

Quebec Gazette.

Established 1764.

PUBLISHED BY MESSRS. MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Printers, Foot of Mountain Hill, Lower Town, in the City of Quebec.

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ADVERTISEMENTS, delivered in before 5 o'clock P.M. on the day of publication, according to written orders—or till noon, if no written directions—50 cents for six lines and under, for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion; for 12 lines and above, 75 cents for first insertion, and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion; for ten lines and upwards, 50 cents per line for first insertion, and 40 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements for the first year may be agreed on. All letters and communications must be post-paid.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Proprietors.

Quebec, Oct. 5, 1863.

DR. MILTON'S Medical Dispensary.

MONTREAL, C.E.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE CURE OF Scrofula, Consumption in its early Stages, Weakness, and all Chronic Complaints, &c.

DR. MILTON begs leave to inform the public that he has devoted his whole time to the treatment of the above complaints. The treatment he adopts is the result of many years' experience in Europe and America. The most inveterate cases of disease eradicated in a very short time, and at a moderate expense. His mode of cure is effected without confinement or hindrance from business. Dr. Milton has been for a long series of years engaged in the practice of these complaints, and has had perhaps more extensive practice in the treatment of these diseases than any other physician in the Province. He has made numerous cures of Scrofula, Consumption, &c. in a melancholic case that thousands fall victims to chronic complaints, owing to unskillful men who, by the use of poisonous drugs, ruin the constitution, causing premature decay, and a train of other symptoms, which are almost incurable. Dr. Milton is the only physician as a specialist now in the city that can be entirely relied upon. Go to him, and he will not suffer disease to remain in your system, thus destroying your happiness and future prospects in life. He has made Chronic Complaints and Nervous Diseases his study for the last twelve years, and is therefore the physician whom all afflicted should consult. His reputation has vouchsafed in all the papers throughout the Province as being one of the most successful medical men of the day. If all others fail to cure, you don't despair; give him a call. It is a common occurrence with him to cure such cases.

His rooms are separate for Patients. Medical certificates are given, and all other symptoms treated by mail in any part of the country. Those who wish a personal interview must address Box 771, P.O., Montreal, and the doctor will then make a special appointment.

Quebec, Nov. 2, 1866. 12m

British Periodicals.

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative).
The Edinburgh Review (Whig).
The Westminster Review (Radical).
The North British Review (Free Church).
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory).

THESE foreign periodicals are regularly published by us in the usual style as heretofore. They are sent by mail, and are long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those who from the civil war of the last few years has deprived their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again with their former interest. They are sent by mail, and are long subscribed to them, need no reminder; those who from the civil war of the last few years has deprived their once welcome supply of the best periodical literature, will be glad to have them again with their former interest.

TERMS FOR 1867.

For any one of the Reviews	per annum	\$4.00
For any two of the Reviews	per annum	7.00
For any three of the Reviews	per annum	10.00
For all four of the Reviews	per annum	12.00
For Blackwood's Magazine	per annum	4.00
For Blackwood and one Review	per annum	7.00
For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews	per annum	10.00
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews	per annum	13.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	per annum	15.00

POSTAGE.

When sent by mail, the POSTAGE to any part of the United States will be but Twenty-four CENTS a year for each of the Reviews, and Eight CENTS a year for each of the Magazine.

Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:—
For the year 1866, inclusive; the Edinburgh and the Westminster from April, 1864, to December, 1866, inclusive; and the London Quarterly for the years 1865 and 1866, at the rate of 50 a year for each of any Review; also Blackwood for 1866, for \$2.50.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 38 Water St., N. Y.

The L. S. Pub. Co. also publish the FARMER'S GUIDE, by HENRY STEPHENS, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. NORTON, of Yale College, 2 vols., Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous engravings. Price \$7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, \$8.

February 4, 1867.

Ms. P. P. and Ms. L. C.

The Late Hours, the ill-ventilated rooms and irregularity in meals, produce derangement of the system; and this is manifested by a foul breath and decayed teeth. To remedy this, the use of Elliott's Dentifrice is strongly recommended. It purifies the breath, cleans the teeth, heals the gums, and leaves a pleasant and refreshing taste in the mouth. It is a compound of aromatic substances, and has been found superior to any of its kind for the purpose intended.

Ask for ELLIOTT'S, and take no other, whatever may be the assurance of interested tradesmen; the powder under another name is equally good.

At Wholesale and Retail, by all Druggists in Quebec. Quebec, Sept. 7, 1866. 12m

THE ROYAL ASSOCIATION FOR PROMOTION OF THE FINE ARTS IN SCOTLAND.

Founded in 1838, incorporated by Royal Charter 1847.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR 1866-67.

The Right Hon. the Lord Advocate.
The Hon. Lord Neaves.
The Hon. Lord Jeffrey.
Sir David Baxter, Bart.
H. Glassford Bell, Esq., Advocate.
John Miller, Esq., Advocate.
Colonel Dundas of Carnarvon.
Mark Napier, Esq., Sheriff of Dumfriesshire.
John G. Murray, Esq., Vice-President of the Royal College of Physicians.
James Cowan, Esq.
A. F. Irvine, Esq., of Drum, Advocate.
Robert Mackay Smith, Esq., Merchant, Leith.
William Wilson, Esq., of Banknock, Professor of Jurisprudence.
Colonel A. J. Lockhart, C. B.
H. W. Cornhill, Esq., S. S. C., Secretary and Treasurer.
Messrs. Lindsay, Jamieson, and Haldane, Accountants, Auditors.

The object of this Association—the first established in this Kingdom for similar purposes—is to advance the cause of Art in Scotland, by affording encouragement to its professors;—

I. The Association is composed of Annual Subscribers of One Guinea and upwards.

II. The Funds of the Association are appropriated to the purchase of Modern Works of Art, in Painting, Drawing, or Statuary, and to the execution or purchase of Engravings, Etchings, Bronzes, Bas-reliefs, Models, or Reproductions of Art, for distribution among the Subscribers. Funds are also devoted to the acquisition of Modern Works of Art towards the formation of a National Gallery.

III. A General Meeting of the Subscribers is held in July, when a Committee of Management is appointed for the ensuing year, and when the different Works purchased for the Association become, by lots publicly drawn, the property of individual Members.

Subscribers being entitled to one chance for every Guinea subscribed.

IV. Each Subscriber of One Guinea is entitled to receive one plain impression of the Engraving or Engravings issued for the year of his Subscription—a Subscriber of Two Guineas, one proof impression or impressions after the letter-press; and one proof impression or impressions before letters.

PLAN FOR THE CURRENT YEAR 1867.

First.—Each Subscriber will have a chance of obtaining a Volume of the Works of the Annual General Distribution in July 1867.

Second.—Each Subscriber will receive Six beautiful Line Engravings, after Original Designs, in illustration of Scott's "Antiquary," handsomely bound in a volume, with letter-press, and a copy of the Catalogue of the Works of the Artists, viz:—

- 1.—THE ANTIQUARY AND LOVEL ENGRAVING THE SANCTUM.—Artist, ROBERT HERDMAN, R.S.A.—Engraver, R. C. BELL.
- 2.—SIR ARTHUR AND MISS WARDOURD SIGHTING OUT ALONG THE SHORE.—SUNSET.—Artist, JOHN McWHIRTER.—Engraver, EDWARD BURTON.
- 3.—THE STORM.—Artist, SAM BUCHAN, A. R.S.A.—Engraver, WILLIAM FORRESTER.
- 4.—THE INTERVIEW.—Artist, MISS WARDOURD AND EDIE OCHILTREE AT THE GRATED WINDOW OF THE FLAGGED PARLOR.—Artist, WM. McTAGGART, A.R.S.A.—Engraver, JOHN LEITCH.
- 5.—THE KISS OF KINRUPPEN.—Artist, J. B. MACDONALD, A.R.S.A.—Engraver, THOMAS BROWN.
- 6.—SIR ARTHUR AND DOUSTERSWIVEL IN THE RUINS OF ST. RUTH.—Artist, WALKER H. PATTON, R.S.A.—Engraver, WILLIAM RICHARDSON.

Subscriptions in this Association will be received at Middleton & Dawson's Bookstore, where specimens of the engravings can be seen.

R. MIDDLETON, Hon. Secretary.

January 21, 1867.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

ARE the most perfect purgative we are able to produce, and as we think, has ever yet been made by any body. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the other medicines in this class, in their safety, their efficacy, and their power to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the long humors which breed and give distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart tone and strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every day complaints of everybody, but formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are safe and pleasant to take, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and, being purely vegetable, are entirely harmless. Cures have been made that defy any other medicine, and are not substantiated by men of exacting character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians certify to the public the reliability of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their confidence that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use of these medicines and certificates of their cures of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from full stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid function of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred disorders arising from a low state of the body, or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers who sell inferior preparations which make more profit. Demand AYER'S and take no other. The sick want the best and there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere.

RODERICK McLEOD, Agent, Quebec.

November 7th, 1866 2m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, ASTHMA.

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, are relieved by using Brown's Bronchial Troches. "I have been afflicted with Bronchitis during the past winter, and found no relief until I found your Bronchial Troches.—H. GARDNER, Principal of Rutgers' Female Institution, New York."

"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to asthma.—Rev. A. C. EGGLETON, New York."

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affection of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my throat and clearing my voice so I could sing with ease.—T. E. DUCHAMPE, Chorister French Parish Church, Montreal."

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over-exertion in public speaking I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief.—HENRY WILKINS, D.D., Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal."

Sold by all respectable dealers in medicine, at twenty-five cents a box.

WHO IS MRS. WINSLOW?

As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has unflinchingly devoted her time and talents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and has the result of this study, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as a nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In a recent issue of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming more and more renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do rise up and bless her; especially in this case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We would like to call her name in honor of her, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and be calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now, and you will never regret it. Sent in bottles of 25 cents a bottle. Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." All others are base and dangerous imitations.

May 6, 1867.

WHY ARE DRUGGISTS' SUGAR-COATED PILLS A POPULAR MEDICINE?—Because they relieve the bowels, tone the stomach, regulate the liver, and promote the general vigor of the system, without causing pain. Because their use is not followed by increased constipation, and the necessity for larger doses. Because they are a safe cathartic for the weakest, as well as active enough to relax the constipated passages in the strongest. Because they create an appetite and revive the mental energies. Because they never produce tenesmus, but act like a charm on the irritated membrane of the stomach and intestines. Because no mineral ingredients pollute the pure vegetable, antiseptic, and aperient substance of which they are composed. Because they are pleasant in taste, and without violence. Because no human being who ever used them has been disappointed in the effects. And finally, because they are a family medicine, for which there is no substitute. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood, Bristol's Sarsaparilla should be used in connection with the Pills. 412

A PERFECT DELIGHT.—Flowers have the same taste as a child's favorite, but in Murray and Lanman's Florida Water their sweetness is made perpetual. The odor of other toilet-waters becomes faint and insipid after a brief exposure to the air. It is not so with this exquisite floral preparation. Its perfume is fixed and permanent, and it is so kerchief that has been moistened with it in the breeze for days, and the aroma will be as delicate and refreshing at the end of the time as if the fluid had just fallen upon its threads. It is not the case with any foreign extract, mixed with any other ingredients. Having been purchased are requested to see that the words "Florida Water, Murray and Lanman, No. 69 Water-street, New York," are stamped in the glass on each bottle. Without this note is genuine.

DIARRHOEA SUPPRESSION.—Extensive abscesses are dangerous; but many of the methods of cure are more dangerous than the malady. They must not be suppressed by external applications. Bristol's Sarsaparilla, the most harmless of all purgatives, but the most irresistible, soon purges from the blood the poison which generates the disease. It is the same with carbuncle, which is an exaggerated and virulent species of boil, and generally denotes a weakened constitution. Bristol's Sarsaparilla, by gentle and regular use, restores the system, and the one thing needed in carbuncular as in all other ulcerous disorders. Bristol's Vegetable Pills, used at the same time in moderate doses, will tend to allay feverish symptoms, and will carry off through the bowels the morbid matter, and thus complete a cure. 509

PROF. VELANI'S HAIR RESTORATIVE restores the Growth of the Hair. Restores Hair to its Original Color. Removes Dandruff. Prevents Hair from falling out. Keeps the hair shining. Does not stain or discolor clothing. Contains no muddy deposits. Is perfectly transparent. Combines the properties of a Dressing. Does not soil the finest fabric. Is beautifully perfumed. Is entirely free from all irritating and poisonous ingredients. Keeps the hair moist and glossy. Positively keeps the hair from falling off. Sold by all Druggists and Country Dealers. Price, \$1.00. J. BRIGGS & Co., Proprietors, Montreal. C. E. BARNES, HENRY & Co., Agents.

Is health worth having? If it is, protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly in this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately lead to serious consequences. The question arises—whence is the quickest and most reliable remedy? Bryan's Palmolive Water has been before the public for twenty years, and has always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25 cents per bottle.

None can read Mr. Gladstone's speeches, especially such speeches as he delivered a short time since before the citizens of Glasgow, without feeling impressed with the eminently practical character which distinguishes the higher order of British statesmanship; but every one knows and appreciates the great benefit derived by the use of "Bryan's Palmolive Water." They have been before the public upwards of twenty years, and it is preparation ever offered for alleviating and curing coughs, colds, irritation or soreness of the throat, and all bronchial affections. All medicine dealers keep them—price 25 cents per box. 619

QUARANTINE.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 4th March, 1867.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, by the Fortieth Chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, entitled "An Act respecting Emigrants and Quarantine," it is enacted, that the Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for enforcing the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, goods, and passengers, as provided in the said Statute; and whereas, by the said Statute, it is enacted, that the Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for enforcing the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, goods, and passengers, as provided in the said Statute; and whereas, by the said Statute, it is enacted, that the Governor in Council may from time to time make such Regulations as he thinks proper for enforcing compliance with all the requirements of this Act, and for enforcing the due performance of Quarantine, by and in respect of vessels, goods, and passengers, as provided in the said Statute; 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THE LATEST NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE. IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE. THE GREAT RELIGIOUS CEREMONIES IN ROME.

THE SPECTACLE GORGEOUS IN THE EXTREME. ARRIVAL OF THE SULTAN IN PARIS. THE LOSS OF THE U. S. STEAMER "SACRAMENTO."

London, June 29th. Noon.—Additional intelligence has been received as to the loss of the U. S. steamer Sacramento. The crew escaped to shore in small boats.

Queenstown, July 1st, 2 p.m.—The steamers of the City of Washington and Malta, from New York on the 19th, have arrived.

Portsmouth, July 1st.—Rear Admiral Pearson, who is on his way to the Crimea, has been ordered to W. Lloyd Garrison, to-day.

Paris, June 30th.—The Sultan of Turkey arrived in this city to-day.

Rome, June 30th.—The Holy Father, whenever he appeared in public, was received with devotion from immense multitudes of people from all parts of the world.

New York, June 30th.—The Herald's Rome special says:—The religious ceremony was one of the most gorgeous in the world since the days of the Crusades.

Washington, June 30th.—The following dispatch was received by the Austrian Minister last evening:—

South-West Pass, La., via New-Orleans. To Genl. Westendorp, I came from Vera Cruz to telegraph you of the condemnation and death of the Emperor Maximilian on the 19th inst.

Count Weylich is absent from the city at present, and the Austrian Legation is despatching by cable to the Emperor Maximilian, announcing Maximilian's execution.

The following dispatch was received by the Secretary of the Navy to-day giving news of the event.

United States Steamer Tacony, Vera Cruz, June 26th, via New-Orleans, June 30th. The Hon. Gideon Wells, Secretary of the Navy.

Maximilian was shot on the 19th inst. by the firing squad of the Austrian Legion, and was refused. The City of Mexico surrendered on the 20th.

Information was received here yesterday, from what is regarded as a trustworthy source, to the effect that by a decree of the Juarez Government Maximilian was shot on the 19th inst.

It appears that some time ago Mr. Murphy applied to the Mayor for the privilege of using the Town Hall, intimating his desire to deliver a course of lectures there on the "Errors of Roman Catholicism."

The Mayor, being aware that Mr. Murphy's lectures at Wolverhampton and elsewhere had caused great excitement, and that he believed that he would be unpopular in this city, refused the request.

There were two interruptions to the ceremony. The curtains of one of the windows of the church caught fire at one moment, but they were quickly put out.

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From the Latest English Papers.

THE CZAR IN PARIS. The Paris correspondent of the Times describes the intense anxiety to which the Prefect of Police was a prey during the whole time that the czar was in France.

It was to be seen during the entertainments given by the presence of the Czar with his family and suite, that the Czar was not only a man of great intelligence, but also a man of great energy.

The Athens correspondent of the Times refers to a very important document which is said to have been drawn up by the Russian Government and communicated to the Great Powers.

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YELLOW FEVER IN THE STATES.

The United States steamer Winooki, which arrived at Fort Monroe on the 24th of June last, had on board about 7 cases of yellow fever, and considerable alarm is felt over the fact in the States just now.

It broke out again in the cities of the North in 1827, and was brought in by means of straw mattresses which floated on infected ships then in quarantine, and were picked up and used by poor people along the East River.

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THE LAST SHOT AT THE GRAND TRUNK.

It is no doubt a very good thing that neither the Grand Trunk nor the Grand anything else has the means of silencing certain noble and outspoken of our newspapers, for, oh! if the Company had that power, what grinding tyranny might we not have to submit to? But then, with such faithful sentinels ever watching it and ever ready to denounce every offence it may commit, we may rest assured that, however well disposed to mischief, Mr. Brydges will pause before he ventures upon any very outrageous act of encroachment or oppression in respect of least of the people of Canada.

By the way, before we proceed with the particular topic we propose briefly to discuss, we must nevertheless express our surprise that neither the Montreal Witness, nor any other witness against the Grand Trunk, has advertised to the alarming military organization which the authorities of that concern have quietly established among their employees.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Post Office Notice—Closing of Mails—J. Sewell. Department of Crown Lands—A. Campbell. American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette. Grand Trunk Railway—C. J. Brydges. Bailiff's Sale—James O'Doherty. Great Sale of Watches, Clocks, &c.—L. Devay. Havana Cigars—W. Russell & Co. "Economy is Wealth"—J. C. Olin & Co. French Vinegar—M. G. Mountain. British and North Am. Royal Mail Steamships. Trinity House By-Law—E. B. Lindsay. Sunnier Hats—Routledge & Maroon. Steamers for Montreal—J. E. Deschamps. Menner's Cider for sale—Robert Shaw & Co.

Quebec Post Office.

MAILS FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM, per Canadian Line, via the River St. Lawrence, will be closed at this office every SATURDAY in JULY, at 7.00 A.M. Supplementary Bag, at 8.00 A.M. Per Canada Line, via New York, on Saturdays, the 6th and 20th of July, at 6.00 P.M. Via Boston, with Mails for Halifax, Newfoundland, and Bermuda, on Saturdays, the 13th and 27th of July, at 6.00 P.M. Mails for New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, via Portland and St. John, will be closed on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 5.30 P.M. Mails for Halifax, via Portland (letters 12 cents per half oz., newspapers 7 cents each), on Fridays, at 5.30 P.M. Mails for Montreal, Three Rivers, Sorel, &c., per Steamer, at 3.00 P.M. Mails per Grand Trunk, west for way Office, Montreal, Canada West, United States, &c., at 6.00 P.M. Supplementary Bag, at 6.30 P.M. Mails per Grand Trunk, to Riviere du Loup and East, at 10.30 A.M. Supplementary Bag, at 11.00 A.M.

All Letters posted for Supplementary Bags must be prepaid by stamps. All Registered Letters must be prepaid, and posted fifteen minutes before the hours at which Mails are advertised to be closed.

J. SEWELL, Postmaster. Quebec, July 3, 1867.

The Quebec Gazette.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1867.

DOMINION DAY IN QUEBEC.

Monday was observed very generally by our citizens as a holiday. The weather was all that could be desired—the violent thunder squall of the previous evening having delightfully cooled the atmosphere. About eleven o'clock in the forenoon the troops in garrison with the volunteers, assembled in review on the Esplanade, and having been formed in a hollow square, the proclamation relative to the Union of the Provinces was read to them by the Mayor, in his official robes, and giving three hearty cheers for the New Dominion, the military display ended. The Quebec Hussars formed the *Corps de la Major* through the city, to the different places where he read the proclamation. At ten o'clock a number of pleasure excursions started by the *S. P. Bidler* for a trip round the Island of Orleans, returning in the evening about six, highly delighted with the day's experiences. A grand ball was given on board H.M.S. *Arcturion*, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which a large number of our most respectable citizens were present. The illumination in the evening was, however, the crowning part of the day's rejoicings. The lighting up was much more general at Point Leve than in Quebec, and the appearance presented by our opposite neighbors, combined with the illumination of the three ships of war now in port, and the succession of rockets shot off by these vessels as well as from the shore on both sides, was decidedly the most attractive part of the evening's programme. Through the day nothing occurred to mar the celebration of the great event. There was no exuberance of joy, but it was evident from all that we could observe, that every one seemed impressed with a sense of the importance of the occasion, as well as with the propriety of thus inaugurating the birthday of the Confederated Provinces of British America.

In connection with the rejoicings of Monday, we consider it appropriate to lay before our readers some particulars of the population and area of the Dominion. The Province of Ontario has an area of 121,260 square miles, with a population of, in round numbers, nearly 1,810,000. It contains Ottawa, the capital city of the new Dominion, and the more important cities, so far as size and wealth are concerned, of Toronto, Hamilton, Kingston, and London. The Province of Quebec has an area of 910,000 square miles, and a population of about 1,300,000. The population of Montreal, the largest city of the Province as well as of the Dominion, is estimated at 130,000. New Brunswick contains within its boundaries lines 27,000 square miles, and 295,000 persons. Nova Scotia has 18,600 square miles, and a population of something over 368,000. The area of the Dominion of Canada amounts in round numbers to 3,700,000 square miles, the total population being variously estimated at from 3,700,000 to 3,800,000, it probably being in reality about three and three-quarters millions of souls. Of course Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island are not included in this calculation, the population and area of which may be estimated as follows: Newfoundland 40,200 square miles of area, and 135,000 persons; Prince Edward Island 2,100 square miles, and 92,000 inhabitants; which brings the total population of the British American Provinces to about four millions, with a total area of nearly 412,000 square miles. To the above may be added the territories of the North West, containing 2,750,000 square miles. Vancouver's Island, 20,000 square miles, British Columbia 200,000 square miles, making in all an amount of territory larger than that of the whole United States, all of which will undoubtedly at a very early day be included within the Confederation.

It is no doubt a very good thing that neither the Grand Trunk nor the Grand anything else has the means of silencing certain noble and outspoken of our newspapers, for, oh! if the Company had that power, what grinding tyranny might we not have to submit to? But then, with such faithful sentinels ever watching it and ever ready to denounce every offence it may commit, we may rest assured that, however well disposed to mischief, Mr. Brydges will pause before he ventures upon any very outrageous act of encroachment or oppression in respect of least of the people of Canada. By the way, before we proceed with the particular topic we propose briefly to discuss, we must nevertheless express our surprise that neither the Montreal Witness, nor any other witness against the Grand Trunk, has advertised to the alarming military organization which the authorities of that concern have quietly established among their employees.

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LOCAL NEWS.

THE MONTREAL STEAMERS. Until further notice, the Richelieu Company's steamers Montreal and Quebec will leave at half-past four o'clock instead of four.

ELECTION NEWS. Hon. John Rose, in reply to a requisition, declines to contest Montreal Centre for several reasons. Mr. Devlin is after all for Montreal West.

OUR NEW LIQUOR-GOVERNOR. OTTAWA, July 2, 5 p.m.—Lieut. Governor Sir Narcisse F. Belleau leaves to-day for Montreal.

AMERICAN INVOICES. The official Gazette, of Saturday, states that the authorized discount on American invoices, this week, is declared to be 25 per cent., which percentage of deduction is to be confined until further notice, and is to apply to all purchases made in the United States this week.

QUEBEC TRINITY HOUSE. His Excellency has been pleased to appoint Horatio N. Jones, senior, Deputy Master of the Quebec Trinity House, in the room of the late Capt. R. J. Allyn, deceased. His Excellency has also been pleased to appoint the Honorable Jean Elie Gingras, Warden of the Quebec Trinity House, in the room of Horatio N. Jones, senior, appointed Deputy Master.

FIRE. Yesterday morning, a fire broke out in a two-story stone house in Couillard street, Upper Town, occupied by Mrs. Reed. The fire brigade and the fire companies were soon on the spot; but the flames had made such rapid progress that all that could be done was to prevent them from spreading to the adjoining houses. The house was completely destroyed together with its contents.

CHANGED HANDS. The Montreal Daily News, a well conducted journal, has changed hands. Mr. Robert L. Gibson, the original proprietor, having retired from the proprietorship owing to his private business rendering his presence in Toronto an absolute necessity. Mr. John Lovell is the new proprietor, under whose enterprising management we hope our contemporary may enjoy increased prosperity.

BETHEL SERVICES. There will be (D.V.), a sailors' bible class, and prayer meeting, in connection with the City Mission, this evening, on board the ship Sunderland, at the Commissioners' wharf, at seven o'clock p.m.; and on board the ship Mozart, at Burns' booms, on Thursday evening at the same hour. Shipmasters and sailor friends are requested to use their usual good offices to induce a good attendance.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH. In this Court, before His Honor the Chief Justice, yesterday afternoon, Samuel Gillis was tried on a charge of inflicting grievous bodily harm with a knife. He was found guilty. The Court then adjourned for the trial. This morning, John Campbell and William Gallaher were tried for larceny, and acquitted. E. Chateaufort was next placed at the bar charged with stealing a watch. The trial was still being proceeded with, when our report left.

NEW QUEEN'S COUNSEL. His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law, in that part of the Province called Lower Canada, to take rank and precedence according to the date of their commissions as Advocates, respectively, viz.:—Henry Ogden Andrews, Esquire, the Hon. Joseph Noel Bossé, Jacques Ozainne, Robert Mackay, Charles André, Jean-Baptiste Lévesque, Jacques Armstrong, Gérald Ouhine, Eugène Ugras Piché, Christopher Dunkin, Louis E. Napoléon Casault, George Irving, Frederick Wm. Torrance, Geo. Fatoye, Frederick C. Vannoy, Louis Chas. Boucher de Niverville, François Pierre Pomplunville, Wm. Hestie Webb, Thomas Weston Ritchie, Thomas Kempe Ramsay, Philippe Joseph Jolicœur, Henry John Clarke, Paul Denis, and Henri Elzéar Taschereau, Esquires.

THE NEW MINISTRY. OTTAWA, July 1.—The Governor-General was sworn in at eleven o'clock to-day. Hon. J. A. Macdonald is created K.C.B. Hon. Messrs. Cartier, Galt, Howland, McDougall, Tupper and Tilley are created C.B. Sir John A. Macdonald is Prime Minister.

The Ministers, as named in the papers, are just sworn in, and are as follows:—Sir John A. Macdonald, as Minister of Justice. Hon. Mr. Cartier, Minister of Militia. Hon. Mr. Tilley, Minister of Customs. Hon. Mr. Galt, Minister of Finance. Hon. Mr. McDougall, Minister of Public Works. Hon. Mr. Howland, Minister of Inland Revenue. Hon. Mr. Archibald, Secretary for the Provinces. Hon. Mr. Blair, President of the Privy Council. Hon. Mr. Mitchell, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Hon. Mr. Campbell, Postmaster General. Hon. Mr. Chapin, Minister of Agriculture and Statistics. Hon. Mr. Langevin, Sec'y of State for Canada. Hon. Mr. Kenny, Receiver General. Mr. W. H. Lee was sworn in as Clerk of the Privy Council.

Sir Narcisse F. Belleau was sworn in as Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

The French train in eggs is becoming enormous. From one merchant alone, M. Moronau, at Redon, 7,000 dozen were sent to England within eight days.

THE BIRMINGHAM RIOTS.

The late Riots at Birmingham reveal the depths of fanaticism still unshaken in the lower classes of English society. There are probably very few living who can remember the disastrous scenes of 1861, and did so much to lower our character for the time in the eyes of foreign nations. Three generations have since passed away; the Roman Catholics have been relieved from civil or political disabilities; the principles of religious liberty have been established; the old Code of Roman Catholic laws, which were so much to be dreaded, have been repealed; and education, as we fondly hope, has done much to eradicate the spirit of intolerance. Yet the outrages committed by the Birmingham rioters differ in magnitude rather than atrocity from those of the same kind in London, which were incited by the half-witted Gordon, and which, at Roman Catholic chapels, sacked the private houses of Lord Mansfield and many others, broke open the prisons, intimidated the Legislature, and held the metropolis at their mercy for some days.

The Duke of Edinburgh. Her Majesty's ship Galatea left Gibraltar for Madeira on the afternoon of the 11th of June. The Duke of Edinburgh has now bid a fond farewell to Europe. The departure of His Royal Highness was attended with all the pomp and circumstance befitting the occasion and the important errand upon which the Galatea is bound—to circumnavigate the world and carry a Royal Duke in the footsteps of Cook and Anson—a Royal Duke and his fortunes; for the Prince may now be said to have cut the ropes which held him to the shore, and to be fairly embarked in his own ship to discharge a difficult and responsible duty. From Madeira she proceeds to Rio Janeiro. As the whole voyage will be made under canvas, it is advisable to get the benefit of the trade winds which will blow fair from Rio to the Cape of Good Hope. At the Cape the Prince will remain a month, and then proceed to Australia respecting the epidemic fever at Mauritius is satisfactory. It will probably visit that island en route for Australia. There is no programme made out as yet of the prohibitive proceedings on arrival in Australia, but it is known that the Galatea will come home round the Horn, and that she may be expected in England in the course of 12 months.

HOLLAND. The *Liberté* says that it is now proposed to drain the Zuyder Zee, a work similar to, but incomparably greater, than the draining of the sea of Haarlem, in the Netherlands. It is such a work would be worthy of the country which has first checked the encroachments of the ocean, then those of Spain in liberty of conscience, then those of England in liberty of the seas, and then those of Louis XIV. in behalf of liberty of commerce and the rights of small States. The same paper asks:—Will it become of Bismarck's idea of absorbing Holland, and so obtaining a maritime Germany? The *Liberté* also has consulted the States. Beyond the Zuyder Zee is the North Sea.

INTERESTING DISCOVERY OF A WRECK. The wreck of an East-Indiaman—one of the old country's vessels—has been discovered on a hitherto unknown island in the Pacific. Her name was the *Canon*, as appeared from the salvaged letters of her crew. The *Liberté* lists that she was last left Sitka in 1816. She had been leaved up on the land, and a tree had grown right through her bottom.

THE SULTAN'S VISIT TO ENGLAND. The *Owl* says that on the occasion of the Sultan's visit to England it is arranged that Her Majesty is to receive her Imperial visitor on board the yacht, and to engage him in a review to witness the manoeuvres of the great naval review at Spithead. Lord Raglan has been appointed to attend on the Sultan during his Majesty's visit to this country. The Sultan leaves Constantinople on the 22nd inst.

A BISHOP AFOAT. The United States Gazette gives currency to the almost incredible rumor, that the Admiralty are about to appoint a bishop for the navies, who will have control over all the chaplains.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS. STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS. Report of the Board of Directors to the Shareholders of the Union Bank of Lower Canada, dated July 1st, 1867.

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like 'Which has been thus appropriated: To Divided, January', 'To Dividend, payable to-day, at 4 per cent.', 'To Reduction of amount for preliminary expenses, office furniture, &c.', 'To Reserved Profits', 'Leaving', 'To be carried forward to the amount of Profit on Loss', 'The Reserved Profits now amount to \$30,000.', 'The Bank in August last obtained possession of these premises, which have proved to be, as was expected, entirely suitable to its purposes.', 'The Directors have had to mourn the loss, by death, during the year, of two of their original number, Messrs. Lelièvre and Edward Poston, and they desire to put on record their high sense of the services rendered to the Bank by these gentlemen. Their vacant places have been filled in accordance with the terms of the will of the late Mr. Poston, and the satisfaction of the remaining members of the Board, by Messrs. John Sharples and James Gibb.', 'CHARLES E. LEVY, President.', 'Statement of the Affairs of the Union Bank of Lower Canada, 15th June, 1867.', 'LIABILITIES.', 'Capital Stock \$741,575 19', 'Reserve Fund 105,308 00', 'Deposits bearing

EVERY LATEST. PORTANT NEWS!

ATLANTIC CABLE TO-DAY. PORTANT NEWS! ENGLISH DATES TO MONDAY. July 1st.—In the House of Commons...

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED. Sch. Cygnat, Anderson, P. E. Id., J. W. Falconer. June 29. S.S. Lady Hood, Marmen, Pictou, Ac, gen cargo, 33 cabin...

ENTERED FOR LOADING. June 29. Stamboul, 809, Newcastle, C. J. Sharpley & Co, Silery eve. Chappelle, 62, Liverpool, Bessop, Co, do.

RUSSIAN AMERICA. York, June 23.—Advices from Sitka, S. S. represent that on the receipt of the...

AUCTION SALES. BY L. DEVANY, OF MONTREAL.

Great Sale of Watches, Gold Chains, Rich Electro-Plated Ware, &c.,

THE SUBSCRIBER has received instructions, through Hy. J. Clarke, Esq., Q.C., from Messrs. MOYSE, DAVIS & Co., of London, to sell by Auction, 3,000 Gold and Silver Watches...

IN addition to the above a large Consignment from H. GUYRIVET & Co., Park Works, Sheffield, of SOLID SILVER and ELECTRO-PLATED WARE...

BAILIFF'S SALE. CIRCUIT COURT. No. 172. CAMPBELL BRYAN, of Montreal, Plaintiff; ARCHIBALD McDONELL, of Quebec, Defendant.

Closing of Mails. NOTICE.

UNTIL further Notice, MAILS will be CLOSED at this OFFICE per Steamer "MAGNET" for MURRAY BAY, TABOUSSAC, and BACOTVILLE, SEMI-WEEKLY, on TUESDAY'S SUNDAYS, at SIX A.M.

THE Public is hereby notified, that the DE LÉRY GOLD MINING COMPANY owns all the Precious Metals on the Signatory of Rigand Yvrandeuil, in the County of Beauce, Lower Canada; and all parties are cautioned against purchasing any GOLD, mined in said SEIGNIORY, except from the Company or its Agents.

PROVINCE OF CANADA. A MEETING OF THE TRINITY HOUSE OF QUEBEC.

IT WAS RESOLVED, that— WHEREAS, the river front of the Pointe à Carre wharf, in the Harbour of Quebec, is no longer required for the exclusive use of Transatlantic Ocean Steam Vessels; be it, therefore, enacted by the Trinity House of Quebec:— That the ninety-second by-Law of the said Trinity House of Quebec, contained in the twenty-sixth of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and sanctioned on the twenty-sixth March of the same year, appropriating the river front of the said wharf to the exclusive use and accommodation of Transatlantic Ocean Steam Vessels, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Mill Site & other Lands FOR SALE.

THAT property in the township of Ireland, N.E. half of Lot No. 11, on Craig's Road Range, well known as the residence of the late James Keough, Esq., having on it a never failing stream of water with falls of 27 feet, making it one of the best Mill Sites in the country.

NOTICE. Office of the De Léry Gold Mining Company, QUEBEC, May 29, 1867.

HATS FOR THE HOT WEATHER! SEA-SIDE TRAVELLING HATS!!!

A large assortment of all the FASHIONABLE SHAPES, at Low Prices. RENEUF & MARCOU, Late Henderson & Co. Quebec, June 28, 1867.

RICHELIEU COMPANY. Daily Royal Mail Line, BETWEEN QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID IRON STEAMER "QUEBEC," CAPT. J. B. LABELLE, Will leave the Napoleon Wharf, FOR MONTREAL, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, AT HALF-PAST FOUR o'clock, P. M.

THE British and North American Royal Mail Steamships. BETWEEN N. York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor, and between Boston and Liverpool, calling at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

FROM NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL: CHEIF CABIN PASSAGE, \$150 00 SECOND CABIN " " " 100 00

FROM NEW YORK TO PARIS: CHEIF CABIN PASSAGE, \$165 00 SECOND CABIN " " " 100 00

NEW GOODS. WE ARE NOW OPENING UPWARDS ONE HUNDRED CASES NEW GOODS!

ARRIVED BY THE "Moravian," "Nestorian," "Nova Scotian," "St. David," "St. Patrick," and "North American."

FURTHER ARRIVALS. NEW GOODS. STRAW HATS AND BONNETS, Choice French Printed Muslins, Satin Cambrics and Procees, Extra Rich Black & Gros Grains, Stays, Ribbons, Hosiery, &c., Gentlemen's Summer Clothing.

IRON AND BRASS Bedsteads! BUY GLOVER & FRY'S Iron and Brass BEDSTEADS, for Health, Comfort, and durability.

Carpet and Furnishing Department. Newest Patterns in Brussels, Tapestry, Imperial and Scotch Carpet, New Curtain Materials in Silk and Wool, Terry, Repp, Damask, &c., &c., with all requisites.

BOOKS RECEIVED. Rat-Pat Papers; or, Tales of a Postman—20 cts. Telegraph Secret—30 cts. Secrets of the Dead-Letter Office—30 cts.

THE OLD GAOL. For Sale, THE WOOD, IRON, AND STONE, OF THE OLD GAOL.

Champagne. JUST received ex "Immanuel" Cases No. 1 Green Seal CHAMPAGNE, No. 2 do do, pils and quartz.

NEW GOODS. 250 Boxes Cassel's Feather SOAP, 500 Bags Finest African Rice, 35 Barrels Green Coppras, 100 Cases Table Salt, in Glass Jars, 25 Barrels Lump Sulphur, 25 Barrels Washing Soda, 50 Kegs Baking Soda.

Grand Trunk RAILWAY. CHANGE OF TIME ON RIVER DU LOUP DIVISION, COMMENCING TUESDAY, JULY 2nd.

EXPRESS leaves Point Levi on TUESDAY and THURSDAY, at 9.00 A.M. Due at River du Loup at 2.30 P.M. MAIL daily (except Sunday) leaves Point Levi at 12.30 P.M. Due at River du Loup at 8.55 " EXCURSION leaves Point Levi on SATURDAY, at 3.10 " Due at River du Loup at 9.05 "

RETURNING. EXPRESS leaves River du Loup on WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 3.00 P.M. Due at Point Levi at 8.30 " MAIL daily (except Sunday) leaves River du Loup at 7.00 A.M. Due at Point Levi at 4.00 P.M. EXCURSION leaves River du Loup on MONDAY, at 5.45 A.M. Due at Point Levi at 11.15 "

RAFTS ARRIVED. P. Paradis, latwood, Railway Station. P. Paradis, latwood, Railway Station. Nadeau, latwood, Q Warehouse Co Dock.

NOTICE. Department of Crown Lands, OTTAWA, 7th June, 1867. THE DEPARTMENT will be CLOSED at OTTAWA on and after the FIRST JULY.

Havana Cigars. THE undersigned has just received their Annual Importations of CIGARS, direct from Havana, consisting of the following highly favorite brands—Designe's Designe Opera, Figoras, La Costora, &c., &c.—on Sale at the St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

American Invoices—Discounts. FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, QUEBEC, 6th March 1863. IT is directed by the Hon. the Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange at a rate equal thereto, such Notices to appear every Saturday in the "Canada Gazette."

MAILED. In this city, on the 1st of July instant, by the Rev. Mr. Chevalier, Mr. Mortimer S. Shaw, youngest son of Mr. William Shaw, to Miss Eleanor Jane Savin, youngest daughter of late Mr. Chs. Savin, all of Quebec.

DIED. In this city, on the 2nd inst, Mr. Wm. Hare, aged 80 years. The funeral will take place from his late residence, 93 1/2 Bouchette street, St. Louis, at 10 o'clock, on Monday morning, on Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, when friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

QUEBEC POST OFFICE. Closing of Mails. JOHN SEWELL, Postmaster. The Mails for New Liverpool will be closed daily, at 5.30 P.M. The Mails for St. John's, Beaumont, and St. Joseph de Lewis, will be closed daily, at 5.30 P.M. The Mails for Bienville and Lanson (late Point Levis, East), will be closed daily, at 8.30 A.M. and 5.30 P.M.

Penner's Cider. THIS well-known MONTREAL CIDER for SALE by the Subscribers, by the Barrel or dozen bottles. Also, DOW'S PALE ALE. For sale by ROBERT SHAW & CO., Lower Town. Quebec, May 31, 1867.

English Cheese. RECEIVED ex ship "Sunderland" 45 Baskets best Cheeses, Cheddar, Queen's Arms, and Berkley CHEESE. For Sale by ROBERT SHAW & CO., Quebec, June 10, 1867.

Liverpool Salt. 2000 BAGS Liverpool Coarse and Fine SALT, now landing ex "City of Manchester." For sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN. Quebec, June 26, 1867.

Westphalia Hams. THE Subscribers have received 4 Cases best WESTPHALIA HAMS, direct from Bremen. ROBERT SHAW & CO. Quebec, June 10, 1867.

Salt Alford. NOW landing ex "Pomona" 4055 Bags Liverpool COARSE SALT, 511 do Fine SALT, now landing ex "City of Manchester." For sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN. Quebec, June 26, 1867.

Liverpool Salt. WRAPPING PAPER. REAMS 6, 10 and 12 GRAY PAPER. Do. 12 and 20 MANILLA Do. Do. 20 and 25 EMERALD Do. Do. 40 and 50 IMPERIAL Do. For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN. Quebec, June 26, 1867.

Liverpool Soap. NOW Landing, ex "Bonnie" 250 Boxes Medley (Bo-Nevie's) Soap, (feather brand). For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN. Quebec, May 27, 1867.

SALT. NOW Landing, ex "Alfred" 8 Bags Liverpool Coarse Salt, 10 to the ton. For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN. Quebec, June 12, 1867.

SHERRY. 75 QUARTER CASES L. P. Ingham's SHERRY. For sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN. Quebec, June 26, 1867.

London Sauces, Pickles, &c., &c. NOW landing from the "City of Hamilton" 10 Preserved Meats, Soups, Sauces, Pickles, Jams, Patties, &c. ROBERT SHAW & CO., Quebec, June 10, 1867.

New Books. 1.—Parkman's Jesuits in North America. 2.—Du Chabail's Journey to Ashango Land. Quebec, June 12, 1867.

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Montreal Ocean Steamship Co. 1866. SUMMER. 1867. PASSENGERS BOOKED TO LONDON-DERRY, OR LIVERPOOL. Return Tickets granted at Reduced Rates.

THIS COMPANY'S LINE is composed of the following First Class steamships: AUSTRIAN, 2650 tons, Capt. Allon. ASTORIAN, 2650 tons, " Dutton. PERUVIAN, 2600 tons, " Ballantine. MORAVIAN, 2650 tons, " Wylie. HIBERNIAN, 2434 tons, " Brown. NOVA SCOTIAN, 2300 tons, " Kerr. BELGIAN, 2200 tons, " Grange. NORTH AMERICAN, 1784 tons, " Waite. DAMASCUS, 1800 tons, " Allan.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC. To Londonderry or Liverpool. Cabin—\$70 and \$80, according to accommodation. Steerage—\$25. Passengers desirous of proceeding to PARIS can procure "Cook's Excursion Ticket," on application to the Agents at Montreal or Quebec.

Montreal Ocean Steamship Co. 1866. SUMMER. 1867. PASSENGERS BOOKED TO LONDON-DERRY, OR LIVERPOOL. Return Tickets granted at Reduced Rates.

THIS COMPANY'S LINE is composed of the following First Class steamships: AUSTRIAN, 2650 tons, Capt. Allon. ASTORIAN, 2650 tons, " Dutton. PERUVIAN, 2600 tons, " Ballantine. MORAVIAN, 2650 tons, " Wylie. HIBERNIAN, 2434 tons, " Brown. NOVA SCOTIAN, 2300 tons, " Kerr. BELGIAN, 2200 tons, " Grange. NORTH AMERICAN, 1784 tons, " Waite. DAMASCUS, 1800 tons, " Allan.

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