

# MONTREAL WEEKLY WITNESS

COMMERCIAL REVIEW AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JULY 9, 1890.

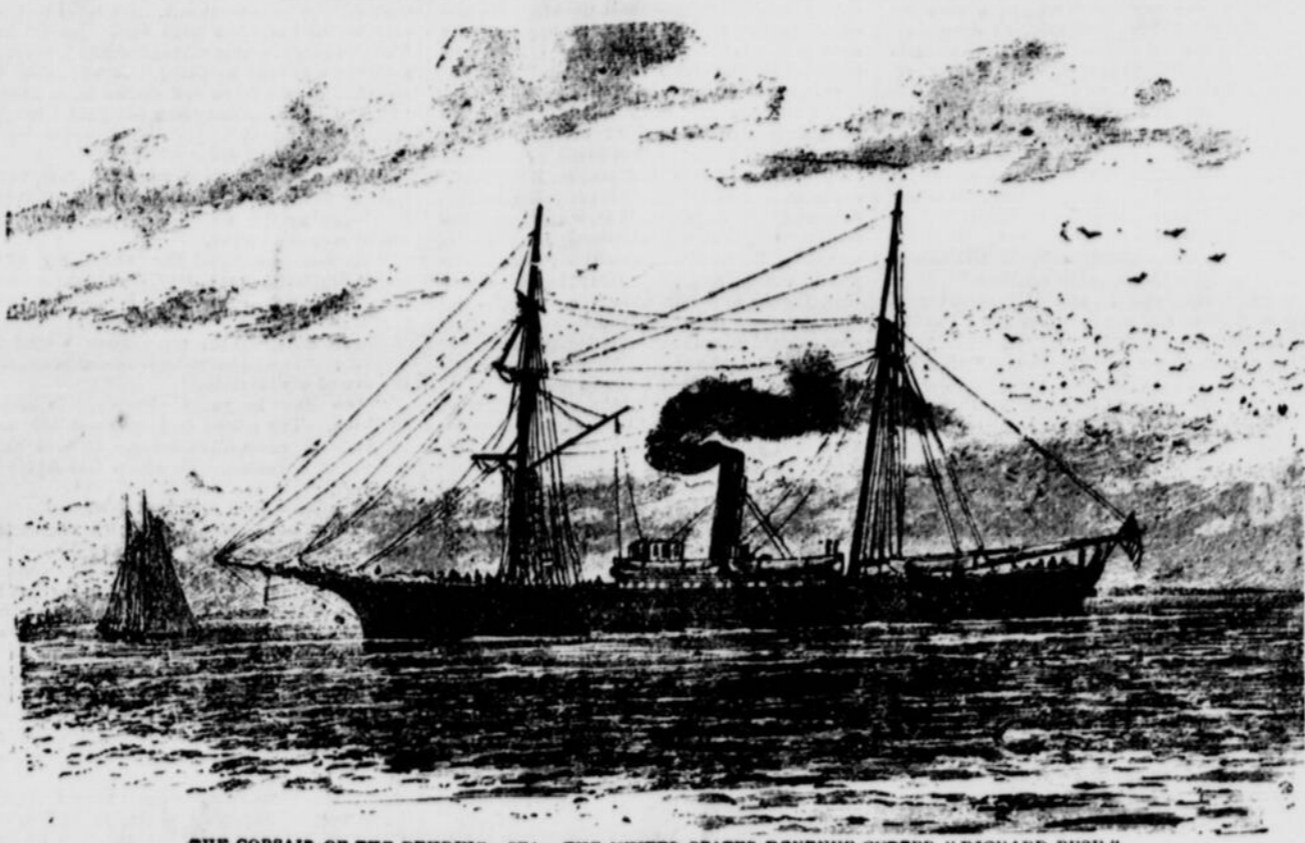
(MONTREAL WEEKLY WITNESS. \$1.00 Post-Paid; 5c a Copy.)

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

## BEHRING SEA AND THE FUR SEAL.

The season during which fur seals are taken in Behring Sea and the North Pacific has now begun, and a few days or weeks at most will make it clear whether the United States Government has determined to attempt to meddle with Canadian sealers in the high seas or to withdraw from an untenable position in regard to well understood and long accepted canons of international law. By purchase from Russia, the United States acquired the territory of Alaska with all the adjacent islands and the Aleutian Archipelago. When Russia owned Alaska she claimed that Behring Sea, being more or less enclosed by territory and islands belonging to her, was an enclosed sea and belonged exclusively to her as Lake Michigan, for instance, does to the United States. The United States resented this claim successfully as long as the territory belonged to Russia, but as soon as she had bought it from that country she set up the claim on her own behalf. That the claim is a most ridiculous one can be seen at a glance over the map which we give to day. Compare the size of Behring Sea with that of Hudson's Bay, Gulf of St. Lawrence or the Bay of Fundy, which are drawn on the map for this purpose. It will be seen that Behring Sea is of vast extent as compared with any of these, that the openings into it from the North Pacific Ocean are hundreds of miles broad, that the United States Government only owns the territory on one side of the sea, and that, in

hitherto attempted to maintain a monopoly of seal-killing. This they have been unable to do, inasmuch as the seals swim on the surface of the water as a rule, and on their way to the island, they proceed in vast herds and are easily shot or harpooned as they play and gambol about on the surface while far out on the open sea. Their appearance as they play about a ship is well illustrated by our sketch. It is during the months of June, July and August that Canadian sealing vessels capture and kill the seals on their way to the rookeries on the Pribiloff Islands. It is claimed by the American Government that this is a wasteful method of killing seals, as many after being killed sink and are not less enclosed by territory and islands belonging to her, was an enclosed sea and belonged exclusively to her as Lake Michigan, for instance, does to the United States. The United States resented this claim successfully as long as the territory belonged to Russia, but as soon as she had bought it from that country she set up the claim on her own behalf. That the claim is a most ridiculous one can be seen at a glance over the map which we give to day. Compare the size of Behring Sea with that of Hudson's Bay, Gulf of St. Lawrence or the Bay of Fundy, which are drawn on the map for this purpose. It will be seen that Behring Sea is of vast extent as compared with any of these, that the openings into it from the North Pacific Ocean are hundreds of miles broad, that the United States Government only owns the territory on one side of the sea, and that, in



THE COAST OF THE BEHRING SEA.—THE UNITED STATES REVENUE CUTTER "RICHARD RUSH."



NORTH SEA SEALS. (Male, Female and young.)

fact, Behring Sea is merely a part of the open ocean, and not enclosed at all. On the other hand the Hudson's Bay, the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Bay of Fundy are all comparatively enclosed within British territory alone. Yet the United States Government, which claims that Behring Sea is a close sea, will not allow that the comparatively small bodies of water on the Atlantic side are close seas. An international law is that only the waters within a marine league of the coast, that is, three miles out, are under the complete jurisdiction of the country owning the coast, and that arms of the sea having an entrance over seven miles wide are, except in certain instances, high seas, open to the vessels of all nations alike. For the American Government to claim that Behring Sea, which lies between two continents with coasts owned by two different nations, and separated from the Pacific Ocean only by a run of small islands set hundreds of miles apart, is ridiculous, and the claim would never have been set up but for their desire to obtain and secure a monopoly of a valuable fur business. Directly north of the island of Ounaska, shown in the Aleutian Archipelago in the map, there are two small islands called the St. George and St. Paul's islands, which form the Pribiloff group. They are mere specks of rock in Behring Sea, hundreds of miles from the coast or from the other islands. These islands belong to the United States and are the breeding grounds of by far the largest herd of North Sea seals in existence. The fur of these seals is that which is so valued for caps, cloaks and jackets, and which, when dressed in, perhaps, the most valuable of all furs of which any quantity can be got. The North Sea seals live only in comparatively cold seas either north or south, being taken in both hemispheres. They live about eight or nine months of each year in the open sea far from land, and only resort to their island rookeries when the breeding season comes. The disparity in size between the males and females is very great, the former, when full grown, being seven or eight feet in length, seven or eight feet in girth, and about five hundred pounds in weight, while the latter are only four feet in length and eighty pounds in weight. About the end of April the males begin to put in an appearance at the islands, and each one tries to secure a favorable bit of smooth rock as near the water as possible. After long, sanguinary, and noisy battles the older and stronger males secure the best places and the younger are compelled to stay in the water or crowd up from the coast to the uplands of the islands. By the end of June all the males have arrived and the females then begin to appear. The females come ashore to bring forth their young, and as they land the males fight for possession of them until each has six or thereabouts in his rookeries. The fight goes on day and night with loud roaring and flapping of fins, so that the "sound is like that of an approaching railway train." Many females and young are killed in the skirmishes. By the middle of July all the females have arrived, and shortly after their arrival all the young are born. The appearance of the seal rookeries on these islands is shown in one of the pictures. It is estimated that about five millions of seals gather on the islands. A family group, male, female and young, are also shown in another picture. About the end of October and the beginning of November the seals all leave again for the year. In the meantime the colony of seal-killers and skinners who live on the islands drive to the young males and those that have failed to secure rookings quarters, and have consequently not higher up on shore, away from the killing-grounds, where they are knocked on the head with clubs, and their skins are carefully salted and packed and shipped to London, where they are dressed. The Company to which the United States Government sells the privilege of killing seals on the islands is bound not to kill more than one hundred thousand to one hundred and fifty thousand seals per year. For this privilege the present company will pay about one million dollars a year. The United States Government has

land law forbidding anyone to acquire property on the island unless there will probably remain in force twenty years.

The certificates of chief officer of the steamer "Dana" has been suspended for one year on the ground that his unskillful navigation caused the wreck of that vessel in the Red Sea.

A MONSTER STURGEON, weighing over four hundred pounds, was brought to the Quebec market last week. It was caught in a brush weir at Berthier, a few miles below the city.

THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT is about to establish a colonial council to consider either jointly with the Colonial Department or by itself all questions relating to Germany's colonial possessions.

THE ST. PETERSBURG *Novoye Vremya* urges the expulsion of ex-King Milan from Serbia, believing that his presence will provoke the overthrow of the Obrenovitch dynasty in favor of a Montenegrin prince.

A MILITARY clipping intimates that Sir Ralph W. Austrother, Bart., of Balasore, has retired from the army, and has been succeeded as adjutant of the Royal Engineer troop by Lieut. Stairs, Stanley's companion.

IN ACCORDANCE with the request of America, Germany and England, King Oscar of Sweden has nominated Conrad Oederkrantz for the post of chief justice of Samoa. The appointee is now an assistant judge in Stockholm.

THE FRENCH NAVAL authorities are training pigeons to fly between French cruisers in the British Channel and the forts on the French coast, so that news may be despatched without the necessity of the vessels leaving the ground.

IT IS STATED that the owners of a travelling show which included in its animals a number of bears have been arrested at Treves, Hungary, on the charge of murdering a tramp and throwing his body to the bears, which devoured him.

BY A MAJORITY of 145 to 99 the Democratic State Convention of Maine has adopted a plank in its platform in favor of the re-submission of the prohibition question to the people, and committing the party to license instead of prohibition.

THE BELGIAN MINISTRY proposes that the Chamber of Representatives shall vote credits to assist the Government of the Congo State. The Congo budget for 1889 showed a deficit of

60,000, and it is improbable that there will be a surplus for several years.

THE PRINCES OF WALES will distribute special certificates to over one thousand women who first join the Nurses' Society. The Prince will also address the nurses, advocating a fund as a memorial of the late American banker, Junius Morgan, who donated £10,000 to the Society.

THE MARQUESS OF HASTINGS has considered it necessary to personally deny the statement that he will shortly enter the Ministry, but there are yet many who believe that he will be compelled to do so. He certainly will if it is made to appear to him that his connection with the Government is necessary to its life, for upon the continuance of the present Government depends the existence of his party, the only basis of his importance as a political factor.

IT IS ANNOUNCED that complaints are about to

be immediately laid at Rome against Bishop Lefebvre, of Three Rivers, for taking an active part in the late elections, and that the elections for Three Rivers, Champlain and Maskinonge will also be contested for undue interference. It is also learned that a complaint has been laid by the Conservatives before the official laity of Rimouski diocese against Monsignor Gazy, of Restigouche. Its nature is not exactly known, but it is presumed to have reference to Bonaventure election.

Andrew's Church Institute, to be erected near the corner of Nelson and John streets. This is the outgrowth of a little Sunday-school started some sixteen years ago by Miss Isabella Alexander in an old ramshackle tenement house on Dorset street, where twenty-four families were domiciled and the roughest and lowest characters congregated. The brave woman's work has developed into the enterprise requiring the large and handsome building of which the cornerstone was yesterday prayerfully laid.

A CANOE containing Mr. John Board, of Bala, Muskoka Lake, and Miss Hoetter, of Toronto, went over the falls at Moon River chute on the 2nd instant, both being drowned.

THE PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS in Chicoutimi took place on the 3rd instant and resulted in the return of the Nationalist candidate, Mr. Cole, by a majority of at least 100.

THE ANGLICAN SYNOD, lately in session at Halifax, N.S., passed a resolution expressing regret at the evils of intemperance, but refused to agree to a clause endorsing prohibition, declaring the time was not yet ripe for it.

THE WANTS for a new election for Montserrat necessitated by the entry of the Hon. Charles Lappelle into the Provincial Cabinet, have been issued—nominations on the 12th and voting on the 19th inst.

REMARKABLE SAGACITY. PAINFUL ACCIDENT TO A WEST OXFORD MAN—HIS COLLIER'S FAITHFULNESS.

WOODSTOCK, July 3.—William Murray of West Oxford left Woodstock late on Saturday night and drove home, as far as the Sentinel Review. Having unbuckled his horse he rode one of them down to a spring about 400 yards down from the house for the purpose of watering it the other horse having started ahead on its own

account. When he reached the spring the horse that was loose kicked striking Mr. Murray in the leg. Mr. Murray knew that he was hurt but had no idea how badly. He jumped from the horse he was riding to find his leg bound under his horse's tail, and was left in a painful predicament. A compound fracture was produced by the kick and the jump from the horse on the broken limb aggravated the nature of the injury in a painful degree.

He called as loudly as he could for assistance, but he was 400 yards from the house and there was no one there but his mother and sister. He tried to drag his body along the ground by pulling on the grass, but soon fainted away from pain and exhaustion. When he recovered he called again, but there was no response. A little collie puppy came down to where Mr. Murray was, and after licking his hands and acting as a dog would do started back for the house. At the house he barked furiously for a little while and then returned to where the injured man was, returning at once to the house to bark again. From the man to the house and the house to the man the dog ran for fully an hour, until finally Mr. Murray's sister got up to see what was the matter. Miss Murray, thinking that something was wrong, went to her brother's bedroom, but found that he was not there and had not been in bed.

The dog resumed his barking and started off in the direction of the scene of the accident. Miss Murray followed, and was led to the spot where her brother lay. With the assistance of another old lady, the wounded man was removed to the house, but it was a slow and painful task, and it was three o'clock in the morning before he was in his bed. A doctor was summoned and the wound was dressed, but it will be a couple of months before Mr. Murray will be himself again. The dog is only an ordinary one to look at, and was never suspected of any sagacity before.

A DECIDEDLY pleasing event of the Dominion Day celebration in Toronto, Ont., was the laying of the cornerstone of the St.

## THE BRITISH FORCE FOR BEHRING.

THREE SHIPS AT VICTORIA AND THREE MORE ENROUTE.

VICTORIA, B.C., July 3.—The British vessel "Nymph" arrived in Esquimaux harbor yesterday. Three more in harbor the "Amphion," just repaired; the "Champion" and the "Nymph." Next week the flagship "Wasp," the "Porpoise" and the "Japhet" will be here from the south.

It is now a very long time since six war vessels of the British fleet have been in harbor together, and whether their presence is only an accident or timed to fit in with the expected seizures in Behring Sea it is difficult to say. However, there are good reasons why their orders are or will be problematical.

SEALERS WILL NOT RESIST.

As the time draws near when the sealing schooners from this port will be in danger of capture and confiscation of their catches, those most directly interested are beginning to become imbued with excitement, as in August and September of last year. There is a confident expectation that the British fleet will be met and that at some future date everything they have lost and all the damage they have sustained will be made good to them. In fact so strong is the hope of compensation and full payment of claims, that this year our schooners have sailed out of port with very few instructions as to what to do in the event of being seized, beyond the command that their officers and men must look pleasant and get their balm out of a fur seal's skin.

All tales of resistance and bloodshed, at any rate in connection with Victoria, are pure fallacy and without shadow of foundation. Of course in cases of this kind it is difficult to say what may happen, and a very small aggravation may be the cause of an explosion. (Only in going to Behring Sea this year, losing all sensational reports, our sealers have gone to get skins and with no intention, premeditated or otherwise, of any friction or of stirring bloodshed. Several of our captains are known to be headed, fearless men, who know as well and better than the best politicians the intricate merits of this question, and no doubt, the tact is used by the American vessels in Behring Sea this year there may be some hard work, and bloodshed will be forced to a solution of the trouble very likely.)

RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE.

A report was current a few days ago that the Russian Government was prepared to stand by the United States in maintaining its claim to Behring Sea, in other words, that it was in a little of little consequence. The support of Russia cannot make an unsound claim sound. It is, however, strange to see American newspapers boasting of Russia's approval of a claim which, when it was first by Russia, the American newspapers were made to protest against, and which Mr. Adams, on behalf of the United States, declared to be untenable.

THE "RUSH" SAILS FOR THE SEA.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., July 3.—The United States revenue cutter "Richard Rush" left here yesterday, presumably for Behring Sea. The revenue cutter "Corwin" is still here.

A SUCCESSFUL EXPEDITION.

RETURN OF LIEUT. SETON-KARR TO VANCOUVER.

VICTORIA, B.C., July 3.—The expedition which Lieut. Seton Karr took north with him to Chilcan, in order to discover a pass across the mountain ranges from Chilcan to the Pacific from Sitka. Lieut. Seton Karr says that the geographical results of the journey exceeded his expectations. The Chilcan Indians do not interfere with his party, being assured that trade was not one of the objects contemplated. From Klaskan, the first Indian camp, thirty miles up the Chilcan river, Lieutenant Seton Karr ascended, in the first instance on foot and subsequently with canoe, as far as the Klaskan, or the Wallysley river. Thence, partly by canoe and partly with sledges, he went as far as the national boundary, which was marked approximately. The ascent was continued to the marble

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A LADY MISSIONARY MURDERED.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., July 5.—Letters received from Fort Wayne give details of the murder of Mrs. John L. Wright, an American Presbyterian missionary, at Salinas, Western Prussia, in April. A native school teacher, half American and half Syrian, killed her, with a dagger, in her own home in revenge for her discharge from her employ. Mrs. Wright was an historian and was well educated and accomplished. Her father was a teacher of ancient Syriac in American colleges. She was married to Mr. Wright four years ago. They were in this country last year. Mrs. Wright was a native of Ohio. The murderer is in custody.

A FOURTH OF JULY BONFIRE.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., July 5.—A novel exhibition for the celebration of the fourth of July was given by the citizens of this city last evening. An 800 ton bonfire was built of oil and powder on Pike's Peak. The mountain had all the appearance of an enormous volcano, emitting forty immense columns of fire, and rocks shooting in all directions added to the effect. The illumination could be seen for one hundred miles in all directions.

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## THE EASTERN QUESTION.

TROUBLE BEHIND IN THE BALKANS.

BERLIN, July 6.—There are growing signs of an impending storm in the Balkans. The situation is so grave that the holding peace of the leading nations of the former alliance have been stopped. Herr von Kadowitz, the German ambassador at Constantinople, who was about to go to the Russian ambassador, to remain at his post. Sir W. A. White, the British ambassador to the Porte, who was just together, at Gastein, a fortnight in the several months, hurried back to Constantinople, after having a long interview with the Emperor of Austria. The Emperor has also condemned the conduct of Prince Ferdinand and the substitution of Prince Karl of Sweden as ruler of Bulgaria in his stead and, also, an arrangement of the issue of the Russo-Bulgarian war, through the International Council of administration which now controls the Turkish loans. A general explosion in the Balkans may occur before the end of the month. The Emperor of Austria has added to the general embargo by each country of the Porte stating that any concessions to Bulgaria would require similar concessions to the Greek and Serbian nationalities.

MONTENEGRO'S MISCHIEF MAKERS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 6.—It is reported that Montenegro has crossed the frontier in large numbers and have been victorious in several encounters with the Turks. They now threaten the town of Spak.

THE NUMBER OF A SERBIAN CONSUL.

BELGRADE, July 6.—The assassins of M. Marinkovich, the Serbian consul at Pristina, have been arrested. The motives of the murderers do not appear to have been of a political character. Serbia insists that Turkey give a consent to the extradition, and that the Pristina garrison salute the Serbian flag.

FRANCE AND AMERICAN PORT.

PARIS, July 6.—The Senate this week has shown its hand plainly in regard to American questions. A long debate in the Chamber voted in favor of a duty of three francs on corn, and supplemented this by imposing a duty of six francs on cornmeal. During the closing debate it was distinctly avowed that the duty on corn was to be considered only a continuation of the nine year old policy toward American pork. Comte Foucher de Careil declared that the importation of American pork was only another mode of importing American corn, and French farmers could not maintain themselves against it. The prohibition of pork was right and ought to be maintained, and the duty on corn should also be prohibitory. M. Millard called attention to the fact that American pork is only prohibited on the ground of its alleged unhealthfulness. He declared that this was merely a pretext, and that the duty on corn was all right and that the prohibition ought to be maintained.

MURDEROUS DEEDS.

SHOT BY BEHAGALS.

ST. JOHN, N.B., July 6.—A serious shooting affray occurred at Bloomfield, King's county, early this morning. Two tramps, supposed to be the men who broke into two stores in St. John on Friday night, were overtaken and called upon to surrender. They refused to be taken, and one of them fired at the constable, but missed. His companion took better aim for both were armed, and his bullet found lodgment in the second constable. Both fellows then fled and had not yet been captured, though the national boundary, which was marked approximately. The ascent was continued to the marble

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A FIGHT WITH A BIG SNAKE.

LOCKPORT, N.Y., July 3.—James Nugent and two sons, who own a farm about four miles from this city, were out last night with a thrilling experience with a huge black snake. They were going to the barn with a load of hay, when suddenly one of the boys stepped on the snake, and it crawled a path near the house. The snake was a giant of its species; its body was larger than the farmer's stoutest son, and it trailed through the grass in covered a distance of about nine feet. The boy seized a tin of pitchfork through the stick, flat end of the pitchfork, and the snake curled its body around the boy's leg, and so tightly did it squeeze that it caused the flesh to swell up in ridges. The boy held its head with the fork, however, and the farmer, getting a shabot, sprang at it, and heaved a stone, which inflicted such injuries as to cause the snake's death.

THE HELIGOLAND BARTER.

A GRAND CEREMONY PROPOSED ON HANING THE ISLAND OF HELIGOLAND TO GERMANY.

LOCKPORT, N.Y., July 3.—The handing over of the Island of Heligoland to Germany is to be made an occasion of elaborate ceremony on the part of both powers. Two imposing fleets, one having on board the Emperor of Germany and the other being under command of the Duke of Edinburgh, will arrive off the island simultaneously. The British flag will be hoisted by the Duke of Edinburgh, and the German flag will next be hoisted, and will in turn be saluted by the British fleet. The German flag will be hoisted in order to meet the Emperor.

A SOCIALIST CANDIDATE.

LOCKPORT, N.Y., July 3.—The death of Mr. Wm. Crawford, Liberal member of parliament for Middle Durham, has afforded the Socialists the opportunity of having someone for the time past to test their political strength in that locality. Within the last year the Socialists have made rapid advances among the Durham people, and they are now anxious to run a candidate of their own, with the chance greatly in favor of his election.

Canadian streams belong to Canada, or the ducks that breed in our lakes belong to us. To seek to preserve seals in the open seas because they breed on the Pribiloff Islands is no more admissible than for Canadians to attempt to prevent the shooting on the sea of wildfowl that breed on their coasts.

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ON DOMINION DAY two small boys with rifles shot a little girl by accident in the vicinity of Charlottetown, P.E.I. They never saw the child, but were firing the rifle at stumps and trees, and a stray bullet struck her. On the following day a small Ottawa boy by accident fired a twenty-two calibre rifle through a board fence and killed a little girl.

THE MARQUESS OF HASTINGS has considered it necessary to personally deny the statement that he will shortly enter the Ministry, but there are yet many who believe that he will be compelled to do so. He certainly will if it is made to appear to him that his connection with the Government is necessary to its life, for upon the continuance of the present Government depends the existence of his party, the only basis of his importance as a political factor.

IT IS ANNOUNCED that complaints are about to

be immediately laid at Rome against Bishop Lefebvre, of Three Rivers, for taking an active part in the late elections, and that the elections for Three Rivers, Champlain and Maskinonge will also be contested for undue interference. It is also learned that a complaint has been laid by the Conservatives before the official laity of Rimouski diocese against Monsignor Gazy, of Restigouche. Its nature is not exactly known, but it is presumed to have reference to Bonaventure election.

Andrew's Church Institute, to be erected near the corner of Nelson and John streets. This is the outgrowth of a little Sunday-school started some sixteen years ago by Miss Isabella Alexander in an old ramshackle tenement house on Dorset street, where twenty-four families were domiciled and the roughest and lowest characters congregated. The brave woman's work has developed into the enterprise requiring the large and handsome building of which the cornerstone was yesterday prayerfully laid.

A CANOE containing Mr. John Board, of Bala, Muskoka Lake, and Miss Hoetter, of Toronto, went over the falls at Moon River chute on the 2nd instant, both being drowned.

THE PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS in Chicoutimi took place on the 3rd instant and resulted in the return of the Nationalist candidate, Mr. Cole, by a majority of at least 100.

THE ANGLICAN SYNOD, lately in session at Halifax, N.S., passed a resolution expressing regret at the evils of intemperance, but refused to agree to a clause endorsing prohibition, declaring the time was not yet ripe for it.

THE WANTS for a new election for Montserrat necessitated by the entry of the Hon. Charles Lappelle into the Provincial Cabinet, have been issued—nominations on the 12th and voting on the 19th inst.

REMARKABLE SAGACITY. PAINFUL ACCIDENT TO A WEST OXFORD MAN—HIS COLLIER'S FAITHFULNESS.

WOODSTOCK, July 3.—William Murray of West Oxford left Woodstock late on Saturday night and drove home, as far as the Sentinel Review. Having unbuckled his horse he rode one of them down to a spring about 400 yards down from the house for the purpose of watering it the other horse having started ahead on its own

account. When he reached the spring the horse that was loose kicked striking Mr. Murray in the leg. Mr. Murray knew that he was hurt but had no idea how badly. He jumped from the horse he was riding to find his leg bound under his horse's tail, and was left in a painful predicament. A compound fracture was produced by the kick and the jump from the horse on the broken limb aggravated the nature of the injury in a painful degree.

He called as loudly as he could for assistance, but he was 400 yards from the house and there was no one there but his mother and sister. He tried to drag his body along the ground by pulling on the grass, but soon fainted away from pain and exhaustion. When he recovered he called again, but there was no response. A little collie puppy came down to where Mr. Murray was, and after licking his hands and acting as a dog would do started back for the house. At the house he barked furiously for a little while and then returned to where the injured

THE SUFFERING HEAL.

EUGENE SUE'S GREAT TALE OF THE JESUITS AND LABOR REFORM.

(Continued from the "Witness")

PART SECOND—THE CHAMBERMENT

CHAPTER XLIII.—(Continued.)

Having left home suddenly, with only just time to throw a mantle over the pictures and an evening costume which she often chose to wear when alone, she appeared so radiant with beauty to Djalma's dazzled eyes, in the centre of those leaves and flowers, that the Indian believed himself under the influence of the power of the sun.

With clasped hands, eyes wide open, the body slightly bent forward, as if in the act of prayer, he stood petrified with admiration. Mlle. de Carville, who had just entered the room, came in, looking surprised and emotion, remained on the threshold of the greenhouse, without entering the room.

All this had passed in less time than it takes to describe. It hardly had the blind been raised, than Rodin, feigning surprise, exclaimed: "You here, madame?"

"Oh, sir!" said Adrienne, in an agitated voice. "I come to terminate the business which you have entrusted to me, and you, that when a suspicion crossed my mind, I uttered it aloud to the person by whom it was inspired. Well, I confess it: I have failed in this honesty. I came here as a spy on you, who, when I saw you, I felt that I was giving me a new pledge of your devotion and sincerity. I doubted your uprightness at the moment when you were bearing testimony to my fidelity, and I felt that in my life I stopped to desert; this weakness merited punishment, and I submit to it—demands reparation, and I make it—calls for apologies, and I tender them to you."

"Now, I am no longer mistress of my secret. I am your relation, Mlle. de Carville, and I hope you will accept from a sister the hospitality that you did not refuse from another."

Djalma made no reply. Plunged into static contemplation of this sudden apparition which surpassed his wildest and most dazzling visions, he felt a sort of intoxication, which by the way, he never thought of concealing all his faculties in the one sense of sight; and just as we sometimes seek in vain to satisfy unquenchable thirst, the burning look of the Indian sought, and he never thought of concealing it, to take in all the rare perfections of the young lady.

Verily, never had two more divine types of beauty met face to face. Adrienne and Djalma were both young, and so young, and so generous and so full of passion, so heroic and so kind, who, in the eyes of the other, had, singularly enough, each learned the moral worth of the other; for if at the words of Rodin, Djalma had felt arise in his heart an admiration, as lively as the admiration of the young man, he had also felt arise in his heart a sympathy, as genuine as the sympathy of the young man.

Credulously agitated, and suffering deeply from this agitation, she tried to dissemble the impression she had received, by addressing Rodin, who, in the meantime, had been looking at her with an expression of the Indian redoubled the lady's embarrassment.

Again raising her eyes towards the prince, she invited him to respond to her fraternal appeal, and she looked once more with a mixture of fear, sadness, and wounded pride; then she congratulated herself on having foreseen the respectable necessity of her presence, and she had not been able to resist the temptation of her own nature already in pain. Wishing to put an end to her present painful situation, she said to Rodin, in a low and trembling voice, "I have a letter for you, which I have just received from your father. I cannot repeat to you its contents."

"But you will return?" said Djalma, starting and restraining his tears. "I shall see you again?"

"Oh, no! never—never!" said Mlle. de Carville, in a fainting voice. Then, profiting by the stupor into which her answer had thrown Djalma, she disappeared rapidly behind the plants in the greenhouse.

Flourine was hastening to rejoin her mistress when, just at the moment she passed before Rodin, he said to her in a low quick voice: "To-morrow we must finish with the hunchback."

Flourine trembled in every limb, and with-out answering Rodin, disappeared, like her mistress, behind the plants. Djalma remained upon his knees, with his head resting on his breast. His countenance expressed neither rage nor excitement, but a painful stupor; he kept silently repeating to himself, "I have done it, but with so tremendous a step, that he could hardly reach the divan, on which he sank down, hiding his face in his hands."

Then Rodin, advancing, said to him in a quick and commanding tone: "I have heard what has happened. I did not wish you to see your benefactress; and if I told you she was old, do you know why, dear prince?"

Djalma, without answering, let his hands fall, and he looked at the driver with a great interest in M. Hardy, and he was alarmed by a false report."

"She loves him, doubtless," said Mother Bunch, much moved, "and in her anxiety, she is coming to enquire after him."

"It is only too true. I saw her get into the coach with interest, for her emotion had infected me. The coach started—and what it did next, I do not know. I saw that the young lady could not have perceived, for it had been hidden by an angle of the wall; and, as it turned round the corner, I distinguished perfectly a man in the driver's mother, and she went to him to take the same road as the hackney coach."

"The poor young lady was followed," said Mother Bunch, anxiously.

"No doubt of it; so, I instantly hastened after the coach, reached it, and through the blinds that were closed, I said to the young lady, whilst I kept running by the side of the coach-door: 'Take care, madame; you are followed by a cab.'"

"I heard her exclaim, 'Great heaven!' with an accent of despair. The coach continued its course. The coach came up with the driver, and he saw her, a great fat ruddy man, who, having watched me running after the coach, no doubt suspected something, for he looked at me somewhat uneasily."

"Wait a moment," cried the other, suddenly interrupting Agriola, and appearing to recollect some one who had been to St. Mary's Convent, to ask for work of the superior, she proposed that I should be employed by the day, in a house I was to watch, or, in other words, to act as a spy."

"What do you know," said the girl, "with whom I was to begin this odious trade? Why, with Madame de Fremont, or de Bremond, I do not remember which, a very respectable woman, my daughter, a young married lady, received visits a great deal too frequently (according to the superior) from a certain manufacturer."

"I do not understand you, Agriola," said Mother Bunch, "but I have in the incredible instinct of your heart. Many times, you have said to me: 'Agriola, love this person, love that person, have confidence in that other—'—that never, however, I have seen you with any of the persons whom you speak of."

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LITERARY REVIEW.

THE FRENCH REVOLUTION.

The first of the French Revolution by J. M. McCarthy, M.P., author of "An Outline of its History." ... published by Harper & Co. It is a very clear and readable book...

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A NOTEABLE DAY IN MEGANTIC.

A GREAT PROHIBITION DEMONSTRATION.

On Monday, July 1, Dominion Day was celebrated here to-day by a grand prohibition picnic under the auspices of the Good Templars and the Dominion Alliance.

THE SINGING OF A HYMN BY THE GLEE CLUB.

The Rev. Mr. Sutherland of the Presbyterian Church, called the attention of the Glee Club to the singing of a hymn...

BARBERS' HOTELS.

The Rev. W. H. Henderson, the new Methodist minister, was the guest speaker. He said: "We have no quarrel with the honest hotel-keepers of this country, who are doing an honorable business by catering to the comforts of the traveling public..."

THE NEW MEMBER'S TEMPERANCE VIEWS.

Mr. S. Johnson, the newly elected member, who had refused the Minister of Agriculture, Col. Rhodes, was the next speaker. He reviewed the temperance cause...

TOO MUCH EXERCISE CAUSES HEART DISEASE AND SHORTENS LIFE.

In all physical exercise it is the heart that is most directly affected, and it is on that organ, the pumping station for the blood vessels, that the most serious damage is done...

THE RIGHT KIND OF TEMPERANCE MAN.

The next speaker was Mr. Turcotte, the Federal member for the English-speaking provinces, who is a prohibitionist, having always supported the Alliance prohibitory resolution in Parliament...

MR. CARSON'S SPEECH.

Mr. J. H. Carson, congratulating the good people of the Dominion on the Dominion Day picnic, he said, "I feel it a privilege to be here to-day to celebrate the 23rd anniversary of the birth of our Dominion by a prohibition demonstration."

AN ADVENTURE IN THE AIR.

The aeronaut Higgins went on the other day from Orléans, near London, on a trapeze attached to his balloon, meaning to come down by a parachute; but an accident happened to the trapeze and he was obliged to descend by cutting it loose.

DEATH OF LORD CARNARVON.

A NOBMAN WHO TOOK GREAT INTEREST IN THE WELFARE OF HIS PEOPLE.

LORD CARNARVON, who died after a long illness on Monday, July 7, 1899, was born in 1831, and was a prominent part in affairs affecting Canada and was ever pushing the Dominion's interests. He represented a large constituency in the House of Lords, and succeeded to the earldom during his minority, and made his maiden speech in the House of Lords before he was twenty years of age.

DR. BOURQUE'S REPLY TO MR. PERRY.

DR. BOURQUE'S REPLY TO MR. PERRY. (To the Editor of the Witness.) Sir,—I do not intend to go into a controversy with Mr. Perry in regard to the treatment of the insane; as far as I know he is not a physician, and can scarcely be considered an authority on this matter.

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WINE AND STRONG DRINK.

THE PREMIER OF QUEBEC'S PROGRAMME FOR THE FUTURE.

THE PREMIER OF QUEBEC'S PROGRAMME FOR THE FUTURE. On Wednesday last the Club National of Montreal gave a banquet at which a large number of notable persons were present. Mr. Laurier and Sir Richard Cartwright were expected to take part, but owing to unforeseen circumstances were unable to come.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Table with 2 columns: Subscription type and Rate. Includes Daily Witness, Weekly Witness, and Northern Messenger rates.

ADVERTISING RATES.

WEEKLY WITNESS.—Advertisement, 25¢ per line per insertion, including cuts and large type. Daily Witness rates for various ad types.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—When remitting by postal note to the correct post office address, and the Province or State, and either register your letter, which will be in addition to the regular postage.

The Witness.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 9, 1890.

RIPING OR ROTTING?

How do Canadians find themselves after twenty-three years of national life? Are they contented or discontented with their condition? Are they pleased or displeased with themselves? In outward things they certainly find life very tolerable.

THE ANNUAL BEGIRA.

People may yet be forced to the conclusion that man, to reach his best condition, must give half his time to occupations which will bring his bodily powers into play. It may be found that at school those pupils will develop the best intellectual powers who give a large portion of their school time to operations in which the body and the mind are both employed.

snare of an ecclesiastical conspiracy working its wires by means of race prejudices and antipathies. But let us not regard one of our races as the principal cause of our political humiliation.

A WELL EARNED HUMILIATION.

To her habitual total depravity in her foreign relations, the United States has added in the matter of the Hehring Sea an imbecility which nothing but a self-conceit amounting to mania could account for.

THE FINAL STRUGGLE.

A little more than a year ago the Republican party was returned to power in the United States doubly pledged to protection. Not only were the most lavish promises given the farmers of the west, but the party was, so to speak, mortgaged to the manufacturers.

Paix, of three rivers, M. Turcotte's organ, complains bitterly of clerical interference in the elections, though it is presumable that had the interference been in behalf of Mr. Turcotte it would have left the fault finding to others.

A BROKEN LINK.

The nations that have the working out of the British constitution and of other liberal constitutions which have sprung from it are beginning to discover some gaps in the completeness of the machine.

THE LETTER FILE.

Mr. Harvie's file is a very simple and handy contrivance for binding papers, and if used with ordinary care should last a long time. Some do not think it pays to file papers, however good. When good reading matter is so cheap, and new subjects succeed each other so rapidly, as the general reader hardly has time to go back over old newspaper files.

whereas in this election their candidate polled less than nineteen hundred. Was this manifest lack of enthusiasm on the part of the Conservatives owing to over-confidence, begot by the presence of two opponents in the field, or to dissatisfaction with their own party?

THE WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

THE WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION A STRICTLY NON-POLITICAL ORGANIZATION. (To the Editor of the Witness.) Sir,—As certain individuals have asserted that the W. C. T. U. of this Province has entered the political arena, and as certain newspapers have echoed the assertion, something should be said to disabuse those persons who may have believed this accusation of an erroneous idea.

THE LIQUOR PEOPLE OF GREAT BRITAIN, who have always maintained an air of respectability, are exposing themselves in their true colors, and are consequently being totally discredited.

THE STRONG DISSENT.

THE STRONG DISSENT.—I received a letter from a gentleman in regard to the letter paper, the paper used does very well when a file is used, and the paper filed soon after they come. It was for the purpose of preserving the Witness that I first made a paper file, and finding it did so well and could be made cheaply, I got it patented and commenced to manufacture. It might be well to draw the attention of your subscribers to the idea of using a file to preserve their papers. I can send them by mail for twenty-five cents.

THE INFERIOR GOVERNMENT has withdrawn its three great measures—the Tiber Bill, the Local Taxation and Compensation to Publicans Bill, and the Irish Land Purchase scheme—and in view of the demoralization of the combined Unionist parties there is little doubt that this was the wisest course.

THE LONDON "FREE PRESS."

THE LONDON "FREE PRESS," the paper which was compiled to make a complete face about when Sir John Macdonald promulgated the National Policy, has repudiated one of the fundamental portions of that policy, the duty on corn. It has discovered that corn is the raw material out of which the farmer manufactures beef, that the duty does not increase the price of the Canadian farmer's produce, but merely prevents him from making a profit by selling his coarse grain for export, and replacing it by importation, and that therefore the duty on corn duty should be removed.

THE RELATIONS OF GERMANY AND RUSSIA have not recently been of the friendliest and closest character and it is true that the Emperor William has decided to take the settlement of the Bulgarian affair into his own hands and out of those of the Czar.

THE CANADA PRIZE COMPETITION.

OUR READERS, ESPECIALLY THOSE INTERESTED in the Canada Prize Competition, will regret to hear of the recent illness of Prof. Charles G. D. Roberts, Professor of English and French Literature in King's College, Windsor, N.S., judge of the Canada Prize Competition stories for Ontario West. They will also be pleased to learn of his recovery. He has completed the work of judging the stories, the results of which we expect to publish next week.





AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE.

What is the matter with my rhubarb? Inquirer, Assow P. Q., Poplar Park, Manitoba...

A MODEL DAIRY FARM.

We are never too old to learn; such were my thoughts a few days ago, when in Ottawa I met an old acquaintance who invited me to visit his homestead some seven miles distant in the township of Napean...

MILKING QUERIES.

J. D. A. C., No. P. Q. Inquirer: Is it a rule a vegetable of a fruit? Answer: No, you've got me!

GRASSES FOR IDENTIFICATION.

A. C. A. G. Inquirer: Reclected I send you two grasses. Can you identify them? Answer: Yes, I can.

VETERINARY.

Cracked Hoof. Inquirer: I have a fine mare which I bought three months ago...

STAMBLING HORSE.

E. S. S., Ont. Q.—I have a young horse that seems to be afflicted with a peculiar ailment...

OBSTRUCTION IN A COW'S TEAT.

Reader: My cow has a small lump half way up her teat, size of a pea...

INSURED COW.

T. N. G., Ont. Q.—I have a cow two years old, two months ago she calved through a board...

LAME MAZE.

Letter: My cow has a peculiar ailment, she is lame in the fore leg, and she is very nervous...

FARM GLEANINGS.

HAY ALLOWED TO MATURE and then cut and allowed to lie in the sun until thoroughly dried out...

AGRICULTURAL.

BAWDY AS MUSH AND MANURE. Answer: My cow has a peculiar ailment, she is lame in the fore leg...

TOURIST TRAVELING.

A. B. C. Inquirer: Will you kindly tell me who is the best food for young turkeys?

SHEEP-SHEPHERDING COMPOUND.

J. E. T. Inquirer: What is the name and address of the firm in Montreal who sell a good sheep-dipping compound...

PRIZE POTATO DIGGER.

The Governor in Council has approved of the following regulations for the distribution of the grant of \$500 as a reward for an improved machine for digging potatoes...

PATENTED INVENTIONS FOR THE GRAIN FIELD.

The whole number of patents issued for ploughs up to the year 1890, was five thousand, hundred and eighty-five...

CLOGGED UP.

Where watercourses along highways become clogged up, the road is not only in bad condition, but the manure is also in a state of decay...

AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

The subject of agricultural education has occupied the attention of a joint committee of the Central Chamber of Agriculture and the Farmers' Club...

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

SOME SEEN TO THINK A COW is a cow whether she will milk or not, and takes up her hundred pounds of butter in a year...

TO HAVE HEALTHY SWINE.

TO HAVE HEALTHY SWINE carefully abstain from giving any medicine whatever. Keep large and small separate...

DAIRYING NOTES.

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE intends to offer a prize of \$500 for the best cooling chamber for the storage of butter and cream in the hot months...

THE KANSAS FARMER.

The Kansas Farmer tells how a Kansas farmer wrote to the Secretary of Agriculture to exhibit at his county fair...

THE SHORTEST DIRECT ROUTE EAST TO MONTREAL.

At a Public Hearing before a convention of the Montreal Chamber of Commerce, the Hon. J. G. Bourke, Minister of Agriculture, read a report...

EDISON'S DEMOCRATIC WAYS.

Edison is a count, a millionaire and the most famous living inventor. His present wealth, which amounts to many millions...

UNITED STATES MONEY IN MANITOBA.

American money is no longer worth its full value in Winnipeg, excepting at some of the stores...

FIVE NEW MISSIONARIES.

The British Weekly tells of a unique service at Chestnut College (Congregational) recently, when five men were ordained and dedicated to the service of the Chinese...

ROUND SHOULDERS.

A stooping figure and a halting gait, accompanied by the unavoidable weakness of lungs incidental to a narrow chest...

INDIAN LIONS DYING OUT.

The lions of India appear to be going the way of the great bustard and the dodo...

A COSTLY BIBLE.

The report that a syndicate of rich Jews had offered to buy the Hebrew Bible in its original form for \$100,000...

THE MYSTIC XIII.

When Mercier threatened our fair land to ravage it, he said: 'I will take it by force and by guile.'

FOREIGN FAST TRAINS.

The following table, from statistics collected recently, gives the number of fast trains in different European countries:

QUERER ORNUS.

The New York Tribune tells of a young child living on Fifth avenue and Cherry Hill, Fifth avenue represents the wealth of New York city...

NORTH-WEST PROGRESS.

A Brandon (Man.) paper says: 'Buildings are being erected in the north-west, and it is scarcely known that this was the city that stood here a month ago.'

MOORE PROGRESS.

THE PARRY SOUND COLONIZATION RAILWAY. (Continued from the Witness.)

OTAWA, June 29.—The principal officers of the Parry Sound Colonization Railway attended the office of the Parliamentary Railway Commission here to-day for the purpose of submitting the plans and specifications of the proposed road...

THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE ROAD.

has been awarded to Mr. W. G. Reid, the well-known contractor of Montreal. It is intended to lay down the road between the town and the remaining 37 miles during 1890...

CLIMATE IS MOST ENJOYABLE.

The district has already become a well frequented resort for tourists who delight in the scenery of the country and the variety of fishing and other sports that are to be obtained...

INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

CONSTANT BEAVER, Ont. Q.—I was Hon. T. W. Anglin expelled from the House during the debate on the resolution of the House...

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION.

G. A. G. Inquirer: I have a number of examinations for civil service in the year 1890 that appear the following questions...

UNFETTERED WINE.

A SHERIFF, California, Ont. Q.—How can we make a better wine than the one that is now in the market?

TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUMENT.

TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUMENT. Can you inform me where I can get a telegraphic machine to learn how to use it?

THE CHOLERA IN QUEBEC.

A FRIEND writes: A correspondent in a late issue of the Witness asks: 'What was the date of the second epidemic of cholera in Quebec in 1865?'

LEGAL.

CLEARING ANOTHER MAN'S LAND. A CLEARING OUT Q.—A man has farmed a piece of land over which he has a title...

SALE OF HAY—PURCHASER IN DEFAULT.

AN OLD STOCKING, Ont. Q.—A bill to B. B. to pay an invoice of \$7 per ton, on 20 tons of hay...

OUR REMISS ANCESTORS.

M. T. reads nothing like the advantages of gymnastics. There is a picture for it for health, he says...

A HAPPY COMPARISON.

She ordered a few for a grand dinner and made the table look like a picture gallery...

DEPOSITING FOR BENEFIT OF ADOPTED CHILD.

E. B., Ont. Q.—I want to place in the Post Office Savings Bank a sum of money for an adopted child...

FORBIDDING SALE OF LIQUOR TO A RELATIVE.

A. B. Inquirer: Q.—Can a sister forbid liquor to be sold to a brother, he being a widower with a family of small children?

WHAT SETTLED THE DISPUTE.

HOW A COLORED BAPTIST BROTHER OBTAINED A WHITE BAPTIST.

DONT POOL.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is so positively certain in its curative action as to warrant its manufacture in guaranteeing it to cure diseases of the blood, skin and scalp...

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS.

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REPARATE SCHOOLS.

Dr. Roberts, Ont. Q.—Have the Protestants of Quebec separate schools, separate teachers and separate personal schools?

THE WINDSOR-BACKETS DEATH.

MONTREAL, Que. Q.—I was the Windsor Hotel opened in 1871? When was it first opened in 1871?

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REWARD OFFERED FOR AN INMATE CASE OF CALVES.

Dr. Reward will be offered for an inmate case of Calves by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Remedy, 30 St. St. St. St.

VERY SURE.

Very sure, my man. Get no more of this stuff. You quality would carry the things. It gets half-crown.

