

Notice of births, marriages and deaths... unless otherwise notice can be taken of them.

BIRTHS. NEVE.—At 41 Douglass street, June 20th, the wife of Edmund Neve, of a daughter.

BURNETT.—At St. Hyacinthe, on the 20th June, Mrs. George F. Burnett, of a son.

MARRIED. DEJERSEY-WATSON.—In this city, on the 14th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. G. C. Heine, John G. DeJersy, to Christina H., second daughter of Mr. David Watson.

BELL-LESSLIE.—At the residence of the bride, Thomas D. Bell, of this city, to Mary G., second daughter of Joseph Lesslie.

NURSE-GALBRAITH.—In this city, on the 19th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, 47 Aylmer street, by the Rev. W. S. Barnes, Charles Edward Nurse, of the G. W. Telegraph Office, Toronto, to Anne Black, second daughter of John Galbraith, merchant tailor.

JONES-SULLIVAN.—In St. Ann's Church, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. Father Hogan, P. F., Mr. Patrick Jones to Miss Johanna Sullivan.

BANNERMAN-CORCORAN.—On Monday, the 18th inst., at St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. P. Dowd, Alexander C. Bannerman, youngest son of R. Bannerman, Esq., of this city, to Miss Mary Corcoran, also of this city.

DIED. McCULLOCH.—At 158 Wellington street, on Tuesday, the 19th inst., Francis R. McCulloch, eldest and beloved son of Francis McCulloch, Assistant Chief Montreal Fire Department, aged 28 years.

NEILL.—On the morning of the 20th inst., William Neill, native of Trenton, Scotland.

BYRNE.—At St. Cuneogonde, on Tuesday, June 19th, Bertha Jane, aged 7 months and 13 days, infant daughter of Roderick and Helen Byrne.

THOMSON.—On Monday morning, 18th inst., at 50 St. Elizabeth street, Robert Thomson, sr., of R. Thomson & Son, 18 St. Constant street.

SEYMOUR.—At Vergennes, Vermont, on the 15th inst., the Rev. Edward Seymour, aged seventy-two years. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. George Bush, of this city.

PRICE.—The funeral of the late Mrs. M. A. Price will take place on Wednesday next, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m. precisely, from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Jackson Rae, No. 299 Upper Peel street.

GALL.—In this city, on the 18th inst., Mr. Andrew Gall, aged 43 years, a native of New Aberdeen, Aberdeenshire, Scotland.

GLEN.—At Howick, P. Q., on the 6th June, 1883, after a lingering illness, borne with Christian patience, Margaret Clark, aged 60 years and 10 months, beloved wife of David Glen, a native of Renfrewshire, Scotland.

BANNAH.—At 129 Forfar street, Point St. Charles, on the 19th inst., Wm. D. Hannah, aged seven years and 3 months, third son of Wm. D. Hannah, G. T. Railway.

ROSS.—At Renfrew, Ont., on Sunday, June 10th, of congestion of the lungs, Helen, eldest sister of the late William Ross, Esq., forwarder, Montreal.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

No Dissident Voice is heard when Strachan & Co. say that they warrant their "Gilt Edge" soap to go farther and to give better satisfaction than any other soap in the market.

CAP SHAPE INVISIBLE NETS At PALMER'S, 361 NOTRE DAME STREET.

FOR CHICAGO! Steamer "CALIFORNIA" SAILS THURSDAY, 21st, at 2 p.m., CALLING AT TORONTO, CLEVELAND, DETROIT, WINDSOR AND BARNIA.

G. E. JAKES & CO., 108 COMMON STREET, 266 ST. JAMES STREET, corner McGill st.

THE FAMOUS FULOVER HATS Are acknowledged by the public to be the best. Christy's in Soft and Hard Hats are not excelled.

HENRY J. SHAW & CO'S Group Parlor Sets, upholstered in Silk, Plush, and leather. Call and see their stock before buying elsewhere.

S. CARSLY, 392, 395, 397 and 399 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

UMBRELLAS. UMBRELLAS. UMBRELLAS. UMBRELLAS. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S.

Best Umbrellas in Montreal. Best Umbrellas in Montreal. Best Umbrellas in Montreal. Best Umbrellas in Montreal.

AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR! MEN'S UNDERWEAR! MEN'S UNDERWEAR! MEN'S UNDERWEAR!

AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S.

AN IMMENSE STOCK. AN IMMENSE STOCK. AN IMMENSE STOCK. AN IMMENSE STOCK.

Of Summer Underwear. Of Summer Underwear. Of Summer Underwear. Of Summer Underwear.

AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S. AT S. CARSLY'S.

NEILL. NEILL. NEILL. NEILL.

BYRNE. BYRNE. BYRNE. BYRNE.

THOMSON. THOMSON. THOMSON. THOMSON.

SEYMOUR. SEYMOUR. SEYMOUR. SEYMOUR.

PRICE. PRICE. PRICE. PRICE.

GALL. GALL. GALL. GALL.

GLEN. GLEN. GLEN. GLEN.

BANNAH. BANNAH. BANNAH. BANNAH.

ROSS. ROSS. ROSS. ROSS.

S. CARSLY'S SHOW-ROOMS. FOR HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

CORNICE POLES in Ash, new designs. CORNICE POLES in Ebony and Gold.

CORNICE POLES in Washable Gold. "Plated." CORNICE POLES in Walnut and Gold.

CORNICE POLES in White Enamel and Gold. "Plated."

GILT CORNICES on Wood Mouldings, handsome, washable, and at prices usually asked for the common stamped metal.

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S RUBBER WATERPROOFS.

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S CORSETS!

CROMPTON'S CORSETS.

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S RUBBER WATERPROOFS.

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S CORSETS!

JET JEWELLERY

One case ex SS. "Parisian," containing the latest patterns. See our window.

J. PALMER & SON, 361 Notre Dame street.

MARVELLOUS!

Geography taught by ELECTRICITY!

History taught by ELECTRICITY!

Music taught by ELECTRICITY!

Old Testament History taught by ELECTRICITY!

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Conundrums solved by ELECTRICITY!

Matrimonial questions answered by ELECTRICITY!

W. DRYSDALE & CO., 233 ST. JAMES STREET.

THE CARPET WAREHOUSE, ESTABLISHED 1859.

Best Workmanship! Lowest Prices! Finest Assortment!

JAMES BAYLIS & SON, 459 and 461 Notre Dame street.

\$25—HENRY J. SHAW & CO'S Ash and Walnut Bedroom Sets.

INDIAN MUSLINS! In the curtain and by the yard, unequalled for transparency, richness of colors and beauty of design.

CRETE MUSLINS! Every color except that of the ground is separately dyed in, rendering all shades more secure and less liable to fade.

GUIPURE D'ART. These goods, for their beauty and durability, still maintain a great share of public favor.

S. CARSLY'S SHOW-ROOMS. FOR HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

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JOHN MURPHY & CO'S RUBBER WATERPROOFS.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 20.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN CANADA—NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

EPISCOPACY AND PRESBYTERIANISM SHARE HONORS.—THE PARAGRAPHS HERETOFORE PUBLISHED IN THIS JOURNAL...

LONDON, June 18th, 1883. BISHOP HELMUTH ON A PRESBYTERIAN PLATFORM.

On Saturday the dull flow of routine business was broken by a pleasant ripple. Principal Grant called the attention of the assembly to the fact that the Church was honored by the presence of Bishop Helmuth, of the London Diocese.

Among the cities of Ontario, London stands pre-eminent for its wide and well laid streets, its broad and green boulevards and the abundance of its shade trees.

Monday forenoon saw finished the disposal of which was formerly written in the despatches.

THE PARAGRAPHS HERETOFORE PUBLISHED IN THIS JOURNAL... THE FACE AND VOICE OF MR. DOUILLIE.

THE FACE AND VOICE OF MR. DOUILLIE IS ALWAYS welcome in the Assembly, where he has spoken several times with marked power and effect.

AS THE HOUR WAS NEAR the Professor confined himself very much to showing that laborers for mission work in the Province of Quebec cannot be got from France, that therefore, they must be sought in Canada.

IN ALL THE SPEECHES above French work this year they were apparent a clear endeavor to exaggerate anything a persistent attempt to put everything in a plain, honest shape.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS. CABLE. THE COMING WAR BETWEEN FRANCE AND CHINA—A BAD LOOKOUT FOR FOREIGNERS IN CHINA.

PARIS, June 20.—In an interview here yesterday Marquis Tseng said should France force China into a war it is scarcely possible that with the best intentions in the world the Chinese could make a distinction between Nationalists.

FRANCE AND MADAGASCAR. The French papers approve Admiral Pierré's action in Madagascar and predict the Hovas will soon be compelled to capitulate.

EVANGELIZING THE FRENCH ROMAN CATHOLICS.

THE GREATER part of the evening was devoted to this work which has a high place in the affections of the Presbyterian Church.

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DEATH OF BISHOP COLENSO.

LONDON, June 20.—News has just been received of the death of the Right Rev. John William Colenso, Bishop of Natal.

A GREAT FIRE. AMSTERDAM, June 20.—The royal dock yard is on fire and one war vessel has been destroyed. The flames are not under control.

AMERICAN. MUST SERVE HIS SENTENCE. BOSTON, June 20.—The Supreme Court has refused to set aside the sentence passed upon James Fitzgerald, convicted of swindling Mr. Charles Francis Adams out of a large sum of money.

THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE. NEW YORK, June 20.—Stock declined 1/4 to 2 per cent. this afternoon. On the reports of pending troubles at the Produce Exchange which caused a large selling.

A SINGULAR STORY. PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—A despatch from Snyder town says that on Monday night Mrs. Moore, a widow who lives in a dilapidated house at Brush Valley, was awakened by the agonizing shrieks of her son in an adjoining room.

PROPOSED NEW STATE. HURON, Dak., June 20.—The convention to prepare a platform for the organization of South Dakota into a state met this morning.

MILK WOOD DYING. PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—It is not believed that Archbishop Wood can survive more than a few days. Blood poisoning has set in.

BUSINESS TROUBLES. PITTSBURGH, June 20.—The revival of rumors of financial embarrassment of an iron firm and the report of a deal in Chicago caused great uneasiness to holders of oil yesterday.

AN AERONAUT'S DREADFUL FATE. FAYETTE, Mo., June 20.—E. L. Stewart, an aeronaut, made an ascension here in an old hot air balloon, which burst when it was at the height of 2,000 feet.

THE COLLEGE BOAT RACE. NEW LONDON, June 20.—The four-mile straightaway regatta, between Harvard and Columbia, was rowed here this morning.

CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS. BAY ST. LOUIS, La., June 20.—While Philip Baudouin and M. Odum were quarrelling over a small account under a tree they were struck by lightning and killed.

SAD DROWING CASUALTY. COMO, Que., June 20.—Two Indians and a child were drowned to day while trying to get on board a tow of barges passing on the lake.

OCEAN PASSENGERS. List of cabin passengers per Beaver Line SS. "Lake Champlain," Capt. Thomas Jackson, for Liverpool, June 20th.

LATEST NEWS

TRANSATLANTIC.

M. Vallier, Senator for the Department of the Rhone, is dead.

Five men have been committed for trial, in Dublin, on charges of murdering a man named Welch in May.

The House of Commons, on Tuesday evening, by a vote of 286 to 16, rejected a motion made by Mr. Taylor, the member for Leicester, against compulsory vaccination.

The French Senate has ratified the convention relating to the question of claims for indemnities between the United States and France.

Cardinal Jacobini does not consider the Prussian Church bill sufficient as a base for definitive accord. He, however, accepts what is good in the bill as a useful concession.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs in Madrid has declared in favor of amending the clauses of the convention of 1835 which gives England the right to search Spanish ships for slaves.

An official report states that the revolt of Albanian tribes has been suppressed, and that the Albanians are asking for amnesty.

Numerous Hollanders residing in Prussian districts of Vriesland, on the Dutch frontier, who have recently received military age, have notified that they must become Prussian subjects or leave the country within six weeks.

General Wallace, the American Minister to Turkey, has sent a note to the Porte absolutely declining to accept the proposed license tax on foreign newspapers. The action is the result of all chance of the adoption of the measure, as the ambassadors who had accepted it had only done so on the condition that the assent to it should be unanimous.

A despatch from Mataram, Java, states that a Dutch schooner, which went ashore at Fratta Island, on a voyage from Hong Kong to Amoy, was boarded by Chinese fishermen, who robbed the vessel of all valuables on board and threatened the crew with spears and daggers. One boat has reached Hong Kong for assistance, and the British gunboat "Swift" has been ordered to the scene.

THE SUNDERLAND HORROR.

The funerals of a great many victims of the Victoria Hall catastrophe took place in Sunderland on Tuesday. The streets were crowded with sympathetic people, most of whom were dressed in mourning. The blinds of the houses were drawn up in honor of the dead. Religious services were held displaying a black flag hung at half-mast. A hundred free graves have been prepared in one cemetery for the reception of the bodies of the victims, exclusive of those for which the remains of the children will pay. Large numbers of generous subscriptions are arriving in Sunderland from different points to help to pay the funeral expenses. Among the subscriptions is one of £100 from Mr. Andrew Carnegie, of Pittsburgh, Pa. The bodies of the children were buried in the cemetery of the church of the Holy Trinity, which has been defrayed, will be devoted to the children's Convalescent Home.

THE FRENCH WAR UPON MADAGASCAR.

Admiral Pierre, under date of June 13, reports that he presented the ultimatum to the Hova Government, which rejected it. He then captured Tamatave and the towns of Moanabo and Tenerville. The French, he says, have firmly established themselves in these positions, without suffering any loss of men. The principal operations are finished, and a state of siege has been proclaimed. The Queen of Madagascar sent an interview with Prime Minister Ferry on Monday before the news of the capture of Tamatave had been received. It is thought all further negotiations will now be left in the hands of Admiral Pierre and the French agents in Madagascar.

With reference to Admiral Pierre's despatch announcing the capture of Tamatave, the Malagasy envoys state that the demands of the French were preposterous. They knew the ultimatum would be rejected. The Queen of Madagascar gave stringent orders not to return the French fire. She recalled most of her troops to the capital, and only 200 remained at Tamatave to maintain order. Tamatave is defended by merely one mud fort, mounting four guns, manning of which is done by a small number of men. It will take the French at least five months to march to the capital, and there is sufficient food in the capital for a siege of several months. The Hova have the cover of the forest and the aid of the natives, most of whom are armed with Remington rifles. The nation will fight to the bitter end. Meanwhile it is hoped the Powers will intervene. The envoys regard the bombardment of Tamatave as a wanton and cruel act. They fear that many of the foreign residents at Tamatave were killed.

AMERICAN TAXATION OF ART.

In the Italian Chamber of Deputies, on Tuesday, during a debate, several members expressed regret that the United States Government unjustly taxed objects of art imported into the United States, and demanded reparation. Signor Maglian, Minister of Finance, and Signor Raceoli, Minister of Public Instruction, while they blamed the action of the United States Congress in imposing a tax on imported objects of art, yet hoped that diplomatic negotiations would lead to better terms. They added that reprisals would be useless, especially because of the impossibility of fixing the real value of objects of art. A motion was ultimately adopted requesting the Government to introduce a special bill dealing with the question.

AMERICAN.

The wheat yield of California will be fifty-six million bushels. The first two consignments of the new crop arrived today.

During May 59,000 immigrants arrived in the United States. For the eleven months ending May 31, 7,000 arrived, against 685,000 for the same period last year.

The American Institute of Homoeopathy was convened on Tuesday at Niagara Falls. The President, B. W. James, Esq., M.D., Philadelphia, desired that diplomatic negotiations reviewing the progress of medicine during the past year, the status of the school of homoeopathy, and presented suggestions for the consideration of the Institute.

THE SITUATION IN CHILI AND PERU.

Panama advices to June 19th says: An encounter occurred at Morropon between two hundred preferential troops and three hundred Monteneros, a large number of whom were unarmed. The fight lasted five hours, the preferential troops being victorious. The Monteneros lost two officers, twenty-five men, and the preferential side had fourteen killed, including Major Correa. The Monteneros are being pursued.

The Chilean commandant at Payta has notified the provinces that if the Peruvian authorities acknowledge Iglesias Chill is prepared to withdraw her troops immediately.

Lima advices to June 19th say: A treaty has been made by Chili and Italy to settle by arbitration the claims of Italian residents in Peru and Bolivia for losses sustained during the war.

At Guayaquil a meeting was held yesterday, of persons from each party, with the intention of making peace if possible, but it came to no conclusion. Another meeting will be held today. Last evening a mine was exploded outside the town.

A letter from Iquique states that Montero has reviewed his troops at Arequipa. A few days afterwards Canavero left for Moquegua with a division of five thousand men, among them nearly 300 cavalry. At Moquegua Canavero awaits two other divisions to begin operations at Tarma.

THE DEVOTO-BELMONT LABEL CASE.

John Devoy, editor of the New York Irish Nation, who was convicted of libelling Mr. August Belmont, banker, and sentenced to sixty days' imprisonment in the penitentiary in his specific to the Court claimed that his trial was not fair, as Judge Cowing presided at a previous trial, and that the judgment of the Court was biased. He did not regard the character of Mr. Belmont as vindicated by the verdict, but still held him responsible for the loss of the Irish funds, and the result of the trial would not deter him in future from trying to recover the money.

A PESTILENTIAL HOLE.

The United States Grand Jury, on Tuesday, handed in a presentment against Ludlow Street Gaol, New York, in which Government prisoners awaiting trial and persons held as witnesses were confined. They say an investigation resulted in disclosures of a shocking character. The uncleanliness of the gaol is alluded to; also the practice of furnishing prisoners with all the liquor they desire to pay for. The drunkenness of the prisoners and keepers is alluded to.

CANADIAN.

OTTAWA.

THE PRESCOTT ELECTION CASE will be tried at L'O'Connell on the 24th of July.

MR. JAMES O'BRIEN, clothier, Montreal, has signed a contract with the Militia Department to supply 5,000 blankets for the militia.

THE REV. JOHN MAY has resigned the inspectorship of the County of Carleton public schools.

TORONTO.

A LARGE NUMBER of Oddfellows from Erie, Pa., visited this city on Monday. They were met at the Union station by a parade of Bro. Captain Hopper, and, headed by the Tenth Royal's band, a procession was formed and proceeded to the L. O. O. F. Hall, where a formal address of welcome was read by District Deputy Grand Master A. G. Allison. In the evening a grand concert was given in their honor in the Granite Rink, and was largely attended. The party return home today.

AN ORDER was made at Osgoode Hall, on Tuesday, postponing sine die the trial of the North Ontario election case, on the ground of the absence of material witnesses. Orders also obtained for changing the place of trial of the South Renfrew case from Pembroke to Renfrew.

SUPREME COURT.

OTTAWA, June 19.—The Supreme Court met at 11 o'clock this morning to deliver judgment, when the following cases were disposed of: Mitchell v. Cameron, appeal allowed with costs; judgment of the Court below reversed and preliminary objections dismissed with costs; Poulin v. Corporation of Quebec, the Court being equally divided, the appeal was dismissed with costs; McGuire v. Bircht, appeal allowed with costs; Mr. Justice Cameron's judgment affirmed; Forrester v. McDonald, appeal dismissed with costs; McCrae v. Whyte, appeal dismissed with costs; Owen v. Odette, appeal dismissed with costs; McKennie v. Corbett, appeal allowed with costs; Murray v. Laidlaw, appeal allowed with costs; Dawson v. Orden, appeal allowed with costs. The motion in the case of Wallace v. Burkner was refused with costs.

HURON ANGLICAN SYNOD.

LONDON, June 19.—Bishop Sweatman, of Toronto, preached the inaugural sermon of the Diocesan Synod of Huron in the Chapter House at 11 o'clock this morning. There was a large attendance of clergymen and lay delegates and others interested from the city and vicinity. The Ven. Archdeacon Ellwood presented the deacons for ordination and Rev. Dean Boomer the priests. The following were the candidates: For Deacons' orders—Messrs W. P. Child, R. H. Park, and J. M. Gunne, of Huron College; J. W. Ashman and T. Ashton, late of England. For Priests' orders—Revs. G. B. Taylor, J. Rides, P. Owen Jones, J. A. Ball, W. M. Shore, C. J. Bestone, E. B. Hamilton, and A. G. Smith. Bishop Heath conducted the ordination, assisted by Bishop Sweatman, the two clerical men above mentioned, and Archdeacon Nellis, Rev. Canon Innes and Rev. J. B. Richardson.

CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS.

OTTAWA, June 19.—A man named J. Gordon, employed on E. B. Eddy's farm, on the Aylmer Road, last night went to Aylmer, about five miles distant, with a load of grain, and while there, became intoxicated. He got up with a gun in his hand, and fired it off several times. He then lay down and fell into a deep sleep, and was found this morning. He was taken to the hospital, where he died this afternoon.

DEADLIERS, the man who stabbed Gaul, the telegraph operator, was arrested yesterday by police officers. He is being held in connection with the weak condition of Gaul, whose physicians fear fatal consequences will ensue.

ST. JOHN, N.B. June 19.—Yesterday a number of men working in Lee's brick-yard were engaged digging clay at the base of a high bank, when the top came away and a large quantity of earth fell on them, and buried beneath a mass of clay. The man was brought into the public hospital, where he died this afternoon.

HALIFAX, June 19.—A farmer named Garrison, about forty years of age, committed suicide yesterday by blowing his brains out with a shot gun at his residence, Margaret's Bay, this city.

BENJAMIN KING, who had his arm taken off by machinery in MacLachlan's tobacco factory a few days ago, died today from the effects of the injury.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., June 19.—Mr. Boltin Rose, of M. P. P., fell from a ladder yesterday, and in addition to breaking his left leg his right hip was dislocated.

The storm last night was very severe. Rain fell in torrents for several hours. A woman named Gibbs, sitting at an open window, was prostrated by the electric shock. Her condition is very serious, and to-day she can neither see, hear nor speak.

ST. THOMAS, Ont., June 19.—A young man, twenty years of age, named Patrick Brennan, was drowned while bathing in Kettle Creek here last evening.

AMHERSTBURG, Ont., June 19.—A four-year old son of Robert Heard, of this place, strayed from a vacant lot fell into a well and was drowned.

BUSINESS DIFFICULTIES.

PARKS, Ky., June 19.—The large wholesale whiskey house of Wm. Davies & Co. was closed today by the Sheriff on an attachment. Cause—The recent troubles in the whiskey trade.

PITTSBURG, June 19.—It is authoritatively announced this afternoon that Grant, Bennett & Co., iron manufacturers of this city, have called their creditors to meet to-morrow, and will ask for an extension. It is considered reasonably certain that the extension will be granted. The liabilities are \$1,550,000, and assets about \$2,000,000, exclusive of real estate, which is worth over a million.

MILWAUKEE, June 19.—Peter McGee's real estate was attached to-day to the extent of nearly \$300,000, to satisfy the claim of J. A. Ellis and Milton Lightner for \$125,000.

BAPTISMAL REGENERATION.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR.—Your valuable paper has lately had some letters sent Baptismal Regeneration and Holy Baptism, which seem beside the question altogether. It shows how many are drawn away to make little of Christ's sacrifice for sin, as if any rite that man could do or attempt would bring to us forgiveness of sin. It is after that we are born again of the Water of Life that baptism has any meaning. Baptism is only a figure, as the Apostle Peter tells us, not for water an imaginary element, but for what we are baptized into having been taught the way of the Lord. They believed, accepting Jesus as their only Saviour. Cornelius was not baptized until after the Holy Ghost fell upon him and when he was with him, after they had heard the Word and believed on the saving of their souls. Then they were fit subjects for baptism. Jesus in his most binding and last command to his followers, said, Go and teach all nations, baptizing them. Baptism is a test of our obedience, we must first be children before we can obey Christ's commands in the spirit of the Word. We must be born of the Spirit before baptism can have any meaning for us. It is a figure of the baptism that has already saved us.

Oceda, Mich., June 11th, 1883.

SIR.—Seeing in the Witness of last week, over the signature of E.C.E., his Scriptural allusion to "Holy Baptism" and wishing you might see some articles on that and similar topics, I wish to add a word to what he has written. I wish to leave it to your discretion whether it is fit for your columns or not. Our Lord prescribes a new birth and how it is to be experienced, and although theologians seem to agree in making it a matter of the imagination we do not believe that it is so. A birth is a bringing forth, and what is simpler than being brought forth of water. Moreover, although the work of the Spirit is like that of the "wind" by an unseen influence, yet the operation of the Spirit is no less real and powerful when men thereby moved to do what they had also never intended. In short, believers by repentance and baptism (immersion) are received into the household of faith.

Lawrenceville, Que., June 17. A. W. L.

SUMMER RESORTS.

POOLE'S—THOUSAND ISLES.

There is no village here to describe. The place is some miles from the Malborough Station, but all inconveniences from distance is removed by the attentions of the host. It is a very delightful resort for the summer, and the infinitely varied charms of the Thousand Isles.

MYSTIC.

Mystic is a very pretty village with a water-fall and a grove and all the charms of country life. It has two churches, two stores and a post-office. It is in the county of Missisquoi, and is one of the most beautiful villages in the State. There are no Government rum-holes established in the place. It is high and dry, has the purest water and is very healthy. Mrs. K. Hockus keeps a boarding-house.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR.—I see a wish expressed in your paper to hear something about country places. Now, I consider a country place pure and simple. I have nothing but farmers and store-keepers about me, with plenty of churches of all denominations. I have a beautiful little river and plenty of trees, and springs of sulphur and iron. On my hillside, I have a view of the sea, and a view of the water never stays, but where health seems to rest. I am only one hour from Montreal and I wonder why I should be so deserted. Perhaps my name is against me, which is Indian for Bear, although the approach is by the railway by their calling me "St. HENRI 'N BASCOUCHE," County of L'Assomption.

RAILWAY NOTES.

OTTAWA, June 16.—Mr. W. J. Poupore, M.P.P., and Mr. Bryson, M. P. for Pontiac, this afternoon waited on Sir John A. Macdonald in the interests of the Pontiac & Pacific Railway. They asked the Government to adopt the scheme by appropriating the sum of \$250,000 towards the construction of a bridge over the Ottawa at L'Assomption, a point within a very short distance of the junction with the Canadian Pacific Railway. They urged that it was an important provincial work, and fully entitled to the aid of the Government. Sir John received the deputation courteously, and promised to lay the matter before his colleagues.

CHICAGO, June 19.—The sixteenth annual convention of the American Railway Master Mechanics' Association opened to-day with representatives of sixty-five railways in attendance. The delegates listened to various papers of interest to their craft.

BOSTON, June 19.—The Advertiser to-morrow will say:—"On the best authority there is no truth in the statement that the South Eastern Railway has been purchased for the New England outlet by the Canadian Pacific."

THE VICEREGAL PARTY.

CAMPBELLTON, N.B., June 19.—His Excellency the Governor-General, H. R. H. the Princess Louise and suite arrived here by special train from Quebec at 6:20 p.m. Their Excellencies will go on board the steamer "Admiral" to-morrow morning for New Richmond, from which point the Viceroyal party will ascend the Cascapedia River, where it is felt they will remain for some days salmon fishing.

FIRES.

BERLIN, June 19.—A fire broke out in the Strasburg telegraph office to-day and destroyed the telephone department.

LYONS, June 19.—A fire broke out in the wood stores here this evening, and, despite the strenuous efforts to extinguish or prevent the spread of the flames, the fire now covers two acres. Forty railway cars have been burned. The train service between Lyons and Geneva is interfered with.

MOLSONS BANK AGAINST LIONNALS.

Judgment was rendered in the Supreme Court on Monday in the case of Molsons Bank v. Lionnals. It was an action brought against Hurdolm Lionnals, who had endorsed certain promissory notes in his capacity of testamentary executor of the will of his wife in favor of his youngest son, who was engaged in the foundry business. The latter having failed, the creditors, amongst whom was the Molsons Bank, sued the father. Judgment was taken against the son in the Superior Court. The other heirs, sons of Hurdolm Lionnals, died an opposition to the execution of that judgment, which the court refused to grant. The Molsons Bank case was a test case, the Bank succeeded in the Court of Appeal. The judgment of the Supreme Court yesterday decided that Hurdolm Lionnals had no right to endorse such notes, as executor, and maintained the opposition of the heirs. It is said that the banks and other creditors are losing over \$100,000 in this adverse judgment. An effort will be made to go before the Privy Council. Messrs. Barnard & Co. occupied for the plaintiffs and Messrs. Droue, Joseph & Dandurand for the successful party, Hurdolm Lionnals.

The Board of Out-Door Relief acknowledges with thanks a donation of \$20 from David Matray, Esq.

TORONTO METHODIST CONFERENCE.

(By Telegraph from Our Special Correspondent.)

PETERBOROUGH, June 19.

On Monday afternoon there was a large attendance of members and friends at the Conference, and from the way in which the gallery was filled it was quite evident that something more than ordinary interest was anticipated. After devotional exercises and the reading of the minutes the directors of the Ontario Ladies' College were introduced. The Chairman of the Board, J. R. Smith, Esq., addressed the Conference, in which the Rev. J. Lovell read the report of the visitors, which spoke in great commendation respecting the educational staff and the kind of instruction which was imparted. On motion the Rev. W. F. Hunter, D.D., was appointed visitors for the ensuing year. The directors' report was read by J. Taylor, Esq. It stated that the affairs of the college were in a state of greatly improved and they expected to pay off at least \$2,000 of debt. Geo. Cox, Esq., and Dr. Dewar and Dr. Rice, all addressed the Conference and expressed the hope that the members would endeavor to send them pupils greatly improved, and they expected to pay off at least \$2,000 of debt. Geo. Cox, Esq., and Dr. Dewar and Dr. Rice, all addressed the Conference and expressed the hope that the members would endeavor to send them pupils greatly improved, and they expected to pay off at least \$2,000 of debt. Geo. Cox, Esq., and Dr. Dewar and Dr. Rice, all addressed the Conference and expressed the hope that the members would endeavor to send them pupils greatly improved, and they expected to pay off at least \$2,000 of debt.

UNION RESOLUTIONS.

The President said the hour had arrived when the momentous question of union must be discussed. He trusted that all who should take part in the discussion would do so with a calm and disinterested spirit, which would be the feelings of any brother. They might differ in opinion, but they must still love as brethren. These utterances were greatly cheered by the Conference. The President then called upon Dr. Sutherland to read the following resolution:—

Moved by the Rev. Dr. SUTHERLAND, seconded by the Rev. HUGH JOHNSTON, D.D., that this Conference do hereby express its disapproval of the course in favor of the organic union of the various Methodist Churches in this Dominion, is still in the hands of the people, and that it is the duty of the country, and believing that the Basis of Union now submitted is substantially the only one upon which any agreement can be reached, hereby accepts the same, having every confidence that the General Conference of the united church will be able under the direction of the Executive Council to carry out all necessary details as to meet the reasonable and just demands of all concerned; second, that inasmuch as the proposed Union involves questions of church government, the Conference recommends the authorities of the General Conference to obtain the best possible legal advice touching all such points, and submit the same to the Conference before final action is taken, so that if legal difficulties are found to exist they may be provided for and removed before Union is consummated.

Dr. Sutherland in a speech of one hour's duration gave an exposition of the Basis and went into a close analysis of that document. He was of the opinion that no other Basis would ever be likely to be formed which would meet the wishes of the people. He stated that the advantages of union were described in eloquent terms, and an earnest appeal was made for the Basis to be sustained.

The Rev. S. J. Hunter took the platform and moved the following amendment:—

Moved by Rev. S. J. Hunter, seconded by Rev. John Hunter, resolved, First, that this Conference affirm the desirability of the organic union of the Methodist Churches represented by the joint committee, inasmuch as it is believed that the adoption of this Union would be a great blessing to the church in this country. Second, in regard to the Basis of Union now presented to this Conference for consideration, that it is the opinion of this Conference that the Basis should be sustained, and that the General Conference in regard to the proposed Union, restricting the Committee from making any amendments which would tend to weaken the Basis, and confining him to the sphere of general arrangements, which would not tend to weaken the Basis, and confining him to the sphere of general arrangements, which would not tend to weaken the Basis, and confining him to the sphere of general arrangements, which would not tend to weaken the Basis.

Mr. Hunter, in terse language, defended the amendment which he now moved. He repeated the ideas that because he did not see any other Basis that therefore he was opposed to Union. He would favor Union if any well digested scheme could be produced, but this Basis had been sprung upon them and they had been told that if they rejected it they would be regarded as the enemies of Union. This was what had caused the quarterly meeting to vote so unanimously. He pointed out where he thought the General Conference instructions had been disobeyed, and felt sure that if the Basis were carried there would be no more of the kind of disruption and disintegration. From what he knew, both of the Primitive Methodists and Bible Christians, he did not think that they would object to this amendment which he now proposed. He felt sure that the majority of the Bible Christians did not want to bind burdens upon their ministers, and he believed that they would stand by the righteous decisions of this Conference.

Mr. Hunter was frequently cheered. His speech was an able one, but he was obliged to stop as the hour for adjournment arrived before he had completed his speech.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.

In the evening the Sunday School Anniversary was held, but owing to the inclemency of the weather the attendance was not so large as it otherwise would have been. Dr. Withrow occupied the chair as the president was engaged in the evening of the year the collections had been reported, and admirable and appropriate addresses were delivered by the Revs. E. S. Shorey, G. J. Bishop and W. Johnston. A collection was taken and the benediction was pronounced. The Rev. W. J. Hunter, D.D., gave the closing prayer.

Moved by the Rev. Dr. HUNTER, seconded by the Rev. J. R. Smith, Esq., resolved, that this Conference do hereby express its disapproval of the course in favor of the organic union of the various branches of the Methodist Church in this Dominion, is still in the hands of the people, and that it is the duty of the country, and believing that the Basis of Union now submitted is substantially the only one upon which any agreement can be reached, hereby accepts the same, having every confidence that the General Conference of the united church will be able under the direction of the Executive Council to carry out all necessary details as to meet the reasonable and just demands of all concerned; second, that inasmuch as the proposed Union involves questions of church government, the Conference recommends the authorities of the General Conference to obtain the best possible legal advice touching all such points, and submit the same to the Conference before final action is taken, so that if legal difficulties are found to exist they may be provided for and removed before Union is consummated.

which Basis has been accepted by a large majority of the quarterly official meetings of the Church, and is a course of procedure which is in accordance with the wishes of the people of this Conference; that we have learned with pleasure that the Primitive Methodist and Bible Christian Churches while accepting the Basis for the sake of Union are nevertheless willing to accept such changes in the Basis as may render it more acceptable to a large number of the parties concerned in the proposed Union; that the ministers of the Primitive and Bible Christian Churches of the Methodist Church of Canada are almost equally divided in opinion on the acceptance of this Basis, and that the Executive Council of the United Church of Canada are almost equally divided in opinion on the acceptance of this Basis, and that the Executive Council of the United Church of Canada are almost equally divided in opinion on the acceptance of this Basis.

The Very Rev. Dean BALDWIN moved in amendment that it is recommended that a general congress should be held in Montreal for the purpose of settling the Basis of Union, and that a committee be appointed by the Bishop for the furtherance of the same.

Mr. C. GARTH seconded the amendment, saying that he thought it would be for the advantage of the Church if this proposal came from the Diocesan instead of the Provincial Synod. The Ven. Archdeacon LINDSAY said it would be a fatal mistake to make the Provincial Synod responsible for any act of the congress.

Mr. THOMAS WHITE said that a one-sided congress would be protesting nothing in such a subject as a meeting would be to bring together men of many different views, and to do this they must have thoroughly representative men. This the Provincial Synod would not do. He would like to see the Provincial Synod called by the Rural Deanery of Bedford if it were to call a congress applied to the Diocesan Synod calling it. The Ven. Archdeacon LINDSAY said that the Provincial Synod would be fatal to it as it would tend to give it an authority which it should not possess. The church congress in England would be a meeting to settle the Basis of Union, and not a meeting to settle the Basis of Union.

Mr. W. F. THOMAS was in favor of the Provincial Synod calling the congress. The same objection that would apply to the Rural Deanery of Bedford if it were to call a congress applied to the Diocesan Synod calling it. The Ven. Archdeacon LINDSAY said that the Provincial Synod would be fatal to it as it would tend to give it an authority which it should not possess. The church congress in England would be a meeting to settle the Basis of Union, and not a meeting to settle the Basis of Union.

The report of the Committee on Vestries recommended the desirability of petitioning the Legislature to amend the Church Temporalities Act giving the power to each vestry to fix the amount of annual contribution that shall be necessary to entitle the members of each church to a seat in the choir, and to fix the rate of contribution—the vestry to be limited to such persons of the age of 21 as shall declare themselves in writing to be members of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada, and to be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are accorded to such persons of the age of 21 as shall declare themselves in writing to be members of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada, and to be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are accorded to such persons of the age of 21 as shall declare themselves in writing to be members of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada.

Last night the Sunday-school Anniversary was held in the Conference Church, when Dr. Withrow occupied the chair. The Rev. Ed. Barras, M.A., read the report, from which it was manifest that the Sunday-schools were in a state of prosperity. The funds especially were reported to be in a very flourishing condition. Mr. T. Shorey, G. J. Bishop and W. Johnston addressed the meeting. The addresses were of an earnest and practical character. The Conference was in session at 9 o'clock, the President in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read, and the Rev. J. W. Totten read the balance of the report of the Church Property Committee, which was adopted. The Rev. T. W. Cullen read the report of the Temperance Committee, which was also adopted. The Rev. J. W. Totten then read his speech on the debate, which was a further series of objections to the Basis of Union, the adoption of which would be the occasion of disaster and endless sorrow.

The Rev. J. Bredin seconded the amendment, but his speech was considered a little too personal. The Rev. Dr. Hunter moved the amendment to the amendment, and in an earnest and powerful speech pleaded for the Basis to be adopted, inasmuch as he believed the Methodist Episcopal Church and all the other bodies would accept of the resolution which he now proposed. He knew what he said when he asserted that his views would meet the wishes of the people. He stated that the advantages of union were described in eloquent terms, and an earnest appeal was made for the Basis to be sustained.

THE ANGLICAN SYNOD.

CONTINUATION OF THE REPORT OF YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS—THE QUESTION OF FACTS ABOUT CHURCH WORK—THE QUESTION OF METROPOLITAN.

Yesterday afternoon after our reporter left the Synod Hall, the Rev. Mr. Belcher moved that the committee now known as the "Special Corresponding Committee of the Central Board of Domestic Missions" be changed in name to the "Board of Domestic Missions," and that the Board be increased. It was resolved that to the present members the Revs. S. J. Belcher, convenor, E. F. Renaud, V. L. Mills, Mr. C. Garth, Mr. E. F. Hanson, Rev. J. H. Davidson, Canon Carmichael, Rev. J. A. Newham, Archdeacon Lindsay, the Hon. J. Wood, and Mr. G. W. Simpson.

A memorial from the church of Rougemont, asking for assistance, as the congregation was only able to provide \$400, was referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. L. H. DAVIDSON read the report of the committee on the claim to the title of Metropolitan by the bishop of this synod, which was referred to the Finance Committee. The Rev. Mr. Belcher, praying them to take action to render justice to this synod.

DEAN BALDWIN read the report of the committee on Sunday-schools. They had the satisfaction of being able to report that the gain had been made. The hymn book and text book prepared for the use of the children had been laid before them. It was to be hoped that they would be approved. The scheme of lessons for the year had been prepared as usual, but had not yet come to the printer, and would be delayed. It would recommend also that a travelling agent be appointed to pay attention to the work.

THE DEAN also read the report on the super-annuation fund, which had been proceeding prosperously. The canon had passed last year had done a great deal to increase the usefulness of the fund, by enabling clergymen to enter it with greater freedom. The list of the members read showed that the greater number of clergymen of the diocese were members of the fund.

Rev. Mr. LINDSAY read the report of the Committee on Works of Mercy. The report this year was an extremely satisfactory one, great advance having been made. The work of the various committees was growing, and agents were being appointed in all points, so that the immigrants would be under good influences during their entire journey. The appointment of a city missionary was an extremely important one and had been made. The work of the good work at the female goal was not so prosperous as might be wished, and public interest had to be aroused to its necessity.

He also read the report of the Committee on Foreign Missions. During the year the collections had been reported as follows: S.P.G., \$200; Madras Mission, \$20; Church Society, \$380; and others amounting to \$900 in all.

Rev. Mr. Belcher, Secretary of the Diocesan Board of Domestic Missions, read a report showing a very gratifying increase in the larger amount being contributed than in any previous year. The Rev. Canon Carmichael made a motion to the effect that the envelope system be endorsed by the synod, in collecting for the mission funds. The Rev. Dean Baldwin presented the report of the Committee on library books and tracts, which stated that little, if any, change had been made in the position of the library since the last meeting. The Rev. J. W. Totten moved that the synod be authorized to appropriate \$100 from the surplus of the year, for the purpose of purchasing books and tracts for gratuitous distribution by the clergy tracts from various sources, and specially adapted to meet the wants and demands of the Union.

The Very Rev. Dean BALDWIN moved in amendment that it is recommended that a general congress should be held in Montreal for the purpose of settling the Basis of Union, and that a committee be appointed by the Bishop for the furtherance of the same.

Mr. C. GARTH seconded the amendment, saying that he thought it would be for the advantage of the Church if this proposal came from the Diocesan instead of the Provincial Synod. The Ven. Archdeacon LINDSAY said it would be a fatal mistake to make the Provincial Synod responsible for any act of the congress.

Mr.

Meetings, Amusements, &c.

QUEEN'S HALL!

THURSDAY and FRIDAY, June 21st and 22nd, at 8.15 p.m. In response to repeated urgent requests...

MIZPAH LODGE, No. 3, L.O.O.F. The regular weekly meeting of this lodge will be held in the Oddfellows' Hall...

MONTREAL BRIGADE GARRISON ARTILLERY. Second Monthly Meeting of the M. O. A. Rifle Association will take place at the range, Point St. Charles, on SATURDAY, the 23rd inst., at 2 p.m.

SHAMROCK. The Montreal Lacrosse Club will play a match with the Shamrock Lacrosse Club on SATURDAY, the 23rd inst., at 2 p.m.

CIRCULATION OF THE WITNESS during the week ending June 16th, 1883, and the corresponding week of last year:

Table with columns for DAILY, Weekly, and Messenger, comparing circulation for June 1883 and June 1882.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Daily Witness, \$3; Weekly Witness, \$1.00; Northern Messenger, 10 copies to one address, \$2.50...

ADVERTISING RATES. First line and upward, 10c per line first insertion, and all other insertions on pages 1, 2 and 3; 5c per line each after insertion on pages 4 and 7...

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS. The date printed on each paper denotes the time when the subscription expires.

The Daily Witness. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1883.

THE "CHARYBDIS" has been offered for sale by the Admiralty, and the amount of money she brings will be of some interest to Canadians. The \$30,000 we spent on her will, it is to be feared, not count for much under the hammer.

IT IS PERHAPS too much at this time of day to ask any nation to submit to having the vessels sailing under her flag searched by the ships of another nation for slaves...

THE PERPETRATORS of murder and other agrarian outrages committed during the past two years of lawlessness in the west and south of Ireland are now being brought to justice.

THE MOVEMENT against compulsory vaccination does not make much headway in England judging from the result of the vote in the House of Commons...

WHILE JOURNALISTS both inside and outside of France are discussing the question whether the Republic is likely to endure much longer...

THE GRABBING of School Commissionerships by aldermen, at the expense of men who have given to that work lifelong and patriotic services, is calculated to meet with general disapproval.

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WAR HAS evidently been declared between the people of the Western States and the sleeping car companies, and so far the people appear to have won a number of substantial advantages.

A DREDGE-BOT has alarmed all Washington by bringing to the surface a couple of well-lodged torpedoes, and of course this has sent the unhappy city into a panic with fear.

THE MINORITY in the Council on the City Passenger Railway by-law seem at length to be in a position to make themselves respected by the "east iron" majority.

THE REV. DR. WILLIAMS, principal of the McGill University, in conferring the rank of Associate in Arts on a large number of schoolboys yesterday, deplored the bumpiness of the professional guilds of this Province...

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of the ships is far too violent a one to last for a very long time. For twenty years it has been raging and it has only resulted in bringing forward new plans for destruction each more horrible than the last...

THE CONGREGATIONAL COLLEGE.

LAYING THE FOUNDATION STONE OF THE NEW COLLEGE—THE ADDRESSES AND HISTORY OF THE COLLEGE.

The corner stone of the new Congregational College, in course of construction on McGill street, was laid yesterday afternoon, with appropriate religious ceremonies.

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attended the classes in Arts in McGill University, according to the terms of affiliation, and the studies of the third and fourth years of the full course are presented simultaneously in the Faculty of Arts and in the department of Theology.

CITY ITEMS.

Five hundred and fifty immigrants arrived at the Tancred's yesterday, ex "Lake Huron," and about 800 this a.m. ex "Urcassian," from Liverpool.

The following officers were elected last evening at a meeting of the Excelsior Lodge of Oddfellows, No. 6257, at the hall on Craig street:

The Chairman of the Parks and Ferries' Committee, Ald. Thos. Wilson, condemns the practice of taking orphans to the penitentiary at St. Helen's Island on Sunday, owing to the numerous accidents.

Mr. Robert Penk (with E. B. Morgan & Co., live stock exporters, upon entering into marriage, was the recipient of a handsome walnut bedroom set and half lamp.

On Monday evening a few friends of Mr. N. D. Drew met him in the basement of the Ottawa Street Methodist Church, and presented him with a purse containing \$60.

Sub-Capt. McCulloch of the Fire Brigade, who had the sympathy of a wide circle of friends in the loss he has sustained in the death of his eldest son, Mr. T. R. McCulloch, who died yesterday.

Imports into the United Kingdom during past week: Flour, 80,000 to 85,000 barrels against 150,000 to 155,000 barrels previous week; wheat, 300,000 to 310,000 qrs. against 250,000 qrs. against 415,000 to 420,000 qrs. previous week.

The Chicago wheat market is about steady. No. 2 being quoted at \$1.05 June, \$1.06 July, \$1.08 August, \$1.10 Sept. and \$1.05 year. Corn is about 1/2 cent higher, at \$1.10 for No. 2, \$1.12 for No. 1, \$1.13 for No. 3, \$1.14 for No. 4, \$1.15 for No. 5.

The local grain market is very dull. No business was reported to-day. Canada Red Winter Wheat quoted at \$1.15 to \$1.17; White Winter, \$1.12 to \$1.13; Spring, \$1.10 to \$1.11; Corn, \$1.08 to \$1.09; Peas, \$1.06 to \$1.07; Oats, \$0.85 to \$0.86; Rye, \$0.70.

Flour—Receipts, 750 barrels. The market is very dull, and a good deal of speculation. There is some inquiry for Superior Extra at about \$1.97 to \$2.00, according to quantity, but stocks are in small compass.

Dairy produce.—Both the butter and cheese markets continue quiet and prices are unchanged. We quote—Butter—Creamery, 10 lbs to 20 lbs; Eastern Townships, 17c to 18c; Western, 15c to 16c.

Hed products remain very dull. We quote—Canada Short Cut, \$22.50 to \$23.75; Western, \$21.75 to \$22.50; Lard, 14c to 15c; Bacon, 13c to 14c; Lard, in pails, 13c to 14c.

ASHES are unchanged at \$5.05 to \$5.15 for 100 lbs. Receipts.—Wheat, 27,165 bushels; Corn, 72,222 do; Peas, 1,200 do; Barley, 6,200 do; Flour, 780 bbls; Ashes, 46 do; Butter, 197 packages; Cheese, 3,105 boxes; Leather, 15 rolls.

TORONTO MARKET. TORONTO, June 20.—Wheat, Fall, No. 2, \$1.07; No. 3, \$1.04 to \$1.05; Spring, No. 2, \$1.09; No. 3, \$1.05 to \$1.06; Barley, No. 1, 73c to 75c; No. 2, 65c to 70c; No. 3, Extra, 55c to 60c; No. 4, 45c to 50c; No. 5, 40c to 45c; Flour, Superior, \$4.60 to \$4.65; Extra, \$4.50 to \$4.55; Bran, \$1.00 to \$1.05; Meal, \$1.20 to \$1.25; Pork, \$14.00 to \$14.50; Lard, \$11.00 to \$11.50; Bacon, \$11.00 to \$11.50; Eggs, \$1.00 to \$1.05; Butter, \$1.00 to \$1.05.

WESTERN WEATHER AND CROPS. The most thorough official state report of the weather and crops in the State of Michigan for June just published shows that the average temperature at Lansing for May was eighteen hundredths of a degree higher than the average for May last year, 8.59 F. lower than the average for the last eighteen years. The rain-fall during the month was 6.31 inches or 2 inches more than May 1882, 1.20 more than average for past four years, and 3.52 more than average for seventeen years.

CHEESE.—The demand this week has been very good, and the arrivals have been pretty well cleared off as landed, though holders have been willing to take 62s to 64s per cwt. for finest white or colored, which is a decline of 1s to 2s per cwt. from the week before last. There is a prospect of a good demand for next week's arrivals.

HOW ROY WENT WEST.

BY MRS. S. M. I. HENRY. (National Temperance Society, New York.)

CHAPTER XIV.—(Continued.)

Briggs was bitterly disappointed in Roy. He loved the boy dearly, and was grieved beyond measure at the manner in which he had received the story it had cost him so much to tell; and under the depressing influence of this the third he drank again with diabolical power, and he felt himself helpless and hopeless. He sat with his head bowed upon his hands, when the boys returned.

Without noticing him, they at once began to prepare a place for the tent; and as the other boys all came to their help, it was but a few moments before the cosy little shelter was spread, and the warm robes folded within, and Briggs was informed that it was at his service. "Let's leave the things, boys," said Roy. "We'll want them here in the morning, and everything will be safe."

"All right," said Captain Jim; "there isn't much to be done, but the wine case, and dishes, and of course neither the squirrels nor Briggs will want anything there."

"There was a cruel scolding in his tone as well as the words, which stung Briggs to the quick; but he thanked the boys for their kindness, and turned toward the tent.

"Come to think," said Roy, "I believe I was fooled out of my drink, this evening, and I'll take it now. Come on, boys; and he went to the basket, and filling a glass, drank it, while Briggs looked at him, with the tears blinding his vision, and every nerve of his body quivering under the half-frenzied craving for the wine that tormented him; and he turned, and entered the tent. Jimmie Monroe and the Marsdens were the only ones of the other boys that had the hardness to follow Roy in this; but the others turned and went down to the boat, where Harry had already taken his place.

"We'll go over in the order in which we came," said Captain Jim, as he and Roy came up. "Wonder if that tent is far enough from the fire?"

"O yes; there's no danger whatever, unless a wind should blow up," said Roy. Harry took the boys over; Roy, Jimmie, Will Knowlton and Fred Brayton going in the last load; and as they went on board, he said:

"I'll go ashore, boys, and spend the night. I think I'd better look after the tent; it is rather near the fire."

"He made this excuse, but he had intended from the first to return and stay with Briggs. "All right, Harry," said Captain Jim. "Perhaps you'd better."

"Well, good night, boys. I'll row over for you in the morning; and Harry turned the boat and pulled back to the island.

"I don't believe he went back for fear of the fire, but to stay with Briggs," said Roy. "They understand each other; I could see that all the time."

"Now see here, boys," said Frederick, speaking for the first time, "I understand somewhat I think; and you were too awful hard on Briggs, Roy."

"Why didn't you say that before Briggs then?" asked Roy, flashing up at Fred. "Why didn't you take his side then, and not wait until it will do him no good?"

"You'd better cool off, Roy," said Frederick, quietly. "I'm not going to quarrel with you, and you are too hot to talk soberly, so we'll drop the subject."

"All right," said Roy. "And let's drop Briggs, and his story, and the whole business, and go to bed," said Captain Jim.

"And I move," said Will Knowlton, "that we don't let the matter come up again while we're out; it'll just spoil everything; let's lay it on the table till Christmas, or never."

"I say never," said Jim. "No;—there are some things I'd like to talk over, in a candid and friendly way," said Frederick.

"So would I," said Archer. "And I," said Digbee. "And I," said Egbert Marsden. "Wonder how Harry'd vote on it?" said Archer.

"O, he'd vote on your side," said Will Knowlton. "Then let's lay it over till Christmas;—I second the motion," said Frederick.

"Do you hear the motion before the house?" said Captain Jim. "All in favor of laying Briggs and his story on the table till Christmas say 'aye.'"

"Aye," shouted the boys, all together. "The 'ayes' have it, I'm sure," said Jimmie. "Christmas we'll carve and serve hot with brandy sauce; and now to bed."

The blankets were soon unrolled, and each boy wound himself up, and took the place chalked off for him on the cabin floor, and silence reigned on board the "Casella."

Roy was silent enough, but he did not sleep for a long time. Many and strange were the thoughts that filled his brain, and the emotions which burned in his heart. There intruded among the suggestions and questions concerning the wine of his home, and of the Bible; and they were disposed of again as they had always been, by the fact that his mother made and offered it, and his pastor drank and praised it. His mother was his one oracle; the embodiment of all that was true, and wise, and Christian. Anything his mother did or sanctioned, was beyond the range of criticism or reproach; and yet, Willie Briggs had made a direct attack on the images of his mother's house. After he had shared her hospitality, and drank the wine she had poured, and been counted as a friend, he condemned her; and had pre-supposed that he, Roy Mason, was going to do what he had done: turn dastard, and kill his mother. His indignation grew, until it was impossible to quietly endure it, and he thought:

"It is well for Briggs that he stayed ashore, and he came, went out on deck, and standing at the stern, looked toward the island.

"It was a lovely but weird scene upon which he gazed. The fire was burning fitfully, sometimes it would smoulder, while great masses of smoke rolled upward; and then, as the fuel would shift and settle, the flames would dash upward, and dance and brighten the forest, and flash the river again.

The white tent nestled down in the gloom, and the dark background of the bald hill was figured with many fantastic shadows.

As Roy stood thus, watching the scene, he saw a man creep out from the tent, and go to the basket of wine, and take out a bottle, and hold it to a sunset, as though trying the stopper; and then suddenly drop it back in its place, and walk hastily toward the fire. It was Briggs.

He stood there with the light on him, clasping his hands before him, as if in agony. He lifted his face to heaven, and, as the fire brightened, Roy could detect the expression of despair on his countenance. Then he saw him drop on his knees, and remain statue-like;

with his face up turned, his left hand on his brow, and his right hand extended upward, as though to get hold of something above him. The boy's heart was touched.

"Poor Briggs," he said. "He has a load to carry. I ought not to add anything to it; but I don't want him ever to come near me again."

As he looked, he saw Harry come out of the tent and glance hurriedly around, then move quickly toward the fire, and in a moment more, spring to Briggs' side, and kneel.

"I'm glad Harry went over; I'm glad I saw this; it makes me feel better," said Roy. "Two nights away from home,—from mother. She prayed for me: I will pray for myself: I need it." And Roy knelt and prayed, and much of the bitterness of his heart was removed, and he felt that he could almost forgive Briggs.

Of what it cost Briggs that night to drop that bottle of wine, and the battle he fought out on his knees as he and Harry bowed together, Roy as yet knew nothing.

Roy went back to his cot. He slept fitfully, and arose early in the gray dawn, and looking out he saw Harry returning from the further side of the river, in the skiff, alone; and a man whom he knew to be Briggs, walking slowly along the wagon road toward Centre.

Harry saw Roy as he came toward the "Casella," and bowed alongside. "Good morning, Harry," said Roy, soberly; "been taking an early row, I should think."

"Yes; Mr. Briggs wanted to get over to the road, so I took him. He left this for you." And Harry took a note from his breast pocket. "I will come to you," said Roy. "The other boys are all asleep yet. Tired out, about. We'll go over to the island."

So Roy joined Harry in the skiff, and taking the note, read:

"My Dear Roy:—For such you are to me, although you despise me: I only want to ask you to believe that the motive which led me to tell you the story of my life, was a pure one. I shall not ask you to remember me, for I know you cannot forget. You carry with you something which will keep me, and my story, in mind. And some time we may meet again, when I shall be able to prove to you how dear you are to me, and how true are some of the things I have said to you."

"Roy, I pray you, let the wine alone. This would be my word to you, if I were going right from you to answer before God, and my mother. Let the wine alone, for it is a 'mock-er' at the last it does bite.

"One thing more, I must tell you. Let Theodore Monroe alone; he is the man who wrought my ruin."

"God bless you, Roy. "Willie Briggs." "P. S.—I could not stay to meet your scorn again: good-bye."

"Do you know what's in this note, Harry?" asked Roy, with a flush on his cheek. "No," said Harry.

"Then read it," and Roy placed it in Harry's hand. Harry read it, and as he finished and returned it, he ejaculated:

"Monroe! Is it possible?—yet I can believe it; and Roy, that's all so; true as the Bible: wine is a mocker."

"Perhaps so,—the kind you sell," said Roy, hotly. "But Harry, this is a forbidden subject; we shall quarrel. I've got sort of cooled off, and you must let me alone. We all agreed last night, we'd lay this whole thing on the table till Christmas. Briggs is not to be mentioned: it will spoil all our fun. We'll go ashore and get a big fire going, for the air is chilly a little, and then go over and make a racket and get the fellows out."

"All right," said Roy. "And let's drop Briggs, and his story, and the whole business, and go to bed," said Captain Jim.

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VETERINARY.

(Conducted by D. McEckran, F.R.C.V.S.)

PUFFED HOCK.

See.—I have a valuable mare eight years old, who for the past three years has shown signs of a puff or wind-gal on the out and front side of gambrel. About three weeks ago I pulled her very hard, since then it has been growing fast, and is made stiff, stopping over obstacles. She is not lame, not sore, neither does it interfere with travelling, only when she steps over anything a foot high. I have not been able to procure any satisfactory information yet and if you will kindly answer as soon as convenient you will greatly oblige. T. G. K.

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LEGAL.

All persons asking questions in this department are particularly requested to state distinctly in what Province they reside, to set forth the facts of the case, and to send the name and address of the person to whom the answer should be sent, and to write on one side of the paper only.

SCHOOL TAXES—DOMESTIC SERVICE.

See.—Will you please answer the following questions: 1. How far from school-house to home of residence, as the crow flies, can taxes be collected in an unincorporated township? 2. Can a young woman collect wages she has earned in the village of Colebrook? Not a few worthy souls asserted that Lucy might have done better than marry a journeyman carpenter, since it was well known that Farmer Bruce's son had offered his hand in the person of Tom Francis, whose father kept "The Colbrook Arms," and who was himself expected shortly to succeed to the freehold of that highly respectable roadside inn, the elder Francis being well advanced in years and of feeble health. That Lucy Forbes should have given both these suitors a flat refusal, in favor of the carpenter, was a surprise to more than one village gossip, though every one admitted that Tom Francis was likely to risk the reputation of the old tavern, when his father's death left him free to entertain his sporting friends from the next town, and though every one was equally ready to shake his head when the young farmer returned at unseasonable hours from the weekly market. On the other hand, everybody in the place was constrained to approve young Everett's character for steadiness, the more so as he had for several years maintained his widowed mother. Still the aforesaid worthies persisted in their opinion that Lucy might have "done better," that opinion being greatly influenced by a prevalent impression as to the turpitude of the young man, who was naturally somewhat of a capitalist—evidently deserving of something better than a carpenter for a son-in-law. However, the matter was settled; and in another month the wedding was to come off at Colbrook church.

TED EVERETT'S "MARRIAGE SETTLEMENT."

Long before the month expired a new feature of interest was imported in the case. Edward Everett, returning from the town one day, had told his betrothed that he had been to order his "Marriage Settlement" to be prepared. Lucy, who had never heard of such a thing except in connection with the weddings of people of property, was naturally somewhat curious to know what her lover meant; but not a word of explanation would the young fellow give. Pouting and persuasion, smiles and frowns, were equally unavailing; and neither to the young woman herself nor to her parents would Edward give any other reply than—"Stop till our wedding-day, and you'll see I've told the truth. I'm having a 'Marriage Settlement' prepared, and when we're married I'll give it to my wife, who'll be the proper owner."

Many were the jests uttered at Everett's expense, as the story of his "Marriage Settlement" became known in the village; and more and more persons plainly called the intended bridegroom a fool, while some hinted to the bride that she was being tricked. Lucy replied to all these friendly suggestions, by shaking her head, and declaring unabated faith in her swain.

"It was," she said, laughing, "enough to vex any one, that Ted should talk such nonsense, and refuse to say what he meant by it; but then wait till they were married, and let them see whether she would not pay him out or not."

Thus the time passed by, and the wedding morn arrived. Inviting his wealthier neighbors, John Forbes prepared a substantial meal as the wedding breakfast, and the young couple were to go away for three or four days to spend their short honeymoon, at an old farmhouse twenty miles off, with the bridegroom's uncle. The wedding ceremony over, and the guests assembled round the hospitable table, a cry was raised for Ted Everett's "Marriage Settlement." Even the hunger of those who had come farthest to be present on the occasion was less powerful than their curiosity. Old John Forbes himself heartily entered into the spirit of the joke, and declared that he would not allow Ted to taste "bite or sup" till the long treasured secret was all explained.

Thus driven to bay, young Everett could hold out no longer; but unloosing an old chest which stood ready packed for the coming journey, he took out a small parcel, and handed it to his blushing bride. With trembling fingers Lucy untied the cord that bound it, and lo! there appeared, carefully wrapped in paper, a small but neat frame, surrounding an illuminated pledge-card, containing the following words:—"I hereby solemnly declare that from and after my Wedding Day I will never taste any kind of intoxicating Drink nor Smoke Tobacco.—Edward Everett."

Words would fail to convey any adequate sense of the scene that followed. The guests reared with laughter, and even Ted's most guarded nature could not resist the temptation to rally poor Lucy not unmercifully on the way she was being "sold." For the moment it seemed almost as if the harmony of the occasion was likely to be endangered; but the young wife, though evidently disappointed that nothing better had come of the wonderful secret, appeared so merry over the affair that good humor speedily prevailed.

"Who'd have thought of you turning teetotaler?" said one guest, taking up a glass of home-made wine as he did so to drink the health of the bride and bridegroom.

"And to give up smoking, too," added another. "Ted likes his pipe and glass too well to stick to that long," chimed in a third.

"No, no," rejoined John Forbes, "Ted has never been one of them sort that like their glass much, I know. No one ever saw him the worse of drink."

"Oh, I didn't mean anything of that sort," was the hasty explanation of the one who had spoken. "What I mean is that Ted knows that when he takes it and when he leaves it; but as for a pipe, I'm sure he can smoke as well as any of us, and like it too."

"What's Ted got to say for himself?" asked one guest, who had not yet spoken.

"Ay, let's hear Ted!" A speech from Ted Everett! cried one and another, and amid much thumping of the table the young carpenter was called upon to explain.

"Well, friends," he said, declining sundry invitations to mount the table, and several other facetious suggestions—"I'm no hand at speech-making, but I'll tell you my mind on this subject if you'll listen to it. I've been thinking about it a good deal for these many weeks, and to tell you the truth, I made up my mind to it that very night as I was walking home, after Lucy's father and mother there had agreed that we should get married as today. I've often thought I'd like to be a rich man for Lucy's sake, for I'm sure she deserves to have a good home, if anybody does. Well, as you all know, I've got no fortune to give her; but I've got a comfortable home, and Lucy is agreeable that my poor old mother should end her days with us, and the house is big enough for all three. But, as I was saying, I'd been turning this over in my mind a good bit, and it seemed to me that even the little I've ever spent on tobacco and drink would go a long way to make Lucy a richer wife. So that's how I made up my mind to have what I call a 'Marriage Settlement.' If I'd a fortune, I'd settle it all on Lucy; but as I haven't, I can only give her what I've got. That card, with God's blessing, guarantees my wife a sober husband, and I'm much mistaken if that isn't something worth more than money."

The speaker paused awhile, and then proceeded, with a slight blush on his face; "There's another thing I've thought of, friends, but somehow I didn't like to put it on that card; it would seem as if I was making a parade. But when I had signed that pledge I thought of something higher and better even than sobriety, and that's religion. I mean, with God's help, that my wife should have a Christian for her husband; and I think you'll agree with me that if we can start in

LAST EDITION.

PROVINCIAL SYNOD.

THIS MORNING'S MEETING—REPORTS AND MEMORIALS.

The Diocesan Synod resumed its sittings this morning at 10 o'clock. His Lordship Bishop Boyd presiding.

The meeting opened with devotional exercises, conducted by the Chairman.

The Rev. Canon Norman, Clerical Secretary, read the minutes of yesterday's meeting, which were confirmed.

Canon Norman asked for the names of a committee of trustees for Lennoxville. His Lordship appointed Messrs. Dean Nussen, Canon ship Norman and L. H. Davidson.

Mr. Richard White presented a report of a committee of the duties in vestries. The report was laid on the table.

Canon Norman read a memorial of the Diocesan Synod of Montreal on church funds, asking it to take into consideration the holding of a church congress.

Canon Norman read a report of the Hospital Committee relative to the entertainment of delegates to the Provincial Synod, and a report on Church education, stating that a circular had been issued asking for information concerning Church schools.

In conclusion it gave interesting particulars relative to the schools and academies in existence, and suggested that the report be adopted, printed and published for further information and reference.

Bishop of Altona, the assessment to be made on the several parishes for the purpose. This assessment to be calculated at the rate of one percent on the amount of clerical stipends.

The objection raised was to the assessment being made on the amount of clerical stipends. The resolution was carried.

The report of the endowments and trusts was carried without discussion, and so was the Widows' and Orphan's Fund.

The report recommending that \$2,000 be appropriated and paid in the way of a bonus to the most poorly paid of our missionaries.

Mr. L. H. Davidson referred to the item of \$440 for a city missionary asking if any had been employed last year. It was explained that this sum was for the coming year and the objection was merely technical.

The resolution that in view of the very limited means at the disposal of the Bishop of Altona, he should be paid an allowance of \$150 per annum, payable quarterly during his lifetime out of the following funds, \$75 out of the sustentation, and \$75 out of the superannuation fund.

Mr. L. H. Davidson objected as no appropriation should be made out of their funds for any charity, no matter how good.

"HIGH ART" IN FLIGHT. IT GOES SOUTHWARD PROBABLY TO THE SUNNY SKIES OF SAFETY FOR SWINDLERS.

Madame Carlisle, who started the "Grand Polytechnic Institute" three weeks ago, and who suddenly left for parts unknown last Monday night, has not been heard from since.

Three young ladies, who were married by the late orator of the trial, called at the Police Court yesterday, but not liking the publicity that a charge of obtaining money under false pretences against the departed Madame would give them, declined to make an affidavit.

Madame Carlisle was of opinion that this man was the lady's husband, as the child with her had a decidedly mulatto tint. This young lady further stated that it was her opinion that Mrs. Carlisle wished to avoid this man who was evidently persecuting her, and to prevent the recurrence of such a scene.

Mr. L. H. Davidson called the attention of the chairman to Rule 26 which provides that no delegate shall be allowed to take part in the deliberations or vote so long as the assessment due by his parish remained unpaid.

Mr. Davidson said the rule had not been removed and he maintained that it should be enforced in common fairness to the members collectively.

THE MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE ANNUAL MEETING THIS MORNING—THE GENERAL MANAGER'S STATEMENT—RESOLUTIONS.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants' Bank of Canada was held at noon to-day. Among those present were Messrs. Andrew Allan, Robert Anderson, William Darling, Jonathan Hodgson, George Hague, Hector McKenzie, John Crawford, W. B. Cumming, Murdoch McKenzie, F. B. McArthur, and a number of others.

On motion of Mr. JOHN CRAWFORD, Mr. Andrew Allan, president of the bank, took the chair.

The Secretary having read the notice calling the meeting the Chairman submitted the annual report of the directors, showing the profits of the year to have been \$897,113.10. Out of this two dividends of 3 1/2 percent each have been paid, amounting to \$399,966.56.

The sum of \$20,000 had also been written off the Bank premises and furniture account, \$5,000 transferred to Officers' Guarantee fund, \$65,000 to the Contingent fund, and \$100,000 to the Rest, leaving a balance of \$8,146.60, to be carried forward to next year.

General Manager answered several questions of stockholders in connection with it. Finally, on motion of the Chairman, it was adopted.

Mr. HAGUE then made his annual statement. The result of the year's working, he said, had been on the whole satisfactory. For the first time the profits had been satisfactory to himself, but they were realized not without an unusual amount of care and watchfulness.

For the most part, he said, the business of the bank had been conducted on a sound basis, and there had been no serious loss of credit had again broken out and had brought with it in many quarters, its usual accompaniment of commercial troubles.

The burden of most of this want of prudence fell upon the banks. Bankers ungenerally refused to advance money to those who were naturally, but the fact was that they must make up their minds to be blamed in any case. A judicious banker may often prevent his customers from shipwreck if they will only listen to his advice, and a prudent banker will be glad to take all the hints he can get.

ANOTHER "TEACHER."

HE HAD MADE A FORTUNE, BUT SELLS ONLY AN "IDEA"—AN INTERVIEW WITH AN APPLICANT AND THE TEACHER.

Some days since a party—a male party—called and asked the insertion of a paragraph in effect that he had made a fortune by the method which he possessed of teaching people a system which would add them greatly in acquiring languages.

"How long will it take me under your direction to learn to speak German?" "Well, really, I hardly know any other language but English. What I sell is simply an idea."

"Yes, which I can sell you for \$5." "How long are the courses for?" "Four or five months. It's only an idea. Now, for instance, you can arrive at the same place on foot as well as on a bicycle; but you can arrive much sooner on a bicycle. It is the same with my method. You can learn it in four or five months, but with it you learn it four times quicker and easier. With my idea you can recollect much easier anything you please—a house, a street, a person. What is your business?"

"I am a law student." "Well, then, buy my idea; you'll have your money's worth. Why, with my idea you'll easily remember any statute, any previous judgment, the names of all the courts and judges."

"I called only to know your terms, and am not ready to buy your idea to-day." "How much money have you on you? Give me it and I'll take your note for the balance."

"Well, I have also leaving, I go to Quebec at three o'clock, and as I want some more money, I'll sell you my idea for three dollars." "What do you mean?" "Well, will I have as much for \$3 as you give others for \$5?"

"Certainly, it's only because I'm in a hurry and can't take it today." "Yes, but you know I had a splendid profit, and employ all the money I make as soon as I can. I'll go with you if you like and sell you my idea at your office."

"Where do you board?" "On St. Andrew street." "Well, that's exactly my way. I am going down to St. Denis street." "Oh, yes, but have to go to court first, and to several other places."

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL WITNESS OFFICE, June 20. FINANCIAL.

Money is unchanged at 5 1/2 for call loans on stock and 7 percent on good commercial paper. Sterling Exchange eased off a day in sympathy with the New York market; 60-day bills being quoted at 109 1/2 to 100 for demand amounts; 109 1/2 to 100 1/2 for the counter. Demand, 109 1/2 to 110. Currency about par.

The Stock market remains stagnant, and is rather weaker as to values in consequence probably of the wet weather, which prevailed last night and this morning. Bank stocks were about 1/2 lower. Other stocks are also weak.

Morning sales: 23 Montreal at 198; 125 Ontario at 11 1/2; 5 Merchants at 123 1/2; 25 at 123 1/2; 250 Federal at 100; 75 at 100 1/2; 325 Canadian Pacific at 63 1/2; 250 Gas at 178; 5,000 Champlain Bonds at 87.

Afternoon Sales: 10 Montreal at 197 1/2; 200 Ontario at 11 1/2; 25 Toronto at 100; 100 Commerce at 132; 50 St. Paul and Manitoba at 123 1/2; 125 Canadian Pacific at 63 1/2.

Table with columns for various commodities like Flour, Corn, etc., and their prices.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST—June 20. (Furnished by R. Meeker.) Opening and closing prices, 10.10 a.m. and 3.00 p.m.

Table with columns for various stocks like U.S. Gov., Erie, etc., and their prices.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES. METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, June 20, 1 a.m.—The area of depression has remained almost stationary, but has been gradually dispersing to the northward of the Lake region.

A BRUTAL BEATING.

A LUMBER MERCHANT TAKES THE LAW INTO HIS OWN HANDS—THE BEATEN MAN DANGEROUSLY ILL.

A serious affair appears to have taken place on Sunday last at Hochelaga. A man named Frederic Peche, aged 21, who had been flogging the water in the street on Thursday afternoon, proceeded to take the law in his own hands and inflicted summary vengeance on the offender.

THE STAR-CLEANER LABEL CASE.

THE MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL REJECTED—TERMINATION OF THE CASE.

The Hon. Chief Justice Sir A. A. Dorion this morning rendered judgment upon the application of Mr. Kerr, Q.C., for a new trial in the case of the Queen vs. Sellar. His Honor said that in his remarks to the jury in the case he had observed casually that the prosecutor might be permitted to offer evidence in mitigation of the penalty for the offence.

A TUG BOAT FIRE.

AT 1.30 this afternoon a fire broke out in the tug boat "Lake," lying at the Bonsecours wharf, and on the alarm being sounded reels 1, 2, 7 and 8, together with the salvage crew, were quickly on the spot. The fire meantime had assumed a very alarming character, and the crew with a hand engine which they had on board, the damage will amount to only a few dollars, and is covered by insurance.

Before the fire brigade got back to quarters from the fire on the tug boat, the alarm sounded calling them to 151 St. Urban street. It proved only to be a chimney on fire; no damage was done.

AN ALLEGED VETERAN PICKPOCKET.

Yesterday afternoon Detective Glady made the arrest of an old man, seventy years of age, named Raphael Davis, for picking pockets.

The prisoner, who had been watched for a long time by the police and caught at last, was arrested on the 15th of December last for the same offence. Since then he has spent his forenoons at the Bonaventure Station, and the afternoons at the Canadian Pacific Railway depot. He has the other half of his forenoons at No. 41, where he has a wife and children. He has no other means of his evidence than his criminal profession. When arrested he had just been taking a purse from an old lady's pocket at the Canadian Pacific Railway depot.

A CUPOLA SKELETON.

The workmen in demolishing the cupola of the old building known as Dawson Brothers, came across a skeleton believed to have been owned by Dr. Robertson who forty years ago was most prominent among our surgeons. In those days every doctor had his skeleton for reference, which books nowadays make easier. The only remarkable thing about it was that it was discovered in the cupola. Though every household has its skeleton every house has not its cupola.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

6TH FUSILIERS. ANNUAL DRILL. The Battalion will parade on THURSDAY, the 21st inst., in the Drill at 8 p.m. Uniform—Army order. By order, W. H. BLAIRLOCK, Major, Acting Adjutant.

ROYAL SCOTS. ANNUAL DRILL. The Battalion will parade in drill order on THURSDAY, 21st inst., at 8 p.m., in the Academy. By order, FRED. LYDON, Lieut., Act. Adj.

SHERBROOKE STREET. METHODIST CHURCH. The members and friends of the church are cordially invited to meet in the lecture room on Thursday, 21st, for the purpose of bidding farewell to the retiring pastor and welcoming the newly appointed one. Tea will be served at 7 o'clock.

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, AND PROOF ENGRAVING. The subscribers will sell at their rooms, Nos. 417 and 449 Notre Dame street, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, June 22nd, 40 Gold and Silver Watches; also about 50 Proof Engravings, beautifully framed. Sale at Two o'clock. M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

SALE OF BUILDING LOTS ON PARK AVENUE, late Upper Bleury Street, at our Rooms. FRIDAY MORNING NEXT, FOR CASH. The lots are 104 feet deep, with lane in rear and are nicely situated. Sale at 10.30. SHAW & GOWDIE, Auctioneers.

STEAMER CHAIRS, \$150. ANOTHER LOT RECEIVED. At S. R. PARSON'S FURNITURE ROOMS. 437 and 439 Notre Dame street.

WHY BUY STAINED WOOD? Sidesboards, when you can get real good Black Walnut ones for \$13.50 upwards, at HENRY J. SHAW & CO., 726 Craig street.

JOHN FAIR, Jr., Notary, Commissioner for Taking Affidavits for 115 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER ST. MONTREAL. HENRY J. SHAW & CO. HAVE certainly the largest assortment of Dining Chairs in Canada. Call and get their prices. HENRY J. SHAW & CO., 726 Craig street.

SEASIDE REQUISITES. Supplies received per S.S. "Viking," English Beach chairs, also in Stock immense quantities English and Japanese Fans. My 5 cent 25c Packet Note Paper is best in city. W. STREET, 54 Hedges and 59 Bleury street.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD! All kinds of first-class Wood can now be had at 150 Mountain street, a little above St. Antoine street. Estate W. D. PARK.

FOR A REAL GOOD SET OF Parlour Furniture, upholstered in best English Hair Cloth, go to Henry J. Shaw & Co.; their stock is the largest in the city. Prices fully 20 percent lower than elsewhere. HENRY J. SHAW & CO., 726 Craig street.

COMPARED STUDY on Italian, Spanish and Portuguese. Striking fact. Those who are desirous of learning these harmonious languages will experience that in taking any two of them they will be enabled to understand with ease the remaining third if a little self-application is given to it. For lessons apply to 85 St. Lawrence street.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL. WANTED, a Porter, a Carpenter and two Orderlies. Apply to the Medical Superintendent.

FOR SALE, Fresh Calved Ayrshire Cow, at 108 Cadieux street. WANTED.—A Coachman Must have good references. Apply 21 Victoria Square. WANTED, by 1st July, a General Servant for family of two. Must wash and iron and be a good cook. Apply any evening at 133 Crescent.

WANTED, Good Plain Cooks, Housemaids and General Servants. Apply Mrs. O'BRIEN, 65 St. Antoine st. WANTED, General Servant. 83 Victoria street.

WANTED, a Girl for housework. 141 Metcalfe street. WANTED.—Small House or Rooms within easy access of Montreal. Apply to J. M. C. "Witness" office.

WANTED.—For three Ladies, within a short distance of Montreal, Country Board on moderate terms, either at a farm house or hotel. Address, Stating terms, "Witness" office. WANTED, PRINTERS.—Several good job hands wanted. Steady employment. Apply to JOHN LOVELL & SON.

WANTED.—A strong Young Man to drive an Express Wagon. 24 Chabouffe Square. WANTED.—A Smart Lad of 12 to 14 years of age. Should write a good hand and must have a knowledge of French. Address, "Witness" office. WANTED.—A Situation by a young Gardner, good experience, first-class references. A. W. M. Blair, 124 Mountain street.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted, by a Young Man, situation as Bookkeeper. Fresh Short-hand, Address R. "Witness" Office. EMPLOYMENT wanted by a good Cook, Housemaid and Nurse. Apply at 65 St. Antoine street. VACANCIES for regular and transient Boarders. 89 Cathedral street. BOARD.—Country Board available. Good board and sailing. BOATING. "Witness" Office. ROOM.—Large, handsomely furnished bedroom for married couple, with use of kitchen, dining room, &c. in first class locality and central. Small private family. D. 45, "Witness" Office. ROOMS, Furnished. 1,375 St. Catherine street. ROOM.—With Board. 16 Brunswick street.