

FLORIDA GRAPE FRUITS. SIZE 64

We have just received our first consignment of the famous "Gray Brand" Grape Fruits. They are of extra quality, sweet and very juicy, and we offer them at the remarkable low price of 3 FOR 25c; 90c. PER DOZ.; \$4.00 PER CASE

NOTE THE SIZE "64"

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NEW ALLOWANCES FOR THE SOLDIERS

PROVISION IS NOW MADE FOR DEPENDENTS OF UNMARRIED MEN.

London, Nov. 10, 12.50 a.m.—The government has made public the details of a new plan for allowances and pensions to the dependents of soldiers and sailors. Without meeting fully the demands made by the Socialists and workmen's party the plan goes a long way to meet the criticisms of the existing scheme and it is believed will be the cause of more enlistments.

MEXICAN SITUATION CLOUDY AGAIN

OFFICIALS AT WASHINGTON ADMIT SITUATION HAD ASSUMED DELICATE ASPECT.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Administration officials admitted tonight that the Mexican situation had again assumed a delicate aspect. General Carranza has partially fulfilled the Washington government request for guarantees before withdrawing the American troops from Vera Cruz, but his decree does not satisfy the main point asked for by the United States, that Mexicans who served the American government during the occupation of that port, be not punished subsequently for such service.

HIDDEN WIRELESS STATIONS IN U.S.

AMERICAN NAVY DETERMINED TO FIND LOCATION OF THESE BASES

Washington, Nov. 9.—Persistent reports that hidden wireless stations along the coast of the United States are serving as information bureaus for belligerent cruisers at sea have caused the navy to join the State Department in efforts to locate and destroy such stations if they actually exist.

FUNER'L OF LATE MCGILL PROFESSOR

PROF. G. R. MINES BURIED IN MONTREAL YESTERDAY.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Impressive in its solemn simplicity was the funeral of Professor G. R. Mines, of McGill University, who died on Saturday while experimenting on himself to determine the variations brought about in the respiration according as the blood pressure is increased or diminished.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

New York, Nov. 9.—Rochambeau, Havre; Stampalia, Genoa; United States, Copenhagen. Philadelphia; Merion, Liverpool. Liverpool, 7th; Philadelphia, New York. London; Minnehaha, New York. Rotterdam, 7th; Rotterdam, New York. Lisbon, 7th; Britannia, New York. Gibraltar; Europa, New York.

GERMAN GARRISON

WILL BE SURRENDERED

Washington, Nov. 9.—The German garrison at Tsing-Tau is to be formally surrendered to the investing allied force of Japanese and British today, according to State Department advice. Germans taken prisoners heretofore by the Japanese, mostly from naval prizes, have been well cared for and officers have been paroled.

GORDON'S LONDON DRY GIN (UNSWEETENED) GORDON'S OLD TOM GIN GORDON'S SLOE GIN

BRITAIN WILL NOT SHEATHE THE SWORD UNTIL PRUSSIAN DOMINATION IS DESTROYED

She Will Continue Struggle Until All The Demands Of The Allies Are Satisfied, Says Premier Asquith---Million And A Quarter Men Are Undergoing Training In England ---Situation In The War Theatres Remains Virtually Unchanged---Cruiser Glasgow Is Heard Of In Straits Of Magellan---Skirmishes Occur In Africa

London, Nov. 9.—The Germans have renewed their offensive in the vicinity of Ypres and Dixmude, where several previous attempts to break through the Allied lines and gain the coast of France have been repulsed after the most severe fighting of the war.

Despite the reverses which the Austro-German armies have suffered in the east, where the Russians have now set their feet in German territory, both in Prussia and Posen, the Germans are said to be still sending reinforcements to the west in an endeavor to break down the resistance of the French, British and Belgians, who have been holding their positions and have in places made small but important advances.

There has, however, as yet been no decisive action fought along the whole front, but each side is making gains, which may count when the crisis is at hand. With the tremendous forces opposing each other, any progress must necessarily be slow in these days of siege battles, but both the Allies and the Germans express satisfaction with the way in which the battle has gone thus far.

In the east the Russian advance guards are now fighting on both the East Prussian and Posen borders and it is believed that the Germans have given up their first plan of offering resistance to the Russian advance on the positions which they had prepared along the Warthe river.

According to the German report, the Russians have suffered a reverse on the East Prussian frontier, where they lost 4,000 men and some machine guns, but of the fighting elsewhere in this region Berlin says nothing.

There have been no developments in the Near East, the engagements fought being between Russian and Turkish frontier guards in the Caucasus or the bombardment of ports.

The slackness in the recruiting in England has been given a fillip by the marching of some of the crack territorial regiments and today's procession through the streets of London in connection with the inauguration of the Lord Mayor, in which the Canadian and other Dominion troops took part. From all sections of the country come reports of an increasing number of young men offering themselves for service.

KARLSRUHE HAS A COALING BASE

HER OFFICERS EXPECT TO BE CAPTURED BY THE BRITISH SOON.

Edinburgh, via London, Nov. 10.—3.10 p.m.—An officer of the freight steamer Pruth, which was sunk by the German cruiser Karlsruhe off the coast of Brazil, has arrived here. He says the Karlsruhe is using an island called Rocas Red as a coaling and supply base and that there the Germans have a large quantity of coal and stores.

AUSTRIA'S TRADE IS GREATLY AFFECTED

STATE OF WAR HAS CAUSED OVERWHELMING DECREASE IN TRADE

Venice, Nov. 9.—How severely the trade of Austria has been affected by the war is revealed in an official report of the Austrian Ministry of Commerce, a copy of which has just reached here from Vienna.

The Weather

Toronto, Nov. 9.—With the exception of light showers near Port Arthur throughout the Dominion. It has been cool from the Great Lakes eastward and comparatively mild in the west.

MORE REBELS TAKEN IN SOUTH AFRICA

GENERAL BEYERS LOSES 9 MEN KILLED, 11 WOUNDED AND 364 PRISONERS.

London, Nov. 10.—2.25 a.m.—Reuter's Cape Town correspondent under date of Monday gives the following official communication concerning the fighting in South Africa: "An engagement between General Lammer's forces and Transvaal rebels under General Christian Beyers occurred on the Vet river south-east of Bloemhof, Nov. 8.

OFFICIAL

WAR SUMMARY

RUSSIAN STATEMENT.

Petrograd, Nov. 9.—The following communication from the Russian General Staff was issued this morning:

"On the East Prussian frontier fighting continues. The Russian troops have occupied Solap (Goldap). In the direction of Mlaw (Poland) we have advanced and stopped the movement of railway trains of the enemy near the station of Soldau (East Prussia).

"Beyond the Vistula the Germans have withdrawn from Wloclawek to Nieszuma and from Kolin to Shepey (Slupoc?).

"On the roads to Cracow we are continuing to push back the rear-guards of the Austrians.

"South of Przemysl, November 7th, we captured one thousand prisoners and a number of cannon.

"On the coast of the Caucasus, November 6th and 7th, cruisers of the enemy made their appearance."

FRENCH STATEMENT.

Paris, Nov. 9.—10.35 p.m.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office tonight:

"There has been no notable modification in the situation by reason of the difficulties which an intense fog has created in connection with operations of any extent.

"In the north the day has been good. We have maintained our positions between the rivers Lys and Langemarck and appreciable progress between Langemarck and Dixmude."

AUSTRIAN STATEMENT.

Washington, November 9.—The Austro-Hungary Embassy tonight made public the following official wireless despatch from Vienna:

"No fight north-eastern war theatre. Desperate engagements continue in Servia near Krupanji. Earthworks after earthworks and points of supports taken by storm."

GERMAN STATEMENT.

Berlin, via Amsterdam, to London, November 9.—7.45 p.m.—A report issued by General Headquarters this forenoon (9th), says:

"During the evening a sortie of the enemy from Nieuport, which was repeated during the night, completely failed.

"In spite of obstinate resistance our attacks on Ypres are progressing slowly but steadily.

"The hostile counter attacks south-west of Ypres; have been repulsed and several hundred men taken prisoners.

"In the eastern war theatre an attack by strong Russian forces north of Wyszytzer Lake has been repulsed with severe losses to the Russians. Four thousand Russians and ten machine guns were captured."

TURKISH STATEMENT

London, Nov. 10, 12:02 a.m.—A Berlin despatch received tonight by wireless by the Marconi Company gives the following from the main army headquarters at Constantinople:

"The Turkish fleet has bombarded Poti, one of the most important harbors in the Caucasus, causing much damage.

"Turkish gendarmes belonging to the tribes, fighting on the side of the Turks have destroyed the English troops landed at Akabah (one the Red Sea.) Four British armored cruisers withdrew, only one remaining."

So far as is disclosed by the official statements the situation in the war theatres, both east and west, remains virtually unchanged. In Belgium and northern France the Allies and the Germans apparently take turns in assuming the offensive, while both sides are bringing up reinforcements and preparing themselves for the decisive struggle which is predicted for an early date. In the east the Russian hosts, according to the Petrograd announcement, are still driving the Germans and Austrians in front of them. England's attitude and determination to continue the bitter struggle until all the demands of the Allies are satisfied were strongly set forth by Premier Asquith at the Lord Mayor's banquet at London. The Premier made the declaration that Great Britain would not sheathe the sword until Prussian military domination was destroyed, and he further announced that Turkey, by her entrance into the struggle had dug her grave and committed suicide. Before the same assemblage Field Marshal Earl Kitchener revealed the fact that there are a million and a quarter men now undergoing military training in England, and he asked for more. Advice from South Africa say that the forces under Christian Beyers, one of the leaders in the revolt, have been dispersed in the Transvaal by government forces, losing nine men killed, more than that wounded and 364 prisoners. They also report that the rebel General De Wet has defeated a government commando under General Cronje, and that General De Wet's son has been killed. Further disasters have occurred from mines in the North Sea, the Swedish steamer Atle having been blown up and six of her crew drowned and the Dutch fishing boat Poolster having met a like fate. In Belgium a) the railway employes having stopped work under orders from the Belgian government, thus bringing railway traffic to a complete standstill and interfering with the movement of German troops. The German authorities, it is reported, will replace the Belgians by Germans. Santiago, Chile, reports that the British cruiser Glasgow and the transport Otranto, neither of which had been reported since Nov. 1, the date of the engagement between the British and German warships off the Chilean coast, are on their way through the Straits of Magellan, bound for the Falkland Islands.

GENERAL DE WET HAS SON KILLED

BUT REBEL LEADER HAS DISPERSED SMALL GOVERNMENT COMMANDO.

C.P.R. DIVIDEND ON COMMON STOCK

DECLARED FOR QUARTER ENDING SEPT. 30TH, AT MEETING YESTERDAY

London, Nov. 10.—"General Christian De Wet, the rebel leader," says Reuter's Pretoria correspondent, "has been in contact with and dispersed a small government commando under General Cronje, a member of the legislative, near Doornburg. In the course of the fighting General DeWet's son, Daniel, was killed. "The government is sending strong reinforcements to Cronje's."

A TIMELY HINT Now is the time to order your PERSONAL GREETING CARDS —for the— HOLIDAY SEASON Before the Rush Starts. We have several books of samples on hand. PHONE us, and we will send you a book to choose from Telephone No. 590. JOHN E. WALSH'S Reg'd., 11 ST JOHN STREET

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Marabout Boas, formerly \$3.00 each, now\$1.50
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 Marabout Boas, trimmed with Ostrich Feathers, formerly \$6.75 for \$5.25



Boys' Overcoats

These are the finest of all Winter Coats for boys, and these two values are exceptionally good.

Boys' Overcoats of blue Blanketing in Capuchin Style, piped with red. Sizes 22 to 28. Price\$5.00

Boys' Overcoats of blue freize in Capuchin Style, with red piping. Sizes 22 to 28. Price\$4.00



A Special Price on Mens' Made-to-Order Overcoats

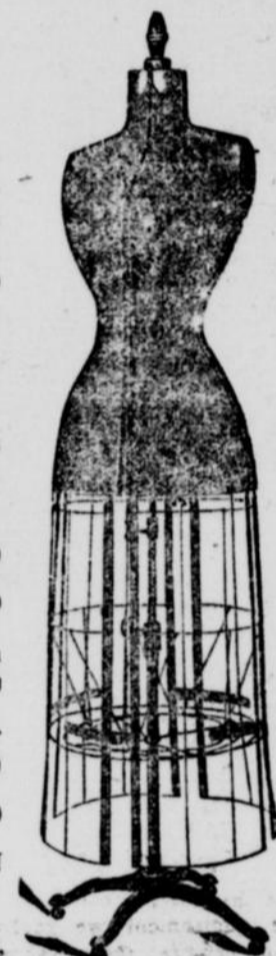
It will be distinctly profitable to you to place your order with us during this week for your Winter Overcoat. We are going to book a limited number of orders at a price that will commend itself and men who appreciate good tailoring should look into our offer.

We can show you some very handsome Overcoatings in grey and brown mixture, from which our tailor will make you up a coat that you will be immensely pleased with.

Any size from 36 to 42, at the specially low price of...\$14.50

Extra Good Trousers, \$4.50

In our Men's Clothing Department we are showing a line of Men's excellent Trousers, made of fine English tweed in hairline stripes. All sizes from 32 to 42. Splendid value, at a pair\$4.50



Reduced Prices on Waist and Dress Forms

For one week we will offer a splendid inducement to home dressmakers to provide themselves with one of the newest Forms for fitting waists and dresses. We are going to hold a specially priced sale of these goods to introduce them on an extensive scale.

Non-Adjustable Waist Forms in all sizes\$1.29

Adjustable Waist Forms, for perfect fitting, each\$3.50

Non-Adjustable French Fitting Forms, with extension stand which can be raised or lowered. All sizes at\$2.98 and \$3.50

Special Adjustable Forms, adjustable at neck, waist and hips, to your individual measurements, at\$5.50

Other models, as illustrated at\$10.50 and \$16.50

15 PER CENT. DISCOUNT GIVEN DURING THIS SALE ON ANY OF THE ABOVE LINES.

Balance of a lot of Waist Forms, formerly marked at 79c; sizes 32, 34, 36 and 38, to sell at, each49c net

Several Special Sales in the Millinery Department

There are several profitable reasons for your visiting our Millinery Department this week. Big money-saving opportunities are all around you.

Ready-to-Wear Hats, \$1.98 and \$2.49

You have a chance of snapping up a neat ready-to-wear hat at a big saving during this Sale.

Hats of felt or tan velvet, trimmed with a satin or Duchesse ribbon and fancy mounts, reduced to\$1.98 and \$2.49

Trimmed Hats, Reduced

We are disposing of a considerable number of elegant trimmed Hats, some imported, and others of our own at prices far below those marked earlier at the beginning of the season. This is a golden opportunity to save on a new hat.

Felt Hats, Spécial at 39c

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Felt Hats in various colors, but not black. Sale Price, each39c
 Black Felt Hats for Ladies', Misses' and Children. Sale Price...98c

Millinery Mounts, Spécial, 39c

A Special lot of Millinery Mounts, including wings, quills, fancy feathers, etc., in a variety of colors. Special Clearing Price, each...39c



Silk Velvet Hats Worth \$3.00 to \$4.50 Actually on Sale at Only \$1.49

That we are able to sell these handsome and fashionable Silk Velvet Hats at less than half their present day value is a cause for amazement to all who see them. You will surely want to possess one of these beautiful hats once you get a sight of them, and will wonder too at the magnificent value.

This is a bargain that does not last many days. These hats are selling very rapidly. Make up your mind to get one right away.

Silk Velvet Hats for ladies' and misses', small, medium and large shapes, worth \$3.00 to \$4.50. Sale Price, each\$1.49

More Apples At Low Prices

There is no let-up in the steady flow of apple shipments here. Fresh consignments reach us almost daily and the Sale is going on as well as ever.

Baldwins, Greenings, Ben Davis, Russets, Spy, and other apples.

No. 1 grade, a barrel\$2.70

No. 2 grade, a barrel\$2.55

No. 1 grade Spy apples, barrel...\$2.95

Sensational Corset Sale New Style Corsets, Spécial, 79c

Our Sale of Corsets this week has been a tremendous surprise to many people. As we expected these splendid Corsets have been selling very quickly. You should hurry if you want to get a pair, and you certainly shouldn't let an opportunity like this go by.

Corsets of white coutil, boned with aluminum with double reinforcement; medium low in the bust, fitted with four hose supporters and trimmed with lace. Spécial Sale Price79c

The illustration shown here does not actually represent the corsets we are selling at this price.

JAEGER PURE WOOL For Cold Weather Wear

JAEGER Overcoats, with Caps to match
 JAEGER Cardigans and Vests for men.
 JAEGER Spencers and Fleecy Vests for ladies.
 JAEGER Undervests and Drawers for men.
 JAEGER Combinations for ladies.
 JAEGER Combinations for men.

JAEGER Equestrienne Tights.
 JAEGER Teddy Bear Suits for children.
 JAEGER Knitted Suits for children.
 JAEGER Sweaters for children.
 JAEGER Slippers for ladies.
 JAEGER Slippers for men.
 JAEGER Slippers for children.
 JAEGER Camel Hair War Sweaters

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THE DOMINION CAR HEATING COMPANY
 Manufacturers and Repairers of all Kinds of Machinery, Autos, Etc.
 All orders promptly and carefully attended to.
 Offices: 119 BRIDGE STREET, QUEBEC. Telephone 2224.
 Machine Shop: 128 KING STREET. Jy.15xtu.th.satx3m

Ask for prices at the Quebec Scrap Metal Co. Reg'd. 14 St. Roch St. for your raw furs, hides and skins and all kinds of scrap material. Telephone 2777

Fall Goods Just Received

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN FOOTWEAR

Women's Cloth Top Button Boots, in grey, lawn and black tops.
 Waterproof Boots, for men, women and boys.
 Overgaiters and Rubbers—all styles.
 Evening Slippers, in all new styles.
 Tan Military Boots.
 See our new lines of Children's Cushion Sole Boots.
 Shoes made to order and repaired.

W. Jacques & Sons
 42 1-2 Fabrique Street. Tel. 427

GLIMPSES OF OLD QUEBEC

From the Files of The CHRONICLE, October, 1884, and 1814.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY

Natural Boundaries. The natural boundaries, such as the rivers and mountains, are always considered as the best and most certain boundaries. Different nations of Europe, on the two sides of a river, maintain themselves against each other, why then may not the same be done in America? The extent of border in this country, must operate as well against one as the other people; as well against Americans as against British and Canadian. Today that an uncommon extent of border must have an uncommon extent of difficulties, is saying no more than a long voyage at sea cannot be made without an exposure to more gales, squalls, and head winds, than a short one, local difficulties must be met by adequate remedies; be they few or many, small or great. The danger to these provinces is considered to be from a future increase of Americans on that tract of land between Lakes Ontario and Champlain. Were the increase of population to be confined to the American side of the St. Lawrence, this would be a very good argument, but what is to prevent a proportionate increase on the Canadian side also? If that additional American population can be supported by numbers on their back; so also can the additional Canadian population by numbers from Great Britain.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

Steered the Balloon Successfully. In these present days of flying machines, heavier than air, and great dirigibles, airships are becoming of every day common-place experience. It is interesting to note that thirty years ago it was not so. The Paris Gauleis, commenting upon a balloon voyage made from Mendon to Belcourt and return, by Captains Renard and Keris, states that it was a most wonderful voyage, that quite independent of the wind the great balloon started on its voyage amidst great acclamations and many doubters as to its utility, but the voyage has been accomplished, the balloon alighting at the point from which it started.

Native Boats the Best. Advice from Assouan, with the Canadian boatmen on the Nile, states that there has been a serious breakdown in the transport service, which threatens to retard the advance of the expedition. In fact the Army and Navy Gazette admits that the boats built in England for the expedition are utterly useless, and that the Canadian boatmen found the native boats the most useful. The Canadian boatmen speak of the effectiveness of the natives who have done the most of the heavy work at the rapids.

SENTENCED FOR ABANDONING CHILD

SARAH AND FLORENCE LENNOX SENT UP FOR OVER TWO YEARS

Cornwall, Ont., Nov. 9 — Judge O'Reilly, acting on behalf of Sir Glenholme Falconbridge, Chief Justice, passed sentence today on Sarah and Florence Lennox, of Bountain Station, who were convicted at the recent assizes of abandoning a child under two years of age. Both women were sentenced to two years and eight months in the provincial penitentiary at Kingston, but Sarah Lennox was allowed out on bail, furnished by her husband, for a period of three months, on account of ill-health.

An Easy Way to Get Fat and Be Strong

The trouble with most thin folks who wish to gain weight is that they insist on drugging their stomach or stuffing it with greasy foods; rubbing on useless "flesh creams" or following some foolish physical culture stunt, while the real cause of thinness goes untouched. You cannot get fat until your digestive tract assimilates the food you eat.

Thanks to a remarkable new scientific discovery, it is now possible to combine into simple form the very elements needed by the digestive organs to help them convert food into rich, fat-laden blood. This master-stroke of modern chemistry is called Sargol and has been termed the greatest of flesh-builders. Sargol aims through its re-generative, re-constructive powers to coax the stomach and intestines to literally soak up the fattening elements of your food and pass them into the blood, where they are carried to every starved, broken-down cell and tissue of your body. You can readily picture the result when this amazing transformation has taken place and you notice how your cheeks fill out, hollows about your neck, shoulders and bust disappear and you take on from 10 to 20 pounds of solid, healthy flesh. Sargol is absolutely harmless, inexpensive, efficient. Your druggist has it and will refund your money if you are not satisfied, as per the guarantee found in every package.

Caution:—While Sargol has given excellent results in overcoming nervous dyspepsia and general stomach troubles it should not be taken by those who do not wish to gain ten pounds or more.

NOW ON SALE: NEW ANNUALS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS—SCOUT, CHUMS, BOYS' OWN, GIRLS' OWN, CANADIAN BOYS' ANNUAL CHATTERBOX. SUNDAY AT HOME.

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Though we have somewhat advanced prices because of the scarcity of raw material, the usual high standard of our quality will be maintained.

Resinol Soap

shampoos

keep the hair healthy, rich and lustrous

Leavenostickness or unpleasant odor. Resinol Soap sold by all druggists and dealers in toilet goods. For sample free, write to Dept. 7-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

FUND TO PROVIDE AUTO AMBULANCES

New York, Nov. 9.—Announcement was made in this city today of the organization of the British war relief association to collect a fund to provide the expenses of maintaining an automobile ambulance corps in the war and to provide and maintain nurses at the front. It is also intended to provide relief for British residents in distress in New York City.

AGRICULTURAL APPOINTMENT

London, Ont., Nov. 9.—John W. Noble, assistant district agricultural representative for Middlesex County has been appointed district representative for Essex, succeeding W. E. J. Edwards, who has joined the staff of the Michigan Agricultural College.

TORIC LENS

Right lenses properly adjusted on Eye Glass or Spectacle Mounting will relieve eye strain. We supply the right lenses and guarantee mounting adjusted by us to be properly adjusted.

Glasses Made to Order at Once

P. C. LACASSE,
 Optometrists and Opticians,
 40 FABRIQUE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1764.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1914.

ONE CENT.

INAUGURAL BANQUET OF LONDON'S LORD MAYOR

SCENES OF EXTRAORDINARY ENTHUSIASM WITNESSED AT GUILD HALL—LEADING STATESMEN ENTHUSIASTICALLY GREETED.

London, Nov. 9.—That England is prepared to carry on the war to the bitter end, with every confidence in the result, was the tenor of the speeches at the annual banquet inaugurating the new Lord Mayor of London at Guild Hall this evening, delivered by the men who are responsible for the conduct of the war.

Notable speeches were made by the Prime Minister, H. H. Asquith, Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, Secretary for War, and Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty. Lord Kitchener, whose massive figure, clad in service khaki, towered over the audience of a thousand men and women in the historic building, while expressing satisfaction at the response to his call for men and the progress of their military training, impressed upon the nation that the war would be a long one and he would require "more men and still more until the enemy is crushed."

He also made a quiet reference to England's army, which, he said, "has proved itself to be not so contemptible an engine of war as some were disposed to consider it," and reminded his hearers that the enemy would, besides the army in the field, have to reckon with the forces of the great Dominions, the vanguard of which had arrived in England, in addition to the million and a quarter men now training in this country.

Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, told of the work of the navy, and continued: "It is difficult to measure the full influence of the naval pressure in the early stages of this war, but it will spell the doom of Germany as surely as winter strips the leaves from the trees."

As to the losses suffered, he said: "The punishment we received is clear and definite; the punishment we inflict is very often not seen, and when seen very often cannot be measured. But time will tell."

The First Lord also pointed out that despite the losses the navy was stronger in every way than at the beginning of the war.

Premier Asquith, who devoted much of his speech to the war with Turkey, said it meant "the death knell to Ottoman domination, not only in Europe, but in Asia."

He, too, predicted that the war would be a long one but said that nothing would daunt their hopes or impair their resolve and that England would not sheathe the sword until Belgium had recovered all that she had sacrificed, until France had been secured from the menace of oppression and until the military domination of Prussia had been destroyed.

Brilliant Gathering.

London, Nov. 9.—(Through Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—The Guild Hall banquet tonight, like today's pageant with the Dominion's troops participating, assumed an essentially military aspect. It was a brilliant gathering including representatives of the Allies, who were especially toasted, besides honored guests of France, Russia, Japan, Belgium, Serbia and Montenegro, the ambassadors of neutral powers, the usual splendid gathering of Cabinet Ministers and ex-Cabinet Ministers and representatives of every section of the community.

Prime Minister's Speech.

Rt. Hon. Herbert Henry Asquith, the Prime Minister, upon rising to respond to the toast of His Majesty's Ministers, was given a rare ovation.

"Never," he said, "has any government in our history more needed the whole-hearted confidence and unselfish co-operation of the community without distinction of party or class, never has that confidence been more ungrudgingly expressed and that co-operation more generously offered." This was the seventh year in succession that he had responded for His Majesty's Ministers at the Guild Hall banquet, he said. During that time not only our own country but the world outside had experienced many strange vicissitudes.

It was not inappropriate to recall the European situation. It presented new features, startling and arresting, the significance of which had been left to time to unfold. First, there was the formal annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Advantage was taken by Austria with the connivance of weaker nationalities and set aside the public law of Europe. That was the first, though not the most important of the causes which led to the present war.

The other change in the European situation was the sudden emergence in the Ottoman Empire of the Young Turk. They had brought about a bloodless revolution; they had deposed Sultan Abdul Hamid; they had established, as all believe, freedom and constitutional government in the Ottoman Empire. Never were hopes so sanguinely entertained, doomed to bitter or more complete disappointment; and after six years we were

CRUISER GLASGOW AND TRANSPORT OTRANTO REPORTED BOTH ON WAY TO FALKLAND ISLANDS, SOUTH AMERICA.

Santiago, Chile, Nov. 9.—The British cruiser Glasgow, which was engaged with the German squadron in battle off the Chilean coast on Sunday, November 1st, and the British transport Otranto have passed Delgada Point light, in the Straits of Magdellan, bound for the Falkland Islands, a British possession to the east of the extreme southern point of South America.

After the cruiser Good Hope had been sunk by the Germans and the Monmouth was so badly damaged that she appeared unable to steam away, according to the British Admiralty report of the sea fight off Chile, the Glasgow, accompanied her as she drifted away in the darkness. The Admiralty said the Glasgow was not extensively damaged and had very few casualties, although during the battle she had fought the Leipzig and the Dresden while the Scharnhorst and Gneisenau were taking care of the two larger vessels. The Otranto, the Admiralty said, was not engaged in the fight.

Delgada Point is on the west side of the north entrance to the first narrows in the Straits of Magellan. This information is contained in advices received here by the Admiralty from the naval authorities in the Straits of Magellan, who said they had seen the Glasgow and Otranto passing through the Straits toward the Atlantic.

reluctantly compelled to admit that the Young Turk reproduced the vices without either the vigor or versatility of the old regime.

"When the war began," continued the Prime Minister, "we made it clear, in conjunction with our allies, to the Turkish government that if they remained neutral their Empire should not suffer in integrity or authority. The Turkish statesmen vacillating in council from day to day, allowed their true interests to be undermined by German threats, by German ships, and by German gold. They were tempted to one futile outrage after another—the lawless bombardment of Russian open ports, the equally lawless invasion into Egyptian territory continued until the Allies, after observing unexampled patience in the face of veiled menaces and impudent equivocations, were compelled to yield to the logic of facts and recognize the Turk as an open enemy. It is not the Turkish people, it is the Ottoman government that has drawn the sword, and I do not hesitate to predict that that Government will perish by the sword. It is they and not we who have rung the death knell of the Ottoman dominions not only in Europe but in Asia."

"With this disappearance of Turkey will disappear, as I hope and believe, the blight which for generations past has withered some of the fairest regions. We have no quarrel with the Mussulman subjects of the Sultan. Our sovereign claims among his most loyal subjects millions of men of the Moslem faith. Nothing is further from our thoughts than to encourage a crusade against their creed. Their holy places we are prepared to defend, should the need arise, against all invaders, and to maintain them inviolate; but the Turkish Empire has committed suicide and dug with its own hands its own grave."

Turning to financial and economic questions, Mr. Asquith explained the measures taken by the government to deal with the abnormal situation at the beginning of the war. He thought that the results were very satisfactory. Foreign exchanges were working, in the case of the most countries, quite satisfactorily. The gold reserves of the Bank of England, which were forty millions sterling on July 22nd, and which had fallen on August 7th, to twenty-seven millions, now stand at the unprecedented figure of sixty-nine and a half millions. (Cheers). The central gold reserve, after three months of the war, amounts to eighty millions, almost exactly twice the amount at which it stood at the beginning of the crisis. Mr. Asquith pointed out that the bank rate, after fluctuations, now was about at the level at which it stood this time last year. Food prices have been kept on a fairly normal level, and though trade had

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BRITISH FORCED GERMANS BACK AT POINT OF BAYONET

FRENCH FOREIGN OFFICE GIVES REPORTS OF SUCCESS IN EAST AND WEST.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Dispatches from the French Foreign Office to the Embassy here today repeated the substance of the French and Russian War Office statements, and added a comment on the successful work of the British troops in the west and the destruction of a railway by the Russians in the east.

The cablegram said: "At Gheluvelt, the British troops repulsed the enemy in a notable attack made upon them and forced them back at the point of the bayonet. In the Woevre district we have been able to retake several trenches which had been previously taken from us by the enemy."

"In Russia the Russians have destroyed the railway leading from Pleschen, north-west of Calosch."

COLD AND RAIN AIDS SUPPRESSION OF CATTLE DISEASE

AGRICULTURE OFFICIALS ARE GREATLY PLEASSED BY THE CHANGE IN WEATHER.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Colder weather, with rain, in States infected with the foot and mouth disease was hailed by Department of Agriculture officials today as a powerful ally in their campaign to suppress the rapidly spreading live stock epidemic. Encouraging reports came from some sections during the day, but news of more affected districts caused the department to extend the Federal quarantine to Delaware, New Jersey and Rhode Island, and to bar cattle from Canada.

Thirteen States now are under quarantine. While no cases of the disease has been found in Canada, the quarantine against the Dominion is to prevent the return of infected cattle cars to the United States. It will stop shipments of cattle into the United States valued approximately at \$8,000,000 a year. Figures by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce show that for the nine months ending with September, imports from that country aggregated 114,792, valued at \$5,050,491. For the month of September last, 26,796 head of cattle were imported, valued at \$1,076,216.

The effect upon the meat situation in the United States of the Canadian quarantine cannot be estimated immediately, according to Department officials. It will depend upon whether imports from Canada have been for immediate slaughter or for fattening purposes.

GERMAN GUNBOAT INTERNED FOR WAR

JAP CRUISER HIZEN HAD BEEN KEEPING WATCH IS NOW RELIEVED.

Honolulu, T.H., Nov. 9.—After receiving word that the German gunboat Geier had been interned here for the duration of the war, the Japanese battleship Hizen, which has been keeping a watch for the Geier outside the harbor entered this port today for fuel and provisions. Under the neutrality regulations the Hizen is privileged to remain 24 hours.

GERMANS MOVING BACK TO GERMANY

MILITARY TRAINS FILLED WITH MEN RETURNING THROUGH BELGIUM

Amsterdam, Holland, Nov. 9, via London.—The correspondent of the Tijd at Antwerp says: "The movement of German troops from the western theatre of the war, on a big scale is now progressing. A large number appear to have been withdrawn from the Yser. "Long military trains filled with men and munitions are moving into Germany by way of Brussels and Louvain."

LORD ROBERTS TELLS CANADIANS OF STERN TASK

Addressed Canada's Troops Encamped on Salisbury Plains as Brother Soldiers.

LOYALTY GRATIFYING. Urges the Men to do Their Best and Hoped God Might Prosper Them in Struggle.

(Special Correspondence) Salisbury Plains, Wednesday, Oct. 28.—Here in this historic plain, rich with the remnants of bygone ages, dating back centuries before the Christian era and once the chief military station of the Romans in the south of England, Lord Roberts on Saturday inspected the Canadian contingent and delivered a speech to our men which will long live in their memories. The aged veteran, now more than fourscore years, was accompanied by Major-General Hughes Colons Wilson and Carson, of Montreal; Col. A. D. Davidson, and Lt.-Col. Grant Morden, and Major Norton Griffiths, M.P. The weather was anything but propitious but Lord Roberts, looking at least thirty years younger than his years count, said, addressing the Canadians as brother soldiers:

"It is an intense pleasure to me to be able to come here today as your honorary colonel and to give you a most hearty welcome to the Mother Country. We have arrived at the most critical moment of our history and you have generously come to help us in our hour of need. Words fail me when I try to tell you how deeply we appreciate your action and the splendid spirit of loyalty which has prompted it. Three months ago we found ourselves involved in this war, a war not of our own seeking; but one which those who have studied Germany's literature and Germany's inspiration knew was a war which we should inevitably have to deal with sooner or later. The prompt resolve of Canada to give us such valuable assistance has touched us deeply. That resolve has been quickened into action in what I consider a marvelously short space of time and under the excellent organizing and driving power of your Minister of Militia—my friend Major-General Hughes—you quickly found yourselves in a fine camp in your own Laurentian Mountains, where your training and musketry were able to be carried out in the most practicable manner and with the least possible delay: the result being that today, less than three months from the declaration of war I am able to greet this fine body of soldiers on English soil."

"There is no need for me to tell you that you have a stern task before you. You are fighting a nation which looks upon the British Empire as a barrier to her development and has, in consequence, long contemplated our overthrow and humiliation. To attain that end she has manufactured a magnificent fighting machine and is straining every nerve to gain victory. "In her determination to be the ruling power in the world she has men who, like yourselves, are coming smaller nations and has shown by her actions that she is prepared by every means in her power, however unworthy and brutal, to achieve her purpose. It is only by the most determined efforts that we can defeat her. "When the time comes for you to take your place in the field you will find yourselves fighting side by side with the men of our regular army, who have already done great deeds and endured great hardships, with the men of our Indian army, who have come with such devotion and eagerness to take their share in defending British interests, and with men who, like yourselves, are coming from the other self-governing Dominions to co-operate with us. "I need not urge you to do your best, for I know you will. For you will be fighting in the greatest of all causes—the cause of right, of justice and of liberty. May God prosper you in the great struggle."

Great public interest is being manifested by the British people in the Canadian contingent and efforts are being put forth in many directions to make it possible for the British people to get a spectacular view of our troops. Yesterday the Daily Mail, one of the most powerful British newspapers, devoted its leader to this subject, and it is not improbable that something will be done to meet this view notwithstanding a very general desire on the part of those at the head of the fighting organizations to avoid everything in the nature of the spectacular and to press upon with the actual development of the fighting forces.

Speaking to your correspondent yesterday at the Royal Colonial Institute, Sir Godfrey Lagden, the acting chairman of this great institution, strongly enforced this view of the Daily Mail. Sir Godfrey, who is well known to you, said:

"I am glad to see that the British people are so interested in the Canadian contingent. It is a very fine body of men, and it is a great credit to the British Empire that they are so well received in Canada. I am sure that they will do their best to help us in our hour of need."

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DREADNOUGHTS OF BRITISH NAVY ON WAY TO PACIFIC

U. S. FRUIT STEAMER BRINGS REPORT BUT PANAMA CANAL OFFICIALS IGNORANT.

Panama, Nov. 9.—Panama canal officials and members of the British legation here say they have no information concerning the report taken into New York by a United Fruit Company steamer that seven British Dreadnoughts were in the Atlantic bound west, possibly with the intention of proceeding through the Panama canal to Pacific waters.

Col. George W. Goethals, governor of the Panama canal zone, says he has heard nothing from Washington relative to the use of the canal by warships.

The whereabouts of the German warships in the Pacific is not known here.

COMMERCE BETWEEN U.S. AND NORWAY SWEDEN, DENMARK

ARRANGEMENTS WITH BRITISH GOVERNMENT TO PREVENT DELAY OF SHIPMENTS

Washington, Nov. 9.—Commerce between the United States and Norway, Sweden and Denmark in products, the re-exportation of which has been prohibited by the latter three countries, has been safeguarded against delays and misunderstandings. Secretary Bryan and Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, announced today that orders had been given the British fleet not to interfere with such cargoes when consigned to a specific person or company in neutral countries. Great Britain hitherto has detained cargoes consigned merely "to order" on the suspicion that even though destined to a neutral country they were in reality to be trans-shipped to a belligerent country. When each shipment has a specific consignee, British cruisers will merely examine the papers of a neutral ship as is customary, and not delay her voyage unless engaged in some unneutral activity.

The following telegram from Sir Edward Grey to the British Ministers at Christiania, Stockholm and Copenhagen, was made public today at the State Department:

"We are satisfied with the guarantees offered by the Norwegian, Swedish and Danish Governments as to the non-exportation of those contraband goods consigned to a named person in Norway, Sweden and Denmark which are included in the list of prohibited exports issued by the Norwegian, Swedish and Danish Governments, to see that such goods are landed in Norwegian, Swedish and Danish ports of destination and not subsequently exported or passed on in transit to enemy country."

"Orders have been given to the British fleet and customs authorities at British ports to restrict interference with neutral vessels carrying such cargoes so consigned to verification of ship's papers and cargoes."

EIGHT MILLIONS IN GOLD SENT OTTAWA

NEW YORK SENDS AMOUNT TO BE PLACED TO BANK OF ENGLAND'S CREDIT.

New York, Nov. 9.—Payment of another large installment of New York City's foreign obligations in connection with the recent six per cent. note issue was made today, when approximately \$8,000,000 gold was exported to Ottawa, to be placed to the credit of the Bank of England.

UNITED STATES COTTON London, Nov. 9.—Captain The ned prior to November 1, amounted to 9,828,695 bales, the Census Bureau announced today. Round bales included 22,976; Sea Island cotton, 43,331 bales.

UNITED STATES CROPS Washington, Nov. 9.—The important farm crops of the United States this year are worth \$5,068,742,000 or \$104,000,000 more than the value of the same crops last year, notwithstanding a loss of \$418,000,000 sustained by cotton planters on lint alone as a result of the European war.

BRITISH EMPIRE NOW FIGHTING FOR EXISTENCE

KITCHENER WANTS MORE MEN AND STILL MORE UNTIL THE ENEMY IS CRUSHED—CONFIDENCE IN THE OUTCOME.

London, Nov. 9.—Confidence in the ultimate success of the Allied arms was expressed at the Lord Mayor's Banquet by Earl Kitchener, who pointed out the great issue at stake, the advantages possessed by the Allies in men and material and in "that wonderful spirit which has never understood the meaning of defeat."

Lord Kitchener praised the territorial, particularly the London Scottish, and the East Indians; spoke of the admiration of the British troops for "the glorious French army," and said:

"Under the direction of General Joffre, who is not only a great military leader, but a great man, we may confidently rely on the ultimate success of the Allied forces in the western theatre of the war."

He praised the brilliant leadership of Grand Duke Nicholas and also "the splendid deeds of the gallant Belgian army," and the gallantry of the Japanese forces. Continuing Lord Kitchener said:

"The British Empire is now fighting for its existence. I want every citizen to understand this cardinal fact, for only from a clear conception of the vast importance of the issue at stake can come the great national moral impulse without which the governments war ministers, or even their navies, can do but little. We have enormous advantages in our resources of men and material and in that wonderful spirit of ours which has never understood the meaning of defeat. All these are great assets, but they must be used judiciously and effectively."

"I have no complaint to make whatever about the response to my appeals for men. The progress in the military training of those who already have enlisted is most remarkable and the country may well be proud of them; but I shall want more men, and still more, until the enemy is crushed."

"Armies cannot be called together as with the magician's wand, and in the process of formation there may have been discomforts, and inconvenience in some cases—even downright suffering. I cannot promise that these conditions will wholly cease but I can give you every assurance that they have already greatly diminished and everything that administrative energy can do to bring them to an end assuredly will be done."

"The men who have come forward most abundantly are those who are endeavoring for their country's sake just as their comrades are in the shell torn trenches. The introduction of elaborate destructive machinery with which our enemies had so amply and carefully supplied themselves has been the subject of much eulogy on the part of military critics, but it must be remembered that in the matter of preparation those who fix beforehand the date of a war have a considerable advantage over their neighbors."

"So far as we are concerned we are clearly open to no similar suspicion. This development of armaments has modified the application of old principles of strategy and tactics and reduced the present warfare to something approximately siege operations."

"Our losses in the trenches have been severe, but such casualties are far from deterring the British nation from seeing the matter through. They will act rather as an incentive to British manhood to prepare themselves to take the places of those who have fallen."

In paying a tribute to the leadership of Sir John French, commander of the British expeditionary force, and his generals, and to the high efficiency and courage of the army, the War Minister said:

"I think that it has now been conceded that the British army has proved itself to be not so contemptible an engine of war as some were disposed to consider it." He concluded:

"Although our thoughts are constantly directed towards the troops at the front and the great tasks they have in hand, it is well to remember that the enemy will have to reckon with the forces of the great Dominions, the vanguard of which we already have welcomed in this country in the very fine body of men forming the contingents from Canada and Newfoundland, while from Australia, New Zealand and other parts are coming, in quick succession, soldiers to fight for the Imperial cause. And, besides all these, there are training in this country over 1,250,000 men eagerly waiting for a call to bear their part in the great struggle."

"As each soldier takes his place in the field he will stand forward to do his duty and, in doing that duty will maintain the credit of the British army, which, I submit, has never stood higher than it does today."

EXTEND FRANCHISE FOR TWENTY-TWO YEARS SAYS MAYOR

MAYOR MARTIN MAKES PROPOSAL REGARDING MONTREAL TRAMWAYS

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Mayor Martin proposes that the city shall give the Montreal Tramways Company an extension of franchise for twenty-two years, on condition that the new franchise shall cover all the existing franchises with the various sections of the city which have been annexed since the original franchise was granted. These are numerous, and some of them are for fifty years or more, while one is in perpetuity. The main franchise has eight years to run yet, so the extension advised by the mayor is practically for thirty years. The company asked for a forty year extension. The question will be considered by the Board of Control tomorrow.

RELIEF COMMITTEE OF PATRIOTIC FUND

MEETING QUEBEC BRANCH LAST NIGHT—MR. H. B. AMES HERE TODAY.

A meeting of the Relief Committee of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, Quebec branch, was held in the City Hall last evening under the presidency of Hon. L. A. Taschereau, chairman of the Relief Committee.

The business transacted was mostly of a routine nature several appeals for relief being considered. Assistance will be given in a number of cases while others rejected for lack of sufficient information relative to the circumstances.

Among those present at the meeting besides the chairman, were: Hon. Geo. E. Amyot, Messrs. A. E. Nash, N. Lavoie, P. Paradis, Judge McCorkill, Sir George Garneau, Wm. Power, M.P., Hon. C. F. Delage and L. Evans.

Mr. H. B. Ames, Secretary of the Canadian Patriotic Fund is expected in the city today on his way to Ottawa from Halifax. A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Quebec Branch of the Fund it is understood, will be held this afternoon when Mr. Ames will attend. Hon. C. F. Delage is president of the Executive Committee.

GERMAN PRISONERS ARRIVE AT KIEV

London, Nov. 9, 11:55 p.m.—A Reuter's despatch from Kiev, Russia, says:

"Three thousand German and Austrian prisoners, including 90 officers together with fifty guns and several thousand rifles captured in the recent fighting have arrived here."

DANDRUFF SURELY DESTROYS THE HAIR

Makes it Dull, Brittle, Lifeless, and Causes It To Fall Out.

Girls—if you want plenty of thick beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't.

It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it a night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy, every single sign and trace of it. You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will be silky, fluffy, lustrous, soft, and look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.

The Quebec Chronicle

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WAR'S HORRORS NOT INCREASED BY MODERN WEAPONS.

Frequent reference in the European despatches to bayonet charges and hand-to-hand fighting is one of the things about the great war that are hardest to understand at this distance.

With the "Busy Berthas" (the great German siege guns) throwing 16-inch shells of high explosives for miles; with the smaller artillery hurling shrapnel, one shell of which, if rightly placed, is capable of killing a whole company, and the airmen giving the range; with hundreds of machine guns vomiting bullets at the rate of scores a second and capable of mowing down a field of wheat in a short time; and with all the other ingenious devices for wholesale murder, it seems well nigh incredible that troops can get close enough to one another to use the bayonet. Cold steel was used in the Balkan War, it is true, but while those armies had modern weapons, it was thought that they failed at times to use them effectively. The same cannot be said of the forces now contending, which include the world's greatest experts in butchery.

Reading of the modern death-dealing devices, one wonders also how it is possible for the opposing armies to escape utter destruction. And yet, curious and unbelievable as it may sound, the great improvements in the art of human slaughter, instead of adding to its horrors, seem to have made war less deadly.

That the losses in the battle of the Aisne probably reached 200,000 or more, as reported some time ago, seems frightful. But if they have been 250,000 they are proportionally less than at Waterloo, or at Gettysburg, or at Fredericksburg, or in numberless other battles of both ancient and modern times. The battle of the Aisne, at the time this estimate of 200,000 was made, had been going on for more than twenty days of almost continuous fighting, and yet the losses amounted to only about one-tenth of the men engaged.

Compare this with Waterloo, where, with fewer than 200,000 troops engaged, more than 45,000 fell in one day, or with Fredericksburg, where, with something over 100,000 troops, Burnside lost 12,500 in one charge, or with Gettysburg, where, in the three days' fighting, Meade lost 23,000 of his 90,000 men and Lee lost 20,000 of his 70,000 Southerners. No such losses as these have been reported in the present war, gruesome and horrible as it has been and is.

The tremendous advance in surgery and medical science in very recent years also has done much to make war less infernal than it was even a few years ago. Antiseptics, antitoxins and anesthetics have worked wonders. Wounds that were formerly certainly fatal are now cured in a few weeks. That old slayer of the wounded, gangrene, and kindred infections have been entirely routed; the miseries of typhus and typhoid epidemics are almost eliminated, and the soldier, instead of having a hole torn in him by a soft leaden ball, which usually lodged in his insides, now has a small steel bullet go clear through him, leaving a clean hole that usually heals quickly.

It is said that the fatalities from wounds in the Civil War were something like 50 per cent.; now they are less than 5 per cent. In the Spanish-American war far more of Uncle Sam's soldiers died of typhoid fever than were killed by Spanish bullets. Such a condition could not occur now without criminal carelessness and inefficiency.

The idea that war in these times would be so terribly fatal that men and nations would not dare to engage in it seems to be an exploded theory.

KIDNEY TROUBLE AFFECTED HIS SPINE

Suffered For Forty Years Until He Used "Fruit-a-lives" Bronte, Ont., Oct. 31st, 1913. "For about forty years, I was troubled with Lame Back brought on by Kidney and Bladder Trouble. I was never confined to my bed with the trouble, but it affected my spine and I had to rest for a time. I took advertised remedies which never did me any good. Then I saw 'Fruit-a-lives' advertised and decided to try them. They did me more good than any other remedy. My son suffered from the same trouble and frequently had to leave off working, but 'Fruit-a-lives' remedied it for him. I would strongly advise anyone suffering from Kidney and Bladder Trouble to use 'Fruit-a-lives'."

H. DORLAND. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

THE POSITION OF ITALY.

The eyes of Europe have been constantly on Italy for the past three months and they are even more intently focused today in the effort to learn what effect the entrance of Turkey into the war will have upon Italy. Many believe that the value of Turkish assistance to Germany and Austria will be quickly offset by Italy's advent into the arena on the opposing side, and hold the view that this outcome has been practically certain from the first and that Italy has only waited to become prepared. However, thus far nothing has come from Italian authorities except announcements of their intention of remaining neutral. Although an ally of Germany and Austria when the war broke out, few diplomats expected Italy would join with them in arms. Italy does not care particularly for France, and its relations with Russia have been very meagre, but the Italians are extremely well disposed toward England. On the other hand the Italian people cherish bitter enmity toward Austria. This is the condition that was faced at the outbreak of the war by the Italian government, which then believed its best course was in strict neutrality. But, as a contemporary remarks, conditions have changed. Italian neutrality did not appeal to Germany and Austria, who felt that Italy did not live up to its duty as their ally, and thus the Italians generally incline to the belief that they stand for punishment should the Teutons win. Now that Turkey has joined their former allies, Teutonic success, in the Italian view, would mean a loss of the territory that Italy recently wrested from Turkey in Tripoli and perhaps other losses.

Should Germany lose, Italy remaining neutral, the Italians might expect to see Serbia rewarded with the control of the Adriatic. Thus the people of Italy are clamoring to enter the war and it has recently been stated that the Italian government must very speedily choose between entering hostilities or undergoing internal revolt. It is possible that Italy would have been found in the war before this had it been more adequately prepared. The recent war with Turkey was expensive and Italy was in severe financial straits, while its standing army had been materially reduced. There has been a very considerable change in the latter respect and it is reported that Italy now has about a million and a third of men under arms, as compared with 300,000 when the nations of Europe entered the present struggle, while there has been a similar preparation in munitions of war.

KING WINTER.

The forces of King Winter will soon be fully mobilized in Europe, and, as in the case of all mobilized forces apparently, we may expect a breach of neutrality within a very short time. The effect of winter on the war remains to be seen. So far the troops have had little to combat in the matter of inclement weather, for with the exception of heavy rain conditions have been good. In Eastern Europe severe frosts have already set in and the troops will have to undergo great hardships during the next few months. In East Prussia, Silesia and in Galicia the frosts are equal to those in Eastern Canada. Strong, icy north winds often blow ceaselessly for days at a time, and snow covers the whole country, as in Siberia. In the latter half of November Russia and East Prussia are, with rare exceptions, covered with snow, and very shortly afterwards the winter begins in Silesia as well, where severe cold weather reigns from the middle of December to the end of January, and sometimes the beginning of February. Apparently the German general staff realizes the great difficulties which the army must undoubtedly face with the approach of winter, and it is hastening to achieve some posi-

five success before this trouble comes.

In Germany, as is well known, the winter is rather mild, and in the central part of the Kaiser's country frosts are very rarely harder than 25 degrees to 30 degrees below freezing point. So that the German army has never had an opportunity of getting accustomed to really rough winter conditions, except a few divisions quartered in the northeast of the empire.

The military operations during the winter, even if it is mild, necessitate lightening some tasks on the one hand but increasing the number of sick among the soldiers on the other.

The movement of troops in the snow is also more difficult, as well as the masking of the march of the army. The use of fires on the bivouacs or in the fortified positions, without which no army could exist during severe cold, also brings many disadvantages; it attracts the attention of the enemy and the fire of his artillery.

The Russian people like the winter very much. Russian poetry is full of poems singing the beauty of it. The whole Russian population always looks forward to the approach of winter, and the more intense the frost becomes the happier a Russian feels.

A good illustration of how the Russian army can bear frost is the celebrated parade on the frozen Neva which takes place every year on January 6, when the temperature usually is 50 degrees to 60 degrees below the freezing point.

The parade is commanded by the Czar himself, and it is famous because the whole garrison is dressed in full-dress without overcoats, and the whole army corps from 6 o'clock in the morning await the appearance of the Czar from the Winter palace, which often is only at 12 o'clock noon.

All military schools take part in this parade, and all the cadets are proud to stand the cold as long as possible. It must be noticed that no furs or thick linings are allowed either to the officers or men.

Similar parades take place throughout Russia. Very seldom are there cases of death or illness. Consequently, the Russians will have a great advantage over the Germans in the coming winter.

PRESS COMMENT.

The English authorities are said to have arrested no less than 8,000 German spies since the war began, and it is very evident that the spy menace is under serious consideration. One English paper urges that naturalized residents of foreign nationality shall be put under the same restrictions as un-naturalized residents, but it is improbable that any such sentiment as this is generally held. From the outside glance Prince Louis of Battenberg appears to be one of the chief sufferers from the war. Of Austrian birth, he has been a naturalized citizen of England for forty-six years, and when the war commenced was First Sea Lord. In spite of the splendid service that Prince Louis has performed for the British navy, adverse comment that a man of foreign birth should hold so prominent a position became more and more pronounced, doubtless vastly accentuated by the enforced inactivity that has marked the operations of the British fleet and which has occasioned a certain degree of disappointment. Hence Prince Louis tendered his resignation from the position which he had attained by a lifetime of hard work. The fact that the resignation was accepted, although with regret by Mr. Churchill, shows that the Admiralty realized how strongly the public felt upon this matter, for the Admiralty could have had no doubt of the loyalty and ability of Prince Louis.—Fredericton Gleaner.

When the Liver Gets Torpid

There is Nothing Like Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to Set it Right

Mrs. C. L. Cook, 248 Tenth street, Brandon, Man., writes: "I have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for the last four years for liver trouble, and can say that I have had great satisfaction and help from them. I find that I do not need any doctor if I use them when the liver gets torpid, and believe that they are exactly suited for my case. My husband has used them for kidney trouble with good results, and my daughter in Winnipeg has been helped a great deal by the use of these pills. We say we can't keep house without them, and have cheated the doctors here out of a good many visits. I think Dr. Chase's medicines are just the thing, and have recommended them to many people who have used them with good results."

By keeping the liver active and the bowels regular Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills prevent and cure such disorders as biliousness, constipation, chronic indigestion and headache. One pill a dose, 25c a box, 5 for \$1.00; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

FRUIT LAXATIVE IF CONSTIPATED, TAKE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS"

BEST LIVER AND BOWEL REGULATORY FOR MAMMA, DAD, AND CHILDREN.

If you're headachy, constipated, bilious or stomach is disordered and you want to enjoy the nicest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced, take a tablespoonful of "California Syrup of Figs" to-night and in the morning all the constipation, poison, bile and clogged-up waste will gently move out of the system without griping and you will feel splendid.

Every member of the family should use this fruit laxative as occasion demands. It is just as effective for grandpa as it is for baby. It simply

can not injure. Even cross-sick, feverish children just love its pleasant taste and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to effect a good "inside cleansing."

For thirty years "California Syrup of Figs" has been recommended by physicians as the ideal stomach, liver and bowel cleanser. Millions of families who are well informed use nothing else, but recently there has come a flood of spurious fig syrups, so we warn the public to ask plainly at drug stores for a 50 cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," and see that it is prepared by "California Fig Syrup Company." We make no cheaper size. Hand back any "counterfeit" with contempt.

IT'S SUCH A PLEASURE to bring your girl a box of Candy which you are sure will give her gratification. Candy that is pure and wholesome, and daintily boxed. If you are looking for such confectionery you will find it at our store. Take her a box tonight, and see if she doesn't say it is the best Candy she ever tasted. JOS. COTE, Wholesale Tobacconist and Confectionery, 188 ST. PAUL STREET. For consumers you may address at his Four Branches: No. 1—179 ST. JOSEPH ST. No. 2—18 ST. JOHN ST. No. 3—212 ST. JOHN ST. No. 4—79 MOUNTAIN HILL QUEBEC.



MILL SUPPLIES LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING. LACE LEATHER, BELT HOOKS. ENGINE AND CYLINDER OILS. GAS ENGINE CYLINDER OIL. COTTON WASTE. BABBITT METAL. CORDAGE, OAKUM. F. H. ANDREWS & SON, 253 St. Paul Street

COFFEE COFFEE A Special Brand of First-Class Coffee now offered for 30, 40 and 50 cts. Per Pound. GEORGE PATRY Importer, 22 Fabrique St. - - - Quebec Phone 6400

SUITINGS Nice Suitings for Men from \$20 to \$40; made to order. Let me show you the new styles and shades for your winter requirements, also latest patterns for Ladies' Suits. Nothing but the latest. T. LAFRANCE, 11 Buade St., Quebec Next Door to Chronicle Office

SPECIAL SALE of Shopping Bags Lead Bags, Leather Bags \$2. Bags for \$1. \$4. Bags for \$2. \$6. Bags for \$3. G. SEIFERT & SONS, 16 Fabrique Street.

THE CHINIC HARDWARE COY.

Demonstration of Pike's Oilstones now at Branch Store, Fabrique St. "KANT BRAKE" KNIFE SHARPENER. The most Practical for House Use. 50 Cents. The Hone that takes the "Pull" off the razor. THE IDEAL STONE FOR MECHANICS. Call for a "How to Sharpen." And Free Sample Oil Stone

November Clearing Sale Genuine Reductions

THIS WEEK WE WILL HOLD A CLEARING SALE OF A NUMBER OF LINES OF OUR EXTENSIVE STOCK, AT VERY ATTRACTIVE PRICES. LADIES' TRIMMED HATS.—All this season's stock now offered at 50% reduction: \$1.25 for 63c; \$1.75 for 88c; \$2.75 for \$1.38; \$3.48 for \$1.74; \$3.95 for \$1.98. BLANKETS.—For single beds; a very limited quantity: \$2.58 for \$1.58; \$2.68 for \$1.68; \$2.75 for \$1.75; \$3.25 for \$2.10. LACE CURTAINS.—3/4 yards long, all good patterns: 85c for 55c; 98c for 68c; \$1.20 for 80c; \$1.38 for 88c; \$2.48 for \$1.58; \$3.10 for \$1.58; \$3.75 for \$2.18. DRESS GOODS.—500 yards Colored Dress Goods at 50% reduction: 48c for 24c; 68c for 34c; 75c for 38c; 88c for 44c; \$1.10 for 55c. RAIN COATS.—In Navy and Fawn, for Ladies: \$5.00 for \$4.00; \$5.75 for \$4.50; \$7.25 for \$5.75. DOWN QUILTS.—Only a limited quantity: \$6.50 for \$4.25; \$6.75 for \$4.50; \$9.98 for \$6.75. DRESSING JACKETS.—In Colored Eiderdown Flannel: \$1.75 for 88c; \$1.88 for 94c; \$3.25 for \$1.63. FANCY FLANNELETTE.—For Kimonos and Wrappers, in a great range of patterns: 18c for 11c; 20c for 13c; 25c for 16c; 30c for 21c; 35c for 24c. BLANKET COATS.—For Children: \$3.50 for \$1.75; \$3.90 for \$1.95; \$4.25 for \$2.13; \$5.40 for \$3.00; \$5.65 for \$3.65; \$5.98 for \$3.75; \$7.25 for \$4.95.

S. J. SHAW & CO. 13 St. John St. Telephone 573 Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Hunting Knives and Axes; Shot Shells, Cartridges, Camp Blankets, (Red and Grey), Tent, Etc.

LATEST BOOKS "The Mutiny of the Elsinore".... by Jack London "Bread and Butter Files"..... by Dion Clayton Calthrop "The Last Shot" by Frederick Palmer "Sweet Apple Cove"..... by Geo. Van Schaick "The Gaunt, Gray Wolf"..... by Dillon Wallace "Hoof and Claw" by C. G. D. Roberts "The League of the Leopard"..... by Harold Bindloss "The Allison Honor"..... by Harold Bindloss "The Eyes of the World"..... by Harold Bell Wright "Bambi" by Marjorie Benton Cooke

P. J. EVOY, BOOKSELLER, Phone 772, 141 ST. JOHN ST. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

We will offer a cheap sale of Veilings and Ribbons of all colors and descriptions. Misses M. & A. Brownrigg MILLINERS, 64-66 ST. JOHN ST., QUEBEC.

W. Morton Massey GENERAL INSURANCE BROKER 111 Mountain Hill

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THE SHARPE CONSTRUCTION CO. The above company under the management of Mr. Walter Sharpe, who has been so favorably connected with many of the largest building contracts in the city, are prepared to undertake GENERAL CONTRACTING, of all descriptions, and will submit prices on any proposed building or work, on application. MANAGER: W. SHARPE (QUEBEC) Here 4082 - 109 Fleurbaey

Read This First class English and Scotch Tweed Suits, valued from \$25 to \$50 now offered for \$20.00 while they last. Benefit by this great reduction and place your order at once. S. J. BURKE, 111 St. John street - - - Quebec - - - Phone 781 - Agent. W. A. KINGSLAND.

JOHN BEGG'S SCOTCH WHISKY GREET your guest in the true spirit of cordiality. To offer Begg's Whisky is to pay him the highest compliment of all. 'Tis the Whisky of Kings! Canadian Agents: F. EDWARDS & CO., 15 Front St. East, Toronto

A CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE DAME DE QUEBEC.

Opens at night from 7 to 8.30

Head Office: 21 St. John Street, on Saturdays only. Branches, Mondays and Saturdays.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

WILL REORGANIZE CIVIC HEALTH DEPT.

COMMITTEE OF COUNCIL DECIDES TO MAKE SOME RIGOROUS REFORMS

There was an important meeting of the Civic Health Committee last night at which the question of completely reorganizing the Health Department was discussed and practically decided.

The meeting was held behind closed doors so that it could not be ascertained what would be the measures taken, but some important reforms are imminent.

It was reported that the work on the construction of the Civic Hospital was progressing well and it was decided to install a laundry for the use of the hospital in the basement, and also an apparatus for disinfecting, which would be solely for the use of the hospital while the one now being used at the hospital on Ste Marguerite street would be kept there for use through the city.

Against Spitting In order to put an end to the filthy and unsanitary habit of spitting in public places, such as churches, halls, sidewalks, etc., it was decided to have signs placed prohibiting the habit under pain of being fined, as there is a provision in the law against this abuse.

The meeting was presided over by Ald. Dussault, Chairman of the Committee.

CHAUFFEURS. Don't fail to attend the general mass meeting at the City Hall this evening, at 8.00 o'clock.

RECORDER'S COURT. For a Monday morning, the Recorder's Court was unusually dull yesterday, not one prisoner's name appearing on the charge sheet.

A WINTRY APPEARANCE. The mountains to the northward of this city presented a wintry appearance yesterday, being covered with snow.

A gentleman who arrived from Murray Bay yesterday, states that there has been good sleighing in that vicinity for the past three days.

FUNERAL OF LATE MR. JOHN E. MURPHY.

The funeral of Mr. John E. Murphy was held yesterday morning and the obsequies were very imposing, being attended by a large concourse of relations and friends. A lengthy and very representative cortege of mourners followed the remains from the home of Mr. Fergus Murphy, St. Ursule street to St. Patrick's Church, where a solemn requiem service with Libera were chanted. A full choir was in attendance and during the service a solo was rendered by Mr. Bertrand.

The chief mourners were: Messrs. Michael Murphy, of Stoneham, uncle of the deceased; Nicholas Murphy, of Montreal; Fergus Murphy, of Quebec; and Neil Murphy, of Montreal, cousins.

The remains were interred in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery.

SECOND CONTINGENT. Men Seem Well Satisfied With Their Present Quarters.

The Western members of the second contingent now domiciled in the Immigration Buildings seem well satisfied with their new quarters and no complaints have been heard as yet.

Yesterday they were put through physical training and squad drill and a good course of progressive training has been mapped out for them.

So far only two officers are with the men, these being Major S. H. Hill, who is in charge of the detachment, and Lieut. R. S. Smith, who is acting adjutant. As there should be something like a dozen officers, there is work enough and to spare for the two now there.

Captain Gilbert has been attached to the detachment for medical duty.

Among the visitors to the quarters yesterday were Col. Dodge and Major Murray.

SWIFT CO. BOOKS TO BE EXAMINED. Books Regarding Sale of Butter and Eggs in New York.

New York, Nov. 9. All the books of Swift & Company regarding butter and egg sales in New York State can now be examined by Deputy Attorney-General Kennedy, and the firm has taken under consideration the question of permitting the examination of books in the Chicago office, it was announced today by counsel for Swift & Company at the resumption of the investigation into the alleged butter and egg monopoly in this city. Mr. Kennedy recently threatened to subpoena every employe of the Swift firm if the records were withheld.

purity, honor, and devotion, even up to death, which will ever be our precious possession. For such Christian soldiers as William Herbert Pryce-Browne let us give thanks and praise. May he rest in peace.

"HOME WORKERS" THANK DONORS

GRATEFUL FOR OFFERINGS TO MOTHERLAND FOR DISTRESSED BELGIANS

The "Home Workers" desire to thank those who kindly contributed to the success of their substantial offering to the Motherland for the distressed Belgian refugees. Five large cases went forward on Friday last direct to London, Eng. for distribution.

Mrs. Wiggs, Miss Buckley and Mrs. Messervey and the ladies of their circles, and those of Chalmers Church who contributed 50 complete new infant and children's outfits—deserve great praise for the splendid result of their industry as to the members of the other numerous circles including Silery, Bergerville, St. Petronille, Neilsonville, Breakeyville, the Ladies of the Sacred Heart, the Franciscan Nuns, St. Bridget's Home and Westmount, Montreal.

Special thanks are tendered to Mr. O'Dowd, of the C. P. R., which company so generously assisted the club, also to Mr. Frank Carrell for a contribution, Messrs. Allan Boswell, F. H. Andrews, Darlington, E. J. Dynes, Wm. Jacques & Son, Pfeiffer & Co., Simons & Minguy and the Frontenac Laundry.

The Home Workers also wish to thank the Canadian Express Co. for sending on a large parcel to the H.M. C.S. Niobe; Mrs. Laurie for a quantity of cigarettes and tobacco for the sailors, Mr. P. Hogan, ditto.

102 warm caps, 25 mufflers and socks and wristlets were sent to the Niobe on Friday last.

Thanks are also due from the club to both The Chronicle and The Telegraph who send daily many copies of each paper to the military hospital a kindness, especially at the time the contingent was encamped, that was more than appreciated.

WAR BRINGS MORE MONEY TO QUEBEC

FRENCH GOVERNMENT HAS GIVEN ORDER FOR 300,000 PAIRS OF BOOTS.

The French Government will spend a sum of one million dollars in the city of Quebec within the next three months.

This announcement was made yesterday at a meeting of the Association of Shoe Manufacturers of Quebec, when an offer of a contract for three hundred thousand pairs of boots was made on behalf of the French Government.

The order came in the form of a cablegram from the Hon. P. Pelletier, Provincial Agent at London, who was acting from Hon. P. Roy, Canadian Commissioner in Paris.

Mr. Hebert Gale, President of the Shoe Manufacturers, submitted the offer to them and after due consideration they cabled later in the day accepting the offer and assuring the delivery of 150,000 pairs of boots for the end of December and the remainder one month later.

It is understood that the Hon. T. Chase Casgrain has been in communication with London and Paris, and that further important contracts will follow.

A REBELLION Food Demanded.

The human body will stand a lot of abuse but sometime it will surely rebel and demand proper food in place of the pastry, starchy, greasy stuffs on which it has been made sick.

Then is the time to try Grape-Nuts, the most scientific and perfect food in the world.

A lady writes: "Three years ago I was very ill with catarrh of the stomach and was given up to die by one doctor. I laid in bed four months and my stomach was so weak that I could not keep down medicine or hardly any kind of food and was so weak and emaciated after four months of this starvation that my daughter could easily lift me from bed and put me in my chair."

"But weak as my stomach was, it accepted, relished and digested Grape-Nuts without any difficulty the first time that wonderful food was tried."

"I am now strong and in better health than for a great many years and am gradually growing still stronger. I rely on Grape-Nuts for much of the nourishment that I get. The results have certainly been wonderful in my case and prove that no stomach is so weak it will not digest Grape-Nuts."

"My baby got fat from feeding on Grape-Nuts. I was afraid I would have to stop giving the food to him, but I guess it is a healthy fat for his health is just perfect." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A LOCAL BRANCH OF NAVY LEAGUE

NEED OF ARTICLES FOR FLEET IN THE NORTH SEA IS URGENT

Never in the lifetime of the present generation has the British navy shown itself of so great importance to the Dominion of Canada as today. Owing to it we are enjoying a measure of safety and peace which could not be our lot were the ocean routes open to the enemy. While titanic battles are being fought and the most destructive war ever known is raging in Europe, the commerce of the British Isles and of the British Dominions is being carried on as in times of peace. Our thousands of troops have crossed the ocean on transports and there has not been a single mishap. The huge, heavy, Dreadnoughts, the battle cruisers, swift torpedo craft and submarines are guarding the coasts, not only of England, but of France and of the overseas colonies and India.

The enemy's sea coasts, in consequence, are useless to him and his shipments of troops have to be entirely by land, while our navy in protecting our commerce, hinders his.

Much has been done for our soldiers, so splendidly battling against the forces of the German Emperor in France and Belgium and richly they deserve all. They are fighting as tradition has led us to expect the British soldiers to fight. But our sailors, who are serving their country and enduring just as heavy a strain; who are ever on the alert, day and night in this time of war in rough weather and calm, have not been as much in the limelight and, therefore, have not received as much attention as the "Tommy Atkins."

Many think that on board their ships our Jack Tars will have all that is needed; such, however, is not quite the case, and the British Government in mobilizing and outfitting the thousands of men in her new armies has been worked over capacity and has not been able to provide all the requirements and comforts needed on the navy.

As in other works, this is surely one in which the people of Quebec can do their part. It is too important to pass by. Many of our people do not realize the valuable and important role the fleet is playing in this present war. Indeed, it would require the enemy at our very doors to rouse others to the sense of danger and demonstrate to them the role which the British plays in maintaining our peace?

The following letter from Lady Jellicoe appeared in the London "Times" on Monday, October 17th: To the Editor of the "Times":

"Sir:—There is a very prevalent idea about that the navy have enough winter comforts. I beg to state such is not the case. Only yesterday my husband wrote, 'Although the Admiralty are providing extra warm things for the fleet, it won't be nearly enough, and every helmet, glove or stocking that you can get will be most welcome.' Sir John also writes what the men badly want are sea-boots and oilskins."

"I suggest that all comforts, such as mufflers, jerseys, gloves, etc., be sent to the Navy League, 47 Grosvenor Square, or to the Needlework Committee of the Primrose League, 64 Victoria street, S.W., who will gladly forward them immediately to His Majesty's ships as they come in, and I will gladly receive subscriptions at 29 Sussex Square, W., to buy the much-needed sea-boots and oilskins and forward them immediately to the fleet."

Yours truly, (Signed), GWENDOLINE JELICOE, 29 Sussex Square, Hyde Park, W.



TO GUARD AGAINST ALUM IN BAKING POWDER SEE THAT ALL INGREDIENTS ARE PLAINLY PRINTED ON THE LABEL, AND THAT ALUM OR SULPHATE OF ALUMINA OR SODIC ALUMINIC SULPHATE IS NOT ONE OF THEM. THE WORDS "NO ALUM" WITHOUT THE INGREDIENTS IS NOT SUFFICIENT. MAGIC BAKING POWDER COSTS NO MORE THAN THE ORDINARY KINDS. FOR ECONOMY, BUY THE ONE POUND TINS.



E. W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

October 10. It is now proposed that a branch of the Navy League should be formed in Quebec in order that any who wish to work for our sailors both Canadian and English may have a centre to which to send donations of work or money and a notice of a meeting for that purpose will be in the papers shortly.

Appeal For Aid In the meantime the Stadacona Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire at their meeting last week voted \$250 towards the sea-boots and oilskin coats mentioned in the above letter, and they would ask the public to add to this sum in order that a really substantial amount may be sent next week to Lady Jellicoe to give some of our brave and hardy sailors protection against the winter weather in the North Sea and the comforts they deserve.

Miss Scott, No. 2 Morrin College Court, the Provisional Secretary of the Navy League, will be glad to receive donations of money or woolen mitts, mufflers, etc. for this purpose.

GREEK MINISTER TO U.S. RECALLED

DISAGREEMENT WITH HIS GOVERNMENT'S POLICY CAUSES HIS RECALL

Washington, Nov. 9.—The Greek Minister, Mr. Schliemann, announced today that because of a disagreement with his government's policy which made it impossible for him to carry out certain instructions he had received from Athens he had been recalled and that Mr. Vouros, former Charge D'Affaires, had been instructed to take over Greek interests here.

RIGHT OF INDIAN RESERVES TO VOTE

QUESTION ARGUED IN SUPERIOR COURT HERE YESTERDAY.

A rather interesting case was argued before Judge Dorion in the Superior Court yesterday, the parties interested being Messrs. Rheame and Martel vs. the Municipality of St. Ambroise, Indian Lorette.

The action is in connection with the alleged placing of the names of some 88 Indians from the Reserve at Lorette on the electoral list by the Municipality of St. Ambroise. The plaintiffs, who are represented by Mr. L. A. Cannon, claim that these Indians living on reserves are not entitled to votes and consequently they want their names erased, while Mr. J. E. Bedard and Mr. L. Larue, for the Corporation and M. Pastin, Chief of the Indians, respectively, put forth strong pleas in favor of the names being included on the electoral list.

After the evidence had been completed and the counsels for the parties interested concluded their pleading Judge Dorion took the case en deliber.

The family names of Grosjean, Sion, Vincent, Peadar, Roumain and Bastien repeatedly appear among the 88 Indians who are alleged to be included on the electoral list of the municipality in question.

CHAUFFEURS NOTICE

Don't fail to attend the General Mass Meeting at the City Hall, tonight, Nov. 10, at 8 p.m.

CIVIL ENGINEER & L. SURVEYOR A. LEOPRED, 39 St. Jean, QUEBEC. Phone 545

J. M. & D. M. CROTEAU CIVIL ENGINEERS and LAND SURVEYORS. 81 ST. PETER STREET, QUEBEC. SPECIALTY:—FOREST SURVEYS and MAPPING. Spt. 10xly

RENE C. DELERY, L.L., Notary Real Estate Agent Phone 4621 - 67 St. Louis Street Money to Loan on Mortgage in City or Country.

BIRTH

RATTRAY—On the 9th instant, at the Jeffery Hale Hospital to Mr. and Mrs. E. E. B. Rattray, a son.

DIED.

BOLDUC—On Sunday, 8th Nov., at the age of 27 years, Mrs. Beny J. Bolduc, nee Ida Jobin.

The funeral will leave her late residence, 118 Scott street at 8:45 a.m. on Tuesday, 10th November, for St. John's Church, thence to Belmont Cemetery.

AUDITORIUM

FIVE ACTS OF VAUDEVILLE AND MOVING PICTURES PRICES: Matinee 10c. Evening 10, 15, 25c. Nov. 10x5

Ladies' Overcoats

We are offering a nice selection of LADIES' OVERCOATS, all the latest styles, at a reduction of 40c on the dollar.

Comfort Clothing Store, 11 St. Joseph Street. Nov. 10x5

Quebec Snowshoe Club

The Annual Meeting will take place at the Chateau Frontenac THURSDAY 12th INST, at 8:30 p.m. EDW. C. JOSEPH, Hon. Sec. Nov. 10x3

Annual Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of the Quebec Court Tennis Club will be held at Morrin College Hall on TUESDAY, NOV. 10th at 5 p.m.

"RE CROSS SALE"

The Mission Band of Chalmers' Church will hold a sale of fancy work aprons, home-made cake and candy on TUESDAY, NOV. 10th at 4 p.m. Articles priced from 5 cents to \$1. Tea will be served. It is hoped that everyone interested in "Red Cross" work will keep this in mind.

By Request

Second Performance CHILDREN'S AFTERNOON THURSDAY, 12th NOV., 2:30 p.m. in aid of CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND under the auspices of Knights of Columbus Admission: Children 10c.; Adults, 25c. Nov. 10x3

Increase Your Earning Power!!

Industrial Instruction in the Y. M. C. A. EVENING EDUCATIONAL CLASSES Courses Offered Commercial Law, Book-keeping, Shorthand, Commercial Geography, Commercial Arithmetic, French, Business Correspondence, English Reading and Composition, Penmanship, Spelling. First Aid to the Injured Classes open under competent instructors on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16th Get prospectus giving full particulars from the General Secretary, Y. M. C. A., Nov. 10x6 150 St. John street.

The House of G. Robitaille Will Furnish a Knabe Piano to The Ladies' Morning Musical Club.

At the special request of our celebrated artist, Leopold Morin, the House of Robitaille will furnish a superb Concert Knabe Piano for the series of concerts organized by the Ladies' Morning Musical Club, at the Knights of Columbus Hall. The Knabe is chosen in preference to all others by artists and connoisseurs.



Our November Sales Are Continuing and are proving more fruitful than ever for our customers

SILK SILK SILK

2,000 yards of Silk, Paillette and Tamaline, of very fine quality will be placed on sale this week at the price of ... 53c. All Colors, Black and White included. Large sale of Mantles for Children..... 25 p.c. Discount on this line.

OUR SALE OF COSTUMES WILL CONTINUE THIS WEEK

UNDERSHIRTS! UNDERSHIRTS! Come and see the large assortment of undershirts that we have for Ladies, Gentlemen, Boys and Children. All sizes. Prices guaranteed or money refunded.

SPECIALTY Clothing: Overcoats for Men \$6.50 to \$35.00 Overcoats for Boys..... \$3.39 to \$15.75 Suits for Men \$6.95 to \$30.00 For Boys \$2.95 to \$12.50

At the Large Stores of Quebec Centre FAGUY, LEPINAY & FRERE 254-264 St. John Street

You Should Worry If

it were difficult to find a safe and reliable remedy for the ailments due to irregular or defective action of the stomach, liver or bowels. These ailments are likely to attack anyone; likely, too, to lead to worse sickness if not relieved.

Beecham's Pills

are famous the world over, for their power to correct these troubles certainly and safely. They cleanse the system, purify the blood and act as a general tonic upon body, brain and nerves. Indigestion, biliousness, constipation might, indeed, cause you prolonged suffering and expose you to danger if Beecham's Pills

Were Not On Hand

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

WHO'S YOUR GROCER ?

We beg to advise our friends and the public generally, that we have opened a Grocery business at the old and well-known stand:

No. 235 ST. JOHN STREET,

formerly so successfully conducted by Mr. Leon Gaboury. A full stock of everything in the Grocery line will always be found at our Store.

With right prices and courteous and prompt attention to the wants of customers, a share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

BROUSSEAU & MATTE

Phone No. 4021. 235 ST. JOHN STREET.

Nov. 10 tu, fri x 3 m

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Reliable - Perfect - Economical

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PLUMBER and ELECTRICIAN
How about the plumbing and electric fixings of your residence? Let us overhaul them for you. We do everything in modern plumbing and electrical apparatus, and make a specialty of apparatus for hot air, hot water, and steam heating.

A full line of Hall and Kitchens Stoves
A new assortment of the celebrated Tungsten Lamp.

119 to 123 BRIDGE STREET
Shop: 124 King St., St. Roch.
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Long span Reinforced Hollow-Tile Flooring

This system of Fireproof Flooring consists of porous hollow tiles bonded into slabs, it does away with the beams and may be used for every ordinary span and live load in buildings of all kind.

It is a very cheap floor, because its simple construction makes a great saving in labor and material; it is the lightest and thinnest without exception, on the market.

It is fireproof, being built up with hollow terra cotta blocks, cemented together and reinforced by steel rods, it is classified by the British Fire Prevention Committee under "Full Protection."

The safest and strongest without exception.

CANADIAN FIREPROOFING CO., LTD.,
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DRINK COCO COLA

In Bottles Refreshing AND Delicious

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THE GREAT THIRST QUENCHER AND REPLACA OF CHAMPAGNE

TONOMEAD

The Great English Tonic and Blood Builder

M. TIMMONS & SON, QUEBEC, P. Q.
SOLE AGENTS AND BOTTLERS.

Latest Sporting News

FREDDIE WELSH ONLY GETS DRAW

CHARLIE WHITE OF CHICAGO EVENED UP IN CLOSING ROUNDS.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 9.—Freddie Welsh of Wales, lightweight champion of the world, was held to a draw by Charlie White of Chicago, in a fiercely fought ten-round contest here tonight. Under the law a referee's decision could not be given, but it was the opinion of the newspaper experts that White evened up honors by his whirlwind finish.

White opened a wound over the champion's left eye and Welsh partially blinded by a thin stream of blood, was forced to back away in the tenth and cover up to escape White's terrific rights and lefts to the head.

When they weighed at 3 o'clock the champion stripped at 141 and White in fighting garb weighed 135.

The first round was lively, but ineffective. White deserved a shade in the second and third rounds, landing a number of hard blows on Welsh and striving to put over his left hook, credited with being his knockout punch. White landed a good uppercut in the third and put right and left to the body, but followed by missing with three left hooks.

Welsh began to fight like a champion in the fourth, backing White into a corner and giving him a good lacing and in the fifth Welsh took another big lead, whaling White all around the ring and taking little punishment in return. The Chicago boy showed better in the sixth but Welsh jarred White with lefts and took the round by a shade.

White came back strong in the seventh and the round was about even.

Welsh deserved the eighth by a shade though both boys missed many times.

White outfought Welsh in the ninth. They traded punches at the bell and after a hard rally in the centre of the ring, the Chicago boy made the champion back away. White drove Welsh into a corner and laced him with stinging rights and lefts to the body. White landed two rights on Welsh's jaw as the round ended.

White rushed the fight in the tenth, again driving Welsh into a corner where he landed five times without a return. White opened up a cut over Welsh's eye and peppered him with rights and lefts to the head. Welsh swung wildly with blood trickling into his eye. He went into a clinch and as they broke White put two lefts to Welsh's head and a right to his jaw. The last two rounds were White's all the way. White left the ring without a mark while Welsh was bleeding profusely.

VIC'S WON BOWLING GAME.

Defeat St. Patrick's in Three Strings Last Evening.

Though beaten in three straight strings by the Victoria bowlers last evening, the St. Patrick's team, which includes all bowlers whose previous experience extends over a period of three short weeks, showed much improvement over their last game and gave evidence of being quite a strong aggregation before the season is very far advanced. The Vics won the first string by 37 pins, the second by 27, and the last by 43; Kurth's fine string of 178 saving the string for his team. Marchessault who was formerly a class "A" man, led the scorers with 467, Kurth the Vic's captain, rolled 434, followed by Captain O'Sullivan of St. Pat's, with 410, and H. Ledden with 383. The games were played on the alleys of the Quebec Bowling and Billiard Club.

The scores follow:

St. Patrick's			
O'Sullivan	125	129	156—410
Ledden	106	137	140—383
Ashton	110	92	109—311
Walker	129	105	139—373
Kirkwood	82	158	135—375
Totals	552	621	679—1852

Victorias.			
Lamothe	86	123	118—327
Jobin	111	116	129—356
Cartier	103	137	135—375
Marchessault	150	155	162—467
Kurth	139	117	178—434
Totals	589	648	722—1959

Four umpire: Mr. G. Ghwey. Scorer: Mr. P. Labrecque.

After the game the winners were presented with the handsome (?) cup which was held by St. Pat's, and are now to defend it against all comers. That much interest is being taken in bowling this season is evidenced by the large attendance at last night's game, which was only a friendly encounter.

GIBBONS HAD AN EASY MARK IN DONAVAN.

New York, Nov. 9.—"Mike" Gibbons of St. Paul, defeated "Young Mike" Donovan, of this city, in a ten round match at Madison Square Garden here tonight, the referee stopping the one-sided contest in the sixth round to prevent a knockout.

Donovan was unable to make any impression on the western boxer, who displayed his usual cleverness. Gibbons weighed 154½ pounds and his opponent 156½.

MILLER WON LONG AUTOMOBILE RACE

THOUGH CAR OVERTURNED HE BROKE RECORD IN 533 MILES RUN.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 9.—Hugh Miller of Phoenix won today the El Paso-Phoenix road race of 533 miles in 14 hours, 35 minutes, reducing last year's time more than two hours.

J. T. Hutchins, Alamo Gordo, New Mexico, was second, time 15:57; C. Tucker, El Paso, third, time 16:40.

Miller's average was 37 miles per hour. His car overturned yesterday near Bisbee, but both he and his mechanic escaped injury.

BASEBALL STAR DIES FROM INJURY

DANNY GREEN STRUCK ON HEAD YEARS AGO NEVER RECOVERED.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—Danny Green, at one time a star outfielder on the Chicago National and American League baseball teams, died today in an institution in Camden, N.J. While playing with the Minneapolis team of the American Association several years ago Green was struck on the head by a pitched ball and never recovered from the effects of the injury.

YALE PREPARES FOR PRINCETON

COACH HINKEY BEGAN WORK OF TUNING UP THE FOOTBALL SQUAD.

New Haven Conn., Nov. 9.—Coach Hinkey today began the work of tuning up the Yale football team in preparation for the game with Princeton on Saturday.

Today's practice lasted two and one-half hours. The rush line was given the most attention, collectively and individually. The men were inexperienced as to the Harvard and Princeton styles of attack. There was a short scrimmage in which the Varsity scored a touchdown.

LEWIS OUTFOUGHT PHIL. BLOOM.

New York, November 9.—"Kid" Lewis, the English lightweight, made his first appearance in America in a ten round bout with Phil Bloom, of Brooklyn. Lewis outfought his opponent all the way. Both men fought at 135 pounds.

HARVARD MEN GIVEN A REST.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 9.—Harvard's regular players were excused from football practice today, although all of them were reported to have come through the Princeton game last Saturday in good shape. The Varsity substitutes scrimmaged against the Freshmen, scoring three touchdowns to one field goal by the first year men. Long runs by Wilcox, the fleet substitute back, were the main features of the day's work.

NATIONAL BASEBALL.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 9.—There was every indication tonight that the National Association of Professional Baseball Clubs, in convention here would declare almost unanimously in favor of remaining under the National agreement.

Nearly 300 delegates to the convention, which will open tomorrow, are now here.

The Board of Arbitration found on its hands a much more greater task than it had anticipated, 268 cases being presented for its consideration. The entire afternoon was spent by the board hearing these complaints and it was evident that it would not conclude its sessions until some time tomorrow.

Former Governor Tener arrived in the city today and August Herrmann, Ban Johnson, and E. G. Barrows, the president of the International League, are expected to reach here tomorrow morning.

DUTCH FISHING BOAT STRIKES A MINE.

Lowestoft, via London, Nov. 9.—11 a.m.—The Dutch fishing lugger Poolster has foundered through striking a mine. The crew of the lugger were landed here today.

ITALIAN SHIPS DETAINED BY BRITISH

Gibraltar, Spain, Nov. 9.—(By way of London, 5:02 p.m.)—The Italian steamer Europa of La Veloce Line, which sailed with passengers from New York on October for Naples and Genoa, was detained here today by British warships and is discharging alleged contraband of war.



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Get **DOUBLE** pleasure from its new **DOUBLE** Strength Peppermint flavor—

It is wholesome, springy chicle—smooth chewing and savory—healthful exercise for mouth and throat muscles—good for the teeth—steadies the stomach—helps digestion.

DOUBLE wrapped and sealed to insure your getting the full original flavor—fresh, tasty and clean.

It is a companion product to the famous



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If you like Peppy-Peppermint, get the new double strength **DOUBLEMINT**.

Both give l-o-n-g l-a-s-t-i-n-g delight—the biggest value in benefit and enjoyment for 5 cents.

Be sure to get **WRIGLEYS!** c3

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SPECIAL

White Organdie and Dimity Blouses in up-to-date styles.

Extra good quality Cluny Insertions and Laces in white and cream, from 1-2 to 4 inches wide. Special..... 4c, 6c and 8c.

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INAUGURAL BANQUET OF LONDON'S LORD MAYOR

(Continued from Page Three)

been curtailed in some directions unemployment had been rather below than above the average. In this connection Mr. Asquith paid a tribute to the Corporation of City Financiers for relieving the situation. He announced that the King in recognition of this had conferred a peerage on Sir Walter Cunliffe, governor of the Bank of England.

Mr. Asquith told his hearers that they should not be moved unduly by the conflicting fortunes of a campaign which was going to be a long struggle.

"There is certainly nothing," he declared, "in the warfare of this hundred days to damp our hope, to depress our confidence or impair our resolve. Our enemies tried in turn three separate objectives, namely, Paris, Warsaw, and Calais. From each in turn they retired balked, frustrated by the invincible steadfastness of the Allies. But this is not enough. We shall not sheathe the sword which we have not lightly drawn until Belgium recovers in full measure more than all that she has sacrificed. (Cheers); until France is adequately secure against the menace of aggression; until the rights of the smaller nationalities of Europe are placed on an unassailable foundation; until the military domination of Prussia is fully and finally destroyed. (Prolonged cheers). That is a great task, worthy of a great nation. It means for its accomplishment that every man among us, old or young, rich or poor, busy or leisured, learned or simple, should give what he has and do what he can. (Prolonged cheers).

Scenes of Enthusiasm

London, Nov. 9, 9.40 p.m.—Scenes of extraordinary enthusiasm were witnessed at the Guild Hall tonight on the occasion of the inaugural banquet of the new Lord Mayor of London, Sir Charles Johnston, who succeeds Sir Thomas V. Bowater, added interest attached to the gathering by reason of the special circumstances of the times and the presence of the principal Ministers of the Crown responsible for the conduct of the war and the diplomatic representations of the allied nations.

Guild Hall has been the scene of many civic and national functions in the past hundred years, but seldom has there been one which so strongly appealed to the popular imagination. The guests, who numbered a thousand and included the leading statesmen, diplomats and financiers, entered the civic headquarters of London between two lines of khaki-clad riflemen. As each dignitary entered the reception hall he was greeted with rounds of cheers, but the real outbursts were reserved for Premier Asquith, Earl Kitchener, Secretary for War, Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, the Japanese, Russian and French ambassadors, the Belgian minister and the commander of the Canadian contingent.

As these entered the hall, which was decorated with the flags and coats of arms of the Allied nations, the enthusiasm knew no bounds, the entire assembly rising to welcome them. The military men, including Lord Kitchener, wore service uniforms of khaki; the ambassadors and other diplomats were in the brilliant uniforms of their rank.

Mr. Balfour's Speech

The formal toast to the King and Royal Family having been proposed, ex-Premier Arthur J. Balfour proposed "The Allies." He emphasized that the toast was without precedent, but, he added, "we are living in times that are also without precedent, when the whole world is either in arms or in anxious expectation."

Japan, continued Mr. Balfour, had made one of the most dramatic answers, by the capture of Tsing-Tau, to the most insolent message ever sent by one sovereign to another—that which seventeen years ago compelled Japan to give up Port Arthur which she had taken from the Chinese.

The ex-Premier spoke in glowing terms of the gallantry of the Russian army, the powers of organization displayed by Grand Duke Nicholas and the remorseless speed with which Russia had carried out her movements. Here one success after another might be looked for, and as for the west the memory of the days when the French and British fought side by side against the enemy of civilization would never be forgotten.

Mr. Balfour also spoke of Serbia, which was prepared to give up everything short of national existence to keep peace, and of Belgium, whose history was even more tragic. Belgium had been overrun by the Germans for no cause except expediency of war. Cynicism could go no further in politics, and he denounced "the reckless and brutal militarism inflicted upon a civil population."

Belgium, he declared, would be restored to all, and more, of her ancient prosperity by the Allies who were bound together by the pursuit of one great object, and there was no danger of disagreement, for no mean or petty motive actuated any of them.

"We are five nations," said the ex-Premier in conclusion, "and we fight not for ourselves alone but for civilization and for all small states who seek to follow their own ideals, without interference from many unauthorized and insolent aggressors."

French Ambassador's Speech

London, Nov. 9, 10.20 p.m.—The French Ambassador, Paul Cambon, said:

"We are allied for the defence of liberty; of empire, and for the protection of oppressed nationalities.

We have never had any other end in view than the maintenance of peace, and in spite of all the snares which have been laid for us we have never ceased to work for it. It is therefore, a libel to assert that at any moment we cherished warlike mental reservations.

"When history seeks out the responsible authors of so much bloodshed; of so much ruin and the misery of those mourning; of those methodical massacres and of that mourning which is of every family from one end of Europe to the other; of that systematic destruction of monuments—the sublime expression of Christian thought—we can remain imperturbable—the responsibility will not lie with us.

"We did not attack; we acted in self-defence. We do not seek to slake the lusts of conquests and domination; we simply wish to have European civilization. We know that this war has been long prepared; that the most powerful instruments of destruction have been created; that there has been inculcated into a whole people the cult of force and disdain of right, and there has been a persistent endeavor to banish all feeling of humanity from its heart; that a once orderly nation has been turned into a house of barbarians.

"These professors of brutality thought they had foreseen everything. They had not foreseen that they would come into conflict with the conscience of the civilized world in this murderous war—the most terrible the world has ever seen.

"We remain true to our ideal of humanity and liberty. In this ideal we have a source of moral energy which will enable us to master the material forces massed against us. We do not, like others, lay claim to have Providence at our disposal, but we believe in eternal justice and await its decrees with unshakable confidence."

Churchill's Speech.

Replying to the toast to the navy, Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, said:

"Eighty miles away the greatest battle in the world is going on. Our countrymen with our allies are striving to break the cruel tide of German devastation and here we sit, in this old hall, as we have done before. That is due to the navy.

"While we do not shrink from the full rigors of the war," continued the First Lord, "we, thanks to the navy, happily are free from most of them."

There was a natural impatience on the part of the navy, said the First Lord, to strike a blow, but the people must be patient; the conditions of naval warfare were curious and novel. Great Britain was endeavoring to maintain all the seas and secure all the highways across the ocean against methods never before adopted. The navy was protecting the transport of forces to the theatre of war. This great task compelled it to offer a target incomparably greater than that the enemy offered to the British sailors.

"Business as usual, pending alterations in the map of Europe," was England's motto, and, on the whole, she was achieving that object. The economic pressure brought about by the naval blockade, he declared, would ultimately spell the doom of Germany as certainly as winter struck the leaves from the trees.

"In spite of the losses of ships, not of the highest importance, and of men, irreplaceable," said Mr. Churchill, "the navy is stronger at every point of service than it was on the day war broke out. It is stronger most particularly in those branches of naval service which modern experience has shown to exercise the most powerful influence.

LORD MAYOR'S AFTERNOON PARADE.

Canadian Representatives Were Most Popular in March Past.

London, Nov. 9, 10.45 a.m.—Shorn of its picturesque pageantry, but with its imperial and military features unprecedented in a century, the Lord Mayor's Parade made its way through the streets today in the first part of the ceremonial inaugurating Sir Charles Johnston as Lord Mayor of London in succession to Sir Thomas V. Bowater.

No English institution is more traditional than Lord Mayor's Day but with the exception of the gaudily decorated state coaches of the Lord Mayor and other civic dignitaries, the parade today showed little color. The men were clad soberly in khaki and there was none of the brilliant display which usually distinguishes the procession.

Enormous crowds gathered early to obtain places from which to see the men who are now fighting England's battles on the continent. One of the most popular organizations in the parade consisted of several battalions of the Canadian troops now waiting in England their opportunity to go to the front. Many of the London city regiments were represented by squads of men, and when a battalion of the London Scottish who recently distinguished themselves in France, swung along to the skirl of the pipes, the crowd hailed them with great enthusiasm. But none of the military created more interest than did the veterans of the naval battalions who survived the fall of Antwerp.

The Lord Mayor's banquet tonight also will provide unique and historical features. The attendance of members of the Cabinet promises to be greater than ever before in the history of

PERSONAL

Mr. Fred W. Barnes, of Toronto, is at the Chateau.

Mr. J. R. Bisailon, of Montreal, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Gareau, of Montreal, are guests at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Melrose, of Coaticook, are guests at the St. Louis Hotel.

Mr. Phil H. Burns, of Montreal, is a guest at the St. Louis Hotel.

Miss M. E. Dunn, of St. Petronille, is among the guests at the Chateau.

Mr. Fred Ford arrived in the city yesterday, and is at the St. Louis Hotel.

Miss Corinne Dupuis, of Montreal, is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Dupuis.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Morr are in the city from New York and are staying at the Chateau.

Mrs. Cecil Leibich, of this city, who has been spending a short time in Montreal, has returned home.

Messrs. P. D'Auteuil, and J. S. Maltais are in town from Murray Bay and are staying at the St. Louis Hotel.

Recent Quebec arrivals at the Place Viger, Montreal, included Judge Langelier, Messrs. Philippe Paradis and L. G. Gravel.

Mrs. D'Arcy Scott and Mrs. Arthur Brophy, arrived in the city last evening from Ottawa, and are guests at the Chateau.

Mrs. E. A. Panet, of St. Raymond, is in town for a few days, the guest of her mother, Mrs. Van Felson, 137 St. Anne street.

The friends of Dr. A. Z. Crepeault, graduate of the Laval University, of Quebec, will be glad to learn that he has been appointed chief house physician at the St. Justine Hospital, at Montreal.

Late arrivals at the Chateau: J. R. Bisailon, L. F. Pennol, John W. Wetmore, P. A. Decary, W. Macdonald, Mr. and Mrs. A. Gareau, F. J. Perego, of Montreal; Fred W. Barnett, of Toronto; L. Leger, Lachine; Mrs. D'Arcy Scott, Mrs. Art. Brophy, Ottawa; A. C. Tyler, A. E. Modley, B. Rubin, S. Amalo, E. Ford, Ragan, of Montreal; Miss M. E. Dunn, St. Petronille; C. J. Appleby, Providence; Mr. and Mrs. J. Douglas Moir, New York; W. Lawson, Ottawa.

Registered at the St. Louis Hotel: H. J. Harris, Geo. P. Kearley, J. A. Clague, G. Walsh, E. W. Prunseau, W. J. Lafaire, Philip H. Burns, Chas. Morgan, R. J. Foreman, all of A. P. Davidson, W. B. Macdonald, Montreal. Fred Ford, Hamilton, Ont. of Toronto; P. D'Auteuil, and J. S. Maltais, of Murray Bay; Mr. and Mrs. Melrose, Coaticook; G. S. Grenier, G. Julien, J. Lesueur, H. Pango, N. Lavoie, of Ste. Thecle; A. D. Lefebvre, W. McCord, A. D. Stevens and M. Casey, of La Tuque; C. Layland, of Hartford.

The marriage was celebrated in Winnipeg last week, of Miss Virginia Rice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Rice, of Winnipeg, to Mr. Patrick J. Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Moore, of Quebec. The Rev. W. Patton officiated in St. Mary's Church, where stately white lilies were arranged against a background of palms around the altar. The service was fully choral with vocal solos and violin accompaniments. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of ivory satin with pointed train and wired tulle of Brussels net; draped bodice finished with pearls and collar of rose-point lace; a tulle veil arranged in cap effect with coronet of orange blossoms and pearls, and a diamond pendant and carried a shower of bridal roses and lilies-of-the-valley. Miss Vera Rice, cousin of the bride, was her maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Justine Jobin, Miss Kathryn Herden, Miss Helen Sherry and Miss Anorah Lane. Mr. Louis Redmond was best man, and the ushers were Mr. Joseph and Mr. Conway Rice, Mr. Leo Riordan and Mr. James Morkin. Mr. and Mrs. Moore left on a visit to Chicago and other points, and on their return will reside in Winnipeg.

WORDSWORTH ON POETRY AND PROSE.

Poetry, said Wordsworth in his "Preface to Lyrical Ballads," is the spontaneous overflow of powerful feelings; it takes its origin from emotion re-collected in tranquillity; the emotion is contemplated till, by a species of reaction, the tranquillity gradually disappears, and an emotion, kindred to that which was before the subject of contemplation, is gradually produced, and does itself actually exist in the mind. In this mood successful composition generally begins, and in a mood similar to this it is carried on; but the emotion, of whatever kind and in whatever degree, from various causes, is qualified by various pleasures, so that in describing any passions whatsoever, which are voluntarily described, the mind will, upon the whole, be in a state of enjoyment. If Nature be thus cautious to preserve in a state of enjoyment a being so employed, the poet ought to profit by the lesson held forth to him, and ought especially to take care that, whatever passions he communicates to his reader, those passions, if his reader's mind be sound and vigorous, should always be accompanied with an overbalance of pleasure.

Now the music of harmonious metrical language, the sense of difficulty overcome, and the blind association of pleasure which has been previously received from works of rhyme or metre of the same or similar construc-

this function and the Opposition also will be well represented. Ordinarily there are not more than two or three foreign diplomats present, but tonight nineteen ambassadors and ministers will be about the tables.

FIRST IN PEACE and FIRST IN WAR

These oft quoted words may appropriately be applied to THE LITERARY DIGEST in its presentation of the great human interest news of the world. This illustrated news-weekly is read regularly by thousands of Canadians from Halifax to Vancouver. It has got at the hearts of Americans and Canadians alike through its masterly presentation of WAR NEWS from all the countries interested and without favor or bias. It reflects the public opinion of the warring countries by reprinting the most important news-reports as published in their own newspapers and periodicals.

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If for any reason your news-dealer does not carry THE LITERARY DIGEST or if you are living distant from a city or town send to the publication office (354 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK) the sum of \$3.85 and your subscription will be entered for one year (52 numbers). The publishers make this guaranty: If at the end of two months you should wish to cancel your subscription a notice to this effect will bring you by return mail the full amount paid (\$3.85)

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The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary) NEW YORK 5

an indistinct perception perpetually renewed of language closely resembling that of real life, and yet, in the circumstance of metre, differing from it so widely—all these imperceptibly make up a complex feeling of delight which is of the most important use in tempering the painful feeling always found intermingled with powerful descriptions of the deeper passions. All that it is necessary to say upon the subject may be affected by affirming, what few persons will deny, that of two descriptions, either

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN" MAKES SICK, SOUR, GASSY STOMACHS FEEL FINE.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from any stomach misery. Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY HAS COME



To procure this fine Winter Overcoat in ALL WOOL TWEEDS, HEATHER MIXTURES and ALL PURE WORSTEDS.

PRICES RIGHT A large variety of other styles are also shown.

A big stock of Mens' Suits in brand new styles just in.

R. J. G. GORE, 6 Fabrique Street.

CLOTHES OF MERIT

of passions manners, or characters, each of them equally well executed, the one in prose and the other in verse, the verse will be read a hundred times where the prose is read once.

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and so certainly cure you. 50c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 10c. stamp to pay postage.

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SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS

GOVERNMENT'S Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Northwest Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia and the tract of Three and a Half Millions Acres, Located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in the Province of British Columbia.

LICENSES. A license to cut timber on a tract not exceeding twenty-five square miles in extent may be acquired only at public auction.

TIMBER PERMITS AND DUES. Permits may be granted in the Province of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to owners of portable saw mills, to cut over a definitely described tract of land not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 50c. per thousand feet, B.M., and of a fee at the rate of \$100.00 per square mile for each permit.

TIMBER FOR HOMESTEADERS. Any occupant of a homestead quarter-section having no timber of his own suitable for the purpose may, provided he has not previously been granted free allowance of timber, obtain a free permit to cut the quantity of building and fencing timber set out in Section 39 of the Regulations.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 30 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G., Dept. of the Minister of the Interior. N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the Testamentary Executors of the late CHARLES E. LEVEY, in his lifetime of the City of Quebec, will make application to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec at its next session for the passing of an act clearly defining the powers of such Testamentary Executors, and particularly authorizing them to invest the moneys of the estate as securities mature from time to time in any part of Canada and for other purposes.

Pentland, Stuart, Gravel and Thomson, Attys. for Plaintiff. Quebec, October 3rd, 1914. Oct.7x1m

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\$10.00 Cash and \$6.00 per month will put a beautiful PIANO in your home

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Date of Sailing with ports of departure and arrival, compiled for the Chronicle by F. S. Stocking, General Steamship Agents, 32 St. Louis Street, Quebec.

Table with columns for ship name, destination, and date of sailing. Includes entries for Hebrides, New Amsterdam, Numidian, Megantic, St. Louis, etc.

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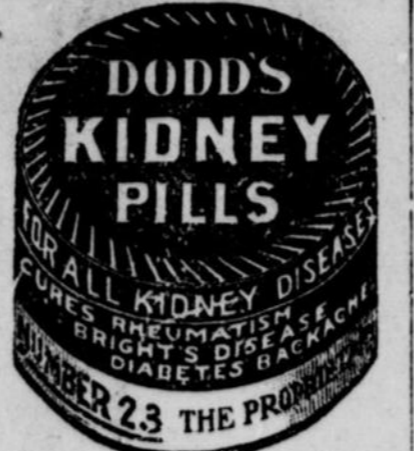
HORREX'S HOTEL STRAND LONDON, ENGLAND

From 6 Bed-Breakfast-Attendance \$1.50 Telegrams Horrex's, E. Strand, London. Jan.6xtu,th,satx26

\$10.00 Cash and \$6.00 per month will put a beautiful PIANO in your home

Just receiving a new stock of PIANOS from the leading manufacturers

ARTHUR LAVIGNE 54 Couillard Street



WHY GERMANY WENT TO WAR

CORRESPONDENT WHO HAS LIVED IN GERMANY GIVES HIS IMPRESSIONS.

Quebec, Nov. 9, 1914. To Editor of The Chronicle. Dear sir,—In quite a goodly number of your able, strong and terse editorials you have found yourself—like many of us—confronted with this most puzzling, enigmatical fact, one so difficult to understand, to wit: How it has come to pass that a nation steeped in intellectuality, as the Germans undoubtedly are, has allowed itself to be thrust into such a whirlpool of war, devastations, massacres, with no end of untold, infamous, unredeemable crimes of every imaginable kind!

Having lived for many years in different parts of Germany, and mingled very closely—owing to academic and family connections—with quite a few of their famous scholars, some of world-wide and enduring fame, I may perhaps be permitted to say a word or two on that subject.

The three afore-mentioned reasons, are to my mind the following: First—there being no question that the Germans have worked harder and more perseveringly than other nations on all the paths of human knowledge, especially on those of industry and commerce, it was natural that they should want to own such tracts of the earth from where the indisputable raw material are derived, and that lie unoccupied and useless in the hands of nations seemingly incapable of using them, for one reason or another.

It is a fact that the Germans have derived more profit and wealth from the French and some English colonies than either the French or the English have been doing all the time. It was then perfectly human that they should feel an invisible craving for the ownership of such fields and countries. Very likely the welfare of the world would be greatly benefited if these tracts and lands were in the hands of a most ambitious and enterprising race, if not the most hard-working under the sun.

Secondly,—Germany is facing a very ominous problem, one due to the ever-growing increase of her population. An authority which calls itself conservative estimated—a year ago—that by the year 1925, the population of the Empire would be about eighty millions, about twice what it was in the days of Prince Bismarck. I take it from some statistical reports that Germany is far from being self-supporting. During the years from 1895 to 1900 the corn-growers of the country were able to supply but 92.5 per cent of the nation's needs in rye, and 73.7 per cent in wheat and spelt.

And, during very recent years, Germany has had to import very nearly two million tons of wheat, owing to a deficit in rye that averaged half a million tons in the years 1902-1903. The reader will easily see the disproportion, there, between the growth of population and the increase of production. Again, it was not solely very very human, but imperatively required that some remedies should be found for obviating the danger that was visibly imperilling the future of the Empire. The creation of colonies or of the capturing of other people's colonies, were, beside the acquisition of new markets, the only means they found able to solve the problem of an ever-increasing population, and an ever-increasing industrial output in exchange for food.

Finally, it was not quite unnatural, not to say very human, that the Germans should look with envy at the advantages of countries, such as France and England, whose population and birthrate are steadily decreasing, and who, nevertheless, both own a Colonial empire out of all proportion with, not simply the size of the Mother Country, but with its decreasing population. It was all the more galling because of the fact that it is thanks to the Germans industry that the said colonies have become thriving and prosperous. The Kingdoms of Siam and the Senegal Colony are vivid instances of the said fact. Now, sir, not one of the reasons above-mentioned, nor any other that might probably be adduced in support of the Germans' pretensions and ambitious, would clear them of the unspeakable crime of having declared war and waged it the way they have done. But in spite of their fiendish, barbarous methods, it is impossible to deny that there has been, that there is still a "Culture" which is distinctly German. The names of my former teachers and friends vouch for the truth of what I say: von Ranke, Mommsen, C. Curtius, Windhorst, Dollinger, Treischke are their names. And no man can expect to have his scholarship taken seriously that does not master the German language.

Yours obediently, CHAS. RIVIER, Ph.D.

LADY BECK DONATES CHOLERA BELTS

London, Ont., Nov. 9.—Lady Beck is donating five hundred cholera belts to the Eighteenth Battalion of the second contingent, in training here and the rest of the men will be provided for in the same respect by the local Red Cross Society.

London, Nov. 9, 5.02 p.m.—The Swedish steamer Avle was blown up by a mine in the North Sea and foundered. Six of the crew were drowned. The others were landed at Yarmouth.

Neuralgia of the Heart

This Letter Tells of Wonderful Change Effected by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Mr. James G. Clark, Fosterville, York County, N.B., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from what the doctors said was neuralgia of the heart. The pain started in the back of the neck and worked down into the region of the heart. Though I had taken a lot of medicine of one kind and another, I could not get anything to help me until I used Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

"When I began this treatment I could not rest in bed, except by sitting upright, on account of the dreadful pains about the heart and the quick, loud beating. The change which Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has made in my condition is wonderful. It has entirely overcome these symptoms, and is making me strong and well. If this treatment will help to relieve the suffering of others, you are at liberty to use it."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is a true tonic and the greatest of nerve restoratives. 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50; all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

TO FAVOR CANADA.

Ottawa, November 9.—The extension of the war risks scheme of the governments of France and South Africa to cover Canadian importers has been reported to the Trade and Commerce Department. The French government has passed a decree to guarantee against war risks cargoes carried by ships under a French flag, Allied or a neutral flag, provided that the cargo be for import to or export from France and that it be insured against ordinary navigation risks.

The South African government has decided to extend the operation of its guarantee of war risks of flour and wheat to cover shipments from Canada as well as from Australia and the United States. This places the Dominion on an equal footing with other sources in respect to possible supplies.

GALES IN NOVEMBER.

The Meteorological Service weather map has the following notice to mariners: In November during the 41 years of 1873 to 1913 inclusive, 253 gales have occurred on the lakes, 109 being fresh to heavy, and 144 moderate. In 43 cases, the winds backed, 185 veered, and in 24 backed in some localities and veered in others. In the Lower St. Lawrence Valley and Gulf, 220 gales, 138 fresh to heavy, and 84 moderate. In 83 cases the winds backed, in 121 veered, and on 18 occasions backed in some places and veered in others. In the Maritime Provinces, 209 gales, 104 fresh to heavy, and 105 moderate. In 39 cases the winds backed, in 143 veered and in 27 cases backed in some places and veered in others. November is the month when more heavy gales usually occur on the Great Lakes than at any other time during the season of navigation.

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Experienced mothers say Zam-Buk is best for children's injuries and skin troubles, because:

It is herbal—no poisonous mineral coloring. It is antiseptic—prevents cuts and burns taking the wrong way. It is soothing—ends pain quickly. It heals every time. Just as good for grown-ups.

Sold at all stores and druggists.



THAT EXCURSION TO MONTREAL SATURDAY, NOV. 14TH, VIA C. P. R.

Will certainly be a success. Several Quebecers will likely take in the excursion to Montreal via C. P. R., under the auspices of "La Garde Indépendante Champlain." Saturday, November 14th. Many people have already signified their intention of visiting the big metropolis of Canada and the number is increasing daily.

A special train of best first class coaches and sleeping cars will leave Quebec, Palais Station, at 11.50 p.m., stopping at all stations from Lorette to La Perade inclusive. The fare from Quebec to Montreal and return will be \$3.80 adults and \$1.90 children. Below is a fare from other stations:

Table with columns for station and fare. Includes Lorette (\$3.60), Belair (\$3.55), Port Rouge (\$3.35), St. Basile (\$3.25), Portneuf (\$3.15), Deschambault (\$3.10), Lachevrotiere (\$3.05), Grandines (\$2.95), Le Perade (\$2.80).

Return limit.—Tickets sold from Quebec and Lorette will be good to return by all trains up to and including train leaving Montreal at 9.00 a.m. Tuesday, November 17th, and tickets sold at other stations will be good to return on all regular trains until Monday night, November 16th. Do not forget the date of the excursion—November 14th. The train leaves at 11.50 p.m. It is a magnificent opportunity to make a cheap trip to Montreal.

For tickets, sleeping car reservations, and full particulars, apply to C. P. R. Offices—30 St. John Street, corner Palace Hill; 46 Dalhousie St., and Ticket Office, Palais Station. Nov.10x2

AT THE AUDITORIUM.

The regular Monday afternoon patrons of the Auditorium seemed to enjoy very much the first performance of this week's program and this is best praise the theatre can expect for this audience is the best critic and hardest to please.

The Thoma Japanese trio are not only wonderful feet jugglers, but at the same time incomparable equilibrist. The leader of this troupe—now there are four instead of three, now—is also a clever magician and the young Thoma is certainly the quickest and the most astonishing performer of his size in the vaudeville line. He acts like an old acrobat and gets probably more applause than the older people.

Frank Long is a comedian who will gain the sympathy of the Quebec audiences as he has everything that pleases. He is a fine dancer, has some new jokes, sings well and is a musician, too.

McRae & Laporte, in their trapeze act, have made a wonderful hit at the first performance and there is no reason why they shouldn't keep it. Their act is clean and full of comedy while their cleverness as acrobats makes no doubt to those who know something about this business.

Miss Lottie Gardner, has a beautiful voice and knows how to sing. She dresses well, and that helps a good deal to make her act exceptionally attractive.

Kendall's auto girl is the opening act and wondering in which she keeps the audience during all of her performance is certainly great.

Every member of the audience enjoyed the pictures which comprise two fine dramas and a very amusing comedy, all approved by the Board of Censors of the Province of Quebec.

MONTREAL NURSE ILL IN FRANCE

Montreal, Nov. 9.—A special cable to the Montreal Star says: "Mlle Marie Dupre of Montreal, who has been nursing at the American ambulance at Neuilly, is seriously ill with typhoid fever at the American Hospital in Paris."

ITALIAN RESERVISTS JOIN THE COLORS

London, Ont., Nov. 9.—Over fifty Italian reservists from Detroit and vicinity passed through London today to re-join the colors in response to orders from the military authorities of Italy.

FOUND.

FOUND—A sum of money; owner can have same by applying to and proving property, at this office. Nov.10x3

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—Salesmen, everybody; write quick; biggest money-maker on earth; sells like wildfire to cigar trade; territory given. Duplet Co. Security Trust Building, Camden, N.J., U.S.A. Ag.8xtu,th,satx1f

AUTO PULLMAN FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A magnificent Auto Pullman, "Tourist" 36 h.p., in perfect condition in every way, having only been used a little. Complete equipment. Apply to J. Edm. Poulin, corners of St. Joseph and Caron Streets. Nov.4x6

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Hotel for sale with licensed bar, doing a good business and well located. Apply to Box 240, Campbellton, N.B. Oct.29x1m.

FOR SALE—House Nos. 56-58 Champlain street and 75 Little Champlain street.

FOR SALE—Loretteville residence for sale, situated on the Valcartier road; well wooded grounds, fronting three roads, 600 x 50 feet, and large house; could be profitably subdivided or used for private residences or summer hotel; six minutes from the station. Apply to Mrs. Th. J. Boulanger, Loretteville, P.Q. Jy.20x1f

FOR SALE—That fine property on Conroy street, the residence of the late Mrs. Thomas Davidson, containing nine rooms, with all modern improvements, and in perfect order. Apply to W. H. Davidson, 20 Conroy street, or 81 St. Peter street.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms with all accommodations for single person or married ones. Apply to 37 Jolla street. Nov.9x1w

HOUSE TO RENT—Furnished for the winter months; 5 bed rooms library, drawing room, dining room, kitchen, pantries and out-building, moderate rent. Telephone 324, cor. Park Avenue and St. Louis Road.

TO LET—Two well furnished rooms, suitable for one or two persons; locality, Montcalmville; rates moderate. For further information apply by letter to "J.H.L." Chronicle Office. Oct.31x1f

TO LET—A large well furnished room, suitable as bed-sitting room, or double bedroom, private bath adjoining, use of phone; private family. Apply 18 St. Denis ave., The Cape, or phone 2884. Oct.14x1m

TO LET—For the 1st of May, a large bright room, with privilege of using kitchen. Apply at Mrs. Pelletier, 67 Grande Allee, opposite Parliament Buildings. Phone 5762. Mch.11x1f.

TO LET—Three flats on Bourgoinville Avenue, First street outside of Maple Avenue, (Nos. 17-19-21); each containing 8 rooms and bath, furnace, electric light, yard and shed. For further particulars, apply to A. W. Bedard, 114 St. Joseph street. Phone 2179. Jan.21x1f.

PERSONAL.

MARRY—If you are lonely. The Reliable Confidential Successful Club has large number of wealthy eligible members, both sexes, wishing early marriage; descriptions free. Mrs. Wrubel, Box 26, Oakland, Cal.

MARRY IF YOU ARE LONELY—The reliable, confidential, successful club has large number of wealthy, eligible members, both sexes, wishing early marriage; descriptions free. Mrs. Wrubel, Box 26, Oakland, Cal. Oct.24x1m.

THE QUEBEC BANK

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of One and Three-quarters per cent upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current quarter, and that same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, and at its Branches, on and after Tuesday the 1st day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the sixteenth to the thirtieth day of November (both days inclusive). The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Head Office in Quebec on Monday, the 7th day of December next. The chair will be taken at three o'clock. By order of the Board. B. B. STEVENSON, General Manager. Quebec, Oct.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
MONTREAL TO BRISTOL
SS. "PRINCIPELLO"
Wednesday Afternoon, Nov. 11, 1914.
One class, (11) cabin and third-class accommodation.
All agents or company's offices.
No. 160 St. Andrew St., Tel. 5773.

STEAMSHIPS LIMITED.
DONALDSON
Glasgow Passenger and Freight Service.

From Glasgow
Oct. 31.....T.S.S. TORRHEAD.....Nov. 14
Christmas Sailing
Nov. 29.....T.S.S. LETITIA.....Dec. 12
Cold Storage on Steamers marked
Steamer marked * freight only.
Passage Rates, Cabin, (11) East and Westbound, \$52.50 up. Third-class, East and Westbound, \$33.75.
Apply any steamship agent or THE ROBERT REFORM CO. Limited, GENERAL AGENTS.

THOMSON
Freight Service to Newcastle, Calais and Leith.
S.S. DEVONA.....about Nov. 13
THE ROBERT REFORM CO. Limited, AGENTS.

ALLAN LINE
MONTREAL—LIVERPOOL
Hesperian.....Thur., 5 Nov.
Scandinavian.....Thur., 12 Nov.
Grampian.....Tues., 17 Nov.
CHRISTMAS SAILING
ST. JOHN, N.B.—LIVERPOOL
Hesperian.....Fri., Dec. 11th
MONTREAL—GLASGOW
Numidian.....Wed., Nov. 11th
Scandinavian.....Thur., 12 Nov.
(Calling at Liverpool).
Pretorian.....Fri., 20 Nov.
MONTREAL—HAVRE—LONDON
Sicilian.....Sunday, 15 Nov.
(To London direct).
Cynthia.....Tues., 17 Nov.
(Calling at Havre).
For particulars, apply to:
ALLANS, RAE & CO.,
31 St. Peter St., Quebec
Or Hone & Rivet, 31 Buede St.,
F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis St.,
and local agents.

WIFE & THE LES CHALEURS SS. CO., LIMITED.
SS. "CANADA."
Next sailings of this steamer from Quebec for Mechins, Que., and calling at intermediate ports as far as Campbellton, N. B., will be on Wednesdays, October 7th and 21st; Nov. 4th at 3 p.m., from Customs House pontoon.
Splendid accommodation for passengers. Freight received day of sailing, till 1 p.m.
For further information, apply to:
J. M. POULIOT,
Telephone 2861. 150 ST. PAUL STREET.

FOR HALLOWE'EN
Apples, Almonds, Chesnut, Filbert, Walnuts.
Pumpkins, Tokay Grapes, Oranges.
English Chocolates and Biscuits.
M. BOYCE & SON,
"THE RELIABLE GROCERS."
19-21 Cote d'Abraham. Establ'd. 1856.
Tel. 294.

Smelt Fishing
Is now in full swing
Large assortment of
RODS and TACKLE
on hand
Fishing Rods from 20c to \$5.00.
Quebec Skate Manufacturing & Repair Co., Rag'd.
Phone 4999. 259 St. John St.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED
MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED
"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Black
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

CUNARD
Established 1840.
Fastest Steamers in the World.
Aquitania, Lusitania, Mauretania
Regular and Uninterrupted Service Europe via Queenstown & Liverpool
Orduña.....Sat., Nov. 14, 10 a.m.
New Triple-screw Turbine, 13,500 Tons
Transylvania Sat., Nov. 21, 10 a.m.
New Twin-screw Turbine, 15,000 Tons
Franconia.....Sat., Nov. 28, 10 a.m.
*LUSITANIA.....Wed., Dec. 2, 10 a.m.
Orduña (New) Sat., Dec. 12, 10 a.m.
*Omits Queenstown
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
Azores, Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Calabria, Sat. Nov. 21, noon
Company's Office, 21-24 State St., N.Y. Or Local Agents.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale trans-Atlantique
"POSTAL SERVICE"
Sailings from N.Y. to HAVRE
ROCHAMBEAU.....Nov. 14, 3 p.m.
LA TOURNAINE.....Nov. 21, 3 p.m.
CHICAGO.....Nov. 28, 3 p.m.
ROCHAMBEAU.....Dec. 12, 3 p.m.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
Wm. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie St.; Hone & Rivet, 31 Buede St.; F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis St., Quebec.
Aug. 20th.

CUNARD LINE
Canadian Service Passenger & Freight
From Montreal
S.S. BUSHFIELD.....about Nov. 11
Steamers marked * freight only.
Passenger sailings will be announced when arranged.
Apply local ticket agent, or The Robert Reform Co., Limited, General Agents, Quebec.

OYSTERS
Malpeque Oysters direct from McNutt Malpeque Oyster Co., Prince Edward Island served at
Cafe Dugal
AUDITORIUM
50 cts per Dozen

THE TCRONTO PRODUCE MARKET
Toronto—Quotations are as follows:
Wheat, Ontario, No. 2 winter, \$1.08 to \$1.10 outside. Manitoba No. 1 north, old, \$1.27, do., new, \$1.25; No. 2, north, old, \$1.25, do., new, \$1.23.
Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 62c; No. 3, Canada western, 59 1/4 at lake ports for immediate shipment, Ontario, No. 2, white, 49c to 50c outside.
Corn—American, No. 2, yel., 82c c.i.f. Collingwood, on track Toronto.
Peas—No. 2, \$1.55 to \$1.60.
Barley—65c to 68c outside for malting, and Manitoba, No. 3, cwt., 69c for feed.
Ruckwheat—70c to 72c shipping points.
Flour—Manitoba, listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents, \$6.00 Ontario, winter, 97 per cent patents \$4.40 to \$4.50 seaboard.
Milfeed—Manitoba bran, \$23 to \$25 per ton; shorts, \$27 per ton on track Toronto.

BANK OF ENGLAND.
London, Nov. 9.—The Bank of England today received £20,000 in bar gold and £35,000 in American coin.

OILS, ETC.
London, Nov. 9.—Turpentine, spirits, 33s 4 1/2d.
Linseed oil, 23s 3d.
Savannah, Nov. 9.—Turpentine, nominal, 45 1/2; no sales; receipts, 305; shipments, 270; stocks, 30,072.
Rosin, nominal; no sales; receipts, 1,434; shipments, 485; stocks, 113,227.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
New York, Nov. 9.—Expectations that a definite date for re-opening the

Th. Gradators' Protective Association
92 ST. PETER STREET.
Delinquent Accounts require CAREFUL SKILLFUL SYSTEMATIC INTELLIGENT PERSISTENT ATTENTION.
We collect any Account that is collectible—large or small.
We protect, because we collect.
No collection, no pay.

PROF. P. T. BERRIDGE
Chiropody
44 St. Eustache Street
Phone 5885
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SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are best in 48 hours without inconvenience, no odors, no taste, no pain, no irritation, no danger.

COMMERCIAL NEWS
NEW YORK MARKET.
(Canadian Press.)
New York, Nov. 9.—Aside from more liberal purchases of commercial paper by local and interior financial institutions, and another large gold shipment to Canada, there were no financial developments of especial interest today. Altogether, about \$11,000,000 in gold was exported to Ottawa. That sum was supposed to round out about one-half of New York City's debts to London and Paris which resulted from the recent six per cent note issue.

Last week's steady inquiry for high grade securities was again in progress, but in reduced volume. The source of the inquiry suggested that many National Banks are about to re-invest a part of their reserve moneys which will be released a week from today when the new Federal reserve system becomes operative.
News regarding the iron and steel industry was more hopeful, despite the report that some of the large plants are considering a further curtailment of operations. There has, however, been a moderate increase in orders of a miscellaneous character, but the absence of new foreign business is the main cause of disappointment. This condition is likely to be reflected in the October statement of the United States Steel Corporation, to be issued tomorrow.

The government reports on corn and cotton were in line with general expectations. Cotton exports for the past week were considerably under the preceding week and a further decrease is not improbable, unless certain restrictive insurance clauses are overcome.
Re-opening of the local Metal Exchange for regular trading for the first time since the European war exercised a favorable sentimental influence, although prices were unchanged from recent private quotations and little business was done. Domestic demand for copper continued small, and exports of the metal still are subject to seizure as contraband.

Foreign news was of a mixed character. London reporting firmness and Paris considering a resumption of "cash" business on the Bourse. Rumors that Russia and Austria were negotiating credit loans in this market were denied by local bankers who might be interested in such projects.
Foreign Exchange was featureless in the absence of any fast shins to carry remittances to London. There was some activity in exchange on Paris and Amsterdam.

WRITS ISSUED.
Writ of summonses from the Prothonotary's Office:
Olivier Edouard Gauvreau et al vs. G. Godin, Bathurst, \$234, check.
Ovide Roy et ux vs. Victor Belanger, Ste. Helene, \$5,000, to set aside a donation.
British Canadian Fur Co. vs. B. Ortemberg, Quebec, \$140, promissory note.

ALPHONSE BRETON vs. LOUIS LETOURNEAU, ELZEAR LETOURNEAU, QUEBEC, GUSTAVE PROTEAU, CHARLES CARIGNAN, BATICAN, and EDMOND TREMBLAY et al.
MIS EN CAUSE, \$6,000, per licence.
Louis Joseph Alphonse Morel vs. Dame Diana Bilodeau, L. J. A. Morel, plaintiff en reprise d'instance, and George Simard, defendant in continuance of suit, Ste. Anne de Beaupre, boundary.

INSOLVENT CASE.
A demand of assignment was filed by La Cie Gauthier & Frere against Charles Gastonguay, for an account of \$525. The defendant has consented to assign, and Messrs. Bedard & Belanger, accountants, of Quebec, have been appointed provisional guardians to the estate.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL
QUEBEC
CHATEAU MURRAY
MURRAY BAY
WARREN BROS., Props.

DR. JACQUES P. LANTIER
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116 1/2 St. Street, LAMARCA.

NOTICE
BOARD OF ASSESSORS.
Notice is hereby given to all those who have made complaints against the Assessment Books for overcharge that their complaints will be called before the said Board of Assessors in the Hall wherein are held the sittings of the Recorder's Court, on Friday, the thirteenth day of November instant, at two o'clock, in the afternoon, when it will be necessary that each complainant do appear, either in person or by attorney, in order to have a future day fixed for the proving of such complaints, otherwise the same may be rejected.
EDWARD FOLEY,
Clerk of the Board of Assessors.
Quebec, Nov. 7, 1914. Nov.7to13

METAL EXCHANGE.
New York, Nov. 9.—The New York Metal Exchange, which was closed July 30, was re-opened today for transactions in lead, tin and spelter. Transactions were unusually light.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE
Judgments Rendered—Writs Issued—Insolvent Cases.
Judgments by Honorable Justice Dorion:
Fortin vs. La Cie Hydraulique du Lac St. Jean—Declinatory exception maintained with costs.
P. T. Legare, Ltd., vs. Noel—Same judgment as above.
Baller et al vs. Canadian Hotel Register Co., Ltd., and Read, opposant—Motion to set aside opposant's opposition, granted with costs.
Lessard vs. Hunt—Dilatatory motion granted, hand and power of attorney to be furnished within ten days, with costs.
Pepin vs. Marcotte, and Vanasse, T. S.—Motion for substitution of attorney, granted.
Francoeur vs. Lortie—Delibere discharged.
Marois vs. Deslauriers, and Larue et al, T. S.—Saisie arret declared tenant until the garrishsee has declared de novo.
Couture vs. Donacona Paper Co.—Defendant's motion to set aside amended declaration, granted with costs.
Fancher vs. Robinson—Saisie revendication maintained, the whole with costs against defendant.
His Lordship has granted the petition of Dame Mary Gertrude Grace of Quebec, widow of the late Henry James Lemesurier, in his lifetime tobacco manufacturer, for leave to accept the said estate under benefit of inventory.

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Phone 2095. 62 St. Ursule St.

WE OFFER, SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE, \$10,000 CITY OF SASKATOON, SASK., 5% SINKING FUND DEBENTURES, DUE JULY 1st, 1943. PRICE TO YIELD 5 3/4% (89.48 AND INTEREST).
BREEN & GOURDEAU
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
63 ST. PETER STREET, and 6 SAULT AU MATELOT STREET.
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THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
Accumulated Funds\$67,000,000
Revenue for the Year7,875,000
Assets in Canada17,000,000
Over \$10,000 paid daily in Claims, Endowments, etc.
The Reversionary Bonus of Policyholders for period of 1905 to 1910 amounted to \$5,857,920.00, being at the rate of \$15 per \$1,000 per annum on all with profit policies.
W. MORTON MASSEY, Chief Agent,
11 Mountain Hill, Quebec, apr12x5ly.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
SAILINGS
Missanabie.....Nov. 19
From S. JOHN, N.B.
Virginian.....Dec. 4
CHRISTMAS SAILINGS.
Missanabie.....Dec. 15
Rates: SS. Missanabie, Cabin \$60.00 up; Third-class, \$35.00 to Liverpool. Full particulars at
G. J. P. MOORE,
30 St. John and 46 Dalhousie St.

P&O
Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Co. Frequent sailings, India, China, Philippines, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Winter Tours in India, Round World Tours. For full information apply Cunard Line, 21-24 State St., N. Y. Aug.11x1a.w.tuxt.f.

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EDWARD FOLEY,
Clerk of the Board of Assessors.
Quebec, Nov. 7, 1914. Nov.7to13

DEPARTMENT OF NAVAL SERVICE
Patrol Service. Department of Naval Service Patrol Service
Department of Naval Service requires the services of several sea-going tugs for patrol duty on the Atlantic Coast during winter months. Vessels offered must be from 120 to 150 feet long, speed nine to ten knots and must be fitted with steam winches having two side drums, each capable of connection and disconnection from driving shaft and free to revolve with brake control. Owners desiring to charter tugs conforming to the above description are requested to communicate with the undersigned stating terms and full particulars of vessel offered.
G. J. DESBARATS,
Deputy Minister of Naval Service
Nov.9x3

LT.-COL. BROWN TO COMMAND BATTERY
London, Ont., Nov. 9.—Lt.-Col. W. J. Brown, of Alymer, formerly of Toronto, was today appointed commander of the battery of artillery being raised in this district for active service with the second contingent. Lt.-Col. Brown, who will go to the front with the battery, is considered one of the most capable military men in Western Ontario.

ESTEY FLOUR
WOLVERTON MILLING CO.
ESTEY PATENT
WOLVERTON, ONT.
IS THE BEST
TRY IT
AND BE CONVINCED
FOR SALE BY
J. B. RENAUD & CO.
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AND FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
To Ship Owners and Steam Users, that Alex. McKay, Boilermaker and Electrical Welder, has a complete ELECTRIC WELDING OUTFIT afloat that will take care of most leaky seams and worn parts of boilers. Also first-class Boilermakers always ready for boiler repairs and ship work—day or night.
Office and Works:
Corner GRANT and QUEEN STS.
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Office 40 Couillard
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Take Your Meals at the
MARATHON CAFE
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CHILDS CAFE.
Always open, always ready, always busy.
Table and attendance unsurpassed.
Malpeque Oysters Served all Styles.
TRY OUR HOME-MADE PIES.
All kinds to take home, 25c.
Apples, Raisins, Coconut, Custard, Fig, Cranberry, Lemon, Mince.

AUCTION SALE
In the affair of MADAME HECTOR DESBIENS, General Merchant, or St. Leon le Grand, Insolvent;
NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 10th November, 1914, At 11.00 O'Clock, a.m., there will be sold by public auction, at the office of the undersigned, 98 St. Peter street, Quebec, the assets of this failure, as follows:
(a) Stock\$1,664.58
Store furniture17.25
.....\$1,681.83
(b) Credits482.89
(c) 1 National Cash Register 250.00
The sale of each item will be made separately at so much in the dollar to the highest bidder for the items (a) and (b), and to the highest bidder for item (c).
The inventory and the list of debts may be examined at the office of the undersigned, 98 St. Peter street, Quebec.
The store will be open for the inspection of stock on Friday, November 6th, 1914, or before, by applying to the undersigned.
Conditions of payment: CASH.
LEFAIVRE & GAGNON,
Joint Curators.
Office: 98 St. Peter st., Quebec.
G. R. GRENIER & CO., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC NOTICE
Estate of the Late Dame Mary Everett, Widow of the Late Charles King, in her lifetime, of No. 15 Ste. Genevieve Avenue, in the City of Quebec, deceased.
All persons having claims against the above Estate are hereby notified to file the same, duly attested, within thirty days at the office of the undersigned, in the City of Quebec, and those indebted to the Estate are notified to pay within the same delay, at the same place.
Quebec, Nov. 2nd, 1914.
ROYAL TRUST COMPANY,
Co-Executor.
Nov.4x1w

WALLACE COLLEGE
25 STANISLAS ST., QUEBEC.
17TH YEAR.
Instruction given in bookkeeping, shorthand, telegraphy, mathematics, drawing, music and Modern Languages. No vacations. Day and evening classes.
J. W. M. WALLACE,
Principal.

QUEBEC AND LEVIS TO MONTREAL AND RETURN
Good going SATURDAY, Nov. 14, Good to return up to and including Tuesday, Nov. 17th.
S. J. NESTOR,
C. T. A., 7 Du Fort St.

TEMISCAMATA RAILWAY
TIMETABLE
Taking Effect June 22nd, 1914.
No. 1. (a) Leaves Juviere du Loup, 8:00 P.M.
Arrives Conners, N.B., 12:33 P.M.
No. 3. (a) Leaves Riviere du Loup, 11:00 A.M.
Arrives Conners, N.B., 2:50 P.M.
No. 2. (a) Leaves Conners, N.B., 3:45 P.M.
Arrives Riviere du Loup, 7:00 P.M.
No. 4. (a) Leaves Conners, N.B., 7:00 P.M.
Arrives Riviere du Loup, 4:10 P.M.
All Trains Daily Except Sunday.
Connecting at Edmundston Junction with Canadian Pacific Ry., for Woodstock, Fredericton, St. John, N.B.; Hopedale, Presque Isle, Carleton and Fort Fairfield, Me.
And at Riviere du Loup with all Intercolonial Railway Express Trains.
For further information, folders, etc., apply to F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis Street or 6 Boulevard St. Laurent, Montreal.
G. O. Grundy, General Manager,
P. X. Belanger, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Riviere du Loup.

Gaspe Steamship Co., Ltd.
The SS. Lady of Gaspe will sail for Gaspe, Pasphebec and way ports Wednesday, November 11th at 4 p.m. for her last trip of the season.
Freight will be received at Custom House Pontoon until 2 p.m. on sailing day.
For further information apply to:
J. A. BOUCHARD, Manager,
40 Dalhousie street.

CANADA STEAMSHIP LINES LIMITED
Montreal Service
Daily, except Sunday, at 6 p.m.
Saguenay Service
Twice a week, every TUESDAY, at 8 SATURDAY, at 8 a.m.
North Shore Service
Steamer LAURENTIAN will sail for Harrington Harbor and intermediate ports on SATURDAY, the 31st instant.
M. P. CONNOLLY,
General Agent.
Telephone SAVOY CAFE Telephone 1841 (And Quick Lunch.) 527
68 St. John St. :: 197 St. Joseph St.
Special Dinner25c
Meal Tickets,five for \$1.00
New St. Roch Confectionery.
Try our daily-made Cakes and Pies with Hot Drinks.
Retail and wholesale.
Modern Ice Cream Parlor.
A trial will convince au.

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J. T. LEVALLEE, PROP.
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Close to Boats, Elevator, Cars
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Through New York Sleeping Car Every Day
DINING CAR SERVICE
Trains Leave Levis:
8:00 A.M.—For Portland, Sherbrooke and all local stations, daily except Sunday.
3:30 P.M.—For New York and Boston and all main line stations daily. For Chaudiere Valley and Megantic divisions daily except Sunday. Through New York pullman daily connecting at Sherbrooke with pullman for Boston.
Ferry from Quebec 30 minutes in advance of train departure.
For further information and Pullman reservations, apply F. S. Stocking, C. and D. P. Agent, 32 St. Louis St., agent for Tnos. Cook & Son, and all ocean steamship lines. Phone 82

Seasonable Goods

Patent Ash Sifters
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Coal Hods (all sizes)
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80-90 St. Paul Street, Quebec

Silery Nurseries Esgerville

Carnations per dozen \$.75
Cosmos per dozen25
Best & Whitmanii Ferns, from each 1.00
Small Ferns, from, each10
BULBS.
Hyacinths, per dozen 1.50
Daffodils and Narcissus, per doz. .35
Tulips, per 100 2.00
Designs, from \$3.00 up
Deliveries anywhere in city.
Phone 295.

J. RAMSDEN, Gardener.

Invalid Chairs
Invalid Tables
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Invalid Bed Rests

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FOR SALE. VALUABLE PROPERTY—Very centrally located, within 4 minutes walk from Parliament buildings; 24 rooms; 3 bathrooms; w.c.'s; hot water. All modern conveniences. Is a NICE SMALL APARTMENT HOUSE; property has frontage on two streets; large garden; fine trees; cool locality. Apply to room 19 Hochelaga Bank Building, Quebec.

BABY DOLLS FREE

Each one of our Premium Post Card Packets contains a number of Post Cards. Each packet also contains a Numbered Ticket. We have placed a number of these Packets in a box. Purchasers are entitled to pick out just as many packets as they purchase, at 10c per Packet, or three Packets for 25c. Each person who picks out a Packet with Ticket No. 50 will immediately receive absolutely free, one of our \$5.00 Baby Dolls, same as shown in our show window. We have 25 of these Dolls to dispose of in this manner. Would you like to win one? Try your luck.

T. H. O'NEILL,
248 St. John Street.

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Montmorency Falls
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THINKS APOLOGY UNCALLED FOR

CORRESPONDENT MAINTAINS THAT MR. BOSWELL'S LETTER ONLY POINTED OUT ERROR

The Editor of The Chronicle.
Dear Sir:—The correspondence as to the management of the distribution of the Patriotic Fund is interesting. Mr. Boswell, who is one of the most generous contributors to the fund complains that the committee have paid money to the family of a soldier who was one of Mr. Boswell's employees, who is also drawing his full pay from Mr. Boswell, whilst at the war, as well as the good pay which the Government give. The committee say that this was done through inadvertence, and call upon Mr. Boswell to apologize. I fail to see why there should be any apology. Mr. Boswell is quite right in drawing the attention of the committee and of the public to the slip which has been made. The committee have nothing to be offended at. No one, for an instant, supposes that the committee, composed of some of our best citizens, has acted in any but the most conscientious manner, but in this case their good faith has been imposed upon. Nor is this very surprising, when one considers the great number of the cases to be investigated, and the labor imposed upon the members of the committee, who have no remuneration, except the satisfaction of doing their duty in taking care of the families of the men who have gone to fight for us. If I might make a suggestion it would be to draw the attention of the committee to the fact that three of our citizens: Mr. Boswell, Mr. Frank Ross and Mr. T. W. Ross, have, by their noble donations to the Patriotic Fund, contributed nearly half of the total amount raised in the City of Quebec. I do not know if these gentlemen are represented on the committee of distribution. If not, it seems to me that they should be.

Yours truly,
A Subscriber to the Fund

"STAR" LOSES APPEAL CASE
Montreal, Nov. 8.—The verdict of the jury in the libel suit of the owners of the Stadium against the Montreal Star Publishing Company for \$8,000 damages, for articles printed in the Star about two years ago, describing the structure as a fire trap was yesterday sustained by the Court of Review in an appeal by the Star. Mr. Justice Archibald dissented from the judgment of his colleagues. Justices Saint Pierre and Mercier, and held that the Star's comments in question were not unduly violent or exaggerated, as held by the other two. The Stadium was destroyed by fire.

LORD ROBERTS TELLS CANADIANS OF STERN TASK

(Continued from Page Three)

known as one of Britain's great colonial administrators, was for seven years in South Africa in Basutoland and was associated with Lord Milner in the formation of the Government and went with him to Pretoria, as one of his ministers, said that when he heard of the arrival of the Canadians he at once expressed the opinion that it was a great pity that the troops could not have been sent in such great towns as Liverpool, Manchester, Birmingham and London in order to show the English people what the overseas dominions were able to do. It was not at all essential that the enthusiasm and the patriotism of the British people should be fired for they were already exhibiting these in the most practical of all means, but such a display would do much to add vigor to the efforts of the nation to meet the common enemy.

The Royal Colonial Institute has always been of the greatest use and interest in the development of the Empire. It has a magnificent library of over a hundred thousand volumes, seven thousand of which relate exclusively to Canada. Here may be seen not only all the principal Canadian newspapers, but over seven hundred newspapers from every part of the British Empire. The Governors of the Institute have not been slow to give a cordial welcome to the Canadian troops. They have already passed a resolution placing all Canadian officers on the list of honorary members during the continuance of the war, thus conferring all the privileges of membership which such an institute can give.

Meanwhile the Canadian nurses are having a royal time as the guests of the Governors of St. Thomas' Hospital. On Monday they were shown over Buckingham Palace and stables where they were much interested in the 130 horses belonging to the Royal Family and also in the state coach. The King and Queen were not then at home but the nurses were shown all over the grounds. On Sunday many of the nurses received invitations to attend the Royal Chapel at Wellington Barracks and those who had the privilege of attending will never forget the magnificent scene. Both Queen Mary, Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria were present. On Monday, many of the nurses went to tea with Mrs. Paget, others to Mrs. Trevelyan's, at Eaton Place and others paid visits to the Wallace Collection at Hertford House. Today the Hon. Mrs. George Perley is inviting them to a reception at the Princess Restaurant.

The Hon. Sam Hughes is having a busy time, which is largely divided between the camp and London. On Monday, General Hughes inspected the Sussex Regiment which has been raised by Col. Claude Lowther, M.P., with whom he fought in South Africa. The Minister of Militia was introduced to the regiment at Hastings, where he met a number of his South African friends and was entertained at luncheon. Those present included Lord Milner, the Marquis of Beresford, Earl Fitzwilliam, the Rt. Hon. Walter Long, M.P., Col. Davidson and many others.

On Friday evening the Minister of Militia was tendered a banquet at the Savoy Hotel, London, by Col. A. D. Davidson, and Col. A. D. McRae, when the Minister had the pleasure of meeting many old friends in London who desired to tender their congratulations upon his appointment as Major-General. The function was one of a brilliant character, and some of the speeches made notably that of Hamar Greenwood, M.P., reached a high level. The guests present included in addition to those mentioned, Admiral Sir A. H. Markham, the Rev. and Mrs. A. Fleming, the Marchioness of Donegal, the Countess of Annesley, Lady Markham, Sir Trevor and Lady Dawson, Lady Clare Annesley, Col. E. W. Wilson, Col. Meighen, Col. and Mrs. Allison, Lt.-Col. Mackie, Lt.-Col. and Mrs. Grant Morlan, Major George Washington Stephens, Mr. McPherson, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. F. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Peacock, Mr. Scott Griffin, Mr. T. S. Blundell Brown, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frater Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Ridpath, Mr. W. L. Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. T. Munro, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McPherson, Mr. and Mrs. John Davidson, Miss Davidson, Miss Mabel Wylms, Mrs. Ambrose Pointer, Mrs. Reginald Turnor, Mrs. Jackson and Miss Jackson, Mrs. Ferguson, Mrs. G. F. Leggett and others.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, who had intended being present as a guest to meet the Minister of Militia, was prevented through illness, having to undergo an operation.

Tomorrow Major-General Hughes is being banqueted by the Automobile Club.

FRANK MYNOTT.

BRITISH CASUALTIES
London, Nov. 9.—A Captain The Hon. Arthur Edward Bruce O'Neill of the Second Life Guards and heir to Baron O'Neill, was killed in action in France last Friday. Captain O'Neill was the Unionist member of parliament for Mid-Antrim and was the first member of the Lower House of Parliament to fall during the present war. He was born in 1876 and married Lady Annabel Crewe-Milnes daughter of the Marquis of Crewe. Captain O'Neill served in the Boer war and received the medal for distinguished service.

NICKEL INDUSTRY NEEDS WATCHING

MR. WURTELE STATES POSSIBILITY OF KRUPP CONNECTION UNDER CANADIAN NAMES

The Editor of The Chronicle.
The Krupps are, of course, invisible in any of the Canadian Nickel mining companies, but they may be obtained under Canadian names, however, that can be easily investigated and the truth arrived at. But they get all the Canadians nickel they want from the United States in this wise: The largest nickel mining company in the Sudbury district is The Canadian Copper Co., at Copper Cliff, Ontario. This is a purely United States concern, no Britisher included therein, which roasts the ore into nickel matter that is shipped red hot to its refinery in New Jersey, thence by devious ways to the Krupps. So from all appearance, the only way at present to prevent the enemy getting it is that the shipments be seized by the British fleet as contraband. As in the case of the recent seizures of U. S. Copper shipments the United States will squeal loudly and the British Government will either buy or release it as it lately did with the copper.

The Canadian Government has taken action by an Order-in-Council prohibiting the export of nickel and a variety of articles, "to all foreign ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, save France, Russia, (except Baltic ports,) Spain and Portugal."

Why should not the neutral nations of America be included in the category, and thus prevent the export of nickel ore and matte and the refined article to the United States and so stop the Krupps from getting our nickel, there is no other way of doing it and so obviate neutrality quibbling.

Canada holds the world monopoly of nickel, except a small mine in New Caledonia, a French island in the Southern Pacific, where the Canadian Copper Company is also interested, but France is well able to take care of itself in such matters. Hence, let our Government at once prohibit the export of nickel in any form whatever to the world, except to the British Empire and its Allies, irrespective of the objections of any neutral country, on this or the other side of the Atlantic. Otherwise it is futile attempting to stop it.

In war time drastic measures must be adopted, and this nickel business needs investigating and close watching.

FRED. C. WURTELE.
Quebec, November 9th, 1914.

GEO. BARRERE WITH N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

Mr. Walter Damrosch having in New York all the financial support that he requires is enabled to secure for his orchestra the most eminent players in the world. It is safe to say that all the players of the New York Symphony Orchestra are famous musicians. Among them is Mr. George Barrere, who, as the greatest living virtuoso of his instrument,—the flute,—stands paramount and unsurpassable. The flute in the hands of this master becomes magical. Perfection of phrasing, dazzling, scintillant execution and brilliant musician-ship are combined in his art. In recognition of his phenomenal success in his world's tours, Barrere was rewarded by a decoration from the French government. He will be here with the Damrosch orchestra on the 25th inst., at the Auditorium.

REDUCED RATES FOR MONTREAL VIA THE CANADIAN NOR. RY

The Canadian Northern Railway Co. advise that a reduced rate of \$3.80 for adults and \$1.90 for children from Quebec to Montreal and return, will be in effect Saturday, November 14th. Tickets will be good on train leaving Canadian Northern Station at 9:30 a.m. Saturday, Nov. 14th, and good to return until Tuesday, November 17th, inclusive.

Tickets will also be sold at reduced fares from the following stations, i.e.: Domarcona, \$3.35; Cap Sante, \$3.25; Portneuf, \$3.15; Deschambault, \$3.15; St. Marc, \$3.05; St. Casimir, \$2.95. These tickets will be good from all the above named stations, Saturday morning, Nov. 14th, and good to return until Monday, Nov. 16th, inclusive.

For full information, tickets, etc. apply to the nearest C. N. R. agent, or Company's Offices, 160 St. Andrew street, Telephone 5773.

Offices: Montreal, Quebec and Paris, France.
L. G. BEAUBIEN & CO.
Stock Brokers
Members of the Montreal Stock Exchange
Private Wire to Montreal and New York
McCILL BURROUGHS,
74 Peter Street, Manager.
Quebec. Phone 5067.

F. SIMARD & CIE ENRG.

142 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec.

Unmatchable Bargains in Untrimmed Millinery

500 Women's Untrimmed Plush and Velvet Hats, regular \$2.50 up to \$3.00 on sale today at 78 cents

Women who have deferred buying hats until now will save time and money and will have the greatest opportunity of this season, by choosing from this large assortment their hats at less than HALF PRICE

FIRST LOT

Women's Black and Colored Plush, and French Velvet Hats, in the most up-to-date styles. Regularly priced from \$2.50 to \$3.50. On sale today at 78c.

SECOND LOT

Women's and Misses' Black and Colored Untrimmed Felt Hats, new and smart styles, all adaptation of the correct fashion types for Fall and Winter, 1914. Regularly priced \$1.00 and \$1.25. On sale today at ... 39c.

QUANTITY STRICTLY LIMITED. GET YOUR CHOICE TODAY

"Made in Canada"

WOMEN'S HOUSE DRESSES

Entirely New Models in Fashionable Fabrics and Smartly Trimmed

Women's Black Fine Serge Dresses, with Tunics, taffeta silk trimmings \$15.75

Women's Tango Wool Crepe Dresses, trimmed with white moire silk with white vests; priced at \$29.00

"Made in Canada"

ENTIRELY NEW BLOUSES

Latest Reproduction of Paris Models

Women's Crepe de Chine Blouses, trimmed with Valenciennes lace; color: Flesh, also White. Priced..... \$6.15

Printed Crepe de Chine Blouses, trimmed with Crepe de Chine, in Grey, Brown and Purple \$6.90

F. SIMARD & CIE ENRG.

142 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec.

LADIES,

Do you want to buy your Winter Underwear at cost? We are clearing all our Natural Wool and Union Underwear for Women and Children at

20% Discount

Every Garment warranted perfect or money back. —

All Turnbull's Make "the line that is advertised."

NO Discount off White Goods.

— SPECIAL —

Ladies' MUFLERS in Silk and Mercerised from 25 cents up.

Ladies' Coat Sweaters less 25 per cent.

ALL NEW GOODS.

E. J. DYNES,

49 John Street. Tel. 271

25% Myrand & Pouliot, Reg'd. 25%

215 St. Joseph Street

The address of the firm of

Myrand & Pouliot, Reg'd.

Is precious information.

It is the only place that you can obtain

25% Discount

On all your Fur purchases, whatever they may be.

25%

On every purchase in the Department of Clothing for Men and Children. Woolen Goods.

25%

On every purchase in the Department of Clothing for Ladies and Girls. Woolen Goods.

25%

On every purchase in the Millinery Department for Ladies and Children.

All the other Departments are in the movement and are offering extraordinary opportunities and moreover give you commercial bons on all your purchases in the Departments where there are no discounts but fixed prices.

Commercial bons will be exchanged every morning from eight o'clock until noon.

Come this week—The Right Address:

25% Myrand & Pouliot, Reg'd. 25%

215 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch's

The War is Declared to all the Big Prices

So wishing to reduce the following goods as quick as we wish the Allies to reduce their enemies, we have marked them at a very low price, viz.:

- Carpets by the yard and by the rugs.
- Linoleums by the yard and by the square.
- Curtains by the yard and by the pairs.
- Portieres by the yard and by the pairs.
- Curtain materials, latest designs
- Scrims, Madras, Mercerized, Net, etc.
- Plush, Furniture Coverings, Taffetas.
- Beds, Blankets, Comfortables, Sheetings.

Bring your reserve, spend it in our store, and then you will enjoy peace at home with the benefits of your purchases.

P. J. COTE,

29 & 31 ST. JOHN STREET,
OPPOSITE PALACE HILL.