

BELIEVES WEST HAS GREAT FUTURE

W. D. Robb Predicts Large
Increase in Population On
Prairies

Toronto, Sept. 6.—W. D. Robb, Vice-President in charge of Colonization development and other departments of the Canadian National Railway, was the principal speaker on Transportation Day at the luncheon of the directors of the Canadian National Exhibition.

"It is the intention of the Canadian National Railway to use every possible instrument in the Dominion of Canada and in the British Isles, not only to bring people into this country but to take care of them after they arrive," was his earnest declaration.

"The Canadian National Railway since the advent of the present management have been planning an active and effective organization to deal with the importation of Canada for greater population. The policy of the Canadian National Railway must of necessity be regulated by that of the Dominion Government and Canada's ability to absorb and assimilate new comers.

"I am firmly of the belief that it is not so much the endeavor to bring in people to this country that is going to solve our problems as making the conditions in the country so attractive that people will desire to come of their own accord. Probably one of the most potent factors will be the introduction of necessary capital to develop our national resources and the many industries that can be built upon them. There are many forces at work today to bring about this result and one of the most significant is the presence at this exhibition of a number of firms representing the great 'Federation of British Industries,' the most important organized association of manufacturers in the world, representing more than twenty-five billion dollars of capital.

"While they realize that the Dominions as a result of financial assistance will to the full extent of their power endeavor to develop their own manufacturing industries, in many cases will compete with the goods of the Mother Country, they take the broad view that by so doing the Dominions will increase their internal prosperity and thus provide a wider market within the Empire for the goods of the Mother Country.

"It is within the province of my department to co-operate with and assist in every way possible the bringing about of this most desirable condition.

"The Canadian National Railway serve every one of the nine Provinces and all the principal cities and towns and in addition great areas of undeveloped country which showed every indication of being immensely wealthy in mineral deposits. It was necessary for the country to have a railway framework before there could be any density of settlement and the railways of this country were brought into existence to perform the task of turning the vast waste spaces into populated areas.

"When these are filled," concluded Mr. Robb, "with an industrious people yielding traffic, it will be time to apply to the railway some of the tests that reasonably apply to other business enterprises. The western country is only now coming into its own, and it is my prediction that in a few years many hundreds of thousands of settlers will be added to its population. While the settlement of the wooded areas of Northern Ontario and Quebec is, of necessity, of a slower character, satisfactory progress is being recorded there. It is also our intention to direct attention to the Maritime Provinces which offer singular opportunities to the people of the British Isles.

HARD COAL STOCK HEAVY ENOUGH

TO LAST 3 MONTHS

Montreal, Sept. 6.—Importers of anthracite coal here stated today that since the beginning of the coal strike in Pennsylvania, shipments of American anthracite had ceased.

It was, however, added that stocks of hard coal here were so heavy as to be sufficient to last for three months, without counting the large supplies of Scotch and Welsh anthracite that would continue to come in until the close of navigation.

There are four things our country needs—faith, hope, love and work.

Choker beads. They're all so new
In orange, yellow, jade or blue.
Sports beads for golf and tennis too
They are just the thing for you.

Maison Blanche
Corner Chauveau Ave. and Fabrique Sts.

JAPAN'S LOSSES NOW ESTIMATED AT 320,000

200,000 Houses Were Burned
At Tokio, Says Consul
General

WORLD-WIDE RELIEF
Army And Navy Of Japan
Being Rushed To Devastated
Areas

New York, Sept. 6.—A message from the Governor of Osaka, made public today by the Japanese consulate general, estimates the total casualties in Yokohama and Tokio at from 310,000 to 320,000. Two hundred thousand houses were burned in Tokio said the statement.

Nagasaki, Sept. 6.—The Japanese Finance Minister probably will declare a ten days moratorium, according to advices from Tokio.

The encouraging tone of direct news from Japan continued in private news received by the London Stock Exchange where government securities and Tokio Electric recovered some of yesterday's losses.

With army divisions converging on the devastated districts for relief work and the entire navy engaged in relief and the transportation of material for the reconstruction of the city the Japanese are meeting the disaster with determination and courage.

Refugees continue to flee from the Tokio and Yokohama districts, some of them, mostly foreigners, arriving at Kobe on the steamer London, Maru. Kobe is the centre from which world-wide foreign relief work is being directed under an international committee and the response for supplies are considered fully adequate to meet the needs.

Africa, India, China and Russia as well as Canada, Australia, the United States and Great Britain have taken active measures for immediate aid.

Lord Reading headed the Indian subscriptions. South Africa will donate by the first boat 5,000 bags of maize. Hong Kong is sending shipments of meat and money and the Chinese war lord Tso Kun has contributed from his chest and also intends to aid Chinese residents and students in Japan.

Accounts appearing in the Nagasaki and Kobe newspapers of the foreign relief work have created a profound impression on the Japanese public.

London, Sept. 6.—The appalling nature of the Japanese earthquake, fire and tidal wave, with the greatest loss of life and property of any similar catastrophe in modern times, continues to be told by meagre and unconnected press despatches and private messages from foreign residents and tourists who survived the holocaust. But Europe still awaits the graphic story of how the earth shook to pieces, then consumed in flames Japan's capital and scores of towns around Tokio Bay including the great commercial port of Yokohama.

The loss of life is estimated at some varying figures, in some cases running into hundreds of thousands, that any certainty of the casualties is impossible, while communications with the devastated districts remain as they are.

On the whole the news received today is of more hopeful nature than any since the disaster, one authoritative message from a British naval official at Yokohama placing the deaths of foreigners in that port at seventy.

Even the number of dead, which is small as compared with first reports, is enormous for a foreign colony of a few thousands and indicates that the loss of life among the native population may reach the highest reported figures.

The only official estimate is based on home office information from Tokio that the loss of life there was 30,000, but Yokohama is known to have suffered much more severely than the Capital city, and the home office figures do not attempt to take into consideration the one hundred miles of coast-line towns and villages, all in the path of the tidal wave.

All available information shows that Tokio and Yokohama were not totally destroyed, the foreign residential district of the port city which is on a high bluff overlooking the bay, suffering comparatively little damage, while the residential suburban districts of Tokio also escaped. This would account for the few deaths among the foreigners there, for on Saturday afternoon few would have been in their office.

The destruction in Tokio extends over two thirds of the Metropolitan district of fifteen wards, with the low-lying districts completely wiped out. These include the slums of Pukeyama, the industrial section of Honjo, both on the right bank of the Sumida river, Asakusa famous for its amusement parks, Kyobashi and Nishinabashi, which include most of modern Tokio, where four or five storied department stores and office buildings lined the principal thoroughfares, the Ginza. This section also includes Tsukiji, in which before Japan was completely opened to the Western nations, foreigners were compelled to reside. It has recently been occupied principally by missionaries, their schools and hospitals. During the summer most of the Tsukiji residents are out of the city, but the loss of property there has been heavy.

In other sections of Tokio—Azabu, Shiba, Akasaka, Yotsuya and Ohi-gawa, where the foreigners live in more or less isolated foreign compounds, consisting of a few western style houses built on small hills, the damage was by fire, which on account of the number of the open spaces could be controlled. The foreign embassies and legations were widely scattered throughout the higher districts of Tokio, and a number of them including the United States Embassy have been destroyed.

The British Foreign Office tonight received its first news from its representatives in Japan in a message reporting that all the Embassy staff were safe but that the building was uninhabitable necessitating relocation.

Other messages received by the London agents of Japanese companies state that Tokio's newspaper district escaped destruction. It is known as Marunouchi and is located between the Central Railway station and the Imperial palace and consists of great blocks of reinforced concrete buildings which were at first reported to be a mass of ruins. They withstood the shock, and the extensive station plaza saved them from the flames. In the Mitsubishi building which is one of the structures, is temporarily housed the famous Morrison Library which is awaiting the completion of the permanent library building of the Imperial university.

New York, Sept. 6.—A gift of \$10,000 to the American Red Cross fund for the relief of Japanese earthquake victims was made today by the National League.

SOUTH AMBOY FIRE BRIGADE TURNED OUT WHEN POWDER EXPLODED AND SET FIRE TO PIER

South Amboy, N.J., Sept. 6.—The entire fire department of this city was called out to-night when powder being transferred from box cars of the Columbia Salvage Company to barges in the Raritan river exploded and set fire to the powder pier of the Eastern Coal Dock Co., where the barges were moored.

A few minutes later five box cars containing powder, waiting to be unloaded also exploded.

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Most Horrible Scenes

Honolulu, Sept. 6.—No other word but "Hell" can depict the scene in Tokio during and after the earthquake, according to the correspondent of the Hawaii Shinto, who today sent from Senai, Japan, an eyewitness story of the disaster. No words, he declared, would suffice to describe it adequately.

Effect on Stock Market

London, Sept. 6.—The London Stock Exchange today reflected the more optimistic reports coming from Japan with regard to the damage caused by the earthquake, fire and tidal waves.

Japanese bonds, recovered from 1 to 3 points, and Tokio Electric Light was better at a 10 per cent discount. This improvement being based on a semi-official statement that 30 per cent of the company's stations were outside the zone of the disaster.

Salvation Army Help

Toronto, Sept. 6.—General Bramwell Booth's appeal for two million pounds sterling for the relief of homeless and starving in desolated Japan has officially reached Salvation Army headquarters here.

The General in his cable says he fears that the hospital and other Salvation Army institutions in Tokio and Yokohama have been destroyed, together with many of the homes of officers and soldiers of the army. After appealing for the funds to relieve suffering and reconstruct buildings, the manifesto says:—

"The future of Japan is not a matter which concerns merely eastern nations nor a matter of interest merely to western peoples. It is a matter which concerns and must concern the whole world. No opportunity has ever occurred for bringing home to the people the influence of a Christian charity such as this one. That opportunity concerns us all—let us use it."

Trifles lighter than straws are levers in the building of character.

Much good-going is destroyed for lack of tact and manner.

ITALY'S STAND MAY TURN INTO POLITICAL GALE

World States Went On Record
As Insisting Respect For
League

THE CAUSE OF PEACE
Council Endeavored To Advance
A Compromise Plan
To Hasten Solution

Geneva, Sept. 6.—The storm over Italy's refusal to recognize the authority of the League of Nations to regulate her dispute with Greece gives no indication of diminishing on the contrary it shows signs of developing into a political typhoon of the first degree. Representatives of world states like Belgium, Sweden and Uruguay went on record today as insisting upon respect for the League covenant and as being unqualifiedly convinced that Italy should submit the controversy to the League for settlement.

The cause of world peace demanded it; the very life of the League itself was at stake, several of the statesmen declared before the council's session; if the covenant was defiled, precious guarantees for the smaller nations of the earth would cease to exist. The council again avoided taking direct league action on the Italian attitude towards the League, but endeavored to advance a compromise plan calculated to hasten solution of the Greco-Italian crisis through the collaboration of the League of Nations and the Council of Ambassadors.

This plan was put forward by the Spanish member of the Council, Count Guinones de Leon. It was not adopted, but the Council agreed that the minutes of today's session should be forwarded to the Paris body for its enlightenment. Signor Salandra, head of the Italian delegation absolutely refused to accept all parts of the resolution presented, which emphasized that Italy recognize the competence of the League to intervene and even questioned the right of the Council of Ambassadors to settle the question of general reparations which Italy has demanded of Greece because of the murder of the Italian officers.

Among the suggestions made in the Spanish proposal was that League representatives should assist in the official inquiry into the assassination and that the permanent Court of International Justice should decide the indemnity Greece must pay Italy.

Those in the crowded Council Chamber today witnessed a meeting which lacked nothing as regards dramatic incidents.

Lord Robert Cecil gave warning again that the competence of the League to intervene was, in Great Britain's view, certain and he indicated very strongly that something more would be done about it. The clear voice of Paul Hymans, the Belgian leader, rang through the Chamber with the words that the issue involved was exceedingly grave for the future of the League. He was convinced that the covenant applied to the Greco-Italian dispute and he added:—

"The pact forms a precious guarantee for the lesser states and application of its stipulations is essential to the maintenance of the order of things in the world in which all countries have placed supreme hope."

Hjalmar Branting, of Sweden, subscribed to the Belgian view. The Uruguayan delegate, Dr. Alberto Guani, declared that the competency of the League in such international questions which affected the peace of the world, could not be disputed. The Council adjourned without fixing a time for the next meeting. The Chairman, Viscount Ishii said: "There remains the question of the competency of the Council and the League. It is a judicial question and a grave one. I suggest that we go into that at a later session."

The Weather

Toronto, Sept. 6.—This evening there is a disturbance developing in the Upper Mississippi Valley and from present indications it will move eastward across the Great Lakes. The weather today has been fine and moderately warm throughout the Dominion.

Temperatures
Dawson... Min. 40
Victoria... 44
Vancouver... 50
Winnipeg... 50
Perry Sound... 58
Toronto... 56
Ottawa... 56
Montreal... 58
Quebec... 54
St. John... 48
Halifax... 48

Forecasts.
Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence.—Strong southeast to southwest winds; unsettled with showers and local thunderstorms.

Lower St. Lawrence, Gaspé and North Shore.—Fair at first, followed by strong winds and rain.

Maritime.—Fine and warm, followed tonight by strong southerly winds and showers.

BAR CONVENTION CAME TO CLOSE

Paris Advocate Regards Dis-
cord Between Britain And
France One Of Procedure

Montreal, Sept. 6.—(By Canadian Press)—The eighth annual convention of the Canadian Bar Association came to a close here tonight with a dinner at which the Advocate-General of the Court of Appeals of the Province of Quebec, who, in his introduction, spoke of the ideals of the Canadian legal profession.

M. Manel also paid a remarkable tribute to the memory of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, alluding to him as the perfect and seductive French-Canadian.

After his speech, M. Manel was unanimously elected honorary member of the Canadian Bar Association on the motion of Chief Justice Martin.

The topic the speaker chose was "The Bar of France during the war and after." During the war he had served as captain of artillery and was later attached to the American army. Of the young lawyers admitted to the Paris bar in 1912, 1913 and 1914, 25 were mobilized and of these 15 were killed. He regarded M. Poincare as the perfect type of French advocate.

"Poincare is fighting, pleading his case," said the speaker and he pointed out that the treaty of peace assumed Germany security for tomorrow. Great Britain had obtained the destruction of the German fleet with consequent hegemony of the seas. Italy has gained territory which rightly should belong to her. France, however, was given no guarantee of security and so France must keep up the largest army in the world. "By occupying the Ruhr Premier M. Poincare took a momentary risk on Germany to ensure payment. Those whose minds have been poisoned by German propaganda should take note of that."

He regarded the present discord between Great Britain and France as one of procedure only. "It is only in the interests of your two mother countries," he concluded, "but in that of civilization that any conflict must be avoided."

Sir James Aikman, President, thanked the delegates for the spirit of affection, cordiality and friendship evidenced at the convention. Hon. N. W. Rowell thanked the members of the Bench and Bar of Montreal for the genial welcome the outside delegates had received and Mr. Justice Mignault of the Supreme Court added his thanks in a brief address.

Recommendation

Montreal, Sept. 6.—Recommendations in connection with the administration of criminal justice, which should they become law, will bring about a number of changes in the treatment given both convicted prisoners and those who are merely awaiting trial, were passed here today at the meeting of the Canadian Bar Association. They were contained in the second report of the committee appointed to study the matter.

Among them were provisions for the classification of prisoners, a detention home for arrested persons awaiting trial, the establishment of industries in prisons, wages for prisoners, and the imposition of indeterminate sentences with a view to reforming convicted persons.

The report was presented by Judge Emerson Coatsworth of Toronto. Charles D. Richards, Vice-President for New Brunswick, was in the chair.

Condemnation of efforts tending to arouse dissatisfaction with the existing order of things in Canada or feeling that Canada's outlook was dark, was voiced by Hon. St. Douglas Wazen, K.C., M.G. Chief Justice of New Brunswick, addressing the association. He declared that although it was true that too many railways had been built in Canada and that the debt of the Dominion was a heavy burden yet Canada was with one exception the most prosperous country in the world. Referring to a statement in regard to the Privy Council he gave it as his opinion that the greatest safeguard of liberty and justice was the right of appeal to an outside, impartial tribunal.

Every citizen, however, humble, should have the right to take his grievances to the foot of the throne, and he hoped as long as the British Throne remained, that right would be upheld.

AWAIT CONGRESS ACTION ON PROPOSAL FOR ST. LAWRENCE CANAL

Chicago, Sept. 6.—Representatives of the Great Lakes—St. Lawrence Tidewater Association in session here today expressed the belief that congressional action in support of the deepwater way project to connect the Atlantic and the Great Lakes would be taken at the next session.

Sentiment in New England is rapidly changing in favor of the deepwaterway, H. C. Gardner, President of the Association, declared. Not only has the Waterways Commission of the associated industries of the way, but a New England-St. Lawrence and Great Lakes Association is being formed to further the project, he said.

There is no opposing brutal force to the stratagems of human reason.

BYE-ELECTIONS WILL BE HELD BEFORE SESSION

Gazette Learns That Four
Vacancies Will Be Filled
This Fall

QUELLETTE IN COUNCIL
Conservative Chances Excel-
lent In Yamaska And Abiti-
bi, It Is Said

Montreal, Sept. 6.—The Montreal Gazette says in regard to the political situation in Quebec, that information regarding the provincial bye-elections received today from a very excellent source is to the effect that there will be four of them at least and that they will be held before the next session of the Legislature, so that there will be a full membership when the next Legislative Assembly convenes.

There are three vacancies now, Brome, Richmond and Abitibi, and the fourth is to be Yamaska, which means that Edouard Ouellette, the sitting member, will go to the Legislative Council. This confirms previous impressions.

Further information from the same very excellent and Liberal source, is that Dr. Ernest Poulin, the ex-M.L.A. for Laurier, Montreal, will not be the Liberal candidate in Richmond. It is known that Dr. Poulin has had aspirations in that county, and that some effort has been made towards having him chosen as the Liberal candidate but this latest information disposes of that possibility.

The Government it is learned does not wish to take the added risk of losing the county by bringing in an outsider, as is Dr. Poulin, though he was born in that county.

It is the matter of selecting candidates which is keeping back the elections. Especially is this the case in Brome county, there being two Liberal sections in that county each of which is anxious to select its own candidate.

In Yamaska there is a strong wing of the Liberal party which would like to see Adolphe Allard, Advocate, of St. Francis du Lac, as the candidate. Mr. Allard has considerable political experience as is to be expected, since he is the son of the Hon. Jules Allard, who was the strong man of the county for many years and a minister in the Gouin government, resigning to become prebendary of the Superior Court of Montreal. He was quite prominent in the Federal bye-election of 1921 when his brother-in-law, Aime Boucher, was successful in carrying the county against A. A. Mondou. It is not known who will be the Conservative candidate in Yamaska. At the last general election the Conservative standard-bearer was Henri Niquet, who, though entering the fight at the eleventh hour, was defeated by only 224 votes.

Liberals claim to be certain of winning Richmond and Brome, but admit Conservative chances are excellent in Yamaska and Abitibi.

As regards the last county such Liberal opinion is accepted as surprising in view of the fact that Abitibi is entirely a colonization county, depending upon government grants for its growth.

MATE SILENT OVER ATTACK

Refused To Give Any Details
Of Pirates Boarding The
Schooner Lucille B.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 6.—Interviewed by long distance telephone this evening Mate Powers of the Nova Scotia schooner Lucille B. absolutely refused to give newspapers any details or throw any further light upon the brief account made public this afternoon and said to have been given by him under oath of a piratical attack upon the Lucille B., August 29, when three small boats containing fifteen armed men are reported to have boarded the schooner off the Massachusetts coast and forced the crew of four to hand over twelve hundred cases of liquor.

Yarmouth, N.S., Sept. 6.—The sixty ton schooner Lucille B. of Belliveau Cove, Digby, N.S., Captain LeBlanc, arrived at Meteghan, thirty miles from Yarmouth, and reported that she had been the victim of a pirate attack. The captain was ashore in Bliston transacting business when three boats, with fifteen men aboard, ran alongside the Lucille B., and boarded her. The crew were forced to assist the pirate crew to exchange the cargo of 1,200 cases of liquor which the Lucille B. carried, into the pirate boats. When the pirates had disappeared and the Captain didn't return the mate set sail for the Nova Scotia coast. Supplies ran out when she was several miles from the coast, where she was sighted and towed into Meteghan. The Lucille B. said from Meteghan, on August 15, bound for St. Pierre with 1,200 cases of liquor in her hold.

REFUSED INDICTMENT

White Plains, N.Y., Sept. 6.—Supreme Justice Wagner today refused to grant the motion of counsel for Walter S. Ward asking that the indictment charging first degree murder against the wealthy baker's son, in connection with the slaying of Clarence E. Peters, ex-marine, be dismissed.

Justice Wagner also refused to admit Ward to bail or to reduce the charge in the indictment. The trial is scheduled to start next Wednesday.

WELCOME
TO OUR READERS.
Visit the Kiosk of "La Presse," of Montreal, at the Exhibition Grounds.



By Appointment

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For over eighty-five years the House of Holt, Renfrew has been connected with the Fur Trade of the world, and has gained, both at home and abroad, a reputation for Reliability which increases with every passing year.

We invite your inspection of our choice displays of

Fine Furs
handsome coats, capes, wraps—creations from the master hands of our designers, or exclusive French models.

CANADIAN HOMESPUNS
The product of the hand looms of the Habitant housewife, which make fitting and appropriate souvenirs of your stay in Canada.

**Bedsprads—Blankets—Portieres
Dresser Scarfs—Table Covers
Cushion Tops.**

**Holt, Renfrew & Co.
Limited**

The New Wedding Rings

THE FASHION of wearing a decorated Wedding Ring is constantly gaining favor.



Modelled in narrow bands, beautifully chased with Orange Blossoms, Wedding Bells or other artistic designs—in yellow, red or white Gold or Platinum—also studded with Diamonds.

Mountings for Solitaires to match the newer Wedding Rings can be chosen from our large assortment.

At a moderate cost we can remodel your plain Wedding Circlet into a modern design without harming the inscription or in any way destroying its cherished sentiment.

**G. Seifert & Sons
Jewellers
16 Fabrique St.**

"VALIQUET'S RESTAURANT"

FORMERLY OF BOSTON

STEAKS, CHOPS and EGGS.
ROLLS and BUTTER.

"Best By Test"

Phone 6567 - Opposite City Hall

BELGIAN GLASSWARE

We have just received a consignment of this beautiful ware consisting of Liqueurs, Ports, Claret, Tumblers, Ice-Cream Plates and Sherberts, at reasonable prices.

Also high grade English China in all the well known makes, Minton, Aynsley, Wedgwood, Collingwood, and many others.

The Thomas Co. Ltd.
"FINE CHINA and CUT GLASS"
5 ST. JOHN ST. TEL. 636

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**C.N.R. NOW HAS
BIG PLANS FOR
IMMIGRATION**

Also Its Policy Will Be To
Take Care Of Immigrants
After They Arrive

ANOTHER PROBLEM

**C.N.R. Will Also Consider
Problem Of Keeping Cana-
dians In Own Country**

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 6.—"It is the intention of the Canadian National Railways to use every possible instrument in the Dominion of Canada, and in the British Isles, not only to bring desirable people into this country, but to take care of them after they arrive."

In these words Mr. W. D. Robb, Vice-President in charge of Colonization, Development and other departments of the Canadian National Railways, who was the principal speaker on Transportation Day at the luncheon of the Directors of the Canadian National Exhibition, outlined the policy which the Canadian National Railways have laid down and intend to follow in the matter of colonization and immigration along the lines of the system.

"The Canadian National Railways since the advent of the present management," said Mr. Robb, "have been planning an active and effective organization to deal with the important need of Canada for greater population. There are those who approach this subject in the belief that it is a simple matter and that all we have to do is to bring over the thousands from Europe desiring to emigrate and fill up the country. The policy of the Canadian National Railways must, of necessity, be regulated by that of the Dominion Government and Canada's ability to absorb and assimilate newcomers. Our policy is, therefore, to bring to Canada all the people we possibly can, subject to these conditions and our organization is now being completed with this object in view."

I am, however, firmly convinced that it is not so much the endeavor to bring people into this country that is going to solve our problem, as making conditions in the country so attractive that people will come of their own accord. Probably one of the most potent factors in accomplishing this will be the introduction of necessary capital to develop our natural resources and the many industries that can be built upon them. I am glad to know that there are many forces at work today to bring about this much desired result and one of the most significant of these is the presence at this exhibition of a number of firms representing the "Federation of British Industries," the most important organized association of manufacturers in the world, representing more than twenty-five billion dollars of capital.

In a recent pronouncement of this body, they take cognizance not only of the need of the overseas dominions for increased production and the necessity for support of the Empire Settlement Act, but also the necessity for the migration of British Capital to the overseas dominions. While they realize that these dominions as a result of such financial assistance, will to the full extent of their power, endeavor to develop their own manufacturing industries which, in many cases, will compete with the goods of the Mother Country, they take the broad view that by so doing these dominions will increase their internal prosperity and thus provide a wider market within the Empire for the goods of the Mother Country. It is within the powers of the Department of Colonization and Development of the Canadian National Railways, over which I have the honor to preside, to co-operate with and assist in every way possible, the bringing about of this most desirable condition and we welcome to this country the pioneer movement of the Federation of British Industries, which we believe will be a potent factor in the upbuilding of the overseas dominions.

In opening his address Mr. Robb had many kind and complimentary things to say about the Canadian National Exhibition whose growth he had watched personally for more than forty years. Its development, he pointed out, was significant with the progress of Canada and it had kindred interests with the transportation systems in making known to the public the features of Canadian activity and thus creating confidence and belief in the future of the country.

"By practice and precept," said Mr. Robb, "by its demonstrations and no less by its effective organization the Canadian National Exhibition is performing a magnificent work in the field of education. It stands without a peer."

It is an axiom—the truth of which is daily more evident and daily more widely known—that the progress and well-being of the country and the transportation interests are inseparable and interdependent. In serving Canada so well, the exhibition therefore serves the transportation interests of Canada."

Mr. Robb then went on to deal with the remarkable growth of the exhibition and the astonishing attendance records which were being rolled up year after year. He pointed

**NO WHEAT POOL
FOR THIS HARVEST**

Manitoba Has Dropped Idea,
Saskatchewan Indifferent,
And Alberta Left Alone

Winnipeg, Sept. 6.—From present indications there will be no wheat pools operating in Alberta and Saskatchewan to handle the 1923 crop. It was stated today by J. B. Musselwhite, Managing Director of the Saskatchewan Cooperative Elevator Company who is here with directors of the company in conference with wheat pool representatives.

Inability of the wheat pool organization to get the necessary acreage signed up as given as the reason for a probable failure of the plan this year.

Failure of Saskatchewan to go ahead would make it practically impossible for Alberta alone to take action it is said. Manitoba definitely has dropped the idea for the present year.

Latest advice received from Regina today said Saskatchewan had contracts with the farmers for 1,200,000 acres and that more than 6,000,000 acres were necessary to get fifty percent. The drive has five days to run. The Alberta pool with fifty percent of the acreage signed up would be marketing less than one per cent of the world's wheat production, it is declared.

Conferences are being held here today between the wheat pool committee for the two provinces, directors of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company and the United Grain Growers, Ltd., and members of the Northwest Grain Dealers' Association to discuss arrangements under which the elevator companies would handle pool wheat.

Calgary, Sept. 6.—The trustees of the Alberta wheat pool organization announced late this afternoon that they had decided to go ahead with the pool with forty-five per cent of the wheat acreage of the Province signed up in the campaign which closes last night.

The objective of the pool was fifty per cent of the acreage.

SS. BIRCH IS HOPELESS WRECK
Moncton, Sept. 6.—The final chapter in the fate of the SS. Birch Bay which was a total loss off Portneuf two months ago has been written. The ship, which is a hopeless wreck has been sold as she lies, to Captain Lachance, of Quebec, well-known in the ship saving business.

The prices arranged is \$500 for the ship and \$5,500 for her cargo of coal of which she had 1,000 tons. Everything going well, Captain Lachance is figured to be on the right side of the deal. He has several guarantees to make, however, among them being the removal of the ship itself, the wreck being too near the fair way for the safety of navigation. He has the equipment at Quebec for doing this and it is expected that the buoy which now marks the wreck will be removed within the next two weeks.

ed out, however, that the attendance at the exhibition is not the exhibits appeal and carry home their message and in this connection he felt the exhibition is even more successful than when judged by attendance figures and that it is an outstanding and successful feature of public-spirited and patriotic endeavor.

In concluding his address the speaker, at a moment on the part which the transportation systems have played in the development of the country. He pointed out that that section of Western Canada which is producing record crops this year, and in which crop failure has seldom been known, notably the Saskatchewan Valley and the northern part of the three prairie provinces owe their development largely to the Canadian National Railways. The development of these steady producers of the west has had a most beneficial effect upon the whole of Canada and had stimulated the manufacturers of the East and provided valuable markets.

He also drew attention to the fact that the Canadian National Railways served every one of the nine provinces and all the principal cities and towns and in addition great areas of undeveloped country which showed every indication of being wealthy in mineral deposits. In this connection he added that it was necessary for the country to have a railway framework before there can be any density of settlement and the railways of this country were brought into existence to perform no less a task than the turning of our vast waste spaces into populated areas.

"When these are filled," concluded Mr. Robb, "with an industrious people yielding traffic it will be time to apply to the railway some of the tests that reasonably apply to other business from the outset. The western country is only now coming into its own and it is my prediction that in the course of a few years many hundreds of thousands of settlers will be added to its population, and while the settlement of the wooded areas of Northern Ontario and Quebec is, of necessity, of a slower character, most satisfactory progress is being recorded there. It is also our intention to direct attention to the Maritime Provinces which offer singular opportunities to the people of the British Isles."

Reading furnishes the mind only with the materials of knowledge—it is thinking that makes what we read ours.

**SERIOUS BLOW
TO STORE CATTLE
EXPORT TRADE**

Quarantine At British Ports
Owing To Disease Of Irish
Cattle

INFECTIOUS SICKNESS

Canadian Cattle Subject To
Same Restrictions At Ports
Of Entry

Montreal, Sept. 6.—A serious blow has been dealt the Canadian export trade in store cattle when word was received here today that a quarantine had been declared at British ports on Canadian store cattle owing to the outbreak of foot and mouth disease among Irish store cattle imported into England. The quarantine has been extended for 21 days. This action is explained by a prominent cattle dealer here who states that under the British regulations the Canadian store cattle have to be discharged at British ports through the same conditions on the wharves as the Irish cattle. Foot and mouth disease, he added, is one of the most virulently infectious and dangerous scourges known.

**C.N.R. REAR-END
COLLISION**

Will Be Investigated—There
Was No Loss Of Life, Ac-
cording To Report

Moncton, N.B., Sept. 6.—That the rear end collision at Thompson's siding on the C.N.R. this morning was due to the signals protecting the rear end of the extra train, coming out far enough was the statement made by L. S. Brown, General Manager of the Atlantic Region, here tonight. "According to the report we have of the accident," said Mr. Brown, "the east-bound extra was on the main line and extended out beyond the yard limit and was not sufficiently protected. The danger signals should have been out about eighteen hundred yards, whereas the report received states they were only out about five hundred or six hundred feet."

No investigation has yet been held, but General Manager Brown's statement of the cause of the wreck is based on the report he has received from the scene of the accident.

T. W. McBeath, master mechanic, C.N.R., who was in engine 6010 and with others jumped, was only man seriously injured. He had a bone broken in one arm which was also dislocated.

How much of injustice and depravity is sanctioned by custom?

**FOUR KILLED
IN EXPLOSION**

Thousands Of Cases Of
Smokeless Powder Blew Up
On Roriton River

Southamboy, N.J., Sept. 6.—Three men and a boy were killed and twenty-seven persons were injured, fifteen fatally, by an explosion of thousands of cases of smokeless powder which was being transferred from barges to freight cars on the banks of the Raritan river to-night.

The explosion, caused by a fire which started on one of the barges, wrecked the entire countryside, blew automobiles upside down on the road nearby and enveloped everyone within a hundred yards in a sheet of flame.

The powder consisted of a shipment of 165,000 cases belonging to the Atlas Powder Company and was being transferred from barges to freight cars for shipment.

Captains commanding the barges said that sparks from a cooking fire on one of the barges blew across the docks igniting several other barges and finally the freight cars.

The train of burning cars was immediately hauled from the scene blazing and left standing on the automobile road. Motorists approaching slowed down their cars to watch the fire, ignorant of what the cars contained. The first explosion stalled all the engines and those in the automobiles were left helpless. Several cars caught fire and the occupants fled with blazing clothing.

Before those near the bridge had a chance to escape there followed a second and a third explosion, as additional cars were swept by the flames. At each blast the air for hundreds of yards around was filled with white flame.

Several women who had been riding in automobiles passing under the bridge were wrapped in flames, their light summer dresses catching readily.

MOTION PICTURE THEATRE OWNERS OF DOMINION
Montreal, Sept. 6.—At a gathering attended by about one hundred motion picture theatre owners from all over the Dominion assembled in convention here to-night, an organization was formed to be known as the Motion Picture Theatre Owners Association of America. The aim of the Association is to "create a closer relationship between the motion picture industry and the public and a fuller understanding and relationship between the units which comprise the industry as a whole."

HON. E. M. MACDONALD ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION IN PICTOU COUNTY
Pictou, N.S., Sept. 6.—Hon. E. M. MacDonald, Minister of National Defence was declared elected to the Federal House from Pictou County, by Sheriff Harris this afternoon.

This was nomination day and at three o'clock, when time for nominations expired, no candidate had been brought forward to contest the seat. Immediately after the announcement Hon. Mr. MacDonald addressed a large gathering of voters, said to represent every polling district in the County. He was given an ovation.

**CANADIAN GOV'T.
SENT MESSAGE TO
STRICKEN JAPAN**

Prime Minister Expressed
Sympathy Of Canadians
With Japanese Sufferers

OF APPALLING DISASTER

Expressed Hope Japanese,
With Poverbial Energy
Will Surmount Calamity

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—Canada's sympathy was wired to Japan today in the form of a letter sent by the Prime Minister and Secretary of State for External Affairs through Mr. T. Ohta, Consul General for Japan. The message follows:

My colleagues and I have learned with profound sorrow of the appalling disaster which has befallen the country which you so worthily represent amongst us. In the confusion of the moment one scarcely knows what to say, but I trust that as soon as communications are restored you will take the earliest opportunity of conveying to the Government of Japan and to the stricken cities of Tokio and Yokohama by telegraph our deepest sympathy with the sufferers by this terrible convulsion: our earnest hope that the extent of loss of life and destruction of property may turn out to be less than first reports indicate, and that with their proverbial energy, courage and resolution, the people of Japan may surmount this latest calamity, and show themselves not unworthy of their ancient and noble traditions.

"I believe me, Yours sincerely,
(Signed) "W. L. MacKenzie King."

**LARGE INCREASE
IN FUR PRICES**

Silver Fox And Beaver Sold
Much Higher At Montreal
Sales

Montreal, Sept. 6.—Silver fox and beaver furs were the feature of the sales here today of the Canadian Fur Auction Sales Co. Ltd. Silver for average 40 per cent increase in price over recent market levels and beaver was 15 per cent above the levels of the June sales. There were 231 silver fox skins and 22,921 beaver pelts.

A local reflex of the Japanese earthquake disaster came when 467 otter skins came up for sale. These skins mostly are exported to Japan but today they could not be disposed of, local representatives of Japanese merchants not knowing if their employees were alive or dead and deciding to withhold purchases until definite news had been received.

A very large number of Southern muskrat skins were placed on sale today and went fairly well.

**MAY LEGISLATE TO
RELIEVE FARMERS**

Manitoba Gov't. May Have To
Call Special Session To
Meet Situation

Winnipeg, Sept. 6.—Representatives of loan and mortgage companies, the Canadian Manufacturers' Association and the Retail Merchants' Association met today with members of the Provincial Government and officials to consider the credit situation in rural Manitoba. Plans were outlined by Hon. D. L. McLeod, Provincial Secretary for the formation of a debt adjustment bureau for equitable distribution of the farmers' crop proceeds among their creditors and a committee was appointed to consider the scheme.

Premier Bracken and Attorney-General Craig made it clear that if the farming community were pressed too strongly for payment of debts which they were unable to meet without being forced off the land the Government would bring down legislation at the next session for farmers relief. The crop in southern Manitoba would produce five to ten bushels per acre of low grade grain and the proceeds, said the Premier, would not meet the expenses of putting in the crop. Mr. Bracken said he would think about calling a special session of the legislature to let the farmers and the bankers debate the subject.

C. W. Rowley, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce declared that merchants and others also had to be considered. Mr. Rowley said he had just returned from Europe and he had heard more "calamity howling" in three days in Winnipeg than in six months in Europe. There was nothing the matter with the country, but the people wanted to be spoon-fed.

**DENISONS MILLS
NEWS ITEMS**

Denisons Mills, Sept. 6.—(Special Correspondence)—Miss Myrtle Laxson, of Danville, re-opened the Denisons Mills School on Monday, September 3rd.

Rev. R. S. Hornby spent a day at Melbourn, Que., recently.

Miss Beryl Carson, has gone to Fitch Bay where she accepted a position as teacher.

Mr. Roy Andrews of Montreal spent the week-end at his parental home here.

Miss Edna Patrick, spent a few days, the guest of Miss Ethel Sutcliffe.

Mr. Nelson Andrews, from Lennoxville, Que., spent the week-end the guest of Mr. J. I. Andrews and family.

Miss Mabel Lambert has returned to her home here.

Guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Andrews recently were: Mr. C. Mastine from Asbestos, Que.; Mr. P. Andrews, from Quebec; Mr. P. Mastine, and Mr. E. Mastine, Miss F. Mastine from Richmond, and Miss Ruth Andrews from Danville.

Miss Muriel Denison has gone to Montreal.

Mr. J. J. Andrews spent a few days the guest of friends at Lennoxville, Que., recently.

**KINGSEY, QUE.,
PERSONAL NEWS**

Kingsey, Sept. 6.—(Special Correspondence)—Mrs. D. Towne, of North Hatley, is the guest of her sister Mrs. R. Towne.

Mr. R. Beard was a recent guest of his brother Mr. George Beard, at Kingsey Falls.

Mrs. Foster and child, from Montreal are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Wentworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutton and family have moved to Cleveland, where Mr. Hutton has secured a position.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Parlow and the Misses Barlow, of Montreal, were the guests of their niece, Mrs. H. D. Lockwood.

Rev. R. S. Hornby was visiting in the parish on Monday.

The paragon is being prepared for the coming of new clergyman Rev. E. Humphrey of Newfoundland.

HECTIC DAYS
We overrule knowledge against wisdom, speed against sureness, standardization against originality, phrases against truth, rights against duties, power against substance, democracy against individualism, the State against the individual soul. We are living in the age of the cinematograph mind, and no man remembers in the evening what he read in the morning. From the moving-picture mind we may progress to the Hippodrome habit, which was the first sign of the decay of Roman civilization.—James M. Beck, Solicitor-General of the United States.

PEACE PATRIOTS
Peace has a patriotism quite as intensive as war. It requires real courage to face the problems of peace.—Carter Glass, United States Senator from Virginia.

**DRUMMONDVILLE
CHRONICLES**

New Stores Being Opened—
Need Of Empoium To Bob
Hair Of Ladies

Drummondville, Sept. 6.—(Special Correspondence)—The Rev. Mr. Nichol conducted the services at St. George's (Anglican) church last Sunday and will remain here until the arrival of the newly appointed Rector who is the Rev. Mr. Kerr from Hatley.

The Ladies' Guild of St. George's church are engaged in a financial campaign to cover a new heating system for the church and on Thursday this week hold their meeting at the home of Mrs. Wm. Honston, Brook St.

Mrs. E. Wadleigh Heriot Street, spent the holiday week-end in Montreal, visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Susie Mitchell who is on the staff of the Lachine School Commissioners spent the week visiting relatives and renewing old acquaintances in her home town, and was the guest of her brother Mr. George Mitchell of Grantham, during her stay.

Miss Baldwin, R.A., motored over from Coaticook last week to visit her sister Mrs. T. M. Melrose at her home on the L'Avener Road. Miss Baldwin joins the Staff of Coaticook Academy on its re-opening this week.

Mr. Ovide Pepin, who has been associated with ex-Mayor J. O. Montplaisir at his extensive auto sales warehouse and repair shops is leaving that business and also his native town, having accepted an important position as Electrical Engineer with the Laurentian Hydro Electric Power Co., whose general manager is Mr. Harold B. Fisk, formerly Superintendent here for the Southern Canada Power Co. Mr. and Mrs. Pepin are preparing to leave for their new home at St. Adele within a few days and have the good wishes of a host of friends in the County of Drummond.

The Foundation Company of Canada, Limited, began their work on the new dam at Henning's Falls last Thursday and are busy hiring workmen and getting into shape for a vigorous attack on their big job at an early date this fall. Operations are beginning on the right or east bank of the river where in a sheltered bay the new power house will be erected.

Mr. Auger, of the Dominion Silk Dyes Co., has commenced work on a large villa for his own occupation on the east side of Heriot St. near St. George's Road. The lot runs from Heriot Street to the river at the foot of Lord's Falls and affords a very fine view of the Falls, the two bridges, the river rolling away towards Lac St. Pierre and its wooded east banks for miles below Drummondville.

Several new stores are opening up for distribution of household supplies but, there is much need of an up-to-date hair dressing establishment where ladies and children can be attended to in decency and good order away from the spits and smoke of a non-descript assembly waiting their turn at the hands of the tonsorial artists.

Some enterprising laundryman who understands the science and best practice of a steam laundry should find here a good field to work in and excellent profits too. Six thousand people and near by several thousands more without a modern washing system and without a practical, scientific laundryman means much discomfort and considerable avoidable damage to clothes. Will somebody who understands the business come and survey this area?

The local auctioneer is still busy pounding the board with his fist and delivering bargains to the audience at many sales of household furniture and effects this last week. The sellers pulling out from their native Province to settle in the blessed United States.

Cap de Madeleine baseball club last Sunday before a very large audience, the stands being over-crowded and the space unseated well packed, defeated Drummondville one goal to none. The game was well fought and spectators and clubs agreed no better contest had been pulled off here at any time.

On Labour Day the local club accompanied by a hearty crowd of friends journeyed to Richmond in a procession of thirty automobiles and are very happy in having over their their keenest opponents, Richmond, who were beaten by three goals to none notwithstanding. Richmond imported for the occasion a player of international repute from Newport, Vermont.

The large addition to the Garceau School on Lindsay St. was dedicated and blessed to its high purpose on Labour Day. After high mass in St. Frederic's Church a large procession was formed of clergy, church officials and school commissioners, following them being several hundred parishioners the whole led by the harmony band of Drummondville under the guidance of drum-major Donat Marcotte. The unsettled weather interfered seriously with the day's programme, the childrens games

**RICHMOND HAS
FIXED TAXES**

Total Valuation Of Assessable
Real Estate In Town Is
\$1,388,155

Richmond, Sept. 6.—(Special Correspondence)—The regular monthly session of the Town Council was held Tuesday evening, Mayor Hayes, presiding and Councillors McMorris, Pearson, Dyson, Ginn, and Pope present. Several accounts were ordered paid and routine matters concerning roads, light and water were discussed.

The valuation roll for 1923-24 was homologated after a few minor changes. By-law No. 134, baying the annual taxes, was enacted.

The total valuation of the assessable real estate of Richmond is \$1,388,155. Property exempt from taxes on \$222,750. The tax rate for municipal purposes is \$10.000, for school purposes \$10.000 for the retirement fund, and \$5.000 for the Catholic panel.

Re-Opening of Brothers' School
The Academy of the Sacred Heart reopened its classes for the school year 1923-24 this morning (Wednesday). This school which is under the direction of the Catholic School Board was built in 1832 and runs as an Academy. It is centrally situated on the main street, and now offers training for the Catholic boys of Richmond.

The School Board as at present composed is as follows:—Chairman, Dr. John Hayes; Commissioners: A. J. Hudon, H. A. Desmarais, J. A. Brouillette, Patrick Healy.

The teaching is bi-lingual and leads to a commercial diploma. It counts amongst the former pupils many successful business and professional men throughout the Eastern Townships.

Brother Marcellin and an efficient staff of five teachers have charge of the institution.

St. Francis College Re-Opens
Classes were re-opened today in St. Francis College for the fall and winter terms of 1923-24.

This famous seat of learning which was founded in 1854 occupies a commanding position on the high ground at the east end of the Town; it has splendid playgrounds and its curriculum embraces all the studies of the Elementary and Academy grades.

St. Francis College pupils are always well up in the competitive examinations for university matriculation.

The following comprises the staff for 1923-24.

Professor S. L. Scott, Principal; Miss Mary H. Reed, Asst. Principal; Mrs. Geo. Chamberlin, 9th. Grade; Mrs. Marion Smith, 7th. Grade, and French; Miss May Astell, 5th. and 6th. Grade; Miss Aletha House, 3rd. and 4th. Grade; Mr. Marion Robertson, 1st. and 2nd. Grade. Number of pupils admitted 212.

Personals
Mr. Fred Lonahan has returned to studies at the Franciscan College.

Roland Desmarais has gone to Montreal to the Sulpician College there.

Mr. Eliezer Reausoleil left today for Loyola College.

Mr. Richard Tremblay has returned to the Seminary of St. Hyacinthe where he is pursuing his studies.

Among the Richmond boys who will return to St. Charles Seminary Sherbrooke, are: John Duquet, Raymond Hayes, Eric Chervand, Henry Laporte, Omer Davignon, Gaston Desmarais, Gerard Girard, Louis P. Girard.

Rev. Mr. Tanner, of Lancaster, Ont., was the guest recently of Rev. Mr. McLeod.

TIME COPY
CURIOSITY KILLED A CAT

Too many persons are disposed to spend too much time pulling up Anglo-American relations by the roots in order to see how they are getting on. I take the satisfactory character of Anglo-American relations for granted. The world is sick and tired of war in all its forms, and it is crying out for a constructive leadership that will build structures adapted to the people in twentieth century democracies. If Great Britain and the United States are not to furnish this leadership, where is it to come from?—Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University.

of races, jumps, etc., having to be abandoned.

Rain interfered with the meeting of citizens on the public square who were to have been instructed and somewhat amused by the oratory of Federal and Provincial members of Parliament assisted by municipal talent. The band concert timed for eight o'clock in the evening was unhappily co-incidental with very heavy rain which disappointed hundreds of local residents and neighbours assembled for a musical treat which this band is well able to give.

WELCOME TO OUR READERS.
Visit the Kiosk of "La Presse," of Montreal, at the Exhibition Grounds.



Aunt Eppie Hogg, the Fatlest Woman in Three Counties—

The Quebec Chronicle

Founded June 21, 1764.

Printed and published by the Quebec Chronicle Printing Company, at the building of the Company, 9 Buede Street, Quebec. A. G. Penny, Editor-in-Chief; P. J. Egan, Business Manager. Subscription: Daily, Town Subscribers, \$4.00 per annum; Out of Town, \$5.00; Weekly, \$1.50 per annum; payable in advance. Advertisements: Rate card obtainable on request.

QUEBEC, SEPTEMBER 7, 1923.

NATIONAL POLICY BLAMED.

Many sins have been laid at the door of the National Policy in recent years, but it has remained for the Times, of Moose Jaw, a militant Progressive publication, to blame it for the Americanization of the trade of Canada. Its case is built upon a statement emanating from London respecting the relative growth of British and United States trade, to the following effect:

"British capital in Canada is about 9 per cent of the total invested in Canadian industry.
"Ninety per cent of Canada's imports of iron and steel come from the United States, 9 per cent from Britain.

"Ninety-three per cent of imports of machinery (agricultural excluded) come from the United States, 5 per cent from Britain.

"Ninety-nine per cent of imports of farm implements and machinery come from the United States.

"Forty-four per cent of imports of textiles come from Britain, from United States 41 per cent.

"Sixty-six per cent of imports of cotton goods come from United States, from Britain 27 per cent."

The Times then proceeds to declare that forty years of the National Policy has produced this result. United States industry and capital have moved across the line in branch factories in order to collect for themselves the high protective duties we levy on ourselves. Canada gets the branch factories, with head offices in New York, Chicago, Detroit, etc., and the extra profits go to make millionaires in the United States.

But even if it is true that the bulk of our imports come from across the border, Protectionists fail to see how the National Policy is responsible for that result. There is a preference of one-third on British goods, but would even a large increase make any material difference? Far from having too much Protection, reports one anti-free trade observer, this country has too little.

If we had a really protective tariff, it is argued, there would be smaller importation of American manufactured goods, Canadian industry would benefit the more, and the preference would be worth more to Britain. American mass production enables United States exporters of unprotected lines to get into the Canadian market on favorable terms. Protection, when we had it, did this country a great benefit in compelling the establishment of seven hundred or a thousand branches of large American concerns.

It may be true that profits from American branches in Canada go into United States pockets. But a large part of whatever profits there are remain in Canada for enlargement on other re-investment. And the most important fact is that for every dollar of net profit on Canadian business there are thirty or forty dollars spent in Canada in making goods or in doing business. A dollar spent for an article in Canada travels to the merchant, to the wholesaler, to the manufacturer, to the workman, to the butcher, baker, etc., from him to the clothier or coal man, and goes a never-ending round. The commercial activity of seven hundred American factories in Canada is the foundation on which the livelihood of hundreds of thousands of Canadians is built. The profit—which may become a loss easily enough in these days—is a small consideration compared with the benefit of the general commerce created by this capital.

LAWLESS AMERICA.

An investigation conducted for a year by the American Bar Association shows that the criminal population of the United States is increasing much more rapidly than the population as a whole. It is only necessary to read American papers to see how widespread is lawlessness through the Republic, but the American Bar Association has reduced the criminality to facts, that must compel thought on the part of American citizens.

The report of the Association shows that the criminal situation in the United States, so far as crimes of violence are concerned, is worse than any other civilized country. There were 17 murders in London last year and not one of these crimes was unsolved. During 1921 there were 260 murders in New York and 137 murders in Chicago. It is estimated, by this report, that there were committed 7,850 murders in the United States last year, while throughout all of England and Wales there were 63 murders.

Commenting on the situation in England, as compared with the United States, the report remarks:

"We learned that the prison population in England has been steadily decreasing since 1876, the latter period marking about the time when the simplification of the English criminal procedural laws began to be effective.

"One of the striking reasons for this is the fact that it has been made possible for anyone sentenced to a fine to obtain extension of time for its payment at the discretion of the magistrate, and a defendant may even pay his fine by installments.

"Briefly, the committee finds that the speedy trials given the criminals is largely responsible for the low crime rate in Great Britain.

"The continual appearance of cases and reversals by the upper courts are practically unknown to English justice."

The report shows that in France in 1919, last available figures, there were 588 murders and 121 robberies. This was from a population of 40,000,000.

Contrasting this, figures show that in 488 cities of the United States, comprising 21,000,000 population—there occurred 1,562 murders, while in New York alone robberies numbered 1,427; Chicago, 1,862. Even in Louisville, Ky., with 241 robberies, there were more than in entire France!

"It is not without plain significance that the laws of France carefully plan and in extreme cases scientifically apply disgrace and exile as a penalty," the report adds. "This recognizes a dominant trait in the French character, his love for his native town and his love for France. Exile is one of the most drastic penalties imposed.

"In accounting for the smaller number of crime in France, too, it must be remembered that 35,000,000 out of the 40,000,000 people live in small villages where their ancestors have lived for generations, and where every act is carefully scrutinized."

The report finds that behind every defect in the enforcement of the American laws, more dangerous than any other factor is accounting for the number of crimes, is the apathy and the indifference of the American people. The report also declares that there exists in nearly every State of the Union a lack of enforcement of the criminal law.

The committee recommends that the American criminal laws be simplified; that there should be a

standard code for all States in criminal procedure, and that there should be a campaign of education so as to arouse the American people from their present apathy towards crimes of violence.

A serious fault with the American police system is its lack of centralization. City police are not sufficiently in touch with country officers. The dragnet, as the New York Herald says, is rarely thrown over a wide area in any determined way. Unless the crime is particularly sensational, the public soon forgets it, and the police are inclined to focus their attention upon the latest criminal sensation and forget the sensation that preceded it. When the British police start a man hunt it is country wide. When the New York police begin a search it is usually confined to New York city.

It is, of course, notorious that a man, once convicted, has in the United States a much greater variety of legal machinery to employ in order that he may get a new trial. When courts of appeal are exhausted there remains the pardoning power of Governors, which is much more generously exercised than in England, and often for political purposes. At bottom, in the case of murder, there seems to be an essential difference between the average American and the average Englishman. The attention of one is centred on the crime, and his sympathy is absorbed by the victim. In the United States the sympathy goes out to the murderer whose life is in jeopardy.

TAMPERING WITH HOLY WRIT.

Little enthusiasm—as one might expect—has greeted the publication of samples of the "modernized" New Testament which has been written by Prof. Edgar J. Goodspeed, of Chicago. Dr. Goodspeed is reported to be a Greek scholar who, arguing that the New Testament is not a translation from the classical Greek but from the Syrian Greek, a colloquial tongue, believes that the Testament should be put into the language as commonly used today. But it is only necessary to read a few specimens to reach the conclusion that such work was superfluous and it is difficult to believe that anybody who has been discouraged from reading the Bible because some of the words have lost their former meaning, will be impelled to peruse it now that Dr. Goodspeed has made the changes. He abolished "thee" and "thou," substituting "you." The old terms of money values, weights and measures, such as talents, pieces of silver, cubits, and so forth, are replaced by "dollars" and "miles" and other modern equivalents.

A typical specimen translation of the thirty-eighth and thirty-ninth verses of the sixteenth chapter of the Acts of the Apostles follows. The King James' version reads:

"And the sergeants told these words unto the magistrates; and they feared when they heard that they were Romans.

"And they came and besought them, and brought them out and desired them to depart out of the city."

The Goodspeed text has it:—

"The policemen delivered their message to the magistrates, and they were alarmed when they heard that they were Roman citizens. They came and conciliated them and begged them to leave town."

If the two verses, in the words of the Mail and Empire, needed a fresh phrasing it would only be to remove the possible ambiguity caused by the use of "they" twice, but Dr. Goodspeed is quite as ambiguous, and the word "conciliate" does not appear to have been necessary. As for substituting "policemen" for "sergeants," he might have used a terser word in more general use in the United States than either of the others and have written "cops."

In the story of the feeding of the multitude, the King James' version says: "Whence should we have so much bread in the wilderness?" Dr. Goodspeed renders it: "Where can we get bread enough in this solitude?" This is no improvement, and though "solitude" is often an admirable synonym for "wilderness," it is not so in the present case. Bread might conceivably abound in a solitude, but hardly in a wilderness. The truth is that the Bible does not need simplifying or modernizing any more than any of the other great treasures of the language. All it requires is studying.

Italy's flouting of the League of Nations measures the ability of that body to preserve the peace of the world.

Americans may not like Lord Birkenhead's outspokenness, but they must at least give him credit for standing by his guns.

Negotiations for a settlement of the coal strike are proceeding in a leisurely manner that indicates that the contending parties are less worried than the public about where the winter's fuel is to come from.

We had thought the unsightly ruins on Mountain Hill, just below the Post Office, were enough of an eye-sore before the long-delayed work of demolition began, but they are infinitely worse now that the wrecker has passed through them. What the public would like to know is how much longer the debris is to remain to greet the gaze of the tourist as he mounts to his hotel from the water-front on arrival at "picturesque" Quebec. It would also be interesting to know just why the danger sign has been removed from the adjoining building in view of the fact that the danger of its collapse appears just as imminent as ever, notwithstanding the props that are holding up the former party wall.

A Verse Or Two

A PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Here rests the wisdom-treasure of mankind: The stalwart souls who this great wealth amassed Sought not to bear it with them as they passed To future worlds, nor ventured it to bind In tombs of rock as kings of old enshrined Their valued store, with spells and curses cast Upon the ravisher, but free at last From self, they left for men their wealth of mind.

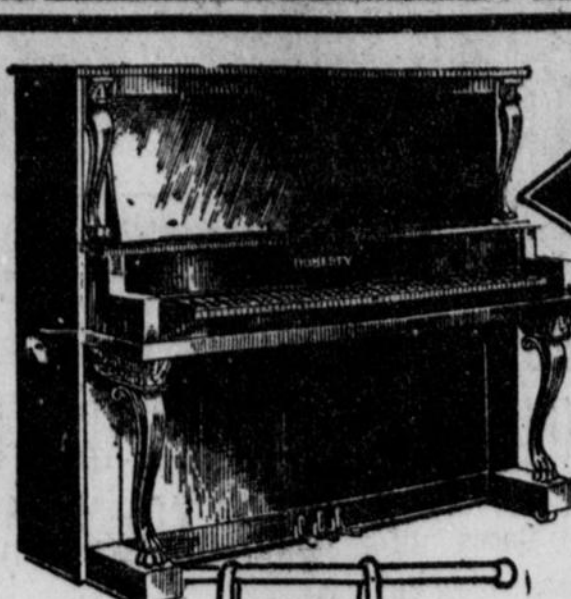
So freely take and use and gladly share The high companionship of those who lead The upward march of man's dim-seeing host; With them is found a guild of friendship rare, Their standard bears the legend plain to read—To scatter, yet increase, is wisdom's boast.

—Jennie Stork Hill, in the Edmonton Journal.

Press Comment

THE PACIFIC ROUTE.
(Saskatoon Star.)

The Prairie Provinces, particularly Alberta and Western Saskatchewan, are intensely interested in the development of the Pacific grain route. If a fair freight rate over the mountains prevailed, shipment of grain from these sections of the West to the Pacific would be much more economical than shipment to the east. Even as rates stand, however, a saving is possible and the only reason why almost one-half of the West's grain is not annually shipped West is the lack of organized grain trade and of handling facilities along the Pacific route and at its terminal.



- FIRST PRIZE
Doherty Piano, as illustrated above. Value.....\$475
- SECOND PRIZE
A \$450 Schubert Upright Piano for\$100
- THIRD PRIZE
A \$395 Everson Upright Piano, for\$125
- FOURTH PRIZE
A Gerhard Heintzman Phonograph. Value.....\$250
- FIFTH PRIZE
A Son-o-Phone Phonograph, Style "C". Value.....\$100
- AND 84 ADDITIONAL
Awards to the next 84 nearest correct solutions.

FREE

Can You Solve This Problem?

To the persons sending in the neatest correct solution of the "EIGHTEEN PROBLEM" we will give these awards absolutely and unconditionally FREE. There is positively no lot-casting or chance connected with distribution of these prizes. Neither is there any charge for the privilege of being a contestant. It is a contest of skill. The neatest correct solution will be awarded the Piano FREE, and the other prizes will be distributed in the order of merit.

DIRECTIONS

Take the numbers from 2 to 10 inclusive and place them in the squares so that when added together vertically, horizontally and diagonally, the total will be EIGHTEEN. No number can be used twice. Use this, a separate piece of paper or other material.

3		
	6	
		9

The names of the Gentlemen who have consented to act as Judges are a guarantee that the prizes will be distributed among those meriting same. In case of a tie, the Judges being unable to decide between any two solutions, each contestant will receive equal awards.

DON'T DELAY! SEND IN YOUR SOLUTION QUICK.
YOU MAY WIN FIRST PRIZE.

ALL SOLUTIONS MUST BE IN OUR STORE ON OR BEFORE WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12TH, 1923.

MAIL OR BRING YOUR SOLUTION TO DEPT. P. & H.

P.T. LEGARÉ
COLIMITED
273 --- St. Paul --- 273
QUEBEC

aug27.30,sept4.7,10x5

REORGANIZED DIRECTORATE OF RIORDAN COMPANY
Montreal, Sept. 6—It is stated on good authority that the directorate of the reorganized Riordan Company will include Sir William Price, president of Price Brothers and Company, the well-known paper manu-

facturers of Quebec; Archibald Fraser, president of Fraser Companies, Limited, which is the largest lumber and pulp manufacturing concern in the Maritime Provinces, and Mr. George M. McKee, until recently general manager of the Donnacona Paper Company, of Donnacona, Que., and a past president of the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association.

WELCOME TO OUR READERS.
Visit the Kiosk of "La Presse," of Montreal, at the Exhibition Grounds.

We regard YOUR Business as OUR Business, because we can give you Satisfaction

POSTER PRINTING

That You Can See a Long Way Off
NEEDS PROPER DISPLAY

When you want real service in "PRINTING" don't forget that old saying:--

"Practice Makes Perfect"

Quebec Chronicle Printing Co.



CITY OF QUEBEC

CITY HALL

MAYOR'S OFFICE

Quebec, August 27th, 1923.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

To meet the desire generally expressed in the public and to give every citizen an opportunity of visiting the great PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION of Quebec, which will soon open, I, the undersigned Mayor of Quebec, do hereby proclaim Thursday, the Sixth Day of September, (1923) a Civic and General Holiday.

I respectfully invite all the citizens to observe this day as a Civic Holiday and I especially request the merchants, manufacturers, traders, etc., to allow their employees to keep the Holiday, so that every one may visit the Exhibition with their families.

By Order,
JOS. SAMSON,
Mayor of Quebec.
H. J. B. CHOUINARD,
City Clerk.



PUBLIC NOTICE

CITY OF QUEBEC

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The dumping ground west of the Exhibition Grounds is closed from date of present notice till the 15th of September next. Therefore it is forbidden to deposit any kind of garbage whatever at this place.

Putrefiable garbage, kitchen refuse, vegetable matter, etc., must be carted to the east side of 4th Avenue, between the 17th and 18th streets, Limousin. All parties are requested to comply with instructions given by the Guardian of dump.

Other rubbish, not subject to decay, shall be carted to dump on St. Amador street.

By Order,
JOS. GOSSELIN, M.D.,
Director of the Service.
aug27x1w.

NEWEST FICTION

"Taran and the Golden Lion," by Edgar Rice Burroughs.

"Chessmen of Mars," by Edgar Rice Burroughs.

"The Year After," by Ruby M. Ayres.

"The Fascinating Stranger," by Booth Tarkington.

"The Powder of Sympathy," by Christopher Morley.

Also two of the outstanding French novels of the month:

"Les Habits Rouges," by R. de Douquebrune.

"La Verite Choque," by Claude Montreuil.

Why not take a book on your vacation.

P. J. EVOY

Phone: 772. 114 St. John St.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

CENTRAL REGION.

QUEBEC DISTRICT.

TENDERS FOR RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

Sealed tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until twelve o'clock noon, Standard Time, on the fifteenth day of September, 1923, for the construction of Donnacona Cut-Off between Donnacona and the Grand'Mere Subdivision and Mile Sixteen on the La Tuque Subdivision in the Province of Quebec. Forms of tender and instructions for tendering may be obtained at the offices of the District Engineer, Champlain Market, Quebec; Division Engineer, Tunnel Terminal Station, LaSalle Street, Montreal; and Division Engineer, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, Ottawa, and at the office of the undersigned.

Plans, specifications and form of contract may be seen at the above offices or copies may be obtained by application to the undersigned on depositing a certified cheque on a chartered bank of Canada for Twenty-Five Dollars (\$25.00) made payable to the Treasurer, Canadian National Railways, which will be refunded on return of plans.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. L. C. BOND,
Chief Engineer,
Canadian National Railways,
Central Region,
Room 436 New Union Station,
Toronto, Ont.

Toronto,
August 27th,
1923.

MINARD'S LINIMENT
for
Spanish Flu
Colds
Croup
Asthma
Pneumonia

BIRTH.
KELLEY—To Rev. A. R. and Mrs. Kelley, on Sept. 6, 1923, at 39 Aberdeen street, a daughter.

Auditorium

Week commencing Monday: A big programme for the opening of the season: Priscilla Dean in "THE FLAME OF LIFE" Also A Bog Programme of Vaudeville. Ordinary prices.

CITY OF LEVIS

Is hereby given that the assessment roll of the City of Levis for the fiscal year 1923-24 has been deposited at the office of the undersigned Treasurer of the city, and that the said roll will remain open for inspection by those who are interested or their representatives for FIFTEEN days from the present date.

During the said delay of 15 days, any person who believes he or she has been wronged by any entry in the said assessment roll, will have to enter his or her complaint at the office of the assessors of the city at the City Hall of Levis, such complaint will have to be made in writing and under oath taken before a Justice of the Peace, a member of the Council, or the City Clerk.

Levis, August 21, 1923.
NARCISSE BELLEAU,
City Treasurer.

FOR NATURAL FLOWERS

We have always a choice selection on hand.
Our Specialty: Flowers in all designs for Mortuary Chambers.
Our Green and Rubber Plants for decorating the home, office or restaurant are very beautiful.
You should see them.

Mme J. C. Lefebvre Enr.
Tel: 472 and 71837.
54 PALACE HILL.

CITY OF LEVIS

ASSESSORS' OFFICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the tenth (10th), eleventh (11th), and twelfth (12th) of September, instant (1923), from 3.30 p.m. to 11 p.m. on each of the above days, at the City Hall, at Levis, the Board of Assessors will sit to hear and take into consideration the complaints against the assessment roll for 1923-24.

The complainants or their attorneys are requested to appear before the Board of Assessors on the dates above mentioned.

Levis, September 6, 1923.
LIONEL LEMIEUX,
Clerk of the Board of Valuers.



HIGH SCHOOL OF QUEBEC
30 St. Denis Avenue
Reopen Monday, September 10th.
Fees, Preparatory... \$2 per month
1st Form... 3 "
2nd and 3rd Forms... 4 "
4th and 5th Forms... 5 "
Twenty free scholarships.

Apply Rector, High School of Quebec, between the hours of 9 and 11 Friday and Saturday, Sept. 7 and 8, or by Telephone 2927.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT.

Auction Sale.
In the estate of Camille Brassard, doing business under the firm name of J. A. Brassard & Fils, merchant, of Amqui, P.Q., authorized assignee.
Notice is hereby given that Friday, September 14th, 1923, at 11 o'clock a.m., will be sold by auction at the offices of the undersigned, subject to previous sale, the following items in this estate, viz: "A" Stock:
Shoes... 733.91
Stationery... 104.65
Hardware... 378.44
Drugs, etc... 41.90
Groceries... 227.588
Glassware, etc... 16.54
Dry Goods... 1,724.20
\$3,227.22
"B" Rolling Stock:
Horse, harness, wagon... \$25.00
"C" Book Debts:
As per list... 3,255.99
The sale will be made for each item separately at so much in the dollar to the highest and last bidder.
List of book debts and inventory can be seen from now on at the offices of the undersigned.
Appointments may be taken with the trustees to visit the Stock.
Conditions: CASH.
LA. PH. MORIN,
EUGENE BARRY,
Authorized Trustees.

Offices of:
Morin, Barry & Co.,
116 Mountain Hill, Quebec.
sept7,10,12x3

HETHINGTON'S BAKERY
Every Variety of High-grade Bakery Goods, delivered to all parts of the City, daily.
264 ST. JOHN STREET
Tel. 6638.

FRIARS' HOME AT ST. PATRICK'S

Tenders Will Be Called Shortly For Residence For The Brothers

The building of an addition to St. Patrick's School which will serve as a residence for the Brothers has been decided by the Quebec Catholic School Board and at a short meeting which was held at the City Hall last night the Architect, Mr. E. Tanguay, reported that the plans for the building had been completed. He was authorized to call for tenders which will be received by the Board very shortly.

The Architect also reported that he was preparing the plans for the St. Malo Convent and expected to finish them shortly.

Another meeting of the Board will be held next Monday evening.

FOUR PICKPOCKETS

ARRESTED YESTERDAY

The local detectives yesterday arrested four pickpockets who were operating at the Exhibition Grounds and at the busy points on the way to the grounds. Three of these light-fingered gentlemen were shipped out of town early last evening and the fourth is held at Central Station and will probably be sent on his way this morning. One of the prisoners had a sum of \$250, when he was caught. As it is practically impossible for the police to prove charge against their prisoners, although they know them to be pickpockets and the prisoners admit that they belong to that skilled profession. The best thing under the circumstances is to send them out of the City and that is how the police deal with them.

FUNERAL OF

MRS. E. M. LENNON.

A striking tribute was paid to the memory of the late Mrs. E. M. Lennon by the exceedingly large attendance at her funeral which took place yesterday morning from her late residence, No. 124 Grande Allee to St. Patrick's Church, Grande Allee.

On arrival at the church the body of the deceased lady was received by the Rector of the Parish, the Rev. Father Connolly, C.S.S.R., who also officiated at the solemn requiem mass, assisted by the Rev. Fathers McCormack and Muldoon, as deacon and sub-deacon respectively. The Rev. Father Maguire, Parish Priest of Silly, occupied a seat in the sanctuary.

During the mass Miss N. A. Lafond feelingly sang Bizet's "Agnus Dei," with violin obligato. At the conclusion of the service the remains of the late Mrs. Lennon were conveyed to St. Patrick's Cemetery, where the last prayers were recited by the Rev. Father McGuire, assisted by the Rev. Father McCormack, C.S.S.R.

The chief mourners were Mr. E. M. Lennon, husband; Mr. George Russell, son-in-law; and Mr. W. V. McCarthy, nephew.

A SURPRISE

The news of the liquidation of the firm of P. J. Cote caused a surprise in commercial circles as well as amongst the public in general. Mr. P. J. Cote is retiring from business to enjoy a well-deserved rest.

As a result this immense assortment of goods for house furnishings is on sale at advantageous prices for the purchaser. The public in general is advised to profit by this rare and unique occasion.

Those who are advanced by degrees are less envious than those who are advanced suddenly.

Time wasted is existence, used is life.

WELCOME TO OUR READERS.

Visit the Kiosk of "La Presse," of Montreal, at the Exhibition Grounds.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT.

In the estate of Diamond Engine, Limited, of Quebec, authorized assignee.

Notice is hereby given that Diamond Engine, Limited, of Quebec, did on the 23rd day of August, 1923, make an authorized assignment to the undersigned.

Notice is further given that the first meeting of creditors in the above estate will be held at the offices of the undersigned at Quebec on the 13th day of August, 1923, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

To entitle you to vote thereat proof of your claim must be lodged with us before the meeting is held. Proxies to be used at the meeting must be lodged with us prior thereto.

And further take notice that if you have any claim against the debtor for which you are entitled to rank, proof of such claim must be filed with us within thirty days from the date of this notice, for from and after the expiration of the time fixed by subsection 5 of section 27 of the said Act, we shall distribute the proceeds of the debtor's estate among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claim of which we have taken notice.

Dated at Quebec this 6th day of August, 1923.

LA. PH. MORIN,
EUG. BARRY,
Authorized Trustees.

A NOTEWORTHY INCREASE IN BUSINESS HERE

Bank Clearings For The Past Week Show Increase Of \$714,292 Over Last Year

COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY

Tourist Business, Pulpwood, Lumber And Cattle Shipments Have All Helped

A reliable indication that there has been a marked revival in business here within the past few months is shown by the steady increase in the local bank clearings over those of last year.

For the week ending yesterday, September 6th, the bank clearings amounted to \$5,808,796, as compared with \$5,094,504 for the corresponding week last year, thus showing an increase for this year of \$714,292.

Asked to comment upon this increase a prominent banker yesterday said that the increase in bank clearings showed that there was so much more business being done in Quebec. He said that this was due to a large extent to the large number of tourists in the City who were spending money freely at the hotels and in the City stores. It was also due to the increased operations in pulpwood and in lumbering. At the present time, it was pointed out, lumber companies were preparing for the winter's operations in the woods and were stocking up their camps preparatory to sending armies of men into the woods to do the cutting work during the winter.

It was also pointed out that the navigation season counted for something in the renewed activity in business and the cattle and grain shipments were a valuable asset to the commerce of this port and city.

With this revival naturally comes a greater confidence on the part of business men and bankers and all will be able to face the future hopefully as it certainly looks considerably brighter than it did this time last year.

IN ACCORD WITH BRITISH POLICY

Says Germany Cannot Pay If France Persists In Ruhr Policy

Winnipeg, Sept. 6.—Germany can pay indemnities imposed upon her and should be made to pay," said R. D. Waugh, former British representative on the Saar Valley Commission addressing the Winnipeg Canadian Club today. Germany would not be expected to pay, Mr. Waugh added, as long as France persisted in the Ruhr policy.

Mr. Waugh said he was thoroughly in accord with the British policy in regard to Germany, which was a policy of construction.

It was the only practical policy. Eight months occupation of the Ruhr by France has proved, he declared, that she could neither get reparations nor security through present methods.

Mr. Waugh arrived home last night to take over the chairmanship of the Manitoba Liquor Commission which is to administer the newly adopted system of government sale.

HON. M. T. A. LOW

WAS RE-ELECTED

Renfrew, Ont., Sept. 6.—The South Renfrew by-election nomination meeting held today was of a formal nature. No candidate was brought forward to oppose Hon. M. T. A. Low who was declared re-elected by acclamation. A week ago the farmers decided not to place a candidate in the field and all along the Conservatives were opposed to an election.

QUESTION OF HELP TO JAPANESE

Montreal, Sept. 6.—A proposal to raise funds for the relief of the sufferers in Japan provoked a heated discussion to-night at the regular meeting of the Trades and Labor Council. Many members of the Council were of the opinion that the time was not opportune to take action in the matter and the proposal was referred to the executive for study and report.

SENTIMENT GROWS FOR ST. LAWRENCE-GREAT LAKES DEEP WATERWAY

Chicago, Sept. 6.—Representatives of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Tidewater Association in session here today expressed the belief that Congressional action in support of the deep waterway project to connect the Atlantic and the Great Lakes would be taken at the next session.

Sentiment in New England is rapidly changing in favor of the deep waterway. H. C. Gardner, President of the Association, declared.

HEMORRHOIDS

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding Piles or Hemorrhoids. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. See a local dealer, or Edmanham, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free.

LAKE ST. JOHN HAS A BRIGHT FUTURE

Hon. Mr. Moreau Sees Great Possibilities In Industrial Development In District

That the Kiwanis Club of Quebec was performing a most meritorious work and that it deserved the fullest sympathy and encouragement for the help and assistance that it was extending in a most unostentatious manner to many who otherwise would be bound to suffer, was the statement made by Hon. E. M. Moreau, member for the County of Lake St. John and Minister without portfolio in the Taschereau Cabinet, at the regular weekly luncheon of the Kiwanians yesterday noon at the Chateau Frontenac.

Mr. Moreau was the speaker at the Club meeting. He dealt with conditions in the district he represented in the Provincial Legislature and spoke of the necessity for better railway connections and improved road communications between Quebec and the important regions in the north of the Province.

After expressing his thanks for the invitation which had been extended to him to address the Kiwanis Club of Quebec, Mr. Moreau said: "You have rendered an immense service to a number of poor little ones whose lives were in jeopardy, and in sincerely congratulate you for your splendid work."

Referring to the district he represented, Hon. Mr. Moreau remarked, he himself was "only a poor settler of the Lake St. John."

He had started on the shores of the Peribonca river and had lived there ever since he had taken over and had cleared his section of land. "I have reared a family there, he said, perhaps it is not as large as I might have expected, but we accepted what Providence sent us and are grateful for the blessings extended to us."

He reviewed briefly the history of the development of the Lake St. John colonization district. Some people were under the impression that the Chicoutimi and Lake St. John districts were one and the same territory. They were wrong, since those two districts were entirely different.

Hon. Mr. Moreau paid a high tribute to the splendid work accomplished by the first settlers, the "colon" who had opened up the region. They had suffered many hardships and have made many sacrifices but they had confidence in the future of that part of the country and their confidence had been fully justified.

There was in fact a tremendous future for the Lake St. John region. They had a splendid lake, fine rivers, tremendous water powers, some of them already partially developed and others with immense possibilities, and all those great natural resources promised remarkable industrial developments in the near future.

There were a number of powerful companies who had taken an interest in that district, said Hon. Mr. Moreau. He referred to the Dubuc interests, but particularly to the Price Company, an organization, he said, which had gained the love and affection for the people of Lake St. John and were considered as the real pioneers of the industrial development in that region. "We have great hopes, said Mr. Moreau, in the operations of that splendid organization."

To reach its entire and complete development, said Mr. Moreau, the Lake St. John district required better means of communication, by rail and road. He was glad to see several officers of the Canadian National Railways at the luncheon and he would ask them to use their influence to obtain for the district a belt line to encircle the Lake.

A good road to connect Quebec with the Lake St. John district, said Mr. Moreau, was a necessity. It was of vital importance to the people of both the city of Quebec and the Northern regions. There had been several slight differences of opinion between two sections of the community, but the member for Lake St. John did not believe they were very serious and he expressed the hope they would soon be settled to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

Mr. Moreau believed that the business men of Quebec could greatly assist in bringing the matter to a head and he expressed the hope that the Price Company would use its very great influence and possibly its financial resources to help construct the road.

Hon. Mr. Moreau concluded a very interesting address with an invitation to all local Kiwanians to visit the Lake St. John district when they would be certain to receive a splendid reception and the most hearty welcome.

A vote of thanks was moved by Kiwanian Bain and unanimously adopted and after a few words by Kiwanian Sibbold of Montreal who conveyed the best wishes of the Montreal Club to the Quebec members, the meeting was brought to a close.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

Arrivals:

New York, Sept. 6.—Saxonia, London.

Liverpool, Sept. 5.—Bruton, Montreal.

Hamburg, Sept. 5.—Iverheath, Montreal.

New York, Sept. 6.—Finland, Hamburg; Lituania, Libau; Tyrrenia, Hamburg.

MECHANICS SUPPLY CO. AWARDED GRAND PRIZE

The exhibit of the Mechanics Supply Company Ltd., at the Provincial Exhibition, which was alluded to in the Chronicle last Tuesday, has been awarded the Grand Prize, the highest award given by the Commission to those who in their judgment have merited the same.

CIVIC HOLIDAY ATTRACTED MANY TO EXHIBITION

Largest Attendance Of The Week Recorded Yesterday, With Many Features

THE LAST DAYS

Of The Provincial Exhibition—Animal Parade Was Imposing

The largest attendance of the week was recorded at the Exhibition Grounds yesterday, when over 50,000 people passed through the turnstiles, and with the beautiful weather that was in evidence, there was something doing every minute.

The features of the day were the parade of prize animals in the afternoon, the races, fireworks at night, concert, moving pictures, and the reception of the Mayor and Aldermen by the Exhibition Commissioners in the afternoon.

Which was followed by the reception of Premier Taschereau by the officers of the Science, Arts and Letters Society in their section of the Central Palace.

Yesterday was the last day of the Exhibition for some of the booths, for they started to pack up their goods and chattels last evening.

Shortly after eleven o'clock, after having been pretty well cleared out by the eager crowds during the course of yesterday.

The parade of prize animals in the afternoon was a memorable event, and as the long line of Holsteins, Jerseys, Herefords, Durhams and Canadian cattle, the majesty of them heavy prize winners, filed past the grand stand there was a continual thunder of applause from the spectators who realized that they were looking at the best animals in the Province of Quebec. The horses and stallions also came in for their share of applause during the course of the afternoon from the crowd of over 5,000 people who were in the grand stand.

The reception of the Mayor and Aldermen during the afternoon by the Exhibition Commissioners was a great event, and all of the gentlemen connected with the ceremony had their pictures taken by a motion picture camera who was present, while there were short speeches appropriate to the occasion.

Premier Taschereau, when he arrived in the grounds, was greeted by the officers of the Science, Arts and Letters Society, as well as by the Mayor and City Fathers. During the short speech that he delivered, he touched upon the subject of the museum of natural history, regarding which the Society had gone on record in favor of. He pointed out that valuable work had been done by the President and officers of the Society, and said that, regarding the desire of the Society to have the museum located in the Battledieu Park, he was in favor of the museum being located there and was in negotiation with the Battledieu Commissioners on the subject.

In the evening there was the usual concert, and moving pictures, while the immense crowd that gathered in the grounds in the evening stood spellbound as they watched the magnificent display of fireworks that took place.

Week-End Programme.

Today will be the "Day Of Rewards" and there are many features down on the programme, chief of which will be the general display of exhibits, and vaudeville in front of the grand stand. There will be no racing today, but tomorrow afternoon there will be the five mile race, with six starters, and two other free-for-all events. Entrance to the park will be free tomorrow.

WAS SHOT IN MONTREAL CLUB

James McBride, Of New York, Taken To Montreal General Hospital

Montreal, Sept. 6.—After being shot through the head and hauled to the front of the premises by firemen in a club on University Street in the shopping section of this city, to-night, James McBride, 35, who gave his address as 245 West 114th Street, New York, was left on the doorstep of the Club. He was found there by a constable and removed to the Montreal General Hospital where his condition is reported as serious, the doctors diagnosing the case as one of pressed fracture of the skull.

A pack of cards was found tightly clasped in McBride's hand when he was first discovered. A waiter at the Club is being held as a witness.

When the shooting took place the Club was full and the inmates much hurried escapes jumping from the windows into the street.

THIEVES GOT AWAY WITH LARGE HAUL

OF SILK GOODS

New York, Sept. 6.—The theft of \$200,000 worth of raw silk from a Vesty street warehouse some time after September 1, became known today.

A hole was bored through the wall between the warehouse from an adjacent building and operating through this aperture, the robbers escaped with the loot on a truck.

NUN DEAD OF SCARLET FEVER

Accommodation Of St. Francois Xavier School Is Over-taxed In Levis

(Special To The Chronicle)
The Catholic School Commission of Levis held their first meeting of the season last evening, when reports were most encouraging regarding the number of children attending school.

It was reported that the St. Francois-Xavier main school, which has accommodation for 328 children, actually has 372 attending classes, while some fifty more have been refused.

The Commission is considering the question of buying another building, in addition to which the school itself may be enlarged.

Nun Brad of Scarlet Fever

Sister Laura Godbout, of Levis, died yesterday from scarlet fever, and her body has been sent to her family, in St. Pierre Baptiste, Megantic Co.

Meeting Uneventful

The Bienville City Council held a meeting last evening to discuss the question of the annexation of Bienville to Levis, but as one of the Commissioners, Mr. M. Picard, was out of town, no decision was reached. Another meeting will be held next week at which the whole thing will be settled.

SENATOR CASGRAIN'S SON WINS SCHOLARSHIP FROM BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOL

The Headmaster of Bishop's College School, Lennoxville, has nominated J. V. Casgrain, son of Senator Casgrain of Montreal, to one of the Greenfields Scholarships founded by Mr. J. N. Greenfields, K.C., in memory of his son Captain Melville Greenfields who was killed in action in France. Casgrain has not only matriculated in the Faculties of Arts and Applied Science at McGill but has also passed in two additional subjects. These Scholarships are of the annual value of \$500, tenable at McGill for three years, and are open only to the boys of Bishop's College School of which school Captain Greenfields was an Old Boy.

ACCIDENT ON THE SCENIC RAILWAY

A stalled car on the second incline of the scenic railway at the Exhibition Grounds shortly after eleven o'clock last evening nearly resulted in a serious accident, when a fully loaded car, coming along at full speed, struck it.

The stalled car did not move, but the front of the second car broke off, and Mr. C. Joynt, who was in the front seat of the second car, suffered a gash on the left side of his cheek, in addition to having his coat ripped and a piece taken out of his shoe.

The British cruisers Calcutta and Capetown, members of the British North Atlantic squadron, arrived in port yesterday afternoon from Montreal, where they have been since August 21 last.

The two warships will remain here until next Wednesday, when they will sail on their regular patrol work.

SETTLEMENT OF COAL STRIKE IS NOW IN SIGHT.

Harrisburg, Pa. Sept. 6.—All the principal barriers to a settlement of the controversy which has shut down the hard mines have been set aside by agreement between the miners and operators, Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania announced to-night, with the exception of the Union demand for an increase in pay greater than ten per cent. for day work.

SORTING NOTE.

The annual rifle competition of the 6th Levis Regiment will be held at the St. Joseph de Levis ranges on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Virtue, if she could be seen, would move great love and affection.

If you are a constipation victim you need Bran that is ALL BRAN

Kellogg's Bran, cooked and krumbled, is so delicious and inviting that thousands of families use it constantly to make enticing bakery batches, such as bran muffins, pancakes, raisin bread, etc.; they eat it as a cereal, and many sprinkle it on their favorite cereal, its nut-like flavor having a fine appeal.

Many more thousands of people eat Kellogg's Bran every day of their lives because it has permanently relieved them of constipation and the dangers of dreaded diseases that constipation leads to. If you are suffering with constipation you need ALL BRAN—Kellogg's Bran—with its permanent corrective qualities. Foods that are part bran can never give the desired relief because they do not contain sufficient of the elements that Kellogg's Bran naturally contains.

When you know that constipation heads directly to Bright's disease and other ailments, there is no time to be lost in experimenting. Kellogg's Bran, delicious in its patented cooked and krumbled form, becomes an immediate necessity. If it is eaten regularly (two tablespoons daily; it will relieve constipation permanently! Your physician will recommend Kellogg's Bran. It will free you from proprietary pills and cathartics which are as system-racking and almost as dangerous to health as constipation itself!

Serve Kellogg's Bran regularly. Watch the health of your entire family improve. It is wonderful for children. Kellogg recipes are printed on each package. All grocers sell Kellogg's Bran, cooked and krumbled.

Ask For **FORTIER'S**

At the Exhibition Grounds this week and you will be sure of getting the best soft drinks to be had.

"FORTIER'S"

soft drinks will keep you cool and enable you to enjoy the time spent at the grounds all the better.

Elz. Fortier Ltd.
123 St. Dominique St.
Phone 2122

EXHIBITION GROUNDS

CENTRAL BUILDING CAFE

We serve the very best meals and refreshments at moderate prices. The best service on the grounds. Modern equipment. Prompt service.

— Try one of our meals and you will return —

QUEBEC, THE GIBRALTAR OF AMERICA. SOUVENIR ALBUM
Includes Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Lake St. John and Saguenay River of the most interesting views, all together 77 of the latest views of Quebec, considered the best and most complete and the historical descriptions given make it more valuable. Sold in the principal stores and at Ant. Langlois' Quebec Souvenir Store, 26 Mountain Hill.

The winners of the 4 prizes this week are:

No. 121945—Mrs. Altherr, 10 Tache Avenue. \$10.
No. 125698—Mr. J. Delisle, 158 Des Franciscains. \$10.
No. 119136—Mrs. March, 336 Grande Allee. \$10.
No. 125115—Mr. J. Lower, 56 Michael St. \$10.

SPECIAL LINES OF FALL GOODS
Boots, for boys, black and brown, sizes 1 to 5. Prices: \$2.95 to \$6.00; 11 to 2 \$2.45 to \$5.00
Also full assortment of Macfarlane, Classic and Korker Shoes.

DEMPSEY SAYS HE WILL NEVER FIGHT HARRY WILLS

STRONG PROTEST HAS BEEN MADE BY UMPIRE BARDIER OVER TRIOS-QUEBEC GAME

Letter Makes It Appear That Arbiters In Danger Of Their Lives When Officiating Here—Sounds Like A Story Of The Wild West

A copy of a protest filed by Umpire Bardier and Allaire and sent to President Joe Page of the Eastern Canada Baseball League and Commissioner Landis, regarding the incidents which occurred during the double-header between Three Rivers and Quebec here on August 30th, has been received by Mr. H. Fontaine, owner of the Quebec franchise. The letter follows:

Quebec, August 30, 1923.
Mr. Joe Page, President, Eastern Canada Baseball League; Hon. Justice Landis, Commissioner of Baseball; Mr. H. Fontaine, Owner, Quebec Baseball Club; Mr. Arthur Bettez, Owner, Three Rivers Baseball Club.

Gentlemen:
I wish to report to you the incidents of the games played here this afternoon between the Three Rivers and Quebec teams of the Eastern Canada Baseball League:

1. My colleague and myself were without sufficient protection on the grounds, considering the fact that the owner and the manager of the Quebec Club had urged the crowd to insurrection against the umpires to force us to render decisions favorable to the local team. When we arrived on the grounds the crowd started the booing immediately even before we had had the occasion to render a single decision.

2. Eugene Grenier, manager of the Quebec team, said that the crowd was excited against the umpires because they were seen too often with the owners of the Three Rivers team, which is ridiculous. 3. During the ten minutes intermission after the first game as I was heading towards our room in the grand stand, a few well-known people of Quebec surrounded me and some of them struck at me, while the whole crowd was encouraging them. The owner of the club, Mr. Fontaine, was very near, and was laughing at this disgraceful scene.

4. All the decisions I gave as field umpire during the said first game were based on justice alone without favoring one or the other team. I called them as I saw them. Everybody had to see them. I am sure that those who wanted to cause and incite trouble.

5. I want, with my colleague Allaire, to protest against the way Mr. Fontaine acted, when he let the crowd threaten us, and because he did not give us the protection to which we were entitled, as he should have done, and as the laws of the Minor League Association require it.

I wanted to attract your attention to these facts because it is not the first time that such things have happened in Quebec, although we want to continue our duties as umpires, we do not want to take the risk of being killed or seriously injured in the accomplishment of our duties. If we consider that the direction of said team does not want to give us the necessary protection.

And I want this report with my colleague Allaire who can attest of the veracity of everything I say.

Yours truly,
ULRICH "KID" BARDIER,
Umpire-in-Chief of the game.
WILFRID J. ALLAIRE,
Field Umpire of game on the above date.

Umpire Bardier must have just completed reading a story of the Wild West or had just returned from attending a picture house at which a film of the "Wild and Woolly" was shown when he wrote or dictated the above letter. The letter, to sum it up in a nutshell, is more imagination than plain statement of facts, and is sufficient to leave the impression that the fans in this city are uncivilized.

Bardier's statement that the owner and manager of the Quebec Club urged the crowd to insurrection against the umpires is a serious one to make and is not likely to be left go unchallenged by the local club owner. Mr. Fontaine, the owner of the franchise was in attendance at the game and after the match when the crowd swarmed around Bardier to tell him a few things, was the first to try to dissuade the crowd, so it is mighty hard to believe that he had anything to do with urging the spectators to go after the umpires.

Bardier then goes on to say that Grenier, manager of the Quebec team said that the crowd was against the umpires because they (umpires) had been seen too often with the owners of the Three Rivers team. Grenier may have told this to the "ump", but whether he did or not is a trifling matter. The fans kept telling Bardier during the game that he had been out with the

owner of the Three Rivers team too long, and if he has a complaint to make about that, he had better give up the umpiring job. The owner of a team cannot keep the crowd from talking during a game and Bardier should know that.

Regarding what happened during the intermission during the first and second game what Bardier said is right in some part and entirely wrong in another. A few of the fans (asked Bardier) after the game and a couple of them sent their news in the direction of his face. That fact is not to be denied. But he goes to the extreme when he stated that Mr. Fontaine laughed at what was going on. The real facts of the case is that Mr. Fontaine immediately went to the umpire's assistance and even sent the secretary of the club to secure a few policemen.

Regarding the decisions being based on justice alone, the umpire solely knows about that. However, the whole trouble was caused over a decision given by Bardier in the first game when he called Martin out at first base when the local third-baseman had the ball beaten by a full step.

Bardier's protest is certainly a strong one though it would have been better for everybody if he had stuck to the real facts instead of making everything appear more serious than they really were.

It is expected that the last month's competition for the Dunn Cup will be held this week-end by the Quebec Golf Club; the winner of his competition will later play-off with the two previous winners for the honor of holding the trophy until next season, and will also have his name inscribed upon it. Mr. A. L. Jolicoeur won the cup in the play-off last year.

Whist the official list of competitions by the Quebec Golf Club will be completed on September 15th, but of the Ladies' Branch will not be finished till October 11th. On the 24th of this month the Ladies' Branch will commence a golf tournament for members, which will last a week. During this period a number of competitions will be held for classes A and B.

WELCOME TO OUR READERS.
Visit the Kiosk of "La Presse," of Montreal, at the Exhibition Grounds.

At All Leading Tobacconists

TUBULAR Briar Pipes with Aluminum Tubes

DARK BRIAR BOWLS Scientifically Treated—No Breaking In

\$3.50 EACH

"THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE"

BUSY AFTERNOON AT TENNIS CLUB

Many Matches Were Played Yesterday In Quebec Lawn Tennis Club Tournament

Yesterday was a busy day on the courts of the Quebec Lawn Tennis Club, a total of twelve matches having been played in the club tournament during the course of the day, while two were awarded by default. Of the twelve contests played, six required the playing of the third set while the other six were decided in straight sets.

In connection with the visit of the English women tennis stars here on the 13th and 14th of the month, it was stated yesterday that a stand would be erected to accommodate the spectators who wish to witness the games.

The results:

Ladies' Handicap Singles.

Mrs. Carter defeated Miss J. Bailargeon 4-6, 8-6, 6-1.

Miss J. Taschereau defeated Miss Y. Lafferty 7-5, 6-2.

Miss J. Devarenes defeated Miss Murphy 3-6, 6-0, 8-6.

Miss Coote defeated Miss Dupont 6-0, 6-0.

Ladies' Intermediate Singles.

Miss T. Pelletier defeated Miss H. Blouin 6-3, 7-5.

Miss A. Garneau defeated Miss L. Taschereau by default.

Men's Intermediate Singles.

S. Remillard defeated C. Taschereau 6-2, 6-3.

Men's Handicap Singles.

Boisvert defeated Colley 4-6, 6-3, 6-2.

D. Labrecque defeated Tessier 7-9, 6-0, 6-3.

Gingras defeated Gillespie by default.

Mixed Doubles.

Mrs. J. Taschereau and Murphy defeated Miss R. Bailargeon and Colley 8-6, 5-7, 6-4.

Miss J. Bailargeon and Gingras defeated Mrs. Hamel and Taschereau 6-4, 6-2.

Ladies' Doubles.

Miss Lafferty and Miss J. Bailargeon defeated Mrs. Hamel and Miss Coote 6-3, 6-2.

Mrs. Beaupre and Miss Lavoie defeated Miss Blouin and Miss Coulombe 6-1, 4-6, 6-2.

TODAY'S DRAW:

11:00 A.M.

Court No. 3—K. Coote vs. J. Taschereau.

12:00 Noon.

Court No. 2—Lafferty and Vallerand vs. Turcot and Tessier.

Court No. 4—Donohue and Hudon vs. Devarenes and Devarenes.

2:00 P.M.

Court No. 2—J. Bailargeon and Remillard vs. Pelletier and Fages.

Court No. 3—Savely and Montminy vs. Garneau and Coulombe.

4:00 P.M.

Court No. 1—Devarenes vs. Mrs. Carter.

Court No. 2—Delage and Donohue.

Court No. 3—Boisvert and Taschereau vs. H. Coulombe and Vallerand.

Court No. 4—Foy and Hudon vs. Colley and Lavoie.

Court No. 5—Lavoie and Tessier vs. Labrecque and Coulombe.

4:45 P.M.

Court No. 3—Lafferty and Murphy vs. Remillard and Fages.

The Club will erect a stand of 300 seats unreserved for the match between the English ladies on Sept. 13th and 14th.

Tickets \$1.00 for the two days, now on sale from the members of the committee.

ABOUT 7,000 SAW HARNESS RACES

Rita Hall Won The 2:13 Pace And Doctor Kilburn Led In 2:14 Trot

The largest crowd of the week, some 7,000 people, attended the light harness races staged at the Exhibition Grounds yesterday afternoon, and they were rewarded by witnessing some good racing. The usual card of two events, one for trotters and the other for pacers, was on the bill.

Four horses were sent off by the starter in the 2:14 trot and the winner turned up in Doctor Kilburn, the property of M. Cauchon of this city. Ensign Tigre, owned by Alex. Bastien of Loretteville, was withdrawn after winning the first two heats, on account of an injury to his leg sustained during the running of the second heat.

Rita Hall, owned by M. Chapman of Weston, Ont., won the 2:13 pace, which required five heats to decide the winner after finishing sixth and fourth in the first and second heat respectively, leading the field in the next three.

Ensign Tigre was easily the class of the trotters and took the first and second heats of the event in easy fashion, with Doctor Kilburn in second place in the first heat and Doctor Hale occupying that position in the second. The Bastien stallion brushed and cut himself while rounding a turn in the second heat and was withdrawn from further competition. Doctor Kilburn won the next three heats with little difficulty.

The 2:13 pace brought out six entries and every heat in this event was closely contested. Rita Hall won this race after finishing second in each but failed to lead the field in any heat and was ruled out for the fifth. Judge Ormonde took second money and Del Pointier third.

Starter Landry experienced a lot of trouble in sending the horses off in the third heat of the 2:13 pace and called them back not less than ten times for false starts, due to one or more of the drivers scoring ahead of the pole horse. Driver Neville, piloting The Savoy, and Marois, piloting The Savoy, were found to have two fines of ten dollars tacked on him and Marois was called upon to enrich the coffers to the extent of a ten-spot.

The summary:

2:14 Trot, Purse \$400.00.

Doctor Kilburn, b.g., M. Cauchon, Quebec (Cauchon) 2 3 1 1

Doctor Hale, b.g., E. Gauthier, Holyoke, Mass. (Gauthier) 3 2 2 2

Sacramento, b.g., Caron, Three Rivers (Caron) 4 4 3 3

Ensign Tigre, b.g., Alex. Bastien, Loretteville (Neville) 1 1 1 1

Time: 2:16½; 2:18¼; 2:19¼; 2:18¼; 2:19.

2:13 Pace, Purse \$500.00.

Rita Hall, b.m., M. Chapman, Weston, Ontario. (Chapman) 6 4 1 1 1

Judge Ormonde, b.g., Geo. LeVallee, Quebec (Belleville) 4 1 2 3 2

Del Pointier, b.m., J. Cauchon, Quebec (Neville) 1 3 5 4 2

The Savoy, b.g., F. N. Jobin, Quebec (Marois) 2 2 3 2 0

Flaxley The Great, b.g., Falkner, Montreal (Potvin) 3 6 4 0

J. O. T., b.g., M. Cauchon, Quebec (Cauchon) 5 5 8 9

Time: 2:12½; 2:12¼; 2:12¼; 2:15¼; 2:12¼.

TRIOS LOST TO SHERBROOKE

Eastern Canada Baseball League Outfit Defeated By Score Of 6-4

Sherbrooke, Que., Sept. 6.—The Sherbrooke nine lowered the colors of the Three Rivers team of the E. C. League in their second meeting this evening of their post season series by the count of 6 to 4.

The visitors were outplayed from the start, the rally in the sixth frame that netted them all their runs being helped along by a couple of errors. Thormahlen was on the mound for Sherbrooke and had quite an edge in the argument with O'Hearn the Three Rivers' moundman. Sherbrooke took the lead in the opening stanza and were never headed.

One of the chief features of the contest was a circuit clout by Giblin the local left fielder.

Score
R H E
Three Rivers 00004000—4 5 2
Sherbrooke 22002000—6 9 2
Batteries: Ahearn and Pree; Thormahlen and Landry.

Beauty Hint for Women

For clear skin and bright eyes

Take

Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere in boxes

When food is only imperfectly digested, it gives rise to fermentation, clogs the bowels, and renders the blood impure. This results in dull eyes, muddy skin, blotches, pimples and other disfiguring marks. Beecham's Pills act immediately on the stomach, liver and bowels; regulate them and keep them in a vigorous condition. They are mild, harmless and dependable. They are compounded of remedies of vegetable origin having great medicinal value.

White Rose Gasoline - STATION - FREE AIR

En-Ar-Co Motor Oil

FORTUNAT COTE

Phone 688 5 St. Foye Road

CLASSIFIED ADS

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Solid mahogany furniture (date 1815). Sheffield and copper, solid silver, brasses, real lace, colored prints. Phone 324 or call between 9.30 and noon. Mrs. D. Mitchell, 24 St. Ann street. aug2xlm

ALF. BOIVIN

CORD WOOD of all kinds, Maple, Birch, Beech, Slabs in Balsam, Spruce and Cedar. Superior quality. Good measure. Cheap. Alf. Boivin, 162 Grant. Phone 3543. aug10x3m

LOTS FOR SALE—Several building lots of various sizes, from \$300 up, in different parts of the city. S. J. Larue, notary, Banque Nationale Building. Phone 3154-3165w. sept1xlm

TRUCKS FOR SALE—Two tons. An opportunity. For sale in perfect condition. Also 500 sheets of tin, corrugated and galvanized. In good condition. Apply to Elz. Fortier, Ltd., 123 St. Dominique St., Quebec. sept1x6

CENTRAL LOCALITY.

REFINED ENGLISH SPEAKING family of two would accommodate paying guest. Bright airy rooms overlooking park. Bath and use of phone. Select table board. Would also accommodate married couple. Reasonable terms. Apply to No. 3 Garden street, Apartment 2. Phone 4860. sept10x15

MONEY TO LOAN—\$15,000.00 to lend on first mortgage on first class securities in the City of Quebec. S. J. Larue, Notary, Banque Nationale Building. sept1xlm

PERSONAL

MARRY—For speedy marriage, absolutely the best, largest in the country, established 19 years, thousands wealthy merchants, both sexes, wishing early marriage; confidential description free. The Old Reliable Club, Mrs. Wurzel, Box 26, Oakland, Calif. sept1x6

TO LET

TO LET—A furnished bedroom and sitting room, suitable for married couple or for student. Heated, lighted and use of telephone. \$25 a month. Apply to 124 1-2 Richelieu street or telephone 7631. sept5x1w

TO RENT—A very attractive property, "Glenfield," to let on St. Foye Road, opposite Belvedere; in first class order; large grounds. Apply to The Royal Trust Company, 58 St. Paul St., Quebec. sept4x1w

ROOMS TO LET.

FLORENCE HOTEL—Nice single or double rooms with all modern conveniences. Furnished or unfurnished. For tourists or visitors. Special rate by the week. Apply to Florence Hotel, 410 St. John St. Tel. 5450. aug13x4w

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAILORING SALESMEN HIGH POWER SALESMEN FOR THIS HIGH POWER LINE—Here's a combination of quality and attractive prices which the consumer cannot resist. Men's clothes that are really hand tailored from all-wool wools with the highest grade trimmings. Better communications, better garments, reasonable prices. And quality that brings your customers back to you season after season. We want experienced men who can sell quality clothes. Limited territory still open if you write TO-DAY. Apply to SAM'S, 642 St. Valier St., Quebec. Private residence, 6 to 8 p.m. sept1x6

MALE HELP WANTED.

AN INTELLIGENT PERSON, either sex, may earn \$100 to \$200 monthly corresponding for newspaper; \$15 to \$25 weekly in spare time; experience unnecessary; no canvassing; subjects suggested. Send for particulars. National Press Bureau, Buffalo, N. Y. aug5xlm

MINERS TO MEET PINCHOT AGAIN

Union's Scale Committee Will Meet To Judge Situation At 1 P.M.

Harrisburg, Sept. 6.—John L. Lewis, President of the Miners' Union called tonight a formal meeting of the Union's Scale Committee to be held at 1 p.m. tomorrow to pass judgment on the situation. Both union officials and representatives of the mine operators agreed to meet Governor Pinchot again at 3 p.m. tomorrow for further negotiation.

Gov. Pinchot's protracted attempt to bring operators and miners to an agreement upon the four points which he tendered as a basis of settlement of the difficulty, he announced at the conclusion of executive sessions with them today, should be successful in part. He gave out a summary of the situation upon which Mr. Lewis would make no comment, but which S. D. Warriner, Chairman of the Operators' Policy Committee, declared to be acceptable. In the operators were reported to have left out all of the demands for arbitration of wage scales.

The union leaders and the operators group, the Governor said, had agreed upon definitions for the various terms. The Governor's original settlement proposal, he pointed out, had involved granting of the eight hour day, full recognition of the union by the operators, a uniform increase of ten per cent. for all employees and the recognition of collective bargaining in the industry. It had been agreed that in establishing the eight hour day that men whose working hours had been reduced would be given increases identical to those agreed upon for maintenance men who are being kept at work during the suspension of mining.

It was further agreed, his statement continued, that the conciliation board should make a study of wage rates and recommend adjustments to the next joint conference between the union leaders and the operators committee.

There was likewise an understanding upon how collective bargaining methods were to be applied to mining operations. "The operators authorized me to say for them that they are in accord with the four points as thus interpreted and are prepared to accept them," Governor Pinchot continued. "In authorizing this statement the operators desire to have it understood that they do so on condition that the terms as to the open and closed shop laid down in the Roosevelt award shall run with any new contract to be based upon the four points."

"The miners authorize me to say that they are in accord with and prepared to accept certain of the four points as interpreted above, but that they are not yet prepared to give up their demand for a check-off or for an additional increase of pay to day men in excess of 10 per cent."

"At my suggestion the miners will take further time to consider this matter and both sides will return for further conference at 3 p.m. tomorrow."

The operators group were indicated to have accepted completely the Governor's settlement proposal, having withdrawn the proviso that the wage increase be linked upon an agreement by the Union to submit the question of its modification to arbitration after one year. The Union stand was practically unchanged, since Mr. Lewis and his associates have sought increases estimated to range from 75 to 90 cents per day for the 100,000 workers employed on a day basis in the hard operations. The Governor's suggestion would give these men from 42 to 60 cents.

ANOTHER FINE YARN FROM PETROGRAD

Petrograd, Sept. 6.—The Radium Institute reported today that the expedition it sent to Ferghana has discovered what probably is the world's largest deposit of radium.

WELCOME TO OUR READERS. Visit the Kiosk of "La Presse," of Montreal, at the Exhibition Grounds.

WHY NOT CANADA?

3000 PEOPLE HERE MUST BE LANDED BEFORE THE FOLKS AT THE ISLAND CLOSE DOWN FOR THE MONTH.

FASTER! FASTER! FASTER!

LITTLE MORE SPEED OR WE'LL BE LATE!

CROWD A BIT MORE!

COME ON! LET'S BEAT THOSE OTHERS!

SHOVE ALONG!

KEEP HER GOING!

THIS CROWD MUST BE LANDED!

77,000 EMIGRANTS FROM GREAT BRITAIN ENTERING THE U.S. THIS YEAR! WHY SHOULD THEY NOT COME TO CANADA?

AN ANSWER TO STATEMENT MADE BY CANON SCOTT

British Empire Steel Corporation Replies To Criticisms Of Quebec Padre

WAS UNSYMPATHETIC

Management Holds He Had Eye Only For Conditions Open To Criticism

Sydney, N.S., Sept. 6.—In answer to the statement given out to the Canadian Press by Canon Scott on his return to Quebec, the British Empire Steel Corporation tonight issued the following statement:

"Canon Scott was invited by the management to visit the collieries and steel works and to see conditions therefor himself. He spent a number of days in the Sydney district, visiting the steel plant and went underground at two collieries. "The company's officials gathered from Canon Scott's attitude that he was insufficiently acquainted with industrial conditions to weigh the difficulties of the management or to properly appraise what it had endeavored to accomplish. During his stay in Sydney Canon Scott seemed indisposed to acquaint himself with any phases of the local situation that would credit the management with good intentions or would disclose a disposition to work for the betterment of conditions of employment or living."

"The statement now given out through the Canadian Press by Canon Scott confirms the feelings of those who accompanied him on his visits to the steel plant and collieries that he has an eye only for conditions that seemed to him to permit of criticism and that he was unsympathetic to the officials of the company and unable to appreciate their endeavors to do the best for all concerned."

"One of Canon Scott's statements is that the general atmosphere is one of gloom and a spirit of depression pervades the whole region."

"The facts do not warrant such an assertion. The wages now being paid at the collieries and steel works are higher, taking into account the purchase value of the dollar, than at any time in the history of the allied industries. Housing conditions are better and the general standard of living is higher than at any time since coal mining and steel making existed in Nova Scotia."

"Criticisms are made of the houses owned by the company and these conditions, inseparable from the age and position of some of the older houses, are mentioned as being typical of conditions generally in the coal mining towns. It is not mentioned that some of the houses referred to were built fifty to eighty years ago by companies that have long since passed out of existence and that many hundreds of thousands of dollars have been expended annually to repair and improve these houses which are rented at nominal sums of from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per month."

"At Sydney Mines, which is particularly referred to, the management has dismantled two rows of old houses. This was accomplished only after several years had been passed in attempting to persuade the tenants to leave the houses. Attempts have been made to dismantle other houses of a similar character, but have failed because of strenuous opposition from the tenants."

"Canon Scott states the maximum earnings of the large number of miners would be about \$3.35 per day."

"It is not clear what is meant by this, as \$3.35 per day is the lowest rate paid to underground day laborers which includes boys and old men and applies only to a limited number of men."

"The average wage of miners, who constitute about forty per cent of the employees, is \$4.46 per day. The average wage of all classes of workmen at the coal mines is \$5.10 per day. Many men earning from \$5.00 to \$8.00 per day are occupying houses renting at an average of \$6.00 per month, are supplied with coal at \$2.25 per ton at the mine. "There is every indication that Canon Scott came to Sydney with a prejudiced mind and that having made—without first hand knowledge—statements adversely criticizing living conditions in this district, he sought only to learn of matters that would seem to support his statements."

NEW CABINET OF JAPAN

Prime Minister Is Admiral G. Yamamoto—Finance Minister Well Known In Canada

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—Official information received last night by the Japanese consulate general here states that the new Cabinet of Japan was formed on September 2nd. and its members are as follows—

Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs Count Admiral G. Yamamoto.

Minister of Finance—J. Inoue, former President of the Bank of Japan.

Minister of War—General Tanaka.

Minister of Interior—Viscount S. Goto.

Minister of the Navy—Admiral Taarabe.

Minister of Agriculture and Commerce and Minister of Justice—Baron K. Den, former Governor-General of Formosa.

Communications and Minister of Education—T. Inukai, leader of the Kokumin party.

Minister of Railways—I. Yamanouchi.

Japan's new Cabinet first announcement of which reached the Japanese consulate here only today is strong and well able to cope with the problem of reconstruction, Mr. Ohta, the Consul General, said today. All its members are men of long experience and the majority are former Cabinet Ministers. Mr. Ohta explained.

Count Admiral G. Yamamoto, the Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs was Prime Minister seven years ago. Viscount H. Goto, Minister of the Interior, is a former Mayor of Tokyo and former Minister of Foreign Affairs and of communications. The Minister of Finance, J. Inoue is a former President of the Bank of Japan and while at the New York office made frequent visits to Canada, being a personal friend of Sir Edmund Walker, General Tanaka was Minister of War in Baron Kato's Cabinet. Admiral Taarabe, the Naval Minister, is a son-in-law of the Prime Minister and the Minister of Railways: I. Yamanouchi, is father-in-law of the Japanese Minister to China.

Baron Den, Minister of Agriculture, Commerce and Justice, was formerly Governor-General of Formosa and also a former Minister of Agriculture.

RECTOR MAJOR OF REDEMPTORIST CONGREGATION

St. John, N.B., Sept. 6.—Rev. Patrick Murray, Rector major of the Redemptorist Congregation, with headquarters in Rome, is at present in Western Canada and is due here in the near future. He recently returned from Australia where he visited the Redemptorist houses.

The Rector major who is the head of the Redemptorist Congregation throughout the world, after completing his visit to the Canadian houses will go to the United States and there terminate his extensive tour.

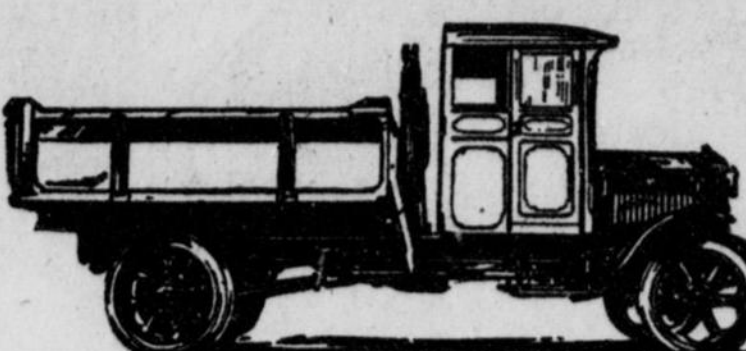
When he sails for Rome he will be accompanied by Rev. L. Wojciechowski, C.S.R., a young priest who completed his second novitiate at St. Peter's Rectory here, and who left last evening on a visit to his parents in Milwaukee. Father Wojciechowski is to take up a course in higher studies in Rome and on his return to Canada will become one of the professors at the Redemptorist College.

Positive happiness is constitutional and incapable of increase; misery in artificial and generally proceeds from our folly.

Those who attain any excellence commonly spend life in one pursuit, for excellence is not often gained upon easier terms.

ing houses renting at an average of \$6.00 per month, are supplied with coal at \$2.25 per ton at the mine. "There is every indication that Canon Scott came to Sydney with a prejudiced mind and that having made—without first hand knowledge—statements adversely criticizing living conditions in this district, he sought only to learn of matters that would seem to support his statements."

General Motors Trucks



For Better 1 Ton Trucking

GMC MODEL K-16

EXCEPT for the omission of the two-range transmission (unnecessary in a one-ton truck) GMC K-16 one-ton truck differs only in size from the large GMC models. Every part in it is a truck part, built and designed for truck requirements. No passenger car units are used.

At the same time K-16 is provided with refinements and comforts of operation and convenience for maintenance usually found only on high-grade passenger cars.

GMC one-ton truck is sturdily built and has an overplus of strength that makes it ideal for farm work. It has stamina and power to handle heavy loads over bad going conditions—yet plenty of speed when speed is required.

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Large sleeves and crush collars, either plain or cleverly treated with fine tucks or embroidery.

Quite straight of line and tied to one side in a bow.

Full silk lined and interlined, and showing every new fall shade: Black, Navy, Taupe, Grey, Sandalwood, Mouse Brown. Really remarkable value **\$45.00** at

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We also keep in stock all extra parts for these makes.

OLDSMOBILE

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WINTON-SIX

LONDON WOMAN DESERTS SOCIETY FOR THE JUNGLE

London, Aug. 17.—(By Mail)—"Because I hate society life, the dinners and dances, and the constant striving to wear a prettier dress than the other women. Some people like it, but I prefer the forest and the camp fire and the rough life."

Such are the reasons given by Mrs. Diana Strickland, a well-known society woman for organizing what she calls "an expedition of adventure and business" that will start soon for Central Africa.

The party will consist of two women, four men, and three hundred native porters. From Boma, on the west coast of Africa, it will make its way on foot through the Bahuni country, which is practically unexplored, through the Ituri Forest to the Northeast Congo, then east of Lake Edward, and finally to Kenya.

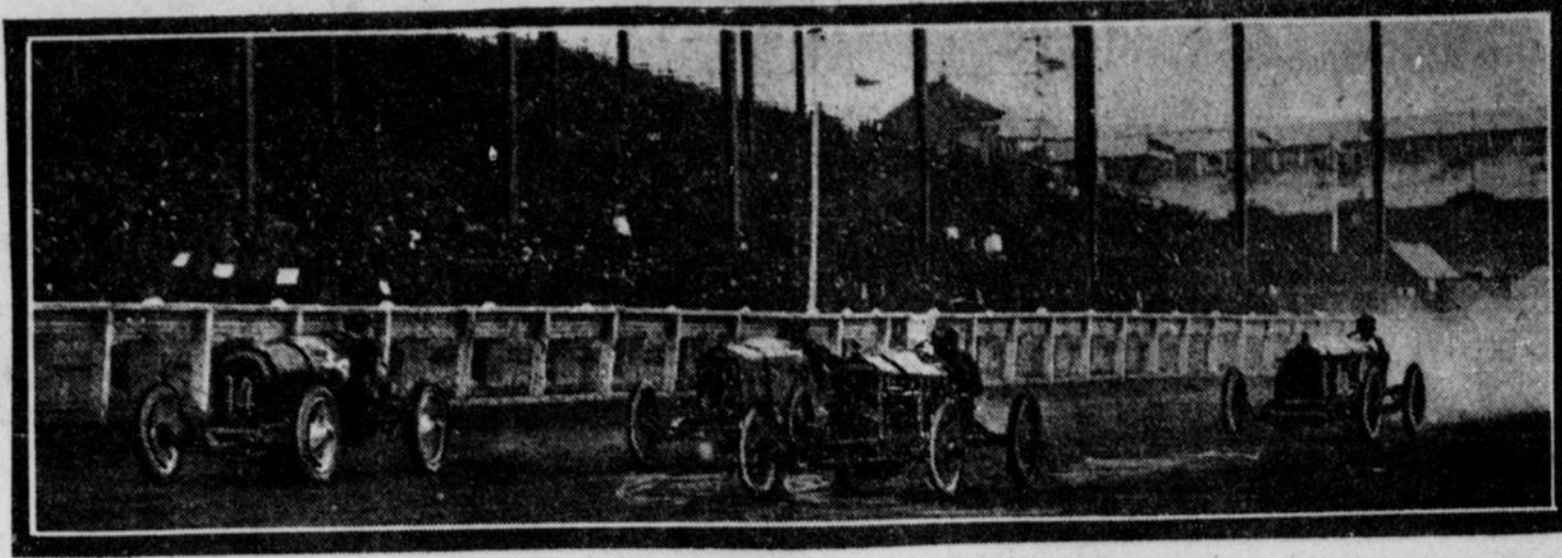
"We expect to be away for 12 months and shall travel 3,000 miles, all on foot," said Mrs. Strickland. "The expedition is limited to six Europeans on account of the food difficulty, for we have to take it all with us, and this necessitates 50 native porters for each person."

"We hope to trade in ivory and do some prospecting, and we are also making a collection for the New York Zoological Gardens, and hope to get an akapi, a giant field hog, and some pigmy elephants."

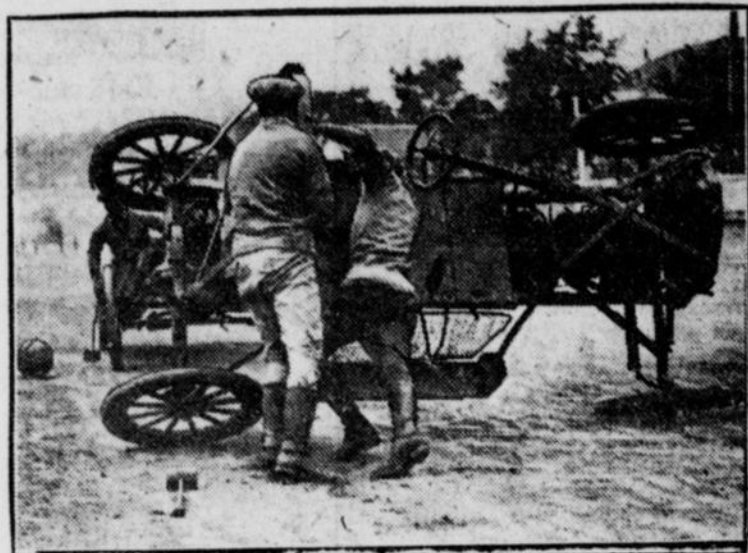
Picking the Beach Beauties; Floating Menagerie in Difficulties



When Premier King went to shake hands with this North York dog, the canine tried to lick his nose. The photograph shows how nearly he succeeded.



Many a thrill is provided by these speed cars at the C.N.E.



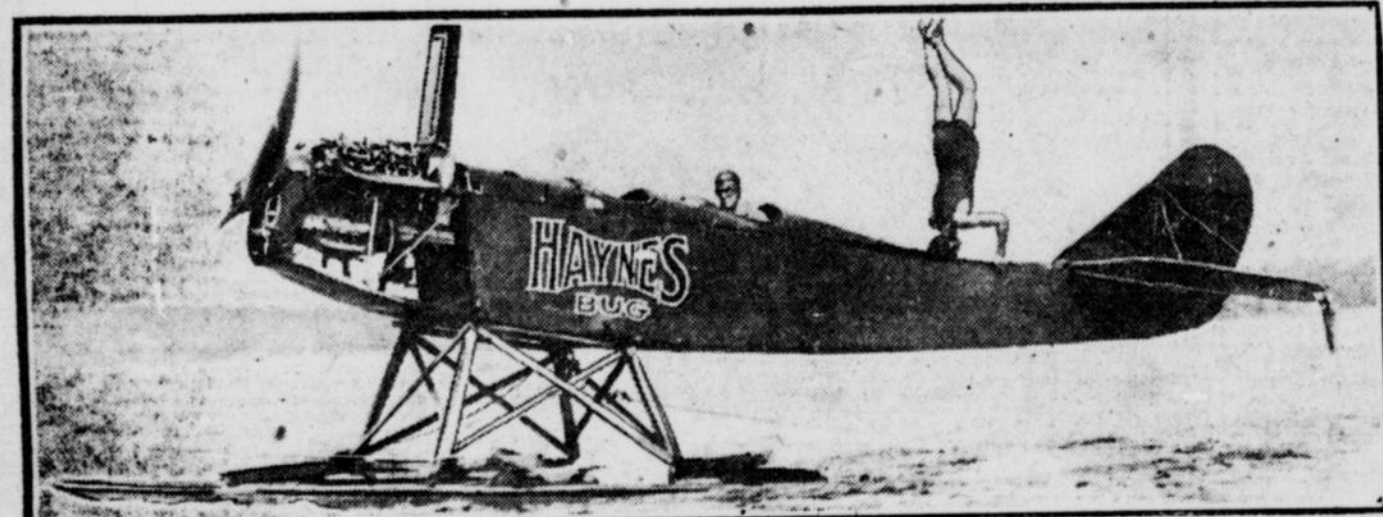
There are many spills in the motor polo games before the grandstand at the C.N.E. It doesn't take the players long to right their cars and get back into the game.



The East Indian polo team has arrived in the United States to compete in games there. Photograph shows three of the prominent players.



Miss Belle White, English champion, is seen executing a swan dive, when the mayor of Hammersmith opened a new air swimming bath at Bloemfontein road.



Mei Grave, a daredevil from Minnesota, does a handstand atop a hydro-aeroplane, skimming along the waters of a fashionable summer resort.



A zoo ship in the Thames, with animals destined for a menagerie, was held up owing to the dock strike. It doesn't bother the two Abyssinian keepers, who enjoy a smoke seated on the backs of the turtles.



Miss Margaret Leigh is the final selection of Chicago beach beauties to represent the city at the national beauty tournament at Atlantic City.



This attractive winter coat features the straight-line effect, one side being drawn over where several pleats tend to lower the bottom of the coat.



Lucilla Mendez is a beauty of Venezuela and also the former president's daughter. She has attracted much attention in a musical comedy farce.



The grouse shooting season is open in England. As the twelfth fell on a Sunday, the opening was postponed until the next day, when good bags were obtained in Yorkshire.



A tie in the girls' low hurdles was run off at the Californian Egg Day celebration. The young lady on the left won.



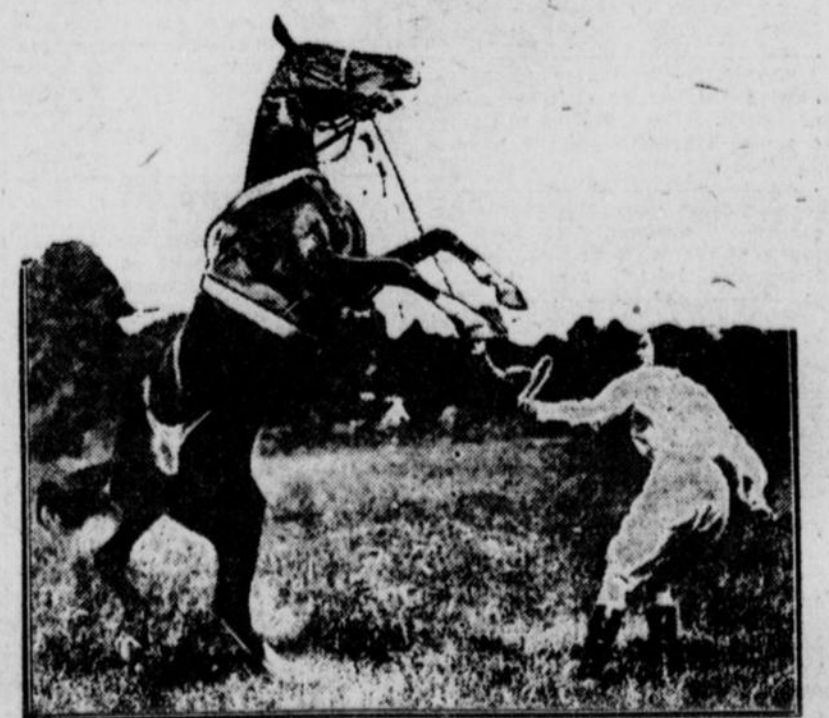
"Paula III" is shown crossing the line at Southend during the channel matches of the Royal Thames Yacht Club.



This Airedale, Duke, will have a stiff neck for a few days, for he has just been operated on, after he had been paralyzed in an automobile accident.



Boys in camp by the River Colne, Watford, make excellent use of an air bed for a raft.



Miss Violet Stringer is called England's expert horsewoman. She trains, rides and breaks in her own horses on her own estate in Surrey.

MOLSON'S BANK REGAINED MOST OF RECENT LOSSES

CONFLICTING PRICE TRENDS WERE IN EVIDENCE ON N. Y. STOCK MARKET YESTERDAY

Independent Steels Were Bid Up Sharply On Reports Of Enquiries From Japanese Sources—Rails Were Somewhat Sluggish—Foreign Exchanges Were Sluggish

New York, Sept. 6.—Conflicting price movements took place in today's stock market reflecting the play of opposing speculative forces. Prices generally showed little change on the day. Speculators for the decline offered the oil freely on reports of additional gasoline cuts on the Pacific Coast and a continued increase in production but they made little headway. Pan-American issues each dropped about 2 points, but recovered half of their losses later and the other active shares in the group showed only fractional recessions.

Independent steels were bid up sharply on reports of further inquiries for the product from Japanese sources but the early gains were not maintained. Republic closed 2 points higher and Bethlehem nearly 1, but United States Steel common and Gulf States closed fractionally lower.

Rails were somewhat sluggish. The report of a new high record of carloadings in August was counteracted by a compilation of the July earnings statements showing combined net income in July at the rate of 4.93 per cent. annually as against 5.47 in June.

Dayton, technical fluctuated within a range of five points, closing at 50 1/4, up 1 1/4. Call money opened at 5 per cent. but declined to 4 1/2 before the close. Time money and commercial paper rates were unchanged. Trading in the foreign exchange market slackened somewhat with slight recessions noted in the principal European currencies. Demand sterling sold around \$4.51 3/4 and French francs around 5.54c. German marks touched another new low at 17 1/2 cents a million.

Total stock sales 633,100 shares. 30 industrial averages 93.90; net gain .02. High 1923, 105.38; low 56.33.

20 railroads averaged 79.55; net loss .11. High 1923 90.63; low 76.78.

A moderate recovery in the Japanese issues was the feature of today's irregular bond market. City of Tokyo 5s. closed 1 1/4 higher, Japanese 4 1/2s., 1 and the 4s. 1 1/2. Austrian 7s. dropped 1 1/2 points to another new low for the year.

Railroad mortgages, as a rule, eased in sympathy with lower stock prices.

Railroad mortgages, as a rule, eased in sympathy with lower stock prices.

Industrial mortgages showed mixed changes.

United States Government bonds held steady.

(By BARRY & McMANAMY.)

Stocks.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Ama Car & Fdy	164 1/4	164 1/4	164	164
Amh Loco	73 1/2	75	73 1/2	74 1/2
C P R	142 1/2	142 1/2	142 1/2	142 1/2
Great Northern pfd	59 1/4	59 1/4	58 1/2	58 1/2
Kansas City & Southern	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Missouri Pacific	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Missouri Pacific pfd	30	30 1/4	29 1/2	29 1/2
Northern Pacific	60 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
New Haven	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
N Y Central	100	100	99 1/2	99 1/2
Pressed Steel Car	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
St Paul	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
St Paul pfd	29 1/2	30	29 1/2	29 1/2
Union Pacific	131 1/2	131 1/2	131 1/2	131 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Cruible Steel	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Gulf States Steel	33	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Midvale	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Republic Steel	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
U S Steel Corp	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Vanderbilt	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Anacostia Copper	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Butte & Superior	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Great Northern Ore	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Nickel	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Smelters Ref	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
Utah Copper	60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2
Amn Bosch Magneto	35	35	35	35
Allis-Chalmers	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Chandler	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Goodrich Rubber	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Stromberg Carburetor	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Tinkens Roller	39	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
Westinghouse	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Willamette	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
White Motors	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
California Petroleum	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
General Asphalt	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Marland Oil	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Pan American Oil	60	60 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Pacific Oil	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Phillips Petroleum	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Sinclair Oil	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
Texas Co	42 1/2	42 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atlantic Gulf	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
American Can	99 1/2	100 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Amn Int'l Corp	20 1/2	20 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Amn Sumatra Tobacco	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Amn Sugar Refinery	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Amn Wolens	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2
Coca Cola	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Cuban Cane Sugar	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Davison Chemical	50	50 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
General Electric	173 1/2	174 1/2	173 1/2	173 1/2
International Paper	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Int'l Marine Pfd	27 1/2	28	27 1/2	27 1/2
U S Ind Alcohol	55 1/2	56	54 1/2	55

Sugar Market

New York, Sept. 6.—The early raw sugar market was firm and unchanged at 4 1/2 for Cuban, cost and freight equal to 6.25 for centrifugal. There were sales of 15,000 bags of Cuban to a local refiner for September shipment.

The raw sugar futures market was firmer, reflecting the steadiness of the spot market and more favorable European cables trading, however, was not active and prices at midday were 6 to 7 points net higher on covering and commission house buying.

The market for refined was unchanged at 7.75 to 8.00 for fine granulated. There was not much new business reported, but withdrawals on old contracts were of fair proportions. Refined futures nominal.

Cotton Market

New York, Sept. 6.—Cotton futures closed strong, closing bids: January 25.78-81c; March 25.93-96c; May 25.95-97c; October 26.10-15c; Dec. 26.05-13c. Spot closed steady; middlings uplands 27.35c.

Cotton spot good demand, prices firm. American middlings fair 17.12c. Good middling 16.57c. Fully middling 16.02c. Middling 15.67c. Low middling 15.17c. Good ordinary 14.67c. Ordinary 14.37c.

The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, including 4,000 American. Receipts were 1000 bales, including 300 American. Futures closed steady.

Egg Market

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 6.—Nothing further has been reported with regard to export activity. The situation generally throughout Canada remains unchanged. Receipts continue light particularly in the Prairie Provinces and the consumptive demand good. Toronto unchanged.

Montreal dealer report paying specials 40c, extras 35c to 36c; firsts 32c to 33c; seconds 29c to 30c; fo. fo. shipping points jobbing specials 15c, extras 40c, firsts 34c to 35c, seconds 31c to 32c. Retailers in some instances are selling specials at 32c.

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Daily Gossip On Leading Stocks

Belgo-Canadian Paper Company. Limited is setting new records under its reorganized management, and production is now reported to be at the annual rate of 90,000 tons. On March 1st last, the company was working on a 65,000 tons per year basis, so that an approximate 40 percent increase in production is shown over seven months. As additional machinery begins operations about November 1st, the outlook is for further expansion in the scale of Belgo-Canadian output.

The index number of wholesale prices, constructed by Professor H. Mitchell, of McMaster University, Toronto, advanced 1.2 per cent in August from 176.4 at the end of July to 178.5. This compares with 164.7 for August 1922; 254.4 for August, 1920, and 118.4 for August 1914.

The index for the twenty foodstuffs included advanced 1.4 per cent from 130.7 for July to 133.6. This compares with 175.7 for Aug. 1922; 239.0 for August, 1920, and 131.1 for August, 1914. Beef, mutton, sugar, flour and tapioca declined; bacon, fish, butter, cheese, eggs and potatoes advanced. The movement in this section were entirely seasonal.

The index for the twenty manufacturers' goods included advanced 1.1 per cent from 165.7 at the end of July, to 167.6 at the end of August. This compares with 153.8 for August 1922; 219.7 for 1920; and 105.8 for August 1914. Wool, coppers and rubber declined while raw cotton, binder twine, silver, tin, zinc and bituminous coal advanced. The movement in wholesale prices is still quite uncertain, it being a series of oscillations up and down within narrow limits and it is quite unsafe to make any predictions with regard to the near future.

Foodstuffs are now at their highest point since August 1921, but manufacturers' goods have fallen 2.3 per cent since March of this year, but are still 17 per cent above the lowest point reached in April, 1922.

"A new item of arresting importance is included for the first time in the report on coal statistics for May, issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics last week. This is the table showing the tonnage lost in Canadian coal mines due to absenteeism, lack of orders, car shortage, mine disability and other causes," says the Canadian Mining Journal.

"Similar information has been given for some time past in the weekly reports from Washington of the United States coal industry. This simple little table gives plenty of food for thought. During May, for instance, Canadian coal mines lost 28 per cent of their output, 15 per cent of this being due to lack of orders, most of it in the three Western Provinces. The table will thus show up from month to month the chronic state of over-development in these provinces.

"During May a flare-up between manager and men at Minto, New Brunswick, brought the percentage lost to absenteeism up to 12 per cent, the average for the Dominion being only 3 per cent. This information on the negative side of production will be a very useful barometer of events and tendencies in our colliery districts."

After an excellent year to date culminating in an exceptionally good month in July, business of Canadian Fairbanks Morse fell off unexpectedly in August, sales taking a 50 per cent slump. Company officials were at a loss to account for the sudden recession in buying but explained that such things as the Home Bank affair were having a tremendous effect on the buying public.

"Generally speaking, manufacturers are running far from capacity," said one of the officials. "However, business is sure to brighten up and with improvement in the European situation and a more secure feeling of confidence in this country the trend should be steadily upward."

The tremendous increase in the consumption of newspaper paper which has taken place in the United States during the past twelve months and the large increase in the productive capacity of Canadian newspaper mills, have drawn attention to the sources of the newsprint supply upon which such heavy demands are being made.

Since 1913, the domestic production in the United States has been gradually falling further and further behind the consumption. In 1912, imports formed only 15 per cent of the total supply, while domestic mills produced 85 per cent of the country's requirements. In 1922, the imports amounted to 44 per cent of the country's requirements. In 1923, the imports amounted to 44 per cent of the total while domestic mills produced only 56 per cent. During this period the quantity imported rose from 219,601 tons in 1913, to 1,089,266 tons in 1922.

Of the 1,029,266 tons imported, Canada supplied 87 per cent of the remaining 13 per cent being supplied by Sweden, Germany, Finland, and Norway in order of tonnage.

In June, Cuba outstripped Japan in purchasing American iron and steel, taking second place among the markets, according to U. S. Department of Commerce reports. Canada headed the list for both May and June, being as usual far in advance of any other country. Chief countries to which shipments of iron and steel products were made by American manufacturers follow (in tons):

Destination	May	June
Canada	75,012	68,774
Cuba	18,128	20,713
Japan	44,806	18,127
Argentina	7,045	7,430
Mexico	9,912	6,386
United Kingdom	5,071	6,175

Grand Trunk Pacific 4 per cent debentures have been a nominal

MOLSON'S BANK WAS STRONG SPOT ON THE MONTREAL LIST, REGAINING MOST OF LOSSES

Quebec Railway Led In Activity, And Closed At Net Loss Of 1/4—Montreal Power Was Second—Price Bros. Third, Being Up 3/4—Bonds Were Active And Firm

Montreal, Sept. 6.—Trading in listed shares on the local stock market today, while quiet, was marked by a fairly strong tone in the narrow range of issues that came out. Of the forty-four that appeared on the board, twelve made gains, seven lost ground, seven remained unchanged and 18 came out in broken lots only. Quebec Railway led in activity and closed at 17 3/4 for net loss of 1/4; Montreal Power came second, unchanged at 122. Price Bros. was third and was up 3/4 at 42 3/4.

Molson Bank was the strongest spot of the list. It closed at 160 for a net gain of 5 points, recovering most of what was lost earlier in the week. The greatest loss of the day was suffered by Dominion Glass which was down 1 1/2 at 95 1/2.

Other price changes included Abitibi up 1-2; Bell Telephone up 1-2; Brompton up 5-8; Dom. Textile up 1 3/4; Laurentide off 1-2; Mackay off 1 1/4; Spanish Common up 2 1/4; Steel of Canada up 1 1/2 and Twin City up 3.

Total sales, listed, 4,823; Crown Reserve, 500.

Trading in listed bonds on the local stock exchange today was of considerable increased volume and was generally very firm. Several advances were recorded in Government stocks and in all industrial bonds with the exception of Wayagamack bonds.

Total sales \$274,988.

(By McDougall & Cowans.)

Stocks	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Abitibi Paper	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Abhester Corp	49	49	49	49
Brompton Pulp	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Bell Telephone	124 1/2	125	124 1/2	125
Braslian Traction	42 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	43
Can Car & Fdy pfd	76	76	76	76
Can Cement	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Can Cement pfd	103	103	103	103
Crown Reserve pfd	56	56	56	56
Dom Smelting	26 1/2	27	26 1/2	27
Dom Lines pfd	48	48	47 1/2	47 1/2
Dom General Electric	101	101	101	101
Dom Glass	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Dom Textile	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Howard Smith	75	75	75	75
Lake of the Woods pfd	118	118	118	118
Mackay Co	112 1/2	112 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
Montreal Power	122	122	122	122
National Breweries	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Montreal Tramway Debs	80	80	80	80 1/2
Ottawa Power	84	84	84	84
Prov. Paper pfd	96	96	96	96
Price Brothers	42 1/2	43	42 1/2	42 1/2
Quebec Railway	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Quebec Railway Bonds	81	81	81	81 1/2
Shawinigan Power	117	117	117	117
Spanish River	88 1/2	90	88	90
Spanish River pfd	99	99	99	99
Steel Co of Canada	68	68	68	68
Steel Co of Canada pfd	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
St Lawrence Flour	52	52	52	52
Sherwin pfd	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Twin City	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Woods Mfg	53	53	53	53
Winnipeg Railway	32	32	32	32

BANKS

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Commerce	191	191	191	191
Hochelaga	146	146	146	146
Montreal	235	235	235	235
Molson	160	160	160	160
Nova Scotia	256	256	256	256
Royal	218 1/2	218 1/2	218 1/2	218 1/2
Union	112	112	112	112

GOVERNMENT BONDS

VICTORY BONDS—(Free from Usual Income Tax):

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
1927 5 1/2 p.c. due 1st Dec.	103.00	103.05	103.00	103.05
1928 5 1/2 p.c. due 1st Dec.	102.50	102.50	102.50	102.50
1928 5 1/2 p.c. due 1st Nov.	100.25	100.30	100.25	100.30
1928 5 1/2 p.c. due 1st Nov.	100.25	100.30	100.25	100.30

WAR BONDS

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
1925 5 p.c. due 1st Dec.	100.60	100.65	100.60	100.65
1927 5 p.c. due 1st March	102.50	102.60	102.50	102.60

VICTORY BONDS—(Subject to Income Tax)

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
1924 5 1/2 p.c. due 1st Nov.	100.90	100.97	100.90	100.97
1924 5 1/2 p.c. due 1st Nov.	100.40	100.40	100.40	100.40
Wayagamack Bonds	80	80	80	80
Nova Scotia Bonds	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2

Foreign Exchange

(By L. G. Beaudin & Co)	
New York: premium	2 1/2-2 1/2
London: pound	sterling \$4.51 5/8 \$1.63
Berlin: mark	0.0000004
Copenhagen: crown	1.185
Stockholm: crown	2.648
Paris: franc	0.0553 1-2 0.671
Rome: lira	0.0425 1-2 0.441
Rotterdam: crown	0.918

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THE HOME KITCHEN.

(By Jeannette Young Norton)
The Authority on Home Cooking:
Recipes for Sandwich Fillings for
the Fall Picnic.

Planning a picnic is almost as much fun as going to one, sometimes more. Because of the popularity of the motor, family picnics are of frequent occurrence, and at no time of the year are they more enjoyable than during the cool, yet sunny days of early fall.

Vacuum jars, bottles and carriers make it possible to carry in perfect condition food that used to be impossible to obtain away from home. Paper containers of different sorts can be cast aside when emptied to lighten the luncheon basket or case on the homeward trip.

Salads may be prepared and placed in a vacuum container. The dressing should be bottled to add when serving. Broiled chickens may be cut in halves and wrapped in wax paper. Tea, coffee and milk keep well in the vacuum bottles, and if they have been used, will be as cold as needed when they arrive.

Sandwiches figure prominently in picnic circulations. The following fillings will be found good. Bread one day old is best. The entire crust may be cut from the loaf before it is sliced. Wheat, whole-wheat, Boston brown and rye make a good choice of bread. Before spreading, soften the butter and beat it with a fork. A little whipped cream makes butter spread more smoothly. Do the sandwiches up in damp linen cloths or in wax paper. Pack them in a tin box.

Sandwich Butters.
Add to a half cupful of butter a little celery salt, two tablespoonfuls of chopped chives, a tablespoonful of paprika, a teaspoonful of onion juice and mix them to a smooth paste. This makes an excellent sandwich filling for sandwiches to be eaten with cold chicken or sliced meats. The filling flavorings may be varied. Work into the butter a teaspoonful of lemon juice, half a teaspoonful of onion juice, half a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper and two gherkin sweet pickles chopped as fine as possible.

Mixed Chicken.
Chop the white meat of a small boiled chicken just as finely as possible, wash a quarter cupful of capers and chop them fine add pepper, salt, the juice of an onion, a hard-boiled egg put through the ricer and enough thick mayonnaise to make a spreading mixture. Do not spread this mixture too thickly and use no butter with it.

Mixed Ham.
Slice, then chop very fine, as much boiled ham as will be needed, say, about three cupfuls. Chop very fine a small bottle or half of a large bottle of good chow-chow pickles. Then mix the chopped pickles with the ham and add enough liquid mustard to moisten the fillings. Add two teaspoonfuls of Worcestershire sauce, two of catsup, one of sugar and a saltspoonful of cayenne pepper. Use this filling on buttered wheat bread.

At The Theatres

THE EMPIRE.

A picture of English aristocracy and in some parts reminiscent of the stone age is being screened at the Empire Theatre under the name of "Male and Female," featuring Gloria Swanson, Thos. Meighen and other stars. The scene is truly magnificent, but the scenario itself is rather vague, indefinite, and leaves the spectator oftentimes bewildered in the intricacy of the plot. The acting of both stars is practically sophisticated and in parts leave little room for the histrionic art of the players.

As an aristocrat of royal blood, Gloria, the heroine, falls in love with the butler of the household and revives the old saying: "Love has no equal," but after a dream which is fantastically displayed, she finds to her sorrow that her sweetheart is engaged to a household servant.

A few reels of Pathe news and a comedy complete the bill.

THE CLASSIC.

The screen play from James Oliver Curwood's famous story "The Valley of Silent Men," is the attraction at the Classic Theatre for the next two days and depicts very accurately the operations of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in the frozen wastes of the Northland. Alma Rubens, Lew Cody and many other noted stars are cast in this picture and it is a picture play that should appeal to any lover of outdoor life.

The hero becomes obsessed with the idea that his sweetheart is lost in the rapids of a northern river tributary but after a prolonged journey through many weird canyons finds his lost love in the Village called "The Valley of Silent Men."

WELCOME TO OUR READERS.

Visit the Kiosk of "La Presse," of Montreal, at the Exhibition Grounds.

A lie is the greatest homage paid to truth.

Chronicle Files 100 Years Ago

Importation of Spirits.

Halifax, August, 23.—The Chairman of the Committee of Trade at Quebec, has transmitted a communication to the Chamber of Commerce at Halifax, requesting the publication of the Act which permits Rum and other Spirits, the produce of the Colonies, to be imported into Canada from this Province; in which it is directed that the shipper of such articles, must take an affidavit as to the quality of Rum and when and how it was imported into these Provinces; which affidavit made before a Justice of the Peace, will authorize the Collector of Customs to grant a Certificate of origin, by which the article will be exempted from the Extra Duty of three pence sterling per gallon.

Chronicle Files 25 Years Ago

Married.

Yesterday morning, Mr. Isidore Carrier, of L'Evenement, was married by the Rev. Ives Lecours, of Levis. The bride, Miss Georgina Carrier, daughter of Mr. Felix Carrier, of Levis. The ceremony took place in the Levis Congregational Chapel, and after a splendid dejeuner at the residence of the bride's father, the happy pair left for the Saguenay.

Citizens' Ball.

The evening of the 21st, instant, the date of the inauguration of the Champlain Monument, has been reserved as the date of the citizens' ball to the members of the International Commission. To this ball, will also, of course be invited the Viceroyal party; the Admiral and officers of the fleet, and the Lieutenant Governor and Madame Jette.

Mr. R. J. Wickenden.

Very many of our readers will be gratified to learn, that they will soon have the pleasure of seeing amongst them again, that highly popular gentleman and distinguished artist, Mr. Robert J. Wickenden, of Paris, who writes to a friend "You will wonder how my work has been going. I have put in a couple of months on these plates of the Cardinal and Archbishop, and they are now at the printer's. What I desire them to be. The length of my stay in Quebec is uncertain, but I suppose will at any rate cover a few weeks."

ARE YOU THE WOMAN YOU WERE MEANT TO BE?

Every woman was meant to be healthy, happy, and full of life. But, alas, how few have the health or physical endurance to live up to their ideals! Over-ambitious, many of them develop nervousness, irritability, headaches, backaches, irregularities, and often more serious ailments which retard their progress in life. Women in this condition should turn to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a root and herb medicine which has been proven to benefit 98 out of every 100 women who try it. Let Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound make you well and strong, and the woman you were meant to be.

RADIO PROGRAMMES

Saturday, September 8 — Eastern Standard Time.

11:55 a.m.—U. S. Naval Observatory time signals.

12:01 p.m.—Stock market report.

12:10 p.m.—Produce market report.

12:17 p.m.—Harvest weather forecast.

12:20 p.m.—Weather report.

8:20 p.m.—Meyerhoff's Orchestra at Ten Eyck Hotel, Albany, N.Y.

Program of dance music.

MARCONI RADIOPHONE PROGRAMME.

Call Sign—"CFCE"—Wavelength 440 Metres.

1—1:30 p.m.

Montreal, Saturday, Sept. 8 —

Special government weather report and forecast—financial and live stock market reports—special news bulletins and other items of general public interest.

Fashion Forecast

Annabel Worthington

1730

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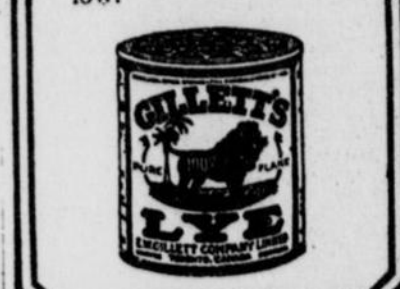
at least one overhouser in your summer wardrobe. This easily-made one can be had at very little expense, for you will need only 1 1/2 yards of 36-inch material to make it in the 35-inch size. The pattern cuts in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

Address all Orders to Pattern Department, The Quebec Chronicle.

GILLETT'S 100% PURE FLAKE LYE

This famous household cleaner and disinfectant is now made in *Crystal Flakes* instead of powder. It is the best household lye on the market. Use it for cleaning and disinfecting sinks, closets, drains, etc.; destroying vermin; softening water; making soap; cleaning floors, greasy pots and pans, etc.; removing paint, etc.

Avoid inferior and dangerous substitutes. Get the genuine article in cans as reproduced below.



PRESIDENT COOLIDGE

FRIEND OF ENGLAND

AND OF EUROPE.

Few more telling appraisals of Mr. Coolidge have been written in a brief compass than that which was contributed to The Times of London by a Correspondent writing from the American Women's Club. She said in her letter:

"Possessed of great strength of purpose, steadfast in his beliefs, and adhering to a high ideal of statesmanship, which has on several occasions carried him far from the middle of the road," to what his political associates considered the verge of a dangerous precipice, Mr. Coolidge has shown himself impervious to partisan pressure whenever it tended to deflect him from a course which he considered right or a cause he deemed righteous. Those who best know Mr. Coolidge believe that, in his accession to the Presidency, England and Europe have acquired a true friend, who will do all in his power to strengthen those bonds which bind together in time of peace those that fought shoulder to shoulder in the Great War.

Many in America also feel content that Mr. Coolidge will fully measure up to the high hopes entertained of him on all sides.

The tree of knowledge is not that of life.

Social and Personal

Mr. J. H. Tremblay of Roberval, is registered at the Chateau.

Dr. Wm. Stone is in the city from New York, staying at the Chateau.

Mr. Adolphe Rouhier of Chicoutimi, is spending a few days in town.

Mr. O. Cameron is in town from Moncton, N.B., a guest at the Chateau.

Mrs. J. W. Thomas of Montreal, is in the city, staying at the Chateau.

Miss Jeanne Landry of Mont Joli, is in town, the guest of the Misses Dallaire.

Mr. J. A. Vallerand of Chicoutimi, was in town yesterday, a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Dutton of San Francisco, are in town, guests at the Chateau.

Mr. Arch C. Miller, Master of O.K. and Douglas Miller have left for Ottawa and Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Peterson, of Portland, Ore., are in town, registered at the Chateau.

Mrs. Jean Bouffard and family have returned to town from St. Laurent, Island of Orleans.

Mrs. J. A. Gauvin is spending a few days in Montreal, a guest at the Mount Royal Hotel.

Mr. Gabriel Gaudry has returned to St. Mary's College, Montreal after spending his vacation in town.

Sir Francois and Lady Lemieux are expected in town the commencement of next week from Cacouna.

The Misses Germaine and Therese D'Auteuil and Mr. Raymond D'Auteuil have returned to town from Murray Bay.

Miss Juliette Stenson of Sherbrooke, is spending some time in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Cleo Piche.

Mrs. C. B. Bergeron has returned from Chicoutimi, where she spent a month, the guest of Dr. and Mrs. E. Lemieux.

Miss Gabrielle Dufresne of Longueuil, is in town, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Alonzo Cinq-Mars, St. Cyrille street.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Chouinard and family have returned to town from Kamouraska, where they spent the summer season.

Captain Paul E. Belanger, Royal 22nd Regiment, has returned to town from Camp Borden, where he spent several weeks.

Mrs. Lawrence Cuttle has returned to Montreal, after spending some time in town, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Laurie.

Dr. and Mrs. Emile Bourdon have returned to town from St. Petronille, Island of Orleans, where they spent the summer months.

Mr. Leon Garneau has returned to Montreal after spending a few days in town, the guest of his parents, Sir George and Lady Garneau.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Malone, of Boston, are guests at the Chateau.

The Rev. Abbe Chayer of Bagotville, P.Q., is staying at the Chateau.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmond Chalouli and family have returned to town from St. Petronille, Island of Orleans.

-Fashionable Store-

TIREND OF AUTUMN MODES

Pile Fabrics for Autumn and Winter cloakings. Satin Crapes in new weaves dominate for day wear. Gorgeous Silk and Metal Brocades for evening gowns. Artful creations in Felt and Velvet Millinery.

ATTENTION OF LADIES

Our experienced Dress Maker, Tailoress and Milliner are at your disposal in the selection of your autumn attire.

We Invite Your Inspection

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leane, where they spent the summer.

Miss Marie Jeanne Bergeron has returned to town from St. Petronille, where she spent a month, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Bergeron.

Messrs. Hermann, Laval and Germain have returned to town from a trip to Toronto and the Thousand Islands.

Mrs. Du Chastel de Montrouge and Miss Du Chastel de Montrouge, have returned to Montreal after spending the summer at Lake St. Joseph.

The Rev. S. J. Grogan, C.S.S.R., St. Peter's Church, Toronto, was in town yesterday to attend the funeral of his cousin, the late Mr. Joseph Burrows.

Mrs. Paul T. Gagnon has returned to Ottawa, after spending the summer in town, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Gobit, Aberdeen street.

Mr. Gustave Emond of the Department of the Secretary of State Ottawa, and Mrs. Emond, are spending a few days at St. Louis de Courville, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar N. Gagnon.

The Countess Roberts will arrive in town tomorrow afternoon from Metis, where she spent part of the summer, the guest of Mrs. Robert W. Reford. Countess Roberts wills pessimism.

Success is attained more often by uncommon effort than by uncommon brains.

One of the most poisonous "isms" is "miscellaneous" shower." Wednesday afternoon, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Georgia Tanguay, The Ramparts, in honor of Miss Jacqueline Hardy, whose marriage is taking place shortly. The tea and less were served by Mesdames L. J. Caouette, Henri Bray and Henri Chasse, assisted by the Misses Beatrice Tanguay, Madeleine and Marthe La Ferriere, Madeleine Chasse and Jeannette Dube.

LIQUIDATION

P. J. Cote Firm Is Going Out of Business

As a result of my going out of business, all my assortment of Dry Goods for home furnishings will be placed on sale at an immense reduction. To prepare our store for this big sale it will be closed on Friday and Saturday, the 7th and 8th instants. Our reduction sale will begin on Monday, the 10th instant.

We Want Several Good Clerks For This Sale

Profit by My Prices

My low overhead expense enables me to sell first class goods at prices which defy competition. 1,000 pairs Military Work Boots, \$6.50, for \$3.90. Boys' Boots, sizes 11, 12 and 13, at \$1.60, perfect. Breeches, Club Bags, Pack Sacks and Leather Leggings. An attractive assortment of jewellery at very low prices. Watches, Rings, etc. 200 pairs solid leather English Leggings, worth \$6.00, for \$3.00. Genuine Calf Oxfords, rubber heels, worth \$9.00, for \$5.00. Extra special Soldiers' Boots, wine khaki, all solid leather, worth \$7.50, for \$4.75. A job lot of Military Boots at \$3.50 a pair.

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-- VICTORIA -- To-Day and To-Morrow

POLA NEGRI, JACK HOLT
and CHARLES DE ROCHE
IN

"THE CHEAT"

—ALL WEEK STARTING SUNDAY—
"HOLLYWOOD"

The greatest array of stars in the same picture

Pola Negri, Theo. Roberts, Thomas Meighen, Douglas Fairbanks, Mary Pickford, Charles Chaplin, Gloria Swanson, Jack Holt, Leatrice Joy, Agnes Ayres, Lila Lee, Nita Naldi, Bebe Daniels, Richard Dix, Lois Wilson, Theodore Kosloff, Betty Compson, Ben Turpin, Owen Moore, etc.