

SUMMARY.

St. Paul is to have an ice carnival after all. It is to begin on the 25th of January.

The demand for timber is increasing in Germany and Austria, and prices are rapidly rising.

It is stated that it is the intention of the Pope to raise Archbishop Williams, of Boston, to the cardinalate.

Dr. Cross, of Cork, has been found guilty of the murder of his wife by poisoning, and has been sentenced to death.

A Catholic priest has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labor for making a seditious political speech at Prague.

Mr. Jones, a missionary, has been expelled from the Loyalty Islands by a French force sent specially to the islands from New Caledonia.

Mr. Sherry, M.P., was tried at Chelmsford, last Wednesday, for inciting resistance to eviction, and was sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

Lord Salisbury has damped the hope of the fair traders by declaring in a speech at Derby that a revival of protection would cause a civil war.

Mr. Humphrey, an Irish editor undergoing a term of imprisonment under the Crimes Act, has followed O'Brien's lead in refusing to wear the prison garb.

Lord Randolph Churchill has gone to Russia. The object of his journey is to make personal enquiries regarding the situation. He has no diplomatic mission.

The steamship "Great Eastern" which had been sold for £15,000 more than £15,000 more to break up for sale as old metal which is the intention of her purchasers.

Commissioner Fisk, of the American trunk line pool, has announced that after January 2nd the rates on fourth class rates will be advanced to 38½; fifth class, 35; sixth class, 27½ per hundred pounds.

The theatre managers have brought strong evidence before the House Secretary to prove that the Metropolitan Board of Works of London is corrupt, and there are other serious charges against this body.

In the trial of Mrs. Shewers at Lebanon, Pa., for murder, his son testified that he had been approached to swear falsely and thus save his father's life. He refused, and it was his evidence that sent the old man to the gallows.

The trial of Dr. Leonard St. John, Levi Dell and Captain Freer, of the schooner "Blake," for assisting the escape of the Cook County Boudler McGarvie, was begun in Chicago last week, and, after several witnesses for the State had been examined, the Prosecuting Attorney threw up the case, and they were acquitted.

CANADIAN.

CHARLES S. ROBERTS, a son of the famous General Roberts, died lately at the Selkirk asylum, in Manitoba, where he has been for some time past.

THREE MEN, named Jas. Ryland, Wm. Lee, and Joseph McDonald, have been arrested for incendiary crime near Irish Creek, Ont. They confess that with others they were implicated in the burning of a number of barns in that vicinity.

THE WIDOW OF Constable Burke, of the North-West Mounted Police, the bugler who was killed at Cut Knife Hill in 1885, has been voted a pension of a year's pay, \$275 for herself, ten months pay for each of her six children and an allowance of 37½ a day for life, and of 7½ a day for each of her children until they come of age.

FROM AN OENIC CORRESPONDENT.

QUEBEC, Dec. 23.—The annual review of the timber trade in the Province, which is now being made up, shows a very unfavorable picture, and a short interval of comparative dullness owing to the poverty of prices and difficulty of sale in Great Britain. Manufacturers, however, held firm views of prices and later on a buying movement, apparently or twice, already, a considerable quantity of timber and several cuttings of pine and spruce deals changed hands at enhanced rates. Opinions are very much divided as to whether there is any tangible ground for this enhancement, some holding that there is nothing in the business of the past season on the other side of the Atlantic, nor in the present state of the trade, to justify it, whilst the outlook for the future appears to be uncertain, with little real ground for the expectation of any immediate substantial improvement, that the advance which has taken place is considerably injurious if not dangerous. In other quarters again, there appears to be a vivid expectation of a very considerable improvement in the situation, and purchases have been made with all the eagerness and spirit which the trade knew in days gone by. Meanwhile the Chronicle trusts that the production of wood in its various forms will not be unduly stimulated this winter by any appearance of improvement definite or indefinite, as more than one or twice already, our manufacturers injured themselves and spoilt the market by an overproduction entirely unwarranted chiefly in pine deals, and thereby lost the advantage of a similar sale of things as regards this winter's cut. It is clear that so far the probable make of square pine promise to be moderate and also of wane. Pine, oak and elm much lighter than usual, the ash will be abundant. Red pine will be limited, and a better price is obtained now for this wood than can be got in the log. The future of pine deals will depend very much on the demand from the United States, and it is early yet to form any opinion.

THE PRINCE AND THE SLUGGER.
ROYALTY OFFERED WITH THE OPEN MOUTHED "SPORTS."

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—The World's London edition says: "The Prince of Wales and his set have been so much attracted by the Royal Exhibition. It was expressly stipulated that this private show off before the Royal family should be kept secret and fervent promises were made by the pugilist and his associates that they would not let the matter transpire. However, as might have been expected, a visit from the Prince was too good an advertisement to be kept secret, and the sporting papers received the information of it directly from the Royal household and left there has been plenty of chatter and clatter on the subject among those who were connected with the affair."

THE LATE LORD LYONS.

THE STORY OF HIS CONVERSION.
LONDON, Dec. 19.—The Weekly Register, the English Catholic organ, denies that Lord Lyons was converted to Catholicism by an unfair means, as has been asserted. Two months ago, it says, Lord Lyons voluntarily joined his nephew, the Duke of Norfolk, of his choice to become a Roman Catholic, and the Duke said to him: "I wish I could make a similar conversion, like that made by Manning and Newman, in order to prove my faith. All that I am now doing seems too easy."

THE SALVATIONIST CASE.

THE CASE MOVES A STEP FORWARD.
QUEBEC, Dec. 19.—At two this afternoon, Captain Brown, Lieutenants Felix and Law, and Messrs. McFarlane and Alfred Jacques, of the Salvation Army, charged with committing a public nuisance by the street, appeared before the Police Court, and were called upon to plead, the private investigation having been concluded. They severally pleaded "not guilty."

They were then asked by Judge Chabreuil whether they wished to make a summary trial before him or to allow their case to go before the Queen's Bench in April. He informed them that if they elected for a summary trial in order to secure a prompt decision, they would serve any point to be made, but that they would be required to pay the costs of the case for the decision of the Court of Appeals. They, however, expressed their preference to have their case tried before the Queen's Bench and is now a presumption that their parole on the 10th April next, but it appears that they subsequently changed their minds and requested an adjournment to the 28th inst., which was granted, to consider whether they will take a summary trial or not. The prosecution was represented by Messrs. Pelletier, Amyot and Fontaine, and the defense by Mr. J. Dunbar, Q.C.

THE BIGOT BELIEVES FORTH AGAIN.
Le Justice says the sole responsibility for the delay in the trial of the Salvationists, is due to the fact that they are determined to not await the issue of the case for the purpose, and add: "There is now a presumption that their parole on the 10th April next, but it appears that they subsequently changed their minds and requested an adjournment to the 28th inst., which was granted, to consider whether they will take a summary trial or not. The prosecution was represented by Messrs. Pelletier, Amyot and Fontaine, and the defense by Mr. J. Dunbar, Q.C."

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UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

AN ANTIPODEAN EXHIBITION.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The President to-day sent to Congress a report from the secretary of state in relation to an invitation from the British Government to this Government to participate in an international exhibition, to be held at Melbourne in 1888, to celebrate the centenary of the founding of New South Wales, the first Australian colony. In his communication, Secretary Bayard recommends that the invitation be accepted, and that the sum of \$50,000 be appropriated to defray the expense of a commission to represent the United States at the exposition.

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THE STAR OF BETHLEHEM

VARIOUS THEORIES THAT ACCOUNT

A BRIEF RESUME OF THE IDEAS OF ASTRONOMERS ON THE SUBJECT—WAS IT DUE TO A PLANETARY CONJUNCTION, A COMET, OR A "STARBURST" ?

At a meeting of the Astro-Meteorological Association, held in the Trimmer Institute on Nov. 18th, the following paper was read by the President, Mr. Walter H. Smith :

" Again people are talking about " the Star of Bethlehem." They desire directions in order to find its spot where they believe it is to be seen, and they are anxious to look for it. No such star is at present visible. I fear that the present radiant " morning star," the planet Venus, has much to answer for. When brilliant in the Eastern or Western—her then unusual brightness, especially seen in the near atmosphere of winter and near the solstice, attracts unscientific attention.

All that has been said on the subject of " the Star of Bethlehem," by astronomers may be divided into four heads as follows :

1. The star may have been a miraculous light of some kind.
2. It may have been caused by a close conjunction of the planets.
3. The " star" may have been a comet.
4. It may have been a new, temporary or " blaze" star.

On the first point, astronomers can say nothing. Well Wallace describes it as a miraculous " star of the East," as in the Bible.

On the second, Mr. Hur. He gives no reasons for its argument.

The second theory—that the star might have been a close conjunction of planets, was first advanced by Ideler, of Berlin, in 1826. He believed the Magi's star to have been a conjunction of Jupiter and Saturn which, according to his calculations, happened on the third day before the birth of Christ. Ideler's imperfect calculations made the planets at nearest approach about half a degree distant, about the same time as the full moon apart. To make them look on one star, he supposed the Magi to have been near-sighted.

In 1881, Encke repeated Ideler's calculations. He found that there had been three conjunctions of Jupiter, Saturn and Mars in the year named, viz. 706 B.C., Sept. 3rd and Dec. 1st. But Encke also found that the thirty minute space of Ideler was not enough, the distance of Jupiter from Saturn at the time having been about 1° at each conjunction. The planets were therefore miraculously short-lived, said Encke, and he concluded that they therefore have appeared as one star. Yet, this conjunction theory seems at first a very plausible one.

SUPPOSE THE MAGI LEAVING JERUSALEM

on an evening in midwinter. It would be quite closed in by the reached Bethlehem. The eight closest planets would be Venus, the south or north star, Mars, Saturn, Jupiter, the sun, or a little west of south, and moving westward. If we suppose the journey accomplished at or near the third conjunction of the planets, which was on December 5th of that year.

Two other grave objections to the theory are:

The taxing of the Empire mentioned by St. Luke did not take place until two years later. St. Matthew says: "Lo, the star went before them," and "When they saw the star they rejoiced and said: 'We have seen thy star in the east, and I will probably be travelling for months and it could seem from the text that the star had been

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While the latter was running across the field to the spot where the men had left Marshall, he heard his voice saying, as well as the wounds permit: "Shove this stuff away from me."

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 Mr. Moody then summed up the new things
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 Mrs. Capron, who came to the city this

"Have you the root of the
 tree? Feed it, nurse it, and bring it up."
 Mr. Moody then summed up the new things
 at the new man received, and concluded:
 "All that have them are coming into the
 kingdom. If you haven't them you have not
 been born again. And in the future we will get
 a new body, one that sin can't touch, fashioned
 unto His glorious body. And we will enter
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BY FIRST VISITING THEM OFF!

during these visits to the surrounding villages that they recruited the children for the boarding school at the out-station, and once in school a boy or girl was won to forever. Graduating from the board-school they were sent up to Madras to a central college, where they finished, then came back and gave them to the work of teaching or preaching, did not all take a degree, for even the girls sometimes got married, but when the case their inferiority to the family circle into which they entered, their children were sure to be brought up Christians. Just now the effect of feuchness in India was to discourage marriage. Once a girl had been married and become a teacher she had a happy life. Her Hindoo sisters could not know, did refuse to marry if she did not care for board-schoolers for her, for she was able to earn living, and she could not get on with being a trouble and expense.

FROM A LARGE section of the city were directly past the school to the burning one day as a group of the girls were he said procession a teacher overheard stating to one another "Fear not, for I need thee; I have called thee by thy own art mine," and when it had come to her she added, "Thanks be to God for a noble gift." During that season, when the school was open all the time, the government schools were compelled to close, and they took the disease.

at work I was."

Mrs. Capron expressed the hope of the young ladies would find that way in some of these far off countries woman's Saviour was not known, those who could not go to pray that way might be sent.

The ladies, by a rising vote, expressed to Mrs. Capron for her address, a delightful hour was brought to a close.

Witness, Dec. 15th.

to fight against fate. The child shown "a perverse preference for than lessons," and it is our busi-

as much of this play spirit as
furnishing zeal in study.—*N. E.*
Education.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ALL IN ADVANCE.

Daily Witness		\$3.00
Weekly Witness		1.00
Northern Messenger (single copy)		.30
" " 10 copies to one address		2.25
" " 25 " " " " " "		4.19
" " 50 " " " " " "		10.56
" " 100 " " " " " "		20.00

All the above papers sent free of postage to any part of the Dominion, United States and Great Britain.

ADVERTISING RATES.

WEEKLY WITNESS.—Circulation, 100,000. One-third of when set in our usual small type. Contract Rates—1 year, \$7.50 per line; 6 months, \$4.00 per line; 3 months, \$2.25 per line.

DAILY WITNESS.—10¢ per line per insertion. Cuts of large type, double rates. Annual contracts on favorable terms. "Employment Wanted," 10¢ per insertion, up to 20 words; "Situations Vacant," 5¢ per insertion, up to 20 words. Money sent accompanied by order.

Births and Deaths, 5¢ per insertion; Marriages, 10¢. (These must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender.)

Contracts payable quarterly in advance. Five is the minimum number of lines for which an advertisement is charged.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—When remitting by postal note to give the correct postal office address, and the Province or State, and either register your letter, or procure a post office order (in all cases we prefer the latter, as it protects the sender and receiver). Post office orders can be obtained at the following rates: \$1 to \$4, 2¢; \$4 to \$10, 3¢; \$10 to \$25, 4¢; \$25 to \$50, 5¢; \$50 to \$100, 6¢; \$100 to \$250, 7¢; \$250 to \$500, 8¢; \$500 to \$1,000, 9¢; \$1,000 to \$2,500, 10¢; \$2,500 to \$5,000, 11¢; \$5,000 to \$10,000, 12¢; \$10,000 to \$25,000, 13¢; \$25,000 to \$50,000, 14¢; \$50,000 to \$100,000, 15¢; \$100,000 to \$250,000, 16¢; \$250,000 to \$500,000, 17¢; \$500,000 to \$1,000,000, 18¢; \$1,000,000 to \$2,500,000, 19¢; \$2,500,000 to \$5,000,000, 20¢; \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, 21¢; \$10,000,000 to \$25,000,000, 22¢; \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000, 23¢; \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, 24¢; \$100,000,000 to \$250,000,000, 25¢; \$250,000,000 to \$500,000,000, 26¢; \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000, 27¢; \$1,000,000,000 to \$2,500,000,000, 28¢; \$2,500,000,000 to \$5,000,000,000, 29¢; \$5,000,000,000 to \$10,000,000,000, 30¢; \$10,000,000,000 to \$25,000,000,000, 31¢; \$25,000,000,000 to \$50,000,000,000, 32¢; \$50,000,000,000 to \$100,000,000,000, 33¢; 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\$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 92¢; \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 93¢; \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 94¢; \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 95¢; \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 96¢; \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$250,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 97¢; \$250,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 98¢; \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 99¢; \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 100¢; \$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 101¢; \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 102¢; \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 103¢; \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 104¢; \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 105¢; \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$250,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 106¢; \$250,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 107¢; \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 108¢; \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 109¢; \$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 110¢; \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 111¢; 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\$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 137¢; \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 138¢; \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 139¢; \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 140¢; \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 141¢; \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$250,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 142¢; \$250,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 143¢; \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 144¢; \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 145¢; \$2,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 146¢; \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 147¢; \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 148¢; \$25,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 149¢; \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 to \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 150¢; \$

CHILDREN'S CORNER

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

HOW TO MAKE A COMPASS.

BY G. W. COLEMAN,

What did the early explorers possess save them a supreme advantage over the students in the art of navigation, is a question that most of us have heard in some form or other during a geography or history lesson. The compass, of course. "But what is a compass," is the next question asked by the student teacher, and the youth who has minutely studied the text, replies: "An instrument with a finely balanced needle or magnet which invariably points toward the north." All good so far, but we think a loss is sustained in going no farther. Surely some profit would arise from a further study of this little mechanism, which has been so important a factor in the history of the world. This might very readily be made the subject of a highly interesting and profitable lesson, involving a little manual training, and perhaps stimulating a healthy curiosity. We suggest the student to make a deeper inquiry into the principles involved. The following are but only one of many ways for constructing a simple compass. With such an instrument in hand, the excursions into the woods, where young folks delight in taking, would be doubly interesting, for the children could readily fancy themselves explorers in an unknown land.

Fig. 11.

Obtain a small brass thimble, well indented under the crown, and fasten it firmly (without the crown) on a wooden block. The block is no better way suggests itself) to the block on the bottom of a circular box three or four inches in diameter and about two inches deep. Out of stiff cardboard, construct a cone, as in Figure 1, whose diameter shall be the same as that of the box.

Into the centre of the smaller end of a small sized cork thrust the eye-end of our needle far enough to make it fit. Fix the ordinary knitting needle break off at equal pieces whose length shall be one and a half times the depth of the box. Then cut each end of each piece into one of the equal shapes of putty or soft gum; thrust the other two ends into the upper portion of the cork, as indicated in the figure. II, allowing the pointed end of the needle into the central indentations of the thimble. If equilibrium is not maintained, add or remove from the putty balls, or change the position of the broken needles in the cork until it is perfectly proper of adjustment. Having it so adjusted, put the disc on over all. Care should be taken to make the space in the centre of the disc large enough to admit of free movement of the cork. Finally, make up a piece of knitting needle whose length is nearly the diameter of the disc, by passing several times over one of the poles of a strong magnet, and then thrust it half-way through the crown of the cork. Our horizontal compass is now complete.

FIG. 1.

The disc should not be held in place, but, with very small pins, so that it may be shaken from its perch it can easily be readjusted.

The needle will point to the magnetic pole, not to the north pole of the earth. That is, a few degrees westward of the north, is from the Atlantic region of the continent. The arrow in Fig. 1 indicates the range variation. —*American Teacher.*

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PUZZLES.

RIDDLE.

I am firm fixed in the ground and left standing alone,
 In sightless and speechless and deaf as a stone;
 Again you may see me with flames on my head,
 Again you may view me a part of your bed.
 I stand at your door, while I hasten away—
 For I come and am sent away every day—
 You come to me often to give and receive—
 That you get may your spirits depress or relieve.
 You fight with the armies and there I abound,
 For wherever a soldier is placed I am found.
 Again I'm a place that each person should fill
 With honor, fidelity, courage and skill,
 If I stand against me is reckoned a shame;
 You'd better hold to me and tell me my name.

S. MOORE.

ANSWER.

A sovereign.

A belt.
Before.
A second instrument.

A musical instrument.
 A measure.
 An official.
 An old word for formerly.
 An insect.
 One of the United States.
 A worker in the earth.
 A Scripture character.
 Epigrammatic.

G. ROBERTS.

Montreal.

PENDEBUM.—What can we shoot and not kill? LITIA MAY.

 AN OLD RHODE.

Mozzie Gowanlock asks us to insert the following ob-
 I take you to taking
 I you throw my.

 A LESSON IN GEOGRAPHY.

What city in New Brunswick is the name of?

What bay in Prince Edward Island is something
 ought be glad to receive?
 What river in Prince Edward Island names a
 fruit?
 What mountain in British Columbia describes
 its shape?
 What lake is an animal and part of one?
 What cape in the United States is a large fish?
 What point in Europe is useful to the cook?
 What point in England is an ugly reptile?
 What cape in England makes me think of
 a snake?
 What town in Scotland is a fruit and a burden?

ANNIS BRIDGWORTH.

Montreal.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF LAST WEEK.

DOUBLE CHARADES.

—Col.—
 -um(r)a) COLOMBES.
 -us —
 -is — Pa —
 -los — PALOS.

Rivers of Europe:—Douro, Portugal; Danube, England; Don, Russia; Ang, Switzerland; Rhine, Italy; Isar, Germany; Isis, England; Bonaire, Po, Italy; Trent, Ouse, England; Neve, Austria; Waal, Holland; Boyne, Ireland; Deer, Scotch; Elbe, Prussia; Wye, England; Medway, Kent; Spree, Prussia; Amstel, Holland.

Singapore.—

L. A.

2, 7, 13. She.

16, 22, 14, ves.
50, 19, Tin.
2, 11, 14, 10. A Mist.
ch in time saves nine.
ditions.—1. Mushroom. 2. Lockjaw. 3. Glass.
4. Thousand.

ANSWERS FROM PUZZLERS.

Correct answers have been received from—Lydia M.
Matilda A. Carden.

Regarding the answers to these puzzles there is no
of writing out the puzzle in full as so many of the
g people have done; the answer is quite sufficient
when you send new puzzles remember to write on
one side of the paper. Be sure and give the answer

