

DAILY WITNESS

Vol. XVIII, No. 76.

LAST EDITION.

MONTREAL, MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1879.

LAST EDITION.

PRICE ONE CENT

—Notices of births, marriages and deaths invariably must be endorsed with the name and address of the tender; otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

BIRTHS.
BAPTIST.—At Three Rivers, on the 30th inst., Mrs. John Baptist, of a daughter.

DIED.
HOGG.—On the 29th inst., at the Montreal General Hospital, Louisa Hogg, aged 33 years, a native of London, England.
The funeral will take place on Monday afternoon, 31st inst., at 3 o'clock p.m., from the Montreal General Hospital.

LAW OFF.—In this city, on the 28th March, after an illness of four months, borne with Christian fortitude, Patrick Lawlor Esq., late of the Military Secretary's Department, aged 90 years on the 17th of March.
The funeral will leave his late residence, No. 9 Courville st., on Tuesday, 1st inst., at half past seven o'clock, to St. Patrick's Church, and from thence to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.
Quebec papers please copy.

JENKIN.—At St. Lambert, on the 30th inst., Robert McLean Jenkin, aged 31 years.
Funeral on Tuesday afternoon, April 1st, at half past three, from the residence of his brother-in-law, W. H. Rosevear, St. Lambert, by the river road to Mount Royal Cemetery.

HOWARTH.—In this city, on the 30th inst., Amelia Sylvia, beloved wife of William Howarth, aged 22 years and 9 months.
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her father's residence, 502 St. Bonaventure street, on Tuesday, 1st April, at 2:30 p.m., to place of interment, Mount Royal Cemetery.

DOUGLAS.—In this city, on the 30th inst., Davinia McGibbon, relict of the late John Douglas, in his lifetime of the city of Quebec, aged 69 years.
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Alexander Hart, 452 St. Louis street, on Tuesday, 1st April, at 3:30 p.m., to place of interment, Mount Royal Cemetery.
Quebec Chronicle and Edinburgh, Scotland, papers please copy.

PLIMSOLL.—On the 31st March, at his residence, 735 Sherbrooke street, John Plimsoll, Esq., in his 67th year.
Funeral on Saturday, the 29th inst., Edward Salt, in the 56th year of his age.
Funeral will leave his late residence, 34 Fullam street, on Tuesday, the 1st April, at 2:30 p.m., for Trinity Church, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.
London (England) papers please copy.

CAMPBELL.—In this city, on the morning of the 30th inst., suddenly, Annie Louise, aged 2 years 2 months and 11 days, twin daughter of C. Campbell.
Funeral will leave her father's residence, 40 Hades street, on Tuesday, April 1st, at 2:30 p.m.
Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

JACK.—On Sunday morning, the 30th inst., after a protracted illness, James Jack, Esq.
The funeral will take place from his late residence, 410 Sherbrooke st., on Tuesday, the 1st April, at half past two p.m., to Christ Church Cathedral, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends will please accept this intimation.

WALLIS.—At Rock Ferry, Cheshire, England, on the 30th inst., William Wallace Wallis, in his 76th year, father of Herbert Wallis, of his city.
DUTTON.—In this city, on the 29th inst., William Comer Dutton, aged 43 years.
Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 21 Conway st., on Wednesday next, 2nd April, at 3 p.m.

ADVERTISEMENTS AND SELECTIONS

SOON SATISFIED.—An honest ignoramus who had escaped a great peril by an act of heroism, was much complimented for his bravery. One lady said, "I wish I could have seen your feat." Whereupon he blushed and stammered, and finally pointing to his pedal extremities, said, "Well, there they be, mum."

FURNITURE.—Having imported largely before the increase on the tariff, I am enabled to offer a large assortment of bedroom suits, parlor suits, sideboards, dining tables, centre tables, bookcases, &c., at prices that will compare favorably with any other house in the city. Goods stored till 1st May free of charge. Wm. King, 514 Craig street.

OLD LADY.—To Taxidermist—"You can see, yourself, how you only stuffed my poor parrot in the summer, and here's his feathers tumbling out before your eyes." Taxidermist—"Bless you, 'm, that's the triumph of our art. We stuff 'em, that's natural as they moult in their proper season."

A VILLAGE apothecary has placed over his door, "All kinds of dying stuffs for sale here."

HENRY MORGAN & CO.
Have opened a full line of Goods in the following Departments, to which they would call the attention of the public, especially as these goods were received before the change in the Tariff, and are, therefore, not subject to an increased duty.

HOSIERY.
A very fine assortment of Balbriggan and French, Plain and Fancy.

RIBBONS.
Oriental Watta, Japanese and double-faced Satin.

LACE AND FRILLINGS.
Bretonne, Venise, Point de France, Brussels, Cashmere, &c., and a large variety of the newest styles in Collars, Cuffs and Ruchings.

SMALLWARES.
Pearl, Horn and Silk Buttons, and an endless variety of Fringes and Trimmings.

PRINTS.
Fancy Shirts, British and American Prints, and a splendid assortment of Cretonnes.

CARPETS.
of all kinds, at old prices.

At the COLONIAL HOUSE,
St. James st.

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY During THE WET SPRING WEATHER.—The CANADIAN LEATHER PRESERVE is the best waterproof composition known, for boots and shoes. For sale at GEO. WILSON'S Store, No. 356 Notre Dame st.

MACHINE OILS.
Thousands of barrels of oil have been pumped off by unscrupulous men as STUCK'S Extra Oil. It is an imitation in appearance, but most inferior in quality. My "STUCK'S" EXTRA XX & XXX. When genuine, bears the above Trade Mark. GEO. H. STUCK, 14 Church st., Toronto, O.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WEEKLY TEST.

Number of purchasers served during the week ending March 22nd, 1879: **4,139.**
Number of purchasers served during the same week last year: **3,933.**
Increase..... **206.**

ANCHOR BRAND.

One of the strongest proofs that the Anchor Brand Spool Cotton is the right make for machine use, is to be found in the fact that shirt-makers and sewing-machine operators generally ask for it, and insist upon seeing that the anchor is on each spool. They say the Anchor Brand is free from knots, does not break, runs smooth, and does not break the needles.

LIVELY TIMES.

They appear to be having pretty lively times in Ontario. The weekly list of insolvencies gets longer every week. Our Mercantile Agency men are having a regular harvest up West.

LIVELY TIMES.

We expect lively times in our store for the next few weeks. Great inducements in the way of low prices will be offered.

Our All-wool Twill Beige Dress Goods at 25c are already causing quite a talk. They are spoken of as being equal to what credit stores are selling at from 30c to 35c, and our price is only 25c.

S. CARSLY'S DRESSES.

Great novelty in Dress Goods.
Splendid line of new India Cashmere Broche, in all the newest shades and patterns, to be sold at 50c and 62c per yd.

ROVELTIES IN PONGEE BOUTETTES.

Special line of new Pongee Bourette, in all the newest shades and patterns, to be sold at 37c and 47c per yd.

S. CARSLY'S DRESSES.

Splendid line of new All-wool Bernise Camel's Hair, in all the newest shades, to be sold at 33c per yd.

SPRING BEIGES.

Splendid line of new All-wool Spring Beiges, in all the newest shades, to be sold at 25c, 28c and 33c per yd.

YOU CAN BUY A FULL PIECE

of Flowered Curtain Muslin, sufficient for two pair of curtains three yards long, or four single curtains, at S. Carsley's, for 95c per piece.

LACE CURTAINS AT OLD PRICES.

Useful Lace Curtains, 80c set.
Good Lace Curtains, three yards long, \$1.10 set.
See our Lace Curtains at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.10 set.

TOWELS! TOWELS! AT OLD PRICES.

Useful Cotton Towels, 4c each.
Good Useful Linen Towels, 6c each.
Good All-linen Damask Towels, turkey-red borders, 12 1/2c each.
Brown Linen Honey Comb Towels, worth 20c, only 15c each.
Our Loom Huckaback Towels, at 15c and 17c are the best value in the Dominion.
Large Indian Bath Towels only 22c each.

CARSLY'S COTTONS.

Our White and Grey Cottons, also our White and Grey Cotton Sheetings, are having a tremendous run.

CARSLY'S TICKS.

Now is the time to buy Cotton Tickers. We invested largely in both Tickings and Cottons of every description before the tariff was altered, and are therefore prepared to offer them very cheap.

S. CARSLY,

393 AND 395 NOTRE DAME STREET.

TO LET.

We still have a few desirable Cottages and Dwellings to let to good tenants, at moderate rents. We will send printed lists, with prices, to parties sending us their names and desiring good homes.

PARENT BROS., House and Land Agents, 97 St. Francois Xavier st.

DOUTRE, BRANCHAUD & McCORD,

BARRISTERS.
JOSEPH DOUTRE, Q.C.
MOISE BRANCHAUD,
GONZALVE DOUTRE, D.C.L., Q.C.,
DAVID R. McCORD, M.A., B.C.L.

82 St. Francois Xavier st., Montreal.

FOR SALE, a handsome Driving

Wagon; bay, black points, 4 years, sound, kind, fine action. 72 1/2 St. Denis st.

The Daily Witness.

MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1879.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

CABLE.

(Via Dominion Line.)

REBELLIOUS COSSACKS.

ODessa, March 31.—The Cossacks on the river Don have revolted against the existing system of taxation, and a collision with the military has occurred. The collection of taxes has been postponed until order is restored.

THE UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE.

LONDON, March 31.—The weather to-day is fine, and the University crew has been on the Thames for practice. Both crews made frequent spurts, Oxford rowing up to 38 strokes per minute, and Cambridge to 36 strokes.

(Press.)

END OF THE WAGES DISPUTE IN BLACKBURN.

LONDON, March 31.—The Times says the meeting of weavers at Blackburn on Saturday which decided to accept a reduction, may practically be considered the end of the wages dispute for the present.

DIFFICULTY BETWEEN TWO AFRICAN GOVERNORS.

CAPE TOWN, March 31.—It is stated a serious breach has occurred between the Governor, Sir Bartle Frere, of Cape Colony, and Governor Bulwer, of Natal, in consequence of the harsh measures sanctioned by the former to conscript natives.

STRIKE AVERTED.

The contemplated strike of glassmakers in the Midland Counties has been deterred, the masters having decided to prolong the notices of reduction for a fortnight.

ALLEGED Nihilists ARRESTED.

A St. Petersburg despatch says forty-five persons were arrested last night after the attempt on Drentelin, the Chief of the gendarmerie. Some of these were of such high rank that they were not sent to common prisons. They include officers of the guard, court chamberlains, and two daughters of a prominent minister.

CRITICAL POSITION OF COL. PEARSON'S COMMAND.

MAHIZBURG, March 31.—No direct intelligence from Col. Pearson has been received, and the anxiety is becoming grave. Several native runners, induced by large rewards, started for Ekowe with despatches, but returned. They reported the roads destroyed, the approaches commanded by forts, and the country swarming with Zulus. Pearson's supplies will be exhausted by the end of March. The expedition for his relief, now amounting to fourteen companies of regulars, will be pushed forward as soon as the native contingent is sufficiently strengthened.

EXTREME REPUBLICAN THREATS.

PARIS, March 31.—The extreme Republicans are violently denouncing M. Laboulaye and the moderate Left in consequence of the report against the removal of the legislature to Paris and threaten to abolish the Senate if it attempts to interfere with the will of France.

PAYMENT OF INTEREST POSTPONED.

CAIRO, March 31.—The payment of interest and sinking fund on the Egyptian preference stock due to-morrow is postponed until May.

DEFEAT OF AFGHANS.

LAHORE, March 31.—A small force under Major Humphreys was attacked, on the 27th of March, in Peshaw Valley by 2,000 Afghans. The enemy was defeated with a loss of 60 killed. There were no casualties among the British.

AMERICAN

CIGAR SMUGGLING.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The Customs officers have arrested John Canton and Patrick Gerity with 18,000 cigars, handed them from the Havana steamer "Niagara," which arrived last night. Steps are being taken to hold the steamer "Niagara" responsible for smuggling. The arrests will lead to important developments.

THE "ANGLO-UNIVERSAL BANK" SCHEME AND ITS AIMS.

MANCHESTER, March 31.—A London correspondent telegraphs the movement amongst the leading Roman communion to carry into financial effect the bond of Catholic sympathy and confidence has now assumed the shape of an Anglo-Universal Bank, limited, with a directorate in London and Paris, and patrons amongst eminent British, French and Italian noblemen. The design of the bank is to take up and extend a valuable foreign connection and assume the more efficient protection and development of Catholic banking interests throughout the world.

FATAL RAILWAY WRECKING.

CINCINNATI, March 31.—The night express of the Grand Trunk Railway passing near Smith's Creek, Mich., on Saturday night, was thrown from the track, the engine and three forward cars being wrecked. Robert Wilson, the brakeman, was crushed to death; Ben Waters, the engineer, and Jerry McGuire, the fireman, fatally scalded; Francis Kellogg, of Erie, Pa., leg broken, and several others slightly injured. The accident was caused by train wreckers. Several arrests have taken place.

HOW THE POOR INDIAN FARES.

OMAHA, Neb., March 31.—The Presbyterian and Congregational churches, after hearing the statements of the Poncha Indians, telegraphed to Mr. Schurz, requesting that the Ponchas be permitted to return to their reservation, and not forced to go to the Indian territory. Their condition is pitiable.

THE REGULAR THING.

CINCINNATI, O., March 31.—The daughter of Elisha Hathaway contests his will, which bequeathed about \$50,000 to the Rochester Home for the Friendless and other institutions. She claims he was insane.

AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Washington special: The Sun says, ex Gov. Burbank after an extended tour in the Southern States, says the Southern Republicans are solid for Gen. Grant's re-nomination. He thinks the Republicans will not carry a single Southern State, because they will be counted out.

The Times gives a long statement from a private letter, charging shameless frauds and intimidation by the Democrats, at a recent election in Louisiana.

The Herald says the currents reports concerning the Fitz John Porter case are probably based on mere conjecture.

A LARGE SUBSCRIPTION.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Mr. Cutting, banker, subscribed \$50,000 for the erection of model tenements. Cornelius Vanderbilt subscribed \$20,000.

STRANGE INFATUATION.

The Sun says Miss Sarah Hall, formerly one of the belles of Providence, recently married Bernard McDonald, a car driver of this city, despite the remonstrances of her friends. She has a small fortune.

CANADIAN.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTES.

(By Telegraph from Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 31.

THE STEAMER "GLENDON."

The Citizen this morning says: It was recently stated that a report on the steamer "Glendon," by Mr. William M. Smith, Inspector of Steamboats for the Maritime Provinces, condemning the steamer "Glendon" as unseaworthy, was missing from the Marine and Fisheries Department. The Oppositionists denied that any such report had ever existed. Unfortunately for the ex-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, the missing report has been found. It is the joint report of Messrs. Samuel Risley, William M. Smith and Joseph Samson, the Board of Steamboat Inspectors, who reported that the hull is a bad model, is unseaworthy and is already strained; also that the engine and boiler are too small to make her a serviceable boat in bad weather. Altogether, they believed the vessel to be unfit for her present employment. There is also an unfavorable report from Wm. Semons, Surveyor at Quebec for the Bureau Veritas, who closes his report with the words: "I therefore do not consider her a suitable vessel for the Gulf service." But he thought she would do for inland or river navigation. There is also an interesting report by Captain Lavie, who commanded the "Glendon," and who describes one of his trips in the Gulf, of which he says: "It is through the mercy of God we were not all lost." He also says: "In spite of my anxiety to find some good in the bargain of the Department, it is impossible to do anything useful with her. This steamer will certainly be the grave of her crew."

GOVERNMENT LIFE INSURANCE.

The deputation at present in the city with reference to the Government life insurance bill is said to have been assured by the Finance Minister and Dr. Tupper that the Bill would be pushed through, although given also to understand that one or two members of the Government were opposed to it. It is proposed to have the business carried on in connection with the Savings Bank, and it is not likely that the Government will enter into active competition with companies for policies.

"JUDAS IS CARROT."

Considerable amusement has been caused here by La Minerre's report of Friday night's debate. In it, with a lamentable ignorance of Scripture, Mr. Rymal is represented as styling Mr. Rykert "Judas is carrot."

THE TARIFF.

A well-known Protectionist M.P., who owns a large foundry, has found that the new tariff means a loss of \$2,000 per year to him in his business.

It is understood that the Opposition caucus on Saturday the general tariff resolution was adopted. It will probably be moved to-morrow.

RAILWAY APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. Willard Hutchinson, formerly track master in the Eastern Division of the Intercolonial Railway, has been offered a similar position on the Occidental Railway between Montreal and Ottawa. The duties of Superintendent McKeeble and Engineer Cunningham, of the Prince Edward Island Railway, who have been dismissed, are to be discharged by Mr. A. McNab, late Engineer of the Intercolonial Railway.

ST. JOHN HARBOR.

Mr. Domville, M.P., had an interview with the Hon. Finance Minister on Saturday, in connection with the St. John Harbor commission. The matter was discussed at some length, and it is understood that it will be taken up immediately after the tariff has been disposed of.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

The Committee on Banks and Commerce met this morning, the Canada Life Assurance bill being first taken up. Objection was taken to the clause allowing the Company to do business outside of Canada, but after a discussion it was finally adopted on a vote of 33 to 4.

The Jacques Cartier bill was taken up and allowed to lie over until the Government could look into it.

A meeting of the sub-Committee on Insolvency was called for this morning, but business not being ready nothing was done.

IMMIGRATION.

Mr. Graham, a Canadian Government emigration agent in England, was examined before the Committee, and stated that he had been employed for nearly seven years as a special agent in the north of England and south of Scotland. In Great Britain he had devoted his attention exclusively to the agricultural population, and more especially to tenant farmers and men with capital. His experience of steamship agents was that they were quite indifferent as to the class of men they sent out, their chief object being to secure a commission. The classes of people who had attended his lectures had usually been agriculturalists as he was in the habit of holding his meetings in the agricultural districts. He thought that the present time there were strong reasons why Canada should be represented among the tenant farmers, more especially in view of the competition from outside, which had reduced their profits and left them in straitened circumstances. It was desirable that Canada should secure as many of these men as possible. He thought it was possible that many of these tenant farmers might come to the older provinces and take the places of those who went to the North-West. He thought a great deal might be done on the colonization principle in the North-West by setting out townships to be settled by people from particular counties in England. Carlisle, where he had made his headquarters, possessed considerable advantages from the dissemination of information.

With reference to the trade in cattle, he believed it to be essential that the greatest care should be taken to prevent the introduction of disease. There should be a proper inspection of all animals sent across the Atlantic.

The witness was then questioned regarding the depression in manufacturing circles in England, and gave evidence in regard to foreign competition, the importation of Belgian iron, &c., and thought a feeling was growing up there in favor of a reciprocity of tariffs. He thought that under the new tariff English capitalists would be inclined to invest in Canada.

The Committee having thus digressed from its proper functions, the whole question of free trade versus protection was raked over the coals and considerable display of party feeling. In the future the Committee is likely to confine itself more to its proper duties, namely, the collection of information respecting the resources of our country.

THE NATIONAL CURRENCY.

Another national currency meeting was held this morning. The Hon. Isaac Buchanan has written a letter

to Mr. Robertson, M. P. for Hamilton, who presided at the first national currency meeting. He says that the extending to all collections of the Government revenue of the principle of the postage stamp, and making the revenue stamps or notes a legal tender is not only all we can get from Parliament, but all we want. The effect would be to put twenty millions of dollars in the power of the Government for the purpose of the settlement of the North-West or our public works. His view is that the present banks should all become national banks as those in the United States and thus in the future, when it suits their circumstances, to become full-blown national banks with their circulation based upon Canadian consols, thus securing their notes to the public. They would be getting four per cent. interest on the consols as well as six per cent. from their customers, besides their profit on exchanges. He thinks each bank should have the option to bring about this state of things as soon as its circumstances will permit, but should not be forced to do so quicker than one tenth a year for ten years.

DINNER.

Mr. Speaker Blanchet gave a dinner party on Saturday evening.

THE INSOLVENT BILL.

The Hon. J. C. Abbott is assisting in the preparation of the clauses which it is proposed to have inserted in the new Insolvent Bill.

OTTAWA.

(Special to the Witness, March 31.)

TEMPERANCE.—In an address before the Sunday Temperance meeting yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Vidal referred to the passage of the Temperance Act, which he said was a gratifying evidence of the rapid strides made by the cause within a recent period, and committed that body to prohibition. He was satisfied that the act was not as its opponents claimed a dead letter. Wherever it had been tried it had been found to work advantageously, and in those countries where it was in operation the goals were empty, crime had almost disappeared and in the place of poverty, pauperism and wretchedness was to be seen comfort, plenty and cleanliness. It was useless for the opponents of the Act to request the temperance people to desert when such glorious results had in such a short period been accomplished. He regretted to see that Ontario had been slow to appreciate the benefits of the Act. It seemed as if the temperance people of the province did not desire to put into force an Act which Parliament had passed in answer to numerous petitions signed by thousands. It was, however, a relief to see that several counties in the western portion of the province intended taking a vote upon the act. A petition with 2,000 signatures had been laid before the Secretary of State from his own county (Lambton), asking that the act be submitted to a vote. The only defect in the provisions of the act was the failure to grant the right of suffrage to women, who, more than any one, were deeply concerned, and anxious for the complete extermination of the liquor traffic.

OFFICIAL ITEMS.—The Canada Gazette of Saturday contains the appointment of seven assizes. Voting for the repeal of the Dunkin Act in the County of York is to take place on the 26th of April next. A petition from 1,428 electors of the County of Lanark is published, asking for the submittal of the Canada Temperance Act in that county. Polling is to take place on the 24th of April. Excess of specie, \$13,480 '98. A firm of Montrealers give notice that they will apply for incorporation under the name of "The Montreal Sugar Refining Company."

MUSIC AT RIDEAU HALL.—A few evenings since Mr. Oscar Martel, the well known Canadian violinist, had the honor of a private invitation by special appointment with His Excellency the Marquis of Lorne and Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise, when he played a piece he had composed in honor of and dedicated to the Marquis of Lorne, entitled "Souvenir of Keewau." Mr. Martel also performed two other pieces—the "Fantaisie Caprice," by Vincenzo, and "Airs Canadiens," composed by himself.

TORONTO.

(Special to the Witness, March 31.)

ANTI-TARIFF.—The architects, builders and stone-cutters have petitioned against the duty on stone, saying that it will lead to erecting worse buildings and great injury, if not destruction, to the stone-cutting trade. Mr. John Beverly Robinson, in acknowledging the receipt of his copy of the petition, stated in effect that the stone men need not put themselves to the trouble of sending down a deputation; it would be expensive, and besides they have too many deputations to attend to down at Ottawa already. The Globe says: It is stated on the best authority that the Great Western Railway Company will lose at least \$50,000 a year by the new tariff, owing to the increased prices of coal, iron and supplies of all kinds. The shareholders cannot be recompensed for this loss by an increase of traffic, for the tendency of the tariff is to diminish the volume of freights. The managers recognize this fact and are about to reduce the number of trains. They also intend to discharge many of their employees and to cut down the wages of the men still retained on the staff. The Mail thinks it strange that the Opposition, who contend that the Letellier affair was settled by an indecisive provincial election, should oppose the tariff, which was settled decisively by the Dominion election. It concludes, as the debate so far has revealed rather irritation and petulance than policy, the public will be glad to see Ministers close the debate and go on with the legislation of the session.

ST. JOHN, N. B.
(Press Despatch, March 31.)
THE BAKERS announce to-day that in consequence of the increase in the price of flour they have advanced the price of bread from six to seven cents per loaf.

QUEBEC.

(Via Dominion Line, March 31.)

OBITUARY.—The Rev. Thomas J. Barry, student of the Divinity Faculty, Laval University, died on Wednesday last at the General Hospital from phthisis. The deceased, aged 29 years, was from Nebraska, and had won the first Dufferin medal at the Quebec Seminary.

LAKE ST. JOHN RAILWAY.—It is stated that the Provincial Government have met the Directors of the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway, and acceded to their request to be placed upon the same footing as the South Shore roads. It is understood that in consequence of this decision upon the part of the Government the Company's negotiations for the purchase of steel rails for the first forty miles of the road have been finally closed, the first shipment of which will arrive here in May. The Company are about closing with the Phoenixville Bridge Company for the iron superstructure of the bridge over the Jacques Cartier River.

THE HEAVY RAINS of Saturday and yesterday have had quite an influence upon the snow, which, in consequence, much softened, and with the sun's rays yield rapidly to the influence of sunny weather.

MIDNIGHT TELEGRAMS.

CABLE.

MISSION TO COOMASSIE.

A British mission has been sent to Coomassie, in Ashantee.

EGYPTIAN TOBACCO DUTY.

A despatch from Cairo says the Government have greatly reduced the import duty on tobacco.

REDUCTION ACCEPTED.

The Blackburn operative weavers, on Saturday, voted to accept the five per cent. reduction in wages.

THE KING OF BURMAH STILL DRUNK.

A despatch from Calcutta to London says the situation in Burmah still continues to create considerable anxiety, as the King is continually drunk.

THE KING OF ITALY COMMUTES THE SENTENCE OF HIS WOULD-BE MURDERER.

King Humbert has commuted the death sentence of Passante, who attempted to assassinate the King, to life servitude.

PROHIBITIONS AGAINST IMPORTATIONS FROM RUSSIA REMOVED.

The Department of Public Health, Berlin, has declared, since the plague in Russia is non-contagious, that the removal of prohibitions against the importation of many articles, except raw, is permissible. There will be medical inspection at German ports only for arrivals from the Black Sea and Sea of Azov. Travellers from Astrakhan only will be quarantined.

PROTECTION WANTED.

The delegates from the Agricultural Commission of sixty departments, have passed resolutions against the renewal of the treaties of commerce and in favor of extension of protection to agriculture, and particularly the imposition of a tax of three francs per quintal on foreign wheat so long as the price of wheat is below 30 francs. President Grevy, in receiving the delegates, on Saturday, assured them that no treaty of commerce would be concluded until the Chamber had come to a decision on the commercial policy.

THE AFGHAN WAR.

The Viceroy of India telegraphs that the British forces had defeated 2,000 Afghans during a fight near Boree. Major Saanaham telegraphs to Lahore that he was attacked at Baghan on the 24th of March by 20,000 Malliks. He routed them, killing 145; British loss, two killed and six wounded.

According to official information, Yakoub Khan is making no serious preparations for resistance, but a party to postpone his submission in order to satisfy his subjects that he yields to force.

THE EAST.

A Vienna despatch says that the Porte is inclined to accept the conditions the British Government demands for its intervention in obtaining the loan, particularly those giving England control of the Asiatic Provinces.

A despatch to Berlin states that the report is current there that Count Schouvaloff is urging a conference of ambassadors at St. Petersburg, to settle the question of the mixed occupation of Eastern Roumelia. Fresh difficulties have arisen respecting it between Russia and Austria.

The Vienna Free Press reports that Bismarck has arranged for the occupation of the interior of Eastern Roumelia by Austrian, English and Italian troops; the Northern boundary by Russian, and the Southern boundary by Turkish soldiers.

THE ZULU WAR.

Advices from Cape Town state that a British steamer landed the first of the reinforcements, sent out from England, at Durban, Natal, on the 5th inst. These consisted of the 91st (Princess Louise Argyllshire) Highlanders, and the 3rd Battalion of the 69th Royal Rifles. A troopship with the 57th Regiment, also arrived at Durban, on the 10th inst. from Ceylon. The whole of the regiments landed in the best condition and in excellent spirits. They were at once moved to the front. The relief of Col. Pearson's command at Ekowe will be attempted at once. An unsuccessful endeavor was made the other day to communicate with the besieged garrison of Ekowe by signals. King Cetewayo's brother's sham overtures for submission was a mere ruse to cover his retreat to Swaziland. The reports that Cetewayo had sent messengers to sue for peace are false. A large body of Basutos crossed the river Tugela, on the 8th inst., and stole some horses, and also fired on the colonial forces. They were, however, repulsed with a loss of 20 killed. The Transvaal is reported quiet.

Another despatch says that Col. Wood is entrenched at Pongolo waiting for reinforcements, in consequence of several unsuccessful attempts to dislodge the enemy in the mountains.

It is reported in London that the Government's majority on Sir Charles Dilke's motion of censure will likely fall considerably below one hundred, as the Irish members, freed from the restraint of Dr. Butt's Conservative tendency, will vote almost solidly against the Ministry.

AMERICAN.

ILLEGAL REDUCTION OF POLICE PAY.

The 20 per cent. reduction in the pay of the New York police has been declared illegal.

FATAL BLOOD POISONING.

C. Schindler, a New York street car driver, died on Wednesday of blood poisoning. He had habitually used his mouth as a receptacle for money.

AMERICAN CROP PROSPECTS.

The Cincinnati Enquirer publishes estimates of the wheat and fruit crop from nearly every county in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. The wheat crop will be bounteous, but there is a very poor prospect for peaches and apples.

A HEAVY SUFFERER BY BURGLARS.

The house of Joseph Sharrock, near Bucyrus, Ohio, was entered by burglars, the family chloroformed and over \$3,000 in silver, gold and bank notes taken. The money belonged to Benj. Sharrock, the father of Joseph, and who is over 100 years old. He says in his life-time he has lost over \$30,000 by burglars.

THE USUAL CONDITION OF THINGS.

Valparaiso advices state that warlike preparations are being made on both sides; Bolivian troops are concentrating at Calama on the frontier; 20,000 Chilean regulars have embarked, and the whole fleet has sailed for the Bolivian coast. The warlike feeling in Valparaiso is intense. The Government loan was largely subscribed for.

SURRENDER OF INDIANS.

Little Wolf's band of Cheyennes, who have for over two months been a terror to the settlers be-

tween Camp Sheridan and Yellow Stone Valley, have at last been compelled to surrender. They have traversed the country from the time of their escape, running off stock and killing lonely travellers. They are almost starving and naked, and had pressed by troops sent out from Fort Keogh to intercept them. They surrendered to Lieutenant Clarke, 2nd Cavalry, who drove them from Little Missouri River to Box Elder Creek, and took them captive, securing their arms and 250 head of cattle.

A STRANGE CASE.

Abel Wheaton, of New York, sued the late ex-Commander Jacob Voorhees, jun., of the Brooklyn Yacht Club, to foreclose a \$50,000 mortgage given by the latter. The defence of warranty was set up. It appeared from the testimony at the special term of the Supreme Court that Wilton applied to George Willet, cashier of the Bull's Head Bank, New York, where he kept an account, asking if he knew any of the bank's customers who desired a heavy loan upon mortgage. Willet named Voorhees, and told Wheaton he was willing to divide with him what commissions he received. Wheaton says he made no reply, but after the loan was executed Willet gave him \$2,125 out of a bonus of \$1,251 which Voorhees had paid, retaining \$1,251 for himself; the remaining \$850 was paid to Wheaton's counsel for examining the title. The Court upon trial gave judgment for plaintiff. The General Term of the Supreme Court has just upon appeal reversed the judgment; Wheaton, therefore, by accepting \$2,125 bonus, loses his \$50,000.

JEFFERSON DAVIS ON THE LATE CIVIL WAR.

The Boston Herald prints an interview with Jeff Davis. After speaking of his experiences in Pierce's Cabinet and the Mexican war, Davis was led to express himself upon the late rebellion, saying: "It is generally believed at the North that I am chiefly responsible for that great calamity. I was but one of the vast body of the South, and no more responsible than thousands of others. War would have taken place without me as inevitably as it did with me. It was one of those things which was sure to come in the progress of events in solving the great problems of the Government upon this continent. He concluded, expressly, that the abolition of slavery would prove an ultimate good to the country, and that it would be a manifest advantage to the white race, for it would lead to the development of the South, and multiply her manufacturing and mechanical industries. From the advantage of the climate alone, the future of the South was more promising than that of any other section of the country. In conclusion, he said, you may assure your people I have no unkindness in my heart to them, or to any of the people of the North. I am not the devil they have painted me. I have neither horns nor hoofs, and, if they knew me, they would find I am very much like one of themselves.

CANADIAN.

(From the Morning Papers.)

OTTAWA.

OFFICIAL ITEMS.—The Canada Gazette contains the following appointments: His Honor George M. Kenzie Clark, Judge of the County Court of the united Counties of Northumberland and Durham, Ont., to be Surrogate Judge of the Maritime Court of Ontario.

TORONTO.

THE PRINTERS are signing a petition to the Government, stating that the importation of electrotype plates injures their business; that a duty of ten per cent. is not high enough, and that at least thirty per cent. per thousand ought to be levied.

HALIFAX.

AN ACT is before the Local Legislature providing for funding the public debt of the Province, and empowers the Government to borrow \$800,000 at 6 per cent.

FOUR SONS.—Mrs. James Sparlaw, of Baddeck, has given birth to four male children, and is doing well.

SUPPOSED MURDER.—There is intense excitement at Dartmouth over the discovery of a skeleton on Saturday afternoon, by workmen who were demolishing an old house. Thirty-two years ago, both Dartmouth and Halifax were greatly excited over the mysterious disappearance of a Dr. MacDonald. The facts of the case were substantially as follows:—The doctor had a brother who was reported to be very wealthy, being a large real estate and property holder, with a wife and two children, a son and daughter. Shortly before the doctor's sudden disappearance, this brother had died, leaving a will wherein he gave his widow the power to dispose of the estate in any way she saw fit, and appointing his brother sole executor. About this time the doctor went to board with a truckman named Thorpe, on Blockhouse Hill. One night, after he had been boarding there for a short time, he suddenly disappeared, and was never seen afterward, until the finding of his remains on Saturday afternoon. The skeleton was found buried under the floor near the chimney. The morning after his disappearance his spectacles and snuff-box were found on his room table. Thorpe, who is now living at River John, Pictou County, and several others were arrested on suspicion, but as no evidence against them was procurable, they were all discharged. It was supposed at the time that the doctor had been murdered by some one in order to get hold of the will, which was in his possession, but whether this really was the case or not, and what was the motive, remains to be shown.

MR. GLADSTONE.—It is a marvellous head. The forehead runs back with a sharp slant, but the lack of height is made up by striking breadth. Over the eyes the brows jut heavily. The nose is large, but delicate of outline, and the curve of the nostrils is fine. Two deep furrows cut downward towards the corners of the mouth, and these same furrows, when the mouth is writhed, give an effect half grotesque, half terrible. The jaw is massive and square, and almost cruel. And the eyes—I never yet saw such eyes in a human being. The whole character of the man looks out of them. They are intensely dark and small and glittering. They never gaze steadily for a moment, but shift and flash with a changefulness that is weird, and the weirdness is deepened by the bizarre fashion in which the eyebrows slope upward. The whole head is poised on a thick muscular throat, and the neck is planted on heavy shoulders, which look powerful enough. It is the presentation of a face that is not much, but of speaker and unstable fervor plenty. The speaker leans forward for a little, talking easily in conventional cadence. His voice is a full baritone, with an odd quaver of senility in some of its notes. Presently he straightens up and stands squarely. The left arm is pressed hard to the side, and crooked in somewhat ugly fashion; but the right is moved freely and gracefully—sometimes high over the head. As long as he uses notes he constrains himself into quietness; but soon the need of memoranda is gone. The formal cadences cease. The sentences come fast, and all conventional ways of speaking are forgotten. The orator's face grows more and more intense; the baritone of his voice grows harder and a little shrill—higher and higher, till faint breaks can be heard as a more emphatic word is spoken; the face, white face is mobile to the point of grotesqueness, and the lights play weirdly on its pallor.—Vanity Fair.

LETTERS FROM READERS.

TWO OPEN THE DOORS.

"LET US HAVE LIGHT"—WHAT ARE THE BROKERS DOING IN SECRET CONCLAVE?

SIR,—Can you inform me how it is that in an intelligent mercantile community like ours an outrageous monopoly like the Montreal Stock Exchange should still be suffered to exist in its present form. Meeting as they do in secret, with doors closed to the public, the natural inference is there is something to conceal. Why the Stock Exchanges in London and New York should be open to visitors and closed in Montreal, I leave for any member of our "Star Chamber" to explain. But that there exists powerful inducements to join the select few is vouched for by the fact of the enormous price paid for seats by present members of the Board, ranging from twelve hundred to twenty-seven hundred dollars. It is rather absurd, while the Board is in daily secret session, to see the operators in stocks seated in their broker's offices, eagerly awaiting the advent of the oracle fresh from secret conclaves, who

RUSHES FRANTICALLY IN AND OUT, deluging out such scraps of information as to prices as may suit him to make known, which may or may not prove correct by the time he has got back to his board. It appears to me, to say the least of it, "very peculiar" that the parties interested, many of whom have large amounts at stake, should be excluded from the Board and unable to control the action of the broker in the very frequent changes in prices that take place. All this concealment looks very much as if there was something to hide, and in all the proposed legislation on this subject it is fervently to be hoped that this unjust and very objectionable feature of closed doors and secret meetings will be put an end to; the interest of the public imperatively demands it. Some short time ago there was an open Stock Exchange in existence in this city, but it was obliged to discontinue business owing to the fact of the closed Board persistently refusing to do business with them, and imposing a penalty of one hundred dollars on any of their members doing so directly or indirectly—so that operators in stocks owing to this high-handed and unjust proceeding are completely at the mercy of the brokers of the closed Board.

Montreal, March 28th, 1879.

CROWN LANDS CANCELLATIONS.

THE MESSRS. HOLLAND'S REPLY TO HON. MR. LANGELLIER.

SIR,—We regret that you could not afford space for the letters which we sent you some time ago in reply to the attacks made upon us by the Hon. F. Langellier in the WITNESS of the 10th and 11th inst. We think that your readers would have been convinced that we, at all events, have not been guilty of misrepresentation in discussing the question of the recent cancellations. However, as your space is limited we will confine this reply to three or four of Mr. Langellier's statements and leave the public to decide the question of veracity which he has raised.

1st. "You may say publicly that not only is there no danger of bona fide settlers being disturbed, but that no one has even been disturbed." (Mr. Langellier's letter in WITNESS of 10th inst.)

In reply we simply refer your readers to the following letter from George Bott:

SIR,—Eighteen years ago I purchased lot 27 on the 9th range of Templeton from John Thorburn, the locater. Although I am a poor man, with a family of ten children to provide for, I managed to pay out for the land, trusting in the good faith of the Quebec Government to give me my patent when my boys were old enough to settle on it. I made improvements according as I was able, have cut hay on it for several years, and looked upon it as a home-stead for myself and my family in my declining years. The sale was cancelled by Mr. Langellier last spring, and my money has been confiscated, so that I have lost land, purchase money, interest, improvements, and eighteen years' payments of taxes and road labor. I am not a land speculator. These 200 acres are the only real estate I have ever owned in Canada. I petitioned the Commissioner last summer to have justice done me, but his reply was that he could do nothing. I can give my testimony to that of others that the Province of Quebec is no place for a British subject to settle in.

GEORGE BOTT, 159 Rideau street Ottawa, March 14th, 1879.

We can furnish you with a long list of similar cases of hardship, with which we are personally familiar, if you desire it.

2nd. "All the complaints you see in the papers on that subject come from a class who are the very pest of colonization. They are written by Messrs. Holland, shorthand writers for the Senate. I cancelled the location tickets these gentlemen had for large tracts of land in the mining region of the Ottawa Valley, etc." In reply to this we beg to say that Mr. Langellier's assertion has not even a shadow of foundation; that we have had no lands cancelled; that we own no "large tracts" of mining or any other kinds of land in the Province of Quebec; that the only land we have purchased, applied to purchase, or owned in that province for several years past, consists of 200 acres of agricultural lands in the Township of Portland, on which the improvements are being made. The only other land owned or claimed by any member of our family since the foundation of Mr. Joly's Government, and for some time previous to that, consists of two lots in Portland (cancelled by Mr. Langellier) and two lots in Wakefield—in all less than 400 acres—owned by our father.

3rd. In reply to a statement made by our father that the Government had authorized the firm of Ross Bros. to cut the timber upon his cancelled lots in Forest, Mr. Langellier in his letter in the WITNESS of the 11th inst. says:—"This is another invention of Mr. Holland. There has been no order in-Council passed on the subject, nor authority given in any other manner to the Ross firm."

Let the Assistant Commissioner state who has been guilty of untruth. In a letter to us dated January 9th, 1879, he says:—"The Hon. Mr. Langellier, conformably to the enactments of the law, has ordered the said lands to revert to Messrs. Ross & Co's. license, which action gives them the privilege of cutting the timber to be found thereon."

4th. In the same letter Mr. Langellier asserts that we have made false representations to the Department. Through the Quebec Chronicle and other news papers, we have called upon Mr. Langellier to prove or retract that assertion. Up to this time he has done neither, and we can only repeat, through your columns, the denial we have already published.

A. & GEO. C. HOLLAND.

HON. MR. LANGELLIER'S POLICY DEFENDED.

SIR,—As your correspondent "Buckingham" apparently belongs to this end of the province, it is only fair that his charges against the Hon. Mr. Langellier should also receive a little attention from this place. In making such grave charges against the Crown Lands Commissioner it would have been very much better if "Buckingham" had appended his true name to them instead of a non de plume; there would then have been some means of judging whether or not he was acting from interested motives, or whether some power behind the throne had inspired the attack. But be that as it may, the

policy of Mr. Langellier has given the greatest satisfaction to all, except perhaps disappointed speculators, who found him an effectual impediment in their way; and many an honest but unfortunate settler, who a year or so ago saw ruin staring him in the face at every turn, in the shape of a notice from the then Crown Lands Commissioner, threatening confiscation of their lands, if all dues were not paid at a certain date, is now thanking his stars that he has the present commissioner and not his predecessor to deal with.

In one of his communications, "Buckingham" mentions several cases of claims which have been, as he affirms, unjustly cancelled. Several cases which have come under my own observation may perhaps throw a little light on the question. Some years ago there were different persons who, in payment of debts, &c., became the proprietors of lots in the vicinity of the districts named by "Buckingham." At that time no one suspected that those lands contained minerals, and as there was little prospect of their becoming a source of profit to their possessors, the claims were in many cases suffered to lapse. It will easily be seen that when, with the discovery of phosphate deposits, &c., these lands became valuable, these quondam owners attempted to revive their claims, the Crown Lands Commissioner would only be doing his duty in refusing to allow them. In a good many instances something of this kind was attempted, but owing to the vigilance of Mr. Langellier, few, if any, of them succeeded. If "Buckingham" is one of those whose little game has been seen through, his action is not difficult to account for, if he is honest in his charges against Mr. Langellier, then let him come honestly out and declare it,—anonymous attacks on any public personage are always to be regarded with suspicion; and if "Buckingham" dare not appear in his own name, then let him "forever hold his peace."

J. S. BUCHAN, Argenteuil, 19th March, 1879.

AN ADMIRABLE INSTITUTION.

FREE TO THE PUBLIC.

No person who was present Friday evening at the closing exercises of the current session of the School of Art and Design could in any way dispute the assertion that the Council of Arts and Manufactures for the Province of Quebec are doing a noble, excellent work. This occasion was one long to be remembered by all present, especially the pupils, with much satisfaction. The exhibition made at the close of this the first year of the school in their splendid new rooms, No. 59 St. James street, was highly creditable to both teachers and pupils, the evidence being there, in their drawings, paintings and modellings, of talent by which, if cultivated further under proper tuition, the authors are destined to make for themselves an enviable reputation as artists at a not very distant day. The indefatigable Secretary of the Council, Mr. S. C. Stevenson, had proposed the idea of thus bringing the work of the pupils and the pupils themselves more prominently before the notice of the public, and the enthusiasm which prevailed among the scholars and the encouragement given by the visitors must have been gratifying to the members of the Council who were present, as well as to the teachers in the school. Considerable time was spent in

INSPECTING THE WORK

executed by the pupils during the session just closed, and many favorable comments were passed. Some of the specimens evinced the possession of superior talent and skill by the producers—such, for instance, as two splendid copies in India ink and crayon by Mr. Koster, which at a little distance off could hardly have been distinguished from the original engravings; a number of nearly faultless drawings from casts by Messrs. Geo. Korth and W. H. Loop; several very beautiful and skillful drawings of plain and ornamental architecture by Messrs. Edmond Lebrun and J. Sawyer; neatly and accurately executed geometrical drawings by Mr. John Gardham.

There are two large classes in free-hand drawing from plaster casts, models, paintings, &c., taught by Messrs. Wm. Lorenz—nine years a professor in this school—and Jas. Weston, and besides those above named the following of their pupils deserve mention for their skill, progress and proficiency, namely:—Engene L'African, H. See, E. F. Lapiere, Henry Williams, J. C. Radford, Jas. Weston, jr., in the primary class; Sutherland, Dunlop, McKeown, Dubé, Dionais and Williams, in the advanced class.

In the more practical departments of architectural and geometrical drawing—Messrs. Auguste Massy and Wm. R. Gregg, teachers—the pupils are principally young carpenters, and the following deserve special notice, besides those already mentioned:—A. Gordon, Jas. Mock, Alfred Garratt, Frank Dakin, Arthur Côté and Albert Riley; and of mechanical drawing—Mr. James Dyer, teacher—a large number of young mechanics are found who exhibit excellent progress. The class in modelling, taught by Mr. T. Van Lappen, is not large, but some of the pupils show much taste and considerable skill in their work. A *bas relief*, executed by Mr. A. Lebrun at his second lesson, and a model of *Venus de Milo*, by Mr. D. E. Sweeney from an engraving, are particularly good.

THE LADIES' CLASS.

The new departure made by the Council early in the beginning of the present session by establishing a ladies' class in drawing, with Mr. Harrington Bird as teacher, promises well. The class numbers now about 40 pupils, and the most of them have manifested much interest in their work. They will continue another month, having begun operations later than the rest of the school.

After the drawings, &c., had been viewed, Mr. HENRY LYMAN, President of the Council, called the assembly to order, and gave a concise sketch of the work done throughout this province since the Council—formerly the Board of Arts and Manufactures—were appointed, they having become the successors of the Mechanics' Institutes in carrying on these schools.

The SECRETARY next made some remarks, showing that the Council had established schools in 12 places in the Province of Quebec, viz.:—Montreal, Quebec, Levis, New Liverpool, Sherbrooke, Sorel, St. Hyacinthe, Huntingdon, Hochelaga and St. Henri, all of which are entirely free, being open from the month of October to April. The total number of pupils attending the current session are 978. He complained that the community at large had not manifested the interest in them not given them the support that they deserve. The object of the schools was not to make artists, but to get the greatest amount of all art into artisans in the short time they are under instruction, and in addition to teach pupils to draw. They desired to train the hand, the eye and the taste of the workingman, recognizing the fact that thereby his work is rendered exceedingly more valuable to his employer, being performed understandingly and more efficiently.

THE BEST PROTECTION

that any nation could have was, he said, the skill and intelligence of its workmen. (Cheers.)

Mr. J. O. DION, of Chambly, promoter of the DeSalaberry monument project, followed with some encouraging remarks, and after him, Mr. Wm. CLERDINNEAU, who urged upon the pupils patriotic efforts and a spirit of emulation, to excel even the enterprising nation on the other side of the line.

Mr. RADFORD urged them to hard, persevering work, in order to make this school what it ought to be, the first art school in America.

The PRESIDENT regretted that the funds at their disposal did not permit the Council to continue the schools later than the 1st of April. The Council receive from the Local Government

\$10,000 per annum for the maintenance of the twelve schools and for their annual provincial exhibition.

The national anthem was sung and cheers were given for the President and Secretary, after which the pupils were regaled with ice-cream, cake and tea, thoughtfully provided by the Council.

THE LADIES' FRENCH-CANADIAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY

held its annual social Friday evening in the lecture room of the Dominion Square Methodist Church, which was rendered unusually attractive by handsome floral decorations. Mr. J. J. MacLaren, Q. C., occupied the chair, and after the opening exercises the annual report was presented, showing that notwithstanding the exceeding financial depression, upwards of \$700 had been realized by the Society in aid of the French Church during the year. The Rev. Charles Doudict spoke words of encouragement to those engaged in the work, and referred to an instance in which two persons recently attended a French Protestant Church in Montreal, and then went back to France to be the means of saving others, who had since died in the faith of the Gospel. The Rev. J. F. Stevenson, LL.B., in concluding an interesting address, urged the importance of placing Christianity and denominationalism in their proper order. Many persons were first Churchmen, Presbyterians, Congregationalists, or Methodists, and then Christians, but all should first be Christians and then be members of their respective churches. The Rev. L. N. Baundry expressed his great gratitude that the work had been so auspiciously begun, and spoke in hopeful terms of its future. During the evening, the students of the Theological College rendered two glees; Mr. Fred Holland, with his usual excellence, played a cornet solo; Miss Henderson and Mrs. Allen delighted the audience with very fine piano solos, and a vocal solo by Mr. C. P. Orr was an unusual very well received. A large portion of the evening was spent in social intercourse, during which refreshments were served.

CITY ITEMS.

THE BOARD OF CHAIRMEN held another secret meeting Saturday to consider the appropriations from the city treasury for the current year.

"AN INIQUITOUS GAMBLING SCHEME with a religious tinge," is how the Toronto *Monetary Times* describes the lottery of the Sacred Heart.

THE SALARY of Mr. C. J. Bridges, as Governor of the Hudson's Bay Company, will, a contemporary says, be £2,000 stg., and travelling expenses.

MRS. CARMICHAEL, wife of the Rev. James Carmichael, rector of the Church of the Ascension, Hamilton, was on Saturday evening last presented with a splendid oil portrait of her husband by the members of his Bible class. The artist was Mr. W. I. Judson, of London.

SMALL-POX AT LACHINE.—A correspondent writing in reference to small-pox in the Lower part of Lachine, near the locks, says that not one case has occurred so far among the pupils of the Lachine Model School, although he believes several deaths have occurred among the French children who object to vaccination, but not to such an extent as our notice would indicate. This is another striking example of the beneficial results of vaccination.

HOW THE COTEAU BRIDGE WOULD RETARD THE OPENING OF RIVER NAVIGATION has been set forth in a petition of the Committee of Management of the Montreal Corn Exchange Association, which also includes objections similar to those in the Board of Trade petition. The bridge would be due to the following:—"During the winter season the ice on Lake St. Francis rests on what may be called dead-water—there being little or no current—the least obstruction to its passage out would hold it there until melted by the sun's rays, and the piers of the proposed bridge would afford abundant resistance to the ice movement. The River St. Lawrence opposite the city of Montreal, and Lake St. Louis at Lachine, are never open for navigation until the ice from Lake St. Francis passes down—the latter usually forcing that on Lake St. Louis and clearing out the river below; any obstruction, therefore, that would interfere with this natural process would postpone the opening of navigation here and elsewhere for two or three weeks. It is further believed by persons well acquainted with the country above Lake St. Francis that any prolonged delay in the outward movement of the great body of ice during the early spring thaws would inevitably lead to disastrous inundations and their attendant evils."

RECORDED'S COURT.—SATURDAY.—Benoni Belecque, 22, shoemaker, drunk and disorderly in Ontario street; John Humphries, 27, carter, insulting the police and absent from his stand, each \$1.50 or ten days. Damase Lareau, 19, laborer, and Louis Laporte, 53, stone cutter, drunk and fighting in Philip street, each \$2.50 or 15 days.

UNION TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.—This Association held their regular Friday evening meeting at the corner of Dorchester and St. Charles (Borromee) streets. The house was well filled. The meeting was opened by singing, reading the Scriptures, and prayer. Mr. John Thomson gave a reading, after which the glee club sang a glee. Mr. Henry Nuttall then made a stirring address, followed by an address by Mr. John Currie, who recited many humorous and amusing stories, which received with applause. A temperance歌 "Stay, Father, Stay," and a reading by Mr. J. C. Ford completed the programme.

"TO EUROPE AND BACK FOR TEN CENTS," under the auspices of the G.T.R. Literary and Scientific Institute was the imaginary flying trip made by a large audience in that Society's rooms at Point St. Charles, Friday evening. Dr. Rodgers conducted the company, by his descriptive powers, from one to another of the principal cities in Europe, and Mr. G. J. U. Storr lighted up the way with a fine stereoscopic exhibiting many splendid views, while the following gentlemen furnished music at intervals *en route*, viz.:—Mr. A. Calvi, on the piano; Messrs. R. Miraglia and J. Donegan, on the violin; Mr. G. Hawkins, on the harp; Mr. A. A. Mayer, on the flute, and Master Werneimuller, on the cornet.

LACHINE.—The Rev. J. F. Stevenson, LL.B., delivered his lecture on "Milton" on Thursday evening, in the school-room of St. Andrew's Church, Lachine, under the auspices of the Association for Mutual Improvement. The President, A. J. Dawes, Esq., occupied the chair. Notwithstanding the unfavorable state of the weather, a very good audience assembled, attracted by the lecturer's reputation for culture and eloquence, which was fully sustained. Most of them had heard his delightful lecture on "Some American Poets" last year, and they were very anxious to listen to what he had to say concerning the immortal bard, who was called "the man's first disobedience," the eminent scholar, the eloquent champion of liberty. He gave a rapid sketch of the illustrious poet's early life. He made a nice and just discrimination between the genius of Milton and that of Shakespeare, describing the former as a "much careful study, done as a labor of love, and inspired by a true sympathy for the sublime and beautiful in the creations of one who felt, in such an eminent degree," "the stirrings of the gift divine." Mr. Stevenson, in a few well-chosen words, moved a vote of thanks to Mr. Stevenson, and the resolution was seconded by Mr. Hamilton, was not by the President and carried with great enthusiasm.

Meetings, Amusements, &c.

MR. FRED BOSCOVITZ Will give a CLASSICAL PIANO-FORTE RECITAL at the SYDNEY HALL. ON MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 31ST, at 8 o'clock.

LECTURE BY THE REV. B. B. USSIER, M.D. In the Lecture Hall of ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH—Reformed Episcopal. ON MONDAY EVENING, 31st Inst., at 8 p.m.

THE MAGIC LANTERN THE CALEDONIAN SOCIETY'S MONTHLY SOCIAL Will be held in the NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S ROOMS, UNIVERSITY ST. ON MONDAY EVENING, 31st Inst., at 8 p.m.

TEMPERANCE.—The usual fortnightly meeting of St. George's Church Temperance Society will be held in the School-house, Stanley street, on MONDAY EVENING, 31st inst.

ERSKINE CHURCH YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY. A Lecture, with Illustrative Views by Calcium Light, will be delivered by Mr. A. C. HUTCHISON, Architect, in the Church, on MONDAY, 31st inst., at 8 p.m.

UNITED PROTESTANT WORKINGMEN'S BENEFIT SOCIETY. The Regular Monthly Meeting of the above named Society will be held in Perry's Hall, on Tuesday, April 1st, at 8 p.m.

CLASSICAL CHAMBER Concerts. Second Concert, April 1st, 1879, at 8.15 o'clock. Trio, C Minor (by Beethoven). (E. Sillars) Mr. Barnes, Mr. Maffre and Mr. Reichling.

EMMANUEL CHURCH TEMPERANCE AND LITERARY ASSOCIATION. TUESDAY EVE, APRIL 1st, 1879. President: Rev. J. F. STEVENSON, LL.B.

MOUNT ROYAL CEMETERY COMPANY. The Annual General Meeting of the proprietors of this corporation will be held at the office of the Montreal Loan and Mortgage Company, 181 St. James street, Montreal, on TUESDAY, the 1st day of April next, at the hour of three in the afternoon.

MONTREAL LOAN AND MORTGAGE COMPANY. ANNUAL MEETING. The annual meeting of the shareholders will be held at the office of the Company, 181 St. James street, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of April, 1879, at three o'clock.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. The Board of Out-door Relief acknowledges with thanks the following donations:—From Messrs. Blakeney & Co., a barrel of fresh haddock; \$10 from a friend, per N. B. C.; Andrew Wilson, \$20; Miss Idler, \$5.

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CIRCULATION OF THE WITNESS during the week ending March 29th, and the corresponding week of last year:—

Table with columns for March 1879 and March 1878, showing daily and weekly circulation figures.

MONTREAL ALMANAC. Sun Rise, 5.48; Moon Phases for March, d. h. m. First Cr., 3 3 4 a.m.; Full Moon, 8 15 10 a.m.; Third Cr., 14 10 47 even.; New Moon, 22 4 10 even.; First Cr., 30 3 11 even.

ADVERTISING RATES. Five lines and upwards, 10c per line first insertion and all after insertions on pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

The Daily Witness.

MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1879.

THE EAST INDIAN SILVER PROBLEM.

British India has always suffered more or less severely in her commercial dealings with European countries by reason of the maintenance of silver as her money standard. By the recent depreciation in the value of silver she is now suffering even more severely than usual.

HAVE DOUBLED THEIR EARNINGS.

"Well, what are you going to do now?" asked our reporter. "We will let matters run as they are; we are in no hurry, and have no pressing work on hand. We have, as a matter of fact, been running for some time past on stock, and on their account more than on our own. We have plenty of goods on hand for some time yet."

CITY ITEMS.

HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP preached yesterday morning in St. Stephen's Church. THE \$30,000 HOCHRELAGA by-law was carried on Saturday by a vote of 39 for to 13 against.

QUESTIONS OF FINANCE.

The following is a fuller report of the meeting of the Finance Committee Saturday afternoon: THE VOLUNTEERS AND 12TH JULY. A claim from Lieut-Colonel Ibbotson, commander of the 53rd Battalion of Volunteers, of Sherbrooke, who were on duty in this city on the 12th July last, for \$89 additional to the amount of their bill, which has already been paid, was considered.

SUICIDE.

Mr. William Dutton, an unmarried, middle aged gentleman, residing with his brother at 24 Conway street, Point St. Charles, shot himself dead in the basement of the house on Saturday afternoon.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

At the afternoon sitting of this Court on Saturday, Charles Taylor, the accomplice of Wm. Packer, was found guilty of stealing \$1,000 from the pocket of Mr. Alfred Dumouche, while he was making a deposit at the Bank Ville Marie. The jury added a recommendation to the mercy of the Court. Mr. Geoffroid defended Taylor.

COMMERCIAL.

WHOLESALE PRICES. As usual on Monday morning there was very little business done in the Corn Exchange. The Flour market is dull and unchanged, with little or no business.

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said this was not the place on Mountain street so much protested against. The Board then adjourned until Saturday.

CITY ITEMS.

HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP preached yesterday morning in St. Stephen's Church. THE \$30,000 HOCHRELAGA by-law was carried on Saturday by a vote of 39 for to 13 against.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Mason, for some time past commercial editor of the Star, has accepted a position on the staff of the Gazette.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. Lindsay, deputy Governor of the Jail, has been appointed a Commissioner to take affidavits to be taken in the Province of Quebec.

THE HEEL AND TOE CONTEST for twenty-five miles, between two amateurs, John Thompson and Joe Kilbert, in Perry's Hall on Saturday evening, resulted in a victory for Thompson, who led his rival by two miles; time 4 hours 43 minutes.

H. R. H. THE PRINCESS LOUISE has been pleased to accept the dedication of a manuscript composition by Mr. Frederick E. Lucy-Barnes, R.A.M. It is the 23rd psalm in the form of a cantata, and will be performed by the Mandelssohn Choir at their next concert.

ALLEGED ROBBERY.—James Guiton, who was fined this morning by the Recorder for being drunk, had one John Kelly, brass-finisher, arrested yesterday and brought before Mr. Dugas, P.M., this forenoon on a charge of stealing \$60 and a railway ticket from him while they were out drinking together. Kelly was discharged as there was no evidence against him.

\$1,000 REWARD.—We have received a circular announcing that a reward of \$1,000 will be paid any person who will give such information as will lead to the arrest, conviction and punishment of the person who maliciously set fire to the mills of the Pleasant Bluff Manufacturing Company at the Falls of Lysander.

ONE OF OUR OLDEST CITIZENS, Mr. Patrick Lawlor, No 9 Courville street, died on Saturday at the age of ninety years. He came to this country in 1815, and commenced life as a civil engineer. He subsequently entered the Military Secretary's Department in Quebec as head clerk, and afterwards occupied a corresponding position in this city.

THE MAISONNEUVE MONUMENT.—The prospect to erect a monument to Maisonneuve, the founder of Montreal, is in a fair way of being carried out. An executive committee with Mayor Rivard as President, and a general committee have been named to raise the money and carry out the scheme.

WHO SIGNED IT.—The dealers who signed the petition against the tariff on books and stationery referred to Friday are as follows:—Francis E. Grafton, Beauchemin & Valois, W. Drysdale & Co., B. Chapleau & Labelle, John M. O'Loughlin, Robert Miller, D. & J. Sadlier & Co., John Hood & Co., Pavette & Bourgeault, Cadieux & Derome, Faber & Gravel, C. W. Coates, J. T. Henderson, C. McAdam, E. Picken, C. Hill, C. Ashford, L. E. Rivard, J. L. Carson & Co., John Fisher & Co., G. & W. Clarke.

A FENCING CLUB was organized on Saturday at a meeting of prominent young French-Canadian citizens, Mr. Charles L. Bossé in the chair. A constitution was submitted and adopted, and the election of officers resulted as follows:—Messrs. Alfred Lacroque, President; F. D. Monk, Vice-President; J. J. Beauchamp, Secretary; Emile Capbert, Treasurer; Damase Sincenne, Major; Committee, F. Lapointe, O. Rolland, M. Baidac, C. L. Bossé and S. E. Globensky.

OBIT.—The Rev. James Jones died at Granby on the 16th instant, in the 92nd year of his age. Sixteen years ago he retired from the active duties of the ministry, having for many years labored in the face of great difficulties. To his efforts may be traced the building of the Bedford parsonage and the West Farnham Church and parsonage, and the parsonage at East Stanbridge was much aided from the funds which he collected. The Revs. F. Robinson, DeGruchy, Rural Dean Russen, Archdeacon Lindsay, and T. A. Haalen took part in the funeral service, and the venerable clergyman was buried in the cemetery at Granby.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DEATH OF Mr. James Jack, which occurred at his residence on Sunday morning after a protracted illness, will be learned with regret. Mr. Jack was born at Greenock, Scotland, in 1831, and came to Canada with his parents in 1833, taking up his residence in the County of Chateaugay. In 1849 he took up his residence in Montreal and entered the service of a leading hardware firm, and in 1851 entered into partnership with Mr. David Sinclair in the wholesale grocery business, the firm being known as Sinclair, Jack & Co. Mr. Sinclair retiring a few years ago, Mr. Jack became head of the firm, which was known as James Jack & Co. Mr. Jack had a large circle of friends, and was much respected in the community.

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some holders are asking higher prices, believing that until after Easter the price cannot be much higher in price. At present the price cannot be much higher in price, as they can be shipped profitably to the United States at that figure. Seeds are in fair demand at a fair price. Timothy \$1.60 to \$1.70 per bushel of 45 lbs., and clover at 75c to \$1.00. Alfalfa are in fair abundance and supply at from \$3.75 to \$5.80.

RECEIPTS.—Barley, 1,000 bushels; Flour, 758 bbls; Meal, 100 bbls; Axes, 3 barrels; Butter, 70 packages; Cheese, 72 boxes; Tallow, 2 bbls; Leather, 160 rolls; Lard, 100 bbls.

CHICAGO, March 31, 10.50 a.m.—Wheat, 89 1/2c April; 94 1/2c bid May; receipts, 65,000 bushels; shipments, 103,000 bushels. Corn, 31 1/2c asked April; 35c bid May; receipts, 145,000 bushels; shipments, 85,000 bushels. Oats, 25 1/2c asked May; 25 1/2c June; receipts, 52,000 bushels; shipments, 49,000 bushels. Barley, receipts, 5,000 bushels; shipments, 10,000 bushels. Pork, \$14.12 1/2c April; \$10.25 to \$10.27 1/2c May; \$10.37 1/2c June; Lard, \$6.32 1/2c to \$6.24 1/2c April; \$6.42 1/2c to \$6.45 1/2c May; \$6.50 to \$6.52 1/2c June.

LIVERPOOL, March 31, 1 p.m.—(To W. J. Fairbairn)—No amendment in the wheat market; small business; prices entirely nominal.

LIVERPOOL EXTRA, 2 3/8 p.m.—Cheese, choice, 44s; hams, long cut, 37s; Western Western lard, 33s 3/4; pork, prime mess Western, 50s.

ST. GABRIEL CATTLE MARKET.—MARCH 31

During the past week about ten carloads of cattle, two of hogs and two of horses, arrived at Point St. Charles. There were only two carloads on the Point St. Charles market today, one of which belonged to Mr. Frank Shields, of Toronto, and was sold to Mr. Hopper. The other belonged to Mr. William Reed, eleven of which he sold at from 3 to 4 1/2c. Mr. F. O. Wrench sold three cows at 3c per lb., and was looking for a purchaser for six bulls, for which he asked 24c. Good beef is sought after. Mr. Reed sold 24 hogs to Mr. Morgan at 5c per lb. live weight. Sheep and lambs are very scarce. Nine carloads of extra No. 1 passed through Point St. Charles en route for Esquimaux Halifax, on the 27th inst., owned by Mr. A. Reeves, of Toronto.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Special to the Witness.) OTTAWA, March 31.—Hogs, per cwt., dressed, \$5.75 to \$6; Beef, per cwt., \$4 to \$5.00; Mutton, per lb., 7c to 8c; Veal, per lb., 5c to 6c; Fowls, per pair, 60c to 65c; Chickens, 25c to 30c each; Turkeys, \$6 to \$15.00; Geese, each, 45c to 50c; Ducks, per pair, 45c to 50c; State eggs, per doz., 13c to 15c; in firkins, 11c to 13c; in fresh price, 18c to 20c; in roll, 15c to 16c; Cheese, per lb., 11c to 13c; Eggs, per doz., 15c to 17c; Potatoes, per bag, 70c to 75c; Turnips, per bushel, 30c; Carrots, per bushel, 35c; Parsnips, per bushel, 40c; Onions, per bushel, 60c; Buckwheat, per bushel, 40c to 45c; Oats, per bushel, 40c; Corn, 60c to 65c; Peas, 55c to 60c; Beans, 90c to \$1; Barley, 50c to 55c; Fall Wheat, \$1.05; Spring Wheat, \$1.10; Extra, \$1.20; Oats, \$1.25; Potatoes, \$4.00; Cornmeal, \$2.00; Cracked Wheat, \$5.00; Wheatmeal, \$5.00; Proveder, per cwt., 80c; Bran, per cwt., 70c; Hens, per lb., 17c; Lard, per lb., 9c to 10c; Tallow, per lb., 5c to 8c; Home-made Yarn, per lb., 70c to 75c; Wool Soaks, per can, 25c to 30c; Hay, per ton, \$13 to \$15; Straw, per ton, \$5.50 to \$6.

HAMILTON MARKETS.

(Reported by telegraph for the Witness by W. & J. Merden, Produce and Commission Merchants.) HAMILTON, March 29.—White Wheat, per bush, 95c to 97; Treadwell, 95c to 96c; Red Winter, 93c to 95c; Spring, 92c to 94c; Peas, 60c to 70c; Barley, 45c to 60c; Oats, 38c to 40c; Corn, 50c to 51c; Clover Seed, \$3.65 to \$3.80; Timothy, \$1.35 to \$1.45; Apples, 40c to 50c; Potatoes, 65c to 72c; White Wheat Flour, per bbl., \$4.30 to \$4.40; Strong Bakers', \$4.25 to \$4.35; Butter, in rolls, 14c to 15c; Butter, in firkins, 12c to 13c; Eggs, per dozen, 10c to 12c; Dressed Hogs, per cwt., \$5.25 to \$5.50.

STRATFORD MARKETS.

(Specially Reported for the Witness by Ross & Fortney, Produce and Commission Merchants.) STRATFORD, March 31.—Fall Wheat, White, per bush, 95c to 98c; Red Wheat, Red, do., 95c to 98c; Spring, 85c to 90c; Peas, 58c to 65c; Barley, 40c to 45c; Oats, 38c to 42c; Potatoes, per bag, 60c to 65c; Butter, per lb., 15c to 20c; Eggs, per doz., 10c to 11c.

CHATHAM MARKETS.

(Special Telegram to the Witness by Messrs. Taylor, Richards & Co., Proprietors Flouring Mills, &c.) CHATHAM, March 31.—Fall Wheat, White, 92c to 95c; Red, do., 90c to 93c; Spring Wheat, per bush, 75c to 85c; Oats, 27c to 30c; Beans, 80c to \$1; Clover Seed, \$3.50 to \$4.00; Barley, per hundred, 70c to \$1.

GUELPH

Noon Advertisements.



WE HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Agents for the above Company, who are the largest manufacturers of FINE SILVER PLATEWARE in the United States...

PUNCH CARTOONS.

The Right Honble, W. E. Gladstone, 35c. Or in cloth gilt, 85c. The Right Honble, John Bright, 35c. Or in cloth gilt, 85c. The Earl of Beaconsfield, 85c. Or in cloth gilt, \$1.35.

VEGETINE

DOCTORS PRESCRIBE IT! H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.: Vegetine is an excellent medicine. I have prescribed and used it in my practice as a doctor.

DRUGGIST'S REPORT. H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.: I have a splendid trade in Vegetine. It is a very popular medicine.

DOCTOR'S REPORT. H. R. STEVENS, Boston: Vegetine is a good medicine, suits well and gives satisfaction.

DRUGGIST'S REPORT. H. R. STEVENS, Boston: I am selling the Vegetine right along.

DOCTOR'S REPORT. H. R. STEVENS, Boston: This is to certify that I have sold Vegetine for some time, and from those who have tried it I have the assurance that it is a good medicine...

DRUGGIST'S REPORT. H. R. STEVENS, Boston: I sell Vegetine, and can recommend it for I know of several cases where it has proved to do more than any other medicine.

DRUGGIST'S REPORT. H. R. STEVENS, Boston: I have sold Vegetine for some time, and those who use it are well pleased with it.

DRUGGIST'S REPORT. H. R. STEVENS, Boston: I have sold Vegetine and it has given general satisfaction.

VEGETINE Prepared by H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.

VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted immediately, by a very respectable Protestant Young Lady, who speaks French and English, a place as Saleswoman in a store, or a good place to sew, or in a milliner's shop. Good references. Apply 1,444 St. Catherine street.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted, by a young, 18 years of age, a situation as assistant in an office; good of reference. Address YOUTY, this office.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted, by a respectable young man, who can be well recommended, a situation as Clerk or Steward; willing to make himself generally useful at any time. Address B. L. A., this office.

EMPLOYMENT Wanted, by a Bank keeper, of 18 years experience; good correspondence in both languages; with first-class recommendations. Address B. L. A., this office.

ROOMS, comfortably furnished, with or without board. 43 Berthelet st.

LOST, on the evening of the 22nd, a yellow Scotch Terrier Bitch. No collar. Answers in the name of "Penny." Any one returning her to 730 Sherbrooke street will be rewarded.

LOST, on Saturday evening, between 7 o'clock and midnight, a large wall-t. containing notes and other valuable papers, no use to anyone but owner, and also a \$75 in cash. Any one returning the above to owner at 122 St. James street, will be allowed to keep all the money as a reward. JACOB COHN.

Noon Advertisements.

WEDDING GIFTS, BIRTHDAY GIFTS. Superb collection of Lace, Fancy Ties and other Novel ties adapted for Wedding and Birthday Gifts.

WM. McDUNNOUGH (Successor to J. Parkin), Removed to 225 St. James street, Next door to McGill and Baird.

PROPERTY FOR SALE. Handsome Stone House, No. 2 Milton st., cor. Shuter. First-class Cottage House, No. 2 Milton st. Most desirable Double Tenement, 40 Shuter st. Cut-stone Residence, No. 561 Sherbrooke st. Stone House, No. 30 corner University and Cathcart sts. Cut-stone Houses, 747 and 749 Sherbrooke st. Detached Stone Cottage, 91 Aylmer st. Comfortable House, 72 and 73 Aylmer st. Brick House, 257 Dorchester st., corner Labelle. Nice House on Argyle, late Scotland st. Medium-sized House, 32 Charles Barronville st. Two Brick Houses 9 and 11 St. Urbain st., near Craig. Brick Residence, 264 Lacombe st. Fine Stone House, 1,402 corner St. Catherine and Metcalfe sts.

TO LET, AT VAUDREUIL. A House, partly furnished. Apply at 361 Notre Dame st.

TO LET, A FLAT, over 361 Notre Dame st. Occupied as a Temperance Lunch Room.

TO LET, that valuable Farm, at Lennox Pointe, known as the Tiffin farm, containing about 120 acres with dwelling house, barn and commodious out-buildings with immediate possession.

TO LET, comfortable House, No. 1,720 St. Catherine street, 8 rooms and cellar, bath and hot and cold water; rent, \$200 and taxes. Apply at 11 Burnside Place.

WEBER PIANOFORTES. These wonderful Pianos are the favorite instruments of every Prima Donna, every Singer, every Pianist of renown, in fact every Musician of note. In their matchless tones, their extraordinary power and endurance, they have no equal.

ITALIAN OPERA CO. New York.—"The tone of the Weber Piano is so pure and prolonged, and of such inexhaustible depth, that they sustain the voice in a wonderful degree. The action is elastic, they have great strength, and stand remarkably long in tune. We not only commend them to the highest degree, but think them the best Pianos in the world."

JULIA RYF-LING.—"The Best Piano I ever played my fingers on."

EMMA C. THURNEY.—"The tones of the Weber Pianos are so sweet, rich, sympathetic, yet so full, that I shall always rank them as the greatest manufacture of the day."

NILSSON.—"I shall take every opportunity to recommend and praise your instruments."

ALBANI.—"I am thoroughly satisfied with your splendid Pianos. They deserve every merit the high distinction they have obtained."

LUCCA.—"Your Uprights are extraordinary instruments, and deserve their great success."

STRAUSS.—"Your Pianos astonish me, I have never yet seen a piano which equal yours."

WEHLL.—"Madame Parepa called your Pianos the finest in the United States, fully endorse that opinion. They have no rival anywhere."

MILLS.—"Among the many excellent pianos made in the city, the Weber ranks foremost."

NEW YORK PIANO CO., 183 St. James st., Montreal.

NEW GOODS—HATS. Our Spring Stock is now complete, and is without doubt the largest and best assorted.

HAT STOCK. Goods in Low, Medium and Extra qualities, and in every quality we are offering Extra Value.

ORNAMENTAL TILES. Suitable for Flooring, Wall Linings, House Decors, Mantel Pieces, Flower Boxes, Parquet Panels, &c. Samples and stock on view at 725 Craig street.

STEAMBOAT COMPANIES and public institutions in want of Carpets in quantities or to measure, would do well to examine our Spring selections in Brussels, Tapestry and Wool, in two and three ply; also Scotch and Canadian Unions, in variety of patterns and qualities. Oilcloths in all grades and prices, Linoleum, &c.

WANTED, THREE OR FOUR Rooms, etc. or furnished or unfurnished, suitable for light householding; the English lodging plan preferred. Address (stating terms), F. O. B., P. O., Box 1,609, Montreal.

Noon Advertisements.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO. (FIRE.) Capital - - £2,000,000 Stg. Moderate Rates. Sure Indemnity.

A. R. BETHUNE, Agt., 329 NOTRE DAME ST.

THIERS.

The Life of Louis Adolph Thiers, by Dr. Francois Le Goff, with portrait, \$2.50. The Government of M. Thiers from February 24th, 1871, to May 24th, 1873, from the French of Jules Simon, 2 vols., 8vo., \$5.

FOR SALE BY DAWSON BROTHERS, St. James street.

AROMATIC MONTSERRAT. QUININE CORDIAL. A NEW COMBINATION OF QUININS WITH LIME JUICE. ENTIRELY FREE FROM ALCOHOL.

The combination of two agents of such universally acknowledged value as Quinine and Lime Juice, in one palatable and innocuous form, has been a desideratum long sought for. The tonic qualities of Quinine have been popularized in the form of QUININE WINE, but it is well known these combinations have been attended with serious evils consequent upon the ALCOHOLIC STIMULANTS they contain, and are prejudicial to health and demoralizing in their tendency.

LAMPS! LAMPS! The Best and Cheapest Illuminating Lamp in the City. Requires no Chimney. To be had at M. BECK'S, 213 McGill street.

FLOUR! Our Choice Family Flour gives great satisfaction. All orders by post for single barrels or half barrels carefully executed and satisfaction guaranteed. Prices very low.

APPLIES. A nice variety still in stock and cheap. THOS. FULLER & CO., 537 St. Paul st., first door from McGill st.

HARDWOOD CHARCOAL. Best quality. Free from dust. Delivered in lots to suit purchasers. COPLAND & McLAREN, Corner Wellington and Grey Nue streets.

PIANOS! PIANOS! For good, genuine Rosewood Pianos, at the Wholesale Prices, call on HENRY J. SHAW, Shaw's Buildings Craig street, Montreal. An instrument sold by him are guaranteed genuine and are fully warranted for five years.

TO THE MUSICAL PUBLIC. We have just received from Albert Weber, 5th Avenue New York, an assortment of his unrivalled grand, square and upright Pianos, which will be sold during the holidays at a large reduction on New York prices.

NEW YORK PIANO CO.'S ROOMS, 183 St. James st. Descriptive Catalogues free by mail.

THE NEW COD LIVER OIL. TRADE "SKREI" MARK BRAND. Just introduced by the undersigned. Is pale in color, brilliant in appearance, agreeable to the taste, easily taken by children, and readily assimilated by the most delicate stomach. For sale at THE MEDICAL HALL, ST. JAMES STREET.

ROOFING! ROOFING! ROOFING! Patent Felt and Gravel Roofing new, and repairing in all its branches, promptly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed. T. BRENNAN, Bonn, 59 Desnoes st. Office, 87 St. Bonaventure st.

INDUCEMENT! I AM OFFERING GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO THE PUBLIC IN Spring Overcoats.

As I have bought all my Spring and Summer Goods before the new tariff came into operation I am prepared to offer to the public a list of prices in Spring Overcoats at a reduced rate. Before purchasing elsewhere, if you want a cheap Spring Overcoat call at my place and examine the goods.

PRICE LIST. BEAUVAIS' Spring Overcoat, well cut, \$4.50. BEAUVAIS' Spring Overcoat, Melton, 5.50. BEAUVAIS' Spring Overcoat, Serge, 7.50. BEAUVAIS' Spring Overcoat, Diagonal, 8.50.

My SPRING OVERCOATS are selling well. My SPRING OVERCOATS are nice. My SPRING OVERCOATS are all the talk. My SPRING OVERCOATS are 30 per cent. cheaper than any other house.

I. A. BEAUVAIS, 190 St. Joseph street.

Auction Sales.

W. E. SHAW. SALE OF A FINE STOCK OF new Drawing Room, Dining Room and Bedroom Furniture, Parlor Chairs, Books, &c. Having situated their corner store, Messrs. George Armstrong & Co., have instructed me to sell by public auction at their store, corner Victoria and Notre Dame, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON NEXT, 1st APRIL, 7 Walnut sideboards, 2 Walnut sideboards, Several Chamber sets, Parlor sets in Silk, Reps, Terry and Hair Cloth, Furniture, Dining Tables, Ladies' Writing Desks, Hat Boxes, Whatnots, Corals, Drawers, Sofas, Couches, Easy Chairs, Cribs and Cradles, all of the best make and manufacture. Sale sharp at TWO o'clock. W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

W. E. SHAW. SALE OF NEAT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c. &c. I will sell at the residence, No. 73 Concord street, on TUESDAY NEXT, 1st APRIL, the whole of the very neat and Furniture good Carpets, Parlor set in Rep, Lace Curtains, Sitting-room set, in Hair Cloth, Walnut Dining Room and Bedroom Furniture, Hair Mattresses, Glassware, China and Glassware, Lining, &c. &c. only a year in use. Sale at 10 a.m. W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

SPECIAL EVENING SALE OF FURNITURE, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Broadwood Grand Pianos, Drawing Room Suits, M. T. Bedroom Furniture, Sideboards, Dining Chairs and Tables, Mattresses and Bedding, China and Glassware, Pictures, Plate-ware, Bronze Gasaliers, and large variety of other effects removed from private residences at my sale-room, 195 St. James street, on TUESDAY EVENING, 1st April. Sale at 7 o'clock. W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

BY AUTHORITY OF JUSTICE. I am instructed to sell at the residence, No. 102 Union Avenue, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, April 2nd, all the very good Household Furniture, comprising in part Crimmo Parlor Suite in Silk, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Walnut Centre Table, Easy Chair, Lounges, Bookcase, Walnut Dining Table, Sideboard, Glassware, China Tea set, Walnut Bedroom set, Ash do, Spring and other Mattresses, Wood Carpets, Hall and Cooking Stove, Refrigerator, and the usual Kitchen Utensils, &c. &c., the whole for immediate removal. Sale at HALF PAST TWO o'clock. W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

W. E. SHAW. SALE OF FINE FURNITURE. Brussels Carpets, Rosewood Piano, Gasaliers, Plate Mirror, &c. &c. I am instructed by D. McFarlane, Esq., to sell at his residence, No. 610 Drummond street, on WEDNESDAY next, 2nd April, the whole of the fine Furniture, Brussels Carpets, Rosewood Piano forte by Vose, of Boston, Crystal Gasaliers, Plate Mirror, Drawing room set in silk, Glass-back Dining Table, Dining Table, Sideboard, Leather Dining Chairs and Table to match, Curious, Brussels Hair Carpet, Sitting Room Furniture, secretary Book Case, Walnut Bedroom Furniture, China and Glassware, Hall and Cooking Stove, Refrigerator, and the usual Kitchen Furniture, all in nice order. Sale at 10 o'clock. W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

W. E. SHAW. NEAT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD FULL CARVED PIANO FORTE, CARPETS, &c. I am instructed to sell at the residence of John W. MacKeddie, Esq., No. 109 St. Anne street, on THURSDAY MORNING next, the 3rd April, the neat Household Furniture, Drawing room set in Mahogany, by Hilton, Carpets, Pine-Toned Rosewood full carved Piano forte, by Collinson & N. Y., Walnut Grass Back Sideboard, Leather Dining Chairs and Table to match, Curious, Brussels Hair Carpet, Sitting Room Furniture, secretary Book Case, Walnut Bedroom Furniture, China and Glassware, Hall and Cooking Stove, Refrigerator, and the usual Kitchen Furniture, all in nice order. Sale at 10 o'clock. W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

W. E. SHAW. SPRING SALES. By H. J. SHAW. Engagements are now being made for the sale of Household Furniture at private residences. Parties intending selling, and wishing to employ my services, will oblige by giving early intimation at my office, 726 Craig street, as my lists are now open. All sales entrusted to me will receive prompt and careful attention. Quick and satisfactory returns.

SHERIFF'S SALE, Ann street.—VALUABLE TENEMENT PROPERTY. Those two-story Brick Houses divided into 4 tenements, Nos. 176, 172, 174, Ann street, opposite the Commissioners' School, and between William and Ottawa streets, yielding a good return. A capital opportunity for an investor. Sale at Sheriff's Office, at 11 a.m., on Tuesday, 8th April.

Noon Advertisements.

THE NEW COD LIVER OIL. TRADE "SKREI" MARK BRAND. Just introduced by the undersigned. Is pale in color, brilliant in appearance, agreeable to the taste, easily taken by children, and readily assimilated by the most delicate stomach. For sale at THE MEDICAL HALL, ST. JAMES STREET.

THE MEDICAL HALL, ST. JAMES STREET. BRANCH, PHILLIPS SQUARE. WINDSOR BRANCH, WINDSOR HOTEL AND WHOLESALE BY KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO., 154 St. Francois Xavier st.

SEE J. G. KENNEDY & CO.'S Great display of NEW STYLES FOR SPRING, IN MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

All the latest improvements are now introduced, and the prices are warranted to suit the most economical. Our Business Suits promise to be a decided success owing to their novelty in cut, style and finish. We suggest that before purchasing elsewhere to call and see our prices.

Price Reduced. The Improved Business Suit (all wools) \$10.00 \$7.25. The New Walking suit, 10.50 7.75. The New Morning suit, 11.00 8.50. The New Diagonal suit, 12.00 9.00. The New Venetian suit, 13.00 9.50. The Superior Dress suit, 17.00 12.50. The New Spring overcoat, 9.00 6.50. The New Traveling Wrapper, 10.00 7.50. The New Spring Ulster, 11.00 8.25. The New Linen overcoat, 12.00 9.00.

All these new styles we have in stock or made to measure in a few hours. We have an endless assortment of the newest goods imported to select from, and our prices will be found much lower than any house in the city.

J. G. KENNEDY & CO., 31 and 33 St. Lawrence street.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT. OTTAWA, 31st October, 1878. No drawback to be allowed on American goods unless used for exportation. J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs.

Auction Sales.

W. C. NORMAN. SALE OF NEAT AND USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS ON TUESDAY NEXT, 1st APRIL. I will sell, at my store, No. 8 and 10 St. Joseph street, new and second hand Furniture, &c., comprising Bedroom and Parlor Suits, B. P. and other Mirrors, Paintings, Chandeliers, large and small Sofas, Carpets, Feather Beds, Hair and Wool Mattresses, Spring Beds, Cooking and other Stoves, Trunk, &c. &c., and useful sundries. Sale at TWENTY o'clock p.m. W. C. NORMAN, Auctioneer. N. B.—Private sales solicited.

HILL & Cormack. A GOOD INVESTMENT. PEREMPTORY SALE. Four Tenements, Nos. 42 and 44 Jarrons street, and Cut-stone House, No. 203 Bleury st.

ON WEDNESDAY, 2nd April, 1879, the Subscribers will sell at their Sale-rooms, No. 61 St. James street, that valuable property, Nos. 42 and 44 Jarrons st. Also, that fine Cut-stone House, No. 203 Bleury street. Both properties bring a good rental, and their situation is most central. Sale at 11 o'clock. HILL & CORMACK, Auctioneers.

M. HICKS & Co. SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS. On TUESDAY MORNING, 1st April, At the residence, No. 529 seigneur's street. Sale at TEN o'clock. M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

W. E. SHAW. SALE OF NEAT HOUSEHOLD Furniture, Piano, Green Silk Parlor Suite, B. P. Mirror, Pine Crystal and Bronze Gasaliers, Carpets, Pictures and Ornaments, Curain Poles and Cornices, Secretary, Bookcase, M. T. Table, B. W. Sideboard, B. W. Dining Table and Chairs, Ash and Walnut Bed-rooms, and "Argand" Hall Stove, "Mottion" Portable Range, and the usual Kitchen requisites, &c. &c. On WEDNESDAY MORNING, 2nd April. We are instructed to sell at the residence, No. 45 TUPPER STREET, all the Household Furniture and effects above. Every thing in first-class order. Sale at TEN o'clock. M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

JOHN J. ARNTON. OIL PAINTINGS, WATER COLOURS, CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS, &c.—MR. A. J. PELLERIN'S RECEIVED CLEARING SALE BEFORE REMOVAL. The subscriber will sell at the store, 345 Notre Dame street, on TUESDAY, 1st April, Oil Paintings and Water Colours by "Jacob", "Edson", and other artists, steel Engravings, fine English, American and German Chromos, &c. Also, HANDSOME MARBLE MIRRORS, Sewing Machines, &c. Positive sale without reserve to reduce stock in everything before moving. Sale at TEN o'clock. JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

JOHN J. ARNTON. SALE OF LUMBER by Auction. The undersigned will offer for sale by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd of April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, the following goods, wares and merchandise, stored at the yard of J. N. Ward, on Alway street, in the town of St. Henri, 30 piles 1 by 2 inch Pine lumber, 3 piles 1 1/2 inch Pine lumber. Containing in all about six hundred and sixty-five thousand feet. Terms cash. JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875. In the matter of LEGGAT & JOHNSON, of Montreal, manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, Insolvents. The undersigned Assignee will sell by Public Auction at the place of business of the Insolvents, Nos. 39 and 41 William street, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd April, 1879, at THREE o'clock, p.m., the assets of the estate, at so much in the dollar upon inventory valuation, in lots as follows: 1. Stock, manufactured and unmanufactured in Factory, William street, amounting to \$32,690.95. 2. Stock of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, &c., at "Hub" Craig street, 2,936.87. 3. Stock of Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, &c., at "Burning Boot" McGill street, 4,616.21. 4. Book debts and Bills Recd. of wholesale business, about 21,500.00. 5. Machinery, Fixtures, &c., William st., 5,000.00. A deposit of \$750 will be required from bidders on Lot No. 1, \$250 on Lots Nos. 2 and 3, and \$500 on Lots Nos. 4 and 5. Conditions of sale cash. The inventory of stocks and list of book debts may be examined upon application at the office of the assignee. LAJOIE, PERRAULT & SEATH, Assignees. JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

Office of Lajoie, Perrault & Seath, Montreal, March 25, 1879.

SPLENDID INVESTMENT IN REAL ESTATE.—Three Cut-stone Front Houses, to be sold together, situate on Sherbrooke street (situated between St. James and St. Joseph streets), on THURSDAY, April 2nd, the three substantial, well built houses, Nos. 722, 724, 726 Sherbrooke street, corner of City Canal street. Most pleasant, healthy and central position, nearly opposite Barber's street. Perfect drainage. Houses in fine order, recently papered and thoroughly renovated. Dimensions of Lot 67 x 120, good front buildings. Lane in rear. Terms cash. Perfect title. Committed. Sale at ELEVEN o'clock. JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

"THOMSON'S" EXTENSIVE UNRESERVED SALE OF Fine Furniture, Beautiful Cabinet Work. The Subscriber will sell, by order of Mr. James Thomson, at his store, 227 St. James st., Montreal, on TUESDAY, 5th APRIL, a splendid collection of his finest work. One of the best, largest and most varied yet offered to public competition, comprising: Drawing Room, Dining Room, Library, Bedroom and Hall Furniture, office Books and Chairs, Couches, Lounges, splendid Italian Cabinet Work, Mantel Pieces, Cabinets, Cases and Fancy Tables, &c. Handsome Mantel Mirrors in gilt and other frames, gilt and Fancy Work Chairs, Tea Tables, Foot stools, Made Stands, Cast-iron, Gilt and other Cornices, Curtains, &c. Several very fine Bedroom Suites in the "Queen Anne" and "Fayette" styles in Walnut and other beautiful woods, and sections of Bedsteads, Dining Room Furniture, are included in this sale. There is a good stock of the plaster work as well as the articles which come under the head of "fine art in furniture." As Mr. Thomson wishes to sell without reserve, and as his work is not excelled anywhere, residents of Quebec, Ottawa, Sherbrooke, and other cities and towns as well as our own community, in want of useful, beautiful and durable house furnishings should attend this sale. Catalogues will be ready in due time. Sale at TEN o'clock. JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875, AND AMENDING ACTS. In the matter of MULLARKY & CO., Insolvents. The undersigned Assignee will sell by Public Auction at the residence of Mr. M. C. Mulrarky, No. 998 Dorchester street, on THURSDAY, the 10th day of April, instant, at TEN o'clock p.m., all the fine Household Furniture, effects belonging to the individual estate of Mr. Mulrarky, comprising Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, sideboard, Piano, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, Mirrors, &c. &c. also Carriages, sleighs and Harness. Terms cash. JOHN FAIR, Assignee. Montreal, 10th March, 1879.

THE INFORMER.

A TALE OF THE FENIAN RISING OF 1867.

(By Charlotte G. O'Brien.)

CHAPTER XXIV.

"Don't let me keep you from your work, Maurice," said Dunallan, as they left the cottage...

"Thank you, Maurice," said Dunallan: "I won't cut him up, I promise you. But where is the house?"

"Ye'll maybe find it hard to make it out, your lordship; hadn't I better go with you? It wouldn't take me a minute."

"Oh, no; I'll make it out myself. I'm in no hurry; just show me whereabouts it lies?"

Maurice showed Dunallan a blind-path through the field, which he said led direct to the cottage, then touching his cap, he went off at a quick walk to make up for lost time...

The house this day was nearly empty; the youngest had died and was buried; the mother had gone out to try for a hand's turn of work, and the idiot and two elder children were begging...

Many of my readers must know what a sick child is like; but have many of them seen, as I have, and that not once, but often, what a child dying of starvation, scrofula, cold and misery is like? I trust not.

When Dunallan entered the darkness, he could distinguish nothing but the light on the hearth; light coming from some sort of heathery mould, dug off by Costello from the waste surface of the moor when he could yet use a spade...

Guessing at once who his visitor must be, he abandoned himself to despair; his face, pale as it always was, became perfectly livid, and hiding it with his bonny hands he cowered down on the bed, moaning aloud, and crying in Irish and in English, "Oh, may God have mercy on my soul! Oh, your lordship, take pity on me! O God, forgive me, for it was I that done it; 'twas myself that done it, and no other! Oh, your lordship, have pity on a poor man that was druv out of his sinuses, and didn't know what he was doing!"

As may be supposed, Dunallan was extremely puzzled by all this, and wondered if it could be repentance for the little house; but as Costello went on it became clear he must be speaking of more than that, and at last the idea shot through his mind that this might really be the man guilty of the attack on Mr. Lloyd...

"Have pity on the little child, your lordship, and oh! the Lord will bless you, and bring the sweet baby chidder about your own feet, if ye'll have mercy on the poor man that is a sinner for the sake of the chidder that'll come after him!"

Dunallan, quite overcome, was forced to steady himself against the wall near the fire, while he collected himself so far as to ask, after first motioning the wretched man to stand up—"Were you alone?"

"Alone I was, my lord never a one with me but myself and the great God that save me; and oh! your lordship, I wouldn't have done it at all at all, but that I was druv for

the child and the innocent, thinking to save them and myself from the gentleman."

"But how did you get the pistol?" asked Dunallan.

"Yer lordship; there's them that knows about that too, and my curse is on them day and night that led me into the wrong ways that I never was used to. Every night that I lie down on the bed I pray my curse on them that did it by me to ruin me—as if I wasn't had enough before without them. But oh! if ye'll only spare me this once, your lordship, I'll go on my knees from this to Limerick praying for ye to the blessed Mother of God and all the saints to guard ye, though I die on the road itself I'll go; for I'm next up to death, and that's the truth, your lordship. 'Tien't for myself I'm axing, but for the childer, and the wife, poor woman; she was ever against it, and bid me be still and leave that wickedness for them that would think first on it; and the Lord knows it would have been glad I would have known to do it too, but, my lord, I was promised to him—to them that bid me do it, and I couldn't go back on my word, your lordship knows; could I now?"

To this strange mixture of right and wrong Dunallan could find no answer, and simply asked how it had happened he had missed his shot.

"Ah! that I'll tell your lordship, and that quickly. 'Twas Kitty Meenan saved him, or he wouldn't have been a living man this day, as I think the good God that spared me the blood on my soul he is. 'Twas she herself heard me, and knocked the barrel out of my hand that day—may the Lord reward her for it; and I'm aised to have it off my mind that ye might know who'd be deserving by ye, for 'tis that she is, and no mistake either. I'm better for telling it ye, whatever is to come to myself after, and if it wasn't for the wife and childer I'd as soon die as live, yer honor, with this cough taking me day and night."

As he spoke he sank back on the bed in a fearful fit of coughing, brought on by the excitement and the rapid speech.

(To be Continued.)

SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSON.

PROSPERITY RESTORED.

April 13.—Job. 42: 1-10.

CONNECTION.

In ch. 37 God is represented as approaching in a tempest. While the lightnings are playing, and the thunders rolling, a bright golden light is seen in the north, indicating the approach of the Most High. Elisha is overpowered with his majesty, and concludes his speech in a brief, hurried, and agitated manner. Even while he is thus, God appears, and addresses Job from the midst of the storm, and puts an end to this protracted controversy. He is introduced in circumstances of the highest sublimity, and at a time when all the speakers must have felt that his interposition was desirable. Job, though he had silenced them, had not been able to explain the facts which were constantly occurring, and which had constituted the basis of the argument of his friends. Both they and he had evinced, to a considerable extent, an improper spirit in what they had said, and it was appropriate that the divine views should be expressed in regard to their opinions and their temper. Elisha had interposed, and had professed his ability to explain everything which was dark in the debate. He had, however, advanced but one new thought,—that calamity was designed to be disciplinary, and was not to be regarded as certain proof of the character of him who was afflicted. Beyond this he was unable to offer any explanations, and, supposing that Job had not submitted as a good man should under afflictions, he had concluded also that Job lacked the proper spirit of piety. At this stage of the argument the Almighty himself appears, and addresses Job from the midst of the tempest. He does not, indeed, appear as Job had anticipated he would, to vindicate him at once. His first object is to bring Job to a proper state of mind, to improve the boldness and presumption with which he had spoken of the divine dealings, and to show him how utterly incompetent he was to judge of the ways of God. At the close of the scene, however, he expresses his approbation of the general spirit of Job in preference to that of his friends, and restores him to more than his former prosperity.—Barnes.

EXPLANATORY.

1. "Then Job answered the Lord." Chs. 38-41 contain what God had to say. He does not explain the mystery which so troubled Job and his friends. He simply sets forth his infinite power and wisdom and goodness, to show them that their true attitude was submission and trust in God. He has reasons they cannot understand, but he is too good to harm any of his children, too wise and powerful to permit any evil to come upon them, for which there were not wise and good reasons. Let men therefore trust in God, though they cannot understand. So Christ said to Peter, "What I do, thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter."—Job now expresses his feelings in view of this manifestation of God.—1.

2. "As used there, these are the words of the Almighty uttered as a reproof of Job for the manner in which he had undertaken to explain the dealings of God. As repeated here by Job, they are an acknowledgment of the truth of what is there implied, that he had been guilty of hiding counsel in this manner; and the repetition here is a part of his confession. He acknowledges that he had entertained and expressed such views of God as were in fact clothing the whole subject in darkness instead of explaining it.—Caryl.

3. "Who is he that hideth counsel without knowledge," i.e., darkeneth or obscureth God's counsel, his plans, or dealings? Things in the dark can no more be seen than things hidden.—Caryl. This is repeated from ch. 38: 2. As used there, these are the words of the Almighty uttered as a reproof of Job for the manner in which he had undertaken to explain the dealings of God. As repeated here by Job, they are an acknowledgment of the truth of what is there implied, that he had been guilty of hiding counsel in this manner; and the repetition here is a part of his confession. He acknowledges that he had entertained and expressed such views of God as were in fact clothing the whole subject in darkness instead of explaining it.—Caryl.

4. "Therefore have I uttered that I understood not." The judgments which I have heretofore pronounced respecting my sufferings, as unmerited and unreasonably cruel, were uttered without understanding or knowledge.—Zochler.

5. "I have heard of thee by the hearing of the ear." He admits that his former views of God and of his dealings with man were obscure and dark, comparable to the faint impressions which one receives from being told by others of that which they have seen. But now his views were firmer, clearer, and more distinct, like to those of one who sees with his own eyes what he had only heard of before.—Kitté.

bles and abuses us, and causes us to abhor ourselves, and repent in dust and ashes.—Henry. "In dust and ashes." In the most lowly manner, and with the most expressive symbols of humiliation. It was customary in times of grief, whether in view of sin or from calamity, to sit down in ashes; or on such an occasion the sufferer and the penitent would strew ashes over himself. The philosophy of this was like the custom of wearing black for mourning apparel,—that the external appearance ought to correspond with the internal emotions, and that deep sorrow would be appropriately expressed by disfiguring the outward aspect as much as possible.—Barnes.

6. "After the Lord had spoken these words." The words of the preceding chapters which God spoke out of the whirlwind (ch. 38: 1). After all that was sinful in his speeches is blotted out by repentance, there remains only the truth of his innocence, which God himself testifies to him, and the truth of his holding fast to God in the hot battle of temptation, by which, without his knowing it, he has frustrated the design of Satan.—Delitzsch. Had the matter been left according to the record in v. 6, a wholly erroneous impression would have been made. Job was overwhelmed with the conviction of his own guilt, and had nothing been said to his friends, the impression would have been made that he was wholly in the wrong. It was important, therefore, and was indeed essential to the plan of the book, that the divine judgment should be pronounced on the conduct of his three friends.—Barnes.

"To Eliphaz the Temanite." Eliphaz had been uniformly first in the argument with Job, and hence he is particularly addressed here. He seems to have been the most aged and respectable of the three friends, and, in fact, the speeches of the others are often a mere echo of his.—Barnes. "Temanite." Belonging to the land of Teman, a part of Edom, south-east of Palestine. "My wrath is kindled against thee. It is quite possible that they imagined the Lord to be taking their side against their friend, and that they looked upon his confession of his sinfulness as a crowning triumph on their side of the argument, and as realizing the conviction they had all along labored to produce. Awfully was the complacency with which they stroked their beards disturbed, when the voice from the whirlwind addressed them in the words of displeasure and condemnation. Job had been brought to self-conviction. The friends might also, and ought to have been brought to something of the same state of mind from what they had heard, from which, like him, they should have imbibed clearer views of the nature of sin. As this was not the case, as they gave no sign of conviction or repentance, it was left for the Judge to declare that which they had failed to perceive, and to pronounce his estimate of their conduct and their arguments.—Kitté.

"Ye have not spoken of me the thing that is right, as my servant Job has." This must be understood comparatively.—Barnes. Both had erred in their views as to the nature of sin; but Job had put this part of the charge against him out of court by his penitent confession. The removal of this fault in his argument, seeing he had expressly recalled it, while it remained on theirs, would alone give the balance in his favor, had all else been equal. But, in fact, the main position which Job had defended was correct, though he was unable to grasp all its bearings, and more than that which the friends had upheld, tended to vindicate the divine government.—Kitté.

7. "Take seven bullocks and seven rams." The number seven was a common number in offering animals for sacrifice. It was early regarded as a perfect number, and it was probably with reference to this that that number of victims was selected, with an intention of offering a sacrifice that would be complete or perfect.—Barnes. They needed to be taught the doctrine of atonement, that some sacrifice was essential to the complete forgiveness and restoration of man. "Go to my servant Job... shall pray for you." The servant of Jehovah is not only favored himself, but he also becomes the instrument of grace for sinners. As where his faith shone forth he became the prophet of his own and friends' future, so now he is the priestly mediator between his friends and God. The friends against whom God is angry must bring an offering as their atonement, in connection with which Job shall enter in with a priestly intercession for them, and only him whom they regarded as one punished of God will God accept.—Delitzsch. In the burnt-offerings of Job for his children (Job 1: 5) and for his three friends, we, for the first time, find the expression of the desire of expiation for sin, accompanied by repentance and prayer, and brought prominently forward.—Smith. "Him will I accept." I will listen to and regard his prayers and offerings in behalf of his friends.

8. "When he prayed for his friends." Not because he prayed, or in return for his praying, but "while, during." The moment in which Job prayed for his friends became, as the climax of a life that is well-pleasing with God, the turning-point to glory to him. The Talmud has borrowed from here the true proverb, "He who prays for his fellow-men always finds acceptance for himself first of all."—Delitzsch. There is deep significance in the fact that the moment when his disease departs from him is the very moment when, as regards his friends, he completely forgives and forgets, notwithstanding they had so grievously injured him.—Zochler. "Also the Lord gave Job twice as much as he had before." He was not merely restored to all he had before possessed, but all things were given back in double measure to him; all except children, of whom he eventually gained the same number he had lost. How the restoration of his health was effected, we are not told, nor are we required to suppose that it took place all at once. We know that in the case of his new family, for instance, the restoration must have been gradual, and so it was probably of the rest; and as he had lived 140 years after the events, there was ample time during which, with the Lord's blessing upon him and all that belonged to him, his latter end might become more blessed than his beginning.—Kitté. It is remarkable that God does not explain the difficulties which had so much embarrassed Job and his friends. He does not state why the wicked are so much prospered, or why the righteous suffer so much; he does not show how the sufferings of the good are consistent with his approbation of their conduct, nor does he refer to the retributions of the future world. He does not say that the inequalities here will be adjusted there. It was not the purpose of God then to reveal the doctrine of the future state, and to communicate those sublime truths which now console us in our afflictions, and which, amidst the inequalities of the present state of trial, lead us to look forward to another world. One great thought is held up in view; that there ought to be submission to that God who had shown himself to be so great and wise. We are to do this, not because we see the reasons of his doings, and not because we are to be rewarded for it, and not because there is nothing dark in his dispensations, but because he is God.—Barnes.

ILLUSTRATIVE. 1. "Job's prosperity when he prayed for his friends." Whittier has a poem founded on the legend in the Targum of Onkelos. A rabbi fell into sin, and went to confess to a friend, but found no peace, no forgiveness. The other confessed to him, with like futile results. Then both knelt down and began to pray, not for themselves, but each one for the other, and then they found peace.

"Hope not the cure of sin, till self is dead; Forget it in love's service; and the debt Thou canst not pay, the angel shall forget. Heaven's gate is shut to him who comes alone; Save thou a soul, and it shall save thine own."

II. "Job brought to submission, then prospered." A lady lost her only son, in his young manhood. For years she felt bitter and unreconciled toward God. She could not realize his love and goodness, and lived a sad life. In time the clouds began to break away, and the light of God's goodness shone in her heart; but it was not till God brought her to a bed of sickness, so near to death that but a thin veil seemed to separate her from the other world. There her trust was perfect. One evening we bade her good-night, sure that she would awake the next morning in heaven; but while thus sinking into death she had a vision, as if she overheard persons talking on the other side of the veil, and the words said were, "IF SHE IS FIT TO DIE, SHE IS FIT TO LIVE;" and from that moment she began to grow better, and is a happy, active Christian to this day.—Condensed from Peloubet's Select Notes.

LIGHT ON THE DAILY PATH.

MARCH 31.

It is the spirit that quickeneth. The first man Adam was made a living soul; the last Adam was made a quickening spirit.—That which is born of the flesh is flesh; and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit.—Not by works of righteousness which we have done, but according to his mercy he saved us, by the washing of regeneration, and renewing of the Holy Ghost.

If any man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of his. And if Christ be in you, the body is dead because of sin; but the Spirit is life because of righteousness. But if the Spirit of him that raised up Jesus from the dead dwell in you, he that raised up Christ from the dead shall also quicken your mortal bodies by his Spirit that dwelleth in you.

I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me; and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by the faith of the Son of God.—Reckon ye... yourselves to be dead indeed unto sin, but alive unto God through Jesus Christ our Lord.

John 6: 63. 1 Co. 15: 45.—Jno. 3: 6.—Tit. 3: 5. Ro. 8: 9-11. Ga. 2: 20.—Ro. 6: 11.

DOMESTIC.

SARATOGA POTATOES.—Take the number of potatoes required, peel them, and cut in very thin slices; wash and wipe as dry as possible; fry them the same as you would crullers; when well browned place into a colander with a skimmer, and sprinkle a little salt on them while hot.

FOOT MATS.—Cut all your woollen scraps of cloth and flannel into pieces half an inch wide and three inches long. Black, white, and colored—a great many. Get a ball of jute twine for ten cents, and set up on strong steel knitting needles, five stitches, and knit one row. Knit the first stitch on the second row, and between the needles, at right angles with the stitch, put a piece of your cloth, and knit another stitch. Then turn the end of the cloth that points toward you out between the needles, leaving both ends of the cloth sticking from you, and so all the way across, two stitches for every tuft of cloth. Having knit one row of tufts, knit one plain row of the twine to get back again to the side of the mat where you began. The ends of the cloth must be from you as you put them in. My mat is one yard square. The centre is of black and the border of bright colors, knit in strips, nineteen inches and nine tufts, one hundred rows of tufts in length. It is inexpensive, all it costs being the twine. Be sure you ask for jute string.

BOSTON BAKED BEANS.—An Eastern lady sends the following recipe:—"We pick, wash and put to soak any kind of beans we have on hand, early on Saturday morning. When the baking of the forenoon is getting nearly finishing we bring the beans to a boil, in a good deal of water, allowing them to boil gently, until, by lifting some of the beans upon a skimmer and blowing upon them, the skin cracks. Then skim them into a 'boan pot' made for baking beans in, put in a small tablespoonful of molasses and a pinch of salt, and to a pint dipperful of beans before soaking, a piece of salt pork about four inches square. Then fill up with cold water, cover up and bake in a hot oven until evening. Let them remain over night and be brought to a proper degree of hotness next morning for breakfast. Care should be taken that the water does not boil out while baking. By this method the beans will come from the oven to the table soft, rich, delicious—in that wonderful state some writers speak of as being just where 'each bean maintains its own individuality, but upon the very point of being united to its neighbor.'"

CREAK LIVING.—W. S. T. has written a well-timed letter on cheap and nutritious food, in the Bradford Observer. His intention was to assist in alleviating in some degree the prevailing distress, and thus to be of use to many of his suffering townsmen. Having shown the fallacy of the generally received opinion that butchers' meat is the most nutritive form of food by exhibiting the comparative values of potatoes, bread, peas, lentils, wheatmeal, oatmeal, rice, butchers' meat, &c., from Baron Liebig's figures, and shown that there are other forms of food more highly nutritive than butchers' meat, he goes on to consider the relative cost of the articles, thus: To supply 100lb. of flesh, from peas, at 2s. per stone, costs 43s. 1½d.; beans, at 4s. per stone, 89s. 8d.; wheat, at 2s. per stone, 69s. 6½d.; oatmeal, at 3s. per stone, 156s. 3d.; butchers' meat, at 14s. 8d. per stone, 426s. 4½d. He concludes:—"There is abundant proof that vegetable diet is not only the cheapest and most nutritive, but also the healthiest; that nations living on it alone are hardier, stronger, and heavier than those which eat meat, and that however much custom, prejudice, ignorance, and perverted appetites may lead us to deny this, stern necessity will oblige us to admit it, and to act upon it. Here is a recipe for a soup fit to set before a king, which may be useful to those giving relief at this season: Four ounces of peas, four ounces of rice, half-a-pound of bread, three onions, a quarter of an ounce of salt. Steep the peas in water twelve hours, the rice one hour, set them on the fire with four quarts of water, and a small piece of soda, the salt, bread, and onions; and boil an hour. Season with pepper and salt.—Dietetic Reformer.

SCIENTIFIC & SANITARY.

SOAP AND FEVER-GERMS.

The advantages of cleanliness have often enough been insisted on, but if in the opinion of some obstinate mothers they have wanted a good edifying argument to drive them home, that defect can now be supplied. For, in the light of scientific research, it would appear that cleanliness is absolutely essential to physical well-being, so that repeated injunctions must acquire increased force and value if looked at from a sanitary point of view. Some of the most malignant forms of disease are also highly contagious. It is said that 50,000 typhus-germs will thrive on a spot the size of a pin-head, while in their desiccated or dry condition these germs or spores can be carried anywhere, like thistle-down, by every wind that blows. This dreadful ubiquity of the most fatal types of disease clearly indicates that such preventives as we may happen to possess should be zealously and continually put in force. Fortunately there are measures of an almost prohibitive character within everybody's reach. It is a known fact that the poisonous matter causing such diseases as typhus-fever and small-pox is deprived of activity at the boiling point of water. This is well established, and indeed the process of disinfection by heat rests upon it. We believe that Dr. Joseph Richardson, of Philadelphia, maintains that water of the temperature of 120° will boil the germs to death. But not only can these terrible spores be killed by boiling water, but soap chemically poisons them. It is evident therefore that a free use of soap in daily ablutions is not only a first requisite of bodily comfort and cleanliness, but is also one of the greatest safeguards against the most virulent diseases. It is a singular thing that the most malignant types of disease with which mankind are scourged are at the same time of a very infectious nature. It is equally singular that these terrible disorders can be effectually prevented by the simplest, commonest, and cheapest of all remedies, the daily use of soap and water.—Cassell's Magazine.

A TEA EXPERIMENT.—"I personally know two sisters of the same temperament, who when young were of the same complexion. One has been for twenty years an inveterate tea drinker, the other has never used tea or coffee. The tea-drinker has a face wrinkled, sallow, and tanned to a leather color, while the other sister, though verging on forty years of age, has a face clear, fresh and plump—a pleasure to look upon."—Health Hints.

TESTIMONIALS FOR ARTICLES OF DIET AND DRINK.—Dr. Hinckes Bird, medical officer of health, draws attention to the too common and very reprehensible practice of medical men and analysts helping the board-casting of testimonials for almost anything, including alcoholic drinks—especially sherry and whiskey. Does it at all follow that the public get the identical article of which, naturally, the advertiser would send the best possible specimen to the anal. s?

SELECTIONS. 6

"Mary, have you given the goldfish fresh water?" "No, ma'am. What's the use? They haven't drunk up what's in there yet."

A naturalist claims to have discovered that crows, when in flocks, have regularly organized courts, in which they sit around an offender—a sort of crow bar.

The agents of two rival iron safe manufacturers were recently presenting the claims of their respective articles. One was a Yankee—the other wasn't. He that wasn't told his story. A game-cock had been shut up in one of his safes, and then it was exposed to the most intense heat. When the door was opened the cock stalked out, flapped his wings, and crowed loudly, as if nothing had happened. It was now the Yankee's turn. A cock had also been shut up in one of his safes, with a pound of fresh butter, and the safe was submitted to the trial of a tremendous heat for more than a week. The legs of the safe were melted off, and the door itself so far fused as to require the use of a cold-chisel to get it open. When it was opened the cock was found frozen dead, and the butter so solid that a man who knocked off a piece of it with his hammer had his eye put out by a frozen butter splinter.

NOTHING EXTRAORDINARY.—Colonel W. K. Stuart tells the following story of a Scotch subaltern at Gibraltar. The latter was one day on guard with another officer, who, unfortunately, fell down a precipice four hundred feet, and was killed. Non-military readers should understand that in the guard reports there is a small addendum—viz.,—"N.B. Nothing extraordinary since guard mounting." The meaning of which is that, in case anything particular should occur, the officer commanding the guard is bound to mention it. Our friend, however, said nothing about the accident that had occurred to his brother officer; and, some hours after, the brigade-major came to his quarters on the part of the officer commanding, with the report in his hand, to demand an explanation. The brigade major, addressing him, said, "You say, sir, in your report, 'N.B.—Nothing extraordinary since guard mounting,' when your brother officer, on duty with you, has fallen down a precipice four hundred feet and been killed." "Weel, sir," replied B., "I dinna think there's anything extraordinary in it; it aye; if he'd fann down a precipice four hundred feet and so been killed, I should have thought it very extraordinary indeed, and wad have put it doon in my report."

General Francis C. Barlow, it will be remembered, fell dangerously wounded at the Battle of Gettysburg and was made prisoner. General Gordon, of the Confederates, found him in a seemingly dying condition, dismounted from his horse, gave him a drink of water from his canteen, and enquired of General Barlow his name and wishes. General Barlow said: "I shall probably live but a short time. Please take from my breast pocket the packet of my wife's letters and read one of them to me." Which was done. He then asked that the others be torn up, as he did not wish them to fall into other hands. This General Gordon did; and then asked: "Can I do anything else for you, General?" "Yes," replied General Barlow, earnestly. "My wife is behind our army-camp. Can you send a message through the lines?" "Certainly I will," said Gordon. And he did. Then, directing General Barlow to be borne to the shade of a tree at the rear, he rode on with his command. The wife received the message, and came harmlessly through both lines of battle, and found her husband, who eventually recovered. Since General Gordon's election to the United States Senate both he and General Barlow were invited to a dinner party in Washington, and occupied opposite seats at the table. After introductions, General Gordon said: "General Barlow, are you related to the officer of your name who was killed at Gettysburg?" "I am the man," said Barlow. "Are you related to the Gordon who supposed to have killed me?" "I am the man," said General Gordon. The greeting which followed the touching story as related to the interested guests by General Barlow and the effect upon the company can better be imagined than described.—New York Independent.

Railways.

M., O. & O. RAILWAY.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Commencing MONDAY, Feb. 17th, Trains will be run on this division as follows:

Leave Quebec. Arrive Montreal.

Express, 7:00 p.m. 5:50 p.m.

Mixed, 7:10 a.m. 6:15 p.m.

RETURNING.

Leave Quebec. Arrive Montreal.

Express, 12:00 a.m. 7:30 p.m.

Mixed, 6:15 p.m. 10:30 a.m.

Trains leave Mile End Station ten minutes later.

Tickets for sale at offices of Messrs. Leve & Alden, Agents, 202 St. James street, and 158 Notre Dame street, and at Hochelaga and Mile End Stations.

J. T. PRINCE, Gen'l. Pass. Agt.

Feb. 7th, 1879.

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(WESTERN DIVISION.)

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Arriving at Ottawa at 2:00 p.m. and 9:15 p.m.

Express Train from Ottawa to Montreal, 10:10 a.m. and 4:45 p.m.

Arriving at Montreal at 5:10 a.m. and 9:10 p.m.

Train for St. Jerome, 5:30 p.m.

Train for St. Jerome, 7:00 a.m.

Trains leave Mile End Station ten minutes later.

A special Train for Ottawa via Troy, and Paris, and Springfield and New York, via Troy, and Paris, and Springfield, leaving Montreal at 11:00 p.m., reaching Ottawa at 11:30 a.m., connecting at Junction with Quebec Train reaching Quebec at 10:10 p.m.

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NIGHT EXPRESS for New York via Troy, at 4 p.m., arriving in New York 7:15 a.m. next morning.

NIGHT EXPRESS for Boston, via Lowell, and New York via Springfield, at 4 p.m.

GOING NORTH.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Boston, via Lowell, at 8 a.m., via Fitzburgh at 8:00 a.m., Troy at 7:00 a.m., arriving in Montreal at 9:30 p.m.

NIGHT EXPRESS leaves Boston at 5:35 p.m., via Lowell, and 6 p.m. via Fitzburgh, and New York at 3 p.m., via Springfield, arriving in Montreal at 8:55 a.m.

NIGHT EXPRESS leaves New York, via Troy, at 4:00 p.m., arriving in Montreal at 8:55 a.m.

For Tickets and Freight Rates apply at Central Vermont Railroad Office, 136 St. James St., Boston Office, 322 Washington St.

G. W. BENTLEY, Gen. Manager.

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St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 27, 1879.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT THE HONAVENTURE DEPOT AS FOLLOWS:

FROM WEST.

From Chicago, Detroit, Saratoga, Toronto, and intermediate stations, at 9:00 p.m. and 8:50 a.m. Trains from Ottawa connect at Prescott Junction with both trains.

From Cornwall and intermediate stations, at 9 a.m.

From Kingston and intermediate stations, at 6:30 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 4:25 p.m., 7:15 p.m., also on Saturdays only at 2:50 p.m.

FROM EAST.

From Boston, Portland, Island Pond, Sherbrooke, Halifax, St. John, St. Octave (Metis), Cocoma, Riviere du Loup, Point Levi, Richmond, St. Hyacinthe and intermediate stations, at 8:30 a.m.

From Montreal, Sherbrooke, Richmond, Acton, and intermediate stations, at 11:59 a.m. and 5:45 p.m.

From Cornwall, Sherbrooke, Donners' Landing, Three Rivers, and intermediate stations, at 10 p.m.

From Newport, West Farnham and Chamblay at 8:55 a.m. and 5:15 p.m.

FROM SOUTH.

From Plattsburgh, Moore's Junction, and Hemmingford, at 10:30 a.m.

From Magog, and intermediate stations, at 8:55 a.m.

From New York, Albany and Roscoe's Point, at 8:55 a.m. and 11:00 p.m.

From New York, Troy, Buland, St. Albans, St. John, at 8:55 a.m.

From Boston, Quebec, Concord, White River Junction, St. Albans, Waterloo, Grady and St. John, at 8:55 a.m. and 9:35 p.m.

From St. John and intermediate stations, at 3:25 p.m.

TRAINS LEAVE HONAVENTURE DEPOT AS FOLLOWS:

GOING WEST.

For Prescott, Ottawa, Toronto, Chicago and intermediate places, 9:00 a.m. and 8:45 p.m. Mixed for Brockville at 12:45 p.m.

For Lehigh, 7:15 a.m., 9:15 a.m., 3:15 p.m., 6:15 p.m., also on Saturdays only at 1:45 p.m.

Fast train for Cornwall, Prescott, Ottawa and Brockville at 9 p.m.

GOING SOUTH.

For Boston, Portland, Albany and New York, 6:50 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.

For New York, via St. Albans and Troy, and via St. Albans and Springfield, at 6:50 a.m. and 4 p.m.

For St. John, St. Albans, Boston, and New York, at 6:50 a.m. and 4 p.m.

For St. John and Waterloo, at 6:50 a.m. and 4 p.m., and for Magog at 4 p.m. Mixed train for St. John and intermediate stations, at 9:15 p.m.

For Hemmingford, Moore's Junction, and Chamblay, connecting through to New York, at 3:15 p.m.

GOING EAST.

For Island Pond, Donners' Landing, Three Rivers, Point Levi and intermediate stations, at 7:00 a.m.

For Richmond, Island Pond, and intermediate stations, at 5:15 p.m.

For St. Hyacinthe, at 8:15 p.m.

For Richmond, Point Levi, Riviere du Loup, Cocoma, St. Octave (Metis), St. John, Halifax, Island Pond, Quebec, and Portland, 9:00 a.m.

For Chamblay, West Farnham and Newport at 7:00 a.m., and at 4 p.m.

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Miscellaneous.

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EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

MONTREAL Commercial School, Day and Evening, 33 1/2 Metcalfe St. A new term of Day School will begin on MONDAY, 31st March.

BUTE HOUSE.—Mrs. Watson begins to instruct that the Spring Term commences on Monday, 31st inst.

KINDERGARTEN—FROEBEL'S SYSTEM. Fourth and last Term of the year commences April 8th. Visitors welcome every day, Saturday excepted, between nine and twelve a.m.

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Publications.

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Seeing that all Sunday magazines, and the greater part of religious weeklies have much secular matter in them, especially advertisements, I have thought that there was an obvious want of a weekly paper composed of matter of a high order of excellence and interest and wholly suitable for perusal on the Sabbath-day. Such a paper is now published.

SABBATH READING. Every number contains a first-class sermon, which may be read in meetings where there is no preaching service, or at home by persons necessarily detained from church; also, much excellent selected matter, some of which is specially adapted for children.

SABBATH READING is a handsome, small eight-page paper, suitable in appearance for the parlor table, and suitable for binding at the end of the year or half year. It is sent post-paid to any address for 50 cents a year, and stops when subscription expires. A club of five will get the SABBATH READING, separately addressed, for \$2 a year.

This paper, which makes a most acceptable treatise for distribution in prisons, poor-houses, asylums, ships, etc., or in visitation from house to house, is sent post-paid to any part of the continent at the rate of a dollar per 100 copies. Orders and remittances to be sent to the undersigned.

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Professional.

WOMAN'S HOSPITAL, NO. 51 ST. ANTOINE STREET. Diseases of Women treated day or night at 11 o'clock free of charge.

POST OFFICE TIME TABLE.

Post Office, Montreal, Nov. 26, 1878.

ARRIVE	DEPART	ARRIVE	DEPART
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
8 & 10	2:45	8:00	8:00
8 & 10	7:45	8:00
.....	4:00
8:00	6:50
8:00	8:00
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8:00	12:45	6:00	2:30 & 3
10:00	6:00	5:00
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11:30	6:00
9:15	5:00
11:30	1:45
10:00	6:00	2:00
10:30	2:00
.....	6:30	12:45
11:30	6:00
10:00	6:00	2:00
8:00	.....	6:00	2:00
10:30	.....	.....	2:30
10:00	.....	7:00	2:30
.....	9:15	.....	5:00
11:00	5:15	.....	7:00
8:30	5:00	.....	8:00
.....	1:30	.....	1:15 & 2
10:00	.....	7:00	.....
9:00	5:00	.....	1:15 & 2
8 & 10	.....	8:00	5:15
8 & 10	.....	8:15	5:00
8:00	12:45	.....	2:30 & 3
8 & 10	.....	7:45	8:00

LOCAL MAIL.

Bonaventure Route, Chamblay & St. Colette, Boncherville, Contrecoeur, Vercheres & Vercheres, Cote St. Paul, Tammy West, Cote St. Antoine & Notre Dame de Grace, St. Ceneogoue, Hastings, Lacine, Longueuil, St. Lambert, Laprairie, New Glasgow, Beauport, Vercheres & St. Vincent, West St. Charles, St. Laurent, St. Basile, Belle Riviere, St. Scholastique and Three Rivers, by North River Land Route, Hochelaga.

..... 6:00
..... 5:00
..... 1:45
..... 2:00
..... 12:45
..... 6:00
..... 6:00
..... 2:00
..... 2:30
..... 7:00
..... 5:00
..... 7:00
..... 8:00
..... 1:15 & 2

ENTRÉES.

Boston & New England, States, except Maine, S. & N. Southern States, Island Pond, Portland and Maine, Western and Pacific States, Great Britain, etc.

English Mail per Canadian steamer, on Thursdays, By Canadian Line (toppings), By Canadian Line (toppings), By Canadian Line (supplementary)—see P.O. Weekly Notices, By Packet from New London England on Wednesdays, By Hamburg American Packet to Hamburg, Wednesdays.

..... 7:30
..... 7:30
..... 7:30
..... 8:00

Letters, &c., prepaid via New York are forwarded daily on New York, whence mails are despatched. For Havana and West Indies via Havana every Thursday pm. (18) Postal Car Bags open till 9 a.m. and 9:15 p.m. Registered Letters must be posted 75 minutes before closing of each mail. Street Letter Boxes are visited at 10 a.m., 12:30, 5:30 and 7:45 p.m.

Apothecaries, &c.

SCOTT & BOWNE'S PALATABLE CASTOR OIL

Is prepared in a form perfectly agreeable to children and most sensitive persons. In its manufacture the properties of the oil that produce pain and griping are eliminated, and it is rendered not only mild and pleasant in its action, but absolutely tasteless and palatable. It is pre-eminently the finest laxative and cathartic known, and as a remedy for Constiveness, Constipation, and all intestinal Derangements it is unequalled, and is destined to take the place of crude oil and all drastic pills and purgatives. For sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. Don't fail to try it.

DRINK AND BE HEALED

RICHIELEU RENAL WATER

Nature's Specific Remedy For all diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys.

FOR SALE AT THE **GLASGOW DRUG STORE,** 400 Notre Dame Street.

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For Blanc-mange, Puddings, Custards, Children's and Invalids' Diet. And all the uses of Arrowroot.

DURHAM CORN FLOUR !!

Has a World-wide reputation, And is distinguished for Uniformly Superior Quality.

ROWNTREE'S ROCK COCOA

Being Pure Cocoa will not thicken in the cup, is therefore a thin not a thick,asty drink.

It is one of the most nutritious and agreeable kinds of food which can be used in liquid form, and whilst admirably suited to the sick is a luxury to those who are in health.

WM. JOHNSON, 28 St. Francois Xavier St., MONTREAL, SOLE AGENT.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

THE TENS OF THOUSANDS WHO ARE MAKING EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE **COOK'S FRIEND** BAKING POWDER, THEREBY RENDER UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY TO ITS SUPERIORITY. Retailed every where.

THE QUEEN'S LAUNDRY BAR

Has the Stag's Head on one side and the Albert Toilet Soap Company on the other. Beware of imitations.

NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this Office, until SATURDAY, the 19th April next, inclusive, for the construction and fitting up of a heating apparatus at the Departmental Buildings, in course of construction at Quebec.

The plans and specifications of the work may be seen at this Office every day after the 26th instant, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

The tenders must be endorsed, "Tender for a heating apparatus."

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.

By order, **ERNEST GAGNON,** Secretary.

Department of Agriculture and Public Works, Quebec, 14th March, 1879.

X. B.—No reproduction unless by special written order.

NEW MUSIC.

Just published, the long looked for song, "KVA," FROM UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

—ALSO— "Paring," "Royal Welcome," "Snow-shoe Call," "O! Thou Prince of Scottish Minstrel," "Canadian Rockaway."

A. HECKER'S MUSICAL ESTABLISHMENT, 10 PHILLIPS SQUARE.

NOTICE.

The claims of the poor for cast off clothing are becoming so urgent on the Committee of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, that they respectfully ask for any supplies of the above, which may be left at the institution, 551 Dorchester street, or will be called for at their dwelling if so desired.

D. McMILLAN, Secretary.

For Sale.

YRSHIRES FOR SALE—Young

Bulls, Heifers and Calves, from Prize Cows, by the Prize Bull of the Central and Canadian Exhibitions. Prices reasonable. W.M. BIRD-OKN, Plantarum, Ont.

AN APPROPRIATION OF \$2,000

in the Irish National Building Society for a school. Apply to Mr. PHILIP McRATH, 26 1/2 Prince Street, or Freight Department, G.T.R., Bonaventure Street.

FOR SALE, Two Bread Waggon, in good order; newly painted. Apply 164 Mountain Street.

CHEAP, a new Platform Express Waggon, 32 St. Sulpice St.

PIANOS.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND AT LOWEST PRICES. THE CELEBRATED BELL ORGANS. 10 PHILLIPS SQUARE.

CENTS FOR SALE

—AT— **WITNESS OFFICE.**

COLONNE FRANCAISE.

PLUS de cent arrestations ont été faites à Moncoeur suite de l'assassinat d'un espion du gouvernement.

LA THROMBOSIS, de Claremont (N.-H.), a entièrement brûlé le 29 mars au matin. Cinq personnes ont péri dans les flammes.

EDOUARD BELLEFLEUR, âgé de 58 ans, a été condamné, ces jours-ci, à deux mois de prison pour vol de quatre serrettes et poignées de porte.

EDWARD HANLEY a été condamné à deux mois de prison aux travaux forcés pour avoir voulu étouffer sa femme, puis l'avoir poursuivie avec un rasoir.

LA FABRIQUE de caoutchouc de Montréal et celle de Québec ont sent venues à une entente. Elles ne se feront plus d'opposition, de sorte à pouvoir manufacturer avec profit.

ON MANDE de Washington que le Président a nommé M. Andrew D. White, de l'Etat de New-York, ministre plénipotentiaire des Etats-Unis en Allemagne.

DANS une discussion sur l'armée, la Chambre à Washington a rejeté par 119 voix contre 58 une motion qui avait pour objet de réduire l'effectif de l'armée à 15 000 hommes.

MM. LEMIEUX et TERREAU, entrepreneurs qui ont la démolition du vieux palais de justice de Québec, ont trouvé une quantité de montres, de bijouteries, etc., qu'on suppose avoir été placés là pour être en sûreté. La valeur de ces objets est estimée à \$1,000.

LAZURE, de Québec, un des malheureux hommes de chantier qui ont tant souffert du froid en revenant du lac Supérieur, a dû subir l'amputation des orteils. Bourget et Carderet devront aussi avoir les pieds amputés.

LE CONSEIL national suisse a décidé, par-ail, de laisser dormir la question du rétablissement de la peine capitale. D'après un autre rapport, la question serait soumise au vote du peuple avant de devenir loi.

ON MANDE de Paris que le ministre de la marine et des colonies vient de recevoir du gouverneur de la Nouvelle-Calédonie le télégramme suivant: "Sydney, 12 mars. Le pays est complètement pacifié; les dernières tribus insurgées ont fait leur soumission; tout est fini."

INCENDIES.—Les moulins de Ward, situés dans les chantiers navals de M. le député Coverts, près d'Ormeau; pertes \$3,000; M. Lincoln, de Bangor, y a fait marcher deux machines à bardeaux durant l'hiver; elles ont brûlé, ainsi qu'un gros stock de bois.

INCENDIES.—A Orange (Mass.), la fabrique de meubles dite Orange Cabinet Works; pertes, \$40,000.—A Cairo, même Etat, pendant un grand orage, le couvent a été frappé par la foudre et entièrement consumé par les flammes; pertes \$10,000.—A Newark (Ohio), la Court House, domage au montant de \$60,000.—A Minneapolis (Minn.), les moulins à farine; pertes \$75,000.—A Madison (Wis.), le bloc de maisons de Fairchild; pertes \$25,000.

ON REÇOIT d'Andrinople et de la Roumélie Orientale des nouvelles provenant de personnes sérieuses, dégagées de tout esprit de parti pris. Les renseignements fournis confirment de tout point les indications antérieures. Dans toutes ces contrées la situation est absolument mauvaise. Les correspondants insistent avec force sur le fait que, si l'Europe ne prend pas des mesures effectives, des mesures militaires, disons-le, il y aura inévitablement explosion de haïnes irréconciliables et nouvelle effusion de sang.

LE GOUVERNEMENT du Mexique a décidé qu'une grande Exposition internationale des produits de l'Agriculture et de l'Industrie aurait lieu à Mexico, le 15 janvier 1880. On considère que cette Exposition, à laquelle toutes les nations sont invitées, aura principalement pour but d'attirer les produits des grands manufacturiers américains, de développer les relations commerciales entre les deux Républiques et de faire disparaître certains préjugés à l'égard des ressources du Mexique. Les divers gouvernements qui sont en relations diplomatiques avec le Mexique, sont invités à se faire représenter par une commission spéciale.

UNE commission d'enquête chargée d'examiner le régime intérieur auquel étaient soumis les pensionnaires de l'Asile des aliénés de Columbus vient de déposer son rapport dont les conclusions forment un véritable acte d'accusation contre les directeurs et les employés de cet asile. Les pensionnaires ont subi des traitements d'une brutalité inouïe. Des femmes ne trouvaient pas grâce devant ces gardiens transformés en bourreaux. Le bâton, le fouet, avec mille raffinements de cruauté, étaient journellement employés contre des malades inoffensifs et des malheureux sans défense. Il a été constaté que le surintendant était ivre douze heures sur vingt-quatre, et que les chambres étaient envahies par la vermine.

AU SÉNAT américain, M. Hoar a obtenu qu'on discutât une résolution présentée par lui il y a quelque temps et suivant laquelle le refus de l'une des Chambres de voter les crédits nécessaires au gouvernement si ce n'est à la condition que l'autre Chambre et le Président sanctionneront ce vote, est inconstitutionnel et révolutionnaire. Au moins a-t-il cru que le Sénat était prêt à aborder la discussion. Il a fait un discours très éloquent à l'appui de sa résolution. M. Beck, démocrate du Kentucky, a entrepris de lui répondre; mais son discours a été fort dégoûté en personnel, et il a demandé que la résolution de M. Hoar fut écartée. M. Blaine a pris la parole pour combattre cette motion; mais M. Wallace a demandé l'ajournement, qui a été voté par la majorité démocrate, malgré les protestations des républicains. Il est évident que les démocrates ont étouffé la discussion, parce qu'ils ne se sentaient pas de force à soutenir l'argumentation de leurs adversaires.

L'OUVERTURE solennelle, dit un journal français de New-York, du Bazar suisse a eu lieu hier soir à Irving Hall, au milieu d'un concours d'une foule qui a encore dépassé en nombre celle qui était attendue. A l'entrée, le coup d'oeil était magnifique. Sur les longues tables s'élevaient dans un ordre parfait et prêt à subir l'assaut des acheteurs tous les mille objets produits de la charité. A tous les coins de la salle flottaient, parmi les toilettes élégantes des vendeuses et des visiteuses, une profusion de drapeaux aux couleurs de la République helvétique, avec leurs croix rouges aux fonds blancs, drapeaux dont la guerre a fait un symbole d'espérance et d'humanité pour toutes les victimes de la haine internationale. Ce soir, les couleurs de Genève sont

évoquer comme une bannière de secours pour les blessés de la misère, un étendard de charité vaillamment planté sur les ruines que laisse après elle l'indigence. A côté des drapeaux suisses et de leurs couleurs plus, notre drapeau tricolore et les étendards américains. C'est justice. Nous l'avons prouvé, le Bazar suisse est un grand succès. Nos amis les Suisses ne pouvaient douter des sympathies qu'ils inspirent à la population new-yorkaise.

LE PARLEMENT.

La Chambre vient de recevoir de nombreuses soumissions touchant le chemin de fer du Pacifique, pour les sections A et B, la première, de 118 milles, et la seconde, de 77. Le contrat pour la section A a été accordé à messieurs Marks, Purcell, Ginty & Ryan, à raison de \$2,523,843, si elle est terminée au 1er juillet 1883, ou \$2,604,643, si elle est terminée au 1er juillet 1882. Les soumissions pour la section B s'élevaient à \$1,833,005 à \$5,799,606 pour les mêmes dates.

Les députations continuent d'affluer à Ottawa, afin de réclamer ou protester contre le nouveau tarif, dit les mécontents semblent se multiplier et surgir auprès du gouvernement comme par enchantement. Sir John n'aura pas assez de toutes les ressources dont il peut disposer pour conjurer les ombres menaçantes qu'il vient d'évoquer de tous les coins du pays par son fameux système douanier. Ce système consistait, selon son auteur, à mettre de lourds impôts sur tout ce qui est fabriqué ou récolté au Canada. Mais aujourd'hui, on s'aperçoit de nombreuses déviations à la ligne de protection qu'il avait tracée, et l'on commence à croire que les promesses des "protecteurs" n'étaient qu'un leurre pour cacher leurs véritables intentions. Par exemple, on a mis un impôt de 30 pour cent sur la poterie fine; tandis qu'il n'y a qu'une seule fabrique de ce genre dans tout le Canada. Et ainsi de beaucoup d'autres marchandises importées qui ne se fabriquent pas au Canada ou en petite quantité, et sur lesquelles, par conséquent, les droits devraient être peu élevés. Mais si le tarif est impuissant, selon d'autres, à protéger certains commerces ou industries. Ainsi, en beaucoup d'autres, les fondateurs de poêles se plaignent amèrement de ce que les fontes brutes ne sont pas importées au même degré que celles qui sont parachevées, afin de mettre ainsi celles du Canada à l'abri de toute compétition. Enfin, il semblerait que l'industrie canadienne fut bien faible et incurablement infirme pour avoir besoin de tant de soin et de protection. Quand donc pourra-t-elle se tenir sur ses jambes ou voler de ses propres ailes? Reste à savoir, dans tous les cas, si le régime douanier auquel elle est maintenant soumise ou plutôt condamnée ne sera pas plus propre à l'affaiblir qu'à la fortifier. Un fait significatif, c'est que la haute presse des deux continents est unanime à condamner la protection et à blâmer le Canada pour l'avoir adoptée. Et les sinistres prédictions qui se font entendre de tous côtés sont rien moins que rassurantes pour l'avenir de notre commerce et de notre industrie. Si la moitié seulement de ces prophéties de malheur s'accomplissent, nous aurons, avant longtemps, de trop nombreux sujets de repentir et de regret. En attendant, le tarif devra subir de nombreuses modifications pour satisfaire à toutes les exigences et à toutes les réclamations. Car il se discute maintenant à la Chambre depuis plusieurs jours; et les vifs débats qui l'ont provoqués ne seront peut-être pas vidés avant la fin de cette semaine. Les nombreux discours qui ont déjà été prononcés de part et d'autre à la Chambre ont jeté considérablement de lumière sur une question de la plus haute importance, une des plus dignes d'occuper l'attention de nos représentants.

Parmi les discours de l'opposition, on signale celui de M. M. C. Cameron comme le plus difficile à réfuter. M. Cameron a parlé durant deux heures sans s'émouvoir. Il a démontré comme quoi les saumiers, les menuisiers, les constructeurs de navires, etc., devaient inévitablement souffrir du tarif; tandis que le consommateur serait irrémédiablement taxé depuis le berceau jusqu'à la tombe, et poursuivie par la douane jusqu'au delà même du tombeau pour percevoir un impôt sur son linéaire.

M. Cartwright, dans un discours de trois quarts d'heure environ et suffisamment le temps de justifier sa conduite comme ministre des finances et de montrer que sous prétexte de procurer de l'emploi à 5,000 ouvriers, tout au plus, le pays était hermétiquement fermé au commerce avec l'étranger, et mis en quelque sorte en état de siège par une légion de donaniers; que les impôts, censés répartir également sur toute la population, étaient principalement soutirés des poches du pauvre ouvrier, au bénéfice du riche fabricant et du grand financier.

Mais les fabricants eux-mêmes se plaignent et se disent injustement lésés. Ceux d'instruments aratoires de Newcastle prétendent que le nouveau tarif va leur faire souffrir une perte de 4,000 dollars par année; et ceux de Waterford poussent le même cri. Quant au menuisier de farine d'avoine de Stafford, les uns menacent de fermer leurs moulins, et les autres d'émigrer aux Etats-Unis.

Mais on n'en finirait pas, s'il fallait parler de tous les mécontents, dont le plus à plaindre est le peuple en général.

Qui est-ce qui a le penser?... C'est Rochefort qui a le premier l'idée d'envoyer à la Nouvelle-Calédonie les vaincus de la guerre civile de 1871.

Si vous en doutez, dit le Soir, lisez les lignes qui suivent. Elles sont la conclusion d'un article du Mot d'Ordre, en date du 2 mai 1871, dans lequel Rochefort, après avoir démontré que M. Thiers est un anthropophage, écrit ceci: "Il ne nous reste plus qu'à courir sus à ce mangeur de chair humaine et à l'envoyer, par un bon décret de déportation, retrouver sa vraie famille, les cannibales de la Nouvelle-Calédonie." Guilloitin qui a proposé l'usage en France de la guillotine, y a eu, dit-on, le premier la tête tranchée. Rochefort a été envoyé où il voulait voir M. Thiers.

Et nous trinons à l'Etranger le Bien de nos press; et l'Etranger exauce votre vœu, et regarda notre affliction.

DEUT. 26: 7.

LAST EDITION.

McGILL UNIVERSITY.

THE ANNUAL CONVOCATION FOR THE CONFERRING OF DEGREES IN MEDICINE AND LAW was held this afternoon in the William Molson Hall. The members of Convocation assembled at 2.30, among whom were the Hon. Charles D. Day, Chancellor; Principal Dawson, Vice-Chancellor; Peter Redpath, Esq., the Rev. Archdeacon Leach, Rev. H. Wilkes, D. D., LL. D., Dr. Scott, Dr. Howard, Dr. Fenwick, Rev. J. B. Dray, Dr. McCallum, Dr. Girdwood, Dr. Roddick, Dr. Molson, Dr. Butler, Dr. Ojler, Dr. Ritchie, Dr. McDonald, Dr. Shepherd, Prof. Daray, M. A., B. C. L., E. A. Ramsey, M. A., B. C. L., Prof. Markgraf, M. A., Rev. J. Kerr, M. A., Prof. Bovey, M. A., C. E., W. H. Roy, Q. C., D. C. L., A. Robertson, M. A., Q. C., E. Carter, Q. C., D. C. L., J. S. C. Wurtz, Q. C., B. C. L., J. S. Archibald, M. A., B. C. L., M. Hutchinson, B. C. L.

The Rev. Archdeacon Leach opened with prayer, after which Dr. Scott read the report of the FACULTY OF MEDICINE. The total number of students registered in this Faculty during the past year was 166, of whom there were from: Ontario, 87; Quebec, 53; Nova Scotia, 3; New Brunswick, 7; P. E. Island, 3; Newfoundland, 1; United States, 14.

The following gentlemen, forty in number, have passed their Primary Examinations on the following subjects: Anatomy, Chemistry, Materia Medica and Pharmacy, Institutes of Medicine and Botany and Zoology. Their names and residences are as follows: N. Ayer, Woodstock, N. B.; T. L. Browne, Ottawa, O.; Charles N. Beer, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; P. Cameron, Williamstown, O. F. W. Church, Aylmer, Q.; J. Cahalan, Wyandotte, Mich.; D. K. Cowley, Ottawa, O.; G. O. Dobbie, St. Stephens, N. B.; J. S. Edwards, London, O.; E. C. Fields, Prescott, O.; H. D. Fraser, Pembroke, O.; W. L. Gray, Pembroke, O.; H. E. Heyd, Brantford, O.; L. A. Hedgeson, L'Orignal, O.; A. Henderson, Montreal, Que.; G. E. Josephs, Pembroke, O.; E. J. Laurin, Montreal, Q.; W. A. Lang, St. Marys, O.; R. L. Maas, Negamie, Mich.; L. D. Mignault, R. A. Montreal, Q.; M. C. McDonald, Montreal, Q.; J. A. McDonald, Parnis, P. E. I.; R. T. McDonald, Brantford, Q.; K. Mackenzie, Melbourne, Q.; B. E. Mackenzie, Aurore, O.; D. C. McLaren, B. A., Montreal, Q.; E. A. McGaughey, Prescott, O.; T. A. O'Callaghan, Worcester, Mass.; A. F. Pringle, Cornwall, O.; F. W. Purford, Detroit, Mich.; G. T. Ross, Montreal, Q.; J. W. H. Ross, Windsor, O.; A. M. Rattan, Nanpano, O.; B. L. Riordan, Port Hope, O.; E. J. Rogers, Peterboro, O.; J. Stewart, St. Amet, Q.; F. W. Serviss, Dundas, O.; R. H. Smith, Montreal, Q.; W. H. Snow, Iroquois, O.; R. B. Struthers, Philadelphia, Pa.

W. C. Perks, Port Hope, has passed the written, but owing to illness was unable to present himself for the oral examination. The following gentlemen, thirty-seven in number, have fulfilled all the requirements to entitle them to the degree of M. D., C. M., from this University. These exercises consist in examinations both written and oral on the following subjects: Principles and practice of surgery, theory and practice of medicine, obstetrics and diseases of women and children, medical jurisprudence and hygiene, and also clinical examinations in medicine and surgery conducted at the bedside in the Hospital:

J. L. Brown, Chateaufort, O.; Henry J. Burwash, St. Andrew's, Q.; Billa F. Butler, Stirling, O.; Phillip E. Carman, Iroquois, O.; John B. Carman, Iroquois, O.; Murdoch Chisholm, Loch Lomond, N. S.; W. L. Case, Hamilton, O.; Thomas Gray, Brantford, O.; George H. Groves, Carp, O.; David F. Gard, Montreal, Q.; George C. Hart, Osnabrook Centre, O.; Franklin Hanna, Harlem, O.; Alfred J. Hewwood, Brantford, O.; Andrew W. Inrie, Spencerville, O.; J. L. Irwin, Montreal, Q.; Joseph A. Jackson, Lawrence, N. Y.; Charles J. Jamieson, Ottawa, O.; John B. Lawford, Montreal, Q.; John M. Lefebvre, Toronto, O.; Howes W. Lloyd, Strathroy, O.; Chas. C. Lyford, Roscoe, Ill.; John A. McArthur, Underwood, O.; Maurice M. Seymour, Sussex, N. B.; George McCullough, St. Marys, O.; William J. McCuan, Stratford, O.; Stuart McNece, Perth, O.; John B. Menzies, Almonte, O.; Oscar H. Riley, Franklin, Vt.; M. C. Rutherford, Waddington, N. Y.; John G. Scott, Ottawa, O.; William F. Shaw, Ottawa, O.; John Smith, Terbolton, O.; Richmond Spencer, Montreal, Q.; William R. Sutherland, Montreal, Q.; Clarence A. Weagant, Dundas Co., O.; Hedley V. Williston, M. A., Newcastle, N. B.

Frank Buller, M. D., M. R. C. S., English Lecturer on Diseases of the Eye and Ear, receives the degree in course, with pro forma examination.

Of the above named gentlemen, Mr. J. B. Lawford is under age. He, however, passed all the examinations and fulfilled all the requirements necessary for graduation, and only awaits his majority to receive his degree.

MEDAL AND PRIZES. The Medical Faculty Prizes are four in number: 1st. The Holmes Gold medal, awarded to the student of the graduating class who receives the highest aggregate number of marks for the best examinations, written and oral, in both Primary and Final branches. 2nd. A prize in books awarded for the best examination, written and oral, in the final branches. The gold medalist is not permitted to compete for this prize. 3rd. A prize in books awarded for the best examination, written and oral, in the primary branches. 4th. The Sutherland Gold Medal, awarded for the best examination in Theoretical and Practical Chemistry, with creditable passing in the Primary branches. The Holmes' Gold Medal was awarded to John B. Lawford, of Montreal. The prize for the Final Examination was awarded to A. W. Inrie, Spencerville, Ont. The prize for the Primary Examination was awarded to John Andrew McDonald, Pannure, P. E. I.

The Sutherland Medal was awarded to W. L. Gray, Pembroke, Ont. The following gentlemen, arranged in the order of merit, deserve honorable mention:—In the Final Examination, Messrs. Shaw, Gray, Sutherland and Williston. In the Primary Examination, Messrs. Josephs, W. L. Gray, J. W. Ross, Beer, Rogers, Henderson, R. B. Struthers and Heyd.

POTANY.—H. V. Ogden, B. A., St. Catharines, O. PRACTICAL ANATOMY.—Demonstrator's Prize, in the Senior Class, awarded to Chas. N. Beer, of Charlottetown, P. E. I. Junior Class prize awarded to James Ross, B. A., Deseronto, Q. Convocation in progress.

A SAD CASE. THE INQUEST on the melancholy death of the late William Comer Dutton was held this morning at his late residence, before the Coroner and a jury of which Edward Nash was foreman. The evidence of Miss McDonald, the housekeeper, and Mr. Alfred T. Dutton, clerk in Moore's factory and brother of the deceased, confirmed the facts already stated, and also showed that the deceased had suffered from rheumatism for the last two years and a half, and that he was also a sufferer from nervous prostration; that he was eccentric and sometimes very strange in his manner; however, he was at work within six weeks ago. The housekeeper had no doubt but that deceased was irrational on the day of his death; deceased's brother had known him to take poisonous drugs to steady his nerves, which he told his brother the doctor had ordered; both the brother and the housekeeper had seen the revolver with which he shot himself in his wardrobe drawer, but did not know that it was loaded. Dr. C. A. Woon testified that he was called to attend deceased last Saturday afternoon when he found him dead; noticed the body lying on the ground near where the body lay in the cellar, and Dr. Kennedy to-day made a post mortem examination of deceased's head, showing that he had been shot through the head just

above the ear; the bullet having passed directly through the brain, was found in the brain; it was also found that there was extensive SOFTENING OF THE BRAIN, resulting from chronic inflammation; the bullet was the immediate cause of death; witness believed that the softening of the brain would have eventually caused death.

Dr. R. A. Kennedy, the medical adviser of the deceased, whom witness had known for the last twenty-five years, confirmed the previous witness's report of the post mortem examination in every respect, and testified: Deceased had been under my care for a year, suffering from what I considered to be disease of the brain; he consulted me from time to time, showing signs of progressive disease; on Tuesday, the last time I saw him alive, he was suffering very much from the symptoms of brain disease; noticed that his mind was not in a sound condition, basing my opinion upon the fact that he repeated several times statements which he had forgotten he had already told me; his actions were also irregular, and he complained that if he was not relieved of the great pain he was suffering from, he feared he should kill himself, as he at times felt that he was not capable of governing himself.

HE BEGGED OF ME to give him some slow poison, and stated that he had taken drugs for the purpose of procuring sleep; took from him about half a dozen packages, none of which were labelled except one, which was marked, "Solution of morphia"; these had been obtained from different druggists; warned him against their use, but he said he was afraid he would go and buy more, as he could not stand it; these drugs, especially the morphia, would do him injury and aggravate the disease; he also stated that he caught himself looking in at gunsmith's windows and looking at pistols; I was very much afraid he would commit suicide some time or other, and sent a message to his brother, which he, unfortunately, did not receive; expected that would be the end of it; from the conditions of the mental symptoms, thought he would soon be a fit subject for a lunatic asylum.

After a brief deliberation the jury brought in a VERDICT to the effect that "the deceased, while in an unusual state of mind, caused by a softening of the brain, committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver."

Mr. Dutton was a gentleman greatly respected by all who knew him, bearing, as he did, a most exemplary character in every respect. He was a member of one or more of the committees of the Montreal Young Men's Christian Association, and was a constant attendant of the Methodist Church. He had been employed as book-keeper with Mr. Duncan, tea importer, of St. Paul street. He resided with his brother Alfred, both being bachelors, besides whom he leaves in this city a married sister, Mrs. Bond, Capt. Dutton, who is to-day in the port of Baltimore, Md., with his steamer, the "Sardinian" was telegraphed for, but replied that he could not, unfortunately, leave his vessel, as he is just about departing with it for Halifax on the homeward voyage.

CITY ITEMS.

INSPECTION OF LUNATICS.—There will be an inspection of six lunatics in the jail this afternoon, five of whom are females.

FREIGHT ON THE GRAND TRUNK is unusually light at present. The Company misses the traffic in the shipment of cattle to Great Britain.

HEAVY SUIT.—Louis Fréchette, formerly partner with F. B. McNamee and D. Gaherty, has taken an action against the latter, in the sum of \$40,000, to make them render an account.

WHEELS.—The Chief of Police has been instructed by the Road Department to allow wheels on the street, and as a result a number of waggons were out to-day.

THIS DAY LAST YEAR the brigantine "Corintine" in tow of a tug entered the harbor, her arrival being witnessed by a large number of pleased spectators who thronged the docks.

ANOTHER DELEGATION FOR OTTAWA.—Messrs. F. E. Grafton and J. A. Gravel have been appointed a delegation on behalf of the booksellers and stationers of the city to proceed to Ottawa and urge certain changes in the tariff on goods imported by the trade.

ROWDINESS.—(Editor Witness.)—Sir.—On Saturday about 5.30 p.m. I noticed five or six young men standing outside the butcher's shop on Forfar street obstructing the sidewalk; also hooting after a young lady who came out of the grocery store by, apparently after doing some marketing.—A RESIDENT.

ACCUSED OF STEALING A WATCH.—Godfroid Dechene, 21, tobaccoist, and Louis Durand, 26, stonecutter, are remanded till Thursday on a charge of stealing a watch from Joseph Lefebvre, in a house of ill-fame. Charles McDuchene, who was in the house, was assaulted by Dechene, who, in consequence, was fined \$5 by Mr. Dugas, P.M., this forenoon.

BAFFLED BAILIFFS.—The latest phase of the Missel-Adolphe Lesner case is in the absence of the latter and his goods, so that the bailiffs who entered his residence on Bligny street on Saturday to satisfy the amount of the damages awarded Missel, \$200 and costs, which were \$150 more, obtained nothing for their pains. His landlord has also put on a seizure on his factory on Fortification Lane. Lesner came to the city over a year ago, and carried on cigar manufacturing operations, employing about fifteen hands.

LACHINE.—The Lord Bishop of Montreal held a confirmation in St. Stephen's Church, Lachine, Sunday evening, 30th March. The services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. DeMoulin, and the Rev. R. White, rector, who presented the candidates. His Lordship delivered a very impressive address to the candidates, and afterwards preached from Acts, 8th Chap., 14, 15 and 17. The church was crowded. Many of the new Bishop's old friends who remembered him when in charge of St. Stephen's some thirty years ago, were among the congregation.

IN A CURLING MATCH on Wednesday last a team of the Victoria Rifles, composed of Colonel White and Major Edgith and Lieutenant Thorn, beat a team of the Prince of Wales Rifles—Colonel Bond, Captain Robertson and Lieutenant Watson—by four points.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTEAL WITNESS OFFICE. Monday, March 31, 1879. New York, March 31st, 10 a.m.—Gold par. —Greenbacks bought at 77 00 dis.; sold at 00 00 Silver 6 to 8. P. D. BROWN & CO., Brokers, 124 St. James St.

A writ of attachment has been issued against Joseph G. Townsend, bedding manufacturer. —A demand of assignment has been made on Speck & Lett, of Carp, Ont., through the office of R. W. Oliver, assignee. —To-day, Dame Elmire Rousin took out a writ of attachment against Eugene Charest for \$312. L. Dupuy, assignee. —William H. Hibbit to-day took out a writ of attachment against Joseph E. Townsend, for \$215. John Taylor, assignee.

FINANCIAL. Money is quiet and rates are unchanged. Ring Exchange is firm at 109 1/4 to 109 1/2 for round amounts of sixty-day bills between banks, and 109 1/2 over the counter. New York funds par to 1-16th premium. Sterling Exchange in New York \$4.80 1/2. The following are the morning transactions: 10 Montreal at 140; 2 do. at 139 1/2; 80 Consolidated at 46 1/2; 6 Merchants' at 82; 20 Commerce at 104; 15 City Passenger at 77; 10 City Gas at 109 1/2.

Afternoon sales: 9 Montreal, at 140; 144 Peoples, at 49 1/2; 105 Merchants, at 82 1/2. The Stock Market was firm but inactive, with very little disposition to do business on the part of either buyers or sellers.

Table with columns: LIVERPOOL, March 29, 5 p.m., March 31, 5 p.m. Rows include Flour, Spring Wheat, No. 1 Winter, White Winter, Club, New Corn, Oats, Barley, Potatoes, Pork, New Bacon, Lard, Beef, Tallow, New Cheese.

LONDON, March 31, 5.00 p.m.—Consols, 97 1/4; four-and-a-halfs, 107 1/2; River, 106 1/2; Erie, 25 1/2; do. pd., 47; Jersey Central, 83. CHICAGO, March 31, 1.03 p.m.—Wheat, 88 1/2 to 89; No. 1 Hard, 93 1/2 to 94; No. 2 Hard, 91 1/2 to 92; No. 3 Hard, 89 1/2 to 90; No. 4 Hard, 87 1/2 to 88; No. 5 Hard, 85 1/2 to 86; No. 6 Hard, 83 1/2 to 84; No. 7 Hard, 81 1/2 to 82; No. 8 Hard, 79 1/2 to 80; No. 9 Hard, 77 1/2 to 78; No. 10 Hard, 75 1/2 to 76; No. 11 Hard, 73 1/2 to 74; No. 12 Hard, 71 1/2 to 72; No. 13 Hard, 69 1/2 to 70; No. 14 Hard, 67 1/2 to 68; No. 15 Hard, 65 1/2 to 66; No. 16 Hard, 63 1/2 to 64; No. 17 Hard, 61 1/2 to 62; No. 18 Hard, 59 1/2 to 60; No. 19 Hard, 57 1/2 to 58; No. 20 Hard, 55 1/2 to 56; No. 21 Hard, 53 1/2 to 54; No. 22 Hard, 51 1/2 to 52; No. 23 Hard, 49 1/2 to 50; No. 24 Hard, 47 1/2 to 48; No. 25 Hard, 45 1/2 to 46; No. 26 Hard, 43 1/2 to 44; No. 27 Hard, 41 1/2 to 42; No. 28 Hard, 39 1/2 to 40; No. 29 Hard, 37 1/2 to 38; No. 30 Hard, 35 1/2 to 36; No. 31 Hard, 33 1/2 to 34; No. 32 Hard, 31 1/2 to 32; No. 33 Hard, 29 1/2 to 30; No. 34 Hard, 27 1/2 to 28; No. 35 Hard, 25 1/2 to 26; No. 36 Hard, 23 1/2 to 24; No. 37 Hard, 21 1/2 to 22; No. 38 Hard, 19 1/2 to 20; No. 39 Hard, 17 1/2 to 18; No. 40 Hard, 15 1/2 to 16; No. 41 Hard, 13 1/2 to 14; No. 42 Hard, 11 1/2 to 12; No. 43 Hard, 9 1/2 to 10; No. 44 Hard, 7 1/2 to 8; No. 45 Hard, 5 1/2 to 6; No. 46 Hard, 3 1/2 to 4; No. 47 Hard, 1 1/2 to 2; No. 48 Hard, 0 1/2 to 1; No. 49 Hard, 0 to 0 1/2; No. 50 Hard, 0 to 0 1/2.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875. ESTATE A. A. MURPHY, ESQ. TO BE WOUND UP. CLEARING SALE OF DRY GOODS. At 437 and 439 Notre Dame street. CHEAPSIDE. \$40,632.70 WORTH OF STOCK. Offered at retail, discounts of 35 to 90 per cent. off. All must be disposed of, and premises vacated by May, 1879. \$5,000 worth of Kid Gloves, first choice. The stock is general and well assorted. Would solicit an inspection. No one pressed to purchase. This is a genuine winding up cheap Bankrupt Sale, and no puffing.

CHEAPSIDE—A 1 DRY GOODS. N. B.—\$1,729.00 worth of Walnut Fixtures, etc., etc. See large posters in the windows.

BANKRUPT STOCK AT CHEAPSIDE. 437 and 439 Notre Dame street. March 31st, 1879.

THE "DOMESTIC" MONTHLY for April, the cheapest Fashion Book in the world; price, 15c. For sale by G. & W. CLARKE, 238 St. James street, sole Agents for the "DOMESTIC PAPER PATTERNS."

SPRING FASHIONS. Catalogues of the celebrated "DOMESTIC" PAPER PATTERNS can be had FREE at G. & W. CLARKE'S, St. James street.

BUY THE "DOMESTIC" PAPER PATTERNS, the most stylish, economical and best fitting. Sole agents for Montreal, G. & W. CLARKE, 238 St. James st.

CHEAP DOOR MATS. A large lot of Common Brush Mats now on hand, will be cleared out at COST PRICED, viz.: 30c, 35c and 40c each.

SCHOOL BAGS. The largest assortment to be found in the city, all styles, from 25c up. JAMES BAYLIS & SON, 459 and 461 Notre Dame street.

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS. WOOLLEN MILL, with Water Wheel, about 36-horse power. AXE FACTORY, with Water Wheel, about 25-horse power. COTTON MILL, with Water Wheel, about 45-horse power. NEW FACTORY, with Water Wheel, about 45-horse power. The two latter can be leased together or separate. The above Factories, situated at St. Gabriel Locks, on Lachine Canal, Montreal, and the best water power in Canada. To Let for a Term of Years. Possession can be given immediately to all except the Axe Factory. Apply to A. W. OGILVIE & CO.

SALE OF NEAT FURNITURE. Tapestry Carpets (good as new), fine toned Gable Piano, Crystal Gasaliers, Drawing Room Sets in crimson terry Walnut Dining Table, Glass Back Sideboard, Marble Top Bedroom Set, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Leather Lounges, Hall and Cooking Stoves, Refrigerator and Kitchen Appliances, will sell at the residence, No. 55 Argyle Avenue (late Scotland st.), on FRIDAY AFTERNOON NEXT, 4th April, the neat Furniture as above. Sale at 2 o'clock. W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

"OUT THIS OUT" And not be disappointed as some have by going to the wrong place. Our offices are—East, 693 St. Catharines, corner of Christopher; Centre, 16 St. Joseph st., near McGill; West, 521 St. Joseph st., near St. Guy.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal, No. 7,635—Circuit Court.—Augustin Jodit, Plaintiff, vs. De E. Durand et al., Defendants. On the 6th day of April next, at 8 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of the said Defendant, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture, &c. ALPH. LAMDA, E.S.C. Montreal, March 31, 1879.

INVALIDS.—Any one requiring an experienced and in every way competent Nurse, from the London Nursing Sisters Institution, can hear of one by applying to P. O. Box 335 Quebec. She would willingly take charge of an invalid going to England.

LOST, on Saturday evening, a Paper containing money, between Argyle Avenue and Windsor Hotel by way of Aqueduct and Dorches streets. A suitable reward given by returning it to 46 Argyle Avenue.

BOOKS! BOOKS BOUGHT! Highest cash price will be paid for parcels of Books, Libraries, School and College Second-hand Text Books, at HALL'S Second-hand Book Store, 405 Craig street, near St. Lawrence st.

MARRIAGE LICENSES, Issued by JOHN M. M. DUFF (Late of Taylor & Duff) and Commissioner for Ontario and Quebec. 217 St. James st., Montreal. P. O. Box 527.

IT IS BEYOND ALL QUESTION. A well-known fact that in Dyeing or Cleaning Dress, Suits, Spring Overcoats, Coats, Pants, Shawls, Table and Piano Covers, &c., &c., our work is unsurpassed in the Dominion for its beauty and purity of color and retention of press or finish. Roy, Eye Works, 706 Craig st., between Victoria square and St. Peter st.

1879. SPRING AND SUMMER. OPENING OF SHOW ROOMS. French and American Patterns Bonnets and Hats on and after MONDAY, MARCH 31st, at 250 Notre Dame street E. IRWIN & CO.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c. The subscribers will sell on THURSDAY Next, the 3rd April, at No. 16 Cathcart street, without reserve, the whole of the Household Furniture, &c., consisting of Parlor, Dining-room, Bedrooms, and the usual Kitchen requisites, all in good order. Sale at TEN o'clock. BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

ST. BRIDGET'S MUTUAL BUILDING SOCIETY. A special meeting of the shareholders of the above society will meet in the Mechanics' Long Room, St. Mary street on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of April next, at eight o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of hearing a proposal to be made by the borrowing members of the Society. N.B.—Every borrowing member is requested to attend. M. P. RIORDAN, Sec.-Treas.

THE USUAL MONTHLY PRAYER MEETING FOR MOTHERS will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd at 3 o'clock p.m. in the basement of the Baptist Church, corner St. Catherine and City Councilors streets. All mothers are cordially invited.

THE FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Young Women's Christian Association, for receiving the election of Office-bearers and hearing the Annual Report, will be held in the Rooms, 1,365 St. Catherine st. on THURSDAY, April 3rd, at 11 a.m. Members and all interested in the work are invited to be present. The Public Annual Meeting of the Association will be held in the Gymnasium Hall on the evening of Thursday, April 17th, when an address will be given by the Rev. W. W. Newton, of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Boston. E. H. OGILVIE, Rec. Sec.

CRYSTAL PALACE RINK. MASQUERADE TO-MORROW NIGHT. Admission 10 cents. Come One! Come All!

FREE LECTURE by the Rev. A. A. CAMERON, of Ottawa, in the Lecture Room of the OLIVET BAPTIST CHURCH, on MONDAY, MARCH 31st, at 8 o'clock. Subject—"Undivided."

GENTS' FURNISHINGS! Bankrupt stock of S. J. Baker & Co. To be cleared out at WHOLESALE PRICES before 1st May. G. M. ATKINSON, 138 St. James st.

INSOLVENT ESTATE OF SAVAGE, LYMAN & CO., 226 and 228 St. James street THE OLD STAND. S. L. & Co's. Reduced prices.

Guard Rings, \$1.00 to \$2.00; do. do. \$2.50 to \$3.50; do. do. \$4.00 to \$5.00; Gents' Seal Rings, \$5.00 to \$6.00; do. do. \$6.00 to \$7.00; Silver Watch, \$10.00 to \$12.00; do. do. \$12.00 to \$14.00; do. do. \$14.00 to \$16.00; do. do. \$16.00 to \$18.00; do. do. \$18.00 to \$20.00; do. do. \$20.00 to \$22.00; do. do. \$22.00 to \$24.00; do. do. \$24.00 to \$26.00; do. do. \$26.00 to \$28.00; do. do. \$28.00 to \$30.00; do. do. \$30.00 to \$32.00; do. do. \$32.00 to \$34.00; do. do. \$34.00 to \$36.00; do. do. \$36.00 to \$38.00; do. do. \$38.00 to \$40.00; do. do. \$40.00 to \$42.00; do. do. \$42.00 to \$44.00; do. do. \$44.00 to \$46.00; do. do. \$46.00 to \$48.00; do. do. \$48.00 to \$50.00; do. do. \$50.00 to \$52.00; do. do. \$52.00 to \$54.00; do. do. \$54.00 to \$56.00; do. do. \$56.00 to \$58.00; do. do. \$58.00 to \$60.00; do. do. \$60.00 to \$62.00; do. do. \$62.00 to \$64.00; do. do. \$64.00 to \$66.00; do. do. \$66.00 to \$68.00; do. do. \$68.00 to \$70.00; do. do. \$70.00 to \$72.00; do. do. \$72.00 to \$74.00; do. do. \$74.00 to \$76.00; do. do. \$76.00 to \$78.00; do. do. \$78.00 to \$80.00; do. do. \$80.00 to \$82.00; do. do. \$82.00 to \$84.00; do. do. \$84.00 to \$86.00; do. do. \$86.00 to \$88.00; do. do. \$88.00 to \$90.00; do. do. \$90.00 to \$92.00; do. do. \$92.00 to \$94.00; do. do. \$94.00 to \$96.00; do. do. \$96.00 to \$98.00; do. do. \$98.00 to \$100.00.

TO MILITARY MEN. Real Silver Strap Cord, per yard, 3.75; do. do. 2.00; do. do. 1.50; Military Buttons, per 100, 3.00; Sergeants' Busby Ornament, 3.00; Officers' Silk Sashes, 8.00; Sword Cords, 1.25.

STANDARD SCALES. Very fine "Dresser" Gold Standard, in mahogany and glass case, with weights complete, Net \$45.

WANTED, Self contained House, about \$40 rent, within fifteen minutes' walk of Victoria square. Address TWENTY, Witness Office.

WANTED, a young Nurse Girl, willing to assist with housework. Apply 98 Union Avenue.

WANTED, a Lady's Saddle, Address P. O. Box 1,025, stating price.

WANTED to Rent, from 1st May to 1st November, a House, situated west of Bleury street and not lower than Dorchester street. Rent not to exceed \$12 per month; no taxes. Address HOUSE, Box 269 P. O.

WANTED immediately, a Wet Nurse. Apply to Dr. REDDY, 1,277 St. Catherine street, or at 1,386 St. Catherine st.

WANTED, a Coachman, with good testimonials. Apply, 679 Sherbrooke st.

WANTED.—General Servant; small family. Apply, 287 1/2 St. Urban st.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted, by a respectable young Girl, a situation as Housemaid; can wait on table or assist in plain sewing. Address S-BALL, this office, or 62 Charles St. Roman st.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted, a situation as Working Housekeeper or Plain Cook. Address E.V.A., this office.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted, by a respectable young person, a situation as House or Table Maid. Apply at 537 1/2 Dorchester st.

EMPLOYMENT.—Steady young woman with good references wishes to obtain a situation as cook, house or table-maid. Miss SKEWTON, Registry Office, 5 Anderson st.

EMPLOYMENT.—Wanted, by a young Man, a situation in any capacity not menial; was three years with last employer. Address A. B., this office.

EMPLOYMENT.—A well educated Protestant middle-aged person wishes an engagement as Housekeeper, Nursery Girl, or Lady's Maid; will travel; highest references. Address ADV-THIRTEEN, this office.

EMPLOYMENT.—An experienced Cook well recommended, also, General Servants and Housemaids, want situations. Mrs. GARDNER, 40 St. Antoine street, Registry Office.

BOARD.—Good Board and Rooms, at 36 Sangainet street.

ROOMS.—Furnished. 35 Anderson st.

ROOMS.—Furnished Rooms to let. 77 Bleury street.

ROOM.—Large Furnished Room to let. 128 Duncaster st.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS! CAN BE HAD DOWN-TOWN ONLY AT 265 Notre Dame st.

DESERTER! THIS WORD IS THE NAME GIVEN TO A NEW INSECTICIDE AND DISINFECTING POWDER.

ASK FOR PEAR'S GLYCERINE SOAP, AND TAKE NO OTHER.

GOLD FRAMED MIRRORS, made to order by "Thomson." W. P. Emerson's Pianoforte, a splendid instrument. Best Boston Furniture. Brass Brackets Carved all through the house. Valuable Imported Timepiece, Ormolu with Rich Enamel Work, also Black Marble; "Thomson's" Coracles and Pale Blue Netted Curtains, Blue Lace Curtains, &c.; Inlaid Cabinet Tables and Music Stands, Drawing-room Furniture in Walnut (Double Set), Crimson, Plush and extra Cretonne Covers; Rich Bronze Gasaliers in each room; Carved Walnut Hall Furniture, Library Furniture—Book Case, Table, Chairs and Easy Chair. Sitting Room—Sofa and Chairs, Elastic Back, Green Rep Covers, Spanish Walnut Table, Reading Gas Lamp, &c., &c. "Eastlake's" Dining Room Suite (complete), with Leather Set Chairs; Cut Glassware, Hand-painted Desert Services, Platinware, &c., &c. Bedrooms furnished with very best Boston-made Sets in selected Walnut, Marble Top, in several styles, including a "Tiled" "Eastlake" Set, Gent's Dressing Bureau, &c., Wire Spring Beds, Hair Mattresses, Bedding, &c.; also Plain Furniture, contents of Servants' Rooms, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c. Sale at the city residence of the Hon. Senator Chamberlain, 654 Parthenon street (opposite St. James Club), FRIDAY, APRIL 4th, at TEN o'clock. JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

On view Thursday. Everything is in good order, having been but little used.—J. J. A.

A GREAT IMPROVEMENT. The success of Cole's Chimneyless Lamp. It has replaced 4,000 Gas Burners in Montreal alone. Come and see. Cole's New Burner. One lamp as powerful as a whole gasolier. One-tenth the cost, and a powerful flood of pure white light, healthy, cheerful and bright. FRED. R. COLE, 418 and 420 Notre Dame street. (Removed from 94 St. Francois-Xavier st.)