Morning Chronicle,

COMMERCIAL AND SHIPPING GAZETTE.

XXII. QUEBEC, TUESDAY, 18th FEBRUARY, 1868. No. 8729.

THE IMPERIAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

—OF—

LONDON,

(ESTABLISHED 1803.)

Subscribed and Invested Capital and Reserved Fund

£1,945,000 ..... STERLING.

Funds Invested in Canada: $105,000.

D. A. ROSS, Agent for Quebec, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Nov. 7, 1867. Oct. 9, 1866.

CHOCOLAT-MENIER,

(Manufactured only in France.)

ANNUAL CONSUMPTION EXCEEDS

5,000,000 lbs.

THE Healthiest, best, and most delicious Ailment for Breakfast known since 1825; defies all honest competition, unadulterated, highly nutritious, and pure. Sold in ½ lb. Packets.

Also, especially manufactured for eating as ordinary sweetmeats, or as desserts.

Wholesale, MENIER, 23, Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, London. Retail, by all respectable houses.

Quebec, Feb. 22, 1867.

ESTABLISHED IN 1832

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA

IN LARGE BOTTLES

The Celebrated Preparation for

PURIFYING THE BLOOD

AND

HUMORS.

Especially recommended for use during spring and summer, when the greasy secretions of the fall and winter months render the system liable to fevers and other dangerous diseases.

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA

Is also a safe and reliable remedy for all Eruptions and Skin diseases; for every phase of Scrofula, whether immediate or hereditary; for old Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Tumors, and Abscesses, and for every stage of Secret Disease, even in its worst form. It is also a sure and reliable remedy for

Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, Tetter, Scald Head,

Scurvy, White Swelling, Nervous and General Debility of the System, and all affections of the Liver, Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague and Jaundice. It is guaranteed to be the

Purest & Most Powerful Preparation

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA

and is the best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood.

The afflicted may rest assured that there is

Not the least particle of Mineral, Mercurial

or any other poisonous substance in this medicine. It is perfectly harmless, and may be administered in all kinds of weather, rainy or dry, to persons in the very weakest stages of sickness, or to the most helpless infants, without doing the least injury.

Full directions how to take this most valuable medicine will be found on the label of each bottle.

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA IS FOR SALE IN THE ESTABLISHMENTS OF

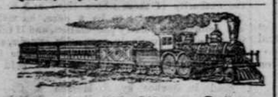
Messrs. John Musson & Co., Roderick McLeod, John E. Burke, W. H. Brunet, R. Dugal, Edmond Giroux. Also, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

Sept. 22, 1867

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature, at its next Session of Parliament, to amend the Charter of "The DeLery Gold Mining Company," granted by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of this Province, in virtue of the Act 27 and 28 Victoria, chap. 23, dated 1st July, 1864, Praying for authority to increase the number of the Directors and for other amendments.

Quebec, July 7, 1865.



Brockville and Ottawa Railway.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

COMMENCING 3rd DECEMBER, 1866.

TRAINS will leave Brockville daily at p.m. and 3.40 p.m., arriving at Sand Point at 2.09 p.m., and 8.40 p.m.

Trains will leave Sand Point daily at 7.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

All Trains on the Main Line connect at Smith's Falls, with Trains to and from Perth.

H. ABBOTT, Manager for Trustee.

Quebec Dec. 3, 1866.

BRISTOL'S

SUGAR-COATED PILLS

PURELY VEGETABLE.

The need of a safe and perfectly reliable purgative medicine has long been felt by the public, and it is a source of great satisfaction to us that we can, with confidence, recommend our BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS, as combining all the essentials of a safe, thorough and agreeable family cathartic. They are prepared from the very finest quality of medicinal roots, herbs, and plants, the active principles or parts that contain the medicinal value being, chemically separated from the inert and useless fibrous portions that contain no virtue whatever. Among those medicinal agents we may name PODOPHYLLIN, which has been proved to possess a most wonderful power over the *Liver*, and all the bilious secretions. This: in combination with LEPTANDRIN and other highly valuable vegetable extracts and drugs, constitutes a purgative Pill that is greatly superior to any medicine of the kind heretofore offered to the public. BRISTOL'S VEGETALE SUGAR-COATED PILLS will be found a safe and speedy remedy in all such cases as

Piles,
Headache,
Jaundice,
Bad Breath,
Foul Stomach,
Loss of Appetite,
Liver Complaint,
Habitual Costiveness,
Dyspepsia or Indigestion,
Heartburn and Flatulency,
Dropsy of Limbs or Body,
Female Irregularities,
And all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

In diseases that have their origin in the blood, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, that best of blood purifiers, should be used with the Pills: the two medicines being prepared expressly to assist in harmony together. When this is done faithfully, we have no hesitation in saying that great relief, and in most cases a cure can be guaranteed, when the patient is not already beyond human help.

For general directions and table of doses, see the wrapper around each phial.

For Sale in the Establishments of:—John Musson & Co., Roderick McLeod, John E. Burke, W. H. Brunet, R. Dugal, Edmond Giroux. G Also, by all respectable Druggists, and dealers in Medicines.

Sept. 12, 186

The Imperishable Perfume.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S

CELEBRATED

FLORIDA WATER.

THIS exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Bloomi g Tropical Flowers of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inexhaustible; while its influence on the SKIN is most refreshing, imparting a Delightful Buoyancy to the overtaxed Body and Mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For

Fainting Turns, Nervousness, Headache, Debility and Hysteria,

It is a sure and speedy relief. With the ver *elite* of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes, throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article, which for soft delicacy of Flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin

Roughness, Blotches, Sun Burn, Freckles and Pimples.

It is as delicious as the Otto of Roses, and lends freshness and beautiful transparency to the complexion. Diluted with water it makes the best dentifrice, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving.

NTERFEITS]

ons. Look for the name n the bottle, wrapper

Murray & an ornamented abe

Prepared only by LANMAN & KEMP, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

Sept. 22, 1867.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Quebec. }

In the Superior Court,

In the Matter of

ROBERT JAMES HOPPER, of the City of Quebec, Master Baker,

An Insolvent.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that on the first day of February next, at the hour of TEN in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard, the said Robert James Hopper will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

ROBERT JAMES HOPPER.

Holt, Irvine & Pemberton, Attorneys *ad litem* for the said Insolvent.

Nov. 21, 1867. 2m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Quebec. }

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 80.

In the matter of

NARCISSE BLAIS, of the Parish of St. Vallier, Victualler; and THOMAS MARCOTTE, of the City of Quebec, Victualler, both carrying on the said industry at Quebec, in Partnership, under the name, style and firm of Marcotte & Blais,

Insolvents.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that on the first day of February next, at the hour of TEN in the forenoon, or so soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard, the said Thomas Marcotte will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

THOMAS MARCOTTE.

Holt, Irvine & Pemberton, Attorneys *ad litem* for the said insolvent.

Nov. 22, 1867. 2m

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned beg to inform their Customers that they have closed their Establishment in Arthur Street, and that their entire STOCK has been removed into their New Store, NUN'S BUILDINGS, Peter Street, where, from this date their business will be carried on.

McCALL, SHEHYN & CO.

Quebec, Aug. 1, 1866

TOBOGGANS!

A LARGE SUPPLY, just received.

RENFREW & MARCOU, 20, Buade Street.

Feb. 3, 1868.

RIMMEL'S

Elegant Novelties & Choice Perfumery.

SOLE AGENTS FOR QUEBEC:

MESSRS. J. MUSSON & CO.,

CHEMISTS, &c., BUADE STREET,

Sold by all Respectable Perfumers:

RIMMEL'S

Perfumes for the Handkerchief,

IHLANG-IHLANG,

—OR—

FLOWER OF FLOWERS,

Alexandra, Prince of Wales, Jockey Club, Guards, Kwui-Hwa, a Chinese Perfume, in a neat silk box; Cupid's Tears, in a handsome moiré-antique box; "Sweet Hours," a watch shaped scent bottle.

RIMMEL'S TOILET VINEGAR,

To supersede Eau-de-Cologne, for all toilet and sanitary purposes.

Patent Pellucid Glycerine Soap, containing 30 per cent of Glycerine.

The Travellers' Soap, 25 transparent cakes in a box.

Rimmel's Perfumed Almanacs, for 1868.

Rimmel's Perfume Vaporizer, for purifying the air in apartments, ball-rooms, theatres, &c.

Rimmel's Rose-Water Crackers.

Rimmel's Perfumed and Illuminated Valentines.

Special Representatives in United States and the Dominion of Canada:—

MESSRS. EDWARD GREEY & CO.,

34, VESEY STREET,

NEW YORK.

Dec. 17, 1867. sept. 6

Houses for Sale or to Let

For Sale or to Let,

A One Story Wooden House, situated in Artillery Street, St. Lewis Suburbs.

For further information, apply to LOUIS LESSARD, Secretary-Treasurer, Quebec Permanent Building Society.

Jan. 15, 1868. tf

TO LET,

FURNISHED, up to 1st May next, with immediate possession,—that Three Story Stone DWELLING, No. 3, Angel Street. This House is in excellent condition, with Out-houses and Stabling for two Horses.

Enquire of E. G. CANNON, P. Or to JAMES TIBBITS, Champlain Market Hall.

Oct. 8, 1867.

To Let,

A LARGE and CONVENIENT HOUSE at Point Levi, on Begin's Hill, beautifully situated.—Rent moderate. Apply on the premises to E. J. CHARLTON, Or to E. G. CANNON, N. P.

Aug. 23, 186[illegible]

TO LET,

A Superb and Magnificent COTTAGE, situate near the New Church, Levis. For further information, apply on the premises to P. BARRAS.

Quebec, June 5, 1867. tf

TO LET,

THAT First-Class Business Stand—being the House and Premises now occupied by Mrs. H. JACOBS, in Arabrique Street.

Apply to McPHERSON & STRANG

Nov 27

Quebec, Feb. 11, 1867

TO LET,

A Comfortable two-story Fire Brick House, No. 40, D'Aiguillon Street, St. John's Suburbs, containing six rooms, with excellent hangard. Rent moderate and possession 1st October.

For particulars, apply on the premises.

Quebec, Sept. 25, 1865

TO LET,

THOSE first-class fire-proof Vaults No. 1, Sault-au-Matelot Street, for many years occupied by J. K. Boswell, Esq.; also, those first class new Stores, No. 1, Notre Dame Street.

Apply to THOS. McCONNELL, Lower Town Market.

Quebec, March 7, 1865.

TO LET,

FROM the first of May next, that well known building, the TEMPERANCE HALL, St. Francis Street —a lease will be given if required for one or more years.

Apply to No. 33, St. Ursule Street; or to E. G. CANNON, Notary.

Quebec, Feb. 6, 1864.

TO LET,

With possession 1st November next,

THAT very desirable two-story and attic Brick House, No. 62, St. John Street, without, now occupied by Mr. Elson—Gas, Water, Water Closets, &c.

Apply to H. BO DUC, Notary, 80½, St. John Street, without.

Quebec, Sept. 25, 1865. tf

For Sale,

THREE Lots of Land in the Township of HAM, Range B, with good specimens of copper.

Apply to T. B. BEDARD, Advocate, Garden Street, Quebec.

Quebec, May 27, 1863

For Sale,

A Magnificent Property of 400 Acres of Land, situate at Ste. Anne Lapérade, and heretofore belonging to the late JULES METHOT. This property, which comprises the Seigniorial Mansion of Ste. Anne de Lapérade, is about a mile from the Church.

Apply to OVIDE METHOT, ESQ., St. Pierres les Becquets.

Jan. 18, 1868. tf

ROOMS TO LET,

TWO or Three Gentlemen can be accommodated with LODGINGS with or without Breakfast, in a convenient locality in the Upper Town. Apply at this office.

Quebec, March 23, 1864.

For Sale,

AN ELIGIBLE LOT in Lachevrotiere Street, 40 x 96 feet, near the Convent, with the frame of a new Wooden Building and Stone Foundation thereon. Terms to suit purchasers.

Apply to H.N. BOWEN, N. P., 34, St. Peter Street.

Aug. 22, 1867.

FURNISHED LODGINGS TO LET,

TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN CAN BE accommodated with comfortable and well furnished lodgings in a central part of the Upper Town, on applying at the corner of Palace and St. Helen streets.

July 22, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby notified that the business heretofore carried on by Mr. HENRY KNIGHT, Tailor, No. 22, Palace Street, will be continued on and after MONDAY, the 16th instant, by the undersigned, in the same premises, where a Choice and Assorted STOCK will be kept constantly on hand.

In soliciting the patronage of the public, the undersigned deems it but necessary to state, to secure a liberal share of the same, that the business will be carried on under the immediate superintendence of the former proprietor, whose experience and ability are too well known to need comment.

E. KNIGHT.

pt. 1867. tf

ENGLISH CHEESE!

5 Cases North Wilts Truckles Cheese,
10 Baskets Cheddar do,
10 do Queen's Arms do.

For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Feb. 15, 1868.

TODDY.

Now Receiving per Grand Trunk:

CASKS (Hubertus') TODDY.

For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Feb. 18, 1868.

FRENCH WINES

—AND—

Genuine Havana Cigars!!!

WOLFE BUILDINGS,

NO. 14, ST. JOHN STREET, UPPER TOWN.

A. J. HUOT.

Quebec, June 5, 1867. tf

SCOTTISH AMICABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

INCORPORATED IN 1826.

President,—THE DUKE OF ROXBURGH.

Manager,—WM. SPENS, Esq, Glasgow.

Accumulated Fund,.....£1,198,132 2 0 Stg.

Policies Issued in 1866 for £365,000 Stg.

Annual Income,.....£198,224 5 8 Stg.

Premiums to Insure, £100.

Age.	Minimum.			Next.			With Additions			By not more than 10 payments.		
14....	£1	3	4	£1	8	6	£1	15	11	£0	0	0
20....	1	8	6	1	14	1	2	2	1	3	6	4
30....	1	16	7	2	2	7	2	11	9	3	19	6
40....	2	9	7	2	16	0	3	6	3	4	18	0
50....	3	10	9	3	19	4	4	9	1	6	1	5
60....	5	7	2	6	1	10	6	6	4	7	13	2
61....	6	1	11									
62....	6	7	9									
63....	6	14	2									
64....	7	1	1									
65....	7	8	8									
66....	6	16	10									
67....	8	4	9									
68....	8	15	5									
69....	9	5	5									
70....	9	17	0									

Policies issued from £50 to £5000 Sterling.

For other Tables, such as Educational, Joint Lives, Survivorships, &c., apply to DAVID A. ROSS, Agent, Corner of St. Peter Street and Mountain Hill.

Advances made on Policies to extent of surrender value. All conditions most liberal and favorable to the assured.

This is one of the greatest Life Insurance Institutions of Great Britain.

July 16, 1867. 12m

1867. 1867.

Ottawa & Rideau Forwarding

COMPANY.

MONTREAL AND QUEBEC.

THE Powerful Tug Steamer "CHAMPION" will, until further notice, be placed on the above route for the purpose of TOWING SHIPS, BARGES, RAFTS, &c.

Will be prepared to leave Montreal on WEDNESDY MORNING, May 8th.

For Rates, &c., apply to GEO. HEUBACH, Canal Basin, Montreal.

W. D. WADDELL, Agent, Quebec.

May 13, 1867 tf

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE, Ottawa, January 31, 1868.

NOTICE.

ON AND FROM THE

First Day of February, 1868,

ALL REQUISITIONS FOR

STAMPS

—FOR—

BILLS AND PROMISSORY NOTES,

To be used in the Dominion of Canada by the various persons entrusted with the distribution thereof, will have to be addressed to this Department.

THOS. WORTHINGTON, For the Minister of Inland Revenue.

Feb. 4, 1868.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to Parliament at its next Session for an Act to Incorporate a JOINT STOCK COMPANY, with a Capital of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of running steamers between Quebec and Montreal and elsewhere, to be called "THE PEOPLE'S LINE OF STEAMERS."

Quebec, June 10, 1867.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Union Forwarding and Railway Company.

1867 1867

UPPER OTTAWA ROUTE,

Consisting of the following First-Class Steamers

ANN SISSON.....	Capt.	BOCKUS,
EMERALD.....	"	LEITCH,
ALLIANCE.....	"	FINDLAY,
OREGON.....	"	HOLLIARD,
SNOW-BIRD.....	"	TOWER,
JASON GOULD.....	"	OVERMAN,
PONTIAC	"	DUGGAN,
PEMBROKE.....	"	COUVRETTE,
CALUMET	"	BLONDIN.

On and after September 1st (and until further notice,) the steamer "Ann Sisson" will leave Aylmer every day, for the Upper Ottawa, at 7 a.m., connecting with the "Alliance" at head of Railroad at 11, touching at Arnprior, Sand Point, Bristol, Bonnechere, Farrell's Wharf, Gould's Wharf, and Portage du Fort, arriving a 2 p.m Stages will leave Gould's Wharf immediately after arrival of the "Alliance" for Cobden, connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," and arriving at Pembroke same evening.

The "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke at noon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Des Joachims, calling at all intermediate ports, returning Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, leaving at 6 a.m., connecting at Pembroke with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 1 p.m., and arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Alliance" leaves Portage du Fort every morning at 7,30 a.m., railway time, touching at Gould's Wharf, Farrell's Wharf, Bonnechere, Bristol, Sand Point and Arnprior, connecting with the "Ann Sisson" at Pontiac at noon. Passengers reach Ottawa at 4 p.m.

The steamer "Calumet" leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 6 a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village on Mondays and Fridays at 2 p.m.

A connection is made daily with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at Sand Point 1 p.m.; and on the down trip at Sand Point at 9 a.m.

Passengers for Des Joachims leave Ottawa every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For further particulars, apply at the Office of the Company at Ottawa or Aylmer.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

TOYS! TOYS!!

TOYS!!!

WILLIAM HICKMAN,

ARTIST

IN ORNAMENTAL HAIR for Ladies' and Gentlemen's WIGS, together with Water-Falls Braid Plats, Curls, Moustaches, Beards.

—ALSO,—

HAIR CURLING and DRESSING, in the latest style.

Has just received a full supply of Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Toys and Musical Instruments, for Christmas and New Year's Presents

No. 1, St. Joseph Street, Upper Town.

PIANO-FORTES for Sale and to Let, in rooms above.

Dec. 14, 1867. 2m

A GREAT SACRIFICE

—OF—

SLEIGHS! SLEIGHS!!

SLEIGHS!!!

THE undersigned begs to inform his friends, and the public in general, that he has opened a new Show Room, St. John Street, next door to Mr. Morgan's Music Store, where he is selling out his large Stock of SLEIGHS, under COST PRICE.

P. W. McKNIGHT, Coach Builder.

Dec. 7, 1867.

Why Does Your Hair Fall Off?

For want of proper Nourishment and Stimulating Properties.

WOODS' QUININE, CANTHARADINE AND ROSEMARY HAIR CREAM, supplies these deficiencies, and causes the Hair to grow on parts that have been bald for many years; it is very cooling and refreshing in use; it cleans the head, and stimulates the roots, producing a luxuriant growth of Hair in an incredibly short space of time. Sold in bottles at 50c. each.

WOODS' DANDRUFF POMADE, for removing Scurf or Dandruff, &c., &c. Never known to fail. This Preparation should be used prior to the Hair Cream in all cases where dandruff exists. Sold in Pots, 25c. each.

DO YOU WISH A GOOD SET OF TEETH? White and Sound Teeth may be ensured by using WOODS' AREKA-NUT TOOTH PASTE, which is the best and cheapest preparation yet discovered for preserving the teeth, rendering them beautifully white by removing tartar, &c., without injuring the enamel. It prevents toothache, purifies the gums, and sweetens the breath, by imparting a most agreeable odour. Sold in Pots, at 25c each.

Sole Proprietors, W. WOODS, Family and Dispensing Chemist, 45, Bedford Street, Plymouth, England.

Sold by Messrs. MUSSON & CO., Quebec, Canada.

Nov. 13, 1867.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made at the approaching Session of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, in the Dominion of Canada, for an Act to incorporate the QUEBEC CURLING CLUB.

Nov. 28. 1867. 2m 2o

BY ROYAL COMMAND

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S

CELEBRATED

STEEL PENS.

Sold by all Dealers throughout the World.

Oct. 18, 1867. 1y-1o

NOTICE.

DR. C. I. SAMSON, recently arrived from Paris, where he has completed his medical studies, has opened his Office at 33, Craig Street, St. Roch's.

opt. 24, 1867.

THE "HOME" INSURANCE COMPANY,

—OF—

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

PAID UP CAPITAL,.....$1,000,000

And in Public Funds and National Bank Stock, $1,371,516, to 1st January last.

Chartered by the Government of Canada,

Having deposit of $50,000 in the Office of the Receiver General.

Recommended by the principal members of the Canadian Parliament, of both origins.

Has 1,000 agents, extending from New Orleans to Halifax.

WITH RECEIPTS OF

5,000 PER DAY!

The public buildings at Ottawa, the Parliament House, at Quebec, the "Gesu" Church at Montreal, and the Lunatic Asylum at Beauport, are amongst other institutions, assured in this Company.

Policies issued to the hour by the local agent, and claims promptly settled either by the local or general agent, as the case may be.

This Company has paid, within the space of 24 hours, $102,000, in connection with the great fire at Portland in 1865,—and after nine months' operation in the district of Quebec, nearly $30,000 at Levis and elsewhere, within fifteen days after the conflagration.

Statement of premiums received and losses paid:

	Premiums received.	Losses Paid
1860.....	$37,689.30	$28,786.20
1861	81,230.00	46,190.63
1862.....	168,289.94	92,136.39
1863.....	256,973.55	160,444.30
1864.....	470,473.78	278,488.00
1865.....	773,815.61	451,292.96
1866.....	1,474,405.13	1,128,394.29

Leaving a surplus of close on one half million, as the earnings of this year alone.

The principal Office for the district of Quebec, is situate on the corner of St. Antoine and St. Peter Streets.

J. G. BARTHE, Agent.

Dec. 10, 1867.

Union Bank

—OF—

LOWER CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given to the holders of SHARES of the Bank, not fully paid up, that the undernoted calls thereon have been made, and will be payable at the OFFICES of the Bank HERE and at MONTREAL:

Sixth instalment of 10 per cent on 1st Feb'y. next.			
Seventh	"	"	15th March "
Eighth	"	"	1st May "
Ninth	"	"	15th June "
Tenth	"	"	1st August "

By order of the Board, W. DUNN, Cashier.

Jany. 1, 1868.

BEST ELECTRO PLATED SETS.

Cruets,
Salvers,
Liquor Frames,
Spoons,
Forks,
Cutlery, &c.

The Largest Variety always on hand.

HENRY SMEATON, Sheffield House, 3, Fabrique Street.

Jan. 21, 1868.

British Colonial Steamship Company,

[LIMITED.]

STEAM FROM LONDON TO CANADA.

OTTAWA,	1414 Tons,	F. Archer, Com'r.
ST. LAWRENCE,	1398,	do, J. James, do.
THAMES,	1376,	do, J. Pinkerton, do.

THE Company's Steamers are intended to be employed regularly in the Canadian Trade during the season of 1868, and to be despatched from London as follows:—

Thursday, 23rd January, for Portland,
Thursday, 20th February, for Portland.
Thursday, 19th March, for Halifax & Portland.
Thursday, 16th April, for Quebec & Montreal,

and every alternate Thursday thereafter during the Season.

For Freight or Passage, apply to TEMPERLEYS, CARTER & DARKE, Brokers, 3, White Lion Court, London.

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO., Agents, Montreal.

ROSS & CO., Agents, Quebec.

Dec. 11, 1867. tf

WOODS' COUGH LINCTUS,

AN INVALUABLE REMEDY FOR

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Loss of Voice, Influenza, Bronchitis, Tightness of the Chest, Asthma, Consumption, and Affections of the Pulmonary Organs generally.

Why suffer from the above distressing complaints, when this extraordinary Medicine will afford immediate relief, as proved in thousands of instances for many Winters past.

The remedial effects of this Medicine are based on entirely new principles, there being several Foreign plants used in its preparation unknown to general practitioners.

It acts freely as an expectorant, and relieves the most violent Cough by a single dose. Its peculiarly beneficial influence, in cases of Asthma, is truly astonishing, producing a free action of the lungs where the greatest difficulty of breathing has been felt; that those who have been unable to lay their heads low on the pillow for many years, are able to do so with impunity after taking two or three doses of this Cough Linctus.

The numerous imitations of this Medicine compel the proprietor to warn the public in having no other Cough Medicine palmed upon them when WOODS' COUGH LINCTUS is to be asked for, as they are sure to be disappointed, there being no other Medicine which can act as a substitute.

Testimonials are constantly being received by the Proprietor of cures effected by this Cough Linctus, in Chest and Lung Complaints, after medical aid has been of no avail, and in numerous instances, the early stages of consumption are arrested and ultimately cured by its use.

Sold in bottles at 35c. and 90c. each.

Sole Proprietor, W. Woods, Family and Dispensing Chemist, 45, Bedford Street, Plymouth, England. May be had of all Chemists, &c.

Sold by Messrs. MUSSON & CO., Quebec, Canada.

Nov. 12, 1867.

THE "GALLOWAY"

PATENT TAPER TUBES

—FOR—

STEAM BOILERS.

THESE TUBES are now being used almost universally in England in the construction of Steam Boilers, having either ONE or TWO flues.

They GREATLY ECONOMISE THE FUEL, improve the circulation, and crease the power of boiler.

They are SPECIALLY adapted for introduction into old boilers, and are made with such an amount of taper as to allow of this being easily done.

These Taper Tubes have been in use upwards of 16 years, and above 30,000 are now at work, and the demand is daily increasing.

They can be fixed by any boiler maker, but can only be obtained from the Patentees, who will furnish full particulars and list of firms using the tubes, on application.

W. & G. GALLOWAY & SONS,

ENGINEERS & BOILER MAKERS,

MANCHESTER.

Makers of all kinds of Steam Engines Machinery, Mill Gearing, Boilers, &c., &c.

Aug. 22. 1867. 26 1o

Royal School for Daughters of Officers of the Army.

Under the Patronage of Her Majesty the Queen.

President,—H. R. H. The Duke of Cambridge, K. G., &c.

Chairman of Committee,—Major-General A. J. Lawrence, C. B.

Hon. Secretaries,—Lieut. Col. Sir Robert Anstruther, Bart, M.P.; Rev. S. Jenner, M.A.

The object of this Institution is to provide at the lowest possible cost, a good, practical and religious education for the orphan or other Daughters of Officers of the Army and Royal Marines on Full or Half Pay, or who may have died in the Service.

The ages of admission are from Ten to Fifteen. The Education given includes English, Geography History, Chronology, and Composition; Arithmetic, Writing, Drawing, French, German, Music, Deportment and Dancing.

Pupils elected by votes of subscribers are required to pay only £12 per annum, and a limited number are admitted without election, at the discretion of the Committee, on payment of £50 per annum.

There are at present 69 Pupils in the School 27 of whom are Daughters of Officers of the late East Indian Army. The number of applications for admission are most pressing, many of these the Committee have been compelled, solely from want of funds, to reject. They therefore earnestly appeal for aid to carry out to its desired extent this new established Institution.

Donations and Subscriptions will be thankfully received by any of the following Officers, who have kindly consented to act as Honory Corresponding Secretaries, and from whom may be obtained the Rules and Regulations of the School.

Major O. Wilkinson, Invalid Department, Squire's Hall, Simla, India,

Captain R. M. Norie, Brigade Major, Thayetmyo, India,

Major F. B. Forster, 5th Fusiliers, Ferozepore, India,

Captain H. D. Nightingale, 45th Regiment, Poonah, India,

Major Hume, Staff Corps, Barielly, India,

Captain A. C. Forster, Ceylon Rifles, Colombo, Ceylon,

Captain Twynam, 15th Regiment, Gibraltar,

Major C. W. Grange, Royal Canadian Rifles, Kingston, Canada.

By Order, G. W. FORSTER, Under Secretary.

Office:—32, Cockspur Street, London.

Ju 1, 1867 12 1f

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

DECLARED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

THE Success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment, having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce', to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the *wrapper, labels, stopper* and *bottle*.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with as purious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged; L. and P., give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney, to take instant proceedings against *Manufacturers* and *Vendors* of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE, AND SEE NAME ON WRAPPER, LABEL, BOTTLE, AND STOPPER.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Jan 9. 1868. 52 1o

Booms, Chains,

ANCHORS, &c., &c.,

AT

ST. MICHAEL'S COVE.

WILL be Sold by Public Auction, in Lots to suit purchasers, on THURSDAY, the 22nd April next, (if not previously disposed of by private Sale,)—the whole of the BOOMS, CHAINS, ANCHORS, WINCHES, STEAM ENGINE, &c., &c., now lying at St. Michael's Cove.

WOOD, PETRY, POITRAS & CO.

Jan. 4, 1868. 2o

DENTAL OPERATIONS.

DR McKEE respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has returned from his annual visit to the principal Dental Colleges in the United States; and that, among other recent improvements in Dentistry, he has adopted in his practice the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, for the painless extraction of teeth, and for the performance, free of pain, of other short but otherwise painful operations.

DR. McKEE has taken thorough instructions in the manufacture and use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and is fully prepared to administer it to any person irrespective of age, and without injury to the most delicate constitution. 16, Ann Street, Upper Town.

Quebec, Dec, 1867.

Read the following CERTIFICATE.

"PHILADELPHIA, 20th Nov., 1867. 737, Walnut Street.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

"This is to certify that Dr. McKee, Dentist, "of Quebec, Canada, has taken instructions of "us in the use of Nitrous Oxide, or Laughing "Gas, for the painless extraction of teeth, and is "fully qualified to manufacture and administer "the same for the purpose above mentioned."

(Signed,) "J. J. COLTON, of the Colton Dental Association, Originators of Nitrous Oxide for the painless extraction of teeth, and Lecturers on Chemistry in the Philadelphia Dental College."

Dec. 28, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned offers for Sale seventeen LOTS, situate in the Parish of St. Joseph de Levis,—7 on the Main Road, 50 x 70 feet, with 2 having houses erected thereon, 9 from the corner of Queen's Road and Church Street, towards the Fortifications No. 1, and 1 built, with a fine Stream and sufficient Water-power for any manufacturing operations, with a large Garden in full growth, on the lots on the Main Road. Title clear and unimpeachable, and terms of payment most easy and liberal. Address, St. Joseph de Levis, on the spot. Or, J. G. BARTHE, St Peter Street, where the plans can be seen, and any information required can be got.

Jan. 31, 1868. 2m

NOTICE

—TO—

SHIP-BUILDERS OF CANADA

THE Havre Maritime Exhibition, under the patronage of His Majesty the Emperor, and His Royal Highness the Prince Imperial of France.

Mr. P. VALIN, Ship-builder, of Quebec, has been appointed Delegate Commissioner in Canada, for this Exhibition, and all those who may wish to send some object, should apply to him for information, and obtain blank forms. In order to make Canadian Ships more known in France, it is desirable that ship-builders should use their best endeavours to send ships, models of ships, plans of masting, and all the apparatus used in raising wrecked ships, and all articles pertaining to ships' management will be received. The number of articles of that class for that Exhibition is forty-three. Full particulars will be given by the undersigned.

P. V. VALIN, St Francois Street, St. Roch's, Quebec.

Jan. 29, 1868.

Oakey's Non-Mercurial Silversmiths' Soap,

Surpasses all other Articles for CLEANING and POLISHING SILVER, ELECTRO-PLATE, &c. Tablets 6d each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH, India Rubber Knife Boards, Emery, Black Lead, Cabinet Glass Paper, Emery and Glass Cloth, &c.

Scotch, French, London, Russian, and other GLUES.

WELLINGTON MILLS, BLACKFRIARS ROAD, LONDON, S.

May 8, 1867 1y 1o

Pickles, Sauces, &c,

JOHN MOIR & SON,

ABERDEEN,

Beg to inform their Customers that, in addition to their

PRESERVED PROVISIONS,

THEY NOT ONLY SUPPLY, OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE,

Pickles, Sauces, Mushroom Ketchup, Potted Meats and Game, Anchovy Paste, Pates of Game; also, Tart Fruits, Calfsfoot and other Table Jellies, Raspberry Vinegar, &c., &c.

Sole Proprietors of the ABERDEEN, ROYAL SCOTTISH, and INDIAN CLUB SAUCES.

May 18, 1867. 26w 1o

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED IN THIS LIST.

Pocket Bible Lost.
Cook Wanted—Mrs Hammond Gowen.
The Sportsman—C E Holiwell & Co.
Gas Consumers—P. Peebles.
Unclaimed Letters.—John Sewell.
Brown Retriever Dog Lost.
Stores to Let—J B Martel.
New Goods—Mrs Simon Levy.
Insolvent Act of 1864.—Wm. Walker.
House to Let—P X Marquis.
Departure of Mails from Quebec.
Bazaar in Aid of the St. Bridget's Asylum.
Trade Sale of Groceries—A J Maxham & Co.

THE CHRONICLE is for sale at Mr. Holiwell's, opposite the Post Office; Mr. Miller's, Peter Street; Mr. Burn's, John Street, without; Mr. Gale's, George Street; Georg Pierce's, Dominion News Depot, Prescott Gate Steps; and at Mrs. Wensley's, Post Office, South Quebec.

DO YOU WISH A GOOD SET OF TEETH? TRY
WOODS' AREKA-NUT TOOTH PASTE!
FOR SALE BY
MUSSON & CO.
Feb. 14, 1868. 6

General Relief Committee.

DONATIONS OF WOOD, MEAT and VEGETABLES will be gratefully received by the COMMITTEE, at their Depots in St. Roch's, or St. John's Suburbs.

By Order,
T. H. GRANT,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Feb. 4, 1868.

Gas Consumers

ARE REMINDED that their Quarterly Accounts, with all arrears, must be paid on or before the TWENTIETH instant, to secure the discount of

40 PER CENT.

The Rules will be strictly adhered to. English and American Silver taken at five per cent discount.

By Order of the Directors,
P. PEEBLES,
Manager.
Gas Works,
Feb 18, 1868. 3

Morning Chronicle.

QUEBEC, FEBRUARY 18, 1868.

The Montreal *Herald* says two curious facts came out at a special meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Upper Canada. One was, that Mr. Cassels had speculated in its stocks with the money of the Bank for his own benefit—and the speculation turning out a loss, left the Bank to suffer the damage, ($8.000). It was also acknowledged that Mr. Cassels had permitted one person, Mr. Berry, of Kingston, formerly of Quebec, who has since left the country, to become indebted to the Bank to the extent of $300,000, for which the Bank had not a farthing security.

Yesterday's sitting of the House of Assembly was principally taken up with the consideration of the Supplies. After the usual routine business had been gone through, Hon. Mr. Dunkin moved the House again into Committee of Supply, when the different items of the estimates were considered and adopted—the business occupying until about ten p. m., when the Committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again, which was granted. A full report will be found under our Parliamentary heading elsewhere.

It is not long since a great noise was made about what the Ontario Government was doing; it was trumpeted forth that their measures were rapidly being passed, and that considering one member of the Government had a cork leg, and another a wooden arm, they were running the machine at a wonderful pace. But what are the facts? The Government are afraid to bring in a bill for the payment bt its members, because some of the hungry only want $600 for the session, like the patent leather members they send to Ottawa; others say half that amount is enough, but who are ready to sneak off when the vote comes on, so that the $600 men may have it, when they will return to charge the ministry with extravagance. Then again their Government measures have been delayed or shorn, and the financial statement has not yet appeared: As to their own pay they want a good haul, but are afraid until they see what Quebec will do. Well, they have no doubt obtained the information by this time, and will probably cut down a few dollars to show their friends that after all they are not so extravagant as Quebec. When, then, the two languages are considered, our Local Government is far a head in a business point of view,—noise and tin trumpets from Ontario notwithstanding.

We observed with pleasure a few days ago that Mr. Carter had presented a petition to the House of Assembly from Mr. Charles de Salaberry praying that a grant of land should be made to his family in consideration of the important services rendered to the Empire by his father, and which have remained unrequited to the present day. Of the justice of the claim there can be no doubt. Colonel de Salaberry had the good fortune to repulse at Chateauguay the *largest regular army* that the Americans had ever brought into the field, and was in consequence justly regarded, to use the language of the Duke of Kent, "*as the hero who saved Lower Canada.*" The Local Legislature valued the service so highly that it unanimously passed an address to the Prince Regent, praying him to make a grant of Crown lands, but from some cause which has never been explained, no reply was ever made. Some months ago, a contemporary, in alluding to the services of our public men and how inadequately they had been rewarded, alluded specially to the case of Col. de Salaberry, and concluded with the following paragraph which we most cordially endorse:—"We think that for this service, so fully recognised by the Legislature, the family of Col. de Salaberry is yet entitled to receive the grant of lands which the Assembly *unanimously* prayed the Prince Regent to make to him, and also consider that it would be an act equally just and graceful, if the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, which will soon be in position to deal with the public lands, should make that compensation to them, for a claim which no lapse of time can invalidate." We are happy to know that Mr. Carter's motion will be well received, and that there is every probability that the Government will willingly attend to any recommendation of the House, and that justice will now be done to the family of a man of whom Canada is justly proud.

Among the recommendations of the Contingencies Committee, in the report they submitted yesterday to the Legislative Assembly, was one that will prove a mercy to some of the public employees. It is that, during the recess, should there not be found any, or sufficient work for them in their present offices, they be temporarily transferred to departments where there may be something for them to do. Now, while we by no means desire to see the public employees overworked, it is only right they should have as much duty to discharge as may be requisite to keep their minds and bodies in a state of gentle activity and reasonable vigor. The general health of these gentlemen should, undoubtedly, be a subject of concern for the Province, and when the Contingent Committee seeks to save them from mental stagnation it acts kindly towards them—though the good turn may not be appreciated—but infinitely more kindly towards the Province. The public must take care of its employees about the Legislative Buildings; for their places would be hard to fill, not only on account of the rareness of merit, but the natural modesty which prevents young gentlemen hereabouts from obtruding their qualifications upon the notice of Ministers and members of Parliament. We are afraid the Committee were, as Artemus Ward would say, perpetrating a "sarkasum," when they hinted at such a thing as officials not being sufficiently employed during the recess. Do they think gentlemen have not, now, and will not have enough to do; or that an employee is a machine? Why, for example, don't the Committee recommend at once that the able-bodied corps of officials be turned out to make colonization roads during the recess? The public might thus be saved much money, settlement promoted, and a taste for farming developed in the breasts of some gentlemen whose Cockney habits have hitherto prevented their making the acquaintance of the appetising air and health-improving occupations of the country. Such attractions, not to speak of the opportunity of procuring country wives and homesteads, to be hewn out of bush lots, would, no doubt, soon draw off from this Capua of ours lots of city dandies to be converted into farmers. Here is a chance for social reform and the development of the country. Who will take it up. If a number of our young men could be induced to "go upon the Crown domain," as the phrase is, the cities would be greatly eased, while an important step would be taken towards the colonization of the Province. Let the Committee further recommend that every bachelor clerk be obliged to get married, and "take up a wild lot." He will thus help to clear the country, and improve his own lot; and if he has not too much to do in his office, he will have enough to exercise him in the lively and contemplative occupation of axeing trees. What does the Committee say to these hints?

LATEST FROM MONTREAL.

THE SILVER MOVEMENT.

CONCERT IN AID OF THE NOVA SCOTIAN FISHERMEN.

THE MARKETS, AMUSEMENTS, &c. &c.

MONTREAL, Monday, Feb. 17.—The committee in charge of the silver movement publish a circular in the course of which they say that they have already sent 30,000 dollars worth out of the country, and deposited 50,000 dollars more with the Bank of Montreal on Saturday for the same purpose. They feel satisfied that the large amount promised for shipment will still further reduce the discount, and will place themselves in communication this week with other localities for the same object.

125 Papal zouaves have already arrived.

The 78th Highlanders give a concert on Wednesday, in aid of the Nova Scotia fishermen.

A fire broke out yesterday morning in the Dominion Tannery, Amherst street. Damage slight.

A meeting of the Montreal fox hunt was held this afternoon for the purpose of reorganising and raising funds. Large amounts were promised, and some new dogs are to be purchased.

Advices from St. Catherines report the destruction of Leavenworth's tannery on the canal, yesterday morning. Loss between 5 and 6,000 dollars.

Flour market very dull, and no enquiry except for bag flour.

LATEST FROM NEW BRUNSWICK

(Specially reported for the Morning Chronicle.)

ST. JOHN, N. B., Monday, Feb. 17.—A meeting on the tariff was held on Saturday evening, Alex. Jardine, Esq., in the chair. All shades of politics were represented. The object of the meeting was to suggest some method of lessening the duties on articles of necessity without injury to the revenue. The meeting adjourned until Thursday.

FREDERICTON, 17th Feb.—A Bill was intro duced for assessment of Charlotte County for the purpose of forwarding information to Ottawa on the subject of the Intercolonial Railway. Other proceedings wholly unimportant.

The Nova Scotia Legislature is to be prorogued during the absence of the delegation in England.

LATEST FROM NOVA SCOTIA.

(Specially reported for the Morning Chronicle.)

HALIFAX, Monday, Feb. 17.—From a report of the committee of the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia on the distress among the fishermen of the province—the committee, after careful examination and enquiry, are satisfied that there exists at the present time amongst the fishing population of twelve counties great and wide spread distress and destitution. Your committee are also satisfied that this distress will rather increase than diminish from the present date till the first of June next, and that unless extensive and permanent arrangements be made, many may perish from starvation. The committee are, therefore, of opinion that there is an urgent necessity not only for relief from the provincial authorities, but for a loud call upon the charity and generosity of the citizens of this and the neighbouring provinces.

LOCAL NEWS.

PALACE WARD.—Dr. Roy was again returned for Palace Ward, yesterday, without opposition.

MUSICAL.—The second of Mr. Mill's Chamber Concerts will take place in the National School Hall, Esplanade, on Friday evening.

ENGLISH MAILS.—The s. s. *Nova Scotian*, Capt. Aird, arrived at Portland, at eight o'clock on Sunday morning, with 21 cabin and 119 steerage passengers. Her mails are due here this morning.

THEATRICAL.—The 30th Amateurs will appear in a new sensation drama in two acts (dramatised from a popular story) entitled "The Wreck in the Snow" on Tuesday, the 25th inst.

MINISTERIAL.—The Hon. Mr. Cartier left yesterday, for Ottawa. It is stated to be the intention of the Hon. Mr. Langevin to leave to-day for the same destination. A meeting of the Federal Cabinet takes place on the twenty-fifth instant.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.—The particular attention of consumers of gas is directed to the notice to be found in another column, stating that their accounts, with all arrears, must be paid on or before the twentieth instant, to secure the discount of 40 per cent. The rules will be strictly adhered to.

GARRISON THEATRICALS.—As will be seen by the bills, the officers of the 30th Regiment will give a dramatic entertainment on Saturday evening next, in aid of the Military Asylum. The pieces which will be brought out on the occasion are the "Loan of a Lover," and the farce entitled "*Ici on parle Francais.*". The box plan of the house is on view at C. E. Hollwell & Co's, opposite the Post Office, where reserved seats can be taken. We believe the amateurs who will appear will make a hit advangeous to their histrionic reputation, and gratifying to the public. As this is the only entertainement of the sort to be given before Lent, and as the object is a good one, there is reason to anticipate a large audience.

ROYAL ARTILLERY.—Last week, upwards of one hundred and twenty-five men of the Royal Artillery, formerly part of the Quebec garrison, but who are now stationed at Toronto re-enlisted, and were sworn for a further term of ten years' service. This speaks well for this branch of her Majesty's service, and most practically illustrates the good feeling existing between officers and men.

ST. PETER'S WARD ELECTION.—Owing to the retirement of Mr. Owen Murphy from the candidature of this Ward there was no opposition whatever to the return of Mr Convey, and polling in favor of the latter candidate proceeded yesterday without any lively incident worth mentioning occurring. Mr. Convey had recorded 136 votes at the close of the poll, and Mr. Murphy two. Mr. John Ryan was also unanimously returned as Councillor for this Ward, in the room of Mr. W. Darling Campbell, Notary, withdrawn.

ST. ROCH'S WARD ELECTION.—The election of a City Councillor for St. Roch's Ward, in the room of A. G. Tourangeau, Esq., who has declined to sit for the said Ward, commenced at nine o'clock yesterday morning. The candidates were Messrs. Jacques Auger, Notary, and Louis Rosa, ship-builder. The following was the state of the poll at the close yesterday afternoon:—Mr. Auger, 150, and Mr. Rosa, 91. The polling will be continued to-day until four o'clock in the afternoon. Complete order was observed throughout yesterday's proceedings.

ST. PETER'S WARD.—We, the undersigned, duly qualified electors for St. Peters ward, do hereby nominate John Ryan, Esq., of the city of Quebec, trader, as a fit and proper person, and as one duly qualified by law to replace William Darling Campbell, as councillor for St. Peter's ward: David Laliberte, Urbain Leclerc, James McChitelz, Martin Hannon, James Sullivan, John O'Donohoe, N. Bioux, Chas. Joncas, James Coolican, John O'Brien, Francis Thomas, Wm. Nicholson, Hilaire Grenier, John Murphy, Ed. Lyng. Quebec, 17th February, 1868.

RECORDER'S COURT.—Yesterday, in this Court, a withered-up diminutive specimen of old mortality, whose chief industrial occupation consists in driving an unfortunate skeleton of a horse through the suburban streets of the city, while the owner exercises his vocal abilities in shouts of "rags, rags, old rags," was brought up charged with being helpless from the effects of ardent in Julie street on Saturday afternoon. He was ordered to pay a fine of $2 and costs, or go to jail for four days. Several judgments were given in assessment prosecutions against defaulting tax-payers.

DEPARTURE OF VOLUNTEERS FOR THE PAPAL SERVICE.—Thirteen young gentlemen of the Province of Quebec, left yesterday, to join the Candian volunteers about to leave Montreal for service in the Pontifical army. The following is a list of the names of these disinterested young Canadian crusaders: Theodule Berin, of Notre Dame de Levis; Charles Bertrand, advocate, of Quebec; John Fraser Blackburn, of Beauport; Augustin Fortin, of L'Islet; Elzear Garneau, of Quebec; Louis Gosselin, of St. Laurent, Isle of Orleans; Edouard Lemieux, of Chicoutimi; William Murray, of Quebec; Theophile Morisset, physician, of Quebec; Louis Pacquet, of St. Henri de Levis; F. X. Toussaint, student of Laval Normal School; Charles Trudelle, of Quebec; Cyprien Vohl, of Quebec. We also learn that Mr. Alfred O'Meara, son of Major O'Meara, of Her Majesty's Customs, is shortly about to leave for the same destination at his father's expense. Hon Mr. De Boucherville, Speaker of the Legislative Council, has subscribed $100 towards the Canadian Pontifical Zouave fund. A farewell dinner was given on Saturday evening to several of the volunteers on the eve of their departure. Three Rivers it is stated furnishes eighteen recruits for the Papal Zouaves.

THE LATE SIR EDMUND HEAD.—It was announced by telegraph yesterday morning, in the columns of this paper, that Sir Edmund Head, late Governor-General of Canada, had died suddenly in London, on the 28th ultimo. Sir Edmund was born in 1805, and had consequently attained his sixty-third year. He was descended from an ancient and honorable family in Kent, which derived its surname from the Kentish district, now called Hythe, but formerly known as *Le Hede*. Sir Edmund's first appearance in public life was in the capacity of a poor-law assistant commissioner, with a thousand pounds a-year and travelling expenses. Next he was appointed Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick, and afterward, in 1854, was promoted to the Governor-Generalship of Canada. Sir Edmund contributed to the periodical literature of the age. He wrote a clever treatise, entitled, "Shall and Will?" "A Handbook of Spanish Painting;" and "The Temple of Serapis at Pazzuoli." He married in November, 1838, Anna Maria, daughter of the late Rev. Philip Yorke, grandson of the first Eqrl of Hardwicke; and by her had one son, who was drowned in Canada, and two daughters, both the latter living.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

SATURDAY, Feb. 15, 1868.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, pursuant to the adjournment of the previous sitting.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Mr. PICARD (Richmond and Wolfe) presented two petitions from his constituency, praying for the adoption of Major Robinson's line.

GAME LAWS.

Mr. CARTER presented a petition from the Montreal Fish and Game Protection Club, praying for amendments to the Game Laws.

CONTINGENCIES.

Mr. BELLEROSE brought in the following (9th), report of the Committee on Contingencies:—

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, Quebec,
Saturday, 15th Feb., 1868.

Ninth report of the Select Standing Committee on Contingencies.

Your Committee beg to recommend to your Honorable House the adoption of the following resolutions:—

Resolved—That all temporary, supernumerary or extra clerks, messengers or other employees of the House, who are not on the permanent staff, be paid only during the sessions of Parliament.

Resolved—That in all future sessions the first business of the Committee on Contingencies shall be the auditing of the accounts of the previous year.

Resolved—That in future the accountant shall not pay any sum or sums of money whatsoever except upon the previous authorisation of the law, or of a vote of the House, or for expenses certified in writing either by some officer or Committee authorized to make or allow such expenses.

Resolved—That whenever in the future a vacancy shall occur in the staff of the officers or other employees of the House, whether by resignation, death or otherwise, it shall not be filled up until after the case has been submitted to this Committee.

Resolved—That all employees of the House shall fulfil all duties and do all work required of them by the Clerk of the House or other authorized, or proper person, without extra pay or emolument whatsoever beyond their fixed salaries.

The whole respectfully submitted.

JOS. H. BELLEROSE,
Chairman, C.C.

On motion of Mr. BELLEROSE, the report was forthwith concurred in.

OTHER REPORTS.

Mr. HARWOOD brought in the nineteenth report of the Committee on Standing Orders.

Mr. CARTER submitted the fourteenth report of the Private Bills' Committee.

Mr. BERGEVIN, from Select Committee, reported the bill to legalize certain proceedings of certain Boards of Notaries.

STAMPS.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN introduced a bill to amend certain Acts therein mentioned, and to provide certain measures in relation to stamps.

COLONIZATION.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU then, amid considerable applause, moved for leave to introduce his promised bill in relation to colonization roads.

Also, his bill for the encouragement of settlers on Crown Lands.

At the request of Hon. Mr. Langevin, the hon. gentleman forthwith explained the main features of his measures. The former was intended for the purpose of classifying the colonization roads, distinguishing them as roads maintained wholly at the expense of the Province, roads maintained partly at the expense of the Province, and partly at the expense of municipal or local associations, and roads maintained also partly at the expense of the Province, and partly at the expense of the settlers, under certain conditions. It also contained provisions for the making of a general map of the colonization roads and all Crown Lands, shewing the nature of the soil in each place, and for the publication and dissemination of information regarding these lands in pamphlet and other forms. The other bill for the encouragement of settlers on Crown Lands was not exactly a homestead law—he would not like to so style it—but it partook somewhat of the character of such a law. Its object was to exempt from seizure for a certain number of years the lands, instruments of husbandry, stock and a portion of the farm produce of settlers for debts contracted previous to their coming into possession of such lands. (Applause.) Another provision, contemplating a limit to the extent for which they could be attached for subsequent debts, was under consideration, but had not yet been quite agreed upon. Of course, in reference to the last feature, the Government were prepared to receive suggestions from the House and the Committee, perhaps more in the way of extension than limitation.

Mr. MARCHAND enquired if there was anything in the last mentioned bill for the protection of settlers against large landholders? (Hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU said this point was much more serious and difficult; but it could have been gathered from the Hon. Treasurer's statement that it was the desire of the Government to grapple with it. It was too complicated a question, however, affecting, as it did, private rights, that they did not feel themselves, in the hurry of the last days of the session, at liberty to deal with it this session, but they would most certainly do so next session. (Applause.)

The bills were then read, and fixed for a second reading.

THIRD READINGS.

Read a third time and passed:—

Bill respecting the office of Secretary and Registrar, and other subjects therein mentioned.—Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU.

Bill respecting the office of Queen's Printer and the publishing of an Official Gazette for the Province of Quebec.—Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU.

Bill respecting inspectors of prisons, hospitals and other institutions.—Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU.

Bill to amend the Act cap. 18 of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, respecting the erection and division of parishes.—Hon. Mr. OUIMET.

Bill to supply the place of the Speaker of the Legislative Council in certain cases (from the Legislative Council.)—Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU.

EDUCATION.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU then moved the reception of the report of the Committee of the Whole on the resolution respecting the support of schools in the cities of Quebec and Montreal.—Carried.

The resolution was read a second time; and—

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU then introduced a bill based on the resolution.

After some explanations, it was read and fixed for a second reading.

THE SUPPLIES.

On motion of Hon. Mr. DUNKIN, the House again went into Committee of Supply; when the hon. gentleman moved the adoption of the first item relating to the Lieutenant-Governor's office, to enable him, he said, to go into Committee of Ways and Means on Monday, when he expected to be able to afford all the necessary explanations.

The item was carried, and the Committee rose and reported progress.

Mr. JOLY complimented Hon. Mr. Dunkin on the ability and clearness of his financial statement and the happy condition of affairs which it had proven. (Applause.) He went on to make several suggestions in relation to the Reformatory Prison, and the propriety of the Government bringing down by Monday a detailed list of the departmental employees, with their salaries, so as to avoid discussion and numerous inquiries on that head.

Mr. BACHAND also warmly felicitated the Hon. Treasurer. He knew, he said, his ability and character for frankness, but he had been surprised by the very great frankness he had evinced in his statement, concluding by observing that that speech or statement sufficed of itself alone to place the hon. gentleman in the foremost rank of celebrated men of the Province. (Applause.)

Mr. ROBERTSON, on his own behalf and that of the other English speaking members, also paid a warm tribute of praise to the Hon. Treasurer, promising him his warm support in the carrying out of his policy.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN returned thanks for the compliments paid him, and again explained the difficulties under which he had labored in the matter of his statement.

The subject then dropped.

JURY LAW AMENDMENT.

Hon. Mr. OUIMET moved the second reading of his bill to amend the 27 and 28 Vic., cap. 40, respecting the summoning and selection of jurors. He explained that its object was to lessen the cost of the administration of justice in the summoning of juries by doing away with the necessity of summoning parties already exempted by law, from serving on juries. Some $22,000 or $23,000 would be thus saved a year.

After some conversational discussion, the bill was read and ordered for reference to Committee of the Whole on Tuesday.

OTHER PROCEEDINGS.

The bill to amend the act incorporating the Montreal City Passenger Railway Company was passed a third reading.

The bill respecting the Rockland Slate Company was reported from Committee of the Whole and fixed for a third reading.

The bill to amend the charter of the Quebec Gas Company, and that to amend the acts respecting the Corporation of Montreal were read a second time.

The House then adjourned.

MONDAY, Feby. 17, 1863.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Mr. JOLY presented two petitions from Lotbiniere, praying for the adoption of Major Robinson's line.

QUEBEC MUNICIPAL CHARTER.

Mr. JOLY also presented a petition from the Quebec Bank, praying against that part of the Quebec Corporation amendment bill, praying for power to levy a tax on banks. (Hear, hear.)

ST. SAUVEUR.

Mr. SIMARD submitted a petition from 400 inhabitants of the municipality of the Parish of St. Roch's of Quebec South, praying that the amendments asked for to the charter of the said municipality by the Mayor and Councillors thereof be not granted, inasmuch as the election of the said Mayor and Councillors was illegal, and under examination at the moment by the Courts of Law.

WINTER VEHICLES.

Mr. MOLLEUR presented a petition in favor of the bill to amend the law relating to winter vehicles and winter roads. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. BENOIT brought in another, with the same prayer.

FIRE MARSHAL.

Mr. CARTER submitted a petition from Montreal in favor of the bill for the appointment of a fire marshal for that city.

CONTINGENCIES.

Mr. BELLEROSE brought in the tenth report of the Committee on Contingencies, recommending further retrenchments in the contingencies. He explained the report at length, and moved its adoption.

The report also recommended a reduction in the staff of permanent officers.

Mr. SCRIVER bore testimony to the valuable services rendered by the chairman of the committee. It had been owing to his activity ane firmness that much of the Parliamentary expenditure had been reduced to the present figure. He thought he (Mr. Bellerose) was honestly entitled to the warmest appreciation of his services on the part of the House. [Hear, hear.]

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU said he desired to state in reference to the recommendation of the report touching the reduction of the number of permanent employees, that the opinion of the Clerk of the House had been taken on the subject. The clerk did not think the present number too large, particularly for future sessions when the business was likely to be more considerable. Still the Government intended, whenever a vacancy occurred, to not fill it without consulting the Speaker and the Clerk as to the necessity of doing so, so that the House, through its chief officers, would be enabled to exercise a control in the matter and effect economy if it thought proper.

The report was then adopted.

OTHER REPORTS.

Mr. CARTER—Fifteenth report of the Private Bills' Committee.

Hon. Mr. IRVINE—Sixth report of the Committee on Contingencies.

JURY LAW AMENDMENT.

On motion of Hon. Mr. OUIMET, the House then went into Committee on the bill to amend the law respecting the summoning and selection of jurors—Mr. LABERGE in the Chair.

The Committee, after a short sitting, rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again, which was granted.

THE SUPPLIES.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said that as the details in connection with the estimates under the head of Civil Government and Administration and certain other items were not yet printed, he would request the House, in going into Committee, to allow the estimates in question to stand until the evening sitting. In the meanwhile, the others could be gone on with.

After some conversation, the House went into Committee—Mr. SIMARD in the Chair.

On the item of $20,000 to meet the expenses of police—

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN remarked that this estimate was considerably in advance of what in all probability would be needed, and he was asking in effect for a vote of credit as regards that item; but in order to meet any exigencies which might arise, he thought it prudent to ask for $20,000.

The item was then passed.

On the item of $37,500 for the St. Vincent de Paul Reformatory—

Mr. BELLEROSE expressed a desire to see the salaries of the officials of this establishment placed on a more just and equable scale.

The item was carried.

The following were passed without discussion:—

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Indemnity to Members and Mileage.	$11500 00
Salaries and Contingent Expenses..	16863 00

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Indemnity to Members and Mileage.	31500 00
Salaries and Contingent Expenses..	57427 45

MISCELLANEOUS.

Printing and Binding the Laws....	12500 00
Distributing the Laws.....	1250 00
Grant to Parliamentary Library....	8000 00
Salary of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.....	877 17
Contingencies of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.....	1500 00

In reference to the item of $68,000 for superior education, which was next passed,

Hon Mr. DUNKIN said this estimate was only for twelve months. When the House met again towards the close of this year, he would be in a position to afford more correct information on some points in connection with this subject. A more thorough and efficient distribution of the grants would then be made.

The following were then concurred in:—

Common Schools.....	$174,000 00
Normal Schools.....	62,590 00
Agricultural Education in connection with Normal Schools....	12,000 00
Salaries of School Inspectors.....	29,700 00
Schools in poor municipalities...	4,000 00
Books for prizes.....	3,000 00
Journals of Education.....	3,600 00
Departmental Library.....	1,200 00
Do Salaries.....	16,500 00
Do Contingencies.....	15,000 00
Superannuated Teachers Fund...	2,600 00

On the item for school inspection above mentioned,

Mr. SCRIVER asked whether it was the intention of Government to make any change whatever in regard to the inspection of schools, with a view to increase the number of inspectors, or in any other way to render the inspection more effective.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU said the whole of the subject of education would be taken up in all its details next Session. The inspection of schools was a subject of great importance, and one which had occupied very much of his personal attention. The only difficulty they experienced in the matter was the expense. In Great Britain, a large proportion of the estimate for education was spent on inspecting schools, but in our case our finances would not permit of this. He had made a special report some five years ago, in which he had submitted three different systems, and had called the notice of Parliament thereto, but since that time they had not thought proper to deal with the subject. The whole question would be taken up by the Government next Session.

In reference to the item of $2,600, Superannuated Teachers' Fund,

Mr. HEMMING thought this amount entirely too small.

Mr. SCRIVER was also of the same opinion. He bbtieved it should be increased. He had known teachers who after wearing themselves out in the service upon a miserably inadequate salary, and who were now living as best they could on their small allowance of $25 or $30 from this fund. He hoped the estimate would be increased.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU was delighted to hear the remarks of the hon. gentleman. In every one of his reports as Superintendent, he had recommended an increase of the fund, and had shewn that the increase would be an advantage to the Province, because some day or other, if the grant was not augmented, the system would have to be abandoned, and then a larger sum would have to be refunded to those who had subscribed than the increase would amount, to. He did not know the Treasurer would be able to appreciate this view of the case.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said they had all sorts of good intentions for next year. (Laughter.)

The following grants were for twelve months, and were passed without debate:—

LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTIONS.

Aid to Medical Faculty McGill College Montreal.....	750 00
School of Medicine Montreal	750 00
Literary and Historical Society, Quebec	750 00
Natural History Society, Montreal.....	750 00

HOSPITALS AND CHARITIES.

Montreal.

Aid to Corporation of the General Hospital..	4000 00
Deaf and Dumb Institution	3000 00
Indigent Sick.....	3200 00
St. Patrick's Hospital.	1600 00
Sœurs de la Providence.....	1120 00
Saint Vincent de Paul Asylum.....	430 00
House of Refuge.....	480 00
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum	640 00
University Lying in Hospital.....	480 00
Magdalen Asylum (Bon Pasteur).....	320 00
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum.....	320 00
Sœurs de la Charite...	800 00
Protestant Orphan Asylum	640 00
Lying in Hospital care Sœurs de la Misericorde.....	480 00
Bonaventure Street Asylum	430 00
Nazareth Asylum for the Blind and for Destitute Children.....	430 00
Dispensary	320 00
Ladies' Benevolent Society for Widows and Orphans.....	320 00
Home and School of Industry	320 00
Eye and Ear Institution	320 00

Quebec.

Indigent Sick.....	3200 00
Charitable Ladies Association of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum	480 00
Asylum of the Good Sheperd	640 00
Hospice de la Maternite	480 00
Ladies' Protestant Home.....	320 00
Male Orphan Asylum	320 00
Finlay Asylum.....	320 00
Protestant Female Orphan Asylum.....	320 00
St. Bridget's Asylum.	320 00
Canada Military Asylum	160 00

Three Rivers.

Indigent Sick.....	2240 00
General Hospital, District of Richelieu, Sorel	1200 00

St. Hyacinthe.

St. Hyacinthe Hospital	320 00
Catholic General Hospital	320 00 30290 00

Quebec.

Marine and Emigrant Hospital	4000 00

On the items of $138,000 for the Beauport Asylum, and $27,000 for the St. John's Lunatic Asylum—

Mr. BELLINGHAM asked the Hon. Treasurer upon what grounds he made his estimate for the Beauport Asylum? The amount was very nearly the same as the estimate he (Mr. B.) had made when he brought up his motion on the same subject. The contract allowed 650 patients as a maximum, and this number at three and nine pence each would amount to about $92,750 a year. So that there must be nearly the full number of patients there, about 647.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said they had nearly the maximum number, about 639 he believed.

Mr. BELLINGHAM—How many of that number pay?

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN—Only one.

Mr. BELLINGHAM—He must be a paragon of honesty; I would like to know his name. (Laughter.) He thought the amount far too large. The institution if properly managed might be made self-supporting.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said the Government would look into the matter carefully before next session, and if they could reduce the amount they would. But it should be remembered that an institution of this kind must necessarily be expensive. He could not hold out the hope that the asylum would be made self-supporting. A large portion of the lunatics were connected with those who were very poor, and could not afford to give anything towards their support.

Mr. BELLINGHAM said he meant they should be made self-supporting by having farms attached to them. Such a course would have a good effect upon the patients, and would bring in a revenue as well.

Mr. MARCHAND asked whether the estimate for the St. Johns Lunatic Asylum included an amount for making addition to the buildings.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN—No, the item is only for the expenses of maintainance.

The estimate for aid to Board of Arts and Manufactures, $2,000, was passed. An aid to Agricultural Societies, $80,058.80.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said that they proposed to change the rule for gratuity to societies, and give them only the same amount which they have by subscription. He thought this would improve the efficiency of the societies and at the same time be a saving to Government.

Mr. BELLINGHAM was quite in favor of the proposed change; in regard to the proportion to be given by the Government it was quite liberal enough if the Government gave as much as the societies, but he protested against the amount being reduced. The Agricultural Societies were quite prepared to double the grant as already given; they were a grazing rather than a grain growing country, and every encouragment should be given to societies to introduce improved stock. In every country as agriculture advanced they always increased the grant to agricultural societies, and we would never be in a position to do without those grants.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said the societies would receive as much as formerly, more by subscription and less from the Government. At present there was not sufficient interest taken in those societies by the members, and if they were required to pay more themselves they would make them more efficient. If they existed merely to disburse the public money, the money would do no good at all The societies did very little, indeed, towards introducing improved stock.

After some further discussion—

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN said, after having heard the views of the House, he would consent to allow the maximum amount to any county to remain at $800, the Government at the same time only giving as much as might be subscribed. Whether his estimate would cover that or not he did not know; at any rate, it would not go much beyond it.

The item was passed, and it being then six o'clock, the House rose.

After the recess,—

House again in Committee of the Whole on the Estimates.

The CHAIRMAN said he had been informed that several members wished to speak on the estimate for aid to Agricultural Societies, and although the Committee had passed that item, he would ask the Government to allow it to be brought up again.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN had no objection.

A somewhat desultory discussion followed.

Mr. LECAVALLER thought the grant should be increased.

Mr. DESAULNIERS (St. Maurice) opposed any increase. It was not so much the amount of the prize that was offered at the agricultural societies that induced farmers to exhibit their stock, as the desire to have the best.

Mr. GAUDET thought every encouragement possible should be given by the Government to agriculture, and approved of an increase in the grant.

Mr. HEMMING said it was true we had made great advances in agriculture, but great improvement might yet be made in that direction. Some changes in the law by which the societies were organized, and in other respects, required to be made, but he thought it best to postpone making those changes till next session. There was a strong desire in his part of the country that there should be district shows. The prizes at the Provincial Exhibition were generally carried off by a few of the best farmers, while other farmers who had good stock were virtually excluded from competing. For the latter class, who were by far the most numerous, district shows would be a great advantage. He approved of doing away with the division of counties; frequently the grant was so small in one county as to render the prizes almost worthless. Encouragement should be given to the formation of Farmer's Clubs. In the winter season when farmers had leisure, they could meet together and discuss practical questions relating to agriculture, and the result would soon be a decidedly improved system of farming.

Mr. COUTLEE said that considering that the whole question would be reconsidered next session, it would be best to pass the estimate as it stood.

Mr. JOLY was of opinion that the old rule of giving three times the amount subscribed by members of the societies was a good one, and should not be changed. The grants under that rule were not extravagant.

Hon. Mr. DUNKIN was exceedingly happy that this discussion had taken place, as it gave him a more correct idea of the opinions of the House. By the discussion in the Committee on Agriculture, he had been led to think that the time had come when some changes in the rule for distributing to agricultural societies should be made. Until the statute relating to such distribution was changed, the Government would be bound to give the old proportion of three-fourths of the whole funds of the societies; and if whether the estimates cover the amount or not, it was contrary to rule to change the estimates now, and he would therefore suggest that this item be passed.

Hon. Mr. CHAPAIS was of the same opinion.

Hon. Mr. CHAUVEAU said the House must either reject the whole item, or take it as it stood—they could not now change it. But he would carefully consider the whole question, and he proposed to make whatever changes might be thought necessary next session. He thought if the Government only gave the same amount as subscribed, the members would pay more and thus a larger fund would be obtained.

The item was then passed; also the following, which complete the whole of the estimates:—

AGRICULTURAL INSTRUCTION.

Aid to Agricultural School, St. Anne.....	1200 00
Do. do. L'Assomption	1200 00
Immigration.....	4000 00

Auction Sales, Quebec

BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

AUCTION SALE

TRADE SALE

—OF—

GROCERIES!

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Wines, Gins, Brandies, Pickles, Sauces, Tobaccos, Cigars, etc., etc.

WE have instructions from Messrs. JOHN LEMESURIER & CO., to offer, at their Warehouse, No 33, Peter Street,

—ON—

THURSDAY NEXT,

THE 20th INSTANT,

A Large and General Assortment of English and French GROCERIES, consisting of:

1560 Chests and half-chests new crop Moyune Hyson, Hyson Twankay, Gunpowder, Souchong, Congou, Uncolored Japan, Japan Twankay and Imperial Teas,
Hhds. Extra Bright Demerara Sugar,
Hhds. Bright Porto Rico Sugar,
Barrels Crushed A Sugar,
Puncheons Extra Bright Porto Rico Syrup,
Puncheons do St. Vincent do,
Hhds. do Barbadoes do,
Barrels Quebec and Montreal Golden do,
Barrels and Bags Roasted and Green Java, Costa Rica, Porto Rico, Jamaica, Maracaibo and Laguayra Coffees,
Boxes Lump Tobaccos,
Boxes, half-boxes and quarter-boxes new crop Raisins,
Boxes Fresh Valencia Raisins,
Barrels Fresh Zant Currants,
Bags Turkey Filberts,
Boxes Shelled Almonds,
Bags, half-bags and packets Arracan Rice,
Hhds. and red and green cases DeKuyper's Gin,
Hhds. and green cases Ball & Dunlop's do,
Cases and quarter-casks Vinegrowers' Brandy,
Cases Jules Robin's Brandy,
Cases Arnac & Freres do,
Cases Otard Dupuy's do,
Qr.-casks Colli and Crown Sherry,
Qr.-casks and octaves L. P. Sherry,
Qr.-Casks 1 and 2 Burgundy Wine,
Qr.-casks Ysasi's Port and Sherry.

—ALSO,—

A Large Assortment of General GROCERIES.

Sale at half-past ONE o'clock precisely.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Feb. 18, 1868.

POST OFFICE,

QUEBEC, 18th Feb., 1868.

DEPARTURE OF MAILS FROM QUEBEC.

MAILS.	CLOSE.
United Kingdom, Bremen Line, via New York, every Monday	5 30 p.m.
Do Inman Line, do, do, Thursday	5 30 p.m.
Do Canadian Line, via Portland, do Friday (1)	5 00 p.m.
Do Cunard Line, via New York, do Saturday	5.30 p.m.
Newfoundland & Bermuda on the 20th	5.30 p.m.
G.T.R., (West,) Way Offices, Montreal, Ontario and U. S., daily, (2)	5.40 p.m.
Megantic, Leeds, St. Giles and St. Sylvester, daily	5.40 p.m.
St. John, N. B. and P. E. Island, daily	5.40 p.m.
Halifax every Thursday, via G. T. Steamer from Portland	5.40 p.m.
Do do Friday, via Portland to St. John, N. B., by Steamer	5.40 p.m.
New Brunswick, via Edmonston and Woodstock over land Route, Tues., Thurs. and Saturdays	8.00 a.m.
Gaspé, Bay of Chaleurs, Dalhousie, Campbellton, &c., Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays	8.00 a.m.
South Shore (East,) to Riv. du Loup, and East by Land to Rimouski, Metis, &c., daily, (3)	8.00 a.m.
St. Henri, to St. Claire and Frampton West, inclusive, daily	8.00 a.m.
Do to St. George laBeauce, inclusive, daily	11.00 a.m.
Beaumont, St. Michel, Bienville, Indian Cove and Lauzon, daily	3.00 p.m.
South Shore (West,) St. Nicholas, to Beauvoir, inclusive, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	8.00 a.m.
North Shore (East) Beauport, to Murray Bay and Chicoutimi, inclusive, Mon., Wed. and Fridays	8.00 a.m.
North Shore (West,) St. Foy, to Three Rivers, inclusive, daily	4.00 p.m.
Island of Orleans, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	2.30 p.m.
Spencer Cove, Levis and St. Sauveur, twice daily	8.40 a.m. 2.30 p.m.
South Quebec, twice daily	8 00 a.m. 5 40 p.m.

Postage on Letters for the United Kingdom, via Bremen, Inman and Cunard Lines, 15c per ½ oz.

Do do Canadian Line, 12½c per ½ oz

Letters for Bremen and Inman Lines, must be be pre-paid and specially addressed.

(1) Supplementary Bag will be closed at 6.15 p.m.
(2) do do, 6.40 p.m.
(3) do do, 8,45 a.m.

Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.

No Mails despatched on Sunday.

Street Letter Boxes visited twice daily,—8 a.m. and 5 p.m.

QUEBEC HARBOR COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
17th Feb., 1868.

TO LET,

THAT Large Three Storey Stone STORE, heretofore kept as No 6 Bonded Warehouse, on the Wellington Wharf. Immediate possession if wanted.

—ALSO,—

The Block Wooden STORE, occupied by Messrs. Begue & Poliquin, on the West India Wharf. Possession 1st May next.

Apply to

J. B. MARTEL,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Feb. 18, 1868. 3w-3o

NEW GOODS!

Novelties In:

EPERGNES, Flower and Fruit Stands,
Cake Baskets, Cruet Stands,
Fish and Dessert Knives and Forks,
Handsome Silver Tea and Coffee Sets,
Handsome Silver Cruets, &c.,
New Styles in Plated Tea and Coffee Sets,
Fine Gold and Silver Watches, selling at a small advance on cost price,
Silver Gilt Hunting Watches, only 35s. each,
Fine Silver Watches, only 25s. each.

At

MRS. SIMON LEVY'S,
1, John Street.

Feb. 18, 1868.

LOST,

ON SUNDAY, the 9th January, between Mr. Dumlin's, Champlain Street, and the Post Office,—a POCKET BIBLE, with the owner's name in it. The finder will be rewarded on leaving the same at this Office.

Feb. 18, 1868. 1p

COOK WANTED.

A GOOD PLAIN COOK, willing to do house-work in a family consisting of two persons. Apply between the hours of 10 and 2, to

MRS. HAMMOND GOWEN,
25, Genevieve Street, Cape.

Feb. 18, 1868. 1p

QUEBEC NEWS DEPOT,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

The Sportsman!

A Journal of Manly Sports, the Turf, Billiards, Chess, and the Stage, Montreal, 12th, 1868. Price, 10 cents. Weekly,—terms of subscription $3 per annum, payable in advance.

C. E. HOLTWELL & CO.,
Opposite the Post Office,

Sole Agents for the SPORTSMAN, in Quebec.

Feb. 18, 1868.

CLEARANCE SALE

CONTINUED AT

O'DOHERTY & CO.'S

IN order to reduce the STOCK as low as possible, previous to removal to our new premises, we have decided to make a further SWEEPING REDUCTION on everything, commencing on

MONDAY, the 17th Instant.

We would particularize a few of the many CHEAP LOTS to be offered, viz:—

Black Gros Grain,
Black and Colored Moires,
White and Colored Grenedines,
White Lama Lace Mantles,
Shawls and Demi Shawls,
Linen and Cotton Sheetings,
Table Damasks and Napkins,
White Shirtings and Grey Cottons,
Flannels and Blankets,
Tweeds,
Hosiery and Underclothing,
Spring and Summer Dress Goods, and Printed Muslins,
Gros de Suez and Glace Silks,
Colored Satins,
Tarlatans, (every shade of color;)
Black Lace Mantles,
Filled Long Shawls and Squares,
Diaper and Huckaback Towellings,
White Counterpanes and Marseilles Quilts, &c., &c.,
Cloths and Cassimeres,
Ladies' Shetland Wool Vests and Underdresses,
Embroideries, &c.

O'DOHERTY & CO.

Experienced Salesmen Wanted.

O'D. & CO.

Feb. 14, 1868. 12

BAZAAR!

A BAZAAR in aid of the ST. BRIDGET'S ASYLUM, will take place early in October next. Contributions will be thankfully received by the following ladies, who will preside at the tables:

Mrs. McGuire, Mrs. Woolsey,
" McGreevy, " C. Peters,
" J. Lane, " J. O'Leary,
" J. Hearn, " J. Giblin.
" Wm. Convey,

Mrs. Parkins and Mrs. Flanagan will preside at the refreshment tables.

By order,

HELENA J. GREEN,
Secretary.

Feb. 18, 1868. 6

LOST,

IN Quebec, on SUNDAY, the 19th January,—a BROWN RETRIEVER DOG, with a short stumpy tail and a scar on his forehead. Any person returning the same to the R. E. Camp, Point Levis, will be handsomely rewarded.

Feb. 18, 1868. 3p

Unclaimed Letters.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Quebec Post Office, on the 17th Feb, 1868.

If the following Letters are not redeemed within SIX WEEKS from this date, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

N. B.—Persons asking for any of these, are respectfully requested to ask for "Advertised Letters."

The numbers after some of the names denote the number of Letters to the same address.

Butler, Sarah
Baker, Mary
Bowden, Celia
Creak, Mrs
Carroll, Michael
Carroll, John
Copeland, Geo
Dingman, A Miss
Egerton, Capt
Ferguson, John
Harris, R P
Hemming & Butler, Hemming, Edward
Knox, Capt G U R A
Leydon, Mary A
Mortimer, A
McCullen, Hugh
Mosrey, John
Mondelet, J C A
McElerine, Patrick
N S
O'Connell, W D
Redmond, Patrick
Ramsay, Jonathan
Rooney, Dan
Smith, R Herbert
Thornton, Dr W
Vient, A
Walker, Alex
Wood, F E
Watters, Mr.

B
Buckley, Patrick
Brown, J A
C
Conelley, Owen
Chandler, Lt.-Col C
Campbell, G
Carty, Anne
D
E
F
H
Hickey, Mary Miss
Husick, John
K
Kennedy, Mrs
L
M
Murry, Eliza
McHale, James
Marshall, Jane
Mahedy, P
N
O
R
Ritchie, James
Richardson, J
Ruland, A R
S
Salmon, Joseph
T
V
W
Wilson, E S
White, H W

JOHN SEWELL,
Postmaster.

Quebec Post Office,
Feb. 18, 1868.

TO BE LET,

A HOUSE with Garden, and a SHOP with Dwelling, situate on St. Vallier Street, St. Sauveur, next to Mr. Robertson's gardens.

Apply to

F. X. MARQUIS,
St. Joseph of Levis.

Or to

P. GIROUX,
Opposite St. Sauveur Church.

Feb. 18, 1868. 12p

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of

JOHN SOLES BOWEN,

An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

WM. WALKER,
Official Assignee.

Feb. 18, 1868. 12

1868. ST. PATRICK'S DAY. 1868.

Hibernian Benevolent Society.

A General Meeting of the Quebec Hibernian Benevolent Society will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING NEXT, the 19th instant, at the CHAMPLAIN MARKET HALL, for the admission of members and the transaction of business connected with the coming celebration of the 17th March next.

Irishmen and their descendants are invited to attend

A splendid Band has been engaged for the occasion, and will enliven the meeting by playing some of the most popular Irish airs.

The Chair will be taken at EIGHT o'clock sharp.

By Order,

J. S. REDMOND,
Secretary.

N. B.—Several Irish orators of well-known ability have volunteered to address the meeting.

Feb. 17, 1868. 3

A First Class Vault to Let.

Apply at No. 5, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town.

Feb. 14, 1868. 6

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

3, Fabrique Street.

FINEST NEW STYLES OF

SILVER AND ELECTRO PLATE,

Epergnes,
Flower and Fruit Stands,
Cruets,
Salvers,
&c., &c.

And a Fine Stock of:

SPOONS,
FORKS, and
TABLE CUTLERY.

HENRY SMEATON.

Feb. 17, 1868.

1868. 1868.

GRAND TRUNK SNOW-SHOE CLUB ANNUAL RACES.

THE above will take place at Point Levi Station, on SATURDAY, the 22nd February, at TWO P.M., (weather permitting.)

RACES.

1st.—Two Miles, Indian Race, open to all. Prize, 1st, $10; 2nd, $5.
2nd.—Soldiers' Race, ½ mile, Government Snow Shoes. Prize, 1st, $3; 2nd, $2; 3rd, $1.
3rd.—Boys' Race, ½ mile. Prize, Pair Snow Shoes.
4th.—Club Race, ½ mile. Prize, Silver Cup.
5th.—Soldiers' Race, Government Snow Shoes, ½ mile. Prize, 1st, $3; 2nd, $2; 3rd, $1.
6th.—100 yards dash, in heats. Prize, Gold Breast Pin.
7th.—Club Race, ½ mile dash. Prize, Champion Belt.
8th.—Hurdle Race, 100 yards in heats, hurdles 2 feet 6 inches high. Prize, Writing Desk.
9th.—One Mile Race, (Indians excluded.) Prize, Silver Medal.
10th.—Consolation Stakes, for losing competitors. Prize, 1st, $5; 2nd, $4; 3rd, $3; 4th, $2; 5th, $1.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.—Nos. 4 and 7 open to members of the Club only. Entrance fee to each race, 25 cents. (Indians, Soldiers and Boys, free.) No Snow-Shoes allowed under ten inches in width. Intending competitors are requested to send in their names to the Secretary at Point Levi Station, or to W. McKenny, Esq., at Russell's Hotel, who has kindly consented to keep a list open for the benefit of Quebecers. Sleighs not to approach the flags pointing out the course nearer than 20 yards.

By the kind permission of Major Burt, the splendid Band of the Royal Artillery will be in attendance.

J. C. BURNETT,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Feb. 17, 1868.

FISH

FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES:

30 Drafts and Barrels Green CODFISH,
20 Quintals No. 1 Dry Table Fish,
300 Barrels and Halves Salmon, Sea Trout, Caplin, Split and Unsplit Herrings.

J. M. KERR.

Feb. 17, 1868. 3

TO BE LET,

A DOUBLE OFFICE, with a first-class fire-proof Safe, now occupied by J. M. Lemoine, Esq., Victoria Chambers, corner of St. Paul and St. Peter Streets.

—ALSO,—

A large four storey Wooden STORE, on St. Paul Street, now occupied by Messrs. J. Lord & Co.

—ALSO—

A three storey Stone STORE, on St. Paul Street, with or without the wooden Hangar, in the rear, next to the Hon. Ls. Renaud, and now occupied by Mr. W. Buckell.

—ALSO—

An extended WHARF, North of St. Paul Street, lately occupied by Messrs. Benson Bennett & Co.

—AND—

A spacious Square LOT OF GROUND, with two large buildings, one in stone, the other in brick, near the Palais Harbor, and bounded by four streets,—the whole together, or by lots separately.

Apply to

J. B. RENAUD.

Feb. 13, 1868. tf

Election of a City Councillor

—FOR—

ST. ROCH'S WARD,

—AND OF A—

CITY COUNCILLOR

—FOR—

ST. PETER'S WARD.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the Election of a CITY COUNCILLOR for the said St. Roch's Ward, in the room of Adolphe G. Tourangeau, Esquire, who has refused to accept the office of Councillor, for the said Ward, and of a Councillor for St. Peter's Ward, in the room of Thomas Burns, Esquire, resigned, will take place on the 17th and 18th days of February instant, at NINE of the clock in the forenoon, for St. Roch's Ward, at the Police Station, North side of St. Joseph Street, in the said Ward, and that Councillor Julien has been appointed to preside at the said election; and for St. Peter's Ward, at the Police Station, St. Paul Street, in the said Ward, and that Alderman Renaud has been appointed to preside at the said election.

N. B.—The voting will be continued from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. each day. No person shall be admitted to vote who has not paid his assessments one month before the election.

By Order,

L. A. CANNON,
City Clerk.

CITY HALL,
Quebec, Feb. 13, 1868.

FISH OILS.

40 Barrels Seal, Whale and Porpoise,
20 do Pure Oil Settlings.

For Sale by

J. M. KERR.

Feb. 17, 1868. 3

COARSE GRAINS!

FOR SALE,—250 Tons:

Bran,
Goudriole,
Oats,
Barley, and
Rye,

In Lots to Suit Purchasers.

J. M. KERR,
44, St. Paul Street.

Feb. 17, 1868. 3

WANTED,

BY a Wholesale House,—a YOUNG MAN, as Book-Keeper, (by double entry;) must have good references, and able to speak both languages. Apply by letter, (post paid,) stating particulars and salary, to "A. B.," Post Office.

Feb. 13, 1868. 6

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of

H. F. WALLACE,

Insolvent.

A Dividend Sheet in the above Estate has been prepared, subject to objection until seventh of March, 1868.

A. FRASER,
Official Assignee.

Feb. 15, 1868.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of

ROBERT JAMES HOPPER,

An Insolvent.

A DIVIDEND SHEET has been prepared, subject to objection, until the fourth day of March, 1868.

WM. WALKER,
Official Assignee.

Feb 12, 1868. 12

Insolvent Act of 1864.

THE Creditors of the undersigned are notified to meet at the Office of THIBAUDEAU, THOMAS & CO., in Quebec, on the 2nd day of March, at THREE o'clock, P.M., for the purpose of receiving statements of his affairs, and of naming an Assignee, to whom he may make an assignment under the above Act.

JOS. PELLETIER.

Feb. 10, 1868. 12

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of

JOSEPH O. METHOT,

An Insolvent.

A Deed of Composition and Discharge has been filed in the Office of the undersigned, and will be acted upon, unless objection is made on or before the 28th instant.

PEMBERTON PATERSON,
Official Assignee.

Feb. 10, 1868.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of

EDWARD CINGRAS & CO.,

Insolvents.

A Dividend Sheet has been prepared, subject to objection, until the 28th instant.

PEMBERTON PATERSON,
Official Assignee.

Feb. 10, 1868.

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of

E. E. DEGUISE,

Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that a Dividend Sheet has been prepared, and will remain open to inspection and objections at the office of THIBAUDEAU, THOMAS & CO, every day between the hours of ten and five o'clock, until the 24th day of February, after which the dividends therein allotted will be paid.

I. THIBAUDEAU,
Assignee.

Feb. 10, 1868. 12

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of

CHARLES LECLERC, of St. Paul de Chester,

An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his Estate and Effects, under the above Act, to me, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date with their claims, attested under oath, with the vouchers for such claims.

A. JOSEPH,
Assignee.

Feb. 4, 1868. 2m

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of

FERDINAND LEGENDRE,

An Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified to meet at the Office of the undersigned Assignee, corner of Bonnventure and Notre Dame Streets, in the City of Three Rivers, on TUESDAY, the tenth day of March next, at TWO o'clock, P M., for the public examination of the Insolvent, and for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally. The Insolvent is requested to attend.

J. B. O. DUMONT,
Assignee.

Three Rivers, Feb. 4, 1868. Feb. 7-12

MUSIC HALL,

ST. LOUIS STREET.

GRAND DRAMATIC SOIREE,

TO CLOSE THE CARNIVAL

—BY THE—

'AMATEUR CANADIENS CLUB,'

Under the direction of Mr. Jos. Savard.

TUESDAY,

18th FEBRUARY, 1868.

"LES DEUX SOURDS,"

Vaudeville, in one Act.

"LA ROSE DE ST. FLOUR,"

Burlesque Opera, in one Act, by M. Michel Carré,

—AND—

The second representation of the famous Vaudeville, which obtained so much success in this city:

"LA CONSIGNE EST DE RONFLER"

Vaudville, in one Act, interspersed with verses, by Messrs. Grangé et Thiboust.

In another Act, two Amateurs will Dance

A PAS DE DEUX.

LEADER OF ORCHESTRA.....M. HAMEL.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Reserved Seats.....$0 50.
Galleries.....0 37½.
Pit.....0 25.

From noon until two o'clock on the day of performance, reserved seats may be secured at the Music Hall.

Tickets for sale at Mr. Elsear Vincent's, Printer, St. John Street, St. John Suburbs; Messrs. Garant & Trudel, Fabrique Street, Upper Town; Messrs. Hardy & Marcotte's Book Store, Lower Town, and at the door of the Hall, on the night of performance.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Feb. 11, 1868.

Auction Sales, Quebec

BY CASEY & Co.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

—AND—

EFFECTS!

WE are instructed by Madame A. Casgrain, to sell by Auction, at her residence, No. 23, D'Aiguillon Street, St. John Suburbs,

—ON—

THURSDAY

THE 20th INSTANT,

Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Rooms and Kitchen FURNITURE, including Carpets, Curtains, Bedding, Stoves, China and Glass-Ware, &c., &c.

Goods on View on Wednesday.

Sale at ONE o'clock.

CASEY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Feb. 17, 1868.

DIOCESAN CHURCH SOCIETY.

CENTRAL BOARD.

THE Next Stated Meeting of the Central Board will be held in the National School Hall, on THURSDAY, the 20th February, at 3.30 o'clock, P.M.

By Order,

A. J. WOOLRYCHE,
Secretary.

Feb. 15, 1868.

To Let:

THE WHARVES and BEACH, at Point Levis, formerly occupied by H. Dubord, Esq., as a Ship-Yard.

Apply at the Office of

D. D. YOUNG & CO.

Feb. 13, 1868. 6

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Valuable Property,

Estate of the late Wm. S. Sewell, Esquire, Sheriff.

WILL be Sold by Auction, on MONDAY, the SECOND DAY OF MARCH NEXT, at the hour of NOON, on the premises in question, situate in D'Auteuil Street, Esplanade, in the Upper Town of Quebec, No. 10, a Valuable CUT STONE HOUSE, three stories high, covered with tin, (rebuilt within the last fifteen years,) with Stable and Out-house, and right of passage by the lane in the rear of the house; one half the purchase money will be allowed to remain in the purchaser's hands for several years, at his option.

For further information, enquire from the undersigned.

HUOT & LARUE,
N. P.

Feb. 12, 1868. 12

Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa, January 14, 1868

Notice to Mariners.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Light Houses, now in course of erection, will be lighted on or about the first day of April next.

Light-House at Cape St. Mary's,

situate on the East side of the entrance to St. Mary's Bay, Digby County, in Lat. 44 01 N, Long. 66 08 W. White Octagon Building will show a Revolving Light, one hundred feet above high water, attaining its greatest brilliancy every minute, and showing alternately red and white faces.

Light-House on Moser's Island.

Harbor Light situate on the West side of the entrance to LaHave River, Lunenburg County, Lat. 44 12 N, Long 64 48 W, a FIXED RED LIGHT situate on the South-East point of the Island. The Building square and painted white, is 55 feet above the sea level, and stands 100 feet from the Cliff. Vessels making the Harbor will give the point the berth of a Cable's length.

Light-House on Peggy's Point,

situate on the East point of the entrance to Saint Margaret's Bay, Lat. 44 29 N, Long. 63 57 W. A FIXED RED LIGHT, about 65 feet above high water. The Building is square and painted white, and stands about 40 yards from the shore.

Light-House on Carribou Island,

situate on the North-East end of Carribou Island, in the County of Pictou, Lat. 45 44 N, Long. 62 46 W. A WHITE REVOLVING LIGHT, showing its greatest brilliancy every minute. The Building is square, and painted white, and stands 130 feet from the North-East point of the Island, and about 35 feet above high water.

Light-House on Pomket Island,

situate in St. George's Bay, in the County of Antigonishe, Lat. 45 38 N, Long. 61 49 W, a FIXED RED LIGHT. The building is square and painted white, 50 feet above high water, and stands on the North side, 50 yards from the East end of the Island.

Light-House on Black Rock Point,

situate on the South side of the entrance to Big Bras d'Or, Victoria County, in the Island of Cape Breton, Lat. 46 19 N, Long 60 21 W, a FIXED WHITE LIGHT. The building is square and painted white, about 45 feet above high water, and stands one hundred feet from the Point.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Feb 6, 1868.

Messrs. Grimault & Co.'s Popular French Patent Medicines.

JOHN MUSSON & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

MESSRS. G. & Co.'s Preparations are truly the greatest success of the age, and we will therefore enumerate his principal Medicines:—

IODIZED SYRUP OF HORSE-RADISH, for those who cannot take Cod Liver Oil. This is recommended by all the medical celebrities, instead of cod liver oil, and especially by Drs. Blache, Basin, Vernais, &c., &c., physicians of the Paris Hospitals.

SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME, Dr. Churchill's prescription. This new Remedy, most in cases of Consumption and the different diseases of the Chest, quickly arrests their most alarming symptoms. The Cough is soothed, night sweats cease, and the patient soon recovers health.

SYRUP OF SEA PINE OF LAGASSE, a new Balsamic Pectoral, used with the greatest success for Coughs, Catarrhs, Colds, &c., &c.; contains no opium. It is equally successful in Catarrhs and Inflammation of the Bladder and Urethra.

PHOSPHATE OF IRON OF LERAS, useful in green-sickness, diseases of the stomach, painful digestion, difficult menstruations, &c. It does not induce constipation.

ELIXIR OF PEPSINE.—This Medicine digests the food, as it were, without the assistance of the stomach. It succeeds admirably in gastritis, weak digestion, loss of appetite. It is the support of old men and convalescents.

PILLS FOR DISEASES OF THE SKIN.—Dr. Cazenaui's prescription.

VEGETABLE GLYCERINE, (extracted from the fruit of the palm tree.) It speedily allays all irritation, and imparts great softness to the skin.

A CURE FOR NEURALGIA AND HEADACHE,—Guarana, a Vegetable product, obtained from Brazil.

He also has lately prepared Pills of Carbonate of Iron and Manganese, Dragies of Lactate of Iron and Manganese, and Pills of the Proto-Sodid of Iron and Manganese.

NO MORE BALSAM COPAIBA.—Use the Matico Capsule and Matico Injection.

—ALSO—

A CHOICE LOT OF PERFUMERY from one of the first Houses of Paris. RIGAUD & Co.

Oct. 12, 1867. 12m

Auction Sale, Montreal

BY J. LEEMING & CO.

TRADE SALE OF TEAS.

THE Subscribers will offer, for account of Messrs. D. TORRANCE & CO., at their Sale Room, on WEDNESDAY, February 19:

About 5,000 half-chest Green and Black and Natural Leaf Japan Teas.

Catalogues will be prepared.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

JOHN LEEMING & CO.,
Auctioneers.

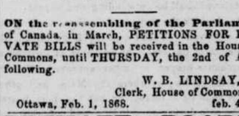
Feb 10, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Executor of the WILL of the late FREDERICK C. VANNOVOUS, Esquire, in his lifetime Advocate and Queen's Counsel of the City of Quebec, requests all persons having claims against the said estate, to forward them to him duly attested, and all persons indebted to the estate, to make payment to him without delay.

DAVID A. ROSS,
Advocate.

Feb. 13, 1868. 3o t ap. 12



Silver Medal—Paris Exhibition, 1867

PEPSINE,

WINE—LOZENGES—GLOBULES,

The most agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion. In bottles and boxes.

PANCREATIC EMULSION, in 4 oz., 8 oz., and 16 oz. bottles.

SACCHARATED WHEAT PHOSPHATES, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and Children, in packets.

GELATINE AND CREOSOTE, (Morson's.)

CHLORODYNE, in bottles, (Morson's)

PURE CHEMICALS AND LATEST PREPARATIONS.

*** See Name, Address and Trade Mark.

T. MORSON & SON,

(Juror International Exhibition 1862,)

31, 33, and 124, Southampton Row, Russell Square, London.

Orders to be made payable through Agents, or by English drafts.

SHIPPING ORDERS CAREFULLY PACKED.

Feb. 10, 1868. 52-1o

COALS! COALS!!

NEWCASTLE Wall's End HOUSE COALS,
Sydney Coals,
American Lehigh do.

—ALSO—

Scotch and Welsh Steam Coals,—for sale in lots to suit purchasers.

JOHN BAILE,
Wellington Wharf.

Feb. 12, 1868. 12

Wanted,

TWO experienced SALESMEN, familiar with English and French, at

LEGER & RINFRET.

Jan. 24, 1868.

Private Bills!

ON the re-assembling of the Parliament of Canada, in March, PETITIONS FOR PRIVATE BILLS will be received in the House of Commons, until THURSDAY, the 2nd of April following.

W. B. LINDSAY,
Clerk, House of Commons.

Ottawa, Feb. 1, 1868. feb. 4

PRIVATE BOARD.

THREE GENTLEMEN or a Family of three or four persons can procure Private Board, by applying at No. 27, St. Genevieve Street, Cape.

Feb. 6, 1868. 12

To be Let,

SEVERAL GOOD OFFICES, near the Banks, in the Lower Town.

L. T. MACPHERSON,
N.P.

Feb. 5, 1868. 12

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

REMNANTS!

&c., &c.

1000 Remnants Accumulated during our Clearing Out Sale!

A Few Lots of WOOLLEN GOODS remaining on hand, such as SCARFS, Ladies' and Childrens' HOODS, GAITERS, SONTAGS, &c. 500 Yards of DRESS GOODS, in WINCIES and other materials, plain and fancy.

THE WHOLE TO BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE AND UNDER COST.

LEGER & RINFRET.

Jan. 27, 1868.

DAWE'S ALES AND PORTER.

THE undersigned has received his Winter's supply of the above STOCK ALES AND PORTER, in excellent order. Will be delivered at residence in city or country, at the following prices:—

Bitter, Mild and Porter, quarts per dozen, $1,10
Do, do do. pints do 80 cts.

Bottling Vaults under Casey's Auction Rooms, 28, St. John Street, Quebec.

JAS. O'DONNELL.

Jan 25, 1868. 1m

COMMERCIAL HOUSE.

BEHAN, BROTHERS.

Removal to New Premises,

—AND—

PREPARATORY CLEARANCE

SALE.

WE have leased the STORE in Fabrique Street, formerly occupied by the late firm LAIRD & TELFER, to which we will remove our business early in the coming Spring, and commence with

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK,

in view of which we have decided on a

CLEARANCE SALE!!

of our present large and fully assorted Stock of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods!

Purchasers of large parcels will find this Sale worthy of attention, as we are determined on

AN ENTIRE CLEARANCE!

And will sell at extraordinary LOW PRICES to secure it.

The Store will be closed on TUESDAY, the 14th instant, to finish re-marking the GOODS, and on WEDNESDAY, we commence

THE CLEARANCE SALE,

To continue until all is disposed of.

The price marked in plain figures.

NO SECOND PRICE.

BEHAN, BROTHERS,
22, Buade Street.

Ja 1838

Auction Sales, Quebec

BY A. J. MAXHAM & CO.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Valuable Property, Grist and Flour Mill, &c.

BY AUCTION WILL BE OFFERED

—ON—

MONDAY,

THE 16th MARCH,

—AT THE—

SUBSCRIBERS' STORES,

ST. PETER STREET:

THAT VALUABLE GRIST AND FLOUR MILL, situate at Beauport, and known as the BEAUPORT MILLS, substantially built with 3 run of stones, large Kiln, Bolting Apparatus for the finest qualities of flour, modern Elevators, worked by a powerful and never-failing stream of water, together with a large stone and wooden Store, capable of storing about 100,000 bushels of grain.

—ALSO,—

Blacksmith's Forge,
Three Dwelling Houses,
Stables, &c., with 33 acres of Land.

The above property is well worthy public attention, being beautifully situated for the intended purpose, there being the greatest facilities for receiving and shipping, the mills being within a quarter of a mile of the River St. Lawrence, and three miles from the city of Quebec

Terms of payment liberal.

For further particulars, apply at Montreal to the Hon. L. Renaud, owner; or at Quebec, to J. B. Renaud, Esq, where a plan of the property may be seen.

—AFTER WHICH,—

That valuable and desirable Property at St. Pierre de Charlesbourg, known as Moffat's, six miles from the city, on the high road, consisting of Grist and Flour Mill, good Dwelling House, two large Stores, Stables, with about 15½ arpents of land.

Plans can be seen, and further information obtained at the Office of J. B. Renaud, Esq.

A. J. MAXHAM & CO.,
A. & B.

Feb. 17, 1868.

St. Michael's Cove

TO LET.

THAT MAGNIFICENT COVE, known as ST. MICHAEL'S, of 18 Arpents in Depth to low water. Will be let altogether, or partly, if desired. Also to let, that fine Residence, situate on the heights of the Cove.

Apply to

A. J. J. LEGARÉ, Ptre,
Attorney of the Quebec Seminary.

Feb. 6, 1868. tu&fr tf

NOTICE

—TO—

MARINERS.

RIVER ST. LAWRENCE--CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a 9-POUNDER SIGNAL GUN has been placed near the Light House on Point des Monts, and will be fired every hour during Fogs and Snow Storms, from 1st April to 15th December.

By Order of the Board,

E. B LINDSAY,
Cl. T. H. Q.

TRINITY HOUSE, QUEBEC,
Feb. 5, 1868. 4m-3o

TO LET,

In the Building of the heirs of the late T. H HARDY:

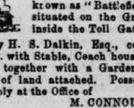
A Splendid SHOP, situate on St. Peter Street, now occupied by Mr. Lapointe. Also, a handsome and very comfortable Tenement, for one family, facing the Little Church.

For conditions, apply on the premises to

JOS. L. HARDY,
Testamentary Executor.

Feb. 14, 1868. 3o

TO LET,

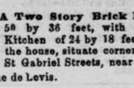


THE HOUSE and Premises known as "Battlefield Cottage," situated on the Grande Allée, inside the Toll Gate, at present occupied by H. S. Dalkin, Esq., containing 14 apartments, with Stable, Coach house, and other buildings, together with a Garden and about four acres of land attached. Possession 1st of May. Apply at the Office of

M. CONNOLLY & CO.
Or to E. G. CANNON, N.P.

Feb. 1, 1868. 3o tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET,



A Two Story Brick HOUSE, of 50 by 36 feet, with a two story Kitchen of 24 by 18 feet, adjoining the house, situate corner of Eden and St Gabriel Streets, near the Church Notre Dame de Levis.

—ALSO—

58 Building Lots, in the same locality.

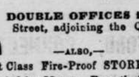
Apply to

GABRIEL LEMIEUX,
St. Romuald d'Etchemin.

Jan. 23, 1868. 3o tf

TO LET,

From 1st May next:



DOUBLE OFFICES in St. Peter Street, adjoining the Quebec Bank.

—ALSO,—

The First Class Fire-Proof STORE, at present occupied by Messrs. Forsyth & Pemberton.

—AND—

Spacious WINE VAULTS, in St. Peter Street.

Apply to

HENRY ATKINSON,
17, St. James Street.

Feb. 10, 1868. 1m-2o

SHOP AND DWELLING

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT Commodious SHOP, with Dwelling above, and Stores in rear, situate in St. Nicholas Street, Palais Gate, for many years occupied as a general hardware store, by Mr. Wm. Eadon, to whom apply on the premises.

WM. EADON.

Jan. 21, 1868. 2o t feb. 15

To Let,

POSSESSION 1st MA

BONUSES EVERY THREE YEARS!!!

ETNA
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
—OF—
DUBLIN.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $2,500,000.
ANNUAL PREMIUM INCOME, NEARLY $1,000,000!

The Number of Shareholders Exceed Five Hundred.

HEAD OFFICE:
UPPER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN, IRELAND.
CHIEF OFFICE, 17 and 18, Cornhill, London.
CHIEF OFFICE, 98, George Street, Edinburgh, Scotland

HEAD OFFICE FOR "DOMINION":
Corner of St. Francois Xavier and St. Sacrament Streets, MONTREAL.

JOHN CORNS WOODHOUSE, Esq., 82, Pembroke Road, Dublin; Omeath Park, Co. Louth; Portadown, Co. Armagh; Kerryksel, Co. Armagh and Down,—Chairman.
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FEATURES.

A DIVISION OF PROFITS EVERY THREE YEARS TO HOLDERS OF POLICIES WHO HAVE NO LOSSES.

MODERATE PREMIUMS.

The Company do not advocate high Premiums, but rates will be charged according as the localities or Manufactories may justify.

Losses will be promptly and fully met on adjustment, without reference to Home Offices.

Losses by LIGHTNING and loss or damage by EXPLOSION OF GAS within the premises insured made good.

JOHN INNES, Esq., *Manager.*

☞ The unprecedented success of the ETNA in Great Britain, owing to its liberal dealings with the public, entitle it to a fair share of support from the Canadian public.

N.B.—The above Company have invested in Canadian Government Bonds, in conformity with the Provincial Act, and have obtained the License of the Minister of Finance to do business in Canada, and are now prepared to take risks on most favorable terms.

T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager for Canada,
Corner of St. Francois Xavier and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal.

AD. G. TOURANGEAU,
GENERAL AGENT,
St. Peter Street, Quebec, (next to the "Union Bank.")

Nov. 23, 1867.

RELIANCE
MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1840.

The Entire Profits in this Society belong to the Policy Holders.

CHIEF OFFICE,—71, King William Street, Mansion House, London.

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THE RIGHT REV. THE BISHOP OF MORAY AND ROSS.

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The entire profits of this Society belong to the Policy holders, who are PROTECTED from all LIABILITY by the deed of Settlement.

Annuities and endowments granted on advantageous terms.
Advances made on approved security in connection with Life Policies.
Every information to be had on application to any of the Society's Agents in Canada, or to

T. W. GRIFFITH, Manager and Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE FOR THE DOMINION OF CANADA—Corner St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

AD. G. TOURANGEAU,
GENERAL AGENT, QUEBEC.

Nov. 23, 1867.

BUY YOUR TEA
—DIRECT FROM—
THE IMPORTERS.
TEA! TEA!! TEA!!!

THE MONTREAL TEA COMPANY 6, Hospital Street, Montreal, having just imported a large quantity of Green and Black Teas, beg to call the attention of the Trade, Hotel Proprietors and large Establishments generally, to their list of prices. Buyers of Chests and Boxes of 5 will save money by getting it direct through the Importers.

All orders for small boxes and chests, carriage free to any Railway Station in Canada. Buyers living beyond Railway Stations will please send Post Office Order, or enclose notes. The carriage will be paid to the nearest station, where there are express offices. Tea will be forwarded immediately on receipt of the order by mail containing money, or the money can be collected on delivery by express man. Cash collected in Montreal free of charge, and Tea forwarded for the same. Original packages Black Tea weigh 1 chest about 50 lbs. Chests do 90 to 100 lbs. Green Tea from 60 to 80 lbs. Teas not mentioned in advertisement can be had equally cheap. The Company are determined to take a stand in the Montreal market; every article may therefore be depended on as to quality and weight.

BLACK TEA.

COMMON CONGOU, Broken Leaf, Strong Tea.....$0.45
FINE FLAVORED NEW SEASON, do,.... 0.55
EXCELLENT FULL FLAVORED, do,.... 0.75
SOUND OOLONG,.... 0.45
RICH FLAVORED, do,—.... 0.60
VERY FINE, do do,.... *75
JAPAN,.... 0.53
VERY FINE do,.... 0.75

GREEN TEA.

TWANKAY, Common.....$0.38
FINE, do,.... 0.55
YOUNG HYSON,.... 0.50
FINE do,.... 0.75
SUPERFINE and VERY CHOICE,.... 1.00
FINE GUNPOWDER,.... 0.85
EXTRA SUPERFINE do,.... 1.0

Reductions made to buyers of Five Chests and upwards.

☞ MONTREAL TEA COMPANY, 6, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Aug. 30, 1867.

FOR SALE,

THE Steamer "TIGER," built last year, as the new liner at St. Romuald d'Etchemin.
Apply on the premises, to
GABRIEL LEMIEUX.
Jan. 23, 1868. 3o tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Time Tables,
FOR FEBRUARY,
With Maps of all the Railway Stations in Canada.

PRICE,.... 10 Cents.
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Feb. 6, 1868. Foot of Mountain Hill.

Iron Knees, Breast Hooks, &c.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

A New and Complete Set of IRON KNEES and BREAST HOOKS, suitable for a vessel of 1000 to 1200 tons.

—ALSO,—

Pig Iron,—No. 1 Carron,
Bar Iron,—English and Scotch,
Yellow Metal,—Sheets and Bars,
Scotch and English Oakum,
Wrought and Pressed Spikes,
Manilla, Tarred and Wire Rope,
Navy and Extra Canvas,
Stockholm and Coal Tar,
Sheathing and Roofing Felt, &c., &c.

DINNING & WEBSTER,
Feb. 12, 1868.

THE MOUNTAINS OF JAMAICA;
A CLIMATE FOR INVALIDS.
COUNTRY LODGINGS,

Stony Hill, in the Parish of St. Andrews, Jamaica, West Indies.

A LADY, residing near Stony Hill Barracks (nine miles from the City of Kingston,) has comfortable accommodations for the reception of VISITORS AND PARLOUR BOARDERS, at Stony Hill Penn.

THE ESTABLISHMENT is beautifully situate on the brow of a Mountain, and commands a magnificent view of the sea, the harbor of Kingston, the mountains of St. Andrew, and the Plains of Liguanea.

THE PROPERTY abounds with most beautiful Shady Walks and lovely Drives. It has an endless supply of West India Fruits; and the Scenery which surrounds the establishment is so Picturesque, that Mr. Church, the celebrated American Artist and Scene Painter, declared it "Sublimely Grand."

THE SITUATION commands the fresh sea breeze all day, and the cool Mountain Zephyr all night. The temperature is exceedingly low, (56 to 60 degrees) in the shade, while the average fluctuation rarely, if ever, exceeds five degrees in twenty-four hours.

THE CLIMATE, from its uniformity of temperature, great coolness and dryness of atmosphere, is considered THE FINEST FOR INVADIDS and others threatened with Bronchial affections and Pulmonary complaints, or who are convalescent after intermittent and other fevers, or when change becomes necessary for the complete restoration of health.

THE MEDICAL FACULTY in England, America, and the Continent of Europe, are unanimous in their selection of Jamaica for Invalids, in consequence of its possessing a climate *peculiarly suited for the restoration of Europeans and Americans*; and the Medical Faculty of Kingston recommends Stoney Hill Penn, in the Parish of St. Andrew, as most excellent for those who have been suffering from Fevers or Debility; and equally suited for persons looking for recreation and CHANGE IN THE COUNTRY.

VISITORS will meet with every attention to their comfort, and Parlour Boarders, with all the advantages of a "Home," in a private family.

INVADIDS AND THOSE CONVALESCENT will receive the most tender care and attention, and nothing will be forgotten which will help to make their visit consolatory and cheerful.

THERE IS A CARRIAGE WAY to the Property, and an almost daily communication with Kingston.

THE TERMS ARE MODERATE, and may be ascertained on application to Mrs. John King, Stony Hill Penn, Golden Spring, P. O., or, in Kingston, to Mr. James Gall, at the Commercial Exchange; Messrs. Turnbull & Lee, or Mr. John McDonald, Harbor Street.

☞ PIC NIC PARTIES accommodated, on due notice being given.
Kingston, Jamaica, July 1867.

REFERENCES KINDLY GRANTED BY
The Hon. L. Q. Bowerbank, M. D., Custos of Kingston, Jamaica.
Charles Campbell, Esq., M. D., Member of Sanitary Committee.
F. A. Ebbeke, Esq., Prussian Consul, Kingston Jamaica.
Aron Gregg, Esq., American Consul, Kingston, Jamaica.
Napoleon Carvalho, Esq., Kingston Jamaica.
Dr. Alexander Fiddes, Kingston, Jamaica.
Professor Reid, M. D., Queen's College, Belfast.
Professor McCosh, L. L. D., Queen's College, Belfast.
James Gall, Esq., Myrtle Bank, Edinburgh.
Rev. Dr. Somerville, Secretary Board of Missions, Edinburgh.
J. S. Reynolds, Esq., Cannon Place, Hamstead London.

TERMS FOR DAILY BOARDERS.
Each Adult, per day.....8s
Each Child " .....4s.
Each Servant " .....4s.
FOR WEEKLY BOARDERS:
Each Adult, per week.....42s.
Each Child " .....21s.
Each Servant, " .....21s.
In all cases exclusive of Wines, &c.
In cases of Weekly Boarders—a week's notice or a week's pay is requisite before leaving.
Sept. 2, 1867.

COALS! COALS!!

NEWCASTLE Wall's End HOUSE COALS,
Sydney Coals,
American Lehigh do.
—ALSO—
Scotch and Welsh Steam Coals,—for sale in lots to suit purchasers.

JOHN BAILE,
Wellington Wharf.
Feb. 12, 1868. 12

THE TRIBUNE FOR 1868.
PROSPECTUS.

THE year 1868 will long be remembered for its settlement of the boundary question between Aristocracy of Color and Impartial Human liberty. The War of the Rebellion being closed, we have now to decide whether the fundamental idea which impelled and justified the Rebellion shall dominate over our whole country, molding her institutions and shaping her destiny. If it be true that God has *not* created all men, but only all White men, in His own image, and made them equal in political and civil rights, then is a world-wide calamity that Grant did not surrender to Lee at Appomattox; and "The Lost Cause," trodden into mire under the hoofs of Sheridan's rough-riding cavalry, not only should but will be regained in Constitutional Conventions and at the ballot-boxes. If the Black race, because they *are* Black, should be excluded from the jury-box and repelled from the ballot-box, then Stonewall Jackson ought to head the roll of American martyrs, emblazoned high above the names of Warren and Mercer and Pulaski; of Ellsworth, Lyon, Baker, Reynolds, Wadsworth, Kearney, Sedgwick and McPherson.

It is difficult to argue with a blind, besotted prejudice, grounded in ignorance and fortified by self-conceit. Devoid of reason, it is hardly amenable to reason. But millions who would listen unmoved to appeals based on Justice and Humanity can be stirred by facts which affect their own interest and safety. The naked truth that every Southern State reconstructed on the White basis is to-day a Rebel State—shaped and ruled by men who executed Lincoln's reluctant and tardy resistance to the Rebellion into a treasonless and criminal aggression, and profoundly rejoiced over Bull Run as their victory—will prove invincible, if we can but bring it home to the apprehension of every loyal voter. There is no paramount question of good faith or gratitude to the Blacks. Their votes are as necessary to the preponderance of White loyalty as to their own protection and security. Reconstruct the South on the White basis, and every one of the fifteen States which held slaves, in 1860 will be intensely, overwhelmingly Copper-head thereforth and evermore. Allow to-day the plea that the Blacks are ignorant and degraded, and those whom you thereby clothe with power will take good care that the plea shall be as valid and well-grounded a century hence as it now is. Public Education and Civil Rights for the Freedmen can only be achieved and maintained through the ballot "We are for Negro Suffrage—*the way they suffered in New Orleans,*" was the inscription on a banner borne in a late Conservative or Democratic procession in Baltimore; and the spirit which dictated that avowal is still rampant in the South. But for what is stigmatized as Military Despotism, it would daily avenge by outrage and infliction what it deems negro treachery to the Southern cause.

THE TRIBUNE has declined to be lured or turned aside from the Main Question. It has persistently refused to swell the clamor for vengeance on the defeated rebels, whether by execution or by confiscation; and one of its strong reasons for this course is a conviction that no drop of Rebel blood could be coolly, deliberately shed without essentially clouding the prospect of securing the right of Suffrage to the Blacks. Defying the madness of passion and the blindness of short-sighted misconception, it has demanded Reconstruction on the basis of Universal Amnesty with impartial Suffrage, in perfect consciousness of the fact that it thereby alienated thousands who had been its zealous supporters and life-long patrons. The hour of its complete vindication cannot be far distant.

As for the man who is to be the chosen standard-bearer of the Republican host in the impending contest, while we avow our deliberate preference of Chief Justice Chase as the ablest and most eminent of our living statesmen, THE TRIBUNE will render a hearty, cheerful, determined support to Gen. Grant, or Senator Wade, or Speaker Colfax, should he be nominated and supported on a platform which affirms and upholds the equal political as well as civil rights of all citizens of the Republic. We do not contemplate as possible the support by Republicans of any candidate who does not stand on this platform. And we do not apprehend that the candidates who, in our approaching struggle, shall represent genuine Democracy in opposition to the meanest phase of Aristocracy can be beaten if proper means be systematically taken, as they must and will be, to enlighten and arouse the American people.

We will think such friends as believe that THE TRIBUNE will prove an efficient and cheap way to influence the undecided, to aid us in extending its circulation. Though ours is eminently a political journal, but a small portion of its space is devoted to politics, while an outlay of more than $200,000 per annum is incurred in collecting and transmitting news from all parts of the world. We have regular correspondents at nearly all the capitals of Europe, with a director at London, who is authorized to dispatch special correspondents to all points where important events may at any time be transpiring or imminent. The progress of the war in Crete, which is the precursor of a still greater war, has been watched by one of these special correspondents, while another telegraphs from Constantinople each novel phase of the critical diplomatic situation. Every step of Garibaldi's recent heroic though unfortunate enterprise, from its inception to its close, was noted by our correspondents, who are also his most trusted advisers; while an esteemed member of our editorial staff has just accompanied the Embassador of Juarez to Mexico to scan the Mexican problem closely and under auspices more favorable to the Republican chief than those which have colored the advices of our regular correspondents at Vera Cruz and the Capital. Another correspondent accompanied the first National expedition to Attacks, Walrussia, or whatever our splinter of the North Pole may be called, and is now reporting on the aspects and capabilities of that chilly region. Bayard Taylor is writing us in his own vein from Central Europe, while able correspondents report to us from Colorado, Idaho, Montana, &c., more copiously than we can find room to publish. Our Reviews of Books and Literary Department are in charge of one of the ripest American scholars; while Agriculture, under a competent editor, claims a leading place in our Semi-Weekly and Weekly issues. In short, we have for years spent a large proportion of the income of our business in efforts to render THE TRIBUNE a better and better newspaper; and, if we have not succeeded, the fault is not explained by a lack of means or of efforts, whether on our own part or on that of a generous and discerning public.

THE TRIBUNE is sent by mail daily (Sundays excepted) for $10, Semi-Weekly for $4, and Weekly for $2 per annum, payable inflexibly in advance. To clubs for the Semi-Weekly we send two copies one year for $7; five copies, or over, for each copy, $3. On receipt of $30 for ten copies we will send an extra copy six months. On receipt of $45 for fifteen copies we will send an extra copy one year; for $100 we will send thirty-four copies and THE DAILY TRIBUNE. We send the Weekly to Clubs of five for $9; ten copies or over, addressed to names of subscribers, each, $1.70; twenty copies, addressed to names of subscribers, $34; ten copies, to one address, $16; twenty copies, to one address, $30. An extra copy will be sent for each club of ten.

A large and fine steel engraved portrait of the Editor is sent free of charge to any one who, in sending $10 for a Daily, $4 for a Semi-Weekly, or $2 for a Weekly, shall indicate a desire to receive it. One will likewise be sent to any person who forwards a club of ten or more Semi-Weeklies or twenty or more Weeklies, at our club rates, and asks for the portrait at the time of remitting. Address THE TRIBUNE, No. 154, Nassau Street, New York.

Jan. 7, 1868.

The "Old Phœnix"
MUTUAL
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
—OF—
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT!

Income for year ended, 31st December, 1867.....$1,500,000.
Amount Insured during the year.....16,000,000
Accumulated Funds.....3,000,000
Claims Paid to Date, over.....700,000
Number of Policies Issued during the year.....6,500

The "Old Phœnix," established in 1851, is PURELY MUTUAL. ALL the profits are divided among the assured.

Its dividends are declared and applied ANNUALLY in reduction of premium. The present rate of reduction is FIFTY PER CENT ON ALL TABLES.

Its Premiums are at the lowest rates consistent with security and profit.

It pays all its losses promptly, never having contested a claim.

Many of the most prominent citizens of the United States and of the Dominion of Canada are insured in it.

Parties desirous of insuring will find it to their advantage to consult our Agents.

A. R. BETHUNE,
General Agent, Montreal.
P. M. PARTRIDGE,
Agent for Quebec and District.

Medical Examiner:—W. MARSDEN, Esq., M. D., Place D'Armes.

AGENT'S REFERENCES, QUEBEC.
The Honorable Joseph Cauchon, President of the Senate.
The Honble. Thomas McGreevy, M. L. C., Vice-President of the Union Bank.
G. H. Simard, Esquire, M. P. P.
John Roche, Esquire, Merchant.
Messrs. A. Hamel & Freres, Merchants.
E. Chinic, Esquire, President of La Banque Nationale.
Benson Bennett, Esquire.
Messrs. Tetu & Garneau, Merchants.
Henry Atkinson, Esquire, Merchant.
Jan. 31, 1868. 1m

Wanted,

TWO experienced SALESMEN, familiar with English and French, at
LEGER & RINFRET.
Jan. 24, 1868.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,
Friday, 24th January, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCE T GEN-ERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority given and conferred by the 123rd clause of the Act 30 and 31 Vict., Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make and prescribe the following "Regulations" respecting the Wharehousing and bonding of Wheat, Maize or other Grain that may be ground and packed in bond, that is to say:

1. That the Collector or other Officer of Customs at any Wharehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, may deliver without payment of duty to the Importer of any Maize or other grain from whien flour or meal can be manufactured, on proper entry being made of the same, any quantity of such Maize or other grain for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing, in such place and on such premises as shall be particularly described by such importer or owner.

2. That such buildings used for drying, grinding and packing of Maize or other grain, and the premises thereto belonging, with the description to be given thereof as aforesaid, shall, for the purposes of drying, grinding and packing Maize and other grain under the above mentioned Act, be deemed and considered a Government Bonded Warehouse, and that none of the Maize or other grain so brought into the said drying, grinding and packing building or upon the said premises, shall be removed therefrom without a proper ex-warehouse entry and due payment of all duties on the same, if intended for home consumption within the said Dominion, or upon due entry thereof for removal or exportation under the usual bonds; nor shall any flour, meal or other products from the maize or other grain aforesaid, be removed from the said premises without due entry as aforesaid, either for consumption as aforesaid, for removal or exportation and payment of all customs duties legally due on the flour, meal and other products into which the said maize and other grain shall have been manufactured as the case may be, allowance having first been made of five per cent. on the said flour or meal for shrinkage in those cases in which the corn or other grain has been kiln dried before grinding.

3. That before the importer or owner of any Maize or other grain aforesaid shall, for the purpose of drying, grinding and packing, be entitled to obtain the delivery thereof, either ex ship upon their importation into the said Dominion, to be carried immediately to the drying, grinding and packing buildings, and premises aforesaid, or out of any Customs Warehouse, in which the same may be warehoused, he shall give bond with two sufficient sureties to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs at the port where such Maize and other grain are imported or warehoused, in a penalty of double the amount of duties payable upon the quantities of Maize and other grain so delivered upon arrival or out of Warehouse as aforesaid, for the purpose of being dried, ground and packed in bond, shall within six months from the date of the bond to be so entered into, be well and truly paid to the Collector of Customs aforesaid for the use of Her Majesty, and the said importer or owner, shall before he can obtain the delivery aforesaid, further enter into and execute to the Collector for the use of Her Majesty as aforesaid, a general bond, the said importer or owner in the penal sum of one thousand five hundred dollars and two approved sureties in the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars each, conditioned that at no period shall the quantity of Maize or other grain, or the product thereof in the said building or premises be less than the quantity on which the bond or bonds for duties hereinbefore mentioned shall be outstanding and unpaid.

4. And for the purpose of further securing the due observance of the foregoing Regulations, the Collector of Customs, the Surveyor of Customs or Warehouse-keeper, or other approved officer of Customs at the port where the Maize and other grain shall be so onded, or bat the port nearest to the said drying or grinding and packing premises, shall at all times when such operations are being carried on therein, have free access to and upon the said drying, grinding and packing buildings and premises for the purpose of verifying the quantity of Maize or other grain and their products therein, and any reasonable expenses attending such inspection shall be borne and defrayed by the importer or owner of the Maize, and other grain so undergoing drying, grinding and packing in bond.

The order of His Excellency in Council of the 1st August, 1867, prescribing Regulations on the above subject, but restricted to the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, is hereby revoked.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

Feb. 18, 1868.

NOTICE.

PARLIAMENT HOUSE,

Ottawa, 2nd January, 1868.

53. All application for Private Bills properly the subjects of Legislation by the Parliament of Canada within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line; the construction or improvement of a Harbor, Canal, Lock, Dam, or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Banking or other joint stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the rights of property of other parties, or relate to any particular class or community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act,—shall require a notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows, viz.:

In the Provinces of Quebec—A notice inserted in the Official Gazette in the English and French languages, and in one newspaper in the English, and one newspaper in the French language, in the District affected, or in both languages, if there be but one paper; or if there be no paper published therein, then (in both languages) in the Official Gazette, and in a paper published in an adjoining district.

In any other Province—A notice inserted in the Official Gazette, and in one newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties, affected, or if there be no paper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest County in which a newspaper is published.

Such notices shall be continued in such case for a period of at least two months during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the petition.

54. Before any Petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of Toll Bridge, is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall upon giving the notice prescribed by the preceding Rule, also, at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts and vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

J. F. TAYLOR,
Clk. Senate.
W. B. LINDSAY,
Clk. House of Commons.

OFFICE OF THE SENATE,
Ottawa, January 13, 1868.

Extracts from the Code of Rules of the Senate of Canada.

BILLS OF DIVORCE.

71. Every applicant for a Bill of Divorce is required to give notice of his intention so to do, and to specify from whom and from what cause, by advertisement, during six months in the Official Gazette, and in two newspapers published in the District, in Quebec or County, or Union of the Counties in the other Provinces, where such applicant usually resided, at the time of the separation, or if the requisite numbers of papers cannot be found therein, then in the adjoining District or County, or Union of Counties.

72. A copy of the notice in writing is to be served, at the instance of the applicant, upon the person from whom the Divorce is sought, if the residence of such person can be ascertained; and proof on oath of such service, or of the attempts made to effect it, to the satisfaction of the Senate on the reading of the Petition.

(Attested,)
J. F. TAYLOR,
Clk. Senate.
Feb. 18, 1868.

CANADA.

Despatch and Regulations Respecting Foreign Orders.

Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
5th September, 1867.

SIR,—Cases have not unfrequently occurred in which it has been proposed by Foreign Governments to grant Decorations to British Subjects residing in Her Majesty's Colonies.

It appears to be not generally known that British Subjects are not entitled to wear such Decorations without Her Majesty's special permission, and that such permission is granted only in cases in which the Foreign Order shall have been conferred in consequence of active and distinguished service which had been performed before the enemy, either at Sea or in the Field, or in cases in which the recipient shall have been actually and entirely employed beyond Her Majesty's Dominions in the service of the Foreign Sovereign by whom the Order is conferred. You will find in the Appendix to the recent Edition of the Colonial Regulations, page 123, the Regulations respecting the grant of Foreign Orders and Medals to British Subjects, which have been promulgated by Command of Her Majesty, and which are now in force. It would be desirable that general publicity should be given to these Regulations in the Colony under your Government.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant
(Signed) BUCKINGHAM & CHANDOS.
Govenor, the
Honble. Viscount Monck,
&c., &c., &c.

8. (Page 43.)

THE QUEEN has been pleased to direct that the following REGULATIONS respecting FOREIGN ORDERS and MEDALS shall be substituted for those now in force:—

Regulations Respecting Foreign Orders.

1. No subject of Her Majesty shall accept a Foreign Order from the Sovereign of any foreign country, or wear the insignia thereof, without having previously obtained Her Majesty's permission to that effect, signified by a warrant under Her Royal Sign Manual.

2. Such permission shall not be granted to any subject of Her Majesty, unless the Foreign Order shall have been conferred in consequence of active and distinguished service before the enemy, either at sea or in the field, or unless he shall have been actullay and entirely employed, beyond Her Majesty's dominions in the service of the Foreign Soverign by whom the Order is conferred.

3. The intention of a Foreign Sovereign to confer upon a British subject the insignia of an Order must be notified to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, either through the British Minister accredited at the Court of such Foreign Sovereign, or through his Minister accredited at the Court of Her Majesty.

4. If the service for which it is proposed to confer the Order has been performed during war, the notification required by the preceding clause must be made not latter than two years after the exchange of the Ratifications of a Treaty of Peace.

If the service has been performed in time of peace, the notification must be made within two years after the date of such service.

5. After such notification shall have been received, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall, if the case comes within the conditions prescribed by the present Regulations and arises from naval or military services before the enemy, refer it to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the War Department, previously to taking Her Majesty's pleasure thereon, in order to ascertain whether there may be any objection to Her Majesty's permission been granted.

A similar reference shall also be made to the Commander-in-Chief, if the application relates to an officer in the army, or to the Lords of the Admiralty, if it relates to an officer in the navy.

6. When Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall have taken the Queen's pleasure, on any such application, and shall obtain her Majesty's permission for the person in whose favour it has been made to accept the Foreign Order and wear the signia thereof, he shall signify the same to Her Majesty's Pincipal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may cause the warrant required by clause 1 to be prepared for Royal Sign Manual.

When such warrant shall have been signed by the Queen, a notification thereof shall be inserted in the *Gazette*, stating the service for which the Foreign Order has been conferred.

7. The warrant signifying her Majesty's permission may, at the request and at the expense of the person who has obtained it, be registered in the College of Arms.

8. Every such warrant as aforesaid shall contain a clause providing that Her Majesty's license and permission does not authorize the assumption of any stile, appelations, rank precedence or privilege appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of Her Majesty's realms.

9. When a British subject has received the Royal permission to accept a Foreign Order, he will at any future time be allowed to accept the decoration of a higher class of the same Order to which he may have become eligible by increase of rank in the foreign service, or in the service of his own country, or in distinctive mark of honor strictly consequent upon the acceptance of the original Order, and common to every person upon whom such Order is conferred.

10. The poceeding clause shall not be taken to apply to decorations of the Guelphic Order which were bestowed on British subjects by Her Majesty's predecessors King George IV., and King William IV., on whose heads the Crowns of Great Britian and Hanover were united.

Decorations so bestowed cannot properly be considered as rewards granted by a Foreign Sovereign for services rendered according to the purport of clause 2 of these Regulations. They must be rather considered as personl favours bestowed on British subjects by British Sovereigns and as having no reference to services rendered to the Foreign Crown of Hanover.

Regulations respecting Foreign Medals.

1. Applications for permission to accept and wear Medals which, not being the decorations of any Foreign Order, are conferred by a Foreign Sovereign on British subjects in the army or in the navy for military or for naval services, should be addressed, as the case may be, to the Commander-in-Chief to the Secretary for State of War or the Lords of the Admiralty, who, if they see fit, may submit the same to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs for Her Majesty's sanction, upon obtaining which they may grant such permission without any other formality

2. Permission to wear a Foreign Medal cannot be granted to a British subject unless such Medal is bestowed for military or naval services performed by the command or with the sanction of Her Majesty. But no permission is necessary for accepting a Foreign Medal, if such Medal is not to be worn

(Signed) CLARENDON.

Foreign Office, 10th May, 1855. nov. 2.

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PATRONISED BY
The British Government | 6,000 of the Nobility & Gentry
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For Public Edifices, Mansions, Villas,
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The original Anti-Corrosion is solely manufactured, and can only be obtained of

WALTER CARSON AND SONS, LONDON.

Caution.—All casks bear the trade mark, or are not genuine.

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June 19, 1867. 52-10

COARSE SALT!

500 Bags Liverpool COARSE SALT.
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GENUINE
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"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU,

A Positive and Specific Remedy for Diseases of the
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.

This medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the water or salcerous depositions and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflammation, and is taken by
Men Women and Children.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu,

For Weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretions, attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to exertion, Loss of power,
Loss of Memory, Difficulty of breathing,
Weak nerves, Trembling,
Horror of disease, Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision, Pain in the back,
Hot hands, Flushing of the body,
Dryness of the skin, Eruptions on the face,
Universal lassitude of the muscular system, Pallid countenance.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows

Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits.

In one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "dreadful diseases,"

Insanity and Consumption.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, none will confess.

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS

And the melancholy deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

The constitution once affected with

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

Requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
INVARIABLY DOES.

A Trial Will Convince the Most Skeptical.

In many affections peculiar to Females,

The Extract Buchu

Is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, habits of dissipation, or in the

Decline or Change of Life,
(See symptoms above.)

No Family Should be without it.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for Unpleasant and Dangerous Diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
—AND—
IMPROVED ROSE WASH
CURES SECRET DISEASES

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing strictures of the Urethe, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous, diseased and worn out matter.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu!

For all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in

Male or Female,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long