Address of L. J. Papineau to the Electors of the Co. of Two Mountains.

Montreal Herald.

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOLUME XLIV. MONTREAL, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1852. NUMBER 124.

REMOVALS.

Removal.

A. LAURIE & CO. have REMOVED their Wholesale Store to No. 203 St. Paul Street, a few Doors east of St. Peter Street.
June 16. 92

Removal.

THE undersigned has REMOVED to No. 87 St. Paul Street, next door to Messrs. HALDIMAND & BROTHERS, where he will carry on his business, as hitherto.
HYACINTHE BUSSEAU,
Leather Merchant,
St. Paul Street.
June 16. 92

NOTICE.

TYRE, COLQUHOUN & CO. have REMOVED to No. 4, Nuns' Buildings, St. Joseph Street.
June 15. 91

JOHN ALLO'S
CHEAP LEATHER STORE
IS REMOVED

TO the BUILDING formerly occupied by the ITALIAN MUSEUM, No. 107 Saint Paul Street.
June 9. 86

G. VIRTUE, SON & CO.'S
LONDON, PARIS AND NEW YORK
Publication Depot,
REMOVED
To 165, Notre Dame Street—West.
J. B. BARRATT,
Agent.
June 9. 86

Removal.

THE undersigned has REMOVED his business to the Banking House so long and favorably known and occupied by La Banque du Peuple, an more recently by the Montreal City and District Savings' Bank, in St. François Xavier Street.
C. DORWIN.
May 10, 1852. 60

Removal.

THOMAS WILLIAMS, has REMOVED to No. 10 St. Sacrament Street.
May 8. 59

Removal.

MR. F. BENNETT has REMOVED from Saint Urbain Street, to No. 26 Saint François Xavier Street.
May 6. 57

NOTICE.

W. E. HOLMES, Esquire, Advocate, has REMOVED his Office to the Building of HUGH TAYLOR, Esquire, St. Gabriel Street, facing Little St. James' Street.
May 6. 57

Removal.

WILLIAM B. LAMBE,
Advocate,
No. 49, Little Saint James Street.
May 3. 54

Removal.

C. SOLOMON, Furrier, will REMOVE on the 1st May next, to the Premises presently occupied by Messrs. Campbell & Co., and directly opposite Messrs. Benjamin & Bros., Notre Dame Street.
April 27. 51

AUSTRALIA
AND THE
GOLD REGIONS!

The Fast-Sailing, Copper-Fastened, and Coppered
SHIP "CONCORDIA",
1,200 tons burthen,
LEVI PRATT, Esq., Commander, (who is well acquainted with the trade,)

WILL be despatched from BOSTON on MONDAY, AUG. 18th, 1852, for SYDNEY, and will carry a limited number of first and second class passengers. This ship is well ventilated, and a most desirable conveyance for persons intending to visit this promising country, where such golden harvests are being reaped by all. She has a full poop, and her state rooms are large and airy. The between decks are seven feet, and are fitted up in the most comfortable style. An experienced surgeon will be attached to the Ship; her dietary list will be found liberal and complete; and every possible comfort provided to make the voyage a pleasant one.

It is confidently expected from the superior sailing qualities of this Ship, that she will reach her destination the 1st to 10th of November.—Every information as to Goods best suited to the market (which can be purchased better in Boston than any other port) can be had on application to the owners.

GODDARD & PRICHARD,
5 Central Wharf, or
THOMAS E. LOVETT,
18 City Wharf.

Apply here, where every information can be had, and passages secured at the lowest rates, to
SHERLOCK, FOLEY & CO.,
Agents,
191, St. Paul Street.
July 12. 114

For Port Philip and Sydney,
AUSTRALIA.
ONLY REGULAR LINE.
The Beautiful Clipper Ship
EPAMINONDAS,
WHITE, Master, 1,300 tons burthen, to sail from New York on the 25th July.

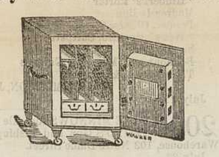
THIS handsome vessel has extensive accommodations for passengers, very light and airy, well ventilated, and properly adapted for passing through the warm climates.

A surgeon and proper attendants will be provided on board.

The arrangements for families are superior to those of any vessel bound to the above ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to
JOHN OGDEN, or
R. W. CAMERON,
116, Wall Street, New York,
Or, here to ANDREW SHAW,
NEIL McINTOSH,
Place d'Armes.
July 10. 113

Security from Fire and Thieves!



HENRY WILSON,
BLACK AND WHITE SMITH,
NO. 7 CHENEVILLE STREET,
Is now prepared to make all sorts of
SAFES,
RAILINGS, GRATES, LOCKS and KEYS; PRINTING, SEAL, LITHOGRAPHIC and COPYING PRESSES, &c. &c.
AND BELL HANGING.
June 16. 92

GREENE & SONS,
229 SAINT PAUL STREET,
MONTREAL.

MESSRS. GREENE & SONS take this opportunity of informing their friends and customers, that they have on hand, manufactured for the Spring Trade, an Extensive Assortment of
Silk, Fur and Wool Hats,
and to which they have much pleasure in soliciting the attention of Eastern and Western Merchants. Messrs. G. & S. feel assured in stating that their long experience enable them to produce an article of superior quality, at a lower price than ever before offered in Canada.

The assortment of Wool Hats, Unions, Kossuth, Rowdies, and other Articles appertaining to the trade, will be found complete.
GREENE & SONS.
Canada Hat and Fur Store,
229 St. Paul Street.
Montreal, May 11, 1852. 61

J. F. PRINGLE,
Barrister and Attorney, &c.,
CORNWALL, C.W.
November 19. 1y—225

WANTED.

WANTED—A smart active BOY to carry a Round of the *Herald*. Apply at this Office.
July 20. 121

WANTED for a Clothing Establishment, a person to assist and make himself generally useful. Also, a respectable, intelligent BOY, of good address. Enquire of W. SLACK, 28 McGill Street.
July 17. 7f—119

WANTED—A steady and respectable Man to act as COACHMAN and GROOM. Apply at this Office.
July 21. 122

WANTED—A Person to take charge of a Grocery Store, at some distance from Montreal. Salary liberal. Apply at the Office of this Paper.
July 16. 118

WANTED AT MONKLANDS—A FEMALE COOK and several WAITERS. Apply to S. COMPAIN.
July 16. 118

WANTED—A COOK, who also understands Washing and Ironing. Apply to W. E. HOLMES, Advocate, 2 St. Gabriel Street.
July 16. 118

WANTED—A GARDENER who thoroughly understands a Green House, &c.—he must be a single man. Apply at this Office.
July 7. 110

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Three or four BRASS FINISHERS, a BRASS FOUNDER and a PLUMBER, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given. None need apply except they perfectly understand their business.
CHARLES GARTH,
No. 50 Craig Street.
June 1. 79

To Tanners, Furniture Makers, Machinists, &c.

AT the UPTON STATION, on the Richmond Railroad, 2½ hours from Montreal, an opportunity offers for establishing the above lines of Business. There is a good Water Power at the spot where the Railroad crosses the White River, with a plentiful supply of water all the year round.

For particulars, apply to CAPT. SKENE, Upton Station.

There is a good Saw-Mill 400 yards from the place where the Railroad crosses. Inspection is invited. None need apply, unless prepared with good security for the fulfilment of terms that may be agreed on.
May 24. 72

Steward Wanted.

TENDERS for the supply of Board, Domestic Service, and other duties appertaining to the Office of STEWARD in BISHOP'S COLLEGE, LENNOXVILLE, will be received by the undersigned, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 14th of JULY. The service of the house to be rendered by men-servants. Further particulars may be had on application.
EDWARD CHAPMAN,
Secretary Coll. Council.
Bishop's College, June 19, 1852. mwf—100

To Blacksmiths.

AN opportunity offers for establishing a Business at the UPTON STATION of the Richmond Railway. There is as much work as one shop could do, and none yet established, and a village is growing up at the place.

For particulars, apply to CAPT. SKENE, Upton Station.

None need apply unless prepared to establish the Business entirely at their own charge. Enquiry is invited.
May 24. 72

Information Wanted.

THOMAS THOMAS, about nineteen years ago emigrated from Penfound, parish of Poundstock, Cornwall, England, with his wife and two children, and it is believed settled in Upper Canada. Mr Thomas was lame in the left leg. Since 1835 his friends have not heard from him. Any information respecting him or his family, will be thankfully received by his brother, JAMES HENRY THOMAS, Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A.

☞ Papers in Canada will confer a great favor by noticing the above.
June 19. 95

BOARD, &c.

Board in a French Canadian Family.

TWO GENTLEMEN can be accommodated in a Private Canadian Family. Enquire at No 51, Sanguinete Street.
May 17. 66

NOTICE.

MRS. STANLEY will have a couple of Rooms vacant, after the first of May.
Lagauchetiere Street,
28th April. 52

Boarding House.

MRS. KILLOCH has Vacancies for a few respectable BOARDERS, No. 61½ Craig Street, opposite the Mayor's residence.
June 1. tts—79

DR. FONTAINE'S
BALM OF
A Thousand Flowers!

FOR the TOILET, the NURSERY, for BATHING, and many medicinal purposes. Highly perfumed by its own ingredients. Recommended by the faculty of almost every European city, and established under the patronage of every Physician in London and Paris, and thousands of individuals, who make daily use of it in New York, Philadelphia and Boston. It is the greatest luxury a lady or gentleman could wish for the improvement of health, for comfort and personal embellishment, and its delicate, soothing sensation, and the delightful softness it imparts to the complexion.

We give a few of the prominent properties of the
BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS
already well established by actual experience.—
First: *THIS BALM ERADICATES EVERY DEFECT OF THE COMPLEXION,*
and establishes in its stead beauty and health, at the time when both, by the changes of age, or freaks of nature, or disease, have been obscured or undermined—it cleanses the skin, and draws to the surface all impurities, and every species of pimples and blotches: also, removes tan, sunburns, sallowness and freckles, imparting to the skin its original purity and an unsurpassed freshness, rendering it clear, smooth and white.
Second: *IT PROMOTES THE GROWTH AND INCREASE OF THE HAIR,*
CAUSING IT TO CURL IN THE MOST NATURAL MANNER; it cleanses the head from dandruff, giving vigor, health and life to the very roots of the hair.—Third: *IT IS A SUPERIOR ARTICLE FOR SHAVING,*
BEING SUPERIOR TO ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF SOAPS, CREAMS, PASTES, &c. As a detinfrice for cleansing the TEETH, it is by far the most medicinal of any compound yet discovered, preventing decay, relieving pain, ulcers and cankers, and renders the teeth white as alabaster. For the Nursery, and for Bathing, for suffering infants, and for adults, to promote sweetness of body, cleanliness, health and strength, and to prevent disease, eruptions, &c., there is no article more suitable than this BALM. It may be used in cold or warm, hard or soft water.

☞ NONE GENUINE unless SIGNED by the Proprietors,
FETRIDGE & CO.,
Manufacturers and Proprietors.
WHOLESALE, AT
NO. 15, STATE STREET,
RETAIL, AT
THE CRYSTAL PALACE,
72 and 74, Washington Street, BOSTON.
Price 50 cents and $1.00 per Bottle.

☞ Any person remitting the firm, (post-paid) will receive the ARTICLE BY RETURN OF EXPRESS.
ALEX. URQUHART,
Great St. James Street, Montreal.
August 25, 1851. mwfC—151

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
PICKLES & SAUCES, &C.

ORDERS for Shipment by early Fall Vessels, will be received by the Subscriber, up to SATURDAY, the 10th JULY.

Priced Catalogues may be had on application to
ALEX. URQUHART,
Medical Hall,
Sole Agent for the Canadas.
Montreal, June 25, 1852. 100

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have now REMOVED to their Stores, No. 5 Little St. Joseph Street, opposite the French Cathedral, where they will continue their Summer and Fall Business.
OGILVY, WOOD & CO.
July 2. 106

HOTELS, &c.

Monkland Hotel

IS NOW OPEN for the reception of Visitors, under the management of S. COMPAIN, who is well known here as a man fully qualified to please (being a good Cook) all those who may feel disposed to patronize his establishment: he will personally devote his time to render everything comfortable. The House has undergone thorough repair, being situated in one of the most salubrious localities, and only a short distance from the city.

Families who are desirous of making a selection of Rooms for the Summer Season, would do well to make timely application.
Montreal, June 12. 89

LAMB'S HOTEL,
AND
BOARDING HOUSE,
SAINT JOHN STREET, UPPER TOWN, QUEBEC.
May 21, 1852. 70

St. Leon Springs.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that the above Establishment is NOW OPEN and ready for the reception of Visitors. In order to make everything complete, the Subscriber has spared no pains in enlarging the House, Baths, and Embellishments to the place. It is beautifully situated on the Bank of the River du Loup, affording unrivalled facilities for pleasure drives. The TABLE will be served with the very best, as usual, and nothing shall be wanting on the part of the undersigned to merit, more and more, the favor of the travelling community. There will be, on arrival of the Steamers at Three Rivers and River du Loup, CARRIAGES ready to convey passengers to the Springs.
GEO. CAMPBELL.
St. Leon Springs,
18th June, 1852. 97

Restaurant.

SAMUEL M'CONKEY begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Montreal and its vicinity, that he has made alterations on his premises, for the purpose of opening a RESTAURANT on an extensive scale, and that he will in future be always able to serve
SOUPS, STEAKS, CHOPS, COFFEE, &c.,
on the shortest notice. Orders will be received and executed for supplying private parties at their residences. His Cook is an experienced one, having served an apprenticeship to Mr. Ryan—besides, having a thorough knowlege of Confectionary in general.

S. M'C. returns his sincere thanks for the patronage he has so long enjoyed; and assures his friends that every effort will be made to deserve its continuance.
May 11. 61

ATTRACTION AT COTE DE NEIGES.

Bellevue House
AND
PLEASURE GROUNDS

ARE NOW OPEN to the Travelling community and the Citizens of Montreal and its vicinity, where may be seen many thousands of TULIPS of every hue and rare quality, in full Bloom, with a variety of choice Exotic and other Flowers.

REFRESHMENTS, ICE CREAMS, &c., at all times, with CIGARS of the first brand.

Two or three Gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING.
GOOD STABLING.
EDWARD WORTH.
Cote de Neiges,
24th May, 1852. 74

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
BY
M. P. RYAN & CO.

THIS NEW AND MAGNIFICENT HOUSE, is situated on King and William Streets, and from its close proximity to the Banks, the Post Office and the Wharves, and its neighborhood to the different Railroad Termini, makes it a desirable Residence for Men of Business, as well as of pleasure.

THE FURNITURE
is entirely new, and of superior quality.
THE TABLE
will be at all times supplied with the Choicest Delicacies the markets can afford.

HORSES and CARRIAGES will be in readiness at the Steamboats and Railway, to carry Passengers to and from the same, free of charge

THE HOUSE will be OPENED to the Public, on MONDAY, the 10th instant.

NOTICE.

The Undersigned takes this opportunity of returning thanks to his numerous Friends, for the patronage bestowed on him during the past three years, and he hopes, by diligent attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.
M. P. RYAN.
Montreal, May 6, 1852. 57

THE WESTERN HOUSE,
No. 32, McGill Street,
MONTREAL,
BY JOHN W. HEWETT.

THE Subscriber having re-leased those commodious premises, formerly known as the "Ottawa Hotel", begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that no exertion on his part will be wanting to make it comfortable for all who may favor him with their patronage.

An Omnibus
connected with the House, will be in attendance, on the arrival of Steamboats, and at the Railroad Stations.
JOHN W. HEWETT.
Montreal, May 4, 1852. 3m—55

The Albion,
NO. 231 ST. PAUL STREET
MONTREAL
BY NELSON VOSBURGH.

THE Subscriber having leased those commodious premises, (formerly known as FELLERS' HOTEL, and recently as RYAN'S HOTEL, St. Paul Street,) begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that no exertions on his part will be wanting to make it comfortable for all who may favour him with their patronage.

The house will be ready for the reception of visitors on and after the 1st day of May next.
NELSON VOSBURGH,
(Late Western House.)
N. B.—Superior Stabling and covered Yard connected with the premises.
Montreal, April 22, 1852. 49

Grant's Hotel,
ST. HENRY STREET.

THE Proprietor of this long-established and well-known HOTEL, begs to remind his Old Friends (for whose past favors he begs to return his thanks,) and the Public generally, that his HOUSE is still OPEN for their reception.

The extent of his ACCOMMODATIONS IS GREATER THAN EVER, and his zeal in the discharge of his duties to the public no whit abated.

The HOUSE is LARGE, COMMODIOUS, WELL FURNISHED, and COMFORTABLE; his
TABLE
is supplied with the best that the Market affords; and his STABLES are as good as any in the city

CARRIAGES are always in attendance to CONVEY PASSENGERS to and from the different RAILWAY STATIONS and STEAMBOAT LANDINGS.
Montreal, June 14, 1852. DC 4m mwf—90

CARD.

STARK, HILL AND COMPANY,
DEBENTURE AND GENERAL CANADIEN FORWARDING
AND
Commisson Merchants.
C. A. STARK,
H. A. HILL,
E. SEARS.
Ogdensburgh, N. Y.

ADVANCES made on CONSIGNMENTS to Messrs. HILL, SEARS & CO. Boston; and ALFRED HILL & CO., Liverpool and London.
Feb. 19. 22

NOTICE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced business as GENERAL and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, in Goods of all descriptions, British, American and Colonial.

Their financial arrangements enable them to make ADVANCES on Consignments, on liberal terms.
BRADBURY & CO.
Office, No. 155 Notre Dame Street.
Montreal, June 19, 1852. 95

LEGAL SALES

FOR SALE
By Authority of Justice.

WILL be Sold on MONDAY, August 9, at NINE o'clock, A. M., at the DOOR of the CHAPEL of ST. ALEXIS, the lands hereafter described, depending on the community of goods, heretofore existing between the late PIERRE GERMAIN BELISLE, and MARY TERRIAN his widow.

1st—A Farm at St. Alexis, Fief Bailleul, of two arpents in front by twenty-one arpents in depth, bounded in front by the Seigniory of St. Sulpice, in rear by the Fief Martel, between Clement Martin and Gabriel Magnan, with an old house and barn.

2nd—A Farm in the said Parish, Seigniory of St. Sulpice, containing one arpent and a half in front by thirty arpents more or less in depth, bounded in front by the Fief Bailleul, in rear by the lands of St. Jacques, between Julien Poirier and Odilon Poirier, with house and barn.

For conditions address the undersigned at St. Alexis.
J. DUFRESNE, N. P.
Montreal, 16th July. f—121

FOR SALE,
By Authority of Justice,

TO the highest and last bidder, a LOT of LAND situated to the south of the Concession of *La Belle Riviere*, in the Parish of Ste. Scholastique, forming part of the lot of land designated as No. 804, in the plan and registration of the Seigniory of the Lake of Two Mountains, consisting of two arpents in width upon the front, and retrograding in rear to an acute-angle upon the boundary line with William Snowdon, without any buildings thereon.

The conditions will be given at the time of Sale, which will take place on the EIGHTH of AUGUST next, at the Door of the Church of ST. SCHOLASTIQUE.
A. B. PAPINEAU, N. P.
St. Martin, 23rd June, 1852. f—100

SALE OF REAL ESTATE,
By Authority of Justice.

ON MONDAY, the TWENTY-THIRD of AUGUST next, at the Door of the Parish Church of LONGUEUIL, will be Sold, by Auction, the immoveables hereinafter described, belonging to the succession of CHARLES DUBUC, situated in the Parish of Longueuil—to wit:

1st—A FARM, in the first Concession, upon the River, of three arpents and eight feet in front, by fifty arpents and five perches in one line, and forty-nine arpents and four perches in the other, more or less, bounded to the northwest by the River, in rear by the lands of Tousst. Jos. Fournier, on one side by those of Pierre Brisset, and on the other by those of Luc Dubuc, partly cultivated and partly in standing wood, with a Stone House, Barn, Stable, and other Buildings thereon erected.

2nd—A LOT of LAND, in the place called *Le Bassin*, of irregular form, comprising six arpents and twenty perches in superficies, more or less, bounded to the north-east by the lands of Tousst. Jos. Fournier and Alexis Dubuc, and elsewhere by those of the said Alexis Dubuc, the heirs of Tousst. Fournier, and the said Tousst. Jos. Fournier, in cultivation.

3rd—Another LOT of LAND in the same place, comprising five arpents and ninety-four perches in superficies, more or less, bounded to the north-east by the lands of Alexis Dubuc, and elsewhere by those of Christophe Fournier, the said A. Dubuc, and Tousst. Jos. Fournier, in cultivation.

4th—Lastly, a LOT of LAND in the fourth Concession of the Fief Tremblay, consisting of a half arpent and six feet in front, by twenty-eight arpents in depth, more or less, bounded at the north-west end by the lands of Jacques Bourdon, at the other end by those of François Tremblay, on one side by those of Luc Dubuc, and on the other by those of the heirs of Tousst. Fournier.

The conditions of sale will be announced at the time of adjudication, and may in the meantime be ascertained by application to the undersigned Notary at Boucherville.
L.S. LACOSTE, N. P.
Boucherville, 22nd June, 1852. f—100

BANKRUPT SALES.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
In the Court of Bankruptcy,
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.

In the Matter of WILLIAM BRADBURY—*Bankrupt,*
and
DAVID DAVIDSON, *et al—Assignees.*

HAVING seen the petition and answer of the said Assignees filed by them in this Matter on the application of the Honorable PETER McGILL, an hypothecary Creditor of said Estate; it is ordered, that the Sale of the said REAL ESTATE, of the said Bankrupt, situate within that portion of the Province of Canada, heretofore called Lower Canada, which has been already advertised for four months in the *Canada Gazette*, the *Montreal Gazette*, and *La Minerve* newspapers, pursuant to my order, dated the Eleventh day of October, 1849, be Sold in the BANKRUPT COURT, in the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Montreal, on FRIDAY, the SIXTH day of AUGUST next, at the hour of ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon, and that notice of such Sale be given by two insertions in the *Montreal Gazette* and *La Minerve* newspapers, previous to the day of such sale, and by such other advertisements and affidavits as to the said Assignees may seem advisable to be given.

The terms and conditions of sale to be fyled in this Court, at least two weeks previous to such sale.
(Signed), CHARLES MONDELET,
J. S. C.
Montreal, 21st May, 1852.

N. B. A description of the property referred to in the above order, is contained in advertisements, in the Canada Gazette of the 13th October 1849, Montreal Gazette of the 16th idem, and La Minerve of the 18th idem.
D. DAVIDSON,
J. YOUNG,
Assignees.
Montreal, 21st June, 1852. f—96

CHARLES STODDER,
Commission Merchant,
75, *Kilby Street, BOSTON,*

AGENT for the ENAMELLED CAR LININGS, CAR DUCK, GUTTA PERCHA PIPE, &c. &c., offers his services to Canada Merchants to purchase to order, all kinds of
New England Manufactures
and FOREIGN GOODS, in *large or small* quantities. Having twenty years experience, and an extensive acquaintance with Manufacturers and Importers, correspondents may rely upon his executing orders at the lowest market prices, from first hands.

Foreign Goods purchased in Bond, free of U. S. duties. Particular attention given to the purchase of Railroad Equipment and Car Materials.
REFERS TO
McLean & Wright, Montreal.
McLean, Brainard & Co., Ogdensburgh.
Joseph Vila, Boston.
A. E. Swasey, Supt. T. R. R., Taunton, Ms.
May 4, 1852. 3m wf—55

GREAT REDUCTION
IN PRICES OF
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
AT 217 WASHINGTON STREET,
Boston.

THE subscriber wishing to relinquish business, offers the entire stock of Goods consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, all kinds of Gold Jewelry—such as Gold Guard, Fob and Vest Chains, Gold Pencils, Pins, Rings, Ear-rings, Bracelets, Lockets, &c.; fine Silver Spoons and Forks, Plated Cake Baskets, Castors, Tea Sets, Tea Trays, and a variety of Fancy Goods usually kept in a fashionable Jewelry Store, at a great reduction in prices, until August 1st, unless previously disposed of at private sale. The Watches were imported expressly for the regular trade, and will be warrented good time-keepers.
E. CUTLER.
April 27. 3m rf—51

WILLIAM J. NEWTON,
Custom House Broker,
Shipping and Forwarding Agent,
QUEBEC.

Transhipment of Goods in transit for Montreal or any Western Port, attended to at moderate charges.
May 12. mwf—62

DAIRY BUTTER.

THE Subscriber has received a small lot of the SUPERIOR DAIRY BUTTER, made at the Model Farm, put up in crocks weighing from 15 to 20 lbs. For Sale by
NEIL M'INTOSH.
June 11. 88

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE by the Subscriber—
150,000 feet SQUARE PINE
100,000 do FLAT do
3,000 do SQUARE ELM
N. B. DESMARTEAU,
98, St. Paul Street.
April 10. 44

Field Seeds.

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
Timothy Seed, Webster Wheat
Vetches or Tares, Horse Beans
Ruta Baga, White Agricultural Carrot
and English Lawn Grass.
BENJ. WORKMAN & CO.
March 25 37

JEWELLERY.

L. P. BOIVIN has just added to his Stock, a great variety of articles of the most fashionable style, such as WATCHES, JEWELLERY, SILVER PLATE, PAPIER MACHE, &c.

Every thing which can please the most varied tastes in his branch of trade, is to be found at B. BOIVIN'S. Orders will be executed with the strictest punctuality, and at the ordinary prices.

Notre Dame Street, corner of Saint Vincent Street, opposite the new Court House.
April 29. 52

ON SALE—
Pale and Dark COGNAC BRANDY, in hhds and qr casks, Free or in Bond, of various brands
Very Old do in Bottle
Bordeaux Vinegar in hhds and qr casks
Belmont Candles
Tobacco in boxes and halves, 5's, 8's and 16's
—ALSO—
200 dozen superior Bottled Wines, consisting of Port, Madeira, Sherry and Clarets.
C. B. RADENHURST,
10, St. Sacrament Street.
June 28. 183

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS—
Twankay, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, Souchong and Oolong Teas, in chests, half chests, boxes and catties
Cavendish, Honey Dew and Plug Tobacco, 5's, 8's, 16's and 32's
Double Refined Loaf Sugar
Brigit Bastard do
Laguayra and St. Domingo Coffee
Carcina Rice, in tierces
Patent Sperm Candles
Cloves, in matts
Havanah and Principe Cigars
Livepool Soap
Putty in Bladders and Bulk
Patent Stamped and Common Wine Bottles
T D 'obacco Pipes
Calcined Magnesia
Carbonate of Soda
Sardines in Oil, Isinglass
"Millar's" Scotch Pale Ale
Wine Corks, assorted qualities
Triple Clarified Bordeaux Vinegar, in hhds, tierces and qr casks
Cambeton Scotch Whiskey
"Martell's," "Hennessy's" and "Rizat's" Pale and Dark Brandies, vintages of 1849 and 1850, in pipes, hhds and qr casks
LEMESURIER, ROUTH & CO.
July 19. 112

STEAM SOAP, CANDLE AND LARD OIL MANUFACTORY,
INSPECTOR STREET, MONTREAL.

THE attention of Merchants, Machinists, and the Trade generally, is invited to the following Articles, manufactured by the Subscribers, viz.:

SOAPS.
Common, Liverpool, Pale Yellow, White, Castile, Crane's Labor Saving, Chemical Olive, Old Brown and White Windsor, Variegated, Almond, Shaving, Rypophagan.
And a complete assortment of FANCY SOAPS.
CANDLES.
Belmont Sperm—Superior to any imported.
Patent Wax—Economical and free from smoke or smell
Patent Refined—Metallic Wicks.
Wax Wicks—An excellent article.
Tallow Candles.

OILS.
Improved LARD OIL of the finest quality, and superior in many respects to either Olive or Sperm Oil.
ANTI-CORROSIVE MACHINERY OIL, unequalled by any hitherto used in the Province, the cheapest and best for Railroads, Steamboats, and all kinds of Machinery.
—ALSO,—
Sperm, Olive, Solar Sperm, Seal, Whale, Cod, and Tanners' Oil.

The facilities for manufacturing possessed by the Subscribers from recent improvements in their Machinery, combined with the newest discoveries in the process of Manufacture, enable them to offer superior advantages, both in price and quality to purchasers.
JOHN MATHEWSON & SON.
May 14 64

FOR SALE,

IN STORE—
BAR IRON, COMMON ENGLISH AND SCOTCH; REFINED, ROLLED AND HAMMERED "BANKS" AND OTHER ENGLISH MAKES; Swedes: Common and Refined half round and oval; "Bradley's" Charcoal Nail Rods; Hoop and Band Hoop Iron; Common R G and Russian Sheet do; Cast, Blister, Shear & Spring Steel; Canada Plates, Tin Plates, Anvils, Vices, Coil, Trace, Log and Cow Chains; Cut, Rose, Clasp, Pressed, Horse and Clout Nails; Spades and Shovels; Frying Pans; Wire; Porash Kettles and Coolers; Sugar Kettles; Bake Pans; Bellied Pots; Sad Irons; Cart and Waggon Boxes; Plough Castings; Plough Moulds and Points; Scythes, Sickles and Hooks, Simmon's and other makes Chopping Axes, Mill, Circular and Crosscut Saws, Sheet and Cut Zinc, Sheet, Bar and Pig Lead, Bar and Block Tin, Shot, Powder, English and German Window Glass Putty, Cordage, Glue, Borax, Curled Hair and Hair Seating, Tin Foil, Shoe Threads and Twines.
—ALSO,—
Ames' Shovels, Blasting Powder, and Safety Fuse, Octagon Cast Steel, and all the other material used by Railroad Contractors.
—AND,—
Every description of GERMAN HARDWARE.
JOHN HENRY EVANS,
May 11. 61

HATS.

Extra Light Ventilating Gossamer Satin Hats.

THE Subscriber has just received from London, his usual supply of ELLWOOD & SON'S celebrated VELVET NAPP'D SATIN HATS.
GEO. McIVER,
135, Notre Dame Street.
Montreal, May 25, 1852. 73

THE Subscribers having erected Works on the Lachine Canal, near St. Gabriel Locks, for the manufacture of

AXES

and other heavy HEAVY HARDWARE GOODS, are now prepared to supply the *Trade* with a superior quality of warranted Cast Steel, Felling and Scoring AXES, put up in a neat and substantial manner, and of any size required.

The various patterns of Axes used in the country, or made in the United States, can be supplied, and the utmost care will be taken that the quality be such, as to insure satisfaction.
SCOTT BROTHERS,
St. Gabriel Locks,
Lachine Canal.

☞ Our Manufactory not being conveniently situated to the Business parts of the City, we shall keep a supply of our Goods with Messrs. LEMESURIER, ROUTH & CO., who will effect Sales and take orders on our account.
January 17. D Cm—8

MONTREAL
FOUNDRY AND CITY WORKS.

THE CASTING and MACHINE BUSINESS usually carried on in the above-named Works, will be CONTINUED. ORDERS for STOVES, AXES and WEIGHING MACHINES are solicited; they will be well and promptly executed, from the best material ORDERS from Merchants and Mechanics generally, for CASTINGS, STOVES, or MACHINES, made from their own patterns, will be executed at moderate prices, and their rights of pattern preserved.

FANCY CASTING will be neatly done, and Patterns made to order for Customers.
WILLIAM RODDEN,
Proprietor,
William Street, near end of College Wall.
May 28. 76

100 TONS
NAIL HOOPS AND SHEETS,
For Sale by
PHILIP HOLLAND.
May 25. 73

Ash-Leaved Kidney Potatoes.

A few bushels of this SUPERIOR EARLY SORT for SEED.
WILLIAM LYMAN & CO.
May 12. 62

FOR SALE.

THE ONE PRICE SYSTEM!!!
MORISON, CAMERON & EMPEY

HAVE just received direct from *London*, ex Cunard Steamer "Niagara",
20 Cases New Summer Goods,
containing—
1500 Swiss and Woolverein Bonnets, Fancy & Plain, latest shapes
Straw Trimmings, every width and style
White and Fancy Bonnet Ribbons, Flowers, &c
Barege, Filled, Cashmere and Delaine Long Shawls, all new styles from a celebrated maker
All shades in Braganzies, Brilliantines, &c
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c
—ALSO—
The latest Patterns in Mantles direct from Paris
Muslin and Lace Under Sleeves, Collars, Flouncing
Spotted and Worked Muslins, &c
1 Case assorted Parasols, &c
Sales made for Cash only.
Doors close punctually at Eight o'clock.
MORISON, CAMERON & EMPEY,
No. 202 Notre Dame Street.
July 7. 110

OILS, FISH, &c. &c—
Pale Seal in bbls and tierces
Cod Oil in tierces
Dry Codfish, table and small size
No. 2 Mackerel in bbls and hf bbls
250 Hams
—ALSO,—
A very superior lot of DAIRY BUTTER in tinnets of 28 lb.
JOHN WHYTE,
10½ St. Sacrament Street
July 6. 109

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
Liverpool Salt, Fine and Coarse
Liverpool Soap, "Steele's"
Montreal do and Fancy Soaps
Imperial Stout
E I Pale Ale
Castor Oil in bottles
Waterford Blue, in 14lb bxs
Lescher's Starch, in bulk and boxes
Sperm, Wax, Crystalline and Composite Candles
Cotton Wick
Batty's Sauces, Mustard and Marmalade
Copperas, Epsom Salts
English Writing and Foolscap Papers
Do Playing Cards and Address Cards
Cassia, Ground Ginger in kegs
Teas, Tobacco Pipes
And other Articles.
A. CUVILLIER & CO.
June 28. 102

NEW GOODS,
Ex Steamer "America", via Boston.

WILLIAM BENJAMIN & CO., (late BENJAMIN & BROTHERS) have just OPENED THREE CASES of NEW GOODS, (in seventeen days from the Manufacturers) consisting of the latest novelties in Rich Cashmere and Barege Long Scarfs; new Muslin and Jacconet Dresses, with Mantillas and Jackets; also, a splendid assortment of Needle Works in Chemisettes, Collars, Waistcoats, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
June 17. 93

Butter.

THE Subscriber has made arrangements that he can be supplied weekly with a superior article of SALT BUTTER, put up expressly for Family use, in jars and small tinnets, varying from 18 to 24 lbs.
—ALSO—
On hand—Sugar-cured Hams
English and American Cheese
Lochine Herrings
—AND—
Just Received—10 cases of very fine flavoured PALE BRANDY, Hennessey's brand, six years old.
DANL. LANIGAN,
Opposite Alexander's Confectionery,
Notre Dame Street.
June 21. 96

CLOTHING FOR THE SUMMER.

LAVENDER,
Merchant Tailor and General Outfitter,
108, NOTRE DAME STREET,

HAS JUST RECEIVED his SUMMER GOODS, comprising a well-assorted Stock of CLOTHS, VESTINGS, TROUSER STUFFS, &c., of the Best Quality and very Latest Styles, which he will make-up in the best manner, at the lowest prices for Cash.

ON HAND:
Ready-Made Shooting Coats, Chesterfields, Vests, and a variety of Summer Coats, Cheap for Cash.
May 17. 66

NEW GROCERIES
AND
American Dry Goods.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that he has REMOVED to those extensive Premises in St. Paul Street, lately occupied by MEAD, BROTHERS & Co., where he will keep a large and varied assortment of
GROCERIES
of every description, as well as an extensive assortment of American Manufactured DRY GOODS, which will be Sold to the Trade at low prices.
LOUIS MARCHAND.
May 1. 53

Laths.

BLIND and PLASTER LATHS
FENCE BOARDS, 5, 3, 1
For Sale by
COLIN CAMPBELL,
Brewster's Basin.
July 10. 113

GLENFIELD PATENT STARCH.
Now Used in the Royal Laundry.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to call the attention of Merchants to the "GLENFIELD PATENT DOUBLE-REFINED POWDER STARCH", the superiority of which, over every other article of the kind, is now fully proved by the great and increasing demand.
Sole Agent for Canada,
ALEXANDER WALKER,
226½, St. Paul Street.
July 7. 3m—110

SODA ASH, ST. ROLLOX:—120 casks Just Received. For Sale by
G. D. WATSON.
May 12. 62

FOR SALE—
Fine, Superfine, and Extra Superfine FLOUR
Superior Pastry Flour in half barrels for families
—ALSO—
100 barrels OATMEAL.
JANES & OLIVER.
July 28. 127

JOSEPH N. THOMSON,
TAILOR,
33½ *Great Saint James Street,*

HAS received his usual SPRING SUPPLY of GOODS, per "City of Hamilton".
Montreal, May 8, 1852. 59

JOSEPH N. THOMSON,
TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED from No

too litteral & often incorrect this translation of the Address.

COPIES OF THE
DAILY HERALD
FOR SALE AT
MESSRS. WEIR & DUNN'S,
Great St. James Street.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

☞TAKE NOTICE.—We take no letters out of the Post Office unless they are PRE-PAID.

DIOGRAM OF THE FIRE.

Persons who were unable to procure copies of the "Extra Herald," containing the Plan of the late Fire may have copies of our Weekly Edition, which will contain the Plan, on Saturday Morning, at the Stores of R. Chalmers & Co., and Weir & Dunn's, Great St. James' Street, and at the "Herald Office."

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1852.

THE WEEKLY HERALD
FOR
Europe, the United States and the Country
WILL BE ISSUED ON SATURDAY MORNING, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

To be had at R. Chalmers & Co.'s, and at our Office; also, at the Warehouse of Weir & Dunn, Great St. James Street.

COLONIAL REPRESENTATION IN THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.—Our Canadian "Transcript of the British constitution", was, apparently,

—— intended,
For nothing else, but to be mended;

and, among other proposed tinkerings, we find several of our contemporaries edifying their readers with *rechauffees* of old Adam Smith's panacea for Colonial and Mother-Country political antagonism, by admitting the colonies as partners, and giving them a proportionate voice in the national legislature. We need not repeat the countless objections to any such scheme—the insurmountable obstacles in the way of carrying it out—, but the following suggestion of our friend of the *Transcript*, we most heartily concur in, and we should be glad to see the matter taken-up and discussed, during the approaching session of the legislature. Our contemporary, after stating that, "the more the scheme (representation in the Imperial Parliament) is looked into, the more it seems to us impracticable", adds :—

There was a time when Governors governed; now the universally admitted rule is this, that the Governor does not govern, but is himself governed. He is not entitled to protect even his own personal honour. He may promise this to-day which the plea of altered circumstances may allow him to refuse to-morrow. Let us have an elective governor. He will be our most efficient parliamentary agent. His despatches will command some authority. He will be sure to represent the public opinion of the colony; and that representation will be, of all others, the most efficient.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.—The following very *pawky* remarks, are from Mr. Beattie's ("Nothing like leather,") *Toronto Leader* :—

The opinion has been expressed that, all things considered, the choice could not fall on a more fitting person than ex-Solicitor General Macdonald. His qualifications for the post are not to be disputed. His position moreover has been regarded as entitling him to the dignity. At the formation of the present Cabinet he was offered a bureau; but not being a mere office seeker, he declined from, we believe, professional reasons. He has since been unanimously returned to Parliament, and has doubtless assisted, by contributing to the return of others, to augment that reform majority in whose gift the Speakership lies. Personally he is one of the least obnoxious men in either party; indeed of personal enemies he may be said to have none.—Of course we cannot pretend to know Mr. Macdonald's feelings on the subject; but this we do think, should it be apparent that he is the choice of the Reform party—a term synonymous with that of majority—it will be his duty not to decline to serve his country in that capacity.

O. K.—The *ministry* scarcely deserve it at his hands; but, as their *pawky* ally says, "all things considered," our good friend *Sandfield* (one of the best natured fellows in the world), we think it probable, returning good for evil, will not "decline to serve his country IN THAT CAPACITY."

REBUILDING ON OLD LINES.—Our attention has been directed to the fact, that some proprietors in St. Mary Street, are already beginning to build upon the old lines. A by-law was past by the Council the other day to prevent any premises from being rebuilt except upon lines furnished by the Surveyor. We do not know whether it is thought impracticable to take advantage of the present opportunity to widen this important Street; if not no time should be lost, in determining what is to be done and adhering to the rule laid down.

The following, accompanying the handsome donation of £25 has been handed to us for publication :—

NEW YORK & BOSTON, July 15, 1852.

Messrs. FROTHINGHAM & WORKMAN, Montreal.

GENTLEMEN,—Will you please do us the favour to appropriate the inclosed one hundred dollars, towards the unfortunate sufferers by the late conflagration in your city.

We are, dear Sir,
Your most obdt. servants,
NAYLOR & CO.

The Hartford *Times* states that the losses of the Insurance Companies of that city by the late fire in Montreal are overrated in the Montreal papers. The loss of the Ætna Company, as reported by itself, are $58,000; of the Protection Insurance, $10,600; and of the Hartford Insurance, $3000.—The monthly receipts of the first named company, from premiums, &c., are stated by the *Times* at $80,000.

AID TO THE SUFFERERS.—We think most of our readers will approve of "A Subscriber to the Relief Fund's" suggestion in another column.

In our yesterday's account of the proceedings of the Relief Committee, for "John A. Rachan, Esq., New York, £10," read John A. F. Rachan, Esq., New York, £15.

THE FOLLOWING OF CHRIST, by Thos. A. Kempis: Sadlier.—This is a little work of devotion, which, as far as we have seen at a glance, contains matter that would be thought highly of by all christians, Protestant or Catholic. It is, however, a Catholic work, approved by the Primate of Ireland and Archbishop Hughes, and may, probably, in some points, contain doctrinal precepts which would be less appropriate for those not belonging to the Catholic Church, than the merely practical and devotional portions which we have perused.

ESSAY ON THE REGISTRY LAWS, by John Bonner, Esq.—We have been favored with a copy of this work which we cordially recommend to every man of business or owner of property.—The knowledge it contains is invaluable to them, though we advise none to be their own lawyers even with its assistance.

THE AMERICAN CELT.—This Journal which attained a considerable circulation, as an Irish and Catholic organ, has been removed from Boston, to Buffalo, where it is expected to take the lead in the West in the same line, which it chalked out for itself at Boston. Mr. Sadlier is the Agent and will receive subscriptions or advertizements.

CITY POLICE.—Joseph Beaudry was, on Wednesday last, committed for trial, under the warrant of Wm. Ermatinger, Esq., for stealing out of the dwelling house of Theophile Hurtubise, a farmer residing at Cote des Neiges $105 in gold coin, on the night of the 8th instant.

George White, was yesterday committed for trial under the warrant of Wm. Ermatinger, Esq., J. P., for stealing on the same day, in the shop of Thomas Pelton, St. Paul Street, one pair of trousers, valued at 20s.

NEW WORKS.

BOOK OF BRITISH SONGS: J. B. Barrett, Agent, Notre Dame Street.

Contents of part 18:—"Oh! would I were but that sweet Linnet"; "When wild war's deadly blast was blown"; "Now bar the door", &c. &c. All singers should subscribe to this work, each song is illustrated with a superb wood engraving.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES: J. B. Barrett, Agent, Montreal.

Part 8 of this work has been received—we are happy to hear that its subscription list is rapidly increasing in this city.

THE CYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL ARTS: J. B. Barrett, Montreal.

This is a work which all our Mechanics, Manufacturers and Engineers should possess. It is edited by Charles Tomlinson, with great ability.

Mr. B. Dawson, has received the July number of Graham's Magazine and Godey's.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday, at noon, the Thermometer stood in the shade, at 94°.

The steamer Rowland Hill leaves this evening, at 6 o'clock, for Quebec and Cacouna, being an extra trip. Families intending to visit Murray Bay, River du Loup, and other celebrated and fashionable salt watering places, should take this opportunity, as on the excursion to the Saguenay, on Monday evening, the steamer may be crowded. It will be seen that she leaves Quebec on Sunday evening, to return to Montreal.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.

Sir,—In your report of the proceedings of the Relief Committee of yesterday, I notice the following statement:—"Arrangements have been made with Messrs. Frothingham and Workman, for the supply, at wholesale prices, of such mechanics' tools as may be needful, to furnish to journeymen carpenters, shoemakers and others, as may have lost them during the late conflagration, the means of resuming their different occupations." Without intending to cast any blame upon any one who has entered into this arrangement (no doubt with the best intentions), allow me to suggest the propriety of substituting the following plan, viz:—First ascertaining the amount necessary to furnish each mechanic with the tools he may require, and then give them a general order for such amount in tools, which will enable the bearer to procure the tools where he can find them to the best advantage, and such as may be best adapted to his employment, without confining their choice to any one store.

Yours, &c.,
A SUBSCRIBER TO THE RELIEF FUND.
Montreal, July 22, 1852.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.

Sir,—In your notice, in this morning's paper, of the fire discovered in our gateway, you say that "there was a great deal of turpentine in the loft above, and in the cellar beneath". There was but one barrel of spirits of turpentine on the whole premises. I must also correct another error.—Mr. Anthony Kerry, on going to bed, saw a light under the gateway, he immediately called another person and they had thrown several buckets of water (which are kept in readiness on the premises) on the fire before Mr. Kirkup's people, who had been alarmed by the Policeman, arrived at the spot.

I mean not to detract from the merits of the Police Serjeant who deserves every praise for his vigilance but simply to state a fact.

JOHN CARTER.
Montreal, July 22, 1852.

TO THE FREE AND INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF TWO MOUNTAINS.

GENTLEMEN,—Many of the most respectable and influential electors of your County, of various origins, addressed me in writing long before as well as on the eve of the late election, to induce me to accept the honor of the candidature to represent you in Parliament. I invariably replied to them, that I begged they would excuse me, and lose no time in selecting some other, more competent than I, for the honorable charge. Several of the electors took the trouble of visiting me personally, to urge upon me the acceptance of the candidature, promising their most energetic efforts to secure its success. To all I replied that I must entreat them to desist; that the grief and mourning inflicted by Death upon my family, had borne me down with premature age, more even than all my past toils and troubles. That the sudden change from a sedentary, studious life, to the laborious activity necessary for clearing land and building, which I had undertaken, had weakened my health and necessitated tranquility and repose—that after fifty long years, passed in all the agitations of public life, more difficult and painful in Canada than in any other country, on account of its unfortunate exceptional condition as a colony, of its admixture of races, laws, modes of education, and early prejudices too often mutually hostile, I craved a few days of quiet and retreat—of that life passed in the family and in study, which I had always preferred to the excitement of electoral and Parliamentary struggles.

In my season of vigour I had sacrificed my tastes as a private man to my duties as a public man, by submitting to the desires of my fellow-citizens in the country, and of my colleagues in Parliament, who, during long years, applauded my ardent demands on England for equal justice to all Canadians by birth or adoption—equal justice for all origins and creeds—the extension of elective institutions, if not adapted to the social condition of England, at least adapted to that of Canada, the neighbour of the United States of Canada, in a position to see, understand, and love all that their system of legislative and executive powers, state and federal, has developed in the way of morality, public spirit, general education, industry, happiness, and success in all pursuits.

The time appeared to me to have come, when the choice of a liberal and devoted young man would be probably more useful to the electors, and certainly more agreeable to me, especially as the general elections have not given to the progressive party any preponderance sufficiently decisive to make me desire to enter the Legislative Assembly. All these reasons are good and true after, as they were before my election.

In spite of these sincere protestations on my part, you have judged that I ought still to aid in preventing the progress of evil, and promoting that of good. With too feeble a hope of success to go with pleasure to the post that you assign me, I shall yet endeavor to see if we have anything better to hope from the present Parliament than from the last. In the latter, the dominant party appeared to believe that its mission was limited to the subaltern and easy part of saying, we to-day enthrone the men in whom we have confidence, with the engagement to examine and sustain inflexibly all their decisions during a period of four years. + but slightly

Stranger to a great deal of what passed in my absence from the country, I voted for this ministry, saving, however, my independence, and wishing to be able to vote with them for four years, if in practice, they had been as liberal as they were in their noisy professions; and foreseeing the possibility that I might have to vote against them in four days, if any measure of the self-styled liberals appeared to me to be illiberal.—Their measures often appeared to me to be illiberal, and I voted against them.

The last ministry was retrograde, ultra-conservative; prodigal of the public purse; active in increasing the centralization of power, and the prerogatives of the Crown, because it believed itself in a position to make them profitable to it and to its complacent flatterers. It was the clumsy, but fiery persecutor of all opposition, however moderate, whether in Parliament, in the press, or in the public, because some of its members had participated in the agitations of 1837, and because those who had been their antagonists could remind them that they had not always had for England words so gracious, honied and leavened with gratitude, as those they now uttered, since the rapid changes of events had made them Attornies General, indispensible advisers of the Governor and his friends of to-day, instead of his enemies of yesterday.

Pin scratches and small raps, which strong men would have allowed to pass unheeded, threw them into paroxysms of exaggerated professions of loyalty, ridiculous from the first in their mouths, and which became crimimimal, when they proceeded to numerous and absurd deprivations in the militia and magistracy of those who had disarmed them in 1837, as well as of many of their own friends, who had remained faithful to principles once common to all.

Was it the Governor who demanded this immense holocaust on the altar of their budding loyalty, already so extreme the day after its birth? In this case he would have been faulty, but more excusable than they; for, newly come from Europe, he might not have known how much similar excesses committed in this country had left the citizens struck at, more respected, and influential afterwards, than they were before their destitution.

Happily this ministry has fallen, and is interred without the possibility of resuscitation. It has engraved its condemnation in its indigested enactments, augmenting largely the duties, augmenting still more the ministerial patronage by many new and useless commissions, expensive and inquisitorial to excess, like that which you have lately seen figuring among yourselves. Oh you who have suffered so much pillage and burning, during the civil war, is it not too evident that the commissioners, these grand friends of the ministers, have been paid largely in ready money, while you, the small friends of the ministry, are to be paid meagrely enough, and that only after twenty years.

This ministry has engraved its condemnation in its distant pilgrimages from city to city, at the orders of the mob; in the cowardly persecutions of the signers of the annexation address, which did not pass the limits of legality, while it restricted its administrative judgment to anathematizing in a powerless, but verbose proclamation, those who had burned the Parliament House and pursued the Governor General with stones.

These lessons ought not to be lost on their successors. In the new ministry, though there remains enough of the old leaven to excite alarm, there are some men of progress who may give occasion to hope for a better future, if they are judiciously and not servilely supported and encouraged.

After the calamities of 1837, it was but too natural that discouragement should for a time take possession of the greater part of the citizens especially during the duration of the exceptional government of the Court Martials and Special Councils—that public life should be given up by many weak and unenlightened individuals, and should be continued only by those who ceased not to love their country before all, and to whom their knowledge had taught this article of political faith, that absolute and arbitrary power always intoxicates those who exercise it, whether confided by commissions to a Sydenham or a Durham, or granted still more surely for four years to a ministry as it was during the last Parliament according to the irrational doctrine then adopted, viz: "that it is necessary to adopt one party or other, always to sustain your own and keep it up during this Parliament: if we are wrong our successors will do better." The judge who should ascend the tribunal with such sentiments, would be a prevaricator of justice, the scourge of his country; equally so are representatives, judges with a jurisdiction more extensive and more responsible, who avow such pernicious principles, or who, without avowing them, have agreed to act as if they had signed them. This I saw and deplored.

The return to a Parliamentary regime was effected by an avowed and shameless corrupter, who revealed his turpitudes, his purchases of votes by promises of lucrative places, by violence at elections, and by intimidation in Parliament, and who wrote that if his successors followed his practices and manœuvres their success would be as great as his own.

Since the fatal reunion of the Provinces, the artifice, named art, and the beauty of responsible government, has consisted in having two parties nearly in equilibrium, whose richly salaried chiefs, when they carried by assault their places, were bound by every possible sacrifice of patronage to maintain themselves in power, while the chiefs of a systematic and perpetual opposition, were bound to strive to triumph in their turn by giving to their partizans, almost equally numerous, the promise of the same advantages, if they gained over two or three adversaries. Hence what rapid and scandalous movements of the shuttlecock! What intrigues on each side, for supplanting the other! What concert between adversaries so fiercely opposed to each other, to prevent the birth of a party sufficiently honest to regard only the nature of the propositions debated, and to vote for those which appeared to be good, and against those which appeared to be evil, from whatever side they might come. So many purely personal denunciations during more than ten years, between the most influential Parliamentarians, arranged in two rival and inimical camps, have given birth to reflections among the public. Was the public interest of any account whatever, in this ardour for supplanting each other? Had the electors anything to gain or lose, in the triumph of one party, rather than in that of another? Almost nothing. All the ministerial faculties were absorbed by the difficulty of maintaining a slippery position, so that neither one or the other sufficiently forwarded, while in power, the reforms they had promised in opposition.

Victors and vanquished of 1837, after the hatreds, angers and vengence of those sad days became calm. Reflection at last came, and when it was asked what the Country had gained by the changes in its political institutions, it became understood that the new legislation by exalting the functionaries too highly abased the representation too low. An instrument docile to the voice of some leaders of the file, it was without any initiative faculty, if it but pleased these leaders to say that the bills introduced by their adversaries related to subjects with which the cabinet was occupied.

When it became generally understood, that the Parliament legislated so little and so badly for the public benefit; that in the midst of the general languor, salaries increased and multiplied in rapid progression, in proportion as each ministerial association acquitted its debts towards those who had assumed to be the intimate Councillors of its majesty, right-thinking men acquired the conviction that the system misnamed responsible was, as practised a snare and deception, very costly and very deceptive for all alike except the bureaucracy of official parties.

Better is sought for. Will it be found? Yes; sooner or later; but it will be found. Scarcely four years ago the whole of the French press was ministerial, personal, lying and salaried. When the ministry had the insolence to say and make others say to the first who spoke of freedom of examination and discussion on public men and public measures: "No, you shall not have it; you wish to bring back 1837 and its disasters; but we well know how to prevent that, for there is a ministry strong and practical, which watches you and which will if necessary awake the sleeping executioners."—When they said this, public opinion did not the less awake. More just, more tolerant and more patriotic ideas were produced among enlightened and honest men in all parties, who had been too far estranged from each other. These men were able to approach each other, to enlighten each other, mutually to excuse each other—to agree that there had been wrongs and errors on all sides, less, said each, on our side than on yours, but still on all sides. Let us see that we do not repeat them. Important questions were examined relative to freedom of commerce, to reciprocity, to freedom of navigation, to the elective principle, to the militia officers, and the Legislative Council, the colonization of wild lands—even Annexation to the United States.—And peaceable and influential men wished and believed they might be able to obtain that from England by pacific negotiations—by petitions respectful in words, but rich in facts and calculations, proving that the mother country would lose nothing by the change, and that we should gain infinitely.

I am one of those who think that a truth gained by all who have examined this important problem under all its divers aspects. Our social condition is very analogous to that of the Americans; but very different from that of England. Our interests in America are greater and more numerous than in Europe; Colonial inferiority neither can nor ought to be endured forever; it has a period indefinite but inevitable, and certain as death for man. And when the question is asked—which is best for our descendants? the strifes and rivalries of ~~their diverse nationalities~~ + or an aggregation to that fine confederacy; there can be no hesitation, in presence of the spectacle afforded by American power, already second to no nation of the civilized world, and which, if it progress for fifty years to come, as it has done during the past half century, will become the greatest nation of the civilizing Caucasian race. What pigmies will be our descendants by the side of this colossus! Should we leave them exposed to the dangers of an unequal and impossible struggle, or will it not be better to associate them with a future so glorious as that which must belong to a State, as large itself as the whole of Europe, to be peopled in a time which will be seen by many of our young men, by more than ~~fifty~~ a hundred millions of enlightened and prosperous inhabitants.

In these different manifestations born spontaneously from the people, outside of the Parliament; in these discussions, where honest men of all parties, who formerly never met, but who since have cordially shaken hands; in these frank, honest and moderate explanations, on such important points, of which some years earlier the mere mention among the same men would have provoked acts of violence—in all these facts, who does it not discover new democratic tendencies in the people of all origins to whom birth or choice has given Canada for a country—for the land of their ~~affections?~~ The old and too rancorous parties have approached each other by the mutual exchange of good opinions, which had been too exclusively those of one or the other of them, and by the reciprocal abandonment of ill founded antipathies. What more patent demonstration could have been found than what results from the present election? Alas! But a few years ago, these old parties did more mutual damage than the same divisions in any other county of the Province, and yet both by a great and marked majority—such as could not be exceeded—have just in spite of my prayers sent me to the new Parliament. Oh you my well beloved compatriots, who, in the devastation of your property, the sorrows of exile and rigors of imprisonment; who in the still more profound mourning which has been caused you by the deaths of parents and friends cherished beyond all expression, have known in all their bitterness the evils brought about by intestine dissensions, when despairing to obtain justice by the strongest arguments a people is insensibly drawn, spite of itself, to demand it by the doubtful chance of force—yes you have cruelly suffered, and yet you have in majority voted for him whom old colleagues and co-operators have calumniously represented to you as the sole author of your sufferings.

Many of you, who heard me speak, know that, while I said, armed resistance was morally and constitutionally justifiable, if the English Parliament disposed of your property against your will, I added, that such resistance was neither prepared for nor prudent, and that, for the moment, it was necessary to limit one's self to the restraining of a criminal government, keeping just within the outside boundaries of legality; but not stepping beyond them. Many who did not hear me may have believed the calumny, and yet you voted for me. You said, well! He has suffered like ourselves he has acted like ourselves. He does not deny us, as we have been denied by many of those who acted like him and with him, but with greater violence. He does not profess an ardent gratitude to England, because after we were crushed by arms she has against the known wishes of the majority, robbed us of a tolerable constitution, to impose upon us one that is unjust and partial. He remains, still, a good Canadian and a good Democrat. For this he formerly had our confidence; for this he still merits it: let him be our chosen representative. And you fellow-citizens, who preserve a sincere attachment to the noble country of your birth, respected fellow citizens of other origins than mine, who by your majority have voted for a known Annexationist, shall I thence conclude that you approve that article of his creed? Not at all: many among you may be Annexationists, many may not be so, and yet you have voted as you have done. You are sufficiently enlightened to comprehend how many and how great are the advantages of free discussion, such as in Europe, alas! can now only take place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland—sufficiently enlightened to tolerate among those whom you believe sincere and in good faith some opinions even opposed to your own—opinions that offer no charms of profit, but on the contrary the danger of prosecution for those who profess them, and which if ill founded should be refuted, not stifled. You do not require that your representative should have in all points the same opinions as yourselves, only that he should think with you on the greater number of questions of public interest—that he should be in a position to appreciate with knowledge the reasons of his adversaries, and to explain his own; that his motives of action should be always pure and disinterested, though his votes may not always be conformable to the views of every one of his electors. You have believed that you would find in me these sentiments, and you have by your majority honored me with your choice.—Your conduct then has been particularly liberal towards me, it has been nobly English and I thank you for it.

The victors and the vanquished of 1837, have both given me a majority—to me, the man on whom many of his ancient coadjutors have sought to cast the exclusive responsibility of the catastrophes that they provoked, at least as much as he.

What are we thence to conclude? That the good sense of the people, its morality, its love of the right and just, have made it discover what there was of cowardice and of ignominious apostacy in the colleagues who wished to proscribe their ancient chief and friend; and that the political consistency of a man will, in the end, be appreciated and respected.

This is a lesson too striking not to attract the attention of the enlightened, ardent and patriotic youth, whose time is almost come to enter the career, whence I must shortly depart. It points out to all, that in public as in private life, honesty is the best policy—an axiom too often forgotten by those, who make it a necessity to live in the Parliamentary arena, who seek an entrance to it with passion, and who only labour for the gain, the honours and the power.

Yes, the system of government, which has prevailed during late years, the temptations offered by corruption and ministerial patronage, have been too strong for feeble virtue, for vain and luxurious men. This election in all its circumstances gives them a serious and useful instruction. This fact consoles me for many sorrows, and is one of the reasons, which forces me, as if against myself, not to refuse so honorable a commission ~~as that conferred on me by your noble county~~ from so noble a county.

I am with respect,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
L. J. PAPINEAU.

+ of Nations, such as so frequently deluged Europe in blood, or

Arrival of the America at Halifax.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

HALIFAX TELEGRAPH OFFICE, July 20th, 9 o'clock, P.M.

The steamship America, from Liverpool 10th instant, arrived here at 8 o'clock this evening. She has 60 passengers, 22 for Boston.

The Baltic arrived at Liverpool at 5 minutes past seven o'clock, on Wednesday, 7th instant. The anniversary of the 4th was celebrated on board the Baltic in patriotic style.

Apart from the results of the Parliamentary elections, now pending in England, the news is not important. There are, however, numerous items of interest to the public.

Cotton unchanged with slack business owing to the elections. Grain markets were dull.—Moderate business doing in Provisions. Naval stores in fair demand. No sales of Rice. In London little doing in Grain. Wheat at 1s decline. Sugar—West India quiet. Coffee—Prices barely maintained. Tea languid.

Money abundant. American Stocks in fair demand, excepting Railroads. Trade at Manchester moderately favorable. In France the same.

Weather in England has been fine, and crops in all parts of Europe remarkably prosperous.

ENGLAND.

The Parliamentary elections are occupying the whole share of public attention. Most of the English Borough Members have been returned, the Counties having yet to elect. The result so far, is not encouraging to the Government, but may be better when the Counties have polled.

A return in the Daily News of Friday, classifies the Members elected, as 156 Liberals and 80 Derbyites. The Times has 139 Liberals, 58 thorough Ministerialists, and 28 Liberal Conservatives. Among the more noticeable names in the list of members returned, are Lord John Russell and Baron Rothschild for London; Lord Palmerston, Dr. Layard, (of Nineveh celebrity,) G. F. Muntz, and W. Scholefield, for Birmingham; T. S. Duncombe, Sir C. Wood, Hon. T. M. Gibson, and John Bright, for Manchester; R. N. Milnes, J. Brotherton, and J. A. Roebuck, for Sheffield; Sir W. Molesworth, J. L. Ricardo, Sir R. Peel, Hon H. Labouchere, Sir Delacy Evans, Sir. Wm. Clay, and S. Batho, for Tower Hamlets.

George Thompson, it will be observed, has lost his election, much dissatisfaction being expressed by his constituency at his desertion of his duties for an entire session, while engaged in agitating in the United States.

Turner and McKenzie, the Tory candidates, have gone in for Liverpool, by a large majority, and Hon. S. Watt, Liberal, has succeeded Feargus O'Connor, for Northampton.

Returns are still coming to hand, but cannot be embraced within the limits of this despatch.

The Royal Agricultural Society of England offers a prize of £1000, and the gold medal of the Society, for the discovery of manure equal in fertilizing properties to the Peruvian guano, of which an unlimited supply can be furnished in England at £5 per ton.

Another failure is announced in the Flax trade, namely, A. Duncan & Sons, of Dundee; liabilities £20,000, with small assets.

The Brothers Stratford, recently imprisoned in Italy, have arrived at Liverpool.

Latest election returns have been received at Dublin and Wigan. No particulars yet come to hand.

FRANCE.

Rumors of changes in the ministry are again current. Drouyn de Lhuys had, it is said, been offered the Foreign Department, Baroche the Interior, and Fould the Finance.

Lately the minister of Agriculture was instructed to ascertain and report on the statistics of salt used for agricultural purposes. The public have taken the alarm, suspecting the intention of the Government to impose the salt duty.

The insurrection in Algeria appears to be suppressed for the present.

Changarnier has left Malines for a short tour in Germany. Lamartine is in Burgundy.

The Moniteur contradicts the statement that disaffection has been discovered in one of the regiments of the line.

It is reported, both in London and Paris, that Louis Napoleon has informed the British Government that he is prepared to admit certain English staples into France on easy terms, provided the British impost duty on French wines be repealed.

Several lamentable cases of hydrophobia are recorded in the Parisian papers, this week.

Throughout France, warm weather has succeeded the late heavy rains, and already a rapid improvement has taken place in the crops. Hay prospects are better; Rye cutting has been commenced in the Pas de Calais, and the Wheat harvest, partially, in the South. The condition of the vineyards is less unsatisfactory in the Bordelais than on the Rhone. The price of Wheat and Flour have fallen, in consequence of the promised abundance.

PORTUGAL.

The St. Ubes salt monopoly may now be considered as suppressed, American, English, Russian, and other vessels, are loading upon the same terms as Portuguese.

SWITZERLAND.

The Sonderbund party in Friburg, have appealed to the Federal Council against the measures taken to break up their organization. Should their demand be refused, they threaten to find means of redress other than those provided by the Constitution.

The five hundredth anniversary of the admission of the Canton of Zug into the Federation, was celebrated on the 27th ult., with much solemnity.

M. Thiers, having quitted Switzerland, has decided to take up his residence temporarily at Piedmont, afterwards at Florence.

ITALY.

Papal States.—The Pope has been busied with the religious ceremonies which annually take place on St. John's Day and succeeding holidays.

TUSCANY.

Letters from Florence state that the Grand Duke has imposed an extra tax on wine, and all other articles of consumption, except flour, oat meal, and on domestic manufactured goods introduced into the cities of Pisa and Sienna.

A decree has just been promulgated at Florence, subjecting to military discipline, young men who, owing to idle or irregular habits, were a burthen to their families, and dangerous to the public repose.

SARDINIA.

A decree is published, imposing quarantine on all vessels at Sardinian ports, from New Orleans and Mobile; the reason assigned being the prevalence of cholera at Louisiana.

ITALY.

Many political arrests have taken place within a few days at Milan and Venice. It is said that the arrests were from the trivial circumstance of one of Mazzini's bank notes having been found by the police, while searching a house in Milan for smuggled goods.

PRUSSIA.

Agricultural reports speak hopefully of the prospect of the harvest throughout Prussia.

AUSTRIA.

The Emperor having completed his tour in the Southern Provinces of Hungary, has returned to Buda.

A letter from Vienna in the Times, states that the rumor of a proposed Lombard Loan of 100,000,000 lire is not correct.

HUNGARY.

Generals Dembinski and Sczemere write to the Paris Journal des Debats, referring to Gorgey's book on the Hungarian war, and deny that they offered the crown of Hungary to Russia. Gorgey himself, they say, was the only one by whom the proposal was ever made. Sczemere's letter concludes thus: "To offer the crown of Hungary to the Russians could only be the work of a man reduced to the last extremities of despair, like M. Kossuth, or of a man destitute of principle, like M. Gorgey. I may add that Count Batthyani had it is true, no confidence in Austria, but in Russia had still less."

RUSSIA.

The Emperor was expected at Berlin on the 6th, and on the 14th would leave for St Petersburgh.

The Russian fleet had left Elsinore for the North Sea.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

The steamship Bosphorus brings advices to the 29th of May. The Kaffir war presents no new features, and seems to be as far from terminating as ever. Gen. Cathcart had established his head quarters at Fort Beaufort, and announced to the enemy that no terms would be listened to, but submission or defeat.

THE ARMY.

WAR OFFICE, June 18.

3rd Regiment of Foot.—Lieut. Garnett Warburton to be Captain, by purchase, vice Richardson, who retires. Ensign Robert Sandford Warburton to be Lieut, by purchase, vice G. Warburton.

16th Foot.—Ensign Francis Retallack to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Singleton, who retires.

17th Foot.—Ensign Charles Thomas Castle, from half-pay Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, to be Ensign, vice Honourable Wm. Henry Herbert, appointed to the 43rd Foot.

21st Foot.—Second Lieutenant Edward Lennox Jervis, to be First Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Wilkinson, who retires.

40th Foot.—Ensign Lewis Trelawny Clark, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Pinchney, who retires.

42nd Foot,—Lieutenant Alexander Edgar McGregor, from the 93rd Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Macnish, who exchanges.

43rd Foot.—Lieutenant William Milnes to be Captain, without purchase, vice Gore, killed in action. Ensign Francis George Stapleton to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Wrottesley, killed in action. Ensign Robert William Henry Herbert, from 17th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Stapleton.

66th Foot.—Ensign and Adjutant Harry Firth to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Bergeur, who retires.

71st Foot.—Lieutenant James Arthur Gore to be Captain by purchase, vice Ready, promoted.—Ensign William Johnson to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Gore. George Campbell, Gent. to be Ensign by purchase, vice Johnson.

74th Foot.—Lieutenant Lewis Augustus Brydon to be Captain, without purchase, vice Patton, prom.

75th Foot.—Ensign Campbell Mitchell to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Baxter, who retires.

88th Foot.—Lieut. Edward Rowland Forman to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brooke, who retires. Ensign John Edward Riley, to be Lieut., by purchase, vice Forman.

91st Foot.—Ensign George Spaight to be Lieut., by purchase, vice Pickwick, who retires. Alexander Cunningham Bruce, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Spaight.

93rd Foot.—Lieut. Wm. Lear Macnish, from the 42nd Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice McGregor, who exchanges. Captain George Cornwall, from the 95th Foot, to be Captain, vice Seton, who exchanges.

95th Foot.—Captain George Seton, from the 93rd Foot, to be Captain, vice Cornwall, who exchanges.

Cape Mounted Riflemen.—Richard Rorke, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Horace Musgrave deceased.

MEMORANDUM.—The surname of the Ensign appointed to the 34th Regiment of Foot, on 11th June, 1852, is *Lawrence*, and not *Laurence*, as stated in the Gazette of that date.

WAR-OFFICE, June 25.

3rd Regiment of Dragoon Guards.—Lieutenant Edmund Henry Turton to be Captain, by purchase, vice Whitby, who retires. Cornet James Winterbottom (R. M.) to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Turton.

4th Dragoon Guards.—Lieutenant Arthur Masterton Robertson to be Captain, by purchase, vice Williams, who retires. Cornet Robert Gunter to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Robertson.

11th Light Dragoons.—Lieut. Frederick Henry Sykes to be Captain, by purchase, vice Sandes, who retires.

10th Regiment of Foot.—Assistant-Surgeon John Andrew Woolfreyes, from Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Jacob, deceased.

11th Foot.—Lieutenant Winter Goode to be Captain, by purchase, vice Conran, who retires. Ensign John Finch, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Goode.

25th Foot.—Ensign Francis Kegan Cox to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Potts, who retires.

35th Foot.—Captain Oliver Nicolls Chatterton, from half-pay unattached, to be Captain, vice Bayly, who exchanges.

30th Foot.—Lieutenant Edward Beauchamp Maunsell, from the 87th Foot, to be Lieut., vice Hardinge, promoted to an Unattached Company, without purchase.

40th Foot.—Major Thomas James Valiant, to be Lieut.-Col., by purchase, vice Stretton, who retires. Captain Arthur Leslie to be Major, by purchase, vice Valiant. Lieutenant Robert Hare to be Captain, by purchase, vice Leslie. Ensign Charles Henry Hall to be Lieut., by purchase, vice Hare.

41st Foot.—Lieut. Henry Warter Meredith to be Captain, by purchase, vice Robert Stuart, who retires. Ensign Frederick Cherburgh Bligh to be Lieut., by purchase, vice Meredith.

42nd Foot.—Duncan Macpherson, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase. Ensign John Drysdale to be Adjutant, vice Pitcairn, promoted.

55th.—Ensign William Macdonell to be Lieut. without purchase, vice Lloyd, deceased. Gent. Cadet Lea Birch, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Macdonnell.

62nd Foot.—Ensign Charles Cooch to be Lieut. by purchase, vice O'Donnell, who retires.

66th Foot.—Ensign Edward James Storey, to be Lieut. without purchase.

72nd Foot.—Ensign John Campbell Stewart to be Lieut. by purchase, vice Anderson, who retires.

87th Foot.—Lieutenant George Granville Gower Munro, from half-pay Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, to be Lieut. vice Maunsell, appointed to the 39th Foot.

93rd Foot.—Lieut. Warner Westenra Carden to be Captain, by purchase, vice Goldie, who retires. Ensign William Turner to be Lieut. by purchase, vice Carden.

2nd West India Regiment.—Ensign Lloyd Richter Creak Dionet to be Lieut. without purchase, vice Simmons, whose promotion on the 17th Sept. 1851, has been cancelled.

3rd West India Regiment.—Lieut H Jones, fm half-pay 101st Foot, to be Lieut, v Terry, appt to the 9th Foot. Lieut Henry Jones has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission.

St. Helena Regt.—Captain Clifford Felix Henry from half-pay unattached, to be Captain, v Storey, who exchanges; Lieut Robert Alex Loudon to be Captain by purchase, vice Henry, who retires; Ensign William Henry Hole to be Lieut, by pur, vice London; Henry Tayler, Gent, to be Ensign, by pur, vice Hole.

UNATTACHED.—Lieut George Horne, from the 15th Light Dragoons, to be Captain, without purchase.

BREVET.—The undermentioned Cadets of the East India Company's Service to have the local and temporary rank of Ensign during the period of their being placed under the command of Lieut Colonel Harry D. Jones, of the Royal Engineers at Chatham, for field instructions in the art of Sapping and Mining:—Arthur Moffat Lang, Gent.; Henry Francis Hancock, Gent; Edward Wood Humphry, Gent; John Rivas Monckton, Gent.; Charles Simeon Thomason, Gent; Granville Pulteney de Palezieux Falconet, Gent; James Murdock Campbell, Gent; Julius George Thos Griffith, Gent.

MEMORANDUM.—The Commission of Assistant Surgeon William George Clarke, of the 35th Ft., has been antedated to 26th March, 1852. The name of the Ensign removed from the Canadian Rifle Regiment to the 45th Foot, on the 11th of June, 1852, is "Egan," and not Eagan.

COMMISSARIAT.—Assist Commissary General Bridgen, from Van Diemen's Land, has replaced Assist Com Gen Erskine, at Melbourne.

Assist Com General LeMesurier is on leave of absence in Canada, on return from the Coast of Africa.

Assist Commissary General Howard, half-pay, died at Port Phillip in February last, in the 63rd year of his.

Assist. Com. General Clarke relieved Deputy-Assist Commissary General Skinner in charge of the Commissariat chest at Graham's Town, on April 30.

Deputy Commissary General Rayner sailed in the steamer which left Southampton on the 17th instant, for Barbadoes.

OFFICE OF ORDNANCE, June 14.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.—Second-Captain Frederick Alexander Campbell to be captain, vice Domville, retired upon half-pay; First-Lieutenant Matthew Bligh Forde to be second-captain, vice Campbell; Second-Lieutenant Richard Roynon Jones to be first-lieutenant, vice Forde.

JUNE 24.

Corps of Royal Engineers.—Second Lieutenant R. Hawthorn, with temporary rank, to be Second Lieut. with permanent rank. Second Lieutenant George Philips, with temporary rank, to be Second Lieutenant with permanent rank.

Notice to Capitalists.

ON FRIDAY next, 23rd of July, instant, will be Sold at the SHERIFF'S OFFICE, at TEN o'clock in the morning, that magnificent PROPERTY, situated in Notre Dame Street, bounded in rear by Tattersalls, in one of the most convenient situations in the city for commerce, whether wholesale or retail. There is a CUT STONE HOUSE, with very spacious Stone Sheds, &c., upon the property.

July 21. u—122

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Receipts by the Champlain & St. Lawrence Railroad.

July 21.

McLean & Wright, 15 bdls car springs.

July 22.

J A Converse, 43 bbls tar; J Knapp, 68 hhds sugar 3 cs segars; C P Ladd, 10 bbls 1 cs polish; G Bent, 7 bxs veneers 35 mahogany planks 5 bls boards 1 bbl 3 bxs 10 do powders; J M Papineau, 13 mahog planks 2 bxs veneers 1 bl boards; W Roccen, 4 stoves 12 pcs ware 1 bx castings; G Hagar, 2 safes; C Seymour, 12 bxs; E Evans, 5 boxes 2 bls; Hibbard & Co, 1 bale 1 bx 2 bales; Steamer Fashion, 24 stoves 18 ovens 121 pieces hardware.

ALBANY MARKET, July 20.

Flour—We have no change to note in flour; the demand for the Eastern trade is better owing to a better supply of freights. The home demand is moderate. The sales are 1100 to 1200 bls. Corn meal is in fair demand; sales 200 bags at $1,19 per cwt.

Grain—We have no sales of wheat to note today; last evening a lot of 1000 bush prime Genesee sold at 10½cts. For corn there is a fair demand and quotations are well maintained at 58@59c for Western mixed afloat and 50½c for lots at the road; sales 14,500 bush. Oats are more active and steady; sales 18,500 bush at 42@43c and including a load last evening at 44c.

Feed—Sales 8200 bush at 15c for second quality, 102@103c for middlings.

BOSTON MARKET, July 20.

Cotton—Market firm. Sales limited to small lots at full prices.

Flour—We notice a better feeling in the market, but the prices are without change. Sales of Genesee common brands at $4,25, fancy $4,37½@4,50, extra $5@5,75; Michigan and Ohio common $4,18¾@4,25, fancy $4,31¼@4,37½, extra $4,75@5 ₩ bbl, cash. Southern in moderate request at $4,61½@4,75 ₩ bbl, 4 mos.

Grain—There is but little Corn in market, and the prices have advanced; sales of a cargo prime mixed at 65c ₩ bush, cash. No yellow here; it would bring 67c. Steady sales of Northern Oats at 46½c. Sales of Rye in small lots at 90c, cash.

BUFFALO MARKET, July 19.

Flour—The market is active to-day for good and fancy brands of Ohio and Indiana at a range of 3,56@3,62½—the sales foot up about 2900 bbls, among which are 1000 bbls fancy Indiana at 3,62½; and 1300 bbls good to fancy Southern Ohio at 3,56@3,62½.

Wheat is quiet with a moderate demand. The only sales we note are 5300 bush Chicago spring at 53c; and 2500 bush white Ohio at 87c.

Corn in good demand and firm. The sales this morning are about 28,000 bush at 45½@46c, only 5000 bush however, at the lower quotations.—Some choice samples held firmly at 46½.

Oats steady at 33c, with sales of 5000 bushels. Rye steady. Sales 1800 bush at 61c.

NEW BEDFORD OIL MARKET—July 19.

Sperm—Market has been quiet since our last, and we hear of no transactions. Whale—There has been some inquiry, and we hear of sales of 200 bbls, perhaps not strictly prime, at 93 ₩ gal, and 200 do prime on private terms. Holders generally are firm at 75c.

Whalebone is quiet, and we have no sales to report.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED—JULY 21.

Ship Clutha, Bruce, 14th June, Greenock, order, general cargo, 152 steerage passengers

CLEARED—JULY 20.

Brigt Brothers, Lechance, St John's, Nfld, H J Noad & Co

21.

Ship Huron, Ryan, Cork, Gilmour & Co
Bark Canton, Anderson, Bristol, J E Oliver
—— Andromache, Tate, Liverpool, Symes & Co
—— Lord Stanley, Paxton, do, Levey & Co
—— Niagara, Parkin, Portrush, LeMesurier & Co
Brig Medora, Hedger, Shoreham, do
—— Lefoton, Rein, London, H S Dalkin
—— Sun, Watson, St Andrews, Gilmour & Co
—— Voluna, Mortley, Padstow, do
—— Thomas, Hargrove, Whitehaven, do
—— Wellington, Wedgwood, Whitehaven, Symes & Co

TRAVELLERS' LIST.

ARRIVALS AT THE ST. LAWRENCE HALL, July 21.—Mr Rutherford; Mrs Douglas and family, Chambly; Mrs C Davis, New York; Miss Davis, Miss Crittenden, do; Miss Perry, do; Mr A Crittenden, do; J M Benham, do; C P Dickenson, do; D Harris, Cincinnati; Mrs A Harris and sister; J J Powin and lady, Havana; H Woods, jr, and lady, Baltimore; L L Allen, Middleburg, Vt; Mrs Lt J Elliot and servt, Miss; G W Lee and lady, Michigan; B Blake and lady, Miss; E D Phyfe and lady, New York; H Lindsay, Cornwall; J Lewis, Goderich; H Norton; H Virginiac; H A Torrance, Quebec; H L Eldin and lady, Phila; G E Taylor and lady, do; Dr E Valger, University of Virginia; T G Thomas, St Johns, Nfld; S W Thomas, do; J R Wilson, R C R, St Johns; C M Dubany, lady and daughter; Mrs Irvine and daughter.

July 22.—S Wygant, N Y; J R Simpson, do; Mr Risby, Niagara; J H Wylie, Ramsay; J Fraser and brother, Sherbrooke; Mr and Mrs. Bond, Mobile; R White, Peterboro; E Fraser and two ladies; E B Wesson, N Y; C Widston, Glasgow.

ARRIVALS AT COLEMAN'S MONTREAL HOUSE, July 21.—H Allen and lady, Syracuse; J G Wynkoop, do; S B Miller, Hudson; G W Brainerd, Ogdensburgh; A H Brainerd, Laprairie; L R Sanborne, N Y; A B Shipley, Phila; J W McKay, lady and child, N Y; J M Mugo and lady, Boston; F L Cushmen, do.

July 22.—Mr. McGregor; R Richardson, Quebec; G O Brown, Providence; D Tryon, N York; S H Randall, Sherbrooke; J Fadme, Liverpool; J J Brown, Indiana; H H Lengstak, Bremen.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reported for the Montreal Herald.)

NEW YORK MARKETS,

July 22.

Ashes less firm; sales 50 bbls at $5,44@5,50 for Pearls; and $4,75@4,81 for Pots.

Flour unchanged. Canadian plenty at $4@4,06; sales of domestic 7,800 bbls at $4,06@4,12 for state.

Wheat without much change.

Pork better, and demand more active; sales 800 bbls at $19,50 for Mess; $17 for prime; 21,50 for Clear.

BIRTH.

At Clairevue, on Thursday, the 22nd instant, the wife of W. H. Brehaut, Esquire, of a daughter.

MARRIED,

In this city, on the 20th instant, by Messire Morin, Curate of St. Hilaire, Phillippe Juchereau Duchesnay, Esq., to Madlle. Margaret Wilson, daughter of the late Joseph Wilson, Esq., of Coteau du Lac, and adopted daughter of Charles Wilson, Esq.

At Halifax, on the 7th instant, by the Rev. Dr. Richey, W. L. Black, Esq., son of the Hon. W. A. Black, to Mary, daughter of Judge Marshall.

DIED,

At the Cedars, C. E., on Tuesday, the 20th instant, at the residence of her step-father, William Waters, Esq., Miss Mary Matheson, niece of the Hon. R. Matheson, of Perth, C. W., in the 39th year of her age. She was a person of high moral and intellectual worth, and most amiable deportment, and deeply regretted by a numerous circle of friends and acquaintances.

THEATRE ROYAL,
Cote Street, near Craig Street.

CORBYN & BUCKLAND... Lessees & Managers.
Mr. GEORGE LEWIS..... Stage Manager.

THIS EVENING (FRIDAY),
JULY 23,
Will be performed the Comedy, in 3 Acts, entitled,
THE SERIOUS FAMILY!

Immediately after the Comedy,
A SONG, by - - - - - MISS GOULD.
To be followed by
A DANCE by - - MISS ANNIE WALTERS.

To conclude with the laughable Farce, entitled,
THE ETON BOY.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Dress Circle........3s 9d or 75 cents.
Family Circle.....2s 6d or 50 cents.
Parquet............1s 3d or 25 cents.
Private Boxes.......$5 each.
☞No Gallery.☜

Doors open at a Seven; Performance to commence at EIGHT, precisely.

Seats and Private Boxes may be secured at Herbert's Music Store, 113 Notre Dame Street, from 10 till 6 P. M., daily.

Tickets may also be obtained at all the principal Hotels.

VIVAT REGINA.

July 23. 124

THE RAFFLE for the PICTURES OF THE LIONS has been POSTPONED until THIS EVENING, at EIGHT o'clock, when it will positively take place at Mr. JOHN ORR'S, Great St. James Street.

T. C. CARPENDALE.

July 23. 124

TO LET,

THE Three-Story BRICK HOUSE and PREMISES, No. 44 Craig Street.—Apply to

BETHUNE & DUNKIN.

July 23. 124

Shop Fixtures,
FOR SALE, CHEAP.

NEST OF DRAWERS, with Stand, Tea Canisters, Counter, &c. Apply at 210 St. Paul Street.

July 23. r—124

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Executive Committee of Relief Fund acknowledges the Receipt of the following Sums by the hands of J. B. Bruyere, Esquire:

	£	s.	d.
Edmonstone, Allan & Co	25	0	0
W & J Smith & Co	12	10	0
Jos Donegani	20	0	0
John Pratt & Co	20	0	0
Moss & Brothers	12	10	0
Brown & Swan	2	10	0
C & J Cusack	10	0	0
W H Hibbard	1	5	0
Dr M'Culloch	25	0	0
Carter, Kerry & Co	10	0	0
John A Leclere	2	10	0
W Darling	7	10	0
Clark, Darling & Morland	5	0	0
Bernard, Harkin & Co	12	10	0
L Marchand	20	0	0
R Trudeau	7	10	0
John Allo	2	10	0
E C Tuttle	2	10	0
H Samuel	1	5	0
John Brown	1	5	0
B Dawson	2	10	0
J Thompson	1	5	0
W C Cogan	1	5	0
J W Herbert	2	10	0
R Sharpley	10	0	0
J & D Lewis	10	0	0
John Levy	2	10	0
Jos H Mead	12	10	0
S Abbott	1	5	0
W Ross	1	5	0
Rose & Monk	20	0	0
Dr Nelson	7	10	0
Hotel-Dieu	20	0	0
Wood & Son	1	5	0
H Lavender	1	5	0
F Robinson	1	5	0
Miss May	1	5	0
A Ronald	1	5	0
D & W Smith	1	5	0
Jos Beaudry	5	0	0
R Latham	5	0	0
E Thompson	5	0	0
M Ollendorf	2	0	0
H Harkin	1	5	0
R Holland	1	5	0
H M Nicolls	1	5	0
C Campbell	2	0	0
R & A Miller	2	10	0
Edwin Clark	1	5	0
David Fisher	1	5	0
James Holmes	1	5	0
M Campbell	1	5	0
Binmore, Brodie & Co	5	0	0
John Turner	1	5	0
Edwd Pratt	2	10	0
Paradis & Frere	2	10	0
Robt Noxon	1	5	0
Samuel Senior	2	10	0
Mayer & Brother	1	0	0
M Solomon	1	5	0
W H F Adams	1	5	0
Jas Parkin	1	5	0
Cash	1	5	0
Messrs Benjamin	25	0	0
Brown & Child	10	0	0
Houghton & May	12	10	0
J Roy	5	0	0
Hon Jos Bourret	5	0	0
Rev E J Rogers	5	0	0
Geo Brown	5	0	0
Dr Bibaud	1	0	0
W Learmont	1	5	0
Capt Maitland	5	0	0
M Lamb	1	0	0
M E David	12	10	0
Dr Fraser	2	10	0
Masson, Bruyere, Thomas & Co	200	0	0
Jno Collins	2	10	0
Mr Dangerfield	1	10	0
John O'Meara	1	5	0
F W Torrance	1	5	0
A Bancroft	1	5	0
Jas Logan	25	0	0
Cash	1	0	0
Sundry Contributions, in sums under twenty shillings	7	19	9
	£684	19	9

☞ INCENDIARISM.—There is no doubt that some of the late fires in this city have been the work of incendiaries. From facts which have been brought to our notice, we would strongly recommend the numerous parties in this city, who are suffering much uneasiness from a fear of another fearful conflagration, to pay a visit to that romantic and healthy watering place at St. Leon. There, secure from danger, fishing in abundance, boating, pic-nics, the valuable Mineral water, and many other amusements are being and may be enjoyed, and at cheaper rates than those of any other resort on this continent.

For further particulars apply to Neil McIntosh, Place d'Armes.

☞ A DECIDED BENEFIT.—There are few gentlemen who do not suffer from irritation of the skin of the face after shaving—and cold weather is a bad aggravation of this evil, as it is apt to promote eruptions on the face. The best preventive is found in the new invention of William Bogle, 277 Washington Street, whose Amole has a soothing tendency and preservative operation on the skin no other soap possesses. It is now highly prized in every variety of climate.

WM. LYMAN & CO., Wholesale Agents for C. E., and sold by A. SAVAGE & CO., ALEX. URQUHART, and S. J. LYMAN & CO., Druggists, Montreal. In Quebec, of JOSEPH BOWLES, and Dr. MUSSON, Druggists. mwf C 122

☞ The Boston Mercantile Journal gives the following notice of the most popular remedy of the day :—

WILD CHERRY BALSAM.

We speak in praise of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, because we believe from our own knowledge of the article that it is one of the best in the market for the complaints for which it is recommended.

This medicine, coming from such a respectable source, and carefully prepared by an experienced and skilful physician, is received by the public with confidence. Its efficacy has been proved in many obdurate cases of disease, and its fame has rapidly extended. It has been extensively used in every part of the country; and strong testimony from intelligent and highly respectable persons has been adduced in favor of its merits as a remedy for colds and coughs, affections of the chest, diseased liver, &c. &c. mwf—122

SUFFERERS BY THE FIRE.

THE Executive Committee of the Relief Fund begs leave to appeal to the well known benevolence of the Ladies of Montreal, to aid them in the good work in which it is engaged, by organizing themselves into Associations, for the purpose of collecting, in their several localities, Clothing, whether new or cast-off, and other contributions in kind, whether of Furniture or Provisions, for all which there is a pressing need.—These contributions will be received and stored, to await the order of the Committee, by MR. MARCHAND, corner of St. Paul and St. Jean Baptiste Streets, who has kindly charged himself with that office, and to whom such contributions may be sent.

July 22. 123

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP, which has heretofore existed between the Undersigned, is now DISSOLVED, and E. BENOIT, Esquire, or EDOUARD BENOIT, are authorized to settle all the debts due to the said Co-Partnership.

L. VADEBONCOEUR,
E. BENOIT.

Montreal, July 20, 1852. 1m—123

Fire Engine & Conducting Hose.

AGENCY OF THE BOSTON BELTING CO.

THE Subscribers have in Store, and are constantly receiving, large supplies of VULCANIZED RUBBER HOSE, of all sizes, from ½ to 2¾ inch. The quality of the Hose manufactured by the Boston Belting Co. is admitted, by the best judges, to be superior to all other descriptions. Also, COUPLINGS, BRANCH PIPES, &c., are constantly on hand.

HIBBARD & CO.,
Agents Boston Belting Co.

July 23. 124

WANTED—TWO JOURNEYMEN, and an APPRENTICE, at the British Trunk Factory, 154 Notre Dame Street.

ROBT. DEAN.

July 23. m—124

WANTED, by a Servant Man—A place as COACHMAN. Apply at this Office.

July 23. 124

WANTED—An experienced BOOK KEEPER, —with a knowledge of the Retail Dry Goods Business, preferable. None need apply without being well recommended, and to give security if required. Apply at the *Herald* Office.

July 23 124

ON HAND AND FOR SALE,

FOR ROOFING PURPOSES—
2000 boxes Canada Plates
1400 do Tinned do
250 do Terne do
2 tons Patent Galvanized Iron for Gutters.

ANDERSON, EVANS & CO.

July 23. 1m mwf—124

PRESERVING SUGARS—
London Refined Loaf
Do Crushed
Dutch do, and
Granulated Sugars.
For Sale by

R. THOMAS,
35, St. James Street.

July 23. 124

PICKLING VINEGAR, a Pure Article, can be had at

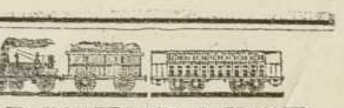
R. THOMAS'
35, St. James Street.

July 23, 124

BUTTERS'S
Improved Stock-Brick Machine,

THE most Simple, Labor-Saving and Complete Machine in use, is manufactured by the inventor at Buffalo, N. Y., and furnished at $200, including grinder and full setts of moulds.

July 20. du—121



PERSEVERANCE.
Third Annual Pleasure Trip,
OF THE
PERSEVERANCE TENT,
ON
WEDNESDAY, 28TH JULY.

THE Steamer will leave the Wharf of the Saint Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad Company, at half-past EIGHT o'clock, A. M., and the Cars will leave the Depot, Longueuil, immediately on the arrival of the Cars from St Hyacinthe, stopping at Belœil going and returning: the Cars will leave St. Hyacinthe at FIVE, P. M., and arrive in Montreal at half-past Seven.

The Committee have made arrangements for the pleasure of the Company at St. Hyacinthe, which they hope will give satisfaction to all.

By the kindness of — LAFRAMBOISE, Esq., the company will have the privilege of his grounds.

A Band of Music will accompany the party.

Gentlemen's Tickets, 2s 6d: Ladies' 1s 3d, may be had from A. Savage & Co. and R. Dean, Notre Dame Street; Wm. Lyman & Co., St. Paul Street; R. Irwin, McGill Street, and from other members of the Tent.

July 20. 121

CANADA HOTEL.

HELLUIN & GUILMIT,
PROPRIETORS,
ST. GABRIEL STREET.

THE undersigned have the honor to announce to the public and to their friends, that they have completed their arrangements by furnishing their Hotel in a new and comfortable style.

The House is already advantageously known to travellers and country merchants, and it would be superfluous to enter into long details to prove the excellence of its central position and the comfort of the establishment.

The Culinary department has been considerably improved, in such a manner as to make it rival that of the best Hotels in Montreal.

The Table will be always furnished with the finest and most delicate dishes.

Prices moderate.

HELLUIN & GUILMIT.

July 21. 122

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, ST. HILAIRE.

THE undersigned has just opened this House which has been erected by Major CAMPBELL on one of the most delightful sites upon the Belœil Mountain, and is ready to receive casual VISITORS or BOARDERS. PIC-NIC PARTIES who visit the Belœil Lake may be accommodated either in the house or on the grass, if they will send notice a couple of days beforehand.

Families residing at the Mountain House during the Summer months, will be received on very liberal terms.

J. J. HIGGINS.

June 26. 1m wf—101

WE, the undersigned, having received from the BRITISH AMERICA FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY the amount of our Claims for Loss and Damage by the late Fire, desire to return thanks for the promptitude and liberality with which they have been met.

DUNCAN McNAUGHTON,
JAMES ILSLEY,
SIMS & COLEMAN,
ROBERT KIRBY,
AUGUSTIN DEMERS,
ROBERT EWING,
HOOD & THORNE,
JOHN HAROLD,
ADOLPHE DUMAINE,
MRS. CHAS. DUMAINE,
THEODORE SAUCIER,
JOSEPH VINCENT,
MRS. A. McGUIRE.

July 22, 1852. 123

NOTICE.

British America Fire and Life Assurance Office,
33 Great St. James Street,
21st July, 1852.

PERSONS having CLAIMS against this Institution, for Loss and Damage by the LATE FIRE, are requested to send in their Accounts for payment, without delay, as the Subscriber has occasion to leave Montreal (for a short time) on the business of the Company in the adjacent Provinces.

WM. STEWARD,
Manager.

ASSURANCE continues to be granted at this Office, on good risks, at very moderate rates of Premium. b—123

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Co-Partnership heretofore existing between JAMES SHEPSTONE and JOHN BRINSDEN, of Mont St. Hilaire, was DISSOLVED, by mutual consent, on the sixth day of May, 1852. JAMES SHEPSTONE remains in the business on the premises, and will receive and liquidate the debts of the Firm.

July 22. 1m—123

The Anglo-American
STARCH COMPANY,

M. B. SOUTHWICK,
H. W. HITCHCOCK,
JOHN BRINSDEN,
Managers.

ON and after the first day of August, proximo, will be prepared to supply the Trade with the best CORN STARCH, through their Agents at Montreal and Quebec.

They will also supply Blue and White CRYSTAL STARCH, equal to any ever offered in Canada.

Their CORN STARCH is manufactured with the greatest care, under the superintendence of Mr. BRINSDEN, the original maker in this country.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
Agents.

July 22, 1852. n—123

LOWER CANADA COLLEGE.

THE PUPILS attending the above Institution will resume their Studies, on MONDAY, the 9th AUGUST.

There are vacancies for Two Boarders.

The Principal has matured a thoroughly practical course of English Composition, Letter Writing and Mercantile Accounts, combined with French, for preparing youths for business in the ensuing Spring.

For the distinguished patronage conferred upon him, during the past five years, (commencing with two pupils, and increasing to nearly one hundred) he most sincerely thanks his fellow-citizens, and will endeavour to secure their confidence and support, by unremitting attention to the mental improvement and moral training of the youths entrusted to his care.

S. PHILLIPS,
Principal.
Secretary Protestant Board for Examining Teachers in the District of Montreal.

Saint Urbain Street, July 22, 1852. Dlm Cb—123

FOR Sale by the Subscriber—
SUGARS—Refined Loaf Sugar
London Crushed do
Bright Porto Rico do
FRESH TEAS—Twankay, Young and Old Hyson, Gunpowder, Souchong, &c
Tobacco, 5's, 8's, 10's, 16's, 20's
"Hennessey's" Brandy
"DeKuyper's" Gin
"Hibbert's" Porter
Madras Indigo
Pepper, Cloves, Cassia, Mace
"Wix's" Mustard, Saltpetre
Soap, Starch
Belmont and Montreal Candles
Tanner's Oil, &c

JOHN MOLSON, Junr.

July 22. 123

2000 FINE MINNOWS for sale at T. J. BOYD'S Gun and Fishing Tackle Warehouse, 103 Notre Dame Street.

July 22. 123

COKE—200 chaldrons Best NEWCASTLE, afloat.

JESSE JOSEPH.

July 22. r—123

1,000 CHALDRONS best Newcastle (Grate and Steam) Coals, for Sale by

THEODORE HART.

July 22. 123

300 BOXES Sheet Iron, for Sale by

THEODORE HART.

July 22. 123

250 BOXES I C Tin, Crown Brand, for Sale by

THEODORE HART.

July 22. 123

NEWCASTLE COALS—
500 chaldrons Smiths
250 chaldrons Household Wallsend
For Sale

JESSE JOSEPH.

July 21. r—122

CANADA PLATES—
1500 boxes "Glamorgan"

JESSE JOSEPH.

July 21. r—122

TIN PLATES—
1000 boxes Charcoal and Coke Tin, IC, IX

JESSE JOSEPH.

July 21. r—122

Butter.

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
70 kegs Best "Perth" BUTTER

FROTHINGHAM & WORKMAN.

July 21. m—122

Canada Plates.

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
2000 boxes CANADA PLATES, superior quality for covering

FROTHINGHAM & WORKMAN.

July 21. m—122