



We would also notice that on Sunday night last another fire occurred, Greenwich street, on the Governor's Road, by which the tavern belonging to and kept by Mr. R. Droney, was entirely consumed.

DEATH OF DAVID THOMPSON, Esq.—We regret to learn that this gentleman expired yesterday morning. He had been indisposed for some time past, and his recovery was not expected.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. DEPARTURE FROM LIVERPOOL. Europa, Feb. 15—For Boston.

QUEBEC, MARCH 3, 1851. MESSAGE EXTRAORDINARY FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

A few days only have elapsed since we heard of the rescue of one Shafrath, a fugitive slave, from the custody of the U.S. Marshal, in Boston.

WASHINGTON REMAINS ABOUT THE RESCUE.—Telegraphic despatches from the seat of Government say—Mr. Webster told two Senators on Monday that unless prompt measures were taken to suppress the riot in the Boston riots, he would resign in twenty-four hours.

Such a man is he never before known to arise out of a molehill. The idea as Mr. Senator Hale says, of the Great Republic of the United States calling on its army and navy to hold themselves in readiness to put down a mob, composed of a mere handful of negroes, is ridiculous in the extreme.

The only excuse for the present conduct of President Fillmore is this apprehensiveness; this feeling of something below the surface; this feeling that "miserable and designing men" have their snail in the business.

Accounts from the Windward Islands state that there have been two severe shocks of earthquake at Antigua, though not attended by any serious consequences.

The consignees of the Atlantic, in Liverpool, gave her entire freight list to the Cunard Company, and a bonus of £3000, for forwarding her freights in the Cambria, being a total loss to the owners of the Atlantic of £35,000.

Postmaster General Hall has addressed a letter to the British Government, expressing appreciation of their liberality in bringing over the Atlantic's mails, and that under similar circumstances, he should feel it not only a duty, but it would afford peculiar satisfaction to pursue a like liberal course towards that country.

We find in the Montreal Herald a long and particular account, in prose and verse, of the Fancy Dress Ball, which came off in that city on Tuesday last.

feeling of a real difference of local interests and views, and lead to the real and abiding geographical distinctions of—Northern and Southern—Atlantic and Western which is now a matter of serious concern to the President of the Union.

THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE. We are sorry to observe that some of our contemporaries fancy that Capt. Boker's bridge across the St. Lawrence, at Carouge, may be constructed by a Company and urge that course instead of asking government to build it.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Company was held in Montreal, on the 19th ultimo. After the adoption of the Report of the Directors for the past year, extracts from which we subjoin, had been read, received, and ordered to be printed, the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the present year, viz:—Hon. James Ferrier, Chas. S. Ross, Esq., D. L. Macpherson, Esq., and John Smith, Esq.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK.—The Halifax Church Times says, in common with other journals of this place, we mentioned in our last statement in the English papers relative to the translation of the Bishop of Newfoundland to this Diocese, although with some reservation as to its correctness.

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THE NEW BRUNSWICK papers received on Saturday contain the despatches alluded to in our last, some of which will find their way into our next issue. It is proposed, we perceive to reduce the duty upon rum (which now averages about 3s. per gallon) to prevent smuggling.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE IN RELATION TO THE BOSTON RIOT. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21, 1851. The following message was sent into the Senate from the President, in answer to Mr. Clay's resolution of inquiry relative to the Boston Riot.

There has been a strike amongst the seamen of the Type and some of the Eastern ports. Higher wages are demanded, and much dissatisfaction with the working of the new mercantile man-of-war laws has been expressed.

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Camron Club. Montreal Club. Dr. Scott, James Breckenridge, Colonel Man, Louis Audoj, James Ferrier, John Doyle, Alex. Bell, skip—30, Jas. Tyre, skip—31.

THE RAILWAY.—It will be seen says the New Brunswick, by our telegraph report of yesterday, (22nd Feb.), that the Bill to incorporate the European and North American Railway has passed the House.

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The English mail was expected to arrive in Montreal yesterday morning at 7 o'clock.

FANCY DRESS BALL.—Subscribers to this ball—which we are told, is to be a very splendid affair—will please read the advertisement in another column. Should it all approach in magnitude—in numbers—in the variety of costume, the Montreal one, it certainly will be worth seeing, and more, worth taking part in.

Mr. Lafontaine having been reported seriously ill and about to retire from the Cabinet, the Pilot contradicts the rumor, by saying he is not seriously ill; nor likely to leave the Attorney Generalship.

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States, but permanent provision shall be made by law for that purpose; and the said Marshal shall be allowed his reasonable expenses, incurred in the execution of the duties of his office, as provided in the Act of the 24th of March, 1843.

By the various provisions of the law of Massachusetts, as that law stood before the act of the Legislature of that State, of the 24th of March, 1843, the said Marshal was authorized to receive, for the detention of any persons detained by the Courts of the United States as well as by the Courts and magistrates of that State.

It is deeply to be lamented, that the purpose of these enactments is quiet apparent, to prevent, so far as possible, the laws of Congress passed to carry into effect that article of the Constitution of the United States, which declares that no person be held to service or labor in any State, Territory, or District of the United States, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service is due.

It will be seen from the papers accompanying this communication, that the attention of the Marshal of Massachusetts was called by a letter from the Secretary of the Navy of the 25th Oct. last. There is no official information that the Marshal has proceeded to any place for the safe-keeping of the prisoners, until under authority of the United States.

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land and naval force of the United States for the same purposes for which he might call forth the militia, and subject to the same provisions. But the power of the President to call forth the militia, in aid of the Army and Navy, is general, and his duty to use the laws lawfully enacted is general; and the act of 1807 ought not to be construed as evincing any intention of Congress to restrict that power.

It is supposed that all citizens, whether enrolled in the militia or not, may be summoned as members of the posse comitatus, by the Marshal, or by the Commissioner, or by any other officer, and that it is his duty to obey such summons. But perhaps it may be doubted whether the Marshal or a Commissioner can summon the militia force, acting under its own appropriate officers.

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perhaps, to make his defence. There was no place prepared in which to confine him; his intention to keep him in the court room from Friday to Tuesday day, his case have been prevented?

The Laws of Massachusetts prohibit the imprisonment of parties under this law in the jails of that Commonwealth. He thought it wrong to denounce the population of Boston, which by the laws of Massachusetts it is made a penal offence for any of that population to aid or abet in the arrest or imprisonment of the fugitive.

The general feeling was in favor of retaining the present Bureau but a leading club resolved that in case any of the present Vice-President or Secretaries should be rejected, Messrs. Montalambert, DeGouchey, Berrier, Orlamonde, and five others should form a Committee to select new members of the Government interest. A later account states that Monsieur Dupin was re-elected to be President.

PARIS.—Thursday evening—There seems to be a considerable party in favor of a subscription for the President, notwithstanding the wish to the contrary. Several lists have been opened in Paris.

CINCINNATI, 25th Feb.—The river is at flood height and there are strong apprehensions of more rain. The upper Mississippi is falling with three feet in the last 24 hours.

NEW YORK, March 1st, 6 p.m. One eyed Thompson was arrested last evening on a charge of passing counterfeit money.

PHILADELPHIA.—George S. Alberti was convicted yesterday afternoon in the Court of Criminal Sessions on a charge of kidnapping John J. Lee, a member of the Legislature of Maryland, where it was sold into slavery. He will probably be sentenced to 12 years in the penitentiary.

Mr. Partridge, now in the employ of Messrs. Paterson & Co., has received an appointment in the Customs here.

THE FOLLOWING EXTRA OF THE CANADA GAZETTE will be read with the greatest satisfaction:— (From the Canada Gazette Extra.) (Toronto, Saturday, February 23.)

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to appoint the Honorable James Macdonald, a member of Her Majesty's Executive Council of the Province of Canada.

Attention is being more and more directed to the western coast of Ireland for a transatlantic packet station.

A maine was brought up at the London Police office, on Friday, charged with treating to assassinate Lord John Russell.

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