



communication. The fortifications of Potbaschi below Matchin, at the confidence of the arm of the Danube of Brazil with that of Matschin, are also newly established. Besides this, he has had a thickets of willows, a bonnet the object of which is to allow the Russian steamers and gun boats to pass quietly by, coming from Galatz towards Potbaschi, and only to open fire upon them when they should have commenced attacking Potbaschi, and thus placing them in a cross fire and cutting off their retreat; therefore he ordered the said fortifications to be armed quite secretly, with siege artillery, and I hope for a good result.

Achmet Pasha has just fortified Kalifat in such a manner that it could not be taken except after a regular siege, for which the Russians have not sufficient troops.

In the demonstration at Rutschuk and Giurgero, 300 Catholic Myrindites were sent into the bog island between those two places, with a battalion and a half of infantry and two field mortars. The Myrindites, before crossing, swore, in the presence of their priest, to conquer or die; they kept their word, and conquered, their brave priest, cross in hand, always leading them on. The little detachment, although not exceeding 1,600 men, not only drove back two attacks, at the point of the bayonet, of three Russian battalions, supported by four pieces of artillery, but they drove the Russian army completely out of the island. Happily for the Russians, this island was connected with the left bank of the Danube, by three bridges, (on the arm which is only 80 feet wide), which they had built before the declaration of war, and this enabled them to escape, in the greatest disorder, leaving upwards of 300 dead on the island. Our troops could not pursue them on to the right bank, as detachments of cavalry were there to oppose the bridges, and then withdrew to their quarters at Rutschuk. Sixty muskets were carried away as trophies by our brave soldiers. Their captain, some of the officers, and the brave priest, received the decoration of Medjidie.

With God's blessing we have hitherto completely paralyzed the Russian flotilla by our fortifications; it is by this means only that we have kept the sea open to us, and we have not only not formed a junction without immense sacrifice.

The Russians had recently established a battery opposite Rutschuk, but happily that battery was so placed that, after various trials without result, they gave up the idea.

The Russians have been apprised of the existence of our bonnet in the willow thicket below Potbaschi, and they have accordingly sent a detachment of 400 men, under the command of the 1st and 2nd March, they attempted to surprise the garrison of the island. With this object in view they embarked two battalions of infantry in merchant vessels, from Galatz, and made for the island. This movement was detected by our outposts, who gave the alarm. The Russians, had, meantime, landed, and were advancing on the bonnet by a flank movement. The small garrison, consisting of four companies and three guns, left the trenches under a heavy cover, and took up a position behind the thicket. They there opened a fire of grape upon the Russians, and charged with fixed bayonets. The Russians retreated in great disorder, leaving 80 killed, comprising four officers and four non-commissioned officers and 60 muskets. They were in such haste to escape that they left the anchors of their boats, cutting the cables, and many of the men were drowned. On our side we lost one man killed, (among whom was a major), and thirteen wounded.

The following day ten or twelve carts were seen conveying the wounded to Galatz. Three battalions, which came up from Matschin to support our men, found the Russians in full retreat, and did not take part in the fight. In the last day of the month of February the Russians had established three batteries on the large island near Zimnitcha, which is only separated by a narrow canal from the left bank, which they had constructed a bridge. From these batteries they intended destroying the trading vessels in the port of Sistow, but their fire was harmless, in consequence of the width of the Danube at this point. After that, during the night, they took possession of the island of Wardumadasi, situated a little below Sistow; they even commenced throwing up fortifications there and landing artillery, when they were attacked by our men, and the attack was so successful that the Russians were driven out of the island with considerable loss, and our troops entrenched themselves there. Our loss consisted of one man killed and two wounded; that of the Russians could not be ascertained as the island is so wooded.

**STRIBING PROCLAMATION TO THE TROOPS AT KALAFAT.**

The following "Order of the Day" has been addressed by Omar Pasha to the troops at Kalafat:

"Generals of Division and Brigade, Superior and Subaltern Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Corporals, and Soldiers of the Imperial Army!

"The stronghold of Kalafat, which you have conquered with so much courage, has suddenly become of the greatest importance for our cause. In your hands rests the honour of the country. If, with your usual bravery, you remain firm in that post—if you are ready, in its defence, to shed the last drop of blood, it will be impossible to calculate all the advantages that will result from your heroism. If, on the contrary, the enemy should succeed in gaining possession of your entrenched camp (may God forbid), you will be in a shameful calamity; it would be in the eyes of the entire world a blot on Mussulman honour. His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, our most Gracious Sovereign, confides entirely in your well-known courage. Soldiers! Can I rely upon you? With that extraordinary courage which I have so often seen you display, with your devotedness to his Majesty, with your love of country, you will not say, 'Our entrenchments are terminated; our camp more remains for us to do. Soldiers! You will not be deterred by fatigue from augmenting still more the strength of the entrenchment of your camp. If the Russian army attacks you, you will fight to the last extremity and overcome that implacable enemy, with the assistance of the Almighty, and the help of the Prophet. Should the enemy even carry one of your redoubts, without receding one step you will wait for them in the bayonet, and drive them out of it. Soldiers! If you conquer, you will acquire here below the esteem and admiration of the entire world, whose eyes are fixed upon you."

**LATE FROM FRANCE.**

**SAILING OF FRENCH SHIPS OF WAR.**

The screw ship of the line Asterix, of 100 guns, left Brest on Wednesday for the Baltic. The Hercules, Duguesclin, and Tridon, ships of the line, have left Toulon for the same destination. The Duperré will leave between the 23d and 25th. The other ships of the line will sail very soon. Vice-Admiral Parveval-Deschênes left yesterday for the Brest, where he will assume the command-in-chief of the 3d squadron, called the "Squadron of the Baltic."

**PROTECTION OF THE CHILDREN OF FRENCH SAILORS.**

A report in the Monitor, from M. Ducos, Minister of Marine, to the Emperor, recommends that an allowance be made to the children of all sailors called out to serve the State, either at sea or in the military posts. Art. 31 of the law of the 18th Brumaire, year 4, of the maritime inscription, declares, he says, that "there shall be accorded a monthly allowance to each of the children of both sexes below ten years of age, of every sailor on active service for the State." When a sailor is called out for the first time (the report observes) to serve for the three years required from him, he is rarely married, as his wife scarcely ever exceeds 20 years; when he is called out to serve a second time, it is more frequently with a family, who, his absence throws into misery. The position of a sailor's family so situated is really a melancholy one; and it is in order to alleviate it that the minister recommends that an allowance of 3f per month shall be made to every child under ten years of age belonging to every sailor now called out to serve the State on active service. "Our brave sailors," says the honourable Minister, "will then be enabled to meet all the chances of their perilous life, and, in taking their departure, in place of leaving hunger in their dwellings, they will carry with them the pleasing confidence that their children are placed under the safeguard of their Emperor, the august name of whom is for them on the day of combat, a glorious cry of war." The allowance in question, which the honourable Minister intends paying out of the savings of the budget, he proposes to accord for three months,

but only to the children of sailors called out the second time to serve the state. The signature of the Emperor is affixed to the report, as a mark of the suggestions of M. Ducos being approved of.

**BOOING OF THE BALTIC.**—H.M. steamer Lightning, Captain Sullivan, has quitted Woolwich for Sheerness preparatory to proceeding to the Baltic. She is to lay down booms where the navigation is difficult, and will be assisted in that service by the Alban, commissioned at Woolwich by Captain Otter. Her duties will be of no ordinary kind, as the Emperor of Russia has ordered all the booms in the Baltic to be removed previous to the arrival of the British fleet. The Lightning and Alban are prepared to lay down about 250 booms, which will be taken out a few in each of the ships of war and steamers proceeding to the Baltic.

**THE CASES OF BANKRUPTCY.**—Referring to the late failure of the house of Dickson & Co., largely if not exclusively engaged in the Australian trade, the Glasgow Herald says that it "exhibits something excessively loose in their commercial system. It appears that Mr. Dickson, the chief, and for anything we know to the contrary, the able partner, fills only some three or four horse back a subordinate situation in a bank here, at a trifling salary, and without it is to be presumed, any substantial means of his own. Yet this gentleman—whose honesty of intention we do not impeach—has within a very short time named incurred liabilities estimated at £350,000, is now a bankrupt. Such are the results of loose credit, over-confidence, and over-trading. The distress, in a case of this kind, does not confine itself to the parties immediately interested in these transactions. The disaster largely permeates society, and carries woe and destitution into families where there were peace and plenty. We think that investigations into the causes of bankruptcy should be here (Scotland) as in England, searching and conducted in public."

**QUESTIONS IN FRANCE.**—An Edinburgh sculptor condemns, and we think with justice, the practice which now seems to be coming into vogue in America, of placing statues of men on horseback. The ground of his argument is, that the horse must necessarily be more conspicuous than the man; that the man is so elevated that the delicacies of the sculpture are to some extent lost; that the whole position is unnatural for portrait statues; and that if the horse appears to be in motion the effect is even worse than if stationary; and finally that the expense of the marble or bronze for the animal is absurd and unreasonable. This last observation is certainly correct. The material necessary for the construction of a horse would suffice for several human statues.—An equestrian statue would answer better for a monument to commemorate a great event, than for the portrait representation of a man.

**THE SEE OF KINGSTON AND THE CLERGY RESERVES.**—The Toronto Colonist makes some positive statements on these subjects which, if true, are important. The question of the appointment of a brother of the Inspector General to the Anglican See of Kingston has been for some time spoken of, (we believe that the Montreal Gazette's Toronto Correspondent was among the first to give it publicity) as also the proposal to secure the Church of England a stated annual sum if it would waive its claims to the Clergy Reserves.

Both topics being of an interesting character, they naturally afforded room for speculation on the at present absorbing subject of party combinations. We give the Colonist's statements as items of news; and our readers may affix any value to them they please:—

Mr. Hincks' brother, we can now state with almost entire confidence, is to be, if he is not already, the new Bishop of Kingston. Lord Elgin asked his appointment of the British Ministry as a special favour to himself. It is extremely probable, indeed, that it was one of the objects of his visit to England. Be this, however, as it may, he has got it done, or got a definite promise that it will be, as soon as the Clergy Reserve question, and other critical matters, render it advisable that it should be consummated.

Now, contemporaneously with this circumstance, we happen to know, and it may be well, in the present time of loose statements, to say, that we happen to be able to prove it—that Mr. Hincks' brother, last summer, in the City of Toronto, the securing to the Church of England £20,000 a year in perpetuity, in consideration of its waiving its claims to the Clergy Reserves. That is to say, if the Church of England, in Canada, would relinquish all right and title to the Reserves, and let them pass into the general property of the country, Mr. Hincks was prepared to entertain the proposition, of securing to it £20,000 a year in perpetuity—the amount to be secured by Provincial Debentures.

This we happen to know to be a fact. What arrangement he proposed to make with the Church of Scotland, and the other claimants, did not transpire. He probably meant to settle their claims, *pro rata*, in the same manner. That Mr. Hincks may continue in the same mind, or that circumstances may not occur to change his entire calculations—for all these things are mere matter of political calculation with him—we by no means undertake to determine. All we started with, or indeed feel it safe to pledge an opinion upon, is this—that such a circumstance, taken in connection with Mr. Hincks' brother being appointed, or positively intended to be appointed, Bishop of Kingston, goes to show, that between Mr. Hincks and the Radicals of Upper Canada there may be very important differences of opinion upon this same question. We have no means of knowing, and therefore do not pretend to say, that the Churches of England and Scotland, and the other claimants under the settlement of 1840 and '41, would accept these terms. Nor do we know that they have been consulted, at least in this country, upon the subject. We simply state the fact, from which it is sufficiently apparent, that a vast difference of opinion may yet arise between Mr. Hincks and his present followers on this matter.

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**AN OCEAN STEAMER MISSING.**—A great deal of anxiety is felt throughout the country because of the non-arrival of the steamer "City of Glasgow," which sailed from Liverpool for Philadelphia, on the 1st of March. She had a fair cargo on board, and over three hundred passengers. She had an ample supply of coal for twenty-six days, and with economy it might be made to last thirty days; but she has now been out forty-eight days, and if fast in the ice, as is supposed, her coal must be exhausted. It is thought by some that she may have made her way into one of the West India Island ports, if she got clear of the ice. In the meantime, it is proposed to dispatch revenue cutters in search of the missing vessel.

**NEWFOUNDLAND.**—Accounts from St. Johns, N. F., have been received at Halifax to the 28th ult.

St. Johns was visited by a severe snow storm on the 21st, accompanied by a high wind, causing a thick drift and rendering travelling impracticable. Two brothers

labourers employed on the public works at the Gatinan, where serious disturbances have taken place and more serious still are expected. The following tribute to the gallant Colonel's fitness for such an office appeared in the British Army Despatch of the 11th November last:

Colonel Gage, C. M., a distinguished officer in the Provincial forces, British North America, has been appointed by the Canadian Government Superintendent of Police during the trial of the Gavazzi rioters at Montreal. Colonel Gage is courageous, talented, and cool in cases of emergency, and will doubtless exert himself to maintain peace and order.

The time has come that vigorous and energetic action must be taken against the mob spirit which is overrunning the country like a moral pestilence—better that Canada should recede to her condition of fifty years ago, than that we should hold life, liberty and all at the mercy of mobs.

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**THE ENGLISHMAN'S FESTIVAL.** On Monday next, the St. George's Society will meet at Russell's for the celebration of their national festival. At the present moment, the meeting of this Society is an event of more than ordinary importance. The impending war with Russia should induce Englishmen in Canada to show their sympathy with the cause of their sovereign and their country, and to stand true should the hour of trial for them also arrive, and also to show their firm determination to support the cause of order and law against popular violence and the collision of prostituted authority. We trust the meeting will be numerous, and the tone of the proceedings suitable to the occasion.

**DISORDERLY ASSEMBLAGE.**—On Sunday evening, during the hour of divine service, a large assemblage of disorderly persons met in front of the St. Matthew's Chapel, in St. John's Street without, for the purpose, either of interrupting the discourse of the Rev. Mr. CARDEN, or of offering violence to his person. No disturbance took place, as Mr. Carden did not preach, the pulpit being filled on the occasion by the Lord Bishop of the diocese. But some of the mob climbed up to the windows during his Lordship's sermon, and groaned in disapprobation, to the hearing of several of the congregation within. The Police were witnesses of this, but the patrol consisting of three men could not dare to interfere with the mob.

**FREEDOM OF SPEECH MUST BE MAINTAINED.**—The law of the land should be vindicated against these lawless proceedings. Perfect anarchy will be the result of submission to the spirit which is now abroad. It must be resisted at once.

**ROWDYISM.**—On two successive Sundays since the opening of the present month there have been most disgraceful fights in the St. Roch's suburbs; and there are likely to be more of them. Where are the police? Are the men sawing wood for their inspectors, or are they all busy carrying out the system of espionage and proscription that seem to form a portion of his management? —[Gazette.]

**THUNDER AND SMALL BEER.**—The hon. Caleb Lyon, probably a not unworthy scion of that good old stock so much and so repeatedly extolled on "Independence Day," the revolutionary fathers, treated the United States House of Representatives at Washington, recently to an extraordinary speech on the proposition for increasing the United States navy, which, for its display of bombast and ludicrous pretensions, is justly entitled to a place among the most remarkable efforts of this age of humbug and Congressional speechifying. It contains so many false assumptions and groundless accusations against England, and affords so clear and concise an exposition of the sentiments of a certain set of republican braggarts, that we cannot think of withholding it from our readers. It will be found on the first page of this day's issue.

**A MISTAKE CORRECTED.** We are requested by a number of the "GOVERNMENT CLERKS," to state that the announcement that they were about to give a public ball is incorrect, and that as a body they were never consulted on the subject.

**CAPTURE OF A MURDERER.** The murderer of the woman Gauthier, at Yamachiche, who has, ever since last full arrested detection, is now in jail in this city awaiting examination, having been arrested on the boundary line 60 miles below Quebec. The particulars of his arrest show the difficulties sometimes experienced by the officers of justice in discovering the haunts of criminals, and the difficulty of catching the right man even when his haunt is discovered.

Several persons were suspected of the murder, but for a length of time the deed could be traced to none. Information was lately given to Mr. Burns, High Constable of Three Rivers, which fixed suspicion on a man named Louis alias Lizotte Thêberge, discharged from the Penitentiary only last summer. Mr. Burns came to Quebec, and obtaining the assistance of four bailiffs here, proceeded to the residence of the accused, at St. Pierre, some miles down the country, but on entering the house they laid hold of the wrong man, whilst Thêberge in his drawers and socks, made a bolt at the door, knocked down Mr. Burns, and escaped. During this time, it happened unfortunately, that the only man of the party who could identify him, was stationed in or about the outhouses at the back of the house. The party returned to Quebec without arresting him. Immediately, it was determined by the police authorities to put the most experienced and active men of the force on the scent, and accordingly Constables Falconbridge, Murphy, Reynolds, and Baker, were dispatched in pursuit. Along with them also were sent two French Canadian constables; one from the district of Three Rivers, and the other chosen from his knowledge of the prisoner, through having served a summons on him last fall to appear in court as a witness against a bailiff named Seguin, whom he, the prisoner, had accused of taking a bribe to let him escape three years ago, whilst on the route to the Penitentiary. Notwithstanding the time that had elapsed, they succeeded in tracing the fugitive into the State of Maine via St. Thomas. Fancying himself unsafe in the States, he returned to a hiding-place a few miles on this side of the line near Black River, behind L'Islet, at which spot he was captured and brought to Quebec, and lodged in jail on Saturday night. On the first day of his escape he must have walked upwards of fifty miles on snow-shoes.

A watch, belonging to the deceased, was found in possession of the prisoner's brother-in-law, to whom he had given it to be destroyed in the event of his being taken.

Bearing in mind the meagre information that was obtained, the time that was afforded the prisoner to elude their vigilance, and the miserably broken up roads over which they had to travel day and night in the pursuit,—the highest praise is due to these four well known officers of our local Police department, for the important service they have rendered to society in arresting the ruffian who has been so long at large.

Responsible government is to be conceded to Newfoundland.

A shocking accident occurred in New York on the Hudson River Railroad last Monday evening. The train of cars in which were the members of the Legislature, when near Seventieth Street, ran over a man supposed to have been a pedlar, and literally crushed and tore him to atoms.

**THE QUEBEC ASSEMBLIES.** (To the Editor of the Mercury.)

DEAR SIR:—Before I can consent to attend the next Assembly, I would wish to learn whether the name of that favorite composition at all suppers, known as "Charlotte Russ," is to be preserved? Under present circumstances, it certainly cannot be consistent with true loyalty that a British subject should find delight in a dish thus bearing the appellation of a country which is now our fiercest enemy.

Again, sir, should the company at the supper in question refresh themselves off *boned Turkey*, could it not in some measure be taken figuratively to express a sympathy with the Czar in his present nefarious attempt to help himself to a similar refection?

Yours always,  
LYDIA.

Quebec, 18th April, 1854.

**THE JOURNEYMAN TAILORS.** (To the Editor of the Mercury.)

SIR:—Having observed an article in the Quebec Gazette, I beg to offer a few remarks that may serve to enlighten the public regarding the question. Now, Mr. Editor, with regard to the advance of 50 per cent, I beg to say that such is not the case, though an advance of 100 per cent would not be too much, for the way that the Merchant Tailors of Quebec get their work done. They employ women from St. Roch and other parts of the city, who make coats at from 3s 9d to 5s; vests from 1s 3d to 2s, and trousers, from 1s 6d to 2s 6d, the employers making their customers believe that the clothes were made by men, and by that means they impose upon the public and rob the journeymen of their just right. If such was not the case the journeymen tailors could be employed all the year round; but, as it is, they are only employed about eight months in the year.

Considering the high prices of every thing at present, it is not right that they should get a little advance in their wages, as well as other tradesmen?

I have laid these few facts before the public in case they may be imposed upon by the masters, by some long winded story, the same as the person who took the bill of prices to the Editor of the Gazette.

**A JOURNEYMAN TAILOR.**

Quebec, 18th April, 1854.

**GOLD MEDAL.**—The Hon. William L. Marcy, Secretary of State, has forwarded a gold medal for Captain Young, Provincetown, master of the whaling schooner Waldron Holmes, which has been awarded to him by the British Government as a testimonial of regard for saving the British frigate *Cairo*. The Barnstable Patriot gives the following description of it:—"On one side of the medal is a splendid figure of the head of Queen Victoria, surrounded by the following inscription:—'Victoria, D. G., Britanniarum, Regina F. D.' On the reverse is a beautiful wreath, between the open ends of which, at the top, is the figure of the British Crown. Outside of this wreath are the following words:—'For saving the crew of the British barque *Cairo*, 1852.' Within the wreath is a splendid figure of the United States whaling schooner Waldron Holmes." It is enclosed in a rich and elegant case.

**FROM PROVINCIAL PAPERS.**

**Lord Elgin.**—It is confidently stated that Lord Elgin thought he is to return to this country will hold the reins of Government but for a very short time; probably only until the matter of the Clergy Reserves is finally settled. He is then, it

is said, to have conferred on him the Governor-Generalship of India; and his place here will be filled by the Marquis of Chandos, eldest son of the Duke of Buckingham, who behaved so nobly in the waiving the entail to Stowe—and causing it to be sold to pay his father's debts.—[Montreal Commercial Advertiser.]

**AN ENGLISH BOWMAN.**—The Mayor of Rye, England, has been sent to Newgate for one year, for perjury. He testified in a contested election case, that he had received no bribery money, when the Messrs. Hincks and Bowes had "testified" in England instead of Canada, that they had not purchased Toronto Debentures, and had not done anything whatever to do with them, what punishment would have followed? Will the *London* American.

The Cobourg and Peterborough Railway will be open for work as far as Rice Lake by the 15th May next, and to Peterborough by the 1st of August.—Niagara Mail.

The Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railroad is finished as far as Paris, and will be completed as far as the junction of the Great Western about the 1st of April.—[B.]

On Monday last the rate payers of Barrie decided to carry the switch from the Railroad Depot around by the head of the Bay into the town.—[B.]

The population of Chatham, C. W., last year amounted to 3,070, of whom 700 were of African blood.

**BY TELEGRAPH.**

Via B. N. A. Telegraph Line. (Office—opposite Montreal Bank, up-stairs.)

**LATER FROM EUROPE.**

**NEW YORK, Monday Morning.**

The Collins' U. S. Mail steamer *Arctic*, from Liverpool, Wednesday, 5th April, arrived Sunday morning.

The Russians are reported every where successful on the right bank of the Danube.

The entire Russian fleet left Sebastopol.

**FURTHER DETAILS.**

A Turkish force of 60,000 men was concentrating to stop the Russian advance.

Admiral Napier, with 22 ships, was anchored off Moen Isle.

15 packet ships are fitting at Liverpool for the conveyance of troops.

The vote of the address to the Queen passed unanimously in both Houses of Parliament.

Cotton—Prices stiffer, but not notably higher. Flour advanced 6d a 1s. Wheat 2d. Corn markets unchanged at previous rates. Beef transactions large, but at lower prices. Pork market dull. Market unchanged—limited business at previous rates. Followed declined 2d a 3d.

Weather has been very favorable for agricultural purposes.

Manchester and large business doing, 4s a 5s. Consols are quoted at 84.

**FURTHER BY THE AMERICA.**

The excitement in the markets for Russian produce was unaltered. Hemp and Tallow had further risen, being quoted at 7s 6d.

The threatened strike of seamen at Shields had taken place. A serious interruption of business had been the result, several ships had been detained for want of hands.

The Crystal Palace at Sydenham, was to be opened by the Queen in person.

The Paris Monitor contains a Proclamation which announces that a delay of six weeks has been granted to Russian trading ships to leave the French ports. Russian subjects who may choose to reside on French soil under the protection which the law extends to every foreigner are at liberty to do so, so long as they on their part respect the law.

**FURTHER BY THE ARCTIC.**

The British steam frigate *Inflexible*, was employed in conveying the Turkish troops from Constantinople to Varna. A portion of the British fleet was also near Varna, watching the movements of the Russians.

There is no doubt that the Russians had lodged 60,000 men on the south bank of the Danube. The Russians are not, however, on their route for Constantinople, nor in Bulgaria, but in an approach and a difficulty of communication, behind them is a Turkish force of 25,000 or 30,000 men, before them a line of fortresses such as Solitza, Kordenga, Varna, and Shumla, between them and the Balkan.

Omar Pasha, in a despatch published at Constantinople, said that if the enemy crossed the Danube it would render a great service to his plan. Therefore, news of the next movement on the right bank of the river will be waited for with much anxiety.

The Russians expecting Admiral Napier to attack first the Island of Ouessit, stationed there a garrison of 30,000.

**ASIA.**—The Russians are concentrating forces at Dalkizai. Operations are directed against Hars.

The Turks are concentrating at Sibas.

Tonia is quiet.

Green's correspondence of the 12th states that the French admiral has sailed for Athens with orders to the King to arrest the hostile movements against Turkey in his territory.

A despatch from Malta states that the King and Queen had left Athens for the frontier.

The great debate in both houses of Parliament on the eastern war is of more interest than any other feature in news by this arrival.

In the House of Lords, the Earl of Clarendon and Aberdeen, defended the government against the Earl of Derby and in the House of Commons opposition speeches were made by Mr. Lay and Mr. D'Israeli, and answered by Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell.

**FROM PROVINCIAL PAPERS.**

**Lord Elgin.**—It is confidently stated that Lord Elgin thought he is to return to this country will hold the reins of Government but for a very short time; probably only until the matter of the Clergy Reserves is finally settled. He is then, it

On Monday, the 3rd, both houses of Parliament went in procession to present the Queen with an Address in reply to her message. Notifying the state of war with Russia, it assured the Queen of the cordial support of all the departments of government.

The vote was unanimous in both Houses. The Queen replied expressing her gratification at the assurances of their cooperation. The Asia, arrived on the 3rd. The Niagara sailed on the 4th with the 88th regt. for the East.

Fiveeen packet ships amounting to 16,000 tons are at the present moment fitting up at Liverpool to convey troops to the east. The Glasgow steamship from New York, arrived at Greenock on Saturday 1st instant.

The influx of immigration into Liverpool surpasses anything of the sort ever previous known.

VIENNA MONDAY EVENING. On the Dobruzscha all the fortified places with the exception perhaps of Tulcecha are in the hands of the Russians.

There are rumors of treachery on the part of the commanders of the Turkish posts. The Turks have been repelled from every part of the left bank of the Danube except Kalifat.

It is stated there is not a ship of war in Sebastopol and it is believed something is meditated against Varna.

Vessels sailed for Canada, as per Willmer & Smith's paper, per America, March 21—Cumberland, from Carthagena.

25th—Amy Ann, Crookhaven. Gratitude, Shields. Agnes, do. Matchley, do. California, do.

26th—Industry, Clyde; Corinthian, Hull; Symmetry, Shields; Friends, do; Harrison, do; Auckland, Sunderland; Harlequin, Liverpool.

28th—Hinda, Liverpool; Bachelor, Deal; Bellona, Cardiff.

29th—Twice, Swansea.

New York, G. O'Clock, P. M., April 17, 1854.

Asbes quiet. Flour better demand for western and state, quantity on hand diminishing.

Wheat market prices tend strongly upward owing to the light stock, sales 2,000 bushels common Genesee \$3.05 a 2 1/2, 2,500 good red \$1.75.

Oats brisk, 59 a 55 for state and western. Corn firm: supply of yellow moderate: demand mainly for the east. Nothing doing for seaport: 82 a 83 for southern mixed; 83 a 80 for ditto white; 82 a 83 for round yellow.

Less doing in pork: market for mess hardly so firm, but prime scarce, and better sales: 500 bbls. \$14.50 for mess; and prime \$12.87.

Stocks less firm but more active. Money in active demand, and in good supply: 7 per cent on call: 11 a 12 for short first class papers. Sterling dull at 94 a 94.

Cincinnati, 15th April, 1854. Yesterday one fourth of Dover, Ky., was destroyed by fire, loss \$40,000.

Pittsburg, 17th April, 1854. A steam Ferry boat burst her boiler on Saturday, just as she was leaving the wharf instantly killing the engineer and injuring four others.

THREE RIVERS, 17th April, 1854. Explosion of the St. Maurice Forge Furnace. At 8 o'clock this morning part of the furnace exploded, killing one man and wounding a boy severely. The building was mostly destroyed. Ice still firm before the town.

River du Loup, 17th, 7 P. M. A brig inward bound, deeply laden, passed here at 5 o'clock, this afternoon. Weather too cloudy to make her out.

THREE RIVERS, 17th April. Cold and Cloudy. The ice in river still quite firm. Good crossing. The waters are rising very high.

RIVER DU LOUP, 17th April. Weather clear and beautiful. Wind light N.W. River clear of ice.

LESLIE, 17th April. Weather cloudy, and appearance of a storm. Wind east. Some ice in the river. Therm. 34°

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. A certain Specific for Nervousness, Lowness of Spirits, and Disordered Stomachs.

The wonderfully regenerating effects produced by these invaluable Pills, are truly astonishing. They act on the system, by the following directions: affixed to each box as to the mode of using them, nervous irritability is allayed, the tone of the stomach strengthened, the digestion improved, freedom of circulation given to the blood, and a robust state of health attained.

MUSIC HALL. HISTORIC CLUB. UNCLE TOM'S CABIN, ON TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, 25th and 26th April.

THE QUEBEC HISTORIC CLUB will appear before the Public in the Moral and Interesting Drama, in 6 Acts, 29 Scenes, and 10 Tableaux, dramatized expressly for the Club from Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's world renowned work on Slavery in the United States, entitled,

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN, OR LIFE AMONG THE LOWLY, ON TUESDAY EVENING, The 25th April, 1854.

Several Songs will be introduced in the Piece.

Three NEW SCENES will be exhibited on this occasion, including the celebrated ICE SCENE, painted by the clever Scenic Artist, Mr. F. Mimmee.

PRICES.—Stalls, 2s. 9d. Galleries, 2s. 6d. Pit, 1s. 3d. Reserved Seats, 5s.

FOR PARTICULARS, SEE PROGRAMME. Quebec, 18th April, 1854.

WANTED, by a steady active man, a SITUATION as ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER, COPYING CLERK, or STORE-KEEPER; and who would be willing to make himself generally useful.

Address, "W. W.," at the Office of this Paper. Quebec, 17th April, 1854.

TO LET, GENTLE APARTMENTS with BOARD, from the 1st instant, at 26, St. URSULE STREET, corner of Esplanade Laue.

PLUMBER WANTED. A PLUMBER, who is a good, steady Workman, will find constant employment at 10s. per day, by applying to J. W. PVE, Quebec, 18th April, 1854.

SPRING CART FOR HIRE, AND Furniture carefully removed. THOMAS CRAIG, Cabinet Maker, St. Paul Street. Quebec, 7th April, 1854.

FOR CHARTER. A NEW SHIP, 900 Tons Register, Timber and Deals for London. JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 15th April, 1854.



ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. A GENERAL MEETING of the SOCIETY will be held at RUSSELL'S HOTEL, on MONDAY, the 24th instant, at TEN o'clock, for the ELECTION of NEW MEMBERS, and for other business.

J. H. CLINT, Secretary. St. George's Society. Quebec, 13th April, 1854.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. SUNDAY, the 23rd instant, being the FESTIVAL of ST. GEORGE, there will be DIVINE SERVICE in the CATHEDRAL CHURCH of this city, on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at ELEVEN o'clock, A. M., when a SERMON, suitable to the occasion, will be preached by the RIGHT REVEREND the LORD BISHOP of QUEBEC, Patron of the Society.

A MUSICAL SERVICE has been arranged for the occasion, under the direction of JOHN CARTER, Esq., Organist of the Cathedral, assisted by the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the VOLUNTARY CHORUS and others who have kindly given their aid.

A COLLECTION will be made after the Sermon in aid of the Charitable Funds of the Society.

MEMBERS of the Society, together with natives of England and Wales, not members, and their dependants are specially requested to attend at RUSSELL'S HOTEL, Palace Street, at HALF-PAST TEN o'clock, precisely, to proceed thence in procession to the Church.

J. H. CLINT, Secretary. St. George's Society. Quebec, 13th April, 1854.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. THE MEMBERS of the ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY and their friends, will DINE together at RUSSELL'S HOTEL, on MONDAY, the 24th instant, (Sunday being 23rd.) to celebrate the Anniversary of the Patron Saint.

Tickets, 25s. each, may be had at the Bar of the Hotel, when Members are requested to subscribe their names to the Dinner List, on or before the 20th instant.

Members of any other Society of St. George, and all natives of England and Wales, or descendants of such, are entitled to dine with the St. George's Society, on this occasion by leaving their names and taking Tickets at the Bar.

J. H. CLINT, Secretary St. George's Society. Quebec, 13th April, 1854.

Straw Bonnets, by "Steamer" and "Express." The Subscribers will show a Case of New Choice STRAW BONNETS direct from LONDON, on SATURDAY MORNING.

April 13, 1854. GLOVER & FRY, 44-f

SILVER--GOLD--BRONZE. JUST arrived per EUROPA, GOLD LEAF and a Choice assortment of BRONZES.

W. & J. MCKAY & CAREY, Outside Palace Gate. Quebec, 15th April, 1854. 45-u

LOOK OUT FOR IMITATIONS AND COUNTERFEITS. Remember, the original and only genuine article always bears the written signature of I. BUTTS on the outside wrapper.

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrappers. For Sale, wholesale and retail, at 100, BOWLING, Medical Hall, Upper Town Market-Place, and JOHN MUSSON & Co., Quebec.

MR. ZIEGLER'S GRAND Vocal and Instrumental CONCERT, Under the distinguished Patronage of His Excellency the Administrator of the Government, the Commandants and Officers of the Garrison, WILL TAKE PLACE On WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, AT THE MUSIC HALL.

For Particulars see Small Bills. Quebec, 1st April, 1854.

Farewell Night. NEW MUSIC HALL, ST. LEWIS STREET.

THE AMATEURS of H. M. 66th Regiment respectfully acquaint the inhabitants of Quebec that they will take their FAREWELL PERFORMANCE on

THURSDAY EVENING, 20th APRIL, 1854, When will be produced the much admired Melo-Drama, in three Acts, entitled The BATTLE OF AUSTERLITZ,

OR, THE SOLDIER'S BRIDE. To be followed by SONGS and DANCES.

A FAREWELL ADDRESS, by M. COHEN.

The whole to conclude, by Particular Desire, with the Laughable Farce of GOING TO CHOBHAM,

OR, THE PETTICOAT CAPTAINS. MANAGER, M. COHEN.

PRICE OF ADMISSION:—Boxes & Stalls, 2s. 6d. Pit, 1s. 3d. For Particulars see Small Bills.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

TO PRINTERS. A FEW GOOD COMPOSITORS WANTED, Apply at ROLLO CAMPBELL'S Printing Office, No. 11, Garden Street. Quebec, April 8, 1854. 42-f

ORANGES & LEMONS. FRESH ORANGES and LEMONS, No. 19 FABRIQUE STREET, W. LECHEMINANT. Quebec, 14th April, 1854. 45-f

New Books by Express, HARMER'S POETICAL WORKS, 2 Vols. 12s. 6d. The Divine Character vindicated by Read, Moses Ballou, 6s. 3d. Russian Shores of the Black Sea by Alijkhout, 4s. 6d.

Post Fishing by Charles Dickens, 6s. 3d. Mianir, Hermon, or the Night and its Morning, by Thurlow W. Brown, 6s. 3d. Lavin, or the Banded Twig, by Cousin Creely, 6s. 3d.

P. SINCLAIR. Quebec, April 15th, 1854. 45

WANTED. A MAN SERVANT. Apply to, R. WAINWRIGHT, Mount Carmel St. Quebec, 15th April, 1854. 45-W

MARINE HOSPITAL. TENDERS will be received by the Trustees of the MARINE HOSPITAL until the TWENTY SECOND INSTANT, at NOON, to SUPPLY the HOSPITAL with

GROCERIES AND MEDICINES during one year, to begin on the 1st of May next. Forms of tender may be seen at the Surgery of the Hospital.

The above articles to be of the best quality and delivered at the Hospital as they may be required. By Order P. H. WELLS, S. T. C. M. & E. H. Quebec, 10th April, 1854. 43

MARINE HOSPITAL. TENDERS will be received by the Trustees of the MARINE HOSPITAL, until the TWENTY-SECOND INSTANT, at NOON, to SUPPLY the HOSPITAL during one year, to begin on the 1st May next, with the following articles:—

BEEF, BREAD, MILK. The Beef to be delivered in equal portions of fore and hind quarters. The Tender must state the price per 100lbs.

The Bread must be baked in tins and divided into small loaves of 1lb each; and the tender must state the price per dozen of loaves of 4lbs.

All the above articles to be of the best quality, and delivered at the Hospital as they may be required. For further information apply to the undersigned. By Order P. H. WELLS, S. T. C. M. & E. H. Quebec, 10th April, 1854. 43

College of Physicians and Surgeons of Lower Canada. THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING of the BOARD OF GOVERNORS of the COLLEGE of PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS, for the purpose of EXAMINATION, will be held in the CITY of MONTREAL, on TUESDAY, the 9th of MAY next, at TEN o'clock, A. M.

Candidates are required to deposit their Credentials with either of the Secretaries, at least ten days before the meeting, and to fill up a Schedule of their education, forms for which can be obtained on application to the Secretaries; and they are also required to deposit, at the same time, the amount of fees which would become due in the event of successful examination.

HECTOR PELTIER, M. D., J. E. LANDRY, M. D., Secretaries. Montreal, 8th April, 1854. 44

LOST, ON MONDAY last, between Palace Street and the French Church, St. John Suburba, a MINK GAUNTLET. The finder will oblige by leaving it at this Office. Quebec, April 12th, 1854. 44

THE BUSINESS carried on at Point Levy, by the undersigned, GEORGE TAYLOR DAVIE, will henceforth be continued in PARTNERSHIP with the undersigned, ALLISON DAVIE, under the firm of G. & A. DAVIE.

GEORGE T. DAVIE, ALLISON DAVIE. Point Levy, 6th April, 1854. 44

45 Pieces French Merinoes. THE undersigned having purchased a consignment of FRENCH MERINOES, much under Cost Price, they beg to inform the Public of Quebec that the above will be Offered for Sale To-morrow, at the undermentioned LOW PRICES:—

Number 1, .. 4s. 6d., worth 5s. 9d. " 2, .. 5s. 6d., worth 7s. 6d.

GLOVER & FRY. Quebec, 4th April, 1854. 40

CITIZEN'S GRAND FANCY COSTUME AND DRESS BALL, AT THE MUSIC HALL, ST. LEWIS STREET, ON MONDAY EVENING, 24th April, 1854.

THE Promoters of this Ball have appointed Messrs. WHEELER & LAMB to assist in superintending the necessary arrangements, and no exertion will be spared to give every possible eclat to the entertainment.

CARDS OF ADMISSION—12s. 6d. each, may be obtained, on personal application, of Mr. CANY, Buade Street; Mr. H. WYKE, St. John Street; or of the STEWARDS, and of Mr. WHEELER, at the Music Hall.

No MASKS permitted. Tickets not allowed to be transferred except by consent of the Stewards.

This being the First Fancy Ball given in this magnificent Dancing Saloon, and a numerous attendance anticipated, it is requested that all applications for Tickets be made prior to the 21st of April.

THE SUPPER ROOM, under the superintendence of Mr. HACHETTE, will be thrown open at 12 o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN. Quebec, March 28, 1854. 37-b-1-u

QUEBEC ASSEMBLES. FIFTH BALL. THE FIFTH and LAST BALL of the SEASON, will take place at RUSSELL'S HOTEL, on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst., at NINE o'clock.

CARRIAGES will drive down Palace Street, and retire by Collins' Street. JOHN ROSS, Secretary. Quebec, 11th April, 1854. 43

FANCY FOWLS. EGGS from the FOLLOWING BREEDS of FANCY FOWLS, for sale:— Cochon China, Shanghai, Golden Poland, and Black Poland. Enquire of EDWARD ALLEN, No. 9, St. Michael Street, in rear of Stadacona Terrace, St. Lewis Road. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

JOHN ANDERSON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SHIPPING AGENTS and BROKERS, QUEBEC & MONTREAL. JOHN ANDERSON. GEO. RAILTON. 13th April, 1854. 44

FOR SALE. 30 PUNS. Choice Porto Rico Muscovado MOLASSES, 9 Hhls. Superior Bright Muscovado Sugar, 100 Boxes Superior Havana Cigars, 50 Do. do. Principe do. 30 Do. Olive Oil, 18 Casks Bleached Whale Oil, 10 Do. Refined Bleached Rape Seed Oil, 10 Do. Brown do. do. 200 Demijohns, assorted, 600 Bags Liverpool Fine Salt.

A variety of Cooking and Fancy Stoves, Platform and Counter Scales, Bridge-water Mineral Paint, &c. JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

FINE SALT. 500 BAGS LIVERPOOL FINE SALT. For Sale by JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

FOR SALE. MUSCOVADO MOLASSES. Bright Muscovado Sugar. JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

SEGARS. A LOT of CHOICE BRANDS will be sold cheap to close consignments. JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

BLEACHED WHALE OIL, Refined and Bleached Rape Seed Oil, Brown do. do. For Sale by JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

CASH ADVANCES. LIBERAL ADVANCES made on Produce, &c., consigned for Sale in this Market, or for Shipment to England. JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

RAILWAY IRON. WE are prepared to EXECUTE ORDERS for RAILWAY IRON laid down at Quebec, Montreal, or any of the River or Lake Ports. JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

WHARFAGE & WAREHOUSING, IN BOND OR FREE. WE are prepared to receive all DESCRIPTIONS of GOODS, PRODUCE, RAILWAY IRON, COALS, &c., under Warehousing Premises, PRES-DE-VILLE WHARVES. JOHN ANDERSON & CO. Quebec, 13th April, 1854. 44

REMOVAL. THE MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY has removed to their new OFFICE OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL CHAMBERS, two doors from BROOKE'S RESTAURANT, St. Peter Street. Quebec, 12th April, 1854. 44-f

AUCTIONS. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. By Auction, will be sold, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 20th and 21st instant, at the residence of H. BENJAMIN, Esq., Upper Town Market: THE WHOLE of his valuable Household Furniture, consisting of Drawing and Dining Room Furniture in Mahogany, Centre, Card and Work Tables, China, Danish Window Curtains, Brussels Carpet, Superior Pier Glasses (very large), Handsome Framed Prints, Dining Tables, Sideboard, a very fine Dinner Set, China, Glass and Earthenware; Bed Room Furniture in Mahogany, Four Post and French Bedsteads and Curtains, Feather Beds, Hair Mattresses; Cooking and Single Stoves, Imperial Carpets, Oil Cloth, &c. &c.

—ALSO,— An elegant toned Piano Forte, Carriage, Harness, &c. The Furniture is nearly all London manufacture, and will be on show the day previous to sale from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sale each day at ONE o'clock. Condition—CASH. B. COLE, JUN., A. & B. Quebec, 8th April, 1854. 42

AUCTIONS. AUCTION SALES, by B. Cole, Jr., H. BENJAMIN, Esq., Upper Town, April 20 & 21, Mrs. LEWIS, Garden Street, 27, COL. BRUCE, Esplanade, May 1, Mrs. DICKINSON, May 2, Quebec, April 11th, 1854. 43

AUCTION SALE OF TWO FIRST CLASS SCHOONERS AT KINGSTON, on THURSDAY 20th APRIL next, will be Sold at Public Auction, (if not previously disposed of by private sale,) the well known Schooners Numbers

THREE and FOUR, launched in the early part of June last, and built expressly for Lake and River Navigation; the sails and rigging are of the very best material, having been imported expressly for them, with anchors and cables of corresponding strength; they are capable of carrying over the Lake each about three thousand five hundred barrels Flour, and also fitted with timber ports and center boards.

Terms of Sale liberal, and every information can be obtained on application to WILLIAM BOWEN, Kingston, or the proprietors, BRISS McCUAIG, Hamilton, or ALLAN GILMOUR & CO., Quebec, GILMOUR & CO., Montreal. 4th April, 1854. 40

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Superior Piano Forte, Horses, Carriages, Sleighs, Harness, &c. By Auction, will be sold, at the GOVERNMENT STORES, QUEEN'S WHARF, on WEDNESDAY, 26th April, 1854:—

THE whole of the Household Furniture, belonging to Assistant Commissary General CAMPBELL, including a few valuable works in Art.

—ALSO,— A GREY MARE, 6 years old, good for Saddle or Harness; 1 English Double Pheasant with Hood; 1 Albert do.; 1 Single Pheasant 1 Wagon; 1 Double Sleigh; 2 Single Sleighs; 1 Carriage; Double Sets of Harness; 1 Superior Single Set do. Silver Mounting; 1 Superior Single Set do. Brass Mounting; 1 Plain do.; Saddles, Bridles, &c.

—AND— A Superior Horizontal Semi-Grand PIANO, by BROADWOOD, cost £250, nearly new. EP Catalogues of the Furniture can be procured at the Subscriber's Earthenware Store, corner of St. John and St. Stanislas Street. THOMAS BICKELL, A. & B. 4th April, 1854. 40

NOTICE—AUCTIONS. THE SUBSCRIBER thankful for past favors, begs leave to inform the Public, that he is ready to attend to OUT-DOOR SALES by Auction, of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MERCHANDISE, and other effects.

Orders received at his EARLYWARE STORE, corner of St. John and St. Stanislas Street, Upper Town. THOMAS BICKELL, A. & B. Quebec, 22nd March, 1854. 35-3m-2

AUCTION SALES OF FURNITURE, &c. A. FARQUHAR will commence the OUT-SIDE SALES, as usual, on SATURDAYS, as usual. BOOKS, &c., at PRIVATE SALE, DAILY. Has on hand—Common Sofas, Tables, Chairs, Chests of Drawers, Office-Desks, Book-Cases, Bird-stands, Cooking Utensils, Looking-glasses, Cradles, and all sorts daily receiving.

EVENING SALES, SATURDAY and MONDAY, at SEVEN o'clock. Quebec, 9th Feb., 1854. 17-u

BLACK PAINT. A SUPERIOR ARTICLE, fresh ground by the Subscribers, in boiled oil, and put up in packages to suit the trade. W & J. MCKAY & CAREY, Outside Palace Gate. Quebec, 30th March, 1854. 38-u

LOST. THIS MORNING, between the Store of the undersigned and the Chronicle Office, TWO PROMISSORY NOTES, one drawn by Mr. DENIS MAGUIRE, JUNR., in favor of Mr. P. DORION, and the other in favor of DORION & FRERE, and drawn by Mr. LUKE BROTHERS. The Banks and Public are cautioned against negotiating the same. DORION & FRERE. Quebec, 23rd March, 1854. 35

WATCHES AND JEWELLERY. The subscriber is selling a descriptions of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, Jewellery and Silver Ware, at retail much less than the usual prices. JURGENSEN WATCHES.

Real Juels Jurgensen Watches received by every arrival, with certiificates from him with each Watch, warranted perfect time keepers. \$160 to 250 COOPER WATCHES. Duplex and Levers in Hunting and Magic cases, per time-keepers. \$125 to 275

INDEPENDENT SECOND, and Quarter Second Watches for timing horses in gold and silver cases. 125 to 250 CHRONOMETERS, Splendid Gold Pocket Chronometers which run without any variation. \$125 to 250

EIGHT DAY WATCHES, \$140 to 250 ENAMEL WATCHES, for Ladies, some in hunting cases. \$85 to 100 DIAMOND WATCHES, for Ladies, some in magic cases. \$55 to 300

MAGIC WATCHES, which change into 3 different Watches. \$100 to 175 WATCHES WHICH WIND up and turn the hands without any key. \$85 to 140 Fine Gold Lepine Watches, 4 holes jewelled. \$25 Fine Gold Detached Levers, 30 Gold Enamelled Watches for the Ladies, 35 Gold English Patent Levers, 36 Gold English Patent Levers, hunting cases, 35 Silver Patent Levers as low as 14 and all other styles of Watches at equally low prices.

DIAMONDS. Diamond Earrings, Pins, Bracelets, Finger Rings and Crookes, for sale at much less than the usual prices. JEWELLERY. All kinds of Gold Chains, Pure Gold Wedding Rings, Gold Keys and Seals, Gold Pins and Pencils, Gold and Silver Thimbles, Bracelets, Breast Pins, Cuff Pins, Lockets, Earrings, Gold and Silver Spectacles, Gold Tooth Picks, Charms, Charming Chains, &c.

SILVER WARE. Sterling Silver Spoons, Cups, Forks, Pie Knives, Napkin Rings, Fruit Knives, Wedding Cake Knives, &c. &c. Watches and Jewellery exchanged. All Watches warranted to keep good time or the money returned.

REPAIRS. All kinds of Watches and Clocks cleaned and repaired in the best manner at much less than the usual prices. Watches sent by Mail or Express to any part of United States or Canada. GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewellery Wholesale and Retail, No. 11 Wall street, (second floor.) Near Broadway, N. Y. 70-12m

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AUCTIONS. AUCTION SALES, by B. Cole, Jr., H. BENJAMIN, Esq., Upper Town, April 20 & 21, Mrs. LEWIS, Garden Street, 27, COL. BRUCE, Esplanade, May 1, Mrs. DICKINSON, May 2, Quebec, April 11th, 1854. 43

AUCTION SALE OF TWO FIRST CLASS SCHOONERS AT KINGSTON, on THURSDAY 20th APRIL next, will be Sold at Public Auction, (if not previously disposed of by private sale,) the well known Schooners Numbers

THREE and FOUR, launched in the early part of June last, and built expressly for Lake and River Navigation; the sails and rigging are of the very best material, having been imported expressly for them, with anchors and cables of corresponding strength; they are capable of carrying over the Lake each about three thousand five hundred barrels Flour, and also fitted with timber ports and center boards.

Terms of Sale liberal, and every information can be obtained on application to WILLIAM BOWEN, Kingston, or the proprietors, BRISS McCUAIG, Hamilton, or ALLAN GILMOUR & CO., Quebec, GILMOUR & CO., Montreal. 4th April, 1854. 40

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Superior Piano Forte, Horses, Carriages, Sleighs, Harness, &c. By Auction, will be sold, at the GOVERNMENT STORES, QUEEN'S WHARF, on WEDNESDAY, 26th April, 1854:—

THE whole of the Household Furniture, belonging to Assistant Commissary General CAMPBELL, including a few valuable works in Art.

—ALSO,— A GREY MARE, 6 years old, good for Saddle or Harness; 1 English Double Pheasant with Hood; 1 Albert do.; 1 Single Pheasant 1 Wagon; 1 Double Sleigh; 2 Single Sleighs; 1 Carriage; Double Sets of Harness; 1 Superior Single Set do. Silver Mounting; 1 Superior Single Set do. Brass Mounting; 1 Plain do.; Saddles, Bridles, &c.

—AND— A Superior Horizontal Semi-Grand PIANO, by BROADWOOD, cost £250, nearly new. EP Catalogues of the Furniture can be procured at the Subscriber's Earthenware Store, corner of St.

