

The Weather.
Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf:—
Light snowfalls and colder.

ESTABLISHED 1764.

THE PHILIPPINES

Not Yet Conquered—Severe
Fighting Still the Order
of the Day

Manila, March 9.—An important action between the American forces and hostile Moros took place near Jolo. Fifteen enlisted men were killed, a commissioned officer was wounded, 14 enlisted men were wounded and a naval contingent operating with the military sustained 32 casualties. The Moros lost six hundred killed.

Washington, March 9.—Not because of the casualties among the American forces engaged, though they were more numerous than in any battle in the Philippines for several years past, but rather because of the extraordinary number of natives killed, the news of the battle of Mount Dajo was received at the War Department (and the Navy Department as well for the blue-jackets were in the thick of the fighting) with intense interest. The first authentic news of the battle came through the Associated Press reports, though at the same time the cipher experts of the War Department were busily engaged in translating a long report which had come direct from Manila by cable. This message was from Col. Andrews, the military secretary at army headquarters at Manila, who had received his data by inter-island cable from Zamboanga, where the commander-in-chief of the Philippine division, Major-General Leonard Wood, happened to be. Secretary Taft was at a cabinet meeting when the official cablegram was deciphered and a copy of it was sent at once to the executive offices and the President and members of the cabinet listened with keenest interest to its reading by Secretary Taft.

The cable between Jolo and Mindanao is broken and there is only a launch service between the two islands. Consequently further details of the recent battle on Mount Dajo are not obtainable, but the military authorities are endeavoring to obtain them speedily. Apparently there will be no more fighting on the island of Jolo.

On the island of Mindanao federal troops and most of the constabulary are pursuing hostile Moros and probably some unimportant engagements will follow. Advice on hand show that the attack on Mount Dajo was a notable one. Major-General Wood directed Col. Jos. W. Duncan to attack the Moros in the crater and kill or capture them. This was accomplished after repeated demands to surrender. Six hundred Moros were killed. It is believed that no prisoners were taken. The attack was made under the most hazardous circumstances. Starting early in the afternoon of March 6th the assailants climbed for a distance of 3,100 feet up a lava cone, the thickly wooded ridges of which furnished the only foothold. The last 500 feet of the ascent was at an average angle of 60 degrees and the last 50 feet almost perpendicular. At the top were 600 fanatical Moros armed with rifles and knives and supported by native artillery. The fortified crater was almost invisible and seemingly inaccessible. At the word of command, the troops rushed into the crater and a hand-to-hand encounter followed. A complete list of casualties has not yet been made up.

Discussing the engagement, Secretary of War Taft to-day said: "Gen. Wood appears to have been there by accident, or rather without idea of what was going to happen. I had a cablegram from him, saying there were some matters calling him into the southern islands, but he would not be out of reach of the cable and I suppose when he got there he found the trouble on Gen. Bliss, who as commander of the department of Mindanao, exercised military jurisdiction over the Jolo group, was probably already at Zamboanga when Gen. Wood arrived there on his trip of inspection. Here is Wood's cablegram:—Manila, Feb. 26.—Leaving for Zamboanga, be absent 8 days. Civil and military business preparatory to turning over duties as Governor of Moro province. Shall be constantly in cable communication." This data relative to Gen. Wood's movement was produced by the Secretary in response to a suggestion that possibly Gen. Wood may have gone to Jolo to organize a punitive expedition against the Moros in the mountain fastnesses who had held out for the two years against the American forces.

Manila, March 9.—An account of the fight near Jolo, states that 600 outlaw Moros were killed in the crater of the precipitous volcano, five miles from Jolo. The Americans lost 8 killed and 52 men wounded, including Capt. Rivers of the Fourth Cavalry; Lieut. Agnew and Kagnews of the Sixth Infantry; Lieut. Gordon Johnson of the signal corps; Ensign Cooke, commanding the Panipanga, and Capt. White of the constabulary. The attack was under the immediate command of Col. Duncan of the Sixth Infantry. The fighting lasted two days among the lava ridges which had been strongly fortified by the Moros. Artillery had to be hoisted by means of ropes up the last 500 feet at an angle of 60 degrees. General Wood highly commends the work of the troops.

The Root of a Corn

Is thoroughly removed by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No scar left, no pain, for Putnam's is purely vegetable and contains no caustics. Use only Putnam's Corn Extractor.

FREMY'S
THE ORIGINAL
CHERRY WHISKY
LIQUEUR.

RAW, YOUNG & CO., Montreal, Agents for Canada and Newfoundland.

The Quebec Chronicle.

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1906.

ONE CENT.

Temperatures.

Temperature registered at Quebec Observatory:—Maximum, 33; minimum, 22.

FIELDING'S NAME

WAS STRUCK OFF

Minister Not Qualified to Vote
in Halifax

LIBERALS PUT UP A FIGHT

Shown He Was Neither Assessed Nor
Resident—Wrongfully on Lists
for Seven Years.

Halifax, March 9.—The registrar of voters held court yesterday to consider applications to strike names off the Dominion and Provincial electoral lists for Halifax. There were 270 applications to strike off, of which 200 were put in by the Liberal-Conservatives. One of these referred to the name of Hon. W. Fielding, and the ground was that he was not assessed and had not been a resident of the city for one year.

The Liberals opposed this, attempting to show that he was a ratepayer and had been in Halifax more or less as a resident. It was shown, however, to the satisfaction of the registrar that Mr. Fielding's name should come off, and it was struck out. The Conservatives claimed that it should have come off seven years ago.

MISS ANTHONY BETTER.

Rochester, N.Y., March 9.—Miss Susan B. Anthony's condition is improved to-night. She is stronger than she was yesterday and has taken considerable nourishment. Her friends feel much more hopeful of her recovery.

GUILTY OF MURDER.

Dayton, Ohio, March 9.—The jury in the case of Dr. Oliver C. Haugh, accused of the murder of his father, mother and brother, and the destruction of their home by fire to conceal the crime, to-night found him guilty of murder in the first degree. An appeal will be taken.

A COSTLY BLAZE.

San Francisco, March 9.—A five-story stone building at 321 Sansome street was partly destroyed by fire to-night. It was occupied by Cunningham, Curtis and Welch, wholesale stationers, the Union Lithograph Co. and the Louis Roesch Printing Company, all of which suffered heavily. The loss is \$800,000.

MURDERED HER SISTER.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—Mrs. Ed. M. Standifer, aged 25 years, to-day shot and killed her sister, Miss Chappell Whisenant, aged 18, alleging she was actuated by her husband's attention to her victim. Miss Whisenant was to have been married next Wednesday. Mrs. Standifer went early to-day to the home of her brother-in-law, where Miss Whisenant resided, and entered her sleeping room. Four shots were heard, and Miss Whisenant fell wounded just above the heart and in other vital spots. She died half an hour later. With her having spoken Mrs. Standifer went to her home, telephoned to her brother-in-law's home, asking if Miss Whisenant was dead. Being informed that she had died, Mrs. Standifer expressed no regret for her act and said she would surrender to the police. She was arrested later. During the day she conversed freely, declaring that she had "avenged her outraged womanhood." Mr. Standifer also was held by the police.

MAY COMPROMISE

Deadlock Between France and
Germany Likely to be
Broken.

Algiers, March 1.—Expressions by the French and German delegates to the conference on Moroccan reforms to-night give the impression that a compromise on the points hitherto deadlocked may be reached to-morrow. The German delegates have now moved from the hitherto rigid standpoint which they have maintained relative to the Moroccan bank, declaring their readiness to grant to French subscribers to the existing loan two shares of the capital of the bank instead of one share at first. The French delegates, though outwardly determined not to reduce their demand for four shares, appear inclined to accept the German offer, but in return expect the Germans to meet with concessions in the matter of the police. France will not agree to the scheme of allotting certain points to France and Spain, according to the appointment of a commander who is not French, but is willing to consent to the appointment of an inspector from a neutral nation who shall not have command of the police. The bank question will come up first to-morrow. The indications point to mutual concessions, and in the event of their realization a discussion of the police question will proceed with great chances of an agreement being reached.

London, March 10.—An authorized announcement of the engagement of Wm. Waldorf Astor, Jr., and Mrs. Nannie Langhorne Shaw, appears in the Morning Post to-day.

INSURANCE AFFAIRS

Now Occupies the Attention
of the New York
Legislature.

Albany, N.Y., March 9.—For many dreary hours to-day until nearly midnight, the joint special legislative insurance investigating committee listened to arguments of insurance presidents, actuaries and agents against some of the most important and far reaching provisions of the bills amending the state insurance law and embodying the recommendations of that committee as the results of its protracted and sensational investigation of the conditions of the life insurance business in this state. The hearing was in striking contrast with the investigation itself and was a marked disappointment to those who had expected either a bitter onslaught upon the bills or an occasion of sensational utterances. With few exceptions the speeches were of an extremely technical character, intelligible only to trained insurance men, or to the members of the committee made familiar during the long investigating with the vocabulary of the life insurance profession. The audience which packed the floor and galleries of the badly ventilated assembly chamber to the point almost of suffocation, was made up of the very large delegations of insurance agents from all over the State, who came pouring into the city during the day on special and regular trains, of members of the legislature and of newspaper men. An interesting feature of the hearing was the presence of three new presidents of the "Big Three" life companies of New York, Paul Morton, ex-secretary of the navy, who succeeded Jas. W. Alexander at the head of the Equitable; Alexander E. Orr, successor to the late John A. McCull, as president of the New York Life, and Chas. A. Peabody, successor to Richard A. McCurdy, as president of the Mutual Life. All three spoke briefly, President Morton filing a written communication, one of the principal subjects of which was proposed restrictions upon the investments of life insurance companies. Former Lieut.-Governor Timothy Woodruff, recently elected president of the Provident Savings Life, marshaled the forces in opposition to the main provisions of the bills and introduced the speakers. The bulk of the time was taken up by the actuaries, who endeavored by liberal quotations of intricate figures to show the committee that the actuarial deductions on which some of its conclusions were based were erroneous. All agreed in the assertion that the adoption of the main proposed restrictions upon business, investments, commissions, and cost of new and renewal business would work great damage to the companies and probably drive many foreign companies out of the state. There was little reference to the more sensational disclosures of the insurance investigation and no opposition to the recommendations designed to stop and prevent corrupt practices, campaign contributions and the like. President Morton opened the attack on the bills and Wm. B. Hornblower of New York, summed up at a late hour to-night.

The hearing was adjourned at about 11:30 p.m. until next Thursday at 2 p.m. when it will be resumed and continued Friday, as long as may be necessary. Several subjects were scarcely touched upon to-day, including those of mutualization, the proposed legislation out of office of the boards of trustees, of the Mutual Companies, the retirement of cash stock companies and the proposed penal code amendments aimed at corrupt practices. At the hearing next week Samuel Undermyer is expected to speak especially on mutualization. There was some talk of an appearance of Thomas W. Lawson of Boston, but nothing has been heard from him officially.

WALLACE M'CRAW ON TRIAL.

Three Rivers, March 9.—Arthur Chaudonnet was again in the box to-day as a witness for the crown in the case against Wallace M'Craw for the murder of Percy Selater. He continued his story of what happened at the Selater homestead after the body of himself and the accused sitting alone together in the kitchen and of M'Craw saying to him: "There's only had been disposed of, and told one more to kill for us to be free." On the afternoon of the day Selater was killed Chaudonnet overheard M'Craw ask Mrs. Selater of the "thing was ready," and saw her answer by a wink, at the same time raising her hands. Witness had never seen M'Craw and Selater quarrel, but he had heard M'Craw say once that he had struck Selater for repeatedly asking him to go out wood in wet weather. Of the dead man witness said that he was a good fellow, quiet and peaceable. In the cross-examination it was brought out that when M'Craw had made the statement about killing Selater and marrying his wife, the two were joking about the woman and marriage and witness did not pay much attention to the words. Neither did he attach any importance to M'Craw's other declaration that he hated Selater enough to kill him. He had forgotten these words until the murder brought them back to his mind.

THE CHINESE CRISIS.

London, March 10.—According to the correspondent at Peking of the Tribune the Chinese crisis is entering upon a constitutional phase. Yuan Shi Kai, the correspondent says, commands all the approaches to Peking and yesterday dispatched by train the 7th army division to Shuntetu. His son commands the army outside the wall opposing the bandits. The dispatch adds that the Emperor and Empress Dowager will proceed to the summer palace six weeks hence. Gen. T'ieh Ling, President of the Board of War, will protect the palace with 5,000 men. The feeling in court circles now is much less nervous.

Los Angeles, March 9.—The fight between Jack "Twin" Sullivan and Hugo Welly to-night was declared a draw at the end of the 20th round.

STRAIGHT TO THE POINT.



YOU don't often see such a collection of money-saving opportunities as this—and when you do see one, you don't need to be told twice to act quickly. The enormous shipments of new spring goods are responsible for these prices—we simply must make room for them and this is the quickest way we know of. Every day brings us nearer to the great Spring Opening—every department is putting forth an extra effort to make this year's opening the best ever—and every customer who enters the store emerges with the firm conviction that at Paquet's the values are simply irresistible. And this is merely the result of careful buying. The volume of our orders enables us to secure the lowest possible prices from manufacturers everywhere—and our regular prices are always the lowest for goods of reliable quality. Our buyers are always on the lookout for special bargains too, and our customers invariably share the profits of these transactions with us. So when we call this an unusually attractive list you may readily understand what makes it so.

Men's Oxford Tailoring.

FOR one week only, commencing Friday, March 9th, you may have a smart and stylish suit to order from your choice of a large assortment of pure, long wool English and Scotch Tweeds. These are this season's newest arrivals. They come in all the popular shades of brown and grey with neat checks and fancy invisible overplaid. The regular price is \$14.00. As a special inducement, to popularize this department with men of discernment and taste, we will reduce the price to... **\$13.75**

SENSATIONAL SHIRT SALE.

MEN'S and boys' colored shirts, neat designs in white, grey, blue and tan grounds with fancy stripes and figures in black, green and red—soft bosoms, cuffs attached or separate—some with collars attached. These are all high-grade shirts which would be remarkably cheap at 50c. each. The boy's sizes run from 12 to 13½ and the men's from 14 to 16. Just 50 dozen... **34c** in the lot. Your choice while they last, each...

WHO WILL BE THE LUCKY ONE?

HAVE you seen the magnificent combination sideboard and china cabinet with bent glass doors and large bevel plate mirror, now on exhibition in the special furniture window? This is daily attracting crowds of interested spectators. The regular value is \$110.00. On Monday it dropped to \$100.00 and every day takes \$5.00 off the price until it reaches \$0.00—if someone doesn't snap it up in the meantime. The price on Friday is \$80.00—on Saturday the black hand will point to... **\$75.00**

The Problem of House Decoration.

PERHAPS this has worried you of late—perhaps you are at a loss to know just what to do with those somber walls? Let us help you solve the problem. Our new stock of wall paper is now ready for your selection. It will pay you to see it before purchasing. The new designs are positively refreshing—and then there are so many handsome floral patterns, with 9 or 18 inch borders according to the size of the pattern, that you will be sure to find the very thing you're looking for. If you don't find it for 3c. a roll, you will find it in some of the more elaborate papers gradually ascending the price scale until they reach 40c.



A Rare Opportunity in Ladies' Kid Gloves.

TEN days only, ladies' fine glace kid gloves the famous Fowne's and Perrin's makes, sizes 5½, 6, 7, 7½ and 8, colors rose, heliotrope, white edged with green, mauve, purple, black and white, two dome fasteners or laced, very neat and of exceptional quality. The regular prices of these gloves are 75c. and \$1.00 per pair, but as the sizes are not complete we have decided to clear them at such an irresistibly attractive price that every woman of taste will find it well worth while to be on hand. As the quantity is so limited we will not sell more than one pair to each purchaser at the special price of... **25c**

Economies in the Basement.

THE very atmosphere down here is charged with economy—bargains meet your eye at every turn. In the China Department you will find a large assortment of fancy bric-a-brac, newly received from the world's best manufacturers—fancy pottery of unique design—handsome urns and jardinières. In the Silverware Department, you cannot fail to be charmed with the high quality and surprisingly low prices—and in the Tinware Department the following special prices will be in evidence:—

Wire Rests for heating over chimney, heavy copper wire, regular price 7c. Special... **5c**

Coat Hangers, heavy copper wire, regular price 5c. Special, 3 for... **10c**

Tack Hammers, regular price 12c. Special... **9c**

THE GREAT

Departmental Stores,

Z. PAQUET,

157-173 Joseph St.,
QUEBEC.

Hatchets, good strong heads, short handles, regular price 10c. Special... **7c**

Wire Glass Holders, regular price 10c. Special... **7c**

Blanc Mange Moulds. Special 10c., 15c., 25c., 35c., 40c., 50c., 60c. and **70c**

SPRING IMPORTS

Dress Department

Voile,
Eolienne,
Crepe de Chine,
Grenadines,
Amazon Cloth,
Chiffons.

Gents Furnishings

Tweeds,
Collars,
Ties, Etc., Etc.

CARPET DEPARTMENT

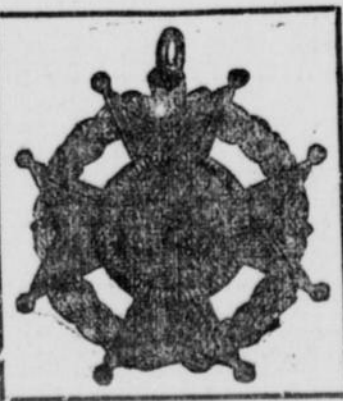
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Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it beat off good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. Ask your own doctor about taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for this, impure blood. We have no equal. See page 2, C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Quebec Chronicle

QUEBEC, MARCH 10, 1906.

THE SALARY GRAB.

The addition of five new appointees to the Liberal Government to the Dominion Senate with the prospect of five more to come may possibly have been too much for the equanimity of Senator Miller and suggested to him the advisability of making preparations for getting out of the cold, or it may be that he is horrified at the iniquity of the leader of the Opposition to the salary grab, hopeless though it would have been to oppose it, but we doubt whether it was the latter reason that induced him to abjure the leadership of Mr. Borden and blossom out as an independent Conservative after the fashion set some time ago by the Hon. John Costigan, because we have not heard that Mr. Miller has shown any signs of renouncing his own little senatorial peculium at the same time. From the taxpayers' point of view the increase of legislative salaries was a totally indefensible grab, but the legislators themselves might plead that it was laboriously earned, and certainly so far as talking in the Commons, and taking vacations in the Senate may be called work worthy of remuneration, the plea is not without some foundation.

The curious thing about this matter is that while the Dominion and Senator Miller are scandalized at the increase of \$1,000 a year to the sessional indemnity, the British Parliament has, for the first time put itself on record in favor of an annual allowance to the members of the House of Commons, and has actually carried a resolution that they should receive \$1,500 a year by a majority of 238. We observe therefore that whilst the people of Canada have been carrying out against a salary grab of \$1,000 per annum, the people of Great Britain view with approval a salary grab of \$1,500. And we further observe that there was no question of remuneration to the House of Lords for its services, from which we conclude that there should be nothing paid to the corresponding body here, the Dominion Senate, for what it does, which consists principally of adjourning for greater or less periods; and the third, and most interesting matter for observation is the way in which the Government of Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman has dealt with the British salary grab.

This is very instructive, and forms a British precedent which Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who is enamored of British precedents, might follow with beneficial results. We do not learn from the despatch, which we publish elsewhere, whether the Opposition, as a body, was participants criminis in the salary grab, but that matters little; the Government, figuratively speaking, patted the House on the back, as governments generally do with delegations that call on them with some request or other, professed the profoundest admiration of the principle involved in the resolution, and then quietly declined to put it in practice. It had no money, the Government said, for any such philanthropic move, what it had was all wanted for more important purposes, and so the resolution must remain a brutum fulmen for the present. Now here was the will of the people emphatically expressed, as emphatically as a majority of over one-third of the whole House could do so, and yet the Government did not bow the least little bit. It is true that it put in the plea of non possumus, and alleged

"IT'S ONLY A COLD, A TRIFLING COUGH"

Thousands have said this when they caught cold. Thousands have neglected to cure the cold. Thousands have filled a Consumptive's grave through neglect. Never neglect a cough or cold. It can have but one result. It leaves the throat or lungs, or both, affected.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

is the medicine you need. It strikes at the very foundation of all throat or lung complaints, relieving or curing Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Sore Throat, and preventing Pneumonia and Consumption.

It has stood the test for many years, and is now more generally used than ever. It contains all the lung healing virtues of the pine tree combined with Wild Cherry Bark and other pectoral remedies. It stimulates the weakened bronchial organs, allays irritation and subdues inflammation, soothes and heals the irritated parts, loosens the phlegm and mucous, and aids nature to easily dislodge the morbid accumulations. Don't be humbugged into accepting an imitation of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. It is put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark, and price 25 cts.

Mr. Julian J. LeBlanc, Belle Cote, N.S., writes: "I was troubled with a bad cold and severe cough, which assumed such an attitude as to keep me confined to my home. I tried several remedies advertised but they were of no avail. As a last resort I tried Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and one bottle cured me completely."

that it was the power and not the will that was lacking, but at the same time it established the principle that it is the duty of the Government to see that the funds of the people are not extravagantly applied, and not only to resist the House when it contemplates such a step, but to refuse to carry out its will when it has taken it, and in doing so, it deserves the approbation of all lovers of good and honest government. The corollary to this proposition is that it was neither Mr. Borden who failed to oppose, nor the members who did not fail to propose the salary grab, but the Government which gave the vote effect that are the ones really to blame. In view of the many obligations of the Dominion now incurred the Laurier Government has no more money to spare for increase of salary purposes than the Campbell-Bannerman Government has.

Yet the latter is not unwilling to afford some measure of relief, which, indeed, has become necessary, since the working classes are now preparing to take an active part in the government of the country. It is believed, says the despatch, that the Government will shortly introduce a bill to throw official election expenses on the public purse. It will be instructive to note the provisions of such a bill if it is introduced, and to consider how far they could be made applicable to Canada. In conjunction with the provisions of the British elections act they might render impossible the bribery and corruption which is in vogue here.

RAILWAY MOTOR CARS.

Among the latest proposals in the railway world is to have motor cars to transport passengers on branch roads where the traffic is so light that the use of the ordinary locomotive is a piece of extravagant loss, but where, for several reasons, the railway companies cannot abandon the service. This predicament is found both at home and abroad, and after much consideration the employment of motor cars is thought the best way to meet the difficulty. The only question is, What is the kind of motor car to use? Four kinds have recently been tried, but as yet engineers are not agreed as to which is the best. Some on the continent of Europe show a preference for the storage battery, while in Britain the liking is for small steam engines. In this country, again, they are experimenting with gasoline engines and also with a combination of gasoline, dynamo and electric motor car. Regarding this combination three different ways of making it have been proposed. It is thought that the steam motor will ultimately be adopted, though as yet it has not proved very successful in Britain. Its chief fault, however, is attributed to the boiler used, and it is thought that a steam car equipped with a "flash" boiler would prove successful. Experiments are to be made with it forthwith. There is good reason to hope that a railway steam automobile coach can be designed which will meet the circumstances, and which will also supply the necessary speed.

ONTARIO'S SUBSTITUTE FOR COAL.

Ontario's known resources, prodigious as they are, have scarcely been so widely and persistently advertised as the fact that, so far, no coal deposits have been uncovered in the province. Agents who have been sent here by capitalists in Britain, Europe and the United States to look into the conditions for the conduct of this or that department of manufacturing industry usually put strong emphasis on our lack of coal. Economists who do us the honor to write articles about us for the magazines or newspapers of other countries treat our raw materials almost as naught because no trace of coal, save some lignite seams, has ever been found in Ontario. Nobody else, however, has done quite so much to spread the reputation of Ontario for lack of coal as have the free traders of this country, and especially those free traders who would make Canada an industrial and commercial dependency of the United States in particular. These always argued, and gave the widest publicity to their contention, that it could not be as profitable for coalless Ontario to produce articles of manufacture as to buy them from the richly-gifted coal States of the American Union. And in the United States Congress the remark has often been made in times of tariff revision that geologists give Ontario no encouragement to believe that coal will ever be discovered within its territories. Of course, all this does not convince us that it is useless to keep on looking for coal veins, and some prospector may stumble upon good ones yet.

A resource, however, which Ontario does possess in abundance, and which there is no need to ransack the bowels of the earth to find, is water-power. This may turn out to be of more value than extensive coal areas. In at least one use it gives fair promise of doing so. The province has

large deposits of iron ore. Were there a field of good coking coal in the vicinity of the best of these, iron and steel could be produced there at a cost not exceeding that at which these products are made in the United States. But there is a strong probability that, even without coal, we shall be able to make iron and steel for less than our neighbors are paying. We are likely to do more economically by means of water-power than what the United States iron and steel makers are doing by means of coal. If the Sault Ste. Marie experiment in the manufacture of pig iron and steel has been as successful as it is reported to have been, then cheap water-power is a much more advantageous instrumentality for the making of iron and steel than is coal. As a matter of fact, if coke were employed it would be impossible to utilize for steel-making purposes the highly sulphurous magnetite ores on which the Sault Ste. Marie furnace has been experimenting. If it is a fact that from these ores the electrical process has produced high-grade steel at a lower cost than a product of equal quality can be produced for in the Bessemer converters and open hearts of Pittsburgh, then the application of water-power to steel-making has a valuable advantage over the use of coal in the same art—it gives us cheaper steel, and it confers on great bodies of our ore deposits a value of enormous importance. If the process has proved the success it has been represented to be, our deposits of low-grade iron ore have been made almost as valuable as if they were hematite, and as if they were adjacent to coal fields of our own.

WHAT CONSERVATIVES DID.

The Conservatives in Opposition at Ottawa are doing good work for the country. There are two evidences of this in the speech from the throne at the opening of Parliament. It was announced that a treaty had been concluded by Great Britain on behalf of Canada with Japan which is expected to largely increase the trade of this country with the Orient. In 1896 Canada had an opportunity to be included in the scope of Great Britain's trade treaty with Japan, but it was not taken advantage of. For nine years, and though subsidies were being paid to steamship lines, and though Mr. Fisher spent much money on a Japanese exhibition, and though the Government has a minister of trade and commerce to look after such things, it never struck any of the ministers that it would be well to get for Canada a favored nation treatment in the most progressive and nearest of Asiatic countries. Last session Mr. Barker, the Conservative member for Hamilton, drew attention to the situation and to the fact that under it Canadians were at a disadvantage compared with manufacturers in the United States, who had a Government that did not need to be awakened up to look after national interests. Thus spurred, the Government moved, and the rest seems to have been easy. It was Mr. Borden who suggested that if the fiscal year was made to end with March instead of June, the departmental reports and other work could be got ready in such time that Parliament could be called early in the winter and the long summer sessions could be avoided. The Governor-General's speech announces that it has been decided to act on this suggestion.

It would be better if the men of ideas were directing the Government from within instead of trying to move it from the Opposition side of the House of Commons.

CONSUMPTION OF LUMBER.

Winnipeg, March 9.—The Crown timber office here has issued interesting statistics showing the amount of lumber consumed in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, based on reliable information, which assures that the figures are approximately correct. The total aggregates 379,901,159 feet, of which 37,015,821 feet were imported from the United States. 116,000,000 feet were brought from British Columbia, and 82,000,000 feet from New Ontario. There was an increase of nearly 38,000,000 feet over the preceding year.

INDEMNITY OF \$1,500 A YEAR.

London, March 8.—The house of commons, after a discussion occupying the whole of the evening session, carried by a majority of 235, the motion introduced by the capitalist Liberal, William Hesketh, Leveson Gower, in favor of payment to members of parliament of \$1,500 yearly. Premier Campbell-Bannerman spoke cordially in favor of the principle of the payment of members, but said the government had neither the time nor money to carry it into effect. For the reason given the premier explained, no legislative effect will be given Mr. Leveson's motion.

The great accession of Labor members to the house of commons has made the matter of payment a pressing one, many of the members contending that there ought to be some allowance towards defraying the heavy expenses in connection with the position of members. It is believed the government will shortly introduce a bill to throw official election expenses on the public purse, leaving the question of payment of members of some future session of parliament.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. It cleans the urethra, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh of the Bladder. Free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

FOOD OR STIMULANT.

Ask your doctor if when he orders a patient to drink lots of pure milk he advises the addition of a large quantity of whiskey. He'll tell you "no" very emphatically. Yet there are people who, when ordered to get Scott's Emulsion, will accept some wine, cordial or extract of cod liver oil and think it is the same thing or better. If you want and need cod liver oil in its best, purest and most easily digested form, get Scott's Emulsion. If you want whiskey, that's another matter, but don't look for the same results.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

FIVE NEW SENATORS

Named and Still Five Vacancies To Be Filled.

Ottawa, March 8.—Five new Senators have been appointed. They are Robert Jaffray, of Toronto, president of the Toronto Globe Newspaper Company; Dr. Douglas, ex-M.P., East Assiniboia, Saskatchewan; Peter Talbot, M.P., Strathcona, Dr. Devober, of Lethbridge, and Dr. Philip Roy, of Edmonton.

This fills all the vacancies in Ontario, Alberta and Saskatchewan. By the Act of 1892 four new Senators were given to Saskatchewan and Alberta, making four in each. There were three in Saskatchewan, Senators Perley, Ross and Davis, and Dr. Douglas makes the fourth. There was only one, Senator Loughheed, in Saskatchewan, and therefore it was entitled to three more.

They are already said, Senators Talbot, Devober and Mr. Roy. Mr. Talbot was a member of the House of Commons and Dr. Devober was a member of the Alberta Government, without portfolio. Dr. Roy practices his profession in Edmonton.

There are still five vacancies. In the British Columbia Mr. George Rilly will be appointed to take the place of Senator Templeman.

The two vacancies in Nova Scotia and the two in New Brunswick will not be filled for some time.

Drunkards Cured in 24 Hours.

Any Lady Can Cure the Most Violent Drunkard Secretly at Home.

To Prove It. A Free Trial Package Is Sent Sealed to All Who Write.

Let no woman despair. The sure, quick, permanent cure for drunkenness has been found.

It is Golden Specific. It has no odor. It has no taste. Just a little is put in the drunkard's cup of coffee or tea, or in his food. He will never notice it, he will be cured before he realizes it, and he will never know why he abandoned the taste of liquor.



Gone Mad From Whiskey.

His desire for drink disappears absolutely and he will even abhor the very sight and smell of whiskey.

The vigor he has wasted away by drink will be restored to him, and his health and strength and cheerfulness will return to brighten his home. Golden Specific has cured some of the most violent cases in a day's time. This fact is proven by many ladies who have tried it.

Mrs. Mattie Balkins, Naneburg, Ky., says:

"My husband took two doses of your medicine about five months ago and has not taken a drink or had any desire for liquor since then. Our home is so different now."

Mrs. Mabel Zink, R. F. D. No. 6, Salem, Ore., says:

"My husband has not touched liquor since I gave him the sample package of your Golden Specific."

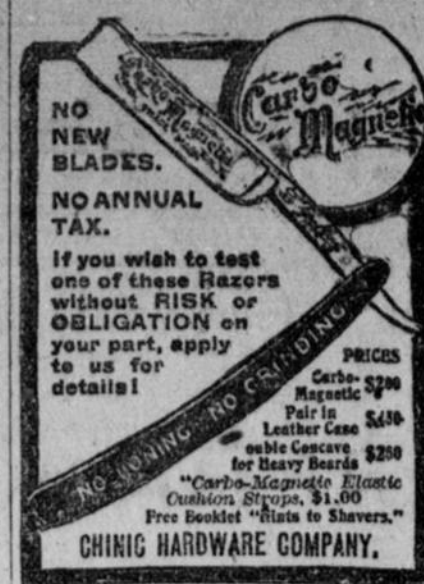
Save your loved one from premature death and the terrible consequences of the drink curse and save yourself from poverty and misery.

It costs absolutely nothing to try. Send your name and address to Dr. J. W. Haines, 6394 Glenn Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, and he will at once send you a free package of the marvelous Golden Specific in a plain, sealed wrapper.

He will also send you the strongest, conclusive proof of what a blessing it has been to thousands of families. Send for a free trial package of Golden Specific to-day.

MR. J. L. BERTRAND.

Manager of the firm of Moreau & Co., Dry Goods Merchants, and Miss Blais, Chief Milliner for that firm, left on the 4th inst. on a trip to the West to visit the different expositions of fashions



S. J. Shaw & Co.,

13 ST. JOHN STREET
—AND—
COR. MOUNTAIN HILL and NOTRE DAME STREET

Marmalade Cutters.

Bread Mixer.

FULL LINE

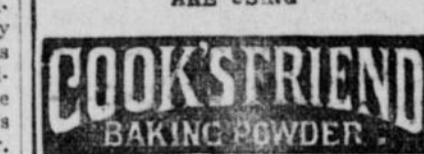
Agate Ware,

Prowse's Ranges

General Hardware

HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS

ARE USING



Other Thousands would be if they made trial of it.

WILL YOU BE ONE OF THEM?

LARGE SALE OF Dress Materials DURING THIS MONTH.

Every Article at Reduced Price.

All Fancy Dress Goods at Half Price.

Black Fancy Dress Goods At Half Price.

All Plain Dress Goods at Reduced Price.

(The following list will give you an idea of the latest and most fashionable Dress Goods offered at)

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

CREAM GOODS—Voiles 35c. now 28c., 65c. now 52c., 68c. now 55c., 79c. now 64c., Cream Cashmere, 55c. now 44c., 65c. now 55c., 75c. now 60c. Cream Taffeta Voile, 68c. now 55c., 85c. now 65c. Cream Crepeoline, 85c. now 71c. Cream Alpaca, 65c. now 52c., 85c. now 68c. Cream Bedford Cord, \$1.15 now 92c., \$1.58 now \$1.27. Cream Serge, 52c. now 42c., 65c. now 55c., 85c. now 68c.

PALE BLUE GOODS—Nun's Veiling, 40c. now 32c., Voile, 35c. now 28c. Crepe de Chine, 79c. now 64c., 85c. now 65c. Pale Blue Cashmere, 45c. now 36c., 55c. now 44c., 65c. now 55c.

PINK GOODS—Nun's Veiling, 40c. now 32c. Pink Cashmere, 52c. now 42c., 55c. now 44c., 65c. now 52c.

OLD ROSE DRESS GOODS—Venetian, 95c. now 75c. Eolienne, 68c. now 55c., 98c. now 79c. Cashmere, 55c. now 44c.

NAVY DRESS GOODS—Navy Voile, 35c. now 28c., 65c. now 52c., 78c. now 63c. Navy Crepe de Chine, 85c. now 68c. Navy Cashmere, 55c. now 44c.

CARDINAL CASHMERE—55c. now 44c.

GREY DRESS GOODS—Grey Eolienne, 68c. now 55c. Grey Alpaca, 55c. now 44c. Grey Venetian, 95c. now 76c. Grey Voile, 88c. now 71c.

FAWN DRESS GOODS—Fawn Voile, 78c. now 63c. Fawn Cashmere, 48c. now 39c. Fawn Taffeta Voile, 85c. now 68c.

RESEDA DRESS GOODS—Reseda Voile, 85c. now 68c. Nile Cashmere, 45c. now 36c. Nile Voile, 35c. now 28c. Myrtle Cashmere, 59c. now 48c.

BROWN DRESS GOODS—Brown Crepe de Chine, 85c. now 68c. Brown Voile, 78c. now 63c. Brown Cashmere, 45c. now 36c.

ELECTRIC DRESS GOODS—Electric Crepe de Chine, 85c. now 68c. Electric Royale, 65c. now 55c. Electric Armure, 65c. now 52c.

TURQUOISE DRESS GOODS—Crepoline, 78c. now 61c. Crepe de Chine, 85c. now 68c.

CORONATION DRESS GOODS—Venetian, 95c. now 76c. Crepeoline, 85c. now 68c. Cashmere, 49c. now 40c.

GREAT REDUCTIONS ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

STRICTLY CASH.

SIMONS & MINGUY,

SUCCESSORS TO

SIMONS & FOULDS,

20 FABRIQUE STREET

TELEPHONE 338

English Overcoating.

Our Specialty for this Spring is a Complete Range of the Latest Bond Street English Overcoating.

NOW ON VIEW.

LAFRANCE & MULLIN,

TAILORS AND HABERDASHERS.

STORE TO LET

The well known business stand for the last twenty-five years occupied by F. Simard & Co., dry goods firm, situated at No. 137 St. Joseph street, St. Roch, Quebec. The premises are now vacant, and immediate possession can be secured.

APPLY TO
W. BRUNET & CO.,
DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS,
130-141 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec.
Jan. 1906.

QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE BUILDING. TO LET

LARGE AND SMALL OFFICES IN this very desirable building, having rapid elevator service. Rents moderate. For full particulars apply to the Secretary.

LOST.—ON GRANDE ALLEE OR St. Louis Road, a girl's muff. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to Chronicle office.

WANTED.—A YOUNG GIRL OR young boy for office work. Address by letter or personally to J. B. Bourbonnais, 10 Palace street.

WANTED.—GOOD SMART BOY for general office work. One able to do typewriting preferred. Salary to start \$4 per week. Apply in writing, P. E., care of Chronicle.

WANTED.—SKILLED TOOL MAKER, accustomed to punches and dies, figs, etc., steady work, highest wages. Apply to T. Moulden, care Victoria Hotel, on March 5th.

WANTED.—A MAN OF ABILITY TO take charge of our Quebec office. Address, The Canadian Commercial Binder Co., No. 16 Yonge street, Arcade, Toronto, Ont.

SUNLIGHT SOAP COUPONS WANTED.—Toilet soaps given in exchange for coupons by Mr. J. Miller, Quebec, P.Q. tu, th, fr, sat.

MALE HELP WANTED.—WANTED.—DETECTIVES FOR PROBABLE secret service work to act under orders; no experience necessary. Write Webster's Detective Agency, Des Moines, Ia.

WANTED.—BY CHICAGO WHOLESALE House. Special representative for \$20,000 in Canada. Salary \$20,000 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. Address Manager, 132 Lake street, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED.—MEN WANTED.—RELIABLE MEN in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, take up show cards on trees, fences, along roads, and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter. Salary \$900 per year or \$75 per month and expenses \$3 per day. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars, Empire Medicine Co., London, Ont. tu, th, fr, sat.

JEREMIE RICHARD—BOOK-BINDER and ruler (formerly in the employ of the late G. A. LaFrance) 105 Mountain street.

SALESMEN WANTED FOR PATENTED article for machine shops and boiler rooms. Prices each \$50.00 and \$75.00. Good money is made by energetic men. References required, preference given to those having some knowledge of steam boilers. Power Specialty Co., Detroit, Mich.

TO LET.—THAT NEW AND MODERN house on Tache Avenue, near Grande Allee, presently occupied by Mr. Shallow; 10 rooms, bath-room, hot water furnace, electric light, etc. Can be seen at any time. Immediate possession. LaRue & LaRue, N.P., 28 St. Ann street.

FLAT TO LET.—IN CLOSE PROXIMITY to Palace Hill, a very desirable flat, suitable for professional man; or second flat, suitable as a dwelling; heated by hot water; private entrance to each flat. For further particulars apply to J. Dynes, 49 John street.

TO LET.—COMFORTABLE DWELLING, No. 33 D'Artigny street, containing 11 rooms and bath room, with large lot of ground in rear, suitable for a garden. Apply to J. G. Kell, 80 St. Augustin street, or telephone 791.

HOUSE TO LET.—HOUSE NO. 557 St. John street. Heated by furnace. Electric light throughout. For further particulars apply to J. A. Scott, 566 Valier St. Telephone 2044.

HOUSE TO LET.—A FIRST CLASS furnished house, from the first of March next to last of September, situated on Charlevoix street. Apply to No. 25 Charlevoix street.

HOUSE TO LET 48 ST. LOUIS street. Apply to Hubert Cimon, Advocate, 125 St. Peter street.

TORRENT—ASECOND STORY TENEMENT to let at No. 87 St. Joseph street, very well divided up for a photographic studio, office, private apartments, milliner, etc. Possession 1st May, 1906. Apply to No. 87 St. Joseph street, St. Roch.

TO LET—FLAT IN MASONIC HALL Building, suitable for dentists' offices, lawyers' offices, club rooms or residence. Immediate possession. A. E. Seibert, Secretary.

TO RENT—A BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED store, corner of Bridge and Queen streets, formerly occupied by Normand Chouinard, grocer, comprising a fine cellar, a brick coach house, hangars, and a stable and yard. Immediate possession. Also rooms to let. Good conditions. Apply to Mrs. N. Chouinard 120 Queen street, St. Roch's.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 1 McMAHON Street. Apply to 83 St. Louis street.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 30 URSLUE Street, presently occupied by Miss E. A. Irvine, extension in rear, hot water furnace, bath room, electric light. Neat locality for private house in the city, one of the most modern houses. Apply to W. Brunet & Co., Druggists, 130 St. Joseph street.

TO RENT FOR THE 1ST MAY next, the first story of No. 115 St. John street, at present occupied by Dr. Dagneau, comprising 4 rooms which may be seen daily from the first February next from 3 to 5 p.m., heated by hot water, electric light, gas, bath, good ventilation. Also furnished rooms with the above mentioned improvements. Immediate possession. Apply to Mrs. E. H. Pelletier, No. 115 St. John street, Quebec.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED dwelling with all modern conveniences containing eleven rooms. Large gallery extending on three sides of the house, corner of St. Louis road and Park avenue. For particulars apply to H. B. Bignell, 66 St. Peter street.

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE.—AT ST. DAVID, near Quebec, a farm two acres frontage by 40 acres in depth with private residence, barn, and hangar. The ground has been tilled. For any information, apply to Joseph Roy, St. David, Aube Riviere, P.Q.

FOR SALE—AT ST. PETRONILLE, Island of Orleans, that beautifully situated brick cottage and grounds adjoining the Golf Links. The well was deepened and bricked last fall and there is now an abundant supply of excellent spring water. Price, \$2,400 furnished, or \$2,000 without the furniture. Terms of payment, one-fourth cash, balance in three yearly payments. Also, the pretty cottage and grounds adjoining, and occupied for several years, by W. J. Peters, Esq. Price, \$1,200.00 unfurnished. Terms of payment same as above. Robert Stanley, Richelieu Building, Dalhousie street.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 RUE DES GRISONS, No. 21 Mount Carmel street, 2 Laporte street. For particulars and permits to view, apply to Meredith & Meredith, Notaries Public.

HORSES FOR SALE.—HILAIRE DELISE, horse trader, has just returned from Montreal with a carload of magnificent horses for sale or exchange on good conditions. Also vehicles and horses for hire. Apply to Hilaire Delisle, No. 206 St. Oliver street, St. John's suburbs, Quebec. Telephone 1272.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS MODERN self-contained houses, on Park Avenue, stone and brick. All modern conveniences. Also first-class building lots. Apply to Mr. Walter Sharpe, St. Louis Road.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE in Beauport, ten minutes from Quebec by electric cars. For information apply to Antoine Chailfour, Beauport.

FOR SALE.—A SQUARE CHICKENING piano, 64 octave, for sale. Price \$90.00. M. Elie Bedard, 44 St. Nicholas street, LaRue.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A VALUABLE property situated at Lauzon village (St. Joseph de Levis), comprising a large lot of ground 98x98 feet and a very comfortable brick dwelling house, 40x36 feet, thereon erected, heated by a hot water furnace. Immediate possession. Apply to C. A. LaFrance, Notary, 75 St. Peter street, Quebec.

FOR SALE—A LAND SITUATED at St. Romain, County of Levis, near the village, where the population is rapidly increasing and close to the electric cars and steamboats. Superficies about 100 acres, 19 of which are well supplied with timber. The property is provided with a private waterworks system supplied from the rock and bringing water to the house and outbuildings, and which cost \$800. Splendid drainage, and house, barn, stable, icehouse and dairy on the premises. About 12,000 asparagus plants have been planted during recent years, and the first crop will be taken out this year; there are two acres of strawberries and one acre of raspberries, fruit trees, etc. The purchase of this land will find, besides an agreeable and salubrious resort, a very profitable business in raising early vegetables and dairying, with a chance of selling on the spot. Easy conditions of payment. Quebec, 24th February, 1906. J. E. Boily, notary, 40 St. Joseph street, Quebec.

THOS. COOK & SON.

SPRING SAILLINGS TO EUROPE via the Majestic St. Lawrence Route
Parisian.....From Quebec May 3rd
Dominion....." " 5th
Virginian....." " 10th
Lake Manitoba....." " 12th
Southwestern....." " 12th
Tunisian....." " 17th
Emp. of Britain....." " 18th
Victorian....." " 24th
Kensington....." " 26th
Lake Champlain....." " 26th
Ionian....." " 31st

EUROPE

Via England—France or the Mediterranean—by all lines, any route, to please everybody.

Boat now. Plans and rates on application. Our Circular notes are cashed all over the world at highest rates of exchange.

F. S. STOCKING, 32 ST. LOUIS STREET,
Gen'l R.R. and S.S. Agent.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Two houses in Emily street, near St. Foye College. Hot air furnace, and upstairs kitchen. Apply to E. D. Sewell, Belvedere Road, or to V. Simpson, manager J. R. Kane, 46 St. John street.

PER NAL

NOTICE—INFORMATION IS WANTED by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Stanislaus Kordasiewicz, concerning the whereabouts of Barbara Kordasiewicz, an heir of said deceased. H. M. McCaughey, Esq., 501 Stephen Girard Building, Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A. lawyer

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

DIVIDENDS

Eight per cent, dividends guaranteed, payable semi-annually. Ten per cent, paid last year from the sale of mahogany lumber cut from our one million-dollar forest on 288,000-acre tract of land, which is paid for in full and delivered to a Philadelphia trust company for stock-holders' protection; 20,000 acres being cultivated; live stock, etc., raised for market. A few shares for sale now. Write at once and secure 4 per cent, on your money April 1, 1906. Handsomely illustrated paper and booklet free. Write today. Address L. L. & D. Co., 704 Drexel Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa. m, tu, th, fr, sat.

NOTICE—I WISH TO INFORM THE public that, as in the past, I desire to have the encouragement of the public, as sick nurse. Mrs. (Widow) Germain, No. 151 Scott street.

E tale of Late Pierre Emond.

The creditors and debtors of said Pierre Emond personally (and not as a member of the firm of Emond & Cote) are requested to file their claims only after the date of the liquidation of the estate of Pierre Emond, within fifteen days from date, at the office of J. E. Boily, Notary, No. 40 St. Joseph Street, or by or of the Testamentary Executor, mar. 9/3

CHEAP SALE OF STATIONERY AT P. J. EVOY'S, 107 ST. JOHN STREET, QUEBEC.



FAMOUS FORD MODEL "N" PRICE \$700.
ENGINE 15 Horse-power; DRIVE direct shaft; no chains; TIRES double tube; SEATS divided; upholstery in leather; SPEED 2 to 40 miles an hour; climb any hill; W. 70 H.P. about 800 lbs.; FRAME pressed steel with extra long wheel base.
This is just the car for doctors or busy men, or any person wanting a speedy "run-about." Just imagine there is TWO horse-power for every 100 lbs. weight.
It is well proportioned and long life is assured from the ample amount of wearing surface to all working parts.
I also handle CLEMENT-BAYARD CAR (French) RU-BELL (Canada) three models. STRENS, DUKER, PACKARD, WINTON and THOMAS FLYER as well as the FIAT.

S. GILLESPIE,
39 St. John Street Quebec.
PHONES 353 and 289
PS—MOTOR BOATS AND ENGINES.

NOTICE.
From JANUARY 2nd, 1906, I have decided to abandon the CREDIT system in my business and will sell for CASH ONLY. My friends and the public in general who have favored me with their patronage in the past, will find little their advantage to continue under the new system.

J. EDMOND DUBS, Proprietor
The Red Cross Pharmacy,
Cor. St. John and Palace St.

SHIPPING NEWS

ALLAN LINE.

Steamer Mongolian sailed from Boston for Glasgow, on Thursday, with seven second and six third-class passengers.

R.M.S. Numidian, from St. John and Halifax, arrived at Liverpool yesterday morning.

R.M.S. Pretorian, from Liverpool for Halifax, left Mobile yesterday afternoon, with passengers, mails and general cargo.

DOMINION LINE.

Steamer Dominion sailed from Liverpool for Halifax on Thursday afternoon, with 21 first, 270 second and 806 third-class passengers and a general cargo.

MAKING IMPROVEMENTS.

The Quebec and Lewis Ferry Co. are at present making extensive improvements to their summer steamers North and South. The boats have been almost completely gutted, and they will be laid out anew. In future horses, vehicles, etc., will be completely partitioned off from the space occupied by passengers. When the work is finished the steamers will present internally a totally different appearance to that of former years. Besides the improvements to the boats the Company will make alterations to the ferry wharf. The ship leading to the point is to be divided so that passengers can pass up and down without coming in contact with vehicles or freight. Another office is to be erected on the wharf for the use of the pursers, thus having one on each side of the gangway. The reason for this is that when the tide is falling and the boats moor with their heads to the westward, the purser will occupy the office on the east side of the gangway, or if the boats are headed eastward the purser will take up his position on the west side. By these changes passengers will be enabled to take the ship leading to the cabins of the steamers. On the after part of the latter two gangways will be placed, one to allow passengers to embark and the other for those disembarking, thereby avoiding any crowding or confusion. Mr. Thompson, the Manager of the Company, is giving particular attention to these improvements and alterations, and no doubt his efforts will be appreciated by all who use the Company's steamers.

PREAKS OF RICH CRANKS.
There is at Cape Breton a worthy and much married gentleman who has just taken his eighth wife to his heart and home. And a gruesome home it must be to greet a homecoming wife, for seven of its rooms, each painted in black and white and liberally garnished with skulls and cross-bones, are dedicated to wives numbers one to seven. As the birthday of each of these departed spouses comes round, the by no means desolate husband entertains his friends to dinner in the telling anecdotes to illustrate her many virtues.

In Vienna there is living to-day Count K—, a wealthy nobleman of Polish origin, who occupies a sumptuously furnished flat in the most fashionable part of the city. When he wants his servants he summons them by bugle calls, much to the annoyance of his neighbors. His favorite pastime is to hire an omnibus, and, like an ordinary driver, to drive his

What Sulphur Does
or the Human Body in Health and Disease.
The mention of sulphur will recall to many of us the early days when our mothers and grandmothers gave us our daily dose of sulphur and molasses every spring and fall.

It was the universal spring and fall "blood purifier," tonic and cure-all, and you, this old-fashioned remedy was not without merit.

The idea was good, but the remedy was crude and unpalatable, and a large quantity had to be taken to get any effect.

Nowadays we get all the beneficial effects of sulphur in a palatable, concentrated form, so that a single grain is far more effective than a tablespoonful of the crude sulphur.

In recent years, research and experiment have proven that the best sulphur for medicinal use is that obtained from Calcium (Calcium Sulphate), and sold in drug stores under the name of Stuart's Calcium Waters. They are small chocolate coated pellets and contain the active medicinal principle of sulphur in a highly concentrated, effective form.

Few people are aware of the value of this form of sulphur in restoring and maintaining bodily vigor and health; sulphur acts directly on the liver, and excretory organs and purifies and enriches the blood by the prompt elimination of waste material.

Our grandmothers knew this when they dosed us with sulphur and molasses every spring and fall, but the crudity and impurity of ordinary flowers of sulphur were often worse than the disease, and cannot compare with the modern concentrated preparations of sulphur, of which Stuart's Calcium Waters is undoubtedly the best and most widely used.

They are the natural antidotes for liver and kidney troubles and cure constipation and purify the blood in that often surprises patient and physician alike.

Dr. R. M. Williams while experimenting with sulphur remedies soon found that the sulphur from Calcium was superior to any other form. He says: "For liver, kidney and blood troubles, especially when resulting from constipation or malaria, I have been struck by the results obtained from Stuart's Calcium Waters. In patients suffering from boils and pimples and even deep-seated carbuncles, I have repeatedly seen them dry up and disappear in four or five days, leaving the skin clear and smooth. Although Stuart's Calcium Waters is a proprietary article, and sold by druggists, and for that reason tabooed by many physicians, yet I know of nothing so safe and reliable for constipation, liver and kidney troubles, and especially in all forms of skin diseases as this remedy."

PAINFUL RHEUMATISM How It is Caused by Bad Blood, and Why Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Not many years ago doctors thought rheumatism was only a local pain caused by cold or wet in ageing joints and muscles. Now they know that rheumatism is caused by the blood becoming tainted with uric acid from disordered liver and kidneys. This acid eats into the vital organs. It destroys their vitality, contracts the muscles, stiffens the joints and irritates the nerves. Then cold and wet make every bone groan with aching rheumatism. You blame the weather, but the real cause is acid in the blood. The stiffness spreads and the pains grow worse each year until you are a helpless cripple, tortured day and night. Perhaps the disease may spread to the heart—and that means sudden death. You must not neglect rheumatism—but you can't cure it with liniments, plasters or hot cloths. They cannot possibly touch the blood. The only scientific cure is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, because they actually make new blood. They sweep out the painful acid, loosen the joints, and strengthen the liver and kidneys for their work in casting out impurities. This is proved by the thousands of suffering rheumatics who have been made well and strong by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. T. H. Smith, of Caledonia, Ont., is one of those many witnesses. He says: "For a number of years I was badly troubled with rheumatism, and was so crippled up I could scarcely do any work. I tried a number of medicines, but they did not help me. I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised as a cure for rheumatism and decided to try them. Before the third box was gone I found myself much better. I continued to use the pills throughout the winter and they have completely cured me. I got so I could work on the coldest day without a coat and not feel a twinge of the trouble. I think every rheumatic sufferer should promptly take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure men and women who are crippled with lumbago, rheumatism, sciatica, paralysis and even locomotor ataxia, because they actually make new, rich red blood. This new blood sweeps the painful, poisonous impurities out of the system and puts the whole body into a healthy state. Nothing but good rich blood can do that—and nothing can give you healing blood except Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If the blood is bad the nerves are bad, for the nerves feed on the blood. That is the cause of sleeplessness, nervousness, hysteria, St. Vitus dance, neuralgia, and loss of vitality in men and women. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills faithfully used cure these diseases and other blood disorders such as anemia, biliousness, indigestion, heart trouble, backache, kidney trouble and decline. But you must get the genuine pills. The "something else just as good" medicine which some dealers try to persuade their customers to take never cured anything not anyone. See that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is on the wrapper around every box. If in doubt write direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

cumbrous vehicle wherever aristocratic equipages are thickest. He spends a fortune every year on the costliest of clothes, yet never wears any but the suits discarded by his valet; appears in the ballroom, decked from head to toe in a black shirt and tie; and when he dines—always at one of the most exclusive of restaurants—he begins his meal with a cup of black coffee and, working his way backward, winds up with the soup.

STRANGE ECCENTRICITY.

It is but a short time since there died at Como a rich old man who was noted for a very strange eccentricity. Although for years he had never been outside his grounds, he would proudly inform his visitors that he had that very day walked to certain villages in the neighborhood. What he actually did was this: Whenever he made up his mind to visit a distant village or town he made an estimate of the distance, and covered it on foot on a carefully measured walking track in his ground. When he wished to call on his friends in the district he would not only do it by proxy, but would conduct a conversation for hours by sending a servant to and fro with questions and answers.

A well-known Italian count, who died recently at an advanced age, had for many years defied the weather by drinking a solution of opium, which he considered an efficient substitute for clothes. Summer and winter alike he would sleep without a particle of covering and with the windows of the room thrown wide open; and would walk for hours in his garden on a bitterly cold day in the garment most people devote to night wear.

CANDIDATE FOR AN ASYLUM.

Not long ago, too, there lived near Hastings, in England, a gentleman whose eccentricities very naturally excited considerable attention. Punctually at the stroke of noon each day he would appear in his front garden, with a gaily-covered turban on his head, his feet showed with richly embroidered and jeweled sandals, and with a coolie cloth around his waste; and, quite indifferent to the amusement he was providing for a crowd of spectators, would first pray aloud to the sun, "the father of light and good," and then prostrate himself before a quaint miniature temple in which was enshrined a grotesque idol, with diamond eyes.

To give but one more example of eccentricity up to date, there is a certain lady in California who once every year performs a singular act of self-imposed penance. Many years ago her husband, to whom she was devoted, lost his sight, and Mrs. Williams—for that is the lady's name—made a vow that if he recovered he would, in gratitude for answer to her prayers, crawl on her hands and knees, once a year from her house to church, a distance of a quarter of a mile, more than twenty years.

S. M. Corriveau, Montreal; P. Martin, Chicago; A. Plamondon, Montreal; A. Deschenes, R. Ouellet, H. Bottler, Montreal; M. Numpser, Toronto; J. Ferguson, New York, are stopping at the King Edward Hotel.

LITERARY NOTES

Last year, the centennial of the battle of Trafalgar and the death of Lord Nelson, was fruitful in many interesting publications and communications of all kinds touching on that great historic event. Amongst these, there is none perhaps that so vividly brings before us the scenes of those stirring days which culminated in the decisive victory of Great Britain and her final establishment as the dominant maritime power of the nineteenth century as the volume before us, entitled *The Three Dorset Captains at Trafalgar*, a copious work of 272 pages with appendices and index, with photographs, plans and facsimiles, by A. M. Broadley and R. G. Bartlett, M.A., and published by John Murray, Albemarle street, London, price 15s. net.

Dorsetshire, the smallest of the maritime counties of England, has a long and glorious role of fighters by land and by sea, but chiefly by sea, dating as far back as the brilliant victory won by the founder of the British Navy, Alfred the Great, over the Danes in Swinburn Bay in 877 when 120 Danish ships were sunk and the few vessels that eluded pursuit were dashed to pieces on the Peverel rocks. In the expedition that crossed the channel to win the battle of Crecy, 31 Dorset ships and 479 Dorset marines took part; the country was a naval centre in the middle of the sixteenth century which closed with the complete discomfiture of the Armada, in which the Dorset men took no mean part; the shipmate of Raleigh and discoverer of the Bermudas was born at Lyme Regis, and the Hood family which contributed three Admirals, among them the famous Lord Hood had its seat at Little Winton. We might, therefore, expect to find Dorset well represented at the great battle of Trafalgar, and this was actually the case. Three of the Captains who took part in the fight were Dorset men, Thomas Hardy, Flag-captain of Nelson's ship, the Victory, and afterwards Governor of Greenwich Hospital where he died; Charles Bullen, Captain of the Britannia; and Henry Digby, Captain of the Africa. It is of these three heroes that the work before us treats, and brings us vividly before us, by portraits, and by letters written by them during the eventful times in which they served, the major part of the book, however, being devoted to Sir Thomas Hardy; the other captains, concerning whom there was probably less authentic information in the way of manuscripts extant, being dismissed with a single chapter apiece.

The work is one which demanded labor and patient research, as well as tact and discrimination, and its authors have performed it as men perform a labor of love, that is to say thoroughly and well. They are to be congratulated on having placed before the public, not a history, nor a biography, so much as a living and breathing presentation of the men and the times in which they lived. It is most fascinating reading throughout, and the portraits, views and other illustrations give it additional interest.

McCall's Magazine for March, is a most interesting number containing notes on the latest styles in dress and millinery, and also many new ideas in fancy needle work. Considerable space is also given to useful household information, hair-dressing, etc. Besides several well-written stories, it is a valuable addition to household literature and worth much more than the annual subscription of 50 cents. The McCall Company, Fashion Publishers, New York City.

SKIN WAS YELLOW

It Became Smooth—Cheeks and Lips Grew Ruddy—Startling Improvement From Using DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

"I had only to try Dr. Hamilton's Pills to appreciate their merit," writes Miss Minnie S. Bryce, of Woodstock. "My system was out of order. My blood was weak and thin. I had a nasty, murky complexion. My skin was hard and dry. The first box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills made a complete change. I felt better at once. Healthy color came into my face. In about three weeks I was cured."

Disorders of the stomach and bad blood cause muddy complexion. The purifying and toning properties of Dr. Hamilton's Pills effect an easy cure. Try these good pills, 25c. per box, or five boxes for \$1.00, at all dealers in medicine, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U.S.A.

PLEASE REMEMBER THIS!

We want to see you when you're looking for anything in the line of Dry Goods.

SYNDICATE OF QUEBEC,
W. J. Guillet,
6-10-13-17-20-24
Manager.

Do not forget to read our advertisement about our tailor, for Ladies Jackets and Costumes.

FAGUY, LEPINAY & FRERE.

"Dat's a Cinch"

"Say, Harry, w'at's de best way to teach a girl how to swim?" asked the younger one. "Dat's a cinch. First off you pats your left arm under her waist and you gently takes her left hand—"

"Come off, she's me sister."

From "Under the Spreading Chestnut Tree," the anecdote department of Everybody's for March.

A magazine is more than stories and essays. Every month it should bring American people what they both need and want.

Everybody's fact-stories, fiction-stories, humor-stories, poems, intimate talks, etc., are close to the hearts of the American people.

Everybody's Magazine

15 cents a copy \$1.50 a year

Canada, Province of Quebec, District of Kamouraska, Superior Court, No. 1535. Plaintiff, Amanda Cloutier, of the parish of Notre-Dame du Lac, wife common to property of Emile Dumont, of the same place, merchant. Defendant, The said Emile Dumont.

An action for separation of property has been brought in this case on the 13th day of February, 1906. FRASER, February 19th, 1906. LAFORTE & STEEL, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Province of Quebec, District of Chateaufort, Superior Court, No. 1535. Plaintiff, Dame Julie Cote, wife of Charles Cote, of St. Felicien, has, to-day, taken up her abode in separation from bed and board and as to property against her husband. LEVESQUE & TREMBLAY, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Chateaufort, 15th November, 1905. feb. 27/06

Province of Quebec, District of Chateaufort, Superior Court, No. 1535. Plaintiff, Zeila Bisson, of the Town of Levis, wife common to property of Charles Maranda, trader of the same place, duly authorized a stenographer. Defendant, The said Charles Maranda.

An action for separation as to property has been instituted this day. Quebec, 25th January, 1906. BELLEAU, BELLEAU & BELLEAU, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

feb. 22/06

Superior Court, Quebec, No. 619. Plaintiff, Dame Colina Guerin, dit St. Hilaire, wife of Thomas Migner, hatter and manufacturer of the city of Quebec. Defendant, The said Thomas Migner.

An action for separation as to property has been instituted by plaintiff against defendant on the fourteenth instant.

FITZPATRICK, TASCHEREAU, ROY, CANNON & PARENT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Quebec, Feb. 15, 1906. feb. 22/06

ST. MARGARET'S COLLEGE TORONTO.

A High Class Residential and Day School for Girls
In the Finest Residential Part of Toronto.
Special educational advantages.
Preparation for University and all the Modern
Examinations.
MRS. GEORGE DICKSON,
Lady Principal.
GEORGE DICKSON, M. A., Director,
(late Principal Upper Canada College.)
Que. 2023. xia. w. 441

THE QUEBEC BANK.

Head Office, - Quebec,
FOUNDED 1818.

Incorporated by Royal Charter,
A.D., 1822.

Capital Authorized - - \$3,000,000
Capital Paid Up - - \$2,500,000
REST \$1,500,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
John D. Lee, Esq., President.
Gaspard Lamoignon, Esq., Vice-President.
Vernon Brown, Esq., Edson Fitch Esq.,
Thomas McDougall, Esq., General Manager.

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Quebec, Montreal, Upper Town, Quebec,
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Victoria, St. Louis,
Black Lake, P.Q., St. Louis,
L'Assommoir, P.Q., St. Louis.

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Ottawa, Toronto, St. Catharines,
Hamilton, Niagara Falls,
London, Windsor, Sarnia,
Kitchener, Brantford, Guelph,
Windsor, Sarnia, Kitchener, Brantford, Guelph.

AGENTS:
Bank British North America, New York
Bank of Scotland, London.
Haworth National Bank, New York.
New York State National Bank, Albany, N.Y.
National Bank of the Republic, Boston.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Paris.

EASTERN TOWNS IPS BANK

DIVIDEND NO. 93.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend
at the rate of eight per cent, per annum
upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this
Bank has been declared for the quarter
ending 31st March, 1906, and that the
same will be payable at the Head Office
and Branches on and after Monday, 2nd
day of April next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from
the 15th to the 31st March, both days in-
clusive.

By order of the Board,
J. MACKINNON,
General Manager.
Sherbrooke, 27th February, 1906.
mar9xtu-satx9

The Megantic Mining Co. NOTICE.

A Special General Meeting of the Stock-
holders in above Company, will be held
at the Office of G. G. Stuart, Esq., K.C.,
No. 55 St. Peter Street, Quebec, on Mon-
day the 12th March instant, at 2.30
o'clock, for the purpose of electing
Directors, and to authorize a sale of the
Properties and Franchise of the Com-
pany.

D. RATTRAY,
S. C. Treas.
mar 1-7-10x3

THE NORTH SHORE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Pursuant to sub-s. 3 of sec. 175 of the
Railway Act of Canada, 1903, notice is
hereby given that on the 5th day of
January, 1906, the North Shore Railway
Company deposited in the office of the
Registrar of Deeds for the County of Que-
bec a plan, and a book of reference
of a proposed double-track branch line
from a point on the main line of the said
Railway near the east side of Park Street,
in the City of Quebec, to a point on the
Quebec Harbour Commissioners' tracks on
the Louise Embankment opposite the
north western corner of the inner harbour
and intends, four weeks after the first
publication of this notice to apply to the
Board of Railway Commissioners for
Canada for authority, to construct, main-
tain and operate said double-track branch
Railway.

Que. 5th January, 1906
PENTLAND, STUART & BRODIE,
Solicitors for North Shore Railway Co.
Jan. 5th Jan. 1906

H. B. BIGNELL

Begs to notify his friends and the
public that he has ceased (after 23
years service) to be connected with
the Quebec Fire Insurance Co., and
is now associated with Mr. C. P.
Champion, Agent of the Royal and
Queen Insurance Companies, and
will be pleased to write all busi-
ness transacted for friends in the
past or that the public may entrust
to him for the future.
OFFICE 66 PETER STREET
TELEPHONE No. 75

LOOK OUT FOR NEXT CHEAP SALE.

P. F. Bowen & Co.

801-803 St. Paul Street
JEWELLERY STORE

Suffered for years with Stomach Trouble

Fruit-a-tives promptly
cured her.

Stomach Trouble is usually
bowel trouble. The bowels be-
come constipated. Poisonous
matter, which should leave the
bowels every day, stays in the
bowels, two and three days at
a time. These poisons paralyse
the stomach muscles, prevent the
digestive juices from reaching the
food, and stop the whole process of
digestion.

Mrs. F. H. WALLACE, St. Mary's, Ont.:
"I have used most of one box of 'Fruit-
a-tives' and found them all right. I have
had a good chance to recommend them
as I have been in bed for a week with a
violent attack and am getting around fine
thanks to 'Fruit-a-tives'."

Doctors talk of dyspepsia
and catarrh of the stomach
when they should talk of
Constipation.

Fruit-a-tives or Fruit Liver Tablets

Cure Stomach Troubles be-
cause they tone, sweeten and
stimulate the stomach and
they cure the Constipation
which is the chief cause of
dyspepsia. These concentra-
ted and specially combined
fruit juice tablets act directly
on the liver—increase the flow
of bile—and make the bowels
move regularly and naturally
every day.

More than that. "Fruit-a-
tives" regulate the kidneys—
strengthen them—make them
excrete more urine—and rid
the system of excessive uric
acid and uric acid. They stimulate
the glands of the skin to in-
creased action—take away
pimples and redness—and keep
the skin clear, soft and lovely.

A month's treatment with
"Fruit-a-tives" will make you
think you had a new stomach.

See a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sent
prepaid on receipt of price if your drug-
gist should not have them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, OTTAWA.

A Clear Soft Skin

is possible in Winter in spite of cold
winds. By using only a good Soap, a
good Soap, an excellent Soap, like

CALVERT'S 10% Carbolic Toilet Soap,

much can be done towards keeping the skin
soft and smooth, only the purest materials
go to make it, including a special emollient
and Crystal Carbolic (so good for the skin).
45 cents a 3-lb. box, at all Druggists.

Send for our free booklet about this and
our other specialties.
F. C. CALVERT & CO., 807, Dorchester Street,
MONTREAL.

AUTOMOBILES

THE CELEBRATED "FORD"

MODEL N.
DELIVERED IN QUEBEC - - \$700.00

ENGINE 4 Cylinders, water-cooled, in front
under Hood; 20 H.P. 3 to 40 miles an hour; 27 H.P.
100, by wheel and irreversible gear; IGNITION,
Two sets of dry battery; BRAKES, Two in
all, one on each Hub & one on shaft; TIRES,
28x3 (inch); SPEEDS, two forward and reverse;
DRIVE, By shaft, no chains.

This car is the very latest and greatest value ever
offered. Orders will be filled in rotation as ordered.

S. GILLESPIE,

Sole Quebec Representative,
39 St. John Street, Quebec

P.S.—I have ten other makes, French, German,
English, American and Canadian makes.
Motor Boats, Gasoline Engines, Etc.
feb20x4m.

Quebec Employment Bureau

E. DONALDSON, Prop.

127 ST. PAUL STREET, QUEBEC

ALL KINDS OF SITUATIONS FOR MEN ONLY.

WANTED

Grocery, Hardware and Dry Goods
Clerks; Commercial Traveller in Grocery
and Liqueur Business; A Good Tailor;
500 persons for factory work.

feb. 6x1 f.

ARE YOUR CURTAINS

DINGY OR FADED?

We can clean and make them
bright as the glorious sunshine.
You'll feel better too because
of more cheerful surroundings.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT
TRY US

WE AIM TO PLEASE
AT THE
IMPERIAL LAUNDRY
(SHIRT AND COLLAR SPECIALISTS)
10-74 St. Vall'r St. Phone 95

FOR THE FEMININE FANCY

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN

Who Have Influenced the
History of the
World.

It is curious that no picture-gallery
has ever been made of the beautiful
woman who have influenced history.
From the days of the great Egyptian
queen many a dull page of history
has been lighted up by some fair
face that has brought a little human
interest into the dry and cold cal-
culations of kings and politicians.

Antony was not the last politician
whose course was influenced by beauty.
Think of the beautiful Louise of Prus-
sia jesting with Napoleon for a king-
dom. "I knew that I was to see the
MOST BEAUTIFUL QUEEN."

in existence," said Napoleon to Tal-
lyrand after a banquet given in her
honour, "but I have found the most
beautiful queen, and at the same
time the most interesting woman in
the world." And Louise had won
from him the restoration of Silesia.

It is said, indeed, that she laugh-
ingly offered him a rose in exchange for
the fortress of Magdeburg, but Napo-
leon was one of the iron men of the
world. He kept the flower—and Magdeburg.

A book of "Beautiful Women" has
been recently produced by Mr. Hallett
Hyatt with pictures of some of the
most beautiful women that have ever
lived, and Mrs. Stewart Erskine has
gathered their romantic stories.

One comes upon a picture of Eliza
Farren, the actress, who began life by
playing childish parts in a strolling
company, and advanced to fame in
London as Miss Harcourt in "The
Stops to Conquer." She became a
favorite in society, and married the
twelfth Lord Derby, when she "lived
happy ever after," taking her place
at court and in society. So barriers
are insurmountable to the career of
beauty.

Here is a picture of "Madame," the
beautiful Henrietta Stuart, youngest
daughter of Charles I., who married
the Duke of Orleans. The features
seem hard and the expression some-
what cold and stately; she would ap-
pear a woman more of Britain than
tenderness. In reality she had a
sparkling wit, with that wonderful
gift of magnetism—"All men loved
and most women adored her," wrote
a gallant Frenchman in his memories.

Lies in the French Court was a con-
tinual round of "pleasures," and the
days were passed in endless and
trivial. In the morning Madame
would drive out with her ladies, to be
escorted on their return by King
Louis XIV. and his Court on horse-
back. After supper they would all
drive out, accompanied by Louis's
violin, to which the moonlight on the
water and talk the

MOONSHIRE OF LOVERS.

Five years later "Madame" was the
King's trusty adviser, and the only
medium of communication between him
and her brother Charles II. It was
in the spring of 1670 that she
brought about that most infamous
Secret Treaty of Dover that made
Charles a Roman Catholic and plunged
us into war with Holland.

That was the summit of "Madame's"
power. The sequel was ghastly and
dramatic. A few weeks later she
was at St. Cloud in the flush of high
spirits at her success. A glass of ice
cherry water was brought at her re-
quest, and she drank it off quickly.
Five minutes later "Madame" was
no more. All the power of her fasci-
nating beauty were ended by a secret
poison.

As the pages are turned to the por-
trait of a lady in a broad dress
appears; a face with a very deep fore-
head and expressionless lips. This is
the famous "Madame de Pompadour."

The portrait of the unhappy Marie
Antoinette, frank, open, superb, of
whom Burke passionately wrote: "Glit-
tering like the morning star, full of
life, and splendour, and joy," is here.
Too. Recall her life at the "Petit
Trianon," that miniature place with
the Corinthian pillars, where she wan-
dered about unattended, and no one
arose to her approach. It is always
grimly pathetic that the one French
Queen who a little fulfilled the part
that we have insisted, but she came in
the way of Louis XV., who gave her
unlimited influence until she became a
recognized power in Europe. For
many years she conducted the foreign
policy of France interviewing the em-
bassadors and treating with kings.
Rebuffed by Frederick the Great, this
amazing woman made overtures to
Marie Theresa of Austria to divide
her kingdom between them, and sit-
ting in her summer house she gave
arranged with a couple of diplomat-
ists the re-division of Europe.

Moreover, but for the French em-
pire, gave to her personal likes and dislikes,
it is not improbable that she would
have accomplished some of the best
will of her schemes. Her dramatic
end has often been told. In the midst
of a discussion on affairs of state,
she sat relaxed and powdered in
her chair, the cure who was with her
rose to go. She detained him. "One
moment, Monsieur le Curé," she said.
"We will take our departure to-
gether."

Angelica Kauffman was the child of
a Tyrolean peasant, who made her way

green with grass stains, pure alcohol
rubbed into the stains will remove them.

Always keep cheese well covered in a
cheese dish. If wrapped in a vinegar
moistened cloth it will keep beautiful
ly moist, and retain its flavor longer.

Leather that has become dull and
shabby looking may be very much
improved in appearance by being rub-
bed over with a white egg, well beat-
en.

Blisters should be cut with a sharp
pair of scissors, that the fluid may
escape. If no inflammation appears a
healing ointment of spermaceti or un-
salted lard should be applied on a
soft linen rag.

Before beginning to sweep see that
no food is left uncovered in the room.
Sweep from the edges of the room to
the center. Sweep with short
strokes, keeping the broom close to the
floor.

Never attempt to do anything that
is not right. Just as sure as you do
you will get into trouble. If you
even suspect that anything is wrong
do not do it until you are sure your
suspicions are groundless.

Coffee is a very good air purifier. A
little burnt on hot coals will purify a
sick room and a fishy flat smells.
Many physicians think highly of the
bracing effects of coffee, taken before
they visit cases of infectious disease.

Those with tender feet may be glad
to know that a hole punched on
either side of patent leather boots or
shoes just at the instep, about one
inch from the sole will, in walking
pump in the air, and tend to keep the
feet cool.

In making oatmeal cakes mix three
handfuls of the meal with a pinch of
salt, a pinch of baking soda, two
tablespoonsful of dripping and enough
water to make a soft dough. Roll
out thin, cut into rounds and bake
on a hot griddle over a quick fire then
toast in front of the fire.

Heart Disease

RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES
Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure is the
Mystic Remedy

This remarkable preparation gives
perfect relief in 30 minutes in all cases
of organic or sympathetic heart dis-
ease and speedily effects a cure. It is
a magic remedy for palpitation, short-
ness of breath, smothering spells, pain
in left side and all symptoms of a
diseased heart. It also strengthens
the nerves and cures stomach disorders

Dr. Agnew's liver pills are the best.
40 doses 10c
Sold by M. E. Martel.

UNREHEARSED INCIDENT.

An amusing story is related of an
eminent actor who, at the awkward
moment of an "unrehearsed incident,"
saved the situation. The scene was
the deck of a ship, round which rolled
and heaved a vast theatrical sea.
The hero of the piece stood on the
coiling deck and soliloquized. The
audience was listening intently to his
fervid utterances, when from the
places, thence a sudden and rudely
protruded. Alive to the contempt and
equal to the occasion, the practised
player, with appropriate fervor,
shouted: "Man overboard!"

The unfortunate unit in the manipu-
lation of the sea withdrew his head
rapidly, and as he did so the actor,
looking all sympathy and sorrow,
remarked: "Another poor fellow gone to his
account!"

THEY MADE THIS COUPLE HAPPY

Dodd's Kidney Pills Doing Good
Work Around Port Arthur.

Mr. Dick Souvey and Wife Both Had Kid-
ney Trouble, and the Great Canadian
Kidney Remedy Cured Them

Port Arthur, Ont., March 9.—(Spec-
ial.)—That Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the
Kidney ills of men and women
alike has been proved time and again
in this neighborhood, but it is only
occasionally they get a chance to do
double work in the same house. This
has happened in the case of Mr. and
Mrs. Dick Souvey, a farmer, and his
wife, living about seven miles from
here. In an interview Mr. Souvey
said:—

"My wife and myself have used
Dodd's Kidney Pills, and have found
them a big benefit to our health. We
had La Grippe two winters and were
exposed to much frost and cold. Our
sleep was broken on account of urina-
ry troubles and pain in the Kid-
neys. We each took six boxes of
Dodd's Kidney Pills and now enjoy
good health."

by the force of her artistic gifts as
well as her beauty. She was one of
the original members of the Royal
Academy. Like many a beautiful wo-
man who never becomes famous, she
was married secretly to the adven-
turer, who passed himself off as the
Count Frederick de Horn. Ten years
later she discovered that she had been a
foolish victim to that person and no more,
and for some two years she was
blackmailed by this adventurer.

A beauty of the late Georgian era
was Lady Palmerston, whose portrait
was painted by Sir Thomas Lawrence.
It is scarcely necessary to recall the
career of this famous beauty. Too
few years have passed for it to have
faded from the general memory.

On every box, a Woman in Red.
Never take another instead.

ELECTRO SILICON

When a dealer says another "is just as good"
remember that "is just as good" means
greater profit for him but loss for you. It
is like all others, it's best. Atgrocers,
David & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Agents, Montreal.

About THE House

"I did think there really was some-
thing in this starvation cure," said
the wife in the Buffalo flat, "and I
also thought that you were going to
help me last fall during Lent. But I
had to make the tea alone. Not a
soul to help me excepting my cousin,
who came over to luncheon the day
we went out for a two dozen oyster
fry and the man cheated us out, be-
cause I had only twelve and my cousin
had only eleven."

"But the magazines and papers have
been full the idea, and the society
news said society was starving itself
on the best in the land, and as it
was so very cheap, I didn't see why I
shouldn't try it also, and yet I don't
believe anyone in his right appetite
could do it."

"Now, the very first day of Lent I
ate nothing but my three regular
meals and a cup of chocolate and
some cake when the German woman on
the first floor called me in because
she had just made beautiful apple-
strudel, and she wanted me to try it,
and I ate seven of the cutest little
cheese tarts you ever saw. I un-
derstood her to say she had choco-
late, but it was coffee, and as I left
off drinking that long ago, I took
only three cups."

"So, you see, it wasn't want of effort
that made me disgusted with this
new cure. I felt worse than ever
before while I was taking it."

"There is a most dreadful and de-
pressing effect on the mind when you
think of the abundance of good
things that exist and you can't have
any of them. Why, do you know,
that after I came up from Mrs.
Mehtra's Kaffeehaus that day I felt
so forlorn and hungry that I just
went out and got a pound of bonbons
and sat down and ate every one
of them. It spoiled my appetite for
dinner, and you were so anxious
about me that you really forced me
to keep on eating even after I had
taken my usual amount."

"Then what did you do to help me
fast? You come home with a glowing
description of a meal, or else you
treated yourself to a fruit lunch, ban-
anas and oranges and once you said
you ate a whole bag of dates."

"It made me so hungry that I just
couldn't help eating, and after dinner
that night I simply had to send out
to the delicatessen store for a Bis-
marck herring and some roast ham,
for I felt so faint that I knew I
should collapse unless I got some-
thing sustaining."

"Yet every day I persisted in the
treatment and I can't say it did me
a particle of good. I was hungry
all the time and nothing that I ate
had the least effect on increasing my
appetite. I spoke to all my friends
about it and they all said that when
one is trying the starvation cure it is
necessary to eat only the plainest and
most substantial food. That is why
we had roast squab twice in suc-
cession."

"Now I don't know what more sac-
rifices could have been demanded.
Last night all we had were a few
water crackers with a little anchovy
paste on them; a thin soup, a little
salad—and wasn't that the loveliest
porterhouse roast you ever saw! I
thought I could never get enough of it."

"And the shad! I think that it is
simply disgraceful and a bitter mock-
ery that when shad is at its very
best people are supposed not to eat
much. But I don't care. If I see nice
planked shad, with the dearest
kind of stuffing and the roe fried to
a delicate brown, I am just going to
eat, no matter how rigid I am in se-
lecting my diet."

"That was all, expecting a few
trifling vegetables. Still, I must ad-
mit the asparagus was good. And I
liked the desert, too."

"And for breakfast what was there?
Cereals, that is all, except the usual
coffee, muffins, broiled ham, poached
eggs, country sausage and fruit. You
would sit down and eat so hurriedly
that you were finished before I was
half through."

"Then you'd sit there watching me
and make me so ashamed that I
would not be able to eat half as
much as I should. Do you suppose I
have so little to do that I don't
need something nourishing to help me
to do it? Of course, the result was
that before the morning was half gone
I had to have a cup of coffee and
just a bit to last me until lunch time."

"I have had had a strong and de-
termined will there would have been
no trouble whatever. I wanted to try
this starvation cure and I stuck
rigidly to it for the longest time.
But when we go to the theatre noth-
ing will satisfy you but a midnight
supper. I don't believe in wasting
money and when I order a thing I
am going to eat it."

"If that is what happens when a
person starves herself then I want
none of it. You see what it has done
for me. I am going to drop it. It is
nothing but a feel, anyway. Hence-
forth, I shall eat like a rational be-
ing, instead of feeding on bread and
water like a prisoner."—Buffalo Ex-
press.

Mrs. Wilton Speaks

From her home at 29 Gimouge Ave.,
Toronto, Ont., Mrs. J. Wilton tells
of her new found cure for neuralgia
and muscular pain.

"I have long been troubled with
neuralgia, and Nervine has been my
only relief. When rubbed on it seems
to sink right to the core of the pain
and gives instant ease. I can honest-
ly recommend Nervine for any pain
or ache—it's a sure cure."

Can't help curing, it's so strong and
penetrating. Sinks right to the core
of the pain and prevents it returning.
Don't forget the name, "Poison's
Nervine" and refuse any substitute.

DON'T FALL INTO THE GRAVE

Through your own fault by
neglecting to nurse that weakness, that debility, that
dyspepsia which ruin your constitution and make you
unhappy.

YOU MAY BE DEAD

before next season if you do not take a good tonic to
stimulate your broken-down system, and
increase your energy.

The Count of St. Michel Wine is what
you need to restore health, strength, and
vigor

Boivin, Wilson & Co.
Sole Agents
Montreal

Eastern Drug Co.
U.S. Agents
Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

FOR
Boots,
Shoes,
Rubbers

CALL AT ...
WM. JACQUES & SONS,
421 FABRIQUE STREET.

Quebec Harness Manufacturing Co.

145 NOTRE DAME DES ANGES, QUEBEC.

Merchants and buyers of Harness, before placing their orders for
Harness, etc., are invited to pay a visit to our Factory and view the
conditions under which our goods are made. One visit will convince
that there is nothing left undone to ensure a uniform quality in all the
goods we manufacture, and that for style, finish and price they are un-
surpassed by any on the market.

Buggy, Surrey, Track, Express, Farm and Heavy Team Harness.

Always in stock, ready for delivery. Ask for our prices.
Note the address 145 Notre Dame des Anges, St. Roch, Quebec
aug19xecd.

20 LBS. OF BEEF FOR \$1.00

INCLUDING ONE ROAST OF BEEF AND A SLICE OF STEAK

--- ASK FOR ---
Huntley & Palmer's "Popular Mixed" Biscuits
 (14 KINDS)
 Fresh, Crisp, Dainty and Palatable.
 SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER MIXTURE OF
 BISCUITS FOR THE MONEY.
A. GRENIER,
 THE MOST MODERN GROCERY IN THE CITY.
 TRADE SUPPLIED AT SPECIAL PRICES



The Ladies' are at present making use of the Gold Mine Soap as it is made with the best material and with the wrappers they can procure a useful article.

mar.10x3m-1aw.sat

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

MINING INSTITUTE THE PROROGATION

Concluded its Convention in the Ancient Capital Yesterday.

The Canadian Mining Institute, which has been holding its annual meeting at the Chateau Frontenac since Wednesday last, brought its labors to a close yesterday, after a series of most interesting and successful sessions. The members express themselves delighted with their experience of the hospitality of the Ancient Capital extended to them during their brief visit.

There was a business meeting held in the morning, the chief matter to come before which was the report by the scrutineers of the result of the ballots cast for the election of officers. The result showed that the popular President, Mr. Geo. R. Smith, M.P.P., had been unanimously re-elected for another term. The full results were as follows, all being by acclamation:—

President—Mr. Geo. R. Smith, Thetford Mines, Que.
 Vice-President—For one year—Dr. F. D. Adams, Montreal; Major R. G. Leckie, Temagami P.O., Ont. For two years, Frederick Keefe, Greenwood, B.C.; G. Herick Duggan, Sydney, C.B. Treasurer—J. Stevenson Brown, Montreal.

Secretary—H. Mortimer-Lamb, Montreal.
 Councilors—For one year—Mr. John Blue, Mr. C. J. Coll, Mr. Thos. Cantley, Mr. Frank Smith, Mr. J. C. G. Williams, Mr. Jas. McEwen, Mr. W. G. Miller, Mr. Harry Williams, Mr. B. A. C. Craig, Mr. A. M. Hay, Mr. R. T. Harper, Mr. Thos. Kiddie, Dr. A. E. Bowler, Dr. J. Bonnell Porter, Mr. W. D. Robb.

An invitation from Mr. Arthur St. Jacques, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, on behalf of Hon. Mr. Archambault to attend the ceremony in connection with the prorogation of Parliament last evening, was read by the President and accepted by the members.

At the afternoon session a number of papers were read, among them being a most interesting one by Mr. R. W. Brock, of Kingston, on the history of Rossland, which was illustrated by a number of lantern slides, portraying scenes in that famous mining center. A series of very fine views in connection with the asbestos industry at Thetford Mines were also shown, as were a series of views taken by Dr. J. Bonnell Porter during a recent trip to South Africa. At the conclusion of the afternoon's business the convention was adjourned.

In the evening a meeting of the Council was held, when it was expected that the place of the next annual gathering would have been fixed but nothing was decided upon in regard to the matter.
 Many of the members last evening attended the prorogation ceremonies of the Provincial Legislature.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE ON ITALY

The second lecture, under the auspices of the Men's Association of St. Andrew's Church, was given last night at Morris College Hall by the Rev. J. A. MacFarlane, M.A., the subject being Italy. The lantern views were beautiful. The apparatus used was kindly loaned by Mr. René Dupont, of the Lake St. John Colonization Society. The hall was crowded and all present thoroughly enjoyed the evening's entertainment. At the conclusion of the lecture, Mr. Dupont showed some magnificent views of the Lake St. John district.

Q. A. A. RINK.

Now that the skating season will soon be at an end, the manager of the above popular rink desires to give his many patrons every opportunity of enjoying the splendid outdoor exercise. Therefore he has arranged to hold a special band performance from 3 to 5 o'clock this Saturday afternoon. He has no doubt that there will be a large attendance present as the ice is in splendid condition, and an excellent programme of music has been arranged for the occasion, which will add greatly to the pleasure of all those who attend. As usual the band will also perform to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. Admission 10 cents.

DEATH OF MR. H. B. BROWN, K.C.

Mr. H. B. Brown, K.C., a prominent lawyer of Sherbrooke, and well-known in this city, died in the townships' capital on Saturday morning somewhat suddenly, from heart disease. Mr. Brown, in addition to other important positions held by him, was a director of the Eastern Township Bank, president of the Stanstead and Sherbrooke Mutual Insurance Co., and acting attorney for the city. Mr. Brown was for a time professor of commercial law at Lennoxville University and a trustee of the city. He was also attorney for the Quebec Central Railway. He was born in Chichester, England, in 1845, and came to Canada in 1867. Mr. Brown leaves a widow, one son and three daughters, one of the latter, Mrs. R. S. Kaulbach, of Lunenburg, N.S., being just now in Bermuda. His funeral will take place in this city on Monday, the cortege leaving the Quebec Ferry wharf on arrival of special Quebec Central train from Sherbrooke about 2:30 p.m., for Mount Hermon Cemetery.

Suffering

often caused by Coffee is relieved by 10 days' use of

POSTUM

FOOD COFFEE

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in the pkg.

PERSONAL

Sir Charles Ross left for Ottawa last night.
 Mr. Charles H. Thorne is at present in Europe in the interests of Holt, Renfrew & Co.
 Mr. L. P. Montreuil arrived home yesterday morning from New York and Montreal, after having a most successful business trip in the interest of his millinery business. He was accompanied by his wife, and Miss V. Rousseau, his milliner.

WILL ADDRESS THE CHILDREN.

The Lord Bishop of Huron will address the St. Matthew's Church Sunday school children at 3:30 to-morrow afternoon. All are invited.

CHALMER'S CHURCH.

The morning subject to-morrow will be: "Judas." Evening: "Broken without Hand."—Daniel 8.

CATHEDRAL OF THE HOLY TRINITY.

The Right Rev. David Williams, D.D., Bishop of Huron, will preach in the Cathedral on Sunday at 11 a.m., and the Rev. F. W. Cornell at 7 p.m.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Boys' meeting Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Open to all boys.
 Young Men's Bible Class Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. All young men are most heartily invited.

LOOK OUT FOR TO-DAY'S STANDARD.

The colored map of the Province of Quebec given in exchange of the coupon which appears in this week's Standard—Ant. Langlois, agent, 26 Mountain Hill.

THE FAMINE IN JAPAN.

The attention of the entire civilized world has been drawn to the serious condition of affairs in Japan where a famine now exists due in a great measure to the failure of the rice crop. This plucky little nation of brown men, still staggering from the effects of their long drawn out war with Russia is now face to face with war's sister calamity—famine. The situation is most serious and the Dominion Government is sending several thousand bags of Canadian flour to Japan in aid of the famine sufferers. A package of Royal Eats is enclosed in each bag of flour, together with a circular printed in Japanese characters, giving full directions for making bread so as to ensure successful results.

BEFORE THE COURTS.

A resident of Charlesbourg, who had been fined recently for selling liquor without license, but failed to pay up, appeared in the Police Court yesterday and settled the amount of his fine in order to avoid being sent to prison.

THE CASE OF THE ST. LAWRENCE WRECKING CO. AGAINST CAPT. TREMBLAY.

The schooner Mary Louise, was fixed for hearing on Thursday next. Capt. Tremblay is accused of endorsing a cheque with the firm's name without waiting for the necessary authorization from Montreal. The Captain pleads that he used the cheque in the company's business and wished to avoid the delay of sending it to Montreal, not anticipating any trouble as a result.

TO THE ELECTORS OF MONTCALM WARD.

Gentlemen: I have the honor of soliciting your vote at the next election to fill the seat left vacant in Montcalm Ward by the elevation of Mr. Garneau to the position of first magistrate of the city.

It is only at the pressing request of the leading citizens of the Ward that I have decided to lay aside my personal objections in order to accept a testimony of confidence of which I appreciate the worth, but regarding which, at the same time, I am under no illusions as to the responsibilities or the difficulties of the situation.

I have hesitated for a long time to agree to the desire of the citizens of the Ward; I have even done my utmost, without success, to interest those rate payers of the Ward who are in a better position and who certainly are better qualified than I, to allow themselves to be nominated. I failed in my endeavors. A large deputation has just renewed the requests for me to accept the candidature. In view of such a demonstration, I might reasonably be accused of failing in devotion to the interests of the city and of disregarding the duties of a citizen. I therefore yield to these repeated requests and accept the nomination.

My programme is well known and is shown by my acts. The part I took in the struggle to assure the election of Mr. Garneau has revealed me in my true colors and relieved me from the necessity of making a more detailed profession of faith.

Gentlemen, from all of you who believe me fitted to meet the obligations and the responsibilities of such a position I ask support, and I can assure you of my entire devotion to your interests.

Yours most respectfully,
 C. R. PAQUIN, M.D.

"THE MAN WHO DOES THINGS"

must know how." We know how to buy goods, we know how to sell them, we know how to hire employees, and we know how to treat customers.

SYNDICATE OF QUEBEC,
 W. J. Guillet, Manager.

6-10-14-17

The little Doctor, in your Vest Pocket

SEE the thin, round-cornered little Enamel Box below! When carried in your vest pocket it means Health-Insurance.

It contains Six Candy Tablets of pleasant taste, almost as pleasant as Chocolate. Each tablet is a working dose of Cascarets, which acts like Exercise on the Bowels and Liver.

It will not purge, sicken, nor upset the stomach. Because it is not a "Bill" driver, "like Salts, Sodium, Calomel, Jalap, Senna, nor Aperient Waters." These waste Digestive juices of the system needed to-morrow, in merely flushing-out the Bowels today.

Neither is it like Castor Oil, Glycerine, or other Oily Laxatives that simply lubricate the intestines for transit of the food stopped up in them at that particular time.

These emergency drugs relieve the immediate trouble, but do not relieve its Cause.

The same trouble will therefore recur again till that Cause is removed permanently.

The chief cause of Constipation and Indigestion is a weakness of the Muscles that contract the Intestines and Bowels.

Cascarets are practically to the Bowels what a Massage and Cold Bath

are to the Athletic Muscles. They stimulate the Bowel Muscles to contract, expand, and squeeze the Digestive juices out of food eaten. Cascarets do this naturally, without purging or discomfort. They don't help the Bowels and Liver in such a way as to make them lean upon similar assistance for the future.

This is why, with Cascarets, the dose may be lessened each succeeding time instead of increased, as it must be with all succeeding doses of other Cathartic and Laxatives.

Cascarets act like exercise. If carried in your Vest Pocket, (or carried in My Lady's Purse), and eaten just when you suspect you need one, you will never know a sick day from the ordinary life of life.

Because, nearly all these ills begin in the Bowels, and partial Constipation paves the way for all other Diseases.

"Vest Pocket" box 10 cents. Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

A sample and the famous booklet, "Curse of Constipation," Free for the asking. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.



Showing size of "Vest Pocket" Cascarets Box compared to Watch.

BANKRUPT STOCK

CONSISTING OF

Chinaware, Glassware, Silverware, Cutlery and Fancy Articles, Etc., Etc.

Having purchased the stock of the insolvents, Martel & Martel, in very good condition, we will be in a position to offer the goods at very reasonable rates. On Monday, 12th inst., we will commence an unreserved sale of all the goods which will be sacrificed to make room for new goods.

T. L. Nadeau & Co.
 113 ST. JOSEPH STREET.
 mar.10x3

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING



Many new ideas and creations for spring wear now await you.

You can spend a very pleasant half hour looking over our big displays.

We are here to serve you,—and ask your early inspection of our spring stocks.

In Dress Skirts we are showing light and dark Tweeds, Voiles, etc., in all the recent modes.

Blouse Waists in Lustre Flannel Silk,—made and trimmed in the most superior manner.

Also Ladies' Wrappers in newest effects, and a great many novelties in Collars, Belts, Purses, etc.

COME IN AND SEE THEM.

We are pleased to tell you that we have engaged a tailor with very high experience for Ladies' Skirts, Jackets and Costumes.

EVERY ORDER WILL BE PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere,
 262-264 St. John Street.

DIED.

ARCHAMBAULT—Died at Montreal on the 9th inst., Marie Euphemie Amyot, wife of Jos. Archambault, of Montreal, at the age of 38 years. The funeral will take place at Montreal, Monday, the 12th inst., from Mr. Jos. Archambault's, 540 St. Hubert street, at 8:45.

BROWN—At Sherbrooke on Thursday the 8th inst., H. B. Brown, K.C. The funeral will leave Quebec Ferry Wharf on Monday, the 12th inst., on arrival of special Quebec Central Railway train, at about 2:30 p.m., and thence to Mount Hermon Cemetery.

GAUTHIER—On Thursday, 8th March, 1906, Ellen M. Boyce, widow of the late Edward C. E. Gauthier, in his lifetime, advocate.

Funeral will leave her late residence, 19 St. Famille street, on Monday, 12th inst., at 9 a.m., for the Basilica and thence to Belmont Cemetery.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice.

GENEST—At the age of 37 years and 7 months, Cecile Mousseau, wife of the late P. M. A. Genest.

Funeral will leave the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. C. P. Casgrain, No. 4 Scott street, on the 12th inst., at 8:45 for St. John Baptist Church, and thence to Belmont Cemetery.

RAY—At Halifax, N.S., on the 7th inst., in his eighty-seventh year, Jane LeSuer, widow of the late Walter G. Ray, formerly of Quebec.

New Advertisements.

Gold Mine Soap—F. X. Mahoux.
 Bankrupt Stock—T. L. Nadeau.
 Spring Opening—Thos. Donohue.
 Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.
 Doan's Kidney Pills.
 A Cure for Consumption—Peychiana.
 Auction Sale—Lefavre & Taschereau.
 Cheap Sale of Stationery—P. J. Evey's.
 Famous Ford Model "N"—S. Gillespie.
 Mass Meeting—Tara Hall.
 Keep off Nervous Prostration—Grape-Nuts.
 Suffering—Postum.
 Auditorium—"The Irish Outlaw."
 Tara Hall—Grand Matinee.
 Auditorium—Le Maître de Forges.
 Immense Sacrifice—Marceau & Co.
 In the Superior Court—Nazaire Fortier.

MASS MEETING

OF

Irish Men and their Descendants
 AT TARA HALL
 Sunday Afternoon.

A Mass Meeting of Irishmen and their descendants of this City and district of Quebec, will be held in Tara Hall, Sunday afternoon, March 12th, at 2:45 o'clock, to make arrangements for the celebration of St. Patrick's Day, street parade, etc. All friends of the Irish cause are cordially invited to attend.

D. J. KANE,
 Sec.-Treas.

Province of Quebec, } In The
 District of Quebec, } Superior Court

In the Matter of
JOSEPH CHARLES ROY
 Manufacturer, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that in virtue of an order of a Judge, dated 3rd March, 1906, a meeting of the creditors of the Insolvent will take place at the Court House, Quebec, on the 16th Ma ch, 1906, at ten o'clock of the morning, to give their opinions on the nomination of a Curator and inspectors to said insolvent estate.

NAZAIRE FORTIER,
 Provincial Guardian.
 Quebec, 8th March, 1906.

The 50th Annual Soiree

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

St. Patrick's Literary Institute

WILL TAKE PLACE IN THE

AUDITORIUM

—ON—

SATURDAY EVENING, 17th Inst.

When will be Produced by Lady and Gentlemen Amateurs a Patriotic and Dramatic Drama Entitled.

"The Irish Outlaw"

Re-arranged with new scenes, new characters, and special features by the Manager Mr. R. Timmons.

Tickets for sale at the Auditorium where the box plan will be on view from Monday, the 12th inst.

Prices of Admission: Gallery 25c., Balcony 50c. and 35c., Orchestra Chairs 75c. and 50c., Single Box Seats \$1.00, Boxes \$5.00.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, performance commences at 8.15.

J. J. BURKE,
 Sec'y St. P.L.I.

Tara Hall

GRAND MATINEE

Two hours of fun in the above hall on

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

Excellent Programme consisting of songs, dances, and instrumental music to conclude with a laughable comedy sketch. Doors open at 2 p.m. Performance begins 2.30.

Admission Adults 20c. . . . Children 10c.
 Tickets for Sale at D. or

J. J. BURKE,
 Sec'y St. P.L.I.

FRENCH CHESTERFIELD.

The most stylish Overcoat worn today in England is the French Chesterfield and Lafrance & Mullin have received some special stripes for same as shown in their windows.

GENTLEMEN.

We will put on sale on Saturday and Monday a suit made to order worth \$18.00 for \$13.50 Come and see.

MARCEAU & CO.

SEAT NO. 2 MONTCALM WARD.

The following electors of Montcalm Ward called last evening on Dr. R. Paquin and requested him to become a candidate for Seat No. 2 now vacant:—Aldermen Arth. Picard, H. D. Barry, R. Lemay, H. Lavigne, P. Hogan, J. B. O. Gagnon, Oct. Matte, Louis Larose, J. Bro. Cote, Nap. Tessier, H. Boullet, S. Durocher, Damien Matte, L. U. Renaud, Alph. Cote, Ed. Ficher, N. Marchant, J. A. Moisan, Philippe Dalkaire, sr., Philippe Dalkaire, jr., Eug. Trudel, Archille Ficher, Edmond Dry, A.M. Lafrance, Frs. Delisle, Rob. Marchant, C. Lockwell, Dr. Desrochers, Leonidas Dussault, Frs. Grenier, Arthur Gingras, Nap. Gauvin, Michel Boulet, Nap. Lavoie, Uric Genereux, Nap. Ficher, J. J. Murphy, Alfred Hutchinson, Robert Murphy, and several others.

CASTORIA.
 The Kind You Have Always Bought
 Bears the Signature
 J. J. Guillet

NOW, LOOK HERE!
 I want to see you when you're looking for anything in Dry Goods, Carpets, floor Oilcloths, Boots and Shoes, Ready-made garments of any kind, etc., etc.

SYNDICATE OF QUEBEC.
 5,7,10,11.
 W. J. Guillet, Manager.

NEVER BEFORE
 Was our stock so complete and so extended as to-day. It will do you good to investigate. Do it now!
 SYNDICATE OF QUEBEC.
 5,10,16,24.
 W. J. Guillet, Manager.

We call the attention of our readers to Thos. Donohue's advertisement which appears in another column.

Before a crowd of medium propor-

PARKER'S

STANDARD

WHISKY BLANC

MADE BY

E. W. PARKER, Distiller, Montreal

THE PUREST OF SPIRIT AND COLORLESS.

GUARANTEED by the CANADIAN GOVERNMENT.

MATURED IN BOND FOR OVER 2 YEARS.

GILLESPIES & Co., - SOLE AGENTS,
12 ST. SACREMENT STREET, MONTREAL.

THE MAN WHO GETS

THE BEST VALUE FOR HIS MONEY

IS LOOKED UPON AS WISE NOWADAYS

Be wise then and call at our store, where you will find all that is best in the line of groceries. We keep only high-grade goods in stock.

French and Spanish Wines and Brandies.
Irish, Scotch and Canadian Whiskies.
Canadian and American Canned Goods.
Ceylon, Java and China Teas.
Java and Mocha Coffees.M. BOYCE & SON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
19-21 Cote D'Abraham Telephone 29

VALUE OF ONE WHALE.

What a Little Dundas Boat Made at One Catch.

Leaving Dundas early in the summer in the ketch Snowdrop, which for the purposes of the voyage had been considerably strengthened, Mr. Forsyth Grant, Jr., of Ecclesburg, and a crew of twelve hands, commanded by the Arctic veteran, Capt. Ogston, sailed for Davis Strait, off the North American coast, in search of whales.

After many adventures among the ice floes, the little vessel reached smooth water off Cape Hooper, and here a large whale was sighted.

A boat was launched, and, seizing his opportunity, Mr. Grant fired the harpoon at close range and got fast. Fortunately the "fish" was not a "stayer," and came to the surface while there was still plenty of spare line on the boat. A bomb rocket was fired into the animal's vitals as soon as the boat came alongside, and, as one of the company remarked, "it calmed her as dead as Julius Caesar."

The problem then arose of how to "flush" it—to remove the blubber and baleen, and put it on board the Snowdrop. When brought alongside

the monster was found to be larger than the ketch, which had no steam winch, no adequate windlass, no "cant," and no proper "spears." The weight of the carcass, if made fast to the masthead, would have broken the mast; and stripping the blubber off the belly, Capt. Ogston improvised gear, very dissimilar to that in ordinary use, and by superhuman efforts the "fish" was turned over and the bone removed.

Some 16 cwt. to 18 cwt. of bone from the head was safely got over-side, and some twenty tons of bone and blubber, representing a value of about \$2,500, which was a very handsome return to the fortunate owner.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of
The Kind You Have Always Bought
of
J. H. H. H. H.

It is better to be the fool soon parted from his money than the miser whose soul is buried with it.

Clothes do not make the man though they often mark his mind.

EVIDENCE IS NOT
NEARLY ALL INBut Enough to Convince any Jury that Psychine
Cures All Ills That Lead to Consumption

Thousands of people who have used Psychine are spreading abroad the good news that they have at last discovered a sure cure for all those diseases that are forerunners of consumption—a sure preventive of consumption. On a few can be given here, but it is to your interest to study them carefully.

Psychine Cures Colds and Grippe

My wife took La Grippe when she was in Ottawa. She got a bottle of Psychine, and after using it for a few days she was quite well. I took a cold, and am getting all right.—R. N. DAFOR, Northfield Farm, Quebec.

Psychine Cures Night Sweats and Chills

I suffered with lung trouble, and was subject to night sweats, chills, and fever, and a terrific cough. Friends thought I'd never get better, but I found in Psychine a sure and permanent cure.—G. H. BRISTOW, Bath, Ont.

Psychine Cures Bronchitis

I got a severe cold, which turned to Bronchitis, and my lungs were seriously affected. I had a cough all summer. Psychine proved a great blessing to me, and I now know it is a sure cure for Bronchitis.—CHESLEY SCHELL, Ravenswood, Ont.

Psychine Cures Pneumonia

My son Laurence was taken down with Pneumonia. Two doctors attended him. He lay for three months almost like a dead child. Then we started to use Psychine. The effect was wonderful. We saw a difference in two days. Our boy was soon strong and well.—MRS. A. O. FISHER, Newmarket, Ont.

Psychine Builds up the General Health

Having used Psychine while in a state of convalescence, I deem it well worth using by those in search of robust health. In cases where La Grippe or any Throat or Lung Trouble has left the patient emaciated or depressed in spirits, Psychine has the marked property of reviving and restoring and bringing joy and pleasure into life.—REV. P. C. MILLOR, The Rectory, Cornwallis, N. S.

There is proof that Psychine cures throat and lung trouble, and builds up the general health. As a tonic, a giver of good all-round health, nothing ever given to the public or known to science can compete with

PSYCHINE
(Pronounced Si-Keen)

REMEMBER, Psychine cures Consumption, but its greatest work is the cure of those diseases that lead to Consumption. Psychine cures Colds, Coughs, La Grippe, Pneumonia, and Catarrh. At all druggists, 50c. and \$1 Per Bottle

Hidden Tragedies in Musical Quarter Latin.

"There are more starving artists, musical and otherwise, right here in New York—yes, right here in great hearted, generous New York—than anywhere else in the world, not even excepting Paris itself, despite all its Latin quarter traditions of pitiful penury."

Such is the startling declaration of Mrs. Zilpha Barnes Wood, a vocal instructor, whose wide and varied experience is the musical training of ambitious young girls from all over the country, and insight into their daily lives which such as experience must of necessity insure give to the judgment upon the subject the true ring of the authoritative note.

Mrs. Wood, at present the patroness of several young girls who have come from distant parts of the country, young girls whose voices give promise of great things in the future and to whom she acts in the role of the fairy godmother, giving them of her care and instruction for the pure joy of the mature artist who watches the budding of the embryo artist in another.

One of Mrs. Wood's "discoveries," and the one who will no doubt bring greatest artistic reward to her faithful teacher and her latest, is fifteen-year-old Irene Artman, of Cincinnati. Mrs. Wood has been Irene's teacher for three years, and it was Mrs. Wood who made her coming to New York possible. The child has a marvelous soprano voice, with the range and power of a well trained woman of thirty.

PROBLEM OF POVERTY.

It was chiefly because of her great "difficulty" in making these girl proteges—especially Miss Artman's—careers treated in the abstract question of the musical student in New York. It is true, as she points out, that New York has many splendid and conveniently appointed studio buildings, but poor girls cannot live in them. They are far beyond the means of any except the very wealthy girl or the successful teacher of art or music, who have thus far monopolized their accommodations.

The examples cited by Mrs. Wood, examples where young and inexperienced girls have come to this great city, lonely, strangers, but penniless, and their subsequent litter trails, and only too often temptations, all commend themselves to the attention of the practical philanthropist.

For, as Mrs. Wood most significantly observes, she does not believe that her own experience in this respect is at all unique among the profession to which she belongs and that if the truth were known practically every woman vocal teacher in the city of New York could duplicate it in the essential details of privation and suffering which she has discovered among so many of the young girls who have under her own immediate tutelage.

"The greatest tragedy in the world," said Mrs. Wood, "greater even than any tragedy ever written into drama or breathed into music, is the tragedy of just the artistic temperament. Whatever its environment, the artistic temperament carries with it its own punishment, its own pain. This punishment, this pain, is often as not almost unbearable at times even under the most benign influences, even in the most luxurious and aesthetic backgrounds. How much greater, then, must it be when the person so gifted happens to have his lines cast in hard places? If instead of abundant human love and human sympathy; instead of a reasonable share of the creature comforts—fire and food and warm clothing and a tight roof—he finds himself a stranger, alone and penniless, in a great city, perhaps for several years doomed to almost unceasing privations, if not actual hunger, how much greater, then, must be of the artistic temperament suffer while striving to justify his possession of the divine fire."

GIRLS SUFFER MOST.

"That divine fire, which, alas, so often scorches his very soul but which here I shall change from the masculine to the feminine pronoun, for unfortunately it is the girl artist, the girl musician, who suffers most, whether the field of her artistic endeavor lies in Paris, in Milan, in Vienna or even right in New York. Indeed, I do not hesitate to say that there are more starving artists, musical and otherwise, in New York—yes, right in great hearted, generous New York—than anywhere else in the world, not even excepting Paris itself, despite all its Latin Quarter traditions of pitiful penury."

The suffering here is greater for many good reasons. In the first place, arithmetically. Nowhere else in the world are there so many young girls interested in art as a serious career. It is true that tradition would accord this distinction to Paris, but, nevertheless, in numbers we far exceed the population of the Latin Quarter. And this misapprehension is due largely to the fact that in Paris, as in other European art centers, the artistic population is not decentralized, as is the case here. In Paris as in Milan or Vienna, one may go into certain quarters where artists have segregated themselves to the exclusion of all other classes, and thus one gets the impression of overwhelming numbers, whereas in reality they represent but a small percentage.

"Here in New York all this is quite different. Whereas we do have certain distinctive art and musical neighborhoods, as, for instance, here in the neighborhood of Carnegie Hall. There are fine studio buildings in every quarter of the city, and instead of one Latin Quarter we have innumerable centers where young musicians and young plastic and pictorial struggle and strive quite unknown to all save their discerning teachers."

"Another, and indeed the chief reason of so much hidden suffering and privation is the very exorbitant cost of living here, or, indeed, in any great American city, as compared with similar budgets in European cities. Rents are high, fuel is high and food is always at a figure which for only too many would make it absolutely prohibitive, if such were at all possible of practice."

"I have in mind a great number of instances that came within my immediate observation during the last year, instances where young and talented girls went simply cold and hungry while bravely struggling to make headway toward an entrance upon the operatic stage, which in the ultimate ideal of most of them. Two of the girls who I have reason to remember with peculiar poignancy of feeling, were sisters, I met them first under the most melodramatic of circumstances. The mother, a New Orleans lady, had written me regarding their ambitions, and had enclosed letters from the girls' home music teacher and dancing master. The mother expressed the solicitude of all good gently bred mothers who suffer the sight of their tenderly nurtured young daughters going forth into the world alone. They were very poor people she said, and in their straitened circumstances she could not see how it was possible for her to supply the girls with the luxury of a chaperone for the journey from New Orleans to New York. And so she asked me if I would not meet the girl at the dock when their vessel came to port. I responded most gladly, and in due time I found myself on a cold, snowy evening standing in the hall of the ship, watching the passengers of the steamship passing down the gangplank. Suddenly two wide-eyed, half-frightened looking children caught my eye, or rather at my first glance I took them to be children. But in another moment I had sized them up as my fortune pupils."

"Such children I never saw, for they were nothing but children. Barely seventeen years old the elder of them, the younger was just turned fifteen. Neither child had either age or experience enough to enter art work alone anywhere, least of all in this great cruel city. I had not dreamed they were of such very tender youth, or I should have strongly discommended their coming here under any circumstances. What to do with them I did not know, and naturally I did not feel at liberty to advise their mother, whose letter betrayed the fact that she was a gentlewoman, and owing to that very fact quite likely to bitterly resent any suggestion of that kind of my part. Besides, the girls, children though they virtually were, carried themselves with dignity and equal to their grace and charm of manner, and upon a whole appeared quite capable of looking out for their moral welfare without any undue concern of mine as they had selected me, of for a chaperon and moral compass, but for a trainer."

ANXIETY UNDERSTOOD.

"I did, however, outstep my natural function by seeing to it that they found lodging and board in a list of approved houses, with the tone and character of which I was fairly well familiar and knew to be unquestionable. And this, I may add, is not an easy thing for the girl music pupil to attain when her living expenses are limited. I could well understand the anxiety of the girls' mother and their former instructors that they should give them every perfection of training. Both were sopranos, voices holding vast promises as their owners grew to maturity. They also proved to be most efficient and faithful students never missing a lesson. Well, several months passing by, months marked by a letter and most rigorous winter weather we had known of a half dozen years. I had noticed little by little that my talented New Orleans pupils were growing pined and white, but I attributed it to the strain and anxiety they both labored under in efforts to get ahead with their studies."

My imagination on several occasions had led me to try to satisfy myself beyond a shadow of a doubt that there was nothing more fundamental about their thin white faces, but all my diagnostic endeavors, I could see, were fruitless. I met with a frustrating reserve. Had I been a less busy woman I might not have rested satisfied; had I not so many girls all claiming an equal share of my best thought and energy, I might have been more astute regarding these two sisters."

"As it happened, though, we kept on the even tenor of our way, they coming each day, taking their lessons, and departing, and I all pride at their rapid advance—never suspecting the tragedy underneath it all—when early in March I missed them one day. Their appointed hour came and went. The day was bad, and I attributed it to a sudden cold, for they had never lost so much as a moment before. I felt no alarm consequently, when they did not put in an appearance on the next day, but when the third came and went and I heard not a word I became alarmed. I hurried to the boarding house to which I had sent them. The landlady had almost forgotten their very existence explaining that so nearly as she could remember they had left nearly two months before."

The Origin of Catarrh is Interesting

But a True Cure is What You Should Find

Scarcely anyone escapes catarrh in some form.

At first it is a cold.

But each day makes it more sickening and offensive.

As the nose gets plugged up, the patient has to breathe through the mouth and run the risk of letting consumption germs get into the lungs.

No use trying to cure with snuffs, atomizers or stomach medicine.

The germs are in the nostrils, the throat and air passages. Only Catarrhine can reach the trouble for it goes wherever the air you breathe can go.

Into the smallest air cells, into every passage, wherever there is a sign of Catarrh, you can quickly apply Catarrhine.

Sore spots are healed, inflammation subdued, the mucous membranes are cleansed and strengthened, the cause of the trouble being by Catarrhine, thorough course quickly follows.

Foolish to put off when cure is so handy. Your druggist sells Catarrhine, two months treatment \$1.00.

Stealing sorrow is as much as stealing stolen joys.

And also, if she remembered right,

they had gone to some furnished room over on the west side, where they could "do light housekeeping." But they had let no address.

"I was much perplexed. They were more effectively lost than is a needle in a haystack so far as any starting point to find them was concerned, but my womanly intuition told me that it was necessary to find these girls just as quickly as possible, even at the risk of frightening the little gentleman mother away off in New Orleans, whose address, fortunately, I still had. So I sent a telegram. At midnight the answer came—a frantic appeal from a distressed mother, who had herself not heard from them for more than two weeks, but who had had presence of mind enough to give me an address."

"Not daring to wait until morning, I called a cab and started out in a raging storm, expected to be landed I hardly dared think where. The number proved to be at the bottom of one of the West Nineties, not far from the North river, and when after arousing the janitor of the lodging house, we together made our way to the room that was theirs, our knock met with no response. Going up the many flights of dark, but smelling stairs the janitor's chambermaid remarked that she had not seen or heard either of her young tenants for several days. At her initiative I then opened the door. The room was in darkness, but from the corner we could hear breathing and moaning."

"The lighted gas jet revealed a ghastly scene—two suicides but two living girls in the throes of what seemed to be a delirious fever. The doctor came, diagnosed the cases as malignant scarlet fever, and by daylight we had the ambulance come and carry them away to the Contagious Diseases hospital, on the island. There was simply nothing else to be done. The doctor, after his diagnosis, ventured the opinion that neither of the had known what it was to have a satisfied hunger for weeks. There was neither coal nor any indication of food in the miserable room where they had all that winter being trying to make both ends meet. Their mother afterwards wrote me in great anguish, that it had all been caused by a starvation allowance with which they had entered New York."

"Well to make a long story short, the younger of the girls died—died in delirium, and before her mother could get there. The other hovered for weeks between life and death, and came out with her hearing so badly impaired that her value as a vocalist had been forever destroyed."

"This is, no doubt, an extreme, unique case in its details, but in its essentials it is being repeated every day. What New York needs in a system of well managed studio buildings where girls of very small means can live with a reasonable amount of privacy and comfort, and there is an agitation going on just now for a system of working girls' hotels and lodging-houses for the accommodation of the factory and shopgirl class. No doubt that class needs such places very urgently; nevertheless I do not think it could exceed the similar need of the more gently nurtured and always refined musical student."

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR A HAPPY MAN?

If So Find One Who Uses Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets and an Now Lat and Enjoy Three Square Meals a Day.

Thrice happy is the man who can take three square meals a day and enjoy every one of them. But in these days of bad teeth and quick lunches, how many people can do this? Can you? If you can't it's your own fault.

Modern science has overcome the handicaps of bad teeth, quick eating and scanty saliva. It has provided Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets, the greatest help to the stomach ever discovered. They contain the necessary ingredients for digestion; to put it in brief they digest the food while the stomach rests and recuperates. That they are an easy and natural cure for all stomach ailments anybody who has used them will tell you. Louis M. Boudreau, of St. Louis, N.B., says: "I recommend anyone who suffers from Dyspepsia to use Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. I had it badly, and the doctors I consulted did me no good. Three boxes of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cured me completely."

COPIED FROM COINS.

Present System of Hairdressing Existing in Ancient Rome.

The fashion of hairdressing is constantly changing, but Lady Evans demonstrated to the members of the Royal Numismatic Society, which met in London, England, recently, that modern styles have more than a slight resemblance to those in favor with the women of ancient Rome.

Lady Evans illustrated her address by ancient Roman coins. In the Republican era the hair of the women was collected on the back of the head and fastened in a knot, but later a more elaborate dressing was seen, the hair was drawn to the top of the head and passed over the forehead.

In Imperial times it was plainly crimped, and had a queue which was arranged in a series of wavy curls very similar to the fashion in England at the present day. The head of Faustina, the wife of Antoninus Pius, was shown in illustration of this style.

Afterward the hair was treated more simply, and on a medallion of the head of the mother of Constantine the Great it is seen to be covered with a cloth and, from under which a fringe of curls was arranged, too, the "don" hair was in existence—a style in which modern ladies are very familiar.

The series of illustrations given by Lady Evans extended over four centuries.

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TABLES WERE TURNED.

Toronto, March 8.—A meek little man with a weather-beaten face peeped over the top of the dock in the Police Court yesterday. He was John O'Neil, who had been charged with non-support and assault by his wife, Mary O'Neil. The two got married on Feb. 17th, 1889, but never lived very happily together. O'Neil has been away at White River, Ont., where the zero weather comes from. When he returned he discovered the charge of non-support against him, so he went to his wife's home and the scene followed which led to the assault charge. Mrs. O'Neil went into the witness box and told the story of the assault. Crown Attorney Curry asked her regarding her marriage and she admitted that on Jan. 19th last she had taken to herself another husband, by name, Richard Pugh. "That disposes of the non-support charge," said the magistrate, "and I shall also remand the assault case till called on."

The Crown attorney called husband number two, Pugh, told Mr. Curry that he had been married before.

"Where is your wife?" was asked. "I do not know," was the reply.

The complainants and the defendant exchanged places. O'Neil became a Crown witness, and Mary O'Neil and Richard Pugh were taken into custody on the charge of bigamy.

Two prisoners were given a week's remand, but the Crown refused to grant bail.

MOUNT HERMON CEMETERY ASSOCIATION

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

The Annual General Meeting of the above Association, for the election of Directors, and other business, will be held at the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer, Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company Building, 46 Da'hon ie street, (top floor) on Wednesday, the 14th of March, 1906, at 3 p.m.

Quebec, 3rd March, 1906.

By order

ERNEST F. WURTELE,

Secretary-Treasurer

mar.5x9.

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THE DISASTERS OF A YEAR.

Upwards of 32,000 Deaths From Misadventure
and Mishaps in the Year 1905—A Total
Beyond All Precedent.

When 1905 takes its place in history it will figure not only as the year of Mukden and Portsmouth—of war and peace; it must also claim attention on the scroll of recorded fact because of its appalling Record disaster. Nineteen-four had brought violent death to 6,141; the toll demanded by 1903 had been 8,025—but the twelve-month just dead went far beyond either of these with a frightful total of 32,069. This includes no accident, however tragic, which brought not at least five deaths in its train. It takes no account of the ranges of war—not of that Mukden which dwarfed three hundred such holocausts as the Iroquois theatre, nor of those Russian massacres which have counted their victims by the thousands. Merely the "usual" fatal happenings, of a busy world have shown in one short year an average loss of 2,672 lives a month—617 a week—nearly eighty-eight a day.

DEATH AT THE THRESHOLD.
Illomen stood at 1905's very threshold. On Jan. 1, the barque "Marpesia" was blown up at sea, bringing eleven fatalities to form the first item in that longest list of the year's disasters. For maritime accidents have since New Year's Day numbered sixty-three with 1,493 deaths, though it is to be added that this sort of disaster usually the heaviest of any any twelve month has to show, has in 1905 been surpassed in mortalities by both earthquake and storm.

Only three times within a century has the world known a tremor worse in its appalling results. St. Pierre (1902) claimed 30,000; Peru and Ecuador, in 1868, saw 25,000 dead, and in 1882 Aleppo lost 20,000. But, barring only these, the disaster which centred about Mysore and Lahore and Misourie on April 3, with the death list totalling at 14,428, was the worst visitation of the sort since the mediæval days of exasperated figures.

27,906 IN SIXTEEN DAYS.
These two, then, contributed mainly to that fearful sum which 1905 has seen which follow them on the disaster roster. Human life is, indeed, "of uncertain certainty."

British India, Spain, ...	14,428
Sept. 2—Typhoon over the Ton-	9,993
quin Delta, China, ...	
June 2—Wind and rainstorm	493
over Natal, ...	
July 2—Cloudburst above Gau-	491
najuato, Mexico, ...	
Sept. 7—Earthquake in Calab-	400
ria, Italy, ...	
Aug. 27—Hurricane off Gotto	295
Isle, Korean Channel, ...	
June 18—Mine explosion at	285
Khartisisk, Russia, ...	
Sept. 11—Fire and explosion on	256
the Mikasa, ...	
Sept. 26—Typhoon over the	203
Philippine Island, ...	
April 8—Reservoir collapse,	189
Madrid, Spain, ...	
June 2—Reservoir collapse Pine-	178
town, Natal, ...	
May 23—Fishing boat foundered	128
off St. Servan, ...	
Nov. 19—Wreck of the Hilda off	123
St. Malo, ...	
Sept. 28—Typhoon and tidal	120
wave, Marshall Islands, ...	
Feb. 20—Mine explosion at Bir-	111
mingham, Ala., ...	
May 11—Snyder (Okla) destroy-	104
ed by a tornado, ...	
June 30—Hurricane across the	102
Marshall Islands, ...	
Total	27,906

A COINCIDENCE.
Was it not more than just "odo" that the storm over Natal and Mexico should have claimed exactly the same number of victims? Also that they should have fallen one on the second of the one month, and the other on the same date as the one following? That Pinetown's reservoir should have burst the day of Natal's typhoon was, of course, result rather than coincidence—but it was not result which brought a second storm to the Marshall Islands in September, to

CHANGE OF LIFE.
A TIME OF INTEREST AND
GREAT IMPORTANCE TO
ALL WOMEN.

Wrecked health is produced by neglect during this trying period, and small wonder that women look forward with dread to its coming, for if not properly passed, is but the beginning of an endless chain of troubles.

As soon as the unmistakable signs known to all women make their first appearance, Ferrozone should be used regularly, and if persistently taken will be a guarantee of happy, healthy, old age.

Nothing can bring more pleasure than to know that the days of sickness and suffering are over. This can best be accomplished by building up the system with Ferrozone, which produces blood, muscle, tissue, and strength to resist and ward off disease.

Ferrozone increases the appetite, strengthens and improves nerve tone, and digestive processes, thereby strengthening and invigorating the whole system. It gives tone to the heart, regulates its action, removes distressing palpitations, and it lays the sound foundation of perfect health.

Ferrozone is a sensible and efficient tonic: it brings back strength very quickly, and a few people are so strong and healthy, that they would not be benefited by using it.

Be advised and try Ferrozone. It is very pleasant to take, one tablet after each meal. All reliable druggists sell it for 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50. By mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

takes toll in exactly the same figures June had written, merely reversing the two final digits.

With the losses classified under general headings, this is the reading of 1905's roll:

Earthquakes, ...	15,004
Wind and storm, ...	11,789
Maritime, ...	1,493
Floods, ...	967
Mine accidents, ...	333
Railroad accidents, ...	328
Explosion, ...	266
Extreme heat and cold, ...	263
Fire, ...	132
"The Glorious Fourth", ...	130
Collapsed buildings, ...	133
Land and snowslides, ...	55
Skating and swimming acci-	38
dents, ...	10
Troly accidents, ...	
Asphyxiations, ...	
Total	32,069

LITTLE THINGS THAT COUNT.

The three final items emphasize the necessary incompleteness of any such record as this. It can be approximately accurate, but conditions imposed by the insufficiency of record in many cases where the loss of life has amounted to only one or two necessitate that the line be drawn somewhere. As has been said, no items have been included where less than five lives have been lost, though the aggregate of those omitted, could they all be gathered, would swell the total far beyond its present size. Instances emphatically indicative of the large figures soon rolled up by what are comparatively "little" disasters, are to be found in such facts as that pedestrians are killed in New York City at the rate of one a day, that the fatalities among seagoing men are estimated at six a day, or that the deaths due to the mountain-reeking amounted during 1904 to 302. It does not need the nineteen entries which 1905 has written across her necrology against the sport of football to show that even so dreadful a record as that which follows might readily become more terrible, were all the figures available at this time.

IN CANADA.
In Canada the principal disasters were on April 17, the burning of a residence at Ste. Anne de Pontevic, Que., and the loss of seven lives; April 21, burning at St. Genevieve Convent, near Montreal, 15 lives lost; September 1-3, fatal storms on Lake Superior; Nov. 17, launching of steamer Turbine, off Clark's Harbor, N.S., with 19 lives; wreck of the steamer Lunenburg off Amherst Harbor, B.C., 11 lives lost, and time explosion at Vancouver, B.C., 18 lives lost.

RECORD BY MONTHS AND DAYS.
It needed nothing beyond the South Indian earthquake to make April by far the most fatal of the months; even its follow in Calabria and the storms which devastated the Tonquin Delta, and the Philippine and Marshall groups, failing to raise September to within 3,000 of that April total, June and July, respectively third and fourth on the list, differed one from the other by only one life. The rest fell away from August's 605 to October's 207.

The Lahore-Mysore disaster, again, has made the third of the month the most fatal of dates: 14,576 all told, leading the second of the month by 3,203. The 29th was least disastrous, seeing but eleven killed during its eleven appearances. In the number of accidents rather than in lives lost, the first has to show fifteen, against the 15th's fourteen and the third's thirteen; the 29th and 31st witnessed only two mishappenings.

UNLUCKY THIRTEEN.
The "hoodoo" on the 13th was not marked. Just half of its appearances were free from deaths, 129 falling during the courses of the other six.

Also can almost anything be proved by the record of the Fridays. Thirteen accidents happened on this black week-day, putting the period of 1,257 lives—but then, twenty-two Fridays passed unmarked by any untoward chances. Of the holidays, six were "bad" and four "good". The sinking of the "Marpesia" on New Year's Day was followed by the sinking of the "Natorigawa" (4) on Lincoln's birthday; by an island storm and a metropolitan asphyxiation tragedy on April Fools' Day (21); a Colorado mine cave-in on Declaration Day (5); an explosion as well as the usual mortality due to fireworks on Independence Day (188), and, on Labor Day, the capsizing of a pleasure craft in Boulange Harbor (7)—326 lives in all on those half-dozen days when the American world at least usually lays by its cares and labors.

THE JUDGE TOOK THE COUNT.
Charles H. Hudson was a lawyer of remarkable keenness and ability, and well known also as a student of Shakespeare, but he was not a strict and offensive teetotaler at all hours of the day.

One day he appeared before Judge Ladd, of the police court of Cambridge, in a case involving no difficult questions of law, but Mr. Hudson, who had had a horn too much commenced to criticize the judge's rulings sharply.

The judge finally with a judicial look of sternness, remarked: "Mr. Hudson, if you do not speak more respectfully of the decisions of this court I shall at once commit you for contempt of court."

Hudson arose, with a great assumption of dignity, and raising his voice and head, said: "Your honor, says you will commit me to jail for contempt of your court. I'll bet \$5, and put the money up, that your honor cannot make out the papers correctly in three weeks."

The judge gave up.

DOMESTIC HINTS.
A hundred years ago the average chest measure of men as recorded in tailors' books was 36 in., now 38 in.

The Parisian jewellers are selling strings of precious stones to be worn across the forehead instead of as a necklace.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
J. C. Watson



OLD style low rubbers never were a success. They lacked the "Everstick" ridge that catches the sole of the shoe and holds the rubber on, no matter what position the shoe is in.

Light, neat, clean-cut and stylish.
Made in all sizes for men and women.
Fits any single or double sole.
Ask your dealer for "Everstick"
Invisible Rubbers—he
can supply you.

REMARKABLE FEAT.

Recently an Indian fakir appeared at a circus in Berlin, where he astonished the audience by lifting a boy with his eyelids. The boy made himself as small as possible, and was put into a net to which was secured a string that was provided on each end with a little cup just large enough to fit over the eye. The fakir pressed these little cups over his eyes, where they held fast, then threw his head back and slowly straightened his body, thus lifting his burden, which he then carried about—his arms being outstretched all the time—and finally lowering it slowly to the ground again. How is it possible for any man to do this? The only explanation is that the cups were fitted into the eye sockets so that they held on the edges of the sockets but it is not likely that the trick will be imitated by even those prestidigitators who consider themselves very expert.

**What Colds
Lead To.**

NOT THE LUNGS ONLY, BUT
EVERY ORGAN OF THE BODY
IN DANGER FROM NEGLECT-
ED COLDS.

**DR. CHASE'S SYRUP
OF
LINSEED AND
TURPENTINE**

Most people know that such ailments as pneumonia and consumption have their beginning in a cold, but all do not realize that other vital organs of the body are almost equally liable.

Not infrequently colds settle on the liver or kidneys, causing serious disease of these organs.

In other cases colds hang on until the system is run down and exhausted, and so left in a fit state to fall prey to contagious diseases.

The only safe way is to speedily get rid of all colds before they become fastened on the system.

This can best be accomplished by the use of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

This medicine has come to be considered indispensable in the home as a cure for colds, bronchitis, croup, asthma and whooping cough.

Mr. John Clark, coachman, of Port Hope, Ont., writes:—"Being exposed to all sorts of weather, I frequently catch cold. Last winter I was so bad with a cold that I could not speak above a whisper, and had great pains in the chest. At last I feared it would develop into consumption if I did not succeed in getting proper treatment. A friend advised me to try Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, and I began to improve before I had taken half a bottle. One bottle cured my cold, which, I believe, would have proven very serious if I had not used this medicine."

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, 25 cents a bottle, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every bottle.

WELCOME CHANCE.
Hamilton, March 8.—There has been a change in the police rules, the weekly drills, so much detested by the men, having given place to indoor baseball. The change has not been in force very long, but the men are apparently satisfied and say they take more interest in chasing the ball than in marking time and standing at ease.

These drills, given for a long time on Friday afternoons, were one of the sore spots in a policeman's life, the men claiming that they did enough marching on their beats without having to get a double dose on Fridays.

The officers expect to blossom into first-class ball chasers, the same as they are first-class thief chasers. Already two teams have been formed, named the Starlights and Starbrights. It is whispered that when these two teams have been thoroughly worked out they will pick an expert team to be called the Moonlights. They then talk of challenging the press nine and other star teams, and some interesting battles may be expected.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
J. C. Watson

HOCKEY
SENIOR CHAMPIONSHIP
Ottawa vs Quebec
QUEBEC SKATING RINK
Saturday, March 10,
AT 8.30 O'CLOCK P.M.
ADMISSION 25c.; RESERVED SEATS 35c., 50c., 75c. and \$1.00
Plan opens at Rink Friday Afternoon at 3 o'clock.
SMOKING STRICTLY PROHIBITED
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PURE DARJEELING TEA
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From the Plantation to the Consumer.
WE DO NOT
Supply this Tea to Grocers nor other Dealers—to be
had only of the Agents.

MOORE'S, 148 St. John Street

Spring Suitings.

SCOTCH TWEEDS, ENGLISH TWEEDS, IRISH HOMESPUNS,
FINE BLUE AND BLACK SERGES,
LIGHT OVERCOATINGS,
SPECIAL TWEEDS FOR RIDING BREECHES,
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ESTABLISHED 1865
HEADQUARTERS FOR
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OF THE BEST MAKERS.
WE SELL THE BEST ALARM CLOCKS.
STANDARD TIME BY WIRE DAILY.
SPECTACLES and EYEGLASSES
Correctly Fitted and Waranted.
EMILE JACOT,
128 ST. JOSEPH STREET

FAMILY WASHING.

We have been asked by a great many of our customers to do family washing and have installed a large mangle 120 inches long with another of a smaller capacity to press flannels, etc. The large machine will iron all classes of table linen, sheets, towels, pillow slips, counterpanes, etc. It is the latest and best machine on the market and turns out beautiful work. Our prices on Table Linen, Bed Linen and Towels are so reasonable that you can not afford to put up with the dingy work of a wash woman.

Try us once and you will never go back to the old way.

PFEIFFER'S DYE WORKS AND LAUNDRY,
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SUNLIGHT SOAP

\$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

is equally good with hard or soft water.

If you use Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions) you need not boil nor rub your clothes, and yet you will get better results than with boiling and hard rubbing in the old-fashioned way.

As Sunlight Soap contains no injurious chemicals and is perfectly pure, the most delicate fabrics and dainty silks and laces may be washed without the slightest injury.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto



5c. Buy it and follow directions 5c.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

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A Small, Loose-Leaf Ledger for Petty and Transient Accounts. Indexed, Easy and Simple.

500 STATEMENTS WITH THE FILE \$2.25



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QUEBEC.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's

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IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE

Colds,
Coughs,

Asthma,
Bronchitis.



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Sole and U.S. Price: 1/6 and 2/9 4/6 each
(Overwhelming Medical Testimony accompanies each bottle.)
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BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING
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Paid up \$500,000. Reserve Fund \$500,000.

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The Company is authorized to act as Trustee, Executor under Wills, Assignee, &c., &c., and to give Bonds in connection with any Judicial Proceedings, and accept any Financial Agency.
The law of the Province of Quebec does not require Executors to give security for their administration, nor are they obliged to render accounts to the Courts. The nomination of

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY

as Executor, affords the greatest possible security to Testators. The Corporation is perpetual. All its administration is public and open. It does not die. Its charges are reasonable, and it gives the best guarantee a Testator can have that his Estate will be honestly and economically managed.

The Company will act as Agent and Attorney for Executors already acting, or for the management of Estates, and will receive free of charge, for safe keeping, Sealed Wills, in which it is named Executor. Solicitors and Notaries placing business with the Company may be retained to do the legal work in connection with such business.

F. J. COCKBURN, (Manager of the Bank of Montreal),
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From whom all necessary information and advice may be obtained.

The Celebrated
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EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious
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FITTING PARLOR
ST. JOSEPH STREET QUEBEC
SPECIALTY
Corsets to Measure.

Has just adopted the Corset P. & L. of the French Lady Corset Mfg. Co. as being the fashionable corset and which, by its cut gives all the comfort that Ladies desire. The whalebone are made of aluminum which protects them from rust.

Ask for the Corset bearing the mark

P. & L.

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MANF'G CO., QUEBEC.

feb. 1xth-satxlm.

LINGUISTIC CONFUSION.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Rutherford Douglas of Lexington went up the Kentucky River to shoot ducks. At the farmhouse where he stayed over night he picked up a negro "boy"—six feet two and at least 230 pounds—who was to do the retrieving in a boat.

When they started before dawn for the ducks' feeding place, four miles up the river, Mr. Douglas casually asked: "William, can you row?"

"Kin I whut, suh?" asked the boy, looking startled. "Oh, kin I ro? No-o-o, suh; I ain' nevuh tried to ro' in mah life."

Mr. Douglas sighed and rowed the ducks' and his big cargo upstream. After an hour's hard work he arrived at the blind, stepped ashore and took his gun. The boy picked up the oars and started for the retrieving point at a high rate of speed. Mr. Douglas watched the powerful, smooth, expert strokes, and looked at his own hands, blistered and bleeding from the unusual exercise.

"William!" he roared. "Come back here! You black rascal, how dared you tell me you didn't know how to row?"

"O-o-o, is dat whut yo' meant, suh?" the boy asked.

"You know perfectly well what I meant," cried the angry man. "I meant, 'Oh, no, suh; no, suh; 'seuge me, boss,' apologized William with a slow, sad smile. 'W'en you axed me dat quesh'n about ro' in I thought yo' wuz axin' wh'r I could ro' like a lion.'"

A RIGHT WAY and A WRONG WAY

Many people have many ways to bring about the same result. Most of them are mistaken ways, but this is not known until the test of time points plainly to the error. Practically there are but two ways to accomplish anything: a right way and a wrong way. Take, for instance, a man with a bad back, there are lots of them, and of various kinds, some with stitches and twinges, others with cricks and twinges; then there's the dull, heavy continuous kind that lasts all day and doesn't sleep at night. They're all bad enough, they're all hard enough to get rid of. Some people rub the back with liniment, others cover it with plasters, either or both means often bring relief, but the pain comes back—it's the wrong way to cure the trouble.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

have a way to cure backache, a way that's all their own—the right way. They're made for the kidneys only. When the kidneys fail in their work of filtering the blood the back aches because they are situated in the small of the back; backache is the kidney's warning of trouble, and every day you let the warning go it brings you nearer to urinary disorders, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, etc.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure every form of kidney ills and that's why they bring such quick relief from backache. Mr. Fred Gray, Good Corner, N.B., writes: "I was greatly troubled with pain across my back. I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, and received them the best remedy for kidney trouble there is. I would not be without them in my house."

Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25, all dealers or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

DOMESTIC NOTES.

Finger nails grow most rapidly upon the healthy.

A cut apple put in the cake box will keep the cake fresh a long time.

The growth of girls is greatest in their fifteenth year, and that of boys in the seventeenth.

Boiled cauliflower will be much whiter if placed in the saucepan head down to insure their submersion.

A good way of cleaning oilcloth is to sponge it with skim milk, as it brightens and preserves the colour.

A teaspoonful of turpentine dissolved in two quarts of hot water makes the best solution in which to wash glass.

Windows should be closed during a thunder storm, as window glass is one of the worst possible conductors of lightning.

The resistance of glass jars that refuse to open can be overcome by setting them, top downward, in an inch or two of hot water.

A delicious crust is formed on sponge cake if the top is dusted over with powdered sugar just before the cake is put into the oven.

A piece of bread tied in a bit of muslin and dropped into the water in which greens are boiled will absorb the unpleasant odour.

People who suffer from weak ankles should put plenty of salt in the water in which they bathe their feet, and they should use the water cold.

One of the best features of a sea bath is the salt water inadvertently swallowed by the bathers, which is wonderful tonic for liver, stomach and kidneys.

To make fly papers, take equal parts of boiled linseed oil and rosin, melt them, and add some honey. Soak the paper in a strong solution of alum, then dry before applying the above.

When cleaning grates add half a dozen drops of turpentine to the black-head, stir well, and a beautiful polish will be the result when finished. It also keeps stoves from rusting when not in use.

Ointments are of very little use for the removal of the mites from the children's hair. The quickest method is to saturate the hair with methylated spirit. This is best done at night, just before bedtime.

Cats can smell even during sleep. When a piece of meat is placed immediately in front of a sleeping cat's nose, the nostrils begin to work as the scent is received, and an instant later the cat will wake up.

Glass jars are now much used by progressive housekeepers for spices, cereals, and other such supplies. They have obvious advantages over opaque receptacles, and it is an easy matter to collect them by buying goods that are put up in glass.

Glass jars are now much used by progressive housekeepers for spices, cereals, and other such supplies. They have obvious advantages over opaque receptacles, and it is an easy matter to collect them by buying goods that are put up in glass.

TELEPHONE'S INVENTOR.

Brantford Has Determined to Honor Its Distinguished Son, Alexander Graham Bell—Will Erect Memorial.

Brantford has determined to set a good example to those cities that wait to honor a distinguished son until he is dead. The town's recognition of Alexander Graham Bell's services to humanity in inventing the telephone will take the shape of a memorial to be erected some time this year. To arrange details a committee has been formed. The chief question to be decided is whether the memorial should be to Prof. Bell or to the telephone. The latter would include recognition of the inventor and the Lorimer automatic system, the most important improvement made in the telephone since Prof. Bell made the first invention. It has been suggested that the old Bell property at Brantford should be bought and maintained as a park. Whatever form the memorial shall take, it may be taken for granted that it will be worthy of Brantford and the illustrious inventor.

BEGAN AS VOICE SPECIALIST.

The outstanding feature of Prof. Bell's invention, that which differentiates his work from that of Edison, Marconi and others, is that he began not as an electrician, but as a voice specialist. In this respect he resembles Signor Garcia, the famous singing master, who invented an invaluable device for examining the throat. Alexander Graham Bell's father and his grandfather before him had made a special study of sound and speech, and one is tempted to remark that his wonderful talents were inherited. But as a man inherits chiefly from his mother and her father, it would probably be more scientific to attribute the bent of his thoughts to environment rather than to heredity. Alexander Bell, the grandfather, was the inventor of a system to remove defects of speech, and Alexander McVie Bell, the father of the inventor of the telephone, was the author of "visible speech," whereby deaf-mutes could be taught to speak.

WHEN HE CAME TO CANADA.

The future inventor of the telephone was born in Edinburgh, in 1847, and as his people were gentlefolk, they were able to give him a first-class education, first at the High School and later at the University of Edinburgh. At the age of 20 he left to continue his studies at London, but ill-health caused him to abandon his plans. It was in 1870 that he and his father came to Canada, and bought a place at Brantford, the house and grounds that it is now proposed to convert into a city park. Here it was that the first real telephone in the world was given a practical test, and it is on the strength of this epoch-making experiment that Brantford claims the proud title of the Telephone City. But while Canada is properly considered the birthplace of the telephone, the idea itself was conceived some years before the Bell family came to this country. Before 1870 Alexander Bell had told some friends in England and Scotland of his hopes and dreams, and one of them was the belief that he would some day invent a telephone.

THE BOY INVENTOR.

Just when the idea first took definite shape is not known. As a boy he was taken one day to see an automatic talking machine, which in a few days he was able to successfully reproduce. As he grew into manhood

cheaper. They are made in a solid piece, and one can be turned out complete in about five minutes.

If a cloth is wetted in vinegar and wrung out as dry as possible with the hands and wrapped around cheese, and then the whole put in a large paper bag and kept in a cool place, the cheese will retain the moisture and freshness of a new cut cheese, and will not mould.

Do not use a cover on the dining-room table except at meal time. If it is really good old oak a few scratches will not harm it, but be careful to use thick baize or felt slip under the white tablecloth to prevent any heat marks being left by hot dishes or plates. These are difficult to remove.

Exercise of great importance in the treatment of indigestion. The best forms of exercise are those who secure the most general activity of the muscular system with pleasurable exhilaration and recreation. The best of all exercise is play of various kinds. Outdoor games, such as tennis, golf, hare and hounds, skating, walking, and so on, are most beneficial.

At the first sign of a corn or a bunion the feet should be bathed every day in cold or warm water, to which a little alum or vinegar has been added. This is a soothing bath, also, for swollen feet, and leaves a sensation of freshness. Feet that are inclined to corns or bunions should be sponged at night with lavender water or very slightly diluted vinegar.

One small onion eaten at night will often induce sleep, as onions have a particularly soothing effect upon the nerves, without any of the ill effects that are produced by the taking of drugs. To remove the taste, a little parsley may be eaten, or a few drops of eau de cologne on a lump of sugar. A few drops of eau-de-cologne on sugar, before going out in the evening, is a good eye brightener.

New furniture should be kept as long as possible without the application of oily restoratives, because once commenced a perfect polish will have to be kept up by a thorough daily rubbing, or the oil is certain to form a crust sooner or later, which is sticky to the touch, and not nice to look at. Furniture finish d with shell lac or varnish should never be washed with soap and water. The soap eats the oil and destroys the surface.

So many people suffer from asthma that this simple relief will be welcome to numerous readers. Soak some white blotting paper in a strong solution of salt petre, dry it; take a piece about the size of your hand, and on going to bed light it, laying it upon a plate in your bedroom. By this means persons, now very badly afflicted with that painful complaint, asthma, will find that they can secure undisturbed sleep almost as well as when in health.

his studies in vocal physiology had advanced so far that he had conceived the idea of following up Bell's work by actual experiments in the reproduction of speech by electrical transmission. Between 1867 and 1870 he had made numerous electrical discoveries of academic value, and had resolved to pursue the study of harmonic or multiple telegraphy to a practical outcome. If at this time he had not in his mind's eye a vision of the modern telephone he knew at least what he wanted, and thenceforth his experiments were made with plan and purpose.

FORESTALLED BY GRAY.

His multiple telegraphic invention ended in disappointment, for his patent was forestalled by Elisha Gray. This was in 1875, and had it not been for words of encouragement received from opportunity about this time young Bell might have grown disgusted, and left the fame of inventing the telephone to some other scientist. As it was, when he did file his patents for a telephone on March 7, 1876, he was only one hour ahead of Gray, who had worked out the same idea on almost identical lines. So we see that even a scientist cannot afford to despise luck. His final triumph came after long experiments and investigations with phonographic apparatus, human ear drums, etc., carried on for the most part in Boston with his assistant, Mr. T. A. Watson, an investigator, whose name should be preserved. In 1875 came the first faint promise over the wire that the experiments were on the threshold of success.

THE FIRST TELEPHONE.

As a result Bell was able to get proper financial backing and return to Brantford, to give his discoveries their crucial test. A wire was strung from his father's house to the house of the Rev. T. Henderson, and this was the first practical telephone line in the world. This was in June, 1876, and thenceforth it was a question of merely improving the crude apparatus. The telephone had been invented. From Paris to Brantford the first long-distance wire was strung in the same year. Two years later Hamilton installed the first commercial telephone, and the world rang with the name of Alexander Graham Bell. He is hale and hearty to-day, and can appreciate the honor that Brantford will do her most famous son.

The shrewd man seldom has sense enough to know that he cannot be satisfied so long as his soul is starved.

The man whose thoughts seem to be in heaven is never so far from earth as when the offering is being taken.

WILL'S ENGLISH PILLS
QUICKLY CURE
CONSTIPATION,
HEADACHE,
STOMACH TROUBLES
25 CENTS.
ALL DRUGGISTS.
WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.
LIMITED
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GREEN OR BLACK

Is tea you don't tire of. Its delicious flavor appeals to you; its full body harmlessly stimulates you; its purity is demanded by you; while its economy in use makes it essential to you. Every tea drinker who knows good tea speaks well of it, hence its increasing popularity.

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SWEET ROSE CIGARETTES

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IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR KEEPING THE SKIN SOFT, SMOOTH AND WHITE AT ALL SEASONS.

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BEETHAM'S Sandal

SOOTHING & REFRESHING.

Bottles, 1s. and 2s. 6d. (in England)

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It entirely removes and prevents all ROUGHNESS, REDNESS, CHAPS, IRRITATION, TAN, etc. It is unequalled as a SKIN TONIC as well as an EMOLLIENT.

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The "PEARL," NEW METAL PENS OF ALL STATIONERS

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Send Address and 2 cent postage stamp for sample of Metal Pen.

WE WILL SELL AT AUCTION OR BY PRIVATE SALE

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A NUMBER OF PURE BRED STALLIONS OF THE FOLLOWING BREEDS:

Thoroughbreds, Standardbreds, Clydesdales, and Anglo-Normans.

All these stallions are duly registered and vary in weight between 1100 and 1400 pounds.

The So it ties of Agriculture, Breeding Syndicates, etc., may for further information communicate with

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AMERICAN NET AND TWINE COMPANY,

OF BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS

FISH NETTINGS, COD TRAPS, COD SE NES,

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ALL MADE FROM OUR OWN

Gold Medal Twines.

Fishermen of Quebec Province can be supplied with our manufactures through their Quebec Mercants, or by application at our office in Boston or New York.

We would particularly call attention to the fact that for over sixty years we have been and are still the Largest Makers of Fish Nets, Twines, etc., in America or Europe; that our goods have always stood at the head; that our prices are satisfactory.

That whenever and wherever we have exhibited our manufactures in Competition with all others either at the London Fishery Exhibition, in 1883, at Chicago, in 1894, or at Paris, in 1900, (the Grand Prix and two Gold Medals) we have always received the HIGHEST AWARDS.

We would announce that at the recent Pan-American Exhibition, at Buffalo, we were awarded the only Gold Medal for the excellence and superiority of our manufactures.

Correspondence Solicited.

Illustrated Catalogue Free

AMERICAN NET & TWINE COMPANY,

575 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass. 204 Front St., N.Y.

IVERS W. ADAMS, Treasurer and General M

ESTABLISHED 1842. CAPITAL \$500,000.

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DIXIE AND POLO
CIGARS

THEY ARE VICTORS UNTIL DEATH.

THOS. DONOHUE
SPRING OPENING OF NEW GOODS
MONDAY, MARCH 12th

We will Make the First Complete Showing of Our Importations for Spring 1906.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW SUITINGS,
NEW SPRING JACKETS,
NEW SILKS,
NEW WASH FACRICS,
NEW DRESS MUSLINS,
NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS,
NEW LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
NEW EMBROIDERED DRESS PATTERNS,
NEW EMBROIDERED BLOUSE PATTERNS.

THOS. DONOHUE,
183 ST. JOHN STREET

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Having installed a Long Distance and Local Private Telephone Exchange in our building, our customers can telephone direct to each department as follows, viz:—

MR. W. H. WIGGS' Private Office
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GENERAL OFFICES,
MAIN STORE,
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OUR NEW TELEPHONE NUMBER IS 651

MECHANICS' SUPPLY COY.,
80-90 ST. PAUL STREET, QUEBEC

TELEPHONE 922
FUDORE PATRY
QUEBEC.
WE OFFER

For this time of the year the best Tonic Wines at the lowest price on the market—AS—
Mariani Wine,
Dubonnet's best Tonic,
St. Michel Wine,
St. Raphael Wine,
St. Leon,
Kola Tonic Wine,
Vin des Carmes,
Red Heart Tonic Wine,
Quinine Wine,
etc., etc., etc.

EUDORE PATRY
EUROPEAN WINE CELLAR
57, 59, 61 ST. JOHN STREET.

Davenport Sofa Beds
—AND—
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NEW CITY COUNCIL CALLS
FOR MANY REFORMS

Among Them Closing of Bars at Seven o'clock
on Saturday Evening—A New Chief for the
Fire Brigade; Control of the Police

ELECTION OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES

Seldom, if ever, has such a crowd of spectators ever attended meetings of a City Council as that present last evening in the City Hall, and all those present were quite interested in the proceedings which lasted for two hours. The crowd began to assemble in the passages long before the doors were thrown open, and when Mayor Garneau took his seat, the crowds rushed in all directions and in a few minutes the galleries and main floor were packed with citizens while hundreds had to remain in the passages or take their departure.

The proceedings were of a very interesting nature and during the evening many new ideas of reform were introduced, and will form the subject of a discussion at the next meeting. Motions, questions and notices of motion were proposed principally by the new members and will be considered at next week's meeting. At times the spectators applauded and had to be called to order by His Worship.

It was shortly after 8 o'clock when Mayor Garneau entered the Council chamber, every member being present. The meeting commenced with routine business, a number of letters and petitions being read by Assistant City Clerk Aug. Malouin.

Mr. J. J. Scherrer, professor of drawing, wanted a room in the City Hall for his lady pupils.

A letter was received from Rev. Mr. Bouffard, curé of St. Malo, asking for the introduction of water in a new building now being erected in that parish. Referred to the Waterworks Committee.

A petition of firemen asking for an increase in wages and accompanied by another petition of citizens was referred to the Finance Committee.

A letter was read from Mr. P. J. Cote, acting for the Quebec merchants, asking that the city impose a tax of \$200 on commercial travellers.

Read a letter from Messrs. A. Lavigne, Gilbert and Bouchard, on behalf of the Quebec Symphony Club, asking to be incorporated.

A petition was read from the farmers and gardeners of Levis, Dorchester and Lotbinière, asking to reduce the market dues on produce brought to civic markets. Referred to the Market Committee.

Messrs. Drouin, Pelletier, Baillargeon and St. Laurent claim \$158.50 for damages sustained by Eusebe Fréchette hotelkeeper, and the matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Duquet then read the report of the special committee appointed to select the other committees, which are as follows, the chairmen having been selected at the conclusion of the evening meeting.

Finance—Ald. Duquet, chairman; Ald. Hall, Bedard, Foley, Lemay, P. Hogan, Drouin, Fortier, Galipeault, and Verret.

Roads—Ald. Fiset, chairman; Ald. Campbell, Messervy, Madden, Mulrooney, Lavigne, Picard, St. Pierre, Barbeau and Galipeault.

Waterworks—Ald. Lemay, chairman; Ald. Campbell, Duquet, Taschereau, Mulrooney, Hogan, Letourneau, Mathieu, Huard and Shink.

A Wonderful Record.

As made up by improved and exact processes Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a most efficient remedy for regulating all the woman's functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the nerves and bringing about a perfect state of health. It cures the backache, periodical headaches, the dragging-down distress in the pelvic region, the pain and tenderness over lower abdominal region, dries up the pelvic catarrhal drain, so disagreeable and weakening, and overcomes every form of weakness incident to the organs distinctly feminine.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, the makers of which are not afraid to print their formula on the bottle wrapper, thus taking their patrons into their full confidence. It is the only medicine for women, every ingredient of which has the strongest possible endorsement of the most eminent medical practitioners and writers of our day, recommending it for the diseases for which "Favorite Prescription" is used. It is the only put-up medicine for women, sold through druggists, which does not contain a large percentage of alcohol, so harmful in the long run, especially to delicate women. It has more genuine cures to its credit than all other medicines for women combined, having saved thousands of sufferers from the operating table and the surgeon's knife. It has restored delicate, weak women to strong and vigorous health and vitality, making motherhood possible where there was barrenness before, thereby brightening and making happy many thousands of homes by the advent of little ones to strengthen the marital bonds and add sunshine where gloom and despondency had reigned before.

Write to Dr. R. V. Pierce. He will send you good, fatherly, professional advice, in a plain, sealed envelope, absolutely free. Address him at Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets do not gripe. They effectually cleanse the system of accumulated impurities. The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, by Dr. Pierce, 1008 pages, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address as above.

Fire—Ald. Foley, chairman; Ald. C. E. Taschereau, Tanguay, Bedard, Lemay, Picard, St. Pierre, Barbeau, Brunet and Mathieu.

Markets—Ald. Huard, chairman; Ald. Hall, Messervy, Madden, Mulrooney, Barry, Picard, Drouin, Shink and Fiset.

Police—Ald. Bedard, chairman; Ald. Campbell, Tanguay, Dinan, Hogan, Lavigne, Letourneau, Fortier, Brunet and Verret.

Health—Ald. Hall, chairman; Ald. Messervy, Madden, Dinan, Barry, Hogan, St. Pierre, Fortier, Brunet and Fiset.

By-Laws—Ald. Galipeault, chairman; Ald. L. A. Taschereau, C. E. Taschereau, Tanguay, Dinan, Picard, Lavigne, Letourneau, Huard and Verret.

Ferry—Ald. Drouin, chairman; Ald. C. E. Taschereau, Duquet, L. A. Taschereau, Foley, Barry, Picard, Barbeau, Shink and Mathieu.

When the report was read over by His Worship, Ald. Dinan, seconded by Ald. Letourneau, moved that the report remain on the table until next meeting of the Council.

Mayor Garneau remarked that the report was one made by a special committee, named to form other committees, and could not be amended, consequently there was no interest to serve in having the report lay on the table until next week and thereby delay the work of the Council.

Ald. Dinan replied that the special committee appointed was supposed to give justice to the members of the Council and they had not done so. Their meeting last week was supposed to be a secret one, but it was not, as members of that committee have been going around among the other members of their committees asking for their support as chairman.

He quoted clause 12 in support of his argument that the report should remain on the table except that a two-thirds vote decided to the contrary.

Alderman Galipeault moved the previous question and remarked that article 12 of the By-laws did not effect the question, as the committee was a special one and not an ordinary committee.

Mayor Garneau stated that the By-law was formal on that point and decided that the report of the special committee was in order. He therefore declared Ald. Dinan's motion was out of order.

Ald. Fiset then rose to read his lengthy motion regarding the appointment of accountants to examine the finances of the city, but Ald. Messervy asked: Do I interpret, Mr. Mayor, that your ruling carries with it that no amendment can be made to transfer a name from one committee to another, owing to it being a special report?

Mayor Garneau replied that no change could be made.

Ald. Messervy thanked His Worship and remarked that he had had an intention of proposing an amendment.

After reading his motion, Ald. Fiset stated that in looking over his motion, the members of the Council might consider it a very difficult and lengthy one to settle, but owing to a careful work the report could be produced in a couple of weeks. He had no idea of asking for an investigation over the affairs of the city, but what he and the citizens wanted was to know whether or not there was something wrong in the finances of this city. It is said that the debt for \$900,000 had not yet been converted, and he, like others, wanted to know. They wanted to know what was the condition of the city and in what position they were. Even the local press had on several occasions stated that the city's budget was not always together. He did not find fault with any of the officials, but their system of accountancy was not up-to-date.

Ald. Dinan, on behalf of the English speaking people, asked that Dr. Fiset consent to adding to his motion "that accountants also give the names of the Aldermen who ever drew funds from the city."

Ald. Tanguay asked if the Council had consented to adopt the report of the special committee.

Ald. Galipeault moved that the motion of the special committee be voted upon.

Ald. Tanguay remarked that he was the first to rise, but Mayor Garneau replied that Ald. Galipeault's motion was the only one before him.

Ald. Galipeault's motion was then unanimously carried.

Ald. Bedard's motion for the appointment of a special committee to study means of attracting new industries to Quebec, was carried after a few remarks from Ald. Fiset.

Ald. Bedard's motion for the production of the contracts between the city and the O. R. L. & P. Co., the Ferry Co. and Jacques Cartier Co. was proposed, and Mayor Garneau remarked that copies of those contracts had been prepared and were now laid on the table.

Ald. Duquet, seconded by Ald. M.

Foley, moved to grant the C.P.R. leave to cross Grant and St. Dominique streets at junction with Prince Edward street, and after a slight discussion the motion was referred to the Road Committee as the new members knew very little about the matter.

Ald. Verret, seconded by Ald. Galipeault, moved that article 327 be amended by enacting that the Council chamber be open ten minutes before the opening of the Council meetings.

Ald. Huard gave notice that at next meeting he will move that the city police force be controlled by a commission consisting of the Mayor, Recorder and judge of the sessions.

Ald. Huard gave notice that at next meeting he would propose that the Council pronounce itself on the opportunity of immediately appointing a chief of the fire brigade to replace the present chief.

Ald. Verret gave notice that at the next meeting he would ask under what authority, statute and by-law or resolution the board of city advisors of this city was instituted as well as a copy of the resolution appointing Hon. Amédée Robitaille one of the civic attorneys and also giving the amount of his salary.

Ald. Huard gave notice of motion that at the next meeting of the Council he will propose:

1. That a by-law be passed ordering that all establishments in which spirituous liquors are sold be closed on Saturdays from seven o'clock in the evening until midnight and that a penalty of \$50 and more, and in default of the payment, an imprisonment not exceeding three months shall be imposed for each offence against said by-law.

2. That all obstacles of a nature to prevent the public from seeing from what is going on inside, such as curtains, partitions, frosted or painted windows, be removed from the doors or windows of saloons, there or where similar obstacles exist, and that these be rigorously forbidden in the future.

3. That at least two lights shall be constantly lighted in the saloons of the city during the hours in which the sale of liquors is forbidden.

4. That the by-law based upon the present motion come into effect the 15th day of May next, 1906.

Ald. Huard gave notice that he would ask:

1. Who has the control of the civic employment bureau?

2. When, by whom, for what object and at what salary has he been named?

3. What service has he rendered since his appointment to office and especially (a) How many applications for situations have been made to this office? (b) How many persons have been appointed to office through its agency, with their names and occupations? (c) With whom have they been engaged?

4. How much has this office cost to the city since it was opened, in salary, stationery, printing, advertisements, etc.?

Ald. Galipeault gave notice that at next meeting of the Council he would move that the Mayor place himself in communication with the Attorney-General's department, requesting the latter that in future all prisoners sent to Quebec jail from the city of Montreal or elsewhere be returned to the place whence they came instead of being left at the jail door as has been done in the past.

Mayor Garneau informed the Council that he had already communicated with the Sheriff of Quebec on this question, and that the latter had informed him that in the future, the prisoners would be placed on board the train and sent from whence they came.

Ald. Shink also asked that the contract between the city and the lessee of the cattle market, be produced at the next meeting, and the request was granted.

Ald. L. A. Taschereau moved, and it was resolved, that at the next meeting all the reports regarding improvements in the waterworks be brought down.

The Council then adjourned to Friday next.

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200 yards of Dress Goods, worth from 40c to 60c a yard will be offered on Monday for 19c. This is to make room for our new stock. Profit by it Ladies.

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RAILROAD INVESTIGATION.

Washington, March 9.—Representative Townsend introduced a joint resolution to-day to amend the resolution approved on March 7, for an investigation of railway, discrimination and monopolies by giving the Interstate Commerce Commission full power to subpoena witnesses and to compel the production of documentary evidence. It also makes an appropriation of \$50,000 to conduct the investigation. Representative Gillespie, of Texas, also introduced a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the same investigation. It provides that any person testifying in such an investigation shall not be prosecuted for any offence about which he may testify. The bill also provides that the commission shall accept the reports of other departments of the Government on subjects investigated by them in case the commission regards the investigation as thorough. The resolution sought to be amended is that which the president criticized in a recent message to Congress.

The case of Mr. Randolph Hearst against the Anthracite Coal carrying roads was to-day ordered by the Interstate Commerce Commission to be re-opened and was assigned for hearing in this city on the 27th inst.

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Boys' Tweed Suits and Overcoats.
Balance of Wool Tissues and Sashes.
Nottingham Lace Curtains, or \$1.00 per pair.
Roman Striped Portieres, worth \$3.50 for \$2.50 per pair (very choice.)
Men's Kid, Moka Lined Silk Gloves, also
Men's and Boys' Wool Knitted Gloves (all reduced.)
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