on steel rails, which might have been brought in in large quantities had it not been for the surtax and British preference.

THE RUSSO-GERMAN UNDERSTANDING.

Contrary to reports published, Mr. Franksen said that a new treaty had been reached between Russia and Germany, and that it would tend greatly to the commercial interests of both countries to have reached an understanding.

From Flour to your kitchen and never touches a hand — Purity Bread. James Strachan, Bakers to Royalty

R. & W. Kerr

2226-2230 St. Catherine Street.

Football Season 1904.

CLUB CLOTHING!

League Clubs of whatever standing are desirous of opening the season with proper uniforms, and our facilities for handling this business have led to OUR OUTFITTING LEADING CLUBS OF CANADA.

We furnish everything required, from BOOTS to EAR GUARDS.

SPECIAL SWEATERS, JERSEYS and JACKETS in CLUB COLORS.

PANTS and VESTS joined to measure with or without elastic belt.

CLUB SECRETARIES are invited to correspond with us, and we can guarantee at all times a satisfactory service.

Samples of all goods submitted for inspection, ensuring individual requireents being supplied.



The Powder for the People

It gives satisfaction or your money back.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

UNDER THE UNION JACK.

Great Britain leads the world in the number, size and successful administration of its colonies. Of the 125 dependencies of various kinds in the world, two-fifths belong to Great Britain, their area being one-half of the grand total, and their population considerably over one-half.

"ROYAL" EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES 15c a Package.

Sold Everywhere. If your dealer does not keep them apply direct to J. M. FORTIER, LIMITED, 1982 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Stocks and Money.

UNION PACIFIC WAS WALL ST LEADER r
LOCAL MARKET AGAIN ON QUIET SIDE

An advance in Union Pacific was perhaps the main feature of the markets this morning.

Canadian Pacific was also on the strong side and sold here at 127½.

The local market was again extremely dull and uninteresting.

In discussing the question of a bond issue for Dominion Coal people on the "Street" this morning generally thought that the only thing in the way of the plan was the possibility of making the issue a success. It is no doubt Mr. Ross' plan to float the bonds in London, as of course an $8,000,000 issue would be out of the question here, although it is believed that a great many of the present bond and preferred holders would go into the new scheme.

A friend of Mr. Ross' stated to-day that he was working as hard as he had ever worked in his life to bring the Coal Company out of the chaos. Well he might, however, if the Street reports are true that over $4,000,000 of his fortune is invested in the enterprise.

There were sales of 220 shares Montreal Street Railway at 206 and Toronto Street Railway at 102½. Richelieu sold at 59 and Toledo at 20½.

Canadian Pacific closed in London at 130⅞.

Sterling Exchange to-day was weak.

There was no change in the position of the local money market and very little change in New York, where the feeling is, if anything, a shade firmer.

NOON LETTER.

A noon letter to Mr. C. D. Monk said: Market continued strong after first dealings and Union Pacific was sent up above par without much difficulty. The buying by Ellingwood and Cunningham of 10,000 shares was the feature of the morning after reaching 100 3-8, it gave way and reacted to 99¾, the balance of list showed some recoveries and no frost appearing in the belt the Hill corn estimate was ignored and large corn dealers claim there is no justification for the claims of damage. Market should continue strong.

LONDON ACTIVE.

London, 3.30 p.m.—Americans displayed considerable degree of strength and rules active.

RODGERS IMPROVING.

New Bedford—Dr. Shaw, physican attending H. H. Rodgers, states that his patient is steadily improving and is comfortable this morning.

NEW HAVEN EARNINGS.

New Haven fiscal year gross increase $986,934, net decrease $217,353. Other income increase, $326,975, surplus, $6,094,756, increase, $267,686.

THE CORN CROP.

Chicago, September 21.—Although the corn crop is not entirely out of danger the indications throughout the west are that it will be harvested before the killing frosts upset the present calculations of the farmers.

THE BOSTON MARKET.

Boston, September 21.—The local market opened strong this morning and some stocks rose about one point later there was a reaction. At noon the market is off about 1-2 from the top. Amal. rose from 57 1-2 to 58 1-2. Range rose to 57 3-8. Utah rose to 40. U.P. was a strong feature rising two points to par 3-8. Steel pfd. rose to 67 1-8 and common to 16 5-8. Sugar sold under 130. Telephone dull at 139. No trading in Iron or Coal.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE.

Montreal Exchange quotations to-day are reported as follows by Marler & Hodgson: New York funds, 1-32 to 1-16 dis., 1-16 to 1-8 prem.; sterling 60 days, 8 25-32 to 9 13-16, 8 7-8 to 9; sterling demand, 9 9-32 to 9 5-16, 9 3-8 to 9 1-2; sterling cables, 9 3-8 to 9 7-16, 9 5-8 to 9 3-4; Paris, francs short, 5. 18 1-8.

JAP BONDS.

Japanese 6 per cent. bonds were quoted at 94 1-2 in New York.

Northern securities in New York were quoted at 103 1-4 to 104 1-2.

FORGET'S CABLE.

L. J. Forget & Co.'s London cable quoted Grand Trunk first at 101, second at 87 1-4, third at 40 1-4, Pacific at 131, Anaconda at 4 7-8, and Hudson Bay at 44 1-4.

LONDON CLOSING.

London, 2 p.m.—Anac., 4 7-8 and 95; Atch., 83 3-8 and 81 1-8; C.P.R., 130 7-8 and 127 3-8; St. Paul, 161 1-4 and 156 3-4; Erie, 31 1-8 and 30 3-8; E. F., 68 and 66 1-8; Ills, 142 and 138 1-4; L. N., 124 1-2 and 121; Cen., 129 and 125 1-2; Penna., 66 3-4 and 10; R. G., 33 3-4 and 65 5-8; S. P., 57 3-8 and 55 7-8; U. P., 103 and 100 1-4; U.S.S., 17 and 16 1-2; U.S.Q., 68 1-2 and 66 5-8.

American stocks in London closed steady.

N. S. DIVIDENDS.

I am disposed to believe that a method has been disposed by which the Nor. Sec. can distribute dividend is true, and is the cause of the advance in Union Pacific.—Randolph wire.

THE U. P. JUMP.

A wire said: The strength and activity in Union Pacific has checked speculation. A rumor of a contest for control always frightens the Street. The Times states that Kuhn, Loeb & Co.'s name was given upon many purchases of U. P. As a matter of fact Kuhn, Loeb & Co. never is and never has been given up.

A BULLISH VIEW.

The Montreal house of E. & C. Randolph received Mr. E. Randolph's opinion of the market over their wire:—Mr. Evans and I do not agree on the immediate future of this market. The present reaction was overdue, and from a speculative point of view, is a very good thing, as it leaves the market in a much more healthy condition to advance. Prices have only declined about three points from the high and I can see nothing in outlook indicating a change of conditions, which would warrant changing our bull position on the market. As far as I can ascertain this corn scare has been deliberately planned and executed for speculative purposes. It undoubtedly has, of course, some basis of truth, but the facts have been greatly exaggerated and distorted. Mr. Hill is undoubtedly honest and sincere in his opinion, which is a very weighty one, but there are many other people equally good judges who do not agree with him. I was talking with one of the principal officers of the Missouri Pacific Railroad last night and he says their crop reports do not indicate any such state of affairs as is represented by A. V. Jones' estimate. There is an extremely good corn crop and eighty per cent. of it has been harvested. Our Pittsburg advices confirm information, which we have here from parties high in the management in the United States Steel Corporation, namely, that the trade conditions and outlook are decidedly better and furthermore we have absolute knowledge of very good buying in the Steel stocks, which, in my opinion, are going to be a very strong department of the market in the immediate future.

The notable strength of Union Pacific in the face of yesterday's weak market, is significant in view of the strained relations which appear to exist between the Harriman and the Gould-Rockefeller interests. These interests have worked in harmony before, and it would seem the part of wisdom for them to get together and arrive at some equitable adjustment of their differences. Harriman is credited with being arrogant and aggressive, and Mr. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Company, is supposed to be working as peacemaker between him and the Gould-Rockefeller interests, a role which he has performed before successfully.

FINANCIAL CHIPS.

American stocks in London heavy, 1-8 to 3-8 below parity.

Strained relations reported between Standard Oil interests and E. H. Harriman.

Gould-Hawley interests building Western Pacific to compete with Central Pacific.

Good indications of peace in Atlantic rate war.

Some improvement in demand for bituminous coal.

Thirty-two roads for second week September show average gross increase 6.10 per cent.

Stocks plentiful in the loan crowd.

Crucible Steel funding plan adopted.

Reports of big handlers of corn do not confirm Jones estimate.

Harder tendency in time money.

Banks lost to sub-treasury since Friday $821,000.

Eastern traffic managers report marked evidence of improvement in freight conditions.

Pittsburg reports indicate steel trade improving.

Norfolk earned 6.9 per cent on common last year.

Twelve industrials decline .88 per cent. ;twenty active railroads decline .60 per cent.

THE U. P. GOSSIP.

Noon letter—The failure of serious frosts to materialize in the corn belt influenced a normal reaction in the stock market this morning. The strength was emphasized by some aggressive buying of U. P., which advanced sharply above par. There was some talk that a way had been found to pay Nor. Sec. dividends, but the buying seemed to be influenced by other and more substantial reasons, among these being a newspaper article in a morning paper suggesting the likelihood of an early increase in the dividend rate. This, however, is old news on the stock. The general granger list and the steels sympathized to the extent of about one point, but the undertone was never aggressively strong. Western houses particularly were sellers on balance, on reports from quarters interested in the grain trade that considerable damage had been wrought to corn by frosts. Mr. Hill's estimate of 515,000,000 bush. wheat crop also had an adverse effect. Regarding the immediate course of the market; sentiment remains decidedly mixed, and as many influential speculators have espoused the bear side temporarily, the market is likely to continue rather two-sided for the present. Much will depend upon the nature of the reports from the corn section. It is worthy of note that yesterday's small estimates of the grain yield has called forth some vigorous dissenting opinions from responsible and well-informed people in the grain trade.—Laidlaw & Co.

INVESTMENT RETURNS.

The investment returns on leading Montreal stocks at the closing prices this morning are furnished by Fairbanks Brothers, 1724 Notre Dame St., Montreal:—

	Close.	Div'd.	Pays.
Canadian Pacific xd	127	6	4.72
Montreal Street ...	204	10	4.90
Toronto Rails xd...	102	5	4.90
Twin City	97	5	5.15
Detroit United	66	4	6.06
Rich. & Ont.....	59	6	10.17
Heat & Power.....	77	4	5.19
N. S. Steel.....	64	6	9.37
Dom. Iron bonds ..	72	5	6.94
Mont. Telegraph....	158	8	5.06
Bell Telephone.....	147	8	5.44
Ogilvie Mill. pfd	120	7	5.83
Ogilvie bonds	114	6	5.26
Street Ry. bonds....	104	4½	4.32
Mont. Steel pfd	85	7	8.23
Mont. Cotton	100	9	9.00
Halifax Tram. xd..	92	5	5.43
N. S. bonds.....	105	6	5.71
N. S. Steel pfd.	110	8	7.27

MORNING BOARD SALES.

25 Canadian Pacific xd at 127½.
50 Canadian Pacific xd at 127¾.
50 Canadian Pacific xd at 127½.
10 Iron common at 11½.
5 Montreal Power at 77.
220 Montreal Street Railway at 206.
6 Montreal Street Railway at 206½.
50 Toronto Street Railway xd at 102½.
5 Nova Scotia at 64½.
25 Nova Scotia at 64.
125 Toledo at 20½.
5 Richelieu at 60.
50 Richelieu at 59.
45 Bank of Montreal at 246¼.
32 Bank of Commerce at 154.
10 Hochelaga Bank at 133.

NO MORE QUARTERLY HOSPITAL MEETINGS

Governors of Montreal General Will Gather Only Twice a Year—Medical Officer Need Longer be British.

At a quarterly meeting, held yesterday afternoon, of the Board of Governors of the Montreal General Hospital, a motion was carried unanimously by which, hereafter, a resident medical officer may be selected with no other conditions than approval by the medical board. The clause in the constitution formerly enabling the Board of Governors to appoint to this office, limited the selection to graduates or licentiates of some university or college in the "British Dominions."

The president, Mr. James Crathern, suggested the discontinuance of quarterly meetings in the future. After discussion a motion to that effect was adopted. Henceforth half-yearly and annual meetings will be held only.

During the last quarter, 781 patients were treated to a conclusion. There were 67 deaths. The ambulanceanswered 357 calls. There were 9,072 consultations in the outdoor department, as compared with 8,651 for the corresponding quarter of last year.

Mrs. C. H. McFarlane was elected a life governor.

Contracts have been given for the construction of two special rooms to cost $1,500.

The receipts this quarter were $16,071, and the expenditure $21,521.

The medical staff for the ensuing year are: Drs. J. H. Robinson, J. C. Fysh, W. G. Bickerton, J. A. Nutter, L. L. Reford, W. W. Kerr, H G Wood, R. B. Forbes, A. C. Rankin, and W. E. Ainley.

Those present yesterday were: Messrs. Jas. Crathern, chairman; S. H. Ewing, treasurer; Dr. J. A. Hutchison, acting secretary; J. B. Learmont, and Messrs. D. Morrice, Jas. R. Wilson, F. W. Evans, Chas. Alexander, John Paterson, E. H. Copland, A. T. Watson, A. Piddington and Captain R. Starke.

LONDON'S IMMENSE POOR ROLL.

In London the unemployed labor problem is reaching an acute stage. Statistics to hand shew that there are between 70,000 and 80,000 able-bodied men out of work. The burden on the rates is something enormous. In the three parishes, Poplar, Mile End and Stepney, no fewer than 20,000 people are in receipt of some form of relief. In Poplar alone, where the working population is largely made up of unskilled laborers, there are 8,000 persons chargeable to the Union, or an increase in a year's time of nearly 1,000. Fewer ships at the docks and bad trade generally, together with the closing down of various factories, are the chief causes of this industrial depression—and when trade is bad, of course, unskilled labor is the first to suffer. Some time ago the Poplar Guardians made an effort to deal with the problem by setting apart a piece of land in Essex—the gift of a Philadelphia gentleman—for farming purposes, and it is suggested that their example should be emulated by other Guardians, as in this manner 100 ablebodied men have been found an opening.

J. PERCY TAYLOR,
Stock Broker,
MEMBER MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.
1740 Notre Dame Street.
TEL. MAIN 1854.

"Street" Gossip.

Net Earnings of Montreal Street Ry. For Eleven Months

The Montreal Street Ry. Co.'s net statement for August and the eleven months is out. The feature of the August showing is the increase of 4.128 per cent. in the fixed charges, due, the company explains, to credit interest paid the company last year by the city of Montreal on account of the snow-removal judgment.

The fixed charges for the eleven months show an increase of 9.72 per cent., while the surplus for the eleven months amounts to $589,390 or 3.36 per cent.

The figures in detail are as follows:

	1904.	1903.	—Inc.— Am't.	Pct.
Pass. earn...	226,764	$208,586	$18,177	8.71
Miscel. earn.	9,431	3,229	6,252	139.61
Total earn..	236,345	211,815	24,429	11.53
Oper. Exp..	122,991	109,158	13,832	12.67
Net earn....	113,253	102,056	10,597	10.32
Fix. chgs...	30,255	21,415	8,839	41.28
Surplus	$82,998	$81,241	$1,757	2.16

The statement for the eleven months shows:—

	1904.	1903.	—Inc.— Am't.	Pct.
Pass. earn..	$2,194,973	$1,967,448	$227,524	11.56
Miscel. earn.	29,884	32,544	2,660	....
Total	$2,234,857	$1,999,993	$224,863	11.24
Oper. exp...	1,404,203	1,218,968	185,235	15.19
Net earn....	820,653	781,025	39,623	5.07
Fix. chgs....	231,262	210,778	20,484	9.72
Surplus	$589,390	570,246	$19,144	3.36

Toledo Shows Slight Decrease In Surplus

The Toledo Railways & Light Co. shows a surplus for the eight months of $193,425, against $197,549 last year and $153,045 the year previous:—

	1904.	1903.	1902.
Gross	$155,367	$150,515	$138,642
Exp. and taxes....	77,598	76,231	69,889
Net	$77,409	$74,284	$68,753
Charges	41,899	41,571	38,899
Surplus	$35,510	$32,713	$29,854
Gross, 8 mos.....	1,139,603	1,075,918	941,419
Exp. and taxes....	612,743	552,937	484,587
Net, 8 mos.....	$526,860	$522,981	$456,832
Charges	333,435	325,432	303,787
Sup., 8 mos.....	$193,425	$197,549	$153,045

Confident That Dom. Steel Will Do Well

Aemilius Jarvis & Co., the Toronto brokers say in a recent letter:—"Of Dominion Steel the news is good. We sincerely hope their shares will not be manipulated as they formerly were. It would be a far greater benefit to the company and to the shareholders if rapid advances and consequent depressions were avoided. We believe that recently one of the experts employed by the United States Steel Corporation, whose duty it is to examine into iron and steel making in different parts of the world, was allowed a thorough inspection of the properties and plant of the Steel Company. He considered the steel plant as being entirely modern and up-to-date, and, after studying out the ore, lime and coal situation, and the shipping facilities, pronounced the opinion that iron and steel could be more cheaply made there than in any other place in the world. The company has been managed too extravagantly and is paying for it now. It has a long, tedious time of retrenchment before it, but we have confidence in its ultimate success."

Bank of England Is In Strong Shape

A London, Eng., cable reads:—"The cheering facts in the situation, from this market's point of view, are the Bank of England's exceptionally strong position and the steadily increasing output of gold. To this second influence The Economist directs attention, estimating that the world's output this year will probably be £70,000,000. This would compare with some £67,000,000 in 1903 and £61,000,000 in 1902. Next year will undoubtedly reach a much higher record. The strength of the bank's position, and its largely increased holdings of gold, are due to three causes; first, the policy of paying a fractional premium on bar gold; second, the recent large export of sovereigns from India, and finally, the influx of cash from home circulation as a result of slackening trade. This strong position is timely, in view of the fact that further Government borrowings are impending this autumn. It is also expected that gold will be withdrawn from here for Egypt and Argentina."

Business Changes

Montreal business changes are reported as follows by Bradstreets:—Auld Mucllage Co., demand of assignment; Alfred Chaplin, com. agent, Alfred Chaplin registered; La Florida Compagnie, wood and coal, E. Pelletier & G. Bouthillier registered, assigned to Chartrand & Turgeon; G. J. Dibs, W. & R. clothing, contestation of demand of assignment filed; A. Lewis Hart & Sons, insurance agents, dissolved; W. H. Hope & Co., picture framers, assigned to J. McD. Hains; The Huntingdon Mfg. Milling and Power Co., petition for liquidation granted, Alex. Desmarteau, prov. liquidator; Misael Jodoin, men's furnishings, Kent & Turcotte, curators; Manchester Clothing Co. of Canada, J. McD. Hains, curator; N. Martel & Co., grocers, Mrs. N. Martel registered; The Peace River Colonization & Land Development Co., Ltd., incorporated; F. Perron, coal and wood, meeting of creditors 23rd; Mrs. Jos. Robinson, millinery, assets sold; Ross & McFarlane, architects, George A. Ross and David H. McFarlane registered; The Standard Tinware Co., assigned; United Mineral, Wool & Asbestos Co., Wilks & Michaud, liquidators; L. E. Gingras & Co., men's furnishings, Canulle Bourdon registered.

Cotton Prices

A wire said:—Later in the forenoon cotton market continued to show a firm undertone with local contingent more or less nervous. After an advance of about half a cent in last two or three days, there was a natural tendency to look for a reaction and some of room traders were cautiously feeling for top.

The following prices were received over E. & C. Randolph's private wire:

	Open.	High.	Low.	12.30.
Jan.	10.71	10.86	10.71	10.84
Mar.	10.82	10.94	10.82	10.89
Sept.	10.85	10.90	10.85	10.90
Oct.	10.65	10.78	10.65	10.73
Dec.	10.69	10.84	10.69	10.82

The Fruit Sale

Only a small sale of fruit took place at the Montreal fruit auction this morning when two cars of bananas were sold at 25c to 45c per bunch; one car of Canadian apples in barrels at $1.25 to $1.90 ,and one car of Canadian pears in barrels at $2.25 to $4.10 per barrel. Mr. Walter M. Kearns was the auctioneer.

A CLIMATIC PARADOX.

It is not generally known that at certain seasons of the year it is warmer in Greenland than in Southern Europe. And this occurs during the long sunless winter of the Polar regions. The cause which leads to it is not unknown in other countries. Thus in Switzerland a warm, dry wind, called the foohn wind, at times blows down from the snow-covered mountains in autumn and winter, and suddenly melts and carries off the snow, drying up the atmosphere. In the Northwestern United States there is a similar wind called the chinook wind. So in Greenland at irregular intervals a warm wind blows down from the snow-covered interior, bringing an extensive thaw in January and February. As a result we have the extraordinary fact that during eight consecutive days in November and December, 1875, it was warmer in Jacobshaven, in latitude 69 degrees 20 minutes, than in Northern Italy. Upernavik, another town of Greenland, was during part of the time, warmer than the south of France.

Tel. Main, 4548.
E. MACKAY EDGAR & CO.
STOCKBROKERS
MEMBERS MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE
Mexican Light and Power Co. Securities Bought and Sold.
BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING

Market Reports.

U.S. MILLERS WANT WHEAT DUTY REMOVED
SO THAT THEY CAN GRIND CANADIAN GRAIN

A dispatch to The Herald from Washington says: If the wheat crop of the United States for the present season does not exceed some of the current estimates the milling interests of the country will feel more than ever the restrictions which the Dingley tariff law puts in the way of their drawing on the wheat fields of Canada for their raw material to be manufactured into flour. It is at present possible for the millers of the United States to mill foreign wheat under the provisions of Section 10 of the Dingley law for manufacturing in bonded warehouses, but that section is taken advantage of to only a limited extent owing to the burdens which it imposes upon the miller. He must either grind foreign wheat exclusively for at least part of the year or he must run practically two establishments, keeping his foreign wheat separate from that made from wheat grown in the United States. Further than this none of the flour and none of the bran or other by-products can be sold in the United States, and the requirement that the by-products must be exported is particularly complained of, as it is often impossible to ship them in good condition to a remunerative foreign market.

Two bills were pending before the House Committee on Ways and Means in the last session of Congress that would give considerable relief to the millers if enacted into laws. One bill proposes to provide that an American manufacturer importing raw materials and exporting a finished product may obtain a drawback equal to the full amount of the duties paid on the imported material upon proving that he has imported and used a sufficient quantity of raw material to produce the quantity and quality of finished produce exported. It would relieve him of the identification of the identical imported raw material in the exported goods. Under it the American miller would be relieved of the necessity of milling in bond and keeping his Canadian wheat and its product separate from his domestic wheat and its product. Upon exporting a carload of flour, in order to obtain a drawback of the duty paid on Canadian wheat, he would only have to prove that he had imported and used a sufficient quantity of Canadian wheat of the grade required to produce a carload of flour of the grade exported.

The simplest and most effective way of enabling the millers to obtain Canadian wheat would be to either remove the duty on wheat absolutely or enter into a reciprocity agreement with Canada in which the free admission of Canadian wheat would be granted in return for the reduction or repeal of some Canadian duty. The wheat duty is one of the taxes in the Dingley law that are neither protective nor revenue-producing. As is well known the tax on wheat and most of the other taxes on agricultural products have been put into successive tariff laws for the purpose of deceiving the farmers of the country into the belief that in some way they are benefited by protection. Its repeal would not affect the price of wheat by a fraction of a cent, and it would directly benefit the millers and all of the transportation lines between the Canadian wheat fields and the American mills and between the mills and the seaboard.

Wheat Was a Little Off To-day

Wheat was a little below last night's close at 12.30 to-day.

A wire said:—Chicago.—Wheat opened weak and lower. Not much support on the decline. Selling was general. Fact that cables came in easier in face of our advance yesterday and lack of frost in corn belt caused general liquidation by longs.

Weather map.—Cloudy weather prevailed west and southwest. Dubuque and Keokuk, Iowa, only points reporting frost. Huron had killing frost. Clear and warmer Northwest; cloudy elsewhere.

The various options in Chicago to-day were quoted as follows:—

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	12.30.
May	110⅞	111⅝	110⅞	111¼
Sept.	106⅞	...	...	...
Dec.	108⅝	110	108½	109⅝
Corn—				
May	50	50¼	49⅞	50⅛
Dec.	50¾	50⅞	50½	50¾
Oats—				
May	34½	34⅝	34½	34⅝

Grain, Flour, Feed

Grain.—A little foreign enquiry was made by cable to-day for Manitoba spring wheat, but the prices offered were still out of line with prices here, being 3c to 4c per bushel under, consequently no business was done. The same state of things existed in regard to an enquiry for No. 2 white oats. There is a limited local demand for oats, and the market is quiet. We quote: No. 2 white oats, 39c to 39½c; and No. 3, at 38½c ex-store. For export, No. 2 white oats, at 37½c afloat; No. 2 peas, 72c; No. 2 rye, 62½c; No. 2 barley, 50c to 50½c; No. 3 extra, 49c to 49½c; and No. 3 at 48c to 48½c afloat.

Flour.—The condition of the market remains the same. A little demand is on hand for spring wheat grades, and a fair business is reported by millers at the recent advance in prices. The demand for Ontario grades is fair and prices are firmly held. We quote: Manitoba spring wheat patents, $5.80; strong bakers', $5.50; winter wheat patents, $5.70 to $5.80; straight rollers, $5.40 to $5.50; straight rollers, in bags, $2.50 to $2.60.

Millfeed.—There are limited offerings with a good demand at fair prices. We quote: Manitoba bran, in bags, $18 to $19; shorts, $21 per ton; Ontario bran, in bulk, $17; shorts, $19, and moullie, $24 to $28 per ton, as to quality.

Rolled oats.—Business is quiet in a steady market at $2.3 0to $2.32½ per bag, and at $4.90 per barrel. Cornmeal was steady under a fair demand, at $1.35 to $1.45 a bag.

Baled hay.—There is still no change. The market is easy and supplies more than cover the demand. We quote: No. 1, $8 to $8.50; No. 2, $7.50 to $8; clover mixed, $6.50 to $7; and pure clover, $6 to $6.50 per ton, in car lots.

G rain in Toronto.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—Wheat—Demand quiet for Ontario grades. No. 2 red and white are quoted outside at $1.04 to $1.05, and old at $1.08. No. 2 goose, nominal at 90c east, and No. 2 spring at $1 east. Market for Manitoba has an easy tone, and trading is not heavy; No. 1 northern, $1.09 to $1.10; No. 2, $1.06 to $1.07; No. 3, $1.03 to $1.04 at Georgian Bay ports, and 6c more grinding in transit.

Millfeed is steady at $17.50 to $18 for cars of shorts, and $14 to $14.50 for bran in bulk, east or west. Manitoba millfeed is steady. For shorts, $21 was asked, and for bran $19, sacks included, Toronto freights.

Barley.—Market is firm at 45c for No. 2, 43c for No. 3 extra, and 41c for No. 3, east or west.

Corn—There is a moderate enquiry for cars of Canada west at 52c to 53c. American is steady at 62½c for No. 2 yellow, 61c for No. 3 yellow, and 60c for No. 3 mixed, incar lots, on track, Toronto.

Oats are unchanged and steady. No. 1 white are quoted at 33c; No. 2 white at 32c to 32½c, low freights, and 31½c to 32c north and west, and old about ½c higher.

Peas are steady in tone at 63c to 64c for No. 2, west or east.

Country Produce

Eggs.—Excepting the very finest selected stock eggs are very hard to sell just now, and even the finest have to be accompanied with a guaranteee and any doubtful ones made good. The guarantee in the first instance was exacted by buyers from jobbers here, who, in their turn, are insisting upon a guarantee from the farmers as, under the present circumstances, any eggs that were not right up to quality would be a dead loss. There is a fair demand for guaranteed selected at 21c, while straight-gathered are in poor demand at 18c to 18½c doz; 630 cases the arrivals this morning.

Beans.—There is no change to record. A small jobbing business is being done in choice primes at $1.40 to $1.45 and in seconds at $1.30 to $1.35 per bushel.

Honey.—The supply still continues to be more than the demand, and dealers are holding stock in anticipation of a rise. We quote: Extracted white clover, 7¾c to 8c per 10-lb. tin, and 7c to 7½c per 60-lb. tin. Buckwheat is at 6c to 7c, and white clover comb, 10c to 11½c lb.

Potatoes.—There is little change in the conditions of the market to record, with Quebecs still to the fore at 60c to 65c per bag, in car lots, and in a jobbing way at 70c to 75c bag. There is indication, however, now that the weather may have taken a change that locally-grown potatoes will soon be up to quality and thus establish themselves firmly on the market.

Potash.—The market is still firm with little change to record. The receipts are small, with prices for first sorts, $5.70 to $5.75; seconds, $5.40 to $5.45, and pearls, at $8 per 100.

Maple Produce.—The dull feeling still continues and there is apparently little prospect of any improvement taking place at present. Syrup, in 15-gal. casks, is still quoted at 5¾c to 5½c per lb.; in tins at 55c to 60c per wine measure, and 70c to 75c for imperial. Beauce sugar remains at from 8c to 10c lb.

Winnipeg, Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Better weather condition and liberal selling, supposedly by elevator people hedging against purchases made in country, caused decline in local market, but later prices reacted some. Millers here said to be picking up wheat on all breaks. Oct., $1.00; Dec., 98¼; May, 1.03¼; cash wheat, quiet: No. 1 northern, $1.00¼; No. 3 northern, 92¼ No. 4, 79¼; feed, 55; feed 2, 46. Receipts 18 cars; last year, none.

Apple Shipments From All the Ports

The total apple shipments, in barrels, from all ports for the week ended Sept. 19 follows:

From	To Liverpool	Lon'n	Glas'w	To'l.
Boston	5,999	....	....	*6,011
New York.....	6,966	473	12,211	†20,457
Montreal	9,692	....	6,852	16,544
Portland	336	....	....	336
Halifax	4,100	34,415	....	38,515
Total for week	27,093	34,888	19,063	81,863
Same time 1903.	61,499	30,585	25,108	125,120
Same time 1902.	39,752	3,690	21,568	66,112

*Including 807 barrels to various ports.
†Including 807 barrels to various ports.

The shipment since the season opened compare with those of the corresponding period in 1903 and 1902 as follows:—

	1904.	1903.	1902.
Boston	16,636	10,970	40,604
New York.....	47,146	167,972	77,124
Portland	336	....	14
Montreal	25,071	86,510	53,755
Halifax	38,515	29,757	652
Totals	127,704	304,209	181,149

Still 58,000,000 Bush.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—F. W. Thompson, vice-president and general manager of Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., condemns exaggerated reports of damage to Western crops sent out and reiterated his former estimate of 58,000,000 bushels for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Our Wheat Stocks

Stocks of wheat in Canada at principal points of accumulation are reported as follows:—

Montreal	32,000
Toronto	13,000
Kingston	50,000
Coteau	213,000
Depot Harbor.....	13,000
Manitoba elevators.....	247,000
Fort William, Port Arthur and Keewatin	190,000
Total, Sept. 3.....	858,000
Total, previous week.....	1,081,000
Total, a year ago.....	1,081,000
Total ,two years.....	1,558,000

Cheese and Butter

A steady tone is maintained in the cheese market, but exporters say that no new business can be done at the present ruling prices. Finest was offered last night at 44s to no purpose, and in some cases other shippers stated that the best prices their correspondents would offer was about 43½c. Such an offer is at present out of the question. As we stated yesterday, however, there is no doubt that transactions are taking place at full prices, for at country points shippers are paying 43¾c to 43⅞c for French cheese, and at Campbellford as much as 9c was conceded. Perhaps, however, this business is on account of shippers who made forward sales of Septembers all the way from 38s to 46s, but at the same time while buyers will find it necessary under compulsion to pay full prices, sellers will, of course, refuse to redeem them. The price for finest Ontarios ruling to-day was 9¼c; finest Townships, 9¼c, and finest Quebecs, 8¾c to 9c. Towards the close of the month there will be an increase in the insurance rates, and this naturally will influence future values. The supplies in London on the 8th were 60,000 boxes, which is a comparative decrease of 24,000 boxes as compared with this date last year and 30,000 as compared with the same date in 1902.

Butter.—There is a slight falling off in the demand, although the tone of the market continues strong. It would appear that the increase in prices has been too rapid to keep pace with a healthy demand. Finest Townships were to-day selling at 20¼c to 20½c, and Quebec at 20c to 20¼c, but exporters largely won't give their prices, the limit being ⅛c to ¼c per lb. less. Choice fall butter, however, cannot be called dear at present rates, and the winter requirements of local jobbers, no doubt to some extent, affects the existing situation. More factories may turn their attention to butter as the cool weather continues, and if the difference in prices is kept up the output of cheese for the fall will surely decrease.

The Cheese Boards

Campbellford, Ont., Sept. 20.—At the cheese meeting, 1,470 boxes were boarded. Magrath secured 390; Brenton, 180; Kerr, 80; Cook, 365; Bird, 450. All at 9c.

Ingersoll, Ont., Sept. 20.—At the cheese market here to-day about 500 were offered; 8¾c bid. No sales, salesmen holding for 9c.

Foreign Crops

The crop report of Broomhall cabled to this side to Charles Head & Co. is as follows:—

United Kingdom, France.—The weather is very favorable for fall work. Short yields continue to be reported.

Germany.—The weather is favorable, but further rains are needed for navigation in the interior. Fears of a short potato crop have been confirmed. Supplies of native grain are large.

Roumania.—Fall seeding is progressing. Supplies of grain are decreasing.

Hungary and Bulgaria.—Favorable rains for fall sedding have occurred.

Sweden.—Wheat and rice crops have been harvested, but were partly damaged by much rain.

Russia.—The southwest is suffering from drought. Supplies of grain are generally large.

India.—Sufficient rain has fallen.

Argentine.—Crop reports continue favorable.

Salmon Pack Falls Off

Year by year the British Columbia salmon pack seems to be growing less and less successful. Every year brings talk of short runs and consequently higher prices. This applies to both Canadian and American fisheries, and dealers are beginning to speculate as to whether or not the wholesale slaughter of these fish, which was the usual thing a few years ago, has not been the cause of this gradual diminuition in the annual supply, and the opinion has been expressed by men interested in the Canadian trade, that the Governments of the two countries interested should look into the matter, and if necessary take legislative steps to preserve the fish from ultimate extinction.

Hogs and Provisions

The demand for fresh-killed abattoir-dressed hogs was fairly good and the tone of the market remains steady at $7.75 per 100 lb. The trade in smoked meats was quiet, but there continues to be a steady demand for lard from both local and country buyers. We quote: Heavy Canada short cut mess pork, in tierces, $23.50; heavy Canada short cut mess, $18; Canada short cut back pork, $17; heavy Canada long cut mess pork, $17; heavy Canada short cut clear pork, $17; heavy flank pork, $16; light Canada short cut clear pork, $15.

To-day's Cattle

A very slow tone again characterized the east end abattoir this morning, and, excepting for choice cattle, for which the demand was fair at 4c to 4½c lb., the demand in other grades was poor. We quote: Choice cattle, 4c to 4½c lb.; butchers' cattle, 2¾c to 3½c lb.; common cattle, 2c to 2¾c; canners, 1¾c to 1¾c, and milkers, for which the demand is practically nil, at about $16 to $40. The demand for calves continued good at from $3 to $12, as did it also for export sheep at 3¾c. Common sheep were slow at from 2½c to 3½c, and the good demand was maintained for lambs at 2¼c to 4¼c. Select hogs were fair at 5½c, as were also heavy at 4¾c to 5c lb. Arrivals (about) 1,200 cattle, 80 calves, 300 sheep, 800 lambs, 700 hogs.

HARRINGTON SAYS HE IS AN INVENTOR

Improving Fare Box Defence of Conductor Charged with Diverting Fares

The trial was opened yesterday afternoon, before Judge Desnoyers, of Charles F. Harrington, ex-conductor with the Street Railway Co., who was arrested a couple of months ago on a charge of having operated a fare box wearing an ingenious false cover, which diverted cash and tickets from their legitimate place of deposit inside the box.

City Detective McLaughlin, and three members of the staff of Thiel's Agency testified against accused, McLaughlin demonstrating to the court how the manipulation of a strip of wood on the under side of the false cover prevented tickets or money going straight into the box, turning these aside to where they could easily be appropriated by Harrington. The officers from Thiel's said they had on various occasions watched accused at work on his car, and had observed him adroitly slip the lid into position before collecting fares, and afterwards return it to the inside pocket of his coat.

The defence was that Harrington was experimenting with a view to turning out an improved collecting box, and a general denial that any thefts had been committed.

Owing to the late hour at which evidence concluded, Judge Desnoyers adjourned the case until Saturday for the hearing of counsel.

GRAND TRUNK MEETING.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Sept. 21.—The half-yearly report of the Grand Trunk Railway contains little more than the preliminary statement issued a month ago by the directors. It attributes the poor results to the unprecedented severity of the weather during January, February and March. The efforts made to neutralize the diminishing revenue by reducing the expenditure were successful. The general meeting will be held to-morrow week.

BEST PAID LEGISLATORS.

The best

W.H.Scroggie LIMITED.

MILLINERY, COSTUMES AND COATS OPENING NOW IN PROGRESS.

W.H.Scroggie LIMITED.

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT OPENING NEXT SATURDAY (September 24th.)

W.H.Scroggie LIMITED.

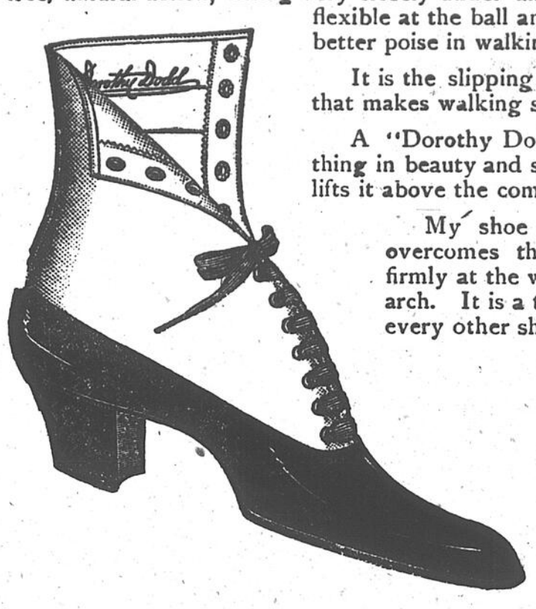
Dorothy Dodd

"I will kill thee one hundred and fifty ways," said Touchstone in "As You Like It."

That is just what the average shoe tries to do to its wearer.

I have always made a distinction between a shoe fitting the foot and the foot fitting the shoe. It is the shoe that must yield. Let the foot remain as nature made it.

When I began designing my own shoes, I insisted that FAULTLESS-FITTING must be to my shoe what the keystone is to the arch—the chief element of the whole. Faultless-fitting means a shoe that follows the lines of the foot, allowing free, natural action, fitting very closely under and about the instep and easy and flexible at the ball and toes, thus giving elasticity and better poise in walking.



It is the slipping forward of the foot at every step that makes walking so tiresome.

A "Dorothy Dodd" Shoe has that subtle something in beauty and style that means individuality and lifts it above the commonplace.

My shoe is THE ONLY SHOE that overcomes this difficulty. It holds the foot firmly at the waist and instep and supports the arch. It is a totally different construction from every other shoe made.

Sincerely yours,
DOROTHY DODD.

Dorothy Dodd Boots

$3.75 and $4.00



Dorothy Dodd

YOU ARE INVITED TO ATTEND OUR

Special Opening Display

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22nd, 1904.

Dorothy Dodd

We are pleased to announce that we have completed arrangements by which our Shoe Department is the only place in this city where the Dorothy Dodd Shoes may be procured—the Shoe that is now causing so big a sensation all over the country.

"Dorothy Dodd" Shoes are remarkable for more than "distinctive beauty" and "faultless fit"—they are built upon specifications furnished by a woman who has made a study of woman's requirements. They are a woman's idea of "the perfect shoe."

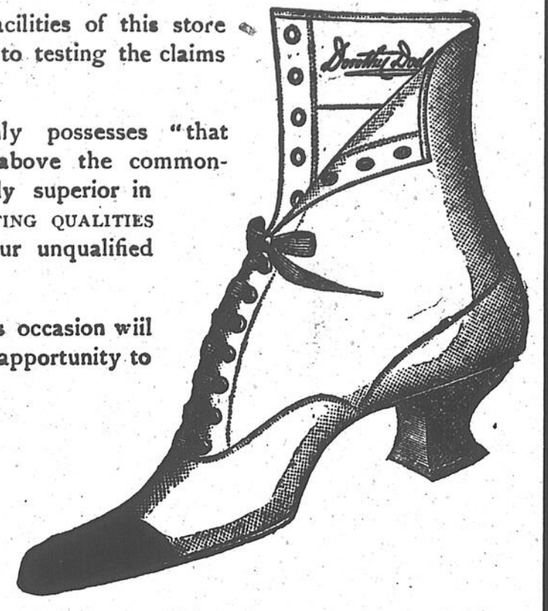
All the knowledge and facilities of this store have been exerted with a view to testing the claims of the "Dorothy Dodd" Shoe.

We find that it not only possesses "that subtle something that lifts it above the commonplace," but that it is so easily superior in all the points of BEAUTY, of FITTING QUALITIES and of VALUE that we give it our unqualified endorsement.

Your attendance upon this occasion will afford us pleasure and you the apportunity to see these much-talked-of shoes.

Dorothy Dodd Oxfords

$3.00 and $3.75



THE NEW HOME OF THE **Dorothy Dodd Shoe**

W.H.Scroggie LIMITED.

THE NEW HOME OF THE **Dorothy Dodd Shoe**

Gaining More Room

More room secured on the second floor now, and more on the ground floor will be accorded within the next day or two—further sections of the new section will be ready for us to take possession.

Departments need all the additional room they can get, though, to give their largely augmented stocks proper display.

Moving things around won't disorganize the routine; you'll find the service just as prompt, just as satisfactory. We're maintaining two staffs: one to attend upon the public, the other to move the stock from present to the new quarters.

Promises!

Promises encourage hopes—give rise to expectations. Numbers of individuals combine, make seemingly reasonable promises, and are elected to preside at the council board of the country. Young men and women go hither and yon seeking various employments, and are engaged largely upon the strength of their promises. A store is favored with trial orders because it promises some advantage not hitherto enjoyed by the purchasing public.

Permanent successes cannot, however, be built upon promises alone. A governing body that doesn't redeem its promises, sooner or later meets with ignominious defeat. The employee who fails to make good is in time requested to look elsewhere for employment. The store that pursues the principle that you can fool all or some of the people all or some of the time is soon obliged to close its doors for lack of support.

This store's promises are made to be respected. The verbal promise is redeemed with the same alacrity as a written agreement. The lack of a promise—either spoken or written—never deters it from seeking and guaranteeing the thorough satisfaction of its patrons in all transactions.

In such a big and growing store there is frequent request for new ambitious and promise-respecting salespeople. Are you one of such?

Sales of Flannelette Wear

An observant public quickly discovers Scroggie's values to be better. The result is that the splendid results of a year ago are being greatly exceeded in to-day's sales.

Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns, striped, turn-down collar, trimmed around collar, front and sleeves with frills. Price 59c

Flannelette Underskirts, plain colors: white, pink and sky, made with frill 49c

Striped Flannelette Drawers, made with frills and lace edging 35c

Flannelette Chemises, trimmed around neck and arms with frills 49c

Flannelette Kimonas

Ladies' Flannelette Dressing Jackets, made kimona style, with fold of plain color satin down front and around sleeves, finished with white stitching, in colors of royal, navy and cardinal. Price..... 98c

Numerous other good styles and similarly good values. In fact we can write the same comment about Kimonas that we've applied to all other stocks—a largely increased assortment, the biggest range we've ever received into the store.

Millinery--A Word Picture of the Opening



200 Beautiful Hats—some different and distinctive feature about each to admire. Artistic arrangement of natural and artificial flowers. Soft mellow light reflected from visible and invisible sources. An arch laden with creeping vines relieved by occasional clusters of leaves in the rich tints of Autumn—through which an entrance to the Millinery department is obtained. Strains of a dreamy waltz, or some inspiring martial air so infectious that one's person sways in unison.

Such the scene that burst upon the view of ye wizard of the pen Tuesday—the occasion of the store's Millinery Opening.

A success—an artistic success—a commercial success.

"How beautiful!" "Magnificent!" "Exquisite!" The gamut of adjectives taxed to express the admiration of the numerous visitors who, undeterred by a frowning sky, came to behold the Exhibit that months of careful thought and planning had made possible.

The Exhibit still full of charm. Hats, equally as pretty coming to supply those that have departed for the homes of an appreciative public.

You're welcome. Come!—to-morrow, if possible.

Ladies' Coats---In Every Style

QUEEN FASHION APPROVED

Another collection so large—so liberal in assortment doesn't exist. More than double the stock shown in any previous season. We've been critical at the proper time—before the Coats found their way into stock. That explains the absence of questionable qualities—doubtful modes, Two seals upon every garment: this store's seal of satisfaction, and Madame La Mode's seal of approval.

Ladies' Tourist Coats, navy blue English Melton Serge, three-quarter length, loose back with strap, white piping, military shoulders, fly front, gold buttons, Sizes 32 to 40..... **$7.75**

Ladies' fawn and gray Beaver Coats, three-quarter length and fitting, military shoulder capes, satin piping, double breasted, full sleeve with fancy cuff, gun metal buttons. Sizes 32 to 40..... **$16.50**

CHALLIES AND DELAINES

AN 8 TO 10 A.M. SPECIAL

About 25 pieces all wool stripe Challies and Delaines, suitable for Blouses, Wrappers, Children's Dresses, etc., 27 inches wide. Quality worth 40c and 50c yard; to-morrow from 8 to 9 a.m., for..... **19c**

TEAS AND COFFEES

A Regular Customer Now!

Said one of Monday's visitors: "I am an American, and during my visit here I have been unable to obtain what I call a good cup of coffee. I was directed to you, and from the compliments paid your blends of coffees, and the up-to-date methods I see you have of preparing the different blends for the coffee pot, I feel satisfied I can rely on getting the coffee I want here."

TEAS.		COFFEES.		TEAS.	
New Season's Darjeeling, lb..	50c	"Mocha and Java" Blend, lb..	35c	Finest English Breakfast, lb	40c
Formosa Oolong, lb.....	50c	"Strathcona Brand," special..	30c	"5 o'clock Blend," lb.....	35c
Scented Orange Pekoe, lb....	50c	"Morning Glory"	25c	"Assam Blend," lb.....	30c
Gunpowder, lb.....	50c	Golden Santos	20c	"Our Favorite Blend," lb.....	25c
Black or Mixed.		Bean, Granulated or Pulverized.		Black or Mixed.	

2c PER LB. REDUCTION ON LOTS OF 5 LBS. AND OVER.

OPEN AT EIGHT A.M. — **W.H.Scroggie** LIMITED. St. Catherine & University Streets. — CLOSE AT SIX P.M.

Dress Fabrics for Fall

A Fine and Representative Assortment

Four leading values for to-morrow—echoes of our Prior-to-Removal Sale:

No. 1—54 in. Panne Cloth, handsome material for swell dresses; beautiful, soft and silky finish; $3.00 quality. To-morrow for $1.95

No. 2—Colored Broadcloth, all-wool, and in general demand this season. The range includes black, dark and light navy, red, reseda, dark brown, golden brown, mid brown, wine, crimson, castor and slate. Our special price, per yard..... $1.00

No. 3—Heavy Black and Navy Cheviot Suiting, a durable weave, popular for Fall wear. Our special price, per yard 59c

No. 4—The new Panama Cloth, all the newest colors in this range, including the popular shades of brown. Our special price, per yard 50c

Buy Linens in the Fall

Sensible plan, and one suggested by a patron of this store who is ever discovering some new and short cut to economy. Her reasons are that the new goods are far better able to stand the winter washing, that supply can be kept up much better than when the time honored practice is followed of using the half-worn linen and keeping the new "for best."

There are further advantages in buying Linens in the Fall—money-saving advantages. Several of such recorded here.

70 inches wide Pure White Table Damask, beautiful new design. Sale price, per yard 49c

72 inches wide All-linen Double Satin Damask, rich new designs. Worth $1.35 yard. Sale price..... $1.00

72 inches wide All-linen Scotch Table Damask, unbleached, nice pattern. Sale price, per yard, 50c and 55c

60 and 66 inch wide Heavy Unbleached Table Damask, all linen, very durable quality. Sale price, per yard 49c

One lot Hemmed All-linen Table Napkins, size 20 x 20 1-2 in.; only a limited quantity. Worth $2.00 dozen, for $1.69

Good quality Cream Fringed Table Napkins. Sale price, each..... 5c

OR 1 DOZEN FOR 55c

100 dozen Bleached Table Napkins, assorted designs, breakfast size, 19 x 19 in.; value $1.10 dozen. Sale price, dozen 89c

Pure White Damask Table Cloths, size 2 x 2 1-4 yards, assorted patterns. Sale price 98c

Only 30 rich All-linen Double Satin Damask finish Table Cloths—
Size 2 x 2 1-2 yards, worth $2.75, for..... $2.15
Size 2 x 3 yards, worth $3.50, for..... $2.75
The designs in this lot are the very newest procurable.

Superior quality Double Satin Damask finish Table Napkins, rich new designs; size 24 x 24 in. Worth $3.50. Sale price, dozen..... $2.69

One lot Hemmed All-linen Table Napkins, assorted patterns; size 23 x 23 in. Sale price, per dozen..... $2.49

Give the Flannels and Flannelettes Their Due

They'll get a position in the store that their importance demands—in a day or two now. From the third to the ground floor, to become a neighbor once more of the Dress Goods section. Can't we—the public and this store's representatives—accomplish a reduction of stock before the day for moving arrives? We'll make concessions to accomplish this result. See the price concessions we're making for to-morrow.

All-wool Plain French Opera Flannels, in an extensive range of colors, including black, cream, pale blue, ink, green, red, gray, fawn, purple, navy, etc., etc. Value 35c yard. To-morrow only 19c

Only 10 pieces Fine Gray Flannel, for underwear, in either plain or twill finish, light and dark colors. Value 15c yard. To-morrow only 10c

An extra Heavy White English Flannelette, with a heavy nap; worth 15c yard. To-morrow 15 yards for $1.65

5 cases Striped Flannelettes, for shirts and underwear of all kinds. We've just received them, and wishing to avoid the labor of removing them, have divided them into three lots. To-morrow's selling price, per yard: 8c, 9c and 10c

Artistic House Furnishings

THIRD FLOOR—TAKE ELEVATOR.

Special showing 36 inch Art Denims, in exquisite pastel shades, Oriental designs, the 25c yard quality. Special for Thursday, per yard 19c

Curtain Muslins, with heavy frilled borders, in art patterns. Worth 15c yard. Thursday 12½c

Curtain Damask, 50 inches wide, handsome designs. Special, per yard 45c

A lot of 50 inch Tapestries, all colors represented; really worth 90c yard. Special, per yard..... 49c

24 only Tapestry Table Covers, 3 yards square, fringed edges, in artistic colors and patterns; worth $2.25 each. Special for Thursday, each $1.95

Good Style Autumn Blouses

Takes a considerable time to exhaust the list of the numerous good styles in this store's styles. We've cheaper Blouses—more expensive Blouses, too—than those in the undernoted list, but none that we can designate better value.

Lustre Blouses, in the newest design, made up with small inverted pleats front and back, trimmed with fancy silk braid, full sleeves with pleats to match front, pretty tab collar; lined; in cream only. Sizes 32 to 42 ..... $1.89

Figured Lustre Blouses, in the new Fall modes, made up in stylish effect with large pleats front and back, trimmed with silk applique, full sleeves with cuffs, neat tab collar. These Blouses are lined and come in black only. Sizes 36 to 42 ..... $2.50

Art Muslin Pillow Shams, etc.

The remarkable features about these particular lines are the beauty and fineness of the pieces and the excellence of the values.

These goods are made of the finest Art Muslin, with plain white muslin pleated frill, edged with lace.

Shams, 32 x 32 inches, at, each 35c

Bureau Scarfs, 18 x 54 in., with an extra pin cushion cover to match. The two pieces for.... 35c

Washstand Covers at 25c



COAL OIL Heaters

Capable of heating a flat during the Fall and the fore part of the winter. They can be moved from room to room, wherever the need for warmth is experienced.

These are the PURITAN COAL OIL HEATERS, with aluminum tops. Proper attention avoids both smoke and smell. Sold with a satisfactory guarantee. The merchant who delayed purchasing his supplies until to-day cannot profitably sell these for less than $5.00. Our special price, $3.95.

THIRD FLOOR.

3 Bargains in the Basement

Blue China Salt Boxes and Spice Boxes, with covers. Special Thursday, each 25c

Colored Glass Jugs, different shapes. Special price Tuesday 19c

Plain White Ironstone China Tea Cups, with Saucers. Sale price while they last 3c
(For a Cup and Saucer.)

Step Ladders for 10c a Step Thursday

Most frequently sold for 15c. Good 4 and 5 step Hardwood Step Ladders, strongly put together. On sale Thursday for, per step..... 10c

In other words a 4 step one will cost you 40c

While those with 5 steps will sell for 50c

THIRD FLOOR.

Window Shades

Opaque Window Shades, in colors of green, buff and cream: size 37 x 72 inches, with spring roller and brackets ready to put up. Scroggie's special price Thursday, each. 19c