

The Mercury, being the only Daily Evening Newspaper in Quebec, and a' all times fully up with the very latest Maritime and General Intelligence, offers to the public a most desirable Advertising channel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

- Richelleu Company—J E Deschamps. Sealed Tenders—F Bissin. Dissolution of Partnership—Levey & Co. Books for the Piano-Forte—Ditson & Co. Vinegar—William Johnston. Smoked Salmon—John Teafro. Sherry Wine—do. Port Wine—do. English Papers—Sinclair & Son. Temperance Hall—Dr W Morris. American Invoices—Fhos Worthington. Steamer Union for Below—A Gaboury. Notice—Wm Quinn. Grand Concert—Mr G Ferguson. Illustrated Papers—Sinclair & Son. Notice—Philip Vibert. White Emulsive Soap—William Posten. Comb Mather—do. Candles—do. Boy's Monthly—Sinclair & Son. Novels—do. Trusses—William Ahern. Wanted—St. Louis Hotel. Lost—do. Notice—C Miville du Chêne. Tenders Wanted—Commissariat. Figs and Prunes—Woods & Co.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, LT.-GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, 18th July, 1867.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR of the Province of Quebec will receive persons desirous of seeing him on business, on TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS of each week, from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M., and from 2 P.M. to 4 P.M., until further notice.

C. EUG. PANET, Lt.-Col. 9th Batt., A. D. C. pro. tem.

The Morning Chronicle, Daily News, and Quebec Gazette please insert twice a week. Quebec, July 19, 1867. 166

QUEBEC POST OFFICE, 3rd of July, 1867.

MAILS for the United Kingdom per Canadian Line, via the River St. Lawrence, will be closed every SATURDAY in JULY, at 11 o'clock, and every SATURDAY in AUGUST, at 10 o'clock.

MAILS for HALIFAX, via Portland, (Letters 12 cents per 100. Newspapers 3 cents each) on FRIDAYS at 11 o'clock, and on SATURDAYS, the 13th, and 21st of July, at 10 o'clock.

J. SEWELL, Postmaster.



Quebec Mercury.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 1.

THE VERY LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Quebec Mercury.

THIS EVENING'S DESPACHES.

SIX O'CLOCK.

Very Latest by the Cable.

LONDON, Aug. 1, NOON. The tendency of all securities is better, as the feeling that war is approaching between France and Prussia is declining.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1. Stocks dull. Gold 140. The steamers Baltic, from Bremen, and England, from Liverpool, have arrived.

THE STEAMER CANADA left this morning for Montreal with a large number of passengers from the Magnet. The Canada is now the favorite steamer with most travellers.

Punch is something more than the London Charivari; it is the straw which shows how the wind blows in the politics of England, more especially on questions of foreign policy.

The navigation of the Niger by steam is, it seems, at last about to be undertaken by a French company. It is curious that France should be now completing a work whose feasibility was first shown by England over thirty years ago.

That the Niger is about to be opened to legitimate trade is highly satisfactory to the lovers of humanity throughout the world, but it is to be regretted that the first explorers of the river and the most uncompromising of the enemies of the slave trade should have failed to realise the well earned fruits of their exertions.

ADDRESS TO THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

The following Address was presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor at three o'clock this afternoon:—

To His Excellency Sir Narcisse Fortin, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec.

We, the inhabitants and land-holders of the parish and municipality of L'Anceinne Lorette, publicly assembled, beg that we may be permitted to approach your Excellency, and offer our congratulations at the advent of your elevation to the eminent situation of first Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec.

As inhabitants of the County of Quebec, we appreciate the high honor conferred upon us by the selection of one of its native born members to the distinguished situation which you occupy.

From your love for our common country, the zeal which you have shown for the promotion of its interests, and your knowledge of the wants and sentiments of the people, we presume that your administration will be honorable to yourself and advantageous to the people.

Please allow us to offer you and Lady Belleau the expression of our most sincere wishes for your health and prosperity.

His Excellency was pleased to reply as follows:—

To the Inhabitants and Landholders of the Parish and Municipality of L'Anceinne Lorette:—

I thank you for your congratulations at the advent of my nomination to the eminent situation of first Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec.

I am flattered to hear that you conceive from my love of our common country and from the zeal which I may have displayed for its interest, a favorable omen for my administration and the welfare of the people which I have at heart.

Please accept my thanks and those of Lady Belleau for your kind wishes.

MR. MCGEE'S ELECTION.

The Committee of Messrs. McGee and Ogilvie are perfecting arrangements for public meetings, the last three evenings of this week, one to be held in each ward of the Western Division. Speeches in French and English will be made at each meeting.

The Montreal Correspondent of the Fenian organ at Toronto (The Irish Canadian) frankly avows that it was McGee's hostility to the brethren of the F. B. ever since his memorable Wexford speech, the sympathizers with Fenianism had resolved on deadly hostility to him in this city.

We are gratified to hear that Mr. McGee, in his candidature in the County of Prescott, for the Local representation, meets with substantial evidence of success.

The Ottawa Citizen says: "His opponent, Mr. Boyd, is personally and, we believe, deservedly, popular in the County, and is a strong Candidate; but it is exceedingly probable that Mr. McGee will beat him by a respectable majority."

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—We are glad to observe that, through the energy of the leading members of the new Horticultural Society, considerable progress has already been made towards getting up a handsome floral exhibition next month.

The Drill Shed is understood to be at the disposal of the Society for their inaugural fair, on the 4th and 5th Sept., and no finer building or more central and commodious hall could be imagined than that afforded by the Drill Shed, with its wide-spanning and lofty roof, and its many windows and gas lights for day or evening use.

The amount collected at the Custom House to-day was \$3118.26.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan will shortly leave Montreal en route for England. He will spend a couple of days at Spencer Wood, on a visit to the Governor General, and intends embarking for Liverpool on Saturday, the 31st, accompanied by the Bishops of the other Canadian dioceses, to attend the meeting at Lambeth Palace, convened by His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury for the 25th of September next.

THE SULTAN AND NAPOLEON.

The Turque of Constantinople under the heading "The Sultan a relation of the Emperor Napoleon III." has the following curious article:—

"In what degree of relationship? We know nothing about it, but we remember having read in the Histoire de la Martinique in 1778 Mlle. Dubuc de Rivry, a creole of sixteen, having finished her education in France took her passage on board a vessel belonging to one of the French Atlantic ports to go to Martinique. Having encountered contrary winds, the ship put in at Gibraltar to repair damages and renew her supply of water. Soon after setting sail again she was captured by pirates and carried to Algiers. Mademoiselle de Rivry was possessed of a beauty beyond description: she was one of those magnificent creole types which the tropical latitudes are so prolific, and whose distinction, full of royal grace and delicate languor, is sure to improve love. The Bey of Algiers considered himself unworthy to reign over the heart of so perfect a creature, and she was reserved for the Sultan. Selim III. was then on the throne. The Martinique creole knew how to captivate his heart; but as on entering the harem she had not dedicated her qualities of mind, she soon acquired a great ascendancy over the Sultan, whom she inspired with her better resolutions. When General Sebastiani came to Constantinople as ambassador, in 1807, the English fleet passed the Dardanelles and anchored in the Golden Horn. Consternation reigned everywhere, Mlle de Rivry was then Sultana Valide; she infused her energy into Selim; defensive works were undertaken under the influence of the French ambassador, and the English fleet had to retire before the formidable batteries which were opposed to it. Mlle de Rivry was cousin-German of Mlle Tascher de la Prieure, who became the Empress Josephine, and whose daughter, Hortense, was the mother of Napoleon III. and as the actual Sultan descending from Selim, the relation exists. Beyond any doubt, the influence of the Sultana Valide developed the reforming spirit of her son Mahoud; and thus it is to a French woman that Turkey is indebted for her first steps in the way of progress."

IMPORTANCE OF THE COMING ELECTION.

The pastoral letter of the R. C. Bishop of Montreal concerning the approaching general election, includes the following information:—

Sabbath before the general election, the Venerable Father will be chanted before the parish Mass with the collect of the Holy Ghost. On the same Sabbath there will be the solemn benediction of the Holy Sacrament, and the Salve Regina, will be chanted, with the corresponding vers and prayer, in order to obtain from the Mother of Mercies that the elections should be conducted without offence to her divine Son, and that they may have a happy result.

On the days of the election, all the priests shall recite before their Mass the "Veni, sancte," &c., and say the collects of the Holy Ghost, in order that all the electors may be enlightened by him who is the "light of hearts."

The holy relics will be exposed all day long, during the time of the said elections, with the usual ceremonies, in order to obtain the intercession of all the Saints, that there may be no excess of liquor.

It is thus that Roman Catholic pastors are preparing in their own way, their people for the solemn duties of the coming election; and we trust Protestant ministers will be at least equally faithful in their own way also, of preparing their hearers for this most important duty,—a duty, the right or wrong discharge of which will largely influence the future of the Dominion of Canada.

A MOTHER AND FOUR CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.

The Prescott Telegraph gives the particulars of a shocking catastrophe which occurred in the township of Augusta, on Tuesday night last, whereby the wife of an old pensioner, named Lavery, and four little children, were burned literally to ashes. The log-house in which they lived caught fire from a stove during the night. The father of the family and a son escaped by jumping from the upper story, but the poor woman perished while attempting to rescue her four young children.

NEW YORK PRESS.—We have had the honor of a call this forenoon from Mr. C. B. Thomson, editor and proprietor of the LeRoy Gazette, Chairman of the Press Convention of the State of New York.

We derived much valuable information from Mr. Thomson on the objects and working of the American Press Conventions, and hope to have an opportunity of seeing the experience of our confreres there shortly availed of in Canada.

THE OTTAWA AS A PLEASURE ROUTE.

Mr. Mansie Tracy Walworth, in a letter to the Home Journal, thus describes the scenery of the Ottawa river:—

"The trip up the Ottawa from Montreal to the falls, at the new seat of government a distance of one hundred and twenty miles, is worthy the attention of those tourists who have exhausted the northern scenery of the States. The river is alternately wild, serene, tortuous, and beautiful spreading into broad lakes, dotted with islands, rushing between grassy peninsulas, and again serenely moving and the forests whose dark shadows fall into its mirror. Mountains gaze it, rocky bluffs guard it, and silver rapids ripple its surface. It is a charm by day, and a siver wonder by moonlight. As the glorious of the sunset fade away from its western bank, the clear, sweet music of the whip-poor-will rings out on the bordering shrubbery, and on the dark background of its forests glimmer the insect lights of the wilderness. The firefly here swings golden and green lamps along the shore clearer, brighter, and more continuous than in the haunts of men. It is a noble stream, seven hundred miles in length, and navigable above the falls one hundred and twenty miles, with the exception of some half-dozen rapids, which have to be passed in car or stage. It will ever be remembered as the haunt of the beautiful, the serene, and the grand."

HOW LONG WILL THE POPE REIGN?

In a letter from Rome in the Liberté, the following remarks are made upon the prolonged occupation of the pontifical throne by Pope Pius IX.

"The longevity of the Mastai-Ferretti family is proverbial in Sinigaglia. I knew a member of it who, at 85 years of age, astonished every one by his vivacity and agility. Among the common people at Rome, Pius IX., it is said, has got only two years more to live, because no Pope has ever occupied the pontifical throne so long as did St. Peter, who was Bishop of Rome for 25 years. This belief that no Pope can reach the time of St. Peter is almost universal. Pius IX. is now in the 22nd year of his pontificate, and every thing leads to the belief that he will attain that age, which 256 popes have failed to do. His pontificate is one of the longest in the papal history. Pius VII. died a few months before reaching St. Peter's length of time. When a Pope is installed the cardinals approach the throne and say: 'We wish your Holiness to live to the age of St. Peter, which you cannot exceed.' That is not an article of faith," replied Benedict XIV., who was still young and in perfect health. Nevertheless, he reigned only 18 years."

MAXIMILIAN'S LIFE IN MEXICO.

An interesting sketch.

A writer in the Paris Figaro, M. d'Auvergne, who appears to have known the Emperor Maximilian in Mexico, contributes to that journal a few particulars respecting him. M. d'Auvergne says: "Every body will remember the portraits of this German, with blue eyes, light colored whiskers, and hair parted up the middle of the forehead right down to the neck. Not only his photograph, but his bust by Danton, resembles him exceedingly."

"Desbarrolles was struck with the elegance and delicacy of his hands, with his long and tapering fingers. He read in him a taste for science, an unconcern of the gifts of fortune, a decided tendency for illusion, a love of power and pageantry, and above all, a prodigious obstinacy, combined, however, with an irresolution which has unquestionably hastened on the destinies of the Mexican empire."

"Maximilian's taste for science was so strong that he was accused of shutting himself up at Chapultepec for the purpose of stuffing birds. He has left, in fact, behind him some remarkable collections in natural history, which were the only things that the poor Archduke thought of saving and sending to Europe at the time the French army took its departure."

"The Emperor rose regularly at four o'clock in the morning, and, dressing himself in a little grey suit—gray from the gutters to the hat—sat down before his writing table, and only resigned his pen when at 9 precisely his valet announced to him that his breakfast was ready. After partaking quickly of a frugal meal he returned to his interrupted work; this, with an hour's reading, one or two audiences, and a council with his ministers, sufficed to fill up the morning."

"At three o'clock the Emperor dined with his entire suite when the Court was at Mexico, and with a simplicity which was almost unknown, when he and the Empress were at Chapultepec. In the latter case there were usually three or four priests, the reception of whom was intimate. The Emperor and Empress sat by side, and the guests took their seats at pleasure, each striving to be nearest to their Majesties, who did the honors of their table with an amiability, a cordiality, and a good humor that charmed every one."

"Three domestics only served the dinner, at the conclusion of which the guests smoked without ceremony some exquisite cigars made at Havana expressly for the Emperor, who himself smoked them round."

"The people by whom he was surrounded were a most despicable set, and as I should have thought to recant to their disadvantage did I tell all I know, I will limit myself to two or three anecdotes. Example—The Emperor has on his table a revolver damascened with gold, the handle of which was of ivory, and which disappeared one day after a series of audiences at which the lowest in rank present was a Mexican general."

"The Empress, too, allowed herself to be robbed of a couple of valuable gold watches by her own ladies of honor; and the same Colonel Lopez who has just immortalized himself at Queretaro by betraying his chief volunteered one day to the Emperor to steal from his bureau in less than a couple of hours' time any object that might be pointed out to him, and this without being detected. As for the bureau itself, Lopez made a wager to remove it while the Emperor was out for his daily walk, and convey it to any other apartment that might be indicated. Lopez was at this time commandant of the imperial chateau, and Maximilian laughed a good deal at these pleasantries. One knows now the extent to which Lopez has since pushed them."

"At Mexico the Imperial household was placed on a most liberal footing. The guard of the Emperor, known as the Palatine Guard, consisted of forty halberdiers, clothed in a splendid costume, and was under the command of Count de Bombelle, a friend of Maximilian's almost from his infancy."

"The Emperor wore, at all times, the uniform of a Mexican general—black frock coat and gold epaulets, and black trousers tucked into long riding boots. He usually wore the Order of the Golden Fleece round his neck, and laterly the ribbon of the Eagle, an order of his own creation, together with that styled of Merit. When the consideration of this latter order was under discussion, the Empress Carlotta had a dispute with the French Emperor, who competed to the same colored ribbon as that of the Legion of Honor being adopted, the argument had been brought to an end—the discussion, it should be remembered, took place through the medium of a written correspondence—the Empress gummed on a piece of paper, three leaves of the flower of the wild puppy, and wrote beneath them these words: 'I adopt for my order the tint of this flower, which was created, I imagine, before the Legion of Honor.' I myself read this sentence quite recently in a curious collection of autographs of the Empress Carlotta."

"NAPOLEON SYMPATHY WITH AUSTRIA.—It is stated on good authority that the letter of condolence on the death of the Emperor Maximilian addressed by the Emperor Napoleon to the Emperor of Austria was to the following effect:—'I send you the expression of my condolence on the dreadful news of the death of the Emperor Maximilian. My grief is the more lively because I feel the responsibility of the painful part I have had in this misfortune. But God, who penetrates our hearts, knows that I had never any other object than to extend to those distant people the influence of our civilization. In doing this I have found no nobler or more worthy intercessor than your Majesty's unfortunate brother.'"

Rev. James C. Boomer, says: Have used Rev. David's Pain Killer with great success in cases of cholera infantum, common bowel complaint, bronchitis, coughs, colds, &c., and would most fully recommend it as a valuable family medicine.

By Telegraph This Day

Reported for the Daily Mercury.

MIDNIGHT DESPACHES.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

BY THE CABLE.

LONDON, July 31, EVE.

Consols closed at 94. Illinois Central, 77. Erie, 48. Atlantic and Great Western, 21.

PARIS, July 31.

In the competitive trial of mowing and reaping machines, which took place yesterday in the Imperial farm at Vincennes, the distribution of prizes made by the jury shows that the American inventors excelled all others. C. H. McCormick receives the highest prize for his reaper and mower, and gold medals are awarded to Messrs. Wood and Parry.

VIENNA, July 31.

Accounts have reached this city of a terrible explosion which occurred in one of the large mines owned by the Rothschilds, in Moravia. The mine was full of workmen at the time of the disaster and more than a hundred miners are reported to have been killed and injured.

The visit of the Sultan of Turkey to Vienna terminated to-day. He departed this p.m. for Pesth, where he will make a brief visit and thence proceed to Constantinople.

BERLIN, July 31.

Altona, the largest city in Holstein and situated about five miles from the city of Hamburg, has joined the new Zollverein. The Prussian Government is preparing and will shortly send to Copenhagen a reply to the note of the Danish Cabinet, requesting information as to guarantees required by Prussia for the protection of the Germans in Northern Schleswig.

LONDON, July 31, EVE.

To-day was the second day of the Goodwood races. The principal race, which was unexpectedly won by the Duke of Beaufort's Gemexy. The leading horses came in the following order: Gemera 1, Vici 2, Lordphine 3.

AMERICAN NEWS.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 31.

The challenge of the Ward Bros. to the St. John, N.B. crew, to row a five or six mile race on the Connecticut river, at this city, for one thousand dollars in gold and the championship of the world, has been accepted and the preliminaries will be arranged in Boston to-morrow.

BOSTON, July 31.

Among the passengers per steamer China, which arrived last night, were Admiral Tegeloff of the Austrian fleet, and his brother Gen. Tegeloff, who are en route to Mexico to obtain if possible the body of Maximilian.

NEW YORK, July 31.

Mrs. Catherine Maria Sedgwick, the authoress, died near Roxbury, Mass, this morning.

IF YOU WANT A KISS, TAKE IT.

There's a jolly Saxon proverb That is pretty much like this, That a man is not a man unless When he has a woman's kiss; But there's a danger in delaying— And the sweetness may forsake it; So I tell you, beautiful lover, If you want a kiss, why take it.

Never let another fellow

Steal a march on you in this; Never let a laughing enemy press See you spoiling for a kiss; There's a royal way to kissing, And the jolly ones who make it, Have a motto that is loving, If you want a kiss, why take it.

Any fool may face a cannon,

Any body wear a crown, Never let a laughing enemy press See you spoiling for a kiss; There's a royal way to kissing, And the jolly ones who make it, Have a motto that is loving, If you want a kiss, why take it.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Walter M. Buck, Esq., C. E., has been on a tour through the Madawaska country, and has extended his journey to within fifty miles of Riviere du Loup. In company with Col. Emerson, Hon. Francis Rice, and Vital Hebert, Esq., M. P. of Victoria, he met, on Thursday evening last, about thirty miles above Little Falls, Mr. Hickson, of the Grand Trunk, Mr. Watkins's private Secretary, and a son of Mr. Byrdes. Naturally they talked about the Intercolonial Road, and the richness and commerce of the country through which that road should pass should it go by the Western route. A line may be formed starting fifteen miles above Riviere du Loup and on through Canada, into New Brunswick, down the Valley of the Madawaska, to the St. John, that will compare most favorably with any yet discovered. At Little Falls Mr. Buck met Mr. Ellis, of the Globe, who is on an excursion to Madawaska. We hope that Mr. Buck will give to the public the result of his explorations and observations, upon the country, Canadian and American, and upon its resources, and upon the railroad, both from a commercial and military standpoint.

An English paper has an account of the

Grand Turk now on a visit to London:— "The Sultan is now in his thirty seventh year; but his long flowing beard, now quite grey, gives him rather a venerable appearance. He was brother to the late Sultan, who is said to have destroyed himself by excess, and though the latter left several children behind, they were none of them qualified to fill his place, as according to royal law in Turkey, the eldest member of the family of Osman succeeds to the throne. Abdul Aziz, however, has taken his nephews by the hand and treated them as his own sons. He has a horror of wine and tobacco, and divides his time between study and bodily exercise. He is a first rate sportsman; loves horses, and possesses the finest animals that can be seen in that country, he has elegant carriages, which he drives himself, and has set the example to all the rising generation of Turkey of setting aside the lazy habits of the East and enjoying themselves in healthful recreations. He contents himself with one wife Fatma Sultana, whom he treats with the highest regard and respect, and has one son, born in 1857. He takes every opportunity of discountenancing polygamy, and at his private parties he plays and sings as an amateur musician, exhibiting to his guests the happiness of a domestic hearth, where peace and unity reign round."

HEROIC DEATH.—The house of Mr.

Bourke, on the Galtineau, was burned down on the 22nd. A fatal accident occurred during the fire. A young woman remained in the upper part of the building after the flames had made considerable headway. Atlas, however, she sprang out of a window and escaped the peril. Her escape was unobserved, and several of the bystanders were anxious as to her fate. A young man about eighteen years of age, jumped into the house and vainly groped through the blinding increased in heat and intensity, and he was warned of the danger of longer remaining in the fast-consuming building. He nevertheless continued his needless fruitless search until the house gave way, and he was buried in the falling timber.—Ottawa News.

TITLE MAD.—The number of cases of that particular kind of madness called folly has greatly increased of late years in Prussia. In 1861 there were only 184 cases; in 1866, 236. Instances of ambitious folly have predominated. Amongst the patients struck with this form of mania there were 2 males, Napoleon (III.), Leo Popes, 1 President Lincoln, 3 Grand Dukes of Holstein, 3 Emperors of Mexico, 8 Kings of Prussia, 2 Emperors of Austria, 1 Count Bismark, and 10 Emperors of Germany. Cases of folly brought on by love and religion have entirely disappeared among men, but continue to be very frequent amongst women.—Lancet.

By Telegraph This Day

Reported for the Daily Mercury.

AFTERNOON DESPACHES.

AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, July 31.

The Herald's Nashville special says:— The Mayor has issued a proclamation against carrying arms to-morrow, except by the regular authorities. Three hundred special police were sworn in to-night.

The Herald's Knoxville special says:— During the speaking by Etheridge and Williams at Kingston, to-day, some negroes and radicals interrupted the meeting, when a riot ensued. One white man was shot. Nashville papers give particulars of the riot last Saturday. While a colored man was speaking at a Union flag raising, an insulting remark was made from the crowd, whereupon a general affray ensued. The sheriff was mortally wounded and three citizens accidentally shot.

RICHMOND, July 31.

Up to ten o'clock last night, about 300 colored and 100 white delegates to the convention, which meets in this city to-morrow, have arrived. Much interest is shown by the citizens in the proceedings of this convention. The blacks of the city will be at the convention en masse. Three hotels for colored people are packed by the arrivals.

NEW ORLEANS, July 31.

Advices from Mexico, by way of the Rio Grande, confirm the shooting of Castillo and other Imperialists at Queretaro, and of Vidauri at the city of Mexico. Juarez is apparently the unanimous choice of the people for the next presidency. Canales and Gomez were causing great trouble in Tamaulipas, and forces were moving to crush them.

MEMPHIS, July 31.

Cholera has again appeared in the city. Six deaths occurred in one house last night and five in another. The Board of Health is taking energetic measures.

BALTIMORE, July 31.

Reports from the eastern part of Maryland are unfavorable for the corn crops.

CHARLESTON, July 31.

The weather is unfavorable for the corn crops.

THE BRITISH OFFICER MURDERED IN MISSOURI.

Washington, July 26. The particulars of the killing of Captain Spear, an officer of the British army, which is now being investigated in St. Louis, under the instructions of the British Minister, by Courtney P. Terry, of the 60th Royal Rifles, were reported to Gen. Sheridan some time since by Capt. W. B. Rankin, of the Thirty-first Infantry, commanding the post at Fort Buford, Dakota Territory. It seems that Capt. Spear was on board the steamer Ontario, en route to Fort Burton on the Missouri River, and that the sentries on the vessel had received orders to keep a good look-out for Indians which were very troublesome on the banks of the river. One of them, who was a recruit attached to the Thirtieth Infantry, saw him crossing the deck of the steamer on his way to the state room and fired at him, evidently believing that he was doing his duty. The shot took effect, killing him instantly. The soldier was immediately placed in close confinement at Camp Cook, and will soon be tried. The remains of the unfortunate officer were taken to Fort Buford. On his person was found a letter of introduction from Gen. Sheridan, and other papers, all of which were properly cared for, and his body was placed at the disposal of his friends.

ARRIVED FROM MONTREAL.

Ardenles, Lonie, Grandevon, July 17. City of Hamilton, Hicks, Grandevon, July 19. Pericles, Jones, Liverpool, July 14. Queen of the Clyde, McVicar, The Clyde, July 15.

Comparative statement of arrivals and tonnage at this port, from Dec. 1, 1866 and 1867, up to 1st August—

Table with 2 columns: 1866-67, 1867-77. Rows include 1866-67 vessels, 1867-77 vessels, Less 133, More 3, More 31.

Comparative statement of arrivals and tonnage from the Lower Provinces up to date, and to the corresponding date last year—

Table with 2 columns: 1866-74 vessels, 1867-105. Rows include 1866-74 vessels, 1867-105, More 31.

MARITIME NEWS.

A telegram received this morning by Messrs. De Wolfe & Vaughan states that the ship Star of Canada, with a general cargo for Montreal, went ashore last night at the Pillars, while in tow of the steamer Ranger, and has now 10 feet of water in the hold.

The bark Mary Durkin, which loaded at Three Rivers, has been ashore at St. Roch's, and is leaking.

The propeller Clematis, Capt. Waltman, from Philadelphia, July 15th, bound for Buffalo, arrived in port about six o'clock last evening. The pilot reports having passed about sixteen inward bound vessels from Bic up.

GREAT REDUCTION

DRY GOODS!

LEGER & RINFRET'S,

NO. 4, JOHN STREET.

In order to make room for the FALL IMPORTATIONS, we have decided to give

New Advertisements.

Sherry Wine. Just Received, ex "Kegmont," Direct from Cadiz. CRAMP, SUTER & CO'S FINEST SHERRY.

PORT WINE. Just Received, ex "Santas 1st," Direct from Oporto. OFFLEY, CRAMP & CO'S FINEST OLD PORT WINE.

SMOKED SALMON. JUST RECEIVED A Choice Lot of FRESH SMOKED SALMON.

ENGLISH PAPERS. ILLUSTRATED NEWS, July 20th... 1s. News of the World, July 20th... 6d.



SEALED TENDERS.

ADDRESSED to the undersigned, will be received at this Office, on TUESDAY, the 20th of August next, at Noon, for the Construction of a

LIGHTHOUSE PIER,

POINTE ST. LAURENT,

ISLAND OF ORLEANS.

PLANS and Specifications may be seen at the Office of MR. PIERRE GAUVREAU, at Quebec, on and after the 10th AUGUST next, where forms of Tender may also be obtained.

TENDERS must be endorsed "Tender for a Lighthouse Pier, at Point St. Laurent."

PARTIES tendering must give their names and address in full, and also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due performance of the work.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 30th July, 1867.

Quebec, Aug. 1, 1867.

An Elegant Series of Music Books

PIANOFORTE.

THE HOME CIRCLE, a Collection of Instrumental Music for the Piano, Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Schottisches, Redowns, Quadrilles, Contre-Dances, Piano Gems, and Four-Hand Pieces, 2 volumes.

THE PIANIST'S ALBUM, a new collection of Instrumental Piano Music, forming the third volume of the "Home Circle," 1 vol.

THE SILVER CHORD, Songs, Ballads, Quarters, Duets, &c., Piano Accompaniment, 1 vol.

SHOWERS OF PEARLS, Vocal Duets for two Sopranos, Soprano and Alto, Soprano and Tenor, Soprano and Bass, and Tenor and Bass. Piano Acc. 1 vol.

GEMS OF GERMAN SONG, the choicest productions of German composers, German and English words, Piano Acc. 1 vol.

GEMS OF SCOTTISH SONG, a complete collection of the "rarest and fairest" Scotch Songs and Ballads, Piano Acc. 1 vol.

GEMS OF SACRED SONG, a choice collection of Sabbath Songs and Select Home Ballads. Piano Acc. 1 vol.

OPERATIC PEARLS, comprising all the most popular Songs, Quartets, Trios, &c., from the principal Operas.

The above are all of uniform size and style of binding. Price of each volume, Plain, \$1.50; Cloth, \$3.00; Cloth, full gilt, \$4.00. Sold in separate volumes, or the set complete, by all Music Dealers, and sent post-paid, by

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington St., Boston.

Quebec, Aug. 1, 1867.

Thirty Years' Experience of an old Nurse.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHÆA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York; and 265 High Holborn, London.

Be sure and ask for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

All others are base and dangerous imitations.

Sore Throat, Cough, Cold, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections oftentimes incurable.

Brown's Bronchial Troches are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who over-tax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. To the soldier exposed to sudden changes in the weather they will give prompt relief in Coughs and Colds, and carried in the pocket as occasion requires. Sold at 25 cents a box.

Quebec, July 17, 1867.

New Advertisements.

CONCERT!! Mr. G. Ferguson, The Celebrated well-known BLIND PERFORMER.

IRISH UNION HARMONIC PIPES.

Has the honor to announce to the citizens of Quebec, that he will give a

GRAND PARLOR CONCERT!

ST. PATRICK'S INSTITUTE,

THURSDAY EVENING,

THE 1st AUGUST, Consisting of IRISH, SCOTCH, ENGLISH, and AMERICAN AIRS, with Songs National, Sentimental and Humorous.

These Pipes are entirely different from the Common Bagpipes, and are admired by all who hear them.

Tickets 25 cents. Children half price. Doors open at Seven. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets can be had at Messrs. C. E. HOLLAND & Co., Quebec News Depot, opposite the Post Office, and at the door of the Hall on the night of the performance.

Quebec, July 20, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE BUSINESS hitherto carried on between CHARLES E. LEVEY and WILLIAM HERRING, under the name of CHARLES E. LEVEY & Co., is dissolved, this day, by mutual consent. The business for the remainder of the season will be carried on by the late firm as usual.

(Signed) CHARLES E. LEVEY, (Signed) W. HERRING.

Quebec, Aug. 1, 1867.

FOR HAI HAI BAY, MURRAY BAY, RIVER DU LOUP, CACOUNA, & TADOUSSAC.

THE SPLENDID NEW STEAMER UNION.

CAPT. GEO. HUMPHREY.

Will leave Quebec, during the Season, EVERY

SATURDAY MORNING,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK, A.M., ARRIVING AT MURRAY BAY, at 1 o'clock.

RIVER DU LOUP, at 5 P. M.

TADOUSSAC, at 8 P. M.

HAI HAI BAY, at 12 P. M.

Returning, will leave HAI HAI BAY at 6 A. M. SUNDAY, calling at TADOUSSAC, and remain at RIVER DU LOUP till 7 A. M. on MONDAY, arriving at

MURRAY BAY, at 12 Noon.

QUEBEC, at 6 P. M.

Will leave Quebec every Monday Evening at 8 o'clock, arriving in Montreal on Tuesday Morning.

To meet the wishes of a large number of persons, this steamer will, during the month of August, make an additional trip to Tadoussac, leaving at 2 o'clock, and arriving at Tadoussac in the evening. Returning, will leave Tadoussac every Thursday Morning at 6 o'clock, River du Loup at 7 A. M., Murray Bay at 10 A. M., arriving at Quebec at about 3 o'clock. Will leave Quebec for Montreal every Thursday Evening at 8 o'clock.

This powerful vessel was, in 1866, built expressly for the Saguenay, and being constructed of wood is particularly secure and desirable for this route.

FARES:—

Quebec to Murray Bay, \$1 00

Quebec to River du Loup, 1 00

Quebec to Tadoussac, 2 00

Quebec to Hai Hai Bay, 3 00

Meals and Berths Extra.

Return Tickets at the same rates.

For further information, application can be made at the Office, St. Andrew's Wharf.

A. GABOURY, Secretary.

Quebec, July 31, 1867.

1867 1867

RICHELIEU COMPANY'S New Day Line

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

THE SPLENDID BESSEMER STEEL STEAMER

"CANADA,"

CAPTAIN L. B. VOLIGNY.

Will leave the Napoleon Wharf, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY MORNING, during the Season of Pleasure Travel, at SEVEN o'clock, for MONTREAL, and returning from Montreal will leave on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 8 A. M., and will run through by daylight.

The Steamer "CANADA" has been constructed and furnished with special reference to the wants of the Pleasure Travel upon the St. Lawrence River, and for speed, elegance and safety, is equal to any steamer in America.

Passengers by this route have ample opportunity for viewing the Grand and Historic Scenery of our magnificent River St. Lawrence.

CABIN FARE, (including Breakfast and Dinner), \$3.50.

Tickets can be procured at the Office on the Wharf.

J. E. DESCHAMPS, Agent.

Quebec, July 30, 1867.

SALT.

Now Landing ex "Bateau"

1000 BAGS COARSE SALT, -10 to the ton.

For Sale by M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, July 25, 1867.

A HARP FOR SALE.

An Excellent Second-Hand Harp, with Music Stand, Harp Music, Strings and String Box, complete. If required, lessons will also be given. Enquire at this Office.

Quebec, July 5, 1867.

New Advertisements.

BATHING REQUISITES. Z. FORTIER & CO. have just received a Large and New Assortment of Bathing Requisites, consisting of Bathing Caps, Sponge Bags, Flesh Brushes, Hair Brushes and Tooth Brushes, &c.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

THE CANADA HOTEL,

WHAT large establishment, so well and favorably known, and one possessing the best run of customers in Montreal, is situated within a short distance of the St. Lawrence and other monuments of the City of the Co. It is the principal market of the Commercial part of the City, and is established by the circumstance that all those who have kept it have made of it notably increased their fortune in it.

The Canada Hotel contains about 100 Bed Rooms, and large Parlours, Office, Dining and Reading Rooms, Kitchen, Bar, &c. The present proprietor will sell it on very liberal terms of payment. He will also receive proposals from parties desiring to let it from the first of May next.

N. B.—The present occupant, Madame Sauter, who retires from business at the expiration of her lease, will sell the Furniture for a moderate sum and on easy terms of payment. A very decided advantage to a capitalist desiring to make a safe and profitable investment, as well as to one who would purchase the hotel to keep it, or to any one desiring merely to accept the next lease.

Apply to the proprietor,

P. G. LEMOINE, 34, St. Gabriel Street, Montreal.

NOTICE.

SUPERVISOR OF CULLERS' OFFICE, Quebec, 31st July, 1867.

THE Board of Examiners, appointed under the provisions of the 8th Sec. Chap. 46 C.S. Canada, will, pursuant to the provisions of the 9th Sec., meet at the Office, on MONDAY Next, the 5th instant, at 11 o'clock A.M.

Applicants to be Licensed as Cullers are hereby notified to attend.

WM. QUINN, Supervisor of Cullers.

Quebec, July 31, 1867.

SMOKED SALMON,

EX SS. LADY HEAD.

CHOICE SMOKED SALMON Just Received and For Sale by

ADAM WATTERS, 11 & 13 John Street.

Quebec, July 15, 1867.

WESTPHALIA HAMS.

3 CASES Extra Choice WESTPHALIA HAMS, Just Received.

For Sale by

ADAM WATTERS, 11 & 13 John Street.

Quebec, July 10, 1867.

LEMONS!!

Just Received ex S.S. Hibernian: CHOICE MESSINA LEMONS.

For Sale by

ADAM WATTERS, 11 & 13 John Street.

Quebec, July 10, 1867.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec at its first session, for an Act to facilitate the partition of the Estate of the late JOHN COFFIN, Esquire, in his lifetime of Quebec.

Quebec, July 24, 1867.

COMMISSARIAT.

TENDERS will be received by the Senior Commissariat Officer, until

NOON ON SATURDAY,

THE 2nd AUGUST, For the undermentioned Supplies for the use of the

Troops quartered in Quebec and Vicinity,

FROM 1st OCTOBER, 1867, to 30th SEPTEMBER, 1868, viz:

Fresh Beef and Mutton, per 100 lbs,

Forage, per ration,

Fuel Wood, 7000 Cords,

French Measure, at per Cord,

Vegetables for Royal Navy, at per lb.,

Mould Tallow Candles, per box of 50 lbs.,

Canadian Coal Oil, per gallon

Common Measure,

To be Delivered at Montreal:

Pale Seal Oil, 1200 Imperial gallons,

Cotton Wicks, 50 lbs.

Terms of Tender, conditions of Contract, and all requisite information can be obtained at the Commissariat Office, Quebec, and no offer will be recognized except made on Forms so obtained.

No Form of Tender will be granted after Noon on 2nd August.

Commissariat, Quebec, July 15, 1867.

N. B.—An Accepted Bank Cheque for £100 will be required from every person receiving a Tender for Fresh Meat, which will be forfeited to Government, should the person whose Tender is accepted fail to sign with his Sureties when called upon the Notarial agreement. The remaining cheques will be returned when the Contract is duly executed.

Board and Education at Levis.

MRS. STURTON'S PUPILS will reassemble on MONDAY, the 12th of August.

Terms—\$30 per annum.

The course of instruction includes all that is necessary for a thorough English Education, with French, &c.

Extra—Music, Drawing, Painting and Italian.

Quebec, July 17, 1867.

NOVELS! NOVELS!! NOVELS!

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY.

P. SINCLAIR & SON.

Quebec, July 27, 1867.

LOST.

A BUFF COLORED LEATHER HAND VALISE or PORTMANTEAU, without name or initials, supposed to be taken by mistake. LAST NIGHT from the G. T. R. Wharf. Any person returning the same to the St. Louis Hotel, will be suitably rewarded.

New Advertisements.

TRUSSES! TRUSSES!! JUST RECEIVED AT THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE: AN ASSORTMENT OF TRUSSES, Shoulder Braces, Elastic Stockings, &c., &c., warranted of Superior Quality, and for Sale at low prices by

WILLIAM AHERN, Chemist and Druggist, St. John Street.

N. B.—W. A. having been appointed Agent for the Canada Truss Factory, all orders left with him will be promptly attended to.

Quebec, July 26, 1867.

WANTED,

AT THE St. Louis Hotel, FOUR TABLE WAITERS, who thoroughly understand the business.

Quebec, July 26, 1867.

GRAND TRUNK FERRY.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 15th July, the GRAND TRUNK FERRY STEAMER will run as under, until further notice:—

LEAVE QUEBEC LEAVE POINT LEVI

5.30 A. M. 7.00 A. M.—Mail Train for Richmond & Way Stations.

7.30—Mixed Train for Richmond & Way Stations.

8.30—Express for Riv. du Loup, on Tu. days and Thursdays.

9.00 10.30—Passengers & Mails for Riv. du Loup.

2.00 P. M.—Express for Montreal and the West.

3.00—Excursion to Riv. du Loup on Sat. days.

4.30 7.00—Passengers and Mails for Montreal & the West.

8.00 9.15—Express from Montreal and the West.

A. GABOURY, Secretary St. Lawrence Tow Boat Co., Quebec, July 22, 1867.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

1867. SUMMER 1867.

Passengers Booked to Londonderry or Liverpool.

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

THIS COMPANY'S LINE is composed of the following First Class Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN, 2500 tons, Capt. Allan.

NESTORIAN, 2500 tons, "Dutton.

PERUVIAN, 2500 tons, "Ballantine.

MORAVIAN, 2500 tons, "W. J. Kerr.

HIBERNIAN, 2450 tons, "Brown.

NOVA SCOTIAN, 2300 tons, "Kerr.

BELGIAN, 2200 tons, "Grange.

NORTH AMERICAN, 1750 tons, "Watts.

DAMASCUS, 1300 tons, "Allan.

Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Eyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers, from and to Londonderry.

Dates of sailing are as follows:—

FROM QUEBEC: HIBERNIAN, Saturday, July 29, 1867.

NOVA SCOTIAN, " 27, " "

MORAVIAN, " Aug. 3, " "

AUSTRIAN, " 19, " "

NESTORIAN, " 17, " "

And every succeeding Saturday, from Quebec.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC:

To Londonderry, or Liverpool

Cabin—\$70.00, and \$80.00, according to accommodation.

STEWARDS—\$25.

Passengers desirous of proceeding to PARIS can procure Goods EXCHANGE TICKETS on application to the Agents at Montreal or Quebec.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

IF A TENDER will have the NAPOLEON WHARF every SATURDAY morning, with Mails and Passengers, at NINE o'clock, precisely.

For further particulars apply to

ALLANS, RAE & CO., Agents.

Quebec, July 15, 1867.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that Application will be made to the Legislature of Quebec, at its first Session, for an Act to Divide the TOWNSHIP OF PERCE into three separate Municipalities.—That of Perce to extend from the present Eastern Boundary to Ance au Beaudin River.—The second to be called the Municipality of Cape Cove, which shall extend from the Western Bank of Ance au Beaudin River, to the Division Line between the Township of Perce and Grand River.—And the third to be called the Municipality of Beauport, which shall include the whole of the said Island.

PHILIP VIBERT, Junr., Secretary & Treasurer.

Perce, 25th July, 1867.

Board and Education at Levis.

MRS. STURTON'S PUPILS will reassemble on MONDAY, the 12th of August.

Terms—\$30 per annum.

The course of instruction includes all that is necessary for a thorough English Education, with French, &c.

Extra—Music, Drawing, Painting and Italian.

Quebec, July 17, 1867.

