Morning Chronicle

COMMERCIAL AND SHIPPING GAZETTE.

VOL. XXXVI. QUEBEC, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1882. No. 13 063

AFTERNOON DESPATCHES

The Czar and His Advisers,

A RUSSIAN IRONCLAD ARRIVES AT PORT SAID.

A Tramp's Deserts—Floods Subsiding—Valentines—Crime, etc.

THE MONTREAL MUNICIPAL NOMINATIONS.

Notes from the Capital.

FOREIGN.

VIENNA, Feb. 15—The *Free Press* learns from St Petersburg the dispositions of the Emperor and the Secretary of Foreign Affairs are peaceful, but these immediately around the Czar are inclined to war.

ALEXANDRIA, Feb. 15—A Russian ironclad has arrived at Port Said.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15—Miss Flora Foster, for 36 years matron of the Tombs Prison, died yesterday, aged 75.

A private dinner was given here last night to Governor and Mrs. Cornell; General and Mrs. Grant and others were present.

Twenty-seven more children were sent to homes in the West by Whitelaw Reid.

Two hundred thousand valentines were handled in the Post Office here Monday and Tuesday; $5,000 worth of stamps were sold in Brooklyn yesterday for valentines.

BAKERSVILLE, N.C., Feb. 15—A slice of Bald Mountain, half a mile square, fell into the valley on Monday, with a terrible crash.

PEEKSKILL, N.Y., Feb. 15—Curlis Christian yesterday murdered his brother-in-law, Jonah Tompkins, at Putman, by crushing his head with a stone. Christian afterwards tried to choke his wife to death. It is believed he committed suicide by jumping into a well. The cause of the crime is supposed to be jealousy of Tompkins because the latter managed his father-in-law's farm.

ELIZABETH, N.J., Feb. 15—A tramp entered a house here where there were only two ladies and attempted to assault one of them. The ladies with a whip and poker severely beat the tramp, who ran away covered with blood.

HELENA, Ark., Feb. 15—The river is falling and apprehensions of an overflow have subsided.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 15—Last November, in Franklin township, John Ward, aged 28, broke into the house at night and beat Ella and Mary Weans, aged 83 and 73 in a terrible manner. Ward was arrested recently. Mary died and Ward was indited for murder. Ella died yesterday. Ward had no animosity against the ladies. Drunken devilishness is the only cause assigned for the crime.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15—John C. McDonough, a well known actor, died this morning.

CANADIAN.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15—The nominations for Mayor and City Councillors took place this morning. Hon. J. L. Beaudry and Doctor Leprohon were nominated for the Mayoralty; Geo. Washington Stephens was re-elected for the West Ward.

The stock market was weak and lower all round to-day.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15—The Ottawa Immigration Society have arranged for bringing one hundred servant girls from Ireland.

T. A. Hamilton, clerk in charge of the Lumber and Mines Department of the Interior, has been offered and it is understood has accepted a position in Winnipeg under the Canadian Pacific Railway Syndicate at a handsome salary.

Lt.-Col. Hall, Assistant Commissary General, and Capt. England, of Halifax, are in the city.

Dr. Orton, M. P., arrived this morning. Dr. Griffiths, the bigamist, was at one time his partner, and he says rumors were afloat up West that Griffiths was keeping company with the young lady he subsequently married. His attention was drawn to the fact but he gave it an emphatic denial.

Miss Romaine has at last entered an action for breach of marriage against Mr. McLean, of the law firm of Walker & McLean. It will be remembered that the ceremony was somewhat short through the intervention of a friend of McLean's entering the church and whispering something in his ear as the couple knelt before the altar, awaiting the vows which would make them man and wife.

TORONTO, Feb. 15—Wm. Cooke, the Post Office employee, has been committed for trial on a charge of stealing lace from a letter.

While J. C. Graham, skiff champion, and two men named Harrington and Dowling, were cutting ice on Ashbridge's Bay, the horse and ice plough fell through, dragging them after. They were 20 minutes in the water and one was insensible before Wise, the oarsman, and Lang the fisherman, succeeded in rescuing them. The horse was drowned but the plough was recovered.

Annie Thompson, keeper of one of the most notorious dens in the city, was discharged today, the inmates swearing that they never saw anything disorderly happen. This is taken as strengthening the Commissioner's contention that the suppression of such places is impossible without direct evidence.

SPECIAL FROM ST. JOHN, N.B.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Feb. 15.—Coroner Workman, of Moncton, held an inquest on the body of Joshua Breau, who was killed on the Intercolonial Railway at Memramcook. The jury found that Breau came to his death from being struck by an engine while sitting or lying on the track. They attached no blame to the railway employees.

Jno. Breckwith, of Newcastle, was killed yesterday by a falling tree while working in Donlair's camp, at Red Pine. He was married and leaves a wife and four children.

SPECIAL FROM HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, February 15—The fiftieth annual meeting of the Bank of Nova Scotia was held to-day. The statements presented showed the institution to be in a very flourishing state. A resolution was passed authorizing the directors to double the capital. This has in view the amalgamation of some of the smaller banks with the Nova Scotia, should such policy be found feasible.

Sixty-five thousand dollars have been paid in by the Presbyterian congregations of the Maritime Provinces of the required hundred thousand endowment fund of the Presbyterian College at Pine Hill, Halifax.

SPECIAL FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—The young woman Lusk, who accidentally swallowed an overdose of laudanum yesterday morning and was brought to the hospital, is out of danger.

A painter named Ferguson was seriously injured this morning by the collapse of a scaffolding on a church he was working at. His right arm was broken in two places and he was internally injured.

At the meeting of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church in Canada to discuss the temporalities fund question, Rev. Gavin Lang, of Montreal, presided. The representatives of the press were asked to retire from the meeting. Delegates were present from all sections of Canada.

Some fifty or sixty representatives of the various benevolent and provident societies and associations of Canada assembled in one of the parlours of the Rossin House this afternoon to consider the advisability of placing the business and operations of such associations upon a more definite and satisfactory basis, having in view the doubts lately cast upon their position under the existing laws. Mr. J. B. Nixon, of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, was elected Chairman. Business will come before the meeting to-morrow.

The market this morning was quiet and weak for Bank shares.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—In the House of Commons to-day, Sir C. Dilke, replying to various attacks on the foreign policy of Government, denied that French troops had been prepared for embarkation to Egypt. The Government, he said, still adheres to European concert as a means of adjusting foreign difficulties, and believes its influence to be useful in the Egyptian question. He denied the reported revolt at Herat. In regard to the Jews of Russia, all precedents showed English interference in the internal affairs of a foreign country would meet a rebuff and do more harm than good.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

British Officers Attacked by Albanians.

EXPLOSION OF INFERNAL MACHINES IN EDINBURGH.

Report of the Russian Commission on the Jewish Question.

THE PANSLAVIST AGITATION.

Sir H. Parkes Before the N.Y. Chamber of Commerce.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Feb. 15—Commander Selby, of the British man-of-war "Falcon," while on a shooting excursion near Artaki, was seriously wounded by an Albanian with an axe. At the request of the British Ambassador, the President of the Turkish Council of Ministers ordered the arrest of his assailant. Turkish and British men-of-war have proceeded to Artaki. Selby is in a critical condition. Selby had been warned by the Albanian not to shoot in the vicinity of his flocks, but did not understand the warning. Selby put his gun on the ground to show he was peacefully inclined, whereupon the Albanian attempted to seize it. A struggle ensued for the possession of the weapon. The Albanian desisted on Captain Grenfell pointing a gun at him, but afterward returned with a comrade, when Selby was attacked with an axe. While returning to their ship the English officers were attacked by 15 armed Albanians, who knocked them senseless with the butt ends of muskets and bound them with cords. Subsequently Consul Wrench succeeded in procuring the release of Selby and his companions by offering himself as a hostage. Wrench was afterwards released.

EDINBURGH, Feb. 15—Two boxes containing infernal machines, delivered at two different addresses, exploded to-day on being opened. Eight persons were injured.

A mason named Costello has been arrested in connection with the infernal machine outrages, which it is believed have been prompted by personal motives.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 15.—The Government Commission having charge of the Jewish question recommends the exclusion of Jews from all villages, but that they be permitted to settle in towns having a certain population, provided they are prohibited from trading in spirits or collecting parish taxes. They should also be deprived of the right of civil registration and forbidden to communicate with foreign Jews or associations; there should also be separate schools for Jewish children.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Feb. 15—Considerable money and military maps, with notes written in Russian, were found at the residence of the Burgomaster of Orahovac, near the Montenegrin frontier, which were recently captured from the insurgents.

A semi-official organ, discussing the Panslavist agitation, admits the majority of the population of Servia and Montenegro sympathise with the insurgents, and says Austria would be prudent to avoid raising difficulties for the Servian and Montenegrin Governments in maintaining its hitherto loyal attitude.

SERVIA.

BELGRADE, Feb. 15—The Skupt-schina has passed the Consular Convention and commercial treaty with the United States.

UNITED STATES.

PHILADELPHIA, February 15—A meeting of Christians and Jews was held this afternoon to provide for Jewish refugees coming here from Russia. The Mayor presided. It was stated that more than eighty million dollars of property of Jews in Russia had been swept away and more than 70,000 outrages had been committed within the past month. Revd. R. D. Harper thought it time for our Government to say to the Russian Government that these outrages must stop. Resolutions were adopted appealing to citizens for aid, requesting Congressmen to obtain from the Federal Government a protest against the treatement of the Jews in Russia, and appealing to the Russian Government for the protection of these people. $5,200 were subscribed to-day.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Sir Henry Parkes, Prime Minister of New South Wales, to-day addressed the Chamber of Commerce on the commercial relations between this country and Australia. He gave a description of the resources of the colony, and said not one in a thousand in the colonies desired separation from England, though, if they had a tenth of the grievances America had one hundred years ago, they, too, would demand liberty. He predicted that in a few years the colonies of Australia would become a vast empire and a great power.

From 2,000 to 3,000 tons of potatoes are now imported weekly from Great Britain and Germany.

FRANCESTOWN, Conn., Feb. 15—An enormous slide of about seven hundred tons of marble and granite occurred at a soapstone quarry here this afternoon. The mass slid one hundred feet with a great noise. There were twenty men in the pit, but only two, T. N. Wheelock and Geo. Sylvester were injured, Wheelock fatally.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 15.—A further appeal for aid for the sufferers by the Midlothian mine disaster has been made by the Relief Committee of this city. The help hitherto extended has not been sufficient.

BISMARCK, D.T., Feb. 15.—The ice in the Missouri river has weakened. Captain Harmon and his train fell through to-day, but escaped drowning. The weather is very warm and some farmers have finished seeding wheat.

GALVESTON, Tex., Feb. 15.—It is reported the town of Columbia is badly inundated by water from the Brazos river. Many of the inhabitants have fled and others have taken refuge in churches and are supplied with food by boats.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15—General Terry informs the War Department that there are 200 families of half-breeds and British Indians trespassing on the reservation near Poplar River, Montana. They have almost wholly deprived the agency Indians of meat and robes by keeping the buffalo out of their reach. Their camps also afford an excellent field for illicit traders. General Terry recommends that the intruders be driven across the border.

IRISH TROUBLES.

DUBLIN, Feb. 15—The *Gazette* proclaims five Baronies in the County of Roscommon and twelve Baronies in the County of Waterford.

WATERBURY, Conn., February 15—Revd. Lawrence Walsh, treasurer of the Irish National Land League, reports he sent $59,000 to Treasurer Egan since last October, and expects to send $7,000 more this week.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Catholic clergy of the diocese of Meath, have recommended Patrick Egan as the candidate of the Irish party for the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the resignation of A. M. Sullivan.

CHICAGO, February 15—The centennial of Dungannon was celebrated by a banquet here to-night. A letter of regret from President Arthur was read.

DUBLIN, February 15—The "suspects," James O'Connor, Henry Burton and Mallon have been released from prison.

AGE OF ENLIGHTENMENT.

In an age of enlightenment like the present, the value of electricity, and of compounds containing an electric principle as remedial agents, is widely appreciated. Foremost among the latter both as regards the thoroughness and safety of its effects, and the rapidity of its action, is THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, a widely popular external and internal remedy for coughs, colds, sore throat, asthma, croup, and other affections of the breathing organs: an invaluable outward specific for lame back, soreness and contraction of the muscles, and every variety of sore or hurt; a prompt source of relief for pain, and a medicine upon which the public can also implicitly depend in cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, piles and kidney complaints, inflammatory affections, dysentery, and many other ailments. Its persistent use eradicates the most obstinate of the disorders to which it is adapted. Physicians speak of it in the highest terms. Moreover, horsemen and stock raisers administer it with the greatest success for diseases and hurts of horses and cattle. Sold by all medicine dealers Price, 25 cents. Prepared only by NORTHROP & LYMAN Toronto, Ont

NOTE. *Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

September 16 1881. nov24'80-Jm-d&w

That Informer Business.

St. Patrick's Society Investigation—The Report of their Committee—Mr. McNamee Defines an Informer's Fate—He should be made "An End of: Quick, Sharp, and Decisive."

Last evening a meeting of St. Patrick's Society and kindred associations was held in St. Patrick's Hall, to consider the report of a committee appointed some time ago to proceed to New York and investigate the authorship of a certain article that had appeared in the New York *Hour*, and was afterward copied into the *Post* and other Canadian newspapers. Its tenor was that a certain Irishman, a citizen of Montreal and wealthy contractor, had received from the Government a large sum of money for turning informer upon the Fenian Brotherhood and its plans during the raids of 1866 and 1870. The committee reported through Mr. J. F. Quinn, who read the following affidavit. It sets forth that Mr. F. B. McNamee was the party named, and gives the sources of his information:

THE AFFIDAVIT.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

I, Frederick J. Hamilton, of the city of New York, formerly of the city of Montreal, in the Dominion of Canada, journalist, being duly sworn, do depose and say:

1. I am the author of the article published in *The Hour*, a paper published in this city, headed "The British Secret Service in America," which article appeared on the 5th of November last, 1881.

2. That I had no special reason or motive for writing said article at the present time, to wit, last November, other than that mentioned in the letter of to-day's date addressed by me to Mr. M. J. F. Quinn, Montreal, and said article was not prompted or instigated by any one, nor did I consult any person prior to or at the time of writing the same.

3. That I had no personal knowledge whatever on which to base said article.

4. That during the year (1875) eighteen hundred and seventy-five, while in the city of Ottawa, in the said Dominion of Canada, and during a session of the Parliament of Canada, dependent heard the name of Mr. Francis B. McNamee, contractor of the city of Montreal, mentioned as having received sums of money from the Government of the Dominion of Canada for having given to said Government the names of certain persons in Canada supposed to be connected with Fenianism, and as having designs against the peace and good order of the said Dominion. That the names of those who informed deponent of this were Rufus Stephenson, member of the Parliament of the said Dominion, and one Isaac Brock, formerly of Ottawa, in Canada.

5. That subsequently, in the city of Montreal—deponent cannot recollect any specific dates, but during different election times and times of public excitement—on various occasions and places, deponent was told the same thing, viz.: that the said Francis B. McNamee had received large sums of money from the said Government for having given information to it concerning the Fenian organization, and for having exposed names of parties who were supposed to be or were connected with the Fenian organization in Canada, by John J. Curran, Q.C., of said city of Montreal.

6. That deponent was furthermore told the same thing during the month of September, 1879, during the time of the contemplated visit to the city of Montreal of the 69th National Guard of the State of New York, by Mr. Bernard Tansey, inn-keeper, of the city of Montreal.

7. That both the said Messrs. John J. Curran, Q.C., and Bernard Tansey accused the said Mr. Francis B. McNamee of receiving sums of money from the Canadian Government for the reasons already mentioned.

8. That subsequently to the writing of the said article in *The Hour*, deponent met John P. Whelan, one of the proprietors of the Montreal *Post*, in this city, and in the course of conversation with him regarding said article, the said Whelan informed deponent that the said Mr. Francis B. McNamee had been suspected by the Fenian Brotherhood of New York, of having betrayed their secrets and cause, and that the organization in Canada had warned P. J. Meehan, publisher of the paper known as the *Irish American*, a paper published in this city, against the said Francis McNamee. That this conversation took place between the deponent and the said John B. Whelan in the city of New York on the seventeenth January, 1882, and the said Whelan further informed deponent that the said Meehan had stated to him that he had a correspondence in cipher in his possession warning the Fenian Brotherhood against the said Francis B. McNamee, and that the said Meehan had promised to forward the said correspondence to the said Whelan.

9. That deponent on the twenty-fifth January instant, called upon the said Meehan, having obtained a letter of introduction to him from the said Whelan (and which letter is now in my possession) to ascertain the truth of the statements made to him. That said P. J. Meehan neither denied nor admitted the correctness of said Whelan's statements, and declined to divulge any correspondence, but stated that he knew nothing personally against the said Mr. Francis B. McNamee; that all his knowledge was based on hearsay.

10. That the said John P. Whelan further informed deponent, at the time of the said conversation, that he (Whelan) knew and could lay his hands on four or five persons who knew the career of the said Mr. Francis B. McNamee, but mentioned no names.

11. That the said John P. Whelan further stated that one Eugene O'Rourke (whom deponent does not know and has never seen to his knowledge) could give evidence against the said Mr. Francis B. McNamee relative to the matters referred to in this affidavit.

12. That deponent knows nothing whatever personally against the said Mr. Francis B. McNamee, and furthermore has no other information in his possession other than that above detailed. That this affidavit includes everything concerning the said Mr. Francis B. McNamee with which deponent is acquainted, and further deponent saith not and hath signed.

(Signed,) FRED. J. HAMILTON.

Sworn and subscribed this twenty-sixth day of January, 1881, at the city of New York.

(Signed,) G. H. ALEXANDER,
Notary Public, King's County, N. Y.

REPLIES TO THE AFFIDAVIT.

Mr. Quinn then showed that he had written to each of the parties named in the affidavit and had received replies from most of them. Mr. Rufus Stephenson, M. P., replied that he never had met Mr. P. J. Hamilton during a session of Parliament or at any other time, and that so far as it concerned him the affidavit was false in every particular. Mr. B. Tansey could call to mind no conversation such as the affidavit mentioned. He had, however, heard of the informer and was prepared at the proper time and place to tell what he knew, under oath, before a court of justice. Mr. J. J. Curran, Q. C., also was ready to tell what he had heard concerning the matter if called into Court to do so. He did not recollect having made use of the language attributed to him in the affidavit. Mr. James Humphreys also was ready to tell what he knew in a court of justice. Messrs. Lyons and McGrath wrote, stating that they never had made accusations against McNamee. No replies had been received from the other parties mentioned in the affidavit. The report concluded by saying that—"Your Committee, therefore, conclude that, having used every possible endeavor to discover the truth of the article published in the *Post* of the 23rd of December last, they have been unable to find any fact upon which such an article could be based."

Mr. Quinn moved the adoption of the report, when Mr. Richard McShane took exception to it, and said he had not signed it because he believed that the Committee had not gotten such information as could be had.

A member objected to the name of St. Patrick's Society being used in connection with the Committee's report.

Mr. Quinn said that that point had been decided at the last meeting. He believed that the Committee honestly had endeavored to find out the truth of the statements made. Having found out the author of the article, they failed to discover any facts to justify it, and believed that they were called upon to give their opinions from the evidence before them.

An awkward pause ensued, during which the presiding officer called upon any member to say what had to be said upon the subject.

MR. M'NAMEE'S SPEECH.

Mr. F. B. McNamee then came forward, and was greeted with applause. He said: I stand before you here to-night after living in the city of Montreal for over half a century, to meet the accusation of having been an informer. During my life and during my association with the men of Montreal, my doctrine always has been that informers should have short lives. (Loud applause.) I have always advocated that doctrine, and I fervently hope that it will be carried out to the end of the chapter—(applause)—that any informer that damaged the cause of Ireland, either in Ireland or Montreal, by informing upon any man, should be made an end of—quick, sharp and decisive. (Loud cheers.) Mr. McNamee then complained that he had been hounded by men opposed to him and who had tried upon every occasion to ruin him. Mr. A. M. Sullivan, of Ireland, had been accused of being an informer, but had come out of the crucible as pure as pure gold. He, Mr. McNamee, would do the same. (Cheers). He was connected with St. Patrick's Society in 1862, and had called upon the lamented John O'Mahony, in New York, whom he endeavored to induce to give a lecture in Montreal. When he came back he had the anger of scorn pointed at him as a Fenian head centre and was held up to the odium of his Protestant fellow-citizens. They had not ruined him, notwithstanding. He then referred to the bitter opposition made to him in St. Patrick's Society when he had run for office. Again, when they had had trouble in Montreal about processions. When these processions, intended to insult the Irish people, had been talked of, did he show the white feather? (Applause). Certain gentlemen thought they would bring their friends to Montreal and have a military parade at that time. He was then glad to see them. (Laughter and applause.) Well, the St. Patrick's Society thought it would be a good thing to invite the Sixty-ninth Regiment, of New York, to come to our city. (Prolonged applause.) The very same individuals that had hounded him all along then found that the Sixty-ninth was the regiment that had insulted the Prince of Wales when in New York. They said that McNamee was at the bottom of it and wanted to insult the Protestant people of Montreal, with whom they wanted to live in peace. This he denied. Passing on, he recounted the slanders put upon him, and bitterly denounced the *Post* newspaper management. He had done his best to found that newspaper, but it insulted him through its management every time an opportunity presented itself. He continued at some length, and held that the damning charge of being an informer had hurt him no more than other charges. If any man in the room believed him, F. B. McNames, to be an informer, in God's name let him shoot him, and he would give him money to buy the revolver. He concluded a very long speech in a few more words.

Mr. J. P. Whelan, in answer to repeated calls said that he also had been investigating the informer question. There was little doubt that there had been informers. Who they were he was not prepared to say. He would tell the result of his investigations when the proper time came, and not until then. He sustained the course of the *Post* as one taken in the cause of Irishmen of Montreal, and said it would be so continued.

After some further remarks the report of the Committee was adopted and the meeting adjourned—*Witness.*

Oscar Wilde is said to have received a guinea a line for the short poem by him in Our Continent. As the poem is thirty lines long this brings his pay for the trifle up to $150. Men have been paid more, Tennyson once received $50 a line; but no verse in recent years has been quoted higher.

The late Prof. Skoda, one of Vienna's greatest surgeons, had, until within a year or two before his death, worn garments of a most unfashionable cut. His friends often joked with him about the matter, but he bore their fun good-naturedly, without making any explanation. One day a friend observed that he was much more stylishly clad than usual. "This is an unhoped-for pleasure, Skoda," said he, "to see you for once properly dressed." "Say no more," said the surgeon gravely; he who has made my clothing for all the years you have known me did not, it is true, give it a very fashionable shape; but he let me have clothes long before I had achieved success; and he never pressed me for money when he suspected that I was pressed for it myself. How would you do, my friend—leave such a man for one who merely cut cloth in a different shape?" "But why then do you leave him now?" inquired the friend. "He is dead," said Skoda.

The Great Female Remedy.

JOB MOSES' PILLS.

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE IS unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous disorders to which the Female constitution is subject. It invigorates the debilitated and delicate; and by regulating and strengthening the system, fortifies the youthful constitution for the duties of life, and when taken in middle or old age, proves a real blessing, and on the approach of Child-birth these Pills should be used for two or three weeks previous to confinement; the benefits to be derived are incalculable; they fortify the constitution, lessen the suffering during labor, prevent weakness of the organs, and enable the mother to perform her duties with comfort to herself and child.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue in slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these pills will affect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR

$1.00 and 6 cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

February 3, 1882. Jm-d&w

EUROPE!!

Cook's Grand Excursions leave New York, April 27th, June 8th, and July 1st, 1882. Full particulars in special pamphlet, sent free on application. Passage Tickets by all Atlantic Steamers. Special facilities for securing good berths. Tourist Tickets for individual travelers in Europe, by all routes, at reduced rates.

Cook's Excursionist, with Maps, by mail 10 cents. THOS. COOK & SON, 261, Broadway, N.Y.

O. A. BARATTONI, Manager. P.O. Box 1611.

February 6, 1882. Dm-eo

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Winter (1881-2) Arrangements

GOING WEST.

7.20 A.M.—Mixed Trains for all Local Stations between Quebec and Montreal Richmond, Sherbrooke and Island Pond.

11.30 A.M.—Mixed Train for Montreal and all Local Stations—Also connecting at Sherbrooke at 7.45 P.M. with Passumpsic R'y Co. for Boston, Lowell, Worcester, Concord, &c.

☞ This Train makes close connection at Montreal with Trains for Toronto and the West.

7.10 P.M.—Express Train for Portland, Boston, Sherbrooke, Montreal, Ottawa Toronto, Detroit, Chicago and all points East, West, South-West and North-West.

GOING EAST

Leaving Montreal	10.00 P.M.
Arriving at Point Levi	7.20 A.M.
Mixed leaves Richmond	9.15 A.M.
Arriving at Point Levi	2.50 P.M.
Mixed leaves Montreal	7.05 A.M.
Arriving at Point Levi	7.00 P.M.

JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.

Montreal, November 8th, 1881.
November 26, 1881. c2779

Q. M. O. & O. RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

COMMENCING ON

Monday, January 2nd, 1882,

Trains will run as follows:—

	Mixed.	Mail.	Express
Leave Hochelaga for Ottawa	8.20 PM	8 30 AM	5.00 PM
Arrive at Ottawa	7.55 AM	1.20 PM	9.50 "
Leave Ottawa for Hochelaga	10.00 PM	8.10 AM	4.55 "
Arrive at Hochelaga	9.45 AM	1.00 PM	9.45 "
Leave Hochelaga for Quebec	6.40 PM	3.00 PM	10.00 "
Arrive at Quebec	8.00 AM	9.50 "	6.30 AM
Leave Quebec for Hochelaga	5 PM	10.00 AM	10.00 PM
Arrive at Hochelaga	7.30 "	4.50 PM	6.30 AM
Leave Hochelaga for St. Jerome	6.00 PM	.....	.....
Arrive at St Jerome	7.45	.....	.....
Leave St. Jerome for Hochelaga	6.45 AM	.....	.....
Arrive at Hochelaga	9.00 "	.....	.....
Leave Hochelaga for Joliette	5.15 PM	.....	.....
Arrive at Joliette	7.40 "	.....	.....
Leave Joliette for Hochelaga	6.20 AM	.....	.....
Arrive at Hochelaga	8.50 "	.....	.....

(Local Trains between Aylmer, Hull & Ottawa) Trains leave Mile-End Station *Ten Minutes Later* than Hochelaga.

☞ Magnificent Palace Cars on all Passenger Day Trains and Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Trains *to and from* Ottawa connect with Trains *to and from* Quebec.

Sunday Trains leave Montreal and Quebec at 4 p.m.

All Trains run by Montreal Time.

GENERAL OFFICES.—13 PLACE D'ARMES.

TICKET OFFICES:

13 PLACE D'ARMES, 202 ST. JAMES STREET, } MONTREAL.
OPPOSITE ST. LOUIS HOTEL, QUEBEC.
OPPOSITE RUSSELL HOUSE, OTTAWA.

L. A. SENECAL,
Gen'l Supt.

January 5, 1882. my25-Fm

Whittaker's Almanac!!

JUST RECEIVED, A SUPPLY OF THE above celebrated Almanacs. ALSO,—A further supply of the CANADIAN ALMANAC, and Starke's Pocket Almanac.

—ALSO—

God and the Man, a Romance by Robert Buchanan.

Civil Service in Great Britain, a History of Abuses and Reforms and their bearing upon American Politics.—By Dorman B. Eaton.

A Heart's Problem. A Novel, by Charles Gibbon, author of "In Honor Bound."

The Question of Cain. A Novel, by Mrs Cashel Hoey.

Farm Legends and Farm Ballads. By Wil Carleton. 25cts.

DAWSON & CO.

January 20, 1882.

W. McKECHNIE,

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA,

DEALER IN

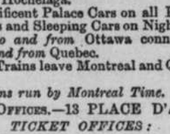
REAL ESTATE, CITY AND TOWN PROPERTY,

ALSO FARMS and FARMING LANDS.

OFFICE:—MERCHANT'S BANK BLOCK, right over the Bank Office.

ENTRY FROM POST OFFICE STREET.

January 4, 882. Cm



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A CHOICE COLLECTION OF COMmercial and Mercantile Plants, including Dracenas, Rubbers, Palms Geraniums, Pinks, Bigonias, Hyacinths. Cyclamens, &c. Also Bloom of the Fashionable Varieties.

Bouquets—Bridal	$2.00	to	$5.00
" —Hand	1.00	to	5.00
Camelias for Hair	15c	to	20c
Sprays " "	25c	to	50
Button-Holes	10c	to	20
Crosses	3.00	to	10.00
Crowns	4.00	to	10.00
Cut Bloom for Dinners and Drawing-Rooms	1.00	to	5.00
Table Plants hired out from	50c	to	1.00
Green Winding (ten yards)	60c	to	0.00

TERMS: CASH ON DELIVERY (C. O. D.)

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W. RHODES,
Proprietor,
JOSEPH MONAGHAN,
Gardene

GREENHOUSES AT SILLERY
November 1881

TUITION.

MRS. WIDOW BOULAY HAS THE honor to nform Families that she continues to give lessons in French, Pronunciation and Writing, at the most moderate rates. Address letters to Post Office or No. 37, ST. HELENE STREET. Mrs' Boulay will give lessons at the private residences of those who will honor her with their confidence or at her own residence.

September 188

Intercolonial Railway.

1881. Winter Arrangement. 1882.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 21st November, the Trains will run daily, (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

Will Leave Point Levis.

	Railway Time.	Quebec Time.
EXPRESS for Halifax and St. John.	8.10 A.M.	7.55 A.M.
ACCOMMODATION and MAIL	9.30 "	9.15 "
FREIGHT	7.00 P.M.	6.45 P.M.

Wil Arrive at Point Levis.

	Railway Time.	Quebec Time.
EXPRESS from Halifax and St. John	8.20 P.M.	8.05 P.M.
ACCOMMODATION and MAIL	3.40 "	3.25 "
FREIGHT	5.25 A.M.	5.10 A.M.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sunday, while those from Halifax and St. John remain in Campbellton.

The Pullman Car leaving Point Levis on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday runs through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Monday, Wednesday and Friday to St. John

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., 15th November, 1881. November 13, 1881.

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Winter Arrangements.

COMMENCING MONDAY, JANUARY 9th, 1882, Trains will run as follows:—

Express Leaves Sherbrooke		8.15 A.M.
" Arrives Beauce Junction		1.15 P.M.
" " Levis		5.15 "
" " Quebec Ferry		3.30 "
" Leaves Quebec Ferry		11.30 A.M.
" " Levis		12.00 Noon
" Arrives Beauce Junction		2.00 P.M.
" " Sherbrooke		7.00 "
Mixed Leaves Sherbrooke		7.00 A.M.
" Arrives Beauce Junction		3.40 P.M.
" Leaves " "		6.50 A.M.
" Arrives Sherbrooke		2.50 P.M.
LOCAL TRAIN BETWEEN ST. JOSEPH AND LEVIS.		
Leaves St. Joseph		6.00 A.M.
Arrives Levis		9.30 "
Leaves Levis		4.30 P.M.
Arrives St. Joseph		8.00 "

☞ Trains run on Montreal time

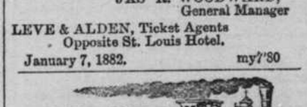
Market Special Train leaving St. Joseph for Quebec on Fridays is cancelled.

The Quebec Central affords the only Rail communication with the celebrated Chaudiere Gold Mines, and forms the most direct route between Quebec, Boston, and all New England points. Passengers leaving by Express at Noon will arrive, via Passumpsic R.R., at Newport 9.40 P.M., Boston 30 following A.M.

JAS R. WOODWARD,
General Manager

LEVE & ALDEN, Ticket Agents
Opposite St. Louis Hotel.

January 7, 1882. my7'80



Quebec & Lake St. John Railway

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

Leave Quebec (Palais Station).. 3.30 P.M.
Arrive at St. Raymond..... 6.15 "
Leave St. Raymond..... 6 30 A.M.
Arrive at Quebec..... 9.15 "

Stopping at Little River, Ancienne Lorette, St. Ambroise, Connolly's Mills, St. Gabriel, St. Catherines, Lake St. Joseph, Lake Sergent and Bourg Louis.

☞ Trains run by Montreal Time.

J. G. SCOTT,
Secretary,
Commercial Chambers.

LEVE & ALDEN,
Ticket Agents.

December 1, 1881

Preserved Ginger!

CHYLOONGS.

PRESERVED GINGER

Just Received,

And for sale by

A. WATTERS.

December 16, 1881.

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LLUSTRATED FLORAL GUIDE

For 1882 is an Elegant Book of 130 Pages, two Colored Plates of Flowers, and more than 1000 Illustrations of the choicest Flowers. Plants and Vegetables, and Directions for growing. It is handsome enough for the Center Table or a Holiday Present. Send on your name and Post Office address, with 10 cents, and I will send you a copy, postage paid. This is not a quarter of its cost. It is printed in both English and German. If you afterwards order seeds deduct the 10 cents.

VICK'S SEEDS are the best in the world. The FLORAL GUIDE will tell how to get and grow them,

Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, 175 Pages, 6 Colored Plates, 500 Engravings. For 50 cents in paper covers; $1.00 in elegant cloth In German or English.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine—32 Pages, a Colored Plate in every number and many fine Engravings. Price $1.25 a year: Five Copies for $5.00. Specimen numbers sent for 10 cents; 3 trial copies for 25 cents.

Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

December 188

PATENTS

CANADIANS

can secure patents in the United States on the same terms as Citizens. It is best to patent first in the States, thus securing a 17 year patent; otherwise time will be limited two years. Total cost of United States Patent $60 only $20 on making application, the balance only when patent is allowed. Total cost of Canadian 5 years patent, $34; for 15 years $74. On receipt of model or drawing, with description of invention, we will send advice references and circulars free.

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Please mention

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WEEKLY CHRONICLE.
Notice—Private Bills—L Delorme.
Public Notice—C J L Lafrance.
To Let—Gingras & Langlois.
Weekly Concert and Readings—John Kiley.
Brown's Bronchial Troches.
Mack's Magnetic Medicine.
St Jacob's Oil—A Vogeler & Co.
Family Goods!—Davidson & Horan.
Silver Plated Ware, Skates, &c—S J Shaw &Co
Furs!-Furs!—James C Paterson.
Notice—D Morgan.
Staple Goods!—Fyfe, Wright & Leitch.
Kendall's Spavin Cure—R McLeod.
St Jacob's Oil— Do.
Cheese! Cheese!—Toussaint & Frere.

THE

"WEEKLY CHRONICLE"

Will be ready THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at NOON. It will contain a full account of the Opening of the Dominion Parliament, with the Governor-General's Speech; Proceedings in the House of Commons; Melancholy Disaster off Newfoundland; Editorial Matter; Chess; Local, Shipping and Telegraphic News, etc. Price, Five Cents. For sale at This Office and at the News Depots.

February 16, 1882.

QUEBEC, THURSDAY, FEB. 16, 1882.

FOOD ADULTERATION.

Continuing our consideration of the departmental reports, which, as we have before remarked, are in very good season this year, we have to deal to-day, with the report on the adulteration of food. This is a most important subject, and we are glad to see that it continues to receive careful attention at the hands of the authorities. It is under the control of the Minister of Inland Revenue, and forms supplement No. 3 of the Blue-Book devoted to his Department of the Public Service. This is the sixth annual report of the Commissioner, and it deals fully with the analysis of food, and the tabulated details furnished by the experts appointed under the act made and provided. The returns are most interesting and striking, and should prove of great value to every household, as they shew at a glance, the amount of adulteration which is practised by many of the suppliers of the various articles of consumption which enter into our method of living. This statement is a summary of the whole number of samples analysed by the Dominion analysts :—

Name of Samples.	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Doubtful.	Total.
Allspice	8	17	....	25
Bread	59	2	2	63
Butter	146	56	7	209
Canned Fruit	19	3	....	22
Cloves	6	7	....	13
Cinnamon or Cassia	12	12	....	24
Chocolate	51	3	3	57
Cocoa	35	11	8	54
Coffee	17	41	....	58
Ginger	7	5	....	12
Mace	1	1	....	2
Milk	150	42	17	209
Mustard	2	2	....	4
Nutmeg	1	....	....	1
Pepper	16	29	....	45
Potted Meats and Fish	20	2	....	22
Sugar	63	....	....	63
Sweets	52	4	....	56
Syrup	16	6	....	22
Tea	62	17	1	80
Total	743	260	38	1,041

From the above table it will be seen that out of one thousand and forty-one samples analysed, two hundred and sixty, or nearly twenty-five per cent. were adulterated, and thirty-eight returned as doubtful. This is altogether too high a proportion. We cannot help feeling that there is something radically wrong and dishonest somewhere. Take the article of butter, and what do we find? Out of 209 samples the returns how 56 as adulterated and 7 doubtful.

Allspice the difference is over fifty per ent,—seventeen samples adulterated against only eight, exhibited as genuine In Cinnamon or Cassia, an article largely used by the housekeeper, we find 12 samples returned as bogus and 12 as pure. In Cocoa only 35 were approved of as good as against 11 samples as bad, and 8 doubtful, in a total of 54 specimens. This is out of all reason. But Coffee is far worre. The total number of samples submitted of this popular article was only 58, 17 of which were discovered to be genuine, while 41 were adjudged adulterated. Ginger ranked 7 good and 5 bad. Two hundred and nine samples of milk, were found to show 150 samples genuine, 42 adulterated, and 17 doubtful. Pepper is another article which is easy of adulteration. The returns give us 16 good and 29 bad. Potted meats and fish exhibit a better showing, there being 20 samples adjudged as genuine against 2 proved to be not true. In tea 80 samples were analyzed with this result, 62 good, 17 bad and one doubtful.

This table shows the percentage of adulteration for the past six years :—

Year.	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Doubtful.	Total Number Analysed.	Percentage of adulteration
1876..	87	93	..	180	51·66
1877...	241	247	..	488	50·61
1878...	523	271	19	813	33·33
1879...	619	235	42	896	26·22
1880...	728	295	20	1,043	28·28
1881...	749	260	38	1,041	24·97

The following table shows the percentage of adulterations of condiments for the past six years :—

Year	Genuine.	Adulterated.	Doubtful.	Total Number Analysed.	Percentage of adulteration
1876...	5	39	..	44	88.63
1877...	24	83	..	107	77.57
1878...	26	108	..	134	80.59
1879...	51	64	2	117	54.70
1880...	66	74	..	140	52.85
1881...	53	73	..	126	50.79

The late Dr. LARUE, the public analyst for Quebec, in his report to the Commissioner, A. BRUNEL, Esq., dated 27th June, 1881, said "out of 73 analyses which I made in 1876, 30 samples were adulterated and six doubtful. From the return for 1881, it will be seen that not a single sample has been found adulterated. The manufacture of butter is alone complained of." The foregoing part of this statement is highly gratifying, but the concluding portion, the reference to butter, only confirms the remarks which we have ime and again, made in these columns. The fact is our farmers and dairy people do not know how to make butter and they seem to evince no desire to learn the art. We think it well to add here, the words of Dr. LARUE on this point. He says that too much water is used, too much kitchen or coarse salt is employed, and the proportion of caseine is far too great. These are the conditions necessary to the production of good butter :—

"1st. The cream must be fresh.

"2nd. To ensure the freshness of the cream in summer, the milk should be placed in an ice-house, or over cold well water or dishes filled with cold water. In our farmers' dairies as now constructed, it is impossible to preserve cream in the fresh state. Fermentation rapidly sets in, and, owing to the presence of caseine, mould is formed.

"3rd. The dairy must be well ventilated.

"4th. The milk should be placed in tin dishes, or in tureens, having the edges turned out; the tin of these vessels should be of the best quality. The vessels should be washed each time that fresh milk is put into them.

"5th. In summer time the cream rises to the surface of the milk within thirty-six hours, when the foregoing precautions have been taken.

"6th. Three varieties of butter are offered for sale on the markets of my division—spring butter, summer butter and autumn butter.

"Spring butter is the white butter produced before the cows have been put out to grass, while they are still fed upon hay. This butter is to be found in my division until the 1st of June. In June and July the butter assumes a yellow color, which is owing to the chlorophyll contained in the herbage of the pasture. Autumn butter (August, September, October) is also of a yellow color. Winter and spring butter should not be salted down for use during the same year, still less for use during the ensuing year.

"The manufacture of butter being so important a matter in my division, I consider it proper to give certain details in respect to the manner of making it. These details are taken from reliable sources, and have been furnished to me by eminently practical persons.

"In my division butter is made in two different ways—by churn and by hand.

"Butter made by hand is always bad; that made by churn is alone to be recommended. The churn should be entirely of wood, either pine or fir; the latter wood is to be preferred. The tub should be made without ears, and fitted with a tightly-closing cover. If the tubs have ears, the butter contained in them passes for Canadian butter on the English market, a reputation of which the Americans are careful to avail themselves. Before the butter is put into new fir tubs, care should be taken to scald out the latter with an infusion of raspberry bush twigs. The same tubs should never be used twice; those that have already been used are utilised as vessels for the making of soap, or for keeping it for use. One of the principal precautions to be observed in the making of good butter is to entirely remove the butter-milk full of caseine, and this can only be done effectively by powerful compression.

"Compression may be effected in two different manners. It is done by hand, with the assistance of a rolling-pin, on a marble or birch table. Compression may also be applied by aid of a machine, and this method is infinitely superior."

With regard to milk, Dr. LARUE found that all samples submitted with the exception of one, were, in respect of purity, everything that could be desired. He examined five samples of candies, all of which, with one exception were discovered to be perfectly pure. The exception was soiled by fly-blow. All the sugars which he tested, both raw and refined, were found to be pure. Coffee and pepper were also adjudged genuine. Indeed the shewing from Quebec is superior to that of any part of Canada. No returns which we have seen are nearly as clear and satisfactory.

OTTAWA CORRESPONDENCE.

Special to the Chronicle.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15.—Mr. Hay to-day presented the petition of the Toronto Board of Trade for the abolition of the stamp duty on bills of exchange and promissory notes.

Petitions for and against the Deceased Wife Sister's Bill are pouring in rapidly. Mr. Girouard will introduce the measure at an early date.

Hon. Mr. Mousseau presented the second report of the Civil Service Commission. The Commissioners state that they found serious difficulties to contend with in attempting to form a new theoretical organization to be applied in detail to each department. The weeding out of the service of those who are incompetent, the removal of redundant employees and the substitution of clerks of the third class for those who are now ranked in the higher classes, and receiving high-class pay for the performance of purely routine work, will require time and consideration, which must necessarily be left to the action of the Government in concert with the Civil Service Commission. Further enquiries have confirmed the Commissioners in favor of impressions as to the cause of redundancy of employees, namely, that work of an inferior order has been assigned to persons holding higher rank than the nature of these duties can justify, and that this has resulted from a desire to paliate injustice by giving promotion to deserving clerks whose legitimate advancement has been impeded by the advancement over their heads of persons who had not passed through the lower grades. In this way the number of chief and first-class clerks necessary for the direction and control of the subordinate classes has been over-estimated, and this over-estimate has influenced almost every one from whom the Commission endeavored to obtain information as to what staff was really necessary. The Commission recommend a complete separation of the duties of control from actual labor; that chief clerkships should be limited; that deputy heads should not be required to do any clerical labor; that in the absence of the deputy the senior chief clerk should act, and that accountants' salaries should not exceed $2,000. The Commission again calls attention to the structural arrangement of the offices, being such as to prevent proper supervision over the employees. The great bulk of the service is purely clerical and should be performed by clerks of the third class, who require the supervision of clerks of the higher grades; they are required under the present regulations to work six and a half hours per day. The Commissioners are of opinion that for want of proper supervision they do not average more than two-thirds of that time actual work, and they urge on the Government the adoption of large rooms where there could be better supervision. The Commissioners then give in detail the number and grades of clerks they consider sufficient for each department, which show a considerable reduction on the present numbers. On the question of superannuation, the Commissioners say that having carefully examined the superannuation laws of the United Kingdom and Australian colonies, they have come to the conclusion not to advise any change in the Canadian law, which in their opinion "works fairly and equally, both as regards the service and as regards the public." They advise, however, greater stringency in administering the law, and that there should be a determined refusal to superannuate any public servant unless it can be clearly shown that such superannuation is within the intention of the law or that either it will result in benefit to the service or that it has become necessary in consequence of the physical or mental infirmity of the employee. They however recommend that the Civil Service Act should contain a provision to the effect that no person hereafter to be appointed shall be deemed to have served in the permanent Civil Service of Canada for the purpose of the Superannuation Act, unless such person has been admitted into the Civil Service on a certificate from the Civil Service Commissioners. The full returns as to the effect of the Superannuation Act or the cost of carrying on the service shows that it has caused a net gain of $328,566. In order to afford provision for the families of deceased civil servants, the Commissioners recommend the adoption of Professor Cherriman's plan of Government insurance. The Commissioners say it is based on intelligible business principles. It will cost the Government nothing beyond its management and in so far as it is made compulsory the sums to be insured are proportioned to the salaries received by the employees in the various grades through which they are expected to pass. Its chief recommendation as compared with insurance in an ordinary company is that the premiums are not enhanced by charges for profits, management and investment risks, which with many companies amount to as much as one-half of its natural premiums. It is part of Professor Cherriman's plan that as to any one who enters the service hereafter the insurance of his life shall be compulsory, but as regards those already in the service it is proposed to make it optional and to impose reasonable restrictions for the protection of the insurance fund, such as medical examinations and additional years added for impaired health.

The return of superannuation allowance and estimates laid on the table by Sir L. Tilley to-day shows that from 16th December, 1880, to 14th January, 1882, there have been superannuated 75 employees, entailing an annual expense of $27,206, and five clerks have received gratuities on leaving the service aggregating $3,225; five employees have been placed on the retired list on account of the abolition of their offices, their annual allowance amounting to $6,400; 24 annual allowances amounting to $11,857 have lapsed on account of deaths; in nine cases of superannuation periods varying from five to ten years have been added to the terms of actual service. The total receipts on account of the superannuation fund to 30th June, 1880, were $480,450; for payments $948,219.

A return asked for by Mr. Cameron (Huron) last session was brought down to-day, shewing expenses incurred by members of the Government or other persons sent to England or elsewhere on behalf of the Government from 10th February, 1880, to 16th December 1880. By this it appears that the total expenses of Sir John Macdonald, Sir C. Tupper, Hon. Mr. Pope and Colonel Dennis in London, while negotiating the Pacific Railway contract, were $6,860, which will strike most people as very cheap, considering what they accomplished for the country.

It is rumored here that Mr. McIntyre has sold out his interest in the Pacific Railway to Mr. Vanderbilt for $5,000,000.

There is a rumor to-night that George Stephens, of the Pacific Railway, has purchased $23,000 of the late Geo. Brown's stock in the *Globe*, held by Mrs. Brown, and that he has otherwise obtained a controlling interest in that paper.

Sir H. L. Langevin gave another parliamentary dinner to-night.

A deputation headed by Mr. Abbott, M. P., waited on the Minister of Public Works to-day in relation to the slide at Grenville, and expressed themselves pleased with their reception. The three Toronto members and Mayor McMurrich also waited on the Minister of Public Works to-day about the improvements to the harbor. The Minister was unable to inform them of the proposed improvement, in as much as the report of Capt. Eads has not been received.

Mr. Kirkpatrick to-day presented a petition from the Ontario Bank for power to reduce its capital stock to one million and a half, and to change the nominal value of the shares from $40 to $100.

Some surprise was caused at the state ball last night by the appearance of the Mayor of a neighboring city gallantly arrayed in a frock coat which he had made specially for the occasion, believing that to be the proper and correct thing to wear.

A bill to amend the criminal law and to extend the provisions of the act respecting offences against the person will be introduced this session by Mr. Cameron, of Huron. He will also introduce a bill to enable persons charged with misdemeanors to be competent as witnesses.

Sir L. Tilley laid on the table to-day the usual statement of the Governor-General's warrants; the amount of the warrants for the year 1881-1882 was $481,640, of which $179,350 were to meet expenditure in the North-West, the appropriation being exhausted: $147,789 for food for destitute Indians, and $53,604 to meet salaries of judges under the new judicature act in Ontario.

NOTES AND NEWS

The Local House Summoned.

An extra of the Quebec *Official Gazette* was issued yesterday containing the proclamation calling the Local Legislature for the dispatch of business. The following is the form of the proclamation :—"Canada, Province of Quebec. Theodore Robitaille. Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c. To Our Beloved and Faithful Legislative Councillors of the Province of Quebec, and the Members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our said Province, and summoned and called to a Meeting of the Legislature of Our said Province, at Our City of Quebec, on the twenty-first day of the month of February instant, to have been commenced and held, and to every of you—Greeting: A Proclamation. Whereas the Meeting of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec stands prorogued to the twenty-first day of the month of February instant. Nevertheless, for certain causes and considerations, we have thought fit further to prorogue the same to Wednesday, the eighth day of March next, so that neither you nor any of you, on the said twenty-first day of February instant, at Our City of Quebec, to appear are to be held and constrained, for We do will that you and each of you, and all others in this behalf interested, that on Wednesday, the eighth day of the month of March next, at Our said City of Quebec, personally you be and appear for the dispatch of business, to treat, do, act and conclude upon those things which in Our Legislature of the Province of Quebec, by the Common Council of Our said Province, may by the favor of God, be ordained. In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Quebec, to be hereunto affixed: Witness, Our Trusty and Well Beloved the Honorable Theodore Robitaille, Lieutenant-Governor of Our said Province of Quebec. At Our Government House, in Our said Province of Quebec, this eleventh day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and in the forty-fifth year of Our Reign. By command, L. H. HUOT, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Quebec.

Escape of Gas.

It is stated that a serious leakage of gas occurred early yesterday morning up the Cove, the gas filling the residences of Mr. Montgomery, Mr. Huck and Mr. John Burns. Mr. Montgomery, his mother and his sister, Mr. Huck and his entire family and the family of Mr. Burns, were more or less asphyxiated by the gas, a little girl of Mr. Huck's being seriously affected. The escape occurred about five o'clock in the morning. Had it been at night, fatal consequences would probably have ensued.

SPECIAL FROM OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15—Yesterday afternoon a constable from Pembroke arrested near there a man named McGuire, on a charge of bigamy. The prisoner was a man sixty years of age, and seemed to take his arrest very lightly, acknowledging that he had married about four or five wives, but did not consider that any legal consequences would follow his arrest. The prisoner was at once put on the C. P. R. train by the officer, who intended imprisoning McGuire in Aylmer gaol. Soon after the train had got under way, McGuire asked as a favor of the constable that his hands should remain free, at the same time alleging that he was troubled with a bodily affliction which would necessitate a frequent visit to the closet. This the unsuspecting officer permitted, but constantly kept a sharp look-out. Everything went well for a while, prisoner seeming quite unanxious about his present position, even joking of the matter with his custodian, who allowed him the liberty asked for. As the train, which was at the time going at the rate of 35 miles an hour, was nearing the town of Ashton, the prisoner pleading his customary excuse arose from his seat proceeded towards the closet door, but instead of entering as before he opened the door of the car, stood for an instant on the platform without, and then to the horror of the dumb-founded officer leaped from the train. A momentary glance from the platform of the flying car showed the daring prisoner evolving with fearful rapidity down the steep incline; another instant and the scene of the daring escape was shut out from view, and as the train sped onwards no thought of a possibility of the prisoner's escape was entertained by any on board. As soon as the train had reached Ottawa the constable communicated the facts of the occurrence to the authorities here and shortly afterwards a telegram was received stating that McGuire had escaped death and was then in Stottsville, a town about 25 miles from this city, and to have reached which the prisoner must have walked a distance of at least five miles from the scene of his miraculous escape. Procuring a horse and sleigh the officer immediately upon receiving this intelligence drove with all haste to Scottsville, where he found the prisoner and re-arrested him. The prisoner is described as being thoroughly hardened in appearance and utterly reckless as to his fate. McGuire's head is badly bruised and hands and face dreadfully lacerated.

The Griffiths bigamy case comes up on Saturday.

The Governor-General, accompanied by Judge and Mrs. Johnson, Mr. Russell Stevenson, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. and Miss Robinson, Mrs. Campbell and Mr. Verschoyle, visited the Geological and Natural History Museum this afternoon. Much pleasure was expressed at the advanced state of the arrangement of the museum and the fine display made of the economic minerals and fossil treasures of the Dominion. A beginning has also been made towards the accumulation of archæological and natural history collections. His Excellency and party were escorted through the building by Dr. Selwyn and the officers of the survey and spent nearly two hours in the careful examination of the contents.

Lady Balfour and several other lady guests at Government House occupied seats on the floor of the House to-day.

Messrs. Walter C. Stoke, John C. Stoke, Artemus H. Holmes and Hon. Edward Pierrepont, of N. Y., who have been at the capital since Monday, engaged in business connected with the Manitoba and South-Western Railway, left for home this evening. They represent the Northern Pacific Railway interest in that road, and the object of their visit is to secure a connection with the line. It is said the Government refused to act on the matter, pending a decision in the case now before the Manitoba Courts and which will decide whether the Schultz party or the Northern Pacific men have the law on their side.

Mr. D. Smith, of this city, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Gallagher in the Public Works Department.

A deputation of Montreal cigar manufacturers, consisting of Messrs. Lesser, Fortier and Davis, had an interview with the Minister of Customs to-day with regard to the duty on imported cigars, which they wish to have increased from 61 cents per pound to $2.50, the same as in the United States.

The Stomach and Bowels.

The slightest derangement of these vital organs must be attended to at once. Delays are dangerous. DR. L. R. HERRICK'S SUGAR-COATED VEGETABLE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for all such ailments. They never fail. Ask for them. They are sold everywhere.

February 13, 1882. mch28-Lm-co d&w

Ladies are the Best Judges

On all matters connected with the toilet. They have decided that SOZODONT is what they will have. "When a woman will, she will, you may depend on't; and when she wont, she wont, there's an end on't." This accounts for the popularity of SOZODONT,

February 13, 1882. mch28-Lm-d&w

For Severe Coughs and Hoarseness.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 1, 1876.

MESSRS. SETH W FOWLE & SONS :

Gentlemen—Miss S. Burns, of Seventeenth and Ceates Streets, has long been a sufferer from a severe cough and hoarseness, which I considered chronic. She was treated by some of our most eminent physicians, but they were only able to afford her temporary relief. I prescribed DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, the use of four bottles of which entirely cured her, as it is now four months since she took the last of it, during which time she has had no return of the complaint. For the good of suffering humanity, Miss Burns has requested me to lay the case before the public.

Yours truly, T. D. MCGRATH, M.D., Druggist and Chemist, S. E. cor. Seventh and Wharton Streets.

50 cents and $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

February 11, 1882. my13-Lm-d&w

Mr. Wm. Boyd Hill, Cobourg, writes :—"Having used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for some years, I have much pleasure in testifying to its efficacy in relieving pains in the back and shoulders. I have also used it in cases of croup in children, and have found it to be all that you claim it to be."

February 10, 1882. Jm-d&w

SEE TO IT, ZOFRIA, (from Brazil) will cure the worst case of Dyspepsia. A single dose will relieve in a degree that shows its wonderful curative powers, and its peculiar action upon the Stomach and Digestive Organs. It is a positive and absolute cure for Costiveness and Constipation, acting in a remarkable way upon the system, carrying off impurities. As a LIVER REGULATOR its actions are most remarkable. It tones and timulates the Liver to action, it corrects the acids and regulates the bowels. A few dose will surprise you Sample bottles cts. at R. McLeod's

August 6, 1881 nov25-Lm-d&w

HOUSEHOLD GOODS!

OUR STOCK OF COTTON AND LINEN Goods is now very complete. We offer the best Standard Makes that can be obtained—and which is universally admitted have so long given entire satisfaction to customers as being the best values in the City.

White Long Cloths, Pure and Stout.
Family Medium Shirtings.
Pillow Cottons, Quilts and Counterpanes.
Plain and Twilled Cotton Sheetings, all widths.
Table Linen, Napkins and Doylies.
Linen Sheetings, Pillow Linen.
Glass Linens, Towels and Towellings.
Irish Linens and Diapers.
Grass Cloths and Ticks.
White Figured Cambrics and Piques for Dresses.
King's Cambric Trimmings for Underclothing.
Cash's Plain and Lace Edge Trimmings.
Swiss Cambric Embroideries, very good value.
Ladies' French and English Corsets, in Twelve of the best New Models.

—ALSO—

A choice selection of Neat New Prints and Sateens suitable for Children's Dresses.

English and French Printed Cambrics for Gentlemen's Shirts.

5 P. C. DISCOUNT FOR CASH!

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

January 28, 1882.

BUNTINGS,

Num's Cloth,
French Delaines,
Figured Silk Grenadines,
French Merinoes,
French Cashmeres,
—IN—
PALE PINK, SKY and IVORY,
—FOR—
EVENING WEAR!

SPECIAL.—Three Button Kids, in pale shades, at $1.00 per pair.

India Muslin in Pink, Sky and Ivory.
Sash Ribbons, from 50cts.
Frills, Frillings, Ruchings, etc.

☞ ALL AT LOW PRICES. ☜

SIMONS & FOULDS,
FABRIQUE STREET.

January 6, 1882.

S. J. SHAW & CO.,

St. John Street, Upper Town, and Sous-le-Fort Street, Lower Town

OFFER AT PRICES TO SECURE SALES

Silver Plated Ware,

Of Every Description and
NEWEST STYLES.

TABLE CUTLERY,

Rodger's and other manufacturers,

SKATES, New Stock.

From 50cts. upwards.

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

House Furnishing Hardware.

STAPLE GOODS!

Just Opened 7 Cases!

Shirtings, Sheetings,
Towels, Towelling,
Table Linen, Napkins,
Irish Linens, Diapers,
Glass Linens
& Grass Cloth,
Plain and Figured Muslin,
Swiss Cambric Embroideries,
Very Good Value.

CORSETS!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE Stock of CORSETS, over a Dozen Shapes, amongst which specially will be found

Dr. WARNER'S FLEXIBLE.

"This Corset is constructed after the "analogy of the human form, the bones "upon the sides passing like the ribs "around the body. This secures a perfect "fitting Corset, so comfortably that a lady "can lie down in it with ease, so flebible "that it yields readily to every movement "of the body, and yet so firm that it gives "the requisite support at the sides." Also

LA CONTOUR!

The advantages of this Corset render it indispensable to all Ladies who study perfect symmetery of figure, combined with effect.

The hips are formed to give the same effect as a bolted Corset without the undue pressure and restraint of the latter.

It affords a firm support to the body where most needed, it also gives that elegant and fashionable appearance so much desired.

Fyfe, Wright & Leitch.

MOURNING GOODS

OUR STOCK IN THIS DEPARTMENT is very complete, Good Value in

SERGES,
CASHMERES,
FRENCH MERINOS,
FRENCH CORDS,
LUSTRES,
CRAPE IN ALL WIDTHS.

SCOTCH HOSIERY!

SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
HOSE,
and SOX,
All Sizes.

Direct from the best makers in Scotland.

REMNANT SALE!

Remnants of all classes of Goods accumulated during the season

WILL BE SOLD VERY LOW.

JUST RECEIVED:

A LARGE ASSORTMENT
—OF—
Canadian and Scotch Tweeds,
Blue and Black Diagnals,
Fancy Coatings.

We Call Special Attention
—TO OUR—
TWEED SUITS MADE TO ORDER
FROM $10.50.

Black Coat and Vest and Tweed Pants
Made to Order from $12.75.

FYFE, WRIGHT & LEITCH
4, Fabrique St.

January 30, 1882 11-Lm

SNOW BLINDNESS!

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
—OF—
NEUTRAL TINTED
Spectacles and Eye-Glasses,
From 50 Cents a Pair.
—AT—
G. SEIFERT'S
EUROPEAN BAZAAR,
12, Fabrique Street.

ALSO,—A Sterling Silver Tea and Coffee Sett, of Elegant Workmanship, nearly new.

February 13, 1882.

LAMPS.

WE WILL SELL THE FOLLOWING Goods very much under Regular Prices:

BRACKET LAMPS, FOR PASSAGES, 45 cts.

Bracket Lamps, for Halls..... 65 cts. to $1.00
" " " Rooms... $1.25 to $1.75
1 Light Hanging Lamps..... $1.25 to $2.00
2 " " " ..... $2.00 to $4.00
3 " " " ..... $5.00 to $8.00

And a Large Variety of TABLE LAMPS, at

REMARKABY LOW PRICES
—AT THE—
Astral Oil Depot,
56. FABRIQUE STREET.

February 9, 1882.

THE CHEAP
Hardware Store,
NO. 1, ST. JOHN STREET,
ANDREWS BROS.,
SUCCESSORS
—TO THE—
LATE THOS. ANDREWS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE WHOLE Stock-in-Trade, we can now offer to our Customers and the Public in general all Good in our line at a very low figure.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!

We also will give a Discount of 10 per cent. for all Cash Purchases exceeding one dollar. Give us a Call and see our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

PAINTS! PAINTS! PAINTS!

Every one should do his own Painting, and thereby save money. Messrs. Wadworth, Martinez & Longman have appointed us their Sole Agents for their Celebrated

Fire-Proof Pure Prepared Paints!

These Paints are guaranteed to give entire satisfaction, and are the Cheapest in the long run.

We will also undertake all orders that may be entrusted to us in Plumbing, Bell-Hanging, Tinsmith's Work, Roofing, Gas, Hot-Water and Steam Fitting. And are always willing to give a Price for the Erecting of Hot-Water Apparatuses, which we make as low as we possibly can.

A Full Line of House Furnishing and Cabinet Hardware, always on Hand, at

No. 1, ST. JOHN STREET.

February 2, 1882. feb1

FAMILY GOODS!

WE ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE assortment of Family and Domestic Goods, imported direct from the manufacturers, which, for make and value, will be found the Cheapest in the City. Parties wanting any of the undermentioned articles will find it to their advantage to call and examine our Stock before making their purchases :—

	From
White Long Cloths	10c. to 25c.
Pure Finish Long Cloths	13c. to 22c.
Shirt-make Cottons	10c. to 22c.
Family Mediums	13c. to 22c.
Heavy White Twilled Cottons	16c. to 27c.
White Cotton Sheetings	30c. to 85c.
White Twilled "	40c. to 75c.
Grey Table Linens	25c. to 40c.
Unbleached Table Linens	35c. to 70c.
White " "	50c. to 2.00
Pillow Linens	50c. to 70c.
Pillow Cottons	17c. to 30c.
Glass Cloths	15c. to 22c.
Huckaback Towellings	12½ to 37c.
Table Napkins	1.00 to 5.00 doz.
White Toilet Quilts	1.50 to 6.50
Muslin Embroideries	from 5c. upw'ds

We are also showing a choice assortment of all kinds of MOURNING GOODS in French Merinos, French Cashmeres, Norwich Paramattas, French Twills, Persian Cords, Black Lustres, and Courtauld's Crapes, to which we invite particular attention.

DAVIDSON & HORAN

January 21, 1882.

Tailor to His Excellency the Governor-Genera

NOTICE.

I BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that I have received a large assortment of the choicest and most Fashionable Goods, comprising Overcoatings, Suitings, and Trousorings from the best manufacturers in England and France.

—ALSO—

A large assortment of Irish Frieze, made o order, from the manufacturers in Athlone Ready-Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods a speciality. All will be sold for Cash or approved credit.

P.S.—I have also a Special Importation of Cloths for Ladies' Coachman's Coats.

D. MORGAN,
34, FABRIQUE STREET.

October 21, 1881 2-Lm

CARLING'S

LONDON
Ales, Porter & Half & Half

MOLSON'S
XXX PORTER & ALES.

McCARTHY'S, PRESCOTT,
ALES & PORTER.

REINHARDT'S
LAGER BEER.

None Genuine unless labelled

WATSON PACKING CO'Y,
2 Bath & 30 St. Charles Street,
QUEBEC.

☞ Family and Shipping Orders a Specialty.

December 6, 1881. Fm

1847. "OLD AND RELIABLE." 1882.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

Capital and Funds over - - 5,000,000 Dollars.
Annual Income about - - - 1,000,000 Dollars.

ABSTRACT OF 34TH ANNUAL REPORT TO 30TH APRIL, 1881.

1. Assets 30th April, 1881	$4,560,161
2. Income for the year	957,288
3. Income from Interest (included in above)	284,208
4. Claims by death during the year	224,737
5. Do. as estimated by the Co.'s tables and provided for	326,135
6. Difference in Co.'s favor between actual and estimated death rate	101,378
7. Excess of Interest revenue over death claims	59,451
8. Number of Policies issued for the year, 2257, for	4,157,167
9. Total Policies in force at date, 13,998, upon 11,498 lives, for	25,024,270

New Business exceeds a fourth of the returns for 1880 of 23 Licensed Companies.
Total on the Co.'s books exceeds a fourth of the entire amount in force in Canada.
Bonus Additions to Life Policies for past fifteen years have added $375 to each $1,000 of original Assurance.
Cash Profits for same period have been 35 to 39 per cent. of all premiums paid according to age at entry.

Table showing the business in Canada of the following Life Companies acting under Government license :—

COMPANY.	Assurances in force in 1880.	Premiums for the year 1880.	Amount of New Policies, 1880.
CANADA LIFE	$25,024,270	$673,080	$4,157,165
Ætna	10,324,888	347,257	1,826,250
Confederation	6,785,890	184,246	1,670,790
Standard	6,037,919	165,445	1,036,987
Equitable	5,952,547	194,485	1,674,100
Sun	3,892,139	114,595	926,370
Ontario Mutual	3,031,885	81,817	1,157,750
Travelers'	2,927,344	88,815	321,350
Union Mutual	2,743,678	83,153	201,550
London & Lancashire	2,186,740	64,561	706,900

Business Growth of the CANADA LIFE since its foundation in 1847 to 1881 :—

PERIOD.	Assurances in force.	Annual Revenue.	Total Funds	MINIMUM POLICIES
1850..	$ 814,902	$ 27,838	$ 41,873	becoming claims before 30th April, 1885, are
1855..	2,349,608	83,908	217,758	by the allowance of the prospective Bonus
1860..	3,365,407	133,446	664,929	of 1½ per cent. per annum, made free from
1865..	4,013,268	141,968	717,379	the possibility of any reduction.
1870..	6,404,437	273,728	1,090,098	
1875..	13,430,037	582,735	2,412,362	
1880..	21,547,759	835,856	4,297,852	
1881..	25,024,270	957,288	4,560,161	

Head Office, Hamilton, Ont.

MANAGING DIRECTOR AND PRESIDENT : A. G. RAMSAY.
SECRETARY : R. HILLS.
SUPT. OF AGENCIES : J. W. MARLING.
R. POWNALL, Secretary for Prov. of Que.
P. LAFERRIERE, Inspector of Agencies Prov. of Que.
Quebec Agency : 56, St. Peter Street, Union Bank Building.
MEDICAL EXAMINERS : C. S. PARKE, M.D., A. VALLÉE, M.D.
GEO. V. TESSIER, Special Agent.

J. F. BELLEAU, Agent, Quebec.

January 17, 1882. Am

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY OFFER LANDS IN THE FERTILE BELT of Manitoba and the Northwest Territory for sale on certain conditions as to cultivation, at

$2.50 PER ACRE.

Payment to be made one-sixth at time of purchase, and the balance in five annual instalments with interest at Six per cent.,

A REBATE OF $1.25 PER ACRE

allowed for cultivation, as described in the Company's Land Regulations.

THE LAND GRANT BONDS

of the Company, which can be procured at all the Agencies of the Bank of Montreal, and other Banking Institutions throughout the country, will be

RECEIVED AT TEN PER CENT PREMIUM

on their par value, with interest accrued, on account of and in payment the purchase money thus further reducing the price of the land to the purchaser.

Special arrangements made with Emigration and Land Companies.

For copies of the Land Regulations and other particulars, apply to the Company's Land Commissioner, JOHN McTAVISH, Winnipeg; or to the undersigned.

By order of the Board,
CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.

MONTREAL, *December 1st, 1881.*
December 16, 1881. m,w&fri-Dm

MANITOBA AND THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORY.

Farming and Stock-Raising Lands
FOR SALE
—BY THE—
Hudson's Bay Company.

Under agreement with the Crown, the Hudson's Bay Company are entitled to on twentieth of the Lands in the fertile belt estimated at about seven millions of acres, an they are prepared to offer for sale land in the Townships already surveyed by the Government of Canada.

Pamphlets and ful information in regard to these Lands will be given by the undersigned at the Offices of the Company in Montreal and Winnipeg

C. J. BRYDGES,
LAND COMMISSIONER.

September 16, 1881. un10-Fm-w

E. B. EDDY'S
UNMATCHABLE MATCHES!

BOTH BRIMSTONE AND PARLORS.

Brimstone Matches put up, viz. :—

TELEGRAPH and TELEPHONE
RUBYS in 100's, 200's and 300's.

Parlor Matches without SULPHUR, also Lion Parlors in 200's and 300's.

☞ PACKED EXPRESSLY FOR

News of the City and District.

THE WEATHER.—The thaw still continues, and the weather resembles that usual at the end of March.

ILLEGAL FISHING.—We are glad to learn that Lake Beauport is again closed, in order to the natural propagation of fish.

THE ICE HARVEST.—A bountiful supply of good ice is being now cut in the St. Charles river. Some of it measured considerably over a foot thick.

ST. GEORGE'S HALL.—We learn that the enterprising proprietor of the Albion Hotel is about arranging for a lease of this Hall in connection with his hotel.

Throat Affections and Hoarseness.—All suffering from *Irritation of the Throat* and *Hoarseness* will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*"

MONTCALM WARD.—Mr. James Maguire, plumber, has consented to oppose Mr. Thos. Moloney in this ward at the approaching municipal elections.

CANADA ASBESTOS COMPANY.—It was Mr. L. N. Carrier, of the Credit Foncier, and not Mr. C. W. Carrier, who was elected the other day a director of the Canada Asbestos Company.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual general meeting of the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway Company takes place at the company's office, Commercial Chambers, this afternoon, at three o'clock.

ACCIDENT.—A man named Roger, employed upon the repairs to Montcalm Market Hall, fell from the roof into the room below a day or two ago, and has been so badly injured that he will be some days unable to work.

AN IMPERATIVE WANT.—A correspondent enquires pertinently enough when the Corporation are going to rebuild the St. Augustin street steps which have now been closed for upwards of six months.

A miserable effort at economy is practiced when the owner of stock decides that anything is good enough for his horse. His wiser neighbor uses St. Jacob's Oil, and never has anything else but good fortune with his animals and pleasure in their appearance.

THE THURSDAY EVENING CONCERT AND RECITATIONS under the auspices of the St. Patrick's Literary Institute will take place in their Hall, Anne street, this evening. The proceedings will commence at eight o'clock sharp. Admission ten cents.—See advt.

QUEBEC TEMPERANCE UNION.—A meeting of ladies interested in temperance work will be held at five p.m., to-day (Thursday), in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, for the purpose of perfecting the organization of the ladies' auxiliary of the Quebec Temperance Union.

Cheap and Good.—For 50 cents you can purchase from any reliable druggist, a box of Mack's Magnetic Medicine, which contains forty-five doses; this is cheaper than any other similar medicine sold, and while it is cheap our druggists say it is the best, and gives satisfaction in all cases. Read the advertisement in another column. Sold in Quebec by LaRoche & Co., opposite Post Office, and J. J. Veldon, 122, St. Joseph Street.

QUEBECERS AT WINNIPEG.—The Winnipeg *Sun*, of a recent date, contained the following:—"Mr. Torrance, of Montreal and Quebec, who bought volunteer claims largely a few years since, has come up to Winnipeg to find out exactly how much he is worth. Mr. J. S. Coolican has secured the splendid premises, known as the Ashdown property, corner of Queen and Main streets, and will open up a boom in the real estate business."

POLICE COURT, YESTERDAY.—(Before Judge Chauveau)—Joseph Portelance, charged with stealing a valise and other articles from Edouard Jobin, of Charlesbourg, and Alfred Berube and Louis Paquet, charged with stealing $3.50 and a pair of scissors from the person of Benoit Belanger, were committed for trial. All three, however, consented to be tried under the "Speedy Trial Act," and will be brought up again for that purpose to-morrow.

PERSONALS.—We are gratified to learn that the health of Lieutenant-Colonel Andrew Stuart has of late materially improved.——John Sharples, Esq., has been re-elected Mayor for the Municipal Council of the Parish of St. Columba of Sillery.——The Ottawa papers mention that a new waltz has been dedicated to Sir Hector Langevin.——Hon. A. P. Caron will give a musical conversazione, at Ottawa, next Saturday evening.——Messrs. Caron and Robitaille, M.P.P.'s, are at the Russell House.

EARLY IN DECEMBER Mr. Underwood, of New York, gave an evening of readings in the Y. M. C. A., and although his charges were exceedingly moderate the Association barely cleared expenses. The Lecture Committee have engaged Miss Nella F. Brown, of Boston, for two evenings at a great risk so far as the price they are paying her. Our citizens often cry out because so few first-class entertainments are brought on here. On the 6th and 7th of March there will be an opportunity to shew what encouragement *first-class talent* will receive in Quebec.

HOCKEY.—A good hockey match is expected at the Quebec Skating Rink, Grande Allee, at eight o'clock, this evening. Don't fail to go, as the match will be a close one and exciting. We wish good luck to our team and hope there will be a large number of spectators at the rink to show the interest taken in our hockey team. The Montreal team is composed of Chas. Lamothe, captain; J. G. Monk, Ed. Sheppard, D. Kinghorn, W. Brown, A. E. Pell and E. Stevenson, and the Quebec team of W. Scott, captain; W. Ashe, Percy Miles, F. Ashe, Percy Anderson, A Swift and A. Colley.

CULPABLE NEGLIGENCE.—We wonder how long the tax-payers of the city will put up with the wilful neglect of the Road Department. Here is a place in the midst of the city in our most frequented thoroughfare, we mean that part of St. John street, opposite St. Matthew's Church burying ground, where the Corporation after clearing the sidewalk, as bound to do, allows the snow to remain in a heap for days after, one of the results being that yesterday afternoon the sidewalk in that locality was impassable, there being no less than six inches of water. We ask with what grace can the Police exact from the citizens a compliance with the by-laws when they are so grossly overriden by the civic authorities. If we have a Road Inspector we would like to know what his duty is. We most earnestly call the attention of the Mayor (who we understand seeks re-election) to the proper discharge of the duties of the official called the Road Inspector.

THE CONCERT LAST EVENING—The National School Hall last evening, was filled with a very large and select audience on the occasion of the St. Peter's Church Concert, and the crowning success of the concert must truly be a source of the greatest satisfaction and pleasure to Miss Stratton and to all who so kindly and efficiently assisted her. The opening chorus of the "Briton's Home" as well as the chorus "Dreaming of Home and Mother" were beautifully sung by a large number of children, shewing the careful training they had received. The recitation of the "Revenge" by Miss B. Campbell, was delivered in excellent style and was much appreciated. Miss Lottie Parke sang "Kathleen Aroon" in a sweet and pleasing manner. A piano duet by Misses Price and King was very nicely executed. The vocal duets "Eve" by the Misses Browning and "Stars of Heaven Gently Guide Me" by the Misses Parke were both well received and called forth hearty encores. "Courtship in the Kitchin," a reading by Mr. McLeod, was given in his usual happy manner, and on being encored he excussed himself from again appearing in consideration of the length of the programme. Miss Jessie Martin gave with excellent effect "Ah! Death in thee" from "Il Trovatore." The beauty of her charming voice is well known to our citizens and her appearance last evening was greeted with marked enthusiasm, and she kindly responded to a well deserved encore. Miss Stratton's rendering of l'Alliance by Ascher left no doubt, but that as a pianist she stands in the front rank of our best talent. This majestic piece was beautifully executed, shewing her full command of the instrument, and in response to an encore she played with much taste a "Meditation" by Lange. "Hearest Thou" by Mr. Maingy was very nicely given and called forth the hearty applause of the audience. This is the first time we have had the pleasure of hearing this gentleman, and we hope it will not be the last. Mr. Sanderson's recitation of the "Water Mill" was received with great applause, and he responded to an encore by reciting the "Idiot Boy" in a most effective manner. The solo "Tender and True Adieu" by Miss Woodley was charmingly given, and this young lady's sweet voice won the enthusiastic applause of the audience. In response to a well deserved encore she sang with good effect "In the Gloaming." The duett "Hark I Hear the Organ's Peal" by Miss Jessie Martin and Mr. Maingy with organ accompaniment was magnificently executed. "A Chapter of Nonsense," a reading by Mr. Holt, afforded much amusement and was well appreciated. The vocal solo "Still I Love Thee," by Mr. Wilkinson, was very creditedly given and merited the applause which it received. Several of the accompaniments including the organ accompaniments to Miss Jessie Martin's solo and the vocal duett by Miss Martin and Mr. Maingy were beautifully given by Miss Andrews and very much admired. This very successful concert was appropriately closed by the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save the Queen."

Jabesh Snow, Gunning Cove, N.S., writes:—"I was completely prostrated with the asthma, but hearing of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, I procured a bottle, and it has done me so much good that I got another, and before it was used, I was well. My son was cursed of a bad cold by the use of half a bottle. It goes like wild-fire, and makes cures wherever it is used."
February 10, 1882. Jm-d&w

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!
Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere at 25 cent a bottle.
January 31, 1882. Lm-d&w

REST & COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING
"Brown's Household Panacea" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful. "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted," as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds, and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle.
January 31, 1882 Lm-d&w

SPORTING NEWS.

RACQUETS IN NEW YORK.

The net result of the visit of the Quebec players to New York was that in the professional matches Boakes won three out of five rubbers in which he was engaged; the amateurs, Mr. Hunt and Mr. Stanley Smith, lost the four-handed match won, one of the single matches, but lost the other. Boakes played better than ever and fully maintained his reputation, but he was over-weighted in having to concede such long odds as an extra hand to so fine a player as Moore. Nevertheless he played up with wonderful gameness and perseverance, and a turn of luck in the fourth game, when he had pulled up to game-ball to his opponent's 12, would probably have won him the match; but Moore stuck to his work with the utmost pertinacity, and the extra hand telling heavily in his favor at the finish, the Quebec representative had to give in. The first game of the return match, when Boakes conceded three aces to his opponent instead of the extra hand, was exceedingly interesting. Moore played up in first rate form and succeeded in setting the game at 13 all. Then came a fine struggle to decide which was the better man. Ace after ace was played without a score, but Boakes gradually wore down his opponent and won the set at five to two. This settled the match as Moore made no further effort worthy of mention and Boakes won as he liked.

The our-handed amateur match was a very tame affair, and apart from the service of Mr. Lydig (which won the game for New York) and some well-played aces from Mr. Hunt there was nothing worthy of notice. The New York court is too small for a four-handed match, and it would be difficult to say whether the New Yorkers or Quebecers got the most "mixed-up."

In the single matches Mr. Hunt well maintained his reputation as holder of the Quebec Gold Racquet, defeating his opponent Mr. George Allen by three games to two after a very close and exciting set-to. Mr. Allen got on some very fine service in the fourth game and looked all over like winning, but Mr. Hunt played on with great steadiness and just won on the post. Mr. Smith started well against Mr. Lamontagne, winning the first game, but he finally had to succumb to this veteran racquet-player, who still handles a racquet with all the freshness and vigour of youth, though sixty summers have somewhat tinged his hair with grey. The way in which he placed the ball off a number of hard hit returns was surprising, and it speaks volumes for the health giving qualities of the game of racquets that a gentleman who played in Quebec forty years ago should still be able to rattle the balls about like a youth of twenty.

Of the kindness and hospitality of Mr. Travers and the members of the New York Club towards their visitors it would be impossible to say too much, and it must be admitted that when the New Yorkers take anything in hand they never half-do it. Their Club is a magnificent building, and the sensations of the Quebecers (coming as they did from that square pile of red bricks known as the Quebec Racquet Court, which has so often been condemned by the æsthetic taste of the "utterly too-too" denizens of the ancient city) may perhaps have been somewhat similar to those of the King of the Sandwich Islands when he dined with the Queen at Buckingham Palace. Everything was well done and well managed, and the prizes offered to the professionals engaged were on the most liberal scale.

It is just possible that the New York Club may send representatives to Quebec to play a return match between the amateurs, in which case a good game may be expected as the Quebec Court was built for four-handed matches. A match is also on the tapis between Boakes and one of the best English profesionals, but nothing is arranged so far.

TROTTING.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15—The trotting races were postponed to-day owing to the unfavorable condition of the track. The weather is unprecedentedly mild and the snow is fast disappearing.

SPECIAL FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, February 15—Mr. Alexander Sweetman, Inspector, has arrived here from Toronto to enter upon an investigation into the management of the local post office.

A daily paper having stated that there was no intention of building the St. Lawrence Railway Tunnel the contractor, Mr. Rouillard, denies the statement, and says that progress is making to commence the work as soon as the land has been expropriated.

Two seizures for debt were made upon the Canada Co-operative Supply Association here to-day.

Three persons who bought railway tickets from scalpers, which the company would not accept, asked for a warrant against the party who defrauded them and it was granted by the Police Magistrate.

The following were the nominations to-day for City Aldermen:—West Ward, Ald. Geo. Stephens and Col. A. A. Stevenson; St. Ann's Ward, Ald. Donovan and Mr. D. Barry; Centre Ward, Ald. Watson and Mr. H. B. Rainville; East Ward, Ald. Beauchamp, elected by acclamation: St. Antoine Ward, Ald. Gilman, ex-Ald. Holland and Mr. A. Montrait; St. James Ward, Ald. Allard and Mr. Beausoleil; St. Mary's Ward, Dr. Mount was elected by acclamation; ex-Alderman Roy and Mr. Fournier were nominated for the seat vacated by Ald. Thibault; St. Lawrence Ward, Ald. J. H. Mooney, re-elected by acclamation; St. Louis Ward, Ald. Dubuc and Mr. Normandeau. There seemed to be very little interest taken in the nomination by the tax-payers.

The resurrectionists attempted to break into St. Rose cemetary vault a few nights since, but did not succeed owing to the thickness of the walls.

A fine new reading-room for the mechanics and general employees of the Grand Trunk was formally opened last night at Point St. Charles, Mr. Joseph Hickson, the General Manager, presiding. The membership, which commenced with 120 some years ago, now numbers 650. There is a good library attached.

St. George's Society of this city spent $1,118 last year in aiding distressed English families and supplying a Christmas dinner gratituously to 233 families.

The Merchants' Cotton Manufacturing Company, whose mill has just been completed in the western suburbs, has authorized the directors to increase its capital to one million dollars so as to make large extensions to the factory.

The Vercheres election case was continued to-day. Some alleged cases of bribery were submitted to the Court.

The Chief of Police has been instructed by the Police Commissioner to suppress gambling in the clubs of the city.

The following gentlemen have joined the Rivard Syndicate to lease the Occidental Railway, viz:—Andrew Allan, F. X. St. Charles, A. F. and M. H. Gault, S. H. Ewing and J. D. Milburn. Some of these mentioned are also on the Seneca syndicate.

Mr. Beaudry, the Mayor, used some very strong and certainly not polite language to his opponent, Dr. Leprohon, on the hustings to-day. The general opinion, however, is that he will be returned, notwithstanding.

Through the timely advice of the President of the Typographical Union, the strike in the Montreal Printing Company's establishment has ended and the men have returned to work.

The Parish Priest of Hartwell, in this Province, says that Maty Auger, who lately died in his parish, had reached the great age of 105. The fifth generation attended the funeral.

The stock market recovered at the afternoon board the decline that occurred at the first session.

Toothache.—Do you suffer with it? Go buy a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer and find relief in the twinkle of an eye—for Toothache it is a specific. d&w

STRATFORD, ONT., Aug. 1, 1874.
Having become almost entirely cured of extreme debility through the use of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, I feel it but just to put the fact on record. My case had resisted all other Medicines, but succumbed to three bottles of Fellows' Hypophosphites.
d&w CHAS. H. ROBERTSON.

"Must say t's the nicest thing I ever used for the teeth and breath," says everyone having tried "PEARRY," the new toilet gem. Get a 5cent sample at R. McLeo s.
August 6, 18 Lm co-d&w

For Sale or to Let.

To Let,

TWO COMMODIOUS RESIdences, situated No. 29, St. John Street, one now occupied by Doctor Venner and the other by Mr. A. Watters. Possession 1st May.
Apply to
GINGRAS & LANGLOIS, 54, Palace Street.
Or,
E. G. CANNON, N. P., Donnacona Street, Quebec.
February 16, 1882. feb10

For Sale or to Let.

Maple Avenue.

BURROUGHS' BLOCK—TWO Story, Mansard, Bow Window, Eleven Rooms, Bath, Closet, heated by hot-water. Occupied by the American Consul.
ALSO.—Centre House, Bijou Terrace, Nine Rooms, &c.
Conditions of sale most easy.
L. F. BURROUGHS, Advocate, Peter Street.
February 15, 1882. L

To Let,

HOUSE No. 40, JOHN Street, occupied by J. Fuch.
R. CAMPBELL, 125, Peter Street.
February 15, 1882. tf

House to Let.

THAT DESIRABLE TWO-Story residence No. 42, St. Lewis Street.
Apply to
E. G. CANNON, Notary Public.
February 15, 1882. Fp

For Sale or to Let,

FURNISHED OR UNFURNished, the House and Property of the Rev. G. Chetwood Hamilton, on the St. Foy Road, a short distance from the Toll-Gate. The house is new and special attention has been given to drainage and ventilation throughout. Open to inspection at any time.
Apply
ON THE PREMISES.
Or, to
E. G. MEREDITH, Notary Public.
February 14, 1882. E

To Let,

THE COMMODIOUS FIRE-Brick Store, situated at the corner of Des Sœurs Street, adjoining Beaudet & Chinic's Iron Warehouse, now occupied by Messrs. Whitehead & Turner.
Apply to
BEAUDET & CHINIC, Lower Town.
February 14, 1882. tf

FOR SALE.

1. LOTS Nos. 25 AND 27 IN THE Eighth Range, and Lots Nos. 26 and 27 in the Ninth Range, of the Township of Wolfstown, containing together about eight hundred acres of land. These lands are well timbered, and situate within ten miles of the Quebec Central Railway and close to the River Nicolet.

2. A lot of land on the west side of Drolet Street, 40 ft. front by 60, with Brick Walls and sufficient Brick to rebuild.

3. Three vacant lots on the west side of D'Artigny Street, Montcalm Ward, containing 2,523, 2,617 and 6,260 feet in superficies, and being Cadastral Nos. 4,276, 4,257 and 4,258 of Montcalm Ward.—Ample room to build four first-class houses.

To Let,

1. A DWELLING, CONsisting of Seven Rooms, with all modern improvements, in House No. 23, Ferland Street, now occupied by H. W. Carbray, Esq.

2. A small Cottage, being House No. 46, St. Angele Street, with yard and garden in rear.

3. The Shop No. 7, St. John Street, at present occupied by W. H. Medley, Hair-Dresser.
Apply to
MEREDITH & COUTURE, Notaries Public.
February 13, 1882.

To Let,

THE COMMODIOUS LODGings over Mr. N S. Hardy's Store, No. 8, Notre-Dame Street.
Apply to
J. A. CHARLEBOIS, Notary Public, Union Bank Buildings.
February 11, 1882. L

To Let,

NOS. 20 AND 22, MOUNT Carmel Street. Cape, as double or single houses, 15 and 17 Rooms respectively; Gas, Water, &c. Outhouses and Stable attached to each.
Apply to
PHILIPPE HUOT, N. P.
Or at No. 20 between 12 and 2 daily.
February 11, 1882. feb4Np

To Let,

THAT VALUABLE PROPERty adjoining the terminus of the Q. M. O. & O. Railway at the Palais, lately occupied by the Hon. Thos. McGreevy. There are on the property a Stone Building, 76 feet by 36 feet; a Brick Building, 105 feet by 37 feet, and other buildings, well adapted for a manufactory. Possession immediate.
—ALSO—
On St. Paul Street, Stores and Houses. In "Victoria Chambers," the large Double Office now occupied by Messrs. R. R. Dobell & Co.; may be divided into two double offices, with first-class Safes in each.
And on St. Valier Street, St. Sauveur, a handsome Cottage, Orchard and Garden, (formerly the residence of the late Mr. Robertson). Repaired and in perfect order.
Apply to
J. B. RENAUD.
February 10, 1882 jan27Bm

To Let,

THAT VERY DESIRABLE and pleasantly situated House, Stadacona Terrace, Grande Allee, at present occupied by R. J. Lesueur, Esq.
Possession first of May next.
Apply to
WILLIAM BIGNELL, Notary Public.
February 10, 1882. J

Offices to Let.

THREE FINE OFFICES IN the building occupied by the undersigned.
Apply to
JESSE JOSEPH, JUNR., 59 & 61, Dalhousie Street.
February 10, 1882. F

FOR SALE,

THAT VERY DESIRABLE residence, known as "l'Erable," and situated in the Parish of St. Foye, next to Mr. S. Lesage. The property comprises a very comfortable Fire-Brick House, with large dependencies, Stables, Coach-House, and a Flower and Kitchen Garden attached, together with about six acres of land in perfect order.
Possession on first of May next, or sooner if required.
Apply to
J. E. FORTIER, 20, Ann Street.
February 8, 1 Am

For Sale or to Let.

To Let,

MORTON LODGE, ST. FOY ROAD, about one mile from Toll Gate, with good Stabling, and about seven acres of Land attached.
Apply to
A. F. A. KNIGHT, Executor Estate late D. D. Young.
February 9, 1882. tf

For Sale or to Let,

THAT DELIGHTFULLY SITUated Stone House, No. 511, St. John Street, Mount Pleasant, with large and commodious Stables and Coach-House and Garden, at present occupied by Robert H. McGreevy, Esq.
Apply to
H. C. AUSTIN, N.P.
Or,
WILLIAM HOME, No. 81, Peter Street.
February 9, 1882. tf

To Let,

THAT COMFORTABLE Dwelling, No. 89, D'Auteuil Street, at present occupied by Mrs. Racey.
Apply to
WM. BIGNELL, N. P.
February 8, 1882. tf

To Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, THE very large Shop, Nos. 116 & 118, St. Paul Street, at present occupied by E. Cazeau, Esq., with also the Plaster-Mill attached.
Apply to
J. E. FORTIER, 20, Ann Street.
February 8, 1882. L

For Sale or to Let,

THE WHARF AND HANGARD ADjoining Messrs. Allan, Rae & Co's, known as "Crawford's."
Apply to
H. C. AUSTIN, N. P.
Or,
WILLIAM HOME, 81, Peter Street.
February 7, 1882.

House to Let.

THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS Dwelling-House, No. 33, St. Lewis Street, Upper Town, at present occupied by Mrs D. McDonell. Has a yard and Stable.
Possession 1st May next.
Apply to
WESTON HUNT, 69, Dalhousie Street, Lower Town.
February 7, 1882.

House to Let,

ON MAPLE AVENUE, IN Burroughs' Block, at present occupied by Revd. R. Ker, and containing 14 Rooms, with Bath, Patent Water Closet, Hot Water Heating Apparatus, &c. Can be seen from 2 to 5 p.m.
Rent moderate.
Apply to
B. LEONARD, 53, St. John Street.
February 7, 1882.

House to Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, No. 61, Esplanade.
Apply to
A. F. A. KNIGHT & CO.
February 6, 1882. tf

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET,

THAT BEAUTIFUL Country Seat, "Thornhill," on St. Louis Road, with Tennis and Croquet Lawns, Ice and Root Houses, well stocked Fruit Garden, and unfailing supply of the purest water.
The House is of Stone, 56 feet front by 40 in depth, highly finished, with Doors of solid Mahogany, Shutters of Black Walnut, and Mantle-Pieces of Marble.
Apply, on premises, to
ARCH'D. CAMPBELL.
February 4, 1882. Am

To Let,

BATTLEFIELD COTTAGE 301, Grande Allee, containing 14 apartments, with Stable, Coach-House, Garden, and about 4 acres land. Also,—47, Esplanade, Furnished, for Summer, 6 months.
Apply to
M. CONNOLLY, 47, Esplanade
February 4, 1882. tf

To Let,

THAT LARGE COTTAGE, containing 9 Rooms, owned by Mr. Jas. McAdams, situated on the East side of the Belvidere Road, (first from Louis Road) together with 2 acres of ground, and outbuildings Garden, Lawn, and an excellent Well, all in perfect order. The premises may be seen daily Rent $160 per annum.
Any further information may be obtained on application at
MEAD'S GROCERY STORE, Corner St. Eustache and St. Julia Streets, (Near Departmental Buildings).
February 3, 1882. Am-p

TO LET, FROM 1st MAY,

DUFFERIN COTTAGE, No. 44, d'Artigny Street, Montcalm Ward, now and for last 6 years occupied by W. E. Russell, Esq.; fitted with Gas, Water, Closets and Bath. Large Yard and Stables. Can be visited daily, from 3 to 6 P. M.
Two Story and Attic Stone House, corner of Ursule and St. Lewis Streets, opposite City Hall, now occupied by Hon. F. Evanturel: Water, Gas and Closets. Rent moderate. Can be visted from 2 to 5 P. M.
House in Ursule Street, No. 37, adjoining, now occupied by F. Gauvreau, Esq.; Water and Closet, newly painted and papered throughout. Rent moderate. Visited from 2 to 5 P. M
Apply to
H. McHUGH, Proprietor, 56, ST. JULIA STREET,
Or to
JOHN DOYLE, Notary, PETER STREET.
February 3, 1882. L

House to Let.

THE FIRST-CLASS DWELLing, No. 20, St. Denis Street, Cape, fitted to heat with hot water, at present occupied by Duncan Laurie, Esq. Possession 1st May next.
Apply to
WESTON HUNT, 69, Dalhousie Street, Lower Town.
February 1, 1882. tf

For Sale or to Let,

THAT DESIRABLE Property on Grand Allee for many years the residence of the late Major Temple, with a fine Garden attached. The House has been completely restored from top to bottom.
Easy terms to a desirable purchaser.
Possession on 1st May.
Apply to
H. C. AUSTIN, N. P.
January 28, 1882. Am

COVE TO LET.

Hadlow Cove and Wharves,
—WITH ABOUT—
Ten Arpents Frontage on the South Shore, River St. Lawrence, Quebec.
Apply to
A. F. A. KNIGHT, Executor Estate late D. D. Young.
January 20, 1882. tf

For Sale or to Let.

To Let, at Levis,

FROM THE FIRST OF MAY next, the Shop and Dwelling at present occupied by Mr. George Thompson, with good cellars and Brick Store, and every facility for doing a large business. The situation is one of the best in Levis, being in the vicinity of the Grand Trunk and Quebec Central Railway Stations, and close to the Quebec and Levis Ferry. The above property was for many years occupied by the undersigned as a Wholesale and Retail Flour and Provision Store.
Apply to
J. H. SIMMONS, No. 1, George St., Levis.
January 26, 1882. Am-p

Cove to Let,

ST. CHARLES COVE, ON THE NORTH side of the River St. Charles, opposite the North Shore Railway Depot, and joins the property belonging to H. N. Jones, Esq., with Dwelling-Houses, Stables, Hangard, Wharves and other buildings thereon erected. Also,—The Booms, Chains, and other Gear and Plant belonging to the said establishment. The whole as now occupied by A. F. A. Knight, Esq.
For further particulars,
Apply to
GLACKEMEYER & GAUVREAU
January 24, 1882. tf

To Let,

THE TWO STORY HOUSE, at the foot of Champlain Steps, forming part of the Elevator building, as now occupied by Mrs. Money, Milliner, and also several tenements in the same building.
For particulars, apply to
GLACKEMEYER & GAUVREAU.
January 24, 1882. tf

To Let,

THAT PLEASANT LOCATED House and Garden presently occupied by W. L. Fisher, Esq., Wolfe Street, Richmond Square, fitted up with modern improvements, water and drainage connected with the City Water Works. This property has the advantage of town and country residence, being within ten minutes walk from the new Departmenta Buildings. Rent moderate.
Apply to
JOSEPH ARCHER, Builder.
Or, to E. G. CANNON, Esq., N.P.
January 20, 1882. tf

For Sale or to Let,

THAT PROPERTY KNOWN as the UNION HOTEL, formerly Quebec Baths, opposite the Albion, together with Bowling Saloon in rear. Completely restored from top to bottom. Easy terms to desirable purchaser.
Possession given on 1st May, or immediately if desired.
Apply to
L. F. BURROUGHS, Advocate, Peter Street, Quebec.
January 16, 1882 Am

To Let,

Shops, Private Dwellings, Offices, Stores and Bonded Storage.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVing leased the Premises formerly occupied by Messrs. Thibaudeau & Bro., is desirous to Let parts of above Premises, the BUSINESS STAND BEING FIRST CLASS. One Store situated on Sous-le-Fort Street, and others facing Champlain Market.
A. TOUSSAINT.
January 5, 1882.

For Sale or to Lease,

THAT VALUABLE PROPerty known as the Chemical Works property, and situated at the proposed terminus of the Intercolonial and Quebec Central Railway, Levis. With suitable Machinery on the premises.
Apply to
THE ST. LAWRENCE STEAM NAV. CO., St. Andrew's Wharf.
December 29, 1881.

FOR SALE,

A FARM OF 5 BY 22 ARpents, with good buildings and agreeably situated on the banks of the River Etchemin, near the Church of St. Anselme and the Depot of the Quebec Central Railway, with a woodland near by. Conditions easy.
December 22, 1881. thur-Bm

Desirable Property to be Let.

MARCHMONT HOUSE on the St. Louis Road, for many years the residence of the late John Gilmour, Esq., about half a mile from the Toll-Gate together with the Farm, well stocked Garden and Grounds, conpriaing in all about 90 Acres, with Conservatory, Vinery, &c., &c.
Apply to
ALLAN GILMOUR & CO. Quebec.
December 1, 1881.

GOOD BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE!

Houses and Business Stands for Sale or to Let.

MODERATE RENTS TO DESIRable tenants.
Moderate prices and easy terms of payment to desirable purchasers.
A large amount of Good Storage to Let.
Apply to JOHN HEARN, 16, Sault-au-Matelot St.
November 14, 1881. jan18-Lm

LEVIS SNOW-SHOE CLUB.

Grand Annual Concert,
—IN THE—
TOWN HALL, LEVIS,
—ON—
Friday, 17th Feby., 1882.

Doors open at 7.30; Concert to commence at 8 P.M.
Tickets, 50 cents, for sale at Mr. Morgan's Music Store, Fabrique Street, Messrs. Wright & Co., Mountain Hill, from Members of the Club, and at the Hall on the night of the Concert.
For the convenience of Quebecers desirous of attending the Steamer "Prince Edouard," (weather permitting,) will make a Special Trip, leaving the Finlay Market Wharf, Quebec, at 7 P.M., and returning immediately after the Concert.
J. McKENNA, Sec'y.-Treas.
South Quebec, 15th Feb., 1882.
February 15, 1882. C

PAPER MILL FOR SALE!

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PORTNEUF belonging to Madame La MARQUISE DE BASSANO, consisting of the Paper Mill and water privileges, with a large amount of Machinery for manufacturing Pulp and Paper. The Mill is situate near to the Station of the North Shore Railway, and there is in the neighbourhood an abundant supply of wood suitable for making Pulp.
Terms favorable.
Apply to
ROSS, STUART & STUART, Quebec.
Or here, to
COURT & MACINTOSH, Agents.
Montreal, 14th Feb., 1882.
February 15, 1882. F

CENTRAL BOARD.

A STATED MEETING OF THE CENTRAL BOARD will be held in the Committee Room of the National School, on THURSDAY NEXT, the 16th instant, at 3.30 P.M.
M. M. FOTHERGILL, Secretary.
February 14, 1882.

Situation Wanted.

A FRENCH COOK, LATELY ARRIVed from Boston, desires A SITUATION, either in a Hotel, Restaurant or Private Family.
Address, CAMILLE, At Mr. Tessier's, 32, Palace Street.
February 15, 1882. Cp

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES AND THE TRADE GENERALLY.

I HAVE OPENED AN OFFICE FOR the express purpose of Manufacturing, Bleaching and Coloring Ostrich Feathers.
This enables you to have your work done here, and I guarantee it to be as good as in any other country.
Feathers Blackened, and all Colors done at short notice.
All work guaranteed or no pay. Please call and bring a sample along.
OFFICE AND WORKS
J. E. BRETON,
Corner of St. Valier and Crown Streets,
Opposite the Large Steps, St. Roch.
February 14, 1882. C

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

THE MACHINERY OF THE LINSEED OIL MILL belonging to the late firm of W. J. BANKS & CO., situate in the Parish of Beauport, consisting of 4 Hydraulic Pumps, 4 Presses with Iron Plates, 2 Steam Jackets, 3 Rollers, 1 Crusher, 1 Putty Mill, with Belting, Gearing, &c., &c. The capacity being equal to about 250 bushels per day.
The Mill is that lately worked by the said W. J. Banks & Co., and is distant from the wharf about one mile.
Apply to
W. BIGNELL, N. P.
February 14, 1882. F&10bo-J

Junior Book-Keeper Wanted.

YOUNG MAN WANTED TO KEEP Books and make himself generally useful.
Apply to
21, ST. ROCH STREET
February 14, 1882. C

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL NOT HOLD themselves responsible for any accounts contracted for schooner "A. W. C.," of New Carlisle, without their signatures.
CARCAUD & MOURANT.
Or LEBOUTILLIER BROTHERS.
Paspebiac, Feb. 10, 1882.
February 13, 1882. F

Canadian Pacific Railway

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, up to Six o'clock p.m. of the 16th instant,
For the Grading of 500 miles of their Main Line
in the North-West Territory. The work will commence at a point about 200 miles west of Winnipeg.
The Company will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
Profiles can be seen and full information obtained from W. B. SMELLIE, Consulting Engineer, at the Company's Office, Montreal.
By order of the Board,
CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.
Montreal, February 9th, 1882.
February 11, 1882. E

M. BROWN,

REPRESENTING IN QUEBEC:
VIN VILLA VINEYARDS, WINES, &c.
A. Matignon & Co., Cognac Brandies.
M. Britard, " "
W. H. Mills, Sans Pareil and Le Diamant Champagnes.
Ben. Willis, Scotch Whiskeys.
West India Lime Juice Company.
Office:
113, St. Peter Street.
February 9, 1882. Am

First Prize Awarded Provincial Exhibition, Quebec, 1877.
Diploma Awarded Dominion Exhibition, Ottawa, 1879.
Diploma Awarded Dominion Exhibition, Montreal, 1880.

TO GRATIFY THE FASTIDIOUS Taste of the Public in general, and endeavouring to do our utmost to please them, so that in future there may be no necessity of sending abroad for Aerated Beverages, we have placed in our Factory a New and Complete Apparatus (Silver lined) much superior to any heretofore in use, hoping that an appreciative public will encourage Home Enterprise.
We also wish to add that our Soda-Water made by us at present, is fully equal to any, and much Superior to some imported.
M. TIMMONS & SON, 99, ST. GEORGE STREET, Quebec.
February 9, 1882. Lp

LYMAN'S Cherry Tooth Paste!

A MOST DELIGHTFUL TOILET ARTICLE.

FOR SALE BY ALL RESPECTABLE DRUGGISTS.
February 8, 1882 Lm-eo

G. T. R. FERRY.

On and after the 6th instant, the Ferry Steamer will

LEAVE QUEBEC.	LEVIS STATION.
A.M.	A.M.
7.15 Express to Halifax and Mixed to Richmond.	7.45 Mail from the West.
8.45 Mail to River du Loup.	P.M.
11.00 Mixed to Richmond.	3.25 Mixed from Richmond and Mail from River du Loup.
P.M.	
6.00 Market Train to River du Loup and Mail to the West.	

Weather and Ice permitting.
Intermediate Trips for Freight.
February 6. 1

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act amending the Act of Incorporation of the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company, so as to enable the Company to acquire the Charter of, or amalgamate with the Toronto Grey and Bruce Railway Company, and to acquire the Charter of, or amalgamate with such other Railway Company or Companies as the Ontario and Quebec Railway, when constructed may connect with, intersect or cross or which may be a feeder, or an Easterly or Westerly continuation of the Ontario and Quebec Railway; or to lease all or any of such Railways, and also for other amendments to the said Act.
25th November, 1881.
W. H. LOCKHART GORDON, Solicitor or Applicants.
December 1, 1881. Bm-so-th

Auction Sales.

BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

Sale of Bark "Gylfe," 991 Tons, &c.

MESSRS. MAXHAM & CO. WILL SELL, on TUESDAY, the 21st instant, at DINNING'S DRY DOCK, the Bark "Gylfe,"

The Three Little Chairs.

They sat alone by the bright wood fire,
The gray-haired dame and the aged sire,
Dreaming of days gone by ;
The tear-drops fell on each wrinkled cheek,
They both had thoughts they could not speak,
And each heart uttered a sigh.

For their sad and tearful eyes descried
Three little chairs, placed side by side,
Against the sitting-room wall.
Old-fashioned enough as there they stood,
Their seats of flag and their frames of wood,
With their backs so straight and tall.

Then the sire shook his silvery head,
And, with trembling voice, he gently said :
"Mother, these empty chairs !
They bring us such sad thoughts to-night !
We'll put them forever out of sight
In the small, dark room up-stairs.'

But she answered : "Father, no ; not yet :
For I look at them and I forget
That the children are away ;
The boys come back, and our Mary, too,
With her apron on of checkered blue,
And sit there every day.

"Johnny still whittles a ship's tall masts,
And Willie his leaden bullets casts,
While Mary her patchwork sews.
At evening the three childish prayers
Go up to God from three little chairs
So softly that no one knows.

"Johnny comes back from the billow deep ;
Willie wakes from the battle-field sleep
To say 'good night' to me ;
Mary's a wife and mother no more,
But a tired child whose play-time is o'er
And comes to rest at my knee.

"So let them stand there, though empty now,
And every time when alone we bow
At the Father's throne to pray.
We'll ask to meet the children above,
In our Saviour's home of rest and love,
Where no child goeth away."

Telegraph—St. John, New Brunswick.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15.—The House met at 3.15 p.m. A number of petitions were presented.

Hon. Mr. MOUSSEAU presented the second report of the Civil Service Commission.

Mr. McMILLAN presented the first report of the Standing Committee on Standing Orders.

Sir S. L. TILLEY laid on the table a statement of gratuities and superannuations and a statement of Governor-General's warrants. He also brought down returns to several addresses asked for last year.

Mr. GAULT moved to introduce an act to incorporate the St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co. —Carried.

Mr. KIRKPATRICK introduced an act respecting the sale of railway tickets. He said the bill authorized railway companies and the Minister of Railways to name persons for the sale of tickets and that no other persons be allowed to sell. It further provides that railways shall be obligod to redeem their tickets, that is if a ticket is issued for a journey and only used for part of the journey the company shall refund an amount for the unused portion.

Mr. CASGRAIN introduced a bill to empower the Stadacona Fire Insurance Co. to wind up its affairs.

Mr. CASGRAIN introduced an act for the better prevention of fraud in relation to contracts involving the expenditure of public money.

QUESTIONS.

Mr. LANDRY—Whether the Government have, according to the promise made on the 11th March, 1881, invited tenders for a railway ferry between the terminus of the Intercolonial Railway, in South Quebec, and a point nearest the Occidental Railway, on the Quebec side, so that the carriages may be transported from one side of the river to the other ?

Sir C. TUPPER said correspondence was now going on between this Government and the Local Government on the subject of establishing a ferry to transfer cars from Levis to Quebec, and as soon as the correspondence is in such a condition as it can be brought down Parliament will be asked for an appropriation for that purpose.

Mr. LANTIER—Whether it is the intention of the Government to proceed during next season to the improvement of the river St. Lawrence from Prescott to the Lachine Canal, on the basis of the Welland and Lachine Canals, and in connection with that whether the reports of explorations on the projected Cedars Canal have been examined by the Engineer-in-Chief and a decision arrived at, and if not, for what reasons ?

Sir C. TUPPER said it was not the intention of the Government to proceed with the improvement of the St. Lawrence Canals this year, and that the first location survey had not yet been made.

Mr. TROW—Whether it is the intention of the Government during this session to abolish the postage on newspapers in the counties of publication ?

Sir S. L. TILLEY said the Government had the matter under consideration.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE asked when the report of the Minister of the Interior would be brought down.

Sir C. TUPPER, in the absence of Sir John Macdonald, said it would be brought down shortly.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE asked when the available information as to the result of the census will be brought down.

Hon. Mr. POPE—Probably to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE asked what was the total number of persons settled in Manitoba and the North-West during 1881 ; how many from the other Provinces of Canada ; how many from the United States, and how many from other countries ?

Hon. Mr. POPE said that the total number was 28,611, of which 25,514 were from Ontario and the other Provinces of the Dominion, 2,758 from the United States, and 4,339 from other countries, chiefly England and Scotland.

Mr. CAMERON (Victoria)—Whether the location survey of the Trent Valley Canal has been completed, and if not, what progress has been made with it and when will it be completed ?

Sir C. TUPPER said a vote had been passed and an able Engineer had been detailed to make a survey. Owing to the extended nature of the county he had not been able to complete the survey this season. It was expected that a progress report would be made shortly, when the Government would decide whether to proceed with the work wholly or in part.

MOTIONS FOR RETURNS.

Hon. Mr. LAURIER—Address for copies of the act passed by the Quebec Legislature in the session of 1881 respecting mines, and of all petitions praying for the disallowance thereof, &c., &c.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. LAURIER—Address for copies of the act passed by the Quebec Legislature at its last session respecting the Laval University, and of all petitions praying for its disallowance, &c., &c.—Carried.

Mr. COCKBURN—Address for correspondence since 22nd December, 1880, on the subject of the Georgian Bay branch of the Pacific Railway contract.—Carried.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron)—Order of the House for a return of expenses in detail incurred by members of the Government and others sent to England or elsewhere on behalf of the Government, from 10th February, 1880, to date.—Carried.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron)—Address for correspondence, &c., relating to an act of the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, intituled : "An act for protecting the public interests in rivers, streams and creeks," disallowed by His Excellency in Council, &c., &c.—Carried.

Mr. CAMERON (Huron)—Address for correspondence, &c., relating to an act intituled "An act to incorporate the Winnipeg, South Eastern Railway Company," disallowed by His Excellency in Council, &c., &c.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Order of the House for copies of all tariffs of rates for freight or passengers on the Intercolonial Railway and the Prince Edward Island Railway, &c., &c.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Address for correspondence with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company on the subject of the route of any part of the Canadian Pacific Railway, including any branch thereof, and all reports and orders in Council relating thereto, &c., &c.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Address for correspondence relating to the rates for passengers and freight on any railway erected by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, &c., &c. —Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Address for correspondence, &c., in relation to any grants of lands to or to the selection or reservation of any lands for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, &c., &c.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE also moved for four other returns relating to the Pacific Railway.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Address for correspondence relating to the construction of a railway on Vancouver Island—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Address for correspondence not already brought down as to extradition and the last Canadian Extradition Act.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Address for correspondence between the Imperial and Canadian Governments, or any member or officer thereof, relating to the defence of Canada.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Order of the House for copies of three circulars asking for information recently directed under instructions of the Minister of Finance to several of the banks, etc.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE—Address for correspondence, etc., relating to the improvement of the commercial relations between Canada and any other country, etc.—Carried.

Sir R. CARTWRIGHT—Address for correspondence on the subject of the remission of the duties on tea and coffee.—Carried.

Mr. DAWSON—Address for correspondence in reference to the arrears due to the Indians of Lakes Huron and Superior under the Robinson treaty, etc.

Mr. HESSON complained that this matter had been allowed to remain unsettled for many years. It was unjust to the townships which were principally interested, and he hoped the matter would not be any longer delayed.

Hon. Mr. BLAKE concurred with last speaker, and thought that all the accounts between Ontario and Quebec ought to be settled. It was now fifteen years since Confederation, and the accounts of the two principal Provinces were still unsettled.

Sir S. L. TILLEY agreed with both speakers and said the Dominion Government was very anxious to get matters settled, but it was difficult to get the two Provincial Governments ready at the same time. Last summer he thought he would get a settlement, but the local election in Quebec threw the matter back. He would have tried to get a settlement this year.

The House adjourned at 5.05.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS.

Mr. Daly—On Friday next—Enquiry of Ministry whether it is the intention of the Government to provide for telegraphic communication with Cape Sable Island by means of a sub-marine cable, in accordance with the prayer of a petition of the Hon. N. W. White and others, of the county of Shelburne, N. S.

Mr. Costigan—On Friday next—Enquiry of Ministry whether it is the intention of the Government during the present session to so amend the general election law that the right to vote for members of the House of Commons may be extended to a larger proportion of the people than now enjoy it and be uniform throughout the Dominion.

Mr. Vanasse—On Friday next—Order of the House for a statement shewing the amount of duties collected on Canadian tobaccos, whether manufactured, twist or in the leaf ; the amount of stamps issued for duties on Canadian tobacco, from 1879 up to date ; the amount paid for the preparation and distribution of such stamps ; the amount paid by way of commission for the sale of such stamps by districts ; the number of persons employed in the distribution of licenses for the cultivation of Canadian tobacco and in collecting the duties thereon ; the salaries of such persons or the commissions received by them ; also any expenses of such persons defrayed out of the public chest.

Mr. Vanasse—On Friday next—Enquiry whether it is the intention of the Government to cause to be prepared some elementary treaties on the growing and preparation of tobacco, and to have them distributed gratuitously throughout the country.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie—on Friday next—Order of the House for copies of advertisement for tenders for the works on section 27, Welland Canal, or for copies of circulars issued to any parties asking for tenders for such work, with the names of all parties to whom such circulars or letters were sent ; also for a series of orders-in-Council relating to the issuance of such circulars or letters and the awarding of said contract ; also, copies of all tenders and of all correspondence with the Department relative to the same.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie—on Friday next—Order of the House for copies of all reports from General Luard and from any other officer or Court of Enquiry, relative to matters connected with the command or discipline observed in the 27th Battalion of volunteer militia, and also of any departmental order made in relation to the same and copies of all complaints or representations from any officer of the said battalion and other correspondence.

Chess.

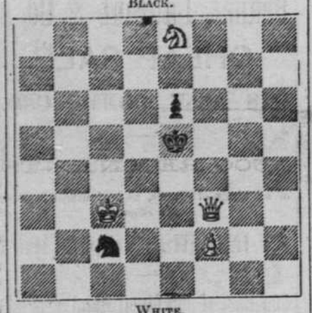
Correspondence intended for this column and exchanges, should be addressed "CHESS EDITOR MORNING CHRONICLE, QUEBEC."

Thursday, February 16th, 1882.

PROBLEM No. 96.

By H. E. & J. Bettmann, Cincinnati, U. S.

BLACK.



WHITE.

(White to play, and mate in three moves.)

SOLUTION TO PROBLEM No. 94.

1. P K B 4 and 2. Mates accordingly.
Solved by E. S. S.; A. H. McC.; E. S.

From this until the close of the session of the Dominion Parliament, now being held at Ottawa, our column will be curtailed owing to the extra space required to report proceedings.

The third annual meeting of the Ontario Chess Association takes place at Guelph on the 17th and 18th instant.

La Strategie, British Chess Magazine and *Brentano's Chess Monthly* are all to hand and are up to their usual standard of excellence.

The *Cincinnati Commercial* states that Mr. H. C. Allen, Chess Editor of *Brentano's Monthly* and *The Turf, Field and Farm*, has been appointed Assistant District Attorney of New York, a position which he held several years ago, and that Captain Mackenzie has accepted a position with the Mutual Telegraph Company, in St. Louis.

The chess match for $1,000, between Messrs. Delmar and Judd, has been declared "off" owing to the officials of the bank in which Mr. Delmar holds a responsible position, having notified him that he could proceed further in the match with Mr. Judd only at the risk of forfeiting his position. This he was unwilling to do, hence the result.

GAME No. 87.

A fine Muzio Gambit, played in Paris in 1863, Morphy giving the Queen's Kt to M. St. Leon.

Remove White's Queen's Knight.

WHITE—Morphy.	BLACK—St. Leon.
1 P K 4	1 P K 4
2 P K B 4	2 P tks P
3 Kt K B 3	3 P K Kt 4
4 B B 4	4 P Kt 5
5 P Q 4	5 P tks Kt
6 Q tks P	6 B R 3
7 Castles	7 Q B 3
8 P K 5	8 Q Kt 2
9 B tks P	9 B tks B
10 Q tks B	10 Kt K R 3
11 R B 3	11 R K Kt sq
12 R Kt 3	12 Q B sq
13 R tks R	13 Kt tks R
14 R K B sq	14 Kt K R 3
15 P K Kt 4	15 P Q 3
16 P K 6	16 P K B 3
17 P Kt 5	17 Q Kt 2
18 Q tks P	18 Q tks Q
19 R tks Q	19 Kt Kt sq
20 R B 7	20 P Q B 3
21 R Kt 7	21 Kt K 2
22 R tks P	22 K Q sq
23 R R 8 ch	23 K B 2
24 R K 8	24 P Q 4
25 R tks Kt ch	25 K Q 3
26 R K 8	26 P tks B
27 R tks B	27 K tks P
28 P K R 4	28 K B 4
29 R Kt 8 and wins.	

(Brentano's Chess Monthly.)

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*—Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets and Tins (½lb. and lb.), labelled—"JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, Eng."—Also maker of Epps's Chocolate Essence for afternoon use.
Septembe 15, 1881. t th&sat-36w-d&w

"A SOUND MIND IN A HEALTHY BODY."—The old Roman idea of the higher degree of happiness. The *Liver* rules the roast *Indigestion* reates nearly all the physical system's Costiveness, Biliousness, dizziness and bad taste in the mouth, yellow skin and eyes, loss of appetite, loss of energy, and low spirits, pains in the back and side, wind and fou stomach ; all these create bad blood. Regulat the Bowels, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys with COPEBA (from Brazil), try a 10 cent sample and ask your Druggist, R. McLeod, about it.
August 6 1881 Lm qo d&w

COMMERCIAL.

The following is the amount of duties collected at the Custom House, for week ending 8th Feb., at the Port of Quebec—$15,802 25.

RETAIL MARKETS

QUEBEC, Feby. 15, 1882.

Beef, 1st quality, dressed, per 100 lbs.		$ 2 00	a	$10 00
2nd do do		8 00	a	8 50
3rd do do		6 00	a	6 00
per lb.		0 05	a	0 12½
Veal, per lb.		0 07	a	0 12
Mutton, per lb.		0 08	a	0 10
Lambs, each		3 00	a	5 00
Fresh Pork, per 100 lbs.		8 25	a	9 00
Do do per lb.		0 08	a	0 12
Salt do do		0 10	a	0 13
Fresh Hams, per lb.		0 10	a	0 12
Smoked do do		0 12	a	0 14
Flour, Hungarian Roller Process, per brl.		8 00	a	8 50
Superior Extra, do		6 60	a	7 00
Extra, do		6 45	a	6 60
Strong Bakers, do		7 00	a	8 50
Spring Extra, do		6 40	a	6 50
Superfine, do		6 10	a	6 20
Fine, do		5 60	a	5 70
Bag Flour, 100 lbs.		3 10	a	3 30
Oatmeal, per 200 lbs.		5 50	a	5 75
Cornmeal, white, per 200 lbs.		3 90	a	4 00
Do yellow, do		3 85	a	3 90
Salmon, No. 1, ½ brl, of 200 lbs		20 00	a	20 00
Do per lb.		0 13	a	0 14
Codfish, green, per brl.		6 25	a	6 50
Do do in draft		6 25	a	6 50
Do per lb.		0 04	a	0 04
Dry Codfish, per quintal		4 60	a	4 50
Cod Oil, per gallon		0 53	a	0 53
Labrador Herrings, No 1. per brl.		4 50	a	6 50
Fowls, per pair		0 60	a	0 75
Chickens, per pair		0 60	a	1 00
Geese, per pair		1 00	a	1 50
Turkeys, do		1 50	a	4 00
Ducks, do		0 60	a	1 00
Partridge, per brace		0 50	a	0 50
Prairie Chickens, do		1 75	a	1 75
Quails, do		0 75	a	0 75
Potatoes, per bushel		0 75	a	0 90
Oats, do 34 lbs.		0 45	a	0 45
Salt Butter, per lb.		0 16	a	0 19
Fresh do do		0 20	a	0 23
Do do (prints)		0 25	a	0 30
Cheese, per lb.		0 12½	a	0 13
Eggs, per dozen		0 25	a	0 30
Maple Sugar, per lb.		0 09	a	0 10
Apples, per brl.		4 00	a	4 50
Oranges, per case		6 00	a	6 00
Lemons, do		6 00	a	6 00
Onions, per box		2 75	a	2 75
Hay, per 100 bdls.		10 00	a	10 50
Straw, do		4 00	a	4 00
Wood, per cord (2 ft. 6 in.)		3 50	a	3 90
" " (3 feet)		4 50	a	5 00

LEATHER MARKET.

Spanish Sole, No. 1, per lb.	$	0 26	a	0 28
Do No. 2		0 24	a	0 26
Slaughter Sole, No. 1		0 30	a	0 32
Harness Leather		0 30	a	0 32
Waxed Upper		0 40	a	0 45
Buff and Pebbled Cow, per foot		0 13	a	0 15
Patent Cow		0 15	a	0 16
Enamelled Cow		0 15	a	0 16
Calfskins, heavy, per lb.		0 60	a	0 65
Do light		0 45	a	0 50
Splits, small		0 23	a	0 25
Do. large		0 24	a	0 26
Sheepskins Russets, per lb.		0 35	a	0 40
French Calfskins, per lb.		1 10	a	1 40

HIDES AND SKINS.

Green and inspected, per 100 lbs, No. 1	$	9 50	a	10 00
Do do do No 2		8 50	a	9 00
Cured and inspected, per 100 lbs		9 50	a	10 00
Sheepskins, each		0 75	a	0 90
Calfskins, green, per lb.		0 12½	a	0 15
Wool, per lb.		0 25	a	0 30

Prices in Liverpool.

The following are the Liverpool quotations for each day of the past week, the prices of wheat and flour being top figures :—

	Feb. 18.	Feb. 11.	Feb. 10.	Feb. 9.	Feb. 8.	Feb. 7.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Flour	13 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	13 0
S. Wheat	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8
Red Winter	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11
White	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
Club	11 2	11 2	11 2	11 2	11 2	11 2
Corn	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 4
Barley	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2
Peas	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11
Pork	78 6	78 6	78 6	78 6	78 6	78 6
Lard	57 3	56 3	56 3	56 3	56 3	56 3
Beef						
Bacon	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6
Tallow	44 6	44 6	44 6	44 6	44 6	44 6
Cheese	65 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	64 0	64 0

—Toronto Globe.

Montreal Stock Market—Feby. 15.

FIRST BOARD.

Bank of Montreal, 204 to 203½ ; sales, 5 shares at 204½ ; 100 shares at 204½ ; 75 shares at 204 ; 75 shares at 203½ ; 50 shares at 203½ ; 25 shares at 203¾.
Ontario Bank, 61½ to 61.
Banque du Peuple, 90 to 88.
Molson's Bank, 125 offered.
Bank of Toronto, 170 to 167½.
Banque Jacques-Cartier, 112 to 111 ; sales, 47 shares at 112.
Merchant's Bank, 128½ to 127¾ ; sales, 50 shares at 128.
Quebec Bank, 108 offered.
Union Bank, 95 to 93¾.
Bank of Commerce, 142 to 141 ; sales, 125 shares at 141½.
Exchange Bank, 149½ to 143.
Montreal Telegraph Company, 125 to 124¾ ; sales, 200 shares at 124¾.
Dominion Telegraph Company, 96 asked.
Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, 53¾ to 53½ ; sales, 35 shares at 54½ ; 50 shares at 54 ; 45 shares at 153¾ ; 25 shares at 153½.
City Passenger Railway Company, 136 to 135½ ; sales, 25 shares at 135½ ; 25 shares at 135¾ ; 5 shares at 136.
Montreal Gas Company, 164½ to 164½ ; sales, 175 shares at 164¾ ; 75 shares at 164½.
Dundas Cotton Company, 130 to 128 ; sales, 50 shares at 128.
Ontario Investment Company, 136 asked.
St. Paul, M. and M. Railway, 110½ to 109.

SECOND BOARD.

Bank of Montreal, 204½ to 204 ; sales, 12 shares at 204 ; 100 shares at 204½.
Ontario Bank, 61½ to 61 ; sales, 40 shares at 61.
Banque du Peuple, ex-div., 90 to 88.
Molson's Bank, 130 to 125¾.
Bank of Toronto, 170 to 168.
Banque Jacques-Cartier, 112 to 110.
Merchants' Bank, 128½ to 128 ; sales, 52 shares at 128.
Quebec Bank, 108 offered.
Union Bank, 95 to 93 ; sales, 50 shares at 94.
Bank of Commerce, 142 to 141¾ ; sales, 50 shares at 141¾.
Exchange Bank, 147 to 145½.
Federal Bank, 164 to 158.
Montreal Telegraph Company, 124½ to 124 ; sales, 50 shares at 124¾ ; 51 shares at 124.
Dominion Telegraph Company, 96 asked.
Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, 54 to 53¾ ; sales, 13 shares at 53½ ; 10 shares at 53¾ ; 15 shares at 53¾.
City Passenger Railway, 135¾ to 135.
Montreal Gas Company, 164½ to 164¾.
Dundas Cotton Company, 128 to 127 ; sales, 50 shares at 127.
Ontario Investment Company, 136 to 132.

NEW YORK, February 15—The *Commercial's* Washington special says :—Folger received an advance of orders for three to five million 3 per cent bonds. Much excitement in grain to-day on account of the rapid decline in Wheat ; many holders lost large sums, and several firms are seriously crippled.

NEW YORK, Feby. 15—A Boston despatch says the Continental Construction Company yesterday voted to transfer its interest in the Hoosac Tunnel and Western Railway to the new Boston and London Syndicate. The new agreement calls for the payment of 20 millions in two years and the establishment of a steamship line between here and London.

MONTREAL, Feby. 15—Flour—receipts 2300 brls ; sales, none reported. Market quiet and prices nominally unchanged. Quotations—superiors, 6,25 to 6,35 ; extra, 6,10 to 6,20 ; spring extra, 5,95 to 6,00 ; superfine, 5,65 to 5,75 ; strong bakers, 6,50 to 7,75 ; fine, 4,65 to 4,75 ; middles, 4,00 to 4,10 ; Pollards, 3,50 to 3,75 ; Ontario bags, 2,60 to 2,70 ; city do., 3,90 to 4,00. Grain—Wheat—red winter, 1,43 to 1,45 ; white winter, 1,39 to 1,40 ; spring at 1,41 to 1,52. Peas, 75c to 76c. Oats, 36c to 37c. Barley, 60c to 70. Rye, 85c to 90c. Oatmeal, 5,00 to 5,10. Cornmeal nominal. Provisions—Butter—western, 15c to 20c ; E. T., 21c to 26c ; B. & M., 20c to 25c ; creamery, 28c to 34c. Cheese, 11c to 13c. Pork—mess, 21,00 to 22,00. Lard, 14c to 15c. Bacon, 12c to 13c. Hams, 13c to 14c. Ashes—Pots, 4,95 to 5,05. Pearls, nominal.

NEW YORK, Feby. 15—Cotton unchanged. Flour in buyers favor ; receipts 19,000 brls ; sales 12,000 brls super State and western at 4,15 to 4,60. Rye flour weak, at 4,45 to 4,90. Wheat heavy and unsettled ; receipts 56,000 bus ; sales 520,000 bus, No 2 red sellers March at 1,34½ to 1,36¾ ; 728,000 bus sellers April at 1,36½ to 1,37¾ ; 648,000 bus ditto sellers May at 1,35¾ to 1,36¾ ; ditto sellers February at 1,33¾ to 1,33¾ asked. Rye nominal at 88c to 95½c. Corn strong ; receipts 75,000 bus ; sales 46,000 bus, at 64c to 68¾c for old, and 66½c to 69¾c for new. Barley unchanged. Oats dull ; receipts 16,000 bus ; sales 30,000 bus, at 46½c to 49¾c for western mixed, and 47c to 52c for white western. Pork heavy, at 17,90 to 18,00. Lard heavy, at 10,95. Butter at 15c to 45c.

NEW YORK, Feby. 15.—Railroads irregular Stocks generally lower, closing irregular.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat lower and panicky ; No 2 Chicago spring at 1,17½ to 1,17¾ cash, and 1,17¾ sellers February. Corn unsettled and lower, at 54¼c to 56c cash, and 54¼c sellers February. Oats dull and weak, at 40½c to 40¾c cash, and 38¾c sellers February. Rye dull and lower, at 82c. Barley firmer, at 1,00 to 1,01½. Pork active and lower, at 16,75 cash, and sellers February. Lard active and lower, at 10,40 cash, and sellers February. Bulk Meats unsettled and lower ; shoulders, 6,25 ; short ribs, 9,20 ; short clear, 9,50. Whiskey steady at 1,19. Receipts—23,000 brls flour ; 34,000 bus wheat ; 181,000 bus corn ; 55,000 bus oats ; 6,000 bus rye, and 52,000 bus barley. Shipments—19,000 brls flour ; 8,000 bus wheat ; 145,000 bus corn ; 60,000 bus oats ; 2,000 bus rye, and 9,000 bus barley.

LONDON, Feby. 15, 11.30 a.m.—Consols at 100 3-16 for money, and 100 7-16 for account. U. S. Bonds—Fours 120.

LIVERPOOL, February 15, 11.30 a.m.—Cotton easier. Uplands 6 7-16d. Orleans 5d.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET, Feb. 15, 1 p.m.—Stocks weak and lower ; American Express, 91 ; Canada Southern, 51½ ; C P, 89¼ ; D and L, 125 ; Erie, 33½ ; do preferred, 76 ; Illinois Central, 132 ; K and T, 33½ ; Lake Shore, 109¾ ; Michigan Central, 85¾ ; N P, 33½ ; do preferred, 72¼ ; North-West, 133 ; New York Central, 129½ ; Rock Island, 131½ ; St Paul, 108 ; Union Pacific, 116½ ; Western Union Telegraph, 79¾.

IMPORTS.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY—For the week ending 15th February—3 cases to McCall, Shehyn & co. 3 cases, 2 bales duck to J Hamel & Frere. 10 bdls gware to F T Thomas. 1 case to Rev Abbe Beaudet. 24 sacks seed to J E Burke. 2 cases hware to J E Mailbureaux. 3 bxs tinfoil to Lemesurier & Son. 1 case to J H Green. 3 bdls to Chinic, Beaudet & co. 5 bales to Doyle & Demers. 1 case to P Garneau & co. 200 sacks flour to W & R Brodie. 3 cases to Fisher & Blouin. 2 brls hollow-ware to Oct Lemieux & co. 2 bales to Withall & co. 1 trunk to W J Lemesurier. 4336 pcs pine deals to Ross & co. 290 brls, 400 sacks flour to Renaud & co. 6 bxs to St Louis Hotel. 6 bxs eyelets to F Gourdeau. 33 bdls leather board to O Migner. 1 case to G E Pare. 2 cases, 1 box to J H Botterell & co. 1 bale to Drum Cabinet 300 brls oil to C Pratt & co. 1 pkge to S J Shaw & co. 5 brls soda to Hossack, Woods & co. 10 cases hats to G R Renfrew & co. 19 logs L V wood to J Baldwin. 1 cask, 1 hlf-brl wine to J Normand. 1 case to O L Richardson & Son. 1 car corn to W Carrier. 3 cases to Thibaudeau, Frere & co. 35 bdls leather board to J & W Reid. 1 case to Leger & Rinfret. 140 sacks flour to Renaud & co. 217 sacks flour to Platt & co. 2 bales to Doyle & Demers. 1 case to Rev M Baldwin. 1 case to R Morgan. 3 pcs marble to J A Belanger. 1 box type to J Darveau. 2 cases hats to P Garneau & Frere. 1 pkge to D Kerr. 7 cases to J Hamel & Frere. 6 cases to Thibaudeau, Frere & co. 3 cases to McCall, Shehyn & co. 1 piano to A Lavigne. 5 cases to Wm McLimont. 5 cases to Z Paquet. 25 bxs baking powder to N Turcotte. 1 box to J Brown & co. 2 cases to Leger & Rinfret. 1 case, 1 brl to A Brunet.

Shipping Intelligence.

Loss of the S.S. "Bahama."

TWENTY LIVES LOST.

The following telegram was received last evening by the Quebec Steamship Company, from their Manager, at New York :—

"'Bahama' lost in a hurricane on the 10th. Tore away bulwarks, decks, houses on deck; filled ship. The Captain, seventeen of the crew, and two passengers, who took the first boat, were lost by boat upsetting. Another boat with First and Second Mates, Mr. Scott, and another passenger, two assistant engineers, steward, cook, messman, waiter, Geo. Thibault fireman, two sailors, saved,—13. The lost are —Captain Astwood, the Purser, Chief Engineer Peter Heighton, Robert Foster, Geo. Foster, Thomas George, Patrick McCarthy, John Chapples, John Mullin, a Swedish sailor name unknown, Charles Smith, Wm. O'Brien, Paul Maburin, James Farrel, James Patterson, John Patterson, G. Brickner, H. Dribe second cook, and two second-class passengers,—total, 20. The Allan sailing vessel "Glenmorag," picked up the boat and brought the saved to New York. They were in the boat twelve hours."

The Mr. Scott, referred to above, as among the saved, is a partner in the firm of A. Outerbride & Co., the Agents of the Company, at New York.

The ss "Bahama" sailed from St. John's, Porto Rico, for New York, on Sunday, the 5th instant, with a full cargo of sugar.

LATER.

New York, Feb. 15—Steamer "Bahama," from Porto Rico for New York, encountered a hurricane Feby. 10th, about 550 miles southeast of New York. She shipped large quantities of water, which carried away two large life-boats, swept the decks, put out the fires, and threw the vessel on her beam ends. It was then concluded to abandon the steamer, and two boats were lowered. The Captain's boat contained seventeen persons. It was swamped shortly after leaving the ship. Two or three persons were seen to swim back to the vessel, but it was impossible to tell if they succeeded in getting aboard. Three of the crew refused to leave the steamer, preferring to take their chance by remaining aboard, as the boats were heavily loaded. The boat with the 1st and 2nd officers, passengers (John S. Scott and H. J. Fear), and nine of the crew were picked up on the 12th, by ship "Glenmorag," and brought to New York.

Probabilities for the Next 24 Hours for the St. Lawrence, etc., etc.

TORONTO, Feby. 15, 10 a.m.—St. Lawrence and Gulf—Southerly to westerly winds and fair mild weather.

THE SS. "SARDINIAN."—New York, Feb. 13 —The White Star steamer "Celtic," which arrived on Saturday, reports having passed on Feb. 4th, at three o'clock in the afternoon, in lat 49 05, long 31 29 W, the Allan Line steamer "Sardinian," bound east. She signalled the "Celtic" that she had lost her rudder in long 40 west, and was proceeding with caution. This was the only communication between the vessels, indicating that the "Sardinian" had every confidence in whatever temporary steering gear she may have adopted. The vessels were about six miles apart. The wind at the time was light, easterly, and the vessel seemed to be making about twelve knots and moving steadily. The reasons given for not reporting the circumstance sooner are that it was by no means certain that the vessel signalled was the "Sardinian," and whatever vessel it might have been it was thought she had made her port good before the arrival of the "Celtic" here. Captain Gleadell was only this morning convinced that the vessel was the "Sardinian," and on enquiry learned that she had not yet reached her destination. Satisfying himself of these facts, Capt. Gleadell at once communicated the circumstance to Messrs. Allan, at Montreal.

The steamer "Nederland," from New York for Antwerp, while passing Ventnor, Isle of Wight, yesterday signalled that she had spoken the Allan Line steamer "Sardinian" in a disabled condition in lat 49, long 28. A telegram was sent to Portsmouth for assistance.

LATER.—Moville, Feb. 15—The disabled steamer 'Sardinian' has been towed in here.

Ottawa, Feb 15—A solid silver tankard has been forwarded to the Department of Marine and Fisheries by the Imperial Government for presentation to Capt. S. Knowlton, of the barque "Gladiona," in acknowledgment of his humanity and kindness to the ship-wrecked crew of the barque "MacEden," of Glasgow, abandoned at sea on the 20th Oct.

Halifax, N.S., Feb 15—Steamer "Gladious," from New Orleans for Bremen, arrived for bunker coal ; Autocrat," from New York, arrived for coal.——Barque "Richard Hutchinson," Capt Troop, from Barrow, G.B., for St. John, N.B., has put into Lunenburg short of provisions and with sails split, having experienced very rough weather on Sunday and last Friday week. She will proceed to morrow.—Steamer "Carroll" sailed for Boston.

New York, Feb 15—The survivors of the crew of the brig "Jennie Morton," of Baltimore, abandoned at sea, have been brought here ; one seaman was swept overboard, another died from exposure, and the rest floated several days on the disabled hulk with nothing to eat but two cans of condensed milk. All the men were seriously injured.

Detroit, Feb 15—The ice blockade in the Straits of Mackinaw has been cleared and boats are making regular trips.

London, Feb. 12—Steamer "Critic," Lord, from New York January 27, has arrived at Leith with her cargo badly damaged in the after and main holds. Several hundred sacks of flour have been discharged wet.

Feb. 13—The American ship "Western Empire," from New York January 4 for the Mersey, was abandoned, rudderless, February 2. The crew has landed at Falmouth.

New York, Feb. 13—Barque "Chimborazo," before reported ashore, is a total loss. Wreckers have stripped her and taken materials to Key West——The barque "Scotland," of Windsor, N.S., which arrived to-day from Liverpool, reports the loss overboard of two seamen, and the death of another from apoplexy during the passage. The ship experienced a stormy voyage, and lost and split sails.

THE LAKE MARINE.—Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 13.—A Washington special to-night says Representative Aldrich introduced a bill to-day to regulate the lake and marine shipping. It provides that every vessel of the United States engaged in foreign or coast trade or navigating lakes Michigan, Superior, Huron, St. Clair, Erie, or Ontario, shall carry, if a sailing vessel, a crew of competent seamen, not less than one seaman for every seventy-five tons burthen, and if a steam vessel, not less than one competent seaman for every thirty-five tons burthen. The vessels must be examined by quarantine officers within six hours of arrival and previous to clearance, except vessels making daily trips. They must be inspected once every ten days. The bill makes it unlawful for a master of a vessel navigating the lak