Parliamentary Report of Howe on the Success of his Railroad Scheme —
The Decimal Currency into Canada: Dollars, Cents & Mills.
Dollars, Centimes, Millimes.

Montreal Herald

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOLUME XLIII. MONTREAL, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1851. NUMBER 143.

NOTICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED will continue the HARDWARE BUSINESS, in the West Wing of Cuvillier's Buildings, in St. Sacrament Street.

ALEX. BRYSON.
Montreal, 1st May, 1851. 58

NOTICE.

THE NOTARIAL PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the Subscribers, under the firm of GIBB & EASTON, expired by limitation on the Thirtieth ultimo. All debts due to the late firm to be paid to J. J. GIBB.

J. J. GIBB.
W. EASTON.
Montreal, 1st May, 1851. 53

NOTICE.

J. J. GIBB,
Notary Public,
(Late GIBB & EASTON, Notaries,)
No. 39, Little Saint James Street,
MONTREAL.
May 1, 1851. 56

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS heretofore carried on in this city, and at St. Laurent, under the firm of MACDONALD & WILLIAMS, is THIS DAY DISSOLVED by limitation. All debts due to, or by the said firm will be settled by D. MACDONALD, Jr., who is duly authorised to that effect.

DANIEL MACDONALD, Jr.,
THOMAS WILLIAMS.
Montreal, 1st May, 1851. 53

THE BUSINESS will be CARRIED on in the same premises, No. 7, Lemoine Street, and at St. Laurent, by and under the firm of D. MACDONALD, Jr. & CO.
Montreal, 1st May, 1851. 53

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned will not be liable for the payment of any Debt contracted by any person whatsoever, unless by an express and written authorization by him, delivered for that purpose.

ANDRE BISAILLON,
Office No. 70, St. Paul Street.
Montreal, May 19, 1851. 68

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to, or having CLAIMS on the Estate of the late JOSEPH ROSS, Esquire, in his lifetime of the City and Parish of Montreal, are requested to make immediate payment of such debts, and to send particulars of such claims to the undersigned, at his Office, No. 74, St. Paul Street, Montreal.

J. R. HUTCHINS, Executor,
and Attorney of Co-Executors.
Montreal, April 10, 1851. 43

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE Business carried on in this city by the undersigned, under the name of J. A. GLASSFORD & CO., was DISSOLVED on the first day of April last, by mutual consent.

J. A. GLASSFORD
S. E. GREGORY.
Montreal, June 3, 1851. 80

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm heretofore existing between P. F. VERHOEFF & DENNIS OUELLETTE, under the firm of P. F. VERHOEFF & CO., is this day DISSOLVED, by mutual consent.

Any person having claims against the late firm, will present the same to Mr. DENNIS OUELLETTE, who will carry on the business, at the Old Stand in Windsor, C. W., in his own name.

P. F. VERHOEFF.
DENNIS OUELLETTE.
Windsor, April 1st, 1851. 3m wf—60

HATS!

GREENE & SONS,
229, St. Paul Street.

MESSRS. GREENE & SONS have much pleasure in informing their Wholesale Customers and the Public, that they have extended their MANUFACTORY in the HATTING DEPARTMENT—their Premises possessing every facility for so doing and having brought the same to that state of perfection, by the introduction of Machinery, together with the best of Workmen, from different nations, they are enabled to Manufacture a superior article, adapted to the climate at such rates that Canada is not under the necessity of importing HATS and CAPS from abroad. Owing to the increased demand Messrs. G & S. are prepared to SELL HATS and CAPS at lower rates than ever offered before. They are constantly Manufacturing and have on hand on Extensive Assortment of ELASTIC, WATER-PROOF, VELVET NAP and SILK HATS, ANGOLA SAXONY HATS, PALM LEAF HATS, LEGHORN ditto, of every style and quality, Drab, Brown and other Coloured ROWDIES, CLOTH and OIL CLOTH CAPS, CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS and CAPS, &c.

Messrs. G. &. S. solicit the attention of intending Purchasers, before making their selections elsewhere.

Also, preparing for the FALL TRADE, a general assortment of FUR CAPS, BOAS, GLOVES, &c &c.

GREENE & SONS,
229, St. Paul Street.
May 26. 3m—73

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LONDON HAT WAREHOUSE,
93, Notre Dame Street,

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Spring Importation of English, French and American Silk and Velvet Nap

HATS,

together with a large assortment of CONGRESS, UNION, KOSSUTH, and JENNY LIND'S.

—ALSO—

Children's EXMOUTH'S, ALFRED'S and FORRESTER'S, well worthy the attention of the Ladies.

Owing to the great improvement in the manufacture of these goods, the subscriber is enabled to sell, Wholesale and Retail, at prices considerably under last year.

Intending purchasers would do well to examine this Stock previous to buying elsewhere, in which will be found every article requisite for Gentlemen's, Youth's and Children's Head Dresses, of the most modern shape and texture.

Wholesale Terms, Liberal.

JNO. HENDERSON.
May 8. 58

HATS!

GIBB & CO. have received their usual supply of LONDON VELVET NAP HATS of the latest West End Shapes.
May 10. 60

FRENCH HATS.

WILLIAM BENJAMIN & CO. have just opened Three Cases of the "LATEST FASHION" PARIS SILK HAT, of the BEST QUALITY,

At 17s. 6d. each.
May 21. 69

ANGELL & CO'YS
PATENT LONDON STARCH,

IS Warranted as pure, and equally good for use, as the most expensive kinds, such as "Rice Starch," "Satin Faced," "Refined," &c. &c., many of which are sold at Double the Price.

The WHITE STARCH is particularly recommended for Cooking, Blanc Mange, Melted Butter, &c. and also all purposes for which Arrow Root is used, being equally wholesome as the best India Arrow Root.

Manufactured (under Letters Patent) by JOHN ANGELL CULL, Front Street, Toronto, Canada West.

Agent for Montreal,
CHAS. JNO. CUSACK,
Pointe a Calliere.
March 20, 1851. 34

Gas Fittings.

JUST OPENED and for Sale at the lowest possible prices, a large assortment of all kinds of GAS CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, &c., imported late last Fall; and will receive per some of the first Ships, an additional supply, to which he invites the attention of Gas Consumers.

CHARLES GARTH,
No. 50, Craig Street.
May 5. 55

CHARCOAL TIN PLATES, IC, IX, DC and DX (Bailey Brand)
Bar Iron
Cut Nails
Rose and Horse Nails
Sheet, Dry White and Red Leads
Shot, assorted numbers
For Sale by
THOMAS PECK & CO.
May 12. mwf—61

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE by the Subscriber:—
Superior Twankay Teas
Hyson Twankay do
Young Hyson do } In chests, half-chests
Imperial do } and catties
Souchong do
Gunpowder do
Muscovado Sugar, in hhds and barrels
Cavendish Tobacco, 5's, 8's and 16's
Honeydew do
Chewing do in papers
Coffee, Green and Roasted
Carolina Rice, in tierces and barrels
Molasses
Bleached Whale Oil, Whole Pepper, Ground Pepper, Brazil Nuts, Filberts, Fresh Figs and Prunes, Lemon Syrup, Chocolate, Pepper Sauce, Saleratus, Candlewick, Salad Oil, Raisins, Liverpool Salt, Stoved Salt, Starch, Blue, Fancy Soaps, Corn Brooms, Dusters, Pipes, Blacking, Cloves, Nutmegs, Cassia, Brimstone, Bed Cords, Fresh Digby Herrings, Indigo, Patent Pails, Snuff, Carraway Seed, Wrapping Paper, Soda Biscuits, Wine Biscuits, Vinegar, Soap and Candles, Epsom Salts, Copperas, Linen Bags, &c &c.

JOHN LONG,
No. 224, St. Paul Street.
May 9. 59

THE Subscriber is now receiving and offers for Sale at low prices, by the package—
3 cases Delaines
2 do Printed Barege Dresses
3 do do Balzerine do
4 do 9-8 Printed Jaconets
2 do Figured Linen Ginghams, a new article
2 do Checked do do do
2 do Madder and Turkey Red Handkerchiefs
—And expects per "Mary" from Glasgow,—
2 cases very Splendid Sewed Goods, consisting of Collors, Chemisettes, Sleeves, &c. &c.

G. D. WATSON.
May 9. 59

FOR SALE—
Hudson's Bay Salmon in barrels and tierces
50 cwt Large Table Codfish
75 do Small do do
French Burr Stones
French Mill Stones
Bolting Cloth

E. & V. HUDON.
May 7 57

DRY GOODS.—The Subscribers are now receiving ex "Toronto," "City of Hamilton," "Albion," "Caledonia," Catherine," &c., &c., a large and complete selection of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS, which they are prepared to offer at low prices, and on reasonable terms.

GILMOUR & CO.,
No. 9, St. Sacrament Street.
May 7. 57

100 BARRELS fine RED CLOVER SEED, just received and for Sale by CARTER, KERRY & CO., St. Paul Street.
April 22. 48

RYE—10,000 BUSHELS FOR SALE BY G. D. WATSON.
May 21. 69

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
Twankay, Hyson Twankay, Young Hyson, Old Hyson, Gunpowder, Orange S Pekoe, Congou and Souchong Teas, in chests, hf chests and catties
Refined Loaf Sugar, "McPhie"
Zante Currants, Sugar Candy
E I Rice, Bermuda Arrowroot, Sago, Chicory
Nutmegs, Cloves, E I Root Ginger
Ground Ginger in tins, Black Pepper, double Sifted
Wix & Sons' Best Mustard, in 4 lb jars
Coleman's do do, and in 1 lb and ½ lb bottles
Lescher's, Coleman's, Glenfield, and White Brother's Starch
Coleman's Satin Glazed Starch
Thumb, Queen's and Waterford Blues, superior
Davidson's Table Salt, in drums and cases
Batty & Co's Fine Mixed Pickles, Sauces, and Sardines
Freeman & Co's and Hibbart's Porter, pints and quarts
Fine Old Scotch Whiskey, in puns and qr cks
Liverpool Soap, Brown Windsor do
Printers' Ink, Black Lead, Bath Bricks, Oskum
Copperas, Lamp Black, Brimstone, Alum
Crystal of Soda, Carbonate of Soda, Epsom Salts
Saltpetre, Magnesia, Bottle Wax, assorted colors, and Wine Bottles
Paints, viz., White Lead, No. 1, 2, 3, Bright Yellow, Brunswick Green and Black, Dry, White, and Red Lead, in qr cks, Putty, &c
Olive Oil, in butts and qr cks, Boiled Linseed and Cod Liver Oils
Digby Herrings, Sounds, in hf brls
Split and Unsplit Herrings, and other Articles.

JAMES GORDON & CO.
June 13. 89

FOR SALE—
Bar Iron, Scotch and English refined and common
Pig Iron, Pig Lead
Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Shot
Spring Steel, Cast Steel
Scythes and Sickles, Plough Moulds
Tin Plates, all sorts
Block and Bar Tin, Zinc
Canada Plates, Copper
Hoop and Sheet Iron
Nails, Wrought and Horse, Spikes
And other heavy Goods

JESSE JOSEPH.
Montreal, June 4, 1851. 81

CANVASS—
10 bales Assorted qualities, from Nos 1 to 6
5 do Bleached Navy, thrice boiled, Nos 1 to 6
For Sale low by
JOHN WHYTE.
June 4. 81

COFFEE, MOLASSES, COD OIL, &c—
200 bags fine Green Coffee
28 puns choice retailing Molasses } Just landed, ex Ellen, 'm Porto Rico, direct
40 brls Cod Oil
500 boxes half do, and qr do, Muscatel Raisins
10 frails Soft Shell Almonds
50 kegs, 28 lbs
50 bxs, in qr & hf lb pa. pers, tin foil } Ground Ginger
100 bxs "J P Mott's" Chocolate Cocoa Paste
Chocolate Confectionary, &c &c
For Sale by
J. & J. MITCHELL,
No. 2, Lemoine Street
June 5. 82

PIG IRON—
75 Tons, warranted Gartsherrie, No. 1
For Sale.
JAMES R. ORR.
April 19. 47

TORRANCE & BUSTEED
HAVING received their Spring Importations, offer them for Sale, viz:—
TEAS—Twankay, Young Hyson, Hyson, Souchong and Congo
COFFEES—Laguayra, Cuba, St. Domingo and Rio
SUGARS—Muscovado, very bright
Refined and White Bastards
CURRANTS—Best Zante in caroteels & barrels
RAISINS—Bunch Muscatel and Layers
RICE—Finest East India
TOBACCOS—5's, 8's and 16's, of various qualities
OILS—Linseed, boiled and raw
Olive, Seal, Cod and Whale
INDIGO—Fine Madras
STARCH—The celebrated *Glenfield*, also Upper Canada, and the St. Hilaire Corn Starch

—ALSO—

Candles, London Sperm, Belmont and Tallow; Soap of English and Montreal manufacture; Fig Blue, Pepper, Nutmegs, Cloves, Almonds, Canary Seed, Mustard, Salt, Liverpool and Stoved, Bath Bricks, Black Lead, &c. &c.
May 17. 66

NOW LANDING, AND FOR SALE—
DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR, 10 and 13 lb Loaves
WHITE BASTARDS do Finest
BRANDIES, "J. & J. Martell," "Jas Hennessey & Co," Pale and Brown
GIN, "J. DeKuyper & Son"
LONDON PORTER. Pints and Quarts
ZANTE CURRANTS, in Caroteels
OLIVE OIL
BELMONT SPERM CANDLES
MADRAS INDIGO
NUTMEGS, No. 1
ROOT GINGER
LIQUORICE
DRY WHITE and RED LEADS
SHOT, Assorted Numbers
SALTPETRE
LESCHER'S STARCH
LIVERPOOL SOAP, &c. &c. &c.

DAVID TORRANCE.
May 16. 65

FOR SALE.

RAISINS—300 boxes Layers and Bunch Muscatels
CURRANTS—25 barrels Zante
ALMONDS—20 bags Ivica Soft Shell
For Sale by
TORRANCE & BUSTEED.
July 28. 127

OCTAGON CAST STEEL,
For Sale by
JAS. W. TAYLOR,
St. John Street.
July 29. 128

TOBACCO—
100 boxes Manufactured, in 8's, 16's and 18's
For Sale by
JOHN WHYTE.
July 29. 128

CHAMPAGNE—
50 baskets Champagne, "pints & quarts" Received and for Sale by
JAMES McGIBBON,
104 Notre Dame Street.
July 30, 1851. 129

HAVANA SEGARS—
A few thousand genuine "Havana Segars" Just received and for Sale by
JAMES McGIBBON,
104 Notre Dame Street.
July 30. 129

FOR SALE—
50 barrels HERRINGS, just received
JANES & OLIVER.
July 28. 127

FOR SALE—
Fine, Superfine, and Extra Superfine FLOUR
Superior Pastry Flour in half barrels for families

—ALSO—

100 barrels OATMEAL.
JANES & OLIVER.
July 28. 127

SALT AFLOAT—
5000 minots Liverpool Coarse, in bond, or duty paid
For Sale by
TORRANCE & BUSTEED.
July 28. 127

LUBIN'S ROSE WATER, imported direct from Paris.
ALFRED SAVAGE & CO.,
Chemists, &c., Notre Dame Street.
July 10. 112

BLACK NAPTHA VARNISH, in barrels, used extensively for Steamboat Funnels and Iron Work.

—ALSO—

10 qr casks Olive Oil
15 brls Cod do
20 hhds Linseed do
For Sale by
JOHN WHYTE.
July 24. 124

PACKING SALT.—A Cargo of very White CADIZ SALT afloat. For Sale in bond or duty paid.
THEODORE HART.
July 24. 124

MOLASSES, SUGARS, COFFEE, &c.—The Subscribers have just received—
Puncheons Bright Retailing Molasses
Hogsheads } do do Sugar
Barrels }
Kegs } Ground Ginger
Boxes }
Puncheons Jamaica and Cuba Rum, 45 per cent O P
Muscatel Raisins in boxes
Chocolate, Cocoa Confectionery, &c. &c.
Bags Fine Porto Rico Coffee
Cavendish Tobacco, Havana Segars, &c.
J. & J. MITCHELL,
2 Lemoine Street.
July 17. 118

NEWCASTLE NUT COALS—
A Cargo for Sale
Apply to
THEODORE HART.
July 30. 129

GRATE COALS—
A Cargo afloat, if applied for to-day
THEODORE HART.
July 30. 129

10 BARRELS "Burton's" very superior East India PALE ALE
For Sale by
LEMESURIER, ROUTH & CO.
July 10. 112

FOR SALE by the Subscribers ex "British Empire" from London—
500 tins WHITE LEAD
LEMESURIER, ROUTH & CO.
July 10. 112

BUTTER—
25 tinnets very superior, put up for family use.
For Sale by
JOHN WHYTE.
July 17. 118

FOR SALE by the Subscriber—
The celebrated GLENFIELD STARCH
Epsom Salts
Castor Oil in quart bottles
Tartaric Acid
Carbonate of Soda
Soluble Blue, a superior article
Mixed Pickles
Mushroom Ketchup
The above will be sold low, to close consignments.

ALEXANDER WALKER,
226½, St. Paul Street.
July 14. 115

JOCKEY CLUB—
Lubin's Jockey Club
Do Heliotrope
Do Bouquet de Caroline
Do Patchouly, &c. &c. &c.
WILLIAM LYMAN & CO.,
194 and 196 St. Paul Street.
June 24. 98

SALT AFLOAT, in bond—
3500 minots LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT
For Sale by
TORRANCE & BUSTEED.
June 19. 94

ENGLISH CHEESE—
Brick
Berkeley
D Gloster
Pine
N Wiltshire
Cheddar Loaf } From London
Received and for Sale by
T. C. PANTON & CO.
July 15. 116

FOR SALE:—
Twankay, Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas
Tobaccos, 5's, 8's, 16's, 18's
Sugars, Double Refined and Muscovado
Carolina Rice, Pearl Sago, Tapioca
"Berger's" and "Anderson's" Starch, Thumb and Fig Blue
White and Black Pepper, Cloves, Cassia
Pimento, Carraway Seed, Isinglass, Calcined and Carb. Magnesia
Epsom and Glauber Salts, Flour of Sulphur
Carb. Soda, Sal. Soda, Alum
Castor Oil and Castor Oil Bottles, rounds & flats
Glue, Lampblack, Window Glass, Putty and Paints

—ALSO,—

An assortment of Superior Navy Boiled Brown and Bleached Canvas, assorted numbers, Oakum, Manilla and Tarred Cordage, Seaming, Herring and Salmon Twines, Shop and Fancy do, Assorted Patent Shoe and Closing Threads, &c. &c. &c.

JOHN WHYTE.
July 11. 113

ON SALE—
Pale and Dark COGNAC BRANDY, in hhds and qr casks, Free or in Bond, of various brands
Very Old do in Bottle
Bordeaux Vinegar in hhds and qr casks
Belmont Candles
Tobacco in boxes and halves, 5's, 8's and 16's

—ALSO—

200 dozen superior Bottled Wines, consisting of Port, Madeira, Sherry and Clarets.

C. B. RADENHURST,
10, St. Sacrament Street.
June 28. 102

Leather.

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
4 cases French and English Calf Skins
6 bales do in Rough
4 bales Bazils
10 dozen Patent Calf
12 do Enamelled Seal Skin
80 Dressing Hides
OGILVY & CAMPBELL.
June 16. 91

ROSIN—150 brls Strained
WHITING—100 casks
For Sale by
TORRANCE & BUSTEED.
June 19 94

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS—
Twankay, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, Souchong and Oolong Teas, in chests, half chests, boxes and catties
Cavendish, Honey Dew and Plug Tobacco, 5's, 8's, 16's and 32's
Double Refined Loaf Sugar
Bright Bastard do
Laguayra and St. Domingo Coffee
Carolina Rice, in tierces
Patent Sperm Candles
Cloves, in matts
Havanah and Principe Cigars
Liverpool Soap
Putty in Bladders and Bulk
Patent Stamped and Common Wine Bottles
T D Tobacco Pipes
Calcined Magnesia
Carbonate of Soda
Sardines in Oil, Isinglass
"Millar's" Scotch Pale Ale
Wine Corks, assorted qualities
Triple Clarified Bordeaux Vinegar, in hhds, tierces and qr casks
Cambleton Scotch Whiskey
"Martell's," "Hennessy's" and "Rizat's" Pale and Dark Brandies, vintages of 1849 and 1850, in pipes, hhds and qr casks

LEMESURIER, ROUTH & CO.
July 10. 112

JUST received ex "British Empire" from London, and for Sale—
250 boxes } New Muscatel Raisins
250 qr do } in Layers
200 qr drums }
250 canteen do } New Turkey Pulled Figs
250 boxes }
10 caroteels New Patras Currants
25 barrels Fresh Walnuts
20 bags Barcelona Nuts

LEMESURIER, ROUTH & CO.
July 10. 112

THE Subscriber, while respectfully announcing to his friends, customers, and the public generally, that he has REMOVED from his former place of business (St. François Xavier Street,) to those Central Premises, fronting Notre Dame Street and Place d'Armes, begs to say, that he has on hand a very Choice Assortment of GOODS, imported this Spring, which he can with every safety recommend to Purchasers as being fresh and very select, comprising—
Teas, in all variety of packages
Coffees, Sugars, Fruits, Spices
Pickles, Ketchups, Sauces, Meats
Capers, Sardines, Olives, Mustard
Salad Oils, Rice, Barley, Sugar
Arrowroot, Farina Corn Starch
London Sperm and Belmont Candles
English and Montreal Soaps, &c. &c.
Together with almost every article generally kept in the line, suitable for Families or otherwise, too much to enumerate.

—ALSO—

Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines
Champagne, Hock and Claret, of various brands
"Islay Dew," Dark and Pale Brandy, Hollands, and Very Old Jamaica Rum, Porter and Scotch Ales, &c. &c.
For Sale low by
NEIL McINTOSH,
Place d'Armes.
June 26. 100

150 TONS No. 1 Gartsherrie Pig Iron
35 Tons Axe Iron, assorted sizes
For Sale by
M. BABCOCK,
No. 34 McGill Street.
Montreal, July 4, 1851. 107

IRON WIRE—
Just Received per "Empress," 100 bundles IRON WIRE, assorted. For Sale by
HIBBARD & CO.
June 18. 93

ROSE NAILS—
125 casks Assorted, 6 to 28b. for Sale by
HIBBARD & CO.
June 18. 93

PATENT PRESSED NAILS—
Assorted 2 to 3¼ inch, for Sale by the Subscribers.
HIBBARD & CO.
June 18. 93

KELLY'S PURE COD LIVER OIL.
WILLIAM LYMAN & CO.,
194 and 196 St. Paul Street.
June 24. 98

LONDON PICKLES AND SAUCES—
Millington's Mixed Pickles
Do Gherkins
Do Onions
Do Picalily
Assorted Pickles and Sauces in cases, "Multum in Parvo"
Napoleon Sauce
Soyer's Relish

—ALSO,—

London Double Superfine Mustard
WILLIAM LYMAN & CO.,
194 and 196 St. Paul Street.
June 24. 98

CUMMING'S DENTAL TOILET SETTS in cases, containing Premium Tooth Wash, Dentifrice and Tooth Brush, complete.
WILLIAM LYMAN & CO.,
194 and 196 St. Paul Street.
June 24. 98

JENNY LIND—
Rimmel's Jenny Lind
Do Royal Irish
Do Cheswick Bouquet
WILLIAM LYMAN & CO.,
194 and 196 St. Paul Street.
June 24. 98

FOR SALE—
25 barrels Fine PALE SEAL OIL
CARTER, KERRY & CO.,
St. Paul Street.
June 28. 102

FOR SALE, ex "Hapso," from Iviza—
Port Wine, in pipes and qr casks
Hard and Soft Shell Almonds
Shelled Almonds, in boxes
Castile Soap, Olives, Capers
Alicant Mats, Nos. 1, 2 and 3
THEODORE HART.
July 2. 105

100 CASKS EPSOM SALTS
70 casks Venetian Red
50 tierces Whiting
20 do Soda Ash
For Sale by
THEODORE HART.
June 19. 94

EARTHENWARE
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

250 CRATES, consisting of assorted Crates for Country Stores, Crates Painted and Blue Spong Cups and Saucers, Plates, all sizes, Pitchers, Chambers, Bowls, Platters, Yellow Bake Dishes, Stone Blue and Mulberry Tea Setts, Wash Basons, Water Ewers, Preserving Pots, &c., &c.

For Sale by the package or packed to order by the dozen.

—ALSO,—

THREE Crates Stone Ginger Beer Bottles Soda Water Tumblers and Goblets, with a general assortment of Plain, Cut and Pressed Glassware.

ROBERT ANDERSON,
171 St. Paul Street.
July 1. r tis—104

Paints! Paints!! Paints!!!

THE Subscribers have received, on Consignment, 669 kegs and tins of PAINTS, of various colors, from London, per "British Empire": warranted to have been ground last March, and will be Sold low.

J. BOYD & CO.
110, St. Paul Street.
June 18. 93

BROCATELLES, CORNICES &c.

THE Subscribers have just opened their SPRING SUPPLY of FRENCH and GERMAN GOODS, comprising the choicest assortment of

BROCATELLES,
SATINS DE LAINE, SATIN DAMASKS,
WORSTED AND UNION DAMASKS,
CURTAIN LOOPS, FURNITURE FRINGES & GIMPS, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

A splendid lot of FRENCH CORNICES; All of which they are prepared to dispose of at much lower prices than heretofore.

MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD, &c., in Boards, Plank and Veneers, at their Premises, St. Germain Street.

THEIR STEAM MILL
being in complete operation, they are enabled, as usual, to do any amount of SAWING, TURNING, PLANING, &c. &c., for the Trade.

J. & W. HILTON,
17, Great St. James Street.
Montreal, June 14, 1851. 90

TOBACCO.

FOR SALE by the Subscriber—
150 Boxes of very superior TOBACCO—
5's, 8's, 16's, 32's and 1lb. Lumps.
JOHN LEVEY.
June 14. 90

FOR SALE.

BOTTLED WINES.—The Subscribers have just received and offer for Sale in Bond or Duty Paid, an invoice of the following Choice Wines:—
Sparkling Moselle
Sparkling and Still Hock
Burgundy, Still and Sparkling
Chateau and Haut Sauternes
Clarets of the best brands and vintages
Barsac
Chablis, &c. &c. &c.
in cases of 1 dozen each.
TORRY, CLARKE & CO.
July 28. 127

PORTER AND ALE—
250 barrels, in pints and quarts, of GUINESS & SON'S XXX DUBLIN STOUT, direct from the manfacturers.
Hibbert & Co's London Stout
Barclay & Co's do do

—ALSO—

Bass's India Pale Ale, in wood and bottle.
TORRY, CLARKE & CO.
3, St. Eliot Street.
July 28. 127

CHAMPAGNES—
Schrider
Heidsieck
Le Cardinal
Ruinart, Pere et Fils
Moets
In Store and for Sale.
TORRY, CLARKE & CO.
July 28. 127

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
6 pair Best French Burr Mill Stones, 4½ feet diameter, warranted

—ALSO—

Barrels Tanners' Oil
Casks Machinery do
Cases Writing Ink, assorted
Hhds Blacking
Kegs Board Nails
Do Shingle do
CAMPBELL & WILLIAMSON.
August 1. du 131

IN STORE—
15 hhds "Hennessy's" and "Martell's" Brandy
10 hhds DeKuyper's Gin
10 qr casks Sherry Wine
8 hhds
13 qr casks } Benecarlo Wine
20 qr casks Boiled Linseed Oil
9 qr casks Olive Oil
30 chests Superior Congou Tea

—ALSO—

A few cases U. D. Mustard, in lbs, ½ lbs and 3 and 5 lb Jars
Ground Ginger, &c. &c.
For Sale by
HUGH FRASER,
11, St. Sacrament Street.
July 31. 130

FOR Sale by the Subscribers—
Bbls Prime Fresh No. 3 Mackerel, catch of 1851
Hf do do do
Bbls Prime No. 1 Herrings do
Do No. 2 do do
Quintals of Dry Codfish
Boxes Smoked Herrings
JAMES GORDON & CO.
August 2. 132

EARTHENWARE.

THE Subscriber has received a further supply of—

CHINA AND EARTHENWARE,

by the "Catherine", "Briton's Pride", "Mariner", and other vessels, which he offers at very low prices.

A. BOURNE,
No 120 St. Paul Street,
Corner of St. Gabriel Street.
June 23. 97

American Hardware.

THE Subscribers offer for Sale:—SPADES, SHOVELS, AXES, PUMPS, CARRIAGE AXLES, MORRILL'S UNION & TEA SCALES, RIM & MORTICE LOCKS, SAND PAPER, CUT TACKS, OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, & ENGINE HOSE, &c. &c.

J. BOYD & CO.,
Agents for the Manufacturer,
110 St. Paul Street.
July 17. 118

Havana and Principe Cigars.

125 THOUSAND Choice HAVANA and PRINCIPE CIGARS, of the finest Brands.

JOHN LEVEY
June 14. 90

COMMERCIAL CHAMBERS,
St. Sacrament Street.

THE Subscriber is SOLE IMPORTER of the "highly celebrated"
CHAMPAGNE, "BOUZY MOUSSEUX", which he offers for sale in Bond or Store.

—ALSO—

"GRAND VIN D'AY",
and a beautiful lot of ANA SEGARS, well worth the attention of Connoisseurs.

E. LAMONTAGNE,
June 28 102

DAIRY BUTTER.

THE Subscriber has received a supply of Superior DAIRY BUTTER, put up expressly for family use, in Crocks from 10 to 12 lbs. each: will continue to have it on hand during the Season, and for Sale by

NEIL McINTOSH,
Place d'Armes.
June 14. 90

Marine Clocks.

JUST received, an assortment of the above, various styles, suitable for Steamboats, Ships or Offices.

—ALSO—

A very neat article, Mosaic Pattern
For Sale at a very low figure, by
H. PEACOCK,
Opposite the Bonsecours Market.
July 22. 122

Looking Glasses.

JUST received, a large assortment, with neat Polished Mahogany Frames, all sizes.

H. PEACOCK,
Opposite the Bonsecours Market.
July 22. 122

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand, a large and tastefully selected assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery and Plated Ware, Looking Glasses, Office and House Clocks, Violins and Trimmings, Accordeons, Flutinas, Perfumery and Fancy goods, at very low prices.

H. PEACOCK,
Importer of Watches, Jewellery and Fancy Goods.
Opposite the Bonsecours Market.
N.B.—Great advantages offered to the Country Trade.
July 22. 122

EMPIRE STATE
COOKING STOVE.

THE above Stoves were made expressly for burning Wood.

They are of the best metal, and made under the personal inspection of the Proprietors, and are warranted to stand fire, and operate to perfection.

More than 5000 of these Stoves are in daily use, and all attest their superiority in the size and quality of the oven, construction and capacity of the flues, economy of fuel, smoothness of castings, durability and beauty.

For Sale by
GEO. HAGAR,
Stove Warehouse,
103 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
June 26. 100

Mackechnie's Cobourg Cloths.

BENJAMIN & LYONS,
210, *St. Paul Street,*

BEG to inform the Trade, that they are in receipt of SIX CASES of the above celebrated CLOTHS, of a very superior description.

*** A large assortment of London READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CARPET BAGS, &c. &c.
May 29. 76

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Wholesale

A CHOICE and Extensive assortment, personally selected by one of our firm in the principal Manufacturing Districts, expectedby the earliest arrivals from Sea—which, together with our present Stock, we are prepared to offer on the most liberal terms for *cash or approved credit.*

R. CAMPBELL & CO.
April 24. 49

Blankets.

FOR SALE—
50 bales 7 Point Mackinaw's
30 do 3, 4, 5 and 6 Points, heavy
20 do Best, Rose, Whitney and Bath
10 do Brown and Grey Horse Covers
JEAN BRUNEAU.
May 23, 1851. 71

FOR SALE.

RICE SHARPLEY,
NO. 131 NOTRE DAME STREET,
MONTREAL.

IMPORTER, AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN JEWELLERY, London Manufactured SILVER SPOONS and FORKS, of King's, Queen's and Fiddle Patterns; Warranted STERLING SILVER; also, Importer of Sheffield Manufactured Argentine SPOONS and FORKS, &c.; Sheffield and Birmingham PLATED WARE of every description; Glass and Metal CHANDELIERS; BRONZE WARES; with every variety of Birmingham and London Manufactured Small Fancy Goods, and French Fancy Articles; Vases, Accordeons, Flutinas, Concertinas, Music Boxes, Fancy Clocks; and always on hand, an elegant assortment of PAPIER MACHIE WARES, consisting of Tables, Desks, Work-Boxes, Dressing-Cases, Screens, Albums, Folios, Card-Boxes and Cases, Card-Baskets, Tea Trays and Salvers.

—ALSO—

A regular supply of Terrestrial and Celestial Globes, of 18, 12, 7, 5, 3 inch.
The largest assortment, and regularly kept, of Rosewood and Mahogany Writing Desks, Dressing Cases and Tea Caddies and Work-Boxes.
"Rodger's", "Mappin's", "Ellin's", and other celebrated Manufacturers Ivory and Common Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, &c. &c.

—ALSO,—

A regular supply of Silver and Argentine Dessert Sets in cases.
One of the most complete assortments of Stationary, Staple and Fancy, kept in this Country, consisting of every size of "Whatman's" Drawing Papers, "Reynold's" Drawing Crayons, Boards and Visiting Cards, and a complete assorment of Account Books, "De La Rue's" and "Rocke's" Fancy Stationary, "Reeve's" Artists Water and Oil Colors, Crayons, Pencils, Canvas, &c. &c.

—ALSO,—

Imperial, Super. Royal, Royal, Medium, Demy, Foolscap, Folio and Quarto Posts, Pot, (octavo,) Albert, Queen's, Prince's and Diamond Note Papers, Parchments and Vellums Binders Skins and Cloths, Marble and Fancy Papers, Tissue, Copying, Colored Demy and Blotting Papers, French, English and American Envelopes, Slates in cases, and Inks in casks—a large Stock of "Reynold's" Gold Back and other Playing Cards, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencil Cases.
GILLOTT'S, MYCKLIAN, D. RAY'S and other Manufacturer's Steel Pens, Quills and Pens;
And the most elegant assortment of French, English and American Paper Hangings and regularly received from Paris and London, the newest and most elegant Engravings, Lithographs, &c. &c.; with a beautiful and complete assortment of Hair, Cloth, Nail, Tooth and Shaving Brushes, &c.
Tortoise Shell and Horn Side, Back and Dressing Combs
DUKE'S, THOMPSON'S and CLAPSHAW'S Cricket Bats, Balls and Stumps; French and English Fancy Baskets, Berlin Patterns, Canvas and Wools; Gold and Silver Braids, Laces and Fringes. Also, a very elegant assortment of Pier, Cheval, Toilet and Hanging Plate Glasses, from 60 x 50 to 4 x 6
Elegant Gas Glass Chandeliers and Hanging Lamps
Master's Patent Knife Cleaners
Guns, Rifles, Swords and Pistols, &c.
York and Wood Night Lights
White and Brown Windsor and other fancy Soaps
Genuine "LUBIN'S" and other Perfumes
Porte Monnaies and Silk Purses
BILLIARD and BAGATELLE BALLS and TABLES; Chessmen and Boards; Backgammon Boxes and Boards
Riding and Carriage Whips, Carpet Bags and Rugs.
The above Goods will be offered to Country and other Merchants on most liberal and advantageous terms.
August 2. 132

THE Subscriber has lately received and offers for Sale—
A complete sett, weighing about 600 oz., of Albert Pattern SILVER SPOONS, FORKS, &c.; also, a complete sett, of 250 oz., Queen's Pattern; and, in lots to suit purchasers, about 1000 oz. London Manufactured Fiddle Pattern, warranted SILVER PLATE.

RICE SHARPLEY,
131, Notre Dame Street.
August 2. 132

250 Boxes Labo ur Saving Soap,
FROM
MESSRS. KENDALL & CO.

THIS Article is SUPERIOR to any SOAP yet made, for its powerful cleansing properties, and in actual value FIFTY PER CENT CHEAPER than any SOAP in use.

It is the only Article bearing the name of LABOUR SAVING SOAP that does not injure clothing by washing, and has consequently gained the FIRST PREMIUMS at every Fair it has been exhibited at.
The 1st Premium from the American Institute, New York, a Silver Medal.
The 1st Premium from the Franklin Institute Pennsylvania, a Silver Medal.
The 1st Premium from the Worcester County Mechanics' Association, a Silver Medal.

One trial will satisfy the user that no article of the kind has any comparison to it, and is much used for the Toilet. For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by

T. S. SUTHERLAND,
Agent for the Canadas.
July 3. 106

Mont St. Hiliare Corn Starch,
Manufactured for Edible and Laundry purposes by
BRINSDEN & SHEPSTONE.

THIS ARTICLE, so much in demand, is now manufactured at MONT SAINT HILAIRE, CANADA EAST. It is warranted perfectly pure, and free from Potato Starch or any other adulterations.

For LAUNDRY purposes it will be found as good as the best Powder Starch imported, and as an EDIBL

Provincial Parliament.

(Reported for the Toronto Patriot.)

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL,
August 11, 1851.

Several petitions were laid on the table.

SECOND READING OF BILLS.

The Bill to annex Chateauguay to Beauharnois was read a second time.

Hon Mr. LESLIE moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the Act for taking the periodical census of the Province, which was carried and the bill referred to a committee of the whole, and reported with some verbal amendment.

Andrew's Road Allowance Bill was read the second time, and referred to a select Committee.

The Berthier Academy Bill was read a third time and passed.

Bytown and Prescott Railroad Bill was read a first time.

The House then adjourned.

(Reported for the Montreal Herald.)

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
Monday, August 11.

Mr. Hincks laid on the table a despatch from the Governor of Nova Scotia, respecting the proposed trunk Railroad which was ordered to be printed.

Mr Letellier moved that, for the remainder of the session, the House sit twice a day, except on Tuesdays, and Fridays, viz : from 10 A.M., until 2 P.M., and from 4 P.M., until a motion for adjournment shall be carried.

Mr. Badgley opposed the motion on the ground that, if it were carried, the Railroad Committee could not get through its business.

After a discussion the motion was lost—yeas, 26, nays 30.

Mr. Sol. Gen. McDonald introduced a bill to explain and amend the Tavern License act of last Session.

The following bills were read a third time :—

To consolidate General Railway Clauses—Hon Mr. Hincks.

To incorporate Montreal and Kingston Railway Company—Mr. Cartier.

To incorporate Kingston and Toronto Junction Railway Company.—Mr. Smith (Durham).

To authorize the erection of Protestant parishes in Lower Canada into parishes for civil purposes. —Mr. Scott of Two Mountains.

To amend the Law of Replevin in Upper Canada.—Mr. Lyon.

To amend the act relative to bills of Exchange. —Mr. Holmes.

The following bill received the three months' postponement on a vote for its third reading :—

To enforce attendance of witnesses in civil cases.—Mr. Sherwood of Brockville.

The following bills were introduced by the Hon. Mr. Hincks :—

To explain and amend the Assessment Law of Upper Canada.

To amend the Act for regulating the shipping of Seamen.

To amend the laws regulating the election of Members in certain counties, in so far as relates to the return of Writs.

Col. PRINCE then moved the second reading of the bill to confirm services in the Court of Chancery.

Mr. BALDWIN moved in amendment that the report be read this day six months ; and on a division the numbers were, for the amendment, yeas 23 nays 24.

Mr. BALDWIN then moved again, in amendment, the re-committal of the bill for to-morrow. Carried. Yeas 26, nays 23.

The House received the report of the committee of the whole, on the bill to incorporate the St. Lawrence School of Medicine.

On Mr. SCOTT, of Two Mountains, moving the reception by the House of the Report of the Committee of the whole on the bill to afford a remedy against depredations by raftsmen,

Mr. MALLOCH moved the reception of the bill that day three months.

Mr. SCOTT wished to hear some reason for the motion.

Mr. FLINT said it was easy to give a reason. The bill provided that if any depredations were committed on land by raftsmen, the owner of the raft, though not present, should be made responsible for any thing they did ; and that if the raft were two miles away from the place where the depredation took place, that fact should serve as a notice, and enable the party to begin his action. Ayes 24, nays 4.

Mr MORRISON moved the second reading of the bill, for securing the independence of the Municipal Councils, which was carried, and thereupon

Mr MORRISON moved again that the bill be read again to-morrow.

Mr MALLOCH moved in amendment that the bill be read again that day three months ; and

Messrs SMITH (Frontenac) and Robinson stated that if it passed, it would disqualify the best qualified men in many counties. The electors ought to be at liberty to chose those persons in whom they placed confidence. The amendment was carried. Yeas 25 ; Nays 13.

Mr BADGLEY moved the House into committee on the Temporalities of the Church of England in the Diocese of Montreal Bill.

Mr MORRISON moved that the committee do rise, which was lost.

The Bill having then passed through Committee,

Mr BADGLEY moved the reception of the report by the House.

Mr MACKENZIE objected to the reception of the report, in nearly the same terms we reported on the second reading of the Bill.

Mr FLINT followed, ridiculing Mr Mackenzie's argument.

Mr MORRISON expressed his desire to record his vote against the Bill in every stage, as he believed it would be productive of the very worst effects upon the country, and also upon the Church of England.

Colonel PRINCE contended that the Church of England should be allowed to manage its own affairs.

Mr MACKENZIE said he would move the six months' hoist, which he did, after a speech of some length, on the principle of opposition to State Churches, contending that this principle had reduced the people of Rome from the bravest in the world, into a set of miserable slaves.

Mr MORRISON seconded the motion. He professed to have great regard for the Church of England.

Motion lost, yeas 8, nays 40.

The yeas were Messrs. Morrison, Smith of Durham, Notman, Bell, Hall, Mackenzie, McFarland and Hopkins.

The main motion was carried.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. BADGLEY, the House went into Committee on the bill to establish a Church Society of the Church of England in each Diocese in Lower Canada.

The bill was reported without amendment.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved the six months hoist to the motion for its third reading to-morrow. He said it was no use to make a speech as he might speak until doomsday without changing one vote.

Motion lost—yeas 7, nays 34.

Main motion carried on same division.

On the motion of Mr. POLETTE, the House went into Committee on the Bill to revive the Act relative to the Common of Maskinonge, which was passed through and reported.

On motion of Mr. FORTIER, the House went into Committee on the Bill to revive the Act relative to the Common of Yamaska ;—passed through and reported.

Mr. J. H. BOULTON moved the second reading of the Bill to exempt the proprietors of newspapers from payment of postage in certain cases. He observed that great complaints existed relative to the publishing of the statutes ; and he proposed, in fact, to remedy this by allowing newspapers to pass free of postage during the period of the publication.

Mr. HINCKS did not think, so soon after the Postal ACT had come into operation, that any change should be made. They should first see whether the Post Office would cause a charge. He opposed the principle of the Bill, and he thought a better plan would be to let those papers go free that would publish the advertisements of the government free of postage. He moved the second reading this day six months

Mr. MACKENZIE did not see why newspapers should not go free of postage at any rate, as was the case in the Sister Provinces of New Brunswich and Nova Scotia. He wished to see newspapers as widely circulated as possible, as the worst of them did good, like the thieves' lantern, which gave more light than was intended.

After a few words the amendment was carried —Yeas, 29 ; Nays, 21.

The House went into committee on the bill to incorporate the Port Erie and Buffalo Suspension Bridge Company, and passed through its clauses, which were afterwards concurred in.

And went again into committee on the bill for the Sale of Endowments, of St Johns, Peterboro, which passed through committee.

On the motion for concurrence, Mr NOTMAN complained of the passage of a bill like this in the present state of affairs. What right had any individuals to dispose of the public property of this country ? Let any one read the preamble of the bill, and he would find that it was stated to be for the advantage of the incumbent and the creditors of the Church that the bill should be passed.—Was that right? Certainly not ; besides the validity of these endowments were to be tested by an action in the law courts. Was the House then to assume their legality before hand ? But he was told there was a clause in the bill which declared that it should not influence the validity of these titles. If that were so, who was to pay the innocent purchasers ? He moved the concurrence that day three months.

Mr Sol Gen McDONALD said he thought this property could not be better applied than to pay the debts due to honest mechanics. Besides this, the land in question had belonged to the Church of England, long before the rectories were established.

Mr SMITH said that the incumbent, in this case, had only a life interest in it, it was therefore evidently wrong to alienate it entirely. Besides, part of the land had been let on building leases, and houses erected thereon. The proprietors of these houses would, notwithstanding the right of pre-emption given them by the bill, suffer much by this.

After a few words from Mr FOURNIER, who complained of the renewal of the discussion on a subject which had already been determined, the House divided on the amendment, Ayes 5 ; Nays 38. The ayes were Messrs. Notman, Smith, Flint, Mackenzie, and Macdonald.

The House went again into Committee on the bill to authorize the Grand River Navigation Company to raise a loan ; and passed through the several clauses of the bill ;

And went again into Committee on the bill to incorporate a Company for the encouragement of manufactures on the Welland Canal, of which all the clauses were passed through.

The bill to amend the law relative to the solemnization of marriages, was read a second time on motion of Mr Morrison, who stated that the object of the law was to remove the present mark of inferiority which attached to dissenters, who were not allowed to contract valid mariages unless they registered their marriages, whereas members of the Churches of Rome and England were not obliged to do so. On a division there were, yeas 28 ; nays 8.

Mr MACKENZIE moved an adjournment, which having been lost, he announced his intention to continue to move adjournment, and after some time the House adjourned.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

☞TAKE NOTICE.—We take no letters out of the Post Office unless they are PRE-PAID.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1851.

ENGLISH NEWS.—In our last issue we gave our readers a brief summary of the intelligence received by the Africa, which left Liverpool on the 2nd instant, and we yesterday morning received our European fyles brought by her. They contain little of interest :—we give the following extracts.

ENGLAND.

Parliament will be prorogued on Friday by the Queen in person, and the most abortive session of the last twenty years will be brought to a close. The policy of the Pope has prevented the statesmen of England from directing attention to the great legal, fiscal, and sanatory questions which ought to have absorbed their care. As far as it has progressed, the present has been an extraordinary year. Cardinal Wiseman's hierarchy and the Crystal Palace have eclipsed all other attractions, and all the foreigners that we have invited from all parts of the earth must regard us as an extraordinary, if not a contradictory people. To see us on the one hand, moved with a degree of national anger, amounting almost to phrenzy, at an act of the feeblest potentate in the world ; and on the other hand, absorbed in the delights—mad almost to delirium—at the success of our Great Exhibition, is, certainly, a social and political problem which no country but this could display. The proboscis of an elephant can play extraordinary pranks, indicative at once of nimbleness and strength ; it can take up a pin, and it can move an anchor. The trunk of the animal is somewhat emblematical of our power and our caprice ; and the latter feeling is still further carried out by the election this week of a Roman Catholic gentleman as High Sheriff of the city of London. Duly considered, these traits of character, which foreigners may be pardoned for being unable to comprehend, are not discouraging. They show the elasticity of the national mind. If we pass penal laws one week against the Pope's bishops, we raise the next week to the highest honorary post a believer in the Pope's faith, because he is our countryman and fellow-subject—a good citizen, doubtless, and a good man. A people with these noble instincts cannot go far wrong. The pulse must beat healthily which resents at one moment an affront, at another extends the hand of good fellowship to an offending brother.—*European Times.*

How would the people of England feel were they deprived of their penny postage ? The bold innovation of Rowland Hill has become a familiar thing, as necessary to our comfort as oral conversation. The feasibility of an "ocean penny postage" has for the last year or two been under discussion, and a movement has just been made that promises before long to place within our reach this extension of the Rowland Hill emancipation of letter-writers from fiscal surcharges. An association has been formed—of which Lord Ashburton, Sir Roderick Murchison, Baron Charles Dupin, Herr von Viebahn, and other distinguished Englishmen and foreigners, are members —for the purpose of inducing the Governments of their respective countries to establish a low and uniform rate of postage on letters to and from all parts of the world, The association propose that the whole postage on foreign letters shall be prepaid in all countries by means of postage stamps, and according to one uniformscale of weights. Postal conventions have already been concluded by England with France, the U. States of North America, Russia, Prussia, Austria, eighteen other German States, some of the Northern European States, Belgium, Switzerland, Greece, Sardinia, and Tuscany, under which the whole postage on foreign letters will be collected in the country in which they are posted. The extension of this "postal league" to meet the views of the association presents no difficulties of moment. The boon to friends at a distance and to merchants would be inestimable. Such a postal alliance would be a most efficient "peace congress."—*London Spectator.*

FRANCE.

PARIS, Thursday Evening, July 31.—"When rogues fall out," says the old adage, "honest men get their due." Dr. Veron, of the *Constitutionel*, thinks it due to the honest men of France to enlighten them as to that *Arch-Sauteur*, as he is called by his political adversaries—M. Thiers. You are aware that M. Thiers was, not very long since, political director of the *Constitutionel*. At that time he was a warm partisan of Louis Napoleon. He is now his bitterest enemy, but without even pretending that the Prince has deceived him as to any of the qualities which he formerly eulogised. Dr. Veron gives to-day in the *Constitutionel* three extracts from articles which appeared in that journal in 1848, highly eulogistic of Louis Napoleon as "a straightforward, intelligent, modest, and perfectly calm man," and as the only man who could save France from anarchy ; and then proceeds to describe the conduct of M. Thiers against Louis Napaleon since the ex-Minister of Louis Philippe has formed a coalition with the Cavaignac party. The Doctor, however, does not give credit to M. Thiers for sincerity in his new alliance, but describes him as an intriguer to get the Prince de Joinville put forward as a candidate for the Presidency of the Republic, after having discredited Louis Napoleon by systematic calumny.

We are without political news of importance to-day. There is some excitement, however, in the political circles about the Committee of Permanence of the National Assembly. The majority agreed yesterday upon a list in which all the Mountain and even the Cavaignac party are excluded ; but it was feared by the getters-up of this list that some of the Legitimists and Orleanists would side with the Mountain, and to a certain extent defeat their combination. Some attempts were made to-day at a compromise, and this delayed the ballot till half-past four o'clock. I do not know the result, but it was generally expected at the Assembly that at least three or four of the Republican party would get upon the Committee. M. Dupin was to-day re-elected President of the Assembly by a majority of 342 to 165 obtained by M. Michel (de Bourges).

The *National* publishes another manifesto of the Central Democratic Committee to the Poles, exciting them to insurrection. It is signed by Ledru Rollin, Mazzini, Ruge, and others.

The Court of Assizes of Douai has just condemned the publisher of the *Voix du Proscrit*, the organ of the refugee committee in London, to three months' imprisonment for a seditious article.

There is a slight improvement to-day at the Bourse. The 5 per Cents. have closed at 95f. 50c.

All the preparations of the fetes in honor of the expected visitors from England are nearly completed. More than 6,000 invitation have been issued for the ball at the Hotel de Ville ; and the Marchioness of Normanby has sent out cards for a great reception (report says a breakfast) on Tuesday.—*London Globe*, 1st *Aug.*

GERMANY.

BERLIN, July 29.—The Prussian newspapers are full of the King's journey to the East Provinces, describing many festive receptions of purely local interest. The pretiest affair, however, must have been the grand opening of the Eastern Railway by his Majesty at Kreuts. The terminus was ornamented with a profusion of choice evergreens and flowers, and the birth and different stages of the railroad's growth calendered, as it were, through a very ingenious arrangement of different apparatus used in its construction. At the gate there was a grand mustre of wheel-barrows and colt-staves symmetrically grouped, with inscriptions saying pretty things for them. The whole was arranged with truly German ingenuity, and it is said to have made really an excellent effect. We matter-of-fact English people would never dream of old wheelbarrows being sentimental—except in a picture—but the Germans need never despair; they are so earnest in what they mean things to stand for, that there is a certain poetry even in the license of their choice. The prettiest of all, however, was the end of the President of East Prussia's speech ; for his Excellency had to beg the King would excuse many of the assembled officials being in plain clothes, by reminding his Majesty that tailors were never punctual. The King laughed very heartily, and waved his hand in full pardon to present and absent offenders.

The perpetrator of the late robberry of Mr. Rothschild's villa near Frankfort is now in the hands of the police. They received a notification from a jeweller in Mayence, that an individual had brought to him large lumps of gold and silver for sale. This person proved to be a man servant, who had been eleven years at M. Rothschild's, and had left his service five years ago, and became a soap boiler in the neighbourhood. Some little time back he found his way into the villa and carried off a large basket full of what he thought to be silver, but in reality only plated articles. More successful last week at his reconnoiterings, he bore away the real prize, silver and gold to the amount of upwards of two thousand florins.

The negociations between Austria and Sardinia as to the Austro-Italian refugees in Piedmont are brought to a close. It is hoped they will receive full pardon from the Emperor. Upwards of forty thousand are still under Sardinian protection.

The loan to Austria of sixty million dollars is half of it from the Rothschild firm, and the other half procured by it on commission.

The Emperor of Austria visited Buda in April, *incognito*, as the urgent request of General Baron Wohlgemuth. The latter, suddenly seized with an illness which his physician told him he could not recover from, wished to communicate to his sovereign, before he died, the experience of his political career in Transylvania.

The Emperor of Russia, during his late visit to Warsaw, remedied the great want of drinkable water experienced in that capital, by giving orders for canals, through which a plentiful supply of water will be conducted from Bielany into a huge reservoir in Warsaw, where it is to be filtered, and thence distributed by steam apparatus to the different parts of the city.

The General Assembly of Roman Catholic Societies of Germany meets at Prague this year.

Near Berlin, in the small town of Wiezen on the Oder, a Roman Catholic mission has been stationed for some time past. The King, has now granted it parochial rights, and permission to extend its activity over a considerable district.—*London Globe.*

Markets, &c.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS—August 1.

CORN.—The business at our Corn Exchange this morning was again limited to very moderate purchases of wheat and flour by millers and dealers. Since Tuesday's market, when there was a slight concession in prices, there has been no quotable change in rates paid, except for wheat, which has still farther receded. Superior marks of American flour were quite as dear to-day as on Tuesday, but the lower grades were done at irregular rates. Western Canal flour is arriving in very bad condition, and some late arrivals have been sold as low as 14s 6d per bbl, the general quotations being 17s to 20s—Philadelphia and Baltimore 20s 6d—Canada and Ohio 20s. White wheat 6s to 6s 1d—Red 5s 8d to 5s 9d per 70 lbs Corn, in consequence of a plentiful supply of potatoes, and the rumours of blight having in most localities subsided, the Irish demand for corn and the lower qualities of breadstuffs has fallen off to a considerable extent. Yellow corn at Liverpool is quoted at 27s—Mixed 26s to 26s 6d, and White 29s per quarter. Meal 14s 6d per bbl.

ASHES.—Ashes have been taken to moderate extent at 20s to 28s 3d for Pots, and 30s for Pearls. The market closes with rather an easier appearance for buyers.

PROVISIONS.—Some small parcels of fine Beef have been taken for London at full prices. For ordinary descriptions the price is lower, 2s to 5s per tierce, but at this reduction there is no improvement in the demand. For Pork there has been more enquiry.

METALS.—There has been no quotable change in the iron market. There is a fair average demand, and makers are pretty generally employed. The weather during the week has been changeable, but, upon the whole, not unfavorable to the growing crops.

FROM THE MANUFACTURING DISTRICTS.—The accounts from the manufacturing districts are generally much more favorable. The American orders for Birmingham manufactures show no sign of diminution and the recent improvement in the Irish Linen trade has been fully maintained. At Nottingham there is increasing activity in the Lace manufacture, and a partial revival in the Hosiery trade. In both the Yarn and Cloth departments of Manchester there has been a fair amount of business during the week, with a general steadiness in prices. As regards goods we have to report a fair general trade, and prices are steady ; the Calcutta letters contain further advices of falling prices in Manchester productions, from the excessive quantities sent, and this additional decline is but partially counterbalanced by an improving rate of exchange.

VESSELS ARRIVED FROM MONTREAL.

July 24—Abeona, at Arbroath. 30—Pearl, at Gravesend. Aug. 1—Sisters, at Liverpool ; Geo Hogg, at do ; Mary Taylor, at the Clyde ; Elizabeth Rose, at do ; California, at do.

FROM MONTREAL AND QUEBEC.

July 28—Amy Ann, Liverpool. 30—Eliza Kirkbride, Southampton.

SAILED FOR MONTREAL.

July 23—Cambria, from the Clyde. 30—Ottawa, from do. 31—Canada, from Liverpool.

The Brittania, from Liverpool for Montreal, was spoken on the 27th July at 9 A.M., off the Tuskar.

PARLIAMENTARY.—It will be seen, by our report of the proceedings in the House of Assembly on Monday night, that the Montreal Diocese Temporalities Bill has been adopted, by a majority of 40 to 8 ; as well as the Bill to incorporate the Church Societies in the Dioceses of Quebec and Montreal —the vote on the latter Bill being 34 to 7. Mr. J. H. Boulton's Bill to relieve newspapers (publishing all the Acts passed by the Legislature !) from postage, has been lost.

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD.—We publish to-day the Hon. Mr. Howe's Report of his late mission to New Brunswick and Canada. Taken in connection with the adoption of Mr. Hincks's resolutions by the House of Assembly on Tuesday night—an account of which we published, under our telegraphic heading, yesterday—we suppose, there can be no doubt that the offer of the Imperial Government will be accepted by the Provinces. We are glad to see that, according to Mr. Howe, this offer includes aid towards constructing the line between the Bend of the Petticodiac and the Maine frontier, where it will join the Portland and Halifax line ; and we trust we may depend upon Mr. Hincks's statement that the sum for which the Imperial Government will lend us its credit—£7,000,000 stg.—will cover the cost of extending the line from hence to Hamilton, where it will unite with the Great Western, to Windsor, opposite Detroit. Should these points be conceded, we have only to hope that our prognostications as to the uselessness, and consequently unremunerative, character of the line between Quebec and the Bend of the Petticodiac, may not be realized, and, in the words of the old Scottish proverb, "put the head of the sow to the tail of the grice"—that is, balance the loss on that section of the road, with the profits from the other sections.

DIOCESAN TOUR.—We understand the Bishop (Anglican) of Montreal left this city yesterday, on a visitation through the Ottawa District. His Lordship will, we learn, extend his tour as far as Clarendon, and will, probably, be absent for about three weeks.

NEGRO JURYMEN IN CANADA.—Recently a negro man was summoned as a juryman in Toronto, U. C. The Court made him foreman in three different cases, at which some of his fellow jurymen "turned up their noses." We do not wonder at it. The other day, the jurymen at one of the Courts in Canada complained that they had to sell their clothes to get something to eat and to get lodging, and the Judge said he could not help it. A great country is Canada.

The preceding paragraph is from the *New York Herald*, and exhibits a tolerable specimen of the mendacious manufactures, with which that journal caters for his numerous readers. The only particle of truth in the above is, that a coloured man was lately summoned on a jury at Toronto, and objected to by his fellow jurymen—the remainder is a fabrication.—*Hamilton Gazette.*

(Not so fast :—if it be true that a colored man was lately summoned on a Jury at Toronto—and we know of no possible reason why he should not —it is equally true that, not many weeks ago, several jurymen, attending the Quarter Sessions in this city, "complained that they had to sell their clothes to get something to eat and to get lodging, and the Judge said he could not help it :"—it is also beyond all dispute that, "A great country is Canada"—and "nothin else"!—ED. HD.)

VIEW OF MONTREAL.—We, yesterday, visited Mr Whitefield's studio, in the St. Lawrence Hall, and were much gratified with the view of our fair city, taken from a point above the McGill College, on which he is now engaged. When finished which it will very shortly be, Mr. Whitefield will have it lithographed, and we have no hesitation in saying that a more beautiful and elaborately correct view of Montreal, as it now is, could not possibly be executed. We can safely recommend all who take an interest in our city to add their names to Mr Whitefield's subscription list,—first, that they may possess themselves of so beautiful a work of art, and so correct a delineation of the principal city in British North America ; and, secondly, because Mr W. has determined that no more copies of his picture shall be struck off than are sufficient to supply the subscribers' list.

CRICKET.—A match between the Montreal Club and the Officers of the Ordnance will come off on Monday next, (weather permitting), on the McGill College grounds. Wickets to be pitched at half-past ten o'clock.

FIRE.—Yesterday afternoon, about two o'clock, a fire broke out in the house occupied by Ernest Idler, Esq., corner of Dorchester and Sanguinet Streets, but was extinguished without doing much damage, owing to the speedy arrival of the fire engines.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HALL.—We owe our friends, Messrs. Compain & Co., an apology for an accidental slip of the pen, in our yesterday's issue. In mentioning that their splendid CONCERT HALL had been "unexpectedly closed," we should have added, "for theatrical performances." Our observations being entirely in connection with the Theatre and Mrs. Skerrett's farewell benefit, in consequence of the St. Lawrence Hall having been closed—to Mr. Skerrett's *corps dramatique*—in the "Bandbox," we can scarcely suppose our words could mislead any one ; at the same time, we are happy to obviate the possibility of mistake, in assuring our travelling friends and the public in general, that the St. Lawrence Hall Hotel, so far from being closed, still offers them a welcome and, we can add, feelingly and personally, every accommodation and luxury which the most indefatigable attention to their comfort and the most liberal expenditure can procure.

PROMENADE CONCERTS AT THE HAYS HOUSE.—The fifth of these pleasant Concerts came off on Tuesday evening last, and was attended by a large number of citizens and strangers ; of the latter there must have been about one hundred, principally Americans. The fine Band of the XX Regiment performed several overtures, &c., after which, as a compliment to the Americans present, "Hail Columbia" was performed. Promenading and dancing was then resumed, and kept up till 11 o'clock. These Concerts have been originated in this city by our friend, Mr. Pope, whose connection with first class Hotels in New Orleans has been extensive, and where this description of amusement with great success is carried out.

We find the following in yesterday's *Gazette*. Our contemporary does not comply—at least publicly—with Mr Cooke's request, to be informed from what source he obtained his information :—

We have received the following letter from Mr Cooke, contradictory of the statement we made yesterday of his being about to receive an appointment under the Government :

Montreal, 13th August, 1851.

SIR,—I perceive in your issue of this morning, that you state you have learned that Mr Cooke, shoemaker, of this city, has been appointed "Inspector of Leather." I presume I am the individual alluded to, and as I am altogether unaware of my appointment to any office whatever under Government, and as the report you have been pleased to circulate through the columns of the *Gazette* may injure me in the opinion of some of my friends, I shall feel obliged if you will inform me from what source you obtained your information.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
ROBERT COOKE.

THE AZTEC LILLIPUTIANS.—These extraordinary children will be exhibited at the Odd Fellows' Hall, on Monday, August 25, as will be seen by advertisement. In the *Toronto Globe* of April 24 an interesting account is given of the children, furnished by Dr. Warren, of Boston, to the *American Journal of Medical Science*. The boy is from 10 to 12 years of age, and is 33 inches in height; the girl is from 7 to 10 years of age, and is 29 inches high. The Doctor describes their appearance as most interesting and agreeable to every one.

THE WIZARD.—Signor Francisco continues to attract old and young to the Odd Fellows' Hall. He is certainly one of the most expert and laughter-exciting necromancers we have ever seen—and so, apparently, "say all," for he is nightly favored with crowded audiences.

We learn that the "California", one of Mr. Orr's regular traders, has arrived at Glasgow, after a quick passage.

In reference to our advertising columns, we would remind our readers, that the sale of splendid Drawing Room Mirrors will take place at the stores of Messrs. Leeming & Sabine this morning. In addition to the Mirrors, the beautiful White Furniture, made by Mr. John Tweedy for the Industrial Exhibition, will positively be sold.

Toronto Correspondence of the Herald.

TORONTO, August 13, 1851.

The *Globe* to-day has a story about "new combinations," which is very nearly a repetition of what he had before alleged. According to my information, he is right this time, so far as some arrangements as to newspapers are concerned. The remaining part, which is more important, namely that Messrs. Rolph and Cameron are to join Mr. Hincks, to form a strong Ministry, is more than I believe. I am told, by those who, I think, are well informed, that there is no truth whatever in this statement—for the present, at least. What may be done hereafter, in case Messrs. Rolph and Cameron can secure the following of a strong party, is altogether another matter.

You will see, in the *Patriot*, several hard knocks dealt out to the two members for this city. There seems to be a strong disposition to get rid of both of them, and to elect merchants instead of lawyers.

I send down an abstract of the very important Bill on the Currency, and Mr. Howe's Report to his Government.

MESSAGE.

ELGIN AND KINCARDINE.

The Governor General transmits, for the information of the Legislative Assembly a Copy of a Despatch from the Officer Administering the Government of Nova Scotia, enclosing the Copy of a Report by the Honorable Joseph Howe, of the proceedings of the Delegates on the subject of the Halifax and Quebec Railroad.

Government House,
Toronto, 11th August, 1851.

(Copy.) { GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Halifax, 26th July, 1851.

MY LORD,—I have the honor to enclose, for your Lordship's information, a Copy of a Report just made to me by the Honorable Joseph Howe ; and I beg to acquaint your Lordship that I have, with a view to an early decision upon the policy agreed upon at Toronto, this day dissolved the House of Assembly of this Province.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) JOHN BAZALGETTE,
Administrator.

His Excellency the Right Honorable
The Earl of ELGIN AND KINCARDINE,
&c. &c. &c.

DELEGATION TO CANADA.

MR. HOWE'S REPORT.

AMHERST, 20th July, 1851.

SIR,—The negotiations, which I was charged to conduct with the Governments of Canada and New Brunswick, having been brought to a close, in a final Conference held with the Delegate from the latter Province this afternoon, I lose no time in submitting, for the information of His Honor the Administrator of the Government, a Report of my proceedings under the Commission and Instructions with which I was honored by His Excellency Sir John Harvey.

You are aware that His Excellency Sir Edmund Head had selected the Honorable Edward B. Chandler to represent the Government of New Brunswick, at Toronto, and that it had been arranged that I was to meet him at Dorchester on the 1st of June.

As I had to pass through the County of Cumberland, where the Bill, pressed so earnestly on the Legislature at its last Session, originated ; and it is more than probable that public opinion in New Brunswick would be largely influenced by the decision of that County against the measure, and in favor of the proposition made by Her Majesty's Government, I deemed it to consist with my duty to invite, in the Shire Town, the most ample discussion of the whole subject. I therefore addressed a letter to the Custos Rotulorum of Cumberland, acquainting him with my intention to attend any meeting that might be called for that purpose.

On reaching Amherst I found that a meeting had been convened, and that a very numerous and respectable body of the leading men of Cumberland crowded the Court House. The result of an animated discussion, which extended over several hours, was an almost unanimous decision to sustain the views and policy of the Government.

At Amherst I received invitations to attend two meetings in the County of Westmoreland, New Brunswick, and another in the County of Kent ; the former I accepted, as the places named lay upon my route—the latter I was compelled to decline. The unanimity of feeling displayed at Dorchester, and at the Bend of Petticodiac, convinced me that the rural population of New Brunswick only required information ; and that, when the subject came to be fully discussed, their support would be given to any fair modification of the terms which the Legislature had rejected.

An experiment on the city of St. John appeared to offer less assurance of success. The Office Bearers and Agents of the Portland Company resided there, and formed, with their friends, clients and Stockholders, an organized combination. A large portion of the press had taken its tone from these gentlemen ; and, for many weeks, the propositions contained in Mr. Howes's letter, and the general policy of this Government, had been discussed in a spirit, which was certainly not calculated to ensure me a very cordial reception.—When I entered the city, I was assured that there would not be three exceptions to the unanimity with which the offers of Her Majesty's Government would be rejected and condemned. The result of the discussion which ensued, at a public meeting to which I was invited by the citizens, may be gathered from the altered tone of a very influential portion of the press, and from the fact that the promoters of the Portland Company have postponed further proceedings until the 20th of August. "It is evident', says the Editor of the Freeman, (a journal originally hostile, still doubtful, but faithfully interpreting the prevailing sentiment of the community), "that the public mind is excited by the magnificent proposal of Earl Grey, as interpreted by Mr. Howe and others."

Having attended three meetings within His Excellency's Government, I deemed it but respectful to proceed to Fredericton, and explain to Sir Edmund Head the reasons by which I had been influenced, and the general views which I entertained. These explanations were regarded as satisfactory, and I received from His Excellency very gratifying marks of confidence and consideration.

On reaching St. Andrews, on my way to the United States, I was met by a Deputation, with a request that I would address a public meeting at that place on the following day. Though apprehensive that the interest which the people of St. Andrews naturally felt in the success of their own Railroad, might place them in hostility to the inter-colonial lines, I consented to attend the meeting, and received, at its close, the most satisfactory assurances, from a very large assemblage of all ranks and classes, that no mere local interests, or predilections, would induce St. Andrews to place herself in opposition to a great scheme of inter-colonial policy and improvement.

The charge having been frequently made, that the Government of Nova Scotia had broken faith with the Portland Convention, and much pains having been taken to persuade the people of that city that the North American and European line had been abandoned, it appeared very desirable that the conduct of this Government should be vindicated, and its policy clearly explained to the leading men of this friendly and very interesting community. Mr. Chandler and myself spent nearly a day at Portland, on our way to Canada. John A. Poor, Esq., one of the most active members of the Convention, rejoined us at Toronto, and we exchanged frank explanations with, and received much courtesy from that gentleman and his friends, on our return. Misconceptions, previously entertained, were dispelled by these friendly conferences. Mr. Hawes's letter of the 10th March—Earl Grey's despatch of the 14th, addressed to the Governor General, with copious extracts from the correspondence between the Imperial and Colonial Governments, have been published and extensively circulated in the State of Maine.

Assuming that the policy explained to them will be acted upon in good faith, and that "the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia will, in some mode or other, most agreeable to themselves, carry out the plan of a continuous line of Railway from the boundary of Maine to the eastern shores of Nova Scotia", all opposition to our policy has been wisely withdrawn by the people of Portland, who are now appealing to the Legislature and citizens of Maine, to come promptly forward and supply the means to complete that portion of the line which is to extend from Bangor to the boundary of New Brunswick.

Mr. Chandler and myself reached Toronto on the 15th June, and, during our stay at the seat of government, received from His Excellency the Governor General—from the Speakers of the two Houses of Parliament—from the Members of the Administration, and from the Mayor and citizens of Toronto generally, such marks of distinction and courtesy as assured us of the very high estimation in which the Provinces we represented were held.

Invited to take seats in Council on the 16th, we were at once assured of the cordial co-operation of the Government of Canada—of the readiness of the administration to accept the terms offered by the Imperial Government, and to unite with Nova Scotia in meeting the difficulties presented in New Brunswick, by such fair modification of those terms as would enable Mr. Chandler to secure the co-operation of that Province. It is due to that gentleman to state, that he made no importunate demands—explained the position of his government, and the prevailing sentiment of the country, frankly, and then left it to the discretion and good feeling of the Conference to determine to what extent the peculiar aspects of New Brunswick should be considered, and aid given to that Province, in the construction of one of her great lines, to enable her to complete them both.

If New Brunswick maintained an antagonistic position, it was clear that neither the line to the St. Lawrence nor that to Portland could be accomplished, the proposition of the British Government would in that case have to be rejected, and the three Provinces be driven, in bad temper, and at ruinous rates of interest, to carry on their internal improvements without mutual sympathy or co-operation.

To obviate this state of things appeared to all parties most desirable ; and, at length, Mr. Chandler was empowered to invite the co-operation of his Government, upon these terms, it being understood that the Governments of Canada and Nova Scotia were to be bound by them if New Brunswick acquiesced :

That the line from Halifax to Quebec should be made on the joint account and at the mutual risk of the three Provinces, ten miles of Crown Land along the line being vested in a joint Commission, and the proceeds appropriated towards the payment of the principal and interest of the sum required.

That New Brunswick should construct the Portland line, with the funds advanced by the British Government, at her own risk.

That Canada should, at her own risk, complete the line from Quebec to Montreal, it being understood that any saving which could be effected within the limits of the sum which the British government are prepared to advance, should be appropriated to an extension of the line above Montreal.

That, on the debt contracted, on the joint account of the three Provinces, being repaid, each should own the line within its own territory.

It was also understood that Canada would withdraw the general guarantee, offered for the construction of Railways in any direction, and that her resources should be concentrated upon the main Trunk Line, with a view to an early completion of a great Inter-colonial Highway, on British territory, from Halifax to Hamilton ; from whence to Windsor, opposite to Detroit, the Great Western Company of Canada have a line already in course of construction.

This policy having been arranged, it became very desirable that Mr. Chandler should return promptly to New Brunswick, to submit it to his Colleagues—and to assure himself that, in the event of the Administration assuming the responsibility which it involved, they would be sustained by a majority of the Legislature. Allowing a sufficient time for a deliberate review of the whole ground, and for a final decision, a meeting was arranged with Mr. Chandler at Dorchester, on my return. I rejoined him this afternoon, and was happy to receive from him the assurance that the Government of New Brunswick will be prepared to submit the policy agreed upon to the Legislature of that Province, with the whole weight of its influence, so soon as the Government of Nova Scotia intimates that it is prepared to co-operate on the terms proposed.

The final adoption of this great scheme of inter-Colonial policy now rests with the people of Nova Scotia, to whom, probable, that it will be submitted by the dissolution of the Assembly at an early day. I have pledged the Government to it beyond recall. I have staked, upon the generous and enlightened appreciation of their true interests by my countrymen, all that a public man holds dear. Having done my best to elevate Nova Scotia in the eyes of Europe, and of the surrounding Colonies,—I have no apprehension that she will repudiate the pledges which I have given.

Her clear interest demands the prompt acceptance of the proposition,

1st. Because it secures to her, within very few years, a Railway communication of 1400 miles, extending through the noble territory of which she forms the frontage, and with which her commercial, social and political relations, must be very important in all time to come.

2d. Because it gives to her, almost at once, connection with 8000 miles of Railway line, already formed, in the United States—makes her chief seaport the terminus for ocean steam navigation, and her territory the great highway of communication between America and Europe.

3d. Because, on the extinction of the debt, she will possess a road with which there can be no competition within the Province—a road towards which two great streams of traffic must perpetually converge, and the tolls upon which must become a source of revenue, increasing with each succeeding year.

4th. Because, the completion of these great lines of communication will give to all the North American Provinces a degree of internal strength and security, and consideration abroad, which will far transcend any pecuniary hazards which may be incurred.

5th. Because the completion of these lines will draw into the Province much of the surplus labor and capital of Europe.

6th. Because, the line from the Seaboard once completed to Canada, there cannot be a doubt that it will soon be extended into the fertile and almost boundless country beyond ; being followed, at every advance, by a stream of Emigration, and ultimately, and in our own time, reaching the shores of the Pacific.

It may be argued that we ought not to risk anything beyond the limits of our own frontier. But