Morning Chronicle

COMMERCIAL AND SHIPPING GAZETTE.

VOL. XXXIX. QUEBEC, MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1885. No. 14,049

AFTERNOON DESPATCHES.

THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES AT LONDONDERRY.

The "Bosphore Egyptien" Affair

EL MAHDI'S ADHERENTS WAVERING IN THEIR LOYALTY.

Prince Krapotkine and Louise Michel to be Amnestied.

THE CHOLERA CASES IN SPAIN

British Arrangements with Italy.

Gen. Grant's Changed Condition—A Millionaire Gets Five Years Imprisonment—Dastardly Outrage and Murder, etc., etc.

CANADIAN INTELLIGENCE.

LONDONDERRY, April 25—The Prince and Princess of Wales had a most enthusiastic reception to-day. The town was literally covered with flags and bunting. There were immense crowds in the streets through which the procession passed. The procession was composed of the municipal authorities, the various corporations and their employees, the 'prentice boys, etc. A dozen addresses were presented to the Prince. In reply he thanked the people in a touching manner for the very cordial reception he had been given and acknowledged in feeling terms the many expressions and manifestations of loyalty to Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen. The Prince concluded by saying he hoped at no distant date the Princess and himself would be able to revisit Ireland.

PARIS, April 25—It is declared in official circles that France has determined to exact full reparation from Egypt for the suppression of the *Bosphore Egyptien*.

It is said the Government will send its note regarding the rehabilitation of the *Bosphore Egyptien* to the powers in the form of a circular.

M. Brisson has decided to grant amnesty to Prince Krapotkine, Gauthier and Louise Michel.

CAIRO, April 25—The Government has made no tender for a compromise with France of the differences growing out of the suppression of the *Bosphore Egyptien*. Nothing looking to a solution of the difficulty has been arranged. The Ministry remains firm. An amicable settlement, however, is hoped for.

The French Diplomatic Agent is here yet. He says he will leave this evening. It is believed France has not yet instructed the agent to leave Egypt. It is thought France will accept Egypt's offer of the compromise made yesterday.

DONGOLA, April 25—It is reported the Mahdi's troops at Omdurman are wavering in their loyalty in consequence of the prophet's recent military reverses.

MADRID, April 25—There is no doubt a modified type of Asiatic cholera has prevailed in the vicinity of Jativa. Out of 200 cases there were 89 deaths. There are several suspicious cases at the university near Succa.

ROME, April 25—The *Gazette* states that the Minister of Foreign Affairs and the British representative have arranged definitely for the future military and political action of Italy in the Red Sea and Egypt. They have also arranged for the visit to Rome of the Prince and Princess of Wales and Prince Victor. The visit will be made in May.

AMERICAN.

CIRCLEVILLE, O., Feb. 25—Della Greene the adopted daughter of a wealthy widow has eloped with Fultz, a gambler. The girl met Fultz at a rink.

FARMVILLE, La., April 25—Last night four men went to the farm of W. H. Mabrey, took a negress out of her house and began whipping her. Her cries awoke Mabrey, who started to learn the cause of the disturbance. When near the scene of the disturbance one of the men shot him through the heart. All then fled. The woman identified two of the men.

PITTSBURG, April 25—Milton Weston, the Chicago millionaire who was convicted of complicity in the Murraysville riots, was to-day sentenced to five years hard labor in the penitentiary.

NEW YORK, April 25—This morning W. J. Arkell, Vice-President of the Mount Mcgregor Railway, called on Gen. Grant and arranged definitely with his family for taking the General to Mount McGregor, in the latter part of June or early in July. Dr. Douglas will go with the General. Gen. Grant's physicians some time since declared a change to a drier atmosphere would be beneficial and that it would be unwise for the patient to spend the warm months at the sea shore. Col. Grant says he believes his father's changed condition is due in a great measure to the many kind and generous manifestations of public interest and regard.

PANAMA, April 25—Everything is quiet here.

CANADIAN.

MONTREAL, April 25—The stock market is steady at yesterday's prices.

The flood has slightly subsided this morning. No trains have arrived from the South to-day. The body of the child drowned at St. Henri was recovered.

OTTAWA, April 25—Sir L. Tilley feels somewhat easier this forenoon, having rested fairly well last night.

TORONTO, April 25—John Earls, Assistant General Freight Agent of the Grand Trunk at Toronto, has been placed in charge of the traffic west of Toronto, and Arthur White, Traffic Manager of the Midland division, will have charge of the West-East of Toronto as far as Kingston.

The total statistics registered here during the past week are births 53, marriages 13 and deaths 42.

Sheriff's Sales for the District of Quebec

MONTH OF APRIL.

The Corporation of Quebec vs. Walker *es-qualite*.—Lot No. 4250 of the official cadastre of Montcalm Ward, of Quebec, of 53 feet and 10 inches in front on D'Artigny street, by 103 feet 8 inches in depth, circumstances and dependencies. Sale at the Sheriff's office on the 29th of April, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

The Corporation of Quebec vs. Julie L. Alain.—No. 3961 of the official cadastre of Montcalm Ward, of Quebec, measuring 46 feet 10 inches in front on Artillery street, by 89 feet in depth, with buildings, subject to the continuance of the lease of part of the said immoveable in favor of C. A. Langlais to 1st of May, 1890, under deed passed on the 7th of February, 1885, before Mtre. Bolduc, notary. Sale at the Sheriff's office on the 30th of April, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

George Alford vs. Narcisse Rosa.—No. 858 of the official cadastre of St. Roch's Ward, of Quebec, being an emplacement situate on King street of 25 feet in front, by 61 feet in depth, with buildings, subject to an annual constituted rent of $5, or a capital of $100, payable to the plaintiff on the 29th of September, and to the charges of the *titre nouvel*, dated 19th November, 1874. Sale at the Sheriff's office on the 30th of April, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Sheriff's Sale in the District of Quebec.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA against JOHN BAPTISTE CHARLESON, of Quebec, to wit :—

No. 3832, of the official cadastre for Montcalm Ward of the City of Quebec, being an emplacement situate on the south side of Burton Street, containing two thousand six hundred and sixty-nine feet in superficies, English measure, with a double Fire-Brick House, heated by steam.

Sale at the Sheriff's office, on the 9th May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

April 18, 1885. td-co

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

A CHINESE DECREE FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF CATHOLICS AND FOREIGNERS.

COMPLETION OF A GIGANTIC BRIDGE.

The Royal Visitors at Baronscourt.

PRESIDENT BRISSON'S POLICY REGARDING DYNAMITERS.

THE SUNDAY CLOSING MOVEMENT IN GERMANY.

A c Cholera Discovered Near Valencia.

THE POPE AND THE IRISH BISHOPS.

The Vicksburg Disaster; 32 Victims so far—A Terrible Epidemic—Preller Buried—Ooit—Puried in a Snow Slide, Etc., Ect.

THE SITUATION AT PANAMA

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, April 25—Chinese advices confirm the report that the Chinese Viceroy of the Provinces of Yunnan and Knechong issued a decree ordering the destruction of all Catholic convents and the killing of all Catholic converts and foreigners. Several condemned convents have been razed and several hundred Catholic converts and foreigners assassinated. The immense stone bridge constructed by Chinese engineers over an arm of the Chinese sea at Legan is finished. The bridge is five miles long, entirely of stone and has 300 arches, each 70 feet wide.

DUBLIN, April 26.—The train bearing the Prince and Princess of Wales stopped yesterday at Tyrone, Strabane, Lion's Mill, Newtownstewart and finally at Baronscourt, where the Royal visitors will remain till to-morrow as guests of the Duke of Abercorn. A succession of displays of loyalty was made all along the route; the towns were profusely decorated. The Duke of Abercorn's tenants presented an address of welcome to the Prince and a torchlight procession followed in the evening.

FRANCE.

PARIS, April 26—President Brisson has officially declared that the new Government will lend no countenance to dynamiters seeking refuge in France.

SPAIN.

MADRID, April 25—Two cases of Asiatic cholera have been discovered at Salca, near Valencia. One death is reported.

EGYPT.

SUAKIM, April 26—It is reported Osman Digma is at Tama with 200 men.

GREECE.

ATHENS, April 25—The Archduchess Mari Theresa of Austria is learning to make jewelry in the shop of a Tyrolese worker.

Deligannis is forming a new Cabinet.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, April 25—The movement for the closing of all shops in Germany on Sunday grows stronger daily. An immense meeting in favor of this reform was held here to-day.

ITALY.

ROME, April 25—It is asserted the Pope will remonstrate with the Irish Bishops now assembled at the Holy See in regard to the Catholic clergy's attitude towards the Prince and Princess of Wales during their visit to Dublin. It is stated His Holiness contemplates issuing a pastoral letter on the subject of the duties of Catholic clergyman to the Government under which they live. Irish Bishops in Rome are holding informal meetings for the purpose of considering the advisability of adopting towards the Vatican a policy concerning their purely home affairs similar to the one adopted by the American Bishops last year.

BULGARIA.

BUCHAREST, April 26.—The man who evidently intended to murder Prime Minister Bratanio was arrested at the depot here yesterday.

UNITED STATES.

ST. LOUIS, April 25—The remains of Preller, the victim of the hotel murder, were temporarily buried here to-day.

VICKSBURG, Miss., April 25—The list of killed by the fallen walls of Tuesday's fire increases hourly. Up to 6 p. m. to-day 18 additional bodies have been taken from the ruins, making 32 found thus far. It is now feared there are many more buried beneath the ruins as the city was full of strangers to witness the firemen's parade the following day. As the bodies are found and identified the grief of the relatives and friends is unbounded.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 25—An epidemic resembling typhoid fever is raging in Plymouth, three miles from here. There are upwards of 600 cases. 15 deaths occurred today and 13 yesterday. The physicians are powerless. The disease is due to the bad sanitary condition, the town having nosewers or gutters.

NEW YORK, April 25—Isaac W. England, publisher of the *Sun*, died at his home, Ridgewood, N. J., this evening, of dropsy of the heart, aged 53.

Jas. Talbot, aged 47, cousin of the Earl of Shrewsbury, died in the County Workhouse hospital to-day. He was recently committed as a drunkard. He recently held a captain's commission in the British army and ran through his fortune.

NEW YORK, April 26—A Panama despatch says all the troops were withdrawn from the city last night. The consequences cannot be foreseen, but that there will be serious trouble on the arrival of the Columbian troops due here to-night is certain. Gen. Aizpuru has proposed to the commander of the United States forces here to withdraw his troops to the station of the Panama Railway Company, Aizpuru guaranteeing the security of the city. Aizpuru, however well disposed, will not be able to prevent the destruction of property and life. Barricades are being erected in the streets and sand bag defences are constructed on the balcony of the barracks. It is believed the insurgents are determined to fight in the town. Native feeling there is very strong. It is considered cruel for the United States forces to withdraw, leaving the people helpless and the city in control of a lawless mob.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 26.—The frightful epidemic prevailing in Plymouth has practically suspended business, except in the drug stores and undertaking establishments. There were six deaths from typhoid malarial fever since yesterday; nine funerals were held to-day. The whole town appears to be in mourning. The cause of the pestilence was discussed and it has been decided to clean the streets, alleys and backyards immediately at a public meeting to-day.

LEADVILLE, Col., April 26.—Information reached here yesterday that eleven men working in a mine on the Homestake Mountain on the Eagle River, were buried in a snow slide. A relief party left immediately for the scene, but were met by a crowd of excited miners who informed them that it was useless to attempt to reach the mine then through the wilderness of soft snow, even with snowshoes. The party will repeat the trip to-day when it is hoped the snow will bear the weight of the men. Nothing had been heard from the men in a fortnight and a man who visited the spot where the miners' cabins stood to learn if anything was wrong reports everything buried by a deep snow slide that evidently came down in the dead of night. Not a sign of life was to be seen in any direction. No doubt the whole party are buried alive.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial. d&w

THE AFGHAN DISPUTE.

THE SITUATION CONSIDERED VERY SERIOUS.

GLADSTONE'S DESIRE TO AVOID WAR.

Russia's Determination to Capture Herat.

"NOW IS THE MOMENT FOR RUSSIA TO STRIKE."

GEN. GOURKO ORDERED TO PREPARE THE PLAN OF A CAMPAIGN IN AFGHANISTAN.

Military Movements in Russia.

The Czar Writes Kaiser Wilhelm that War Seems Inevitable.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25—The Czar yesterday passed four hours with General Obel Obrutscheff, chief of the staff, and several engineer officers studying the war map of the Afghan frontier. Obrutscheff regards war as inevitable and urges immediate mobilization, and that not a moment should be lost in pushing to Herat and Candahar.

Obrutscheff's increasing influence over the Czar is believed to be significant. He said to the Czar "Now is the moment for Russia to strike. Lumsden's retreat has utterly destroyed England's prestige among the Afghans, who I can assure your Majesty are ready to revolt against the Ameer. Besides Persia is prepared secretly to help us and to do the moment we strike the first blow. All these advantages will be lost by delay.

The Czar replied :—"You are too hasty, General. Russia's manifest destiny is too strong to be wrecked by any human agency, but I still hope war may be avoided. But come what will, I shall never consent to give up Penjdeh nor the Zulfikar Pass."

The Czar is convinced that improvised cruisers of the "Alabama" type, and a vigorous application of torpedo warfare will transfer England's monopoly of the carrying trade to other nations.

General Gourko, Governor General of Poland, has been ordered by the Czar to prepare an immediate detailed plan of the

CAMPAIGN IN AFGHANISTAN.

It is believed that Gourko in the event of war will be placed in supreme command. There are seventy thousand Russian troops in Poland; 30,000 are under orders for immediate movement to Odessa. This proves that Russia has no cause to fear hostility from Austria. The feeling among the Poles is one of indifference; they are too weak to dream of revolt. At Moscow war preparations are being prepared with the greatest activity. Large bodies of troops are daily leaving for the South. Heavy supplies of artillery and commissariat stores are being sent to Tagunrad for transportation to Batoum and other fortified places on the Black Sea. 80,000 Cossacks have received orders to hold themselves ready to move at a moment's notice. 35,000 troops have already been concentrated near Askabad. In Moscow war is eagerly hoped for. At Cronstadt workmen are busy day and night loading Whitehead torpedoes. At the arsenal orders have been given that the moment hostilities are begun stationary torpedoes shall be placed outside all Russian ports of the Baltic. Ironclads "Admiral Greig," "Duc D'Embourg," "Kremlin," and monitors "Typhon," "Latnik," and "Bronenossets" are ready for immediate action.

LONDON, April 25—The Admiralty has now chartered five of the fastest and finest passenger steamers in the Atlantic trade, the "Oregon," "America," "Arizona," "Umbria" and "Alaska." The steamers "Coptic" and "Britannia" are also chartered. The Government will increase the number of armed cruizers to 20.

BERLIN, April 25—It is stated the Emperor has received a letter from the Czar, stating that to his utmost grievance, war seems inevitable. Emperor William is much depressed, yet hopes England will yield in some way. All rumors about Germany and Austria not keeping the strictest neutrality are baseless.

TIRPUL, April 25—Persistent statements are made that large Russian forces are coming from the Caspian to the Afghan frontier. The situation is critical. Only very firm British support will restore the confidence of the Afghans. The Afghan troops engaged in the Penjdeh battle have nearly all dispersed.

SEBASTAPOL, April 25—Turret ships "Popoff" and "Nigni Novgord" will be put in commission. Workmen are employed day and night in the construction of the new men-of-war.

NORFOLK, Va., April 25—Should war be declared the Russian warship "Streloke" and British corvette "Garnet" will move out nine miles and engage each other. A number of American officers are preparing to charter a steamer to witness the fight.

The Czar has issued ugase sanctioning the rising of large force of Turco militiamen by Komaroff. in the British Cabinet now sitting. It is assumed Great Britain has demanded anticipation for the Penjdeh affair, which Russia will not give.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25—It is stated the Czar starts immediately for Moscow to consult the Ministry regarding the Anglo-Russian question.

The Czar has issued an ukase sanctioning the raising of a large force of Turkoman militia by Komaroff.

LONDON, April 25—The *Standard's* St. Petersburg despatch says negotiations continue between Russia and England. The frontier question presents no serious difficulty, but the Penjdeh affair delays the meeting of the boundary commission. It is assured that England has demanded satisfaction for the Penjdeh affair, but this Russia will not give.

PARIS, April 25—It is believed England has received a plain ultimation from Russia, that she will not accept mediation if offered.

BOMBAY, April 25—The Duke of Connaught has been suddenly recalled to Simla.

VIENNA, April 25—Kaffnoki, Minister of Foreign Affairs, expresses the general fears that war will be declared between Russia and England.

PARIS, April 25—A hundred students belonging to the Russian army have left Paris in obedience to a summons from St. Petersburg.

LONDON, April 25—The Cabinet sat three and a half hours to-day. It is understood the Afghan situation has not been improved.

SIMLA, April 25—The recall of the Duke of Connaught was due to the receipt of a telegram from England indicating the political outlook extremely critical, Lord Dufferin has held a prolonged Military Council, and it is believed it was resolved to concentrate the Indian forces at Quetta immediately.

LONDON, April 25—The British transports at Woolwich have been ordered to load in future, until otherwise instructed, all their war stores for India. The Government has ordered the immediate construction of forty gunboats on a new plan of naval architecture. The Government has chartered the steamer "Eneria."

MADRID, April 25—A Russian corvette anchored at Almeria last night and after the commander had a hasty interview with the Consul the vessel departed with her lamps unlit. It turned out to-day that the commander put into Almeria for the purpose of ascertaining whether war had been declared. He said he had run across a British man-of-war whose conduct was so suspicious as to induce him to stop and ascertain what the situation was and what action on his part it would warrant.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25—A general increase in the regimental officers in the Russian army has been ordered.

LONDON, April 25—The changes in the prices of stocks to-day were nominal and unimportant. The political outlook is still considered grave. A firm feeling prevailed on the continental bourses, with general recovery of prices.

To-night the situation appears to be very serious. It looks as if Russia desires war and as if England will be compelled to accept.

The common people of England seem to believe there will be war, but are not enthusiastic about it. It is said Gladstone does not believe in war unless it is absolutely necessary. He does not think a diplomatic insult or brush against prestige is sufficient cause for war. His enemies say Gladstone would have allowed the Soudan to slip away rather than fight for it but for Gordon; that he does not consider the retention of India worth the cost of a war with Russia, but if he decides to fight he will fight to win and the whole English people will be with him, believing that when he appeals to the sword it will be the last appeal of an Englishman of almost limitless resources. The uncertainty of the situation has fairly stagnated financial operations.

The *Spectator* says the persistence with which the Russian papers urge the seizure of Herat is evidence that they have been inspired for the purpose of preparing the Russian public mind for the event. The *Spectator* believes the seizure of Herat has already been ordered by the Czar and declares British troops will be powerless to prevent its capture and that its security depends entirely upon the courage of the Afghan.

It is said the reports of secret agents commissioned to work up a pro-Russian sentiment throughout Bulgaria and Macedonia have alarmed the Russian Government concerning the influence Gladstone's name exercises over the people in all Bulgarian and Macedonian Provinces formerly under Turkish rule. The revival by the *Moscow Gazette* of the question of the cession of that portion of Russian Poland bounded on the east by the river Vistula, including the capital of Warsaw to Germany is looked upon as a strong bid for German support. In some quarters it is thought this has been agreed upon secretly with Bismarck as the price of active German aid in suppressing a Polish revolt or against England herself.

British merchants fearing the transfer of the ocean carrying trade to United States or other powers in the event of war have organized a movement to influence the Cabinet to undertake the issuing of war risks on shipping at rates that would prevent this.

It is estimated there will be a deficit in this year's budget after the issue of the war credit amounting to sixty-five million dollars.

Vanity Fair does not believe Russia and England will come to blows over the Afghan question. The paper boldly declares that the whole squabble is fictitious and insincere and has been got up to cover retreat from the Soudan.

Russia is hurriedly fortifying Kieff. It is stated there are 30,000 Russian troops there now.

The conference between Baron De Staal and Earl Granville to-day is said to have further strained the relations between Russia and England.

April 26 The *Observer* in a special edition says it believes Earl Granville's second despatch to St. Petersburg reiterated the demand that a military inquiry be held regarding the Penjdeh battle on the spot where the battle was fought.

NOTES AND NEWS

Personal.

We regret to learn of the serious illness of Mr. N. Laforce, proprietor of the Chien d'Or Restaurant.

Honorable P. J. O. Chauveau has been appointed Dean of the Laval Law Faculty, Montreal, in the place of the late Mr. Cherrier.

Hon. J. J. Ross, Prime Minister, gave a dinner at the Garrison Club on Saturday last.

Judge Fournier has returned to Ottawa.

Disastrous Floods.

The rapid thaw of the unusually large quantity of snow accumulated in all parts of the country, is causing disastrous floods in many localities. On the Etchemin and Chaudiere rivers, a number of bridges have been washed away. It is said that the booms of the Messrs. Breakey on the latter streams have given way and that a large number of logs have thus been lost. This will probably account for the appearance of some hundreds of logs yesterday in the ice in front of the city.

The Ice Bridge Broken Up.

The ice bridge in front of the city broke up on Saturday night and floated down the river. The ice was driven up again, however, by the strong easterly wind, and still remains blocked. If the wind falls or changes to-day it is probable that the river will be once more clear in front of the city. At Bridgewater Cove the bridge is still reported to be firm.

The ice in the St. Charles River has also broken up.

On account of the floods at Point St. Charles, Montreal, and the washing away of the railway track there, the express and other freight of the Grand Trunk came down by North Shore Railway on Saturday morning. That for the lower provinces was transhipped here into canoes and sent over to Point Levis for the Intercolonial.

The ferry steamers "Polaris," "Pilot," and "Arctic," having become detached on Friday night, the Ferry Company instructed the captains to try and fetch Indian Cove so as to secure safe moorage for their vessels, which got there on Saturday afternoon.

The Bishop-elect of Niagara.

The consecration of the Bishop-elect of Niagara will take place at the Cathedral, Fredericton, on Friday, 1st May, the festival of SS. Philip and James. There will be morning prayer at the Cathedral at 8 o'clock. The consecration service will be at 10.30 a.m. The clergy are requested to be at the vestry of the Cathedral at 10.10 a.m. The following circular has been issued as to—

RAILWAY AND STEAMBOAT ARRANGEMENTS.

New Brunswick Railway—Tickets to Fredericton full fare. Certificates supplied on April 30th at railway stations, valid for return free until May 4th. The signature of the Hon. Sect. is necessary on certificates before leaving Fredericton.

Intercolonial Railway—Clergymen holding certificates travel at half price. Lay visitors can procure return tickets at a fare and a half from stations to St. John from April 30th to May 4th.

Grand Southern Railway.—Return free. (Certificates from Hon. Sec.)

Union Line S. S. Co.—Steamers "David Weston" and "Star." Free return tickets from April 30th to May 4th—inclusive.

The Rev. T. E. Dowling will be ready to sign and issue return certificates for the N. B. and G. S. Railway at Mr. W. T. H. Fenety's book store, opposite Officers' Quarters, May 1st, at 9 o'clock.

By order of the Metropolitan,
THEODORE E. DOWLING,
Hon. Sec.
St. John's Globe.

April 22nd, 1885.

YOUNG MEN!—READ THIS

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich, offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

December 24, 188 co-d&Lm-w

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil. with Hypophosphites,

For Affections of the Lungs and Wasting Diseases.

Dr. J. Simonaud, New Orleans, La., says :—"I can candidly declare Scott's Emulsion is the finest preparation of the kind that has ever been brought to my notice. In affections of the lungs and other wasting diseases, we may consider it our most reliable agent. In a perfectly elegant and agreeable form."

—The surprising success of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for the several diseases peculiar to women forcibly illustrates the importance of her beneficient discovery and the fact that she knows how to make the most of it.—*Dr. Haskell.*

A CARD. To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

July 17, 1884. Lm-co-d&w

Manhood Restored

REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.

November 29, 1884. sep13 Lm-co-d&w



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GOING WEST.

10.30 A.M.—Mixed Train will leave Point Levi for Richmond and points East and West, arriving in Montreal at 8.45 P.M., in time to connect with Night Express going West.

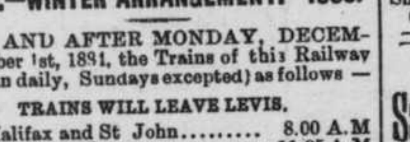
8.30 P.M.—Night Express for Richmond, Sherbrooke, Island Pond, Gorham Lewiston, Portland, Montreal, and points East, West, South-West and North-West

GOING EAST.

Leaving Montreal................ 10.15 P.M
Arriving at Point Levi.......... 7.00 A.M
Mixed leaves Montreal........... 8.00 A.M
" arriving at Point Levi........ 6.15 P.M.
" leaves Richmond............... 9.00 A.M.
" arrives at Point Levi......... 3.30 P.M.

JOSEPH HICKSON
General Manager.

Montreal, March 28, 1885.
March 30, 1885.



Intercolonial Railway.

1884.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—1885.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, DECEMBER 1st, 1884, the Trains of this Railway will run daily, Sundays excepted) as follows —

TRAINS WILL LEAVE LEVIS.

For Halifax and St John......... 8.00 A.M
For Riviere du Loup............. 11.25 A.M
For Riviere du Loup............. 5.25 P.M

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT LEVIS.

From Riviere du Loup............ 5.18 A.M.
From Riviere du Loup............ 1.55 P.M
From Halifax and St. John....... 7.10 P.M

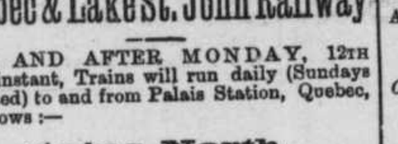
The Pullman Car leaving Point Levis Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday run through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday to St. John.

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

Tickets may be obtained, and also information about the route, a about Freight and Passenger Rates from

T. LAVERDIERE
49, Dalhousie Street, Quebec.
D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office Moncton, N.B., November 27th, 1884.
December 1 1884



Quebec & Lake St. John Railway

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 12TH instant, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) to and from Palais Station, Quebec, as follows :—

Going North.

4.00 P.M. MAIL leaves Quebec for Lake Simon, arriving there at 7.15 p.m.

Going South.

6.20 A.M. MAIL leaves St. Raymond for Quebec, arriving there at 8.55 a.m.

8.00 P.M. FREIGHT leave Lak Simon for St. Raymond, arriving there at 8.30 p.m.

Trains run by Eastern Standard Time.

Trains connect at St. Ambroise with Stages for Indian Lorette, at Valcartier Station with Stages for Valcartier Village, and at St. Gabriel with the new road for the River and Pine settlements.

Single Fare return first-class Tickets on Saturdays good til following Tuesday.

LEVE & ALDEN, Ticket Agents. J. G. SCOTT, Sec. & Manager, Commercial Chambers.

January 10, 1885.



Canadian Pacific Railway

THE NEW LINE,

MONTREAL and TORONTO

via OTTAWA,

Opened Monday, August 11th,

TIME TABLE.	Local Express	Thro' Express	Local Express	Thro' Express
Leave Montreal...	7.06am	8.40am	6.00pm	7.30pm
Arrive Ottawa...	11.25 "	12.03pm	10.15 "	11.00 "
" Toronto...	....	9.55 "	....	8.30am
Leave Toronto...	....	8.25am	....	7.55pm
" Ottawa...	8.20am	6.12pm	4.30pm	5.25am
Arrive Montreal.	12.30pm	9.42 "	8.49 "	8.50 "

Elegant Parlor Cars on day trains. Luxurious Sleeping Cars on night trains.

Close connections at OTTAWA with trains to and from

SUDBURY, NORTH BAY, PEMBROKE, RENFREW, ARNPRIOR,

and all points in the Upper Ottawa Valley. Connections at Toronto for all points WEST, SOUTH and NORTHWEST.

For full information regarding Time Table o all Through and Local Trains, Tickets, Seats in Parlor Cars, Berths in Sleeping Cars, &c., apply at the Company's New City Ticket Offic

4 Du FORT STREET

Opposite Post Office, Quebec.

Novembe 29, 1884 jly29, 82-Lm

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

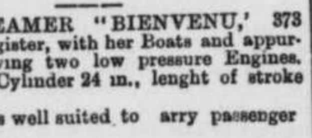
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T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

December 15, 1884. m.w&fri-Lm-



Will be Sold a Bargain!

THE STEAMER "BIENVENU," 373 Tons register, with her Boats and appurtenances, having two low pressure Engines. Diameter of Cylinder 24 in., lenght of stroke feet

This Boat s well suited to arry passenger and freight

For further information apply at the Office of the St Lawrence Steam Navigation Co.'y St. Andrew's Wharf.

A GABOURY
Secretary

May 30, 18



QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

COMMENCING MONDAY, NOVEMBER 3rd, 1884, Trains will run as follows :

	Mail	Mxd	Frgt.
Leave Sherbrooke for Beauce Jct., Levis and Quebec....	A.M. 8.15	.....	A.M. 7.15
Arrive Beauce Jct........	P.M. 1.10	.....	P.M. 4.30
Arrive Levis............	3.45	.....	.....
" Quebec Ferry.........	4.00	.....	.....
Leave Quebec for Beauce Jct., Sherbrooke, and New England points, Ferry....	A.M. 10.30	.....	.....
Leave Levis.............	11 00	.....	.....
Arrive Beauce Jct........	P.M. 1.10	.....	.....
Leave Beauce Jct........	1.25	.....	A.M. 6.50
Arrive Sherbrooke........	6.15	.....	P.M. 3.00
Leave Levis for St. Joseph....	.....	P.M. 3.00	.....
Arrive St. Joseph........	.....	7.10	.....
Leave St. Joseph for Levis....	.....	A.M. 6.00	.....
Arrive Levis............	.....	10.00	.....

Trains run on "Eastern Standard" time

Fifteen minutes allowed for refreshments at Beauce Junction.

Sure CONNECTIONS made at Sherbrooke with Passumpsic and Grand Trunk Railways for Newport, Boston, Portland, New York and al New England Points. At Harlaka Junction with Intercolonial Railway for River du Loup, Rimouski, Halifax, St. John, and all points in the Maritime Provinces; at Quebec with North Shore Railway for Three Rivers and points above Quebec, and with Quebec and Lake St. John Railway for al points north of Quebec

J. R. WOODWARD,
General Manager.

Sherbrooke Oct. 30th, 1884.
October 31, 1884.

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THE CHEAPEST! THE SAFEST! THE BEST SYSTEM OF LIFE INSURANCE EVER DEVISED!

INSURANCE IS PURELY MUTUAL,

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AGENT
83, St. Peter Street.

March 14, 1885. oct30-Lm

Merchants, Bankers and Manufacturers

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Sixteen Pages every Saturday. Oftentimes Twenty Pages. Sometimes Twenty four Pages.

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THE FOREMOST PURPOSE OF BRADSTREET'S is to be of practical service to business men. Its special trade and industrial reports; its weekly epitome of bankruptcies throughout the United States and Canada, and the summaries of assets and liabilities, are alone worth the subscription price; its synopsis of recent legal decisions are exceedingly valuable. As commercial transactions, in the wider sense, are coming to be more and more conducted on a statistical basis, the information contained in BRADSTREET'S is of the first importance both to producers and middlemen.

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279, 281, 283, BROADWAY,
NEW YORK CITY.

January 9, 1885.

THE CENTURY IN 1885.

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

PAPERS ON THE CIVIL WAR

The important feature of THE CENTURY MAGAZINE for the coming year—indeed, perhaps the most important ever undertaken by the magazine—will be a series of separ te papers on the great battles of the War f Union, written by general officers high command upon both the Federal and the Confederate sides,—General Grant (who writes of Vicksburg, Shiloh, and other battles), Generals Longstreet, McClellan, Beauregard, Rosecrans, Hill, Admiral Porter, and others. The series opens in the November CENTURY with a graphically illustrated article on

The Battle of Bull Run,

written by the Confederate General, G. T. Beauregard. Brief sketches, entitled "Recollections of a Private," papers chronicling special events, descriptions of various auxiliary branches of the service, etc., will supplement he more important series by the various generals.

A strict regard for accuracy will guide the preparation of the illustrations, for which THE CENTURY has at its disposal a very large quantity of photographs, drawings, portraits, maps, plans, etc., hitherto unused. The aim is to present in this series, not official reports, but commanding officers' accounts of their plans and operations,—interesting personal experiences which will record ading events of the war, and possess, me time, a historical value not easily to lated.

FICTION.

In this line THE CENTURY will maintain its prestige, and furnish the best stories by American writers that can be procured. In November begins

A New Nove by W. D. Howells,

Author of "Venetian Days," "A Modern Instance," etc. This story deals with the rise of an American business man. A novel by Henry James, a novelette by Grace Denio Litchfield, and short stories by "Uncle Remus," Frank R. Stockton, H. H. Boyesen, T. A. Janvier, H. H., Julian Hawthorne, and other equally well-known writers will appear at various times.

MISCELLANEOUS FEATURES.

Under this heading may be included a series of papers on the Cities of Italy by W. D. Howells, the illustrations being reproductions of etchings and drawings by Joseph Pennell; a series on

The New North-West,

being an interesting group of papers by E. V. Smalley, Lieut. Schwatka, Principal Grant (of Kingston, Ontario), and others, descriptive of little-known regions papers on French and American art,—sculpture and painting, with some exquisite illustrations; papers on

Astronomy, Architecture, and History

the first being by Professor Langley and others. Under Architecture are included more of Mrs Van Rensselaer's articles on Churches, City and Country Houses, etc. Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., will describe

Progress in Sanitary Draining;

E. C. Stedman, Edmund Grosse, and others will furnish literary essays; George W Cable will contribute in various ways; several papers on sport and adventure will soon be published, and

John Burroughs

will write from time to time on outdoor subjects.

Readers of THE CENTURY *may feel sure of keeping abrea of the times on leading subjects that mag properly come within the province of a monthly magazine. Its circulation is now about 140,000 monthly, he November number exceeding that figure. Subscriptions should date from this number, beginning the War Series and Mr. Howells novel. Price $4.00 a year, 35 cents a number. A book-seller and news-dealers sell it and take subscriptions or remittanc may be made to the publishers*

A free specimen copy of THE CENTURY wil be sent on request. Mention this paper.

THE CENTURY CO.
New York N.Y.

Novemb .88,



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Under contract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland or the conveyance of the CANADIAN and UNITED STATES MAILS.

1884. Winter Arrangements. 1885

THIS COMPANY'S LINES ARE COMposed of the following Double-engined, Clyde-built Iron Steamships. They are built in water-tight compartments, ar unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, are fitte up with al the modern improvements that practical xperience can suggest.

Vessels.	Tonnage	Commanders.
NUMIDIAN	6100	Building.
PARISIAN	5400	Capt James Wylie.
SARDINIAN	4650	Lt Smith, R N R.
POLYNESIAN	4100	Capt R Brown.
SARMATIAN	3600	Capt J Graham.
CIRCASSIAN	4000	Capt W Richardson
PERUVIAN	3400	Capt J Ritchie
NOVA SCOTIAN	3300	Capt Hugh Wylie.
CASPIAN	3200	Lt R Barrett, RNR
HANOVERIAN	4000	Lt Thomson, RNR
CARTHAGENIAN	4600	Capt A Macnicol.
SIBERIAN	4600	Capt R P Moore.
NORWEGIAN	3531	Capt J G Stephen.
HIBERNIAN	3440	Capt R H Hughes
AUSTRIAN	2700	Capt J Ambury
NESTORIAN	2700	Capt D J James.
PRUSSIAN	3000	Capt A McDougall.
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PARISIAN.....	April 2	.....	April 4
CASPIAN.....	.....	April 7	" 11
CIRCASSIAN.....	April 16	.....	" 18
PERUVIAN.....	.....	April 21	" 25
SARDINIAN....	April 30	.....	May 2

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or on the arrival of the Intercolonial Railway Train from the West.

Rates of Passage from Quebec via Halifax:

Cabin............$62.65, $78.00 and $88.00
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Intermediate.......................$39.00
Steerage.....................At lowest rates

Glasgow Service.

From Glasgow.	Steamers.	From Boston.
Feb. 25	CARTHAGENIAN..	Mch. 14
Mch. 11	SIBERIAN..	" 28
" 25	GRECIAN..	April 8
April 8	CARTHAGENIAN..	" 25

QUEBEC MAIL LINE.

From Liverpool	Steamer.	From Quebec.
Thur. April 16	SARMATIAN...	Sat. May 9
" " 23	POLYNESIAN..	" " 16
" " 30	CIRCASSIAN..	" " 23
" May 7	PARISIAN.....	" " 30

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An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

Through Bills o Lading granted in Liverpool and at Continental Ports to all Points in Canada and the Western States.

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ALLANS, RAE & CO.,
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March 23, 1885.

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THIS PREPARATION IS GRADUALly gaining public favor. The demand now supersedes with that of any extract of meat in the market.

The reason is apparent. It is the only preparation of the kind which contains all the nutritious together with the stimulating properties of Beef, and the only one which has the power to supply nourishment for Brain, Bone and Muscle

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF is the most perfect form of concentrated food at present known

October 7, 1884. Lm

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The Christma (December) number, now ready is a Grand Gift Book for Children, and costs only 25 cents. Among its stories, poems and sketches are the following :—

The Light that is Felt.......J. G. Whittier.
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Mikkel.........................H. H. Boyesen.
Visiting Santa-Claus..............Lucy Larcom.
The Hand-organ Man's Little Girl.......H. H.
The Czarevitch...........Edna Dean Proctor.
Davy and the Goblin.............Charles Carryl.
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If there are children in your home, can you afford to do without ST. NICHOLAS *this year A subscription costs only $3.00, and this is a good time to begin. Numbers supplied by all dealer and*

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1885.

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ILLUSTRATED

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Postage Free to a subscriber in the United States or Canada

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The last Five Annua Volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, in neat cloth binding, wil be sent by mail, postage paid or by express free of expense (provided the freight does no exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

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DOMINION LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.



Running in connection with the

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	Tons.		Tons.
VANCOUVER	5,700	BROOKLYN	4,500
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Dates of Sailing from Portland.

Dominion.............................30th April.

RATES OF PASSAGE ROM QUEBEC

Cabin.—$5 and $68; and return, $102 and $120.

SAILING FROM QUEBEC EVERY SATURDAY, for LIVERPOOL direct; and from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY for QUEBEC, *via* BELFAST.

DATES OF SAILING :

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April 16	BROOKLYN	May
" 23	*SARNIA	" 16
" 30	TORONTO	" 23
May 7	*VANCOUVER	" 30
" 14	MONTREAL	June 6
" 21	*OREGON	" 13
" 28	BROOKLYN	" 20
June 4	*SARNIA	" 27
" 11	TORONTO	July 4
" 18	*VANCOUVER	" 11
" 25	MONTREAL	" 18
July 2	*OREGON	" 25
" 9	BROOKLYN	Aug. 1
" 16	*SARNIA	" 8
" 23	TORONTO	" 15
" 30	*VANCOUVER	" 22
Aug. 6	MONTREAL	" 29
" 13	*OREGON	Sept. 5

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Quebec to Liverpool, $50 to $80; Return, $90 to $144, according to Berth and accommodation. Intermediate, $35. Steerage at Lowest Rates.

A competent Doctor and Stewardess carrie on all Steamers.

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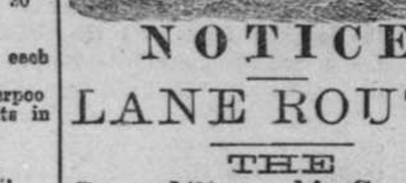
Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Offices in Canada, and through Bills of Lading are granted to and from all parts of Canada.

For Freight or Passage apply in Liverpool to Flinn, Main & Montgomery; in London, to Gracie & Hunter, 96, Leadenhall st.; at all Grand Trunk Railway Offices; or to DAVID TORRANCE & CO Exchange Court, Montreal, and

WM. M. MACPHERSON,
75, DALHOUSIE STREET,
Quebec.

April 24, 1885.

CUNARD LINE.



NOTICE.

LANE ROUTE.

THE

Cunard Steamship Company, Limited.

BETWEEN NEW YORK and LIVERPOOL, calling at CORK HARBOR,

From Pier 40 N.R., New York.

Pavonia...................Saturday, 25th April
Aurania...................Saturday, 2nd May
Etruria...................Saturday, 9th May
Servia....................Saturday, 16th May
Gallia....................Saturday, 23rd May
Aurania...................Saturday, 30th May
Etruria...................Saturday, 6th June
Servia....................Saturday, 13th June

RATE OF PASSAGE :

Cabin, $80, $60 and $100 according to accommodation.

Steerage at very low rates. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4, Bowling Green.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO.
Agents.

April 22, 1885.

1885.

HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE.

ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

The serial and short stories in HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE have all the dramatic interest that juvenile fiction can possess, while they are wholly free from what is pernicious or vulgarly sensational. The humorous stories and pictures are full of innocent fun, and the papers on natural history and science, travel, and the facts of life, are by writers whose names give the best assurance of accuracy and value. Illustrated papers on athletic sports, games, and pastimes give full information on these subjects. There is nothing cheap about it but its price.

An epitome of everything that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature.—*Boston Courier*

A weekly feast of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits.—*Brooklyn Union.*

It is wonderful in its wealth of pictures, information, and interest.—*Christian Advocate N. Y.*

TERMS : Postage Prepaid, $2 Per Year

Vol. VI. commences November 4, 1884.

SINGLE NUMBERS, Five Cents each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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Address
HARPER & BROTHERS,
New York.

November 27, 1884.

GOLD MEDAL PARIS 1878.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

SOLD BY ALL STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

Apples! Apples!! Apples!

CHARLES DONALD & CO.,

79, QUEEN STREET LONDON E.C.

WILL BE GLAD TO CORRESPOND with Appl Growers, Merchants and Shippers, with a view to Autum and Spri business.

They will also give the usual facilities customers requiring

July 31, 18 1m

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted—Mr Robt Brodie.
House to Let—C Labrecque.
To be Let—No 12, St Charles Street.
Sale Postponed—A J Maxham & Co.
To Smokers—Myrtle Navy Tobacco.
Spring Importations—John Darlington.
New Goods !—Glover, Fry & Co.
Carpets !— Do.
Curtain Materials—Do.
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New Books—Dawson & Co.
Spring Goods, 1885—William Lee.
Lyman's Concentrated Extract of Coffee.
Paints, Oils, &c—S J Shaw & Co.
Waterproof Coats !—G R Renfrew & Co.

WANTED,

A CHORISTER OR CONDUCTOR OF the Psalmody in Chalmers' Church. Salary liberal to a competent person, Applications (written) to be lodged with

MR. ROBT. BRODIE,
Arthur Street.

April 27, 1885. m,w&fri-F

QUEBEC EXCHANGE

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors of the QUEBEC EXCHANGE, will be held at the Reading-Room, on TUESDAY, the 28th instant, at ONE o'clock, P.M., agreeably to the Act of Incorporation.

T. H. THOMSON,
Secretary.

April 25, 1885. C

NOTICE.

THE ELEVATOR IS NOW OPEN, AND until further Notice will run from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.

April 25, 1885. B

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"*The Presidential Beverage.*"
Harper's Bazar.

"*It is the Water to which we must look.*"
Lancet.

ANNUAL SALE, 10 MILLIONS.

Of all Grocers, Druggists, & Min. Wat. Dealers.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

April 24, 1885. mon&wed-Fm

QUEBEC, MONDAY, APL. 27, 1885.

THE SUMMER TERMINUS, ETC.

Intelligence was received from Ottawa yesterday to the effect that the coming railway legislation for the benefit of this city and district would be considered highly satisfactory by our citizens. We hope so, but we find that some of our representatives are not quite so sanguine about this; they say that if the arrangements foreshadowed a few days since in connection with the G. T. R. and C. P. R. are those which the Government intend carrying out they will not meet with the requirements of trade or be in accordance with the promises of the Government. We learn that the Hon. Mr. McGreevy and Mr. Bosse are both in town, and it would be advisable for our Citizens' Committee to confer to-day with those gentlemen on a matter of such vital importance.

THE FIRST BATTLE.

The city was thrown into a state of great excitement on Saturday last by the intelligence that the first engagement between the Canadian forces and the rebels and Indians had taken place on Friday. The demand for news was so intense that our office was literally besieged by crowds of citizens all eager to hear intelligence from the front. The local interest, owing to the fact that "A" Battery had been engaged in the fight, was tremendous. To meet the popular demand, no fewer than three extras were issued, at intervals, from our office, and these were bought by the people actually by the thousands. Elsewhere this morning, we republish most of these special telegrams, together with the latest despatches which have reached us since these were printed. The progress of the battle is described at considerable length, and the account leaves the impression that our men behaved with great gallantry, and the steadiness of veterans. The encounter raged for four hours, and the Indians and rebels, under GABRIEL DUMONT, made a stubborn and vigorous resistance, contesting every inch of ground and showing admirable generalship throughout. They proved no despicable foe, and the mode of warfare pursued by them presented great difficulties to the attacking party. They fought in ambush and never once took the open field. The fire was hot, incessant and well-directed, and so true in aim that seven of our men were killed outright, and fifty were wounded. Of the latter at least four will die, as their wounds are pronounced fatal. The victory was on the side of the Canadians, but it was purchased at a severe cost. Too much praise cannot be given to Capt. PETERS, of "A" Battery, to whose coolness and courage must the gallant conduct of his command be attributed. He came up with his men at the gallop, and supported by the garrison division under Lieut. RIVERS, a sharp and heavy fire was ordered. This had the effect of driving the enemy into the ravine. The artillery then moved from point to point and succeeded in shelling the rebels and in destroying a number of houses where the enemy had sought shelter. The battle was decisive in a measure, but our loss was so great, while that of the enemy was comparatively slight, it is within the range of probability that a much more bloody encounter must take place before the demoralization of the enemy is likely to ensue. The men of the 90th regiment greatly distinguished themselves, and bore their part in the fray with remarkable valor, pluck and skill. The serious loss which they sustained shews how splendidly they performed their part. Lord Melgund moved on the scene at the head of the Grenadiers and Winnipeg Field Battery, but by that time the day had been lost by the rebels, and these reserves were not needed. All accounts say that the troops behaved splendidly; and it is encouraging to find that in no case were they dismayed. They kept their positions from first to last, and were steady throughout the whole four hours fighting.

There was no abatement yesterday of the excitement in town relative to North-West matters, and every new scrap of information was eagerly devoured.

In some quarters there was an attempt to make very much out of a Winnipeg despatch which states that a special from Clarke's Crossing regards Friday's engagement as a decided reverse for General Middleton, and that the volunteers were driven back to camp by the rebels. Against this one special however, there are the scores received by ourselves, and by newspapers in Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, as well as the General's official despatch to the Government. It is more likely that one correspondent should have lost his head in the midst of the general excitement, than that everybody else including the General, should have claimed a defeat as a victory. While continuing to publish the news as it arrives from all sources, it certainly looks now as if we have heard the worst of Friday's battle. The loyalists gained but little by the fight, but the troops acted with the greatest coolness and courage and there was no retreat.

Some low miscreant affixed a notice to the Post Office porch before the congregations left their respective churches yesterday morning, stating that the 9th Battalion had been surprised, and 25 men killed. The excitement caused for a time by this cruel hoax was of the most painful description. If the perpetrator is discovered he may expect to meet with condign punishment. It was also reported that Lt.-Col. J. B. Amyot had received a telegram from his brother confirmatory of some disaster to the 9th. To this we are authorized to give an emphatic denial.

Our latest despatches this morning will be read with a lively interest.

Intelligence of an exciting character may be looked for to-day.

AN INTERESTING LETTER.

The following letter from Mr. JAMES CODVILLE is a valuable testimonial, from a responsible source, to the efficiency and skill of the Minister of Militia and Defence, whose conduct of affairs, so far, is deserving of so much praise and commendation. The letter is addressed to Mr. Caron :—

WOODSTOCK, April 21st, 1885.

HON. AND DEAR SIR,—As an old Quebecer and Tory, I cannot refrain from writing and thanking you for your noble work, in your endeavor to get men to the front, and supplying them with so many comforts as well as the necessaries for the trip. I have been in California, Oregon, and other States, where they are almost continually at war with the Indians (and as a consequence are supposed to be ever ready with men and material,) and I can assure you that they could not have done any better than your department has done, and I question if they could have done as well under the circumstances, so I feel that I am in duty bound to offer you my most hearty thanks for the noble way you are doing your duty to your country, and I sincerely hope you may be long spared to us all.

Yours truly and sincerely,
JAMES CODVILLE.

CANADA'S GREAT STRATEGIC RAILWAY.

(*To the Editor of the London Morning Post*)

SIR,—Military men in England have frequently taken Canada to task for not laying out large sums of money in the purchase of heavy ordnance, and for the want of zeal shown in not erecting forts at certain points on her Eastern and Western shores on which to mount the guns when purchased. Allow me to draw their attention to the fact that the great Pacific Railway from Halifax to Vancouver Island, on the Pacific, is of such infinite importance to Canada and the empire that without this means of communication, which can be made available for the transportation of troops, the most heavily-armed forts would be at the mercy of an enemy had we not the necessary railway communication to forward relief should the beleagured garrisons find themselves attacked by an enterprising and powerful foe. The result without this road would be defeat and paralysis in case of an attack, simply from the want of the necessary means of communication between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. Hence the necessity of the rapid completion of this great stragegic railway belt, which practically will connect England and Canada with Australia, China and India, and free us from the trammels and dangers of the already overcrowded Suez Canal. On the Island of Vancouver are the coal mines of Nanaimo, the coaling station of Her Majesty's Pacific Squadron. Sixty miles of rail will shortly connect these splendid mines with the imperial dockyard and arsenal at Esquimalt Harbour, where the great graving dock will be completed in eight months. The Canadian Pacific Railway brings these important points within 18 days of Plymouth instead of a three months' voyage. According as the Russian arsenal of Petropolavski grows in strength, so does it become of the uttmost importance that Esquimalt and Nanaimo should be within easy reach of Canada and England. Australia has shown commendable zeal in her anxiety regarding Egypt and the Suez Canal. What the latter is to Australia the Canadian Pacific Railway is to Canada. The cost of this immense Canadian undertaking—out and away the greatest of the century—has been gigantic to the small population of Canada. Those who have struggled bravely with their great task deserve the gratitude of every well-wisher to the empire. Thanks to these gentlemen, Canadian troops can already get to the Pacific and render a landing on those shores a dangerous operation. A temporary landing even would do infinite harm; the dockyard would be blown up and the coal pits blown in. There still remains, however, 150 miles of difficult country in the Rocky Mountains to be completed. Let the workmen in the Rocky Mountains be doubled and trebled in order to get the line ready for guns, ammunition, and heavy store traffic, from Canada and Plymouth. How assistance could be arranged is not for me to say, but the High Commissioner, Sir Charles Tupper, is in London, and could advise on the spot. It might take the same form as the assistance given to the Suez Canal by England. Canada is proud of her work and determined to finish it. She knows the days are fast approaching when the merchants of China will pass this way, for she can beat the Suez Canal route to Hong Kong by four days. Her steamers are being prepared and the coal for them is cheap, excellent, and on the spot. That they will tap the Australian traffic also is certain. The gradients of their line are so gradual, as compared to the United States lines, that the authorities of the Canadian Pacific guarantee to do the journey from the Pacific to Montreal, the eastern part of the Dominion, in 100 hours. In those days the rest of the British Empire will learn the extreme beauty and value of the splendid territory now hidden from their eyes.

I am, Sir, &c.,
EDWARD PALLISER.

Ottawa, March 13, 1885.

SPECIAL FROM HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N.S., April 26—Great activity prevails in the Imperial dockyard here in building torpedo boats and preparing for eventualities. More men are at work in the dockyard now than have been employed for half a century. The steamer "Alert" arrived here to-day. Captain Coffin awaits instruction and does not yet know whether she is to be handed over to the Imperial or Canadian authorities. Admiral Commerall is daily expected to arrive in the flagship "Northampton" from the West Indies and it is probable Captain Drummond, of H.M.S, "Tenedos," now senior naval officer here, will suggest to the American commander to await the Admiral's arrival.

The twenty-six small-pox patients at St. Pierre are convalescent and the disease will soon be stamped out.

The ensuing Mayoralty election was the subject of prayer and sermon in most of the city churches to-day. The candidates are Mackintosh and Joseph Seeton. The liquor dealers have made it an issue, brought out Seeton as their candidate and consequently aroused the churches. It is the first time in the history of the city that the pulpits have opened fire in a municipal contest.

TOILET.—ORIZA CREAM OF NINEN DES LENCLOS—To soften the skin, keep it safe from sunburning, give bloom and freshness of youth, take out spots of freckles, destroy and prevent wrinkles. Sold by DR. ED. MORIN & Co, 314, St. John Street, Quebec. ao-sat

The Corporation of Quebec vs. Dominique Lortie.—1st. Lot No. 3,215 of the official cadastre of St. John's Ward, of Quebec, measuring 25 feet 2 inches in front on D'Aiguillon street, by 68½ feet in depth, circumstances and dependencies, subject to a constituted rent of $1.72 payable to the Ursulines Nuns of Quebec on the 29th of September of each year. 2nd. Lot No. 3216 of the said official cadastre, measuring 20 feet 2 inches in front, by 69½ feet in depth, situate on D'Aiguillon street, circumstances and dependencies, subject to a constituted ground rent of $1.72 payable to the Ursulines Nuns of Quebec on the 29th of September of each year. Sale at the Sheriff's office on the 30th of April, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

RIEL'S REVOLT.

Latest News from Middleton's Camp.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE RECENT FIGHT.

GALLANT BEHAVIOUR OF OUR TROOPS UNDER FIRE.

The Affair Considered a Reverse for General Middleton.

ADVANTAGES OF THE REBEL POSITION.

THE VOLUNTEERS NOW IN CAMP AND THE REBELS IN THE RAVINE.

Losses of the Volunteers now put Down at 12 Killed and 50 Wounded.

THE REBEL LOSSES ESTIMATED AT 25 KILLED.

FEARS FOR THE CAPTURE OF CLARKE'S CROSSING.

The Rebel Leader Gabriel Dumont Killed.

A NIGHT ALARM CAUSED BY MISTAKEN TEAMSTERS.

No Further Fighting.

THE BESIEGED AT PRINCE ALBERT REDUCED TO HALF RATIONS.

COL. OTTER TO RESCUE THE FORT PITT PRISONERS.

The Battleford Police Break up a War Dance.

REPLY OF THE PREMIER TO THE FILE HILLS INDIANS.

WINNIPEG.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 25—EVENING.—The news from Battleford says the troops are in splendid health. No attack is now feared. Mosquito and Red Pheasant's reserves are deserted. A squaw and papoose were found dead on Mosquito's reserve, having probably been murdered. The Police scouts broke up a war dance within a mile of the town, last night, by firing on the Indians, killing two.

Later news from Clarke's Crossing reports the fighting of the rebels of the most tenacious character in the recent fight, and last night, after the battle closed, thirty mounted Indians put in an appearance, jeering at our men, but the moment "A" Battery placed guns in position to repel the anticipated attack the Indians quickly disappeared in the place of ambush. The rebels are reported to be between Gen. Middleton and Batoche. During the action all our troops behaved gallantly; there was no flinching in the least, the men obeying every order given like veterans.

Captain Worsnop, of No. 4 Company, 90th Battalion, is not killed, but slightly wounded. Alexander Ferguson, whose name heads the list of killed, was the son of Dr. R. B. Ferguson. He was one of the first to enlist in the 90th Battalion. He was born in Coventy, Lanark, Ont., whence his family removed to this city some five years ago. He was a general favorite.

A special from Clark's Crossing says:—"It is beyond doubt a fact that the fight of yesterday was a reverse for General Middleton, and that the volunteers were really forced to retreat. The rebels seem to have followed the troops to camp and defiantly await a renewal of hostilities, which they are likely to receive with more vigour than before. The rebel loss, if any, is said to be very small. The place for the fight was well chosen, giving the rebels great advantage over our men. Approaching the scene is an open prairie a mile in length, ending in a slightly inclined hill running down into a coulee. The bluffs on either side are well wooded. On the north side of the ravine the rebels were entrenched in force; thence they poured a deadly fire upon the volunteers, while the latter were unable to see the enemy, who were hidden behind trees and rocks and from their place of ambush picked out their men with the greatest accuracy. Even the guns of "A" Battery failed to dislodge the enemy. The rebels are reported to have gone in the direction of Batoche's Crossing. The troops will have to pass the entire distance through a wooded tract of country. General Middleton camped last night on the south side of the ravine, about midway between the battlefield and the river, The report that Capt. Worsnop was killed is contradicted, but his wound is believed to be fatal. Capt. Clark, who led the sharpshooters into the fight, will not survive his wound, the bullet having lodged in the region of the heart.

Riel is reported to have captured two messengers from Prince Albert.

Commissioner Wrigley, from information received, does not view the battle of Fish Creek as a defeat, but more of a drawn fight. Had it been otherwise the rebels would not have retired to Batoche. The total casualities on the volunteer side in the engagement is put down at 12 killed and 50 wounded.

A despatch from Humboldt to-day states that F. Howie, son of Peter Howie, Government interpretor, left Humboldt on Sunday night, March 28th, with despatches from Gen. Middleton to Col. Irvine and others at Prince Albert. He made straight for Clarke's Crossing, reaching there on Monday night. On the way down he saw four half-breed scouts, eight miles beyond Hoodoo, and met five others who were running away from Riel. He tried to cross the Saskatchewan the same night, but was nearly drowned in doing so. Next morning he swam across; the ice was broken up, but was running. Howie had to swim 226 yards. He left his horse on this side and walked into Prince Albert, reaching there about 7 o'clock on Tuesday night. When he arrived he found Irvine and about 250 police and all the settlers, making in all about 800 souls, in the town. Of these about 500 were armed, including the police. They had very scanty supplies and are now on half rations, but can hold our for about a month. They have built a fort of cordwood about 100 yards square. They had brought in all the beef worth killing and were drawing in grain. They were drilling all the civilians every day. Howie left Prince Albert on the following Saturday and had to stay at the river till Monday on account of the ice running.

The Governor-General's Body Guard reached Qu'Appelle at noon yesterday and started immediately to the support of Middleton.

It is thought the rebels will now endeavor to cut off supplies by capturing Clarke's Crossing. In this event the result to our troops would be terrible to estimate. The only chance for Middleton would then be the arrival of the "Northcote," with supplies, but the rebels would doubtless make an effort to capture the vessel. In connection with the navigation of the river, an old Hudson Bay factor states that he did not see how the vessel could get down the stream, as the water was always low at this season. The Canadian Pacific Railway is making an especial effort to forward all supplies, medical and otherwise, to the front with all possible haste.

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 26.—St. Paul and Manitoba Railway have subscribed $500 to the Winnipeg Volunteer Relief Fund for aid to the families of those in active service. At a public meeting held last night in the City Hall and presided over by Mayor Hamilton, it was resolved to ask the Council to increase the grant to $6,000 and memorialize the Provincial Government to grant a like amount. A strong committee was also appointed to fully supplement the fund.

Rev. J. B. Silcox leaves to-morrow for the front, as he expresses much surprise that no chaplain should accompany the troops to attend to their spiritual wants in the recent battle at Fish Creek.

The Halifax Battalion had a church parade to-day to St. Andrew's Church and presented a fine appearance. Rev. Mr. Pitblado delivered an eloquent and appropriate sermon to the troops. The regiment is under orders to leave to-morrow for Swift Current.

There is intense excitement in the city over the news of the battle upon the bank of the Saskatchewan and great sympathy is manifested for the households rendered desolate with affliction. Few slept any last night in Winnipeg, so anxious were they to learn further particulars of the fate of the men of the pet regiment of the city. There was great rejoicing to-day when the news was confirmed that the 90th sharp-shooters picked off Gabriel Dumont, leader of the rebels in both the Duck Lake and Fish Creek fights, as well as 25 other rebels. A despatch which seems to fully confirm the fact was received this afternoon by Premier Norquay from S. L. Bedson, supply officer.

Sergt. Dalton, who brought the despatches from General Middleton to the Crossing *en route* for Ottawa, returned this morning with despatches for the General. He expected to reach the camp in three hours on horseback and will return to-night, when full particulars will be had of the battle, if a battle has taken place. The wounded are expected to arrive at Clarke's Crossing this evening. Mrs. Malloy, wife of the telegraph operator there, has tendered her services as nurse, which has been accepted by Gen. Middleton.

A private message received this evening gives great encouragement for the recovery of Capt. Clark, Company "S" 90th Battalion, and Lieut. Swinford, Company "C" of the same Battalion. The first was thought to be fatally wounded. The day has been dry and clear and very favorable for the wounded, who are doing well.

It is said that a few days previous to the eclipse Riel addressed his people, stating that if he did not darken the sun on the 15th he would not ask them to believe in him. He thus played on their credulity, they believing him to have supernatural power. The white prisoners now with Riel believe him to be insane as a result of the recent events. He is subject to fits of insanity and is one of the worst of cranks, and fears are now entertained that by the loss of Dumont he will go crazy and probably kill the prisoners in revenge.

Mr. Wrigley received a despatch this morning from Gen. Middleton, dated from his camp, a mile from the battle field. The troops had got a good rest. The General was not inclined to regard the result of the battle in a very serious light. Rebels were still in the ravine, but our troops occupied good positions on the camping ground.

A despatch from Battleford announces that an attempt will be made by Col. Otter to rescue the white prisoners at Fort Pitt.

The Canadian Pacific are rushing supplies at a rapid rate into the territories for the troops. Swift Current will remain the depot and the South Saskatchewan will be utilized to transport them to Clarke's Crossing. Four thousand suits of clothing and under-clothing for the troops are now arriving and will be forwarded at once to them. The Government is also forwarding large quantities of ammunition.

A union prayer meeting of all the congregations in the city will be held in the Congregational Church to-morrow evening to supplicate Almighty God in behalf of the troops at the front and that peace may be brought about.

The steamer "Northcote" is expected to reach Clarke's Crossing to-night or to-morrow morning with the Midland Battalion under Col. Williams, M.P., also ambulance field hospital. A Gatling gun, ammunition and other supplies have arrived to be stored at Clarke's Crossing.

CLARKE'S CROSSING.

CLARKE'S CROSSING, April 25—Indian Agent McDonald, of Fort Qu'Appelle, who to-day visited the File Hills reserves, which are under his jurisdiction, found the Indians all quiet and peaceably disposed. He read the following message from the Premier, which greatly pleased them:—"OTTAWA, April 23—To Chiefs Pasqua and Muscowpetung—I read your message in Parliament. We were all glad to receive your letter. Your Great Mother will take care that all the promises in treaty will be faithfully carried out. We are glad to know that you are going to work on your reserves and enjoy peace and quiet. I will write to Governor Dewdney to see that you are well treated. (Signed) Your friend, JOHN A. MACDONALD."

April 26.—A courier left the camp this morning. There was no fighting to-day. Darcy Baker, of Boulton's troop, died last night. Lt. Swinford's death is also reported but not confirmed. Supply and other teams arriving last night nearly got into the rebel camp, thinking the troops had proceeded to Batoche. Having discovered their mistake they were approaching our camp from the direction of the enemy's line and not hearing the challenge of the sentries were fired on. Eight shots were discharged without doing further injury than alarming the entire camp on both sides of the river.

QU'APPELLE.

FORT QU'APPELLE, April 25.—The Governor-General's Body Guards arrived here last night and went into camp. Reports came in last night that supplies were passing north of here for the rebels. Col. O'Brien sent a detachment of 100 infantry and 20 Body Guards to intercept. A number of strange Indians and half-breeds around here are supposed to be spies of Riel, The 120th and 35th Battalions are still here.

News of the City and District.

MAGIC LANTERN EXHIBITION at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, illustrating travels of St. Paul.—See advt.

SUMMER CARS RUNNING.—The Summer cars on the Upper and Lower Town street railways commenced running on Saturday.

THE NORTH SHORE R R. COMMISSION.—Mr. Lawrence Lynch has been appointed English stenographer to the proposed investigation into the sale of the North Shore Railway.

THE WEATHER.—The heavy snow storm and strong easterly wind of yesterday was the more disagreeable, coming as it did in the wake of the beautiful summer-like weather of last week.

EXCURSION ON THE ST. JOHN RAILWAY.—The ministers of the Local Government, and several members of both Houses went on an excursion to St. Raymond, on the Lake St. John Railway, on Saturday last.

CHAMPLAIN WARD.—Mr. John O'Brien of Champlain Ward called at the CHRONICLE office last night and informed us that at a meeting of some of the municipal voters of Champlain Ward, held at Mr. James Paul's for the purpose of selecting a representative to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late Mr. Francis McLaughlin, it was unanimously resolved to tender the nomination to Mr. James Murphy, coal merchant.

THEATRICALS—The Concert and Readings that have been given weekly during the past winter by the members of the St. Patrick's Literary Institute, assisted by their lady and gentlemen friends, will be brought to a close to-morrow evening by a grand vocal and instrumental concert, to be followed by Morton's serio-comic drama, in two acts, entitled "A Husband to Order." We are requested to state that the entertainment will commence at 8 o'clock SHARP.—Advertisement to-morrow.

SPECIAL attention is directed to the attractive auction this afternoon at the residence of the late James Bowen, Esq., No. 110, Grand Allee. The whole of the handsome household furniture and effects: Dining-room suite, Brussels carpeting, mirror, etagerie, very handsome centre and card tables, easy and fancy chairs, worked screens, and handsome grand square piano and stool. Dining-room—Carpeting, desk and secretaire, handsome carved sideboard, pictures, choice engravings, handsome leather-seat and back chairs, settee, gasalier, dinner and tea services, glassware, mantle clock, mirror, cheffonier, strong, very fine extension dinner table, sofas and settees. Hall—Self-feeder stove, table and chairs, oil cloth, and numerous other attractive goods. Sale this afternoon (Monday) 27th, at 1.30.

SALE THIS MORNING.—Attractive sale of new and excellent furniture at the residence of Mr. John Stock, No. 413 St. John street, (without) this (Monday) morning. The whole of the excellent household furniture, but a short time in use, viz:—1 Grand Square "Williams," Toronto Piano. — octaves, (perfectly new), black walnut parlor sett, 7 pieces; curtains, poles and rings, complete; pictures, fancy tables, sheep rugs, fancy clock, trays, &c., very fine black walnut marble top bed-room sett, oil cloth, kitchen furniture, stove, &c., extension dining-room table, fire screen, chairs, glassware, carpets, china tea sett, what-not, &c. Sale this morning at ten o'clock. The above will be found well worth attention, being all new and of excellent quality. Particular attention is directed to the Piano which is quite new, of excellent quality and will be sold without reserve.

AUCTION SALE THIS MORNING AT 10 AND TO-MORROW AT 2 P.M.—*Important Sale of a Valuable Druggist's Stock*.—We have received instructions from Ed. Boily, N.P., to sell by auction, in conformity with a public notice by him of date 18th and 20th April inst., in the "Journal de Quebec" and "Daily Telegraph," the following stock belonging to the estate of the late O. E. Brunet, in his lifetime of Quebec, Druggist, to wit: On Monday, the 27th April inst., at 10 o'clock, all the stock-in-trade of the said O. E. Brunet, as it is at his Drug Store, Nos. 32 and 34, Peter street, Lower Town, Quebec, comprising Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and sundries and every requirement for a first-class druggist's establishment. Also, a magnificent assortment of Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar Cases, Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes; the very handsome shop fixtures, such as counters, show cases, and a very expensive new Arctic Soda Water Aparatus (Despatch), Taylor's Safe, Self-feeding Stove; after which, the outstanding debts and the lease of the store. On the following day, Tuesday, at 2 p.m., at the residence of O. E. Brunet, that portion belonging to his estate, at No. 64, St. Valier street, St. Sauveur, comprising household furniture, bedding and house linen. Summer and Winter Vehicles, comprising Covered Wagon, Express Wagon, Sleighs, Carioles, Buckboard, Harness. The stock amounts to about $2,700; the outstanding debts, $2,500, The list of debts can be seen daily at Mr. J. E. Boily's office, No. 24, St. Joseph street, St. Roch's.—A. J. MAXHAM & Co.

Clergymen, Singers and Public Speakers, will find **Robinson's Phosphorized Emulsion** of the greatest benefit to them, where there is any tendency to weakness of the throat or Bronchial tubes, as it soothes the irritated membrane, gives full-tone and strength to the vocal organs and imparts new life and vigor to the enfeebled constitution. d&w

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BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO THEIR Customers, and the public generally, that by recent large arrivals their Stock of

NEW GOODS !

will be found very complete in every department with the Latest Novelties in Fancy Goods, and superior makes of Family House hold Goods which they can strongly recommend and to those availing themselves of the CASH DISCOUNT, 5 per cent. (or 5 cents on the dollar), their goods will be found of the best value in the City. In their large and varied Stock all classes of Goods are kept, and Cash customers requiring inexpensive goods will find it to their advantage to inspect their Stock before buying elsewhere.

A specially choice assortment of Novelties in Sun Shades, Parasols, and Ladies' and Misses' Jerseys in all the New Colors.

Children's Jersey Dresses, in all sizes, from 2.00 upwards.

CARPETS ! !

WE ARE NOW SHOWING A SPLENDID Stock of Newest Designs in Tapestry, Brussels, Byzantine and Velvet Carpets, first-class in quality and at low prices.

Moquette, Tanjore, and Jeddo Rugs and Mats.
Cocoa Mattings, India Mattings.
Sheep Skin Mats, Door Mats.
Oil Cloths, Linoleums, &c.

CURTAIN MATERIALS

In great variety and very choice, including Satin Renaissance, Cretonnes, &c., with Trimmings to match.

Lace Curtains, White, Ecru, and Colored, with some choice New Art Designs.
Brass and Wood Curtain Poles, complete.
Picture Rods, Brackets, Stair Rods, &c.
Window Blinds, Rollers and Fittings.
Iron and Brass Bedsteads and Cots.
Spring Mattrasses, Hair Mattrasses.
Feather Pillows and Bolsters.

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

April 16, 1885. V

New Goods

FOR THE

Spring Trade.

Sateens, Prints, Oatmeal Cloths and Fancy Materials Cheaper than ever.

THE ATTENTION OF LADIES IS directed to our great display of New Spring Goods for Season 1885, and as our business is now

STRICTLY CASH

the goods will be found to be what is very important, all at low prices.

Being very desirous to clear out completely the whole of the stock we held under the credit system of conducting business, we are offering it at large discounts from regular prices.

Buying and selling only for Cash enables us to offer goods very cheap.

PRINTS.—Hoyle's English Prints. These are the best goods this celebrated firm print and perfectly fast colours, price only 13½c., regular price 17c. We are also offering an excellent wearing Print at 10½c. which we bought much under cost. Fast Prints at 9½c. for Quilt Linings, etc.

SATEENS.—See the new Cashmere Sateen, soft make, in plain colours

FRENCH SATEENS.—New Patterns, extra fine, 24c.

OATMEAL CLOTHS.—Bought at 50% discount and offered at 15c. Excellent quality.

KIDS.—6-Button length Tan Mousquetaire at 95c. Our credit price last season for same was $1.10.

MOB CAPS.—One Case New Styles. Housemaid Caps, 16c. and 20c. Breakfast Caps, 22c. and 48c. Dress Caps, $1.10 to $1.48. Mourning Caps, 52c. and 88c.

FRILLINGS.—About 40 boxes at price.

PLUSH.—Beautiful Silk Plush, 24 in. wide, in Old Gold, Ruby, Terra Cotta, Peacock, etc. Price, $2.33; same quality as formerly $3.00.

PARASOLS.—Large Stock. Black Satin with Lace. Cream Lace Parasols from $1.35 to $2.10. Plain Black Satin Parasols, $1.80. See the New Roseberry Broche Satin Parasols.

DRESS STUFFS.—Nun's Veiling, in al colours, at 2½c., Light Shades, 22c and 24c. All Wool Toile Beiges, 25c. Small Checks for Children, 26c. and 28c. All Wool Fine Stripes for combination, 36c.

POMPOMS.—The New Fashionable Silk Tuft, combining 3 colours, only 25c. Aigrettes 32c. and 58c. Shaded Plumes, 78c.

SPOOLS.—Best quality, 300 yds.; only 27c. half doz. Alexander's celebrated Thread as used by Her Majesty, and sold largely in the Home Trade.

SIDEBOARD CLOTHS in Cream and White Linen, with fringed ends and reversible, only $1.00, with insertion $1.25. Very Fine Tray Cloths, knotted fringe, 75c. About 50 doz. Cream Linen Doylies at 4c., formerly 10c. Fresh goods but bought very cheap.

LAMBRIQUIN FRINGES, in Linen, Tinsel, Jute, Tapestry and Wool. See Plush Borderings at 65c.

NET VEILING.—A special lot, Tinsel Spots, at 10c.

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING.—Night Dresses, Embroidered, only 78c. Extra quality, $1.33. Slip Waists, 52c.

APRONS.—Children's, in Print and Sateen, 15c. and 20c. Holland Cooking Aprons, 19c. and 27c.

2,000 FANCY HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS at 8c. Very cheap.

SIMONS & FOULDS,

FABRIQUE STREET.

April 24, 1885. jan15

WEDDING PRESENTS !

JUST OPENED:

8 CASES FINEST QUALITY QUADRUPLE ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, consisting of Epergnes, Nut and Salad Bowls, Tea-Sets, Soup Tureens, Pudding Dishes, etc., etc.

—ALSO, IN STOCK,—

Genuine British Plated Spoons, Forks, Fish Knives, etc, etc.

—AT—

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EUROPEAN BAZAAR

34, Fabrique Street, 34

March 24, 1885.

BAZAAR.

A BAZAAR IN AID OF ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH will be held in

MORRIN COLLEGE HALL,

—ON—

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

30th April and 1st May,

commencing each day at THREE o'clock.

Contributions will be thankfully received by the following Ladies:—Mrs. J. C. Thomson, St. Foye Road; Mrs. W. Thom, 15, Angele Street; Mrs. W. D. Waddell, 493, John Street

The Refreshment Table will be in charge of Mrs. Love, to whom contributions may be sent, at the Hall, the Mornings of the Sale.

☞ Admission, FREE.

April 21, 1885. 21,22,28,29-D

S. J. SHAW & Co.,

St. John Street, Upper Town, and Sous-le-Fort Street, Lower Town,

General Hardware Merchants,

FOLLOWING AT LOW PRICES:

WHITE LEADS, Gen. & No. 1

PAINTS, all colors,

LINSEED OIL and

TURPENTINE.

ENGINEER'S and

STEAMBOAT SUPPLIES

RUBBER PACKINGS and

ENGINE PACKING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WATERPROOF COATS !

JUST RECEIVED, ONE CASE

WATERPROOF COATS

From the celebrated London manufacturers

ANDERSEN, ABBOTT & ANDERSEN,

Which we are offering at Low PRICES.

G. R. RENFREW & CO.

April 21, 1885.

SPRING, 1885

NEW TWEEDS FOR SUITS.
D. MORGAN.

NEW COATINGS.
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NEW RUBBER COATS.
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NEW UMBRELLAS.
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NEW GOODS to be sold at Low Prices.
D. MORGAN.

April 23, 1885.

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JOHN DARLINGTON

CIVIL AND MILITARY TAILOR

And Importer of Gents' Furnishing,

WISHES TO INFORM HIS CUSTOMers, and the public in general, that he has received his large importation of Suitings, Trowserings and Coatings from the best London and Parisian Houses, in all Styles and Shades, and at the lowest possible prices.

—ALSO—

Gents' Spring and Summer Underclothing of the finest quality.

Tan, Cheverette, White and Black Kid, Gents' Driving, and other Gloves.

Ties, Scarfs, Collars, Cuffs, White Dress and Coloured Shirts, and every description of Gents' Furnishing.

Rubber Coats and Umbrellas a speciality.

☞ A call respectfully solicited.

CORNER BUADE & DU FORT STREETS,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

April 9, 1885. apl21.m

1885.-SPRING GOODS.-1885.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED TWO CASES of SPRING GOODS, consisting of

WORSTEDS,

FANCY TROWSERINGS,

AND SPRING SUITINGS,

which I am prepared to sell at a small advance on cost FOR CASH.

ALSO some cheap lines in ALL WOOL TROWSERINGS at $4.00; two pair for $7.00.

Business Suitings, all Wool, from $8.00 to $10.00 per suit, made to order.

☞ Cash buyers will save from ten to twenty per cent. by giving me a call.

WILLIAM LEE,

TAILOR,

25, BUADE STREET.

March 21, 1885 aug22-Lm

THOMAS NORRIS,

48 & 50, PALACE STREET,

OFFERS A LARGE LINE OF DINNER, Tea, and Breakfast Sets from the most celebrated makers, in French China and English Enamelled Wares.

Wedgewood, Minton and Copeland Good in new designs.

Fine Cut, Common, and Engraved Glassware.

Housekeepers will find it to their advantage to examine my stock and prices before making their selections.

March 30, 1885. ov24-Lm

CERTIFICATE OF CURE.

QUEBEC, 1st April, 1885.

MESSRS. GINGRAS, LANGLOIS & CO., Gentlemen,—It is with pleasure that I can hand you the following certificate:—I suffered for two years from a general eruption (ringworm) and to such an extent that I was obliged to use Gloves at my work. After having used the Saint Leon Mineral Water for five months I obtained a complete cure. I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, your obedient servant, ED. ROUSSEL, Master Joiner, 74, Richmond Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST REceived a fresh supply of the celebrated ST. LEON MINERAL WATER, which has effected the cure above-mentioned.

GINGRAS, LANGLOIS & CO.,
6, Buade Street.

April 25, 1885. Cp

Y. M. C. A.

A MAGIC LANTERN EXHIBITION will be given in the Rooms on TUESDAY EVENING, April 28th. Illustrations will be presented of the Travels of St. Paul.

The Chair will be taken at EIGHT o'clock.

Admission, 10 cents; Children under 12 half-price. Tickets for sale at the Rooms.

JAS. N. SHANNON,
Gen. Secy.

April 25, 1885. td

Estate A. W. Leitch.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A FIRST DIVIDEND ON THE ABOVE Estate has been declared, and is now payable at my office, No. 5, Arthur Street.

ROBERT BRODIE,
Trustee.

April 25, 1885. C

WANTED,

A YOUNG MAN ACCUSTOMED TO care of Horses, and to make himself generally useful.

Apply to
A. WATTERS.

April 25, 1885.

STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO'Y

ESTABLISHED 1825.

HEAD OFFICES :—Edinburgh, Scotland ; Montreal, Canada.

Assets Over - - - - $30,000,000.

UNCONDITIONAL POLICIES ISSUED.

DIVISION OF PROFITS IN 1885.

S. WILSON DRUM,
AGENT,
101, ST. PETER STREET,
(OPP. QUEBEC BANK), QUEBEC.

W. M. RAMSAY,
MANAGER,
for Canada.

April 13, 1885. Am

A. & S. NORDHEIMER,

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

HEAD OFFICE :- 15, KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

BRANCHES :—211, St. James Street, Montreal ; 26, Sparks Street, Ottawa ; Odd Fellows' Block, London ; 80, James Street, Hamilton ; 28, FABRIQUE STREET, QUEBEC,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE DOMINION FOR THE JUSTLY CELEBRATED

Pianos of Chickering & Sons, Boston, Steinway & Sons, New York, Haines Bros, New York,—Estey Organs.

The above named Instruments are too well known to the musical public to require comment. Instruments of various other makers in great variety in both New and Second-Hand. Terms LIBERAL. Great Bargains in Sheet Music and Musical Works

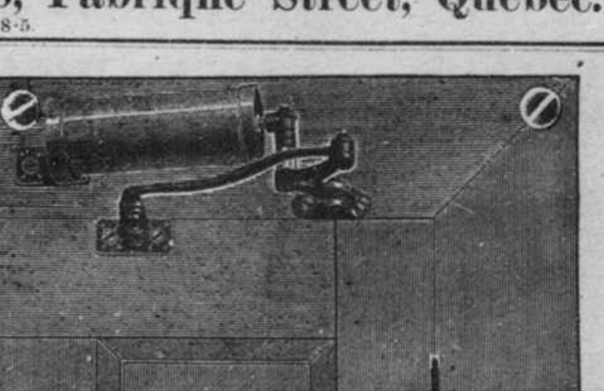
☞ INSPECTION INVITED.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER,

28, Fabrique Street, Quebec.

March 30, 1885. Bm

PATENT



IMPROVED.

SHAW DOOR CHECK SPRING!

WILL CLOSE THE DOOR WITHOUT SLAMMING.

ANDREWS BROS.,

SOLE AGENTS.

February 13, 1885. dec4

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.

IF YOU WISH TO OBTAIN QUIET REFRESHING SLEEP, FREE FROM HEADache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE, (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880. To J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. *Dear Sir*,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy, and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's, from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne is a DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, Sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of CHLORODYNE; that the story of the Defendant, FREEMAN, was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See *Times*, 10th July, 1864.

Sold in Bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the Words "DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION :—Beware of Piracy and Imitations.

SOLE MANUFACTURER,—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Gt. Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London

November 14, 1884. Z-ae-fri

WANTED,

A YOUNG MAN WITH A KNOWledge of the Grocery business. Apply, in handwriting of applicant, to A. B., "CHRONICLE" Office.

April 25, 1885.

NEW GOODS !

HAVING OPENED THE greater portion of our Spring Importations, we are showing Novelties in every department. Special attention is invited to the following:

Black and Coloured Silks.
Plain and Fancy Dress Goods.
Satteens, Piques, Zephyr Cloths.
New French Dellaine Prints, &c.
Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves, Collars and Cuffs, Ties, &c.
English and Scotch Tweeds.
Blarney Tweeds and Suitings.
Worsted Coatings, &c.
Dress Shirts, Collars, Ties, Braces
Linen and Cotton Sheetings and Pillowings.
White Shirting Cottons, and Long-cloths.
Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, &c., &c.
"Irish Linens a Speciality."
Ladies' and Misses Corsets.
Lace Curtains in great variety.
Brass and Ebony Poles, Rings, Ends, &c. Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Matts, &c. Brass and Iron Bedsteads. Children's Cots, Folding Chair Beds, Woven Wire Mattrasses, all sizes. Wool and Hair Beds, Pillows, Bolsters, &c.

BEHAN BROTHERS.

April 25, 1885.

BUTTER.

50 TUBS CHOICE CREAMERY. Also,—Baskets and Boxes New Butter in Rolls.

For sale by
W. & R. BRODIE,
5, Arthur Street,

April 24, 1885. E

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

Cheap Stationery !

Good Ruled Note Paper,

At 3c., 5c., 7c. to 30c. per Quire.

Good White Envelopes,

5c., 7c., to 30c. for Package of 25.

☞ SQUARE WHITE ENVELOPES,

6c., 10c., to 30c. for Package of 25.

Maps of the North-West and Afghanistan.

PANORAMA OF THE SOUDAN.

HARPER'S MONTHLY FOR MAY.

YOUNG LADIES' JOURNAL for MAY.

C. E. HOLIWELL.

April 22, 1885.

BETHESDA

MINERAL WATER

IS PRONOUNCED BY THE ENTIRE Medical Faculty of the United States and Canada to be the only specific for

Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Calculus, or Stone in the Bladder, and all other Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

Just received, and for sale by

J. E. MORRISON,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,

31, BUADE STREET.

April 24, 1885.

CARRIAGE FOR SALE

VICTORIA CARRIAGE WITH HOOD, very light, easy, strong, and in good order. To be seen at

Rev. CHARLES HAMILTON'S,
523, St. John Street.

April 24, 1885. C

UMBRELLAS ! UMBRELLAS !

I HAVE JUST OPENED TWO CASES, comprising 30 dozens,

French Paragon Silk Umbrellas !

MOST ELEGANTLY MOUNTED,

Bought at a bargain, and which I offer at an unprecedented low price.

VALUE $4.00, FOR $2.25 !

L. A. BERGEVIN,

35 to 45, Notre Dame Street.

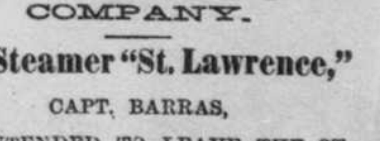
April 23, 1885. jan21Fm

CARPET FELT.

RED CEDAR CARPET FELT, FOR laying under Carpets, 30 inch and 58 inch wide.

For sale by J. & W. REID.

April 23, 1885. F



THE

St. Lawrence Steam Navigation COMPANY.

The Steamer "St. Lawrence,"

CAPT. BARRAS,

IS INTENDED TO LEAVE THE ST. Andrew's Wharf on THURSDAY, the 7th May next, at 7.30 A.M., for Chicoutimi and Ha ! Ha ! Bay, and will stop at Baie St. Paul, Ile aux Coudres, Les Eboulements, Murray Bay, Riviere du Loup, Tadousac and L'Anse St. Jean, both going and returning.

For further information apply at the Company's Office, St. Andrew's Wharf.

A. GABOURY,
Secretary.

April 22, 1885.

AUCTION SALE OF STATIONERY

This Afternoon, at TWO o'clock.

AT 82, ST. ST. PETER STREET.

April 25, 1885. B

A Letter of Thanks.

Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham ; Very dear Madam : My wife Arie A. Green has suffered with a displacement which caused her unknown pains till I had almost given up all hopes of finding any relief for her. But the Guiding Spirit referred me to your Vegetable Compound. I went 12 miles to purchase a bottle and *the first two doses gave her immediate relief*, and after the use of the first bottle she declared herself a new person, *two bottles entirely cured her*. Your medicine is invaluable to me. It was indeed a messenger of peace in my house, it cured my wife, and God knows I am the happiest man alive to-day. Words cannot express our feelings towards you.

Geo. W. Green, Campti, La

Friend of Woman.

This title is often applied to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., by happy wives and mothers who have been cured of distressing disorders and relieved of pain and suffering by Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Mrs. L. H—— of Strother, S. C., says in a recent letter : "Your medicine has done me so much good that I don't think I can stop taking it until I am entirely well. I owe all my good feelings to you. The doctor can't get any credit for curing me, it is your medicine that has done me more good than anything I have ever taken."

Worlds of Good.

Probably no other woman in the World receives so many "letters of thanks" as Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., Mrs. B—— of Enfield, N.H., says : "I will simply say that your Vegetable Compound is all you recommend it to be. *It has done me Worlds of good*" Another lady writes from Ottawa as follows : "I have just to-day bought the seventh bottle of your Vegetable Compound, have used two boxes of Pills and several packages of your Sanative Wash, and think it but right to tell you how much good I derived from your medicines. *They are a regular Godsend*. All the pains and aches have almost disappeared, my stomach is much stronger too and I feel myself improved every way."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at Lynn, Mass. Price, $1. Six bottles for $5. *Sold by all druggists*. Sent by mail, postage paid, in form of Pills or Lozenges on receipt of price as above. Mrs. Pinkham's "Guide to Health" will be mailed free to any Lady sending stamp. Letters confidentially answered.

April 25, 1885. my30-Lm-co-d&w

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame.—"*Civil Service Gazette*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets by Grocers, labelled thus : JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

Sole Agent in Canada C. E. COLSON, *Montreal*.

November 20 1884 t,th,sat-40w-d&w

Queen's Own Canadian Hussars

THE SQUADRON WILL PARADE AT the Drill Shed, for Foot Drill, on TUESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, at 8 o'clock, until further notice.

By order,

W. D. BROWN,
Capt. & Adjt.,
Q. O. C. H.

April 23, 1885.

QUEBEC ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

COMPETITION OF 1885.

THE COMPETITION OF 1885 WILL BE held at MONTREAL, on

Wednesday, the First July Next,

At the Académie du Plateau, St. Catherine Street, commencing at NINE o'clock A. M.

PROGRAMME :

ORGAN—1st Class : Fugue No. 2 of "Trois Preludes et Fugues" op. 37, Mendelssohn. (Peter's Edition, No. 1744 of the Catalogue.)

2nd Class : Prelude No. 2 of "Trois Preludes et Fugues," op. 37, Mendelssohn. (Peters' Edition, No. 1744 of the Catalogue.)

Reading at first sight of a difficult piece relative to these two classes ; Examination in plain-chant and registration.

PIANO—1st Class : First movement of the Sonata in *mi bemol*, op. 13. Hummel. (Peters' Edition, No. 275 *a* of the Catalogue.)

2nd Class : First movement of the Sonata in *fa majeur* of Mozart. (Cotta Stuttgart Edition, No. 4 of the Catalogue.)

3rd Class : First movement of the Sonata in *sol majeur*, op. 49, No. 2, Beethoven. (Cotta de Stuttgart Edition, No. 20 of the Catalogue.)

Candidates for Diplomas in the First and Second Classes must read a piece at first sight and be interrogated on the elementary theory of music.

VIOLIN—1st Class : First Sonata of Bach, No. 22 of "Classical Masters of the Violin" —Alard. (Schott Edition.)

2nd Class : "Feuilles d'Album," op. 40, No. 1—Vieuxtemps.

SINGING—1st Class—Soprano—Air des Bijoux de "Faust"—Gounod.

Contralto—"O Mon Fernand," from "La Favorite"—Donezetti.

Baritone—"Chanson du Toreadore," from "Carmen"—Bizet.

Basso—"Why do the Nations," from "The Messiah"—Handel.

N.B.—These pieces may be rendered in English or French, at the choice of the competitors.

2nd Class—Examination on the Elements of Music and Vocal Notes, at the choice of the Examining Jury.

Harmony—Realization of Harmony on a given basis.

Special Competition for the Organ, Piano and Harmony.

A competition for the title of Laureate will open in favor of Candidates holding first-class Diplomas in the specialities described, conformable to Article 14 of the Constitution.

Programme.

Organ—First movement of the first Sonata for the Organ—Mendelssohn (Peters' Edition, No. 1,744 of the Catalogue.) Reading of a piece at first sight and improvisation of a prelude on a given subject.

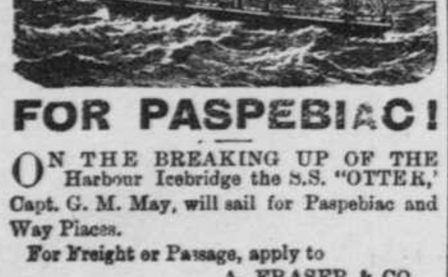
Piano—First movement of *Concerto en le bemol*. Field (Peters' Edition, No. 1,057 of the Catalogue) and Reading of a piece on first sight.

Harmony—Theoretical and Practical Harmony (based on a given song.)

R. OCT. PELLETIER,
President.
C. M. PANNETON,
Secretary.

April 22, 1885.

S.S. "OTTER"



FOR PASPEBIAC!

ON THE BREAKING UP OF THE Harbour Icebridge the S.S. "OTTER," Capt. G. M. May, will sail for Paspebiac and Way Places.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

A. FRASER & CO.

April 21, 1885.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE BATTLE.

How the Rebels Opened Fire.

They Tenaciously Resist the Advance of Our Troops.

DESPERATE FIGHTING AT CLOSE QUARTERS.

SERIOUS LOSSES OF THE VOLUNTEERS.

Gen. Middleton's Official Report.

Two Men of "A" Battery Killed.

SKETCHES OF THE DECEASED.

THE NEWS AT THE CITADEL.

EXCITEMENT IN TOWN.

April 25th, 11 a.m.—Latest despatches from Captain Peters convey the intelligence that two members of "A" Battery, instead of one, as reported early this morning, were killed in yesterday's battle.

THE DEAD ARE PRIVATES DEMANOLLY AND COOK.

The first named was servant to Lieut. Rivers. He had been a member both of "B" Battery and the Mounted Police, and joined "A" Battery about three years ago. By birth de Manolly was an Italian. In appearance he was remarkable by reason of his extraordinary stature, standing as he did some 6 ft. 2 inches in height. Deceased was about 35 years of age and married, his wife, who is also an Italian, living on Scott street, where she carries on business as a dressmaker. Up to an hour ago, Mrs de Manolly was unaware of her loss. When her husband left for the North-West she had not seen him for a couple of days. The Battery was ordered to the front at such short notice, that the poor woman only learned of her husband's departure on going to the Citadel to see him the day after he had gone. Cook, the other man of the Battery who is reported killed, was also a married man, and was engaged in the shop at the Citadel.

Those seriously wounded are Armsworth, married, an old soldier, formerly of "B" Battery, whose wife is in barracks, and Moisan, a Quebecer, formerly of Capt. Morgan's Battery of Garrison Artillery, and who having joined "A" Battery for a short course, volunteered for the North-West.

Sergt. Major Mawhinney is fortunately but slightly injured. This is confirmed by a despatch from Capt. Peters to Col. Cotton and causes great rejoicing amongst the men with whom he is exceedingly popular. It will be remembered that Mawhinney commanded the team of "A" Battery which came off victorious against "B" Battery in the firing and shifting competition last year. Mawhinney is married, has four children and joined the Battery in 1874. The others who are slightly injured are Tangrell, single, and a pensioner ; Asselin, single, a Quebecer ; Taylor, son of a distinguished clergyman in Scotland, and Imrie, single, son of Mrs. Imrie of Jail Hill, who prior to joining the Battery, two years ago, was a Chronicle news-boy.

The excitement in town with reference to the contest is intense. At the Citadel the greatest interest is evinced in the movement of the Battery.

CLARKE'S CROSSING.

April 25, 11 a.m.—A desperate fight took place yesterday between General Middleton's troops and the rebels. The right column on the east bank of the Saskatchewan encountered the rebels at 9.15 a m., and the action is still going on at last accounts. The rebels advanced from the ravine and fired on Major Boulton's scouts. This was at once returned, and the rebels then mounting their horses, backed into a ravine, in which they lay concealed, only rising to fire on the troops. The troops immediately advanced in skirmishing order. The enemy were attacked from both flanks, but so well chosen was their battle ground that they were apparently out of any possible danger from the volunteers' rifles. The "A" Battery could not at first reach them, but at length they secured a favourable location and shelled the ravine, having previously demolished two houses in the distance, at which reinforcements for the rebels were waiting. In a few minutes, however, the rebels retired to a small post in the woods, but they soon returned, and avoiding "A" Battery, moved towards the 90th. Our left had in the meantime made another body of the enemy retire ; then came fighting at close quarters, the combatants being only thirty or forty yards apart. The fight throughout was a bush one, the half breeds and Indians lying concealed in the bluffs or hidden behind the trees and keeping up a hot fire with deadly effect. The whistle of the bullets could be heard and the balls from the enemy's shot guns rattled in all directions. The first under fire at this stage were the men of Major Boulton's corps, but No. 6 company of the 90th soon advanced to their aid, "C" company of the School of Infantry taking their right flank. A hot combat ensued, nearly all firing in a prostrate position. A number of gallant volunteers fell here, pierced by rebel balls. The war whoops of the Indians were heard now and then as they rallied to the fight. A desperate fire was kept up for over an hour and then as if they had run short of ammunition, only occasional bullets came from Riel's men. After a short cessation, the enemy recommenced firing. At one o'clock the prairie was on fire. This however, was soon extinguished by the rain. The half-breeds fought in the Indian style and the large number of casualties shows that they are not a foe to be despised. One party of rebels were dislodged from a ravine at one o'clock, but firing still continued very hot. At this moment the General got a bullet through the hat and called to them : "Stand up men. If I had been bending down I would have had my brains knocked out ?" At 4 p.m, the Royal Grenadiers arrived from the East side, in good form, and at once opened fire upon one of the ravines. There were three ravines in a string, heavily wooded and full of boulders, and the rebels skipped from one to the other.

The rain stopped at 1.30 o'clock, but there was a mist and this with the clouds of smoke rendered it next to impossible for the troops to see what they were firing at.

Gabriel Dumas commanded the rebels and did it with wonderful skill.

At 4.40 the rebels had been dislodged from two of the ravines, but they still held out in the centre one. "A" Battery could not get their shells in here, but the Grenadiers and the 90th poured in a hot fire, which did not do much execution, however, owing to the dense brush.

A body of rebels now appeared in the rear of the troops, and fears were entertained that we should be caught in a trap. Gen. Middleton had provided for this however, and Boulton's scouts, with a nine-pounder, soon dispersed them, though they hovered in bands on our flanks and sent in an occasional volley, which fell short.

It was evident at this juncture that if the rebels had been all well armed or had artillery the day would have gone hard with us. Things remained unchanged up to five o'clock, when there could not have been many men in the rifle pits in the ravine. At that time the General had the troops drawn up preparatory to making a charge and capturing the pits which was expected to close the engagement as he had ordered the teams to get ready to move half a mile nearer the river in the open to camp for the night. The following is a list of the

DEAD AND WOUNDED

up to 5.30 o'clock, obtained from the Captains of each company :—

90th Battalion—"A" Company—Private Hutchinson, killed in the first charge ; private Ferguson, killed in the first charge ; private Matthews, left arm broken ; Capt. Fekhor, shot in the arm and hand ; C. Kemp, shot in the groin.

"B" Company—Private Wheeler, killed ; private Swain, slight wound in the arm ; private Jarvis, two slight wounds ; private Lavel, wound in the shoulders ; private Johnson, slightly wounded.

"C" Company—Lieut. Swinford, wound in the brain ; Capt. Letherbringe, wounded in the breast ; private Code, wounded in the leg ; private Chambers, light wound in the neck ; private Canniff, wound in the arm.

"D" Company—Private Ennis killed ; corpl Bowden, slightly wounded.

"F" Company—Capt. Clark, wounded in the back while moving from one bluff to the other. The bullet followed the rib around to the front and was found in his clothes. Private Heslop, arm fractured.

Private A. Blackwood slightly wounded in the thigh.

"A" BATTERY'S CASUALTIES.

"A" BATTERY GARRISON DIVISION.

Gunner Henry de Manolly, killed.
Gunner Cook, killed.
Gunner Morrison, badly wounded.
Gunner Armsworth, badly wounded.
Sergt.-Major Mawhinney, right arm broken.
Gunner Asselin, wounded.
Gunner Irvine, wounded in the thigh.
Gunner Woodman, wounded in the shoulder.
Gunner Langrell wounded in the arm.
Gunner Ouellet wounded in the shoulder.

MOUNTED DIVISION.

Driver Turgeon, wounded in the cheek,
Driver Wilson, right arm broken.
Driver Harrison, flesh wound in the neck.

These three men were shot at a distance of a hundred yards.

"C" COMPANY INFANTRY SCHOOL.

Col-Sergt. Cummings, flesh wound in the leg.
Private R. Jones, arm fractured.
Private H. Jones, shot through the jaw.
Private R. H. Dunn, bad wound in the arm and hand ; shot twice.
Private Watson, killed.

MAJOR BOULTON'S HORSE.

Captain Gardner, two slight wounds.
Trooper James Longford, two slight wounds.
Trooper Perrins, arm broken.
Trooper King, two wounds in leg.
Trooper Darcy Baker, very serious wound in chest.
Trooper Bruce, very seriously wounded in lung.
Sergeant Stewart, slight wounds in the ear and hand.

Capt. Wise, A.D.C., had two horses shot under him and received a slight wound below the ankle.

Capt. Doucet, A.D.C., received a flesh wound in the arm below the elbow.

Those killed were shot through the head, and most of those wounded in the arm or chest. The rebels

CARRIED OFF THEIR DEAD.

As far as could be seen the enemy left no dead on the field, though twenty-five of them were shot, and about a dozen captured. The rebels seemed to be composed of about an equal number of half-breeds and Indians, in all not more than two hundred. All were commanded by Gabriel Dumont.

The news was received from the field telegraph station situated some distance in rear of Battleford.

A tremendous thunder storm occurred in the evening and telegraphic communication was interrupted.

AFTERNOON SPECIAL.

Winnipeg, April 25—There are few further details this afternoon of the fight with Riel near Batoche's. The insurgents had taken the ground on the edge of a deep ravine, from which they poured a deadly fire into the advancing column. When the messenger left with news, the fight was still raging. Three houses of the enemy had been shelled and many rebels driven from them took refuge in the ravine. The Indian allies of the rebels fought vigorously and in Indian fashion. The whole number in the ravine is estimated at 300. The artillery, when the courrier left, was still shelling the rebels. Several Indian ponies have been captured. The rebel loss was not known. The encounter is reported to have lasted four hours with casualties to the volunteers of five killed and fifty wounded.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT

reports that when bloodshed began in earnest the rebels occupied a strong position on the banks of the ravine and commenced firing but an immediate volley from the scouts forced them to mount their horses and retreat into the ravine, where they concealed themselves and kept up a heavy fire. The remainder of the troops having come up about noon the enemy were immediately attacked, the troops advancing in skirmishing order. The attack was made on both flanks simultaneously, but the enemy had selected such a strong position for the battle ground that the work of dislodging them was extremely difficult. Notwithstanding this, the troops advanced steadily, No. 6 company of the 90th Battalion, the School of Infantry, and "A" Battery on the right, with another company on the left flank. The fight was a hot one throughout, the half-breeds keeping up an incessant fire from a concealed position in the bush. They were, however, forced to retire before the advance of the left column, which advanced rapidly, and fighting at close quarters followed. The half-breeds and their Indian allies, who lay flat on the ground or hid behind trees, sent their bullets whizzing through the air with deadly effect. The Battery failed at first to reach the cover in which the enemy secreted, but later shelled the bluffs with good effect. Reinforcements were awaiting the rebels in a couple of houses, but the artillery destroyed them and they retreated towards the river. They made another stand in a small post in the woods, but did not hold it long and were soon beyond the reach of the volunteers' bullets. By 2.30 the attack had been repelled and an opportunity given for viewing the situation.

LORD MELGUND

crossed the river with the 10th Royals and Winnipeg Field Battery, but too late to participate in the fight. The troops behaved splendidly, but the number killed and wounded is very large. The troops on the west side have all been ordered to the east side to consolidate for the descent upon Batoche. Capt. Wise and Lieut. Doucet, A.D.C., to the General, were wounded early in the affair.

THE DEAD.

will be buried on the field to-morrow morning, and the wounded be sent back to Clarke's Crossing, where it is thought a field hospital will be organized immediately. Crossing is very difficult at the point where the troops are.

The latest despatches give

FURTHER PARTICULARS

of the fight. An eye-witness with the left column reports that about 9 o'clock the artillery heard an the east side something indicating that the right column had felt the enemy. Lord Melgund then ordered the troops to advance. One company of the 10th Grenadiers being thrown out as skirmishers with French's scouts in advance and the balance of the troops acting as supports, came up with the right column, who were engaged with the enemy. The General and his staff were riding well to the front, as was his aide with Boulton's horse, who were acting as scouts. When about five miles from McIntosh's, where they had encamped the night before, and upon approaching two small bluffs covered with timber, about 20 or 30 of the enemy's scouts opened fire, killing several of the scouts' horses, and wounding several of the men. Between these bluffs, which were about 500 yards apart, is a piece of level and open prairie, that extends back about 1,000 yards, across which there runs a deep ravine with timber in the bottom, running back in places apparently about a mile. On the west side about the centre stands two houses and straw stacks. After firing a volley from the two bluffs, the scouts got under cover, when the General turned around to Capt. Wise, his A.D.C., and told him to bring up the advance guard of the 90th under Capt. Clarke.

TWO GUNS OF "A" BATTERY

then came up at a gallop under command of Capt. Peters, the guns being supported by the garrison division under Lieut. Rivers. After firing a couple of Shrapnels at the half-breeds the latter retired into the ravine. While being driven across, Sergt. Stewart, of Boulton's Horse, killed one Indian who had already shot four horses. The remainder of the 90th were then sent up, Major Buchanan commanding the the right battalion and Major Boswell the left half. "C" Company Infantry School, Toronto, being on the extreme right had two or three hot scrimmages for the possession of a knoll about 500 yards in front. Being ordered to retire from the knoll it was taken possession of by the rebels, but the infantry drove them out. While this was going on in the right, the left, "A" Battery Garrison Division, who were supporting their guns, and "A" Company 90th, under Capt. Forrest, made a dash across the opening and gained the top of the ravine. The remainder of the force were gradually worked up and kept closing on the ravine. In the meantime the artillery being moved from point to point so as to obtain the most advantageous position for shelling the rebels, they drove them out of a number of houses, and the straw stacks were set on fire. The rebels were seen to leave them and to seek cover in the ravine. When No. 2 Company of the 10th arrived they were sent over on the right flank and thrown out in skirmishing order, so as to enfilade the ravine and relieve some of the troops who had been in action all day. About 60 rebels were seen to retreat on horseback, the remainder in the ravine being unable to do so owing to their horses being either captured or shot.

NARROW ESCAPE OF A CORRESPONDENT.

A special dispatch received by a member of the Chronicle staff this afternoon reports that Mr. Ernest Chambers, the Montreal *Star's* special correspondent with General Middleton, had his horse shot under him during the course of yesterday's fight.

LATER.

As the last of our troops retired from the battle field to camp, thirty mounted rebels suddenly appeared from behind Toreaux's house following and jeering at our men. The artillery was ordered to the rear to repel the second attack. They are still hovering around as I write. At 7.30 o'clock, the rebels are reported to be between us and McIntosh. An Indian attack is expected to-night. Troops remain under arms ; all supplies and troops are coming to this side of the river. During the action all the troops behaved most gallantly. There was no flinching, the men obeying every order given like veterans.

THE ENEMY'S LOSSES.

As far as could be seen the enemy left no dead on the field, though twenty-five of them were shot and about a dozen captured. The rebels seem to be composed of about an equal number of half-breeds and Indians in all not more than two hundred, and are supposed to be under command of Gabriel Dumont.

NARROW ESCAPES.

The following narrow escapes were brought to my notice.

Major Buchanan had his horse shot under him.

Major Boswell had a bullet hit the heel of his boot.

Major Boulton, while standing by his horse, had it riddled by buckshot, and another under him.

Many other equally as narrow escapes took place. During the early part of the day Major McKean was in charge of the rear guard, but at his urgent request was relieved by another officer and allowed to join his Battalion. The surgeons and Mr. Bedson and officers of the transport did all in their power for the wounded. It is understood that the dead will be buried there and the wounded send here.

ANOTHER ENGAGEMENT EXPECTED.

Ammunition, supplies and forage will have to be rushed to the front at once, as this pugnacious stand in broad daylight by the rebels will make them more determined. The general will concentrate his whole force on the east side, and fight them on their own ground, half the troops only being checked and not beaten, as we hold the field. All the troops on the west side will be brought over to-night and on Sunday it is probable we will tackle them again.

PRAISING THE VOLUNTEERS.

THE TORONTO VICTIMS.

GENERAL MIDDLETON'S OFFICIAL REPORT.

Ottawa, April 25—Government has received despatches from Gen. Middleton, but they do not contain very full details of the fight. The General highly praises the conduct of the Canadian troops under fire.

Toronto, April 25—Intense excitement prevails here over the news of the battle between Gen. Middleton's forces and the rebels, and each issue of the papers is eagerly bought up. Crowds surround the newspaper offices watching the bulletin boards. News about the Grenadiers is eagerly looked for, people being in doubt as to whether they really took part in the fight or not. Praises of the gallantry of the troops are in every one's mouth. Privates Harris and Jones, and Sergeant-Major Cummings of C Company Infantry School, who have been wounded, are married men. Private Watson, fatally shot, only arrived from England a few weeks ago. He and Private MacDonnell, also wounded, are unmarried ; Cummings and Harris are only recently married.

Ottawa, April 25—The following is the official despatch from General Middleton :

To Hon. A. P. Caron, from Fish Creek, 25 miles north of Clarke's Crossing, N. W. T., April 24—Have had an affray with the rebels at this spot, on the east bank of the river. My advanced scouts were fired upon from a bluff, but we managed to hold our own until the main body arrived, when I took measures to repel the attack, which was done about 2.30. We have captured a lot of their ponies and have three or four of them, apparently Indians and half-breeds, in the corner of a bluff, who have done a good deal of mischief ; being evidently their best shots, and as I am unwilling to lose more men in trying to take them, I have surrounded their bluff, and shall wait until they have expended their ammunition to take them. Lord Melgund joined me as soon as he could from the other side with the 10th regiment and the Winnipeg Half Battery, but the affair was over. As the most part of the left column is thus across, and as it is a work of difficulty crossing, I have ordered the rest to follow, and shall march to-morrow united upon Batoche. The troops behaved very well in this their first affair. The killed and wounded, I deeply regret to say, are numerous. They are killed as follows :

Pte. Hutchinson, No. 1 Co.
Pte. Ferguson, No. 1 Co.
W. Ennis, No. 4 Co. All of the 90th right.
Gunner Demanolly, of A Batt., wounded.
Capt. Clark and Lt. Swfford, 90th Regiment, seriously.
Capt. Wise, A.D.C., and Lt. Doucet, A.D.C., one in the leg and the other in the arm.

MOUNTED INFANTRY.

Darcy Baker and Lieut. Bruce, very seriously.
Captain Gardner, two wounds, not very serious.
C. F. King, H. B. Perrin, J. Laneford and H. N. Dunn.

"A" BATTERY.

Gunner Asselin, Gunner Irvine, Acting Bombardier Taylor, Sergt.-Major Mawhinney, Driver Harrison.

Private P. M. Wilson, E. G. Monsell, Private C. Armsworth, very seriously, Walter Woodman.

SCHOOL OF INFANTRY.

Arthur Watson, very seriously ; R. H. Dunn, H. Jones, Color-Sergeant R. Cumming, R. Jones.

THE 90TH REGIMENT.

Corporal Leith, Brigade "C" Company.
Private Kemp "A" Company, very serious.
Corporal B. D. Code "C" Company.
Private Herlop, "F" Company.
Private A. Blackwood, "C" Company.
Private Cuniff, "C" Company.
Private W. W. Mathews, "A" Company.
Private Lovell, "B" Company.

I don't know what the loss of the enemy was, but I think it was pretty severe, though from their great advantage of position and mode of fighting it might be well less than ours. I shall proceed to-morrow, after burying the dead and sending the wounded back to Clarke's Crossing. By moving on this side I lose the telegraph line, but I shall keep up communication by Clarke's Crossing if possible. I regret very much the wounding of my two A.D.C.'s. Capt. Wise's horse was shot previous to his being wounded.

(Signed)

FRED. MIDDLETON,
Major-General commanding the N. W. Field Force.

Sergt. Macklin, who is reported killed, was one of the crack marksmen of the Dominion, and well-known at all rifle matches.

TELEGRAMS FROM GENERAL MIDDLETON—SKETCHES OF SOME OF THE DEAD.

Ottawa, April 25—Mrs. Middleton received a telegram at 8.30 this morning from Major-General Middleton, in which he states that during yesterday's battle with the rebels near Batoche's Crossing a bullet passed through his hat without striking him. Captain Wise, A.D.C., however, was wounded in the ankle and had also several narrow escapes from the bullets of the insurgents, having had two horses shot under him during the engagement. General Middleton states that Lt. Doucet, A.D.C., was wounded in the arm and also had his horse killed under him. Lt. Doucet is a nephew of Mrs. Middleton.

Another private despatch received from General Middleton reads : "Have had the first engagement with the rebels. Been successful, but loss is large."

SOME OF THE KILLED.

Private Ferguson, who was killed in the engagement, was a son of Dr. Ferguson, of Winnipeg, and a nephew of Mr. Caldwell, M.P.P., for North Lanark. He has relatives in Montreal named Caldwell.

Capt. Palliser says that Gunner Damanolly, of "A" Battery, who was killed, was a genuine Italian count, forced by adverse fortune into joining the battery.

CANADA GAZETTE NOTES.

Government Appointments and Notices—Bank Appointments.

Ottawa, April 24—To-morrow's *Official Gazette* will contain the appointment of the following as commissioners under the Liquor License Act : Judge Hamilton, 1st, for Thunder Bay, Ont. ; W. Chisholm Caverhill, 2nd, Nipissing ; Dr. Laberge, 1st, Huntingdon, Que. ; C. A. Samson, 3rd, York, N.B. ; J. L. Lefebvre, 1st, Shefford, Que. ; Z. Pouliot, 3rd, L'Islet, Que. ; John LeGrand, 3rd, Bonaventure ; Judge Martin, C. Upper, 1st, Haldimand, Ont. ; L. O. Paradis, 3rd, Richelieu, Que. ; James Bunnell, 2nd, Yarmouth, N S. ; Deputy Judge H. B. Beard, 1st, Oxford, Ont ; Frank Cochrane, 2nd, Nipissing ; J. T. McPherson, 3rd, Huntingdon, Que.

A proclamation is issued exempting the Ottawa river between the Chaudiere Falls and the mouth of the Gatineau from the operations of the Preservation of Streams Act in so far as relating to sawdust.

Another proclamation is issued, declaring that elections under the Canada Temperance Act will be held at Kingston and Frontenac on May 21st, F. Elkington, returning officer for the city, and W. Ferguson, sheriff, for the county.

Orders-in-Council have been passed amending the Order-in-Council respecting the sale of Dominion lands, within the railway belt, and declaring the close season for white fish and salmon trout in Ontario to be the whole month of November in each year. Granville or Coal Harbor, British Columbia, is declared to be a place in which excise licenses for the manufacture of liquor may be issued. Regulations are also issued respecting tenders for a steam ferry across the Restigouche between Campbellton and Mission Point for 5 years. Notice is also given of the following bank dividends and annual meetings : Bank of Montreal, 5 per cent and 1 per cent bonus, payable June 1st, annual meeting same day ; Merchants' Bank, 3½ per cent. June 1st, annual meeting June 17th ; Bank of Hamilton, 4 per cent June 1st, annual meeting June 16th ; Jacques Cartier Bank, 3 per cent June 1st, annual meeting June 17th ; Bank Ville Marie, 3½ per cent, date as above. The Central Bank, Toronto, gives notice of a second call of 10 per cent payable May 26th. The Trust and Loan Company give notice that they have deposited a new power of of attorney in favor of Russell M. Stevenson, Wm. Bridgeman Simpson and R. J. Evans. The Canada Atlantic Railway will hold its annual meeting on May 26th.

NOTICE.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG ENGLISH Girl (Protestant) who came to Quebec last May, is anxious to return to England, and would be glad to go with a Lady or family as attendant on the voyage. Would be prepared to go as soon as such a situation should offer. She can produce good testimonials, from Birmingham, her native place, as also from the Lady with whom she has been staying over since her arrival in Quebec.

Address, E. F., No. 11, Wolfe St., Quebec.

April 22, 1885. Am-bo



The Inland Revenue Department having recently adopted regulations permitting distillers to bottle "in bond," under the supervision of an officer, the product of their own distilleries, we are now enabled to offer the public our

FINE OLD WHISKIES

bottled in accordance with these regulations, and each bottle bearing Excise Officer's certificate as to age of contents. This gives the consumer a perfect and indisputable guarantee as to age, which cannot be obtained in any other way. We are now bottling our celebrated

CLUB WHISKEY OF 1879

And our Old Rye Whiskey of 1879, 1880, and 1883, which can be had of all dealers. See that every bottle has our name on capsule and cork, and has Excise Certificate over capsule.

HIRAM WALKER & SONS
DISTILLERS, WALKERVILLE, ONT.

JOSEPH WINFIELD, AG'T., QUEBEC.

The Cook's Friend.

THE HIGH REPUTATION

and extensive sale of the old *time-tried* and *well-proved*

COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER

have moved unscrupulous parties to imitate he packages in which it is sold, and even to *appropriate* a part of its name as means of foisting on consumers a powder containing (for cheapness) Alum in large quantity.

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH by purchasing only the Genuine COOK'S FRIEND, which is well known to contain NO Alum nor any other noxious drug.

☞ See that the full name, in large letters, is printed across the directions for use.

For Sale by Respectable Grocers Everywhere.

W. D. McLAREN,
55, College Street,
Montreal.

April 21, 1885.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY · 1809 ·

North British and Mercantile INSURANCE COMPANY, FIRE AND LIFE,

—OF—

EDINBURGH AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL

THREE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

The subscriber, as Agent for the above responsible Company, continues to insure almost every description of property against Fire at Current Rates.

LOSSES SETTLED PROMPTLY

JOHN LAIRD,
Agent,
113, Peter Street.

April 20, 1885. L

FRESH SEEDS ! !

RECEIVED AT THE MEDICAL HALL, a full supply of FRESH

Garden, Field and Flower Seeds,

of the best varieties adapted to this climate.

☞ Orders by Mail promptly executed, and Catalogues furnished Free.

RODERICK McLEOD,
Medical Hall,
16, Fabrique Street.

April 15, 1885.

Auction Sales.

BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

Spring Sales by A. J. Maxham & Co.

MONDAY, 27th, Mr. John Stock, 413, St. John Street, (without).

MONDAY, 27th, at late Mr. Bowen's, 110, Grande Allee, all the Magnificent Furniture and Effects.

MONDAY, 27th, at Store of late O. E. Brunet, St. Peter Street, Druggist's Stock, at 10 A.M.

TUESDAY, 28th, 2 P.M., at residence of late O. E. Brunet, Household Furniture, &c. See advertisement.

WEDNESDAY, 29th, at Grande Allee, at 10 A.M.

THURSDAY, 30th, No. 31, Genevieve Street, Cape, at 10 A.M.

Sale of Splendid Furniture at Valliere's New Show Rooms, particulars in future advertisement.

Full particulars of the above will be given in future advertisements.

April 25, 1885. apl6

SALE POSTPONED.

The Sale advertised of the late Judge ALLEYN'S Furniture is unavoidably Postponed until beginning of May, due notice of which will be given.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

April 27, 1885.

ATTRACTIVE SALE

—OF—

New and Excellent Furniture,

—AT THE RESIDENCE OF—

MR. JOHN STOCK,

No. 413, St. John Street, (without,)

—ON—

MONDAY,

The 27th April instant.

THE WHOLE OF THE EXCELLENT Household Furniture, but a short time in use, viz. :—1 Grand Square "Williams," Toronto, Piano, — Octaves, (perfectly new), Black Walnut Parlor Sett, 7 pieces, Curtains, Poles and Rings, complete, Pictures, Fancy Tables, Sheep Rugs, Fancy Clock, Trays, &c., very fine Black Walnut Marble Top Bed-Room Sett, Oil Cloth, Kitchen Furniture, Stove, &c., Extension Dining-Room Table, Fire Screen, Chairs, Glassware, Carpets, China Tea Sett, What-Not, &c., &c.

☞ House on view Saturday, from 2 to 5 P.M Sale at TEN o'clock.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

The above will be found well worth attention, being all new and of excellent quality.

April 23, 1885.

ATTRACTIVE AUCTION

—AT THE RESIDENCE OF—

The Late James Bowen, Esq.,

No. 110, Grande Allee.

THE WHOLE OF THE HANDSOME Household Furniture and Effects.

Drawing-Room Suits, Brussels Carpeting, Mirror, Etagere, very handsome Centre and Card Tables, Easy and Fancy Chairs, Worked Screens, and handsome Grand Square Piano and Stool.

Dining-Room.—Carpeting, Desk and Secretaire, handsome Carved Sideboard, Pictures, Choice Engravings, handsome Leather-Seat and Back Chairs, Settee, Gasalier, Dinner and Tea Services, Glassware, Mantle Clock, Mirror, Cheffonier, strong, very fine Extension Dining Table, Sofas and Settees.

Hall.—Self-Feeder Stove, Table and Chairs, Oil Cloth, and numerous other attractive goods.

☞ On view Saturday from 1 to 6 o'clock.

Sale Monday, 27th, at 1.30 P.M

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

April 23, 1885.

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

A Valuable Druggist's Stock.

WE HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS from ED. BOILY, N. P., to Sell by Auction, in conformity with a Public Notice by him of date 18th and 20 April inst., in the "Journal de Quebec" and "Daily Telegraph," the following Stock belonging to the Estate of the Late O. E. BRUNET, in his lifetime o Quebec, Druggist, to wit :

On Monday, the 27th April inst., at 10 o'clock,

All the Stock-in-Trade of the said O. E. Brunet, as it is at his Drug Store, Nos. 32 and 34, PETER STREET, Lower Town, Quebec, comprising Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Sundries, and every requirement for a first-class Druggist's establishment.

—ALSO—

A magnificent assortment of Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar Cases, Tobacco, Cigars, and Cigarettes ; the very handsome Shop Fixtures, such as Counters, Show Cases, and a very expensive New Arctic Soda Water Apparatus (Despatch), Taylor's Safe, Self-feeding Stove.

—AFTER WHICH—

The Outstanding Debts and the Lease of the Store.

On the following day, TUESDAY, at 2 P.M., at the Residence of O. E. BRUNET, that portion belonging to his Estate, at No. 64, ST. VALIER STREET, St. Sauveur, comprising : Household Furniture, Bedding and House Linen. Summer and Winter Vehicles comprising Covered Wagon, Express Wagon, Sleighs, Carioles, Buckboard, Harness.

The Stock amounts to about..........$3,700
The Outstanding Debts " 2,500
to be offered at so much in the dollar.

The Stock can be seen daily from 10 to 6, at the Store.

The List of Debts can be seen daily at Mr. J. E. Boily's office, No. 24, St. Joseph Street, St. Roch's.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

April 22, 1885.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO, OR having any claims against, the Estate and Succession of the late PATRICK SHEE, in his lifetime of the said City of Quebec, Esquire, Merchant, are requested to pay or to file their claims at the office of

ALEX. GAUVREAU, N.P.

Or,

F. X. GOSSELIN, N.P.,
84, St. Peter Street,
Quebec.

April 22, 1885. F

RADICAL CURE for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis and Lung Diseases.

LEBEAULT'S Pectoral PASTE

Keeps the voice always in a perfectly clear state.

LEBEAULT, Chemist, 53, Réaumur Str. PARIS. Sold by all Chemists.

April 7, 1885. do

For Sale or to Let.

To Let,

THAT SPLENDID CUT-STONE House situated in Charlevoix Street, Upper Town, Quebec, and for many years occupied by the Honorable Judge Angers.

Apply to

The Reverend Ladies of the Hotel Dieu.

Or,

C. LABRECQUE,
Notary.

April 27, 1885. F

To be Let,

IMMEDIATELY, AT A very low figure, that large House, No. 12, St. Charles Street, containing 10 Rooms, with W. C. and B., the whole renovated and painted. Also, Conservatory, Stable and Coach-House attached, situated between North Shore and Grand Trunk Depot.

Inquire,

ON THE PREMISES.

April 27, 1885. Fp

To Let,

FOR SUMMER MONTHS, A well FURNISHED HOUSE on the Cape. Terms moderate.

Apply to

P. O. BOX 1365,
Quebec.

April 25, 1885. Fp

To be Let,

THE HOUSE NOW OCCUPIED by the Consul General of Belgium, with Coach-House, Stable and small Garden, a few steps beyond St. Foy Toll-Bar. Rent very moderate.

Apply to

EDW. CANNON,
Notary.

Or, to

JOHN STRANG,
Notary.

April 24, 1885. F

To Rent,

THE COTTAGE AT MURRAY Bay, occupied for the last four Summers by Mrs. Mathews, of Montreal.

Apply to

E. G. CANNON, N.P.

Or, at

No. 134, ST. ANNE STREET,
Quebec.

April 23, 1885. F

For Sale or to Let at New Liverpool.

PARTLY FURNISHED IF DESIRED.

THAT DESIRABLE PROPERTY belonging to the Estate of the late James Gaherty, formerly owned and occupied by the late Dr. Fitzgerald, delightfully situated, and within a few minute's walk of the Ferry Wharf and the different Churches. The House contains Eleven Rooms, and there is an excellent Garden with outbuildings, &c., &c.

Apply to

W. BIGNELL,
N. P.

April 22, 1885. F

To Let,

HOUSE No. 6, DeBREBŒUF Street, (The Cape), with first-class outbuildings. On view from 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.

Apply to

MEREDITH & COUTURE,
Notaries Public.

April 22, 1885. Lp

House to Let,

NO. 81, ESPLANADE, RESIDENCE of the late Mrs. Richard Alleyn. Possession 1st May.

For particulars apply to

E. G. CANNON,
Notary.

April 21, 1885. F

To Let,

WITH POSSESSION FROM 1st August or 1st September as required, the House No. 83, Esplanade, now occupied by Chas. Pentland, Esq. May be seen from 3 to 5 P.M.

Apply to

C. A. PENTLAND,
Advocate.

Or,

E. G. CANNON,
Notary.

April 21, 1885. tf

To Let,

FURNISHED, No. 47, Esplanade.

Apply on the premises between two and five o'clock, or to

J. E. C. PELLETIER,
Notary Public,
28, St. Peter Street,

Or, to 105, ANN STREET.

April 20, 1885.

To Let,

HOUSE No. 34, STE. GENEVIEVE Street, Cape. Possession 1st May next.

Apply to

T. A. POSTON,
Treasury Department.

April 18, 1885.

Store, Wharf and Houses to Let.

THE LARGE WOODEN Store, No. 9, Leadenhall Street, with or without the Wharf in rear, at present and for years past occupied by Messrs. Gagnon & Bros. as a Junk and Marine Store.

—ALSO—

A number of Houses and Stores in other parts of the City.

Apply to

JOHN HEARN

Office : 13, Sault-au-Matelot Street.

April 15, 1885. mar7

A rare Chance for Manufacturers

FOR SALE A BARGAIN !

THE BUILDINGS KNOWN as "Humbert's Distillery," on Crown, Prince Edward and Commissioner's Streets, St. Roch's. Area of land 17,800 feet, with large buildings suitable for manufacturing purposes.

—ALSO—

The deep water Wharf known as "Mariner's Chapel Wharf," with buildings thereon erected, situate in Champlain Ward. Area of Wharf 56 feet in width by 227 feet in depth.

The above properties will be sold a bargain.

Apply to

M. GUERIN,
Cashier,
Credit Foncier du Bas Canada,
Montreal.

April 8, 1885. Am

To Let,

THAT SHOP AND DWELLING, situate on Fabrique Street, Upper Town, occupied at present by S. Bornstein, Esq., Tobacconist. Possession 1st May next.

For particulars and terms apply only to

BELL & JOLY,
Advocates,
118, St. Peter Street,
Quebec.

April 6, 1885. Am

Houses to Let.

UPPER PART OF No. 2, ST. Antoine Street, Lower Town, now occupied by Mr. James Walsh.

NO. 20, ST. DENIS STREET, CAPE, heated with hot water, now occupied by J. Geggie, Esq. To be seen from 1 to 3 P.M.

Apply to

WESTON HUNT & SON,
69, Dalhousie Street, L.T.

March 24, 1885. tf

Auction Sales.

BY OCT. LEMIEUX & CO.

Auction Sale of Household Furniture, Carpets, Rifle, &c., &c.,

TUESDAY, April the 28th.

WE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO sell by Auction, on TUESDAY, April the 28th, at No. 60, St. Louis Street, (Mrs. Donohue's Boarding-House,) a part of the Household Furniture of the Estate of late Oscar Dunn, Esq., consisting in Parlor Suite, Sofa, Centre Table, Fancy Chair, Arm Chair, Brussels Carpet, Ornaments, two valuable real Bronze Urns, What-Not, B. W. Marble-Top Bed-Room Suite, three-doored Wardrobe, Curtains, &c., &c. Also,—A valuable English Rifle, Hunting Gun, Revolvers, Cartridges, &c. The whole to be sold without reserve. Open the day of the sale from 10 A.M.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P.M. *Sharp.*

☞ Goods will be delivered immediately after the sale.

OCT. LEMIEUX & CO.,
Auctioneers.

April 25, 1885. C

American Anthracite,
Furnace,
Egg,
Stove,
Chestnut,
Cement,
Fire Clay,
Blacksmith Coals.

Now Receiving Fresh Car Lots Plaster.

GEORGE M. WEBSTER & CO.

April 18, 1885.

JOSEPH HAMEL & FRERES,

58, SOUS-LE-FORT STREET, AND 62, MOUNTAIN HILL,

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEIR New Assortment of Goods for Spring and Summer is now complete. A variety of the

Latest Novelties for Ladies' & Gent's Wear

having just been brought by the last Steamers. In the

CARPET DEPARTMENT

(MOUNTAIN HILL,)

which is one of the largest and best stocked Warehouses of that line in the Province of Quebec, will be found an elaborate collection of high styles of Brussels, Tapestries, Wools, Floor Oil Cloths and Linoleums, &c., which has hitherto never been equalled.

☞ A visit to our various Departments is respectfully solicited.

April 18, 1885. Am

WAR MAP !

NEW WAR MAP OF THE NOR' WEST Territories, showing the districts where the Rebellion has occurred, and where trouble is feared ; also all Stations on the Canada Pacific Railroad, with Table of Distances to and between the principal places. This Map is well and clearly defined and will be mailed to any part of the Dominion on receipt of 12 cents.

DAWSON & CO.

April 9, 1885.

CARD.

THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE CARRIED on by the late Mr. N. DAVIDSON and J. HORAN, under the name and style of

DAVIDSON & HORAN

will be CONTINUED as formerly, under the same name.

Quebec, 9th April, 1885.
April 9, 1885.

Millinery, Dress and Mantle-Making.

MM. FISHER & SHEPHERD

BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO THE LADIES of Quebec that they have just opened, and will continue opening during the Spring and Summer Season,

The Latest Novelties in Hats and Bonnets, from London & Paris, Trimmed and Untrimmed.

Feathers, Flowers, Silks, Ribbons, Laces and Trimmings, for Dresses and Mantles.

☞ A visit to their Show-Rooms is respectfully solicited.

N.B.—Orders for Dress and Mantle-Making receive prompt and careful attention, and perfect fit guaranteed.

10, FABRIQUE STREET, QUEBEC.

April 8, 1885. Am

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Bank, on TUESDAY, the 12th of May next THREE o'clock P.M.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 6th to 30th of April, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

P. LAFRANCE,
Cashier.

Quebec, 2nd April, 1885.
April 4, 1885. td-co

New Spring Suitings, Coating and Trouserings.

GENTLEMEN, IF YOU DESIRE TO be Fashionably Dressed at small cost, order of us. NO FANCY PRICES asked. Suits made to order from $8.00 to $18.00 and upward. Artistic cutting, best workmanship and good fit guaranteed.

TAYLOR THE TAILOR,
35, George Street.

March 26, 1885. Am

THE BEST PIANOS and ORGANS



GENUINE ARTICLES,

DIRECT importation from the Manufacturers,

KRANICH & BACH,
McCAMMON,
WHEELOCK & CO.,
WILLIAMS,
MASON & HAMLIN, etc., etc.
BURDETT,
BELL & CO.,
KARN & CO.,

At the lowest possible figure, or easy terms of payment, are to be found, only at

A. LAVIGNE'S

MUSIC AND PIANO WAREROOMS.

55, FABRIQUE STREET.

N. B.—Also a few Second-Hand Piano to sell, or to rent, at moderate prices.

March 25, 1885. apl26Lm

ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

SERMON BY THE LORD BISHOP OF QUEBEC.

The following is the sermon preached by the Lord Bishop of Quebec in the English Cathedral, on the evening of St. George's Day:—

Heb. XIII, 16—"To do good and to distribute forget not, for with such sacrifices God is well pleased."

Fifty years have now elapsed since the St. George's Society first began its course in this city.

And amongst its founders and first members, we read names well-known and well respected in Quebec.

Many of these —most indeed—some quite recently—have passed away.

But their work lives, and will live.

Built upon the two-fold base of nationality, and benevolence, it stands firm upon a durable principle of human nature, and upon a permanent need of human society.

It is an organization

1. For the relief of distress,

and

2. For the fostering of national sentiment.

And, on each of these grounds, it is an institution durable and desirable.

I. It is an organization for the relief of distress; and for that reason it is an institution durable and desirable.

The poor we have always with us.

And "whoso hath this world's goods and seeth his brother have need and shutteth up his compassion from him—how dwelleth the love of Good in him?"

The management of the society is excellent.

Officers and a general committee of fifteen, are chosen by the society, to whom they report once a quarter.

Sub-committees undertake particular branches of the work, and report to the general committee once a month. Through these agencies and instrumentalities the miseries of life, which had fallen hard and heavy upon hundreds—aye upon thousands—of our countrymen have been, in the past fifty years, greatly alleviated.

Many, when distress has overtaken them, have been returned to die in peace in their native land. Others have been helped on their way, and enabled to reach those parts of the country where they could obtain comfort and prosperity, or at least livelihood and subsistence.

The fatherless and the widow in their affliction have not been neglected.

And as in the changes and chances of this mortal life, want will always, from one cause or another, be with us, so a wise provision has been made in the constitution of the St. George's Society for securing a permanent fund for its relief.

All life subscriptions, legacies and donations, are invested; and the income only is used for defraying the current expenses of the year.

This I say is a wise provision, because it ensures, whatever may happen, that there will remain always, undissipated, the patrimony of the unfortunate.

This is well. But it is not enough. We of this generation cannot acquit ourselves of the obligations—we cannot discharge the duties—of humanity by disbursing the benefactions of others.

Our path has been smoothed by the liberality, and the prudence, of those who have gone before us; but it will be a shame to us if we do not travel that path in the same spirit, in which, and with the same energy with which, they trod it before us.

Humanity and Christianity, each require that we should personally deny ourselves for the help of our suffering kindred. Humanity and Christianity both require this; for that—"Bear ye one another's burden" is as much a principle of self-culture, as it is a precept of Christian charity. The best that is in us will shrivel up without it.

By our offerings here to-night—by our subscriptions to the excellently administered funds of this Society—it is for us to do our part as Christians, as Englishmen, as men, to do our part in bearing the heavy burdens of our brother Christians,—of our brother Englishmen.

II. Of our brother Englishmen.

Let me now say something of the society as it fosters national feeling.

I know that we are all Canadians here. English, French, Irish, Scotch, we are all fused into a new nationality, with common interests, and though as yet too young for a common history, we have, place of that, our common hopes and aspirations for the great future of this great country which it is our privilege to possess.

But this does not—this must not—cut us adrift from ancestral traditions.

This does not—this must not—loosen the hold of ancestral ties. And the societies, and organizations, which reinvigorate these traditions, and bind fast these ties—the Society of St. George—of St. Jean Baptiste—of St. Patrick—and of St. Andrew—there is no need that the feeling of our common Canadian citizenship should dispose us to under-value the good influences of these, or to forget the "rock whence we are hewn." That were to impoverish our souls and to dispossess them of their own, for the history of the past is the inheritance of to-day.

It is by continually reviving the memory, and by imbuing ourselves with the spirit, of those who made England what she is, that we shall be likely to contribute to the national character of our common Canadian country those elements and attributes of national greatness which belong to the race from which we spring. We come of a race naturally constituted for good government. We come of a race pre-eminently progressive and pre-eminently conservative—a race in which the instinct of liberty, and the aptitude for self government, have ever kept pace with respect for law, and recognition of authority.

"A land of settled Government,
A land of old and just renown,
Where freedom slowly broadens down
From precedent to precedent."

We come of a race whose temperament leads to that combination of stability, with adaptability in its institutions, which is so needful a foundation for national growth and greatness. This we cannot afford to forget. And if one were desirous to specify more particularly those qualities in Englishmen, which have conduced to their country's greatness and prosperity, one would put first their faith in each other, that reliableness which makes combination possible. Without this there can be no co-operation. And without co-operation, without this capacity for acting together, nominal union is but a rope of sand. And then there is a spirit of fairness, and a sense of duty, absolutely necessary to tame the sturdy standing-up for one's own rights from encroaching upon the rights of others. This has been, throughout their history, one of the best qualities of Englishmen; and this has given them the mutual moderation and toleration, which have conduced so much to consolidate their unity and to render their strength effective.

Another characteristic which has distinguished the long life of our nation has been its acquiescence in the legitimate exercise, combined with resistance to the abuse of authority. That order, upon which the well-being of society depends, is the offspring of this acquiescence and this resistance; and the child will never be born of other parents.

Lastly, there is the courage that is always ready to risk all in defence of all. That is what Englishmen have ever had; and when that is lost, all is lost. These then are the qualities, or some of them, which go to make a people great and strong. And it is by contemplating these qualities, as they live and breathe in the lives of our forefathers, that we shall become enamoured of their virtues, and that, as we inherit their blood, so we shall emulate their spirit; that we shall become competent and capable citizens ourselves; that we shall carry on the great tradition, and transmit to those who come after us the noble inheritance of political capacity and civil worth, which we have received from those who went before us.

And there is yet another portion of our inheritance in which we may well rejoice, and of which it becomes us to make diligent use.

We inherit a language of marvellous richness, reach, and flexibility—a language which, however some may affect to deplore its poverty, can express with delicacy and precision all, and more than all, that they can ever think or feel—can express all that the mind of man can conceive. Strains there are in this our native tongue, "Storied of old in high immortal verse," which might "create a soul under the ribs of death." And whenever one comes before us now, whose gifts place the resources of that language at his command, he brings with him a master-key that opens all hearts—the thoughts of his intellect—the feelings of his heart—the purpose of his will, he declares in such apt and gracious words:

"That aged years play truant at his tale,
And younger hearings are quite ravished."

We inherit a language destined—as when we look at this great continent, and when we look at England's vitality in all her vast populations, we cannot but anticipate—destined to be the prevailing language of the world.

And enshrined in this mother tongue of ours, so expressive, and so strong, we inherit a literature second to none.

To display the stores of our literature were an undertaking too vast for my powers. And even to indicate in the time at our disposal would be impossible.

But this much—I may be permitted to say—that every Englishman may find in his own mother tongue the elements and the opportunities of a liberal education. And this too, I will add, that educated Englishmen should be more familiar with that splendid inheritance, which in the literature of the last five hundred years they possess, than to judge by what one reads, and learns, they mostly are.

Well. then, in its character of an organization tending to foster the sentiment of nationality, the St. George's Society is an institution whose durability is desirable.

English we are, and we shall be none the better for forgetting it. Our qualities go down from sire to son, and our virtues or our vices will be factors forming the character of the great people that is to occupy this great country.

That element which we Englishmen contribute to this national character should be of the best.

And the better it will be the more we "look to the rock whence we are hewn."

I have already shewn that the durability of the Society in its character of a charitable institution is desirable.

Now let me add that its enlargement and extension are desirable.

The tide of immigration still pouring through our port, though passing on mostly to other places, leaves many a wreck stranded here among us; stranded they may be, but forsaken they must not be. Place then—by large and liberal gifts to-night—place the means of helping the helpless, and of succouring the unfortunate, in the hands of a society which ministers with such care and fidelity to the wants of your countrymen in distress.

Remember the text: "To do good and to distribute; forget not, for with such sacrifices God is well pleased."

With what is it that God is well pleased? With a little coin—the smallest we can find for the purpose? No, not that. Well, if we go beyond that, but if what we give is still a parting with some superfluity—something we shall not feel—is that what God is well pleased with?

No. There is nothing said about that—

It may do good to others, but not to ourselves.

To offer what is well pleasing to God, according to this text, we must offer a sacrifice.

And what is the leading idea of a sacrifice? Why self-denial.

"Shall I offer unto the Lord that which cost me nothing."

If our offering is to be "thrice blessed"; if it is to bless both "him that gives and him that takes," we must rise above the customary tribute to decency—we must get beyond the bounds of superfluity, and give just so much—it will differ in different cases—(none can measure the amount for others, but each can for himself)—we must give just so much as will make us feel the inconvenience of parting with it—as will make it a sacrifice. With such sacrifices God is well pleased.

The congregation was very large and the offertory amounted to $82. The prayers were said and lessons read respectively by Revd. J. Ridley, Revd. H. G. Petry and Revd. Lennox Williams.

The Cathedral choir, under the skillful leadership of E. A. Bishop, Esq., organist, rendered a magnificent musical service specially prepared for the occasion. The chanting of the psalms and singing of the hymns left nothing to be desired. The *Magnificat* and *Nunc Dimittis* were sung to Garrett in D, a service entirely new to the Cathedral. The principal solos, as well in Garrett as in the Anthem—"Bless the Lord O my Soul," from Mozart—were taken by Mrs. Henry Russell. Mrs. Russell was in excellent voice, and was never heard to better advantage. During the offertory, Mr. Bishop played a charming Andante in "D" Minor by Baptiste, of Paris, and at the conclusion of the service gave "Home Sweet Home," "Rule Britannia" and "God Save the Queen." The effect was particularly striking, especially when the air of "Home Sweet Home" floated through the sacred edifice and the greater portion of the congregation remained until the last strains had died away.

CITY COUNCIL.

FRIDAY NIGHT'S MEETING.

The Council met last Friday evening.

There were present Messrs. Kaine, Gunn, Hearn, G. Guay, Barbeau, Beland, D. Guay, Rheaume, Chouinard, Delisle, Rinfret, Vincent, Peachy, Miller, Chambers, Molony, Duquet, Valliere, McWilliam and Johnston.

In the absence of the Mayor, Councillor Molony was called to the chair.

Alderman Guay read a letter from Mr. F. Kirouac, of St. Sauveur, protesting as a large ratepayer of the city against being charged the extreme rate of 25 per cent water rate imposed upon those residing outside the city.

Alderman Hearn, in view of the large amount contributed by Mr. Kirouac to the civic revenue, hoped the Water Works Committee would take early action in the matter. He make the same remark in connection with the case of Mr. Borland.

Presented, a copy of the presentment of the Grand Jury.

Councillor McWillian presented a report of the Finance Committee favoring adoption of Mr. Trudel's tender for conveyance of prisoners to and from the jail.

Also in favor of an appeal in the case of Hall vs. the Corporation.

Councillor Johnston from the Water Works Committee reported in favor of contracts for departmental supplies being divided between Messrs. Duquet and Jobin.

Also a statement of appropriations required by the committee for the ensuing year.

Also a report in favor of the lease of Water Fountains in St. Roch's to Mr. Blouin.

Alderman Hearn from Ferry Committee reported as to the appropriations required by the committee for the ensuing year.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

The report to award a contract for necessary excavations for introduction of water into Richardson street, to Mr. Morin, came up for adoption, when Councillor Chambers raised the point of order, that the report, requiring expenditure of money, should have stated where such money was to come from.

Alderman Valliere supported the point of order.

Alderman Hearn thought the point of order was not well taken and hoped it would be withdrawn. The introduction of water into Richardson street had been so long asked that he hoped nothing further would be allowed to stand in its way.

Councillor Chambers said he had no doubt that the last speaker favored the report because of his confidence that the members for St. Roch's who asked the improvement, would vote for the special water rates (on church and other public property) in order to provide the means for paying for it. He hoped the Alderman would not be disappointed in his expectations and would withdraw his point of order, but he had his doubts as to the result.

The report was then unanimously adopted.

When the report of the Water-Works Committee concerning special rates came up, Councillor Johnston, considering its great length, and the advanced hour of the evening, moved that a special meeting be held next Tuesday evening to take the matter into consideration.

A lengthy debate occurred, Ald. Guay, Councillor Peachy, and others favoring the further postponement of the matter till next Friday.

Alderman Valliere and Councillor Duquet declared their intention of opposing the report until the city was regularly supplied with a constant supply of water by the new pipe.

Councillor Johnston pointed out that this was simply an evasion of the question, since it was patent to all that the city had not the power to wait until its water supply was constant, to pay interest on the bonds issued towards payment of the new pipe. It was in fact paying such interest now.

Alderman Hearn said it was full time to be done with trifling on this matter, and to meet it fairly and squarely. He wished those who were afraid to do their duty in providing the means for meeting their obligations, to have all the responsibility for the disastrous results that must follow. Such deficits as that of last year could not often be repeated without the property of the citizens passing into the hands of the Sheriff. That officer was empowered to seize and sell such amount of city property as might be necessary for the payment of overdue interest to our bondholders. The water was being supplied for next to nothing to a large number of institutions who used daily immense quantities of it. The directors of such institutions were willing to pay a price that would be nearer to the value of the water they were receiving than they had been heretofore paying for it. The water department desired to have its receipts augmented to an extent that would enable it to meet the interest on the water-works debt and keep the works from deteriorating. This augmentation they aimed to secure, not by adding to the burdens of those who were already overburdened, but by the levy of fair charges on the many who all admitted were obtaining water at absurdly low prices. Why such an aim should be opposed by any member of the Council he could not understand. It was the plain duty of the Council to make full provision for the discharge of its obligations and this should be done in an equitable manner A persistence in giving the water for nothing to some and charging others an excessively high figure for it could not, and ought not, be longer tolerated. There should be no further dodging of the question. Let it be met fairly and those who would not approve it be prepared to propound a scheme for the city's relief that would at least equal it in fairness. Permitting such deficits as those of the present and past years to continue simply meant making sure of special taxation, followed by the confiscation of the properties of hundreds of poor proprietors who should have our sympathy and help, rather than such action by us as must result in their having to leave the city with the chances of never returning. He hoped the motion to meet on Tuesday would be carried and the conclusion to be arrived at one that would prove beneficial and pleasing to the true friends of the city.

After a heated and protracted debate, the motion of Councillor Johnston to take the report into consideration on Tuesday night was adopted on the following division:—

For—Messrs. Kaine, Gunn, Hearn, Rheaume, McWilliam, Rinfret, Vincent, Miller, Chambers, Johnston—10.

Against—Messrs. G. Guay, Beland, Barbeau, Peachy, Chouinard, D. Guay, Delisle, Duquet, Valliere—9.

Councillor Chambers moved, seconded by Alderman Rinfret:—That in view of the serious allegations of official wrong-doing publicly made against this Corporation this Council desires to place on record its readiness to order an immediate and searching enquiry into any specific charge or charges of malfeasance of office that may be made upon the responsibility of any or either of its members.

Coun. Chambers in support of his motion spoke of what he called the inexplicable conduct of those members of the Council who had professed themselves most anxious for an investigation, in persisting in disregarding all wise counsels, and in proceeding in a manner contrary alike to the law and to all precedents governing the Council or any other legislative or municipal body. In consequence of their adoption of such a course, and as had all along been pointed out to them, their efforts in behalf of their professed object had failed of success. Such being the case, he believed it was now opportune to press his motion, and thus take an initial step in the direction which he hoped would be satisfactory to all. He instanced a number of municipal transactions in which public rumor had said many unpleasant things, and showed that his motion was wide enough to cover any or all of them. Its adoption would commit the Council to grant an enquiry into any charge properly preferred, while in contrast to other forms of enquiry, such a one as he suggested could not be dropped till the end was reached, no matter whose interests it might suit to do so.

In reply to Councillor Peachey and Alderman Chouinard, both of whom supported the motion, the mover explained that he made no insinuation of wrong-doing against any particular member of the Council.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Alderman Valliere presented a report from the Market Committee recommending reduction of price to be paid for stalls in Palais market He explained that he had dissented from the report, believing that the Committee had not power to reduce assessments of any kind, but he had been over-ruled by the other members of the Committee present, Messrs. DeLille and Beland.

Alderman Hearn said it was quite alarming to find members of the Council arrogating to themselves such powers. The Council was to be congratulated upon the strong and very proper stand taken by the acting chairman of the Market Committee.

The report was ruled out of order.

Councillor Kaine, after making a few feeling remarks, complimentary to the late Councillor McLaughlin, and expressing regret at the sad event which rendered the motion necessary, moved for the issue of a writ for an election to fill the vacancy in the representation in the Council of Champlain Ward.

Councillor Gunn moved for a statement of the expenses of the delegations to Halifax and Ottawa.—Carried.

The Council adjourned shortly before midnight.

SHIPPING.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Date.	*Steamship*	*Arrived at*	*From.*
April 25	—Lessing	New York	Hamburg
"	—Eider	"	Bremen
"	—Edam	"	Amsterdam
"	—P Caland	Rotterdam	New York

Probabilities for the Next 24 Hours for the St. Lawrence, etc. etc.

TORONTO, April 27, 1 a.m.—Lower St. Lawrence—Fresh to strong winds from south-west and north-west and cloudy to fair cool weather, with local showers.

Gulf—Strong winds veering to westerly and cloudy weather, with local showers and slightly higher temperature.

Arrival of Mail Steamer at Halifax.

Halifax, NS, April 26—The Allan Line Royal Mail steamship "Sarmatian," Capt. Graham, from Liverpool, April 16, via Derry, the 17th, with 700 passengers,—ordered to Quebec,—was unable to make her way through the ice in the Gulf, and will land her mails and passengers at Halifax.

Hon. A. M. MacKay, Manager and Electrician, Telegraph Company, St John's, Nfld., arrived to-day, and reports that latest arrivals from the seal fishery bring the total catch to about 220,000 seals, against an average catch of 350,000. First arrivals of steamers promised an unprecedented catch, but later arrivals brought home next to nothing. Steamers "Kate," "Nimrod," and "Mastiff" are still in the gulf ice Steamer "Leopard" with shaft broken, has been jammed in the ice over a month, with no prospect of getting out for some time yet. Fifty of her crew managed to get ashore and walked seventy miles across the deep snow to Port-au-Basque, whence they reached St John's, NF. Fifty men still remain on board.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—The steamer "Bermuda" arrived at New York from the West Indies, at 5 p m last Friday.

By Cable to D & J Maguire:—Barbadoes, April 25—Arrived, bark "Anna J Maguire" (of Quebec), from Buenos Ayres, 28 days passage.

Portland, Me, April 25—In port, ship "Golden Rule" (of Quebec), loading for River Plate.

SPOKEN—Brig "St Francois (Br), Gagnon, from Portland for Buenos Ayres, April 1, lat 36 30 N, long 44 W.

North Sydney, CB, April 23—Bark "Prudhoe" (Nor), Jacobsen, from Alicante for Quebec, and brig "Canada" (Br), Laventure, from Cadiz for LaPoile, NF, put into Gabarus, 20th instant, icebound. The "Prudhoe" had been in the ice since March 26th, and the "Canada" since the 14th instant.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

QUEBEC, April 25, 1885.

Cape Chatte—Thermometer 38°. Dull and cloudy; light west wind.

Martin River—Cloudy; light west wind; no ice.

Cape Magdalen—Thermometer 38°. Cloudy; strong north-west wind.

Fame Point—Cloudy and raining; strong north-east wind.

Cape Rosier—Hazy; light north-east wind.

Cape Despair—Cloudy; light north wind; heavy close-packed ice inshore.

Anticosti—Raining; light north wind. Fox Bay—Light open ice distant. No ice in sight at other stations.

Bird Rock and Magdalen Islands—Foggy; heavy open ice everywhere, moving east.

Cape Ray—Clear and warm; light south-west wind; heavy open ice distant, moving east. Sealing-vessels report heavy close-packed ice moving south-east.

Meat Cove—Hazy; light variable winds; heavy close-packed ice stationary.

Low Point—Clear and warm; strong south-west wind; no ice. Harbour clear so North Sydney; first arrival yesterday.

SAILED FOR QUEBEC.

Almedia, ——, Glasgow, April 23
Anna, Salvesen, Glasgow, April 23
Mount Pleasant, ——, Greenock, April 23
Columbus, Mikkelsen, Liverpool, April 22
Gladstone, Suiter, Liverpool, April 23
Gyda, ——, London, April 22
Kong Oscar, Kjorbeck, Cardiff, April 11

SAILED FOR MONTREAL.

Saltburn, ——, Barrow, April 22

LOADING FOR QUEBEC.

Vigo, Uistri, Bristol, April 13
Brilliant, Hansen, London, April 14

COMMERCIAL.

Reported by T. E. Hanrahan & Co.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

April 25, 1885.

	Opening.	Closing.	Highest.	Lowest.
C. B. & Quincy	121	121⅛	121⅛	121
N. Y. Central	89⅞	90	90	89⅞
Can. South	....	....	....	....
Del. & Hud	81¼	82	82	81¼
Del., L. & W	104⅞	105	105	104⅞
Erie	12¼	12⅛	12¼	12⅛
Do. 2nd	54¼	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞
Jersey Central	36	....	....	....
Kansas & T.	18½	18½	18¾	18⅜
Lou. & Nash	30⅝	30⅝	....	....
Lake Shore	58½	58⅝	58⅝	58½
North Pacific	....	....	....	....
Do. Pref	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	39½
Mich. Central	....	....	....	....
North-West	94⅞	95¼	95¼	94⅞
Do. Pref	129½	129⅝	129⅝	129½
Pullman Car	....	....	....	....
Ohio & Cent.	⅝	⅝	....	....
Ont. & West	....	7½	....	....
Pacific Mail	54⅝	54¾	54¾	54½
Reading	....	....	....	....
St. Paul & M.	....	....	....	....
St. Paul	70½	70⅝	70½	70½
St. Paul & Omaha	20¼	20	20¼	19⅝
St Paul & Omaha preferred	76½	75¾	76½	75⅝
Texas Pacific	10½	10¼	10½	10¼
Can. Pacific	36½	36¼	36¼	36⅛
Union Pac	49½	49⅝	49½	48⅞
W. U. Tel	58½	58½	58½	58⅜
West S. Bds	29⅜	29¼	29⅜	29¼
Cen. Pac	....	31¼	....	....
Or. Trans	13½	13¼	13½	12⅞
Mo. Pacific	94⅝	94¾	94¼	94⅜
Denver & Rio Grande	6½	6½	6½	6⅝
Ill. Central	....	....	....	....
Rock Island	112½	112½	....	....
Money	1	....	....	....

SPECULATE ON A SOUND BASIS.

OURS IS NOW THE ONLY FIRM IN Canada at whose offices speculators can buy or sell New York Stocks, Wheat, Corn, &c., at reliable official quotations, directly on the instant they are received. These reports cannot fail to give impartial and correct representations of the market the instant they arrive, as they come over public lines and must be sent and received in regular rotation. Our terms, on small or large lots, are ⅛ to buy and same to sell. Margins accepted from 1 per cent. on Stocks or 1 cent bushel on Grains, upwards at discretion. No charge for telegrams, no interest on Stocks, no delays of 5, 10 or 20 minutes when you open or close a transaction. All deals effected at instant prices on the spot, and cash settlements made the instant deals are closed. Our prompt system of hedging has been the secret of our success. No matter how strong or booming the market may be we are always in position to let people buy, no matter how weak or panicky, we can afford to let them sell, and our office is the only one which has kept up dealings and paid out profits through every boom or panic, as on such markets we draw our profits from New York or Chicago, and generally more than we have paid out to customers. This system really identifies our interests with the success of the majority of our customers on a pronounced market. We have survived panics and booms which have wiped out our rivals who, whilst endeavoring to imitate the surface methods of our business, omitted the principle of outside hedging protection which has enabled us to withstand every adverse market.

T. E. HANRAHAN & CO.,
13, St. James Street, Quebec.

HEAD OFFICES,—36, 38 & 40, St. Francois-Xavier Street.

BRANCH OFFICES,—Old Stock Exchange, 58, Xavier St., Place d'Armes Square, and Corn Exchange, Montreal.

April 21, 1885. mar14-Cm

Gold Exchange.

NEW YORK, April 25, 11.00 a.m.—American Gold, 4.89. Sterling Exchange, 4.87.

Latest European Markets.

LIVERPOOL, April 25, 11.30 a.m.—Cotton steady and unchanged.

Montreal Stock Market—April 25.

FIRST BOARD

Bank of Montreal, 201½ to 201; ex-div., 196 to 195; sales, 180 shares at 196.
Ontario Bank, 112 to 110.
Banque du Peuple, 54 offered.
Molson's Bank, 114 to 112.
Bank of Toronto, 184 to 183.
Banque Jacques-Cartier, 57½ offered.
Merchant's Bank, 113¾ to 113.
Union Bank, 60½ asked.
Bank of Commerce, 122¾ to 122½.
Federal Bank, 46½ to 45.
Montreal Telegraph Company, 120 to 119.
Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, 58 to 57½; sales, 225 shares at 57½.
City Passenger Railway Company, 115⅝ to 114.
Montreal Gas Company, 179½ to 179¼.
North-West Land Co., 38s 6d to 36s.
Canada Pacific Railway, 36½ to 35½.

Notices of Marriages, Births, and Deaths, 50 cents. No exception will be made to this rule.

DEATH.

At his residence, LaCanardiere, on the 25th instant, Alexander Drolet, machinist, formerly of St. John's Suburb, at the age of 59 years.

The funeral will leave his late residence, for St. Roch's Church, on Tuesday, the 28th inst., at 8 a.m

FEW people have any idea of the care with which tobacco has to be attended after it is grown. It will imbibe odors of almost any kind if placed near the source of them. A pig stye, for instance, near the place where the planter stores his crops will impart a disagreeable flavor, which no care afterwards will divest it of. Among the many precautions taken to obtain a faultless leaf for the "Myrtle Navy" brand, is to ascertain carefully the methods which every farmer adopts with his crops in the sections of Virginia where the "Myrtle Navy" is grown. Ad&w

Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it and see what an amount of pain is saved. d&w

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used in bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

April 25, 1885. Jm-d&w

So rapidly does lung irritation spread and deepen, that often in a few weeks a simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough, there is always danger in delay, get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.

April 1885. Jm-d&w

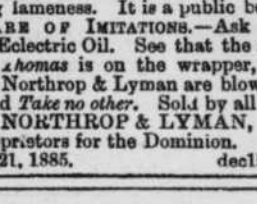
Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Though it is impossible, in this climate of changing temperature, to prevent ill health altogether, yet its form and frequency may be much mitigated by the early adoption of remedial measures. When hoarseness, cough, thick breathing, and the attending slight fever indicate irritation of the throat or chest, Holloway's Ointment should be rubbed upon these parts without delay, and his Pills taken in appropriate doses, to promote its curative action. No catarrhs or sore throats can resist these remedies. Printed directions envelope every package of Holloway's medicaments, which are suited to all ages and conditions, and to every ordinary disease to which humanity is liable.

April 25, 1885. Lmbo-&w

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT? A FEW FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.—There are but few preparations of medicines which have stood the impartial judgment of the people for any great length of time. One of these is Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Read the following and be convinced:—Thomas Robinson, Farnham Centre, P.Q., writes, "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for the last ten years, and have tried many remedies without any relief, until I tried Dr. Thomas's Eclectric Oil, and since then have had no attack of it. I would recommend it to all."——J. H, Earl, Hotel Keeper, West Shefford, P.Q., writes:—"I have been troubled with liver complaint for several years, and have tried different medicines with little or no benefit, until I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which gave me immediate relief, and I would say that I have used it since with the best effect. No one should be without it. I have tried it on my horses in cases of cuts, wounds, etc., and think it equally as good for horse as for man."——A. Maybee, Merchant, Warkworth, writes, "I have sold some hundreds of bottles of Eclectric Oil, and it is pronounced by the public, 'one of the best medicines they have ever used;' it has done wonders in healing and relieving pain, sore throats, etc., and is worthy of the greatest confidence."——Joseph Rusan, Township Percy, writes, "I was persuaded to try Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil for a lame knee which troubled me for three or four years, and I never found anything like it for curing lameness. It is a public benefit."

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.—Ask for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the signature of *S. N. Thomas* is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop & Lyman are blown in the bottle, and *Take no other.* Sold by all medicine dealers. NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Proprietors for the Dominion.

March 21, 1885. dec15-Lm



NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received at this office up to Noon of MONDAY, 25th MAY, 1885, for the delivery of Indian Supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1886, consisting of Flour, Bacon, Groceries, Ammunition, Twine, Oxen, Cows, Bulls, Agricultural Implements, Tools, &c., duty paid, in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

Forms of tender containing full particulars relative to the Supplies required, dates of delivery, &c., may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg.

Parties may tender for each description of goods (or for any portion of each description of goods) separately or for all the goods called for in the Schedules.

Each Tender must be accompanied by an accepted Cheque in favor of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs on a Canadian Bank for at least five per cent. of the amount of the tenders for Manitoba, and ten per cent. of the amount of the tenders for the North-West Territories, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

Tenderers are required to make up in the Money columns in the Schedule the total money value of the goods they offer to supply, or their tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for supplies to be forwarded at once from railway stations to their destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, 19th March, 1885.

April 13, 1885. ao-td

Vital Questions!!!!

Ask the most eminent physician

Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly "*Some form of Hops!!*"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women"—

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "*Buchu!!*"

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, ague, &c.," and they will tell you:

Mandrake! or Dandelion!!!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable.

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients

"Almost dead or nearly dying"

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!!!!!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness, and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula,

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

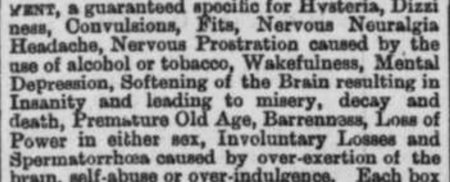
April 24, 1885. Lm-co-d&w

$500 Reward.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large Boxes, containing 30 Pills, 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO. "The Pill Makers," 81 & 83, King St. East, Toronto, Ont. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3cent stamp. J. J. VELDON, Chemist and Druggist, 122, St. Joseph Street, Quebec.

December 6 1884. Lm-d&w

Health is Wealth!



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure Guarantees issued only by J. J. VELDON, Sole Agent, Chemist and Druggist 122, St Joseph Street, Quebec.

December 6, 1884 Lm-d&w

The Great Female Remedy.

JOB MOSES' PILLS.

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE IS unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous disorders to which the Female constitution is subject. It invigorates the debilitated and delicate; and by regulating and strengthening the system, fortifies the youthful constitution for the duties of life, and when taken in middle or old age, proves a real blessing, and on the approach of Child-birth these Pills should be used for two or three weeks previous to confinement; the benefits to be derived are incalculable; they fortify the constitution, lessen the suffering during labor, prevent weakness of the organs, and enable the mother to perform her duties with comfort to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR

$1.00 and 6 cent for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general Agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

December 15. 884. Lm-d&w

THE LAND GRANT

—OF THE—

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAIL'Y

Consists of the finest WHEAT, MEADOW and GRAZING lands in MANITOBA and the NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

LANDS AT VERY LOW PRICES within easy distance of the Railway, particularly adapted for MIXED FARMING—Stock raising, dairy produce, &c. Land can be purchased

With or Without Cultivation Conditions,

At the option of the purchaser. Prices range from $2.50 per acre upwards, with conditions requiring cultivation, and without cultivation or settlement conditions, at liberal figures, based upon careful inspection by the Company's Land Examiners.

When the sale is made subject to cultivation A REBATE of one-half of the purchase price is allowed on the quantity cultivated.

TERMS OF PAYMENT:

Payments may be made in full at time of purchase, or in six annual instalments, with interest. Land Grant Bonds can be had from the Bank of Montreal, or any of its Agencies, and will be accepted at 10 per cent. premium on their par value, and accrued interest, in payment for lands.

Pamphlets, Maps, Guide Books, &c., can be obtained from the undersigned, and also from John H. McTavish, Land Commissioner, Winnipeg, to whom all applications as to prices, conditions of sale, description of lands, &c., should be addressed.

By order of the Board,

CHARLES DRINKWATER,
Secretary.

March 14, 1885. Dm-co&w

The Sun.

An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not Controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators Devoted to Collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most Interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality; and to the Promotion of Democratic Ideas and Policy in the affairs of Government, Society and Industry.

Rates, by Mail, Postpaid:

DAILY, per Year	$6 00
DAILY, per Month	50
SUNDAY, per Year	1 00
DAILY and SUNDAY per Year	7 00
WEEKLY, per Year	1 00

Address, THE SUN, New York City.

December 23, 1884

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express & P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St. N.Y.

December 6, 1884. Fmd&w

266th EDITION. PRICE ONLY $1.00, BY MAIL POST-PAID.



KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood.

Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail, post-paid. Illustrative sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.

This book should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all.—*London Lancet.*

There is no member of society to whom this book will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.*

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4, Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. **HEAL THYSELF.**

April 28, 1884. Lm-cod &w



TENDERS REQUIRED.

POLICE BOARD,
QUEBEC, 16th April, 1885.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned until THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of APRIL instant, at NOON, for the furnishing of

51 Tunics in Blue Serge.

51 Pairs of Pants in Blue Serge.

The buttons and all other insignia for the tunics will be furnished to the contractor, who must place and affix them according to instructions from the Chief of Police.

Further particulars as to material, &c., may be obtained from the Chief of Police at his Office, St. Ursule Street, daily between 9 A.M. and 4 P.M.

The Police Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders. It also reserves the right of exacting responsible security.

EDWARD FOLEY,
Secretary Police Board.

April 22, 1885.

CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

City Clerk's Office, City Hall,
QUEBEC, 16th April, 1885.

Leases of the Revenues of the Cattle Stand, and of the Hay Weighing Scales, St. Paul Market, and Finlay Market Weigh House.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the Revenue of the Cattle Stand of St. Paul's Market will be sold by Public Auction to the last and highest bidder, from the 1st of May next to the 30th of April, 1886, in the City Hall, St. Louis Street, in the Chamber wherein are held the sittings of the Recorder's Court, on TUESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of APRIL instant, at TWO o'clock in the afternoon. The upset price will be twelve hundred dollars; at the same time and place and for the same period, the revenues of the Hay Weighing Scale, St. Paul Market, at an upset price of six hundred dollars. and of the Finlay Market Weigh House, at an upset price of six hundred dollars, and the amounts of the adjudications to be paid cash. Deeds of lease containing the conditions will be then and there signed by the lessees.

For more ample information apply at the office of the City Clerk, from this day to the day of sale, between 9 o'clock A.M. and 4 o'clock P.M.

By order,

L. A. CANNON,
City Clerk.

April 17, 1885.

Corporation of the City of Quebec.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,

CITY HALL, QUEBEC, April 11th, 1885.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that written tenders, sealed and addressed to the undersigned and deposited in his office, shall be received from this day to WEDNESDAY, 22nd April instant, every day from 9 o'clock A.M. to 4 o'clock P.M., from persons desirous of contracting for the conveying of prisoners from Police Station No. 1 to the Common Gaol, situate on Grande Allee, St. Louis Road, and "vice versa," from the FIRST of MAY NEXT, to the THIRTIETH of APRIL, 1886.

The Corporation will not be bound to accept the lowest or any other tender.

The fees for drawing out the contract, and a copy for the Corporation, to be borne by the contractor.

By order,

L. A. CANNON,
City Clerk.

April 11, 1885.

CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

CITY HALL, Quebec, April 11th, 1885.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons having accounts against the divers Departments of the Corporation, for Advertisements, Printing, Stationery, or any other office contingencies, to transmit them to the undersigned, from this day to the 29th April instant.

By order,

L. A. CANNON,
City Clerk.

April 11, 1885.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

EXTRACTS FROM THE 29 VICT., CAP. 57, Sec. 36, Sub-Secs. 27, 28, 29 and 30, and from the 29-30 Vic., Cap. 57, Sec. 44:

Sub-Sections from the said 29 Vict., Cap. 57:

27. "The said Corporation shall have the right to notify any proprietor, tenant or occupant of the brewery, distillery, manufactory, livery stable, hotel, or any building or property in which any steam-engine shall be used, or any building or property in which it shall be considered that there is, or ought to be, more than an ordinary consumption of water, that the Corporation does not intend to furnish him with water from the said water works at the ordinary price, and thereupon the said Corporation shall and may cease to furnish water to the said proprietor, tenant or occupant, who shall also cease to be held liable for the payment of the said rate or assessment with regard to such property; but the said Corporation and the said proprietor, tenant or occupant, may enter into an agreement, for any period not exceeding ten years, with respect to the rate or price at which the said water shall or may be furnished to the said property; and any such agreement, being reduced to writing and signed by both parties, shall be valid and binding;

28. "The officers appointed by the Council shall, at all reasonable times, have the right to enter upon the premises, in respect of which any such agreement has heretofore been made or may hereafter be made, to see that the quantity of water stipulated for by the agreement and no more is furnished to the property, and the said Council may, in their discretion, cause tanks calculated to contain such stipulated quantity and no more, to be erected on such property, and cause the same to be filled daily by their officers, and all further supply of water to be cut off from the premises;

29. "The said Council is hereby authorized to cause hydrometers to be placed for the purpose of regulating, determining and measuring the quantity of water to be supplied by the said water works, either to every house or building to which the said water is or may be supplied, or to every public institution, court-house, gaol, hotel, house of public entertainment of whatsoever nature, or boarding-house: or to every distillery, factory, manufactory, establishment, or art, trade, commerce or industry of any nature whatsoever, in the exercise of which the water of the water works is or may be used, or to any one of the same; and the said Council may for this purpose adopt any by-law which it may deem necessary;

30. "It may compel each and every proprietor, tenant or occupant of any house or building; or each and every person, public institution, court-house, gaol, hotel, house of public entertainment of any nature whatsoever, boarding-house, brewery, distillery, manufactory, art, trade, commerce or industry whatsoever, as aforesaid, to pay for the fitting up and rent of any hydrometer, such sum as may be determined by such by-law."

Section 44th of the said 29-30 Vict., cap. 57:

"Hereafter the Council shall not have power to make any contract for the supply of water to be furnished to any brewery, distillery, tannery or other buildings mentioned in Sub-Section Twenty-seven of the said Section Thirty-six, for manufacturing purposes, or for workshops or industrial establishments, for a longer period than five years."

The Public is hereby informed that on and after the 1st day of MAY next, the Corporation will enforce the present section and subsections of the foregoing laws.

C. BAILLAIRGE,
City Engineer.

April 11, 1885.

BOSTON DAILY POST,

Containing Market Reports, Ship News, Financial News, Hotel Arrivals and General News

$9.00 per year.

BOSTON SEMI-WEEKLY POST,

Issued Mondays and Thursdays; three days Ship News in each paper, Market Reports and General News,

$3.00 per year.

Boston Weekly Post,

Issued Fridays; contains all of the important events of the week, also correct market quotations. Clubs of six for $5.00 per year.

$1.00 per year.

These papers are valuable mediums for advertising, reaching as they do a large class of business men,

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

$1.00 per square (8 lines) first insertion 50cts. per square (8 lines) each continuance,

POST PUBLISHING CO.,

15, Milk Street, Boston.

February 10, 1885.

HOT COFFEE



A DELICIOUS TREAT!

—FOR—

FROSTY WEATHER.

Coffee of the BEST QUALITY and FLAVOR can be made instantly by using

Lyman's Concentrated Extract of Coffee

For sale in lbs., ½ lbs. and ¼ lbs., by

Grocers and Druggists Everywhere.

January 26, 1885. oct14 tf

Scientific American.

ESTABLISHED 1846.

THE MOST POPULAR WEEKLY NEWSpaper devoted to science, mechanics, engineering, discoveries, inventions and patents ever published. Every number illustrated with splendid engravings. This publication, furnishes a most valuable encyclopedia of information which no person should be without. The popularity of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is such that its circulation nearly equals that of all other papers of its class combined. Price, $3.20 a year. Discount to Clubs. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & CO., Publishers, No. 361, Broadway, N.Y.

PATENTS. MUNN & CO have also had Thirty-Seven Years' practice before the Patent Office, and have prepared more than One Hundred Thousand applications for patents in the United States and foreign countries. Caveats, Trade-Marks, Copyrights, Assignments, and all other papers for securing to inventors their rights in the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany and other foreign countries, prepared at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Information as to obtaining patents cheerfully given without charge. Hand-books of information sent free. Patents obtained through Munn & Co. are noticed in the Scientific American free. The advantage of such notice is well understood by all persons who wish to dispose of their patents.

Address, MUNN & CO., Office SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 361, Broadway New York.

January 1, 1885

1885.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S WEEKLY has now, for twenty years, maintained its position as the leading illustrated weekly newspaper in America. With a constant increase of literary and artistic resources, it is able to offer for the ensuing year attractions unequalled by any previous volume, embracing a capital illustrated serial story by W. E. NORRIS; illustrated articles with special reference to the West and South, including the World's Exposition at New Orleans; entertaining short stories, mostly illustrated, and important papers by high authorities on the chief topics of the day.

Every one who desires a trustworthy political guide, an entertaining and instructive family journal, entirely free from objectionable features in either letter-press or illustrations, should subscribe to HARPER'S WEEKLY.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the WEEKLY begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Five Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
New York.

November 27, 1884.

1885.

Harper's Magazine

ILLUSTRATED,

With the new volume, beginning in December, HARPER'S MAGAZINE will conclude its thirty-fifth year. The oldest periodical of its type, it is yet, in each new volume, a *new magazine*, not simply because it presents fresh subjects and new pictures, but also and chiefly, because it steadily advances in the method itself of magazine-making. In a word, the MAGAZINE becomes more and more the faithful mirror of current life and movement. Leading features in the attractive programme for 1885 are: new serial novels by CONSTANCE FENIMORE WOOLSON and W. D. HOWELLS; a new novel entitled "At the Red Glove;" descriptive illustrated papers by F. D. MILLET, R. SWAIN GIFFORD, E. A. ABBEY, H. GIBSON, and others; Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by ABBEY; important papers on Art, Science, etc.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

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