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QUEBEC, THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1920.

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REGISTRATION FEE INCREASED

Rate Also Raised on Postage of Newspapers and Periodicals

Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—A few minutes before eleven o'clock the House of Commons went into committee on a resolution which provides for several amendments to the Post Office Act. It provides for an increase in the registration fee on letters and other matter passing through the mails, from five to ten cents. The rate of postage on newspapers and periodicals printed and published in Canada and issued at intervals of less than one month, is increased from one cent to two cents per pound, or fraction thereof.

Newspapers and periodicals which are to be transmitted for a distance of more than forty miles or the publication of which is of greater frequency than once a week, shall be subject to postage at the rate of one cent a pound or fraction thereof, for the year beginning January 1, 1921, and one and a half cents a pound of fraction thereof, for the following years. This postage is to be affixed by stamps or as the postmaster-general may direct.

Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Customs and Inland Revenue, explained the resolution, and said there had been a loss of a quarter of a million on registration of letters in the past year. The ten cent rate was the same as that of the United States and practically the same as that in England.

Mr. Burrell said that while post office was carrying 54 percent of the total weight of mail matter in newspapers, the revenue from these was only one percent. Taking \$7,000,000 pounds of newspapers at one quarter of a cent per pound, the present rate, brought in \$290,000 per year. The Department was losing \$5,000,000 a year by the present rate. Hon. R. Lemieux charged that the Government, by this resolution, was promoting sectionalism, dividing the avenues between the East and West, and hindering the free exchange of thought. If the Government wished to increase revenue it should chop off the heads of the top-heavy Post Office staffs. Quebec Post Office had increased its staff from 90 to over 300 in ten years and Montreal from 700 to 2,000. From 500 to 1,000 could be dispensed with at Montreal and 200 at Quebec.

Mr. Lemieux thought that the increase would tend to reduce the circulation of Canadian publications and let in a flood of yellow literature from the United States.

W. A. Buchanan, of Leithbridge, pointed out that the publishers of daily newspapers in Canada were agreeable to an increase in postal rates. They thought, however, that an increase of one quarter of a cent at first to be followed with other increases at intervals of say six months until the maximum rate suggested was reached, would be just. A sudden increase up to a cent a pound would work hardship on many newspapers because their subscription lists were made out for some time in advance at a certain rate, and could not be raised until they expired. The increased cost of postage would have to be met by increased subscriptions and advertising rates.

Hon. Martin Burrell pointed out that there would still be a large deficit in the handling of newspapers, even when the increases went through.

The clauses in regard to franking of letters and other mailable matter were aimed to remove abuses, Mr. Burrell explained.

The resolution was reported and the bill passed on it given first reading.

IMMIGRATION ACT STANDS UNCHANGED

Senate Rejected Deportation Repeal by Non-Partizan Vote of 30 to 17

Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—(By Can. Press)—The Government's bill repealing the clauses in the Immigration Act giving the Minister of Immigration power to summarily deport British-born residents of Canada found guilty of sedition or conspiracy against established authority (this legislation was passed last year at the time of the Winnipeg strike) was rejected in the Senate today by a non-partisan vote of 30 to 17. This means that the law will stand as passed last year and that no changes can be made during the present session.

Third readings were given the following bills:

An Act respecting the Bell Telephone Company, an Act respecting the Canadian Pacific Company, and an Act to incorporate the Aberdeen Insurance Company.

DOUBLE LAND VALUES.

Saskatoon, Sask., Land men here believe that the high wheat prices prevailing will cause farm land values to double in Western Canada which will result in the biggest immigration movement the west has ever known. A spirit of optimism based upon present crop and price prospects pervades the entire real estate business.

AMENDMENTS TO LUXURY TAXES WERE FORECAST

On Essential Articles of Clothing Basis of Assessment to Be Changed

CONSIDERABLE REDUCTION

Fifteen Per Cent on Excess Over Limit Price, Not Ten on Total

Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—(Can. Press)—Important amendments in the schedule of articles subject to taxation under the luxury tax were forecast in the House tonight by Sir Henry Drayton, Minister of Finance. On essential articles of clothing, boots and shoes, it was suggested by the Finance Minister that a price be fixed above which these articles shall enter the luxury class and that the tax be reduced from ten percent on the full cost to fifteen percent on the excess.

On boots and shoes costing over \$9 per pair the tax would be figured upon the cost at 15 percent over \$9 instead of 10 percent on the whole amount. Orthopedic boots would still be exempt.

"Are the profiteers always cripplers?" asked Dr. Michael Clark.

"Well, the present process is described by some as crippling them very severely," replied Sir Henry Drayton.

Other articles of clothing on which the tax is changed from 10 percent on the cost to 15 percent on the excess are: Trousers sold separately, in excess of \$12 per pair; men's and boys' coats, sold separately, not including leather-lined, sheepskin coats, in excess of \$25 each; cloth overcoats, men's and boys', women's and misses' (except suits, coats, and dresses) sold separately from suits (except silk) in excess of \$35 each.

"We have included in that list practically everything which would fall within the general description of absolutely essential articles of clothing, insofar as suits, coats, boots and the like are concerned," said Sir Henry, "and we reduce the tax from ten percent on the full cost to 15 percent on the excess."

There is another stipulation that on articles of clothing the selling price of material and cost of manufacture when sold separately are to be combined for determining the selling price.

No change is proposed in the tax on articles which may be regarded as an extravagance entirely within the control of the purchaser. Answering F. S. Cahill (Pontiac) who asked the effect tomorrow on sales of goods, the Minister said no change would be made until the resolutions passed the House. He would prefer to place a full list of the changes on the House records and give the members until Thursday night to consider the changes.

On hats, the 15 limit is left and the tax remains at 10 percent on the whole amount when there is any excess on hats, caps, men's socks, neckties, shirts, ladies' hats, ladies' stockings, corsets in excess of \$5, kimono, waists and petticoats.

A tax was also proposed on walking sticks. Fur coats would be exempt to \$200 in value instead of \$100. Antique furniture and crockery would be taxed. In remarks to refunds where persons had paid taxes which were not now subject to levy Sir Henry said he hoped these would be made. As far as possible the Finance Department would see they were made.

Answering Fernand Rinfret, (St. James-Montreal) Sir Henry said the amended taxes would become effective when the resolution was tabled. It was hoped to make them retroactive. As soon as possible the Government hoped to send a plain statement out throughout the country advising everyone of the changes.

A modification was proposed, Sir Henry added, in regard to sports and games. Articles required for popular games would be exempted from tax. As far as possible the Government would provide for a tax on instance, baseball and basketball up to \$1.25; mitts and gloves exempt to \$1.50; skates exempt to \$2.00; footballs exempt to \$3; lacrosse sticks to \$1.50; hockey sticks to 75 cents.

The Committee reported progress without the formal amendment being adopted.

The House went into committee on a resolution to amend the Post Office Act in respect of a zone system for newspaper mail rates and increasing the rate on registered newspapers and periodicals rates are also increased in certain instances.

Sir Henry also announced that instead of velvet and velveteens being taxed when selling in excess of two dollars a yard. Instead of all lace and braid being taxable, the amendments would provide for a tax on lace and braid when sold in excess of 25 cents a yard and ribbons in excess of 50 cents a yard. On carpets, the exemption would be six dollars instead of three dollars.

The changes proposed in paragraph three are as follows:

Candy and Confectionery. A tax of 10 per cent. on all candy and candy substitutes, except on original packages and original labels, being the names of the manufacturer on the packages or labels, retailing from ten cents or

(Continued on Page Seven.)

MAY CUT OUT IRISH QUESTION

From A. F. of L. Debates— Might Cause Split Between Am. and Can. Delegates

Montreal, June 9.—(By Canadian Press)—The main item of business transacted at the brief sitting of the American Federation of Labor today was a report of the fraternal delegate to the British Trade Union Congress held at Glasgow in September of last year. This was by Mr. John J. Hynes, who showed that membership in British trade unions numbered over a million more than in American trade unions, though the population was less than half that of the States.

Mr. Hynes said the tendency in Great Britain was towards amalgamation rather than multiplicity of unions and this policy was being carried out there. He further reported that the British Congress had come out strongly in favor of self-determination and had expressed sympathy with the Irish people.

Mr. Fred A. Campbell, of the St. John, N.B., Trades and Labor Council, has a resolution urging the Federation to establish a permanent organizer in New Brunswick.

A total of 111 resolutions have been presented by delegates and each represents a large body of workers, they must be given careful consideration by the Resolutions Committee. This will mean that the convention cannot get down to real business before the beginning of next week.

What may lead to a break of all the Canadian delegates with the American Federation of Labor and their leaving the convention in a body, is the bringing up of the Irish resolutions asking recognition of the Irish Republic. It is felt that consideration of such a subject, on British soil, and having nothing to do with the Federation, is a gross breach of etiquette, to say the least. It is thought probable, however, that the resolutions will eventually be shelved.

The convention unanimously resolved to invite Glenn E. Plumb, author of the well-known Plumb Plan of running the United States railways, to address the convention on the United States railway situation, either on Thursday or Friday.

IMPERIAL WAR MUSEUM OPENED BY KING

Crystal Palace Reborn To a Measure Of its Ancient Splendor

London, June 9.—(By Canadian Associated Press)—In the opening today of the Imperial War Museum by King George, the Crystal Palace, regained for one day at least, a measure of its glory of forty years ago. The museum remains open until next October and comprises military and naval exhibits from every quarter of the war. The King expressed thanks to the Allied Governments and their Dominions for their assistance in the project.

"The Museum recognizes," King George continued, "that success in modern war is no longer an achievement of a few leaders of the professional class, but the result of levoted and heroic work by millions of men and women co-operating as parts of one vast living machine. This museum will ever preserve the memory of future ages that we owe under God our success, not to armed forces alone, but to the labors and sacrifices of soldiers, civilians, both men and women alike."

The Weather.

Toronto, June 9.—The depression which covered the north-western States and the northern States last night has dispersed while another large mass of high pressure has moved in from the South Pacific States. The weather has been fair today throughout the Dominion with the exception of a few local showers in Manitoba.

Temperatures:

Region	Min.	Max.
Regina	42	65
Victoria	46	62
Vancouver	46	64
Kamloops	48	70
Calgary	36	68
Edmonton	34	62
Moose Jaw	45	62
Prince Albert	44	62
Winnipeg	56	76
Port Arthur	50	62
Parry Sound	48	68
London	50	60
Toronto	48	74
Kingston	52	72
Ottawa	48	80
Montreal	56	82
Quebec	48	88
St. John	44	66

Forecast:

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay: Light to moderate winds; fair and warmer.

Ottawa Valley and River St. Lawrence: Fair and quite warm.

Gulf and the North Shore: Moderate winds; fair and with higher temperature.

Maritime Provinces: Light to moderate winds; fair and a little higher temperature.

EXPRESSED KEEN SATISFACTION AT CONSOLIDATION

Vice-President of the Riordan Company, Limited, Gives His First Interview

EPOCH MAKING EVENT

In the Evolution of Canadian Pulp and Paper Industry

(Special to the Chronicle)

Montreal, Que., June 9.—In his first interview since the formation of Riordan Company Limited, embracing the Riordan Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, Kipawa Pulp and Paper Company, W. G. Edwards and Company, Limited, Gilmour and Hughson and Company Limited, Carl Riordan, who will be Vice-President and Managing Director of the combined business, expressed keen satisfaction with the prospects of the consolidation, the communication of which he believed would prove to be an epoch making event.

Mr. Riordan recalled a statement made a few days ago by the Hon. W. C. Edwards, president of the W. C. Edwards Company, to the effect that in the natural course of events a period had been reached in the development of the Ottawa River Valley, when to best conserve and utilize the vast resources of timber, pulpwood and water power, controlled by the business entering the new combination. It had become desirable that there should be some limitation in the production of white pine lumber, and greater utilization of the enormous available resources of raw materials for pulp and paper manufacture and for the production of hardwood lumber. "Hitherto" said Mr. Riordan, "the resources of the Ottawa and Gatineau River have been operated by several single companies, chiefly for the production of white pine lumber, without an effort having been made to develop on a large scale the raw materials for the production of sulphite pulp, paper and hardwood lumber. It is felt that the Riordan Company, with its extensive and highly specialized organization, built up through more than sixty years experience, chiefly in the Ottawa River Valley, is the organization which should naturally undertake the more intensive development of the large properties now brought under its control.

"The merging of the existing resources of the W. C. Edwards Co., the Gilmour and Hughson Co., and the Riordan Pulp and Paper Co., will permit of economy in production and marketing and of scientific development of the properties for the production of the greatest possible variety of high grade finished products. At a time when American supplies of pulp and other woods are evidently running low, making it eminently expedient for Canada to attain a maximum of production from the minimum of raw materials at the minimum of cost we aim to extract the greatest value obtainable from every thousand feet of timber and every unit of waterpower which we own, through unified control of vast holdings of wood and waterpowers and of diversified plant equipment."

Questioned as to the extent of the new company's properties and the volume and variety of its output, the figures quoted by Mr. Riordan were impressive. He pointed out that the combined timber holdings of the business merged will approximate 10,500 square miles, located mostly in the Province of Quebec, in the watershed of the Ottawa and Gatineau Rivers and tributaries. The new Company's pulpwood holdings, estimated to contain 25,000,000 cords of pulpwood were, he thought, the largest of their kind in the world, and its stand of 1,200,000,000 feet of white pine at least second in the world. "Our sulphite pulp output" said Mr. Riordan, "consists of 91,000 tons per annum of bleached and 8,000 tons of easy bleaching, easily the largest in Canada and second largest on the continent.

To this is to be added 11,000 tons per annum of soda pulp and 18,000 tons of high grade book paper, produced by the Ticonderoga mills. Of lumber the present output is 125,000,000 feet per annum, of which 25,000,000 feet are produced by Gilmour and Hughson, 80,000,000 feet by W. C. Edwards Company and 20,000,000 feet by the Calumet Mill of the Riordan Company. With Kipawa construction complete and reducing lumber production to terms of pulp and paper, the new company will produce the equivalent of 275,000 tons of pulp and paper per annum.

"The variety of our present and possible output" continued Mr. Riordan "places us in a position where our operations are not dependent on the sale of one product, but on many, a fact which tends to stabilize earning power in good times and bad. Then, too, our control of waterpower, capable of development to an ultimate capacity of 124,000 horsepower of which only 11,000 horsepower are already being used, opens up large possibilities for the manufacture of newsprint and the sale of surplus power."

Asked whether as had been the case before the war, the

production of sulphite pulp would seriously compete with the sale in the United States of the Riordan Product Mr. Riordan said, he believed that present levels of \$180 per ton for contract sulphite pulp, a price comparing with about \$60 before the war, were likely to be maintained. "World sulphite production" said Mr. Riordan, "is much below present demand of existing paper mills, and at least one hundred more paper machines are being installed on this continent alone. Increased cost of coal, labor, wood, capital and taxes, have raised present production costs in both Scandinavia and the United States to levels in excess of production costs in Canada which is now the world's lowest cost sulphite producer, so that prices are not likely to fall for a long time to come. If then, and in any case the Riordan product is in a position to compete with all comers in the United States market where 80 per cent of our sulphite pulp product is sold."

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GRACEFUL SUMMER WRAPS

In a multitude of designs—from the pretty, easy-to-slip-on wrappy models with luxurious linings of broche satin and Pussy Willow, to the more trig, tailored designs.

One specially delightful wrap is developed in duvetyn with angora trimmings, lined throughout with exquisite Pussy Willow.

Another striking interpretation of the season's modes is a dual cape effect in heavy Charmeuse with a lining of marvelous brocade satin.

Gloves and hosiery to please every taste and for every occasion—On display in our Glove Department.

Holt, Renfrew & Co. Limited.

For the summer season our establishment will be open till 6 o'clock p.m. with exception of Saturdays when we will close at 5 o'clock.

DAINTY VASES

— from —

ENGLAND

A new product of the English potteries, artistic in design and moderate in price.

This is a selection of Vases that will be appreciated, and will also prove most acceptable Wedding Gifts.

G. SEIFERT & SONS.
JEWELLERS,
16 FABRIQUE STREET,
Opposite City Hall.

TRACTORS

For farm purposes and heavy hauling we have the "MONARCH," in three different sizes.

Let us demonstrate to you.

M. L. DOHAN
29 PALACE HILL. Phone 4748.

BAR SILVER STILL ON THE TOBOGGAN

Demoralized Conditions in Far East Blamed For Severe Depreciation

New York, June 9.—Bar silver experienced another violent decline abroad and in the local market today.

The London quotation added 2 1/2 pence to yesterday's break of slightly more than six pence and brought the price down to 45 1/2 pence per ounce. This is just a fraction more than one half the high record price for the metal last February.

In the New York market the price was three cents lower at 81 cents. Dealers in silver bullion continued to attribute the decline to the demoralized conditions prevailing in East India and China.

J. F. M'KINNON FOR PRESIDENT

Chosen to Succeed T. R. Howard, of Montreal, by Canadian Manufacturers Association

Vancouver, June 9.—(Canadian Press)—J. F. McKinnon, of Toronto, was today elected President of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at their annual convention here succeeding T. B. Howard, of Montreal. Other officers elected were:

1st Vice-President: W. S. Fisher, St. John, N.B.

2nd Vice-President: J. R. Shaw, Woodstock, Ont.

Treasurer: Thomas Roden, Toronto.

Executive officials: Thomas Cantley, New Glasgow, N.S.; J. B. Sherrard, Montreal; E. G. Henderson, Windsor, Ont.; Robert Hobesh, Hamilton, Ont.; P. W. Ellis, Toronto; S. A. Birge, Hamilton; H. Cockshutt, Brantford, Ont.; J. F. Ellis, Toronto; Nathaniel Curry, Montreal.

The first business considered at this morning's session was the amendment of the by-laws. The name of the Pacific Coast Division was amended in the by-laws to the British Columbia Division. It was announced that owing to ill health J. F. Ellis, Treasurer and past president of the organization was not a candidate for re-election and it was unanimously decided to elect him a life member of the association.

The first resolution on presented urged the Dominion Government to appoint a permanent tariff board, acting in an advisory capacity to the Government, to make a special study of the Canadian Customs tariff and the tariffs of other countries with whose products Canadian producers are forced to compete. There was no discussion and the resolution was carried without opposition.

The new President, J. F. McKinnon, told the delegates that he keenly felt the responsibility placed on him. In the course of his address, he assured the retiring president of the regard and affection in which he was held by every member of the organization. The Association has had many excellent presidents, but none better earned the esteem of his fellow-members than T. B. Howard. On the motion of J. P. Thomson, a hearty and sincere vote of thanks was accorded to Mr. Howard.

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- Page Three. Disrepair Of District Wharves. Methodist Conference Over. Bourassa Spoke Here Yesterday. Orlando For Active Politics. Monkey-Wrench In Machinery. Meeting Held Last Evening. Austria Land Of Misery. Is Still Under Consideration.
- Page Four. Editorial/Press Comment. Correspondence.
- Page Five. Police Forged Their Way In. Fire Fighters Were Kept Busy. Dinner Party At The Citadel. Thrown Through A Wind Screen. Commission Will Do Nothing More.
- Page Six. British Title Holder Beaten. Lee Magee Lost His Suit. Dempsey's Wife On The Stand. Kid Lewis Knocked Out Bashed. Farm Tractors Underwent Test.
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- Page Eight. SS. Victorian Delayed. Empress Made Quick Voyage.
- Page Nine. Financial And Commercial News. New York And Montreal Markets. Great Britain In Need of Dyes.
- Page Ten. At The Theatre. Social And Personal. Reminiscences Of The Past.

LONG LIST OF RESOLUTIONS

Passed by Canadian Manufacturers Ass'n Embodying Valuable Suggestions

Vancouver, B.C., June 9.—Immediately following the unanimous and enthusiastic elevation of J. S. McKinnon, Toronto, first Vice-President, to the presidency of the Association, the delegates of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association convention at the closing session today, turned their attention to a series of resolutions.

The resolutions presented by the Resolutions Committee, were adopted as follows:

Petitioning the Dominion Government to use its influence in hastening adoption throughout the Empire of substantial Customs preferences for Empire products; favoring negotiation for a new Franco-Canadian Customs tariff convention as soon as conditions are opportune; scientific research through a national research institute, which was passed with the suggestion that \$500,000 be appropriated by Parliament for purchase of a site, construction and equipment with \$50,000 to cover salaries and maintenance.

Through a further resolution the legislation council was required to take the necessary steps to ascertain what can be done to improve the cable service from Canada to various countries and to co-operate with the Government commercial organizations in conducting such investigation.

Determination was expressed in another resolution to oppose any attempt to substitute the metric system of weights or measures, for the system now in use in Canada.

A request was made to the Department of Trade and Commerce to have a trade commissioner at the proper facilities for the proper display of exhibits of such Canadian manufactured goods as there might be a market for in countries where there are not now located commissioners.

The next resolution requested the Canadian Government to supplement the present declaration of the country or origin which accompanied all imports by the requirement that such imports, particularly of manufactured goods, be marked or affixed to them in an unmistakable manner, an indication to the ultimate consumer of the country in which they were manufactured.

Amending the business profits tax to deduct debit account from net earnings.

Declaring that as at present enforced, the luxury tax was working great detriment to business throughout Canada, a resolution was presented urging earnestly that Government should give most careful consideration to it with a view to its amendment having due regard to the revenue to be derived therefrom, before fully endorsing it.

It was decided after some discussion to refer the matter to the resolutions committee.

Another resolution passed urged the amendment of the Business Profits Tax to provide that debit balance to profit and loss accounts shall be deducted from net earnings for the period and only the remainder shall be taxable.

A vote of thanks was tendered to the Mayors of Canadian cities for their cordial relations, and entertainment arrangements and to the press of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, for valuable information published in regard to the Association and individual development generally.



Making Biscuits Since 1858

SIXTY-ONE years ago, we commenced making biscuits—McCormick's Jersey Cream Sodas were the first of our lines. They enjoyed instant popularity, and throughout the years the demand has grown until our sales now total many tons a day, and shipments are made to all parts of Canada.

If you have not tried them, do so. You will soon realize what you have been missing.

McCormick's Jersey Cream Sodas

Sold fresh everywhere. In sealed packages.

Factory at LONDON, Canada. Branches at Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Kingston, Winnipeg, Calgary, Fort Arthur, St. John, N.B.

NOVEL SPORTS COSTUME.



By Gertrude Beresford.

There seems to be no limit to the imagination of the designer when planning sports clothes. All kinds of unusual combinations are noted in the fabrics. Decorations that for long were accepted as correct or apparel for very different occasions now reign in the realm of sports attire. This decidedly novel blouse that seems closely akin to the sweater is made of white georgette over black. The broad border, cuffs and scarf are crocheted from heavy white wool, which is also used effectively as a finish about the V-shaped neck opening. The buttons are covered with wool and the string belt is also the fruit of the crocheted hook. The pleated skirt of black satin is considered in white silk, but despite the apparent incongruity of the fabrics and trimmings a stunning outfit is achieved.

APPETIZING GRAVIES.

By Loreto C. Lynch.

An Expert on Domestic Science and Problems of the Home.

One of the things that bother the average young housewife is the making of good gravies and sauces. Almost any dish is improved by a good gravy or sauce. And when folks tell you they prefer foods without gravy or sauce you may be quite certain that the gravies and sauces they have had have been mighty poor ones.

Gravy, rich, brown in color, is very simple to make and is a wonderful addition to a slice of roast meat, especially if the meat is a bit lacking in flavor. Before placing the meat in the roasting pan, dredge the bottom of the pan with flour. When this flour browns, not burns, add the hot water with which the meat is to be basted every ten minutes or so. The fat of the meat will melt and run into this browned flour and water as the process of roasting proceeds.

When the roast is done, remove it to a platter and place the roasting pan directly over the flame. Add a cup or more of hot water and carefully dredge in enough white flour, stirring constantly the white to thicken the gravy to the desired consistency. Strain the gravy through a piece of cheese cloth placed over a wire strainer.

Onion juice or onion salt, celery salt or any variety of ground pepper may be added as desired. A preparation for both browning and seasoning gravy may be purchased in convenient form at many of the shops. These preparations are however, a bit expensive; for most housewives. By browning flour on a pan and adding water and seasonings to it, a very similar preparation may be made at home. It should be strained and bottled and kept in the refrigerator for a week at a time.

A host of sauces suitable for serving with fish, shellfish, meat or spaghetti may be made from the tomato. There are several commercial forms or the tomato which appear on the market. Besides the familiar canned tomato, one may purchase concentrated tomato in the form of canned soup and then there is the tomato paste so familiar in the Italian household.

In all the recipes which follow it is necessary to have a standard half-pint measuring cup and both table and tea spoons and to take all measurements absolutely level, the sauce especially, is doomed to failure unless accuracy is used in measuring. Here is a simple tomato sauce:

Tomato (canned or stewed) 1 1/2 cup; onion, 1 slice; butter, 2 table-spoons; flour, 2 table-spoons; salt, 1-2 table-spoon.

Cook the onion and tomato slowly for ten or twelve minutes. In another small saucpan rub together butter and flour. Strain the hot tomato on this and cook, stirring constantly until the sauce boils. Add salt and pepper.

If a more spicy sauce is desired, cook two whole cloves, a tiny bit of bayleaf and a sprig of parsley in the tomato with the onion. Spanish sauce, so liked by the average man, adds greatly to foods like beef or spaghetti or rice which lack flavor. To make this easily, add half a cup of water, a small onion finely chopped and half a chopped pepper to a small can of concentrated tomato soup. A tablespoon of chopped pimento, if on hand, is also a pleasing addition. Cook very slowly until the green pepper is tender. Serve without straining.

White sauce may be made by various methods, but the average beginner will find the following recipe both simple and satisfactory: Flour, 2 table-spoons; salt, 1-2 tea-spoon; butter 2 table-spoons; pep-per, 1-2 tea-spoon; milk, 1 cup.

SUMMER GOODS

WE HAVE NOW ON SALE A LARGE RANGE OF NEW SUMMER GOODS AT VERY ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

CREPE GEORGETTE BLOUSES, in white, black, and light colors, \$19.75.

CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES, in white, black and light colors, \$6.75, \$8.25.

LADIES' SWEATER COATS, in all the new colors, \$5.75, \$6.50, \$11.85, \$16.25.

LADIES' SILK SWEATER COATS, in the styles and colors, at \$19.75.

GIRLS' MIDDY WAISTS, in white duck trimmed with colors, at 75c, 80c, \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.65, \$1.85, \$2.25.

LADIES' STRAW HATS, in black and dark colors, at \$3.75, \$4.50, \$5.75.

LADIES' NAINSOOK UNDERWEAR. A fine assortment in Night Dresses, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers; all at very reasonable prices.

SIMONS & CO.

20 FABRIQUE STREET.

Telephone 338.

Opposite City Hall.

BRITISH COAL IN NORTH SEA.

For her size Great Britain has more and better coal than any other country in the world. The coal seams lying one below another to an unknown depth, not infrequently cropping out at the surface, are proof that tropical conditions once prevailed in the latitude of these islands. The district which is now Britain was connected in primeval times with the continent, and the coal of England doubtless runs under the channels and the southern part of the North Sea, continuing in the coal fields of Northern France, Belgium and Flanders.

The region was thickly covered with great tree ferns, growing to a gigantic height in the damp steaming heat of a tropical climate which exceeds the heat of the equatorial regions of Africa. Growth succeeded growth, and in the course of ages probably seas flowed over it and deposited the sand which is now rock. The pressure carbonized the fallen vegetation and former layers of coal, pieces of which still bear imprinted upon their flat surface the beautiful tracery of the original fronds of tree ferns.

In China when a pupil is reciting his lesson he turns his back to his teacher.



The Family Smoke

"OLD CHUM" is a family friend. Grandfathers, Fathers and Sons have been smoking it for years and years.

During this half century, "OLD CHUM" has grown steadily in popularity and favour.

Every pipe smoker appreciates "OLD CHUM" quality—the choice Virginia Flake Cut tobacco—chosen by experts—stored away until the perfect tobacco taste and mellow flavour are fully developed.

It is this dependable, constant quality, maintained for years, which has made "OLD CHUM" the chum of all pipe smokers in Canada.

OLD CHUM

Canada's Favorite Pipe Tobacco.



Dress Your Children At Paquet's

The styles of our children's garments are the prettiest, the best made and the most comfortable.

You will find that it is an economy to do your buying at Paquet's.

Dresses For Girls

You can choose here from an infinite variety of models, materials and makes. These dresses are made from pretty patterns, and your girls will be proud to wear them.

Sizes from 6 to 14 Years.

Girls' Dresses in Chambray, colors, blue, pink, and white, collar trimmed with duck in black and white stripe. Special price\$1.74

Girls' Dresses in Zephir cotton, in assorted colored plaids, duck collar in black and white stripe. .. \$1.98

Girls' Dresses in cotton, colors, pale pink and pale blue with collar and cuffs in white duck. Price \$1.98

Girls' Dresses in cotton, colors, blue and white and pink and white, collar and belt in plain duck. price \$2.19 and\$2.29

Girls' Dresses in Zephir cotton in checked white and pink and pale blue and white collar and cuffs in white pique. Price\$2.50

Girls' Dresses in cotton crepe in white with colored check, white embroidered collar. Price\$4.50

Girls' Dresses in cotton crepe in checked design, assorted colors, with white collar worked with colored floss. ..\$4.98

Girls' Dresses in Cotton crepe in assorted colored checks, collar, vest and cuffs in white cropon. Price\$4.98

Girls' Dresses in duck, color, pale green, white, and pale blue, made in yoke effect with pockets. Price ..\$3.49

Girls' Dresses in duck, color, pale pink, pale blue and Nile green, collar and cuffs in white pique, skirt made with pleats. ..\$3.49

Girls' Dresses in duck, colors, pale pink, pale blue, white, collar and cuffs in cotton plaid of assorted colors. Price\$3.50

Girls' Dresses in white duck with pale pink collar and cuffs, made with yoke, pleated skirt and belt, with buckle. Price\$3.49

Girls' Dresses in Chambray in colors, pale blue and pale pink, trimmed with white edging. Price\$3.50

Girls' Dresses in white duck, trimmed with sailor collar in navy blue same is trimmed with narrow white braid, cuffs are in the same design and of the same material, dress is made with yoke, belt and pockets. Price\$5.25

First Floor Up.



Children's Shoes

Children's Shoes in black dongola with strap, sizes 4 to 7, pair \$1.75

Children's shoes in patent leather, sizes 1 to 5, a pair\$1.50

Sizes 3 to 7, a pair\$2.00

Sizes 8 to 10, a pair\$2.00

Boys' Shoes in patent leather, large flexible sole, with strap, sizes 3 1/2 to 7, "Kor-Ker" style, Price\$3.00

Sizes 8 to 10 1-2. Price\$4.00

Boys' patent leather laced shoes with wide flexible sole, sizes 8 to 10 1-2, \$4.50. Sizes 11 to 2, a pair\$5.00

Patent leather shoes for girls, sizes 11 to 2, a pair\$5.50

Patent leather Pumps for girls, sizes 11 to 2, a pair\$4.50

Very Special

180 pairs of dongola shoes in black, with strap, for girls, sizes 11 to 2; regular a pair \$2.50. Special

\$1.75

No mail orders, telephone or C. O. D. orders will be accepted for these specials. Main Floor.



Extra Special

For a few days only we will offer a line of habutai silk in good heavy weight in white and black only, 36 inches wide, at a yard

\$1.39

A line of all wool Jersey a most popular material for dresses and costumes, 50 inches wide, in all colors. Special

\$6.29

Main Floor

Carriages And Toys

Velocipedes, for children, from \$5.25 to\$11.50

Automobiles from \$16.00 up to\$28.00

Tennis Rackets from \$1.50 to\$5.50

Garden Sets from 25c to 55c

Rubber Balls from 5 to 50c

Foot Balls from \$3.75 up to\$9.00

Tennis Balls, from \$1.25 up to\$1.50

Base Balls from \$1.25 up to\$1.50

Kiddie Cars, from \$2.00 up to\$4.75

Expresses, from \$2.25 up to\$13.00

Follow our ads well, for in them you will always find great advantages.

Suits

Two Piece Suits for men, in light grey, suitable for vacation wear, with one pair of trousers, \$16.00; with two pairs \$19.50

Men's two piece Homespun Suits in all wool, colors, grey, and brown, sizes 36 to 44, at \$15.00 and\$16.00



For Automobiles

Duster in Alpaca in grey. Special\$10.00

Also a line in colored duck, from \$2.00 up to\$4.50

PAQUET COMPANY LIMITED.

Tel. 6900 Tel. 6900

Retail Division - 157-178 St. Joseph Street

QUEBEC, THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1920.

CALLED ATTENTION TO THE DISREPAIR OF WHARVES ON ORLEANS ISLAND IN HOUSE

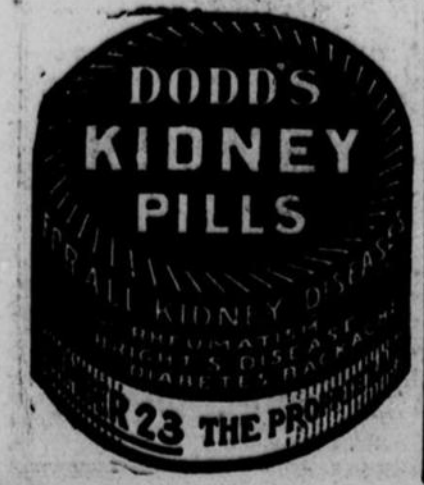
H. E. Lavigneur Tells Government Lighthouse Threatened at High Tide and Dangerous Situation to Navigation Would Result if Swept Away—Lemieux Again Referred to Labrie Case

Ottawa, June 9.—H. E. Lavigneur, (Quebec), in the House this afternoon called the attention of the Government to the dangerous condition resulting from the disrepair of wharves on the Island of Orleans, near Quebec. The lighthouse, he said, was threatened at high tide and, if swept away a serious situation for navigation would result.

Humorous scally. It was a novel method of escaping taxation, charged the doctor. "Try it!" retorted some of the French members opposite, and the House laughed heartily. Dr. Edwards declared that few of the Quebec rural residents would be subject to the taxation. The present exemption went far enough.

When the House went into committee for further consideration of the Income War-Tax Act, J. Archambault, (Chambly-Vercheres) proposed that the exemption allowance out of taxable income be made \$500 for each child, instead of \$200 as now provided. He estimated that the minimum figure for the upkeep of a child was now \$562 per year.

Dr. Edwards, (Frontenac) caused a ruffe in the Committee by declaring that Hon. Mr. Lemieux's speech was, when summed up, a plea to exempt French-Canadians from taxation. "Order! Order!" and "Sit down!" greeted his remark, but he proceeded when someone interjected a



METHODISTS CONFERENCE OVER

Montreal Methodists in Session at Kemptville Strongly Condemn Cigarette Habit

Kemptville, Ont., June 9.—The Montreal Methodist Conference which has been in session here for the last week concluded its work at noon today. The delegates are leaving for their respective districts this afternoon.

Towards the close of the session, a resolution dealing with cigarettes was adopted. Chairman of Districts elected included, Montreal, Rev. Robert Smith; Quebec, Rev. J. Selar; Stanstead, Rev. A. T. Jones, Waterloo, Rev. P. Pergau.

Following are the changes in the Province of Quebec made since the publication of the first drafts: Quebec District—East Angus, A. F. Shoran; Maribon, John Stark; Inverness, C. Adey.

Lindsay, Ont., June 9.—Edward Lucy, of Victoria Road, sustained injuries which later resulted in his death, when his horse took fright and ran away, jumping over a fence and throwing his rider off in such a manner that he alighted on his head and shoulders. He was picked up unconscious.

return through ignorance or mistaken fact. "They will be penalized for misrepresentation, not ignorance," he added. The House then went into committee upon the luxury taxes contained in the Budget. Sir Henry Drayton prefaced the consideration of the excise taxes with a brief statement.

BOURASSA SPOKE HERE YESTERDAY

Montrealer Delivered Aggressive Address to Crowded Audience in K. of C. Hall

Mr. Henri Bourassa, of Montreal, delivered an aggressive address last evening to the Knights of Columbus Hall, in his campaign which has been undertaken in the province of Quebec, in favor of the Catholic Press. The vest hall was packed to capacity.

Dr. Albert Jobin, former Liberal member for Quebec East, presented the speaker to his audience, and Mr. Bourassa said that if it were possible to abolish all papers he would be very happy and would not hesitate to do away with his own.

Because the Church was not attacked openly here, the speaker said, that was no reason for the Catholic Press not being in existence. On the contrary, it was absolutely necessary. Thousands here recalled memories of the "Canadian" which fought good and worthy fights for a number of years, but finally became a party paper.

Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—(By Can. Press)—The Canadian Bisley team to represent Canada for 1920 has been selected after competition in the various provinces. The party will sail from Montreal on June 12, on the Corsican, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel R. N. Beckett, of Quebec.

Colonel Beckett, upon whom has been conferred the honor of commanding the team, was chosen as representing the Royal Rifles of Canada. The men have all seen overseas service, and each of the Provinces are represented in the party, as follows: Ontario, seven; Manitoba, three; Quebec, Alberta, British Columbia and Lower Provinces two each and Saskatchewan one, making twenty in all who have been chosen for their good shooting.

MONKEY-WRENCH OF CONVENTION

Threat of Break in Republican Party Over the League of Nations

Chicago, Ill., June 9.—It looked tonight as if the League of Nations were likely to prove the monkey-wrench in the machinery of the Republican National Convention. For the present possible candidates are forgotten, the fight has switched to the League of Nations plank in the Republican platform, and tonight there was an open threat of a break in the party over this issue.

The ultimatum was brought in dramatic fashion at a conference of the leaders. It put the issue suddenly to the fore of all other questions, before the national convention not excepting even the nomination of a presidential candidate.

At the conference of leaders where the threat to split the party developed, Senators Borah, of Idaho; Brandegee, of Connecticut, and McCormick, of Illinois, represented the irreconcilables and former Senator W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, in past conventions a national leader, spoke for the group demanding a plank for the League with reservations.

St. Paul, Minn., June 9.—Several persons were killed, more than 100 injured and property losses that will aggregate hundreds of thousands of dollars, were today taken by a ten-hour wind and electrical storm that swept northwestern Minnesota and eastern North Dakota last night.

for which its soldiers died in the war. Mr. Walsh charged the Government with shirking its duty in dealing with the primary who did not "stick." He declared his opponents were using every means, including "gold" to shake the allegiance of his supporters and added that if the delegates broke away he would "take his case to the people."

ORLANDO FOR ACTIVE POLITICS

Resigns as Pres. of Chamber—Nitti Cabinet Out Following Bread Law Repeal

Rome, June 9.—Former Premier Vittorio Orlando resigned today as President of the Chamber of Deputies. Signor Orlando's resignation was announced by Vice-President Rosel, who was presiding, immediately after the conclusion of the reading of the minutes of the previous session at the beginning of the day's session.

A Rome despatch on June 2nd quoted the Giornale d'Italia as saying that confirmation had been received of a wish on the part of former Premier Orlando to abandon his position as President of the Chamber of Deputies.

Schenectady, N.Y., June 9.—Fourteen persons were dead at 9 o'clock tonight as a result of the rear-end collision on the New York Central three miles west of this city early this morning. One is said by hospital physicians to be dying.

St. Paul, Minn., June 9.—Several persons were killed, more than 100 injured and property losses that will aggregate hundreds of thousands of dollars, were today taken by a ten-hour wind and electrical storm that swept northwestern Minnesota and eastern North Dakota last night.

Senator Hiram Johnson, of California, today gave notice that he would take measures of reprisal against any delegate pledged to support in the primary who did not "stick." He declared his opponents were using every means, including "gold" to shake the allegiance of his supporters and added that if the delegates broke away he would "take his case to the people."

MEETING HELD LAST EVENING

Tenants' Association Held An Open-Air Gathering At the Jacques Cartier Market

The Tenants' Association held an open air meeting last evening at the Jacques Cartier Market that was attended by about two thousand people. The assembly was addressed by Mr. Belanger, the well-known labor leader who also addressed the gathering. Many eloquent speeches were made, and among the number of speakers was the President, Col. O. E. Talbot.

At the close of the meeting, an appeal was made to all to join the association, in order to make it as strong as possible, and when the meeting concluded, a large number joined.

Ottawa, June 9.—(By Canadian Press)—Replying to H. H. Stevens, Vancouver Centre, in the House this afternoon Sir George Foster said that the Government still had under consideration renewal of the powers of the Canada Wheat Board for another year. If it were decided to control the crop during the coming year, legislation will be necessary. It is the duty of the Canada Wheat Board, Sir George added, to secure the highest possible market price for wheat, having regard to the world market.

Montreal, Que., June 9.—Ten lashes of the cat-o-nine-tails and two years in the penitentiary was the sentence passed today on Jack Wilson, found guilty of assault on a little girl of eight.

Alkali in Shampoos Bad For The Hair. If you want to keep your hair looking its best, be careful what you wash it with. Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else, that contains too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

AUSTRIA IS NOW LAND OF MISERY

Prominent Red Cross Workers Describe Pitiful Conditions in Central Europe

Mrs. C. B. Waagen, Vice-President of the Province of Alberta Red Cross Society, who was Swiss Messenger on board the C. P. O. S. Empress of France, and who has spent the last six months on a holiday in Europe, during which time she travelled through France, Germany and Austria and attended the Red Cross Society Convention held in Geneva, Switzerland, in the beginning of March last, was seen shortly after the steamer arrived and asked to relate her experiences.

Mrs. Waagen was reluctant to have her name mentioned, though anxious in any way whatever to help along the cause of the Red Cross. Though Vice-President of the Alberta section of the Society, she said she was not in Europe to officially represent the Canadian Red Cross; nevertheless, being interested in the work, she made a thorough study of the Society's activities on the other side. She gave an appalling picture of the condition that prevails in Austria in consequence of the war and its aftermath, and spoke with enthusiasm of the good work that is being performed in that country by the Swiss Red Cross and the Swiss Quakers Embassy.

She said the greatest distress exists among the children; particularly in the larger cities, and dwell on the marvellous work being done in this connection by the Swiss Red Cross which was operating in fifty-nine districts of Austria, and that 5,000 Austrian children were being cared for in Sweden.

It was also resolved to extend operations of the Red Cross into Poland where there is said to be great suffering, and the Society was organizing in Switzerland to that end.

RIBBON WORTH 39c, FOR 24c. 150 pieces of Ribbon (a job); value 39c, for 24c. From now until Saturday, or as long as the lot lasts. MARCEAU & CO., 155 St. Joseph St. Jn. 11, 1124

COLONEL BECKETT COMMANDS TEAM

Royal Rifles of Canada Commanding officer in Charge of Bisley Team

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DRAMATIC ULTIMATUM

Resolutions Sub-Committee Seeking Middle Ground To Hold Party Together

The ultimatum was brought in dramatic fashion at a conference of the leaders. It put the issue suddenly to the fore of all other questions, before the national convention not excepting even the nomination of a presidential candidate.

At the conference of leaders where the threat to split the party developed, Senators Borah, of Idaho; Brandegee, of Connecticut, and McCormick, of Illinois, represented the irreconcilables and former Senator W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, in past conventions a national leader, spoke for the group demanding a plank for the League with reservations.

FOURTEEN KILLED IN REAR-END COLLISION

Statement Inferred That Dead Engineer Had Gone By Three Signals

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TERRIFIC WIND AND ELECTRICAL STORM

Several Killed, Over Hundred Injured and Heavy Property Losses Sustained

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IS STILL UNDER CONSIDERATION

Government Undecided About Renewing Powers of Wheat Board

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GETS THE LASH

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SUCCESSFUL MUSIC STUDENTS

The following pupils of Mr. H. Gordon Perry, recently passed successfully the written examinations in the Theory of Music, McGill Senior Grade, Miss Marion MacArthur; Junior Grade, Miss Pauline Morrison and Master Francis Simpson.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Hon. Treasurer of the Quebec Branch of the Navy League, Miss S. E. Bancroft acknowledges with thanks the following donations and fees:

Table with columns: Donations, Amount. Includes Mrs. F. W. Ross \$20.00, Mrs. Rancome 1.00, Mrs. Pennington 5.00, etc.

The Quebec Chronicle

Printed and published by the Chronicle Printing Company, 87 David Wilson, General Manager, at the building of the Company, 9 Grande Rue, Quebec, Subscriptions: Daily, \$4.00 per annum; Weekly, \$1.50 per annum; payable in advance. Advertisements 15 cents per square line each insertion.

QUEBEC, JUNE 10, 1920.

THE REAL FIGHT.

A correspondent of the Chronicle has drawn its attention to some very striking facts in connection with the efforts being made by the Harbor Commission to attract to the port of Quebec at least a part of the Western grain that is at present being exported through the United States each year.

He emphasizes the point, already clearly realized by the Harbor Commissioners, that the real fight is not one between this city and Montreal but between New York and Canadian sea-ports, since Montreal is not getting the export wheat business of the prairie provinces at all, or so little of it as not to be worth while.

Government returns show that during the previous six years, 1,000 million bushels of Canadian western grain were shipped by Fort William by water, of which 518 millions went to United States lake ports and then found their way for the most part to New York for export. The other 482 millions went to Port Colborne and the Georgian Bay ports in Canada, almost none going by water to Montreal.

A proportion, however, also found its way to the United States sea-ports for shipment and about 250 millions of it went to Canadian flour mills to feed the people of the Dominion. It can be seen, therefore, that the quantity of wheat from the prairie provinces exported from Canadian sea-ports was very small—so small in fact as to justify Senator Bennett's assertion in Parliament that four-fifths of it goes to New York.

As this gentleman observes, the lake route has proved a bitter disappointment to Canada in that it has taken away from us the very traffic to obtain which we had made such terrible financial sacrifices. Some light as to the cause of this shameful diversion to New York may be shed by a recent speech in the House of Commons by Dr. Edwards when he characterized the Grain Growers' Company as the most colossal profiteering concern in Canada and said that during the year 1916, its profits had been \$855,988, or sixty-two percent. In 1917, they were \$844,401 or forty-four percent.

The Grain Export Company of New York, a subsidiary, had made profits ranging as high as 220 percent. The Transcontinental Railway was built, contends our correspondent, for the express purpose of remedying such diversion by becoming a regulator of freight rates, and it has already proved its ability to do so, as also to bring the grain traffic to Canadian sea-ports.

The distance from Winnipeg, all rail, by the N.T.R. is 214 miles shorter than by the C.P.R., to Quebec and to the sea; 256 miles shorter than by the C.N.R., and 61 miles shorter to Quebec, than to Montreal by the C.P.R. The Quebec Board of Trade succeeded in having this point admitted after several years of hard fighting, when the Transcontinental Railway was completed, four years ago, and the result was that the tariffs between Quebec and Winnipeg, which had been discriminatory, were made the same as between Montreal and Winnipeg although, on a mileage basis, Quebec was really entitled to an advantage of five percent.

The special rate of 6 cents per bushel—equal to 11 cents from Winnipeg—to Quebec, made by Mr. Hayes in 1916, may not have been very profitable to the railway in itself but, combined with the rate from Winnipeg to Armstrong, it made a fair through rate, gave the railway a traffic that would otherwise have gone to its competitors, and gave the port of Quebec—while it lasted—the loading of many ocean steamers. The reason for instituting this rate was that, at that time, the rail and lake route from Winnipeg to New York was about 14 cents, so that the Quebec route had the advantage of 3 cents per bushel. What unpatriotic influence, inquires our correspondent, was used to cancel this rate and divert the grain traffic to New York?

Of course, he admits, rates are now higher and it costs more to operate the railways, but that affects the Americans just as much as it does us and the rate from Winnipeg to New York last year was over 17 cents. If, therefore, Mr. Hanna added the same increase to his rate, making it 14 cents from Winnipeg to Quebec, we would again have the advantage of 3 cents over New York, which would bring us the business. He doubts if a smaller margin would be safe on account of the advantage that the American port enjoys in marine insurance and ample ocean tonnage.

Neither Quebec nor Montreal will get that traffic unless lower freight rates are offered to those ports than to New York, and the only road that can profitably do this is the Transcontinental on account of its better grades and shorter mileage. Our correspondent therefore urges that the proper policy for Quebec to pursue is to insist that:

- 1. The Transcontinental be used for the purpose for which it was built, with a margin of 3 cents per bushel in favor of Quebec and Montreal against New York.
2. Quebec's ocean freight rate be 6 percent cheaper than the Montreal rate, to represent the saving to the ship in time, distance and expense.
3. The Government have marine insurance rates for Canadian sea-ports made the same as those of New York.

Mr. Hanna has it in his power, he concludes, through the magnificent railways and steamships that have been put in his hands for operation, to put an end to the disgrace from which Canada is suffering in the diversion to New York—for the benefit of American lake yards and railways, their crews, and American sea-ports and steamships—of a traffic, the cost of which to us is represented by the greater part of the national debt. But he will need courage to do it. He must break away from the old traditions of routing and recognize that the Transcontinental Railway by its saving of 214 miles in distance—not to speak of its better grades—has made Quebec a new distributing point for the ocean traffic of the Northwestern Provinces.

ESTABLISHING A BASIS.

A committee on Labor Relations appointed by the Chamber of Commerce of Cleveland, Ohio, has drawn up a declaration of principles with the aim of establishing a basis for proper labor relations in their community. The committee recognizes a mutuality of interest between investors, employers and employees, and holds that the interests of these classes, as well as the public interest, must be defined and protected.

In view of increased production being required to reduce prices, it is declared that employers should not intentionally restrict industrial output in order to create an artificial scarcity of labor, and should recognize the duty of the employer to adopt new and improved machinery and methods. It is recognized that employers should not restrict production in order to in-

crease prices, or introduce methods of production that are hurtful to the employees.

In fixing wages the following factors should be taken into consideration: cost of living; opportunity to advance standard of living; savings; loyalty, productivity—quality and quantity; initiative and individual skill; nature and hazard of the work; importance of the work performed; punctuality and steadiness; continuity of employment. As a general principle women should receive equal pay with men for equal work, but this must be qualified by the fact that costs of maintenance, overhead, supervision and turnover are generally higher in the case of women than of men.

Hours of work should be fixed at a point consistent with the physical well-being of the worker, providing adequate time for rest, recreation, home life and self-development, consistent with the public's economic requirements. The eight-hour day, or a weekly equivalent, is recognized as a standard. Overtime work should be discouraged, but where necessary, extra compensation for such work should be awarded. One day a week, preferably Sunday, should be provided as a holiday, and Saturday half-holiday should be encouraged.

Every effort should be made to perfect the conditions of employment, with special reference to sanitary conditions, heat, light, ventilation, safeguarding the health of workers and providing protection against, and treatment of industrial accidents and occupational diseases; suitable rest periods where necessary; and due warning to the worker if he is undertaking to perform a hazardous operation.

Provisions should be made permitting employees to appeal to higher officers in cases of unjust treatment or arbitrary discharge by their foremen or immediate superiors. Adequate advance notice should be given, whenever possible, to employees who must necessarily be laid off; likewise, an employee should give reasonable notice to his employer of his intention to leave. Proper industrial relations between employers and employees should be promoted, where possible, by means of representative negotiations or collective bargaining, though this should in no way interfere with the right of individual employees to negotiate directly with their employers.

Employers and employees should uphold in their integrity all arbitration awards or agreements thus entered into between them. Freedom of contract of employment must never be impaired, but employers should not discriminate in the employment or discharge of employees because of their membership in a trades or labor union; and employees should not arbitrarily insist that employment in any establishment be conditioned on membership or non-membership in a trades or labor union.

However, when employers and employees desire it, there should be nothing to prevent the making of an agreement between them for the maintenance of a union or non-union shop or department. Employers should keep their employees informed on the subject of business principles as affecting their mutual interests, especially the relation of wages and expense to costs and prices, and the necessity for an equitable return on invested capital.

Frankness in placing before employees business details necessary to prove these economic facts is advised. Employees should be equally frank in discussing with their employers matters affecting their conditions of employment and the interests of their industry. Violence, intimidation, ostracism, humiliation or blacklisting cannot be tolerated in labor relations on the part either of the employer or of the employees, and the laws respecting these practices should be fearlessly enforced.

Since the public's right to service is of primary interest, therefore public opinion should be a potent influence in the settlement of labor disputes, and should be brought to bear before either party resorts to strike or lockout; especially should this apply in cases of disputes in essential industries, government services, and public utilities, where the public's right to uninterrupted service is a primary consideration.

Some Things the Public Would Like to Know: (Pertinent Questions on Matters of General Public Interest are Invited)

What news about the attacks of Alderman Fiset on Chief of Police Trudel, in connection with the riots of 1917?

How soon Mountain Hill steps will be completely blocked by the increasing number of beggars?

Press Comment.

SOLDIERS' BEST FRIEND. (Toronto Star)

It is extremely doubtful if we shall see in Canada any Government or Parliament that will be as ready as those we have at present to accede as far as possible to the demands made by the returned soldiers.

The present Government and Parliament became so used to disbursing immense sums during the war, they became so familiar with the handling of millions, that no proposed expenditure daunts them. If or when these people quit office, the war period will end, and when they go out there will go with them the mood to spend, compensate and requite.

The next Parliament and Government will feel that the after-the-war era has begun. They will want to make a general clean-up and get on with new business, and set the country going on its new career.

The present Government having been in the war, having adopted and enforced conscription, having seen armies of men go away, and their shattered ranks return, must feel a more direct responsibility towards the returned soldiers—must feel a more direct responsibility in this whole matter—than any subsequent Government will feel as time goes on and the war recedes.

What the present Government of Canada refuses to the soldiers no Government later on is likely to grant.

AN OPPRESSIVE ANOMALY. (Birmingham Post)

Viscountess Astor wants legislation to enable a widow to marry the brother of her dead husband. She asked, in the British House of Commons, if the home secretary was aware of the urgent need for an alteration of the marriage laws to make it legal for a woman to marry her dead husband's brother. Our one lady M.P. has chosen a good cause to champion, which, as she pointed out, is of especial importance to thousands of war widows in this country. The legal bar of such unions is as unscriptural and as wrong from every point of view as was the long and obstinately upheld veto of marriage with a deceased wife's sister. No more palpable absurdity was ever perpetrated by a parliament of feeble compromisers than that the one disability should have been abolished without the other.

GREAT ANNIVERSARY SALE

1 cent - - 5 cents - - 10 cents THURSDAY the 10 - - FRIDAY the 11 - - SATURDAY the 12

THE PRICES OF PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS WILL SHORTLY BE INCREASED. ALL THEN SHOULD PROFIT BY THIS OCCASION. DO NOT FORGET THE WAR TAX.

SYRUP FOR COLDS. White Pine Syrup...25c; 2 for 30c Syrup Gauvin...25c; 2 for 30c Syrup Expectol...25c; 2 for 30c Syrup Epinette...25c; 2 for 35c Syrup Cerdire...25c; 2 for 35c Syrup Gaulron...25c; 2 for 35c Syrup Lambert...25c; 2 for 40c

TONICS. Prepared Cod Liver Oil, for...\$1.00; 2 for \$1.10 Iron and Beef Wine, for...\$1.00; 2 for \$1.10 Hypophosphite Syrup, for...\$1.00; 2 for \$1.10 Sarsaparilla...\$1.00; 2 for \$1.10 Cod Liver Oil Emulsion, for...\$1.00; 2 for \$1.10

TOILET. Toilet Soap...5c; 2 for 06c Toilet Soap...10c; 2 for 11c Toilet Soap...15c; 2 for 16c Toilet Soap...20c; 2 for 21c Toilet Soap...25c; 2 for 30c Tooth Paste...35c; 2 for 40c Talc Powder...25c; 2 for 40c

FAMILY MEDICINES. Glycerine...15c; 2 for 16c Boracic Acid...10c; 2 for 11c Medicine Salts...10c; 2 for 11c Sulphur...10c; 2 for 11c Lime Water...15c; 2 for 16c Carbolic Ointment...25c; 2 for 30c Iodine...25c; 2 for 30c Medicine for Corns...25c; 2 for 30c Ointment for Corns...25c; 2 for 30c Germicidal...25c; 2 for 30c Hydrogen Peroxide...25c; 2 for 30c Castor Oil...20c; 2 for 21c Drops for Toothache...15c; 2 for 16c Drops for Earache...20c; 2 for 21c Picric Acid...25c; 2 for 26c

SPECIAL. 500 lbs of Chocolate at 65c and 75c per lb; sold at...49c Miscellaneous Perfumes; 75c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2; per oz...60c

PILLS. Gin Pills...50c; 2 for 60c Fruit-a-tives...50c; 2 for 60c Bromo Quinine Pills...35c; 2 for 40c Aspirin Tablets...25c; 2 for 30c A.B.C.S. Tablets...25c; 2 for 30c Tablets for Digestion...50c; 2 for 60c Divers Cachets for Headaches...25c; 2 for 30c Neuralgia Powder...25c; 2 for 30c

Miscellaneous. Fig Syrup...25c; 2 for 35c Diarrhoeide...25c; 2 for 35c Extract of Strawberries...25c; 2 for 35c Extract of Mulberries...25c; 2 for 35c Worm Syrup...25c; 2 for 35c Dandruff Lotion...25c; 2 for 35c Castoria, A.D.S...35c; 2 for 40c

PLASTERS. Menthol. Fortifiant. Rex...25c, two for 30c. Belladone. Vichy Water...25c; 2 for 30c

All orders by telephone 7275 will be delivered in any part of the City. Our clients in the country ordering according to this advertisement may receive their merchandise at these prices on paying express charges.

GAUDETTE & MORIN Pharmacians-Druggists Telephone 7275. 367 ST. JOSEPH SEREET.

Correspondence.

BEAUPORT SEA-SHELLS To the Editor of the Chronicle, Sir:—

A recent item in your paper in regard to a large deposit of sea shells at Beauport attracted the attention of a number of my friends who happened to be present at an address on the Ice Age which I gave to the Mens' Society of the Cathedral some months ago and to the Mens' Society of St. Matthew's some weeks ago. I was asked if the deposit at Beauport was connected in any way with either the Leda Clays or the Saxicava Sands deposited in the Champlain Sea at the close of the Ice Age.

On Tuesday of this week Mr. Theo. C. Denis, Superintendent of Mines, and I visited Beauport to examine the deposit. It is undoubtedly a fine example of Saxicava Sands. Possibly a few details in regard to this deposit and its connection with the Champlain Sea may be of interest to a number of your readers.

The beds at Beauport are chiefly sand, but at a depth of a few feet the shells are so numerous that they have the appearance of being an almost compact mass. The principal shell is Saxicava rugosa. At a rough estimate one would say that there are a thousand shells of Saxicava rugosa in the mass to one of the other few species (Tellina, Natica, etc.), represented. It is this predominance of Saxicava in these sands throughout the Province which gave them the name Saxicava Sands, just as the clays in the lower parts of the St. Lawrence lowland plain are called Leda Clays, because of the predominance of several species of Leda. In Sir William Dawson's "Canadian Ice Age" (1893) there is an extensive list of the rarer species of shells found either in the Leda Clays or the Saxicava Sands. The characteristic shells in both cases are of species living now in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, those of the Leda Clays inhabiting the deeper waters and those of the Saxicava Sands the shallower waters.

From the nature of the Saxicava sand, it is obvious that it is for the most part a shallow-water deposit, belonging to the period of the emergence of the land; and it must have been originally a marginal and bank deposit, depending much for its distribution on the movement of tides and currents. (Sir William Dawson).

The Champlain Sea was the last stage of the Glacial Period or Ice Age. That period as a whole probably lasted half a million years or more; the Champlain Sea stage possibly fifteen thousand years or more. The St. Lawrence Valley and adjoining areas sank about 600 feet.

FASHIONABLE STORE T. D. Dubuc Formerly Donohue's Store

Children's Wash Dresses

Pretty White and Voile Dresses, trimmed in fine embroidery and laces, and ornamented with ribbon bows; sizes from 1 to 14 years. Children's Tub Dresses, made of checks and striped Gingham, in a variety of smart styles and colors. Rompers, white and colored, in new models; sizes from 1 to 6 years. A great selection of charming models, in Summer Dresses, displaying up-to-date ideas, are at your choice. —Georgette Crepe Dresses, —Printed Voile Dresses, —Taffeta Dresses, —Organdy Dresses, —Tricolette Dresses, —Crepe de Chine Dresses, Gingham Dresses.

T. D. Dubuc 188 and 194 St. John Street

WHITE FOOTWEAR. Come and see our assortment of White Footwear. We have them at reasonable prices for all members of the family. MARCEAU & CO., 155 St. Joseph St. Jn. 3, 10, 11, 12

CHINIC HARDWARE COMPANY St. Peter Street, Lower Town. Branch: 88 Fabrique St. Upper Town. GARDEN HOSE and REELS LAWN MOWERS, GRASS SHEARS. WATER-WEIGHT LAWN ROLLERS (Dunham). WHEELBARROWS. AGRICULTURAL TOOLS of all descriptions. POULTRY NETTING. WINDOW FLY SCREENS. GENERAL and HEAVY HARDWARE.

NEW BOOK "NOW IT CAN BE TOLD," By PHILIP GIBBS.

Philip Gibbs has startling things to say that he could not tell the world until now, and he has singled the permanent values out of the bewildering world panorama of the past few years. He comes with a new vision to which the world is just awakening.

P. J. EVOY, BOOKSELLER. Phone 172. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given to the shareholders of La Compagnie de L'Auditorium de Quebec that a special general meeting will be held at the office of the Company in the Auditorium Building on June 14, 1920, at five o'clock of the afternoon, for the purpose of discussing the question of a new bond issue. Quebec, June 4, 1920. La Compagnie de L'Auditorium de Quebec, Limitee, R. LANDRIEU, Secretary.

IMPROVED C. P. R. TRAIN SERVICE BETWEEN QUEBEC AND MONTREAL. In order to take proper care of the heavy traffic in and out of Quebec, this summer, the Canadian Pacific Railway have arranged the following schedule of trains between Quebec and Montreal: Times shown below are Eastern Standard Time. To convert to daylight saving time, add one hour. Trains leave Palais Station, Quebec, as follows:

7:50 a.m.—Local. Daily except Sunday. For Trois Rivières and Montreal. Intermediate stations. Arrives Montreal, Place Viger Station, 2:20 p.m. 7:50 a.m.—Local. Sunday only. For Trois Rivières and intermediate stations. 8:00 p.m.—"The Frontenac." Daily. For Montreal. The only stops are at Pont Rouge, Portneuf (be flag to pick up passengers), Batiscan, Trois Rivières, Berthier Jct., Lanoraie, St. Martin's Jct., Montreal West, Westmount. Arrives at Montreal, Windsor Street station, 7:15 p.m. 8:30 p.m.—Local. Daily except Sunday. For Trois Rivières and intermediate stations. 4:30 p.m.—"The Viger." Daily except Sunday. For Montreal (4:15 p.m. Place Viger Stn.), Trois Rivières, Yamachiche, Louiseville, Lanoraie, St. Martin Jct., Laval des Rapids (stop to let off passengers from Quebec and Trois Rivières), Mile End, Montreal. Arrives Montreal, Place Viger at 9:20 p.m. 10:45 p.m.—Local. Daily. For Montreal and intermediate stations. Arrives Montreal, Place Viger Station at 5:50 a.m. Trains Arrive at Palais Station, Quebec, as follows: 5:30 a.m.—Local. Daily. From Montreal (10:45 p.m. Place Viger Stn.), and intermediate stations. 8:30 a.m.—Local. Daily except Sunday. From Trois Rivières (6:00 a.m.), and intermediate stations. 1:55 p.m.—Local. Except Sunday. From Montreal (7:50 a.m. Place Viger Stn.), and intermediate stations. 3:00 p.m.—"The Frontenac." Daily. From Montreal (9:4 a.m. Windsor Street station), stopping only at St. Martin Jct., Lanoraie Berthier Jct., Louiseville and Batiscan (6:15 p.m.). Trois Rivières, Batiscan and Pont Rouge (to let off from Montreal and Trois Rivières) and to let on for Quebec), La Perade and Pont Rouge (to let on from Montreal and Trois Rivières), Portneuf, C.P.R. Ticket Agents will gladly furnish additional information on request. Jn. 3, 11

LEGAL NOTICE. CANADA. Province of Quebec, District of Quebec Superior Court No. 1871. Louis Fardreau, laborer, of St. Adolphe de Stoneham, Plaintiff, vs. Dame Mary Ann Whelan, of the city of Westboro in the province of Ontario, separated as to property from Charles Edward Clark, of the city of Westboro in the province of Ontario, and the said Charles Edward Clark, to assist and authorize his said wife to present herself. Defendant. It is ordered that the defendant appear within one month after the last publication of this notice in the Quebec Chronicle and L'Evenement. (Signed) Amd. Robitaille, F.G.B. Prothonotary's Office, Quebec, June 5, 1920. True copy, Bedard and Flynn, Attorneys for Plaintiff. June 10, 1920

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" on Aspirin is like Sterling on silver. It positively identifies the only genuine Aspirin...

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC Savings Bank, Quebec. Its special object is to receive and secure the deposits of sums however small they may be to help creating provident habits.

DIED. COFFEY—At St. Sauveur, on 7th of June, 1920, at the age of 65 years, Henry Peter Coffey, son of the late Michael Coffey.

Z. F. ROY Leather Goods Specialist. Trunks and Travelling Bags. 43 St. John St. Phone 6895.

AUDITORIUM—ALL THIS WEEK—VAUDEVILLE AND PICTURES.

VICTORIA TODAY MAY ALLISON in "THE WALK-OFFS" Comedy—Serial—Weekly.

THE EMPIRE TODAY "BRIGHT SKIES" Also Episode 3 "THE LOST CITY" Comedy, Etc.

CLASSIC Take Maple Ave. car to De Salaberry Street. TODAY Harry Morey in "THE FLAMING CLUE"; "Traded by Three"...

Interesting and Pleasant Evening Assured Musical and Dramatic Program in the Cathedral Church Hall, Garden Street, on Thursday, 10th, at 8:15.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS OF THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

At Montreal, in the Knights of Columbus Hall, 354 Sherbrooke St. East, the Credentials Committee will assemble on Tuesday, July 13, 1920, at 10 in the morning.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN POLICE FORCED THEIR WAY IN Man Removed From House and Transported to Hotel Dieu Hospital Last Night

While the open air meeting of the Tenants' Association was going on last evening, some little commotion was caused when the police were seen making their way through the crowd and breaking the window of a house on Du Roi Street...

Swimming Schedule, 1920. Monday... 3-6 and 7-9 Tuesday... 3-6 and 7-9 Wednesday... 10:30-12:00 a.m. Thursday... 3-6 and 7-9 Friday... 10:30-12:00 a.m. Saturday... 3:30-5:00 and 7-9

Do not forget the dance at the Kent House this evening. Music by The Quebec Harmony Club.

SPECIAL FOR TODAY. 150 dozen of Silk Stockings in black, white and tan; regular value 75c. On sale today at 39c, or 3 pairs for \$1.00.

SIR H. B. AMES WAS RETICENT Would Not Anticipate Statement in Commons on the League of Nations

Sir Herbert B. Ames, M.P., of Montreal, Financial Administrator of the League of Nations, who arrived out on the Empress of France yesterday, was interviewed on the arrival of the steamer at the Louise Docks...

THROWN THROUGH A WIND-SCREEN Mr. St. George Boswell Met Unpleasant Accident in His Motor Car

Mr. St. George Boswell, C.E., Chief Engineer of the Quebec Harbor Commissioners, met with a painful accident on Tuesday afternoon last, that is likely to confine him to his residence for a few days.

SUPERIOR COURT ACTION Case of Johnson vs. News Pulp & Paper Co., Adjourned Till This Afternoon

Several more witnesses were heard for the plaintiff yesterday in the action taken by Mrs. Johnson against the News Pulp and Paper Company following whose evidence, Mr. L. A. Taschereau, K.C., stated that he had no evidence to address for the defence.

COURT OF SESSIONS. Pleading guilty in the Court of Sessions yesterday to a charge of stealing a revolver and a quantity of cartridges from a camp belonging to Mr. E. Blodreau, a man named P. Enrie Larivee was remanded to jail pending sentence.

Cars leave the Montmorency Station at 8:00, 8:30 and 9:00 this (Thursday) evening, for Kent House. Take one and enjoy the dancing with special music by the Quebec Harmony Club.

FIRE FIGHTERS WERE KEPT BUSY Fires on Board Lady Evelyn, And at Quebec Cartage Company's Yard

Damage to the extent of about one thousand dollars was caused through a fire which broke out at 3 o'clock yesterday morning on board the S.S. Evelyn, berthed at the Point a Carcy Wharf, and owned by Gulf of St. Lawrence Shipping & Trading Company.

COMMISSION WILL DO NOTHING MORE Demands of Employees Just—Levis Tramways Powerless—Concessions Needed

The Public Utilities Commission presided over by Colonel Hibbard, C.C., in session at the Court House, yesterday morning ended a discussion in the care of the National Telephone Company and the Levis Railway Company.

One of the largest open-air dancing pavilions in Canada (a splendid floor) and Harry's Jazz Band at the Island tonight.

FUNERAL OF LATE MRS. ELIZABETH TURCOTTE The funeral of the late Mrs. Elise Turcotte took place yesterday morning from her late residence to the Basilica and was attended by a large concourse of relatives and friends of the deceased lady.

The musical portion of the Mass was rendered by the Basilica choir, solos being rendered by Messrs. Gravel and Gagnon. Rev. Henry Gagnon presiding at the organ.

FANCY DRESSES FOR THE SUMMER. For your Summer wear, be sure to see our large assortment of Muslin, in many pretty designs, at the lowest prices in the city.

DINNER PARTY AT THE CITADEL Duke and Duchess of Devonshire Entertained at Dinner Last Evening

The arrival in Quebec of their Excellencies the Governor-General and the Duchess of Devonshire and the Vice-Royal party has been noted with great pleasure in social circles. It means a new stimulus in the social functions of the city for their Excellencies are well known for their hospitality at the Citadel, and their entertainments are always social events of importance.

DOG SHOW HERE Will Be Held at Exhibition Grounds June 23-24, By the Quebec Kennel Club

The list of prizes offered by the Quebec Kennel Club for the dog show which will be held at the Quebec Exhibition Grounds on the 23rd and 24th instants is now open to inspection and anyone may see it by applying to the temporary office of the "Quebec Kennel Club" room 28, City Hall.

"TIZ" PUTS JOY IN SORE, AGING FEET "My, how 'Tiz' gladdens tired, swollen, burning feet — It's glorious.

PRISON HIS REGULAR HOME Hamilton, Ont., June 9.—Wm. Kelly, who has spent about sixteen years behind prison bars, goes back to the penitentiary for three more years.

NOT TAX RETURNED MEN? Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—(Canadian Press).—A five year exemption for returned soldiers from taxation under this year's budget is proposed in a resolution to be submitted to the Commons Friday by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux.

Doctors recommend the Sea air; tourists "rave about" the Island, and all music lovers select Harry's Jazz Band. Take the boat at 7:45 for the Island tonight.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Dr. H. Fletcher In Use For Over 30 Years

CITY OF LEVIS For Sale \$50,000.00 of debentures of the City of Levis at the rate of 5 1/2 p.c., dating from April 1st, 1920, and redeemable April 1st, 1930, these debentures are sold at the price of \$98 per \$100, in lots of \$500, and \$100.

The GREAT ONE CENT SALE THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITY OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC TO REDUCE THE HIGH COST OF LIVING.

JOLICOEUR'S PHARMACY (2 Stores) 338 St. John Street and, 29 Buade Street

THE LATEST AND MOST INTERESTING... THE QUEBEC CHRONICLE

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THE LATEST AND MOST INTERESTING... THE QUEBEC CHRONICLE

TED LEWIS KNOCKED OUT JOHNNY BASHAM

LATEST IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL RESULTS

AQUASCUTUM

The finest RAIN COATS produced. Made in London, England.

We will sell for a few days: AQUASCUTUM COATS, Over \$50.00... 20 p.c. reduction AQUASCUTUM COATS, Under \$50.00... 10 p.c. reduction

Avail yourself of this opportunity to secure one of England's famous RAIN COATS at these reduced figures.

We have received some new styles in LADIES' RAIN COATS, which we are selling at an extremely low figure.

John Darlington Reg'd

Opposite Post Office.

RING UP 6400

We have just received a big consignment of the famous FRENCH LIQUORS of the House "MARIE BRIZARD, & ROGER," Bordeaux.

Telephone at once for a bottle of the following marks:

- Apricot Brandy, Anisette, Blackberry Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Creme de Menthe, Cacao Chouca, Parfait Amour, Kummel, Creme de Rose, Peppermint Vert, Mandarine, Curacao, Creme de Violette, Peach Brandy.

GEORGES PATRY,

"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY," 22 Fabrique Street QUEBEC.

RESOLUTE WON AGAIN

FROM THE VANITIES Newport, R.I., June 9—Resolute defeated Vanitie again today in the official try-outs for America's Cup defense honors.

A BIRD CENSUS

For six years past, the field forces of the United States Department of Agriculture have been out numbering the birds, and granting that the results are not as exact and categorical as those of the human census, they are doubtless near enough for the purpose of determining the extent and habitat of the bird population.

acres near Washington, District of Columbia, where the enumerators seem to have located the densest population. In New England, though the birds are found to average something more than one pair to the acre, and the most numerous are the gallant robin redbreasts.

A small, crawling without a pause, would occupy fourteen days and five hours to travel a mile.

BRITISH TITLE HOLDER BEATEN

Two Americans Remain in British Amateur Championship Competition

Muirfield, Scotland, June 9—The pre-eminent feature of the third day's play in the British amateur golf championship today was the elimination of J. L. C. Jenkins, holder of the championship title since 1914, by Bernard Wragg, of Wootley, in the fourth round.

Only two contestants from the United States remained in the running at the opening of the fourth round, but at the conclusion of this day, Robert A. Gardner, of the Hinsdale Golf Club, Chicago, was the sole survivor.

TED 'KID' LEWIS K.O.'D BASHAM

British Welterweight Champion Defeated in the Ninth Round by Former Holder

London, June 9—Ted "Kid" Lewis, defeated Johnny Basham, the British welterweight champion, in their fight for the welterweight championship of Europe tonight.

BLUE BONNETS RESULTS

Montreal, Que., June 9—Results: First race, two-year-old maidens, 4 1/2 furlongs—Mad May, 11 1/2, Claver, \$5.00, out, out, won; b-Rosary, 11 1/2, Butwell, out, out, second; War Tank, 11 1/2, Rodriguez, out, third.

SPORTING NOTES

Cincinnati dropped some ground in the National League yesterday. They were defeated by New York, while the Brooklyn Dodgers were winning from the St. Louis Cardinals.

Johnny Kibane, the world's featherweight champion, is going to help the American Olympic Fund. He will meet Artie Root in a feature bout in Cleveland, July 3.

St. Patrick's and C. P. R. Checkers will meet in a friendly game at the Exhibition Grounds this evening.

Joe Williams, the Quebec boxer, is expected to be engaged in a ring scrap in the city in the near future, possibly at the end of next week.

Toronto gained more ground on the Buffalo Bisons in the International League yesterday, defeating Akron while the Bisons were meeting defeat at the hands of rather the bats of Rochester.

St. Jules Lenares, the sparring partner of Georges Carpentier, gives out that he is going to engage in several bouts on this side of the Atlantic after Georges and Battling Levinsky meet.

There was only one extra inning game in the big leagues yesterday, Boston defeating the Pittsburgh Pirates by 7 to 6 in ten frames.

LEE MAGEE HAS LOST HIS SUIT

Jury Returned a Verdict in Favor Of the Chicago Cubs Yesterday

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 9—The jury in the trial of Lee Magee, Cincinnati baseball player, in his suit against the Chicago National League baseball club for \$9,500, returned a verdict for the defendant in the United States District Court here late today.

The jury deliberated about an hour before it reached a decision. Robert Acorn, attorney for Magee announced after the verdict had been rendered that the case would be appealed.

Magee, who formerly played with the Cincinnati, Brooklyn, Chicago Nationals and other major league clubs, charged that he was released by the Chicago National without just cause last February, thereby deprived of earning a living as a professional baseball player.

Magee admitted on the witness stand that he had made a bet on the first game of a double-header played in Boston on July 25, 1914, and was under the impression that the bet was placed on the Cincinnati team, on which club he was then playing.

Jimmy Costello, a Boston pool-room proprietor, testified that Magee proposed to him to "tom the game" and president John Heydler, of the National League, and President William Veeck, of the Chicago Nationals, stated on the witness stand that Magee had made a "midnight confession" to them in which he said he desired to make a clean breast of the entire matter.

Judge John W. Peck, in his charge to the jury said: "The jury must bear in mind the necessity of keeping baseball free from trickery and fraud and also the necessity of upholding the public confidence in baseball contest."

SHAMROCK GOT TUNING UP SPIN

Challenger Appears To Be a Dangerous Craft in Light Weather

City Island, N.Y., June 9—Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock IV, challenger for the America's Cup in the international yacht races off Sandy Hook next month, was given a tuning-up spin under "heavy weather" canvas on Long Island Sound today.

The 23-meter Shamrock was up on the ways today, being painted and polished after her long ocean voyage. Her underbody showed her to be a conventionally designed yacht.

The 23-meter Shamrock was up on the ways today, being painted and polished after her long ocean voyage. Her underbody showed her to be a conventionally designed yacht.

The fund was raised under the leadership of the Duke Decases, Pres. of the National Sporting Club of France.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE At Toronto—R. H. E. Akron000200000—5 7 1 Toronto1013310x—12 19 2 Batteries—Lambeth, Hill and Walker; Shea and Sandberg.

At Jersey City—R. H. E. Syracuse000000001—1 3 1 Jersey City11200000x—4 12 1 Batteries—Buckley and Neiberger; Ferguson and Freitag.

At Reading—R. H. E. Baltimore300510000—9 13 0 Reading091010000—4 9 2 Batteries—Gogden and Egan; Barnhardt, Karpp and Konnick, Cook.

At Buffalo—R. H. E. Buffalo010000000—1 9 4 Rochester020101000—4 10 3 Batteries—Rogers and Bruetz; Burfield and Manning.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING Won. Lost. P.C. Buffalo 31 15 .673 Toronto 29 18 .642 Baltimore 29 17 .626 Akron 23 19 .547 Reading 21 23 .477 Jersey City 18 26 .409 Rochester 17 30 .362 Syracuse 11 33 .250

At New York—R. H. E. Cincinnati000000400—4 9 0 New York20012100x—6 10 1 Batteries—Ewing and Rariden; Neff and Smith.

At Brooklyn—R. H. E. St. Louis000020000—2 7 2 Brooklyn01001010x—3 5 1 Batteries—Doak and Clemons; Pfeffer and Miller.

At Philadelphia—R. H. E. Chicago000000100—1 4 0 Philadelphia10110100x—2 5 1 Batteries—Tyler and O'Farrell; Smith and Wheat, Tragosser.

At Boston—R. H. E. Pittsburgh002200001—4 9 2 Boston090011021x—7 16 1 Batteries—Adams, Hamilton and Schmidt; Oeschger, Fillingim and Gowdy.

DEMPSEY'S WIFE ON THE STAND

Testimony Was Ruled Out at Yesterday's Sitting of the Court

San Francisco, Cal., June 9—Testimony of Mrs. Maxine Dempsey, former wife of Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion pugilist, in regard to confidential communication between them while they were married was ruled out at his trial here today on charges of evading the draft.

Defense counsel declared the court ruling practically barred the champion's former wife from testifying. Prosecution attorneys said they would endeavor to call her at stand during the trial.

Mrs. Maxine Dempsey occupied the witness stand today while attorneys argued admissibility of her testimony.

The prosecution claimed she was not Dempsey's wife when his questionnaire was made out, although it said he was supporting her. Dempsey's attorneys contended she was his wife, and, as such, could not testify against him.

The court ruled out prosecution evidence intended to show she had not obtained a final decree of divorce from George Grashoff, Salt Lake City, when she married Dempsey.

SHAMROCK GOT TUNING UP SPIN

Challenger Appears To Be a Dangerous Craft in Light Weather

City Island, N.Y., June 9—Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock IV, challenger for the America's Cup in the international yacht races off Sandy Hook next month, was given a tuning-up spin under "heavy weather" canvas on Long Island Sound today.

The 23-meter Shamrock was up on the ways today, being painted and polished after her long ocean voyage. Her underbody showed her to be a conventionally designed yacht.

The 23-meter Shamrock was up on the ways today, being painted and polished after her long ocean voyage. Her underbody showed her to be a conventionally designed yacht.

The fund was raised under the leadership of the Duke Decases, Pres. of the National Sporting Club of France.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE At Toronto—R. H. E. Akron000200000—5 7 1 Toronto1013310x—12 19 2 Batteries—Lambeth, Hill and Walker; Shea and Sandberg.

At Jersey City—R. H. E. Syracuse000000001—1 3 1 Jersey City11200000x—4 12 1 Batteries—Buckley and Neiberger; Ferguson and Freitag.

At Reading—R. H. E. Baltimore300510000—9 13 0 Reading091010000—4 9 2 Batteries—Gogden and Egan; Barnhardt, Karpp and Konnick, Cook.

At Buffalo—R. H. E. Buffalo010000000—1 9 4 Rochester020101000—4 10 3 Batteries—Rogers and Bruetz; Burfield and Manning.

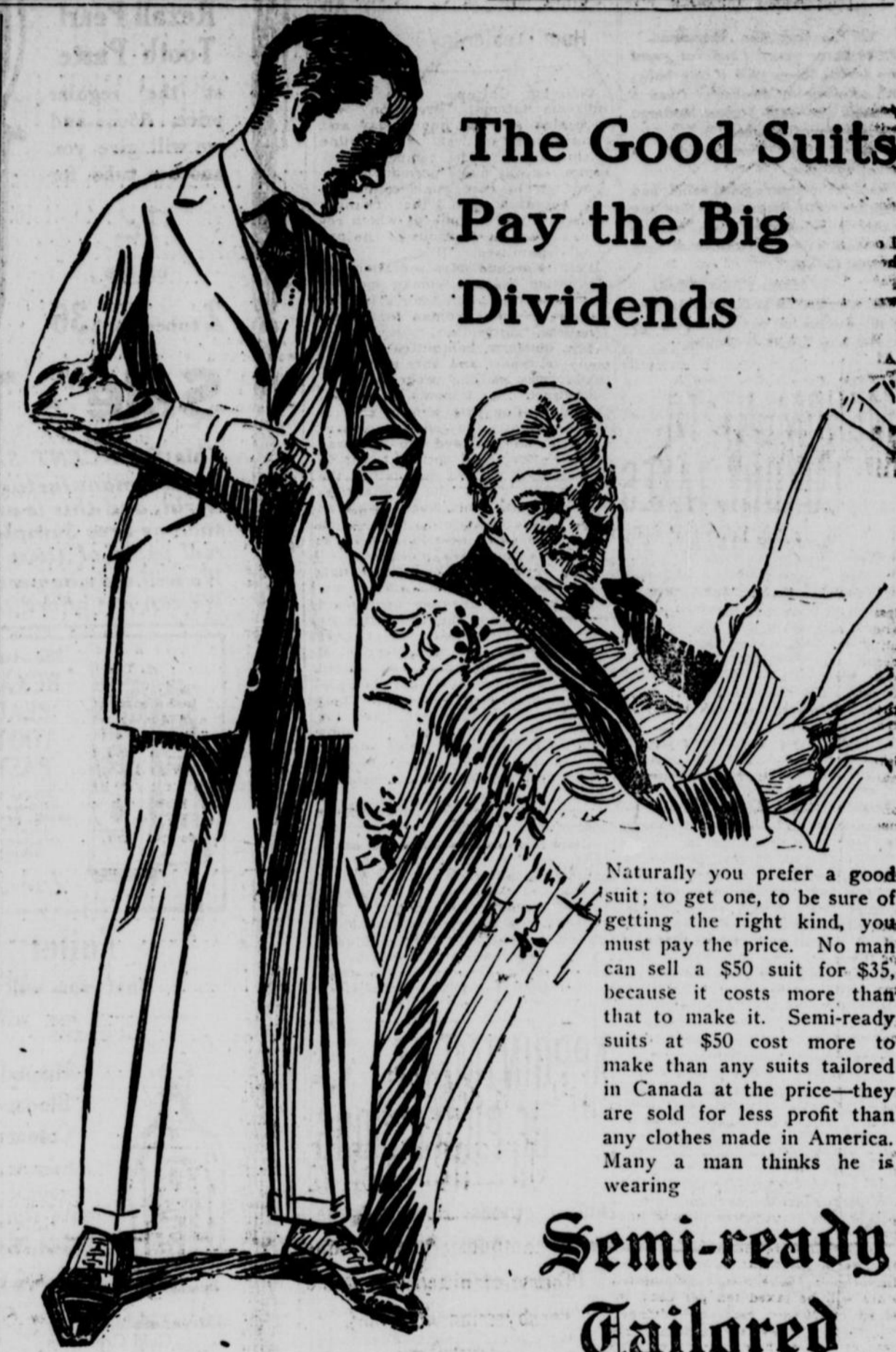
INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING Won. Lost. P.C. Buffalo 31 15 .673 Toronto 29 18 .642 Baltimore 29 17 .626 Akron 23 19 .547 Reading 21 23 .477 Jersey City 18 26 .409 Rochester 17 30 .362 Syracuse 11 33 .250

At New York—R. H. E. Cincinnati000000400—4 9 0 New York20012100x—6 10 1 Batteries—Ewing and Rariden; Neff and Smith.

At Brooklyn—R. H. E. St. Louis000020000—2 7 2 Brooklyn01001010x—3 5 1 Batteries—Doak and Clemons; Pfeffer and Miller.

At Philadelphia—R. H. E. Chicago000000100—1 4 0 Philadelphia10110100x—2 5 1 Batteries—Tyler and O'Farrell; Smith and Wheat, Tragosser.

At Boston—R. H. E. Pittsburgh002200001—4 9 2 Boston090011021x—7 16 1 Batteries—Adams, Hamilton and Schmidt; Oeschger, Fillingim and Gowdy.



The Good Suits Pay the Big Dividends

Naturally you prefer a good suit; to get one, to be sure of getting the right kind, you must pay the price. No man can sell a \$50 suit for \$35, because it costs more than that to make it.

Semi-ready Tailored Clothes

when he is not. The Signet of Surety is sewn in the pocket—the label and the price clearly stated. Always look for it,—values from \$35 to \$65. Semi-ready Tailored Suits are designed in good style and tailored with precise silk stitched and perfect inside tailoring.

GEO. MORISSETTE, St. Joseph and d'Youville Streets. JULES GAUVIN, 183 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch's.

FARM TRACTORS UNDERWENT TEST

Trials Were Held in England to Let Farmers Judge Most Efficient Type

London, June 9—There has recently come to hand the official report of the important demonstrations of the farm tractors which took place in Lincoln last year.

The war-time necessity for the far greater production of food from the country's own soil, coupled with the decrease in the amount of labor available, were the factors which turned to tractors for help.

and Traders had secured six eminent and successful practical farmers, members of the Council of National Farmers Union, to act as judges of the trials, and in order that the engineering side should not be neglected a prominent consulting engineer, who specializes in tractor design was engaged to make exhaustive examination of the structural features of the machines.

The attendance at the trials filled the most sanguine expectations, and the majority of those present appeared to be farmers keenly and critically interested in the work of the various machines. On the day when heavy land was plowed, the soil had not quite recovered from the effects of the rain which had fallen two days previously, and some of the fields provided a severe test of plowing under such conditions.

The scene of the trials was Carlton and Burton, about 2 1/2 miles out of Lincoln. One afternoon was devoted to the cultivating of land previously plowed, and demonstrations of threshing and hauling were also given. In the two large aeroplane hangars belonging to the South Carlton aerodrome, an exhibition of agricultural machinery and accessories was staged by 43 leading firms.

The machines entered for the trials included four-wheel tractors, three-wheel tractors, self contained motor plows and crawler track tractors. One novelty—which was not entered in the trials, but which was at work in a field nearby—was a set of plowing tackle worked by motors instead of usual steam engines.

The price is about one-third of the cost of a set of steam tackle, but it did half the work, plowing four burrows instead of the usual eight. The high price of this tackle, of course, makes it only suitable for large farms.

Considerable interest was shown in one of the British tractors. Through standardization and low profits the cost compared very favorably with American competitors. This British tractor plows three furrows 10 inches wide and 4 inches deep on the heaviest land, and could also be used for cultivating, for threshing and for hauling. When used for the latter purpose, covers with rubber studs are fitted to the wheels.

Send your SUITS to be CLEANED —to— Alfred Bergeron CLEANER, 79 BRIDGE STREET, Orders called for and Delivered. Tel. 7965

Table with columns for American League and National League, listing teams and statistics.

Table titled 'Major League Baseball at a Glance' showing standings for American and National Leagues.

Table with columns for American League and National League, listing teams and statistics.

AMENDMENT TO LUXURY TAXES

AMENDMENT TO LUXURY TAXES (Continued from Page One.) less; also confectionery described and known as gross goods as sold to children at one cent each. These excise taxes not to apply to candy at any time when sold by the manufacturer in bulk. On chewing gum or substitutes therefor, the tax is reduced from ten to three per cent. Further suggestions will be made later with reference to pianos, organs and other musical instruments. It is proposed to increase the tax on automobiles adapted for passenger use, retailing at \$5,000 each, from 15 to 20 per cent. According to customs decisions, the resolutions providing for an increased tax of \$2 per gallon on spirits, lime juice or fruit juices, tinctures and medicines means a tax of \$4 on lime juices, medicine and perfumes, as the tax is held to be cumulative. It is proposed that this tax shall not be cumulative; that there shall be only one advance on the present rates for the alcoholic contents in lime juices, patent medicines, etc., of \$2 in place of \$4. A reduction is also proposed to be made on imported medicinal or medicated wines, vermouth and ginger wines, and patent and proprietary medicines containing not more than 40 per cent. of proof spirits, from 30 to 20 per cent. It is proposed to abandon the present stamp taxes now collected on patent and proprietary medicines, perfumery, etc. Other changes include the exemption from an taxation of books for lumbermen, fishermen and miners. Furs will be taxed ten per cent. instead of 20 per cent. as originally provided. Clocks and watches in excess of \$10 each will be taxed. Tax on Oriental rugs reduced from 20 to 15 per cent. Ten per cent. on corsets, in excess of \$5. Knitted sweaters in excess of \$15. Playing cards sold at \$24 per gross pack or less, are to be taxed 15 cents per pack. From \$24 to \$36 per gross packs, the tax is 25 cents per pack, and over \$36 per gross packs the tax is 50 cents per pack. Cigarette and cigar holders, pipes, smoking sets, etc., are brought under the heading of jewelry taxable at 20 per cent., as are gold and silver mounted pens and pencils, pocket-knives, hunting and bowie knives, etc., silver and gold deposit ware, etc. A branch of a departmental store, or any firm or corporation whose chief business is selling jewelry will be required to take out a license and pay a tax of 10 per cent. on total sales. The House rose at 12:20 a.m.

ONLY ROUTINE PRELIMINARIES

ONLY ROUTINE PRELIMINARIES Republican Convention in Session Not More Than An Hour Yesterday Coliseum, Chicago, June 9.—Republican National Convention was in session only an hour today and devoted itself entirely to routine preliminaries. The temporary organization was made permanent by report of the credentials committee as approved with the changes made last night, some of which reversed previous decisions of the national committee. For its second day session the convention heard a woman speaker, Mrs. Margaret Hill McCarter of Kansas, the first woman to address a national convention. The platform committee was not ready to report and only sent word that it was making progress. Chauncey M. Depew, entertained the convention with a brief address apparently the convention management had decided to do away with the string of speakers who in previous years have entertained the convention while the committees were working, for there were no other "entertainment" speakers on hand. The next session will be at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning. The report of the Credentials Committee was adopted without dissent and the convention next heard the report from the committee on Permanent Organization. It was presented by Governor Morrow of Kentucky its chairman. As agreed upon it recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent. The convention liked the idea of saving time and escaping another keynote speech and adopted the motion with cheers. Senator Lodge got another demonstration when he stepped forward. This time as permanent chairman of the convention. "The best way to show my gratitude to the convention for its action" said Senator Lodge, "will be to tell you there will be no speech by the Permanent Chairman." The convention acknowledged its appreciation of that with more applause. Paul Newland of Cleveland, O., presented the report of the committee on Rules and Order of Business. "A reduction is also proposed to be made on imported medicinal or medicated wines, vermouth and ginger wines, and patent and proprietary medicines containing not more than 40 per cent. of proof spirits, from 30 to 20 per cent. It is proposed to abandon the present stamp taxes now collected on patent and proprietary medicines, perfumery, etc. Other changes include the exemption from an taxation of books for lumbermen, fishermen and miners. Furs will be taxed ten per cent. instead of 20 per cent. as originally provided. Clocks and watches in excess of \$10 each will be taxed. Tax on Oriental rugs reduced from 20 to 15 per cent. Ten per cent. on corsets, in excess of \$5. Knitted sweaters in excess of \$15. Playing cards sold at \$24 per gross pack or less, are to be taxed 15 cents per pack. From \$24 to \$36 per gross packs, the tax is 25 cents per pack, and over \$36 per gross packs the tax is 50 cents per pack. Cigarette and cigar holders, pipes, smoking sets, etc., are brought under the heading of jewelry taxable at 20 per cent., as are gold and silver mounted pens and pencils, pocket-knives, hunting and bowie knives, etc., silver and gold deposit ware, etc. A branch of a departmental store, or any firm or corporation whose chief business is selling jewelry will be required to take out a license and pay a tax of 10 per cent. on total sales. The House rose at 12:20 a.m.

APPOINTMENT OF PROFESSORS

APPOINTMENT OF PROFESSORS And... methods Ruling Same Cause of Bitterness at the Presbyterian Assembly Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—Describing the method of appointment of Presbyterian College professors as "disgraceful and un-Presbyterian," Rev. Dr. Pringle, Sydney, at this afternoon's session of the Presbyterian General Assembly, cited the case of the appointment of the Rev. Dr. Smith, Principal of Westminster Hall, Westminster, which he said was a disgrace. He was immediately asked to withdraw by Mr. G. F. Gibson, Chairman of the Presbytery concerned, but Dr. Pringle refused to do so. "If the Presbytery of Westminster is able to stand up to an investigation on the matter, I am able to do so," he said. "If my statement is proved wrong I will then be willing to apologize." Dr. Pringle also referred to the appointment to a professorship of Mr. Manson, who, he said, was brought from Scotland at a cost of \$1,300. This was unfair to ministers in Canada who were on occasions in the wilds but who always kept up their studies to fit them for similar positions. The question arose over the proposed appointment to Knox College of Rev. H. M. Haulin, Windsor, and Rev. J. M. Mutch, B.A., both graduates of that institution. The appointments were not made, however, and at the next Assembly there will most probably be instituted some other scheme for such appointments. Recommendations were adopted this afternoon without discussion for the appointment of a synodical committee to effect transfers and a Presbyterial Committee on vacancies shall be referred. Any minister of congregation desiring a change will apply to the Presbyterial Committee at any time, even during the seven year term. But one candidate to a church shall be appointed at one time and the church shall decide upon his qualifications before entering any. It would do away, it is pointed out, with competitive preaching. Rev. R. J. Wilson reported for the common colleges and said there were larger attendances and brighter financial outlooks among all the Presbyterian colleges. A chair on religious instruction is being established in Montreal Presbyterian College, and Dr. Ernest Best is appointed to the chair for five years.

MOUNTED POLICE TO HAVE NEW BARRACKS

MOUNTED POLICE TO HAVE NEW BARRACKS Large Area Near Canadian National Railways Yards in Ottawa Chosen Ottawa, June 9.—A tract of land 29 acres in area, in the immediate outskirts of the city has been chosen as the site for the new barracks of the R. C. Mounted Police. Work will be started on the buildings as soon as plans are prepared by the Department of Public Works. Accommodation for 100 men and 140 horses will be provided in the new barracks and a few separate residences for senior officers will be built. The estimated cost of the new buildings is said to be in the neighborhood of \$500,000. The land is in the shape of a huge triangle between the Rideau River and the Canadian National Railway yards. It is Government land.

Infants—Mothers

Infants—Mothers Thousands testify Horlick's The Original Malted Milk. Upbuilds and sustains the body No Cooking or Milk required Use for 1/2 of a Century. Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price. Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Frezzone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes magic! No humbug! A tiny bottle of Frezzone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation. Frezzone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

Drop Frezzone on a touchy corn, then lift that corn off with fingers

THE PLAN Buy a tube of Rexall Pearl Tooth Paste at the regular price, 85c., and we will give you another tube for 1c. or the 2 tubes for .36

THE PLAN Buy a tube of Rexall Pearl Tooth Paste at the regular price, 85c., and we will give you another tube for 1c. or the 2 tubes for .36

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ONE CENT SALE The Rexall Store CANADA'S FAVORITE DRUG STORES ONE CENT SALE Another Example Buy a 50c. box of Stationery and we will give you another box of this high-grade Linen Paper and Envelopes for 1c. or the 2 boxes for .51

Sale - THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY - Sale This ONE CENT SALE Plan was originated by the United Drug Company for the Rexall Drug Stores. The United Drug Company are the largest manufacturers and buyers of Toilet Articles, Remedies, Chocolates, Perfumes, Rubber Goods, Stationery and Drug Sundries in the world, and this is an advertising plan pure and simple, of which they bear most of the expense. Instead of spending money in the regular way, such as Free Samples, etc., it is their desire that we place full size packages, or articles, in your hands, giving you an opportunity to judge the real value of these goods, the cost of which they charge to advertising. We will only be permitted to run this sale occasionally. Beware of imitations in other stores, and take advantage of this exceptional opportunity. We can not afford to charge or deliver goods during this sale. So please don't ask us to do it. These prices do not include the War Tax.

35c. tubes REXALL PEARL TOOTH PASTE 2 for 36 35c. tins CORYLOPSIS TALCUM POWDER 2 for 36 ASPIRIN TABLETS U. D. CO. 5 grs. 12 in a pocket package 1 for .25 or 2 for .26 LAXATIVE BROMIDE OF QUININE 25c box WILL BREAK UP A COLD 2 for .26 EMULSIFIED COCOANUT OIL SHAMPOO 2 for .26 VIOLET OR ROSE WITCH HAZEL CREAM 35c. bottle 2 bottles for 36c

Toilet Preparations that you will need most every day

Toilet Preparations that you will need most every day Creams Face Powder Toilet Water and Perfumes

Stationery for the writing desk or office

Stationery for the writing desk or office 50c. box of Tangara Fabric Linen 2 boxes for .51 75c. box extra quality Westminister Lawn paper and envelopes. 2 boxes for .76

Household Medicines and Drugs that are used in most every home

Household Medicines and Drugs that are used in most every home 1.00 bot. Petrofol Mineral Oil 2 for 1.01 1.00 bot. Peptonized Iron Tonic with Cod Liver Oil 2 for 1.01

TO KEEP HEALTHY REXALL BLOOD PURIFIER 1.00 bot... 2 for 1.01 RIKERS DISAPPEARING FACE CREAM 50c. jars... 2 for .51

Pharmacie Brunet and Pharmacie Jolicœur 2 Stores 238 St. John St. and 29 Buade St. Phones: 5151 and 5152 and 109 The Rexall Drug Store WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU

SOAPS Hypo-phosphites 1.00 bot... 2 for 1.01

neighborhood of \$500,000. The land is in the shape of a huge triangle between the Rideau River and the Canadian National Railway yards. It is Government land. BUILD BIG THEATRE. Regina, Sask., June 9.—The new theatre of the Trans-Atlantic Theatres Ltd. which is to be erected here... COURSE FOR TEACHERS. Regina, Sask., June 9.—The University of Saskatchewan has recommended the establishment during the academic year 1920-21 of a one-year course in household science for teachers in the provincial schools, the course to include both foods and textiles as well as related subjects including chemistry. 56 COAL MINES. Regina, Sask., June 9.—The Saskatchewan Bureau of Labor states that there were 56 producing coal mines in the province in 1919 with a total output of 213,764 tons. In 1918 there were 51 mines which produced 360,081 tons. POLSHEVIK ATTEMPT TO BREAK POLISH FRONT. Warsaw, June 8.—The Bolsheviki sought up an infantry division and sixteen thousand cavalry in an attempt to break the Polish front between the Dnieper and Dniester after they had been checked on the Dvina and Beresina, according to an official statement on the fighting yesterday. During Sunday's attack on Glubokoi, 85 miles north of Minsk, the Poles took 800 prisoners and an enormous quantity of war materials, the statement adds. On the upper Beresina, the Poles have occupied Goezce. TO REVIVE SILK INDUSTRY. In connection with its efforts to revive the silk industry, the Spanish Government has established an experimental station with about 34,000 mulberry trees. ALL THAT WAS NEEDED. The theatre was in an uproar. "They're calling for the author," said the stage manager. "Oh, but I can't make a speech!" replied the man responsible for the play.

The manager grabbed the trembling writer firmly and impelled him along the passage. As he shoved him towards the curtain he said curtly: "Well, just go out in front and tell 'em you're sorry." ON THE JOB. Major Fey was not much of a man of theatres. Music halls or even musical comedies he was always ready to patronize; they came under a different heading, in his opinion. But as for the drama proper, he it either serious or farcical, it bored him to distraction. However, little Phyllis, his niece, insisted on his taking her to a theatre. So there he was. He had no alternative. He went, and what he more, fell into a heavy sleep during the curtain raiser. When the main piece came on, little Phyllis nudged him and whispered gently, "Charley's Aunt"—just that and not nothing more. But Major Fey, rising hastily to his feet, vigorously seized the hand

JOHN I. La ROCHE 316-316 1/2 ST. PAUL STREET, (Near Ste. Anne Depot). Always on hand choice WINES and LIQUORS of all description. May 13th, 1920. claimed. "How d'you do? I'm very glad to see you. And how's Charley?" "How d'you do, madam?" he exclaimed.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED

WANTED.—By a young lady just graduated from a first-class business school, a position as Stenographer and Typewriter; references given on application. "H. D. G." care Chronicle Office.

WANTED—A cook general and also a house maid, apply 18 St. Ann street. June 9x3

WANTED—First class stenographer, permanent employment for competent person. Apply immediately 83 St. Peter St., G.N.W. Telegraph Co. June 9x3

WANTED—An Engineer, apply Chief Engineer Chateau Frontenac. June 8x1f

WANTED—An experienced nurse to look after infant. References required. Apply to Mrs. F. S. Fisher, 2 Leamouth Avenue (off Moncton Ave.) June 8x4

WANTED—Skilled Brass Finishers, 65c an hour. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd., Peterborough, Ont. June 8x1w

WANTED—Teacher for Protestant school, must be able to teach up to, and including seventh grade. Apply to E. W. Ross, Secretary, Cabano, Quebec. June 7x3

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Good safe for sale. Bargain. Apply to 58, 1-2 1st Ave. Limouliou or T. M. Phone 7500. June 9x1

FOR SALE—At Bic, Quebec, completely furnished, six room cottage, wide verandahs facing sea, with boats, driving vehicles and garage. Nothing more desirable on Lower St. Lawrence for small refined family. Particulars on request, box 13 care Chronicle. June 8x10,th,3x13

PROPERTY ON THE CAPE

Residence of the late Archibald Miller, No. 10 des Grisons St., consisting of a splendid solid brick, self contained house, of about fourteen rooms, in perfect order, with all modern conveniences, and generally known as one of the best built houses in Quebec. Oak floors 4 open fire places. For particulars and permits to view apply to Meredith and Meredith, Notaries Public, 46 Dalhousie Street. June 5x6

Centrally situated, cut stone house 56 St. Louis St., large bright airy and sunny rooms. Open fireplace, richly decorated interior. Room for garage. An ideal home apply for permits A. J. MESSERVEY, 46 Dalhousie St., Phone 1320. May 11x1f

HOUSE FOR SALE

Centrally situated private residence, 10 St. Stanislas St. In first class order, compactly laid out, open fireplace and gas grates, nine rooms, living hall. For permits apply A. J. MESSERVEY, 46 Dalhousie St., Phone 665W May 11x1f

HAM—Cooked or raw ham, bacon, sausage, potted beef, hot sauce, salt pork, fat and lard, at the store of J. NOEL RONDEAU, 6 Lechevrotiere. May 13x3m

MOTORCYCLES, MOTORCYCLES

MOTORCYCLES—Indian make, 1919 model with electric system, new \$500.00, 1918 model, new \$450.00, 1917 model, demonstrator, with rear car engine, \$300.00, 1913 model, one cylinder, used, \$100.00, Johnson motor wheels, \$100.00, fitted on your bicycle. Apply to Quebec Skate & Cycle Co., Reg'd., 88 3-4 St. Valier street, Quebec. March 13,th,3x13

TO LET

FURNISHED ROOMS.—Large, sunny and comfortable. Continuous hot water in bath rooms. Location advantageous. Touring car service. Well patronized. Telephone 3253, W. 6, Richardson 138 St. Anne St., Quebec. Sept 5x1

TO RENT—Completely furnished ten room house, with all modern conveniences, No. 260 Grande Allee. Will lease from July 1st, 1920, to May 1st, 1921. Apply at above address and week day between 2 p.m. and 5 p.m. or 8 and 10 p.m. June 10x1w

TO LET—Two nice garages, beautifully finished, completely independent one from the other, and erected on the same premises. Floors are of concrete, service of water and sewer. Electrically lighted and heated in winter. Easy entrance on Montcalm's Parke Avenue, near No. 159 Grande Allee. Apply to Dr. C. R. Faquin. May 26x1f

MISCELLANEOUS

BEER AND PORTER—You will find a complete stock of the best Beer, Porter, Gin, Scotch, Alcohol, Brandy, Jamaica Rum, Rye and the best red and white wines at the store of J. NOEL RONDEAU, 6 Lacrevrotiere, Telephone 4123. May 13x3m

PERSONAL

MARRY FOR SURE SUCCESS—absolutely the best, largest in the country, established 15 years; thousands wealthy members, both sexes, wishing early marriage; confidential descriptions free. The Old Reliable Club Mrs. W. W. 115 Madison, Oakland, Cal. March 13x1m

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED? Best Matrimonial paper published. FREE for stamp. CORRESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio. May 26x1m

MARRY.—For speedy marriage, absolutely the best, largest in the country, established 15 years; thousands wealthy members, both sexes, wishing early marriage; confidential descriptions free. The Old Reliable Club Mrs. W. W. 115 Madison, Oakland, Cal. March 13x1m

City of Quebec, District of Quebec, to wit: City of Quebec, City Hall, By-law No. 28B.

By-Law to Amend By-Law No. 28 concerning the Pension Fund of Officers and Employees of the Permanent Staff. Drawn up in the French language.

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, on the eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, (1920), in conformity to law, and in virtue of a by-law passed by this Council, pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the statute in such case made and provided, at which meeting were present the absolute majority of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that is to say: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bouchard, (St. R.); Bouchard, (J. C.); Collier, Delagrave, Fiset, Lesage, Martin, Mercier.

It is ordered and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec and the said Council doth hereby ordain and enact as follows:

1.—Article 22 of By-law No. 28, passed by this Council, the 11th April, 1918, and amended by By-law No. 28A, passed on 9th January, 1920, is replaced by the following: 2.—The pension payable to an officer or pensioned employee is two and one half per cent of the average salary he received during the five years preceding the date of his admission to the pension fund, said two and one half per cent to be multiplied by the number of years of service, but such pension shall in no case exceed the two thirds of said average.

City of Quebec, District of Quebec, to wit: City of Quebec, City Hall, By-law No. 161

By-Law concerning the Closing of Certain Streets and Parts of Streets. Drawn up in the French language.

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, on the eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, (1920), in conformity to law, and in virtue of a by-law passed by this Council, pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the statute in such case made and provided, at which meeting were present the absolute majority of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that is to say: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bouchard, (St. R.); Bouchard, (J. C.); Collier, Delagrave, Fiset, Lesage, Martin, Mercier.

It is ordered and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec and the said Council doth hereby ordain and enact as follows:

(a) Whereas the powers conferred to the City of Quebec, by Article 7 of the Statute 16, George V, ch. 85: (b) Whereas it is in the public interest to close part of Concorde, de Lavallée, Vigne and Rivière streets, in St. Sauveur Ward.

1.—The width of Concorde street, is by the present By-law reduced from 20 feet to 40 feet, from the north side of the right of way of Concorde street as far as the northern line of Guyard street.

2.—Lavallée street, is by the present By-law closed to the public use from the northern line of Concorde street as narrowed, as far as the extremity of Lavallée street.

3.—The width of Vignal street is by the present By-law reduced from 30 feet to 15 feet.

4.—De la Rivière street, is by the present By-law closed to the public use from Lavallée street as far as the proximity of the line on the east side of Marie de l'Incarnation street.

JOSEPH SAMSON, Mayor. Attested. (L. S.) H. J. B. Chouinard, City Clerk

City of Quebec, District of Quebec, to wit: City of Quebec, City Hall, By-law No. 312A.

By-Law concerning the Sweeping of Chimneys. Drawn up in the French language.

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, on the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, (1920), in conformity to law, and in virtue of a by-law passed by this Council, pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the statute in such case made and provided, at which meeting were present the absolute majority of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that is to say: His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Bedard, Bertrand, Bouchard, (St. R.); Bouchard, (J. C.); Collier, Delagrave, Fiset, Lesage, Martin, Mercier.

It is ordered and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec and the said Council doth hereby ordain and enact as follows:

1.—Every chimney in use in any house or building whatsoever, in the City of Quebec, shall have to be swept by one or more of the chimney sweepers in the City's employ, at least once a year.

2.—A notice shall be given in the official newspapers of the day fixed for the sweeping of chimneys, by the chimney sweeps of the City, then the chimney sweeps shall have the right to enter in homes, from 11 o'clock in the morning, and from 9:15 o'clock to five o'clock in the afternoon.

3.—All proprietors or occupants of houses, who shall desire to have chimneys swept, second or third time, during the year, may do so in notifying the chimney sweep department.

4.—All the chimney sweeps employed by the City shall be under the direction of the chimney inspector, and it shall be their duty to obey orders and instructions of said inspector, relating to the sweeping of chimneys.

5.—All proprietors or occupants of houses shall see that their chimneys are in good order and without obstruction so as to be able to have them swept, easily.

6.—The chimney inspector, on complaint made to him that a chimney is defective he shall inspect it and if he considers that it is necessary to have repairs made, he shall order the proprietor or occupant of said house to have said chimney repaired immediately, and the proprietor or occupant shall be bound to conform to said order.

7.—Every occupant, tenant of a house, building or part of a house or building, whose chimney shall catch fire shall incur a fine not exceeding five dollars, unless he can prove that he is conforming to the By-law concerning the sweeping of chimneys.

8.—Every proprietor, tenant or occupant using a chimney shall be bound to pay the sum of twenty-five cents for the sweeping of said chimney, once a year, for each dwelling using said chimney, and on payment of said sum, a certificate shall be given to that effect, signed by the chimney inspector.

9.—Every person found guilty of any infraction of said By-law shall incur and shall pay a fine not exceeding forty dollars and in default of payment of said fine, shall be liable to an imprisonment not exceeding two months.

The Chief of the Fire Brigade of the City of Quebec shall be and shall act as chimney inspector in said city for the ends of the present By-law.

JOSEPH SAMSON, Mayor. Attested. (L. S.) H. J. B. Chouinard, City Clerk

SS. VICTORIAN WAS DELAYED

Sailed on Arrival of Special Train From Montreal Behind Time

The C. P. O. S. Victorian sailed from the Louise Docks at 6 p.m. yesterday for Liverpool, carrying a full complement of first, second and third-class passengers, 500 bags of mail, and 2,500 tons of freight.

The Victorian was delayed by the non-arrival of the steamer's special train from Montreal, which was expected at 1 p.m. and did not reach the ship's landing on the Louise Docks until 4:45 p.m., when the passengers had to be landed, their tickets vised, baggage checked and placed on board the vessel, which had been loaded with freight and all ready to proceed to sea the night previous.

The cabin passenger list included many Americans as well as Western Canadians, among the former, Prof. Charles S. Baldwin, of New York, and citizens from almost every State. There were also a number of prominent Japanese and Chinese officials who arrived from their native countries en route to England and France in From Havre.

The steamer Mano, which arrived on Tuesday night from Havre at 11 o'clock, landed 24 cabin and 49 third-class passengers yesterday morning, who were inspected by the immigration officials. The passengers were mostly all Syrians, with a few French, Belgian, and one Spaniard, out of which seven were booked for Shawinigan Falls.

SHIPPING NOTES

Montreal, Que., June 9.—Within the next three weeks the Canadian Government will have four more ships at its disposal. They are: The Canadian Observer, 3,900 tons, due here the end of this week; The Canadian Trapper, built at Lewis, 5,100 tons, to be delivered at Quebec June 18; The Canadian Rambler, 5,100 tons, built at Three Rivers, due for delivery June 25, and The Canadian Volunteer, undergoing repairs, which will be ready for service the end of the month.

The steamer Dunlop Head arrived down at 5:50 p.m. yesterday and put into the Louise Docks to complete cargo.

The steamer Tatjana passed down at 12:35 p.m. yesterday.

The steam schooner A. Tremblay arrived down at 5:45 a.m. yesterday and left going down at 10 o'clock last night.

The Canada SS. Lines steamer Cape Diamond proceeded down at 9:10 a.m. yesterday.

The steamer Labrador arrived up at 11:20 a.m. yesterday.

The C. P. O. S. Empress of France arrived at 11:45 a.m. yesterday.

The steam barge Howard W. arrived up at 10 p.m. yesterday.

The Canada SS. Lines steamer Montreal arrived down at 6:15 a.m. yesterday and went up at 6 p.m.

The French wooden steamer Calénone, built and launched from the Davie shipyards, Lauzon, proceeded up the river as far as Sorel at 8:25 a.m. yesterday.

The French wooden steamer Bauzonville is booked to sail for sea on Saturday.

The C. G. S. Druid went up at 8:20 a.m. and arrived down at 7 p.m. yesterday.

The steamer Kaewna passed up at 9:15 a.m. yesterday.

A fire broke out in the engine room of the steamer Lady Evelyn early yesterday morning that caused damages amounting to nearly \$1,000. The cause is not actually known, but is supposed to have originated from blow torches that were used by workmen in making repairs in the steamer's engine room.

The Red Star Line SS. Finland sailed from Antwerp, June 2nd, via Southampton, with 158 first, 179 second and 345 third-class passengers for New York. She is expected to arrive about June 11th.

The American Line SS. Mongolia arrived at Cuxhaven, Wednesday noon, June 2nd, docked at Hamburg Thursday morning, June 3rd, from New York.

The American Line SS. New York arrived at New York at 6 a.m., June 4th, from Southampton.

The White Star Line SS. Celtic sailed from Liverpool, June 2nd, via Queenstown, with 212 first, 371 second and 779 third-class passengers. She is due in New York about June 11th.

The Red Star Line SS. Kroonland sailed Saturday, June 5th, from New York for Southampton and Antwerp with 237 first, 210 second and about 850 third-class passengers. Among the notables on board are eighty-five American members of the Organization Committee of the International Chamber of Commerce to meet in Paris, June 18th; also Major Kirby, Director of the American Olympic Team proceeding to Antwerp to make arrangements for the athletes of the United States participating in the games; Mr. E. A. Filene, of Boston; Mr. W. Booth, Junior, Vice-President, Guaranty Trust Company of New York; Mr. J. H. Hazy, Vice-President, First National Bank, Chicago; Mr. F. J. Wade, President, Mercantile Trust Company, St. Louis; Mr. Wm. Ingersoll, New York; Colonel A. Strode Jackson, Manager, Oxford-Cambridge Re'ay Team, and Countess Tolstoy and Countess Nostitz.

EMPRESS WIDE QUICK VOYAGE

Reached Quebec Six Days, and Eighteen Hours, After Leaving Liverpool

The C. P. O. S. steamer Empress of France, Captain E. Cook in command, with Captain H. Gibbons as Staff-Captain, arrived at Quebec yesterday from Liverpool at 11:30 o'clock, and after turning in the river docked with her gangways in position at 12 noon.

The Empress of France, which brought out 1,419 passengers, 286 cabin, 414 second-class and 719 third-class, 2,000 packages of mail, and 1,150 tons of miscellaneous cargo, made a quick passage, six days and eighteen hours from the time she got her moorings at Liverpool on Wednesday, the 3rd instant at 5 o'clock, and her arrival at this port. The steamer was held up for three hours after she left Liverpool and sailed down the Mersey, and also lost from two to three hours by fog at Cape Race; otherwise she would have made the trip in six days and thirteen hours. The passage across was extremely pleasant, the weather conditions being all that could be desired, and the only incident out of the usual to attract the attention of the passengers was the sight of a large iceberg in the vicinity of Cape Race.

The Empress brought out quite a number of distinguished people as cabin passengers, notably Lord and Lady Atholston, and Hon. Miss Alice Graham, of Montreal; Earl of Dunsmore, V.C., M.V.O., D.S.O., of Weybridge, Eng.; Lady Rachel Cavendish, on her way to Ottawa; Sir Herbert B. Ames, M.P.; Lieut.-Col. Matthews, Montreal; Lady Newton, Winnipeg; Miss C. and Miss M. Newton, Lady William and Miss Price, Quebec; Lieut.-Col. T. S. Morrissey; Lady and Hon. Miss Marguerite Shaughnessy; Brig.-General C. W. Spaight and Mrs. Spaight, Dublin, Ireland; Senator Smeaton White, President of the Montreal Law Society, Publishing Co.; Mrs. A. Dobell, Miss M. H. Miss A. and Miss F. H. Dobell, Quebec.

After the ship was cleared by the Customs, and the first and second cabin passengers inspected by the immigration officials, they were allowed to land, and those going to Montreal and the West left by a special C. P. R. steamer train from the dock.

The third-class passengers were landed and conducted to the immigration buildings for medical and civil inspection, which was completed in three and a half hours, but a delay was occasioned in the re-ticketing by the railway officials and the baggage examination and checking. In consequence, the third-class passengers going to Ontario and the West did not leave by special train until nearly eight o'clock last night. Out of the 719 third-class passengers only 47 were booked to settle in the Province of Quebec and these proceeded on to Montreal for distribution to their destinations. The third-class were typical of pre-war immigration, presenting a mixture of nationalities, English, Irish, Scotch, Belgian, French and Syrian. These last carried considerable hand baggage and bundles which they hung on to and were to be seen sitting on in the immigration buildings.

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Commercial and Financial News

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE CANADIAN PRESS

(By Canadian Press) New York, June 9.—Stocks were firm at the outset of today's session, reacted sharply, especially in the railway division before noon and moved forward again later when Steels, Equipments, Oils and Textiles became the special objects of bullish attention.

The weakness of Rails, in which high grade shares suffered extreme losses of one to three points was ascribed to yesterday's cut in the dividend on Chicago North Western common and preferred. Shorts secured a large profit on their investment transaction to regard this as a prelude to similar actions. Amer. Woolen, Baldwin Locomotives, Bethlehem Steel and several of the prominent Oil stocks in which a large short interest is believed to exist, were foremost in the closing rally. Rails making little recovery. Sales amounted to \$50,000 shares.

Political proceedings at Chicago came in for increased attention although later advice, as viewed in the financial district gave no hint that sentiment had crystallized in the direction of any particular candidate. The money market pursued its recent too loose course, call loans opening at 7 per cent, rising to 9 per cent at mid-day, and falling back to eight at the close. Time loans for small amounts and mainly for short maturities were made at prevailing changed hands.

Conditions affecting foreign exchange were not materially altered. The London rate failed to reflect reports that large payments toward the Anglo-French loan expiring next fall had been anticipated here.

In the bond market, however, Anglo-French 5's made a new high at 99 1/2, although the general list, including Liberty issues, was irregular. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$17,350,000. On call United States 2's were down 3/4 and 3 1/2 1/2 per cent.

NEW YORK MARKET

(By Bruneau & Dupuis)

Table with columns for 'Open', 'Close', and various stock symbols like 'Alji-Chalmers', 'Am Beet Sugar', 'Am Can', etc.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Table with columns for 'London', 'Paris', 'Brussels', 'Geneve', 'Madrid', 'Berlin', 'Vienna', 'Rotterdam', 'Rome', 'Montreal', 'New York', etc.

OILS

Table with columns for 'London', 'Calcutta', 'Landed', 'Petroleum', 'Turpentine', 'Rosin', etc.

DAILY GOSSIP ON THE LEADING STOCKS

The Pan-American Petroleum & Transport Corporation declared a 10 per cent stock dividend on both classes of its common stock.

The directors of the Mexican Petroleum Company, Ltd. have declared a dividend of 10 per cent, payable in common stock to stockholders of record June 19.

The Journal of Commerce, New York, says that last month 32 new companies were organized to engage in maritime enterprises, with an aggregate authorized capital of \$31,382,000 concerns capitalized at less than \$50,000 are excluded. The indicated investment in the shipping industry during January-May was \$282,882,000, exceeding the total for 1919 by more than \$50,000,000.

The National Sugar Refining Co. has advanced refined sugar to 22 1/2 pound in New York.

Oil shares on the London stock exchange yesterday displayed activity in spots and moved upward. Shell Transports were 10 1/8 and Mexican Eagles 9 1/8.

Gilt-edged investment issues were mixed but changes in prices were narrow regarding a statement with regard to levying against war wealth in the afternoon. There was moderate selling of some Canadian, and Argentine rails.

Rubbers were easier in sympathy with the staple. Kaffirs held well. French and German loans were maintained. Generally the markets were quiet and checked. Hudson Dials were 7 1/2.

August Isaac, Minister of Commerce estimated the coming wheat crop of France and Algeria at 6,500,000 tons and the rye and barley harvest at 1,500,000 tons. Wheat to the amount of 8,500,000 tons is necessary for French consumption, the Minister pointed out, as well as a million tons for seed.

The New York & Harlem Railroad Company declared dividends of \$2.50 a share on both the common and preferred stocks, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15.

The regular quarterly dividend of \$1.25 a share on the stock of the New York, Lackawanna and Western Railway will be paid on July 1 on stock of record June 14.

The American Woolen Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 a share on both the common and preferred stocks, payable July 15 to stock of record June 17.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE

(By Canadian Press)

Montreal, Que., June 9.—Today's trading on the local stock exchange was the broadest for several weeks, no fewer than 55 issues being dealt in. The outstanding stock in point of activity and strength was Dominion, which advanced ten points with the closing price at 136, a new high record, on a turn-over of 2,356 shares. Spanish River made a very substantial recovery from the unsteadiness of yesterday. The stock sold up to 108 and closed at the best, a net gain of 2 1/2 points. The preferred was also strong, selling up 1 1/2 points to 141. National Breweries sold up to 54, a gain of 2 points.

Sugar was much less active than yesterday. It receded to 118 1/2 and thence recovered to 122 1/2, a net loss of 2 1/2 points.

Weyagamack moved up to a new high at 118, selling at 117 at the close. Riordon touched a new high at 199 1/2 and closed at 197. Laurentide was another new high at 108, closing at 107 1/2.

Stronger stocks took in Sherwin-Williams, which on sales of only 98 shares jumped 10 points to 90 with closing bid up to 95, and Asbestos which jumped five points to 75.

Total trading: Listed, 35,169 shares; Unlisted, \$4,600.

(By Bruneau & Dupuis)

Table with columns for 'Bid', 'Asked', and various stock symbols like 'Abitibi', 'Ames', 'Asbestos', 'Bell Phone', etc.

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE LOCAL BROKERS

(By Bruneau & Dupuis) New York, June 9.—We have had one other day of just the same waiting conditions without feature until the last hour when prices gradually commenced to improve quite a fair little rally ensued. The feature of the market depends on the convention and what it does, but sentiment is decidedly against Johnson and his nomination, and this, we believe the reason for the improvement. The outcome is awaited with great interest. Sales \$49,700.

(By Bruneau & Dupuis) New York, June 9.—The buying movement that got underway in the final hour yesterday was resumed at the opening of the stock market today. This, however, was confined particularly to the industrials, especially the equipments, steels and oils, while the rails tended to reflect the dampening effect caused by the dividend action of the Directors of Chicago and Northwestern yesterday. Floor traders took advantage of the sentiment that had developed in the railroads to raid that class of stocks about mid-afternoon and succeeded in bringing about good sized recessions. Demand, however, set in shortly afterwards in Sugars and Shipping groups, a number of which scored noteworthy gains, and the movement, on the whole, served to offset the selling activity in the railroads. Prices fluctuated narrowly from about mid-day to the final hour when a renewal of demand was shown in several stocks, the more prominent of which, included Baldwin, Car Foundry, Woolen, Steel, Studebaker, and Chrysler Motor.

Gradually speaking the market today was a duplicate of the preceding session so far as general character was concerned. Such transactions as occurred were traceable to professional sources, while the waiting attitude upon the part of outside speculative interests was unenhanced, awaiting developments in the Republican National Convention.

Sales, stocks 351,300; bonds, \$16,370,000.

(By L. G. Beaubien & Co.)

New York, June 9.—Closing Stock Market Letter. Certain sections of the market showed strength this afternoon such as the equipment and oil stocks, Amn Wool and some of the motors so that at the close the tone was strong somewhat, similar to the action of the market yesterday. Baldwin Loco and Car Foundry were particularly in demand acting as if accumulation had been resumed. The rails did not exhibit much additional weakness but outside of the low priced stocks there was little capacity shown for recovery. There was still no news of importance of a political nature and the market was continuing to await its information in that respect.

Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—The exchange situation in Eastern Canada is unchanged but a much weaker market has developed in parts of the Prairie Provinces, the influence of which will be felt throughout the country. Yesterday the Alberta trade dropped their quotations to country shippers to 34 to 35, delivered. Six cars of Prairie Province eggs are now reported enroute Montreal and Toronto. Montreal firm for specials at 57, but quiet for other grades. A small shipment of 100 cases for London, England loading today.

Toronto, Ont., June 9.—Specials jobbing 57 to 58; extras 55 to 56; first 53 to 54; seconds 47 to 48.

BANKS

Commerce 187 1/2

Mechanics 189 1/4

AFTERNOON SALES

Atlantic: 10 at 119 1/2, 50 at 121 1/4, 10 at 121, 10 at 122 1/2, 175 at 123, 75 at 122, 100 at 122 1/2, 25 at 122, 175 at 123, 10 at 122 1/2.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET

(Established 1901)

Toronto, Ont., June 9.—The grain quotations on the Toronto Board of Trade today were as follows:

Manitoba Oats: No. 2 Canada, Western, No. 2 \$1.29; No. 3 \$1.28; No. 1 feed \$1.27; No. 2 feed \$1.26; extra No. 1 feed \$1.28; Fort William in store.

Manitoba wheat, No. 1 Northern, \$3.15; No. 2 \$3.12; No. 3 \$3.08, in store Fort William.

American corn, No. 2 yellow, nominal, \$2.46, track Toronto, prompt shipment.

Canadian corn, feed, nominal.

Manitoba barley, in store Fort William, No. 3 \$1.87; No. 4 \$1.82; rejects \$1.57 1-2; feed \$1.57 1-2.

Ontario wheat, No. 1 \$2.00 to \$2.01; No. 2, 1.98 to \$2.01; f.o.b. shipping points, according to freight No. 3 \$1.92 to \$1.93; No. 1 spring \$2.02 to \$2.03; No. 2 \$1.98 to \$2.01; No. 3 \$1.95 to \$2.01.

Ontario oats, nominal.

Barley, malting \$1.87 to \$1.88.

Buckwheat, \$1.75 to \$1.80.

Rye, No. 3 \$2.20 to \$2.25.

Peas, No. 3, \$3.00, according to freight outside.

Ontario flour, winter, in jute bags Government standard, prompt shipment, delivered at Montreal \$18.25; Toronto nominal.

Manitoba flour, Government standard \$14.75.

Milled feed, car loads, delivered Montreal. Shorts \$51; bran \$54.

tes generally are scarce and higher in price. These intermediates, which are used in the dye industry, such as betanaphthol and parantiline, are almost out of the market. In the face of the heavy and apparently increasing demand, it seems possible that the present scarcity will continue for some time.

Undoubtedly the American export situation has greatly complicated matters in the British dye industry. There are certain items which the United States could supply; but present prices prevent this relief in the difficult British market. Large firms of chemical dealers are warning their customers that the constantly fluctuating market renders it impossible to maintain prices, and that prompt delivery cannot be guaranteed. For a long time past delivery has not been possible, even in some of the most important chemicals. Retail parcels of caustic, in particular, are realizing very heavy prices. Bleaching powder is also at a premium on export account, while bichromates are almost out of the market, and sulphide of soda, a chemical largely used by the cotton-dyers in large quantities, tends to become scarcer and is steadily rising in price. Several of the acids most in use are difficult to obtain, while no foreign supplies of oxalic acid are now coming to hand, and it is difficult to purchase except for forward delivery. There is a short supply of hazel, while intermedia-

No Further Loan!

The important announcement that there will be no further Dominion Government Loan has a direct bearing upon the Victory Loan Market. This announcement means that the vast sums that would have been available this Fall if national emergency had demanded it, will have to seek investment in present issues. This will result in increased buying of outstanding issues, and should have a strengthening effect upon prices.

For these reasons, we recommend the purchase of Victory Loan Bonds at existing prices, which are as follows:

Table with columns: Maturity, Price, Yield. Rows include 1st December 1922, 1st November 1923, 1st December 1927, 1st November 1933, 1st December 1937.

Table with columns: Maturity, Price, Yield. Rows include 1st November 1924, 1st November 1934.

Accrued interest to date of delivery must be added to the above prices.

Telegraph or telephone your orders at our expense. Delivery will be made free of expense to purchaser.

Free From Income Tax

1919 Victory Loan

Stock and Bond Brokers,

147 Mountain Hill, Telephone 185-186.

Correspondents: Jenks, Gwynne & Company, members of the New York Stock Exchange, and Fortier, Beaulieu & Co., members of the Montreal Stock Exchange.

WORLD'S MARKETS

Great hopes are being based upon the report of the British Dyeustuffs Corporation, which is expected now almost immediately, and from which it is believed, the position of British trade in chemicals and dyes will be proved to be thoroughly sound.

There is no question but that since British manufacturers determined to render themselves independent of German dyes a great struggle has taken place, and at one time the enterprise appeared to be threatened with something like disaster. But British pertinacity has prevailed again, and the principal complaint now lies in the direction of shortage rather than of poor quality.

Today, there is more than a pre-war demand, and less than a pre-war supply. In the commoner classes of dyes the textile coloring industry is more advantageously placed. These, at any rate, represent the satisfaction of the more necessary requirements, but the principal trouble seems to be that the public is demanding articles of luxury, and this demand is in advance of the possibilities of present manufacture.

The effort of British firms lies in the direction of providing the fast-color dyes, and, according to reports, large shipments have been dispatched to India and the Far East, which seems, after all, rather like sending coals to Newcastle, since it was from India in the old days that the principal of all dyes, indigo, was received. The Indian market, however, is described as being very active, the imports from the United Kingdom having shown considerable increase, and the orders on hand being of importance. Drugs and medicines sold in India are almost entirely in European hands. Indigo, which reaches a value still of something over £1,000,000 sterling per annum, being chiefly under European control, 10 percent only being in the hands of natives. India's share is also about one-tenth of the total of other dyes dealt in.

A recent revision of the import and export list of the Board of Trade of chemicals and dyes shows that the entries under chemicals and dyes have been largely extended, but, whereas chemical manufactures are reported in detail to the extent of 13 entries, under the heading of potassium compounds, the desire seems to be to give as little information as possible concerning the imports and exports of synthetic dyeustuffs.

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(Established 1901)

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NOTICE

Are you moving to the country? If so, intrust your Moving with competent Carters at moderate prices. Double and single rigs. Specialty: Moving of Pianos, Furniture, Trunks, etc. Special contracts for the removal of Garbage and Ashes. Telephone night or day to: LAURET GREFFARD Master Carter. 20 Dumont Street - Montcalmville. Telephone 7020 June 20th

J. Arthur LaRue, Eugene Trudé

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HEALTH DEPARTMENT IMPORTANT NOTICE

In virtue of a new by-law, all bottles which have been used for the distribution of milk, must be washed as soon as they are empty, before they are returned to the milkmen.

This new precaution is all in the interests of the public, because it is the surest means of ascertaining the cleanliness of these bottles, which are all the harder to wash when they are left over. It is also commendable to use these bottles for any other purpose.

DR. C. R. PAQUIN, Municipal Physician.

City of Quebec, District of Quebec, to wit: City of Quebec, City Hall, By-law No. 22C.

Automobilists

Don't get "over"-tired by using inferior brands. Insist on having the best only, and buy DUNLOPS. We carry the largest assortment in the city. Sole Agents.

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SPECIAL REGULATION TENNIS BALLS (1920 Stock) ONLY 50c EACH

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158 ST. PAUL ST. - QUEBEC.
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CHOICE MEAT . . .
VEAL BEEF FOWL
Fresh and Salt PORK, HAM, LAMB, COOKED MEATS, PROVISIONS.
Telephone 4788
Special: Pure Pork Sausage, per lb.35c

Canadian National Railways

Eastern Lines, QUEBEC DISTRICT.
Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Concrete Structures, Quebec District" will be received at this office until twelve o'clock noon, Monday June 21st, for the construction of eight structures on the Quebec District. Drawings, specifications and form of contract may be seen and form of tender obtained at Division Engineer's office, C. N. Tunnel Terminal Station, Montreal, and at District Engineer's office, Champlain Market Building, Quebec.
Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied by the Railway Company and accompanied by an accepted cheque on a Chartered Bank for the sum of Three-hundred Dollars (\$350.00) payable to the order of the Treasurer of the Canadian National Railways.
Note—Blue print copies of the drawings may be obtained at the above offices by depositing an accepted bank cheque for the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) payable to the order of the Treasurer of the Canadian National Railways.
The lowest or any tender not necessary accepted.

F. P. BRADY, General Manager, Can. Nat. Rys.
Bank of Toronto Building, Montreal, Que. June 10/20

DR. R. MAYRAND

Specialty: Skin and Scalp Diseases. 5 ST. FAMILIAR STREET. Phone 849. Consultation Hours: 1 to 3 P.M. Feb. 10/20.

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Magnificent new entrance on ST. JAMES STREET
300 Rooms (many with Baths attached)
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Hot and cold running water in all rooms. Local and long distance Telephone. Jan. 17/19

In The Heart of Things



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The most centrally situated, all modern conveniences. First class cuisine and service. All goods direct from our farm.
We bake our own bread and French pastry, and serve purest milk and cream, bottled at our own farm. A select resort for Lady Tourists. Only a few minutes to Auto Garage.
Open from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. May 19/20.

At The Theatres

Harry G. Morey in teh "Flaming Clue," at the Classic Today

Harry G. Morey, so popular with Quebec audiences starts a three days engagement today at the Classic in "The Flaming Clue". It is a detective play, quite out of the ordinary, universal interest and contains many realistic and exciting "action" scenes. A pretty love story is cleverly interwoven and the production on the whole is an exceptionally good one and entertaining in the highest degree.

Smiling Bill Parsons on the bill, is up to his usual pranks in a sparkling comedy "Oh, Bill Behave!". The sixth episode of "Trailed by Three" entitled "Wanted for Burglary" and the Fathe Color Review are other interesting subjects.

May Allison at the Victoria In Comedy-Drama "The Walk Offs"

Today May Allison will be featured at the Victoria Theatre in a beautiful society comedy-drama entitled "The Walk-offs"—What is a "walk-off" you ask?

A "walk-off" is a name applied in the play to a brainless society parasite, a penniless and useless species of mankind who sponges the means of his existence—clothes, lunches, dinners, and pleasures—off some equally brainless member of his set, more fortunate financially.

Bob, the Kentuckian's colored man-servant, tells the old darky legend of Adam and Eve in the Garden. Eve, according to the story, got very tired of Adam and asked him if he'd get God to make some more people to amuse her. To this God agreed and going to the clay-pipe fashioned a number of new people.

But, according to Bob's story, God was called away before He could put the brains in the new creatures. He lashed them up against the fence to dry and when they had, "dey jes' walk off, dassal, no brains, suh."

"Bright Skies," and "The Lost City," at the Empire Today

You'll laugh 'till the tears flow when you see ZaSu Pitts, the most original of screen comedienne in this whimsical tale of love and laughter, "Bright Skies" at the Empire today, tomorrow and Saturday. The fifth episode of that immense million dollar animal serial, "The Lost City" of the African Jungles featuring Juanita Hansen, is also being shown in addition to a "reed" funny comedy. Why roasts to death in this heat when you can be cool and comfortable? The Empire is perfectly ventilated making it the coolest spot in town. Special music by Empire Orchestra under direction of Bailey F. Alart.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Slade is spending the summer at St. Catherine's.
Miss Blanche Jones is spending the summer at Rimouski.
Mr. H. O. Park, of Hamilton is in town, a guest at the Chateau.
Mr. Louis LaRue, left for England yesterday on board the Victoria.
General Sir W. Gwatkin left for England yesterday on board the Victoria.
Miss Corinne Dupuis is spending some time in town the guest of Lady Langelier.
Miss B. V. Powell was a passenger on board the Empress which arrived in port yesterday.
Mrs. E. Poston has left for Lake St. Charles, where she will spend the Summer months.
Mr. Arthur St. Jacques and family have taken up their summer residence at Lake St. Charles.
Lady Price and Miss Price returned home yesterday from England on board the Empress of France.
Mrs. Alfred Dobell and the Misses Dobell returned to Quebec yesterday on board the Empress of France.
Mr. J. E. Chapleau, K.C., City Attorney, and Mrs. Chapleau left for England yesterday on board the Victoria.
Hon. Judge Audette and family of Ottawa, have taken up their residence at Riviere du Loup for the summer.
Mr. and Mrs. John W. Oakley, of Portland, Me., were among the guests registered at the Chateau yesterday.
Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Evans left on the Victoria yesterday for England, to visit their daughter, who is very ill.
Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Palmer, and Mr. Dean Palmer, of Saranac Lake, N. Y., are registered at the Chateau.
Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Owen, who have been spending a couple of months in England, returned home yesterday on board the Empress of France.
The engagement is announced of Miss Bernadette Delorme, daughter of the late Mr. H. DeLorme, of Quebec, to Mr. Albert Landry, son of Mr. Alphonse Landry of Salmon Lake.
The many friends of Mrs. Eugene Leclerc will be pleased to learn that she has so far recovered from her recent illness as to permit of her being removed from the Hotel Dieu to her home.
Lord Shaughnessy arrived in town yesterday from Montreal, to meet Lady Shaughnessy and the Hon. Marguerite Shaughnessy who returned to Canada yesterday by the Empress of France.
The wedding is announced to take place at Our Lady of Lourdes Chapel, Wednesday, June 16th, of Marie Florence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lapointe Quebec, to Mrs. Amedee Beaudoin, Escanaba, Michigan.
The marriage is announced to take place on June 22nd in St. Joseph's Church of Miss Marie Louise Crombly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Tremblay of this city to Mr. Fred T. Lawrence of Montreal, formerly of Quebec.
Capt. John Bassel, vice-president of the Montreal Gazette Publishing Co., arrived in town yesterday to meet the Hon. Smeaton White, president of the Gazette Publishing Co., who was a passenger on board the Empress of France.
The many friends of Messrs William Hall and George Colvin will be glad to hear that they have received the appointment of Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent respectively of the Provincial National Park. The government could not have made a better selection, as both gentlemen are thoroughly acquaint-

Chronicle Files 100 Years Ago

Strange Weather.
It will be observed by an extract from an Albany paper of the 30th instant that the highlands in that vicinity were covered in snow in the last week of May. It seems to have snowed at the same time from Lake Ontario to the Bay of Fundy. There was some frost in the vicinity of Quebec at the same time, but no snow. This morning there was a kind of slight frost. We are sorry to see some resemblance between the present spring and that of 1816. The crops, however, were got in much earlier this year.

Struck a Rock
Montreal, June 6th.—We are sorry to find that the Steam Boat Montreal, when on her way to this city from Laprairie, ran upon a rock, where she still lies at the moment of writing. It is feared by some people who have examined her, that it will be necessary to take out her engine before she can be got off.

Chronicle Files 25 Years Ago

Important Judgement.
His Honor Mr. Justice Andrews rendered a very important decision on Friday last in the case of the village of Lauzon against Mr. J. B. Boutin. The defendant declined to pay a business tax or license enforced upon him as a merchant by a by-law of the Municipal Council in accordance with article 582 of the Municipal Code. These business taxes were supposed to be based upon the relative amount of business done by each merchant assessed but no evaluation roll of such business houses was made. The court maintained the defence and annulled the by-law, holding that Municipal Councils cannot arbitrarily fix such business taxes but must base them uniformly upon a valuation roll. The decision settles a very important question. Messrs Lemieux and Lane appeared for the defendant.

Laurentide National Park.
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ENGINEER'S WIFE IS OUT WITH THE FACTS

Had Suffered From Indigestion Until Life Was a Perfect Misery, She States—Is Now Well and Happy

"I never made a better purchase than when I took my friend's advice and bought Tanlac, for my present excellent health is entirely due to that remarkable medicine" said Mrs. D. Castonguay, wife of a well-known C. N. R. locomotive engineer, residing at 125 des Fosses, Quebec.

"For the past six years at least I had been in a very run-down condition, and suffered from indigestion that my life was a perfect misery. I just felt tired all the time and frequently had headaches that made me almost blind with pain. I was a great sufferer from rheumatism and the result of so many troubles was that my nerves got into such a state that I couldn't sleep at night. I simply had to let the housework go and thought I should soon have to give up my friends."

"Several of my friends were so much helped by Tanlac that I decided to try it too, and it seemed to do me good from the very first dose and now after taking three bottles I can honestly say that I am like a different woman. I have a splendid appetite and never have any trouble with indigestion. I have become so much stronger that I can do all my housework without any trouble. My headaches are a thing of the past and the rheumatism seems to have left me entirely. My nerves are now as steady as can be and I sleep so well at night that I get up in the mornings feeling fresh and strong. I have already recommended Tanlac to a great many of my friends, and am glad of this chance to tell a wider circle of people what an excellent medicine Tanlac is."

Tanlac is sold in Quebec by Jolliveau's pharmacy; and by Martel and Dion; and in Levis by Maurice Dion; under the personal direction of a special Tanlac representative.

IN RE: VACANT ESTATE L. E. A. BELANGER.

Notice is hereby given that in virtue of an order of the Honorable L. J. Cannon, dated the 20th, of February, 1920, the sale will take place at the Office of Francois-Eliazar Brousseau, 111 St. Joseph Street, Quebec, at Ten o'clock in the forenoon on the 23rd day of June, 1920, the following immovable property to wit:

"Lot No. 7 (seven) of the subdivision of lot No. three thousand thirty-five (3035) of the official plan and book of reference for the cadastre of Palace Ward of the city of Quebec, measuring thirty-nine (39) feet frontage and through all its depth, with also a parcel of land of three (3) feet six inches (6) immediately adjoining the above described lot, known and designated under No. 8-B (eight-B) of the subdivision of the above mentioned lot No. three thousand thirty-five (3035) of said cadastre, with also right of way under the porch which forms part of said property, and the rights of community (mitoyennete) which may exist in the wall separating lot No. 3035-8-B (three thousand thirty-five-eight-B) from lot No. 3035-8-A (three thousand thirty-five-eight-A) circumstances and dependences."

Subject to an annual rent of \$18.16 payable to the Reverend Ladies of l'Hotel-Dieu du Precieux Sang.

And with the charges and conditions set forth in the cahier de charges deposited in the hands of the undersigned.

Quebec, 1920.

HILDEVERT GROLEAU,
Curator said vacant estate.
111 St. Joseph Quebec,
June 9/20

Lacrosse.

Saturday was a great day for Quebec in Lacrosse matters, and while there were many doubting Thomases as to the result of the game against Ottawa here, the prevailing impression abroad seemed to be that the Quebec Intermediates were going up to a funeral—their opponents when they left for Montreal to play the much talked of Crescent-St. Gabriel combination. Now that it turns out that Quebec has lowered the flags of both of her opponents, she will find plenty of people ready to congratulate her and believe in her players' lacrosse powers. Quebec seniors beat Ottawa by six to one, while Quebec Intermediates won their game by three to two.

A FRIENDLY WATER TRIP.

It's a queer world. Sunday we spent in a friend's boat, making the trip to Wallaceburg, Ont. Along the stretch of blue water we passed every sort of people in every sort of boats, and in every instance we waved a hand in greeting to them and every sort of people in every sort of all to get a warm and genial sign of friendship from passers-by. The people on land saluted us. It seemed as though we were continually being welcomed as we arrived in sight and wished good luck as we departed.

Yet on land we could have passed by the same people time after time and not one of them would have turned to look or wave a hand. Why can't people be as friendly to land travelers as they are to those who travel by water? It's a queer world.—Cleveland Leader.



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If every mother could only realize the danger which lurks in the neglect of chafing and skin irritations she would not take chances on being without Dr. Chase's Ointment to apply after baby's bath.

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Ar. Quebec (Palais Station) 3.00 p.m.

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June 5/20 C. A. LANGEVIN, City Passenger Agent, Quebec.

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We have the largest choice of Curtains in the City, either by the pair or by the yard.

As usual we have a very good selection of LINOLEUM, OIL CLOTH and FELTOL.

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