

BRITAIN'S POSITION ON IRISH TREATY IS RIGID ADHERENCE

Facts Of Irish Situation Presented By Churchill To Expectant House Yesterday—Great Britain Will Not Tolerate Republic In Erin—Fate Of Treaty Known Only After Irish Elections

London, May 31.—The facts of the Irish situation were presented in a statement by Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for the Colonies in the House of Commons today, but the fate of the treaty which serves to bridge the difficulties between Great Britain and Ireland cannot be determined until after the Irish elections when those chosen at the polls will be put to the test of a treaty oath.

Mr. Churchill in the Commons, and Lord Chancellor Birkenhead in the House of Lords, announced Great Britain's position as rigid adherence to the treaty which the pact entered into between Eamon de Valera and Michael Collins is declared to have been.

The return of Mr. Collins to Dublin, with Arthur Griffith remaining in London, together with the announcement of the further postponement of the Dail Eireann's sessions suggest the possibility of further negotiations after conversations between Collins and de Valera to see how far the points made at London can be met at Dublin.

Mr. Churchill's speech seems to have created general satisfaction according to reports from Dublin and Belfast, while Messrs. Collins and Griffith, who heard the statement from the distinguished stranger's gallery, adjudged it "a fair presentation of the facts," but avoided further fraternizing with the Members of the House, declining an invitation to luncheon in the Parliament.

Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, speaking in the Northern Parliament said there was not a single word in Churchill's speech to the slightest misconception or misunderstanding in Ulster; there seemed to be running through it the right tone of dealing with those who would in any way attempt to overthrow the honorable understanding arrived at in the treaty.

Lord Birkenhead told the House of Lords that the British Government stands for the treaty with Ireland in letter and spirit and would not go an inch beyond it.

Under no conceivable circumstances would the Government consent to the Republic's becoming ministers in the Irish government, and should such a crisis arise, the Government of Great Britain were by no means exhausted.

The Government's policy corresponded with the wishes of the democrats of the two islands, for whose political fortune the government was the trustee.

The Dail's action in January postponing the elections was a tragic decision, he declared, showing great weakness, political inexperience and lack of judgment on part of the Provisional Government, while the Collins-de Valera agreement came as an additional shock.

Tolerate No Republic.

London, May 31.—Great Britain will tolerate no republic in Ireland, and if the terms of the Anglo-Irish treaty are not carried out by the Irish, the British Government will resume her liberty to act in taking back the power conferred on the Provisional Government and in re-occupying the territory evacuated it was declared in the House of Commons today by Winston Churchill, the Colonial Secretary.

Mr. Churchill made this declaration in his promised statement to the House in the Irish situation. He drew a gloomy picture of the state in which Ireland finds herself today. While dealing sympathetically with the Provisional Government's plight and detailing at length its reasons, as conveyed to him, for entering into the recent agreement with Eamon de Valera, the Republican leader, he vigorously deprecated the pact as striking directly at the treaty, which he declared would be broken if the four republicans who are to be taken into the Irish Government following the forthcoming elections refused to sign the declaration of adherence to the treaty.

Later on in the debate, in which the Ulster group assailed the Government's policy Mr. Churchill frankly admitted that British troops were being held in Dublin as a preliminary step to military operations if these became necessary.

Mr. Churchill in his statement said he did not believe the members of the Provisional Government were acting in bad faith, or hand-in-glove with their republican opponent. He was convinced their earnest desire and resolution was to carry out the treaty even though they might have taken the wisest or strongest course.

Great Britain, said the Secretary, had done her part, and he did not believe her act of faith would be brought to mockery by the Irish people. He concluded with an appeal that the disturbances in Ireland continue to do its part, and not be led "by impatience, prejudice, vexation and anxiety into a course which would lay open to charges of fickleness or levity in dealing with these issues as long as the relations between the two lands."

The Ulster Disturbance

The Secretary said it must be admitted that the disturbances in Ulster for many months had undoubtedly played a part in making the position of the Provisional Government in Ireland difficult by exacerbating the Catholic majority in Southern Ireland and increasing the number of Mr. de Valera's supporters.

"Mr. de Valera has been fully aware of this," said Mr. Churchill, "and one of his surest means of striking against the Provisional Government and the treaty has been exciting outrages in the Northern area and so provoking counter action which would be sure to raise passions in the South."

"Let me direct the attention of the House to the prospects so far as they can be conveyed, which will lie before us if everything goes forward without being interrupted by any violent event. The constitution will be submitted to the Provisional Parliament resulting from the election and after it has been through the Provisional Parliament it will be sent here for confirmation and final ratification of the treaty and until we have passed another act of Parliament confirming the constitution of finally ratifying the treaty, the Irish Free State cannot obtain its full legal status, nor does that month begin to run during which Ulster may exercise her option of contracting out, and not until that option has been exercised would the boundary commission come into being or operation."

Former Premier Asquith, following Secretary Churchill, said the picture Mr. Churchill had drawn was very disquieting. He compelled continued patience and forbearance.

Col. John Greston, Conservative Member for the Burton division of Staffs, expressed profound disappointment at Mr. Churchill's statement. As regards Ulster, he accused the Government of being timid and afraid to act.

Captain Charles Craig of Ulster, demanded that the Government take immediate steps in conjunction with the Ulster Government to put things right on the frontier.

"The anger of Northern Ireland is rising day by day," he said, "and I do not doubt that the breaking point will come sooner or later."

Mr. Churchill said the examination of the draft of the constitution for Ireland by the British signatories of the treaty had been informally taking place and that it would shortly be published. After Whitehouse, the House would be in a position to judge whether it was in conformity with the treaty.

Tension Still Runs High.

Belfast, May 31.—Tension along the parts of the Ulster-Free State border still ran high today, although little additional fighting was reported up until noon. Each side apparently was occupied with taking measures for protection against possible attacks.

At Trane, which is just across the Ulster border from Lifford, the inhabitants were particularly busy in taking measures for protection. The inhabitants of Bridge Street, which is exposed to Free State fire, were filling sand bags along the river for protection of their homes. Ulster special constables have taken up positions at Camel's Hump, which they are fortifying with sandbags.

People entering Strabane from Free State territory, have to undergo vigorous questioning.

The Lifford church towers, it became known today, were considerably damaged during yesterday's firing.

A message from Strabane this afternoon said desperate fighting had broken out and that the panic-stricken townspeople had deserted the streets. Snipers were firing continuously from house tops, the message said, and hundreds of windows had been smashed by bullets.

Another report this afternoon said that 500 Sinn Feiners were concentrated in the neighborhood of Clogher, County Tyrone.

Pierce rioting occurred this afternoon in the Millfields district of Belfast following the shooting of two special constables. Routledge and Campbell, who were badly wounded. Incendiaries and bombing were rampant. Several persons were reported killed, when the military forces used machine guns.

Wait On Yourself:

Certainly! It's lot of fun and, besides, you can pick out any dish you like and have it served in short order. There's economy too in eating the cafeteria way. When in a hurry or wishing to dine economically, visit us.

Elda Cafeteria

(Near Auditorium)

109 ST. JOHN STREET

IMMIGRATION AND I.O.D.E. MEETING

With Launching Of Discussion On Amendments, Session Now In Full Swing

(By Beatrice Green for the Canadian Press)

Vancouver, B.C., May 31.—With the launching this morning of the long anticipated discussion of the proposed amendments to the I.O.D.E. constitution, the 22nd annual meeting of the National Chapter now in session advances from the routine business of Monday and Tuesday into the more serious undertakings of the convention.

Mrs. W. D. Spence, Edmonton, presented a report on immigration outlining the work done by the Canadian Council of Immigration. The work of assimilation and educating the many races of the Dominion into one true Canadian people was a responsibility that should be shared by the members of the I.O.D.E., she said.

In addition to establishing hostels in each province with the aid of the Government, the Council continued Mrs. Spence, had made recommendations to the Immigration Department for careful overseas selection, care of ports of embarkation and the arrival of women immigrants. The Council had also urged discontinuance of the present bonus system.

A system of pink tickets or landing cards had been arranged. Women inspectors at London, Liverpool and Glasgow pass on the eligibility of every woman who intends to come to Canada and the pink slip certifies her good health and adaptability to become a good citizen.

In conclusion Mrs. Spence said: "We cannot afford to allow orientals to dominate Canada or even one of its provinces."

A permanent national body to deal with colonization as a solution to Canada's Immigration problem was advocated by Russell R. Walker in his address before the Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire convention this afternoon. There was no co-ordinating out, and not until that option has been exercised would the boundary commission come into being or operation."

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109 ST. JOHN STREET

TILT OVER LABOR WAS FEATURE OF BUDGET DEBATE

Series Of Breezy Encounters Lifted Debate From The Doldrums

(By Canadian Press)

Ottawa, May 31.—A series of breezy encounters in the House today lifted continued budget debate from the doldrums. F. N. McCrea of Sherbrooke, first aroused contention by adopting in regard to Labor and the civil service, an attitude similar to that adopted in the agriculture committee some days ago. He attacked agitators, suggested the incorporation of trade unions and compulsory arbitration and would have been remarking that civil servants in Ottawa streets around five o'clock in the afternoon looked as if they had come out of church instead of out of an office. Mr. McCrea's views on labor brought the heated comment from William Irvine (Labor, East Calgary), that they were "hacked-up nonsense," and from W. F. McLean (Conservative of South York), that they were "centuries old."

And the tilt over labor was but a harbinger of a still more lively clash. Robert Hoey, of Springfield, Man., charged that the Drayton amendment was unworthy of a great party and a great leader. Why, Mr. Hoey demanded, had the Conservative platform not been moved? Why had it been scrapped?

"It's not been scrapped," sharply retorted Mr. McLean. "It's mostly in effect. The amendment complains of broken promises."

There was considerable rejoicing that all parties made pledges and broke them afterwards. Was the promise of tariff revision by the late Government not a broken promise? he queried. And he criticized the budget by declaring that he could see no reason for its meagre tariff fare.

If the Minister of Finance wished to realize his promise, the Drayton Tariff, he could have increased the British preference still further.

Mr. Hoey's speech closed with an amusing incident. He declared his intention to announce how the Progressives were going to vote. Immediately, all members were on the qui vive.

"I am going to vote," dryly added Mr. Hoey after a pause. Members breaking into laughter, "according to the dictates of my conscience. Repudiating broken promises on the one hand and political trickery and expediency on the other."

Hon. J. B. M. Baxter, formerly Minister of Customs in the Meighen Government, had some words later for the Progressives.

"You vote with this supine Government," he charged, "a morose alliance which gives you none of the benefits but the degradation and the mental task." Instead of removing the currency depreciation clause, Mr. Baxter went on, the barriers against enemy countries should have been raised. "If there was a famine in Germany today," he declared, "I would not be one to vote a dollar or a bushel of wheat to keep those people on the face of the earth."

Wm. Elliott, Progressive of South Waterloo, thought the budget a step in the right direction.

Tariff a Compromise

Resuming the budget debate in the House this afternoon, A. W. Neill, (Independent, Comox-Alberta) said he considered it right to advocate protection in British Columbia and free trade on the Prairies. The tariff was at best a compromise. He intended to support the Government and vote against the Drayton amendment. British Columbia, he said, did not want promises but did want the exclusion of Orientals who were, he claimed, depressing the lumber supply of the country. He went at length into questions of freight, working hours, coal mining and fisheries, dairy and fruit industries in British Columbia and concluded that if the Government continued its present policy he could not see how it could hope to retain the support of the country portions of the Province.

F. N. McCrea, (Liberal, Sherbrooke), did not feel very happy over the budget, but when he considered that the country needed half a billion dollars, he had nothing much to say, except that each should bear his share of the burden. He discussed the railway situation at some length. His views on labor and the need for incorporation of unions called forth strong protests from the Labor benches. He thought the Civil Service was getting good pay for short hours of work.

W. F. MacLean, (Conservative, South York), said that Mr. McCrea's speech had constituted a denunciation of the right of labor to organize. He claimed trouble nowadays arose more from profiteering than from organized labor or Government ownership. He submitted a "bill of rights of Canadian public services" providing for national systems of communications as well as of transportation; of banking in and out of Canada; of marketing of farm and

other staple products; development of water ways for sea going vessels to inland lakes and river ports; all of which should be financed out of the national treasury by arrangement with banks or by bond issues.

PROFITABLE LESSON.

School Teacher—"What lesson do we learn from the busy bee?" Tommy—"Not to get stung."

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay

Moderate northerly to westerly winds; light showers in many localities, but partly fair and somewhat cooler.

Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower St. Lawrence.—Moderate winds, showers or thunderstorms in many localities.

Gulf and North Shore.—Moderate to fresh winds; showers in some localities to-night, but mostly fair, stationary, or somewhat higher temperatures.

Maritime.—Moderate to fresh southerly winds, fair, not much change in temperature.

Lake Superior.—Light to moderate winds, fair and becoming warmer.

Manitoba and Saskatchewan and Alberta.—Fair and warm.

PETERS SHOT BY WARD IN HOME?

Newspaper Report Stirs Officials To Action Over Black-mailing Murder

(By Canadian Press)

White Plains, N.Y., May 31.—The authorities today took official cognizance of a newspaper report that Walter Ward, wealthy baker's son, shot Clarence Peters in Ward's home on the night of May 15 and that evidence in the form of bullet-torn woodwork and possibly blood stains would be found there.

When Ward surrendered on May 22nd his lawyers stated that he had met Peters, who was demanding \$25,000 blackmail by appointment, that he drove with him to Kensico Reservoir and there shot him in self-defence after Peters had threatened him with a pistol.

The newspaper report now under investigation quoted the man alleged to have been wounded by Ward as saying that although there was a black-mailing plot it was not directed against Ward.

A searching party headed by Sheriff Werner visited the Ward home this morning. Newspaper men were barred from the house and grounds. After spending more than an hour in the Ward home, Sheriff Werner returned to White Plains with the announcement that he had found nothing that would substantiate the story published by the New York paper.

Asked if he was satisfied the shooting did not occur in Ward's house he said:

"I did not say that. I said that we found nothing to substantiate the story."

CLOSE ROYAL NAVAL COLLEGE THIS MONTH

Esquimaux Institution Not To Reopen In September—Established In 1910

(Canadian Press.)

Ottawa, May 31.—The Royal Naval College of Canada, Esquimaux, B.C., will be closed in June, the end of the present term, and will not reopen in September. There will be no naval cadetship examinations held this year. The Naval College was established in 1910; since then one hundred and sixty cadets have passed through its course of training; during the past year forty-three cadets were in attendance at this institution. Arrangements are already in force whereby the University of McGill, Quebec and Toronto will accept graduates cadets for entry in the second year of their course of applied science. The Department of Naval Service is endeavoring to complete arrangements for the admission of second year cadets to the first year of the universities science course.

The Weather.

Toronto, May 31.—Pressure is high to the west of the Great Lakes and off the Atlantic Coast and low over the Pacific Coast States. A shallow trough of low pressure extends from the Gulf of Mexico to Quebec; light showers occurred to-day in a few localities on Ontario and Quebec, while elsewhere in the Dominion weather has been fair.

Temperatures:

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	44	78
Prince Rupert	38	74
Victoria	44	74
Vancouver	58	84
Kamloops	52	82
Calgary	50	80
Edmonton	38	82
Battleford	46	82
Prince Albert	46	80
Medicine Hat	44	78
Moose Jaw	38	79
Regina	32	78
Winnipeg	40	72
Port Arthur	46	84
Perry Sound	46	84
London	54	85
Toronto	54	80
Ottawa	48	84
Montreal	50	84
Quebec	46	74
St. John	48	62
Halifax	40	60

Forecast.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay Moderate northerly to westerly winds; light showers in many localities, but partly fair and somewhat cooler.

Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower St. Lawrence.—Moderate winds, showers or thunderstorms in many localities.

Gulf and North Shore.—Moderate to fresh winds; showers in some localities to-night, but mostly fair, stationary, or somewhat higher temperatures.

Maritime.—Moderate to fresh southerly winds, fair, not much change in temperature.

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Manitoba and Saskatchewan and Alberta.—Fair and warm.

Other staple products; development of water ways for sea going vessels to inland lakes and river ports; all of which should be financed out of the national treasury by arrangement with banks or by bond issues.

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TO SUBMIT THE MACAROW CASE TO GRAND JURY

With View To Finding Bill Of Indictment, Declared Gouin In House

(By Canadian Press)

Ottawa, May 31.—Affidavit announcement was made in the House by Sir Lomer Gouin, Minister of Justice, this afternoon that the Government has asked the Attorney General at Quebec to submit the case against D. C. Macarow, formerly General Manager of the Merchants Bank to the Grand Jury at the next Assizes "upon the charges and proof with a view to the finding of a bill of indictment."

The question was raised by T. L. Church of North Toronto, who further asked:—"Is it the intention of the Government to hold a Parliamentary inquiry into the whole Merchants Bank fiasco—if not, why not?"

Sir Lomer Gouin:—"While these proceedings are pending the Government does not propose any further action."

"And is it the intention of the Government," proceeded Mr. Church "to so amend the Criminal Code as to compel Presidents, Auditors and Directors and General Managers of Chartered banks to direct and fulfill their functions as bank officials, and to provide penalties for breaches?"

"These are matters for consideration," replied Sir Lomer, "when the question of a renewal of the Bank Act comes before Parliament."

Proceed With Allan Case

Montreal, May 31.—Counsel for the Crown have received instructions from Ottawa from Sir Lomer Gouin, Minister of Justice, to proceed with the charge against Sir H. Montagu Allan, former President of the Merchants Bank. When the case is called before Judge Cusson tomorrow an adjournment for a week will be sought to permit summoning of witnesses and preparation for examination.

Concurrently Sir Lomer has requested that the Attorney General for the Province of Quebec request the Grand Jury of the Court of King's Bench, which assembles tomorrow for the June term, for a true bill which would permit the reopening of the case against D. C. Macarow former General Manager of the Merchants Bank which was dismissed by Judge Cusson after preliminary enquiry. Evidence that Quebec is preparing for this move was received in Montreal this morning and definite developments are anticipated hourly.

In preparation against the possibility that the case against Mr. Macarow will be heard over again, court officials have made a thorough search of the exhibits produced at the original enquiry, in view of reports that certain documents were missing. Two documents were lacking when arguments in the case ended. One of them was found this morning in an envelope marked "Allan" which had been filed with the charge papers. The other was a document of which several copies were required by lawyers, and a duplicate is being secured at once to make the record complete. C. A. Wilson and Col. J. J. Creelman, who represented the Crown in the Macarow case, today completed their preparations for going ahead with the charge against Sir H. Montagu Allan, which he was guilty of negligence in connection with the October, 1921 return sent to the Dominion Government by the Merchants Bank.

Practically the same witnesses who appeared at the Macarow enquiry will be called in the Allan case, and all evidence will be re-taken. It will not be possible for the hearing to proceed to-morrow, however, as these witnesses have to be subpoenaed. One of them, the son of George Edwards, Toronto accountant, who is the Crown's star witness, is ill, but it is said his temporary absence will not delay the hearing.

COLLECT INCOME TAX FROM ALIENS

Hamilton, Ont., May 31.—The Chamber of Commerce has decided to ask Parliament to at once pass legislation providing for the collection of income taxes from aliens who are leaving the country. It is advised many aliens leave country without paying such taxes and feel that with the country so greatly in need of revenue this opportunity should not be lost.

DOG'S BARKING SAVED CHILD FROM DROWNING

Kingston, Ont., May 31.—The peculiar barking of a dog at Nanapanee saved the life of a five year old child, Hildard Alley of Trenton, the little lad with his parents, was visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hearnes, Nanapanee, and while playing along the power canal fell in. "Sport" a dog belonging to Philip Hearnes noticed the boy's danger and barking in a very peculiar way attracted the attention of Mr. Hartwick, an employee of the Public Utilities who rescued the lad just in the nick of time.

What the world needs is a wire-less hook-up for a dress.—Flint, Mich., Journal.

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QUEBEC, THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1922.

GRATIFIED AT
CANADA'S ACTIONSeveral Of New York Papers
Claim Declination Reflects
N.Y. Point Of View

(By Canadian Press.)
New York, May 31.—Several of the New York newspapers to-day express gratification at the action of the Canadian Government in declining to negotiate a St. Lawrence waterway treaty at the present time. They reflect the New York point of view, which has been consistently opposed to the projected deep water route from the Great Lakes to the sea.

The Tribune remarks that Canada's declination "will be a painful surprise to those supporters of the international canal project who have assumed that the little of nothing entered into the scheme except an appeal to the local pride of certain lake cities anxious to figure as proud possessors of ocean terminals and an ocean front."

After declaring that many considerations, both economic and political, should be carefully examined before a huge sum is spent for water facilities which may in the end "prove more ornamental than useful." The paper adds:

The Canadian Government thinks it better to go slow, thereby setting a good example to Washington. There are other projects of more immediate urgency and greater benefit to the United States than a St. Lawrence canal."

The Times, after repeating many arguments against the project that have previously been advanced by its New York opponents, declares that through Canada's action "time has been gained for sober second thought about the international waterway."

"If the waterway can be proved to be favorable and profitable, it is bound to come," declared the Times, "but the honest doubters must be shown."

BROTHERHOOD OF
RY. TRAINMENPresident Lee Was Re-Elected
At Yesterday's Sitting
Of Toronto Convention

Toronto, May 31.—President W. G. Lee, of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, was re-elected at today's sitting of the convention, defeating J. E. Fitzpatrick and A. F. Whitney. Vice-President, who aspired to the higher office, W. N. Doak, Vice-President, was elected Senior Vice-President in succession to Mr. Fitzpatrick. T. R. Dodge, Assistant to the President; A. E. King, General Secretary and Treasurer and Daniel L. Cease, Editor and Manager, were re-elected by acclamation.

President Lee's re-election by a substantial majority is regarded as a vindication of his official acts during the past three years. He has taken an active part in every movement undertaken by trainmen and yardmen in the past thirty years and has been an officer of the organization uninterruptedly for 27 years. Mr. Dodge has held office for a similar period.

Secretary King was elected to office at the convention held in Toronto in 1917.

Mr. Cease is the oldest editor in the transportation field, having held the post for the past 31 years without opposition. Mr. Doak is the youngest of the officers elected to-day. He is described as an aggressive officer who has had wide experience in executive and general administration work.

BRUTALITY TO
A CANADIANCharged In Complaint Made
To Police Authorities At
Washington

(By Canadian Press.)
Washington, D.C., May 31.—Brutal treatment of Louis W. Moore, a Canadian subject and former soldier of the Canadian Army in France, now a student at Bliss Electrical School here, is charged in a complaint made today to police authorities and the District of Columbia Commissioners.

Moore was blackjacked and badly beaten by three policemen because he expressed resentment that they refused to give a seat to a young lady in a crowded street car, the complaints allege.

The Canadian is twenty-four years of age and is from St. John, N.B.

Louis W. Bliss, President of the school, declares that Moore was treated with shocking brutality and he has called the attention of the British Embassy to the case. Thus far the Embassy has done nothing.

President Bliss called the affair an "outrage" and has personally hired attorneys to prosecute charges against the police.

FULLY APPROPRIES
OF GERMAN REPLYReparations Comm. Definitely
Decides To Grant Provi-
sional Moratorium

Paris, May 31.—The Reparations Commission to-night fully approved the German Reply to its ultimatum and definitely decided to grant Germany a provisional moratorium for the year 1922.

The text of the Commission's letter to Chancellor Wirth and also its decision were issued about midnight, after the Commission had framed them at a session lasting many hours.

The decision was unanimous, the French delegate joining in it, despite the report of opposition from a section of the Chamber, which caused deep concern in Commission circles during the day.

The action taken by the German Government to put its finances on a sound basis and eliminate as much as possible the wholesale printing of paper money constitutes "a serious effort to meet the commission's requirements," the decision says.

Regret is expressed, however, that Germany did not begin at an earlier date steps in this direction.

In its letter to Chancellor Wirth the Commission states that in view of the importance of an immediate decision upon the question of postponement of payments the Commission felt justified in taking prompt action, notwithstanding the fact that on several points Germany's answer requires further elucidation.

The Commission informs the German Chancellor that these matters will be dealt with in another communication in the near future, but it is indicated that these matters are of minor importance and will have no effect on the present decision.

In making the decision to grant partial postponement of payments in 1922, beginning June 1, the Commission says:

The Commission recalls that the postponement now confirmed remains liable to be cancelled at any time in accordance with its previous decision if the Commission is subsequently satisfied that Germany has failed to carry out the conditions laid down.

The Commission further reserves its right to cancel postponement if at any time it becomes dissatisfied with the progress made in the settlement of matters still outstanding, or failing to carry through the arrangement in regard to the floating debt specified in the chancellor's letter of May 23 or because of inability to obtain the assistance of a foreign loan, Germany does not make alternative arrangements satisfactory to the Commission for dealing with the budget deficit and the floating debt.

The decision of the Commission will be communicated to the members of the International Bankers Committee to-morrow morning and the committee is expected to begin the actual work of organizing a loan at its session in the afternoon, provided none of the members is out of agreement with the Commission's decision.

In reparations circles it is said that the bankers will approve fully the Commission's action, and the view is expressed that a loan of more than 1,000,000,000 will be arranged within the next few weeks.

Vote of Confidence

Berlin, May 31.—The Reichstag today rejected a vote of no confidence in the Government for ignoring the Reichstag regarding the Reparations negotiations. The non-confidence vote was moved by the Nationalist Party which, with the Communists, supported the resolution.

After confidence had thus been virtually voted in the Government on this question the Reichstag adjourned until June 13.

GOVERNMENT AND
LABOR UNIONSDoes Not Distinguish Between
Organized And Unorgan-
ized Labors

(By Canadian Press.)
Ottawa, May 31.—The attitude of the Government towards Labor Unions was the subject of a statement by the Minister of Labor in the House of Commons this afternoon, in reply to George Parent, Quebec West.

"The Government does not distinguish between organized and unorganized labor as between different branches of organized labor," stated Hon. James Murdock.

Therefore, he declared, the United States was concerned with seeing that Reparations were not driven to the extreme of upsetting the balance of world trade.

"No doubt the absence of the United States from the machinery of the treaty of Versailles," said Mr. Lloyd George, "has made the machine less effective and made it work with less precision. I will not say it has made the machine work with more justice but it has created friction which would not have existed if the United States had been present either in the League or on the Reparations Commission."

"For the moment all I will say is that there is no cause for disagreement between France and England. All the reports of the Reparations Tribunal indicate that an arrangement will be arrived at which will be acceptable to the debtor country as well as to the creditors."

Discussing the question of war debts, the Prime Minister said it was impossible to contemplate the proposal that Great Britain should forego all her claims against the Allies without any remission of what Great Britain owed.

"The German Reparations," he added, "the debt due to this country is \$3,000,000,000, while we owe about \$1,000,000,000. Is the proposal that we should forego the whole sum without the remission of what we owe? We are perfectly

VERSAILLES PACT
ABLY DEFENDED
BY LLOYD GEORGEOutlined Reparations Situa-
tion In House Of Commons
YesterdayPRAISED GERMAN STAND
British Policy Same As That
Pursued After Waterloo
Towards France

London, May 31.—With Germany defiant, Premier Lloyd George had planned to make a brief statement on Reparations in the House of Commons this afternoon but when John Robert Clynes, Labor Member, opened the debate and attributed the present difficulties to the Government's election pledges of 1918, the Prime Minister launched into a lengthy defence of the Reparations Commission and the treaty of Versailles.

Mr. Lloyd George praised the German attitude towards the Reparations Commission and indicated that so long as she was not defiant Germany could count on Britain's sympathy and understanding of the difficulties involved in meeting the treaty conditions. He declared, however, that there was no cause for disagreement between France and England, for should Germany refuse to attempt to fulfill the Commission's proposals, Great Britain's place would be at the side of the Versailles signatories, despite the misrepresentations which were being made.

Great Britain believed in the traditional policy of moderation and fairness, continued the Prime Minister, and no gave warning that isolated action by the part of any one of the Allies would be disastrous to the Entente between them.

"It is the policy pursued after Waterloo toward France, when Prussia and Russia and the other victors urged that France be 'trampled,' said Mr. Lloyd George.

"The Government in that day refused to countenance such a policy; we are pursuing the same course. But if she should say 'this treaty we decline to carry out' it would be different. A German policy of non-fulfilment would be a policy of immediate disaster."

It is not a question of France acting alone, if there is defiance of the Versailles treaty. We are signatories to that treaty which the House of Commons ratified. We are committed to it. In spite of all misrepresentations we still shall stand for the policy of moderation and fulfillment."

The Prime Minister concluded by saying that the circumstances which had arisen rendered it unnecessary to refer to any discussions of recent weeks and he hoped it would be unnecessary to resume those discussions and enter into the question of the effect of isolated action, declaring:—"All I would say would be that I agree that any isolated action on the part of any of the Allies would be disastrous to the entente between them."

Prime Minister Lloyd George outlining the reparations situation in the House, defended the treaty of Versailles and said all he asked was that its critics state the facts fairly. He said there was no doubt that there was one fact that worked against the proper balance of the Reparations Commission as well as of the League of Nations—the attitude of the United States.

He said that when the treaty was signed it was assumed that the United States would be represented on the Reparations Commission and in the League of Nations.

The United States was the only country without claims with respect to reparations, he said, and she was not affected by the reparations settlement.

Therefore the United States was strictly impartial, was friendly with Germany, friendly with France, friendly with Italy and Great Britain, and was also concerned with international trade.

Therefore, he declared, the United States was concerned with seeing that Reparations were not driven to the extreme of upsetting the balance of world trade.

"No doubt the absence of the United States from the machinery of the treaty of Versailles," said Mr. Lloyd George, "has made the machine less effective and made it work with less precision. I will not say it has made the machine work with more justice but it has created friction which would not have existed if the United States had been present either in the League or on the Reparations Commission."

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"The German Reparations," he added, "the debt due to this country is \$3,000,000,000, while we owe about \$1,000,000,000. Is the proposal that we should forego the whole sum without the remission of what we owe? We are perfectly

willing to enter into any international discussion with a view to obliterating the whole of the war debts provided we receive benefit equal to that which we are prepared to confer. We have an interest beyond that of creditor. We have an interest of great international trade."

Mr. Lloyd George said he was glad the German Government had made a real attempt to meet the requirements of the Reparations Commission. He believed the Germans were doing their best to fulfill the treaty, but declared that if a future government should resist the treaty and refuse to carry out its provisions France would not be left alone to execute its provisions.

"We have stood for a policy of moderation and restraint," he added, "and for consideration of the difficulties of Germany thereby rendering ourselves liable to deal with misrepresentation in France."

"Notwithstanding, we are pursuing the traditional policy of this country."

I.O.D.E. ADOPT
A CONSTITUTIONNew Laws To Be In Force
For Test Period Of Five
Years

(By Beatrice Green, Can. Press Cor.)
Vancouver, B.C., May 31.—Adoption by a vote of 423 to 200 of a new constitution for a test period of five years, tending to promote more efficient operation of the machinery of the Order; approval of the disengagement policy adopted at the Washington Conference and a short discussion which developed practical unanimity of opinion among the delegates as the need of a system of selective immigration, featured to-day's sessions of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire convention here.

One of the most important changes in the constitution is a clause making it possible for the office of National President to be filled by other than a resident of Toronto.

The new constitution differs from the old, also according to the report of Mrs. A. W. McDougall, convenor of the committee in that:

1.—It embodies incorporation of chapters.

2.—It refrains from any further reference to the Imperial Chapter than is warranted by charters, as the organization of an Imperial Chapter could be granted only by an act of the British Parliament.

3.—Refrains from further mention of granting of charters to other national chapters than authorized in the act of incorporation.

4.—Provides for a full use of chapters' powers to make laws for management of their own business.

5.—Provides representation to all Provinces on the national executive.

6.—Preserves to the national Chapter its right to elect, but under a system of proportional representation to all Provinces.

7.—Alters system of nomination for the National Executive by giving Provincial Chapters the privilege of electing nominees on a proportional basis.

8.—Enlarges the powers of the National Executive in proposing amendments.

9.—Grants full measure of autonomy to Provincial Chapters in approaching Provincial governments.

10.—Places a check upon enactment of hasty legislation by requiring a year's notice of motion to the National Chapter for amendments to the constitution.

**FOREST FIRES
STILL BURNING**

At Several Points Along The
G.T.P. East Of Prince
George

Prince George, B.C., May 31.—The forest fires are still burning at several points along the lines of the Grand Trunk Pacific to the east of this city. The fires are particularly in the vicinity of Skelly, Willow River and Newlands. New fires are also reported at Longworth and in the vicinity of Dome Creek.

All of the timber on the north side of Eagle Lake is reported to have been destroyed. There was a strike and all day yesterday and it carried the fire to the tops of the trees, causing it to travel very fast.

Prince Rupert, B.C., May 31.—Forest fires were still raging along a three-mile strip on the Skeena river between Hazelton and Quesnel, according to fragmentary reports and the situation is becoming serious in the north country. Fire is raging on the two sides of Hazelton.

**SHOT GIRL AFTER
SHE REFUSED HIM**

Toronto, May 31.—Resenting the refusal of Annie Wengarten, aged 23, to become his bride, Sam Burger, aged 29, stepped up behind the young woman in a shoe store in which she was working to-day.

He hit her in the back of the head with a 22-caliber revolver. Then he turned the revolver to his own head and killed himself. The wounded girl may recover. Relatives of the pair say they had been keeping company for some time. Burger boarded at the home of Miss Wengarten's brother.

On motion of Ald. Drolet, Alex. Grenier was appointed assistant roads foreman in St. Sauveur and inspector of scaffolding.

At the request of Ald. Bertrand a resolution was passed asking the City Council to notify the Quebec Railway Company that if the extensions to its lines in Belvedere and LaSalle are not made within three months the fares will be reduced to five cents.

The building of a municipal garage on Dorchester street was deferred as it was considered that the prices were too high.

On motion of Ald. Desmarais it was decided to make an estimate of the cost of removing Jacques Cartier market from its present site, and fitting it up at the foot of Crown street.

The claims of the firm of Joseph & Co., and other firms for damages caused by flooding when the city water pipes blocked last spring, were left over for further study.

**HON. MR. ARMSTRONG KNOWS
NOTHING OF ELECTIONS.**

Sydney, N.S., May 31.—"That's what you call a clothes line despatch," said Hon. E. H. Armstrong laughing, when shown an Ottawa special to a Halifax newspaper declaring that the presence in the Federal Capital of Hon. George Murray, Hon. R. G. Beasley and Hon. R. E. Finn, forecasts an early election in Nova Scotia.

"There is absolutely no truth in the report so far as I know," declared the Minister of Mines, who is here attending the sessions of the Mining Society.

\$200,000. FOR
PAVING WORKSContracts Were Awarded At
Meeting Of Roads Com-
mittee Last Night

At a meeting of the Civic Roads Committee which started at eight o'clock last night and adjourned shortly before one o'clock this morning the contracts were awarded for the paving of the local streets. It is estimated that the contracts awarded will aggregate a sum of \$200,000, and as the city has \$264,000 for paving work, there will be a reserve of \$64,000.

The contracts were awarded as follows to the lowest tenderer in each instance:—St. Marie street, in concrete, I. Bilodeau, \$2.11 per square yard; Marchand street, in asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.59; Turnbull Avenue, in granite blocks, I. Bilodeau, \$5.59; Deligny street, in concrete, I. Bilodeau, \$2.11; D'Artigny, in concrete, I. Bilodeau, \$2.11; Belvedere Road, in warrente, Dominion Paving Co., \$3.74; Garneau street, warrente, Dominion Paving Co., \$2.30; Hebert street, warrente, Dominion Paving Co., \$2.35; St. Moine street, warrente, Dominion Paving Co., \$2.30; Laval street, warrente, Dominion Paving Co., \$2.30; Des Fosses street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$2.90; Fleury street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.47; Charest street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.47; St. Francois street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$2.85; Bayard street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.55; St. Ambrose street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.52; Palmar street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.50; Jumeauville street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.52; Carillon street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.52; Ste. Therese street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.52; Third Street, asphalt, Madden & Murphy, \$3.52; 13th Street, concrete, T. Rousseau, \$2.20; Sixth street, concrete, T. Rousseau, \$2.20; Royal street, concrete, T. Rousseau, \$2.24; Q. A. A. street, concrete, I. Bilodeau, \$2.41; Desnoes street, concrete, I. Bilodeau, \$1.89; Laurier Avenue, concrete, A. Demers, \$2.00; Rue Amador street, concrete, T. Rousseau, \$2.24; Bougainville Avenue, concrete, T. Rousseau, \$2.48.

The work on a number of the above streets will not be started right away, but will be suspended until certain urgent waterworks have been carried out so as to avoid cutting up the new pavements later on.

Tenders For Garbage Service

On motion of Ald. Lesage it was decided to call for tenders for garbage service in Upper Town and in Lower Town. Ald. Lesage said that by giving an exclusive contract for a period of five years it would be possible to get the service for about \$3.50 per dwelling a year in Lower Town and for about \$5. or \$5.50 in Upper Town.

A delegation of rate-payers on the committee asking that the street be paved. It was decided to do something this year to improve the pavement.

A delegation of the Quebec Builders Association also waited on the committee urging that the by-law providing for sanitary plumbing be put through. It was decided to do so after certain provisions which are ultra vires have been deleted.

The Shell Oil Company applied to instal a pump at St. Malo, but the representatives of the city ward objected so strongly that the city will try and secure another site for the company.

A request from the citizens committee of St. Francois d'Assise asking for amendments to the building by-law was referred to the By-Law Committee.

It was suggested that a laboratory be installed at the City Hall in connection with the Public Works Department. The matter was left in the hands of Chairman Martin who will find out the cost of the installation.

It was resolved to accept a guarantee police from the firm of Barbeau & Cie and to return a cash guarantee held on certain paving work.

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At the request of Ald. Bertrand a resolution was passed asking the City Council to notify the Quebec Railway Company that if the extensions to its lines in Belvedere and LaSalle are not made within three months the fares will be reduced to five cents.

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"There is absolutely no truth in the report so far as I know," declared the Minister of Mines, who is here attending the sessions of the Mining Society.

MINE OWNER PUT
END TO HIS LIFEWas In Bed Following Few
Days Illness, At Time Of
Suicide

(By Canadian Press.)
New Glasgow, N.S., May 31.—Malcolm Beaton, aged about 55, widely known in Nova Scotia as a mine owner and manager, shot himself at his home here this afternoon, dying almost instantly. He was in bed, following a few days' illness. Hearing the shot, his son Lester rushed to the room to find his father gasping out his last breath.

A verdict of "death resulting from a revolver in his own hands" was given out by a Coroner's Jury.

During the war Mr. Beaton developed and was part owner of the Greenwood coal mine, Pictou County. He later sold out his interests and recently had been operating Port Hood mine in Cape Breton. He had been connected with other Nova Scotia mines.

A widow and four children survive.

**QUEBEC SCENES
IN THE "MOVIES"**

Laurentide Film Company
Taking Pictures Which Will
Be Shown At Empire

The ancient city of Quebec with its beautiful scenery, picturesque and historical buildings and up-to-date Police and Fire Departments will be advertised far and wide, through the efforts of the Laurentide Film Company, which has a small staff of employees in this city at present to take moving pictures of different scenes which are being enacted daily for the benefit of the camera.

Local movie-goers will have an opportunity of witnessing Quebec in the movies at the Empire Theatre, starting Sunday, when the pictures will be flashed on the screen for the first public screening. In addition to securing views of most of the really beautiful local scenery an attempt was made to catch something of the civic life, and with this end in view a demonstration was arranged to be given by the Fire Department, while a little later a parade of the local constabulary was held.

Some twenty pieces of the fire fighting equipment was mustered under the direction of Fire Chief Donnelly, aided by Deputy Chiefs McManus and Belanger, at the St. Louis Gate, and at a given signal rushed up Grande Allee to be "shot" by the cameramen.

When this was completed, about one hundred men of the Police Department, under Chief Trudel and Deputy Chief Blais, were photographed while on parade.

Several other scenes were taken during the course of the day and which will be enacted many others to-morrow will be screened at the first time at the Empire Theatre Sunday.

**MOTORISTS COMPLAIN
ABOUT BAD ROADS**

Highway To Lake Beauport In
Very Deplorable Condition
—Claims For Damages

Automobile owners are complaining bitterly over the condition of the road leading to Lake Beauport. From the city to about one mile north of Charlebourg Church, the road is excellent, but from there on it is in a very bad state and is a positive danger for motoring.

Several actions have already been taken by motorists who claim their cars were damaged and it is understood there are many more to come.

The municipality of the Parish of Charlebourg has put up a placard stating that it will not be responsible for accidents, and this shows that the dangerous condition of the road is fully realized.

There are three municipalities interested in the bad section of highway leading to Lake Beauport, the municipality of the Village of Charlebourg, the municipality of Notre Dames des Laurentides and the municipality of Lake Beauport.

**45 YEAR OLD WIDOW
COMMITTED SUICIDE**

Toronto, May 31.—Missing from since last night the body of Mrs. Currie Rice, aged 45, a widow who lived with her brother, James H. Chase, number 4 Hendrix Avenue, was found floating in the lake at the foot of Dowling Avenue, this morning. The body was removed to the morgue.

A note left by Mrs. Rice on the shore stated she had been driven to take her life.

"She was worried about a house she bought in Runnymede," stated Mr. Chase.

GOVERNMENT MOTION CARRIED

London, May 31.—The Government's motion for the adjournment of the House of Commons until June 13, was carried in the House this afternoon by a vote of 207 to 39.

BOVRIL—the
Summer NourisherHowever light your food, you
are sure of being well nour-
ished if you take plenty of
Bovril. Bovril contains the
goodness of the beef.

Add a spoonful of Bovril to all your meat pies. It imparts to cold dishes a rich savouriness.

Use Bovril with a little gelatine dissolved in it as a savoury jelly for meat shapes, jellied salads, and "aspics."

**THEY WANT
what they read about**

The standards of living for the average family in Canada grow higher each year. The luxuries of yesterday are the necessities of to-day. People in the smaller towns and on farms want the newer things they read about.

Dry Goods Stores, Grocers, Shoe, Hardware and Paint Stores, in the smaller towns, all find they can show the newest things by carrying small stocks of them and re-ordering by Long Distance. The jobber or manufacturer's warehouse is at their elbow — their order departments are alert for telephone trade!

Shipments are often made the same day. Up-to-date-ness of merchandise is no longer confined to the big city stores — and large sums are not locked up in stock.

Try it. Have a big store in a small town. "Use the Bell to Sell" — and to Buy.

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station

L. BELCOURT, Manager

**FATHER DELORME
TO FACE CHARGE**

Understood Insanity Plea Will
Be Entered On His Behalf
In Montreal

Montreal, May 31.—Father Adolphe Delorme will have to face a murder charge at the coming June term of the Court of King's Bench. He is accused of killing his half brother, Raoul Delorme, on Jan. 6 last. The announcement was made today at the Court House. It is understood that attorneys for Father Delorme will enter an insanity plea on behalf of the priest.

The case against Father Delorme will be prosecuted by J. C. Walsh, K.C., Crown Prosecutor for the Montreal district. Should an insanity plea be entered by the lawyers for the accused it is stated that the Crown will oppose the plea. At all events it is very probable that the Crown will have a commission of alienists appointed to examine the priest.

Lawyers for the accused affirm that he is mentally deficient. They endeavored at the preliminary hearing to have the plea of insanity accepted, but the presiding magistrates held that it was not the proper time to enter the plea.

A large number of witnesses have been subpoenaed for the trial, but should a lunacy commission be appointed their testimony will not be heard until the commission reports its findings.

HON. J. SUTHERLAND DEAD.

Winnipeg, May 31.—Hon. John Sutherland, aged 84, one of the pioneers of the Kildonan district, and a former member and leader of the Opposition in the Manitoba Legislature, died today.

**DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS**

ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES
GRAVEL
RHEUMATISM
MIGRAINE
HEADACHE
NEURALGIA
BRUISES
SWELLINGS
PAIN
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
4087 THE PR

The Quebec Chronicle

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QUEBEC, JUNE 1, 1922.

THE CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM.

No. 10—Labor.

The Conservative Party of the Province, while recognizing the real grievances and legitimate demands of agriculture, has not forgotten the needs of industrial labor to which it is in no way indifferent as the plank adopted by the late convention goes to show. The text reads thus:

"The problems of labor should be the object of our complete solicitude and nothing ought to be neglected that can ameliorate the worker's lot and increase the value of his toil; in consequence also increasing the well-being of his home and the future of his family. Governments have not only the power, but it is their duty to enact laws necessary to attain these ends. The employer and the employee have the same interests and should work for them with a common accord. Labor should be made more remunerative by making it more productive and better co-ordinated.

"To attain all these ends, the Government should appoint a distinct Ministry of Labor and entrust the direction of that Department to the most capable representative of the laboring classes.

"The injured workman, particularly deserves our protection. It is necessary to adapt at once the Workmen's Compensation Act to modern needs, and in every case to make it a more useful and less costly method of obtaining justice for the workman. The appeal of the Courts must be rid of all formality and serious restrictions.

"The establishment of a system of insurance for the workers and their families should be assisted."

This constitutes a policy that speaks clearly for itself and is therefore in no need of detailed elucidation. The Liberal administration has committed the grave error of entrusting the interests of labor to a professional man who is incapable of fully appreciating the needs of the worker because he knows little of the conditions of life in that class of society.

The only practical and the only effective system is to place at the head of the Ministry of Labor a bona fide labor man who possesses the confidence of his fellow-workers, but has at the same time a sufficiently statesmanlike outlook to be able to comprehend the interests of the Province as a whole. When that is done, and not before, it will be possible to fully realize the ideals set forth above and experience has made it only too painfully certain that the present regime possesses neither the temperament nor the mentality to bring about their absolute realization.

BRITISH TRADE IN CANADA.

Some months ago, the Department of Trade and Commerce issued a comprehensive booklet on "Canada as a Field for British Branch Industries." This has been followed by a publication of a book by a London firm, Selwyn & Blount, on "Canada as a Market for British Goods." Both these publications contain copious information on Canadian resources, trade opportunities and economic conditions. They should be very serviceable to the British manufacturers and traders looking for markets.

During the war, our imports from Britain at one time fell below a hundred millions a year. Even now, our average is hardly more than twice as much. The United States gained much trade in Canada in the war period, and is holding a large part of it, notwithstanding the imposition of tariff schedules that diminish considerably our exports to that country.

The offset that we have to the Young Emergency, the Fordney or other tariffs emanating from the Republic at Washington, is more trade with Britain. Our commerce with the Motherland has been far short of what it ought to be. The adverse exchange situation, which was beyond our control, hindered greatly the maintenance of our export markets in Britain. Yet even under the worst conditions, the Motherland has bought twice and even more the amount we have bought from her.

It has to be said that during the war, Canada grew industrially at a great rate. Canadian or American capital took advantage of the pre-occupation of British capital during the crisis to get established here with local factories. This tendency has been vastly helped by the slowness of British industry to get re-adjusted to a peace basis. Only now, about a year after the big British coal strike, are producing costs being lowered to levels that permit competition with the industries on this side of the Atlantic—industries that found a return to peace conditions in labor and markets relatively easy.

Canada wants British branch industries, and British goods. We built up a manufacturing production of three and a half billion dollars during the war, and this undoubtedly contains the machinery for satisfying most of our consumptive requirements. The maintenance of this plant is a first call upon our national policy.

But Britain makes many classes of goods that on account of their cheapness and excellence should be more acceptable here than competitive goods imported from the United States. In many lines of textiles, cutlery, certain classes of pottery or china, and other wares, Britain has had a dominant position here. But the British producer and marketer will have to study the Canadian field very closely, and all the first hand or other information he can obtain bearing on the rapid changes in this field, will be of utility to him.

ADVICE TO YOUTH.

Sir James M. Barrie lately delivered his first public oration, which he said would be his last. Nearly every London newspaper paid him the tribute of a verbatim report, an honor that would have fallen to only two or three other men in the Kingdom. The occasion was his installation as Rector of St. Andrew's University, and his address, described by the London Times as the most remarkable ever heard by any body of students, was full of inimitable Barrie touches, which embroidered a serious and moving appeal. His theme was "Courage," and he said he believed a great fight was coming between "Youth and their Betters; by Youth meaning of course you, and by your Betters us. I want you to take up this position—that Youth have for too long left exclusively in our hands the decisions in national matters that are more vital to them than to us. Things about the next war, for instance, and why the last one ever had a beginning. That the time has arrived for Youth to demand a partnership. That to gain courage is what you come to St. Andrews for. With some alarms and excursions into college life.

"Your Betters had no share in the immediate cause of the war—we know what nation has that blot to wipe out; but for fifty years or so we heeded not

the rumblings of the distant drum—I don't mean by lack of military preparations—and when war did come, we told Youth, who had to get us out of it, tall tales of what it really is and the clover beds it would lead to.

"We were not meaning to deceive, most of us were as honorable and as ignorant as the Youth themselves; but that does not acquit us of stupidity and jealousy, the two black spots in human nature which, more than love of money, are at the root of all evil. If you prefer to leave things as they are, we shall probably fail you again. Don't be too sure that we have learned our lesson and are not at this very moment doddering down some brimstone path. I am far from implying that even worse things than war may not come to a state. There are circumstances in which nothing can so well become a land, as I think this land proved when the late war did break out, and there was but one thing to do. There is a form of anarchy that is more rotting than even an unjust war. The end will indeed have come to our courage, and to us, when we are afraid in dire mischances to refer the final appeal to the arbitrament of arms. I suppose all the lusty of our race alive and dead, join hands on that. But if you must be in the struggle, the more reason you should know why, before it begins, and have a say in the decision whether it is to begin.

"You are already disturbing your Betters considerably. We, your Betters, constantly find you forgetting that we are your Betters. Your answer is that the war and other happenings have shown you that age is not necessarily another name for sapience—that our avoidance of frankness in life and in the arts is often but a cowardly way of shirking unpalatable truths; and that you have taken us off our pedestals because we look more natural on the ground. If Youth but only knew, we used to teach you to sing; but now, just because Youth has been to the war, it wants to change the next line into 'If Age had only to do.' This passive attitude of distrust, however, will not help you or our country much unless it stirs you into getting to know how world-shaking situations arise, how they may be checked and in what way to obtain the fighting partner's share in the decisions. Doubt all your Betters who would deny you that right. Begin by doubting all in high places—except, of course, your professors.

"But doubt all other professors. If it necessitates your pushing us out of our places, still push; you will find it needs some shoving. But the things courage can do! The things that even incompetency can do! If it works with singleness of purpose! Your Betters have done a big thing; we have taken Spring out of the year. And having done that, our leading people are amazed to find that the other seasons are not conducting themselves as usual. The Spring of the year lies buried in the fields of France and elsewhere. By the time the next eruption comes, it may be you who are responsible for it and your sons who are in the lava. All perhaps because this year you let things slide. We are a nice and kindly people, but it is already evident that we are struggling back into the old grooves. We are too old for any others; that is the fundamental difference between us and you. We have no intention of giving you your share. Look around and see how much share Youth has, now that the war is over. You got a handsome share while it lasted.

"I expect we shall beat you; unless your fortitude be doubly girded by a desire to send a message of cheer to your brothers who fell—the only message, I believe, for which they crave; they are not worrying about their Aunt Jane. They want to know if you have learned from what befell them; if you have, they will be braced in the feeling that they did not die in vain. Some of them think they did. They won't take our word for it that they didn't. You are their living image; they know you could not lie to them, but they distrust our flattery on our cunning faces.

"The League of Nations is a very fine thing, but it can't save you, because it will be run by us. Beware your Betters bringing presents. What is wanted is something run by yourselves. You have more in common with the youth of other lands than Youth and Age can ever have with each other; even the hostile countries sent out many a son very like ours, from the same sort of homes, the same sort of universities, with the same sort of hearts, who had as little to do as our Youth had with the origin of the Great Adventure. Can we doubt that many of these on both sides who have gone over, and were once opponent, are now friends? You ought to have a League of Youth as a great practical beginning.

The hatred and jealousies which are keeping continental Europe in a turmoil, the Toronto Globe observes, are a commentary on this advance and warning. In all other countries Youth is reluctant to take its share of public duties and responsibilities, and it has itself to blame if the men who have delided the issues of peace and war in the past are those who were not called upon to do the fighting. Public life will be the healthier in every nation for an infusion of new blood, and the young people fresh from the universities should repay their country by leading the way.

Some Things the Public Would Like to Know:

Pertinent Questions on Matters of General Public Interest are Invited.

Whether Little George should not come within the meaning of the "Migratory Bird" Act?

If the increased cost of cigarettes will force our lady smokers to "hit the pipe?"

A Verse Or Two

(By Modern Poets)

VICTORY.

(By Edmund Vance Cook.)

Did you tackle the trouble that came your way
With a resolute heart and cheerful?
Or hide your face from the light of day
With a craven soul and fearful?
O, a trouble's a ton, or a trouble's an ounce,
Or trouble is what you make it,
And it isn't the fact that you're hurt that counts,
But only, how did you take it?

You are beaten to earth? Well, well, what's that?
Come up with a smiling face;
It's nothing against you to fall flat,
But to lie there, that's disgrace.
The harder you're thrown, why the higher you bounce;
Be proud of your blackened eye,
It isn't the fact that you're licked that counts,
It's how did you fight—and way?

And though you be done to the death, what then?
Gif you battled the best you could,
If you played your part in the world of men,
Why, the critic will call it good,
Death comes with a crawl or comes with a pounce,
And whether he's slow or spry,
It isn't the fact that you're dead that counts,
But only—how did you die?

BIGGER FLEETS THAN EVER NOW

More European Vessels Coming To Fish Cod Off Dominion's Banks

Halifax, N.S., May 31.—The European fishing fleets coming to take cod this season on the banks off the coast of Canada and Newfoundland will, it is reported be larger than in any year since the war. Many of the vessels of the French Metropolitan fleet are now on their way across the Atlantic, and they will be followed within a week or two by the Portuguese fleet.

The French fleet will number over a hundred sailing craft and thirty odd steam trawlers. In the six years preceding the war France sent across the Atlantic an average of 214 sailing vessels to the fishing while the Island of St. Pierre out-fitted a local fleet averaging 43 sail. The number of steam trawlers crossing the same six years from eight to twenty-five. Since the war the number of vessels crossing from France to fish on the Grand or Lesser banks have been:

Year	Sail	Steam
1919	65	44
1920	73	31
1921	96	26

While the number of steam trawlers shows a decline the total tonnage of these craft has not been greatly decreased, as small trawlers have been replaced by larger craft. The Island of St. Pierre which some years ago owned a big fleet of sailing vessels suitable for bank fishing has practically abandoned the old style of fishing, and now its people use motor boats, and confine their efforts to shore fishing.

While the sailing craft of the French fleet make St. Pierre their base of operation the steam trawlers call frequently at North Sydney and Louisbourg, N.S. for fuel and supplies. The favorite fishing ground of the French trawlers is the southern part of the Grand banks, while the French sail craft favor the vicinity of the Virgin Rock.

The Portuguese fishing fleet this year will probably number about sixty sail, an increase of 100 per cent since 1919. The Portuguese work only on the Grand bank, mostly north of the Virgin Rock.

Many of the Canadian fishing vessels are now returning from Quareau, Middle Ground, Sable Island and other lesser banks, and are fitting out for the midsummer trip to the Grand banks, which is their principal trip.

A New York definition of an "office" is "the place where one is sometimes detained while on the way to the links."—Manchester Union.

SEVERAL FIVE HOUR TRAINS BETWEEN QUEBEC—MONTREAL VIA CANADIAN PACIFIC

The CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY maintains between Quebec and Montreal several daily fast trains which bear no comparison. The service is Canadian Pacific standard—there is none better.

The "FRONTENAC" leaves Quebec, Palais Station, at 12.30 p.m. DAILY, arriving Westmont 8.22 p.m. and Montreal, Windsor Station, at 8.50 p.m. From Montreal the "Frontenac" leaves Windsor Station at 8.00 a.m. DAILY, arriving Quebec, Palais Station, at 1.00 p.m.

The "VIGOR" leaves Quebec, Palais Station, at 3.40 p.m. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, arriving Mile End at 8.25 p.m. and Montreal, Place Viger Station, at 8.40 p.m. From Montreal the "Vigor" leaves Place Viger Station, at 4.00 p.m. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, arriving Quebec, Palais Station, at 9.15 p.m. On Sunday an afternoon train leaves Place Viger Station at 1.30 p.m., arriving Palais Station at 7.35 p.m.

Standard time governs all train movements; to convert to daylight saving time, add one hour.

The equipment is of the most modern type and the service unrivalled. In addition to first and second class coaches, the "Frontenac" and the "Vigor" carry electric lighted observation-library-parlor cars, vestibule parlor cars and standard dining car.

In addition to "The Frontenac" and "The Vigor" CANADIAN PACIFIC operates between Quebec and Montreal, a morning train on week days and DAILY night trains to and from Place Viger and Windsor Street stations, train for latter carrying drawing-room compartment electric lighted sleeping car.

Information, tickets, reservations at THREE ticket offices in Quebec: 30 St. John street, phone 93; Chateau Frontenac, phone 1840; Palais Station, phone 663.

BENEFIT OF TRAINING.

A lady was training a new and inexperienced Chinese houseboy, and among other things found it necessary to teach him how to receive a caller, declares Everybody's. "Now, Wing," she said, "when I come home this afternoon I shall ring the bell, and you must pay attention to what I tell you to do when you open the door." When the boy did this on her return, she handed him her visiting card and had him show her into the drawing-room. Before long a caller appeared. Wing took the proffered bit of pasteboard and gravely compared it with his mistress' card, which he produced from his sleeve. At the end of his scrutiny he remarked: "Tickee no same, no can come in."

ITS ONLY USE.

Teacher—"Do you remember what I told you about the north pole?" Tommy—"Er—er—I-I." Teacher—"You never remember anything? What is the use of your head?" Tommy—"To keep my collar from slipping off."

TRYING TO HELP RUSS EDUCATION

Soviet Government Really Making Efforts, According To New Jersey Man

London, May 31.—The Soviet government is really trying to further education in Russia, but because of the lack of supplies and above all the lack of food, "the brains of Russia are dying at present," says E. T. Colton, of Montclair, N.J., who has just returned from Moscow, where he was the Young Men's Christian Association representative on the staff of the American Relief Administration. Mr. Colton's work was confined to investigating conditions among professors and students with a view to affording them A. R. A. relief. This was subsequently given.

"There are more bona fide students in Russia now than there were before the war," Mr. Colton said. "There are many more women students than men even in the mining schools. They are short of all supplies from text books to laboratory instruments. Moreover the professors, most of whom were on the verge of starvation, had no energy left to do research or creative work. Consequently Russian education is not what it was."

It was Mr. Colton who drew up the feeding program for from 7,500 to 10,000 Russian students which the A. R. A. initiated in Moscow, Petrograd and Kazan. It is confined to the two higher classes of university students, a great number of whom are mature men and women, because they abandoned their studies in 1914 to go into war or war work in some form.

"We chose these," Mr. Colton explained, "because they will get nearest into the productive life of Russia. We couldn't possibly feed all with our resources."

One curious thing about the Russian universities is that most of them now function at night, for a great percentage of the students work during the day in order to earn some money.

"There have been many famine deaths among professors and students," Mr. Colton declared. "There will probably be more, because there can be no question but that as a class they are suffering greatly. For the professors to do creative work under present conditions is out of the question. The miracle is that they can work at all, and unless help comes to them quickly, the best brains of Russia will die for lack of food."

THE UNEQUALLED SERVICE OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC BETWEEN QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

The Canadian Pacific runs between Quebec and Montreal, Viger and Windsor stations, the fastest, best equipped and most convenient train service.

Leave Quebec (Palais Station)

8.00 a.m. daily except Sunday, arrive Montreal (Viger station) at 2:15 p.m.

12.30 p.m. daily, arrive Montreal (Windsor station) 5.30 p.m.

3.40 p.m. daily, except Sunday, arrive Montreal (Viger station) at 8.40 p.m.

11.10 p.m. daily, arrive Montreal (Viger station) 6.00 a.m.; (Windsor station) 6.50 a.m.

Arrive Quebec (Palais Station)

6.00 a.m. daily, from Montreal (Windsor station) 10.45 p.m.; (Viger station) 11.10 p.m.

1.00 p.m. daily, from Montreal (Windsor station) 8.00 a.m.

2.40 p.m. daily, except Sunday, from Montreal (Viger station) 8.40 a.m.

7.35 p.m. Sunday only, from Montreal (Viger station) 1.30 p.m.

9.15 p.m. daily, except Sunday, from Montreal (Viger station) 4 p.m.

"Eastern Standard Time" governs all train movements; to convert to "Daylight Saving," add one hour.

The equipment on these trains is of the latest type and offers the most of comfort: first and second class coaches, library-observation parlor car, observation-buffet parlor car, and dining car on day trains. Compartment sleeping cars on night trains.

Information, tickets and reservations at ticket offices: 30 St. John street, Phone 93; Chateau Frontenac, Phone 1840; Palais Station, Phone 663.

Correspondence.

HOLIDAY MAIL SERVICE

Quebec, May 30, 1922.

Editor Quebec Chronicle:

Dear Sir,—Saturday, the 3rd of June, will be observed as a legal holiday in the postal service throughout the Dominion.

The money order branch will be opened all day, but the other departments at the head office and all sub-offices in the city will be opened from 8 to 12 noon. There will be one delivery by carriers about 9 a.m.

E. A. VERRET, Postmaster.

"TIZ" FOR TENDER, SORE, TIRED FEET

The minute you put your feet in a "TIZ" bath you feel pain being drawn out and comfort just soaking in. How good your "TIZ" instantly draws out the poisonous exudations that puff up your feet and cause sore, inflamed, sweaty feet.

"TIZ" and only "TIZ" takes the pain and soreness out of corns, callouses, and bunions. Get a box of "TIZ" at any drug or department store for a few cents. Your feet are never going to bother you any more. A whole year's feet comfort.

The letter was enclosed had been bought at a certain shop by a little girl eight or nine years of age, who had particularly asked for a nice envelope, and said she was writing to a very high person.

The letter was opened by the postmaster. In the envelope was found a small piece of paper torn from an exercise book, and written on it the following message:

"Dear Mr. God—Keep death from the Rogala family, and see that the danger which I know about does not take them."

The postmaster handed the letter to the police, who at once began to search for the writer. A police agent found that the envelope in

Had Your Iron Today?



Never Mind—Re-vitalize

You BET it's warm—the more need then for keeping the vitality up to par.

Vital men resist heat easily. Languid ones are flooded. Re-vitalize yourself and you won't mind the weather.

Get new energy in little raisins.

1560 calories of energizing nutriment per pound in Little Sun-Maids. 75 per cent pure fruit sugar.

Wonderful because this sugar doesn't need, and, therefore, doesn't tax digestion and thus heat the blood. Yet energizes almost immediately.

Contain fatigue-resisting food-iron also. Try a box today.

Little Sun-Maids

Between-Meal Raisins
5c Everywhere

—in Little Red Packages

Fashionable
Store

T. D. DUBUC

Formerly
Donohue's
Store

Smart Ready to Wear For Summer

Jersey Suits in white and colors. Homespun Suits in smart tailored models. Dresses with cape effects made from Canadian Homespun in fashionable shades. Exclusive models in Silk Crepe Gowns. Summer frocks in a variety of pretty styles and new fabrics. JUNIORS' FROCKS—Juniors' and Children's Frocks, in sizes from 1 to 14 years, in a collection of washable goods. Misses' fine Voile Dresses, neatly embroidered and lace trimmed, in various styles and prices. Children's Rompers in sizes 1 to 6 years. GLOVES AND HOSIERY—Silk Hosiery in plain and fancy effects. Children's Socks in an assortment of new combinations. Gauntlet Gloves in shades to match suits.

T. D. DUBUC

188 and 198 St. John Street

CRIME AVERTED THROUGH CHILD

Wrote Letter To Almighty And Thus Frustrated Murder In Poland

London, May 31.—A remarkable instance of a child's precocity resulting in the frustration of a murder and robbery is given in a letter from a correspondent at Przemyśl, Poland, published in the Daily News. The means which the child, an eight-year-old girl, took to prevent the commission of the crime was a letter to the Almighty. It was found in a pillar-box in a small town in Southern Poland, and attracted considerable attention on account of the strangeness of the address.

On the envelope, written in crude, childish characters, was the address: "To The Honorable Mr. God, in Heaven."

The letter was opened by the postmaster. In the envelope was found a small piece of paper torn from an exercise book, and written on it the following message:

"Dear Mr. God—Keep death from the Rogala family, and see that the danger which I know about does not take them."

The postmaster handed the letter to the police, who at once began to search for the writer. A police agent found that the envelope in



New Lines

— of —

SPORT SHOES

Grey and Black—Elk and Black—White Buck, Patent trim—White and Brown—Patent and Grey Strap Brown Oxford and Strap Shoes

Wm. Jacques & Sons
Tel. 427 42 Fabrique Street, Quebec

which the letter was enclosed had been bought at a certain shop by a little girl eight or nine years of age, who had particularly asked for a nice envelope, and said she was writing to a very high person.

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The girl, mortally afraid of her father, could think of no other way to prevent it than by writing a letter to a Higher Power.

On the night fixed for the murder the police surrounded the house of the farmer, and the two would-be murderers were arrested. The little girl was adopted as his own daughter by the man whose life she had saved.

VACANCY SOMEWHERE.

"Lunk says he can write best on an empty stomach."

"His stuff suggests to me that it was written with an empty head."

—Boston Transcript.

DYNES.

Holeproof "pure thread silk" Hose, in 10 shades, for \$1.75
 Niagara Maid Silk Gloves, double tips, in all shades, for 98c
 Penman's Silk Lisle Hose, 3 shades, for 75c
 Special Black and White Silk Boot Hose for 49c
 Special D. & A. Corsets for 98c
 Middies for \$1.00
 Skirts from \$1.00
 Net Guinipes for \$1.75, new Neckwear.
 Little Girls' Gingham and Sailor Wash Dresses

DYNES' 49 St. John St. Tel. 271

MARRIED.

YATES-KAMMERER—On Wednesday, May 31st, at the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity, Quebec, Theodore Markland Yates, M.D., of Philadelphia, to Jean, daughter of Mrs. C. S. Kammerer, of Toronto, Ont.

DIED.

CLAPPERTON—At his residence, Maria, P.Q., on the 31st ult., William Henry Clapperton, Crown Agent and ex-M.L.A., for Bonaventure Co., at the age of 82 years.
 Funeral on Friday, June 2nd, at 8 a.m.
 McCrosson—At St. Bridget's Home on May 31st, 1922, Patrick McCrosson, beloved husband of Mary J. Boyd.
 Funeral will leave the Home on Friday morning, June 2nd, at 8.30 (Daylight Saving) for Sillery Church, thence to the Parish Cemetery.
 Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

GAY PARADE

I.O.D.E. Musical Revue

Through the courtesy of the following tickets may be obtained at:
 Chateau Frontenac.
 Chronicle, Buade Street.
 The Willis Pharmacy, St. John St.
 Joseph Beaudry & Frere, St. John St.
 Merger Building, St. Joseph St.
 Joseph Cote & Co., St. Joseph St.

WEEKLY ROTARY CLUB LUNCHEON

Trade Commissioner Read
 Paper On Industrial History Of Quebec City

The Rotarian lunch meeting held in the Chateau Frontenac palm room yesterday afternoon was as usual well attended by members, Mr. J. A. Larue president, occupied the chair, and the guest of honor and speaker was Mr. O. H. Cote, Board of Trade Commissioner who read a paper in which he traced the industrial history of Quebec from 1663 to the present time. He gave a statistical story of the city's progress from the time of its foundation, saying the population in 1665, numbered 547 people, in the space of one hundred years had increased to 8,867, in 1861 had grown to 50,000, in 1901 the census recorded 85,840, while last year's census only gave the city 94,057, although in reality it should have shown Quebec's population to be 110,500 citizens; 104,993 Catholics and 5,507 Protestants. The property valuation in 1921 was \$120,540,956. Quebec's taxes are low, per capita. He gave the number of employees in Quebec industries as 19,000, and said the average production of each employee, was \$3,175, and pointed out that owing to neglect on the part of many manufacturers to answer the inquiries made by the Federal Statistical Bureau promptly and exactly, the figures given out officially were much lower than they should be. The leather industry was the most important in the city, totaling 30 per cent, and in 1918 out of 53 establishments, 33 returned a production of coats and shoes to the value of \$11,220,602.
 Hon. Frank Carrel, who recently returned from a trip to Europe, was called on to recount his experience, but refrained from doing so at the present time, saying he would later address the Rotarians, and would give them some very important information regarding manufacturing abroad, especially in Germany where goods were manufactured cheaply to compete with the world's trade, and in demonstration of this fact, produced and presented to the president of the club a safety razor, which was manufactured in Germany and sold for 25 cents. Mr. Carrel also exhibited a flash light with a motor which could be worked with the hand to generate the light, the invention of a Frenchman in France, but which was expensive in comparison with German-made goods.

LADIES

"The Forbidden Woman" says:
 "A kiss is merely the advance agent of happiness or alimony, the result depending entirely upon the kisser."

Watch this space tomorrow

WORKMAN FELL FROM STEELWORK OF TOWER.

A man named Fradette engaged on the steel superstructure work for the new tower of the Chateau Frontenac fell to the ground from a steel beam on which he was working, a distance of 35 feet. He was picked up in a state of unconsciousness, and transported to the Hotel Dieu Hospital for treatment, where it was said he had received severe internal injuries, with, however, good hopes for recovery.

ANXIOUS TO PLEASE.

Lady Visitor—And what brought you here, my good man?
 Convict—Well, madam, my father said when I was a boy that he hoped I would marry beauty and brains, and I wanted to please him.
 Lady Visitor—Yes.
 Convict—Bigamy.

SUPERIOR HEALTH BOARD DISSOLVED

Ceased To Exist Today In Accordance With New Provincial Law

In accordance with the legislation, adopted at the last session of the Provincial Government, the Superior Board of Health of the Province of Quebec, created in 1901 under the Parent regime, ceases to exist today. The Superior Board of Health during its 21 years of service accomplished splendid work in the interest of the public health, not only by its education in regard to hygiene but by active practice. Last session the Taschereau Government decided to create a new department to look after provincial health matters and a new law abolishing the Superior Board of Health was passed, and the powers of the Board vested in a bureau in the department of the Provincial Secretary. In addition there has been named an Advisory Board of Health to link up the gap between the Superior Board of Health now gone out of power and the Government department.

The new act provides for a Provincial Board of Health of five members, of whom the Director of Health is chairman. The four other members will be physicians serving without salary, as was the case with the Superior Board of Health. The Director is responsible to the Minister and will be head of the Bureau. As already announced Dr. A. Lessard, Director of Public Health, will be the Director of both departments merged.

The administration of the Bureau, the inspectors and all services will be centered in Montreal and the Inspector General will be Dr. E. M. A. Savard, and the Secretary Dr. E. Pelletier, which is merely confirming these two officials in their appointments under the present organization.

DR. T. M. YATES WED YESTERDAY

Medical Officer Of Grenfell
 Labrador Mission Married
 In Cathedral

Dr. T. M. Yates, the resident medical officer of the Grenfell Labrador Medical Mission at Harlingen, who made the arduous trip last winter by dog sled via Seven Islands and Natashquan to undertake the supervision of the hospital at that point, returned to town recently to meet his bride, Miss Jean Kammerer, from Toronto, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. C. S. Kammerer, Dr. Yates' father, Mr. J. A. Yates, of Philadelphia, together with the Rev. A. H. Forster, of Chicago, also arrived in town to take part in the marriage ceremony, which was held yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity.

His Lordship Bishop Williams, assisted by the Very Rev. Dean Shreve and the Rev. P. Callis, performed the ceremony, the bride being given away by the Rev. A. H. Forster.
 Before pronouncing the benediction His Lordship wished the bride and groom every happiness in their new field of work. He could speak from experience of the splendid work being done along the Labrador Coast and stated that in spite of the many hardships one had to endure the joy of service among the folk fully repaid the sacrifice entailed.
 Notwithstanding the somewhat short notice a number of Dr. Yates' friends were present as guests for the happy occasion, among whom were Sir Richard and Lady Turner, Mrs. Richard Turner, Mrs. C. M. de R. Flinnis, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Clara Wiggins, Mrs. P. Callis and Mr. G. A. Clare.
 Dr. and Mrs. Yates expect to return to Harrington early next week.

MR. W. H. CLAPPERTON HAS PASSED AWAY

It is with deep regret that his many friends in this city will learn of the death of Mr. William Henry Clapperton, who passed away yesterday morning at his residence, in Maria, Bonaventure County, after a prolonged illness.

The late Mr. Clapperton, who occupied the important position for a number of years up to the time of his death, of Crown Lands Agent for the Provincial Government, was an ex-Member of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec. His parents came from Scotland and settled in this Province, where he was educated, and carried on a successful merchant's business in Maria, where he was deservedly popular amongst the community. He represented Bonaventure County for several years in the Legislative Assembly, and later was appointed Crown Lands Agent for the western part of the County, which he filled with marked ability. He was highly esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, and despite his venerable age, 82 years, he was remarkably energetic physically and mentally, and his passing away will be much regretted by a wide circle of friends both in the Ancient Capital and the Gaspe District.

The deceased gentleman leaves to mourn his loss three sons, Mr. Henry Clapperton, of Minneapolis; Mr. Thomas Clapperton, of Maria, P.Q.; and Mr. George Clapperton, of New Carlisle, and two daughters, Mrs. Henry McIntyre, of Campbellton, N.B., and Mrs. T. G. of Maria, P.Q., to whom much sympathy will be extended in their bereavement.

IRISH CONSUL COMING HERE

Mr Joseph Connolly To Deliver Address On Possible Trade Relations

Mr. Joseph Connolly, Irish Free State Consul at New York, will arrive in Quebec tomorrow morning, and the same afternoon at 4 o'clock will address the members of the local Board of Trade, respecting trade relations between Ireland and Canada. The visit of Mr. Connolly to Quebec is essentially on the commercial question, and in order that the public may be afforded an opportunity to hear him express the advantages Ireland offers in regard to trade relations, the meeting will be a general one, which the business public, as well as the members of the Board, is welcome to attend. Owing to this general meeting of the Board of Trade tomorrow afternoon, the committee named at the last council meeting of the Board, to study and receive complaints and suggestions from the general membership regarding the Federal Government Budget, will take place this afternoon instead of tomorrow, as was previously arranged. The committee has been instructed to prepare a memorial on the Budget question, with suggested amendments which will be forwarded to the Minister of Finance, Hon. Mr. Fielding at the beginning of next week, or immediately after it has been submitted to, and approved by the Council of the Board of Trade.

MR. H. F. MILLS' NEW APPOINTMENT

Has Been Promoted To General Superintendent Of The Dominion Textile Co.

While without doubt the congratulations of his numerous friends in Quebec will be delighted to hear of the well deserved promotion of Mr. Harold F. Mills, Manager of the Dominion Textile Mill, at Montmorency Falls, who has just been appointed General Superintendent of the Dominion Textile Company, with headquarters at Montreal, they will very much regret that it means his removal from this city, in which he has resided for the past seventeen years, and where he has become very popular in both business, social and sporting circles.

Although a keen business man, Mr. Mills nevertheless found time to promote as well as take part in several branches of sport, including football, baseball, hockey, curling, and golf, in all of which he excelled. He was for several years President and Captain of the Montmorency Football Club, which under his able direction met with great success, and which one occasion won the Crescent Cup emblematic of the championship of the district. He also held but for the outbreak of the Great War would probably have done so again, the war, however, causing a cessation of play amongst the clubs participating in the League during the latter part of the 1914 season. As a member of the Montmorency Football Club he played in the position of full-back, and not a little of the success attained by the Club was due to his knowledge and skill. Baseball and hockey also claimed his attention, and he encouraged these branches of sport in every way possible. As a member of the Quebec Curling Club, of which he is at present Vice-President, he has taken part in all the important games of the Club, and holds several trophies as mementos of his prowess in that line of sport. Several years ago he decided to take up the Royal and Ancient game of golf and joined the Quebec Club in which he did not take long to make his mark. Last year he was elected to the important position of Captain of the Club, and he gave entire satisfaction, with the result that he was re-elected to that position for the present season. His executive ability is such that the vacancy caused on the Board of Directors of Club will not be easily filled. As a player he has also met with remarkable success, and holds several of the most valuable trophies won in hard competitions over the Montmorency Falls.

Mr. Mills, who is an Englishman, has travelled extensively and a few years after his arrival in Quebec married Miss Doddridge, of this city, who is also very popular among a large circle of friends.
 The departure of Mr. and Mrs. Mills and family for the metropolis will cause much regret among a large section of the community, at the same time they will be pleased to learn of the success which Mr. Mills has attained in the service of such an important company in Canadian industrial circles as the Dominion Textile Company, and will wish them the best wishes to both Mr. and Mrs. Mills and family for their future success and happiness.

GREATER DEMAND FORCES PRICES UP

The increased consumption of tea in 1921, (during which year, by agreement, the tea growers of Ceylon and India had curtailed production) forced the price of tea steadily upwards to the present abnormally high level. The lowering of the duty in England will mean still greater demand, and authorities on tea tell us that still higher prices may be expected.

FIRE ON TERRACE.

The firemen were given a run shortly after eight o'clock last evening for an incident blaze on the terrace, which was quickly extinguished.

MONTH OF MAY DEVOTIONS

Were Closed By St. Patrick's Parish With Befitting Ceremony

The closing exercises of the month of May devotions of St. Patrick's Parish were held last evening at St. Patrick's Church, Grande Allee, and were observed in a manner befitting the importance of the occasion by the members of the Parish, who attended in large numbers.
 The ceremonies attending the event began with a procession, which started from the Church into De Salaberry Street, thence through the grounds at the rear of the Christian Brothers School and St. Bridget's Home, back to the Church.

The procession was headed by a Cross Bearer and Acolytes, followed by the school girls of the parish, the children of St. Bridget's Home, the boys of St. Patrick's School, who were accompanied by the Christian Brothers; then came the Children of Mary, with the statue of the Blessed Virgin, followed by the Rector of the Parish, the Rev. Father Connolly, C.S.B., and the Priests of the Presbytery, after whom walked the men and women respectively of the parish.
 On returning to the Church the Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament was given, at which the Father Rector of the Parish was celebrant, assisted by the Rev. Father O'Sullivan, C.S.B., and the Rev. Father P. Fahey, Chaplain of St. Bridget's Home.
 The exercises throughout were carried out with all the pomp and ceremony of the Holy Church, and were as inspiring as they were impressive, and the attendance of the faithful was such as might be expected from a race that has ever displayed an unsurpassed loyalty and devotion to their Mother Church.

NEW YORK TO QUEBEC BY AIR

Curtis Flying Boat Owned By Chicago Tribune Reached Here Yesterday

Gliding gracefully through the air and taking the water in the St. Lawrence River, opposite the city, a Curtis Seagull Flying Boat arrived here yesterday afternoon and aroused considerable interest.
 The boat is the property of the Chicago Tribune and carried Mr. Morrow Krum, Aviation Editor of the Chicago Tribune, and Mr. John Miller, the Pilot, of the Curtis Company.
 The vessel has been purchased by the Chicago Tribune to be used for inspection and survey purposes of their forest lands in Canada and will be stationed in the vicinity of Lac des Chaleurs, Bonaventure County.

The flying boat left New York on Monday afternoon making several stops, so that the actual flying time taken to reach Quebec was six and a half hours. On leaving New York they flew up the Hudson River and thence over Lake George and Lake Champlain to Montreal and from there they followed the course of the St. Lawrence River to Quebec. Both spoke highly of their pleasant trip and of the cordial receptions which were accorded them wherever they stopped. Their stopping places were Albany, N.Y., Burlington, Vt., Montreal, Three Rivers and here.

The frequent stops were made in order to make an inspection of the various points and to find out the advantages for securing supplies.
 When the plane took the water here a tug boat hastened out to them, and offered them assistance. They were very grateful to the captain of the vessel and were under the impression that he thought they were in an ordinary flying machine and not a sea plane, and that the weak skippers were probably thinking that they might want to be towed.

This is Pilot Miller's first experience in flying over Canadian soil, but he has already flown from New York to Havana, Cuba, in a southerly direction.
 Both were very enthusiastic about their trip, and having a letter of introduction to Chief of Police Trudel from the Chief of Three Rivers, they called on the Chief at his office last night.

Commenting on the trip Mr. Krum said:—"It is simply beautiful to travel this way, and it is surely going to be the future method of travel. Aviation today stands just where the automobile business stood eighteen years ago so it is easy to foresee what the future holds out for aviation."

The plane used by the aviators bore the inscription "N-A.B.C.O." It was explained that these were the international aviation markings. The "N" stands for the United States and the remaining letters stood for "Chicago Tribune".
 At Burlington Vt., the aviators were given a warm welcome. They were greeted by the president of the Aviation Club and were entertained at lunch by the Mayor at the Yacht Club. At Three Rivers yesterday they were entertained by a group of newspapermen.

They expect to remain in Quebec until Saturday then they will resume their flight towards the Baie des Chaleurs. Their next stop after leaving Quebec will probably be at Riviere du Loup.

TWO NEW POLICE SERGEANTS NAMED

At a meeting of the Discipline Committee of the Police Department held yesterday, Constable George Brown, of No. 6 Station, and Constable Oliver Pare, of No. 4 Station, were promoted to the rank of Sergeant. Both men are excellent officers with fine records and both have been on the force for seven years.

MANY DELEGATES HAVE ARRIVED

Annual Convention Of C.E.A. Opens This Morning At Drill Hall

The eighteenth Annual Convention of the Canadian Electric Railway Association, which is being held in Quebec this year, will open this morning at 9 o'clock at the Drill Hall with the Registration of Delegates.

An hour after the official opening addresses of welcome will be read by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, and Mayor Samson, following which the official inspection of exhibits will take place. Then the convention will get down to business.
 Yesterday afternoon the various delegates that have arrived in town registered at the Chateau Frontenac, while there was also a meeting of the executive. Mr. L. E. Moreland, who is the Secretary of the organization, stated last evening that up to noon some two hundred and ten delegates had arrived, and added that some three hundred were expected in all.

This morning, during the inspection of exhibits at the Drill Hall, the R.C.G.A. band, under Capt. Chas. O'Neill, will render selections, while this evening they will play on the Terrace.

Today will be a busy day for the delegates for at 10:30 the business session starts, at which the minutes of the last annual meeting will be read, as well as the address of the President, Mr. G. Gordon Gale and the reports of the Secretary, Treasurer and sub-committee. A nominating committee will be appointed, after which general business will be discussed.

At 11:45 moving pictures by the National Safety League "Safety For All" and "The Only Way" will be shown, while at 12:30 the exhibits will be visited.

A "Get-Together" luncheon for members, associate members and guests at the Chateau is scheduled for 1:30, while at 2:10 a group photograph will be taken at the Champlain Monument.
 From there the members go back to the Drill Hall to resume the work of the convention, while the ladies go for a sight-seeing tour around Quebec, Observation Cars being supplied by the Quebec Railway.

At the afternoon session of the delegates a paper on valuation of street railway assets, their maintenance and depreciation, by Dr. Louis Herdt, consulting engineer of Montreal, will be read, while discussion will be led by Mr. H. E. Weisman, of the Lewis County Railway.

Four o'clock will witness the reading of a paper on the modern street railway motor, by J. K. Stetz, of the Canadian Westinghouse Co., with discussion by Mr. W. G. Gordon, transportation engineer of the Canadian General Electric Co.
 At 4:30 afternoon tea will be served in the exhibit hall, with the R.C.G.A. orchestra in attendance, while at 5 o'clock there will be an inspection of exhibits.

At 7:30 there will be the Association banquet at the Chateau Frontenac for members, associate members and ladies, to be presided over by the Association's ex-honorary President, Col. J. E. Hutchinson, while at 10 there will be dancing, thus closing a busy day.

The Convention will continue on until Saturday, being scheduled to come to an end the last day this week.

BUILDING ACTIVE FOR MONTH OF MAY
 248 Permits Issued Aggregating In Value A Sum Of \$603,000.
 A building permit for the sum of \$135,000, was issued at the City Hall yesterday to the Banque Nationale for another building adjoining the immense structure which is just being completed on St. Peter street.
 The new building will be 60x60 and will be eight stories in height.
 With the issuance of this large permit yesterday the value of the buildings started during the month of May aggregated a sum of \$603,000. This falls short of the corresponding month last year when the value of new buildings rose to \$915,000. The month of May last year was a record as regards the value of buildings, but the month of May this year while falling short in the value of buildings, constitutes a record in the number of permits issued which totals 248 as compared with 140 in May, 1921.

COUNTRY SALE.

The General Bursall Chapter, I.O.D.E., are holding a sale on Friday next, June 2nd, at the Mountain School House, St. Louis Road, at the terminus of the Sillery car line, at 3.30 p.m.

There will be a table of useful and fancy articles, also flowers and country produce. Afternoon tea will be served. Come and bring your friends.

—June 1, 2.

WOMAN PROTESTS HER INNOCENCE.

A woman from St. Marc de Carriery, County of Archambault, named Madame Leduc de Laguerre, was found guilty of selling liquor in violation of the Provincial Liquor Act, and sentenced by Judge Choquette to one month's imprisonment. After the sentence had been pronounced the defendant arose from her seat in court and declared that she was innocent, and never sold a glass of liquor.

Mr. Ford was wise to make his Muehls Shoals proposal extend over a hundred years; he knew he had to get it through the senate—Col. Umbria, S.C., Record.

With Big Reductions :

A Sale of Coats

FOR week-end selling we offer the whole of our coats, capes, wraps and dolmans, arranged in four groups, and priced so attractively that every good judge of value will recognize at once the opportunities they offer.



35 Coats in Polo and Velour, some are lined. All are very stylishly designed, and workmanship and finish is of the best. Regular prices up to \$30.00. For \$15.75

25 Coats made of fine Chinchilla, Polo and Velour Cloth. Ideal for either sport or dressy wear. In all the new Spring shades. Most are full lined, and trimmed with fancy stitching. Regular \$45. to \$50. For \$27.50

\$27.50



25 Capes, Wraps and Dolmans. Made of fine Poiret twill, duvetyne, Normandy and Tricotine. Colors, navy, black, sand and Princess Mary Blue. All have choice silk linings. Prices from \$60. to \$97.50 for

\$35.00 and \$45.00

La Voque
 264 St. John St.

57th BATTERY

CANADIAN FIELD ARTILLERY MILITIA
 Paid Drills for three weeks more before going to Bonanza Camp. Would like to take a few more RECRUITS.
 Regular Training with PAY, 6 days' CAMP, ..Companionship and training.
 Apply on Drill Nights, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, to the 57th BATTERY ORDERLY ROOM, DRILL HALL, QUEBEC.
 June 1st

Auto Lottery Sale

Sale of DRESSES for Children

Cotton Dresses for children of 3 to 12 years: values \$2.00 to \$2.75 for \$1.29, \$2.75 to \$3.50 for \$1.99
 Gingham Dresses for girls of 8 to 14 years: values \$4.50 to \$6.00 for \$2.50 and \$3.50

25 Kimonos of colored cotton crepe: priced \$3.95 to \$6.00 for \$1.99 and \$2.99

36 Suits of fine quality serge and tweed, for ladies, spring 1922 styles, Less 25 Percent

Blouses of fine quality crepe de chine, assorted colors; values \$7.50 and \$8.25 for \$2.99 and \$4.39

Cotton Socks, white and colors, for children, sizes 4 to 8½. Special value at 29c

300 pairs of ribbed Silk Stockings for ladies. Exceptional value at, per pair 90c

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere
 254 to 264 St. John St.
 Telephone 8300

Auto Lottery Sale

AUTO LOTTERY SALE

Fleming Was Awarded The Decision Over Deschamps

SUGGESTS NAMES FOR COMMISSION

Local Sportsman Has Three Individuals In View For Sporting Commission

The following letter regarding the appointment of the members of the sporting commission of this city was received at this office last evening:

Quebec, May 31st, 1922.
To the Sporting Editor of the Chronicle, Quebec.

Dear Sir:

Permit me to make a few suggestions regarding the appointment of the members of the projected Sporting Commission of our city. I have three names to suggest for public approval and I believe that your paper will find enough to allow me the space to do so.

Having had personal relations with those who are actively connected with sports as well as with those who promote it for the benefit of our youth and the good name of the city, I have come to the conclusion that of the commissioners whom the city will select shortly the best three would be Messrs. Dr. Oulton Leclerc, Edward Armstrong and Paul Emile Parent.

Familiar with all sports, Dr. Leclerc has a deep knowledge of boxing; he is absolutely impartial and has the courtesy of his convictions. Besides, as a physician he would be of great value to the commission (first of all, and to the sporting organizations and particularly to boxers, for he would certainly not permit a contestant weakened by a foul or otherwise to continue fighting.

Mr. Edward Armstrong is unquestionably one of our most competent citizens to fill the duties of commissioner. He would represent in a worthy manner the English or Irish element (Catholic or Protestant; he moreover, has a first hand knowledge of all branches of sport, and particularly of boxing having taken it up actively himself in Quebec as well as in Europe. Like Dr. Leclerc, his impartiality could not be questioned and his services as a commissioner would be of great value.

As to Mr. Paul E. Parent, the reports which he gives of sporting events clearly prove his competence and his wide knowledge. In pugilism he has the right idea just as it is understood by Quebec sportsmen. By appointing him we would, moreover, have the advantage of relying upon his valuable services in his capacity as newspaperman by making us known to people in the other provinces and by permitting them to appreciate, as it deserves to be, the sporting spirit of the people of our good city.

In these few lines I have given my reasons for supporting the suggestions which I make.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your valuable space, I remain,
Yours very truly,
LOUIS JOSEPH NADEAU.

Archives Office,
Quebec Court House.

BELLINGER WON STEEPLECHASE

At Connaught Park Yesterday With St. Paul In Second Place

Ottawa, May 31—Connaught Park results.

First race, three-year-olds and up, 5 furlongs—The Brigian, 111; Turner, \$3.90, \$3.25, \$2.25, won; Max Gold, \$2, Gregory, \$5, \$2.40, second; Myrtle Crown, 100, Swart, \$3, third, Time, 1:08. Little Patsy, Lady Rochester, Lucky Pearl, Janina and Cannon Ball also ran.

Second race, three-year-olds and up, 5 furlongs—Mazda Reed, 115, Williams, \$5.60, \$3.65, \$2.65, won; Heel Tap, 116, Parrington, \$2.95, \$2.50, second; Seth's Lemon, 111, Loganowski, \$2.70, third, Time, 1:01.5. Hasty Arrow, George Choo and The Usher also ran.

Third race, steeplechase, maiden four-year-olds and up, about two miles—Hellingier, 145, Hanna, \$9.95, \$4.15, \$2.50, won; St. Paul, 140, McAfee, \$2.85, \$2.60, second; Briganna, 155, Barry, \$2.85, third, Time, 4:00. By Heck and Courteous also ran.

Fourth race, three-year-olds and up, six furlongs—Cambridge, 113, Turner, \$4.90, \$3.15, \$2.75, won; Clansman, 111, Parrington, \$3.90, \$3.40, second; Knot Grass, 109, Anderson, \$4.65, third, Time, 1:12 2-5. Redmon, Sun Bee, Bromelia and Little Ridge also ran.

Fifth race, three-year-olds and up, mile and seven-eighths—Woodbine, 105, Erickson, \$23.55, \$6.95, \$4.05, won; Yowell, 114, Williams, \$2.05, \$2.85, second; Impersonator, 95, Walsh, \$4.90, third, Time, 1:16 4-5. Sudor, Lady Heart and Gailou Berry also ran.

Sixth race, four-year-olds and up, mile and a furlong—Behrhor, 95, Turner, \$5.75, \$2.70, \$2.85, won; Old Faithful, 103, Claver, \$4.45, \$4.10, second; Fireworth, 105, Wallis, \$7.20, third, Time, 1:55 3-5. Viva Cuba, Marjorie M., Harry M. Stevens and Bonnevillie also ran.

Seventh race, claiming, purse \$500, for four-year-olds and up, one mile and a furlong—Sailor, 111, Thompson, \$9.60, \$5.90, \$3.70, won; Spectacular Girl, 109, Erickson, \$4.60, \$3.30, second; Mary Jane Baker, 109, Turner, \$3, third, Time, 1:56 2-5. The Portuguese, Little Bear, Polu and Thistle Queen also ran.

At the present rate of consumption, the movie press agents will precipitate a world-wide shortage of adjectives within a few years.—St. Joseph News-Press.

BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn Beat Braves.

Brooklyn, May 31—Brooklyn bunched two doubles and a single for two runs in the fifth inning and two singles with a pass and an error for two more in the seventh off Oeschger today, beating Boston 4 to 1 and winning the odd game of the five-game series. Grimes pitched his best game of the season. Score:

R. H. E.
Boston . . . 001000000—1 5 1
Brooklyn . . . 0002020X—4 7 2
Batteries: Oeschger and O'Neill; Grimes and Miller.

Pirates Near Top.

Pittsburgh, May 31—Pittsburgh moved within a game and a half of first place by taking today's game from Cincinnati while the New York Giants lost. The Pirates took three of the four-game series with the Reds. Couch and Schnell were unable to check the slugging Pittsburghers, who won 11 to 2. Score:

R. H. E.
Cincinnati . . . 001000000—1 5 2
Pittsburgh . . . 31002400X—11 14 1
Batteries: Couch, Schnell and Hargrave; Lutz, Hamilton and Gooch, Jonard.

Phillies Lamed Giants.

Philadelphia, May 31—Lee Meadows held New York to seven hits scattered today and Philadelphia achieved its third victory of the five-game series, 3 to 1. The timely hitting of Henline, Williams and Lee was a feature. Score:

R. H. E.
New York . . . 100000000—1 7 1
Philadelphia . . . 00010010X—3 8 0
Batteries: Ryan and Snyder; Meadows and Henline.

Chicago vs. St. Louis: Postponed.

rain.

National League Standing.

Team	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	23	15	60.5
Pittsburgh	24	16	60.0
St. Louis	23	20	53.5
Brooklyn	23	21	52.3
Chicago	20	20	50.0
Cincinnati	22	24	47.8
Philadelphia	15	25	37.5
Boston	14	25	35.9

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Browns Beat Bengals.

St. Louis, May 31—The final game of the series went to the Browns today, Detroit losing 7 to 5. When the Tigers threatened in the ninth, Pruett replaced Vangilder, Shorten took Tobin's place in the fielding and batting position, the latter having been suspended indefinitely due to arguments in the second Memorial Day game. Score:

R. H. E.
Detroit . . . 000201002—5 13 6
St. Louis . . . 03004000X—7 10 2
Batteries: Dauss, Johnson and Bassler; Woodall, Vangilder, Pruett and Severid.

Sox and Senators Divide.

Boston, Mass., May 31—Washington lost the first game of its double header today with Boston 4 to 4, but won the second game 7 to 5. Score:

R. H. E.
Washington . . . 002000010—4 10 4
Boston . . . 06000000X—6 6 2
Batteries: Johnson and Pincin; Fullerton, Russell and Ruel.

Second Game.

R. H. E.
Washington . . . 200000104—7 11 2
Boston . . . 000030001—4 10 2
Batteries: Mogridge and Gharney; Ferguson and Walters, Ruel.

Cleveland Dropped Another.

Cleveland, May 31—Chicago made it three out of four from Cleveland, winning today's game 8 to 4. Kaito, Chicago left fielder, hit two home runs and missed another by only a few feet. Score:

R. H. E.
Chicago . . . 010005020—8 10 1
Cleveland . . . 100002000—4 9 0
Batteries: Robertson and Schalk; Bagby and O'Neill.

Only games scheduled.

America League Standing.

Team	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	27	17	61.5
St. Louis	25	18	58.1
Philadelphia	19	20	48.7
Detroit	20	22	47.6
Cleveland	20	23	46.5
Chicago	19	23	45.2
Boston	17	23	42.5

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 21; Newark, 1.

Newark, May 31—Jersey City made it three in a row over the Bears here today, winning by the score of 2 to 1. Score:

R. H. E.
Jersey City . . . 002000000—2 6 1
Newark . . . 001000000—1 7 3
Batteries: Carruthers and Schick; Barnhardt and Manning.

Hustlers Won From Stars.

Syracuse, N.Y., May 31—Rochester won 10 to 8. Hustles played game from Syracuse today 10 to 8, the home team being able to hit effectively only in the opening and closing innings. Score:

R. H. E.
Rochester . . . 410030110—19 11 2
Syracuse . . . 500000003—8 11 4
Batteries: Bach, Hughes and Luke; Stewart, Zells and Neibergall.

Orioles Beat Marines.

Reading, Pa., May 31—Baltimore landed on the Reading pitchers for a total of 22 hits and 12 runs here today and won the game by the score of 12 to 6. Score:

R. H. E.
Baltimore . . . 322001022—12 22 3
Reading . . . 200010210—6 11 2
Batteries: Ogden and McAvoy; Neuhaus, Carls, M. Thomas and Johnson.

Leads Trimmed Blisons.

Buffalo, May 31—Taylor held Buffalo today, although hit hard in the fourth, when the Blisons scored four runs. The final score was 9 to 5 in Toronto's favor. Score:

R. H. E.
Toronto . . . 000050400—9 14 1
Buffalo . . . 000401000—5 10 1
Batteries: Taylor and Devine; Ketchum, McCabe, Fisher and Bengough.

FRANKIE FLEMING AWARDED DECISION

Canadian Lightweight Champion Floored Deschamps Three Times

Montreal, May 31—Frankie Fleming, junior lightweight champion of Canada, was awarded the judges' decision over Oscar Deschamps, French Canadian challenger, in a ten-round bout at the Mount Royal Arena here tonight.

The fight, which was one of the most spectacular ever seen in this city, went the full distance. Deschamps was floored three times, but was up again immediately each time. In the seventh round the French Canadian claimed he had been fouled. Examination by the doctors of the Montreal Boxing Commission, however, failed to show any trace of a foul and the fight was allowed to proceed. Deschamps went at his man like a whirlwind, but could only rarely penetrate Fleming's defence.

Jack Jarvis, of Toronto, middleweight, outpointed Tommy Dwyer, of London, England, in a six-round bout.

The other bouts were between local fighters.

Commenting on the fight, the Montreal Gazette says:

Fleming extended himself to the limit and won his victory by a comfortable margin but only after the outcome hung in the balance for several minutes during the progress of the eighth round while physicians were examining Deschamps who claimed a foul. Deschamps appeared to be in great distress and clung to the ropes until he was carried to his corner. That he was in distress is unquestionable, as throughout every round he had been subjected to vicious body punishment by his opponent, but to the impartial observer the fact that his most strenuous effort was made after he had collapsed and writhed about the ring apparently in agony, seemed just a bit incongruous, and far from enhanced his reputation for willingness to "take it."

There was naturally some difference of opinion among the 3,700 fans present as to whether or not Fleming had landed foul, despite the official findings. In this respect, the decision of the Commission physicians, Doctors Wiseman and McCormack and the action of Deschamps after claiming the foul, would distinctly point to the fact that no foul blow was struck with sufficient force to have caused Deschamps the distress which he appeared to have. The only answer, therefore, is that Deschamps was a beaten fighter in the seventh round and was seeking a way out.

BOXING CARD FOR MONDAY NIGHT

Excellent Programme Has Been Arranged To Be Staged At "Ex" Grounds

A real good program of boxing bouts has been arranged by the Exhibition Commission, to be staged at the Exhibition Grounds Monday night. With such fighters as Kid Dube, Tommy Buck, Charlie White, Young McNaughton, Young Pierce and Kid Johnny scheduled to show their wares the evening, the card certainly appears to be one of the best put on for some time.

The curtain-raiser of the evening will bring together Kid Briand and Kid Johnny. The next bout on the program will be Young McNaughton of this city and Kid Bloom of Montreal in action. This match is expected to be replete with excitement and should please the fans. Charlie White, the Cap Blanc idol, will be seen in the semi-final against no less a personage than Young Pierce, the rugged Montreal brawler. Everybody is aware that when White steps into the ring there is plenty of action forthcoming, and as Pierce is also one of the aggressive type, the byword of this scrap will be action sure. The feature attraction on the card will be the contest between Tommy Buck of Philadelphia and Kid Dube of Lewiston, Me. All local fight fans know what Dube can do and he has already proved his worth around here. Buck, on the other hand, will also renew old acquaintances as he has fought here before and put up an excellent battle, so Dube will have to show all of his stock in trade to be in the running.

WATCHFUL.

Shopper (looking at socks)—Aren't they rather loud?
Shop Assistant—Yes, sir. They are specially made for people whose feet are in the habit of going asleep.

THREE RIVERS AND OTTAWA SPLIT DOUBLE-HEADER

Three Rivers, Que., May 31—Three Rivers and Ottawa divided a double-header here this afternoon in the Eastern Canada Baseball League. The first game went to twelve innings, the locals winning in the twelfth; the second was a hitting affair with Ottawa registering sixteen awats and winning decisively. Scores:

First Game: R. H. E.
Ottawa . . . 10000100000—2 8 4
Three Riv. . . 00010000001—3 10 4
Batteries: Johnson and Army; Grenier and Bailey.

Second Game.

R. H. E.
Ottawa . . . 020307000—13 16 0
Three Rivers . . . 102000000—3 9 2
Batteries: Frankhouse and Army; Seites and Bailey.

International League Standing.

Team	W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	23	14	62.4
Rochester	25	16	61.0
Toronto	24	18	57.1
Buffalo	22	21	51.1
Reading	22	24	48.0
Jersey City	21	25	45.6
Syracuse	12	26	32.1
Newark	12	20	30.2

GOOD PRICES AT THORNGCLIFFE

Sun Dial Returned Highest Price In Winning Fourth Race

Toronto, May 31—Results:

First race, 2-year-olds, claiming 4 1-2 furlongs—Stylish Miss, 107, Stirling, \$23.20, \$6.70, \$3.15, won; Miss Beulah, 112, Pickens, \$3.20, \$2.45, second; Miss Edna, 106, McTaggart, \$2.85, third, Time: 55 4-5. Dentaria, Slyfox, Jealous Woman and Briand, also ran.

Second race, 3-year-olds, claiming 1-1/2 furlongs—Cuba Encanto, 114, Pickens, \$10.40, \$6.80, \$4.30, won; Pepper Tea, 94, Ralls, \$11.70, \$6.60, second; Moss Fox II, 101, Gregory, \$6.60, third, Time: 1:07. Harry Maxim, Horig, Cape Pillar, Push Pin, Brilliant Ray, Little Ammie and Lady Patricia, also ran.

Third race, 4-year-olds and up, claiming six furlongs—Tallman, 110, Weiner, \$2.40, \$2.65, \$2.50, won; Top O' The Morning, 103, Dwyer, \$7.65, \$2.95, second; Bullet Proof, 112, Alexandra, \$2.30, third, Time: 1:13 1-5. Bill McCloy, Otkisen, Different Eyes and Frank Monroe, also ran.

Fourth race, 4-year-olds and up, claiming six furlongs—Sun Dial II, 112, McTaggart, \$4.15, \$3.70, \$4.65, won; Carmendale, 113, Alexandra, \$3.20, \$2.60, second; Some Baby, 110, Peden, \$3.00, third, Time: 1:13. Hidden Jewel, Alvard, rack O'Dawn and Fitzbodie, also ran.

Fifth race, handicap, 3-year-olds and up, mile and a sixteenth—Mock Orange 97, Flynn, \$13.25, \$5.60, \$3.15, won; Planet, 104, Weiner, \$5.10, \$2.95, second; By Gone Days, 110, Wallace, \$2.40, third, Time: 1:45. Louis Fair Game, War Zone and Vindame, also ran.

Sixth race, claiming, 4-year-olds and up, mile and an eighth—Chefs, 105, Thomas, \$21.45, \$5.60, \$3.40, won; Doctor Jim, 112, McDermott, \$2.75, \$2.35, second; Explosive, 110, Stirling, \$2.90, third, Time: 1:53 3-5. Hendrie, Sporting Chance, Let's, Summer, Sigh and Mark West, also ran.

Seventh race, claiming, purse \$1,000, 4-year-olds and up, mile and 70 yards—Sheba, 101, Thomas, \$9.90, \$4.25, \$2.70, won; Antilles, 106, Stirling, \$4.25, \$2.75, second; Belario 110, Alexandra, \$2.40, third, Time: 1:45 2-5. Roy C., Nenette and Johnny O'Neill, also ran.

Entries For Today:

First race, \$1,000 for maiden, 3-year-olds, 5 1-2 furlongs—Playwright, 103; Neapolitan, 112; Radical, 112; Wise Lady, 110; Brother John, 115; Plaudel, 112; Callstoga, 110; Airtan, 112; Consul, 112.

Second race, claiming, \$1,000, for 3-year-olds and up, 5 1-2 furlongs—Happy Ruxton, 98; x-Turnabout, 107; Leafeld, 105; Creamwood Boy, 99; Viola Park, 110; Vailed Colleen, 94; Leading Star, 109; Torrado, 103.

Third race, claiming, \$1,000, for 3-year-olds and up, 5 1-2 furlongs—Broadview, 101; Sweet Violet, 104; Marmite, 110; Assumption, 109; x-Artic King, 107; Avion, 109; Hinddoan, 106; Panaman, 112.

Fourth race, claiming, \$1,000 for 3-year-olds, 5 1-2 furlongs—x-May Mauley, 96; Amrah Go On, 112; Vanessa Welles, 104; Loy Miss, 101; Rally New, 112; Tricks, 102; x-Rud-dies, 100; x-Old Sinner, 112; Ultra Gold, 111.

Fifth race, the Flight Handicap, \$1,500, 3-year-olds and up, six furlongs—Darkages, 95; The Lamb, 105; Modesty, 98; Madeline Lillian, 107; a-Photoplay, 98; Tuscola, 107; Ultima, 102; Last One, 108; Despair, 102; Champlain, 109; a-Diamond, 108; Cammandale, 120.

Sixth race, claiming, \$1,000 for 4-year-olds and up, foaled in Canada one mile and twenty yards—Player, 100; Belloy, 106; Jim Petry, 104; Capt. B., 102; x-Sweet Bouquet, 107; Mallowmet, 102; Salmore, 102; Hockmilk, 105; Joe S., 105.

Seventh race, claiming, \$1,000 for 4-year-olds and up, mile and up, sixteenth—x-Roisterer, 98; Commie C., 105; x-Coffin, 106; Dantize, 107; Furbelow, 109; Dark Hill, 109.

x-Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear. Track fast.

CAPTAIN CUTTLE WON THE DERBY

Lord Woolavington's Colt Lead Field Of Thirty--Favorite Finished Fourth

(Canadian Press Cable.)

London, May 31—An enormous crowd, probably the largest that ever saw the running of the great classic, was on hand at Epsom Downs today for the 139th renewal of the Derby, the greatest and most popular, if not the oldest of the five classic races for three-year-olds that feature the flat racing in England. The places of advantage around the course were filled with omnibuses, motor coaches, motor cars and all other kinds of vehicles from an early hour. The principal enclosure was so packed with people that movement was impossible. The crowd was very good humored, however, and the police had little difficulty in keeping the course cleared.

Lord Woolavington's chestnut colt, Captain Cuttle, is the new equine hero of the hour and his victory today was a most decisive one, four lengths separating the Woolavington colt and Lord Astor's Tamar. Three lengths behind Tamar came A. Barclay Walker's Craigangower. St. Louis, favorite, finished fourth, while Pondoland, which was also much fancied by the public, made a very poor showing indeed. Thirty started in today's classic, the field thus equalling in size any that has faced the starter in the past sixty years.

In many respects the result of today's race resembles that of a year ago. Steve Donoghue, premier jockey of the English turf, had the mount on the winner today and a year ago; the favorites were beaten today, as was the case a year ago.

Lord Astor's colors were second on both occasions. The winner of today's classic was third in the Two Thousand Guineas, the first of the classics run during the year; Humors, last year's Derby winner, also finished third in the Guineas, and finally the winners of the Guineas last year and this year were second on both occasions.

Steve Donoghue has increased his Derby winners to four and is thus only one short of equalling Fred Archer's record of five.

Lord Woolavington, formerly known as Sir James Buchanan, has long been prominent on the English turf, but this is the first occasion on which his colors have been carried by a winner of the great classic.

Captain Cuttle, which today won the blue ribbon of the turf for his owner, is a great upstanding chestnut colt with a blaze face. He is by Hurry On—Bella Vista by Cyllene—Emotion, by Muschorpe and was bred by his owner, for whom he was trained by Fred Darling at Beckhampton. Although badly defeated in the Newmarket classic, Captain Cuttle's supporters predicted a different result when the two met again in the Epsom classic, claiming that his showing would be much more favorable on the Epsom course than over the Rowley mile.

As a two-year-old Captain Cuttle was seen in but one race, the Ruess two-year-old stakes at Doncaster. He was a good second to Collaborator in that event. Two starts this season, he won the Wood Dutton stakes at Newmarket, and was third in the Two Thousand.

Lord Astor's brown colt Tamar, by Tracery-Hamozee, second in today's race, was ridden by Frank Bullock, while G. Barry had the mount on Craigangower. A. B. Walker's Poly-melus-Fortuna colt. At the post the odds against Captain Cuttle and Tamar were 10 to 1, while Craigangower was quoted at 20 to 1 against.

A clerk in a Liverpool insurance office, Miss Gwendoline Thomas, drew Captain Cuttle to win the Derby in one of the big sweepstakes. She sold a half share in the ticket a few days ago for £3,000, but retained the other half, thus winning about £50,000 additional.

RIGHT FIELDER TOBIN GETS INDEFINITE SUSPENSION

St. Louis, Mo., May 31—Right Fielder Tobin, of the St. Louis Americans, was given notice of an indefinite suspension this afternoon by Umpire "Brick" Owens, as a result of an altercation during yesterday's game with the Detroit Tigers.

Fitcher Shocker, who was ordered out of the game with Tobin, was not mentioned by Owens. Whether the notice of suspension came from B. B. Johnson, League President, was unknown here.

INTER

Yesterday's Stock Market In New York Was Irregular

TENDENCIES WERE LARGELY GOVERNED BY HAPPENINGS OVER THE HOLIDAY RECESS

Further Weakness in Southern Pacific Shares—Union Pacific Strong—Oils Continued to Advance—Leaders Among Steels, Equipments And Motors Sluggish

New York, May 31.—Tendencies in today's irregular stock market were largely governed by happenings in the final hour of Monday's session and other happenings over yesterday's recess, including industrial mergers.

The decision of the United States Supreme Court declaring the Southern Pacific-Central Pacific combination invalid created further weakness in Southern Pacific shares, but Union Pacific which may benefit by the decree, was strong.

Reading common developed weakness on the ruling of the court which gives that stock no priority over the preferred shares in the distribution of the company's subsidiary assets, while Reading first and second preferred, scored extreme gains of 4-1/2 and five points respectively. Tobacco Products strengthened on news of its prospective alliance with United Retail Stores.

The latter was freely sold at a decline of three points, in marked contrast of the strength of other leaders of the tobacco group, Sumatra excepted.

Oils continued to advance for the most part under lead of Mexican and Pan-American Petroleum, Genral Asphalt and several of the domestic group, but cancelled much of their gain later when Standard Oil of California reacted.

Leaders among steels, equipments and motors were sluggish, giving place to speculative issues. British Empire Steel first and second preferred rose sharply with Nova Scotia and Republic, Midvale and Vanadium hardened.

Sugars, metals and several of the food specialties were bought on higher prices quoted for rail and refined commodities. Individual issues of these descriptions included Coca Cola and Postum Cereal, both at high records; American Beet Sugar and Food Products, but prices as a whole eased as money rates rose.

Sales amounted to 1,233,000 shares.

Call loans opened at 4 per cent, advanced to 4 1/2 in the fourth hour and to five per cent, in the final half hour.

The stiffening of rates was ascribed to shifting of funds resulting from June interest and dividend payments.

Thirty day loans were made at 4 per cent, but longer dates were fractional higher.

Apart from the firmness of British rates, leading foreign exchange rates eased moderately from Monday's best quotations. Brokers reporting renewed offerings of French and Italian bills. Paris cables gave no intimation of new developments regarding German Reparations.

Among the neutral exchanges the Dutch rate cancelled most of its recent rise.

Trading in the bond market today was noteworthy chiefly from the fact that practically all the Liberty issues sold at par or better on very heavy transactions, embracing several individual lots of \$1,000,000.

In the main the bond list was uncertain, although investment offerings among transportation and high grade industrials were disposed to strengthen. That tendency also applied to most of the foreign loans, Mexican 4s, and 5s, excepted.

The feature of the railway division was Southern Pacific, Central Pacific collateral trust 4s. That issue reacted almost half way from its meteoric rise of over eleven points on Monday following news of the Supreme Court's decision dissolving the merger of those companies.

New underwritings of the day included the Province of Manitoba, \$3,934,000 five per cent, bonds.

(By L. G. BEAUBIEN & Co.)

Stocks.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Allis-Chalmers	49	49 1/2	49	49 1/2
Amn Beet Sugar	47	47 1/2	47	47 1/2
Amn Bosch Magneto	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Amn Can Co	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Amn Car & Fwy	164 1/2	164 1/2	164 1/2	164 1/2
Amn Int'l Corp	49	49 1/2	49	49 1/2
Amn Locomotive	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2
Amn Smelters	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
American Sugar	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Amn Sugar Tobacco	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Amn Woolen	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
Armstrong Copper	57	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
Atchafalca Railway	100 1/2	100 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Atlantic Gulf	42 1/2	42 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Baldwin Loco	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	51 1/2	51 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Both Steel "B"	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Calif Petroleum	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Canadian Pacific	142 1/2	142 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2
Central Leather	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Chandler Motors	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Chgo M & St. Paul	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
do do pfd	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Chgo Rock Island	48 1/2	48 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Columbia Gas	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Corn Products	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Crucible Steel	75 1/2	75 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Cuban Cane Sugar	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Eric R R	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Famous Players	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2
Goodrich Tire	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
General Motors	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Great Northern pfd	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Inspiration Copper	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Int Mer Marine	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
do do pfd	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
Int'l Paper	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Int'l Harvesters	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Kelly Springfield	52 1/2	52 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Kennecott Copper	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
Lackawanna Steel	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Lehigh Valley	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Midvale Steel	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Middle States Oil	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Missouri Pacific	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
New Haven R R	33 1/2	33 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
N Y Central	91 1/2	91 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Northern Pacific	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2
Ohio City Gas	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Pacific Oil	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Pan-Am Petrol	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Pierce Arrow	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
People's Gas	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
Pere Marquette	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Pressed Steel	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Reading Co	77 1/2	77 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2
Republic Iron	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Royal Dutch	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Sinclair Cons	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Southern Pacific	90 1/2	90 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
Southern Railway	25 1/2	25 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Sears Roebuck	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Stromberg Carb	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
Studebaker	124 1/2	124 1/2	123 1/2	123 1/2
Texas Co	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Texas Pacific	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Tobacco Products	82 1/2	82 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Union Pacific	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2
Uni Ret Stores	70 1/2	70 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
U S Ind Alcohol	69 1/2	69 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
U S Rubber	68 1/2	68 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
U S Steel	101 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Utah Copper	69 1/2	69 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Vanderbilt Steel	51 1/2	51 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Westinghouse Electric	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Willis-Overland	10 1/2	10 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2

Oil Market

London, May 31.—Close—
Calticut lined 120, 10s.
Lined oil 42s.
Sperm oil 132.
Petroleum, American refined 1s.
Ed. futures 1s. 5d.
Turpentine spirits 70s.
Rosin, American strained 13s. 9d.
type "C" 14s. 9d.
Tallow, Australian, 37s. 9d.
Savannah, May 31.—Turpentine
steady 9 3/4; sales none; receipts
376; shipments 470; stock 11,672.
Rosin firm, sales 782; receipts 1,194
652; shipments 35; stock 59,003.

Gov't. Bond Yields

Compiled by L. G. Beaubien & Co.
Bonds Free From Usual Income Tax

1922	5 1/2	99.90	5.70
1927	5 1/2	100.75	5.30
1937	5 1/2	100.40	5.00
1923	5 1/2	99.80	5.60
1933	5 1/2	102.65	5.20

War Loans.

1925	5	99.15	6.55
1931	5	98.50	5.00
1937	5	100.00	5.00

Victory Bonds

Subject to Income Tax	5 1/2	99.35	5.80
1934	5 1/2	100.65	5.42

Closing Letters By Local Brokers

(By Bruneau & Co.)
New York, May 31.—The market today has been irregular in the extreme with active dealings but with an uncertain tone, and stocks generally were strong until the last hour when there was a moderate setback. There is no sign of a real reaction, but as we are in the tenth month of steady advance it is well to bear this fact in mind that the advance has been a record one, and although developments are still on the constructive side the stock market is subject to certain rules, just as human life is, and in the long run these can generally be determined by what has happened in other cases and at other times. Wall Street houses are reported to have largely increased their debts and hence the market is no doubt in a much more vulnerable condition than it was three months ago.

(By Breen, Gourdeau & Charlebois)
New York, May 31.—There were price changes in both directions from the opening today, with many industrials starting higher, but with Southern Pacific and Reading weak. Reading improved moderately in the early trading, but later in the day sold off sharply as a result of bearing feeling over the Court decision. The railroads, generally, were somewhat easier, because of strike talk. Oil stocks were the feature of the market, with several rising to new highs for the year. Mexican Petroleum going to 141. Steel stocks were generally steady, with Vanadium and Republic strong, the copper shares were also steady. Some specialties sold up rather sharply, but later sold off on profit-taking. Shipping shares advanced with Marine Preferred the leader. Railroad strike talk and the prospects that the soldier bonus bill will pass the Senate accounted, in part, for the reaction.

Sales, stocks, 1,281,000; bonds, \$15,334,000.

(By L. G. Beaubien & Co.)

New York, May 31.—The market has been active and moderately strong this afternoon still tending towards irregularity in those stocks in which there have been important developments in the last two or three days.

An advance of call money to 5 per cent in the afternoon did not have much effect on the market. The undertone of the whole affair was moderately steady although Southern Pacific, Reading, United Retail Stores and others which have been leaders because of expected developments were lower.

Reports that Maintenance of Way employees plan to strike on July 1st in protest at the wage cut are not taken seriously. It was reported this afternoon that three corporations merger is about ready to be announced.

These prices were reported, Midvale \$42, Republic \$55, Inland \$60. These, of course are not official and are merely repeated for what the report may be worth.

Daily Gossip On Leading Stocks

(Special to The Chronicle)

As a holder of stock in United States Steel, Canada stands next only to Great Britain in order of importance, with 60,086 shares, having recently displaced Holland.

This is significant as indicating that surplus of funds for investment exists. As the holdings by Canadians have increased during the last year, it is thought that this has been due very largely to the strength shown by the Canadian dollar in the United States.

A dividend of \$2.50 per share has been declared on the capital stock of the Montreal City and District Savings Bank, payable on and after Monday, July 3rd, next, to holders of stock record June 15th at 3:00 o'clock p. m.

Vienna cable says Austria's desperate financial position has prompted one of her leading journals to declare that "financial Bolshevism is on the threshold." The krona stands at the lowest level so far recorded. It is worth only 46,000 to the pound and 10,000 to the dollar. The currency of Austria's neighbor, Czechoslovakia, though low enough, is worth 200 times as much. Of the 600,000 millionaires at least 3000 are "millionaires", millionaires a thousand.

The improvement shown in C. P. R. earnings in the first three months of 1922 was not maintained during the month of April, in fact net profits show the greatest decrease that has been noted for any month since July 1920, when the month's expenses included provision for the estimated increase under the new wage award of that date. As compared with the previous month, the April figures represent reductions of about a million and a quarter each for gross earnings and working expenses.

It is understood in London that the Morgan group, with which certain British bankers are associated, shortly will send representatives to Vienna to study the Austrian financial system with a view to ascertaining whether there is any basis for a loan to aid Austria's reconstruction.

British exports in first quarter of 1922 were £90,761,000 and those of same period in 1921, £85,454,000, whereas exports of 1913 first quarter reduced to comparable values would have totalled £127,310,000. Imports similarly figured £196,762,000 and £155,522,000 against £196,279,000.

A dividend of three percent has been declared on the common stock of Dominion Textile company, Limited, has been declared for the quarter ending 30th June, 1922, payable July 3rd, to shareholders of stock record 15th June, 1922, and a dividend of 1 3/4 percent on the preferred stock for the same quarter, payable July 15th, to holders of stock record June 30th, 1922.

CONSIDERABLE DROPPING OFF IN ACTIVITY YESTERDAY IN TRADING AT MONTREAL

Losses Slightly Exceeded Gains Though Insignificant In Amount—British Empire Steel Issues Again Prominent—Greatest Gain Was In Canada Cottons Pfd.

Montreal, May 31.—There was a considerable dropping off in activity in today's trading on the local stock exchange with losses slightly exceeding gains, the former however, being insignificant in amount.

British Empire Steel issues were again prominent and all reached new high ground but except the first preferred, they sagged off at the close. B.E. Steel second preferred led the market in activity and closed down 1-1/2 points to 34 7/8 after touching a new high of 37 1/2. The common was second in activity and touched new high of 15, but eased to 14 1/3 off 1-4. The first preferred, however, closed at a new high of 77 1/2 for a net gain of a point.

The greatest gain of the day was in Canadian Cottons preferred which closed at a new high of 85 3/8 for a net gain of 3 3/8 points. Papers were only lightly dealt in with Abitibi unchanged, Brompton off 5-8; Laurentide unchanged; Spanish common off a point and the preferred off 1-2.

Atlantic Sugar was a strong feature, closing at 25 1/4 for a net gain of 1 1/4 points. Another strong stock was Dominion Iron preferred, which reached a new high of 76 1/4, up 1 1/4 points. Dominion Textile climbed to a new high at 155 1/2 where it closed for a net gain of 1-2. MacKay was up 2 1/4 points and Winnipeg Railway up 1 1/2. There was an improvement in bond activity with nothing specially significant in the way of price changes.

Total sales listed, 9,394; bonds \$147,522.

(By L. G. Beaubien & Co.)

Stocks.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Abitibi Paper	52 1/2	53	52 1/2	53
Atlantic Sugar	24	25 1/4	24	25 1/4
Aesbets Corp	56	56	56	56
Ames-Holden pfd	9	9	9	9
Brompton Pulp	31 1/2	31 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Heil Telephone	110 1/2	110 1/2	110	110
Brazilian Traction	48 1/2	48 1/2	48	48
British Empire Steel	15	15 1/2	14	14 1/2
British Empire 2nd pfd	36 1/2	37 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Can Car & Fwy	25 1/2	27	25 1/2	27
do do pfd	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Can Cement	68	68 1/2	68	68
do do pfd	94	94	94	94
Can Cotton	91	91	91	91
Cons Smelters	24 1/2	24 1/2	24	24
Can SS Lines	22 1/2	24	22 1/2	22 1/2
do do pfd	52	52	52	52
Can Converters	80	80	80	80
Dominion Bridge	74	74 1/2	74	74
Dominion Steel Corp	40	40	39	39
do do pfd	76	76	76	76
Detroit United	60 1/2	61	60 1/2	61
Dominion Glass	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Dominion Textile	155 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2
General Electric	82	82	82	82
Howard-Smith pfd	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Laurentide Pulp	86	87	86	87
Peter L'Yall Cons.	41	41 1/2	41	41
Montreal Power	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
National Breweries	56	56 1/2	56	56 1/2
Ontario Steel Products	46	46	46	46
Ogilvie Flour	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Quebec Railway	28	28 1/2	28	28 1/2
Ridport Paper	12 1/2	12 1/2	12	12
do do pfd	20	20	20	20
Spanish River	88	88	87 1/2	87 1/2
do do pfd	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Steel Co. of Canada	76	76 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
St. Lawrence Flour	60	60	60	60
Toronto Railway	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Wayagamack	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Walrus Cotton	71 1/2	72	71 1/2	72
Winnipeg Railway	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2

BANKS:

VICTORY BONDS—(Tax Exempt):

1921 5 1/2 per cent. 100.75 100.75 100.75 100.75

1923 5 1/2 per cent. 99.50 99.50 99.50 99.50

1923 5 1/2 per cent. 102.65 102.65 102.65 102.65

VICTORY BONDS—(Subject to Income Tax):

1924 5 1/2 per cent. 100.65 100.65 100.65 100.65

MISCELLANEOUS:

Quebec Railway Bonds 71 1/2 71 1/2 71 1/2 71 1/2

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Alarming Stomach Trou-
ble**

"I am brimful of New Life and in my opinion there is no medicine that can come up to Tanlac," said Edmond Maurice, 341 Dorchester St., East, Montreal, who runs an auto bus between Montreal and Berthier. "It was five years ago that I first felt my health giving away, and I got worse each year. I had a bad stomach and was bothered with indigestion. There was an awful pressure around my heart from gas on my stomach and at times I felt like I would lose my breath. It was a terrible strain to sit at the wheel all day long and I sometimes felt I couldn't make it any longer.

Tanlac has made me feel so spry I don't believe there is a man in Montreal who can out-run me in a foot race. I eat anything, never have indigestion and all my troubles are gone. Tanlac wins my endorsement every time."

Tanlac is sold by all good drug-gists.

Chronicle Files 100 Years Ago

Misrepresentation.
An auctioneer of Boston has been criminally indicted and fined fifty dollars for misrepresenting the quality of an article which he was about to sell, with the intention of defrauding the purchaser. The court, for certain considerations mitigated the punishment as much as possible, but remarked that the enormity of the offence was severely punishable by the statistics of the country.

Curiosity.
On Monday last one hundred and eighty-two surgeons were caught in one lide at the fishery of Mr. Deane, St. Anne de la Pocatiere, and twenty had been taken the day before. The smallest weighed upwards of fifty pounds, and a person in the parish bought one for the sum of six shillings and six pence which weighed 213 lbs., French weight.

St. Vincent De Paul.
From the reports of the different conferences of St. Vincent de Paul Society of St. Patrick's of Quebec, we find that 78 families composed of 121 adults and 85 children, making 206 persons, were relieved last winter. The sum of \$369.11 was expended in provisions and upwards of one hundred cords of wood were furnished. How satisfactory this must be to all classes of the community, who generously assist the Society in their annual festival to obtain funds for the relief of the poor, particularly when that relief is to be given during the winter months. We learn that the members of the Society are again organizing their annual festival and soliciting funds for this purpose. We trust their efforts will meet with a hearty response from every class and creed in the community.

EMILE TRUDEL.
Chief of Police.
June 1st

AN HONEST CONFESSION.
A teacher found it difficult to make a boy in his class understand a point in his lesson. Finally, however, he succeeded, and, drawing a long breath, remarked: "If it wasn't for me, you'd be the greatest donkey in this town."

A BUSINESS DAY SAVED
The "Trans Canada Limited", fastest transcontinental train de luxe in America is now in operation. Besides being the quickest train "across Canada", there are many deciding elements in favor of its use, one of which is that you are "ready for business" after breakfast on arrival in three of the most important cities. Leave Montreal Windsor Station 8:00 p.m. daily, arrive Winnipeg 10:15 a.m. (2nd morning), Calgary 10:15 a.m. (3rd morning), and Vancouver 10:00 a.m. (4th morning). This train also carries limited parlor car accommodation for Ottawa, thereby offering the only eight hour service between Quebec and Ottawa.

This train affords the biggest travel treat that is possible for a transcontinental trip to contain. You are able to see practically every major point of interest by daylight, including Banff, Lake Louise and the Glaciers. Whether on business or pleasure this train combines every comfort and convenience possible and all this without additional cost. Everything Canadian Pacific Standard—there is none better.

For information, tickets, sleeping and parlor reservations apply to 30 St. John St., Tel. 93; Chateau Frontenac, Tel. 1540; Palais Station, Tel. 663.

CALENDAR NECESSARY.
A fussy old fellow was making a journey on a branch line. The train had slowed down again after stopping several times. The old man's patience became exhausted, and, taking out his watch, he said to a fellow passenger: "How much is this train overdue?"

"Well, sir," was the reply, "a watch ain't no good; you want a calendar."

Unfortunately, it's not the Polly, ana, but the chronic Kicker, who seems to get the best service at the restaurant.—Birmingham News.

Girls! Lemons
WHITEN THE SKIN

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White, which any drug store will supply for a few cents, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of harmless and delightful lemon bleach. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day, then shortly note the beauty and whiteness of your skin.

Famous stage beauties use this lemon lotion to bleach and bring that soft, clear, rosy-white complexion, also as a freckle, sunburn, and tan bleach because it doesn't irritate.

THE SIMPLER LIFE.
Infatuated Suburban (to neighbor)—"Well, I'm warning you! You keep your dashed infernal bees out of my garden or, by thunder, I'll—I'll shoot them!"—Life.

Horlick's Malted Milk
Safe Milk
For Infants & Invalids

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages
Keep Horlick's Always on Hand
Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. R. Gilbert, of Toronto, is staying at the Chateau.

Mr. George Rogers, of Toronto, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. W. J. Radford, of Toronto, is registered at the Chateau.

Mr. J. P. Villeneuve of Chicoutimi, registered at the Chateau.

Miss Olga Gosselin has returned from a visit to Montreal and Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Sinclair are in town from Kitchener, staying at the Chateau.

Mr. R. A. Bayles, of Montreal, is among the guests staying at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Burpee, of Ottawa, are in town, guests at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Burman, of Shawinigan Falls, are in the city, staying at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Entwistle, of Johnstown, Pa., are in town, registered at the Chateau.

Mrs. Jules Frechette, of Ottawa, is in town, the guest of her father, Mr. A. Ganguy.

Mrs. George Tanguay left yesterday for Chicoutimi where she will spend a few days.

Mr. D. V. Fleming of Adelaide, Australia, is among the guests staying at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Goodwin are in town from East Orange, N.Y., staying at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Cowan of Edinburgh, Scotland, are in the city registered at the Chateau.

Mr. Alex. McLeod of the Sun-Maid Raisin Growers Company of Canada Ltd., left for Montreal yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Power are spending some time in Paris, France, before returning home next month.

Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Simard and family, d'Auteuil street are spending the summer months at St. Petronille.

Mrs. L. J. A. Amyot and her sister Miss Hamel, have returned from New York, where they spent a week.

Mrs. J. A. Guilmet, of Chicoutimi is spending some time in town, the guest of her mother, Mrs. Jos. Brodrique.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Mercier Gouin and family of Montreal, have taken up their summer residence at St. Vincent de Paul.

Mrs. Lomer Hamel has returned from Les Eboulements, where she was the guest of Mrs. Edmond de Sales Laterriere.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Audet and Mr. and Mrs. Evariste Roche have returned from a trip to New York, and Atlantic City.

Miss Irene Todd, Journalist of Toronto, who has been spending a

few days in town, left for Murray Bay yesterday afternoon.

Hon. A. Turgeon, Mrs. Turgeon, Miss Germaine Samson and Mr. Neuville Samson have returned from a trip to the Laurentides.

Dr. Dobbin who has been unwell for some time, is a patient in the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal. His friends will wish him a speedy recovery.

Mr. Paul Drouin, K.C. left for Montreal yesterday to attend the general meeting of the Provincial Bar, which is being held in the metropolis.

The Rev. Dr. Love left yesterday for Winnipeg to attend a meeting of the Educational Committee of the Presbyterian General Assembly which meets in that city on Friday next.

Mrs. Mitchell, Grande Allee Apartments arrived home this morning after having visited her sister-in-law, Mrs. E. B. Devlin, in Ottawa, and also Miss Devlin, of Aylmer East, P.Q.

The Rev. E. K. Wilson of Waterville, Que., announces the engagement of his elder daughter, Doris, to Mr. Harold Lynn Ait, M.C. of St. Agathe, Que., son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Ait, of Lennoxville, Que. The marriage will take place on the 20th of June.

The following are taking part in one of the scenes of the "Gay Parade" in charge of Mrs. Goodday, Mrs. Ford, Mrs. Goodday, Miss Helen Falkenberg, Miss Vera Thon, Miss Maude Sewell, Miss Ray Scott, Miss Henry Powell, Miss Lachy, Special Tango, Miss Marjorie Davis and Mr. Bob Sewell.

The marriage of Miss Jeanne Geoffrion, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Amelie Geoffrion, Montreal, to Mr. Jean Gagnon, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gagnon, Montreal, has been arranged to take place on June 13th, at the Church of St. Louis de France. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Abbe Urie Geoffrion, uncle of the bride.

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Byng of Vinny, were present Tuesday in the Vice-Regal box at the opening of the Connaught Park Jockey Club's spring meet, which was largely attended. Their Excellencies were accompanied by Captain Balfour, Major Hodgson, Major Vanier, Captains Erskine and Joffe, and Miss Walpole and Mrs. Vanier, were received by Hon. N. A. Belcourt, president of the club; Miss Belcourt, Mr. Edward S. Houston, treasurer, and Mrs. Houston, Mr. Stewart McClenaghan, chairman of the committee of management, and Mr. McClenaghan, General Sir Edward Morrison, Mr. Gilbert Fauquier, Mr. W. F. Powell and Mr. J. K. Paisley.

A FINE COMPLEXION
Can be Had Through Keeping the Blood Rich and Pure.

A girl's complexion is something more than a matter of concern to her vanity. It is an indication of the state of her health. Pallor in a growing girl means a thinning of the blood. Eruptions mean impurities in the blood. Mothers should be watchful of their daughters' complexions, and see to it that these signs are corrected—not covered up.

When a girl in her teens becomes pale and sallow, especially if, at the same time, she shows an inclination to tire easily, a listlessness and inattention to her work or studies, she needs Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a tonic which directly and specifically corrects the condition from which she is suffering. A chemical analysis of the blood of such a girl would show it to be deficient in just the elements that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can supply, but the physical signs are plain. The girl with a bad complexion, or who suffers from occasional headaches, who is easily tired and breathless after slight exertion, should begin taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at once. A good appetite, sparkling eyes and rosy cheeks follow the fair use of this medicine.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at \$2.50 a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

REWARD OF BREVITY.
The story is told of Dr. Abernethy, the famous Scotch surgeon, a man of few words, that he once met his match—in a woman. She called at his office in Edinburgh one day with a hand badly inflamed and swollen. The following dialogue, opened by the doctor, took place:

"Burn?"

"Bruise."

"Poultice."

"The next day the woman called, and the dialogue was as follows:

"Better."

"Worse."

"More poultice."

Two days later the woman made another call:

"Better."

"Well, Fee?"

"Nothing. Most sensible woman I ever saw!"—National Life.

THE SIMPLER LIFE.
Infatuated Suburban (to neighbor)—"Well, I'm warning you! You keep your dashed infernal bees out of my garden or, by thunder, I'll—I'll shoot them!"—Life.

Horlick's Malted Milk
Safe Milk
For Infants & Invalids

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages
Keep Horlick's Always on Hand
Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

THE MEXICANS ARE MISJUDGED

**Despite Their Reputation,
There Is Much To Be Said
In Their Favor**

It is perhaps not to be wondered at that the Mexicans who went to Mexico from Western Canada did not find that country quite to their liking. There is a vast difference between Mexico and Canada, and there is an equally great divergence in the characters of the Mexican people and the Canadians. But the evidence goes to show that the former have some good points in their favor, after all, and that they have been a somewhat misunderstood people as well as a disreputable and disliked people. An article by a prominent American official who lived in Mexico several years is therefore to the point. A part of it is given below.

It is a pleasure to speak of a trait which is sometimes discussed in connection with the moral standards of the Mexicans. I refer to the universal courtesy and kindness which you observe and feel in every hand in the daily life of the people of Mexico. It is in such marked contrast with what Americans are accustomed to that one is almost tempted to question its sincerity. Many foreigners do. They refer to it as a cloak for deceit—a species of lying. That, in my judgment, is an unwarranted suspicion and does the Mexican character grievous injustice. I feel that it is a positive virtue and one that the Mexican people possess and practice in a degree unknown to us.

Among a people where affability is not the rule it may be necessary to be on your guard against the "brownie" who is low, but not so in Mexico; not on that score.

I speak on this subject from personal experience gained under circumstances well calculated to test the genuineness of Mexican courtesy. My mission, at least in the City of Mexico, was not regarded by the press or by the leaders of public opinion as a particularly delicate one. I cannot recall an instance among the thousands of people that I met and came in contact with, or in my walks about the cities, or on the country roads, where the slightest mark of rudeness or disrespect was shown. This trait is just as pronounced in the case of the Indian as it is in the case of the mestizo. I see no basis for the contention that it is a matter of blood. The Indian on our side of the border is not noted for politeness; in fact, so far as I have observed, the reverse is true.

Not Ungrateful.
The charge of ingratitude is easily made, and usually against persons who leave a country. Few Mexicans of the poor class have had much to be grateful for. I venture to say that not many of them have been the recipients of unselfish kindness. A being who has never known kindness cannot be expected to respond to the first experience. My own observations lead to a different conclusion. The weekly offerings of flowers brought by the hands of silent peons to the grave of the martyred Madero convinced me that gratitude is not wanting in the Mexican heart. The hard experience of the Mexican has made him wary and suspicious.

There are thousands of men in Mexico admirably equipped by study, intellect and culture to lead in public life and to administer the affairs of the nation, but few of them have had experience under circumstances that afforded them opportunity to acquire the art of government. I repeat, there is no lack of intellectual and moral capacity, nor of patriotism. All the men of Mexico need to take to heart is the lesson of "give and take," and acquiescence in the will of the majority. This is the first lesson of democracy. I believe they are learning that lesson.

The Aristocracy.
There is a class of Mexicans at whose door the charge of lack of patriotism may truthfully be laid—the land-owning aristocracy. They divide their time between European resorts and the Jockey club in Mexico City during the bullfight season. They evince no more interest in the affairs of the Mexican people than the average foreign shareholder in a Mexican mine. It was this class who wrecked the Madero administration and who fomented and financed the revolution which ended in his assassination.

If patriotism means love of country, I believe it can truthfully be said that no people in the world have a more intense love of native land than the masses of the Mexican people. It may not be the broad, intellectual patriotism which compels unselfish political activity in time of peace, but this will come with education and freer opportunity for the exercise of the rights and duties of citizenship.

The masses of the Mexican people are illiterate but not ignorant. Their skill in handicraft and industry is of the highest character. With rude

DYE OLD SKIRT
COAT, DRESS IN
DIAMOND DYES

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her worn, shabby dresses, skirts, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, draperies, hangings everything, even if she has never dyed before. Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect home dyeing is sure because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to spot, fade, streak, or run. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

IN BAD.
"I don't know how to go home after this poor game."

"You're out, out \$4."

"But I promised my wife half my winnings!"—Judge.

The fresh, flowery flavour of the young and tender tea-leaf. "SALADA" GREEN TEA

is infinitely superior in flavour to any 'Japan' or 'China Green' Tea. Please try it and be convinced. We will so gladly mail a sample upon receipt of your post card.
SALADA, MONTREAL

tools and appliances they do fine work in all lines of production. As workmen and laborers they are diligent while at work, and need no watching, but they are philosophers. They are not disposed to put in more days than is necessary for their comfortable maintenance according to their standard of living. They are not lazy, nor are they thrifty. Nature does not demand thrift to maintain life in a climate like theirs. Higher civilization brings new wants, and added wants may add thrift to industry.

Their family life is most charming. During my nine months' stay I do not recall hearing a child cry, nor did I ever see an instance of anything that had the appearance of a family disturbance, and I mingled among the people a great deal. They are uniformly kind except in the use of their animals. Many sights in a Mexican city would shock the nerves of our professional "preventers." Their artistic sense

is in high contrast with their general mode of living. A Mexican can pose a shabby sombrero and make it appear genteel, and a poor woman will drape her mantilla and arrange bits of color in a way to rouse the envy of an American milliner.

Another trait that makes life in Mexico charming, in spite of revolutions, is the universal hospitality of the nation. It is common to high and low alike. You find it in the palace; it greets you in the hut. "My house is yours," is the response to your salutation. It grips your heart and no one who has enjoyed it can forget its charm.

STYLE HAS CHANGED ALSO.
Jud Tunkins says that women, as they have become more powerful, have grown more considerate. When he was a boy they used to wear such large hats in the theatre that nobody sitting behind them could see the stage.—Washington Star.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Summer Underwear

Ladies' Cotton Vests at 25c, 30c, 40c to.....\$1.45

Ladies' Cotton Bloomers at 45c, 50c, 60c to.....95c

Ladies' Cotton Drawers at 65c, 68c to.....\$1.00

Children's Cotton Vests at 20c, 25c to.....60c

Boys' Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, 68c, 75c to.....95c

Men's Balbriggan Shirts, 75c, 85c to.....\$1.10

Men's Balbriggan Drawers, 75c, 98c to.....\$1.10

Men's Balbriggan Combinations at.....\$1.50

Gingham and Chambray

Gingham in many patterns, 29c and.....30c

Chambray in many colors.....30c

Pictorial Review Patterns for Summer

Pictorial Review Patterns for Summer

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IMPORTATIONS

The largest importation of Rugs and Carpets made since the war. More than 200 bales received since the opening of the navigation. They consist in Rugs and Carpets in Brussels, Wilton and Axminster. The designs are exquisite in every way. Curtain materials in reversible Plush, Chenille, sunfast colors, Broken Ripp, Ripp Poplin, striped and broche, in all the latest shades. French and English Cretonnes, single and double width; single and double face. Furniture materials of every description. Curtains by the pair and by the yard; Madras, Net, Filote, Voiles, Scrims, etc. Several Bedroom Sets at very low price. Iron and Brass Beds, Bedding, Pillows, Cushions. Everything wanted for country houses.

P. J. COTE

Opposite Palace Hill