

THE ELECTIONS.

Interesting Facts and Figures Regarding Former Federal Elections.

DETAILED HISTORY OF CONSTITUTIONS OF MONTREAL AND VICINITY SINCE CONFEDERATION.

Tomorrow will be election day. There is a general indication of a busy time for the candidates and electors. There is a general anxiety and speculation as to the results with all the characteristic uncertainty regarding the same.

The Redistribution Bill, introduced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in March, 1903, provided for an increase in the membership of the House of Commons on the basis of the last Dominion census, from 213 to 214, divided as follows:—

Table with 3 columns: Province, Gov., Opp. Rows include Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba, British Columbia, North-West Territories.

HOCHELAGA. The limits of this division were changed by redistribution of 1892, part of the constituency being made part of the division of Maisonneuve.

MAISONNEUVE. 1902—R. Prefontaine (Lib.), 4,370; Labelle (Con.), 2,510. Liberal majority, 1,860.

CHAMBLY AND VERCHERES. (Established by redistribution of 1892.) 1900—V. Geoffrion (Lib.), 2,373; Dame Parizeau (Con.), 1,941. Liberal majority, 432.

ST. ANTOINE. (Established under the Redistribution Act of 1892.) 1892—The Hon. A. Dorion (Lib.), majority 23.

CHAMBLY. 1891—R. Prefontaine (Lib.), 3,912; G. E. Baril (Con.), 3,070. Liberal majority, 1,570.

ST. JAMES. (Established under the Redistribution Act of 1892.) 1892—The Hon. L. Beaubien (Con.), majority 518.

Act of 1892. This, with St. Mary's division, formed Montreal East. 1900—(By-election Feb. 18.) H. Gervais (Lib.), 3,289; J. G. H. Bergeron (Con.), 2,591. Liberal majority, 678.

MONTREAL—ST. LAWRENCE. (Established under the Redistribution Act of 1892.) 1900—Robert Bickerdike (Lib.), 3,439; H. A. Ekers (Con.), 2,457. Liberal majority, 982.

MONTREAL—ST. MARY'S. (Established under the Redistribution Act of 1892.) 1900—The Hon. J. I. Tarte (Lib.), 3,178; T. Charpentier (Con.), 1,922. Liberal majority, 1,256.

1900—H. Dupré (Lib.), 3,367; A. T. Lepine (Con.), 1,967. Liberal majority, 1,400.

1900—J. A. C. Madore (Lib.), 3,635; S. Lachapelle (Con.), 3,129. Liberal majority, 506.

1900—R. Prefontaine (Lib.), 4,844; L. Onimet (Con.), 3,070. Liberal majority, 1,774.

1900—V. Geoffrion (Lib.), 2,373; Dame Parizeau (Con.), 1,941. Liberal majority, 432.

1891—The Hon. F. Geoffrion (Lib.), majority 168.

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Beauce—1902 (by-election)—Henri S. Beland (Lib.), acclamation.

1900—(By-election) — Henri S. Beland (Lib.), 1,739. Liberal majority, 277.

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(Con.), 826. Majority for Laurier, 2,772.

1896—After accepting office as Premier the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier was returned by acclamation.

Quebec Centre—1900, Albert Malouin (Lib.), 1,670; Victor Chateaufort (Con.), 1,155. Majority for Malouin, 515.

Quebec County—1900, Hon. Chas. Fitzpatrick (Lib.), 2,201; Hon. Beaubien (Con.), 911. Majority for Fitzpatrick, 1,290.

1896—Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, on accepting office as Solicitor-General, by acclamation; after return at general election, when he secured 1,982 votes for J. T. Fremont's (Lib.), 1,058, winning by 924.

Richelieu—1900, A. A. Bruneau (Lib.), 1,803; J. B. Vanasse (Con.), 1,533. Majority for Bruneau, 270.

Richmond and Wolfe—1900, E. W. Tobin (Lib.), 3,500; J. H. Crepeau (Con.), 2,517. Majority for Tobin, 983.

Rimouski—1900, J. A. Ross (Lib.), 2,794; Louis Tache (Con.), 2,525. Majority for Ross, 269.

1900—L. P. Brodeur (Lib.), 1,767; J. R. David (Con.), 682. Majority for Mr. Brodeur, 1,085.

St. Hyacinthe—1904 (by-election on resignation of M. E. Bernier), J. B. Blanchet (Lib.), 1,841; L. H. Taché (Con.), 1,655. Majority for Blanchet, 186.

1900—Hon. M. E. Bernier (Lib.), 2,237; A. P. Cartier (Con.), 1,136. Majority for Bernier, 1,101.

Ald. Ames had no part in it. He did not see or know of single sentence until after it had been placed in your hands, Mr. Editor.

I said that Ald. Ames was responsible for nothing in my letter. I must take that back. He is responsible for something in it, or rather about it, and that is its moderation.

Nothing more is needed to show the animus which inspires this unwarranted attack upon Ald. Ames than the gratuitous dragging into the controversy of the name of Ald. Ekers, and the covert sneer at Ald. Ames as a Christian gentleman contained in the last paragraph of this evening's letter.

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ELECTION BULLETINS.

The results of the general elections to-morrow will be bulletined at the 'Witness' office immediately after the close of the polls.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Associated Press authoritatively announces to-day that the basis of the British-Russian understanding regarding the commission of inquiry into the North Sea incident is now complete.

The tremendous attack begun on Port Arthur on Oct. 26 still continues. Hundreds of guns are battering the north and east forts, and the infantry are moving forward with desperate rushes.

Gen. Sakharoff telegraphs to-day that the Japanese are showing marked signs of recommending the offensive against the Russian left wing, and have also re-occupied the village of Sandia pu, near the Hun river, in front of the Russian right flank.

The Chinese Government has sent troops to Shan hai kwan. This closes the last Russian port in the Far East.

Mr. Balfour is indisposed, and will be confined to his room for a few days.

Election feeling in Italy is running high. A severe fight is reported in Palermo, and in Milan an attempt by the anarchists to set fire to the Palace of Justice was discovered barely in time to prevent serious damage.

The Pope is suffering from a slight attack of gout.

The cone on Mount Vesuvius, which formed during the late eruption, fell into the crater yesterday with a tremendous roar.

Newfoundland election returns, so far received, strongly favor the Bond Government.

The Winston reservoir at Salem, Mass., burst early this morning, sending a million gallons of water against the houses adjoining. Seventeen persons are dead, and several more are missing.

Mgr. Moeller succeeds the late Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati.

In a race between a new big electrical locomotive and a New York Central engine yesterday at Schenectady, the electric locomotive easily beat the steam engine on a four-mile run.

The annual report of McGill shows a satisfactory financial standing and a record attendance in most faculties.

Archbishop Bruchesi has left for Rome to pay an official visit to the Pope.

MR. BALFOUR.

BRITISH PREMIER CONFINED TO THE HOUSE.

London, Nov. 2.—Mr. Balfour is suffering from irritation of a small vein. He will remain in his room for a few days.

MR. KELSON RESIGNS.

Mr. W. H. Kelson, general store-keeper of the Canadian Pacific Railway, from Feb., 1882, to date, has resigned, and will take a rest before engaging in other business.

RAIN TO-MORROW.

By the purple haze that lies On the distant rocky height, By the deep blue of the skies, By the smoky, amber light Through the forest-arches streaming Where Nature in her throne sits dreaming.

And the sun is scarcely gleaming, Through the cloudlets, snowy white,— Winter's lovely herald greets us, Ere the ice-crowned tyrant meets us! —Susanna Strickland Moodie.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Nov. 2, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures:—Victoria, 52—48; Calgary, 60—30; Edmonton, 58—28; Medicine Hat, 55—40; Qu'Appelle, 60—38; Winnipeg, 40—32; Port Arthur, 42—38; Parry Sound, 48—34; Toronto, 54—38; Ottawa, 44—26; Montreal, 40—26; Quebec, 36—18; St. John, 36—28; Halifax, 40—21.

Easterly and southerly winds. Fair on Thursday. Increasing easterly winds, rain before night.

A very pronounced disturbance has appeared over the Gulf of Mexico and from present indications the weather will soon become stormy on the Great Lakes. The weather continues fair throughout Canada with high temperature in the North-West Territories and cooler conditions from Manitoba eastward.

1628 Notre Dame street Montreal, Nov. 2, 1904.—Readings by the Optical & Engineer's Supply Company's Standard Barometer at noon.

Yesterday, 80.80; 11 a.m. to-day, 80.38. Temperature. Max. Min. To-day 39 25 Yesterday 42 28

ITALIAN ELECTIONS.

CAMPAIGN AT FEVER HEAT—ANARCHIST ACTIVITY.

Rome, Nov. 2.—The electoral campaign is at fever heat. There was a severe fight in the public hall in Palermo, where Palizzolo, the Mafia leader, and former deputy, who was once convicted of murder, but subsequently acquitted, and who is again a candidate for deputy, attempted to speak at a meeting of his opponents.

There will be a meeting in the St. Lambert boat house this evening in the interest of Mr. Victor Geoffrion, the Liberal candidate, who will address the meeting. The Hon. J. P. B. Casgrain, Mr. R. A. E. Greenhields, K.C., Mr. Aimé Geoffrion, K.C., and Mr. G. W. Stephens will also address the electors.

INTIMIDATION CHARGED.

Referring to the long list of working-men binding themselves to vote for the Conservative candidates, published in last night's 'Star,' the 'Canada' indignantly protests and declares that a large portion of these signatures were secured under false pretences, at the instigation of the employers, the men being threatened with instant dismissal if they refused to sign.

MR. PREFONTAINE'S LAST MEETING.

The Hon. Mr. Prefontaine will hold the last meeting of his campaign this evening, at No. 361 Mount Royal ave. Some English-speaking orators will address the meeting.

A GOOD EXAMPLE.

Messrs. A. Bray & Co., contractors, have notified their employees that they may leave their work at 3 p.m. to-morrow in order to go to vote.

THE ST. ANTOINE CONTEST.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.') Sir,—I rather expected that my letter to the 'Witness' of Oct. 25 might receive some attention at Mr. Cushing's hands, but I did not think he would pay me the compliment of hinting that it was the result of collaboration with Ald. Ames.

FELL INTO THE HOLD.

David Aubrey, a 'longshoreman,' sustained severe internal injuries by falling into the hold of the steamship 'Mexican,' while at work on that vessel yesterday. He was taken in the ambulance to the Notre Dame Hospital. He was reported to be making good progress toward recovery this afternoon.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must favorably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

Deaths: Notices of deaths must be accompanied by a certificate of the death, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

MARRIED.

CLEMENT - CURRIE - At the Presbyterian Church, Orillia, Ont., on Oct. 26, 1904, by the Rev. R. N. Grant, D.D., and the Rev. John Gray, D.D., William Alexander Clement, C.E., of Toronto, to Louise Bertram, only daughter of the late Francis Thomson Currie, of Orillia, and Lillian, near Melrose, Scotland, and granddaughter of the late Captain Thomson, R.N.

FRANKLIN - PRESLEY - At Plantagenet, Ont., on Monday, Oct. 31, 1904, by the Rev. Allan Stewart Reid, Mr. Robert M. Franklin to Olive Lydia, daughter of Mr. George Presley, all of Plantagenet.

M'BRAYNE - GRANT - At all Saints' Church, Hamilton, Ont., on Oct. 23, 1904, by the Rev. Canon Forrester, Lillian Beatrice, youngest daughter of the late Peter Grant, of Hamilton, to Walter Scott McBrayne, barrister.

M'ARTHUR - ERSKINE - At the residence of the bride's father, Cumberland, Ont., on Oct. 26, 1904, by the Rev. A. W. MacIntyre, Andrew William Boyd McArthur, of North Bay, Ont., to Margaret Violet Erskine.

DIED.

ANGUS - At Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S., on Oct. 19, 1904, Robert Harold, only son of Mr. Rob. Angus, of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

CAVERHILL - At 262 Bishop street, on Nov. 1, 1904, in her 77th year, Elizabeth Spiers Caverhill, relict of the late Thomas Caverhill. Funeral private.

CLARK - On Oct. 29, 1904, at Allandale, Ont., the Rev. George Clark, in his 73rd year.

EDMONDSON - On Oct. 31, 1904, at his late residence, 163 Augusta street, Ottawa, James H. Edmondson, aged 72 years.

FARRELL - On Oct. 27, 1904, at his father's residence, Kingston, Ont., Leonard Eliza, beloved wife of James M. Farrell, Esq., barrister, and eldest daughter of the Rev. M. McGillivray, D.D.

GLIMOUR - At the Montreal General Hospital, on Oct. 31, 1904, James Glimour, aged 54 years. Funeral from the residence of his brother-in-law, 82 Park avenue, on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m.

HAY - At the manse, Renfrew, on Tuesday, Nov. 1, 1904, Robert Hay, senior, native of Lanarkshire, Scotland, aged 87 years and 7 months. Funeral, on Friday, the 4th inst., at Paisley, Ont.

HAMILTON - On Oct. 29, 1904, at 659 Lansdowne avenue, Toronto, Alex Hamilton, aged 68 years, late of the C.P.R., a native of Peebles, Scotland.

PALLISTER - At Compton, Que., Richard Pallister, on Oct. 31, 1904, aged 80 years.

STEWART - At Toronto, on Oct. 31, 1904, Jessie Blacklock, widow of the late Alfred Stewart, late of Montreal, aged 76 years. Interment at Toronto.

STRYDE - On Nov. 1, 1904, Albert Edward, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Stryde, of 1092 St. James street, aged 2 years and 10 months. For such is the Kingdom of Heaven. Funeral private.

WATSON - At her late residence, Newtonbrook, Ont., on Oct. 29, 1904, Janet Murray, relict of the late John Watson, in her 77th year.

WINSLOW - At Eaton Corner, Que., of pneumonia, on Oct. 24, 1904, Mr. John Winslow, in the 81st year of his age.

Those sending notices for the above columns may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the Witness containing the notice, will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 4.

THE S. CARSLLEY CO. LIMITED. THE BEST VALUES IN LADIES' WINTER COATS

Ever Shown in Montreal - Is at Carsley's To-day. This is an assertion which can be easily proved by a visit to The Big Store. Certainly, we make it with the consciousness that we are stating only fact.

A Model Half Length Coat of dark fawn Covert Cloth, deep cape, full sleeve, self collar, lined. Regular, \$18.00. For \$8.95. A distinguished Coat, tight fitting, of dark blue or grey tweed, deep shoulder cape, military collar, loose sleeves, trimmed cloth strappings. Regular, \$24.00 Coat. For \$15.00. A handsome Paletot, in brown tweed, deep yoke over shoulder, turn over collar and cuffs of green velvet, trimmed fancy braid. Special price \$16.00. Ladies' Stylish Coats from \$3.95.

SPECIAL BARGAIN OFFER ON SALE THURSDAY ONLY 120 Dozen China Cups and Saucers. Regular 12 1/2c. Special Price, 6 1-2c. 120 dozen English China Cups and Saucers, lined and ornamented clover leaf design, on fine white china, breakfast or tea size cups and saucers. Usually sold at 12 1/2c. Special price, the cup and saucer 6 1/2c.

A SALE OF CHILDREN'S DRESSES SPECIALLY PRICED FOR THURSDAY'S SHOPPERS. These are dainty little dresses marked at prices that mothers will appreciate for economy's sake. They are made to fit little tots of 1 to 4 years of age, in the latest style, cut with fancy yoke and neat collar, trimmed fancy braid, full sleeve, in colors of baby blue or red, sizes to fit 1, 2, 3 or 4 years. Good value at 65c. Special price 45c. Another lot of Children's Heavy Flannelette Dresses, neatly made and trimmed with fancy braid, shoulder epaulettes are also trimmed braid, extra well finished and lined throughout. Special price 89c.

THE S. CARSLLEY CO. LIMITED. 1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St., 184 to 194 St. James St. MONTREAL.

Stair Carpets. A good line of handsome Stair Carpets now on view - if you are in need of one come and see us first - the Carpet Department buyer has been very successful in his selections, and you will be pleased with what we have to show you.

RENAUD, KING & PATTERSON. Cor. Guy and St. Catherine Sts. Phone Up 3328. LOOK AT OUR WINDOWS

All Kinds of ELECTRICAL WORK at the CRESCENT ELECTRIC CO. at moderate figures. THE CRESCENT ELECTRIC CO. 2508 St. Catherine St. Tel. Up 971.

DOMINION ELECTIONS DIVISION OF HOCHELAGA. The Committee Rooms for Westmount of Mr. L. A. RIVET, Liberal Candidate, are located at - No. 253 GREENE Avenue Telephone Westm't 56, -AND- No. 4867 SHERBROOKE ST., Telephone Westm't 38. Mr. Rivet's friends and supporters willing to assist with vehicles or in manning the polls are invited to communicate with either Committee Room. All information regarding lists, etc., to be obtained at either place.

METHODIST MISSIONS. Winnipeg, Nov. 2 - A missionary convention in connection with the Manitoba and North-West Methodist Conference is in session here to-day. The Rev. Dr. Carman and the Rev. Dr. Sutherland, of Toronto, are present.

ALL VOTERS Be they Liberal or Conservative, should patronize

W. H. LEACH, 2440 St. Catherine St. The only Montreal Piano Dealer who sells Canadian Pianos exclusively.

KILLED ON THE TRACK. St. Thomas, Ont., Nov. 2 - J. B. Babcock, Grand Trunk yard foreman at Fort Erie, was instantly killed on Monday night by being run over while cutting off a locomotive from a train. In some manner Mr. Babcock stumbled and fell, the front wheels of the first car passing over his chest.

THE BURNS CLUB. 'A night with the Scottish poets' was to have been the subject at the meeting of the Burns Club last evening, but owing to the illness of Mr. John Macfarlane, who was announced to deliver the lecture, Prof. Clark Murray entertained instead with readings from his book, 'He that Received the Five Talents.' Mr. Robert Reid presided.

The JOHN MURPHY CO., Limited. St. Catherine St. Metcalfe St.

ON THE THIRD FLOOR. CHILDREN'S BEAR PLUSH COATS. Latest style sleeve, very wide Collar, Silk Tie, Flannelette lining, double breasted, two rows Pearl Buttons, Special. \$2.25. LUSTRE BLOUSES. New arrivals, a beautiful assortment colors, Black, Cream, Brown and Sky, trimmed broad tucks, very full front. \$2.50. C. B. No. 222. Is the very latest American Corset, made of Coutil; it has long military hips, low bust, but with gorges adapted for medium figures; sizes 18 to 30; price \$1.00.

ON THE SECOND FLOOR. A HANDSOME LINE OF COATS. Made of Dark Tweed, with deep shoulder effect, full Bishop sleeves, lined throughout Farmer Satin, the price. \$6.75. BLACK BEAVER JACKETS. With small Capes, trimmed with Navy Velvet, turn-over cuffs, lined Farmer Satin, fine value for the money. Price. \$8.00. FUR STOLE, White Coney. 15 only, length 60 inches, very broad on shoulders; sold in the regular way \$10.00; now \$4.50. MUFF to match, \$3.50.

THE FIRST FLOOR. Calls attention to some new arrivals in BROWN DRESS GOODS. In Basket Cloth, Homespun, Voile de Paris, Broad Cloth, EOLIE and CHEVIOTS, all in Beautiful Shades of Brown, direct from the world's Best makers. NEW BLOUSE MATERIALS. A fine showing of FANCY FRENCH FLANNELS, Albatros and Bedford Cord. We invite inspection.

THE Glove Stocks. Special Offer. 20 doz. of Fine FRENCH KID GLOVES, Women's, with two clasps, plique sewn, in White, Grey, Mode and Tan; purchased below regular value; sold in the ordinary way, \$1.50, for \$1.17. MAIN FLOOR ANNEX.

THE JOHN MURPHY COMPANY, LIMITED, 2341 and 2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET, Terms Cash. Tel. Up 2740. Cor. Metcalfe.

The Daily Witness. WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 2

McGILL REPORT. PAST YEAR MARKED BY ADVANCES IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

The annual report of the governors, principal, and fellows of McGill University for the year 1903-1904, which is the seventy-ninth year of the teaching work of the university, has just been published, and shows that the past year was marked by advances in every way. The student attendance in most of the faculties was greater than any previous year in the history of the university, while the record of original research and investigation undertaken as well as the output of published work, continued to add to the reputation and prestige of the professional body. Even in the department of finance there was ground for encouragement and satisfaction. In an institution with constantly increasing needs as must necessarily characterize the work of a modern and progressive university it speaks well to have to report that the deficit for the year amounted to little over five hundred dollars.

The most important thing in the history of the session had been the gift to the university by Sir William Macdonald, chairman of the board of governors, of the sum of \$125,000, along with a site on which was to be erected a building to be called the McGill Students' Union, 'for the purpose of relaxation, amusement and social intercourse among the undergraduates of the university.' Regret had often been expressed that many of the students who came up year after year to the city should have no better social basis than what was to be found in the boarding house and the restaurant. Moreover, the cost of living had increased by nearly twenty-five percent during the past ten

or twelve years. Thus there was need for doing something to render Montreal from this point of view a more attractive centre, and this union was expected to be matters.

It was a fortunate coincidence, also, that some much-needed residential accommodation was at the same time being provided by the committee in charge of the Y. M. C. A. The new building, which the liberality of the Chancellor, Lord Strathcona, and other friends, had enabled them to erect, did not become the property of the university, but it might be welcomed as the first of what may grow to be many dormitories or halls of residence. The Y. M. C. A. building now being erected on the southeast corner of Sherbrooke street and McGill College avenue will contain rooms for the housing of about sixty students.

The financial circumstances of the university had never permitted of such expenditure on the college gymnasium, but it was hoped that the Chancellor's offer of \$25,000, as a first subscription, towards the expense of constructing a new gymnasium for McGill would be followed by other donations.

Regret was expressed at the departure of Dr. Tait McKenzie, who had done so much for the university. Among the salient features of educational progress during the past session were mentioned the continuance of the closest possible connection between the faculty of arts and the McGill Normal School. In order to encourage teachers-in-training to go forward to the university three bursaries had been instituted, tenable by the best students of the Normal School. It was fortunate that concurrently with this step something was being done by the Protestant Board of School Commissioners of Montreal to increase the salaries of their teachers. In regard to the summer session at McGill last summer, a new feature was added to the course, namely, the French Summer School, which had an attendance of thirty-five. This school was under the auspices of the Modern Languages Teachers' Association. Another indication of the importance of a sound knowledge of French was the new regulation providing for a special examination in that subject for all candidates for entrance into the faculty of law domiciled in the Province of Quebec. This provision would take effect in session 1905-07. Reference was also made to the success which attended the summer library school, held last summer at McGill, for the first time in Canada. New ground in connection with the study of Music was also broken during

the year in the establishment of the McGill Conservatorium of Music, through the generosity of Lord Strathcona. In connection with the Faculty of Applied Science the great increase in student attendance and the expansion of the course made accommodation a problem that faculty the main problem, and a board of governors and an independent mature plans for such extension would be necessary.

The subject of the institution of a new department of railway engineering and general transportation was given prominent attention of the board, as a result students were now being received for the first year of the course, while additional branches would be provided in each succeeding session. At the end of four years from the first graduates go forth to take up the work which the great railway corporations had called for in this way.

In the faculty of medicine the outstanding event of the year was the institution of a dental department. In the faculty of law Sir William Macdonald had generously continued his provision for instituting traveling scholarships to enable graduates to spend a year in France for the special purpose of acquiring greater familiarity with French as a spoken language.

The valuable connections formed by McGill University in the mother land were seen in two Arts graduates, Messrs J. G. Archibald and H. J. Ross, who awarded Rhodes scholarships, and in the compliment paid to McGill by the Master and Fellows of Christ's College, Cambridge, establishing through the liberality of two friends of education of a Canadian scholarship to be awarded a McGill student.

Among other gifts to the university during the year are \$2,000, given by Sir William Macdonald, for purposes of experimental work in the Physics Building; \$250 for experimental psychology, and \$50 annually for philosophical literature, all from the same generous donor. During the year several colleges have been received into affiliation by McGill. In addition to connection for some time past formed with British Columbia through affiliated colleges at Vancouver and Victoria, the University of Mount Allison, Sackville, N.B., Acadia College, Wolfville, N.S., the University of New Brunswick and King's College, Windsor, N.S., have been affiliated with special privileges permanent to each.

While connection had thus been affected with other parts of Canada, educational interests in this province had not been overlooked. Besides the work done by the McGill Normal School, the provincial and city schools had benefited for the last four years the advantage of a well-organized and thoroughly efficient scheme of school examinations conducted by the Matriculation Board of McGill, at the request of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction.

MR. CHARLTON'S SPEECHES. Toronto, Ont., Nov. 2 - Mr. John Charlton was in the city to-day, and completed arrangements for the publication of a volume of his speeches and lectures. The work will be issued before Christmas, and will include many addresses. The latest is the speech to the Boston Chamber of Commerce in December, 1903, a few days before Mr. Charlton was compelled by serious illness to relinquish participation in public life.

MERRITT FOUND GUILTY. Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 2 - Ex-constable Thos. Merritt, who was discharged from the police force about two weeks ago for sleeping while on duty, and arraigned a few days later on a charge of shop-breaking, was found guilty by Judge Snider in the criminal court yesterday and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Merritt stole eight guns, two revolvers and seven hundred and fifty coins from Wright's second-hand store on York street.

MONTHLY FIRE REPORT. The report of Mr. James Ferns, superintendent of the Fire and Police Department for the month of October shows that there were thirty-six fires and forty-four alarms not attended by serious results. There were four more fires during the corresponding month of last year. During the month the Fire Brigade used thirty-nine streams and sixty-one hand extinguishers. Buckets of water were sufficient to extinguish five fires, and only two steam fire engines were used. The only serious fire during the month was the burning of the steamer 'Admiral' on Oct. 4 when Ernest Tremblay, a young boy who resided in Craig street, fell off the wharf while watching the fire, and was drowned. John Douglas, a foreman in the employ of the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Co., was killed by an explosion, supposed to be of gas, at the Gas Works, on Oct. 28.

NOTES AND NOTICES. Breakfast is better than Melancholy. Quit taking costume: go to bed early, rise early and breakfast on Swiss. Spend Horse Show Week at New York. The week of November 14th to 20th is Horse Show week in New York. This event has become a national institution and attracts people from all parts of the United States, making New York for the time being one of the most metropolitan cities in the world. For the occasion the New York Central will sell excursion tickets to New York and return at single fare for the round trip for regular trains of November 14th to 20th.

A Food with Silver Service - In view of the very best elements of Canada's best wheat to the most nutritious and palatable form, Orange Malt has secured a distinct triumph among Canadian housekeepers. 'We do not trim it,' says Mr. T. R. Southampton, 'but aside from the merit of the cereal, the grocer will show you a coupon which is enclosed in every 15c package. These coupons, for the balance of the price can be redeemed in heavy silver-plated tea and dessert spoons, handsome sugar shells and butter knives. The coupon gives full information and directions concerning the premiums.'

CEYLON TEA, GREEN OR BLACK.

Is distinctly the tea of "highest quality." Grown on the finest tea producing soil in the world, it reaches your table laden only with the natural flavor. If you want the purest tea, you must drink Ceylon Tea.

For Sale by All First-class Grocers

A CLARIFYING RETROSPECT. Official Account of Port Arthur Fighting Discloses Many New Facts.

JAPAN CLOSING HER GRIP AFTER MANY SET BACKS

Tokio, Nov. 2.—7 a.m.—The official reports of the Port Arthur operations since Aug. 1 form a recital of almost continuous fighting of a desperate nature. The Russians first struggled desperately to break every Japanese advance and then met the concentrated artillery fire of the Japanese with its own later, since it was almost impossible to constantly making sorties. They rushed into the Japanese trenches and engaged in ferocious struggles with the engineers and pioneers. With desperate courage the Japanese continued to push upon the fortress, progressing stage by stage. The Japanese infantry never failed to respond when asked to make an assault on almost impossible positions, and when the troops gained a position they generally held it with unflinching determination.

CAPTURE OF A FORTRESS.

The reports commencing Aug. 1 record the assault and capture of Ta ku mountain, a general advance following and then a general bombardment, opening Aug. 19 and Aug. 20 an attack on Pan lung mountain. Electric wire entanglements protected the Japanese position. The Japanese artillery here shelled the Pan lung fortifications, and on Aug. 1 the Japanese infantry charged and were beaten back owing to the deadly fire from the Russian machine guns and the insubstantiality of the preliminary destruction of the wire entanglements. The Japanese were also forced to abandon a fort southeast of Kee kwan mountain, which was captured after desperate fighting owing to the enfilading fire of the neighboring forts.

DESPERATE RESISTANCE.

During the morning of Aug. 22 the Japanese troops forming the centre army seized the east fort on Pan lung mountain and by noon had captured two-thirds of it. The Russians, who continued to hold the Keep, resisted desperately, aided by the fire of the forts, and forced the Japanese to abandon the positions occupied. The Japanese centre immediately reformed, stormed, captured and held the west fortress, forced the abandonment by the Russians of the east fortress and mastered the entire position.

On the night of Aug. 23 the Japanese centre, with the right co-operating, attacked the heights north-west of Kang ke and the north fort east of Kee kwan mountain, but the troops were forced to abandon the attack on account of the heavy losses sustained from machine gun fire from every direction.

On the morning of Aug. 27 the Russians concentrated their artillery fire against the entire Japanese line and the Japanese were forced to abandon the positions. Until the end of the month and the first week in October the Japanese continued to attack and shell Pan lung mountain. They managed to do considerable damage to the new Japanese positions there and to hamper the operations of the Japanese miners.

WITHIN FORTY YARDS.

On Aug. 9 the Japanese mines had been laid within about forty yards of the Russian position on the northern fort on Kee kwan mountain, and some fifty yards from the Sui shi ying (Susi see ying). On the night of the Japanese discovered that the Russians were endeavoring to mine the mountain.

On the morning of Aug. 19, the Japanese opened a heavy bombardment, and at six o'clock in the evening made assaults on the Pan lung mountain and on the position on 203-metre Hill. The Japanese continued to dawn on the morning of the result that the Japanese captured Port Kuropatkin in the forenoon. They also captured the Russian forts south of Sui shi ying, and two forts south-east of the Hill, inflicting serious casualties on the retreating Russians. The Japanese captured 203-metre Hill from the north and west during the day, and secured a foothold on the most point of the summit. The Japanese prepared for further operations, and endeavored to capture the entire position. The Russians, however, were engaged in desperate fighting following the capture of little company of Japanese food or water, managed to hold their position throughout Aug. 21, and on the night of Aug. 22, when the Japanese threw bombs and stones at the Japanese.

TO HAND CONFLICTS.

The Russians centred their efforts on the Japanese trenches leading to the mine. A detachment of Japanese advanced and endeavored to capture the entire position. The Russians, however, were engaged in desperate fighting following the capture of little company of Japanese food or water, managed to hold their position throughout Aug. 21, and on the night of Aug. 22, when the Japanese threw bombs and stones at the Japanese.

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twenty were killed by the Japanese, the survivors retreating.

On Aug. 27 the Russians again shelled the Japanese miners, and twenty Russians charged the Japanese, twice throwing bombs into the trenches.

During Aug. 28 the Japanese bombarded the Russian fleet. Seven or eight shells struck Russian warships. On Aug. 30 the battleships 'Peresviet' and 'Pobieda' were each hit five times.

The night of Oct. 2 the Russians desperately attacked the Japanese miners, and also the Japanese siege line, but were repulsed after a fierce battle. The Japanese continued to shell the Russian fleet, and hit the 'Poltava,' 'Peresviet' and 'Pobieda.'

GUNS DESTROYED.

During the night of Oct. 4 the Japanese surprised the Russians, and destroyed two guns on Yon ching Hill. The Russian attacks on the Japanese miners and the Japanese shelling of the forts, city and fleet continued through the early part of October, the Russians varying the routine on Oct. 10 with a night attack, in which they used dynamite against the west fortress on Pan lung mountain. They were repulsed.

On Oct. 11 the Japanese captured the railway bridge south of Lung yen, and on Oct. 12 and 13 Japanese shells set fire to the 'Peresviet,' apparently disabling her. They also set fire to another warship, name unknown.

On Oct. 16 the Japanese centre, taking advantage of a bombardment, stormed and captured a fortress in the centre of Rih lung mountain, after a desperate struggle. The Russians left behind them a hundred dead, one field gun, one small gun and two machine guns. Desperate fighting also took place around Sung shu mountain and 203-metre hill.

VOLUNTEERS CALLED FOR.

On Oct. 18 the Japanese captured some Russian prisoners, who said that the fate of Port Arthur was near at hand, that the food supplies were insufficient, and that the Russian battalions were greatly reduced numerically. They added that General Stoessel was offering rewards in money and medals for four hundred volunteers to make a sortie and destroy Japanese guns.

From Oct. 18 the Japanese continued to drive their trenches forward, the Russians desperately resisting.

On Oct. 24 the Russians ran a traverse from east of Kee kwan mountain and dynamited the Japanese traverse.

A conflagration raged at Port Arthur during the afternoon of Oct. 24.

Oct. 25 the Japanese guns sank a thousand-ton steamer anchored at the end of the harbor.

IN ST. PETERSBURG.

A VISIBLE DEPRESSION AT THE WAR OFFICE.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2, 12.46 p.m.—The official reports from Tokio describing the desperate assaults on Port Arthur beginning Oct. 26, have created visible depression at the War Office. The sustained character of the bombardment with siege guns and the breaching of the walls by underground mines, but above all the fact that the Japanese Government, after weeks of silence regarding the operations of the besiegers has given out these reports before actual success has crowned their efforts, convinces the military authorities that after long preparation General Nogi is not only making a supreme effort to carry the fortress, but feels confident of success.

THE MIKADO'S BIRTHDAY.

They believe the assault was timed for the announcement of the fall of the fortress to be made upon the birthday of the Mikado to-morrow, which, by a strange coincidence, is the tenth anniversary of the accession of Emperor Nicholas and a great Russian holiday. To-morrow, therefore, is expected to be marked by fate for a day of rejoicing either for Japan or Russia, according as the present assault succeeds or fails.

The War Office is trying to buoy up the Russian hopes with references to the long and successful defence Lieutenant-General Stoessel has thus far conducted, but things have now reached such a pass with the garrison and the character of the present attempt upon the fortress is evidently so determined that the authorities frankly admit they would not be surprised if the end was at hand.

In the face of the gloomy reports direct from Tokio, the 'Invalid Russ,' the army organ, to-day announces that the storming operations ended with a repulse of the Japanese on Monday, but the paper fails to give its authority for this statement. No official report warranting it has been received by the War Office.

A VILLAGE OCCUPIED.

SAKHAROFF SAYS THE JAPANESE ARE EVINCING SIGNS OF BEGINNING THE OFFENSIVE.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—General Sakharoff telegraphed under to-day's date that last night was quiet, the Japanese, however, showing marked signs of recommencing the offensive against the Russian left wing. They have also re-

AT LIAO YANG.

SCENES DEPICTED BY AN EYE-WITNESS.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 1.—The Boston SS. Company's steamer 'Shawmut' arrived to-day from Manila and the bar East. Among the passengers was Mr. J. Gordon Smith, of the 'Victoria Colonist,' who has represented the London 'Morning Post' at the seat of war. Mr. Smith was an eye-witness of the great battle of Liao yang, he and several other newspaper men breaking away from their Japanese convoy and for several days enjoyed the liberty of going where they liked. Mr. Smith says the scenes of battle were something terrible. In one corner of the field he saw dead Japanese five deep in the trenches. He says that the losses of Oyama's army during the battle were over sixty thousand. Mr. Smith was with the headquarters of Nodzu's army.

FROM A CORRESPONDENT.

DESCRIPTION OF A DESOLATED, DEPOPULATED, AND WAR-SCARED COUNTRY.

New York, Nov. 2.—A correspondent of the 'Herald,' telegraphing from Mukden, says:

I have travelled for forty miles along the Russian front. It is a stupendous martial spectacle. The country around is bare, the crops being for the most part trampled on and destroyed. I saw only one village where any Chinese were living, although I passed through forty towns lately very populous. The villagers have fled, not because of Russian cruelty but because of bullets and shrapnel. The soldiers are using the furniture and ratters of the deserted houses and felling the trees for fuel. I met only a score of Chinese, mostly pedlars. The only woman I saw was an old one searching among the ruins of her home. Chinese translators are not unnecessary as there are no Chinese in the villages. Those in Mukden understand well enough. Figures resembling vigorous Chinese men dot the field. These are Russian soldiers in Chinese winter dress. In startling contrast to the cheerful autumn weather are the deserted villages and barren fields wherein are multitudes of starving dogs and great flocks of crows.

The whole country is burrowed by trenches and artillery positions. Some are occupied and many abandoned. In some places the ground is strewn with fragments of shells. Blood-stained boots cut from wounded legs and pieces of cloth are there, too, and Japanese knapsacks. The mud walls of the villages are pierced by loopholes. The soldiers at the front are living snugly in underground bomb-proofs. Russian graves are everywhere.

COMPLETE HARMONY.

THE RUSSO-BRITISH AGREEMENT INSURES AN AMICABLE SETTLEMENT WITHOUT A SEQUEL.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2, 2 p.m.—The Associated Press can authoritatively announce that the basis for the British-Russian agreement to submit the North Sea incident to a commission insures an amicable settlement without a sequel. The understanding is complete.

In the heat of the excitement of the incident many false impressions obtained credence abroad. Now that the smoke has cleared away it is possible to state that Great Britain disclaimed any intention of trying to detain the Russian squadron, which could officially be interpreted as a hostile act. It was never intimated to Russia that Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's recall would be demanded and Great Britain never asked Russia to pledge herself to the punishment of any one. The British Government fully realized that officers of the Russian squadron may have acted with excess of zeal. The whole affair was a deplorable mistake, but as a result of the enquiry, which will establish the facts, each government is expected to take appropriate action without demands from either side and no pledges have been required or given by any country.

THE PERSONNEL OF THE COMMISSION.

So far as future complications are concerned the incident is regarded as closed, though there has been a slight hitch in the Russo-Anglo negotiations regarding matters relating to the international commission, which has necessitated their transfer here. But they only cover minor points and are expected to be adjusted during the day. It is now regarded as almost certain that the commission will sit in Paris and be composed of five naval officers, one Russian and one British, each power to choose another member and the four to select a fifth. Russia has practically named Admiral Kaznakoff and Great Britain Admiral Sir Cyprian Bridge, although the latter selection is not absolutely settled.

ADMIRAL DEWEY MAY SIT.

Great Britain expressed her intention of asking that a United States naval officer sit on the commission, whereupon Russia announced that she would select a French officer. There is a strong intimation that Great Britain will invite Admiral Dewey to be one of the commissioners. Officers of such a character as those mentioned insure the acceptance of the findings of the commission by both countries, and the world.

Admiral Kaznakoff is one of the ablest admirals of the Russian navy and is a courtly man of conciliatory disposition and judicial temperament. He has practically retired from active service. He commanded the Russian squadron which went to New York in 1893.

It transpires that five, and not four, Russian officers left the squadron at Vigo, and are now on their way to St.

Petersburg. The fifth is Captain Clado, Admiral Skrydloff's chief of staff.

THAT SCARE.

NEWSPAPER RECRIMINATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

London, Nov. 2.—Yesterday's attack of nerves, due to the misinformed statements in the London newspapers, has given way to extreme calm. The newspapers angrily assail the government for leaving London to wrestle with its tears all day long when a word would have disposed of all the alarms and they suggest that if the Admiralty would request Vice-Admiral Lord Charles Berosford to refrain from 'surprise mobilizations,' and other interesting manoeuvres during the next few days it would not only add to the tranquillity of the country but would smooth the way to a final settlement of the dispute.

To-day's cabinet meeting excited hardly the slightest interest on the part of the general public. For the first time in many years the ministers met at the Premier's residence, as Mr. Balfour is suffering from the blocking of a small part cramped on his left leg, requiring complete rest. All the ministers were present, Lord Lansdowne coming in after having interviews with Count Benckendorff and M. Cambon, who were early visitors, at Lansdowne House and the Foreign Office respectively. The two ambassadors had previously met to discuss some points of detail in the formation of the international commission.

The cabinet sat for nearly two hours, the subject of discussion being details of the arrangements for the international commission.

INQUEST ON RUSSIA'S VICTIMS.

Hull, Nov. 2.—The inquest to-day on George Smith and William Leggett, victims of the North Sea incident of the night of Oct. 21-22, was re-opened to-day by the coroner. The treasury was represented by the Earl of Desart, public prosecutor, and others, and the Board of Trade by R. S. Cunliffe. The relatives of the deceased and the proprietors of the fishing fleet were also represented.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Colin Campbell are to be in Ottawa for the State Ball.

Miss Gladys Parry, of Paris, is visiting the Misses Kingman, Redpath street.

Mr. and Mrs. Graham Drinkwater are expected in town from the west on Saturday evening.

Sir Montagu and Lady Allan are going up to Ottawa for the ball at Government House on Nov. 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Mackenzie are going up for the State Ball in Ottawa on Monday night.

Mrs. Hugh A. Allan and family have returned to the city from their summer residence at Pointe Claire.

Mrs. S. C. Marson, 1131 Dorchester street, gave a Halloween party for young people on Monday night.

Mrs. R. W. Macdougall, Stanley street, has issued invitations for an at home on Monday, Nov. 7.

The engagement is announced of Miss Eva West, daughter of Mr. W. H. West, 517 Sherbrooke street, to Mr. Lawrence Davis, of New York.

Mrs. Fenwick and Miss Effie Fenwick are spending some time in Ottawa, the guests of Col. and Mrs. Pennington Macpherson.

Prince and Princess Coloredo Maunfeld, who have been at the Windsor, leave to-day for a week's hunting in the north of Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter R. Morson, recently of Montreal, have gone to Toronto, and are spending the winter with Mrs. Morson's aunt, Lady Winter.

Mr. Jephth Harrison, Maccan Station, N.S., is in the city to-day returning from the St. Louis Fair, and from visiting relatives in Port Stanley, Ont.

Mr. Bell, brother of Captain A. C. Bell, aide-de-camp to His Excellency the Governor-General, accompanied by Mrs. Bell, arrived yesterday from England, and are guests at Rideau Hall.

Miss Perkins, of Montreal, was among the guests at a dinner given by the Hon. and Mrs. Mortimer Clark at Government House, Toronto, on Monday night, for the Right Hon. John Morley.

Mr. A. F. P. Chambers, son of Mr. E. T. D. Chambers, leaves Quebec in a couple of weeks for Winnipeg, where he has received an appointment with the Union Bank of Canada.

Mrs. Harry Wilson, who has been in England for the past three months, is returning to Montreal by the S.S. 'Canada' this week. Her daughter, Miss Ellen Wilson, will remain in England over the winter.

On the King's Birthday, Nov. 9, Lieut.-Col. Finlayson and the officers of the First Regiment, Prince of Wales Fusiliers, will give a dinner at the Place Viger Hotel. His Majesty is the honorary colonel of the regiment.

Captain and Lady Marjorie Sinclair are at present in Inverness for the annual meeting of the Scottish Liberal Association. Lady Marjorie is holding a reception in connection with the event, one of her earliest appearances as a hostess since her marriage.

Lady Lacoste will take the office of president of the women's branch of the Antiquarian Society, formerly filled by the late Madame de Bellefeuille Macdonald, at the next annual meeting. As a mark of regard for the late president, the usual tea in the Chateau de Ramazay has been postponed until next month.

Major Frank W. Fisher and Lieutenant Norman C. Ogilvie were the guests of honor at a dinner last night, tendered them by their brother officers of the 3rd Victoria Rifles on the occasion of the approaching marriage of both officers. Lieut.-Colonel G. W. Wilson presided and on behalf of the officers presented Major Fisher with a handsome five o'clock tea service, while Major Robert Starke presented Lieutenant Ogilvie with a silver sugar bowl and cream jug.

Mrs. E. M. Von Eberts received at

COLONIAL HOUSE, PHILLIPS SQUARE.

BLACK DRESS GOODS

Department.

Novelties in Black Dress Goods for Fall and Winter Wear.

- BLACK FANCY NATTE CANVAS
- BLACK VOILE BURLAP
- BLACK SILK AND WOOL BENGALINE
- BLACK AMAZONE
- BLACK MELROSE
- BLACK COATING
- BLACK HOMESPUN
- BLACK FRENCH FOULE
- BLACK METZ
- BLACK PANAMA
- BLACK COTELE
- BLACK SATIN CLOTH
- BLACK BROADCLOTH
- BLACK CHEVIOT
- BLACK SERGES
- BLACK DRAP ONDE.

Hosiery Dept.

- LADIES' PLAIN BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, heavy weight, all sizes, at 35c a pair, or 3 pairs for one dollar.
- LADIES' BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, at 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.60 a pair.
- LADIES' BLACK RIBBED CASHMERE HOSE, 2-1 rib, 50c, 65c and 90c a pair; 1-1 rib, 50c and 65c pair.
- LADIES' HEAVY COTTON HOSE, at 30c, 50c and 90c.
- CHILDREN'S PLAIN OR RIBBED CASHMERE HOSE, at various prices, according to quality and size.

Ladies' Underwear

- LADIES' NATURAL RIBBED WOOL VESTS, long sleeves, at \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1.65, \$1.75, \$1.85, according to size.
- LADIES' RIBBED COTTON AND WOOL MIXED VESTS, 50c, 75c and \$1.00, all sizes.
- EQUESTRIAN TIGHTS, ankle length, at \$1.25, \$1.45, \$2.25 and \$2.75; knee length, \$1.45.
- CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR at various prices, according to quality and size.

TOYS And Sporting Goods!

Toys and Games, Snowshoes, Skies, Skates and Toboggans. Also Plain and Fancy Baskets. Go-Carts and Carriages, less 10 percent. Extra Springs and other parts kept in stock. REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE. Special Attention Given to Mail Orders.

HENRY MORGAN & CO. Montreal

her home, 107 Metcalfe street, yesterday afternoon for the first time since her marriage. The floral decorations were arranged artistically with yellow and mauve chrysanthemums. Mrs. Charles Meredith and Mrs. H. Vincent Meredith presided at the tea-table, and were assisted by Miss Alice Sutherland, Miss Phyllis Porteous, and Miss Margaret Angus. Mrs. Von Eberts, who was gowned in pale blue crepe de chine, was assisted in receiving by her sister, Miss Marjorie Howard, who was in pale green voile, and Mrs. Fred. Jamieson, who wore mauve crepe de chine.

Mrs. Abner Kingman, 75 Redpath street, gave a very enjoyable 'at home' yesterday afternoon, for her two daughters, Miss Mary and Miss Caro Kingman, who are debutantes this season. The Misses Kingman, who received with their mother, wore dainty dresses of white crepe chiffon cloth. The floral decorations of the drawing-room were white chrysanthemums and American Beauty roses, and white chrysanthemums were used in the dining-room. Mrs. W. James Hutchinson presided at the tea-table, and assisting them were the Misses Hays, Miss Macdougall, Miss Hannah, Miss Gladys Dunlop, Miss Elsie Macfarlane, Miss Beryl Wilson, and Miss Farry.

Mrs. R. J. Tooke, Peel street, gave a pleasant tea yesterday afternoon. The dining-room was decorated in red and green. A basket of American Beauty roses occupied the centre of the table, and chains of smilax were brought from the electrolier to the four corners of the table. Miss Maud Tooke and Miss Mabel Fetherstonhaugh presided at the table, assisted by Miss Finlay, Miss McNeice, Miss Lily Ligget, and Miss Jessie Ramsay. In the drawing-room, the decorations were palms and chrysanthemums. Mrs. Tooke was gowned in black brocade, and Miss Florence Tooke, who received with her, wore a pale blue dress with white lace trimming. Among those noticed present were Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Clarence Smith, Mrs. Boulter, Miss Davis, Mrs. Henry Hamilton, the Misses Goverton, Mrs. Henry Miles, Miss Miles, Mrs. and Miss Ross, Mrs. C. H. Conlon, Mrs. Ambrose, Mrs. J. W. Peck. An orchestra stationed behind a bower of palms furnished music.

The marriage of Miss Sybil Ross, daughter of Mrs. Peter McKenzie Westmount, to Mr. Thomas C. Hutchinson, of Durham, England, takes place at half-past seven o'clock this evening in St. Paul's Church, the Rev. Dr. Barclay officiating. The wedding will be a quiet one. The bride will be attended by Miss Ethel Kennie, of Brockville, and Mr. Frank McKenzie will be the groomsmen. Mr. Colin Ross and Mr. William Wood will officiate as ushers. The bride's gown is of white chiffon, embroidered in chenille, and trimmed with fine lace. She will wear veil and orange blossoms, and will carry a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid will wear a gown of Nile green crepe de chine, with trim-

nings of white chiffon and lace, a white beaver hat with long white plume, and will carry white chrysanthemums. After the ceremony a reception for relatives and a few intimate friends will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie, 4492 St. Catherine street. The bride's mother will receive, wearing a white lace gown and white hat with touches of black. Among the presents received by the bride was a pearl pendant from the groom, whose gift to the bridesmaid was an emerald ring, and to the groomsmen a pearl scarf pin. The wedding trip will include a visit to Toronto, Niagara Falls, New York, Boston, and other places. The bride's going-away costume is of dark blue broadcloth with touches of cream and turquoise in the trimming, and dark blue beaver hat with garniture of cream roses. On their return from their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Hutchinson will spend the winter in Montreal.

BODY IDENTIFIED.

MAN WHO SHOT HIMSELF YESTERDAY WAS WILLIAM BYDWELL.

The body of the man who committed suicide in Mr. Manton's store, on Craig street, yesterday morning, was identified at the morgue last night as that of William Bydwell, of 47 Logan street. The identification was made by a brother of the deceased, who called at the morgue late last night.

William Bydwell, who was thirty-three years of age, was a brakeman on the Canadian Pacific Railway. He leaves a widow and several children. His brother knew of no reason why he should have ended his life.

BUILDING OPERATIONS.

During the month of October 135 building permits were issued by the building inspector, 97 being for new structures and 38 for alterations. Last year the permits for new buildings numbered 77 and for alterations, 35, or 112 altogether. The total value of the building operations, including alterations last October is estimated at \$76,000, and for the corresponding period last year, \$249,817. The buildings erected last month included 154 dwellings, ten stores and thirteen other structures of less importance. The total value of the building operations this year, to date, is \$2,901,921.

OBITUARY.

New York, Nov. 2.—The Hon. A. H. Sawyer, aged 70, president of the Agricultural Insurance Company of this city, of the Jefferson County Bar Association, and a member of the executive committee of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, is dead at his home here.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

The Intercolonial Railway announce a cheap excursion to Quebec and return for \$3. Good going Nov. 2 and 3, returning Nov. 4, 1904.

TOMORROW'S ELECTIONS.

All That now Remains is the Battle of Ballots.

FIGHT IN EVERY CONSTITUENCY — NAMES OF THE CANDIDATES.

To-morrow is election day, when from one end of the Dominion to the other will wage the battle of ballots. All that can be done has been done, and now the result depends on the voters themselves. Following is the list of candidates in the field:

Table listing candidates for various constituencies in Ontario, Quebec, and British Columbia, categorized by Liberal, Conservative, and Independent parties.

Nova Scotia.

Table listing candidates for Nova Scotia constituencies: Annapolis, Antigonish, Cape Breton, Victoria, Cape Breton South, Colchester, Cumberland, Digby, Guysborough, Halifax, Hants, Liverpool, King's, Lunenburg, Pictou, Richmond, Shelburne-Queen's, and Yarmouth.

New Brunswick.

Table listing candidates for New Brunswick constituencies: Carleton Place, Charlotte, Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Restigouche, St. John City, St. John City & County, Sunbury and Queens, and York.

Prince Edward Island.

Table listing candidates for Prince Edward Island constituencies: King's, Prince, and Queen's.

Manitoba.

Table listing candidates for Manitoba constituencies: Brandon, Winnipeg, Souris, Selkirk, Ligar, Portage La Prairie, Dauphin, Marquette, Provencher, and Macdonald.

North-West Territories.

Table listing candidates for North-West Territories constituencies: Alberta, Qu'Appelle, Assinibola East, Assinibola West, Calgary, Strathcona, Edmonton, Saskatchewan, Humboldt, Yorkton, and Yukon.

WISE CHARITY.

STRANGERS IN MONTREAL SENT TO THEIR FRIENDS.

A very important work which is being done by the Charity Organization Society of Montreal is the transportation to their friends of paupers or strangers who were liable to become a charge on the public charities. The report of the society on this work during October shows that twenty-six persons have been sent out of the city, some as far as Manitoba and England, and the cost to the city has been only \$56.60.

The following are cases that have been dealt with: A man, his wife and one child, who had come here from Boston, about four months ago, and could not make a living here, were returned to the latter city. Another man, his wife and two children, from England, who were in about the same situation and partly dependent on our charities, after a year's residence here, were sent over the sea to their former home.

Advertisements.

Wear Shop Girls, Pale, Tired Women You Feel "Draggy," Lifeless, Nervous, Never Rested. FERROZONE Will Make You Feel Like New—It Vitalizes, Tones and Strengthens.

The best medicine for restoring virility and strength is Ferrozone. The time to take Ferrozone is when you first feel tired, and when appetite fails, when nerves get irritated. Its record is marvellous—it makes you feel strong and sturdy, brings health that outlasts old age.

A woman, not mentally strong, the mother of three children, was sent to her husband at Windsor Mills.

A man, 75 years of age, was returned to Ottawa, whence he came to seek treatment in our hospitals, after his ailment had been attended to.

A woman, who had left her home in Sweetburg, accompanied by one of her children, after a family quarrel, found herself stranded here without friends or funds. She was sent back.

The grandfather of four children, who were apparently without relatives in Montreal and had been given temporary shelter in one of the city refuges, was found to be living in St. Madeleine, Que., and the children were sent to him.

A woman with her two children was sent to her husband in Winnipeg, where the latter had preceded her by a few months, but could not send enough money for the full passage.

A young girl in the last stages of consumption begged to be returned to her relatives in New Carlisle, Que., and her wish was acceded to.

A painter from Martintown, Ont., was stranded here, after being a week in Montreal, and spending the little he had before he could find work. He was of a weak constitution and not able to do much. Being anxious to return home, he was sent back.

A man who had been arrested in the streets for begging, was found to have relatives in Cornwall, able to help him. At his own request he was sent to them.

A woman, 73 years of age, had children in Winnipeg, who brought her out from England some time ago, but in a few months got tired of supporting her and sent her to Montreal, where another daughter resides. For the last few months she was a burden on the public charities. Finally she was returned to Winnipeg.

The Chief of Police had a case of a young man from Cornwall, apparently a very respectable young fellow, who came here to be treated for his eyes by one of the Montreal physicians. He had hoped to find lodging with two of his sisters here, but unfortunately found them both ill and unable to help him. He was assisted home.

THE GRANADIER GUARDS

MONTREALER'S REMINISCENCES OF SOLDIERING DAYS.

The approaching visit to Montreal of the Grenadier Guards band will no doubt awaken in the minds of all old Grenadiers now residing in this city, pleasant memories of days long gone by. Mr. Frank Smith, one of the few Grenadier veterans residing in Montreal, can give some pleasant reminiscences of his youthful days in the first battalion of the Guards. Speaking of those days to a 'Witness' reporter yesterday Mr. Smith said: 'Often have we enjoyed the grand music of the band at guard mounting' at St. James's Palace and on other occasions. The last time some of us had the opportunity of hearing them was upon the morning of Dec. 1, 1861. It was on that date that the 1st Battalion of Grenadier Guards marched from Wellington barracks, London, to proceed to Canada, owing to the Trent affair, which caused so much excitement in England at that time. The band played us to the railway station. 'After crossing the Atlantic in the

Advertisements.



The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of CHARLES H. FLETCHER The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

steamship 'Adriatic' we landed at St. John, N.B., where we were received most loyally by the people of that city. They also entertained the regiment to a sumptuous dinner. The regiment left St. John one company each day, and by the way, travelling was not so pleasant in those days. Eight men were told off to a sleigh, drawn by two horses. Some of us can remember to this day the torture we endured while travelling from St. John to Riviere du Loup. Indeed, we were glad when this mode of travel came to an end. At Riviere du Loup we boarded the Grand Trunk Railway which conveyed us to Montreal.

Quite a number of the Grenadiers, and also of the Scots Guards, remained behind when the brigade returned to England. I regret to say our numbers are getting smaller every year as one after another passes over to the great majority. There are at present in the city nine old comrades besides our most esteemed and respected surgeon, Dr. G. P. Gir-

wood. We will welcome the band of our dear old regiment and hope they will carry away with them pleasant recollections of their visit to Montreal and the Dominion of Canada.

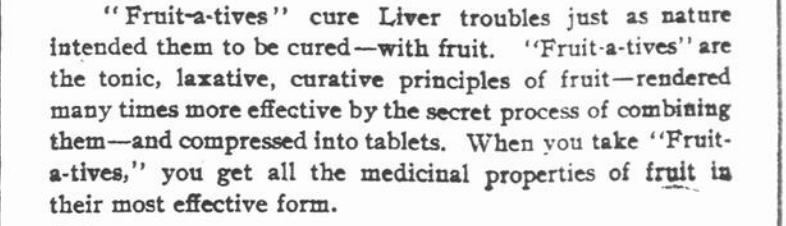
PRaise FOR M. DELCASSE.

Referring to the part taken by M. Delcasse in having the Anglo-Russian difficulty submitted to arbitration, the 'Presse' says: 'The French Minister of Foreign Affairs was already considered in the diplomatic world as one of the most evenly balanced heads and as a guarantee of European peace. He has now, with one stroke, thrown his name to history as one of the most illustrious geniuses in the world and one of the greatest benefactors of humanity. France has reason to be proud of him, and the whole world, after this immense diplomatic success, has reason to be proud of France.'

OBITUARY.

Ruthven, Ont., Nov. 1.—Mr. Hugh Ruthven, of Kingsville, is dead at the age of 73 years. He was born and lived all his life in South Essex, and this village bears his name. For many years he was the chief business man of the town and was highly respected. Adolph Ruthven, assistant postmaster, Windsor, is his son.

Advertisements.



Let Nature Cure You of Biliousness.

'Fruit-a-tives' cure Liver troubles just as nature intended them to be cured—with fruit. 'Fruit-a-tives' are the tonic, laxative, curative principles of fruit—rendered many times more effective by the secret process of combining them—and compressed into tablets. When you take 'Fruit-a-tives,' you get all the medicinal properties of fruit in their most effective form.

Fruit-a-tives or Fruit Liver Tablets Absolutely free from vegetable and mineral poisons—act as gently and naturally as pure fruit juices—and may be used daily without fear of ill-effects. For chronic Constipation, Torpid Liver, Stomach Troubles and all affections of the Kidneys and Skin—'Fruit-a-tives' are the ideal tonic laxative and corrective. At all druggists. 50 cents a box. FRUITATIVES, Limited, OTTAWA.



Great Sale of ... Boys' and Girls' OVERCOATS

AN OFFER SELDOM REPEATED IN A LIFETIME.

360 Boys' Overcoats in Cheviots, Fancy Tweeds and Plain Black and Gray Vicunas, cut in Raglanette style and Military Russian style, oxidized buttons and velvet collars and some with Storm Collars, to fit ages 3 to 10 years.

220 Girls' Coats in Snowflake, Zebelines and Frieze, made with capes, fancy colored piping, trimmed with brass and oxidized buttons, with belts, to fit ages 5 to 12 years.

"You will open your eyes in wonder."

They were made to sell at \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.00. On sale this week.

We consider this the greatest offer in Boys' and Girls' Coats this season.

\$3.49



The Most Reliable Blumenthals

The Largest Clothiers in Canada,

671, 673, 675, 677, 679 CRAIG STREET, COR. BLEURY.

See Window Display Bleury Street Side.

Boys' and Girls' Dept. Store No. 2.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

PREMIER IS IN EXCELLENT FETTER AND WILL WORK TILL THE LAST MOMENT.

Quebec, Nov. 2.—The Prime Minister, who returned here from Grand Mere at a late hour on Monday night, rested yesterday at the Chateau Frontenac. Some one set on foot a story that he was very ill, but when seen last evening after he had dined with friends, Sir Wilfrid said "Gives absolute denial to the report that I am seriously ill. The fact is that I overworked myself last week, and as a result had a slight attack of bronchitis. My physician ordered a day's rest, which proved quite sufficient. I am again at work."

KINGSTON LIBERALS.
Kingston, Ont., Nov. 2.—At a largely attended Liberal meeting, Sir Richard Cartwright made his final address to the voters of Canada upon the issues before the people in the present campaign. He spoke hopefully of the outlook for the continued prosperity of the country, its advance along all lines under the Liberal policy, and the value and benefit that followed wise expenditures. He very strongly presented the governmental view of the new transcontinental railway and declared that at the worst, if the Grand Trunk Railway Company abandoned the project Canada would be better off for completing and equipping the road than it was when the C. P. R. was constructed. He concluded by denouncing as a traitor to Canada any one who raised race and creed issues. For any man, who did his duty, acted as a true citizen and stood for right and justice, he should have equal right with every one else whether he be Catholic or Protestant, Jew or Gentile, Irish or here. The meeting was also addressed by Messrs. Mowat, Pense, Richardson and Hart.

SUING FOR DAMAGES.
Toronto, Nov. 2.—Major J. A. Currie, Conservative candidate in North Simcoe, has commenced an action at Osgoode against the proprietors of two Barometer papers. The writ asks for damages of \$10,000 from J. A. MacLaren, of the "Examiner," and also from Albert Wilson and Thompson Crews, publishers of the "Barometer." The alleged defamatory articles refer to Major Currie's connection with the Cramp

NOW HE HAS A GOOD STRONG BACK

What Dodd's Kidney Pills did for H. M. Spears.

Thought He Would Have to Stop Work, but the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy Made Him Strong and Active.

St. N.S., Nov. 1.—(Special).—H. M. Spears, a well-known farmer here, is shouting the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills. When I was about four years old, I began to think I got a little business. However, I got Dodd's Kidney Pills and was cured. I was taken enough to root the matter entirely however and I was back and limbs. Then I got Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured all my pains and I was much in favor of the Pills. They put me in business after two weeks. I was a cheesemaker and I am a farmer with a good back. The first symptom of my trouble was a pain in my back. I was cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills and you will never have any more.

Steel Company. Damages of \$10,000 are asked against each paper.

OUTLOOK IN QUEBEC.
THE 'SOLEIL'S' OPINION.

(From the 'Soleil')
Quebec, Nov. 1.—The Montreal 'Gazette' and other Tory papers are trying another bluff to deceive the electors. Far from admitting defeat, the 'Soleil,' after having received all the best information of the most reliable sources, says that the only doubtful seat among the whole twenty-five counties is Dorchester, for the reason that the Liberal candidates there, Dr. Vaillancourt, came in too late. The 'Soleil' says that all the other seats (24) are perfectly safe by great majorities. But it adds that in two or three cases the majorities may perhaps be reduced owing to local issues. So this last bomb of the Tory organs is not any better than all the rest. A despatch from Dalhousie, signed by Mr. C. H. Labillois, says: 'The Liberals will carry ten seats out of thirteen in New Brunswick. In fact, a great many think that not one Tory candidate will be left to tell the tale.'

A MORRISON MEETING.
A large number of electors assembled at the Engineers' Armory, Point St. Charles, last night, to hear the Conservative candidate for St. Ann's division, Mr. M. J. Morrison. While awaiting his arrival, other speakers occupied the platform, the first being Mr. W. W. Robertson. Mr. Robertson thought that all claims of heredity, whether English, French or Irish, should be effaced before the appellation of Canadians. More harmony would be felt if all the inhabitants of the Dominion considered themselves as Canadians before anything else. In this respect he hoped that before long, Canadians would be fired by the same patriotic spirit which animates the citizens of the United States. Mr. W. Darlington was of the opinion that trade unionism was largely responsible for Canada's prosperity. Mr. M. J. Morrison, the candidate, made a careful survey of the Liberal record. He quoted the example of England, which was brought back to prosperity through a protective tariff, after the great financial and industrial depression which followed the Napoleonic war. He cited the instance of a certain manufacturer who thought it was more profitable to import haberdashery ready made from the United States than to manufacture the articles himself. Several other speakers also delivered addresses.

THE ONTARIO CABINET.
Toronto, Nov. 2.—In connection with the rumors regarding the reconstruction of the Ontario cabinet, it has been several times stated that Mr. E. F. B. Johnstone, K.C., would become attorney-general. That gentleman, however, stated yesterday that politics had no charm and held out no inducements as far as he was concerned. He could apply to his own affairs the remark he made at a meeting the other night regarding the Laurier Government: 'It is always safe to leave well enough alone—the danger is in the change.' He was, he added, quite content with his profession, and had no wish to change at this juncture. As to his future course, in the event of a general provincial election, Mr. Johnstone declined to discuss the matter, saying that time was the only means of realizing the future.

A GENEROUS GIFT.
Toronto, Ont., Nov. 2.—Mr. William Mackenzie has made a generous gift to the University of Toronto. The collection of Cambrian fossils made by Dr. George F. Matthew, of St. John, N.B., one of the two acknowledged experts in North America, has been purchased by him at a cost of several thousand dollars and presented to the University. It contains over four hundred specimens, many 'type specimens' and many not seen in any collection.

PRISON-MADE ARTICLES.

TRADES CONGRESS DEPUTATION ASKS THAT GOODS BE STAMPED.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—A deputation from the Dominion Trades Congress interviewed the Hon. G. W. Ross yesterday. The contract for the manufacture of brooms at the Central Prison is about expiring, and the labor men want some action taken under any new contract to stamp such goods as prison made. The deputation included Messrs. Sam. Landers, vice-president for Ontario; Walter Rollo, third vice-president of the International Broom Makers, and J. A. Flett, past president of the Dominion Trades Congress, all of Hamilton, and James Wilson, editor of the 'Toiler'; James Simpson and R. Glocking, all of Toronto.

ELECTRICITY VS. STEAM

Schenectady, N.Y., Nov. 2.—The big electrical locomotive being built for the New York Central Railway by the General and American locomotive companies was taken out to the Hoffman four-mile course, equipped with the third rail to-day, and without coaches attained a speed of 70 miles an hour. With eight coaches the locomotive reached a speed of 55 miles an hour. In 63 seconds after the lever had reached the first notch on the controller in starting, the indicator showed that the machine had attained a speed of 30 miles an hour, and increased at a rate of five miles every thirty seconds. In a race with a New York Central Limited on a second track at this point the electric locomotive easily beat the steam propelled train on the four mile run.

THE LARABEE MURDER.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 2.—Mr. Pearson, United States Minister to Persia, has cabled the State Department that he has emphatically reiterated his unequivocal demand for the just and proper punishment of those responsible for the murder of Dr. Larabee, the American missionary. Mr. Pearson also reported that six of the accessories to the murder while endeavoring to escape were killed yesterday by Persian forces, and that the remainder of the gang is being pursued actively. By way of retribution for Dr. Larabee's mutilation the Persian military commander had two of the ringleaders decapitated and their heads exposed on bayonets.

NAN PATTERSON.

WHAT ONE HAZLETON ALLEGES HE SAW.
New York, Nov. 2.—Milton W. Hazleton, an Oneonta, N.Y., business man, made an affidavit yesterday at the District Attorney's office, that he saw 'Cesar' Young, the wealthy bookmaker, kill himself while riding in a cab with 'Nan' Patterson, on June 4 last, and that the actress is innocent of the crime with which she is charged. He said he was on the scene, in company with a man whose name he does not remember,

THE HOCHELAGA CONVENT.

This famous teaching institution has one of the finest facilities for teaching music on the continent. It has just purchased another piano made by 'Ye Olde Firm' of Heintzman & Co., from G. W. Lindsay, Limited. The McGill Conservatorium just purchased 18 from the same firm. Mayor Laporte has just bought one also. It is the distinguishing

and that his conscience has been troubling him so that he finally came forward and told his story. He declares that when Young fired the fatal shot Miss Patterson's hands were in her lap.

MR. BRODIE BACK.

HE LOOKED AFTER THE CANADIAN EXHIBITS IN THE OLD COUNTRY.

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—Mr. James Brodie, secretary of the Canadian Exhibition Commission, who has had charge of the recent Canadian national exhibits in London, England, has returned to Ottawa. He has looked after the exhibits at the Bakers' and Confectioners' and Allied Trades' Exhibition, the Grocers' and Allied Trades' Exhibition, and the Dairy Exhibition held at the Royal Agricultural Hall, Islington, London. Mr. Brodie corroborates the cable despatch that the Canadian exhibits were very popular and highly regarded by the practical commercial men who attended these trade exhibitions. Judging by the inquiries made also, the exhibits will be very useful. The applicants for information were not merely casual inquirers, but men who wanted definite knowledge of products and addresses of people from whom they could be obtained.

DIED IN ALBERTA.

Brome Centre, Que., Nov. 2.—Miss Cora Solomon, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Solomon, of North Stukely, is dead at Canmore, Alberta. She was educated at Waterloo Academy, finishing with a course at McGill Normal, where she graduated with honors in the year 1902. After receiving her diploma, she taught at East Angus and Cookshire, Que., in the summer of 1904, she, with her sister, accepted a situation at Canmore, Alberta. She was a victim of heart disease. The remains were taken for burial to Shoal Lake, Man., where a brother has been living for some time.

GUNNING FATALITY.

Nyack, N.Y., Nov. 2.—Louis Stark, superintendent of the Corbin mills, at Park Ridge, was shot and instantly killed by the discharge of a gun at Pearl River, N.Y., yesterday. Stark, in company with two other men, went hunting yesterday. One of the party was removing a shell from a gun when it exploded, the bullet entering Stark's brain, causing instant death.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

New York, Nov. 2.—One man was instantly killed, another fatally injured, and a brick building used as a storehouse by the Bull's Ferry Chemical Company, at Shady Side, N.J., was wrecked yesterday by an explosion of chemicals. John Koelach, a workman, was killed outright, and F. H. Hammer, superintendent of the plant, was seriously injured that he died soon after reaching the hospital.

SCIENTIFIC HOUSEKEEPING.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—There is shortly to be added to other courses of study at the University of Toronto a department of household science and art, in which women students will be instructed in the principles of housekeeping. A handsome building will be erected for the purpose by Mrs. Massey Treble, at a cost of \$80,000, the site selected being at the corner of Hoskin avenue and Queen's Park, adjoining Wycliffe College. Mrs. Massey Treble's intention is to move the equipment of the Lillian Massey School of Household Science and Art on Queen street into the proposed new home.

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers. EDWARD MASON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

A GOOD LIGHT

Is what you Want. THEN WHY NOT GET IT?

"Acetylene" is the only light that gives the investor the satisfaction he is looking for. Remember, however, that the "Eclipse" generator is the one we instal. There are others on the market which are cheaper, but we claim for the "Eclipse" the qualification of being Absolutely the BEST MADE, which means the cheapest in the long run.

THE CONTINENTAL HEAT & LIGHT CO.,

17-19 BUSBY LANE. Tel. Main 2399. Sole Agents for the SHAWINIGAN CARBIDE CO., Ltd.

McGILL MEDS.

DECISION TO SUPPORT INTER-YEAR FOOTBALL — SOCIAL REPRESENTATIVES ELECTED.

An important meeting of McGill medical students was held yesterday to decide whether inter-year or inter-faculty football matches should be supported by the medical students. Third and fourth year men spoke strongly in favor of inter-faculty matches, but they were warmly opposed by men of the first and second year, who argued that the football club had no right to call on the faculties to elect officers for inter-faculty teams without the endorsement of the Alma Mater Society of the university. After a long and heated discussion, the question was put to the vote. A substantial majority decided in favor of the inter-year football, thus ending for this year the football club's attempt to revive the old faculty competitions and rivalries, since the other faculties have already decided for the inter-year system.

Other business of the meeting was to elect representatives to the various social aids; representative to other colleges with which the medical faculty has to do. The following men were elected: President of McGill medical dinner, A. R. Sawyer; representative to Toronto medical dinner, W. M. Wilkinson; representative to Queen's medical dinner, J. C. Macdonald; representative to Bishop's medical dinner, B. W. Robertson; representative to Laval medical dinner, J. W. Costello; representative to Dalhousie medical dinner, D. S. Likely; representative to McGill science dance, L. M. Ryan; representative to McGill arts dance, J. A. Macdonald; representative to McGill law dinner, Gus McIntosh.

ARCHBISHOP ELDER'S SUCCESSOR.
Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Archbishop Henry Moeller, who, until the death of Archbishop Elder, was coadjutor and titular archbishop of Cincinnati, possesses the right of succession to Arch-

SHOE Specialists STEWART'S

3 Stores; 2295 St. Catherine St. 237 St. James St. 1841 St. Catherine St.

Before Putting Your Double Windows Up

Have them Cleaned by the NEW YORK WINDOW CLEANING CO. Tel. East 2480.

PIANO TUNING.

We have admittedly the best and most experienced tuners in the city, and our charges are no greater than others. We have also a most complete repairing department. C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2368 St. Catherine street. Telephone, Untown 2638.

Weekly Calendar.

Championship Football. OTTAWA COLLEGE vs. WESTMOUNT

SATURDAY, NOV. 5th. Kick off at 2.30 sharp. M. A. A. GROUNDS. - Westmount.

Prices—Reserved 50c. Grand Stand 35c. Admission 25c. Only Westmount A.A.A. Passes valid.

GORDON W. SHEWAN, Hon. Sec.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2.

Grand Sale of Work TAYLOR CHURCH

The finest "Sale" of the season will be held in the above Church Hall, on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th.

Art Association PHILLIPS SQUARE.

THE ADVANCED ART CLASSES will commence on MONDAY, OCTOBER 17th, under the direction of Mr. WILLIAM BRYMNER, R.C.A.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3.

St. Andrew's Society.

The Annual Preparatory Meeting will be held at the Home, 403 Aqueduct street, on THURSDAY, Nov. 3rd, at 8.15 p.m.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY LITERARY COURSE.

The second of the series of Monthly Lectures will be delivered in St. Andrew's Home on FRIDAY EVENING, 4th November, at 8.15 o'clock.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5.

ARENA SAT. & MON. NOV. 5th and 7th

THE GRENADE GUARDS

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Box Seats \$1.50. Boxes, \$3.00.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

Victoria Rifles Armory Association.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of "The Victoria Rifles" Armory Association will be held at the Armory, 37 Cathcart street, MONDAY, Nov. 14th, 1904, at 8.30 p.m.

W.M. RODDEN, Major, Sec.-Treasurer.

QUIET AT LARACHE.

NO OCCASION FOR INTERFERENCE.

Tangier, Nov. 2.—The French cruiser "Linois" has returned from Larache (45 miles south-west of Tangier), where it was reported on Oct. 29 that an American traveller and two German sailors had been fired on.

MCGILL Y. M. C. A.

The twenty-first semi-annual meeting of the McGill Young Men's Christian Association will be held at their rooms, 54 Victoria street, on Saturday, Nov. 12.

CHAMBLAY BRIDGE COMPLETED.

The Central Vermont Railway bridge across the Richelieu river at Chamblay, which was carried away by flood last spring, has been replaced by a new structure, over which trains began running this morning.

so much so-called news that is obviously sensational that we have got into the habit of passing on despatches which have all the appearance of rubbish to our readers without remark.

CHOOSE THE BEST.

To-morrow the die will be cast for perhaps five years, and to-morrow night grim-visaged war will have smoothed his wrinkled front, and the victors will be saying: 'Now are our brows bound with victorious wreaths; our bruised arms hung up for monuments; our stern alarums changed to merry meetings; our dreadful marches to delightful measures.'

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exercise all possible care in excluding from its columns all financial and other advertisements of a doubtful or suspicious nature, and in accepting only such as they believe to be genuine and bona fide, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee these advertisements.

Calendar table for November 2, 1904, showing days of the week and dates.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1904.

There are few newspapers so modest as not to have estimated results of the elections to-morrow, yet all experience, at home and abroad, has proved that few occupations are less profitable than that of the election prophet.

The yellow newspaper is doing all it can to get Great Britain into war, as the yellow newspaper of New York did during the tension over the 'Maine' excitement.

PUBLIC DUTY.

To-morrow the citizens of Canada will exercise their regal power and decide which of the parties they wish to serve them during the next four years.

men of our Saxon and Norse ancestors chose their own leaders in war, and, when chosen, gave them loyal support. After the Norman usurpation the struggle for popular rights as against privileged wrongs never ceased.

'The shadow rend And o'er us bend, O martyrs with your crowns and palms, Breathe through these throngs Your battle songs, Your scaffold prayers and dungeon psalms!'

MR. TARTE'S FAREWELL. His stately retirement from public life into the seclusion of a calling in which he can serve his country none the less places Mr. Tarte, except with regard to his past, among those who may not be publicly discussed.

ESQUIMALT RELIEF DRAFT. Quebec, Nov. 2.—A party of a hundred officers and men, comprising portions of the relief drafts for the North Pacific naval station, left Liverpool on Oct. 25 on the S.S. 'Lake Erie.'

The coupon on the back page may help your newsboy to start a bank account.

ed to him larger horizons. He became a broader man as he saw more broadly. He had well nigh become engulfed in practical politics, having been charged with the administration of machine funds, when his soul revolted against what was thus revealed to him.

NEWFOUNDLAND ELECTIONS.

The Newfoundland elections took place on Monday, and the Bond government was returned to power, although the number of the majority is not yet known.

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CANADIAN CABLES

(Canadian Associated Press.) London, Nov. 2.—The Birmingham 'Post' says the mazes of Canadian politics are too devious and thorny to be readily followed by English people.

London, Nov. 2.—Bandmaster Beard of the Coldstream Guards, has been made an honorary member of the Royal Academy of Music.

London, Nov. 2.—At the Colonial Exhibition, Crystal Palace, in 1905, the Canadian exhibits will occupy 25,000 square feet of space.

STRUCK WITH A STONE.

Benjamin Glichman, a baker, residing at 28 Drolet street, while driving his wagon along Ontario street, near Montcalm, was struck in the face with a stone thrown by a small boy.

WILL BE SENT BACK TO CHINA.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—The United States commissioner of immigration has made an order denying the right of the Chinese who arrived on the steamer 'China,' en route to the Chinese consular office at St. Louis, to go on to their destination.

HALLOWEEN FATALITY.

St. Thomas, Ont., Nov. 2.—A horse driven by John T. Evans, groom for Dr. Guest, became frightened at the noise made by a number of young people celebrating halloween on a street, on Monday evening, and ran away, colliding with a telephone pole and throwing Evans out on the pavement.

MOUNT VESUVIUS.

CONE FELL INTO CRATER CAUSING A GREAT UPROAR.

Naples, Nov. 2.—The cone on the crater of Mount Vesuvius, which had been during the late eruption, fell into the crater yesterday with a noise which was there immediately followed by a shock that shook the whole mountain, followed by the emission of an immense black column, which gradually spread, falling in the form of ashes over the surrounding country within a radius of 25 miles.

NEWFOUNDLAND ELECTIONS.

RETURNS ARE THIS FAR FAVORABLE TO THE BOND GOVERNMENT.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 2.—Election returns received this far strongly favor the Bond Government. Ferryland elected Mr. Cassin, and Ellis Harcourt, Main, has elected Mr. Morris and Mr. Lewis, all Bondites; Bay de Verde has elected Mr. Hammonds, Bondite, and Mr. Winsor, Opposition.

Harbor Grace returned the Hon. W. Daw, Minister of Agriculture, and two Bondite colleagues, defeating ex-Premier Whiteaway and his two Tory colleagues. In St. John's West, the election of St. Edward Morris, Minister of Justice, and his Bondite colleagues, is reported.

CALL SUSTAINED. Ottawa, Nov. 2.—At a meeting of the Presbytery of Ottawa yesterday, the case of Mackay Presbyterian Church against Rev. P. W. Anderson, of Shelburne, was sustained. He succeeds the Rev. Norman MacLeod, now in Brockville.

LEAVES FOR ROME.

ARCHBISHOP BRUCHESE SAILS ON THE 'CRETIC' TO-MORROW.

Archbishop Bruchese, accompanied by the Rev. Canon Roy, chancellor of the archdiocese, left last night for New York, where he will sail for Naples on the 'Cretic' to-morrow morning.

Previous to his departure, His Grace officiated at a special service in the Cathedral, and he was afterwards escorted to the railway station by the priests of his household and a large number of other clergymen and citizens.

The Archbishop is going direct to Rome to attend the celebration of the fifth centenary of the promulgation of the dogma of the Immaculate Conception, and to pay his first official visit to Pope Pius X.

Dr. Mackay's Specific for Alcoholism.

The Testimony of a Wonderful Success in the Cure of Inebriates.

Recorders' Chambers,
Montreal, 11th August, 1904.

My Dear Dr. Mackay,—

Since the month of March, by arrangement with the Government of the Province, we have been placing under your care inebriates who have been brought before the Court. The results, I am happy to state, have been most satisfactory. The remedy does not perform miracles, but, when the desire to reform is present your remedy has been found to be of immense value, and I most cordially recommend it to all social reformers and those having to do with the administration of corrective justice.

I shall be happy to explain my method of procedure from the legal point of view to any one who may wish to correspond with me on the subject, and you need not keep this letter private.

Faithfully Yours,
R. STANLEY WEIR,
Judge of the Recorders' Court, Montreal.

Quebec, 1st October, 1904.

Dear Dr. Mackay:—

You request me in your letter of the 28th September to let you know the result obtained at Quebec in connection with your treatment against the abuse of liquor combined with the system of probation.

This system, which I had the honor myself to suggest to the Honorable Mr. H. Archambault, Attorney-General of the Province of Quebec, and to induce him to adopt it in February last, as being the most practical way of applying your specific in an efficacious manner, is working, as you know, in Quebec, since the month of February last, and since the month of March in Montreal.

I would have considered it superfluous, not to say useless, to make known to you the results obtained before the system had been tested by an application made with prudence and discernment for some months.

Now, after an experience of over seven months I do not hesitate to say that the treatment of alcoholics by your specific, combined with the system of probation, which allows of giving to this treatment all the required efficacy, has had results surpassing greatly my hopes.

The cures have been, up to the present, according to the reports made to me under oath by the officer in charge of the Probation System, 60 percent at least among those brought before me for habitual drunkenness, and it appears by the same reports that all the persons treated at their own request, attest the fact of having lost the taste for liquor and declare that they are completely cured.

I have the firm hope that your treatment of alcoholism by your Specific, combined with the system of probation which ensures its full efficacy—will become more and more generalized and will spread before long to many other Provinces, if not throughout the whole Dominion.

Yours etc.,
E. A. DERY,
Judge of the Recorder's Court, Quebec.

Montreal, August 18th, 1904.

Dear Sir,—

You asked me today what I thought of the efficacy of your "Specific for Alcoholism."

Well, referring to my register, I see that your treatment was introduced in the month of the 18th of March, 1904. Since that date NINETY men have undergone your treatment; out of that number FIVE ONLY HAVE BEEN RE-ADMITTED FOR DRUNKENNESS; five others have also come back, but for other causes.

As figures speak for themselves, giving cold facts, comment is unnecessary.

Yours, very truly,
C. A. VALLEE,
Governor Montreal Gaol.

Recorders' Chambers,
Montreal, 10th October, 1904.

Dear Sir,

It gives me pleasure to testify to the continued good results which accompany the medical treatment of inebriates under the supervision of the Court and the care of Dr. Mackay.

From many persons come testimony as to its value, and I believe its adoption a remedial and reformatory agency is likely to extend to other important portions of the population of Canada.

It will also be greatly to the credit of your administration that you have so cordially encouraged this salutary attempt to ameliorate the condition of the inebriate.

Believe me,
Faithfully yours,
R. STANLEY WEIR,
Recorder of Montreal.

H. Archambault,
Attorney-General, Quebec.

The Prime Minister wrote recently in regard to Dr. Mackay's Specific for Alcoholism as follows:—

"In the month of March the Government of the Province of Quebec has placed under Dr. Mackay's care inebriates brought before the Recorder's Courts, and the results have proved to be most satisfactory. The remedy does not perform miracles, but when the desire to reform exists, it has been found to be of immense value."

DR. MACKAY'S SPECIFIC FOR ALCOHOLISM has proved successful under the Probation System of the Province of Quebec. Some 400 cases have been placed under the orders and supervision of the Judges of the Recorders' Courts of Quebec and Montreal, with the definite result of securing 60 percent of cures. This is known from an 8 months' trial with the worst class of inebriates. The habit is the curse of the present day.

Inebriety is a disease, and can be cured—with intelligent, educated people the desire to reform and to be cured of inebriety this medicine rarely fails. It is not a secret remedy, but simply the well known medicine of the profession. The manner of treatment is the discovery of Dr. Mackay, the result of 25 years' experiment and practice with this special disease. It has to be taken for a period of 20 days. The directions are simple—no special diet can be followed during treatment, and no special diet is recommended from the use of spirits or stimulants during the treatment, and those who have the desire to reform and be cured—all desire for spirits disappears in a few days.

The Leeming, Miles Co., Ltd.,
288 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.
Sole Agents.

All correspondence private. A Lady is in charge of the Women's Department.

Advertisements.

No calomel, no cascara,
no griping pain, in

Abbeys Effervescent Salt

Just crystallized fruit juices.
Pleasant to take. Nature's
tonic-laxative. A morning
glass puts stomach, liver
and bowels right for the
whole day.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS, 250 AND 600 A BOTTLE

WINTER SPORTS.

McGill's Intermediate
Team will Probably
Join the C.A.H.L.

MONTREAL AND SHAMROCK
TO PLAY FINAL GAME
ON SATURDAY.

The McGill Skating and Hockey Club held its annual meeting last night in the Arts building. About seventy men were out, and a very enthusiastic meeting was held. Mr. A. Dale-Harris, the retiring secretary, read the annual report. He showed that last year the club had the largest number of members in its history, the income from membership tickets having increased over sixty dollars. The report advised that an intermediate team be entered in the C.A.H.L. This, Mr. Harris stated, the club had been given permission to do, if they wished, by the athletic and grounds committee. The report also advised a trophy for inter-class matches, and also, if practicable, an individual trophy. In the absence of Mr. F. Gurd, the retiring treasurer, the financial report was left over to a later meeting.

The following officers were elected for the coming season: Honorary president, Dr. J. M. Elder; president, F. McKenna; Law '08; vice-president, E. M. Benedict, Law '06; secretary, W. W. Robinson, Arts '08; hockey captain, H. Gilmore, Science '08; treasurer, G. E. McCuaig, Science '08. Committee—Science: Price, Anderson, Zimmerman and Ross; Arts: Graham, McLaughlin, Payne and Bailey; Medicine: Young, McCallum, Stephens and Campbell; Law: Greenshields, Stephens and Papesu.

The first hockey team should give a good account of itself in the intercollegiate matches this year. Billy Gilmore's skill as a hockey player is well known, and the McGill students are confident that they have as captain of their hockey team the best player in the university. Then, with the exception of McGill, all of last year's team is in college. Among the new men is Charlie Ross, of Ottawa, who played last year with the Pittsburg Bankers.

FOOTBALL

There is one very noticeable fact about the great college game of football as it is played this year, and that is that there is no longer any "Big Four." Time was, not so very long ago, when Harvard, Yale, Pennsylvania or Princeton tackled any smaller or less known college it was only a question of how large their score would be. This season, fortunately, the colleges of the once so-called "Big Four" have all been beaten with the exception of Pennsylvania. This condition of affairs can fail to be satisfactory only to the students of the colleges enumerated. It puts new life into the smaller colleges and is a great boon to a manly sport. There is no longer a football aristocracy and no college, out of contempt, can afford not to take its games with smaller rivals. The eleven of Syracuse University, once in a class with Hobart, Rochester and Hamilton, is now a competitor whose prowess no team can afford to disregard. Football has many enemies because of their lack of knowledge of the game. There are those who say that it is not a strenuous pastime, but when the players of the college properly trained for it the game is no more dangerous than any other. When we read of young men being seriously injured while playing it is almost always because they are not in proper physical condition and because they have not "trained" faithfully. There is no sport which teaches courage, self-reliance and quickness of thought to such a degree as does football, which has reached its greatest degree of development in our Canadian colleges.

The final game of the intermediate series will be played at the Shamrock grounds on Saturday between Montreal and Shamrock. Shamrock proved to be surprisingly strong against Montreal last Saturday, and obtained a lead of ten points, which Montreal will have to overcome in order to land the championship. The Shamrock team is a well balanced one, possessing much Rugby skill, and forms an aggregation rather stronger than the usual intermediate lot. The Shamrock backs are equal to the best, whether in running or kicking. The scrimmage has received favorable comment from the critics, and the wing line is well able to take care of itself.

Toronto University comes here on Saturday, and will play McGill on the college campus. This game has an important bearing on the Intercollegiate Union championship, and if McGill is to figure near the top, it will be necessary to win this game. McGill defeated Toronto in Toronto, and Queen's has repeated that performance. McGill defeated Queen's in Montreal, and Queen's turned the tables in Kingston. It looks like a draw between McGill and Queen's, but in order to ensure that, McGill must defeat Toronto when they meet on Saturday. Saturday's games will have a direct effect on the Quebec Union championships. Montreal has to go to

Advertisements.

Purity Bread, not touched
by hands. Sold in wrappers.
JAMES STRACHAN, Bakers of
Royalty.

Ottawa to meet the "Tough Riders" at the Capital, while Ottawa College comes here to play Westmount. Both College and Montreal must win to be in the final, and a loss for either would give the championship to the other.

THE GOLFING PREMIER.

Next to his books the Right Honorable Arthur James Balfour finds his chief pleasures in golfing and cycling. He is one of the fifty golfers in the House of Commons. He started the annual parliamentary golf



THE RIGHT HON. A. J. BALFOUR.

tournament, and always stands high up in it. He used to be captain of the oldest and most famous club in the world—the Royal and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews—and he is still the president of the National Cyclists' Union of Great Britain. The brand caddie on the St. Andrew's links is fond of remarking regretfully that a splendid golf professional was lost in Mr. Balfour when he turned his attention to statesmanship.

CHESS.

London Nov. 2.—Mr. W. E. Napier, late of Birkly and Pittsburg, won the British amateur chess championship last night by defeating Mr. Shoosmith of this city in a match, the final score being: Napier, 2; Shoosmith, 0; drawn, 2.

CANADA'S CUP DEFENDER.

Both the Detroit Club and the Detroit Boat Club have received invitations to build a defender for the Canada's cup, for which the Canadians have issued a challenge, ensuring a race next year, and where there is a possibility that Detroit may be represented in the big challenge event of the Great Lakes. Commodore John H. Smedley, of the Detroit Yacht Club, is mentioned as the prospective part owner of a Detroit boat.

GOLF.

The annual meeting of the Victoria Golf Country Club will be held on Friday night at the Windsor.

ONE FOOTED ATHLETE.

Some time ago the remarkable pitching of a one-legged player around New York was published, and now there comes to light a nineteen-year old lad named Fred Moulton, who has but one foot, yet is the most agile athlete on the Pacific coast, outside of a few "Varsity stars." When but a boy six years old, curiosity led young Moulton to see how certain cogwheels worked. When he got through with his investigation his toes had been ground off. Now, with this stub, which has artificially been built up into a foot, shod with a common shoe, and his left one encased in the spike of the cinder path, Moulton is able to vault 10 feet 10 inches, throw the 12-pound hammer 152 feet, and toss the 16-pound shot to the 42 foot mark. On the gridiron he is the giant guard of the Lick school team and does the putting for that aggregation with his injured extremity, and with such force that his averages are about fifty yards. Place kicking for goals are his forte on the football field, and to send the ball over the bar from the 45 yard line is an easy performance to him. Up to two years ago this phenomenal boy athlete had been content to limit his athletic agility to the football field. Then he was urged to take to the cinder track. His first performance was in the pole vault, he being able to clear eight feet after some months' practice. By continual effort he has increased this height, until now he can almost wriggle over eleven feet. The accident which crippled young Moulton has had the result of retarding the muscular growth of the right leg to a noticeable degree. Its efficiency, however, is unimpaired. Moulton weighs 175 pounds, stands six feet in height and has a chest measurement of 39 inches.

UNIFORM GAME LAWS.

The Canadian Camp Club, of New York, consists of Americans who have camped in Canada. It includes, among its officers the Rev. Henry Van Wyke, D.D., principal of Princeton College; the famous Joe Ernest Thompson, Seton, who is first vice-president; The Earl of Minto is enrolled in the membership, which includes many leading Canadians. The club has two biennial dinners, one of which is to be held on Nov. 16, at the St. Denis Hotel, New York. One of the objects of the camp is to bring about uniformity of laws between the United States and Canada, as the present laws are faulty and are not thoroughly enforced. To illustrate the discrepancy, it would be well to state as an instance that in On-

Advertisements.

FRASER'S TEAS.

English Breakfast

Superbly Choicest Lapseng Souchong	Per lb. \$1.00
The "Russian Karavan," very choicest, early spring picked Breakfast	1.00
Congou	.75
Choicest Lapseng Souchong	.75
Extra Congou	.60
Special Blend	.45
English Breakfast	.35
Good Black	.25

Formosa Oolong

Formosa Oolong, "Royal Dragon Chop No. 1"	1.00
Formosa Oolong, "Royal Dragon Chop No. 2"	.75

India and Ceylon

"Lilac" Tea, in 1 lb. and ½ lb. packets, "a very refreshing blend of carefully selected growths"	.50
Fraser's "Golden Tippest" Ceylon, in 5 lb. boxes	.50
Fraser's "Ceylon Bouquet," in 5 lb. boxes	.50
Very Finest Ceylon	.60
Choicest Ceylon	.35
Finest Scented Orange Pekoe	.60
Fine Ceylon	.25

Japan

Very Choicest Japan	.60
Extra Japan	.50
Fine Japan	.40
Choicest Japan	.30
Good Japan	.25

Young Hyson

Finest Young Hyson	.75
Gunpowder Tea	.60

All our Teas can be shipped in Caddies or Cansisters of 5, 10 and 20 lbs. each.
FRASER, VIGER & CO., 211 ST. JAMES ST.

THE PUREST CONFECTIONS

Cowan's

Queen's Dessert Chocolate,
Chocolate Cream Bars,
Delicious Milk Chocolate,
Chocolate Wafers, &c.

THE COWAN CO., LTD.,
TORONTO.

tario they have an open season of a fortnight south of the main line of the Canadian Pacific. The Ottawa River is the boundary between Ontario and Quebec, and in Quebec the open season is one of three months. The natural result is that moose and other big game killed in Ontario is peddled across the Ottawa to Quebec; and is sold there as having been killed in that province. The Canadian Camp Club hopes by its own efforts, coupled with those of kindred organizations, to eventually lessen this evil.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

SIXTEENTH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED LAST EVENING.

The sixteenth anniversary of All Saints Church, St. Denis street, was celebrated last night, and the occasion was seized as a fitting opportunity for special effort by the congregation for reducing very materially the existing debt of \$2,300. Envelopes had been distributed, and these were handed in on the collecting plates last night. The amount realized was the substantial sum of \$244.50, which will probably be still further increased by subscriptions of those who were unable to attend the service.

The church was crowded, and the excellent sermon preached by Bishop Carmichael was listened to with the greatest interest. He took as his text the Beatitudes, "Blessed are ye when men shall revile you and persecute you." The preacher pointed out the different conditions under which God could be served now compared with the early ages, when all was dark and gloomy, and every force available was utilized for crushing the religion of Jesus Christ. The growth and magnitude of the church had been reached through the blood of the martyred saints, who were the seed of the church. All Saints Day had been established by the ancient church to commemorate the noble deeds of its founders. The musical portion of the services was contributed by the choir of St. George's Church.

TO APPEAR BEFORE THE COMMISSION.

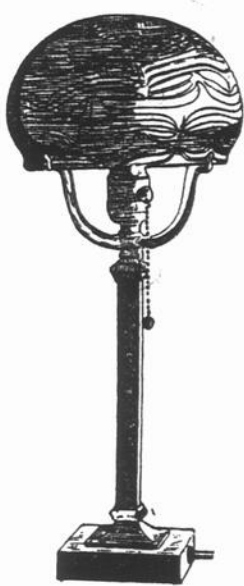
St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—6.55 p.m.—It was publicly announced yesterday that an officer from each of the four Russian warships which participated in the firing in the North Sea during the night of Oct. 21-22 would be detained to appear before the international commission, and that the squadron would proceed. They are the watch officers who were on duty at the time the affair occurred. Their names are not disclosed. Of course Admiral Rojestvensky is not among them. They are returning to St. Petersburg.

A MESSAGE FROM THE DEAD.

Saulte Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 1.—A bottle has been picked up at Bay Mills on Lake Superior, containing a message written on a telegraph blank from the captain of the steamer "Hudson," saying "Steering gear broke, we are going; goodbye." The "Hudson" went down three years ago with all on board. The bottle must have been afloat since.

A BATCH OF PIANO BARGAINS

Hale square piano, \$125.00; Lindsay, 7 1/4 octave upright piano, only three months in use, \$225.00; Howard, 7 1/4 octave, handsome case, three pedals, only used six months, \$240.00; Decker Bros., N.Y., 7 1/4 octave upright piano, which cost \$750.00, splendid appearance and tone, for \$300.00. All the above on easy terms of payment. C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2368 St. Catherine street.



Cheerful,
Artistic,
Inexpensive.

The evenings are now closing in and the snow will soon be here. What is more important than to have in your residence the most modern styles of

Gas or Electric Fixtures

which enable one to read in comfort, and at all times make the house cheerful and cosy.

We cordially invite you to inspect our show rooms, where every style of Lighting Fixture is shown under conditions of actual use.

McDONALD & WILLSON,

2458 St. Catherine Street

(Between Drummond and Mountain)
— WE AIM TO PLEASE —

MARRIAGE LICENSES MONEY TO LEND.

CUSHING & BARRON,
Notaries and Commissioners,
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building,
112 St. James Street

CHEMISTS

and Cook's Friend baking powder pure.

DOCTORS pronounce it wholesome.

COOKS know it does the work at the right time.

HOUSEWIVES say that cake and bread raised with Cook's Friend Baking Powder are fine, dainty and delicious.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Issued by
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James St.
49 Crescent St.

THIEVES AT FULFORD.

Fulford, Que., Nov. 2.—During their absence from home, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Phelps, a short distance from this place, was broken into by thieves. They took fourteen dollars from a purse in a drawer, but missed a purse containing about sixty dollars, which was left untouched. Although there were several valuable rings and other pieces of jewellery, nothing else was missed. The thieves have not yet been found.

KING'S BENCH.

November Term Opened This Morning by Judge Hall.

FAMOUS COOKE-BLACKLEY CASE TO BE HEARD ON NOV. 10.

The November term of the Court of King's Bench opened this morning, His Lordship Judge Hall presiding.

Following are the criminal cases to be disposed of: Antonio Giacconi, murder; Augustine Gaudin, infanticide; Patrick Henry, attempt to commit murder; Leon Leacock, attempt to commit murder; Noe Boyer, wounding; Louis Bastien, false pretences, two counts; Khali Boulad, extortion; J. X. Pauze, theft; Francis Leblanc, theft; Joseph O. R. Frappier, theft; Leon Duchesne, false pretences; Leon Duchesne, conspiracy; Esperance Malou, George Houssan, Elias Tanous, Antoine Bounhann and Shikri Abousamra, obstructing justice; Sheldon T. Bent, theft as a servant; Emery Langlois, indecent assault; Adelard Paquette and Joseph Page, theft; Alphonse Haynes, theft; Joseph Lambert, aggravated assault; Luigi Veritone, shooting with intent to kill.

Following are the grand jurors: Henry Hamilton, foreman; Domina Lefebvre, Alfred Campeau, Ulrich Jodoin, Leon Leonard, Amedee Champagne, Timothy Starr, Hugh Vallance, J. J. Westgate, C. J. Hodgson and John C. Watson.

Mr. Eugene Lafontaine, K.C., and Mr. Edmond Guerin will act as Crown Prosecutors.

Mr. Justice Hall delivered the following address to the grand jury: "Gentlemen of the Grand Jury.—Again the crown calls to its assistance in the administration of the criminal business of this district a certain number of its subjects, some to form a grand jury to decide if the accused persons bound over upon the preliminary investigations before the magistrates, shall be placed upon their defence before this court; the others to act as trial jurors and pass upon the guilt or innocence of those against whom you will bring in indictments."

"Your duties, gentlemen of the grand jury, although involving an important responsibility, are the less arduous of the two, and will not long detain you. You are only to determine from the evidence laid before you, if a prima facie case has been established against the accused, reliable enough in appearance and serious enough in its character, to warrant a thorough investigation before a trial jury."

"You have sworn to present no one for envy, hatred or malice, and to leave no one unpresented for fear, favor or affection or hope of reward. The remembrance of the terms of that impressive oath will furnish you all the guidance you need as to the general duties of your position, and the experienced officers of the court will inform you as to the details of the procedure under which your duties have to be discharged. Seven of you at least must concur in bringing in a true bill, and that result will be certified by your foreman by his signature upon the back of the indictment. He will also affix his initials to the names of such of the witnesses as have been examined by you, and no others can be brought before you than those whose names thus appear, unless upon the express permission or order of the court."

"The number of cases to be disposed of at this term is not unusually large, but they are of more than ordinary gravity. No less than four of the crimes charged have resulted in the death of human beings or of attacks upon them so severe as to warrant accusations for an attempt to commit murder. A somewhat similar condition has been observed during a number of the recent terms of this court. Such evidence of reckless violence usually gives occasion for grave reflection to the cause, and I am convinced that the principal reason is the practice of carrying dangerous weapons upon the person, which has become much more frequent since the rapid increase during the last few years of immigration from foreign countries."

"We welcome respectable immigrants, no matter how poor, if they come to us able and willing to improve their position by honest labor. We give to them an equal opportunity with our own citizens to share in the advantages resulting from the rapid development of our country. We give to them the protection of our laws while they remain here. Our courts are as open to them for the enforcement of their rights as they are to the redress of their wrongs as they are to the native born Canadians, but they must accept the methods and manner under which we live and not attempt to transport and practice here customs which they may have adopted in their native lands, but which are at variance with our laws, and will not be tolerated in this country. The knife, the stiletto or the revolver in the possession of an exciting man is too convenient for the use upon a slight provocation, and often makes a fatal tragedy of what would otherwise have been only a case of simple assault. Carrying such weapons upon the person, without a special license granted for cause, is contrary to an express statutory provision of our law—the knowledge of which should be communicated to immigrants upon landing here. Its enforcement should be more strictly carried out, and a violation of it, especially when it results in bodily injuries, must be severely punished, both as a condemnation of the one found guilty of its infraction and as an object lesson to others who may be ignorant of its existence. These remarks are, of course, intended to apply to any general practice of carrying concealed weapons, and not to affect any special case which may come before the court. Each accusation must be weighed by its own proof, and in every case that proof must be convincing by itself to warrant a conviction before this court."

The date when the terms of this court will be held is fixed by statute and accidentally, the 3rd of November,

upon which the active work of this term should have commenced, has been named by public proclamation, as the one upon which the general elections shall be held for members of the Dominion House of Commons. Regarding the exercise of his franchise in this respect, as both the duty and privilege of every elector, I shall at the conclusion of this day's session adjourn the court until the morning of Friday, the fourth instant, when I shall hope to meet you and the trial jurors ready for the punctual and active discharge of our respective duties. You will now retire to the Grand Jury room, where the several indictments will be laid before you, and if in the course of your deliberations any question arises upon which you may need further instruction, you will always be free to apply to the judge presiding in court or in attendance in chambers.

Montreal, Nov. 2, 1904. The trial of Sheldon T. Bent, ex-secretary of the Shawinigan Carbide Company, charged with theft from his employers, will be heard on Monday next.

Mr. James Crankshaw, counsel for Wm. Blackley, of Toronto, the defendant in the famous Cooke-Blackley libel case, made a motion that the date for hearing the case be fixed for Thursday, Nov. 10. Mr. Edmond Guerin, for the Crown, asked the court that the case be put off until a later date—for instance, the 14th—in order that the accused persons now in jail be given a hearing. Mr. Blackley, of course, being out on bail and not suffering by reason of restraint of liberty. After another appeal by Mr. Crankshaw, His Lordship fixed the case for Thursday week, Nov. 10.

The petit jury was then discharged until Friday, and the grand jury given until 4 o'clock this afternoon to bring in true bills.

Mr. Justice Hall delivered the following address to the grand jury: "Gentlemen of the Grand Jury.—Again the crown calls to its assistance in the administration of the criminal business of this district a certain number of its subjects, some to form a grand jury to decide if the accused persons bound over upon the preliminary investigations before the magistrates, shall be placed upon their defence before this court; the others to act as trial jurors and pass upon the guilt or innocence of those against whom you will bring in indictments."

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"We welcome respectable immigrants, no matter how poor, if they come to us able and willing to improve their position by honest labor. We give to them an equal opportunity with our own citizens to share in the advantages resulting from the rapid development of our country. We give to them the protection of our laws while they remain here. Our courts are as open to them for the enforcement of their rights as they are to the redress of their wrongs as they are to the native born Canadians, but they must accept the methods and manner under which we live and not attempt to transport and practice here customs which they may have adopted in their native lands, but which are at variance with our laws, and will not be tolerated in this country. The knife, the stiletto or the revolver in the possession of an exciting man is too convenient for the use upon a slight provocation, and often makes a fatal tragedy of what would otherwise have been only a case of simple assault. Carrying such weapons upon the person, without a special license granted for cause, is contrary to an express statutory provision of our law—the knowledge of which should be communicated to immigrants upon landing here. Its enforcement should be more strictly carried out, and a violation of it, especially when it results in bodily injuries, must be severely punished, both as a condemnation of the one found guilty of its infraction and as an object lesson to others who may be ignorant of its existence. These remarks are, of course, intended to apply to any general practice of carrying concealed weapons, and not to affect any special case which may come before the court. Each accusation must be weighed by its own proof, and in every case that proof must be convincing by itself to warrant a conviction before this court."

The date when the terms of this court will be held is fixed by statute and accidentally, the 3rd of November,

upon which the active work of this term should have commenced, has been named by public proclamation, as the one upon which the general elections shall be held for members of the Dominion House of Commons. Regarding the exercise of his franchise in this respect, as both the duty and privilege of every elector, I shall at the conclusion of this day's session adjourn the court until the morning of Friday, the fourth instant, when I shall hope to meet you and the trial jurors ready for the punctual and active discharge of our respective duties. You will now retire to the Grand Jury room, where the several indictments will be laid before you, and if in the course of your deliberations any question arises upon which you may need further instruction, you will always be free to apply to the judge presiding in court or in attendance in chambers.

Montreal, Nov. 2, 1904. The trial of Sheldon T. Bent, ex-secretary of the Shawinigan Carbide Company, charged with theft from his employers, will be heard on Monday next.

Mr. James Crankshaw, counsel for Wm. Blackley, of Toronto, the defendant in the famous Cooke-Blackley libel case, made a motion that the date for hearing the case be fixed for Thursday, Nov. 10. Mr. Edmond Guerin, for the Crown, asked the court that the case be put off until a later date—for instance, the 14th—in order that the accused persons now in jail be given a hearing. Mr. Blackley, of course, being out on bail and not suffering by reason of restraint of liberty. After another appeal by Mr. Crankshaw, His Lordship fixed the case for Thursday week, Nov. 10.

The petit jury was then discharged until Friday, and the grand jury given until 4 o'clock this afternoon to bring in true bills.

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HARBOR BOARD.

HALF HOLIDAY GRANTED TO-MORROW.

There was a full attendance at the meeting of Harbor Commissioners this morning, but the business was not important.

An application from a workman named Bernier, for payment of his wages during the time he was incapacitated by an accident at Windmill Point, was remitted to the finance committee to be dealt with.

An application on behalf of Mrs. O'Reilly for payment of \$5,000 damages for the death of her husband, fatally injured while in the employment of the commissioners, was referred to the Board's solicitors and the Accident Insurance Company.

Mr. Kennedy, the chief engineer, reported that the wreck of the steamer 'Admiral' had not been removed by the owners, and that they had not placed lights on it. It was costing the Board \$1.50 a day to light the wreck.

It was decided to notify the Minister of Marine and Fisheries that the wreck was there, that he might take means to have it removed.

A petition from the workmen employed by the Board requesting that a holiday might be granted to-morrow, the day of the general elections, was considered.

Mr. Doran moved that all those who reported in the morning should be granted half a day off at full pay; those who reported the previous day that they had to go out of town to vote, to be allowed the whole day.

After several suggestions had been considered, it was decided to stop work at 12 o'clock, and allow a half holiday to all, whether they voted in town or country.

Mr. Bickerdike laughingly asked whether it would be well if Mr. Doran included in his motion a recommendation how the men were to vote.

Mr. Doran: "Unfortunately, I believe that the majority of our men are Conservatives. It is a tribute to the fair play of the majority of this Board that most of the old employees of the Board are Conservatives."

THE POPE'S HEALTH.

HIS HOLINESS SUFFERING FROM AN ATTACK OF GOUT.

Rome, Nov. 2.—The Pope is suffering from gout. Dr. Laponi, his physician, has ordered him to rest for a week. The attack is not severe. His Holiness celebrated mass to-day, but all audiences have been cancelled.

125 p.m.—Dr. Laponi visited the Pope to-day and found him much better. The gouty pain in his right leg is almost gone. The Pontiff said his illness was not serious, adding: "The worst feature of it is the excitement which it produces. I am beset with letters and telegrams of inquiry. The Pope hopes, if the amelioration in his condition continues, to resume his audiences on Thursday."

WANTED BY THE POLICE.

St. Catharines, Ont., Nov. 2.—Stojan Kolometric is alleged to have shot a fellow-countryman, Steuphen Mojus, during a row in a boarding-house at Falls View, where both men lived, on Oct. 10, inflicting a wound from the effects of which Mojus died in St. Catharines Hospital. Kolometric has not been seen since the shooting.

MR. SMITH OPTIMISTIC.

SAYS LIBERALS WILL CARRY FIFTY SEATS IN ONTARIO.

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—Mr. Alex. Smith, secretary of the Ontario Reform Association, is in receipt of messages from various parts of the province, going to show that the situation for the government is improving right along, and that the Liberals will carry fifty seats out of the eighty-six in Ontario.

The political contest in Ontario, which concludes to-day, has been one of the bitterest in record. Instead of continuing to be separated in parliament, the parliamentary candidates have been led into a quarrel over local issues such as what the respective parties have done for Ottawa. The two parties have vied with one another in their bids for the civil service vote and the Opposition candidates are out to-day with a promise that if Borden is elected the service will be rewarded with the statutory increases that were withheld from individual members of the various departments for a couple of years after the present government came in.

THE PREMIER'S HEALTH.

The 'Canada' published this morning, the following dispatch from Sir Wilfrid Laurier: "Deny completely the report saying that I am seriously ill. The fact is, that I overworked myself last week, and as a result I suffer from a slight attack of bronchitis. My doctor ordered me complete rest for one day. I am now again at work."

RESERVOIR GAVE WAY.

SEVENTEEN LIVES LOST AND THIRTEEN RESIDENCES IN NORTH CAROLINA TOWN.

Winston Salem, N.C., Nov. 2.—Seventeen people are known to be dead and many more are missing, as the result of the bursting of the reservoir at this place early to-day. One of the brick walls of the reservoir collapsed, burying the home and family of Martin Peoples. A million and a half gallons of water were released, and over a mile of territory was devastated. Thirteen residences were destroyed, and it is impossible at this time to state how many lives have been lost.

Mayor O. Beaton is at the head of a

large recruiting party, and search is now being made in the debris for additional victims. The colored settlement in the vicinity of the reservoir was entirely wrecked, and the negroes are working diligently with the whites to search for the missing. The cause of the disaster was the overflow of the reservoir, and a thorough investigation will be made to ascertain if negligence of any of the employees at the pump station was responsible for it. The reservoir burst without warning, and the victims were drowned while asleep in their beds. One couple, a negro man and his wife, floated on their bed for five hundred yards. Neither one was injured. The dead as far as known are: Mrs. Peoples, Thomas Southern, Mrs. Mrs. Poe and daughter, and five negroes.

ELECTION PERSONALITIES.

LEAD TO TWO ACTIONS FOR SLANDER IN VAUDREUIL.

Dr. Gustave Boyer, Liberal candidate in Vaudreuil, has entered actions of damages for \$10,000 against Liboire Constant, and \$5,000 against H. Bastien, on the ground of alleged slander by the defendants during the present election campaign.

SEVENTY-FOURTH BIRTHDAY.

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—The Rev. Canon Polard, rector of St. John's Church, celebrated yesterday his seventy-fourth birthday. Mr. Polard has been rector of St. John's since 1877 and has been in Ottawa since 1889. He was ordained in Fredericton, N.B., in 1888. He was tendered a big reception in St. John's Hall last night.

POINTED A REVOLVER.

AN ITALIAN ARRESTED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Gisetti Magvilia, an Italian, was arrested this afternoon for attempting to kill Carlo Di Battista, a fellow-countryman, on St. Dominique street. The accused went to the house of the latter and after a hot dispute he drew a large revolver and threatened to shoot Di Battista. Magvilia then ran away, but was captured by the police.

ENTER A PROTEST.

San Domingo, Republic of Santo Domingo, Nov. 2.—The Spanish consul here, in behalf of the Spanish Government and also of the Government of Germany, has presented a formal protest to the States minister against the execution of the Santo Domingo Improvement Company of New York, asserting that the Spanish and German claims suffer by the finding. It is rumored that two German warships are expected to be summoned here by the Spanish consul in conformity with the Spanish-German understanding.

THE 'KELVIN' SURVIVORS.

New York, Nov. 2.—Captain William G. McLennan, his wife and son and four passengers, who were picked up from an open boat on Oct. 7 by the schooner 'Corceia E. Hays,' after having abandoned the British steamer 'Kelvin,' were brought here to-day on the steamer 'Mara'cabo' from Ponce, Porto Rico.

LAID TO REST.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE MR. D. J. DECARIE, M.P.P.

The funeral of the late Mr. D. Jérôme Decarie, M.P.P. for Hochelaga, took place at 9.30 o'clock this morning, and notwithstanding the fact of this being the last day of the election campaign, was attended by an immense concourse of citizens, including a large number of active politicians of both parties.

MANY CHARGES.

HERBERT NEILAND, FINED FOR DRUNKENNESS AND ASSAULT. MUST NOW ANSWER TO THE HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Herbert Neiland, 21 years old, living on Albert street, was arrested by Constables Menard, of No. 5 station last night, on charges of loitering and drunkenness. Another man, under similar circumstances, was with Neiland, but he succeeded in getting away after tripping up the officer. Later, it developed that Neiland and the man who escaped, had had a hand in robbing Magloire Raymond, 70 years old, liv-

LOCAL STOCKS.

GENERAL RECOVERY FROM YESTERDAY'S SCARE.

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COMMERCIAL.

THE WHEAT MARKET.

CHICAGO OPENED EASY, BUT DEVELOPED STRENGTH LATER.

The bulls, having made the best of their opportunities during yesterday's war scare, to force prices upward in the Chicago wheat market, cannot have been disappointed, as the market, in its present sensitive condition, responded very willingly. At this morning's opening, however, there was an eager feeling noticeable, which later in the day was again subject to another day's pressure, and closed about steady at last night's prices. December closed at \$1.12 1-8; May at \$1.11 7-8.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co. Bell Telephone Building, Montreal, report the closing prices in Chicago to-day as follows: Open High Low Close. Wheat, Dec. 111 1/2 113 1/2 111 1/2 112 1/2. May 111 1/2 112 1/2 111 1/2 111 1/2.

Corn, Dec. 48 1/2 49 1/2 48 1/2 48 1/2. May 48 1/2 49 1/2 48 1/2 48 1/2. Oats, Dec. 29 1/2 30 1/2 29 1/2 29 1/2. May 29 1/2 30 1/2 29 1/2 29 1/2.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 19,000, including 4,000 westerns and 200 Texans; market steady to 10 cents higher; good to prime steers, \$5.90 to \$7; poor to medium, \$3.75 to \$5.80; stockers and feeders, \$2 to \$4.10; cows, \$1.50 to \$4.10; heifers, \$1.75 to \$5.25; canners, \$1.25 to \$2.25; bulls, \$1.75 to \$4.10; calves, \$3 to \$4.75.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Nov. 2.—Wall Street—Prices of stocks to-day rebounded with the passage of fears of a renewal of the Anglo-Russian crisis and the international stocks were prominent in the recovery with the exception of a sprinkling of the Pacifics and Grangers, which were slightly lower. Amalgamated Copper was the feature of the sale of 15,000 shares at 72 1/2 and 72 3/4, compared with 71 1/2 last night. There were heavy dealings in Union Pacific at an advance of 5/8. Westinghouse Electric, North American, Minneapolis, St. Paul and S. M. Marie rose 1/4. Sugar, 1/4 and Reading and Chicago Great Western about a point.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Nov. 2.—Noon—Money on call firm, offered at 2 1/2 percent; prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1/2 percent. Exchanges, \$408,077,984.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Nov. 2.—Wall Street—Noon—Selling orders predominated after the opening and the initial gains were generally cancelled in the first hour. Near eleven o'clock U. S. Steel pf. was bid up to \$2 1/4 and the market rallied. Advance reached 1 1/4 in Canadian Pacific, Erie first and second pf., General Electric and Ice pf., 1 3/4 in Central of New Jersey. Erie was bought on a very large scale and continued its advance to 1 7/8 after the close of the market reached. Amalgamated Copper, after touching 73 3/8, the local traction and Rock Island pf. fell back a point. Stocks were irregular at noon. Bonds were irregular.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the 'Witness' by C. D. Monk 25 Hospital street, Local Manager for J. S. Bache & Co., New York, by direct wire.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Opening and Closing Prices, Nov. 2. Stocks Op. Cl. Stocks Op. Cl. Amer. Cop. 72 1/2 74 1/2. Miss. Pac. 103 103. Amer. Lead. 27 1/2 27 1/2. M. & M. 91 92 1/2. Am. Sugar 145 1/2 145 1/2. Metro. Trac. 121 121 1/2. Am. Gas 23 1/2 23 1/2. N. Y. C. 124 124 1/2. Am. Car & F. 23 1/2 23 1/2. N. Y. C. 124 124 1/2. Anaconda 103 103 1/2. do II. pf. 52 52 1/2. Chicago 98 1/2 98 1/2. Ont. & West. 42 1/2 42 1/2. do pref. 101 1/2 101 1/2. Nor. & West. 71 1/2 71 1/2. Balt. & Ohio 93 1/2 93 1/2. Omaha 50 50 1/2. do pf. 94 1/2 94 1/2. Pac. Mail 30 30 1/2. Brooklyn R. T. 65 1/2 65 1/2. Penn. R. R. 130 130 1/2. Chic. & Alton 125 125 1/2. Pressed St. L. 30 30 1/2. Can. Pac. 71 1/2 71 1/2. P. & O. 110 110 1/2. Can. South. 100 100 1/2. P. & O. 110 110 1/2. Ches. & Ohio 44 1/2 44 1/2. Phila. & R. D. 73 1/2 73 1/2. Chic. & N. W. 16 1/2 16 1/2. To I. pf. 87 1/2 87 1/2. Chic. St. P. 177 1/2 177 1/2. do II. pf. 43 1/2 43 1/2. Col. South. 22 1/2 22 1/2. Pullman 34 1/2 34 1/2. Gen. Elec. 125 125 1/2. U. S. West. 42 1/2 42 1/2. Corn Prod. 17 1/2 17 1/2. Penn. C. I. & E. 61 1/2 61 1/2. do pf. 10 1/2 10 1/2. Texas Pac. 3 1/2 3 1/2. Del. & D. 133 1/2 133 1/2. U. S. Steel 2 1/4 2 1/4. D. & W. 31 1/2 31 1/2. U. S. Steel 2 1/4 2 1/4. Del. & D. 133 1/2 133 1/2. U. S. Steel 2 1/4 2 1/4. D. & W. 31 1/2 31 1/2. U. S. Steel 2 1/4 2 1/4.

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FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Nov. 2.—Wall Street

COMMERCIAL

Montreal Wholesale Prices.

BETTER FEELING IN BUTTER FOR FINEST GRADES.

'Witness' Office, Wednesday Morning, Nov. 2, 1904.

Butter market is reported to be in a better shape as regards very finest grades and dealers are confident of the immediate future of these stocks, which they will be taken up at current prices, especially to the fact that United States butter is selling at from 10 to 15 cents above the price of United States butter. There is a decidedly better feeling to the market, and shippers of these goods are not in the slightest degree uneasy in regard to the future of the trade. The feeling is decidedly optimistic, and it is expected that shipments for this week will be greatly in excess of those of last week. Hodgson Brothers, of Liverpool, in an advice dated Oct. 21, say the arrivals of butter from the Continent were considerably less in volume this week, but with the exception of a few fancy qualities, which met with a fair market, the general demand was slow. The tone both for Continental and Irish produce, is easier. Canadian, while in reduced demand, has maintained recent quotations, medium grades being of the highest. Choice Canadian creamery in 56 lb boxes was quoted at 94 to 97 per cwt. Choice Canadian creamery, stored cow, was quoted at 94 to 88 per cwt. Receipts to-day were 2,004 packages.

NO IMPROVEMENT IN CHEESE

While the conditions of the cheese market are unchanged in regard to an export demand, holders are still confident that the market will sooner or later turn in their direction. A greatly decreasing demand is an excellent argument for the bulls, together with the fact that stocks throughout England are shown to be a long way behind what they were twelve months ago. The public cable still remains unaltered at 45 for white, and 44 for colored. In the department of Canadian cheese there are still two distinct parties opposing each other at every turn, says the London 'Globe', dated Oct. 22, one with a strong bullish proclivity, the other with a strong bearish proclivity. It is the latter party that are now seemingly in the ascendant, for early in the week c.i.f. quotations from the other side having been cable higher at 45 6d to 47 5d, sales elsewhere in London were concluded at 45 1/2 to 47 for fancy and colored cheeses, with next to nothing to be had under 42s to 44s for lower graded stuff. At these rates considerable quantities of August and September makes have lately been taken off, and many dealers are now fairly stock up, but nearer the close of the c.i.f. prices had gone back to 45 and 45 1/2, and on the spot, signs of a slight relapse are again apparent. Receipts to-day were 1,993 boxes.

ANOTHER SHARP ADVANCE IN SUGAR

The department of sugar is in a position at Montreal to advise the trade that another advance of 10s has been made this morning on all grades of sugar, making a 20c increase since Saturday last. This advance also applies to Winnipeg. The following are the quotations per 100 lbs: Extra granulated... \$4.75; Phoenix... 4.65; Bright yellow... 4.55; Bright white... 4.45; No. 1 yellow... 4.30; No. 1 white... 4.15; Extra ground... 5.10; Standard... 4.30; Dark lump, half barrel, and 50 lbs boxes... 5.35; Granulated, in 100 lb. bags... 10c less. CRAN - Oats, 35c to 37 1/2c; No. 2 in 56 lb. bags... 37c; No. 3... 35c; white No. 1... 35c; No. 2... 33c; No. 3... 31c; No. 4... 29c; No. 5... 27c; No. 6... 25c; No. 7... 23c; No. 8... 21c; No. 9... 19c; No. 10... 17c; No. 11... 15c; No. 12... 13c; No. 13... 11c; No. 14... 9c; No. 15... 7c; No. 16... 5c; No. 17... 3c; No. 18... 1c; No. 19... 1c; No. 20... 1c; No. 21... 1c; No. 22... 1c; No. 23... 1c; No. 24... 1c; No. 25... 1c; No. 26... 1c; No. 27... 1c; No. 28... 1c; No. 29... 1c; No. 30... 1c; No. 31... 1c; No. 32... 1c; No. 33... 1c; No. 34... 1c; No. 35... 1c; No. 36... 1c; No. 37... 1c; No. 38... 1c; No. 39... 1c; No. 40... 1c; No. 41... 1c; No. 42... 1c; No. 43... 1c; No. 44... 1c; No. 45... 1c; No. 46... 1c; No. 47... 1c; No. 48... 1c; No. 49... 1c; No. 50... 1c; No. 51... 1c; No. 52... 1c; No. 53... 1c; No. 54... 1c; No. 55... 1c; No. 56... 1c; No. 57... 1c; No. 58... 1c; No. 59... 1c; No. 60... 1c; No. 61... 1c; No. 62... 1c; No. 63... 1c; No. 64... 1c; No. 65... 1c; No. 66... 1c; 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RUSSIAN CRUELTY.

STORY OF ESCAPE FROM CONSCRIPTION—HOW THEY STIFLE OPINION IN RUSSIA.

What a story Peter Nikoloff has to tell! He is about forty years of age, and looks sixty; his hair is grey; he has a stoop in his back.

His father, mother and the whole family were exiled to Siberia many years ago. He himself spent his young years in exile. He grew up in a penal settlement. He saw all kinds of horrors. He witnessed people growing slowly mad; he saw murder committed in the prisons of Siberia; he watched, for many years the brutainties of the officials; and at last he escaped.

Nikoloff saw his parents sink into the grave; he devised ways of escape which failed. He was treated with greater severity after his plans were discovered. He was castrated; he was beaten; he was starved; and yet to-day he stands upon Canadian soil—a free man.

Attention was directed yesterday to a tall dark man who walked up and down the platform at the Windsor Station, waiting for the train to take him west. He was fairly well dressed, he had a beard streaked with grey; and he smoked incessantly. His hands were long and thin and white; he looked about him furtively.

He was shy at first, but being assured that there were no intentions other than those of a purely friendly nature, he offered the story of his life.

This is not in any essential degree different from thousands of other stories of Russian cruelty, which, nevertheless, have not moved the world to action.

His father was a well-to-do merchant in Moscow. He had had the advantage of a college education, though this at last proved his downfall. While at college he had learned something of the thought and hope of the outer world; he had learned that there were countries where a man said the thing which pleased him, and where he was as free as air, so long as he did not hurt his neighbor.

He longed to see this state of things introduced in Russia. He corresponded with the revolutionary party; the correspondence was intercepted. That was the beginning. He left the college, but still, apparently, under the surveillance of the police. He married; he settled down to commerce; he did well. Nevertheless, somehow he could not help sympathizing with the reform party. Not that he desired that a single drop of blood should be shed. He hoped to see a peaceful revolution, which would give to the Russian people a glimpse of freedom.

He was cautious, and yet the police kept their eye on him. He received certain letters from the revolutionary party; he was arrested; the incriminating letters were found on his person; he, with his wife and young family, without trial, were sent to Siberia. Mr. Peter Nikoloff was born in exile. He passed through all the horrors of Siberia. He said that he had seen sights which would never leave his mind—immorality and drunkenness on the part of the officials; obscenities on the part of the prisoners, who were brutalized by the life they led; murder, too, he had witnessed more than once. When he reached manhood he escaped, and, under another name, joined the army, not that he liked what the army stood for, but in order that he might lead a life of action.

Considering, however, what his family had suffered at the hands of the government, he determined, when the present war broke out, to escape, and this he has done, though not without suffering greatly.

He had some money saved, and with this he bought several suits of civilian clothes; he has slept out at night; he has stolen rides on the trains; but at last he arrived at Antwerp, where he took steamer for Canada. He has some distant relatives in the Alberta region, and to these he is going.

Speaking of the feeling in Russia in regard to the war, Mr. Nikoloff said that there was not an atom of desire for it; that the people were so kept down that they did not care what happened; that they were hoping for and expecting any sort of political cataclysm which would offer them the hope of betterment.

Of course, nobody dare speak out in Russia. If the whole people could act together we would have a constitution to-morrow. But the vast mass of the people are dumb. If they made protest in any way, they would be crushed by the Cossacks, who would be sent to ride

them down, in case they made a stir in any district.

Nobody wants the war, and yet there is no public opinion either for or against it. The Russian people know that their sons are being slain by the thousand for a cause in which they have no interest. There are daring spirits which are hoping and planning for something new and better—daring spirits among Poles, among the Finnish people, among the Jews and the Student—all of whom are persecuted with the utmost ruthlessness.

Politicians and their friends seemed to take advantage of the legal holiday yesterday to discuss the situation on the street. Numerous groups could be seen on St. James street during the whole forenoon, planning for the great field day on Thursday next, or figuring out the probable results of the campaign.

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QUEBEC SHOE WORKERS. Quebec, Nov. 2.—Stock-taking is now going on in the shoe factories and as a result quite a number of hands are idle. These men have not been laid off as a result of the union difficulty. It is expected that one of the factories at least will start running with international union men on Monday next.

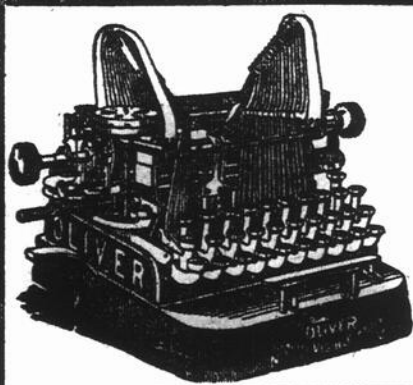
Always eat the best. JAS. STRACHAN, Bakers to Royalty

"Seal Brand" Coffee

is the choicest blend, put up by the world's largest coffee distributors. If you have never tasted this rich, aromatic coffee, the first cup will be a revelation.

In 1 and 2 pound tins. At all grocers.

Chase & Sanborn, - Montreal



THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER

FACTORY has been removed to more commodious and suitable premises.

THE OLIVER is the most largely sold typewriting machine in the world to-day.

THE OLIVER is a Canadian machine through its inventor, and its being manufactured in Canada as well as in the United States.

THE OLIVER, being manufactured in Canada, pays no duty as all other Standard machines do.

THE OLIVER is the Standard Visible writing machine. The record of THE OLIVER has never been equalled.

Active and reliable agents are wanted, to whom will be given steady employment if found competent. You should send for our SPECIAL OFFER.

CANADIAN OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY, TEMPLE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

ST. ANTOINE DIVISION.

SUPPORTERS OF

MR. PETER LYALL (Liberal Candidate)

Desirous of volunteering in his election or who can lend carriages, on THURSDAY, the 3rd of November next, are requested to communicate with the Central Committee Room, No. 80 University Street. Telephone Up 1123

St. Lawrence Division.

Those willing to assist in the election of Mr. ROBERT BICKERDIKE on Election Day are respectfully requested to communicate with the Central Committee Room, 1913 St. Catherine St., or with any of the Sub-Committee Rooms.

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF the City of Montreal.

How to save Gas and Electric bills, and have your office or shop nice and bright, by having your Windows Cleaned by the NEW YORK WINDOW CLEANING CO. Tel. East 2480.

them down, in case they made a stir in any district.

Nobody wants the war, and yet there is no public opinion either for or against it. The Russian people know that their sons are being slain by the thousand for a cause in which they have no interest. There are daring spirits which are hoping and planning for something new and better—daring spirits among Poles, among the Finnish people, among the Jews and the Student—all of whom are persecuted with the utmost ruthlessness.

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Always eat the best. JAS. STRACHAN, Bakers to Royalty

MAISONNEUVE DIVISION.

COMMITTEE ROOMS. OF THE HON. R. PREFONTAINE, Minister of Marine & Fisheries.

372a Rachel street. Information Committee. ST. JEAN BAPTISTE—1136 St. Lawrence. Tel. Bell East 2333. ST. LOUIS—1690 St. Lawrence. MILE END PARK—2203 St. Lawrence. Tel. Merchant 1824. DUVERNAY—26a Brebeuf. Tel. Bell East 3369. ST. DENIS—361 Mount Royal. Tel. Bell East 3364. ST. DENIS—894 Beaubien. Tel. Bell East 3164. ST. DENIS—211 Mount Royal. Est. 804. ST. DENIS—181 Carrières. Tel. Bell East 3369. DELORMIER—Corner DeLormier and Vimont. Tel. Bell East 1013. FERME FORTYTH—Corner Iberville and Lafontaine. Tel. Bell East 3366. HOCHÉLAGA—313 St. Catherine. Tel. Bell East 3368. MAISONNEUVE—Corner Plé IX. and Notre Dame. Tel. Bell East 3360. COTE VISITATION—Mr. Leon Lafond. Tel. Bell East 3422. 940 St. Lawrence st., English Committee. Montreal Annex, 14 Young st., English Committee. INQUIRY COMMITTEE—50 1/2 St. James. Tel. Bell 497.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

NO HOLIDAY FOR THOSE INTERESTED IN THE ELECTIONS.

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Always eat the best. JAS. STRACHAN, Bakers to Royalty



DOMINION LINE STEAMSHIPS.

WEEKLY SAILINGS TO LIVERPOOL. From MONTREAL.

*DOMINION...Oct. 29 (CANADA)...Nov. 12 Montreal to Avonmouth (Bristol). *TURCOMAN...Nov. 5 *MANXMAN...Nov. 10 *Cold storage. *Cool air and gold straps. Steamers sail at daylight.

MODERATE RATES. Ask Agents for particulars of moderate rate service to Liverpool, £25.00; to London, \$47.30 and upwards, according to steamer and berth. For all particulars as to passage and freight apply to Local Agent, or to

1146 DOMINION LINE. 17 St. Jacques street, Montreal.

FURNESS, WITHEY & CO., (LIMITED).

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED. Canada and Manchester.

From Montreal. From Manchester. Oct. 12...Manchester City...Oct. 30 Oct. 20...Manchester Commerce...Nov. 8 Oct. 15...Manchester Importer...Nov. 15 Nov. 3...Manchester Trader...Nov. 22

Above steamers have drop-class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

Canada-South Africa Joint Service. Montreal to Capetown, Port Elizabeth, East London and Durban. *Wandoola, from Montreal...26 Oct *Fitted with cold storage.

For further particulars apply to FURNESS, WITHEY & CO., Limited, Agts. 44 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINE. SUMMER SAILINGS. MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL.

From Montreal. From Liverpool. Tues, Oct. 26, Lake Erie...Thurs, Nov. 10 Tues, Nov. 1, Lake Manitoba...Thurs, Nov. 17

Steamers sail from Montreal at day-break, passengers embarking the evening previous.

WINTER SAILINGS. From Liverpool. From St. John, N.B. Nov. 15...Lake Champlain...Dec. 3 Nov. 29...Lake Erie...Dec. 17 Dec. 10...Montreal...Dec. 31

RATES OF PASSAGE—To Liverpool, \$47.50 and \$50 and upward, according to steamer and accommodation. Round Trip Tickets at reduced rates.

Second Cabin, to Liverpool, \$30.00; to London, \$25.50. Third Class Rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, Londonderry and Queens-town, \$15. From Liverpool or Londonderry to Quebec, \$15. From London, \$17. To and from all other points at equally low rates.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO LONDON. Mount Temple...Nov. 15 (Carrying Third Class Passengers only. Excellent accommodation in closed rooms. Rates to London and other British, Scandinavian and Finnish ports, same as via Liverpool service.

Apply to CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINE, Board of Trade Building, St. Jacques street, Montreal.

REFORD AGENCIES.

DONALDSON LINE TO GLASGOW. Glasgow Weekly Service from Montreal.

SS. SALACIA...Oct. 20 SS. MARINA (cold storage)...Oct. 27 SS. PARTHENIA (cold storage)...Nov. 3 SS. LAKONIA (cold storage)...Nov. 10

Agents—DONALDSON BROS., Glasgow

THOMSON LINE TO LONDON.

SS. IONA (cold storage & cool air)...Oct. 22 SS. FREMONTA...Oct. 29 SS. DEVONA (cold storage & cool air)...Nov. 5 SS. KILDONA (cold storage & cool air)...Nov. 12

THOMSON LINE TO LEITH. SS. BELLONA...Oct. 26 SS. JACONA...Nov. 15

THOMSON LINE TO ABERDEEN. SS. ESCALONA...Oct. 26 SS. JACONA...Nov. 15

Agents—WM. THOMSON SONS, Dundee.

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited,

25 St. Jacques street, MONTREAL. D. G. WOOD, Western Agent, Room 311 Board of Trade, TORONTO.

Parliamentary Elections.

ST. ANTOINE DIVISION.

Friends willing to volunteer as helpers on Election day, or who can lend carriages, are requested to communicate with Mr. BANNISTER, at Central Committee Room, No. 2482 St. Catherine Street. Telephone Up 2195, and oblige.

HERBERT B. AMES.

CENTS FOR SALE. Apply at 'Witness' Office.



ALLAN LINE. LIVERPOOL VIA MOVILLE.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

From Liverpool. From Montreal. Quebec. Oct. 13 IONIAN...Oct. 28, 4 a.m. 3 p.m. Oct. 20 BAVARIAN...Nov. 4, 8 a.m. 10 p.m. Oct. 27 PARISIAN...Nov. 11, 5 a.m. 3.30 p.m. Nov. 3 TUNISIAN...Nov. 18, 9 a.m. 5 p.m. Nov. 9 PRETORIAN...Nov. 22, 7 a.m. 1 p.m.

Tunisian and Bavarian are the largest and fastest steamers on the Canadian route 10,676 tons. Twin screws. Tunisian record 6 days, 2 hours.

Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.

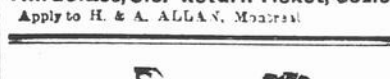
FIRST CLASS, Bavarian, Tunisian, \$59. Ionian and Parisian, \$59 and upward. Ten percent reductions for round trip tickets.

SECOND CLASS, Liverpool or Londonderry, Bavarian, Tunisian, or Ionian, \$37. Parisian, \$37.10. Return tickets at reduced rates.

THIRD CLASS, Liverpool, London or Glasgow \$14, Paris, \$23.

GLASGOW DIRECT. Moderate Rate Service. CORINTHIAN...Thurs, Nov. 3, 6 a.m. BOLLIAN...Thurs, Nov. 17, 6 a.m. Cabin, \$40. Second Cabin, \$27.50 Third Class, \$15. Return Ticket, \$32.50

Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal.



R & D LOW RATES.

Economy, Comfort and Scenic Grandeur. Toronto, \$6.50; return, \$11.50; Hamilton, \$7.00; return, \$12.00.

Including Meals and Berths.

MONTREAL - TORONTO - HAMILTON LINE—Via 1000 Islands and Bay of Quinte—Steamers leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 p.m.

QUEBEC LINE—Steamers leave daily, except Sundays, at 7 p.m.

SAGUENAY LINE—Steamers leave Quebec on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 8 a.m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 128 St. James Street, opp. P. O.

OTTAWA RIVER NAV. CO.

MARKET LINE.

Str. DUCHESS OF YORK leaves Canal Basin, corner Common and Nazareth Streets, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 6 a.m., with passengers and freight for Carillon and intermediate points.

Str. PRINCESS leaves Canal Basin, corner Common and Nazareth Streets, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 5.30 p.m., carrying passengers and freight for all points between Carillon and Ottawa.

Freight received Tuesdays and Fridays. TELEPHONE MAIN 1213

TORONTO, \$10.00 - And RETURN - \$10.00

Single \$6.00 (including Meals and Berths) TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 8 p.m.

Per favorito Sts. 'OCEAN' and 'PERSIA' Lighted throughout with Electric Lamps. OUISINE First-Class.

Apply to Battersby's Tourist Agency, Tel. M. 1597, 176 St. James street, W. Henry, 185 St. James street. G. K. JACQUES & CO., 217 Common street

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited)

RIVER AND GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE. Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.

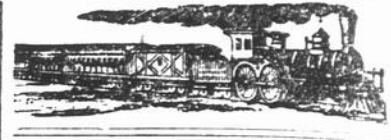
THE WELL and favorably known SS. 'CAMPANA', 1,700 tons, lighted by electricity, and with all modern comforts leaves Montreal on Mondays at 1 p.m., 12th and 20th September, 10th and 24th October, and 7th November, for Plou, N.S., calling at Quebec, Gaspé, Mal Bay, Perce, Cape Cove, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., and Charlottetown, P.E.I.

The finest trip of the season for health and comfort. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec. For freight, passage and staterooms, apply to

J. G. BROOK & CO., Agents, 211 Commissioners street, City

Electrotyping Plant FOR SALE.

A chance to secure valuable Machinery at a great bargain. Address - "ELECTROTYPY," P.O.B. 2234, Montreal.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

\$3.00 FIRST-CLASS

Quebec and Return

Good going November 2nd and 3rd. Good to return until November 4th, 1904.

DOMINION ELECTIONS

One First-Class Fare via . . . to all Stations in Canada, Port Arthur and East.

Good going November 2nd and 3rd. Good to return until November 4th, 1904.

TICKET OFFICE, 129 St. James Street (Next Post Office)

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DOMINION ELECTIONS. November 3rd, 1904.

For the above round trip tickets will be issued between all stations in Canada at SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE. Going Dates—November 2nd and 3rd. Return Limit—November 4th, 1904.

WORLD'S FAIR! ST. LOUIS, MO.

Tickets on sale daily. LIMIT 15 DAYS \$24.00

CITY TICKET OFFICES, 137 St. James Street. Telephone Main 460 and 401, or Bonaventure Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

FOR DOMINION ELECTIONS

will sell CHEAP EXCURSION TICKETS between all stations on the Railway

THURSDAY, November 3rd, or TUESDAY, November 1st, or WEDNESDAY, November 2nd, when necessary to enable purchasers to reach destination in ample time before polls close on November 3rd, good for return until NOVEMBER 4th, 1904.

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE

THURSDAY, November 3rd, Special trains will be run from Montreal to Levis leaving Montreal at 9.30 a.m. and arriving Levis at 3.30 p.m., and from Levis to Montreal leaving Levis at 9.30 a.m., arriving Montreal at 3.30 p.m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE: 143 St. James Street and Bonaventure Station

HIGH SPEED ENGINE FOR SALE.

A 45 h. p. Laurie High Speed Engine in very good condition, will be sold at a bargain, as she is being displaced by a larger engine.

Cylinder, 9 inches diameter. Stroke, 15 inches. Revolutions, 250 per minute. Fly Wheel, 4 ft. 6 in. diameter. Driving Wheel, 3 ft. diameter, 13 in. face.

Apply to JOHN DOUGALL & SON, Montreal

OLD NEWSPAPERS

suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in packages, at \$1 per 100 lbs.

Peculiar To Itself

In what it is and what it does—containing the best blood-purifying, alterative and tonic substances and effecting the most radical and permanent cures of all humors and all eruptions, relieving weak, tired, languid feelings, and building up the whole system—is true only of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

No other medicine acts like it; no other medicine has done so much real, substantial good; no other medicine has restored health and strength at so little cost.

I was completely run down, troubled with headaches and dizziness and pains in my back. I could not sleep and had no appetite, and medicine did not do me any good until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gave great relief, and in a short time entirely cured me.—MRS. L. WINTERTON, Orangeville, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise

THE FOSSIL HUNTERS.

H. H. Emery, in the New York Evening Post

My kingdom come! My kingdom come! I aimed at Irma, as she stepped at a time, down the stairway of the Park Hotel...

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Advertisements. CADBURY'S Cocoa. A Perfect Food. - REALITY.

hunting. Dick used to call the boss "Pop an' his pants," count of his sleeping duds—him as used two brushes without any handles—to oenct—to slick his hair with. Dick said they 'lowed it used ter be hot as Africa, and found twenty-three sorts of animals that don't live now.

A week later found us en route for Smith River, via Fort Logan and Milligan's Pass. Our outfit consisted of a strong mountain wagon drawn by four sure-footed range-bred horses.

I planned would be unting a whisper. Yet, all into our juty as an course of smoothly. autiful gar- none who but his love a maiden—

ather say to ain tops, and ses in old lake me to tell you ag all the morn- and a couple of Washington out y until he's got There they've ing down by the

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LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES. MISS GRAHAM'S PHONOGRAPHIC AND BUSINESS INSTITUTE. SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, ENGLISH, FRENCH.

Advertisements. OGILVIE BROS. Sanitary and Heating Engineers. 240 BLEURY STREET.

ENGLISH SHOE SETS, ENGLISH BRISTLE BROOMS, ENGLISH STABLE BROOMS, OSTRICH FEATHER DUSTERS, FURNACE FLUE BRUSHES, RADIATOR DUSTERS.

ULLEY'S BRUSH WORKS. 76-78 Victoria Square, Montreal. Tel. M. 740.

CANADA, Province of Quebec, District of Montreal. SUPERIOR COURT. No. 1680.

Dame Marguerite Murphy, wife common as to property of William Taylor Bailey, both of the City and District of Montreal, and duly authorized for the purposes hereof by judgment of this Court, Plaintiff, - VS. -

The said William Taylor Bailey, of the same place, Defendant. An action for separation as to property has been instituted this day by the plaintiff against the Defendant.

LYMAN & DUNLOP, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Montreal, 13th October, 1904.

Mechanics, Farmers, Sportsmen! To heal and soften the skin and remove grease, oil and rust stains, paint and earth, etc. use The "Master Mechanic's" Tar Soap.

CENTS FOR SALE, Witness Office.

'Irma!' I called. 'Irma, where are you?' and 'Irma! Irma!' echoed back from the overhanging crags.

'There she is, all right,' said Doll, as we turned a sharp angle and came upon her. She stood motionless, as if turned to stone.

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MONTREAL SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION. J. P. STEPHEN, Principal. AFTERNOON CLASSES for ladies only. EVENING CLASSES for ladies and gentlemen.

DAY AND EVENING INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION -AT- The Montreal Business College. 46 UNIVERSITY ST., cor. of St. Catherine.

Music and Art. THE MONTREAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. Founded in 1863 by C. E. Seifert, the Director.

POLL YOUR VOTE -FOR PURITY- SMALL'S MAPLE CHOCOLATES. Stand the test product of CANADA MAPLE EXCHANGE.

A SESSION OF THE COURT OF KING'S BENCH (Crown Side), holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, will be held in the COURT HOUSE, in the CITY OF MONTREAL, on WEDNESDAY, the SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

TRENT CANAL. NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. Hydraulic Lift Lock at Kirkfield. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed 'Tender for Hydraulic Lift Lock,' will be received at this office up to 10 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, the 14th December, 1904.

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES. ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL AND SCIENTIFIC CASES A SPECIALTY. Experience in such cases makes smaller cases easy as a rule. All kinds welcome as we are well equipped with special appliances, assistants and facilities.

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES. E. J. FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO. Liverpool and London and Globe Building, MONTREAL.

Advertisements. P. E. RUEL, HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER and DECORATOR, 349 St. Lawrence Street. 25 Years' Experience. Bell Tel. East 1463.

DO YOU WANT A New House Built or Your Old One Repaired? If you do, phone MAIN 4133 for JACKSON & CO., Carpenters, Builders & Contractors.

W. J. HASTINGS ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR, 798 Dorchester street. "GOLDEN WHEAT." A new bread made from Whole Wheat, good for dyspeptics; a real health food.

WOOD AND COAL FOR EVERYBODY. By the load—Cut Slabs, \$1.50. Kindlings, \$1.50. Hardwood Blocks, store length, \$1.50.

TALK IT OVER and the result will be that you will send your curtains or other household articles here to be cleaned or dyed. Our work is well done. Phone and wagon will call.

DANIEL J. O'LEARY, Carpenter, Builder & General Contractor, Valuator and Fire Appraiser, Alterations and Repairs of every description.

HENRY J. ELLIOTT, ADVOCATE, BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR CANADA LIFE BUILDING, 189 St. James St., Montreal. Tel. Main 2771.

WILLIAM PATTERSON, M.A., LL.B., Advocate, Barrister and Solicitor. TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 St. James St., Montreal.

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES. FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO. FRID. B. FETHERSTONHAUGH, B.L. M.E. ALBERT F. NATHAN, LL.B., S.B., M.P.L. Late Examiner U. S. Patent Office.

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES. E. J. FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO. Liverpool and London and Globe Building, MONTREAL.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS. LONG WORDS TO DESCRIBE LONG HEADS. (From the London 'Daily Mail.') There was a good deal about long heads, in the form of long words, in the Huxley memorial lecture delivered recently before the Anthropological Institute by Dr. J. Deniker, of Paris.

'Is it true that you said Jobson here had stolen your purse?' 'I did not go so far as to say that, your worship. All I said was that if Jobson had not assisted me in looking for the purse I might have found it.'

New mainspring in your watch from \$1.00 guaranteed one year. R. Hemsley, Watchmaker, 255 St. James street.

Freddy Goozlemann was timed the other morning when getting up to go fishing and he dressed himself in thirty seconds. His record for dressing to go to school is fifty-eight minutes.

Jones—'Do you think a man's future can be predicted from his handwriting?' Brown—'To a certain extent—especially if it appears at the bottom of a promissory note.'

He—'She's the most uninteresting girl I ever met, though she is rich. She can't say anything but "Yes" and "No." She—'What did she say to you?'

'Have the Newlyriches got quite settled in their new mansion?' 'Oh, yes. They've got all their ancestors hung except a few who were hung on earth.'

'You say Grinder worked last summer just for fun?' 'Oh, no; just for funds.'

Advertisements. YES, WE DO CLEAN PRIVATE HOUSE WINDOWS, And Put Up Double Windows. Special Men, with references, for Private Houses.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD? Then get a box of HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS. Cures a cold in 24 hours. How About That Cough? HARTE'S COUGH MIXTURE. Will cure it. Now is the time.

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, & POTATOES! POTATOES! Good Potatoes are going to be scarce this winter. Just arrived over Intercolonial Ry. from River du Loup a carload of the finest, driest and most mealy potatoes that I ever put into stock.

FATAL WRECK AT HAMILTON.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 2.—William Mooney, of Niagara Falls, was killed, a companion named William Myers of Orillia, seriously injured and a number of freight cars were smashed beyond repair by the early freight from Buffalo on the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway separating and then colliding while coming down the mountain just east of this city this morning.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Middletown, Conn., Nov. 2.—Charles P. Graham, formerly brigadier-general of the Connecticut National Guard, committed suicide yesterday by shooting. A note left on his bureau explained to his wife that business troubles were the cause. General Graham was born in Utica, N.Y., in 1836, and came to Connecticut in 1857.

TORONTO BUILDING PERMIT RECORD.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—The building permits issued in Toronto this year to date aggregate \$5,166,000, the largest for any previous period of the first ten months was \$2,755,000 and the largest for any year was last year \$4,356,000.

SAVING'S BANK CONTEST.

FOR NEWS BOYS AND DEALERS.

The conditions of this contest are as follows: For each four cents paid for half a dozen 'Daily Witnesses' bought at one time, will be given a check; and one of these checks will be given for each dozen coupons cut from the 'Daily Witness,' providing such coupons be brought in during the week of publication; also blanks may be had for securing new customers, and for each new subscriber agreeing to take the paper for one month or longer four of these checks will be given to the agent or newsboy agreeing to deliver the papers. Any boy or girl under eighteen years old presenting six of these checks at St. Peter streets, by 9 o'clock next Saturday morning will be allowed to enter this contest, and will be given a receipt for the number of checks presented, and their names will be entered for a savings bank account, to be started or added to by us, provided they present 250 of these checks by New Year's Day. On New Year's we expect to give one of the greatest bank prizes ever given in Montreal, and the ticket of admission to it will be a pass-book from some savings bank to a boy or girl under eighteen years old, on which a credit has been made with these money prizes we are giving.

By this plan any energetic ambitious schoolboy may by getting sixty-three of his neighbors to agree to take the paper from him, get a bank account started for himself. Then, by delivering the papers after school, which he can easily do, for we have boys who go to school, delivering almost twice that number, he can make \$1.20 each week, exclusive of all tips or amounts above one cent each, which he gets for papers. Then by getting his customers to save the coupons from the papers for him, and by saving himself, the checks which are given as he pays for his papers, he can get one of these cash prizes every sixteen days; besides that he may be getting for new customers.

Some of our agents and newsboys can now have one of these cash prizes every week just by saving the checks given when they pay for their papers and getting their customers to save the coupons for them, without getting a single new customer; and any live boy can, by devoting a little effort and energy to extending the sale of the 'Daily Witness.' All coupons and checks must be presented at the office each Saturday morning by nine o'clock, for the six dates preceding, and a receipt secured for them; and each week a list will be published of those securing the prizes for the preceding week, and those who do not will have them placed to their credit for the next or ensuing week.

If any person desiring further information about this contest will write an inquiry of not over twenty words addressed to Circulation Manager, 'Daily Witness,' signing his or her name and address, it will be answered in this column, and this and such answers will be the conditions of the contest.

Those who have already secured prizes of \$1.00 and upward, have been: Gordon Kenwood (2), Walter Burgess, Stanley Perrigard, Jennie Wilson, Stanley Strake, Garland Parson, Willie Wright, Bruce Wilkins, Francis McCay, Nellie Duncan, Donald Fleming, Norbert Monette (2), Iris Overing, Mrs. Ellis, Willie Mogilsky (2), Jane Hogdon, Arthur Bowles, Robert Wallace (2), Joe Murray, G. Leblanc, Willie Ford (2), George Durpin, Harry Smith, Frank McNally, Charles Sanelofsky (2), Mary Friedlert, Harry Singer, Albert Robinovich, Michael Wiseman, George Chesson (2), Herbert Gentles, Israel Mogilsky, Tom Sheehan, Adolphe Benjamin, Ralph Ritchie (2), Wolfe Bay, Rosie Valenti, Freddie Ford, Joseph O. Decary, James Overing, Aaron Rabinovitch and Willie Wier. Watch it grow.

NEWSBOYS' COUPON, SERIES No. 3.

Twelve coupons of this series, cut from the papers of any days of the current week, will when presented by a street newsboy, be accepted at the WITNESS OFFICE in exchange for one ticket in the Newsboys' Savings Bank Account Competition. Witness readers can help their newsboys by returning these coupons to them.

TEAR OFF HERE. NEWSBOYS' COUPON SERIES No. 3. Nov. 2, 1904.

A CANARD.

Lord Charles Beresford will not Stop the Baltic Squadron.

NEGOTIATIONS ARE PROCEEDING SATISFACTORILY BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

London, Nov. 2.—4 a.m.—Sensational rumors here and unwarranted inferences from the reports from Gibraltar created a belief yesterday afternoon that a fresh crisis at least as serious as that of last week had arisen between Great Britain and Russia. The scare-mongers hastily assumed that by quitting Vigo the Baltic fleet had violated the agreement between the two countries, while half informed statements from Gibraltar suggested as the sequel that the Channel fleet had been ordered to intercept the Baltic fleet. Both assumptions are erroneous. The Russian undertaking was to detain the fleet until the Russian naval authorities had ascertained what officers were responsible for the firing on the British trawlers. This was done, and the four scapegoats, whose names are not announced officially, are now ashore, everything having been done with Great Britain's full cognizance.

The activities at Gibraltar do not seem to have further meant than that Great Britain intends to keep ready for possible, but unanticipated, trouble in connection with the incident. That the warships at Gibraltar were cleared for action is true, but they have been so from the time that the Admiralty ordered their concentration. The other apparent warlike movements at the fortress are merely mobilization of the same precautionary nature.

FOREIGN OFFICE STATEMENT

NO FRICTION OR DANGER OF IT.

London, Nov. 1.—Negotiations between Great Britain and Russia looking to a settlement of the North Sea affair are progressing favorably, and there is not the slightest danger of any friction arising between the two governments. The constitution of the international commission under the Hague Convention is on the verge of settlement.

In spite of the pacific conditions, Great Britain to-day experienced a war panic that can only be compared to that which followed the sinking of the British trawler by the fleet under the command of Vice-Admiral Rojstevsky. Not for years have so many alarmist reports and flaming extras flooded London. The most extraordinary feature of this scare, which was serious enough while it lasted, is that there was not one single circumstance to justify it. The excitement started early in the day, when the newspapers announced the departure of the Russian second Pacific squadron from Vigo. The public were not in possession of the information cabled by the Associated Press that only the officers concerned in the firing on the British trawlers would be detached, and jumped at the conclusion that Russia had broken faith by not detaching the vessels involved in the affair. On top of this came wild reports of tremendous activity at Gibraltar. Hour by hour the news from Gibraltar became more serious, until, at last, the climax was reached with the announcement that the British fleet had cleared for action.

Some even said the fleet had sailed to meet Rojstevsky's squadron. In huge type the papers made the parallel statements: 'The Russian fleet has sailed'—'The British fleet has cleared for action.' No newspaper and no person seemed able to explain these events. The reassuring information available in America that the sailing of the second Pacific squadron from Vigo was with the knowledge of and agreeable to the British Government was not even hinted at by the papers here.

The news from Gibraltar became more and more alarmist, and finally the Foreign Office was overrun by reporters, some of whom brought the rumor that Admiral Beresford had already sunk the remnant of Admiral Rojstevsky's fleet.

Count Benckendorff at that moment was quietly discussing with Lord Lansdowne the personnel of the international commission, but it was popularly rumored that he was receiving an ultimatum. Mr. Balfour, Admiral Sir John Fisher, commander-in-chief at Portsmouth; Lord Selborne, first lord of the Admiralty, and Prince Louis of Battenberg, director of naval intelligence, were all in conference, and it was openly hinted that they were planning the first stroke of war. As a matter of fact, they, like Lord Lansdowne, were engaged in considering means that had been suggested for the international commission.

When all London was in this state of mind, and while anybody who might be supposed to know anything was constantly being asked, 'Has war been declared?' the Foreign Office decided to adopt a course most unusual for it, and in order to allay the public excitement gave out to the press the following statement:

'Before the Russian fleet left Vigo instructions were given to the Russian admiral with a view to preventing injury or inconvenience to neutral shipping during the passage of the Russian fleet to the Far East.'

In compliance with Russia's engagement four Russian officers have been left behind at Vigo.

'The two governments are now discussing the terms with reference to the international commission which will be entrusted with the proposed inquiry.' Although it contained nothing that had not been published some hours earlier in Associated Press despatches from St. Petersburg and London, it served to inform the people here of the exact situation. The general public, however, went to bed to-night firm in the conviction that it would wake up to hear that

Admiral Rojstevsky was at the bottom of the sea.

To-day's furor would be ludicrous except for the striking instance it has afforded of the willingness of the British public to believe that almost any development is possible after the North Sea affair, and for the enthusiasm produced by Gibraltar's warlike news.

The Foreign Office is intensely irritated at the construction placed upon what they declare must have been mere fleet and garrison exercises. The Associated Press is authorized to state that no orders have been given the huge fleet now concentrated at Gibraltar to make any preparations in connection with the departure of Admiral Rojstevsky's squadron.

THE KING DISPLEASED.

Several of those few persons who were thoroughly aware of the extent to which the Gibraltar telegrams, combined with diplomatic activity in London, and the ships were causing a misconception of the situation in the minds of the British public, remarked that it was curious such an uproar should break loose on the very day King Edward had chosen on which to express to Count Benckendorff his appreciation of the ambassador's efforts for peace, and his complete satisfaction with the methods of settlement. From other sources the Associated Press learns that the King privately expressed keen displeasure with the tone adopted by a certain section of the London press towards the agreement to submit the North Sea case to an international commission.

It is expected that after the Cabinet meeting to-morrow a decision will be reached as to the date, place of meeting and personnel of the commission.

THE DELINQUENT FOUR.

AUTHORS OF THE NORTH SEA OUTRAGE EXPECTED IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—The four officers detached from the second Pacific squadron to testify regarding the North Sea affair are expected to reach here in two days.

The news of the departure of Vice-Admiral Rojstevsky and his ships from Vigo has considerably relieved the tension here, and there may be further complications before the fleet gets through the Suez canal or around the Cape of Good Hope.

It is reliably stated that the circumstances of the firing, as detailed by Russian officers, closely resemble the facts reported by the admiral of the fishing fleet. When abreast of the trawlers the Russian squadron was formed in two divisions, of which the cruisers steamed east and the battleships west, the latter getting among the fishing fleet and opening fire. When nearly clear of the fishing craft, which were heading toward the battleships, some Russian shells flew over the trawlers and struck the cruisers, one of which, the 'Aurore,' was hit several times, and some of her men were wounded, including a priest, who died. The transport 'Anatol' apparently became tangled among the trawlers, which she mistook for torpedo boats, and signalled for thereby leading the officers of the battleships to believe the trawlers were attacking the 'Anatol.' This, coupled with the appearance of two mysterious torpedo-boats steaming towards the flagship, resulted in the fatal cannonade.

CONSIDERABLE DISSATISFACTION.

London, Nov. 2.—According to the 'Daily News,' the Russian officers who were landed at Vigo as scapegoats are Captains Klado and Otta and Lieutenants Ellis and Shramtchenko. Captain Klado is one of the best-known officers in the Russian navy and is a recognized authority on naval matters, on which he frequently writes. Lieut. Ellis is a member of a Russianized English family. The officers are now journeying to St. Petersburg to await the enquiry. The departure of the Baltic fleet, leaving only four officers and taking many who must be valuable witnesses, causes considerable dissatisfaction.

THE BRITISH PRESS.

PREMIER MUCH CONCERNED TO SAVE RUSSIA'S HONOR.

London, Nov. 2.—The fact that Admiral Rojstevsky with his fleet sailed from Vigo is not the liking of a considerable section of the British press. 'The Morning Post' says: 'Mr. Balfour's chief care seems to have been to save Russia's honor, and the more jingo papers are frankly puzzled at the unexpected development in the situation. A majority of the morning newspapers, however, are content to refer to Tuesday's war alarms, and to regard all well that ends well.'

THAT COMMISSION.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—The Foreign Office is very busy settling the constitution of the international commission and its procedure. The Hague convention does not cover the details of such a body, hence the necessity for a special convention. The Hague convention provides that each party shall appoint two commissioners, they to choose a fifth. Russia has appointed Admiral Kasenkoff as her first commissioner. He is a member of the Admiralty Council and is a man of experience and reputation. He has the greatest tact, which is regarded as a most desirable qualification. The place of meeting is still unknown. It is not thought that it will be at the Hague. It is believed that either London or Hull is likely to be selected.

DRAFT OF BRITISH PROVISIONS.

London, Nov. 1.—The Russian Embassy here received from the British Foreign Office to-day a draft of the provisions for the proposed convention under the terms of which the proposed international commission of enquiry into the North Sea affair will be held. Count Benckendorff is understood to

have assured King Edward that Russia's disposition towards Britain at the present time is of the friendliest. He is said to have conveyed to the King a further expression of the Czar's regret for the occurrence in the North Sea.

PORT ARTHUR.

A TREMENDOUS ATTACK IS OFFICIALLY REPORTED AS CONTINUING.

Tokio, Nov. 1.—Imperial headquarters to-night published a series of reports covering the operations against Port Arthur during the months of August, September and October. The chief interest centres in the tremendous attack which was begun on Oct. 26, and is still continuing.

Hundreds of Japanese guns began battering against the northern and easterly forts on Oct. 26, the infantry moving forward with desperate rushes, where the artillery had prepared the way, while the pioneers and sappers were running mines against the Russian forts. The reports record a series of desperate encounters at close range, and tell a dramatic story.

FORTS DAMAGED.

The reports, beginning with the attack of Oct. 26, follow: From 8.30 a.m. the forts on Sung shu and Rih lung mountains, the eastern forts on Kee kwan mountain, and a fort lying north of the latter, were bombarded. The parapet of Rih lung mountain fort was demolished and openings were made in the fort.

Two of the most important covers on Sung shu mountain fort were destroyed. One fifteen centimetre gun was dismounted and another damaged. One gun on the northern fort of east Kee kwan mountain was destroyed.

A SIEGE GUN BOMBARDMENT

From 2 p.m. other siege guns were directed against the trenches on Sung shu and Rih lung mountains, and against the trenches on the south side of Poh shan mountain. All were heavily damaged.

A portion of our right wing charged against the trenches on Sung shu mountain, and a portion of our centre against those on Rih lung mountain and on Poh shan mountain, and took them without heavy loss.

The enemy in the near-by forts to geth, with those in the forts on west Si tai, Yang kow, Man tao mountain, Golden Hill, Pai yua mountain, and Lao lui chiu, concentrated an ineffectual fire against the points where our assaults were progressing.

A MINE EXPLODES.

A large mine exploded on the slope of Rih lung mountain, without fatalities. That night, to prevent the Russians making repairs, we shelled the forts of Rih lung mountain, together with the warships and machinery buildings.

The enemy holding Sung shu and Rih lung mountains, under the protection of a shell fire, undertook several unsuccessful night attacks.

On Oct. 27 our bombardment was continued, and much execution was done. Our engineer corps that night was sent against the northern part of East Kee kwan mountain, and destroyed the outer casemate of a projected point.

CONFLAGRATIONS.

The enemy tried every means to obstruct our work, assaulting and using bombs, at the same time working energetically in effecting repairs.

On Oct. 28 the bombardment was continued, with good results.

A conflagration occurred in the old city, and a second conflagration was observed near Golden Hill.

During the night and on Oct. 29 a machinery building near the harbor was bombarded.

At dawn one hundred of the enemy assaulted our line extending toward Rih lung fort, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

DYNAMITE USED.

MIXING UNDER THE FORTS.

'Simultaneously a similar force of the enemy assaulted our mine projected against Sung shu mountain. Our men bravely withstood the attack, but were forced to lose a portion of the mine, which, however, was regained later.'

A mine directed against Rih lung mountain fort reached the outer limit of the fort last night. A portion of the outer limit of the fort was blown up. Against the outer casemate of the eastern point of the fort lying north of the East Kee kwan mountain, dynamite was applied twice last night, causing widespread openings and killing several of the enemy inside the casemate. Our bombardment is proving increasingly effective.

Of five Russian ships which were bombarded, three were heavily damaged and the other two were set on fire.'

JAPANESE INTENTIONS.

TO CAPTURE SEVERAL CO-OPERATIVE FORTS SIMULTANEOUSLY.

Chefoo, Nov. 1.—The meagre additional details reaching Chefoo concerning the last general assault on Fort Arthur, which began on Oct. 24, and developed into the third attempt of the Japanese to secure a commanding position, say that on the night of Oct. 28 the Japanese, who on Oct. 26 had daringly entrenched themselves on the slope of Rih lung mountain, forced their way further, and drove the Russians from their last trench before that fortification. The Russians retreated from their trenches to the other side of the mountain. It is alleged that the Japanese might have entered the fortification, but that they refrained from doing so, as it would obviously be impossible for them to hold the position in the face of the fire which would be sure to be directed against them from other forts. It seems to be the in-

tervention of the Japanese to enter several co-operative forts simultaneously or not at all. The Japanese have found it impossible to hold any solitary fortification while the other big forts were able to concentrate a fire upon them. The Japanese also have advanced somewhat closer to Etz mountain, having occupied a position above the cremation works. On the night of Oct. 30 the Japanese flag was seen flying over two new positions, the names of which are not known to the informant of the Associated Press correspondent.

THE ARMIES.

RECONNAISSANCES, ATTACKS AND COUNTER ATTACKS.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—General Sakharoff reports that reconnoissances were made on Oct. 30, on the Russian left flank, in a south-westerly direction to a chain of mountains south of the village of San dzye tsy, where volunteer sharpshooters and half a squadron of Cosacks drove a company of Japanese infantry and a squadron of cavalry out of the mountain range. The Russians advanced three miles south-west. The same day the Russian cavalry made a strong reconnoissance on the left bank of the Hun river towards the fortified village of Futeyandudzy. The Japanese were driven out. The Japanese retired to a fortified position a mile and a half south and opened a cross fire on two Russian batteries. A squadron of Cosacks attacked a Japanese battery, and the Russian scouts advanced, but retired. The Cosacks lost forty men killed or wounded.

ENORMOUS JAPANESE REINFORCEMENTS.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—The Mukden correspondent of the 'Russ' estimates that the Japanese have received reinforcements to the number of 50,000 men. He says that unless the Russians shall be reinforced speedily they will be compelled to remain on the defensive. Even then, General Kurapatkin's work will be terribly difficult.

RUSSIA HAS NO OPEN PORT NOW IN THE FAR EAST.

London, Nov. 1.—The 'Daily Telegraph' correspondent at Tien tsin says: 'The Chinese Government has formally declared itself against any further infringements of neutrality in the despatch of supplies to belligerents, and in this connection has sent troops to Shan hai kwan. This leaves Russia without open ports in the East.'

JAPANESE ACTIVITY.

RUSSIAN OFFICERS SCURRY ABOUT IN MOTOR CARS.

Mukden, Nov. 1.—The situation is rather puzzling. Neither side apparently is willing to assume a genuine offensive, although the Japanese are showing greater activity. They are fortifying themselves, however, as if they intended to winter in their present positions. Two Russian cavalry detachments on Friday night carried out a reconnoissance along both sides of the Hun river, in the direction of Na chan tun and San dia pu and on Saturday night some volunteers reconnoitred the Japanese trenches in front of Lone Tree Hill. Firing from three signal posts created great excitement in the Japanese lines.

The weather is fine and crisp. The curling smoke of camp fires is everywhere to be seen. Some of the Russian officers scurry about in automobiles. Yesterday there was a splendid spectacle when Major-General Kondratovich distributed 418 crosses of St. George to his Siberian division for services covering the fighting from Va fan gow to the retreat from Liao yang. The division has been constantly in the thick of the fighting. Many of the heroes designated for decoration have since been killed or scattered in the various hospitals between here and Harbin.

GENERAL KAULBARS.

COMMANDER OF THE FIRST ARMY.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—5.20 p.m.—According to to-day's advices from the theatre of war, no general engagement has yet begun. There was some skirmishing yesterday, but nothing serious. No Japanese offensive has developed so far, although advices from the extreme east are belated. Gen. Kaulbars, who is to succeed Gen. Kurapatkin in command of the first army, has arrived here. Kaulbars is a striking figure, a tall, stately soldier, with bronzed face, set off by a white moustache. His sixty years sit lightly upon his vigorous frame. He is considered to be a man of great energy and resource, and was commander of a corps during the suppression of the Boxer rebellion in China. Kaulbars is Kurapatkin's personal selection. Kaulbars's reconstituted first army will include the first, tenth and seventeenth European corps, and corps of rifles and two others to be sent out. The second army will consist of the eighth, third and sixteenth corps, one rifle corps and two others not yet designated. The third army will be composed of six Siberian corps, under General Linevitch.

When the present plans are realized, which will not be earlier than the spring, Russia will have three armies, each of six corps, altogether over half a million men in the Far East. The rifle battalions, which are now beginning to start for the front, will provide two of the corps intended for the first and second armies.

A LEDUC MURDER.

Winnipeg, Nov. 2.—Mr. A. V. Reid was shot and killed at Leduc on Monday night by a man named Hardy. Reid and others were passing a blacksmith's shop, when fired upon by Hardy. The reason for the shooting is unknown.

FRANCO-AMERICAN TREATY.

TEXT NOT TO BE ANNOUNCED UNTIL SUBMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Out of deference to the United States Senate, to which the Franco-American arbitration treaty will be submitted in December, the State Department is not able to make public its text. It is very much to be regretted that the text of the Anglo-French treaty, the protocol of that treaty provided that in consideration that article XIX of the Hague convention reserves to the contracting parties the right to conclude arrangements with a view to the ratification of questions which they may consider possible to submit to arbitration, the signatories have concluded an agreement that:

Article 1.—Differences which may arise of a legal nature or relating to the interpretation of treaties existing between the two contracting parties and which it may not have been possible to settle by diplomacy, shall be referred to the permanent court of arbitration established at The Hague by the convention of July 29, 1899; provided, nevertheless, that they do not affect the vital interests, the independence or the honor of the two contracting states and do not concern the interests of third parties. Other articles stipulated the preliminary to the arbitration of a dispute and that the treaty should hold good for five years. It is the opinion of the officials here that this convention does not in any way threaten the predominance in this hemisphere of the Monroe Doctrine. The treaty is to be followed very soon by one between America and Italy, and there is reason to believe that some progress has been made in the present negotiations. A similar situation will come before the present plenipotentiaries.

MARKIN

DR. R. A.

Ottawa, C. of the Geologic office yesterday the field in national boundaries and the St. Daily is engaged in a natural section at dary and in d belt from here and extending to the der. The locat being carried on Arthur and C. B. intendency of M. men. Dr. Daly's cars, who are de work, have begun tments. They are established ch as to be intervisi eight feet high and of concrete two feet parties this summer w capped by the heavy rines, the summer in tains having been un days at a time the tr lay off and wait for the clear. During the sun has been working over a two miles east of the Cas and sixty-five miles bet crossings of the Kootenay the Southern Selkirks.

NEW HAY LAKE C

CONSTRUCTION WILL LEVEL OF THE CANADIAN WATERWAY.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 1.—A Washington despatch says: 'Recent despatches from Ottawa say that the Canadian Government will soon apply to the United States for privileges in the New Hay Lake Canal, which is now building similar to those enjoyed in the smaller, more tortuous St. Mary's canal. Canada alleges that the construction of the new canal will lower the level of the Canadian waterway. This contention is not admitted by officers of the engineering corps. They say that there is enough water in Lake Superior to maintain the level of the Canadian canal, and that it will accommodate vessels of light draft and state that Canada must be trying to get something more than appears on the surface.'

NORTH NORFOLK ELECTION

TRIAL.

Toronto, Nov. 1.—North Norfolk Conservatives will to-morrow ask the Court to grant them the costs of the prosecution of their petition which on the first day resulted in the unseating of the former Liberal member, Mr. Archibald Little. Over two hundred witnesses had been subpoenaed but only a few were heard. The parties have not since the trial been able to agree upon the costs. They amount to \$530.

QUEBEC MAN MISSING.

Quebec, Nov. 1.—Zephiron Caron, a ship laborer, who resided at 17 St. Mathias street, in St. Saviour, has been missing since Wednesday last, and his family fear that some accident has befallen him. When last seen the missing man was on St. Andrew street, about 6.30 in the evening. He is about 5 feet 6 inches in height and about 40 years of age. He wore black trousers, a blue sweater and boots with elastics.

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