LAST EDITION.

The Montreal Daily Star

DAILY STAR: Last Week's Average 51,319
WEEKLY STAR: Last Week's Issue.... 94,914
Average Circulation of the Star..... 146,233

VOL. XXX. No. 135. MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1898. PRICE ONE CENT.

Timely Suggestions for



From the Up-to-Date Men's Outfitters

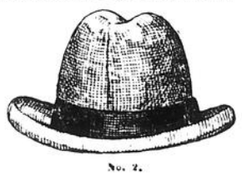
HOT WEATHER

CLOTHING AND HEADWEAR

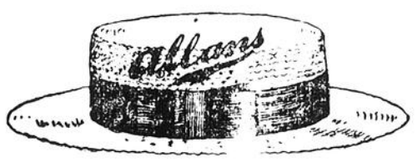
IT'S now time to throw off the heavy Tweed Coats and Felt Hats, and to get a light Summer Coat and Hat. OUR STOCK is now complete. Lowest prices in the trade. We invite inspection. Read a description and the prices of a few of our lines . . . . . .


No. 1.

CRASH LINEN HATS.


No. 2.

Brown Linen Hats for Men and Boys at 50c each, shapes as No. 1.
Plain Check Brown Linen Hats, Boys' and Men's, at 50c each.
Fancy Check Linen Crash Hats, firm stitched rims and white muslin lined, light, cool and comfortable, at 75c each.
Extra good neat style plain brown, plain white and neat small checks and silk stripes.
A very firm and shape retaining Straw, ventilated around top, at 85c and $1.00 each.
Phedora shapes as No. 2 in Plain Brown Linen and Fancy Silk Stripe, at $1.00 each.



STRAW HATS



Plain White Straw, fancy colored bands, for Boys, at 40c and 50c each.
Boys' Sailor Shapes, wide rims, from 15c to $1.25 each.
Boys' White Linen Sailors also Girls' in linen, new fancy styles, for this season, large assortment.
Men's White Straw Hats with plain black and fancy bands, 50c to $2.00 each.
Very low prices on Fine Straw Hats which must be cleared out at any price this season.



Boating and Cycling Caps



In all the newest makes, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00 each.

SUMMER COATS, VESTS AND TROUSERS.

Separate or Together—For Men and Boys.

Boys' Striped Summer Coats at 75c and $1.00 each.
Men's Brown Linen Coats at 90c each.
Men's Oxford Grey and Black Alpaca Coats at $1.25 each.
Finer quality better made at $1.50 each.
Very neat dark grey stripe Alpaca at $1.75 each.
Black Russel Cord at $1.75, $2.00 and $2.25 each.
Blue Serge Unlined Coats at $1.50 and $2.50 each.
Blue Serge Coat and Vest at $2.50 and $3.50.
Light Fancy House Coats for summer at $1.75 each.
White Duck Coats at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 each.
White Duck Pants at $1.25 and $1.50 per pair. [each.
Light Fancy Striped Tennis, Cricketing or Outing Coats at $1.50
Light Fancy Striped Pants to match at $1.50 per pair.
Linen Crash Coat and Pants at $3.50 per suit.

CLEARING SALE OF

Brown Linen Vests, double breasted, detachable buttons, worth $1.50 and $2.00 each, to be cleared at 50c and 75c each.
Light Checked and Striped Cashmere Vests at $1.25 each.
Navy Blue Fancy Checked and Spotted Vests at $1.50 each.
Medium and light colored Cashmere Vests, silk striped and checked, at $1.75, $2.00 and $2.25 each.


FANCY VESTS

ALSO A FULL STOCK OF Bicycle Suits, Sweaters, Hose, Belts, . . Racing Suits, Swimming Suits and Pants, etc.

allan Men's Hatter and Outfitter.

665 Craig Street,
2299 St. Catherine St.

P. S.—Make your purchases to-night if convenient, more time to select and try on. . . Stores close at 9 p. m. to-night.

BOTH STORES OPEN TILL 11 P. M. ON SATURDAYS.

135s1

A "SPANISH SPY."

A Mule Buyer Said to Have Been Lynched in Kansas

BECAUSE HE HAD A LETTER FROM CARRANZA DATED MONTREAL.

(Special to the Star.)

NEW YORK, June 10. The Sun publishes this despatch from Walnut Ridge, Kansas: A courier got here yesterday from Smyrna, Pope County, bringing information of the apparent lynching of a Spanish mule buying agent at a point between Smyrna and Northwood yesterday evening. The victim called himself Henry Lorenzo. He had travelled over Sevier, Newton and Pope Counties for some weeks, purchasing mules in large numbers, ostensibly for a St. Louis firm who he claimed had a large contract with the Government to furnish some 18 hand mules for the Cuban campaign. He is said to have paid good prices for all he took.

Yesterday afternoon a large number of mules were collected at the place of the subsequent lynching and a party of grizzled mountaineers were admiring the stock, when one of them found a letter which Lorenzo had dropped. It was from Lieut. Carranza, and was dated Montreal. It gave Lorenzo instructions as to the best methods to be adopted in shipping mules to Spanish points in order to avoid American detection on the high seas. An explanation was demanded, but Lorenzo's excuses were unsatisfactory. The courier says that the crowd took the Spaniard away with the intention of killing him.

WOMEN EXCLUDED.

They Cannot be Accepted as Delegates to a Methodist Conference.

TORONTO, Ont., June 10. — The Toronto Methodist Conference opened its regular business session yesterday afternoon at Broadway Tabernacle with over 300 delegates in attendance, and Rev. Dr. Stone presiding.

After the roll call of members the question of the admission of women to seats at this conference was raised, and the ruling of the president asked for. The occasion which called for this ruling was the election of Miss Mary Newton, a representative from the district of West Toronto.

The president quoted the discipline which stated that the conference should be composed of ministers and laymen in equal numbers, and he ruled that women were not included, and therefore, could not sit as delegates. His interpretation was concurred in, and Miss Newton was accordingly excluded.

Rev. Dr. Chambers was elected president and Rev. E. S. Rowe, secretary, in the evening.

CLAING UNDER ARREST.

Jury at St. Hyacinthe Found Him Responsible for Lepage's Death.

(Special to the Star.)

ST. HYACINTHE, Que., June 10. — The jury in the Lepage case rendered their verdict last night, which was to this effect: That Ovila Lepage died from a blow inflicted by Victor Claing, while Lepage was trying to force an entrance in to the house. In their verdict the jury declared that the conduct of Lepage's companions was highly reprehensible, and they also declared that Claing should be arrested at once, which was immediately done. The preliminary examination of Claing will take place to-day. The impression here is that Claing will easily clear himself, as it is a case of justifiable homicide.

REBELLIONS IN CHINA.

(Special to the Star.)

CANTON, China, June 10. — A rebellion has broken out at Chow Chow Fu, Province of Kwan Tung. The rebels have captured the city, killed a magistrate and his wife and others, and burned a public building. A serious disturbance has also occurred at Ning Po.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to Cure. 25c. 22s tf

CANCER And Tumors cured to stay cured, at home; no knife, plaster or pain. For Canadian testimonials & 190-page book—free, write Dept. 7, Mason Medicine Co., 577 Sherbourne Street, Toronto Ontario.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY. If you want to borrow money and MONEY. own Household Goods, Pianos, MONEY. Organs, Horses, Wagons, Bicycles, MONEY. call on us and we will advance you MONEY. any amount from $10 to $1000. No MONEY. removal of goods. All transactions MONEY. made without publicity and money MONEY. can be returned in payments, either MONEY. weekly or monthly instalments, to MONEY. suit borrower. Call and get our MONEY. terms and plan of lending.

Montreal Loan & Brokerage Co., Room 8, No. 203 St. James St. 131ztf

BILLIARDS.

E. L. ETHIER & CO., 88 St. Denis St., Montreal.

Manufacturers of Billiard, Pool Tables and Bowling Alleys. Importers of Billiard Cloth, Balls, Tips etc., etc. Our Columbus Electric Cushions are known to be the best in use.

Telephones:—Bell 6057. Merchants 713. 229eod (1)

The Tariff and Havana War HAS INCREASED the COST to the TRADE OF THE Stonewall Jackson RIBBON TRADE MARK

And in Consequence some Shortsighted Dealers are offering as Substitutes Interior Brands, Affording them Larger Profits.

Enormously the Largest Sale of Any Cigar in Canada: 224x2awtf

WONDERFUL DIFFERENCE

Between the Ordinary Make and

TAILOR-MADE SHIRTS

One might fit--the other must.
They do if they are made by

R. J. TOOKE, 177 St. James Street. 2387 St. Catherine Street West. 1553 St. Catherine Street East. 135zl

What's so Rare as June?

The month of perfect days, whose joys inspire Dame Fashion to surpass all previous creations, and always foremost to exploit the newest and best of everything pertaining to man's June apparel

Kennedy & Co. whose reliability and superiority are indisputable, comes forward to design and produce. Others advertise great values, but do they can they keep their promises? Kennedy & Co. always does and always will and their greatest promises are to give better values for less money than any other store in the city. They have but one price, and return your money, if you want it.

Phenomenal Sale For Men.

Saturday's sale was a signal success. We took all the small lots left from our best Suits, and marked them all below early season prices, and many below cost, and the rush was unprecedented. So great was it, in fact, that we will continue the sale to-day, every line being augmented by even greater values.



Men's Very Finest Suits.

All the small lots left from our best selling $15.00 Silk Mixed Worsteds, in Club Checks Plaids and Plain Effects, Martin's Blue Serges, English Unfinished Worsteds and Tweeds. We have marked them all at the uniform low figure, . $10.00

Men's Well Made Suits.

Pure all wool Tweeds and Cheviots, dozens of different shades, cut in the newest styles, guaranteed to hold their shape as long as worn. Have sold all season for $8.00, but to-day and during this special sale they will go at $5.95



Men's Fine Suits.

Made of finest soft finish Tweeds, Cheviots and Fancy Mixtures, faultlessly made, cut in newest styles, suits that sold earlier at $10.00 and $12.00, hundred patterns to select from, all sizes. Commencing to-day the sale will be resumed at the remarkable low price, . $8.50

Men's Superior Dress Suits.

Made of the finest Clay Twills and Venetian Cloths, cut in the latest styles and guaranteed to be as well made as it is possible to make them. Good value at $24.00. To-day only $13.50

MEN'S NOBBY WORSTED TROUSERS.

Many different styles of stripes, plaids and checks, all cut in the newest fashions, and made to sell at $3.50. Offered during this great special sale at $2.50

Our Great Sale of Boys' Attire

Created a sensation, as we expected it would, and the sale will continue to day with renewed vigor. Those mothers who were not here last Saturday with their boys should by all means come to-day. Such opportunities are unusual, and cannot last forever.

READ THESE OFFERS.



Hundreds of Boys' Knee Pant Suits.

All ages made in Brownie Reefer, Sailor Vestee, and plain double-breasted styles, from the choicest effects in plain and fancy mixtures. Made to sell at $4.50 and $5.00, every one of them will be offered in this grand special sale to-day at

$3.00.

Hundreds of Boys' Long Pant Suits.

Ages 14 to 20, in single and double-breasted sack styles. Made from fine Imported and Canadian woollens, nobbiest designs. Cut in the height of fashion. Made to sell at $10.00 and $12.00. To-day at Kennedy's they go on sale at the marvellous low figure

$7.00.



J. G. KENNEDY & CO., The One Price Clothiers,

31 ST. LAWRENCE STREET. 135z1

FOR SALE.

Island Gem of the Richelieu.

CHARMING COUNTRY HOME

On the Historic Richelieu River, Near Montreal,

known as "ILE AUX CERFS." Late residence of Colonel de Montenach. About 70 acres, one half beautifully wooded, balance under cultivation. A tower water service, most complete, distributes over the island. Outbuildings, stables, barns, ice-houses, lodge, vegetable and fruit gardens. Good fishing and boating. A beautiful steam yacht, forty feet long, twelve miles an hour, will be included if desired. The property is for sale on account of death in the family, and will be sold at a bargain, and on terms to suit the purchaser. Ice house at present full. 4 trains daily from Beloeil Station. Steamer Chambly passes twice a week from and to Montreal. Other boats continually passing.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 181 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada. 112s tf

WARNING.

The Exchequer Court (Mr. Justice Burbidge) having refused to sanction the registration of a label in the form of a kite by Messrs. Melchers, of Schiedam, as having too much resemblance to the well known mark of Messrs. John deKuyper & Son, of Rotterdam, notice is by these presents given that all persons selling or having in their possession for the purposes of sale any Gin bearing a label shaped like a kite, balloon, peg top, or in any way resembling Messrs. John deKuyper & Son's heart-shaped label, will be prosecuted according to law.

Montreal, May 30th, 1898.

Campell, Meredith, Allan & Hague,

Attorneys for Messrs. John de Kuyper & Son. 123s2 1aw

SPRINGFIELD WON.

The Ponies, With Umpire Doescher's Assistance, Downed Montreal.

TORONTO FIRST NOW.

They Defeated Providence and Moved Up—Montreal in Third Place.

THE OTHER GAMES.

Results of the National and International Games Yesterday.

Montreal played a winning game yesterday, but they had more to contend with than the ponies from Springfield. Mr. Doescher's assistance was not needed in umpiring. But we were going to say enough to make the ponies tired of the Bs decisions. It does not yet day were something wonderful in the matter of [illegible] Either the umpire and Montreal got the worst of the deal. In allowing Nichols to [illegible] on balls with [illegible] strikes, he [illegible] Montreal of the game. [illegible] Mr. Doescher gets [illegible] the game [illegible] Montreal a square [illegible] covered. Evening [illegible]

Both teams [illegible] the ball part, and Dolan [illegible] Nichols [illegible] Montreal [illegible] two bagger and [illegible] Nichols [illegible] on balls, and [illegible] strikes. A [illegible] Hart [illegible] both runs. A [illegible] Montreal [illegible] Manley [illegible] Montreal [illegible] Barry [illegible] Shearon [illegible] Bannon [illegible] Shearon [illegible] Bannon [illegible] first on a [illegible] Bases.

The sixth was productive [illegible] Springfield [illegible] Rogers [illegible] Gleason [illegible] Dolan [illegible] second by Nichols [illegible] an endeavor [illegible] Montreal [illegible] field [illegible] score. McFarlan [illegible] bagger for [illegible] hit. Barry [illegible] third on Shearon [illegible] on Bannon's [illegible] enough to make Barry [illegible] catch Barry. The [illegible] Lush [illegible] Reed in the mud. Bannon was hit with [illegible] first. Lush hit the ball to Schriebeck [illegible] juggled it, and Bannon moved up to third. Lush stole second and then Green was [illegible] with the ball and the bases were full. A two bagger by Rogers cleared them, and the next two men went out in order.

Montreal made an attempt to pull up, but the luck and everything else seemed to be against them. Barry drew a base on balls, and went third on Shearon and Bannon's out. Dooley scored him with a base hit. Henry then sent a long fly to left field closing the game.

SPRINGFIELD

	A.	B.	R.	I.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Nichols, c	4	1	2	1	2	0	
Hernon, c.f	5	0	2	1	1	0	
J. Bannon, l.f.	4	1	1	2	3	0	0
Dooley, 1b	4	0	1	1	10	1	0
Henry, 3b	5	1	1	1	1	1	0
Schriebeck, s.s	4	1	1	2	2	2	
Miller, 2b	4	0	1	1	5	3	0
Butler, c	4	0	0	1	6	2	1
McFarlan, p	4	0	1	0	0	7	0
Total	40	4	10	10	30	16	2

MONTREAL.

	A.	B.	R.	I.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Barry, c.f	4	1	1	1	1	0	0
Shearon, r.f	5	0	2	1	1	1	0
T. Bannon, l.f.	4	1	1	2	3	0	0
Dooley, 1b	4	0	1	1	13	2	0
Henry, 3b	5	1	1	1	1	1	0
Green, r.f.	4	1	2	1	4	0	1
Rogers, 2b	4	0	1	1	5	3	0
Gleason, s.s	5	1	1	1	0	6	2
Dolan, p	5	1	2	0	3	0	0
Total	38	8	13	27	22	5	

SUMMARY.

Earned runs, Springfield 2, Montreal 2; two-base hits, Hernon, Rogers, Gleason, Dolan, T. Bannon 2, Dooley, Henry, Schriebeck, Green; bases on balls, off McFarlan 5, off Dolan 1; hit by batched ball, by McFarlan 2; struck out, by McFarlan, Massey, Hernon, Lush, Gleason, Dolan; left on bases, Springfield 10, Montreal 7; double plays, Gleason to Barry to Massey. Umpire, Doescher.

TWO GAMES TO-MORROW.

A double ender will be played to-morrow between Montreal and Springfield, and the enthusiasts will get double value for the one price of admission. Montreal has been stirred up by the defeats of the last few days and something is going to drop to-morrow, as the Habitants strongly object to be used as something easy to increase percentage points on. The Spring-

"Boils troubled me for a long time. They were huge and painful. I tried many so-called remedies, but nothing helped me. I was completely cured when, by recommendation of my druggist, I used

Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

W. N. RICHARDSON, Eureka, Fla.

13 4

field pitchers will be Korwan and Dolan, who won yesterday's game. Nicols will catch both games. For Montreal, Souders and McFarlan will pitch and Butler will catch both games. This is a choice lot of batteries and there ought to be plenty of fine work.

The first game will be called at 2.30 o'clock.

TORONTO DEFEATS PROVIDENCE

TORONTO, Ont., June 10.—The game yesterday was the fastest and most exciting of the season. Both pitchers were hit, but Gaston had a trifle the best of it. Fox played a star game. There was an attendance of 2000. A double header will be played on Saturday. Score.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0 0 1 1 3 0 0 2 3	10	15
Providence	0 4 1 0 0 2 0 0 1	8	16

Batteries Gaston and Duncan; Egan and Chrisham.

SYRACUSE BEATS ROCHESTER.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 10. The long hits made off Yerkes were the feature of the Stars easy victory. Earl, Lake and Blackburn following each other were one each in the fourth, Lezotte making one in the fifth, and Earl making his second in the seventh. Three [illegible] Weeks and Mahaffey were [illegible] Yerkes and Reed. Blackburn was [illegible] Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4
Syracuse	0 0 1 1 2 0 0 1 0	12	15

Batteries Yerkes and Reed. Blackburn and Earl.

SYRACUSE'S LOST IN THE NINTH.

Buffalo [illegible] Syracuse [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]



MILITARY HAPPENINGS.

The Archives of the Fenian raids of 1866-70 will be found to show that a militia General once asked Ottawa for duty providing for the issue of medals to those who responded to the call to arms during those exciting days. All applicants must submit the claims separately and those who served more than one campaign must make application for each. A declaration of service must be made before a Justice of the peace by the applicant and a certificate of a comrade who knows the applicant to the effect that he served as claimed. Applications must be forwarded to all claimants who are on the list of this form or application to district headquarters. This form of application having been sent to the officer commanding the district with the service in which he claims to have first participated. The commanding officer will then forward the application for each claimant to the Militia Department at Ottawa, to which the claimant belongs. The error of one being the omission of the name of the present battalion

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & CO., Proprietors,
163 and 165 St. James Street.

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, at $3 a year, $1.50 for six months, and 75c. for three months.

We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal.

Agents for French advertising are Messrs. Mauricie, Favre & Cie., Rue de la Grange Bateliere, Paris, France.

Toronto, Can., Representative for advertising for the MONTREAL STAR, W. F. Carrier, 19 King st., west.

CIRCULATION

—OF THE—

Daily and Weekly Star

FOR WEEK ENDING

JUNE 4th, 1898.

Monday	50,076
Tuesday	50,080
Wednesday	50,020
Thursday	50,081
Friday	50,091
Saturday	57,570
	307,918

Present Average:

DAILY, for Week ending June 4 — **51,319**

WEEKLY STAR Last Week... — **94,914**

Average Circulation of the STAR Last Week. — **146,233**

From the above figures are excluded upwards of fifteen thousand subscriptions regarded as mere or less ephemeral.

FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1898.

THE STAR AT SUMMER RESORTS

The Daily Star is sent to summer resorts and summer residences addressed to individuals at thirty cents a month. Persons visiting New York and other American cities may have the Star addressed to them for as short a period as one week by applying at the Star office, 163 St. James st.

THE FRESH AIR FUND.

Subscribers to the fund, who forward their contributions to the "Star" office, are requested to send when possible cheques payable to order. When, however, the money is handed in, a receipt therefore should be obtained. The publishers can not hold themselves responsible for sums for which a proper receipt has not been issued. Those wishing to subscribe anonymously may as readily obtain such a receipt under whatever initials name or initials they may adopt, as where the actual name is given.

THE OTTAWA DEADLOCK.

There cannot be a shadow of a doubt that the Senate has got hold of the right end of the stick in connection with the Government. The amendment that the Senators propose to the franchise bill is a proper one, the claim of the Senate that the plebiscite should not be involved in any delay that may overtake the franchise bill was voiced the other day by the Montreal Methodist Conference, a body which may fairly be taken as representative of the sentiment which asked for the reference and the Senate has put in operation by which the plebiscite can be given every advantage that would come to it though the passing of the franchise bill, without saddling the country with the disadvantages which the adoption of the bill without the Senate amendment would imply. It is difficult to see what the Government can urge in reply. If they rest their case entirely upon the alleged objections which the Solicitor-General offers to the Senate amendment to the franchise bill, which simply proposes to extend to the provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Manitoba the right to appeal to a judge which is now enjoyed by the other provinces, the Senate puts them out of court at once by saying, "Very well, we hold differently from you on this point, but we are willing to take the recess to think the matter over, and in the meantime we are willing to let your cherished franchise law come into force so far as the plebiscite is concerned."

For the Government to object to this plan is to object to the prompt application of their own franchise policy to their own plebiscite. The plebiscite bill, as it passed the Commons, provided that the vote on prohibition should be held when ever the Government ordered it on the provincial lists, then in existence. Sir Mackenzie Bowell's proposal is that the Senate pass the plebiscite bill on in precisely this same condition. How, in the name of common sense, can the Government object to this? The Senate simply intends to cut the connection between the franchise bill and the plebiscite, and then heal up any wound that this operation may make in the plebiscite, and send it on in exactly the condition that it left the hands of the Commons.

Granted that this may damage the franchise measure, from a Government point of view. That is a question by itself. But our contention is that the Senate action will leave the plebiscite exactly as it was—not a bit better but not a bit worse; and if the Government insists on killing it because the Senate refuses to let the franchise bill through without amendment, it will parallel the action of the man who breaks the furniture when he jams his finger. And whatever blame there may attach to the killing of the plebiscite will all belong unmistakably to the Government.

The truth is that Sir Mackenzie has outmanoeuvred the Government. They calculated that the Senate majority would be afraid to touch their buncombe plebiscite; and that if they mounted the franchise bill upon it, both would ride through. But Sir Mackenzie has compelled the franchise bill to dismount and stand its chances on its own feet, while, at the same time, he has provided a way by which the plebiscite can continue its journey uncrippled and undelayed. What the plebiscite will be worth when it does get through, we leave to be discussed by the temperance people and the Government; but all decent men will rejoice that this tricky coupling together of two measures has failed of its purpose, and that the Government can no longer warm temperance Conservatives not to dare to shoot at the franchise bill lest they hit the precious plebiscite.

THE SENATE AMENDMENTS.

The position of the Government with regard to the Senate amendments to the Franchise Bill cannot fail to a "source of amusement to any of the good people of the country who are not too much horror-struck to be amused by the antics of the Yankee Minister. An appeal recommending the lists from the municipal authorities to a judge in Quebec or Ontario is not a threat by the Government in the slightest; but a similar appeal in Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, or Manitoba is "compromise of the principle of the bill." When opposing the adoption of this appeal in the three provinces named, the Government maintain that we must take the provincial lists just as they are, or lose all the advantages which they claim will flow from their use, utterly forgetting for the moment that the Government itself proposes to change the lists of some of these same provinces by enfranchising evil servants, whom the Provincial Governments had barred out. Then it is objected that the Senate has not provided all the machinery necessary for the working of the judicial appeal it proposes. Possibly not, but this is a curious objection to come from an Administration which solemnly introduced into the House a carefully thought out Government bill, in which the suffrage of the entire Province of Prince Edward Island was put in peril!

The present position of Prince Edward Island, with respect to this measure, is not pleasant to contemplate. There are no voters' lists in that province, and they have been accustomed to open voting for provincial purposes. By this means it has always been easy to cancel a bad vote after polling day, when a scrutiny revealed that a man had succeeded in voting who was really not qualified. Now, this Government which, when the judicial appeal is under consideration, would not interfere with provincial methods of doing things for all the round world, has given the ballot to the Prince Edward Islanders without providing any machinery whereby it can be safely used without voters' lists. "Lack of machinery" for the working of the judicial appeal amendment strikes the Government as a proof of sinister motives on the part of the Senate, but lack of machinery here, where it endangers the purity of elections throughout a whole province, does not seem to worry the Ministers at all. Sir Louis Davies admits that it creates a serious difficulty, but he does not see any way out of it. The difficulty could not well, indeed, be more serious as the bill stands, any man who can bluff the deputy returning officer into taking his ballot in a Prince Edward Island poll where, as it remembered, there are no lists to act as safeguard, and every man comes in and vouches for his own qualification gets his vote counted, even if it be found out afterward that he was an importation for the day from anywhere under the sun. Having voted under cover of the ballot, there is no way of finding and cancelling his vote, as was easy with open voting. When it is realized what an opportunity this opens to unscrupulous political organizations, the beauty of "going it cheap," and making shift with the provincial lists is made doubly plain.

LATE THOMAS M'CARTHY.

The Piscatorial Coons Pass a Resolution of Condolence.

The Piscatorial Coon Club held a special meeting at their headquarters, when the following motion was passed:

"That a letter of condolence be sent to the widow of the late Mr. Thomas Mc



The Late Thomas McCarthy.

Carthy, deputy warden of St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, an honorary member of the Piscatorial Coon Club. On account of the funeral notice not being given to the press until the day of the funeral, it was impossible for them to attend in a body; but, under the circumstances, the club gave orders for a Grand Mass in Kingston for the repose of his soul."

STARVING SOLDIERS.

United States Volunteers on the Verge of Insubordination Through Lack of Food.

MORE APPEALS FOR "GRUB."

The Events of the War are Evidently Working Towards a Crisis.

A CLIMATIC EXPERIMENT.

Much Depends Upon How the Raw Levies Stand Cuba's Climate and Fevers.

(From the Star's Special Correspondent Resident in New York.)
Star Bureau,
195 Broadway, New York,
June 10.

Complaints continue to come from the New York soldiers at Chickamauga. One writes to his mother that the food they are receiving is not fit for a dog, and that there is no water.

A member of the First Battalion of the Marine Corps, who has been in the service 33 years, and fought all through the Civil War, sends the following to his brother, from Key West.

We are in camp facing the ocean. The temperature is about 84, but being in this hot sun you would think it a warmer one. Nights are cooler, but the mosquitoes and sand flies eat us up. The men at this camp are starving. If you would look at our grub you wouldn't eat it. We are all on the verge of insubordination. Thank God, I have never been sick since I entered the service, but they are all dissatisfied and I expect to see trouble, as old "Gray Whiskers" is drilling the life out of us in the boiling sun. When we are supposed to be out in the cool of the evening we are drilling.

The men have got so daring that they have broken into the stores to get money, and have gone so far as to demand money from people in the street. We haven't been paid for three months. Glad to find that a mother's love should allow a son to leave home and go to war to show his patriotism, to be persecuted and starved and sunburnt. My back is raw from being sunburnt through going in to swim to keep cool.

We have men sick in camp here with complicated diseases, fever the most prevalent; we are sending men North on this account. What do you think we have to drink? Boiled hot water! You would pity us if you could only come down here and see us in camp.

There is apparently more in these complaints than mere dislike of camp life and the army ration, but it may be taken for granted that if the abuses existing will be removed at an early day.

CLIMATIC EXPERIMENTS.

As the advance guard of the army will soon be in Cuba, opportunity will be afforded for the study of the effects of the climate on American troops, and the results may have an important bearing on the duration of the war. If it should be found that the constitutions of the Americans are strong enough to resist the ravages of the malarial fevers of the tropic zone, the war will be prosecuted vigorously. But if, on the other hand, the men succumb to yellow fever, smallpox or other prevalent diseases, a halt will be called until the autumn. The invading army is composed of the pick of American health and vigor. The men are all young, and have passed a rigid test of bodily soundness. They are selected with special reference to ability to withstand disease. They are by no means leading regular lives. Sanitary science is far more advanced than it was in any previous war, and it will do its utmost to protect the health of the men.

South-eastern Cuba, where the army is now landing, for investment of Santiago, is mountainous, and healthy. If the men find there low swamps and glades miasmatic and deadly they will be kept in the hills all summer, until the rainy season is over. Invasion of Porto Rico, which it supposed to be the next item in the programme, can be accomplished with still less danger. If Porto Rico is to be the summer task of the army, and Havana the autumn one, the Cuban rains and malaria will have pretty well evaded.

ANXIETY ABOUT MANILA.

The continued successes of Aguinaldo, the leader of the Philippine insurgents, and the probability that he may take Manila before United States troops arrive there, have given an aspect to the problem of the Philippines which is causing the Washington Administration some concern. While no definite policy for the future of the islands has been arranged, beyond the desire of retaining them as American territory, indicated by sending a strong naval and military force to Manila, the Government does not purpose to give up its newly acquired possessions to the insurgents if the latter succeed in overpowering the Spanish forces. It was Admiral Dewey's victory, and the material support given Aguinaldo by the United States that enabled that leader to do such good work, and every rebel triumph is directly traceable to the aid furnished by the American Government.

The United States would be seriously embarrassed if Aguinaldo overthrew the Spanish Government of the islands, and established himself at the head of affairs. This country would be much in the same position it would be obliged to assume if Gomez captured Havana. In that event there would be no further necessity for using the American land and naval forces in Cuba, and they would be withdrawn if the United States were satisfied that the Cubans could establish a stable Government at once.

Should the Philippine insurgents set up a government of their own at Manila the Washington Administration might find it difficult to justify further possession of the islands. The administration intends to hold the Philippines, if only for the purpose of making Spain pay indemnity for the cost of the war, and if Aguinaldo succeeds in doing on land what Admiral Dewey did on the water this intention may meet with strong opposition from the rebels. Aguinaldo's proclamation, reciting a purpose to set up a republican form of government under the protection of the United States, does not meet with approbation in Washington. The situation has not developed sufficiently, and there has not been time for careful consideration to allow the Administration to form any plans, but it is deemed serious enough to excite considerable anxiety as to the result. The first expedition from the United States is expected to reach Manilla within a week and interesting developments may then be looked for. In fact the whole war situation seems to be working toward a crisis of some sort.

McKINLEY'S WISDON PROVEN.

As the conflict proceeds more and more credit is given to President McKinley for his wise foresight in preventing precipitate action. It is now realized that had a large force of green troops been sent to Cuba disaster would have been inevitable. The weakness in the commissariat has been discovered in time for rectification, and other defects have been pointed out, and will be remedied.

The bombardment of Santiago has given the most convincing proof of the superiority of smokeless powder over other kinds. The blinding smoke thrown off by the ordinary powders is a great drawback to the successful operation of the heavy guns, particularly at sea, as the smoke settles down in the bays and harbors and remains there for some time, obscuring the works of the enemy. The next war will probably be fought with smokeless powder.

THE BETTER ELEMENT.

Mr. John H. Mooney, Secretary of the Board of Public Improvements, wants to know what has become of the "better element" in this war. He says the patriotism of the city is confined to the poorer classes, and that the "upper ten" do not appear to have anything at stake. He thinks it is strange that the regiments going to fight the battles of the country are permitted to march through the city without the escort of a single prominent citizen or committee of citizens. But one regiment, he says, was accompanied by a band on the march to the ferry, and that was hired by the veterans of the regiment. The only encouragement given to any of the troops comes from the masses gathered on the sidewalks as the men march along. The Chamber of Commerce and kindred organizations have done absolutely nothing.

Decided interest is manifested among local bankers in the expected Government issue of 3 per cent. bonds. A number of bank officers said to-day that they thought the bonds would be taken up with a rush at par, and that they would soon sell at a premium. Already orders for many millions of the bonds have reached this city from Europe.

WELL QUALIFIED.

Thomas Shortall, a son of Erin, went to the Army building to-day and applied for enlistment in the regular army. He was turned over to Dr. L. P. Williamson, who found him in excellent physical condition. Shortall is 28 years old, 6 feet tall and weighs 185 pounds. Shortall told Dr. Williamson that he had spent his last shilling in getting to America. He had to borrow 20 cents to obtain his declaration of intention papers. He received his first papers yesterday and early to-day applied for admission to the United States Army.

"What experience have you had in fighting?" asked Dr. Williamson.

"Fortune, sir," said Shortall, "and sure I was eight years in the Kilkenny constabulary, and I've come all the way to Ameriky to show that Ireland has good soldiers as well as good fighters."

"You'll do," said Dr. Williamson, and he forthwith assigned Shortall to the 7th Artillery, stationed at Fort Slocum.

S.S.S.

A WICKED WAR.

Eugene Debs Expresses His Opinion of the Situation.

CHICAGO, June 10. Eugene V. Debs will retire from leadership of the Social Democracy. This is his determination, announced Wednesday at the national convention of the order. In his annual address Mr. Debs, in speaking of the war, said: "This is not a war of humanity—far from it. It is true people have been starving in Cuba by thousands, but why? The original cause is because the capitalists of Spain and of this country ground them down and enslaved them to add to their wealth. We pitied them and declared war ostensibly to save them from starvation. What do we do? Do we send food to relieve them and do we kill off the capitalists who are responsible for the condition? No. We establish a blockade, so that more of the reconcentrados are starved. We send over a fleet to capture the Philippines and we give a lot of contractors a chance to grow richer than ever equipping the army. We send a lot of workingmen down to kill a lot of Spanish workingmen who had nothing to do with creating the conditions and are in no way responsible for them. Meanwhile the capitalists grow fat on the situation. They lend money, secure valuable concessions, and altogether have a pleasant time out of it."



GEN. DON JOSE TORAL Y VELAZQUEZ,

Military Governor of the Province of Santiago de Cuba.



GENERAL LINARES,

The Spanish Officer who is in command of the land operations in the vicinity of Santiago de Cuba.

Mr. G. V. Hastings, of the Lake-of-the-Woods Milling Compny, Winnipeg, and Mrs. Hastings, who have returned from a three months' visit abroad, are among the arrivals by the incoming steamer, the Parisian, will spend a few days with their relatives in Montreal before continuing their journey to the North-West. Mr. and Mrs. Hastings have during their travels visited many places of interest, including Buda Pesth, the quaint capital of Hungary.

"Gatling Gun" Howard is at the Windsor. He says he has abandoned all idea of going to Cuba, unless the United States Government calls for additional volunteers without restrictions. The first call for troops by the President limited the age of volunteers to men between the ages of 18 and 35, and the second call on the same basis was to fill vacancies.

Dr. Coderre's **RED PILLS** For Pale and Weak Women.



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The last thing at Night, the first in the Morning.

Nestlé's Food gives healthful sleep, builds firm, strong flesh and bone, and is safe.

Nestlé's Food does *not* require the addition of cow's milk. Water only is needed in preparation for use.

The danger of disease being conveyed through the medium of cow's milk should be thoughtfully considered when choosing a food for your baby.

Consult your doctor about Nestlé's Food, and send to us for a large sample can, and our book, "The Baby," both of which will be sent free on application.

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Steamer leaves for Toronto and Intermediate Ports at 10 a.m. week days.

LOW RATES.

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$3—Quebec and Return—$3.

Going Saturday Night at 7 p.m. returning from Quebec Sunday, at 3 p.m., back in the city Monday Morning, at 6.30 a.m.

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138 St. James Street, Opposite Post Office.
Telephone 1731. 135 nty3 mo

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REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
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MAKE THE TRIP AND ENJOY THE PERFUMES

WILD GRAPE VINES AND COLUMBINES, BLOOMING BLOSSOMS, blending delicate and delicious perfumes, wafted by gentle breezes, as the

PALACE STR. "SOVEREIGN"

Glides swiftly along on the Trip to

CARILLON - - - $1.00

Take 8 a.m. train to Lachine Wharf. 133 10

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

The Results of the Examinations are Announced.

The results of the examinations at the Montreal Conservatory of Music are as follows:

The third grade in piano playing has been passed by Miss Josie Terrill, of Sherbrooke; Miss Maud McKinnon, of Vankleek Hill; Miss Jessie Leach, of Montreal West; Miss Louise Ayres, of Montreal; Miss Ada Thurlby, of Montreal; Miss Theresa Boyden, of Montreal; Miss Mary McLaren, of Smith's Falls; Mr. A. Gilmore, of Cote St. Paul.

The second grade in piano playing has been passed by Miss Muriel Monk, of Rockburn; Miss Belle Bryson, of Montreal; Miss Ethel McDermott, of Montreal; Mr. Walter Farrell, of Montreal.

The first grade in piano playing has been passed by Miss Ethel Galbraith, of Westmount; Miss Clara Dickson, of Longue Pointe; Miss Laura Riendeau, of Montreal; Miss Annie Williamson, of Montreal.

The theory and harmony examination of the first three grades has been passed by Miss Josie Terrill, of Sherbrooke; Miss Maud McKinnon, of Vankleek Hill; Miss Jessie Leach, of Montreal West; Miss Louise Ayres, of Montreal.

The teachers' examination for the first three grades in piano playing has been passed by Miss Josie Terrill, of Sherbrooke; Miss Maud McKinnon, of Vankleek Hill; Miss Jessie Leach, of Montreal West; Miss Louise Ayres, of Montreal; Miss Ada Thurlby, of Montreal; Mr. A. Gilmore, of Cote St. Paul.

The Hong Kong Police, on Thursday, seized a large quantity of arms and ammunition aboard a vessel which was suspected to be about to sail for Manila.

IT DON'T PAY TO TIPPLE

or to buy drinks for the boys—it don't pay to buy drinks for yourself. It will pay to quit, but the trouble has been to do this. Our vegetable cure will absolutely remove all desire for liquor in a couple of days. So you can quit without any self-denial, and nobody need know you are taking the medicine, which is perfectly harmless, pleasant to the taste, and from the start produces good appetite, refreshing sleep, steady nerves, and does not interfere with business duties. Full particulars in plain envelope. The Dixon Cure Co., No. 40 Park avenue, Montreal. 135 2 to 7 1

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE **FRANCAIS** W. E. PHILLIPS, Lessee and Manager

Success of **Vaudeville**

ALL THIS WEEK

A Strong Bill Headed by the Metropolitan Trio, Meeker-Black Trio, Valmore Sisters, Prof. Doherty's Poodles.

Prices, 10, 20, 25 cents. Box Office open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. 131 6

SOHMER PARK.

New Programme:

"DRUM MAJOR'S DAUGHTER"

Hector and Lauraine, direct from Paris.

BOWERY GIRLS, Sextette from Lucia di Lammermoor.

Admission, 10 cents, Children, including ride on Carousal, 5 cents 131 6

BICYCLE LESSONS

Given at Elm Hall, Westmount.

Private instruction.

New and Second hand Bicycles for sale, or to Rent. Low price. 220 Elm Avenue

116 tf A. ROY MACDONALD, Jr

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY J. B. SPARROW, Manager | Standard Opera in English.

INAUGURATION OF SUMMER SEASON.

THE JAXON OPERA CO.

WEEK STARTING TO-NIGHT **JUNE 6th.**

Grand double bill. Two Operas. "LUCIA di LAMMERMOOR." "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA."

Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

PRICES—15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

(Reign of Matinee Wednesday all seats 25c.)

NEXT WEEK "IL TROVATORE."

QUEEN'S.

J. B. Sparrow, Mgr. | Second week of the wonderful American BIOGRAPH

New Pictures. Late War Views.

OTHER GREAT NOVELTIES

Including the marvellous aerials, The DeOnzo Family; Bessie Gilbert, cornetist (the Great Thompson Tots, the Hungarian Gypsey Band.

EVERY DAY AT 2.30. NIGHT 8.30

Orchestra Seats, 25c. Gallery, 15c.

THEATRE ROYAL—Every Afternoon and Night.

J. B. SPARROW, Manager.

THIS WEEK the Great Burlesque Company,

Little London Sports,

And MILDRED HOWARD DE GREY.

The famous Barefoot Passion Dancer. Two Burlesques. Great Vaudeville Acts.

Prices always—10c, 25c and 50c. 131 6

M.A.A.A. SPRING HANDICAPS

Saturday Afternoon, 11th June.

M.A.A.A. GROUNDS, Westmount, 3 o'clock.

10 Track and Field Events. 3 Bicycle Races.

BICYCLES will only be admitted at Hallowell Street Entrance, and may be checked for 5c each. Tennis Courts will be closed until immediately after games.

ADMISSION to all parts of Grand Stand, 25c.

134 2 E. HERBERT BROWN, Sec.-Treas.

DOUBLE EVENT!

Two Games, SATURDAY, June 11th.

SPRINGFIELD vs. MONTREAL.

First Game called 2.30 o'clock.

Admission, 25c, 35c, 50c.

133 1

Shamrock Excursion to Ottawa by C. P. R.

TICKETS $2.25 and Return.

Members on presentation of passes, $2.00.

SATURDAY, 11th JUNE, 1898.

Championship Lacrosse, **SHAMROCK vs. CAPITAL**

OTTAWA, 11th JUNE, 1898.

TICKETS GOOD LEAVING WINDSOR AND DALHOUSIE STATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

Friday, Dalhousie Station 4.20 p.m.
Friday, Windsor Station, 7 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Saturday, Dalhousie Station, 8.25 a.m.
Saturday, Windsor Station, 9.30 a.m., and Excursion Special, leaving Windsor Station at 10.30 a.m.

Returning Special leaving Ottawa at 7.30 p.m.

All tickets good returning Monday, 13th June.

Members can obtain their tickets at the office of the Secretary and also at Window Station on day of excursion

133 2 H. TRIHEY, Hon. Sec.

Royal Scots of Canada.

Battalion Orders by the O C

The Battalion will parade as follows

SUNDAY—June 12th, at 2.30 p.m., for Divine Service—Uniform, full dress.

MONDAY—June 13th, at 8 p.m. Uniform—Drill order, kilts and white jackets.

WEDNESDAY, June 15th, at 8 p.m. By Commanding Officer's inspection Uniform—Full dress

THURSDAY—June 16th, at 8 p.m. A B and C Companies for inspection by the D O C Uniform—Drill order, kilts and white jackets.

FRIDAY—June 17th, at 8 p.m. D E and F Companies for inspection by the D O C Uniform Drill order, kilts and white jackets.

SATURDAY—June 18th, at 2.30 p.m., for annual inspection. Uniform—Review order

By order
135 2 FRANK S. MEIGHEN, Capt., Adjutant.

ANCIENT ORDER OF HIBERNIANS.

Important Notice.

Officers and members of the various divisions AND THEIR FRIENDS, are requested to attend Mass Meeting under the Auspices of Hochelaga County Board, in

ST. ANN'S HALL, Ottawa St., on SUNDAY, 12th inst., at 3.30 P. M., to make preparations for the due celebration of Centenary of '98.

Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

JAMES McIVER, County Sec'y.

135 2

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

The members of St. Patrick's Society are requested to meet at the St. Patrick's Hall, 92 St. Alexander street, on Sunday Morning, 12th instant, at 8.30, to join the Fete Dieu Procession. It is earnestly hoped that all the members will be present. By order,

133 2 S. CROSS, Rec. Sec.

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Wife of General Montgomery Moore, Commander of the Imperial Forces in Canada, writes from Halifax, N. S.: "I have found all the work you have done for me most satisfactory. Some very delicate Constantinople embroidery in gold and silks. I consider you cleaned most beautifully without injuring the colors in the least. Your glove cleaning I found remarkably good, and the flannels which you last dyed for me have been most satisfactory."

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SKIN, BLOOD - POISON, SCALP, and Genito-Urinary Diseases.

Acne, eczema, psoriasis, pimples, dandruff, hair falling. Bladder and Kidney diseases, cystitis, urethritis, nogorrhea, spermatorrhea, sexual weakness, varicocele.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

moles, warts, birth marks destroyed permanently without pain by electrolysis, at

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10 a.m. to 12 a.m.; 1.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Sundays, 1 to 3 p.m. Bell Tel 2187. 101 tf

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Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, $1 per box. No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 2-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. Nos. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

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It is, too, an economical place to visit. 131 tf

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Pocket Liquor Flasks,
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Cigarette Cases,
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Match Boxes,
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135 2 JEWELLERS, 223 ST. JAMES ST.

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

SHAMROCK

Lacrosse Excursion

TO OTTAWA AND RETURN. **$2.25**

Tickets good going by P.M. Trains Friday, 10th, and a.m. Trains Saturday, 11th June. Good to return until June 13th.

Special Train with Lacrosse Team on board will leave Windsor Street Station Saturday at 10.30 a.m. Returning will leave Ottawa at 7.30 p.m.

SATURDAY SUBURBAN SERVICE

From Windsor St. Station.

Lake of Two Mountains Express leaves 1.30 p.m. for St. Anne's, Vaudreuil, Hudson Point Fortune, etc. Hudson and return., $1.00 St. Anne's and return, 80c. Going by this train and returning by steamer.

BROME LAKE EXPRESS leaves 2.10 p.m. for St. Johns, Cowansville, Knowlton, Waterloo, and intermediate stations, every Saturday, until Sept. 10th. Returning leave Waterloo 6.30 a.m. Mondays, until Sept. 12th.

From Dalhousie Sq. Station.

Lake Maskinonge Express leaves 1.30 p.m. for Joliette, St. Gabriel, etc.

Laurentian Mountain Special leaves 1.45 p.m. for St. Rose, St. Jerome, St. Agathe, Labelle, etc.

SUNDAY SUBURBAN SERVICE

ST. JEROME and intermediate stations 9.15 a.m., from Dalhousie Square. This train will run to St. Agathe commencing June 19th.

LAKE of TWO MOUNTAINS Special 10 a.m., from Windsor St., for St. Annes, Vaudreuil, Hudson and Point Fortune.

KLONDIKE.

SS. TARTAR or ATHENIAN

Will leave Vancouver and Victoria

Every THURSDAY, after arrival of Gold Train, for Wrangel and Skagway.

Connecting at Wrangel with C. P. R. Sikine River Steamers for Glenora.

City Ticket and Telegraph Office,

129 St. James st., NEXT TO POST OFFICE 135 tf

TENT FOR SALE,

125 feet by 50 feet, in perfect order

BICYCLES—Ladies and Gentlemen—High grade, for sale. Price low.

136 tf 220 ELM AVENUE.

PENITENTIARY SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed "Inspector of Penitentiaries, Ottawa," and endorsed "Tenders for Supplies," will be received until Monday, 20th of June, inclusive, from parties desirous of contracting for supplies for the fiscal year 1898-9 for the following institutions, namely:

Kingston Penitentiary, St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, Dorchester Penitentiary, Manitoba Penitentiary, British Columbia Penitentiary, Regina Goal, Prince Albert Gaol.

Separate tenders will be received for each of the following classes of supplies:

1. Flour (Canadian Strong Bakers). 2. Beef and Mutton (fresh). 3. Forage. 4. Coal (anthracite and bituminous). 5. Cordwood. 6. Groceries. 7. Coal Oil (best Canadian, in bbls.). 8. Dry Goods. 9. Rugs and Medicines. 10. Leather and Findings. 11. Hardware. 12. Lumber.

Details and information, together with forms of tender, will be furnished on application to the Wardens of the various institutions.

All supplies are to be subject to the approval of the Warden.

All tenders submitted must specify clearly the institution, or institutions which it is proposed to supply, and must bear the endorsement of at least two responsible sureties.

DOUGLAS STEWART,
Inspector of Penitentiaries.
Department of Justice,
Ottawa, May 20th, 1898. 131 12

TENDERS FOR STEEL RAILS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Steel Rails," will be received up to noon on Tuesday, 2nd August next, for the supply of

1,000 Tons of 50-lb. Steel Rails and fastenings to be delivered C. I. F. on the Prince Edward Island Railway wharf at Summerside, Prince Edward Island.

5,000 Tons of 80-lb. Steel Rails and fastenings to be delivered on the Intercolonial Railway wharf, at St. John, New Brunswick.

All the above to be delivered in the month of April, 1899.

Specifications, Conditions, Forms of Tender and all other information will be furnished after 20th June, 1898, on application at this office, or at the office of the High Commissioner for Canada, London, England.

By order,
L. K. JONES,
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1898. 131 47

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for repairing and Strengthening Souris Breakwater," will be received at this office until Wednesday, 15th June next, for repairing, strengthening, etc., the wreakwater at Souris (Knight's Point), King's County, P. E. I., according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of J. B. Hegan, Esq., resident engineer, Charlottetown, at the office of the Postmaster of Souris East, and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, for fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500.00) must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
E. F. E. ROY,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 18th, 1898

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. 120 19

Secondhand Wheels.

Dayton Road Racer	$25 00
Stearns, '97 Model	35 00
Gendron, '97 Model	35 00
Columbia, '98	35 00
World, '97	40 00
Rambler, '98, slightly used	45 00
Crescent, '97, slightly used	25 00
Puritan	15 00
Crescent, 26 in. wheels	15 00
Warwick Tandem	25 00
Reliance	20 00
America, '96, Truss Frame	25 00

All above wheels in good running order. Also slightly used livery wheels.

11—'97 Model Cleveland, Gent's Models.
4—'98 Model Cleveland, Ladies' Models.
3—'98 Model Ideal, Ladies' Models.

R. & W. KERR,
136 2 nty 2230 St. Catherine Street.

SHE MUST BACK DOWN.

Spain's Best Friends Urge Her to Submit to the Inevitable and Sue for an Honorable Peace.

NO ARMOR AGAINST DEFEAT.

The Madrid Government are Confronted With Defeat Abroad and Chances of Rebellion at Home.

THEY MUST NOW YIELD TO DEWEY.

Admitted in Madrid That the Philippines are Lost to Spain and That Augusti Must Surrender to Dewey or to the Rebels.

LONDON, June 10.—Conviction is growing here that the domestic situation in Spain has reached a serious stage. The Times says, editorially, this morning: "Probably the next few days will form as critical a period as any Spanish Government has yet passed through. It is useless for Spain to cherish pleasing allusion. America will lack her volunteers into a shape good enough for work in hand a good deal more quickly than seems to be anticipated in Madrid."

The Daily News says: "Spain's best friends can only urge her to submit without delay. There is no armor against fate and there is no remedy for incapacity. If international diplomacy deals with the war, Lord Salisbury will insist upon the just claim of the United States to secure the reward of energy and foresight in a good cause."

MUST SURRENDER TO DEWEY.

The Madrid correspondent of the Daily News, telegraphing by way of Hondaye, France, says:

"The message to the Government from Captain General Augusti as to the situation at Manila is held back and it is alleged, was greatly toned down for publication. It has aroused the national anger, for the Spanish cling instinctively to the Philippines, though they are ready enough to abandon Cuba, which is regarded as a monster that yearly devours the youth of Spain. Clearly there is no alternative but a surrender to Admiral Dewey. The Government seems unable to take a resolution but drifts and hopes something will turn up. There is a feeling of anxiety over the possibility of an American attack upon some Spanish ports. Capt. Annon, Minister of Marine, is going to Cadiz to inspect the defences. Perhaps he will then proceed to Corunna. People begin to talk of Santiago as a naval Sedan."

SEEKS AID FROM AUSTRIA.

The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"There is now little doubt that Spain, hopeless of further continuing the war, is approaching the powers with a view of obtaining an honorable peace. The Cabinet Council to-day finally authorized Duke Almedovar de Rio to expedite diplomatic action, and in consequence the Duke is now conferring with certain Ambassadors and Ministers in Madrid.

"Instructions have been telegraphed to the Spanish Minister in Vienna and orders likewise given to Senor Aguera, the Under Secretary of State, to proceed at once to the Austrian capital. Spain is unquestionably looking to Austria for assistance in her distress. It is unlikely that any appeal will be made to the Pope, as the earlier intervention of His Holiness met with a discouraging reception in America.

"Probably Capt Gen. Augusti will be ordered to make the best terms he can with Admiral Dewey. A Minister has informed me that if reinforcements were on their way to the Philippines Augusti would be ordered to hold out to the last; but as they were not, Augusti would act according to circumstances, a mild euphonism for surrender.

"All the forces opposed to the Government are showing signs of restlessness. Marquis de Cerralbo, the chief agent of Don Carlos, assures me that while the war lasts, the Carlists will remain quiet, but should a dishonorable peace be negotiated they will act in accordance with their ideas of their duty. This is a plain statement, and should not be lost sight of, since it is hardly possible that the Government will be able to negotiate a peace which the people will not regard as crushing."

The Rome correspondent of the Daily News says:

A new appeal has been made to the Pope to intervene or use all his influences to obtain the interference of the powers. It is asserted that the Queen Regent has even submitted to the Pope the question of her retirement in order to allay public discontent.

THE QUEEN REGENT ALARMED.

NEW YORK, June 10. A despatch to the World from Madrid says: Queen Regent Cristina is profoundly alarmed and grieved at the news of the war, particularly the reports from the Philippines.

Moreover, the popular irritation against the Government and all existing institutions is assuming a dangerous phase.

Everybody believes that the Sagasta cabinet and the Liberal party will soon have to make way for Campos, Silvela and the Conservatives, who will take the last stand for the defense of the dynasty against the bitter rage of the nation, making a pathetic appeal to the Pope and the Continental powers of Europe.

The startling telegram from Governor-General Augusti caused the impression that Manila either had surrendered already or was on the eve of surrendering.

DID AUGUSTI TRY SUICIDE?

The latest rumor is that General Augusti, in a fit of despair, tried to commit suicide, but was prevented from killing himself by Admiral Montejo and the Generals, who wish to hold out. General Augusti took his wife and four little children to Manila with him when he superseded Marshal Primo De Rivers just before the war began.

THE TRUTH CONCEALED.

The cabinet regards its own position so insecure that it has only permitted the Cortes to know a small part of the truth about the Philippines, concealing the fact that the whole island of Luzon is in arms, that a racial struggle has begun, and that the natives are sparing no Spaniard, having no respect for age or sex, and displaying the most fury toward the priests and friars.

Admiral Dewey is said to be trying to oblige the rebel chief to show some respect for the property, and the lives of Europeans. The only answer the Government has vouchsafed to General Augusti directed him to continue doing his duty to the last extremity.

The old Archbishop of Manila is the most resolute advocate of resistance to the "Heretic invaders."

THE PEOPLE AWAKENING.

The bombardment of Santiago, as the details become known, creates a painful sensation of disenchantment and disappointment among all classes. The people are slowly awakening to the reality that in the long run they are playing a losing game, that their phantom squadron is locked up in Santiago harbor, while that city itself is threatened with a flank movement by the Americans and the insurgents as soon as sufficiently combined for a simultaneous final bombardment.

The patriotic illusions have been chiefly encouraged by the press, but the people are aware now that the court and the official world are alarmed, especially by the unfavorable intelligence received from General Augusti in regard to the increasing difficulties of beleaguered Manila, the insurgents cutting off its land supplies and the Americans being about to be reinforced.

* * *

SAGASTA'S OPINION.

MADRID, June 10.—Senor Sagasta, in an interview, declares: With respect to peace prospects, information could be more easily obtained in Washington than in Madrid, since here there was no desire for war. Spain has been driven into war in defence of her rights and national existence. The United States were the aggressors, and it is for them to say when peace shall prevail.

THE CADIZ FLEET.

Spanish Advices Now Say It Has Not Left.

BUT IT MAY SOON SAIL FOR AN UNKNOWN DESTINATION.

MADRID, June 10.—Captain Aunon, Minister of Marine, started for Cadiz last evening. All the Ministers accompanied him to the railway station. He will remain at Cadiz until Admiral Camara's squadron is ready to sail. General Correa in the meantime is fulfilling his duties at the Ministry of Marine.

The fifteen vessels forming the squadron will start together, under sealed orders, which will be opened only when the squadron is well out at sea. It is understood that the forces will then be divided.

NEW YORK, June 10—A special to the Herald from Cadiz says:

The reserve fleet, consisting of two ironclads, one cruiser, 20 torpedo boats, three torpedo boat destroyers, with seven auxiliary cruisers and 3,500 troops, is under steam. The order is that the fires are now to be kept up continuously so as to be ready to depart at any moment. There was, however, an accident on board the Alfonso XIII., whose torpedo tubes proved defective. She was compelled to return to the arsenal.

This, it is said, causes the delay, but it is believed that the accident is simply an excuse to keep the fleet at Cadiz. Your correspondent has been told that the fleet will not sail, as the authorities do not want it to leave. They will wait and wait until a catastrophe has happened to Admiral Cervera's fleet and then there will be an explosion of popular indignation, with possibly a rising. There is nothing to prevent the squadron from sailing at once, but Admiral Camara and his officers and men have quite lost their heads.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., June 10.—Nothing further has developed concerning the report that warships, presumably Spanish, had been sighted on the Grand Banks. The British cruiser Cordelia, flying the flag of Commodore Bourke, has arrived from the west coast by way of the French island of St. Pierre. Her officers pooh-pooh the idea of a fleet of warships being anchored on the banks. They say a Spanish fleet would be far more likely to seek some uninhabited harbor on the south coast for coaling purposes. Moreover, no preparations are being made at St. Pierre to coal Spanish ships, as has been reported in some recent despatches from this port.

"WONDERLAND '98."

"Wonderland, '98" is the title of a very handsome railway publication from the passenger office of the Northern Pacific Railway, St. Paul. The cover is an artistic gem and is an unusually clever piece of work of its kind. The book is finely illustrated throughout and will make an interesting work to have in the household in addition to being of special value to travellers and tourists.

MARRIAGES.

CAMPBELL-McPHERSON — At North Sydney, C. B., June 7th, by Rev. T. C. Jack, B. A., George Campbell, to Willina Margaret, daughter of the late William McPherson.

DEATHS.

BOURRET—At 390 Delorimier avenue, on June 9, Cecile Eva, beloved daughter of George D. and Minnie A. Bourret, aged 4 months and 19 days. Funeral from the above address to Cote des Neiges cemetery on Sunday, 1.30 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this invitation. 135 2

DONNELLY—In this city, at the residence of her son-in-law, John Robinson, 847 Sanguinet st., Rose Ann Tolan, widow of the late Hugh Donnelly and of James Hueh and Edward Donnelly and 1MS. P. A. Cutler. Notice of funeral hereafter.

THE WEATHER.

Friday, 11 a. m.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: Moderate to fresh easterly winds; fine to-day and a little cooler; becoming unsettled to-morrow.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during the past twenty-four hours: Kamloops, 88, 56; Calgary, 78, 46; Qu'Appelle, 76, 54; Winnipeg, 72, 52; Port Arthur, 58, 36; Parry Sound, 68, 46; Toronto, 80, 58; Ottawa, 76, 48; Montreal, 76, 45; Quebec, 74 42; Halifax, 76, 56.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

ARRIVED.

Name	At	From	Date
Cuffe	New York	Liverpool	9th
Lahn	New York	Bremen	9th
Weekendam	New York	Rotterdam	9th
Werra	Naples	New York	9th
Teutonic	Liverpool	New York	9th
Nomadic	Liverpool	New York	9th
Merrimac	London	Montreal	9th
Amsterdam	Rotterdam	New York	9th
Canada	Liverpool	Boston	10th
Parisian	Father Point	Liverpool	10th
Fuerst Bismarck	Southampton	New York	9th

SAILED.

Name	From	For	Date
Pavonia	Boston	Liverpool	9th
Britannia	Barry	Montreal	9th
Monarch	Shields	Montreal	9th
Montcalm	Bristol	Montreal	9th
St. John City	London	St. John	9th
Cundall	Antwerp	Montreal	9th
Malin Head	Dublin	Montreal	9th

CERVERA'S CAGE.

The Cuban Insurgents Convince Commodore Schley Beyond Doubt That Spanish Fleet is Actually in Santiago Harbor.

NIGHT ATTACK IS REPULSED.

The American Vessels, Surprised by What They Deem a Sortie by the Enemy, Fire on Each Other.

ALL THE CUBAN CABLES ARE NOW CUT.

That Statement is Made Public To-day, and May Account for the Absence of Exciting Despatches From the Seat of War.

With the blockading fleet, off Santiago, June 8, 10 p.m., via Mole St. Nicholas, June 10.—Lieut. Hobson and his heroic companions in the exploit of sinking the collier Merrimac across the entrance to the harbor of Santiago, may not be released for some time. To-day Admiral Cervera sent a flag of truce to Admiral Sampson, with a message that the prisoners were in the hands of the military athorities and that their cases had been referred by the military governor of Santiago to Governor-General Blanco. The plan of exchange submitted by Admiral Sampson to Admiral Cervera is thus temporarily frustrated.

ALL CABLES CUT.

The United States cruiser Marblehead and the auxiliary cruisers Yankee and St. Louis were successful in cutting the cable at Guantanamo yesterday, after firing on a Spanish gunboat and the old-fashioned fortifications there. Cuba is thus cut off from all communication with the otuside world.

The army of invasion is eagerly awaited and everything is ready for its reception.

The blockade has been uneventful since Monday.

COMMUNICATION WITH INSURGENTS.

After driving the Spanish fleet into a more protected position in the harbor by the bombardment of Tuesday, Commodore Schley opened communication with the insurgents 18 miles from Santiago to the east. They were urged to obtain, if possible, the names and number of vessels of the fleet inside the harbor.

On Friday afternoon, Lieut. Sharp, of the Vixen, went to the place of rendezvous and received from the insurgents a map of the harbor showing

THE ENTIRE CAPE VERDE FLEET

with the exception of the destroyer Terror, inside and close up to the city under the protection of the guns mounted on Blanco battery at the northern extremity of the harbor.

The ships there, according to the chart, are the Cristobal Colon, the Vizcaya, the Almirante Oquendo, the Maria Teresa and the Reina Mercedes, (the last named destroyed by the American warships since this despatch was written), all cruisers of the first class, and heavily armed, together with three torpedo boats. The definiteness of this information naturally gave Commodore Schley great satisfaction. Although he had known that several ships of the enemy were there he was not certain that some had not succeeded in getting away or had not been sent in another direction.

SANTIAGO IS STARVING.

Just how long Santiago can stand besieging is a matter of conjecture. Three weeks ago it was claimed at Jamaica that the food in Santiago was very poor and that it was very scant. The country about the city is unproductive and mountainous, and the insurgent camps are so close that there is little or no communication between the city and its environs. The railway service is not carried to a distance much beyond ten miles from the town.

Since Sunday last when Cervera's flying squadron was bottled up by the flying squadron under Commodore Schley, nothing has gone in and it is believed that only a short time will be needed to bring Santiago to a starvation basis. Naturally, the fleet has a supply, perhaps for two months, but the Spanish soldiery cannot be sustained on this.

One important fact was learned to-day from the insurgents on shore with whom communication has been opened: There are not 20,000 soldiers as has been stated in this part of the province of Santiago de Cuba, but only 6000. Even they are badly fed and much disheartened.

SPANISH GUNS DISMOUNTED.

Rear-Admiral Sampson is confident that in addition to the great damage to the forts and earthworks at the entrance of Santiago harbor more than one-half of the Spanish guns were actually dismounted. Perhaps even this estimate may be found too low when the full effect of that terrible rain of shot and shell becomes fully known. The extent to which the enemy was crippled was further shown by the eagerness with which they are attempting to repair their disabled batteries, and put them in a condition to resist further punishment by our warships. These efforts have so far not been attended with success.

MORE BRAVE DEEDS.

These are days when officers and men in the squadron are anxious to perform heroic deeds. Ensign Leigh C. Palmer, of the flagship New York, has been commended for his personal bravery by Rear-Admiral Sampson. With a heroism scarcely second to that of Naval Constructor Hobson, he was attempting to inspect the enemy's defences Sunday night. His little craft was soon seen by the Spaniards, who opened fire upon her. The plucky ensign did not fear danger, regardless of a continuous fire of the enemy he ran the launch within one hundred yards of the batteries and his escape unhurt, gives ample evidence of the poor marksmanship of the Spanish gunners.

Not less heroic was the feat of Cadet Powell, who ran a launch into the harbor in seeking information of the Merrimac's crew and escaped without injury by the enemy's fire.

NIGHT ATTACK REPULSED.

On Friday night it was believed that a night attack on the American fleet by one or both of the torpedo destroyers with the Spanish fleet had been frustrated, by the vigilance of the New Orleans, and that the destroyers had been repulsed, and driven back into the harbor by the hot fire poured into them by the New Orleans, New York, and Massachusetts.

It was this heavy firing which led to the report which reached Porto Antonio Saturday, that the Spanish destroyer Terror had been surrounded, and sunk on Friday night, as she was trying to slip into Santiago harbor.

The latter report is now known to have had no foundation, and there is a conduct of opinion among the officers of the fleet as to whether the New Orleans had in reality met a torpedo boat. When the firing was begun on Friday night it was dark, and the object at which the guns on the American ships were directed seemed to be moving close in shore. A railroad line connects Santiago with Cave Point, at a distance of fifteen miles, the site of iron manufactures. The track runs along the water edge; and the trains, which carry supplies, and probably war material, are only run at night, and without lights. It is possible that in the darkness a fast moving train may have been mistaken, as one was last week, for a torpedo boat. But the discovery by the Porter of two torpedoes on Saturday afternoon floating in the water two miles from shore tended to strengthen the theory of those who insisted that a torpedo attack had been attempted.

AMERICANS FIRE ON EACH OTHER.

A sharp lookout is maintained by the blockading squadron in guarding against night torpedo attacks, and it has already led to firing by the American ships upon each other, on at least two occasions. During the last week the battleship Texas fired upon the Marblehead, and the Viren, and both the latter vessels had narrow escapes. Only the flash of their single lights, and, on the occasion in question, the fortunate bad aim of the gunners of the Texas, saved them.

Several of the newspaper despatch boats have also had rather stirring experiences of a similar character. It should be said that on board the New York and the New Orleans they are quite confident a torpedo attack was repulsed on Friday night.

GAS WORKS ON FIRE.

The People of St. Hyacinthe Received a Bad Scare.

BUT THE EFFORTS OF THE FIREMEN WERE SUCCESSFUL AND PREVENTED A CATASTROPHE.

(Special to the Star.)

ST. HYACINTHE, Que., June 10.—St. Hyacinthe had a narrow escape last night from a terrible catastrophe. A little before eleven o'clock the gas works on Monder street were discovered to be on fire. In a few minutes the flames illuminated the whole city. The firemen worked heroically knowing all the time that they were taking their lives in their hands. The room in which Mr. Brousseau keeps his men was destroyed and then the building in which the gas tank is situated caught fire. The people were filled with horror, expecting every minute that an explosion would take place and destroy a considerable part of the city. But success crowned the efforts of the firemen, and after an hour's struggle with the flames they were subdued. The loss is about $800, and is covered by insurance.

A RAID BY THIEVES.

Two Houses on Sherbrooke Street Were Entered.

A NUMBER OF ARTICLES TAKEN FROM MR. TOOKE'S HOUSE.

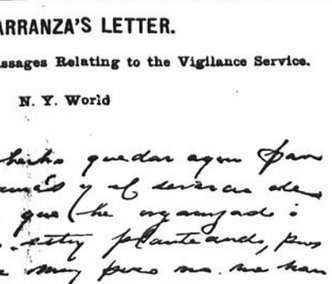
On Tuesday evening last the residence of Mr. Robert Tooke, No. 751 Sherbrooke street, was entered by thieves, and a number of valuable articles taken. An unsuccessful attempt was also made to rob the residence of Mr. F. A. Routh, No. 749 Sherbrooke street. An entrance was effected into Mr. Routh's premises by removing the glass from the stable door. The glass in one of the basement windows was then cut, and the bolt on the inside of the sash drawn, thus ennabling the thieves to open the window and gain admittance to the house. When they tried to go upstairs, however, they found that the door at the head of the basement stairs had been securely barred. This prevented their further progress, and the men left the house without taking anything valuable.

An attempt was then made to rob the adjoining residence of Mr. Tooke, and there they met with better luck. An entrance was effected into Mr. Tooke's yard by means of a ladder belonging to Mr. Routh. Once in the yard, the thieves entered the basement by removing a pane of glass in the door and by drawing the bolt. Going upstairs they ransacked the bureaus, desks, and cupboards, taking the following articles: 1 mandolin, 1 violin, 2 pairs silver plated fish carvers, 1 silver plated pie knife, 1 silver plated pickle fork, 1 silver plated butter knife, about 3 dozen assorted ties, 8 white linen shirts, 2 gold scarf pins, 1 silver mounted pipe, 1 berry spoon and a revolver. The thieves left the house by means of the basement door, reaching the street by way of the stable, the doors of which were found open next morning. The houses were unoccupied at the time, as both Mr. Routh and Mr. Tooke are residing in the country. The matter was reported to the detective department but no arrests have yet been made.

CARRANZA'S LETTER.

Facsimile of the Passages Relating to the Vigilance Service.

N. Y. World



(Translation.)

They have made me stay here for the telegrams and the vigilance service that I have organized, or rather planned, because up to a short time ago they did not let me do as I pleased.

We have had bad luck, because they have taken our two best spies, one in Washington, who hanged himself or was hanged, and the other day before yesterday in Tampa. The most extreme watchfulness is exercised by the Americans.

BRITAIN IN CHINA.

Two Hundred Square Miles Added to Hong Kong.

AN AGREEMENT OF THE GREATEST COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE.

LONDON, June 10. — The Pekin correspondent of the Times says: The Anglo-Chinese convention signd to-day, leaves to England an extension of the boundaries of Hong Kong, including Kou-Long, of altogether 200 square miles. Japan, under the procotol of October, 1896, demands that settlements be established forthwith for the exclusive use of the Japanese at Fu-Chau, Wu-Sung, Sha-Shi, Fu-Ning, Ye-Chau, and Ching-Wang-Tao."

CAUSE FOR CONGRATULATION.

LONDON June 10. — The newspapers are printing many congratulations upon the signing of the Anglo-Chinese convention yesterday which gives to Great Britain an extension of the boundaries of Hong Kong, including Kau Tung, of altogether 200 square miles, under a lease, to which the greatest importance is attached, as the territory thus acquired is regarded as being essential for the protection of Hong Kong. The lease comprises the Island of Lantao, to the westward of Hong Kong, and the mainland behind Kau Lung, south and east of a line drawn from Mirs Bay to Deep Bay. While the Chinese retain the northern shores of these bays, the lease covers their waters, subject to the right of the Chinese to use them for their own ships.

When questioned in the House of Commons yesterday evening as to whether Russia contemplated sending troops to the Yang Tse Kiang Valley the Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office Mr. Curzon made an important statement to the effect that such a proceeding without the consent of China would be an act of war, and the Government would take the requisite steps to protect British interests. Obviously this is intended as a warning to Russia not to interfere in the Yang Tse Kiang Valley.

CAPTAINS DISAGREE.

Sequel to a Dispute on the Wharf.

WARRANT ISSUED ON A CHARGE OF ASSAULT.

Captain Gouin, of the Richelieu & Ontario Company's steamship Bertier, was arrested about eleven o'clock this morning. The warrant was sworn out by Captain T. Boudoin, who claims the accused struck and insulted him when he was unloading his passengers on Sunday evening. The trouble was the outcome of the fact that on the arrival of Capt. Boudoin's boat, the Paul Smith, about eleven o'clock on Sunday night, the SS. Cultivateur, of the R. & O., which was tied up at his wharf, prevented his landing at his own quay. Captain Gouin, on the Bertier's arrival, found his wharf occupied, and according to Captain Boudoin demanded it in the midst of the operations. Not feeling constrained to comply, unless the Cultivateur were moved, the captain remained, and then he states, when the wharves were crowded, Captain Gouin, confronting him, struck him on the shoulder, and threatened to break his neck.

Police Captain McMahon executed the warrant, and the captain pleaded not guilty to the charge, gave bail for his re-appearance before Magistrate Lafontaine to-morrow.

NEW STREET CAR SERVICE.

The first cars of the new Ontario street route of the Montreal Street Railway will be running there on Monday morning. The service, as now extended, runs from Ontario to the East End Abbatoir, and adds another mile to the former route in a northerly direction. It was built in demand of the growing population there. Every second car will run over the new road.

FETE DIEU PROCESSION.

The annual Fete Dieu procession takes place on Sunday next, and will doubtless be witnessed by thousands of people. The detective department is already taking steps to prevent pick-pockets from carrying on their nefarious trade on that day. Speaking to a representative of the Star this morning, Chief Detective Carpenter said that he hoped all those who intended to view the procession would leave their valuables and money at home, and thus prevent pickpockets from reaping a harvest.

BICYCLE TAGS EXHAUSTED.

The supply of tags for bicycle licenses has given out owing to the unprecedented heavy demand. Many bicyclists are still applying for licenses. Their money is taken and receipts given. When a new supply of the nickel shields is received they will be issued free to those who have paid their licenses within the past day or two.

SUNDAY TRAIN TO ST. AGATHE.

On Sunday, June 19, the C. P. R. will commence running their St. Jerome train through to St. Agathe, giving visitors seven hours in the noted Laurentian mountain resort on Sunday. The train will leave Montreal at 9.15 a.m., and reach St. Agathe about noon, leaving there at 7 o'clock on the return run.

WOLSELEY MAY COME

Report In London That the Commander-in-Chief May Succeed Lord Aberdeen.

AS GOVERNOR - GENERAL.

In That Case, Lord Roberts of Candahar Would Assume Command of the Army.

NOT OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

Appointment Would Give Satisfaction in Many Quarters, Would Lead to Robert's Promotion.

(By Cable from the Star's Special Correspondent in London.)

LONDON, June 10. — Despite current rumors no decision has yet been reached respecting Lord Aberdeen's successor. The latest idea in official circles, consequent on the Earl of Selborne's inability to accept the position is the appointment of Lord Wolseley. It is believed he might be willing to surrender the position of commander-in-chief to a younger man, while it is thought that his eminent position, and past association with Canada would make him peculiarly acceptable to Canadians.

REPEATED VIA NEW YORK.

(Press despatch.)

NEW YORK, June 10.—A despatch to the Tribune from London says:

The British Government has had unusual trouble in filling the vacancy for the Viceroyalty of Canada. Numerous candidates for the succession have been mentioned, but no appointment has been made.

The good relations now existing between England and America make it important that the new Governor-General of Canada should be an official of unique reputation, so as to impress the imagination of the whole English-speaking race in America.

The appointment has not been officially announced, but it is generally believed in the War Office that Lord Wolseley is the man who has been selected for this important post.

Nothing has yet appeared in print about it, but it may be stated with the utmost confidence that overtures have been made to him.

The Crown is not in the habit of offering appointments for high places until the willingness of those proposed for preferment to accept honors is ascertained.

There is adequate reason to believe that Lord Wolseley has been approached, and asked whether he will accept the post of Governor-General of Canada, and that he is now considering the expediency of accepting it.

He now occupies the office of commander-in-chief of the army and is the man best fitted by experience and military capacity for retaining it. He would also be a Governor-General of Canada of exceptional prestige and authority, and would be welcomed both in the Dominion and the United States as a brilliant successor to the long line of illustrious viceroys.

His appointment as Governor-General would cmomand the attention of Canada and America, and would be of great utility in promoting good relations on each side of the border.

At the same time it would create a vacancy in the office of commander-in-chief, which the friends of Lord Roberts would like to have their special favorite fill.

Lord Wolseley is at once a soldier and a diplomatist, equal to any work which he may be called upon to perform; but, Lord Roberts is a soldier only, and a very ambitious one.

Lord Wolseley is now in his sixty-sixth year. If he decides to accept the offer which has undoubtedly been made, he will retire from the army and devote the remainder of his life to offical work as Governor-General, and to the completion of the memoirs which he has long desired to write.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the STAR by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament street.

Morning Board.	June 10th Ask	Bid.	June 9th. Ask.	Bid
Canadian Pacific Ry	85¾	85¼	86¼	86
do do Land Bonds	115	110	115	110
Duluth S.S. & Atlantic	3	2¼	3	2¾
do do do pref.	8	6	7	6½
Commercial cable	180	179¾	180	178¾
do Coupon bonds	—	104	—	104
Do Reg'd. do	—	104	—	104
Montreal Telegraph	180	176¾	180	176¾
People's Heat & Light	40	39¾	42	39¾
Do do do Bonds	90¾	85	92	—
Richelieu & Ont. Nav Co.	105	103¾	105	103¾
Do do Bonds	—	—	100	100
Montreal Street Ry	257¾	257	258	257¾
Do do do new	254¾	253	254¾	254
Halifax Electric Ry	128	125	127¾	126¾
Do do Bonds	107	—	—	—
Montreal Gas Co	188¾	188¼	189	188¾
Bell Telephone Co	175	160	175	169
Do do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Royal Electric	156	154¾	153¾	152¾
Toronto Railway	98	97¼	98¾	98
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Cornwall Railway	50	15	50	15
St. John Railway	—	140	145	140
London, do	—	—	—	—
Bank of Montreal	245	240	245	240
Imperial Bank	—	193	—	193¼
Ontario Bank	110	103	—	—
Bank of B. N. A	—	—	—	—
Molsons Bank	—	200	—	200
Bank of Toronto	240	229	240	229
do Jacques Cartier	105	101	105	101
Merchants Bank	169	167¾	170	169
Do of Halifax	—	180	—	180
Bank of Nova Scotia	—	—	—	—
E. Townships Bank	—	155	160	155
Quebec Bank	—	124	—	124
La Banque Nationale	100	90	100	90
Union Bank	118	103	115	103
Can. Bank of Com	140	137	140	137
La Baque Ville Marie	100	90	—	—
Hochelaga Bank	160	157	160	157
Bank of Ottawa	—	—	—	—
Auer Incand. Light	—	—	—	—
Windsor Hotel	—	—	—	—
International Coal	60	30	60	30
Do do pref	100	50	100	50
North-West Land Co. prf	55	51¾	51	49¾
War Eagle	202	201	202	201
International Bds.	—	—	—	—
Taylor Ely. Air Co. Co. Ltd.	—	—	—	—
Canada Paper Bonds	—	—	—	—
Canada Central Bonds	—	—	—	—
Champlain & St. L Bonds	—	—	—	—
Dominion Coal Com	24¼	23	24¼	23
Do do Pref.	114	112¼	113	112¾
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	106¾
War Eagle	—	—	—	—
Montreal Cotton	150	145	150	145
Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co.	—	—	—	—
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Merchants Cotton Co	—	—	—	—
Dom. Cotton Mills Co	92	90¼	95	91
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Lean & Mortgage Co	—	—	—	—
Guarantee Co. of N. A.	—	—	—	—
Diamond Glass Co	—	—	—	—
West. Loan & Trust Co.	—	—	—	—
Ottawa Electric	—	—	—	—

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.	Total
Wheat, bush	2700	—	80,183	82,883
Corn bush	1400	—	108,720	110,120
Peas, bush	18,500	—	—	18,500
Oats, bush	7600	10,000	—	17,600
Meal, bbls	25	—	—	25
Flour, sacks	1000	6500	—	7500
Ashes, bbls	1	3	—	4
Hides, pkgs	635	2340	6	2981
Cheese, boxes	4443	3450	823	8416
Eggs, cases	430	460	31	921
Ham, Bacon, boxes	368	120	—	488
Tinned Meat Pkgs	34	—	—	34
Leather, rolls	1127	25	—	1152
Potatoes, bags	—	40	—	40
Raw Hides	17	—	—	17
Tallow	1	1	—	2
Tobacco, pkgs	7	—	—	7
Whiskey, bbls	395	—	—	395

Special Notice.

When Morris Pianos are good enough for Prof. Reed, Miss H. Wright, Miss Sharp, Mrs. J. E. Jackson, Prof. Wm. Sullivan, Prof. Jackson, and other prominent musicians, there should be no question about them pleasing most people. W. H. Leach, 49 Metcalfe St., sells the Morris Pianos at very moderate prices, as has small expenses.

Don't pay an ordinary price for an ordinary Suit—not when an ordinary price will buy something extraordinary at

DUPUIS FRERES'

SPECIAL SALE OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING

ON SATURDAY.

An immense lot of Linen and Duck Children's BLOUSES, white and colored..... At Half Price.

An immense lot of Linen and Duck CHILDREN'S SUITS..... At Half Price.

Also, a wonderful job lot of Crash Linen COATS and VESTS..... At Half Price.

Silk, Alpaca and Cashmere COATS and VESTS, black and colored..... From $3.35 to $5.50

Special value in MEN'S SUITS, worth $15.00..... For $10.00.

Do Not Miss our Saturday Sale.

DUPUIS FRERES,

Corner St. Catherine and St. Andre Sts.

135 1

BUILDING LOTS

$25.00 CASH

On the following Streets:—

MANCE, ST. GEORGE, WAVERLEY, ST URBAIN and CLARK.

Monthly payments, $3.40 to $7.23. Sewers, Water, Electric Light.

MONEY LOANED TO BUILD.

Take St. Lawrence or Amherst Cars for the Montreal Annex.

Agents on the Property Daily Corner Park Avenue and St. Louis Sts. Cor. St. Lawrence and St. Louis Sts.

AGENTS WANTED.

For further information apply to

G. W. BADGLEY,

Telephone 2137. 45 St. John Street. 17[illegible]

ESTATE JOHN BLYTHE.

All persons having in their possession or custody any goods or property belonging, placed or warehoused with them by the late John Blythe of this city, are requested to immediately to notify the undersigned.

ROBERTSON, FLEET & FALCONER.

Montreal, June, 1898. 133 3

NOTICE.

After this date, we will not be responsible for any goods bought in the name of Thomas F. G. Foisy, or in the name of our firm, without a written order from our office.

THOMAS F. G. FOISY, SON & BICKELL.

133 3 1st 190 St. Lawrence St., Montreal.

Montreal Bicycle Club.

HANDICAP SENIORS

Saturday, June 11th, 3 p m., M. A. A. A. Spring Handicap.

Tuesday, June 14th, 8 p m., Mountain Park.

Thursday, June 16th, 7.15 p m., Hamilton's at grounds, seniors fly-ing start ½, and 3 mile, junior 2 mile, 8.15 p m., Lachine.

Tuesday, June 21st, 8 p m., sharp. Club supper at Knapp's, rain or shine. In the event of rain Club will go to Blue Bonnets by Park & Island Ry. Tickets for sale by Committee.

F. WALKLEY, Capt.

JUNIORS

Sat., June 11th, 3 p m., M. A. A. A. Handicap.

Wed., June 15th, 4.45 p m. Around Mountains and Montreal West.

W. G. YOUNG, Capt. 135 1

Knights of Pythias.

CASTLE HALL,

6 Phillips Square.

Damascus meets . . . To-night

Cruisader meets . . . Tuesday, 14th

Dugomar meets . . . Tuesday, 21st

Ivanhoe meets . . . Tuesday, 21st

Visiting brethren always welcome.

Meets at Masonic Temple. 133 1

St. Patrick's T.A. & B. Society.

The Officers and Members of the above society, will meet in the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum on Sunday, June 12th, at 8 o'clock sharp, with regalia, to take part in the Fete Dieu procession. Every member is requested to turn out.

By order

W. P. DOYLE, Secretary.

135 1

KENSINGTON.

STRIKE NOW.

Call at once and secure one of the few remaining lots in this delightful suburb.

Prices $125.00 to $750.00.

Small cash payment down, balance in monthly instalments.

FRANK E. DONOVAN,

45 St. John Street.

Open daily and Friday evening. 135 1

Kilfyre SIMPLY BLOTS IT OUT

134 sw*at*6

A Bargain Residence For Sale Park Avenue With Stable and Coach House.

That Well Built, Commodious, Stone Front House of 13 rooms, heated by hot water, modern plumbing and in first-class order throughout. Owner moving into larger house.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co., 181 St. James St. 135 1

Charming Modern Cottage, 9 Durocher St., By Auction.

Will be sold at our rooms, 181 ST. JAMES STREET,

WEDNESDAY, 15th JUNE,

by W. M. Kearns, Auctioneer, That Elegant Modern House, specially built for the owner, by A. C. Hutchison, architect. Every feature of the house is of the most modern description. Rooms all on two floors. Ground floor contains large parlor, dining room, sitting room, kitchen and pantry. Fine stable, coach house, and man's quarters attached. Side lights from a wide lane. This property will be sold at a bargain, as owner is going South. Terms, particulars and permits on application.

J. Cradock Simpson & Co., 181 ST. JAMES STREET. 135 1

$850.00

WILL PURCHASE A

Nice Building Lot

ON PARK AVENUE, near St. Louis. Easy Terms.

FRANK E. DONOVAN,

45 St. John Street.

Open daily and Friday evening. 135 1

COUNTRY PRODUCE STEADY.

The receipts of eggs to-day were 921 cases, one less than the day previous. The demand is only fair. We quote: Fancy selected stock, 10 to 11c; ordinary run, 9 to 10c; and No 2 stock, 8 to 8½c.

Prices of hay rule about steady at the recent decline. No. 1 is quoted at $9 to $10; No. 2 at $7 to $7.50; and shipping stock at $5 to $6.50.

There was no material change in the bean market. Business is quiet and prices steady at 56c to $1 for primes, and at $1.05 to $1.10 for choice hand-picked per bushel.

The market for honey is exceedingly dull and prices are nominally unchanged. We quote: White clover comb, 11 to 12c; dark, do, 8 to 10c; white strained, 7

RATES
—FOR—
Prepaid Classified Advertisements
In the MONTREAL DAILY STAR.

SITUATIONS WANTED, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
PUPILS WANTED, 10 cents for 10 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word each insertion.
All other "WANTED" ads. 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion
BOARD, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
FOUND, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion
TO LET, HOUSES, STORES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion
FOR SALE, 2 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
PROPERTY FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
BUSINESS CHANCES, ETC., 2 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
PERSONALS, page 2, 2 cents per word, with a minimum charge of 25 cents each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When such advertisements are not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for classified advertisements of less than five lines.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—FINE CUT STONE HOUSE No. 76 Victoria st. (near Sherbrooke street), containing twelve (12) rooms, bathroom, pantry, modern conveniences; all in first class order. Stables (3 stalls) and large Coach House in rear. Convenient locality. Stables may be sublet if not required. Apply W. S. Marson, Star Office, 185 St. James street. 31 tf

TO LET 2439 NOTRE DAME STREET (near Richmond street), 3 story stone house, containing 10 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, good yard, sheds and stable. Has been occupied by doctors for several years and is now so occupied. Apply to J. H. Nault, Druggist, 2449 Notre Dame st., or to T. J. Pringle, 145 Bishop st. 87 tf

TO LET—$5.00. A SUPERIOR FINISHED upper tenement of 5 rooms, 151 Rivard street, with electric car service. See this house before renting. Key at 359 Rivard street. 135 1

TO LET ANY ONE REQUIRING FOR immediate occupation, self contained tenements, healthy locality, large yard, cellars, shade trees in front, on Cadieux st., apply 985 Cadieux. 135 2

SUMMER COTTAGES TO LET.

TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGE AT Dorval, prettily situated on the Beach, between the grounds of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club and the Forest and Stream Club. Ample water supply, boating, bathing, fishing. Terms moderate. The only cottage left in the village. Apply to N. Binmore, 1569 Notre Dame st., Montreal. Tel. 9230. 127 tf

TO LET "ROSEDALE" COTTAGE, situated on the Point, between Lakeside and Pointe Claire, spring water in house, close to the Lake, good boating, etc. Furnished or unfurnished. Low rent. P. O. Box 183, City. 133 2

STABLES TO LET.

TO LET A 3 STALL STABLE WITH large coachhouse and loft, rent low to good tenant. Apply for particulars to 78 Victoria st. 127 26

SUMMER RESIDENCES.

TO LET AT LONGUEUIL, COTTAGE, 8 Bord de l'Eau street, 5 minutes from the ferry. Will rent for season or year. Apply to W. E. Cooper, Star office. Telephone 2179. 111 26

TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGES AT Beaconsfield, in first class order. Apply to Macintosh & Hyde, 157 St. James st. 130 6

TO LET AT CHATEAUGUAY BASIN, cottage, near R. R. Station and Ferry. Will rent for season or year. Apply to J. I. Mallette, 1618 Ontario, Montreal. 132 6

TO LET — A COTTAGE IN LITTLE Metis. Apply to Jas. Sim, Little Metis, Que. 134 4

TO LET — CHEAP, THREE NICE COTtages, furnished, on the river side, ten minutes from G. T. R. Bonaventure St. Anne Bellevue stations. Apply G. Daoust, 1885 Notre Dame. 134 2

TO LET AT VAUDREUIL, ON EDGE of river, a ten roomed cottage, all modern conveniences, bath and closet, only two minutes' walk from station and post box. Apply C. Besner, Grand Central Hotel, Vaudreuil, Que., or N. E. Hamilton, cor. St. Catherine and Peel st., Montreal, Que. 135 2

TO LET—HOUSE AT PT. CLAIRE, OPposite the lake, the finest cottage on the island, 8 rooms, bath, hot and cold water in the house, lot 92x200, with large trees; furnished or not. Apply H. Duchesneau, Pt. Claire. 135 2

TO LET NICELY FURNISHED house, very comfortable, facing the sea; 4 bedrooms, sitting room, kitchen, etc. Apply to A. Mercier, Cacouna, Que. 133 1

TO LET—AT POINTE CLAIRE, "St. Mimer Rest" cottage, 10 rooms, water in house, furnished. Apply L. Charlebois, Grocer, Pointe Claire. 135 2

TO LET A SMALL COTTAGE WITH furniture complete, bath and water closet, situated at Valois, P. Q., five minutes from the station. Apply to Jos. Hudon, 41 St. Sulpice st. 135 2

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET FURNISHED HOUSE for June, July and August; extension kitchen, coal and gas stoves, etc. Apply in evening at 39 Fort st. 135 2

BUSINESS PREMISES WANTED.

WANTED — A CONVENIENT PLACE IN central part of the city for bowling alleys, stores or house preferred, if arranged to suit dimensions, 20 to 40 feet front by 80 to 90 feet deep. Address N., 1,000 Star Office. 134 1

OFFICES TO LET.

TO LET — AT 28 AND 30 HOSPITAL street, fine ground floor front offices and sample rooms, single and en suite. Apply to W. F. Lewis, 15 St. John street. 133 4

SHOPS, STORES, BUSINESS PREMISES, ETC., TO LET.

TO LET — STORE, 732 DORCHESTER street; good stand for bicycles, also house overhead; and houses 19 and 21 Brunswick st. Apply at 1,000 Notre Dame street.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED — ADVERTISER WILL GIVE diamond and ruby half hoop ring, value $45, quite new, for new carpets or carpeting. Address G. 1052, Star Office.

PATENT SOLICITORS.

INVENTIONS PATENTED
AND TRADE MARKS REGISTERED
IN ALL COUNTRIES.
OWEN N. EVANS,
Temple Building, Montreal.
Write for particulars. 283 2

PATENTS
PROMPTLY SECURED
Write today for a free copy of our interesting books "Inventive Help" and "How you are swindled." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent laws of 50 foreign countries. Send sketch, model or photo. for free advice. MARION & MARION, Experts, New York Life Building, Montreal, and Atlantic Building, Washington, D. C. 107tf

PATENTS PROCURED.
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.,
Canada Life Building,
Cor. St. James and St. Peter sts., Montreal, Can

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—AT AUCTION JUNE THE 15TH, the best paying corner property on St. Catherine st. east, corner Visitation, two stores with dwellings, and building lot, rented $1224, to Alfred Martin. Apply F. Legeau, notary, 156 Visitation or 133 Visitation 123 11

FOR SALE — NEW COTTAGE AT THOROld, Ontario, one hour's drive from Niagara Falls, never occupied, half acre of specially garden, fruit, cellar, cistern, well, barn, drive house. Mrs. Z. W. Durkee, Thorold, Ont. 132 6

FOR SALE — THE DOMAINE OF ST. JEROme, with beautiful summer residence, garden and about 250 arpents of forest, right in centre of town. Mr. de Bellefeuille, 50 St. James st. 134 4

FOR SALE — THAT FINE SOLID BRICK block of five shops and dwellings, corner Wellington and Nazareth streets, 55-56 can be let separate or with dwellings good confectionery oven attached to one of shops; also three dwellings adjoining on Nazareth street. A property in good order. This is a most desirable property for investment, has always been rented to good tenants. Title perfect. No. 49 Nazareth street. For terms apply E. Jones, 25 Nazareth street. 134 3

FOR SALE — THAT NEAT COTTAGE, 46 Victoria st., something desirable. Apply to H. Brodie, N. P., New York Life Bldg. 132 3 3aw

FOR SALE — HOUSES NOS. 142, 140, 136, 134 Duke st. Price, the lot, $6,000. 135 6

FOR SALE — CENTRAL CITY PROPERTY paying about 15%, cash down, balance small monthly payments, solid brick tenement house, well rented, rents paid, suitable for manufacturer's quarter of factory. Address G. 1,122, Star Office. 135 1

FOR SALE—$1250.00. A TWO STORY BRICK house, two tenements, well finished, 1005 St. Hubert st., near Canadian Pacific Railway track, and handy to street cars, at easy terms. 135 2

FOR SALE — VIRGINIA LAND, CHEAP, easy terms, one acre $50 to 10 per cent down, 10 per cent yearly. W. R. Broaddus, West Point, Va. 135 2

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — LICENSED HOTELS AND restaurants in every part of the city. None but persons with a cash capital of security need apply, and stating where I must furnish references address between 8 and 11 a. m., precisely, Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., 25 Hospital st., Montreal. 92 26o

FOR SALE — A GOOD DINING ROOM, central location, cause dissolution of partnership, or trade st. 133 4

FOR SALE — LICENSED HOTELS, coal yards, groceries, fruit, flour and feed, tobacco stores, all other businesses, houses and shops to let. Call or write Hall's, 62 St. James, evenings, 647 St. Lawrence. 135 6

WANTED — INSURANCE AGENTS IN Ottawa with office on Sparks street, to undertake agency of an English fire insurance company for that city and vicinity. Address F., 988, Star office. 133 6

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — FOR THE MILLION, KINDling, $2, cut maple, $2.50, tamarac blocks, $3, mill blocks, $1.50 per load, delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. Macdiarmid, Richmond square. Bell Tel. 8353. 115 tf

FOR SALE — KINDLING WOOD $1.50 PER load, mixed wood $1.75 per load, hardwood $2.50 per load, maple $2.25 per load. Extra large loads. Rideau Milling Co., 653 St. Paul st. Bell telephone 396. 119 tf

FOR SALE — YACHT "FOLLY," 27 ft. over all, 17 ft. 6 in. water line, 6 ft. 6 in. beam, in perfect order, new sails and spars, winner Lake of Two Mountains challenge cup, and race for cruising yachts 1897. Can be seen at St. Lin's shed, Dorval, P. Q. Apply A. E. Abbott, 202 St. James st. 132 3

FOR SALE — HOT WAVE UNDERWEAR, in cotton, Balbriggan, natural wool, 50c., 75c., $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75. Lot of odd sizes in light materials, half sleeves or long, 25c to $1.25 each. Socks in variety. Room 1, 2365 St. James st., opposite Notre Dame Convent. 134 2

FOR SALE — GASOLINE LAUNCH, 45 FT. long, 7 ft. beam, 3 ft. draft, 15 h.p. Daimler motor, finished in hardwood, upholstered, and carpeted, pantry and lavatory, speed 14 miles an hour. Only in use part of one season, equal to new, at about half price. Polson Iron Works, Toronto. 6 feod tf

FOR SALE — ANNAPOLIS ORGAN IN perfect order, $60, on instalments, discount for cash. P. E. Layton & Bro's warerooms, 148 Peel st. 1 2 2aw

FOR SALE — TWO TELEPHONES AND one letter press, in good order. Metropolitan House Furnishing Co., 1651 Notre Dame st. 135 2

FOR SALE — ROWING SKIFF, IN PERfect order, built by N. Shaver, of Brockville; 2 pairs oars, rudder, seat backs and pad, and stretchers. To be seen at G. St Onge's Boat Builder, Lachine, Que. 135 2

FOR SALE — TENT, 16 X 15, IN GOOD condition, aim at new, will be sold cheap. Address A. Wa, Box 50, Lachine Locks. 135 2

FOR SALE — BICYCLE, ENGLISH HUMber, in perfect order, $20, bargain. L. 1201, Star Office. 135 1

FOR SALE — COPPER CANDY BOILER and stove, Yorkshire terrier dog, good watch and ratter, Hans setter pup, both thoroughbreds, cheap. 151 St. Denis st. 135 1

FOR SALE — ROW BOAT, IN GOOD ORDER, with cushions, etc., cheap. 1 Bagg street. Apply Samil Tarrande, 2,000 St. Catherine st. 135 2

FOR SALE — SAILING YACHT, AT A bargain, in first class order, newly painted this spring, length B. 24 beam 7 ft. Apply to Geo. Mattinson, St. Lambert, or D. Beatty, 12 St. Peter st., Montreal. 135 2

FOR SALE — A NEW, LATEST DESIGN 5-ft. Cabinet Grand Piano, by Emerson, of Boston, Mass., in handsome case, with powerful tone, will be sold to first cash buyer who makes reasonable offer. Lindsay-Nordheimer Co., 2365 St. Catherine st. 135 2

FOR SALE—NEW HIGH GRADE BICYCLE, finest celebrated make, 1898 model, only 2 weeks used, perfect condition, price low. Apply between 6 and 8 evening, 2674 St. Dominique, near Sherbrooke. 135 1

FOR SALE — 10 PIECES RAVEN BLACK sateen brocaded lustre, colors guaranteed, good value for 50c, our price 25c. Flynn's, cor. Richmond and Notre Dame west. 135 1

FOR SALE — 10 PIECES BLACK SATEEN, all new designs, in colors guaranteed, good value for 50c, our price 25c. Flynn's, cor. Richmond and Notre Dame west. 135 1

FOR SALE — 5c BUYS THREAD GLOVES, better qualities in taffeta and silk, 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, fine stitched handkerchiefs, 5c, 10c to 15c. Flynn's, cor. Richmond and Notre Dame west. 135 1

FOR SALE — 19c BUYS CASHMERE HOSE, white toes and heels, better qualities 25c, 29c, 35c, 50c, 35c buys long waisted corsets, better qualities 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25. Flynn's, cor. Richmond and Notre Dame west. 135 1

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL HEINTZMAN & CO. square piano, cost $450, payable $5 monthly or $315 cash. 7½ octaves, ivory keys (perfect whites), full iron frame, top dampers, overstring bass, round corners, carved legs and lyre, the tone, action and case of this instrument is equal to new, having been very little used (received in part payment for one of the new 3 pedaled Morris upright pianos.) W. H. Leach, 49 Metcalfe st. A short distance above Y. M. C. A. Building. Telephone 3893. 135 1

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FOR SALE — RICH LOT OF SPOTTED swiss and crepon muslins in blue, pink, cream, jute, biscuit and white, all good value for 25c, our price 15c. Flynn's, cor. Richmond and Notre Dame west. 135 1

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED — 2 GALLONS OF MILK DAILY to be delivered at Bonaventure Station. Address L. 1222, Star Office. 135 1

WANTED—TO PURCHASE SECONDHAND storage lantern, state kind and price. Apply to Conroy st. 135 1

WANTED — SMALL UPRIGHT ENGINE, 5 to 7 horse power, state if in good working order and name lowest price. O. 1323, Star Office. 135 2

WANTED — TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND gentlemen's cast-off clothing, furs, carpets, musical instruments, firearms, bicycles; best prices paid. On account of moving to new premises, address Max Frank, 493 Craig street, Post Office Box 423. 135 3

WANTED — A NINETY HORSE POWER Corliss engine, must be in good order. Thomas Samuel & Son, 8 St. Helen st. 135 2

WANTED — TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND gents' cast-off clothing. Highest prices paid. All orders by mail promptly attended to. 537 St. Lawrence st. A. Isidore. 135 2

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — FOR THE COBOURG, ONT., Collegiate Institute, an experienced specialist to teach advanced English, moderns, and drill; initial salary $800, duties to begin next September; applicants will state experience and qualifications; applications will be received until June 15. Address G. W. Mitchell, Cobourg, Ont. 129 10

WANTED — AGENTS, THE ONLY CANAdian "Life of Gladstone" is by Castell Hopkins, Hon. G. W. Ross and Sir Wilfred Laurier. A lasting monument to the great man and to Canadian literature. Beware of American catch penny books handled by Canadian hawkers. Our book has been in preparation for years. Handsomely bound, profusely illustrated, big commission. Prospectus free to canvassers. Freight paid, books on time. With this book you can clean them all. Bradley-Garretson Company, Limited, Toronto. 131 6

WANTED — HONEST, ENERGETIC young men, farmers' sons, teachers, students, clerks, and others who are admirers of Mr. Gladstone, and would like to spend the next three months in selling the matchless story of his life. We teach you how to do the work, and guarantee success. From $2 to $5 a day absolutely sure. There is no fear of failure, and it will be otherwise with you. Bradley-Garretson Company, Limited, Toronto. 131 6

WANTED — YOUNG GIRLS TO LEARN the manufacture of neckwear. Apply to Touke Bros., 6 Latour st. 131 6

WANTED — A YOUNG LADY AS BOOKkeeper, speaking and writing both languages, must be a good writer, accurate and quick at figures. Address D, 951, Star Office. 133 4

WANTED — GOOD ROLLERS AND bunch makers on fresh and dry work. Apply Harris, Youngheart & Co., 151 St. Paul st. 133 4

WANTED — MEN OF GOOD ADDRESS knowing the city and speaking both tongues, steady employment. Thrift Department, Sun Life building. 133 4

WANTED — AT ONCE, TO GO TO THE country, a house and tablemaid with city references. Address D, 958, Star office. 133 3

WANTED — AT ONCE, AT 15 DRUMmond street, a good plain cook, willing to go to Sea side for August, wages $14; references required. 133 3

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant, who can cook, or good plain cook, for family of four, no washing or ironing. Apply between 5 and 8 in the evening at 417 Metcalfe avenue, Westmount. 133 4

WANTED — AGENTS HAVING EXperience with printing matters to take orders between 11 and 12. Address room 29, Canada Life building. 133 3

WANTED — GOOD PLAIN COOK OR GENeral servant. Apply 225 Stanley st. 134 2

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS CARPET salesman to take charge of carpet department and to assist in other lines. Address H, 115, Star Office. 134 3

WANTED — AN OFFICE BOY, WITH REferences. Apply P. O. Box No. 904. 134 2

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP IN cooking. Apply 600 St. Catherine st., cor. Wood ave., Westmount. 134 2

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT. 34 TUPper st. 134 6

WANTED — TOOL MAKERS. LINOTYPE Company. 134 3

WANTED, AT ONCE PLAIN IRONERS. Apply 11 Cournal st. 134 2

WANTED — SALESMEN WHO WANT TO make money selling our specialties. We furnish a bicycle to our workers. Goods in demand. Stone & Wellington, Nurserymen, Toronto, Ont. 134 4

WANTED — AXE MAKERS AT ONCE, steady work for good men. Address James Warnock & Co., Galt, Ont. 134 2

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, family of three. Apply 600 Argyle avenue, Westmount. 134 2

WANTED — A STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter, one who is accustomed to the use of Remington and Empire machines, with full and experience of State salary expected. Address H, 1116, Star Office. 134 2

WANTED — EXPERIENCED RUNNERS and turners. Also girls willing to learn. Apply Touke Bros., 69 Latour st. 134 2

WANTED — A NUMBER OF GOOD VISE hands and engine erecters. Apply The Goldie & McCulloch Co., Limited, Galt, Ont. 134 2

WANTED — AT ONCE, GOOD STRONG boy, to deliver parcels, at 280 St. Hubert street. 135 1

WANTED — A RESPECTABLE BOY AT Montreal Photo Supply, 2263 St. Catherine st. 135 1

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT. REferences required. Apply at 750 Palace st. 135 4

WANTED — A COOK OR A GENERAL servant, no washing. 50 Victoria st. 135 1

WANTED — FOR JUNE 15TH, TO GO TO country, a good girl for light housework and help with children, washing sent out. Address L. 1217, Star Office. 135 2

WANTED — A GOOD COOK, WILLING TO assist in light housework and go to the country. Apply Mrs. Budge, 128 Milton st. 135 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, willing to go to the country. Apply to 170 Peel st., between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. 135 1

WANTED — A BOY, ONE SPEAKING both languages, to learn machinery, also machine hitter and belt maker. Apply 37 Dalhousie square. 135 1

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED MIDDLEaged woman to take charge of two children going to the country. Apply 4126 St. Catherine st. 135

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT IN small family, good wages, no washing, references required. 198 Mance st. 135 2

WANTED — A GIRL FROM 12 TO 15 years for light housework, to sleep at home. 2601 Notre Dame st. 135 2

WANTED — AT THE RICHELIEU HOTEL, a woman assistant cook, who understands pastry, speaking French and English. 135 2

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT, MUST be a good plain cook, references required. Apply 199 Hutchison st. 135 1

WANTED — ARCHITECTURAL STUDENT. Apply personally, Room 79, Imperial Building. 135 1

WANTED— TWO FIRST CLASS BARBERS, 1,213 St. Catherine st., near Sanguinet, will pay $2.50 for Saturday. 135 1

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL TO MIND a store; must have experience. Apply from 7 to 9 p.m., Empire Dye Works, 2096 St. Catherine st. 135

WANTED — BOYS, MUST BE STRONG AND willing to learn plumbing business. Apply 55 Metcalfe st. 135 1

WANTED — YOUNG LADY FOR OFFICE work, intelligent, good at figures, and with some experience. Address in own handwriting stating salary expected, P. O. Box 2284. 135 2

WANTED — FOR A FAMILY OF TWO AN experienced cook; best of reference required. Apply to 142 Drummond st. 135 2end

WANTED — SMART, INTELLIGENT BOY. Apply at Star Composing Room. 135 2

WANTED — A GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children. Apply 690 Sherbrooke st. 135 1

WANTED — COOK, WITH REFERENCES, at once, willing to go to Cacouna for July and August. Apply evenings, 1095 Sherbrooke st. 135 2

WANTED — A SALESLADY, ONE WITH experience in a hat and fur store. Apply between 8 and 10 o'clock Monday morning, Hasley Brothers, 2252 St. Catherine st. 135 2

WANTED — A SERVANT GIRL WILLING to go to the country for the summer months. Apply 658 Craig st., between 9 and 4 o'clock. 135 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY GENERAL servant, one understanding plain cooking; boy kept. Apply to 300 St. Urbain st. 135 2

WANTED — A COMPETENT PATTERN maker. Apply at once, to 178 St. James street. 135 1

WANTED — A GOOD BAR-TENDER. APply at 823 Craig st., corner of St. George. 135 1

WANTED—FANCY AND PLAIN IRONERS. Apply to American Steam Laundry, 41 Beaver Hall Hill. 135 1

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY SIX EXPERienced girls on label cans. Apply this evening between 7 and 8 o'clock to J. W. Windsor, 209 Commissioners st. 135 1

WANTED GOOD SMART JUNIOR CLERK, well educated and connected able to read and write and good at figures, speak both languages. Reply stating salary expected, L. 1309, Star Office. 135 1

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO HELP TO mind a baby. Apply 43 University st. 135 2

WANTED — TAILOR AND CUTTER. Advertiser would be glad to correspond with man of first class ability, with view to his taking charge of the cutting and work room in a large departmental store. Vacancy first September. Enclose copies of testimonials and state salary required, to X. Y. Z., care Messrs. Gillespie, Ansley & Dixon, Toronto. 135 3eod

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — ONE OR TWO WOMEN FOR scrubbing and kitchen work. Stillwell's Temperance House, 721 and 723 Craig st. 135 1

WANTED — BOOKKEEPER FOR WAREhousing establishment; must have references, salary $600 per annum. Apply P. O. Box 928. 135 2

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, AT 425 St. Denis st., must be willing to accompany family to the country, only duty there, charge of two children. 135 1

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 4 Stanley st. 135 1

WANTED—STRONG GIRL, ONE CAPABLE of doing plain cooking; references required. Apply 60 Argyle ave., city 135 3

WANTED — A YOUNG LADY FOR GENeral office work, must write a good hand and be correct at figures. Apply from 7 to 9 in the evening only. 55 Metcalfe st. 135 1

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED — PARISIAN COOK CAN FURnish best references, New York and Paris, wants place as chef in private family or hotel. Address D, 950, Star Office. 132 3

WANTED — SITUATION AS GENERAL servant, good references. Apply 524 St. James st. 133 3

WANTED — SITUATION AS COACHman and gardener, long experience, can give first class references. 1184½ St. Antoine st. 133 3

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, a situation as housekeeper to one or two gentlemen, or would take charge of house for the summer, first class references. Address G, 1005, Star office. 133 3

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY, offices to clean. Please address Mrs. Keane, No. 2, in rear of 36 Alexander st. 133 3

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, WORK of any kind in country; good carriage painter and stripper. 105 St. Urbain street. 133 3

WANTED — BY COMMERCIAL TRAVeller, good side line for east, west, and northern Ontario. A1 references. Address D, 926, Star office. 133 3

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, SITUation as driver or any steady employment; thoroughly understands horses. A1 references. Address D, 927, Star office. 133 3

WANTED — POSITION BY A THOROugh accountant. Apply box 1203, Post Office. 133 6

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOman, work in a restaurant, or housecleaning, 3 days a week. Apply at 112 Lusborne st. 133 3

WANTED YOUNG MAN, 23, BRIGHT AND industrious, desires position as general office clerk, where there is possible chance for advancement; 3 years' experience, good penman, excellent references. Address F, 995, Star office. 133 3

WANTED — SITUATION BY A YOUNG lady as companion for children or nursery governess, very fond of children; also willing to do their sewing and go to the country. Apply Box 60, St. Philippe, Argenteuil, Que. 134 2

WANTED — SITUATION AS COMPANION or nurse to invalid lady, going to the seaside or country very reasonable. Address No. 314 St. Urbain st., city. 134 2

WANTED BY YOUNG MAN EMPLOYment, afternoons, driving preferred. Can furnish good references. Address G, 1079, Star Office. 134 4

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG LADY for summer as maid to lady; no objection to travelling, or as nursery governess to young children, highest musical references. Address H, 1115, Star Office. 134 2

WANTED — SITUATION AS HOUSE AND tablemaid, to go to seaside or country. Apply afternoons or evenings, 13 McTavish st. 134

WANTED BY GOOD COAT MAKER, having 11 years' experience and good reference, outside work to do. Apply by letter to A. Larin, 225 Quesnel st., Ste. Cunegonde. 134 4

WANTED — SITUATION BY FIRST CLASS Protestant cook, would like to get a good home. Apply to Mrs. Pope, 17 Brandon. 134 2

WANTED — HOUSE PAINTING, WHITEwashing, tinting, paper hanging and graining, by young Englishman, prices moderate; references. Address K, 1182, Star Office. 134 2

WANTED — YOUNG MAN, EIGHTEEN years, good classical education, would like to secure a position in an office, to learn bookkeeping. Address 1374 St. Catherine st. 135 2

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN as coachman or any kind of work, speaks French and English. 524 St. James st. 135 2

WANTED — ENGLISH TRAINED NURSE desires engagements, take entire charge of invalids, convalescent to States. Address Nurse, 47 Aylmer st. 135 5

WANTED IMMEDIATELY BY A FRENCH Protestant gentleman of education, both in English and French, a situation as clerk in office or store, good references. Address L. 1212, Star Office. 135 2

WANTED — MASSAGE NURSE WOULD like situation or work a few hours, visits. Address N. 1295, Star Office. 135 1

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, situation as plain cook, willing to go to country. 23 St. Philip st. 135 1

WANTED — BY MAN SITUATION AS driver, seven years in last place, thoroughly understands horses and strictly temperate. 16 Balmoral st. 135 2

WANTED — BY FRESCO PAINTER, situation for any kind of work. Address M, 1244, Star Office. 135 2

WANTED— DRESSMAKING BY THE DAY in private families, cut and fit guaranteed. Apply 17 Hanover st. 135 1

WANTED — SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPer or general office work; many years' experience, both languages, best of references. Address O, 1335, Star Office. 135 3

WANTED — BY A YOUNG MAN, SITUAtion as gardener, understands care of horses, 4 years' experience. Address 678 Lagauchetiere st. 135 1

HORSES AND CARRIAGES, ETC.

FOR SALE — CARRIAGE HORSE, GOOD driver, quiet, cost $140, would sell cheap for cash. Apply at the Slater Shoe Factory, cor. Alexander and Jurors sts. 134 2

FOR SALE — CHESTNUT MARE, 16 hands, well broke to saddle and harness. Apply to P. E. Maurice, St. Antoine st. 135 2

WANTED — TO PURCHASE A FOUR wheeled pony waggon. Apply 23 St. Francois Xavier st. 135 1

FOR SALE — FAST PACING MARE, record 2 24¼, sound in every way, 15.1, and 5 years old, great race and road animal, won 7 races in one month last autumn, has gone and can in training go in 2.15 or better. Will be sold reasonable and an ordinary business horse taken in part payment. M. St. Jean, 115 St. Hubert st. 135 2

FOR SALE — ENGLISH SILVER DOUBLE harness, in good order, cost $175, owner no further use, will sell $55. Apply 18 Inspector st. 135 2

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED — ROOMS BY A YOUNG LADY engaged during day, partly furnished room, with breakfast, preferred; west of Victoria st. Address, stating terms. References exchanged. N. 1297, Star Office. 135 1

WANTED — ROOM ON BATHROOM FLAT, with board, vicinity St. John Evangelist English Church, by an elderly lady. Apply 119 Sanguinet st. 135 1

LOST.

LOST — ON THE 8TH INST. ON PINE Ld ave., Drummond st. or Mountain Park, a diamond pin, seven stones, 4 diamonds and 3 sapphires. Liberal reward if returned to E. M. Toumans, Windsor Hotel. 135 1f

FOUND.

FOUND — A WATCH. APPLY AT MANning's grocery store, St. Antoine st. 135 1

PUPILS WANTED.

WANTED — CLASSICS, MATHEMATICS, modern literature, business. C. W. Parkin, 652 Lagauchetiere st. 125 3eod

MILK FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — PURE, FRESH MILK, DEliveres to private families any place in city, 4c quart. Cash customers only need apply. Post Office Box 315. 129 8

MISCELLANEOUS.

CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, TORONto, receives students in commercial subjects, shorthand, typewriting and telegraphy at any time. Excellent facilities. Seven regular teachers. Students assisted to positions. Particulars cheerfully given. Write W. H. Shaw, Principal, Toronto, Ont. 26 tf

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED parlor and bedroom, Aller light. 49 Beaver Hall Hill. 134 12

ROOMS — TWO LARGE, HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, newly papered and painted, with good board; all conveniences; vacancies for few table boarders. 78 Victoria st. 127 26

ROOMS — TO LET, WITH OR WITHOUT board; modern conveniences. 49 Union avenue. 130 10

ROOM — BEDROOM, WELL FURNISHED, on Dorchester st., near Beaver Hall Hill; rent $12, bath, etc. Address P, 619, Star Office. 130 6

ROOM — A NEWLY FURNISHED FRONT room; splendid light; terms moderate 149 St. Alexander st. 131 6

ROOMS — FURNISHED ROOMS. 73a St. Famille st. 131 6

ROOMS — LARGE, AIRY, NICELY FURnished front room, on bathroom flat, also single, with first class board; also table board. 70 McGill College ave., three doors from Sherbrooke. 132 6

ROOM — FINE, LARGE FURNISHED room to let, to gentlemen only; references exchanged, on bathroom flat. 105 Windsor st. 132 4f

ROOMS — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, also two large unfurnished parlors, suitable for doctor, house newly done over. 27 Victoria st. 132 6

ROOMS — A LADY HAVING A LARGE villa residence in Westmount, rooms with board, single and double, all elegantly furnished; electric light and telephone. Address 220 Kensington ave. Adjoining lawn tennis. 132 5

ROOMS — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED rooms, with or without board; also table board. 50 Cathcart st. 132 4

ROOMS — TO LET DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms, well furnished, on bathroom flat. Apply to 239a Bleury st. 132 3

ROOM — A LARGE DOUBLE FRONT room, comfortably furnished, on bathroom flat, private family. 98a Mansfield st. 133 3

ROOM — LARGE FRONT ROOM, ON BATH room flat, furnished or unfurnished. 258 Bleury st. 133 3

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED, WITH good board, $16 month, also table board $2.50 a week. 30 Victoria st. 133 4

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board, at 110 Stanley st. 133 4

ROOMS — HANDSOME DOUBLE AND single rooms to let in a private family, gas, hot water, shower bath, telephone. 94 St. Denis st. 133 3

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED, ON BATH room flat, suitable for one or two, every convenience, transients accommodated. 96 Union ave. 132 4

ROOMS — TWO COMFORTABLY FURNISHed rooms, with all modern conveniences. 165 Union ave. 133 6

ROOMS — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, with or without board; modern conveniences; private French family; no children. 77 Crescent st. 131 3

ROOMS — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, on first floor, with sitting-room if required, lovely view. 674 Sher

SERVICE ON SUNDAY.

Selections Have Been Made for the General Assembly Pulpit and Communion.

WILL NOT SIT SATURDAY.

Reports Presented on the Work of the Different Presbyterian Colleges Under Assembly.

THE TORONTO APPEAL CASE.

It Was Brought Up This Morning and Referred to the Judicial Committee for Report.

The third days' proceedings of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, began at ten o'clock, and was opened with the usual devotional exercises. A number of committees had met before the opening hour, and it was agreed, in consideration of the amount of work for committees, that no meeting of Assembly should be held on Saturday.

Rev. James Fleck, convener of a committee appointed to nominate supplies for the Assembly, pulpit on Sabbath next, gave in a report recommending that on Sabbath morning Rev. D. Macgillivray, of Honan, China, should be the preacher, and in the evening the Rev. Wm. Patterson, of Cooke's Church, Toronto. It was further recommended that at 4 o'clock on Sunday afternoon a communion service should be held, to be conducted by the Moderator, assisted by the ex Moderators, and Rev. John Crombie, D.D., with the following elders from various portions of the church: Rev. Robert Murray, Hon. David Laird, Judge Stephens, Mr. Hamilton Cassils, Dr. Macdonald, Mr. E. D. McLeod, Mr. Massey, Mr. J. A. Rocket, Mr. Alex. McPhee, Mr. David Morrice, W. D. McLaren, and Walter Paul. The recommendations were sanctioned.

Rev. John Macmillan, of Halifax, in the name of a committee appointed to look into the composition of the Assembly roll, reported as to the result of the examination made. Irregularities were found and blemishes pointed out. After attention had been called by Dr. Campbell, Senior Clerk, to certain matters, which should be rectified in future appointments to the Supreme Court, the committee on the roll was thanked for its work, and its recommendations were adopted.

An extract that had come before the Assembly from the Presbytery of Algoma since the first draft of the docket of business was submitted to the Committee on Bills and Overtures, was read by Dr. Warren, received, and sent on for treatment to the Committee on the Reception of Students.

Additional papers bearing upon the appeal case from Toronto in which that Presbytery, the Dunn Avenue Church, and the Cowan Avenue Church, within the bounds of that Presbytery, are interested parties were read and this complicated and disturbing portion of the present Assembly's business was handed over for special examination to the judicial committee to report their finding to a later sederunt of the Court.

THE HALIFAX COLLEGE.

Professor A. Pollock, of Halifax, presented the report of the Presbyterian College at Halifax. The attendance was three times larger than when the college was reorganized in 1875 and 76, being now forty-six.

Three of the students had offered their services to the Mission Board and would soon be setting out for Corea. These students were among the best and brightest of those attending the college. He was also glad to report that the collections from congregations had greatly increased, there being now 185 congregations, while in '76 there were but 69.

He spoke of the summer school which he thought should be very popular on account of the very reasonable charge, $10 for ten days, and because of the opportunities afforded for ministers to meet one an other.

He did not see why colleges should not be a part of the Home Mission work, for the missions would be in a very poor condition indeed, if it were not for the colleges. He then made an appeal to the congregations for a more earnest support of the colleges and concluded by moving the following resolution

"The General Assembly having heard the reports of the Board and of the Faculty of the Presbyterian College, Halifax, rejoices in the continued prosperity of the College, as shown in the great increase of attendance, the number of students being threefold in advance of what it was a few years ago; in the maintenance of a respectable standard of education, as proved by the students being graduates of Dalhousie University and by improvements in the course of study, in the liberal support given to the college by congregations, who have as a whole doubled their contributions within a few years, the number of contributing congregations being now 185 instead of 69 as formerly; in the enlargement of the library, which has rendered it necessary to provide a new and commodious building for the use of the library as well as for teaching purposes; commends the college to the liberality of the church in the Maritime Provinces, expresses the hope that the friends of the church, and especially its wealthiest members, may see it to be their duty to sustain the board in its efforts to maintain the efficiency of the college and provide the accommodation which growing success and usefulness have rendered necessary and commends the college to the confidence, earnest prayers and benevolence of the church."

Rev. J. S. Black, D. D., of Halifax, in seconding the resolution, said that the college was fully in touch with its constituency. The professors were all competent in their different subjects and did an excellent work. He spoke of the summer school. The college had a most beautiful site to be found in Canada. The air was pure and bracing and the ministers would have a happy time in the association with each other. The resolution was adopted.

MORRIN COLLEGE.

Dr. McRae presented the report of Morrin College. He said it had the virtue of being brief, although it contained some errors, as printed. They were in the midst of a population which was diminishing and, he feared, would continue to diminish. Their funds were also in an unsatisfactory condition. They were in a state where the sympathy of the church would be very helpful. He thought that the appeal on behalf of Morrin should be received with more sympathy by the church. They could not compete with the large institutions, but he hoped that they would at least maintain their standing. He looked forward also, to the establishment of a summer school and he could assure his friends from the East that they had no more beautiful scenery than was to be found in Quebec.

Professor Hart, of Manitoba, in rising to move the adoption of the report, spoke of the sympathy of the West with Morrin College. He referred to the decline of the church in many portions of Quebec and he thought they should rally to the assistance of the college established here as a ray in the darkness. Thus he had much pleasure in moving the following resolution

"The Assembly receives and adopts the report of Morrin College as submitted; commends the college to the sympathy and practical support of the church, and more especially of the congregations in the Presbytery of Quebec; instructs the committee on statistics to add Morrin College to the list of the colleges, and expresses the hope that the efforts therein put forth for the promotion of the educational interests of the church, may by the Divine blessing be crowned with success."

Dr. Sedgewick, of Halifax, in seconding the motion, said it must be abundantly evident that the college to be able to do the work with any success should receive a more generous support of the church. He thought it was a very extraordinary thing that only $51 had been received from congregations. While the church might not be particularly strong in that portion of the province, yet in the province as a whole it was strong. He looked for a brighter state of things in the future.

Dr. Warden rose to explain that the other colleges appointed certain Sundays upon which they received the offerings of the people, and as Morrin had not done this it was the loser to that extent.

THE MONTREAL COLLEGE.

In the absence of Mr. David Morrice, Rev. Dr. MacVicar made the report of the Montreal college. He referred to the fact that some 74 of the ministers gathered together were from the college, and consequently knew as much about it as any one else.

In one respect the report was unsatisfactory. The endowment fund was still inadequate, and had it not been for the special subscriptions, he did not know how the college would have got along. He then spoke in high terms of Mr. David Morrice, whose name he hoped would be handed down to posterity for the good work he had done. Dr. Cornrad was also specially mentioned. There had been an addition to the scholarships of the college, and Mc Gill had also added a number which might fall to the students of the Presbyterian College of Montreal.

As the reports were in the hands of the ministers it would not be necessary for him to make any further remarks. He, therefore, moved "That the reports of the Board and Senate of the Presbyterian College be received, and adopted, and that the Assembly express satisfaction with the work done by the college during the past session, approve of the effort to further increase the endowment fund, and commends the institution to the prayerful and liberal support of the church."

The report was seconded, and unanimously adopted

Dr. Grant moved the report of Queen's College, in the absence of Mr. Justice McLennan. Dr. Grant, after making a few remarks, asked Rev. W. J. McCaughan, of Toronto, to move the adoption of the report.

Mr. McCaughan spoke of the necessity of enlargement of Queen's. This could be done without any great expense, as the property would not cost anything, there being such commodious grounds at Queen's now. He regretted that the congregations had never provided even the minimum required from them by the church for the support of the colleges. In conclusion, he referred to the death of the Rev. Geo. Bell, a man whom he had the greatest love and respect for. He then moved the following:

"The Assembly receive and adopt the report and expresses gratification upon the continued prosperity and development of Queen's University and College, and in view of the fact that the revenue from the General Assembly's College Fund had never reached the minimum amount which in the judgment of previous assemblies was absolutely necessary for the maintenance of the theological department, they earnest recommend congregations to further liberality, all the more that the appointment of a much needed additional professor in the theological department cannot be made until this source of revenue is largely increased."

Mr. Mortimer Clarke, of Toronto, in seconding the resolution, said that after listening to the reports of the colleges no one could think of trying to close any of them up, even though they might appear to require considerable support. In reality the congregations contributed very little towards this important work, while they did not hesitate to spend large sums upon organs and furnishings. He hoped there would be a more liberal support in future.

The report was adopted

STUDENTS AND ART COURSE.

Principal Cavan, in speaking of the preparatory course, said that the Senate could not recommend that no student should be admitted to the theological college without first having taken an arts course in a university. The college did not want to interfere with other colleges, but they had found that the present system was unsatisfactory. Manitoba would, in all probability, concur in the change recommended. A portion of the circular read:

"To the opinion of the Senate it is desirable that there should be a remodelling of the course of study prepatory to the study of Theology, intended for students who are not proceeding to a degree in Arts, and it is resolved to instruct the Executive of the Senate to consider the substitution therefore of a course of study selected from the curriculum of Toronto University, such course to be taken in the regular classes in the University, or, if the Executive do not deem this advisable that they suggest such modification of the curriculum of the Preparatory Course as shall secure greater excellence in the course of study, and lessen the cost of conducting the work of the Preparatory Department."

Messrs. Martin, Crawford and Dr. McCurdy were added to the Executive for the consideration of this resolution.

Dr. Cavan therefore moved the following:

"The General Assembly expresses general approval of the action taken by the Senate of Knox College, with a view of improving the arts training of students who are not proceeding to a degree in arts and appoints a committee carefully to examine the course proposed by the Senate in place of the preparatory course, as formerly conducted, with instructions to report to the General Assembly at an early sederunt, and that the document entitled 'Changes in the Preparatory Course at Knox College,' be regarded as part of the report by the Senate and put into the hands of the committee hereon appointed."

The motion was seconded by Dr. Bryce, of Winnipeg, and upon being submitted to the sederunt, was carried. The sederunt then adjourned.

AN ASSEMBLY WEDDING.

Rev. W. P. Adam Weds Miss Conway, Just Out from Scotland.

This morning, at 9.30, in St Paul's Church, a pleasant and interesting event occurred. A member of the Assembly, Rev. W. P. Adam, of Lumsden, Assiniboia, was married to Miss Janet Conway, of Bieth, Ayrshire, Scotland. The groom has been about a year in his present congregation, having come from the Free Church, Scotland. The bride arrived last night, having taken the journey alone. She was taken charge of by Miss Watt, of the Turkish Bath's Hotel, and was given away by the Rev. James Douglas, of High Bluff, Man. W. T. Rev. J. W. Muirhead, of Whitewood, Assa., was the groomsman, and Miss Carrie Stewart and Miss Grace Stewart acted as bridesmaids. The Rev. Dr. Barclay, of St Paul's, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. James Binnie, B. D., of Dalhousie, Ont. A few of Mr. Adam's brother ministers and personal friends were present.

THE ASCOT STAKES.

(By Cable from the Special Correspondent in London of the Star.)

LONDON, June 10—The latest betting on the six favorites for the Ascot stakes, to be run at Ascot, on Tuesday next, is as follows: Butler, 4 to 1; Comfrey, 5 to 1; History, 8 to 1; Piety, 8 to 1; Barford, 10 to 1, and Limasal, 10 to 1. The distance is two miles.

Allan SS. Montevidean passed Cape Magdalen inwards at 7 a.m. on Thursday.

SPANIARDS REPLY

To the Writ of Capias Issued Against Them by the Superior Court.

WANT THE CAPIAS QUASHED.

They Deny the Principal Allegations and Declare Them, Even if True, Insufficient.

MR. ST. PIERRE AT OTTAWA.

Senor Du Bosc Says That He Will Have to be Ejected From Canada by Force.

Mr. Pellisier, of the firm of St. Pierre, Pellissier and Wilson, this morning produced in the Practice Court two petitions on behalf of Carranza and Dubosc, asking that the writs of capias issued against them be quashed, on general allegations of illegality and dengations of fact. The two petitions, which are similar for each of the Spaniards, read as follows:

1. That they were arrested at Montreal, District of Montreal, on the 8th of June, on a writ of capias ad respondenum, issued in this case on the affidavit of the plaintiff.

2. That supposing that the allegations of paragraph 9 of said affidavit to be true, said allegations are insufficient in law to authorize a capias.

3. That in effect, it would neither be an act damaging for the plaintiff, nor an act indicating the intention of defrauding, such as is alleged by the plaintiff, if a system of spying in the services of Spain existed here.

Wherefore, the said defendants will demur against the allegations contained in said paragraph on the 13th instr., at ten thirty, before the Superior Court sitting, as a Practice Court in Montreal, and consequently ask that said paragraph be declared illegal and struck out from the said affidavit without costs.

They also declare that all allegations are false; that it is false that they intend leaving Quebec and Ontario with intention to defraud; that it is false that in leaving the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario they would deprive plaintiff of all recourse against them; that it is false that it was necessary to have recourse to a capias to put the defendants in the hands of justice, and consequently they ask that the writ be quashed.

Mr. Greenshields will reply to the petition on Monday morning, when it comes up for hearing in the Practice Court before Judge Mathieu.

MR. ST. PIERRE GOES TO OTTAWA.

Mr. H. C. St Pierre, the lawyer of Messrs. DuBosc and Carranza, left hurriedly for Ottawa to-day. There does not seem to be any doubt, that he went there in connection with the proposed action which the Dominion Government intends to take in regard to his clients.

MR. DUBOSC ON THE SITUATION.

Mr. Dubosc, in an interview yesterday afternoon, said: "I have been told that Major Sherwood, Chief of the Federal Police, has been ordered by the Government to give Mr. Carranza and myself notice to quit the country. They say that he will arrive here this evening. Personally I do not believe that Major Sherwood's mission to Montreal is to escort us across the frontier. He has not the right to do so, and nothing but physical force will make us leave this city. I say that he has not the right to do so, because Mr. Carranza is perfectly justified in furnishing Spain with views and general information that is published openly here in the newspapers. Should Major Sherwood try to force us to leave Canada, we intend to protest personally. So will our Consul, M. de Bouille y Martel, through the agency of the Spanish Ambassador at London. I simply cannot imagine to what cause we can attribute this determination of the Federal Government. It is possibly due to excess zeal on the part of some functionaries of the American Government, who imagine all kind of things about us, without being able to prove any of them. My personal opinon is, that there is no international law which permits us to be expelled from Canada, and furthermore, I think that such a course of action on the part of England, would be in direct opposition to all her traditions, besides establishing a very bad precedent indeed."

SIR ADOLPHE CHAPLEAU.

His Condition Very Critical This Afternoon.

LAST RITES OF THE CHURCH ADMINISTERED LAST NIGHT.

The condition of Sir Adolphe Chapleau continues very critical. He received communion yesterday afternoon at 4.30 from Rev. L. Callaghan, of the Archbishop's Palace, who also administered the Viaticum, or last rites. His confession was heard Tuesday afternoon by Rev. Abbe Dauth, of the Palace. The clergyman observed that he was greatly impressed with Sir Adolphe's earnestness and resignation. The patient, despite his weakness, made a futile effort to sit up in bed to receive the last sacrament before falling back on his pillow.

Sir Adolphe had a bad turn yesterday afternoon, shortly before the arrival of the clergyman. He was also very low about four o'clock this morning, when Vicar General Racicot was sent for. Sir Adolphe is very weak, to-day. Dr. Rottot was called in last evening to consult with Dr. Roddick and Dr. Wilkins, who are in constant attendance. It is believed that the ex-Governor will soon succumb.

Cable, telegraphic, and verbal enquiries respecting his condition are pouring in from all quarters. Sir Adolphe yesterday personally dictated a reply to a message from the Marquis of Dufferin, and Ava, as well as one to the enquiry from Lord and Lady Aberdeen. His notary was summoned last evening to make a codicil to the will.

Archbishop Bruchesi, who received a gold watch from Sir Adolphe on the occasion of his consecration, makes enquiries daily. His Grace is out of town on his pastoral tour.

Major Chapleau, a brother of the ex-Governor, has arrived from Ottawa.

CANNOT PLAY.

It having been stated in an Ottawa despatch that there was a possibility of Eddie Murphy and O'Doherty of the Capital lacrosse team of '96, being reinstated by the A. A. A. of C., so that they would be able to play on the Capital team to-amrrow against the Shamrocks; enquiries were made of the local officials of the A. A. A. of C., who said that this could not be done. These two applications and also that of Harry Griffiths, are in the hands of a sub-committee and their reports are not yet ready. It is not likely that the action of the committee will be known for some time yet.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

Report to be Presented to the Stockholders at the Annual Meeting to Be Held on Wednesday Next.

The directors beg to report to the stockholders the result of the year's operations, and also of the special examination of doubtful assets, securities, and properties made by the joint general manager.

The ordinary profits of the bank have been diminished by pressure of competition, but the losses arising from failures of customers during the year have been small, with, however, one exception, arising from a very heavy shrinkage in value of the security held for an important account; necessitating a large appropriation out of the profits of the year to meet it.

The working of the business of the year has, therefore, been as follows:

Net profits, after payment of interest and charges and providing for bad and doubtful debts, accruing during the year, including the above named, were	$440,437 96
Balance from last year	141,717 22
	$582,155 18
Out of which the usual dividends were paid of eight per cent	$480,000 00
Leaving a balance of	$102,155 18

The special examination resulted in appropriations and adjustments at head office and branches (after deducting contingent accounts) of $408,941 29
And bank premises and furniture were reduced 44,372 00
$453,31330

This was met by a transfer from rest account of 400,000 00
Leaving a balance to be carried forward to next year of 48,841 88
$502,155 18 $502,155 18

The directors trust that there may be considerable recoveries from these appropriations, but it has been deemed most desirable to make large allowances for contingencies.

The volume of business of the bank has been well maintained, so far as deposits and circulation are concerned, but the diminished demand for mercantile loans and discounts is reflected in the balance sheet. A corresponding increase will be found in the investments of the bank in bonds, debentures and call loans.

The large developments of business in the North-West have led to the consideration of favorable opportunities for business there, and branches have been opened at Portage la Prairie, Neepawa and Souris in Manitoba, at Medicine Hat in Assiniboia and Edmonton in Alberta.

The expenses connected with the opening of these branches have been considerable, and have added to the charges for the year. The directors trust that hereafter they may prove a steady source of profit to the bank.

PENSION FUND.

The bank already possesses the nucleus of a pension fund, but there has hitherto been difficulty in organizing it on a per basis. It is, however, the intention of the board to give attention to the matter during the coming year, and it is hoped that a carefully considered scheme may be presented for adoption at a future meeting.

Meantime the annual cost of the pensions allowed to various former officers forms a part of the annual charges of the bank.

The various officers of the bank have been discharged their duties to the satisfaction of the board.

All respectfully submitted.

ANDREW ALLAN,
President.

Montreal, June 9, 1898.

STATEMENT OF LIABILITIES AND ASSETS AT 31ST MAY, 1898.

Liabilities.			Last year.
1—To the Public.			
Notes in circulation		$2,835,873 00	$2,357,672 00
Deposits not bearing interest	$2,899,861 76		2,554,992 96
Deposits bearing interest	9,895,205 90		8,765,341 38
Interest due thereon to date	71,157 96		78,565 19
Deposits of Canadian banks keeping accounts with this bank	917,281 82		670,447 98
		$13,693,007 44	
Balances due to Canadian banks in daily exchanges		6,923 83	1,431 79
Balances due to agents in Great Britain			75,046 46
Dividend No. 59		240,000 00	240,000 00
Dividends unclaimed		767 50	1,398 00
		$16,776,571 77	$15,042,928 36
2—To the stockholders:			
Capital paid up	$6,000,000 00		$ 6,000,000 00
Rest	2,600,000 00		3,000,000 00
Surplus profits	48,841 88		141,717 22
		8,648,841 88	
Contingent account			74,695 00
		$25,425,413 65	$24,259,340 58

Assets.			
Gold and silver coin on hand		$ 378,448 82	$ 372,580 40
Dominion notes on hand		1,121,269 00	1,044,749 00
Notes and cheques of other Canadian banks		739,398 05	720,125 59
Balances due by other Canadian banks in account and daily exchanges		1,736 71	121,051 34
Balances due by agents in Great Britain		115,184 23	
Balances due by banks and agents in the United States		1,181,623 29	604,978 14
Dominion Government bonds		1,356,666 64	937,507 52
Railway, municipal and other debentures		1,221,854 46	398,928 56
Call and short loans on bonds and stocks		1,849,758 22	1,350,163 83
Total assets immediately available		$ 7,989,441 48	$ 5,549,863 97
Time loans on bonds and stocks	$ 492,430 35		555,574 00
Other loans and discounts (less reserved for rebate)	15,938,408 89		16,894,136 61
Loans and discounts overdue (loss provided for $83,137 15		16,523,976 39	147,454 99
Deposit with Dominion Government for security of note circulation		159,312 70	158,312 70
Mortgages and other securities, the property of the bank		143,938 73	342,344 11
Real estate		48,127 20	26,897 48
Bank premises and furniture		532,945 04	520,448 70
Other assets		27,662 11	14,028 12
		$25,425,413 65	$24,259,340 58

In addition to the liabilities shown in this statement, the bank is under obligation to pay $12,031 yearly in pension to retired officers, for which there is no special provision in the assets.

G. HAGUE, General Manager.
THOS. FYSHE, Joint General Manager.

THE CUP DEFENDERS.

The Three New Boats Have Been Launched and Will Race To-morrow at Dorval.

THEY LOOK LIKE GLENCAIRN.

They are Named: "The Speculator," "The Strathcona," and One is "The Manitou."

VERY FINELY FINISHED.

Particular Care Has Been Taken to Make Them Look Nice and Sail Well.

The Cup Defenders have been launched. They are lying off the pier of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club at Dorval.

Their names are: "The Speculator," "Strathcona" and "Manitou." The first two were designed by Mr. Duggan, the latter by Mr. Huntley Drummond, the owner. They were all built by the St. Lawrence Boat Company, and do credit to their builders. To the casual observer they are not very different in appearance from last year's twenty-footers. The two first mentioned are light colored, with mahogany finish, and Mr. Drummond's is dark.

Altogether, they are far superior in appearance and finish to those of last year. The builders have taken particular pains to turn out not only a first-class but a good-looking craft. A special plane was invented for the purpose of having the boards fit well together, and nearly all the fittings are made of a particular combination of nickel and aluminum. They will race to-morrow, and give the people an idea of what they can do.

The entries for to-morrow's races follow:

First Ross Series Race, for 20 footers—

Racing No.	Name.	Helmsman.
45	Avoca	F. P. Shearwood
49	Glencairn II.	G. Her. Duggan
41	Scienowen	Camp. Davidson
37	Manitou	Hunt. Drummond
35	Speculator	A. Hamilton
44	Strathcona	J. J. C. Almon

Fifteen footers—

6	Fidget	Count C. de Villiers
11	Missie	L. M. Ogilvie

Eighteen footers (knockabout class)—

Habitant ..... D. R. Hemsley

It is probable that the fifteen and eighteen footers will race together. The start will be made at 3.30.

Mr. Lionel J. Smith will be the officer of the day.

A young lad, seventeen years old, named Albert Dowling, was drowned at Lakeside yesterday morning.

While Dowling was launching a flat-bottomed boat with the intention of going for a row, it in some way got free and floated off. Dowling immediately jumped into a canoe and paddled out to recover it. When he came alongside of the boat, by a sudden movement in trying to catch it, the canoe was upset, throwing him into the water. Being unable to swim, he was drowned before any one could come to his assistance.

DRUMMOND COUNTY ROAD.

The Senate Committees Report on the Evidence of the House Investigation.

SENATE, THEY BELIEVE, ACTED WISELY IN CHECKING THE GOVERNMENT.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, June 10. — The Senate Committee appointed to enquire into the Drummond County Railway deal met this morning, and adopted its report which will be presented to the Senate this afternoon.

The report states that the committee was organized for the purpose of conducting an impartial enquiry into the matter referred to them on March 23, but inasmuch as a similar enquiry was being conducted in the Commons on the same subject, no evidence was taken. The committee, however, were furnished with copies of the evidence adduced before the Commons committee, and were thus able to follow the course of the enquiry.

The action of a leading witness before the Commons committee in refusing to answer important questions, in which he was sustained by a majority of the committee, was materially modified after the appointment of your committee, and the line of enquiry pursued by the Commons committee thereafter was such as would elicit material evidence to the enquiry. The Senate committee therefore deemed it advisable to await the conclusion of the investigation by the Commons committee, and thereby save a duplication of evidence, and the consequent expense to the public there from.

After carefully considering the evidence adduced before the Commons committee your committee are of the opinion that the action taken by the Senate on June 23, 1897, in deferring for threee months the second reading of the Drumond County Railway Bill has been fully justified. That in consequence of the modification effected by the terms of the agreement, subsequently entered into as compared with the terms of the first agreement, a large and unwarrantable expenditure of public funds has been averted. That in respect of the contract now proposed to be made with the Drummond County Company for the

ACQUISITION OF THEIR ROAD

by the Government, and also with respect to the later agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway Company for access by the Intercolonial Railway to Montreal, important changes are being made in the public interests. That in the case of the Drummond County Railway the evidence shows that the recent agreement enables the Government to acquire the said railway fully completed, and with its general standard improved, for the sum of $1,000,000, which under the terms of the agreement contained in the bill of 1897 the consideration was $64,000 annually, in semi-annual payments for ninety-nine years, which from evidence is shown to be equal at 2 7-8 per cent., to $2,091,541.

That in respect of the before mentioned agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway the evidence shows that the following modifications have been effected for the purpose of making the proposed rental of the company's lines and terminals more acceptable to Parliament.

The cost of the improvements of the leased lines and terminals is to be borne proportionately to the actual wheelage use of the same by the Government and the Company, instead of the cost of such improvements being borne in equal parts as by the agreement of 1897. The Government may defray its proportion of the cost of such improvements by paying interest thereon at the rate of four per cent., instead of five per cent as provided in the agreement of 1897, or what is still more favorable, by cash payment of the principal amount. The Company is required by the later agreement to deliver to the Intercolonial Railway, at Montreal, all traffic from the west bound for points in the Intercolonial Railway instead of at Levis as by the agreement of 1897. The Government is to have the right to new local trains on the leased line from Montreal to St. Rosalie instead of through trains only as by the agreement of 1897. That the order of reference does not call for any opinion as to whether the considerations expressed in the agreements of the present year are just and reasonable or whether it is in the general interests of Canada that the Intercolonial Railway shall be extended from Levis to Montreal.

STOCK MARKET

Very Quiet, But no Tendency to Easiness--Stocks Firmly Held.

RUMORED THAT MERCHANTS BANK WILL REDUCE ITS REST.

Star Office, Friday 2 p.m.

The week closes quietly at the Montreal Stock Exchange. Very little business was done this morning. Trading was narrow and individual transactions for the most part very small. Canadian Pacific declined a fraction in London. Opening there at 88 1-4, it dropped to 88 and at once caused a decline here to 85 1-2. The weakness in London was caused by the disappointing traffic returns of the Grand Trunk for the first week in June. It was supposed there that Canadian Pacific would also show a decrease in receipts—hence the decline. Grand Trunk first preference dropped to 74 1-8 and the thirds to 22 3-8.

Locally Canadian Pacific opened and closed at 85 1-2, 925 shares being placed. The sellers were Forzet & Co. and Burnett & Co., and the buyers Wilson & Gillespie, Meredith & Co., G. Strathy & Co., and Forget & Co. Toronto Street sold at 98 1-4 to 98, Dominion Coal preferred at 113, Dominion Coal at 91, Richelieu and Ontario at 103 3-4, Bell Telephone at 170, Merchants Bank at 169, and Royal Electric at 153 1-4. The last named was bought by Forget & Co., who predict a rise for it. War Eagle was placed at 201 1-2 to 201 3-4 for 2250 shares. Moat & Co. and Mardougall Bros. sold and Forget & Co. and Moat & Co. bought.

It is rumored that Monte Cristo will soon be listed on the Montreal Stock Exchange. This morning 2,000 sold at 33 1-2, and 3,000 at 34, and 1,000 at 35, and 1,000 at 34 1-2. It is offered now at 35, with 34 1-2 bid. It was sold to-day by Macdougall Bros., and Forget & Co., and bought by the latter and Forget & Co. to-day.

It is said that on Monday next the Merchants' Bank of Canada will reduce its rest account by $400,000. The stock is a little heavy in consequence.

Forget & Co. have advices from Toronto to the effect that Osler and Hammond have been the principal sellers of War Eagle stock during the last week or two. It is thought in Toronto that there is a possibility of the company paying 2 per cent. per month before very long, as the shipments of the mine will shortly double.

One per cent. was offered this morning to call any part of 25,000 shares of War Eagle for 30 days.

North West Land rose from 49 to 52 1-2 on the publication of its statement to-day. The sales for the five months ending May 31st, 1898, compared with those for the same period last year, show a large increase. The figures are as follows:

	Acres.	
1898	29,260.69	$158,065 04
1897	12,751.82	69,856.15
Increase	16,508.85	$88,209.89

The selling has been better than the buying of late on the Exchange.

Forget & Co.'s London cable message quotes Grand Trunk 1st preference at 74 1-8, thirds at 22 3-8, Hudson's Bay at 20 1-2, and Canadian Pacific at 88 3-8.

The Clearing House statement for the week ending June 9th is as follows:

	Clearings.	Balances.
Total for week ending June 9, 1898	$14,883,184	$2,336,682
Corresponding week of 1897	13,668,834	1,917,675
Corresponding week of 1896	10,623,970	1,442,766
Corresponding week of 1895	12,294,656	1,655,985

MORNING STOCK SALES.

Canadian Pacific—350 at 85 1-2; 125 at 85 3-8; 450 at 85 1-2.

War Eagle—250 at 201 1-2; 2000 at 201 3-4.

Monte Cristo—1000 at 35; 1000 at 34 1-2.

Toronto Street Railway—25 at 98 1-4; 21 at 98.

Dominion Coal preferred—150 at 113

Dominion Cotton—50 at 91.

Richelieu and Ontario—25 at 103 3-4.

Royal Electric—55 at 153 1-4.

Bell Telephone—10 at 170.

Merchants Bank—35 at 169.

AFTERNOON SALES.

150 Canadian Pacific at 85 1-2; 25 Dominion Cotton at 91; 175 Halifax Heat and Light at 39 1-2; 25 Richelieu and Ontario at 103 1-2; 25 Toronto Street Railway at 98; 30 Toronto Street Railway at 97 7-8; 25 Dominion Cotton at 91 1-4; 25 Commercial Cable at 179 7-8; 100 War Eagle Mine xd at 202, 25 Royal Electric xd at 155 1-2.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the STAR by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament street.

Close.	June 10th. Ask.	Bid.	June 9th. Ask.	Bid.
Canadian Pacific Ry	85¾	85½	86¼	86
Do do Land Bonds	115	110	115	110
Do with S. S. Atlantic	3	2¼	3	2¾
Do do pfd	8	6	7	6½
Commercial Cable	183½	179¾	180	178¾
Do Coupon Bonds	—	—	—	104
Do Regd do	—	—	—	104
Montreal Telegraph	180	176½	180	176½
People's Ht. & Pwr. Hlfx.	40	32½	42	39½
Do do Bonds	92	85	92	—
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	104	103¾	105	103¾
Do do Bonds	106	105	105	100
Montreal St. Ry Co	259	257	258	257½
Do do N Stock	254	253	254¼	254
Halifax Street Railway	127½	125½	127½	126¼
Do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Montreal Gas Co	188¼	188¼	189	188¼
Bell Telephone Co	175	169	175	169
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Royal Electric xd	156	155	153¼	152½
Toronto Railway	98	97¼	98¼	98
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Cornwall Railway	50	15	50	15
St. John Railway xd	140¾	140	146	140
London, do	—	—	—	—
Bank of Montreal	245	240¼	245	240
Imperial Bank	—	193	—	193¼
Ontario Bank	—	103	—	—
Bank of B. N. A.	—	—	—	—
Molsons Bank	—	200	—	200
Bank of Toronto	240	229	240	229
Banque Jac. Cartier	—	101	105	101
Merchants Bank	169	160	170	168
Do of Halifax	—	180	—	180
Bank of Nova Scotia	—	—	—	—
E. Townships Bank	156	155	160	155
Quebec Bank	—	124	—	124
La Banque Nationale	100	90	100	90
Union Bank	118	103	115	103
Can. Bank of Com.	140	137	140	137
La Banque Ville Marie	—	—	—	—
Hochelaga Bank	160	157	160	157
Bank of Ottawa	—	—	—	—
Acer Incand. Light	—	—	—	—
Windsor Hotel	—	—	—	—
Intercolonial Coal	60	30	60	30
Do do pref	100	50	100	50
North West Land Co. pfd	54	52	51	49¼
War Eagle xd	202	200	207	201
Taylor Ry Air Com. Co. L.	—	—	—	—
Canada Paper Bonds	—	—	—	—
Canada Central Bonds	—	—	—	—
Champlain & St. L. Bonds	—	—	—	—
Dominion Coal Com.	94¼	93	94¼	93
Do do Pref	116	113½	113	113¼
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	106¾
War Eagle	—	—	—	—
Montreal Cotton xd	150	145	150	145
Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co.	—	—	—	—
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Merchants Cotton Co	—	—	—	—
Dom. Cotton Mills Co.	93	91¼	95	93
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Loan & Mortgage Co.	—	—	—	—
Guarantee Co of N. A.	—	—	—	—
Diamond Glass Co	—	—	—	—
West Loan & Trust Co.	—	—	—	—
Electric	—	—	—	—

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the STAR by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament street, local manager for J. S. Bache & Co., New York, over direct private wire.

	June 10 Open.	June 10 Close.	June 9 Open.	June 9 Close.
Amer. Cotton Oil Co	—	—	—	20¾
Do do Pref	—	—	—	—
Amer Tobacco Co	113¾	113¾	102	113¾
Do do Pref	—	134¾	—	134¾
Amer Sugar Refin. Co.	136½	14½	140	137½
Do do Pref	—	114¾	—	114¾
Amer Spirits Mfg Co	15¼	15	15¾	14¾
Do do Pref	38	38¼	38	38
A. Tob. & St. Fe, all paid	13¾	14	—	13¾
Do do Pref	34¾	34¾	33¾	33
Baltimore & Ohio	—	19¾	—	19
Bay State Gas	3¼	3¼	3¾	3¾
Canadian Pacific	—	—	—	—
Canada Southern	52¾	52¾	—	53
Ches. & Ohio	23½	23¾	23¾	23¾
Chic Burl & Quincy	104¾	105¾	104¾	104¾
Chicago Gas	103	103¾	102	102¾
Chic. & N. W. xd	125¾	127	126	125½
Chic., R. I. & Pac.	106	107¾	106	106¾
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	99¾	101¾	101¾	100
Consolidated Gas, N. Y.	204	204¾	205	203¾
Cleveland C. C. & St. L.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
Delaware, Lack. & West	—	—	—	156
Delaware & Hudson	109¾	109¾	—	—
Denver & R. Grand

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The Eastern and Western Sections of the Home Mission Committee Make Their Reports.

ABLE ADDRESSES ON THE WORK

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Aberdeen Will Visit the Assembly Meeting on Tuesday.

MISSION LABORS IN INDIA.

Communications of an Interesting Character in That Connection Were Presented.

The third sederunt of the General Assembly was opened with praise, the reading of Scripture and prayer. After the reading and sanctioning of the minutes, the first item on the docket was the examination of communications from members of the Mission Staff in India bearing upon legislation adopted at the General Assembly of last year in Winnipeg, after a long time had been devoted to work in Central India.

The General Assembly at Winnipeg, determined that the Council of Missionaries in Central India, which had existed for a number of years should cease to exist. Further, that the treasurer of the mission be appointed by the Foreign Mission Committee and that his duties be defined by the committee. It was furthermore agreed that the ordained missionaries from Canada, who have been one year in the field and who have passed their first examination in the language, should be a committee to prepare yearly estimates for their own work, to be forwarded through the Presbytery to the Foreign Mission Committee and to have general supervision of the finances of such work. By legislation passed at the same time the lady missionaries were constituted into a council with the right to meet, discuss and formulate their views on all matters bearing upon their own work; to prepare estimates for that work and to take such action as might be necessary for conducting their work, subject to the direction of the Foreign Mission Committee, with right also to meet their Presbytery at any of its ordinary meetings, to present their views in open Court and after Conference to forward a statement of their views with estimates of their work to the Foreign Mission Committee through the Presbytery, and that in preparing their estimates the ladies' council be recommended to nominate assistants and treasurer. To be eligible for membership in this Council, missionaries must have spent a year in India and have passed the first examination in the language.

It was further ordered that at the most convenient time the Foreign Mission Committee should decide approximately the sum that could be spent in India for the year following and intimate this to the treasurer for the guidance of the Finance Committee and the Ladies' Council in making up their estimates in detail; that in any reduction of grants as compared with their estimates the recommendation was that so far as practicable the Foreign Mission Committee adopt the proportion of grants approved by the Committee of ordained missionaries from the Canadian Church should not be effected by this recommendation.

These new rules for the guidance of the Central India Mission which engaged the attention of the General Assembly for so long a time in Winnipeg, became operative from the time they had been sanctioned but it was further agreed that they should be transmitted to the Missionaries in India with the request that they report their views upon them through the Presbytery to the Foreign Mission Committee for presentation to the Assembly meeting in Montreal.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM INDIA.

A full hour was taken up with the reading of the communications from India. First of all was presented correspondence from one section of the staff in India, composed of the majority of the female missionaries stating that the new rules were not acceptable. A second set of communications was received from a minority of the female missionaries, expressing disapproval of that portion of the rules which referred to the formation of a woman's council. A third set of documents from the Ladies' Council expressed dissatisfaction with the legislation of last year. A fourth set of papers from the Presbytery of Indore, composed of the male missionaries in Central India, was couched in language which indicated that the Winnipeg resolutions were the best possible under the circumstances, and the Presbytery was prepared to be guided by them.

A fifth set of letters from Rev. Mr. Wilkie, one of the male missionaries and a member of the Indore Presbytery, expressed in very strong words, disagreed generally with the line of legislation agreed to a year ago by the Supreme Court of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and indicated that a condition of things regulated by the recent orders from home, would be a worse one than that which obtained before the new rules were formed.

At the completion of the reading of these documents by the Clerk, a long discussion ensued as to the method of procedure. Dr. Moore, the Convener of the Foreign Mission Committee, said that the matters contained in the papers were delicate and intricate, and moved, seconded by Dr. MacVicar, that the papers read and cognate documents be referred to a special committee to examine and bring in a deliverance at a later stage of the Assembly proceedings. A number of the members of the Court, held that these documents in the hands of the Foreign Mission Committee should be read before the documents referred to were either received or remitted to a special examining committee. The Secretary of the Foreign Missionary Committee after delay, brought in the extra papers called for by some members of Assembly. A portion of them was read, after which the whole matter was remitted meanwhile to the Special Committee.

The next item upon the docket was the appeal of the Presbytery of Toronto with recommendations that a judicial committee be appointed to consider it. Owing to the lack of certain data, it was referred to the Bills and Overtures Committee, to bring in a report.

NEW PRESBYTERY WANTED.

Overtures were read from the Presbyteries of Barrie, and Lanark and Renfrew, asking for the erection of a new presbytery to embrace a portion of Parry Sound and Nipissing and the western section of the county of Renfrew. The reasons given for the advisability of granting the request were the rapidly increasing population, and the great distance which separated the districts. The territory was very large, and the population was greater than that of many presbyteries at the time of their erection.

Rev. Geo. Grant in supporting the overture said that when the matter was presented, the facts would speak so plainly, that he had no doubt the Assembly would take the same action as the presbyteries and the synods had. He, however, would leave the matter entirely in the hands of Mr. MacVicar.

Rev. A. McVicar illustrated the position of the section proposed to include in the new presbytery, by means of a map. The population was rapidly increasing and the presbytery would be considerably larger than many previously erected. As it was now the expenses attending a journey to the Presbytery of Barrie were much larger than the ministers could afford, and should the new presbytery, spoken of in the overture, be erected, this expense would be reduced by more than 50 per cent.

Dr. Campbell, of Renfrew, said that so far as distance was concerned, as things now were, the Presbytery of Lanark and Renfrew might as well have charge of the work of the Toronto Presbytery. Before there was railway communication he did not object to this, but now that there were better facilities he thought it was time to set up a presbytery such as was asked for. But if the Assembly was not disposed to favor this request he hoped it would detach the missions in the west of the jurisdiction of Lanark and Renfrew and attach it to Barrie.

It was unanimously agreed that the overture should be received and granted, and that the matter be referred to a committee to define the boundaries, name the presbytery, etc., and report to the assembly.

Rev. Dr. Moore announced that word had been received that their Excellencies the Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen desired to visit the Assembly, and had mentioned Tuesday afternoon next at half-past three as a convenient hour.

He therefore moved, seconded by Dr. Cochrane, "That Their Excellencies the Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen, having intimated a desire to visit the General Assembly on the afternoon of Tuesday next, at half past three, the Assembly fixes that hour for the reception of their Excellencies. The Sederunt the adjourned.

HOME MISSIONS, EASTERN SECTION.

At the evening Sederunt the report of the Home Mission was received.

Rev. John MacMillan, of Halifax, in presenting the report of the Eastern section, said moving its adoption, said:

"Righteousness alone exalteth a nation.' The "living nations," as Lord Salisbury had put it, were Christian nations, and the dying nations were not Christian. Some years ago, the Governor of the Bahamas visited England. He promised the people to advocate their wishes before the seat of Government. Many of them were wreckers, and they asked for the abolition of lighthouses along the coast. So, in the Christian world, there were people who would like to abolish the churches.

But Christian patriots would like to know that the lamps of Christianity were being kept aglow and that their light would shine more and more brightly as the years went by.

The ministers, elders and people should know what was being done, not only in the foreign, but in the home fields. Many could explain everything concerning the foreign work, who knew comparatively little about the home work. He was especially anxious to have the people know about the home field; about their own homes and the unceasing efforts which were being put forth by the church in winning Canada for Christ.

The work extended over the New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Cape Breton, Newfoundland and a portion of Labrador. There were 255 fields; 180 were settled congregations, 14 vacant congregations, 30 mission churches, and 31 mission stations. Many of the ministers could not overtake the work, which the y had to perform and hence congregations were wise to employ young men as assistants to their ministers.

The report showed that the work was going on bravely, yet there was ample room for improvement. During the past year the synod had given only at the rate of sixty-six cents per family. The people had yet to learn that giving was a part of worship. Spurgeon once related a story of a man who claimed that he had been a Christian for twenty years and it had not cost him a cent. Someone had answered him, "God bless your little soul."

The Gospel was free, but, like the water and the pump, they had to pay for the pump; they had to pay for the ministers to pump the gospel out and it would be well for them to remember that fact.

The work was both destructive and constructive. They had to destroy all the evils and had to establish Jesus Christ from ocean to ocean.

Some people said that denominational strife was conducive of great evils. He felt that religious strife, bred by conscientious convictions was a good thing, and he would far rather have denominational strife of almost any kind than the miserable uniformity of Spain or Mexico. He thought Presbyterians had not been aggressive enough. In the past, as Presbyterians, they had not cared for their people as they might have done and had frequently allowed others to take care of them instead. Should other denominations go to the war of conquering for Christ while they stood by? They had done well as a church, but Christ said go and do better. Conquest had made Presbyterianism what it was, and conquest must sustain it. Let one and all drive forward till Christ was owned Lord of the world.

He then moved the following resolution:

"The General Assembly received the report of the Home Mission Committee, Eastern section.

It rejoices and praises God for the blessing that has made the work successful. It appreciates the liberality of the people in the financial support obtained, by means of which the debt has been removed. It notes with gratitude the gifts of the Young People's and Women's Societies, as well as those of a number of congregations that have undertaken the support of missionaries in special fields; and urges such increase in giving as will enable the committee to overtake thoroughly the work in the East and increase the aid yearly given to the North West."

JUDGE FORBES SECONDS.

Judge Forbes, of St. John, N.B., said it gave him great pleasure to second the resolution of the Convener of the Committee.

The Convener was an enthusiastic man, under whom the work must go on. He admitted with shame that in the Province of New Brunswick there were 1,000 Presbyterians whom they were actually not able to find. There was great work in New Brunswick, as well as in Nova Scotia, for missionaries, in gathering in the people for Christ. A church which would not look after the home missions, he feared could not do much towards foreign mission. Young men were going abroad to the foreign missions who had learned the value of work in the home missions, and what was the result? Why, that last year not only was the home mission supported, but $4,000 had been sent to the foreign missions.

The demands upon the ministers in the cities, to visit their congregations was so great that sufficient time could not be paid to the city missions. He feared that that part of the home missions was being sadly neglected in order to respond to the demands of the aristocratic classes. He hoped that they would go forward in the work, and if the home mission were faithfully carried out, not forgetting that part of the home missions which referred to the training of their children in their family circle, there would be less work for the minister afterwards. The resolution was adopted.

HOME MISSIONS—EASTERN SECTION.

The report of the Home Mission Committee, Eastern Section, says: Month by month appointments of men desiring to be settled as pastors were made to the Presbyteries applying for preachers to be heard in their vacant charges. Our only regret in connection with this department of our work is that we could not secure constant employment for the men on our list, owing largely to the practice now far too prevalent of Presbyteries allowing their vacancies to arrange for the whole of their own supply instead of requiring them to contribute at least one-half of it from the Presbytery and by men on the roll of the committee.

The year began with ten names on the roll of probationers, to which twenty-one were added during the year, making thirty-one in all. Of these, three have removed from our bounds, five have been settled as pastors, sixteen have received appointments for some length of time as missionaries, and six are still on our roll. This number, although small is large enough to meet all the calls of Presbyteries at present, since there are but few vacant charges.

The number of ordained missionaries employed during the whole or a part of the year and appointed to begin work in May, 1898, is unusually large, being forty-one in all. Catechists at work through the summer of 1897 were thirty-eight in number, and during the winter five, making a total of forty-one, who worked for about half of the year.

Reports were read from the Presbyteries of Sydney, Inverness, Pictou, Wallace, Truro, Halifax, Lunenburg, and Yarmouth, St. John, Miramichi, and Prince Edward Island, showing the work being done by the various missionaries and catechists in these fields.

The report went on to say: These details, if read sympathetically, are eloquent. They tell of men and women, hungry for the bread of life, fed by our agents, who unobtrusively moved out and in among them, and loved them with a brother's affection—of noble sacrifices, quietly made for the cause of Christ and His Church—of hearty, cheerful giving to the support of the Gospel in our own land by our better-off congregations. They show also that our Church in this old Eastern Section is progressing steadily, if slowly, and that to home mission work its growth is attributable.

About four thousand families are embraced in the fields in which our missionaries labor. They look to us for the preaching of the Gospel. They contribute to the support of the missionaries about sixteen thousand dollars, and give to the schemes of the Church with increasing liberality. In proportion to their means, and the labor expended on them, their giving does not compare unfavorably with that of the average self-supporting congregation. They therefore appeal to the Church for aid in securing the means of grace, not as beggars, but as brethren on the same level of proportionate giving, and as members of one and the same great family in Christ. Surely the strong cannot refuse an appeal, at once so rational and touching.

The cost to the fund for the different branches of the work for the 11 months ended March 31st last will be found in the subjoined tables. We direct attention also to the comparative statistics therein presented.

The debt on the 1st of May last year was $1,597.69. At the end of March this year, when our accounts closed, we had a balance of $12.67 on hand. This happy result is attributed mainly to a largely reduced expenditure, being only $12,635.02, as against $13,001.61 last year. This reduction has been caused by more fully employing by the fields and the employment of fewer probationers to supply vacancies. The receipts are not equal to those of the previous year, being only $14,245.38 as against $15,084.89, or falling off $849.31. But the large amount of that year was due to a special appeal for the removal of the debt. The amount given for work in the N.W. exceeds that of the previous year, namely, $2,390.89. The income has met the expenditure and wiped out the debt, and for this we are very thankful. We owe much to the Christian Endeavor Societies for coming so handsomely to our help again in response to our wish expressed in last year's report. They stand enlisted with $783.13 for the East and $126.75 for the N.W. We must record our thanks also to the Women's Societies, home and foreign, in the Presbytery of St. John, who together contributed $347.25.

We will need for the year upon which we have entered, and which will end at the close of March, 1899 (at least $15,000 more properly for our work at home, and continue our help on the same scale as now to the North-West. But with such success and encouragement before us, and with such prospects of growth as the future presents to generous hearted liberality and faithful proclamation of the Word of God, we can appeal with confidence to the love which our people bear to their brethren, and to their sense of obligation to the common Lord and Master to furnish fully the means to do our duthy as a missionary church—beginning at home.

HOME MISSIONS, WESTERN SECTION

After the singing of "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," the Assembly called for the report from the Western section. Dr. Bryce, of Brantford, who has given in the report for twenty-six years, appeared again in a brilliant and inspiring address on home missions. The year was begun with concern, inasmuch as new fields opened up in unusual numbers. The Klondike, and the Kootenay had new claims. The old districts had their claims. But the committee in charge were bound that the old fields should not lose, and that the new fields should be entered. The speaker referred to the sacrifices made by the workers in many of the fields, and the uncommon difficulties met by women, who accompanied their husbands to the pioneer districts. Four of the best men the church could lay its hand upon were sent to new gold regions—Dickey, Grant, Pringle, and Sinclair. A debt of gratitude was owing to the many friends of the cause, who had contributed so well to the Klondike fund. Acknowledgment was made of more than eleven thousand dollars during the year from churches in Great Britain. Reference was made to the exertions made by the widow of the late George Brown, who in a few hours, by a special endeavor among friends, raised the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars for the maintenance of ordinances in some of the needy districts in the home mission constituency, operated by the committee in charge of the western section of the church. In 1875, at the time of union, the gross income to home mission work was less than twenty thousand. Now, according to the last returns, the income to the home missionary operations totalled over one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The convener encouraged the church to keep its eye right on, and to let the coming years be marked by greater strides than those which had characterized the progress since the time of union in 1875. The members of the Home Mission Committee deserved the thanks of the church. Modestly enough, Dr. Cochrane gave the credit of any success belonging to the work of the committee to his associates. All in the year had been a signally prosperous one. Perhaps there was no church in the world which has such responsibilities in what is technically termed home mission work, as the Presbyterian Church in Canada. The Church in the Republic to the South had lost hundreds of thousands of persons to the cause, because of inability or unwillingness to follow up the immigration to the new world from the old with the Gospel of Christ. The speaker sat down amid great applause.

PRINCIPAL CAVEN.

Principal Caven, of Knox College, then moved the following resolution:

"That the report be received and adopted. Further the General Assembly expresses its satisfaction at the state of the funds and recognizes with gratitude the liberality of the congregations, Sabbath Schools and Young People's Societies of the Church in its support, returns thanks to the congregations in the Maritime Provinces for their increased contributions, and to the Colonial Committees, congregations and friends in Great Britain and Ireland for their generous grants to the North West and British Columbia; approve the timely and energetic action taken by the committee in sending missionaries to the newly opened Klondike field and authorize them to take that further steps may seem warranted in the appointment of missionaries by the funds placed at their disposal; record satisfaction at the efforts initiated by the ladies of Toronto to send nurses to the Klondike, and finally express devout gratitude to the Great King and Head of the Church for the large measure of success that has attended the arduous labors of the committee and missionaries under its care during the past year."

All were deeply thankful to God for the substance of the Home Mission report. Relatively it was the greatest work entrusted to the Church. There was no Church in the world, in proportion to its resources, which had such a great work to undertake, he thought, as the Church in Canada, comprising, as it did, vast tracts of land and almost unsurmountable difficulties in more than one respect.

It was a vast work which they had ventured to undertake. Immigrants were flocking into the country, new fields were being opened up and evils and abuses of long standing were to be encountered.

There was but one aspect of the financial situation which was not quite favorable, and that was the contributions from congregations. They depended largely upon Old Country subscriptions, and special subscriptions. He was very glad that a proposal, of which whispers had been heard, that an agent was to be sent to Scotland to look for contributions, had fallen through.

He felt that Presbyterians were just beginning to find out their own resources. They must look chiefly to Canada to carry on this great work. The resources, so far from being exhausted, were just beginning to be realized.

He referred to families of the church spending $500 in an evening's entertainment, and he thought they might divert a portion of such lavish expenditures into a channel more conducive of good results. He was opposed to going into questions of detail, regarding the cost of what people ate and drank. No, he must retract his statement regarding the latter—(laughter)—but he really felt that if ever such enquiry was justifiable, it was in such a case as that referred to. How easy it would be for them to set aside a little more for the Lord. He had no word of censure for the Home Committee for the promotion of the Klondike work. He had no idea how many people went in here, but whether they were few or many, he did not see how the people could find fault with the committee for not being more liberal in this matter. They would surely remember that the committee could not spend more than they received, and the amount at the disposal of the committee was controlled by the people.

A man who had the proper conception of the worthy objects in life must of necessity be a liberal man.

He thought that being engaged in good work was the greatest influence in keeping a theology sound. A great deal was being said about the theological condition of the old land, and if these statements were not being overdrawn he greatly regretted the condition of religion there. In Canada, however, he felt that there was no fear of any such a retrograde movement, for Canadians had something better to do than to indulge in idle speculation.

DR. THOMPSON SPEAKS.

Dr. John Thompson, of Sarnia, speaking from the standpoint of a pastor of 32 years standing, gave reasons for gratitude in examining the tokens of God's goodness. One half a continent has been opened up by the Canadian Church, and no better thought, and no more earnest energies have been put into exercise than by the agents of the Presbyterian Church in Canada. Attention was called to the nobleness of service rendered by men of scholarship and refinement, who have gone to the needy fields where salaries were small, difficulties were great, and earthly encouragements were small. No small portion of the Divine blessing upon the missionary operations of the church of Canada, operating through Presbyterian agencies, the speaker thought, was attributable to the self-sacrificing service of its best men.

The motion by Drs. Caven and Thompson was carried unanimously and enthusiastically.

Ten minute addresses were then given by missionaries of the home work.

HOME MISSION REPORT.

The report of the Home Mission Committee (western section) is very interesting. The year just ended has been one of considerable anxiety and responsibility in connection with the opening up of the new mission fields in the Klondike, and the breath increased expenditure in connection with the outfit, maintenance and travelling expenses of missionaries to that distant region. An appeal to the Church for a special Klondike fund was responded to very generously, the amount received at the end of the financial year being over $7000 of the $10,000 asked. As this is only the beginning of work in the Yukon Territory, it can easily be seen that the expenditure of the committee for many years—in spite of what the fields may contribute themselves—will be very great, demanding at least $20,000 additional from our churches. It is for the General Assembly now to approve of what the committee have done in the appointment of the Rev. Messrs. Dickey, Grant, Pringle and Sinclair, and authorize them to go forward in the work thus initiated.

The North-West Territories had a good fair crop during the year 1897, and have, according to their increased ability, given for the support of Gospel ordinances. The missionary appointments and the efforts made by the committee in connection with the liberal contributions from the British churches, to enable them to enjoy the services of a regular ministry. For details of the work done in the North-West and in British Columbia, and also in the Muskoka and Algoma districts, readers of the report are referred to the outlines presented by the superintendents of missions.

In any case it is but a brief sketch of the mission work of the Church that has been accomplished during the year that can be presented to the Assembly. The trials and unwearied labors of our missionaries, despite of the extremes of heat and cold, and oftentimes inadequate shelter and insufficient compensation, cannot be adequately described.

PRESBYTERY OF MONTREAL.

In some fields there has been encouraging progress; others have barely held their own.

Le Guerre and Port Lewis have been transferred to the list of augmented charges, and the Rev. D. Stewart, an experienced minister, settled there on March 15, 1898. The liberality and the solidarity of the families in this field are worthy of all praise.

Grenville Village has been separated from the settled charge of Chatham and attached to the mission field of Grenville Mountain, thus very considerably strengthening the latter. An ordained missionary, able to preach in both French and English, has been sent into this field.

Farnham has been weakened by the removal of workmen from the C. P. R. shops so that the ordained missionary has been compelled to resign. But an able and energetic student has been sent into the field, and it is hoped that its resources will be developed and that soon the population may again admit of expansion.

De Salaberry and Arundel have obtained an ordained missionary, at very little additional expense to the home mission fund, through the consolidation of the French work in Arundel. Previously De Salaberry was so far from the other stations mentioned, that it was the services were infrequent and the work unsatisfactory. Now, with a weekly service, the outlook is more hopeful.

Avoca and Harrington are making satisfactory progress, and as soon as other work are being developed. The trouble once experienced from the special efforts of emotional religionists to gain a foothold among our people has pretty well ebbed away, and the work is finding its normal level.

It is a curious fact that the Hornerites, neglecting populous centres, made strenuous efforts to carry off our people in two or three of our remotest and poorest mission fields. In some of the fields the Baptists have made proselyting campaigns, but without much result. The intelligence and stability of our people have been very clearly brought out by these trials.

Mille Isles, Cote St. Gabriel and Shawbridge—Rev. A. Robertson continues his work here with much encouragement. The interest of the people in Christian work is steadily growing.

Trout River and Burke is a field on the American border. It was neglected for many years, and was hard to reclaim; but during the last two years very satisfactory progress has been made, and the field, apparently burnt over by crude revivalism, followed by neglect, shows signs of earnest Christian life.

Montreal Annex—The Sabbath school has been conducted by the people here with commendable energy during the past year, through the winter months. A preaching service has been conducted through winter months. The syndicate, which originally owned all the land in the neighborhood, has very generously donated a lot for a church for the people of this mission, and steps will soon be taken to build a Sabbath school room in it. There are many signs of immediate growth here.

Verdun—Preparations are being made to erect a church here.

In all, $3385 were expended in home missions.

The various missions along the line of the Parry Sound Railway have been faithfully operated by students and an ordained missionary, and it is hoped we may soon see more perfect consolidation of the large number of stations embraced in the territory.

In Toronto $5812 were raised for home mission work.

THE KLONDIKE MISSION.

Early in the autumn the attention of the Home Mission Executive was called to the urgent necessity of sending out missionaries to the Yukon, or Klondike, gold region, in view of the extraordinary rush of miners and speculators, not only from the American continent, but from the Old World. It was felt that whatever could be done must be done at once if the Presbyterian Church was to gain a footing there, and without waiting for the sanction of the General Assembly or the committee itself. Accordingly, after due deliberation, in view of the heavy responsibility that would be laid upon the Church by such an opportunity, they determined to make their appointments without delay, trusting that the Church at large would approve their action, and provide the necessary additional funds. After making enquiries as to the special fitness of brethren whose names were mentioned, the following were selected and sent forth in the order named: Rev. R. M. Dickey, of Manitou College; Rev. A. S. Grant, formerly of Almonte; Rev. John Pringle of St. Paul, U.S.A., and Rev. J. A. Sinclair, of Spencerville. Mr. Dickey and Mr. Pringle were designated at meetings held in Winnipeg, Mr. Grant in Toronto, and Mr. Sinclair in Ottawa. The Home Mission Committee, at its meeting in March, unanimously endorse the action of the Executive, and confirmed the appointments made by the Executive. It is gratifying to the committee to know that the Church has not only, we may say, unanimously approved of the mission to the Klondike, but also of the singular fitness of the brethren appointed for the arduous and hazardous work before them.

The report also refers to the grand prospects of the Church in Eastern Kootenay along the line of the Crow's Nest Railway. Missionaries are urgently needed at many villages now springing up.

THE MORMON SETTLEMENT.

The following letter, sent by Mr. Hamilton, our missionary in the Mormon settlement, to Rev. J. C. Herdman, of Calgary, will give the Church some idea of the work there and the special difficulties of the field:

"I have been moving during the past fortnight—getting my household effects transferred to the new manse, which was completed on the 14th of December according to specifications. Eight hundred and fifty dollars has been paid over to the contractor, Mr. J. C. Cahoun, and the balance, $160, is due on the 18th of January, thirty-five days after the building was taken over. This holding back of 15 per cent. of the amount was to provide for cases in which the contractor did not fully pay up his workmen or the men who supplied the materials.

"As to educational matters, they have not run as I expected, the Mormons having the full knowledge from my telegrams to Dr. Robertson and Dr. Warden, which I sent, asking for money, were well acquainted with my plans. The fact is, I went to Macleod, ninety miles, to telegraph to Dr. Robertson regarding the money for the second building. When I returned to Cardston the doctor replied directly to Cardston by telegraph and telephone that the money would be forthcoming immediately. The Mormons immediately adopted the Territorial School law in Cardston and adjacent districts, and are enthused on the subject of education. They have two departments opened, one containing eighty pupils and another containing seventy-five pupils. The one is in charge of a first-class licensed teacher, the other of a second class teacher.

"They seem now in thorough sympathy with the School Law, and at their annual meeting, which I attended, they discussed the propriety of opening a primary department, a new building, on the 1st of May next. They will certainly have three or perhaps four departments on May 1st here. They teach in their hall or church. This counter-movement has put a new face on matters. On the whole, however, it is a decided step in advance, though not in accordance with our plans or anticipations. There is no doubt the law will be adopted in all the districts. There are now four Government schools additional since I came.

"With regard to the second building, I cannot build just now with any satisfaction. I am trying to get a more central point, if possible. I thought, too, of conducting a small paper, which, besides being local, would discuss religion in such a way as to prove a benefit. I got a good team, and can make quick time when required. I walked from Mountain View on December 20th in five and a half hours, as I could not take a horse for drifts. On December 24th I lost my way and stayed out nearly all night. I drove from twenty-five to thirty miles every cold Sunday this winter, got into Fish Creek with my horses, and have had a multitude of experiences."

WESTERN HOME MISSIONS.

The annual report of the home mission work in the Synods of Manitoba, the North-West and British Columbia by the superintendent, Rev. Dr. Robertson, states that in Western Canada eighteen missions were advanced to the status of congregations during the year, fourteen in the Synod of Manitoba and the North-West and four in the Synod of British Columbia; and twenty-two more would have been added to the number were the Augmentation Committee in a position to place them on the list.

Seventeen new fields, not including the Yukon, were placed on the Home Mission list. The augmentation congregational figures show the following increases for the year: Missions, 17; preaching stations, 129; church buildings, 27 families, 684; single persons, 4,219; communicants, 868; contributions, $12,218.

Although seventeen new missions were taken up during the year, several needy districts are still without supply. Fears about the revenue at the disposal of the Home Mission Committee led to several missions recommended by presbyteries being held in abeyance. Four such districts are in the Presbytery of Kamloops. Nor has provision been made for the six or seven railway extensions to be proceeded with this season, nor for the new settlements sure to be formed by the incoming immigrants.

THE SUPPLY INADEQUATE.

The proportion of unordained men is altogether too large for successful work. If the Church is to keep her hold of the people who belong to her and reach those who are outside all churches, she must put a better equipped body of trained men into the field. People in several places are protesting against supply by students or catechists, and need must be paid to their remonstrances if such people are not to be lost to the church. This spring it is pleasing to report that a larger number of graduates than usual accepted appointments to the west, and the number could have been even larger but for the attitude of parents, relatives, and even pastors, towards accepting calls to the western field. Loyalty to the church, the country and western settlers should suggest a different attitude. If there are ninety ministers in Ontario in excess of the need, and ample room in the west for an unlimited number of them, there ought to be no hesitation as to the line of duty. The disinclination of young graduates to labor on the frontier has been the cause complained of by the Presbyterian Church in the United States, and they have adopted strong measures to correct this crying evil. It would be worth while for our Presbyterian Church in Canada to enquire as to the cause of this desire to shun the frontier, and to devise a remedy to overcome the evil. It is true that Paul may plant and Apollo water, but that God alone can give the increase; but where are Pauls and Apolloses are at work there is no room to complain of a short harvest. Humanly speaking, the Church that places the best men in the field wins the day.

Manitoba College summer session continues to give large help in the supply of stations during winter. These students are well advanced in their studies and render acceptable service in large missions, and even vacant charges. Last winter a larger number than usual from western colleges volunteered to remain in the field all winter, and their help was a distinct gain to our work.

STATE OF RELIGION.

It is somewhat difficult to indicate the spiritual condition of the mission districts with accuracy, and yet there are signs of a gratifying nature. The Sabbath is well kept in Manitoba and the North-West territories, the hustling time in harvest not tempting men to profane the day. In the mining districts things are not so satisfactory, although an improvement is specially noticeable in the older towns. The Canadian element everywhere works for a quiet Sabbath, even where it is decidedly in the minority. Attendance on church services is increasing even in mining districts, and the proportion of communicants as compared with families is gradually rising. Family worship, it is feared, is not common. There is family discipline maintained as in the past. There is still a good deal of drinking, but the evil is abating. There is everywhere a great deal of respect for law and order, even among foreigners, and crimes committed against the person and property are rare. The record of Presbyterians in this regard is the cleanest of any denomination.

THE MORMONS AGAIN.

As is known to the Church, there is a considerable colony of Mormons established at the foot of the Rocky Mountains just north of the international boundary line. On coming to Canada they agreed to observe our laws in the matter of marriage, but having brought all their wives with them, their circumstances are rather unfavorable to the observance of their pledge. They have built a temple, got an act of incorporation from the Legislature at Regina by a vote of 14 to 10, in spite of strenuous opposition, and are establishing themselves firmly. They are in close touch with the Mormons of Montana and Utah, who have an army of 1,300 missionaries at work in Europe, the United States and Canada. These missionaries too are making converts, even in Canada, especially in districts which Christian churches are neglecting. The Alberta settlers are likely to receive large accessions during the coming summer, and prompt and energetic measures are necessary to prevent the spread of this pernicious system.

STUDENTS' MISSIONARY WORK.

There is also a report of the Students' Missionary Society of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, for 1897.

In the twenty-nine years that have passed since its organization the main features of the society's work have remained the same, except that during the past three years we have extended our work to the other provinces, believing that by so doing the interest in the work in our own province would be stimulated, and the results, we are happy to say, have justified this extension of our work. In the years that have passed it has been our privilege to do useful work for the Master in the home mission fields of our church, while foreign work has been kept prominently before the members at our regular meetings. Those of our graduates who are now laboring as foreign missionaries testify to the value of this part of our work.

During the past summer ten missionaries labored under our society, two of these being French students, who had to meet and battle peculiar to the work among their own countrymen. This work alone cost us $424, for it was almost entirely among Roman Catholics, and so little help was obtained from the fields. The other students were in some cases largely supported by the congregations themselves, although in others the people were needy and scattered so that the contributions were not very large, yet in every case, according to their means, they have done nobly.

COMMITTEE AND EXECUTIVE WORK.

The following items of business were transacted at the several meetings of the committee and executive during the year, in addition to the making of grants and passing of claims:

A petition from the Superior Presbytery, which had been before the Synod of the North-West regarding the appointment of a missionary to the Finlanders at Fort William and Port Arthur, was considered. It was agreed to make a special grant of $1 per Sabbath in the meantime.

The following resolution was adopted: That it be an instruction on the part of the Home Mission Committee to all missionaries in charge of fields assigned to British Churches to prepare and send to the secretary of British Work, Rev. Chas. W. Gordon, Winnipeg, before the end of February and end of August reports descriptive of their work and that the conveners of the various Home Mission Committees be urged to use all diligence to have this done.

It was agreed to have prepared and issued a leaflet showing the progress of home mission work throughout the Dominion, the following were appointed a committee to attend to this: Dr. Robertson, C. W. Gordon, Dr. Armstrong, A. Findlay, Prof. Ross, Alex. Henderson, Dr. Campbell, M. W. McLean, and Dr. Cochrane. The leaflet was issued and sent to all the ministers of the church and congregations.

The following resolutions were adopted:

1. That for the year beginning April 1, 1898, a sum not exceeding $17,000 be granted to the Synod of Manitoba and the North-West, and a sum not exceeding $18,000 to the Synod of British Columbia—these sums to cover the entire expenditure from the funds of the committee, excepting the salary and expenses of Dr. Robertson, and the travelling expenses of missionaries to and from their fields of labor.

2. That these Synods, through their Home Mission Committee, be required to submit to this committee, at its semi-annual meetings in March and October, a financial statement for the six months then ending, and accompanying this a report on the schedules prepared by this committee, of the work done during the half-year in the respective mission fields, with the names of the missionaries, the amounts contributed by the people, and the appropriations made by the Synod's committees to the several fields.

3. That these Synods, through their Home Mission Committees, be instructed to submit to this committee, on or before the 25th of April annually, a financial statement of the receipts and expenditure for the year ending the 31st of March, together with an annual report of the several fields, on the schedules furnished by this committee.

The matter of sending a representative to Great Britain in the interests of the North-West and the Klondike was considered at great length. On motion of Dr. Robertson, the committee adopted the following resolution: That in the opinion of this committee it is advisable to send a deputy to Great Britain to address the Synods and General Assemblies there, and to advocate the claims of the home mission work in Western Canada and the Klondike during the coming winter season.

It was decided to send Mr. C. W. Gordon to England.

HOME MISSION FUNDS.

The total receipts for home missions were $86,257.78, leaving after expenditure a balance on hand of $8,754.37. These subscriptions were augmented by special subscriptions, bringing the total receipts to $112,945.40.

The financial statement shows a balance in hand in favor of the committee. This is not reached because of increased contributions from congregations (for in many cases they are less than last year), but due to three things: (1) The large amount received from the British churches, amounting to $11,805.79; (2) bequests, which are this year exceptionally large, amounting to $12,000; and (3) the special effort made for "the Klondike fund." But for these contributions the committee, instead of reporting a balance, would have had a large deficit.

These sources of revenue cannot be expected to continue. In the case of bequests they are exceedingly fluctuating, and as regards the British churches they can not be depended on indefinitely to send what they have been doing. With some of the contributions sent this year there was the intimation given that they would not be continued longer, so that, with the great Klondike mission field laid upon the committee. It is evident that unless the congregations give during the ensuing year largely in advance of the present, the missions now begun cannot be maintained, far less, aggressive work attempted.

The General Assembly should seriously face this situation, and say whether, in view of these facts, the Home Mission Committee are to recede of proceed; to relinquish what they have possessed, or enter other fields that seek and need the Gospel. The mere passing of resolutions will not provide the needed funds. Every minister and elder, on the grounds of patriotism and Presbyterianism, should see to it that his congregation is doing its duty in helping to provide for the emigration that is flowing into the North-West and the mining regions of British Columbia and the Klondike.

The Rev. S. C. Murray, of Port Arthur, spoke of the Great North-West Home Mission field. This mission covered an immense tract of land upon which dwelt a community of people drawn from all quarters of the world. The dominant people were of the Anglo-Saxon elements, yet they had a foreign element of a demoralized character which influenced the strong or checked the Anglo-Saxon.

Whiskey was one of the greatest difficulties which they had to battle with, and he was glad to hear that the resources of the Canadian Church had not been drawn upon to their fullest extent, for there was ample scope for their liberality in the great West.

Rev. T. S. Glassford, of Trail, spoke of the state of affairs when he went to British Columbia. When he went there the Sabbath was not observed any more than other days, but now all this was changed. Then the smelter went crunching away at the rock, and the building operations were carried on as usual on Sunday. Now all the hotels and stores in the town were closed on the Sabbath, and although the attendance at church was not as good as it should be, yet it was having its influence. He then described the horrible, immoral state of the town, and the efforts which were being put forth to remedy this great evil. Among other things, he spoke of the great snow fall which he had known to be as much as forty-eight and a half feet in one winter.

Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Vernon, spoke of the rapid progress of the West. The Presbyterian Church had opened up missions in that country first and the people were satisfied with it. There were places which had passed out of the church's hands because of lack of funds, and when they again undertook the work they would have to commence at the bottom of the ladder. Now, what was to be the policy of the Church? Was she going to follow up the work and preach the Gospel just as soon as the evil practices were commenced? He had sufficient faith in the Church to believe that it would.

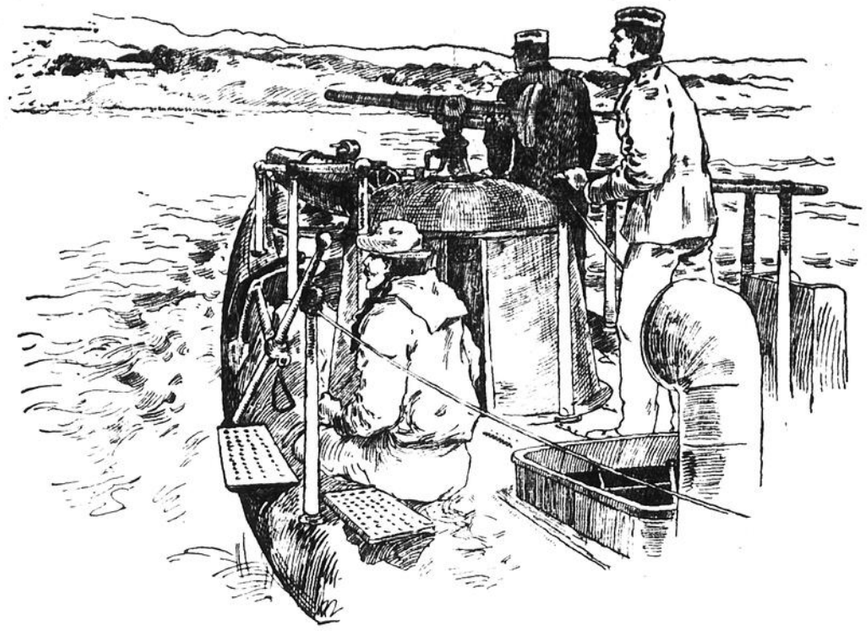
Rev. Mr. Perry, of Wilmington, spoke of the great evils of intemperance as evinced in that far western part of Canada upon which he was stationed. The people out there were pretty hard characters and immorality and vice were rampant. It was not of much use to send young students there for a few months, the only way to win that land for Christ was for men to go there who were determined to remain there until they had wrested it from the hands of satan. Nothing but a constant and earnest fight could prevail against a condition of affairs which it would be hard to describe.

Rev. Mr. Robertson of Gore Bay, made an earnest appeal to the section of the country where he was stationed. While they were directing their energies towards the evangilization of the more eastern and western portions of Canada, they were liable to forget the central portion. Mr. Robertson went on to speak of the great work to be done in the missions contiguous to Muskota. He spoke from the bottom of his heart and he hoped that his words would bear fruit.

Dr. Robertson, the Superintendent of Home missions, was then called upon, but asked to have his address postponed on account of the lateness of the hour.

The sederunt then adjourned.

The Foreign Missionary meeting this evening will be one of the most interesting public meetings of the sessions. Miss Dr. McKellar and Miss Dr. Margaret O'Hara will speak, as well as Rev. Dr. McGillivray from Honan, China, and Rev.



AN AMERICAN TORPEDO BOAT APPROACHING THE CUBAN COAST.

(From a sketch.)

BRITISH FLAG HOISTED.

Taking Over Liukuangtau and Wei-Hai-Wei.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE INTERESTING CEREMONY.

A Central News despatch from Shanghai, dated May 30, says. The special correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury, now at Wei-Hai-Wei, sends to that journal a full and interesting description of the handing over of Wei-Hai-Wei to the British after the departure of the Japanese.

Early on the morning of the 24th inst. a British bluejacket, accompanied by a Chinaman beating a gong, marched round the island of Liukuangtau, each dominating the harbor and in the centre of the position. As the Chinaman changed his gong he cried out to the Chinese that the British flag would be hoisted at half past one o'clock in the afternoon, and that all the inhabitants who cared to witness the ceremony were at liberty to do so.

Half an hour before the appointed time 100 bluejackets, under the command of Commander, Charles D. Napier, landed from Her Majesty's ship Narcissus. A few minutes later a detachment of fifty Chinese sailors from the cruiser Foochi appeared upon the scene, headed by a band playing, "A Life on the Ocean Wave." The Chinamen marched smartly to the West Fort, where two flagstaffs had been erected, one bare, the other flying the Chinese flag.

At the West Fort the British tars and the Chinese sailors formed into a hollow square, and awaited the arrival of the Commissioners entrusted with the duty of carrying out the transfer of Wei-Hai-Wei from Chinese to British ownership.

The Commissioners arrived at twenty past one o'clock. They proved to be Mr. Lionel Charles Hopkins, British Consul at Chefoo, and Captain George F. King Hall, commanding Her Majesty's ship Narcissus, for Great Britain, and the Taotai Yen and Captain Lien, of the Foochi, for the Emperor of China.

The Commissioners proceeded to the centre of the square, and, after the exchange of courtesies and some formalities, Captain King Hall addressed the Chinese Commissioners and the assembled crowd. He said it gave him great pleasure to have as colleagues upon such an occasion such a distinguished gentleman as the Taotai Yen, and an officer of the Imperial Chinese Navy. They were there to witness the consummation of a free action between two friendly nations.

Before formally taking over the lease of Wei-Hai-Wei, Captain King Hall read the following declaration: "We, the undersigned, British Commissioners, appointed by Vice-Admiral Sir Edward H. Seymour, Knight-Commander of the Bath, do hereby, on behalf of Victoria, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, etc., take on lease, from the Commissioners appointed by the Tsungli Yamen on behalf of the Emperor of China, the island of Liukuangtau and Wei-Hai-Wei, and the mainland in the neighborhood to the extent and upon the terms agreed upon by our respective Governments. Signed by the four Commissioners aforesaid, George F. King-Hall, Lionel C. Hopkins, Yen, Lien."

This formality completed, Captain King-Hall next read the following declaration: "The British Government having leased Wei-Hai-Wei, with the consent of his Majesty the Emperor of China and the Chinese Government, everyone is hereby enjoined to carry on his occupations quietly and peacefully and to observe the law. Disturbers of the peace will be punished. The principal inhabitants of Liukuangtau will be held responsible for the good behavior of the people from this day. New inhabitants will not be allowed to settle in the island, nor be permitted to rent buildings or reside in the village without permission.—(Signed) George F. King-Hall."

The Taotai then delivered a brief address, which was scarcely audible to the crowd owing to his Excellency's nervous manner and low tone of voice.

This concluded the legal formalities, and immediately Commander Napier gave the order for the British flag to be hoisted on the bare staff. As the glorious old flag was unfurled at the top of the staff the band played the National Anthem and the bluejackets gave three lusty cheers for her Majesty the Queen, a similar compliment being given to the Emperor of China.

The British flag was hoisted at the mainland forts at the same time as it fluttered in the breeze over Linkuangtau.

THE COLOR LINE.

Four Negro Soldiers Killed by White Volunteers at Tampa.

(Special to the Star.)

ATLANTA, Ga., June 10.—A Savannah family received a letter from soldiers at Tampa giving an account of a bloody riot between negro regulars and Southern Volunteers. Four negroes were killed and several wounded.

A BANKRUPT MARQUIS.

LONDON, June 10.—In the Bankruptcy Court on Thursday took place the first meeting of the creditors of the Marquis of Huntley, Premier Marquis of Scotland. His debts were shown to be £139,698, and his assets footed up £600.



Blair's Pills

Great English Remedy for

Gout & Rheumatism

Safe, Sure, Effective.

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LYMAN SONS & CO. MONTREAL.

DEWEY'S SWORD.

It Is Going To Be a Veritable Work of Art.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The sword to be presented to Admiral Dewey, under the Act of Congress, providing for this special mark of distinction for his bravery at Manila, will be one of the most beautiful weapons ever made. The artistic ingenuity of the best swordmakers and jewellers of the country, and indeed, of the entire world, has been enlisted, and the Navy Department has more than fifty designs for this "Dewey Sword."

They are marked by great beauty of design, some of the blades being wrought with figures emblematic of the famous battle in Manila Bay, while the hilt and scabbard, combining steel, gold and silver, are studded with jewels and highly wrought marine emblems, such as Neptunes, dolphins, mermaids, capstans, anchors, etc. Thus far, the department has not taken up the matter of selecting a design, as the board for this purpose has not been named. It is likely to consist of of Acting Secretary Allen, Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, and one of the professors of the Annapolis Naval Academy. The same board will decide upon the design for the medals which Congress has provided as a mark of special distinction to all the officers and crew of the ships taking part in the battle of Manila.

THE QUEBEC EXHIBITION.

(Special to the Star.)

QUEBEC, June 10.—A new exhibition company has been formed here in opposition to the existing Quebec Exhibition Company, of which Senator Landry is president, and is about to apply for incorporation and for a charter giving it the right to hold the provincial exhibition here every second year, and on the other years to hold district exhibitions. At a recent meeting Mr. Rodolphe Audet, president of the Banque Nationale, and manager of Thibaudeau Freres & Cie., was named president. The capital stock is to be $50,000, of which $32,000 is already subscribed, and it is intended to erect permanent buildings on the Haras Park.

THE BODY IDENTIFIED.

William St Mars Drowned in the Canal in an Unaccountable Manner.

The body of the man found in the canal last Tuesday, was identified this morning by his brother as being that of Mr. William St. Mars, a young man of twenty-one, who lived at 24 Chateauguay street, Point St. Charles. The deceased left his home on the evening of Saturday, the 27th of November, with the intention of going to the Theatre Francais, that being the last his family saw of him. His father hired three or four detectives to trace him, but these could discover nothing. His brother Bertie then took the case in hand and traced him up to half past ten that night when he had quitted the company of a friend on his way home. St. Mars was a steady man, and the person he was with last said that he was perfectly sober at that time.

The theory is that while going home and having to cross the Wellington bridge, he fell in, in some unaccountable manner, and must have been knocked unconscious, because he was an expert swimmer.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

Judge Mathieu has granted a motion to have the capias issued against W. W. Decker, of the Geisha Company, at the instance of M. A. Brodeur, returned instanter.

In the Court of Queen's Bench yesterday afternoon, Edward Allan was found guilty of receiving stolen goods, knowing such to have been stolen.

The liabilities of Geo. Lightbound (Lightbound, Ralston & Co.) who assigned at the instance of Alfred Powis, amount to about $11,000, of which $4000 is secured. The estate P. Robertson are unsecured creditors for $4031, and Alfred Powis for $403.

Mr. Flavien Dupont, father of the late Mr. Flavien Dupont, M. P., for Bagot, who died at Sherbrooke in February last from the result of injuries received in a railway accident on the G. T. R. near that place, is suing the company for $10,000 damages.

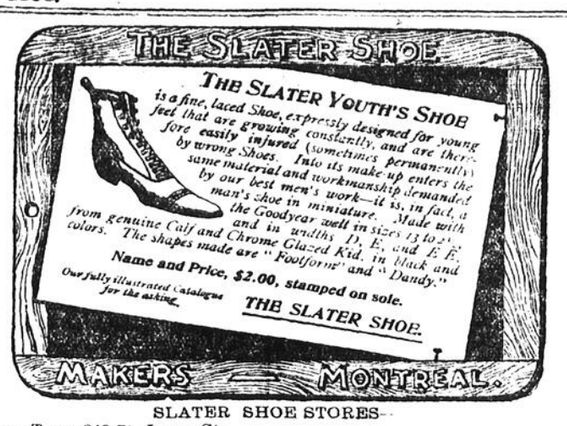
Mr. Henry Hogan is suing the city for $10,000 to recover the value of certain properties expropriated by it at Hochelaga, as well as for damages for the non-expropriation of others.

MUST REGISTER TRANSFER.

In the case of Henry Upton vs. A. C. Hutchinson and others, being the Board of Directors of the St. Lawrence Investment Society, Limited, Judge Loranger has maintained the mandamus taken out by the plaintiff to compel them, within fifteen days, to register in their books a transfer made to the plaintiff of ten shares of the society's stock by Henry Hilton. The defendants had pleaded that by the rules of the society they had to use discretion in such matter, but the court found that they had no valid reason to refuse to comply with the demands of the plaintiff, which were reasonable and just.

THREE CONVICTIONS QUASHED.

Judge Mathieu has quashed three convictions fining the Montreal Union Abattoir Company $20 for neglecting to put up a smoke consumer. The fines were imposed by Recorder Larochelle at the instance of the Town of St. Henri. The Court held that section 56 of by-law 84, which provided for the ordering of the placing of smoke consumers only on such establishments as was deemed advisable by the Health Committee, was illegal, as it was discriminatory. The writ of certiorari taken against Recorder Larochelle was therefore maintained.



SLATER SHOE STORES—

Down Town 249 St. James St.

Up Town 2315 St. Catherine St West.

135 1

Montreal "Star"

SYSTEM OF

Life Insurance

Five hundred dollars will be paid by the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Limited, 40, 42 and 44 Moorgate street, London, England, to the person whom the Editor of the Montreal Daily Star decides to be the nearest relative of any one who, while being a passenger on a railway train propelled by means of steam, is killed through an accident to the train on which he or she is travelling either in the Dominion of Canada or the United States, provided a copy of the Montreal Daily Star, containing this coupon, and not more than three days old at time of accident, is found upon the deceased at the time of the catastrophe, or if it is proved that he or she is a subscriber through a news-agent, or through the publishers, and has read or received the Star containing this coupon of date not more than three days old at time of accident. This sum will not be paid in the event of an accident to railway trainmen while on duty, nor of a suicide. In cases where the accident seems to the Editor to be due to carelessness on the part of the insured, no payment will be made. No claim will be paid in the case of the death of a child under ten years of age. The Editor reserves to himself the right to pay the money in accordance with the provisions of any will left by the deceased.

In regard to residents of Montreal, claims may be established by their having a Star of the day of issue, or the day previous, or by proof of their being regular subscribers, direct or through news-agents. Persons living outside of Montreal will have claims established if possessed of a paper of date within three days previous to date of accident, or by proof of their being regular subscribers in the same way.

It must be distinctly understood by all subscribers to the Star that the decision as to the payment of the insurance money is left to the opinion of the Editor, and his decision is final.

All copies of the Star are published subject to these conditions, and the publishers reserve the right to withdraw this offer any time simply by withdrawing this announcement.

The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation referred to above is represented in Canada by Rolland, Lyman & Burnett, general managers, Temple Building, Montreal. Address all correspondence to the "Star," Montreal.

THE FRESH AIR FUND.

Opening of the Home.

The Home on the Richelieu River, at Chambly, is being prepared for the opening, on or about the 24th June, 1898. Applications for admission may be made to the Committee, at the Star Office, 65 St. James street, on the afternoons of Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week during the season, beginning on Monday, the 6th June, between the hours of three and four o'clock. Every application must be accompanied by a certificate from the clergyman to whose church the applicant belongs. Blank certificate forms may be obtained from the Committee at the Star Office. 124 23

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Also 60 Bay Street, TORONTO.

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Latter orders receive prompt attention.

Telephone, Bell 419. Merchants' 43.

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DISMISED THE CASE.

Judge Loranger has dismissed the case of F. F. Kelly vs. F. Benoit and Alph. Racine, mis en cause, to recover $103 which the plaintiff alleged was due him. He claimed that when the defendant had failed the mis en cause had received a preferential payment out of the proceeds of an insurance policy on the premises of the defendant, which had been destroyed. The court held that Racine had only been paid half his claim and had remitted the remainder of the money to the plaintiff to satisfy some of his creditors. The action was dismissed.

STEAMSHIPS.



Allan Line Steamships.

Montreal to Liverpool.

Steamers	From Montreal. 9 a.m.	From Quebec. 6 p.m.
Parisian	Sat, 18 June	18 June
Carthaginian	Sat, 25 June.	25 June
Californian	Thurs. 30 June	30 June
Numidian	7 July	7 July
Parisian	13 July	14 July

Cabin Passage $52.50 and upwards; Second Cabin $34 and $36.25; Steerage to Liverpool, Glasgow, London or Londonderry, $27.50 and $23.50. Paris, $28

Glasgow, Derry and New York Service

3 June	Mongolian	17 June, 3 p.m.
17 June	State of Nebraska	1 July, 8 a.m.
2 July	Mongolian	15 July, 2 p.m.

Cabin Passage, $45; Return, $85. Second Cabin, $25; Return, $44.15. Steerage to Glasgow, Belfast, Derry or Queenstown, $23.50.

For freight, passage or further information apply to H. & A. ALLAN Montreal, Boston or Philadelphia 163f

DOMINION LINE.

STEAMSHIPS.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer.	From Montreal	From Quebec
Yorkshire	June 11, 9 a. m.	June 11, 6 p. m.
Dominion	June 18, 9 a. m.	June 18, 6 p. m.
Labrador	June 25, 9 a. m.	June 25, 6 p. m.
Vancouver	July 2, 9 a. m.	July 2, 6 p m
Steamer	From Liverpool	From Boston.
Canada	June 16,	June 30, 5 30 p.m.
New England	June 30,	July 14, 5 p. m.

Rates of Passage—To Liverpool or Londonderry—Cabin, $52.50 and upwards single, $105 and upwards return. Second Cabin, $34 to $42.50 single, $68.75 to $78.40 return.

Steerage—To Liverpool, Derry, London, Queenstown, Belfast and Glasgow $22.50 to $25.50. Steerage outfits furnished free.

Midship saloons, electric light, spacious promenade decks. For further information apply to any agent of the Company or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., 17 St. Sacrament St., Montreal. General Agents. 135 tf

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.

SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON, BREMEN.

Lahn ..... Tues. June 14 | Kais. W. II ..... July 5, 8 a.m.
K. Friedrich Tues, June 21 | Lahn ..... Tues, July 12, 10a m.
Trave ..... Tues, June 28 | K. Friedrich ..... July 19

TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.

SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON, BREMEN.

Prinz Regent Luitpold ..... Thursday, June 16, noon
Friedrich der Grosse ..... Thursday, June 23, 9 a.m.

GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Ems ..... June 18, 2 p. m. | Ems ..... July 23, 9a m
Kai. Wm. II, July 9, 10 a.m. | Aller ..... Aug. 6, 9 a.m.

OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green, N. Y.

BENJAMIN & WESTON, 10 Place d'Armes Sq., Montreal.
DOUGLAS BATTERSBY, St. James St., op. Temple Bldg.
W. H. HENRY, 116 St. Peter St. (Mechanics' Institute Building), Agents for Montreal. 125tf

HAMBURG-AMERICAN TWIN SCREW EXPRESS LINE

DIRECT TO PARIS, LONDON, HAMBURG.

A. Victoria ..... June 16 | F. Bismarck ..... July 28
F. Bismarck ..... June 30 | A. Victoria ..... Aug. 11

TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.

NEW YORK—HAMBURG DIRECT.

Phœnicia ..... June 18 | Palatia ..... July 2
Pennsylvania ..... June 25 | Pretoria ..... July 9

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 37 Bdway, N. Y.

Or JAMES THOM, 13 St. John street, Montreal.
DOUGLAS BATTERSBY, St. James st., op. Temple Bldg
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HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

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ANCHOR LINE

United States Mail Steamships, sail from New York every Saturday for Glasgow via Londonderry.

Rates for Saloon Passage—City of Rome, $80, other steamers, $50. Second cabin—Rome, $42.50 Furnessia, $37.50, other steamers, $35. Steerage Passage, Rome, $25.50. Furnessia, $23.50, other steamers, $23.50.

For book of Tours and information, apply to HENDERSON BROS., General Agents, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or W. H. Henry, 116 St. Peter street, or Drummond, McCall & Co., Canadian Insurance Bldg, or H. G. Elliott, 136 St. James St. or D Batterby, 174 St. James st., or Jer. Coffey, 11 Mullins st., or Benjamin & Weston, 10 Place d'Armes, or W. H. Chaney, 137 St. James st, Montreal. 114 13eod

Packages and Money by Express

TO ALL PARTS OF THE CONTINENT

Realizing the convenience of the situation of the Star Branch Office, corner of St. Catherine and Peel streets, the Canadian, American and National Express Companies have secured a position in the Star Uptown Office for receiving desks and clerks to enable them to serve quickly and well all the residents and shopkeepers of the upper and western portion of the city.

In a few days the offices will be refurnished and fully equipped, when it will be announced in the Star that express packages will be received for and from any part of America. Express money orders will be issued and all the features of the express companies' business attended to there even more promptly than has heretofore been done. 131tf

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES.

Mr. F. J. Bisaillon, Q.C;, Suing the City for $500.

Evidence was taken at the inquete yesterday in the case of Mr. F. J. Bisaillon, Q.C., in his suit against the city to recover $500, which he claims as fees for professional services during the police investigation. Mayor Prefontaine, ex-Ald. Robert and the Hon. C. A. Geoffrion were examined. All declared that the amount asked by the plaintiff was reasonable for the services he had rendered. He had been engaged by the Investigation and Police Committees. It is understood that Messrs. Macmaster and Geoffrion have similar claims.

PROMISSORY NOTE CASE.

In the case of the Quebec Bank vs. Daniel Ford, and Daniel Ford vs. F. R. McNamee, in warranty, a suit taken to recover $502, the amount of a promissory note signed by Ford and discounted at the bank by McNamee, Judge Langelier this morning gave judgment for the plaintiff in warranty for the amount of the note, which had been given to pay for the dredge Maple Leaf, which had not turned out to be what she was expected. The bank had first obtained judgment against Ford.

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The vicinity affords beautiful scenery, fine bathing and unexcelled fishing. Guests have the privilege of salmon and trout fishing in connection with the house.

Salmon and Trout Fishing par-excellence.

BAKER'S HOTEL

(OPENED JUNE 1st.)

so long and favorably known, offers first-class accommodation for tourists, with all the comforts of home.

Before making your plans for your summer outing be sure to write for terms and other information to.

118 52 BAKER'S HOTEL, Gaspe, Que.

"HOTEL MONTCALM"

—RIMOUSKI WHARF—

The above we it known hostelry has, during the winter, been thoroughly renovated and is now ready to accommodate a large number of guests. The advantages of this resort are too well known to call for further explanation.

Cuisine and accommodation all that can be desired. Guests are, through the well known courtesy of Capt. J. H. Dutton, favored with many excursions in the Royal Mail Tender, Steamer "Rhoda."

To followers of the Rod and Gun excellent sport is assured.

Correspondence solicited.

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CACOUNA.

St. Lawrence Hall.

This favorite seaside hotel open from June 23rd to Sept. 15th. House, beach, service and appointments in order. Send for descriptive circular

JOHN BRENNAN, Manager.

Quebec till June 10th; Cacouna after. 122 52

TADOUSAC HOTEL,

NOW OPEN SEASON 1898.

For particulars write

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MANAGER TADOUSAC HOTEL

Tadousac, P. Q.

Or Enquire at 127 13eod 128 ST. JAMES ST., Montreal.

Ottawa House,

Cushing's Island, Maine.

Opens June 25th. For Terms, &c., Address

B. C. GIBSON, Prop.

113 27

OCEANIC HOUSE,

Peak's Island, Portland Harbor, Maine.

MRS. R. T. STERLING, Proprietress.

This house opened for guests June 1st. 115 39

SYDNEY HOTEL,

Sydney, Cape Breton.

The Palace Hotel of Eastern Nova Scotia, $2.00 to $3.00 per day. Write for Booklet to Geo L. Harrington Lessee and Manager. 103 79

ABENAKIS

a delightful Summer Resort. Unsurpassed boating, bathing, fishing, Mineral Springs. For terms, etc., write R. G. Kempton, Abenakis Springs, Que. For circulars call on L. Harris, 67 St. James Street; evenings, 429 St. Lawrence st., Montreal. Orders also taken for the celebrated Abenakis Mineral water by the bottle, gallon or barrel. 179 41 6aw

DIRIGO HOUSE,

LONG ISLAND, CASCO BAY, ME.,

Opens JUNE 20, for Season of 98.

131 26 MRS. J. PERRY, Prop.

HOTEL ACADIA, Grand Tracadie Beach, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

For health and pleasure, fine boating, bathing and fishing. Write for circulars. Hotel opens June 25th.

121 52 R. C. HALL, Manager.

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A pleasant, healthy and quiet summer resort, facing Lake Massawippi; large rooms, open fire, wide piazzas, boating, bathing; terms $4 to $7 per week. Address A. H. KEZAR, North Hatley, P. Q. 106 53

THE MANSION HOUSE,

Cacouna,

Will be opened the 20th of May. Any wishing to take room after the summer months would do well to write at once, as a good many rooms are already taken.

111 27 A. LUCAS, Proprietor.

TROIS - PISTOLES—1898

AN UNLIMITED

number of boarders will find good accommodation during the summer season. First class boarding, rooms nicely furnished, in a pleasant and large house in the charming village of Trois-Pistoles, fifty feet from the A. C. R. Dining Room and ¼ mile from the wharf.

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THE SIROIS HOUSE, CACOUNA, P. Q.

J. CLEOPHAS SIROIS, Proprietor, has accommodations for over fifty guests. Magnificent view; good table, comfortable rooms; moderate charges. 129 13eod

LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG

Lakeview House, the most charmingly situated private boarding house in Georgeville now open. First class accommodation at reasonable terms. Apply to

131 12 A. W. BULLOCK, Georgeville, Que.

THE WOODBURN,

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The Woodburn will be open for guests June 1st.

124 12 W. F. SCOTT.

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WITH THE FLEET.

All Cable Comunication with Cuba Is Now Cut Off.

On board the despatch boat Dauntless, off Santiago de Cuba, Wednesday night (June 8).—via Kingston, Jamaica, June 10.—Communication between the Island of Cuba and the outer world was severed yesterday. The Kingston-Santiago cable was cut on Monday and the Marblehead, Yankee and St. Louis cut the Haytien cable, running into Guantanamo Bay yesterday. The ends were buoyed and Rear Admiral Sampson can establish direct communication with Washington.

The Marblehead also engaged and drove a small Spanish gunboat into Guantanamo harbor and shelled and reduced the antiquated fortifications.

THE INSURGENTS COOPERATED

on the land side. The place is being held until troops arrive. It is contemplated to establish a general base here.

Communication between the insurgents and the fleet is constant. The Cubans are active, and arms, ammunition and supplies for them were landed by the Suwanee yesterday in great quantities.

The insurgents and the Spaniards fight daily.

The Marblehead, on Monday, when the insurgents had pressed forward west of Santiago, shelled the Spaniards, who fled to the mountains, checkering the path followed in their retreat with dead and wounded.

Santiago de Cuba is on the verge of starvation. All the food has been seized for the army and navy and the troops and sailors are on half rations.

HIS OBJECT ATTAINED.

Rear Admiral Sampson has officially declared that the purpose of the bombardment of Santiago de Cuba was to clear the way for the troops. The object has been attained.

The Admiral has personally commended Ensign Palmer for approaching within 150 yards of the Spanish batteries, at night, and learning that the Spanish were remounting guns.

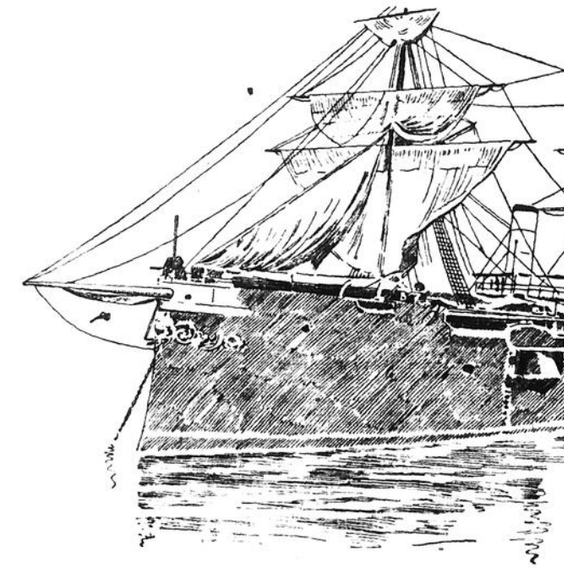
The American naval commander is anxious to bring about the exchange of Lieutenant Hobson and his gallant companions of the Merrimac. The Admiral sent the Vixen with a flag of truce to the entrance of the harbor yesterday, offering to exchange for the lieutenant and his party some prisoners taken from a prize of the Marblehead, off Cienfuegos. Admiral Cervera considered the matter all night and sent word to-day that he was powerless to act. He referred the matter to the military Governor and the latter in turn referred it to Captain-General Blanco. A long delay is probable.

JAMAICA BENEFITS.

The Island's Trade Considerably Improved by the Refugees from Cuba.

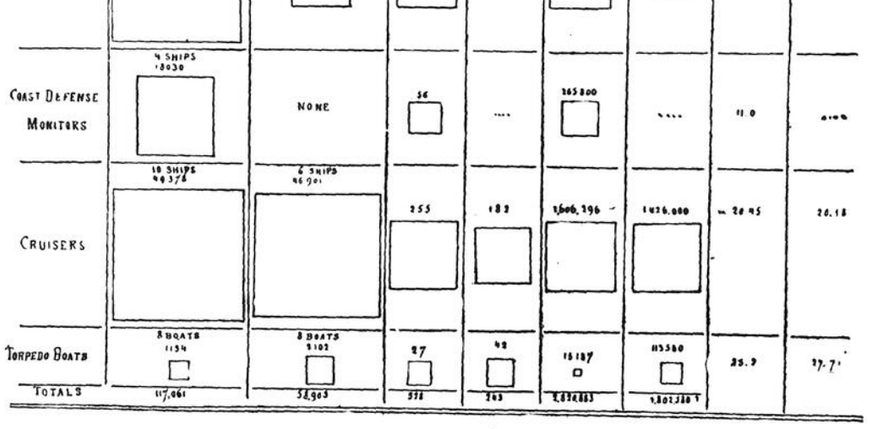
KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 10.—The Royal mail steamer sailing for London this week will carry $200,000 in Spanish gold. Broad Alfonso pieces are more in circulation in this island than English sovereigns. Probably a million dollars in coin has been brought to Jamaica from Cuba by refugees during the last six weeks.

Three or four thousand of these refugees fill the hotels, lodgings and otherwise vacant houses in the coast towns. As almost all of them are well-to-do the money they spend visibly improves the trade of the colony and relieves the deep financial depression brought about by the decay of the sugar industry. The importations of flour, for instance, which usually fell off during the mango season, are now normal in spite of the high prices.



THE REINA MERCEDES,

The Spanish cruiser struck and badly damaged during the naval and land battle at Santiago, and deserted by her crew. Her Commander, Lieutenant Acosta, was killed, and it is admitted that thirty-one of the crew perished.



A COMPARISON OF THE NAVAL FORCES OF SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

VERY MUCH UNPREPARED.

Of the conditions obtaining at Tampa, a correspondent at Washington of the Commercial Advertiser (New York), writes: "Although it has been known for more than a month that an invasion of Cuba must be made soon, and although transports have been waiting at Tampa since the 1st of May, at a cost of $35,800 a day, the men who are now needed for immediate operations at Santiago are still lingering at Tampa because they are not properly equipped. These men are not volunteers, they are regulars—the best drilled soldiers in the world and the best fitted to cope with an enemy on equal terms; but the red tape and dry rot in certain bureaus of the War Department have left them in such a condition that they are unable to move.

MR. BRYMNER'S LECTURE.

An interesting lecture before a large attendance was given in the rooms of the Montreal Camera Club, Phillips square, Tuesday evening by Mr. William Brymner. He treated the subject of composition in art from several standpoints defining the strong peculiarities and advantages in the production of some of history's greater artists.

The lecture was illustrated by diagrams and sketches from the works of Turner and Ruskin.

REV. DR. ERNEST SMITH.

Baltimore Divine Will Preach at St. James the Apostle Next Sunday.

Rev. Ernest Smith, D.D., who charmed all who had an opportunity of hearing his eloquence during his previous visit to this city, is again to visit Montreal. Dr. Smith is rector of St. Michael and All Angels, one of the most prominent churches of Baltimore.

The reverend gentleman has come on from Baltimore specially to preach on Sunday next, the 12th, morning and evening, at the Church of St. James the Apostle, continuing the jubilee services and sermons which have been held in that church.

PROGRESSING FAVORABLY.

A visit to the site of the new Presbyterian Church, Westmount, shows very gratifying progress with the building foundations, the excavating being pushed forward with all the expedition that twenty to thirty men with full equipment of blasting material, etc., could be expected to accomplish. A portion of the excavation is through hard rock, and demands the utmost care in executing, blasts being attended with some danger. Mr. Omans says the church will be finished by the close of the autumn.

Mr. Walter R. Close, a well-known inventor of machinery, died this week at Bangor, Me. He was born in Woodstock, N.B., but moved to Bangor when 14 years of age. He invented a shingle machine, which is extensively used in the mills along the Penobscot, and a water wheel, but probably the best known of his inventions was a fog bell, which is in extensive use.



COLONEL SALVADOR DIAZ ORDONEZ,

A Famous Spanish Artillerist Reported to have been injured by the American Landing Party East of Santiago.

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SOME SPECIAL LINES!

10,000 yards Fancy Organdie Muslins, all the newest patterns and colorings, and of a quality never sold at less than 30c a yard. Our price to clear will be 15c a yard.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

500 yards Finest Fancy Silks, imported, choicest colorings and patterns. Note the special prices: $5.00 for $3.50, $4.00 for $2.25, $3.50 for $2.00, $2.50 for $1.50.

Finest Fancy Silk Gauze, most beautiful colors and patterns, all pure silk, special prices $1.95 for $1.50, $1.50 for $1.00.

2000 yards Plain Pongee Silks, all colors in this lot, price only 25c per yard.

FANCY GOODS DEPT.

35 dozen Silk Handkerchiefs, all colors, half price. For example: 25c for 12½c, 50c for 25c, etc.

All our Chenille Goods, half price.

All our Tassels half price.

25 dozen Handkerchiefs, with colored borders, and also plain white, worth 10 to 25c, for 5c.

10 dozen Ladies' Blouse Ties, former price 75c, for 25c.

200 yards Plain and Fancy Mesh Veiling, worth 10c, for 5c.

250 dozen Spool Cotton (300 yard spools), best six cord, in black only, 3 spools for 10c.

DRESS GOODS DEPT.

Some leading bargains:

1000 yards Colored Mohair Sicilians, assorted colors, regular value $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75, choice of this lot for 75c per yard.

50 pieces Black Wool and Mohair Grenadines, here is a great bargain, all double width, 49c, 69c, 79c, 89c, 99c, worth 75c, $1.00, $1.15, $1.25, $1.40.

Black All-Wool Crepons, 44 inches wide, cheap at 60c, to be sold at 39c per yard.

BLOUSES, ETC.

900 Fancy Muslin Blouses, the very newest pattern, worth $1.25, for only 69c.

1500 stylish Shirt Waists, fancy stripes, fancy checks and fancy figures, prices $1, $1.10, $1.15, and $1.25, for only 69c.

2000 Blouses, "Special," extra fine quality, in cambric and sateen, new 1898 patterns, new styles, worth $1.35, for only 85c.

Children's Muslin and Print Dresses, very stylishly made and dainty patterns, from 50c up, according to size.

A beautiful copperplate engraving (30 inches x 24 inches, nicely adapted for framing), "GLADSTONE and LAURIER at Hawarden Castle," regularly sold at 75c. Our price 25c, mailed free.

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91 St. Lawrence St. 868 Lawrence Main St. 71 Bleury St.

Men's Yachting Shoes - -
Men's Outing Shoes - - -
Men's Bicycle Shoes - - -
Men's White and Grey Canvas Oxford Shoes - - - -

$1.25

Men's White Canvas Boots, Goodyear Welt, at $3.00
Men's White Oxford Shoes 2.50
Ladies' White Canvas Shoes 1.25

All kinds of Shoes at Lowest Prices.

Frank Power, 1836 Notre Dame St.

3 Doors East of McGill.

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NOTES OF THE NEWS.

The town of McHenry, Miss., has been declared under quarantine, yellow fever having broken out there.

E. S. Willard, the English actor, sailed for home from Boston on the Pavonia, of the Cunard Line, on Thursday.

The Grand Trunk Railway has completed forty miles of the new tracking between Niagara Falls and Hamilton.

For house-breaking and robbery, Thos. McWilliams was sentenced at Toronto on Thursday to one year's imprisonment.

Charles W. Parker's summer cottage at Oakville, Ont., has been destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $1,400. Insurance $400.

The new church of the Franciscan Nuns, Grande Allee, Quebec, was blessed by Mgr. Marois. Lieut.-Governor Jette and family were present.

The Presbyterian Publishing Company of Toronto is in difficulties, but the management hopes to pull through. A number of printers have been laid off.

President McKinley has granted a pardon to Captain John D. Hart, now serving a sentence of two years for engaging in a filibustering expedition to Cuba.

The preliminary investigation into the death of John Berryman, of Toronto, for which three Pratt brothers are held, has been postponed until next Thursday.

John Blackburn, a married man, fifty years of age, was struck by the Atlantic express on the Canadian Pacific at Cacheford, Ont., on Thursday. He died shortly afterwards.

Owing to a mistake having been made in the complaint entered by Mrs. Olive Sternaman in her suit for the recovery of $1000 life insurance on her late husband, her suit against the Metropolitan Insurance Company at Buffalo has been decided against her at her lawyer's request. An appeal will be taken.

Pittsburg detectives are in Hamilton, Ont., looking for Charles Miles, who is wanted at Muncie, Ind., on a charge of causing the death of a young girl by a criminal operation.

Senator Owens had a narrow escape from a serious accident on Thursday. As he was passing the Russell House, Ottawa, a flower pot fell from an upper window and just grazed his head.

Thursday afternoon the five-year-old son of Mr. Thyphile Lefrancois, of Hadley Cove, Quebec, while playing on the railway dump, near the water's edge, fell into the river and was drowned.

The Kingston branch of the Lord's Day Alliance, through Secretary O'Meara, of the Provincial Alliance, has applied to the Attorney-General of Ontario for a bill against the Street Railway Company for running cars on Sunday.

News has been received at Ottawa from Maniwaki, on the Gatineau, that Dr. Mulligan has made a post mortem examination of Maxime Hubert, and has come to the conclusion that death was due to poisoning. No arrests have been made.

The propeller captains and owners are complaining of the difficulties of navigation in the canal at Cardinal, and also at Iroquois Point. There are a number of obstructions in the canal.

Owing to numerous complaints, the Department of Justice has issued a number of instructions looking to uniformity of executions in future. All executions must take place at eight o'clock in the morning, the black flag hoisted, and the bell of the gaol or parish church must be tolled for fifteen minutes before and fifteen minutes after.

The centennial of the landing of Rev. Robert McDowall, of Fredericksburg, who was the pioneer missionary of the Presbyterian Church in Upper Canada, will be celebrated on July 6th. Sir Oliver Mowat will be present. A historical address will be given by Rev. Dr. Gregg, the historian of the Presbyterian Church in Canada. Speeches will also be made by members of Parliament.

NEARING THE END.

The House of Commons Practically Concludes Its Business for the Year.

FRANCHISE BILL RETURNED

To the Senate With a Refusal to Accept the Amendments of the Upper House.

MONEY FOR INTERCOLONIAL.

All British Sugar-Growing Countries Given the Benefit of the New Preferential Tariff.

(From the Star's Special Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 10. — The sitting of the House on Thursday was long and busy. It extended well into the hours of the morning, and much business was transacted. The amendments of the Senate to the Franchise Bill were rejected, the Manitoba school fund advance was sanctioned; tariff resolutions were adopted in committee of Ways and Means; and then in Committee of Supply many hundreds of thousands of dollars were voted to the public service. Several of the votes were for the Intercolonial Railway.

Only two days remain of the present week, and it is very doubtful if the session can be brought to an end on Saturday.

There was a division during the day, and the roll call showed that 94 members answered the Speaker's bell, not a bad number for the dying days of a four months' session.

OBNOXIOUS LEGISLATION.

As soon as routine proceedings had been disposed of, the House settled at once down to the business of the day, as set forth in the order paper.

One incidental matter was raised. Mr. Clarke asked it the attention of the Government had been directed to the act recently passed by the Legislature of Prince Edward Island respecting witnesses and evidence. This relates to the matter brought up on Wednesday by Mr. Borden, of Halifax. It is a law opposed by commercial interests outside the province. The Premier replied that the law in question had not been brought to the attention of the Government, but no doubt those who opposed the law in the Legislature would bring the matter before the Federal Government.

THE FRANCHISE BILL.

The debate was then resumed upon the Franchise Bill, and the reasons of the Commons for not concurring in the amendments of the Senate. Those reasons were published in the Star of Wednesday.

The matter was talked out by Mr. Mills, Mr. Martin, Sir Louis Davies and the Solicitor-General. These speeches were a repetition of arguments made at the time of the debate upon the second reading of the bill. Finally the motion not to concur in the objected amendments of the Senate was adopted on division, but without a vote being asked by the Opposition.

THE GRANT TO MANITOBA.

The bill respecting the Manitoba school fund then came up for a second reading. This bill is based on the resolution debated and adopted at the sitting of Wednesday, and provides for the payment of $300,000 to the Government of Manitoba for educational purposes, such money being part of the sum due that province from the proceeds of the sales of school lands.

A few short speeches were delivered, Mr. Foster again putting the case as the surrender of a part of the principal of a trust fund. This point was also discussed by Mr. Laroviere and Mr. Fitzpatrick.

The Opposition divided the House upon the motion to read the bill a second time. The motion was carried: yeas 62, nays 32. The division was upon straight party lines.

The bill was then passed through Committee, reported and now stands for a third reading.

SPECIAL POSTAL DELIVERY.

Mr. Mulock's bill to further amend the Post Office was read a third time. This bill provides for the special, quick delivery of letters in cities.

Two departmental bills were also passed.

TWO MORE TARIFF CHANGES.

Shortly before six o'clock the House, on motion of Mr. Fielding went into Committee of Ways and Means, taking up the tariff resolutions.

Mr. Fielding first asked the committee to correct an error that had crept into the printed tariff schedule of 1897. It related to the articles of rubber belting and rubber cement. The votes and proceedings of the session of 1897 showed that in committee the articles in question had been included in the item for which a rate of 25 per cent. ad valorem was imposed. But, in the tariff, as printed in the statutes, these two articles had been omitted from item. The result was to put rubber belting, rubber cement, etc., in the general item of rubber goods not otherwise provided, at a rate of 20 per cent. The intention was to place these articles under 25 per cent. rate, and the amendment now made the correction.

The next change introduced to a certain extent a new rule. It will be remembered that the sugar schedule brought down with the budget speech of April 6 provided that raw sugar from the British West Indies should come in under the preferential tariff, that is at a rate one-fourth less than that charged under the general tariff. At that time it pointed out that this arrangement would to a certain extent result in advantage to the sugar refineries in Eastern Canada, whose raw sugar came from the West Indies, but that on the other hand would be a disadvantage to the sugar refining business on the Pacific coast. It had been suggested that the preferential tariff be extended to Queensland, the Fiji Islands and British sugar-growing possessions in the South Pacific. Upon consideration Mr. Fielding said another course had been decided upon, which would meet the case. It was proposed to so amend the resolution that raw sugar, the product of any part of the British Empire, or of any British possession, when imported direct, be admitted under the preferential tariff. This would extend the preference to Queensland and the sugar-growing possessions in the Pacific.

The third change was merely one of words, to make the other part of the resolutions agree with the wording of the changed clause.

The explanation was brief and clear. There was practically no discussion, and the resolutions passed in committee, were reported, and adopted by the House.

Mr. Fielding then introduced a bill based on the resolutions, which was read a first time.

These changes will have retroactive effect: as if they had been in the tariff resolutions of the budget speech of April 6 last.

MR. FRASER'S NEW WHARF.

The evening sitting was devoted to the supplementary estimates for the coming year. All went smoothly until a vote was reached that asked for $4,000 for harbor work at a place in Guysborough county, called New Harbor. Here a halt was called by the Opposition, and the talking commenced, all along the line.

Mr. Borden wished to know where this place is situated. He had never heard of it.

Mr. Tarte did not know very definitely. It was on the Atlantic coast, twenty miles from Guysborough.

Dr. Sproule—"You did not know until you looked it up in a geography."

MR. QUINN ANSWERS MR. TARTE.

Mr. Quinn took the floor, and proceeded to answer some of the statements made by Mr. Tarte, when speaking of the Montreal harbor.

He was called to order, and the chair ruled that the discussion must be confined to the vote of the estimates before the committee.

Sir Richard Cartwright desired to pour oil on the troubled waters. They would be pleased to hear Mr. Quinn at a more convenient time, but if the other items of the estimates were to be discussed the night should not be spent in this debate. Of course, if the Opposition wished to keep the House sitting beyond the time proposed very well and good. They were quite within their right.

Mr. Quinn accepted that. He would make his few remarks then and now.

Mr. Tarte—"I am glad to hear you. Go on."

Mr. Quinn did so. He referred to the statement made at an earlier sitting by Mr. Tarte when he said that the Windmill Point basin in Montreal harbor had been constructed for the benefit of Messrs. Thomson, Maclennan and Ogilvie. The statement was false and absurd. How ridiculous it was for Mr. Tarte to tell Montreal what the city needed in regard to harbor facilities. What did he know about it? He was a man unknown in Montreal except as a politician and not connected with any great commercial undertaking.

Upon these lines Mr. Quinn made his speech in opposition to the Nova Scotia vote.

Mr. Tupe and others took a lighter view. He suggested that Mr. Fraser was to be given a place; that after this session Parliament would see him no more. That would mean a by-election in Guysboro and have a ter for New Harbor.

Mr. Bergeron took this line. If the Minister of Public Works visited all the places he had promised to inspect, there would not be enough days in the year for these visits.

Mr. Fielding told the Opposition that when they were in power they had become so accustomed to a corrupt use of public money that they could not understand there was any other way to administer public works.

Mr. Tarte told the Ontario Opposition members they were very willing to have large sums spent in dredging their harbors, but they begrudged a few thousand for harbor protection for the fishermen of Nova Scotia.

Sir Louis Davies raised the discussion to a more serious level. He stated that, except Gaspe, there was no county that had more boat fishermen than this county of Guysboro, Nova Scotia. They used small crafts and needed harbor protection and this vote was to provide this to a certain extent.

It was also claimed that because Guysboro had been represented by a Liberal during the long Conservative regime the county had been neglected in the matter of public works.

And so the talking went on; sometimes serious and sometimes otherwise.

MR. FRASER EXPLAINS.

After a time Mr. Fraser came in, and told all about New Harbor. A petition from the fishermen had been sent up for a breakwater, when the present Mr. Justice Ouimet was Minister of Public Works, and that gentleman had sent down an engineer, who reported on the needs of the harbor. A river came into the sea there, but at its mouth was a bar. If the surf was running the fishermen could not enter. In such case they would, at great risk, have to stay outside or try to make another port. This vote was for a breakwater, which would enable fishermen to cross the bar, when the wind was blowing and the surf white.

Mr. Fraser's explanation seemed to quiet the waves of opposition to the vote itself, but the criticism of Mr. Tarte went on, because he did not know all about the fishing settlement.

As to the fishermen at New Harbor, Mr. Fraser added that they were as good people as could be found in Guysboro, and that meant as good people as there are in Nova Scotia or in Canada.

Mr. Costigan told the Opposition he would not vote to have the item dropped for the reasons that had been given.

This seemed to smother the oppositon to New Harbor's breakwater, and the vote was passed without a count being demanded. It was 11 o'clock when the item was disposed of.

PASSING THE SUPPLIES.

The work of passing supplies went on rapidly with running comment and explanation. The harbor and river votes for the Province of Quebec amounted to $134,210.

Mr. Blair made a statement respecting increased accommodation at St. John, N. B., for the Intercolonial Railway, the vote being $250,000. The increased accommodation was needed to meet the traffic of the winter service. The city had spent $75,000 in piers, sheds, etc. These accommodations were used by the Canadian Pacific Railway. During the winter of 1895-96 the shipments of freight by the Canadian Pacific Railway was 32,000 tons; in 1896-97, 71,000 tons; in 1897-98, 120,000 tons; showing the possibilities of the port of St. John. As situated the Intercolonial Railway could not get its share of the traffic and facilities were to be secured on the eastern side of the harbor. Mr. Blair spoke of the possibility of the Intercolonial forming traffic arrangements for the handling of grain from the Canada Atlantic Railway. The improvements would provide wharfage accommodation for the largest steamships. An elevator costing $75,000 would be built, and a similar one would be erected at Halifax.

The sum of $600,000 was voted for rolling stock on the Intercolonial Railway. Mr. Blair explained. From July 1, 1896, to April 30, 1897, there had been a deficit of $102,028. From July 1, 1897, to April 30, 1898, this deficit had been reduced to $52,894, which covered rental paid the Grand Trunk Railway and the Drummond County Railway. There had been spent last year for ties, ballast, etc., $30,000 and notwithstanding the improvement in the finances over those of last year amounted to $50,000. During the year following July 1, the Government expected to spend upon improvements to the road the sum of $100,000. Mr. Blair went on to show that the bargain with the Drummond County Railway Company had been to the advantage of the Department and the Government.

The vote was adopted.

At half-past one o'clock this morning the committee rose and the House adjourned.

THREE LITTLE POLES.

They Were Journeying Alone From Poland to Chicago.

Three little travellers all the way from Poland attracted some attention at Windsor street station yesterday afternoon. One was a barefooted rather ragged boy of about seven years of age, and the other two were little lassies with laughing eyes and very dirty faces, two or three years younger than their brother. They crossed the ocean on the steamship Lake Winnipeg, and were on their way to join their parents, who went to Chicago several years ago, and left their children in far-off Poland to rejoin them later in the new world. They could not speak a word of English, but they enjoyed the food which Constable Richards supplied them, and went on their way rejoicing in the evening, gladdened by the hope of soon seeing their parents.

A JEWISH LECTURE.

Rev. Z. H. Masliansky, a noted Hebrew lecturer, is to deliver an address to the Hebrew population of this city in the Synagogue on Cadieux street on Sunday evening. He is favorably spoken of as a graphic speaker by the English and American press. His subject for the evening will be, "The manners and customs of the Russian Jews, and the necessity of all Hebrews to conform to the laws and customs of the country in which they remain."

ADVANTAGES TO BOTH.

Settlement of the Franco-British Niger Dispute

THIS, HOWEVER, ONLY DISPOSES OF ONE OF THE DIFFERENCES IN WEST AFRICA.

PARIS, June 10—It is understood that the Paris West Africa boundary commission has adjusted the differences between England and France in regard to the line of demarcation of the Niger territories. The minor questions as to the regulations to be observed in the Niger territories have not yet been settled.

If the reported settlement of the Niger territory dispute between England and France in West Africa was as outlined in Figaro a short time ago, the starting point of the new boundary between the English and French possessions in that part of Africa is Ilo, a town of some importance on the west bank of the Niger, situated about in latitude 11 degrees 27 degrees north. From there the line runs slightly to the westward of south to Nikki, which remains French; all to the eastward being British. From the point yet to be fixed in the Nikki district the boundary will run to where the river Ocpara or Nanou crosses the ninth degree of latitude, and follow the course of that river to the eighth degree, to meet the northern point of the eastern frontier of Dahomey, recently surveyed by the joint Anglo-French commission appointed for the purpose.

By the arrangement now arrived at, the

THE SPHERES OF INFLUENCE.

Logos hinterland forms a wedge with Ilo at the apex, the French frontier forming the western and the Niger the eastern side. By it also the temporary boundary of the British and French spheres of influence formed by the northern prolongation of the eastern frontier of Dahomey to Say on the Niger in latitude 13 degrees 5 north is abrogated, and the French gain a substantial edge of territory, of which the base is formed by the Niger from Ilo to Say, and the apex is at the crossing of the eighth parallel and the river Nanou. The advantage to the British lies in the retention of Boussa, the head of Niger navigation at all seasons, thus leaving the control of the lower part of that river entirely in the hands of the Royal Administration of the Niger territory, much in the same way as that of the St. Lawrence is in the hands of the Canadian Government.

This settlement, however, disposes of only one of the differences between England and France in West Africa. There is still the matter of the boundary between their spheres of influence to the eastward from the Niger to Lake Chad to be gone into, and the delimitation of the boundaries of the Gold Coast hinterland must be made before all cause of possible trouble between them in that part of the world has been removed.

MISS CISNEROS MARRIED.

The Wedding Took Place at a Baltimore Hotel.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 10.—Miss Evangeline Cisneras, whose romantic escape from a Spanish prison in Havana several months ago caused so much talk, was



EVANGELINE CISNEROS.

married here yesterday to Carlos F. Carbonell, who assisted her in her rescue. The ceremony took place at the Hotel Rennert at noon, and the couple left for Washington at an hour later.

ST. JOHN SCHOOL.

Proposal to Change it From a Private to a Public School

A movement is on foot to have the School of S. John the Evangelist in this city incorporated as a public school, and managed by a Board of Governors. The school at present is and always has been classed as a private and not a public school, and the change, it is claimed, would be beneficial to the institution.

Interest in the school would be broadened and deepened, and its success, which has already been encouraging, would be assured and enlarged. The idea of converting the school from a private into a public institution was broached in a recent issue of the parish magazine of the Church of S. John the Evangelist, and found favor. It is said that the change contemplated should not be considered a parish matter, but that it has a much broader significance. The need of an Anglican Church school in Montreal has always been felt, and S. John's has filled the want to a great extent. Under the proposed new conditions it will be able to supply this want to splendid advantage. The present school buildings are capable of being enlarged, at a moderate cost, in case the need for increased accommodation arises. The school has always been a success, and its future is bright.

SHIPPING NOTES.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Ramore Head, Smith, Belfast, McLean, Kennedy & Co., general.

Steamship Turrett Crown, Henry, Sydney, Kingman & Co., coal.

Steamship Cape Breton, Reid, Sydney, Kingman & Co., coal.

Steamship Kastalia, Webb, Glasgow, R. Reford & Co., general.

Steamship Buenos Ayrean, McAdam, Glasgow, H. & A. Allan, general.

Steamship Cynthiana, Forrest, Manchester, Furness, Withy & Co.

Steamship Carlisle City, D. Torrance & Co.

CLEARED.

Teelin Head, Arthurs, Belfast, McLean, Kennedy & Co., general.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Steamships.

Lobelia, Watson, McLean, Kennedy & Co.

Laurentian, Main, H. & A. Allan.

Lycia, Evans, Elder, Dempster & Co.

Yorkshire, Barrett, D. Torrance & Co

Oakmore, Campbell, W. Johnston & Co

Broomhaugh, Boyes, McLean, Kennedy & Co.

Briardene, Johnston, Carbray, Routh & Co.

Ladoga, Goulding, McLean, Kennedy & Co.

Lake Winnipeg, Jones, D. W. Campbell.

Queensmore, Couch, Furness, Withy & Co.

NOTES.

The Head Line steamship Teelin Head, Captain Arthurs, sailed for Belfast yesterday with a large general cargo, including 44,500 bushels of corn, 980 boxes of cheese, 3000 sacks of flour, 80 standards of deals. The Teelin Head will complete loading at Quebec.

The Head Line steamship Ramore Head, Capt. Smith, arrived in port yesterday morning, consigned to McLean, Kennedy & Co. She will leave on Sunday morning next for Belfast.

The steamship Samara, Capt. Walker, sails direct to-day for Hamburg. She has on board 192,000 bushels of grain.

Allan SS. Ionarian, from Montreal for London, arrived out Thursday morning.

To accommodate the increased western traffic, due to the reduced rates, the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company will run a special daily service to Toronto (Sundays excepted) instead of the triweekly accommodation now given, their first boat leaving McGill street wharf at 10 a.m. on Saturday morning.

*** *All notices of "Births," "Marriages, and "Deaths" must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.*

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

Continued from Opposite Page.

BIRTHS.

BRODERICK—At Cornwall, Ont., on June 1, the wife of John Broderick, Jr., of a daughter.*

DAVISON—At Hantsport, N. S., on May 28, to Mr. and Mrs. George C. Davison, a son.*

McNABB—At Newmarket, Ont., on May 23, the wife of the Rev. A. McNabb, of a son.*

MUNRO—At St. John, N.B., on June 2, the wife of William Munro, of Munro & Heans, of a daughter.*

NORRIS—In Hibbert, Ont., on the 23rd of May, Mrs. James Norris, of a son.*

ST. JOHN—On May 25, at Alexandria, Ont., the wife of Alfred St. John, of a daughter.*

TALLON—At Cornwall, Ont., on June 1, the wife of J. E. Tallon, of a son.*

MARRIAGES.

BRYAN-CLARK—At Summerside, P. E. I., on May 18th, 19th, by Rev. Dra. Sprague, Ernest A. Bryan, formerly of Summerside and now of Quincy, Mass., to Miss Mamie G. Clark, daughter of S. Hall Clark, Summerside.

COWAN-McGREGOR — At Collingwood, Ont., by the Rev. Wm. Farquharson, B.A., B.D., on May 24th, Robert G. Cowan, Barrie, to Miss Mary A. McGregor, daughter of Duncan McGregor.*

CRAIG-LYTLE—At Moncrieff Church, County Donegal, Ireland, on the 28th of April, by the Rev. James Craig Wallace, Marshall Craig, youngest son of the late William Craig, Brodieu, to Elizabeth Lowry, second daughter of John Lytle, Lytleton Park, Regina, N.W.T., Canada.*

HUTCHINSON-MYRER — At Halifax, N. S., June 2, by Rev. W. J. Armitage, George Hutchinson to Maggie Ellen Myrer.*

IRWIN-TEMPLAR — At London, Ont., on the 26th ult., by the Ven. Archdeacon Davis, Miss Lillian Beatrice, youngest daughter of Mr. Frederick Templar, to Wm. J. Irwin, youngest son of the late James Irwin, of London, Ont.*

SMITH-McGEE — At Charlottetown, P. E. I., on the 1st inst., by Rev. W. J. Kirby, Fred. S. Smith to Miss Eveline Mary Moore, daughter of Theophilus Moore, all of Charlottetown.*

DEATHS OUTSIDE THE CITY.

BONNER—At Sherbrooke, Que., May 26, Nora Christena, aged 5 years, 3 months and 10 days, youngest daughter of T. J. Bonner.*

BOWES—At St. John, N. B., on May 29th, Teresa A., daughter of Nicholas P. and Teresa A. Bowes.

CAMERON—At Alexandria, Ont., on May 26th, Elizabeth, daughter of Duncan and Mrs. Cameron, aged 7 months and 23 days.

COLDWELL—At Boston, on the 14th May, Mrs. Sarah A. Coldwell, widow of Ebenezer Coldwell, of Gaspereau.

DAY—At Kingston, Ont., on the 2nd of June, Peter W. Day, of the township of Kingston, in his 75th year.

FERRIS—At East Boston, on May 28th, Carrie, beloved wife of Fred Ferris, and youngest daughter of the late Alexander Barnhill.

FORD—At London, Ont., on May 30th, Wm. Henry, beloved son of William and Ella Ford, aged 8 months.

GILLIS—At Broad Cove, N. S., May 18th, at the advanced age of 90 years, Angus Gillis, sr.

JOHNSTONE—At Ottawa, Ont., on the 5th inst., W. J. Johnstone, in his 73rd year.

KELLY—At St. John's, Nfld., on the 31st May, Ella, daughter of Henry and the late Elizabeth Kelly, aged 9 years.

LANGLOIS—At Quebec, on the 2nd inst., at the age of 81 years 4 months, Michael Langlois.

MAGERUS—At Hamilton, Ont., on May 25th, John, second son of Mathias and Mary Magerus, aged 22 years 2 months and 26 days.

McENIRY—At Cornwall, Ont., on the 2nd inst., Michael, fifth son of Michael McEntry, aged 22 years 8 months and 6 days.

McLEOD—At Kellspell, Montana, on March the 31st, after an illness of two days, Donald Roderick McLeod, youngest son of the late Archibald McLeod, of the township of Caledonia, Co. of Prescott, Ont.

MacGILLIVRAY — At Inverness, Scotland, 27th May, Catherine Orphia Lucy McDonell, widow of the late Neil John MacGillivray, of Dunmagiass, Inverness-shire, Scotland, and sister-in-law of F. MacGillivray, of Ottawa.

RISSELL—At Halifax, N. S., May 25, Samuel Risser, aged 33.

RYAN—At Lennoxville, Que., on the 1st June, John Ryan, aged 80 years, formerly of Quebec.

STEPHENSON — At Hamilton, Ont., on May 30, George W. Stephenson, aged 34 years.

SWAN—At Halifax, N. S., June 1st, Chas. T. A. Swan, aged one year.

TOMPKINS—At Oakland, N. B., on May 20th, Mrs. Dennis Tompkins, in the 75th year of her age.

WALLACE—Drowned, at Guelph, Ont., on Thursday, 26th May, Thomas Benjamin, second son of Hugh Wallace, of Nassagaweya.

WATCHORN—At London, Ont., on the 28th ult., John Thomas Watchorn, aged 33 years.

WATSON—At Dorchester, Mass., on the 30th May, Robert Moore Watson, third son of the late William Watson, jr., and brother of the late Rev. J. W. H. Watson, aged 60 years.

WELLS—At East Williamsburg, Ont., on Sunday, May 15, Selina M. Wells, wife of Cornelius Wells, in her 48th year.

WINTER—At St. John's, Nfld., Frederick St. George, youngest son of Sir James and Lady Winter, aged 4 years and 1 month.

MAISONNEUVE TOWN COUNCIL.

At the regular meeting of the Maisonneuve Town Council, held last Wednesday night, Mayor Villeneuve and Councillor Masse withdrew their resignations, and the differences between them and the rest of the Council were settled amicably.

A delegation, consisting of Messrs. Martineau, Houle, Masse and Christin, were chosen to go to Ottawa to make arrangements with the Railway Committee of the House about the crossing of the Montreal Street Railway Company's and the Montreal Belt Line Company's tracks, and thus allow the city company to extend their tracks to the town limits.

Cramps and Colic

Always Relieved Promptly by Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

When you are seized with an attack of Cramps or doubled up with Colic, you want a remedy you are sure will give you relief and give it quickly, too.

You don't want an untried something that may help you. You want Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry which every one knows will positively cure Cramps and Colic quick. Just a dose or two and you have ease.

But, now, a word of proof to back up these assertions, and we have it from Mr. John Hawke, Coldwater, Ont., who writes: "Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is a wonderful cure for Diarrhoea, Cramps and pains in the stomach. I was a great sufferer until I gave it a trial, but now I have perfect comfort."

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is one of those remedies that should be in every house, as no one can tell when some member of the family may be attacked with Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera, Cramps, Colic or Summer Complaint.

Sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 35c a bottle. Don't let any one palm off a substitute on you. When you pay your money for the genuine, you've a right to get it. 135 2 to 7 1

OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS.

Those of the Fire Department to be Examined—The New Fire Station.

THE FIRE COMMITTEE SAT YESTERDAY ALD. STEVENSON PRESIDING.

The following resolution was adopted: "Considering that there are certain accounts outstanding against this department which have not been authorized by the present or previous Fire Committees, and for which no warrants have been signed; and considering that the Committee has been informed that the Chief has upon his own responsibility ordered certain repairs, etc., deemed by him emergent; and seeing that the Finance Committee has requested, by its resolution of June 3 that a statement of all such claims be prepared and submitted to them.

"Be it resolved that a sub-committee of the chairman, Ald. Laporte and James be hereby named to examine the unpaid accounts above mentioned, and prepare a report thereon, and that the Finance Committee be desired to name a similar sub-committee to act conjointly with the members of the Fire Committee."

A communication was read from the president of the Merchants' Manufacturing Cotton Mills Company asking that in case of fire breaking out in their premises at St. Henry the Chief or his subordinates be instructed to lend assistance.

The chairman held that this was a matter to be decided by the committee. He did not believe himself. In a general way, of lending assistance in that way to outside municipalities, except under exceptional circumstances. He had taken it upon himself, at the late fire at the Western Abattoir, to give a helping hand, seeing that the city was interested to the extent of some $75,000.

Ald. Ames said that these people had gone outside the city to an adjacent municipality for the purpose, or ostensibly so, of escaping municipal taxation, and it would be, therefore, a bad precedent to adopt. If the request of the Cotton Mills Company was adopted there would probably be no end of similar requests from other quarters.

Ald. Marsolais was not in favor of granting the request, except city property was endangered, and it was decided to write to the president that in the past the rule had been observed, and that the committee saw no reason at the present time to make any departure.

The plans for the new No. 7 Seven Station were submitted by the architect, Mr. Rester, and approved.

COLONIAL HOUSE

PHILLIPS SQUARE

Purchased!

From and on account of whom it may concern

$10,000 WORTH OF FURNITURE

The same will be placed on view and sale on SATURDAY, JUNE 11, and will be offered below manufacturer's cost

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Two Weeks' Cheap Sale.

We have looked over stock after the spring business and have decided to offer [in conjunction with cheap sale of Furniture] 10 p.c. discount off some beautiful designs in

WILTONS, AXMINSTERS, BRUSSELS, AND TAPESTRY CARPETS

Also a Special Sale of Best Japanese Rugs at 25 p. c. discount.

Carpets purchased during this Cheap Sale will be stored until required for Fall delivery.

Curtain Department.

Special Lines of Lace Curtains and Portieres at discounts ranging from 10 p.c. to 20 p.c.

Japanese Portieres in Bamboo from $2.00 to $2.25 each in great variety of colorings.

AWNINGS.

Estimates furnished on application.

FLAGS

Of Bunting from 1 to 5 yards in length, all nations.

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Attended to.

HENRY MORGAN & CO MONTREAL

1384y1

Men's Oxfords.



Quality, wear, comfortable, longevity, stylish toes, in Calf, Dongola and Russet (this season's shades), look as though they were worth twice the price.

Men's Substantial Wearing Oxfords, that fit and look well on the foot, ***$1.25, $1.50, $2.00*** and ***$2.50.***

See our Men's Dongola Oxfords, new summer styles, at ***$1.50, $2.00*** and ***$2.50.***

Men's Vici Kid Chocolate Oxfords, Goodyear welt, new coin toe, Goodyear welt at ***$2.50*** per pair.

THE MODEL,

1507 St. Catherine St. Near Amherst St.

135tyf

Ram Lal's Pure Indian Tea

Only six weeks from the gardens of India to our breakfast tables.

135ntyf

Kilfyre

SIMPLY BLOTS IT OUT

134 6wfwntyf6

Mr. Fred. A. Saunders, youngest son of Dr. Wm. Saunders, of Ottawa, director of the Dominion Experimental Farms, has recently won distinguished honors at the Johns Hopkins' University in Baltimore. He began his studies at the High School in Ottawa, which he attended from 1887 to 1890, where he won the highest honors in his classes for several terms. He entered the Toronto University in 1890 and graduated at that institution with honors in science in 1894. He subsequently began a post graduate course in physics at the Johns Hopkins' University, under Prof. H. A. Rowland, one of the most distinguished of living physicists. A few months ago he was awarded a scholarship in that branch of science, and has now won the fellowship for 1898-9, the highest acknowledgment for merit in the gift of the university.

All Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

BIRTHS.

COLLYER—At 10 Fort street, June 7th, 1898, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Collyer, a daughter. 133 3

BOYLE—At Watson's Corners, Ont., on June 1st, the wife of Mr. David Boyle, of a daughter.

COPPOCK—At Calgary, N. W. T., on May 22nd, the wife of H. C. Coppock, of a son.

DOUGLAS—At Millarville, N. W. T., on the 30th ult., the wife of Charles L. Douglas, of a daughter.

HEINE—At Butte City, Mon., on May 27, to the wife of Dr. Heine, a daughter.

HOWARD—At Prince Albert, Sask., N. W. T., on May 20th, the wife of A. C. Howard, of a son.

LAWSON—At North Head, Grand Manan, N. B., on June 1st, to the wife of Dr. J. J. Lawson, a son.

McDONELL—At Okotoks, Alberta, N. W. T., on May 16th, the wife of W. W. McDonell, of a son.

McKINNON—At Middle Stewiacke, N. S., on June 4th, to Rev. and Mrs. Clarence McKinnon, a son.

STREETER—At Bedford, N. S., June 4th, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Streeter, twin daughters.

TURNBULL—At Yarmouth, N. S., on May 24th, to the wife of Dr. Turnbull, a son.

YORK—At Aylmer, Que., on May 21st, the wife of Mr. J. G. York, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

SYKES-PETTIGREW—In this city, on the 7th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. P. L. Richardson, B. A., B. D., George E. Sykes, to Jessie D., second daughter of Thomas Pettigrew. 134 2

BURKE-REED—On the 20th May, at Carbonear, Nfld., by the Rev. H. P. Cowperthwaite, M.A., Mr. J. Edgar Burke, to Miss Harriet Reed.

COGNISH-MORRIS—At Hamilton, Ont., on June 1st, by Rev. Neil McPherson, William J. Cognish, of Chatham, to Bessie Agnes Morris.

FRENCH-FORWARD—On the 9th of May, at Carbonear, Nfld., by the Rev. H. P. Cowperthwaite, M.A., Mr. John French to Miss Julia Forward.

GAUDET-THOMSON—At Quebec, on the 2nd June, by the Rev. A. T. Love, Captain Frederick Mondelet Gaudet to Margaret Grant, daughter of Andrew Thomson.

HALL-STEVENSON—At East Angus, Que., on May 25th, by Rev. C. W. Pinch, B. D., James A. Hall to Annie M., only daughter of W. T. Stevenson, of Angus.

KITCHING-McKENZIE—At Guelph, Ont., on June 1st, by Rev. Mr. Fowlie, of Erin, Retta McKenzie, to Colin Kitching, of Nassagaweya.

LITTLE-SEELEY—At Central Argyle, N. S., on May 25th, by Rev. J. W. Shepherdson, Frank Little to Bessie A. Seeley, eldest daughter of the late C. W. Seeley.

PARKER-BARLEE—On the 8th June at St. John's Church, Peterborough, William Davidson Parker, son of the late A. Davidson Parker, of Montreal, to Clarissa Jane, daughter of the late Geo. Barlee, of Peterborough. 135 2

SHORT-SMITH—At London, Ont., on June 1st, by the Rev. W. J. Ford, Miss Lulu Rose, daughter of Mr. Nelson Smith, P. C., to Mr. John E. Short, all of London.

WILLIAMS-COSMAN—At St. John, N. B., on May 25, by the Rev. W. J. Halse, Rentford Williams, of St. John, and Miss Bertha E. Cosman, of Kingston, Kings Co., N. B.

WILKINSON-WHITE—At Charlottetown, P. E. I., on the 2nd inst., by Rev. G. M. Campbell, Thomas Wilkinson, of Albertson, to Mrs. M. Jane White, of Charlottetown.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

AHEARN—In this city, on June 9th, 1898, Mary Smollen, aged 58 years, beloved wife of John Ahearn. Funeral will take place from her late residence, 127 Colborne street, Saturday morning, the 11th inst., at 8 o'clock, to St. Ann's church, thence to Cote des Neiges cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this invitation.

COCHRANE—In this city, on the 6th instant, John Cochrane, aged 67 years. Funeral from his late residence, 95 Prince st., on Saturday, 11th, at 2 p.m., Western papers please copy.

EDGAR—From diphtheria, on Saturday, John Patrick, grandchild of Mrs. Thos. Prendergast, aged 2 years and 9 months, beloved son of Samuel and Mary Edgar. Funeral private. 134 2

FEENEY—In this city, on the 9th inst., John Howard Alexander, youngest son of William Feeney. Funeral private. New York papers please copy.

O'CONNOR—On the 8th of June 1898, John A. J. O'Connor. Funeral private. 134 2

PRUD'HOMME—At Notre Dame de Grace, on the 8th inst., at the age of 88 years and 11 months, Madam Adelaide St. Denis, widow of the late Joseph Prud'homme. Funeral on Saturday, the 11th, at 9 o'clock, from the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. Leandre Chaput, to the parish church. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. 134 2

DEATHS OUTSIDE THE CITY.

BENTHAM—At his residence, Herwick House, Norwood, London, William Bentham, Esq., J. P., late general manager for England of the Standard Life Assurance Company, and formerly of H. M. Ion, Artillery, and son of the late Colonel Bentham, Royal Artillery, aged 74 years.

BROWN—At Sheet Harbor, N. S., May 29, Sadie Catherine, youngest daughter of David and Mary Brown, aged 18 months.

CASEY—At Ottawa, on 30th May, Isabella Victoria, only daughter of P. A. Casey.

COLEMAN—At St. John's, Nfld., on the 26th May, Edward Coleman, aged 46 years.

CONNOLLY—At Donnaville, Ont., on the 23rd May, John Stewart, infant son of R. G. W. and Agnes C. Connolly, aged 9 days.

GORMAN—At Hamilton, Ont., on May 23, Michael Gorman, tailor, aged 40 years.

HAMILTON—In Cleveland, O., on May 26, James Hamilton, aged 50 years.

HANLEY—At Kingston, Ont., May 27th, Sarah Hanley, relict of the late Thomas Hanley.

HARDING—At Lower Argyle, N. S., on May 22, J. Freeman Harding.

HENDRIE—At Hamilton, Ont., on May 27, John Hendrie, aged 57.

HUNT—At Lunenburg, N. S., May 22nd, Mary Ann, relict of Capt. James E. Hunt, aged 80 years.

ISRAEL—At Elmira, Ont., on May 30th, Mrs. Elizabeth Israel, widow, aged about 76 years.

LELIEVRE—At Quebec, on June 2nd, Mr. N. Cyrille Lellevre.

LEHR—At St. John's, Nfld., May 22, Wm. Andrew, child of Andrew and Maud Lehr, aged 5 months.

MAREE—At Kingston, Ont., on May 29th, Grace E., daughter of J. E. Maree, M. D., aged 15 years, 2 months 19 days.

McCONNELL—In Barton, Ont., on June 4th, Thomas McConnell, aged 60 years.

McDONALD—At Superior, Wis., May 3rd, John McDonald, aged 43 years, son of Archie McDonald, of Upper S. West Mabou, Inverness, N. S.

McDONALD—At Broad Cove, Antigonish Co., N. S., May 17th, in the 67th year of his age, Angus McDonald.

McKINNON—At Big Beach, C. B., May 21st, Neil McKinnon, aged 53 years.

MILES—At Hamilton, Ont., on June 2nd, Maggie Hood Miles.

McFEATT—At Upper North Sydney, C. B., 29th May, William A. Moffatt, aged 69 years.

NICHOLL—At St. John's, Nfld., on the 29th May, Edward Nicholl, aged 83 years.

REID—At Black River, Kings Co., N. S., on the 16th May, Mary Ann Reid, aged 35 years.

IN MEMORIAM

MASSEY—In loving memory of the Rev. Samuel Massey, who entered into rest, Thursday, June 10th, 1897.
"The memory of the just is blessed." 135 1

For additional Births, Marriages and Deaths, See Pages 6 and 10.

PERSONAL.

THE SAFEST WAY TO PROTECT YOUR HOME age not burglary is to have it protected by the Dominion Burglary Guarantee Co., Ltd. Their Electric Protection is an absolute security and the cost is a mere trifle. They not only protect your home but give you a guarantee against loss or damage by Burglary. This will relieve you from all anxiety. Office 181 St. James st. Telephone One Two Three Four. Chas. W. Hagar, General Manager. 67 4mos

PUBLIC NOTICE On account of the Great Rush for The Big Store's Friday Offerings they will be repeated to-morrow.

THE S. CARSLEY Co LIMITED.

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. JUNE 10th, 1898

On Their Last Century

THE NEW BARNES BICYCLES

$100.00 High Grade Wheels For $35.00.



Only one hundred more to sell and the greatest bicycle event of the century will have ended. The management therefore emphasize the necessity of making your selection of a High Grade New Barnes Wheel at once. You can have a good choice still, equal to first comers. This last shipment are particularly fine specimens of a $100.00 High Grade Bicycle and The Big Store offers them at . . . . **$35.00** each.

In Black or White Finish. Maroon Enamel Finish $2.00 extra.

BICYCLE LAMPS.

100 "Venus" Bicycle Lamps, regular 75c for 59c
75 "Midget" bicycle lamps, regular $1.00 for 72c
110 "Excelsior" bicycle lamps, regular $1.50 for $1.20
120 "Leader" bicycle lamps, regular $1.75 for $1.48
140 M. and W. lamps, 1898 model, regular $3.00 for $2.40
100 "Solar Gas" bicycle lamps, regular $4.25 for $3.42



LATEST NOVELTY
Camillion Cycle Signals.



Sporting Goods and Bicycle Sundries.

Field day in the Sporting Goods and Bicycle Sundries to-morrow, there's everything that can possible suggest itself to the sportsman or cyclist. Look over this little list and you'll cease to wonder why such crowds gather here every Saturday.

Sporting Goods	Regular Value	Our Price.
300 Hard Rubber Balls	6c	4c
350 Boys Baseball Bats	6c	4c
330 Boys' Base Balls	7c	5c
300 Boys' Elastic Belts	12c	8c
120 Complete Croquet Sets	85c	65c
110 Boys Sheet Iron Barrows	$1.00	75c
300 Boys Sporting Caps	15c	9c
250 Boys' Base Ball Mitts	25c	14c
200 Boys' Base Ball Masks	45c	30c
120 Boys' Sweaters	35c	22c
200 Pairs Boys' Running Shoes	55c	38c
300 Bamboo Fishing Rods	12c	7c

BICYCLE SUNDRIES	Regular Value	Our price
1200 Rubber frame Guards	20c	16c
150 good Cyclometers	$1.00	75c
300 Lamp Brackets	25c	15c
600 pkgs. Graphite	10c	5c
3-0 cans Eclipse Lamp Oil	15c	9c
150 vases Lantern Oil	25c	14c
Cork Grips, Assorted Tip	12c	8c ea
Strong Hand Pumps	25c	15c
Strong Foot Pumps	55c	45c
Leather Toe Clips	50c	36c
Basket Wire Toe Clips	25c	15c
Small Nickel Bells	40c	25c
Can'n Brushes	18c	11c

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

Men's Summer Coats

For warm days they're the lightest and coolest thing imaginable and the cost is only a trifle.



Men's Light Lustrine Office Coats in mixed Grey colors, well made, in all sizes, special . . . **$1.00**

Men's Black and Grey Lustre Office Coats, made to fit in best style, special . . . **$1.30**

Men's Black and Grey Lustre Coats, extra quality and best finish . . . **$2.30**

Men's Grey Silk Coat and Vest, splendid make and light, cool and comfortable, special price . . . **$3.95**

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

Boys' Summer Clothing

The connection between stylishness and expensive once so close is being wholly extinguished by The Carsley method of business.



Boys' Shirt Waists, special value . . . **35c**

Boys' Navy Blue Blouses, special price . . . **40c**

Boys' Fancy Blouses, well made, special . . . **62c**

Boys' Linen Blouses, the latest . . . **82c**

Boys' Fancy Linen Blouses, new and stylish . . . **$1.15**

Boys' Grass Cloth Blouses . . . **$1.40**

Boys' White Crash Coats, well made, extra finish . . . **$1.00**

Boys' Striped Blazer Coats, very stylish, special price . . . **$2.35**

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED

Men's Business Suits.

All worthy kinds that are New and Stylish without conspicuous extremes; well and carefully made and lined without extravagance in materials; handsome, attractive, right, without expensiveness.



Men's Grey Heather Tweed Suits. Special . . . **$3.50**

Men's Navy Serge Suits, latest cut . . . **$4.55**

Men's Fancy Tweed Suits, well finished . . . **$8.00**

Men's Scotch Effect Tweed Suits . . . **$9.00**

Men's Worsted Tweed Suits, latest cut . . . **$10.50**

Men's Black Venetian Cloth Suits, splendid value. Special price . . . **$12.00**

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

Stylish Shirt Waists.

To see the vast crowds that filled our Shirt Waist Section yesterday, you'd be convinced of the Carsley leadership in these dainty garments.



Ladies' Muslin Shirt Waists in Green, Blue and Pink effect, pointed yoke back, full front, detachable collar and cuffs, special price . . . **75c**

The irresistible Plaid Muslin Shirt Waist in Blue and Yellow, Green and Mauve effects, beautifully made, pointed yoke back, full front, detachable white collar and cuffs, special price . . . **$1.15**

Stylish Shirt Waist from . . . **35c**

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

Ladies' Glove Specials

Saturday in the Glove Store is always a busy day and here are some of the special values that help to make it a busy day.

50 DOZEN LISLE THREAD Gloves in light, medium and dark tan, with Brown points, and Black with white points . . . **12c**

50 DOZEN LADIES' SILK Gloves, all shades of Tan; also Black with white points and white with black points . . . **25c**

LADIES' CYCLING GLOVES in strong Lisle Thread, Black and Suede Cloth Palms; a model Cycling Glove . . . **45c**

Summer Hats and Caps

Thousands of men and boys have learned the significance of our Saturday's prices in the Hat store.



Men's and Boys' black and white Straw Hats . . . **15c**

Men's white Straw Hats, high crown and black band, special . . . **25c**

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' white Duck Yachting Caps, latest style, well made, special price . . . **25c**

MEN'S CRASH Linen washing Caps, light and cool, special . . . **29c**

MEN'S FEATHER WEIGHT HELMETS, well ventilated, splendid value at $1.50, The Big Store's price . . . **87c**

Fishing Rods and Tackle

The display of Fishing Tackle makes a man think of deep cool pools with the slippery trout flashing, tempting you to try your luck.



Bamboo Fishing Rods, 16 feet long . . . **7c**

Three piece wood Rods, special value . . . **12c**

Two piece brass-mounted Bamboo Rods . . . **21c**

Three-piece Bamboo Rods, special price . . . **46c**

Hundreds of Reels from 13c to $2.55

Feathered Hooks . . . 5c each

Heavy Braided Lines, 84 feet long, special price . . . 8c each

Ladies' Cycling Boots

Every day sees several of these desirable boots go out. Ladies are not slow to recognize the excellence of our Boot Values.



Ladies' Stylish High Lacing Bicycle Boots, soft and flexible kid tops, pointed toes. Special Value, . . . **$2.50**

Ladies' Chocolate Brown Leather High Lacing Bicycle Boots, made on Goodyear last, pointed toes and best finish. Special Price, . . . **$3.15**

Ladies' Outing Skirts

The pick of the best styles, beautiful light, cool and comfortable Skirts, direct from America's famous fashion designers.



Ladies' Crash Outing Skirts, good width, well made, wide hem. Special price . . . **65c**

Ladies' White English Duck Outing Skirts, specially wide and well made . . . **$1.20**

Ladies' Pure Linen Crash Skirts, full width, wide hem and well made . . . **$1.95**

Ladies' White Pique Skirts, 4 1-4 yards wide, prettily embroidered and beautifully made. Special price . . . **$2.25**

THE S. CARSLEY Co LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street. 184 to 194 St. James Street, Montreal.

SATURDAY'S STORE NEWS.

If Black Dress Goods form any part of your Dress Goods thoughts it will be economy for you to make a thorough investigation of our special offerings. Your Dress is here if you'll only come and select it. Just two items to show you the direction of the trade wind.

Exquisite Black Dress Goods, always sold for 90c; now offering 39c yard.

Another excellent range of Black Mohair and Silk and Wool Mixtures. $1.25 Goods for 50c yard.

Men's Shirts and Drawers, in Double Thread Balbriggan, all sizes, from 34 to 44, at 50c per suit.

Men's Cotton Socks, fast black, seamless, with double heels, toes and soles. Special value 19c per pair.

FABRIC GLOVES—We show you the handsomest line of Fabric Gloves it is possible to produce in Lisle, Taffeta and Silk. All Shades for Ladies or Children.

A nice line of Ladies' Silk Gloves, in Tans, Fawns, Brown, Greys, Tipped Fingers, 50c pair.

LADIES' SUMMER COSTUMES.

White Duck Suits, Blazer and Reefer Jackets, extra full skirt.
White Pique Suits, Blazer and Reefer Jackets, full size skirt.
Fancy Pique Suits, Colored and White, with Blazer and Reefer Jacket.
Linen Suits, Fancy and Plain, with Blazer and Reefer Jackets.

PARASOLS—Lovely Assortment of Parasols in Plain, Shot and Fancy Silks, with and without Frills. The Latest Novelties in Parasol wear for 1898 are represented here.

Children's Sailor Suits and Dresses in Galatea Serge and White Duck.

All the leading Styles as seen at the principal seaside resorts of England. All specially imported for our trade.

BLOUSES.—Dainty Blouse Wear, from 75c up, full selection.

MILLINERY.—Trimmed Millinery at less than half price.
Untrimmed Straws, worth $1.00, $2.00, $2.50, for 25c each.

VEILINGS—Special line of Veilings, Black, Black and White, Black and Colored and White, all novelties, worth from 35c to 60c, now 25c yard.

LADIES' COLLARS and CUFFS, all the newest styles, all sizes in stock.
Fashionable Black Gauze Ribbon, 20c and 30c a yard.
Lovely assortment of Sash Ribbon.

Weldon's Patterns in Stock.
Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,
St. Catherine and Mountain Sts.

TRUNKS.



OUR SPECIAL
FOUR DOLLAR TRUNK.

Canvas covered, large square box, hard wood slats, iron trimmings, heavy sheet iron bottom, deep tray and hat box; extra well made and finished—the best value ever offered in Montreal.

Better lines for very little more money.

BAGS.



Genuine Leather Bag, good strong lock, English leather handle, well lined, brassed trimmed, well made and finished, our prices $3.00, $3.25, $3.50 and up.

GRIPS.



All sizes, prices and shapes; the greatest value in the city in club bags.

Call and see our assortment of Trunks, Bags, Straps, etc.

GALES BROS.
137 St. Antoine Street, West of Windsor St.
Telephone 2980. 135 1y1



SHOES
That Are Reliable.

Men's Tan or Black Calf Boots. Our special lines at $2.50 per pair.

It is a wonderful shoe for the money. It will pay you to buy your footwear from

FRED E. HODGSON,
SHOEIST,
795 and 797 Craig Street.
135 1y1

GONE TO A MAD HOUSE.

A Russian Prince Who Ran the Gamut of Society.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The World this morning says:

Prince Alexandrovitch Galitzin, descended from Royal ancestry, was taken from Bellevue Hospital yesterday, and lodged in a padded cell at Bloomingdale asylum. After running the entire social gamut from the most exclusive houses to the coterie of Bohemia, he passed into the land of lost minds. He went broke several years ago. Now he has gone mad, and is suffering from acute mania. The cause is abject poverty and want.

Early in the summer of 1890 a small black haired, dark eyed, young man arrived from Europe, and registered at the Fifth Avenue Hotel as "Prince Alexanrovitch, Calitzin, St. Petersburg." He was perfectly dressed, and spoke English readily. He had money, and made friends easily. A visit to Washington resulted in his appointment to a semi-official position at the Russian Embassage. He was presented to President Harrison, and attended the levees given during the winter at the White House. He was even more popular at the Capitol than at New York, and for two years lived quietly on an allowance received from a sister in Moscow. During his occasional visits to the metropolis he was persona grata with Consul-General Olrovsky, who entertained him several times at his house. In the summer of 1894 an uncle of this young man, named Prince Gregory Calitzin, arrived in this country. He was a lieutenant-general in the Russian army, a man of fifty, and possessed of large wealth. He travelled like an Indian rajah. He acknowledged the relationship with his nephew, but did not attach him to his semi-royal court. After that the pathway of the young Prince became smoother at first, but he finally lost his money and friends.

MR. McCARTHY'S FUNERAL.

(Special to the Star.)

KINGSTON, Ont., June 10.—The body of Thomas McCarthy, late deputy warden of St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, arrived here on Wednesday afternoon, from Montreal. At the G.T.R. station to remove the remains were instructor Matthewson of the Kingston Penitentiary, Keepers Mooney, Evans, J. Kennedy, Mills, Brennan; Guards R. Corby and L. Walsh, and Messenger M. J. Kennedy, all of whom served under deceased when he was chief keeper in the local institution. The body was interred in St. Mary's cemetery.



CORSET WITHOUT WHALEBONE

Invented by a celebrated physician, relieving woman of her most dangerous enemy.
This corset keeps in place without fatigue, does not ruin one's health, permits free action of digestive and respiratory organs.
Gives perfect elegance of form.
Ask for pamphlet describing Nature Corset. For sale by the

S. CARSLEY Co., Ltd., only.
122 1

Kilfyre
SIMPLY BOILS IT OUT
184 4aw'nly6

Among the arrivals expected in town tomorrow by the Parisian is Mr. Angus Hooper, of Messrs. William Dow & Co., who is returning from a short visit to England, part of which was spent with his sister, Mrs. William Gilman, at Southsea.

Another party of prominent American sportsmen were in town yesterday en route to their fishing grounds at the Restigouche. The party consists of Mr. W. B. Strong, Mr. George DeWitt, Mr. R. M. Young, Mr. Chester Griswold and Mr. H. V. Hollins.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Simpson, of Moncton, N.B., are in Montreal, on their honeymoon. The marriage took place at Sackville, N.B., on Wednesday. Mrs. Simpson, whose maiden name was Miss Grace Campbell, is a well-known writer, her contributions to a St. John publication under the pen name of "Astra" being a feature.

THE EAST END DOCK.

An Interesting Discussion Upon the Harbor Improvements In the Senate.

AN AMENDMENT DEFEATED.

Senator Drummond Fails to Have the Dry Dock Clause Stricken Out.

FRANCHISE BILL BLOCKADE.

Sir MacKenzie Bowell Declares that Parliament Must do Its Business Before Prorogation.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, June 10. In the Senate on Thursday on the motion for the second reading of the bill concerning the Harbor Commissioners of Montreal the Secretary of State explained the provisions of the bill.

Sen. Ogilvie said that the Minister of Public Works, who was the author of this bill, had tacked on to the bill a provision for the expenditure of $750,000 upon a dry dock. All the city of Montreal wanted was a Government guarantee of the bonds of the Harbor Commissioners in order that they might be able to borrow the money required for the improvement of the harbor at a low rate of interest. It was a monstrous thing for the Government to insert a clause in the bill virtually saying that the Harbor Commissioners should spend $750,000 upon a work which had not been asked for and which was not required. This was practically an assessment levied upon the city of Montreal for the privilege of securing the guarantee of the Government on the bonds of the Harbor Commissioners for a loan of $2,000,000. He thought it would be much better for the Harbor Commissioners to do without the money altogether than submit to a provision of this kind.

SENATOR DRUMMOND'S VIEWS.

Sen. Drummond said that in the past the city of Montreal had paid for its own harbor improvements, while almost every other port in the Dominion was having public money expended upon it. Montreal could not fairly be considered a local port, for it was the entrepot of Canada, and anything which would impose a heavier tax upon the shipping coming to that port would injuriously affect the trade of the entire country. By placing this clause in the bill providing that $750,000 of this amount of $2,000,000 should be spent for a dry dock in the east end, the Government had sought to raise a sectional feeling between the east and the west. It was a red herring drawn across the track.

This was not a question of east and west. It was simply a question of the right of the Government to impose a condition upon the expenditure of money borrowed by the Harbor Commissioners, and for which they were responsible. It had been claimed that more money had been spent upon the west end of the harbor than upon the east end, and that this provision was necessary to secure fair play to the east end. This was entirely wrong, for during the past twenty five years there had been spent upon the new wharves in the east end $1,000,000, while in the west end only $504,000 had been expended. That showed how little truth there was in the claim that the east end was being ignored. It was not a question of east or west end, but simply a question of the Government imposing as a condition the construction of these dry docks in guaranteeing a loan at no cost to the country. If the Government had proposed to carry out these works themselves there could be no objection, but it was too much that they should generously propose to build the docks at the expense of the city of Montreal. If there was any interest which would benefit from the construction of these dry docks, it was the shipping interest, and yet that interest was utterly opposed to having this provision tacked on to the end of this bill, simply because it would entail a large expenditure, which was not required, and which would increase the tolls in order to pay interest upon. He then went on to point out that even now it cost almost as much to ship goods direct to Montreal as to ship them by way of one of the seaport cities in the United States. This was owing to the long voyage up the St. Lawrence and the consequent heavy rates of marine insurance. Anything which would increase the charge to the shipping entering or leaving Montreal would, of course, work in favor of the Atlantic seaport towns in the matter of securing trade. The object of Parliament ought to be to make Montreal the national port of Canada, a free port, or as near so as possible. He would oppose the bill to his utmost, as he believed it was not in the interest of the city of Montreal and calculated to impair the value of the debentures of the Harbor Commissioners now outstanding.

Senator Clemow did not see why the Harbor Commissioners should be saddled with a provision compelling them to do a work which was not essential. It was most unfair to impose a condition of this kind.

FRIENDS OF THE EAST END.

Senator Bellerose said that in the past the west end of the harbor was large enough to accommodate all the trade of the port. Now it was necessary to extend the harbor. In the past all the money had been spent on the west end and now the shipping and other interests which had their interests in the west end were opposed to any money being spent in the east end.

Senator Ogilvie—That is not so.

Senator Bellerose—It is so, and that is the reason why the Government placed the express provision in this bill that the dry dock should be built in the east end of the harbor.

Senator Forget denied that the shipping and other interests of Montreal had not asked for the construction of dry docks. He read a petition presented to the Government in 1894 from the representatives of the shipping and other interests asking for the construction of dry docks at Montreal.

Senator Ogilvie—Yes, by the Government. Every one was in favor of that.

Continuing, Senator Forget pointed out that the bill did not say that thus $750,000 should be spent on dry dock alone. It simply said that this amount out of the entire loan should be spent in the east end. He contended that the extension of the harbor east would increase trade sufficiently to pay the interest on the $750,000.

THE AMENDMENT MOVED.

The bill was read a second time and the Senate went into committee on the bill. When the fourth clause came up containing the provision that $750,000 should be spent on wharves and necessary work, including a dry dock, in the East End, Senator Drummond moved that the clause be struck from the bill.

Hon. David Mills said if the amendment carried, it would have the effect of defeating the bill. He had been informed that the reason why the shipping interests were opposed to this provision was because they feared the extension of the harbor would increase the competition and steal what was now a monopoly in the hands of a few.

Senator Drummond read a letter from the leading shippers of Montreal, protesting against the scheme proposed in the bill for the improvement of the harbor. Even at the risk of having the bill laid over for a year, he would press his amendment that the clause be stricken out of the bill.

GOVERNMENT SHOULD BUILD.

Senator Ferguson saw no reason in a case of this kind why the dry dock in question should not be constructed by the Government. Montreal was the national port of the Dominion, and the country was not disposed to act niggardly in such a case.

Senator Owens said it was a mistake for the House to think that the people of Montreal were opposed to the construction of dry docks, or thought them unnecessary. The contention was that the Government should do the work and that the Harbor Commissioners should not be compelled to reserve the amount out of moneys for harbor improvements. The East End was undoubtedly the place for these docks. If the amendment would have the effect of throwing the bill over for another year, he would not vote for it, as Montreal had already been put off too often on the question of harbor improvements.

THE AMENDMENT LOST.

The amendment was declared lost on a vote of fourteen to twenty-three. The bill was reported from committee without amendment and read a third time.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

On the third reading of the bill to amend the Weights and Measures Act, an amendment was added, on motion of Sir Mackenzie Bowell, to the effect that no weighing machine used in testing grain shall be of less capacity than one Winchester bushel. The bill as amended was read a third time.

THE PLEBISCITE BILL.

When the Plebiscite Bill came up for a third reading Sir Mackenzie Bowell asked that the bill be allowed to stand until the Commons dealt with the Franchise Bill. The passage of the Plebiscite Bill in its present shape would depend upon the action of the Lower House on the Franchise Bill. If the Commons refused to allow the Franchise Bill to become law, it would be the duty of the Senate to provide for the vote being taken on provincial lists. The third reading stood over.

Bills to incorporate the Dawson City Electric Co., and the Dawson City Electric Lighting and Tramway Co., were read a third time.

A number of bills of minor importance were passed. The bill concerning judges' salaries was agreed to after another debate.

FRANCHISE BILL BLOCKADE.

The refusal of the Commons to concur in the Senate amendments to the Franchise bill along with their reasons therefor, was read by the Speaker.

Hon. David Mills proposed that the resolution be taken into consideration "to-morrow" (Friday).

Sir Mackenzie Bowell—"To-morrow night. I want time to consider the reasons given."

Hon. David Mills—"I had hoped that the Senate would have concluded its business to-morrow night."

Sir Mackenzie Bowell could assure the Minister of Justice that there was little hope of the Senate being able to conclude its business "to-morrow." Until the Senate decided what course it proposed to follow in the event of the Commons refusing to pass the Franchise Bill the business of the Senate would not be concluded. It was a matter for consideration how the Senate could amend the Plebiscite Bill so that the dropping of the Franchise Bill would not deprive the Government of being able to take a vote on the important question of prohibition.

There will be a sitting of the Senate on Saturday morning.

Hamilton Lodge, the charming summer residence of Mr James Johnston, at Como, Que., is prepared for the reception of the younger members of his family, who will shortly take their departure from town, where they will be joined by Mr. and Mrs. Johnston as soon as his state of health permits him to travel.

OPEN TILL 9.30 SATURDAY NIGHT.

HAMILTON'S

Special Attractive and Profitable Items of Store News for Saturday Shoppers.



Ladies' Gloves.

50 dozen Pure Cotton Silk Gloves in black and all the new shades, special at . . . **23c**

Ladies' 4 button Kid Gloves, Embroidered with Black and white Welts, in Greens, New Blues, Tans and Modes, special at . . . **65c**

Ladies' 23 inch Gloria Silk Covered Umbrellas, Paragon Frames, Steel Rods, Hand Painted Dresden Handles, special at . . . **95c**



Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' Fancy Maco Hose, Black Ankles, Pink, Blue, Orange and White Tops. Special at . . . **19c**

Men's and Boys' 2 thread cream and natural Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, special per suit . . . **39c**

Ladies' White Pique Puff Ties, very new and stylish, special at . . . **19c**

The New Astrican Goffered Silks and Chiffons, in all the shades, 90c, special at . . . **55c**



Ladies' Belts

Ladies' polished Calf Solid Leather Belts, in black and colors, special at . . . **12½c**

Boys' all Wool Honey Comb Baseball Sweaters, ribbed, pretty shades, special at . . . **49c**



Ladies' Shirt Waists.

To-morrow we offer a big line of American Shirt Waists, made of pretty Percales, detachable collar, yoke back, full front, an elegant range of colors, worth 75c, special at . . . **45c**



500 Ladies' Straw Sailors, trimmed Roman Stripe Ribbon, an actual $1.25, for Saturday only . . . **39c**

200 Ladies' two toned Straw Sailors, in black and colors, trimmed wide velvet band, Saturday only . . . **69c**

Your choice of 10 boxes of French Flowers, odd lines, values from 25c to 75c amongst them, Saturday all at . . . **10c**

Special sale of Sheet Music to-morrow from 3 to 5, our musician will play over any piece you select.

HAMILTON'S, ST. CATHERINE AND PEEL STS. AND DOMINION SQ. 135 1

Cooked Meats

CHOICE QUALITY. LOW PRICES. TRY THEM.

BOILED HAM,
ENGLISH BRAWN,
JELLIED TONGUES,
BOILED BEEF HAM.

These meats make an excellent addition to the table, being specially prepared, and are suitable for either Luncheon, Tea, or for making sandwiches for Picnics, saving the annoyance of having the house heated up cooking meats this warm weather.

THE LAING Packing and Provision CO., Limited.
7--RETAIL STORES--7
135 1y1

CONDUCTOR ROBITAILLE DEAD.

The End Came Suddenly While He Was on Duty.

About two o'clock yesterday afternoon, as the train from Quebec for Montreal was two miles this side of Portneuf, the conductor, Mr. S. Robitaille, a cousin of the well-known member of Parliament for Quebec Centre, was remarked to be absent from his usual rounds through the cars, collecting tickets. A train hand at length made investigation, and on proceeding to the car found the engine found Mr. Robitaille lying on his face near the car door, with blood issuing from his nose. He at once gave the alarm, and a doctor, who happened to be on board, promptly making examination, pronounced life to the extinct, the cause evidently being heart failure. The train was stopped, and the body conveyed back to Portneuf, where it was subsequently taken by last evening's train to Quebec, the home of the deceased. Mr. Robitaille was one of the oldest and best known conductors between Montreal and Quebec, having served on the route for the past twenty years. Highly connected, he was still more highly respected for his urbanity of manner and sterling worth, all of which retained him a favorite with the public. A circumstance worthy of note may be mentioned, namely, that he was one of the principal witnesses in the famous Hooper case, when the latter was on trial for the alleged murder of his wife, in which connection he will doubtless be remembered. The funeral will take place at Quebec on Sunday afternoon next, when it is stated a special train will be run for the benefit of such of the Montreal friends of the deceased as may wish to attend.

FIRE UNDERWRITERS.

The Quarterly Meeting Concluded Yesterday Afternoon.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association was concluded at the offices of the association in the Board of Trade Building in this city yesterday afternoon. A variety of matters pertaining to fire insurance were discussed, but no changes in risks were made. A protest was entered against foreign companies being permitted to do business in Canada without even being obliged to establish an office here, and a special committee will put the grievances of the Association in this regard into shape for presentation to the Government if such action be finally decided on. The danger of electric wires as starters of fires was also discussed at some length. The annual meeting of the Association takes place in September.

CATHOLIC SAILOR'S CLUB.

The Concert in the club room last evening, was packed to the door, by citizens and seamen, who enjoyed themselves immensely. The programme was in every respect a first class one, the various items were lo

VERSANDT BIER

Von
GABRIEL SEDLMAYR
Brauerei Zum
Spaten
MUNCHEN.

In der Brauerei auf Flaschen abgezogen.
We have a few dozen quart bottles of the above renowned MUNICH BEER to offer
FRASER, VIGER & CO.

CHOICE JERSEY AND GUERNSEY BUTTER
IN TINS.

CHOICEST CREAMERY AND DAIRY BUTTER
In Large and Small Tubs.

We offer the "Hillhurst Farm" Dairy Butter in 5-lb. tins.
The "Isaleigh Grange Farm" Dairy Butter in 5-lb. tins.
And the choicest Creamery Butter in 20, 25, 30, 50 and 70-lb. tubs, from Mr. R. H. Pope's "East View" Dairy Farm, Cookshire, P.Q.

OUR "PRIVATE STOCK" SCOTCH WHISKY
IS SOLD AT
$1.25 per bottle. $13.00 per dozen bottles. $6 per Imperial gallon.
And is delivered free in 5 gallon lots, or in one dozen cases, at any railroad or steamboat station in the 5 Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.
Remit by post office or express money order, bank draft or cash.

1879 and 1882 HIGHLAND WHISKY.

We have just received, ex Allan Line SS. Sarmatian, from our friends, Messrs. Alexr. Cowan & Co., of Inverness, Scotland, proprietors of the "Ballblair Distillery, Edderton, Ross-Shire, N.B. (the oldest Highland Distillery in Scotland), established in 1790, a very small parcel of Curious Old Liqueur—Highland Malt Self or Entire Whiskies, distilled in the years 1879 and 1882, 19 years and 16 years old respectively.
The parcel comprises only a few dozen of each, and we offer

THE FAMOUS OLD BALBLAIR "1879" SPECIAL LIQUEUR WHISKY
At $25.00 per case of one dozen bottles.
And the very superior

"RARE OLD" BALBLAIR 1882 WHISKY

At $20 per case of one dozen bottles. We believe these to be the "Oldest and Finest" Highland Malt Whiskies ever imported and offered for sale in Canada. They are Straight Whiskies, or what is called in the trade, Self or Entire Whiskies, being the product of one single distillery, and the age of the Whiskies is guaranteed.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., Importers.
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, - - 207, 209 and 211 St. James Street.
135z1

This is Not "Dewey" Weather, Therefore Canvas Shoes are in Order.

White or Grey Canvas Oxford, very nobby $2.00
White or Grey Canvas Lace Boots, something nice 2.50
Men's Tan Shoes in great variety.

Our $4.00 Tan Lace Boot, which we reduced to $3.00, is worn by more young men than any other shoe in the city. Remember, we guarantee every pair.

LADIES

We have just received from the States the prettiest Lace Boots and Oxford Shoes you ever saw. We ask you to look in our window and see for yourself.

Beautiful Cloth Top French Kid Laced Boots $3.00
And Oxford Shoes that will astonish you, from . . . . . $1.50 to $2.50
Children's American Shoes that you have been paying $2.50 for, we are selling at $1.75.

Seeing is Believing. Come and See.

CLUB SHOE CO.,

2417 St. Catherine St., Cor. Stanley. 135z1

VISITORS
....TO....
MONTREAL
Will find our stock of
Silver Souvenirs of Montreal
most complete. Will be pleased to show our goods.
R. A. DICKSON & CO.,
2261 St. Catherine Street.
135z1

TOWN OF WESTMOUNT,
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
CANADA.

Tenders for Bonds

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for Bonds," will be received at the office of the Corporation of Westmount up to Monday, June 20th, 1898, for the whole or any portion of $200,000, being part of an issue of $350,000, three and one-half per cent. 40-year bonds, authorized by by-law No. 86 of said town.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WILLIAM MINTO,
135 3 3aw Secretary-Treasurer.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for North River St. Ann's Pile Wharf," will be received at this office until Tuesday, June 28th, for the construction of a pile wharf on North River, St. Ann's, Victoria County, Nova Scotia, according to a plan and specification to be seen at the office of E. G. Millidge, Esq., Resident Engineer, Antigonish, N.S., on application to the postmaster at St. Ann's, Victoria Co., N.S., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, for two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
E. F. E. ROY,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th June, 1898.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. 135 15

THREAD COMBINATION.

An Immense Concern Which Will Rule the Trade.

It is announced that on July 1 one of the greatest industrial combinations in the world will be completed. On that date the transfer of the stock of the Willimantic Linen Company to the English Sewing Cotton Company will be made and thus complete the consolidation of the cotton thread manufacturing trade in Great Britain and the United States. The trade is nominally controlled by three companies, the J. & P. Coates Company, the English Sewing Cotton Company and the American Thread Company, but to all intents and purposes they are practically one. The American company was organized with the financial support of the English Sewing Cotton Company, which owns 60 per cent. of the stock of its American cousin. The Coates company holds fully as close relations to the English Sewing Cotton Company, and through it to the American Thread Company. It owns $1,000,000 worth of stock in the English company, and has an active voice in its management. The aggregate capitalization of these three companies is about $75,000,000, and they practically control the cotton thread trade of the world. There are several large thread manufacturers in Germany and Belgium, but should they prove troublesome they will undoubtedly be bought in.

MRS. WILSON INJURED.

Lady Struck on the Head with a Baseball, at Point St. Charles.

Mrs. Robert Wilson, mother of Dr. R. Wilson, 596 Wellington street, was struck on the side of the head with a baseball, while passing some boys at play on Magdalen street, about eight o'clock last night. Her condition this morning was reported as being favorable. The practice of playing baseball on the streets of the Point is becoming dangerous to pedestrians and vigorous protests are being made by the residents. It is a miracle that Mrs. Wilson was not killed on the spot.

SUBSTITUTION

the FRAUD of the day.

See you get Carter's,
Ask for Carter's,
Insist and demand
CARTER'S Little Liver Pills
The only perfect
Liver Pill.
Take no other,
Even if
Solicited to do so.
Beware of Imitations
of Same Color Wrapper,
RED

THE MODERN MIDAS.

Hooley, the Bankrupt Bonanza King, Promises Startling Revelations

ABOUT LONDON'S CORRUPTION

Once Everything He Touched Seemed to Turn to Gold at Once.

NOW HE IS BANKRUPT.

He Made $10,000,000 in Three Days and Revolutionized the Mode of Company "Promoting."

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, June 10.—The hearing of the legal actions against E. T. Hooley have been postponed. The claims against Hooley include one for £53,000, as commission in connection with a Spanish loan, which he sought to float upon security of Spanish quicksilver mines.

WILL MAKE DISCLOSURES.

Mr. Hooley, in an interview, promises to make startling revelations regarding the extent to which blackmailing is prevalent in the city portion of London, and adds that his estate will probably show a surplus of £500,000. Continuing, Mr. Hooley remarked: "Everybody will be paid in full. I have not worked alone, I have always been in a syndicate, and have had all sorts of people with me, from the highest in the land to the lowest. I have been making the business, and they the profit. I intend to show up the methods of some of the financial journals, so that they will never dare to hold up their heads again.

"It is not gambling or drinking which has bankrupted me, but attacks without rhyme or reason, by financial papers, which brought my creditors on me in a bunch. They ridiculed my companies, and discredited everything I was concerned in. Yet I have promoted companies, which I did not make a penny from, because the newspapers took all the profit. I paid one £40,000, while a single article in another paper cost me £10,000."

A FORTUNE BY MIRACLE.

The failure of this Monte Cristo of finances involves no less than $85,000,000. This vast fortune, built up almost as if by magic, represents the capitals of the concerns promoted by Hooley. The shares have, of course, depreciated at an alarming rate since it became generally known that the promoter was in financial straits.

The kaleidoscopic shifts of wealth that followed in the wake of Hooley's flotation of enterprises gave London a shaking up such as she had never felt before. Clerks and messengers, who followed his lead suddenly found themselves rolling in wealth instead of eking out a mere existence, at thirty shillings a week. Possessors of great fortunes who scoffed at the promoter's skepticism who scoffed at the promoter's skyrocket schemes woke up to find themselves pauperized by them. Purse-proud merchants were forced to bend their investments to suit Hooley or taste the unwonted bitterness of poverty. In a single stroke the bonanza king cleared up ten millions. The total time he consumed in this enterprise was three days. His net earnings represented vast losses by well-known financiers who could not stand the tide of cunning he turned on them.

STILL A YOUNG MAN.

Mr. Hooley's remarkable financial career has not been a very long one. He is only thirty-nine years old, and the early part of his business life was like that of any ordinarily prosperous stock broker.

It is only within a comparatively few years that he has astonished the people of two hemispheres by his schemes of financial daring and extraordinary success. If his career has not been long, however, it has been full of a sufficient number of striking enterprises to make "Hooley the promoter" known all over the world.

A MODERN MIDAS.

Mr. Hooley's success was remarkable enough in itself, but rumor added to it and made it astounding. For instance, he was credited with clearing $50,000,000 within one year. It was enough for the public, however, that all he touched turned to gold in the stock markets. Some of his companies had their nominal capital subscribed ten times over.

His movements were chronicled like those of royalty. He established pensions for the aged, gave gold plate to churches and cathedrals, and bought yachts, race horses and historic country seats. His ambition was world-wide. He imitated the Rothschilds and would have floated loans.

A cheery, genial, matter of fact man, he transacted business in cabs and restaurants, and out of the way places. Loving the glare of publicity, he has wooed a constituency for a seat in the House of Commons. His fancy is for sheep breeding, and he loves the life of a farmer. His shooting estates are immense; the real estate he holds is enormous. He has stood well in the London clubs, has been received in high society, and has been very popular with the public. There should be many to still follow his star and help him to regain his lost position.

** ** **

HOOLEY'S OWN STORY.

The following sketch of Mr. Ernest Terah Hooley was printed in a London newspaper in 1896, the time when he had attained the greatest prominence as a financier.

"I am a countryman," he declared. "I hate town life, and I hate town sharks with their tricks and wiles. I stay in London as little as I can, and get out of it as soon as I am able, and but for the fact that I have to be on the spot to manage my affairs you would very seldom see me here. I am, I suppose, the largest sheep farmer in England, and I know every one of my 300 horses by sight."

Mr. Hooley was asked how he became a millionaire, and replied:

"I cannot say that I was ever what you would call a poor man. Some people, I know, have an idea that I was one month in a back street and the next in a palace. This is altogether wrong. I came from a family of Nottingham lace manufacturers, and when I was twenty-two my mother left me £35,000. Since then I have lived at the rate of not less than £3000 a year, which could be hardly called poverty.

STARTED AS A STOCK BROKER.

"I started business as a stock broker in Nottingham, and for some time made twenty thousand a year. As stock broker I got into touch with a large connection of very rich people. I secured their confidence, and they have been the great factors in the success of the big schemes I have since carried through. When I issue a company I do not rely altogether on the outside public; my own circle controls between fifteen and twenty millions, and its support insures a thing going. It is a fact of which I make no secret that these friends get a share of my profits.

"While in Nottingham I had to do with the initial steps of starting some companies, and I saw that the promoters made great profits. I asked myself why I should not do this work. Then a friend brought to my notice Humber shares, which at that time were despised at 5 1-2. I looked into them, was satisfied that they had a future, and bought largely till the shares went up to 24 1-2. Then I reconstructed the company, making £365,000 out of the deal. Other cycling schemes followed, the biggest being the Dunlop tire deal. I bought Dunlops outright for three millions, sold them to the present company for five, and now they are worth seven.

"In the first place, I have no secrets; if I had I should want a staff of 200 clerks to keep my books. I have never been able yet to keep a secret, and never will. I say that the promoter is as much entitled to his profits and is money is as honestly earned as that of any other man. When a farmer buys a cow of me, cuts it up, and resells it at a higher rate than he bought, he is entitled to make what he can; so am I when I buy and sell a company. I buy, say for two millions, and sell it for two and a half, and tell the public straight out that I am going to make something for myself out of the deal. I make it an absolute rule only to take up one concern at a time, and never to leave it till it is really on its legs. I am able to point back to all the things I have been associated with and say that there is not one of them but today is in a healthy state.

HIS BUSINESS PRINCIPLES.

"The principles upon which I have acted have been two. First, I always mind my own business, and look after it well. Then I never touch anything that is out of my own line. If a man comes to me and says 'Here is a good tip, act on it,' I do not listen to him. I confine myself to those things which I know, and act on my personal knowledge alone. For instance, I never speculated a single pound in mines, for I know nothing of them."

Mr. Hooley is quoted as being desirous of being returned to Parliament and of asserting his alliance with the Conservative Party. "My sympathies are with the working classes and the poor. I want to help them, and I will, too," he is reported as saying in a recent interview. On one occasion Mr. Hooley told of his scheme for helping the indigent in his native district.

"Last year I was successful in business," he said, "and so I said to myself, 'Now, what are you going to do to commemorate the Queen's Diamond Jubilee and at the same time put your money to the best use you can?' So I set aside £400,000, the interest of which will henceforth be distributed by organized committees throughout the districts included in the scheme. It is now in full swing. There are eighteen committees established for the purpose of administering it. The committees investigate each case and they give according to the needs of the individual case."



ERNEST TERAH HOOLEY.

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Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
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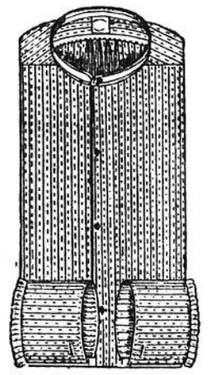
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Personals.

Mr. W. J. Maguire, Quebec, is at the Carslake.

Mr. H. J. Beemer, Quebec, is at the Windsor.

Mr. W. A. Walker, New York, is at the Windsor.

Mr. A. R. Wright, New York, is at the Carslake.

Mrs. Miles has left town on a short visit to Vaudreuil.

Mr. D'Arcy Scott and bride, Ottawa, are at the Windsor.

Mrs. M. Moss has left town to spend two or three weeks at Ste. Agathe des Monts.

Mr. Robert Parker and Mrs. Parker, who are among the Torontonians who have recently arrived in town, are at the Windsor.

Dr. Webster, of Montreal, is recuperating at his home in Shediac, N.B., and is beginning to feel a little like himself again, after his serious illness.

The Rev. Principal Forest, of Dalhousie College, who is among the recent arrivals in town, is staying at the Windsor.

Miss Annie O'Brien, daughter of the Hon. Senator O'Brien, has returned from Toronto where she has spent a delightful visit of several weeks.

Mrs. C. Robertson and family are among those who have already established themselves comfortably at St. Rose, Que., for the next three months.

Mr. H. J. Fisk is among the arrivals from England by the Parisian. Mrs. Fisk who has been wintering in the Isle of Wight will prolong her visit for some time.

Mrs. Scargeant Prentiss Stearns and Mrs. Stearns, accompanied by their youngest daughter, Miss Margaret Stearns, have left town on a short visit to Boston.

Mr. W. E. Cheese and family, who are among the recent departures from town, have taken up their residence at St. Mathias, Que., for June, July and August.

Mr. and Mrs. Jean Tache are making a short visit at the Chateau Royal, Riviere du Loup, preparatory to opening up their pretty country house at the Point for the season.

The beautiful country house of Mr. J. P. Cleghorn, at Como, Que., has been opened up for the season by the arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Cleghorn and family from town.

Major Prefontaine will occupy one of the boxes at the Academy to-night, with a party of friends, to witness performance of "Lucia" and "Cavallaria" by the Jaxon Opera Co.

Among the prominent grain men at present in town from the North-West is Mr. R. G. Curve, of Winnipeg, who was introduced on 'Change, yesterday, by Mr. G. A. Thompson.

The Rev. J. E. Hughes, of Cheswardine, England, who is a guest at the Windsor, has been visiting Saratoga Springs and Boston. He will leave for England tomorrow by the Laurentian.

Ladies' Rings.

Of 100 ladies, ninety at least prefer Rings to any other kind of jewellery. For this reason our Rings receive more attention than almost any other line. Everything at its best, both as to value and quality.

Selections sent on approval.

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Mr. H. Maguire has left town to take up his residence at Summerlea, Que., for the next three months.

Among the Montrealers who will take up their summer quarters at Ste. Agathe des Monts for the entire season, are Mrs. C. Hepburn and family, who have already taken their departure from town.

Lieut. Colonel F. C. Henshaw, who has derived much benefit from his short continental trip, will receive a warm welcome from his many friends on his return from England to-morrow, by the Parisian.

Mrs. Chipman, wife of the Hudson Bay Commissioner at Winnipeg, who with her youthful family returns from England by the Parisian, will break her journey by making a short stay in Montreal.

Among the old and popular residents who have already arrived at Little Metis for the season are Mrs. J. J. Baylis and family who are cosily established in their pretty cottage for three months.

Mr. J. B. Sparrow and Manager Jaxon, in company with Frank Kilholtz of the Grand Opera House, Brooklyn, N.Y., left last evening by boat for Quebec for a short fishing trip. The party will return Saturday.

MISS DE GREY'S DANCE.

Miss de Grey's dance—the passion dance, so called—at the Theatre Royal this week is attracting a great deal of attraction. The turn is invariably encored. Miss de Grey has devoted a great deal of attention to the dance with the view to making it an artistic success; and that she has succeeded is the general opinion.

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WILL NOT SOIL SCALP OR FINEST WHITE LINEN.
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Bed Room Suites.

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Our Baby Carriage

Trade has not been as good as usual. We have a large stock, about 250, still on hand. We are making special cut prices on these, which will be sure to tempt anyone wanting a carriage.

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Our $4.00 Boys' Tweed Suits now sold at	3.00
Our $2.00 Boys' 2-piece Tweed Suits now sold at	1.50
Our $1.00 Men's Alpaca Coats now sold at	75c
Our $1.25 Men's Blue Serge Unlined Coats now sold at	1.00
Our $2.00 Men's Striped Mohair Coats now sold at	1.50
Our $1.50 Men's Fancy Summer Vests now sold at	1.00

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