

THE ROYAL WEDDING

Marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Ena of Battenberg Celebrated in the Church of San Jeronimo el Real at Madrid This Morning

UNDER A CLOUDLESS SKY THE HAPPY EVENT TAKES PLACE--SCENE ALONG THE ROUTE OF THE PROCESSION AND IN THE CHURCH ONE OF SURPASSING BRILLIANCE

Madrid, May 31.—The city awoke today under a cloudless sky, with dazzling sunshine adding its glories to the bewitching maze of color in which the streets were enveloped.

Some of the most notable of these coaches were as follows: The Duke of Abas's coach, of yellow with red wheels, the plume of the horses and the livery of the lackeys being in the same color; that of the Marquis of Viana, a seventeenth century coach with precious paintings by Vicente Lopez; that of the Marquis de Miraflores, distinguished by its whiteness, all of the plume, harness and livery being of white; those of the Duke of Sotomayor and the Marquis de Tovar, each of blue with red wheels, and plume of the same color; that of the Duke of Tamames, brown, and of the Count of Heredia, green.

The scene from the Puerto del Sol to the Prado Palace was one of striking brilliancy. All the buildings were resplendent with the yellow and red colors of Spain woven into sunbursts, huge rosettes and graceful streamers looped from roof to roof, and arches of roses from which were suspended enormous flower baskets and trailing vines.

Closing this dazzling array of princes appeared a coach bearing the royal crown, in which were seated King Alfonso, his witness, Prince Carlos, and His Majesty's little nephew, Prince Alfonso, the actual heir to the throne of Spain.

Princess Victoria came from the Prado Palace to Madrid early in the morning, accompanied by her mother, Princess Henry of Battenberg, and her ladies of honor, and escorted by a regiment of Royal Guards.

As the king's coach appeared it was greeted by a great roar, while the multitude wildly waved handkerchiefs, fans and parasols. His Majesty could plainly be seen smiling and bowing to the popular greetings. He wore the uniform of a field marshal, his hat surmounted by a sweeping white plume.

WEDDING PROCESSION.

The wedding cortege started from the royal palace at 9.30 a.m., amid the ringing of church bells, the firing of artillery salutes and the clamorous enthusiasm of the crowds massed along the line.

Immediately following the royal coach came the bride's party, forming another glittering array of gala coaches, bearing the lords and ladies in waiting and the princesses and princesses of the house of Battenberg, and finally came the famed mahogany coach, with the radiant bride, Princess Victoria, attended by her mother and Queen Marie Christina.

At the head of the procession rode trumpeters in crimson velvet suits of the time of Philip II, sounding the approach of the royal party.

On reaching the Chamber of Deputies the cortege came in sight of the Church of St. Jeronimo el Real, which was magnificently adorned for the ceremony. Over the entrance was suspended an immense canopy of red and yellow velvet, embroidered with Spanish escutcheons and supported on gold-tipped lances.

But the brilliancy of this part of the cortege was far surpassed when the famous royal gala coaches came into view, each drawn by eight superb white horses with golden and silver harnesses, and lofty colored plume, looking like the coaches depicted on some illuminated page of a fairy book.

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THE BRIDAL TROUSSEAU.

Except the wedding dress, all the bridal trousseau of robes, cloaks, evening and tea gowns, petticoats, and under linen, was made in London, where many of the dresses have been on exhibition.

THE ROYAL PRESENTS.

These coaches formed one of the most striking features of the wedding cortege. They were marvels of luxury, some of tortoise shells, others of mahogany set with panels painted by famous artists, all ornamented with precious metals, and emblazoned with the royal insignia.

Madrid, May 31.—The presents for King Alfonso and his bride are arriving from all quarters of the globe, from countries and their rulers, from provinces and cities, and even from school children of Spain, who have contributed their mite to show their loyalty to the king. Some of these gifts are as follows:—

The coaches of the Spanish grandees were really less remarkable than those of the royal party, the main difference being that they were drawn by only two horses, according to rigid rule.

The Queen mother presents the king with her portrait painted by Morfo Carbonero. The city of Madrid gives an enduring present to the bride by establishing a workmen's quarter, which is baptized 'Queen Victoria Eugenia.' The Mayor of Madrid has invited all the mayors of Spain to sign an artistic album expressing their homages to the young couple.

The presents from royalty are notable mainly for their elegance and taste rather than their intrinsic worth, although some of them are of great value. Queen Christina presents the bride with a priceless coat mantle which belonged to Queen Isabella of dark red velvet, wonderfully embroidered in gold.

The bride's presents from the Spanish aristocracy include many historic jewels, fine old fans, laces and porcelains.

The presents from the people of Spain show the sympathy with which they receive the foreign Princess.

The school teachers throughout the country have subscribed a large amount for a sumptuous edition of 'Don Quixote,' accompanied by a message of felicitation on parchment.

The friends of the King at Biarritz have united a truly royal gift of the Villa Mouricot and its splendid estates, where the royal courtship began.

CASTLE OF LA GRANJA.

Madrid, May 30.—The castle which Alfonso and his Queen have chosen for their honeymoon is the Spanish Versailles, known as La Granja. It is a quaint and quiet spot, far removed from the inquisitive throngs of the capital, and with all the picturesque and romantic surroundings suitable for a royal honeymoon.

The palace is situated at the foot of the imposing Dico de Penalar in the Guadarrama mountains, high above the sea level. The little village dates from ancient times, when Henry IV. built a chapel there and dedicated it to St. Alfonso.

ROUTE OF WEDDING CORTEGE.

Madrid, May 31.—The route of the wedding cortege was designed to give Princess Ena a glimpse of all that is best of Madrid, in coming and going to the church, and at the same time to give the people an opportunity to see their new queen. The main route traversed the very heart of the city, beginning at the west of the Plaza del Oriente, facing the royal palace, passing through the Calle del Arenal and the Calle del Alcala and the Carrera de San Jeronimo.

Along the way is passed the famous equestrian statue of Philip IV., surrounded by 44 other statues of the old Spanish kings. Further on is the opera house, not very imposing without, but recently transformed within by a superb royal box, in which the new queen will soon take her place.

At the Puerta del Sol is the Ministry of the Interior, facing the splendid Plaza. Beyond is the new building of the Hispano-American Bank and of one of the American insurance companies. The Cervantes statue, the parliament buildings, the ministry of finance and war, the Academy of Fine Arts, the imposing Bank of Spain, are on the way to the Prado.

THE ANCIENT CHURCH.

Madrid, May 31.—The Church of San Jeronimo el Real, where the nuptial mass was celebrated and the marriage benediction pronounced, is a quaint old structure which has passed through some strange vicissitudes. This is not the first royal marriage celebrated there, for the wedding of Isabella II. took place in great pomp within its walls.

The origin of the church was one of the strange whims of the old king of Castile, Henry IV. He had set up a magnificent tournament on the Prado road to celebrate the arrival of a new British ambassador. The tournament was notable for the courage displayed by the king's favorite, Beltran de la Cueva, who not only unhorsed four knights, but also, single-handed and on horseback, with a small javelin, conquered and killed an infuriated bull which had torn to pieces the greatest terrors of this event, founded a monastery, which the Jeronimo friars inaugurated. Later, Isabella, the Catholic, shifted the site of the monastery to its present place.

The Sabrevois College Closing. The closing exercises of the Sabrevois College will take place this evening at 8 o'clock in the hall of 'Eglise du Redempteur,' 123 Catharine street. His Lordship Bishop Carmichael will preside.

After the expulsion of the friars the edifice became an artillery magazine, and later a carpenter's establishment. Thus it remained a workshop until in 1880 the government resolved to restore the building to its original object as a royal chapel.

The style of the church is gothic, with two small towers, and a large gothic portico with rich stone carvings. The interior has the form of a cross, with a rose window throwing a soft light across the altar. There are few artistic treasures within, and the scant light from the dusty stained glass windows makes the interior rather dark.

BRITISH SHIP LOST

Twenty-two of the 'Lismore' Drowned off Chilean Coast

Concepcion, Chili, May 30.—The British ship 'Lismore,' Captain Cowell, from Melbourne, April 21 for Cornell, has been wrecked at Santa Maria. Twenty-two of the crew were drowned, including all the officers, except the first mate, who, with three members of the crew, landed at Ilico.

WINNIPEG STREET RAILWAY

ELECTRIC POWER PLANT INAUGURATED BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

Winnipeg, Man., May 30.—Lieut. Governor McMillan to-day formally inaugurated the electric power plant of Winnipeg Street Railway Company, situated on Winnipeg River, sixty miles from the city, and capable of developing 10,000 horse power. There was a large gathering of Winnipeg business men.

MAISONNEUVE COUNCIL

WILL ISSUE A NEW LOAN OF A QUARTER OF A MILLION.

At a meeting of the Maisonneuve Town Council, held last night, Mayor Reed presiding, Councillor Michaud, chairman of finance, informed the councillors that he intended to introduce a by-law at next meeting authorizing the issue of a new loan of \$250,000. He explained that the money would be used to meet the payment of coupons on outstanding debentures, amounting to \$90,000 due to the bank; the balance would be devoted to permanent public works now in hand or to be carried out in the near future.

Mr. Bécot, the secretary, read the opinion of the town solicitor, Mr. Morin, on the question of the authority of the council to tax certain properties belonging to the Jesuits and to the Christian Brothers.

As regards the property of the last mentioned community, Mr. Morin declares that a part of the property should be taxed as town lots and the remaining portion as farm land.

Mr. Morin has given an elaborate opinion on the question of the right of the Jesuits to exemption from municipal taxes on the property which they hold in Maisonneuve, and which is used as a playground or for recreation. The decision of the Privy Council, given three years ago in the case of Limolou vs. the Quebec Seminary, is quoted as establishing the principle that a house and dependencies are exempt from taxation, while cultivated land is not exempt. As to the resolution passed in 1898, which it is claimed is binding on the council for thirty years, Mr. Morin is of opinion that it can be rescinded by a resolution of the council.

THE MISSING FINGERS

ONE LITIGANT SECURED DAMAGES; THE OTHER LOST HIS CASE.

Mr. Justice Archibald rendered judgment yesterday in two actions of damages taken against the Grand Trunk Railway Company by employees who both lost fingers while working in the service of the company.

A laborer named Polondine claimed \$256 damages for having had a finger cut off by the switchman working the mechanism of a switch at the moment when he was clearing it, and he was awarded \$200 damages.

Another laborer named A. de Luca, claimed \$150 for the loss of two fingers, which were crushed while he was employed unloading a car of rails. The Court found that no fault on the part of the company had been shown, and the action was dismissed.

BOMB THROWN AT KING AND QUEEN OF SPAIN.

Their Majesties Escape Unhurt, but a Child and Two Horses Were Killed and an Equerry Wounded---Fourteen-Year-Old Boy Arrested.

London, May 31, 7.10.—A despatch to a news agency from Madrid says that a bomb was thrown at King Alfonso and Queen Victoria this afternoon and that both escaped unhurt.

London, May 31, 7.11 p.m.—The news agency's despatch adds that an equerry was wounded and that a child and two horses were killed by the explosion. A fourteen-year-old boy was arrested. It is further stated that the King and Queen behaved with the greatest calmness and that after the delay caused by the concussion they proceeded to the palace.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY

The New Station in New York will be Unique

THE ARCHITECTURAL PLAN WAS SUGGESTED BY THE MAGNIFICENT BATHS OF CARACALLA.

According to the 'Railroad Gazette,' the new Pennsylvania Railway station in New York, for which the plans are now practically perfected, will be unique among all the railway stations of the world in the number and convenience of its entrances and exits. This condition is due to the fact that each of the four sides of the structure is a front, opening respectively on two wide avenues and two important streets, which latter have been widened by the company to eighty feet each.

In the centre of the hotel, theatre and shopping district the advantage of its location is obvious. As the tracks are 40 feet below the surface of the streets the station is divided into three levels. From the street level upward the walls of the structure rise to the height of 60 feet, except in the centre, where the roof of the general waiting room reaches a height of 150 feet, and the corner of Eighth avenue and Thirty-third street, where there is an elevation of four stories for office purposes.

The architectural design of the entire exterior is a Doric colonnade, 35 feet high, surmounted by a low attic, raising the general elevation to 60 feet. The unusual extent of the building in area and its general type are suggestive of the great baths of ancient Rome. In fact, the baths of Caracalla, still magnificent in their ruins, were the inspiration of this architectural plan. Although the building is low by contrast with its skyscraping neighbors, its scope makes it impressive, and the lofty roof of the waiting room, rising high above the top of the surrounding structure, with its eight large semi-circular openings, 72 feet in diameter, adds dignity to the group of buildings and at the same time makes them a conspicuous landmark, when seen the perspective from the streets. In appearance it is a wide departure from the conventional railway station. One misses the turrets and towers and more than all the lofty arched train shed, but as the principal function of this station is performed underneath the streets, the upward and visible signs of the ordinary railway station are naturally absent. It will rather resemble some vast auditorium constructed on low lines for the easy ingress and egress of a multitude of people.

The track surface of the station may be compared to two unfolded fans joined together at the open ends, the handle of one extending under the Hudson and that of the other under the East River. Within the station area, covering twenty-five acres of ground space, there are sixteen miles of tracks.

NEW CHIEF JUSTICE.

Ottawa, May 31.—It is rumored here that the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick will appear in the Supreme Court on Monday as Chief Justice, in succession to Sir Elzear Taschereau. The Hon. R. Lemieux may become Postmaster-General and the Hon. Mr. Aylesworth Minister of Justice.

WARM WITH LOCAL STORMS

MAY, the bright maiden, singing goes. To where the snowy hawthorn blows, Watching the lambs leap in the dells, Listening the simple village bells.—Milton.

Toronto, Ont., May 31, 11 a.m.—Victoria, 60-48; Calgary, 56-34; Edmonton, 70-46; Qu'Appelle, 58-38; Port Arthur, 44-40; Parry Sound, 54-42; Toronto, 62-46; Ottawa, 64-52; Montreal, 64-52; Quebec, 68-58; St. John, 56-44; Halifax, 56-36.

Fair, stationary or a little higher temperature to-day. Friday, mostly fair and warm, but local thunderstorms.

1640-3 Notre Dame street, Montreal, May 31, 1906.—Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon Yesterday, 30.00; 11 a.m. to-day, 29.88 Temperature—Max. Min. To-day 68 50 Yesterday 62 48

NEWS IN BRIEF

Famine prevails in twenty-two provinces of Russia, and the victims number millions. Private help comes in very slowly and is seriously hindered by government officials, who, for fear reformers should come into contact with the unfortunates, have even ordered closed a number of soup kitchens which had been opened without the special permission of the government.

The marriage of the Princess Ena of Battenberg took place to-day amid magnificent ceremonies. As the carriage of the Princess passed through the streets of Madrid the Princess was showered with flowers.

Michael Davitt, the noted Irish leader in the British House of Commons, died last night after a long and painful illness due to blood poisoning following two operations for necrosis of the jawbone. Mr. Davitt was for many years a leader in the more strenuous wing of the Irish Nationalists, and one of the stormy petrels of the House. He retired from the representation of South Mayo in 1899, but took a keen interest in the politics of his country up to the very last.

A British ship, the 'Lismore,' from Melbourne, has been wrecked off the coast of Chile, all on board except the first mate and three of the crew, being drowned.

The cotton-growing experiment in Southern Natal is proving a success. Twenty-five acres yielded forty bales, and the quality is excellent.

Three little girls, aged eight, six and two years, while playing in their home in Kapakake, Ill., climbed into a big trunk; the cover shut down upon them and they were found after a several hours' hunt by their distracted parents, lying all three dead.

The Winnipeg Street Railway has opened a new power plant on the Winnipeg river, sixty miles from the city, and capable of developing 10,000 horsepower.

The steamer 'Erin,' with coal barge in tow, was run into and sunk this morning on the St. Clair river. The cook, a woman, and a woman passenger, were drowned, and but for the efforts of fishing boats nearby all hands would have been lost. The unknown steamer kept on her course and made no effort to save any.

The Alexandra Hospital for Contagious Diseases was opened this afternoon with a reception for subscribers. The whole building is practically finished, and will be open for patients in about a week.

THE GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE.

The striking garment workers, at a meeting that was held last evening in their labor bureau at 244 St. Lawrence Boulevard, reiterated their determination to stand out till the end. In spite of the day being a Jewish holiday, pickets were posted around the factory, but no non-unionists were to be seen. A new feature of this strike is the fact that while their employers, the contractors, are ready to meet their demands, the men decided not to return to work unless Mr. Harry Wener, the proprietor of the Montreal Waterproof Clothing Company, enters into an agreement with them which they state will be more binding than the one to which the contractors are a party.

SOVEREIGN PHOTO COMPETITION

The prize in the first Sovereign Photo Competition of the 'Illustrated Witness' has been awarded to Mr. Laz. Rubenstein for a photograph taken at the residence of Mr. Rubenstein, 461 St. Urban street. 'Honorable Mention' has been awarded to Messrs. Lapres & Lavergne, 360 St. Denis street, for a photograph taken at the residence of Mr. J. M. Fortier, Sherbrooke street. Both these photographs are reproduced in to-day's 'Illustrated Witness.' June's Sovereign photo competition is for 'Happy Situations.'

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or service) occurring in their immediate families free of charge.

BIRTHS.

MALONE - On Sunday, May 27, at 350 Charlevoix street, to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Malone, a son.

MARRIED.

MOODIE - CUMMINGS - At the residence of the bride's parents, Nepean, Ont., on May 24, 1906, by the Rev. Thos. A. Mitchell, Manitowick, Ont., Douglas Moodie, of Bell's Corners, Nepean, to Sarah Cummings.

MOORE - GARDNER - At the residence of the bride's father, Eddyville, Iowa, on May 17, 1906, Edna May, eldest daughter of A. J. Gardner, to Dr. J. C. Moore, of Clay, Wayne County, Iowa, the Rev. W. T. Howe officiating.

ROBERTSON-SMITH - In Old St. Andrew's Church, on May 29, 1906, by the Rev. Dr. G. M. Milligan, Missie May Smith, daughter of the Rev. Nathaniel and Mrs. Smith, 593 Church street, Toronto, to Dr. W. Edgar Robertson, M.B., L.R.C.P., and S. (Edinburgh), M.R.C.S. (England), of Milton, Ontario.

DIED.

BISHOP - At Bishop's Crossing, Que., on May 29, 1906, John Jackson Bishop, aged 60 years.

CROFT - At his residence, The Ives, Bracknell, England, on May 14, 1906, Dr. Thomas Croft, M.D., father of the late Sergt. Harry T. Croft, Quebec, in his 82nd year.

ELLIS - At 200 18th Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minn., U.S., on the morning of May 29, 1906, Albert Thomas Ellis, youngest son of the late George Ellis, Point St. Charles, aged 43 years and 3 months.

HARRIS - At Moseomin, Sask., on May 20, 1906, Jane Hunter, beloved wife of James Harris, V.S., and mother of Dr. A. W. Harris, of Ottawa, in her 73rd year.

HARCOURT - At his residence at Arthur, Ont., on May 26, 1906, John Harcourt, aged 83 years and 5 months.

HERRIDGE - At Brampton, Ont., on May 29, 1906, the Rev. William Herridge, in his 84th year.

HUNTINGTON - At her late residence, 229 Bain avenue, Toronto, on May 28, 1906, Helen, relict of the late George Huntington, in her 80th year.

MITCHELL - At Mealtola, Lewis, Scotland, on May 14, 1906, in her 78th year, Ellen McRae, widow of the late John Mitchell, and mother of J. T. Mitchell of this city.

MILLER - At Portneuf, Que., on May 27, 1906, John Miller, aged 96 years.

MORGAN - Suddenly, at her late residence, 274 Dovercourt road, Toronto, on May 28, 1906, in her 70th year, Ellen Mary Ann, widow of the late T. K. Morgan, barrister, and daughter of the late Colonel C. L. L. Foster.

McKENNON - At Vankeek Hill, on May 20, 1906, Dr. H. D. McKennon, aged 72 years.

McLAURIN - At Vankeek Hill, Ont., on May 23, 1906, Hannah Drake, aged 91, wife of the late Rev. John McLauren.

McGRANDEL - At Atundel, Que., on May 20, 1906, Mr. James McGrandel, aged 78 years.

McLAUGHLIN - In South Marysburgh, Ont., on May 22, 1906, Daniel McLaughlin, aged eighty-five years.

REYNOLDS - On May 26, 1906, at Rosedale, Victoria County, Ont., Jonathan Reynolds, aged 81 years.

WILSON - At Northport, Ont., on May 27, 1906, William H. Wilson, aged eighty years.

These sending notices for the above columns may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the "Witness" containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required. Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 8.

TEES & CO'S DESKS

ARE A GOOD INVESTMENT. TEES, 300 St. James St.

Clean Your Blankets AND SAVE THEM FROM MOTHS...

One of our esteemed customers remarks: "We used to clean our blankets at home. They were not comfortable so we tried your cleaning. They came home like new. After this, they will go to your place for cleaning if I had to go a mere effort a day to pay for them. They are soft and as well napped as new."

Let us do yours. Telephone - BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO., Offices and Agencies throughout the City.

Now your housecleaning is over your Piano had better be tuned. Call up Layton Bros., Up 1491, or mail card to 144 Peel St.

LAKE MICHIGAN LEVEL VARIED. Chicago, May 30 - The level of Lake Michigan to-day varied as much as four feet, going from two feet below datum to two feet above. The rise was attributed by vesselmen to a sudden shift in the wind, coupled with a rapid change in barometric pressure. No damage to shipping was reported.

THE S. CARSLY CO. Limited.

THE SILK SENSATION OF THE YEAR

45c 25,000 YARDS TO CLEAR FRIDAY AT 45c

Last year we had an immense sale of Silks about this time that brought the biggest swarm of silk buyers The Big Store ever had, and the people stayed and bought as long as the silk lasted. This year we are prepared to surpass that famous occasion, owing to the enormous quantities purchased, prices were less than cost of manufacture. The company could have resold to silk dealers at a handsome profit had it wished. BUT THE GAIN ALL GOES TO YOU. Here are the short, sharp facts.

25,000 YARDS OF SHOT TAFFETA SILK

With a beautiful Chiffon finish, full 20 inches wide, and very heavy, in a choice variety of twenty-two color combinations. The kind that cannot be bought elsewhere less than 75c. Friday's Clearing Price 45c

Blouses Less Than Cost to Make WORTH 75c, SELLING FOR 49c.

These are beautifully made, good quality White Lawn, trimmed in front with three rows of Fine Hamburg Embroidery, insertion and tucks, tucked back and front, fancy collar. You would not offer less than 75 cents for these Blouses. Our price 49c

Having all the latest style touches, new collar and long tucked cuffs, trimmed with box pleats, lace insertion and sixteen wide tucks. This is certainly a beautiful Blouse. Worth 85c. Our Sale Price 56c

\$1.00 WHITE-LAWN WAISTS FOR 67c

Made of very good quality White Lawn, after one of the prettiest and most stylish designs; new sleeves, and long tucked cuffs, fancy hemstitched tab collar, body trimmed with wide embroidery insertion, neat box pleats and twelve tucks. Regular value, \$1.00. Sale Price 67c



Ready-to-wear Hats, 39c

Another lot of ten dozen of these manufacturers' samples in Ladies' and Misses' ready-to-wear Hats, they are made of good quality straw and neatly trimmed with velvet, quills, ribbons, ornaments, etc., almost every style shown this season is represented here, and are splendid values at \$1.50 and \$2.00. Friday, your choice 39c

Ready-to-trim Hats, 25c

There are only three dozen of them; they are made of good quality fancy straw; they were bought as seconds, but in many cases we fail to find any defect. Hat worth 95c. Selling Friday for 25c

25c Children's Summer Tams, 10c

15 dozen of Children's Summer Tams, made of best White Duck, trimmed with alk band with woven gold lettering; others of serge and white pique, all slightly soiled, that is why they will be sold Friday for 10c

BOOT PRICES BOUND TO PLEASE

100 pairs Ladies' Fine Dongola Kid Blucher, or plain laced Boots with patent tip, good medium weight soles, in all sizes. Regular price \$1.75. Friday \$1.40

200 pairs Ladies' Fine Black Patent Laced Boots, with dull kid top, medium weight sole and Cuban heel, in sizes 2 1/2 to 7. Regular price \$2.25. Friday \$1.50

Ladies' Black Dongola Kid Oxford Laced Shoe, with good medium weight sole and military heels, in sizes 2 1/2 to 7. Regular price, \$1.60. Friday \$1.20

Friday's Clothing Specials

MEN'S OUTFIT SUITS, made of good Halifax Homespun, in fancy checks, overchecks and stripe designs, in Grey, Fawn and Brown, single and double breasted style. Very fashionable. Worth \$12.00. Friday \$7.98

TWO-PIECE FLANNEL SUITS; just the thing for holiday wear, soft, light, cool and stylish, neatly made in fancy mixed effects, three button style, single or double breasted; Pants made with extra turn up at bottoms and belt loops. Regular value \$7.50. Friday \$5.85

TO THE CLERGYMEN OF MONTREAL

200 Copies of the World's Epoch Makers, 25c

On Friday we will offer for sale 200 copies of the World's Epoch Makers, including Buddha and Buddhism, Savonarola, Cranmer and the English Reformation, Kierkegaard and his works, Wesley and Methodism, Francis and Domonika, Luther and the German Reformation, all in uniform cloth binding, good clear type. Publisher's price 75c, Friday 25c

This List for Mothers of Boys

And savings, every price in it, that call you to the Store early in the morning. BOYS' WASH PANTS, made of good, strong fancy Holland; just the thing for the hot weather. Regular price, 33c. Friday 21c

BOYS' WASH SUITS, neat sailor style, in fancy Blue and Champagne and Striped Glugham; nothing better for summer wear; neat, clean and washable. Regular \$1.10. Friday 83c

Buy Shirt Waist Suits Friday

200 very stylish and well made Summer Shirt Waist Suits, of fine quality Print, in stripe and dot effects, in colors of Black and White, Brown and White, Green and White; also Navy and White; waist neatly finished with deep pleats, medallions of lace and deep cuffs; skirt prettily pleated. Regular value, \$2.50. Friday \$1.50

Friday Pure Grocery List

Table with 4 columns: Item, Reg. Price, Fri. Price, Item, Reg. Price, Fri. Price. Includes items like Ceylon Pekoe Tea, Upton's Marmalade, Carley's Baking Powder, etc.

THE S. CARSLY CO. Limited. 143 to 151 Notre Dame St. West, 184 to 194 St. James St., MONTREAL.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 31.

THE LATE PRINCIPAL WAITT

FUNERAL AT LENNOXVILLE YESTERDAY AFTERNOON LARGELY ATTENDED.

Lennoxville, Que., May 30 - The funeral of the late Principal Waitt was held at Lennoxville to-day, and was attended by a large number of sorrowing friends, who gathered to pay the last tokens of respect to the deceased.

The funeral took place from the College Chapel at two in the afternoon, and the body had been borne to the chapel at ten o'clock on Tuesday evening by six students in cassocks and surplices. At the entrance of the chapel the procession was met by the college clergy, who preceded the body to the chancel, reciting the opening sentences of the burial office. The coffin was of plain oak, and bore the inscription: 'Thomas Bruce Waitt, priest, died May 27th, 1906, aged 44 years.' On it were many beautiful floral tributes, among which were crosses and wreaths sent with expressions of deepest love and sympathy by the staff of the college, the students, the lady students, the masters and boys of Bishop's College School, and the Preparatory School, the College Corporation, the School Association, and presiding in Hall Compton. The casket was reverently placed on a bier just outside the chancel rail and facing the altar.

The office of compline was said by the Rev. Prof. Dunn, the office hymn being 'The Radiant Morn has Passed Away.' Relays of students then took charge of the solemn watch, which was observed throughout the night, and continuously till the hour of the funeral on Wednesday.

At the funeral service on Wednesday, the officiating clergy were the Rev. Dr. Allnatt, vice-principal of Bishop's College, and the Rev. E. J. Bidwell, headmaster of the school; the Rev. Principal Rexford representing the Archbishop of Montreal, and the Venerable Archdeacon Roe, commissary to the Lord Bishop of Quebec, who is at present in Hall Compton. The hymns at the service in the chapel were 'Now the Laborer's Task is O'er,' and 'On the Resurrection Morning,' and at the grave, 'For all Thy Saints who from Their Labors Rest,' was beautifully rendered by the surpliced choir.

The procession from the chapel to the Malvern Cemetery was a long and imposing one, consisting of the boys of the Preparatory School, the members of the Cadet Corps of the school in uniform (who had formed a guard of honor in the chapel), the masters of the school, the undergraduates and graduates of Bishop's College, the college staff, the clergy of the diocese, and the officiating clergy. The bearers were six of the students, and the pallbearers were the Rev. Canon Shroye, the Rev. Canon Scott, the Rev. Rural Dean Parker, the Rev. Rural Dean King, the Rev. R. W. E. Wright, rector of Lennoxville, and the Rev. A. H. Moore, president of the Alumni Association. The chief mourners were Mr. Llewellyn Waitt and Miss Waitt, brother and sister of the deceased. Following these came the Chancellor and Registrar of the university, representatives of the College Corporation, School Association, the dioceses of Montreal and Quebec, King's Hall, Compton, and other educational institutions.

The interment took place in the college lot, in the Malvern Cemetery, beautifully situated on the hillside overlooking the St. Francis valley.

Among those present from a distance were the Chancellor, Mr. John Hamilton of Quebec; the Ven. Archdeacon Roe, of Richmond; the Ven. Archdeacon Balfour, of Quebec; the Rev. Principal Rexford, the Rev. Prof. C. Abbott-Smith, and Mr. S. O. Shore, representing the Synod of Montreal; Mr. H. R. Fraser, of Sherbrooke, chairman of the School Association; the Rev. A. Stevens and Dr. R. A. D. King, representing King's Hall, Compton; the Very Rev. the Dean of Quebec; Dean Moyle, representing the University of McGill, and the Rev. Frank Charters, Messrs. G. H. Balfour, Capt. W. H. Carter, William Farwell, J. Mackinnon, R. Campbell; Senator Baker, Cowansville; H. D. Lawrence, Sherbrooke.

The flags at McGill University were flying at half-mast in respect for the death of the late Principal Waitt, of Bishop's College.

AN ELECTRIC ACTION

APPEAL OF MAYOR ELLIS, OF OTTAWA, DISMISSED IN ONTARIO DIVISIONAL COURT.

Toronto, May 30. - The Divisional Court this morning dismissed the appeal of Mayor Ellis, of Ottawa, and the Consumers' Electric Company, from the order of Mr. Justice Anglin, allowing Aid. Black to sue Mayor Ellis for concluding a contract with an electric company in terms different from those approved by the council for the acquisition of the company's plant by the city of Ottawa. Counsel for Mayor Ellis claimed that Aid. Black had no status, that the action was premature, and that the claim might not be valid. He also insisted that the amendment in the statement of claims should not be allowed to be made. Mr. Charles Moss, for the electric company, contended that Aid. Black was not the proper plaintiff, but that the action should be laid by some one who would represent the ratepayers for all time, in whatever course the action might proceed, and whom the company could sue to compel the carrying out of the agreement with the mayor, or to recover the balance of \$3,771.79 due by the city to the company, which Aid. Black had blocked by a motion for an injunction.

A PROTESTANT FEDERATION

SUCH IS ADVOCATED BY DR. SPROULE, ORANGE GRAND MASTER.

Toronto, May 30 - The Supreme Grand Orange Lodge of British America opened this afternoon, in Victoria Hall, the county Orange hall of Toronto. The attendance is the greatest in years. The afternoon was spent in hearing the addresses of the grand master, Dr. J. S. Sproule, M.P., and other officers. A Canadian Protestant Federation was asked for by Dr. Sproule. He said, in part: "In view of the increasing influence and aggression of political Romanism in Canada, I think this the time to take steps for the formation of a Canadian Protestant federation upon the lines of the Imperial Protestant Federation of Great Britain. By this means all the distinctively Protestant organizations could co-operate in resisting the Roman Catholic Church. That a more vigorous propaganda is necessary to preserve the constitutional rights of the citizens of Canada has been made clearly apparent during the past few years."

If this suggestion should meet with the approval of the Grand Lodge, I would propose the appointment of a strong committee to canvas the situation and formulate a workable plan for such a federation. Mr. Lockhart, grand secretary, reported the issue of 56 primary lodge warrants. The gross increase in membership totals about 10,000. Newfoundland leads in the net gain in membership, as it did last year. This evening the brethren were treated to a moonlight excursion on the bay.

INCREASED INDEMNITY OF M.P.'S CONDEMNED

RESOLUTION PASSED BY WEST HURON LIBERALS.

Dungannon, Ont., May 29 - The annual meeting of the West Huron Liberal Association was held here to-day, with delegates present from all parts of the riding. Officers were elected as follows: President, Mr. James Young, Auburn; first vice-president, Mr. J. Morris Loy; second vice-president, Mr. William Baird, Dungannon; third vice-president, Mr. John Styles, Kintail; treasurer, Mr. Joseph Bell, Carlow; secretary, Mr. Chas. Garrow, Goderich. Addresses were given by Mr. M. G. Cameron, M.P., Mr. Robert Holmes, Mr. Thomas McMillan and others, discussing the political questions of the day. Resolutions were passed approving of the conduct of the government affairs of Canada by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his cabinet, expressing confidence in the Hon. G. W. Ross as leader of the provincial Liberals, urging adherence to the principles of tariff for revenue and preferential treatment of the Motherland in any tariff readjustment, and condemning the increase of indemnity to members, the pensions to ex-ministers voted at the Dominion session of 1905.

NOTES AND NOTES.

Seaside Trains Via I. C. R. - Owing to the large number of advance reservations already made previous to the regular summer season train service which commences on the 24th of June, and to meet the wishes of its numerous patrons who spend the summer at the various popular seaside resorts located on their line, the Intercolonial Railway has decided to run special "Seaside Trains" with through sleeping cars to Murray Bay, Riviere du Loup, Cacouna, Be. Tremouli, Little Metis and intermediate stations, leaving here at 7.45 on the 8th, 15th and 22nd June. These trains will also have through sleeping cars to Riviere du Loup, connecting with special ferry service to Murray Bay and Cap a L'Aigle. See advertisement in another column.

With a view to giving a still better service to subscribers at Montreal and St. Lambert, the Bell Telephone Company has just completed the erection of another circuit between these two points.

For the Summer Months - A Toll Office has been opened at Strathmore, Que., for the convenience of summer residents, connected on the line from Montreal to Pointe Claire. Conversations can be had from Strathmore to Montreal, Lachine or Pointe Claire for a charge of 15 cents per call.

Correct Laundry Work.

always assured the patrons of the... TROY LAUNDRY.

SIX TELEPHONES, any one of which will bring a wagon promptly to your door. Main 3644-3645 - Main 3447 - Main 1893 - Main 3818 - 1p 1909.

Offices and Factory, VERDUN.



A really good piano is the only kind worth the money it costs. But paying the money doesn't always get it.

THE KARN PIANO

is gaining friends every day, especially among musicians, who know what constitutes a first class instrument.

Layton Bros., Sole Agents, 144 PEEL STREET.

METHODIST CONFERENCE

First Draft of Stationing Committee Contains Some Surprises

THE REV. DR. ELLIOTT GIVES LECTURE TO THEOLOGICAL UNION.

(See also Page 14).

Smith's Falls, May 31.—List of stations in the Montreal Conference of the Methodist Church, 1907 (under correction): the Rev. William H. Sparling, president of conference; the Rev. George S. Clendinning, secretary of conference; the Rev. William H. Stevens, secretary of the stationing committee.

Following are the changes announced in the first draft:—

MONTREAL DISTRICT

- St. James, Geo. D. Armstrong, assistant to pastor. Wesleyan College, Chas. E. Bland, B.A., B.D., professor of church history and philosophy of theism. East End, Geo. S. Reynolds. West End, T. Anson Halpenny. Sherbrooke Street, Wm. H. Stevens. Dorchester Street, Wm. Hollingsworth. Cote St. Paul, A. W. Budd. Verdun, Thomas H. Hole. Hochelaga, A. W. Williamson. Montreal West, John G. Fulcher. Mount-Tremblant, H. Hunter Hillis. Lachine, A. E. Pates. Calumet and Grenville, Wm. Henderson. Shawbridge, Thos Hancock. Arundel and Ponsonby, W. G. Henderson. Rawdon, J. Bertram Howe. W. P. Booth, R. F. Argue and J. Alex. Miller, to go to college.

CORNWALL DISTRICT

- Iroquois, H. W. Burnett. Matilda South, R. W. Street. Inkerman, H. E. Warren. Chesterville, A. E. Rumpalis. Morewood, W. G. Bradford. Winchester Springs, Johnson Sellar. Aultville, T. Creighton Cassidy. Newington, R. B. McAmmond.

BROCKVILLE DISTRICT

- Prescott, C. S. Deeprose. Spencerville, Reuben Stillwen. Addison, A. B. Johnston. Delta, Chas. J. Curtis. North Augusta, J. Holt Murray. Bishop's Mills, Wm. Riance. Frankville and Toledo, Isaac Norman.

KINGSTON DISTRICT

- Stella, J. E. Lidstone. Cataract, John Webster. Verona, W. W. Weese. Parham (G. W. M.)

PERTH DISTRICT

- Lanark and Clayton, A. G. Robertson

(Lanark), (C. W. C. Lombardy, Wm. Halpenny. Sharbot Lake, Mark Styau

OTTAWA DISTRICT

- McLeod Street, Peter L. Richardson. Nepean, Henry A. Young. Aylmer, John Scanlon. Eardley, W. A. Wilson. Quyon, Wm. T. Keough. Hammond, (H. D. R.). North Wakefield, W. J. Beamish. Pickanock (H. A. L.).

QUEBEC DISTRICT

- Richmond and Melbourne Ridge, L. M. England. Windsor Mills, Jas. Watson. Sherbrooke, R. G. Peever. Lennoxville, E. Sanderson. East Angus, M. I. Robinson.

STANSTEAD DISTRICT

- Stanstead College, W. P. Boshart, pastor. Coaticook, R. Corrigan. Compton, Isaac Wilkinson. Hatley and Cassville, Geo. Mossop. Barnston, Barry Pierce. Magog, Jacob I. Hughes. East Bolton, E. S. Howard.

WATERLOO DISTRICT

- South Stukeley, John Garvin. Brome, Geo. S. Schagel. Freilshaburg, Elwood J. Lawson. Farnham, G. Wells Fisher.

HUNTINGDON DISTRICT

- Huntingdon, Robt. Smith. Lacolle, S. F. Newton. Odelltown, John Fowkes. Hemmingford, A. J. Belton. Kensington, Jas. A. McNeill. Valleyfield, Albert S. Cleland.

The Rev. James Elliott, M.A., Ph.D., delivered the annual lecture before the Theological Union of this Conference last night. The Rev. Ernest Thomas presided. After the lecture a most interesting discussion followed, participated in by the Revs. Dr. Shaw, Dr. Eby, Wm. Philip, Dr. Ryckman, Dr. Porter and Dr. Elliott.

Dr. Elliott held, in substance, that religion is pre-eminently natural to man; that one factor of it is knowledge of God as the unifying principle in all that is. He held that this knowledge is necessary to man, being involved in his consciousness of the world as a rationally unified whole. The knowledge no doubt was dim at first, but through the development of man as a reasoning being the knowledge of God becomes more definite and adequate. This is accomplished by revelation through inspiration; only the significance of revelation and inspiration must be widened and deepened. He held that all men are inspired, the difference being one of degree. He further held that this knowledge of God becomes comprehensive of God as the all-father. This knowledge, he held, produces feeling at every stage: at first, a feeling chiefly of fear though mingled with reverence; at last, a feeling of indescribable reverence and love. This deep and persuasive experience he regarded as a growth beginning with a self criticism resulting in dissatisfaction with self and hunger after a higher life; this was followed by the great renunciation—the renunciation in principle of all this finite—but this he regarded as a stage in the growth of the religious consciousness. Ultimately all phases of life become sacred and all things become, in a true sense, the possession of the man who has eyes to see.

Toward others, the lecturer held that, at first, owing to the necessary inadequacy of human development, it consisted mainly in a mixture of love and hate; but, at last, owing to the development of the religious consciousness to a stage at which it can see itself, the spirit which possesses it, the spirit of God, in others, it becomes a love and tenderness like the love and tenderness of God. Since to be is to do, he claimed, this religion necessarily becomes embodied. What we are we live. Thus religion, he held to be progressive; comprehensive of God; progressive reverence and love for God; progressive reverence and love

for man as embodying or capable of embodying the mind of God. To the possession of such religion and its importation to humanity, he held, all are called. A vote of thanks, moved by the Rev. Dr. Shaw, seconded by Dr. Ryckman, was carried unanimously.

HAMILTON CONFERENCE

Niagara Falls, May 31.—Convincingly and thoroughly Mr. J. W. Robertson, of St. Catharines, covered the ground last night in giving to the laymen's section of the Hamilton Conference of the Methodist Church an outline of the findings of the General Conference's committee on the Superannuation Fund. The committee was set to work with wide powers to investigate the nature of the investments and the general principle of the fund. Such a fund was considered indispensable. The prospective and probable claims were found to be \$1,500,000, a report which alarmed the committee. Should a reserve be built up to place the fund on a sound basis? was asked. The expense for a few years prior to 1902 exceeded the income, which deficit was wiped out, and there is now a balance, probably for some years to come. Ministers on the fund, said Mr. Robertson, 'now live longer than they did twenty-five years ago,' a statement which caused a member to remark that pastoral work was 'a good, healthy occupation.' There were other causes. The age of entry had been lowered, and Mr. Robertson thought too many in the prime of life were placed on the fund. The present scale is relatively too high. The fund is now in a transition stage, and revision may be found necessary. 'There is no cause for alarm among the ministers,' said Mr. Robertson, who stated the Methodist Church made the most liberal provision for its clergymen, probably because of the low salaries. Concluding, Mr. Robertson advised the payment of better salaries as the true policy, and put a high tribute to the management of the fund. Mr. Thomas Hillyard, of Waterloo, also addressed the laymen, and advised that the fund be divided in two, an annuity fund and an annual, after the working of the English Wesleyan Conference Fund. Mr. Hillyard's declaration that the conference had gone to its limit in drawing on ministers and circuits, drew a number of protests. He suggested a material reduction in grants to young men, and hardly any to ministers of sixty-five years.

LONDON CONFERENCE

Windsor, Ont., May 31.—The second day of the London Methodist Conference was devoted to the ministerial session which began promptly at ten o'clock yesterday morning. After a large amount of routine business was disposed of, including recommendations for ordination, the case of the Rev. Oliver Chittick, formerly pastor of Oxtam, Essex County, was taken up. Evidence was taken behind closed doors. By a unanimous resolution, Mr. Chittick's name was dropped from the conference, and he was formally deposed from the Methodist ministry and expelled from the church.

ATTACKED MONTREAL WESLEYAN COLLEGE

At the afternoon session, the Rev. Dr. Jackson, professor of the Montreal Theological College, made an exhaustive report of the finances and workings of that institution. The report was well received, but the Rev. W. McDonough, a superannuated minister from Stratford, made a savage attack upon all church colleges, particularly singling out Montreal Theological College, declaring it was not orthodox, and intimating in unmistakable language that its teachings were little short of heresy. A cordial vote of confidence in the Montreal institution and its principal was adopted.

Dr. W. S. Griffin, of Toronto, permanent treasurer of the superannuation fund, presented a report which was considered highly satisfactory. At the time of the last General Conference the fund showed a falling off to the extent of twenty thousand dollars, which was later increased to twenty-six thousand dollars in the same year. This deficit, said Dr. Griffin, has since been entirely wiped out and the fund now has an increase of something like over five thousand dollars on the credit side. The committee appointed by the General Conference has made a thorough investigation into the management and condition of the fund, with the aid of insurance actuaries, and it is extremely unlikely there will be any material change in the constitution of the superannuation fund or in its management.

TORONTO METHODISTS

Toronto, May 31.—The annual meeting of the Eastern District of the Methodist Church in Toronto was held yesterday in the Metropolitan Church, under the presidency of the Rev. J. A. Rankin, D.D. Memorials were presented in relation to new mission fields and the restriction imposed on endowment by the Model Trust Deed governing the amalgamated Methodist churches. The memorial on missions proposed to allow greater scope than enjoyed at present by the missionary board, so as to permit of giving higher remuneration to first class men when considered desirable for strategic points in the new provinces. That an endowment suggested an amendment to enable the church to receive and invest endowments, the income of which would be applied as specified by the donors. At present any gifts of bequests go into the funds of the church, or are immediately spent as directed, but investment for the purpose of income for specific objects is not allowed. The need for an amendment has arisen owing to the wish of the trustees of the Massey Methodist million wishing to apply the income available under the trust at the moment to endow the Metropolitan parsonage with a sum that will yield a revenue of fifteen hundred dollars a year.

THREE CREMATIONS IN MAY

At the monthly meeting of the board of directors of the Crematorium, Limited, held yesterday afternoon, it was stated that there had been three cremations during the month of May.

WHERE RESPONSIBILITY LIES JUDGMENT IN A COMPLICATED ACTION FOR DAMAGES.

Mr. Justice Mathieu rendered judgment yesterday on a claim for damages in which the responsibility was denied by three different parties. A Desautels sued the city of St. Cunegonde in October last for \$150, damages alleged to have been suffered by him, by reason of his horse having been hurt and his carriage broken by an obstruction on Notre Dame street, where Lamy & Co. were building. The obstruction was caused by pieces of iron left in the street. The corporation took an action against Lamy & Co., alleging that it was by their fault that the accident had happened, inasmuch as they had placed the iron there without protecting it by a light, as they were bound to do. The latter in turn took an action against the Phoenix Bridge & Iron Works, Ltd., alleging that they had placed the iron in the street, and asking that they be condemned to intervene in the action and defend it.

The Court dismissed the action taken by Lamy against the Phoenix Company, on the ground that whatsoever was pursued in damages for a fault he has not committed has no action en garantie against him who is guilty of the fault and has caused the damage, but must limit himself to conclusions for dismissal of the action, reserving always to him who has suffered the loss the right to address himself directly to the person in fault. The principal action of Desautels vs. the city of St. Cunegonde was maintained to the extent of \$100, the Court holding that it was the duty of the municipal authorities to see that the street remained unobstructed. As regards the action of St. Cunegonde against Lamy & Co., the learned judge dismissed it, on the ground that there was no fault on the part of the owners of the building, who had made a contract with the Phoenix Company for the iron work, and the obstruction was placed on the street by the company. The city had a recourse against the person whose negligence caused the accident, but that person was not Lamy.

A BAKERS' BOYCOTT

CIRCULAR ISSUED ASKING PATRONS NOT TO EAT 'SCAB' BREAD.

The striking Jewish bakers have resolved to boycott their former masters. With that object in view they have distributed thousands of circulars printed in Yiddish calling upon Jews of all classes to abstain from eating 'scab' bread, which, they say, is unwholesome, etc. They have their blood up, and will not again resume the kneading of 'kosher' dough unless their bosses back down.

The Jewish master bakers are a unit in declaring that the journeymen do not know what they want.

One of them, speaking to a 'Witness' reporter, said that the whole trouble was 'due to one or two irresponsible and lazy demagogues who spend their time inciting the workers to do all they can to hurt the employers' interests.' 'What kind of men are these,' he asked, 'that they must, within two years, have five strikes? Every agreement entered into with them has been broken at their pleasure, and yet they abuse their masters. If they keep on they will ruin the "Kosher" bread business, and then they will have no work at all. They are a lot of discontented socialists who want us to give them all we possess.'

Store closes every Saturday at 1 p.m. during June, July and August.

If you will call at Nordheimer's you will save time and money by not bothering about stereotyped advertisements of "Piano Removal Sales," "Alteration Sales," "Piano Clearance Sales," and "Special Piano Sales to make room for more goods," for at Nordheimer's you have the best "every day opportunities" to select from the largest assortment and the best Pianos in the world, known as the standard of Europe and America, and at prices and terms that are not duplicated by any other house in Montreal.

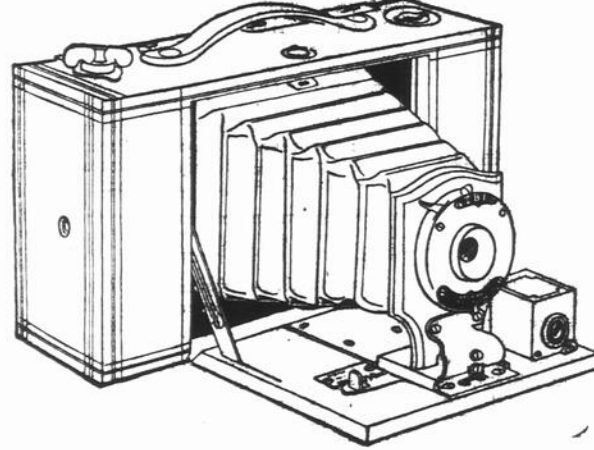
Stelway, Nordheimer, Pratte, Mason & Hamlin, Lansdowne, Kranich & Bach and other Pianos, Mason & Hamlin Organs, and the only place in Montreal where the Metrostyle Pianola and Pianola Piano is on daily demonstration, irrespective of any intention to purchase.

Pianos to rent by the month or for the summer. Estimates given on old instruments, to be taken in exchange or repaired.

NORDHEIMER'S, Established 1840, 539 St. Catherine St. West.

COLONIAL HOUSE, PHILLIPS SQUARE. Great Annual June Sale. Beginning To-morrow, Friday, WE WILL OFFER SPECIALS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT. At Liberal Reductions WITH 10 PERCENT EXTRA FOR CASH. Special Attention Given to Mail Orders. Henry Morgan & Co. MONTREAL.

LEE & SARGENT 675 St. Catherine Street West. PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES. Phone Uptown 3817.



We would call attention to three points in which we specialize. Developing. Printing. Enlarging.

We call for films, save yourself the bother and worry of carrying them. GET BUSY. LOOK INTO KODAK PROPOSITION.

THE DEMAND

Is increasing enormously. Can we tell you the Reason why?

"A Trial Package will bring Enlightenment."

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEAS, "ARE DELICIOUS TEAS." Black, Mixed or Natural Green. Sealed Packets Only. Refuse Substitutes. JAPAN TEA DRINKERS Should use Salada Green Teas They are Undyed and Pure.



SEE OUR ASSORTMENT OF MASON & RISCH, MORRIS & LEACH PIANOS Sold Cash or \$7 monthly.

LEACH PIANO CO., 560 St. Catherine Street West, Between Stanley and Drummond.

DOGS OR REINDEER.

WILFRED GRENFELL.

Sick calls waiting north, south, east, and west. Fortunately my dogs were able to take me eight miles south and arrange for a poor woman (who otherwise would have lost her life) to come immediately to hospital. The same day they carried me fifteen miles north, visiting three settlements, and back again. They are, without doubt, the best team on the shore. But even they could not do the work without a large number of subsidiary dogs. Mr. Bryant, my assistant, has a driver and team of his own also. We have had thirty dogs here this winter, and without them the work would be impossible. I have tried to persuade the government to foster the introduction of domesticated reindeer, and His Excellency the Governor has expressed his great interest in the scheme. The advantages are, not only that these animals can feed themselves, but they feed us. The dogs can do neither. We have to feed them, and occasionally they feed on us. Apart from that, however, we are trying to arrange for a small shipment for our own work, and a number of settlers around this portion of the coast have asked me to get a couple for them, if we could spare them for less than fifty dollars apiece. If the government would only take a herd it would bring the cost of importing each reindeer to a very small figure. The immense success they have been in Alaska in the hands of the United States Government, would amply justify the government in the experiment, and would be probably the means of making Newfoundland Labrador into a flourishing community. They make Lapland habitable—they serve to maintain a flourishing population of settlers in Alaska. They mean food, clothing and communication. Why not make Labrador Finland or Lapland.

DR. GRENFELL'S LOG. St. Anthony, April 23.—A warm fog outside and the sound of running water in the brook near by, warns me that the long winter has at last begun to go. Though April 8 to 14 was about the coldest week of the whole winter. The thermometer was twenty-five below zero on the 10th, and on the 14th we had the heaviest blizzard and snowfall since Christmas. So cold has it continued that with the exception of one day's rain in February, not even the surface of the snow has yielded a jot to the strong spring sun which at mid-day has scoured down upon us. Suddenly, on April 17, winter collapsed like a broken egg-shell, or the big giant in the hands of Jan Ridd, of 'Lorna Doone' fame. Since that moment it has been hot and steamy as an oven. Everything everywhere has been wet. We have jumped into summer without, as it were, an hour of twilight. My many long journeys this winter have, alas, left us without firewood, for my dogs have been constantly away on service. The firewood is still where it was cut, and dogs would now have to swim to get it. For the water has accumulated more rapidly on the ice than it can possibly get away. We hope, however, for a few good frosts at night in May before the snow has all left us. Towards the end of March we managed to get hospital sufficiently empty to enable me to leave for a trip to the westward. The only case then causing me

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

anxiety was a little boy on whom we had performed an abdominal operation. A well-developed, bright, intelligent boy. His malformation had never allowed him to run and jump like other boys. The deformity was growing worse as he grew older. The isolation of the place he lived in left him no prospect except of a miserable, crippled life. I am glad to be able to say he has made a perfect recovery, and I hope soon to have the privilege of carrying back her only son to his mother, almost a new boy. He came here, not only a cripple, but from the isolation of life, too much afraid of any of us to speak. Now, after a month under the care of the Sister in the ward with the other boys, he looks one in the face, and has learned things that will make a man of him.

Fresh food being at a great premium at this time of the year, we arranged to try for some trout through the ice on the first lake that we crossed. The ice being three feet thick, the difficulty of making holes was very great. Though there was not a foot of water beneath this heavy ice, we landed a number of nice trout up to a pound weight, so that we left word for one of our hospital men to come over and try for more. His bag was sixteen dozen.

At night we brought up at Cape Norman lighthouse. A 'sick call' many miles further west, enabled me to visit many more small settlements. And I was very pleased to be called to examine three applicants for life insurance, the good results of a visit of a gentleman from the south last summer. It not only is an encouraging sign of material progress, but of wisdom and thrift as well. May there be many more such.

All the shore at this time were excitedly looking out for seals. At one island in the Gulf, which we called at as we passed with our dogs, we found that 'young seals' had 'been in.' A large 'pan' of ice on which were thousands of old and young seals, had been driven by the winds and tide, and amidst the constant shuffle of the floe had frozen tight alongside the island. My host at dinner had heard the 'babies bawling' from his house, and, running out, had captured 51 before the 'pan' was passed along. The rest of the men of the island had left only the day before for the north-east, where they heard seals had been sighted.

Four of these fat babies we purchased to feed our hungry dogs upon, and their soft white skins to make a rug of.

Late in the afternoon I was visiting in another house, where a large number of patients had gathered to await me, when suddenly a messenger arrived hot-foot from Flower's Cove. 'You are wanted at hospital, Doctor; there is a letter at the Cove waiting you.' What could be wrong?

In spite of all my urging of the dogs, the sun was already setting before I got the letter. The miles seemed somehow twice as long as when I travelled them before. As we dashed along, I passed several patients on their way to the rendezvous, and had to jump off and warn each that I should not be able to keep my tryst.

The letter was from the Sister saying how sorry she was to recall me, but there was some trouble with Willie's wound.

The night had turned very nasty, and a fresh north-easter, with driving snow, was blowing right into our faces. But rest for us was now only to be found in action. So, weary though the dogs were, we at once made a fresh start. Our leading dog was only a pup ten months old, but was remarkably sagacious and strong. It was impossible to look to windward; indeed, it was now too dark to see anything, anyhow. The drifting snow had obliterated all the old tracks. For about five miles our path lay over sea ice, and we could expect no landmarks to warn us if we were not going all right. But the road was fairly level, and fairly straight. All we could do was to trust the pup. My driver was very snow-blind. He had to ask me constantly whether I thought we were going right. My answer was always the same, 'The pup seems content.' I could tell this in the way the dogs were going. For often enough I could not see the leader at all.

The pup proved well worthy of our confidence. For after eighteen miles of the journey had been put behind us, he brought us, as it were on a sudden,

to the door of the very house we wanted. This house marked the commencement of blazed trail, leading across the country—a short cut to the east coast. As there was no house for thirty-two miles now, and the storm was momentarily increasing, we could do nothing more. Moreover, we could get food for our dogs here, and with the work lying before them, this was as necessary as getting it for ourselves.

Dawn found us waiting to start. But the blizzard had buried everything up to the first-floor windows, and was still howling and raging outside in a way to make a long journey out of the question. We had to translate 'disappointment' into the words, 'His appointment,' if we were to make this a day of rest. For it was Sunday. The irksomeness of the delay was somewhat mitigated by it giving me the chance to see a poor woman close by, and do for her a very necessary operation. The first of our journey next day would be through thick woods. So, the evening being a little finer, we tramped and cut a path to the far edge to enable our dogs to force through this big batch of snow in the morning. It was a glorious morning, and when we reached the barrens, which constituted our next twenty miles of journey, we found that Dame Nature, with her besom of strong wind, had swept the path cleaner than ten thousand housemaids could have done.

As we cooked our breakfast in a little drogue of woods on the top of the watershed, the sun was pouring down from overhead. Away to the north in this peerless atmosphere, we could make out every detail of the Labrador coast from Belle Isle to Forteau. At our feet lay wide stretches of evergreen forests with a sharp setting of dazzling, snow-covered marshes. Great days indenting the coast were deep here and there by streams of open water of deep blue color. Outside again was the fantastic flow ice with its capricious icebergs. Had it not been for our anxiety of mind, we would not have changed our environment for a king's.

The last spur of the White hills were left behind at length. The last lake was crossed, and at last the parting team once more came to a standstill at the door of our little hospital. The Sister was out to greet us before we had time to take the harnesses off, and we knew by her face, without any question, that it was all right with Willie. Two days later we retraced our steps to the westward.

Our patient treated during the blizzard that delayed us had fared the corner, and we had been able to bring her from the hospital some requisites to aid convalescence.

About a mile out from land there was frozen into the floe one of the most majestic icebergs it has ever been my privilege to see. Huge pillars of ice, topped away over two hundred feet above our heads, like the buttresses of some noble cathedral. Through the middle of it ran a large valley, or gigantic hallway, its sides of an exquisite transparent blue. This gave exit by a broad door-way between two enormous shoulders of ice on the side looking seaward. Driving out to get a nearer view, we found it was very fast frozen into the standing ice. So we ventured to drive our team right up into its crystal halls, to pass through those unique corridors, and after exploring its recesses, to pass out by as magnificent a gateway as ever the foot of man trod through—and this palace—down on our poor French shore.

Approaching our rooms at Flower's Cove once more, we turned aside from the road to visit the father of a large family who had some inflammation of the knee when we had passed so hurriedly home. Our dogs arrived at such a stretch of all that we were inside the door before anyone knew we were approaching. To my surprise, the room was full of people. Their gloomy faces suggested something wrong, and they told me that 'Richard,' the man in question, was dying up-stairs.

'The inflammation be gone up into his body,' said one. 'He be wonderful bad since last night.' In a tiny room up-stairs, in a built-up bunk in the dark airless corner, the poor fellow lay. His right limb almost as large as his body, his face pale and corpse-like. There was only one chance for him—immediate operation. While some brought in my instruments from the komatik, and others went out to borrow boilers, we upstairs knocked down the partition and made two rooms into one, took out the window pane in its entirety, and put up a temporary bed and operating table in the centre of the enlarged room. Borrowing two oil-skin coats, we made a very fair substitute for mackintoshes, and empty water jars served admirably for hot-water bottles. Two men were despatched to convert the wood of the late partition into a full-length bath, pitched inside to make it water-tight. Large and numerous incisions were rapidly made in the limb. Volunteers were chosen for relays of nurses. Two men went out over the ice to the light-house on the Flower's island to get some milk, and, if possible, some stimulants. Again, it was late, before we arrived at Flower's cove.

For three days Richard's life hung in the balance, and a rather long immersion in the hot bath almost proved too much for his strength. But the grit and vitality of a north Newfoundlander is something to be reckoned with, and now that I write to you, we are able to say that this family, at any rate, will not be deprived of its bread-winner from this cause. A belated Christmas box gave us a delightful evening at one of these small settlements. It was too late, we thought, for a 'Christmas tree,' so we converted it into an 'Easter box.' You can read, I suppose, I said to my host. He shook his head. 'I be no scholar, zur. There were no learnin' when I were young.'

Limit of Human Agony is often reached with corns. Foolish, because Putnam's Corn Extract cures in twenty-four hours. Don't put off—get 'Putnam's' to-day—fifty years in use—painless and sure.

J. PALMER & SON 1745 NOTRE DAME PHONE M 391 EVERYTHING FOR THE HAIR HAIR DRESSING & COLORING BY EXPERTS.

Marcel Waving Made a Specialty. Hair Coloring in 24 Shades. We use only the celebrated BRONX DYE, the finest in the world and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Applied by an EXPERT. Luxuriantly appointed rooms fitted with every known convenience. Manicuring, Massage, Electric Vibrassage.

THE GOOD REPUTATION of "Five Roses" Flour is proof positive of its good quality. No amount of talking could make and hold such a reputation if the flour were not the very best. Thousands of housekeepers in every city bear testimony that the claims made for "Five Roses" are just, and thus, through its uniform superiority over ordinary brands, its high reputation grows daily. If you have not already tried it do so at once. LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO. LIMITED.

WE ARE BUSY BUT WE CAN STILL ATTEND TO YOU Estimate or Catalogue on Application. MERCHANTS AWNING CO., Limited, 227-229 Notre Dame Street East. Tel. Main 3330.

When your Stomach goes out of Business try SHREDDED WHEAT It strengthens the stomach, makes good flesh and blood, and keeps the bowels healthy and active. A builder of brawn and brain. At your grocer's. MADE IN CANADA of Canadian Wheat. Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book" postpaid. CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Toronto Office, 32 Church St.

We had labelled the toys to suit, as far as possible, the various children. 'Your wife can read the labels then, I suppose?' 'You see that lot, zur,' he said, pointing to the room full of people. There 'ain't one of 'em can read a word, nor write neither, 'cept it be tha' Frenchman, and he got his learnin' fore he come out here.' I proved this to be true, for at our gathering for prayer afterwards, I found not a single one of them could use a hymn book. I think I may say that none of them had ever seen a toy either; at any rate, nothing at all resembling some of the beautiful American toys that our Easter box contained. Their pleasure was proportionate, and so was ours. WILFRED GRENFELL.

THE WINDSOR HOTEL THE CONTRACT FOR NEW ANNEX AWARDED TO MESSRS PETER LYALL AND SONS. Messrs. Peter Lyall and Sons were last night awarded the contract for the construction of the new annex for the Windsor Hotel, and they have agreed to hand over, completed, the six lower floors by July 1, 1907. The material to be used is Montreal limestone and Scotch fire brick. NOTES AND NOTICES. 'Vacation Days in Southern New Hampshire.' A New Beautifully Illustrated and Descriptive Booklet.—One of the most beautiful and artistic booklets issued this season is the new descriptive booklet 'Vacation Days in Southern New Hampshire,' delightfully illustrated and describing in detail the resorts of Southern New Hampshire. This booklet is brand new and is enclosed in a handsome cover lithographed in eight colors. This growing vacation country, year by year, is attracting tourists and vacationists, and any person who desires or contemplates a vacation this season in New Hampshire, should send two cents for postage to the General Passenger Department, Boston & Maine Railway, Boston, for 'Vacation days in Southern New Hampshire.'

READABLE PARAGRAPHS

A certain baker who had recovered from a severe illness requested his doctor to make out his attendance bill, and he added:— 'Try and make it as tight as possible, doctor.' 'Ah,' replied the witty doctor, 'that's what you say to your foreman, Mr. Baker; but it is not the way I make my bread.'

'Gentlemen,' said the professor, 'this is one of the most dangerous experiments known to science. The slightest mishap, and the experimenter will be blown to atoms. I will now step into the next room while my assistant performs the experiment.'

OBEYED ORDERS STRICTLY. (From the 'Youth's Companion'.)

'Thille,' said Mrs. Lane to the new maid, who blindly obeyed all household mandates, although she did not always understand them, since she had been in the United States but a short time, 'I want you to ring the rising bell every morning in the front of the house, because we can't hear it from the kitchen.' Thille smilingly promised to make the change, but the Laness still failed to hear the rising bell, and, thinking that the little silver affair was too light in tone to be of use, gradually acquired the habit of waking at the proper time without it. But that was not the end of the bell episode.

One day Mrs. Lane's opposite neighbor paid her a visit. 'I'm consumed with curiosity,' announced the candid visitor, 'I've come to have a mystery explained.' 'About what?' asked the hostess. 'The dollops of your new maid. Every morning at 6 o'clock she stands for at least ten minutes on the pavement outside your gate and rings a little silver bell.'



A SESSION OF THE COURT OF KING'S BENCH (Crown Side), holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, will be held in the COURT HOUSE, in the CITY OF MONTREAL, ON FRIDAY, the FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at TEN O'CLOCK in the forenoon. In consequence, I give PUBLIC NOTICE to all who intend to proceed against any prisoner now in the Common Jail of the said district, and all others, that they may be present then and there, and I also give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Peace Officers, in and for the said District, that they must be present then and there, with their Records, Rolls, Injunctions and other Documents, in order to do those things which belong to them in their respective capacities. Sheriff's Office. Montreal, 12th May, 1906. J. R. THIBAUDAU, Sheriff.

Department of Railways and Canals. QUEBEC CANALS. Notice to Dealers in Cement. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed 'Tender for Cement,' will be received at this office, until 10 o'clock on FRIDAY, the 1st June, 1906, for the supply of 3,000 barrels of Portland Cement, to be delivered in sacks. Forms of tender and specifications can be procured at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, on and after this date. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, L. K. JONES, Secretary. Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 23rd May, 1906. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD? Then get a box of HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS Cures a Cold in 24 hours. How About That Cough? HARTE'S COUGH MIXTURE Will cure it. Now is the time. J. A. HARTE, Chemist, 1778 NOTRE DAME STREET. Telephone Main 1166. Country Orders promptly filled.

Groceries, Provisions, &c. LAKE SHORE DELIVERY. WALTER PAUL'S Waggon will begin running to St. Anne's, calling at all intermediate places on Saturday morning. All orders must be in by 6 o'clock on Friday evening. Cor. METCALFE and ST. CATHERINE STS. Phones, Up 1237, 1238.

The Daily Witness

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Daily Witness 15 mos. \$3.00 Weekly Witness 12 mos. 1.50 World Wide 12 mos. 1.50 Northern Messenger 6 mos. .40 CLUBBING RATES. Two or three publications to the same address, worth only...

Postage included for Canada, (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland, Great Britain, Malta, Gibraltar, New Zealand, Jamaica, Trinidad, Bahama Island, Transvaal, Barbados, Bermuda, British Honduras, Ceylon, Gambia, Sarawak, Zanzibar, Hongkong, Cyprus, also to the United States, Alaska, Cuba, Hawaiian Islands and Philippine Islands.

All business communications should be addressed to John Douglas, 'The Witness' Office, Montreal. All letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor of the Witness,' Montreal.

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exercise all possible care in excluding from its columns all financial and other advertisements of a doubtful or suspicious nature, and accepting only such as they believe to be genuine and bona fide, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee these advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them.

Saturday Advertising. ADVERTISERS will find it to their advantage, in securing proper display and classification, to send in their orders early. The 'Witness' Office is open until 6.30 p.m., and insertion will not be guaranteed on orders for Saturday received after that hour on Friday.

Calendar for May 1906. S M T W T F S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1906.

The names of six prominent citizens have been bandied about by rumor as likely to contest with Mr. Ward the seat from which he has been removed by an unavoidable technicality. We regard these rumors as slanders upon these gentlemen. It is, we think, known that Mr. Ward, the moment he got into the council, became the active champion of radical opposition to the Light, Heat and Power combination, that, through a fulness of grasp of the details of that struggle and a fearless and restless tenacity of purpose, he was a thorn in the side of the combination, making him one to be got rid of at all costs.

A poor boy is drowned in the Canal. He may or may not have friends who can afford a search. His body may be in the Canal or pass through a mill race for all the police have to do with it. We have an excellent police force, immensely improved under present management, but the number of things the Montreal police have nothing to do with is an ever new study to the people of Montreal. We are glad, at least, that they now seem able to keep their coats nice. Meantime, if it is not the business of the police, whose business is it to get a body out of the Canal? Is it the poor broken-hearted mother who must do this? And supposing there was no mother, whose duty would it be? We are finding no fault with the police, but there are many things that a police force might attend to that ours is not.

parently unequal to. Indeed, if Montreal was not a singularly law abiding city we should be very ill off with the force we have.

The people of the interior of Formosa are known as the head-hunters. They are said to be in the main an amiable people, but have a hereditary love for heads as decorations for that portion of their dwellings which answers in sacredness to the fireplace among the British. The Indians of our own country are said to have been very proud of their tale of scalps. We do not know whether it is climate or not, but the same propensity seems to have taken terrible hold of the people of the middle tier of the United States in our own day. They do not find human life so cheap that they seek individual victims whose trophies they may preserve, but whenever they see a good chance of making a man-hunt in whole mobs it has an irresistible fascination for them. The offering to Khali is usually a negro, who may or may not be the criminal they take him for. He is a negro anyway. The Formosan head-hunters regard difference of race as a circumstance that makes murder peculiarly virtuous. With our Mississippi valley white tribes a negro is considered good game enough, but it hardly affords a relish equal to a white hanging. We have no doubt that righteous indignation at the delays and subterfuges and quirks of the legal proceedings afforded to the most recent man-hunters of Louisiana the excuse which public opinion demanded for a hanging picnic. But though we believe ourselves as capable of indignation under such circumstances as any hoodlum in the South, we cannot imagine a crowd of Canadians spontaneously acting the executioner and coming from far and near to enjoy the performance. Possibly it is because our courts better fulfill their functions, and the primal animal lust of killing has therefore not been revived in us.

Five million and a quarter dollars will go to 'Davy Jones' locker' if the British first-class battleship 'Montagu' proves to be a total wreck, as now seems likely. Fortunately, the disaster to the 'Montagu' is one to property alone, and does not include loss of life, as did the ramming of the 'Victoria' by the 'Camperdown' when Sir George Tryon lost his life. But even this property loss alone is food for grave reflection. It points a moral. It means that the wages of 21,000 workmen of the British Isles, at a pound a week for a year, are gone forever. If the family be taken at five, the usual estimate, the wreck of this one battleship means the loss of a year's sustenance to 105,000 people of the above class, men, women and children. This gives some small idea of the strain upon our fellow subjects of the United Kingdom of that magnificent navy which we in Canada so proudly claim as our own, but to which we do not contribute a cent. With what pride we heard our children on Empire Day sing at our night; but how many of us reflected that this might and the Empire's freedom, safety and the protection of its commerce cost for the British sea-going force alone in the fiscal year 1904-5, the enormous sum of \$126,307,000, of which the United Kingdom contributed no less than \$181,150,000, and the remainder of the Empire—South Africa, Australia, and New Zealand—\$2,157,000. That is to say, it cost every head of a family in the United Kingdom, in the above year, on an average, from twenty to twenty-five dollars. No wonder the British House of Commons the other day passed a resolution advocating the curtailment of armaments.

CANNED MEAT AND SAUSAGES. When President Roosevelt made his famous muck-raking speech, the public seemed to be very generally of the opinion that too much indiscriminate muck-raking had been indulged in, and the speech was very largely approved. Since then, however, much more muck has been raked up, and of a particularly loathsome description, and public opinion has veered the other way again. It is admitted on all hands that there is very much indeed that is rotten and that heroic remedies are necessary. The latest scandal affects the Chicago stock yards. A report upon the stockyards was made recently by Messrs. Charles P. Neill, Commissioner of Labor, and James B. Reynolds, at the instance of President Roosevelt. President Roosevelt was induced to have that investigation made by reading a book written by Mr. Upton Sinclair, entitled 'The Jungle,' a book which deals with the evils in the packing houses. It is stated that the official investigation fully bore out Mr. Sinclair's awful charges. Thereupon a delegation from the National Live Stock Growers' Association went to Washington, and is reported to have appealed to the President to protect them from 'muck-rakers' who were writing stories about

the unwholesomeness of the slaughtering pens and packing houses. The President, however, we read, turned on his heels and told them he knew they deserved all the criticism they were getting in the newspapers and magazines, and that he was personally informed that the charges were true. The President, nevertheless, promised to keep the report of his investigators under cover, provided the Trust did not oppose the Beveridge bill, which provides for a strict Federal regulation, inspection and supervision of meat products.

This promise of the President, having come to be known, has naturally raised an outcry. As the 'Evening Post' says: 'Men and women who possess any imagination at all are now ready to believe that the canned meats of Chicago contain flesh in all stages of decay and decay—flesh of human beings and of all the common animals, including the rat.' The affidavits and documents sustaining the charges made by Mr. Sinclair in his book, 'The Jungle,' are so nauseating as to produce almost physical sickness while reading them. As a comparatively mild sample, we quote from a letter to Mr. Sinclair from a former government inspector, who was for more than two years in a trust packing house, and who vouches for the author's accuracy. The letter is printed in the New York 'Times': 'One of the steady sources of supply of sausage meat comes from the pests which have been shipped to branch houses. If sales were slow it would remain until mouldy, slimy, and unfit to be sold in the original form, then it would be sent back to the packing house to be converted into sausage, etc. As long as any article of packing house products can be identified by means of the United States Meat Inspector's stamp or label as originally coming from a plant having United States inspection, the Government officers have no power to prohibit its re-entry into the plant; not even if beef is covered with slime so that even the workmen, used as they are to all kinds of repulsive sights, refuse to touch it with bare hands. Not even if the ham is filled with "kippers" or sausage once sent out is returned rotten and stinking.'

A travelling salesman for Swift & Co. who had access to every part of the yards for seven years, affirms: 'As to canned goods it is an open question what they are made of. In all the time I was with Swift & Co. I never saw any chicken except in cold storage, and I am certain there is none used in making packed chicken and such. The cow's udders are most generally used for this purpose, being colored with a composition of iron to take away the white effect. While this may be good eating, it seems to me it is plainly a fraud. They also use unborn calves for this same purpose. Now when it comes to cottage ham, this is made of smoked beef ends, smoked ham trimmings, bacon trimmings, and odds and ends that are worked up with fat and beef juices. Without question the fittest part of the whole proposition is the beef casing, with which I have had a good deal of experience, and while every effort is made to clean these casings in the best possible manner, and to wash them with their salt, these should be absolutely prohibited. The Chevrolet sausage is made of beef weasands, certain other parts that are not permissible to mention on paper, ends of beef cartilage, etc., and without exception the cheaper grades of sausage made in Swift & Co. are preserved with curline, which, as I understand it, is a combination of borax and some embalming material.'

All this is bad enough, but it is insignificant to much that is related and sworn to. Mr. Sinclair himself says, for instance, in a passage that out-Zola's Zola: 'I charged,' said he, to a New York 'Times' reporter, 'that dead hogs were shipped from Chicago packing houses to Globe, Ind., and there rendered into lard. These were hogs that died in shipment from cholera or from smothering. Hogs are cannibals and when one dies from cholera the others are all infected by eating the dead. The President's Commissioners learned the facts in one specific case, but the Commissioners held that it was not sufficiently proven. There was another case in which two men fell into a vat, and the flesh from their legs was boiled off and rendered into lard. This lard was sold. 'There is no such thing as stopping a sausage machine when one of the operators loses a finger or even a hand. The member goes in human flesh and comes out sausage. Instances of this kind are so common that they cause not the slightest comment. The operators are all uncleanly, and many of them afflicted with tuberculosis. They spit on the meat in preference to spitting on the floor. I have seen this time and again myself.'

It was natural for the packers to desire secrecy. However exaggerated, these charges must destroy their business unless they are disproved. That is, in the nature of things beyond their power, but frankness is now their only recourse. The 'Evening Post' says: 'In justice, to themselves, the packers should demand the cold facts; for so long as the President and his special agents remain silent, the public will suspect them of concealing something worse than is yet generally known. We are all easily excited about what we eat; and millions of people must already have vowed that never again will they touch canned meats or by-products of the slaughter-house in any form.' President Roosevelt can make no lasting bargain with the packers, such as he is said to have done. The

people will demand the publication of the report. The truth must be known, horrible as it may be.

A STORMY PETREL AT PEACE.

A stormy petrel of British politics passed away yesterday in the person of Michael Davitt. He was a man of great force of character, of splendid intellectual power, and the most intense Britisher may admire his pluck and persistence. Under happier auspices, he might have served the empire, as other great Irishmen have done, instead of hating its very name; but he had good cause in his early years to learn from his father's lips that all was not well with his country, the latter having suffered eviction in the sinister year of 1852. Before criticising too harshly even the extremes to which Mr. Davitt went in his youth a little reading of Irish history would not be amiss, even as presented by English historians. There was a famine, for instance, which began in the winter of 1739, during which a fifth of the population of Ireland is supposed to have perished; yet it is hardly noticed in literature, and seems not to have touched the conscience of that English public which in 1755 subscribed half a million dollars for the sufferers by the Lisbon earthquake. It was the famine of 1845 which first thoroughly awakened the best sort of Englishmen to their duty towards Ireland; but until very recent years Ireland has been cursed by landlord absenteeism, the landowners having had no doubt some reason to prefer residence elsewhere. The country's economic condition, especially in the south and west, was frightful. Reform upon reform has been granted since Catholic emancipation had to be granted in 1829. If the people did not then become frankly loyal, it was hardly to be wondered at, for they felt all along that what they had obtained they owed to their own importunity and their own misfortunes more than to the wisdom of their rulers.

England, in the case of Ireland, has indeed experienced the truth of the Scriptural saying that the sins of the fathers visit the children. If for so long Irishmen had not been cruelly repressed, they would not have conceived the bitterness which has worked themselves, as well as their neighbors, so much evil, and much suffering and violence would have been spared. Happily, in recent times, much has been done to remove the sense of injustice and oppression from the mind of the average Irishman; and although he may not yet feel any great friendship for his great neighbor, he is no longer actively hostile, and even friendship may not be despised of in the near future. Perhaps it was not quite such a result as this that Michael Davitt would have wished to come about out of his strenuous early efforts to free his people from the 'hated British yoke.' 'But man proposes; God disposes.' When a change of heart towards Ireland took place in such men as Gladstone, Harcourt, Morley, Wyndham, and even Balfour, along with the people representing the Liberals of England, Scotland and Wales, it was natural that the asperities should be softened on both sides, and that Irishmen, the most warm-hearted of people, should determine that future efforts towards reforms should be along constitutional lines. Mr. Davitt undoubtedly had a great deal to do with helping to bring about the present better state of things, and although we may deplore his early violence and his hatred of things British, we should always remember that he was an open enemy, with the faith and courage of his convictions, and that he sincerely believed that his way was the only way. With Dr. Isaac Butt as leader of the Home Rule party, little, if any, progress seemed to be made, and Mr. Davitt was not the only Irishman of prominence who came to the conclusion that the British Parliament was not to be moved by conservative methods. It is his distinction that, with Parnell, he founded the Irish Land League and fought his way from trench to trench in a cause of whose righteousness and inevitableness he was profoundly convinced. His career from mill hand to journalist, author, member of parliament and traveller, cannot be too much admired as an example of a never-failing and honorable perseverance. He was beloved and honored by his family and by his people, and that surely is a high reward for past sufferings and efforts.

A WELL-FILLED POCKET-BOOK.

A library, of course, I want; Nor, after all, would quite taboo 'Fis' books of villain and leviathan; But books alone would never do; Their leaves in salads wouldn't chew; Their cuts would not afford the cook; The wherewithal to make a stew; Give me a well-filled pocket-book. Although I smile at those who faint Their wealth with childish vain ado, I'm not impervious to the taunt Of a restricted revenue; Then, Fortune, cease to look askew; A equus who jabsbers in Chinook Is better fit to act the stew; Give me a well-filled pocket-book.

Leander swam the Hellespont For lovely Hero's kiss to sue, And ocean's gangers do not daunt From mines of India and Peru; Some on the market make a 'coup,' Some take the way Bill Miner took; I am not greedy, 'pas du tout,' Give me a well-filled pocket-book.

Old knights in Flanders and Brabant For fortune pillaged, burned and slew, Plumbers and others in Toront— O merclessly gain pursue; But I, I would not be a screw, Nor gather gold by hook and crook; Yet I'd have thousands one or two; Give me a well-filled pocket-book.

Out on the moralists who vaunt Stern Poverty (they make me blue); That goddess hath a visage gaunt; A chafing vest, a pinching shoe; And yet they'd have us sigh, Adieu, Vain hopes of earth, be ye foresook; To all such knaves I say, Skiddoo, Give me a well-filled pocket-book.

I was not made in woods to saunt— Er round and say, 'Sweet are the— See of adversity; a quant— Ity of wealth I'd have—a few— Bank-note; I love the filthy lucre better than the chadny nozz; And say, and (honestly) don't you? Give me a well-filled pocket-book.

Let other birds Parnassus haunt; And court the muse in each purlicu; And quaff the rare Pierian feat; And feed on dreams and honey-dew; Let other poets bill and coo; And for post-mortem glory look; Today, in Montreal, P.Q., Give me a well-filled pocket-book.

Tastes differ, 'ebacua & son goot'; Such moove fare I cannot brook; Nor leave a coat the wind blows through; Give me a well-filled pocket-book.

W. M. MACKERACHER.

MR. G. HORNE RUSSELL

A MONTREAL PAINTER.

Mr. G. Horne Russell has long been known in the Montreal world of art as a portrait and landscape painter of merit. To achieve distinction in both these branches of painting has been the ambition of many, but has been attained by few. The portrait painters as a rule are indifferent and very often ludicrous when they essay landscape, and the converse is just as true. This



MR. G. HORNE RUSSELL.

is not difficult to understand, since, briefly, the one calls for draughtsmanship as its particular essential—precision, especially, allied to insight, and the more insight the better—while the other demands free interpretation, and, as it were, the catching of the spirit of the scene rather than its exact detail. As the Scotchman said to Sir John Millais, when he was just completing 'Ulith October' on the spot, not only had a photographer got the picture more expeditiously, but it was more like the place. Mr. Russell's portraits have been many and characteristic; including those of Sir Alexander Lacoste, Mr. W. W. Ogilvie, the late Charles Alexander, the Rev. Dr. Stevenson, the Rev. Dr. George, Lord Strathcona, and Mr. Miner, to mention only a very few; while his landscape pieces have a subtlety, a delicacy, a charm, that, at their best, is given to only a few to express. Mr. Russell, who is now starting out upon an independent career, in which all who know him will wish him the height of success, was born in Banff, Scotland, and removed at an early age with his parents to Aberdeen. Law was his intended profession and he stuck to it manfully for a few years, in spite of the 'call,' which, if insistent enough, will always have its way. In Mr. Russell's case, it would take no denial, and we find him, at length, compelled to start upon the career for which the fates intended him. He had the usual training, in various schools and private tuition; but he has always more relied upon viewing things in his own way than in following what is very often a worn-out routine. He took the benefit of academic training, and then forgot it, so far as that was desirable, going direct to nature for his inspiration; and that, after all, is the only safe and sure way to achievement. During Mr. Russell's Canadian career, he has made repeated trips to the Old Country, where he has refreshed himself by studies in the great galleries and sought instruction from some of the leading lights of Europe. He has also exhibited, among other art centres, in London, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Dundee and Aberdeen. Mr. Russell, it hardly need be said, remains an earnest student, whose motto is 'better yet,' and much notable work is expected of him in the future by those who understand and most admire his career.

REV. E. T. FOX'S APPOINTMENT.

Toronto, May 31.—The Rev. E. T. Fox was appointed yesterday afternoon by the executive of the Baptist Board of Church Extension as chairman in succession to the Rev. Dr. S. S. Bates, who has had to leave the work owing to his removal from this city to St. Catharines.

HOIST BY HIS OWN PETARD

GEORGE FONG FINED FOR DE FAULT AND DISCREDITED BY THE JUDGE.

George Fong, a well-known Chinaman, was severely admonished by Judge Desnoyers in the Police Court yesterday afternoon for his false evidence as a witness in the case in which Charlie Yap was charged with selling liquor without a license in the Canton Club. 'I don't believe one word you have said,' remarked the Judge to Fong, 'and I have a good mind to send you to jail for contempt of court for coming here and telling this. As it is, you will pay a fine of \$20, or go to jail for the month for having failed to appear a few days ago, when you were sworn as a witness in the case.' Yesterday afternoon Fong swore that he had been in the club and bought liquor. Chief Detective Carpenter was called and deposed that Fong had informed him that he had never been in the Canton Club. Fong told him that another Chinaman had given him a plan of the place, and had asked him to go into court and swear that he had been in the club and bought liquor. In reply to Judge Desnoyers, Fong said he never informed Chief Carpenter that he had never been in the club. It was then that the witness was ordered to stand down for giving false testimony. The charge against Charlie Yap was dismissed. For several weeks past charges and counter charges have been made by Chinamen in the Court, Judge Desnoyers generally devoting two afternoons a week to hearing the cases.

YOUTH DROWNED

BOAT WAS UPSET NEAR THE SEIGNEURS STREET BRIDGE.

Matthew Wallace, sixteen years of age, an inmate of the Boys' Home, Mountain street, lost his life yesterday by drowning in the canal near Seigneurs street bridge. He was employed by Messrs. John Watson & Co., plumbers, Westmount. He had been helping a plumber who was doing some repairs on a yacht moored in the canal, and during the hour was rowing around the canal near the bridge in a small flat-bottomed boat belonging to the yacht. He went too close to the fume of the Ogilvie mill, with the result that the boat was upset and the boy was thrown into the water and drowned before assistance could reach him. The unfortunate boy's parents reside at 449 A Delorimer avenue.

Mr. J. R. Dick, superintendent of the Boys' Home, stated this morning that the boy, who had not been long in this country from Ireland, had become mixed up with undesirable company. His parents had such difficulty in keeping him in a position that his mother finally decided to place him in the Boys' Home. Mr. Dick placed him with Messrs. Watson & Co., and with new associations the lad's conduct greatly improved.

Mr. Dick, however, is not satisfied with the action of the police in this matter. He called at the Seigneurs street station and the officers not only stated that they had not heard of the accident, but they took no action in the matter. They would accept no responsibility for searching for the body. Mr. Dick expressed the opinion that if the police had used grappling irons at the time the body would have been quickly brought to the surface. Mr. Dick is having search made for the body.

JUST OUT.

The following are the contents of this week's issue of 'World Wide':— ALL THE WORLD OVER. The Russian Government's Policy—The Duma Defies the Government—American Papers. The Russian Call—A New York 'Times' Characteristic—Including those of Sir Alexander Lacoste, Mr. W. W. Ogilvie, the late Charles Alexander, the Rev. Dr. Stevenson, the Rev. Dr. George, Lord Strathcona, and Mr. Miner, to mention only a very few; while his landscape pieces have a subtlety, a delicacy, a charm, that, at their best, is given to only a few to express. Mr. Russell, who is now starting out upon an independent career, in which all who know him will wish him the height of success, was born in Banff, Scotland, and removed at an early age with his parents to Aberdeen. Law was his intended profession and he stuck to it manfully for a few years, in spite of the 'call,' which, if insistent enough, will always have its way. In Mr. Russell's case, it would take no denial, and we find him, at length, compelled to start upon the career for which the fates intended him. He had the usual training, in various schools and private tuition; but he has always more relied upon viewing things in his own way than in following what is very often a worn-out routine. He took the benefit of academic training, and then forgot it, so far as that was desirable, going direct to nature for his inspiration; and that, after all, is the only safe and sure way to achievement. During Mr. Russell's Canadian career, he has made repeated trips to the Old Country, where he has refreshed himself by studies in the great galleries and sought instruction from some of the leading lights of Europe. He has also exhibited, among other art centres, in London, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Dundee and Aberdeen. Mr. Russell, it hardly need be said, remains an earnest student, whose motto is 'better yet,' and much notable work is expected of him in the future by those who understand and most admire his career.

The John Murphy Company Limited

We Close Daily at 5.30 p.m. Thursday, May 31, 1906.

400 Untrimmed Shapes Worth up to \$3.00 .50

We would like to call your attention to the display of untrimmed hats in our windows to-day and to the fact that to-morrow you will be able to obtain any one of them for .50.

Many of them, as you can plainly see, are worth not less than \$3.00, and there is not an unfashionable hat in the lot. They're all this season's styles.

Black mohairs, fine chip with mohair, soft braids on wire frames, etc., the same hats exactly as others will have to pay anywhere from \$1.50 to \$3.00 for. The wholesale price alone being several times what we're asking for them. This is really our best offer in hat shapes so far this season, worth up to \$3.00, Friday .50.

DRESS GOODS.

.50 and .65 Cream Estamene and Coating Serges, .39

720 yards exceptionally well woven, good weight, perfect in weave and dye, will wash splendidly, very suitable for summer costumes, 42 and 44 inches. To-day's value, .50 and .65. Friday, .39

.50, .60 and .65 all Wool Venetian Broadcloth, .43

A magnificently wearing quality, fine twill, close in weave, guaranteed unspotable, in all the new shades of blue, brown, gray, fawn, green, navy, and also in black, 42 and 44 inches, .50, .60 and 65 values. Friday, .43

A LUSTRE SHIRTWAIST SUIT FOR \$5.00.

To be very neatly and stylishly dressed requires an outlay of but \$5.00 on Friday, when at that price we shall sell complete lustre shirtwaist suits.

Two colors, black and navy, waist made with wide tucks back and front, full sleeves with deep cuff, skirt made with pleats all round, full and neatly finished throughout. Friday \$5.00

2,500 PIECES OF NECKWEAR AT .15 EACH

WORTH .25 TO .75.

Chiffon bows, chiffon jabots, linen embroidered stocks with baby Irish, linen stocks embroidered in pale blue, silk embroidered stocks in sky blue and black, guipure lace stocks, black silk stocks, Swiss muslin stocks, worth .25 to .75. Friday .15.

FRIDAY WHITEWEAR SPECIALS.

A Ladies' Night-dress of good cotton, front is tucked to bust, turnover collar, double tuffe down front and ruffle on sleeves, all edged with Val. lace, pearl buttons, sizes 36 to 60 inches. Friday .85

A White Under-skirt made of good cotton, has an eleven inch flounce of lawn, tucks and wide embroidery, dust frill, sizes 38 to 42 inches. Friday .65

An Embroidery and Lawn Corset Cover, fine tucks across bust embroidery straps over shoulder, silk ribbon drawn through top, pearl buttons, sizes 32 to 42 inches. Friday .65

FABRIC GLOVES At .12 per pair.

On Friday we shall clear out 1,200 pairs of Fabric Gloves, the regular price of which is .25.

They consist of lisle, taffeta and silk, in tan, white, mode, gray, green and black, all sizes for both ladies and children. Friday .12

OXFORD SHOES At \$1.50 per pair.

On Friday we shall clear out 95 pairs of Women's Oxford Shoes, regular prices of which are \$2 and \$2.50.

3 styles of black dongola kid to choose from, turn, flexible and medium soles, patent tips, blucher cut, Gibson ties, all sizes, 2 1/2 to 7. Friday \$1.50

OUR NEW TEA ROOM.

On Friday our full course luncheon will include Boiled Fresh Mackerel a la Colbert, Pomme Rissole.

The John Murphy Company Limited

The FOXEYE GLASS MOUNTINGS



The Neatest, Most Comfortable and Durable. "WILL NOT MARK THE NOSE." For Sale only by FRANK C. FOX, REFRACTING OPTICIAN, 32 MCGILL COLLEGE AVENUE.

THE DOG SHOW

RECORD ATTENDANCE AT LAST NIGHT'S SESSION.

Although there was more than an average attendance at the Dog Show yesterday morning and afternoon, all records went by the board in the evening, when over a thousand persons, not including exhibitors and season ticket holders, passed through the entry, making the largest attendance at any one session of the show since it was founded. The morning's judging was confined to the wire-haired fox terriers, bull terriers, a few classes of Boston terriers and some of the collie classes.

The afternoon's judging was taken up with theairedale terrier class, of which Mr. J. A. Laurin's exhibit from the Colne Kennels was a feature. 'Colne Craigellachie' took nine first places. The three imported Airedales, 'Colne Master Royal,' 'Colne Mistress Royal' and 'Lucky Baldwin' will be judged in the special class to-morrow.

In the wire-haired fox terrier class, Miss Eadie, with 'Valerie' and 'Make Up,' carried off the bulk of the awards, taking altogether six firsts.

The collie classes were completed last night, and, as usual, the collie came in for more attention and admiration from the spectators than the other dogs in the show. The Coila Collie Kennels had, as usual, at the Montreal Show, the best of the exhibits, and the judge's awards betwixt 'Champions Balmoral Rex' and 'Balmoral Baron,' which happened to be in the same class, were watched with particular interest since, so closely are the two dogs matched, first one and then the other has been given the decision at the various gatherings at which they have been shown.

'Balmoral Rex' seemed to be the better dog in the opinion of the present judge, for he was awarded two first places. 'Balmoral Laddie,' the property of Mr. Ed. Wilberley, 'Strathcona,' belonging to Mr. Jos. Leblan, and Miss Shurtieff's exhibit, 'Standard Clinker,' also received first places.

The majority of firsts in the collie bitches class was taken by 'Coila Sonnie,' of the Coila Kennels. The same kennels were successful in the smooth collie class. One of five exhibits, 'Coila Cutty Sark II,' carried off four firsts.

Following are the awards in the wire haired fox-terrier, bull-terrier, Boston terrier and the opening collie classes.

FOX TERRIERS, WIRE-HAIRED. Class 387—Local limit, dogs—1, Miss Eadie, 'Cavall'; 2, Miss Eadie, 'Make Up'; 3, Miss Bond, 'Ruffian.'

Class 388—Local open, dogs—1, Miss Eadie, 'Cavall'; 2, Miss Eadie, 'Make Up'; 3, Miss Bond, 'Ruffian.'

Class 389—Local, puppies, bitches—1, Miss Eadie, 'Valerie'; 2, J. W. Jarvis, 'Somerset Fussey'; 3, Mrs. J. A. Pitt, 'Osborne Pretty Bess.'

Class 390—Local, novice, bitches—1, J. W. Jarvis, 'Somerset Fussey'; 2, M. Radley, 'Outremont Nellie'; 3, Mrs. J. A. Pitt, 'Osborne Pretty Bess.'

Class 391, local limit, bitches—1, Mrs. J. W. Jarvis, 'Lady Somerset'; 2, Mrs. J. A. Pitt, 'Osborne Pretty Bess'; 3, J. W. Jarvis, 'Somerset Fussey.'

Class 392—Local open, bitches—1, J. W. Jarvis, 'Lady Somerset'; 2, Robert Riddell, 'Chummie.'

Class 393—Novice, dogs, American bred—1, Miss Eadie, 'Cavall'; 2, Frank W. Mills, 'Donnington Master'; 3, Foy I. Nichol, 'Koo.'

Class 394—Open, dogs, American bred—1, Miss Eadie, 'Make Up'; 2, Miss Bond, 'Ruffian'; 3, J. Stanford, 'Caerleon.'

Class 395—Novice, bitches, American bred—1, J. W. Jarvis, 'Somerset Fussey'; 2, M. Radley, 'Outremont Nellie'; 3, Robert Riddell, 'Chummie.'

Class 396—Open, bitches, American bred—1, Mrs. J. W. Jarvis, 'Lady Somerset'; 2, J. W. Jarvis, 'Somerset Fussey.'

Class 397—Novice, dogs bred by exhibitor—1, Tom Barnes, 'Blister.'

Class 398—Open, dogs, bred by exhibitor—1, Miss Eadie, 'Cavall.'

Class 399—Novice, bitches, bred by exhibitor—1, Miss Eadie, 'Valerie'; 2, J. W. Jarvis, 'Somerset Fussey'; 3, M. Radley, 'Outremont Nellie.'

Class 400—Open, bitches, bred by exhibitor—1, J. W. Jarvis, 'Somerset Fussey.'

Class 401—Green class, dogs—1, Albert Holt, 'Bobolink'; 2, Foy I. Nichol, 'Koo'; 3, Solly Jacobs, 'Snatcher.'

Class 402—Green class, bitches—1, M. Radley, 'Outremont Nellie'; 2, Lindsay Fraser, 'Ch. Match Maker'; 3, George Harfield, 'Fine Morning.'

BULL TERRIERS. 1, Douglas P. Stewart, 'Ottawa Chief'; 2, W. R. Roper, 'Togo.'

FLOUR FOR BREAD AND FOR PASTRY. Whole Wheat Flour and Graham Flour for Brown Bread. BREAKFAST CEREALS of all kinds. SHODDE & HARVIE, 10 and 12 Hickory Street.

HAMPERS For Outing Parties. Large Assortment Just Received. MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO., Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers, 115-117 Notre Dame Street West, MONTREAL.

CHEMISTS and Cook's Friend Baking Powder pure. DOCTORS pronounce it wholesome. COOKS know it does the work at the right time. HOUSEWIVES say that cake and bread raised with Cook's Friend Flour are fine, dainty and delicious.

Class 280—Local, Open. Bitches—1, James Cameron, 'Beatrice.' Class 282—Open, Dogs, American bred—1, W. R. Roper, 'Togo.' 2, Beatrice M. Bell, 'Nelson.'

Class 284—Open, Bitches, American bred—1, J. E. Brunette, 'Sally.' Class 286—Open, Dogs, bred by exhibitor—G. A. Cook, 'Colonel.'

Class 288—Open, Bitches, bred by exhibitor. 1, John McIver, 'Blue Bell.' Class 289—Green class, Dogs. 1, J. E. Brunette, 'Commander.'

Class 290—Green class, Bitches. 1, Lawrence Bushell, 'Lady Belle.' Class 292—Veteran, Bitches. 1, J. E. Brunette, 'Sally.'

BOSTON TERRIERS. Class 295—Puppies, Dogs. 1, James Robinson, 'Chum.' 2, R. L. Wilson, 'Sheriff Finch.' 3, C. C. Hunt, 'Col. Laddie.'

Class 296—Novice, Dogs. 1, James Robinson, 'Chum.' 2, B. L. Wilson, 'Sheriff Finch.' 3, Dr. H. A. Tuttle, 'Snoops.'

Class 297—Limit, Dogs. 15 pounds and under 25 pounds. 1, J. A. Meading, 'Max Boy.' 2, James Robinson, 'Chum.' 3, C. C. Hunt, 'Col. Laddie.'

Class 298—Limit, Dogs. 23 pounds and under 30 pounds. 1, Dumbarton Kennels, 'Lord Anthony.' 2, Dr. H. A. Tuttle, 'Snoops.' 3, Annie Morrice, 'Duffin.'

Class 299—Open, Dogs. 1, Dumbarton Kennels, 'Lord Anthony.' 2, J. A. Meading, 'Max Boy.' 3, Dr. H. A. Tuttle, 'Snoops.'

Class 300, 'Winners, Dogs.—1, 'Lord Anthony.' 2, 'Max Boy.'

COLLIES (Rough). Class 176—Puppies, Dogs—1, Miss M. Shurtieff, 'Standard Clinker'; 2, Jos. Leblan, 'Strathcona'; 3, R. C. Binning, 'Cairngorm Donald.'

Class 177—Novice, Dogs.—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Kiltie II.'; 2, R. C. Binning, 'Cairngorm King'; 3, H. H. Christie, 'Rannock Chieftain.'

Class 178—Limit, Dogs.—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Cronie'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Kiltie II.'; 3, D. Jones, 'Rannock Rex.'

Class 179—Open, Dogs.—1, Coila Kennels, 'Ch. Balmoral Rex'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Ch. Balmoral Baron'; 3, Miss M. Shurtieff, 'Standard Clinker.'

Class 180—Winners, Dogs.—'Champion Balmoral Rex,' 'Champion Balmoral Baron.'

Class 181—Puppies, bitches—1, Coila Kennels, 'Coila Snowbird'; 2, Coila Kennels, 'Coila Forty-one'; 3, Samuel Nesbitt, 'Rosemount Janet.'

Class 182—Novice, bitches—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Sonnie'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Winsome'; 3, H. Bateman, 'Pretty Polly.'

Class 183—Limit, bitches—1, Coila Kennels, 'Coila Sonnie'; 2, R. C. Binning, 'Cairngorm Surprise'; 3, Coila Kennels, 'Coila Winsome'; R, Coila Kennels, 'Balmoral Peerless.'

Class 184—Open, bitches—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Sonnie'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Balmoral Jessie'; 3, Coila Kennels, 'Coila Winsome'; R, Coila Kennels, 'Balmoral Peerless.'

Class 185—Open, bitches—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Sonnie'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Winsome'; R, Coila Kennels, 'Balmoral Peerless.'

Class 186—Open, bitches—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Sonnie'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Winsome'; R, Coila Kennels, 'Balmoral Peerless.'

Class 187—Open, bitches—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Sonnie'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Winsome'; R, Coila Kennels, 'Balmoral Peerless.'

Class 188—Open, bitches—1, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Sonnie'; 2, Coila Collie Kennels, 'Coila Winsome'; R, Coila Kennels, 'Balmoral Peerless.'

EYE SIGHT TESTING HAVING PURCHASED ALL THE UNIQUE EYE TESTING INSTRUMENTS FROM THE ESTATE OF THE LATE DR. BULLER, I AM PREPARED TO CONDUIT THE SAME HIGH-CLASS ACCURATE SIGHT TESTING, WHICH CONTRIBUTED TO THAT EMINENT SPECIALIST'S WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION. Hours 9 to 1, 2 to 5. Appointments, Tel. Up 1832.

PROF. GRANT, B.O.A., HON. MEMBER BRITISH OPTICAL ASSOCIATION, 294 (Old No. 2172) West St. Catherine St., Opposite Bible House.

THE CITY ICE CO.'Y, Limited, 295 GRAIG STREET, WEST. Season Customers desirous of taking advantage of the FIVE PERCENT Cash Discount, are reminded to pay at the Office on before the First of June.

If every lady in Montreal knew how well the washing of family linen was done at the TOILET LAUNDRY? "The Laundry That Knows How," there would be an appreciable decrease in the number of "Blue Mondays" throughout the city. 290 GUY ST. Phones—Up 3480, 3481, 3482.

Advertisement for McDonald & Willson, featuring an illustration of a light fixture and text: "Don't You Think That this Bracket would make an improvement in your reception hall or library or dining room? We have many other designs that are very suitable for the above rooms at reasonable prices. We will be pleased to offer suggestions on the lighting of your residence on receipt of a call or telephone message. Up. 1758. McDONALD & WILLSON, 2458 St. Catherine St., Between Drummond and Mountain Sts. WE AIM TO PLEASE"

The Food Show Goods at BAKER'S GROCERY. Canada Flakes 2 for 25c Pettibone's Food 2 for 25c Shredded Wheat Biscuits 2 for 25c Norla Food 2 for 25c Swiss Food 2 for 25c Wheat Germ Meal 2 for 25c Egg-o-See 2 for 25c Pancake Flour 2 for 25c Porro Food 2 for 25c H. O. Buckwheat 2 for 25c Trioscute 2 for 25c Malta-Vita 2 for 25c Orange Meat 2 for 25c Quaker Oats 2 for 25c Cream of Wheat, Grape Nuts and Malt Food, and a nice box of Strawberries to complete the meal. BAKER & CO., Tel. Up 3152. 928 St. Catherine West, corner of Fort Street

PRESENTATION RINGS. James St. Jean, 685 Grand Trunk street, painter, 18 years of age, was yesterday remanded for enquete on June 5 in the Police Court on a charge of having stolen three gold rings while he was painting at the house of Mr. Davis, on Coursol street. He is alleged to have given the rings to Marie Anne Grefie, 20 years of age, of 7323 Albert street, who was also remanded for enquete on a charge of receiving stolen property. The girl is said to have in her turn given the rings to three different persons.

FINED FOR INTIMIDATION. Judge Desnoyers yesterday fined Napoleon Rioux \$25 for having intimidated non-union ship laborers from working on board a steamer at Longueuil some days ago.

Advertisement for DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES. RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE DIABETES BACKACHE. The report published in the 'Witness' on Monday regarding the accident to Gerald Gallagher, the young son of Mr. Owen Gallagher, of Sherbrooke street, who was deliberately struck by a bat in the hands of a ruffian, during the playing of a baseball match on Fletcher's Field last Sunday afternoon, has aroused the police. Yesterday the incident was the topic for discussion at the Central police station, and during the day one of the officers had an interview with Mr. Gallagher on the matter. It is learned that there has been considerable complaint of late about rowdism on the part of young men, who abuse the privileges afforded them of using the field as a playground. It is understood that arrangements will be made for better police supervision in future.

To Cleanse and Purify the Blood

In calling your attention to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills it is only necessary to point to their success in the past, for they are known in nearly every home. By means of their direct and specific action on the liver—causing a healthful flow of bile—they regulate and enliven the action of the bowels and insure good digestion in the intestines. At the same time they stimulate the kidneys in their work of filtering poisons from the blood. This cleansing process set in action by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver pills means a thorough cure of biliousness, intestinal indigestion, torpid liver, kidney derangements and constipation. It means a restoration of health, strength and comfort where there has been pain, weakness and suffering. It means a removal of the conditions which lead to backache, rheumatism, lumbago, Bright's disease, appendicitis and diabetes. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

TEXTILE CORPORATION PRESENTS FIRST ANNUAL STATEMENT

ited, has had a most prosperous year, as was demonstrated by the financial report presented to the shareholders at that company at its first annual meeting held at noon to-day in the company's offices on St. James street. The different statements gave the complete results of the operations in connection with the business of the merger since its formation.

time they have had to make very heavy purchases and the price to-day is three and a half cents per pound higher than a year ago, which means that the company is paying about four thousand dollars more a day for raw material. It has been found difficult to obtain a corresponding advance in the price of manufactured goods, owing to the competition from Great Britain, caused by the low tariff between that country and our own, on the majority of the goods manufactured by the mills of the company.

DISASTER IN THE ST. CLAIR RIVER

Steamer 'Erin' Cut in Two by the Steamer 'Cowie'

FIVE OF THE CREW OF THE FORMER LOSE THEIR LIVES.

Detroit, Mich., May 31.—The steamer 'Erin', up-bound, and towing the scow 'Danforth', was run into and cut in two by the steamer 'Cowie' in the St. Clair river, just below St. Clair, early to-day, and five members of the 'Erin's' crew were drowned.

TEAMSTERS' STRIKE

NO CHANGE IN SITUATION—A STRIKER FINED.

There is no change in the condition of the strike of the teamsters of the Dominion Transport Company. To-day the company has seventy-five teams working, and the manner in which the freight is handled shows that the strike has not, as yet, affected, to any extent, the dispatching or removal of freight.

PAQUETTE FINED FOR OBSTRUCTION.

Joseph Paquette, the striker who was arrested on Tuesday charged with having caused an obstruction on Notre Dame street, appeared before Judge Scotte in the Recorder's Court this morning to answer the charge. He said he was not guilty.

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL

HE WILL BE ADVANCED WHEN BRITISH CABINET CHANGES OCCUR.

INSURANCE ENQUIRY

Senator Cox Explains How He Obtained Control of the Canada Life

Toronto, May 31.—Senator George A. Cox, president of the Canada Life Assurance Company, took the witness stand at two o'clock yesterday afternoon at the insurance enquiry. The witness spoke in a rather low tone of voice for the most part, but manifested an evident earnest desire to answer fully the questions of Mr. Shepley.

THE CONFIDENCE TRICK

Thomas Jones, of Winnipeg, is the latest victim of the confidence trick, and he is to-day in consequence a poorer man by ten dollars. Jones is on a journey to his home in Wales, after fifteen years' residence in the west. Coming down to Montreal on board the steamer 'Lake Erie', he got into conversation with a man of gentlemanly appearance, who said he was agent for a big firm in England, and was sending them a large consignment of cheese.

THE DOD SHOW

The following specials in the collie classes were awarded at the Dog Show this morning: 'Coila Sonnie' again swept the board.

SPECIAL PRIZES AWARDED THIS MORNING.

The Reid Challenge Trophy, value \$150, donated by Jos. Reid, president of the Canadian Collie Club, for the best American bred collie—'Coila Sonnie'.

AT LAST

THE SERBIAN REGICIDES RETIRED.

Belgrade, May 29.—King Peter has at length signed a decree retiring the principal members of the military conspiracy that resulted in the brutal assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga. Those retired include Colonels Popovitch, Mashin and Mishitch.

IMPORTANT PROPERTY SALE

SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF ST. CATHERINE AND BLEURY STREETS CHANGES HANDS.

Messrs. R. Wilson-Smith and S. A. Finley have purchased the property at the south-east corner of St. Catherine and Bleury streets, the price being, it is said, about \$160,000.

This site, which was formerly owned by the Sisters of the Sacred Heart community, has been practically on the market since they occupied their new convent in St. Alexander street. The lot measures 207 feet on Bleury street, and 167 feet on St. Catherine street, or about 35,500 square feet.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

The Rev. J. B. Pyke left to-day for the North-West by way of Toronto. Dr. and Mrs. W. Huguenin have left to spend the summer at Boucherville.

The Hon. R. Turner and family, Quebec, leave on Monday for their summer residence at the Island of Orleans.

Mr. J. R. Barlow, city surveyor, who has been ill for the past ten days, is to-day able to be up again.

Mrs. Drury and Miss Ara Drury, who have been visiting friends in Montreal, leave this week for Halifax.

Miss Symonds has been spending some time at Knowlton, the guest of Lady Tait.

Miss Agnes Lamb is the guest of Mrs. E. Goff Penny, at 'Fairwaters,' Georgeville.

Prof. and Mrs. L. A. Herdt, of McGill University, and Master John Herdt have sailed for Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Cains sail about the twentieth of June to spend the remainder of the summer abroad.

Dr. and Mrs. Bovey, Miss Jean and Master Quentin Bovey, sailed by the 'Lake Erie' this morning for England.

Mrs. Farquhar Robertson and family will spend the summer at Williams-town, leaving the city about the middle of June.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Lafleur will spend the summer at their residence, Kennebunk Port, Me., leaving town about the middle of June.

Mrs. Walter Bearmore gave a dinner and dance at her home in Toronto, on Tuesday evening, in honor of Lady Sybil Grey.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Drummond are at the Windsor for a while before leaving for their summer residence at St. Bruno.

The Hon. Francis and Mrs. McNighton, of California, have arrived in Ottawa, and are the guests of Mrs. McNighton's mother, Lady Ritchie.

Mr. James Ross, who has been ill in London, is now out of the hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Ross intend sailing to home early in June, if Mr. Ross is well enough.

The marriage of Miss Marguerite G. Tweddell, daughter of the late Mr. A. N. Tweddell, to Mr. Gilbert Stanley, is announced to take place on July 12, in Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Howard Porteous, of Honolulu, Hawaii, arrived in the city this morning on a visit to friends, and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Porteous, Quinn ave. Longueuil.

The marriage of Miss Laura Rose Barlow, eldest daughter of Mr. J. R. Barlow, to Mr. R. B. N. Burger, will take place quietly on June 19, at the residence of the bride's father, 96 Tupper street.

The engagement is announced of the Rev. Walter H. White, vicar of Barrie, son of the late Rev. Canon G. H. White, to Miss Helen S. Hogg, niece of Mr. H. J. Grassett, manager of the Bank of Commerce, Barrie, Ont.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Amy Barnett, youngest daughter of Mrs. Barnett, of Toronto, to Mr. Walter Thorneley, only son of the Right Rev. G. Thorneley, Lord Bishop of Algoma. The wedding will take place early in June.

The marriage of Mr. Charles Martland Shadbolt, of the Bank of Montreal staff at Cornwall, to Miss Beatrice Mary Atkinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Atkinson, has been arranged to take place on Tuesday, June 5, at the Church of Epiphany, Parkdale, Toronto.

Lord Haddo, the eldest son of the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, is engaged to be married to Mrs. Cockayne, whose first husband was a leading physician in Sheffield. Mrs. Cockayne, who has for some years been a friend of the Aberdeen family, is great-grand-niece of John Bunyan.—Glasgow 'Evening News.'

Among Montrealers at the Chateau, Quebec, yesterday, were:—Mrs. E. A. Whitehead, Mrs. R. A. E. Greenhields, Mrs. F. L. Cains, Miss Linton, Miss Towne, Mrs. C. Mussen, Mrs. J. N. Laing, and Mrs. A. Mussen, of the Royal Montreal Golf Club, who went down to play a match with the Quebec ladies. The Montreal club was victorious.

SWINDLERS SENTENCED

TWO AMERICAN CROOKS GET TERMS WITH HARD LABOR AT OLD BAILEY.

London, May 30.—At the Old Bailey to-day Harry Samuel Simons and Franklin Everhart, charged with conspiring to obtain large sums of money by fraud, were found guilty. Simons was sentenced to two years' imprisonment at hard labor and Everhart to eighteen months' hard labor.

Simons and Everhart were charged with forging shares and certificates in connection with Alaska, Oklahoma, Cripple Creek and Manitoba mining companies. Simons said he was from Illinois and Everhart from Pennsylvania.

PUBLIC CHARITY

THIRTY-SEVEN APPLICATIONS MADE DURING THE LAST FORTNIGHT.

Thirty-seven applications were made at the City Hall during the past fortnight for public charity, nine being for asylums, eight for waifs and twenty for paupers to be placed in houses of refuge. The latter cases were all sent to the office of the Charity Organization Society, only one being found absolutely needy, though the Society provided for three married women and fourteen children. A report was made on thirty-one cases of patients in asylums, and it was found that twenty were indigent who must be supported at the expense of the city and the Government.

SMUGGLED CIGARETTES

Seizure of Ten Thousand Sent Here From Antwerp

STEWARD SENTENCED FOR DESEKTING, WITH OTHER CHARGES PENDING.

Ten thousand cigarettes have been seized by customs officers on board the C. P. R. steamer 'Montreal,' which is to-day lying in port, and a steward named James Schmidt, a German, 24 years of age, was arrested yesterday afternoon, at the instance of the C. P. R., and this morning he was arraigned before Mr. Lafontaine and charged by the customs authorities, under section 192, of the Customs Act, (1) with having brought the cigarettes to Canada with the intention of smuggling them through without paying duty; and (2), with having smuggled cigarettes into the country, and (3) with having smuggled goods, to wit, cigarettes, in his possession. The man was further charged by the C. P. R., for whom Mr. J. C. Walsh appeared, with having deserted his ship. On this charge he was convicted and sent to jail for four weeks.

The enquiry regarding the two other charges will be held to-morrow.

The ship was searched by the customs officers on Tuesday, and 4,500 cigarettes were then seized. A watch was set on the steamer, and when an attempt was made at night to land a big parcel of cigarettes, the balance of the 10,000 were seized and Schmidt, the steward, detained.

The steamer 'Montreal' has before now been the means of bringing quantities of German cigarettes into Canada, duty unpaid, notwithstanding the vigilance of Captain Boothby, and other officers. On this occasion the captain made a search of the ship before leaving Antwerp, and by his assistance when he reached Montreal, he facilitated the seizure of the cigarettes. In one seizure last summer, 68,000 cigarettes were taken, and again during the winter another big seizure was effected at St. John, N.B. It is believed that jobbers in Antwerp are behind the scheme to smuggle the cigarettes into this country. These jobbers are said to give the cigarettes to a steward or some other hand, and depend upon his getting them through, afterwards dividing profits on the return to Antwerp. On this occasion the effort made to put an end to the practice has taken the shape of a prosecution of the man now under detention. Usually the individual found smuggling has been released, and the goods confiscated.

The cigarettes seized are in packages of 30. Their value is \$75, and the duty would reach about a similar amount.

TWO NEW SCHOOLS

TO BE ERECTED BY THE CATHOLIC SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

At a meeting held yesterday afternoon, the Catholic School Commissioners decided to purchase, at a cost of \$24,000, a lot near Havermarket square, offered through Campbell & Howell, for the purpose of erecting two schools for the parish of St. Helen. The construction of a school for boys will be undertaken at once, but it was decided to defer the erection of the other, which is to be a girls' school, till next spring.

A petition was read from the Montreal Trades and Labor Council, asking that only union men be employed on the work of construction required by the Board.

Ald. Gallery proposed that the request be granted, but his motion was lost, and the matter was referred to the building committee.

A request of the principals of the schools asking that their minimum salary be fixed at \$1,200 and the maximum at \$1,800, was referred to the joint committee on schools and finance.

At the request of Mr. P. G. Martineau, it was decided to let the question of the uniformity of school books stand over until the special committee appointed to make a study of this important measure shall have arrived at some conclusion. This committee is composed of Canon Dauth, Mr. Martineau and Mr. Sempie.

The report of the city treasurer was submitted, showing that during the year 1905 the Catholic School Board received \$249,035.28 in school taxes, and the Protestant Board \$274,366.53.

Mr. Scott, teacher of gymnastics in the schools, was authorized to arrange for an exhibition in the Arena for June 10.

At the close a resolution of condolence was passed in sympathy with the Rev. Father O'Meara, one of the clerical members of the board, whose brother died recently at Sherrington, Que.

UNIQUE LUNCHEON

SCHOOL GIRLS AT ABERDEEN ACTED AT HOSTESSES.

Aberdeen School was the scene of a daily luncheon, given at one o'clock to-day, to some of the prominent educational authorities of the city, by the girls of the domestic science classes of the Protestant public schools of Montreal, under the direction of Mrs. Edith Gordon, a graduate of the Boston School of Domestic Science. Not only were the guests served by the girls, but every one of the dishes was prepared by them between the hours of nine and one, from the Parker House rolls to the bonbons. The tables were set for fourteen and the following guests were present: Dr. Barclay, Mr. and Mrs. Wellington Dixon, Desj. Evans, Principal and Mrs. Rexford, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Lighthall, Mrs. (Dr.) Smilie, Mrs. B. Sawyer, Mr. F. Robertson, Mr. C. J. Binmore and the Rev. J. R. Dobson.

The luncheon ably demonstrated the capabilities of both teacher and pupils and the guests were pleased and surprised at the skill and daintiness with which the menu was carried out.

Besides the classes in cooking, marketing, and the relative values and composition of foods are taught, and these, with the practical work give the children an excellent education in this branch of domestic science.

DIED.

MAVER.—At his late residence, 255 M^{rs} dalen street, on May 30, 1906, William Maver, in his 80th year. Funeral private.

MCARTHUR.—Entered into rest at M^{rs} T. Turret, Ont., May 26, 1906, Isabella P. McArthur, widow of the late Peter A. McArthur, of Ottawa, aged 77 years. Interred in Bonchwood Cemetery, Ottawa, on May 28th.

WANTED, EXPERIENCED HAND.—Turret Lathes, also good fitters. THE CANADIAN MANUFACTURING CO., LTD., Shearar street and Canal Bank.

WANTED, A SMART BOY FOR OFFICE.—Apply personally or in own handwriting to Export Dept., MONTREAL ROLLING MILLS CO.

WANTED AT ONCE, A COOK, ALSO A House Tablemaid, with city references. Apply 270 University street.

HOUSE TO LET.—A FINE BRICK HOUSE situated on the Ottawa River, in the village of L'Orignal, stable, carriage house, garden in construction. Very suitable for a summer residence. Apply to Mr. KAINS, Cushing, Que.

TO LET, ON LAKE SHORE, NEW, large, suitable for small family, for the summer or by the year. Apply to Mr. GUNN, Lakeside, or address care of 'Witness' Office.

LONDON QUOTATIONS. London May 31, 4 p.m. — Consols for money, 80 1/2; do. for account 80 11/16.

McCAUGH BROS. LONDON CABLE. Hudson's Bay, second-hand, 100; Grand Trunk, second-hand, 100; Grand Trunk, third-hand, 100; Canadian Pacific, 100; Atchafalpa, 100; Louisville & Nashville, 100; Pennsylvania, 100; St. Paul, 100; Union Pacific, 100; United States Steel common, 100; United States Steel preferred, 100; Amalgamated Copper, 100.

REV. MR. JENNER WAS THE GUEST

The Rev. C. E. Jenner, member of the Parish Men's Society, and the choir, were the guests of the rector of the Evangelist, on Tuesday evening, at an informal social gathering and supper, given in honor of Mr. Jenner, who, after eleven months' work at St. John's, leaves for Providence, R. I. The health of the Rev. Mr. Jenner was proposed as the most responsible for carrying into effect the desire of the Rev. Mr. Wood, that a branch of the Men's Society of the Church of England should be established in the parish. The rector hoped that the Men's Society would be of great service to the parish, and thought the issue of a parish magazine would be their first duty.

RECORD PASSAGE

'VIRGINIAN' REACHES RIMOUSKI FROM MOVILLE IN LESS THAN SIX DAYS.

The R. M. S. turbine steamer 'Virginian,' of the Allan Line, arrived at Rimouski this morning at 8:15 o'clock, after a record trip, the time being five days, seventeen hours and forty minutes, which, after adding five hours, the difference between Canadian and British time, makes the actual time of passage five days, twenty-two hours and forty minutes. This is eight hours and fifty-four minutes, or practically nine hours faster than the best previous record passages made by the 'Virginian' in June, 1905, of six days, seven hours and fifteen minutes, and by the 'Victorian' in May of this year, of six days, seven hours and fourteen minutes, one minute less than the previous record of the 'Virginian.'

The 'Virginian' left M^{rs}ville at 2:35 p.m. on Saturday. Her daily sailings are as follows:—Saturday, 306 miles; Sunday, 441; Monday, 447; Tuesday, 541; Wednesday, 425. After 355 miles further sailing she reached Rimouski. Her average speed inclusive of the two hours during which she was delayed by fog, was 17.6 knots per hour. On the first three days out from M^{rs}ville she averaged 18 1/2 knots per hour.

In coming from land to land, that is, from M^{rs}ville to Cape Race, she was exactly 98 hours, including the two hours in which she was becalmed. She will reach Quebec at six o'clock to-night, and Montreal at noon to-morrow. She has on board 162 first, 206 second, and 1,078 third, class passengers. The White Star steamer, which left for New York a day ahead of her with her passenger lists has not yet reached New York, that so the first list to reach Montreal will come by her own mails.

CUSTOM INCREASE

Montreal Port Exceeds Previous Record

LAST MONTH'S COLLECTIONS WERE \$1,185,000.

The customs duties for the month of May amount to \$1,185,000, as compared with \$1,066,883.17 for the same month last year, an increase of \$1,185,000.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SLIGHTLY IMPROVED
New York Showed Better Values
While Business Increased Here

LOCAL CONDITIONS VERY DULL,
HOWEVER, WITH PRICES ABOUT
STEADY.

Exchange value of £1 sterling to-day
is 84.88's.
Wednesday Noon, May 31.

Mainly owing to the fact that American
stocks were sustained in the London mar-
ket over the United States holiday, prices
in New York were at advances over Tues-
day's closing.

The local market opened with a little
more activity after the holidays. Illinois,
Toronto, Iron, steel and Toledo were the
only stocks to be taken up in any-
thing but broken lots.

There has been admitted to quotation,
in the unlisted department of the New York
Stock Exchange, Canadian Pacific Railway
Company certificates of subscription first
instalment 20 percent paid for new ordi-
nary capital stock.

The Toronto Stock Exchange will con-
sider the Saturday afternoon holiday
question.
It is reported that Hamilton is to bor-
row \$50,000 for waterworks purposes.

Winnipeg has decided to borrow a mil-
lion and a half dollars for civic improve-
ments.
The Liverpool Corn Exchange will be
closed on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday,
June 2, 4 and 5.

The Trinidad Electric Company have
given public notice under date of May 7,
that they apply to the Governor-in-Coun-
cil for the right to build a new tramway
line. For some years the Trinidad Elec-
tric Company have been endeavoring to
get permission to build this line, common-
ly known as the St. Joseph's extension,
which they expect will very largely in-
crease their earning capacity.

Rate of discount of the Bank of Eng-
land unchanged at 4 percent to-day.
MORNING EXCHANGE SALES.
Merchants Bank—3 at 160 1/4.
Mackay—100 at 73.
Rich. & Ont.—25 at 81, 25 at 80 1/2.
Iron pfd.—100 at 82 1/2, 100 at 82 1/2.
Toronto Bank—9 at 250.
Laurentide—25 at 89 1/2.
Illinois pfd.—100 at 96 1/2, 100 at 96.
Scotts—25 at 63.
Iron bds.—\$1,000 at 85 1/2.
Hav. bonds—\$1,000 at 94.
Bank of Mont.—72 at 255.
Power—15 at 93 1/2.
Iron—25 at 31 1/2.
Toronto Ry.—215 at 115, 100 at 114 1/2, 25
at 115.
Ohio Trac.—50 at 31 1/2.
Detroit—25 at 94, 100 at 95.
Halifax Ry.—34 at 105.
Toledo—50 at 33 1/2, 25 at 33 1/2, 10 at 33 1/2.

THE LEATHER CONDITIONS
The Canadian 'Shoe and Leather Journal'
of the current month says:—Spring has
been somewhat late, the coolness of the
weather at Easter militating somewhat
against retail business. Trade is opening
up well, however, and from what we can
gather there is a fair average movement
of a staple goods of all kinds. The influx
of immigrants not only continues, but bids
air to make this a record year in the
increase of population. In most industries
there is increased activity, although in a
few, which may have been somewhat over-
done, there is a slight reaction. Payments
are satisfactory, and there is every en-
couragement to believe that the current
season will turn out satisfactory. A sign
of the continuance of general prosperity
is the firmness of prices for real estate
and the steady continuance of the build-
ing industry. The outlook in the North-
west is particularly hopeful, although
there are not wanting of over-speculation
in some quarters.

DEVELOPMENT OF
M.S.R. EARNINGS
October and May are Heavy
Traffic Months—February
Generally Lowest

Gross passenger earnings of the Mon-
treal Street Railway Company system for
eight months to May 23, show an increase
of almost a quarter of a million dollars
over the corresponding period of the pre-
vious year, or a matter of about 14 per-
cent. The table appended will give some
idea of the respective value of the various
months as dividend earners. It is seen
that February of both 1905 and 1906 is a
long way behind the other months, a fact
which is not easy to understand, as Feb-
ruary of this year was a remarkably fine
month contrasted with a severe month of
snowstorms in February of 1905. October
and May were the heaviest earners in
both years, which would suggest that dur-
ing the finer months the cars are brought
much more into public service. This
will, however, be surprising to those not
familiar with our excellent walking weath-
er during an average Canadian winter.
Net earnings are, of course, regulated by
gross receipts, and the condition of the
weather, which has a very important bear-
ing on the cost of operating the road.
The increase in gross and net earnings
over the previous year will be interesting
to the people of Montreal and district in
stowing the all-round development that
must be in force to account for such en-
ormous expansion. The net returns are
only available up to the end of April.

Table with columns: Gross passenger earnings—Increase. Rows for Oct, Nov, Dec, Jan, Feb, March, April, May.

Net earnings—Increase.
Oct. \$108,107 \$100,639 \$7,468 7.42
Nov. 79,007 70,706 8,301 11.74
Dec. 74,860 64,462 10,408 16.27
Jan. 79,490 61,669 17,821 28.90
Feb. 67,376 37,968 29,408 61.12
March 78,843 60,227 18,616 26.98
April 39,965 18,605 21,360 57.92

LITTLE PROGRESSION
Crop Growth is Slow in the
West but no Damage Re-
ported.

Winnipeg, Man., May 30.—The crop re-
port for the week ending May 30 is a re-
cord of little progress by the crops on
account of the almost invariable cold weath-
er. For the first time this year reports
are to hand of damage being done by
frosts. Rain had been pretty general
throughout the week, and as this was
wanted badly in some districts the crops
have benefited very considerably, and are
now reported to be doing well, though no
large growth is reported. Frost has ap-
peared in many points, but it is excep-
tional to read of any damage being done
by the low temperature. The general need
is now for warm weather.
The amount of growth is generally from
three to five inches.

COTTON EXPERIMENTS
Gratifying Results in Natal—
Quality Said to be Excellent

(Special Cable Service).
Durban, May 30.—Gratifying results
have followed the experiments in cotton
planting in Southern Natal. Twenty-five
acres yielded forty bales. Half of the
yield had been prepared for export. The
quality is excellent.

IMPORTANT RESIGNATION
Valentine of the Armour Grain
Company Will Leave That
Corporation

Chicago, May 31.—A. I. Valentine, pres-
ident of the Armour Grain Company since
its organization in 1890 yesterday an-
nounced his resignation, to take effect early
in July, on the return from Europe of J.
Ogden Armour, head of the Armour in-
terests.
Mr. Valentine declined to discuss his
plans for the future, except in a general
way, stating that he has under considera-
tion a number of business propositions.
Mr. Valentine for years has been one of
the largest traders on the board of trade.
He has engineered several of the most im-
portant deals in the history of the ex-
change and he has had a tremendous fol-
lowing among operators both here and in
other market centers.

BANK OF ENGLAND.
London, May 31.—The weekly statement
of the Bank of England shows the fol-
lowing changes:
Total reserve, decreased£ 11,000
Circulation, increased22,000
Bullion, increased311,973
Other securities, increased249,000
Other deposits, increased555,000
Public deposits, decreased280,000
Notes reissued, decreased53,000
Government securities unchanged.
The proportion of the bank's reserve to
liability this week is 43.90 percent as com-
pared with 44.11 percent last week.
London, May 31.—The rate of discount
of the Bank of England remained un-
changed to-day at 4 percent.

HANDSOME OFFICES
Messrs. Nichols & Marler, the well-
known stock brokers, of Notre Dame
street, have removed to a handsome new
office in the Bell Telephone building.

REMARKABLE OAT YEAR
Peculiar Conditions Prevent
Wide Range of Prices in
U.S.A.

SMALL EXPECTABLE SURPLUS OF
CANADIAN OATS DUE TO INTER-
NAL CONSUMPTIVE DEMAND.
A remarkable feature of the American
oat market during the past year has been
the heavy volume of business worked on
a very small range of prices. The fluctua-
tions for the twelve months ending to-
day show a difference of only 6 1/2c,
while the highest point reached last
week, and the lowest, in August, 1905.
Speculation has been good most of the
year, and in face of the 93,000,000 bushel
crop, the largest ever raised, there is be-
lieved to be little surplus left. The lim-
ited range shows that constant selling
pressure has helped to prevent a material
advance, but the effect of the quality of
the crop must also be taken into consid-
eration. Past experience has shown the
effects of a low grade crop on the market,
when, ignoring the total production, op-
erators have bought options on the New
York and Chicago markets, knowing that,
while the crop was being raised, there was
a shortage of contract quality grain,
and speculative conditions were re-
tarded the same as in a short crop year.
But let the crop be of uniformly good
quality, and even if only seven or eight
hundred million bushels in total
production, such an attempt would speedily
be swamped by plentiful supplies drawn
from all parts of the country.

To have such a narrow range in the face
of the largest crops on record for twelve
months is unusual, and shows a healthy
absorption throughout the year. In the
preceding year the range was almost 10
cents, the top price being 39 cents, and in
1904 it was 15 cents. But the small range
this year was also due to the fact that
on a 73,000,000 bushel crop the range for
May for the season was 20c to 25c cents.
NO OPTIONS IN CANADA.
The fact that there are no option mar-
kets in Canada, and that the bulk of the
production is required for domestic con-
sumption, makes a comparison of the
Canadian and American markets difficult.
The Ontario Government's estimate of last
year's oat crop places the total production
at 106,000,000 bushels in that province, and
allowing for another 100,000,000 bushels
from the west, the total yield in Canada
would probably be in the neighborhood of
225,000,000 to 230,000,000 bushels. Of late
years, the rapid growth of the country has
absorbed the increase in production as fast
as it has been raised, and only a few
quantities of oats are used in the west,
where railway construction is so active.
Large numbers of horses are utilized, and
the nature of their work requires that
they be well fed. Lumbering operations
between Ottawa and Port William have
also accounted for some heavy shipments
to that region, and it appears that the
farmers in many parts of Ontario are re-
sisting in for the more attractive and pro-
fitable branches of cattle and dairy farm-
ing in preference to grain cultivation.
It has been estimated that not more
than half a million bushels of oats have
been exported this season from Eastern
Canada, and the British, French, Belgium,
and other Continental markets, which
used to draw their supplies from this side
of the Atlantic, have been forced to go to
southern Russia, the Black Sea port, and,
in good seasons, to the Scandinavian Pen-
insula to fill their requirements.

There has been considerable export busi-
ness in Ontario, and it is not clear what
extent the operations have been conducted,
is hard to say, as the bulk of the ship-
ments have been made through New
York, in bond to the West Indies, where
there is a good market for Canadian oats.

DAIRY PRODUCTION
Picton, Ont., May 30.—Twelve factories
boarded 1,100 boxes of colored and 100
boxes of white cheese; total, 1,200. High-
est bid, 11 1/2c; 700 boxes sold.
Stirling, Ont., May 30.—Boarded, 1,000
boxes of cheese; 770 boxes sold at 11 1/2c;
balance at 11 1/4c.
Woodstock, Ont., May 30.—Boarded, 1,400
boxes of cheese; 500 boxes of white and
900 boxes of colored. The bids ranged
from 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c per pound, an advance
of 1/2 cent over last week, but no sales
were registered on the board; 700
boxes sold on the street at 11 1/2c.
Campbellford, Ont., May 30.—Boarded,
1,200 boxes of white and 70 boxes of colored
cheese; 1,195 boxes of white sold at 11 1/2c.
Colored unsold.
Three Rivers, May 30.—Boarded, 25
packages of butter and 125 boxes of cheese.
Prices obtained were: 21c to 21 1/2c for but-
ter, and 11 1/2c to 12c for cheese.
Lawrenceville, Que., May 29.—Boarded,
500 boxes of cheese and 36 boxes of butter;
cheese sold at 11 1/2c; 30 packages of butter
sold at 11 1/2c. The price of cheese showed a decline
of about 1/2c on the country boards yesterday,
and while an occasional lot brought 11 1/2c
to 12c, 11 1/2c was the ruling price. Local
conditions were unchanged, but there was
an easing feeling in the market.
Westerners are quoted at 12 1/2c to 12 3/4c, and
Quebec at 12c per pound.

Butter is quiet and steady at 20c to 21c,
with an occasional lot held for fraction-
ally higher prices. There is a good en-
quiry from all sources, and trade is active.

PROVISION MARKET
Abattoir dressed hogs are in good de-
mand at \$10.25 to \$10.50 per hundred
pounds, and packers report a fair trade
with local retailers.
The enquiry for hams and bacon and
all cuts of smoked and cured meats is
 brisk, and the demand is growing as the
season advances. Prices very firm, and
advances have been made from time
to time in sympathy with the strength
displayed by the live stock markets.
Lard is in good demand, but as the
stocks available for immediate distribution
are not large, prices are firm and steady.

GRAIN MARKETS
The flour markets are steady with very
little change in evidence, and the domestic
trade in both Manitoba and Ontario
grades, is active. Export enquiries are
rare owing to the wide difference between
the British and Canadian markets.
The local market for rolled oats is hold-
ing firm on a good demand, and unchang-
ed quotation. The market for unrolled
oats is active, and jobbing lots are selling freely
at \$2.10 to \$2.15 per bag.
Cornmeal is steady at \$1.30 to \$1.40 per
bag, but business is quiet.

The tight offerings and the heavy de-
mand for oats has caused another advance
in local quotations, and No. 2 are selling
at 44c; No. 3 at 42c to 42 1/2c, and No. 4
at 41 1/2c per bushel.
The market for milled holds about
steady, and though the demand shows
signs of diminishing, the requirements of
the trade are still large enough to tax the
capacity of the mills. Both bran and
quotations are wanted, and considerable quan-
tities are being distributed in mixed car-
loads.
Baled hay is an active commodity on
this market, and good business is being
worked, both for domestic and export ac-
counts.

Business Banking

The Sovereign Bank of Canada's up-to-date methods facilitate
the dispatch of business for men of
affairs. No red tape.
A proper degree of conservatism
combined with enterprise make for
soundness and satisfactory banking
service.

The Sovereign Bank of Canada
MAIN OFFICE—232-236 St. James Street.
UPTOWN BRANCH—2608 St. Catherine St., cor. of Guy St.

THE MONTREAL CITY & DISTRICT
SAVINGS BANK.
Notice is hereby given that a Dividend
of Ten Dollars per share of the Capital
Stock of this Institution has been declar-
ed, and the same will be payable at its
Banking House in this city on and after
TUESDAY, the 3rd day of July next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from
the 15th to the 30th of June next, both
days inclusive.
By order of the Board.
A. P. LESPERANCE,
Manager.

COUNTRY PRODUCE
The egg market is rather easier in tone
to-day, and though no material reductions
have been made in quotations prices would
undoubtedly be shared a fraction to make
sales. Wholesale lots are worth 16c and
smaller quantities bring 16 1/2c per dozen.
Prices are firm and steady on the bean
market and prime one pound pickers are
\$3.80 to \$4.10 in small lots and from
\$1.60 to \$1.65 a wholesale way.
Bolling peas are in good demand and the
quotations are firm owing to light stocks
on spot. From \$1.05 to \$1.10 is asked to-
day for No. 1 grades.
There is very little enquiry for honey
or maple products and the market is quiet
under a dull demand.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES
FLOUR—Manitoba spring wheat patents,
\$4.70; strong bakers, \$4.20; winter wheat
patents, \$4.20 to \$4.40, and straight rollers,
\$3.80 to \$4.10 in wood; in bags, \$1.85 to
\$1.90; extra, in bags, \$1.35 to \$1.60.
ROLLED OATS—\$2.10 to \$2.15 in bags of
98 lbs.
CORNFLEAL—\$1.35 to \$1.40 per bag;
granulated, \$1.65.
WHEAT—Ontario bran in bulk, \$18
to \$19.50; shorts in bags, \$22; Manitoba
bran in bags, \$18.50 to \$19; shorts, \$20.
HAY—No. 1, \$9.50 to \$10 per ton on
track; No. 2, \$8.50 to \$9; clover, \$6; clover
mixed, \$6.50.
OATS—No. 2, 43c per bushel; No. 3,
42c to 42 1/2c; No. 4, 41 1/2c.
PEAS—Bolling, in car load lots, \$1.05 to
\$1.10 per bushel.
POTATOES—5c to 7c per bag.
BEANS—Prime pea beans, \$1.70 per
bushel; hand picked, \$1.80 per bushel.
PROVISIONS—Barrel heavy Canada
short cut pork, \$23.00; light short cut,
\$21.50; barrels clear fat back, \$22.50; com-
pound lard, 7 1/2c to 8c; Canadian pure
lard, 11 1/2c to 12c; kettle rendered, 12 1/2c
to 13c; hams, 12 1/2c to 13c, according to
size; breakfast bacon, 1c to 1 1/2c; Windsor
bacon, 15 1/2c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir
dressed hogs, \$10.50; alive, \$7.75 to \$7.85.
BUTTER—Cholceat creamery, 20 1/2c to
21c.
EGGS—New laid, 15c to 17c per doz.
CHEESE—Colored and White, 12c to
12 1/2c.
ASHES—First pots, \$5.25 to \$5.37 1/2;
seconds, \$4.75 to \$4.87 1/2; pearls, \$6.50
to \$6.75 per hundred pounds.

RAIL AND CANAL RECEIPTS
Wheat, bush 45,600
Oats, bush 3,600
Barley, bush 33,500
Flour, bush 23,938
Butter, pkgs 4,087
Cheese, boxes 14,960
Lard, pkgs 10,872
Meats, pkgs 5,302
Hams and Bacon, pkgs 833
Lard, rolls 93
Raw Hides 111

GREAT LAKES COMMERCE
Washington, May 31.—A bulletin issued
by the Department of Commerce and
Labor says that commerce on the great
lakes during April and the first four
months of 1906 exceeds that of like
periods in any earlier year. For April the
shipments from all points on the lakes
amounted to 4,365,505 net tons, while for
the year to April 30 they aggregate 6,418,
481, a gain for the month of 1,275,042, and
for the four months of 1,582,656 net tons, if
compared with corresponding movements
in 1905. It should be noted, however, says
the bulletin, that the unusually heavy
westbound movement of coal was probably
in some degree due to the storing of vast
quantities of this commodity at eastern
ports prior to the opening of the lakes, in
anticipation of a coal strike, while the
general movement of nearly all articles of
commerce may have been accelerated by
the fear of a general strike, among steam-
ship employees, of which there seemed to
be a probability during the entire month.
Of the coal, iron ore and copper ship-
ments, which for April 1906, comprised
over 50 percent of the total outbound
movements, the coal moved almost entire-
ly from east to west, while the movement
of iron and copper was generally in the
opposite direction. Of the April coal move-
ment 398,838 tons were shipped from Cleve-
land and 328,524 from Buffalo.

MONTREAL CLEARINGS
Total for week ending May 31. \$26,742,038
Corr. week 1905 22,635,097
Corr. week, 1904 18,445,213

RUSSIAN GRAIN DAMAGED
Mr. F. W. Thompson received a cable
from England at noon to-day, which stated
that the Eastern Russia crop prospects
were about average, but that the Western
Central was seriously damaged by drought,
the situation becoming critical.

Laidlaw & Co. — For the present view
of certain financial operations which are
requiring the use of considerable cash and
the consequent shifting of loans, a policy
of conservatism is being adhered to, but
all with a view to a more favorable op-
portunity to advance prices aggressively.

TORONTO MARKETS
Toronto, Ont., May 31.—Flour—Ontario—
The market held firm. Exporters bid \$3.15
for 90 percent patents, buyers' bags, for
export; millers are asking \$3.30. Mani-
toba first patents, \$4.40 to \$1.60; second,
\$1 to \$4.10; bakers, \$3.30 to \$4.
No sales were made on the local grain
board to-day. Quotations being:—Wheat—
Ontario, 83c bid outside for No. 2 mixed;

We Loan Money at th
Lowest Rates in
The City
\$ on household furniture, pianos, organs,
horses and carriages, without publicity
or removing the goods. We loan in
sums from \$10 to \$1,000 from 1 to 12
months. We give liberal discount, if
paid before due. Your dealing with us
strictly private, as we know you would
wish. By courteous treatment and Fair,
Honest Dealing, we are gaining new
customers every day. You should be
among them. Call and investigate.
We will be pleased to talk the matter
over with you, or telephone us at 333
Main, and we will send one of our
agents to see you.

MONTREAL LOAN & BROKERAGE CO.,
Room 204 New York Life Building.
Cor. St. James street and Place d'Armes square.
CHARLES E. CAMPBELL, Mgr.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
MONEY TO LEND.
CUSHING & BARRON
Notaries and Commissioners,
Liverpool & London & Globe
Insurance Building.
112 St. James Street.

R. A. DUNTON & H. BABY,
Notaries, etc.,
Guardian Building, St. James Street.
Funds for Investment on Mortgage.
MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED
MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED,
INSURANCE PLACED.
Representing CANADA LIFE, LONDON &
LANCASHIRE FIRE.
Evenings 7 to 10.
WILLIAM P. RANSOM,
226 Elm Avenue, Westmount.

W. J. HASTINGS
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR,
798 Dorchester Street
MARRIAGE LICENSES
ISSUED BY
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James Street, 49 Crescent Street

A Real Health Food,
" GOLDEN WHEAT "
BREAD:
PHONE US FOR A TRIAL LOAF.
E.S. AULD, 37 St. Antoine, cor. Atwater Ave.
TEL. MOUNT 13.
HOUSECLEANING BRUSHES
Of Every Description, at Factory Prices
ULLEY'S BRUSH WORKS,
76—Victoria Square—78.
Carpet Sweepers Repaired. Tel. M. 2740

PHONE MAIN 254
The HALL ENGINEERING WORKS
Engineers, Boiler-makers, Brass & Iron
Founders, Copper-smiths & Blacksmiths
14 COTE STREET, Montreal.
THOS. HALL, M.N.E.C.E.I.

A. HODINA,
Practical Shoe Maker,
Repairs Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.
Main 5061, 4 BEAVER HALL HILL.

JACKSON & CO.,
CARPENTERS, BUILDERS
AND CONTRACTORS.
Valuations made. Jobbing promptly
attended to.
1208 to 335 HIBERNIA ROAD.
Tel. Main 4153.

Professional
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c.
HENRY J. ELLIOTT, B.C.L.,
ADVOCATE, BARRISTER and SOLICITOR,
Commissioner for all the Provinces, New York
and Massachusetts.
CANADA LIFE BUILDING.
189 St. James St., Montreal.
Tel. Main 3900

PATTERSON & BROWN,
Advocates, Barristers & Solicitors.
TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 St. James St., Montreal.
W. PATTERSON, M.A., LL.B.; E.N. BROWN, B.A., B.C.L.

MACLENNAN & MEAGHER,
Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors,
New York Life Building, Montreal.
F. S. MACLENNAN, K.C. J. J. MEAGHER.

SMITH, MARKEY,
MONTGOMERY & SKINNER
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c.
TEMPLE BUILDING
185 ST. JAMES STREET.
ROBT. C. SMITH, K.C. FRED. H. MARKEY
GEO. H. A. MONTGOMERY
WALDO W. SKINNER.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.
PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
We solicit the business of Manufacturers,
Engineers and others who realize the advantage
of having their Patent business transacted
by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges
moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon
request. Marlon & Marlon, New York Life Bldg
Montreal and Washington, D.C. U.S.A.

PATENTS THAT PROTECT.
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
CHARLES W. TAYLOR, B. Sc., to Examiner
Canadian Patent Office.
Canada Life Building, Montreal

OWEN N. EVANS
PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS
Merchants Bank Building, Montreal

FROM 'WITNESS' FILES

SIXTY YEARS AGO.

A gnarled old tree within the enclosure of the English Cathedral in Quebec was cut down for fear it should fall and injure passers by. Under this tree, on its site, tradition said, Champlain pitched his tent on landing...

FORTY YEARS AGO.

John G. Whittier, the poet, declined nomination to the United States Congress. The Civil Rights Bill, legalizing slave marriages, giving their children the right of inheritance and making all persons, without regard to color, equal before the law, became law in Tennessee.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

On the two days ending May 30 there were in Venice 65 cases of cholera and 43 deaths.

The United States was all agog over the coming wedding of President Cleveland and Miss Frances Folsom. The grounds of 'Forestville,' a country house purchased by him near Washington, were raided and shrubs destroyed, palings torn up and window shutters destroyed by people anxious for 'relics,' and policemen had to be called to keep the interior of the house from being wrecked as well.

FAMINE IN RUSSIA

IN TWENTY-TWO PROVINCES THERE ARE MILLIONS OF VICTIMS.

London, May 31.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the 'Tribune' paints a distressing picture of the famine in Russia. He says that peasants lie prostrate in the fields, dying from lack of food and from the epidemics, which swiftly follow in the wake of famine. However loudly the sufferers complain, no help comes to them. Twenty-two provinces are affected, and the victims number millions. The distress exceeds that which prevailed in the famine years of 1881 and 1892. Such help as is possible needs to be increased fivefold to be in the least degree effective. Private subscriptions come in slowly. The Government's subsidy is insignificant, while the officials place obstacles in the way of every unofficial help. The Minister of the Interior, fearing that reformers will come in contact with the starving peasants, has ordered all soup kitchens that have been opened without the permission of the local government to be closed. The obeying of this order has closed what in some cases were the only channels of relief.

JAPANESE NAVAL REWARDS

GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE LATE WAR RECOGNIZED.

Tokio, May 30.—The 'Official Gazette' to-morrow will publish the first batch of naval awards for gallant conduct during the war. Nearly 6,500 warrant officers and men will receive the order of the Golden Kite and an annuity of from \$50 to \$100.

Your Grocer sells...

EAGLE BAKING POWDER

It is put up in tins, therefore retains its strength longer. TRY IT.



The Crown Store.

MILLINERY.

Every woman ought to visit our Millinery Salon, and find out how reasonable some of the prettiest new models are priced here. This week we have reserved 500 dozen of trimmed hats, which we will have on sale, FRIDAY, SATURDAY and SUNDAY.

Lot No. 1, value \$1.00 to \$2.00 for only 39c.

Lot No. 2, value \$2.00 to \$4.00 for only 69c.

Lot No. 3, value \$4.00 to \$6.00 for only 98c.

O. Lemire & Co.

1163 St. James Street, Corner Fulford.

Spring Ailments

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, fits of biliousness, indigestion and headache, are some of them.

They are all radically and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine thoroughly cleanses the blood and restores healthy functional activity to the whole system. It makes people well.

"I have used two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla this spring and have got a great deal of relief out of them. I have been troubled with biliousness, but Hood's has completely cured me." D. J. CAROUCHE, 342 Antoine Street, Montreal, Que. Get

Sold everywhere. 100 doses one dollar.

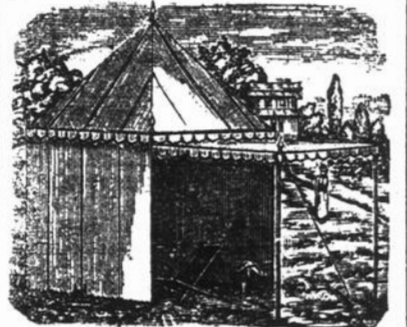
STEAM USERS

Insure your Boilers in THE BOILER INSPECTION & INSURANCE CO., OF CANADA. Our regular INSPECTIONS AND ADVISE will guarantee you SAFETY, DURABILITY AND ECONOMY.

Plans and Specifications for Boilers, Boiler Settings, Chimneys, etc., furnished. Engines Indicated. No charges made for services to insurers. 30 years Experience.

OLAF E. GRANBERG, Chief Inspector, Prov. Que.

N. R. MUDGE & SON, Agents, 327 Board of Trade Building.



This TENT is complete with Iron Framework, Poles and Stakes. It is a specialty of ours. The Poles and Stakes being the great feature, enabling one person to easily erect it, and requiring no Guy Ropes whatever.

Sole Manufacturers: THE GOUDROCK ROPEWORK EXPORT CO., Ltd., 28 St. Peter street, MONTREAL.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

ANY even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-West Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded upon by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 13 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situated. HOMESTEAD DUTIES: A settler who has been granted an entry for a homestead is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans: (1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$25 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of \$5 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500 x 1,500 ft. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1 an acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2 1/2 percent on the sales. PLACER mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2 1/2 percent collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

W. W. CORY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

OLD NEWSPAPERS suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages, at \$1 per 100 lbs.



INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

BONAVENTURE UNION DEPOT

SEA SIDE SPECIALS FRIDAYS JUNE 8 15 22

WILL LEAVE BONAVENTURE UNION DEPOT AT 7.45 P.M. FOR

Murray Bay Riviere du Loup Cacouna Bic Rimouski Little Metis

Through sleepers, also special sleeping car going direct to wharf at River Ouelle, connecting with Ferry for Murray Bay points.

"Ocean Limited," Train de Luxe, will start on 24th June.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.

St. Lawrence Hall—141 St. James street, or Bonaventure Depot. Tel. Main 615.

N.B.—Summer reservations for all seaside resorts on I.C.R. booked in advance. Apply early J. J. McCONNIFF, City Pass. & Tkt. Agent.

Rutland Rd

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE MONTREAL TO BOSTON

and New England Points

The scenic SHORT LINE across the Islands of Lake Champlain and through the Green Mountains.

Leave Montreal, 7.50 a.m., 7.10 p.m. Arrive Boston, 11.45 p.m., 7.00 a.m. Daily, ex. Sunday. Daily.

Through Buffet (Broker Service) Parlor Cars on day trains and Sleeper Cars on Night Trains.

Secure accommodation and tickets at 139 St. James street and Windsor Station.

T. M. FALLON, City Passenger Agent

Summer Resorts

ABENAKIS SPRINGS

Open June 1st to October 1st. Enlarged. Lighted with Gas, by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 13 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

ABENAKIS SPRINGS, P.Q. the most satisfactory and least expensive Summer and Health Resort in Canada.

A positive cure for Gout, Rheumatism, Nervous Diseases, Sciatica, Nervous Prostration, Dyspepsia of various forms, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys—also Diseases peculiar to Women.

You can't afford to miss the Springs this year. Brighter, Better, Gaynier than ever.

Improved Train Service—Via O.T.R. Round Trip from Montreal, \$3.—Ask your Ticket Agent, or write for Circulars, etc., to R. G. KEMPSON, Mgr., Abenakis Springs, P.Q.

ABENAKIS SPRINGS

HOTEL LAWRENCE,

Old Orchard Beach, Maine.

Booklets ready. Get one. Open June 15 to Sept. 15. MRS. C. M. GOVE & SON, Managers.

THE IRVING Old Orchard Beach, Maine.

Directly on Beach. Prices moderate. Convenient to everything. Booklets.

Mrs. L. A. GOUGINS, Prop.

MINTO HOUSE—St. Adolphe de Howard, Co. Argenteuil, Que.

First Class Private Temperance Boarding House, six miles from Ste. Agathe. Home comforts. Excellent cooking; good fishing. PHILIP B. GILES, Proprietor.

'ROSEMOUNT' WILL BE READY THE

first week in June to receive guests; one of the best places in the Dominion; pure mountain air, and fine water. Apply, JOHN W. WEST, Shawbridge, Quebec.

SEASIDE HOUSE, LITTLE METIS, Que.

will open June 15th. One of Canada's most popular summer resorts. Bracing, salt air; magnificent scenery. JOHN ASTLE, Prop.

HAMILTON VILLA, CHEMUNYQUE Island, Maine, Portland Harbor. CAPT. A. E. HAMILTON, Proprietor. Open June 15th to Sept. 30th. Good Bathing; Fishing; table, first class. Terms reasonable.

ARONSON & RUTENBERG PAWNBROKERS,

601 Craig Street. Money to lend on Diamonds, Watches, Jewellery, Clothing and Dry Goods. Pure stored during summer months.

ARONSON & RUTENBERG, PAWNBROKERS and Jewellers.



DOMINION LINE STEAMSHIPS

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL

DOMINION June 9 SOUTHWARD June 16 CANADA June 23 KENSINGTON June 30

FIRST CLASS, \$70.00-875.00, according to steamer.

MODERATE RATE SERVICE.

On steamers carrying only one class of Cabin passengers (Second Class), to whom is given the accommodation situated in the best part of the steamer.

\$42.50 and \$45.00 to Liverpool; \$45.00 and \$47.50 to London.

Third Class passengers booked to principal ports in Great Britain at \$27.50, berthed in 2 and 4 berth rooms.

For all information, apply to Local Agents, or to

DOMINION LINE.

17 St. Sarravant Street, Montreal.

FOR THE WINTER BERMUDA GO TO

From Montreal, Malaria impossible. From New York 48 hours by direct new steamship "Bermudian," 5,500 tons. Sailings from New York every 10 days.

FOR WINTER WEST INDIES TOURS GO TO

20 days' trip, twenty days in the tropics. St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara. Tickets for sale at all Principal Ticket Offices. For further particulars, apply to A. J. O'NEILL, 211 St. James St., Montreal, or Quebec 25, Co. 23 Broadway, New York, or J. G. BROCK & CO., 211 Commissioners St., Montreal. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

BLACK DIAMOND S.S. LINE

The Popular Passenger Steamer "BONAVISTA"

Is intended to sail

Daylight, JUNE 5th, For CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I. THE SYDNEY, C.B. And ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland.

For fares, accommodation, etc., Apply to J. E. COOKSON, Gen. Pass. Agt., Tel. Main 4481, 112 St. James St.

LOW RATES WEST

THROUGH THE BEAUTIFUL 1000 ISLANDS AND PICTURESCAPE BAY OF QUINTE BY DAYLIGHT—Staterooms warm and comfortable.

MONTREAL TO TORONTO, \$3.00; RETURN, \$5.00.

MONTREAL TO HAMILTON, \$5.75; RETURN, \$10.00. Meals and Stateroom Dert. included.

MONTREAL-HAMILTON LINE—Steamers leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m.

MONTREAL-QUEBEC LINE—Daily at 7 p.m.

SAGUENAY LINE—From Quebec on Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 8.30 a.m.

TICKET OFFICE, 128 ST. JAMES STREET, Opp. Post Office.

OTTAWA RIVER NAV. CO.

Passenger steamers running daily except Sunday.

To OTTAWA, single, - \$2.50 Return, - - - - - 4.00

Daily Excursion to CARILLON by Str. 'Ruchess' of York, \$1.00. Home by the Rapids.

Take 8 a.m. G. T. E. for Lachine to connect with steamer.

AFTERNOON EXCURSIONS up by Train, return by THE RAPIDS.

To ST. ANNE'S, G. T. E. or C. E. R., 1.30 p.m. Round Trip 30c.

To LACHINE, G. T. E., 5 p.m. Round Trip 50c.

To HEBBURN, C. F. E., 1.30 p.m. Round Trip \$1.00.

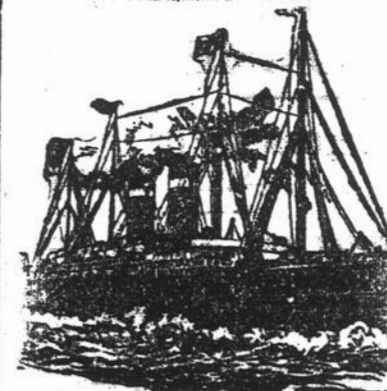
Ticket Office—Grand Trunk Station, Windsor Hotel, 8 Offices on St. James St. Nos. 128, 137 and 178. Windsor Station for Hudson.

Head Office, 165 Common street. TELEPHONE MAIN 1023.

Cement, Drain Pipes, & DRAIN PIPES, PORTLAND CEMENTS,

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO., 345 St. James Street



ALLAN LINE. LIVERPOOL VIA MOVILLE. ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

From Liverpool. From Montreal, Quebec.

24 May—VIRGINIAN. 7 June 3 a.m. 1 p.m. 31 May—TUNISIAN. 14 June 7 a.m. 6 p.m. 7 June—VICTORIAN 21 June 3 a.m. 12 noon

It is to be noted that the Allan Line steamers sail from Montreal, and the hour of sailing has been arranged so as to give the passenger a view of the noble St. Lawrence by daylight. The trip down is a moving panorama the whole way.

TUNISIAN'S record passage Rimouski to Moville, in 6 days 5 hours.

VIRGINIAN'S record passage Moville to Rimouski in 5 days 20 hours.

VICTORIAN and VIRGINIAN are the largest, finest and fastest pair of Turbine steamers in the world. The engines of His Majesty's yacht and battleships ever constructed, are after the design of Victorian and Victorian. Their great merit being absolute freedom from vibration.

Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.

FIRST-CLASS \$70 and up.

SECOND-CLASS Liverpool, London, etc., \$42-50 and up. Return tickets at reduced rates.

THIRD-CLASS Liverpool, London, or Belfast, \$27.50, and \$28.75, according to steamer.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.

Protectorian. 6 June Mongolian. 20 June Numidian. 13 June Corinthian. 27 June

One class cabin called second. Rate \$40 and upwards. Third class, \$23.00. Apply to H. A. ALLAN.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

FINEST AND FASTEST "EMPRESSES"

MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND LIVERPOOL.

May 31, Thur. ... Lake Erie June 14, Thur. ... Lake Manitoba June 23, Sat. ... Empress of Britain June 30, Sat. ... Lake Champlain July 7, Sat. ... Lake Erie July 12, Fri. ... Empress of Ireland July 21, Sat. ... Lake Manitoba and weekly thereafter.

MONTREAL TO LONDON DIRECT.

June 17, Lake Michigan (Third Class) 26.50 July 1, Montrose (One Class) ... 40.00 July 8, Mount Temple (Third Class) 26.50 July 22, Lake Michigan 3rd Class ... 26.50

SS. Lake Champlain and Lake Erie carry only One Class of Cabin passengers (Second Class) to whom is given the accommodation situated in the best part of the steamer at \$42.50 and \$45.00. 3rd, \$26.50.

Lake Manitoba—1st, \$35.00; 2d, \$25.00; 3rd, \$18.75.

Empresses—1st, \$80.00 to \$100.00; 2nd, \$45.00 and \$47.50; 3rd, \$28.75.

Board of Trade Building, St. Sarravant St.

Reford Agencies.

DONALDSON LINE GLASGOW WEEKLY SERVICE.

FROM MONTREAL.

SS. LAKONIA (Cold Storage) ... June 21

SS. PARTHENIA (Cold Storage) ... June 7

Accommodation for a limited number of passengers. Rates—Steerage, \$25.00; cabin, \$35.00 to \$42.50.

THOMSON LINE LONDON WEEKLY SERVICE.

FROM MONTREAL.

SS. CERVONA ... June 2

SS. KILDONA ... June 9

All steamers fitted with cold storage and cool air.

ABERDEEN SERVICE.

SS. ESCALONA ... July 5

LEITH SERVICE.

SS. FREMONA ... June 1

NEWCASTLE SERVICE.

SS. JACONA ... June 9

LORD LINE TO CARDIFF.

LORD IVEAUGH ... May 28

THE ROBERT REFORO CO., Limited, 25 St. Sarravant street, MONTREAL. WESTERN OFFICE, Room 119, Union Station, TORONTO.

FURNESS, WITBY & CO., Limited.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED.

CANADA AND MANCHESTER.

From Manchester. From Montreal.

5 May—Manchester Importer ... May 26

12 May—Manchester Shipper ... June 2

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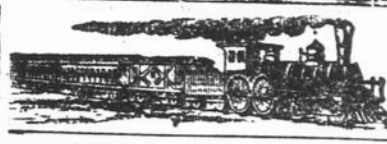
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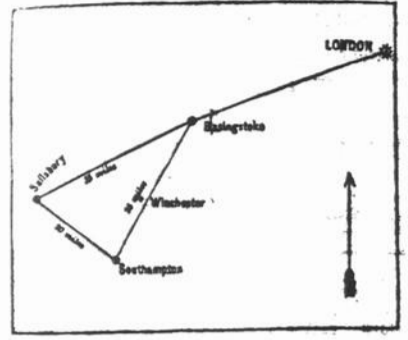
HER LADYSHIP'S ELEPHANT.

BY DAVID DWIGHT WELLS.

(Published by Special Arrangement.)

HER LADYSHIP'S ELEPHANT.

The two couples, Harold Scarsdale, an Englishman with an American bride, and...



Cale and Mrs. Allingford stop over at Winchester. Scarsdale passing as Allingford's brother Dick, of whose character and presence in England they are ignorant.

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

Feeling that such conduct was indecorous in the extreme, he ignored her with a lofty contempt; and, having tested the quality of the masonry, ventured upon the terrace and inspected the feast.

Her ladyship awoke that morning to what was destined to be the most eventful and disturbing of her peaceful and well-ordered life, with a feeling of irritation and regret that it had dawned, which, in the light of subsequent events, would seem to have been almost a premonition of coming evil.

The Wornout Nerves, The Weak Heart, The Tired Brain, The Wasted Strength.

What a multitude of women there are who feel that these words exactly suit their case. From early morn until late at night they have been on the go, year in and year out, attending to the daily household duties, looking after the wants of her children and spending the rest of her time attending to social and church work.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

They are the women's friend in every sense of the word. They will strengthen the weak heart, tone up the shaky, starved nerves, make the brain clear, and restore the lost vitality.

conceived notions of what life, and especially life at Melton Court, ought to be. As yet she knew nothing of all this; but she did know that, though it was long after the hour appointed, she had heard no sound of her great-niece's departing footsteps.

The note was short and painstakingly polite; but its perusal did not do much to please Lady Diana, for she revealed it, and set her thin lips as she revealed it. 'The message ran as follows: "Dear Lady Melton: "I write to apologize for the somewhat unconventional manner in which I am leaving your house; but as your plans for my disposal to-day did not accord with my own ideas of what is fitting, I have thought it best to leave thus early, and so avoid any awkwardness which might arise from conflicting arrangements. I wish you to know that I shall be with friends by this evening, so that you need feel no anxiety about my position. Pray accept my thanks for your hospitality, which I am sure my husband will much appreciate, and believe me, Yours respectfully, "MABEL SCARSDALE."

This communication her ladyship tore up into small fragments, and then snapped out: "Is there anything more?" "Yes, if you please, my lady," replied the maid, "a note for you from Mr. Allingford, left in his room." Lady Melton took it as gingerly as if it were fresh from some infested district, and, spreading it out on the bed before her, read it with a contemptuous smile.

"Your Ladyship," wrote the Consul: "I have the honor to inform you that I am leaving at the earliest possible moment, not wishing to impose my company longer than is absolutely necessary where it is so evidently undesired. That there may be no burden of obligation between us, I beg you to accept a trunk belonging to me, which will arrive this morning, as compensation for my board and lodging. I remain, Your Ladyship's Obedient Servant, "ROBERT ALLINGFORD, U. S. Consul, Christchurch, England."

"P.S.—I mail you to-day a deed of gift of the property in question, legally attested, so that there may be no question of ownership. "R. A." "Insolence!" gasped Lady Melton, who she comprehended the contents of this astonishing communication. Then turning to her maid, she commanded: "If this person's trunk arrives here, have it sent back to him instantly, and she fumed with rage at the thought. "How dare he suppose that I would for a moment accept a gratuity!"

Indeed, so wrought up was she that it was with difficulty that she controlled herself sufficiently to breakfast on the terrace. Moreover, her interview with Bright, the butler, whom she encountered on her way downstairs, and her announcement of the arrival of her great-nephew and a strange lady, was hardly soothing; for it forced her to believe that that faithful servant, after years of probity, had at last strayed from the temperate paths of virtue. Seeing him dishevelled and bewildered, she had sternly rebuked him for his appearance, and from this disjointed replies had only gathered that his astounding state was in some way due to the Consul.

"Has that insolent person's trunk arrived?" she inquired; when, to her astonishment, her old retainer, who had always observed in her presence, a respectful and highly deferential demeanor, actually sibilated. "Bright!" she said, sternly. "Beg pardon, my lady," suggested Bright, his face still wreathed in smiles; but the way you put it." "What have you done with this person's belongings? Have my orders been carried out?" "You mean in regard to the—the—" "Trunk. Yes, let it be put off the place immediately." "Please, your ladyship," he replied, with diffidently restraining his laughter it won't go." "No, my lady; it's been rampaging through the greenhouses, and is now on the terrace, where it drenched Anne most awful."

Good Blood Good blood, good health; bad blood, bad health; there you have it.—Why not help nature just a little and change the bad to the good? Bad blood to good blood; poor blood to rich blood! Ask your doctor how this applies to Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and how it applies to you! Could anything be more fair? We have no secret! We publish the formulae of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

GOAL AMERICAN ANTHRACITE (ALL SIZES) WELSH ANTHRACITE also SCOTCH ANTHRACITE Summer Prices. Prompt and Careful Delivery. F. ROBERTSON, 206 St. James Street. Bell Tel., Main 4611, Main, 4612; Merchants 206.

DID YOU GET A MAN YET? to connect your gas stove! Once will get you one of our men, and how many times have you had to telephone. GAS CONNECTIONS FOR COOKING, LIGHT OR HEATING. SOMETHING WRONG with your water pipes! Don't worry, don't waste time, Call UP MAIN 2744. M. WALSH & CO., 33 and 35 Vire St. West. GAS CONNECTIONS and ELECTRIC WIRING OUR FORTE.

Province of Quebec, District of Montreal, Superior Court No. 2108. LICITATION. Notice is hereby given that, under and by virtue of a judgment of the Superior Court, sitting at Montreal, in the District of Montreal, on the seventeenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and six, in a cause bearing the number 2108, of the records of the said court, wherein the plaintiff is Alexander M. Foster, of the city and district of Montreal, gentleman, and Daniel Ford, of the city and district of Montreal, is defendant, ordering the licitation of the immovable property described as follows, to wit:

A lot of land lying and situate in the Saint Lawrence Ward, of the city of Montreal, known and described as number three hundred and thirty-one (331), on the official plan and book of reference of the said Saint Lawrence Ward, less the portion thereof which has been detached for the widening of Saint Lawrence street—with buildings thereon erected, bearing civic numbers 373 to 390 of said Saint Lawrence street, and 235 to 239 of said Saint Charles Bonhomme street, with all servitudes attached thereto.

The property, above described will be put up for auction and adjudge and sold to the last and highest bidder, at the sitting of the Superior Court, in room thirty-one, of the Court House, at HALLOWEEN, the first day of the month of OCTOBER, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the SIXTEENTH DAY OF JUNE next, subject to the charges, clauses and conditions contained in the list of charges, deposited in the office of the prothonotary of the said court; and that any opposition to annul, to secure charges or to withdraw to be made to the said licitation, must be filed in the office of the prothonotary of the said court, at least twelve days before the day fixed as aforesaid for the sale and adjudication; and that all oppositions for any reason must be filed within six days from the adjudication, and failing the parties to file such opposition within the delay hereby mentioned, they will be foreclosed from so doing. HENRY J. ELLIOT, Attorney for Plaintiff.

DIVINE BREATHINGS. THURSDAY, MAY 31. BROTHERLY LOVE. In Heb. xiii. we read 'Let brotherly love be continued,' let it be in constant exercise, brethren, means all Christians. Every believer is dear to God and should be dear to us. 1. This love is of God. (I. Thess. iv., 9.) 2. It is an evidence of the new life, or spiritual nature. (I. Jno. iii., 14; I. Pet. i., 22.) 3. The natural heart is full of hatred and malice. (Eph. ii., 3.) God's word obeyed purifies the heart, which becomes the abode of love, and this love manifests itself toward God and toward His people. (I. Jno. iv., 21.) 4. Our blessed Lord acknowledged this relationship. (Matt. xii., 49, 50; Jno. xx., 17; Heb. ii., 11, 12.) 5. How is the love to be manifested? First, by hospitality, as the word really means. (I. Pet. iv., 9; I. Tim. iii., 2; Tit. i., 8.) See also the Lord's teaching in Matt. xxv., 34-40. We are to support the weak. (Acts xx., 35.) Second, by sympathy, first with those who are bound, verse 2, and next with those in affliction. (Rom. xii., 9-16.) Our duty is to bear the infirmities of the weak, and not to please ourselves. (Ro. xv., 1, 2.) The Lord Jesus took our infirmities and sympathized with us in our weaknesses. (Matt. viii., 17; Heb. iv., 15.) It is for us to be imitators of God as dear children, and live the life of love to all men, but specially to all God's children. Each one is dear to Him and should be dear to us.

CHILDREN'S CORNER. THE HOME-MADE BOAT. There was a little vessel, As gay as bark could be; 'Twas made of cork and paper, And sailed so merrily. A-down a pond it floated Upon a summer's day, With shouts of happy laughter To speed it on its way. But though the sun was shining, The wind began to blow, And soon that little vessel Was rocking to and fro. The paper sail was tearing— No longer would it float; And laughter turned to weeping For that poor little boat. And now that tiny vessel Upon a shelf is kept, Just where small people put it. The day they sadly wept. Its sail is rather ragged— But I would have you know The children eye it fondly, They love that vessel so! —M. M., in 'Our Little Dots.'

OFFICES TO LET, In the New Lindsay Building. Apply to C. W. Lindsay Limited, 472 St. Catherine Street West.

Employment Wanted. PAPER AND PRINTING TRADE—Young men seeking situation in above; 10 years' experience; is a good proofreader; willing and energetic. Address C.B. 'Witness' Office.

WANTED — UPHOLSTERY WORK OF every description, carpets cleaned and re-laid, mattresses re-made and furniture re-covered; prompt and personal attention guaranteed. H. CHATHAM, No. 5 Emily street, city. Telephone East 55.

Miscellaneous. HYDROGENIC FUEL IS A GOOD THING to invest in. ANY ONE NOT BEING ABLE TO GET A 'Witness' at his newsdealer's will oblige the publishers by notifying the Subscription Department by telephone Main 4000, or by postcard. JOHN DOUGALL & SON, 'Witness' Building.

Business Chances. TOWLE & CO. OLD ROOFERS AND CONTRACTORS, flat or steep roofs, cementing yards or cellars, painting fronts, also brushing stones, making them like new; all work done first class and cheap. Also lightning conductors put up in the most scientific style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply 224 Delorimier avenue. Tel. 134 East.

For Sale. FOR SALE, ALMOST NEW CABINET Grand Piano, beautiful tone, handsome walnut case. Will be sold at a sacrifice. Owner compelled to leave city. See at 44 St. Catherine street west.

FOR SALE, Steamer St. Lawrence, and Steamer St. Helen. With privilege of a 4 years' lease, to transfer the passengers to Isle St. Helen, etc. Also all the privileges of games and amusements, on the ferry-go-round, one house, one furnished house and four Restaurants. To be sold en bloc, with good conditions. The proprietor will sell on account sickness. For other particulars apply to R. GEMER & SON, 50 Boulevard St. Laurent, Montreal.

Farms to Let. TO LET, FARM, TEN MILES FROM city, about 100 acres, extra good barns, for 40 to 50 head cattle and 6 horses. Large poultry house, drive shed, farmer's cottage. Water in house and stable. Thirty acres in pasture, 100 in good state of cultivation; yield 112 tons hay last year, the same prospect for this. Moderate rent for this year to responsible man. Immediate possession, good local demand for cream, poultry, etc. Apply P.O. Box 2410, Montreal.

Furnished Houses to Let. TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE FOR summer, new, detached, in small garden, 10 rooms, near main car lines. Apply afterwards, 456 Mountain avenue, Westmount. Tel. West 1351.

Property. PROPERTY FOR SALE—A SUMMER Cottage situated on an island, and other property, at Ste. Agathe. Apply V. B., 29 McGill College avenue. A DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE on Victoria avenue, St. Lambert, alongside railway track, suitable for a manufacturing business; lot 96 x 150. Apply to J. BEATTY, St. Lambert. LOT FOR SALE, ON HICKSON AVENUE, Victoria Park, St. Lambert, good situation; will be sold cheap. Address Box D, St. Lambert. PROPERTY FOR SALE — A SUMMER cottage, situated on an island, and other property at Ste. Agathe. Apply V. B., 29 McGill College avenue.

FOR SALE, CHEAP That centrally situated property, 776 and 778 Craig street, at present occupied by the Timmis, Noble Co. Site of lot 60 x 88 ft., with lane in rear, and entrance on St. James street. Apply to THE TIMMIS, NOBLE CO.

Balmoral Block Near McGill Street. When buying TRUNKS and BAGS, be sure you inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. We would call the attention of horsemen and those requiring harnesses. A hearty invitation is extended to all to visit our show rooms and see our big "Harness Display." Lamontagne Limited. BALMORAL BLOCK. NOTRE DAME ST WEST, MONTREAL, Can. Ottawa Branch, 116 Spark Street.

Situations Vacant. WANTED, SMART BOY AS MACHINIST Helper. Apply 142 St. Peter street.

WANTED, A SMART YOUTH, FOR OFFICE work; must write a good hand, be quick and correct at figures. Apply by letter. THE AMES HOLDEN CO., of Montreal, Limited, 49 Victoria square, City.

WANTED, BRIGHT BOY FOR FIRE INSURANCE Office. Good chances for promotion. Apply P.O. Box 2330, city.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with house work, where another maid is kept. Must be willing to go to the country. 407 Dorchester street.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, GENERAL Servant, with city references. Apply 724 St. Catherine street west.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT; SMALL family; one willing to go to the country. Apply 88 Arlington avenue, Westmount.

WANTED — BATHMAN AND SHADER for our woollen mill. Apply, with references and full particulars. PATON MANUFACTURING CO., Sherbrooke, Que.

WANTED, A SCHOOL BOY TO DELIVER a route of the 'Witness' after school hours. Apply at the 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A SMART YOUTH FOR Junior position in mercantile office. Apply, stating age, to MANAGER, Box 2234, City.

Teachers Wanted. WANTED, TEACHER FOR LEEDS Village Model School. An additional fee to one who will teach Grade II. Academy. Apply to C. W. JIGGENS, Sec.-Treas., Leeds Village, Que.

WANTED — A MALE TEACHER FOR Principal of Arimor Model School; also Female Teacher as assistant. Address, stating salary, qualifications, references, and experience, to JOHN McLEAN, Sec.-Treasurer, Protestant Board School Trustees.

TEACHER WANTED FOR THE MODEL School at Maple Grove, in the Township of Ireland; Head Teacher, to commence the beginning of September next. Applying qualifications and stating salary required to THOS. H. PORTER, Sec.-Treasurer, New Ireland, County Megantic, Que.

WANTED, FOR TERM BEGINNING Sept. 1st, a Protestant Teacher, holding a Model Diploma, to take charge of Grenville Village School, No. 2. Salary, \$30.00 per month. Address N. LOUGHRAN, Secretary-Treasurer, Grenville, Que.

To Let. OFFICE TO LET, FIRST FLOOR, Light, airy and attractive, in 'Witness' Block. Apply to MR. McLAUGHLIN, 'Witness' Office. WOOD AVE., near St. Catherine st. Self-contained Tenements, 1 room, every convenience; immediate possession. Mansfield st., near Sherbrooke st. Heated flats and free of water, 6 and 7 rooms; every convenience; immediate possession. All above newly dined and painted for three years' lease. Apply 34 St. James street.

Bargains. FOR SALE, A SMALL BILHORN ORGAN, new, folds up like a valise; just the thing for country house. Good for accompanying singing. Price, \$38.—LAYTON BROS., 144 Peel street, N.B.—Open evenings.

FOR SALE, AT A BARGAIN, TWENTY H.P. Boiler, and 12 H.P. Brush Engine; also a Moultrie Grinder, and several pumps. Apply J. BEATTY, St. Lambert. FOR SALE, KINDLING WOOD — GOOD dry box cuttings makes the cheapest kindling wood; delivered within city limits for \$1.75 per cord. Call on Duke Main Bldg. G. & J. EPLIN, 136 Duke street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION. Kindling, \$2.00; Cut Maple, \$3.00; Mill Blocks, \$1.75; cut any length; \$1.50. Anthracite Coal; delivered anywhere in the city. J. O. MACDONALD, No. 2 Canal Basin, cor. of Guy and William streets. Bell Telephone Main 482.

Wanted. WANTED, TO PURCHASE YOURS AND everybody else's cast-off household furniture, clothing, fur coats, caps, old diamonds, gold and silver, best cash prices for good goods. Promptly called for by MAX FRANK, 493 Craig street. Tel. East 2007.

WANT ADS. FOR THE 'WITNESS,' may be left with A. T. OSBORN, Bookbinder, 207 St. Catherine st. WM. DEYDALE & CO., Bookbinders and Stationers, 217 St. Catherine Street. Or with E. TURKIN, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 501 Wellington street, West of Subway. CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS. CASH TARIFF. Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles For Sale, Secondhand Articles Wanted or For sale. 20 Words for 10c. 10c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four. Property For Sale or To Let. Other Articles For Sale. 25 Words for 25c. 1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four. Personals, Agents Wanted. 25 Words for 50c. NOTICE PARTICULARLY. Postage Stamps will be Accepted. The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher. No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five copies. These notices.

A NEW SUIT OF CLOTHES

FOR A YOUNG MAN FOR SUMMER OR HOLIDAY WEAR.



Many young men wear their good suits while out for a holiday, they are uncomfortable, because they are too good to fool around with, and they are heavier than a flannel coat and pants. They do not even look as well for the occasion, besides they cost three times the money. It is well to give this matter a few minutes thought, and when we tell you that you can buy a nice gray striped Flannel Coat and Pants for \$5.00, you may see that it would be wise to have an Outing Suit for holiday or evening wear as a matter of economy, besides the extra freedom, comfort and enjoyment you would get from same.

We have a full assortment of Summer Clothing, Light Coats, Vests and Pants, or Coat and Pants only; Light Coats or Fancy

Vests, Striped Flannel, White Flannel and White Duck Trousers.

Here are a few prices for several lines.

- Men's Crash Coats at \$1.50.
- Men's Alpaca Coats in Black, Grey and Fancy Stripes, at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50.
- Men's Black Russel Cord Coats at \$2.50 and \$3.00.
- Special line of Waiters' Black Russel Cord Coats at \$2.00.
- Men's White Duck Coats at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75.
- Men's White Duck Vests with Sleeves at \$1.50.
- Men's Summer Coats in neat hair-lined stripes (silk and wool), at \$3.50.
- Men's Blue Serge Coats at \$1.50 and \$2.50.
- Men's Alpaca Coats and Vests in Black and Fancy striped at \$3.50.
- Men's Outing Suits in White Duck at \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00.
- Men's Summer Vests in White Duck and White Pique, Crash, figured Duck and Linen at \$1.50 and \$1.75.
- Men's Summer Vests in White Pique, figured and striped Duck, at \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50.
- Men's Tweed Suits, Coat and Pants, in fancy stripes and checks, made in Norfolk, double and single-breasted style, at \$8.50, \$9.00, \$10.50, \$12.00 and \$13.50.
- Men's White Duck Trousers at \$1.25 and \$1.50 per pair.
- And everything for Men's Summer wear.

Allan's Cor. Craig and Bleury Streets
and 401 West St. Catherine St.

DEADWOOD DICK DEAD

FAVORITE DIME NOVEL HERO SUC-
CUMBS TO PNEUMONIA AT
CRIPPLE CREEK.

Denver, Colo., May 30.—A despatch from Cripple Creek says that Frank Palmer, said to be the original 'Deadwood Dick,' of dime novel fame, died in the county hospital there yesterday of pneumonia. According to the despatch, Palmer was a nephew of former Senator John M. Palmer, and claimed relationship to the late Potter Palmer, of Chicago.

When seventeen years old Palmer left home and drifted west. He went to Deadwood, S.D., in the early days of that camp, and became a successful gambler and the sports of the mining camp dubbed him 'Deadwood Dick, the plunger.' He drifted into Cripple Creek nine years ago. Reverses in fortune came and for eight years he sold chewing gum and candy which he carried in a shoe box.

CANADIAN CABLES

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, May 30.—The Church Army has addressed a letter to the Hon. Herbert Gladstone, Home Secretary, drawing attention to the fact that the efforts made by the society to improve the condition of the labor market by sending the unemployed to Canada, are nullified by the influx of aliens.

The Home Secretary replied, promising consideration of the complaint.

One hundred and sixty emigrants, under the care of the Church Army, sailed to-day by the C. P. R. liner 'Lake Erie.'

The Happiness of Home

Very largely depends on the mother's disposition; if she is animated and bright, everyone is happy; but if she is nervous, irritable and cross—everything goes wrong. Bright cheery women usually use Ferrozone, the greatest health-maker known. By acting through the blood Ferrozone is able to reach all the organs that need assistance; it establishes regular and healthy action of all functions, builds up the general health, fortifies the system with a reserve of energy that defies disease. Don't put off—Ferrozone costs only 50c. at any drug store; get it to-day.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

SOME NEW BLOUSES.



The corselet skirt necessitates a special style of blouse, with as little fullness as may be under the belt portion. The model shown at the right of the three blouse patterns is excellent for this purpose. It is intended to be developed in a soft silk matching the skirt in color. Fine tucks in clusters of three are alternated with ruffles of Valenciennes lace, which may be either in white or dyed to match the silk. The tucks and ruffles extend only to the top of the skirt line, the corselet portion being fitted closely to the figure. The yoke and collar is in one piece, of insertion matching the lace, and the yoke is outlined with motifs or medallions bordered with Valenciennes applique. The elbow sleeves are puffed, and trimmed to match the waist.

The centre model is of the popular broderie Anglaise. The yoke is plain, and set in with lace insertion, between the two rows of which are pin tucks following the lines of the yoke. Pin tucks running down a few inches from the yoke give fullness to the lower portion. The deep cuffs and the collar are also inserted with lace.

The third blouse is simple, but effective, of fine white linen. Pin tucks form a shallow square yoke effect, three larger tucks running from the end of the shoulder seams farther down towards the bust line. A conventionalized spray in shadow embroidery branches at the centre of the bust line, one tendril reaching down the front to the waist, and others outward towards the shoulders.

GIVE THE BABY A CHANCE.

'The hand that rocks the cradle is the hand that spoils the world,' declares Frank Barkley Copley, in the June 'Outing.' Babies should not be rocked.

Being a man, and consequently not expected to know much about what should or should not be done with babies, the writer respectfully refers to the Babies' Hospital of New York city, as an authority for his statements. This institution has reduced the methods of caring for babies to a science. Its assertion that 'babies have rights' is not a new one. In most families where there is a baby, its rights are unquestioned, even though they interfere with the rights of every other member of the household. The trouble lies in that the maternal instinct is not a safe guide as to what are the baby's real rights and interests. Take the question of putting the child to sleep, the method of the mother—except her who is in line with the modern idea—to rock the baby, crowning some little lullaby meantime, until the child has been coaxed and patted into slumber.

The science of baby raising says, 'Never resort to any device whatsoever to put the child to sleep, and you never will have to.' If you start coaxing him to go to sleep when he is an infant, you have taken the first step towards making the baby a little tyrant, and yourself his slave. It is not even necessary that a profound silence should be kept during baby's sleeping time. Let the usual proceedings go on.

When should the training of a baby begin? 'As soon as he is born,' says Mr. Copley—or the Babies' Hospital. Establish at once regular hours for his feeding and sleeping. For the first four weeks feed him every two hours between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m., again at 10 p.m., and at 2 a.m. After a month he should be fed every two and a half hours between 6 a.m. and 6.30 p.m., with two night feedings as before. When he is two months old, and from that time on, he needs to be fed only every three hours, from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m., with an additional feeding at 10 p.m. A large amount of the fretfulness and moaning of infants is due to stomach disorders brought on by feedings at irregular intervals and in irregular quantities.

The Babies' Hospital and Mr. Copley are decided that when the baby cries from temper or for indulgence, he should be permitted to just have his cry out. Baby cries are divided into six classes—the normal cry, and those of pain, temper, illness, hunger, indulgence or habit. The normal cry is exercised for the lungs, and among the baby's rights is the right to a 'good, old-fashioned, red-faced bawl.' If it is the cry of pain, of course it must at once be removed simply by walking with or rocking him. As for the cry of hunger, a false appetite is often engendered by irregular feedings, and this cry is not to be met with further feeding, when sounded abnormally.

But when the baby cries from pure temper, or to be rocked or carried about, or for something else for which he has already acquired a habit, he is to be let severely alone. If he is a

very young baby, see that his abdominal hand is properly applied, so that he won't hurt himself, and then let him cry till he sees fit to stop. The next time he cries from the same cause, he will probably keep it up a comparatively short time; and then, seeing that it is of no use, will stop for good and all. To the mother who believes that she could not stand this ordeal, so strong is her love for her baby, the writer observes that it is not love but weakness and cowardice. 'Some day, for his bad temper and impudence, you are going to slap that child who now are too tender-hearted to let cry. And you won't slap him in love, either.'

The new science lays great emphasis on shiekling the baby from excitement. Decide now. When you 'show off' the baby's cunning little tricks, is it to gratify your own pride or to promote your child's welfare? Give the baby a chance to have a healthy brain and nervous system. During the first year, when the little brain is growing more than in any other year, the baby should not be played with. It is very charming, of course, to hear the infantile laugh and crow, but by and by come the sleepless hours to tell of the over-stimulated brain and the severe tax on the nervous system. A baby can find plenty of sources of amusement for himself, while he is making the acquaintance of his own fingers and toes, and when he begins to notice the things in the little world gradually unfolding to his developing senses. As he grows older, he will be happier and better with simple toys, a soft ball of bright color, a rubber doll, and a bright picture or two, than with more elaborate toys. Too much amusement overtaxes a child's nerves. One of the most important rights of the young baby is the right to be left alone. So, too, while the little bones are soft, the baby should be handled no more than is necessary.

The mother who values her future peace will never give the restless baby soothing drugs. When the effect passes off, such notions leave the baby more excitable than ever, and, moreover, they tend to implant in the child the insidious drug habit.

AUTOGRAPH RECIPE BOOK.

In an autograph recipe book, always a pleasing reminder of old friends to a housewife, the recipes are either written by the contributors themselves or the housewife copies them with pen and ink, or has them typed, and then the contributors sign their names. One young bride collected all the tried and tested favorites of her family and friends and recorded them in a stout, strongly bound blank-book, that could endure long and hard usage. And in another family, a book of recipes and household hints has been handed down through four generations, each one of which has added to it. This heirloom is both instructive and amusing, for it shows the difference between the housekeeping of to-day and that of past generations.

There is a temptation to get out the autograph recipe book in an edition de luxe, but unless it is intended merely as a graceful souvenir or to be used only occasionally, at chafing dish suppers and similar spreads, it is better to have a plain, stout cover. Gray linen, with the word 'Recipes,' and some simple conventionalized design embroidered in colors, makes a suitable cover.

A CURIOUS DUEL

THIS ONE WAS SETTLED IN A NOVEL WAY BUT WITH THE USUAL RESULT.

Paris, May 29.—A pair of quarrellers

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See best results in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 50c. at all dealers or DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

have just settled a duel with the same result as usually attends a French meeting on the field of honor, but it was more easily achieved. The challenger, who imagined he had been insulted, wrote to his adversary, a newspaper editor, saying:

'One does not send seconds to a scoundrel like you. I box your ears by the letter instead. Please, therefore, regard them as boxed.'

The recipient replied: 'I regard my ears as having been boxed. Cordially, I thank you. In the same manner I blow out your brains with a revolver. Regard yourself as dead. I salute your corpse.'

ATTRACTIVE PRICES

AT THE KNIT-TO-FIT STORE

- LADIES' SUMMER VESTS**
Beautiful lace fronts, exceptional value, the equal of any 25c vest.
On sale Friday at **15c**
- LADIES' SUMMER HOSE**
TAN AND BLACK.
Full fashioned, spliced heels and toes, HERMSDORF DYE, regular value 20c to 25c.
On sale Friday at **15c**
- LADIES' EMBROIDERED HOSE**
BLACK AND TAN, FULL FASHIONED, with beautiful embroidered fronts. Regular value 25c. On sale Friday at **19c**
- CHILDREN'S COTTON SOCKS**
In BLACK, TAN, WHITE, PINK and SKY.
Priced low for quick selling, **7½c to 12½c**
- CHILDREN'S CASHMERE SOCKS**
PLAIN and LACE, IN BLACK, TAN, WHITE, SKY, PINK and RED. **12½c to 20c**
- MEN'S RIBBED SHIRTS and DRAWERS**
In 2 thread Balbriggan. To introduce our famous ribbed goods we are offering two lines, the regular prices are **25c and 35c each**
75c and \$1.00 a Suit, at

THE KNIT-TO-FIT MFG. CO.,

RETAIL BRANCH:
2469 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

IT'S A FACT!



\$4.00, \$5.00
and \$6.00
LADIES' AND MEN'S SHOES
FOR
\$3.50

Owing to the lateness of the season we have decided to make a clearance of these shoes. For the next TWO DAYS we will open out the balance of our stock of these high-class goods in BOX CALF, PATENT LEATHER, VIOLET KID, AND CORONA OULT, IN GOODYEAR WELTS, BEST CANADIAN AND AMERICAN MAKERS, in all sizes, styles and widths.

Please note that these are absolutely as we state, \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00 Shoes, present styles, no old-fashioned stock, but real 'snappy' showy shoes—the Shoes you want.

LADIES' OXFORDS were \$3; for..... **\$2.50**
A very fine Ladies' Oxford, in Chocolate and Corona Colt, Blucher patterns, all sizes, a marvel for the money. Good \$3 value for two days at..... **\$2.50**

J. A. MOONEY & CO.,

Cor. Alexander and St. Catherine Sts., a few doors west of Bleury St.

SOVEREIGN LAUNDRY CO. LTD.

3 WE DON'T FIX THEM UP, WE CLEAN THEM.
We deliver PROMPTLY and call REGULARLY.
IDEAS WE DON'T RUIN THE LINEN, AND generally return you a used up article.
TRY US and find satisfaction in laundering.
Main 538.

A STREET NUISANCE. street, was fined \$20 for having In the Recorder's Court yesterday jail for having moved a value for two days at. Adalard Giroux, laborer, St. Charles street at Point St. Charles.

BUTTER.

- Finest Creamery Butter, .. 2 lbs. for **45c**
- Finest Dairy Butter, from Scotch farmers, .. **21c**
- Eggs, fresh received daily, .. doz. **19c**
- Canned Peas, large tin, latest crop, .. tin, **5c**
- Canned Tomatoes, Log Cabin or any other brand, tin, **10c**
- Cooking Raisins, fresh and clean, .. lb., **5c**
- Bananas from Jamaica, the best and finest, .. doz., **15c**

Also all kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, Provisions and Fine Groceries.

Buy your Groceries from a clean store and clean clerks.

P. BRUNEAU,

Corner Fulford and St. James.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Orders received by mail or phone specially attended to. Special attention given to children.

PHONE UP. 2589.

A PECULIAR POSITION

JEWELLER CANNOT RECOVER STOLEN DIAMOND WITHOUT RUNNING RISK OF BEING HELD FOR MURDER.

Omaha, Neb., May 30.—Like Shylock and his pound of flesh, Tinley L. Coombs has been placed by the courts in the dilemma of not being able to claim his property, awarded by the judge, except at the risk of killing a woman. In this instance the pound of flesh is a \$300 diamond in the appendix of a self-confessed shoplifter. Mae Thomas swallowed the diamond on Saturday in the retail store of Messrs. P. L. Coombs & Company, jewellers. From a tray of diamonds on the counter the woman removed the handsome stone and concealed it in her mouth. To avoid being found with the diamond on her person when searched she swallowed it. Fearing appendicitis, she later confessed to the police, who confirmed the story by taking an X-ray photograph.

"The diamond is yours," said the police judge to the jeweller yesterday. "Take it, but if you resort to a surgical operation against the prisoner's will, and she dies, you can be held for murder." The surgeons say the diamond cannot be recovered without an operation, as the X-rays showed it to be lodged in the intestine. About the only chance Coombs has of recovering his \$300 diamond is that the Thomas woman will develop an attack of appendicitis. Symptoms have already been noted.

TWO SEAMEN SENT TO JAIL.

Charles Fettes, 29 years of age, for stealing two bottles of liquor and some pipes from the Canadian Pacific Atlantic Line steamship "Mount Temple" on which vessel he had served as quartermaster, was on Tuesday sentenced by Judge Choquet to one month in jail. John Cummings, 40 years of age, ship's fireman, was sentenced to a week's imprisonment for deserting the steamship "Mount Temple."

OLIVET S.S. PICNIC.

The annual picnic of Olivet Church Sunday school will be held next Saturday at Hudson. Trains will leave Windsor station at 9 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.

SICK HEADACHE

Many varieties of headache exist, those most prevalent being sick or bilious headache, nervous headache, headache from constipation, etc.

Headache is an effect of disease, the cry of the suffering body for relief from some oppressing disorder.

Undoubtedly the cause must be removed in order to cure the headache permanently. Wrong action of the stomach, liver or bowels is responsible for nine out of ten cases of headache.

In sick headache (a very common form) there is sometimes nausea and vomiting and usually constipation.

In nearly all forms of headache

Burdock Blood Bitters

has proved itself a specific—a medicine that has cured where all others failed.

Keep the stomach, liver and bowels in perfect working order by the use of nature's regulator and tonic, Burdock Blood Bitters, which cures all forms of headache by removing the cause.

Miss L. Smith, Morrisburg, Ont., writes: "I desire to let you know how much good Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. I was troubled with headaches all the time, and could get no relief, until a friend told me of your Burdock Blood Bitters. After taking two bottles of it, I can say that I am completely cured."

B.B.B. is for sale at all druggists and general stores. Do not accept something just as good."

THE FILTHY STREETS.

Leading Doctors Say the City's Condition is Dangerous to the Public Health.

The clouds of dust and refuse which sweep along the streets of the city and into the stores and dwelling-houses are not only disgusting to people of cleanly habits but are most dangerous to the public health. Excepting, perhaps, last autumn, when the road cleaning department suspended work in the expectation of a fall of snow which did not come, it is probable that the city never was in such a filthy condition as now. Some attempt at cleanliness is made in the main streets, but this is to a large extent counteracted by the faulty construction of the road beds and the fact that the majority of the side streets are quite neglected. Inches deep in mud or dust is the normal condition of these streets, and the filthiness of it is accentuated by the inadequate way in which the collection of refuse is carried out. The following opinions of doctors on the present state of the city will serve to show how serious this question of filthy streets has become:—

THE DIRTIEST HE HAS EVER SEEN.

"The city ought to be kept clean. That is a simple statement, but it is one of great importance," said Dr. James Stewart to a "Witness" representative. "Dirt in any and every form is unhealthy, and there cannot be a bit of doubt that the city of Montreal is unhealthy because of the notoriously dirty streets to which Montrealers have ever been forced to submit. Gross ignorance is at the bottom of the whole trouble, for a great majority of the people know nothing of the dangers to the respiratory system which the clouds of dust hold for Montrealers. In comparison with other cities, the streets of Montreal are without exception the worst kept and the dirtiest which I had ever seen. The streets of our city will never be clean until the people wake up from their carelessness to realize the danger which lurks in dirt and dust. Montreal with her inadequate sanitary precautions, is quite behind the times, and can never become healthy till she becomes clean."

RESPONSIBLE FOR MANY DISEASES.

Dr. F. G. Finley stated that without doubt the dirty condition of our streets was in a large degree responsible for many of the respiratory diseases, such as catarrh, asthma, bronchitis and pneumonia, which were so prevalent in Montreal. It was not so much the amount of vegetable matter left on the streets, disgusting as such neglect was, but more the all-pervading clouds of dust which penetrated houses, offices and factories, and which were of the greatest danger to the city's health. Disease germs could not live in pure clean air and sunlight. A better road construction and care was necessary. Here, even when we did have good roads, anyone seemed free to tear them up for any purpose whatsoever. Not only from the medical standpoint was the city's dirt objectionable, but also from the mere point of comfort. The hapless pedestrian was blinded with clouds of dust, which pervaded the sanctum of the most industrious housekeeper, and alike disgusted Montrealers and visitors to the city.

THE PARADISE OF CARRIAGE MENDERS.

Sir William Hingston was very emphatic about the lamentable condition of Montreal's highways. "Cleanliness," said he, "is, of the first moment; especially 'it is of moment in a city whose streets are paved with stone which is easily reduced to powder.' In answer to the question, 'Do you think that the dirty condition of our streets is of medical importance?' Sir William replied, 'If, as is generally believed, one of the most formidable diseases (the tubercle) enters the body through the nostrils, it enters the body through the nostrils. Nothing but pure air should enter the nostrils, and any admixture, emanations from decomposing animal or vegetable matter, cannot be otherwise than hurtful.'"

In regard to disease, fever or cholera, for instance, is their entrance to the body facilitated by the medium of dirt?"

"These are in two separate categories. In the former, since fever enters through the nostrils, dust would aid its attack, but in the latter, since cholera enters the system through the digestive organs, dirt would have less influence upon its action."

"How do the streets of Montreal compare with those of other cities?" "Of many cities I have seen, I have never found the streets of any city in so lamentable a condition as are the streets of Montreal, the paradise of carriage-makers and carriage-menders."

"Could you suggest any method of construction which would improve the condition of our streets?" "Any method is preferable to that of Montreal. The wooden block system, which is used in other cities, London, for example, lasts for many years. The

blocks are put down with great care. The bed on which they rest is as even as skilled mechanism can make it. The blocks are put down, but not fastened until a cutter goes over them and picks out all that are not up to standard. I have been a witness to two modes of putting down blocks, one in London, a year ago, the other in Craig street, in this city. In the former, old blocks had stood the wear and tear of a London street for 15 years; on our own Craig street the blocks here and there had sunk, many of them, within as many days."

"Do you consider the lime-stone construction of our streets too easily pulverized, thus causing needless dirt?"

"If stone is preferred, it would pay us to put in granite from Aberdeen, and have the streets as they are there, perfectly even and without dust, and all by skilled workmen, but by days' wages, and not by contract."

REDUCE THE MACADAM.

Dr. I. Laberge, medical officer of health for the city, is emphatic on the necessity of reducing the vast quantities of dust that float about the city's streets. "You do not need me to tell you," he said this morning to a "Witness" representative, "that dust is inimical to the public health. I do not wish to hold Montreal up as a bad example, but it must be evident to any one who comes into the city what our state is here. There is far too much dust, and if the asphalt streets are mended with macadam, as was the case last year, there will be still more dust. This macadam turns to dust very quickly; I think it is not sufficiently resistant. The dust acts as a vehicle for germs, and thus aggravates all lung troubles, particularly tuberculosis. All measures which have for their object the reduction of the dust in our streets cannot be too highly commended."

WANTED: MORE ASPHALT AND MORE STREET WATERING.

Dr. J. E. Laberge, city bacteriologist, declined to express any opinion on the present state of the city streets, referring his interviewer to the civic roads department. He was, however, equally emphatic as to the urgent necessity of careful and continuous street cleaning. "The most numerous bacilli in dust," he said, "are the cocci bacilli, which cause intestinal diseases. After these come the tuberculous bacilli, which are the most dangerous. The latter are contained in the sputum of persons suffering from the disease. When this dries, it sets free all these bacilli, and unless the streets are kept clean a great danger to the public health is abroad. The more dust there is in the city, the greater the danger to the public health. The less macadam there is, the less dust, because it spreads these bacilli abroad, as macadam. The leading hygiene authorities all over the world are now advocating asphalt in preference to macadam, on this account. The mechanical street sweeper in use here is dangerous, because it spreads these bacilli abroad. It lifts them from the ground and sends them all over the place, whereas a broom, used by hand, would not. Moreover, the mechanical sweeper does not get in to the nooks and crannies, whereas the broom used by hand does. Asphalted all sidewalks, lanes and byways, and

the gradual replacing of macadam by asphalt wherever practical, are the best measures to take. But all of these are of little avail unless the streets are kept continually moist and cleaned. In the hot weather the bacilli lie on the ground, and as they are not heavy enough to remain there in the slightest breeze, they are whisked about into the houses and into the lungs of pedestrians whenever the lightest wind blows. If the streets were kept as free from dust as possible by the laying of asphalt, and watered freely and frequently, the risk from bacilli would be reduced to a minimum."

MACKAY INSTITUTION.

The Mackay Institution for Protestant Deaf Mutes and the Blind, Notre Dame de Grace, is holding its annual meeting and pupils' closing exercises to-morrow afternoon at 2.30. A special Park and Island car will run to and fro from the corner of Victoria avenue and Sherbrooke

street, to the institution road, from 2.15 to 2.55, for those holding cards of invitation. Mr. David Morrice, president of the board, and the Hon. Robert Mackay, vice-president, will address the meeting. An attractive pupils' programme has been prepared, and those attending will have an opportunity of seeing the work accomplished at the institution. It is regretted that the want of space in the lecture hall limits the number of invitations.

ITALIAN COUNTERFEITERS.

Washington, May 30.—Officers of the secret service yesterday raided a shack in an Italian camp near Washington, and arrested two Italians who are alleged to have been engaged in making counterfeit money. Apparatus to make spurious coins were found, and also counterfeiters of American and Italian coin. The two men arrested, Pasquale Pernuce and Vincenzo Falgarano, were held in default of \$5,000 bail each.

COAL

HERE AT LAST.

We beg to announce that we have just received a large steamer of the celebrated

ENGLISH ANTHRACITE HARD WELSH COAL.



If the jury (the public) will only give us a FAIR TRIAL, say one ton as an experiment, we will establish beyond a doubt that we can declare our innocence, and prove that this coal will produce almost twice as much heat on account of it containing 91 per cent. of CARBON. It is practically free from stones or clinkers, and you will be agreeably surprised to find a very small percentage of ashes.

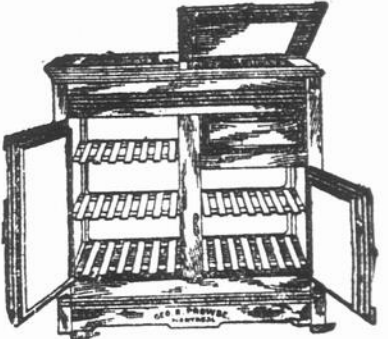
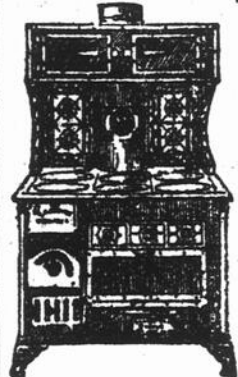
Wholesale and Retail at Spring Prices.

THE STANDARD COAL COMPANY, LTD.,
Corner McGill and Wellington.

Telephones—Main 5291, 5292; Merchants 1492.

TO BE FOUND IN A WELL FURNISHED HOME

PROWSE (Steel Plate Range Water Filter Refrigerator) AND AN "IDEAL" Gas Stove



We can also recommend and have in stock the "Berkfeld" and "Hygeia" Tap, Water Filters.

We are agents for the "Sedgwick" Dumb Waiter—of the highest grade and without friction in operation.

Catalogues on Application.

GEO. R. PROWSE,
208 MCGILL STREET, MONTREAL.

Good News for Montreal:

"CRYSTALLINE WATER"

(Sterilized by the Pasteurizing Filter).

A water guaranteed ABSOLUTELY PURE, and free from any kind of germs or bacteria,

Is sold at only 2½ Cents Per Half Gallon.

Delivered in Montreal.

ALL BOTTLES STERILIZED BEFORE BEING FILLED OR REFILLED

PHONE MAIN 2297.

THE NEW PASTEURIZING FILTER CO., LTD., 142 St. Catherine street, West.

METHODIST CONFERENCE

Ministerial Session Opened Yesterday at Smith's Falls

Smith's Falls, May 30.—The Ministerial Session of the Twenty-third Annual Montreal Conference opened here at 2 p.m. in the Methodist Church, the Rev. W. H. Sparling, B.A., President, in the chair. The Rev. John E. Maveley and Dr. Eby assisted in the devotional exercises.

At the call of the Roll 94 members answered to their names. As many more came in during the session. The name of Mr. Hollingsworth, a probationer, was reported as transferred into this Conference from the Newfoundland Conference. The Rev. John Ferguson was transferred out. The committee on conference relations was appointed, as follows: The Rev. Messrs. John Scanlon, F. A. Read, William Service, Dr. Benson, J. E. Maveley, A. A. Radley, Jas. Pletts, J. T. Pitcher and E. E. Scott.

The following supernannuated ministers were restored to active work: The Rev. William Rilance, and the Rev. A. J. Belton. The following were recommended to be supernannuated for one year: The Rev. Messrs. William Craig, Job Roadhouse, Isaac Hall, Geo. C. Poyser and John Grenfell.

The resignation of Prof. Paul Villard, M.A., of the French Methodist Institute, Montreal, was accepted and credentials granted.

The following probationers were recommended to be received into full connection and ordained, having fulfilled their term of probation at college and on circuits: Thos. Handcock, H. W. Budd.

The following probationers were continued on trial: G. D. Armstrong, W. R. Johnston, Geo. S. Schaegele, Fred. W. Bates, J. Alex. Miller, Thos. H. Boie, Arthur J. Martin, Angus F. Flynn, Samuel J. Bridgette and J. G. Fulcher.

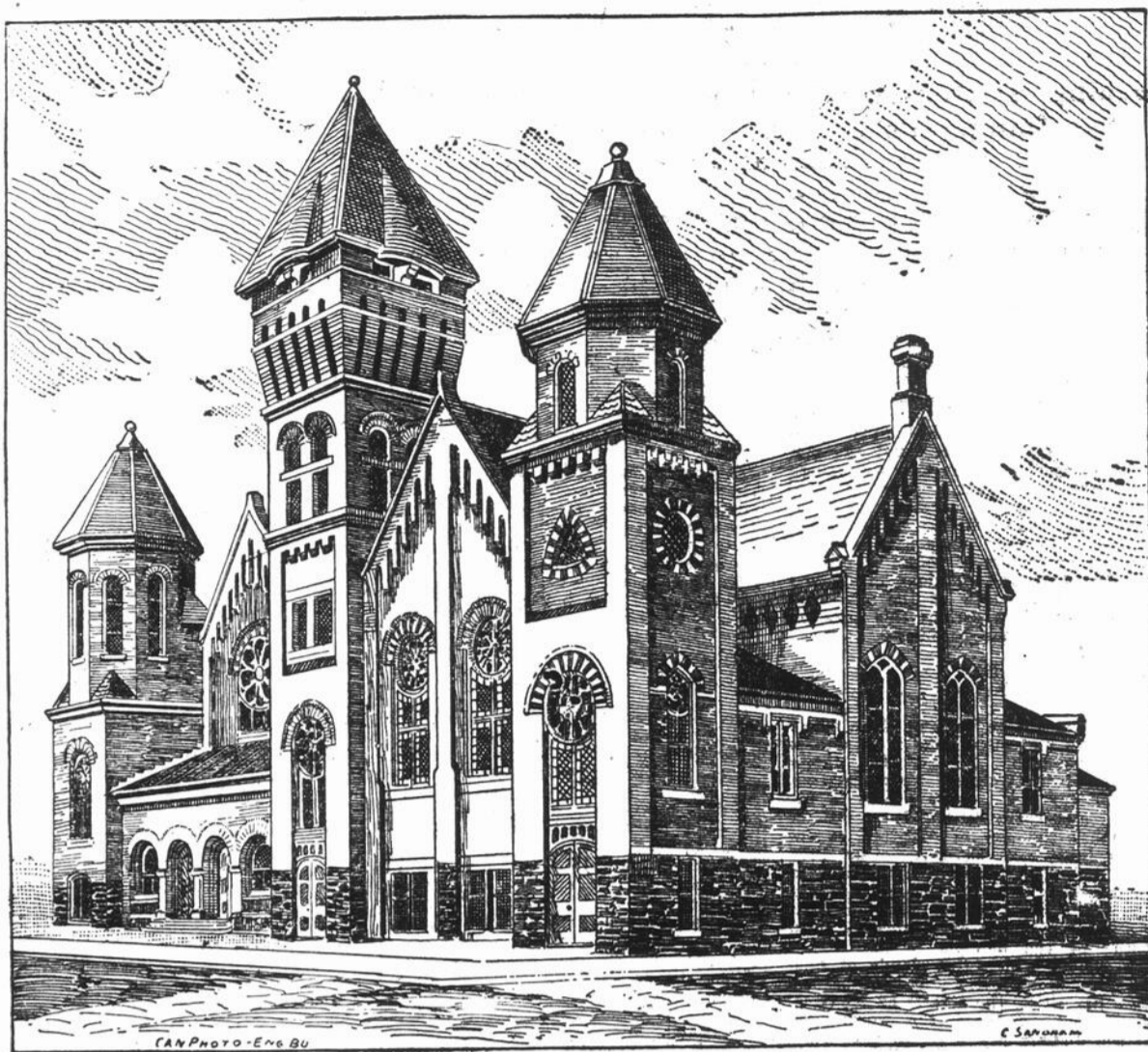
The probationers of three years are: Ralph M. Timberlake, Wm. Hollingsworth, Robt. Argue, Perry S. Dobson, B.A., Walter P. Booth, Jno. A. Waddell, J. B. Howe, Jno. E. Blanchard, William Quigley, Jas. W. P. MacFarlane, Robt. Goudie.

The probationers of two years are: R. W. Anglin, Elwood C. James, H. H. Hillis, Richard W. Street, Jas. A. McNeill, D. W. Pomeroy, and Mahlon J. Robinson.

On motion of the Rev. Dr. Young, seconded by the Rev. T. Brown, the Rev. Mark Styan, formerly a minister of the Baptist Church at Lacute, was received into the membership of the Methodist Church. It is understood that Mr. Styan will take work as a minister in this Conference.

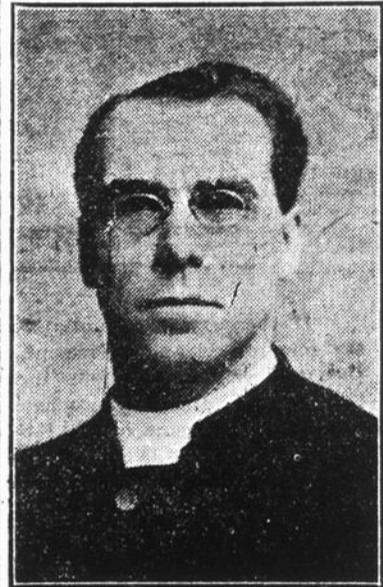
The Rev. S. F. Newton was appointed to visit the railway certificates.

The Rev. W. H. Sparling, B.A., who will retire from the presidency tomorrow, has been in the ministry of the Methodist Church for many years, and



THE CHURCH IN WHICH CONFERENCE IS BEING HELD.

ment to the town and a credit to Methodism. It was enlarged to its present fine proportions in 1894, the edifice erected about ten years earlier at a cost of



THE REV. C. A. SYKES, B.D., Pastor of the Conference Church.

\$9,000 having become altogether too small to accommodate the large and increasing congregations and the various branches of the church work being carried on. The improvements cost \$14,000. The edifice is the largest in the town, and has been pronounced one of the most attractive in the district, the seating capacity being about a thousand. The Rev. T. C. Brown was the pastor of the church when conference last met at Smith's Falls, eleven years ago. The membership at present is 760, being one of the largest in the conference. Within the past month, or so the pastor, the Rev. C. A. Sykes, has received into the communion of the church 112 new members. Every branch of the work on this circuit is now in a flourishing condition, prosperity having followed the pastor's efforts during all the time he has been stationed there.

The Rev. C. A. Sykes, B.D., was appointed to Smith's Falls circuit two years ago, after a similar term as assistant pastor of St. James Church in this city. He was born near Ottawa, in 1870, afterwards moving with his parents to Westmeath, Renfrew county, where they still reside. There he received his early education and prepared for college. Entering the ministry, he supplied several appointments and took his theological course at the Wesleyan College, graduating a Bachelor of Divinity in 1896. He was the valedictorian of his class, and was ordained in the same year. His first pastorate was at Dorchester street, in this city (Montreal), Coaticook, St. James (Montreal), and Smith's Falls have been his successive circuits to date. He is a strong, evangelical preacher, and enjoys the hearty and loyal support of his people at Smith's Falls, as he had on all his former charges. He has been indefatigable in the preparations for the conference now being held in his church, and the cordial hospitality of the people of all denominations in Smith's Falls, in opening their homes to the delegates is, at the same time, a tribute to his popularity and an evidence of their own broad-mindedness and generosity—all of which is fully appreciated.

Smith's Falls, itself, is a beautiful town of over five thousand inhabitants. It has a magnificent situation on the borders of the Rideau canal, and on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Its streets are well kept; its churches and business houses are substantial and ornate; while the very modern and comfortable homes of its citizens attest to their taste, industry and thrift.

The programme for the remainder of

the conference session is, briefly, as follows:—Business meetings, daily from 9 a.m. to noon, and 2 p.m. to 5 o'clock. The election of conference officers takes place at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The ministerial and lay electoral conferences take place next Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. The Lay Association will celebrate the eleventh anniversary of its organization (which took place at Smith's Falls) on Tuesday afternoon, from 5.30 to 8 o'clock, in the Oddfellows' Hall. All members of conference, both clerical and lay, are invited to attend. Those intending to be present should notify Mr. J. K. Lavelle or Mr. J. H. Carson in good time. Bible study and devotional services are held every morning from 8 to 9 o'clock.

The conference anniversaries are:—Missionary, to-night; educational, to-morrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock; temperance and moral reform, on Monday night; Sunday-schools, on Tuesday night. The reception service for probationers will be held on Friday evening, and the Jubilee sermon will be preached, on Saturday evening. There will be special sermons in most of the churches in the town and surrounding district on Sunday.

Conference is expected to close on Tuesday night with the presentation of the final draft of the Stationing Committee.

WOMEN'S AUXILIARIES

SYNODICAL CONFERENCE OPENS AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 30.—There was a large attendance of members of the synodical conference of Women's Auxiliaries at the opening service held in St. John's Church this morning, at 10 o'clock. The Venerable Archdeacon Ker, of Montreal, was the preacher, and the celebrant at the holy communion, and was assisted by the Rev. E. H. Capr, curate of St. John's Church. The text chosen by Archdeacon Ker was, 'On his head are many crowns', Rev. xix., 12. He spoke of the conflicts and victories fought and achieved in the daily walks of life, and which will continue to be until all things come to the perfection they must attain. In referring to the work of the Woman's Auxiliary, he said that when this state is reached there would be no more need for auxiliaries, no more appeals for men, and money and help for the mission fund. The work done by the auxiliary has been much honored, because it has been much used, and from its inception has been an inspiration and a power to the church and its members; and has assisted in extending the church's work throughout the world.

Nearly one hundred and fifty women received the holy communion, and representatives from almost all the out-of-town branches were present. The Bishop of Ottawa and the Rev. Canon Pollard were unable to attend the service owing to their being detained at the committee meetings of the synod, now in session at Laurier Hall. At the conclusion of service the large number of delegates repaired to the hall, where the business of the convention was begun at once.

Committees on credentials, finance, courtesies, balloting, resolutions and appropriations were duly constituted. The roll call showed an attendance of thirteen officers and eighty-three delegates. Others are expected to arrive later.

A GUN ACCIDENT.

Kingston, Ont., May 30.—A. F. Elliott, the sixteen-year-old son of Smith Elliott, Perth Road, met with a serious accident last evening. The youth was out shooting groundhogs with a double-barrelled shotgun. In climbing a fence the gun slipped from his hand, and in regaining the weapon he caught hold of the muzzle, pulled it toward him, the trigger caught on the fence, and off went the gun. The shot entered the fleshy part of the right hand, wounding it badly, and tearing away a portion of the wrist.

THE ROYAL WEDDING

The Marriage Contract Signed Yesterday in the Pardo Palace

PRINCESS ENA'S COACH OF MAHOGANY AND GLASS WILL BE DRAWN BY EIGHT WHITE MULES.

Madrid, May 30.—The arrangements for the wedding of King Alfonso and Princess Ena of Battenberg to-morrow are practically completed. The King's carriage, which is decorated with reliefs in bronze and surmounted by a golden globe, will be drawn by eight white mules. Princess Ena's coach, of mahogany and glass, will also be drawn by eight white mules. The altar in the church of Hangeronino, where the ceremony will take place, has been decorated with a wealth of white carnations and roses, and innumerable candles will burn upon it.

This afternoon, in the Pardo Palace, in the presence of the grandees of Spain and the foreign princes, the marriage contract was signed. The gold pen used was the gift of the journalists of Madrid.

The ceremony took place in the presence of Premier Morri and the other cabinet ministers, with the solemnity befitting a great state ceremonial affecting the future succession to the throne. The witnesses for Princess Victoria were Sir Maurice Bunsen, the British ambassador at Madrid; Polo y Bernabe, the Spanish ambassador at London, who was the Spanish minister to Washington when the war between Spain and the United States broke out; Lord Hugh Cecil, Marquis de Viana, an intimate friend of King Alfonso, and Marquis de Villalobar. The witnesses for the King were Premier Moret, Senor Muria, former president of the council; General Azcaraga, former premier; General Montero Rios, former premier; the Duke of Solomayer, chief of the royal palace; the Marquis de la Mina, chief of the royal hunt; General Pacheco, chief of the royal household, and the Marquis de Borja, intendant-general, these representing the statesmen, the royal household, the army and the nobility.

The marriage contract appears to-night in the 'Official Gazette.' Article two gives the bride an annual income of \$90,000, and in the event of the King's death, \$50,000. In article three Princess Victoria renounces all right of succession to the British throne. Other articles relate to the marriage.

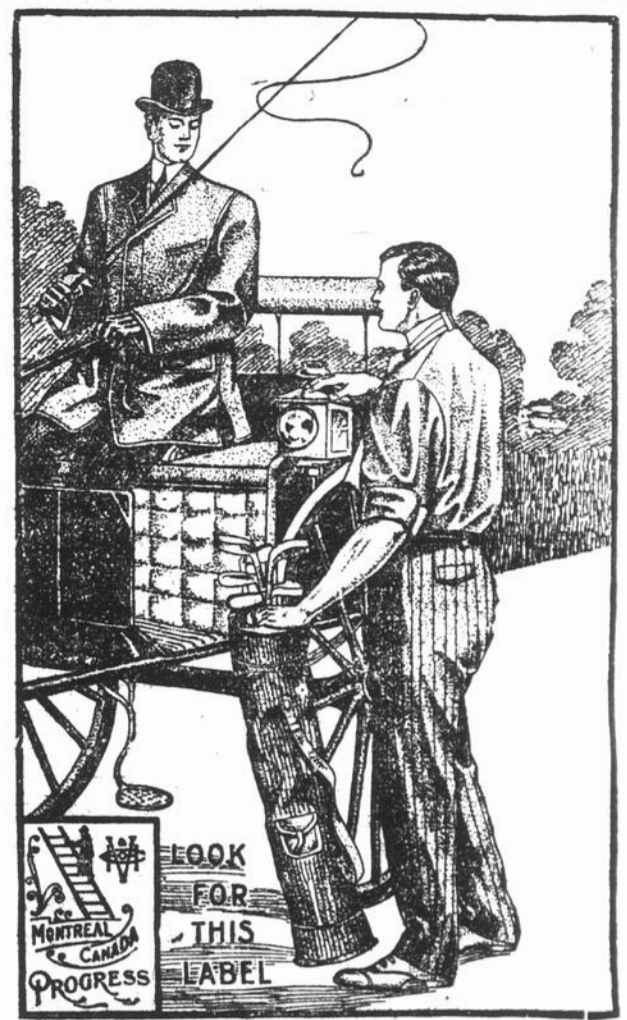
Preceding the signatures of the contract, the Spanish journalists presented to King Alfonso a golden pen, with which to sign the document. The King laughingly accepted the gift, declaring that he always had defended the Spanish press against criticisms.

Many receptions were held to-night, among them those at the British embassy to the Prince of Wales; at the Italian embassy to the Duke of Genoa; at the German embassy, to Prince Albrecht of Prussia; at the French embassy, to General Dahlstein, and at the United States legation to Special Envoy F. W. Whitridge.

All Spain is rejoicing on the eve of the wedding, and the capital has not seen such scenes of tumultuous hilarity during the present generation. To-night the whole city is aglow with fireworks and electrical illuminations, while the streets are thronged with dense masses of people. All the central points, from the Puerta del Sol to the Prado are literally packed. As the decorations and illuminations take on their most lucid hues, it is a motley throng, with touches almost barbaric—swart Moors wrapped in flowing robes and with red turbans on their heads; Asturian dancers performing their native jota, Gypsies from Cordova and Seville, Salamanca hordes in red velvet and tinsel gold, with many representatives of Spain's clergy, and hordes of blind beggars, singing the melancholy music of old Spain.

At the corners bands play for street

WM. CURRIE, Clothier



Progress Brand Summer Weight Suits Awaiting Your Inspection.

For Men \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10 and up For Youths \$4.50, \$5, \$6.50 For Boys, 75c, \$1, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50 and up

All classes, all styles, all guaranteed of good value and to fit.

OUTING TROUSERS, BOATING BLOUSES, SWEATERS, JERSEYS, And all lines of SUMMER TOGGERY.

STRAW HATS

WM. CURRIE, Clothier, 243 NOTRE DAME STREET WEST

You have too much respect upon the world; they loose it who do buy it with too much care. —Shakespeare.

KODAK advertisement featuring the text 'The care-free, unconventional atmosphere of the short holiday season to be normal; man cannot live without.' and 'Remember a KODAK increases the pleasure many fold and you bring back in your grip tangible proof of a good time and stored pleasure for weeks to come.' It includes an illustration of a person taking a photograph.

For all Photographic Supplies GEO. BARRAT & SON, 146 PEEL STREET. Up 964.

dancers. The municipality has given free rein to the popular rejoicings. The schools and public institutions have been closed, and the whole population has given itself up to celebrating the King's marriage. Neither the Prince nor the Princess of Wales, the British ambassador, the members of the British royal suite, nor any of the embassy staff will attend the state ball light, which is to take place on June 4.

FOURTEEN YEARS FOR ROBBERY. Kingston, Ont., May 29.—Before Judge Price this morning a criminal case of a

serious nature was heard. Sandy Badore, Clarendon Station, on the line of the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, was proved to have assaulted and robbed Abraham Abdu, a Syrian pedler. It was in April when the deed was committed. The pedler was in Badore's neighborhood selling his goods, and Badore followed him, and at a certain place on the road fired four shots in the direction of the pedler, called on him to stop, and then took all his money, amounting to \$25. Badore had previously served one term for bad conduct, and the judge took this into consideration, and sentenced him to fourteen years in the penitentiary at hard labor.

ANGLO-CUBAN TREATY RATIFIED. Havana, May 30.—The Senate to-night ratified the Anglo-Cuban treaty of commerce, navigation and industry, as amended by the foreign relations committee. The vote was 13 to 4.

The Cradock Simpson Co.

205 St. James St., Montreal. Phone Main 714.

Offers the following very choice properties:—

- SONSECOURS STREET.**
Well built stone and brick building, 85 ft. wide, suitable for store and factory; elevators, steam heat and electric light.
- SPRINGFIELD AVENUE.**
2 story house, with extension; modern; large garden, near Westmount Park. Easy terms.
- DORCHESTER STREET.**
Elegant granite house, 32 feet wide, stable and coach house, west of Mountain street. Cheap.
- CITY COUNCILLORS ST.**
Two-story stone house, on lot 64x76 ft.; low price; easy terms.
- QUY STREET.**
Detached brick house on corner lot of 4,000 feet, side light, very choice; easy terms.
- MONTANA STREET.**
Three flats, good plumbing and drainage; good investment; low price.

WESTMOUNT

Building Lots for Sale

- ABERDEEN AVE.,** near Montrose avenue, a choice lot about 45 feet by 185 feet.
- ARLINGTON AVE.,** and Cote St. Antoine Road, several very desirable lots; beautiful situation; moderate price.
- COTE ST. ANTOINE ROAD,** corner lots, beautiful sites; dimensions 135 feet by 250 feet.
- ROSEMOUNT AVE.,** several choice villa lots, well situated on the best part of this avenue; reasonable price.
- ROSSLYN AVE.,** two lots containing 5,550 feet each; well situated for building purposes.
- SHERBROOKE STREET,** several lots and blocks of land, also corner lots; beautiful sites for residential buildings; moderate price.
- DORCHESTER STREET,** corner lots, excellent sites for private residences or apartment houses.

Notre Dame de Graoc.

Between Sherbrooke street and Western ave., adjoining the town of Westmount, beautifully situated building lots, low taxes; water supply arranged for; very moderate price.

PAPINEAU AVENUE.

Brick Dwellings and Store, area 17,700 feet. Choice investment, large barn in rear.

SHUTER STREET.

Stone and brick building 55 tenement and flat; 9 rooms each; good investment; easy terms.

PEEL STREET.

Stone dwelling above Sherbrooke street, good order, side light, 11 rooms, moderate price.

COTE ST. PAUL ROAD.

310,000 feet near Lachine Canal, railway connections, fine factory site, 11 cents per foot.

ST. CATHERINE STREET.

Corner Mackay street, 13,745 feet, choice business property, 123 x 110 feet, great future.

TOWN OF ST. PAUL.

Factory site, area about 22 arpents, 200 feet, on Lachine canal, railway facilities.

WESTMOUNT

Houses and Lots for Sale

- ARGYLE AVENUE,** corner Montrose avenue, stone detached residence of 14 rooms, lot 156 x 150 feet, modern heating, fine lawn and large garden.
- CLAREMONT AVENUE,** pressed brick house, 5 bedrooms, modern heating, plumbing and electric light. Early possession.
- DORCHESTER STREET,** splendid well built modern 2 story brick corner residence with extension, 11 rooms, beautifully situated.
- SHERBROOKE STREET,** corner Clark ave., two frame cottages, well heated, hot water heating, modern plumbing, etc.
- ROSEMOUNT AVENUE,** brick semi-detached 3 story house with extension, 11 rooms, good order, modern heating, plumbing, and electric light.
- GROSVENOR AVENUE,** stone front, semi-detached house, on lot 50 x 141 feet, thoroughly modern, hardwood floors, magnificent view.
- LEWIS AVENUE,** 2 story brick house, with cement basement, seven rooms, hot water heating, etc. Low price.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Resolution Moved by Mr. Borden for Appointment of a Special Commission to Enquire Into the Administration of Crown Lands.

MR. FRANK OLIVER, MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR, DEFENDS THE GOVERNMENT'S POLICY—MR. MACKENZIE, OF BRUCE, PRESENTS REPORT IN WHICH MR. PRESTON'S REFUSAL TO ANSWER QUESTIONS IS REFERRED TO.

Ottawa, May 31.—In the House yesterday afternoon the leader of the Opposition offered the resolution of which he had given notice on Monday night for the appointment of a special committee.

(a) To inquire into the management, alienation and disposal of the Crown lands of Canada (including timber and mineral lands and all other Dominion lands) managed or controlled by the Department of the Interior.

(b) To inquire whether there have been any irregular, improper, unauthorized or imprudent dealings or transactions in respect thereof and who have been concerned therein.

(c) To inquire into the practical operation of the Dominion Lands Act and the amendments thereto and the regulations made by virtue thereof, and whether any abuses have arisen thereunder, and

(d) To report to the House upon the matters aforesaid and whether any amendments are necessary or desirable in the said laws and regulations.

The leader of the Opposition referred at the outset to the wonderful influx of settlement into western Canada within recent years as being due in the main to the fact that the free land of good quality in the United States has all been taken up, and to the good crops that have blessed our own country of late. Coming to the point of his address, Mr. Borden insisted that there was imperative need for considerable change in the laws regarding the disposal of Dominion lands in the west. The administration of those lands was controlled by act of parliament, by order-in-council, and by the Minister of the Interior, and it was a significant fact that since this government assumed office the whole tendency of its legislation was to extend the authority of the Minister of the Interior until he later now had power enough to sell, if he wanted, to a syndicate of his party friends all of the public domain that remained unsold. Not only so, but he could dispose of it at a price of no more than one dollar an acre. The Minister of the Interior to-day was as much of a despot in his control of the public domain as was William the Conqueror after the Norman Conquest. It was strange that even with the increasing demand for homesteads the government gave away 250,000 acres to a company.

The secrecy maintained in the granting of homestead titles, Mr. Borden thought, was a sign of questionable methods. If the department did not conduct its business in mystery, there would not be such suspicion. Why, for instance, could there not be open methods for the disposal of mineral lands in the North-West as well as in Nova Scotia. He believed the minister gave away too much upon his own authority. He was restricting the powers of parliament and also the powers of the Governor-in-Council. The contract with Mr. A. T. Mackay, of Pembroke, made in 1902, was an example of bad land administration. Mr. Mackay got an irrevocable lease for twenty-one years of 41,280 acres. In 1905 there was a series of eight of these leases with a total of 371,741 acres. He thought the large number of leases in 1905 might become a proper subject for investigation by a committee of the House. At the end of twenty-one years those properties would have increased very much in value.

Mr. Borden said the timber limits afforded another example of parting with the public domain in a manner to be deprecated. Mr. T. A. Burrows, a Liberal M. P., evidently made well out of the lands department. In all, Mr. Burrows got sixteen timber licenses, comprising a total of 478 square miles. All it cost him was sixteen cents an acre. It was probably significant that Mr. Burrows was a particular friend of the Minister of the Interior of that day.

Mr. Borden declared that the responsible head of the department had refused the House any light upon the peculiar administration that had been going on. He thought Mr. Oliver's policy as to the freedom of government officials in elections inconsistent with that of his leader. Sir Wilfrid Laurier had declared that when a civil servant wanted to take an active part in public affairs he should be released from official duties, which otherwise would embarrass him. Mr. Oliver, however, laid down the policy that an officer of his department could vote as any other citizen, and having the use of speech, could also freely express his political opinions. Mr. Borden regarded this as directly opposed to Sir Wilfrid's views.

Mr. Borden closed his speech with moving for a committee of nine members to investigate the administration of the western lands.

MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR REPLIES.

Mr. Frank Oliver, the Minister of the Interior, in his reply, maintained that the wisdom of the government's policy on this question was established by the results it had shown. Mr. Borden had denounced that policy as unsound, but had offered nothing to take its place. Let the Opposition say what he would do if he was in power or else let Mr. Borden and his following hold their peace and permit the government to go on with the development of the country.

The Opposition had been working for ten weeks past to discover something wrong in the methods of the Interior Department, but after all this searching had not even a single improvement to suggest. Their attack on the Interior Department was ill-advised. The administration that branch of the public service was better to-day than yesterday and better yesterday than the day before. No department of our government was better managed, and the people would not believe its assailants. True enough there was not perfection, but the Opposition could not boast perfection even among themselves.

Mr. Lancaster interposed a request for an explanation of the garbling of reports of departmental officers in the annual blue book issued by the Interior Department. A charge that such a garbling existed was made three weeks ago by Mr. Adams, the Conservative member for Centre Toronto.

The Minister of the Interior answered that if paragraphs were stricken out of departmental reports this government had excellent precedents for so doing. One of these Mr. Oliver mentioned. It was the case of an omission from a report that George A. Stewart, superintendent of Banff Park, made to the Interior Department in 1892.

Mr. Oliver thought it was the duty and right of a minister to edit the report of his department. If an officer sent in a report which the minister thought should be corrected before publication, he made the corrections on his responsibility.

Mr. Ames asked if an editor would eliminate part of a citation from another paper as Mr. Oliver had done with the officer's report.

An editor will correct and revise the contribution of a subordinate, answered Mr. Oliver, and he becomes responsible for the publication.

With regard to the Burrows deal, Mr. Oliver showed that he paid \$900 as a bonus on a timber limit of fifty square miles, which friends of the late government would have got for nothing.

Passing on to deal with the Saskatchewan Valley Land purchase, Mr. Oliver affirmed that the Opposition stood in a poor light when they criticized that bargain. The government did not aim at keeping people from making money. If money was being made by those who secured land the government deserved credit for it. He thought the criticism of the government policy was due to the fact that the West Toronto member (Mr. E. B. Oler), who was part owner of a million acres for twelve years, and was afterwards glad to sell it at \$1.50 an acre.

The Conservative Government, said Mr. Oliver, alienated forty millions of acres as aid to railways, and yet they are condemning this government, which has not alienated one acre. (Cheers.)

The Minister of the Interior was prepared to place the results of the late administration beside those of the late administration. He cited the decline of homestead entries under Conservative government as a sign of the kind of administration given to the west. In seven years the entries dropped from 7,483 to 1,857. The number represented the entries in 1896. Under Liberal rule the flood of settlers had increased to 30,819 in 1906.

MR. BRISTOL OF CENTRE TORONTO.

Mr. Edmund E. Bristol, Conservative, of Centre Toronto, asserted that it was a foolish thing for the present government to be defending its conduct by raking up the sins of its predecessors. As a matter of fact, the record showed that the Conservative party had no cause to feel ashamed of its policy in regard to the public lands.

Mr. Bristol claimed that in the Saskatchewan Land Valley transaction the government had departed from its own policy and precedent, and that on this and other matters an investigation was necessary.

Mr. D. W. Bole, Liberal, of Winnipeg, expressed wonder at the course of the Opposition in criticizing the government's land policy. Once it had been the custom to make a charge and demand an enquiry. Now the enquiry was asserted that the west was well satisfied with this government's land policy and with the Saskatchewan Land Valley deal too.

Mr. Bole cited from a return presented to parliament in 1902, showing that the late Conservative Government disposed of sixteen million acres of land largely to political friends. Among the beneficiaries were: Messrs. Shields, Haggart and McLaren, 100 square miles; Hiram Robinson, 50 square miles; G. W. Monk, 50 square miles; Macleod Stewart, 50 square miles; John Rochester, 50 square miles; Joseph Karvanagh, 50 square miles; George H. Parley, 50 square miles; Jacob Errett, 50 square miles; N. F. Davin, 50 square miles; J. G. H. Bergeron, 50 square miles; John C. Sproule, brother of Dr. Sproule, 50 square miles; H. Robillard, 50 square miles.

Mr. Lake moved the adjournment of the debate.

THE PRESTON MATTER.

When the House met in the afternoon Mr. Mackenzie, of Bruce, presented the report of the Agricultural Committee showing that Mr. W. T. R. Preston had refused to answer a ques-

tion as to the personnel of the North Atlantic Trading Company. Mr. F. D. Monk remarked that inasmuch as this concerned a question of privilege it should be taken into consideration to-day. It was finally decided to take the question up on Monday.

TICKETS OF LEAVE.

In answer to a question by Mr. Bergeron, the Solicitor-General stated that 891 prisoners had been liberated on tickets-of-leave from the penitentiaries of Canada since this system had come into force. In 78 cases these tickets-of-leave had been subsequently withdrawn.

ASK MR. PRESTON'S DISMISSAL.

Toronto, May 30.—The executive committee of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada have issued a circular to all the affiliated trades and labor organizations in Canada urging that petitions be forwarded immediately to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, demanding the dismissal of Mr. W. T. R. Preston, Dominion immigration agent at London. The circular is signed by Alphonse Verelle, M.P., president; James Simpson, vice-president, and P. M. Draper, secretary.

THE SENATE

Bill Granting Divorce to Harriette Wesley Baker Given Third Reading

MR. POWER MOVED THAT GUILTY PARTY BE PROHIBITED FROM MARRYING AGAIN.

The Senate yesterday discussed the advisability of further limitation on divorce.

On motion for third reading of the bill granting divorce to Harriette Wesley Baker, Senator Power moved an amendment declaring that the husband and respondent, Francis Shaw Baker, may not lawfully marry again during the life of Harriette Wesley Baker.

Senator Power thought it the duty of every Senator to do what he could to discourage the violation of the marriage vow. The divorce bill as passed by parliament did not discourage, but rather put a premium on divorce. The innocent one of a married pair went to the trouble and expense of procuring divorce, and when it is granted the guilty one stands in the same position as the innocent to marry again. That did not seem right. There should be some punishment for the offence. Allowing both parties to marry encouraged the committing of offences to force divorce to obtain freedom. The adoption of the amendment would mean the end of collusion.

Senator Cloran said the amendment embodied principles he had declared when first coming to the Senate. The divorce committee had recommended divorce on evidence that would not hang a cat in an ordinary court of justice.

Senator Kirchoffer, chairman of the Senate divorce committee, said not one of its members sought his place, and not one but found divorce transactions distasteful. The members of the committee only tried to do their duty. Many members had served on the committee for years, and were thoroughly competent to weigh evidence and report on divorce. He objected to Senator Cloran's declaration that divorce was granted on insufficient evidence. Senator Kirchoffer doubted the wisdom of adopting the principle contained in the amendment. He knew of many persons who had remarried after having divorces granted against them and thereafter lived pure and respectable members of the community. To forbid them remarrying would raise a bar against their reform and place a premium on continuance of immorality.

Senator McSweeney was against divorce by courts. It encourages separations. Since Confederation 260 divorces had been granted among the one million people of Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and British Columbia, while there were divorce courts, and only 92 among the remaining five millions of the rest of Canada, where divorce was under the Senate.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell thought the Senate should only in a general act adopt the principle forbidding remarrying of the guilty party in divorce. There was much force in Senator Kirchoffer's argument that it was advisable to forbid remarrying. A divorce court would be a curse to Canada.

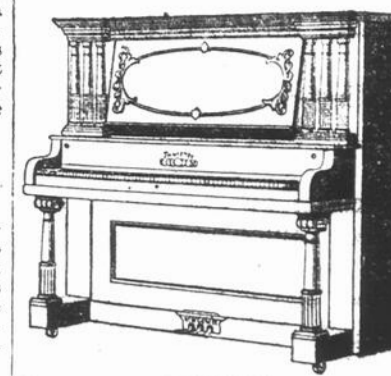
Senator Perley said he had no hesitation in seconding Senator Power's amendment. There was only one offence for which divorce was granted, and one who so offended should be punished by having remarriage forbidden.

Senator William Hingston said it was absurd to argue that marriage was necessarily, as Senator Kirchoffer seemed to do, the lives of thousands of pure persons proved it was not. In fact, marriage is not a necessity. In fact, I think if there was a novitate for marriage there would not be so many enter into the married state. He favored discretionary power for the committee in the matter of remarriage, otherwise he favored the amendment.

Senator Loughheed said the constitution proposed to infringe upon the constitutional privileges of the provinces as well as of the Dominion. Marriage was a civil contract, and under the British law when it was dissolved by divorce the corollary was that both parties were at liberty to marry again. This was the principle involved in the British North America Act, which gave to parliament authority to grant divorce. Senator Power now proposed to restrict this principle proposed to restrict the rights guaranteed to the provinces by Confederation.

Senator Beique thought the Criminal Code would have to be amended to make the principle in the amendment operative. There was no British precedent for half dissolving a marriage contract. The offending party under the amendment could not marry again even to the person from whom the Senate had given separation.

The motion to adjourn the debate and the amendment were both declared lost.



THE NEWCOMBE PIANO
Pictured above, designated as Style "70"
In mahogany or fancy walnut finish, is beyond question the most artistic creation of this famous Piano factory, who manufacture five other artistic styles in which only the best materials obtainable and painstaking workmanship enter into the construction. Styles "55," "57" and "70" are Grand Pianos in upright shape, securing to the purchaser all the advantages of a Concert Grand Piano in compact form. Inspection invited.

WILLIS & CO. Limited.
SOLE AGENTS,
600 St. Catherine St. West,
Near Mountain St.
Pianos to Rent for Country and Seaside.

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

SEALED TENDERS (in duplicate) for the supply of Coal and Fuel Wood required to heat the Military Buildings at Montreal, Que., for the twelve months beginning 1st July, 1906, will be received up to FRIDAY, 15th June next. Each tender to be marked "Tender for Fuel," and addressed to the Secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa.

Printed forms of tender containing full particulars may be obtained from the Secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa, or at the office of the Officer Commanding Quebec command, Montreal, who will furnish all information required.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Militia and Defence, for five percent of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party making the tender declines to sign a contract when called upon to do so. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

L. F. PINAULT, Colonel,
Deputy Minister of Militia and Defence,
Department of Militia and Defence,
Ottawa, May 18th, 1906.

and the bill was given a third reading, as were bills for the relief of William N. Vaughan, Charles W. Holmes and Minnie F. Irvine. The bills to amend the Weights and Measures Act and the Fruit Marks Act were given second reading.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY.

GOVERNMENT EXTENDS FOR FIVE YEARS CONTRACT FOR PRINTING NOTES AND POSTAGE STAMPS.

Ottawa, May 31.—The Government has extended for five years from Oct. 1, 1907, the contract that the American Bank Note Company enjoys for the printing of Dominion notes, postage stamps, post and letter cards, post bands and certain Inland Revenue stamps.

The company was desirous of securing a ten years' renewal, and in consideration was willing to reduce the prices now charged for Dominion notes and postage stamps and also to grant the Finance Department an option, without extra charge of using special bank note paper, possessing certain distinguishing features tending to greater security and better protection against counterfeiters. In their memorandum they submitted that this would save the country \$8,387 a year on Finance Department Supplies, and \$3,500 a year on postage stamps which in ten years would total a saving of \$118,875. They also claimed that the government saves \$518,056 as compared with the prices paid the former contractors, the British American Bank Note Company, and \$613,274 as compared with the prices paid under the last tender. The company points out that its entire staff in Ottawa is made up of Canadians, excepting Jose A. Machado, their manager, and one other. The Finance Minister was unable to accept a longer extension than five years an arrangement has accordingly been concluded on that basis.

MURDERER FOUND GUILTY.

Windsor, N.S., May 30.—George Stanley has been found guilty of the murder of Freeman Harvie at Ellershouse. He will be hanged on August 1.

CORNER LOT

Sherbrooke Street and Grosvenor Avenue, 111 x 186. Cheap for prompt sale.

THE ROSS REALTY CO., Ltd.,
30 St. John Street.

HAIR DYES AND ROUGE

PARIS PHYSICIAN POINTS A WARNING BEFORE MEDICAL CONGRESS.

Paris, May 29.—Dr. Milian, speaking against quackery at the Medical Congress, warned his hearers against American hair dyes. He said those intended to produce a dark color were dangerous, and that numerous cases of eczema could be traced to their use. It was a common thing for their dressers to get eczema of the hands while applying this dye. Rouge was another source of danger, often producing sores on the lips. He added that he was bound to admit that the pencil, used for darkening the eyebrows, was quite harmless.

THE ROSE SUPREME

FAD THAT HAS TAKEN HOLD IN LONDON SOCIETY.

London, May 30.—The present season's rage for roses for dress and table decorations eclipses any fad that has prevailed here for many years. Separate petals as well as complete blossoms are used. Dinner tables are sprinkled with petals, which are sometimes dusted with silver powder. Women pull artificial roses to pieces and scatter the petals on their hat. At a forthcoming society wedding the bride's train of white tulle will be sprinkled with white velvet petals, in each of which a tiny brilliant will be fixed to represent a dewdrop. The bridesmaid's dresses will be similarly spangled, one with crimps and another with yellow petals. The bouquets will all be of choice roses. The craze is in evidence at the drug stores, the windows of which are filled with various rose lotions and perfumes.

AGAINST CLERICALISM

THE PARIS 'TEMPS' THINKS THE BISHOPS WILL ACCEPT THE SITUATION IN FRANCE.

Paris, May 30.—The 'Temps,' in an article on the Church question, says it is inclined to think that the bishops will accept the situation and advise the Pontiff to make the best of the separation law. It adds that the alterations provide that the country absolutely refuses to accept clericalism.

WINNIPEG MOULDERS' STRIKE

VULCAN IRON WORKS COMPANY ISSUE INJUNCTION AGAINST PICKETING THEIR PREMISES.

Winnipeg, Man., May 30.—The Vulcan Iron Works Company to-day issued an injunction to restrain the striking moulders from picketing the premises and interfering with non-union men applying for employment. The action has created great interest in local labor circles.

THE LATE MR. BAYLEY

THE BODY WHEN FOUND WILL BE BURIED WITH MILITARY HONORS.

The body of Mr. James A. Bayley, who was accidentally drowned at Cartierville on Sunday last has not yet been recovered. The river has been dynamited and search parties have been unceasing in their labors to find the body. The deceased was a popular member of the Royal Scots and the officers and men of No. 1 company undertook to bury the remains with military honors.

JUDGMENTS BY MR. JUSTICE MATHIEU.

Arthur Paryre claimed \$815 damages from S. Shapiro et al (The Coesopolitan Store), alleging that by an agreement entered into he was to open premises and act as commission agent for the defendants, who, on their part, were to provide him with samples, and furnish the store with goods generally. He now complained that only a few worn-out samples had been sent him. Mr. Justice Mathieu yesterday maintained the defendant's plea that they were not bound to provide Paryre with the goods as claimed by him, and his action was dismissed.

Bame M. Tessler claimed \$163 damages from the Rev. J. B. Bruneau on account of the illegal seizure of household goods in premises which she had rented as sub-tenant from the defendant's direct tenant. The court declared the action to be well founded, but reduced the amount of the claim to \$25.

THE ADMIRALTY COURT.

On account of the approaching summer holidays, and with a view to clear the roll as much as possible, dates for the hearing of Admiralty Court cases in the district of Montreal have been fixed for June 1, 12, 19 and 20.

THE ROYAL WEDDING

The English Princess Who Becomes the Queen of Spain

A SKETCH OF HER CHILDHOOD AND EARLY WOMANHOOD.

Though born at Balmoral—that event took place on Oct. 24, 1857.—Princess Ena of Battenberg was, during her earlier years, best known to the people of the Isle of Wight. Princess Henry, her mother, who had spent most of her life among them, who became the Royal



PRINCESS ENA IN 1858, WHEN SHE WAS A YEAR OLD.

Governor of the Isle of Wight, and who was married in the little church at Whippingham, was regarded by the islanders as peculiarly their own princess, and naturally the children shared in this loyal and affectionate adoption. Princess Ena, the only daughter of their own Princess and Royal Governor, had a special place in the affections of the islanders, first for her mother's sake, but very soon for her own. For as she grew from charming childhood to radiant girlhood, the merry, pretty little Royal lady won the heart of every islander with whom she came in contact. The life led by her and her brothers at Osborne, or during spring or autumn visits to Balmoral, with a day or two at Buckingham Palace, or a few weeks in the South of France, or



PRINCESS ENA, IN 1863, AGED SIX.

in Italy, was quiet and simple in the extreme. The children were always with the great Empress-Queen, who to them was

handsome Prince Henry of Battenberg. After that sad occurrence, Princess Ena gradually became, so far as her studies and age permitted, her mother's constant companion. They still lived quietly at Osborne—no longer, it is true, in the spacious Osborne House, but at Osborne Cottage, which the artistic taste of Princess Henry speedily converted into an ideal English home. Studies—to which as the years passed more and more time was given—the care of her many pet animals, and the usual outdoor and indoor amusements of a healthy English girlhood, filled the days for Princess Ena, with visits to the Continent, often to her god-mother, the ex-Empress Eugenie, as variations in the routine.

It was not for some time after the period of mourning for Queen Victoria had elapsed that Princess Ena became a more familiar figure to Londoners. The slight, rather delicate-looking girl was then growing into a dainty maiden, with promise of beauty in her blue eyes, rose-petal complexion, and hair of ashen-blond tint. Princess Henry then began to spend more and more time in the historic rooms of the old Palace at Kensington, and the young Princess began to be seen at such Court functions as the trooping of the colors, a Royal garden party, or a Royal wedding.

Princess Ena's special friend was her cousin, the Prince-a-Batrice of Coburg, the youngest daughter of the widowed Duchess Marie of Coburg and of King Edward's brother. These two Royal cousins were much together for a time both in London and abroad, and went with the Princess Henry on a pleasure trip to Egypt.

The young Princess of Coburg accompanied Princess Henry and Princess Ena on their return to England, and, as her aunt's guest at Kensington Palace, shared her cousin's girlish delight in a first season. A charming pair the two Princesses made, the somewhat foreign grace and chic style of Princess Beatrice.



PRINCESS ENA IN 1866, AGED EIGHT.

rice, a Russian on her mother's side, contrasting with the typical English beauty of her, fair-haired, blue-eyed cousin of Battenberg.

It was at the second court of that season that Princess Ena made her formal debut. In her own bravery of train and pinnace the Royal debutante was much admired, and was from that time regarded as one of the youthful beauties of King Edward's Court. She and her cousin were two of the bridesmaids at the wedding of the Princess Margaret of Connaught, with the son of the Crown Prince of Sweden.

Like all the English princesses, Princess Ena has many accomplishments and a variety of hobbies. She speaks French and German fluently, and lately Spanish has, of course, been added to the studies of the Queen consort of Spain. From her mother she has inherited decided musical ability, and she has all an English girl's love of outdoor recreations, such as riding, yachting, and motoring—or automobiling, as it is called on this side of the water.

only 'Granny,' and 'Granny's' tender solicitude for them was, if possible, increased, when, ten years ago, the death occurred of their father, the gallant and



THE BRIDE AND BRIDEGROOM.

Photo by Hughes & Mullins, for Underwood & Underwood, New York.

THE YONGE STREET BRIDGE

THE ISSUE BETWEEN THE RAILWAYS AND TORONTO TO BE HEARD TO-DAY.

The bill to provide for the erection of a bridge on Yonge street, Toronto, across the Esplanade to the water front was considered by the Railway Committee of the House of Commons in

NAPIERVILLE RAILWAY

CONSTRUCTION OF THE ROAD HAS BEEN COMMENCED.

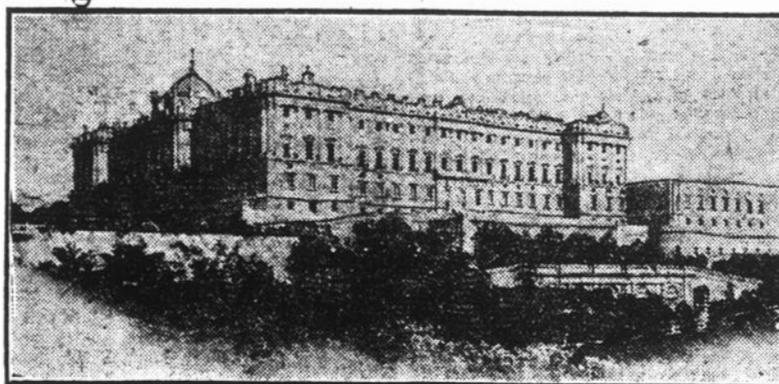
The Napierville Junction Railway Company held its annual meeting in Montreal yesterday afternoon, when it was announced that the contract for the construction of the line had been let to the Pacific Construction Company, of Ottawa, of which Mr. E. J.



OSBORNE COTTAGE.

Ottawa, yesterday. The Esplanade has become a railway yard, and is traversed by nine tracks. For years there has been a demand for a bridge that will enable the people to get from the city to the wharves in safety. The bill respecting the city of Toronto has for its purpose to validate and confine an order of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council of January 14, 1904, by which the G. T. R. and C. P. R. were required to jointly con-

struction of the road, which will run from Rouse's Point, N.Y., to St. Constant, Que., a distance of about thirty miles. It will open up a stretch of country which presently has poor railway connection, and give it direct access to the D. & H. at Rouse's Point, and the C. P. R. and G. T. R. at St.



THE ROYAL PALACE, MADRID

struct and maintain the structure. The bill also provides that in case the railways interested fail to carry out the order the city may proceed with the work and collect the cost from the railways. Mr. Creechman, for the C. P. R., objected to parliament deciding an issue that is actually before the courts, and fixed for a hearing before Mr. Justice Anglin on the morrow. Discussion on the bill continued until one o'clock, and then under the rules the committee broke up.

Constant. Active work on the construction of the road has already commenced in St. Constant Parish.

The following directors were elected:—The Hon. W. C. Weatherbee, Port Henry, N.Y.; Messrs. John R. Myers, Rouse's Point; John S. Riley, Plattsburg, N.Y.; H. S. Phelps and Eugene Lafontaine, K.C., Montreal; C. J. H. Bethune, Ottawa, and Fred. F. Tinker, Rouse's Point.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, the following officers were elect-

ed:—President, Mr. W. C. Weatherbee; vice-president, Mr. Eugene Lafontaine, and secretary-treasurer, Mr. John R. Myers.

FEARS FOR THE 'MONTAGU'

It is Believed the British Battleship will be Lost

NAVAL EXPERTS LOOK UPON ATTEMPT TO FLOAT HER AS FUTILE.

London, May 31.—It is feared that the British navy will lose one of its best vessels, the first-class battleship 'Montagu,' which struck on the rocks at Lundy Island on Wednesday, and, according to latest reports received at Devonport at midnight, is not likely to be re-floated. Naval experts are of the opinion that to attempt to re-float the 'Montagu' under present conditions will mean her disappearance in thirty fathoms of water, as she is fixed precariously on a ledge and is in danger of overturning. If possible, an attempt will be made to patch up the vessel before any move is taken to float her off.

Little is yet known as to what happened when the vessel struck. All the members of the crew were saved, but several of the men had limbs broken or were otherwise injured. It is reported that something in the nature of a panic occurred when the 'Montagu' struck.

Plymouth, England, May 30.—The latest news of the 'Montagu' deepens the gravity of the disaster. The vast rents in her bottom render it doubtful whether she can be re-floated. Her crew have been transferred to other ships.

TORPEDO BOATS IN COLLISION.

Plymouth, England, May 30.—During practice manoeuvres to-day the torpedo boats Nos. 108 and 81 collided in the Channel off this port, and both were badly damaged.

MICHAEL DAVITT DEAD

Irish Leader Passed Peacefully Away in Dublin Last Night

Dublin, May 30.—A notable career closed to-night, when, after a long and painful illness, Michael Davitt, died peacefully and painlessly at 12 o'clock in the presence of his eldest son, Michael, and his two daughters, who had devotedly attended him through his illness, and of many of his most intimate friends, including Mr. John Dillon. Shortly before his death Father Hatton had been with him. Mrs. Davitt, who had been in constant attendance on her husband until a few days ago, when she herself was taken ill, lies prostrated in the same hospital, too weak to leave her room. She has not yet been informed of her husband's death. It is stated that Mr. Davitt left her a written message.

The greatest sympathy has been displayed by all classes of society during Mr. Davitt's illness. To-day the hospital was besieged by anxious enquirers. Mr. John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish party in parliament, was a frequent enquirer by telephone from the House of Commons, and gave up his proposed Continental trip over the Whitenside holidays in consequence of the condition of his friend, the father of the Irish Land League. After a rally last night Mr. Davitt was able to speak to those at his bedside, but soon showed that he was losing ground.

Among the callers at the hospital to-night was Lord Hemphill, on behalf of the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and the Countess of Aberdeen.

Mr. Davitt retired from the representation of South Mayo in parliament in 1899, but to the last took a keen interest in the politics of his country.

Death was due to blood poisoning, which followed two operations for necrosis of the jawbone, and spread so rapidly that all efforts to stay its course were unavailing. Mr. Davitt's illness began with an insidious attack of toothache, to which he paid no attention until Mr. John Dillon urged him to have recourse to medical advice.

For some time there were hopes of his recovery, but the state of his health, which was undermined by exertions at the recent general elections, greatly hindered his progress.

For many years past the late Michael Davitt has been one of the stormy petrels of British politics, a leader of the more strenuous wing of the Irish Nationalists. During his sixty years he saw more of the ups and downs of life than is allotted to many. Losing his right arm in a cotton mill when ten years old, he subsequently worked his way from printer's devil to successful journalist and author. From convict to member of the Imperial Parliament, from a member of the early Fenian Brotherhood to a recognized political leader, an accomplished traveller, lecturer, and student of letters and art. From his earliest youth he was a staunch supporter of the Irish cause, and one of those who advocated home rule by force or any other method to accomplish the desired end if it could not be attained constitutionally. While a wonderfully able man, he probably at times hindered the success of his life work by the extreme violence of his views, especially when, along with several other Irish Nationalists, he ardently espoused the Boer cause during the recent war.

Michael Davitt was of Irish-American parentage, though born in Ireland. His father, Martin Davitt, was a County Mayo man, who settled in Pennsylvania, and returned to Ireland, where Michael was born in 1846. Martin Davitt was evicted during the troubled times of 1852, and moved to England, where in 1853, as a boy of ten Michael started to work in a Lancashire cotton mill, and in the following year his right arm was torn off in the machinery. Subsequently he was employed as a newsboy, printer's devil and assistant letter carrier. He joined

the Fenian Brotherhood in 1865, and speedily became a leader in that organization. So active did he become that in 1870 he was arrested, charged with treason-felony, and after a celebrated trial in London was sentenced to fifteen years penal servitude.

Seven years later he was released on ticket-of-leave, and at once allied himself with the late Charles Stewart Parnell, with whom he founded the Irish Land League in 1879. He attracted the attention of the whole country by his brilliant, but violent, oratory, and was arrested in the same year on the charge of making seditious speeches, but the prosecution was abandoned.

In the following year (1880) Mr. Davitt made a tour of the United States, where he founded the Auxiliary Land



THE LATE MICHAEL DAVITT.

League Organization. Returning to England in 1881, he was re-arrested under his ticket-of-leave, and sent back to the penitentiary, being released in 1882. However, prison did not quench his ardor, and he resumed his fiery speeches against English rule in Ireland, was again arrested under an old statute of Edward II., and sent back to prison for three months for seditious speech.

He was prominently included in the famous 'Parnellism and crime' charges, and made a wonderful speech of five days duration before the Times' Parnell Commission, in defence of the Land League. Prior to his liberation from Portland jail in 1882, Mr. Davitt was returned to the Imperial Parliament by the County of Meath, but was disqualified by the House by a special vote as under sentence for treason-felony. He contested Waterford City in 1891, but was defeated. In the following year he was elected for North Meath, but unseated on an election protest. In that same year, 1892, he was returned by acclamation for North-east Cork, but the North Meath fight had bankrupted him, and he had to resign.

For some time after that Mr. Davitt travelled over the world, lecturing and otherwise promoting the Irish cause, and in 1895, while in Australia, was elected by acclamation for East Kerry, sitting in parliament until 1899, when he resigned. During his active career Mr. Davitt travelled through the United States, Canada, Australasia, Egypt, Palestine, France, Italy and Switzerland. He also visited South Africa during the Boer war, which resulted in his book, 'The Boer Fight for Freedom.' Other works of Mr. Davitt's publications were: 'Leaves from the Prison Diary,' 'Detention in the Land League,' 'Life and Progress in Australia,' 'Within the Pale' and 'The Fall of Feudalism in Ireland.'

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER

MCDUGALL, THE YOUNGER, GETS ONE MONTH FOR RUNNING DOWN A MAN.

Halifax, N.S., May 30.—The case of the King vs. McDougall, father and son, charged with homicide committed on Kenneth McRae, came before the Supreme Court at Baddeck yesterday. The Grand Jury brought in a true bill against Firman McDougall, the son, but none against the father. It came in the evidence at the trial that while the McDougalls were driving to church near Aspy Bay on Sunday, Jan. 14, they observed three persons on the road ahead of them. When quite near two of these stepped one to each side, and McDougall thought the other intended to do the same, but when he saw, he was not, he hauled his horse up to the left, but the outside shaft struck Kenneth McRae, who expired in half an hour. The jury returned a verdict of manslaughter and the prisoner was sentenced to one month in jail and a fine of fifty dollars.

MAPLE LEAF PINS FREE

Any child who can be easily recognized in the lower picture of page 2 to-night's 'Illustrated Witness' may come to the 'Witness' office and receive free a dainty Maple Leaf pin or brooch in hard enamel, also a small silk Union Jack and Quebec Badge to wear with it. Bring your 'Illustrated Witness' with you.

P. E. I. MAN KILLED IN NEW YORK.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., May 30.—Joseph Brecken, civil engineer, formerly of this city, was accidentally killed yesterday in New York. No particulars have been received.

The 'DAILY WITNESS' is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Douglass and Frederick Eugene Douglass, both of Montreal. All business communications should be addressed John Douglass & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed, Editor of the 'Witness.'



THE PUERT DELA SOL, MADRID

KODAK 'HAPPY SITUATIONS.'

JUNE'S SOVEREIGN PHOTO-CONTEST

A prize of one Sovereign (\$1.85) will be awarded to the one sending us at any time during the month of June the best and most interesting photograph of 'A Happy Situation,' (which may include anything from a cat and her kittens, or a bird on her nest to a judge playing golf). Besides the prize, honorable mention will be awarded for all entries of special merit, and the best will appear in the 'Illustrated Witness,' which is published every Thursday. Competitors should not wait till the end of the month to send in their photographs, for in publishing pictures we always give preference to those that record events that have just taken place. Kodakers should 'get busy' at once. The prize is a good one, and the picture will be seen in about fifteen thousand homes in Montreal alone. Address photos to Editor 'Illustrated Witness,' 'Witness' Building, Montreal, marked 'Sovereign Competition.'