NEXT EUROPEAN MAIL.
To-day, 6 p.m., Philadelphia (supplementary).

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

TO-MORROW'S WEATHER.
Unsettled and showery.
Sun rose to-day at 7.08, sets 4.27.

95TH YEAR. NO. [illegible] TWELVE PAGES. MONTREAL, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1902. TWELVE PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT.

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SEE THE [illegible]OT PUZZLE ON PAGE 9 OF TO-DAY'S HERALD. $300 IN PRIZES.

Railroads May Advance Rates to Meet Increased Operating Expenses

Officials Say They Can See No Other Solution for Problems Raised by Demands of Labor Unions and Advancing Cost of Equipment.

The Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railway Companies have felt so keenly, in common with the other great railways on this side of the Atlantic, the pressure of the apparently interminable demands of labor organizations, representing all classes of employes from the trackmen to the engineer, for greater remuneration and the almost equally pronounced and continuous increases in the price of every kind of equipment and material of equipment, from a crank pin to a cylinder lubricant, that the question of a general movement for an advance in transportation rate is now receiving serious consideration.

Views expressed by the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk management to Herald representative show that both companies are driven by the irresistible logic of circumstances to look to the only measure by which they can restore the old equilibrium between revenue and expenditure.

MR. BOSWORTH'S VIEWS.

Mr. G. M. Bosworth, the fourth vice-president and traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific, laid great emphasis on the fact that while the gross earnings of the railways had gone up amazingly, there had been practically no increase in the net earnings. In other words, the steadily working expenses were absorbing the whole of the fruits of managerial enterprise in opening up new avenues of traffic and in enlarging and increasing the old. This is most discouraging and depressing.

The companies, Mr. Bosworth remarked, have to pay more for locomotives, more for passenger and freight cars and all other kinds of rolling stock, more for rails and ties, more for the fuel they burn, and more—far more—for all kinds of labor.

There was apparently to be no end to the demands of labor unions, nor was there any indication that the prices of equipment would rest on a basis of permanency. Everywhere there was an atmosphere of unrest.

IS THE PROPOSITION REASONABLE?

In the circumstances the companies must look somewhere to recoup themselves. Those who invested their money in railways had a right to look for a fair return. Where were they to look but to those who used the services of the railways? Did it not seem reasonable that they, too, should pay more?

Would the continuous growth of traffic, resulting from the advance in population, carrying with it the demand for all kinds of articles—would not this in the end restore the equilibrium by giving the companies a wider basis from which they could draw their profits?

MEANT ADDITIONAL COST.

It did not seem so now, Mr. Bosworth replied. Nor could he see a solution of the difficulty in that direction. Increased traffic necessarily implied increased cost in handling it; because additional traffic could not be handled without increased facilities, additional equipment, and very often it entailed the construction of additional lines—all of which meant the employment of new capital, which naturally looked for a fair return.

"Reduce it down to its fundamental basis," remarked Mr. Bosworth, "and you have the old economic principle that you cannot sell goods that cost you six cents for five and hope to carry on business."

"Take the case of the Pennsylvania," said Mr. Bosworth. "The other day they gave an advance all round on the wages of their employes, representing 10 per cent. and involving millions of dollars. What was the result? A prompt fall in Pennsylvania stock in the financial markets."

THE GRAND TRUNK VIEW.

The views of the Grand Trunk management were in harmony with those expressed by Mr. Bosworth. The officials had just returned from their trip through Ontario, where they had inspected the branch lines. There were Mr. Hays, the second vice-president and general manager; Mr. F. W. Morse, third vice-president; Mr. F. W. McGuigan, manager; Mr. J. W. Loud, freight traffic manager, and Mr. W. E. Davis, passenger traffic manager—all fresh from the gathering grounds of traffic, and having before them the need of greater expenditure in increasing the facilities of transportation.

The Grand Trunk officials point out that a very small increase in the rates, a fraction per ton per mile, would make all the difference between working the system at a fair profit and working it under unremunerative conditions.

The impression clearly given was that the companies will very shortly have to consider jointly the question of falling back on the public to recoup them for the increased expenditure that they are obliged to incur to meet demands that they are unable to resist. They have to employ the best diplomatic resources in effecting compromises with a good grace or face the consequences of dislocation and paralysis.

THE PENNSYLVANIA EXPERIENCE.

While the foregoing was being written a despatch came to hand from Philadelphia which throws a striking and unexpected illumination upon Mr. Bosworth's remarks regarding the Pennsylvania.

"Hard upon the heels of the announced advance in wages of the Pennsylvania's 100,000 employes, raising the company's pay roll to nearly $10,000,000," says the despatch, "comes the intimation that while the company may reap the glory the public will pay the bill. An executive official of the Pennsylvania said:

"'We have advanced the wages of our employes, and it is only fair that the public should contribute toward it, and this can be done by increasing freight rates.

"'Take, for instance,' he said, 'iron and steel products, upon which the profits are enormous. These would readily bear an increase of 40 cents per ton in freight rates, which, under present conditions, would probably call forth no protest from the manufacturers.'

"President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania, in urging upon the directors the advisability of making the advance in wages, made this statement:

"The country is passing through an unexampled period of prosperity, and so far as the Pennsylvania Railroad is concerned, this prosperity is bound to continue for at least two years, if contracts are kept.

"'It is time our employes be given a share of this prosperity. All the railroads in the United States and all the employers of labor are contemplating an advance in wages. The cost of living has increased 20 to 25 per cent., but wages have not increased accordingly.

"'This movement is bound to come, and the Pennsylvania may as well lead as follow. We have more business than we can handle, and can't see our way out of the difficulty unless we keep our men loyal to the company and help them while they help us. I therefore recommend a flat increase of 10 per cent. in wages, and advise that the announcement be made to the employes first and the public later.'

"The Pennsylvania will have to go out of the business of receiving freight for a week.'

"This was the remarkable statement made by one of the high officials of the railroad to-day. Later it was officially corroborated by Third Vice-President Turner. When the official was asked for the reason he said:

"'Never in the history of the country has there been such a volume of business. It is so great we cannot handle it, and for that reason we will have to shut down our receiving offices for at least a week. That will give us an opportunity to catch up and will save us thousands of dollars in damages. The business is such that perishable goods are rotting on the tracks.'"

NEW YORK CENTRAL.

The New York Central is not slow to imitate the Pennsylvania. A despatch from New York says:

"By the fact that the New York Central has added nearly $1,000,000 a year to its pay roll through increasing the wages of its train operating force, attention is called to the era of good feeling dawning in the relation of labor to capital. The increase was made without any formal announcement, and so gradual has the process of addition been carried on that the news did not become public until yesterday, and then through unofficial channels.

"This policy of the New York Central is in line with that adopted last June by the United States Steel Corporation, when, without reference to whether or not the men belonged to labor unions, it voluntarily increased the pay of one hundred thousand men, and added $4,000,000 to its annual pay rolls.

"Three reasons are given for the policy of the New York Central. The first lies in the higher cost of living, the second is due to the wish of the management to equalize the wages on all parts of the system, and the third is that the company thinks the men, on account of their faithfulness and efficient service, deserve recognition."

THE OTHER SIDE.

Against this has to be set the following statement of the position which comes from an apparently reliable source:

"The question of an advance in all-rail rates—an annual occurrence—to take effect on the closing of lake navigation, is under consideration, and the matter of higher rates on ex-rail grain for next season is likewise being discussed. There will also most probably be a number of changes in the official classifications in a revision soon to be issued. But these changes in classification, it is officially stated, will have no significance as a large producer of revenue, in that they will be merely readjustments of merchandise whose present classification has been found to be defective. There will also be readjustments of carload lots, as it has been found in a number of instances to be a practical impossibility to get 30,000 lbs.—the present minimum—of certain lightweight descriptions of merchandise in a car. On January 1, 1900, a very radical and general advance was made in classifications. This meant a large increase in revenue, but the changes now under consideration have no general significance."

UNSATISFACTORY NET EARNINGS.

The returns from the New York News Bureau bear out with remarkable force and cogency Mr. Bosworth's remarks to The Herald on the subject of the depreciation in the rates of net earnings.

The Bureau in question has tabulated the returns of seventy-eight roads that have reports for September and finds that while the gross earnings show an increase of $8,112,904, equal to more than 15 per cent. for the month, the net earnings have increased $91,642, or less than one-quarter of one per cent. And for the quarter year ending with September these same roads show a gross increase of $23,400,323 (equal to 9 per cent.), while instead of an increase the net earnings show a decrease of $2,603,227, or nearly 3 per cent. Following are the comparisons:

Gross and net earnings of 78 railroads for the month of September:

	1902.	1901.
Oper. expenses	62,507,584	54,486,272
Gross earnings	$95,762,367	$87,649,413
Net earnings....	$33,254,783	$33,163,141

Quarter ended September 30, 78 railroads report as follows:

	1902.	1901.
Gross receipts	$278,119,386	$254,669,063
Oper. expenses	183,957,672	157,904,122
Net earnings....	$94,161,714	$96,764,941

There are Dollars in Dots.

STOCK SLUMP LED TO HIS SUICIDE

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Toronto, Nov. 18. Charles H. Cornell, of 200 Robert street, committed suicide in the Rosedale ravine, near Park road, yesterday.

The act is the result of the recent slump in stocks. Mr. Cornell had been dealing largely on the market of late, and had lost heavily during the last week. These losses preyed upon his mind, and he had been despondent. Cornell was a Yonge street butcher.

The dots are in this issue.

SEVEN SENTENCES IN THE POLICE COURT

Judge Lafontaine imposed some severe but apparently merited sentences this morning. Alfred Bensaucon was arrested some time ago on the charge of the theft of $800 from Lyon Silverman for whom he was a bookkeeper. He was found guilty, and it was also found that he had been convicted of a like offence in Quebec. He was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Marie Louise Chartrand stole clothes and will serve a year for it. Hermas Corbell, for a petty theft, put 15 days in jail. Arthur Chevalier, on a charge of theft, will be tried on Friday, and Samuel Waters, James Bannon and J. O'Brion were remanded until to-morrow. They are accused of robbing a G. T. R. car at Point St. Charles yards.

HON. SIR ELZEAR TASCHEREAU IS CHIEF JUSTICE

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Ottawa, Ont., November 18.—There was a short meeting of the Cabinet yesterday afternoon before Sir Wilfrid Laurier left for Virginia. A number of important appointments were made.

Sir Henry Strong, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada has retired from the bench and has been appointed chairman of



SIR ELZEAR TASCHEREAU,
Newly-Appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada.

the commission to revise the Dominion statutes.

Sir Elzear Taschereau has been promoted to the chief justiceship of the court, and Chief Justice Armour, of the High Court of Ontario has been appointed to the vacancy on the Supreme Court Bench caused by the retirement of Sir Henry Strong and the promotion of Justice Taschereau.

Justice C. Moss, of the Ontario Court of Appeal, has been appointed Chief Justice of the high court in Justice Armour's place, and J. J. McLaren, K.C., Toronto, has been appointed to the vacancy, created by the promotion of Justice Moss, on the Court of Appeal. Mr. McLaren has been prominent for many years in prohibition circles. It is safe to say that these appointments will give general satisfaction.

The composition of the commission to review the Dominion statutes is as follows: Sir Henry Strong, Chairman, E. L. Newcombe, K.C., (Deputy Minister of Justice); A. Power, K.C. (Justice Department), E. R. Cameron, (Registrar of the Supreme Court); W. E. Rosco, Kentville, N. S. Henry Robertson, Collingwood, Ont.; Thomas Metcalfe, Winnipeg, Man.; L. P. Sirois, Quebec. There are two secretaries, Charles Murphy, Ottawa, being one and H. St. Louis, Montreal, the other. The commission will start work at an early date.

TAKEN TO THE HOSPITAL.

James Cunningham was arrested last night by a Constable of No. 6 Police Station while lying drunk on Colborne street. When he was taken to the Central Station this morning he was taken very ill and Dr Bouchard was called in to aid him. The man was in such a condition that it was found necessary to remove him to Notre Dame Hospital, and the Recorder suspended sentence in the case.

NEW CHAPTER OF ROYAL ARCH MASONS IN COOKSHIRE

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Sherbrooke, Nov. 18.—A new chapter of Royal Arch Masons was instituted at Cookshire on Saturday evening. Twenty-four candidates were initiated, and the chapter starts out with a membership of thirty-eight. The Grand Chapter officers present at the ceremony were: Geo. O. Staunton, M.E.G. Z.; J. Bruce Payne, E.E.G.H.; C. P. O'Connor, R.E.G.J.; W. H. White, M. E.G. Scribe E.; Alex. Ames, R.E.G. Scribe N.; D. A. Young, P.S.; H. Williams, S.S.; G. Wilkinson, J.S.; H. E. Channell, P.G.H.; Geo. Millar, P.G. Supt.; W. Goldthorpe, P.G.Z.; C. G. Manhire, P.G.H. There were also several companions from the Montreal chapters that accompanied the Grand Chapter officers.

The following were elected principal officers of the new chapter, which will be known as Friendship: Alex. Ross, 1st Prin. Z.; R. A. Darker, 2nd Prin. H.; S. Cooke, 3rd Prin. J.; A. Reid, Scribe E.; W. French, treasurer; A. E. Swan, Scribe N.; H. Eage, Prin. S.

A banquet was tendered the visitors in the evening.

NEW COMMUNITY FOR SHERBROOKE.

The Redemptorist Fathers will establish a community in Sherbrooke for the purpose of educating the members, who have had to go to France or Germany for their education, as there is no such institution in Canada.

A CASE OF SMALLPOX.

Jos. Rosseau, of St. Cecile, walked into Dr. Pelletier's office yesterday morning and complained to the doctor that he was not feeling well. The doctor immediately diagnosed his illness as being due to smallpox, and the patient was removed to the civic hospital. The patient came from St. Cecile about ten days ago, and he must have contracted the disease there.

Dots! Dots! See the Dots!

INSTRUMENTS BELONGED TO THE CORPORATION

Mr. J. H. Parent, an engineer in charge of sewer construction in the Road Department, will, this afternoon, be called upon to explain before the Road Committee the reason for his having a couple of hundred dollars' worth of corporation plans, drawings and instuments, in his private workshop at home.

It is understood that Mr. Parent had no intention of appropriating these, but had merely taken them home temporarily to enable him the better to prosecute a private practise which he had cultivated after hours. In any event, he is now under suspension.

Hon. Mr. Prefontaine Says He Will Light the St. Lawrence at Night

Measures Will be Adopted to Make the Channe Navigable by Day as Well as by Night.

The policy of improvement for the channel of the St. Lawrence which was inaugurated under the Hon. James Sutherland, when Minister of Marine and Fisheries, is to be actively pursued by his successor, Hon. Raymond Prefontaine.

One of Hon. Mr. Prefontaine's first official acts, after being gazetted a Canadian Minister, was to make a tour of inspection of the St. Lawrence River between the cities of Montreal and Quebec. The voyage was concluded this morning, when Hon. Mr. Prefontaine returned to Montreal.

To a representative of The Herald, this morning, he made a statement that he is prepared to go a step further in providing facilities for steamers to reach the city of Montreal than has ever been done before.

When asked about his trip, Hon. Mr. Prefontaine said:—

"We made an inspection of the channel and saw the guides which have already been established for the assistance of vessels navigating the St. Lawrence. I found that there has already been a great deal done for the assistance of the captains and the pilots in the way of placing buoys and erecting lighthouses.

"But I also found that there still remains a great deal to be done. The examination I have made of the channel has convinced me that is no reason why it should not be so lighted at night as to make it as navigable during the hours of darkness as it now is in the day time.

"I intend to ask my associates in the Government to permit me to place a sufficient amount in the estimates for this purpose, and I have no doubt but Parliament will be quite ready to vote the money which is required.

"I expect that the work of perfecting the lighting of the St. Lawrence channel will be completed before the end of the coming summer."

TORONTO'S HOSPITAL FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN

Mr. John Ross Robertson Tells of the Scope of the Institution and the Good it Has Done—Some Suggestions for Montreal.

No man in Canada has done more to relieve the sufferings of sick children than Mr. John Ross Robertson, proprietor of the Toronto Evening Telegram, to whose large heart, public spirit and untiring energy is to be credited the splendid hospital for sick children which Toronto possesses.

Mr. Robertson was in Montreal yesterday, and in view of the movement lately set on foot in this city to establish a children's hospital here, Mr. Robertson was asked by a Herald reporter for some information regarding the similar charity in Toronto with which his name has so long been prominently identified.

Mr. Robertson was much interested in learning that Montreal is moving in the matter, and expressed a hope that the citizens would generously co-operate to accomplish the desired end.

GREAT DEMAND IN TORONTO.

They have been surprised in Toronto to find how great a demand there is for such an institution. They are at present treating in the College Street Hospital an average of 130 patients, while during the past year more than five thousand visits were paid by sick children to the hospital for treatment.

The majority of the cases are surgical, special attention being paid to the removal of deformities, such as club feet and other malformations which yield to surgical treatment. The facilities for treating private patients are not yet very adequate in the Toronto hospital, and about 80 per cent. of the patients are non-paying.

The buildings of the Toronto institution now consist of a splendid hospital on College Street, and a Lakeside Home on the Island, which was presented to the hospital in 1882 by Mr. Robertson, and has since been greatly enlarged. During the summer months the children are removed to this home, where they enjoy all the benfits of the lake breezes.

COLLECTED $300,000.

Mr. Robertson and his paper, the Evening Telegram, have since 1882 collected about $300,000 for the hospital. Mr. Robertson has been indefatigable in the work, and by personal appeal, by circular and through the paper, has maintained an incessant crusade on behalf of the charity. As a result, the assets of the hospital are now valued at $250,000. The annual expenses for maintenance are $35,000, of which $7,500 is contributed by the city and a similar amount by the Government, leaving the sum of $20,000 to be raised by private subscriptions.

Mr. Robertson, when asked if he had any suggestions that might be of particular value to Montreal, answered that he considered it of the first importance that the proposed hospital should be erected by the committee, and that no attempt be made to utilize an old building.

Before any plans were drawn the architect should visit New York and Toronto, and if possible, London and Edinburgh, so as to be fully seized by all that is most modern in the construction of hospitals.

The construction could be proceeded with in a tentative way, the original building being so planned as to permit an enlargement as means permitted. Particular attention should be paid to having the operating room of the most modern design. If the people of Montreal take an active interest in the work, it is Mr. Robertson's opinion that they will find it is a far more necessary charity than they probably imagine at the present time.

The hospital which is being planned for Montreal is not yet of the same scope as the Toronto Sick Children's Hospital. It aims at present only to provide for the treatment of tuberculous diseases of children, yet such is the need for it that a hospital of very large dimensions would be no more than sufficient to meet requirements.

It is intended to start very modestly, with a building scarcely larger than a small house, but perfectly equipped, and as opportunity offers or is made, to increase its size. It is the earnest hope of the men interested that should the scheme go through, its success may lead to the erection of a hospital for sick children, upon the plan of the Toronto institution, for eastern Canada.

Through The Herald's Sieve.

HERE'S A CHANCE for Hon. Sherlock Holmes of the Academy to get in his fine work. Burglars on St. Paul Street, who didn't even leave photographs as a clue. The police are almost nonplussed.

KING LEOPOLD CAN'T take a joke. When his daughter telegraphed congratulations upon his escape, he maintained a deep silence.

REMARKABLE RECOVERY OF a Rossland man who was shot through the lungs and liver. That was ten days ago and he is better now. Yet he is not so well a man as Sanford, the Paris, Ont., celebrity.

THEY SAY THAT Hon. John L. Sullivan will shortly write his autobiography. If we had nerve enough we'd remark that it will be an interesting scrap book.

HON. GOLDWIN SMITH will leave his brain to Cornell University. There are a whole lot who can't do this sort of thing, and it would be so useful in Toronto.

THE AMBULANCES needn't go rusty for



want of work. Some more weather will be along soon, (and the rooters' glad cry will rise again.

ITS A FEARFUL warning to Cons. travelling abroad. Leader of a small political party arrested in Brussels on suspicion of being an anarchist.

PAUL ZOWALSKI escaped from a train near Utica, N.Y., by climbing onto the roof. He left his name behind, or he'd have been caught.

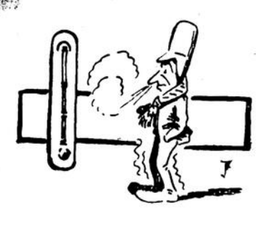
"THERE'S A THING that's bound to occur," said the vicious man.

"What's that?" asked the unsuspecting youth.

"Your dog's tail."

(Key to this furnished on application.)

WE'VE FORGOTTEN the Coal question for



a week, hoping that things would smoke up. Look's as if we'd be giving small grains of anthracite for Christmas presents after all.

My Little Drink.

(A movement is on foot in France to prohibit manufacture of absinthe etc. The distillers have subscribed one million francs to fight the legislation.)

Take all I own, yet leave to me
My little drink.
It may knock out vitality,
But just to think,
Of putting absinthe down, except
Down the parched throat,
Draws tears. My face is wet,
Yet let us gloat,
My dear Gaston, for our kind friends,
Who make it, will
Put up the dough that always tends
To beat a bill.

So after you, my dear Gaston,
Put it in you.
Its bad for us and may be wrong,
Put it in you.
They may take from us our lives,
We have still our paradise.
So up with the glass, my dear Gaston,
Put it in you.
(N.B.—A prize of $1,636,411.11 is offered for the man who can find the metre in this thing. We tried to.)

COURTS HAVE DECIDED that Truth was not guilty of libel. A name may often help a lot.

IRISH LANDLORDS will meet the tenants. What a lovely time there will be when the ten or twelve thousand of them come together.

THE WHISKERED MASK;
—or—
Further Adventures of Herlock Holmes.

Herlock Holmes came in, as I sat with my feet on the chandelier. The great detective had a black eye, and his pants were ripped at the knee. I regarded him closely.

"I see you have had a fight," I ventured.

The master sleuth started.

"How did you know that, Watson?" he said in agitation.

"By the law of deduction. Let me tell you what you did yesterday. Heavily disguised as a policeman, you raided an anarchist house by the river front and arrested a peanut vendor. He punched your face, and your jumped on his ribs. In the scuffle, you swallowed the cigar you were carelessly chewing. Later, you changed your dress and donned that of an old woman, still further concealing your identity by a bunch of heavy whiskers. Wait. Then you went to a society dinner as one of the invited guests, and copped a man who was putting away salt-cellars."

"Great Scott, Watson, you've got me beat. How did you know all this?"

"Its very simple. Saw it in the morning papers" said I.

Christopher Colombo.

(Columbus' ashes have been deposited in Seville Cathedral.)

In 1492
Columbus, he got frisky
For the land was there beyond the blue.
And the crew were drinking whiskey.

In nineteen hundred and naughty three,
His ashes, they were potted,
And laid with great solemnitee
In the place from which he started.

ANOTHER VOLCANO heard from. Despatch says its rumble is gentle and intermittent. This is probably what the Cons. heard when they had their ears to the ground, and mistook for trouble in the government.

THIS IS THE bear season, and it is up to everybody to load up. But what's the use. We don't want a bare skin anyway.

MANY SOCIETY PEOPLE AT THE ACADEMY LAST NIGHT

Vice-regal night at the Academy was a great success. Monday is, as a rule, rather a chilly night, as far as attendance and enthusiasm are concerned, but the fact that Their Excellencies were to attend with their suite proved an attraction strong enough to fill the theatre.

The management, with patriotic intent, used for floral decorations for the boxes red and white roses and violets, which were close enough to blue to carry out the idea. Between the acts little vials of perfumes were handed about in rose-decorated baskets, and presented as souvenirs.

A FASHIONABLE AUDIENCE.

The audience was very fashionable. Several box and theatre parties were present. Evening wraps, which become more elaborate each year, were much in evidence, in most cases mere glimpses being obtained of the gowns.

His Excellency Lord Minto, who entered the vice-regal box to "God Save the King" at a quarter past eight, was accompanied by Lady Minto, Lady Eileen Elliot, Major and Mrs. Maude, Mr. Arthur Guise and Captain Bell, A.D.C. The vice-regal party exhibited much interest in the adventures depicted on the stage, and applauded liberally.

Lady Minto wore a magnificent evening wrap of electric blue brocade with quantities of rich deep lace, trimmed with bands of sable and large collar of ermine. The gown was of black, and Lady Minto wore pink roses in her corsage and hair, and diamond ornaments.

Lady Eileen Elliot was in pale blue silk with a quaint white lace fichu. Her flowers were pink roses, and in her hair she wore a foliage wreath, diamond studded. Her corsage bouquet of pink roses and a diamond necklet completed the costume.

Mrs. Maude, who wore her hair very high and caught with a diamond crescent, was in a gown of pinkish mauve with much lace, a bouquet of violets and a diamond necklace.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Baumgarten were in the box above, accompanied by Mr. Galarneau and Miss Monk. Mrs. Baumgarten was in soft gray crepe and Miss Monk in pale yellow.

Mrs. James Coristine, who was in black, had in her box Miss Coristine in cream; Miss Ewan, in black, with pale blue; and Miss Nora Piers in black with pink roses.

Among others were Mrs. D. Lorn Macdougall, Miss Dora McDougall, who wore a gray velvet wrap; Mrs. James Wright, in a pale gray cloak; Mrs. R. G. Reid, in a beautiful yellow brocaded satin wrap with ermine collar; Miss Reid, in a white cloak with lace; Mrs. Henry Fuller, in white; Miss Sise, in pale gray; Mrs. Donald MacMaster, in black lace, with her guest, Mrs. Fraser (Lancaster); Mrs. A. F. Gault, in a dark green satin cloak with ermine collar; Miss Roddick, in black; Mrs. T. Johnson Alloway, in a black satin cloak with lace collar; Miss Irene Alloway, in a pale blue coat with ermine collar and touches of blue; Miss Jessie McDougall, in black; Miss Greta Murray, in a pale gray cloak; the Misses Clouston, in gray wraps with wide fur collars; Mrs. Thomas Tait, in pale blue; Miss May Stephens, in a black wrap; Miss Stephen, in black with pink roses; Miss S. Stephen, in black with violets; Miss McLimont, in gray with ermine, and her sister in turquoise blue with frills; Mrs. Godfrey Weir, in pale pink; Mrs. F. S. Warren, in white; Miss Ludington, in black; Miss Richie, in a black gown; Mrs. J. P. Mullarkey, in white; Miss Hingston, in white and pale gray cloak; the Misses Ellis, in pale pink with touches of black; Miss Freda Fairman, in a pale gray wrap with white fur; Mrs. G. W. Stephens; Dr. and Mrs. Birkett, Sir William Hingston, Mr. E. S. Clouston, Mrs. de Forest Smith, Mr. H. Fuller, Mrs. T. Stinson Jarvis, Mr. A. F. Gault, Miss Covernton, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Hutchinson, Mr. J. Cook, Dr. Evans, Mr. F. S. Warren, Mr. Thomas Tait, Mr. Irwin Johnston, Mr. Godfrey Weir, Mr. G. Johnston, Mr. H. A. Springle, Dr. Burgess and many others.

LIBERAL M.P. FOR BURRARD IS DEAD

Rev. G. R. Maxwell Succumbs at Vancouver to the Illness He Suffered in Scotland.

Vancouver, B.C., November 18.—George R. Maxwell, member of Dominion Parliament for Burrard, died at his residence in this city shortly after midnight after a lengthy illness. Deceased who was a Liberal in politics, was returned as first member for Burrard in 1896 and was re-elected at the last general election.

Mr. Maxwell was born at Stonehouse, South Lanarkshire, Scotland, on January 11th, 1857. Educated at the parish school and at Glasgow University, he took a theological course and was ordained in the Presbyterian ministry in 1880. His first charge was at Wishaw, Lanarkshire. Coming to Canada, he had pastoral charge at St. Sylvester, Lower Leeds, and at Three Rivers, Quebec, and in 1891 accepted a call to the First Presbyterian Church at Vancouver. He continued to fill that pastorate until his election to the Dominion House of Commons in the general election in June, 1896, as a Liberal, defeating Mr. G. H. Cowan by 288 votes. He was re-elected at the general election in November, 1900.

Mr. Maxwell married in 1883 Mary, the oldest daughter of Mr. R. Forrest, postmaster, of Blanefield, Stirlingshire, Scotland, and leaves several children.

Mr. Maxwell was in Montreal about two months ago, at the Glengarry private hospital. He had been touring in Europe, England and Scotland, and a long succession of bad weather and exposure in the latter country laid the foundation of jaundice to which he ultimately succumbed. On landing in Montreal he called on the services of Dr. Ridley Mackenzie, who, with the assistance of Dr. Roddick and Dr. Lafleur, succeeded in improving his condition sufficiently to admit of his being taken to British Columbia, though even at that time the patient was exceedingly ill.

UNSETTLED AND SHOWERY.

Probs.—Unsettled and showery; Wednesday about the same.

Those Dots.

The Whole City and Much of the Country is "Dotty."

The Herald's unique scheme of offering $300 in prizes for the first correct counts of the number of dots in the figure printed in the paper each day is proving remarkably popular. From all parts of the city come reports that people are poring over the dots, determined on sharing in the prizes. From both city and country counts are already coming in rapidly, although none of these will be given precedence over those that come in at 10 o'clock Monday next, when the contest really begins. That is to say, all replies received before that time will be considered as received at the one time.

"Have you counted the dots?" is a question that is being asked in all parts of the city and country by the readers of The Herald, and by those who have had their attention called to the prize offer made by this paper.

All sorts of schemes have been adopted by the contestants to assure success. One enterprising woman cut out each speck with a pair of scissors, and then counted them separately. Another purchased a powerful magnifying glass, thinking thereby to have an easier thing of it. Many other methods have been pursued.

It may be said and repeated that the contest is to be decided by the nearness of the guesses to the actual number. All contestants should remember the conditions of the offer. No guess will be recorded unless accompanied by the proper amount of money. Those unable to come to the office may send their answers by mail, and they will be given the proper credit.

The Quality Store

EVENING WEAR

For Coming Festivities.

In our Silk and Fancy Novelties Department we have left nothing unturned that would help you in making a selection for Fancy Gowns and Dresses.

Silk Robes, in boxes, just a few stitches and they are ready for use, in Cream only. **Price $13.50 up.**

SILKS.

CREPE DE CHENE.
STRIPED GRENADINE.
SELF-COLORED PEAU DE SOIE.
COLORED SATIN MERVE.
COLORED DUCHESS SATIN.
COLORED LIBERTY SATIN.
OPEN WORK FANCY SILKS.

Specially appointed agents for Pim Bros., Dublin, for Real Irish Poplins, in all the Shades.

APPLIQUE COLLARS.

We have a full range of all that is newest in these Applique Collars, pretty designs and patterns, in Cream, White, Ivory, Pearl, Gray, Black, suitable for wearing with Evening Dresses or Gowns.

EVENING TRIMMINGS.

Our stock is now complete in everything that is newest and most up-to-date for Evening Dresses, Skirts and Blouses.

ART NEEDLE WORK CLASSES AT 2.30 P.M. TO-MORROW.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt and Careful Attention

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS

ST. CATHERINE AND MOUNTAIN STS.

TO END FORTUNE-MAKING

Judge Crosby Advocates the Application of the Single Tax System to Society.

The single taxers of this city had an able exponent of their theory before them last evening. A lecture on "The Church and the Workingman" was given in the Natural History Hall by Judge Crosby, of New York, Mayor Cochrane presiding.

If the single tax idea were put into operation in any country there would be an end to labor difficulties, in the opinion of Judge Crosby.

The taxing of the land would cause the owners thereof to make it yield to its utmost, and consequently this would necessitate the employment of more labor, and thus very largely ameliorate the present condition of the unemployed. He also said the church should place itself on the side of labor in this question, and in preaching the golden rule, it should listen to the grievance which labor had against the community.

One per cent. of the families of the United States now own more property than the other 99 per cent., and no one would pretend that any one man's services to the state could be worth $20,000,000 or $30,000,000 in that one man's lifetime. He did not mean to say that these men were dishonest; many of them were not, but those who were doing the work felt that they were being exploited to a great degree by the capitalists, and on looking at the matter calmly, it must be admitted that there was some truth in the statement.

The relation of the church to the labor question depended upon the view which was taken of Christianity. Some people regarded it as looking out for your own salvation in the future world. That was a selfish idea. It was worse than any ordinary earthly selfishness; it was an eternal selfishness. There was another view, and that was that the church was put on earth to redeem the world; it was the leaven to leaven the whole earth. If that was the case, the church must face this great social labor question.

A system by which a man could roll up a fortune of $20,000,000 in a life time was wrong. The remedy he prescribed for it was the system of single taxation.

OFFICIALS MUST BE NATURALIZED

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 18.—About 20 Americans employed in responsible positions under the Government of the Yukon Territory have been required to become naturalized British subjects or step out. A large number have taken the oath of allegiance, thereby securing their retention.

William Fuerst, who arrived from Dawson to-day, resigned rather than lost his American citizenship. For three years he has been stenographer in the office of Gold Commissioner Senkler, where rapidity contests in litigation involving properties worth millions.

A year ago some of the Canadians of Dawson began a persistent agitation for the replacing of all Americans in the Government employment with Canadians. Gold Commissioner Senkler decided that Fuerst should stay. This summer James Smart, Deputy Minister of the Interior, in response to vigorous requests by the Canadian element, let it be known that Americans must take the oath of allegiance or give way to British subjects. The matron of the jail, wood choppers and others were let out.

Owing to Fuerst's efficiency and the desire of his superior to retain him, red hot correspondence with the Ottawa Government followed. This resulted in the final decision that Fuerst must apply for Canadian papers or walk out. He chose the latter, and is now en route to California.

LIGHT AND DARK,

Day and night, sunshine and shadow are not more different from each other than a healthful from a sickly woman. The healthful woman carries light and sunshine with her wherever she goes.



The woman who suffers from ill-health casts a shadow on her own happiness and the happiness of others. She cannot help it. Those who suffer cannot smile and sing.

Ill-health in woman is generally traceable to disease of the delicate womanly organism. Many women have been restored to happiness by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"I feel it my duty to inform you that I had been a sufferer for many years from nervousness with all its symptoms and complications," writes Mrs. O. N. Fisher, of 1861 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y. "I was constantly going to see a physician or purchasing medicine for this or that complaint as my troubles became unbearable. In the spring of 1897 my husband induced me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. After taking one bottle and following your advice I was so encouraged that I took five more bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and then I did not take any more for several weeks as I felt so much better, but still I was not *completely cured*. I commenced taking it again and felt that I was improving faster than at first. I am not now cross and irritable, and I have a good color in my face; have also gained about ten pounds in weight and *one thousand of comfort*, for I am a new woman once more."

The dealer who offers a substitute for "Favorite Prescription" does so to gain the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines. His profit is your loss, therefore accept no substitute.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered book, or 50 stamps for the cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

LEHIGH CO.'S STATEMENT.

Philadelphia, Nov. 18.—The statement of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company was made public here yesterday. The answer recites the development of the company from the date of its charter in 1822, refers to the expense of operation, and to the comparative small profits, and declares the demands of the employes for an increase of 20 per cent. is unjustifiable, the reason given in support of the demand not being founded on fact. Accompanying the statement are two exhibits. One shows the earnings of the employes of the company for one year, based on the time worked during 1901, the number of several classes of workmen, and the rates paid according to the pay roll for the first half of May, 1902. The other is a catalogue of overt acts charged to the striking employes of the company during the recent contest, the riots, the assaults and disturbances of various kinds being numbered at upwards of sixty.

The statement continues:

In 1901 for a day of ten hours' contract miners earned an average of $3.14 per day; skilled laborers, $2.31; unskilled laborers, $1.83; boys, $1 for work underground. The rates of outside labor average as follows: Skilled labor, $1.96; unskilled labor, $1.28; boys, 77 cents. The average annual earnings of adults were $475.25.

Denial is made of the claims of the miners that their earnings are insufficient to maintain the American standard of living, and, concerning the employes of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company, these figures are given: "Out of 3,043 families, 870 own their own houses. Pianos will be found in 146, and house organs in 337. The company owns and rents to its employes 671 houses at an average rental ow $4.75 a month."

WILL NOW APPROACH CITY HOSPITALS

City Council Desires Them to Arrange for the Construction of Contagious Wings.

The City Council transacted only routine business at its session yesterday afternoon, an early adjournment being proposed out of respect to the memory of Madame (Ald.) Bumbray, who died last Friday.

An appropriate resolution of condolence with the bereaved husband and family was proposed by Ald. Laporte, seconded by Ald. Wilson. It was carried unanimously.

In consonance with the arrangement reached at the meeting of the special committee re the hospital site on Saturday, Ald. L. A. Lapointe moved, seconded by Ald. Ekers, that all rules to the contrary be suspended, and that the special committee named by Council on the 8th of September last to consider and report upon the question of a site for the proposed isolation hospital be instructed to confer with the Roman Catholic and Protestant hospital authorities in order to ascertain whether they would be willing to undertake the care of patients suffering from scarlet fever, diphtheria and similar diseases (not including smallpox, cholera or typhus), and if so, under what terms and conditions, and to make report to this Council upon all matters referred to them on or before the regular monthly meeting of Council in December.

Ald. Lavallee was the only dissenter. He claimed that the resolution was illegal. Before it could be legally passed a previous resolution, providing that the hospital should be under civic control, would have to be rescinded.

Mr. A. McGarr petitioned for the right to erect a stable in Mountain Street to accommodate sixty horses.

M'GILL JUNIOR PROM. HAS BEEN POSTPONED

The Junior Prom planned by the students of McGill University has been postponed until January 16. At a meeting of the executive committee it was decided that there was too little time between now and the Christmas exams to undertake all the arrangements for the function.

GARMENT WORKERS FORM A NEW UNION.

About a hundred garment workers, many of whom have been connected with the Garment Workers' Assembly, K. of L., held a meeting Saturday evening in Empire Hall in order to form a new union under a charter from the United Garment Workers' of America.

Various manufacturers who have been sending consignments of ready-made clothing, bearing the label of the local K. of L. assembly, to Western dealers, have found that the K. of L. label is not recognized by the trade unionists of Canada. This, combined with dissatisfaction with the workings of the K. of L. order, has induced a considerable number of the garment workers to join the ranks of the International Union. Some years ago the garment workers were organized under the International Union's jurisdiction, but seceded to join the Knights of Labor. Their experience under that order has not been altogether satisfactory, hence the formation of the new union. There are now five or six different local unions of men and women employed in the clothing industry, including wholesale cutters, basters, pressers, operators, rubber workers, journey and custom tailors.

FIRST UNION TO BE ENTIRELY OF WOMEN.

A union of women and girls employed in the clothing industry of Montreal was organized last week by Mr. Bernard Rose, provincial organizer of the United Garment Workers of America. This is the first labor organization composed exclusively of female workers that has been formed in Eastern Canada. The new union starts with a charter membership of sixty, and the indications are that a considerable accession of members will be obtained in a short time. A series of social evenings will be held during the winter months.

HOTELKEEPER DIES.

Mr. Simeon Charpentier, a well-known hotel keeper, died Sunday at his residence, No. 9 Bonsecours Street, at the age of 47 years. Mr. Charpentier was born at St. Basil, Port Neuf, where he lived for some years, later going to Michigan and finally to Duluth, where he made a small fortune in the lumber business. He returned to Montreal two years ago. His widow and three children survive. Interment will take place at St. Basil on Wednesday.

WILL BE HEARD DEC. 4TH.

The date for the hearing on its merits of the contestation of the St. James election was fixed this morning for December 4. After Mr. Justice Lavergne had given judgment in Practice Court maintaining the respondent's inscription against the judgment of Judge Loranger, fixing November 17 as the date, on the ground that Mr. Justice Robidoux had already given a contrary decision, Mr. Beaullon, acting for Mr. Berzeron, moved that December 4th be fixed for the trial. Judge Lavergne immediately granted the motion.

I WILL CURE YOU OF

Rheumatism

Else No Money Is Wanted.

After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn bony joints into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and, if it succeeds, the cost is only $5.50. If it fails, I will pay your druggist myself.

I have no samples, because any medicine that can affect Rheumatism quickly must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs and it is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you, I know it and I take the risk.

I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 39 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay gladly.

I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter. I will send you my book about Rheumatism, and an order for the medicine. Take it for a month, as it won't harm you anyway.

If it fails, it is free, and I leave the decision with you. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 28, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

OGILVIE CO. TO BUILD BIG MILL AT FT. WILLIAM

Arrangements Nearly Completed For Erection of Giant Flour Mill.

It is understood that the Ogilvie Flour Mills Company, Limited, have about completed arrangements with the town of Fort William for the erection of one of the largest flour mills in Canada and a million bushel elevator in connection therewith, through which all the wheat handled by the company for the East will pass.

This will form a very important link in the business of this company, and embodies the carrying out of the plans projected by the late W. W. Ogilvie, and which were interrupted owing to his untimely death.

The work will be proceeded with as soon as the by-law which is to be submitted to the ratepayers of Fort William is ratified by the Legislature. Further additions to the company's plant will be made in other portions of Canada as the circumstances demand.

FOR DIVORCE OR SEPARATION

Many Applications Will Come Up at Ottawa and Quebec.

The time is approaching for the sitting of the Federal and the Provincial Parliaments. The official publications of the Government do not define the day upon which "our beloved and faithful Senators of the Dominion and the members elected to serve in the House of Commons," or when "our beloved and faithful Legislative Councillors of the Province of Quebec and the members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly" are to foregather for the good of the Empire.

But if it is not to be soon; several unhappy homes are making premature arrangements to have domestic differences officially settled. The Canada Gazette and the Quebec Official Gazette contain a number of notices of applications for divorce and separation.

Divorces are demanded by Mrs. Moore nee Jennie Davidson, of Ottawa, from her husband, Harry T. Moore, of Bridgewater; by James Reid Steele, of Montreal, from his wife, Minnie Clara Steele, formerly of Montreal, but now of Indianapolis; by R. M. Smith, of Chesterville, Ont., from his wife, Grace Smith, now of Minnesota; by Florence Gough, of Montreal, from her husband, Charles A. Gough, civil servant, of Ottawa; and by Florence Lee Gray, of Toronto, from her husband, G. R. Gray, of Toronto.

The Legislative Assembly of Quebec is asked to grant separation as to property to Dame Emma Crevier, of St. Lazare, district of Montreal, from her husband, Ovila Poirier, blacksmith; Maria Marcil, wife of Joseph Legault, butcher, both of the city of St. Henri, as to property from her husband; Dame Aurelie Benoit, of the parish of Notre Dame de Bonsecours, district of St. Hyacinthe, wife of Hector Lamarre, mason and contractor, from her husband; Dame Lizzie Joseph, of the city and district of Montreal, wife of Jacob Greenspoon, from her husband; Marie Louise Amyot, of the city of St. Henri, district of Montreal, wife of Charles Lebrun, grocer, from her husband; Dame Clara Moraglia, of Montreal, against Rene Ravaux, artist; Dame Evelina alias Velina Riopel, against her husband, Henri Demers, of the city of Montreal, contractor.

LORD MINTO MAY ATTEND DINNER

Governor-General Invited to be Present at McGill Medical Banquet.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been invited to the annual dinner of the McGill Medical Faculty, which will be held at the Windsor in the first week in December.

Mr. J. McCulloch will be the president of the dinner, and the honorary officers will be:—President, Dr. R. F. Ruttan; vice-president, Dr. J. G. Adami; representative of the professors, Dr. H. S. Birkett; representative of the lecturers and demonstrators, Dr. J. A. Hutchison. The honorary officers and Dr. Roddick, M.P., dean of the faculty, will wait on his Excellency to-day to convey to him the formal invitation and to ascertain his wishes in the matter.

ECZEMA, NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases, 50 cents. If your druggist hasn't it in stock send 50 cents in stamps to the Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture Laxative Bromo-Quinine, the celebrated Cold cure.

OBITUARY

LONDON, Ont.—Robert Armstrong, aged 67 years, is dead.

KINGSVILLE, Ont.—Dr. Ring, a well known physician, is dead.

STRATFORD, Ont.—John Lake, of Avonbank, is dead, aged 74 years.

LONDON, Ont.—Charles C. Salmon, aged 54 years, is dead at West Nissouri.

TORONTO.—J. A. Rolston, of the Rolston Laundry, is dead, aged 40 years.

BRANTFORD, Ont.—David Stephen, a well known citizen, is dead, aged 65 years.

TORONTO—C. B. Heydon, of Saratoga, N.Y., died suddenly at the Rossin House here. He was 60 years of age, and had been in poor health for six months.

OTTAWA—Rev. John McMechan, a retired Presbyterian minister, who had served the church in Canada ofr a period of nearly half a century, is dead at Port Perry.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box, 25c

BENGORE HEAD WAS INJURED

Stated That Steamer Struck a Sunken Obstacle Near Matane.

The steamship Pengore Head, Captain R. E. Philips, arrived in port yesterday with coal from Swansea. She had her forehold full of water and No. 2 tank was also partially filled, but seemed to be a leak from No. 1 hold. The cause of the leak is said to be from colliding with a sunken obstacle off Matane. The chart does not show any such obstruction, so the matter is a mystery. The pumps have been kept working to keep the holds as dry as possible, but the extent of the damage will not be known until the cargo is taken out. The ship is one of the best cargo crafts running into this port, and Messrs. McLean, Kennedy & Co. have a large cargo already booked for her. The firm has arranged to have repairs made at once, and hope to be able to have the ship ready to take the goods out.

STEAMER QUEBEC IS AGAIN AFLOAT

The steamship Quebec, of the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co., which went ashore near Varennes last week, was floated at 4.30 p.m. yesterday, and at once proceeded to Sorel for winter quarters. The damage to the boat is not thought to be very bad, as the bed of the river at the point where she grounded is of blue clay. The matter of damage will not, however, be known until a complete survey is made.

BURGLARS AT WORK BUT NO CLUE LEFT

Burglars forced an entrance into the premises of Alonzo O. Bliss & Co., 232 St. Paul Street, some time between Saturday night and yesterday morning. They took a shutter off a rear window, forced the sash and entered. They piled boxes in front of the St. Paul Street door to prevent anyone entering that way. A drawer was forced in an office desk, and in it was found a slip of paper on which was the combination of the safe. The safe was easily opened and $50 taken from it, but a larger amount was passed over. The midnight mechanics left no clue.

To Talk Charter.

The Westmount Council will hold a special meeting this evening to discuss the charter.

Extension of Car Line.

The Frontenac Street extension of the Montreal Street Railway is now open, and cars are run to the Eastern Abattoir.

Lecture Course Opens.

Rev. Principal Hackett will open the lecture season of the Grand Trunk Literary and Scientific Society to-night by a lecture on India.

Dr. Frechette to Lecture.

Dr. Louis Frechette will give the second lecture under the auspices of the Alliance Francoise, in Karn Hall, on Thursday night, the subject being literary acquaintances.

Death by Accident.

In the matter of the death of Albert Bedard, who had his head crushed by a bale of hay while at work on the steamship Manchester Importer on Sunday, the coroner's jury found a verdict of accidental death.

Driver Missing.

Two weeks ago Thomas Hutchinson left his home at 244 Centre Street and has not been seen since. He was employed as a driver and is 27 years of age. He wore his working clothes, a black shirt and a soft black hat. The missing man is five feet six inches in height and weighs 160 pounds.

Death of Mr. Pierre Proulx.

A few minutes before 7 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Pierre Proulx, fireman, 163 Pious IX. Avenue, Maisonneuve, died very suddenly at his home, as he was preparing to go to work. He lived only an hour after being stricken down, though everything possible was done for him. The deceased was a brother of Lieutenant Robt. Proulx, of the Police Department, and he was forty-nine years of age.

Might Have Been Bad Fire.

Yesterday morning a blaze broke out among the varnish vats in A. Ramsay & Company's varnish factory at 106 Wellington Street, and caused considerable of a scare. The fire caught in a box of rubbish near a vat and had gained considerable headway when an alarm was sent in. The automatic sprinklers had partially quelled the fire before the arrival of the brigade.

Epileptic's Narrow Escape.

George Forget, aged 28, was seized with an epileptic fit last night on Notre Dame Street, near St. John Street. He fell in such a position that his head would have been crushed by an electric car, but a bystander, seeing his danger, pushed his head clear. The Notre Dame Hospital ambulance was called and he was taken to that institution. Later on he was allowed to go to his home.

Tried to Escape.

Detective McCall arrested a laborer named Arthur Chevalier yesterday afternoon on the charge of theft from the Marlborough apartments, Milton Street. Chevalier went along very nicely until the Central Police Station was reached, when he made a break for liberty and raced along Champ de Mars Street as far as Notre Dame Hospital, where the detective recaptured him and landed him safely in the cells.

Aged Lady's Sudden Death.

Mrs. Belcourt, aged 60 years, of 132 Laval Avenue, died suddenly yesterday afternoon. Early in the afternoon she and her daughter were out shopping for a couple of hours, and when on her way home was taken ill near Roy Street and Laval Avenue. She was taken into Lavigne's drug store and medical aid called. All possible was done for her, but she died in a few moments. Coroner McMahon was notified, but on looking into the circumstances, disposed of the case without a jury.

Late G. Ernest Muir.

From the family residence, 3 Mark St., the funeral of Mr. George Ernest Muir took place yesterday afternoon. The members of his Masonic lodge, the Mount Royal, attended in a body, and a Masonic funeral was conducted at the house by the lodge chaplain, Rev. Mr. Boyle. Among those present were:—Messrs. W. H. Olive, John Stroud, Prof. McDonald, A. E. Tuddenham, Grafftey, Hersey, T. A. Crossley, Robt. Turnbull, T. H. Richards, Fred. Sharp, Richardson, A. T. Ewart, the Rev. J. L. Gilmour, J. Whitham, Davis, W.M.; C. A. Smart, T. A. Emmans, F. W. Richards, J. R. Melville, G. E. Burns, F. C. Duncan, C. G. Winter, J. S. Walker, J. T. F. Keene, P. W. A. Birkett, H. J. Elliott, V. H. Allworth, and E. C. Bentley.

Automatic Electric Switch.

A test of the Hill automatic electric switch, which is designed to put a stop to electrical fires, due to high voltage, excess quantities of electricity and grounds, was given yesterday afternoon at the factory of the Hill Electric Switch Company, 626 St. Paul Street.

There were present Mr. McGregor, manager of the Commercial Union Insurance Company; Mr. F. M. Wickham, manager of the Alliance Company; Mr. Walter Kavanagh, of the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company; Mr. Hadrill, secretary of the Board of Underwriters, and Mr. Taylor, the inspector of the board, and other insurance men and electricians.

At the first general meeting of shareholders of the Hill Electric Switch Company, Limited, on Saturday, Hon. M. Doherty was elected president; Mr. George H. Hill, vice-president, and Mr. M. J. Doherty, secretary-treasurer.

Advertisement.

MELCHERS RED CROSS CANADIAN GIN CONTAINS MEDICINAL PROPERTIES ESPECIALLY BENEFICIAL TO WOMEN.

Women are often in need of a stimulant, but a stimulant that will not irritate the digestive organs. Gin is renowned all over the world as being a liquor containing beneficial properties especially adapted to their sex.

But to be of really any medicinal use, Gin must be thoroughly matured, and of an absolute purity; two qualities very seldom found with Gin. That is why doctors recommending the use of Gin will specify in preference to all others the Melchers Red Cross Canadian Gin, because it is the only Gin having its age and quality guaranteed on every bottle by an official Government stamp.

The "Red Cross" brand is without exception the purest, oldest and most agreeable gin distilled. It is soft and mellow to the taste and soothing to the stomach.—Advt.

COLONIAL HOUSE,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Corsets!

How to Select a Corset.

Selection of the proper Corset is a matter of the greatest importance, and worthy the careful consideration of every lady. Shape is the first requisite in a Corset, in order to have a natural and stylish appearance, and show a Costume to the best advantage. Our Corsets are selected with the greatest care, so as to meet the demands of the most refined and artistic taste, and give to each lady the Corset best suited to her figure.

A lady should make the most of her own figure by wearing the Corset most suited to her instead of forcing her figure into a Corset that was never intended for her to wear.

The Corset that fits and improves the figure cannot fail to meet with favor.

The New LONG HIP CORSET is becoming very popular. It lengthens the stout figure, giving a graceful curve over the hips, is the embodiment of stylish and fashionable comfort.

Our other styles are equally suited to the various figures for which they are intended, as they are selected, as well as our entire stock, from the most reliable and best Corset manufacturers.

P. D. CORSETS, for Stout, Medium and Slender Figures, from the Long Hip Corset to the Girdle.
R. & G. CORSETS, for Stout, Medium and Slender Figures.
C. P. CORSETS, Long, Medium and Short.
C. B. A LA SPIRITE CORSETS.
D. & A. CORSETS.

FERRIS WAISTS, for Ladies, Misses and Children.
NAZARAET'S WAISTS, for Ladies, Misses and Children.
D. & A. WAISTS, EQUIPOISE WAISTS, Etc., Etc.

SWISS RIBBED UNDERWEAR!

LADIES' NATURAL RIB WOOL VESTS, Long Sleeves. All sizes. Prices from $1.00 up. Also Short Sleeves, at various prices, according to size.

LADIES' WHITE RIBBED MERINO VESTS, Long Sleeves. All sizes. Prices from 85c each. Also Short Sleeves and No Sleeves. From 65c each.

LADIES' WHITE MERINO COMBINATION SUITS, Long Sleeves, Short Sleeves and Low Neck. All sizes and prices.

SPECIAL

BLACK WOOL EQUESTRIAN TIGHTS, at various prices, according to quality and size.

Special Attention Given to Mail Orders.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.

MONTREAL.



Household Convenience

A first class Heating Tank in connection with your plumbing will give you more satisfaction than any similar investment you ever made.

Keeps hot water on hand always at almost no cost at all.

The Garth Co.

2442 ST. CATHERINE ST.

It's An Unwritten Law

That every employer expects his staff to loook clean and be clean.

The towel service rack, soap, etc., are familiar to progressive men and are used by the leaders in business. We supply it for a very small rental.

THE TOILET LAUNDRY CO., Limited,

290 GUY STREET. 'Phone Uptown 2601-2602.

W. SCOTT & SONS

1739 Notre Dame Street.

Sole Agents in Montreal for the

TIFFANY FAVRILLE GLASS

New Stock Just Received.

Cabinet Pieces—Artistic Lamps.
Useful Ornaments in Glass and Bronze.
Old and Modern Delft Jacobs Ware and Rich Colorings in Leeds Ware

Both expensive and inexpensive—suitable for Gifts

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IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
MODERATE RENTS.

Newly fitted up with every modern convenience, right opposite the site of the new Stock Exchange. Easy terms to May 1st, 1903. Plans and particulars from

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Have You Got a Cold?

Then get a box of HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS. A sure cure. Price 25c.

J. A. HARTE, DRUGGIST, 1760 NOTRE DAME ST.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL LAURIE TALKS OF IMPERIAL DEFENCE

At One Time a Member of Parliament for Nova Scotia, He Now Sits in the British House.

Lieut.-Gen. John Wimburn Laurie, D.C.L., M.P. for the Pembroke Boroughs in the British House of Commons, arrived here this morning from Boston to rejoin the delegation from the British Chamber of Commerce, who are here for the purpose of gathering information upon trade questions.

About a dozen years ago General Laurie played a part in Canadian politics, having been sent to Ottawa to represent the Nova Scotian constituency of Shelburne, but upon the death of his father he went to England to succeed to the family patrimony, and in the British House of Commons he has been principally interested in army questions.

WOUNDS TROUBLE HIM.

General Laurie was compelled to remain behind the other members of the commercial delegation in Boston because he is suffering severely from the effects of repeated wounds in his leg, some of which are of as long standing as the Crimean war. He was in fact twice wounded before Sebastopol, and among his many decorations are the Crimean war medal and clasp and the Turkish Order of the Medjedie.

It was after he was through the Indian mutiny that he came to Canada in the capacity of inspecting field officer of militia in Canada.

He was somewhat battered in the repulse of the Fenian Raid in Nova Scotia, but after that he went through the Transvaal expedition in 1881, and was second in command and commandant of base and lines of communication during the half breed rebellion in the Canadian Northwest in 1885.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

General Laurie was nursing his injured leg in his room at the Windsor when he entered into conversation with a Herald representative upon the question of Imperial defence. He pointed to the leather guard which lay discarded for the moment on the couch—a curious shaped hip protector that the General is doomed to wear—as a mute testimony to his battered condition.

The spirit is young and buoyant, but the body, he said, was getting worn out. Something like a dozen surgeons of more or less distinction had each given the disease a different name, and had tried to patch it up. Upon one thing they were generally agreed, and that was that he was good for another ten years if he adapted their particular remedy. As each had his own special remedy, this was comforting to a man who had just turned 65.

It was an easy matter to talk about the general question of the defence of the Empire, but when you came to consider it in relation to the different parts of it — to Australia, Canada, South Africa, India—to say nothing of the smaller possessions known as crown colonies, and particularly in relation to the views entertained by the statesmen who controlled affairs in these different parts, one could readily perceive that it bristled with difficulties.

Unfortunately it was not approached in the right spirit, and what was possibly worse, it was not gone about in the right way.

FROM THE COLONIES.

It was useless to expect too much from the colonies. They had their own cares, and while they recognized the moral obligation to do something for common defence, it must not be in the nature of compulsion.

Statesmen, too, said very foolish things in unguarded moments. An unfortunate utterance of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, hinting at something more than persuasion being used to get the colonies to do their part in the bearing of defence burdens. Mr. Edmund Robertson one of the Scottish members, who had held office in the Liberal Government as Secretary of the Admiralty, had caught up this and had made no end of capital out of it.

TAXPAYER IS RESTIVE.

The British taxpayer, General Lawrie said, is becoming restless under the load of taxation that he is called upon to contribute for the support of the army and navy.

"The whole Empire," said the British taxpayer, in effect, "benefits by the navy, and why should I be taxed for the naval protection of Australia and Canada and South Africa?"

There was a plan drawn up that John Bull should pay two-thirds of the cost of the navy and the younger communities one-third, but it was quite unworkable, because the colonies were not yet in a position to bear anything like that proportion.

But there was a way in which the colonies could contribute to the efficiency of the navy, not in actual cash paid over to the mother country, but in the establishment of naval bases.

These might be called the back-bone of naval defence. Here in Canada there were two—one was at Halifax and the other at Esquimault. It ought to be Canadians who were employed to man the garrisons at those ports; it ought to be the Government of Canada's part to provide the dock and other facilities. It would open up opportunities for Canadians.

General Lawrie observed that it was in response to very strong representations from himself to Lord Wolseley when the latter was commander-in-chief that the Imperial authorities agreed that the Halifax fort and barracks should be manned by Canadians when the British garrison was ordered to South Africa. It had been proposed to send out a regiment of boys, for there was practically nothing else to send in England at the time, and he protested. Happily the protest he made was listened to.

But the Canadian garrison in Halifax ought to have been made a permanent establishment, and it ought to be maintained at the expense of Canada. Nothing could have been more tactless than the way the Canadian garrison was disbanded at three days' notice as soon as the war was over. The matter was one upon which there should have been a free and full exchange of views instead of which there was arbitrary action. As to Esquimault, it was far from an ideal naval bases. The docks were exposed to the enemies' fire in the Pacific, whereas it would be easy to obtain a place of security inside Burrard Inlet. But in any case, the defences originally undertaken by the British Columbia Government ought to be strengthened, for there surely we should be attacked by Germany and by Russia should we be ever at war with either of those countries. Canada would be willing, he believed, to provide and maintain the permanent defences required there as her share of Imperial defence, provided they were manned by Canadians.

Did General Lawrie think that in view of Canada having to protect herself by providing for the defence of a long exposed line of frontier, open to attack from 80,000,000 people, that she should be excused from contributing to the maintenance of the navy?

"It depends upon what you call 'defence' of the frontier. At present there is no efficient defence—nothing, to my mind, upon which Canada could base a claim for exemption from anything. Her defence force is not organized upon the scale or in a condition of efficiency that it ought to ."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

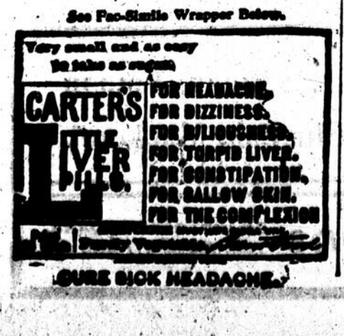
Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.



SENSATIONAL TALE FROM ROCHESTER

Rochester, N.Y., November 18.—One of the most sensational murders in the history of Rochester was committed this morning at 543 Court Street. The victim was Miss Florence McFarlin, a music teacher. Mrs. Lulu Young, wife of Frank Young, formerly a tobacconist and once city purchasing agent, was arrested at the home of her father, 881 Exchange Street, about an hour after the murder was committed. She is supposed to be the woman who did the deed. The woman who committed the crime rang the door bell, and when Miss McFarlin answered it attacked her with a knife. Miss McFarlin ran screaming through the hall into the kitchen, closely pursued by her assailant. In the kitchen she stumbled, half turning, and in a flash her pursuer was upon her, and with a rapid slash had stabbed her to the heart. Another woman was in the kitchen, but was too frightened to do anything.

The total number of stab wounds inflicted is five. The dead woman was about 21 years of age. She was the daughter of a railroad man and a woman of refinement and education. The only words the woman who did the killing was heard to utter were:

"She has come between myself and my husband, and I'm glad she is dead." Mrs. Young has made no confession.

MUST SHORTEN COAL ENQUIRY

Scranton, Nov. 18.—Another large crowd was in attendance in the Superior Court to-day, when the anthracite arbitration commission began its fourth day's sitting. President Mitchell, who has been on the witness stand since last Friday, resumed it and his cross-examination by Wayne MacVeagh for the Erie Company was resumed. It was the general opinion of attorney's to-day that some arrangement will have to be made to shorten the enquiry.

At the present rate of progress it will take many weeks to hear both sides to the controversy. If counsel take no action it is likely the commission will. The commissioners recognize that President Mitchell is the most important witness the miners have and they are loath to have matters hurried while he is on the stand. He, being the representative of the union, his opinions are looked upon as official, and also as reflecting the policy of the organization.

Just before the examination began John T. Lenahan, of Wilkesbarre, of counsel for the non-union men, who want the commission to consider their case, handed the commission a list of two thousand names of non-union men, as his authority for appearing before the arbitrators. He did not wish the commission to make the names public at present, but as Chairman Gray said that everything filed with the commission is public matter, the names were unofficially handed in and were not made public. He also filed a statement of the non-union men's demands.

STUDENTS WILL PAY POLICEMEN'S FINES

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Toronto, Nov. 18.—The medical students of Toronto University wish to show the citizens of Toronto that vindictiveness was not the motive of their charges against policemen, as a result of the Hallowe'en disturbances. They will pay the fines of the three policemen accused of assaulting them. This will mean $18. They refuse to offer their good offices to Sergt. Goulding.

MINISTERS WISHED MGR. FALCONIO BON VOYAGE

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—His Excellency Mgr. Falconio left Ottawa this morning on the Toronto train for Washington where he takes over his new office in a day or two. There was a large assemblage of people of the Catholic church at the station to bid farewell to the apostolic delegate. Among these were Archbishop Duhamel, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, the Minister of Justice; Hon. R. W. Scott, Secretary of State, and the clergymen of the Catholic Church. There was also a large attendance of the students of Ottawa College.

MGR. SBARRETTI WILL REPLACE MGR. FALCONIO

Press despatches from Rome to-day announce the appointment of Mgr. Donat Sbarretti as Apostolic delegate in Canada to succeed Mgr. Falconio, who goes to Washington as Papal delegate, replacing Mgr. Martinelli.

Mgr. Sbarretti is favorably known on this side of the Atlantic and held a prominent position in Catholic church circles as secretary to Mgr. Satolli and auditor of the Roman delegation at the American capital.

During recent religious difficulties in the Philippines Mgr. Sbarretti was delegated by the Pope to study the question. In his capacity as Papal representative he exercised discretion and diplomacy and his decision was accepted with general satisfaction.

As the Canadian delegate Mgr. Sbarretti will probably live in Ottawa at the house just vacated by Mgr. Falconio.

QUEBEC GHOST BEATS A DRUM

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Quebec, Nov. 18.—A sensational ghost story is terrifying the farmers in the vicinity of Hadaka Junction, Levis county. Mysterious noises are heard from a barn owned by Jos. Samson, and as all efforts to fathom the mystery have failed the neighbors have come to the conclusion that the disturbances have a supernatural origin. Saturday night last being the anniversary of a relative's death a watch was kept by the family and neighbors, with the result that the ghost commenced his walk enlivening the occasion by beating a drum. No one volunteered to enter the barn and solve the mystery.

OLD BUT INGENIOUS SWINDLE FAILED

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Woodstock, Ont., Nov. 18.—Several days ago Julius Dubrule, lineman of the G.N.W., received a message from Chicago stating that his sister, Mrs. Marie Louise Hood, a widow, had died at the County Hospital, and asking him to send money to have her remains forwarded. The message said the remains could be buried there for $62 or forwarded here ready for burial for $82.

Mr. Dubrule didn't know his sister was even ill. He wired back, "send on remains collect."

For several days he watched the trains expecting his sister's body, but it didn't come. Yesterday Dubrule learned from Chicago that his sister is alive and well. Swindlers it appears were trying to get some money out of him.

CARTER STOLE A CRATE OF CROCKERY

Joseph Lacasse has been driving for Messrs. Lilley & Cameron, cartage agents, and while at his duty, he went to the Elder-Dempster steamship docks for goods.

On Wednesday last it is alleged he went there with a load and on leaving took with him a crate of crockery which came from England, consigned to the John L. Cassidy Company.

The crate was not delivered to them, and no trace could be found of the removal, as it had been taken after dark and without authority. The detective department was notified, and Detectives Brophy and Gervais were put on the case.

The result was that the crate of goods was found in the storehouse of Mr. Lighthouse at the corner of Aqueduct and Notre Dame streets. The crate had been left there by Lacasse, and when he went there last night to arrange for its sale to Mr. Lightstone he was arrested by the detectives.

Before Judge Lafontaine this morning he was found guilty and will be sentenced on Thursday.

GRADED LAUNDRY TAX.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Instead of adopting the Board of Control's recommendation of a level fee of $20 for laundries, the Council yesterday, after considerable discussion, approved the amendment by Ald. Hubbard that the license fee be, for laundries employing up to three persons, $5, from 3 to 10 persons, $10, from $10 to 20 persons, $15, and more than 20 persons, $20.

BEFORE THE RECORDER.

Before Recorder Poirier this morning there were sixteen cases, of which one-half were drunks. Three were up for assault, and the other charges were: Driving without a license, deserting service, disturbing the peace, fighting and damaging property. Fines or imprisonment were imposed. In the special cases there was nothing of great interest. They were all trifling.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT HIMSELF.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Norman Jaffray, son of Alexander Jaffray, bursar of the Central Prison, accidentally shot himself in the leg, while searching for supposed burglars at his home, 17 Pacific avenue, about midnight last night. The bullet entered the calf of his lef and was afterwards extracted.

SUPREME COURT JUDGMENTS.

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—In the Supreme Court to-day judgments were given in the following Yukon cases: Davignon vs. Jones. Appeal dismissed with costs.

King vs. Chappelle, allowed with costs as to $1,637. Cross appeal was allowed as to certain amount. King vs. Carmack and King vs. Tweed, appeals allowed with costs and petitions of right dismissed with costs.

MANITOBA FLOUR.

A leading Manitoba miller advanced the price of flour yesterday ten cents on each barrel. All the millers did not follow suit, and some are still holding the old rate. The advance means that choice patent is quoted at $4.20, second patent at $3.90, and third patent at $3.50. The reason for the increase is given as being the advance in price for wheat and the raising of railway rates.

A BIT OF FUR.

You will need a bit of fur to complete your costume. For a chilly evening there is nothing prettier and nothing more comfortable than a Fur Collarette or a Cluster Boa. They will be worn the whole season, and now is your opportunity to buy very cheaply at the largest retail fur store in Montreal. Chas. Desjardins & Co.—adv.

LABORER BREAKS.

C. Fields, a laborer, aged 38, living at 219 Barre street, fell while at work near Black's bridge this morning, and broke his left leg. He was taken to Notre Dame Hospital.

CAP. BERNIER MADE A STRIKE AT QUEBEC

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Quebec, Nov. 18.—Yesterday afternoon the usual weekly meeting of the Quebec Harbor Commission was held, Mr. J. B. Laliberte, president, in the chair. After routine Captain L. A. Bernier was admitted to the meeting, when he submitted the plans of his ship for his proposed north pole expedition. He also entered into a lengthy and comprehensive discourse on the subject, which not only interested the commissioners present, but convinced them of his earnestness as well as the practical scientific reasoning of his arguments. The chairman and members of the commission expressed their appreciation of his discourse and assured him that they would be pleased to aid him individually and collectively in his project, and a vote of approval and confidence was adopted in the expedition, which the secretary was instructed to forward to the Government asking its aid for the success of the expedition.

In the evening Captain Bernier addressed the Quebec Geographical Society. He gave a very interesting talk on the science of navigation, and lucidly described the power of magnet influence on the sailing of a ship, changes of variation, adjusting of compasses, etc.

He particularly dwelt upon the disasters to shipping in the St. Lawrence, and said that a new survey from the gulf up was badly needed.

RUBINO TRIED TO IMPLICATE OTHERS

New York, November 18.—Rubino, the anarchist, who attempted to take the life of King Leopold last Saturday, has been confronted with another well known anarchist named Mesdag, and attempted to implicate him in the crime, but broke down under cross-examination, says a Times despatch from Brussels by way of London.

In his cell Rubino continues to express regret at his failure to kill the King, and declares that he will commit suicide.

It is certain, adds the correspondent, that Brussels is just now one of the most active centres of anarchists. A large number of Italian anarchists recently left London for Belgium.

Countess Lonyay (Pricess Stephanie of Belgium) telegraphed from Budapest her congratulations on her father's escape not only to the King personally, but also to all the members of the Belgian court.

DELEGATES VISIT MAYOR

Mayor Cochrane was this morning honored by a visit from the delegates of the London Chamber of Commerce who came to America to assist at the laying of the corner stone of the new Chamber of Commerce in New York.

Those present were: Sir Albert Rollit, M. P.; Sir Vincent Barrington, President of the South African Commission; Sir Factfull Begg, General W. Laurie, M.P.; Mr. Richard, K.C., M.P.; Mr. Serena, Mr. Woods, Mr. James Dickson, Mr. Henderson, Mr. John Hume, Mr. K. P. Murray.

Ald. Sadler, chairman of the civic reception committee, introduced the delegates, who were received by the Mayor in his handsomely-appointed chambers.

After a few formal words of greeting by the Chief Magistrate and a fitting response by Sir Albert Rollit, the visitors were shown about the City Hall.

REMINISCENCES OF HUGH PRICE HUGHES

Rev. Hugh Pedley, pastor of Emmanuel Congregational Church, has some interesting reminiscences of the late Mr. Hugh Price Hughes.

What Mr. Stead, of the Review of Reviews, said of him was true, said Mr. Pedley this morning—that Hughes was at his best when he was taken unawares, with only five minutes to speak, and opposition.

Mr. Pedley heard him under these best of conditions at the City Temple, London, Eng., twelve years ago, and has never forgotten the burst of eloquence. Mr. Hughes was a man of such breadth of character that no denominational differences ever weighed with him unduly, and though known perhaps to few Canadians personally, his greatness had appealed to all in such a way that very many in Canada would feel almost a personal loss by his death.

If you can't count 'em, guess 'em—the dots.

CARNEGIES ATE SOMETHING WRONG.

London, Nov. 18.—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie returned to London with the intention of sailing to-morrow for the United States, but they have been obliged to abandon the voyage because Mr. Carnegie is indisposed. The whole family were affected by something they ate on the Continent. Mrs. Carnegie and her daughter have quite recovered. The physicians, however, think it would be imprudent for Mr. Carnegie to start yet, although he has practically recovered from his illness. Mr. and Mrs. Caregnie expect to sail for New York next week.

INSPECTING ESQUIMALT DEFENCES.

Ottawa, November, 18.—(Special.)—Lieut.-Col. Pinault, left for Victoria to-day to inspect Esquimalt defences. The Government pay half the costs and the Imperial government the other half.

Canada's Linen Store is The S. Carsley Co., Limited.—Adv.

HON. MR. SIFTON ON METHODIST WORK

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Toronto, Nov. 18.—At the missionary rally last night in the Metropolitan Church, Hon. Clifford Sifton spoke of this most important work that had been undertaken by the Methodist Church. He was gratified that the Methodist Church had sanctioned the innovation of combining with another church for the purpose of missions. Until recently Ontario had regarded the West as a land of promise but very poor performance, but now when the production of that country was counted by tens of millions and the incoming settlers by tens of thousands, a change had taken place in that attitude. There had been a larger increase of population since April, 1901, than in the ten years preceding, and this was but the beginning of the movement. By July, 1905, there was reason to hope that the population of Manitoba and the Northwest would be 750,000, and it was quite possible it would be 1,000,000.

At the close Dr. Sutherland announced a collection of pledges to the amount of $11,800, composed of one pledge for $5,000, five for $1,000, one for $500, one for $200, one for $100, and a number of smaller sums.

DR. RODDICK WILL NOT RETIRE

"The French press has recently been giving publicity to a report that there was soon to be a political activity in the electoral division of St. Antoine. Dr. Roddick, the present Federal representative, it was stated, intended to retire. The reasons given for this were the completion of the Medical Registration Act as far as the Federal Parliament is concerned, and Dr. Roddick's recent appointment as the Dean of the McGill Medical Faculty, a post which makes demands upon his time and his strength.

It was further stated that Alex. Herbert B. Ames would be indicated by Dr. Roddick as the man whom he desired to succeed him in the representation of the division.

This morning Dr. Roddick was seen by a representative of The Herald and asked if there was any truth in the reports. His answer was brief and to the point.

"The report is nonsense. I never dreamed of retiring; never thought of such a thing. I have no intention of doing so. You have my permission to deny the report."

SEND BAKER TO JAPAN WITH CANADIAN FLOUR

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 18.—Mr. Wm. Hutchison, Dominion Exhibition Commissioner, has about completed the collection of the exhibits for the Japan exhibition, to be held in Osaka next year. These exhibits when all together will constitute over six car loads of materials representing everything produced or manufactured in Canada. It will be one of the finest exhibits that Canada has yet sent out. Mr. Hutchison, who will leave for Japan about the first of the New Year, will take with him a complete baking outfit for the purpose of demonstrating how Canadian flour can be manufactured into first-class bread. Mr. W. Jamieson, baker, of Ottawa, will accompany Mr. Hutchison and will have charge of this part of the exhibition. Mr. Jamieson is an expert baker. In connection with the baking demonstrations it is intended to show that Canadian flour makes equally as good and better bread in some classes than the American product.

THE GULF REPORT.

L'Islet—Clear, calm.
River du Loup—Clear, north east.
Father Point—Clear, calm.
Matane—Clear, south in 7 a.m., Norwegian steamer, P.M.N.C.
Martin River—Light fall of snow west.
Fame Point—Clear, north; out, yesterday, 6 p.m., Lake Champlain.
North Shore—Clear north. Godbout, in midnight, Douro.
Anticosti—Clear, north.
Low Point—Cloudy, west, out, 7 a.m., Alderney; in yesterday, 4.30 p.m., Britannic; out yesterday, 10 p.m., Lugano.

It's Dollars to "Dots" you can't get 'em right.

SWISS MINISTER AT WASHINGTON.

Berne, Switzerland, November 18.— The Bundesrath has appointed Fernand Du Martheray to be Swiss Minister at Washington. M. Du Martheray is now Secretary of Legation at Rome.

CATARRH SUFFERERS READ!

C. G. Archer, of Brewer, Maine, says:—"I have had catarrh for several years. Water would run from my eyes and nose for days at a time. About four months ago I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and since using the wonderful remedy I have not had an attack. It relieves in 10 minutes."

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure relieves in 30 minutes.

Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame Street.—28.

Too Late for Classification.

WANTED—SCRUBBER. APPLY HOTEL Carslake, 573 St. James Street. 272x

FOR SALE—WE HAVE INSTRUCTIONS TO sell several Persian Lamb jackets that have been left here in storage, the parties having no further use for them, having gone abroad. Apply 514 St. Paul Street. 273x

WANTED — MATTRESSES RENOVATED without removal, $1.25; two same time, $2.25, larger lots, $1 per mattress. Mattress maker, 4 Bulger Avenue. 278x

Thomas Ligget's

CARPETS have attained an enviable reputation throughout the Dominion for their Good Wearing Qualities, Novelty and Exclusiveness in Designs and Artistic Effects in Colorings. Mail Orders receive special attention.

Thomas Ligget, EMPIRE BUILDING, 2474-2476 ST. CATHERINE STREET, MONTREAL.

A Good Style at Small Cost

OUR NEW PLATINUM YORK CABINETS

Mounted on Large White Mounts.

$6.00 PER DOZEN.

Wm. Notman & Son, 12 and 14 PHILLIPS SQUARE.

HAMILTON'S

Attractions for Wednesday!

We believe the list below will interest women bent on saving money. They represent some of the best-selling lines of goods we have had in stock this fall.

The quantities of each line are limited, so we've grouped them for clearance on Wednesday as follows. Come early for first choice.

LADIES' FUR JACKETS, 10 only, good reliable well-made garments, plain and brocaded, quilted satin linings:—

1 Electric Seal, trimmed Sable, size 36, $62.50. Wednesday $42.00
1 Electric Seal, plain, size 34, $55.00. Wednesday $37.00
1 Electric Seal, trimmed Opposum, size 34, $35.00. Wednesday $27.50
2 Electric Seal, plain, sizes 36, 38, $35.00. Wednesday $27.50
2 Astrachan, plain, sizes 34, 36, $32.50. Wednesday $20.00
1 Astrachan, plain, size 34, $15.00. Wednesday $9.00
1 Astrachan, plain, size 36, $39.00. Wednesday $30.00
1 Electric Seal, Mink Collar and Revers, size 36, $65.00. Wednesday. $42.00

Wednesday's Sale of Cravanette Raglans.

We have in stock about 50 Ladies' Cravenette Raglan Coats, the heavy-weight kind, in Tweed and Coating Effects, intended for late fall wear. The marked prices of these Coats range from $10.00 to $14.00. Wednesday's uniform price will be *$8.95*

Ladies' Sateen Petticoats, with deep accordeon pleating and double ruffle, $1.75. Wednesday ..... $1.00.

Ladies' Black Sateen Waists, made with four clusters of tucks and corded buttons, $1.50. Wednesday 79c

Three Extra Special Bargains for Wednesday.

15c GRAMPIAN FLEECED CASHMERE WRAPPERETTES, new Oriental and Dresden designs. Wednesday 10c

50 INCH WIDE HEAVY WOVE HOMESPUN DRESS GOODS, in Gray only, 40c. Wednesday 25c

$1.00 and $1.25 FANCY FRENCH TAFFETA SILKS, the most desirable colorings and neat designs. Wednesday 75c

Dress and Mantle Ornaments at Half Price

A manufacturer's stock of Black and Colored Silk and Mohair Dress and Jacket Ornaments, all sizes and kinds. Wednesday at Half Price

Black Satin Fold Trimmings, so popular for Ladies' Suits and Skirts, 15c and 25c yard. Wednesday, yard ..... 10c and 15c

New Applique Dress Trimmings, in Green, Gray, Fawn, Drab and Brown, 35c. Wednesday 25c

Ribbons for Fancy Work, all bright shades, all Silk Taffeta Ribbons, at, yard ..... 3 1-2c, 5c and 9c

Colored Velvet Ribbons, satin backs, at, yard ..... 5c and 9c

Wide Taffeta Silk Neck Ribbons, in fancy designs. Special values at, yard ..... 9c, 17 1-2c and 25c

Ladies Real French Kid Chevreau Gloves.

2-and 3-Dome Fastenings, Silk and Paris Point, Embroidered Backs, Tans, Modes, Beavers, Grays, Brown and Ox-Blood. Sizes 6 1-2 to 7 1-2, $1.00 and $1.25. Wednesday, pair 89c

Ladies' Wool Vests, long sleeves and high neck, button fronts, full fashioned, ribbon and lace trimmed. Drawers to match, worth $1.00 each. Wednesday ..... 69c, or $1.25 Suit

Wednesday's Special Prices in Oriental Rugs.

Oriental Floor Rugs, all new designs and rich colorings. Sizes:—2 1-2 x 5, $1.15; 3 x 6, $1.65; 4 x 7, $2.45; 6 x 9, $4.75; 8 x 10, $7.90

Bed Comforts, covered French Sateen and filled White Cotton Batting, large size, $2.50. Wednesday $1.95

All-Wool White Blankets, large size, fine soft lofty finish. Wednesday, special at, pair $3.50

Wednesday's Cut Prices in Groceries.

9 1-2-lb. bag Pastry Flour
7 lbs. Sweet Potatoes
7 lbs. Rolled Oats
3 tins String Beans
1 dozen Good Eggs
1 lb. Creamery Butter

22c

SPECIAL—13 LBS. REDPATH'S GRANULATED SUGAR, for 50c

THE HAMILTON COMPANY

St. Catherine and Peel Sts. and Dominion Square.

Novelties in Smokers' Requisites.

JUST OPENED FOR THE HOLIDAY SEASON.

Fancy Metal Smokers' Sets.
Silver-Plated Smokers' Sets.
Glass and Nickel-Mounted Smokers' Sets.
Fancy Ash Trays, large variety.
Novelties in Carved Wood Pipe Racks, Burnt Leather Pipe Racks.
Fancy Tobacco Jars, Match Boxes.
Cigar Cases—in Seal, Russia, Pigskin, Alligator, Morocco, etc., all prices.
Cigarette Cases, in fancy Leathers.
Gun Metal Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Match Boxes, etc.

All the above are new goods imported for the coming Holiday Season.

G. W. CLARKE & CO., 2270 St. Catherine Street.

TO SUCCEED—

You must have the class of merchandise that will please users.

Our clothing is distinctly original—and the best thing—it is all new.

Our stylish, Dressy Suits and Overcoats are world-beaters. It's quality that sells these. The proof is in the goods we sell.

Campbell's Clothing Corner

267 St. James Street. Corner Victoria Sq.

THIS WEATHER SUGGESTS

WATERPROOF BOOTS and RUBBERS

We have them both in the kinds that give the utmost satisfaction to the wearer, easy on the feet and easy on the purse. Our Rubber Soled Boots are the best yet offered at $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

Men's Rubbers from 50c upwards.

RONAYNE BROTHERS,

Chabollez Square. 2027 NOTRE DAME STREET.

ANCHOR LINE WAREHOUSES BURNT.

Glasgow, November 18.—The Anchor line warehouses here were destroyed by fire today. One man was killed and several were injured. The loss sustained by the company is very havy.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To make sure of the best value in Linen Goods, and the most reliable makes, come to The S. Carsley Co., Limited.—Adv.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Irish, Scotch, and German Pure Linen Goods at The S. Carsley Co., Limited.—Adv.

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One month ..... .25

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TO ADVERTISERS.

The circulation of The Daily Herald is largely in excess of that of any of the other English papers—with one exception—published in Montreal. Its circulation in all parts of the Dominion is growing rapidly, and it is now in the front rank of Canadian advertising mediums. Rates on application.

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JAS. S. BRIERLEY, Managing Director.
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THROUGH OTHER PEOPLE'S GLASSES.

What was the chief business before the conference of Premiers held in London this past summer? Most of us in Canada have had some idea that nothing really mattered except the possibility of Mr. Chamberlain and the Government he represents showing a willingness to depart from the present fiscal system of Great Britain and do something handsome by colonial products. What, then, are we to think of the London Morning Post, which in the course of a long editorial pronouncement on the blue book, ignores the trade question altogether? The Post is plainly of the opinion that the conference was held with the object of getting the colonies to become active participants in the organization of an army and navy, and is much disappointed that the colonies are not to make large grants of money to be spent by the British Government on the navy, or to maintain detachments of standing armies subject to call for their services from Great Britain. The conference, this organ of an influential set says, "did little more than mark time. Only one clear, practical and sensible idea was put before the conference. It was that there should be one British navy under one control, and that to its maintenance all parts of the Empire should contribute in due proportion. This idea was admirably put, but it fell upon deaf ears. Canada thought that for her to contribute to the British navy would be derogatory to the principles of self-government." And so with the other colonies, none of which could offer anything satisfying. The remedy is "to cultivate by every means the rise and spread of true ideas on the subject of war, its nature and conduct," so that "the spread of sound ideas at home may in time lead to their passing by contagion to the colonies." It never seems to occur to the Post to enquire whether the stand taken by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and others is right and statesmanlike. It is inconvenient, that is all, and means must be taken to make it less so. Presumably it is in this sense that Mr. Wyatt has been sent to Canada to spread the "contagion" without waiting for a prior epidemic in the old country.

On the other hand, the Daily Telegraph gives little heed to anything but the trade question, being evidently of the opinion that free trade within the Empire is the only thing really worth striving for. The Telegraph makes haste to defend Mr. Chamberlain against the Cobdenites. "Imperial free trade is a world-wide free trade limited to a very large section of the earth's surface." The final resolution of the conference on the trade question, the Telegraph says, "does not exclude the idea of Imperial free trade; on the contrary, it recognizes it as the goal for which we should make, and recommends a very considerable step in that direction. No one can doubt that the conference marks a definite move towards a scheme of Imperial free trade."

Other English papers take various views of the conference. Some rejoice because Mr. Chamberlain has succeeded in one way or in another. Others rejoice because the colonial ministers have put Mr. Chamberlain and his mischievous schemes back in their proper place. Their conclusions are all alike interesting, for they help us to know what the British people are disposed to think of subjects concerning which we in Canada may presently be asked to make up our minds.

THE M.A.A.A.

The vote which was last night recorded at the semi-annual meeting of the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association against the proposition to establish a social club in connection with the proposed new building, was expressive of the desire of the members of the association that they should abstain from even the appearance of evil. No one who listened to the speeches made by the members of the building committee, and by their supporters, could have doubted for a moment the sincerity of their attachment to the association, and their conviction that the proposal they had made would be in no sense inimical to the best interests of the organization. That their proposition was voted against by so large a proportion of the members present was an evidence of the jealous regard for the good name of the association which is one of the marked characteristics of the members of the M. A. A. A. For years the association has occupied a unique position amongst the athletic associations of the Continent. It has prospered exceedingly without having other functions than those of an athletic club, and it was plainly the sense of those present last night that it would be a great mistake to make such a radical departure from the lines that have been so successfully followed in the past as was embodied in the resolutions before the meeting.

There seems to be no good reason why, within the walls of the proposed new building, special provision cannot be made for the older members without introducing the use of intoxicating liquors. Clearly it is important to the welfare of the association that the active interests of the life members should be maintained, and if the setting apart of a portion of the new building for their use would help in attaining this end, there should not be much difficulty in so arranging. Apart from this feature, however, the association is to be congratulated upon the distinct stand taken last night in opposition to the undertaking of any feature which might diminish the esteem in which it is held by all citizens. The work of building a new home for the association is now more than ever deserving of the consideration of the people of Montreal, and it is to be hoped that every encouragement will be given by them in order to attain this end.

A DEEP LAID PLOT.

One gathers from an article in the Gazette on the election in Maisonneuve that the object in putting up a candidate against Hon. Mr. Prefontaine is merely to tempt him into renewing the controversy on the trade question, which was the occasion of Mr. Tarte's parting with his colleagues. No doubt it would be very nice for Mr. Borden and Mr. Monk if a Cabinet crisis could be brought on every month or two, and if the principal business of the Prime Minister the year round was to be the elimination of one colleague after another. But, really, one affair of that kind is all that can be looked for in a reasonable period, for such occasions are very rare in parliamentary history. Our Conservative friends ought to be satisfied with the fun they have had, and not go showing off their desperate state by scheming for more of the same. When one pleads for a second helping of caviare it is a sign he has not much confidence that there are more substantial courses to come. Besides, the Gazette ought to know by this time that Mr. Prefontaine is rather too old a bird to be caught with this most unsubstantial sort of chaff. Mr. Labelle may be, for aught anybody knows to the contrary, a very estimable young man, but, if he does not mind the altered metaphor, it is not with this sort of bait the keenest of Tory fishermen are likely to catch that sort of trout.

MR. ROOSEVELT AND SIR ROBERT PEEL.

In his speech on practical campaigning for tariff revision at Boston the other evening, Mr. Edward M. Shepard, of New York, who must be considered in the running for the Democratic Presidential nomination, gave a new turn to the trade controversy, and coined a new word to describe it. The campaign now to be inaugurated is to be "particularistic," as distinguished from general. In his very opening remarks, Mr. Shepard made this clear. He said:

"Every effort which has been made in the history of our country, thus far, to put into practice and reality the very noble cause which you here espouse, has taken the form of a general revision of the tariff, or a bill for the general revision of the tariff on imports. I am here to-night to propose to you that in the campaign that we are hereafter and more immediately, I may say, to wage, to make good what you hold in theory, we shall vary somewhat the plan of procedure, and the those who are in favor of free trade, of a larger and saner system of commercial intercourse, shall attack the protective system in detail, rather than in wholesale; that we shall be particularistic, so to speak, in the legislation we propose; that we shall direct the American people to concrete and specific evils, which those who run may more readily read, and that those who are weary and overtaxed at the end of the day's work may more readily understand the injustice of the taxes levied upon the masses of the American people for a favored few."

What is more, Mr. Shepard is of the opinion that President Roosevelt, himself a member of the Cobden Club in his earlier days and perhaps yet, has some notion of emulating the high example of Sir Robert Peel. Mr. Roosevelt has latterly been expressing his scorn for those Americans who ask from the Government anything more than a fair field and no favor. At the same time he expressed his admiration for those who confide not in outside help, but in their own skill, energy and capacity. This Mr. Shepard calls the fundamental free trade proposition. What could Mr. Roosevelt have meant by stirring up the country on issues closely related to political economy, unless he intended to grapple with the problems that present themselves?

"President Roosevelt we all know to be, in a large measure, out of sympathy with much that is in his own party. We all know that a large number of powerful statesmen and politicians of his party would, if they could, suppress him. He is a very hard man to suppress, and they have not succeeded in doing it. He has two years before the next presidential election. He sees, as every intelligent man sees, a rising tide. He feels, as every intelligent man feels, an increasing sentiment for commercial freedom, an increasing restlessness at the uses and abuses of the protective tariff. Now, then, why should not he do what I have suggested that he might do—take the text of his speech at the Chamber of Commerce and emulate the role of Sir Robert Peel. I cannot speak with emphasis of the faith I have that the President is likely to follow the text of his Chamber of Commerce speech; but there is before him a notable and unique opportunity. And for those who share my political faith, which is Democratic, I may say I believe that the great masses, if he should choose to emulate this great Englishman of whom I have spoken, would give him a sincere and hearty support, and he would find it then demonstrated that an overwhelming majority of the American people are against this whole system of monopoly, which is represented by the existing Dingley tariff."

But whether of not President Roosevelt decides to take up the role of Peel, Mr. Shepard speaks as though he knew the address of a man who might adopt the role of Lord John Russell. He would talk about the trusts, about iron and steel, about the evil of dear beef, about the need of free hides for American factories, free lumber, and free sugar. He thinks if he stuck to that everybody would know exactly what he was talking about, and that in course of a few years he might get the duties on these articles lowered or taken off altogether.

"Take away protection from a certain number of items and you may trust to the certainty that men like Mr. Carnegie, when their eyes are clear, and they no longer see their interest in the maintenance of this system, you will have their alliance in the free trade cause. Every body of producers or manufacturers, when they come to have no further stake in a protective tariff, will join then the free trade ranks. You will enlarge the ranks by every success you have in this detail method of dealing with reform."

Whatever else may be said about it, this programme is one that is very apt to appeal strongly to a people who dislike being classed as visionaries, and who like to think they know exactly what they are doing. With the Democrats coming back to their old policy, and with President Roosevelt leading a good half of the Republicans in the same direction, it does begin to look as though the United States was within sight of tariff reform.

WINNOWED OPINIONS.

Old and Dry.
(Columbus, Ohio, Dispatch.)

After all, Mr. Kruger's reminiscences strongly resemble a bird's nest of the year before last.

"Suicide is Confession."
(New York World.)

The man who got married on Monday and killed himself on Tuesday did not have time enough to write his opinion on "Is Marriage a Failure?" But "suicide is confession."

Burglaries in Hamilton.
(St. Catharines Journal.)

Hamilton's police force costs her $50,000 a year. And yet robbers seem to have an open field in the old town. The morning greeting is: "Good morning; were you robbed last night?"

Enshrined in Their Hearts.
(St. Thomas Journal.)

The memory of the late Rev. Principal Grant will be perpetuated by the memorial hall erected at Kingston beyond the present generation. Those who have known him will have him enshrined in their hearts.

Mascagni's Arrest.
(Toronto Globe.)

Surely it is an abuse of the processes of the courts to arrest a man like Mascagni over what is essentially a civil action, not to speak at all of the barbarity of treating a distinguished foreigner in that way. American law seems to be very absolute where it might well be mild, and very mild where it might be absolute.

Party of Great Expectations.
(Stratford Beacon.)

The Conservative leader in New Brunswick expects a victory. Mr. Whitney has been expecting a victory for some years and Sir Charles Tupper expected one in 1896 and 1900. The Conservative party might be described as a party of great expectations, but the only one which has been realized in recent years was the one in Manitoba at the last provincial elections in that province.

Electric Heating.
(Toronto Globe.)

The eleventh census of the United States shows that electric heating and cookings has become of practical service. Sale of electric heating and cooking apparatus and rheostats amounted in 1900 to over $1,186,000. For 1901 these figures, according to the Canadian Electrical News, can probably be increased by 20 per cent. with a fair approximation of the truth. It is stated upon good authority that there are now in use in the United States 5,000 chafing dishes, 50,000 heating irons and 150,000 car heaters. A single hat factory in New Jersey is at present using 250 horse power for electric heating apparatus alone.

No two people in your family can count the dots alike.

FLOWERS AT BURIALS.

(London Daily Mail.)

Taking the chair yesterday afternoon at the twenty-fourth annual meeting of the Church Burial, Funeral and Mourning Reform Association, Mr. James Lowther, M.P., condemned the practice of sending wreaths to funerals, which he regarded as a public scandal.

Happily, he said, mutes, rolls of broadcloth, packets of gloves, and other adjuncts costly to relatives has disappeared, and the fashion of to-day had set its face against many excesses. But the practice of showering wreaths upon the mourning relations of a deceased person had unfortunately increased, and the commercial instincts of the age had grasped hold of this tendency as a means of obtaining profit.

The system produced an undue and undesirable amount of ostentation. There was, perhaps, no harm intrinsically in it, and he was against laying down any hard and fast rule, but as at present observed the practice could only be regarded as a kind of tax.

A resolution was carried calling upon preachers and teachers in all parts of the Empire to inculcate systematically the Christian obligation of securing for the dead body timely, innocuous and inexpensive burial. It was announced that the association proposes to press for an Act of Parliament which would limit the period of the retention of a body above ground, and forbid the use of strong coffins, brick-lined graves, and of anything tending to retard dissolution.

CARELESS WRITING.

(St. Paul News.)

We have typewriters and skilled stenographers and all kinds of patent machines to make the business of correspondence safe and secure. And we are still careless. We spend days getting up an important document, seal it in an envelope and then address it in such a villainous and slovenly manner that no human being can hope to decipher it.

The Dead Letter Office report for the last fiscal year clinches the fact.

Nearly 10,000,000 pieces of mail matter reached it, and the increase over the preceding year was 9 per cent.

In 50,869 parcels and letters there was money amounting to $48,498 and commercial papers worth $1,399,926.

Some of us ought to go to night school.

Everyone should count the dots. See them to-day.

THE CRAZY QUILT.

When girls have nothing else to do
With seminary cares and woes—
When all their education's through
And they have time and hearts for beaux.

They have a most provoking way
Of joining in a friendly tilt
At weaving out of plunder gay
That article called crazy quilt!

Of costly scarfs and kerchiefs fine
This maddening monument is built,
And wrecks of wardrobes masculine
Run riot in the crazy quilt!

The hapless swains who pay them court
Are pestered for such precious boons
As samples of the ties they sport,
Or coats or vests or pantaloons;

And he who dares to answer "No"
Is voted an egregious churl;
And presently is told to "go"
By every independent girl.

For 'tis a law in Christian lands,
The neckties or the man must wilt
Before the stern, matron demands
Of the despotic crazy quilt!

—Eugene Field.

THE KING'S KITCHEN

(London Tit-Bits.)

The royal kitchen is a room of considerable size, much larger, in fact, than the kitchens of many of the leading London restaurants, for some hundreds of meals have to be prepared there every day. It is fitted up with black oak throughout, for which George III. was responsible, he having expended $50,000 in this direction alone. Besides the kitchen proper, there are the confectionery room, the pastry room and the bake house.

The clerk of the kitchen, who rejoices in a salary of $3,500 a year, is responsible for the conduct of these departments, and he has to deal with all the tradesmen who supply the royal household. But the potentate of the kitchen is the chef, who also receives $3,500 a year, and under him are four master cooks, each of whom has control of a small army of assistants, while the confectionery department is ruled by two yeomen, with salaries of $1,500 and $1,250.

Such a thing as unpunctuality is unknown in the King's kitchen. The most rigid economy is practiced, and such food as remains is distributed among the poor, who apply at the castle gate every day.

The King's kitchen hides something like $10,000 in copper and iron utensils and $9,000,000 in plate. Among the former should be mentioned the enormous meat screen of solid oak lined with metal, which is nearly 300 years old, and bears the imperial badge of the house of Tudor—the portcullis and arms. Connoisseurs have sighed in vain for this meat screen, for its worth is inestimable. Then there are 4,000 knives, 3,000 forks and as many spoons used for cooking and kitchen purposes, which do not include the 8,000 forks and spoons of massive silver for use at the royal table. There are 800 pots and pans, mostly of copper, and five scourers are solely employed to keep them brightly burnished.

Not far away are the plate rooms, two in number, which although they measure only 18 by 16 feet, hold treasures eighteen tons of sovereigns would not buy.

The most valuable item in the store room is, of course, the famous service, consisting of plates, dishes, tureens, epergnes and candelabra, all of solid gold, which were made by Roundelle & Bridges for George IV. This service is only used on state occasions. Equally famous is the Emperor's service of silver gilt, the worth of which may be vaguely gleaned from the fact that each plate weighs a stone and the epergnes two hundredweight apiece.

There is one gold dish, of surpassing loveliness, which is supposed to have been used by Alexander the Great before the battle of Hydaspes, and for upward of six centuries it has reposed at Windsor. Another much valued piece of plate is the silver gilt flagon, three feet in height, which was recovered from an Armada wreck three centuries ago, while there is also a table of solid silver, the surface of which measures nine feet square and is engraved with the four emblems of Great Britain.

But perhaps one of the most cherished relics in the King's pantry is the golden eagle, which was taken from the Tippoo Sahib's throne. It is of solid gold throughout, the feather tips being pointed with priceless diamonds and rubies, while the beak is carved from a flawless emerald.

Easy money in counting or guessing the dots.

ST. GEORGE'S INN.

The George Inn, in the village of Norton St. Philip, Somerset, is supposed to be the oldest licensed village alehouse in England, the license dating from 1397. The building is of great age, and proves a great attraction to visitors, whilst innumerable cyclists make it their rendezvous. Its appearance is eminently picturesque, each story overhanging that beneath, whilst the front is broken by bay windows, a porch and a flight of stone steps leading to a doorway in the wall. At the back of the premises are more quaint doors and windows; a turret built against the wall and an outside stair; in the yard still remains a portion of the old gallery, which, in the Middle Ages, was found in so many hostelries. Each gable is surmounted by a curious chimney, and a peculiar feature of the interior is the upper floor, this being of plaster. When the inn was built, 500 years ago, the lands of Norton St. Philip belonged to Hinton Abbey, three miles distant. In those days Norton was noted for its cloth hall, and the inn, it is supposed, was built by the monks of Hinton as a hotel for the traders. In June, 1685, it was occupied by the Duke of Monmouth, who, at Norton St. Philip, gained the one success of his otherwise disastrous campaign. His outposts managed to repulse the outposts of Faversham's army, with the loss of more than 100 men. Again this, however, must be recorded the attempt on Monmouth's life. There was a reward for his body, living or dead, and as he stood at the window of the George Inn he was shot at. But the would-be assassin missed him, and the unfortunate Duke was reserved for a worse fate on Tower Hill.

Every subscriber who pays his subscription is entitled to a guess on the number of dots free of charge.

SUICIDE STATISTICS.

Some tables were recently prepared for The Spectator, an American insurance publication, by Frederick Hoffman, relative to the number of suicides in American cities. The United States census reports, in covering rural communities as well as large centres of population, get an average of 11.8 to 100,000 of population for the year 1900 for the whole country.

Another remarkable fact is that the rate is on the increase. Summing up the results in fifty of the largest cities of the United States, it appears that the average number of suicides in 1890 was 12 per 100,000, while in 1901 it had grown to 16.6. At no time in the twelve-year period did the rate fall below the minimum here given, but in 1897 and 1898 it rose temporarily to 17.3.

A careful inquiry might possibly afford some explanation of the fluctuations which are noticed from year to year in these figures, aside from the steady growth. Hard times, excessively hot summers and other general causes might be more potent at one time than at another.

Taking the average for the whole ten-year period ending with 1900, there were 25.7 suicides for every 100,000 people in St. Louis. The percentage in several other cities was almost as high as that in St. Louis. The figures for Chicago are 23.3, Hoboken 23, Oakland (Cal.) 21.5, and that part of New York city included in the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx 20.9. Boston makes a better showing of 15.4.

Count the dots in this issue. Send in your answer with cash subscription as directed. It costs nothing to guess.

TRANQUIL MIND

(Success, for November.)

Who does not love a tranquil heart, a sweet-tempered, balanced life? It does not matter whether it rains or shines, or what misfortunes come to those possessing these blessings, for they are always sweet, serene and calm.

That exquisite poise of character which we call serenity is the last lesson of culture; it is the flowering of life, the fruitage of the soul.

It is as precious as wisdom, more to be desired than gold—yea, than even fine gold. How contemptible mere money-wealth looks in comparison with a serene life—a life which dwells in the ocean of truth, beneath the waves, beyond the reach of tempests, in the eternal calm!

How many people we know who sour their lives, who ruin all that is sweet and beautiful by explosive tempers, who destroy the poise of character by bad blood! In fact, it is a question whether the great majority of people do not ruin their lives and mar their happiness by lack of self-control. How few people we meet in life who are well balanced, who have that exquisite poise which is characteristic of the finished character!

CHINESE LANGUAGE

(Detroit Free Press.)

Chinese is an ideographic language. It conveys the idea and not the word for a thing, as the figure "8" represents the idea and not the word. The Chinese have invented more than 40,000 marks for their writing, but it requires only about 3,000 marks for mercantile correspondence, and it is said to be easier to learn them than the words of an ordinary foreign language. Russian is more difficult for Americans than Chinese. It takes much longer to learn the spoken language because of the variety of dialects, but any one can learn enough of the writings to answer ordinary purposes in a few months and have his knowledge perfected by a linguist within about a year. Exact instruction in one of the Chinese languages can only be given by a Chinaman.

Why not try for the liberal cash prizes offered in connection with the dot puzzle? See announcement in another column.

FOREIGN NEWS NOTES

Boycotting and persecution of national scouts are reported to be rife in parts of Orange Colony.

As an experiment, the French government has established an eight hour working day in sections of the dock yards at Toulon and Lorient.

Royal permission has been given to call the new chair of music at the University of London "The King Edward Professorship of Music."

"We have some submarine boats which might be of great utility, but the realization of the necessary type is still far off," declares M. Pelletan, the French Minister of Marine.

The agricultural returns of Great Britain for 1902 show that the total under crops and grass was 32,387,765 acres—a decrease of 29,480 compared with 1901.

Many of the block houses built in South Africa by Kitchener's troops are now being used by the Boer farmers as residences pending the rehabilitation of their farms.

Andrew Carnegie is to become one of the nabobs of Park Lane, the most fashionable and high-priced street in London. He has purchased from the young Duke of Westminster a plot of ground in South Street, leading into Park Lane, just beyond the handsome house of J. P. Morgan, jr. It is said the house will be as much like Mr. Carnegie's great mansion in Fifth Avenue, as it is possible for a London house to be, and that the cost will be something like $5,000,000. Mr. Carnegie will have for his immediate neighbors Lord Brassey, the dowager Countess of Rosslyn, Lady Henry Somerset, Alfred Beit, the richest man in England, and Mr. Eckstein and J. B. Robinson, two other South African millionaires.

CANADIAN COLLEGE DINNER.

Sir Gilbert Parker Hopes That an Annual London Institution Will Result from Trinity's Little Celebration.

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

London, Nov. 18.—Sir Gilbert Parker presided last night at the dinner in the Hotel Cecil to celebrate the jubilee of Trinity University, Toronto. In proposing the toast of the university, he said he was sure those present would best serve the interests of the Empire they loved by making that dinner the nucleus for an allied universities' dinner to be held in London every year. Dr. Parkin, who replied, referred to Upper Canada College, Toronto, which he said was increasing as a residential school to a great extent, and was now coming very closely into line with similar institutions in the mother country.

ORDINARY CORN CURES ARE DANGEROUS

because they contain acids, but Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor is entirely vegetable in composition. Refuse a substitute for "Putnam's"; it's the only sure, safe and painless cure for corns and warts.

THE REAL ARTICLE.

When you buy furs, get the best. Real quality insures long life for the garment, and satisfaction all the time. Here you get Seal, Sable, Marten, Mink, Fox, Otter. All reliably made into attractive garments, at Chas. Desjardins & Co., the only store in Canada where you can save on every purchase 33c on the dollar.—adv.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

You are hereby notified that whatever else you may buy at other stores be sure to buy your Linens at The S. Carsley Co., Limited, where you are sure of the best value and the best makes in this market.—Adv.

WORTHY OF SUPPORT.

(Toronto Telegram.)

There seems to be good reason to believe that Capt. Bernier is a great undeveloped explorer. He is really more anxious to discover the North Pole than to discover money nearer home. He is a French-Canadian, but no racial considerations cut him off from the esteem of all Canadians.

Torturing Piles

First symptoms—Moisture; intense itching, stinging; desire to scratch, most at night. If allowed to continue, tumors form, which often protrude, ulcerate and bleed. Instant relief; no pain; no knife. Certain cure—simply use

Swayne's Ointment

Harmless; healing. Half a century's test proves that it never fails. At druggists. 50 Cents. To try before you buy, address, Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, who will gladly mail, in plain wrapper, A SAMPLE FOX FREE.

To be given away FREE to any Boy or Girl, a pair of .. SKATES Apply to Empire Tea Co., 327 Bourgeois St.

TEES & CO.
The Funeral Directors and Embalmers,
300 ST. JAMES ST.

Public opinion would abundantly sustain Sir Wilfrid in granting the small sum needed to nationalize Captain Bernier's search for the north pole.

See the dots to-day.

THE TRUST'S ONLY ADVANTAGE.

(Atlanta Journal.)

The protection that shelters the trusts from foreign competition and it does, has enabled them to acquire the tremendous power they possess. The simplest and most effective way to check them is to strip them of this protection, and congress could do so by one vote in both of its houses. Action on this line is what the trusts fear most, which is sufficient proof that it would be effective.

Count the dots.

YOUNGER'S
"Sparkling" Scotch Ale in Stone Jugs.

Brewed and bottled by Wm. Younger & Co., Limited, The Abbey and Holyrood Breweries, Edinburgh, Established 1749.

WHAT IT IS:

IT IS STRENGTHENING, being made from Barley Malt. "Monk Brand" Scotch Ale is heavier bodied and stronger than the lighter hop Ales, and more sustaining and nutritive.

IT IS DIGESTIBLE. Many persons with whom the English Hop Ales do not agree can not only drink "Monk Brand" with impunity, but find it an aid to digestion.

IT IS COMFORTING. Since the days when John Barleycorn, the praises of this famous old "Barley Wine" have been sung, and there is no more wholesomely comfortable beverage.

IT IS BOTTLED with all the care and skill acquired by the experience of over one hundred and fifty years, after maturing for at least a year in the cask.

See that the two labels and capsule on the Stone Bottle bear the name and address: WM. YOUNGER & CO., LTD., EDINBURGH.

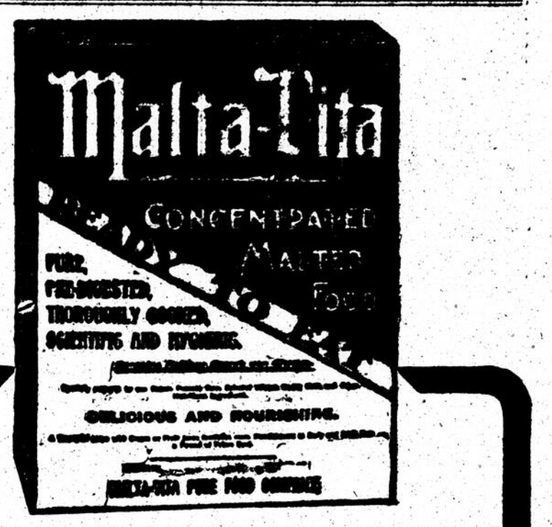
Younger's Sparkling Edinburgh Ale ..... $1.80 per dozen.
$6.80 per cask of 4 dozen pints.

Gordon's "Old Tom" Gin and Gordon's "Dry" Gin

A shipment now in store of this famous brand.

GORDON'S DRY GIN (unsweetened) 75 cents per bottle. $8.00 per case.
GORDON'S "OLD TOM" GIN. 75 cents per bottle. $8.00 per case.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, 207, 209 and 211 ST. JAMES STREET.



Pure, Palatable, Popular

Millions are eating MALTA-VITA
It gives Health, Strength, and Happiness

Malta-Vita is the original and only perfectly cooked, thoroughly malted, flaked and toasted whole wheat food, and is manufactured under letters patent.

Insist on getting Malta-Vita, the perfect food, made in Canada—from Canadian grown wheat, by Canadian workmen.

MALTA-VITA PURE FOOD CO.
TORONTO, CANADA.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Our Cloak Dept.

Year in year out for more than a quarter of a century the reputation of our Cloak Department has grown in the good graces of the public. For years it was almost alone, but its trade policy was always at the high pitch of the best service and value possible, and now that competition has become keen and plentiful, *it still leads!* It is crowded daily, and no wonder. Its unrivalled assortment of all the latest novelties and its close cut prices, offer a practically unlimited range of choice to taste and purse of every comer!

Ladies' Stylish Coats in reversible materials from **$4.75.**

Ladies' Stylish Coats in dark gray mixtures, sage mixtures, drab mixtures, and black, lined throughout, from **$6.00.**

Ladies' Golf Capes, a nice range, from **$4.75** to **$16.00.**

Ladies' Black Capes, lined and nicely trimmed, from **$6.50.**

Ladies' Rich Plush Capes, from **$22.00.**

Ladies' Fur Lined Capes, large and well made, trimmed Thibet, from **$25.00.**

Ladies' Fur Lined Jackets, trimmed Nutria, Mink and Skunk, from **$30.00.**

Large range of Children's Garments, from **$3.38.**

Children's 3-4 Coats, warm and stylish, from **$4.80.**

Maids' Jackets, in every size, from **$4.00.**

COUNTRY ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
2341 and 2343 St. Catherine Street.
Terms Cash. Telephone Up 2740. Corner Metcalfe.

Extra Large Smelts, Salmon, Finnan Haddies Halibut, Bluefish, Mackerel.

Phelps & Binns

Dangerous to Neglect a Cold

Pe-ru-na Cures a Cold Before It Developes Into Chronic Catarrh.



"Nothing Cures Catarrh as Readily as Pe-ru-na."

"Pe-ru-na Cured Me in Two Months."

CATCHING cold is the first step toward acquiring catarrh. Indeed, a cold would be properly called catarrh. Catching cold the second or third time is another step in the same direction. Two or three colds are sufficient to lay a good foundation for chronic catarrh.

The history of every case of chronic catarrh is catching cold. Peruna ought always to be used for coughs, colds, and other climatic affections of the head and throat. If Peruna is used, the liability of chronic catarrh is removed.

It is folly to neglect a cold. People think they have got over a cold when the acute stage is passed, but the seeds of catarrh have been sown. The disease is slumbering and ready to break out at the slightest provocation. To rid the system of catarrh, Peruna should be taken. There is no guess or uncertainty about Peruna. It is a remedy tested by many years' experience. The number of people who have been cured by it is greater than the number of people who have been cured by all the other catarrh remedies combined.

Don't let any one persuade you that there is any remedy that can be substituted for Peruna. Pay no attention to imitations. The success of Peruna has tempted a great many people to invent something to take the place of it. There is no such remedy. Insist upon having Peruna. Take no other.

Mrs. E. Maher, 14a St. Christopher Street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I caught a severe cold last summer sleeping in a draught, which went from my head to my lungs, and caused a serious catarrhal condition. Among the many remedies prescribed and tried, none seemed to take hold of my case as the first dose of Pruna did. A three weeks' use of the medicine three times a day entirely rid my system of catarrh.

"This winter I caught another cold, and before it got such a hold on my system I took a few doses of Peruna and the cold disappeared as if by magic. I feel that I owe your medicine a great debt, and sending my thanks to you is but a slight return for the benefits received."—Mrs. E. Maher.

Miss Alphonsine Fournel, 149 St. Denis Street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I know of nothing that will cure catarrh of the head as readily as Peruna. I suffered with this unpleasant trouble for several years. It caused an unpleasant breath and constant hawking and spitting. Peruna cured me in two short months. I am not only free from catarrh, but my general health has greatly improved. I feel in such fine health that it is only just and fair to write and tell you of it and acknowledge the merits of your medicine."—Alphonsine Fournel.

Vice-President American Genealogical Association.

Mrs. R. L. Aulich, vice-president American Genealogical Association, Washington, D.C., writes:

"I know whereof I speak when I say that Peruna is a wonderful remedy for colds and catarrh. Last fall I was very much debilitated from the effects of a cold contracted early in the summer, and which I neglected. I knew that my system was in need of medicine and rest, but to find the right thing was the problem. Happily I gave Peruna a trial first, and have no reason to complain of the results. Within a month I had entirely recovered my strength and good health, and really felt better and stronger than before."—Mrs. R. D. Aulich.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

BIRMINGHAM FETES COLONIAL SECRETARY

Chief Feature of the Evening is the Association of Mrs. Chamberlain in the Reception—Some Words on African Plans.

Birmingham, Nov. 18.—A farewell banquet was given here last night in honor of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, who will shortly start on a trip to South Africa. There was a great crowd outside the hall long before 7 o'clock, the hour appointed for the arrival of Mr. Chamberlain. The main entrance of the hall was decorated and illuminated.

When Mr. Chamberlain's carriage arrived, containing himself, Mrs. Chamberlain and Mr. Austin Chamberlain, an unusual incident occurred. It happened that the crowd entirely failed to recognize the occupants of the vehicle, who entered the hall amid complete silence. Once inside, affairs were altogether different. The Birmingham Crimean veterans were marshalled in the hall, and saluted the Colonial Secretary, who graciously acknowledged the salute. All the members of the House of Commons representing Birmingham were present. The scene was a most brilliant one. Every seat was occupied, and the galleries were packed. The appearance of the Chamberlains, who were accompanied by the Lord and Lady Mayoress, was the signal for a terrific outburst of cheering that lasted several minutes.

Mr. C. E. Matthews proposed the health of Mr. Chamberlain, and the whole party joined in singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

Mr. Chamberlain, in a voice full of emotion, said that this was a family gathering. He had never responded to so difficult a toast. He paid a tender, affectionate tribute to his wife, whose name was mentioned in the toast. She had, he said, sustained him by her courage and cheered him with her sympathy. He found in her his best and truest counsellor.

Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain said that his trip to South Africa would be a business affair, not a mere parade. He was going on a national, not a party mission. He had seen himself styled the best hated man of his time. But he believed the phrase was only used in a Pickwickian sense. All who lived the strenuous life would provoke such comment, but throughout a fighting career he had never cherished animosity. He had always known how to separate public policy from his private character.

GOVERNMENT'S POLICY.

Mr. Chamberlain added that the Government wanted to make South Africa an integral part of the Empire of which the British were so proud. It was not to be expected that all bitterness would die out, but he could say for the Government that they would relieve all suffering. (Cheers.) Above all, the Government must deal generously and wisely with those who had stood by them. (Loud cheers.) They must never forget what these people had suffered. Their second duty was hardly less important. They had to induce those who had opposed them to be reconciled with their lot, and to become citizens of a united state. The war had cost much. A great task awaited the British. South Africa was under one flag and that flag was the British flag. (Great applause.) It was the Government's desire to make of these people one united nation—united in heart as well as in name. Greater differences had been healed. Did they not see the descendants of the men who fought with Montcalm against Wolfe send the British a Prime Minister of the Dominion who was one of themselves? (Applause.) The task was a difficult one, but was not impossible, and not being impossible, Englishmen would accomplish it.

TRUST IN MILNER.

The Government's trust was still in Lord Milner. He was going to see Milner's policy. He wanted to see the representatives of every section who desired to see him, so that he could learn more in three days than he could in months of study of blue books and despatches. He believed that he would be met half way, and he hoped to gain the friendship of the King's new Boer subjects.

Mr. Chamberlain took a very optimistic view of the future of South Africa.

POPULAR OVATION.

The demonstration that followed Mr. Chamberlain's speech was probably the most striking and most picturesque spectacle ever seen in the Midland counties. A wide space had been kept outside the town hall by artillerymen, yeomanry and a naval detachment. Suddenly at a signal, just before Mr. Chamberlain appeared, four thousand torches were lighted simultaneously. As Mr. Chamberlain and his wife emerged from the building a band began playing, which drowned the tumultuous cheering. Red fire was ignited, illuminating the faces of many thousands of enthusiasts. Every inch of the streets behind the torchbearers was packed with humanity, and windows, balconies and roofs in the neighborhood of the hall were black with people. The carriage containing the Chamberlain party, followed by two others, moved slowly away from the hall, headed by a procession of torchbearers a quarter of a mile long. Denser crowds than Birmingham ever saw before thronged the two and a half miles of the route from the hall to Mr. Chamberlains' residence. The enthusiasm did not flag throughout the drive home. At various points the carriage was stopped, and Mr. Chamberlain, rising bare-headed, assisted his wife to her feet, and they stood bowing. The spectacle of the husband holding his wife's hand and compelling her to share in his triumph, struck an emotional chord in the hearts of the people, who redoubled their plaudits and shouted admiring ejaculations. The demonstration was very orderly. No accidents occurred.

If a referendum was taken on "Which is the best packet tea?" there would be a unanimous vote for **Blue Ribbon**

Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

AUCTION SALES

THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS

Special Preliminary Notice.

Aronson & Rutenberg,
PAWNBROKERS.

Very important Sale of Unredeemed Pledges, consisting of a large quantity of Jewellery, Diamonds, Fall and Winter Overcoats, very costly Furs, etc., will take place on

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,
NOVEMBER 18, 19 and 20, 1902,

at our mammoth rooms, Nos. 241 and 243 St. James Street.

RAE & DONNELLY,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE

Of rare and very expensive

Household Furniture

In Rosewood and Mahogany,
At No. 400 ST. DENIS STREET, on THURSDAY, 20th NOVEMBER, at Ten O'Clock A.M.
We have received instructions from Mrs. Leman, to sell at her residence, on the above date, all the contents of the house, comprising in

PARLOR.

One Hardman Piano, New York, cost $700.00, only a short time in use and in perfect order. Rosewood Parlor Set, Silk Curtains and Portieres, Oil Paintings and Water Colors, 2 Crystal Gasaliers, large British Plate Mirrors, Fancy Chairs, Axminster Carpet, Bronze Statues, expensive Bronze Clocks and Ornaments, Mahogany Card Tables.

DINING ROOM.

Antique Mahogany Sideboard and Dining Table, Side Table, Leather Covered Chairs, Glassware, Silverware, Crockery, Brussels Carpet, Brass Gasaliers, etc.

LIBRARY.

Two large Bookcases, Writing Desk, Chairs, Tables, etc.

BEDROOMS.

Expensive Mahogany Sets, made by Hilton; Leather Couches, Spring Beds, Hair Mattresses and Bedding, and the contents of five other Bedrooms, Brass Bedsteads, Bureaux, Wash Stands, etc.

KITCHEN.

Gas Stove, Utensils, Refrigerator, English Oilcloth, Gasaliers, Chairs, Tables, etc.

Special attention is called to the Oil Paintings and Water Colors, Mahogany and Rosewood Furniture.

House on view from ten to five o'clock on the day previous to the sale.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in 1-4-lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOR.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PURE AND WHOLESOME
ONE POUND CAN 25 ¢
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Aronson & Rutenberg,
Pawn Brokers,
601 Craig Street.
Money to lend on Diamonds, Watches, Jewellery, clothing, furs, dry goods, warehouse receipts and life insurance policies.

Leather Belting

Genuine Oak. Also Mill Supplies. Our prices are better and the quality of our goods are too well known to dwell on.

D. K. McLAREN,
751 CRAIG ST., MONTREAL.
BRANCH, TORONTO.

Electric Light or Fower

Don't sign long-term contracts until after January 1st, 1903. Shawinigan power will be in, and we will revise rates.

LACHINE RAPIDS HYDRAULIC & LAND CO., LTD.

Royal Silver PlateCo

Gold and Silver Platers.

Old SILVERWARE Made as New

40 ST. LAMBERT HILL.

Bell Tel. Main 1387.

AUCTION SALES

QUEEN'S AUCTIONEERS — M. HICKS & CO.

Tweeds AND Linens

Important Sale by Auction
—OF—

English, Scotch, Irish and French Tweeds, Worsteds and Overcoatings,

all this season's goods, imported for a city tailoring establishment, and a quantity of Dress Goods, Underwear, Hosiery, etc., etc.

Also—Balance of best quality Irish Table Linens, in Cloths (all sizes), Napkins, Towels, Towelling, Tea and Tray Cloths, Pillow Linen, Sheetings, Cotton Sheets, Marseilles and Toilet Quilts, Honey Comb Quilts, Colored Counterpanes, Curtains, Portieres, and

GENERAL HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

At our Rooms, 1821-1823 Notre Dame St.,
Tuesday and Wednesday Afternoons, November 18th and 19th,
At 2.30 O'Clock Each Day.

M. HICKS & CO.,
Auctioneers.

REGULAR WEEKLY TRADE SALE

BENNING & BARSALOU, AUCTIONEERS,
Will sell at their Salesrooms, Nos. 86 and 88 St. Peter Street, on
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19th,
at TEN o'clock a.m., a large assortment of
DRY GOODS,
Woollens and Worsteds, Tweeds, Clothing, Etc., Etc.

Also, at 2 o'clock p.m. about
150 CASES RUBBERS.
—ALSO—
Boots and Shoes Assorted.
Sale without any reserve. Liberal terms.

TRADE SALE

At our Rooms, ST. JAMES STREET, on WEDNESDAY, 19th NOVEMBER, at Ten O'Clock. A large stock of fine

DRY GOODS,

From bankrupt estates, comprising:
Flannelettes and Flannels, Dress Goods, Cottonades, Towels, Linings, Sateens, Prints, Collars, Cashmere and Wool Hose and Socks, Underwear, Buttons, Handkerchiefs, Kid and Wool Gloves and Mitts, Embroidery, Lace, Ornaments, Tweeds, Serges, Beavers, Meltons, Jackets and Cloaks, Boots, Rubber Shoes, Caps, Ready Made Clothing, Fancy Goods, etc.

Also — Furs, Seal and Lambskin Jackets, Cloaks, Caps, Muffs, Capes, Collarettes, Overcoats, and many other goods.
Easy terms.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.



Artistic, Oriental
RUGS
TO CLEAR
FOR NEW IMPORTATIONS.

Mr. Babayan is now in Turkey purchasing our usual collection of High-Grade Oriental Rugs, etc.

To make room, we are selling our present beautiful collection at a great reduction.

PLEASE INSPECT THEM.

L. BABAYAN & CO.
2362 ST. CATHERINE ST.
(Karn Building).

FOR SALE—Cheap

WOOD'S FINE CHECK, 50 numbers. Also large stock of Journals, Day Books and Ledgers and general office requisites

The Timmis-Noble Company
—IMPORTERS—
Wholesale and Manufacturing Stationers, Printers, and Lithographers,
776 CRAIG STREET. Montreal.

HIRAM JOHNSON,
494 ST. PAUL STREET,
Importer, Exporter and Wholesale Dealer in . . .
Raw and Dressed Furs.

A large assortment of Persian Lambs, Gray Lambs, Mink Martens, Sables and all kinks of Dressed Furs always on hand. Cash paid on all consignments of Raw Furs, Skins and Ginseng.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

ACADEMY All This Week. Mat. Saturday.
MR. HERBERT KELCEY and
MISS EFFIE SHANNON in
SHERLOCK HOLMES.
COMING—Jefferson De Angelis in the Emerald Isle.

FRANCAIS MATINEES: Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday.
TO-NIGHT, and Wed. Nights (Wed. Mat.).... KERRY GOW
Thurs., Fri., Sat. Nights (Thurs. & Sat. Mats).... SHAUN RHUE
Presented by the Eminent Irish Comedian,
JOSEPH MURPHY and an Excellent Company.
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 35c and 50c.
Next Week—"ARIZONA."

PROCTOR'S Big Stock Company.
Last appearance of Robert Dronet in
"WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN,"
And last but one week of F. F. Proctor's Big Stock Co. Lee and Kingston, Sketch Artists, and the Kalatechnoscope. Prices as usual.
Next Week—"London Assurance."

THEATRE ROYAL Every Afternoon and Evening.
THIS WEEK—NOV. 17.
THE KNICKERBOCKER BURLESQUERS
Replete With European Vaudeville and Burlesque Novelties.
Prices—10, 20 and 30c. Next Week—Queens of the Highway.

Grand Opera
AT SOHMER PARK Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday
MIGNON
Last Week But One of the Season.
Admission 25c. Reserved Seats 50c.
All cars go to Sohmer Park.

MONUMENT NATIONAL, Nov. 21
J. ARCHIBALD TOWSLEY and Company
including IRVING HALL & GRANT GORDON
In W. Tremayne's 3-Act Comedy,
Tickets, 25c, 35c and 50c. Seats on sale at Shaw's Music Store.

Grand Bazaar
in aid of the
Montreal Homœpathic Hospital
will be held
Windsor Hall, Saturday,
November 22nd.
Open from 2 till 10 o'clock.
Music by Prof. Hume's Orchestra and Pupils, Fancy Work, Dolls, Cake, Jam, Candy, High Tea. Admission, 10 cents.

DANCING — Under Vice-Regal Patronage. Make appointment Early With - - - *Prof. Frank H. Norman* (Canada's Authority on Dancing). For Private Lessons. Learn the "FIVE-STEP." *Stanley Hall,* 127 Stanley St. Tel., Up 934. Booklet, "How to Waltz"—30c. — DANCING

DANCING! DANCING!
Frederick W. Norman's School,
Children's Classes,
Adult Classes,
Private Lessons,
Private Classes.
Conservatory Hall, 2269 St. Catherine Cor. McGill College Ave.
Telephone Up 2611.

DON'T FORGET THE SALE OF
Useful and Fancy Articles
In the Lecture Hall, KNOX CHURCH, ON THURSDAY and FRIDAY, November 20th and 21st.
Admission 10c.

ART ASSOCIATION,
—PHILLIPS SQUARE.
Art Association Classes—Painting Class.
A Painting Class (from the Draped Model) will be held on Wednesday and Friday afternoons, from 2 to 4 o'clock, commencing November 5th.
The advanced Art Classes are held every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, from 9.30 to 12.30. The Class Rooms are open daily for study.
For particulars, apply at the Gallery.

PRESENTATION ADDRESSES HANDSOMELY ILLUMINATED. EDWIN COX & CO. 114 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER ST.

EDUCATIONAL.
International Business College
Place d'Armes, Montreal.
DAY AND EVENING CLASSES.
Individual Instruction. Telephone Main 390
CAZA & LORD, Principals.

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Of our Framed American Novelty Pictures? They are simply lovely, and only 75c each. Call and see them, or LET US MAIL YOU ONE. Made to stand or hang.
HEASLEY, the Picture Framer
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The INTERCOLONIAL COAL MINING COMPANY, LTD.
Works—Drummond Colliery, Westville, Nova Scotia.
Miners and Producers of "Drummond" Coal and Coke, from the celebrated Pictou Seams of Nova Scotia. Offered in all sizes and quantities to suit purchasers. Shipments by water or rail.
Head Office, Room 311, Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co.
Gentlemen,—Theodore Dorais, a customer of mine, was completely cured of rheumatism, after five years of suffering, by the judicious use of MINARD'S LINIMENT.
The above fact can be verified by writing to him, to the Parish priest or any of his neighbors.
A. COTE,
Merchant, St. Isadore, Que.,
May 12th, 1898.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY IN SAXE-LEVY CASE

Judge Hall Charged the Jury Strongly in Favor of the Defendants and the Jury Speedily Reached a Decision.

"Not guilty" was the verdict rendered yesterday afternoon by the jury empanelled to hear the charges of conspiracy to defraud their creditors brought against Henry Saxe and David Levy in the Court of King's Bench.

As soon as the verdict of acquittal had been given, Mr. Quinn moved that the prisoners be discharged, and they left the dock to receive the congratulations of their friends.

The jurors having been addressed for the defence at the morning session, Mr. Cocke began his address to the jury immediately after the noon adjournment.

The learned counsel spoke for about an hour, laying before the gentlemen the facts in the evidence which he felt showed the accused to be guilty beyond a doubt.

Mr. Justice Hall then charged the jury, and in a brief, concise and wonderfully lucid speech summed up for the jurors in an impartial manner the essential facts in the case, explaining clearly the legal aspect of the matter, and, clearing away all that was extraneous in the speeches of either counsel, laid before them simply the salient points of the evidence, from which it was their duty to arrive at a verdict.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

His Lordship first of all interpreted the law of property, showing that, whereas as long as a man owed no one anything he was entirely free to dispose of his property in any way he saw fit. As soon as he became indebted to any one, even though he might be perfectly solvent, the law looked upon him as holding his property in trust for his creditors and prohibited him from doing anything with it which might endanger their interests.

His Lordship then went on to define the difference between civil and criminal law, explaining that it was the civil code which provided for the misappropriation or misapplication of funds by a debtor, and that what was most unusual in civil law, it even provided for the punishment by imprisonment of a debtor who defrauded his creditors by the secretion of property. It was when the question of conspiracy or collusion between any persons concerned in the fraud became a feature of the case that the criminal law stepped in and took cognizance of the matter.

His Lordship then proceeded to review the points in the evidence which had a direct bearing on the issue. It was a suspicious fact, he said, that $21,000 had been paid out to favored creditors on the second, third and fourth of March just previous to the assignment, but Mr. Kent had assured them that with their imperfect system of bookkeeping, it was possible for the accused not to know, even at that date, that the firm was really insolvent. It should also be noted that this system, or lack of system, in the firm's bookkeeping had not been adopted just on the eve of insolvency, but according to the witness Rodgers had been in use for at least five years.

POINTS NOT CONCLUSIVE.

The evidence also showed that there had been no change in the rate of discount, and that the purchases had not increased, but were in fact very moderate. The pledging of the customers' notes to Vineberg, however blameworthy it might be, was not an unusual transaction. The pledging of goods was less usual, but did not necessarily indicate fraud.

The importance of that part of the evidence which dealt with the lease of the St. Catherine Street premises, the learned judge thought, had entirely disappeared. The explanation that Mr. Levy was to take over the retail business settled this transaction satisfactorily, and was corroborated by Mr. Gravel the owner of the building.

The payment of the sum mentioned above to favored creditors was, His Lordship pointed out, the most serious feature of the case. But, even supposing, for the sake of argument, that Henry Saxe had misapplied this money, it was also necessary to prove that Levy was aware of the [illegible] of the firm, and had co-operated in making illegal payments to favored creditors.

The court then proceeded to analyze the payment of the $21,000 and to consider its component parts. In regard to the $3,500 paid to David Levy for salary on March 4, the evidence clearly showed that Levy had been given a four months' note for this sum on November 1, which of course matured on the above date. Hiram Levy had been given a promise that his notes should be paid before they were due.

The fact that the legacy to Miss Annie Saxe was payable on her wedding day, did not mean that she should not receive it before that time, or that she was not to get it at all, if she never married. And when all these things were considered, it lay with the jury to decide whether the members of the firm knew that it was insolvent when these sums were paid, and whether Levy cooperated in this knowledge.

His Lordship concluded his charge by expressing his confidence that the jury would not be influenced in the slightest by the nationality of the prisoners.

After a very few minutes' deliberation, the jury returned with a verdict of not guilty.

Blair's Pills
Great English Remedy for
Gout & Rheumatism
Safe, Sure, Effective.
All Druggists do and $1.00
LYMAN SONS & CO.
MONTREAL



KILAUEA BURSTS OUT AGAIN.

Honolulu, Nov. 11, via San Francisco, Nov. 18.—A wireless message received here to-day from the Island of Hawaii states that the volcano Kilauea has broken out in the most violent eruption for the past twenty years. Kilauea has shown mild, intermittent activity since the outbreak of St. Pierre.

DEATH OF THE REV. HUGH PRICE HUGHES

Most Active of English Free Church Leaders Passed Away Yesterday.

London, Nov. 18. — The Rev. Hugh Price Hughes, the celebrated Wesleyan preacher, editor of the Methodist Times, died suddenly here yesterday from apoplexy.

He was one of the most prominent clergymen in England.

Rev. Hugh Price Hughes, M.A., was born in 1847, at Carmarthen, South Wales, the son of John Hughes, Esq., surgeon, coroner, senior magistrate, chairman of the school board, etc., in Carmarthen. He was educated privately, and afterwards attended lectures at University College, London, and at the Theological College of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, at Richmond, Surrey, where Dr. Moulton was his tutor. His first appointment was to Dover in 1869. He remained there, and at every other place to which he was appointed, for the three years permitted by the itinerancy law of his church. His sucessive appointments were: Dover, Brighton, Stoke, Newington, London; Mostyn Road, London; Oxford, and Brixton Hill. At the conclusion of his three years at Brixton Hill he was appointed superintendent of the West London Mission, which conducts services in St. James' Hall, Prince's Hall, Warour Hall and Cleveland Hall, and has a centre of social philanthropy in Lincoln House, 60 Greek street, Soho Square; a residence for young men at Wiclif House, Fitzroy Square; and a sisterhood in Katherine House, Montague street, Russell Square. He published, in 1889, "Social Christianity," "The Atheist Shoemaker," and "The Philanthropy of God," in 1890. In 1892 he came prominently forward at the review of the Church's conference at Grundelwald, when his remarks on a possible reconciliation between English dissenters and the Church of England led to much discussion. He was also present at the conference held at Lucerne in 1893. He was editor of the Methodist Times, the most influential Methodist newspaper; an active total abtainer, and vice-president of the United Kingdom Alliance. He took a prominent part in the Social Purity Movement, was a permanent member of the Methodist Conference, and a leader of "The Forward Movement," which aims at the promotion of social, as well as individual, salvation, and believed that the example of Jesus Christ must be followed in business, pleasure and politics, as well as in prayer meetings and sacraments.

Rev. Mr. Hughes represented his church at the last Ecumenical Conference in Washington, on which occasion he paid a visit to Montreal, where he had many friends and admirers.

LEOPOLD REFUSES DAUGHTER'S CONGRATULATIONS.

Brussels, Nov. 18.—It is reported that Countess Lonyal, the daughter whom King Leopold turned out of his castle, where she had gone to see the body of her mother, has telegraphed to her father congratulating him upon his escape from the bullets of his would-be assassin. The King has not replied to the message.

WANTS A NEW TRIAL NOW.

New York, Nov. 18.—Recorder Goff signed an order yesterday calling on the district attorney to show cause why a motion should not prevail granting a new trial to Albert T. Patrick, who was convicted of the murder of Wm. M. Rice. The motion, which will be argued on Monday next, is based on what is declared to be new evidence.

IRISH LANDLORDS WILLING TO CONFER

Big Majority in Favor of Discussing Purchase Plan With Their Tenants.

London, November 18.—A poll of the Irish landlords, which was undertaken by a committee of gentlemen interested in the Irish question, on the proposal to call a conference of landlords and tenants, with a view to the sale of the land to the latter, has resulted in a vote of 1,128 to 578 in favor of holding the conference, for which arrangements will be immediately proceeded with.

A circular announcing the result of the poll has been sent to 4,000 Irish land owners, who possess 500 acres and upwards.

FRANCE MAY PROHIBIT THE SALE OF ABSINTHE

Paris, Nov. 18. — Prime Minister Combes, some time ago, officially asked the Academy of Medicine to formulate a list of poisonous essentials contained in liquors and cordials, intending to submit a bill to the Chamber of Deputies, restricting the consumption of those compounds which are threatening the vitality of the French race. Such liquors as absinthe, chartreuse, and similar compounds are principally aimed at. The Academy of Medicines referred the Prime Minister's letter to a select committee, of which Prof. Laborde is chairman. Prof. Laborde is wholly in sympathy with the crusade. He declares that drunkenness has as many victims as consumption, which it often engenders. He advocates prohibiting the sale of poisonous oils, except by druggists on physicians' prescriptions. It is foreseen that it will be necessary to fight the distillers, who have subscribed one million francs to defeat the contemplated legislation.

PUT OFF THE TRAIN.

Tales of Inconvenient Actions by U. S. Immigration Officials Upon Inoffensive Canadian Travellers.

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Sherbrooke, Nov. 18.—The Record publishes the following story, without names:

The other night a Sherbrooke merchant was peacefully sleeping on a Grand Trunk train as it was nearing Island Pond, when he was aroused by one of those officials. "Where are you from Where are you going?" he asked.

"None of your business," replied the Sherbrooke man. The official persisted in his effort to get an explanation, and, failing, was about to employ force to have the passenger put off. Finally on the advice of the conductor he gave up the idea. Not so in the case of several others on the same train. They were forced to leave the train at Island Pond, and, if after being held over night, they were unable to show satisfactory explanation of how they came to be in Uncle Sam's country, they would be deported to the Canadian side of the line on the next train.

As a matter of fact these officials are on the watch for men who are looking for jobs in the United States. All upon whom suspicion falls are asked to explain. If they are unable to show that the restrictions of the Alien Labor Law do not apply to them, they must return home and by law the trainmen are obliged to assist the official in the discharge of his duty.

It is said the U. S. authorities are now all along the line employing extraordinary means to enforce the provisions of this law, which they have placed upon their statute books.

BRITAIN STILL EXPORTS ENGINES

Glasgow, Nov. 18.—The Messrs. Dubs, Glasgow, engineers, have secured the contract for building thirty locomotives for the Japanese Government railways. The bidding was open to firms in the United States, Great Britain and Germany.

What Is Being Played at Local Theatres this Week

GOVERNOR-GENERAL SEES "SHERLOCK HOLMES."

Last night's experience showed the management of the Academy of Music a sure remedy for the Monday night apathy which usually afflicts Montreal audiences, greatly to the disadvantage of the box office. It is an extremely simple one—secure the Governor-General as a patron, let the fact be generally known, and the theatre-going public will do the rest. Thanks to the adoption of this expedient, the first appearance of Mr. Herbert Kelcey in Montreal as Sherlock Holmes drew an audience which so nearly filled the theatre to its capacity that good seats were at a premium.

Mr. Kelcey and Miss Shannon won the good opinions of Montreal last year when they produced "Her Lord and Master" here. Owing either to the extreme diffidence of Montreal and its reluctance to make new theatrical friends, or else to the fact that "Her Lord and Master" was not particularly well known on this side of the border, the engagement was not so successful financially as it ought to have been. All memories of as disagreeable a nature, however will disappear if the patronage for the rest of the week is to be estimated by last night's attendance and enthusiasm. It is a long time since an Academy audience has shown such unmistakable evidence of acute interest in any production.

Those who had seen Mr. Kelcey in other roles doubtless found it difficut to imagine him as playing Sherlock Holmes. Last night they were shown that Mr. Kelcey's talents are by no means exclusively of the well-fed, comfortable, club-man type. His Sherlock Holmes was not so angular, so inhumanly unemotional as that of William Gillette, but it was so near the common conception of Conan Doyle's famous character that it not only satisfied but fascinated a large portion of last night's audience. If there was a softening of harsh outlines, a rounding off of sharp corners, and the introduction of a measure of a certain wistful pathos for which Mr. Kelcey has long been famous, no one seemed to object.

Miss Shannon as Alice Faulkner was so little in evidence that one finds it difficult to imagine the force of the arguments which must have been necessary to induce her to accept the situation. In fact, the exigencies of dramatization have practically eliminated every character but the central one, Charles Caufield as James Larrabee having probably the best opportunities of any of the supporting company. The minor roles however, seemed to be all in good hands.

The production was very elaborately staged, the scenery being well designed, accurate and thoroughly in keeping with the atmosphere of Doyle's stories.

JOSEPH MURPHY IN THE "KERRY GOW."

Good wholesome humor and genuine sentiment are what people get at the Francais this week, where Joseph Murphy appears in his familiar Irish plays.

The "Kerry Gow" was the bill last night, and it is something of which audiences never seem to tire, full of quaint humor and of pathos, and possessing some stirring climaxes. Little can be said of the "Kerry Gow," for people know it thoroughly, but yet go again whenever the opportunity offers. It is not a great play, but it is human and clean, and it will live after some more ambitious productions have become but memories.

Mr. Joseph Murphy as Dan O'Hara was his old big-hearted self, full of quiet humor and good nature. He appears not to have lost his skill, and in the cast mention should be made of Miss Firmier, as Nora, who gave to the character naturalness and girlish innocence.

"WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN" AT PROCTOR'S THEATRE.

From a play of high distinction, whose many subtle moments were not as generally appreciated as should have been the case, the company at Proctor's, with easy grace, made the transition to a melodrama of the old-time domestic type. "Woman Against Woman" deals with human emotions in their incipient state; not to their more complex moments, as in the Jones drama of last week. The virtuous woman traduced and the adventuress breathing vindictiveness—these two are arrayed against each other. The machinations of the latter result in the destruction of a happy home. A doting husband, listening to the voice of slander, is lured from his allegiance. After much heartburning and bitterness reconciliation follows and the traducer stands revealed in her proper colors. All this is very inobscure; even the meanest intellect can fathom every motive. So that anyone who desires relaxation from brain effort, with a substitution of amusement, interspersed with occasional weeps, will find just what they want at Proctor's this week. All the old favorites are seen to advantage. Miss Bonstelle assumes the role of the injured wife; Miss Dills is the implacable adventuress, and Mr. Drouet is the husband who is so readily deceived. The latter is now making his farewell ap-

AT FIRST GLANCE

It Would Appear That Local Remedies Would be Best for Cure of Catarrh.

It would seem at first glance that catarrh, being a disease of the mucous membrane, that salves, sprays, etc., being applied directly to the membranes of the nose and throat, would be the most rational treatment, but this has been proven not to be true.

The mucous membrane is made and repaired from the blood and catarrh is a blood disease and any remedy to make a permanent cure must act on the blood, and when the blood is purified from catarrhal poison, the secretions from the mucous membrane will become natural and healthy.

In this climate, thousands of people seem scarcely ever free from some form of catarrh; it gets better at times, but each winter becomes gradually deeper seated and after a time the sufferer resigns himself to it as a necessary evil.

Catarrh cures are almost as numerous as catarrh sufferers, but are nearly all so inconvenient and ineffective as to render their use a nuisance nearly as annoying as catarrh itself; anyone who has used douches, sprays and powders will bear witness to their inconvenience and failure to really cure.

There are a number of excellent internal remedies for catarrh, but probably the best and certainly the safest is a new remedy, composed of Red Gum, Blood Root and similar antiseptic remedies and other valuable catarrh specifics.

This remedy is in tablet form, pleasant to the taste and sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and anyone suffering from catarrh may use these tablets with absolute assurance that they contain no cocaine, opiate nor any poisonous mineral whatever.

A leading druggist in Albany, speaking of catarrh cures, says: "I have sold various catarrh cures for years, but have never sold any which gave such general satisfaction as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. They contain in a pleasant, concentrated form all the best and latest catarrh remedies, and catarrh sufferers, who have used douches, sprays and salves, have been astonished at the quick relief and permanent results obtained after a week's use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets." All druggists sell full-sized packages for fifty cents.

and M. Dhavrol make some powerful situations.

"Anthony" will be repeated this evening and to-morrow, while the latter end of the week will be occupied by a three-act comedy by Alexandre Bisson, entitled "Les Surprises du Divorce," in which some newly retained members of the company are to appear for the first time.

BURLESQUE AT THE THEATRE ROYAL.

They have burlesque on the boards at the Theatre Royal this week, and judging from the packed houses of yesterday it will be a success. The company is Robie's "Knickerbockers" and is really a good outfit. The opening skit is "Daisy Dugan's Deboo." There is nothing to it, but it is a good means of introducing some very good singing and dancing and a bunch of rather good-looking girls. The olio is opened by Kipp, a comedy juggler, who does some very clever work with such ordinary articles as hats, umbrellas, cigars, etc. McDonald and Cody, the Irishman and the Jew, are not too bad at all. Frank Finney was amusing in his parodies, his skit on "Good Old Summer Time" being particularly good. Waller and McGill, in their specialty, "A Pistol Card," do a clever act as a pair of children. The star number is the act done by Sansone and Delila, which consists of a bit of balancing feats in which the lady is put in some rather precarious positions. In one part she rides a bicycle at full speed, the wheel being on the end of a seven-foot pole and balanced on the chin of her partner. "The Isle of Dinky Doo," a musical skit, closes the performance. Like the opening piece, it is simply a lot of nonsense strung together to give the performers a chance to show their specialties. The costuming is good and so are the scenic effects. The performance is clean and free from vulgarity of the type too often seen in such companies.



MISS EFFIE SHANNON.
Who, With Mr. Herbert Kelcey, is Playing in "Sherlock Homes" at the Academy This Week.

PORTUGAL'S KING MET BY EDWARD

London, November 18.—The King of Portugal arrived at Windsor last night from France, to pay a visit to the King and Queen of England.

King Edward, who had come directly from Sandringham, met him at the station. The two monarchs embraced one another most cordially, and then drove to the castle. A great banquet was given at Windsor Castle in honor of the royal guest.

As the present is the first occasion on which King Edward has visited the town of Windsor since his illness, the inhabitants of the royal borough gave him an elaborate reception.

THE KAISER'S DOINGS.

The German Emperor had good shooting on the estate of the Earl of Lonsdale, whose guest he was from Lowther castle since Sunday. The Emperor will take luncheon with Lord Rosebery at the latter's seat at Dalmeny, Scotland, next Friday, on his way back to Germany.

POINT ST. CHARLES

This evening the winter course of lectures under the auspices of the Grand Trunk Literary and Scientific Institute will begin. An attractive inaugural is offered in the lecture by Principal Hackett, D.D., of the Bourget College, who will lecture on "India."

The many friends of Mr. William Carmichael, of Bourgeois Street, will be glad to know that he has so far recovered from his accident as to lead him to contemplate his return to work this week. Injured at his work through no fault of his own, he sustained an injury to shoulder and arm, including no less a combination than a break, a fracture and a dislocation. Though far from being able to use his arm as before, he has recovered its use sufficiently to be able to undertake light labor.

The sad news was conveyed to the city yesterday of the death of the young wife of Rev. A. F. Pollock, of Danville, Que. The deceased lady was a sister of the Rev. Daniel Hamilton, recently pastor of the Point Congregational Church.

Mr. Hudson, of Queen's Park, has opened a furniture and upholsterer's store at the corner of Wellington and Mullins streets.

Quite a good and successful work is being carried on at Riverside school, where Mr. Kneeland is the principal, in the form of cookery classes. It is a pleasant sight to see the embryo wives of the future gaining their first lessons in the art of making man happy.

A sacred concert will be given this evening in the Point St. Charles Congregational Church in aid of the choir fund and an excellent programme has been arranged. Rev. W. R. Harvey will preside, and among those contributing are the Messrs. Surgeon, Munroe, Stenhouse, Jenkins, Kidd, Munslow, Laughton and Grant, Mesdames F. Fox, A. E. Tuddenham, Messrs. W. A. Brown, G. De Conde, H. Pritchard, Munslow, Wilson, Dancey, Purkess and the choir.

WE CLAIM FUR LEADERSHIP

Because our store is away above any ordinary place of business. It is stocked with superb selections that delight the connoisseur and purse. Why not call? You will enjoy the handsome parlors. E. A. Ste. Marie, corner St. Catherine and Amherst Streets.—Advt.

PERE LACOMBE LEAVES FOR WEST

Rev. Father Lacombe, O.M.I., whose zealous missionary work among the Indians of the Northwest has called forth general praise throughout Canada, is about to retire. During the past thirteen months he has been collecting alms throughout the province of Quebec for his Catholic missions in the Northwest and has been eminently successful.

Rev. Father Lacombe was born in February, 1827, at St. Sulpice. He studied at l'Assomption and was ordained priest at Montreal in June, 1849. In August of 1850 he was sent to the diocese of St. Boniface. He was inspired by the charms of adventure and longed to go into the wilderness, where he could help the Indians and offer them the solace and consolation of the Catholic Church.

He acquired a thorough knowledge of the language of several tribes and published a dictionary and a grammar in the Cree language, in 1873.

During the Northwest rebellion of 1885 Rev. Father Lacombe exercised a great influence upon the Indians and prevented them from going on the warpath.

In a letter dated October 15 last, Rev. Father Lacombe bids farewell to the province of Quebec—his dear, good province he calls it—and to the people who he cordially thanks for their assistance and goodwill.

Rev. Father Lacombe returns to the diocese of St. Albert and will live at the Pincher Creek mission at the foot of the Rocky Mountains. He will leave on Wednesday by the C.P.R., accompanied by Rev. Father Laganiere and Rev. Father Dubois, O.M.I. He will proceed first to McLeod, Calgary, Edmonton, and then to Pincher Creek.

Did you ever taste Dr. Laviolette's Syrup of Turpentine? Do get a bottle for the sake of your little ones. It is so soothing and so palatable, and never fails to cure coughs and colds.—Advt.

AUTOMOBILE HIGHWAY ACROSS AMERICA.

New York, November 18.—Agitation for a national highway from the Atlantic to the Pacific is the winter programme mapped out at a meeting of the directors of the American Automobile Association. The proposed road is to start at Boston and reach Chicago by way of the lake cities. From Chicago it is to follow the old overland route by way of Salt Lake City to San Francisco.

PUGNO'S PIANO RECITAL PLEASES MUSIC LOVERS

An audience of quite respectable size (for a Windsor Hall piano recital, and considering that the Governor-General and party were elsewhere) extended its gratitude and applause to M. Raoul Pugno for one of the sanest, healthiest, most straightforward performances on the piano that Montreal has heard for years.

It was such a wondrous novelty, too, after the artists—pianists, violinists and conductors—who have caught attention here for a moment in several season's back and then passed on. Pugno is no yearning, wide-eyed youth. He is no weird, decadent dreamer of mystic dreams. He is no tormented soul crying aloud to the world through wires or catgut. He is large and comfortable, and eminently healthy. This may sound somewhat like the anthropo-metric method of criticism; but it must have been just as apparent to any blind man who chanced to hear him play. He went through a big and varied programme deliciously and forcibly; and he never once took you out of your depth. He played the Moonlight Sonata as Beethoven, and not as somebody else, and it was interesting to note that a considerable part of the audience were not quite sure whether they liked their Beethoven neat. However, it was a very refined and poetical interpretation. It took the showiness of the eleventh Liszt Rhapsodic to bring down the house effectually, partly because of a certain clinging tendrill-like character of the runs, that was first noticeable in the Scarlatta Sonata, and is M. Pugno's most individual characteristic.

Starting in on the historical numbers with much more than usual success because of the delicate and affectionate way in which he caressed the themes of Bach and Handel, M. Pugno came to Schumann and the Faschingschwank aus Wien, and dazzled. You could almost see the metronome running up faster and faster, precisely according to the usually disregarded instruction of the composer, until it fell off the piano in disgust. But there was no suggestion of metronome about the Chopin numbers. Chopin expurgated for a respectable audience it certainly was, but there was fine fire and much poetry left in it. The B. flat minor scherzo in particular was superbly played. The concerted polonaise in E. flat was played without the preceding andante spianato, and gave a splendid example of the before-mentioned curious and effective runs. M. Pugno's own "Serenade a la Lune" was the most advanced thing on the programme. It is a clever piece of tone painting, and was encored. An extra Schumann number at the conclusion was the only other concession to an ample public clamor for more than the programme offered.

DAVID BAXTER.

The David Baxter recital to be held tonight in Windsor Hall, will be under the patronage of Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Minto. Mr. Baxter will be assisted by Mrs. Josephine Jennings Perry, soprano of New York; and Miss Katherine Ruth Hyman, of New York, pianist; and the programme will be as follows:

Tschaikowsky—First Movement of Sonata, Opus 37.
Miss Clara Heyman.
Gluck—"O Del Mio Dolce Ardor."
Handel—"Si Trai 1 ceppi."
Mozart—"Possenti, Numi."
Mr. David Baxter.
Jane Vieu—"Pour Mieux A'Aimer."
Jane Vieu—"Marquis Bergers."
Old French—"Les Quinze Ans de Rosette."
Old English—"When Myra Sings."
Dr. Arne—"The Lass With the Delicate Air."
Mrs. Juseph Jennings Percy.
Verde—"Ella Glammai M' Amo," from Don Carlos.
Mr. David Baxter.
Arthur Foote—Prelude.
Brahms—Ballade "Edward."
Liszet—"Dance of the Gnomes."
Miss Clara Heyman.
Schubert—"An Die Thuren Will Ich Schleichen."
Schubert—"Litanei."
Franz—"Widmung."
Weam Ichin Deive Augen Sch.
Schumann—"Ich Grolle Nicht."
Mr. David Baxter.
Margaret Lang—"A May Song."
Margaret Lang—"Irish Folk Song."
Henry K. Hadley—"I Plucked a Quill From Cupid's Wing."
Mrs. Josephine Jennings Percy.
Clay—"Sans o' Dee."
Old Scottish—"Jenny Nettles."
Old Scottish—"Turn Ye to Me."
Old Scottish—"Jes Macpharlane."
Jacobite War Song—"Sound the Pibroch."
Mr. David Baxter.

A GOOD SAMARITAN.

Being Helped Himself, Wishes to Help Others.

The papers were never so filled with advertisements of remedies that will cure every known disease as they are to-day; these are invariably accompanied by letters from people, testifying in the strongest terms to the virtue and merit of the particular preparation advertised; but because so much is claimed for the medicine, it has come to the point where most readers regard such testimonials as pure "fakes" and made up out of whole cloth.

We are glad, however, to vouch for the reliability of the following from Mr. Wm. Lichtenwalter, proprietor of the largest printing house in Canton, Ohio, regarding the Pyramid Pile Cure, for which nothing is claimed except that it will cure any and every form of Piles.

"For several months past I have received so many enquiries from sufferers asking if my testimonial is authentic, that I am inclined to send in a bill to you for postage and stationery.

"It is now two years since I was last troubled, and my rectum is as clear and clean as any man who never had piles, although I suffered with protruding, bleeding and internal piles for twenty-seven years. I will not attempt to detail the agony I suffered, being too happy to say I believe I am cured, after two years of evidence.

"What will cure one man will sometimes not cure another; whether it was the Pyramid Pile Cure that cured me I cannot say, but I have been free from piles for two years after using your treatment. I leave sufferers to draw their own conclusions.

"I will answer any communication that a sufferer may ask, and will refer to any business house, bank or manufacturer of Canton, Ohio, concerning my identity, among whom I have lived for forty-eight years."

Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists for fifty cents a package, or will be mailed to any address by Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., upon receipt of price.

Drop this firm a card asking for their little book describing the cause and cure of piles.

The Dr. Deimel Underwear

People who have been subject to colds on the slightest provocation now claim absolute freedom from them through wearing the

DR. DEIMEL LINEN-MESH UNDERWEAR

For Men, Women and Children, all sizes and styles.
Sold at

Deimel Linen-Mesh Co.,
2202 ST. CATHERINE ST.
Opp. Christ Church Cathedral.

SOZO Furniture Polish and Cleaner, the best. 25c a bottle.

DUPUIS FRERES

We give best and immediate attention to all orders received by mail.

Ladies' Underwear.

A GRATIFYING OFFERING RIGHT AT THE BEGINNING OF THE WINTER SEASON

40 DOZEN LADIES' VESTS, high neck and long sleeves, buttoned front, neck and front finished with edging. Color, Natural. All sizes, at 25c
LADIES' VESTS, Union, Merino finished, at ..... 40c, 50c, 60c and 75c
LADIES' VESTS, Health Brand, white, high neck, long sleeves $1.00, $1.25
COMBINATION SUITS FOR CHILDREN, all sizes, from 3 to 15 years. Color, Natural, at 50c, 60c, up to $1.00 a Suit
COMBINATION SUITS FOR LADIES—Scotch Wool—$2.00 and $3.00 Suits.
LADIES' DRAWERS, fleece lined, Merino, etc., etc., from ..... 25c to $1.00
LADIES' VESTS, pink or white, pure wool, at 25c
LADIES' TIGHTS, in black, from ..... 90c to $2.25

WHITE GOODS!

CHILDREN'S PINAFORES—Embroidered yokes, embroidered Collars. Others trimmed with Insertion and Edging, in sizes to fit children of 1 to 7 years, at the following prices:—20c, 25c, 30c and 35c



CORSETS.

A splendid and most complete assortment—all the reliable brands and latest models.

D. & A. CORSETS, drab only, sizes 18 to 25, for 50c
CROMPTON'S SPECIAL LINE, sizes 20 to 26, at 75c
CROMPTON'S MILITARY CORSET, extended hip, all sizes, white or drab, "as represented by cut," at $1.00
C|C A LA GRACE, French model, all sizes, at ..... $1.50 and $2.25
SPECIAL NO. 561—For stout figures—all sizes, from 22 to 30. Price.... $2.25

Ladies' Blouses.

Fine exhibition of Stylish Blouses in our Ladies' Furnishing Department, "Second Floor."
FRENCH OPERA FLANNEL BLOUSE, latest design. Our own special make, all sizes, in different styles. Great choice at $3.50

CROCKERY DEPARTMENT.

ELEGANT TOILET SETS. TWO SPECIAL LINES.
TOILET SETS, 10 pieces, tinted and gold traced ..... $3.85 and $5.00
$12.50 DINNER SETS, for. $9.00
DINNER SET—97 pieces—Light Green and Gold.
Also in stock a large variety of Fancy Crockery, to match or replace broken pieces.
ENGLISH CHINA EWER AND BOWLS, at ..... 40c each or 75c a set

JARDINIERES—"Flower Pots."

Great assortment and best values in the above goods. Jardinieres of all sizes, in different styles and colors. Selling now at 25c, 35c, 45c, 65c, 75c and 90c. Each of them fully worth double the price asked.

PING PONG.

You can get them right here at the following prices:—25c, 35c, 85c, $1.00, $1.35, $2.00 and $3.00.

Dupuis Freres, THE BIG EAST END DEPARTMENTAL STORE,
1571 to 1589 ST. CATHERINE STREET, City.

Milton Street

In the Matter of Expropriation for the Opening of Milton Street from University Street to St. Lawrence Street, in the St. Antoine and St. Lawrence Wards of the City of Montreal.

The projected limits of assessment already published have been changed, and the following are by the present submitted to the interested parties:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Commissioners, appointed to assess the properties required for the above improvement, intend to levy the said assessments to defray the total cost of the same on the following properties, namely:

All immovables and parts of immovables, irrespective of buildings thereon erected, comprised in the following limits:

A line starting from a point situated one hundred and fifty (150) feet southeast of the southeast side line of Sherbrooke Street, on Metcalfe Street, and running east parallel with said southeast side line of Sherbrooke Street, and one hundred and fifty feet southeast of said southeast side line of Sherbrooke Street to St. Lawrence Street.

A line starting from a point situated one hundred and fifty (150) feet northeast of the northeast side line of St. Lawrence Street, on Sherbrooke Street, and running north parallel with said northeast side line of St. Lawrence Street, and one hundred and fifty feet northeast of said northeast side line of St. Lawrence Street to Pine Avenue.

A line starting from a point situated one hundred and fifty (150) feet northwest of the northwest side line of Pine Avenue on St. Lawrence Street, and running west parallel with said northwest side line of Pine Avenue, and one hundred and fifty feet northwest of said northwest side line of Pine Avenue to McTavish Street.

A line starting from a point situated one hundred and fifty (150) feet southwest of the southwest side line of McTavish Street on Pine Avenue, and running south parallel with said southwest side line of McTavish Street, and one hundred and fifty feet southwest of said southwest side line of McTavish Street to Sherbrooke Street.

And all parties interested are hereby notified that the commissioners will meet in the ante-room of the City Council, City Hall, on Saturday, the twenty-ninth day of November instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and will there and then hear any complaints that may be made against the projected limits of assessment.

F. E. GILMAN,
THOS. GAUTHIER,
J. H. KENNEDY,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' Room,
City Hall,
Montreal, 12th November, 1902.

PERRY CASE GOES OVER FOR THREE MONTHS.

Cambridge, Mass., November 18.— The case of George L. Perry, chrged with the murder of Miss Calra A. Norton, in Waverley, November 1, was continued to-day until February 18, 1903, by agreement of counsel.

BE ALIVE

To your own interests. Visit the finest fur store in Canada. Select furs at your leisure. Now is the time. Our immense stock and premises at your disposal. E. A. Ste. Marie, corner St. Catherine and Amherst Streets.—Advt.

CHOLERA AT JERUSALEM.

Jerusalem, November 18.—The cholera epidemic is spreading rapidly. The populations of Gaza and Lydda (Ludd) have have been decimated and the authorities are taking flight. At Jaffa there have been 57 deaths in three days. The disease is raging in neighboring villages. No complete returns of the mortality are available. The people in the stricken districts are in a sad plight and relief is needed everywhere.

FATAL FREIGHT WRECK IN CONNECTICUT.

Madison, Conn., Nov. 18.—Samuel Cruttenden, a well known horseman of New Haven, was killed, and Joseph Lockstrom, of Auburn, R.I., a brakeman, was injured, by the derailment of an express freight train on the Shore Line division of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad early to-day. Cruttenden was riding in a stock car on his way to Boston with a horse which he was to ship to England.

A Saving of $10 per thousand

Merchants and business people can save money by our new device in Envelopes, which have the appearance of sealed letters and will therefore be delivered to and opened by the persons to whom they are addressed.

Sealed-- Yet Open Envelopes

There's a SAVING OF $10 PER THOUSAND on these goods. Made in six different qualities. Ask your printer or stationer for them, or send to us for free sample.

The Barber & Ellis Co., Limited,
Manufacturing and Wholesale Stationers,
43 to 49 Bay St., Toronto

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Available Assets $61,187,215
Funds invested in Canada $3,300,000
Security, Prompt Payment and Liberality in the adjustment of Losses are the prominent features of this company.
Temporary Offices at 87 St. Peter St. (opposite Recollet Street) UNTIL MAY, 1903.
During rebuilding of the Company's New Offices at old address, corner St. James and Place d'Armes.

CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
A. F. Gault, Chairman.
Wentworth, J. Buchanan, Deputy Chairman.
Sam'l. Finley. E. S. Clouston.
Hon. Sir Alexander Lacoste, K.C.M.G.
G. F. C. Smith, Resident Secretary.
Head Office, Canada Branch: Montreal.

WESTMOUNT AVENUE.

Province of Quebec.
District of Montreal.

Municipality of the Town of Westmount.

To the Inhabitants of the Town of Westmount, and to All Whom it May Concern:

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned Secretary-Treasurer, that at the usual monthly meeting of the Council, to be held at the Town Hall at 4 p.m. on Monday, December 1st, 1902, a By-Law will be submitted to the Council for approval to open as a public street that section of the proposed extension of Westmount Avenue, an avenue in said Town, from Argyle Avenue to the Boulevard, to a uniform width of 75 feet, English measure, the whole according to a special plan made by C. Leduc, P.L.S., dated September 24th, 1902;

Said By-Law provides: For the acquisition by amicable arrangement, or by expropriation of the lands required for said opening; for the levying of special assessments upon the properties fronting on both sides of said section of said avenue, when opened, in part to pay for the same, and for the balance of the costs to be paid by the Town in conformity with the provisions of its Charter; and other matters therein fully set forth:

Given at Westmount, this 10th day of November, 1902.

WM. MINTO,
Secretary-Treasurer.

CANADA,
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Montreal.

SUPERIOR COURT.—NO. 1.

The Dominion Controverted Elections Act and Amendments thereto.

In Re the election of a member for the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of St. Jacques, in the judicial District of Montreal, holden on the eighth and fifteenth days of January last, 1902, being the day of nomination and the day of polling at said election.

JOSEPH GEDEON HORACE BERGERON,
Petitioner,
And JOSEPH BRUNET,
Defendant.

Take notice that the election petition of the said petitioner, fyled in this cause, will be tried at the Court House (room 21), at the City and District of Montreal, on Thursday, the fourth day of December next, at the hour of half-past ten in the forenoon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful.

Dated at Montreal, this seventeenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and two.

By order,
(Signed) L. H. COLLARD,
Deputy Prothonotary, S.C.

(True copy)
W. H. COLLARD,
Deputy Prothonotary, S.C.

(True copy of the copy)
ARTHUR FRANCHERE,
Deputy Sheriff.

INSOLVENCY NOTICE.

In the matter of JOSEPH PICARD, insolvent:

The undersigned will sell at public auction, at Messrs. Marcotte Bros., 69 St. James St., Tuesday, the ninth of December next, at eleven o'clock a.m., the following immovable property.

A certain lot of ground situated in the city of Ste. Cunegonde of Montreal, civic numbers 1562 and 1564 St. James Street, the said lot known and designated under number eight hundred and two (802) of the official plan and book of reference, of the municipality of the parish of Montreal, with a building, brick encased and other buildings thereon erected.

For any other information apply to

RABY & MOTARD,
Joint Curators,
Ste. St. James Street, Montreal.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

The breaking of a coupling pin followed by a collision of the two sections of the train led to the accident.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS HERALD JOB DEPT.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

[Advertising Rates — Birth Notices, 25c; Marriage Notices, 50c; Death Notices, 50c.]

BIRTHS.

BEARDMORE—At Montreal, on Nov. 17th, 1902, the wife of Frederick N. Beardmore, of a son. 272x

BEARDMORE—At Montreal, on November 17th, the wife of Frederick N. Beardmore, Esq., of a son.

BLACK—At Stanbury, Que., November 7, the wife of Harvey Black, of a daughter.

CAMPBELL—At Hawkesbury, Ont., on November 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Angus Campbell, a daughter.

DAVIES—At 616 Park Avenue, on Friday, November 7th, the wife of D. Davies, of a daughter.

HENRY—At 105 Mackay Street, on November 4th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Henry.

IRVING—On November 9th, to the wife of Jas. D. Irving, Buctouche, N.B., a daughter.

MACKLAY—At Brockville, Ont., on November 13th, the wife of Mr. Wm. J. Macklay, of a daughter.

MAY—On November 15th, at 8a Quebec St., Outremont, the wife of Robert A. May, of a daughter.

NAPIER—At 300 Prince Arthur Street, Montreal, Nov. 16th, the wife of G. H. Napier, of a son.

SAYER—In this city, at 33 Emily Street, on November 4th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Sayer.

SMITH—At Brockville, Ont., on November 13th, the wife of Mr. James Smith, of twin sons.

TITE—On November 6th, at Victoria, B.C., the wife of G. D. Tite, of a daughter.

PARSONS—At Waterville, on November 7th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Victor Parsons.

COUTURE—At Waterville, on Nov. 9th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Couture.

ROWELL—In this city, on November 5th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Couture. Rowell—In this city, on Nov. 5th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Rowell.

POLLOCK—At Danville, on Thursday, Nov. 6th, the wife of Rev. A. F. Pollock, of a son.

CRAIG—At Sherbrooke, Nov. 11, a son to the wife of T. M. Craig, Esq.

LAVOIE—At Sherbrooke, on the 7th inst., a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Lavoie.

McLAREN—At Herdman, Que., on the 9th inst., the wife of Henry McLean, of twin daughters.

HEBERE—At Covey Hill, Oct. 30th, the wife of Mr. Augustus Hebere, of a son.

EASTMAN—At Massena, N.Y., Nov. 6th, the wife of the Rev. F. B. Eastman, of a son.

FLANDERS—At Stanstead, Nov. 12, a daughter to Rev. and Mrs. C. R. Flanders.

MARRIAGES.

AGNEW-RYAN—At the residence of James Agnew, near Harcourt, N.B., on November 5th, by Rev. J. Heaney, B.A., Anthony Agnew and Hattie Ryan, both of Moncton.

BURKHOLDER-WOODS—At New Westminster, B.C., on November 4th, by Rev. R. Lennie, Francis H. Burkholder and Miss Winnifred J. V. Woods.

ELKINS-BOWLES—At Vancouver, B.C., on November 4th, by Rev. C. H. M. Sutherland, Frank Elkins and Miss Millicent Bowles.

ELLIOTT-CASEY—At St. Columbin, on November 12th, by the Rev. Father Forget, William Elliott to Maggie Casey, both of St. Columbin, Que.

KELLY-LOBAN—At Rexton, N.B., on November 6th, by Rev. D. Fraser, B.A., Martin R. Kelly to Jane R. Loban, both of Kouchibouguac.

LEAVITT-COOK—In Eastport, Me., on November 1st, by City Clerk W. F. Alexander Edward V. Leavitt, and Ada G. Cook, both of Back Bay, N.B.

TROWER-FRASER—On the 13th inst., at 63 Rushe Street, by the Rev. James Fraser, Emily Howison Fraser, daughter of Alex. Fraser, to William Kempt Trower.

WILSON-RICHARDSON—At St. Stephen, N. B., on November 4th, by Rev. W. C. Goucher, Ernest W. Wilson and Mortie L. Richardson, both of Jonesport, Me

McCOURT-MORIN—At St. Michael's Cathedral, Sherbrooke, on Tuesday, Nov. 11, by Rev. J. A. H. Gignac, Mr. George McCourt, son of P. McCourt, Sherbrooke, Miss Laura Morin, daughter of M. Morin.

DORE-ROBIDOUX—At St. Michael's Cathedral, Sherbrooke, on Tuesday, Nov. 11, by the Rev. F. H. Lavallee, Mr. Ovila Dore, son of J. Dore, to Miss Josephine Robidoux, daughter of Mr. J. Robidoux.

THERRIEN-LESSARD—At St. Michael's Cathedral, Sherbrooke, on Monday, Nov. 10th, by the Rev. W. LaRue, Mr. Francois Therrien, of Huntingville, son of F. Therrien, to Miss Marie Lessard.

WRIGHT-HALL—At Pittsfield, N.H., on Nov. 10th, by the Rev. Mr. Hill, Mr. W. Wright, manager of the New Sherbrooke House, Sherbrooke, Que., to Miss E. A. Hall, of Pittsfield, N.H.

BOULTON-WOOD—At Sherbrooke, on Wednesday, the 12th inst., by the Rev. William Shearer, of St. Andrew's church, Percival G. Boulton, of Worcester, CVt., to Jennie M. Wood.

WARNE-McCOY—At Sherbrooke, on Nov. 5th, by the Rev. T. C. Cassidy, William Arthur Warne, of the Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, to Margaret J., Minnie, daughter of the late David McCoy, of Herdman, Que.

WILSON-JOHNSON—At the residence of Mr. T. J. Hungerford, Cranbrook, B.C., on November 12, 1902, by Rev. S. J. Thompson Mr. Wm. Henry Wilson, late of Farnham, Que., to Miss Emily Amelia Johnson, of Knowlton, Que. 273x

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

ANGLIN—Phoebe Elizabeth Robinson, beloved wife of Richard D. Anglin, died Saturday, November 15th, 1902, aged 41 years and 6 months.

BRENNAN—On November 16th, Elizabeth Kelly, widow of the late William Brennan.

CLARKE—In this city, on November 14, of locomotor ataxia, Louisa, widow of the late John Clarke, C.E., and daughter of the late John Blackie, C.E.

FOLEY—In this city, on Nov. 11th, Margaret O'Hara, widow of the late John Foley, native of County Leitrim, Ireland. Funeral from her late residence, 32 Chaboillez Sq., Wednesday, Nov. 19, at 7.30 a.m. to St. Patrick's Church, and thence to R.C. Cemetery. Friends and relatives please accept this invitation. New York papers please copy. 273x

GRACE—In this city, on November 16th, John Emmet Grace, aged 18 years, son of the late Joseph Grace.

HOULE—In this city, on Saturday, the 15th inst., aged 60 years, Mareline Lavoie, wife of Alfred Houle, merchant.

ODELL—In this city, on the 16th inst., Lilian E. Smith, wife of W. H. Odell.

VILLENEUVE—In this city, on the 16th inst., Macthias Villeneuve (ex-messenger of the late Ville Marie Bank), aged 65 years.

DEATHS ELSEWHERE.

BROWN—On November 12th, at Toronto, Ruth Brown, widow of the late Thomas Brown, in the 71st year.

CRAWFORD—On November 12th, at Toronto, Eliza, daughter of the late Captain Hurley, H. M. 81st Regiment and relict of the late G. G. Crawford, M.D., F.R.C.S., Edinburgh, in her 70th year.

DRESSER—At Sherbrooke, Que., on November 8th, Hannah Eliza, eldest daughter of the late Capt. Jno. Woodward, and wife of Warren S. Dresser.

FLETT—On November 7th, at Calgary, N.W. T., Thomas Robertson Scarth Flett, infant son of T. R. Flett, aged 18 days.

EASTMAN—At Massena, N.Y., on Nov. 10th, Frederick Reginald, infant son of Rev. F. S. Eastman, B.A.

FOWLER—At Vancouver, B.C., on October 31st, Richard Fowler, aged 64 years.

GILMOUR—At Chateauguay Basin, Que., on November 9th, Janet Wright, beloved wife of Matthew Gilmour, in her 70th year.

HART—On November 10, at Toronto, J. Moore Hart, M.D., of Toronto, aged 51 years

JOHNSTON—At Toronto, on November 12, Minnie E. Johnston, daughter of the late Samuel Johnston.

KEMPLEY—At 87 Chelsea Road, Hull, Que., on the 12th inst., Henry Waterford Kempley, son of the late Henry Kempley, merchant, of St. Andrews, Que., aged 60 years.

LOCHHEAD—At St. Remi, Que., on the 7th November, suddenly, Thomas Lochhead, a native of Galston, Ayrshire, Scotland, aged 52 years. Ayrshire papers please copy.

McNAUGHTON—At Huntingdon, Que., on November 10th, Delia McDiarmid, wife of Malcolm F. MacNaughton, aged 52 years.

O'REILLY—At the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. Robert Massam, of Kensington, Que., on October 27th, Charles O'Reilly, aged 52 years.

PRINCE—In St. John, N.B., on November 12th, Eliza M., wife of James Prince, and daughter of the late Cornelius and Annie Rice.

REID—Died, at West Brookfield, Mass., Nov. 13, Clarence A. Reid, aged 27, son of A. P. Reid, of Ozone Co. Interment at Belleville, on Monday, at 1 p.m. 272x

ROBSON—In St. John, N.B., on November 11th, Elizabeth J. Robson, eldest daughter of the late Thomas and Maria Robson.

WILLOCK—At Quebec, on November 10th, Eliza Willock, daughter of the late David Willock, of Montrose, Scotland, aged 79 years.

WILLIAMSON—At Ladysmith, B.C., on November 1st, Mrs. Robert Williamson.

STEVENS—At Sherbrooke, Nov. 10th, George, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Stevens.

COLEMAN—At Sherbrooke, Nov. 10th, Mrs. W. G. Coleman, aged 25 years, 5 months.

McDONALD—At Sherbrooke, on Nov. 6th, Eral Gordon, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. McDonald, aged 4 years.

JONES—At Scotstown, on the 11th of November, at the residence of Mr. Geo. W. Beard, Mr. T. C. Jones, of Cherry Bank, Lake Megantic, late of the C.P.R. land department office, Winnipeg, Man., at the age of 61 years.

BARLOW—At Covey Hill, Oct. 26, Richard Barlow, aged 84 years.

Stoke Up, Stoke Up,

and cook lady charlotte gelatine.

Established 1840

Jos. C. Wray & Bro.

Undertakers,

290 MOUNTAIN STREET,

One door below St. Catherine Street.

1123 ST DOMINIQUE STREET

Ambulance Headquarters.

J. H. R. MOLSON & BROS.

Ale and Porter Brewers.

Have always on hand the various kinds of

ALE and PORTER

Wood and Bottled.

Families Regularly Supplied.

600 Notre Dame St, Montreal.

This Paper is Printed With the Queen City Printing Ink Co.'s Ink. Cincinnati, Ohio.

Incandescent Lamps.

Those who are not using them are making a mistake.

You don't want the cheapest lamp, but one that will give you the 16 candle power of light for the least consumption of current.

Take notice of lamps used, and you will find that those who give the matter close consideration are now using them, and before the present lighting season closes, you will see more SUNBEAMS in use in Montreal than all other makes put together.

Montreal Electric Co.,

1898 NOTRE DAME ST.

(Balmoral Hotel Block.)

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS

OWEN N. EVANS,

Temple Building, MONTREAL

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventors' Help, 128 pages, sent upon request. Marion & Marion, New York Life Bldg. Montreal; and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—NATHAN'S FAMOUS BED BUG roach, beetle, rat and mouse killer, in tins, 35c, 50c and $1.00. Money returned if it does not clear the house. Wholesale and retail, 71 Main Street. Registered in England, France, United States and Canada. 291x

FOR SALE — NO STICKY, SMEARY WAX required for your floors when you use The King of all Polishes, The Royal Wood Food for furniture, pianos, floors, etc., made in Montreal by practical mechanic, with forty years' experience; no smell, no fuss. J. D. Smith, practical painter, 1261½ St. Antoine street. x

FOR SALE — CONCERT AND SOCIAL badges made to order; also embossed price tickets for cigar show cases, windows, etc. Just the thing to make goods sell. J. P. Moncel, 210 St. James st., Room 7. tf

FOR SALE — FUR LINED COAT. FINE collar, suitable for coachman or driver of any kind. A bargain. Call after six, 113 Mitcheson ave. tf

FOR SALE — DINING ROOM SET, ONLY used a short time. Also gentleman's fur lined coat, almost new; cheap for cash. Write K 118, Herald. 270x

FOR SALE — KINDLING, FOR THE MILLion. Kindling wood, $2.00. Cut hard wood, $3.00. Mill blocks, $1.75. Tan bark, $2.00. J. C. McDiarmid, 62 Richmond square. Tel. Up 2553. tf

FOR SALE — TWO NEW HIGH CLASS pianos. Will sell at a bargain for cash. W. J. Taylor, 603 Craig st., city. tf

FOR SALE — LARGE TRIPLE STEEL vault. Herald Pub. Co., 603 Craig st., city.

FOR SALE—SAFES, FIRE AND BURGLAR proof, new and secondhand, at prices that defy competition. Largest stock in city. A. Abern, Montreal Safe Works, 390 St. James. Telephone Main 814. tf

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SOLID WALNUT bedroom suite. Can be seen 951 St. Urbain street. tf

EDUCATIONAL.

Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

WANTED—PUPILS FOR PIANO, $1.25 PER month, 222 Bleury Street. 271x

LOST.

Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

LOST—YOUNG WIRE HAIRED FOX TERrier, two black spots, black and brown head, evenly marked, answers to the name John. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 645 Sherbrooke Street. 273x

LOST — A REWARD OF $25.00 WILL BE paid for any information leading to the recovery, with contents, of trunk delivered to the corner of Evans and St. Charles Borromee street, on Oct. 28th. Apply at 396 St. James st. 226x

WANTED TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT — A DETACHED OR semi-detached house, about twelve rooms, west of Durocher street, and east of Mackay street. Apply to Mrs. Wolferstan Thomas, 820 Sherbrooke st. 264x

WANTED — BY A LADY, A SUNNY ROOM, with board, in Westmount or mountain side. Box K 117, Herald. 272x

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

TEN DOLLARS INVESTED IN YOUR OWN home will give you employment the year round. Write Glasgow Woollen Company Toronto, Canada. tf

WANTED — TABLEMAID. APPLY HOTEL Carslake, 573 St. James street. 272x

WANTED — BRICKLAYERS; CITY WORK. Apply Room 308, N.Y. Life Building, between 12 and 1 p.m. 274x

WANTED — AT ONCE, 30 GIRLS IN UMbrella factory; experienced operators for Singer and Wilcox & Gibbs machines, and for hand sewing; steady engagement and good pay for best workers. Apply to The Standard Umbrella Mfg. Co., 6 Lemoine street. 275x

WANTED—20 LABORERS AT ONCE. FREE transportation, $1.50 per day. The English Canadian Employment Bureau, 437 St. James street. 276x

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT for a small family; no children; no washing. Apply, with references, to Mrs. Walter Grose, 4030 Dorchester st. 272x

WANTED — A NURSE FOR BOYS; MUST be a good disciplinarian. Apply at the Institution, 31 Berthelet st. 276x

WANTED — FIVE FIREMEN, WITH CERtificates; must be recommended. Apply No. 16 Bisson st. 276x

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT (FOR a small family; no washing. 4223 Dorchester st., near Greene ave. 276x

WANTED — OPERATORS ON LADIES' coats. We pay the best prices in the city. Apply to Mr. Simons, The Hamilton Company, St. Catherine and Peel sts. 273x

WANTED — 27 MEN FOR ENGLAND; FREE transportation each way and wages; 7 for London, 20 for Liverpool. The English Canadian Employment Bureau, 437 St. James street. 274x

WANTED — OPERATORS. EXPERIENCED girls can earn from 75c to $2.00 per day. Our instructors will teach girls wishing to learn. Please cut out this ad and bring it with you and apply at office. The Standard Shirt Co., Limited, 217 Delorimier ave. tf

WANTED—APPRENTICE, ABOUT 14 YEARS of age. Address K 116, Herald. 272x

WANTED — METAL SPINNER. APPLY, with references, to The Booth Copper Co., 123 Queen st. E., Toronto, Ont. 304x

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family; must be well recommended; good wage. Apply 1 Drummond st. 272x

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL ABOUT 14, TO assist with light housework. Apply after p.m., 431 Metcalfe Avenue, Westmount. 276x

MONEY TO LOAN.

Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

MONEY TO LOAN—$5 AND UPWARDS TO responsible parties on promissory notes and other securities. Strictly confidential. No deposit required. A. Fiset, 204 St. James Street. Room, 32. 272x

TRUST FUNDS TO INVEST IN MORTgages, current rates of interest. Doucet & Phillips, Notaries, Canada Life Chambers. x

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

WANTED—DRUG CLERK, WITH 2 OR 3 years experience. Apply Victoria Drug Hall, 669 Wellington Street. 270x

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, ONE STEAM shovel engineer and two crane's men. Apply James Ogilvie, Supt. Motive Power, Canada Atlantic Railway, Ottawa. tf

WANTED—AN OFFICE BOY—APPLY IN handwriting to P.O. Box 992 city. 275

WANTED—STAINED GLASS, LEAD GLAziers wanted, good wages. Robert McCausland, Limited, 86 Wellington St., Toronto. 277x

WANTED— AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED shirt operators. Stewart, Allan & Lemaistre, 228 St. James Street. 277x

WANTED—SPLENDID SITUATION OPEN for first class dressmaker in large store in Sydney, N.S., good inducements to right party. Apply K., 120, Herald Office. 278x

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT — SMALL family; no washing; sleep at home. 4160 Dorchester. 275

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED DOUBLE and single driver, for heavy cartage work; references required. Apply 115 St. Andre street. 275x

WANTED — BOYS TO ASSIST IN TRIMming; one with some knowledge of knife preferred. Apply at factory, E. A. Small & Co Latour st. 273x

WANTED — SEVERAL BRIGHT, NEAT boys, to work in a theatre in Montreal. Apply at 4d Plateau Flats, off Mance st. 273x

WANTED — AGENTS, IN EVERY CITY, town and village in Canada, to handle an easy selling article. From five to ten dollars a day can be made without any trouble. Address Box M 251, Herald. tf

WANTED—OPERATORS IN ALL DEPARTments. Good wages and steady work all the year round. We make overalls, pants, shirts, ladies' shirt waists and costumes, collars and cuffs. Apply at main office, The Standard Shirt Co., Limited, 159 to 215 Delorimier ave. x

WANTED—AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY town and village, to canvass for one of the best known papers in Canada. Liberal commissions will be paid to good agents. Address Box K 85, Herald Office. tf

WANTED — TEACHERS WANTING EMployment during holidays, can learn how to make five to ten dollars a day by writing to Box M 350, Herald. tf

WANTED — AT ONCE, GOOD CANVASSing agents for the city. Apply Herald Pub. Co., 603 Craig st. tf

WANTED—GIRLS TO LEARN OPERATING on rubber coats; constant employment; good wages. Apply B. Cohen, 32 Recollet street. 279x

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

WANTED — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, for cash, any quantity. Box K 110, Herald. 265x

WANTED TO PURCHASE — TEN DOLLARS reward will be paid at this office for the Montreal paper published in the year 1848, which contained a call from the Home Government for the heirs of S. S. Jennings, or Samuel Scanlan Jennings. 249x

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

WANTED — SITUATION BY JEWELLER, with five years' experience; best of references. Apply 19½ St. Philip st. 275x

WANTED—A GOOD SIDE LINE OF GOODS on commission for the Maritime Provinces or Quebec to Sydney. Specialty preferred. Five years' connection. Address K 112, Herald Office. 272x

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J. A. FINLAYSON (SUCCESSOR TO FINlayson & Grant), Customs Broker and Forwarder. Warehouseman. 413 and 417 St. Paul st., Montreal. Heated Storage, Bond or Free. Telephone Main 1303. P.O. Box 424.

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MACLENNAN, CLINE & MACLENNAN, Barristers, etc., Cornwall, Ont. D. B. Maclennan, K.C., C. H. Cline, F.J. Maclennan.

LEITCH, PRINGLE & CAMERON, BARristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc., Cornwall, Ont. Jas. Leitch, K.C., R. A. Pringle, J. A. C. Cameron, LL.B.

BUCHAN & ELLIOTT, ADVOCATES, ETC. Canada Life Building, 183 St. James st., Montreal.

STEPHENS, HUTCHINS & MARGOLESE, Advocates, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., Temple Building, St. James street, Montreal. C. H. Stephens, K.C.; Horace A. Hutchins, L. S. Margolesse. Telephone Main 1566. Cable address, "Stepins."

COOKE & MULLIN, ADVOCATES, NEW York Life Insurance Building, 11 Place d'Armes. J. P. Cooke, K.C., Crown Prosecutor; R. T. Mullin, B.C.L. Cable address, "Cookmull."

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., Richmond and Carling sts., London. Geo. C. Gibbons, K.C., Fred F. Harper.

GREENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS, Barristers, etc., 1724 Notre Dame st.

LEET & HARVEY, ADVOCATES, BARristers, etc., Third Floor, Temple Bldg., Montreal. Tel. Main 616. S. P. Leet, K.C., Alfred E. Harvey, B.C.L.

RESUMED PRACTICE.

Dr. E. R. Barton,

SURGEON-DENTIST,

Has resumed practice

2303 ST. CATHERINE ST.

Telephone Up 1295.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

P. ALEX. PETERSON,

M. INST. C.E., ETC., CONSULTING ENGINEER.

(Late Chief Engineer) of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, is prepared to act as Arbitrator in Legal Cases, and Consulting Engineer upon all Branches of Engineering.

216 Drummond Street, Montreal.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

WHY NOT HAVE AN EXPERT LOOK after your ads? We write booklets, folders, place bill-posting, in fact everything in the line of advertising. Address M. S. C., Herald Office, and a representative will call. tf

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY—CLEANING offices or buildings. 194½ St. George Street. 273

WANTED — BY AN ACCURATE AND VERY rapid stenographer and typewriter, a position as secretary, or in an office. Address S 77, Herald Office. 276x

TO LET.

Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

SHOP TO LET — RENT LOW. FOR SALE, tools and machinery, suitable for blacksmith or cycle. Apply 351 St. James st. 271x

STABLE TO RENT — STABLING FOR twenty horses, shed and loft, elevator for carriages; rear 93 Juror street; rent $25 per month. Apply Munderloh & Co., 61 St. Sulpice st. 271x

TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE, VERY elegantly furnished 12 roomed house, situated on St. Louis square, completely furnished, including kitchen utensils, bedding, china and silverware, fitted throughout with electric lighting and hot water heating; stable room for two horses and carriages; immediate possession until April 15th. Apply N. G. Valiquette, 1547 St. Catherine street. tf

ROOMS AND BOARD.

Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

ROOMS — TWO NICE, LARGE FURNISHED rooms, on bathroom flat, hot water and gas. Off Bleury, 19 St. Edward st. 270x

ROOMS — FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, single front room, on bathroom flat, well furnished. 35 Mackay st. 271x

ROOMS — SINGLE ROOM TO LET, ON bathroom floor, facing street; gentlemen only; references. 103 Stanley st. 276x

ROOMS — FURNISHED, LARGE DOUBLE rooms, steam heated; gentlemen preferred, or married couple. 54a Beaver Hall Hill. 276x

ROOM — TO LET, NICELY FURNISHED room, bathroom flat; every convenience; home comforts. Tel. Up 769. 109 Stanley street. x

ROOMS AND BOARD — LARGE FRONT room, suitable for two gentlemen or married couple; also single room, bathroom flat; every modern convenience; desirable locality and convenient; Auer light. 50 Berthelet st. tf

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—T. C. O'BRIEN HAS REMOVED to 421 St. Lawrence Main, second door above Sherbrooke st. Full line of American samples. 284x

PERSONAL — MADAME SEPTIMA, THE celebrated palmist, 2719 St. Catherine st. Patronized by the elite. Wonderfully true readings. Ladies 50c. Gentlemen $1. Hours 10 to 9. x

PERSONAL — PROF. CAMPBELL, THE world-renowned phrenologist and lecturer. "Wonderfully true readings." Lessons in magnetic healing. Fees very moderate. Parlors, 2719 St. Catherine st. x

PERSONAL — SCIENTIFIC PALMISTRY taught and hands delineated. 24 City Councillor. 282x

CANADIAN PACIFIC

MONTREAL TIME BILL.

Corrected to October 12th.

ST. JOHN, N.B., HALIFAX — Lv. †7.35 p.m. Ar. (x)8.35 a.m.

TORONTO, HAMILTON, CHICAGO—Lv. †9.30 a.m. *10 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., †7.15 p.m.

WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST—Lv. *8.40 a.m. Ar. *6.30 p.m.

S.S. MARIE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH—Lv. *10.05 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m.

OTTAWA—Lv. Place Viger †8.30 a.m., †5.45 p.m. Ar. †12.35 p.m., †10.30 p.m. Lv. Windsor St. †8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., $10.00 a.m., †4.00 p.m., *10.05 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m., †11.45 p.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., $9.45 p.m.

QUEBEC — Lv. †8.30 a.m., †2.00 p.m., $3.30 p.m., *11 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., †2.10 p.m., †6.20 p.m., $6.30 p.m.

BOSTON—Lv. †9.00 a.m., *7.45 p.m. Ar. *8.15 a.m., †9.15 p.m.

VAUDREUIL—Lv. †8.45 a.m., †9.30 a.m., *9.40 a.m., $10.00 a.m., (†)1.30 p.m., †4.00 p.m., †4.15 p.m., (a)5.15 p.m., *10.00 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., *8.40 a.m., †11.45 a.m., †12.15 p.m., *7.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., †7.15 p.m., $9.45 p.m.

SHERBROOKE—Lv. †8.30 a.m., †4.30 p.m., †7.25 p.m. Ar. (x)8.35 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †7.05 p.m.

JOLIETTE—Lv. †8.30 a.m., †5.10 p.m. Ar. †8.50 a.m., †6.20 p.m.

BERTHIER—Lv. †8.30 a.m., (†)2.00 p.m., †5.10 p.m. Ar. †2.10 p.m., †6.20 p.m.

ST. JEROME — Lv. †9.00 a.m., $9.15 a.m., (†)1.45 p.m., †5.30 p.m., (a)6.20 p.m. Ar. †8.30 a.m., †9.50 a.m., †7.05 p.m., $9.45 p.m.

STE. AGATHE — Lv. (m)9.00 a.m., $9.15 a.m., †5.30 p.m. Ar. †9.50 a.m., (m)7.05 p.m., $9.45 p.m.

LAPELLE—(n)9.00 a.m., $9.15 a.m., †5.30 p.m. Ar. †9.50 a.m., (n)7.05 p.m., $9.45 p.m.

*Daily. †Week days. §Sunday only. ‡Daily except Saturday. xDaily except Monday. (a) Daily except Saturday and Sunday. (†)Saturday only. (m)Tuesdays and Thursdays. (n) Thursdays only.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

IMPROVED OTTAWA SERVICE.

LV. WINDSOR STN., 8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., $10.00 a.m., 4.00 p.m., *10.05 p.m.

AR. OTTAWA, 11.45 a.m., *12.40 p.m., $1.30 p.m., 7.00 p.m., *1.40 a.m.

LV. PLACE VIGER, 8.20 a.m., 5.45 p.m.

*Daily, Sundays included. §Sundays only. Other trains week days only.

QUEBEC SERVICE From Place Viger †8.30 a.m., †2.00 p.m., $3.30 p.m., *11 p.m. †Week days. §Sundays only. *Daily.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass. Through Coach and Sleeping Car from Windsor St. 7.45 p.m. daily except Sunday.

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Elegant Cafe Service on above train.

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Shortest Line. Quickest Service

2 Day Trains, daily, except Sunday; each way.

1 Night Train daily, each way.

LVE. MONTREAL †7.15 a.m., †11.00 a.m., *7.35 p.m.

ARR. NEW YORK †6.30 p.m., †10 p.m., *7.20 a.m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

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Leaves Sundays at 12 noon. Passengers taking this train make close connection at Halifax with Allan Line Mail Steamers for Liverpool.

The Popular Route to the Tropics.

Pickford and Black Steamers sail from Halifax every other Monday morning for Bermuda, The Windward Islands, Barbados, Trinidad and Demerara.

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Trains leave Montreal at 7.40 a.m., 12.00 noon and 11.45 p.m. Returning, trains leave Levis at 12.10 p.m. and 4.20 p.m.

Improved Night Service

The Express leaving daily, except Sunday, at 11.45 p.m., with sleeper attached, arrives in Quebec at 7.05 a.m. Passengers can occupy this sleeper at 9.00 p.m., and remain in car until 8.00 a.m.

All Trains depart from Bonaventure Station.

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143 ST. JAMES STREET.

J. W. BRYSON, C.P.A., Montreal. H. A. PRICE, A.G.P.A., Montreal.

Rutland Railroad

WINDSOR STREET STATION.

Trains leave as follows:—

8.50 A.M.—DAY EXPRESS, arriving Burlington 11.50 a.m., Troy 4.25 p.m., Albany 4.40 p.m., New York 8.15 p.m., Boston 8.00 p.m.

7.10 P.M. — NIGHT EXPRESS, arriving New York 7.20 a.m., Boston 7.00 a.m., Worcester 6.28 a.m.

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor Cars on through trains.

Secure Pullman accommodation and tickets at 141 St. James St., or Windsor St. Station.

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Illegal Bottling.

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BREWERS AND MALTSTERS.

Will pay the above reward for evidence leading to the conviction of any person using their name, trade mark, or labels, without their authority.

HORSES!

FOR SALE, High Stepping Cobs, matched pairs, Carriage and Saddle Horses. Heavy Draught and General Purpose always on hand.

THE TELFER & CLIMIE CO.,

19 ST. MAURICE STREET.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Donaldson Line S.S. Marina, Captain Taylor, from Glasgow, is entered inward at the Customs. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay.

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., LIMITED, Agents.

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Into the Molasses Barrel. A FEW WORDS HERE ARE BETTER

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The only direct and regular steamship line between CANADA AND MANCHESTER.

It is proposed to despatch the steamers of this line on or about the undermentioned dates:

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Oct. 29...Manchester Importer ..... Nov. 15
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Accommodation for limited number of passengers.

*Fitted with cold storage.

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From Antwerp. Steamer. From Montreal
Oct. 21.....Indiana ..... Nov. 14

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.

MONTREAL AND HAMBURG.

From Hamburg. From Montreal.
Oct. 9.....Westphalia ..... Nov. 3
Oct. 23.....Teutonic ..... Nov. 15

HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN, N.B., TO MANCHESTER.

From Manchester. From St. John.
Nov. 10..*Manchester City ..... Dec. 3

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granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in Canada or Western States. For rates of freight and particulars, apply to any railway agent, or to

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ROYAL MAIL STEAMER LINES

Consisting of 120 Steamers, Aggregating 450,000 Tons.

BEAVER LINE

Montreal to Liverpool.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN ..... Nov. 13
LAKE ONTARIO ..... Nov. 20

WINTER SAILINGS.

From St. John, N.B., to Liverpool.

LAKE ERIE ..... Dec. 5
LAKE CHAMPLAIN ..... Dec. 11
LAKE ONTARIO ..... Jan. 2

From St. John, N.B., to Bristol.

LAKE MEGANTIC ..... Dec. 11
*MONTEREY ..... Dec. 26

*Carries First Class passengers only.

FIRST CABIN — Single, $45.00 and upwards; Round Trip, $85.50 and upwards.

SECOND CABIN — Single, $35.00 and upwards; Round Trip, $68.88 and upwards.

According to steamer, location and number of persons in room.

STEERAGE RATES—To Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast and Queenstown, $24.50 and $25.50, according to steamer.

For further particulars, apply to any agent of the line, or to

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,

6 ST. SACRAMENT STREET, MONTREAL.

Lake of the Woods Milling Co., Ltd

The Best Hard Wheat Flour in the World.

Mills at KEEWATIN, 4,500 brls. per day (the largest mill in the British Empire); PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE, 1,000 brls. per day.

Our flour has been exported to warm and cold countries and is FAR FAMED FOR ITS KEEPING QUALITIES. All grades of hard wheat flour sold in barrels and bags. Quotations and other information on application. Offices, First Floor C.P.R. Telegraph Building, Montreal.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS IN ALL COUNTRIES PROCURED FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.

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ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

24 Steamers, Aggregating 166,204 Tons.

NEW STEAMSHIPS.

Tunisian....10,570 tons. Twin Screws
Bavarian

Woman and Her Work.

A PRAYER.

Grant me but courage, Lord!
I ask not that Thou smooth the appointed path;
I ask not any joys the years afford,
I ask not even Thy averted wrath.

Let me but learn to smile—
Let me face lightly any blow that falls;
Bear bravely with my bondage all the while,
And hug my freedom within prison walls.

Thus when the end draws near,
With lifted head let me the potion quaff,
And so—as one who never learned to fear—
Pass on to meet Thy judgment with a laugh.

—Ellen Glasgow.

Pot-Pourri.

BRIDAL FASHIONS.

Silks, satins and moires are worn by brides, though the guests at the weddings hardly realize the fact, for they are completely hidden by soft gauzes, overlaid with lace. Classic bands of orange blossom often supercede the chaplet of old days; everything appertaining to a bride should be soft and gracious. The mothers of brides are beginning to adopt more or less of a livery, namely, a thick Irish or guipure overdress, with just a suspicion of gray or some color beneath. Every month these lace dresses gain in weight and importance. Lace is worn by everybody, and the wardrobe of no fashionable woman should be now without a Louis XIII. collar. They appear to go well with Henry IV. hats.

SUCCESS FOR SUFFRAGE.

In Great Britain women have all but parliamentary franchise, also in her colonies. Australia leads the Mother Country, having just conferred the full suffrage on its 800,000 women.

SERVICE PLATES FASHIONS.

The plate's the thing in china this season. The change in the style of serving, having hot vegetables and entrees served from small dishes, has relegated small vegetable dishes, sauce dishes and their like to the shelves, and made the possession of rare plates something to be desired.

The service plate, a gorgeous affair, which the guest finds at his place at the table, and which remains on until the first hot course and sometimes, if it be very beautiful, until the dessert, is a fad of the moment. The service plate is especially large, so that its decorated rim projects beyond the edge of the smaller plate, and it is flat, so that the second plate can rest securely thereon. A deep plate does not make a desirable service plate. Rich borders of gold on white Minton, Cauldon and Copeland, are most popular for these plates, though there are some plates with white centres and very gorgeous borders shown, one particularly pretty pattern being a border of green with fancy scallops and medallions of roses and tiny blue flowers. No harlequin sets are sold for service plates, but all are of the same pattern.

Having one's monogram, initial, coat-of-arms or crest on plates is becoming more and more popular.

Sometimes the monogram is very elaborate and carried out in the same design as the border of the plate, and sometimes it is severely plain on a white background. Mulberry color (a deep blue) on lavender is the most popular. The cost of having the copper plate made with initial or monogram is $15.50. After that is done one may secure china plates decorated for as low as $3.50 a dozen.

For the happy mortal who can take breakfast in bed or in her room there are trays fitted out with special sets of china, tea, coffee pots, sugar, cream, hot milk pitcher, cup and saucer, chop dish, egg cup, muffin dish, etc. These individual sets are now in use in well-kept hotels, and are also very popular as gifts to invalids.

Roll trays, made just the width of the Vienna roll, and long, are now in the china shops.—What to Eat.

GIVE HER A SHOWER PARTY.

The mania for parties which shall be remunerative in some degree is continually breaking out along new lines, suggested by modern ability to create plausible excuses for presenting gifts. And these parties are made so insidiously attractive and the real object is so cleverly hidden that you never give it a thought beyond your own desire to contribute your share.

After all, it is the gambling instinct in us, that little, sneaking desire for reward, however diminutive it may be, which adds zest to any amusement. If it is all on a small scale, quite innocent of any real greed, people are all the more ready to overlook this spirit.

One of the latest notions of this kind, and one of the most interesting for young men and women, is the shower party, which is so guileless and unselfish that the very name invests it with a new charm.

It is given entirely in the interest of the engaged girl by her friends, at the home of one of them, or it may be in the nature of a surprise party, if they choose to make it so. The fortunate young woman is not supposed to know any of the plans, and is an invited guest with the others.

All except herself are requested to bring presents, whose nature is stipulated in the invitation. There are showers, and showers, besides the traditional rainlike pitchforks, and it may be a china shower, a glass or a linen shower, a wooden shower or a kitchen shower—anything they agree upon—and all the gifts are classified under one head.

A point which helps to add no end of sport to the evening is that each article must be done up in some odd, grotesque kind of package, as unlike in shape and size the article inside as it is possible to make it. Then all sorts of advice, funny mottoes and appropriate messages are inscribed thereon, and the guests are invited to guess the contents.

The one who guesses the most gets a prize, and each one keeps a record of her own guesses.

One of the funniest bundles is a broom done up in a form about as suggestive of the real thing as an upright piano would be, and marked at the handle end, "For storm," and at the broom end, "For calm."

MEN, WOMEN AND HAPPENINGS

Mr. Justice Curran is in Hull.

Hon. T. C. Casgrain is in St. John, N. B.

Mr. D. J. Lewis is at the Chateau, Quebec.

Mrs. H. S. Holt gave a pleasant tea on Saturday.

Mrs. L. W. Stephens' dance is a pleasant event for the week.

Mr. John N. Morris has left for New York to attend the horse show.

Mr. George McDonald, of Winnipeg, is at the Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Curtis, Boston, are at the Albion.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Gordon, New York are at the Albion.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cabana, St. Hyacinthe, are at the St. James.

Rev. T. A. Champoux, Yamaska, is at the St. James.

Mrs. L. R. Hooper is visiting Miss Sparks in Ottawa.

Col. T. Carson returned yesterday from a two months' trip to England.

The engagement is announced of Miss Rachel Dawes to Mr. E. A. Scott.

Mrs. Herbert Redpath is receiving on Wednesday and Thursday of this week at 645 Sherbrooke Street.

Mr. B. J. Coughlin and Miss Coughlin, Prince of Wales Terrace, are in New York for the horse show.

Miss Ramsey, Peel Street, was the hostess at a pleasant luncheon last week, at which covers were laid for ten.

The tea by the Women's Branch of the Antiquarian Society is going on this afternoon in the Chateau de Ramezay.

Mr. Cuthbert Temple, of the Molsons Bank, Waterloo, Ont., will assume the managership of the Knowlton, Que., branch.

The marriage took place yesterday morning in St. Mary's Church, the Rev. Father Brady officiating, of Mr. William Warren to Miss Mary Walsh, daughter of Mr. Michael Walsh.

Miss Isa Monk, of Westmount, president of the Montreal Social League and the Central Young Women's Christian Association, left on Friday for Chicago, where she will sipend some months engaged in social settlement work, with which the name of Dr. Gramah Taylor is so intimately connected.

The wedding took place yesterday in Ottawa at St. Patrick's Church, of Dr. J. A. McCabe, to Miss Almira Sims. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a handsome gown of brown cloth, with panne velvet and golden brown applique, a brown picture hat, and mink furs. Her bridesmaid was Miss Ethel Sims, in green zibeline and black picture hat, and mink furs. Mr. Gerald Sims was best man. The bride and groom left after the reception for Montreal and New York.

The wedding took place on Saturday morning, at the Church of St. Louis de France, of Dr. C. A. Daigle, of St. Hubert Street, to Mlle. Josephine Desjardins, daughter of Dr. Edouard Desjardins, also of Montreal. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Desjardins, cousin of the bride. Dr. Desjardins gave away his daughter, who was gowned in a handsome blue cloth tailor-made with appliques of white silk, a gray ostrich feather boa and large black picture hat with plumes. M. Beauchemin was witness for the bridegroom. Dr. and Mrs. Daigle left at once for New York, and on their return will live on St. Hubert Street.

A charming tea was given yesterday by Mrs. G. F. C. Smith and the Misses Smith, Dorchester Street. The guest of honor was Mrs. T. J. Allsop, of Liverpool, England, who is making a short stay at the Windsor. Mrs. Smith, who was handsomely gowned in black satin trimmed with jetted passementerie, was assisted in receiving by her daughter, Mrs. Archibald Howell, who wore a dainty light gown, and by Miss Bree Smith, who wore a smart white voile trimmed with lace. The tea table, which was set in the dining room, was beautifully decorated with yellow chrysanthemums in silver vases, while yellow chiffon was daintily draped on the table. A number of young ladies attended to the wants of the guests, among them being the Misses Tyre, Miss Violet Desbarats, Miss Mabel Pangman, the Misses Henderson and others. Among those invited were Lady Taft, Mrs. Edward Rawlings, the Misses Rawlings, Mr. John W. Stirling, Miss Clive Bayne, Mrs. Alexander M. Crombie, Mrs. Edwin Gough, Mrs. Lansing Lewis, Mrs. Thomas Bacon, Mrs. A. D. Durnford, Mrs. W. de M. Marler, Mrs. Black, Miss Black, Mrs. Jas. H. Pangman, Miss Pangman, Mrs. Alexander Johnstone, the Misses Johnstone, Mrs. George E. Molson, Miss Eva Molson, Mrs. A. F. Bury Austin, Mr. Tatley, Mrs. R. A. Baldwin Hart, Mrs. Lovell Spackman, the Misses Henderson, the Misses Marler, Mrs. A. Mackenzie Forbes, the Misses Forbes, Mrs. Edward Carmen, Mrs. Thomas How, Mrs. Herbert McKeon and many others.

Mrs. Charles E. Moyse, Sherbrooke Street, was the hostess yesterday afternoon at a very large and fashionable tea. Mrs. Moyse, who was modishly gowned in a black satin skirt and a bodice handsomely trimmed with net and silver sequins, received at the entrance to the drawing room. The handsome house was tastefully decorated with palms and flowers, chrysanthemums and pink carnations predominating. An orchestra stationed in the hall behind a bank of palms played popular selections during the afternoon, and added much to the enjoyment of the guests. The refreshment table was set in the dining room and was presided over by Mrs. Robert Mackay and Mrs. Flux. The table decorations were exceedingly handsome. A large red shade was suspended from the ceiling to the centre of the table, under which was a silver bowl filled with chrysanthemums, while other vases filled with the same favorite flowers were placed at intervals on the table. A number of ladies attended to the wants of the many guests, among them being Miss Anna Mackay, Mrs. Walton, Mrs. C. Ernest Gault and others. Among those who received invitations were Lady Hickson, the Misses Hickson, Lady Van Horne, Miss Van Horne, Miss Adeline Van Horne, Mrs. D. C. MacCallum, the Misses MacCallum, the Misses Roddick, Mrs. Wurtele, Miss E. Fower O'Brien, Mrs. Lansing Lewis, Mrs. W. de M. Marler, Mrs. Clark Murray, the Misses Clark Murray, Mrs. Robert Savage, the Misses Lambe, Mrs. Wallace Watson, Mrs. James Mitchell, the Misses Mitchell, Mrs. Frederick Fairbanks, Mrs. Clarence Mitchell, Mrs. J. Murray Smith, the Misses Murray Smith, Mrs. Walton, the Misses Macfarlane, Mrs. Frank D. Adams, Mrs. Black, Miss Black, Mrs. John G. Grant, Miss Jennie Grant, Mrs. Frank Scott, Mrs. R. T. Godfrey, Miss Godfrey, Mrs. Frank Mathewson, Mrs. R. Stanley Bagg, Miss Evelyn Bagg, Mrs. John Thomas Molson, the Misses Molson, Mrs. A. Davidson Parker, Miss Helen Parker, Mrs. Walter R. Wonham, the Misses Wonham, Mrs. Charles F. Wylde, Miss Amy Budden, the Misses Budden, Mrs. John Beattie, Mrs. Samuel Greenshields, Miss May Cassils (Ottawa), Mrs. Donald MacMaster, Mrs. Fraser (Lancaster), Miss Christie, Mrs. Flux, Mrs. Leigh R. Gregor, Mrs. D. P. Penhallow, Mrs. Huntly Drummond, Mrs. John Dunlop, the Misses Dunlop, Mrs. Hugh Wonham, Mrs. Samuel Finley, Mrs. Augustus J. Ferguson, Mrs. William C. Finley, Mrs. Frederick S. Finley, Mrs. King, Mrs. Smith, Miss Smith, Mrs. Robert A. Lindsay Mrs. D. A. Shirres, Miss Ada Lindsay, the Misses Marler, Mrs. Lansing Lewis and many others.

Mr. Barrett Dewar, who has been spending a few days in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lansing Lewis, Ontario Avenue, has returned to his home in Ottawa.

AT THE HOTELS

At the Place Viger Hotel: Mrs. Chas. Austin Bryan, New York; Mrs. W. B. Empey, Ottawa; J. H. Newton, Kingston; A. Shearer, Montreal; D. Stuart, A. Rhodes, Quebec; P. Valliere, Quebec; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Rogers, Au-Sable-Works, N. Y.; J. M. Lotta, jr., Boston; Chas. Biemans, Antwerp; L. E. Panneton, L. E. Belanger, Sherbrooke; Frank Daleny, Toronto.

At the Hall—Thos. Campbell, Morrisburg; R. Weddell, Trenton; D. R. McDonald, Wm. Tower, Rev. J. P. Lewis, Toronto; Alex. Matheson, Nepigon; J. A. Dickson, New York; E. Reynolds, Quebec; E. C. Stanley, New York; Dr. S. J. McNally, Campbell's Bay.

At the Windsor—P. A. McCallum, Toronto; E. A. Wyld, Portland, Me.; F. J. Weber, Buffalo; J. A. McItae, Niagara Falls; J. M. Lefevre, Vancouver; N. Kinsman, jr., Boston; F. P. Parker, Boston; R. J. Woods, Vancouver; A. S. Hunt, Halifax; S. Anglin, Kingston.

At the Queen's—C. Cooke, Moncton; Rev. P. M. O'Leary, Quebec; G. H. Drew, Chicago; A. Panerleau, Ste. Marie, Beauce; J. C. Chapais, St. Denis; J. A. Begin, Windsor Mills; T. G. Mitchell, Vancouver; J. M. Washburn, Boston; H. R. Cowan, Ottawa; B. McRory, Port Henry; R. Miquelon, Sherbrooke.

At the Place Viger Hotel—G. V Hamel, St. Marie, Beauce; J. Blanchet, Quebec; E. T. Huller, New York; Geo. Tanguay, J. G. Scott, Quebec; Herbert G. Smith, London; A. L. Dunbar, Brockton, Mass.; Jos. Rosenberg, Philadelphia; Edward Roberts, New York; Roland Smith, London; J. A. Luke, Quebec.

At Hotel Carslake—E. Thomson, Toronto; Dr. J. F. McKee, Indianapolis; Dr. J. A. McClintock, Toronto; J. M. Cromwell, Ottawa; W. E. Greene, London; W. Jewett, C. B. Bradford, Carson City; W. W. Tallis, Shawinigan Falls; T. E. Vanstone, Owen Sound, E. Gulliet and wife, Marrieville; F. Baker, G. P. Brophy, A. Fraser, Ottawa; M. A. Woodford, London; W. C. Hill, St. Hubert; L. D. Lunn, Waterloo; B. Turner, Brockville; H. H. Martin, Lindsay; E. H. McArthur, Winnipeg.

HOSPITAL BAZAAR OPENS SATURDAY

There will be a grand bazaar in aid of the Montreal Homeopathic Hospital on Saturday next, November 22nd, from two till ten o'clock, in Windsor Hall.

There will be an orchestra under the direction of Professor Hume and his pupils, and many attractions are promised.

The president of the Women's Auxiliary to the Hospital Board, under whose auspices the bazaar is given, is Mrs. J. T. Hagar; 1st vice-president, Mrs. Von Rappard; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. J. A. Sheffield; 3rd vice-president, Miss Moodie; recording secretary, Miss M. E. Baylis; corresponding secretary, Mrs. J. A. Sheffield; treasurer, Mrs. W. Sutherland Taylor.

The apron table in red, white and blue, will be in the hands of Mrs. Woodley, Mrs. Baker, Miss Moodie and Miss Hall.

Doll table, decorated with flags: Mrs. A. D. Patton, Mrs. W. Rodden, Mrs. James Baylis.

Home-made table, in yellow and white, Mrs. A. R. Griffiths, Mrs. Holland, Miss M. Robertson.

Junior fancy-work table, decorated in Japanese effect: Mrs. Watson, Miss Mildred Hagar and others.

Candy table, in pink and white: Mrs. W. Dorsett Birchall, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. J. A. Sheffield.

Home-made cake, etc., in white: Mrs C. Scarff, Miss McDunnough.

Fancy work table, in red and white: Mrs. W. Morgan, Miss Ames.

The lemonade stand will be in charge of Miss Winifred Hagar.

Cushion and bag table: Mrs. E. J. O'Connor and Miss Haensgen, Miss Baylis and Miss Bannister.

Variety table, in blue and white, in charge of the hospital nurses in uniform.

The fishpond will be in charge of Miss Irene Von Rappard and Miss McDunnough.

The refreshment room, where high tea will be served will be decorated in white and green, and will be under the care of Miss Hodden, Miss Bancroft, Mrs. Allan Binks and a number of young ladies.

At all the booths a number of young girls will assist the ladies in charge.

LADY MINTO WILL ATTEND SALE

Her Excellency Lady Minto has signified her intention of attending the industrial rooms sale, which opens tomorrow at 57 Metcalfe street, and lasts for two days. Lady Minto will open the sale quite informally. Her Excellency will probably be received by Mrs. A. S. Ewing, Mrs. R. C. Jamieson and Mrs. John Turnbull, and will be presented with a bouquet of flowers.

The sale will be open both to-morrow and on Thursday all day.

At the stock table will be Mrs. Ewing, Mrs. R. C. Jamieson, Mrs. Markland Molson and Miss J. J. Macfarlane, Mrs. Reilie, Mrs. Walter Jamieson, Mrs. Fairie, Mrs. W. Gardner, Mrs. W. A. C. Hamilton, Mrs. Frank Caverhill, Mrs. J. R. Smith, Mrs. Linton, Mrs. Larmonth, Miss Reid, Miss Linton, Miss Dora MacDougall, the Misses McCombe, Miss Van Horne.

Candy table: Miss S. Smith, Mrs. Lacey, Mrs. Morrisey and others.

Tea room: Mrs. John Turnbull, Miss Angus, Miss Hickson, Mrs. F. W. Taylor, Mrs. MacTier, the Misses Stephen, the Misses Clouston, the Misses Burnett, Miss Eadie, Miss Mackay, Miss Annie Ewan, Miss Bond, Miss MacDougall.

Miss S. Macfarlane is the sale treasurer.

The officers and members of the committee are Patroness, the Countess of Minto; president, Mrs. A. S. Ewing; secretary, Miss M. McArthur; treasurer, Miss Mabel Hickson; vice-presidents, Mrs. R. C. Jamieson, Mrs. Rielle, Miss Turnbull. Committee, Mrs. Rielle, Mrs. Barclay, Mrs. Markland Molson, Mrs. J. H. Burland, Mrs. Fairie, Mrs. J. Edgar Hill, Mrs. W. N. Evans, Miss McDougall, Miss J. Macfarlane, Miss Margaret Angus, Miss A. Morrice.

VARIOUS VIEWS ON PHILANTHROPY

The social science department of the Women's Club held its first meeting for the season yesterday afternoon, and, incidentally, the first debate in the history of the club. Mrs. F. H. Waycott was in the chair, and the subject was "Resolved, That the philanthropy of the present day is more practical than theoretical." The leaders for the affirmative were Mrs. N. C. Smillie and Miss Nolan, who took the place of Miss Griffith, and for the negative, Miss Geraldine Fitzgerald and Mrs. H. Fortier.

A sympathetic resolution of condolence to Mrs. L. Enest Muir, convener of the musical committee was passed, and mention was made of the late Mr. Muir's never-tailing kindness towards the club.

The debate proved interesting, and though the philanthropy of Moderns vs. Ancients meant a triumph for the Moderns, the negative advanced some good arguments.

Mrs. Smillie led the debate with references to the general helpfulness shown in modern times, when a great misfortune in one part means the sympathy of the whole civilized world. The speaker went on to tell of the great changes and improvements in the last century alone. The establishment of special hospitals and especially the nursing of the sick in contagious diseases was a high form of philanthropy, and the better treatment of the imbecile, blind, deaf and dumb were results of a better understanding of philanthropy. There is more care taken to preserve human life than formerly. Ships must be seaworthy, buildings must be examined by inspectors, there must be fenders on cars, proper exits from theatres and churches, all of which, though taken as a matter of course, means that someone has thought of the public weal. Dumb animals are better cared for than formerly, child labor is looked after, the poor are better housed. To close it may be said that since the twentieth century began more money has been given to religious and charitable objects than at any other previous period.

Miss Fitzgerald, who led the Opposition, took the life of the ancient Greeks and Romans to prove that there was much practiced philanthropy in old times. As present civilization is the result of ages it were impossible to compare fairly ancient and modern methods. In old times poverty was respected instead of despised. The stranger was welcomed, housed and fed, both in public and private. The patron and client system was mentioned as a proof of the care of the poor. Miss Fitzgerald then went on to point out the defects of modern philanthropy, which was more mechanical and systematic than sympathetic.

Miss Nolan followed with mention of work on women and children, prisoners' aid societies, Red Cross societies, the international laws of war, and even such minor philanthropic works as brightening the lives of dwellers in backwoods by books and magazines. Mrs. Fortier closed the case for the negative by also pleading for more sympathy and less red tape. Mrs. Smillie then summed up cleverly.

The judges, Miss Eglauch, Mrs. Macnaughton and Mrs. R. G. Stokes, decided in favor of the affirmative, in which view the club coincided. There was some discussion at the close of the meeting.

MONTREAL SOCIAL LEAGUE MEETING

There will be a meeting of the Montreal Social League on the evening of the 27th at the residence of Mrs. Stuart, 703a Sherbrooke street. The subject will be "Boys' Club Work," and the speakers will be Mr. Dick, of the Boys' Home; a representative of the Y. M. C. A., and Rev. Mr. Manning, of the Dominion Methodist Church.

MISS CAMERON TO TALK ON BOOKS

Miss Cameron, B. A., will give a second talk on some of the works in the Y. W. C. A. library to-night, at 8.15 o'clock.

For the Cook.

Dainty Dishes With Apples.

Apples are large and cheap this season, and for this reason the home caterer should study to serve them in other ways than baked or in sauce. The variety of tart flavor with white interior look and taste well in solid quarters when served in a glass dish surrounded by a clear, jelled syrup, with peel and cores removed. They may be steamed and served whole in the same way. A little granulated gelatine added to the syrup in which the apples are cooked will, if used in proper proportions, jelly cold without the oversweetening caused by the sugar which would have to be used for this same result.

For six large apples, peeled, cored, and quartered, make a syrup with a cup each of sugar and water, to which is added the juice and a little of the yellow rind of a lemon; bring to the boiling point, skim and remove the rind. Now have a flat dish or pan broad-bottomed enough to allow the quarters to lie singly in the syrup. A new tin milk pan answers for this; but apples are as delicious cooked in this way, and with cooking utensils so cheap, it is well worth while to add an agate vessel of due broadness to the kitchen stock if without one. Ripe pears in halves should be cooked in this same way. When the pieces are tender remove carefully from the syrup into a flat glass dish, first tempered with hot water, then add a tablespoonful of granulated gelatine dissolved in a little cold water; stir and pour over the fruit, stand in a cool place, and, when cold, each piece of fruit may be dished out, surrounded by a jelly of just the right solidity.

An Easy Way of Maxing Cream Puffs.

Amateur cooks who are afraid of attempting the really simple batter for puffs are advised to try the following. The result, if the oven is right, will speak for itself, and is much nicer, as well as more wholesome, to use with cut-up peaches or other ripe fruit than sweet cake: Put half a pint of boiling water in the double boiler or granite saucepan; stir into this half a teaspoonful of salt and half a cupful of butter. When at boiling point beat in gradually a cupful and a half of sifted flour; when smooth set aside to cool; then beat in five eggs, one at a time. Drop this batter from the wooden spoon on to a buttered pan in long shape, allowing a small spoonful for each, as they should puff up to double size in baking. When cold cut off the top and fill with fruit and whipped cream. For a delightful change bake this in a buttered pudding dish or cake pan and serve in slices. This makes a pretty dessert or tea cake, and is much less trouble than the individual puffs.

Bread Muffins.

Pour one pint of milk over one pint of stale bread crumbs; let soak half an hour; beat the yolks of two eggs; add them to the bread and milk; then add two tablespoonfuls of melted butter and one teaspoon of salt and mix all well together; then add one and one one-half cupfuls of sifted flour and beat until smooth; then add carefully the whites of the eggs, well beaten, and four level teaspoonfuls of baking powder; fill greased gem pans two-thirds full and bake in a quick oven half an hour.

Cream Chocolate Pudding.

Put two ounces of chocolate in a saucepan and stand it over hot water to melt, stir until smooth; put one pint of milk in the double boiler, rub four level tablespoonfuls of corn starch in a little cold milk or water, then add it to the boiling milk, stir until smooth and thickened; beat the whites of three eggs stiff; add half a cup of sugar to the milk and heat all over the fire; remove from the fire, add one teaspoonful of vanilla; take one-third the mixture, add the chocolate to it and mix well; dip a plain pudding mould in cold water; put in it half the remaining white over that, stand in a cold place to stiffen; serve with a boiled custard poured around it.

Graham Gems With Dates.

Beat the yolks of two eggs; add one pint of milk to them; then add three cupfuls of sifted Graham flour, one cupful of boiled rice, one teaspoon of salt and two tablespoonfuls of melted butter; beat well, then add half a cup of chopped dates, four level teaspoonfuls of baking powder and the whites of the eggs, beaten stiff; mix carefully; fill buttered gem pans two-thirds full and bake in a quick oven half an hour.

HENRY BIRKS & SONS

MAKERS OF RICH CUT GLASS

MONTREAL.

A NEW CUT GLASS BOWL FOR FIVE DOLLARS.

One of our New Catalogue Pieces in Cut Glass is No. 12335, a Whipped Cream or Jelly Bowl, 8 inches diameter, shallow and handsomely cut.

This piece is a companion piece to our No. 12305, 8 inch deep Berry Bowl at $6.00. Both the same rich design, and although sold separately, they go together to make a very handsome two-piece set.

We guarantee to send them safely to all parts of Canada east of Winnipeg, upon receipt of price.

A Pretty Home

Has untold influence. The place where the most of our lives is past should be as pretty as it is possible to make it. First, look to the furniture. You might as well try to build a house without a foundation as to make a pretty room with fourth-class furniture. There's everything you want right here in this store, come in, and we'll help you find it.

Renaud, King & Patterson,

The Home Furnishers, 652 CRAIG STREET.

LACE HOUSE.

New Flannelette Nightgowns, in White and Colors, nice Trimmings. Prices from 50c to $2.00 each.

New Corsets, full lines. Prices from $1.00 to $5.00 per pair.

E. M. SKIDDY,

2431 St. Catherine Street

"Is Gervis', Your Photographer?"

If not, he should be. Our pictures are noted for their high art value combined with exquisite finish and very latest styles. Our prices vary from $1.50 to $15.00, and in each case are astounding value.

CECIL GERVIS,

Corner of St. Catherine and Metcalfe Streets, above Walter Paul.

Hello, Central! Give me Main 2487, Empire Tea Company. We are quite out of Tea, and we cannot use any other kind. Yes, one pound of 30c Tea, please.

Empire Tea Co.,

327 Bourgeois Street.

For Love of a Lady.

BY ALICE MAUD MEADOWS.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

The tale opens with the meeting in Hyde Park of Jasper Warne and his wife Carline, whom he had deserted. Warne promises to meet the woman again, and bring what money he can spare. The scene then changes to the bachelor chambers of Philip Gilchrist, Jasper's cousin, and the reader learns that Philip had once been in love with a girl named Carline, but that she had deceived him, and that he is now passionately attached to Leslie Bell, a charming young orphan, who has just, by a decision of the Courts, become mistress of a great fortune. The deferred meeting between Jasper Warne and his wife takes place, and the woman is not so easily bought off as Jasper imagined she would be. To avoid a quarrel in the street he takes her to a house in which both Philip and himself have chambers. Finding that he had accidentally taken Philip's key, he brings his wife to his cousin's rooms instead of his own. About this time a money-lender's assistant, coming to see Jasper to press for payment of a loan, enters Jasper's rooms and finds them empty. While there he hears footsteps in the passage, and his sweetheart, Rachel, who had accompanied him, and whom he had left in a cab outside, sees a man leave the house with a face "white as chalk."

CHAPTER VII.—Continued.

And, if Jasper had been observant, one look at the girl's face would have told him he had come too late, that Philip had prospered in his wooing, that the girl he would have given anything to win, was already won. But, curiously enough, since he first caught sight of her across the ballroom and made his way to her he had not looked at her. She nodded her head.

"You mean you have fallen in love?" she answered. "You are going to ask someone to be your wife? Oh, I hope she will say 'Yes.' I wonder if I know her?"

"Leslie!" he said, "Leslie!", and he caught her hand—it was such a blow to him that she evidently did not know whom it was she loved—"Leslie, you do know who it is I love. You must have known, everyone has seen it."

She shook her head.

"Then I must have been very blind. I don't know that I have thought of it at all, but if I had, I should have said that you were fancy free."

She left her hand in his because she sympathized with him, even though she did not think she was the woman.

"Fancy free!" he repeated; "and I love you! I love you, Leslie! Do you understand? I love you! Don't take away your hand. Let me keep it—always, Leslie. Don't say—don't say, for Heaven's sake—don't say you do not love me!"

She drew her hand very gently from his. A half-shocked look crossed her face. It seemed to her almost a wrong to Philip that another man should be saying "I love you!"

"I must say it, Jasper," she answered; "and you must not say another word about love to me. I am sorry, but I must not listen."

His expression changed, hardened. For the first time he lifted his eyes and looked at her.

"Must not listen?" he repeated, and into his voice there crept almost the tone of a bully. "Why must you not listen? I am fairly well off, I am free to marry, and I love you. Must not listen? You must—you shall!" He caught her hands in his, his eyes blazed into hers.

"Jasper! Jasper!"

She spoke very softly, very gently. He dropped her hands at once.

"Forgive me," he said, quite humbly. "You don't know what your refusal means to me. I want your love, I want you. Oh, Leslie, why must you not listen?"

"Because I do not love you, because I love someone else; because to-night I have promised to be another man's wife."

He looked round almost wildly. He turned deadly white, so pale that she thought he would have fainted. Then he sank into a seat.

"Another man's wife?" he repeated. "What other man?"

"Philip's."

He looked at her a moment, and the blood flushed back to his face in a crimson flood. Then he laughed a hard, cruel laugh.

"Philip's!" he repeated. "Philip's! Why you can't know——"

He pulled himself up, his expression that was always changing, changed again.

"I beg your pardon," he said. "I was mad. If I must give you up to another man there is no man I would so soon resign you to as Philip. Since the happiness—the great and glorious happiness of having you for a wife—is not to be mine, I am glad, yes, glad, it is to be my friend's. Let me forget myself and the blow I have suffered. Let me congratulate you, Leslie."

He stood up suddenly, he drew himself to his full height, he flung back his shoulders, he looked much more like a conqueror than like one who had given up all he wished to claim to make his own. "I love you!" he went on; "but"—he paused one moment—"I love you with no selfish love, Leslie. If you do not love me you could not be happy with me. If you love Philip he alone can make your life what every woman's life should be, not a dream, but an ecstasy of love; and because you are so dear to me I want you to be happy; so be happy, dearest—with Philip."

He stooped, suddenly and kissed her upon her white brow, and she did not resist it. The tears came into her eyes; she was so sorry for him.

"I wish I were twins," she said quaintly. "With all my heart and soul I wish there were two of me, I so hate to give anyone pain, but you will be my friend, will you not, and not hate me because of this?"

He took her little hand again; a mad passion of love and longing swept over him. If he had let himself go, he would have taken her in his arms and smothered her with kisses, but he had himself well in hand. Hard battle as it was to fight, he fought it; he conquered himself now, because in the future he believed he would conquer fate, and her.

"Hate you!" he repeated. "Do I not love you, and do I not love Philip? You cannot understand that, perhaps. Women so seldom love women, but since the days of David and Jonathan men have loved men, and I love the man who has won what I would have given my soul to win; and in time I hope I shall be able to contemplate his happiness calmly. Poor Philip! He, perhaps more than I, should have happiness come to him now, because he has suffered in the past. He has told you, of course?"

A little of the color left her cheeks, but she answered quietly, and the answer made Jasper start.

"Yes, he has told me. Do you—do you think he has suffered so very much?"

There was a tone of anxiety, though no note of jealousy, in her voice. Jasper, however, could not tell the difference.

"There is no love like a man's first love," he answered; "and Carline—that was the girl's name, I believe?—was the first woman to whom Philip gave his heart. How he used to rave about her! I cannot understand how it was he tired. Some men, I suppose, cannot help tiring when they have won all. It is their misfortune, not their fault."

She opened her eyes very wide, her lips trembled a little. It was hard to hear that Philip had loved so dearly, put her faith in him, and in his affection for her now, was absolute.

"You are mistaken," she said, a little proudly, "respecting Philip, and his love for that other woman. He did not tire. This Carline met another man, and her wayward affection strayed. Philip would have been true always."

Jasper lifted his eyebrows.

"Is that so?" he said, doubtfully. "I had heard differently. Anyway, Miss Bell, believe that I am always your friend and Philip's."

CHAPTER VIII.

Towards the end of the evening the rumor of the engagement got about. Mrs. Strangeways had been told by the young couple, and there was no need that they should keep it a secret. Congratulations, at first only hinted at lest the rumor should be a mistake, were now fully and freely proffered.

Mrs. Woburn stopped the young couple as they waltzed round the room.

"I can see from your face it is true," she said, "and with all my heart I wish you every happiness; but"—she turned to Leslie—"are you, not exactly putting all your eggs into one basket, but trying to crowd all good luck into one, twenty-four hours? To be made an heiress, and to become an engaged girl within so short a time! Isn't it rather tempting fate?'"

"How?" Leslie asked, and she looked so proud, so bright and happy that it almost seemed sorrow never could touch her.

"Well, fate is surely a woman," Mrs. Woburn returned. "She must be, she would not be so wayward if she were not. She would not distribute her favors with so little discrimination. Women are supposed to be jealous of one another. It seems to me one might well be jealous of you."

"Because I am to be Philip's wife?"

"Because all good things—all that you wish for come to you. I confess, Leslie, I never like to see anyone lifting a cup to their lips which seems to have in it not one bitter drop. I have often seen it dashed away before the precious draught is taken. I'm an old croker; I know, but try, try not to be too happy."

Leslie looked up at her lover, and the beautiful eyes were brim full of love.

(To be continued).

Save the Babies

From the Torture of Indigestion and give them Health by using

PEPTONINE

Nature's own product; just the thing for nourishing Weak Babies and keeping strong ones well and happy.

Peptonine is sold by all leading druggists and grocers. Wholesale by the maker.

F. COURSOL, 328 City Hall Ave.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

CURES RHEUMATISM.

The Only Medicine That Prevents a Return of the Terrible Disease.

Rheumatism, which does its terrible work in the muscles, joints and tissues, is caused by uric acid which gathers in the blood. To get rid of this poisonous acid which produces the irritations, pains, agonies, inflammations and swellings peculiar to rheumatism, Paines' Celery Compound should be used without delay. No other medicine gives such prompt, cheering and happy results. It is the only medicine that prevents a return of the dreaded disease. Paine's Celery Compound braces the nerves, the blood is cleared of all irritating poisons, tissue and muscle are built up and the digestive organs perfectly toned. Do not treat with indifference the slightest symptoms; early use of Paine's Celery Compound will prevent weeks and months of suffering. Mr. G. J. McDonald, Cornwall, Ont., writes as follows:

"For three years I suffered terribly from rheumatism. It seemed to me that I was forced to endure all the agonies and pains that a mortal could possibly experience from the disease. While suffering, I tried many of the advertised medicines, also doctors' prescriptions, but never found a cure until I procured a supply of Paine's Celery Compound. It worked like a charm, and seemed to strike at the very root of my trouble. I am now cured; all pains are banished, and in every respect I am a new man."

MONTREAL'S ART PRINTERS — HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

NERVOUS HEADACHE

The Cause of Much Suffering to Women is Permanently Cured When the System is Built Up By

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Headache powders relieve headaches, but they have never cured them, and they are not intended to make a lasting cure. Besides the risk run in using a drug that is strong enough to instantly stop pain, you may be sure that the reaction on the nervous system is most trying and injurious.

Mrs. Clancy, whose letter is quoted below, was subject to headache for nineteen years, and in spite of all the headache remedies she used, could get no lasting benefit. She suffered so severely when the attacks would come on that she could not go about the house. She has restored her nervous system by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and her headaches have entirely disappeared.

Mrs. M. Richard, 174 Nagnoratt Street, Montreal, Que., states: "I suffered a great deal with neuralgic pains in my head and headaches caused from indigestion. I was also quite nervous and troubled with weakness and pain in the back. I can now say that use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has made me feel all right again. By building up and invigorating the system has strengthened my nerves, made my digestion good and entirely freed me of pains in the head and back. I can strongly recommend Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, knowing it to be an excellent medicine."

To the thousands of women who are victims of nervous headache this letter should prove of inestimable value. If they will but follow the advice of Mrs. Clancy they can be certain of great and lasting benefit.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

ROYAL CHILDREN WORK FOR POOR

Little Princess Victoria of Wales and Her Hard-worked "Comforters" at Guild-hall.

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

London, Nov. 18.—The interest which the Royal family takes in all charitable undertakings shows itself constantly. It was particularly manifested at the show of the London Needlework Guild, where warm clothing, collected for the poor in London, was on exhibition.

The children of the Prince and Princess of Wales were liberal contributors, and an entire table was covered with the gifts of the youthful Princess Victoria of Wales and her brothers. The little lady had knitted several pairs of muffatees in pink wool. Here and there were traces of a stitch or two dropped and recovered with conscientious painstaking. One can imagine the chubby fingers wielding the needles and suddenly dropping the whole thing when some event of great nursery importance occurred.

PRINCES MADE COMFORTERS.

Prince Edward and Prince Henry had crocheted comforters. All three had bought warm things for children out of their pocket money. Their father, the Prince of Wales, had contributed 600 articles. The King sent fifty-nine. The Princess of Wales' number amounted to more than 13,000.

The same little princes at the present moment, quite without their knowledge, of course, stand in the way of the consummation of the King's proposal to transfer Osborne House and its grounds to the Isle of Wight to the nation as a convalescent home for consumptives.

ENTAILED TO HEIRS.

It appears that Queen Victoria left the house and land as private property in strict entail to the sovereign and his heirs. The Prince of Wales has, of course, given his assent to the King's generous desires, but under the Queen's will his sons have rights which should be considered. The point will, it is expected, be raised in the House of Commons.



You drink your Own Heatlh

when you drink Abbey's Salt. Extracted from the juice of pure fruits, it is both a giver and preserver of health.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

is recommended by physicians because it purifies the blood, cleanses the stomach, invigorates the liver and gently regulates the bowels. It keeps the head clear, the eyes bright and the complexion good.

Insist on "Abbey's."

GRAVE ROBBING IN INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 18.—Grave robbing in Indianapolis has been practised for many years, to the certain knowledge of the authorities, and there has not been a year in the last two decades that the dead have not been recovered from medical colleges, but it remained for the last few weeks to bring to light all the details of systematic grave robbing, which has no precedent in the United States, for it is certain that hundreds of graves have been robbed of their dead in the last year, and that the bodies known to have been stolen are but a tithe of the total number.

A negro member of the gang of ghouls has made a complete confession, and implicated nine other colored men. Dr. Alexander and Dr. Wright. Both of the physicians were arrested, and the negroes were found skulking at different places and were soon in confinement.

Cantrel said that Dr. Alexander kept a watch over the death returns at the City Board of Health and notified him. He received $30 for every body, and had made $420 since July, and the other members of the gang had made as much as he. He did not know just how many graves had been robbed, but he said that he and seven others had been in the business for two years.

One incident suffices to show how far below all moral sense these men had fallen. Samuel Wood was a member of the ghoulish gang during his life. One night, as they were taking a body out of a grave at the Mount Jackson Cemetery, they were fired upon by the watchman. The ghouls scampered to their wagon, but Wood fell and struck his head violently against a tombstone, fracturing the skull. He died a week later at the City Hospital, and the night after he was buried Cantrel and his gang stole the body and sold it to the Central College of Physicians and Surgeons for $30. Cantrel laughs over this as a good joke on Wood, and says that he had an eye on him from the time they took him to the hospital till he died.

The persons under arrest number seventeen, and include Dr. Joseph C. Alexander, demonstrator of anatomy at the Central College of Physicians and Surgeons; Dr. J. C. Wilson, interne at the same college; George Haymaker, custodian at the college; Dr. Frank M. Wright, demonstrator of anatomy at the Indiana Eclectic College; Harry Speers, owner of Mount Jackson Cemetery; Cornelius Jones and Adam Ault, watchmen at the cemetery, and C. M. Wilkis, undertaker. The entire medical profession of the city and State is rallying to the defence of Drs. Alexander, Wilson and Wright, and every possible pressure is being brought to bear to dull the edge of the prosecution. This would be more potent in Alexander's case, were it not believed that he has gone to greater lengths than any other demonstrator of anatomy here, for it is not thought possible that the colleges could use all the stolen bodies.

Many suits for damages against the Central College of Physicians and Surgeons are being contemplated, and one has already been filed asking for $10,000. This suit was brought by Mrs. Wallace Johnson on behalf of herself and minor children. Colonel Russell Harrison, son of the former President, is her attorney. He is now engaged in drawing up other civil suits against the same institution. Though the excitement is still at fever heat and hundreds of persons who have buried relatives in the country cemeteries are uneasy, it is hardly probable that any more graves will be opened. Those who are suspicious fear to have their fears confirmed, and the total number of bodies stolen will never be known. That it reaches into the hundreds, though, is believed by the police, and Cantrel says that more than three hundred have been delivered to the colleges here in the last two years.

ONTARIO NOTES

Strathroy is to have a new rink.

Flesherton will soon be lighted by electricity.

The married ladies of Tilsonburg have organized a travel club.

Berlin has now five policemen, three having been added to the force.

Ex-Mayor Silver may again seek to be civic magistrate of Collingwood.

The cash receipts of the Berlin waterworks for October amounted to $2,609.

W. J. Renwick has been made accountant of the Traders Bank at Windsor.

Postmaster Gibson, of Ingersoll, cut his hand severely while trimming a tree.

Dr. J. A. Robertson, of Stratford, has been elected to the Ontario Medical Council.

Rev. Thomas Vooden, a Methodist minister, of Woodstock, has resigned to become a Dowieite.

Two deserters from Kingston were captured near Trenton. They will be tried by court-martial.

Mr. E. D. Farmer, accountant of the Bank of Commerce at Cayuga, has been moved to Dauphin, Man.

The Great Northern Exhibition at Collingwood, ended with a surplus of over one hundred dollars.

The steamer Corsican arrived at Belleville minus a portion of her deck, due to the heavy seas on the lake.

Strathroy citizens will vote on the question of purchasing the water-works and electric light systems.

Customs receipts at Collingwood have doubled. In October they were $2,269 ahead of that month last year.

Damage to the extent of $1,500 resulted from a fire in the warehouse of the Belleville Hardware Company.

Dr. Stuart, of Milton, has been elected to the Medical Council for the counties of Peel, Halton and Wentworth.

Rev. Wm. Gerrie, a native of Garafraxa township, has received a call to the "Open Door" Congregational Church, Minneapolis.

Walter Follet, of Niagara, fainted while sitting in his waggon, and the horses ran away. He was so badly bruised and cut that he died from his injuries.

A hoist which was being loaded with machinery collapsed at Orillia, and Frank McPherson and Wm. Ritchie were injured and had a narrow escape from death.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Jones, of Richmond, celebrated their golden wedding.

The Granby Sanitary Supplies factory expect to commence operations in a few days.

The mason work on the bridge at Richmond has been completed, and the work has been passed by the Government inspector.

While Mr. George A. Colburn, of Magog, was eating his breakfast the other morning, a thief entered his bedroom by an open window and stole fifty dollars.

The village of Brompton Falls has risen to the dignity of a municipality, its first council being composed of E. W. Tobin, M.P.; J. P. Tobin, O. Lambert, J. A. Savoie, Arthur Desmarais, Z. Ponton and Felix Ponton.

LOWER PROVINCE NOTES.

Rev. D. M. Gillies has been inducted as pastor of St. Gillies Church, Sydney, C.B.

Henry Harrington, of Halifax, was struck by the Sydney flyer at Tracadie and instantly killed.

Engineer J. H. Hunter, of the I.C.R., has run engine No. 59 between Truro and Moncton for more than 20 years.

While toying with a loaded gun the weapon was discharged and Stanley Haley, of Truro, N.S., had several of his toes shattered.

Dr. Sinclair, inspector of prisons in Nova Scotia, declares that the Cape Breton county jail is practically a "Chamber of horrors," because of its antiquated and inadequate accommodation for those confined within its walls.

Since the first of the present month the shipment of coal from Louisburg, N.S., has been much larger than for the corresponding period in October. About 16,000 tons of washed slack were shipped to Boston; besides several carloads of round coal to various points. In all over 20,000 tons were shipped the first week of this month. As the total amount of coal shipped from here during the month of October was about 50,000 tons, the shipment of the present month was much in excess of that of last month.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

HOME LIFE OF TURKEY'S SULTAN

The adage that threatened men live long is nowhere better exemplified than in the case of Turkey, says an Eastern traveller. No power, no race, indeed, in the world, has been so persistently scolded and remonstrated with, and warned of impending punishment, as the Turks have been by the great nations of Europe.

The present Sultan—to go back no farther than the date of his accession—has ruled Turkey for twenty-six years. He came to the throne amid scenes of blood and violence. The first year of his reign was darkened by the most disastrous war for his empire that it has ever yet known, and the blotch of blood-stained episodes has been spread over the twenty-five years that have followed with lurid impartiality.

The Sultan has been consistently the best-abused man in Europe—nay, in the world. In all history there is no similar case of a great monarch being so repeated-threatened with the consequences of his acts by the greatest nations of the earth, still comfortably pursuing the tenor of his way with bland disregard of the warning.

It is probable that Sultan Abdul Hamid, who is without a doubt the most extraordinary figure in contemporary history, is not greatly impressed by these menaces. His Majesty is a very strange and complex character, a kaleidoscope of startling contrasts. He is personally as brave on occasion as any Turk of tradition, and yet he is so beset by the fear of assassination as to render the existence of those about him altogether intolerable.

A year or two ago, at a time when the air around Yildiz hummed with threats of assassination, the Sultan was walking in his garden when an unfortunate gardener engaged in neading out fuschias sprang to his feet at the master's approach. The Sultan, quicker than thought, shot him through the head with the revolver he always carries.

In August, 1896, when the streets of Constantinople ran with the blood of 7,000 slaughtered Armenians, the Sultan passed the day shooting pheasants in Yildiz Park, where bulletins were brought him of the progress of the massacre.

Yet in the following year, after the war with Greece, he presented every Greek prisoner of war, and there were many, with a new overcoat and a sovereign, and chartered vessels for their return to Athens, with special care for their conduct.

The huge mass of his dependents swear by him; the gladiators of his immense bodyguard, worship him. The traders and others who have dealings with the Palace are loud in their praise of his generosity and justice. There are no happier or better paid workpeople in the world than the 500 Greek girls in his carpet factory.

And yet he maintains in his pay no fewer than 8,000 spies, as well as a huge force of secret police, and there is a sinister enclosure in Yildiz grounds reputed to be the burial-place of a large number of "Young Turks," who, summoned to the Palace, have never again been seen.

A great lover of music, he invites the most famous European artists to visit him and has for years retained the services of a number of musicians of European celebrity, such as Mesdames Bernhart, Duse, etc., to delight his guests.

Very widely read, he can converse brilliantly on any topic, and, though he never speaks save through an interpreter, he is known to be proficient in several languages. Epidemic disease is his chief bugbear. He lives in constant terror of cholera, from which in his childhood a gypsy predicted his death.

A strange character, truly. And yet, although his treasury is bankrupt, and his revenue shows a yearly deficit of several millions; although all through the length and breadth of his dominions his subjects are groaning under his terrible misrule; although his capital and every big town are terrorized by such a hideous system of espionage and consequently blackmail as has never yet been known; although his army is in rags and its pay many months in arrears, and his navy a farcical collection of obsolete hulks without engines, and whose guns could not be fired, such is the personal magnetism of the man, and such is the power of Mosaic belief in the sacredness of his person, that he would have but to raise his hand to gather to his standard every adult of the faithful.

Within a month he could, if need be, place a million and a half men in the field. They would be ill-clad, but well armed; they would suffer considerably from hunger, and from disease, but they would not lack ammunition, and they would bring with them to the battle ground that spirit of bravery and determination which goes with fanaticism, and an obstinate power of physical resistance such as could be shown by no other troops in the world, but which in the Turks is the outcome of their intense love for their threatened fatherland, and their blind devotion to him they call master.

Be the assailants whom they may, they will find in the inevitable final struggle with Turkey a task as compared with which that undertaken by the Russians in 1878 was almost child's play.

CAYUGA, Ont.—James Mitchell, local registrar of the High Court of Justice, is dead. He was born at Falkirk, Scotland, in 1826.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

$5,000 Reward will be paid by Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto, to any person who can prove that this soap contains any form of adulteration whatsoever, or contains any injurious chemicals.

Ask for the Octagon Bar. 223



PERFECT FITTING

FUR JACKETS

READY TO WEAR. PLAIN OR TRIMMED.

Stylish Seal Jackets
Stylish Lamb Jackets
Stylish Electric Seal Jackets,
Stylish Raccoon Jackets, and
Stylish Astrachan Jackets.

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W. P. SCOTT

MONTREAL.

Decorator, Wall Paper, etc. 2422 St. Catherine St.

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IS THE TRADE MARK OF THE

CANADIAN RUBBER CO.'S BOOTS and SHOES.

See That Stamp is on All Goods.

THEY OUTWEAR ALL OTHERS. THEY LOOK BETTER THAN ANY OTHERS.
THEY ARE LOWER IN PRICE WHEN QUALITY IS CONSIDERED THAN ANY OTHER.

THE CANADIAN RUBBER COMPANY, Limited, MONTREAL.

Refuse Substitutes said to be just as good.

$300 IN PRIZES. COUNTING THE DOTS $300 IN PRIZES.

AN INTERESTING TRIAL OF SKILL AND PATIENCE.
A NOVEL CONTEST TO BE INAUGURATED BY . .

The Montreal Daily Herald.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO COUNT.

Prizes and Conditions.

The Montreal Daily Herald will give the following splendid prizes for correct and early counts of the dots in accompanying figure, viz:

First prize	$100	in gold
Second prize	50	" "
Third prize	25	" "
Fourth prize	10	" "
Fifth prize	5	" "
Sixth to fifteenth one dollar each	10	" "
Sixteenth to two hundred and fifteenth one beautiful picture each valued at 50c	$100	
215 prizes in all, value	$300	

In the event of two or more answers being received under corresponding conditions—as on the same mail—an equal division of the prizes will be made.

Everybody has an equal opportunity to win the largest prizes, regardless of where they live or when they send in their count.

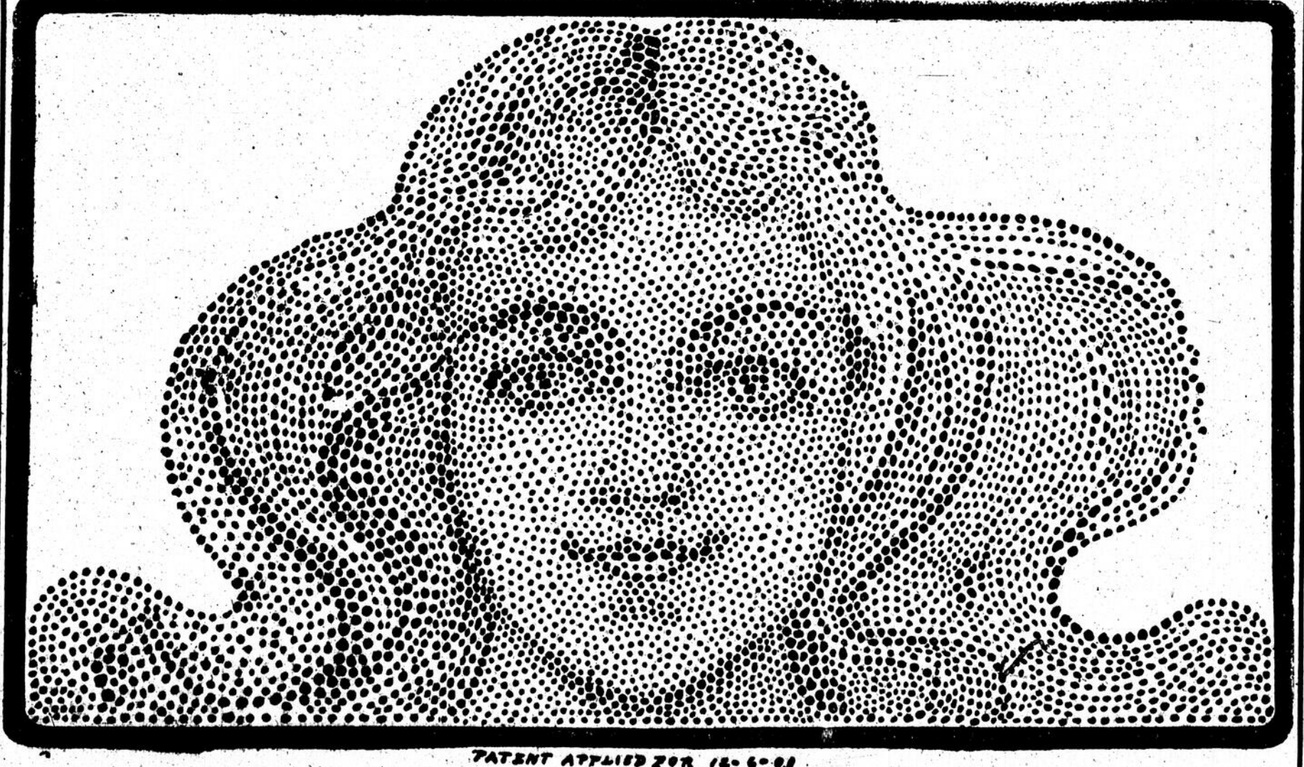
The first prize goes to the first person sending us the correct or nearest correct answer. The second prize to the second person, the hundredth prize to the hundredth person, etc.

THERE WILL BE NO CHANCE FOR A MISTAKE IN THE WINNERS, AS EACH COUNT WILL BE NUMBERED AS IT REACHES THIS OFFICE.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO OUT-OF-TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

After filling out the blank you will mail same direct to this office with the money for same.

Those living in towns where we have an agent will receive their paper through the agent; otherwise they will receive paper by mail at the mail rates.



PATENT APPLIED FOR. 12-6-02

CONDITIONS.

All subscribers new or old, can try for the prizes.

For EACH 25 CENTS paid in ADVANCE one count will be allowed, and the subscriber will have the Daily Herald sent to him for the time 25 cents pays for. If already a subscriber, his time will be advanced proportionately. Any one wishing more than one count can obtain it by sending in an additional 25c for each additional count.

New and old subscribers in the city will be given a receipt for money sent in which will be accepted by any newsdealers in the city as cash in payment of subscription.

The more counts you send in the better your chances of winning.

All payments and counts must be mailed to the Puzzle Department of the Daily Herald, or handed in to Herald Office.

In places where there are no agents the paper will be sent by mail. No counts will be received unless accompanied by the money.

WHEN CONTEST BEGINS.

The contest will begin on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24th, 10 o'clock. Remember it will be of no advantage to send in counts to arrive before that hour, as all so received will be considered as received at 10 o'clock on Monday the 24th.

Notice to Agents Outside of Montreal.

All counts sent in must be accompanied by the money. The agent's account will be credited with the money received, and an order mailed to agent to deliver the paper for the time subscribed for.

All Participants Take Notice!

In order to place all contestants on an equal plane, no counts will be accepted which are received at Herald Office before 10 o'clock on the morning of MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24. The contest closes MONDAY, DECEMBER 1, at 12 o'clock.

STORY OF THE DOTS.

It will pay you to count the dots. Energy is nowadays winning many golden prizes. If you have not time to count the dots yourself, start your children at them. It has an educational value to them; a financial value to you. It is good mental exercise for the young folk. It teaches them the benefits of perseverance, of accuracy, of quick wits; it sharpens their eyesight and rewards well-sustained ambition. No other employment will pay you so generously as counting the dots in The Herald Dot Contest. Really, you are a poor counter if you cannot carry off one of the prizes—and every one of them worth the effort.

This unique puzzle contest and its distribution of $300 free is made purely to attract attention to The Herald.

You may count as often as you please. The counting is perfectly free. The more counts you register, the surer you are of winning one of the big cash prizes, and, remember, the counting costs you absolutely nothing. Someone is going to win and get the first prize, $100—why not you? If you do not happen to win the $100, you may win the $50 or the $25, or any of the other cash prizes. If you can count accurately with a degree of celerity, you will win. You can't help but do so.

HOW TO WIN.

Count slow enough to be accurate. That is, do your utmost to be correct without wasting time.

As soon as you have the dots counted and think you are right, read the coupon blank herewith, fill it out, enclose the money for subscription, and send it to us by mail as soon as possible.

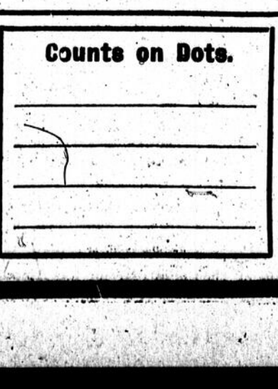
FREE—The count is absolutely free. Every cent of the money is applied on your subscription. You may send the money as often as you please, and we will credit your subscription in accordance with the number of times you send us the required amount. Each time you may register a count on the dots.

You may use the coupon herewith in sending in your count and the subscription remittance.

Remember, there is no trick about the puzzle. It is a matter of skill and ingenuity.

No one connected in any way with The Herald will be allowed in the contest.

Counts on Dots.



USE THIS BLANK IN ALL CASES.

No. ..... Date Received .....

Time.....A. M.....P. M.

The Daily Herald, Montreal:

Enclosed please find $.....to pay for the Daily Herald.

Name .....

Street and Number.....

Postoffice ..... Province.....

Are you NOW taking the Herald .....

IF NOT, WHEN do you want to begin? .....

If through an agent give his name and address.....

M.A.A.A. Members Refuse to Allow a Social Club With Liquor

Overwhelming Majority Against the Scheme.

THE VOTE WAS 507 FOR TO 182 AGAINST

And the By-laws Required 480 to Carry—Largest Meeting in History of Association.

M. A. A. A. members last evening declined to alter the by-laws, so as to admit liquor into the proposed life members' club. For two years this question has been prominent before the association. It was proposed to erect beside the new clubhouse a building to be rented to a life members' club, and to allow them to have liquor if they wished. Last evening's vote settled once and for all that there will be no M. A. A. A. social club with liquor.

The vote was as follows:—

Total votes cast	689
Two-thirds required	460
For amendment	182
Against amendment	507

It was the semi-annual meeting of the association, and it was held in the High School assembly hall. Major W. B. T. Macaulay presided and he deserves very great praise for the splendid way in which he handled the meeting. He was the very man the meeting needed to control it.

First of all came the half-yearly statement which showed a net loss of $4,990. But this was not really a loss for it included a payment of $5,000, the last debt the association had. Already this loss has been more than covered by incoming fees.

Major Macaulay then read the first part of the notice of motion, that 'Application be made to the Legislature for amendments to the act of incorporation, so as to permit the association to hold additional property and to enter into all contracts necessary for the erection of the new building, and to grant hypothecs, issue bonds or debentures, and to rent part of the building, etc.'

No matter whether the new clubhouse was to be a gynasium, or a gymnasium with rooms, or a gymnasium with a social club, the point was necessary, so the meeting adopted it without discussion.

VOTE BY BALLOT.

Major Macaulay spoke of the length of speeches. Unfortunately the M.A.A.A. had no rules of debate and so had to fall back on a recognized authority like J. G. Bourinot. The directors suggested that speeches be limited to five minutes, and that no member speak more than once, except the mover of a motion, who had the right to answer. On a vote this was carried, though Raymond Binmore protested, and asked that his protest be noted.

A voice—"That won't do any harm."

President Macaulay referred to the question of the method of voting. The directors suggested a ballot.

Mr. W. A. Coates moved that the vote be an open one.

Mr. James Paton seconded the motion, saying that if anyone was ashamed to vote openly there was something wrong.

Mr. W. M. Marler expressed the opinion that the only way to take a vote on such an important question was by ballot.

On a vote being taken the open method of vote was lost and a ballot decided on.

THE MOTION READ.

Major Macaulay then read the motion which was made by A. W. Stevenson, seconded by H. Brophy, that the following clause be added to Article XV., Section 3, of the Constitution and Bylaws:

"Save and excepting that portion of the club property leased by the association to the Life Members' Club."

Article XV., Section 3, now reads as follows:

"No gambling or betting shall on any account be allowed in the buildings or club property, nor shall any other games be introduced save those provided by the directors. Refreshments shall not be introduced without the special sanction of the directors. Intoxicating liquors shall not be brought into the buildings or club property under any pretence whatever."

Mr. J. J. Reid asked if a life members club was in existence.

Major Macaulay replied that it was not actually, but was in contemplation by the motion.

Mr. Reid declared that it was illegal to discuss the motion.

Major Macaulay said that on such an important question there should be no quibbling.

Mr. Reid objected to this ruling and said it was a legal point.

The meeting sustained Major Macaulay's ruling.

MR. STEVENSON EXPLAINS.

Mr. A. W. Stevenson spoke to his own motion. In moving such an important amendment the meeting could be sure that the committee had given it careful consideration. They were working for the interests of the association, and would suggest nothing that they thought would be against those interests. He asked for a calm consideration of the question. The committee was appointed with very full powers and had more to think of than the mere surface view taken by so many of the members. They had planned to make arrangements for all classes of members. There was a difference of opinion, but both sides were working for the association, and whoever won should treat the minority with consideration.

The association membership was about 1,800—life, 850; active, 950. Those life members had paid for ten years and had worked hard for the association and were entitled to as much consideration as the actives. The committee thought that if the new club house could bring the life members to the building and help the younger men they would be helping the association. The idea was to give the life members a chance to have a club of their own and retain an interest in the association. It would not do to say to these life members "We are going to build a new club house, but we have no room for you." Why, it was through the efforts of those very life members that the association was in a position to raise the money for a new club house.

J. J. Reid was the next speaker. The addition to the club house could be built, he said, and leased to the club without gambling, betting, and a saloon.

Mr. C. Cushing next took the platform and announced that he was one of the men who had drawn up the constitution, which was being attacked for the first time, and



MAJOR W. B. T. MACAULAY,
Who Presided at Last Evening's Meeting of the M.A.A.A.

was in fact the author of the particular clause attacked. He appealed to the members to preserve intact the rule that had worked so well in the past.

J. A. Taylor considered that the statement of facts issued by the Antis hardly put the case fairly. Many of the life members were out of the city and when 27 per cent. voted for the social club, it was a good representation. The committee had sent out a circular and had received many replies. These pieces of paper were promises to pay $24,000 in total.

The Life Members' Club was ready to pay $3,500 to $3,750 rent, or 15 to 18 per cent. on the bare walls; or to put it another way, would pay 80 per cent. of the interest on the $150,000 necessary to build the new club house.

With regard to the room renting scheme he couldn't see how there was any $5,500 of revenue. Mr. Maltby was optimistic in revenue and the opposite in expenditure.

The one bright fact in the whole situation was the $24,000 guaranteed by the life members.

KEEP ASSOCIATION CLEAN.

Jas. Paton remarked that a great deal has been said of the requirements of the life members. One would think the life members were dying to get a drink.

The by-law being attacked was the best pillar of an association. Had it not been carried out, the Association would not have been in the position it was to-day.

He had heard from hotel men well qualified to speak that the social club would sink the association in three years; that it would be impossible to run one on $15 a year. No one who had gone down through whiskey and poker could say they began at the M.A.A.A.

F. Roe asked the question, "What do life members want anyhow? They paid $10 a year right along and got the worth of it. They don't need any recognition. They're the association."

W. J. Caghorn thought that the fact of a social club being organized in connection with the association wouldn't matter a bit. If young men wanted to go to get a drink, they would get it anyway. There was nothing about the present association to bring the life members round, and that was the idea of the scheme.

Henry Brophy wanted to say a "few words to our friend the enemy." They had used weapons that the committee couldn't use. The committee was being pilloried as a gang of rum sellers. Everyone of them would die in their tracks rather than see liquor in the M.A.A.A. The only time he ever heard of liquor in the M.A.A.A. was when W. L. Maltby told him he knew it was being taken in.

The M.A.A.A. had a tremendous influence through its life members. The idea was to bind the life and active members together.

A former speaker referred to life members having got all they paid for. They had a right to every foot of ground the M.A.A.A. owned to-day.

ALD. NELSON'S VIEWS.

Ald. F. E. Nelson began his remarks by saying they should be careful to keep ill-feeling out of the argument. He didn't feel he was a "has been" yet, and hoped Article XV. would be maintained as it was. He referred to the clubs which had adopted social clubs and bars and had gone down to ruin.

The committee left an opening in their resolution by the "if" clause, which showed their weakness. By the time the scheme had been tried the harm would have been done.

FACE TO FACE WITH A BAR.

A. McK. Murphy said he paid the fee willingly from year to year and had had full value for his money. The life members did not need special consideration. He was willing to subscribe to a new club house without the social club. The $24,000 spoken of was not subscribed to the M. A.A.A., but to the social club, and out of that the club would have to be run and the M.A.A.A. would get what was left. The M.A.A.A. would become proprietor indirectly of a liquor bar. It must not be forgotten that any member could bring friends into the club and so the association was face to face with an open bar.

J. G. Ross asked if the social club was to be incorporated and so be financially responsible?

Major Macaulay—"Yes."

A MISCONCEPTION.

A. G. B. Claxton thought there was a great misconception of the plans of the building committee. There was no intention to run a bar. There would be a separate entrance and separate quarters. Wanderers, of Halifax, conducted a social club and had always been a success.

J. McDonald felt it would not be right not to state that he was entirely opposed to any blending of athletic and social club. He had felt the danger of a social club and was opposed to it.

In Fitz Brown's opinion it was a question not only of liquor, but right vs. wrong, a question of the continued existence of "winged wheel."

MAJOR STEPHENS GIVES $500.

Major G. W. Stephens said that from the remarks of both sides the difficulty of a dry club seemed to be "no more." The cure was for the life and active members to subscribe for a club house. He was ready to start a subscription.

In New York, Chicago and other places it was shown that an athletic club couldn't be carried on without liquor or some other source of revenue. The M.A.A.A. members must raise the money by subscription. They must decide when they would sacrifice principle to have a comfortable club house. He offered to subscribe $500 as a starter.

Lt.-Col. Burland very much appreciated Major Stephens' remarks and said he would go down for $500 also.

W. L. Maltby went after Mr. Taylor on his figures. He was so "optimistic" that his figures were $2,000 under the figures of the committee. They would have twice as much revenue from a flat as from the other scheme and would have no liquor.

Better keep on as now, where no one was harmed, than risk a social club where many might be ruined. The association had gone on for 20 years and there was not a single blotch on its escutcheon. Let it be kept so.

Then came the vote, and it was as above stated.

While the ballots were being counted, W. A. Coates moved that the present building committee be again appointed with the addition of Messrs. Jas. Paton, F. E. Nelson, W. R. Granger, L. H. Boyd, Wm. Cairns.

Great objection was raised to these additions as constituting a vote of want of confidence in the committee, and on suggestion of Lt.-Col. Starke, Mr. Coates changed his motion to a suggestion to the committee to add those names.

Votes of thanks to the Building Committee, scrutineers and the High School brought the meeting to a close.

THE M.A.A.A. DOESN'T OWE A CENT.

The semi-annual financial statement of the M.A.A.A. showed a splendid state of affairs. It showed a net loss of $4,990 on the half year, but in the expenses was an item of $5,000, the last of the debts of the association. Since the first of the month, when the statement was made up, the receipts have covered the deficiency and there is a balance in the bank to the credit of the association.

The M.A.A.A. is unique in the athletic world. It has been in existence twenty-two years, and in that time has grown from one club to an association of clubs with a membership of 1,800. More than that, it has paid, in principal and interest, $175,000 in the twenty-two years, and now doesn't owe a cent. It's clubhouse is it's own; it's grounds are the same, and no better athletic grounds exist on the continent to-day.

That is a showing to be proud of, and speaks volumes for the men who conducted its affairs in its earlier years.

Hockey

WELLINGTONS WANT CUP.

They Have Decided to Challenge for the Stanley Cup This Season.

Toronto, Nov. 17.—The Wellington Hockey Club, senior champions of the Ontario Hockey Association, will challenge the present Stanley Cup holders for the Dominion championship this winter.

The annual meeting of the O.H.A. will be held in a couple of weeks, and present indications ensure an unusually large increase in membership. John Ross Robertson, who has been president for nine terms, is almost certain to be re-elected.

FRANK RICHARDSON HERE.

On a Visit from Pittsburg, and Incidentally Asked Hockey Players to Go Back With Him.

Frank Richardson, of Pittsburg, the well known Victoria hockey player of three years ago, is in town and leaves to-day for his adopted city. Of course he didn't come up here to get hockey players. He is on a holiday tour only. But while here he told two or three well known stick handlers of the good things in Pittsburg. Up to the present no one has decided to go with him.

Quebec Annual Meeting.

Quebec, November 18.—(Special.)—The annual meeting of the Quebec Hockey Club is to take place to-morrow evening. There is considerable enthusiasm and the outlook for the eason is very bright.

Orient Club Officers.

The Orient Hockey Club held their annual meeting and the following officers were elected:

Captain—James Kennedy.
President—Alex. Meldrum.
Secretary-treasurer—Harry Tuck.
Committee—McGillis, J. Brooks, E. McMann.

Mat and Ring.

O'Grady After Weller.

Jack O'Grady, who was recently defeated in the tenth round by Billy Weller, is anxious to have another try. He claims he was not at his best on that occasion, having been ill for some time previous. He will meet Weller in four weeks' time for any part of $500.

Brierre Won from Miron.

Miron wasn't in the same class as Briere as he showed when they met in the ring last evening at Maisonneuve. He went down and out in the third round.

In the preliminary Hanley got the decision over Maloney in the fourth round.

Skating

Kingston Skaters.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 18.—(Special.)—At the annual meeting of the Kingston Skating Club these officers were elected: Hon. president, Mr. H. W. Richardson; lady vice-presidents, Mesdames J. Bell Carruthers, Macnee, R. E. Kent and Mackenzie; manager, Mr. J. C. C. Almon; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. J. S. H. Bogart; executive committee, Mrs. Garrett, Miss F. Macauley, Miss Brownfield, Capt. Symons and Capt. Bogert.

St. Lambert Meeting.

The annual meeting of the St. Lambert Snowshoe Club will be held on Thursday evening, Nov. 20th, at the residence of Mr. W. B. Powell, St. Lumbert. New members wishing to join please attend annual meeting.

Accept the Conditions.

Belfast, Nov. 18.—The Royal Ulster Yacht Club has accepted the conditions of the New York Yacht Club for the races next year for the America's Cup.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of Therapion, particulars of which will be found in another column. This preparation is unquestionably one of the most genuine and reliable Patent Medicines ever introduced, and has, we understand, been used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, Maisonneuve, the well-known Chassaignac, and indeed by all those who are regarded as authorities in such matters, including the celebrated Lallemand, and Roux, by whom it was some time since uniformly adopted, and that it is worthy the attention of those who require such a remedy we think there is no doubt. From the time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the removal of these diseases has (like the famed philosopher's stone) been the object of search of some hopeful, generous minds; and far beyond the mere power—if such could ever have been discovered—of transmuting the baser metals into gold is surely the discovery of a remedy so potent as to replenish the failing energies of the confirmed *roué* in the one case, and in the other so effectually, speedily and safely to expel from the system without the aid, or even the knowledge, of a second party, the poisons of acquired or inherited disease in all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is The New French Remedy Therapion, which may certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which so little ostentation and noise have been made, and the extensive and ever-increasing demand that has been created for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. Therapion may be obtained in England, direct from the Proprietor, and of the principal Chemists throughout the Colonies, India, [illegible] not even excluding such remote [illegible] Africa, the Fiji Islands, St. [illegible] Gold Advertiser KIMBERLEY

TRUE BLUE WAS ONLY FAVORITE

A Bad Day for the Talent at Bennings Track—Faust at 30 to 1.

Washington, Nov. 17.—This was a good day for the six events at Bennings. True Blue, the equal choice favorite, in the third race, was the only favorite to finish for the bettors. Weather cloudy. Track fast. Summary:

First race, 7 furlongs—Syrlin, 5 to 1; Unmasked, 3 to 1; Illyria, 20 to 1. Time, 1.26 1-5.

Second race, 2-year-olds, 5 1-2 furlongs—Saccharometer, 5 to 1; Glennevis, 3 to 1; Mt. Kisco, 6 to 1. Time, 1.07 1-5.

Third race, 3-year-olds and up, mile and 70 yards—True Blue, 3 to 1; Benokart, 6 to 1; Mosketo, 6 to 1. Time, 1.42 2-5.

Fourth race, 3-year-olds and up, 1 1-16 miles—Great American, 12 to 1; Early Eve, 9 to 1; Ray, 5 to 2. Time, 1.47 3-5.

Fifth race, 2-year-olds, 7 furlongs—Sir Faust, 30 to 1; Fading Light, 3 to 1; Earl of Warwick, 7 to 1. Time, 1.27 2-5.

Sixth race, 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile and 40 yards—April Shower, 10 to 1; Cameron, 9 to 10; Young Henry, 7 to 1. Time, 1.42 2-5.

Fog Hid the Horses.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 17.—The track at Latonia was sloppy to-day, and the last race was run in such a heavy fog that it was impossible to see the horses until they were within a few yards of the wire.

Favorite Badly Beaten.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Jordan, the even money favorite in the fourth race, the chief event at Lakeside to-day, failed to get any part of the money. The race went to Dr. Stephens, with Hoodwink second and Andes third.

Starter Suspends Jockeys.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Starter Cassidy suspended Rice for a week for misbehavior at the post, and Rooney for the same period. This will keep both boys on the ground until the last week of the meeting.

The New York Show.

New York, Nov. 17.—The first night of the horse show drew an enormous assemblage of fashionable folk to Madison Square Garden. As usual prominent leaders of society and the feminine occupants of the arena boxes proved to be formidable rivals in the public interest with the equine exhibit. In the number and quality of the exhibits the show comes fully up to the standard of previous years.

Sloan Opposes Starting-Gate.

Paris, Nov. 18.—"Cash" Sloan, brother of "Ted" Sloan, has arrived in Paris from St. Petersburg, where he has been riding during the last racing season. He will probably make France his home for a year.

Questioned as to the style of riding in Russia, "Cash" said: "Most Russian jockeys, especially the leading men, like Kossackoff, Maleda and Klodziak, have adopted the American seat, and the apprentices are getting into it gradually. We have a starting gate at all the principal race courses for two or three-year-olds."

"Are you in favor of the gate?" he was asked.

"No," he said. "I consider the strain on the horses' forelegs and the first few strides much greater than in a start by flag."

Curling.

Napanee Officers.

Napanee, Nov. 17.—(Special.)—The curlers held their annual meeting in the Public Library last week. The treasurer's report showed a balance of $14.50 on hand from last season. The following were elected officers for 1902-3: Patron, W. A. Bellhouse; patroness, Mrs. W. A. Bellhouse; president, W. S. Herrington, K.C.; vice-president, W. Smith; secretary, A. Alexander; treasurer, W. F. Hall; chaplains, Revs. MacDonald and Hogan; executive committee, Messrs. Bellhouse, Dr. Leonard, Robinson, Ham, Daly.

At the semi-annual meeting of the St. Lawrence Curling Club the following were elected skips for the coming season: D. Gribbrle, O. W. G. Dettmers, W. M. Kearns, W. Cairns, W. H. Wyman, D. Anderson, J. Wichton, J. Fenwick, F. G. A. Kearns and John Johnston.

LEAVE TO APPEAL.

In the Court of Appeals yesterday leave to appeal to the Privy Council was granted to the Trust & Loan Company of Canada in its suit against De Kerouack. At the opening of the court Mr. Henry Kavanagh, K.C., presented a motion asking leave to appeal from the judgment of the Court of Appeals. This was granted, Mr. Justice Doherty had given an adverse judgment in the Superior Court, and this was afterward confirmed by the Court of Appeals. The case is one of interest to the financial world, as it is based upon the borrowing powers of a wife and the recourse of the lender.

MR. BRADFORD HERE.

Mr. C. B. Bradford business manager of Mr. Jefferson de Angelis, who comes to the Academy next week in Sir Arthur Sullivan's opera, "The Emerald Isle," is in the city.

STORY OF A POINEER.

H. S. BARNES, OF RAT PORTAGE, TELLS OF THE TRIALS OF THE EARLY SETTLER.

Suffered Terribly from Kidney Complaint, But Was Speedily Relieved and Cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Rat Portage, Ont., Nov. 17.—(Special.)—Everybody in Rat Portage knows H. S. Barnes, father of a former mayor and one of the oldest inhabitants of the metropolis of New Ontario. Though seventy-nine years of age, Mr. Barnes looks younger than many men of many fewer years, and is possessed of wonderful vitality and activity.

A pioneer of this district, Mr. Barnes tells many tales of early life in the wilds of New Ontario, but none more interesting than the following:

"I was terribly troubled with Kidney Complaint. I suffered severely with pains across my back, and with a scalding, burning sensation when urinating that was very painful.

"Though I had little faith in proprietary medicines, I had a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills in the house that I had procured for my wife, and commenced taking them with good effect.

"It was not long till my acquaintances started to greet me on the street with 'Hello, Mr. Barnes, how young you are looking.' They were not astray. I felt smart too, and feel younger and in better health than I have been for years. My Kidney Complaint was completely cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills."

MONTREAL WAS AGAIN BEATEN

The Score Was 8 to 0—The Montrealers Showed Much Improvement.

Halifax, N.S., Nov. 18.—(Special.)—The visiting Montreal football team played their second game here yesterday afternoon, meeting All-Halifax. While they put up a much better game than on Saturday they at no time really seriously threatened the Halifax goal. Twice they were forced to lower their colors.

All-Halifax scored one goal and one try, making the score at the end 8 points to 0 in favor of the home team.

The climatic conditions were ideal for good football, and an attendance equal to Saturday's watched the game with interest. The play was sharp and snappy from the outset and the energy of both teams were well maintained. The visitors showed great improvement, and it would only take a season's play at the English Rugby game to put them in the same class with Maritime Province crack teams.

The home team was made up of eight Wanderers and seven Dalhousians, and was, if all had been in good trim, the best team the city can put in the field.

McLee, Johnson, Bryson, Savage, Reed and Ogilvie again played in magnificent style, tackling and dashing with great onset. The defence of the visitors at stages of the game was superb.

The first try came five minutes before the end of the first half. A stubborn fight had been waged for 15 minutes between the visitors 15 and 5 yard line. They cleverly blocking many a fatal looking charge till at length Dickie made a sharp slide around the edge of the scrim passing to Bailey who reached the five and passed to Bould who did the corkscrew and fell across, weighted down with defenders, but still in possession of the ball. Cheese kicked a goal.

Halifax rushed matters on the opening of the second half, and the visitors touched for safety. Then the visitors put on a spurt and Ogilvie, Bryson and Johnson carried the ball to centre and Bryson on again with a strong brilliant run to the Halifax 15 yards. The Halifax forwards beat to it once more and again worked their combination, resulting in Bould going over for the second try. Cheese made a kick but the ball went too high and only the try scored.

Once more before the close the visitors goal was in great danger. Potter got the ball from a breaking scrim on their 35 yard line, and tore down the field. He reached the ten-yard line with a clear field but dropped the ball, and the forwards closing round it was kicked into touch in goal, and the visitors got their kick out from 25. The fight continued in this vicinity till full time without further score.

Night had closed down by full time, but five minutes were taken to give the spectators an idea of the Upper Canadian game, but the light was so poor that all that could be seen was the visitors rushing the ball steadily towards the Halifax goal.

PRAISES BURNSIDE RULES.

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Toronto, Nov. 17.—Frank D. Woodsworth, secretary of the Ontario Rugby Union, makes the following comment in the Mail and Empire on the Burnside rules as exemplified in the Nesbitt cup game on Varsity field on Saturday:

"The play was remarkable for the absence of incessant scrimmaging and mass-play that invariably characterized contests under the old rules; and the vast superiority of an open, running and kicking game as played on seem certain the old system must be. Saturday was so manifest, it would fore long give place to the latter.

"The contest abounded throughout with brilliant spectacular work that kept the stand constantly on their feet. It was seldom that either team succeeded in making the necessary ten yards by bucking line, and rather than lose possession of the ball, as provided in the rules, they were compelled to kick on the last down, and this resulted in numberless pretty exchanges of punts, two or three of which would be considered as furnishing a splendid exhibition in a game under the old rules. The ball was always in full view of the entire stand. The game was enlivened throughout by many good runs on both sides, and numerous exchanges of punts between opposing halves kept the stand in a constant fever of excitement. In fact, there has seldom been such enthusiasm shown over a game both during and after it, and the organizations under which the Rugby game is played in Canada would do well to take their cue from this and adopt this means of reviving public interest, which has been gradually lost under the degenerated system now in vogue.

QUEBEC OBJECTS.

Quebec, November 18.—(Special.)—The Chronicle this morning refers to the mix-up at present in the Ontario Intermediate football schedule and urges the Quebec Union officials to do something to prevent the Dominion championship date being advanced beyond the 22nd.

The article says in part, unless the Quebec Union insists upon the Ontario Intermediates playing off about the middle of this week, so that the championship can be fought out next Saturday, our province is bound to have the short end of the stick. The weather in Quebec is much more severe than in Ontario and the Q. R.F.U. champions are therefore handicapped for want of practice. The Quebec team last year was obliged to play the final on the 16th November, and even at that date the weather conditions were not favorable to football.

The Quebecers were on that occasion handicapped through their inability to practice on their grounds for two weeks prior to that date, and this year if the game is only pulled off on the 29th inst., it will be three weeks. This is manifestly unfair to the Quebec team, and we look to the Quebec Union to see that their interests are protected and as the delay is caused through the Ontario Rugby teams, the Canadian Rugby Union should see that the final game is pulled off not later than the 22nd. If impossible for that date the championship to go to the Quebec Union.

ONTARIO APPEALS.

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—After delivery of judgments the appeals from Ontario were taken up, the first case heard being the Chaudiere Machine Co. vs. the Canada Atlantic Railway Co. The action was for compensation for injury to appellants' lands by the lating of the railway tracks and the construction of an embankment in front of it. The courts below held that the work having been done under an agreement with the city of Ottawa and the railway company not having exceeded its powers under that agreement, the plaintiffs (appellants) could not recover, it being shown, moreover, that the embankment was not so high as to cause any flooding of the plaintiffs' lands, that being one of the grounds of complaint. As to the loss of access and ingress to the lands in question, the other ground of action, two of their Lordships of the Court of Appeal for Ontario held that such an injury was an injury once for all at the time when the work was done and the appellants not being then owners of the lands could not recover therefor. The action was dismissed at the trial affirming that decision. Aylesworth, K.C., and McLeity for the appellants; Shepley, K.C., and Christie for respondents. On conclusion of the argument of counsel judgment was reserved and the court adjourned.

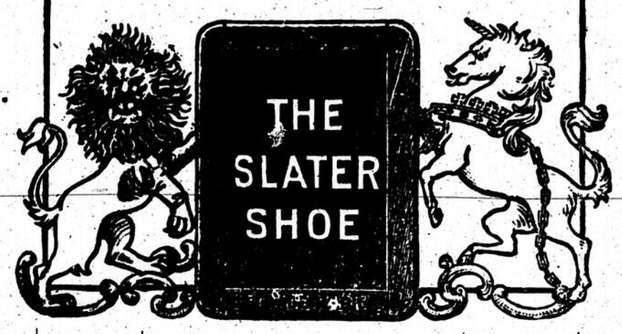
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In The Slater Shoe for Women.

The Slater system gives you the $12.00 style of the great French "Custom" Shoemaker, in every pair of $3.50 or $5.00 Slater shoes, six months ahead of other Stores in Canada.

Slater Shoe arrangements make this possible.

"Foot fashions" on postal request



Ottawa, Toronto, Winnipeg, London, Quebec, Hamilton

225 ST. JAMES STREET,
47 ST. LAWRENCE STREET.
1580 NOTRE DAME STREET.
2447 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
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A BOOM IN
RUBBER SOLE BOOTS
Just Read This and Keep Your Feet Warm and Dry.

MEN'S RUBBER SOLE and SOLID RUBBER HEELS. Leather Lined, Goodyear Welt, pair $4.00
MEN'S RUBBER SOLE AND SOLID RUBBER HEEL. Warm Wool-Lined, Goodyear Welt, pair $4.00
WE HAVE ANOTHER KIND AT (Pair) $3.50
All Sizes, 5½ to 10. See them in our windows.
Best in the World, our SOVEREIGN $3.00 Shoe, Double Soles.

FRANK POWER,
1847 Notre Dame Street, near McGill.

Age Counts in Whisky and in Canada no one need be deceived on this point, as the GOVERNMENT GUARANTEES THE AGE of all Whisky bottled UNDER ITS SUPERVISION

"CANADIAN CLUB" AND "IMPERIAL"

both bear the Government Stamp over the capsule of every bottle which is

Absolute Proof of their Genuineness.

MARINE AND SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived—November 17.

Steamship Manchester Commerce, 2424, J. G. Baxter, from Manchester, with general cargo, to Furness, Withy & Co.

Steamship Benguela Head, 1619, R. E. Phillips, from Swansea, with coal, to McLean, Kennedy & Co.

Steamship Mystic, 2432, H. Dawson, from Sydney, with coal, to Dominion Coal Company.

Steamship Catalone, 2416, F. Glover, from Sydney, with coal, to Dominion Coal Company.

Steamship Pola, 1968, G. Boulter, from Sydney, with coal, to Dominion Coal Company.

Steamship Monterey, 3489, J. Williams, from Swansea, with coal, to Elder, Dempster & Co.

Cleared—November 17.

Steamship Mystic, 2432, H. Dawson, for Sydney, light, by Dominion Coal Company.

Steamship Catalone, 2416, F. Glover, for Sydney, light, by Dominion Coal Company.

Steamship Pola, 1968, G. Boulter, for Sydney, light, by Dominion Coal Company.

Steamship Ottoman, 3010, T. Howell, for Liverpool, with general cargo and cattle, by D. Torrance & Co.

Steamship Mermon, 2046, P. Thomas, for London, with general cargo, by Elder, Dempster & Co.

Steamship Montcalm, 3492, H. Parry, for Bristol, with general cargo, by Elder, Dempster & Co.

Schooner Mignonette, 139, G. Menard, for Quebec, light, by C. A. Boucher.

VESSELS IN PORT

Kildona, R. Reford & Co., Victoria pier.
Lycia, Elder, Dempster & Co., King Edward pier.
Manchester Shipper, Furness, Withy & Co., Jacques Cartier pier.
Ramore Head, McLean, Kennedy & Co., Hochelaga.
Orcadian, H. & A. Allan, Allan wharf.
Iona, R. Reford & Co., King Edward Pier.
Sicilian, H. & A. Allan, Allan wharf.
Birmingham, Furness, Withy & Co., Jacques Cartier pier.
Indiana, Furness, Withy & Co., Jacques Cartier pier.
Mignonette, C. A. Bouchard, canal basin.
Melville, Elder, Dempster & Co., King Edward pier.
Teutonia, Furness, Withy & Co., below Sohmer Park.
Belfast, R. Reford & Co., Windmill Point.
Coban, Dominion Coal Company, canal basin.
Roman, D. Torrance & Co., Customs House wharf.
Lake Ontario, Elder, Dempster & Co., foot of Berri Street.
Marina, R. Reford & Co., Ltd., Jacques Cartier pier.
Manchester Commerce, Furness, Withy & Co., Ltd., Jacques Cartier pier.
Bengore Head, McLean, Kennedy & Co., Windmill Point.
Monterey, Elder, Dempster & Co., Windmill Point.

ASSESSED FOR REPAIRS.

New York, Nov. 17.—A decision affirming the action of the collector at Ogdensburg, N.Y., in assessing duty for repairs made on the steamer Hecla at Kingston, Ont., was announced to-day by the Board of Classification of the United States General Appraisers. The collector assessed a duty of 50 per cent. ad valorem on the cost of repairs, and the Georgie Hill Coal Company protested, pleading that there was no American dockyard on the lake big enough for the Hecla.

FRENCH SHIP ASHORE.

London, Nov. 17.—The French mail steamship La Tamis, from New Haven, for Dieppe, with 122 passengers, went ashore last night near Pevensey, Dorset. She was subsequently floated. All the passengers are safe.

NOTES.

The SS. Montfort, Elder, Dempster line, is due here this evening.

The SS. Lake Simcoe, Reford line, arrived at Liverpool yesterday from Montreal. No reports all well.

The SS. Fremona, Torrance line, arrived at Portland, from Newcastle, yesterday. She is the first of this line to make a winter port.

The SS. Manchester Commerce is in port with general cargo from Manchester.

The SS. Montcalm, Elder, Dempster line, has arrived with 3,492 tons from Swansea.

The Dominion line steamship Ottoman sailed for Liverpool yesterday with cattle and general cargo.

The SS. Mermon, Elder, Dempster line, sailed yesterday for Quebec to complete cargo for London.

The Elder, Dempster steamship Montcalm sailed to-day for Bristol. She has live stock and general cargo.

The SS. Devona Thomson line, sailed from Newcastle for Portland on Friday.

The SS. Corinthian, Allan line, from Montreal for Liverpool, passed Malin Head at 12.15 p.m. yesterday.

The Allan line steamship Carthagenian, from Glasgow and Liverpool, for Philadelphia, arrived at St. John's, Nfld., at 7 a.m. yesterday.

The SS. Ramore Head will move to Hochelaga to-day to load for Ireland.

GENEROUS BEQUEST TO KINGSTON CATHEDRAL.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 18.—(Special.)—The late Mrs. Ward, Johnston street, bequeathed, in her will, a considerable sum of money to St. Mary's Cathedral. Though the exact amount is not yet known, it is likely to be in the neighborhood of $8,000 or $10,000. It was only a few months ago that the now deceased lady contributed $1,000 to the building fund of the cathedral.

ONTARIO'S BIG GROWTH.

Provincial Secretary's Collection, Coming Mainly from Industrial Projects, is Going Up at a Rapid Rate.

(Special to The Montreal Herald.)

Toronto, Ont., November 18.—A remarkable growth of revenue is shown in the returns of fees collected by the Provincial Secretary's Department. As these are chiefly derived from new companies incorporated, it follows that the industrial development of the country is rapidly proceeding.

In 1898 the amount was $28,520, for 1899, $67,851; for 1900, $88,643; and for the ten months ending October 31, of this year the amount was $89,725, which it is estimated will total $105,000 by the end of the year.

HAVE YOU TRIED
Malt Breakfast Food?

Young and Old Are Delighted With It.

The purest, most delicious, healthful, nutritious and altogether the most satisfactory breakfast cereal ever placed before the public is Malt Breakfast Food. Have you tried it? If not you are missing one of the luxuries of life that costs little money—an article that keeps the digestion of young and old in perfect condition as no other breakfast food can do. Malt Breakfast Food is economical, one package making a meal for twenty-five persons. Recommended by thousands of people as a true health food. Your

GOSSIP OF THE "STREET"

The Birmingham, Ala., Age-Herald, of a recent date, says: W. H. Goadby, H. O. Sloss, William E. Strong, J. J. Nesbell and Richard Mortimer, New York directors of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company, and R. C. Matthews, of A. E. Ames and Company, Toronto and Warren Y. Soper, of Ottawa, representing large Canadian interests that have extensive holdings in the Sloss-Sheffield arrived in Birmingham yesterday, and will remain here for several days looking over their properties.

\$ \$ \$

The New York Evening Post says: The statement of October's foreign trade, just published by the Bureau of Statistics, has more than the usual bearing on the financial outlook. It would not be safe as yet to say that the high record of merchandise import trade was passed in that return for the weekly figures of the New York custom house have shown no slackening in the first half of November. Nor, on the other hand, can it be assumed that the full figures of the present month will witness heavy expansion in our exports, as compared with a year ago. But the slackening noticed in the dispatches refers to orders on books of foreign manufacturers, and not to immediate consignments. It will affect our custom house returns a little later. If, by that time, the markets also witness either buying of our securities by Europe or a cessation of its selling, the corner will have been partly turned. But it will not be turned if the speculators try in the commodity markets the experiment tried in stocks two months ago.

\$ \$ \$

It was reported on the Berlin Bourse Saturday that forged despatches had been sent from there to New York to influence Wall Street operations. It seems that a Berlin bank cabled instructions to buy three times $30,000 of Canadian Pacific, and instead of that a New York bank replied that it had sold three times $90,000 of Canadian Pacific. Another bank, which sent no order, was notified from New York that $90,000 of Canadian Pacific had been sold for its account. A number of the leading financial houses, when shown the above despatch, said that the Berlin rumor was absurd, explaining that all stock orders by cable were given in private cipher code. They were inclined to the belief that the rumor itself was put out in Berlin to cover certain operations there.

\$ \$ \$

A New York dispatch says: A notable feature of the market in the recent break has been the appearance of bargain-hunters in the street. The presence of liquidation has been sufficiently great to disguise the volume of this kind of buying, but it will probably be found when prices commence to rally that a large quantity of stocks has been taken by people who are able to pay for them and who expect to hold them for a considerable time.

CATTLE IN TORONTO.

Toronto, November 15.—94 loads in today, including 873 hogs, 1,812 sheep and lambs, and 27 calves. Export cattle, choice, $4.75 to $5.25; export cattle, medium, $4.25 to $4.75; export cattle, common, $3.25 to $4; export bulls, $3.25 to $4.50; export cows, $3.25 to $4.25; butchers' cattle, choice, $4 to $4.40; butchers' cattle, medium, $3.60 to $3.90; butchers' cattle, common, $3 to $3.50; feeders, short keep, $4 to $4.60; feders, medium, $3.50 to $4.25; stockers, $2.50 to $3.25; milk cows, each, $30 to $50; export ewes, $3.25 to $3.50; export rams, $2.50 to $2.75; lambs, $3.25 to $3.65; calves, per head, $2 to $10; hogs, singers, 6 1-8c, lights, 5 7-8c, oc cars; export cattle and butchers' cattle selling fairly well. Milk cows selling well; sheep trade steady, prospects steady for balance of week. Lambs rather dull; bucks not wanted.

If you can count the dots you will make money.

GRAIN IN TORONTO

Toronto, Nov. 18.—Wheat, 69c for No. 2 red and white middle freights; No. 2 goose, 65c to 66c east; No. 2 spring, 67c east; Manitoba, 84 1-2c for No. 1 hard and 83c for No. 1 northern grinding in transit.

Flour — Cars 90 per cent. patents, $2.67 1-2 to $2.72 1-2 in buyers' bags east or middle freights. Manitoba, $4.20 cars Hungarian, $3.90 strong bakers, bags included, Toronto.

Millfeed—Cars short quoted at $15.50 to $16, and bran, $12.50 to $13, bulk or middle; Manitoba millfeed, $20 for cars shorts and $18 bran sacks Toronto.

Barley firm; 45c for No. 3 extra and 41c to 42c for No. 3 east or middle freights.

Buckwheat, 52c east, 51 1-2c middle.

Rye, 49c No. 2 east, 48 1-2c middle.

Corn, 58c to 59c for old Canada yellow and 45c for new f.o.b. west; 63 1-2c for old American No. 3 yellow and 57c for new Toronto.

Oats—No. 1 white, 32 1-2c, and No. 2 white, 32c east; No. 2 white, 32c low to New York, 31 1-2c middle.

Oatmeal—$4 cars bags, $4.10 brls track, Toronto.

Peas, 72 1-2c for No. 2 east and middle.

DON'T WAIT

Until the cold wave comes and finds you unprepared, but go at once to the American Fur Store and select your furs at prices that defy competition. 27 St. Lawrence Street.—Advt.

More people are counting the dots than there are dots.

REV. MR. STEEN TO LECTURE.

Rev. F. J. Steen Vicar of the Cathedral, will deliver an illustrated lecture this evening in the hall of St. Jude's Church on "A Tour of the Nile." Rev. Mr. Steen leaves this week for St. John, N.B., on a lecturing tour.

THE AGONIZING PAINS OF RHEUMATISM.

Swollen, aching joints, muscles are stiff and sore, every movement accompanied by pain. The most potent remedy is Polson's Nerviline, which has five times the pain-subduing power of any other preparation. Apply the Nerviline copiously, rub it on well and then bind in a hot flannel bandage. This will cure the worst cases in a short time. Try Nerviline for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica or Lumbago—it's all right and only costs a quarter.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure Constipation.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK
OF CANADA.
Chief Executive Office - Montreal
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Savings Accounts Opened.
Deposit Receipts Issued.
Interest allowed and credited twice a year.
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General Banking Business.

A DULL DAY IN STOCK MARKETS

Wall Street Prices Irregular, But the Average Maintained—Much the Same Here.

The local stock market this morning was dull and featureless. Opening prices were fairly strong, but there was an easier tendency towards the close. Pacific for example declining 1-2 point, and Dominion Steel the same. Richelieu, on the other hand, sold 1-2 point higher at 35.

\$ \$ \$

Robert Meredith & Co. received the following over their private wire from Zimmermann — Forshay, New York:—The market opened with much less activity than usual of late, and prices were decidedly irregular, the average being, however, fully maintained, although under the quotations from London. Manhattan opened up nearly one per cent., and among the coalers, Erie showed strength at a good advance. Reading dropped one-half point, but soon recovered somewhat. Steels were firm, the preferred being one-quarter higher. There was at the initial dealings a slight pressure on St. Paul and Union Pacific, but they held well and continued strong. Colorado Fuel and Iron ruled strong and higher, but fluctuated somewhat irregular at first. Sugar was strong on report that all refiners had advanced price of refined to ten points to a basis of $4.55 for granulated. Outside of pool manipulation, it is difficult to say what is occasioning the rise in Manhattan. The usual stories of New York Central control are again in circulation, but little reliance is placed in them. The fact that the road is doing the largest business in its history, and with the greater proportionate increase in net earnings, it is hard to say whether the management will advance the dividend rate. Boston is reported to be again very bullish on Amalgamated Copper at current prices. More railroads are granting increases in wages to their employees. In future the Burlington will not publish any monthly statement of net earnings in future. Union Pacific has not increased its holdings of Southern Pacific, but friends of the control have been buyers of the later. It is reported that Grand Trunk will buy Canada Northern. Fifty bonds, first week of November, gross increase 7.44 per cent. Foreign buying of Northern Securities considerable. Fair demand for Colorado Fuel, Atchison, B. & O., and Reading in loan crowd.

\$ \$ \$

L. J. Forget & Co.'s London cable quotes G.T.R. first at 108 1-4, seconds at 96, thirds at 46 3-4, C.P.R. at 133 1-4.

\$ \$ \$

Montreal Street Railway earnings Saturday, $6,257.23; increase $491.34; Sunday, $4,568.72; increase $412.06.

\$ \$ \$

London and Paris Exchange, Ltd. (Parker & Co., Toronto) cable Monday quotes:

	£	s.	d.
Heidelbergs		8	9
Le Rois	1	6	3
East Rands	8	2	6
Marconis	3		
Chartered	3	3	0
Kaffir Consols	2	1	6
Poms		8	6
Oceanas	2		
Hudsons Bays	32		
Salisbury Building	1		
Kadurs		4	6
Salisbury Districts	1		
Otto Kopje			9
Bell's Transvaal	1	1	3
Hendersons	1	16	3
Transvaal Devel	1	12	6
Langlaagte Star	1		
Transvaal Exp		8	0
Nigel Deep	1	3	9
Witkopje		6	3
Bullocks	1	6	3
Niekerks		12	3
Klerksdorp Prop		10	0
Rose of Sharon		6	3

\$ \$ \$

Toledo net earnings for October were $64,004; increase $3,954; from Jan. 1 to Oct. 31, $586,474; increase $28,210.

\$ \$ \$

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's return of traffic earnings from Nov. 7 to Nov. 14, 1902, $803,000; same period, 1901, $802,000; increase, $101,000.

\$ \$ \$

MORNING BOARD SALES.

225 Can. Pacific at 129 1-2.
5 Can. Pacific at 130.
75 Can. Pacific at 129.
100 Can. Pacific at 129 1-4.
100 Can. Pacific at 129 1-2.
100 Can. Pacific at 129 3-8.
375 Can. Pacific at 129 1-2.
5 Can. Pacific at 130.
200 Can. Pacific at 129 1-4.
125 Can. Pacific at 129.
20 Dom. Steel at 55 1-2.
25 Dom. Steel at 55.
100 Dom. Steel at 55.
75 Montreal Power at 94.
100 Montreal Power at 94 3-4.
10 Twin City at 115.
50 Twin City at 114 1-4.
25 Twin City at 114 1-2.
75 Twin City at 114 1-4.
50 R. & O. Nav. Co. at 95.
25 Dom. Coal at 127 3-4.
20 Dom. Coal at 128.
100 Laurentian Pulp at 99 3-4.
13 Com. Cable at 176.
25 Dom. Steel pfd. at 95.
5 Dom. Steel pfd. at 95 1-2.
10 Dom. Cotton at 52 1-2.
4 Dom. Cotton at 52.
1 Bell Telephone at 167.
2 Montreal Telegraph at 169 1-2.
2000 Payne Co. at 11.

FEATURES OF THE MONTREAL MARKETS

GRAIN.—Prices for Manitoba wheat in the Winnipeg market scored a further advance of 1-2c per bushel. The tone of the local market for oats was firm under a good demand for both local and export account, and sales of No. 1 for export were made at 37c afloat, and No. 2 at 36c, and for local consumption No. 2 changed hands at 37c to 37 1-2c ex store. There was a fairly good enquiry for American corn; and sales of some 30,000 bushels were made. Sales of several cars of buckwheat were made at 56c afloat. The demand for peas for shipment was good and sales were made at 72c high freights, car lots on spot sold at 80c afloat. The market for rye was quiet, and prices were nominally quoted at 56c afloat, and No. 3 extra barley at 49c.

FLOUR.—There was a good demand for spring wheat flours, and the market was fairly active at firm prices. Business was not so good in Ontario grades. We quote: Choice Manitoba spring wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.20; seconds, $3.80 to $3.90; strong bakers', $3.40 to $3.50; winter wheat patents, $3.75 to $4; straight rollers, $3.50 to $3.60; do. in bags, $1.65 to $1.70; extras, $1.55 to $1.60.

ROLLED OATS.—The market tone was firm at the late advance in prices. There was a fair demand with sales at $4.35 per barrel and at $2.10 to $2.12 1-2 per bag.

FEED.—Market showed no active change. The demand was greater than the offerings, and prices were firm. Manitoba bran, in bags, $17 to $18; Manitoba shorts, $19 to $20; Ontario bran, in bulk, $17 to $18; shorts, $19 to $20, and moullie, $23 to $30, as to quality.

HAY.—Trade in baled hay was fairly active at steady prices. We quote: No. 1, $9 to $9.50; No. 2, $8 to $8.75; clover, $7 to $7.50 per ton, in car lots.

CHEESE.—Prices were nominal. In eastern makes 12 1-4c was made, and in Ontario small lots changed hands at 12 5-16c to 12 3-8c. At the wharf 2,000 Quebecs sold at 12c.

BUTTER.—Butter was firm in tone, finest creamery selling at 21 1-2c, and seconds at 20 1-2c to 21c. At the wharf 900 packages were sold by factorymen at 21c.

EGGS.—The tone of the market was very firm under a good demand from grocers and jobbers, consequently prospects are that prices will go higher. Selected, 22c; candled stock, 19c to 19 1-2c; Montreal limed, 18c in a jobbing way; straight receipts, 18 1-2c to 19c; Montreal limed, 17 1-2c; cold storage stock, 17 1-2c, and western limed, 16 1-2c to 17c per dozen, in round lots.

BEANS.—Local market ruled firm but quiet at $2 per bushel for primes in car lots, and $2.05 to $2.10 in a jobbing way.

MAPLE PRODUCT.—Business was slow and values unchanged. We quote: Syrup, in large tins, at 70c to 80c; in small tins, at 50c to 60c; and in wood at 5c to 5 1-2c per lb.; sugar, 8 1-2c to 10c per lb.

HONEY.—Demand was slow and the market quiet, with prices steady at 11c to 11 1-2c for white clover in comb, and at 8c to 8 1-2c for white strained per lb.

POTATOES.—There was a firm feeling in the market owing to continued good demand from local and western buyers. An active trade was passing, but prices showed no further change. Sales of car lots of choice varieties were made at 72c to 75c; and ordinary stock at 65c to 68c per bag, and in a jobbing way they were selling at 90c.

ASHES.—The market for potash was quiet owing to small receipts and limited demand. We quote: Firsts, $4.25 to $4.40; seconds, $3.60; and pearls, $6.25 per 100 lbs.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL

Receipts in Montreal to-day by railroad were as follows:

	C.P.R.	G.T.R.
Wheat		37,027
Peas	1,635	655
Oats	5,400	....
Buckwheat	1,630	....
Flaxseed	3,400	....
Flour	1,108	900
Meal	180	340
Eggs	2,031	341
Butter	466	75
Cheese	2,838	3,376
Lard	83	162
Meats	6	....
Hams and bacon	24	47
Tallow	1	....
Leather	43	60
Raw hides	199	18
Whiskey and high wines	116	....
Tobacco	28	....
Dressed hogs	373	....
Apples	4,273	9,565

COTTON PRICES

The cotton market in New York opened firm, at an advance over yesterday's close. The various options at the opening were quoted as follows, January, 807; February, none; March, 800; April, 797; May, 800; June, 803; July, 803; August, 785; December, 815.

Advices to Mr. D. M. Sexton from Atwood, Violett & Co., said: Shorts were seeking cover, as market was developing a strong undertone. Liverpool sales being 8,000. Port receipts were 63,000, against 60,046 last week, and 61,199 last year.

At 12.30 the options were: January, 813; February, 798; March, 806; April, 805; May, 807; July, 811; August, 785; November, 811; December, 817.

Vigorous Appetite Perfect Digestion

Lay the Sound Foundation of Good Health, and Can be Quickly Acquired by Using

THE BEST TONIC,

FERROZONE

Ferrozone will in one week give you a splendid appetite, and will so improve digestion and assimilation that full benefit will be derived from everything eaten.

There is nothing like Ferrozone to create a keen, healthy relish for food for the blood, and a tonic for the nerves and brain. To those leading a sedentary life it is a perfect boon.

The Rev. Dennis O'Brien, D.D., the well-known evangelist, says of Ferrozone: "I have pleasure in saying that I have found Ferrozone a remarkably good preparation. It keeps up one's appetite, cures nervousness and sleeplessness and perhaps is the very best tonic I have used. Being in the form of chocolate coated tablet, it is both pleasant and convenient to take, and is well worthy of my highest recommendations."

This is an example of the way people speak of Ferrozone who have used it, and should be convincing evidence of its unusual merit. It is warranted to cure Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Lost Appetite, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Catarrh and all other diseases arising from impairment of blood or nerve tone.

Refuse to accept a substitute for Ferrozone. Every druggist sells it at 50c per box, or three for $1.25. Prepared by N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., and Kingston, Ont.

INVESTORS:

Taking the speculative situation in its entirety, it must be admitted it has vastly improved by reason of the heroic declines in the past few months, and when conditions again become normal the market, in the absence of untoward developments in the interim, will be in a position to promptly respond.

All N. Y. stocks bought on 3 per cent. margin or more.

THE METROPOLITAN STOCK EXCHANGE.
Room 2, Stock Exchange Building.
'Phones Main 4151, 4266.

Send for particulars.

Municipal, Railroad, Corporation } 4 p.c. to 6 p.c. **BONDS**

Selected for conservative investors.

THE DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION, Limited.
Canada Life Bldg., Montreal

BELANGER CASE COMES UP HERE

In the Court of Appeal this morning the Belanger conspiracy case, from Sherbrooke, came up for hearing. The Crown was represented by Mr. H. B. Brown, K. C., and Mr. C. C. Cabana, advocate, of Sherbrooke, and the defence was represented by Mr. L. E. Panneton, K. C., Sherbrooke, and Mr. J. A. Lane, advocate, Quebec. This is a case that has created a great deal of interest throughout the eastern townships, where the defendant is a well-known criminal lawyer. The facts in connection with the case are in substance as follows: In October, 1895, Mr. L. C. Belanger was the attorney for Zella Tremblay, and he made a demand on one Charles Bresse in her name for $2,000 damages for slander; also in the name of her father, for $2,000 damages, alleged to have been suffered by him in consequence of charges made against him by Bresse. When that demand was made on Bresse he was residing in North Stratford, N. H., and he employed Walter Drew notary, of the same place, to go to Sherbrooke and settle the matter. The latter called in James I. Parsons, solicitor, of North Strathford, to assist him in the settlement. The prosecution charged Belanger, Drew and Parsons with having conspired between them to get the $4,000 from Bresse and divide it among themselves. The evidence before the lower court sustained the prosecution in this charge and further that Zella Tremblay did not make this demand to settle the claim, neither did she receive the $4,000. The witnesses for the prosecution swore that when Drew returned from Sherbrooke he handed Bresse a receipt for $4,000, but that the receipt was lost during a fire in Bresse's house some years later.

The defence contended that only $2,000 was paid over, and they produced receipts bearing out this statement.

The jury accordingly returned a verdict of guilty.

The defence asked for a reserve case on several points, chief among them being that the grand jury was not properly sworn; that certain admissions made by Mr. Belanger before the counsel of the bar should not have been admitted at the trial; that the record of the preliminary trial should not have been handed to the grand jury; and that the foreman of the grand jury did not initial the names of the witnesses examined.

TORONTO COUNTERFEITER GETS FOUR YEAR SENTENCE

Toronto, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Stuart, the aged counterfeiter, was sentenced this morning to four years in Kingston Penitentiary.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Frank L. Clarke, of Victoria, B.C., who has been visiting friends in the Maritime Provinces, is the guest of Mrs. George H. Ham, 4123 Western Avenue.

Miss Birdie Smith, of St. Johns, Que., is spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. C. Howard Smith, The Sherbrooke.

Mrs. Robert Jack, of Chateauguay Basin, has returned home, having been the guest of Mrs. T. Pringle, 148 Bishop Street.

The Governor-General and Lady Minto have extended their patronage to the F. Stratford Dawson recital to be held in the Windsor Hall next Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Spooner, Tupper Street, entertained a number of friends on Saturday evening on the occasion of her son's, Mr. Bert Spooner, twenty-first birthday. A very enjoyable evening was spent. Mr. Spooner received a number of handsome presents.

Every subscriber who pays his subscription is entitled to a guess on the number of dots free of charge.

SUES THE CITY.

The jury trial in the suit of Dame Georgiana M. Mussen vs. the City of Montreal was commenced this morning in the Superior Court, Mr. Justice Fortin presiding, and Messrs. Busteed and Lane appearing for the plaintiff and Mr. Archambault for the defendant. The jury is asked to decide whether the plaintiff sustained injuries to the sidewalk on Prince Arthur Street in front of St. Martin's Church on May 25 last, and to assess the amount of the damages.

THE FUR SEASON

Is on now, and all rates are cut fine. The stock is large and the public are coming our way. No wonder. The largest store and largest stock. Ste. Marie, corner St. Catherine and Amherst Streets.—Advt.

GRACE DART HOME CONCERT.

There will be a concert in aid of the Grace Dart Home for the aged, in Association Hall, on November 28.

If you think you have counted the dots right, count them over again. They are very deceptive.

Provincial Bank OF CANADA.

Head Office: 9 Place D'Armes, Montreal
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Board of Censors—SIR ALEX. LACOSTE, President; HON. J. G. LAVIOLETTE, Vice-President.

Interest Paid on Deposits.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
MR. G. N. DUCHARME, President, Capitalist and ex-Mayor of Ste. Cunegonde of Montreal.
MR. G. B. BURLAND, Vice-President, President of the Lachine Rapids H. & L. Co., Ltd.
HON. LOUIS BEAUBIEN, Director, ex-Minister of Agriculture, Outremont.
MR. H. LAPORTE, Director, Wholesale Grocer, Alderman, and President of City Finance Committee.
MR. S. CARSLEY, Director of the S. Carsley Co., Ltd.
MR. TANCREDE BIENVENU, General Manager.
MR. A. B. HAMBLIN, Auditor.

WOULD HAVE CHAIRMEN MANAGE LIBRARY

Ald. Couture purposes asking that the committee of chairmen act as the management committee of the projected public library.

As at first drafted, the committee contained five members of the Finance Committee, a fact which aroused much opposition from other members of the Council. They suggested that the names of Ald. Giroux and Ald. L. A. Lapointe should be dropped, and two of the following substituted: Ald. Lamarche, Couture, Lavalle and Dagenais.

If no satisfactory understanding can be reached, Ald. Couture thinks an easy way out of the difficulty would be to give the charge of the library to a committee of the chairmen, nine in number—just what is required.

MARCHIONE TRIAL IS BEGUN AGAIN

The trial of Pietro Lepore for the murder of Albione Marchione, on the 4th of May last, was recommenced in the Court of King's Bench this morning.

It will be remembered that the case was commenced last term, but owing to the illness of one of the jurors had to be postponed and was eventually discontinued and left over until this term of the court.

Immediately previous to the adjournment of the court yesterday, Mr. Justice Hall announced that Mr. Justice Ouimet who had heard the case before, would preside at the trial also. Mr. Justice Ouimet therefore took his colleagues place on the bench this morning, and the selection of a French-speaking jury was proceeded with.

Mr. Rudolph Lemieux, K.C., M.P., was present to represent the Crown, and Mr. C. A. Wilson defended the prisoner.

THE PROSECUTION.

When twelve good men and true had been empanelled as a jury, Mr. Lemieux proceeded to outline the case. The Crown he said, would endeavor to prove that about four or five o'clock in the afternoon of May 4, the prisoner, Pietro Lepore, and another Italian named Pasquid Parisi, whom the police have been unable to locate, came to the house of Albione Marchione, 254 Cadieux Street; that Marchione's wife was lying sick in bed, and that another woman was also in the house.

Marchione had previously forbidden them ever to come to his house, and when he came in that afternoon and found them there he wanted to know what they were doing in his house. They replied that they had come to bring a letter for his wife from Italy. The explanation did not satisfy Marchione, and a row ensued, in which a bottle and lamp were thrown, and in the darkness Marchione was stabbed, it was alleged by the two.

Mrs. Marchione was still lying in bed in the next room when one of the children ran in to her saying "They've killed papa." The woman got up and going into the other room found her husband lying on the floor with two knife wounds in his side.

THE ACCUSATION.

Mr. Lemieux was about to repeat the victim's statement of how he met his death when Mr. Wilson objected.

The court, however, decided that while the prosecuting attorney was at liberty to give the substance of the dead man's statement, he was not at liberty to quote his words to the jury, as no regular dedemtem declaration had been made.

Mr. Lemieux then went on to say that when Mrs. Marchione had asked her husband who had stabbed he replied that it was Lepore and Parisi, and had repeated this statement several times before he died some three or four hours later.

MRS. MAHCHIONE TESTIFIES.

Mrs. Marchione, the widow of the murdered man, was then called to the box as the first witness.

Before her evidence was heard, however, Mr. Wilson asked that the other witnesses be excluded from the room.

The roll was, therefore, called, and a veritable cloud of witnesses, whose bronzed faces and gayly colored shawls marked them as children of sunny Italy, descended to the floor of the court room, and were wonderingly ushered out in the hall.

Mrs. Marchione then proceeded to give her evidence, with the help of Mr. G. M. Voglino, the official Italian interpreter. The witness described the house where the tragedy took place, and the events as related above. But when she came to tell what her husband had said to her, Mr. Wilson again objected, and Dr. Chartier had to be brought in to testify that the man had been sufficiently conscious for it to be possible for him to speak to his wife.

Dr. Chartier sworn, told how he had been called to the house about nine o'clock on the evening in question, and found Marchione in a dying condition, with two knife wounds in the left side of his body, one of them near the heart. The doctor had been compelled to go to his office for something and when he returned an hour and a half later, the man was dead. The witness had heard Marchione say something to his wife in Italian while he was present the first time. The dying man spoke with difficulty, but distinctly.

At the conclusion of Dr. Chartier's evidence the court adjourned for lunch.

ONTARIO HOCKEY CLUB.

The fifth annual meeting of the Ontario Hockey Club was held on Monday, November 17, and the following officers were elected:—

Hon. President—Samuel Robertson, sr., esq.
President—Mr. P. J. Brennan.
Vice-President—Geo. D. Gittus.
Secretary—Thomas Erskine, jr.
Treasurer—Alex. Peel.
Committee—W. Walker, H. Brignt, Geo. Wilson, J. Leblanc, and W. C. Howe.
Delegates—Messrs. P. J. Brennan and Geo. D. Gittus.

WANTS HEAVY DAMAGES.

Mr. A. A. McCallum et uxor, through their solicitors, Messrs. Atwater, Duclos & Chauvin, have brought action against the Montreal Street Railway for $7,000 damages for injuries received by Mrs. McCallum and her daughter through the falling of a trolley wire on St. Catherine Street, Westmount, on the fifth of July last. Both Mrs. McCallum and her daughter were severely burned, and Mrs. McCallum, who is still under the doctor's care, may never recover from the nervous shock received.

Easy money in counting or guessing the dots.

$9,247.75 DAMAGES.

In the Superior court this afternoon Mr. Justice Davidson rendered judgment on the report of experts in the case of S. T. Willett vs. the Chambly Manufacturing Company, awardin the plaintiff $9,247.75 damages for injuries caused to the plaintiff's factory, owing to flooding from the defendant's dam, and ordering the defendant to erect a crib in the river according to specifications mentioned in the judgment.

THE GOBEILLE CASE.

The preliminary investigation into the charge against Miss Virginie Gobeille of having caused the death of Mrs. R. G. Hall, by starving her, will begin tomorrow at 11 o'clock. Defendant's trial on the charge of causing the death of Mr. Frederick Bell, under the same circumstances, will also open in the Police Court to-morrow.

ALD. LAMARCHE'S SEAT.

The argument in the contestation of Ald. Lamarche's election was heard before Judge Langelier yesterday, and it is probable that judgment will be rendered before the end of the week.

Count the dots in this issue. Send in your answer with cash subscription as directed. It costs nothing to guess.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

AFTERNOON BOARD SALES.

100 Laurentide Pulp at 99¾.
50 Toledo Railway at 34.
10 Toledo Railway at 33.
75 Toledo Railway at 33.
25 Montreal Power at 94¼.
12 Montreal Power at 94¼.
50 Montreal Telegraph at 166.
12 Montreal Telegraph at 166.
50 Dominion Coal at 127¾.
50 Dominion Coal at 127¾.
25 Dominion Coal at 127½.
25 Canadian Pacific at 128.
100 Canadian Pacific at 128½.
10 Canadian Pacific at 128.
9 Molsons Bank at 215¾.
25 Dominion Steel pfd at 95.
50 Dominion Steel pfd at 95.
25 Street Railway at 276.
10 Dominion Steel at 54¾.
5 Dominion Steel at 54¾.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

By private wire to Mr. C. D. Monk, from J. S. Bache & Co.:—

DESCRIPTION.	Nov. 17 Op.	Nov. 17 Cl.	Nov. 18 Op.	Nov. 18 Cl.
Amalgamated Copper	55	55⅞	56	54¾
Am. Locom've com.	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
do do pref	93	92	92	91¾
Am. Sugar Rfg. Co.	115¼	117	117¾	117
do. do. pref	....	....	....	....
A Smelt'g & Ref Co.	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
Anaconda Mining Co	....	88	....	....
Atch., Top. & Sa. F	82	82¾	82½	82
do. do. pref	98¾	98¾	9?¾	97¾
Am. Car & Foundry	....	....	....	....
Baltimore and Ohio	99¾	99¼	99¼	98
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Brooklyn Rapid T	57¾	58¾	57⅞	58¼
Chic & Alton Com.	32	32¾	....	....
Canadian Pacific	129¼	129¾	129½	128
Canada Southern	....	....	....	....
Ches. & Ohio	44¾	45¼	45	44¾
Chic. Burl. & Quincy	....	....	....	....
Chicago & N Western	....	....	....	....
Chicago, R. I. & Pac.	....	....	....	....
Chicago, Mil. & St. P	173¾	172¾	173⅜	171
Colorado Southern	28¾	28½	....	28¾
do do 1 pref.	....	....	....	....
Consolidated Gas, N Y	214	214	213¾	211¾
Colorado Fuel & Iron	85¾	87	87¼	84¾
Cleveland C. C. & St. L	97	98	....	95½
Dela. Lack & West.	245	245	....	....
Delaware & Hudson	158	158¾	....	....
Denver & Rio G. pref.	....	98¾	89¾	39¾
Duluth S. Sh. & Alt.	....	....	....	17
do, do pref.	....	....	....	....
Detroit United Ry	....	....	....	....
Great Northern pfd.	....	....	....	178
General Electric	178½	179	....	....
Jersey Central	....	....	....	....
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	....
Iowa Cen. com	....	42	....	....
Kansas & Texas com.	25¾	....	26	25
Kansas & Texas pfd.	....	....	58	56½
Louisville & Nash	123¾	124½	124¼	122¾
Man. Elevated	134¾	136¾	139¾	142¾
Missouri Pacific	106¾	107¾	106⅝	105¾
Metropolitan Trac.	137¾	139¾	137	137¾
N. Y. Cen. & Hudson	149	150	149¼	149¾
Erie Railroad	34	35¾	34¾	33¾
do do, 1 pfd	64¾	64¾	64⅝	64⅝
do do, 11 pfd	....	47½	....	....
N. Y. Ontario & West	29¾	29⅝	29⅝	29¾
Norfolk & West com	70	69¾	....	69
Northern Sec	....	....	69½	....
Pacific Mail	....	....	....	....
Penn. R. R.	155¾	156¼	155¾	155
Pressed Steel Com	62¾	56¼	....	57¼
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Peoples Gas	....	100¾	100¼	99¾
Phil. & Reading	55	56⅝	56¼	55¾
do do 1 pref	85	86½	85½	85½
do do 11 pfd	71¾	72	....	....
Pullman	....	....	....	....
Southern Ry. com	32¼	33¾	32¼	32¾
do do pref	93	93¾	....	....
Southern Pacific	63	63¾	63¾	62¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	56¾	57	56	56
Texas Pacific	41¾	42¾	42¼	42¼
Twin City	....	....	....	....
U. S. Leather com.	12⅝	12¾	12⅝	12⅝
do do pref	88¾	88¾	....	....
U. S. Steel com	36¾	36¾	37	36½
do do pref	84¼	89¾	84⅞	84
U. S. Rubber, com	....	....	....	....
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Union Pacific, com	101	101	100¾	99¾
do do pref.	90¼	90	....	89¾
Wabash	30¾	30¼	30½	30⅜
do pref	43¾	44¼	43¾	44
Western Union Tel.	88½	89½	89	89
Wh'ling & Lake Erie	....	....	....	....
do pref	....	....	....	....
Wis Cen. com	24½	24¾	24¼	24
do pref	48½	48¾	....	48¾

Everyone should count the dots. See them to-day.

300,000 SUFFER FROM EYE DISEASE.

New York, Nov. 18.—A recent official investigation by the Board of Health in New York City disclosed the fact that twelve per cent of the school children of the city are suffering from trachoma, the scientific name for granular lids.

There were examined 55,470 children in thirty-six different schools, of whom 6,670 had this contagious eye disease. No fewer than 2,328 were suffering from the malady in its malignant form.

Taking the results of the examination of the school children as a basis for estimate, scientific men are of the opinion that at least 8 per cent. of the total population of New York is afflicted with granular lids—in round numbers, 300,000 people.

It is a very curious disease. It is as old almost as medicine itself, and yet little is really known about its causes, and until recently ignorance as to its cure was almost as profound. While oculists and physicians generally believe that it is due to a particular bacillus—largely because it is an accepted theory that all contagious diseases are due to microbes—every effort to isolate the trachoma bacillus has failed. No one has succeded in identifying it. No one knows what trachoma really is.

It is not a matter of sudden growth. The conditions that exist in New York are a development of many years, and so gradually has the disease spread that it might perhaps have gone on without attracting special attention for many years more had the Board of Health started upon an investigation.

It is the opinion of many who have looked into the matter that the epidemic of trachoma is largely attributable to the fact that immigrants from Europe suffering from the disease were freely admitted to this country for many years. There is no proof, however, that Europe has been chiefly responsible for the great number of cases of granular lids in New York. It is merely surmise, but this conviction is borne out to some extent by the fact that the schools in the districts where are found the largest number of immigrants have the greatest number of cases.

Eastern Consolidated Oil Co;

Has been advertised for months in all the leading dailies, Saturday issues. Stock is now $50 per 100 shares, and paying 2 per cent. monthly dividends. Parties wishing bought before the last rise in price, now needing their money, authorize me to sell, up to a thousand shares, at $35 per 100. At this price the dividends equal over 33 per cent. per annum. Who wants such a bargain as this? First come, first served. Write promptly or wire. Geo. K. Merton, Private Banker, St. Thomas, Ont.

"Cry War, War"

Until Canada for Canadians, Tariff for Tariff and Made in Canada means something.

THE CANADA METAL CO'S

Solder, Babbit, Lead Pipe, helps towards that end. One thought in all lines "PERFECTION".

WILLIAM STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

Imperial Bank OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP, - - - $2,868,933
REST ACCOUNT, - - - - 2,438

For Society or for Business

R. J. TOOKE'S

Perfect Fitting Shirts.

MR. MITCHELL IS A MOST WARY WITNESS

Strenuous Endeavors by Operators' Counsel to Trap Him Into Defence of Boycotts and Intimidation Are a Failure.

Scranton, Pa., November 18.—In the presence of as many persons as could be jammed into the Superior Court room yesterday, Wayne MacVeagh, of the Erie Company, and John Mitchell, for the miners, continued their brilliant battle of cross- examination before the Anthracite Coal Commission. The fourth demand of the union, which calls for a yearly trade agreement, and which means a struggle out recognition of the union, was the bone of contention, and although four hours were taken up in a discussion of the question, not much material progress was made. Mr. MacVeagh attempted to show the utter irresponsibility of the union and its unfitness to make contracts which it could not live up to. His principal argument was the alleged boycott, and he often hard-pressed the miners' president for an answer. The latter, however, slowly and deliberately gave some reply, but they did not always satisfy his inquisitor, who expressed his admiration of the ability of the witness. Mr. MacVeagh weighed heavily on what he said was a reign of terror in the anthracite region during the period of the strike, and with the assistance of many documents maintained that it would be utterly impracticable for the coal companies he represents to enter into agreements with an organization that could not control its own men.

Mr. Mitchell stoutly maintained that the discipline in the organization is as good as it possibly could be when 100,000 men were involved. He claimed that the strikers were not entirely responsible for the acts of lawlessness that were committed. He regretted that members of the union had in some instances violated the law, even after they had been warned to refrain from doing so, but made the excuse that in times of great excitement there was always more or less disorder.

In answer to questions he said that where there was a reign of terror, and h had no information that such was the case during the late strike, conditions arise that are "intolerable" or "unfortunate." Replying to specific instances pointed out to him by Mr. MacVeagh, where men had been deterred from going to work through fear of personal harm or social ostracism for themselves and families, Mr. Mitchell said that in some cases men may have been deterred, but denied the assertion that such alleged acts prevented the mines from being operated.

The miners' president could not be dragged into a flat admission that he, as president of the union, approved of the boycotts complained of by the companies.

During the cross-examination the commissioners often interrupted with questions in order to stop a long colloquy over some disputed point.

AS TO BOYCOTTS.

Mr. MacVeagh, seeking a direct answer to his queries regarding boycotts, asked Mr. Mitchell why he could not use his influence to put an end to boycotting and further intimidation of men, women and children, whose lives have been made unendurable. Mr. Mitchell responded that it was the very fathers and husbands of these people, who made their families' lives unendurable.

Mr. MacVeagh, drawing closer to where the witness sat, asked: "If such cases are shown you until you grow weary of them, as I will show you, will you then agree to take drastic, thorough-going, effectual measures to root it out as you would any other deadly, unmanly, un-American, cowardly practice?"

This question Mr. Mitchell answered by saying that people have a perfect right to do whatever they choose, provided they come within the law.

When asked if he countenanced the stoppage of funerals, the prevention of a physician atending a non-unionist, or any member of his family, Mr. Mitchell declared that he did not.

Mr. Mitchell was then handed a photograph of a young woman school teacher, who, it is alleged, was dismissed from her position because her father was a non-unionist. He asked if it was fair to rob her of her place on that account. Judge Gray repeated the question.

"As a general propositon," Mr. Mitchell replied, "I should say no. It is going to an extreme which no labor organization advocates."

At the beginning of the afternoon session Mr. MacVeagh again pressed Mr. Mitchell hard for a straight out expression on boycotts. The attorney read a list of names of fourteen men who were killed during the strike. Mr. Mitchell said that a number of these men were killed by coal and iron police, and that of the fourteen, ten did not belong to the union. A list of the seriously injured was also put in evidence by Mr. MacVeagh.

The commission adjourned until to-day.

MGR. FALCONIO'S FAREWELL.

Papal Delegate Leaves Ottawa To-Day for His New Post at Washington.—Knights of Columbus Presentation.

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—Mgr. Falconio was the guest of the Knights of Columbus last night, and was presented with a farewell address and a gold cross studded with diamonds. Visitors were present from Montreal, Kingston and elsewhere. His Excellency, in replying, eulogized the devotion of the Catholic laity, and pointed out that there was ample room in the Church for increased activity. Archbishop Duhamel was present. Mgr. Falconio will leave for Toronto to-day.

NOT TO FIGHT KABYLES.

Sultan of Tetuan Reported to Have Issued an Extraordinary Order.

Madrid, Nov. 18.—The latest news from Tetuan, Morocco, is that the Sultan has ordered the Pasha not to engage in hostilities against the rebellious Kabyles who recently attacked the inhabitants of Tetuan, after having plundered caravans, provided the rebels ceased blockading the roads, gave up the goods they had stolen, and liberated the prisoners.

U.S. WANTS NO TARIFF WAR.

Flat Denial from Washington of the Alleged Proposal to Raise Duty on Canadian Sawn Lumber.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The rumor to the effect that a proposition is afoot to levy a duty of $4 per thousand upon Canadian sawn lumber, must have found its origin in some threats of private American paper mill owners, because it is stated positively here that the Washington Government has given the subject no consideration so far. This Government does not propose to enter into a war of tariff retaliation with Canada without a better understanding than it now has of the issues involved in this wood pulp controversy. Moreover, it is the official view that the executive power in itself is insufficient to increase tariff rates upon Canadian products and that legislation in that direction must come from Congress.

WILL BE STRONGEST AFLOAT.

Two New Cunarders Will Carry Three Screws and More Motive Power Than Any Other Vessel.

London, Nov. 18.—It is expected that one of the two new fast Cunard steamships will be built on the Clyde, and one by Vickers, Sons & Maxim. Calculations by experts show that the horse-power necessary to produce the speed of 25 knots an hour will be greater than had been anticipated. It is likely that the boats will have three screws. They will be the largest vessels in the world in length, and will have the greatest power of any afloat.

ANOTHER CLUB FIRE.

A Slight Scorching Given the Building of the St. James' Club.

Yesterday the St. James Club was damaged by fire. The blaze was not by any means as serious as the one which drove the Mount Royal Club from its home a few months ago. It broke out in the afternoon and did not get an opportunity to develop. Smoke was noticed issuing from the roof of the building and an alarm was sent in. The firemen had a good deal of difficulty in finding the source of the smoke. By chopping a hole in the roof a small blaze which was rapidly gaining headway, was located between the ceiling of the billiard room and the roof. A couple of babcocks were all that were required to suppress it. The fire is believed to have been caused by electricity.

THE NEW OGILVIE ELEVATOR.

Winnipeg, Nov. 18.—The big elevator which the Ogilvie Milling Company is erecting at Winnipeg will be ready about December 1. Building operations are completed, and the next two weeks will be occupied with the installation of machinery. The elevator is one of the largest in the province. The Ogilvie Company reports that the deliveries of grain at the present time are very good, considering that there has not been enough snow to make hauling on sleighs possible. There is not likely to be any material change in the prices of grain till navigation closes, and then the price will depend very largely on the rates that the railroads will put into effect for the winter transportation.

ACCEPT FREIGHT FOR TEMISKAMING.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—The C.P.R. freight officials here have issued a circular directing agents to accept freight for Temiskaming points, and recalling their prohibitive circulars on this point dated October 23 and November 7.

Freight officials here state that there is such an enormous amount of freight moving generally that notwithstanding their increased equipment it will be impossible to handle all that will come forward when the Ontario crops begin to move, which they say is not yet the case.

LABOUCHERE WINS A LIBEL SUIT

London, Nov. 18.—The libel suit of Mr. Cowen, secretary of a club, against Henry Labouchere, the editor, and Mr. Voules, the publisher of Truth, was concluded yesterday after a trial which lasted eleven days. The jury returned a verdict in favor of the defendants, and assessed costs on Mr. Cowen. Mr. Cowen was the organizer and secretary of the Article Club. Merchants could obtain membership in this club by paying a certain amount of money for having their wares advertised in a paper called Commerce. Mr. Labouchere denounced the affair as a swindle.

U. S. WITHDRAWS FROM ISTHMUS.

Washington November 18. — The Navy Department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Casey, dated Panama, November 16:

"Colombian Government has to-day about five thousand men on line of railroad. More are expected daily. Gen. Perdamo expressed to me his ability to maintain a free transit. I have ordered withdrawn from Isthmus of Panama and embarkation of marines Tuesday next.

SIR W. VAN HORNE IN CUBA.

Havana, Nov. 18.—Sir William Van Horne and a party of railroad officials are going over the Cuba Central Railway with Government inspectors, preparatory to the opening of the line. At Santa Clara an ovation was given to Sir William. Speeches were made by the civil governor, the mayor and Sir William.

RELIEF SHIP FOR ANTARCTIC.

Wellington, N.Z., Nov. 18.—Yesterday the wooden steamship which was sent from England as a relief vessel for the Antarctic expedition steamship Discovery, arrived here to-day after an uneventful voyage. She proved herself a good sea boat. All on board are well.

SCHENECTADY BOYCOTT WILL BE CALLED OFF THIS EVENING

Schenectady, N.Y., Nov. 18.—Last night's developements indicate that to-night the Trades Assembly will possibly rescind the order boycotting the Schenectady Railway Company. Forty-two out of 305 members of the Trades Assembly have signed a petition for a meeting, the call expressly stating that the purpose is to reconsider the action taken last Wednesday night, when the boycott was declared. The request of only five members is needed to have a meeting called. President Jackson stated emphatically that the meeting would declare the boycott off. Later, after an exciting meeting of the boycott committee, he was not so emphatic, saying that it was possible such action would be taken. The sentiment of the members of many of the unions is so strongly against the boycott and its failure yesterday was so marked that there is great probability that a resolution to rescind will be carried.

A meeting of the boycott committee was held last night at which the men appointed to watch the cars reported that about 40 per cent. of the union men employed in the General Electric Works had refused to patronize the cars. This is a larger percentage than unprejudiced observers are inclined to allow, but the fact that the percentage was no larger obviously discouraged the leaders in the movement. They, however, explain it by saying that many do not know yet that a boycott exists. It was especially noticeable that when the General Electric Works closed at 6.30 o'clock the Albany cars were, as usual jammed to their fullest capacity by employes who live in Albany. A few business men refrained from riding on the cars, but the general public, which is not in sympathy with the boycott, paid no attention to it.

VALUE OF ALL-RED CABLE TO ALL-BRITISH NEWS SERVICE

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—Sir Sandford Fleming yesterday afternoon formally acknowledged the resolution recently adopted by the Board of Trade in recognition of his services in promoting the all-red cable to Australia. In his reply he spoke of the great value to Canada and the Empire of the completion of the cable, and concluded: I say the completion of the Pacific cable is in a high degree gratifying, as it renders possible in the near future the far greater achievements for which the Ottawa Board of Trade has done so much. I ask you, therefore, while thanking you most cordially for the resolution passed at the last meeting of the board, to receive from a humble member the congratulations to which as a board you are justly entitled.

"There is one purpose to which the newly-laid cable can be immediately applied with great public advantage. I refer to a complete news service by which, and through which, Canadians and Australians would become better acquainted. At present we know next to nothing of each other, and we never had an opportunity until now of acquiring much information of passing events, owing to the prohibitive telegraph charges levied by the Eastern Extension Company. It would be preposterous for the kindred people on opposite sides of the Pacific to remain in the dark any longer respecting each other's affairs, when a knowledge of them would tend to stimulate commercial activity, and in a thousand ways promote our common interest. A Government cable is now laid forming a direct telegraphic connection. We are in no way dependent on an odious monopoly with power to keep us in the dark by charging a high and prohibitive toll on our daily intercourse. The public cable should be employed in the public interest, and it is certainly in the public interest that we should immediately obtain a service which would daily exchange news on a general scale.

"I do not propose that the Government line should be worked at a loss. It is desirable that it should pay working expenses, but I am satisfied it can do that under a low tariff of charges; indeed, very much lower than now contemplated. The Pacific cable is a victory in the path of progress, and we would greatly err if we denied ourselves all the advantages which it offers."

COLUMBUS' ASHES REST AT LAST

Seville, Spain, Nov. 18.—The ceremony of depositing the ashes of Christopher Columbus in a special mausoleum was carried out in the cathedral here yesterday with befitting solemnity.

A GUARANTEED CURE

FOR ALL FORMS OF KIDNEY DISEASE

All retail Canadian druggists are authorized to give the following guarantee with every 50 cent bottle of Dr. Pettingill's Kidney-Wort Tablets, the only remedy in the world that positively cures all troubles arising from weak or diseased kidneys:—

"Money cheerfully returned if the sufferer is not relieved and improved after use of one bottle. Three to six bottles effect astonishing and permanent cures. If not relieved and cured, you waste no money."

If your druggist cannot supply Dr. Pettingill's Kidney-Wort Tablets, send money to Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 260 Mountain Street, Montreal, Que., and tablets will be sent post paid to your address, subject to above guarantee.

No matter what ails you, let us know.

Robinson's Universal Remedy

Will cure you. A famous old Doctor's Remedy.

821 CADIEUX STREET, Montreal.

Write for Particulars.

Christmas Presents

In Sterling Silver.

Berry Spoons, Cream Ladles, Pepper and Salt Cut Glass Sterling Tops, Cold Meat Forks, Sugar Spoons, Butter Knives, Napkin Rings, Tea and Coffee Spoons in Cases, Gents' Pocket Match Boxes, Ladies' Fancy Work Scissors, Manicure Articles at all prices.

Rich designs in Brush, Comb and Mirror Sets in nice satin lined cases. All the newest.

G. W. CLARKE & CO.,

2270 St. Catherine Street,

Near Victoria Street.



Is Good

It makes you Feel Good.

A pure and wholesome Spirit Beneficial to the Stomach and invaluable for Kidney or Bladder diseases.

DISTILLED, BOTTLED AND GUARANTEED BY

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., - - MONTREAL.



ALL THE NEWEST DESIGNS

And materials for the prevailing fashionable garments.

Our Dress and Frock Suits

Are unsurpassed for general excellency and finish, and now is the time to order the former for St. Andrew's Ball.

Hugh Ross
St James St
206

DOLLS At Paltry Prices.

Such reductions as these will let you buy two or three for the former price of one.

Were 15c & 25c — For 5c	Were 35c & 50c — For 15c
Were 60c & 75c — For 25c	Were $1 to $2.00 — For 45c

The assortment comprises Jointed, Kid Body, Dressed, Nigger, and Rag Dolls.

The G. A. Holland & Son Co.

A TROUSER HINT

If you need a pair of Trousers, read this. If you don't, read it anyway, you will need them some time. Robert Seath & Sons make Trousers as low as $4.00. They make them on individual lines to your personal measure. They make them to fit well and wear well. They possess style and individuality — what more need be said. Get your next pair of

Robt. Seath & Sons

Merchant Tailors,

1817 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

OUR CREDIT SYSETM

OF DOING BUSINESS

Has benefited thousands of Montreal's best citizens. Try it. We supply you with Carpets, Curtains, Parlor, Dining and Bedroom Furniture, Stoves, Ranges, Lamps, Dinner and Tea Sets, Oilcloth, Linoleums, Cot Beds, Pillows, Mattresses, etc., etc., at lowest prices, by paying a little cash down and the balance in small weekly or monthly payments, as agreed upon.

Metropolitan House Furnishing Co,

Complete House Furnishers, 1678 & 1680 Notre Dame.

Scroggie's

The Store That Sets the Pace.

We Have The Goods

Half assortments drive away trade. People won't waste time running where they can't get what they want.

Dozens of different stocks selling together to your advantage. Prices and qualities must be right, for old faces make the crowd. They come and come again.

Assortments are not only complete, but new lines are constantly being added. For instance, this is our first season for Boots and Shoes. You wouldn't know it, though business enough doing for an old-established store. Every desirable style is here, and prices are as low as we can afford.

Christmas Cards and Calendars for 1903.

We are now showing the most artistic assortment of Cards and Calendars in the city. Prices are arranged to meet your aproval.

Those desirous of sending remembrances to friends in Foreign Countries, would do well to note the dates below for latest mailing:

Mails for Europe closes at Montreal November 21, 25, 30.
Mail for South Africa closes at Montreal evening November 19th.
Mail for South Africa via New York November 26th.
Mail for China and Japan leave Vancouver December 1st.
Mail for the Australian colonies and Hawaii closes at Montreal, November 21st, leave San Francisco November 27th.
Mail for Australia and Fiji and Hawaii closes at Montreal December 7th and Vancouver, December 12th.
Mails leave New York for the following countries as follows:
November 20.—Brazil-Bahama Islands.
November 21.—Hayti, Venezuela, Curaco, Trinidad, British and Dutch Guiana.
November 22.—Porto Rico, Bermuda.
November 25.—Argentine Republic, Uruguay and Paraguay.
November 26th.—St. Kits, British, Dutch and French Guiana.
November 29th—Cuba.

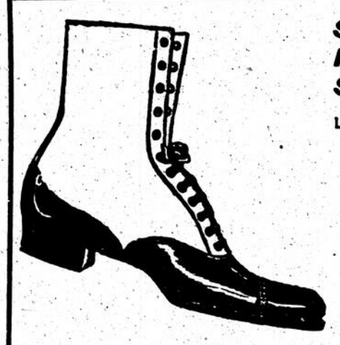
Ladies' Jackets

LADIES' THREE-QUARTER LENGTH BOX COATS, made of fine quality all wool gray frieze, with velvet collar, fly front, turn back cuffs and lined with mercerized Italian. Special 12.00

November Dress Goods Sale

44 inch. wide in Navy Blue and Black, extra heavy all wool Diagonal Serge. Worth 75c; November price ..... .55

54 INCH WIDE, FINE QUALITY OF MELTON CLOTH. Special for Ladies' Tailor-made Costumes, in a full range of colors, Navy, Brown, Drab, Green, etc. Worth 75c; November price ..... .55



Some $5.00 Boots For Ladies We Are Selling for $3.50

LADIES FINEST PATENT LEATHER BOOTS (Booth's Ideal Kidskin) lace or button styles made with smooth dull tops, Goodyear Welted Soles. Cuban or Military heels, widths B, C, D. & E. sizes 2 1-2 to 7; these and seven other styles of $5.00 shoes. We are selling at..... 3.50

Ladies' and Children's Rubbers

A COMPLETE STOCK OF RUBBERS, OVERSHOES AND FELT BOOTS AND SLIPPERS for ladies' and children's wear, now on hand, prices and styles to please.

Table Damask

A splendid assortment of Double Damask Table Linen, by the yard, Irish manufacture, Grass Bleached and guaranteed all pure Linen.

70 in. wide Fleur-de-Lys pattern per yard	$1.00
68 in. wide Tulip patterns, per yard	1.15
72 in. wide Fleur-de-Lys patterns per yard	1.25
68 in. wide Conventional design pattern, per yard	1.50
71 in. wide, Rose patterns, per yard	1.75

Elder Down Flannels

54 IN. WIDE FANCY EIDER DOWN FLANNELS, in all the newest designs and colors, suitable for Komonas, Ladies' Dressing Jackets and morning gowns. Special 1.00

Plain Cream Materials for Children's Mantles

52 IN. WIDE HEAVY CREAM EIDER DOWN FLANNEL Special ..... .89

54-IN. WIDE CREAM HEAVY BLANKET CLOTH. Special 1.00

54-INCH WIDE BEST QUALITY CREAM BEARSKIN. Special 2.55

Boys' Blanket Coats

Made of Blue Black Blanket Cloth, with Capots, lined in Blue Flannel, Coat lined with check tweed. Very special. 3.85

Special In Furs

ELECTRIC SEAL FUR STORM COLLAR, trimmed with Black Astrachan. Special 2.98

ELECTRIC SEAL FUR SCARF, 2 yards long, finished with four tails at each end. Special 4.50

Special Hints in Grocery Dept.

10 lbs. Spanish Onions	
1-lb. Caddie OZO Black Tea	
5 lbs. Good Rice	
5 lbs. West India Pure Cane Sugar	
2 lbs. Best Pulled Natural Figs	
4 lbs. Pudding Raisins	
6 lbs. Best Pearl Tapioca	.22
1 dozen Best Limed Eggs	

Scroggie

St. Catherine and University Sts.

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