

THE QUEBEC MERCURY.

MORS ET STUDIA ET POPULOS ET PRÆLIA DICAM.—Virg. Georg. IV. 5.

VOLUME XI.]

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1815.

[NUMBER 42.]

COMMISSARY GENERAL'S OFFICE. QUEBEC, Oct 23, 1815.

THE Commissioners appointed by His Excellency Sir George Prevost, Governor in Chief and Commander of the Forces, in virtue of the Provisional Act of the 52d year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act to facilitate the circulation of Army Bills" (the provisions thereof being extended, and further regulated by an Act of the 53d year of His Majesty's reign,) have fixed on the rate of Exchange for Government Bills, at 30 days sight, for the next fortnight from this date, at TWO AND A HALF per cent, sterling discount.

N. B. The said Commissioners meet every Monday fortnight at 10 o'clock, at the house of Mr. Monro, St. Anne street, where written communications on the subject of Exchange will be received and duly attended to.

TO BE SOLD or LEASED, for one or more years—the Mansion House of **BEAUMONT** with the whole or such part of the Farm as may be agreed upon. The land is in excellent order, and produces from 18 to 20,000 bundles of hay annually.
Quebec, May 1, 1815.

FOR SALE,
ABOUT 60 dozens real good Claret, just received by the the OCEAN from London, and will be sold at a reasonable price, by quantity not less than one doz.
W. H. LEMOINE & Co.
Quebec, 20th June, 1815. opposite Neptune Inn.

W. M. GINGER
HAS for Sale, at No. 4, Ursuline street, a general assortment of Kitchen Garden and flower seed; early and late Turnip seed, for cash only.
Quebec, March 7, 1815.

Encouragement to Land Settlers.
WANTED,
TWO industrious Farmers to settle on lands (held in free and common socage) situate on the south side of the St. Lawrence within 24 miles of the city of Quebec. **ONE** hundred acres of Land will be given to each of them, free from rent, on their settling thereon; and should they choose any of the lots already improved and whereon any buildings are erected, they will be at liberty to keep the same on paying the interest of the money laid out for such improvements.
A saw-mill erected on the above-said lands, may also be had on the foregoing conditions.
For further particulars, apply at this Office.
Quebec, Aug 21, 1815.

CHEAP GOODS.
THE subscribers wishing to avail themselves of the present rate of Exchange, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they are now selling off, at very reduced prices for cash, the whole of their spring importation of **Dry Goods**, consisting of—
4-4 & 6-3 plain and figured White and coloured Jeans, Leno,
6-3 cambrics,
7-8 black do.
printed calicoes,
6-4 dark ground ginghams,
checks and Bengal stripes,
9-8 Turkey stripes,
4-4 silk checked handkerchiefs,
Rough do.
4-4 & 6-4 elegant printed shawls,
8-8 cotton bedtick,
7-8 & 4-4 Irish linen,
And on consignment, scythes, sickles, hand saws, Iron wire and a few curbs assorted hardware.
THOMSON, SCOTT & Co.
Quebec, 20th June, 1815.
T. S. & Co. also expect in a few days a small assortment of silks, laces, and other fancy goods.

Le sédénarque actuellement du Brigantin PALLAS, de Londres, et à vendre par JAMES ALLISON, sur le marché, à la Basque-Ville:

100 douzaines de bon Vin de Port et Madère,
en futailles de 5 à 6 douzaines chaque.
100 douzaines de Brown Stout.
Quelques barriques de Grosse-Bierre de Londres,
d'une très bonne qualité.
Moutarde en bouteilles,
Ditto en plomb,
Pierres bleues,
Empois de la meilleure qualité,
Indiennes,
Batiste noire et blanche,
Shawls assorties,
Mousselines de,
Mouchoirs de,
Indiennes et Frappés,
Bazin à meubles,
Figues et Prunes,
Gaielles, Thé, Papeterie,
Un assortiment de Balais.
Quebec, 14e. Août, 1815.

WANTED,
TWO Apprentices to the Silver Smith business.
J. G. HANNA
Quebec, 26th Augt, 1815.

HE subscriber has imported by the late arrivals from London and Liverpool:
Nankens and Gaudreals,
5-4 Stripe Cottons,
7-8 & 9-8 Printed Cambrics,
Ginghams,
7-8 Chantz Furnitures,
Dumy and Stay Lace,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambric Mullin,
Fancy do.
Bombazettes and Bombazenss,
Diaper and Damask Table Cloths,
Clouting and Huckaback,
Irish Linen and Cotton Shirting,
Cotton Bedtick,
Curtains and Fringe and Red Lace,
Thread and Cotton Lace,
Black Squares and Veils,
Silk Hose and Gloves,
Tippets, Lace and Muslin Trimming,
Artificial Flowers,
Ostrich Feathers and Plumes,
Ladies Beaver Hats and Straw Bonnets, latest fashion,
Millinery of every description,
Ladies Shoes of all sorts,
Ladies and Gentlemen's Kid and Beaver Gloves,
Perfumery and Ladies and Gentlemen's Wigs,
Worsted and Cotton Hose,
Haberdashery of every description,
Military Canteens and Cases complete,
Leather Portmanteaux,
Account Books and Stationary,
Petticoe Cloths, and a number of other Articles too numerous to insert.

ALSO,
20 ps. real Cognac Brandy.
The whole of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, at his Store, St. Peter-street, above Mr. François Chiroulet's Auction Room.
WILLIAM NEWTON.
Quebec, 17th June, 1815.

LES sousignés informent leurs amis et le public en général, qu'ils sont entrés en société de ce jour, et qu'ils feront à l'avenir leurs affaires de commerce aux noms de H. & L. ROLETTE.

HYPOLITE ROLETTE,
LAURENT ROLETTE.
N. B. Ils ont à leur magasin, rue Sous-le-Fort, un Assortiment de Marchandises sèches, desquelles ils disposeront à bas prix.
H. & L. ROLETTE.

ON SALE,
At the Stores of the Subscribers,
JAMAICA Spirits,
Geneva—superior quality,
White { Wines in hogheads,
Red {
Single and double refined Sugar,
Barrels in packages of a grace each,
Corks,
Atra Root in whole and half barrels.
MONRO & BELL,
Quebec, August 14, 1815.

NOTICE.
THE Steam Boat **SWIFTSURE** leaves Quebec for Montreal every FRIDAY evening or SATURDAY morning.
The Steam Boat **MASSHAM** leaves Quebec for Montreal every TUE DAY evening or WEDNESDAY morning.
Quebec, 22d. June 1815.

GEORGE ARNOLD
Taylor and Habit Maker, from London.
RETURNS his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public, for the encouragement he has hitherto received, and informs them that he has received by the junks from London, a general assortment of the best superfine Cloths, Cassimeres, best Patterns, Silk Florentines for Waistcoats, &c. &c.—All which he will make up in the most fashionable manner, and with dispatch, at his House, the **LONDON COFFEE HOUSE**, No. 23, Sous le Fort street, in the Lower-Town, Quebec.
Nov. 8th, 1814.

THREE RIVERS
Armourer and Brass Founder.
J. WELCH informs his friends and the public that he has commenced business in his line, will repair and complete all kinds of towing piece, pistols, swords, &c. makes mill work, bells and machinery of every description, all orders will be thankfully received, and executed with punctuality and dispatch.—Three Rivers, 20th August, 1815.

TO BE SOLD OR LEASED,
THE Cape **DIAMOND** BREWERY, including its Wharves, &c. &c. For particulars enquire at No. 18, St. Louis street.—18th Sept. 1815.

FOR SALE by the subscribers at their Stores on the Queen's Wharf:
Jamaica and Leeward Island Rum,
Port Wine in Pipes and Hogheads,
Lishon do. do. do.
Teneriffe do. do. do.
Claret in Hogheads,
Geneva,
Chocolate,
Glass Ware,
Cardage,
Soap,
Writing Paper,
Hard Ware,
Biscuit,
Irish Linen and Shirting,
Cotton Shirting,
Linen Thread assorted from No. 8 to 40 Fine Green plaid and ruffled shirts, and a few Chaperons cloths.
WOOLSEY, STEWART & Co.
Quebec, 19th August, 1815.

Fall Goods for Sale,

At the subscriber's Store, No. 21, St. Peter street, received per the Alexander, from Liverpool, viz.
UPPER FINES, fine and coarse cloths,
 3 3/4 points and rose Blankets,
 Olive Finisings,
 White, red, green and blue Flannels,
 4 bales of red and green Pairs,
 Bombazets, of different colors,
 ALSO.

Have on hand a general assortment of Cotton and East India Goods, and are expecting a further supply of Winter Goods, per the Carriacks, from Liverpool.

STANFELD & BROTHERS.

Quebec, 24th Oct. 1815.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened a MANUFACTORY OF TOBACCO at his house No. 34 Champlain Street, where may be had a constant supply of pig-tail and cut tobacco, together with Segars, all of which will be warranted of a superior quality to any in Quebec and sold on the most reasonable terms.

JAMES KENEDY.

Quebec, 23rd October 1815.

For freight to Liverpool.

THE well-known fast sailing ship BIRKBY, David Whelan, master, burthen 230 tons per register, stands at 11 Lloyd's, and is coppered—will take cargo or any other goods on freight for the above place, and be ready to begin loading on Monday next. For terms, apply to

BREHAUT, SHEPPARD & Co.

The Birkby has very good accommodations for passengers. For passage, apply to Capt. Whelan, at Brehaut, Sheppard & Co.'s wharf.

Quebec, 24th October, 1815.

LANDING per Alexander and for sale cheap for Cash.

- 60 Cords rattling from 6 to 12 thread.
- 87 do. cordage do. 1 1/2 to 6 inches,
- 1 Hawsen 100 fathoms 7 inches,
- 1 Cable do. do. 10 do.
- 1 do. do. do. 12 do.
- 1 Matt containing 20 balls hembro line.
- 1 do. 72 house line and 100 marline.

BREHAUT, SHEPPARD & Co.

Quebec, 24th October 1815.

AVIS.

DEUX Chevaux de prix, un harnois double, 4 Vaches près de veller, 2 Carioles, une Selle de dam., sont à vendre, à Mall Bank, à Beaufort, où l'on peut voir du foin umothé, pris sur le champ, à une paistre et un quart plus bas que le prix sur le marché,—aussi une chaloupe à vendre.

Quebec, 21 Octobre, 1815.

JUST received per Alexander, and for Sale by the subscribers No. 1, Champlain street, fourteen Pack ges Manchester Goods, which they will dispose of cheap, for cash or short approved Credit.

E. & H. AHERN,

Quebec, 21st Oct. 1815.

MISSING FROM THE CALEDONIA.

A BOX spermaceti candles, marked I. S. No. 30, landed from the Caledonia, Livingstone master, from London, on 11th inst. and supposed to have been taken from the Queen's wharf by mistake. Any information respecting the same, will be thankfully received and expense paid by

JOHN STEWART.

Quebec, 23rd Oct. 1815.

R JOHNSTON with the view of accommodat. ing those who wish to attend his Evening School, has taken an apartment in St. Louis street, No. 19, where he intends to commence on MON. DAY next.—October 23d.



Levi Spear Parmly

INFORMER respectueusement les Dames et Messieurs de cette ville et du voisinage, que cette semaine en positionnement la dent de la denture ici. Ceux qui l'ont honte de leur propreté sont informés qu'on fera attention à toute amélioration gratis. Le public est assuré que les meilleures dents sont améliorées par les dentures et toute opération nécessaire faite, telle que de replacer, niveler, reparer, &c. &c. avec les résultats les plus heureux, sans causer aucune de ces maladies ou mauvaises suites, qui ont été autrefois produites. Ceux qui ont besoin d'assistance de l'art trouveront grand bien en profitant de l'occasion qui se présente, comme on lui aura ne de prêtenter dans l'Amérique Britannique.

Les Dames et Messieurs pourront avoir de l'assistance à No. 2, rue du Palais, ou chez eux, depuis 8 heures A. M. jusqu'à dix heures P. M. On donnera pleine satisfaction.

Levi Spear Parmly



RESPECTFULLY gives notice to the Ladies and Gentlemen of his metropolis and its vicinity, that this is positively the last week of his stay here. Those who have honored him with their patronage are informed that any improvement will be attended to gratis. The public are assured that the best sets of TEETH are improved by Dentistry, and every necessary operation performed—such as replacing, even-

ing, separating, &c. &c. with the most happy effects, without producing any of those maladies or bad consequences, noticed on former occasions. Those who may need assistance from the art, will find great advantage in availing themselves of the present opportunity, as the public are not in possession of any other in British America.—Ladies and gentlemen will have assistance at No. 2, Palace street, or at their houses, from 8 A. M. until 10 o'clock, P. M. Entire satisfaction given.

24th October, 1815.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Postmaster General of the United States having assented to a proposal, that the States postage on Letters and Packets sent from Quebec and Montreal to be conveyed from New York to England in His Majesty's Packets during the winter season, shall be paid at the Office of either of the former cities; It is hereby announced to the public, that, from the 1st of next November letters to be sent in the packet Mails may accordingly be conveyed by that route.

Such letters, however, cannot be received at the Post Office, unless addressed to the care of Thos. Wm. Moore, Esq. Agent for H. M.'s Packets, as they must be stamped paid at the Post Office at Swanton.

The Postage of the United States having been augmented fifty per cent, the letters will be charged as under.

From Quebec to New-York.	From Montreal to New-York.
Single.....2s. 8d.	Single.....2s. 5d.
Double.....5s. 2d.	Double.....4s. 8d.
Treble.....7s. 8d. &c.	Treble.....6s. 11d. &c.

In the above rates is included the sum of 2s. for each letter or packet, allowed to the Agent for his trouble in making up the Mails.

General Post Office,

Quebec, 23 Oct. 1815.

ON SALE—Now Landing from the Ship Minerva from London

AN Assortment of Stationary—Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, willow Hats—Earthenware, fine and common Hardware, Japannery, Jewellery, gold and silver Watches, Ladies Morocco work, Bones and Ink Sands, women's Stays, artificial flowers, &c. &c.

Best double Brown Stout, Old Port Wine in cask and bottle, — Rhin and Hollands, Staple and choice land and patent cordage, Nails, shingle, case, board and covering, Casuar and felt hats, lines, twines, and fishing lines, Bunting, broad and narrow, A few casks of Ship Chandlery.

Painters oils and colours, Blacking and shoemaker's wax.

Florence and salad oils, vinegar, mustard and pickles, Fish sauces, Scotch and pearl barley, split peas & Soda water.

Powder—60 barrels of herring, — Corks, bungs & plumb corks.

English and French Books,

White and yellow soap & candles dip and moulds, Crown glass 6 1/2 by 7 1/2—7 1/2 by 8 1/2—8 1/2 by 9 1/2.

Russia sheeting, coarse and fine cloths, Hunter's pipes, brushes, Turnery, &c. &c.

WM SANDERSON & Co.

21st June, 1815.

ON SALE.

NOW landing, from on board the Lord McDonald, and the late arrivals, from London,

A choice and elegant assortment of Jewellery, Mirrors, cotton and thread Lace, silk and cotton Hose, Gallies, Ferrets, sewing Cotton, colored Worsted, Pink Shirts, busy Thread, 9-8 Sheetings, Leghorns, bathing and stuff Hats; ladies and children's Bonnets, silk hat Girdles, Root Cord, black and tanned lace Shawls, morocco Pocket Books, Snaps, &c. &c.

20 boxes Tin Plates,

40 casks Bell's Edinburgh Ale in casks of 3 and 4

40 do. Brown stout Porter, dozen each;

10 casks Day & Martin's Blacking

1 box Lemon Acid, Spyring & Marsden's

40 kegs 28lbs. each white Paint

20 do. yellow do.

20 do. brown do.

60 bladders Putty

25 boxes Hunter's Pipe

10 boxes white Wax

1 box Sealing Wax

2 do. Wafers

2 casks Brushes

8 cases Stationery assorted

80 half and quarter barrels Gun-powder FF brand

fit for loading purposes

A few casks Cordage

20 ton Iron in bars

6 bales coarse and fine Cloths.

ALSO, ON HAND,

24 pipes superior Italian Port Wine and a few casks of old Port Wine in 3 and 6 dozen.

WM SANDERSON & Co.

Quebec, August 1, 1815.

NOW landing, and for sale by JAMES ALLISON, Lower Town Market Place, next door to Mr. Ross—

A few casks of London bottled Madeira and Port wines of excellent quality,

A few boxes superfine Mustard,

Crown fig blue,

Currants and teas,

Writing paper, pens and ink,

Sealing wax and wafers,

Printed cottons,

Black and white cambrics,

Variety of shawls,

muslins,

handkerchiefs,

Calicoes and quiltings,

Furniture dimity,

Superfine Marcellis waistcoating,

An assortment of brooms and brushes.

Quebec, Sept. 26.

FOR SALE.

2 SPANISH wine, Madeira and Faval wines, rum, muscovado sugar, superfine and fine flour, middling and fine emery, 300 cwt. biscuit, 250 minots best boiling peas, 16 barrels of salmon and a few pipes Geneva.
BREHAUT, SHEPPARD & Co.
Quebec, Oct 17, 1815.

MISSING.

2 TWO Boxes Sperm-cet Candles, marked T. M. No. 13 and 14, landed from on board the Caledonia, Livingston, master, from London, on 10th instant, and supposed to have been taken from the Queen's wharf by mistake. Any information respecting the same will be thankfully received, and expense paid by
JOHN MACNIDER.
Quebec, October 17, 1815.

2 THE subscriber has just received per Mary, from Greenock, a general assortment of rich fancy sewed, unsewed, sprig and plain lace, cambric and mull Muslins, embroidered Robe Patterns, sewed fancy Muslin and cambric trimmings, cambric pocket, neck handkerchiefs and cravats; rich imitation cotton Shawls and scarfs, worsted tartan Plaid, black cotton Velvet; nuns', coloured and marking Thread, dark and light stripe and check Cottons and Gingham, linen Diaper, Dowlays, Huckabuck and Towels, silk and lawn Hat-covers, Sheetings, linnen and brown Hollands, Shetland Hosiery, overalls and Gloves.

20 punchons strong Jamaica Spirits, 20 casks Barley, Oatmeal and split Peas, Grapes, Fenders and Fire Irons, wool Cards, Glauber Salts, Putty, and a variety of other articles, which will be sold low for cash or short credit.
JOHN MACNIDER.
Quebec, October 17, 1815.

TO LET.

4 AND entered immediately—that commodious Store, lately occupied by Mr. W. Kleinsendoffe, No. 18, Notre Dame street. For particulars apply on the premises. —October 3d.

5 FIVE or SIX Gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARD and LODGING for the Winter, with a comfortable parlour entirely to themselves, in a central place in the Lower Town. —Apply to the Editor. —Quebec, 26th Sept. 1815.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.

WANTED, for the supply of His Majesty's Troop in this Garrison, EIGHT THOUSAND CORDS OF SOUND

Merchantable Fire Wood,

to be delivered into the Fuel Yard at St. Rocks, between the first day of MAY and the first day of October, 1816.

Two thirds of the wood to be Maple, black and yellow Birch, and one third of Beech and white Birch; the whole to be two feet six inches in length between the cuts. No Tender will be received for a less quantity than one thousand Cords; and none will be attended to unless two respectable persons are named in the Tender, as securities for the due performance of such Contract as may be entered into.

Tenders for the above supply, will be received at this Office until Monday, the 30th day of October next.

Commissionary General's Office,
Quebec, 25th Sept. 1815.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

Four or Five Gentlemen may be accommodated with constant Board and Lodging, by applying to the Subscriber No. 28, Champlain Street.

WM. GILLEY.

Quebec, 25th Sept. 1815.

4 THE subscriber informs his friends and the public that he intends on his own account, to carry on the business of Auctioneer & Broker from this day, & hopes for a continuance of those favors bestowed on the late firm of Lind & Fraser.

JOHN FRASER.

Quebec, 1st Oct. 1815.

NOTICE.

AS the Subscriber intends leaving this place for Europe, he wishes those that have any claims against him to bring them forward so that they may be settled.

JOHN GOUDIE,

Ship Builder.

FOR CHARTER TO GREENOCK.

THE fine new Copper fastened Snow FAME, 220 Tons Register Measurement, is now ready to receive a cargo on board. For further particulars apply to

JOHN GOUDIE,

Ship Builder.

Quebec, 9th October, 1815.

CAMPBELL & CHAPMAN have received by the late arrivals a few Casks of Aloa Ale, and London Brown Stout in Casks of 3 & 5 dozens.
Quebec, 9th October, 1815.

NEW GOODS.

John Macnider has just received per the Caledonia, from London,

A very extensive and general assortment of Woollens, adapted to the season, consisting of Superfine, pelisse, and common Cloths & Casimere, Blankets, olive washings and grey Earncraughts, White, yellow, red, green and blue Flannels, Green, blue, and red Hair, worsted Web, Carpeting, Coatings, and Swan skin, Printed, tuiled, tartan, plain coloured and black Bombazines, Saxony Whittles, Casimere shawls and scarfs, Hosiery gloves, milled, scarlet and grey Overalls, Crimson and scarlet sashes and comfortablees.

ALSO.

Black silk Florentine, black, white and coloured satins and sarsonets, Canton crapes, coloured and black China tarsonets and taffies, yellow, blue and fancy coloured handkerchiefs; figured, tuiled, plain coloured and black Barcelona ditto; green, white, assorted coloured and black crapes; Irish poplins, black and coloured bombazines; French cambrics, thread laces and edgings; Ladies' and gent's black, white and coloured silk gloves; Do. and do. black and drab beaver and lamb do. Ladies' long white and coloured kid do. Gent's buckskin and military white do. An assortment of ladies', gent's and children's gloves lined with lamb skin fleecy.

Windsor soap; sperm-cet candles, white wine vinegar; Sallad oil, French capers, Mushroom Ketchup and other Sauces, black, white, long and Cayenne pepper, Curry powder, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mustard, Ginger, Sago, Arrow root, Starch, Fig blue, Barley, Rice, Oatmeal, Lyson, souchong and green Teas, loaf Sugar, London Particular Mad ria Wine in pipes, linnas, &c. casks, and a variety of other articles which will be sold low for cash or short credit.

Quebec, 3rd Oct. 1815.

FOR SALE.

By the Subscribers, at a moderate price.
20 pipes of Sicily Madeira Wine,
2 do. of old Port Wine,
2 butts of Sherry do.,
2 pipes of Lisbon do.,
5 do. of Faval do.

FR. & THOS. C. OLIVA.

Quebec, October 2, 1815.

FOR SALE.

THE strong built schooner MARY & JANE with all her tackle and apparel, being completely found, well adapted for the West India, New Ground or Halifax trade, advantage per Register about 30 tons.

ALSO.

THE strong and hapthensome schooner SUSAN, measuring per Register 100 tons, and might be made ready for any voyage at a small expense. — Both the above vessels are now employed in the river trade, and will be sold on very moderate terms for cash. For further particulars apply to

JOHN WHITE & Co.

Quebec 4th July, 1815.

THE subscriber has just received, per the ship Mary, from London, a most elegant assortment of Goods in his line, viz. India's most fashionable Watered Hats, Caps, and Bonnets, suitable for the season, also seal Trimming for gentlemen's or ladies' habits or great coats, ladies' and children's beaver Bonnets, black, white, drab and peevensure brown; also the most fashionable Regent Hats for ladies; gentlemen's beaver and water-proof ditto; gentlemen's fine shoes and pumps; children's do. of all sizes, and assorted trunks of ladies' and servants' livery clothes and leather Hats, children's and youth's H is of all colours and sizes, and a few modified Brown Coat Hats for men, boys and youth; military black Hats and Trimmings; Feathered ditto; military Gloves of the best buck, and others of different qualities; silk lace and cap Covers, silk Clouds for gentlemen or ladies, Epaullets of all descriptions and for all ranks of officers and Departments; buff, collar and waist ornaments for do.; also, a most elegant assortment of Swords of the very best quality, London made waist Belts, Sashes of the best and elegant patterns, military Footers, Ladies' ostrich do. of all colours, a few dozen black, green & yellow Ropes, also a few dozen Patent Calf Skins, Grenadier and other Lamps with reflectors and glasses, 6 pair of elegant standing Lamps for side boards.

Just received, a few thousand pounds of the best Kamouraska Butter, for sale.

WM. HALL.

Quebec, October 17, 1815.

THE subscribers have just received 250 Tons of best Kamouraska butter, which they offer for sale.

JAMES McCALLUM, & Co.

Quebec, 17th Oct. 1815.

JUST arrived and for sale by the subscriber, at very low prices—

100 boxes sheet iron,
50 doz n of shove s wt. 2, 3, 4,
30 doz. frying pans, different sizes,
20 chests tea,
3 tons iron hoops,
3 lbs. double refined sugar,
6 do. single ditto,
25 casks yellow paint,
1 most elegant register grate,
1 force pump and pipe,
black pepper in bags,
1 box needles assorted,
25 casks London bottled porter and brown stout, warranted the very best,
12 hhds in the wood,
Part wine in pipes.

—ALSO—

100 pipe packs,
400 half do.,
400 qr. do.,
100 oil hhds.,
250 tierces, round and in packs,
200 fish hhds.,
100 flax seed do.,
3 M. staves and heading, &c. &c.

August 15, 1815. CHA. HUNTER.

CONTRAT AVEC LE GOUVERNEMENT.

ON a besoin, pour les Troupes de S. Majesté, d'un garnison, de huit mille cordes de bois de chauffage, bois et marchand, à être livrés dans le parc du roi, à Saint Roch, entre le premier jour de Mai, et le premier jour d'Octobre, 1815. Deux tiers du bois doivent être d'Érable, et le reste de hêtre ou de sapin; et un tiers de Bouleau blanc et hêtre. Tout doit avoir deux pieds et six pouces de longueur entre les bouts coupés. On ne recevra point d'offre pour une moindre quantité que mille cordes; et on ne fera pas attention à aucune, à moins qu'elle ne soit présentée par deux personnes respectables ne soient nommées dans l'offre, comme cautions, pour l'accomplissement du Contrat.

Propositions seront reçues à ce bureau jusqu'à Lundi le 30e jour d'Octobre prochain.

Bureau du Commissaire Général,
Quebec, 25e de Sept. 1815.

C. RIVERS has just unpacked four cases of Ladies' fashionable white, brown and black Beaver Hats and Bonnets.—Also, six trunks of Ladies' strong walking shoes, and daily expects the Jane from London with an extensive assortment of new goods.—As the subscriber shortly goes to England, the whole of his goods will be sold uncommonly low for cash only, and requests all persons indebted to him to pay their accounts immediately.

C. RIVERS,
No. 4, Palace street.

15 Oct. 1815.

CAUTION!
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that all proprietors of River Craft, or vessels, are forbidden to place their anchors, cables, or other holdfasts, on the lands of the subscriber, held in fee, on the bank of the River St. Maurice, commonly called the Black River, without being previously authorized thereto by the proprietor. And all persons carrying away sand, or destroying the trees or brushwood on the said ground and banks, will be prosecuted, as the law directs.

B. P. WAGNER,

Three Rivers, October 14, 1815. 2m

Surgeon-Dentist.

DR. FAY, conscious of the very liber I encourage, ment given him for five years past in this city and vicinity, together with the universal satisfaction given to some thousands who have actually experienced, and received the benefits of his services, is a sufficient inducement for him at present to appropriate his time in future wholly to the service of the Ladies and Gentlemen, in re-establishing, improving, and beautifying the most useful and ornamental part of the human system, the TEETH; meliorating, restoring and curing those defects, pains and diseases to which the teeth, mouth, and gums are subject, from neglect, cold and the improper use of mercury. If seventeen years, wholly devoted to the study, practice, and experience in Anatomy, Surgery, Phisic and Dentistry, ought to claim any preference in the confidence of the discerning public, he certainly is entitled to a share of it. At the same time insuring the public that no Dentist or Mechanic without medical knowledge, can operate upon the mouth, teeth, gums or human system, without producing pain, inflammation, or some bad consequences, which he is utterly unable to remove or cure. These are facts too often confirmed, and too generally known to be easily confuted. As he charges only for mechanical operations, he always expects ready cash—after which, as usual, all necessary repairs, fixtures and improvements will be attended to gratis.

Dr. Fay's improved specific Lotion, for the mouth, teeth, and gums, which has been so universally used and approved of, throughout America, for fifteen years past, is useful, innocent, and not unpleasant to the taste, is made and sold as usual, at his Office No. 18, Fabrique street, Quebec—at 2s. 6d. per Bottle.

17th Oct. 1815.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN sometime last week from the Boarding House of Mrs. E. Moore, Cul de Sac, two super fine Sartouts; one of a dark olive colour with a large Cape, and lined with silk, the other of a similar colour, faced with silk.

Whoever will lend to the recovery of the said Sartouts and conviction of the Thief will receive the above reward on application at this office or to

JOHN MOORE,

Quebec, 16th Oct. 1815.

FOR SALE at the subscribers' Stores—strong and high flavoured Jamaica Spirits and Leeward Island Rum, loaf sugar in Hhds., Irish mess pork, leaf and plug tobacco, sole leather and calf skins, strong calf and army shoes, black pepper, single and twankay tea, indigo, and anchors.

JONES, WHITE & MELVIN.

Quebec, 17th Oct., 1815.

CHINIC, VEZINA & Co.

Have for sale at their Store, No. 17, St. Peter street, 10 Hhds. superior Claret Wine, 15 Pipes Real Cognac Brandy, 12

Quebec, R. H. August, 1815.

FOR CHARTER.

TO the Clyde, Liverpool or any Port in Ireland, the fine Ship JANE, of 400 tons Register measurement, Captain McGregor, Master, the Ship will be ready to receive a cargo in eight or ten days. For terms apply to

Oct. 16th, 1815.

JOHN MURE & Co.

MILL WRIGHT WANTED.

A MAN capable of erecting a Mill for dressing Flax and tanning Oakum, shall have good encouragement by applying to

ADAM RENNIE.

Jacques Cartier, Oct. 12th 1815.

LOST.

ON Sunday evening last, in the Lower Town, in Champlain Street, a Silver WATCH with silver chain No. 2331. Any person who may have found the same and will leave it at the New Printing Office, will be handsomely rewarded.

Quebec, 16th October, 1815.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

MRS. SPRAIT respectfully informs her friends and the public in general that she has commenced the instruction of a few young Ladies in the useful branches of needle work, in connexion with which will be taught, if desired, Reading, Writing and Arithmetic.

No. 10 Rampart Street.

Quebec, 17th Oct. 1815.

ON DISPOSAL.

Government Bills to the amount of £3,000 sterling, in convenient sets, at PAR for cash only. Apply to the Editor.

9th October.

JUST received per the Caledonia, from London, and for sale at No. 30, St. Peter street, a few sets of Prince Regent, Emperor of Russia, Count Platon, Prince Blucher, Wellington and Bonaparte, in elegant gilt frames and glazed—

2 cases stationary.
4 cases assorted oils and French perfumery,
1 case Riggs's Aromatic transparent soap,
4 cases rose, oriental, veronacular, Ceylon and Windsor soaps,

6 cases veritable eau-de Cologne,
2 cases Wellington and Hessian Boots,
5 trunks ladies' superfine merino cloth for pelisses, with elegant trimmings to match.

DAILY EXPECTED, per the Sterling—
40 cases of fine old Hock, with a few hhdts. of cut Glassware. **J. C. REIFFENSTEIN & Co.**
10th October, 1815.

THE Subscriber has just received per the Union from Greenock, several packages printed Cambrics, Shawls & Muslins, well adapted for Shop Keepers, or the American market; has on hand, few bales Salempoies, blankets, flannels, flannels and baizes, superfine & serjeant's grey cloth, superfine Irish linens, bed ticks and sheetings, coloured and black sarinets; ribbons, black silk handkerchiefs, sewing silks, scarlet double milled caps, tartans, matts, printed cottons, the case or piece, hampers, lines, nails, window glass and many other articles. All fresh and of the best qualities which he will dispose of on the lowest terms for cash—expected daily per John Greenock,

100 ps. Russia Sheetings,

300 ps. Ravensduck.

DAVID ROSS,

53 South Main Street.

Quebec, 2d. Oct. 1815

FOR SALE and possession, given on 1st May 1811, next, that delightful country residence, well known by the name of WOODFIELD, about two and half miles from St. Louis Gate. The land and garden are in excellent order, the dwelling House and Offices in a complete state. For price and terms of payment apply at the compiling house of

MONRO & BELL.

Quebec, 2d October, 1815.

JUST received and for sale—a few casks of Shoes assorted and Soupe Barley, well worth the attention of retailers—enquire of

EBENEZER BAIRD,
At the Landing Place.

Quebec, 3d Oct. 1815.

RAN AWAY.



From the Subscriber, an indentured Apprentice, named **GEORGE BURKE**.—All persons are forbidden harbouring or employing the said Apprentice.

JOHN CANNON.

Quebec, 9th October, 1815.

FOR SALE.

THE Fee Simple in the following Tracts of Land, many of them in the neighbourhood of extensive settlements, each lot contains 210 acres, they are for the most part covered with highly valuable Pine and Oak Timber, and are well supplied with running streams of water; amongst them are several mill seats. Settlers or others who may be disposed to purchase, will apply to the undersigned at Quebec, (if by letter, post paid) who will make known the terms of payment, either for the whole or part of them, and will afford every information as to the Titles, which are undoubted. These lands are not charged with the payment of any rent what ever.

[Range.
Acton—Nos. 13, 15, 16, 18 and 1/2 of No. 19, in the 3d do.
Acton—No. 8, in the 10th do.
Clifton—No. 16, in the 4th do.
Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 12, 14 & 15, in the 5th do.
Nos. 1, 4 and 5, in the 6th do.
Ditton—No. 2, in the 3rd do.
Farnham—No. 41, in the 2d do.
Nos. 45 and 46, in the 3d do.
Hatley—No. 18, in the 6th do.
Ham—Nos. 7, 9, 17, 18, 20, 21, 24 and 25, in the 1st do.
And the N. E. half of No. 23, in the 2d do.
Hemingford—Nos. 112 and 113, in the 3d do.
Nos. 140 & the north half of No. 154, in the 4th do.
Potton—No. 13, in the 1st do.
No. 7, in the 3d do.
Nos. 14 and 15, in the 6th do.
Nos. 2 and 3, in the 10th do.
No. 8, in the 11th do.
Shenley—Nos. 19 and 20, in the 11th do.
No. 20, in the 12th do.
Sutton—No. 22, & the south half of No. 8, in the 2d do.
No. 14, in the 5th do.
No. 19, in the 6th do.
And the south half of No. 27, in the 9th do.
Stoke—Nos. 4, 9, 11, in the 3d do.
Nos. 6, 7, in the 4th do.
Nos. 7, 8, 20, in the 5th do.
Nos. 5, 9, 20, 22, in the 6th do.
Nos. 13, 14, in the 7th do.
Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8, in the 8th do.
Tewkesbury—Nos. 14 and 22, in the 3d do.
No. 19, in the 6th do.
No. 32, in the 9th do.
No. 32, in the 10th do.
No. 40, in the 11th do.

ALSO, THE FEE SIMPLE IN
Four Lots in the Town of Wingham Henry or Sorel, contiguous to each other, on the north side of the Royal Square; each lot contains 66 feet in front by 132 in depth—charged only with a very moderate annual quit rent; they are held by Letters Patent from the Crown.
JOHN ROSS, Barrister at Law, & one of the Prothonotaries of the Court of B. B.
Quebec, 30th September, 1815.

We publish the following by particular desire.

THE LATE MR. WHITBREAD.

Tuesday, July 11.

In moving a new writ for the election of a Representative from the County of Bedford in the British Parliament, vacant by the death of the late Mr. WHITBREAD, the Marquis of FAVINGHAM passed the following very handsome Eulogium on the illustrious deceased:—

"In addressing the House, on the present occasion, I am oppressed by feelings far more painful than I ever before experienced. I mean not to intrude myself, for any considerable time, on your attention—for, I am sure, the subject is not less painful to you than it is to me. I hope, therefore, I shall receive the indulgence of the House for a few moments—while, according to the usual practice, in moving for a new writ, I pay the last melancholy duty to the memory of the lamented individual who recently represented the Borough of Bedford.—(Hear, hear.) No considerations of private friendship—no admiration of the virtues which adorned his private life—no recollection of the purity of his private character—induce me to stand forward on this occasion. But the great space he occupied in the debates of this House—the sterling abilities with which he advocated what he conceived to be beneficial for his country—will form some excuse for the course I am adopting.—(Hear, hear.) And I ask, on public grounds, the concurrence of this House in the tribute I am now paying to his respected memory.—(Hear, hear.) I am aware, that a great majority of the Members of the House of Commons, thought his opinions erroneous. But, speaking with confidence, I will say, that there is no person, in whom he was opposed in politics, who will not acknowledge, that his opposition was at least manly and open.—(Hear, hear.) He must be ever classed amongst those, who, impelled by a conviction of the propriety of their views, dissent, with honest zeal, from the sentiments of the majority. He was accustomed to defend his opinions with earnestness and with warmth. The energy of his mind admitted no tame expression.—(Hear, hear.) But, however strong his language, his heart was an utter stranger to any feeling of political resentment.—(Hear, hear.) To make use of his own words, on a former melancholy occasion, he never carried feeling of political hostility beyond the threshold of this House.—(Hear, hear.) He did the utmost justice to his political opponents—and I am happy to see, that they are ready to do justice to him.—[Hear.] To those who were more immediately acquainted with his exalted character—who knew his direct and open feelings in all the transactions of his life—his never ceasing zeal for truth—his inflexible love of his country—his unaffected mind—his bold and undiminished exertions in the cause of humanity—to those, my panegyric must appear unworthy of the subject. But, above all, it must be said of him, that he was the poor man's friend.—(Hear, hear.) I appeal to those who, like myself, have known his unabated, his unvaried zeal, in promoting the happiness of those around him—I appeal to thousands who have experienced the kindness of his generous heart, whether he did not truly merit that endearing appellation.—(Hear, hear.) The county towns which he represented, exhibit imperishable records of his active benevolence—for he closely imitated the example, and scrupulously trod in the steps of the good man who went before him! His public virtues—the bold eloquence which he always displayed in this House, when he stood forward in support of the principles he professed—his plain honest English character will long adorn the pages of our Parliamentary history.—(Hear, hear.) All that remains to us now is, the sad and silent retrospect of virtues, the exercise of which was the delight of his heart, and the admiration of the energies of a brilliant and active mind, whose most powers were directed to the service of his country! I will not apologise to the House for thus speaking of a man, who was one of its brightest ornaments.—(Hear, hear.) But I feel that an apology is due to those honorable friends, who had long known and long venerated his character, for the feeble and imperfect manner in which I have described his talents and his virtues.—(Hear, hear.) His Lordship concluded by moving—

"That the Speaker be directed to issue his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown, to make out a new writ for a Member to arrive in the present Parliament, for the town of Bedford, in the room of Samuel Whitbread, Esq. deceased."

During the delivery of the above speech, the Marquis of Favingham was most deeply affected. In several instances, his tears obstructed his utterance. The House,

which was unusually full considering the late period of the Session, fully sympathised in the feelings of the Speaker. And, when the abilities or the private character of Mr. Whitbread were touched upon, loud cheering, from all sides of the House, proved that every party perfectly concurred in the sentiment.

Mr. Wetherforce said, that, after the very eloquent speech which they had just heard—a speech which boasted the purity of all eloquence, the eloquence of the heart—he would not have detained the House for a single moment, but that he was most anxious to record his testimony of the public and private virtues of Mr. Whitbread.—(Hear, hear.)—He (Mr. Wetherforce) was one of the many (rich as well as poor) who felt the full value of such a character, both in a private and a public point of view. If the character of Mr. Whitbread exhibited any defects—and all human beings were subject to them—they appeared to him to originate in the strong feelings by which the English character had always been distinguished. There never was, in plainness, candour, sincerity, or love of independence, a more complete Englishman.—(Hear, hear, hear.)—All who knew him must know the indefatigable earnestness and zeal with which he devoted his talents to the various subjects which were brought under the consideration of the House; and although, undoubtedly, on many occasions, it was his fortune to differ from him, yet he was always ready to do the fullest justice to the integrity, public spirit, and love of his country, by which his conduct was guided.—(Hear, hear, hear.)—He had frequently seen Mr. Whitbread act in contradiction to his private feelings and affections, when his public duty called on him, to sacrifice them. His loss was deeply to be deplored; at the same time, it must undoubtedly afford some degree of melancholy satisfaction to his friends, when they see those who differ from him on various occasions, now coming forward to do justice to the principles on which he acted—and seeming to consider him as one of the public treasures of the nation.—(Hear, hear.)—In the progress of that great cause (the abolition of the Slave trade) with which he had so much to do, he found Mr. Whitbread one of the most zealous and able supporters. But his philanthropy was not confined to the natives of Africa. No species of distress was ever passed over unnoticed by him.—The case of the unfortunate came the more powerfully recommended to him, in proportion to the extent of the oppression which had been endured. He was a man most desirous to obtain justice for the unhappy! Indeed, his great object seemed to be, to increase, as much as possible, the blessings, and to avert, as far as his exertions could avert, the misfortunes of humanity! (Hear, hear.)

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said, it was far from his wish to detain the House on a subject which could not fail to affect their feelings most deeply. It would indeed, be inexcusable, if he were to solicit their attention for many minutes, after what had fallen from his Hon. Friend who had just sat down, and the speech delivered with so much feeling and so much propriety, by the Noble Lord opposite. But, both to his Hon. Friend, and to the Noble Lord, it might be some satisfaction to know, that those who, on political matters, most differed from Mr. Whitbread, did perfect justice to the virtues of his character, and never, for a moment, supposed him to be actuated by any other motives than those which became a public man, in the conscientious discharge of his public duty!—(Loud cheering.)

The motion was then agreed to.

MANHEIM, July 13.

When Duke Charles Ferdinand of Brunswick was brought in a litter to Brunswick, from the battle of Jena, in 1806, with his forehead broken and deprived of his sight, suffering the agonies of approaching death, and the still greater mental agony, caused by the idea of a victorious enemy, he sent to Bonaparte to ask permission to remain there, that he might be laid in peace by the side of his fathers in the ancient seat of his house. The answer of the barbarian was, "Let him go to England, and seek his fortune there; I will crush him and his whole family."

The great hall of St. Cloud, from whence Bonaparte with his myrmidons once drove out the Council of 500, amidst heat of drums, and in which latterly he gave his audiences, is now converted into

the workshop of the tailors and shoemakers of the 1st Silesian regiment of infantry, who there carry on their occupation without disturbance.

The report that the Prussians had plundered the French palace of Malmaison is contradicted on authority. A British nobleman, Lord Combermere, resides there with his family.

BORDEAUX, Aug. 31, 1815.

"The last advices from Paris are of a very gloomy nature. It is said the allied Powers have declared, that their armies shall not leave France until the whole of the seditious faction be annihilated; they declare that it is necessary for the safety of the King, and the tranquillity of Europe, that every traitor be punished. This declaration has created great consternation in the capital."

LONDON, Aug. 21.

In order to secure to us the possession of Canada, in case of a rupture with the United States, government has given orders to build upon the lakes new vessels and gun-boats suitable for the navigation of those waters. Every thing necessary for the arming and equipment of those vessels is preparing in England.

NAVAL ARRANGEMENTS.

Aug. 19.—The naval establishment has been ordered to be reduced to 12,000 sailors and 5,000 marines. 12 ships of the line will remain in commission as guard-ships. Only one ship of the line will remain in India. Vessels of 50 guns will carry the flags of the commanders of stations.

200 vessels of war have been ordered to be dismantled.

BONAPARTE

We guarantee the authenticity of the following, extracted from the conversation which Lord Littleton and Mr. Lowther have had with Bonaparte, on board the Northumberland.

When remonstrating against his detention, he said, "you do not know my character; you ought to have placed confidence in my word of honor."

One of the gentlemen replied, "permit me to say to you, that since the invasion of Spain there is not an individual in England who would not distrust you and your most solemn engagements."

"I was (replied Bonaparte) invited into Spain by its sovereign."

But not to place your brother Joseph on its throne, replied the gentleman.

BON.—I had a great political system. It was necessary to establish a counterpoise to your maritime power; and besides, I only did what the Bourbons had before done.

You must however confess, M. General, that France, under your sceptre, was much more to be feared than France, as it was during the last years of the reign of Louis XIV. aggrandised as it was then.

BON.—England, on its side, has become much more powerful.

He spoke afterwards of our colonies and acquisitions in India.

BON.—I would have regenerated Spain and done many of those things, which the Cortes have since attempted to do. After a pause he said, "well I have been deceived myself in counting upon your generosity; replace me or send me back to the position from which you took me." When speaking of the invasion of France, "I was," said he, "a sovereign at that time. I had the right to make war. He said in detaining him, as we had done, we acted like a petty aristocratical power, and not like a great people."

He said of Mr. Fox, "I knew him, I saw him at the Thuilleries, he had no prejudices."

Mr. Fox, M. General, was a zealous citizen of his own country, and moreover, a citizen of the world.

He sincerely wished for peace, replied Bonaparte, and I wished for it likewise; his death prevented a peace from being made. The other negotiators were not sincere.

Bonaparte added again, "I do not say that during twenty years of war I did not conspire the ruin of England"—then collecting himself, as though he had inadvertently said more than he intended, he continued, "I mean it humbly; I wished to compel you to be just towards me."

He appeared neither agitated nor depressed. His expressions, some times energetic, were always tempered with calmness, and he gestulated much less than Frenchmen or Italians are accustomed to do.—*Morning Chronicle*.

From the Boston Palladium.

SUMMARY OF FOREIGN NEWS.

The 6th Prussian corps was on its march to the interior of France.

It appears that Nantz is to be garrisoned with 6000 Prussian troops. Prussian troops were at Cœn.

Austrian troops continued to advance towards France, even from Hungary and from Italy.

A Danish army is marching to the English frontier.

Additional British troops continue to enter France.

We do not perceive any account of the advance of Russian reinforcements.

The Paris Official Gazette of August 15, says neither the Austrian or Russian armies in France have been reinforced. There are Paris dates five days later than this.

Two hundred thousand barrels bread, one hundred thousand barrels meat, one hundred thousand litres brandy, are daily issued to the allied troops at and about Paris.

15,000 muskets and 37 cannon have been delivered from the French Depot at Vincennes to the English and Prussians. 10,000 were to have been delivered to the Russians; and they went for them; but some difficulty prevented the delivery.

The London Morning Chronicle of August 19, says the letter recently published as from Louis 18, is proved to be genuine by a letter from the Duke of Berry. But this we believe is matter of inference from the sentiments of the Duke, rather than his assertion. The Duke complains of Prussia, but compliments the Russians and English, and particularly the latter. He says the Bourbons will never consent to the degradation of France—From this the Morning Chronicle infers, that there is some plan for the dismemberment of France.

Preparations were making for a Grand Review at Paris—120,000 men were to be under arms—Afterwards the Emperor of Russia was to attend a review at Lyons.

The Russian Governor of Lorraine, has displaced the Russian Resident in the Department of the Meuse, and restored the authority of the French Prefect.

The disbanding of the old French Army and forming of a new one, is, in a great many cases, a merit annexed to the same men from one army to the old army, which still remains in some form.

Marseilles is considered one of the most loyal cities in France. The attachment to the Bourbons and aversion to the Bonaparteans is of the most decisive character. Their field ship is extended liberally to the friends of Louis.

A large British squadron has been welcomed into Marseilles harbor, and a public dinner and ball has been given to the Officers and the Russian, English and French colonists at the Theatre.

A great number of loyal and exiles come from all parts of France to the King. Several of them are the punishment of the distinguished and active Bonaparteans.

The Electoral College of Melun has nominated the Duc d'Orléans [Fouche] to the Legislative Assembly. The English paper says there is a cold war between Talleyrand and Fouche, because the latter believed in the marriage of his son with Ma-

demoiselle Beauveau. Other accounts say these two Statesmen concern themselves together to rule France. Fouche is represented as very wealthy and very careful of his property.

At the siege of Mistrerex, 100 houses were burnt and 600 men killed.

Mortier was expected at Melun. At Marseilles there was a rumor that the Austrians contemplated occupying Toulon.

The French Generals Vandamme and Soult continue at the residence assigned by the police. Drouot was in the Abbaye. Ney in the Conciergerie. D'Artois in some other place of confinement. The three last it is said are to be tried.

Count Thibodeau has been arrested in France.

Major Carr and Fournier, have been arrested at Bordeaux.

It is said Jerome Bonaparte has escaped from France to the Court of his father-in-law, where, it is added, he is permitted to reside with his second wife.

Bonaparte, in a protest against being sent to St. Helena, says, he is the guest of England, and not her prisoner. When he could not stay where he could not escape, his surrender was voluntary indeed!

Any person about to be made prisoner might in the same way change the character of his submission. But under any circumstances of surrender, the situation of Europe requires Napoleon's confinement or 100,000,000 francs as the reparation towards the nation of Europe requires.

But under any circumstances of surrender, the situation of Europe requires Napoleon's confinement or 100,000,000 francs as the reparation towards the nation of Europe requires. Napoleon's confinement or 100,000,000 francs as the reparation towards the nation of Europe requires.

It is said it was agreed at the Congress of Vienna to send him to St. Helena, and that this hesitation persuaded that Austria delays the decision; that Bonaparte heard of the design and precipitated himself on will lose several great provinces.

Several accidents happened in boats from the vicinity of persons to get lights of Bonaparte while he was on board the Belleophon. By the overhauling of one of the boats, a very respectable young lady, was drowned.

The works of art in the Museum at Paris, which had been the property of foreign nations and taken by the French armies, continued in the process of restoration; but there is still found a great mass which had been plundered from individuals in foreign countries, of the objects of which cannot be ascertained. These the London Courier proposes to have divided among the different allied powers.

The King of Spain ordered a grand Te Deum in all the churches of the nation and its colonies, for the victory of Waterloo.

LONDON, AUG. 22.

Naval Court Martial.—On Monday week a Court Martial was held at Portsmouth, on Capt. Stephen Popham, late a King's Captain, of the Monitor, on the Lakes in Canada. In having, contrary to a verbal order of Comd. Sir James Lucas Yeo, taken a boat of American boats in a creek on the Lake, which were proceeding from Oswego to Sackett's Harbour, with stores of every description, for the equipment of a large ship that was building in the latter harbour. The Court determined, that a verbal order had been given to Capt. Popham not to go into any creek in his endeavour to intercept the expected boats with stores, but having disobeyed, he was found them in Sackett's creek, and having been greatly reinforced, by taking under his orders a division of a mixed boat, under Capt. Smyth, and a man-of-war which could not have been contemplated by Sir J. L. Yeo, he was fully justified in making the attack which he did, under the consideration of the absolute importance it was to the service that the boats should not reach Sackett's Harbour, and therefore acquitted him to be acquitted.

The Court then proceeded to consider the charges against Sir J. L. Yeo, who had used such disrespectful expressions in his letter to the Admiralty, stating that Popham's capture, and also their high disapprobation of the severe imputation contained in

Capt. P's defence against his Commanding Officer, for having refused him a witness in his support of the charges—which was his duty to do.

A court martial was held on Friday and Saturday to inquire into the circumstances attending the loss of the Belleophon on Lake Champlain, and to try Capt. P. the next day for officers after the death of Capt. Dowse and his officers under his command, for the same. The prosecution closed on Saturday afternoon, and yesterday several officers would make their defence. It appeared, from the proceedings, that two of the officers who ought to have been sent on their trial, did not appear, viz. Lieut. Rorer, who afterwards deserted to the enemy, and has been struck out of the list of Lieut. and Lt. M. Gee, whose residence is not known.

The allied troops, not only remained in Paris but it was said some of the Powers had ordered new levies in their kingdom; that they would garrison the French fortresses, and hold military possession of France, till the terms of the treaty of peace were fulfilled by the French Government. The sum required of France, to reimburse them for the expenses of the war is said to be about 500 millions sterling; and when this is paid the complete indemnification of the country will be restored to the King. Louis had ordered a contribution of 100 millions of this sum, it being one of the first preliminary conditions of the treaty of peace. A Vienna article of July 29, says: "We are here daily more and more persuaded that the Treaty of Paris will suffer several changes in favour of the Allies, and that France will lose several great provinces."

KINGSTON, Oct. 10.

On and almost two of the clerks in the Naval Department, Messrs. Lang and Gray, having got out on the Lake, pleating, in a small sailing boat, they were driven from the shelter of the wind to Snake Island, which they left the same evening, to return to Kingston, and have not since been heard of. No doubt remains of their having been lost from the upsetting of the boat. They are much regretted having been both young men of excellent character.

QUEBEC, OCTOBER 24, 1815.

SINCE our last, London dates have reached us, through the U. States to the 15th of August; and contain all the gist, but they furnish no more later than London papers, with the exception of which we have been politely favoured to the 21st of the month. The most prominent intelligence we receive in those papers, is the trial, condemnation and execution of Col. L. Benavere, for treason and rebellion, against Louis XVIII.

The Colonel admitted the truth of the allegations against him, and expressed himself ready to suffer the consequences; but he defended his defence on the point of his being a prisoner of war, and of course required for his trial. His object was to go into details of the circumstances, and of the services of the court, though he admitted the good intentions of his king, has attempted to justify his conduct, and to ground it, on his opinion of what was right at the time. In politics, just as Bellingham maintained the rectitude of his conduct in assassinating Mr. Perceval, because he had taken away the head of a serpent which had been doing him by the servants of the crown. At here was, however, a peculiar feature which distinguished the case of Bellingham from that of Benavere; it was that the first committed the crime of the ministers to be personal to him; whilst the latter viewed the conduct of the French administration to be injurious to the nation. In the point of view against the two there was also a marked difference. Bellingham was permitted to assassinate until he had exhausted himself; while Benavere was cut short by the President of the court, and

admonished him to plead to facts and not to wander into political discussions. The court was a council of war, which found him guilty, and sentenced him to death, and to be stripped of his military rank and honors. He appealed to a Court or Council of revision, which confirmed the judgment and sentence of the first court. He was in consequence shot, notwithstanding that his wife and mother had worked upon the feelings of the king, by throwing themselves at his feet in mourning, and praying his pardon. Laboyere behaved to the last with great firmness, while his manner and appearance interested all in no small degree. What is remarkable in this man's fate is that as he was the first to abandon his colours and go over to the new landed usurper, so he was the first to suffer death as a traitor. It is supposed that if, instead of joining Bonaparte he had opposed him with his regiment, he might have crushed the enterprise in the bud. He positively and pointedly declared against his having been concerned in any previous plot; and even against his having any knowledge of any relation between Paris and Elba, further than by vague report.

It was supposed that Ney would be the next victim; and that a few others would follow that had been arrested; but they were not numerous.

From the very severe treatment the Prussians had received from the French when Bonaparte triumphed on the continent, as might be expected, the Prussians were retaliating, when masters, in France. All the British had suffered from the French as soldiers; but very different was the case with the Prussians. The latter had most severely felt the iron gripe of an unfeeling master; therefore it is not to be wondered at that they should make themselves to be felt in their turn, when the scale had turned in their favour. That the British had not suffered as much or more, no thanks are due to the French, as they menaced every thing. That they did not carry their threats into execution arose from a want of power, not of will.

Of what the feelings of the leading men of the armies of the allied powers, at least, were, some idea may be formed from the following toast, given by Blucher, at a dinner lately given by Lord Wellington to a very numerous party, and which was drank with great applause.

"May the fruits gained by the swords of the armies not be done away by the pens of the ministers."

The first division of the army of Canada arrived at Paris on the 11th of August.

On Wednesday evening arrived in town His Excellency Sir Gordon and suite, from a tour to the upper districts. On Thursday his arrival was announced by a salute from the Grand Battery. On his way down, Sir Gordon visited the new settlement of Drummondville, on the St. Francis, which, we hear, was progressing much to His Excellency's satisfaction.

Let Sir Gordon's stay in the Province be long or short, he will, at no time, leave it without the reputation of having greatly contributed to its prosperity, not alone by his fostering care of this infant settlement, and the consequent further encouragement of European settlers; but by his countenance to the opening of roads of communication through hazy parts of the province; particularly on the South side of the Saint Lawrence; by which not only our markets cannot fail of being more abundantly supplied; but the trade of the country generally very considerably augmented, by means of an easy intercourse; one of the great results and proofs of the advancement of civilization.

While on this subject we cannot help expressing our satisfaction at the change of language in some of our provincial papers; which, instead of persisting in the idea of the necessity of raising a deadly barrier between the Canadas and the United States, for the purpose of cutting off all communication, en-

courage, at present the suggestion of drawbacks on exports to the States; and a consequent liberal, extensive, and profitable intercourse. Nor will this idea, we trust, be confined to Newpapers; but be allowed to expand through, and meet with every facility in the different branches of our legislature; which we have some reason to hope will, in future, offer up all little interests and party feuds at the shrine of provincial prosperity and harmony; sincerely do we pray that we may not be disappointed in this flattering expectation.

The Price of Bread for this week is—
4 lb. White Loaf..... 10 1/2 d.
6 lb. Brown do..... 15 3 d.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

- 18—Ship Birky, D. Wicklow, from Liverpool, sailed 21st of August, to J. G. Clapham, cargo salt and coals.
—19—Brig Alexander, Vickers, from do. sailed 25 h do. to James Heath, general cargo.
—Passengers, Major Leslie, 19 h do. and lady, Mrs. Hyde, child and servant, Mr. Hoyle and Mr. Whitebread.
—24—Schooner Four Sons, M.H. Iron, sailed 1st of Oct. from Halifax, to F. Quirouet & Co. Cargo Rum, Sugar, Tar, &c.—Passengers, Lieut. Solomon, Carmichael, 104th regt. Mr. Finlay, wife and servant, two privates of the Tenth Royal Veteran Battalion.

SALES BY AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 25th inst. at the Subscribers' Auction Room, at ONE o'clock:
SUPERFINE and fine cloths, casemeres, blankets, satinettes, fine cambric, sheetings, Irish linens, white and striped cottons, lace, veils and mantles, a few pieces rich silks, draper, romals, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO,

- 5 pipes L. P. Madeira Wine,
15 coils Cordage—12 & 2 inches,
10 do. Rattine—6 & 12 thread,
2 bales worsted socks,
1 do. do. stockings,
30 barrels Apples,
11 casks well assorted Glassware,
7 bags black Pepper,
30 cwt. hoop iron in lots, &c. &c.
6 boxes mustard in bottles,
LIMEWINE.

For account of the Proprietors:
About 45 Cwt Biscuit—remainder of a parcel landed from the Brig Concord, Robert Lithgow master, in November last and still unclaimed by any Consignee.
JONES, WHITE & MELVIN.
Quebec, 23d Oct. 1815.

On THURSDAY next, the 26th inst. at the subscribers' Auction Room, at ONE o'clock:
SEVENTEEN Puncheons Jamaica Spirits,
6 crates well assorted Earthenware,
10 kegs plug Tobacco, 20 Rolls Twist do.
15 cwt. shot assorted,
10 casks Nails—3 casks spirits Turpentine,
8 boxes Soap—20 Barrels Apples,
15 do. English mould candles, 5 boxes starch,
10 barrels Pot Barley, 4 do. Pipes.

And for account of the underwriters and others concerned:
3 bales damaged Canvas landed from on board the Alexander, and 1 cask Twine.

AFTER WHICH,

A general assortment of Dry Goods suitable to the season.
WHITE & LANGUEDOC,
Quebec, 24th Oct. 1815. A. & B.

THE Subscriber being about to leave the Province, has appointed **WILLIAM BURNS**, Esqr. to act for him during his absence, to whom all monies due him are to be paid, and all claims on him presented.
ANGUS SHAW.
Quebec, 19th October, 1815.

NOTICE.

THE Committee for the management of the **FIRE SOCIETY** have found it expedient to call a General Meeting thereof, in order to lay before them matters of importance relative to the Society. The said meeting to be held at the Union Hotel, on the 3d of November next, at six o'clock, P. M.

HAMD, GOWEN,
Secy.

Quebec, 21st October, 1815.

AVIS.

LE Comité de la **SOCIÉTÉ DU FEU** a trouvé expédient de convoquer une assemblée générale afin de lui exposer des matières d'importance regardant la société. La dite assemblée se tiendra à l'Hôtel de l'Union le 3e. Novembre prochain, à six heures du soir.

HAMD GOWEN,
Secrétaire.

Québec, 21e. Octobre, 1815.

James G. Hanna,

No. 15, Faubourg street,

HAS just received a handsome assortment of Jewellery, consisting of Gold Watch-chains, Seals, and Keys; sets of real Amethyst, Ruby, Topaz, Garnet, Cornelian, Coral, Pearl and Jet Finger Rings, Ear-rings, Brooches, Bracelets, Crosses, silver and silver gilt Snuff-boxes; Tortoise-shell Combs, Watches and gilt watch furniture, &c. &c.
Watches, clocks and silver work in all its various branches executed as usual.
Quebec, October 21, 1815.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE remarkable fine Brig **ALEXANDER**, (a regular trader,) Captain **James Fickers**, will commence loading for the above Port in ten days, and sail about the 15th proximo; a good part of her cargo being already engaged. Her accommodations for Passengers are well known to be excellent.—For freight or passage, apply to Captain Vickers, on board, at Brehaut's wharf, or to

JAMES HEATH.

Who has landing from the above Vessel and for sale:
14 Tons Coals, 40 tons Iron 1 1/2 & 2 in. by 1 in.
20 Pun. Jam. Rum, 7 Casks Cutlery and Saw.
6 Pipes real Geneva, 20 bales of coarse woollen hose
3 Tons Mart. Coffee, 30 Cwt. Cheese.
On hand, 20 Chests Twanky Tea,
Quebec, 19th Oct. 1815

FOR SALE by the Subscriber, in Mr. Smith's new house Lower Town:

7-8 Printed Cambrics, Turkey Stripes,
Ginghams, Shirting do.
Black Cambricks, 4-4 Printed Shawls,
Twilled do. do. Handkerchiefs,
6-4 & 7-4 imitation shawls, Cotton Balls,
Men and women's white, black and colored lambs wool hose.

ARCHD. DENNY.

Quebec, 23d. Oct. 1815.

NOTICE.

TWO Valuable Horses, double Harness, 4 Milch Cows nigh calving, 2 market Carioles, a side Saddle, to be disposed of by private agreement, at Mall Bank, Beauport.—Where timothy hay, carted by the purchaser, is one dollar and a quarter below the market price. Also a ship's boat for sale.

Quebec, 21st October 1815.

JUST RECEIVED,

And on sale by the Subscribers,

40 Cases real old Hock,

direct from Hockheim.

J. C. REIFFENSTEIN & Co.

No. 30, St. Peter street, Lower Town.

Quebec, 20th Oct. 1815.

at the Subscribers stores,
Town

NOW landing from the Sterling from London and for sale by the subscriber.
 Mastovado sugar in hhds. and tierces,
 Mottled and yellow soap in boxes of 56 and 28 lbs. each,
 Madeira wine in pipes and hhds.
 Candles mould and dipt 4's 6's 8's 10's in boxes of 5 doz. each,
 Sco and P-1 barley in convenient packages,
 Mustard, blacking, corks, coloured thread, &c.
 Wm. SANDER-ON, & Co.
 Quebec, 17th Oct. 1815.

SAVE YOUR RAGS
THE Subscriber will give 2d per lb. for all cotton and linen Rags, clean washed, and will allow to shop keepers or others (who choose to collect this article on his account) fifteen per cent commission, and pay the Transport to the Jacques Cartier Paper Mill, providing it does not exceed 30 miles.

ADAM RENNIE,
 Jacques Cartier, March 29, 1815.

Cordial Distillery.

THE Subscriber acquaints his Friends and the Public in general, that he has commenced business in this city, Côte D'Irre or Hope-street, No. 15, where he has opened a Distillery, and makes and distills all sorts of Creams, Liqueurs and Cordials for wholesale and exportation, or by the single case of 12 bottles each, warranted equal in quality to the best West India Liqueurs.—Having during a residence of three years in Martinique acquired from the first Manufacturers of that Island the art of preparing the choicest Cordials made in the West Indies, he confidently looks for encouragement in this branch of business. Liberal deductions will be made to such constant Customers as purchase for the purpose of retailing.

He has also on hand,
 Fresh Essence of Punch,
 Shrub of various descriptions in any quantity not less than three gallons.
 Crème de Noyau of a most superior quality,
 And a variety of others too lengthy to be enumerated.

R QUIROUET.
 Quebec, 12th June, 1815.

THE undersigned THOMAS LEE, the younger, of the city of Quebec, Notary Public, do hereby give notice that I shall, at the next ensuing session of the Provincial Parliament or Lower Canada make application anew in the usual manner, for an Act of the said Provincial Parliament to enable me to establish, cut and lay out the following Roads, viz. firstly, a road from the bottom of Cote d'Abraham commencing at the point at which the two roads at present leading to Dorchester Bridge and to Scott's Bridge, now separate from each other, to the Church of Ancienne Laiterie in the County of Quebec—and secondly a road to commence at the same point and to be continued from thence to Dorchester Bridge aforesaid, and from thence north or opposite to, and at a small distance from the parish Church of the Parish of Beauport, in the said County of Quebec—and thirdly, a road to commence from the great road at present leading through the suburbs of St. John, in the city of Quebec or the vicinity thereof, opposite or nearly opposite to a house at present called George's Tavern to the said Suburbs, and to be continued from thence in as straight and convenient a direction, as may be, unto the present house at the Ferry at the River of Cap Rouge.—The said several roads to be established with the like powers of cutting through such lands and premises as it may appear to be expedient or proper to traverse in order thereto, as are usually given on similar occasions in Great Britain, or as may appear to be expedient or proper on the present occasion.—And also with such power of establishing one or more Tolls or Toll gates upon the said roads severally and respectively as may appear to be necessary or proper for the reimbursing the expense of the formation of the said roads, and the keeping the same in repair, or otherwise, for, or touching or concerning the establishment or maintenance thereof, and also the interest and reasonable profits to be allowed on the expenditure of the monies necessary to be expended upon such an occasion.

THOMAS LEE, Junr. N. P.
 Quebec, Sept. 14th, 1815.

Just arrived and for sale by the Subscribers,

Port Wine,
 Claret,
 Sherry,
 Jamaica Spirits,
 Geneva,
 Irish Linen,
 White and colored Cotton-Thread,
 Writing and Wrapping Paper,
 Mould Candles,
 Lard,
 Calf and Kip Skins,
 Gouber Suits,
 Sea Bread,
 Steel,
 Spades and Shovels,
 Horse Shoes

W. MAGRE, Jr & Co.
 No. 6, St. Peter-street Aug 13 1815

THE subscribers inform their friends and the public in general that they have entered into partnership from this day; and that their business, as Merchants, will be carried on in future, under the firm of H and L Rolette.

HYPOLITE ROLETTE
 LAURENT ROLETTE.

Quebec, 4th June, 1815.
 N. B. They have in their Shop, Rue sous le Fort, an assortment of DRY GOODS, which they will dispose of at low prices.

H and L ROLETTE

FOR SALE.

A GENERAL assortment of Goods, landing from the vessels lately arrived from Britain, viz.
 Leaf sugar,
 Window Glass,
 Tin,
 Sheet Iron,
 Nails,
 Lintseed Oil,
 Sheet Lead,
 Red Lead,
 White Paint,
 Blue, green and yellow Paint
 is jars,
 Cooks, casks, assorted Glassware,
 Iron Hoops, do. Tumbler's,
 Bar Iron, do. Wine Glasses,
 Rod Iron, do. Blacking,
 Frying pans, do. Mustard,
 Blacklead, Linen and Twine,
 Alum, Synth and Suckles,
 Egg Blue, Spades and shovels,
 Whiting, best wine Corks,
 Writing Paper, Brushes and brooms,
 Quills and Watch glasses,
 Ink,
 Iron wire,

17 Packages Hosiery.
 Patent Yellow, — Tea-bottled PORTER, — EASTERN WARE &c. &c. — Flannels and cloths, calicoes, cambrics, silk handkerchiefs, ribbons, bombazines, waistcoating, hosiery, jeans, musketeers, threads, gingham, tapes, umbrellas, braces, pocket books, buttons, needles, pins, and a complete and general assortment of HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY and JAPANESE WARE.
 GILBERT HENDERSON
 No. 16 St Peter-street, 6th June 1815

LEsous-à-vendre, pour argent comptant, à son magasin sur le quai de Mr. Shaw,
 50 pipes de véritable vin de Port,
 10 cases de do. Set 6 douzaines chaque,
 5 pipes de Sherry,
 5 pipes de Lisbon,
 10 pipes de Florence.

Aussi des superbes et fins, de toutes couleurs, bas et gants, basiste de coton, patrons de pantalons &c. et il attend à un assortiment de marchandises pour l'Automne, par les premiers vaisseaux de Londres.

Quebec, 117 Août 815
 N. R. Il a aussi une partie d'un magasin à louer sur le dit quai.

Usmar and Penny, Boat Builders.
RESPECTFULLY inform their friends they continue Building Boats of all descriptions on the lower river. They have on hand for sale New and Old Boats—rough and ready made ash Oars
 No. 7 Canoterie, Near hope Gate.
 Quebec, 20 June 1815.

MRS JOANNA GEORGE has received by the late arrivals, a choice assortment of Dry Goods, Millinery, Jewelry, perfumery, &c. &c. for Sale at No. 4, St. Peter's Street, Lower Town.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved Co-Partnership. Those to whom they are indebted are requested to send for immediate settlement; and those who are indebted to them will please pay the amount of their accounts without delay.

EDWARD HAYES LINDSAY,
 JOHN FRASER.

Quebec, 1st Oct 1815.

RECEIVED of Brig SOPHIA, and for Sale by the Subscribers:
 Port Wine in Pipes and Bottles,
 Tenerife do.
 Spanish do.
 Sherry do.
 Cognac Brandy,
 Holland Gin,
 Whisky,
 Irish Linens,
 Irish Butter, 1st quality,
 Strong shoes,—and several packages of DRY GOODS, &c. &c.
 ROGERSON, HUNTER & Co.
 St. Peter Street, 16th Sept 1815.

THE BELFAST COFFEE HOUSE,
 Directly facing the Queen's Wharf, Champin Street, LOWER TOWN.

WILLIAM and JOHN O'HARA, respectfully inform their Friends and the Public, that they have at a very considerable Expense, fitted up in an appropriate manner, several commodious Apartments in the House which they at present occupy, for the accommodation of Boarders, private and Supper parties, &c. Fully aware of the necessity of accommodation in this City, they have sought neither pains nor expense to render this Establishment as convenient as possible in every respect for the entertainment of Travellers and others who may favour them with their Commands.

They have had in a stock of the best Wines and other Spirituous Liquors, and pledge themselves to procure in future, every article in their line, of the very first quality for the use of their Customers.
 W and J O'HARA, take this opportunity of offering their thanks to their numerous Friends for their very liberal support since they commenced Business, and hope by their unremitting assiduity and attention to merit their future favours.

Quebec, 16th May, 1815

FOR SALE.

15,000 mer. Pine Boards.
 8,000 do. K. boards.
 6,000 do quality 5 1/2 in 11 feet Plank.
 10,000 feet 2 1/2 quality 3 and 4 in. O & Plank, from 20 to 30 feet long—by
 THO. LEE, jun.
 Quebec, 4th Sept. 1815.

FOR SALE.

On moderate terms,
6112 ACRES OF LAND or thereabout, situated in the Township of Napiawik. The Surveyor's report of the quality of the land is highly favorable, and the main stream of the River Becancé runs through several of the lots, which in general lie contiguous to each other in the southern part of the Township, about three to four miles from Craig's Road; for further particulars apply to the subscriber, at his Office, St. John-street.

JEAN BELANGER, Not. Pub.
 Quebec, 21st August. 1815.

State of the Thermometer, for the past week, at 8 o'clock, A.M. 44. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 40
 Printed and published for T. O. LASCARY, No. 4, St. Anne street, at the NEW PRINTING OFFICE, No. 28, Broad-street.

FOR SALE,

By the Subscribers, at their Stores on the Queen's wharf
FINE and coarse 4-4 Irish Linen,
Stationery in convenient Packages,
Staple cordage from 1½ inch to 4½ inches,
Glass ware in hogheads assorted,
Prime mess pork,
Dry cod fish,
Port and Tenerife wine, in pipes, hogheads and
quarter casks.—Also,
A few hundred quintals Eucuit.
WOOLSEY, STEWART, Co.
Quebec, 2d January, 1815

THE subscriber has for Sale, for Cash at his Store
on Mr. Shaw's Wharf:—
10 Pipes real Port Wine,
50 Cases do. do. 3 and 6 doz. each,
5 Pipes Sherry,
5 Pipes Lisbon,
10 Pipes Holland Gin,
Also, superfine and fine cloths of all colors, hose y.
scotio cambrie, stocking web, &c. and is in daily ex-
pectation per first vessels from London, of a choice col-
lection of fall goods.
WEBB ROBINSON.
Quebec, 17th August 1815.

N. B. He has also a part of a Store to Let on the wharf

CORDIAL DISTILLERY.

R. QUIROUET has just manufactured and now
upon hand One Hundred Boxes of CREME DE
FRAISE. (Strawberry Cordial) of a most delicious
quality.—He intends manufacturing (crèmes) of all the
choicest fruits peculiar to the country, which he will
dispose of cheap for CASH or SHORT CREDIT.
2d August, 1815.

NOW landing, at the Queen's Wharf, from the barque
MARY, Moorsom, master, from London, and for
sale by the Subscribers:—

250 Pipes } Spanish red Wine of excellent quality
27 Hds }
16 Pipes Superior old Port Wine,
30 do. Holland Gin,
50 Puncheons Jamaica Rum,
Ann.—In his Cellar and Store,
100 Pipes Fuyal Wine of superior quality,
Cordage of all sizes,
New Rigging for a ship of 350 to 400 tons,
Large Anchors 13 to 22 cwt.—Sails,
ALSO,
20,000 Feet White Pine Timber,
40 Cords L. thwood,
1,000 Pair spruce Oars.
St. Peter street, 6th July, 1816. W. OVIATT.

FREDERICK WYSE,

Hair Dresser and Perfumer.

No. 9, Mountain street, Lower Town,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friend and the public
that he has received by the late arrivals, a hand-
some assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wigs, orna-
mental hair of all descriptions, highly scented hair
Powder, Soaps, Perfumery, Jewellery, artificial flow-
ers, Beads, Necklaces, Tortoiseshell and horn Combs,
Kid Shoes and Gloves, Penknives, Razors and Scissors,
Snauffers, Spurs, Whips and walking sticks, silk Um-
brellas and Parasols, Gentlemen's dressing cases, brace
quills, ink and paper, marking ink, signed blacking
brushes of all kinds and a general assortment of garden
seeds.—Quebec, 10th July, 1815.

RECEIVED by the late arrivals from Britain and
for sale by the subscribers,
18 pipes prime Port Wine,
5 do. excellent Madeira,
25 do. L. P. Tenerife,
26 do. Levant white Wine,
20 puncheons old Jamaica spirits,
ALSO,
Bar Iron, crown Window Glass, Cordage, loaf Sugar
English mould Candles, Raisins, fine cutlery, Leather
Port mantles, written Paper, &c. &c.
CAMPBELL and SHEPPARD.
No. 49, Sauls-au-Matelot street
Quebec, 4th July, 1815.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the Mercantile
body that they intend Commencing business on
1st May next, as COMMISSION MERCHANTS &
AUCTIONEERS, under the firm of CHINIC, VRZ-
NA & Co. and solicit their support which they hope
their exertions will ever merit.

40 JOS. M. CHINIC, Jr.
ALEX. A. VRZINA,

Quebec, 17th Jan. 1815

TO be sold cheap, for cash, at the subscriber's
Store, No. 50, Sauls-au-Matelot street:—
Ladies' superfine straw bonnets trimmed, boys and
girls' pevil do. plain, Men's common wool hats
with Umbrellas and Parasols, Lace, Boots and shoes,
boy's do. children's do. military do. silk, cor on
and worsted Hose, Ell-wide printed Cambric, French
Cambric, 6-4 cambric Muslin, corded do. furniture
Dimity, fancy Fringes, black Crape, green Canvas,
Car. ring, Sarinets plain and figured, Stationary,
fine Gingham, white and colored Jeans, gold Scales,
and Weights, black cambric Muslins, Codd Lines,
Hambro' ditto, and shoe Thread,—per the ANN
from London.
GEO. WILSON & Co.
May 22d, 1815.

THE subscriber respectfully acquaints his friends
and the public in general, that he has received by
the Mary and Mary & Bell, from Greenock; Matty,
Garrick and Rambler, from Liverpool; and Lavinia,
from London, a general assortment of groceries, li-
quors, wools, &c. &c. consisting of

gun-powder, tobacco, ouchong, onges and green double and single refined sugar, bright and common musco- vado sugar, coffee, tinted coco, patent chocolate, Irish butter, cheese, bacon, hams, dried beef, Lochline herrings, raisins, currants and figs, prunes, Spanish walnuts, soft-shelled and bitter al- monds, Poland starch, crown blue, orange & lemon peel, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon, cloves, cassia, ginger, Cayenne pepper, curry powder, mustard, playing cards, liquid & ball blacking, English soap & candles, spermaceti & wax candles, barley, rice, maize, split peas, pickled walnuts, coul flowers, onions, cucumbers, and all other articles in the grocery and tailoring lines, which will be made up in the most fashionable manner and the greatest despatch.	TEA. pically & French beans, camp sauer, cherokee do. Quin do. Harvey's do. essence of anchovies, walnut ketchup, lemon pickle, fine sallad, flask & olive oil, indigo, brimstone, shoe brushes, carpet brooms, dinner sets, assorted earthenware, fine old Jamaica spirits, leeward island rum, real Cogniac brandy, Amsterdam gin, shrub, peppermint, noyau & lime juice, L. P. Madeira, old Port, L. P. Tenerife, cargo, Sherry and Spanish best white wine vinegar, London porter & burton ale, superfine and second cloths of every price and des- cription, cassimeres, tailinettes, quitting, silk florentine, stockinette, sunkens, shalloons, brown Holland, white cottons, buttons, silk cord, sewing silk, twist, thread,
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ALSO—Gentlemen's dress and strong shoes, He-
sian boots, top do. military do. ladies' boots & shoes of
every description, and children's boots, at his house
No. 12, Sauls-au-Matelot street, near the Queen's wharf
Quebec, July 4, 1815. GEORGE ARNOLD.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons in-
debted to the Estate of the late JAMES DUN-
LOP Esquire, are to pay the amount of their res-
pective Debts to Mr. Archibald Whyte and Mr.
Andrew Shaw, at the house of the deceased in the
City of Montreal; or to Mr. William Lindsay
a Quebec: and all demands upon the said Estate
are to be delivered to them duly attested in order
that they may be discharged.

JOHN FORSYTH,

Wm. LINDSAY of Quebec,
A. L. MCNIDER, Executors to
Estate of the late James Dunlop.

Montreal, 5th Sept. 1815

TRINITY-HOUSE-QUEBEC.

Wednesday, 17th May, 1815

NOTICE TO MASTERS OF TRANSPORTS.

MASTERS of Transports, although not obliged to
report at the Custom House, are bound by Law
to pay the following rates of Pilot Water and Poundage
on Pilot Money to the Naval Officer of the Port of
Quebec, viz.

For every foot of water for which Masters or Com-
manders of Vessels are obliged to pay their Pilots from
Bic to Quebec, and from Quebec to Bic—2s 6d. cur-
rency per foot.

For Transports going to Montreal, or Three Rivers,
Of 100 to 150 Tons inclusive—£3 currency,
Of 151 to 200 Tons inclusive—£3 do.
Of 201 to 250 Tons inclusive—£4 do.
Of 251 Tons and upwards—£5 do.

And on settling with their Pilots, Masters of Trans-
ports are to deduct 1s. in the pound on the amount of the
sums due them, which with the rates of Pilot Water,
are to be paid as above directed.—And as the greater
part of the Transports that have arrived in Lower Can-
ada for some years past, have not conformed to the fore-
going regulations, although enjoying the benefit of the
Light House and Buoys, in common with other vessels,
such Masters, as shall be guilty of a like neglect in fu-
ture, will be prosecuted as directed by the Statute in
that case made and provided.

Attest,

WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Registrar Trinity House Quebec.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

A Few pipes London particular Madeira wine, a
few do. Spanish wine and Port wine in bottles, a
codfish, burr stones and plaster Paris, ready made ash
ours,—fine and farine entiere flour, about two hundred
cwt, biscuit fresh baked, and a few bags of green
coffee.
BREHAUT, SHEPPARD, & Co.
Quebec, 15th August, 1815.

NOW landing, at the Queen's Wharf, from the brig
ELIZABETH, J. Noble, master, from Tenerife and
for sale by the subscribers:

285 pipes }
70 hds. } Tenerife wine of a superior quality.
44 qr. cask }
Quebec, 20th July, 1815. Wm. OVIATT.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

EIGHT pipes real Rotterdam Geneva,
30 Hds. Porter, Ale and table Beer,
180 doz. best bottled Port wine, } well packed in
250 doz. bottled Porter, and Ale, } cases of 3 to 6 doz.
100 gross wine corks,
300 do. beer do.
4 hogheads Birnie's blacking,
4 cases fashionable and neatly finished, dress coats,
vests, pantaloons, &c.
1 bale slops,
1 do. striped cotton shirts,
1 do. pelase cloths assorted colours,
150 soldiers' stocks,
Shoe, cloth, scrubbing, paint brushes,
Canvas, No. 1 and 2,
Bagging,
Flax and tow sheetings,
Do. do. Osnaburghs,
Imitation Russia sheetings,
Do. do. Duck,
Coloured threads,
Military stockings,
Coarse Woolen cloths.

Quebec, 26th June, 1815. THOS. CHRISTIE.

AVIS
EST donné par le présent que toutes personnes qui doivent à la Succession de feu JAMES DUNLOP, Ecuyer, devront payer le montant de leurs dettes respectives à M. ARCHIBALD WHYTE et M. ANDREW SHAW, à la maison du décès dans la ville de Montréal; ou à Mr. WILLIAM LINDSAY à Québec, et toutes d'indes contre la dite Succession leur devront être présentées dûment attestées, afin d'être déchargées.
JOHN FORSYTH,
WM. LINDSAY, de Québec,
A. L. MCNIDER, Exécuteurs de la
Succession de feu James Dunlop.
 Montréal, 5e. Septembre, 1815.

FOR SALE,
TWENTY Chaldrons of Coals,
 25,000 Kamouraska Boards,
 10,000 Do. 1½ and 2 inch planks,
 Saint Paul Bay boards and planks,
 400 pairs of black spruce Oars,
 6 bales of best cotton Wick of 100 lb. ea
 A few bales of best India white cottons,
 And Essence of Spruce, for cash only.
THOS. WILSON.
 Québec, 15th July, 1815.

Also, TO BE LET,
 For a Term of years as may be agreed upon,
THE Domain of the Fief of St. Villemay, fifth
 Concession of St. Joseph, Pointe Lévis, consist-
 ing of 4 arpents in front by 30 arpents in depth, of
 which there is about 40 arpents in cultivation, with a
 House of 50 feet by 30, a new barn and stables of 90 feet
 by 30—and a saw mill erected last summer, in good
 order, a Scotch or English Farmer would be preferred.
 Application to be made for Terms to the Proprietor, at
 Québec.
THOS. WILSON,
 Québec, 15th July, 1815.

THE subscribers respectfully acquaint their friends
 and the public that they have entered into Co-
 partnership, and will carry on the GROCERY, WINE,
 and SPIRIT business in this city, under the firm of
WILLIAM TORRANCE & Co. who will keep a
 constant supply of the best articles in their line; and
 have now on hand—
 Gunpowder, }
 Hyson, } **TEAS,**
 Souchong, }
 Congo, and }
 Green }
 Double and single refined }
 Sugars, }
 Bright and common Mus- }
 covado ditto, }
 Coffee, Chocolate, }
 Pine Apple, Sultana and }
 Cheshire Cheese, }
 Irish Butter, Bacon Hams, }
 Lochfine Herrings, }
 Fine Mustard, }
 Orange and Lemon Peel, }
 Nutmeg, Mace, Cloves, }
 Cloves, Cassia, Ginger, }
 Raisins, Currants, Figs, }
 Prunes, Wallnuts, }
 Spanish Nuts, Almonds, }
 Poland Sta ch, }
 Crown Blue, Outmeal, }
 at the lowest prices, whole or retail. Orders from
 town and Country will be received and executed with
 the utmost care and despatch.
THOMAS TORRANCE,
JOHN TORRANCE,
WILLIAM TORRANCE,
 No. 2, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town,
 Québec, Decr. 7th 1815.

THE subscriber has just opened, at No. 18, St. Peter street, above Mr. F. QUIQUER's
 Two Bales well assorted Pelisse Cloths, which with the
 remainder of his stock will be sold on the most reason-
 able terms. Also, a fine toned barrel ORGAN,
 excellent condition, playing a selection of 30 Pieces
 tunes.
WILLIAM NEWTON,
 Québec, July 25th, 1815.

FOR SALE,
 By J. JONES, jr. & Co. No. 30, St. Peter street:
RESH Potatoes,
 Superfine Flour,
 Fine do.
 Middling and rejected do.
 Meat in barrels,
 Pork in do.
 Bacon in do.
 Butter in kegs,
 Leaf Tobacco in hogheads,
 Plug Tobacco of a good quality,
 Smoked Beef in barrels,
 Sole Leather in rolls of 10 sides,
 Harness do. in do. do.
 Muscovado sugar of good quality,
 Lump do. of do.
Also,
 50 Barrels of Crackers and butter Biscuit worth
 the attention of families.
 Québec, 19th September, 1815.

On a besoin de deux Apprentis pour la profession
 d'Orfèvre.
 Québec, 26th Août, 1815. **J. G. HANNA.**

A LOUER pour une ou plusieurs années, et passés
 à la fin de l'année, un QUAI situé
 en Basse Ville de Québec, au lieu communément appelé
 Canoterie, de 120 pieds de front sur 120 de profondeur
 tenant d'un côté à Thomas Wilson, Ecuyer, et d'autre
 côté à Mr. Chs. Smith:—S'adresser au propriétaire, en
 la Haute Ville de Québec, Rue St. Famille.
G. VANFELSON.
 Québec, 5e. Septembre, 1814.

THE subscribers being to enter into Partnership, on
 the 1st May next, they respectfully inform their
 friends and the public in general that they will carry on
 the business of Auctioneers & Brokers and Commission
 Merchants, under the firm of **FREDERICK and**
THOS. C. OLIVA; and that they hope, by their ex-
 ertions and assiduity, to merit a share of their patronage.
FREDERICK OLIVA,
THOS. C. OLIVA.
 Québec, April 17, 1815.

THOMAS C. OLIVA takes this opportunity of
 giving his most sincere thanks for the liberal
 encouragement which he has received since he began
 the business of Auctioneer and Broker and commission
 Merchant, and promises on his behalf to continue in
 punctuality and regularity.

THE Subscriber having left the Military service,
 to which he was called at the beginning of the
 late war, purposes turning anew his attention to
 business, in his quality of Notary Public, in the
 upper part of Mr. LEVESQUE's house No. on the
 Lower Town Market place. Wherefore he takes
 the liberty of offering his services to the public,
 and more particularly to the Merchants and Ship-
 masters, who before his departure for the frontiers,
 honored him with their confidence.
 Québec, 20th May, 1815.
N. B. He wishes to take a young man of a good
 family, with the requisite education and good
 morals, as clerk.

JAMES VOYER,
 Not. Pub.

Garden Seeds for sale, warranted
 Catalogues of which may be had at the Subscriber's
 Québec, April 3, 1815. **J. MACNIDER.**

EDUCATION.
G. SPRATT respectfully informs his friends and
 the public in general, that having the prospect
 of permanent residence in this city, he proposes to
 commence his employment as instructor of youth, who
 he uncertainty of his continuance united with an
 state of health, had induced him to relinquish. For
 suppose he has taken apartments in Rampart street
 No. 10, where he will be prepared to receive pupils
 Monday, August 14.
 Québec, July 24, 1815.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY
 FROM 5 to 8 Journeymen Tailors, good workmen,
 Apply to
GEORGE ARNOLD,
 at his house No. 13, Sous le Fort
 street, near the Queen's wharf.
 Québec, 26th May, 1815.

THE ETCHAMIN SAW-MILLS, opposite Sillery
 Cove—
 50 M. feet merch'ble Pine Boards, }
 20 M. do. 1½ do. } 20x40 feet in
 10 M. do. 2 do. Plank, } length.
 10 M. do. 3 do. }
 10 M. do. Elm Boards and Plank,
 50 M. do. Oak do.
 Deck Plank and Sheathing Boards, and a constant sup-
 ply of well-seasoned Window Stiles, Bars, Venetian
 Blinds, Door Frames, narrow Boards for flooring, a
 quantity of Spars of various sizes, and R. Oak and Pine
 Plank and Boards. Also, supreme and fine flour
 abin and common biscuit,
 1st May, 1812.

TO LET for one or more years, and possession
 given immediately—That extensive WILDER-
 ness situated in the Lower Town of Québec, at the place
 called Commerce, of 130 feet in front upon 120 in depth,
 joining on the one side to Thomas Wilson, Ecuyer, and
 on the other side to Mr. Charles Smith:—Apply to the
 proprietor, in the Upper Town of Québec, St. Famille
 street.
G. VANFELSON.
 Québec, 5th September, 1814.

NOTARIAL AND LAND OFFICE.
THE Under-signed informs his friends and the public
 that he has moved from Palace street to the first
 floor or that of the General Post Office, in FINE MASON'S
 Hall.
W. F. SCOTT,
 Notary Public and Land Agent,
 Québec, 10th May, 1815.

Le Soussigné a été nommé au service Militaire au-
 quel il a été appelé au commencement de la
 dernière guerre, se propose de reprendre les affaires en
 sa qualité de Notaire Public, dans le haut de la maison
 de Mr. Brunet, N. au la place du marché, en la
 Basse Ville. Il prend donc la liberté d'offrir ses services
 au public et plus particulièrement à Messieurs les Nego-
 cians, Marchands et M. les de diverses qui, avant son
 départ pour la frontière, l'honoraient de leur confiance.
 Québec, 20e. Mai, 1815.
N. B. Il prendra un jeune homme de bonne famille
 capable de bonnes lettres et une éducation convenable,
 comme Clerc.
JAS. VOYER.
 Not. Public.
 Québec, 22e. Mai, 1815.

FOR SALE,
THAT beautiful Villa and Farm known by the name
 of Wolfscroft the property of KENNETH C. CHAY-
 lan, Esq. Barrack Master, Québec, situated on the top
 of the bank of Wolfe's cove, about a mile and a half
 from the Québec market. The Farm consists of about
 thirty acres of land in high cultivation, and well water-
 ed, a large garden well stocked with young trees of
 large and small fruit, and valuable room. The house
 is well finished and capable of accommodating a large
 family; there is on the premises a large barn, and a
 stable with rough and fine horses and other out build-
 ings. The picturesque wooded banks of Wolfe's Cove
 and the brook St. Denis, being in it, are highly orn-
 amental and render it a most delightful residence. For
 particulars apply to the Proprietor, who will give any
 information of price.
 Québec, 1st May, 1815.

NOTICE
GEORGE COSSER takes this opportunity of re-
 spectfully informing his friends and the
 public in general that the liberal encourage-ment he has
 experienced since he commenced business; and at the
 same time informs them that he has removed in the house
 well known by the appellation of the NEPTUNE
 INN—where he can afford every accommodation and
 attention to the public.
 Québec, March 13, 1815.