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THE REDISTRIBUTION BILL INTRODUCED AT OTTAWA

Prince Edward Island May Retain Present Membership—Two Main Principles To Be Observed in Work of the Committee

(Special to the Chronicle.)

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—The redistribution bill introduced by Premier Borden today is but the preliminary to the real work of readjusting the constituencies in the various provinces.

The total number of members in the next parliament will be 234 if the census is strictly followed, but there is a possibility that Prince Edward Island may retain its four members, in which case the membership of the next house would total 235.

Four Senators.

One argument is that the island being almost entirely rural, if its population were included in that of any other province it would be entitled to four members because of the population requirement in rural ridings being less than in urban.

Two Main Principles.

Mr. Borden pointed out that in the work of the committee there would be two main principles to be observed. One was the principle of following municipal boundaries, the other the principle of equality of representation.

In closing Mr. Borden said he was willing to set an early date to discuss the bill so that it would not be delayed in going to the committee.

Railways and Fires.

Mr. Demers (St. John-Berville), today introduced a bill to amend the Railway Act so as to make more explicit the section which refers to the setting on fire of crops, fences, etc., by locomotives.

STEAMER ARRIVAL.

Halifax, N.S., February 10.—The Allan Line steamer Tunisian arrived in this port today, from Liverpool.

GAVE SHORT TERM TO BIGAMY CASE

AND IS SUMMONED TO QUEBEC TO EXPLAIN MATTERS TO SIR LOMER GOUIN.

Montreal, Feb. 10.—Police Magistrate Leet was summoned to Quebec today by Sir Lomer Gouin, it is stated, to explain the brevity of a sentence which he recently imposed on a youth convicted of bigamy.

Judge Leet, in giving sentence, said the evidence showed that the young man had been married in the United States when both he and his first wife were under the legal age, and subsequently the woman left him and refused to come back.

Le Nationaliste, a Sunday paper, made a vigorous attack upon the Magistrate's judgment, describing it as a menace to the sacredness of the marriage tie.

SWEDISH CABINET HAS RESIGNED

ON ACCOUNT OF A DISAGREEMENT WITH THE KING—LATER WOULD SUBMIT TO THEM.

Stockholm, Feb. 10.—The Swedish Cabinet, of which Karl Albert Staff was Premier, resigned today, and King Gustave summoned Baron Gerard Luis De Geer to form a new cabinet.

The resignation of the cabinet was the result of acute differences of opinion between its members and the King as to the sovereign's right to give free expression publicly to his opinion in political matters without previously consulting the Ministers.

This has been made clear by the publication of caustic correspondence between the King and the cabinet after the King's speech to the 30,000 peasants who came from all parts of the country and held a demonstration a few days ago, demanding an increase of Swedish armaments.

The round-house at Wolfe's Cove was cancelled as unnecessary. Joint terminals near the centre of the business section of Quebec were regarded as most desirable, consequently an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway makes possible a Union Station on the Palais site, while for river traffic a suitable station will be erected on the Champlain Market site.

QUEBEC TERMINAL SCHEME DETAILS

ESTIMATED COST OF NEW PLANS IS \$5,847,250—SOME SAVING EFFECTED.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—A return brought down in the House today gives details of the new scheme of terminals at Quebec. The estimated cost of the original plans was \$6,406,153, but the new scheme is estimated to cost \$5,847,250 or a difference of \$558,902.

The Original Scheme.

The original scheme included the expensive passenger station on the Champlain Market site, the construction of a revetment wall, 1,930 feet long, in front of the market site, a double track railway between the Champlain terminal and the Quebec Bridge Company's line, erection of a round-house and yards at Wolfe's Cove and locomotive and car repair shops in the division yard at the north end of Quebec Bridge about six miles from the city.

The New Scheme.

The new scheme regards a million dollar depot at Champlain Market as far too expensive in view of the business to be looked for.

The expenditure of a million dollars on the revetment wall was also regarded as unwise. By a change in the original scheme for connection between Pointe-a-Pizeau and Lampson's Cove, the whole water front from Champlain Market to Pointe-a-Pizeau, except one small lot, has been acquired and at a less cost than was originally agreed upon for a right-of-way only.

The round-house at Wolfe's Cove was cancelled as unnecessary. Joint terminals near the centre of the business section of Quebec were regarded as most desirable, consequently an agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway makes possible a Union Station on the Palais site, while for river traffic a suitable station will be erected on the Champlain Market site.

A MEXICAN BANDIT AND HIS PALS CAPTURED

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 10.—A despatch to the Times from a staff correspondent at Cumbre today carries the report that Maximo Castillo, the bandit held responsible for the Cumbre tunnel disaster, and the remnant of his band, have been captured.

The capture is said to have been made a few miles east of Pearson. The report adds that the prisoners will be taken to Casas Grandes.

SHUFFLE IN THE BRITISH CABINET

RESIGNATION OF VISCOUNT GLADSTONE WILL CAUSE MANY DELAYS.

London, Feb. 10.—It is understood that as a result of the resignation of Viscount Gladstone as Governor-General of the Union of South Africa, which it is reported will be presented in the next few months, the following changes will be made in the cabinet. John Burns will become president of the Board of Trade to replace Sydney Buxton, who is to succeed Gladstone; Herbert Samuel will become president of the local government board; C. E. Hobhouse, Postmaster-General, and C. F. G. Masterman, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

BRITISH DIPLOMATS FOR WASHINGTON

WILL BRITAIN BE GUIDED BY AMERICAN POLICY TOWARD MEXICO—THE TUNNEL TRAGEDY.

Washington, February 10.—With Thomas B. Hohler, secretary of the British legation in Mexico City, in Washington, and Sir Lionel Carden, the retiring British minister to Mexico, about to visit the city, it is believed here that all concerned will understand here after that the British government's intention to be guided by the developments of the American policy toward Mexico.

Sir Lionel Carden's visit is expected by his friends here to clear up misapprehension as to his attitude towards the Huerta government, and it is suggested, too, that he will be able to tell much concerning recent events in Mexico City that is not known by American Charge O'Shaughnessy because of the latter's peculiar diplomatic status.

More important in its results than Sir Lionel's visit are expected to be the conferences which Mr. Hohler is now holding with various officials in Washington. The British diplomat has had it impressed upon him that any possible means of settlement of the Mexican situation is barred that does not involve the complete elimination of General Huerta as a factor in Mexican politics, and that he will carry this news to Mexico City with him when he goes there in the next week or ten days.

State Department officials were more interested today in unraveling the details of the tragedy in the railroad tunnel at Cumbre than in political developments in Mexico. Such information as was received from Lloyd Griscom, the president of the Mexican North Western Railroad, and from American Consul Edwards seemed to confirm the original report that the passenger train was deliberately wrecked by the bandit Castillo out of revenge, and that the real extent of the tragedy may never be known because of the destructive fire in the tunnel.

BOTH ARE OLD IN YEARS AS WELL AS CRIME

Philadelphia, Feb. 10.—Samuel Tate, 86 years old, said to be the oldest convicted counterfeiter in the United States, is again behind the bars charged with counterfeiting silver coin. Along with him is George Reilly, 70 years old, who is held on a similar charge. Tate has served 39 years in the penitentiary for burglary, counterfeiting and other offences, and Reilly has spent 13 years in prison for burglary, larceny and horse stealing, but never for counterfeiting.

CHARGES AGAINST KAISER'S FAMILY OF SPEEDING

Berlin, Feb. 10.—The excessive speed of the automobiles in which members of the Imperial family are driven in Berlin and its suburbs, and the great danger to pedestrians caused thereby, were the subject of complaint during a debate on traffic accidents which was held in the Prussian Diet today.

A demand was made that the police enforce the city speed regulations without discrimination in favor of the Emperor's sons who, it was said, were frequent offenders. The daughters-in-law of the Emperor were also occasionally involved in breaches of the regulation; it was said.

GERMAN OFFICERS WANT TO SETTLE DAMAGE SUITS

Strassburg, Germany, Feb. 10.—Several officers of high rank in the German army visited the town of Zabern yesterday, and endeavored to compromise a score of damage suits

CARNEGIE STILL TRYING TO BE POOR

GIVES \$2,000,000 TO CHURCHES FOR THE PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE.

New York, Feb. 10.—Andrew Carnegie today gave \$2,000,000 to be used through the churches for the promotion of international peace. The income of the fund, about \$100,000 a year, will be expended by a board of twenty-six trustees, representing all the leading religious denominations in the United States.

This gift is in addition to the ten million dollar foundation established by Mr. Carnegie, December 14th, 1910, to hasten the abolition of international war. The announcement was made at the close of a luncheon at Mr. Carnegie's home, attended by the trustees of the new foundation. The trustees organized "the church peace union," which will be incorporated under the laws of New York State.

The income of the fund will be used to organize the moral power of the churches on critical international questions, to circulate peace literature among the clergy, and to bring about the annual observance of a "peace Sunday." Conferences of America and Europe will be called to discuss the promotion of peace. When the leading nations abolish war and the fund has fulfilled its purpose the trustees may devote the income to other philanthropic uses.

UNLICENSED CHAUFFEURS.

London, Ont., Feb. 10.—Magistrate J. C. Judd handed down an important decision in Police Court this morning, when he dismissed the charge against A. M. Heaman, charged with an infraction of the Ontario Motor Act, by employing an unlicensed chauffeur to drive his car.

Chief of Police W. T. Williams was insistent for a conviction in the case. The magistrate overruled the chief, however, and dismissed the case.

Russell Grover, the employe, over whose legal "status" the case was fought, swore in the witness box that he was not employed to drive the car.

"I am paid to clean and look after it," was his evidence.

However, he admitted that he did drive the car, when going home to dinner, but did it with the owner's permission.

STOLE TO SAVE FAMILY FROM STARVATION

Montreal, Feb. 10.—Arrested as he was returning from the funeral of the little child for whom he had stolen, Eugene Dwyer was sentenced this morning to two months for the theft of groceries from a rig. Dwyer, who lived with a family named Bourgeois at 4 Guilbault street, admitted the theft.

The family he lived with, he said, were in the direst straits, and it was to prevent them all from dying from starvation that he had stolen the provisions. The little girl, whose funeral he had attended on Monday afternoon when he was arrested, had died from the effects of the hardships she had been exposed to.

There was a mother and three children in the family, said Dwyer, and he could not see them all share the fate of the little girl. He was unable to buy goods so he stole them.

The Weather

Toronto, Feb. 10.—High pressure accompanied by fair and decidedly cold weather continues throughout the Dominion.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Min., Max. Includes Victoria, Vancouver, Kamloops, Edmonton, Calgary, Battleford, Moose Jaw, Regina, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, Parry Sound, London, Toronto, Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

* Zero and below.

Forecasts:

Lower Lakes, Georgian Bay, Ottawa and St. Lawrence Valleys, Gulf, Maritime and Lake Superior: Fair and continued very cold. Manitoba: Fine and very cold. Saskatchewan: A few local snow flurries but generally fair and very cold.

for illegal imprisonment in connection with the violent incidents between the military and civilians there in November, according to the local newspapers. In several cases, victims of the outrages were offered \$12.50 and costs to withdraw their suits, but most of them insisted on going to court.

HOME RULE MEASURE FEATURE OF SESSION OPENED IN ENGLAND

Irish Measure Will, if Carried, Receive The Royal Assent, With or Without The Consent of the Upper Chamber

London, Feb. 10.—King George, with the customary state ceremonial, today opened the momentous and historic session of parliament, which, according to all reasonable probability, will see the victorious conclusion of the thirty years' struggle of the Liberal party to give self government to Ireland. The Home Rule Bill, which is now to be presented in the House of Commons for the third time, will, if carried, receive the royal assent, with or without the consent of the House of Lords.

Whether the bill will pass as it stands or whether it will be amended to meet the susceptibilities of Ulster, will depend on the nature of the concessions which the Prime Minister announced he would make in behalf of the government at the proper time.

The King's Speech.

The King's speech, in a grave passage, expressed the earnest desire of His Majesty to attain a settlement by consent, and this desire was fervently echoed by Premier Asquith, in the House of Commons, and Viscount Morley in the House of Lords in their opening speeches.

The scene in the House of Lords was brilliant in the extreme, and in the Commons decorous. The appearance of the Assembly gave no indication of the passions surging in the opposing sides or that the sessions so quietly commenced might lead to events little short of civil war.

Settlement Unlikely.

Despite the conciliatory tone of both Premier Asquith and Lord Morley, small hope was felt in the lobbies of parliament tonight that the settlement of the Home Rule question would be reached by consent. The Minister's attitude clearly shows that the government will neither consent to an appeal to the country nor accept a solution based on the exclusion of Ulster from the operation of the bill.

The Rt. Hon. Austen Chamberlain just as clearly indicated that the Opposition will accept nothing less than the exclusion of Ulster, unless the government agrees to an appeal to the country. He declared in his speech in the House of Commons that the exclusion of Ulster was the only possible basis for a settlement by agreement and that it would be useless for the government to offer less. Civil war was certain if Ulster was not excluded.

It is evident, however, that the crisis which has been threatening has been postponed for several weeks.

Asquith Is Reticent.

Premier Asquith declines to divulge the proposed concessions at the present stage, on the ground that the Opposition would only use that knowledge as a lever to secure still greater concessions. Apparently the government's proposal will be something in the nature of Sir Horace Plunkett's plan, but will not be announced until the bill is again submitted to the House of Commons several weeks hence.

Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster Unionist leader, referring in the lobby to the Premier's speech, said:

"It carries us no farther; it is simply marking time. There is nothing in it that should induce the Ulster covenanters to relax their preparations for resisting Home Rule."

Plunkett's Suggestion.

Other Unionist members of parliament expressed their strong disapproval of Sir Horace Plunkett's suggestion that Ulster should consent to come under the bill, with the option of passing out after a certain number of years.

In the House of Lords Baron Midleton moved an amendment to the address similar to that moved by Walter Long in the House of Commons. Lord Morley, in replying, followed the same lines as the Premier.

Advertisement for Fountain Pen Ink: "Have you been noticing these new feats in aviation that are being reported daily in the paper, inquired the Oracle. 'I mean this somersaulting business. I wonder what they'll be trying next?'

Advertisement for Valiquet's Fresh Eggs: VALIQUET'S FRESH EGGS. Fresh Eggs from our Ste. Foye Farm received Every Day, also Nice Sweet Cream from the Farm.

Advertisement for P. G. Copeman: BEST OF EVERYTHING. Clean and Fresh in Groceries. HAMS, BACON, SAUSAGE, JELLIED TONGUE, BUTTER EGGS, CHEESE, Etc. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Advertisement for Kilmarnock Whisky: KILMARNOCK "JOHNNIE WALKER" THE TANDA SCOTCH WHISKY

THE C. P. R. CARS.

It is evident that the article with reference to the antiquated C. P. R. cars which appeared in these columns yesterday voiced the opinions of a very large proportion of the travelling public which is heartily sick of having to put up with these old "culls" which are apparently only put on the Quebec line because no other section will stand for them.

A good deal of justifiable criticism has been directed against the sleeping cars by the gentlemen who have occasion to use this road frequently. One of them was heated enough over the matter yesterday to describe one of these cars as being almost a second "Black Hole of Calcutta" where everyone was tumbling over everyone else, especially when it was a question of getting a wash. While the description may be a little far-fetched, it is not extravagantly so and everyone admits that there is abundant reason for irritation and dissatisfaction with the present conditions.

It has been hinted that Quebec has a very good chance of becoming the greatest passenger port of the Dominion and our Government and Harbor Commission are doing their utmost to equip her for that destiny. But the railways must also do their share and they will have to "spruce up" a bit pretty soon. They cannot expect everything done for them. It is about time they did something for Quebec.

A BASHFUL MAN.

Mr. C. B. K. Carpenter, the gentleman who "batted in" on the occasion surrounding Bill No. 158 does not seem to have been a very bashful man from what we gather in the evidence of the Burns' detectives. And, yet, Mr. Lemieux says that the Gaspe was had to ask the ex-Postmaster-General for an introduction to Mr. Mousseau on the ground that he was interested in the bill being brought forward by the contractors. Mr. Lemieux's brother was evidently not important enough to make the introduction, although he knew both Carpenter and Mousseau. Mr. Carpenter would be satisfied with no one less than the Premier's law-partner. By a coincidence Mr. Lemieux happened to be down in Quebec at the same time taking a paternal interest in the bill to amend the charter of the City of Montreal and he was able to satisfy the desires of Mr. Carpenter and provide him with the necessary introduction.

What would Carpenter have done if Mr. Lemieux had not been here to introduce him to Mr. Mousseau? Would he have been too bashful to get anyone else to do it? We hardly think so. Or did he think that the fact of being introduced by such a "big-wig" as Mr. Lemieux would carry a lot of weight with the Chairman of the Private Bills Committee? The whole thing seems rather mysterious.

CANADA AND BISLEY.

It is a question whether Canada will have a team at Bisley this year. If decision is reached to ignore the meeting reasons should be clearly stated. But one good ground offers for such action, and that is protest against a policy which is bound to prevent the Bisley meeting from being what it ought to be—a great influence for the perfecting of marksmanship throughout the Empire, and under equal service conditions.

So far as Canadian marksmen are concerned it cannot be truthfully said of them that they would fear to enter into open sight competitions with marksmen from any part of the Empire. Long before the aperture sight became part of Canadian service rifle equipment Canadians using the open sight did quite as good work at Bisley as they have done since. If necessary they could do it again, but their feeling is that it should not be necessary, and they are disposed to stay away in defense of a principle.

The suggestion that if Bisley persists in open sight shooting and the Dominion Rifle Association does the right thing, the D. R. A. annual meet will soon become the great shooting event of the Empire, is something worth thinking about. And if it should turn out that way Bisley authorities will have only themselves to blame.

THE AGRICULTURAL GAZETTE.

The Department of Agriculture has issued a monthly magazine to be known as The Agricultural Gazette. Vol. 1, No. 1, is to hand and is a wholly creditable number, comprising 64 pages. The purpose of the magazine is to further develop interest in agriculture. Hon. Martin Durrell, Minister of Agriculture, in a foreword, states that the object of The Agricultural Gazette is to spread a

knowledge of agriculture among the earnest workers who are striving to better the conditions in rural life and to bring fuller reward and greater happiness to the men and women who are living on the farm. To this end The Gazette will tell the story from month to month of what others have accomplished, of their methods of work and of the reasons for their successes or failures, in the hope that in this way sympathies will be broadened and enthusiasm stimulated.

While The Agricultural Gazette is primarily of the federal department of agriculture and will reflect and register its activities it is intended that the magazine will discharge wider functions and will deal with the valuable work carried on by the various provincial departments of agriculture. There is contained in the initial number a review of the departments of agriculture in the nine provinces, together with portraits of the various ministers.

It has probably occurred to the department to issue The Gazette because of the success which has marked the production of The Labor Gazette. There seems to be a wide field for this latest Government periodical.

LIBERAL "BIG INTERESTS."

The Canada Cement Co., one of the big combines which came into being during the regime of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, has announced that four of its branch plants will be closed for a time owing to the falling off in the demand for this material. This fact prompts the Regina Leader, a Liberal paper, to rise and remark that, if such a thing occurred under what that paper would like us to believe would be a Liberal low-tariff or free-trade regime, it would be heralded abroad as a sample of industrial ruination caused by the accession to office of a Canadian anti-protection party.

But the Leader is merely supposing something—and a highly improbable supposition at that. There has never been a free-trade or anti-protection party in power in Canada since 1878, the people of this country getting sufficient of a lesson during the previous four years to wear them from any free trade policy for all time.

It is true that Sir Wilfrid and the Liberal party advocated every kind of unrestricted free trade, commercial union and reciprocity policy under the sun when they were in operation. But, bless you! They never thought of putting it into effect once they had got into office. It was merely for vote-catching purposes; but it never accomplished anything even in that category. And, after being returned to office in 1896, on a snap verdict, because of a separate school issue in Manitoba which placed thousands of extreme Protestants on the side of Laurier, the Liberal party became protectionist in practice, and has remained so ever since in every respect, barring the reciprocity spasm, which, while throwing the farmers open to the competition of the world, zealously guarded the welfare of the Big Interests and left their protection almost untouched. And there has been no change since the new government came into power. So that, if the Protected Interests are closing any of their factories, it must be owing to the tariff which Sir Wilfrid and the Liberal party left us, or for reasons entirely removed from the tariff.

Seeing that the Leader has raised the point, however, it might be opportune to inquire if it would be possible that Senator Edwards, President of the cement trust and Liberal appointee to the upper chamber, had decided to close those four cement mills in order to increase the number of unemployed, and thus give the calamity-howling Liberals one more reason to advance why they should be returned to power to continue the protection to the cement trust and other combines dominated by Liberal politicians and senators?

One is about as reasonable as the other.

Usually about this time of year the C. P. R. informs us that it is going to spend millions in building a new annex on its vacant plot on St. Louis street. And usually we believe it. Why shouldn't we? We have been told it long enough now to get the habit.

PRESS COMMENT.

As we have all along suspected, President Wilson very decidedly takes the view that, under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, American vessels cannot justly be made exempt from tolls at the Panama canal. The only wonder is that only now is he saying so in unmistakable terms. In previous articles, we have attributed his reticence on the subject to his desire to maintain his influence over an undivided Democratic following in congress till his tariff and currency re-

form legislation had run the gauntlet of that body and become law. Now that this has been accomplished, and since his personal ascendancy has become so great that he could safely propose almost anything he pleased, he has no hesitation in making known his mind on the Panama canal question in good time for appropriate legislation to be passed before the canal is opened and traffic begun. With his predecessor President Wilson differs, but not with the bulk of the American people. Mr. Taft was in the throes of a presidential election when he favored discrimination at the canal. In his recent Canadian addresses, he has admitted that the design of such discrimination was really to give a subsidy to an interest requiring special protection. If there was any doubt about the legality of the discrimination, he has been quite willing that that point should be settled by arbitration. But even in the heat of a presidential election, he found very few to agree with him, in either party. Senator Elihu Root, than whom there could be no higher authority, declared outright that the provision was a violation of the treaty. The reputable press, almost without exception and of both parties, took the same view. The singular spectacle was presented of the administration of a country taking a step almost unanimously condemned by the people of that country. A little while ago, there seemed some likelihood that congress would suspend the operation of the offending provision for a period long enough to permit the settlement of the difficulty by amicable negotiation, by reference to the Hague Tribunal, or by reference to any other tribunal satisfactory to both sides. If President Wilson stands for instant repeal, there is no need for such postponement. Unpleasant as the task may be to this or that man who may have committed himself in some other sense, what the President says Congress must do. That is one of the great benefits of the substantial adoption by the United States of the British form of government. The President, with such a man as Wilson in the White House, and a favorable complexion of both houses of congress, is something more than a president, who merely reads essays on proposed legislation, and sees them thrown into the waste basket. He is a premier. The great measures of congress are government measures. Democratic leaders in congress are virtually his colleagues, and the members of his normal cabinet are deputy ministers. Of course, there's many a slip between the cup and the lip. It would go ill with the British form of government at Washington if President Wilson should strain his influence too far, and come to a break with congress. Whether he is doing so in this instance, we shall soon see.—Hamilton Spectator.

Persons suffering from catarrhal deafness and head noises will be glad to know that this distressing affliction can be successfully treated at home by an internal medicine that in many instances has effected a complete cure after all else has failed. Sufferers who could scarcely hear a watch tick have had their hearing restored to such an extent that the tick of a watch was plainly audible seven or eight inches away from either ear. Therefore, if you have someone who is troubled with head noises or catarrh, or catarrhal deafness, cut out this formula and hand it to them and you will have been the means of saving some poor sufferer perhaps from total deafness. The prescription can be prepared at home and it is made as follows: Secure from your druggist 1 oz. Parment (double strength), about 75c worth. Take this home and add to it 1/4 pint of hot water and 4 oz. of moist or granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. The first dose promptly ends the most distressing head noises, dullness, cloudy thinking, etc., while the hearing rapidly returns as the system is invigorated by the tonic action of the treatment. Loss of smell and mucus dropping in the back of the throat are other symptoms that show the presence of catarrhal poison, and which are quickly overcome by this efficacious treatment. Nearly ninety per cent. of all ear troubles are directly caused by catarrh; therefore, there are but few people whose hearing cannot be restored by this simple home treatment. Every person who is troubled with head noises, catarrhal deafness, or catarrh in any form should give this prescription a trial. There is nothing better. Important—In ordering Parment always specify that you want Double Strength; your druggist has it, or he can get it for you; if not, send 75c to the International Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine street, Montreal, P. Q., who make a specialty of it.

To Cure Catarrhal Deafness and Head Noises

Persons suffering from catarrhal deafness and head noises will be glad to know that this distressing affliction can be successfully treated at home by an internal medicine that in many instances has effected a complete cure after all else has failed. Sufferers who could scarcely hear a watch tick have had their hearing restored to such an extent that the tick of a watch was plainly audible seven or eight inches away from either ear. Therefore, if you have someone who is troubled with head noises or catarrh, or catarrhal deafness, cut out this formula and hand it to them and you will have been the means of saving some poor sufferer perhaps from total deafness. The prescription can be prepared at home and it is made as follows: Secure from your druggist 1 oz. Parment (double strength), about 75c worth. Take this home and add to it 1/4 pint of hot water and 4 oz. of moist or granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. The first dose promptly ends the most distressing head noises, dullness, cloudy thinking, etc., while the hearing rapidly returns as the system is invigorated by the tonic action of the treatment. Loss of smell and mucus dropping in the back of the throat are other symptoms that show the presence of catarrhal poison, and which are quickly overcome by this efficacious treatment. Nearly ninety per cent. of all ear troubles are directly caused by catarrh; therefore, there are but few people whose hearing cannot be restored by this simple home treatment. Every person who is troubled with head noises, catarrhal deafness, or catarrh in any form should give this prescription a trial. There is nothing better. Important—In ordering Parment always specify that you want Double Strength; your druggist has it, or he can get it for you; if not, send 75c to the International Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine street, Montreal, P. Q., who make a specialty of it.

GIRLS! HAVE BEAUTIFUL, LUSTROUS, FLUFFY HAIR--25 CENT DANDERINE

NO MORE DANDRUFF OR FALLING HAIR--A REAL SURPRISE AWAITS YOU.

To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine. It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower; destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp and it never fails to stop falling hair at once. If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through the hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED. SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

Don't Forget Our Great Clearing Sale of DRY GOODS Is Now Going On Extensive Reductions For Cash Only

- COLORED TAFFETA SILK—HALF PRICE. WOOL DRESSING JACKETS—25 PER CENT. OFF. TRIMMED HATS—75 PER CENT. OFF. BLANKET COATS—33.3 PER CENT. OFF. WE ARE NOW IN THE THIRD WEEK OF OUR GREAT CLEARING SALE, WHICH HAS BEEN A GREAT SUCCESS THAN EVER, AND IS STILL DRAWING LARGE CROWDS OF CUSTOMERS DAILY, AS WE ARE OFFERING OUR ENTIRE STOCK AT GREAT REDUCTIONS FOR CASH

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COMMITTEE ROOMS Alderman C. J. Lockwell, who will be a candidate for Alderman for No. 2 in Montcalm Ward, has opened two committee rooms; one at No. 46 Conroy street, for English speaking electors and another for French electors at No. 62 Scott street. All are invited.

Committee Opened The Committee of Dr. G. D. B. Watters, Candidate for Alderman for seat No. 2, in Montcalm Ward, is now open at No. 10 Conroy Street. The electors are requested to call in there. Telephone 6442.

Phone 4956 DUGAL Phone 1858 HOTEL-RESTAURANT-CAFE 142 St. John St., Quebec. Rooms, \$1.00 upward; with board, \$2.00. Special rates by the week. Breakfast (6:30 to 10 a. m.), 35c. Luncheon (12 to 2 p. m.), 35c. Dinner (6 to 8 p. m.), 50c. Open from 6:30 a. m. until 1 a. m.

Telephone 1841 SAVOY CAFE 68 St. John Street (And Quick Lunch.) SPECIAL DINNER..... 25 Cents MEAL TICKETS, - 5 Meals for \$1.00 Accommodation Tickets, \$3.50, for \$3 MALPEQUE OYSTERS— On half shell, per dozen.....50c Fried, per dozen.....40c Milk stew, half-dozen.....20c Our motto is: "Quick Service, Quality of Provisions and Purity." A trial will convince all.

WALLACE COLLEGE 25 STANISLAS ST., QUEBEC. 16th Year. Instruction given in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, Drawing, Music and Modern Languages. No vacations. Day and Evening Classes.

W. Morton Nassey GENERAL INSURANCE BROKER 111 Mountain Hill

Province of Quebec. District of Quebec. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. No. 1617. DAME ALICE GERTRUDE COTE, of the City of Quebec, wife common as to property of Patrick Kerby Hunt, of the same place, hotel proprietor, Plaintiff;

vs. PATRICK KERBY HUNT, of the same place, Defendant. An action for separation of property has been instituted in the above case this day, 28th January, 1914. Quebec, Feb. 5, 1914. Pelletier, Belleau, Baillargeon and Belleau, Attys. for Plaintiff. Feb. 7x1m

Chicoutimi, No. 4375. Dame Emma Duchesne, wife common as to property of Joseph Savard, merchant of Jonquiere, has, this day, sued her husband for separation as to property after having been duly authorized. ELZEAR LEVESQUE, Attorney for Plaintiff. Chicoutimi, 14th Ja. 1914.

Hotel Blanchard JOS. CLOUTIER, Prop. American and European Plan. Near the Terminals of Railways and Navigation Companies. NOTRE DAME SQUARE - QUEBEC

CHINIC Harjwato Company Carriage Heater! Keep the feet warm in the most extreme weather. Weather Strip! In felt and rubber. Russwin Door Check! Quickly applied, reversing of the check is unnecessary under any condition. General Heavy Hardware AND SPORTING GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

S. J. SHAW & CO. 13 St. John St. Telephone 573 Sporting Goods Shin and Knee Pads Goalers' Pads (all sizes) Tube Skates Hockey Gloves Hockey Sticks (all prices) — Also — Spalding's hand made Quebec Pattern\$1.00

L. G. BELLEY, Advocate. Formerly of Chicoutimi, now practicing his profession in Quebec. Office: 126 St. Peter Street. Phone 6102. Dominion Bldg. Residence: St. Ann Street. Phone 1442. 4 College Court. Correspondent at Chicoutimi: BELLEY & GAGNE. Oct. 22x6m

TAKE NOTE Do not overlook your Fall and Winter Suit and Overcoat. I stock nothing but the best material and give perfect fit. Drop in and choose for yourself. S. J. BURKE, 187 St. John St. Quebec. Feb. 14xmon, wed, fri, xly.

FOR SALE House Nos. 308-316 St. John Street, opposite St. Matthew's Church; 2 stores and 2 dwellings. Good investment. W. R. LaRUE, Notary, 28 St. Ann St.

High Glass Stationery — at — Low Prices ROYAL BLUE GRANITE Packages of 5 quires.....20c ROYAL BLUE SILURIAN Packages of 5 quires.....20c DUCHESS NOTE Packages of 5 quires.....25c ENVELOPES to match the above, at equally low prices.

P. J. EVOY, Bookseller & Stationer 141 St. John St.

J. Arthur LaRue, Eugene Trudel. C.A., L.I.A. L.I.A. LARUE & TRUDEL Accountants, Auditors, Administrators, Appraisers, Trustees, Liquidation of insolvent estates, Compromise between debtors and creditors. 126 ST. PETER STREET. "Dominion Building" Tel. 4520-4321.

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Come and see for yourself what a beautiful portrait we can make from any photograph and you will want one yourself.

A bust size picture in black and white (one figure) free if you buy a frame at 1.69 or more. In natural colors, \$1.00 extra for the art work



Retail Division,
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Special D. & A. Corsets at 98c

Our Special 98c. D. & A. Corset is a surprising value at the price. It is made of strong white coutil, boned with aluminum, is long over the hips, and has medium low bust; trimmed with embroidery and fitted with six hose supporters. Special Sale Price98c.

The Second Week of Our Great Competition Sale

Mens' \$1.00 and \$1.25 Underwear, 69c

Just think of that price for half a minute. It is actually lower than what any other store in the city would have to pay for the same quality Underwear, which is like getting the goods at cost.

This is a lot of odds and ends in different lines of pure wool Underwear, that is, broken lots incomplete in the range of sizes. Former Prices \$1.00 and \$1.25 a garment. Sale Price69c

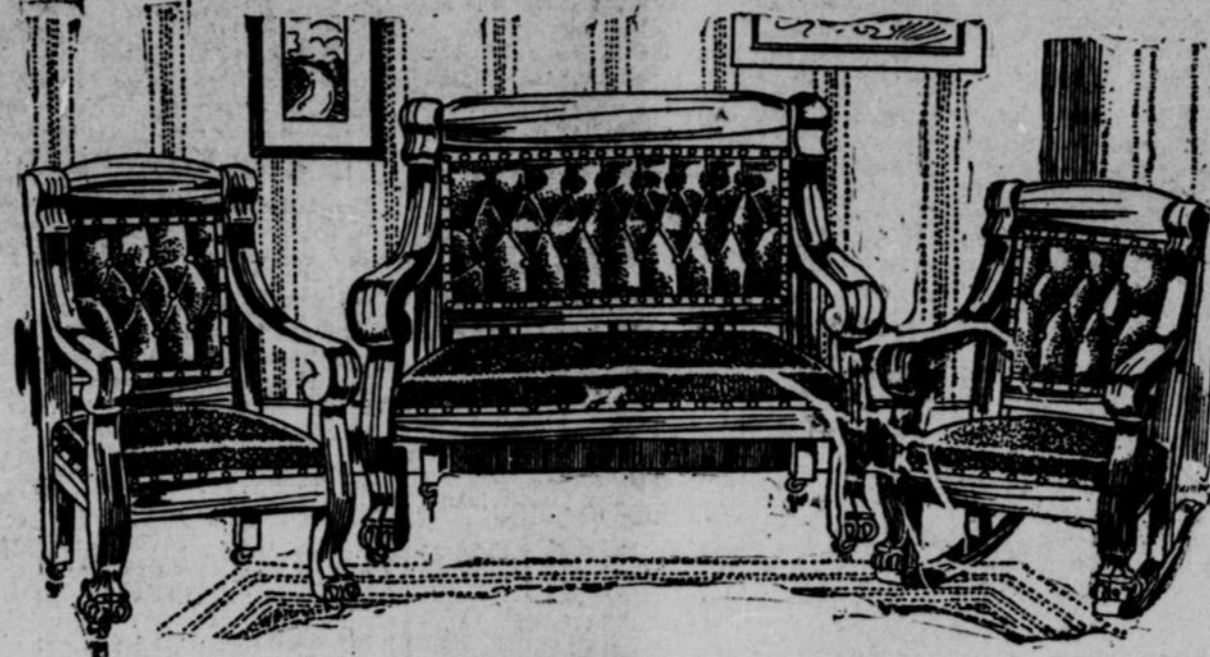
Suspenders, 19c

Here is another example of our being able to do the seemingly impossible in value giving in Men's wear.

Fine Elastic Suspenders and Police Braces, always sold at 25c and 35c. Sale Price19c

Collars, 6 for 19c

A bundle of six collars, all one size, most of them hand picked "seconds", but some of them 3 for 50c. collars, Special, for the bundle of 619c



February Furniture Sale

The considerable reductions which we make at this season of the year on many pieces of Furniture bring our prices away below those which prevail elsewhere. Anybody who knows our Furniture Department knows that our regular prices are as low as they possibly can be, and with our genuine price reductions it is undeniable that you save money in buying here. Compare our prices if you will with those of any Furniture store in Quebec. We would be glad to think that you went the whole round of the city before coming to us, because we would all the more easily be able to prove to you that you had come to the right place at last.

Come and see some of the magnificent pieces of Furniture we are offering at greatly reduced prices.

EXTENSION DINING TABLES, with pedestal, made of hard wood in Imperial Oak finish. The extension is 6 feet. Special at..... \$6.30 and 9.75

DINING TABLE in solid quarter cut Oak, highly polished, round or square. Extension 6 to 8 feet. Regular \$23.50 for \$20.00

DINING ROOM SUITE of solid quarter cut Oak, in fumed or arly English finish. Consisting of buffet, extension table, five chairs and one arm chair. \$55.00 reduced to\$46.50

GRANDFATHER CLOCKS of solid Oak, in golden finish, or solid Mahogany; fitted with guaranteed German movements.....\$37.00, \$45.00, \$60.00, \$75.00, \$100.00 and \$120.00

BEDROOM SUITE of hard wood, in Imperial Oak finish, consisting of three pieces, with extra large British Bevelled Mirror. Reduced from \$36.00 to\$29.90

For anyone looking for very high class Furniture, we have a magnificent Dining Room Suite of solid inlaid Mahogany, consisting of buffet, china cabinet, pedestal, extension table, dinner wagon, and one arm chair. This set is in beautiful Sheraton design, and is a masterpiece of fine furniture making.

Formerly \$350.00, reduced to.....\$280.00

Boots and Rubbers

The greatest possible values in Boots and Rubbers will be found in our big Shoe Department. To many people it is simply astounding that we are able to offer such bargains at a time when manufacturing costs are so high, but the facts are there to speak for themselves.

Ladies' tan Calf laced or buttoned Boots, not all sizes. Sale Price, per pair\$2.19

Ladies' Black Gunmetal Calf Blucher Laced Boots; sizes 2 1-2 to 6. Sale Price, per pair.....\$1.79

Ladies' Gunmetal Calf buttoned Boots; sizes 2 1-2 to 6. Sale Price, per pair\$2.19

Men's tan or black Calf and Patent Leather Boots, laced or buttoned. sizes 6 to 10. Pair, \$2.49 and\$2.70

Men's Wool-lined Rubbers, sizes 6 to 11. Sale Price.....89c

Men's unlined Rubbers, sizes 5 to 11. Sale Price ...69c and 79c

Ladies' Rubbers, special at 29c, 39c, 49c and59c

11c Grocery Specials

On Wednesday we will offer this selected list of groceries all specially priced at 11c.

- Large dried Prunes, lb.11c
- Borden's Peerless Evaporated Milk, 12 1-2c can, for11c
- Fry's pure Breakfast Cocoa, 1-4-lb. tin, 13c for11c
- Natural Japan Tea, that sells at 25c a lb. 1-2-lb. special for11c
- Our regular 24c a lb. black breakfast tea, per 1-2-lb11c
- Egg Powder, for custards, etc., tin 12 1-2c, for11c
- Marshmallow Iced Biscuits, lb. 12c, for11c
- H-O Buckwheat Flour, pkg.11c
- Saxon Wheat Food, regular 15c pkg., for11c
- Fresh Codfish, lb. tin11c
- McLaren's Stuffed Olives, 8-oz. size, 12c, for11c
- Morton's French Capers, bottle 15c, for11c
- Franco-American Tomato soup, tin 13c, for11c
- Clark's Pork & Beans, 1b. size, 2 cans for11c
- Gulf Brand Clams, lb. can11c
- 1 cake of Barsalous Marble Soap, either pink or blue, and one box of Maheux Soap Powder, the two for.11c
- 1 cake of Barsalous Imperial Soap, and 1 cake of Fairy Toilet soap, the two for11c
- 1 tin of Gillett's Lye and 1 box of Maheux Soap Powder, the two for.11c

Vitrauphanie Free With Wall Paper

Vitrauphanie is the newest and best substitute for stained glass, and comes in beautiful colors and designs that beautify windows and glass doors.

We are giving away Vitrauphanie under the following conditions during this week.

With every dollar's worth of Wall Paper which you buy here we give you free one yard of Vitrauphanie, and you have the choice of any pattern we have in stock. For two dollar's worth you get two yards, and so on.

You have your choice of any priced pattern we have.

Tweed Suitings \$1.25 Value for 69c

We are clearing the balance of our last season's Tweed Suitings, and the price is cut pretty nearly in half. They are desirable goods in very good colors, but we have to make room for Spring importations, and these must go, hence the big price cut.

Goods formerly marked \$1.25 a yd., now reduced to69c

Messaline Silk \$1.25 Value for 75c

200 to 300 P. M. Only

Between 2.00 and 3.00 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon we will sell a line of fancy Messaline silk, 36 inches wide, which is worth \$1.25 a yard. Special Sale Price75c

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Improve your spare moments and your mind by the reading of books.

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SPECIAL SALE

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Bookseller & Stationer,

Tel. 432. - 148 St. John Street.

GLIMPSES OF OLD QUEBEC

From the Files of the CHRONICLE, January, 1814 and 1914.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

Montreal Winter Carnival. At this time, thirty years ago, Montreal was holding a Winter Carnival which was attended by the Governor-General and Lady Lansdowne. The following Quebec ladies and gentlemen were presented to Their Excellencies at a Viceregal reception:—Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Foote, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Richardson, Mr. O. L. Richardson, Capt. H. C. Sheppard, Mrs. U. Tessier, Miss De Foy, Mrs. Gregor, Mrs. A. Rosseau and Miss Roy.

Mr. Taillon and Mr. Robinson Elected.

At this time, 30 years ago, the pleasing information was received in Quebec that Mr. Taillon, attorney-general of the province, and Mr. Robertson, treasurer, had both been elected by acclamation. A determined effort was made by the opponents of these gentlemen to bring out candidates against them, but had to be abandoned owing to the great popularity of both.

Curliana.

Our Quebec representatives who attended the Carnival Bospiel at Montreal, thirty years ago, were apparently off their game. They were defeated by the Montreal Caledonians by seven points. Mr. Sewell's rink was beaten by three points. Mr. W. Brodie came out one ahead of the Montreal club, but in the third drawing Mr. Brodie went down to defeat by four points.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY

Lord Compton on the United States and Canada.

He lamented that a nation professing of liberty, should have united in support of the most exorable despotism, and counteracted the cause of European freedom. He might be told that America was not the ally of France. He knew that she had not signed a formal treaty of alliance, but she had formed that species of alliance which was fully an equivalent, by giving her all the assistance of her power in the contest now waging. However, he hoped the hour of her awakening to her true interest drew near. She had already been roused from her dream of maritime superiority, by the thunder of the Shannon; and she saw the heroic and successful efforts of Canada—when she found her commerce annihilated, her ports blockaded, her armies captured and destroyed, she must perceive the inutility of her efforts to injure our power and with the declining fortunes of France, her blindness must dissipate, her eyes open to the light, and her mind to wisdom.

Restoration of Independence of Holland.

From the debates in the British Parliament, the restoration of the Independence of Holland is an important object of contemplation and design.

A NEWSPAPER ADVANCE.

The Ottawa Journal Moves Into Its Own New Building.

The Ottawa Journal on January 15 celebrated its thirtieth anniversary by moving into a new eight-storey building specially designed for its occupation. The new structure is fire-proof throughout, the Kahn system of re-enforced concrete being used for the superstructure with iron stairways and elevators enclosed in fire-proof shafts. The exterior is of cut stone and grey Astrakhan brick. The base of the building is Indiana limestone to the level of the second floor, with a shaft of buff tapestry brick, terminating with a projecting cornice

of Indiana stone. Space has been left on all four sides in the building to insure light areas for all time to come, there being for this purpose twelve feet of unoccupied space on each side and eighteen feet at the rear. In the basement the ceiling is seven feet above the street grade and windows occupy the entire area around the building. The building is sixty feet in width, ninety feet in depth. For the activities of The Ottawa Daily Journal and its semi-weekly farm edition The Ottawa Valley Journal, four complete floors are occupied. The remaining four floors were constructed for office purposes, and have been occupied.

On the ground floor, is located the Hoe press equipment, that part of the stereotyping plant comprising furnace and plate finishing machine, the electrical power plant, combining regular and auxiliary services; the heating plant, the mailing and newsboys' quarters, storage for news print and a store room for supplies.

The first floor, which is seven feet above the street grade, is devoted to the requirements of the executive and business offices. The interior is finished in mission oak, the appearance of which is most substantial. The approach to this floor is through a spacious vestibule and entrance hall, the walls of which are finished in marble and plate glass, the latter affording a view of the press equipment.

The top floor is utilized for the composing department, comprising eleven linotype machines, steam tables, matrix rollers, advertising frames make-up tables, and proofreaders' room.

On the floor immediately beneath the composing department are the editorial offices of the Daily Journal and the Ottawa Valley Journal. Private offices with glass partitions are provided for the various editors, and in the centre of the room is the library, where complete reference facilities and accommodation for cuts, illustrations and permanent files have been provided.

In its new home the Ottawa Journal occupies more than double the floor area of its former premises, which increased facilities have been rendered necessary by the growth in the advertising and circulation patronage in recent years. Many expressions of congratulation have been received by the management on the progress and success which has enabled The Journal to occupy a home costing in excess of \$175,000 in which there is established a newspaper plant of the most improved type, thoroughly in keeping with the enterprising policy which has marked the history of this paper.

The Ottawa Journal was founded thirty years ago by Mr. P. D. Ross, who has remained its sole owner, and is now the president of the Journal Printing Company, Limited, of which Mr. R. F. Parkinson is managing director.

OFFICES TO RENT ORKIN BUILDING

62-64-66 St. Joseph Street.

New and up-to-date Office Building, with all latest improvements heated, splendid light, electric passenger and freight elevators, thirteen fireproof vaults, janitor service. Suitable for business and professional men, as well as for sample rooms. Low rental for desirable tenants. Inspection invited; immediate possession.

A. MARCOTTE & CO.,
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Why Are Your Neighbour's So HAPPY ?

Because The Wife Bought An EDDY'S WASHBOARD

And Now Washday Is A Joke.

All kinds of Wash Boards for all kinds of People.

Special Reduction

We are now offering the balance of our stock of Bonbonnieres and Fancy Boxes of Chocolates at Cost price.

If you want a real good bargain in these lines, do not miss this opportunity.

GEORGE PATRY,

22 FABRIQUE STREET - QUEBEC
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If the public were aware of the great advantage of Toric Lenses over the ordinary kind, Torics would be the only kind in demand. The focus of those glasses is absolute, while in the ordinary flat Glasses it exists in a limited space only. These are recommended by oculists as the only lens to prescribe.

P. C. LACASSE

Optician and Optometrist.

40 FABRIQUE STREET.



GRAFT INVESTIGATION PRACTICALLY CONCLUDED NOW

MR. LORNE MCGIBBON GIVES EVIDENCE BEFORE COMMITTEE

Never Spoke to Any Ottawa Member About the Operations to Discover Graft in the Legislature

With the evidence of Mr. D. Lorne McGibbon, former owner of the Montreal Herald, and the argument of Messrs. Marechal and Laflamme, the counsel for the accusers and accused, the investigation of the graft charges practically came to an end last night. It is expected that the Committee will make their report on Thursday and that the Premier will speak on that day.

In reply to queries, Mr. McGibbon said that in financing the investigation he had absolutely no connection with any member of the Borden Government. He admitted knowing Hon. Bob Rogers and being a Conservative, but said that Mr. Rogers knew absolutely nothing of what was going on.

The investigation had cost about \$80,000 and had been financed by himself alone. He had not received a cent of reimbursement nor would he. He had been but intermittently informed as to what was going on, and did not know of the bribery until after it was an accomplished fact. He had not bothered with the details of the operations at all as that had been left to the discretion of the detectives and Mr. Beck. The latter had informed him he had reason to believe there was corruption at the Montreal City Hall and at Quebec and he had given him carte blanche to take means to discover it, provided that it was in the public interest to do so.

Mr. Marechal's Argument.
Mr. Marechal, for Messrs. Nichols and Macnab, considered that they had established the truth of their charges. It had been proven that Mr. Mousseau had accepted certain detailed sums of money for the passage of the bill, and it had also been shown that he had been given a sum of \$1,150 which he asserted was for the purpose of corrupting other members of the Legislature. As for the detectives, they had answered every question put to them with frankness and readiness, and there was no reason to doubt their veracity. His clients had contended that there was "incredible" corruption in the Quebec House and, if Mr. Mousseau was to be believed, the adjective was well applied. Mr. Mousseau's resignation in itself was ample justification for their charges.

A Curious Plea.
Mr. Laflamme, for Mr. Mousseau, pleaded that it was not right that the Burns' detectives, who were the corruptors, should be granted immunity, while none had been granted for his client. Why should he be punished and those who conspired to tempt him go free?
Mr. Tellier remarked that the protection granted to the detectives was only temporary, but Mr. Laflamme answered that that might be so, but it was permanent to all practical purposes. There had, he said, been two alternatives when it was a question of punishing Mr. Mousseau. They could either expel him from the House or order his arrest. They could not take the former course now as it had been precluded by his resignation and he did not think that his ex-colleagues would take the latter after they had extended their protection to those who had conspired in an attempt upon the honor of the Legislature. Besides, they should take into consideration the fact that the stalking-horse of corruption had been a phantom bill and it might be hard to prove corruption with legislation that was not bona fide.

Council Committee.
In the Inquiry Committee of the Upper House yesterday afternoon, Hon. Messrs. Berard and Bergevin were called as witnesses, but they refused to answer the questions if they had received money in connection with Bill 158, on the grounds of fearing to incriminate themselves.

No More Witnesses.
As matters stand now, the Committees will not hear any more witnesses, and if Mr. Carpenter arrives here today or tomorrow, it is only to learn that his services are not required.
The Investigation Committee of the Upper House meets today, but there will only be the summing up of the evidence.

L. & C. HARDWARES
WATERPROOF PENCILS
Write smoothly over the paper that they make pencil work a pleasure. And one "Eko-L-Noor" will easily out-last half a dozen ordinary pencils.
AT ALL STATIONERS.

AFTERNOON SITTING.

Messrs. Berard and Bergevin Refuse To Answer for Fear of Committing Themselves.

Hon. Messrs. Berard and Bergevin were the only two witnesses called before the Investigation Committee of the Upper House yesterday afternoon, and both of them refused to answer the questions put on the grounds that they were afraid to incriminate themselves.

Messrs. Marechal and Belley had a long discussion with the Committee for the purpose of compelling the witnesses to answer. Hon. Mr. Chapais, Chairman of the Committee, sustained the objections of the witnesses and was supported by the members of the Committee.

The question was to find out from Messrs. Berard and Bergevin whether they had each received a certain sum of money in connection with the passing of the famous Bill 158, or whether they had asked for or given anything. As the witnesses refused to answer "for fear of incriminating themselves," the public in general, and the members of the Upper House must draw their own conclusions.

Adjourn Till Thursday.
The Committee took into consideration the Carpenter incident, and took notice of a statement from Messrs. Nichols and Macnab as to the payment of the costs and the salaries of the Burns' detectives in case they should again be required to give evidence at the enquete. The Committee then adjourned until Thursday afternoon when Mr. Carpenter is expected to be on hand to give evidence.

At the opening of the Committee, Mr. Macnab made the same remarks concerning the departure of the detectives and the absence of Mr. Carpenter as he had made in the morning before the Committee of the Legislative Assembly. He again stated that he had not the least idea, who had telephoned these gentlemen telling them that they could leave Quebec, for he himself had been told that they would have to appear before the Committee the next morning. "I beg to state," he added, "that insofar as my clients are concerned, we have no further need of Messrs. Biddinger and Maloney. If, however, this Committee wishes to bring these gentlemen back, then it should itself defray the expenses of their coming. Nevertheless, as we do not in any way wish to hinder the proof in this enquete, my clients have announced their readiness to pay the costs of the detectives' return, in case the Government should not see fit to do so.

Declaration by Mail Editors.
Mr. Marechal then read the following declaration:
"In the name of The Montreal Daily Mail, I beg to inform you that we have asked Messrs. Biddinger and Maloney all the questions we desired to."

"But, at the same time, my clients think that it would be a pity that such a small thing as \$75 a day should prevent the giving of important evidence bearing on this enquete."
"Consequently I have been asked to inform you on behalf of my clients that if any relevant question in this enquete remains unanswered, and the Government does not see fit to recompense the two detectives according to custom as stipulated, The Montreal Daily Mail will guarantee the payment of the necessary amount in order to bring them again before this Committee."

"I know," added Mr. Marechal, "that this Committee will not hesitate to pay the expenses of these gentlemen, but in order to make our position clear I thought it would be well to make this declaration on behalf of my clients."

Hon. Mr. Smith: "You have no other questions to put to the detectives of the Burns' Agency?"
Hon. Mr. Chapais: "That is to say, unless some special incident crops up."
Mr. Marechal: "As far as our clients are concerned we have no more questions to put to the detectives, but insofar as Mr. Carpenter is concerned, if he contradicts the statement made by Mr. Heyes, the stenographer we shall have to hear the detectives again."

Hon. Mr. Simard: "So, if you bring these detectives here it will only be to confirm Mr. Carpenter's statements?"
Mr. Marechal: "I repeat that my clients are ready to pay the costs of the coming of these gentlemen if the Government does not see fit to do so, but I think it would be absolutely unjust."

Hon. Mr. Chapais: "When we adjourn on the eve of the day that we would have finished this enquete, it was understood that Messrs. Biddinger and Maloney had concluded their evidence before this Committee of enquiry. I declared that we had no longer any need of them. The

Leader of the Legislative Council, however, stated later that it would be better to keep them here until the next day, when we wished to have them come before the Committee at one o'clock. As a matter of fact, our Committee had no further need of these gentlemen in so far as concerns the Committee. I may repeat now that we have no further need of those gentlemen unless some special incident crops up."

Carpenter Snowbound.
Hon. Mr. Chapais then explained the absence of Mr. Carpenter, owing to the fact that the trains on the South Shore were snowbound, and Mr. Marechal stated that he would like to examine Messrs. Berard and Bergevin.

Mr. Marechal: "These gentlemen have been examined before the Committee of the Legislative Assembly but it was then decided that it would be unjust to question them because they were accused before the Committee of the Upper House and not before that of the Legislative Assembly. As this difficulty does not exist here I think these gentlemen should be summoned as I do not see their present."

Mr. Laflamme explained that they would be before the Committee in a few minutes' time, as they were arriving from Montreal on the three o'clock train.

Hon. Mr. Chapais stated that they would wait until the arrival of Mr. Carpenter before putting any more questions to Messrs. Nichols and Macnab, and that the two councillors could be heard at that time.

Mr. Marechal: "Mr. Berard, you were a member of the Legislative Council until the 20th day of January, 1914?"
Mr. Berard: "Yes sir."
Mr. Marechal: "You sat during the present session?"
Mr. Berard: "Yes sir."

Refuses to Answer.
Mr. Marechal: "Did you receive, in connection with Bill 158, entitled Montreal Fairs Association of Canada, a sum of \$500?"
Mr. Berard: "On the advice of my lawyers, I must say that I refuse to answer this question, and I may say that this declaration applies to all other subsequent questions which may be put to me in this connection."

Mr. Laflamme: "My learned friend should first of all immediately clear the objection which was raised to justify the refusal of answering."
Mr. Marechal: "I submit that the witness has not the right to refuse to answer."

Then following a long discussion between the lawyers in the case, and finally the committee sustained the objection.
Mr. Marechal to Mr. Berard: "Did you receive this sum of money in connection of the support which you would give to Bill 158?"
Mr. Laflamme again objected, whereupon Mr. Marechal said that this was the only question that he had to ask the witness, and Mr. Berard withdrew.

Mr. Bergevin Also.
Hon. Achille Bergevin was then sworn.
Mr. Marechal: "You were a Legislative Councillor until the 28th of January, 1914?"
Mr. Bergevin: "Yes sir."
Mr. Marechal: "You fulfilled your duties as Legislative Councillor during the present session?"
Mr. Bergevin: "Yes sir."
Mr. Marechal: "In the exercise of your duties in connection with Bill 158, of the Montreal Fairs Association, did you receive \$200 from a man named Sampson?"
Mr. Bergevin: "On the advice of my lawyers, I refuse to answer for fear of incriminating myself."

TERRIBLE RESULT OF BLOOD POISON AFTER THREE OPERATIONS ZAM-BUK WAS TRIED AND PROVED SUCCESSFUL.

If people would only use Zam-Buk for chronic sores, blood-poison, etc., before permitting an operation, scores of limbs would be saved.
Mr. Robt. Patterson, of North Pelham, Welland Co., Ont., writes: "My daughter, Annie, had blood-poison in her finger. The doctor operated twice on the finger, but did not obtain the desired result, and a third operation was considered necessary."
"Three doctors were present at this operation, but after it had been performed the wound did not heal. Try as we would we could not get anything to close the wound."
"We at last tried Zam-Buk, and it was really wonderful to watch how this balm healed the wound. Each day there was a marked improvement. First the wound in the palm of the hand closed, and then the finger which had been bad so long began to heal. The diseased flesh seemed to rise out of the wound and then drop off, and new healthy flesh formed from below, pushing off the diseased tissue. In a short time the wound was completely healed. Had we applied Zam-Buk at first we might have saved the finger."

"We had another proof of Zam-Buk's power in the case of my son. When two years old he had his hand badly mangled. One finger had to be amputated and it left a running sore for some months. This wound, also, was finally healed by Zam-Buk."

For chronic sores, blood-poison, ulcers, abscesses, scalp sores, piles, eruptions, inflamed patches, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin injuries and diseases Zam-Buk is without equal. 50c box all druggists and stores, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Have you tried Zam-Buk Soap? 25c tablet.

Mr. Marechal: "Did you receive in connection with this Bill a sum of \$150, and did you pay this sum to Mr. Gilman?"
Mr. Laflamme objected to this question because it pointed to Mr. Gilman, against whom no accusations have been brought.

Mr. Bergevin: "In all other subsequent questions which may be asked me on this subject, I will adopt the same attitude."
Mr. Marechal: "Do you know that Mr. Gilman received a sum of \$150 in connection with Bill 158?"
Mr. Laflamme objected to this question because it pointed to Mr. Gilman, against whom no accusations have been brought.

Mr. Marechal: "In justice to Mr. Gilman and to this House, Mr. Bergevin should not take advantage of his privilege to refuse to answer this question."
Then ensued another long discussion at the termination of which Hon. Mr. Chapais sustained the objections and the witness was dismissed.

The committee then adjourned.
Mr. Marechal insisted that the witnesses should be heard at once as after they had been heard his case would be closed for the Carpenter incident did not concern his clients.

Mr. Laflamme: "From what I can gather from my learned friend's remarks, as far as he is concerned the enquete is closed and yet, it is not closed."
Mr. Marechal replied that the case was not closed, and would not end until he had brought out everything he possibly could in favor of his clients.

Mr. Perodeau Explains.
At this juncture Hon. Mr. Perodeau rose and asked to be allowed to add a few words to the declaration he had made on the 4th of February: "In declaring how my name figured among those of some of my colleagues in this affair, I made some omissions."
Mr. Perodeau went on to explain that on the 24th of January last, he was confidentially informed that his affair I immediately went to see Mr. Mail relative to the passing of Bill 158, and he had immediately gone to see Mr. Mousseau and asked him if he would be willing to make an affidavit in his favor in order to do him justice.

Mr. Mousseau stated that he would consult his advisors in order to find out in what form he would make this declaration, and the same evening he had handed Mr. Perodeau a declaration which was entirely to his satisfaction.
"The next day," added Mr. Perodeau, "when I learned that the names of my colleagues were to figure in the affair I immediately went to see Mr. Mousseau and asked him if he would make similar declarations in favor of Messrs. Turgeon, Champagne and Lanctot. Mr. Mousseau should have given me these declarations in Montreal on the following Monday, but on that day he came down to Quebec, where I subsequently met him and had him sign the affidavits which were read by my colleagues. I felt that I should make this explanation in order to account for the lapse of time between my declaration and those of my colleagues."

At this moment Messrs. Berard and Bergevin entered the room and Hon. Mr. Berard was duly sworn.

EVENING SITTING.

Mr. McGibbon Gives Evidence—Argument of Messrs. Marechal and Laflamme.
Questioning Mr. McGibbon, the first witness at the evening sitting, Mr. Lavergne said: "I understand that Mr. Beck, who was editor of the Montreal Herald, asked you in 1913, if he could carry out an investigation into certain public affairs, and you told him that you would be willing to pay the costs. Will you tell us whether or not you communicated with anyone at Ottawa about the investigation that you authorized Mr. Beck to carry out?"

Mr. McGibbon: "I did not communicate with anyone at Ottawa regarding this investigation."
Mr. Lavergne: "I understand you are a personal friend of Hon. Robert Rogers, Minister of Public Works?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I am a friend of Mr. Rogers, and I am a Conservative."

Rogers Not In It.
Mr. Lavergne: "Did you not communicate directly or indirectly with Mr. Rogers about this investigation?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I did not."
Mr. Lavergne: "Never even spoken to him about it?"
Witness: "Never."
Mr. Lavergne: "Never even took his advice on it?"
Witness: "No."

Mr. Lavergne: "Did you speak of this matter to any members of the Ottawa Cabinet?"
Mr. McGibbon: "No, I did not."
Mr. Lavergne: "Did you ask anybody to speak to anybody at Ottawa about this investigation?"
Mr. McGibbon: "No, I did not."
Mr. Lavergne: "I think that you were present when Mr. Beck offered this evidence to Sir Hugh Graham?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I was."

Mr. Lavergne: "Will you state to this Committee what were the reasons of Sir Hugh Graham's refusal to publish these charges?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I would much rather prefer not to answer that question for the reason that when I sold the Montreal Herald, I pledged myself not to disclose who the purchasers were without the consent of the purchasers. I did that honorably, and I would like to fulfil my obligations."

Cost of Inquiry.
Mr. Taschereau: "Will you mind telling us how much this inquiry has cost?"

Mr. McGibbon: "About fifty thousand dollars, Mr. Chairman."
Mr. Taschereau: "Which you paid."
Mr. McGibbon: "Yes, sir."
Mr. Taschereau: "I presume you were kept posted by Mr. Beck as to what was going on in connection with the Montreal Fair Bill?"
Mr. McGibbon: "Very intermittently."
Mr. Taschereau: "He reported to you now and then?"
Mr. McGibbon: "No, he never reported to me, but occasionally, once or twice, during the progress of the affair, I was told that things were going on satisfactorily. I do not think he ever discussed the progress of the Fair Bill in particular, he was referring to the whole investigation."

Mr. Taschereau: "You were aware that an attempt was being made to bribe some of the members of the Legislative Assembly?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I did not know anything until after it took place."
Mr. Taschereau: "When were you aware of it?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I do not know the exact date, but I know it was some time after everything had been done."
Mr. Mackenzie: "Were you aware that the Montreal Fair Bill was a false bill?"

Means To An End.
Mr. McGibbon: "I did not know anything about the bill until after it had been advertised in the papers. My impression was that it was only a means to an end to find out the situation at Quebec."
Mr. Mackenzie: "Did you not give the detectives certain instructions as to the course they should adopt?"
Mr. McGibbon: "No, I did not."
Mr. Taschereau: "You knew that these detectives were attempting to bribe the members of this House?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I did not until afterwards."
Mr. Taschereau: "But you were furnishing the money for these detectives to find out what was going on here, and about Christmas you informed us that you knew an attempt was being made to bribe some of the members of this House with the money which was being supplied by you."
Mr. G. G. Stuart, K.C., counsel for Mr. McGibbon, here intervened and declared, "That is hardly what he said, Mr. Chairman, he said he only heard of it after the bribes had been given."
Mr. Taschereau: "But Mr. McGibbon knew that the detectives were still working."
Mr. McGibbon: "I knew they were still conducting an investigation. I paid no attention to details, I put it fully in charge of Mr. Beck."
Mr. Lavergne: "You said that you understood this bill, was just a means for the detectives to find out what was going on at Quebec. Will you tell us why you wanted the detectives to be here at Quebec?"

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Why He Financed It.
Mr. McGibbon: "I purchased the Herald in May, 1913, and I made Mr. Edward Beck editor. My instructions to him were to conduct the Herald in the public interest absolutely regardless of any private interests, even if it was against myself. In September Mr. Beck came to me and stated that rumors had reached him of corruption in the City Hall and at Quebec, and that he thought an investigation should take place to find out whether or not these rumors were true. He asked me if I would stand the expense, and also stated that he thought it was the duty of a newspaper to expose such a situation if it were detrimental to the public welfare. I consented on the understanding that it was in the public interest, and Mr. Beck would only publish anything that was in the public interest, and that he would take full charge of the handling of the investigation."

Mr. Taschereau: "Did anybody contribute towards the payment of that fifty thousand dollars, or did you pay it alone?"
Mr. McGibbon: "I paid it absolutely alone."
Mr. Taschereau: "Were you reimbursed by anyone?"
Mr. McGibbon: "Not a cent."
Mr. Taschereau: "Is there any agreement with somebody that you will be reimbursed?"
Mr. McGibbon: "No such agreement."

Mr. Taschereau: "Not even an expectation?"
Mr. McGibbon (smiling): "No, Mr. Chairman, not even an expectation."
This closed Mr. McGibbon, and Mr. Keyes, the Burns' dictaphone operator and stenographer, was then called and informed that he would no longer be required by the committee.

Mr. Marechal then asked if it was the intention of the committee to have the case postponed to some future date for the hearing of Mr. Mousseau.

Hon. Mr. Taschereau replied that the ex-member for Soulanges had been examined by a board of doctors, one of whom had been appointed by Mr. Marechal himself, and it had been their unanimous decision that Mr. Mousseau was not in a fit condition to testify.

Mr. Marechal was just explaining to the committee that his resume of the case would be very short, when Mr. Tellier interrupted, drawing attention to the motion made last Thursday evening by the Member for St. George, asking that Mr. Biddinger be recalled.

Hon. Mr. Taschereau explained the conditions under which the recall of the Burns' detective would be possible and stated that in his opinion it would not be in the interests of the committee to recall him, and drew attention to the fact that Mr. Marechal had himself stated that he did not require the Burns men any more in his case. "I do not think," he said, "that there would be anything to be gained by adjourning the committee for the purpose of hearing these gentlemen again. I understand that so far as you are concerned, Mr. Gault, you have no special information to give to the committee, which would warrant the reappearance of the detectives?"

Mr. Gault: "No."
Mr. Jean Prevost: "I have a word to say. I think it is of the utmost importance that Mr. Biddinger should be heard."
Mr. Taschereau reiterated his opinion that it would hardly be worth while to recall the witnesses, and that their reappearance would necessitate considerable expense.

Mr. Tellier stated that if he knew for a certainty that there was sufficient grounds for their recall, he would insist on it, but he knew nothing.

Mr. Marechal's Argument.
Mr. Marechal then started a resume of the case, as follows:
"I respectfully submit that Messrs. Nichols and Macnab have established the truth of their accusations before this committee. It will not be necessary to go back over the evidence. It has been proved that Mr. J. O. Mousseau, ex-member for Soulanges, has in connection with the passing of Bill 158 received various sums of money as detailed here before you. It has also been shown that he received the sum of \$1,150, which he claimed was for the purpose of buying other members. He has himself dragged other members of the Legislature into bad repute."
"You have heard the evidence of Messrs. Beck, Biddinger, Maloney and Keyes. They answered frankly to the questions put to them, and I do not think that you can doubt the veracity of their statements. I beg to declare that in our proof, we can restrain the charges to three members of the Legislature against whom we have shown direct evidence. My clients claimed incredible corruption and if we accept Mr. Mousseau's word for it, it was incredible. We acted in good faith, and we were justified in saying what we said."

In Public Interest.
"I think we have shown that we acted in the public interest, and no matter how sad the result of this enquete may be, the public interest has been served. We claimed that bad legislation was being railroaded. In support of this I cite Hon. Mr. Lemieux's evidence given this morning."
"I may close by saying that this is the most painful case I have ever had in my life, but I ask that justice be done. I may add that I consider Mr. Mousseau's resignation a justification of our charges."

Mr. Laflamme's Argument.
Mr. N. K. Laflamme: "Mr. Marechal's last words open the discussion on a very interesting point. When this committee was appointed, Mr. Mousseau was member for Soulanges, and no immunity had been granted to the witnesses. Mr. Mousseau's resignation and the protection of the witnesses are subsequent events. Can these two facts affect the case? I claim they can. My learned friend resumed the charges brought by his clients, by saying they implied corruption. This implies the corruptor and corrupted.
"By act of its vote the Assembly protected the corruptor if the proof is made, but no protection was provided for the other party. If you made report that corruption was done, given the present situation, the corrupted may be punished, but the corruptors go free on account of the immunity granted them."
Temporary Immunity.
Mr. J. M. Tellier: "Have you taken into consideration the fact that this immunity is only temporary?"
Mr. Laflamme: "It is temporary in a certain sense, insofar as they came, testified and went, but for practical purposes it is permanent, and I doubt very much if you will find yourselves in a position to do anything to them."
Mr. Lavergne: "This immunity was likewise only granted to certain persons."
Mr. Laflamme: "I am not speaking on the case of Mr. Beck. I refer to Messrs. Biddinger and Maloney, who directly paid money to Mr. Mousseau. You are protecting them. I understand that the immediate motive was for the benefit of their evidence. The result though, is that you have created a state of affairs in which you may be called upon to punish a man who has fallen victim to temptation, and let the tempters go. Mr. Mousseau's resignation was the subject of a debate in the House as to whether or not it should be accepted. Whether Mr. Mousseau's resignation was accepted or not, he resigned and his resignation was not contested. One of the penalties which could have been imposed on him was expulsion. This could no longer be done. All that now remains by way of penalty, is an order for his arrest. If the facts are proved to your satisfaction you may order the arrest of your ex-colleague, and let his tempters go. I do not say that this would not be right, but if Mr. Mousseau had never resigned, the matter would be vastly different."

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A Fictitious Bill.
Mr. Laflamme closed his remarks by claiming that it was hard to prove corruption when the medium or corruptor had been a fictitious bill.
"We are not," he continued, "in the face of a bona fide case of an infraction of the honor of the House. It is a made-up case, made to order, and having for its principal instrument, a phantom bill. Those who presented it used it as the vehicle of their criminal intentions, for, as they say, they paid money to the ex-member for Soulanges, for the

passage of the bill. There should be a difference between corruption in the case of a bona fide and that of a fictitious bill. That is worth considering. Putting private and public interest aside, the bill only existed on paper. Thus we are in the face of a case where, though there may have been corruption, the privileges of the House have not been violated. I quite understand that my learned friend did not want to discuss the facts of the evidence. A project was organized to undermine the honor of the members of the Legislature, and now they come here with their heads high to boast of it. It is a case of conspiracy to get proof by fictitious means. Mr. Beck says 'the end justifies the means,' that is for you to decide."

Mr. Laflamme closed by informing the committee that they were sitting "with daggers over their heads."
Mr. Marechal rose and explained that he had made no mention of the facts contained in the latter half of Mr. Laflamme's argument, as they did not concern him: "I am here," he said, "to defend Messrs. Nichols and Macnab, I have nothing to do outside of that. If there was a conspiracy, Messrs. Nichols and Macnab never took any part in it. Their conduct throughout the enquete has been such that you have no reproaches to make them."

Hon. Mr. Taschereau then asked Hon. Mr. Chapais, who was present, if it would be possible to arrange a session of the Committee of the Upper House for the following morning. Hon. Mr. Chapais replied that if it were possible he would arrange it for 10:30 o'clock this morning, and failing that they would sit in the afternoon.

The lawyers and those interested then left the room and the committee began their task of preparing their report for the House, which Hon. Mr. Taschereau said they would endeavor to make this week.

TRAFFIC IN LEGISLATION.
Mr. Beck Gives Some More Interesting Information.
Another real sensation developed in the investigation of the graft charges at the committee of the Legislative Assembly yesterday morning, when Mr. Edward Beck, after having been cross-examined by Mr. N. K. Laflamme, stated that when he had given instructions to the Burns' men before the investigation was begun last fall and had told them that he knew certain lawyers who had informed him that legislation was bought and sold at Quebec, and that they had received bills in their safes, which although nominally for professional services, was in reality nothing more than evidence of graft.

Doesn't Want Names.
Mr. Lavergne immediately asked for the names of the lawyers in question, but Hon. Mr. Taschereau ruled the question out of order as being outside of the instructions given to the Committee by the House. Mr. Lavergne moved that a special report be made to the House asking for more powers for the Committee, but this motion was defeated on being put to the vote of the Committee.

Mr. Lavergne subsequently brought up the question in the Legislative Assembly, a report of which is contained in another column.
Hon. General Lemieux, ex-Postmaster General, was the first witness called and denied that he had had any connection whatever with the Montreal Fair Association Bill. He had come down to Quebec to follow the passage of the Montreal City Bill, and while here had met Mr. C. B. K. Carpenter, of Gaspe, who had asked to be introduced to Mr. Mousseau, who the Gaspe man had explained, was promoting a bill in which he was interested. Mr. Lemieux said that he had introduced Carpenter to

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

SUB-CONTRACTORS ARE PAID OFF

SEVERAL OF THEM HAVE BEEN VISITING QUEBEC LATELY.

Several of the sub-contractors of the Quebec and Saguenay Railway, on which work has been suspended for about a year, were in the city yesterday and it is said that they have paid off in full by the contractors, Messrs. O'Brien and Doheny.

Although one of the sub-contractors to a representative of the Chronicle at the St. Louis Hotel last evening that they were not here in connection with Quebec and Saguenay Railway matters the rumor comes from good authority that the object of their visit to Quebec was to meet one of the contractors for the above mentioned purpose.

This would seem to give weight to the report that the Canadian Northern Railway has taken over the Saguenay railroad and that the work will be resumed on the line in the spring.

Watch Jos. Cole's advertisement on sporting page.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Hon. Louis Sylvestre, Legislative Councillor and ex-member for Berthier in the Assembly, died at Berthier yesterday morning. He was 92 years of age.

RECORDER'S COURT.

The only prisoner before the Court yesterday was charged with drunkenness. As he had paid visits on former occasions for similar reasons, he was sent to His Majesty's hospital on the hill for the space of two months.

THE KIRMESS RETURNS.

Mrs. H. E. Huestis, Treasurer of the Kirmess, would be greatly obliged to the ladies and gentlemen connected with the sale of tickets for the Kirmess production in the Auditorium, would send in their returns, books, etc., in order to allow her to close the work, make all settlements, and complete her financial statement. Returns to be made to Mrs. H. E. Huestis, No. 5 Drill Hall square.

COURT OF SESSIONS.

A servant girl named Amanda Fortin, was before Judge Angers in the Court of Sessions yesterday morning on the charge of refusing to keep her engagement with Mr. J. A. Dion, proprietor of the Kennebec Hotel, Levis, with whom she sought employment.

The defendant admitted that she had engaged to enter the service of Mr. Dion, but pleaded in defence that the lady she was living with became ill and she was unable to leave her. The case was taken en delibere.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY SOCIETY HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of St. Patrick's Literary Society, was held last night at the rooms of the society, St. Anne street, presided over by the President, Mr. T. J. Murphy.

There were a good attendance of members, and the annual report, together with the financial statement, were read and found very satisfactory.

The election of the new committee for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Messrs. T. J. Murphy, T. J. Delaney, John Kelly, Patrick Hanrahan, W. J. Breen, W. J. Mulrooney, John Timmons, M. Arkinson and P. W. Brown. The officers will be elected by the committee at a later meeting.

SCHEME TO HARNESS THE RIVER ST. MAURICE.

The Provincial Waterways Commission have completed its work in regard to the scheme of harnessing the St. Maurice river above La Tuque, and the plans for the damming of the river that will develop 500,000 horse power for commercial purposes, are now before the Federal Government for approval. The dam planned, will stretch across the river some four miles north of La Tuque, 85 miles from the river St. Lawrence.

The dam will be 1,700 feet in length and the cost of the work, that will take two years to accomplish, is estimated at approximately \$1,400,000.

The engineers in the employ of the Provincial waterways Commission have devoted nearly two years time on the scheme, which is not without difficulties, and some two months ago completed their labors, when the plans were submitted to the Quebec Government, and after examination by departmental engineering experts, approved.

The consent of the Federal Government, is, however, necessary, before the work can be proceeded with, as the St. Maurice is classified as a navigable river, and the permission of the government must be had before the dam can be constructed.

It is expected that the Federal authorities will accord the request within the next month, when tenders for the work will be published.

Toronto, Feb. 10.—Sir James Whitney continues to show marked improvement at the General Hospital, but Sir George Ross' condition seems not to be so favorable.

ROYAL ARCANUM EUCBRE AND DANCE

CITADEL CITY COUNCIL ENTERTAIN THEIR FRIENDS AT THE ST. LOUIS HOTEL.

The Royal Arcanum Citadel City Council entertained a large number of their friends at a most enjoyable eucbre and social at the St. Louis Hotel last evening.

A large number of tables were placed in the main dining room of the hotel, where the competition for the prizes was most keen. Supper was served about 11 o'clock and, when the eucbre games had finished the party commenced dancing, which was kept up to the early hours of the morning. Mr. P. K. Hunt saw to it that the arrangements at the St. Louis were of the order to please all.

The prize winners were:—Ladies:—1st, Miss A. Morency; 2nd, Mrs. J. A. Gagnon; 3rd, Mrs. C. Wheeler; 4th, Mrs. J. L. Proulx; 5th, Miss J. Desrosiers; Consolation, Miss Berthe Desrosiers.

Gentlemen:—1st, L. B. Desrosiers; 2nd, J. B. O. Gagnon; 3rd, Elz. Gaudin; 4th, J. J. Flynn; Consolation, Art. Brier.

LADIES' MORNING

There will be a concert of the Ladies' Morning Musical Club this morning (Wednesday), Feb. 11th, at 11 o'clock sharp.

WEDDING BELLS.

A very pretty private wedding took place in the Chapel of the Bon Pasteur convent yesterday morning, when Mr. Leon Taschereau Desrivieres, manager of the St. John street branch of the Quebec Bank, was married to Miss Choquette, daughter of Senator P. A. and Madame Choquette, in the presence of the members of the respective families of the contracting parties. The church was beautifully decorated with palms and potted flowers for the occasion, and besides the invited guests there were a large number of friends of the young and popular couple present to view the ceremony.

Mgr. Choquette, Rector of St. Hyacinthe College, and uncle of the bride, celebrated the nuptial mass, and with in the sanctuary rails were Rev. Father Moillart and Abbe Roy. The bride was given away by her father, Senator Choquette, and Mr. Eugene Desrivieres, Deputy Recorder of Quebec, and father of the groom, acted as sponsor for the groom.

The bride was beautifully gowned in white Charmeuse silk and wore the conventional veil. She was unattended by a bridesmaid. Messrs. Joachim Tessier and Paul Leduc acted as ushers.

The musical part of the service was very fine, and vocal solos were rendered by Miss Adine Gagnon, Madame L. Carneau and Mr. Jos. Barnard, and Mr. Paul Robitaille played the cello.

The members of the two families present were Senator and Madame P. A. Choquette, Miss Ritta Choquette and brothers of the bride, Auguste, Fernand and Robie, Hon. Dr. Choquette, M.L.C., Madame and Miss Choquette, Mr. and Madame C. and Miss Choquette, of Montreal, Mr. Henri Desrivieres, manager of the St. Roch's branch of the Montreal Bank, and Madame Desrivieres, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Desrivieres, Madame J. T. Taschereau, grandmother of the groom, Hon. L. A. and Madame Taschereau, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Taschereau, Mr. and Mrs. Antoine Taschereau, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Baillarge, Dr. P. and Mrs. Coote, and Mrs. Hecker.

At the close of the marriage ceremony the happy young couple proceeded to the home of the bride's parents followed by the members of the two families, where a recherche dejeuner was partaken of, and later the young people left for New York en route to Bermuda, where they will spend their honeymoon.

Notwithstanding that no invitations were extended, the young couple were the recipients of nearly two hundred costly presents, including a complete set of silver service from the bank clerks and young friends of the groom, and a very pretty table jewel case from Sir Francois and Lady Langelier.

Do not miss Deschenes' Shoe Sale this week. The Biggest Sale of fine Footwear ever made by the firm.

Finest footwear made by Geo. A. Slater, Hartt Shoe; J. & T. Bell, etc., offered at half the cost. It is worth seeing even if you don't buy! L.S. DESCHENES 58 St. John Street

QUEBEC PROTEST IS DISALLOWED

PRESIDENT EMMETT QUINN GIVES DECISION AS TO DISPUTED OTTAWA MATCH.

President Emmett Quinn, of the N. H. A., has disallowed the protest of the Quebec Club against Ottawa arising out of the game played at Ottawa on Jan. 31.

It will be remembered that Quebec claimed Darragh had scored the winning goal when he had no business to be on the ice. Darragh had drawn his second major which meant that he should have been off for ten minutes. From the evidence which the Quebec men gathered they considered that he was only off for five minutes or so and it appears that the referee was of the same opinion.

GRAND CARNIVAL AT QUEBEC ARENA

MANY SPECTATORS ATTEND SPECTACULAR EVENT—LIST OF PRIZES.

Some five hundred skaters in costume took part in the Grand Fancy Dress Carnival at the Arena last evening which was a most successful event and attracted a large number of spectators.

The large number of prizes which the Arena management had offered spurred the masqueraders to don the prettiest costumes they could procure and the result was that there was the keenest competition for the premier honors.

The judges had much difficulty in deciding on the winners, the costumes were so handsome and elaborate.

The prize winners were: Ladies: Queen Mrs. G. Lapointe, Mrs. M. Veillem; Star Light, Blanche Drolet; Lady of the Snow, Miss L. Lafrancois; Maple Leaf, Miss E. P. Cleary; Sweet Caporal, Miss G. Gelly; Grenadier, Miss A. Letellier; Mexican, Miss W. Drouin; Gibson Girl, Miss F. Paquet; Skeleton, Mde. P. Moran.

Gentlemen: Indian, Mr. Geo. Lapointe; King, P. A. Destrois; Chanticleer, A. P. Brenier; Scotchman, Chas. Knowles; Uncle Sam, P. Pouliot; Japanese Juggler, R. Bureau; Dr. Cook, Capt. Lamaree; Highlander Alb. Audet; Quebec Hockey Club, C. Matte; Fashion, Alex. San Fason.

Among the prizes awarded to the winners were bronze statues, gold clubs, watches, chandler, etc.

A COLD SNAP.

The Thermometer Registered Sixteen Below Zero at Quebec Observatory Last Evening.

Yesterday was a cold day in Quebec the thermometer registered 5 below zero in the forenoon, and as the day grew older, grew colder, and up to 10.30 o'clock, the thermometer at the Quebec Observatory indicated 16 below zero, and had not reached its lowest mark. A cold west wind prevailed during the day, and an atmospheric dampness, that helped to intensify the cold, and drove people into the comfort of their houses.

A NEW PHASE IN THE SNOW REMOVAL CASE.

A new phase of the case of Mr. J. A. Cloutier and the Quebec Railway, Light, Heat & Power Co., in regard to the snow removal question has presented itself, in that the company through its attorney, Mr. G. G. Stuart, has filed a plea, questioning the jurisdiction of the Recorder's Court to decide the matter.

The city now has taken action against the company on its own behalf. The company in turn has filed pleas whereby they question the jurisdiction of the Recorder's Court in this matter. In their special plea the company set forth that the question is not a breach of the civic by-law but of a contracted obligation. Also that the defendant company has removed the snow according to the by-law bearing thereon. Furthermore the defendant company contend that it is not a question whether the defendant has fulfilled the obligation under the by-law, but whether the company can be compelled to remove snow from the street except from the track and two feet on either side thereof.

The plea of the railway company will come before the Recorder in the course of a few days, when a decision will be had as to the jurisdiction of the Court in the matter.

In the meantime, judgment in regard to Mr. Cloutier's case against the company has been suspended.

AT LIVERNOIS

To all the performers who so generously gave their assistance, and whose success in the recent Kirmess is everywhere the subject of conversation, the firm of J. E. Livernois offers a reduction of 10 per cent in all the different finishes in the Photographic Department.

Moreover, you can procure a dozen of cabinet photos at the low price of \$3.50, on special cards for that event.

Remember that these prices are only for those in costume.

We have a very interesting proposition for a man with \$15,000.00 to invest.

Come in and get particulars.

ALLEN & LAUGHLIN, Limited

44 MOUNTAIN HILL.

PHONE 4667. QUEBEC

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC UNDOUBTED SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS EXCEPTIONAL CHARTER Head Office: St. John Street Upper Town. Branches Open Evenings, Mondays and Saturdays.

BIRTH.

AIRD—On the 8th inst., at Jeffrey Hale's Hospital, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. W. G. E. Aird.

DIED.

HARRIS—At Little River, Feb. 10th, 1914, Mr. Samuel Harris, at the age of seventy-four years. The funeral will leave his late residence on Thursday, at ten o'clock a.m. to Valcartier Church, thence to Valcartier Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend. Grand Rapids, Port Austin, Mich. and Harbor Beach papers please copy.

LANGLOIS—On the 9th of February, 1914, Miss Elzire Langlois, daughter of Antoine Langlois, Merchant of this city.

The funeral will leave the house of her father, 24 Mountain Hill, on the 12th inst., at 8:45 a. m. for the Basilica, and thence to Belmont Cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

EUREKA

Means discovered, and in EUREKA CIGARS we have discovered a line that will suit and please the most critical smokers.

This Cigar is made in three sizes.

3 for 25c; 10c straight, and 2 for 25c.

Sold only at

WALLING'S STORES 46 MOUNTAIN HILL, 182 ST. JOHN STREET.



Victoria Curling Club

MEDAL SHOTS, Wednesday, Feb. 11; third round Club Bowl. GEO. VAN FELSON, Hon.-Sec.

Card of Thanks

To The Electors of Belvedere Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen: I desire to take this opportunity of thanking you for re-electing me as your representative for Seat No. 2, Belvedere ward in the City Council.

E. H. WALLING.

Card of Thanks

To The Electors of St. John's Ward.

Ladies and Gentlemen: It is a pleasure for me to thank you sincerely for the honor you have made me, by electing me again by acclamation for a fifth term, as your representative to the City Council. You may be assured that I will do my best to be worthy of the confidence you have always placed in me, and will, as in the past, work in the interest of our City and specially in the interest of the St. John's ward.

Your humble servant, H. E. LAVIGUEUR.

COMMITTEE OPENED

The Committees of Edmond St. Bois, candidate for Alderman for Seat No. 1 in Limoilou Ward, are now open at Limoilou, 3rd Street, Vezina's Hall, at Stadacona, 4th Street, Public Hall. All are invited.

DR. DEVAN'S FRENCH PILLS A Restoring and Purifying Pill for Women. \$5 a box or three for \$15. Sold at all Drug Stores, or mailed to any address on receipt of price. Two Scores! Dobb Co., St. Catharines, Ontario. PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN. Restores Vitality; for Nerve and Brain; increases "Energy" matter; a Tonic—will build you up. \$5 a box, or two for \$9, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. Two Scores! Dobb Co., St. Catharines, Ontario.

ORIGINAL GENUINE Horlicks Malted Milk Instantaneous Lunch. Invigorating. The Food-Drink for All Ages—Highly Nutritious and Convenient. Rich milk, with malted grain extract, in powder form—dissolves in water—more healthful than tea or coffee. Used in training athletes. The best diet for Infants, Growing Children, Invalids, and the Aged. It agrees with the weakest digestion. Ask for "HORLICK'S"—All Chemists, Hotels, Cafés and Stores. Don't travel without it. Also keep it at home. A lunch in a minute. In Lunch Tablet form, also, ready to eat. Convenient—nutritious.

OFFICES TO RENT Centre of Business District Corner Bells Lane and St. James Street. This is a modern building of the most improved construction. The offices are so situated as to obtain the best light. The arrangements of offices, size, etc., to suit intending tenants, can now be made. Building ready for occupation May 1st, 1914. For plans and particulars, apply Langlois & Paradis Sous le Fort and St. Peter Streets. dec.31xwed,satxfr.

Flour, Grains, Hay, Provisions, etc. William Carrier & Fils Registered Wholesale Dealers, QUEBEC. jan3xmon,satxfr.

Seasonable Winter Selections Canned Fruits and Vegetables. Apples, Grape Fruit, Grapes, Potatoes, Carrots, Turnips, Beets, Cabbage, Onion Fresh and Cured Fish. M. BOYCE & SON, "THE RELIABLE GROCERS." 19-21 Cote d'Abraham. Establ'd. 1856. Tel. 294.

FEBRUARY CHEAP SALES LINENS REDUCED Unbleached Table Linen 68 inches wide, value 75c for 59c Unbleached Table Linen 58 inches wide, value of 35c February price 28c TABLE NAPKINS, size 22x22; value \$1.80 a dozen. February Price \$1.39 20-inch CRASH LINEN, for dish towels; value 17c. February Price 12c 17-inch CRASH LINEN; value of 12c, for 9c 18-inch CRASH LINEN; value 17c; extra good quality, for 13c ROLLER LINEN, 18-inch wide; value of 18c. February price 15c REMNANTS OF SHEETINGS. 1 Case of Remnants of Plain and Twilled Bleached Sheetings: Widths 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4; values from 40c to 50c, for 30c Widths 9-4 and 10-4; qualities of 50c and 55c, for 35c 17c LAWNSDALE COTTONS, FOR 13 1/2c. 36-inch Fine LAWNSDALE COTTON, for Lingerie. An extra good quality at 17c. February price, per yard 13 1/2c EMBROIDERIES. CORSET COVER EMBROIDERIES, 27 and 54-inch FLOUNCINGS, 3, 4, 5 and 6-inch EDGINGS and INSERTIONS; all underpriced. See our jobs before buying.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere 254-264 St. John Street

AUDITORIUM Week of February 9th. Prof. Wilson's FIVE PERFORMING LIONS. And four other Acts of High-Class Vaudeville. Prices: Matinee 10c Evening: 10c, 15c, 25c Feb.7x6

COLUMBUS HALL 73 Grande Allee - Phone 4384 Wed., Thurs., and Fri., Feb. 11, 12 and 13. Matinee Thurs. COMEDIE FRANCAISE COMPANY, in— "LA PETIT CHOCOLATIERE" Prices: Evenings, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c Matinees, 15c, 25c and 35c. Seats on sale at Box Office, 73 Grande Allee. Feb.9,11,12x3

HOCKEY Quebec Skating Club (TONIGHT) WEDNESDAY. JUNIOR LEAGUE. Embryo versus Sons of Ireland, 7:15 to 8:15 O'Clock —and— CITY LEAGUE. Emmett versus Levis, At 8:30 O'Clock. Admission, 25c. Gallery, 35c.

WINDING UP ACT Province of Quebec, District of Quebec, IN THE SUPERIOR COURT No. 1607. IN RE LA COMPAGNIE CINQUINZE, LIMITEE, Quebec, in liquidation. NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the Court, dated the 6th day of February, 1914, we have been appointed liquidators to the estate of said company. NOTICE is also given that all claims duly attested must be filed to the office of the undersigned liquidators on or before the 10th day of March, 1914, according to a judgment of the Superior Court, dated this 9th day of February, 1914. BEDARD & BELANGER, Liquidators. Office, 101 St. Peter street, Quebec February 10th, 1914.

"CASCARETS" THE BEST LAXATIVE

IF CONSTIPATED, BILIOUS, HEADACHY, STOMACH SOUR—CLEAN UP TONIGHT.

You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headachy, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are bilious, nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach, or have backache and feel worn out.



Canada's Famous Summer Resort, opens June 20th, 1914, for the Summer. Our prices are not high, but our accommodation is good.

RESORTS—ATLANTIC CITY THE WILTSHIRE Virginia av. and beach. Ocean view. "Greatly improved and refurbished."

RESORTS—AT ATLANTIC CITY Hotel DENNIS Atlantic City, N. J. The Hotel with the distinctive features.

HOTEL RESORTS. Florida's Daily Fivefold Resort Hotel Hotel Clarendon AND COTTAGES

WINTER RESORTS. LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES LAKEWOOD, New Jersey.

HOTEL GREGORIAN NEW YORK CITY, 35TH ST., FIFTH AV., BROADWAY.

GRAND UNION HOTEL Rooms \$1.00 a day and up. NEW YORK CITY

ST. LAWRENCE HALL MONTREAL Magnificent new entrance on St. James Street.

Dr. A. LANTIER Surgeon Dentist 50 Couillard St., Quebec.

WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION

ANNUAL MEETING OF QUEBEC BRANCH HELD—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The annual meeting of the Quebec W. C. T. U., was held in the Y. W. C. A. Monday afternoon. There was a large attendance of members who manifested much interest in the reports.

President, Mrs. James Geggie. Vice-presidents, Mrs. A. Hyde, Miss A. Kelly, Mrs. S. Woodley, Mrs. R. Craig, Mrs. W. Wiggins.

Presenting the thirty-first annual report of the Quebec W. C. T. U., it is a pleasure to be able to state that the work is still advancing.

During the year we have held twelve business meetings, ten prayer meetings, seven sewing meetings in the different homes to make comfort bags for the sick seamen and a Gospel meeting and tea at the Ladies' Protestant Home in June.

As our funds were at a very low ebb it was decided to endeavor to raise some money by holding a concert. This matter was put into the hands of a committee who went to work so energetically and so successfully that the Union cleared \$117.25.

Two delegates attended the Provincial convention held in Cowansville in October. They brought back glowing accounts of good work done all along the line, which we hope will stimulate our Union here to greater efforts.

During the year, we have subscribed to Home Missions, Foreign Missions, Finance Department of the Provincial W. C. T. U., the Dominion Alliance and the Society for the Suppression of the White Slave Traffic.

Professor Dale, of McGill, most kindly agreed to give a public lecture for the benefit of the W. C. T. U. This lecture which was held in Morrison College Hall was not as largely attended as it should have been and did not add to our funds.

ANXIOUS TIMES FOR PARENTS

Children Often Seem Pining Away and Ordinary Medicine Does Not Help Them.

The health of children between the ages of twelve and eighteen years, particularly in the case of girls, is a source of serious worry to nearly every mother.

At this stage no other medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Their whole mission is to make new blood, which reaches every part of the body, bringing back health, strength and energy.

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FAMOUS FOR BEAUTY OF HER HAIR

Mrs. Esther Emery Has Hair Which Reaches to Her Knees. Was Once Threatened With Baldness. Tells How She Made New Hair Grow.

"People say I have the most beautiful hair in the world," says Mrs. Esther Emery, now visiting in the city. "I don't know about that, but certainly I am proud of my hair, for it has grown so in just twelve months 'til now it reaches my knees."

"My success is no secret and I think that any man or woman can do the same with their hair if they will persevere as I have done. A friend knowing my condition, sent me a clipping from the New York Herald, which advised people who were growing bald to use a prescription consisting of 6 oz. Bay Rum, 2 oz. Lavona (de Compose), and 1/2 dr. of Menthol Crystals. I got these things from my druggist and mixed them myself.

The roll of prohibition States now practically includes Maine, Kansas, North Dakota, Georgia, North Carolina, West Virginia, Mississippi, Tennessee, Oklahoma and Arkansas. Ohio has just wiped out three-thousand bar rooms by a new liquor law. Illinois won twenty-three victories last November out of twenty-eight contests.

Canada leads the van. The Province of Prince Edward Island has no licenses. In Nova Scotia there is no lawful liquor selling outside the City of Halifax. There are only one hundred and thirty-seven licenses left in the whole of New Brunswick. Quebec has prohibition in eight hundred and fifty-nine parishes. Half of Manitoba is dry. Saskatchewan has started a "banish-the-bar" campaign. In Ontario five hundred and nineteen municipalities have already lined up on the side of prohibition.

Everywhere is the noise of battle. Everywhere the right is winning. What are you going to do to help? Will you hang back with the slow-moving communities that still tamely tolerate the liquor curse, or will you step manfully, bravely forward, in the line of march? A great heritage is ours. Pray God we do it no wrong.

Respectfully submitted, LEONORE J. REID, Cor. Sec.

GRAND TRUNK TEAM WINS ANOTHER VICTORY.

The second competition between teams from the shops of the various companies interested for the Canadian Ambulance Association trophy presented by the Dominion Bridge Company was held at the Railway Y. M. C. A., Sebastopol street, Point St. Charles, on Saturday afternoon last.

No. 1—A. Poitras, Rolling Mill Staff. No. 2—E. Castles, Wheel Shop Staff. No. 3—H. Slack, Freight Car Shop Staff. No. 4—F. Russell, Iron Foundry Staff. No. 5—R. Seed, Boiler Shop Staff.

The work that is being carried on by the St. John Ambulance Association is a very praiseworthy cause. The Grand Trunk centre was first organized at their Point St. Charles shops in 1911 with about 12 members; today the membership numbers 45, and the work of organization is being extended to all terminal points on the system.

Chinese Eggs for THE AMERICAN MARKET. Montreal, Feb. 10—Five thousand cases of Chinese eggs which are due at Valcour by the steamer Empress of Russia, en route to the American market, are expected to work up a fairly lively market in cheap eggs.

Mrs. PANKHURST FOOLS THE POLICE THEY ARRESTED A WOMAN WHO REPRESENTED HER—THEN FOUND THEY WERE TRICKED.

London, Feb. 10—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, who yesterday returned to London from Switzerland, beguiled the police tonight into a false arrest. She addressed a crowd from the window of her temporary residence in Campden Hill Square. She taunted the Government with cowardice, and announced that she was coming into the street and challenged the police to re-arrest her.

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For the first time in recent years the suffragettes were conspicuous by their absence today from all the processions connected with the opening of Parliament. The siege of the Bishop of London's residence was abandoned late in the afternoon.

Wherever Christian civilization prevails, the temperance cause is marching on. The church, the school the business sense of the community are not only at war against the liquor traffic, but are winning victories every day.

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HATS ENGLISH TRESS ASK YOUR CAPS HATTER TRESS & CO. LTD. LONDON, Eng. Agents of CANADA WREYFOB & CO. TORONTO.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA - 1875 Establ'd - OF CANADA - 1875 Head Office, Toronto Capital Authorized... \$10,000,000 Capital Paid-up... \$5,925,000 Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits... \$5,100,000 Letters of Credit, Drafts and Money Orders issued. Available in all parts of the world. Special Attention Given to Collections. SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Interest allowed on deposits at best current rates. Two Branches in Quebec:—83 St. Peter St. G. F. LOVE, Mgr. 5 St. John St. A. C. SMITH, Mgr.

The Quebec Bank 96th Year in Business TRAVELLER'S CHEQUES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT Issued by The Quebec Bank are payable all over the world. The leading hotels and shops will cash them without question. Those going abroad should carry their funds in this safe manner. Full information concerning these travelling conveniences may be obtained at any Branch of The Quebec Bank. DIRECTORS: John T. Ross, President; Vesey Boswell, Vice-President; Gaspard La Moine, W. A. Marsh, Thos. McDougall, C. G. Stuart, K.C., J. E. Alred, R. MacD. Paterson, Peter Laing. FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC CITY: 110 St. Peter street, 2 Fabrique street, 217 St. John street, 781 St. Valier street, 187 St. Joseph street. Safety Deposit Boxes at Head Office, 110 St. Peter street, and 2 Fabrique street, Upper Town.

JACQUES' ANNUAL CHEAP SALE 20% Discount on all Boots, Shoes and Slippers For Cash Only WM. JACQUES & SONS, 42 1-2 Fabrique Street. Tel. 427

THE FASHIONABLE STORE THOS. DONOHUE T. D. DUBUC, Successor. The Great Discount Sale Has Been Extended For One More Week. 15% to 50% Discount off Marked Prices SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK All Wool Challies in very beautiful designs and colorings, suitable for Blouses and Kimonos. Value, 50c; sale price ... 23c. Black Silk Knitted Shawls; values \$1.25 to \$1.50. Sale price ... 74c. White Pique and Crepon Blouses in new fashionable models; value \$1.50. Sale price ... \$1.00 Remnants of Dress Material, from 1 to 3 yds., at HALF THE MARKED PRICES Several other lines not here mentioned that are greatly reduced. THOS. DONOHUE T. D. DUBUC, Successor, 188 and 194 ST. JOHN STREET

OUTING SPECIALITIES

- LADIES' GREY or WHITE SWEATERS, from... \$2.50 up
LADIES' GAUNTLET GLOVES, or MITTS... .75 up
LADIES' SLIDING HOODS, in Brown, Grey or White... .50 up
MEN'S SKIING GLOVES, with leather hand... 1.00 up
MEN'S WOOL-LINED CAPS, in all colors... .75 up
MEN'S and BOYS' GOLF HOSE... .75 up
ALL COLORS IN CLUB RIBBONS, per yard... .35 up

J. H. MULLIN,

HABERDASHER - 48 FABRIQUE STREET.

18 DAYS CRUISES DE LUXE.

To Jamaica, Panama Canal, Costa Rica, Havana, with a carte service on the United Fruit Company's twin-screw steamers. Stay in Port (Hours) Leave New York, Pier 16, East River, every Saturday Noon; Arrive Port Antonio, Jamaica, Wednesday, 7 a.m.; Leave Port Antonio, Jamaica, Wednesday, 10 a.m.; Arrive Kingston, Jamaica, Wednesday 3 p.m.; Leave Kingston, Jamaica, Thursday, 5 p.m.; Arrive Colon, Panama Canal, Saturday, 7 a.m.; Leave Colon, Panama Canal, Sunday, 5 p.m.; Arrive Port Limon, Costa Rica, Monday, 7 a.m.; Leave Port Limon, Costa Rica, Tuesday, 10 p.m.; Arrive Havana, Cuba, Friday, 11 a.m.; Leave Havana, Cuba, Saturday, 5 p.m.; Arrive New York, Wednesday, 7 a.m.

AUCTION SALE

In re. Alfred Leloup, Insolvent, Quebec, Quec. NOTICE is hereby given that on the 12th February, 1914, at 11 a.m., will be sold by Public Auction, at the factory of said Alfred Leloup, 108 Commissioner street, the immovables of this Estate, as follows: A lot of land, situated 108 Commissioner street, designated under the number one hundred and ninety of the official cadastral plan for St. Roch's Ward, City of Quebec, of a total area of 2,400 square feet, more or less, with private house and factory thereon erected, hot water, furnace and electric light. The lot will be sold to the highest bidder. The factory will be opened for inspection on the 9th and 10th of February, or before if requested. Terms: CASH. CHS. RUHLMANN, Curator. 344 Prince Edward st. Quebec. Quec. Feb. 7, 1914. L.S. DECHENES, Auctioneer, Quebec.

SHIPPING NEWS

DIRECTORY OF OCEAN SAILINGS.

Table with columns for Date of Sailing, Port of Departure, and Destination. Includes entries for Liverpool, London, Antwerp, and other ports.

better organizing and administering of the pilotage will bring about material reduction of the risks of navigation in this important waterway.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

New York, Feb. 10.—The market is quiet. Quotations to Liverpool, London and Glasgow, 2d, nominal; Rotterdam, 4c; Hamburg, 3 1/2 pfennigs, nominal; Bremen, 3 1/2 pfennigs, nominal; Hull, 2 1/2; Bristol, 2 1/2, Feb. 10; Antwerp, 2d; Cork for orders, 2s, 3d, nominal; picked ports, large tonnage 1s 9d; cotton to Liverpool per 100 lbs. 25c.

NAVAL ARCHITECTURE.

The London Times' engineering supplement of January 28 says: "At a moment when opinions with regard to passenger ship designs and construction are to a certain extent in the melting pot, there are fewer changes than usual from old practice in the construction of passenger ships. The big ship is still in evidence, but it is merely a development from a similar ship of lower tonnage. More attention is now being given to the designs of the double bottom and the arrangement of bulkheads and watertight compartments in the endeavor to evolve the unsinkable ship which the practical shipbuilder regards as the practical crux of the problem of safety at sea. The provision of boats for all, and the installation of new types of davits and improved methods of boat launching are the expedients adopted rather as concessions to popular opinion and fears than from any profound belief in their life-saving qualities; and with the development of wireless signalling at sea—there are now 2,000 vessels registered at Lloyd's fitted with wireless telegraphy—the aim of the shipbuilder is rather to make the passenger ship itself remain afloat until the work of rescue can be effected, rather than to provide means of escape from it by the aid of boats."

PORT OF QUEBEC

Arrived February 10. SS. Montcalm, Pelletier, Seven Islands, etc., passengers and mails.

FINANCIAL

CLOSING MARKET LETTERS.

Received by Breen & Gourdeau, stock brokers, 63 St. Peter St. and 6 Sault au Matelot. New York, Feb. 10.—Irregularity marked the early trading in the stock market today, which, in a large degree, was due to bearish operations by floor professionals, who centered their attacks on Canadian Pacific, American Can and Lehigh Valley. The Rock Island issues, which have been causing a depressing influence on the general list by their weakness for some days past, showed an improving tendency from the opening on the expectation of a plan to be decided upon that would be more favorable to the stockholders in the adjustment of that company's affairs than had been anticipated. The United States Steel Corporation's unfilled tonnage report, in which an increase of 331,572 tons was shown, was a helpful factor in the afternoon session, and led by Steel many issues that had declined in the morning trading closed with net gains on the day. The trading at no time was spirited, however. We look for a period of quiet assimilation to prevail for the time being, and prefer to await further setback to prices before taking on new commitments. Sales to 3 p. m., stocks, 314,218; bonds, \$3,908,500.

AN OLD ACQUAINTANCE.

The ex-Thomson liner Bellona, which stranded in the St. Lawrence late in the fall of 1912, and after being refloated was sold, is now owned by the recently formed Reid-Donald Steamship Company, which will employ the steamer in the fruit trade between United States ports and the West Indies.

ST. LAWRENCE PILOTAGE.

The following reference is made to pilotage conditions on the St. Lawrence in the last annual report of the Liverpool Underwriters' Association: "The committee are now glad to be able to state that in consequence of reiterated complaints the whole question of St. Lawrence pilotage has been under investigation by a Royal Commission. It is earnestly hoped that in the interest of the increasing number and size of vessels frequenting the river, the recommendations of the Commission for the

weakness early, but offerings from the country were not heavy and primary receipts running away under last year. On the decline, the market ran into export position, with bids here close to the market, although we hear of no actual business being closed. Weather should make for increased receipts and the cash demand can not be called good, but sales on anything but bulges not very safe.

Oats have been fairly active during the last hour of the session, following the extreme weakness early. It was claimed that there were sales of Canadian oats in bond for export, but eastern owners of such oats say their best bids are over 1c below working limits. We think the bids were much closer. Cash oats half cent lower in sample market early.

LOCAL INVESTMENT YIELDS

Table with columns: Close, Div., P.C. Includes entries for Bell Telephone, Brazilian T. L. & P., Can Cotton, etc.

N. Y. INVESTMENT YIELDS.

Table with columns: Close, Div., P.C. Includes entries for Amalgam Copper, Am Smelters, Anaconda, etc.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET

Toronto.—The quotations on the exchange are as follows: Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 winter, 89 to 90c outside, according to location. Manitoba, No. 1 northern, 97 1/2c; do. No. 2 northern, 95 1/2c. Oats, Canada western, No. 2, 40 1/2c; No. 3, 39 1/2c at lake ports for immediate shipment. Ontario No. 2 white, 35 to 35 1/2c; No. 3 white, on track, Toronto, 38 to 39c. Corn—American, No. 3, yellow, on track Toronto, 69 1/2c; No. 3 yellow 68 1/2c. Peas—No. 2, 95c to \$1 per bushel. Barley—Outside for malting, 55 to 56c. Buckwheat—75c to 75c, shipping points. Flour—Manitoba, listed at Toronto, first patents, \$5.40; do second patents, \$4.90; strong bakers, \$4.70. Ontario winter, 90 per cent patents, \$3.65 to \$3.70 seaboard. Millfeed—Manitoba bran, \$22.50 per ton; shorts, \$24.50 per ton on track, Toronto. Eggs—Selected, 38c to 39c; fresh, 35c to 37c. Hay—No. 1 grade, \$18 to \$19; No. 2 grade, \$15 to \$16.

COTTON.

New York, Feb. 10.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: Feb. 12.00 July 11.79 Mar. 12.08 Aug. 11.60 Apr. 11.91 Sept. 11.48 May 11.81 Oct. 11.40 June 11.80 Dec. 11.52 Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands 12.55; do. Gulf 12.80. Sales, none. Liverpool, Feb. 10.—Cotton, spot, fair demand. Prices steady. Am. mid., fair, 7.63 Low mid., 6.60 Good mid., 7.31 Good ordy., 5.89 Middling, 6.99 Ordinary, 5.45 The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 7,500 American. Receipts were 47,000 bales, included in 18,400 American. Futures opened and closed steady.

OFFICES TO LET.

At No. 93 St. Peter street, from 1st of May next, good suite of offices with vault, on first floor above ground floor, also two rooms on second floor. Reasonable rent. Apply to Neuville Belleau & Co. Feb. 11x2w.

PERSONAL.

Would you marry if suited? Best matrimonial paper published. Mailed free. (54) The Correspondent, Toledo, Ohio. Feb. 2x1m.

YOU WILL FIND A Certified Masseuse and Medical Gymnast.

And Nurse of several years experience at No. 26 Louis street. Tel. 2943. Feb. 10x1m.

Extraordinary Reductions on all Goods for Cash. T. LAFRANCE, 11 BUADE STREET, QUEBEC

DO NOT WORRY. A small ad. placed in the Chronicle will secure a tenant without any bother, or if you have a house, lot or property of any description to dispose of, use our columns. THEY ALWAYS BRING RESULTS. We also have a large supply of "To Let," "For Sale" Signs, etc., etc. Only 5 cents.

FOUND. TO LET. FOUND.—Lost articles found in Auditorium after Kirmess performances can be reclaimed at Mrs. McLimont's, 81 St. Louis street.

WANTED. WANTED—A room with board with an English family, centrally located. Apply G., Chronicle Office, Feb. 10x6.

WANTED—Boy wanted for light office work. Apply to 146 St. John street.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED. LEARN BARBER TRADE—Few weeks required; tools free; positions secured. Molar System, 21 years established, 42 colleges. Write for particulars. Molar Barber College, 62a St. Lawrence Boulevard, Montreal.

POSITION WANTED. A French and English stenographer with three years of experience, wishes a position. Best of references can be furnished. Can start at once. Reply to Stenographer, Chronicle Office. Feb. 7x6.

AGENTS & SALESMEN WANTED. WANTED—At once, persons to work for us in spare time at home. No experience required with our New Art Coloring Process. Easy and fascinating work. good pay; no canvassing. Write for instructions (free). Commercial Art Studio, 215 College street, Toronto, Canada. M.n.w.d.fri.

FOR SALE. 43 Esplanade. Mr. M. Kennedy's Residence (complete in every detail.) Apply to McLean, Kennedy & Co., 159 Mountain Hill. Jan. 10x1.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—On Lockwell street, a house of two tenements, of 7 and 8 apartments. Apply to Mrs. Jos. Jobin, 286 St. Oliver street. Phone 2838. Feb. 6x2w.

FOR SALE.—That property, corner du Porche & St. Peter streets, with house in the rear fronting on Notre Dame Square. Upper part presently occupied by Blanchard Hotel, lower part, by Quebec Fruit Exchange. C. Delagrave, notary, 2 Cook street, corner St. Ann and City Hall avenue. Tel. 1912, residence 3382. Jan. 13x1m.

FOR SALE.—The double house Nos. 19 & 19 1/2 St. Ursule street with ground attached fronting on St. Ursule. St. Angèle and Dauphine streets, containing 9058 square feet. For particulars apply to AMOS J. COLSTON, Hochelaga Park building.

FOR SALE.—On St. Louis Road, (about three minutes walk from City limits), that property known as Elm Grove, for many years the residence of the late John Burstall. The house is very substantially built of fire brick with cut stone foundations. Large garden and grounds, comprising about 14 acres. The Sillery electric car line passes directly behind the property, giving easy communication to the City. For permission to view, and further particulars, apply to J. Burstall & Co., 85 Dalhousie St., Quebec. Feb. 5x1m.

FOR SALE.—A commercial property with a frontage of 60 feet on St. Joseph street, and fronting 112 feet on St. Louis street, situated in the business centre and in proximity to the future Union Station, containing two stores and dwellings. Terms of payment easy. The purchaser is certain to triple his money within three months. For further information, apply to J. A. Faucher, N.P., Quebec Railway Building, Quebec. Feb. 5xwed, sat, etc.

TO LET.—House No. 71 Maple Avenue, containing 9 rooms and bathroom; all modern conveniences. Daily furnace; electric light, etc. Apply to No. 2 Du Fort street, or phone 4852. Feb. 3x1.

TO LET.—A house on corner of Conway avenue and Beauport road, containing 12 rooms with modern conveniences, quite close to electric railway. Apply on premises or to Edm. Conway, coal and wood merchant, 282 St. Paul street.

TO LET.—Three flats on Boagville avenue, First street, outside of Maple avenue. (Nos. 17-19-21); each containing 8 rooms and bath, furnace, electric light, yard and shed. For further particulars, apply to A. W. Bedard, 114 Joseph street, phone 2179.

TO LET.—97 Ste Foye Road, a fine flat, 10 rooms. Apply 93 Ste Foye Road; tel. 1277. J. B. Rousseau.

HOUSE TO LET.—On Maple Ave. No. 44, consisting of nine rooms and bath room; furnace, electric light and gas. House will be repaired, painted and papered throughout for a desirable tenant. Apply A. K. Hansen & Co., 82 Peter street; phone 362.

TO LET.—A house of 8 rooms with good cellar and yard in very good order. No. 241 Prince Edward street. Immediate possession. Apply to Mrs. Brunau, 243 Prince Edward St.

Store To Let. Store to let, situated in Lower Town, at No. 100-102 Mountain Hill, and 35-47 Notre Dame Street, occupied by R. R. Bergevin; one of the best business places in Quebec. Apply to M. Fortin, Prop. Mountain Hill Hotel Quebec.

For plans and other terms, apply to F. S. STOCKING, 32 ST. LOUIS ST. Tel. 82.

\$10.00 Cash and \$2.00 per month will put a beautiful PIANO in your home. Just receiving a new stock of PIANOS from the leading manufacturers. ARTHUR LAVIGNE 54 Couillard Street

Gaudias Bureau MACHINIST. Repairs of all kind promptly attended to. Telephone 2948 Residence 5628 116 5th Street, Limoilu.

Milian Medical Institute. Specialty—Genito-urinary venereal diseases, rapidly cured, according to our new process, by a specialist of the Paris and London hospitals. 410 1/2 ST. JOHN STREET, Phone 1975. Consultations 4 to 6 and 7 to 9 p.m.

DUFFERIN TERRACE HOUSE. Opposite Governor's Garden and Chateau Frontenac. Terms moderate. 5 Genevieve Ave., Cape, Quebec. MRS. WHELAN, Prop. Phone 4237. Jy. 19x1y

CANADA. Province of Quebec. District of Saguenay. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. No. 3054. DAME LAURE BOULIANE, of the parish of Tadoussac, in the county of Saguenay, wife of John N. Maher of the same place, merchant, duly authorized to "ester en justice," Plaintiff; vs. The said JOHN MAHER, Defendant. An action for separation as to property has been instituted in this case, the 19th day of December, 1913. L. P. GIRARD, Atty. for Plaintiff. Murray Bay, 5th Jan. 1914.

NEPTUNE INN J. T. LEVALLER, PROP. 115 Mountain Hill. American and European Plan. Cafe Attached to Hotel. Close to Buses, Elevator, Cars and Trains. Phone 1708. QUEBEC.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS.

Governing Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Northwest Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, and the tract of Three and a Half Billion Acres. Located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in the Province of British Columbia.

LICENSES. A license to cut timber on a tract not exceeding twenty-five square miles in extent may be acquired only at public auction. A rental of \$5.00 per square mile, per annum, is charged on all timber berths excepting those situated west of Yale in the Province of British Columbia on which the rental is at the rate of 5 cents per acre. In addition to rental, dues are charged on the timber cut at the rate set out in section 20 of the regulations.

TIMBER PERMITS AND DUES. Permits may be granted in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to owners of portable saw mills, to cut over a definitely described tract of land not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 50c. per thousand feet, B.M. and of a fee at the rate of \$100.00 per square mile for each permit.

TIMBER FOR HOMESTEADERS. Any occupant of a homestead quarter-section having no timber on his own suitable for the purpose may, provided he has not previously been granted free allowance of timber, obtain a free permit to cut the quantity of building and fencing timber set out in Section 50 of the Regulations.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Agency or at the local agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made in any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchase homestead in certain districts. Price \$10.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$500.00.

W. W. CORY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 20th March, 1914, for the conveyance of His Majesty's mails, on a proposed contract for four years, 12 times per week each way, between St. Gabriel Station and Railway Station Q. & L. St. J., from the 1st April, 1914, next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the post office of St. Gabriel Station and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

S. TANNER GREEN, Post Office Inspector. Quebec, 3rd Feb., 1914. Feb. 4x1aw, wdx3w

FOR SALE.

1 Davenport. 1 "Champion" Letter and Circular Duplicator. 1 No. 4 "Daisy Boiler."

Apply to No. 43 Lachevrotiere street, Quebec.

ALLAN LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
To Liverpool.
Sat. 14 Feb. Tunisian... Halifax
Wed. 18 Feb. Victorian St. John
Sat. 28 Feb. Alsatian... Halifax
Wed. 4 Mar. Virginian... St. John
To Havre and London.
Sat. 28 Feb. Corinthian... St. John

To Glasgow.
Thur. 12 Feb. Sicilian... Boston
Thur. 26 Feb. Numidian... Portland
Thur. 12 Mar. Pretorian... Boston
Sat. 14 Mar. Scandinavian... Portland
*One class (11) Cabin steamers.

For rates and full particulars, apply to local Agents, or
ALLANS, RAE & Co., Quebec

CUNARD
Largest and
Fastest Steamers in the World.
Next Sailings

LUSITANIA, MAR. 11, 1.00 A.M.
MAURETANIA, MAR. 18, 1.00 A.M.
SACANDIA, MAR. 25, 1.00 A.M.
LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
*Campania, Feb. 11, 1.00 A.M.
*Campania, Mar. 18, 1.00 A.M.
*Campania, Apr. 11, 1.00 A.M.
*Campania, Apr. 18, 1.00 A.M.
*Campania, May 11, 1.00 A.M.
*Campania, May 18, 1.00 A.M.

"AQUITANIA"
July 1, July 22, August 26
Great Britain's Largest Ship
The Embodiment of the
Proved Qualities of the
"Lusitania" and "Mauretania"
an improvement upon Contemporaneous
Practice in Ship Construction.
MEDITERRANEAN-ADRIATIC SERVICE
Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Patras,
Trieste, Fiume, Sailings noon See Itinerary.
SPECIAL TOURS TO CANARY ISLANDS, MAR. 27
PANONIA, MAR. 10, 1.00 A.M.
Special Winter Cruises
RIVIERA-ITALY-EGYPT
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco or Genoa
Naples, Alexandria, Sailings noon.
FRANCIA, MAR. 17, 1.00 A.M.
CARONIA, MAR. 24, 1.00 A.M.
Round the World Trips, \$474.85 and up.
Special through rates to Egypt, India, China,
Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South
Africa and South America. Independent tours
in Europe, etc. Send for booklet "Canada Tour".
Agents for PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL
STEAM NAVIGATION CO., Frequent Sailings
for India, China, Japan, Australia P. &
O. cruises NORWEGIAN FJORDS, etc. June
13 and 30, July 17, August 7, Itineraries now
ready.

Pier, foot West 14th Street, N. R. Office,
24 State Street, N. Y. opposite Battery.
The Robert Reford Co., Limited, 103 St.
Peter St., Home & River, 31 Beaudé St., F. S.
Stocking, 32 St. Louis Street, Quebec.

J. P. E. GAGNON
L.L.A.
Successor of
V. E. PARADIS
Public Accountant,
AUDITOR AND CURATOR
Accounts Investigated and Collected
Financial Arrangements and
Compromises.
Liquidation of Insolvent Estates.

All work entrusted to me will be
economically and promptly attended
to.

RICHELIEU COMPANY BUILDING,
44 Dalhousie Street.

C. W. WALCOT,
Stocks and Bonds
BOUGHT and SOLD
98 ST. PETER STREET
Quebec
Telephone 377.

Municipal Debentures Offering per-
fect Security to Investors.
5% to 6 1-2%

THE STOCK MARKET
presently offers
extraordinary investment
opportunities.

We will be pleased
to give our best attention
to any order entrusted to us.

Private wire with Montreal,
Toronto, New York, Boston.

Neuville Belleau & Co.
93 ST. PETER STREET.
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Arthur Brunau, A. Dupuis,
Quebec.

Member
Montreal Stock Exchange,
4 Hospital St., Montreal.

BRUNEAU & DUPUIS
Stock and Bond Brokers,
TELEPHONE 1596.
11-13 SAULT AU MATELOT,
QUEBEC.

Direct wire with Chas. Head & Co.,
New York.
Orders promptly executed on all
Exchanges.

A. A. GINGRA,
Manager.

R. ERNEST LEFAIVRE
L. I. A.
Successor of
Lefavre & Lefavre
Auditor, Liquidator
of Insolvent Estates.

Office: 88 St. Peter St., Quebec.
Tel. Office 1108. Tel. Residence 4403

CANADIAN PACIFIC
\$3.80 Montreal
and Return
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21.
Tickets good going by Special train
only, at 1.50 P.M.
Return limit, February 24th, 1914.
Parlor, Cars.
Full particulars at 30 St. John Street.
G. J. P. MOORE,
General Railway and Steamships
Agency. All lines represented.

Quebec Steamship Co. Ltd.
(Operated by Canada S.S. Lines, Ltd.)
**NEW YORK BERMUDA
AND WEST INDIES LINES**
From Pier 47, North River, New York
ROYAL MAIL FOR BERMUDA,
S.S. BERMUDIAN, 10,518 tons dis-
placement, sails from New York
at 10.00 a.m., 18th and 25th
February; 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th
March.

Fastest, newest and only steamer
landing passengers at the dock at
Bermuda.

From New York, for St. Thomas,
St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guada-
loupe, Dominica, Martinique, St.
Lucia, Barbados and Demerara:
S.S. PARIMA, 2 p.m., 21st February.

For all information, apply to:
QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
40 Dalhousie Street,
F. S. STOCKING, HONE & RIVET,
G. J. P. MOORE,
Ticket Agents, Quebec.

CUNARD LINE
CANADIAN SERVICE.
From Southampton. From Portland, Me.
Feb. 26. ASCANIA, Mar. 14
Mar. 2. AUSTRIA, Mar. 20
Mar. 19. AUSTRIA, Mar. 27
Mar. 26. AUSTRIA, Mar. 31
Mar. 25. AUSTRIA, Apr. 7
Mar. 30. AUSTRIA, Apr. 14
Mar. 29. AUSTRIA, Apr. 21
Mar. 28. AUSTRIA, Apr. 28
Mar. 27. AUSTRIA, May 5
Mar. 26. AUSTRIA, May 12
Mar. 25. AUSTRIA, May 19
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SHOCK OF AN EARTHQUAKE FELT AT A NUMBER OF PLACES ON THIS CONTINENT YESTERDAY—CONSTERNATION AT SYRACUSE.

New York, Feb. 10.—An earthquake lasting from 15 to 30 seconds and disturbing particularly what are geologically known as the Devonian and Silurian sections of the north-eastern parts of the United States, took place shortly after 1.30 today, being especially severe in the central and northern parts of New York State. Virtually all of New York State, including this city, felt the shock, and New England generally, lower eastern Canada, and parts of New Jersey and eastern Pennsylvania were shaken. Tremors were recorded as far south as Washington and as far west as St. Louis.

One Man Killed.
At Albany, in this state, the shock was severe enough to shake pictures from the walls of the Capitol, while at Binghamton a laborer was killed by the caving-in of a trench in which he was working. At Fort Plain the heavy doors of a bank vault shook under the influence of the quake and from other parts of the state the falling of chimneys, swaying of houses and destruction of fragile objects was reported.

In New York City the preliminary tremor was felt at 1.35.15. At 1.35.45 the shock had reached its maximum intensity, and at 1.37.30 the movement subsided altogether, making the total duration of the quake two and one-quarter minutes, as given by the seismograph. The period in which the shock was perceptible by man was from 10 to 30 seconds long, and started in a majority of cases about 1.35.

So far as known, the movement was from north-west to south-east, with the boundary lines of the territory affected converging to a point in the Atlantic.

The Initial Move.
The initial movement of the quake occurred at points near the upper Atlantic seaboard about 1.35 and extended to places in the northern parts of New York state about three minutes later, reaching Albany at 1.38, Watertown at 1.39 and Rochester at 1.37. From points located between these cities the movement is reported to have taken place between 1.34 and 1.37. No seismographic records being obtainable from these localities, the time given in these cases deals with the moment when the shock was felt.

Points in central Massachusetts, among them Springfield and Worcester, report the disturbance to have occurred shortly before the time given by the seismograph of the Museum of Natural History of New York. At Philadelphia the shock was felt at 1.33, and Georgetown University, at

Washington, D.C., reports that its seismograph marked the first tremor at 11.41 this morning, recording the actual shock at 1.34. The seismograph of the Harvard Geological Observatory, Cambridge, Mass., recorded the first tremor at 1.33.25 and marked the total subsidence of the disturbance at 1.40.34, overlapping both in initial movement and in end of the quake the records taken in New York City.

According to Dr. Edmund O. Hoey, curator of geology of the American Museum of Natural History, the character of the record left by the seismograph in this institution shows that the movement of the quake was not attended by great lateral oscillations. Slight tremors were registered on the instrument yesterday at irregular intervals, and throughout the last 24 hours slight disturbances of the earth crust were recorded by it, their general character indicating that the movement was slight and entirely local.

Former Earthquake.
The last earthquake registered by the seismograph of the American Museum took place on Nov. 8, 1912, and occurred in Alaska. The vibrations then recorded were twice as great as those made today. No local seismic disturbance comparable in magnitude with the one recorded today can be recalled by the attaches of the Museum. The last earthquake felt in New York took place in the territory of Charleston, S.C., in 1886. In 1884 a general disturbance took place over the greater part of the area affected today.

According to James S. Kemp, head of the Department of Geology of Columbia University, the movement today followed in northern New York the line of the Champlain fault, while in Canada it may have travelled along the Logan fault, both of them huge fissures in the strata of the older rock masses, and themselves the products of earthquakes.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 10.—The seismograph at the Harvard Geological Observatory showed that the earthquake today was the heaviest recorded since the instrument was set up six years ago.

The maximum vibration was at 1.33.25 p.m. Faint tremors had been recorded nearly 12 hours before, but these movements were believed to be due to heavy surf on the Maine and Nova Scotia coasts.

The record also showed eight shocks during the forenoon. These became more pronounced at 1.31.57 and from that time on increased in force until the maximum was reached a minute and a half later. Then they gradually decreased and the last were recorded at 1.40.34.

It was the opinion of the university scientists that the earthquake originated 150 to 200 miles south-west of this city. It was sufficiently strong to be detected outside the observatory. Tremors were noticed at the court house in East Cambridge.

Syracuse, Feb. 10.—Consternation reigned in Syracuse at 1.34 o'clock this afternoon, when earthquake tremors—a rare occurrence here—shook the entire city.

The shocks created general alarm, and almost a panic in some of the schools. The children at Grant school were sent home. As the building swayed, plaster fell from the walls. The damage there was estimated at \$300.

All Onondaga county felt the force of the shocks. At Skaneateles the type in a newspaper was "pied."

IN NEW YORK.
New York, Feb. 10.—The seismograph at the American Museum of Natural History recorded the maximum shock of the earthquake at 1.35.45 p.m. The preliminary tremors were felt at 1.35.15, the first shock at 1.35.25. So-called trailers followed the maximum shock until 1.37.30. The direction of the disturbance was either south south-east or south south-west, which, the authorities were unable to determine. The record indicated that while the centre of the quake was comparatively near, the disturbance was not heavy.

Several buildings in Brooklyn, including Borough Hall and the court house, were shaken. Tenants in New York's highest buildings—the Woolworth and Singer—said they felt no tremors whatever.

IN OTTAWA.
Ottawa, Feb. 10.—A severe earthquake was felt in the Capital today at 1.31 p.m., and considerable damage resulted.

Dr. Otto Klotz, assistant astronomer at the Dominion Observatory, issued the following official report on the quake:

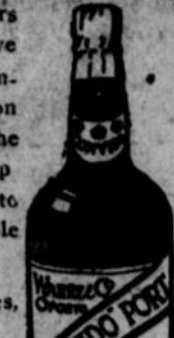
"A fairly severe local earthquake was recorded today at 1.31 p.m. The disturbance lasted about four minutes, that is, the earth oscillated during that time, although it would not be sensible to persons for that length of time. It was far more severe than the one which occurred on April 28, 1913, and which was felt over an area of 25,000 square miles.

"The distance from the epicentre, (the point on the earth's surface vertically above the point where the quake had its origin,) is about seventy miles. The earthquake simply means that there has been an adjustment of the stresses of the crust of the earth so that the earth's coast fits a little more snugly now since comparative equilibrium has been restored."

IN TORONTO.
Toronto, Feb. 10.—The earthquake was distinctly felt in this city, and a number of people had rather startling experiences in connection therewith. A lady residing on Delaware Avenue says she was thrown to the floor from a couch on which she was lying, and a College street resident states that his telephone was shaken from the wall by the force of the tremor. Houses in various sections of the city swayed for a few seconds, and much alarm was felt on the part of citizens. The Toronto observatory reports as fol-

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At all dealers, cafes, etc.



D. O. ROBLIN
Sole Agent for Canada
TORONTO

Two pronounced earthquake shocks were registered today by the seismograph at the Toronto observatory. The first shock, according to the instrument, occurred at 11.39 a.m. and the second at 1.29 p.m. The first shock was at a distance of about 600 miles from Toronto, and the second one was quite close to this city."

St. Catharines, Ont., Feb. 10.—The earthquake shock was distinctly felt here in the upper stories of buildings. Two shocks were plainly perceptible on No. 3 section of the Welland Canal.

Meaford, Ont., Feb. 10.—Earthquake vibrations were felt here at 1.40 p.m., and lasted two or three minutes. Hanging pictures and foliage of plants were noticeably affected.

Owen Sound, Ont., Feb. 10.—The earth tremor was quite perceptible in this town at 2 o'clock this afternoon. It was particularly noticeable in the west side.

MORE MONEY REQUIRED FOR ANGLICAN CHURCH.
Montreal, Feb. 10.—A strong plea for better support from the laity was voiced by Bishop Farthing in his charge to the Anglican Synod this afternoon when he stated that if another year like 1913 were experienced it would become necessary to consider reducing the stipends of the clergy. Some signs of enthusiastic support were needed and he called upon the people to give more freely, denouncing the luxury of the rich and their competition for social distinction.

The man who gave one-tenth of his \$1,000 a year felt the sacrifice far more keenly than the rich man who gave a tenth of his \$25,000. So the rich should give until they felt that they were denying themselves something. He denounced the system of the rich competing among themselves for commercial and social distinction, warning them that often as a man's money increased so his love of it increased.

OTTAWA WANTS MARRIED WOMEN TO VOTE
Ottawa, Feb. 10.—The capital will join in the movement initiated in Toronto to give married women property owners the ballot in municipal elections. An amendment is being sought to the municipal act, and the Board of Control today decided to add the city's request to those already in.

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat if You Feel Backachy or Have Bladder Trouble.

Meat forms uric acid which excites and overworks the kidneys in their efforts to filter it from the system. Regular eaters of meat must flush the kidneys occasionally. You must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the acids, waste and poison, else you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache dizziness, your stomach soars, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment; the channels often get irritated, obliging you to get up two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids and flush off the body's urinous waste get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine and bladder disorders disappear. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys and stop bladder irritation. Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then, thus avoiding serious kidney and bladder diseases.

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Water Power Development, Water Supply, Specifications, Inspection, Cement Testing, Reports, Surveys and Plans for Subdivisions, Etc.
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51 St. Peter St. - QUEBEC.

F. SIMARD & CIE.
142 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec

Our 2nd Week of House Furnishings Sale. Biggest Bargains Ever Presented.

CARPET SQUARES.
TAPESTRY CARPET SQUARES, 3x4; values of \$12.00. Specially offered at \$8.99
TAPESTRY CARPET SQUARES, 3x4; value of \$14.50. For this Sale \$10.99
BRUSSELS CARPET SQUARES, 3x3 1/2; an extra value of \$20.00. Special, at \$14.99
AXMINSTER CARPET SQUARES, 3x 1/2, of the best quality and designs; value of \$25.00, for this sale, at \$18.25

WADDLED CRIB QUILTS.
A Big Choice to select from; wholesale samples, at Special Prices. These Quilts, made from best quality of figured sateen and satin and down filled. Prices ranging as \$2.25, \$2.60, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.50.
For this sale \$1.38, \$1.88, \$2.48, \$2.98

LINEN TABLING.
UNBLEACHED LINEN TABLING, 58 inches wide; value of 50c a yard, for 37c
UNBLEACHED DAMASK LINEN, 56 inches wide; value of 30c a yard, for 24c

RIBBONS.
COLORED TAFFETA SILK RIBBONS, in the most desirable shades; 5, 6 and 7 inches wide; values 18c, 20c, 25c. Special, 11c, 18c

BRASS BEDS.
Two specials in 4x6 BRASS BEDS, bright finish, 2 1/2 x 3-inch posts, with 1-inch and 1 1/2-inch rods.
Values of \$18.50, for \$12.99
Values of \$32.50, for \$22.99

WHITE NET CURTAINS.
NOTTINGHAM NET CURTAINS, of good quality and best designs; size 3 1/2 yards long; value \$2.00, for \$1.49
NOTTINGHAM NET CURTAINS, in choice patterns; good quality; 3 1/2 yards long; value \$3.00, for \$2.29

PORTIERES.
Red and Green Fringed PORTIERES, of the best; value \$3.75. Per pair \$2.98
Red and Green Fringed PORTIERES, of the best quality; value of \$5.25. For the special price of \$3.79

SHEETINGS.
72-inch Plain WHITE COTTON SHEETING; value of 35c, for 24c
80-inch Plain WHITE COTTON SHEETING; value of 50c a yd, for 38c

PILLOW CASES.
50 dozen Hemmed White Cotton PILLOW CASES, 42, 44, 46 inches; value of 15c, for this sale 12c

F. SIMARD & CIE.
142 St. Joseph Street, Quebec

Ask for prices at the
QUEBEC SCRAP METAL CO.
14 St. Roch Street
for your raw furs, hides and skins and all kinds of scrap material.
Telephone 2777

THE NEW GROVE PARK INN,
ASHEVILLE, (North Carolina).

Fireproof and unique in conception, design, construction, finishing, decoration and equipment.
All outdoor sports, golf, tennis, riding, driving, automobilism, etc.
For descriptive booklets, rates, etc., apply at

HONE & RIVET, Travel Specialists
51 BUADE ST. OPPOSITE THE BASILICA, QUEBEC.
TELEPHONE 4104.

Our Big Annual Cheap Sale
Commenced on
Monday, 2nd of February
and will last the whole month.

\$150,000.00

worth of House Furnishings, Dry Goods, Oil Cloth, Linoleums, Curtains and Curtain Materials of all sorts. Plush Furniture Coverings, Portieres, Blankets, Bedding, Sheeting, Pillowing, Towels, Blinds, etc., etc.

That stock is the richest, the largest and the best assortment in the city.

JOBS

150 Axminster Rugs, Job, worth \$45.00, for \$30.00
150 Axminster Rugs, Job, worth \$40.00, for \$25.00

15 per cent discount will be given on the whole stock without exception.

We store the goods without extra charge.

P. J. COTE,
29 & 31 ST. JOHN STREET,
OPPOSITE PALACE HILL.

SILLERY NURSERIES BERGERVILLE.
The best and cheapest House in the trade.
Mignonette, a dozen \$.60
Carnations, per dozen75
Lily-of-the-Valley, per dozen .. .60
P. W. Narcissus, per dozen50
Calla Lillies, each15
Boston Fern, from, each 1.00
Designs, up from 3.00
Deliveries anywhere in city daily.
JOHN RAMSDEN,
Gardener
Phone 295.

Two Winners
Two persons succeeded, so far, in picking out No. 50 in our Novelty Guessing Contests. They are: John Goudie, No. 101 Eustache St. Corpl. J. McGrath, No. 4 Co. Citadel
48 MORE FREE TICKETS.
Remember there are 48 more \$100 tickets for the Senior Hockey Matches to be given away absolutely FREE in these Guessing Contests, between now and 1st March. It costs nothing to try. If you require Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, Stationery, Novels, Games, Toys, etc., you receive a FREE GUESS with each 10c worth purchased.

The only condition attached to contests is that, contestants must ask for guessing privilege when making purchases.

T. H. O'NEILL
248 ST. JOHN STREET.
Have you had your Gloves cleaned by our new process? We also dry dye your shoes and feathers to match your costume.

Glovers' Dye Works
393 St. Valier St.

Invalid Chairs and General Furniture at Reduced Prices. Upholstering.
D. S. RICKABY,
Furniture Warehouse, and Undertaking Establishment,
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MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED
"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Black
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

WE CONTINUE
For Another Week To Give
3 BONS FOR 1
IN EVERY LINE.

Profit by it. This will be the last week. The lots on the tables have been re-assorted and increased. Here is a partial list of merchandise which will be offered at a reduction in addition to the triple bonds.

Embroidery, special prices for this week 4c, 7c, 12c and 15c.
One fine lot of Embroidery, width 28 in., 75c for 30c; 48 in. \$1.00 for 44c.
Marquissette Embroidery offered at very special prices.
One lot of Angora Mittens, pale blue, white, red, navy blue. Regular value, 75c, for ... 39c.
One lot of woollen and chamois gloves (Amazon) 75c. for 39c.
"Moka" Gloves for men \$1.25 for 54c
A lot of long corsets, worth \$1.50, for 96c.

A great choice of scarves, wonderful, in fancy silk, white and colors, at all prices, and three bons for one.
A lot of blouses (Matinees), in Percalé, worth \$2.25, for 69c
Pretty toilet blouse, matinee, in black point, doubled with silk, long sleeves, worth \$4.50, for \$2.99
A lot of brasseries, trimmed with ribbon and embroidery, all sizes, worth 75c; price this week 47c.

TO SPORT LOVERS.
You are invited to come and see our great assortment of snowshoes and long moccasins, for men, women and children.
Our prices are correct and besides we will give you three bons for one.
Badges, with Quebec colors, a fine choice.

THREE BONS FOR ONE.

Myrand & Pouliot
DRY GOODS MERCHANTS & GROCERS
215 ST. JOHN STREET & 20 CROWN STREET