NEXT EUROPEAN MAIL.
Friday, 6.45 p.m., Etruria. (Supplementary.)

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

TOMORROW'S WEATHER.
Mostly Fair.
Sun rose to-day at 4.20; Sets at 7.48

95TH YEAR NO. 160 MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY JULY 9 1902 PRICE ONE CENT

PARLIAMENT TALKS OF SUBSIDIES

The Changes in the Merchant Marine is a Fruitful Topic for Parliamentarian Suggestion.

London, July 9.—Lo[illegible]y (Liberal) initiated a discussion on naval matters in the House of [illegible]day, during the course of which he deplored the fact that Great Bri[illegible] lost the place she once held with her mercantile marine. The [illegible]of subsidies, he thought, must depend on the action of the other powe[illegible]he naval powers of Europe, the speaker asserted, gave liberal [illegible] while President Roosevelt and ex-Secretary Gage had recommend [illegible]olicy. It was contrary to British policy to foster industries by bou[illegible]or protection, but to pay for reserve of auxiliary vessels would certainly be to the public advantage.

SELBORNE'S REPLY.

Lord Selborne, the First Lord of the Admiralty, in the course of a reply, referred to the Atlantic shipping combine. He said it seemed to him that the balance was one of disadvantage to the combination, because it necessarily placed very large powers in the hands of a few men. The Government disclaimed any sort of jealousy of the intention of the Americans here. They had an American marine of their own, and they had a perfect right to a full share of the Atlantic trade. It was the British interest that they should have it. It should not be an almost British monopoly.

On the other hand, Great Britain could not afford to see herself squeezed out of the Atlantic trade. The Imperial Government's attitude, therefore was not one of hostility but of anxiety, and not until they had formed a final opinion of the whole question could they wisely or fairly enter into agreements with one party or the other. It would never do to rely in time of war on merchant ships of other nations for the purposes of British carrying trade.

Great Britain had fallen behind in regard to vessels of high speed because she had not given heavy subsidies like other nations. The expense of so large a subsidy policy was so incredulous that, in his opinion, the subsidizing of commercial corporations should and must be confined to a limited number and for a special and definite purpose. While merchant cruisers had their proper place in time of war they could never be substituted for naval cruisers, nor would the possession of merchant cruisers ever diminish the shipbuilding vote for the navy.

CORONATION SEMI-PRIVATE

Truth Says Only a Few Officials and Members of the Family Will be Present.

London, July 9.—Following is the bulletin posted at Buckingham Palace regarding King Edward's condition at ten o'clock this morning:—

"The King's progress is uninterrupted. His Majesty sleeps well, and is gaining strength. The wound is slowly healing.

"(Signed) "TREVES,
"LAKING,
"BARLOW."

Truth says that when the coronation is held only the Royal Family, a few relatives from abroad and the permanent ambassadors in London representing foreign countries will be present. There will be a procession from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Abbey and back, and nothing else. The functions will be limited to the actual day of the coronation. The suggested August dates are unpopular, as August is the holiday month for London residents.

JUST BACK FROM TEMISKAMING

Hon. Mr. Tarte Says Canada Does Not Realize Value of This District.

The Hon. J. Israel Tarte, Minister of Public Works, arrived in Montreal today after a trip through the Temiskaming and Lake St. John districts, and left again at noon with his staff on a tour through the great lakes for the inspection of the waterways.

The Minister of Public Works is more enthusiastic than ever over the possibilities of New Quebec and New Ontario.

Speaking to a representative of The Herald this morning, Mr. Tarte said:

"The people of Quebec and Ontario don't begin to know what they've got in the Lake St. John and Temiskaming regions. It is a wonderful country. There is room for hundreds of thousands of settlers there."

TITLED LADY DEAD.

Rome, July 9.—The Duchess of Atholl (who was the eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Moncreiffe), died yesterday night while on her way from the village of Sasso Maggiore, near Parma, Italy, to Axenfels, Switzerland.

AMERICANS HAVE SMITHFIELD TRADE

Chicago Packers Have Stolen the Business of the Great London Market.

London, July 9. Experts in the meat trade who have been questioned regarding the latest developments in the American invasion of that trade, say that the Smithfield market is already under the absolute control of American houses. Its capture has been secret and gradual. Chicago, through London representatives, now regulates the price of beef in London, Liverpool and Manchester. Less than ten years ago there was no American stall in Smithfield market. The Americans then sold through English schemers, paying 2 1-2 per cent. commission, which, it is estimated, amounted to $5,000 a year. Then came the American invasion. Swift & Co. came first and others followed. Now fourteen of the leading stalls are occupied by American houses.

The Daily Mail says that these companies have not only eliminated the former commission, but have succeeded in raising the price of beef. The English representatives of these concerns meet daily and agree upon prices to their mutual advantage. As regards refrigerator beef, which comprises 75 per cent. of the beef consumed in England within the past six months, prices have been raised three cents a pound. The conditions in the English provinces are similar. Buyers there no longer come to Smithfield market, but deal direct with the American depot at Liverpool and Southampton. The Americans have prevented the English from importing live cattle by taking practically all the available freight space for six and twelve months' time. They will run this space unladen rather than allow opposition firms to use it. So smart and relentless has been the American competition that the game is now practically left to them by the disheartened English traders. It is expected that beef will reach a record price before winter. The British side of the Smithfield market declares that the only thing that will prevent this will be the re-opening of the Argentine supply, now that Argentine is said to be free from the foot and mouth disease.

WORK OF THE CORONER.

Joseph David, who was injured in an explosion in a quarry at Bedford, Que., while blasting, was brought to the General Hospital here last night and died shortly after midnight. His chest was crushed in, and his skull fractured. Coroner McMahon has been notified and an inquest will be held.

Coroner McMahon has disposed of the case of Francis Martineau, 58 years of age, who died yesterday at the General Hospital of the heat, as death from natural causes.

COOLING SUMMER DRINK.

The hot weather at once suggests to the mind of sweltering humanity that popular and refreshing drink Hires' Root Beer, harmless, cool, and quickly prepared. Full directions on each wrapper. Every grocer keeps it.

AN ASSIGNMENT.

The firm of Arthur and Henri Beaudry, hotelkeepers and flour and feed merchants at Longueuil, have assigned to Patrick Bluteau, of Montreal. The liabilities amount to $8,500, the principal claim against the estate being three mortgages, one for $2,000, held by Dr. Alex. Marsolais; one for $1,500, held by Pierre Brais, and another for $1,400, held by Dr. M. C. Provost.

MANUFACTURERS TO MEET.

Annual Reports of the Association to Be Read at Meeting To-morrow.

The annual meeting of the Montreal branch of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association will be held in the Council room of the Montreal Board of Trade tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The report of the executive for the past year will be received and a new committee elected. Nominations for Montreal representatives to the executive council will also be made. The committee on Technical Education will present an important report.

WOULD BE NOTARIES.

Thirty-Six Candidates Now Taking Examinations at Laval.

Thirty-six candidates for admission to practice as notaries are writing on examinations at Laval University. Three applicants for admission to study law are also writing.

The examinations began yesterday morning and will probably be continued all week.

WHERE CANADIAN TEACHERS ARE

The Dominion Now Has Educational Representatives All Over South Africa.

Toronto, July 9. Miss Florence J. Wilkinson, one of the teachers who went from Toronto to South Africa to teach the Boer children in the schools established by the British authorities, send the following names, Canadian addresses and destinations in South Africa of the first twenty teachers sent from Canada:

Florence J. Wilkinson Toronto—Potchefstroom, Transvaal.
Augusta Hoover, Toronto Junction—Potchefstroom, Transvaal.
Berta Brydon, Little Current, Algoma—Irene, Transvaal.
Katharine McLennan, Toronto—Belfast, Transvaal.
Edna E. O'Brien, Laskay, Ont.—East London, Cape Colony.
E. Maud McFarlane, Peterboro—Kierksdorp, Transvaal.
Eleanor Yenney, Peterboro—Kierksdorp, Transvaal.
Margaret D. Scott, Hamilton—Belfast, Transvaal.
Davina Rodger, Belwood—Heidelburg, Transvaal.
Sara E. Drysdale, Perth—Krugersdorp, Transvaal.
Florence Randal, Ottawa—Krugersdorp, Transvaal.
Annie Moulton, Gananoque—Middleburg, Transvaal.
Libbie Roger, Belwood—Heidelburg, Transvaal.
Julia Urquhart, Ottawa—Krugersdorp, Transvaal.
Ruby M. Rothwell, Ottawa—Krugersdorp, Transvaal.
Georgia A. Grant, Newington—Bloemfontein, Transvaal.
Isabel Perry, Montreal—East London, Cape Colony.
Mabel K. Coffey, Millington, Brome County, Que.—Irene, Transvaal.
E. G. MacBurney, Montreal—East London, Cape Colony.
Sara L. Abbot, Montreal—East London, Cape Colony.

MAYOR MEANS TO FIGHT FOR CITY

The breach between the city authorities and the Harbor Commissioners seems to be widening.

The Mayor has declared repeatedly at recent meetings of the Harbor Board that he sits at the meeting of the commissioners as the guardian of the interests of the city of Montreal. It is from the city's standpoint that he views every question that comes up. Some of the commissioners are the representatives of the Government, others represent the trade and commercial interests of the port, and others the shipping interest, but the Mayor is there for the city.

Taking this view of his functions, it is inevitable that he should regard the dispute between the Harbor Board and the city authorities with regard to Commissioner Street entirely from the standpoint of the City Surveyor.

It is his intention to bring the matter to an issue at this afternoon's meeting of the board by moving that Commissioners Street be transferred to the city in pursuance of the understanding that it was to be placed within the city jurisdiction as soon as completed. The board meeting should have been held this forenoon in the regular order of things; but through the indisposition of the President it was postponed till later in the day.

The view that has hitherto been held by the board concerning the reversion of Commissioner Street to the city is that the street will not be finished until the macadamized roadway has been paved with scoria blocks.

The Mayor contends that the city is prepared to do the paving itself, and that it would be better to have the transfer of jurisdiction made forthwith. His Worship is not satisfied with the way the street has been built. He says there ought to have been a stone foundation underneath the macadam, and that without it a subsidence is inevitable. He is opposed to the city paying a cent of the $40,000 odd that the commissioners contend should be paid over to them out of the treasury at the City Hall. His purpose is to spend this money in paving the street with scoria blocks or granite.

What decision the commissioners may arrive at this afternoon remains to be seen, but the probabilities point to another lawsuit. The board cannot very well accept the Mayor's dictum that the work they have done on the harbor front is defective.

NO POLICE COURT SHEET.

There was no sheet in the Police Court to-day, the first time for some weeks.

TO MAKE TRIUMPHAL ENTRY

Lord Kitchener Will be Met by Troops When He Lands at Southampton.

TO LUNCH WITH THE PRINCE OF WALES

London County Council Decides to Tender Its Congratulations.

London, July 9.—The programme for the reception of Lord Kitchener on his arrival from South Africa, is similar to the one carried out upon the occasion of the home-coming of Lord Roberts, the commander-in-chief of the forces.

After his elaborate reception at Southampton, Lord Kitchener is expected to reach London at noon on July 12. He will be escorted to St. James' Palace, where he will be entertained at luncheon by the Prince of Wales. The Prince will act for the King and it is said His Majesty, were it not for his illness, would have honored Lord Kitchener by entertaining him at luncheon as he did Lord Roberts when the latter returned.

The resolution adopted by the London County Council to tender Lord Kitchener the congratulations of London upon the successful termination of the South African war, was opposed by the labor members of the Council and by Lord Russell (Lisbeth), who remarked that he could not forget, or forgive the judicial murder of Commandant Scheepers. But the resolution was passed with only a dozen dissenting voices.

HOPE TO SATISFY FREIGHT HANDLERS

Chicago, July 9.—The Freight Handlers' strike, which called out 5,000 men yesterday, and seriously curtained the handling of freight, appeared no nearer settlement this morning than it did yesterday. Chairman J. D. of the State Board of Arbitration, said no result had yet come of his offer of arbitration.

At all the freight houses pickets endeavored to persuade new-comers from taking jobs, and sought to lure men away already at work.

The jobbing interests of the city are seriously crippled in their shipping departments. The roads so far have had but little chance of handling anything save perishable freight.

This afternoon the Teamsters Union decided not to aid the strikers. They issued a statement that they could not violate the existing agreements with the team-owners of Chicago.

It is hoped, and with considerable assurance, that the strike, which has almost paralyzed railroad shipping since Monday, will be called off by to-night.

Pursuant to the plan of the State Board of Arbitration yesterday, and accompanied by the parties to the controversy, a meeting of the strikers was held this morning to appoint committees to visit the officials of the representative roads. It is believed that these committees and the railroad managers will be able to compromise their differences on the wage question. The results of the various conferences will be submitted to a general meeting of the union this afternoon.

TATTOO DID NOT MAKE ANY MONEY

Althought the figures which will literally represent the exact receipts realized from the military tattoo held on the grounds of the M.A.A.A. last evening, have not yet been compiled, it is learned by The Herald from reliable authority that the gross receipts will approximately reach only $1,200. While the completed returns may show a few dollars more or a few dollars less, this sum is substantially correct.

It was ascertained from some of the gentlemen who have been foremost in promoting the enterprise and who are in close touch with the details and management of the tattoo, that the necessary incidental expenditures would probably amount to as much, if not more, and that consequently there would be no addition to the soldiers' monument fund from that source.

The tattoo required no little extra practice and work on the part of the military bands and entailed a great amount of labor upon those energetic and patriotic gentlemen who perfected the arrangements and made the event possible, all of which, in view of the sparing patronage accorded, will be for naught.

The object of the entertainment was certainly praiseworthy, and should have merited the hearty support of the citizens of Montreal. A suitable monument to fittingly commemorate the heroism, loyalty and patriotism of the flower of young manhood who went forth from our city in response to the voice of Empire to do and to die for King and country, would be an ornament to the Canadian metropolis which would not only reflect honor on her citizens, but to which they could point with pride as an evidence of their appreciation of heroic deeds. The monument fund was the only beneficiary, and those in charge have donated time and money to the project, while the expenditures were the smallest possible.

Through The Herald's Sieve.

EXPLORER PEARY is a chump if he comes back from the North Pole this weather.

A COLLEGE GIRL jumped 13 feet 7½ inches—and it wasn't at a man either.

WHEN A RICH MAN of 80 asks a girl of 18 to share his lot, she is thinking of the cemetery lot and he isn't.

THE WEATHER now has just about
Reached that boiling condition,
When shirt waist men can venture out
And give their exhibition.

PEOPLE IN MONTREAL who paid $2.50 a seat to see the Hon. Richard Mansfield, fortunately have a long summer before them in which to kick themselves.

AS THE CORONATION is going to be very plain, the Americans who purchased $3,000,000

worth of diamonds might as well begin shipping them back to the glass factory.

Strenuous Bill.

The kaiser writes a poem,
The kaiser sings a song,
The kaiser draws a picture
Which electrifies the throng.

The kaiser writes a drama,
The kaiser steers a boat,
The kaiser criticises
What some other genius wrote.

He works till after midnight,
He's up at twilight gray,
The motto that he favors is
"This is My Busy Day."

VENEZUELA IS reported to be in a state of siege. Heretofore it has generally been in a state of chaos.

WONDERFUL to relate, the automobile race from Paris to Innspruck was completed without the destruction or even the mutilation of a single spectator.

CANADA'S POPULATION is 5,900,000, and out of this Toronto has 7,366,661. Growing times.

THERE ARE three kinds of fat, and most fat people think they have them all.

THE MAN who has invented a new method of cutting diamonds has not yet discovered a way to cut the price of them.

The Marked Woman.

Surpassing fair she was, and yet
Grim Fate had snared her in its net—
A price was on her head!
And as she walked among the crowd
Some sneered, some even laughed aloud,
For Charity was dead.

Her fair cheek mantled with diamay,
For faring forth that summer day
To bow at Fashion's shrine,
She found that on the hat she wore
A printed slip this legend bore:
"Reduced—$3.99."

WE IMAGINE that the devil always chuckles when he sees a 15-year-old boy waxing rowdyish and cigaretteish.

THE BEST WAY to get poor fast is to invest in a get-rich-quick schema.

"DOWN WITH the Decollette waist," says a Minister. Great Scott! We hope he doesn't want it made any lower.

JUST WANT to remind Toronto in case it forgets that our population is 358,000.

BOY IN THE WEST has slept for two weeks, and the doctors are puzzled. It's a clear case. He probably comes from Toronto.

"THE FAVORITE word with a woman is the last one," says the Westmount philosopher.

THE HON. JOE CHAMBERLAIN may have a sore head, but it's not in it for a second with the Hon. J. P. Whitney's.

THOSE INDIANS who discovered Noah's Ark up in Alaska may be arkaeologists.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN'S opinion of poker as a wicked game indicates that he has been successfully vaccinated against the Monte Carlo microbe.

THIN PEOPLE this warm weather
Should heave up blessings that

They haven't got to carry round
Two hundred pounds of fat.

THE DISTRESSING news comes from South Africa that Gen. Botha is also going to write a book.

THERE ARE ALWAYS two ways to do a thing, and it's a short cut to the wrong way.

THE KAISER'S contention that forty-five minutes is enough time to devote to dinner will be sure to evoke a retort from the Amalgamated Association of Dyspeptics.

HAVING SIGNED his contract and left directions for the forwarding of his salary, the new King of Saxony can now start away on his vacation knowing that everything will go on just the same in his absence.

IT IS TRUTHFULLY said in behalf of Alfred Austin that his poetry is always perfectly ladylike. Let us give credit where credit is due.

The Banker.

On the recent poem about bankers a banker replies as follows:

'Twould be nice to be a banker,
And keep stacking wads away,
If one could work three hours
And call the same a day;
It is nice to feel the texture
Of the newly printed bills,
But the loads of greasy money
Gives one nausea and chills.

Oh, it would be very pleasant
Could we start to work at 10,
And at 3 close all the ledgers
And duck for home again.
But don't begrudge the banker
His blissful holiday,
For the next days bring him trouble
In a thousand varied ways.

Without Prejudice.

This versification hangs in a number of Michigan saloons:

The Frenchman likes his native wine,
The German drinks his glass of beer,
The Irishman his whiskey straight,
Because it gives him cheer.
The Englishman likes 'aff and 'aff,
Because it brings on dizziness.
But the American has no choice at all,
He drinks the whole blanked business.
—Petoskey Lyre.

TO DEFEND BY ARTS OF PEACE

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Says Great Britain is the One Nation Which Will Never be Drawn Into Militarism.

London, July 9.—The British Empire League had a large meeting yesterday, at which questions of concern to the Empire were discussed.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and those of his ministers who are in London, were entertained at a complimentary banquet at the Constitutional Club last night. They were given a grand reception, and the applause which followed Sir Wilfrid's utterances was most pronounced. He said nothing about the Imperial conference. He observed that while some thought the British Empire must be preserved by war he believed it could be well defended by the arts of peace. Britain, Sir Wilfrid declared, is the one nation in Europe which can never be carried away by the spirit of militarism.

Referring to the conference at the meeting of the British Empire League last night, the Duke of Devonshire said it was almost impossible that defence should be obtained until further opportunity is afforded the representatives to consult with the respective colonies. He thought the commercial relations would be solved in accordance with those economic laws which we now disregard, but which will inevitably assert themselves. Regarding Imperial defence, that was a question which could not await the conference. Consideration must be given to the state of the colonial forces; whether they are as now organized of the greatest value to the Empire, or whether the present Empire is to remain inviolate, or the colonies become independent states, providing for their own security.

The Prince and Princess of Wales gave a dinner this evening in the state apartments of St. James' Palace to the Colonial Premiers now in London and fifty other representatives of the colonies and their ladies. Mr. Chamberlain, of course, was unable to attend, but Mrs. Chamberlain was present. St. James' Palace was handsomely decorated for the occasion, and the dinner was most pleasant and not particularly formal.

The early opening of the Parliament of Cape Colony, fixed for August 20, has necessitated the hurried departure of Sir John Gordon Sprigg, the Cape Premier, who will sail for Cape Town Saturday. Consequently the Colonial Conference is deprived of his assistance.

A despatch from the Cape says the House will meet August 20.

FOOLED HOUNDS AND A THOUSAND MEN

Tracy, the Fugitive Convict, Made Another Wonderful Escape From His Pursuers Yesterday.

Seattle, Wash., July 9.—Harry Tracy, the fugitive Oregon convict, who has killed six men and wounded several others since June 9, is being hotly pursued by men and dogs in the country southwest of Seattle, and will possibly be slain or captured within a few hours. His pursuers, who have with them two fine bloodhounds, are only a short distance behind him.

Tracy made another extraordinary escape from one of the posses after him this evening. Word was received at the sheriff's office that Tracy had been at the house of a Mrs. Gerald, near Renton, for five hours. Fifty armed men hastened to the scene. When they reached the place they scattered and took position so they could watch the house to the best advantage. The peculiar actions of Mrs. Gerald convinced them that Tracy was still in the house. On arrival of Sheriff Cudihee, the posse closed in on the house, only to learn from Mrs. Gerald that Tracy had given them the slip. He had left the house by a rear door ten minutes previously, while the posse were taking up positions to watch the place. Hid for a few minutes in some of the bushes, and then quietly slipped away through the woods toward Palmer.

The wonderful coolness and daring of the convict was never more fully exemplified than in this instance. In the back yard of the Gerald home, Anderson, the man whom Tracy had kept a prisoner from the time he left Port Madison, was found tied to a tree.

Bloodhounds were hastily brought up from the rear and turned loose on the hot scent, only a few minutes behind the man. Both dogs struck the trail down the stream, following it for a quarter of a mile, and, crossing the track, only to double back and swim the river.

Half way between Cedar River and Burroughs' boat house both dogs ran into Cayenne pepper sprinkled in the outlaw's retreating footsteps. Their nostrils were filled with the fiery substance, and fully ten minutes were lost in relieving the dogs so that they could again exercise their powers of smell. Pressed to desperation, Tracy here made a circuit, headed due north, and plunged into the outskirts of the lake, where he finally succeeded in casting the scent.

It was then dark, and the guard returned to Fenton with the dogs. A thousand armed men are said to have been engaged up to the present.

FIFTY THOUSAND ON GUARD

All of the British Troops Are by No Means to be Withdrawn From South Africa.

London, July 8.—A despatch from Cape Town says the British garrison in South Africa, which will be under the command of General Lyttleton, will number 50,000 men.

The Daily Mail this morning says the permanent garrison in South Africa is to be 50,000 men, under the command of Lieut.-General Lyttleton. Besides this force the system of having a large number of reservists scattered throughout the country, either on farms or in official positions, will be extensively followed. The reservists could be called upon for service in case of an emergency.

COLLIDED IN THE FOG.

Big Passenger Boat Reached Newport With a Hole in Her Bow And a Frightened Lot of People.

Newport, R.I., July 9.—The steamer Priscilla, of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Line of Sound steamers, is at her pier here with one of her crew dead and a big hole in her port bow. She collided with an unknown steamer, on her way out of this harbor last night.

She was running out in a dense fog, when she encountered the other vessel, which is thought to be one of the Norfolk liners. Finding herself considerably damaged, she put back here.

KILLED ON SHIPBOARD.

Two Sailors Fell With a Broken Mast at St. Stephen.

St. John, N.B., July 9.—(Special.)—John Forbes, one of the crew of the schooner Ernest T. Lee, at St. Stephen, was killed this morning, and another man, William Murdock was seriously injured. They were working aloft on a broken mast, when it fell, carrying them to the deck. Forbes belonged to the Cape Verde Islands and Murdock to Calais, Maine.

RELAX GRAIN AND WINE DUTIES

A Correspondent Attributes That Willingness to the Colonial Secretary.

New York, July 9.—(Special.)—I. N. Ford cables that Hon. Mr. Chamberlain is willing to relax the grain and wine duties in favor of the Colonies, if they in return will lower their tariffs now standing against Great Britain. These results of mutual preference he will be likely to explain as gains for free trade.

KILLING HEAT.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 9.—The mercury is still in the nineties, but thunder storms and cooler weather are predicted for Thursday. Six deaths from the heat and ten serious prostrations have been reported since yesterday. The mill workers are the greatest sufferers, and many of them have been obliged to stop work.

FAIR AND WARM.

Probabilities.—Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence — Warm weather, becoming showery. Thursday, fresh westerly winds, local showers, mostly fair. Manitoba—Fine and warmer. Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf — Westerly winds, fair and warm. Thursday, fresh westerly winds, local showers, mostly fair.

Readings by The Optical and Engineers' Supply Co.—At noon, yesterday, 29.91; at 8 a.m. to-day, 29.89; 11 a.m. to-day, 29.91. Temperature to-day, maximum 79, minimum 62; yesterday, maximum 85, minimum 66.

WHAT THE CRITICS SAY OF THE HERALD'S NEW SERIAL "Lords of the North"

Rev. Dr. Bryce, in Manitoba Free Press: "One thing is very evident, and that is that Miss Laut knows the ground of which she speaks, and has well mastered the historical basis of her story. . . . We have in Miss Laut a story writer with elements of real power."

Each Canadian Province to Have Two of the Rhodes Scholarships.

St. John, N.B., July 9 (Special).—Dr. Bridges, Principal of the Grammar School, has a letter from Dr. George R. Parkin, now in England, stating that he called on Earl Grey with reference to the position of Canada in connection with the Rhodes Scholarships. Earl Grey assured him that Canada stood in the same position as the United States, and that there would be two Scholarships for each State and an equal number for each Province.

THOUSANDS CHEERED CITY BANDSMEN DURING TATTOO HELD LAST NIGHT

Affair Was in Every Way a Pronounced Success.

TROOPS WITH TORCHES LINED PARADE GROUNDS

Bands of City Regiments Played Singly and in Unison—The Programme.

It was 8.45 o'clock last night when the first fire balloon was sent eastward over the city to carry the tidings that the great military tattoo had begun. Five hundred men stood drawn up on three sides of a square on the M.A.A.A. grounds facing the thousands that waited on the stands, and the glare of their torches lighted up their varied uniforms and revealed the squad of buglers in the centre.

A gun boomed out; the bugles sounded first post and scarcely had the notes of the signal call that followed died away, when the band of the Second Regiment Canadian Artillery swung along the course in front of the stands. They played "The Maple Leaf Forever" and the crowd greeted them with frantic applause.

With a dash and abandon that nothing equals, "The British Grenadiers" was the march to which the 1st Prince of Wales Fusiliers band went by, and were followed by the band of the 3rd Victoria Rifles of Canada, playing "The Charlatan." As each band completed the course, it drew up in the centre of the open square and accompanied the next band that went by—sometimes a few notes late, but that was unavoidable at the distance, and then it was largely guess work. The 5th Royal Scots came down the course like a clan on parade, making the echoes ring with "The Campbells Are Comin'."

The crowd was almost weary from applauding, but when the band of the 65th Carabiniers, Mount Royal, appeared, to their regimental march, "13th Regiment Quickstep," they summoned up another effort, which was sustained until the 85th Battalion band had joined the others to the air of "The Pleiodes."

The bands massed close in the centre, and back of the line of troops two figures leaped into flame. They were Their Majesties, and the crowd rose to their feet and stood uncovered while the great band of 250 men made the stars tingle with the National Anthem. They were under the leadership of Mr. G. C. Arless, bandmaster of the 2nd Regiment Canadian Artillery.

Bugles have a tendency to make people sit up and feel warlike and generous, and the grandstand broke into cheers and kept time with their feet as the buglers and drummers of the 3rd Victoria Rifles, Royal Scots, 65th Carabiniers and the 85th Battalion marched past under Sergt. Bugler J. B. A. Tison, of the 65th. Meanwhile the heavens were alight with colored fire, rockets spluttered and burst, long lines of flame shot up and across and everyway, and the effect was gorgeous.

CORONATION MARCH.

A fanfare of trumpeters drew the crowd's attention to the bands again, and it was realized that something extraordinary was on. The first strains of the "Coronation Prize March" floated out over the grounds, and swelled into a few magnificent bars. The "Coronation March" is a beautiful composition that partakes of the dual nature of a hymn of thanksgiving and a march, but it has to be rendered by a large organization to do it justice; and justice was done it last night.

The drums and fifes of the 1st Prince of Wales Regiment took a turn and whistled the National Anthem and Rule Britannia with a heavy snare-drum accompaniment, under the leadership of Mr. Mitchell.

ZOPFENSTREICH.

The gem of the musical programme was "Zopfenstreich." People were inclined to be suspicious of it when they read the name, and saw that it was German tattoo music, but they did their best to encore the piece at its conclusion. The bands were under Mr. C. C. Anthony, of the 5th Royal Scots, and he had the huge organization under as perfect control as a small orchestra. "Zopfenstreich" combines everything known in music. It gives one a little of the bugles and drums, a grand opera chorus, with special solo work by the tenor, a sublime hymn and a passionate love song, a pathetic farewell, and a dainty ballet dance; "Zopfenstreich" has all these elements beautifully combined, and everybody was satisfied.

The Scotch must have been present in considerable numbers, for they made a lot of noise when the 5th Royal Scots' pipers played a march, led by Pipe-Major D. Manson. The buglers and drummers took another turn of the course under the leadership of Sergt.-Bugler F. Smith, and the massed bands started in again under Mr. D. Picard on a selection of National airs, which included Rule Britannia, the March Past, the Maple Leaf Forever, and God Save the King.

Last post sounded, and the flambeaux bearers broke the line and formed up in four ranks, two in front of the massed bands and two behind. Starting from the eastern end of the grounds, the whole parade moved across the field, torches waving, kilts swinging, and the bands playing the Maple Leaf. It was a great finish; and people stood up to watch the last man disappear throught the gates.

The field was dark and deserted, with here and there a flitting form clearing up the debris. Where a minute before all had been life and movement and color, a few charred embers showed where the display had been. The tattoo was over.

A BIG SUCCESS.

It was a big success, and compares favorably with others held in Canada, equalling that of 1899 at Carling's Heights, London, when Major-General Hutton was in command, and about 3,500 troops took part. The tattoo was in aid of the Soldiers' Memorial to the officers and men of the Canadian militia who fell in South Africa, and had it taken place as originally intended, on the coronation night, when visiting corps would have swelled it to huge proportions, it would have been a record-breaker for Canada.

Lieut.-Colonel Roy, D.O.C., accompanied by Major Stewart and staff, was present. The executive officer was Lieut.-Col. A. E. D. Labelle, with Capt. J. H. Wynne, of the 2nd Canadian Artillery, and Capt. Beauchamp, of the 65th, as assistants.

LEAVINGS.

The line might have been better in the last march past, but the effect was good, if the marching was not.

Many were heard to swear off when the rockets and contorting fireworks got in their deadliest efforts.

St. Catherine street echoed to the drums for hours after the tattoo, as the men returned.

Music can't make a person altogether forget hard seats, and the M.A.A.A. benches are no Morris chairs.

There were no accidents, but that was not the fault of a lot of children who tried to provide them.

"Zopfenstreich" was all right.

The bugler who did the signal work was thirsty, and his talk was dry and broken.

MONTREAL WAS HOT BUT OTHERS WERE HOTTER

One Death Occurred in the City Yesterday From Heat—The Temperature.

The deadly heat of yesterday prostrated many people, and brought discomfort to all, but to one man it was fatal.

Xavier Martineau, a carter, living at 833 Sanguinet Street, was driving a load of stones along Mount Royal Avenue in the afternoon, when he fell from his waggon at the intersection of Papineau Avenue. Passers-by ran to his assistance and found him unconscious.

The Notre Dame Hospital ambulance was called, and the surgeon pronounced it a case of sunstroke. Martineau died while being conveyed to the hospital. He was 55 years of age.

Weather forecasts indicate that this hot wave will continue for several days, but relief is expected on Friday, when showers and thunderstorms are promised. The thermometer began to go up in the air early yesterday morning, reaching 85 degrees by two o'clock in the afternoon. At four o'clock the temperature dropped to 77 on account of the shower of rain, but decided to go back to its former height, which was maintained until six o'clock.

Yet we were cool compared with some other places. Toronto had just a beautiful 91 degrees, but they deserved it all, and Quebec sweltered under 84. Throughout Quebec and the Maritime Provinces the heat was intense, with heavy showers and thunderstorms.

Readings at McG l Observatory for the twenty-four hours yesterday show the following results :—

1 a.m.	64	1 p.m.	84
2 a.m.	64	2 p.m.	85
3 a.m.	64	3 p.m.	85
4 a.m.	65	4 p.m.	7
5 a.m.	68	5 p.m.	81
6 a.m.	69	6 p.m.	80
7 a.m.	72	7 p.m.	79
8 a.m.	74	8 p.m.	78
9 a.m.	76	9 p.m.	74
10 a.m.	79	10 p.m.	73
11 a.m.	80	11 p.m.	72
12 Noon	83	Midnight	71

MUNICIPALITIES OF CANADA TO MEET HERE

The Union of Canadian Municipalities will probably meet here on September 15-17. The City Council has extended an invitation, and the Westmount Council has appointed a committee, consisting of Mayor Lighthall, Councillors Walker, Borland and Rodger and Mr. W. Minto to assist in their entertainment.

The meeting is likely to be an important one. The union represents seventy municipalities from every part of Canada, and a large number of questions about legislation and other matters affecting municipal interests will be considered.

ODDFELLOWS' OFFICERS

EXCELSIOR LODGE.

At the regular meeting of Excelsior Lodge, No. 12, I.O.O.F., held at 251 St. James street, last evening, the following officers were elected and immediately installed by D.D.G.M. Nell Macdonald, assisted by Grand Secretary T. J. Potter and Past Grands J. S. Corley, C. Spencer and R. Percy: H. J. Weaver, J.P.G.; J. S. Walker, N.G.; Wm. Beech, V.G.; George M. Brown, recording secretary; J. E. Loiselle, financial secretary; L. Trudeau, treasurer; Thos. Dels, warden; H. L. Cohn, conductor; R. Percy, R.S.N.G.; Thos. Bruce, L.S.N.G.; O. Polsen, R.S.V.G.; Geo. R. Woodburn, R.S.S.; G. M. Brown, J. S. Walker and H. L. Cohn, Grand Lodge representatives.

LOYAL HARMONY LODGE.

The half-yearly meeting of Loyal Harmony Lodge, No. 7454, I.O.O.F., M.U., was held at 1863 Notre Dame street, last evening, when satisfactory reports were presented and the following officers elected for ensuing term: S. J. McGown, N.G.; J. Donald, G.M.; S. Bannister, V.G.; Thos. Lewis, recording secretary; J. A. Tetrault, treasurer; Debe Quaid, warden; H. Crompton, R.S.N.G.; J. E. A. Dion, L.S.N.G.; T. W. Parker, R.S.V.G.; J. Meunier, L.S.V.G.; A. Authier, R.S.S.; Thos. James, L.S.S.; J. A. Tetrault, conductor; L. Lafariere, I.G.; A. Cunningham, O.G.; J. Donald, S. P. Thibaudeau and J. E. A. Dion, auditors; Dr. R. A. Kerr, surgeon; S. P. Thibaudeau, chaplain; A. Cunningham, T. Lewis and T. Kinnon, trustees; J. A. Tetrault, J. Donald and A. Cunningham, deputies.

STAR OF WESTMOUNT LODGE.

Star of Westmount Lodge, No. 33, I.O.O.F., at its regular meeting in Elm Hall, Westmount, elected Messrs. C. Spencer and Fred Jones as Grand Lodge representatives.

LOYAL STAR OF THE WEST LODGE

At the half-yearly meeting of Loyal Star of the West Lodge, No. 6313, I.O.O.F., M.U., held in Richmond Hall, last evening, the following financial officers were elected for the ensuing term: C. J. Williams, financial secretary; J. A. McDowell, treasurer; Mr. Weldon, warden; J. Thurston Smith, Jas. Field and J. Butt, auditors; Thos. Pearson, J. Thurston Smith and T. Pratt, trustees; E. Young, O.G.; Dr. Kenneth Cameron, surgeon; L. O. Gee and W. Hawkins, juvenile committee.

Bickerdike Club Meeting.

The Bickerdike Club will meet Thursday evening at eight o'clock to receive reports of committees and transaction of business. Every member should attend.

Admits Stealing the Horse.

Louis Pelletier, who was arrested two weeks ago on a charge of stealing a horse from his employer three years ago, pleaded guilty, and was remanded for sentence.

Horse Had Sore Back.

Alcides Trudel, a carter, of Panet street, who was arrested by Inspector Fletcher for driving a horse with a sore back, was sentenced yesterday by Recorder Poirier to a fine of $3 or fifteen days.

Dominion College Of Music.

The following omissions were made in the results of the midsummer examinations:—Piano playing—Intermediate grade (2nd class honors)—Blanche Viau, Katie Weber. Junior grade—Alice Beaman, Edith Boyd.

Firm Fifty Years Old To-day.

Fifty years ago to-day Mr. Bruno Ledoux founded the firm of B. Ledoux & Co., carriage makers. The business has grown to large dimensions in the half century. To-night at the factory a banquet will be held to celebrate the event.

Fifth Term For Burglary.

In the Court of Special Sessions yesterday Judge Desnoyers sentenced Edmond Cote, for breaking into a house at Laprairie, to seven years in St. Vincent de Paul. Cote is 62 years of age, and has already served four terms for burglary.

Globe Trotters In Trouble.

Actions have been taken in the Recorder's Court against Numa Bles and Lucien Boyer for keeping a theatre open on Sunday. Bles and Boyer are from Paris. They sing comic and topical songs, and tell what they have seen in their travels.

Four Days Per Flower Pot.

John Logan, alias Burke, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Desnoyers, in the Court of Special Sessions, to two months in jail for stealing fourteen flower pots from Lee Chu, of 574 Lagauchetiere street. This sentence makes rather over four days for each flower pot.

Shot on the Main Street.

James Leblanc was treated at the General Hospital last night for a gunshot wound in the hand. He stated that he had got into a quarrel with a man on St. Lawrence street, and the latter pulled out a revolver, and Leblanc, raising his hand to protect his head, the bullet passed through it. The wound was not serious. The matter has been reported to the police.

Westmount's Population.

It is stated that Westmount has nearly reached the 10,000 mark in the number of its population, the total as computed June 1st being 9,522. This is in excess of the Government figures. Of these 4,194 are males, 5,328 females; an increase of 35 and 231 respectively. The Protestants were 8,084, the Roman Catholics, 883; 108 people said they belonged to other forms of belief, and the faith of 447 was unknown. The division by nationalities was as follows: British Canadians, 5,150; English, 1,529; Scotch, 896; Irish, 328; American, 440; French-Canadians, 448; others, 172; unknown, 589.

Lachine Company Lowest.

The Water Committee, yesterday afternoon, decided to recommend the acceptance of the Lachine Company's tender—$20 a horse-power from 10 p.m. to 10 a.m.—for power with which to operate the new electrical pump at the high level reservoir. Ald. Ouimet wanted the tender of Light, Heat and Power Company—$21.50 from 7 p.m. to 7 a.m.—reported at the same time, but Ald. Clearihue, the chairman, thought the committee should make a selection, which the Council would accept or reject as it saw fit, and the majority of the members agreed with him.

Three Miles of Pavement.

So far this year three miles of permanent sidewalks have been laid in the city, a record that has not been equalled in a decade. The work has cost $60,000, only half of which is borne by the city. Proprietors have now come to recognize that an asphalt sidewalk, half of the cost being borne by the city, is cheaper for them to get than wooden sidewalks. "Next year," remarked Ald. Laporte yesterday, "we shall have $200,000 to spend on sidewalks and $200,000 to spend on streets. With this money we should be able to repair all the pavements and sidewalks we now have. New work will come later, for, I think, repairs on what we have are the most pressing."

FAREWELL SERVICE FOR A MISSIONARY.

A farewell service was held in Dominion Square Church after the conclusion of the meeting of the Methodist General Conference, in which many of the old friends of the Rev. C. T. L. Bates, M.A., who was at one time pastor of that church, took occasion to personally take leave of the reverend gentleman, who is about to depart for Central China, where he will enter the missionary field.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Melvin Taylor, and a portion of the Scriptures was read by Rev. David Winter. Miss M. F. Wilson, of Ottawa, sang two solos, and then Rev. Mr. Bates made an eloquent and earnest address in behalf of foreign missions. Mr. J. Penrose Anglin also spoke.

The farewell address was made by Rev. Dr. Williams, in the course of which he feelingly referred to the hardships and trials which their brother would be called to endure in a foreign land. He said that the sympathy of all went out to the missionary, and that the King of Kings would abundantly reward him.

At the request of Dr. Williams, the congregation then joined in silent prayer for the departing missionary. A message of greeting and cheer was also sent by him to Rev. Dr. Ewen, with whom he will work. The service was closed by the singing of the Doxology and the pronouncing of the Benediction by Rev. J. W. Graham.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Umbrellas for rain, for sun, for boys, for girls, for ladies, for gentlemen, at The S. Carsley Co., Limited. Special Sale Umbrellas all this week.—adv.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Silk Umbrellas, Alpaca Umbrellas, Gloria Umbrellas and Cotton Umbrellas by the thousand, for the millions, at The S. Carsley Co., Limited.—adv.

PRIZE DAY AT THE REFORMATORY

Pupils Present a Play and Receive Rewards for Assiduity and Good Conduct.

Yesterday was prize day at the Brothers of Charity's Reformatory. The large hall in the Demontigny Street institution was gay with flags and banners, and well filled with the friends and relatives of the boys. The prizes were distributed to the three divisions of the school by Rev. Brother Hilduard, provincial of the Brothers of Charity, and director of the school, and the clergymen present. The donors of the prizes included Rev. Brother Superior Hildguard, Rev. Father Savaria, Messrs. N. Tetreau, Globensky, M. Ste. Marie, Arthur Paradis and D. Barrett, and they were given not only for progress in studies, but also for proficiency in the trades learned and conduct.

PRODUCED A PLAY.

The chief feature of the programme was a play in three acts, "The Martyrdom of St. Sebastian." The production was very well "staged," and the boys played their parts excellently. The closing scene is an effective tableau of the death of St. Sebastian, while those whom he had converted awaited a like doom, and an angel stood by to conduct their souls to heaven. All of those taking part belonged to the youngest division of the school.

Two of the older boys sang solos, and a couple of choruses were also rendered, the musical part of the programme reflecting great credit on Mr. S. Gaudry, the teacher.

HOLIDAY TIME.

The boys now have holidays, that is, the two senior sections have no study besides their instruction in trades, while the smaller boys, who are too young to receive industrial training, have only half as much time in school as usual, and double their recreation hours. The system of training was reported by the Superior to the efficient. In the case of the older lads, committed for three or four years, there is time for them to learn a trade and have their characters built up firmly. They often turn out well and there are many men in the city who owe their good position in this life to the instruction of the reformatory school. A week or so ago, an old pupil visited the institution, who is now a detective in New York, in whom his superiors place the greatest trust.

The farmers of the neighborhood are always glad to get boys from the school and prefer them to those from the orphanages. The younger boys, however, have not so good a chance. They are often committed for two years, at the age of eight and nine, and they have to leave before their characters are formed or they have learnt a trade. Their their home surroundings are generally undesirable, and too often they go to the bad again in a few months time.

FIFTY SCHOOL TEACHERS GUESTS AT THE HALL

The party of Pittsburg school teachers who are making a tour through Eastern Canada, arrived in Montreal last evening as per schedule. They number about fifty and are stopping at the St. Lawrence Hall, where arrangements for their accommodation had been made in advance. After spending to-day in visiting the various places of interest in Montreal they will leave for Quebec this evening on the 7 o'clock boat of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company. To-morrow will be spent in viewing that historical old city, and the party will return to Montreal by steamer in the evening. The following morning they will leave by the 8 o'clock train for Lake Placid, in the Adirondack Mountains, staying for four days at Stevens House, located on the high ground between Lakes Mirror and Placid. Next Tuesday they will leave Lake Placid for Niagara Falls, arriving Wednesday, and after spending the day there will return to their homes.

The teachers are travelling under the care of Mr. Robert H. Macdonald, passenger agent at Saranac Lake, N.Y., for the New York Central Railway, and say they are experiencing a most delightful trip.

CHIEF SAYS LOTTERIES HAVE NOW ALL CLOSED

Speaking of the lotteries, Chief Carpenter told a Herald reporter that he thought all trouble from them was at an end now. The detective department had done their work, and were prepared to act on any future information they might receive in regard to such gaming proceedings, but he did anticipate any further trouble. He seemed to be quite pleased at the results of the efforts made by his staff and himself.

GIVES PLACE TO FACTORY.

Thibaudeau Residence on Lagauchetiere Street to be Demolished.

Close to the Archbishop's Palace in Lagauchetiere Street, a factory is being constructed by the United Shoe Machinery Company of Canada. There is a good residence on the property, formerly occupied by ex-Ald. William Clendinneng, who sold it to Hon. Mr. Thibaudeau, but the demolition of the homestead has begun. It is one of many instances where commercial interests are making inroads on what were considered a few years ago choice residential districts.

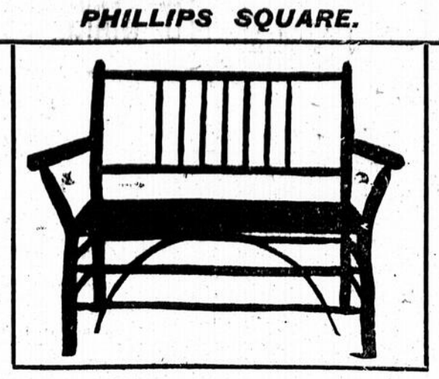
JAMES STEWART DEAD.

Once Lived in Ottawa But Latterly Was Large Contractor in St. Louis.

Kingston, Ont., July 9. — (Special.) — The death is announced in St. Louis, of James Stewart, formerly of Kingston and Ottawa. Deceased was 70 years of age. He came to Kingston in 1842, married here, and along in the fifties removed to Ottawa. In both cities he erected some extensive buildings. In 1866 he removed to St. Louis and was engaged in large contracts, and his work was always expeditiously performed. In late years he has been at work in England, on works costing millions of dollars.

Colonial House

PHILLIPS SQUARE.



Old Hickory Furniture

Very suitable for Verandahs, Porches, Lawns, Arbours, Club Houses, Etc., Etc.

Can be left outside with impunity as neither rain nor sun makes any impression on them.

Artistic, Durable, Inexpensive

Chairs, Rockers, Settees, Tables etc. Send for illustrated Catalogue.

Men's Fancy Cotton Vests

1 lot of 175, regular prices $2.50 and $3; for $1.00 each.

Men's Straw Hats

SPECIAL—Regular prices $1.50 to $3.00 for $1.00 each.

MEN'S SHOE DEPT.

$3.50 Shoes

Men's Enamel Laced Boots and Oxfords Goodyear Welt, $3.50.
Men's Patent Calf Laced Boots, Goodyear Welt, $3.50.
Men's Vici Kid Laced Boots and Oxfords, Goodyear Welt, $3.50.
Men's Velour Calf Laced Boots and Oxfords, Goodyear Welt, $3.50.
Men's Russia Calf Laced Boots and Oxfords, Goodyear Welt, $3.50.
Men's Box Calf Laced Boots and Oxfords, Goodyear Welt, $3.50.
All the above in all the new leading styles and shapes and all less 5 per cent. for cash.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.

MONTREAL.

The Ogilvy Store

A Few of Our Summer Offerings!

BOYS' CLOTHING TO SUIT EVERY BOY.

Our regular line of Boys' Homespun Suits, in Drab, Norfolk Jacket, plain or knickerbocker pants, sizes 23 to 29. Regular $5.00. Sale price, $3.75. Sizes 29 to 33. Regular, $5.00 to $6.00. Sale price, $4.50.

A Special Line of Boy's Plain Knickers, sizes 22 to 32, worth 75 cents to $2.00. Sale price, 67 cents.

Special reductions, in all other lines, from 10 per cent. to 50 per cent. off marked prices.

Special Reductions in Ladies' Sunshades.

The balance of our stock of Ladies' Sunshades, have been placed on special tables and will be cleared at Reductions, ranging from 20 per cent. to 50 per cent. off marked prices. These goods are mostly all this season's styles and coloring.

MUSLIN COSTUMES from $3.00 up.

Our Mantel Department is overflowing with everything that is new in Ladies' and Misses' summer costumes.

A special line of White Muslin Costumes, nicely trimmed with tucking and lace, different sizes. Our Summer Price is only $3.00.

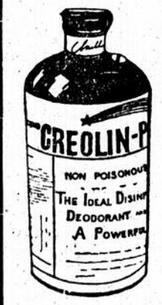
LADIES' OUTING SKIRTS at $1.50.

Ladies' White Outing Skirts, all nicely finished, in different sizes, a regular $2.75 skirt. Our Summer Price, $1.50.

BEST ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS

ST. CATHERINE AND MOUNTAIN STS.



NEXT TO VACCINATION,

CREOLIN-PEARSON

Is the best ally medical science has in fighting smallpox and similar infectious diseases. Creolin-Pearson will prevent the disease from spreading by destroying the death-bringing germs and cleansing their breeding places. It is dangerous only to germs, vermin and odors. At all druggists.

LYMAN SONS & CO., Montreal.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA.

Absolutely Unbiased Opinions

On heating systems cannot be obtained from advocates of any one system. We recommend only what we consider, from our experience, best for the particular case. We have no particular interest in any system and experience with all. Can we be of any service to you?

BALLANTYNE & CO., 159 St. Antoine Street.

LEYLAND LINE DOING WELL

Crews, Cooks and Officers Turn to Help Put Cargo in the Iberian.

Quebec, July 9.—(Special.) — Nothing of importance transpired yesterday in connection with the labor difficulty existing between the members of the Quebec Ship Laborers' Society and the Leyland Steamship Company.

The crew of the steamship Iberian were again engaged yesterday in loading the vessel with flour, and not only the sailors, but the officers, engineers and stewards connected with the vessel were called on to take off their coats and perform manual labor.

It is said that six of the crew have deserted rather than perform these extra duties—four on Monday and two yesterday. A number of the city police are kept on duty by the ship, but their services are not required as the ship laborers do not even go near the vessel, let alone make any move that could be construed into an act of intimidation. Yesterday morning a special train load of fresh beef arrived from the Armours, of Chicago, which was allowed to remain all day in the vicinity of the sheds adjoining the Great Northern grain elevator.

RAILWAY MEETING.

Montreal and Sault Ste. Marie Shareholders Elect Board of Directors.

Brockville, July 8.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie Railway Company was held in the company's offices here to-day. The report of the receiver for the year ending January 31, 1902, showed a steady increase in the earnings of the railway. The following were elected directors :—Evans R. Dick, J. Andrews, jr., Philadelphia, Pa.; Samuel Hunt, Detroit, Mich.; W. C. Fredenburg, Westport, Ont.; R. J. Murphy, Elgin, Ont.; R. Bowie, G. H. Weatherhead, W. H. Cole, D. Derbyshire, D. W. Downey, E. A. Geiger, Brockville.

At a meeting of the directors held immediately afterwards officers were elected as follows :—

President—Evans R. Dick.
Vice-president—W. H. Cole.
General manager—Samuel Hunt.
Superintendent and secretary-treasurer—E. A. Geiger.
Auditor—W. A. Gage, Brockville.

HORSES FOR MENIER.

Six Montreal Animals Will Be Taken To Antiqosti On the Savoy.

Quebec, July 9.—(Special.)—Six horses arrived yesterday from Montreal, five of which are for Mr. Menier, of Anticosti. They will be shipped to the Island on board the steamship Savoy.

Help In Securing Homes.

Last evening a meeting was held in Mechanics' Institute Hall of a local building society at which Mr. J. Widmer Nelles laid before the meeting a lot of very valuable facts and statistics which he had collected in regard to similar societies in the United States. His information was such as to show the good done by such societies in helping persons of moderate means to secure homes.

Got Lame Back or Lumbago?

No need of that now. That sort of pain can be knocked out in short order, for Polson's Nerviline, which is five times stronger than any other, penetrates at once through the tissues, reaches the source of suffering, drives it out and thus gives relief almost instantly. Not magic, but strength that gives Polson's Nerviline this power. You will think it magic, however, if you try it, pain goes so quickly. Sold by dealers everywhere, in large 25c bottles.

IF YOU HAVE

CATARRH

Remember the best Catarrh medicine that money can buy is Catarrhozone; it cures quickly and permanently when all others fail.

The remedy doesn't exist that will cure Catarrh as quickly as Catarrhozone. It relieves the most stubborn cases in a short time, and drives the disease so thoroughly from the system that it never returns.

Druggists boldly recommend Catarrhozone in preference to other remedies, because they know it is the best, and every progressive doctor prescribes it for the same good reason. Catarrhozone is a rational commonsense treatment that finds favor with everybody. It cures by the inhalation of medicated air, which comes into contact with the mucous surface of all the breathing organs. It gets at the source of the trouble, kills the germs and drives every vestige of catarrh right out of the system.

It doesn't matter how deep-seated or chronic your case may be, Catarrhozone can cure it. Even though a thousand other remedies have failed, don't give up hope till you have used Catarrhozone. It has cured other cases probably worse than yours, and will cure yours if it gets a chance.

Mr. Dutcher Low, a prominent citizen of Italy Cross, N.S., says: "I experimented with hundreds of catarrh remedies and found the majority to be worthless, dismal failures. Catarrhozone was the first to give lasting relief; it cured me and I am with pleasure testifying to its merits as a cure for Catarrh of the nose and throat.

(Signed) DUTCHER LAW.

You are sure to derive the most pleasant results from Catarrhozone. It has been tested many times and never found wanting. Every druggist in Canada sells it. Complete two months' treatment, guaranteed to cure costs $1, or a trial size 25c. By mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

If you smoke Egyptian cigarettes, try

YILDIZ "MAGNUMS"

Pure Egyptian cigarettes

Sold at all first class tobacconists, clubs and cafes. 10 for 25 cents.

Is nature's specific for DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CRAMPS, PAIN IN THE STOMACH, COLIC, CHOLERA MORBUS, CHOLERA INFANTUM, SEA SICKNESS, and all SUMMER COMPLAINTS in Children or Adults.

Its effects are marvellous.

Pleasant and Harmless to take.

Rapid, Reliable and Effectual in its action.

IT HAS BEEN A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR NEARLY SIXTY YEARS.

PRICE 35 CENTS.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. THEY ARE DANGEROUS.

PRODUCE MEN DISCUSS THEIR TRADE

Causes That Have Led to the Spoilation of Butter and Cheese.

Prof. Robertson, the Dairy Commissioner, appeared before the Montreal Produce Exchange at noon to-day to discuss with its members the improvements essential to render the transportation of cheese more secure, and also to secure suggestions that will enable the official referee to discharge his duties with greater efficiency.

The members were a unit as regards the desirability of exerting every effort to induce the railroad companies to provide refrigerator cars for cheese, and were almost equally unanimous in the belief that cheese and butter should not be shipped in the same cars.

Occasionally at present, when butter does not fill a car, the balance of the space is utilized in the transhipment of cheese. Prof. Robertson pointed out the injurious aspect of this practice, stating that the presence of the cheese almost invariably tended to heat the butter unduly.

Not a little occasion for complain has arisen over the delays experienced at stations where both butter and cheese is oftentimes exposed for a considerable period to the heat of the sun. Prof. Robertson said that the Government was prepared to remedy this defect as largely as possible; that funds had already been voted to construct refrigerators in six of the stations of Canada, where experiments in the proper transportation of butter might be held; but that if the association urged the appropriation of a larger sum for a similar purpose, more money might be forthcoming at the next session of Parliament.

Mr. P. W. McLagan, the president of the organization, occupied the chair, and possibly thirty prominent produce merchants were present. In his opening remarks he spoke of the deterioration in the quality of butter through cheese being shipped in the same cars.

CONDITION OF BUTTER.

Prof. Robertson said that the refrigerator car service was provided for butter only. Some cheese had been put into these cars. The Government had warned railway companies that no amount of guarantee would be paid in these instances. The inspector had reported that the butter was not coming in cool enough, the temperature being above 50. A good deal had been coming in at 64, the temperature of the car being higher. The butter would in these instances test all right in Montreal, but would be off color in England, which tended to give Canadian butter a second-rate place. Butter should be kept at a temperature of 45 in the tub.

An improvement, Prof. Robertson said, was needed in the transportation of cheese. The Government had urged the railway companies to provide refrigerator cars for cheese. But the reply made was that the trade did not want refrigerator cars; in fact, would not utilize them. The absence of these cars resulted in the cheese throughout the country, shipped to Montreal, to heat up the cheese placed in the boats at this point, and the whole trade consequently got a bad name in England.

MORE REFRIGERATOR CARS.

Only this morning he had been able to make an arrangement with the C.P.R. to provide 40 refrigerator cars for cheese each week, and he hoped to make a similar arrangement with the G.T.R. For the Government, he might say that it was prepared to provide a bonus similar to the butter refrigerator cars up to 80 each week for cheese, and for as many more as the railway companies were able to supply.

At the four stations which had been provided by the Government for the purpose of providing object lessons in keeping cheese cool, the officials were prepared to meet the trade properly.

Some years ago the association had suggested that the sum of $200,000 should be invested in refrigerator cars. At that time it was thought that the figure in question was an immense sum to invest in such an object; but experience had proven that no amount of money invested by the Government had ever been productive of so much good, because it had largely stimulated a trade which would expand through all time.

EQUIPPING STATIONS.

A discussion now took place on the care that should be taken with butter at way stations prior to its being placed in cars. Sometimes the butter, it appears, is permitted to be on the platform for several hours, with the sun beating down on it. In this connection, Mr. A. W. Grant suggested that a refrigerator be placed in each station, which would cost not more than $30 apiece. As butter was usually shipped once or twice a week, on stated days, it would be very easy to have these refrigerators iced on the preceding day.

Mr. John McKergow thought that it was manifest that the association must co-operate with the Government. Much had been done to assist the butter trade, but the cheese transportation was very faulty. Station agents, he thought, should be compelled by the transportation companies to state in the bill of lading whether the cheese and butter had been left standing on the platform for several hours; this would protect the trade. So far as his knowledge went, the trade had never objected to refrigerator cars.

Mr. Hodgson said that Montreal had not for years participated in a competitive rate, while Providence, Boston and New York were constantly advantaged in this way. The rates in this port were excessive, and the Government should do something to remedy that defect.

ABOUT OFFICIAL REFEREE.

In the matter of an official referee, Prof. Robertson said that this official had been appointed in response to the demand of the shippers and sellers, so that he could be available when complaint was made as to the quality of the butter. Last year, however, some of the buyers had solicited and obtained his services without regard to the seller, and much discontent had consequently arisen. The Government had, therefore, decided to revert to the original plan. All the Government wanted was that the official should only act when the shipper or buyer consented formally to the reference. It was thought that it was desirable that the shipper should be a party to the reference. The Government would like to hear suggestions as to how the referee might be made more useful.

Several of the members of the association stated that it was frequently impossible to obtain the consent of a seller to the reference until a week or ten days had elapsed. In such cases the goods might be irretrievably ruined by the delay. One gentleman suggested that the regulation should be put in a negative fashion; that when a seller stated he did not want the services of the referee, they should then be called in.

Prof. Robertson wanted to know whether it would not be possible to have a stipulation placed in the conditions under which butter and cheese were sold so that when the goods did not come up to the standard observed by the purchaser, the referee might give his decision.

Mr. McKergow thought that that would leave too much to the discretion of the buyer; that it would be preferable to have it stated that the referee's services should be solicited whenever the commodity failed to come up to the standard generally recognized as the "finest."

SHERBROOKE MUST HELP PAY

Amusement rather than astonishment characterizes the mental attitude of the leading fire insurance men in Montreal over the protest that has been made in Sherbrooke over the advance in rates in that municipality.

The people in Sherbrooke have during the past year, in common with fire insurance patrons all over the Dominion, been subjected to an increased premium. They feel that they are being called upon to make up the losses experienced by the insurance companies in other large centres.

Some of the principal agents in Montreal when seen by a Herald reporter this morning, did not deny that the surmise of the Sherbrooke people was well founded. The basic principle of al linsurance, it was pointed out, is that the greater number must help to support the losses of the few.

That is what has occurred in the present instance. Last year was an exceedingly severe one on all the fire insurance companies, both in Canada and the United States, several of the comapnies being as a consequence forced to go into liquidation.

In order to make up the losses—to maintain the solvency of the remaining companies—a general advance in rates was ordered. No particular locality was singled out; all fared alike. Sherbrooke, not unlike other cities, had some properties that were greatly susceptible to fire; upon these a nextra premium was exacted. But these were, both in Sherbrooke and in other cities, isolated instances.

One of the agents told The Herald that a single year could not be taken as an adequate criterion of the losses involved. The Sherbrooke people maintain that the payments of insurance premiums on buildings is between $70.000 and $80,000, while last year the total loss was only something between $2,000 and $3,000. Local agents say that all this may be true, but that it would be utterly impossible for the companies to readjust the tariff every six months to suit the exigencies of some single locality.

TO SELECT A SITE.

Minister of Agriculture Will Indicate Where the Dairy Will Be Built.

Quebec, July 9.—(Special.)—The Hon. A. Turgeon, Minister of Agriculture, leaves this afternoon in company with Deputy Minister Sylvestre, for the St. Hyacinthe model farm to select a site for the new provincial dairy building.

LAKE ERIE SAILS WITH MANY PASSENGERS

The Lake Erie, Beaver Line, leaves port at daylight to-morrow morning for Liverpool. Following is a list of her saloon passengers:

Mrs. Ault, Montreal.
Arthur Barsalou, Montreal; R. T. Billing, Guildford, Eng.; Mr. Brown, Halifax.
Mr. Cameron, Calgary; Captain R. S. Chaplin, Mrs. Chaplin, London, Eng.; Jas. Cheatle, Chicago.
Mrs. Davidson, Guelph, Ont.
Mrs. Ellis, Toronto.
Prof. H. R. Fairclough, Mrs. Fairclough and child, Stanford, Col.; J. Friers, Toronto.
Jefferson Hall, Mrs. Hall, Toronto; Rev. J. Harris, Mrs. Harris, Guelph, Ont.; A. R. Haycock, Mrs. Haycock, Montreal; Miss Crease in Hocking Valley dividend on con-Laura Haycock, Brantford; M. Hicks, J. N. Hicks, Montreal; A. B. Holbert, Mrs. Holbert, Greeley, Iowa; B. E. Howard, Mrs. Howard, Master Grenville Howard, Miss Emily Howard, Bay City, Mich.
Miss Patti Jack, Ottawa; Rev. Bro. James, Montreal.
Mr. Innes, Guelph, Ont.
J. B. Kerr, Mrs. Kerr, Miss Kerr, Master Kerr, Toronto; W. Kippax, Mrs. Kippax, Miss Jessie Kippax, Miss Ellen Kippax, Brantford, Ont.
K. Learmont, Toronto; Henry Lobnitz, Surbiton, Eng.; Rev. Bro. Louis Leo, Montreal.
Rev. Bro. Mactallus, Montreal; Dr. J. D. Malone, Newburgh, N.Y.; J. Melady, Toronto; A. O. Morin, Montreal; Robert McGiffin, Ottawa; Angus MacMurchy, Mrs. MacMurchy, Toronto.
John Ogilvie, Montreal; W. B. Otto, Mrs. Otto, Miss Jessie Otto, Charlotte, Mich.
Rev. W. A. Quayle, Kansas City, Mo.
Mrs. F. R. Redpath, Montreal; Mrs. John Robertson, London, Eng.; F. A. Ritchie, Toronto.
J. L. Somerville, Toronto.
Phillip Unitt, Mrs. Unitt and child, Seward, Neb.
Rev. J. F. Wicklund, Minneapolis; Miss M. Wilkes, Brantford, Ont.
Mrs. Henry Yeigh, Miss M. Yeigh, Brantford.

AUSTRIAN PRINCE UP IN POLICE COURT

London, July 9.—Hearing of the charges brought against Prince Francis Joseph of Braganza, who was a member of the Austro-Hungarian mission to the coronation of King Edward, and other men, were resumed in the Southwark police court to-day and attracted much attention. Sir Edward Clarke, the former Solicitor-General, defended the prince.

The prosecutor altered the charge from "felony" to "misconduct under the criminal law amendment." Sir Edward Clarke intimated that the defence would be conspiracy to rob and blackmail.

CANADIAN NURSE WEDS IN AFRICA

Toronto, July 9.—(Special.)—Miss Florence Cameron, daughter of John Cameron, Postmaster, London, Ont., is being married at Johannesburg, South Africa, to-day, to Samuel Blake, son of Hon. S. H. Blake, Toronto. Miss Cameron went to Africa as a nurse.

FURNITURE MEN HAVE ORGANIZED

The furniture manufacturers of Montreal met yesterday afternoon and decided to organize as a section of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association in order to strengthen their trade throughout the province. Another meeting will be held in a few days, when officers will be elected and more definite plans discussed.

OBITUARY

90 years, fifty of which he had spent in London, died on Saturday. Deceased was stricken with paralysis while working in a trench. He was a well-known Forester, being connected with both the Independent and Ancient Orders. He leaves a widow and one daughter.

Winnipeg, July 9.—A C.P.R. sectionman named James Grey was drowned Monday while bathing in Clarke's Lake, three miles southeast of Carberry. Deceased leaves a mother in Ireland.

Woodstock, Ont., July 9.—Mrs. John Gordon, mother of Mrs. F. J. Ure, wife of the City Engineer, who had been a resident of Woodstock for over fifty years, is dead.

SPECULATION OVER WHAT OFFER MEANS

House of Commons Discusses Morgan and the Admiralty.

London, July 9. — (Special.) — There was considerable speculation in the House of Commons lobby last night with regard to Morgan's offer to the British Admiralty.

Arnold Forster stated definitely that Morgan had offered to place certain British ships in the shipping combine at the disposal of the Admiralty for the next fifty years, but declined to communicate the terms to the House.

Mr. Pirrie, when questioned the other day on this topic, simply shrugged his shoulders, but it is clear from the Admiralty secretary's statement, that the combine's proposal is now under consideration, and as it has not been promptly declined, shipping members of the Commons are convinced its terms must be of a tempting nature.

At the same time they consider it beneath the dignity of the greatest sea power in the world to be dependent upon another nation for cruisers. Lord Selborne, in the House of Lords, said the American people had the perfect right to a full share of the Atlantic trade. It was to England's interest they should have it, and the British Government accordingly would not be jealous of the American marine. The Atlantic trade ought not to be an almost British monopoly, but, he added, with some significance, that Englishmen could not afford to see themselves squeezed out altogether.

MORE WAGES WANTED.

Ottawa May Have Some Street Railway Troubles.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—The Ottawa Electric Street Railway has refused to grant an increase of wages to their employes on the ground that the receipts for the past year have been impaired by the smallpox epidemic and the cold weather.

The men are not satisfied, but for want of a union are compelled to accept the terms. A union may be organized.

GREAT GEYSER DISCOVERED.

San Francosco, July 9.—Near Salina Cruz, on the Pacific Coast of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, a giant geyser is active, as the result of heavy earthquakes in that region since April 18 last. The column of water, rising to a height of about 50 feet, roars and hisses among the rocks and is an object of great interest to the people and to passing vessels, being plainly visible from the sea. It was seen by the passengers and crew of the steamer Newport, which has reached here. The steamer reports that the affairs in Guatemala are becoming normal again after the scare occasioned by the tremendous earthquakes.

STEAMER COULD NOT TURN.

Toronto, July 9. — (Special.) — The steamer Kingston was unable to turn in the strong current in the Genessee River at Charlotte last night, hence she will not complete her trip to Kingston and Prescott. She will return to Toronto to-night, and the steamer Toronto, on her regular trip, will take the Kingston's passengers the remainder of the trip.

ONLY FELL A FEW FEET.

The morning papers this morning published a highly exciting account of a man who yesterday fell from a window at Laval, five storeys from the ground and was practically unhurt. The man was Joseph Leclerc, and it was ascertained at Laval University to-day that he had fallen from a scaffolding about twelve feet from the ground, while engaged in cleaning windows. Leclerc escaped with a severe shaking up and was at work again this morning.

AT THE HOTELS.

At the Place Viger—V. C. Harper, of Singapore; J. W. Robertson, of Ottawa; Geo. E. Robinson, of St. Paul, and Rev. A. W. Mackay, of Ottawa.

At the Hall—A. Brunet, of Renfrew; J. G. Strong, of Toronto; P. S. Doing, of Brooklyn, and N. Lavoie, of Quebec.

At the Queen's—K. S. Eaton, of Providence; J. C. Harlow, of Amherst; Wm. Morison, of Toronto; Charles E. Reed, of Chicago; A. H. Taylor, of Cleveland; A. Blackburn, of London; E. A. Carroll, of Alliston, and W. R. Lawrence, of Sarnia.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet—Clear, strong west wind.
River du Loup—Clear, strong southwest wind.
Father Point—Clear, west wind; in, 6 a.m., Moeris; 7 a.m., Tritonia.
Martin River—Clear, west wind.
Fame Point—Cloudy, northwest wind; in, 4.30 a.m., Campana; 5.30 a.m., Bonarista; Aberdeen anchored.
North Shore—Clear north wind.
Bersimis—Mary anchored.
Point des Mots—In yesterday, 7 p.m., one barque.
Esquimaux Point—King Edward anchored here yesterday.
Anticosti—Cloudy, calm.
Low Point—Cloudy, west wind; in yesterday, 4 p.m., Cape Breton; out yesterday, 8.30 p.m., Urania.

NEW TOURIST'S GUIDE.

Mr. W. J. Clarke, proprietor of Mount Royal Souvenir Bazaars, has just published a beautifully illustrated and comprehensive "Tourists' Guide of Montreal." The brochure contains a History of Montreal; summary of points of interest in and about the city, and how to see them; principal churches and places of amusement, and a fund of information, historical, antiquarian and modern. The work is finely printed, on coated paper, and bears the imprint of the "Herald Press." Mr. Clarke, who is to be congratulated upon the production of such a valuable and reliable guide, modestly hopes "the stranger within our gates may obtain instruction as well as pleasure from its perusal."

ST. PATRICK'S T.A. & B. SOCIETY.

Members of the above society will hold their excursion to Lake St. Peter on the afternoon of August 4. The steamer Three Rivers has been chartered for the occasion. A progressive euchre party will be given on the return trip, for which event valuable prizes are offered. The members intend to spare no labor to make this excursion a success, and judging from the way the tickets are selling, this veteran society will take a large crowd with them on August 4.

AFTER RUGS AND PAINTINGS.

Mr. Hicks, the auctioneer, accompanied by his son, Mr. John M. Hicks, leaves tomorrow morning on the Lake Erie on his annual trip to the old country, where he will collect some examples of the English school of painting. He also intends going to Constantinople for consignments of oriental rugs. On his return, about September 1, the different consignments he receives will be put on sale here.

COLLIDED IN A FOG.

Providence, R.I., July 9.—The steamer Powhattan, Captain A. T. Hudgins, bound from Baltimore via Norfolk, for this port, arrived here this afternoon and reported having been in collision with the Fall River line steamer Priscilla last night. Her bow was badly damaged and a great hole was stove in her port side five feet below the water line. The forward compartment was flooded, but no water reached the other bulkheads of the ship, and no damage was done to the freight.

Captain Hudgins reports that at 11.05 last night the Priscilla came suddenly out of a bank of fog and that the ships came together after an exchange of signals before anything could be done to avoid a collision.

Boats were immediately made ready and an offer of assistance was made to the disabled Priscilla, but this was declined when it was found there was no immediate danger.

Newport, R.I., July 9.—The victim was John Muniz, a Portuguese deck hand. The man's body is wedged in by wreckage, so that it can be extricated only with great difficulty.

The blow to the Priscilla, it is thought, would have sunk her had not the night been very calm. The bow was nearly cut off and the stem of the other vessel penetrated fully twenty feet into her hull. The forward bulkhead was broken through, putting two compartments out of condition, sending the steamer down by the head, so that her stern came out and rendered her rudder useless.

The in-flow of water extinguished the electric lights, the dynamo room being in the damaged part of the ship. The passengers, most of whom were in bed, were turned out of their roms in darkness and found the men on the ship passing out life preservers by candle light. There was no panic.

The vessel was compelled to wait until daylight before her signals were heard and answered by two small steamers. Her sister ship, the Puritan, came to the rescue and towed her to Newport. The passengers were landed safely and given their tickets to New York by rail. They practically saved all their belongings in good order.

THE WATER CURE.

Another American Officer Has Been Ordered For Trial For Cruelty to Natives.

Manila, Jly 9.—General Chaffee has ordered Lieut. Edwin A. Hickman, of the First Cavalry, to Manili for trial by court-martial, on the charge of alleged cruelty to natives of Tayabas Province. The charges arise from the Gardener inquiry. It is alleged that Hickman ducked two natives in a stream in order to obtain information. He is further charged with having ducked a third native, who died from the maltreatement.

The court-martial, presided over by General Wm. H. Bisbee, which is trying Captain A. Ryan, of the 15th Cavalry, on the charge of unnecessary severity to natives, will try Lieut. Hickman.

The defence in the Ryan court-martial closed to-day. The arguments will be heard Saturday. The defence offered much testimony, and many documents to show that a state of insurrection existed at Jimenez, Mindanao, and that Captain Ryan was justified in using force to obtain information, protect his command and pursue the enemy. It was shown that the two natives who were "treated" communicated with the enemy, giving information fegarding the Americans' supplies.

DEPARTMENTAL CHANGES.

John Fraser Has Become Accountant and Mr. Dickenson Superannuated.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—John Fraser, assistant accountant of the Finance Department, has been promoted to the position of accountant and Dominion bookkeeper. Mr. Dickieson, who has for many years been Dominion bookkeeper, has been superannuated. Mr. Fraser will still discharge the duties of inspector of Dominion Government savings banks. Capt. T. C. Boville, who is now with Mr. Fielding in London, England, has been promoted to a chief clerkship in the Department of Finance.

There is little change in Sir John Bourinot's condition to-day. That was the information obtained at Sir John's residence at noon to-day.

ENGLISH MONEY.

The First Contribution Received From The British Empire League For Canadian Orphans.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—The Canadian Patriotic Fund Association have received a further grant of £300 from the British Empire League headquarters in London in aid of the widows and orphans of members of the Canadian South African contingents of men incapacitated through wounds sustained in the late war.

ARGOS AND TITUS WERE BOTH BEATEN

Torontonians Succumbed to Third Trinity—Kelly Defeated Titus.

Henley, England, July 9.—In spite of a dull, threatening morning, exceptionally large crowds assembled here to-day to witness the second day's racing of the Henley regatta. Interest in the meeting was vastly enhanced in the danger of the Diamond Sculls and the Grand Challenge Cup crossing the Atlantic. Americans and Canadians were present in force to support their respective compatriots.

The wind was sufficiently strong in the forenoon to churn the water. It blew directly off the Bucks shore, giving the boats on that station a great advantage.

Some experts estimated that the station on the Bucks side was worth a full length.

Like yesterday, the racing began at 12.30 p.m. The first contest was the fourth heat for the Grand Challenge Cup. Although the London Rowing Club had the advantage of the Bucks station and rowed in excellent form, Leander led all the way, London's spurt towards the finish proving fruitless. The time was fast, considering the wind, supporting the generally accepted view that nobody knows what reserve power is possessed by the Leanders until they are hard pressed. The half mile time was 2 minutes 31 reconds. The mile was done in 5 minutes 30 seconds. Time, 7 minutes 28 seconds.

ARGOS MEET DEFEAT.

This opened the way for what was generally regarded as the most important event of the regatta, the Canadians' contest with Third Trinity, the crack Cambridge crew, accepted by all as the British champions in the heats for the Grand Challenge Cup, containing, as the crew did, such noted oarsmen as C. J. D. Goldie, J. Edwards-Moss and W. Dudley-Ward. The race was close and exciting to Fawley Court. The Argonauts led to that point (half the distance), when Third Trinity caught up, took command, and finished in the splendid time of 7 minutes 11 seconds. The Canadians, even when they were passed, hung on in the most spirited fashion, and spurted time after time. But they were handicapped by the fact that they held the Berks side. The time for the half mile was 2 minutes 27 seconds. Fawley Court was passed in 3 minutes 21 seconds.

TITUS WAS BEATEN.

For the succeeding race, the eighth heat for the Diamond Sculls, C. S. Titus, of the Union Boat Club, New York, was a warm favorite, but he was rowed to a standstill to the surprise of everyone. His opponent, F. S. Kelley, Balliol College, Oxford, led away from the start, and was three lengths ahead at Fawley Court. He maintained his distance, and paddled home an easy victor. Kelley started with cutting down tactics. He put in 88 strokes in the first minute to the American's 35. The wisdom of the manoeuvre was clearly evident. The Oxonian went to the front forthwith and gained a quarter of a length in the first quarter of a mile. At the half mile he was half a length to the good. Kelley's time at Fawley Court was 3 minutes 2 seconds. He had then tacked on over a couple more lengths, and Titus's fate was apparent, as he was completely outrowed. Time, 8 mins. 39 secs.

In the ninth heat for the Diamond Sculls, R. D. Etherington-Smith, Leander, beat J. Beresford, Kensington Rowing Club, easily. Time, 8 mins. 58 seconds.

LADIES' CHALLENGE PLATE.

The third heat for the Ladies' Challenge Plate aroused unusual enthusiasm, and the Eton boys, whose special claims to this trophy is generally conceded, carried the good wishes of everyone. They had the Bucks shore, and took full advantage of it. Christ Church held their own for some distance, but were then rowed down, and the Etonians came away and won as they liked in excellent time—7 mins. 29 secs.

In the fourth heat for the Ladies' Challenge Plate, University College, Oxford, beat Radley School by two lengths. Time, 7 mins. 38 secs.

THAMES CHALLENGE CUP.

Henley, England, July 9.—In the fourth heat for the Thames Challenge Cup the Royal School of Mines Boat Club beat the Thames Rowing Club by three-quarters of a length. Time, 7 mins. 42 secs.

After the lunch interval the fourth heat for the Thames Challenge Cup was rowed in a downfall of rain, which sent the summer class picnickers in search of shelter. The School of Mines got clear away from the start, and kept the Thames oarsmen in hand the whole distance.

SILVER GOBLETS.

The second heat for the Goblets was a procession, the Londoners defeating the Reading pair in hollow fashion. Time, 9 mins. 11 secs.

WYFOLD CUP.

In the second heat for the Wyfold Challenge Cup, Burton Rowing Club beat London Rowing Club easily. Time, 8 mins. 18 secs.

LEARNED SCIENTISTS BOUND FOR THE ROCKIES

A party of New England scientists, under the direction of Professor Fay, of Harvard University, left by a special car attached to the Imperial Limited to-day bound for the Rocky Mountains, where they will prosecute work investigations among the flora and fauna of the Rockies. They will scale the brows and explore the valleys and take back to the New England scientific societies of which they are members, the result of their observations.

The professor, apart from his scientific celebrity, is understood to have very decided theories as to the rights of the original inhabitant, and he greatly charmed a select gathering at Windsor station this morning by his discourse touching the inviolable rights of the original occupiers to the whole of the fruits that may accrue from the occupation of a certain territory between here and the Rockies.

The party accompanying the savant to the Rockies numbers sixteen.

THE OTHER PARTY.

Powhattan Was the Steamer That Hit the Priscilla.

Providence, R.I., July 9.—The steamer in collision with the Priscilla last night in Narragansett Bay was the Powhattan, of the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company. The Powhattan had her bow smashed.

EACH PAYS.

In The Ontario Elections Cases Each Side Pays Its Own Costs.

Toronto, July 9.—(Special.)—Justice McLennan to-day, in closing up the Lennox case, announced no order for payment of costs would be made. The parties will therefore have to bear the burden of their respective costs themselves. The decision will affect all the other election appeals.

COAL OIL IS KING

Enthroned once more in the ***Lighting World*** by the

DIAMONDGAS LAMP

the ***Greatest Lighting Invention of the Age.*** A table lamp that makes gas from coal oil and gives a light, if required, equal to ***125 candles.*** Light can be regulated at will. Consumes ***less oil*** than an ordinary coal oil lamp. An ideal lamp for town or country. Absolutely safe and free from objection on the part of insurance companies.

INSPECTION INVITED.

THE GLORIA GAS LIGHT CO.,
2127 St. Catherine Street, Local Agents.

DIAMOND LIGHT AND HEATING CO.,
750 Craig Street, Manufacturers and Patentees.

MODERN FABLES
BY GEORGE ADE

THE SUMMER VACATION THAT WAS TOO GOOD TO LAST.

Once there was a Wife who gave the Money-Getter a Vacation by going into the Country for a Month. Dearie took her to the Train and all the way she kept saying that it did not seem just Right to romp away on a Pleasure Trip and leave him Shell-Roaded. He began to fear that she would Weaken, so he told her that while he was slaving and humping in the City it would give him sufficient Joy to know that Darling was out in the Woods listening to the Birds. He insisted that she should stay until she was thoroughly Rested. Of course he did not dare to make it too Strong. He played the Self-Sacrifice Gag and threw in a Dash of Marital Solicitude and made an awful Try at imitating one who has been soaked by a Great Sorrow. As the Missus looked at him through her Tears and held his Salary-Hook in hers, little did she suspect that he had framed up a Poker Festival for that Night and already the Wet Goods were spread out on the Ice.

He had told her that he was going to sit up in the Library every Evening and read Macaulay's History of England. By opening the Windows on both sides he could get a nice Breeze from the West. Along about 10 o'clock, if he got Sleepy, he could turn in. Why not?

It was a lovely Time-Table that he had mapped out. He submitted it to Pet before she went away and she put her O.K. on it, even though her Heart ached for him. Breakfast at the strange Boarding-House. A day of Toil interrupted by a small Bunch of Food at the Dairy Lunch.

Then back to the unfamiliar Faces at the Boarding-House.

Then sitting alone in the Gloaming, thinking of the Absent One.

Then an Hour or two in the Library with the jovial Macaulay.

Then to Bed in the lonesome House and Dreams of Sweetie.

He gave her a Schedule which she could consult at any Time, Day or Night, and thereby find out what he was doing at that Moment. It was just as convenient as sending a Marconi every Hour or so.

He held himself down until the Train had flirted around the Curve, for he knew that she was watching him from the Observation Car. Then he threw his Hat in the Air and began to do Flip-Flops.

"Oh, I suppose this is Miserable," he said. "I can see a very poor Month ahead of me—yes—not. Me wearing all my Bells and taking a Hurdle every Furlong."

He rushed in to the Telegraph Office and sent a Wire to her, so that it would catch her at the first Station up the Road. It said not to Worry and to take a Good Rest and everything was moving along about the same as usual. With Love and Kisses.

After which he went over to the Brewery to see if they would make a Reduction on Wholesale Orders.

Hubby went up the street with his Panama dipped down in Front, the same as the College Rakes wear them, and his Coat was thrown wide open to show the dizzy Plaits. His Cuban Blood was all het up and he told himself that he was 19 years old and never had a Home.

Oh, but he was Nifty. He was out of the Corral and into the Red Clover and nix any Halter and Box Stall for him. At least not for a Month.

It happened that he had the usual number of disreputable Friends. They were All Right, but he did not dare to have them up to the House because Angel-Face had investigated them and returned True Bills. They were a little too Gamy for Presbyterian Circles, but they fitted right in at any Function where every Man takes off his Coat.

Husband began to use the Telephone and in the course of an Hour he had organized a Pirate Crew that would go far as you like at any Game from Pitch-and-Toss to Manslaughter.

For when a decent Married Man does start out to find something different from the calm Joys of connubing in a Side Street he is the Village Limit.

Husband had the whole Shop to himself. He employed a Senegambian who was a good two-handed Worker with the Corkscrew. Then he had $40 worth of Dutch Lunch sent in from the Rathskeller and arranged the Stacks of Reds, Whites and Blues. He told himself that the only True Enjoyment was found in Bachelors' Hall.

His Hicky Acquaintances came in showing more or less Stage Fright, as they were not accustomed to seeing Rugs and Tidies. They told him that he had a Swell Joint. After they had been to the Tea a couple of times they began to peel and one of them started some rowdy Work on the Piano. Another backed into a $30 Statuette and put it out of business and then offered to pay for it, but the Host said it cost only 88 cents at a Bargain Sale.

At 10 P.M. the Wife, who was in Upper Seven, referred to her Time-Table and saw Papa sitting by the Student's Lamp reading Macaulay. She had no way of knowing that Papa had just been strung for a Month's Rent in a Progressive Jackpot.

In the Morning when Papa arose and looked at the Cold Welsh Rabbits and saw the Cigar Ashes all over the Place and when he had a Taste as if he were taking care of a Lap-Robe the glad Bohemian Existence did not look as Good to him as it had when lighted up the Night before, Especially as he had got the Zoop for some 80 Buckerines.

Still, there is no one case of Remorse that is going to head off a Man who wants to be rejuvenated. He pulled himself together on the Second Day and resumed the Merry Clip and there was nothing doing in the Macaulay Line. Home did not get him until the Lights had winked out at the other Places. He would not leave the Stag Club or the German Garden until they began putting the Chairs on the Tables.

For the first two Weeks it was Immense. In time, however, it struck him that there was a certain Monotony in spending one's Money on the Night Owls and showing up with the Milkman. The Poker Players were into him and he began to suspect that he needed a Guardian.

Like every other Man who sends his wife to a Summer Place he ended his Hurrah by making a few Resolutions and begging her to come Home.

And she will always believe that he did the Macaulay Act every Evening while she was away. Which is just as well.

MORAL.—In order to put a true Value on Civilization one should pace a few Heats with the Indians now and then.

YOUNG REPUBLIC OF CUBA IS ON THE VERGE OF BANKRUPTCY

New York, July 8.—The Herald publishes the following letter from a correspondent in Havana, signing himself Yankee, pointing out the desperate financial plight of the new republic, and predicting its failure within three months. The letter says:—Your correspondents here have stated with clearness and accuracy in what a serious condition this republic now is. There is no doubt that this condition is growing worse every day, both politically and economically. The affairs of the Cuban Government are approaching a crisis much more rapidly than is known or appreciated in the United States, and much more rapidly than anybody could have anticipated when the new Government was inaugurated, now little more than a month ago.

It is not a question of whether the Cuban people are able to govern themselves. At the moment of beginning the experiment of self-government they find themselves without the material resources necessary to go on with the experiment, and equally without the means to obtain such resources. The failure of the Cuban Government will come, as can now clearly be seen, from economical causes, before the political experiment can fairly be tried. Mr. Pepper is right when he says that the condition of affairs in the island to-day is much worse from a business standpoint than that which existed in 1894. The worst has not been heard from the Cuban situation, and probably before the elections in November there will be news from the island which will shock the United States.

The newspapers of Havana are filled to overflowing with editorials and news items treating the matter as a grave crisis. A member of the President's Cabinet has stated within a week in private conversation that if the economic conditions continued as they are now he should not be surprised to see the new republic an acknowledged failure within ninety days. An officer who was on the staff of Gomez's army says that the political condition could not be worse, and that he should not be surprised to see trouble within two months.

NOT CUBA'S FAULT.

I do not believe that the responsibility for the present condition is attributable to the Cuban Government. When General Wood was first made Military Governor, he received a surplus of substantially $2,000,000 from General Brooke. On May 20, on the evacuation, so far from leaving a surplus, he left a deficit of approximately $500,000. During the last six months of the American occupation the expenditures were at the rate of $18,000,000 per annum, whereas the income is estimated in the budget at $15,000,000. We spent all there was in the treasury, and more, and got out. The Government of Cuba has no money to pay the ordinary necessary general current expenses of administration. It is faced with bankruptcy. Nor is there any system, financial or economical, now in force sufficient to raise funds to meet such expenses in full. No such system has heretofore been provided for them, and it is too late now to make such provision.

The budgets for the coming fiscal year show an estimated income of less than $15,000,000, and an estimated expenditure to pay the necessary running expenses of the Government, provinces and municipalities, of over $25,000,000. This deficit cannot be covered by a loan, because the Government finds itself without credit at the moment of beginning.

BANKS REFUSE TO AID.

A few days ago the President called together at the palace the representatives of the principal local banking establishments, and urged on them the necessity of advancing the Government about $4,000,000, which sum is urgently needed in anticipation of the revenue. None of the financial interests represented at the gathering would take any share in the proposed operation, and the project had to be abandoned. The only result of the conference was the demonstration of the Government's total lack of credit.

The budgets of more than half the municipalities in the island already show a deficit, and no means have been provided during the three or four years of our occupation to enable them to raise money by taxation to pay even their ordinary expenses. The credit of the municipalities is less than that of the general Government, and not one-half of the estimated amount of their current expenses can be raised by the use of the taxing powers which have been vested in these subordinate Governments.

The foregoing statement does not take into consideration the extraordinary expenses, amounting to many millions, which the Cuban Government is expected to meet, and which it has been known for several years it would have to meet; namely, the payment of the bonds issued in aid of the revolution by the New York Junta, and payment for the services of the revolutionary army. The United States, separately or together, have several methods of raising money by taxation; namely, th custom houses, internal revenue, direct taxation, and, to pay the expenses of a war, the stamp tax. Mexico, a Latin-American country, has the custom houses and the stamp tax as a continuing form of taxation.

Cuba has practically but one form of taxation—namely, the custom houses. No other general system of taxation has been provided. Direct taxation, based on the value of property, is unknown. Over 90 per cent. of the income of the Cuban Government is derived from the custom houses. These customs duties, as above stated, are insufficient to pay the necessary current expenses of the new Government as now constituted, the more so now that Cuba is left without a market, and our Congress has so far failed or refused to grant her any market or any reductions in duties to be paid on her products imported into the United States.

The inability of the people to pay the taxes necessary for the support of the Government is due to the depression in the prices of sugar and tobacco, the two great products of the island, both of which are now selling below the cost of production. Within a week a large quantity of sugar was sold in Cardena at one and one-fifth cents a pound, the lowest price ever konwn in Cuba. The cost of production was certainly not less than two cents.

SUGAR CROP A FAILURE.

Three-fourth's of this year's sugar crop is still in the island unsold, and at present prices represents a net loss of about $15,000,000 to the planters. The time for cleaning the fields in preparation for the next crop is at hand, and there is no money to be had for the purpose. No advances can be had from those who have perviously furnished the money with which the planters have made their crops, and the prospect is that next year's output of sugar will not be much more than half of this year's crop. This means that still more people will be unemployed, imports will diminish enormously, the revenues will shrink correspondingly and the Government will find itself bankrupt before the end of its first year of existence.

This grave economical situation is rendered more annoying by the clamor that is being made in Congress and all over the island for the payment of the army, and also by the threatening insistence of the negroes at constant public meetings for full recognition politically.

This is a fair statement of the present condition of Cuba. I do not believe that the responsibility for it is attributable to Palma or to these people. I regard the crisis as certain, not only because of what I have seen here myself during the last few years, but because of information which I have received from sources not generally accessible. Whether the result shall be anarchy or annexation, or both, you can judge perhaps as well as I.

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ECONOMIC HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF.

Canadians are bound to take a kindly interest in Sir Christopher Furness, for that great authority on steel and ships is one of the very few captains of British industry who have deigned to make a personal investigation of our resources. When he went back to England after looking over the ground, he gave it as his opinion that steel could be made in Cape Breton cheaper than anywhere else in the world. That is good advertising, and Sir Christopher should be thanked for it. Moreover, he is believed to be interesting himself very extensively in the Canadian shipping projects now afoot, which must tend to increase Canadian respect for his good sense.

Sir Christopher has recently furnished one explanation of the relative decline of British iron production. It is that enormous royalties are paid by those who work the mines to those who own them, that is to say, in general, to the land-owning aristocracy. In the very worst period of late years, that from 1878 to 1888, royalties were paid amounting to $300,000,000. Presumably, in the rather better times that have followed the contributions thus made by the developing class to the maintenance of the ornamental and spending class has been very much greater. Contrast this with the transfer of Canadian coal and iron areas direct to the operators, and the payment of bounties on iron and steel production, or with the American policy of securing the largest and wealthiest single market in the world by a prohibitory tariff, and it is easy to discover a disadvantage under which the British ironmakers labor. It is true this enormous impost levied by the aristocracy upon the British iron industry is itself a proof of the wonderful vigor of that industry. Had it not been that British ironmasters were so long able to hold their own against the world, to prosper and progress, there would not have been the demand for these properties which has enabled the owners to make such levies. They are in the same position that British landlords were in the long ago, when Britain was an exporter of agricultural produce, and when the landlord found it an easy matter to calculate how much his income would be on the basis of eighty shillings a quarter, or more, for wheat. A time came when it was not the British production that set the price of wheat and fixed the landlord's rent. North America, India, South America, Egypt, Russia, by their enormous surplusages, made it necessary for the British landlord to let go. He owned up to it in 1846. For another forty years and more he had still the means of saving himself, because changed conditions brought about a tremendous expansion of the market for meats, dairy products, fruit, and garden truck. Cold storage and fast ships are rapidly depriving him of that advantage also. Meantime, like manna from the skies, these royalties on coal and iron fell in. And now the experience with wheat rents is to be repeated in the case of the royalties. American and Canadian production, possibly Chinese production one of these days, are to wipe out the owners' margin, and possibly to put an end to ironmaking in England altogether, by slow degrees, as with wheat. It is probable, unless Great Britain makes a great financial blunder, that she may become the world's market for iron and steel, just as she became the world's market for wheat. It will depend on the wisdom of her statesmen and the ability of her manufacturers and merchants. And probably if the landed aristocracy lose their royalties they will find something else to take the place. They were, they thought, to be ruined if the Corn Laws were repealed, but it is quite clear that they are more powerful than ever.

A TRAGEDY OF FORESIGHT.

There are elements in the story of the Chicago suicide of a couple of days ago that appeal with exceptional force to the world of business men. Here was a man whose intellectual make-up was sufficiently exceptional to enable him to foresee that the Central American isthmus would one day be crossed by a navigable waterway. He thought in continents. He measured world forces. He looked upon the construction of a canal as inevitable. He saw what happened at Panama, he knew how strong the American feeling in favor of a canal by way of Nicaragua had been ever since General Grant's time, and he made up his mind the canal would go that way. He bought land at Greytown, at one end of the proposed route, and if the work had been gone on with he would soon have been many times a millionaire. He staked all on the venture, but he failed, as so many of the most brilliant of men have failed, to allow sufficiently for delays. There are innumerable instances of men who reasoned aright in the main being ruined because events would not keep pace with their reasoning, who have been poor all their lives paying charges on land that, after they were dead, multiplied in value many times over. The suicide was approaching that stage, for he had passed the allotted span, but at all events he had lived to see the matter up in the Congress of the United States for a final decision, and there were many indications that the seal of success would be placed upon his work, and that his foresight would be justified within his lifetime. And then one morning the top blew off Mount Pelee, followed by an earthquake that left not a stone upon a stone in Quezaltenango, men found volcanoes on the Nicaragua route, and the project was at an end. Foresight had been wasted. Mother Nature had made a move not in the book on tactics. And the poor fellow who had staked his all on the throw, and lost, passed out through the ever open door.

THEY ALL THINK ALIKE.

The reports of the Duke of Devonshire's speech are indefinite much beyond the ordinary cable performance. It is difficult to get at what he intended by his utterances on the trade question. He thinks there is no hurry about the matter. He thinks the question will settle itself before long. He thinks economic laws will assert themselves. But it is not at all clear what he thinks the end is to be, free trade within the Empire or the gradual adoption of free trade principles and policy by all parts of the Empire. Either way, the declaration must be one of great interest for our Canadian protectionists, whose interest in the present discussion is based on the belief that the British Empire is to join the ranks of the protectionist nations. If the Duke of Devonshire means that Canada, for example, will be gradually driven by force of circumstances and in her own interest to adopt the British policy of free trade with the world, the statement will not find favor for his Grace with the most eager of those Canadians who want to try their hands at making over the Empire into something new. If he means, on the other hand, that we are to set out on a new road, he must be held to join with all the other British statesmen who have spoken on the subject in the belief that free trade within the Empire, the free admission of British goods to all parts of the Empire, is the logical and natural end of the process. Canadians have never yet plucked up the courage to look this fact in the face. By all our acts, save only the British preferential tariff, we declare against free trade within the Empire. By all our words we declare for adequate protection of Canadian industries against British or any other competition. Absolutely no indication has been given that the people want free trade within the Empire, or are prepared to work towards that end. And yet a large body of Canadian opinion insists that Great Britain must take the step that no British statesman would think of taking except as the first on the way to free trade within the Empire. If we are going to enter upon this road it will be difficult to draw back as we progress upon it. After a certain point it would be possible for Canada to do so only by resort to measures no Canadian is now ready to contemplate. If we do not draw back we must go forward. There will be no standing still. If we go forward it will be towards free trade within the Empire. Has any one of our public men yet attempted to show the public what would be our position, either on the way to that goal or after we had reached it? Or is it not rather the fact that the most zealous advocates of the policy which will tend thitherward fall one and all into line behind Sir Charles Tupper in declaiming against the folly of letting men in the workshops of Great Britain do for us what men in Canadian workshops might do? Surely we are not forever to go on with this business of blind leading the blind, while every British statesman is telling us whither we must look when we are pleased to open our eyes.

LETTERS TO EDITOR

DID NOT JUMP FROM CAR.

Editor Herald:—

Sir,—I wish to draw your attention to the account in Monday's Herald of the street car accident through the breaking of the trolley wire on St. Catherine street, Westmount, Saturday afternoon, and in which my wife was seriously injured.

When you say that had she remained seated in the car, she would not have been injured, you have evidently been misinformed of the facts. My wife remained seated in the car after the wire broke, and the motorman had deserted his post without applying the brake—in fact remained until caught by the live wire and dragged from the car to the ground.

Had it not been for the presence of mind of a gentleman who witnessed the accident and pluckily jumped on the car and stopped it, the result might have been appalling, as the car had just reached the top of an incline when stopped.

By kindly inserting this correction, you will greatly oblige, yours truly,

A. C. MACCALLUM.

117 Belmont place, Westmount.

THINKS CANADIANS WERE WELL TREATED

Editor Herald:—

Sir,—I desire to draw attention to the statements and insinuations which have recently appeared in cable despatches regarding the treatment of our Canadian coronation contingent by the War Office.

Surely the presumption in all such cases must be that they were well and hospitably treated as a whole, and that carping criticism of details should not warrant some of the severe statements which have been made. Judgment should most certainly be suspended in the matter of these present allegations until they are proved or are found to be drops of discontent in an ocean of kindness. I had some reason to know the boundless nature of London hospitality to the visiting colonial troops during the Diamond Jubilee, when our contingent was so splendidly treated. Everyone knows something of the way in which Colonel Otter and his men were welcomed in London, and of the great reception and hospitality which were extended to Colonel Steele and his Strathcona Horse. Even upon the present occasion a despatch which describes Canadian troops as being placed in a "mud hole," adds that "the English people had done everything in the way of hospitality and attention that, humanly speaking, could be done; in many cases the colonial visitors were simply spoiled with kindness." And then again, Lieut.-Col. Pellatt's farewell message to Lord Strathcona, in which he says: "The Canadians are grateful for the hospitality received on all hands."

Let me explain the situation briefly: The arrangements in the hands of the authorities were simply enormous in scope and character; the weather unique in its coldness and wetness; the sudden upsetting of elaborate plans, among the greatest of their character in our history. If a few minor reasons of complaint were found by some of the guests of the occasion, is it a matter for surprise? Certainly it should not be reason for condemnation. Alexandra Palace, I am credibly informed, is a capital place for troops, and even if it had not been so, the crowded state of London would have been cause enough for its selection. The War Office was not responsible for the extraordinary weather, and as a matter of fact the arrangements at the palace were not in the hands of the War Office, but had been transferred to the municipal authorities, who should be blamed, if any blame there was.

Moreover, Canadians were not alone at the palace; Australians, New Zealanders and other colonial troops were there, under exactly the same conditions, and there could not, therefore, have been any special slight to the former, as some of the statements referred to have alleged. The treatment accorded was, in fact, the very reverse. The reception at Liverpool to our troops, coming and going, was generous and enthusiastic to a degree. The Duke of Connaught visited them on June 18th, and again four days later. The inspection by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales and the presentation of all the officers was another feature. Nothing was too good for them in the way of general hospitality, and we are told that so soon as it was found that sightseeing was considered expensive, owing to the distance from London, the War Office issued free passes to and from the city.

Criticism has been rampant here as to the alleged intended change in the command of the Canadian contingent. So far as I can learn, the procedure to be adopted at the coronation procession was arranged and known here before the contingent left Canada. Cavalry were to ride in the procession and infantry were to line the streets. Of course, at the colonial procession, to take place the next day, all were to march. No other course was possible, and the rule which applied to Imperial, Australian, South African and Indian troops was surely not too much for the Canadian guests of the King to accept. As to the command, Lieut.-Col. Turner, V.C., D.S.O., a Canadian militia officer, was appointed to the command of the cavalry and other mounted units of the contingent from the time it left Quebec, and there was nothing more natural or proper than that he should retain this command in both processions. Lieut.-Col. Pellatt would undoubtedly appear in both processions—on the general staff probably at the first and as commanding officer officer of the whole Canadians at the other.

Another statement made is that the authorities were making a circus attraction of the Canadians (why not also the Australians, etc.), and charging latterly an admission fee to see them. On June 22nd a cable despatch stated that the "tattoo at the Alexandra Palace was an utter failure owing to the vast crowd of visitors which became wholly unmanageable, and swarmed over the parade ground." Therefore, it would seem that in self-defence the authorities in charge decided to place a fee for admission to the grounds. It would, under these circumstances, be as fair to say that the military authorities in Toronto were making a "circus attraction" of the royal visitors last autumn, when they charged a fee to the grand stand during the review, as to apply the statement to our troops at the palace.

Another charge made is that contained in a Toronto journal to the effect that a British officer was to supersede Lieut.-Col. Pellatt. There seems to be absolutely no grounds for this statement. Major-General Cook was commanding officer of the colonials at Alexandra Park camp, and, as already stated, Lieut.Col. Turner remained in command of the Canadian cavalry, while Lieut.-Col. Pellatt commanded the whole Canadian contingent, of which the cavalry only formed a part. There was no change whatever from the arrangements which had been first known at Quebec.

It might also be said that it is no compliment to Canadian soldiers and to the Canadian Premier, to say that they and he would refuse to turn out to do honor to their King and host in a sense because arrangements for the disposition of the troops, absolutely necessary for the success of the coronation procession, did not please them. I refuse to believe this statement.

In conclusion, let me point out that heavy and extraordinary rains made usually good quarters muddy and disagreeable, and that this seems to be the only actual ground for complaint. In any case, judgment should be suspended until the facts are obtained, and the immense hospitalities of a great period not spoiled in their effect and intention by unimportant and unavoidable accidents.

J. MASON, Lieut.-Col. R.O.

Toronto, July 8th, 1902.

ABOUT PEOPLE

Ananias M. Ronk died in Brooklyn recently, aged 86. Despite his name, he was a most active church worker.

Albert Nordheimer, Toronto, has been appointed the consul-general of the Netherlands for the Dominion of Canada.

Madame Janauschek, after years of prosperity on the stage, is living in poverty, and says the American public is fickle. Has the madame never heard of a savings' bank?—Baltimore American.

Joseph Jefferson, the veteran actor, recently became possessed of a fine house at 103 Riverside Drive, New York, through foreclosure proceedings on a mortgage for $40,000 which he had loaned upon it.

At Regina, N.W.T., Chief Jutsice Richardson has been stricken with apoplexy, and lies in a critical condition at his home. Chief Justice Richardson presided at the trial of Louis Riel. He is seventy-six years old.

Charles P. Megan, formerly of Regiopolis College, Kingston, Ont., has been appointed assistant to Superintendent Corley, Chicago. The Canadian-American of Chicago says "he has earned promotion by his energy and ability, and will no doubt maintain a most excellent record."

Lumar H. Holmes, of Springfield, Mo., has refused to adopt the name of Frisbie, though for doing so he would have received $12,000. Louise Frisbie, his aunt, left him that sum on condition that he make the change, but he refuses to do so. He had a year to consider the matter.

Another name has cropped up in connection with the principalship of Queen's University, Kingston. It is that of Rev. Mr. Patrick, principal of Winnipeg College. Mr. Patrick made a favorable impression upon the recent gathering of the General Assembly, and since then his name has been mentioned as a probable successor to Principal Grant.

John W. Donegan, a justice of the peace in Jersey City, has established his claim to being considered a man of his word. Some months ago he announced that he would give a handsome suit of parlor furniture to the twenty-first couple for whom he tied the nuptial knot. After officiating at twenty weddings he calmly took unto himself a bride, to whom he has now given the promised parlor suit.

The Crown Prince of Siam, during his approaching visit to the United States, will not be the guest of the Government, but will be entertained and shown every consideration, the money being taken from the contingent funds available by the President and State Department. A committee of entertainment will be appointed by the State Department, and pains will be taken to make his visit an event of importance.

HITHER AND YON

The Day.

The day is fast approaching
When we'll bid a last good-bye,
Our forms no more saluting
Beneath the bending sky.

The day may be To-morrow
That ends our visit here,
And joy but waits on sorrow
Through hours that fill the years.

The day is followed closely
By the sable shades of night,
And wrong is ever mingled
With the elements of right.

The day that we should worship
Is the flitting, great To-day,
That will never see To-morrow
Or the light of Yesterday!

—John A. Joyce.

The annual convention of the Christian and Missionary Alliance, which had been in progress at Munro Park, Toronto, during the week, closed Sunday, and was marked by the largest missionary collection taken up in Canada, viz., $5,600.

The Detroit Journal says that Miss Agnes Johnstone, aged eighteen, formerly of Toronto, and now residing with her mother and brother at 144 Congress Street in the city named, has created consternation by her engagement to Simon Opitik, an ugly-looking Esquimau. The man is a member of the Esquimaux village at Scenis Park, Detroit, and, according to the Journal, Miss Johnstone announces that the marriage will take place shortly, in spite of the protests of all the other members of her family.

Friends of William O. Ludlow, of East Orange, N.J., a son of the Rev. Dr. James M. Ludlow, pastor of the Munn Avenue Presbyterian Church, and author of the novel "Deborah," recently married and went off on a wedding tour to the Far West. Some of his thoughtful friends planned a surprise for him, and on his arrival with his bride at their new home, on North Walnut Street, the other evening, a crowd of people was admiring an immense poster flanked by two gigantic scarlet hearts, bearing the legend, "A bride and groom will occupy this house." They retired, and sympathetic friends removed the decorations.

Catholics in the United States.

On the occasion of the ordination of a colored man to the priesthood last week, the Very Rev. J. R. Slattery, D.D., superior of St. Joseph's Seminary, Baltimore, Md., asserted that Roman Catholicism is losing ground in the United States, basing his statement upon these statistics from the Catholic Directory:—

Roman Catholic population in the United States in 1902	10,976,7577
Same in 1890	8,301,367
Increment in twelve years	2,675,390
Roman Catholic immigration, 1890 to 1902	2,705,184
Net loss in twelve years	29,794

At a gathering of influential clergymen and laymen in Washington on Sunday, June 6th, it was suggested that the next board of archbishops, which meets next October at the Catholic University, be memorialized to compel a stricter census of the Catholic population.

It has been suggested that the falling off is the result of neglect of work in the rural districts. Four millions of the 11,000,000 Catholics in the United States reside in the great cities of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Boston and New Orleans.

Some Fairy Inspired Both.

Both Humperdinck and Siegfried Wagner, singularly enough, have taken material for new fairy operas from precisely the same sources, says a Berlin dispatch. The two composers had maintained great secrecy regarding the story of their operas, but, meeting the other day, Humperdinck inquired of his former pupil how his opera was progressing.

"Very well," replied Wagner. "It's a fairy opera."

"And mine also," returned Humperdinck.

"Mine," added Wagner, "combines the German popular fairy story of the Sleeping Beauty."

"Why, so does mine," exclaimed Humperdinck with amazement, and on a further exchange of confidence it was found that both had used the same material.

His Business is Giving.

Back to the plough went Cincinnatus when politics grew dull in Rome. Back to the woodshed goes Abraham Slimmers, of Waverley, Ia., U.S.A., after giving his $50,000 residence to Sisters of Charity for a hospital and old people's home. Mr. Slimmers is seventy years old.

"It will be plenty of room for me," he said. "I would move away altogether, but I am fond of the old place. I have a good deal of money to give away, and I am finding it a far harder task than it was for me to earn it."

Mr. Slimmers is worth close to $1,000,000, never was married and has no heirs. He has given $5,000 for a lying-in hospital, but is not a lover of women. Of the givers he says: "Rockefeller is not a wise man. He is giving millions to some seat of learning one day, and the next day he gets it all back again by raising the price of coal oil. Carnegie goes to a town council, and they cheerfully vote other people's money for a library. That won't bring Carnegie the happiness he is trying to buy."

Unique Plae For Divorce.

The rapid-fire divorce courts of South Dakota never tried a case in which the plaintiff set up such an amusing or unique excuse for separation as did Ernest Dolman Cox, a bookkeeper for a manufacturing concern of Providence, R.I., whose petition was heard last week. He declares his wife married him simply on account of his ability to write graceful obituary notices on the death of her friends. He was not aware of it at the time, but soon found that his wife derived an income from these articles from his pen by exhibiting them to the families of the deceased and selling them for so much a line. Finally she flatly told him that she had selected him from a number of candidates for her hand for the sole reason that he possessed the art of graceful diction.

It happened that three of her old beaux died within two months and she commanded him to write three obituaries, each a column in length. He obeyed her with such a cheerfulness that she threw a dish of scalding soup over him, remarking that for him to accept the commission in such a joyous spirit was an insult to the dead. A fourth ex-beau was at the point of death, and she directed her husband to write up the obituary in advance. A report of the man's death got out in some way, and the touching obituary was printed. The report, however, was false, and the ex-beau got well, and the glowing description of his good qualities written by Cox secured him an excellent position. He went to the West Indies and Mrs. Cox went with him, leaving a letter stating that the obituary of the live mad had influenced her action. She had never thought him quite so charming until she read the exquisite obituary. The decree was granted.

THE CONTRARINESS OF HUMAN NATURE

One is never satisfied with existing conditions. In the month of June we had December weather without the snow, and people shivered and inquired freely if it wouldn't tire Job. Just when they had begun to wear a wan smile over the weather's behavior and were growing resigned to it, summer came along sizzling and boiling to recover the time lost.

These people who had pined for it, what did they do? Shed their winter underwear and most of their clothes and prepare to greet summer with a glad smile?

They pulled their adhesive clothing from their persons when rising from a chair, mopped their brows, and said they had expected this sort of misery all along. And they ask of even their best and warmest friends: "Is it hot enough for you?"

It is simply the contrariness of human nature. In winter one hears a man babble incontinently of strawberries and cream, of cool, softly murmuring streams and all the glorious summer June time. And when it is here, he mopes around a sticky city cursing his fate that keeps him from the sea shore. He goes to the sea shore, and in two days is hurling opprobious epithets at summer resort landlords and mosquitoes. And when he gets back he pictures good old winter in glowing colors to exhausted friends.

When a man is poor, he longs to be rich. He would not mind work, not at all; the more the better for him, but he would like a decent remuneration. The rich man wants something to relieve his ennui, and would give all he has for a digestion like his poorer neighbor that simply trifles even with shortcake.

When a man is married he mutters gloomily of the dear old past times, and tells his younger friends not to be fools and spoil it all like he did. His young friend would give years of his life, the first three or four years perhaps, to throw up bachelorhood, and he views more fortunate rivals with an envious eye.

If a fellow's wife or girl is cold and turns a haughty shoulder, he pines for some little show of affection, and if she be clinging he doesn't want to be mauled. With most things, what a man has he doesn't want, and what he has not and doesn't seem able to get, he longs for.

He takes a morbid pleasure in growling and delights in making himself miserable. It is not the nicest form of enjoyment, but it is almost incurable, and he is welcome to it. And this weather will assist him.

PAT.

CHINA HAS LONG HAD HER DAILY PAPERS

Case-hardened as China has undoubtedly shown itself in many respects to the influences of Western civilization, in one direction at least intercourse with the outer world has made itself felt, says the London Globe. Periodical publications in the shape of newspapers have been known in China since the ninth century; but it is only during the last quarter of a century that the press of China has assumed its present form, and it may thus be regarded as a product of foreign influence. In the majority of the cases in which Chinese enterprise is devoted to journalistic undertakings, foreign capital is represented. The editors of these newspapers are exclusively Chinese, and they are not difficult to find in a country in which every man who wishes to make a name must be a literate. The compositors and printers are also Chinese. It is not surprising to learn that the Chinese press is especially strong in those seaport towns in which there are European settlements. It is not altogether an unmixed blessing that the press of China is under no restraints from the side of the law, for the Mandarins enjoy the privilege of dealing with the newspapers just as they may happen to deem fit. When a liberal journal has gone to a certain length in outspokenness the authorities step in, close the printing office, and imprison the editor. However, the Chinese have risen to the occasion, and with a view of avoiding this sudden termination of their editorial activity many Chinese newspapers are published by a European firm, and a foreigner is announced as editor. By this subterfuge the newspaper escapes interference on the part of the arbitrary representatives of the Chinese Government.

The oldest Chinese newspaper is the Pekin Journal, founded, according to tradition, during the Sung Dynasty, which lasted from 970 to 1366. It is not an official organ in the present meaning of the word; it is simply a newspaper which appears with the permission of the Government, and it communicates to the people the imperial decrees and the orders issued by the various governmental departments. It is not permitted to make any editorial comments or remarks; these are scarcely necessary, seeing that in the bestowal of awards and in the infliction of punishments the reasons which have led to the decisions in either case are fully given. The Pekin Journal appears daily, and is read by the educated Chinese in all parts of the empire. It is printed by means of movable wooden types, and it consists generally of from ten to twelve thin, cinnamon-colored little sheets of paper, which are bound together; each side is divided into ten columns of red lines, and every column contains fourteen characters of type. Nearly every number of this semi-official organ casts a lurid light upon the conduct of the Mandarins. For example, the issue of January 4, 1897, quotes ten instances of gross violation of duty on the part of the higher officials.

The most important newspaper in Shanghai is the She-wu-she-pao; in other words, the Current News. This is a long and slender paper, because the Chinese place the words one under the other, and these are read downward. Every number has eight sides. The Chinaman reads his paper from right to left; thus, in the right hand upper corner of the last side appears the title, on either side of which there are the day and the month, according to European and Chinese reckoning. After the pattern of English newspapers, the first side contains numerous advertisements. On the second side are printed items of news of political importance, imperial decrees, and official appointments. Then follow telegrams from the outer world. As the Chinese press possesses no news agencies telegrams are "lifted" copiously from English and Japanese newspapers, but always with a most conscientious acknowledgement of the source whence they are taken. For its home news a Chinese newspaper relies upon its correspondents in the provinces. Lastly comes the leading article, in which weighty questions relating either to the internal life or to the foreign policy of the country are discussed. This Shanghai newspaper is decidedly literary in its aims; however, it has its staff of reporters, and it devotes a good deal of space to items of news.

But the mass of the people prefers to read the insipid organ, Shing-wen-tao, that is, the News, and various other journals which pander to their views. Then there are illustrated journals, of which the most popular is the Huo-po; this is an attempt at humor, and the chief object of the Huo-po is to perpetrate jibes and sneers at the expense of the "foreign devils." It appears weekly in a green cover; every number contains from ten to twenty pages of illustrations, with some pages of text.

The main element of success in journalism in China is a thorough acquaintance with the Chinese classical writers. Originality is of far less importance for Chinese journalists than is the faculty of being able to intersperse their work deftly with suitable quotations from the writings of the famous old classical writers of China. This fact accounts for the absence of style and of any attempt at originality. However, the fact remains that newspapers have a wide circle of readers in China, for it is a very rare occurrence to find any one unable to read or write among the Chinese. Upon every newspaper the following notice is to be read: "Treasure up all paper upon which anything is printed; the advantage of so doing is boundless." This piece of advice is generally dutifully obeyed. In the shops and in the large public establishments the newspapers are carefully collected and read over and over again until they become so much tattered and torn that they can scarcely be handled. Then the well-thumbed newspapers are collected by the employes of the company, whose task is to see that every little piece of printed paper shall meet with a worthy end. The newspapers thus gathered in are taken to Wenmiao and there consumed by fire in a crematorium especially built for the purpose.

SAT ON THE SAFETY VALVE.

The death is announced at Rochester of Mr. George Thomas Crook, formerly inspector of machinery in the Royal Navy.

Mr. Crook, who was 72 years of age, was known in the service as "the man who sat on the safety valve," for his plucky action during the Egyptian war of 1882. He then, at the risk of his own life, adopted the heroic expedient indicated in order to raise sufficient steam to lift ashore at Suez, by means of a ricketty crane, two locomotives which were urgently required on the Egyptian Railway.

For Torpid Liver, Flatulence, Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headache, TAKE

BRISTOL'S PILLS.

Safe, Mild, Quick, Painless, and always give satisfaction.

A most reliable Household Medicine.

All Druggists sell "BRISTOL'S."

Light Beers for Summer Drinking.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASS'N
St. Louis Bottled Beer.

The ANHEUSER-BUSCH "Premium Pale" Beer.
$1.40 per dozen pints $13.50 per cask of 10 dozen pints.

The ANHEUSER-BUSCH "Original Budweiser" Beer.
$1.60 per dozen pints; $14.75 per cask of 10 dozen pints.

☞ Both above Beers are the Brewery's own bottlings.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.
Sole Agents.

THE PABST BREWING COMPANY'S
Milwaukee Bottled Beer.
"The Beer that made Milwaukee famous."

The "PABST" Finest Export Beer.
$1.40 per dozen pints; $13.50 per cask of 10 dozen pints.

The "PABST" Blue Ribbon Perfection Table Beer.
$1.60 per dozen pints; $15.00 per cask of 10 dozen pints.

☞ Both the Brewery's own bottlings.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., SOLE AGENTS, 207, 209 & 211 St. James St.

By the Ton

Summer Dress and Negligee Shirts.

Over 800 dozen Colored Shirts have been received by us this season and by far the largest part of them are the famous

TRADE W.G.&R. MARK **SHIRTS**

the best made in Canada, and unsurpassed in America.

NOW IS THE TIME

Men want Shirts for holiday and business wear, and if you have never seen our assortment just drop in and look over them. All the newest—neat stripes, checks, white pleated, black stitched and light colored pleated fronts, Shirts with Braces made of the same material, elastic cord ends, all made from proper standard shapes, full size in body and sleeves, all sizes necks from 12 to 18. Prices range from **50c** to **$1.50** each.

Shirt Waists, for Boys and Men, **75c** to **$2.50** each.
Latest improved styles.
Biggest assortment of New Goods.
Best Values in the trade.
Full stock of all leading styles in double band collars, all heights and sizes.

Allan's — TWO STORES: Cor. Craig & Bleury Sts. —and— 2299 St. Catherine Street.

Scroggie's

Stylish Millinery—

Superior Values Need Not be Expected at the Season's Close.

The group of hats we note below comprise our entire stock of trimmed hats. They are all worth double the price we ask.
The styles and designs are the newest and most popular, and the colors and combinations all that could be desired.
We clear these out to-morrow at the uniform price of $3.50
Many were selling as high as $8.50.

Boys' Straw Hats—Can't Better These Values

Boys' Straw Hats, made up in plain and fancy straws, with broad brims, and ribbon bands. Special price to clear, each 20c

Children's Washable Dresses—Substantial Reductions

Children's Dresses, made up in several nobby styles—some with short waist and frill over shoulders; some with yoke and frill, and others with lace trimming. The colors are all favorites, both figured and striped effects. Sizes from 2 to 5 years.
Regular values, 85c. Clearing Price, 50C

Ladies' Seasonable Costumes—Reasonable in Price

Values that are rendered doubly attractive by reason of the warmness of the weather.
Splendid Percale and Lawn Costumes, made in very stylish effects, in a pretty sailor blouse style, with deep flounce skirts, made in several colors in greatest vogue this season. Special $2.98

Linen Table Cloths, Bath Towels—Good Subjects—Good Values

Bleached all Linen Table Cloths, 2 yds. x 2 yds. Regular value, $1.65. Special, $1.35
2 yds. x 2½ yds., regular $2.00, for $1.59 2 yds. x 3 yds., regular $2.50, for $2.05
Brown Linen Bath Towels, good large size, value 65c, for, each 45C

Novelties in Stamped Goods

Stamped on colored Denim, dark green, blue, red, brown and pink:
Blotters (two sides) 15C
Photo Frames ..... 5C and 10C
Match Scratchers, cardboard, sand paper and all, furnished for 24C
Brush and Comb Bags, made up, stamped ready to work (made of white union Linen), for 20c and 29C
We have blue, pink, tan and white union Linen Brush and Comb Bags, ready worked, from 25c to 49C

Free delivery to all points on the Lake Shore, as far as Beaconsfield, on Friday. Orders must reach us not later than to-morrow (Thursday) afternoon.

W. H. Scroggie, Corner St. Catherine and University Sts.

MARINE AND SHIPPING NEWS

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived July 8.

Mongolian, Braes, from Liverpool, with passengers and cargo, to H. & A. Allan.
Nordkap, Rasmussen, from Newfairwater, with sugar, to McLean, Kennedy & Co.
Pola, Boulter, from Sydney, with coal, to Dominion Coal Co.
Mystic, Dawson, from Sydney, with coal, to Dominion Coal Co.

Cleared July 8.

Pola, Boulter, for Sydney, light, by Dominion Coal Co.
Norweglan, Moar, for Glasgow, with general cargo, by H. & A. Allan.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Turret Court, T. R. McCarthy, Lachine.
Turret Cape, T. R. McCarthy, Lachine.
Lobella, R. Reford, Hochelaga.
Kildona, R. Reford & Co., Victoria Pier.
Point.
Frisia, Furness, Withy & Co., Sohmer Park.
Zanzibar, Anderson, McKenzie & Co., Hochelaga.
Melville, Elder, Dempster & Co., foot of Berri Street.
Atbara, McLean, Kennedy & Co., Hochelaga.
Alcides, R. Reford & Co., foot of Berri Street.
Hurona, R. Reford & Co., Victoria Pier.
Loughrigg Holme, McLean, Kennedy & Co., Windmill Point.
Dora, R. Reford & Co., Hochelaga.
Lake Erie, Elder, Dempster & Co., foot of Berri Street.
Achille, Anderson, McKenzie & Co., Jacques Cartier Pier.
Manchester Importer, Furness, Withy & Co., Jacques Cartier Pier.
Mongolian, H. & A. Allan, Allans' wharf.
Nordkap, McLean, Kennedy & Co., Hochelaga.
Mystic, Dominion Coal Co., Windmill Point.

SAILINGS.

For Liverpool.

Lake Erie, July 10.
Lake Manitoba, July 17.
Lake Megantic, July 24.
Lake Champlain, July 31.
Lake Ontario, August 7.
Lake Simcoe, August 14.
Manxman, July 19.
Dominion, August 2.
Mongolian, July 12.
Tunisian, July 19.

For London.

Hurona, July 11.

For Glasgow.

Alcides, July 9.
Teutonia, July 16.

For Antwerp.

Prome, July 18.
Belgian, August 10.
Mexican, August 20.

Miscellaneous.

Jacona, July 30, for Leith and Aberdeen.
Lord Charlemont, August 16, for Cardiff.
Frisia, July 10, for Hamburg.
Rathlin Head, August 15, for Belfast.
Ramore Head, July 20, for Dublin.

TROUBLE AT ROCHESTER.

A despatch from Rochester, N.Y., tells of a very bad condition of affairs at the port of Charlotte. It says:

"The river conditions at Charlotte are serious and shipping is practically tied up. The ferry boat Windsor is completely out of business. The flats are flooded to an extent greater than at any time since the great ice jam last spring. The great passenger steamers are experiencing the utmost difficulty in making their docks, and last night grave fears were expressed for the Toronto and Kingston, which, while turning in the river, practically dammed the water. It looked for a time as if they would be capsized, but the danger was averted by the pilot easing off the helm. A jam of flotsam, consisting of trees, hay stacks, fence rails and a great quantity of lumber from up the valley, has formed south of the ferry slip for nearly two acres in area and is backing up the flood, causing great damage to surrounding country."

GENERAL NOTES.

The latest report is that Sir Charles Furness has purchased four Clan Line steamships to go on the London and Halifax route.

The new steamship Krooniand, of the Red Star Line, arrived at Antwerp yesterday.

The Mongolian, Allan Line, arrived yesterday on her first trip to Montreal. She is a sister ship to the Numidian, and is replacing the Ionian, now under Government charter.

The Indiana is now at Quebec and will go into dry dock as soon as the Sahara is repaired.

The Damara was reported inward at Cape Race on Monday.

The Polino passed Low Point inward yesterday.

The Tritonia, Donaldson Line, was reported inward at Cape Magdalen yesterday.

The Lake Manitoba, Beaver Line, will reach here on Saturday.

The Nordkap is in port from Newfairwater with sugar and is docked at Hochelaga.

The Catham is on her way from Three Rivers to Montreal to load for McLean, Kennedy & Co.

The Langford sails from Rotterdam to-morrow with rails for Montreal.

The Norweglan, Allan Line, sailed to-day for Glasgow. She has 300 cattle, 748 sheep and a general cargo.

The Teelin Head is due to sail from Belfast for the St. Lawrence to-morrow.

The Merion, Dominion Line, from Boston, passed Brow Head, Ireland, at 2 p.m. on July 4.

The Californian, Dominion Line, from Liverpool, arrived at Portland on July 6 at 6 a.m.

The Bengore Head sails from Maryport to-morrow for Montreal with rails.

The Numidian, Allan Line, arrived at Liverpool yesterday from Montreal.

The Sarmatian, Allan Line, is due here to-day.

LEADERS OF THE LADIES.

National Concil of Women Have Elected Their Officers.

St. John, July 9.—The National Council of Women, at the annual meeting, elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Robert Thomson; vice-presidents, Lady Laurier and Lady Taylor. Provincial vice-presidents —Ontario, Mrs. Hoodless; Quebec, Madame Dandurand; New Brunswick, Lady Tilley; Nova Scotia, Mrs. R. L. Borden; Prince Edward Island, Mrs. Anderson; Manitoba, Mrs. McEwan; Northwest Territories, Mrs. Kate Cummings; British Columbia, Miss Perrin. Treasurer, Mrs. J. B. Learmont; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Willoughby Cummings; recording secretary, Mrs. Laidlaw.

An invitation from the Toronto Council to hold the national convention of 1903 in Toronto was accepted.

ROME TEACHING AMERICANS.

The Supreme Pontiff Very Much Pleased With the Celerity With Which Business is Done.

Rome, July 8.—The answer of the committee of cardinals to Governor Taft's recent note on the subject of the friars' lands in the Philippine Islands was presented to the Pope to-day by Gardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State. The Pontiff expressed his pleasure at the celerity with which the business had been despatched and said jestingly:

"We are teaching the Americans the renowned art of hustling."

The answer will be translated into French and will be printed.

KILLED HIS SISTER.

Young Man of Boston Took His Sister's Life and Wounded His Mother.

Boston, July 8.—Herbert Hill to-day shot and killed his sister Alice at their home in Roxbury and then shot his mother, who had come into the room to protect the daughter, inflicting probably fatal injuries. Hill escaped. He was seen going in the direction of Franklin Park. The police have surrounded the park and expect to catch him. The neighbors of the family say the young man had been acting queerly of late. It is thought he is insane.

GAINING STRENGTH.

Judge Richardson, Who Was Stricken With Apoplexy is Reported to Be Better.

Winnipeg, July 8.—A despatch from Regina says that Judge Richardson is improving in health.

STOCKS BROUGHT BUT LOW PRICES

Belonged to the Estate of Late Major Bond—Phillipsburg Property Sold To-day.

A large quantity of stocks belonging to the estate of the late Major Bond were disposed of yesterday, the sale being held at the office of Mr. R. B. Hutcheson, Mechanics' Institute building.

The stocks sold and the prices realized were as follows:—

5,000	War Eagle Copper Gold Mining Company	$ 20
20	Montreal Curling Club	70
10,000	Big Three Gold Mining Co.	32
15,000	Decca Mining Company	20
40	Phillipsburg Junction Railway and Quarry Company	400
20	Ontario Accident Insurance Company	255
10	Royal Victoria Life Insurance Company	135
2,500	Twin Silver Mining Company	1
25	Bubeck Company	1,200

Three shares of the Athletic Club House Company were sold for ten cents, a like sum being realized for two lots of five shares Montreal Cafe Company and six shares of the Montreal Stave and Barrel Company.

The immovable property at Phillipsburg is to be sold this morning, the sale taking place at the door of the Episcopal Church at that place. The sale of a lot in Mount Royal Cemetery will take place Friday at the door of the Catholic Parish Church of St. Viatur d'Outremont.

SANFORD SUFFERING.

Doctors Are Treating the Well Digger For Abscesses on the Head And Shoulders.

Paris, Ont., July 8.—Joshua Sanford, the hero of the well, is suffering from abscesses on the head and shoulder, and a consultation of medical men was held yesterday. Condition not favorable, though recovery confidently looked for.

At a mass meeting in the Town Hall of Paris Monday, a resolution was passed expressing sympathy with Joshua Sanford, who was entombed in the well on the Skelly farm for four and a half days. Another resolution commended Sanford's rescuers for the bravery and determination they had displayed in the face of great danger to their own lives, and, further, a committee was named to investigate the claims of Sanford's rescuers, who are eligible for medals or parchments. The following committee was authorized to receive subscriptions for the benefit of Sanford or for those who were instrumental in saving his life. Mayor Brown will receive the subscriptions and acknowledge them in the press: Messrs. J. H. Fisher, F. Smoke, R. Thompson and T. Scott-Davidson. All day Sunday and last night Joshua Sanford suffered much pain owing to the development of several abscesses. One on his arm near the shoulder and another in the axilla were the most painful, and it will be several days before he is as well as he was on Friday morning, but this evening he is resting much better. Money offers have come to him from various parts of the country. A Chatham sanitarium offers free treatment, the Federated Business College offers free tuition, and others have written Mr. Penman offering to subscribe to a fund for Sanford or the heroes who rescued him.

INSULTED STARS AND STRIPES.

An Intoxicated Englishman Arrested in Boston For Desecrating the United States Flag.

Boston, Mass., July 8.—Chas. Roberts, an Englishman and assistant steward on the Cunarder Saxonia, was fined $10 in the East Boston District Court to-day on pleading guilty to a charge of desecrating the American flag. Roberts, with two companions, were enjoying the Fourth of July in East Boston, and Roberts was somewhat intoxicated. The trio visited one of the hotels there and seated themselves at a table. While waiting to be served with refreshments Roberts took a small American flag from his pocket, and after making some insulting remarks tore the flag into shreds and threw them in the face of a stranger. Roberts was attacked and severely beaten by a stranger.

The police, hearing of the case, had Roberts brought into court.

CREMATED SPARROWS.

Elderly Toronto Man Brought Into Court on a Charge of Cruelty.

Toronto, July 8.—A shocking case of cruelty to birds was ventilated in yesterday afternoon's Police Court. Several little girls and some ladies swore that David Scott, an elderly man, took a nest of sparrows out on the street and applied a match, cremating the little inmates. The defendant in explanation said the sparrows were the cause of much filth around his doorway. He said he knocked the nest down with a rake, and admitted placing a match to it. One little bird that hopped out was thrown in again. He was fined $5 and costs or thirty days.

Indigestion

and nervousness are often the result of hurried meals.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

stimulates and tones the digestive organs enabling the stomach to digest perfectly.

Those who suffer will find Abbeys Salt a perfect corrective of all stomach disorders. Dyspepsia cannot be cured by doctoring the effect. Abbeys Salt removes the causes by enabling the stomach to do its work properly.—A mild laxative.

At all druggists.

Ceylon Tea

GREEN OR BLACK

Has been adjudged guilty of being Pure and Economical, at the bar of public opinion, and been sentenced to a prominent place on every table where those qualities are appreciated.

WORRY IN TORONTO.

The Exhibition Directors Will Not Have a New Building They Planned For, Ready.

Toronto, July 8.—The new main building intended for manufacturers' exhibits may not be ready for the Industrial Exhibition. This is a possibility that is causing the Exhibition directors not a little concern these days. Either or all of these parties are said to be responsible for the delay: The architect, the bricklayers or the contractor for the iron work. At all events, as yet there is little or no building material on the ground, though the fair opens in seven weeks. Added seriousness is given the situation by the fact that the Exhibition Board has had a man on the road for six weeks securing the promises of manufacturers in Canada to send exhibits to the new palatial building.

A SWELL JAIL.

Gaynor and Greene Are Undergoing the Hardships of Confinement in the Chateau Frontenac.

Quebec, July 9.—Colonel Gaynor and Captain Greene, who have been detained in the district gaol since they were taken from the charge of Gaoler Vallee some time ago, have removed their quarters to the Chateau Frontenac. They are still in charge of the sheriff, and a provincial detective is continually in charge of them.

TO SURRENDER METCALF.

The United States Secretary of State Willing Canada Should Deal With the Man.

Washington, D. C., July 8.—The Secretary of State has issued a request for the surrender to the Canadian authorities of Gilbert Metcalf, formerly a railroad operator at Sault Ste. Marie, Canada, who is charged with embezzling about $200, and is now under committment in New Haven, Conn.

MAN WHO HANGED RIEL.

John Henderson Who Executed the Leader of the Rebellion is Dead.

Glasgow, Mont., July 8.—John Henderson, who eighteen years ago was the official executioner for the Canadian Government in the North-West, and who hanged Louis Riel, the leader of the rebellion in 1885, is dead, as the result of an operation.

ANOTHER SICK MONARCH.

Marie Henrietta, Queen of the Belgians, is Critically Ill.

Brussels, July 9.—La Chronique says that Marie Henrietta, Queen of the Belgians, who has been ill for some time past at Spa, Belgium, has suddenly grown worse, and is in an alarming condition.

PEACE FOR A MINUTE.

Governor of Panama Receives a Despatch That Some One Has Laid Down His Arms.

Panama, Colombia, July 7.—General Salazar, the Governor of Panama, has received a despatch from Bogota, the capital, announcing that Generals Pedroja, Benito, Ulloa Leal, and Teopilo Garcia and their staffs, together with General Marin, a most important liberal leader of the department of Tolima, have laid down their arms on account of the guarantees offered by the Bogota Government.

At Carmen General De Tacap defeated the Liberal forces under General Munoz, killing or wounding over 200 men. This general also won a victory over the forces of General Garcia Rovira, thus, it is claimed, rendering it useless to cause any more bloodshed.

TOO GIDDY FOR THE JUDGE.

Author of a Warm Little Play in London Failed to Find Favor With a Judge.

London, July 8.—Augustus Moore, the author of the play "The Giddy Goat," sued the publishers of the Era, a leading theatrical newspaper, for a libel contained in reference to the play. The judge, after the scenes and dialogue had been discussed at great length, expressed surprise at the Lord Chamberlain licensing such a piece. Later on the jury refused to hear the further reading of the play. The plaintiff was awarded damages of a farthing, but the judge refused to allow the plaintiff costs.

NO RELIGION.

Protestant Teachers in the Philippines to be Informed They Are Not to Do Missionary Work.

Washington, July 8.—Complaints have been received at the War Department that certain teachers in the Philippines have been trying to influence Catholic children to become Protestants. The compiants have been forwarded to Acting Governor Wright, withinstructions to have the practice, if it prevails, stopped.

The teachers will be informed that it is no part of the policy of the Government to have any religion taught in the schools.

TO PRACTICE LAW.

Deputy Minister of Public Works Will Don the Gown of the Learned Profession.

Ottawa, July 8.—(Special.)—Mr. Gobeil, who has for several years been Deputy Minister of Public Works, has successfully passed his examinations in law, and will shortly retire to practice the profession.

TEN THOUSAND TEACHERS.

A Great Gathering of Enlighteners in the City of Minneapolis And More Coming.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 8.—The total attendance at the National Educational Association's meetings is 6,000, and every incoming train brings fresh accessions. It is estimated that there will be close to 10,000 visitors before the end of the week.

WHEREFORE ART THOU ROMEO.

Bernhardt to Play the Ardent to Maud Adams' Juliet.

Manchester, Eng., July 8.—Sarah Bernhardt definitely announced here to-day that arrangements had been completed for Maude Adams to play Juliet to Mme. Bernhardt's Romeo during the visit of the French actress to America in 1903

DIFFICULT NAVIGATION.

A Richelieu and Ontario Boat Found the Approach to Charlotte Very Troublesome.

Rochester, N.Y., July 8.—The river conditions at Charlotte are serious, and shipping is practically tied up. The ferry boat Windsor is completely out of business. The flats are flooded to an extent greater than at any time since the great ice jam last spring. The great passenger steamers are experiencing the utmost difficulty in making their docks, and last night grave fears were expressed for the steamer Kingston, which, while turning in the river, practically dammed the water. It looked for a time as if they would be capsized, but the danger was averted by the pilot easing off the helm. A jam of flotsam, consisting of trees, hay stacks, fence rails and a great quantity of lumber from up the valley has formed south of the ferry slip, for nearly two acres in area, and is backing up the flood, causing great damage to surrounding country.

KILLED BY A BULL.

John McKeen, a Brother of Senator D. B. McKeen, Killed By An Animal in Nova Scotia.

Halifax, July 8.—John McKeen, a highly respected farmer of Mabou, C.B., was gored to death by a bull this afternoon. He was in the act of tying the bull in the barn when the animal attacked him, and before assistance could reach him he was killed. He leaves a widow and two children. Senator David McKeen, of Halifax, is a brother of the deceased.

TO FIND A GUARD.

A Civil Engineer Appointed to Investigate the Protection of Cattle.

St. John, N.B., July 8—Gilmore Brown, C.E., of this city, has been appointed by the Railway Department a commissioner to investigate the subject of railway cattle guards, with a view of enabling the Minister to introduce legislation promised by him last session, when Mr. Lancaster's cattle guard bill was defeated.

STONERS SENTENCED.

Nine Paterson Dyers Who Caused Trouble Sentenced to Jail.

Paterson, N.J., July 8.—Nine striking dyers' helpers were arrested to-day and sentenced to ten days in jail each on the charge of having stoned non-union men who entered the Auger and Simon silk mill. In court the men denied that they threw the stones, and said they went to the mill to ask for employment.

SNAKE MAKES ITSELF AT HOME IN A PIANO

Cincinnati, O., July 7.—For the past two or three weeks the family of Captain Tom Timberlake, of Engine Company No. 37, who lives at 3374 Hillside Avenue, has been very much annoyed and puzzled by a peculiar noise emanating from the piano at different times during the day and the night. The instrument had been opened a number of times and investigation made, but the mystery remained unsolved. During all this time Captain Timberlake's two daughters practiced on the piano daily, frequently complaining that it was out of tune. Sometimes when the keys were touched softly persons in the room could detect a slight hissing sound, for which no explanation could be made.

Neighbors who were apprised of the mysterious noises suggested that the piano might possibly be haunted or that there might be ghosts in the house that were displeased with the music. This explanation was not satisfactory, but it seemed to be the most plausible one that could be given.

A day or two ago Mrs. Timberlake determined to ferret out the mystery. Opening the piano and pulling the strings apart she noticed underneath a nest made of sheet music. Taking hold of this to pull it out she was horrified to see a black snake nearly four feet long crawl from among the papers and coil as if to strike her. She screamed and ran into another room. Captain Timberlake was sent for, and when he reached the house found the snake crawling over the piano strings and apparently enjoying the low-sound vibrations thus caused.

His snakeship was promptly killed and taken to the engine house, where it was exhibited to a curious crowd that soon thereafter gathered to hear the story of the wonderful discovery.

Captain Timberlake says he cannot explain how the reptile got into the piano. He moved with his family to the house about the middle of April and is inclined to believe it got in while the piano was being moved from his former home and that it had remained in it ever since.

RODDAM AT SYDNEY.

Sydney, July 9.—With her rigging burned to strips, with eleven of her crew dead or dying, and amid the deluge of lava and the terrifying noise of the eruption of Mont Pelee, the steamer Roddam, now in Sydney, steamed out of the harbor of St. Pierre with her brave captain at the wheel, and while the capital of Martinique was a mass of flames and smoke. The Roddam arrived at Sydney Monday afternoon from Mobile, Ala., with a cargo of pitch pine for a port in Holland. She bunkered tonight and will sail shortly after 12 o'clock. She has on board five men who witnessed the destruction of St. Pierre. They are: George Pyle, the present chief engineer of the steamer; Sydney Schedwick, the third engineer, two seamen and a donkey man.

MUSICIAN SUICIDED.

Leader of Weber and Fields Theatre Orchestra Took His Own Life.

New York, July 8.—A death certificate fyled to-day by Dr. G. H. Hammond, who was the physician in attendance on John H. Stromberg, late leader of the Weber and Fields' Theatre orchestra, showed that the musician died of poison self-administered. Stromberg had suffered intensely from rheumatism, and being unable to obtain relief, he took Paris green last Saturday night.

CRAZED BY THE HEAT.

This is what we say of men driven to some frantic deed in mid-summer. Yet women endure worse heat in their kitchens, made terrible by the glowing, seething coal range. We forget their sufferings and keep all our pity for men who work in quarries and excavations. The gas stove has solved the problem of excessive heat in the kitchen in the summer months. Besides being more economical in fuel cost, and superior in all points of cleanliness, convenience and comfort, the gas stove has banished the frightful heat of the kitchen, in over 18,000 Montreal homes, thereby making cooking a pleasure. See the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Co.'s $6 rental stoves: Showroom, New York Life Building.—Adv.

Fine Comedy This Week... — **PROCTOR'S**
THE BRIGHT SOCIETY COMEDY.
"LORD CHUMLEY"
Ladies, 10c, except holidays. Night prices: Reserved, Orchestra, 75c, 50c. Parquette, 25c.
Next Week—Debut of Miss Ethel Knight Mollison (Mansfield's late leading lady), in "Mrs. Dane's Defence."

Unique ... Attraction — **PROCTOR'S**
WRITERS VS. ACTORS.
On Thursday, July 10th, the male members of the Proctor Stock Company will play a Baseball Match on the Montreal Baseball Grounds with the Editorial Staffs of the Montreal Press. Match at 4 p.m. Ladies holding theatre coupon tickets admitted free. General Admission, 15 cents.

RIVERSIDE PARK | **Maisonneuve**
Attractions for this Week Commencing Sunday Afternoon, July 6th.
PERFORMANCES EVERY EVENING
Will C. Millard, America's Premier Comedy Bicyclist; The Bedards, first-class equilibrists, hand-balancing and acrobatic feats; Champagne Bros., clog dancers; L. P. Barber, the one-armed contortionist; Miss Emma Zeph, singer and dancer; Cartal, French comic singer; Rice and Raymond, illustrated songs.
ADMISSION, 10c; CHILDREN, 5c.

MILTON HERSEY, M. A. Sc. (McGill)
City Analyst, Provincial Analyst, Chemist of the C.P.R.
ANALYSES FOR THE PUBLIC.
PHONE MAIN 252.
146 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal.

WHAT AILS THE CANARY?
HAVE been feeding it on improper food—hence the drooping and loss of voice.
BROCK'S BIRD SEED AND TREAT
Will restore lost health and song to any bird.
USE NO OTHER.

USE 7 THE ONLY RELIABLE HAIR PREPARATION **SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER**
SOLD BY THE SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS, 2261 St. Catherine Street. MONTREAL.
J. H. BAILEY, Foreign.

Soft Harness
You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You can lengthen its life—make it last twice as long as it ordinarily would.
EUREKA Harness Oil
makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.
Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.
Made by IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY.

The Expert opinion of MR. LOUIS FORTIER, who declares under oath that
"GRANDAS CIGARS are at least equal to imported cigars."
has added greatly to the prestige already obtained by these cigars.
Also on oath Mr. Fortier says that
HE PREFERS
GRANDAS

THE CANADIAN
COLORED COTTON MILLS COMPANY.
Cottonades, Tickings, Denims, Awnings, Shirtings, Flannelettes, Ginghams, Zephyrs, Skirtings, Dress Goods, Lawns, Cottons, Blankets, Angolas, Yarns, etc.
ONLY WHOLESALE TRADE SUPPLIED.

D. Morrice, Sons & Co
—AGENTS—
MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

TO BROADEN QUEEN'S.

Kingston, July 9.—It is likely that at the next session of the Dominion Government and Ontario Legislature application will be made for a new charter for Queen's University, rendered necessary on account of the university's broadened educational scheme and by reason of it severing itself from the Presbyterian Church. Rev. Mr. Patrick, principal of the Winnipeg Presbyterian College, is now favorably spoken of as Principal Grant's successor.

Blair's Pills
Great English Remedy for Gout & Rheumatism
Safe. Sure. Effective.
All Druggists 60c. and $1.00
LYMAN SONS & CO. MONTREAL

FRANCAIS | THIS WEEK Matinee Daily
Summer Season's Success.
Corse Payton's Stock Company in William Gillett's GREAT WAR DRAMA,
"HELD BY THE ENEMY."
MATINEE DAILY—10c Everybody.
NIGHT PRICES—10, 20, 30c.
NEXT WEEK—"JIM THE PENMAN."

SOHMER PARK Now open for the Summer.
— 10 CENTS. —
3 and 8 p.m. Every Day.
Children, week days and including one ride in carousal, 5 cents.
BEST SPECIALTIES IN THE LAND.
THREE GREAT BALLETS
LAVIGNE'S BAND ALL CARS GO TO SOHMER PARK

Ho! For Carillon, $1.00
Palace Str. Sovereign.
Every week day. Take 8 a.m. train for Lachine. Home via rapids at 6.30 p.m.

R & O RICHELIEU ONTARIO NAV. CO.
IDEAL TOURIST ROUTE.
Only Steamers Running all the Rapids.
Rates West include Meals and Berth.
TORONTO - MONTREAL LINE, via 1,000 ISLANDS AND CHARLOTTE, N.Y. (PORT OF ROCHESTER). Steamers leave daily, except Sundays, at 12.15 noon.
HAMILTON-MONTREAL LINE, via 1,000 ISLANDS, BAY OF QUINTE AND TORONTO on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 1 p.m. Special low rates on this line.
QUEBEC LINE steamers leave daily at 7 p.m.
SAGUENAY LINE, daily from Quebec, at 8 a.m.
CITY TICKET OFFICE,
128 ST. JAMES STREET, Opp. Post Office.

CORONATION AND OTHER ADDRESSES HANDSOMELY ILLUMINATED EDWIN COX & CO.

FOR SALE!
About 15 Tons of Sheet Lead, weighing 3 and 4 lbs. to the square foot.
Will be sold reasonable and in quantities as desired. Apply
SYRACUSE SMELTING WORKS,
Cor. William and St. Thomas Sts., Montreal.

ART ASSOCIATION,
—PHILLIPS SQUARE.
Galleries Open Daily, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Admission 25 Cents.

STOCK SEASON SNAPS
$10.00 Steel Engravings for $6.50, Framed Complete.
HEASLEY, THE PICTURE FRAMER
2067 St. Catherine St., near Bleury. Tel. 1315 UP. | We close at 6 o'clock July & August.

FIRE INSURANCE
Montreal City Agent, The Imperial Insurance Company, Limited, London, England, British American Assurance Company, Toronto Alliance Asurance Company, London, Eng.
GEORGE C. HIAM,
Imperial Building, St. James Street.

Horses!
For Sale—High Stepping Cobs,
Matched Pairs, Carriage and Saddle Horses, Heavy Draught and General purpose always on hand.
The Celebrated Thoroughbred Stallion
STONELEIGH
The Best Bred Horse in Canada, will stand at our stables for the season 1902.
THE TELFER & CLIMIE CO.
19 ST. MAURICE STREET.

Office Supplies
No house in Montreal is better equipped with office supplies of all kinds, stationery, etc.
Printing, Bookbinding, Ruling, Embossing, Reliefs, etc., quickly and cheaply executed.
JOSEPH FORTIER,
254 ST. JAMES STREET.

Healthful Plumbing
Pure air, indoors and out, is demanded by considerations of health, particularly of growing youths.
You can trust the health of your family in a house when our work, the sanitary kind of plumbing, has been done.
It's as cheap as good work can be done for, with all the supplies of the best grade.
M. WALSH & CO.,
562 Craig Street.
Bell Tel. Main 2744.

The INTERCOLONIAL COAL MINING COMPANY, LTD.
Works—Drummond Colliery, Westville, Nova Scotia.
Miners and Producers of "Drummond" Coal and Coke, from the celebrated Pictou Seams of Nova Scotia. Offered in all sizes and quantities to suit purchasers. Shipments by water or rail.
Head Office, Room 311, Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, or any Injurious
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED Toronto, Ont.

Department for Women Readers.

Men, Women and Happenings

Mrs. D. Larose, of Montreal, is in Quebec.

Miss Borden, of Montreal, is in North Hatley.

Miss Laura Shanks is visiting in Carleton Place.

Mrs. Gould, Detroit, is at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Mrs. Sterry Hunt, University Street, is in Toronto.

The Misses Strathy, of Toronto, are at Little Metis.

Mrs. E. Golnay, Pittsburg, Pa., is at the Windsor.

Miss Lilian McDermott, Chicago, is at the Carslake.

Miss R. Kane, Ottawa, is visiting friends in town.

Miss M. E. O'Leary, New York, is at the Albion Hotel.

Miss Esther Bainbow, Pittsburg, Pa., is at the Place Viger.

Miss Berkeley Powell has returned to Ottawa from Montreal.

Rev. A. W. McKay and Mrs. McKay are at the Place Viger.

Miss May Fitzsimmons has returned to Brockville from Montreal.

The Misses McVean, Glasgow, Scotland, are at the Albion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. D.Grandpre, Sherbrooke, Que., are at the Place Viger.

Mrs. James Robertson and family are at the "Observatory," Hatley.

The Hon. Mrs. Aylmer, of Lennoxville, is visiting friends in Richmond.

Mrs. Neil Warner, of New York, has been making a stay in Montreal.

Miss Muriel Samson, of Windsor Mills, has returned home from Montreal.

Miss Edith Lilly, of Montreal, is visiting Mrs. Stevenson, of Coaticook.

Miss Fernandes and Miss L. Enright, California, are at the Place Viger.

Miss Marks, of Montreal, has been visiting Mrs. Penfold at Richmond, Que.

Miss Lacy, St. Mark's Street, is at St. Patrick's visiting Mrs. George A. Kohl.

Mrs. Gordon Roe, of Montreal, is spending the week with friends in Coaticook.

Miss Foster has returned to Montreal from visiting Canon and Mrs. Foster, Coaticook.

Miss M. Tomkins, of Montreal, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Tomkins, Coaticook.

Mrs. J. Campbell will spend the next two months at the Montreal House, Old Orchard, Me.

Lady Henry Somerset will visit the United States and Canada during September and October.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hope are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. Hope, St. Andrew's, N.B.

Miss Katie Manning, of Hartley, Ont., is the guest of Mrs. James Kent, Wood Avenue, Westmount.

Miss O'Connor, of Boston, Mass., is spending a month with her aunt, Miss Warren, Union Avenue.

Miss Lella Wonham has left Richelieu for a portion of the season, to visit friends in Newport, Rhode Island.

Captain and Mrs. Bonham Clay, and the Misses Clay leave by the fast train on Friday evening for Little Metis.

Mr. and Mrs. Newell Bate and family, of Ottawa, leave on the 15th for Little Metis, to spend the next two months.

Mr. and Mrs. Travers Lewis, of Ottawa, have returned from Stanley Island, and leave on the 15th for Little Metis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. King are at the Chateau, Quebec, with Mr., Mrs. and Miss Oaks and Mr. C. Somerville, of Boston.

Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. J. S. Dunbar have returned to Quebec from Fredericton, N.B., where they have spent the last two years.

Mrs. C. W. Dean, 4282 Sherbrooke St., was summoned hurriedly last night to Grand Haven, Mich., owing to the serious illness of her father.

Mrs. Jas. M. Shaw, infant and nurse, have left to spend the month of July at Peake's Island. Miss Ellie and Miss Bertie Schultz accompanied her.

Miss Ramsay and Miss Ruby Ramsay, who are at present at Beaconsfield, will spend August at Little Metis with their sister, Mrs. Charles H. Godfrey.

Mrs. George Macrae and Miss Macrae, Union Avenue, who have been spending some time in Montana with Dr. and Mrs. Charles Vidal, are expected in Montreal shortly.

The marriage of Mr. Neville Norton-Evans, of Milton Street, to Miss Bertha O'Connor, daughter of Mr. E. O'Connor, has been arranged to take place in September.

Mrs. Robert Cook and the Misses Cook, Mackay Street, left this morning for Rockland, Maine, where they will remain for a few weeks before going to the White Mountains.

Miss Ida B. Taylor, daughter of the late Mr. Edward T. Taylor, who is in the General Hospital, is slowly recovering from her serious illness. Miss Florence Taylor is also gradually improving.

The marriage is to take place to-day in St. Mary's Church, Johannesburg, S.A., of Miss Florence Cameron, daughter of Mr. John Cameron, of London, Ont., to Mr. Samuel Blake, of London, Eng., son of Hon. Edward Blake, M.P. for Longford, formerly of Toronto.

The wedding was celebrated yesterday morning in the Sacred Heart Chapel of the Basilica, Quebec, of Dr. Louis George Pinault, of Campbelltown, N.B., nephew of Lt.-Col. Pinault, Deputy Minister of Militia, to Miss Aline de la Bruere, daughter of Hon. P. Boucher de la Bruere. The bride was given away by her father, and the groom accompanied by his uncle, Lt.-Col. Pinault. After a wedding breakfast at the Chateau, Dr. and Mrs. Pinault left for the West. Mr. and Mrs. L. O. David were among the invited guests.

CHILDREN PATRONIZE PLAYGROUNDS.

The city children are enchanted with the vacation playgrounds which have now been open for a week. During that time 480 boys, and 338 girls have been welcomed at the Royal Arthur, and 250 boys and 210 girls at Berthelet School.

The most pleasing feature is that the matrons in charge have had no trouble at all with the children. That is no more trouble than would naturally accompany keeping an eye on a large number of children. They are helpful to one another, and the matrons, they tidy up the yard after games and put away their playthings. Games of all sort—tennis, balls, etc.,etc., will be most useful if anyone feels inclined to present them.

A BARBED BOUNDARY.

Wire Fence To Be Erected Between Canada And the United States.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—It is likely that in order to put an end to constant bickering and recrimination caused by cattle straying from Montana over the border into Alberta and Assinaboia, the Canadian Government will have one hundred miles of wire fence constructed.

TO GO HOME AT ONCE.

Eastern Men of the Coronation Contingent Will Be Discharged at Quebec and Others at Montreal.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—A militia order in connection with the demobilization of the Coronation Contingent on Friday next was issued today. The troops from the Maritime Provinces and Eastern Quebec will disembark at Quebec on Friday, and the remainder of the contingent at Montreal on the following day. The troops will be entirely settled with by the accountant of the Militia Department en route from Rimouski, and will be furnished with transportation and allowance for subsistence to their homes. They will be dismissed as soon after landing as possible in order that they may proceed home at once. The senior officer or non-commissioned officers will take charge of the men to the respective points.

All arms and equipment will be turned over to the D.O.C. at Montreal to be returned to stores.

WHERE DOCTORS FAIL

To Cure Woman's Ills, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds. Mrs. Pauline Judson Writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Soon after my marriage two years ago I found myself in constant pain. The doctor said my womb was turned, and this caused the pain with considerable inflammation. He prescribed for me for

MRS. PAULINE JUDSON,
Secretary of Schermerhorn Golf Club, Brooklyn, New York.

four months, when my husband became impatient because I grew worse instead of better, and in speaking to the druggist he advised him to get **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash.** How I wish I had taken that at first; it would have saved me weeks of suffering. It took three long months to restore me, but it is a happy relief, and we are both most grateful to you. Your Compound has brought joy to our home and health to me."—MRS. PAULINE JUDSON, 47 Hoyt Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

It would seem by this statement that women would save time and much sickness if they would get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and also write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and always helps.

ROSS WOULD LAUGH TOO.

Whitney Amused at the Report of a Coalition Government.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—J. P. Whitney was greatly amused last night on hearing the suggestion emanating from Peterborough of a coalition government for Ontario.

PETITION AT THE SOO.

Protest Filed Against the Successful Conservative There.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 9.—(Special.)—A petition was filed yesterday against the return of Mr. A. Miscampbell, M.P.P. for Sault Ste. Marie. The petitioner is Mr. C. N. Smith, the defeated Liberal.

PROBABLY WELCOME.

Hamilton Increases the Salary of Its School Inspector.

Hamilton, July 9. — (Special.)—The Board of Education last night increased Inspector Ballard's salary to $2,200.

A SICK LIBERAL.

Robert Holmes, M.P., For West Huron Has the Typhoid Fever.

Clinton, July 9.—(Special.)—Robert Holmes, M.P., is suffering from typhoid fever at his home here.

NEW GAS MACHINE.

Tested Yesterday in the Presence of Many Montrealers Interested in Project.

To secure illuminating and heating gas at a cheap rate and without having to use cumbersome apparatus and dangerous storage pipes and tanks, has long been the dream of the citizen of an inventive turn of mind. The invention of two Sorel men, Messrs. F. Paul, jr., and A. F. Yandiock, has this purpose in view. Their invention is but recently patented, and is known as the twentieth century light and heat plant.

Yesterday Mr. A. W. Morris, who has control of the rights, gave a very interesting exhibition of its working at No. 91 Inspector Street, where the first, and so far, the only plant is erected.

No. 2 Auer mantles and burners were used in the light tests and the illuminating was very good. Its heating power, Mr. Morris very quickly and easily showed by aid of a gas range.

The claims for the new illuminant are that it is absolutely safe, odorless, non-explosive and cheap. No heat, water reel or gasometer is used, and no matter how cold the weather and how much exposed the plant, it cannot possibly freeze. No carbonic gas is generated, so there is no danger of asphyxiation.

Prof. A. W. Strong, B.A., Sc., of McGill College, investigated the new gas and plant, and made a very concise but flattering report on it. Mr. Morris will soon have his new invention on the market and no doubt it will be well received.

NO MOTHS TURN UP.

A Noxious Fruit Destroyer Has Been Banished By the Fight Against It.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—Mr. A. MacNeil, acting chief fruit inspector, returned from a tour of the Niagara peninsula, this morning. He reports that Salt Fleet, in Wentworth county, is the only township that for more than one year has placed the codling moth on the noxious insect list, and Mr. W. M. Orr, of Fruitland, reports that this year he has not been able to discover a single specimen of this moth. The usual time for their appearance, to pupate, is about the middle of June, and though it is just possible the late season may have something to do with it, it bears striking testimony to the power which stringent regulations have upon the prevalence of an insect so dreaded as the codling moth. If this moth could be got out of the apple growing districts of Ontario alone, it would mean thousands in the pockets of dealers alone. What is required is united action of all fruit growers. Mr. MacNeil in an interview says he does not know of any other place where they have had the codling moth so abundantly, and where they have so effectively as in Salt Fleet.

ANOTHER SICK MAN.

Trooper Player, of Quebec, Has the Enteric at Johannesburg.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—A cable received at the Militia Department states that Trooper Richard Player, with the 2nd C.M.R., is dangerously ill at Johannesburg. Player comes from Quebec.

DESTROYED BY LIGHTNING.

Intercolonial Depot And a Drug Store Struck By Bolts.

Halifax, N.S., July 9.—(Special.)—The Intercolonial Railway station at Milford was struck by lightning last night and destroyed, and McFatridge's drug store adjoining, suffered the same fate.

HENRY BIRKS & SONS

Diamond Merchants,
MONTREAL.

Flexible Watch BRACELETS,

In 14-karat Gold.

These flexible watch bracelets have proven to be the most satisfactory watch bracelets yet produced. They are so constructed that they shape themselves to the wearers wrist, firmly yet comfortably, thus preventing the watch from turning, which is the chief fault with other kinds. The movements are fine, 15 jewelled, Swiss levers and thoroughly reliable. We have many styles ranging in price from $45.00 up.

TWO MEN KILLED AT BEDFORD

Trying to Solder a Package of Dynamite and People Two Miles Off Heard it.

Bedford, Que., July 8.—(Special.)—A fatal explosion occurred here about 5 p.m. to-day. A man named Dodte Jette and his son were drilling a well for J. E. Lebeau, notary. They had reached a depth of forty feet and decided to set off a charge of dynamite at the bottom to get a flow of water. Not understanding the use of it very well, they procured the services of one Joseph Duval. It appears they were enclosing the dynamite in some sort of a tube and asked a local tinsmith to solder it for them, but he refused. Jette borrowed the soldering iron and on Mr. Lebeau's back verandah began work. Young Jette refused to assist. The dynamite exploded with terrific force, killing the elder Jette and mangling Duval in such a manner that he will hardly survive. Young Jette was only a few feet away, and beyond being thrown to the ground, escaped uninjured. Madame Lebeau, who was in a room off the verandah, was thrown to the floor and sustained a severe shock. All the windows in the house were shattered and the building otherwise damaged. As the house is situated in the business centre, the excitement was great. Eight pounds of dynamite exploded, and nearly all the windows in the vicinity were smashed. The explosio uwas felt two miles away.

Joseph Duval was brought to the General Hospital last night and died from his injuries about midnight. His chest was crushed in and he sustained terrible injuries about the head. His case was pronounced hopeless and death released him from his injuries a few hours after his admission to the hospital.

AMERICAN JUDGE DEAD.

William Marvin Passed Away At His Home in Syracuse.

Syracuse, July 9.—Judge William Marvin died at his home in Skaneateles this morning, aged 94 years. He was appointed U. S. District Attorney for Florida in 1835 by President Jackson, and was appointed U. S. District Judge at Key West by President Van Buren. He held court at Key West until 1863, and it was a Union court, with the American flag floating over it, though every attendant of the court from district attorney to crier joined in secession. After the war President Johnson appointed Judge Marvin provisional Governor of Florida. He returned to his home in Skaneateles in 1867, where he has since lived. Judge Marvin wrote several works upon maritime law and upon theological subjects.

AN EXPLORATION PARTY.

Government Wants to Know the Agricultural, Timber and Mineral Resources of the Albany River Country.

Ottawa, July 9.—(Special.)—The Department of the Interior has about completed arrangements for the despatch of an exploration survey party to the country north of the Albany River. The party will comprise a first-class topographical surveyor, as well as experts to ascertain the agricultural capabilities and to find out the mineral resources and forest wealth of that region of the country, which is not yet known to the department. First-class geologists will also be with the party. It is thought that that part of the country is well wooded, but the department has no data to go on in regard to the district. The party will not be back before next year, as the territory to be covered is very large.

FLOOD IN IOWA.

The Capital of the State Invaded By A River Through a Broken Lever.

Des Moines, Ia., July 9.—Last night the Des Moines River broke over the levee in the southeast part of the city, and a score of families were driven from their homes. John Childs, a cripple, was rescued with difficulty, and boats were used in saving others. The steamer Lehman, the biggest of the river excursion boats, was sunk and is in danger of breaking up.

At midnight more than 2½ inches of rain had fallen in ten hours. The Raccoon is two miles wide through Dallas and Green Counties, and sweeping over crops on the bottom lands. Reports from the Upper Des Moines and Raccoon indicate that the flood has not reached its greatest height.

WOMEN'S COUNCIL CLOSES CONVENTION

St. John, N.B., July 9.—To-day after a week of hard work, the National Council of Women of Canada brought to a close the ninth annual convention. The next will be held in Toronto, the Council having received a cordial invitation.

During the week a large amount of ground has been covered. Committees on laws for better protection of women and children, on domestic science, care of feeble-minded women, promotio nof industrial and fine arts, care of the aged poor, women on school boards, loan for Doukhobor women, pernicious literature and immigration have met and discussed the best means of promoting their objects. In addition to an immense amount of routine business there have been valuable papers presented, and public meetings held. The public meeting on Friday evening to discuss prison reform was presided over by Lieutenant-Governor Snowball, and addressed by Mrs. J. K. Barney, superintendent and prison evangelist, Providence, R.I., Rev. Canon Richard-on, Judge Ritchie, Rev. Dr. Fraser and Rev. G. Campbell.

On Monday evening the Mayor presided at a meeting on manual training and domestic science, subjects which are attracting much attention. Professor Robertson, of Ottawa, and Mrs. Hoodless, of Hamilton, two persons well qualified to speak on these subjects, addressed the meeting.

Yesterday at the conference of the King's Daughters reports were presented, and at the meeting of the Women's Art Association, at which Lady Tilley presided, Miss M. Barry Smith, Mrs. Nicholson-Cutter (Toronto), Miss Machar (Kingston), Mrs. Turnbull (London), Miss Weston (Hamilton), and Mrs. W. F. MacNaughton and Miss Eglauch (Montreal), were the speakers. The latter was able to tell of the opening of a depot in Montreal for home arts and handicrafts under the auspices of the Women's Art Association. In the evening there was a meeting under the auspices of the Victoria Order of Nurses, when the chief lady superintendent, Miss MacLeod, Ottawa, was among the speakers.

One of the most pleasant features of the convention has been the amount of hospitality shown the guests by the St. John Council. After the luncheon yesterday Lady Taylor, retiring president, conveyed the thanks of the delegates to their hospitable entertainers. A number of gentlemen were present at yesterday's luncheon. The menu cards in dark blue and pale blue, the Council colors, were adorned with views of St. John. Later the ladies went for a trip through the harbor and falls.

The result of the election of officers:

President—Mrs. Robert Thomson, St. John.

Vice-presidents—Lady Laurier and Lady Taylor.

Provincial vice-presidents—Ontario, Mrs. Hoodless; New Brunswick, Lady Tilley; Nova Scotia, Mrs. R. L. Borden; Prince Edward Island, Mrs. Alex. Anderson; Manitoba, Mrs. MacEwan; Northwest Territories, Mrs. Kate Cummings; British Columbia, Miss Perrin; Quebec, Mrs. Dandurand.

Treasurer—Mrs. Learmont (Montreal).

Corresponding secretary—Mrs. Willoughby Cummings.

Recording secretary—Miss Laidlaw, (Montreal), gives much satisfaction.

HALF HOLIDAY

The Big Store closes at 1 o'clock on Saturdays during July and August.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. July 9th, 1902.

JULY CHEAP SALE!

HOW TO MAKE MONEY!

Buy as we buy! Watch your opportunity! As we tell of things that are special, look into them. We keep men on the lookout all the time for quick buying chances and all you have to do is to buy when we say.

The best time to come for these things is bright and early to-morrow morning.

GREAT DRESS GOODS SALE

Yesterday was a most successful day. Hardly standing room in this large section of the Big Store. Every one was wonderstruck at the immense bargains offered. Thousands of yards sold. Thousands of yards yet to sell. These are buying opportunities that should not be missed, when incomparable values are offered. Every piece is reduced until all former price figures have become unrecognizable. The lots that were advertized on Monday are the leaders, but there are other lines just as interesting.

Lot No. 1—Regular value, 25c to 35c. July Sale Price 15c
Lot No. 2—Regular value, 35c to 40c. July Sale Price 19c
Lot No. 3—Regular value, 40c to 50c. July Sale Price 23c
Lot No. 4—Regular value, 50c to 60c. July Sale Price 29c
Lot No. 5—Regular value, 60c to 65c. July Sale Price 32c
Lot No. 6—Regular value, 65c to 75c. July Sale Price 39c

Whitewear Reduced

Ladies' Fine White Cambric Underskirts, gored and deep flounce of embroidery, dust frill, others trimmed with lace insertion and lace flounce, very wide. Regular $1.20. July Price 80c

Ladies' Fine White Cambric Night Dresses, tucked yoke and embroidery trimmed, embroidery full around neck and cuff, sizes 56, 58, 60, very wide. Regular $1.25. July Price 90c

Men's Helmets

20 dozen Men's Helmet Hats, in fawn and blue, gray, self color band and patent

sweat band. Worth 50c. Sale Price..... 30c

Wash Fabrics

Checked Dress Gingham. Special, 12 summer shades 7c
Fancy Dress Sateens, fast dye, 14 summer shades 7c
English Dress Prints, fast dyed, 20 summer shades 7c

Waists Reduced

Ladies' Fine White Grenadine Waists, trimmed with a row of embroidery on the front, new collar and cuffs, buttoned front. Regular $1.25. July Price.. 85c

Ladies' Fine White Muslin Shirt Waists, trimmed with three rows of embroidery insertion in back and four in front, hemstitched collar, cuff trimmed with insertion, buttoned front. Regular $2.50. July Price, $1.85

Umbrellas

Ladies' Union Cloth Umbrellas, steel rod, natural wood handle. Special Price.... 72c

Ladies' Extra Quality of Union Cloth, paragon frame, fancy horn handle. Special Price 90c

Men's Umbrellas, covered with Union covering, steel rod, paragon frame, silver mounted, patent runner. Special Price 90c

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in all Departments!

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Negligee Shirts, soft body, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Negligee Shirts, silk stripes, $1.00 and $1.50.

Cream and White Duck Shirts, 55c each.

White Shirts, pleated fronts, $1.25 and $1.50 each.

Shirt Waists, $1.25 and $1.50.

Leather Belts, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25 each.

Golf Caps, 25c, 35c, 50c and 65c each.

Yachting Caps, 35c, 50c, 90c and $1.25 each.

Tennis Hats, 65c each.

Boating Jerseys, striped or plain.

Sweaters, in white, navy, cardinal or black.

White Duck Pants, $1.00 and $1.50 pair.

Tennis Suits, $5.75 and $7.75 suit.

Alpaca, Serge, Crash and Duck Coats.

Bathing Suits.

Bath Robes, from $3.30 to $5.50 each.

Balbriggan Underwear, 37½c each.

Mesh Underwear, 75c each.

Natural Wool Underwear, 75c each.

Fancy Half Hose, from 25c pair.

Pyjama Suits, $1.50, $2.00 to $5.50 suit.

Cambric Night Robes, 75c and $1.00 each.

Garters, Armlets, Jewellery, Toilet Articles, etc., etc., at lowest prices.

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Lords of the North

By A. C. LAUT

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

Mastiff! That epithet stung to the quick. I flung her wrist from me as if it had been hot coals. Now a woman may tread upon a man—also stamp upon him if she has a mind to—but she must trip it daintily. Otherwise even a worm may turn against its tormentor. To have idolized that marble creature by day and night, to have laid our votive offerings on its shrine, to have hungered for the sound of a woman's lips for weeks, and to hear those lips cuttingly call me a dog—were more than I could stand.

"Ten thousand pardons, Mistress Sutherland!" I said with a pompous stiffness which I intended should be mighty crushing. "But when ladies deck themselves out as squaws and climb in and out of windows"—that was brutal of me; she had done it for Miriam and me—"and announce themselves in unexpected ways, they need not hope to be recognized."

And did she flare back at me? Not at all.

"You waste time with your long speeches," she said, turning from me to Father Holland.

Thereupon I strode off angrily to the river bank.

"Oh, Father Holland," I heard her say as I walked away, "I must go to Pembina! I'm in such trouble! There's a Frenchman——"

Trouble, thought I; she is in trouble and I have been thinking only of my own dignity. And I stood above the river, torn between desire to rush back and wounded pride, that bade me stick it out. Over the plains came the shout of returning plunderers. I could hear the throb, throb of galloping hoofs beating nearer and nearer over the turf, and reflected that I might make the danger from returning Bois-Brules the occasion of a reconciliation.

"Come here, lad!" called Father Holland. I needed no urging. "Ye must rig up in tam-o'-shanter and tartan, like a Highland settler, and take Mistress Sutherland back to Fort Douglas. She's going to Pembina to meet her father, lad, when I go south to the Missouri. And, lad," the priest hesitated, glancing doubtfully from Miss Sutherland to me, "I'm thinking there's a service ye might do her."

The Little Statue was looking straight at me now, and there were tear-marks about the heavy lashes. Now, I do not pretend to explain the power, or witchery, a gentle slip of a girl can wield with a pair of gray eyes; but when I met the furtive glance and saw the white, veined forehead, the arched brows, the tremulous lips, the rounded chin, and the whole face glorified by that wonderful mass of hair, I only know, without weapon or design, she dealt me a wound which I bear to this day. What a ruffian I had been! I was ashamed, and my eyes fell before here! If a libation of blushes could appease an offended goddess, I was livid evidence of repentance. I felt myself flooded in a sudden heat of shame. She must have read my confusion, for she turned away her head to hide mantling forgiveness.

"There's a crafty Frenchman in the fort has been troubling the lassie. I'm thinking, if ye worked off some o' your anger on him, it moight be for the young man's edification. Be quick! I hear the breeds returning!"

"But I have a message," she said in choking terms.

"From whom?" I asked aimlessly enough.

"Eric Hamilton!" she answered.

"Eric Hamilton!" both the priest and I shouted.

"Yes — why? What — what — is it? He's wounded, and he wants a Rufus Gillespie, who's with the Nor'-Westers. The Bois-Brules fired on the fort. Where is Rufus Gillespie?"

"Bless you, lassie! Here—here—here he is!" The holy father thumped my back at every word. "Here he is, crazy as a March hare for news of Hamilton!"

"You—Rufus—Gillespie!" So she did not even know my name. Evidently, if she troubled my thoughts, I did not trouble hers.

"He's told me so much about you," she went on with a little pant of astonishment. "How brave and good——"

"Pshaw!" I interrupted roughly. "What's the message?"

"Mr. Hamilton wishes to see you at once," she answered coldly.

"Then kill two birds with one stone! Take her home and see Hamilton—and hurry!" urged the priests.

The half-breeds were now very near.

"Put it over your head!" and Father Holland clapped the shawl about Frances Sutherland after the fashion of the half-breed women.

She stood demurely behind him while I ran upstairs in the warehouse to disguise myself in tartan plaid. When I came out, Duncan Cameron was in the gateway welcoming Cuthbert Grant and the Bois-Brules, as if pillaging defenceless settlers were heroic. Victors from war may be inspiring, but a half-breed rabble, red handed from deeds of violence, is not a sight to edify any man.

"What's this ye have, Father?" bawled one impudent fellow, and he pointed sneeringly at the figure in the folds of the shawl.

"Let the wench be!" was the priest's reply, and the half-breed lounged past with a laugh.

I was about to offer Frances Sutherland my arm to escort her from the mob, when I felt Father Holland's hard knuckles dig viciously into my ribs.

"Ye fool ye! Ye blundering idiot!" he whispered, "she's a half-breed. Och! But's time y'r eastern greenness was tannin' a good western russet! Let her follow with bowed head, or you'll have the whole pack on y'r heels!"

With that admonition I strode boldly out, she behind, humble, with downcast eyes like a half-breed girl.

We ran down the river path through the willows and, jumping into a canoe, swiftly rounded the forks of the Assiniboine and Red. There we left the canoe and fled along a trail beneath the cliff till the shouting of the half-breeds could be no longed heard. At once I turned to offer her my arm. She must have bruised her feet through the thin moccasins, for the way was very rough. I saw that she was trembling from fatigue.

"Permit me," I said, offering my arm as formally as if she had been some grand lady in an eastern drawing room.

"Thank you—I'm afraid I must," and she reluctantly placed a light hand on my sleeve.

I did not like that condescending compulsion, and now out of danger, I became strangely embarrassed and angry in her presence. The "mastiff" epithet stuck like a barb in my boyish chivalry. Was it the wind, or a low sigh, or a silent weeping, that I heard? I longed to know, but would not turn my head, and my companion was lagging just a step behind. I slackened speed, so did she. Then a voice so low and soft and golden it might have melted a heart of stone—but what is a heart of stone compared to the wounded pride of a young man?—said, "Do you know, I think I rather like mastiffs?"

"Indeed," said I icily, in no mood for raillery.

"Like them for friends, not enemies, to be protected by them, no—not bitten," the voice continued with a provoking emphasis of the plural "them."

"Yes," said I, with equal emphasis of the obnoxious plural. "Ladies find them useful at times."

That thing silenced her and I felt a shiver run down the arm on my sleeve.

"Why, you're shivering," I blundered out. "You must let me put this round you," and I pulled off the plaid and would have placed it on her shoulders, but she resisted.

"I am not in the least cold," she answered frigidly—which is the only untruth I ever heard her tell — "and you shall not say 'must' to me," and she stook her hand from my arm. She spoke with a tremor that warned me not to insist. Then I knew why she had shivered.

"Please forgive, Miss Sutherland," I begged. "I'm such a maladroit animal."

"I quite agree with you, a maladroit mastiff with teeth!"

Mastiff! That insult again! I did not reproffer my arm. We strode forward once more, she with her face turned sideways remote from me, I with my face sideways remote from her, and the plaid trailing from my hand by way of showing her she could have it if she wished. We must have paced along in this amiable fashion for quite a quarter of the mile we had to go, and I was awkwardly conscious of suppressed laughing from her side. It was the rippling voice, that always seemed to me like fountain splash in the sunshine, which broke silence again.

"Really," said the low, thrilling, musical witchery by my side, "really, it's the most wonderful story I have ever heard!"

"Story?" I queried, stopping stock still and gaping at her.

"Perfectly wonderful! So intensely interesting and delightful."

"Interesting and delightful?" I interrogated in sheer amazement. This girl utterly dumbfounded me, and in the conceit of youth I thought it strange that any girl could dumbfound me.

"What an interesting life you have had, to be sure!"

"I have had?"

"Yes; don't you know you've been talking in torrents for the past ten minutes? No? Do you forget?" and she laughed tremulously either from embarrassment or cold.

"Well!" said I, befooled into good humor and laughing back, "if you give me a day's warning, I'll try to keep up with you."

"Ah! There! I've put you through the ice it last! It's been such hard work!"

"And I come up badly doused."

"Stimulated, too. You're doing well already."

"My thanks to my instructor," and catching the spirit of her mockery, I swept her a courtly bow.

"There,there!" she cried, dropping raillery as soon as I took it up. "You were cross at the window: I was cross on the flats. You nearly wrenched my hand off——"

"Can you blame me?" I asked. "And to pay me back you turned my head and stole my heart——"

"Hush!" she interrupted. "Let's clean the slate and begin again."

"With all my heart, if you'll wear this tartan and stop shivering." I was not ready to consent to an unconditional surrender.

"I hate your 'ifs' and 'buts' and so-much-given-for-so-much-got!" she exclaimed with an impatient little stamp, "but—but—" she added inconsistently, "if—if—you'll keep one end of the plaid for yourself, I'll take the other."

"Ho—ho! I like 'ifs' and 'buts.' Have you more of that kind?" I laughed, whisking the fold about us both. Drawing her hand into mine, I kept it there.

"It isn't so cold as—as that, is it?" asked the voice under the plaid.

"Quite," I returned valiantly, tightening my clasp. She laughed a low, mellow laugh that set my heart beating to the tune of a trip-hammer. I felt a great intoxication of strength that might have razed Fort Douglas to the ground and conquered the whole world, which, I dare say, other young men have felt when the same kind of weight hung upon their protection.

(To be Continued.)

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto,

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Humane Swine Y, Stock Marker and Calf Dehorner, Slits swine of all ages from rooting. Makes 40 different ear marks, all sizes, with same blade. Extracts Horns. Testimonials free. Price $1.50 or send $1 for trial; if it works, send balance. Pat'd U.S. May 6, '02 for 17 yrs; Canada Dec. 17, '01, 14 yrs. FARMER BRIGHTON, Fairfield, Iowa, U. S.

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John T. Lyons, corner Craig and Bleury, and 2453 St. Catherine Street.

THE SOUTHERN PACT.

Argentina and Chili Have Signed a More Definite Treaty.

Buenos Ayres, Argentine, July 9.—Argentina and Chili have signed a convention defining more precisely the objects of their recent treaties providing for arbitration and the limitation of armaments, with the view of averting the possibility of future complications. Public opinion approves of the new convention. Argentina clearly announces that her policy is absiute neutrality in questions concerning Chile, on the Pacific coast. The convention explains that it is not proposed that either nation shall reduce its naval equipment now afloat.

"MRS. DANE'S DEFENSE."

The fact that Miss Ethel Knight Mollison, late leading lady with Richard Mansfield is to appear at Proctor's next week, is arousing much interest in theatrical circles. Miss Mollison has been leading lady with the prominent actors and actresses of the day. The engagement of Miss Mollison, by Mr. Brunelle, manager at Proctor's, is the most important event that has occurred in this theatre for a long time past. Miss Knights is cast next week in the powerful play, "Mrs. Dane's Defence."

CHARITY BAZAAR.

London, July 8.—The Imperial bazaar, in aid of the Children's Hospital, will open on July 10. Mrs. Adair, an American, will have for disposal the largest diamond in the world. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan will lend his recently purchased Gutman collection, which will then be on view in England for the first time.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN BETTER.

He Has Been Removed From the Hospital to His Own Home.

London, July 9.—Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, who was injured in a carriage accident Monday, left Charing Cross Hospital this morning accompanied by Mrs. Chamberlain, and returned to his home in Prince's Gardens. A bulletin regarding his condition says he is progressing satisfactorily, but that perfect quiet is essential.

MONTREAL'S ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

[Advertising Rates — Birth Notices, 25c; Marriage Notices, 50c; Death Notices, 25c.]

BIRTHS.

BAILEY—Near Macdonald, Man., June 25, the wife of H. Bailey, of a daughter.

BURTON—Portage la Prairie, June 25, the wife of S. Burton, of a daughter.

DUNNE—Ottawa, June 30, to Mr. and Mrs. John P. Dunne, a daughter.

GARRATT—Wapella, Assa., June 21, to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Garratt, a son.

GRANT—June 20, at 64 Annie Street, St. Henri, the wife of Henry F. A. Grant, of a daughter.

HOOVER—Winnipeg, June 24, the wife of S. A. Hoover, of a son.

HORT—July 3, at 2306 St. James Street, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. C.E. Hort.

McGRAIL—June 28, at 2 Seymour Avenue, the wife of M. J. McGrail, of a daughter.

McLOUGHRY—Moosomin, Assa., June 23, to Mr. and Mrs. (Dr.) R. A. McLoughry, a daughter.

METCALF—London, Eng., July 6, a son to Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Metcalf.

MITCHELL—Halifax, June 19, to Mr. and Mrs. G. McGregor Mitchell, a son.

MOFFATT—North Sydney, June 27, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Moffatt, a son.

WATSON—Gladstone, Man., June 21, the wife of Elgin Watson, of a son.

WILLERTON—Springfield, Man., June 22, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Willerton, a son.

MARRIAGES.

AHIER-GAUDIN—Newport Point, Que., on July 1, Fred Ahier, of Gascons, Que., to Susan A. Gaudin, of Cape Despair, Que.

BLACK-McGREGOR—Lancaster, June 25, by Rev. J. U. Tanner, B.A., John Black, formerly of Allan's Corners, Que., to Ellen McGregor, of Lancaster.

COVENEY-FITZGERALD—July 1, by Rev. Father Delargy, Walter Coveney, of Montreal, to Annie Fitzgerald, Quebec.

FRASER-FRASER—Kingston, July 1, Rev. Thurlow Fraser, B.D., to Jane A. Fraser, of Pembroke, Ont.

HOELLE-MASSEY—Trenton, N.J., June 25, by Rev. Milton Craft, Wm. Hoelle to Eleanor Cecilia Massey, of St. Johns, Que.

JARDINE-BEATTIE—Little Branch, N.B., June 26, by Rev. J. Robertson, Thomas G. Jardine to Maude A. Beattie, both of Kouchibouguac.

McKENZIE-McDONALD—Whitney Pier, C. B., June 25, by Rev. A. J. McDonald, Norman McKenzie to Mary McDonald, both of Sydney.

NAISMITH-McPHERSON — Central Falls, R.I., June 24, by Rev. Mr. Pollock, Albert E. Naismith, of Central Falls, to Anna McPherson, of Pagwash River, N.S.

PORLIER-McMULLIN—St. John, July 2, by Rev. Francis McMurray, Joseph Porlier to Aggie McMullin, both of St. John.

RENNIE-SHEA—June 30, at St. Gabriel's Church, by Rev. M. L. Shea, brother of the bride, John Joseph Rennie to Ellen Shea.

SANFORD-NARRAWAY—St. John, July 1, by Rev. George M. Campbell, Charles F. Sanford to Mary Maude Narraway.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

A Requiem Mass for the repose of the soul of the late Mary Elizabeth Lyons, "in religion" Rev. Sr. St. Clara, C.M.D., will be sung in the Chapel of the Redemptionist Fathers, Notre Dame Street East, to-morrow, Thursday morning, at 7 o'clock. Relations and friends are invited to attend.

BRAIN—July 5, Francis Henry Brain, aged 60 years.

DODDS—July 7, Robert Byers Dodds, aged 62 years.

FENN—July 6, William H. Fenn, aged 85. Funeral private.

MAKIN—July 8, Monica Irene Makin, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Makin, 111 Orleans Avenue, Maisonneuve, aged 7 months.

McLEAN — In this city, on July 6th, Janet Young, dearly beloved wife of John McLean, aged 49 years. Funeral will take place from her late residence, 42 Crescent Street, on Tuesday, July 8th, at 2.30 p.m., thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. 157

DEATHS ELSEWHERE.

ARMSTRONG—Farnham, July 4, J. O. Armstrong, formerly of South Durham, aged 85.

BREADNER—Grenfell, N.W.T., June 21, Joseph Samuel Breadner, aged 24.

COOTE—St. Lambert, July 8, Elizabeth Nelson, wife of the late Wm. Coote, of St. Johns, aged 90.

ELDER—Trout River, June 22, Barbara Smith, widow of the late George Elder, aged 93.

FURNER—Winnipeg, June 28, James Furner, aged 71.

GEORGE—Culross, Fife, Scotland, June 26, Rev. Francis William George, M.A., father of Rev. J. L. George, of Calvin Church, Montreal, aged 74.

JACK—Salmon River, N.S., June 29, Martha Jack, daughter of Mrs. Jessie Jack.

JOHNSON—Bru, Man., June 17, R. Johnson.

STUDD—Halifax, June 30, Edward M. Studd, aged 34.

Montreal Girls Win

and shall have lady charlotte gelatine.

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Lowest Cut Prices.
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Ten of these coupons, bearing different numbers, and 50c, will secure a three-quarter life size crayon portrait, regular price $3. Out-of-town subscribers will remit 50c extra to cover cost of packing and shipping.

Address Portrait Dept., Herald Publishing Co., 603 Craig St., Montreal, P. Q.

Herald Want Advertisements Reach All Classes of the Community

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☞ Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

WANTED — AT ONCE, NIGHT watchman, must have good references. Apply, Engineer, Herald Office.

WANTED — AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY town and village, to canvass for one of the best-known papers in Canada. Liberal commissions will be paid to good agents. Address Box K 85, Herald Office. tf

WANTED — FIRST CLASS SHAPER HAND. Steady employment to good man. State wages. Alexandria Wood Export Company, Limited, Alexandria, Ont. 163

WANTED—FOR A RETAIL HAT AND FUR business, a young salesman of good address, and three or four years' experience. Must have exceptional references. Apply to R. J. Devlin, Ottawa. 163

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WANTED — A FIRST CLASS BAKER AND confectioner, and an ice cream man for a large catering establishment. Good wages will be paid. Reference from last place will be required. Box J. D. V., Herald. 163

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CLOTHING cutters; steady work; either piece work or by week. Apply Mr. Christie, E. A. Small & Co., Latour street. 162

WANTED — TEACHERS WANTING EMployment during holidays, can learn how to make five to ten dollars a day by writing to Box M 350, Herald. tf

WANTED — AGENTS, IN EVERY CITY town and village in Canada, to handle an easy selling article. From five to ten dollars a day can be made without any trouble. Address Box M 351, Herald. tf

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WANTED — AFTER AUGUST 1ST, OUTside position at anything (not horses), salesman preferred; now employed at office work; best of references obtainable; hours must be 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. M376, Herald. 158

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ROOM — AND BOARD. LARGE FURNISHed room, with board. Vacancies for a few table boarders, at 83 Shuter st. 165

ROOMS — TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished; nice locality. 337 St. Antoine street. 163

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, Auer light, hot water, also wardrobe, etc. Private French family. No children. 407 Dorchester st. 160

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ROOMS — TO LET, FURNISHED BEDrooms, single and double, on bathroom flat; also parlor bedroom. 106 Mansfield st. 160

ROOMS — TO LET, FOUR PLEASANT rooms in basement, suitable for housekeeping; rent moderate. 139 Lusignan st., Montreal. 189

ROOM — TO LET, NICELY FURNISHED single front room, to gentlemen only, $4 per month; family private. 128 St. Antoine st., near Windsor. 159

ROOMS — VISITORS TO THE CITY CAN find first class accommodation, in a nice locality, at reasonable terms. 106 Union avenue. 163

ROOM — TO LET, FURNISHED, FOR GENtlemen only. Apply 22½ Belmont, evenings. 163

ROOMS — TO LET, ONE WELL APPOINTed room; board if desired; family private; references exchanged. 1175 St. Denis st. 163

ROOMS — TO LET, NICE DOUBLE OR single, furnished or not; nice locality; terms low. Apply 161 Selby st., Westmount. 161

ROOMS—SINGLE AND DOUBLE FURNISHed rooms to let, 30 St. Margaret st., corner St. Antoine; few minutes' walk from C.P.R. and G.T.R. stations. 161

PERSONAL

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PERSONAL — PALMA, AUTHOR AND Scientific Palmist, wishes it to be known that he gives readings and lessons either by mail or appointment only. This is the reason why his many friends have had difficulty finding him. Address Professor Brown, Montreal, Can. 163

WHY DON'T YOU SEND YOUR WASHING to The Royal Steam Laundry? We do first class work. Prices very low. 851 St. Denis street. Tel. East 2247. 161

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BOARD—ORCHARD FARM HOUSE, PLEASantly situated on Memphremagog Lake, near wharf and Post Office, three miles to Bolton Sulphur Springs. Piano, nice sandy beach, bathing house. Terms $4 and $5 per week; city references furnished. Photo at Montreal Business Men's League Office. Angus St. Martin, Knowlton Landing, Que. 163

BOARD — FERDINAND CHAREST, CAP A L'Aigle, private boarding house, will be open for summer season; price moderate. Apply Ferdinand Charest. 168

BOARD AND ROOMS IN THE MOST DElightful portion of the Village of Huntingdon. Large grounds, facing the river bank. Island in the river. Splendid boating and bathing. Accommodation for picnic parties. Geo. Blachford, Huntingdon, Que. 161

FOUND.

☞ Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

FOUND — ON PARK AVENUE, NEAR THE Incline R.R., a purse containing money By proving property and paying expenses owner may have the same, by calling at 75 Inspector st. 158

DOGS—WANTED. LOST. FOR SALE.

☞ Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

FOR SALE — FOX TERRIER PUPPIES, five little beauties (thoroughbred). Apply 31 Coursol st.

FOR SALE — TWO MALE COLLIE PUPpies, color sable and white, thoroughbreds with pedigree; will sell cheap; age 9 months. Apply at 9 St. John st. Wm. P. Stanton. 158

MONEY TO LOAN.

☞ Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5 PER CENT, IN city and country, mortgage, insurance, notes. All guaranteed. Osw. Chapat & Co., La Presse Building. 169

TRUST FUNDS TO INVEST IN MORTgages, current rates of interest. Doucet & Phillips, Notaries, Canada Life Chambers. x

MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

WANTED — DIVERS, SWIMMERS, BATHers, to know that they can get everything in the line of bathing pants, from 5c pair upwards; bathing suits, 50c and upwards; bath towels, 15c and upwards; soaps, very fine toilet at 3 for 25c, at Allan's, corner of Craig and Bleury sts. and 2299 St. Catherine street.

MONTREAL'S ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

☞ Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE MARried woman, with child 4½ years, situation as housemaid; can sew; no objection to washing. Address 200, Herald Office. 160

WANTED—BY A THOROUGH LAUNDRESS, work by the day; highest city references. Apply M 379, Herald. 163

WANTED — DRESSMAKER HAS REDUCED her price to $3 up; work guaranteed. 80 Mansfield st. 160

WANTED — LADY, SPEAKING FRENCH and German, desires position; would travel as companion, etc.; highest references. Miss Davis, 320 Spadina ave., Toronto. 162

WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, work of any kind for the afternoons. Address Box M 381, Herald. 165

TO LET.

☞ Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

VAUDREUIL — TO LET, FOR THE SUMmer, fine house, 11 rooms, partly furnished, close to the river, beautiful site, 2 minutes walk from the station. Apply to L. E. N. Fratte' 2461 St. Catherine st. 162

LEGAL CARDS.

MACLENNAN, CLINE & MACLENNAN, Barristers, etc., Cornwall, Ont. D. B. Maclennan, K.C., C.H. Cline, F.J. Maclennan.

LEITCH, PRINGLE & CAMERON, BARristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc., Cornwall, Ont. Jas. Leitch, K.C., R. A. Pringle, J. A. C. Cameron, LL.B.

BUCHAN & ELLIOTT, ADVOCATES, ETC Canada Life Building, 183 St. James St., Montreal.

STEPHENS, HUTCHINS & MARGOLESE, Advocates, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Temple Building, St. James Street, Montreal. C. H. Stephens, K.C.; Horace A. Hutchins, L. S. Margolese. Telephone Main 1565. Cable address, "Stepins."

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., Richmond and Carling Sts., London. Geo. C. Gibbons, K.C., Fred. P. Harper.

GREENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS, Barristers, etc., 1724 Notre Dame Street.

LEET & HARVEY, ADVOCATES, BARristers, etc. Third Floor, Temple Bldg. S. P. Leet, K.C. A. E. Harvey, B.C.L.

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. A. FINLAYSON (SUCCESSOR TO FINlayson & Grant), Customs Broker and Forwarder. Warehouseman, 413 and 417 St. Paul st., Montreal. Heated Storage, Bond or Free. Telephone Main 1303 P.O. Box 424.

City and Suburban Property for Sale

AT LOW PRICES and on EXTREMELY EASY TERMS. Full details and permits to view on application at Office.

MONTREAL LOAN & MORTGAGE CO.
1763 Notre Dame Street.

The Bell Telephone Co. OF CANADA.

Notice of Dividend.

A Dividend of Two Per Cent. has been declared, payable at Company's Office in Montreal, on the fifteenth July, 1902, to shareholders of record the thirtieth June, 1902.

CHAS. F. SCLATER,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Montreal, 16th June, 1902.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS
OWEN N. EVANS,
Temple Building, MONTREAL

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Write today for a free copy of our interesting books "Inventors Helper" and "How you are swindled." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent laws of 50 foreign countries. Send sketch, model or photo for free advice. MARION & MARION, Experts, New York Life Building, Montreal, and Washington, D.C.

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES
GUARANTEED
BEAUDRY & BROWN
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
107 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

POPE SENDS SOCIETY HIS BENEDICTION

After a long discussion which lasted all day yesterday and during last evening, the French-Canadian Artisans' Society accepted the recommendations of the executive and voted to change their system of assessments. Heretofore, after a member had been admitted to the society, when a death occurred each member was assessed fifty cents, no matter what his age was, but under the new plan the Fraternal Congress table will be adopted, by which the assessments will be levied according to the age of the member at the time of joining.

As the society this year is celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of its foundation, the general chaplain, Rev. Canon Archambault, sent a cablegram to the Vatican asking for the Pope's benediction, to which the following reply was received:—

"Accepting your homage, the Holy Father sends his hearty benediction.

"Cardinal Rampolla."

This morning was devoted to routine, and this afternoon at two o'clock the delegates were entertained by Mayor Cochrane and the City Council to a trolley drive through the streets of the city, after which they were taken up the Incline Railway, and luncheon was served on the mountain and several speeches delivered. The election of officers will take place to-morrow.

Stomach and Bowel Troubles.

A promptly satisfactory cure for Cramps, Colic, Indigestion, Heartburn, Biliousness, Sick Stomach and Summer Complaint, is a few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water. Nerviline at once relieves pain and suffering, eradicates the cause of the trouble and cures permanently. Polson's Nerviline is the best general purpose remedy for internal pains known; it acts so quickly that no household should be without it. Buy a 25c. bottle of Nerviline to-day, it's all right.

Hamilton's Pills Cure Constipation.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR AS EVANGELISTS

The Canadian evangelists, Crossley and Hunter, closed the eighteenth year in evangelistic work last night (Tuesday). During the year, since last September, they have conducted ten campaigns in Canada and Uncle Sam's domains, namely, in Grand Valley, Hensall, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Wallaceburg, New York, Wheeling, Toronto, Belleville, Trenton and Aylmer. The year has been very successful in seeing thousands enlist in the "good warfare." Crossley and Hunter are not only wedded to their work, but are manifestly united, like David and Jonathan, by indissoluble ties of friendship, fellowship and faith. This is certainly one of the secrets of their continued success. There were inducements from across the sea to have them go to England for this fall and winter, but they have decided to postpone their visit there for another year. They go this week to their Muskoka home for a few week's needed rest and recuperation. Their post office while there will be Beaumaris, Ontario.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
24 Steamers, Aggregating 166,304 Tons.
NEW STEAMSHIPS.

Tunisian.....10,576 tons. Twin Screws
Bavarian....10,376 tons. Twin Screws
Ionian.....10,000 tons. Twin Screws
Pretorian.... 5,800 tons.

Royal Mail Service.
MONTREAL AND QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Moville.

From Liverpool.	Steamer.	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
10 July	Pretorian	26 July	26 July
17 July	Numidian	2 Aug.	2 Aug.
24 July	Parisian	9 Aug.	9 Aug.
26 June	Mongolian	12 July.	12 July
3 July	Tunisian	19 July	19 July

Twin Screw S.S. Tunisian
WILL SAIL FROM MONTREAL
JULY 19 and AUGUST 23.
Rates, $75,00 and Upwards.

Tunisian is the largest, finest and fastest steamer on the Canadian route. Record passage, Moville to Rimouski, 6 days, 15 hours, 20 minutes.

The saloons and staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ship throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers any hour of the night. Music rooms and smoking rooms on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.

RATES—Cabin, 65 and upwards, according to steamer. A reduction of ten per cent. is made on Round Trip Tickets.

Second Cabin—To Liverpool or Londonderry, $37.50 to $42.50 single, $71.25 to $80 return.

Steerage — To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including a plentiful supply of provisions cooked and served and every requisite for the voyage, $26.

GLASGOW & NEW YORK SERVICE.
Calling at Londonderry (from New Pier, foot of W. 21st Street, New York).

From Glasgow.	Steamship.	From New York.
12 July	Carthaginian	30 Jluy 12 noon
28 June	Laurentian	16 July 1 p.m.

Rates—First Cabin, $50 and upwards; return tickets, $90 and upwards. Second Cabin, to Glasgow or Londonderry, $32.50; return tickets, $61.75. Steerage, $26.00.

Steamers on this service have excellent accommodation for all classes of passengers. The Saloons are forward; Staterooms near the centre of the ship. Promenade deck the entire width of the vessel, and two-thirds of the length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom.

H. & A. ALLAN.
55 Common Street, Montreal.

HEAD LINE

Montreal to Belfast and Dublin.

The following first class steamers are intended to continue the service between the above-named ports:

	Tons.
S.S. RATHLIN HEAD (Twin screw)	11,000
S.S. TORR HEAD (Twin screw)	10,000
S.S. CARRIGAN HEAD	9,000
S.S. RAMORE HEAD	8,500
S.S. GLENARM HEAD	7,500
S.S. MALIN HEAD	6,000
S.S. BRAY HEAD	5,800
S.S. INISHOWEN HEAD	5,000
S.S. BENGORE HEAD	4,500
S.S. DUNMORE HEAD	4,000
S.S. TEELIN HEAD	2,500
S.S. GLEN HEAD	2,300

APPOINTED SAILINGS—Subject to change.
TO BELFAST.

Carrigan Head	about Aug. 8
Rathlin Head	about Aug. 22

TO DUBLIN.

Ramore Head	about July 20
Dunmore Head	about Aug. 5

To be followed by other steamers weekly to both ports.

A limited number of cabin passengers carried on above steamers at moderate rates.

Through Bills of Lading granted from all points in Canada.

AGENTS — G. Heyn & Sons, Belfast; Palgrave, Murphy & Co., Dublin; Harold Kennedy, Quebec; Wm. Thomson & Co., St. John, N.F., J. T. Sickel, Chicago; F. C. Thompson, Toronto.

McLEAN, KENNEDY & CO.,
General Agents,
39 ST. SACRAMENT STREET, MONTREAL.

LEYLAND LINE

QUEBEC—LONDON.

From London.	Sailing from Louise Basin.	From Quebec.
June 21	S.S. Iberian	July 10
	S.S. Tampican	July 18
July 12	S.S. American	July 30
July 21	Kingstonian	Aug. 8

The above steamers have splendid accommodation for first class passengers.

Through Bills of Lading issued to and from all points in Canada and the United States.

FRED'K LEYLAND & CO. (1900), Ltd.
81 St. Peter Street, Quebec. 11 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

ELLERMAN LINE

MONTREAL—ANTWERP.

From Antwerp.		From Montreal.
July 1	Promo	
July 14	Belgian	Aug. 4
July 24	Mexican	Aug. 14
Aug. 4	Virginian	

The above steamers have splendid accommodation for first class passengers. Rate, $50.00.

Through Bills of Lading issued to and from all points in Canada and the United States.

J. R. ELLERMAN.
81 St. Peter Street, Quebec. 11 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

DOMINION LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

FROM PORTLAND.		FROM PORTLAND.	
Californian..	July 12	Colonian.....	Aug. 2
*Norseman....	July 19	*Irishman....	Aug. 9
*Turcoman....	July 26	Californian..	Aug. 16

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Saloon, $65 and upwards, single, according to steamer and service.

Second Cabin, $37.50 and upwards, single, according to steamer and service.

Third Class, $26.

FROM MONTREAL.		FROM BOSTON.	
*Manxman....	July 19	Commonwealth	July 16
Dominion....	Aug. 2	Merion.....	July 23
*Roman.....	Aug. 9	New England	July 30

*These steamers do not carry passengers.

BOSTON TO THE MEDITERRANEAN.
Cambroman....Aug. 13 Cambroman....Sept. 3

For further information apply to any agents of the Company, or to

D. TORRANCE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS,
17 ST. SACRAMENT ST., MONTREAL.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO. LIMITED

S.S. "CAMPANA."
Next Sailing From Montreal:
MONDAY, 14th JULY, at 2 P.M.

And afterwards on every alternate Monday during season, leaving Quebec the following day at NOON for FATHER POINT, GASPE, MAL BAY, PERCE, CAPE COVE, GRAND RIVER, SUMMERSIDE, CHARLOTTETOWN AND PICTOU.

For Freight, Passage and Staterooms, apply to

J. G. BROCK & CO., Agents,
211 Commissioners St., City.

REFORD AGENCIES.

DONALDSON LINE

GLASGOW SERVICE.
FROM MONTREAL.

S.S. TRITONIA (cool air) ..... July 17
S.S. CONCORDIA ..... July 24
S.S. MARINA (cold storage) ..... July 31
S.S. LAKONIA (cold storage) ..... Aug. 7
S.S. KASTALIA (cold storage) ..... Aug. 14

—AGENTS—
GLASGOW.....DONALDSON BROS.

THOMSON LINE

LONDON SERVICE.
FROM MONTREAL.

S.S. HURONA (cold storage & cool air) July 13
S.S. IONA (cold storage & cool air)... July 20
S.S. FREMONA ..... July 25
S.S. DEVONA (cold storage&cool air) Aug. 1
S.S. CERVONA (cold storage&cool air) Aug. 8

LEITH SERVICE.
S.S. JACONA ..... July 28

ABERDEEN SERVICE.
S.S. BELLONA ..... Aug. 5

AGENTS—Cairns, Young & Noble, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. Low, Son & Co., 7 Fenchurch Avenue, London, E.C.; W. Thomson & Co., Leith; W. Thomson & Son, Dundee, Scotland.

COLD STORAGE
....FITTED IN....
Special Steamers of Both Lines.

LORD LINE

CARDIFF SERVICE.
FROM MONTREAL.
S.S. LORD CHARLEMONT ..... Aug. 16

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING.
Granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in
CANADA OR WESTERN STATES.

For further particulars apply to Henderson Bros., Chicago, Ill.; J. D. Riddell, Stratford, Ont.; Schofield & Co. (Limited), St. John, N.B., or

THE ROBERT REFORD CO.,
LIMITED.
23 AND 25 ST. SACRAMENT STREET, MONTREAL.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO.
(LIMITED.)

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED.

The only direct and regular steamship line between CANADA AND MANCHESTER.

It is proposed to despatch the steamers of this line on or about the undermentioned dates:

MONTREAL AND MANCHESTER.

From Manchester.		From Montreal.
June 26	Manchester Importer	July 17
July 5	*Manchester Commerce	July 24
July 15	*Manchester City	July 31

Accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

*Fitted with cold storage.

QUEBEC AND MANCHESTER.

From Manchester.		From Quebec.
June 18	Manchester Engineer	July 10
	Birmingham	Aug. 20

HANSA ST. LAWRENCE LINE.
MONTREAL AND ANTWERP.

From Antwerp.	Steamer.	From Montreal.
July 12	Potomac	Aug. 5
July 24	Birmingham	

HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE.
MONTREAL AND HAMBURG.

From Hamburg.		From Montreal.
June 14	Frisia	July 11
July 1	Westphalia	July 26
July 19	Teutonia	Aug. 14

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING.

granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in Canada or Western States. For rates of freight and particulars, apply to any railway agent, or to

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., LTD.,
....AGENTS....
44 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMER LINES

Consisting of 120 Steamers, Aggregating 450,000 Tons.

BEAVER LINE

SUMMER SAILINGS.
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.
Via Quebec.

From Liverpool, Tuesday.	Steamer.	From Montreal, Thursday.
June 24	Lake Erie	July 10
July 1	Lake Manitoba	July 17
July 8	Lake Megantic	July 24
July 15	Lake Champlain	July 31
July 22	Lake Ontario	Aug. 7
July 29	Lake Simcoe	Aug. 14
Aug. 5	Lake Manitoba	Aug. 21

FIRST CABIN—Single, $52.50 and upwards; Round Trip, $100 and upwards.

SECOND CABIN — Single, $35.00 and upwards; Round Trip, $68.88 and upwards.

According to steamer, location and number of persons in room.

STEERAGE RATES—To Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast and Queenstown, $24.50 and $25.50, according to steamer.

For further particulars, apply to any agent of the line, or to

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
6 ST. SACRAMENT STREET.
MONTREAL.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Seaside Special—Tri-Weekly

Fast service between Montreal and Little Metis, stopping at all principal points, leaving Montreal at 7.45 p.m., Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

Sportsmen's Train—

On Tuesdays and Fridays a special sleeping car is attached to the Maritime Express, leaving here at noon, which car is cut off at Metapedia, allowing passengers to occupy it until the following morning.

Splendid Dining Cars—

On Maritime Express out of Montreal to all points in the Maritime Provinces.

Quebec Service—3 Trains Each Way Daily

Leaving Montreal at 7.40 a.m., 12.00 noon, and 11.45 p.m. On Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays a special fast train leaves Montreal at 7.45 p.m. Returning trains leave Quebec at 1.00 p.m., 3.45 p.m., and 11.45 p.m.

"Tours to Summer Haunts"

Write or call upon nearest Intercolonial Railway Agent for copy of "Tours to Summer Haunts," giving valuable and interesting information how and where to spend your vacation.

All trains depart from Bonaventure Station.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
143 ST. JAMES STREET.
E. TIFFIN, Traffic Mgr., Moncton, N.B.
H. A. PRICE, A.G.P.A., Montreal.

WHEN ANSWERING ADVERTISEMENTS PLEASE MENTION THE HERALD.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

MONTREAL TIME BILL.
Corrected to June 19th, 1902.

ST. JOHN, N.B., HALIFAX—Lv. 17.40 p.m. Ar. (x)8.25 a.m.

TORONTO, HAMILTON, CHICAGO—Lv. 19.30 a.m., *10 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., †7.15 p.m.

WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST—Lv. *9.40 a.m., (z)11.40 a.m. Ar. *6.30 p.m., (y)5.00 p.m.

S.S. MARIE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH—Lv. *10.05 p.m. Ar. *8.10 a.m.

OTTAWA—Lv. Place Viger †8.20 a.m., †5.40 p.m. Ar. †12.35 p.m., †10.30 p.m. Lv. Windsor St., †8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., (z)11.40 a.m., †4.00 p.m., *10.05 p.m. Ar. *3.00 a.m., †11.45 a.m., (y)5.05 p.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m.

QUEBEC — Lv. †8.30 a.m., †2.30 p.m., §3.30 p.m., *11.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., 12.10 p.m., †6.30 p.m., §6.30 p.m.

BOSTON—Lv. †9.00 a.m., *8.00 p.m. Ar. *8.15 a.m. †9.10 p.m.

VAUDREUIL — Lv. †8.45 a.m., †9.30 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m., (z)11.40 a.m., (a)12.30 p.m., (b)1.30 p.m., †4.00 p.m., †4.15 p.m., (a)5.15 p.m., †6.15 p.m., §10.00 p.m. Ar. *7.30 a.m., †8.40 a.m., †9.35 a.m., †11.45 a.m., †12.15 p.m., (a)3.00 p.m., (y)5.05 p.m., †6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., †7.15 p.m., §9.45 p.m. (g)8.30 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †8.40 p.m.

SHERBROOKE—Lv. †8.30 a.m., (l)1.40 p.m., †4.30 p.m., †7.40 p.m. Ar. (x)8.25 a.m., (g)8.30 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †8.40 p.m.

JOLIETTE—Lv. †8.30 a.m., §9.00 a.m., (l)1.55 p.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. †8.50 a.m., †6.20 p.m., (p)8.55 p.m.

BERTHIER—Lv. †8.30 a.m., (l)2.20 p.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. †2.10 p.m., †6.20 p.m.

ST. JEROME — Lv. †9.00 a.m., §9.15 a.m., (l)1.45 p.m., †5.30 p.m., (a)6.25 p.m. Ar. †8.30 a.m., (g)8.40 a.m., §9.50 a.m., †6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

STE. AGATHE — Lv. †9.00 a.m., §9.15 a.m., (l)1.25 p.m., (k)5.15 p.m., †5.30 p.m. Ar. (g)8.40 a.m., §9.50 a.m., †6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

LABELLE—(m)9.00 a.m., §9.15 a.m., (l)1.25 p.m., †5.30 p.m. Ar. (g)8.40 a.m., §9.50 a.m., †6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m., (m)6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

*Daily. †Week days. §Sunday only. ‡Daily, except Saturday. xDaily, except Monday. (a)Daily, except Saturday and Sunday. (l)Saturday only. (k)Fridays only. (w)Wednesdays only. (g)Mondays only. (z)Sun., Wed. and Friday. (y)Mon., Wed. and Saturday. (m)Tuesdays and Thursdays. (p)Saturday and Sunday only.

Grand Trunk Railway System

In Effect May 14, 1902.
WEST.

TORONTO, HAMILTON, BUFFALO, DETROIT, CHICAGO — Lv. a.m. *9.00; p.m. †8.00, *10.30. Ar. a.m. *7.30; p.m. *6.00.

CORNWALL, BROCKVILLE, KINGSTON, BELLEVILLE, TORONTO—Lv. a.m. †7.40, *9.00; p.m. †8.00, *10.30. Ar. a.m. *7.30; p.m. *6.00, †6.55.

CORNWALL, BROCKVILLE—Lv. a.m. †7.40, *9.00; p.m. †5.15, †8.00, *10.30. Ar. a.m. *7.30, †9.50; p.m. *6.00, †6.55.

COTEAU JCT., OTTAWA — Lv. a.m. †8.30; p.m. *4.10. Ar. a.m. *11.45; p.m. †7.25.

VAUDREUIL — Lv. a.m. †6.25, †7.50, †8.30, *9.30; p.m. *1.30, ||2.15, *4.10, †5.15, †5.45, †6.15, †8.00, *9.00, *10.30, †11.25. Ar. a.m. *7.30, †8.10, *8.40, †9.50, *11.45; p.m. *12.05, †3.20,

Sporting Comment

The result of the drubbing that Brantford gave Tecumsehs in the "Hello central" town a couple of weeks ago have shown themselves already. As the New Westminsters journey through York the Indians boarded the car and kidnapped Tommy Wilkinson, who captained the team in the matches against Shamrocks for the Minto Cup.

That is just another example of the amateurism of the western clubs. Funny isn't it that they are content in most cases to take the dregs. Tommy wasn't good enough to play with New Westminster, but now that he has put on war paint and lives in the Tecumseh wigwams the Toronto papers are busy cracking him up as the greatest home player that ever opened an eye.

* * *

By the way, our old friend "Sox" Gray, of the same team of Indians, got it good and plenty when he went up against the Brant braves. He was on the team to stop Dade and Henry, and he wasn't afraid to say so. He told his friends that those easterners would never get near enough the poles to see them with a spy glass. The Brant's heard the whisper. When the game was started Albert Dade got it and passed to Tack Henry. Then Sox started in to put his threats in execution. But Tack didn't wait. He went straight at the gentleman whose name is "hose," and when he left him he was squirming on the grass. After that Gray vanished every time Tack loomed up on the horizon.

* * *

Only ten days ago a well-known Southern League shortstop was hit in the temple by a batted ball. However, instinct possibly made him pick up the ball and field it to the first baseman, putting out the runner. Ten seconds later the shortstop dropped dead from the effects of his injury. On Saturday Charles Herrington, a pitcher in the Texas League, while playing with a semi-professional team in Midlothian, Texas, pitched a ball to the batter, who hit the same back to the twirler, hitting him in the groin. Herrington fielded the ball, as did the Southern League shortstop, and put out the runner and immediately dropped to the ground lifeless. Two accidents of a like nature and inside of two weeks, makes all baseball players a bit nervous.

* * *

The Buffalo Courier defends prize fighting as follows:

"If brutality in sport depends upon accidents, broken bones or injuries in races in which one or more of the riders are killed, then bicycle racing has boxing beaten a block, and once more is the babyish actions of a crowd of milk-sops in our Legislature brought to ridicule.

"Only a few weeks ago in this city at Athletic Field, a member of the 74th Regiment was killed in a bicycle race, on July Fourth three more cycle riders were badly injured, one laid up with a broken leg, another with a broken collar bone, while the third had his back and knees badly lacerated.

"Yesterday at the Vailsburg race track in New Jersey two bicycle riders named Billington and Achorn fell and each sustained internal injuries, had their collar bones broken, and were carried from the race track in an unconscious condition.

"These accidents happen every day, still cycle racing is not legislated against by our lawmakers."

Courrier's argument begins badly. Brutality does not necessarily depend on mortality.

* * *

The Argonauts are beaten.

But they put up a good fight for the world's premier sculling trophy, and no Canadians need be ashamed of them. Ten days ago the London Sporting Times made this prophecy:

"If we are asked to judge the crews according to public form it would be Third Trinity, the Argonauts' crew and Leander. It is very certain that the Canadians are a fast lot of rowers, and the crew which shows them the way to the winning post will win the Grand Challenge Cup."

So far it has proven true. Trinity defeated the Argos. According to the above forecast Trinity should now win the Cup. To-morrow will decide.

Aquatics.

TITUS IS FAVORITE.

Oarsmen Seem to Think He Will Win Diamond Sculls.

London, July 8.—A despatch to the Globe from Henley says: The idea that Titus will win is increasing. Certainly the American's work this morning, when giving a proved man like Field 28 pounds under conditions against Titus, was a great performance.

As Great As Henley Ever Saw.

Toronto, July 8.—An Evening Telegram special cable says: The press comments on the sculling race at Henley between Scholes, of Toronto, and Titus, of New York, are agreed that it was a well-fought and well-won contest.

The Times says it was a hard struggle, and a splendid, well-judged race. The Sporting Life says it was a grand race to the upper end of Phyllis Courts; then Titus fairly spurted in front; Scholes responded gamely, but could never get on even terms again. The Leader says it was as great a race as has ever been witnessed at Henley.

The Daily Telegraph says at half way Scholes seemed laboring more than Titus; still both were doing their best. At Phyllis Court Titus began one of the finest spurts ever seen, and won. He had the Canadian beaten at the grand stand, one hundred feet from the finish. If Scholes had not stopped before the finish, completely rowed out, the margin would not have been a length. The time shows how hard was the struggle. Both men steered beautifully.

Tom Sullivan, in a talk over yesterday's race, said that if to Scholes' strength was added the tact of Titus the Canadian would have beaten a dozen like the latter. It was the superior skill and judgment of the New Yorker that won him the race. Messenger, the Australian, who trained Scholes, says that a couple of months' systematic training would make Scholes the cleverest kind of a sculler. Scholes himself says he never rowed so hard a race, and that on reaching within two hundred yards of home he remembers nothing after.

Titus said he thought it was a case of "gone" with him after the three-quarter mile was reached, but looking round later he thought Scholes wore a worried look, which prompted him to make the spurt he did. He admitted that he was clean rowed out at the finish.

Grand Trunk Smoker.

The members of the Grand Trunk Boating Club will give a reception and smoker on Friday evening to their winning crews at the races of the American Canoe Association at Carleton Place, Ont.

NEW GOLF RECORD.

Murray of Westmount Negotiates the Nine Holes in 38.

Murray, the professional of the Westmount Golf Club, yesterday succeeded in clipping two more strokes off the record for the nine hole course, making the record in 38 in spite of the heavy wind which was sweeping over the links. This is almost par golf, and will probably stand as the record for some time.

The Pointe Claire Boating Club's first concert and bonnet-hop of the season will be held this evening at the boathouse.

Aladdin, winner of the Oakwood handicap and the Sheridan stakes, added the Drexel stakes to his list of victories yesterday at Washington Park.

Polson's Nerviline Cures Rheumatism.

The remarkable strength and marvellous soothing power of Nerviline renders it quite infallible in rheumatism. Five times stronger than any other remedy, its penetrating power enables it to reach the source of the pain and drive out the disease. Nerviline is stronger, more penetrating, more highly pain-subduing in its action than any other medicine heretofore devised for the cure of rheumatism. Sold in large 25c bottles everywhere.

MONTREAL LOST TWO GAMES

Poor Hitting the Main Reason—Dooley Put Out of the Game.

Occasionally these things come up to tax
Our feelings, and bad luck rolls up in stacks;
When we get home we'll land it on 'em strong,
And hit 'em where the chicken gets the axe.
—Cap. Dooley's Ballads.

At last it strikes me—yes, the timely thought,
The Birderines should hump themselves, and ought
To hit the ball and knock the cover off,
Yes, swat it with a swat—that's swat!
—Jems. Stafford.

The Clam-chowder diet is not agreeing with the Birds, not even a little bit.

There were doings in Providence yesterday that will put the rooters down with heart disease and add 10 years to the useless lives of the knockers.

It is beginning to look now as if William Magee was the only flawless diamond in our collection.

Bill has won 6, lost 0, and this record is so good that the papers all over the circuit are tossing bouquets in his territory and are telling him that of all roses that bloom he is the sweetest.

However, it is not the pitching altogether.

The Birds are handling the bat like a one-armed man swinging a telegraph pole.

They are handy with pop flys and shy on base hits.

But it was ever thus.

Montreal won the championship with only 2 men in the "90s" class and this year, a glance at the percentage betrays the fact that we haven't got a man batting 290.

Still, we have a good team for all that, and the local crowds have seen that when they are working on their toes the Birds can make the best of them anxious.

Dooley was put out of the game yesterday for kicking too hard at a decision.

The fans can always bank on the fact that the visiting team has to beat the home team and the umpire.

It's a peculiar way that President Power's umpires have with them.

Providence, July 8.—Providence played gilt-edged ball and won both games from Montreal this afternoon, the extra game being one postponed from the first series. The first game was very close until the sixth inning, when Dooley had an altercation with Snyder and was ordered from the game. In the second, George Sullivan had Montreal shut out until the ninth inning, while Souders was batted in streaks.

First Game.

Providence.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Wagner, r.f.	5	0	1	1	0	0
Bean, s.s.	5	3	2	2	7	0
Sullivan, 3b.	5	1	2	2	2	0
Cassidy, 1b.	3	1	0	9	1	0
Foster, c.f.	3	2	2	3	0	0
Corridon, l.f.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Connor, 2b.	4	0	0	5	2	0
Smith, c.	3	0	2	3	1	0
Conn, p.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	35	8	11	27	14	0
Montreal.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Raub, c and 1b.	4	2	2	3	3	0
Shearon, r.f.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Stafford, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3	2
Odwell, c.f.	4	0	1	5	0	0
Kelly, l.f.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Dooley, 1b.	2	0	0	6	1	0
Stroh, c.	2	0	0	1	1	0
Quinlan, s.s.	4	0	0	0	3	1
Johnson, 2b.	3	0	1	4	2	0
Mills, p.	3	0	0	1	3	1
Totals	32	2	6	24	17	4

Providence..... 10001150*— 8
Montreal..... 00000101 0— 2

Two-base hits, Bean, Corridon, Raub, Stafford, Johnson; three-base hit, Odwell; home run, Foster; stolen base, Bean; sacrifice hit, Corridon; double play, Quinlan to Johnson to Raub; bases on balls, off Conn 2, off Mills 2; hit by pitched ball, by Mills 1; struck out, by Conn 3, by Mills 3; umpire, Snyder; time, 2.05.

Second Game.

Providence.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Wagner, r.f.	4	2	2	0	0	0
Bean, s.s.	3	1	2	0	1	1
Sullivan, 3b.	4	1	1	1	7	1
Cassidy, 1b.	4	2	3	13	0	0
Foster, c.f.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Corridon, l.f.	3	0	1	7	0	0
Connor, 2b.	4	0	0	2	3	0
Smith, c.	3	0	0	3	0	0
G. Sullivan, p.	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	32	6	10	27	14	2
Montreal.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Raub, c.	4	0	0	1	3	0
Shearon, r.f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Stafford, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	1
Odwell, c.f.	4	0	0	4	0	0
Kelly, l.f.	4	1	1	3	1	1
Dooley, 1b.	4	0	2	8	0	0
Quinlan, s.s.	4	0	1	4	3	0
Johnson, 2b.	4	0	1	0	1	1
Souders, p.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Totals	36	1	7	24	11	3

Providence..... 01010202*— 6
Montreal..... 00000001— 1

Two-base hits, Wagner, Cassidy; home run, Cassidy; stolen bases, Bean, S. Sullivan, Cassidy; sacrifice hit, Bean; hit by pitched ball, by Souders 1; struck out, by Sullivan 1, by Souders 1; umpire, Snyder; time, 1.35.

Victory For Buffalo.

Rochester, July 8.—Buffalo defeated the local patched-up team again to-day in easy fashion. The local men could not locate Ferry, and their errors were costly. Brain's three-bagger was a feature.

Rochester..... 01000000— 1 4 3
Buffalo..... 00020102*— 5 9 3
Becker and Phelps; Ferry and Bevier.

Toronto Won.

Worcester, July 8.—Worcester gave Hastings wretched support to-day and allowed Toronto to win a loosely played game, 8 to 3. O'Reilly broke his kneecap in the third inning in a collision with Delahanty and will be out of the game for the rest of the year.

Toronto..... 10132001— 8 9 2
Worcester..... 00100110— 3 10 7
Bruce and Toft; Hastings and Steelman.

Rain at Jersey City.

The Newark-Jersey City game was postponed on account of rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Toronto	38	20	.643
Buffalo	37	22	.627
Worcester	34	25	.576
Providence	32	27	.542
Rochester	25	29	.463
Jersey City	27	33	.450
Montreal	24	35	.407
Newark	18	42	.300

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago..... 00000000— 0 6 3
New York..... 01000000— 1 6 1
Rhodes and Kling; Mathewson and Bowerman.
Chicago..... 1001000— 2 4 1
New York..... 0000000— 0 5 4
Lundgren and Kling; Taylor and Bowerman.
Cincinnati..... 00020001002— 5 16 3
Brooklyn..... 00010110001— 4 11 2
Phillips and Peitz; Kitson and Ahearn.
Pittsburg..... 30002000*— 5 11 0
Philadelphia..... 00000000— 0 6 0
Chesbro and O'Connor; Fraser and Doolin.
St. Louis..... 10100011— 4 13 3
Boston..... 00200010— 3 7 1
Wicker and Ryan; Willis and Kittridge.
St. Louis..... 10100011— 4 13 3
Boston..... 20000000— 6 7 1
Murphy and J. O'Neill; Eason and Moran.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	53	14	.791
Brooklyn	39	30	.565
Boston	35	27	.565
Chicago	34	31	.523
Philadelphia	29	36	.453
St. Louis	28	38	.424
Cincinnati	26	37	.408
New York	21	43	.328

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Baltimore..... 00000161*— 8 13 1
Washington..... 00000100— 1 7 5
Cronin and Robinson; Orth and Clark.
Boston..... 01104 0120— 9 18 1
Philadelphia..... 22410120 10—22 27 3
Prentiss, Young, Adkins and Criger; Hastings, Wadell, Wiltse and Powers.
Cleveland..... 00010000— 1 8 3
Chicago..... 00002000— 2 7 1
Bernard and Bemis; Garvin and McFarland.
St. oLuis..... 00002003*— 5 12 0
Detroit..... 10003000— 4 9 0
Harper and Donohue; Miller, Yeager, Buelow and McGuire.
St. Louis..... 00002003*— 5 12 0
Detroit..... 0000020000— 2 8 0
Donohue and Donohue; Mercer and McGuire.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	38	23	.623
Boston	37	28	.569
St. Louis	33	28	.541
Philadelphia	31	29	.517
Baltimore	29	35	.453
Washington	29	36	.446
Detroit	28	35	.444
Cleveland	28	39	.418

BASE HITS

Ouch!

It hurts.

Two down.

Weak hitting.

Can't hit Sullivan.

Quinlan made a hit.

That percentage got a jolt.

Dooley must have said things to the umpire.

"Magee of Montreal still does the trick."—Boston Herald.

Mugsey McGraw will get $10,000 a year from New York.

Lajoie leads the American League in batting; Delahanty second and Bay third.

Washington leads the American League in batting and run getting; Philadelphia second and Boston fifth.

Magee, after as checkered a career as any pitcher now in the Eastern League, is doing finely under the strict training Manager Dooley imposes upon all of his players.—Worcester Telegram.

Dooley's record of only one error so far this season is the most remarkable in the history of the Eastern League.

There is no better fielding shortstop in the National League than Hulswitt, and that league includes Dahlen and Long. Hulswitt can make as many sensational plays as Long or Jennings used to make.—New York Sun.

Henry Lynch's batting is getting to be little short of phenomenal. Starting in none too well when the season opened, Lynch has been climbing up the ladder and is now above the .350 figures. In Sunday's game he got four hits.

The Pittsburgs' record of 41 victories and only 12 defeats, giving the team a percentage of .774, has never been equalled. The nearest approach to it was in 1897, when the Bostons, at the end of June, had a record of 40 victories and 14 defeats, with a percentage of .741. The record of the Bostons, however, shines by way of comparison, as the club had some one to play against.

TITUS TELLS HOW HE BEAT SCHOLES.

London, July 8.—"I went to the post with my mind made up to match Scholes at any style he set. When I saw he was not leaving me at the quarter I hung on about half a length behind and felt I could hold him easily. When I look around I saw that he was having trouble with his wind, I was taking it good and easy though the water was very heavy and the sun very hot. My plan was to nip him out at the finish. In the sprint, when about three hundred yards from the finish, I started to go after him I had the sprint in me and didn't let it all out to beat him, but slacked off a little when I held the race safe, I am feeling fit and am confident of making a good showing, though I am still rather bilious after my sickness at Putney. Having won this heat I have now each day to meet a fresh man. The three best according to the opinion here are Field, Blackstaffe, and Kelley, so it will take some hard work, but I feel ready for anything. I scaled 143 pounds after the race, having lost two pounds."

C. S. TITUS.

Lacrosse

Cornwall is Nervous.

Cornwall, July 9.—(Special.)—The Cornwall lacrosse team will leave for Toronto Friday night and will measure their strength with the Queen City club on the Island oval Saturday afternoon. One week later the Toronto team will play in Cornwall. The championship chances of both clubs hang upon these two games and the team that loses one of them will be practically out of the race for the Minto boiler plate. Both teams have beaten the Nationals in the past two weeks by narrow margins. Toronto won on the National grounds with four juniors in harness, but perhaps after all the western men owe their victory to the same quartette of young men. It is generally acknowledged that had the Cornwalls played anything like their usual game here on Dominion Day they would have shut out the Franco-Hibernian outfit from Montreal by a big score. They had a hard practice with a team of Indians last Saturday afternoon before the Intermediate game, and have been at work every night this week. The men are in better condition than any time this year.

The loss of Donald Cameron, who strained his shoulder on Dominion Day, is a severe blow to the Cornwall defence, of which he has for years been the king pin and canny long-headed general.

The game here on July 19 should be a corker in any case. Toronto's junior men, like those of Cornwall, are improving every hour and they may spring another National surprise.

Dade, Henry, and George Finlayson left last evening for Brantford again.

It is definitely stated that Paquette is now in Brantford and will play with that team.

Mat and Ring

FIGHT IN CONNECTICUT.

The New London Council Will Allow Young Corbett and McGovern.

New London, Conn., July 8.—The battle for the featherweight championship between Young Corbett, of Denver, and Terry McGovern, of New York, is assured, so far as the mayor and aldermen of New London are concerned. William L. Crowley, of the Nutmeg Athletic Club, of Hartford, who has been granted a license for the bout, in conjunction with two local pugilistic managers, was here this evening, and after the meeting of the board of aldermen to-night was told that he might go ahead with the arrangements for the fight. According to the articles signed, McGovern and Young Corbett are to fight twenty rounds at 129 pounds, on the afternoon of August 29. The battle will be held in the open, at Armstrong Park, and seating will be provided for twenty thousand.

Porto Rico, 2.14, trotted a quarter in 33¾ seconds for a wager of $1,000, on July 4.

Mr. Cyril Laurin has purchased General Antidote.

The Waterloo turfman, Joseph Seagram, at last put a good thing over the line in his 3-year-old colt Dramatist, touching up the ring for close to $15,000 on the race.

ETHICS BY A NOSE IN JAMAICA STAKE

Blues at 1 to 20 Odds On Won the Nine Furlongs in a Canter.

New York, July 8—In a hurricane finish, C. F. Dwyer's Ethics won the Jamaica selling stakes, by a nose to-day at Brighton Beach. The race was at one mile and a sixteenth, and Tommy Burns rode his best finish of this year.

Blues, at 1 to 20, won the third race in a gallop. Summary:

First race, 3-year-olds and up; 6 furlongs—The Amazon, 7 to 1; Belle of Lexington, 7 to 2; Star of the West, 40 to 1. Time, 1.13 1-5.

Second race, for 2-year-olds, selling, five furlongs—Cinquevaill, 2 to 1; Fort Wayne, 3 to 1; Yardarm, 8 to 1. Time, 1.00 3-5.

Third race, 3-year-olds and upwards, 1 1-8 miles—Blues, 1 to 20; The Regent, 12 to 1; Military, 200 to 1. Time, 1.53 2-5.

Fourth race, the Jamaica Stakes, selling, for 3-year-olds and up, 1 1-16 miles—Ethics, 2 to 1; Kilogram, 11 to 10; The Rival, 3 to 1. Time, 1.45 4-5.

Fifth race, 2-year-olds, 6 furlongs—Hurstbourne, 4 to 5; Prediction, 9 to 5; Athelroy, 12 to 1. Time 1.13 2-5.

Sixth race, 3-year-olds and up, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Potente, 11 to 5; Henry Clay, 6 to 1; Lone Fisherman, 8 to 1. Time, 1.47 3-5.

Fort Erie Results.

Fort Erie, Ont., July 8.—Weather clear; track slow. Summary:

First race; 6 furlongs; for 3-year-olds and up; selling—Bob Baker, 8 to 1; Ocle Brooks, 6 to 5; Little Chico, 2 to 1. Time, 1.16.

Second race, 4 furlongs; for maiden 2-year-olds; fillies—Heroine, 8 to 1; Hallucination, 2 1-2 to 1; Enhance, 6 to 1. Time, 50 1-4.

Third race, 6 1-2 furlongs; for 3-year-olds and up, selling—Taxman, 4 to 1; Carrie L., 4 to 1; Cad Hazel, 1 to 2. Time, 1.22 1-4.

Fourth race; 6 furlongs; for 4-year-olds and up; selling—Oconee, 8 to 5; Arachue, Ecome. Time, 1. 16 1-4.

Fifth race; 5 furlongs; for 2-year-olds—Shina, 10 to 1; All Souls, Sir Galkant. Time, 1.02 1-2.

Sixth race; one mile; for 3-year-olds and up; selling—Sprung, 10 to 1; Oputia, Briseac. Time, 1.42 3-4.

TECUMSEHS CAPTURE WILKINSON.

Toronto, July 8.—"Tommy" Wilkinson, one of the fleet home players of the New Westminster team, whose home is in Toronto, has decided not to return to the west, and he will play out the season with the Tecumsehs. Wilkinson did not play in the cup matches, the management of the team dropping him at the last moment. The shift weakened the challengers attacking division greatly, and many of the players on the team who were in the city on Saturday were not slow in admitting that fact. Wilkinson will be quite an addition to the Tecumseh forces, and now that Sox Clark is in line the Indians will be dangerous customers from now on.

Tennis.

CANADIAN TOURNAMENT.

Play For the Championship of the Dominion Began Yesterday.

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., July 8.—The Canadian championship lawn tennis tournament opened here this afternoon on the courts of the Queen's Royal Hotel. The green is in fine condition, weather fine, and everything points to a most successful meeting. The feature in to-day's event, the men's single, was the match between Reuben Hunt, of California, and E. R. Paterson, of Toronto, Paterson finally winning after a very close and exciting game. The scores for the day's play follow:

MEN'S SINGLES.

Preliminary Round.

E. R. Paterson, Toronto, beat R. S. Hunt, Sanford University, 7—5, 2—6, 10—8.

A. C. McMaster, Toronto, beat H. C. Boultbee, Toronto, 6—3, 6—3.

E. P. Fisher, New York, beat E. S. Glasco, Hamilton, 6—2, 6—1.

First Round.

Beals Wright, Boston, beat A. N. MacDonald, 6—2, 6—4.

The Round Robin.

New York, July 8.—Holcombe Ward and Dwight F. Davis, the holders of national and international titles in doubles, to-day appeared in the round robin tournament on the County Club of West Chester courts. They opposed Little and Alexander, the old-time Princeton pair, who captured the second round. Davis' terrific smashing and strong service was the feature. Steadiness saved the Wrenn brothers from defeat at the hands of Clothier and Ogden, all of the points in sets being close. Malcolm D. Whitman played two sets with Leo E. Ware and lost the second because of his inability to stop Ware's side line passing.

Football

Shamrocks vs. Montreal.

The game of Association football which will be played on Saturday next on the M.A.A.A. grounds, between the Shamrocks of Winnipeg and the M.A.A.A. eleven, ought to prove distinctly interesting. Montreal played a fairly good game on Saturday, outside the front division. If this part of the team has not improved, the Shamrocks should win.

Galt Won Championship.

Berlin, July 8.—The football tournament yesterday between Brussels, Listowel, Galt and Brantford, winners in the W.F.A. intermediate series, came off with the weather sweltering hot. Brussels and Listowel played the first match at 2.15 p.m., Brussels winning by 3 to 1.

Brantford and Galt came together in the second game. At half time neither side had scored, but in the second half Galt seemed to be in better shape and scored two goals.

The final was played this evening between Galt and Listowel. A heavy rain about 5.30 made the ground very wet and slippery. Notwithstanding this the game was very close. Score at half time was 1 to 0 in favor of Galt, and the final score was 2 to 0 in favor of Galt.

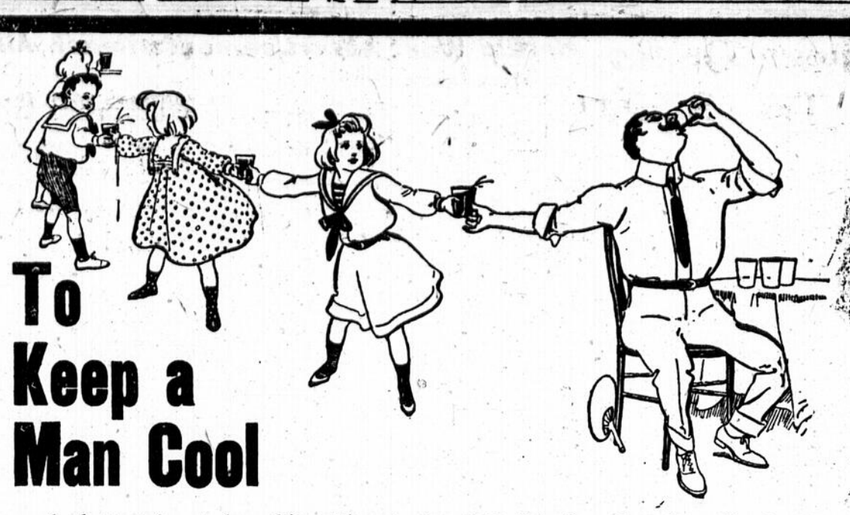
Golf

Reinhart Wins Club Championship.

Frank O. Reinhart won the club championship on the Hillside Tennis and Golf Club course at Plainfield, N.J., by defeating Robert Abbott in the final play. His score was 74, while his opponent made 79.

This is the boy that beat Trains.

The Grits and Tories of the Hamilton Cricket Club played a one innings match. The blues won 66 to 50.



To Keep a Man Cool

on the hottest day, to keep him pleasant when he's "tired out," to keep him healthy all the time, keep him liberally supplied with **Hires Rootbeer.** Give him a glass when he comes home, hot and dusty, from his work. Let the children, who have had theirs, see that he gets all he wants. It won't hurt him.

HIRES Rootbeer

has remained the national temperance beverage for many years because it is more than a pleasant, sparkling, refreshing liquid for quenching thirst. Its herbs, barks and roots cool the blood and promote health, especially in hot weather.

A package makes five gallons. Sold everywhere. Send 2-cent stamp for booklet of "Unnatural History." Cash prizes for solving combinations.

Bottles for putting up HIRES Rootbeer with Patent Rubber Lightning Stoppers. Last for years. Clean convenient, handy, and always ready. No corks, string or wire. $2.00 per case of 4 dozen pints.

CHARLES E. HIRES COMPANY, Malvern, Pa., U.S.A.

W. P. DOWNEY, Sole Agent, 20 and 20½ St. Peter Street, Montreal, Que.

POLICE GAMES WILL BE ON 23RD

The "Finest" Will Run, Jump and Throw Weights for Handsome Prizes.

The sixth annual tournament of the Montreal Police Amateur Athletic Association will take place on the 23rd inst., on the M.A.A.A. grounds.

1—Throwing the 56 lbs. (high throw), open to Canadian police forces.
2—Running broad jump, open to Canadian police forces.
3—200 yards run, 20 years service and over.
4—100 yards run, open to Canadian police forces.
5—Throwing the 16 lbs. shot, open to Canadian police forces.
6—Two mile bicycle race, open to Canadian police forces.
7—Quarter mile run, open to Canadian police forces.
8—100 yards run, open to fat men, 225 lbs. and over.
9—Throwing the 56 lbs. (long throw), open to Canadian police forces.
10—Three mile bicycle race, open to all amateurs.
11—Half mile run, open to Canadian police forces.
12—Throwing the 16 lb. hammer, open to Canadian police forces.
13—Three mile bicycle race, open to Montreal police force.
14—Running hop-step-and-jump, open to Canadian police forces.
15—Throwing the 7 lb. weight, open to Canadian police forces.
16—Standing broad jump, open to Canadian police forces.
17—100 yards run, open to Montreal police force.
18—Wrestling match, open to Montreal police force. (Catch-as-catch-can.)
19—One mile run, open to Canadian police forces.
20—Consolation race, open to Canadian police forces.

REGULATIONS.

Competitions will be governed by the rules of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union, except the bicycle races, which will be governed by the rules of the Canadian Wheelmen's Association.

A championship gold medal will be given to the competitor making the highest number of points in the following events: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16 and 19, which are open to all Canadian police forces. A first prize will count three points, a second two, and a third one.

All entries must be registered with the secretary not later than 6 p.m. Wednesday, the 16th July.

Games will commence at 2 p.m. sharp, and the order of events as recorded on programme will be strictly adhered to.

The committee reserves the right to reject any entry, or to call upon any competitor for proof of amateur standing, should they deem it necessary.

Competitors must appear dressed in proper athletic costumes. Numbers will be furnished on the grounds.

An entrance fee of 50 cents will be charged to event No. 10.

All other events free.

Consolation race open to members of Canadian police forces who have competed and failed to win a prize.

A championship gold medal, value $25.

Consolation race, 4 prizes, value $6, $4, $3 and $2.

Event No. 10, 3 prizes, value $10, $7 and $5.

All other events, three prizes, value $7, $5 and $3.

N.B.—Visitors and competitors from outside police forces will be the guests of the Montreal P.A.A.A., while attending the games.

Douglas Not in This Year.

New York, July 8.—The entries for the amateur championship will close to-morrow, and enough names have already come in to assure the success of the event from a numerical point of view. As was to be expected, considering where the championship is to be held, no golfer of that section who has the smallest chance, having refrained from entering.

There will be some noticeable absentees, as there always are. In all probability Finley S. Douglas will not be among the players, business reasons interfering with his presence. Douglas has played in the last five championships, having the enviable record of one win, and runner-up on two occasions. So far he has not sent in his name, but there are still twenty-four hours in which he can change his mind, and, it is to be hoped he will do so. On Wednesday the committee of the United States Golf Association will pair the players.

Wheel

New Kind of Race.

A new style of race for bicycle riders has been tried, and although it works the men a little harder, it is unquestionably much more spectacular for the general public. It is a lap race, but instead of the race being awarded to the man who leads at the end of the most laps, the rules call for points to be awarded. The winner of each lap is credited with five points, the second with three points and the third with one point. It will be seen that a man might not win a lap during the entire race, yet on the general figuring of points it would be proved that he had the most speed and endurance combined. The race demands a sprint at every lap and this furnishes interesting competition for patrons of the sport.

CLUB TRADE MARK **Club Shoes**

NOW ON—JULY CLEARING SALE!

MEN'S, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WHITE CANVAS GOODS at cost.
LADIES' BUTTON BOOTS, $5.00. Now.....$3.00
MEN'S BOX CALF GOODYEAR, were $5.00. Now.....$3.90
LADIES' OXFORDS, reduced to.....$1.50
Look at Our Window. *Open Evenings.*

2244---ST. CATHERINE STREET---2244
(OPPOSITE VICTORIA.)

A Cool Convenience
IS A FINE STRAW or LIGHT FELT HAT.
OUR HATS are the zenith of style. Opportune offerings.
SHAW'S, the Hatter,
2252 St. Catherine Street, Opposite Victoria.

CANADIAN TROTTER BADLY BEATEN

Harold H. Couldn't Hold the Pace Set by Dan Patch.

Windsor, Ont., July 8.—Fully five thousand attended the second day's racing of the Windsor Driving Park Association to-day. The weather was perfect and the track in good condition, despite the heavy rain of yesterday afternoon.

In the match race between Dan Patch and Harold H. the horses got away evenly after the third score, with Harold H. leading at the quarter. There Dan Patch overtook him and led by an open length all the way round, winning the first heat in a pull. The second heat was Dan's race from start to finish.

First race, 2.17 trot (unfinished yesterday)—
The Roman, R. C. Benson & Co., Kansas City 1 1 1
Prince Selma, M. E. McHenry, New York 2 2 3
Silver Heart, Kansas City 3 5 5
Time—2.12¼, 2.10½, 2.14.
Second race, 2.15 pace—
Frank, A. C. Pennock, Glenville, Ohio 1 1 1
Major C., F. J. Marvin, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2 4 4
Miss Delmarch, Gus Goebel, Mitchell, Ont. 5 9 2
Time—2.10¼, 2.12¾, 2.12¼.
Third race, 2.25 class, trot—
Wentworth, H. H. James, Hamilton 5 1 1 1
Miss Brock, Vance Nickols, Glenville, Ohio 3 2 3 2
Judge Cullen, Cherry Tree Farm, Detroit 2 4 2 3
Time—2.15½, 2.14¼, 2.15¼, 2.15¼.
Fourth race, special match—
Dan Patch, M. E. McHenry, New York. 1 1
Harold H., Watts Bros., Wingham 2 2
Time—2.06½, 2.10.
Fifth race, 2.21 pace—
Irene McGregor, J. R. Rundell, Birmingham, Mich. 2 1 1 1
A. M. Wood, W. F. Ervine, Kansas City 1 4 2 3
Lithopilis, R. R. McCarthy, Thamesford 5 2 3 2
Time—2.15¾, 2.15, 2.13½, 2.17¼.

Swimming.

Swimming Championships.

The first swimming races for the championships of the Amateur Athletic Union will be held at Travers Island on Saturday.

Some of the best short-distance men in America have entered, and promise a lively competition. E. C. Shaeffer, of Reading, Pa., the noted record-breaker, will meet such fast N.Y.A.C. men as Otto Wahle, Charles Ruberl and F. A. Wenck, now on his way from England; the K.A.C. cracks, G. W. Van Cleaf and L. De B. Handley and Columbia University's representative, J. W. Spencer.

The second series of races will be contested Saturday, August 12, and Saturday, October 4, all under N.Y.A.C. auspices, at Travers Island.

KINGSTON MAN DROWNED.

Word Has Been Received Of the Accidental Death of Thomas Horne in the West.

Kingston, Ont., July 9.—(Special.)—Word has been received here of the accidental drowning in the Fraser River, in British Columbia, of Thomas Horne, late of Wolfe Island. A wife and four children survive. His mother lives on Wolfe Island and a brother in Kingston.

TERRIBLE STORY FROM COLBORNE

Child Says Her Father and Another Man Forced the Mother to Take Paris Green.

Colborne, July 9.—(Special.)—Isaac Lambert is under arrest here charged with murdering his wife, who died under suspicious circumstances some time ago. The stomach of the woman was sent to Toronto and an analysis of contents showed that death resulted from paris green poisoning.

The eldest child states that the day previous to her mother's death the father quarrelled with his wife and threatened to kill her.

A relative was present at the time, and according to the child's statement, this man pried open with a knife her mother's mouth while the father poured paris green down her throat. It is said that at the time the murder was committed the unfortunate woman had but a few rags for clothing and there was not a morsel of food in the house for her family of three little children.

POSSIBLE TROUBLE.

American and Canadian Canners Will Fight For Salmon Trap Sites.

Victoria, July 9.—(Special.)—Keen competition is probable between the leading American canners and the recently organized canners' syndicate over the selection of trap sites for salmon fishing on the shores of Vancouver Island.

It is not expected that the Dunsmuir Government will do anything toward leasing foreshores until the Dominion Government amends the fisheries regulations to permit of trapping.

Gossip Of The "Street"

A Steel Dream.

Some enterprising people in Boston telegraphed the story broadcast yesterday that a Montreal brokerage house had made $200,000 on the decline from 72 to 52 in Steel common, and that an attack would be made on Dominion Coal.

"The thing," said the broker referred to in the message, "is entirely false, and is ridiculous on the face of it."

$ $ $

Twin City.

The earnings of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company for the last nine days of June, 1902, were $92,605, being an increase of $9,368, or 11.25 per cent., over the same period of last year. Total increase for the month, $31,517, or 11.39 per cent.

$ $ $

The London Stock Exchange has ordered to be quoted in the official list Canadian Pacific Railway Company certificates of subscription for $19,500,000 ordinary capital stock, 195,000 shares of $100 each, in certificates of not more than ten shares each.

$ $ $

Duluth Earnings.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway Company reports for May:

	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	$226,553	$1,615
Operating expenses	147,171	*7,052
Net earnings	$79,382	$8,667
Oother income	1,461	*197
Total income	$80,842	$8,470
Charges	78,641	.....
Surplus	$2,201	$8,470
From July 1 to May 31—		
Gross earnings	$2,437,144	$169,880
Operating expenses	1,541,850	38,187
Net earnings	$895,294	$131,693
Other income	5,752	242
Total income	$901,046	$131,935
Charges	880,058	16,417
Surplus	$20,988	$145,518

*Decrease.

$ $ $

View on Pacific.

The London Financial Times says: "The immense land possessions of the Canadian Pacific have been seized upon as an explanation of the advance in the shares. From 22 to 28 million acres of land still remained in the possession of the company at June 30, 1901, and by extensions into new districts it becomes entitled to more. As an average of $3 an acre has been realized for this land for some time past—and the good harvests of recent years naturally enhance the value of this asset—it is pointed out that the whole of the old capital stock of 65 million dollars is represented by this asset alone. This may be perfectly true, but, on the other hand, nearly 18 million dollars of land grant bonds are shown in the balance sheet to be outstanding. Besides, to distribute such land assets as profits, seeing that they were part of the subsidy given for building and extending the line, and that the company is constantly raising further capital, would be very poor finance indeed."

$ $ $

Commercial Cable.

In its questions and answers department the Wall Street Journal has the following:

Question—In what is the capital of Postal Telegraph Co.? I do not see quotations of stock or bonds on any of the Exchanges.—A.T.T.

Answer—The Postal Telegraph Co. is owned by the Commercial Cable Co., which acquired the property in January, 1897. Most of the Postal stock has been exchanged for the Cable company's 4 per cent. bonds. The capital of the Cable company is $15,000,000, of which $13,333,333 is outstanding. It has paid 8 per cent. dividends since 1897 in the form of 7 per cent. quarterly and 1 per cent. extra. The principal market for the stock has been in Montreal.

MONTREAL MARKETS

Oats In Very Fair Demand—Cheese Shows Very Little Life.

GRAIN.—There is a better demand for oats with further sales of Manitoba No. 2 white at 48¾c to 49c, No. 2 Ontario at 48½c and No. 3 at 47½c, ex store. There was some enquiry for Canadian oats from over the cable, but bids received in some cases showed a decline of 3d, as compared with those of Saturday. A fair enquiry was reported for Manitoba wheat from foreign buyers, and some business was put through. Peas on spot continue quiet, and prices unchanged at 86½c to 87c afloat. There was some demand for American No. 3 corn, and sales of car lots were made at 71½c ex store.

FLOUR.—The market continues in a very mixed up state, and it is exceedingly difficult to get at its vales. One man asserts: "As far as I can make out the situation is just this. Different prices are ruling at different places, and that is all there is to it."

The range for Manitoba spring wheat patents to-day is anywhere from $4.00 to $4.30, and strong bakers', $3.70 to $4.00.

The Ogilvie Milling Co. quotes: Ogilvie's Hungarian, $4.20 to $4.30; Ogilvie's Glenora patent, $3.90 to $4.00.

Ontario flours are less irregular, straight rollers at $3.60 to $3.70; in bags, $1.75 to $1.80; and extras, $1.60 to $1.65.

MEAL.—Prices are the same, at $4.90 per barrel, and at $2.35 to $2.40 per bag, in round lots, and at $5 to $5.10 per barrel, and at $2.40 to $2.45 per bag, in a jobbing way.

BRAN.—Ontario bran, in bulk, offering at $17 to $17.50 per ton, and Manitoba, in bags, at $17 per ton. Shorts scarce, at $23 per ton, for Manitoba, in bags.

HAY.—A fair trade was done in baled hay at steady prices. We quotes as follows: No. 1, $9 to $9.50; No. 2, $8 to $8.50; clover, $7 to $7.50 per ton, in car lots.

CHEESE.—It is doubtful if finest Ontario cheese would command much over 9⅝c on the local market to-day. There is very little demand, but quite a lot of cheese is moving forward all the time. Finest Ontario 9½c to 9⅝c; finest Townships, 9⅝c to 9½c; finest Quebecs, 9¼c to 9⅜c.

BUTTER.—The demand for butter for export account was slow, but a fairly good jobbing trade was transacted, and prices rule about steady. Fancy Townships' creamery, 19½c; finest Quebec creamery, 19¼c to 19⅜c; fine makes, 18c to 18½c; dairy butter, 16½c.

EGGS.—The feeling seems to be a little stronger with sales of round lots at 13¾c to 14c for straight receipts, and 12½c to 13½c for No. 2.

POTATOES.—The market for old potatoes is very firm owing to the scarcity, and sales in a jobbing way have been made as high as $1.40 to $1.50 per bag, and for car lots on track, $1.25 to $1.30 has been bid.

MAPLE PRODUCT.—There was no change in maple product, for which the demand is slow. We quote as follows: Syrup, in large tins, at 70c to 80c; in smal ltins at 50c to 60c; and in wood at 5c to 5½c per lb. Sugar at 7c to 8c per lb.

HONEY.—White clover comb, at 13c to 14c, tinged, 10c to 11c; strained, at 9c to 10c per lb.; buckwheat honey, in comb, at 9c to 10c; extracted, at 7c to 8c.

BEANS.—The demand for beans in a jobbing way was fair, and prices rule steady at $1.20 to $1.25 for primes, and car lots are quoted at $1.10 to $1.12½.

ASHES.—The market for potash was quiet and steady. Firsts, $4.15 to $4.20; seconds, $3.70 to $3.75; pearls, $6 per 100 lbs.

VENTUREROUS TRIP.

Attempt to Cross the Atlantic in a Kerosene Oil Launch.

New York, July 9.—The 38-foot launch Abyiel Abbott Low, commanded by Captain William C. Newman, sailed from College Point, L.I., to-day, for Falmouth, England. Captain Newman's only companion on the trip is his son Edward, a youth of 16. The launch is equipped with a ten horse power kerosene oil engine, and is expected to reach Falmouth in about twenty days.

OGILVIE STOCK AND BONDS ARE STILL HIGHER

They Were the Bull Features of a Dull and Dragging Market.

The advance in the Ogilvie Milling preferred stock and bonds was the only feature of a dull market this morning.

The preferred shares on three small transactions sold up to 113, while the bonds advanced to 115, these figures being the highest since the stock was listed.

Canadian Pacific held rather steadier here than it did in New York. There were sales locally on the scale from 135 7-8 down to 135 3-8, while at New York shortly after the noon hour the price touched 135.

Weakness in Dominion Coal was a feature of more or less notee, but was not unexpected, as despatches from Boston yesterday indicated that lower prices were in the wind. The movement seems to be purely a speculative one, as conditions generally are satisfactory, the Steel Company is doing well and no doubts have been expressed as to its ability to not only pay the guarantee, but earn sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the Steel preferred and bondholders. The civil engineers who are just back from their trip to Sydney were agreeably surprised at all they saw at the Steel works, and one and all did not hesitate to predict a wonderful future for the company.

$ $ $

The upward start in the Ogilvie Company's stock and bonds is no doubt due to the fact that both are in very firm hands, and that the holders are greatly encouraged by the fine crop prospects in the West this year.

$ $ $

Power was easier this morning at 100 1-2, and Montreal Street Railway bonds firmer at 107 1-8.

$ $ $

L. J. Forget & Co.'s London cable quoted Grand Trunk first at 106¼, second at 90⅝, third at 39, Canadian Pacific at 139 and Anaconda at £5⅝.

$ $ $

Mr. C. D. Monk's messages said: Americans in London steady, about parity. Senator Hanna says plans are under way for a settlement of strike satisfactory to miners and operators. Crop news mixed, mostly favorable. Moore Bros' friends claim they hold control of Northwest. No truth in rumor of closer relations between Union Pacific and St. Paul. No dividends on Southern Pacific this year. Early settlement of Chicago strike expected. Philadelphia operators bullish on C. & O. Gold shipments this week possible, but unlikely. J. P. Morgan expected home this week. Forty-nine roads, fourth week June, earnings, increase, 7.03. Insiders say no increase in Hocping Valley dividend on consolidation with Pere Marquette. L. & N. dividend this afternoon generally expected 3 per cent. Anthracite precidents met yesterday and reiterated that no concessions will be made. Senator Hanna's remarks about the possibility of early satisfactory ending of strike can hardly fail to have good effect generally. Gold shipments are not likely this week. Grangers, especially Atchison, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Wabashes, etc., ought to do better. There have been no large or conspicuous trades in St. Paul. All who have watched it are agreed that steady absorption of the stock by one or few insterests continue to go on. Decline in W. U. seems to be on liquidation of long stock. London trading has been nominal; both buying and selling did not exceed 5,000 shares. Wormsers largest buyers of N.Y.C. Boston wires us that there is good buying of Sugar there. Five per cent. is bid for four, five and six months money. London, 3.30 p.m.—Stock markets are maintaining their improvement throughout the average.

The shipments of cattle, sheep and horses, States and Canadian, from Boston, for the fiscal year ending June 30 were as follows:

CATTLE.

	States. 1901.	Can. 1902.	States. 1900.	Can. 1901.
July	7,635	1,773	10,963	534
August	7,546	1,889	7,135	2,203
September	4,836	3,851	10,761	2,267
October	6,776	3,004	7,307	2,447
November	6,895	4,276	8,131	1,764
December	10,022	1,644	11,383	90
Totals first 6 months	43,682	16,437	55,680	9,305
January	5,761	1,465	10,471	140
February	6,181	2,278	1,706	111
March	5,068	2,239	10,268	705
April	4,890	3,333	9,098	2,192
May	5,912	3,634	9,903	1,730
June	6,925	1,415	10,103	1,896
Totals 2nd 6 months	35,277	14,364	51,849	6,864
T'tls for year	78,957	30,801	107,529	6,864

Grand total—

1901-1902	109,758
1900-1901	123,758
1899-1900	112,455
1898-1899	121,147
1897-1898	152,431
1896-1897	155,884
1895-1896	149,126
1894-1895	123,033
1893-1894	118,433
1892-1893	105,944
1891-1892	125,277
1890-1891	110,556
1889-1890	105,868

BUSINESS CHANGES THROUGHOUT CANADA

E. L. Stewart, general merchant, Second Falls, N.B., is succeeded by Miss B. E. Stewart.

Charles Echlen, general merchant, Cedar Springs, Ont., has sold out to E. G. Hocker.

F. J. Moeckel, confectioner and jeweller, MacGregor, Man., has sold his jewellery business.

John Huxtable, baker and confectioner, Strathcona, N.W.T., is succeeded by A. G. Banting.

D. H. Shaw & Son, fruiterers, New Glasgow, N.S., are succeeded by Shaw & Lockhart.

Shaw & Dibblee, hardware merchants and grocers, Hartland, N.B., are succeeded by the Hartland Mercantile Co., Limited.

A. T. Button, sr., general merchant, Uxbridge, Ont., has sustained loss by fire; insured.

A. M. Elkin, grocer, Vancouver, is dead.

Horatio Lebouthillier, fish dealer, Gaspe, Que., is dead.

C. B. Whiddon, of C. B. Whiddon & Son, wholesale and retail grocers, Antigonish, N.S., is dead.

THE CATTLE AND HORSE MARKETS

Poor Condition of Market Causes Drovers to Complain—Carriage Horses Are Very Scarce.

There is a lot of stock on hand for the local cattle markets to-day, but the drovers are complaining very loudly over the poor condition of the market. Prices are away off and seem to be getting worse. At the Exchange Hotel the following cattle dealers are registered: J. D. Spence, R. Machitter, Toronto; R. F. Derlick, H. Derlick, Noyan; P. Baretiam, H. Hope, St. Remi; M. Frederic, J. Fredette, Sherrington; S. Ransom, Delta; N. Whitmarsh, Westport; W. Longtin, St. Christostome; J. Robertson, Lansdowne; F. Carr, J. Ryan, Hemmingford; J. Atcheson, Elgin; W. F. Roberts, G. Roberts, Granby; P. Goodhue, G. Muldoon, Danville; J. B. Laurin, C. Gagnon, Napierville; E. Lariviere, B. Nolette, Lacolle; D. A. MacGregor, J. McNaughton, Lancaster; J. Magee, Cardinal; A. McIvor, Iroquois; H. Nourse, Coaticook.

HORSE MARKET.

In local horse markets there is a good demand for carriage and draught horses, but they must be of the best, and the demand far exceeds the supply. Driving and carriage horses are quoted at $175 to $250 each. Heavy draught animals at $175 to $225 and good general purpose horses at $125 to $150. The Foster stables sold a team of heavy cart horses to the Slater Asbestos Co. yesterday for $425, and they were beauties. Western Canadian horses of good style and gait are inegreat demand.

CHEESE BOARDS

Prices Barely Steady at the County Markets Yesterday.

Bedford, July 8.—The first business meeting of the Bedford Dairy Produce Board was brought off successfully to-day, there being a very good representation of the factorymen of the district, considering that the board has only organized. Bedford is the centre for a number of the best creameries in the Townships, and on this account a good weekly offering is guaranteed. At to-day's meeting thirteen creameries offered 572 packages of butter, and one factory 104 boxes of cheese. The entire offerings were sold on the board, the butter for 19c to 19½c, and the cheese at 9¼c. The buyers were: Russell, 168 packages butter; H. H. Hibbard, 162 butter; A. L. Hibbard, 141 butter; W. H. Hibbard, 101 butter; H. H. Hibbard, 104 boxes cheese.

Campbellford, Ont., July 8.—At the cheese board to-day 1,800 boxes were offered. Sales were as follows: Hodgson 500, Magrath 755, Watkin 190, Brenton 335, all at 9¼c.

Picton, Ont., July 8.—At cheese board to-day 16 factories boarded 1,770 boxes, all colored; highest bid, 9 7-16c; 1,455 sold.

READY FOR THE ROPE.

Rice, Who Is To Be Hanged In Toronto Has Given Up All Hope of Reprieve.

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The Dominion Securities Corporation LIMITED.

Investment Bonds,

To yield from 3 1-2 to 4 1-2 per cent.

Montreal Office—Canada Life Building
E. C. NORSWORTHY. - -Manager.

CATTLE EXPORTS FROM BOSTON

Canadian Cattle Increase While American Show a Very Heavy Falling Off.

With the exception of the year 1892-3 the shipments of cattle from Boston for the fiscal year closed June 30 were the smallest for 15 years. As compared with the previous year, the falling off amounts to 14,000 head. There was a decrease of 28,572 in the shipments of States cattle during the year, but owing to the heavy shipments of a Boston exporter the number of Canadian cattle sent forward was over 14,000 larger than during the preceding year. Poor markets were responsible for the falling off during the first half of the year and lack of space for the decrease during the last six months, or during the time that the London and Liverpool markets were booming and cattle were selling at unprecedented prices.

Although the total shipments of cattle last year were smaller than for many years, the reverse is true in regard to sheep, the shipments being larger than those of any year since 1897-98. The horse export trade was very quiet. All the Canadian horses purchased for the British army went from Canadian ports, and the total shipments from Boston were not above one-third the average.

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GATE'S CORN DEAL NETS ONE DAY $1,162,500

The Bulls in Corn Have Been Having a Great Time Of It.

REVIEW OF THE BIG CHICAGO CORN DEAL.

- Gates syndicate original line (estimated), 17,500,000 bushels.
- Accepted and paid for, 2,500,000 bushels.
- Amount paid for oorn delivered, $1,500,000.
- Long line to-day (estimated), 15,000,000 bushels.
- Average price bought, 62 cents a bushel.
- High price to-day, 84 3-4 cents a bushel.
- Paper profits of bulls, $3,412,500.
- Bears have been called for margins, $4,500,000.

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MONTREAL FRUIT TRADE ACTIVE

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Cherries, basket	1.00	to	1.25
Red currants, box	....	to	.6
Plums, Californian, crate	2.50	to	3.00
Pineapples, crate	3.75	to	4.00
Apricots, California, crate	1.25	to	1.50
Peaches, California, crate	1.75	to	2.00
Strawberries, box	.5	to	.7
Gooseberries, basket	.60	to	.70
Bananas, bunch	1.00	to	2.25
Oranges, Sorrentos, box	3.50	to	3.75
Oranges, Messina Ovals, box	2.25	to	2.50
Lemons, Marols, per box	....	to	3.50
Lemons, common, box	2.00	to	3.00
Limes, box	....	to	1.50
Watermelons, each	.30	to	.40
Tomatoes, crate	..	to	1.00
Onions, white, basket	..	to	2.25
Onions, Egyptian, crate	..	to	2.50
Apples, California, box	..	to	2.50
Green peas, bag	..	to	.60
Green beans, basket	..	to	2.75
Celery, Michigan, doz	..	to	.50
Cantaloupes, Cal., crate	..	to	3.50
Asparagus, Canadian, bask	1.00	to	1.25
Cucumbers, U.S. green, bask	..	to	1.00

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GATE'S CORN DEAL NETS ONE DAY $1,162,500

The Bulls in Corn Have Been Having a Great Time Of It.

REVIEW OF THE BIG CHICAGO CORN DEAL.

- Gates syndicate original line (estimated), 17,500,000 bushels.
- Accepted and paid for, 2,500,000 bushels.
- Amount paid for oorn delivered, $1,500,000.
- Long line to-day (estimated), 15,000,000 bushels.
- Average price bought, 62 cents a bushel.
- High price to-day, 84 3-4 cents a bushel.
- Paper profits of bulls, $3,412,500.
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BLOOD OF PRINCES IS NOT TAINTED

Theories of Heredity Proved to be False by Europe's Experiences.

New York, July 8.—A special cable despatch to The Sun from London says:

The King seems by his unexpectedly rapid recovery from a serious operation to justify Saturday's Spectator, which contains a long and interesting article on the Kings and Princes of Europe. Without, of course, making any particular application, The Spectator's article proceeds:

"The Princes ought, for example, to be a rather rotten race and they are not. Most of them—indeed all except the Swedes and Servians—belong to families which have lived in great luxury for 800 years and have in that period been shown up time after time as individuals of exceptional immorality, who have preferred intermarriage to any method of seeking brides, and ought, therefore, by this time to be thoroughly worn out. They are not worn out at all. They are rather good 'lives,' as actuaries count lives, and would make a very fair troop of dragoons and are personally rather more energetic, not to say more fussy, than other people. With the exception of the Spanish Bourbons, they have shown, and are showing, little signs of feebleness, and even in that house the unexplained taint in the blood seems to be working itself out."

This, as The Spectator points out, is at variance with the theories of heredity, as is also the fact hat different lines have produced rather more than their share of exceptional ability. It instances the Hohenzollerns and the Bourbons, who have produced at least three first class soldiers, and the Hapsburgs and Romanoffs.

"Moreover," it says, "all have manifested one singular power, as even the comparatively undistinguished Guelphs contrived through ages of storm and stress to keep themselves at the top of the world. They have been helped, doubtless, by advisers greater than themselves, but the capacity to profit by advice is not a mark of a decaying race." The Spectator goes on to say that the Princely families have also upset the theory that as an animal can be bred to a certain point of perfection, so a race of men, well fed, taught, exercised and employed, could be developed to a point superior to any that mankind has yet reached. Nevertheless, though the conditions which should make such a race are those under which Princely houses have been reared, they remain very like other people. The Spectator continues:

"They are on the level, for the most part, of competent English squires, but no higher. Very few have been original, and the men descendants of those few, without exception, have slipped back to the ordinary level."

From this theory The Spectator deduces that a truly royal caste cannot be bred according to the theories of heredity. They ought to bear, it says, a definite stamp, and be an easily recognizable type of mankind. Yet this is not the case, although personal likenesses occasionally occur, such as that of the Czar and the Prince of Wales. There is no more general similarity of type between these men than among members of the House of Commons, where accidental likenesses are very common. Princes bear no professional cachet such as comes to soldiers and sailors. All show a sense of superiority bred by training, and all are nervously sensitive of their dignity. There the similarity ends. The Spectator declares:

"One thing they are alike in is the failure to exhibit genius in any of its more ordinary manifestations."

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. Arthur Holden, advocate, is leaving the city to-day for a couple of weeks outing at Mississquoi Bay.

Mr. Alex. Barnett, the well known lumberman of Renfrew, Ont., is registered at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Mr. W. S. Greene is spending a short time at Hudson.

Mr. Hayter Reed, Quebec, is in Ottawa.

Mr. W. R. Stewart, formerly of Montreal, and now of New York, is visiting friends in Otawa.

Mr. W. O. H. Dodds, of Montreal, is in Quebec.

Mr.

SHIRT SELLING.

You would think by the way customers are buying our shirts that Tooke's was the only shirt store in the city. Buy your shirts at Tooke's and save from 20 to 25 per cent.

R. J. TOOKE, 177 ST. JAMES STREET.
2387 ST. CATHERINE STREET, West.
1553 ST. CATHERINE STREET, East.

A PRESIDENTIAL BOOM LAUNCHED

Don M. Dickinson. in London Last Night, Started Hon. Jos. Choate's Campaign.

London, July 8.—Speaking at the annual dinner of the Hardwicke Society in London to-night, Hon. M. Dickinson, of Detroit, who was counsel for the United States here before the International High Commission, on the Behring Sea claims, in 1897, referred to Jos. H. Choate, the United States ambassador as a possible candidate for the presidency of the United States. The company consisted of several hundred members of the English bar, law lords and judges. The Earl of Dysart, director of public prosecutions, Sir Charles Tupper, formerly Prime Minister of Canada; Sir Edward George Clarke, formerly Solicitor-General; Justice Bartlett, of New York; Lord Hardwicke, Under Secretary for India, and other members of the Government, and a number of colonial judges, were among the guests.

Mr. Dickinson took Mr. Choate's place as the guest of honor. He prefaced his proposal of a toast to the English bench by a tribute to Mr Choate. "Mr. Choate does not belong," said Mr. Dickinson, "to my party or to my Government, but it is very near the hearts of the American people that he shall go from the Court of St. James to the presidential chair, and I wish he may get there."

Mr. Dickinson eloquently voiced the sympathetic joy of American people at the certainty of the recovery of the illustrious and beloved King of England. "We rejoice," continued the speaker, "with you in your joys, and sorrow with you in your griefs. That feeling has been expressed by no one more than President Roosevelt, who is as close to the people of America as has been any President in the history o fthe republic."

Mr. Dickinson compared President Roosevelt, amid the enthusiastic cheers of those present, to Sir Philip Sydney, "Sans peur et sans reproche."

BRITISH LIBERTY.

Dealing with international feeling Mr. Dickinson said: "We of the United States have long since ceased to boast that we are alone the champions of liberty; wherever the British flag floats to-day it stands for liberty." He cited the recent despatch of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, declaring that the constitution of Cape Colony should not be suspended as an instance of Great Britain's love of liberty. He declared that America deeply sympathized with Mr. Chamberlain in his recent accident, and concluded by saying: "Great Britain and the United States can make the world's freedom wider yet, not by alliance, but by an understanding that we, the English-speaking nations, mean well by the rest of the world, and that the other nations must not attack either one of us."

Mr. Dickinson was loudly cheered.

Lord Macnaughten, lord of appeal-in-ordinary, replying to Mr. Dickinson, declared that American legal decisions were now held in respect in England equal to that with which the old English legal precedents were held in the United States.

QUICK FIRING MATCH.

A New Feature Introduced Into the Dominion Rifle Programme.

Ottawa, July 8.—(Special.)—In the Dominion Rifle Association programme this year, a quick magazine firing match has been arranged for. The distances will be 200, 800, 900, 1,000 and 1,100 yards. The prizes amount to over $1,500, $500 of which has been subscribed by Sir Charles Ross, the inventor of the Ross magazine rifle.

BREAK, BREAK, BREAK.

A Winding-Up Order in the Case of The Ottawa Transfer Company Granted.

Toronto, July 9.—(Special.)—Chief Justice Meredith to-day granted a winding up order in the case of the Ottawa Transfer Company (Limited). F. X. St. Jacques of the Russell House, Ottawa, is the president. The company was capitalized for $24,000, of which $9,500 was paid up, and assets $8,000.

A BERKSHIRE WEDDING.

Lila Vanderbilt Sloan Is Now Mrs. William Bradhurst Osgood Field.

Lennox, Mass., July 9.—The most magnificent wedding that ever took place in the Berkshire Hills, that of Miss Lila Vanderbilt Sloan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Douglass Sloan, of New York, and Mr. William Bradhurst Osgood Field, was celebrated in Trinity Episcopal Church here, at noon to-day. The guests included persons whose wealth and social distinction have made their names widely known. The service was performed by Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, of St. Bartholomew's Church, New York, assisted by Rev. Harold Arrowsmith, rector of Trinity Church.

ARE HEIRS TO HARLEM AND ALL ITS FLATS

Shamokin, Pa., July 6.—Miss Stella McClow and her sister, Mrs. Harry Dunkelberger, residents here, received notice from a New York lawyer to be sure to go to Pottsville, Pa., July 10, to attend a convention of 200 heirs of King William IV. of Holland and get their share of a nice big slice of New York City. The lawyer is sure he can secure their right to a lot of valuable land in Harlem.

The origin of the claim dates back to the time when New York was New Amsterdam. According to the New York lawyer, who presumably has looked the matter up, the youngest daughter of King William IV. of Holland married beneath her rank and so displeased her royal papa. The old man disinherited his daughter, but made proviso that her share of his fortune should be kept in trust until the third generation, and that that generation should receive the fortune. Now it is told and related and avowed that the late Benjamin Clow was one of that third generation, and lo! he was the father of Miss McClow and her married sister. Hence the notice.

The land is a pleasing little parcel of real estate known as the Harlem Flats, and is estimated to be worth the trifle of $82,000,000. It will be determined at the convention just how this land is to be divided up among the 200 heirs. They also have their eyes on $170,000,000 worth of property in Holland, but they won't get that until they have taken possession of the Harlem Flats. Most of the heirs, it may be remarked, never saw a Harlem flat in their lives and wouldn't know a Harlem janitor if they were to meet him in broad daylight.

STOLEN "STRAD" HAS BEEN RETURNED

New York, July 8.—After eight years of legal controversy, worry and trouble, during which her husband died, it is claimed, from grief, Mrs. Matilda Bott, white-haired and wrinkled, was made happy today when Recorder Goff turned over to her the famous "Tradivarius" which was stolen from her husband many years ago.

Tears flowed from the old lady's eyes as she took the old violin from the hands of the Recorder. She fondled like she might a long-lost child, and after seeing it properly wrapped and stowed away in its case, she hurried to her home.

The violin was owned by Joseph Jean Bott, who eight years ago lived in Thirty-fifth Street.

At that time negotiations were pending between the Botts and Signor Nicolini, husband of Patti, the singer, for the purchase of the violin, and Nicolini's offer of $5,500 had been accepted. Then, during the absence of the Botts from home one afternoon, the "Strad" was stolen, though jewellery and other valuables in the house were untouched.

A year after the violin disappeared Victor S. Fletcher, a dealer in musical instruments in Union Square, was arrested, indicted, and on April 20, 1896, was found guilty of the theft of the violin and sent to Sing Sing. The new trial for Fletcher was asked on the ground of newly discovered evidence and granted.

The matter dragged along for several months and then the violin was found in a store kept by a Mrs. Springer at No. 55 Jay Street, Brooklyn. She said she bought it from "Jim" Dooley for her son and paid $30 for it. Dooley found, said he had bought it in Fox's pawnshop on Eighth Avenue, near Fourteenth Street. Experts declare the violin to be the original Strad stolen from Bott. On this evidence a new trial was granted Fletcher, and to-day a recommendation was made by the District-Attorney that the indictment against Fletcher be dismissed. On this the recorder reserved decision.

Both Fletcher and Mrs. Springer said in court they had no claim to the violin and it was given to Mrs. Bott.

MUTINY AND MURDER.

Pensacola, Fla., July 8.—A sensational story of mutiny and murder on the high seas is told by Captain McDonald, of the American schooner Mary Sanford, which has arrived here after an eventful voyage from Bluefields, Nicaragua. During the voyage one man was killed and the crew were in almost constant mutiny, clamorous for the blood of the man who murdered their shipmate. The murderer, First Mate Nicholson, was placed in jail soon after the arrival of the Sanford in this port.

The Mary Sanford left Bluefields, June 24, and when four days out, C. E. Nicholson, the first mate, killed Fred. Reed, a negro, because he did not perform some duties to suit the ideas of the mate. When Capt. McDonald saw what had happened, he overpowered Nicholson, took the pistol from him and threw it overboard. The mate was then placed in irons and kept under strict guard until the vessel reached Pensacola quarantine station, when the United States marshal's office was told of the murder and Nicholson was brought here and locked up. He will be given a trial before United States Commissioner Tunison.

One of the crew that wanted to kill Nicholson, being a West Indian seaman, countryman of the dead man, openly resented the murder of Reed, and threatened to hang Nicholson from the yard arm. The captain, two mates and the steward were the only white men on the vessel, and combined watchfulness of this quartette prevented a marine session of Judge Lynch's court.

Reed's body was wrapped in sails and buried at sea, a few miles from where the shooting occurred.

GOOD YEAR FOR APPLES.

Department of Agriculture Says Canada Will Have a Big Crop to Market.

Ottawa, July 9.—A report from the Department of Agriculture states that the prospects are good for a fairly large crop of early apples in Canada. It is reported that red Astrachans, St. Lawrence and similar varieties will be abundant enough to provide a comparatively large quantity for export.

By arrangement with the Department of Agriculture several steamers of the different lines have been fitted for the circulation of cooled air through the spaces where cheese and apples are to be carried. The more tender varieties of apples would go into the regular cold storage compartments; those in firmer condition could be carried in the cooled air chambers.

Apple shippers who intend to ship such varieties would do well to communicate with the Commissioner of Agriculture and Dairying at Ottawa, as the department is willing to cooperate as far as possible with the shippers to secure accommodation in the cooled air space, or in the regular cold storage chambers, for the delivery of the fruit in the very best condition in the markets of the United Kingdom.

AFTER THE ROUTE.

American State Department Will Press Immediately For the Isthmian Right of Way.

Washington, July 8. — The State Department has decided to press forward toward completion the Columbian treaty looking to the acquisition of the right of way for the Isthmian Canal. This is a slight change from the original programme, which contemplated the adjustment of title before conclusion of the treaty. So Secretary Hay, who already has accomplished the best portion of the work to be done in treaty making, and has it before him in the shape of a protocol submitted to the last session of Congress, has taken steps to give this the form of a treaty and to have it signed formally by accredited representatives of the Governments of Colombia and of the United States, so that the convention may be laid before the Senate as soon as it convenes in December.

The protocol referrde to was so definitely drawn that not many changes are required in order to adopt the instrument for use as a treaty.

CATTLE INSPECTION.

The United States and Canadian Inspectors Will Honor Each Others Certificates.

Ottawa, July 8.—An arrangement has been effected under which the Governments of Canada and the United States have each appointed a veterinary inspector for the purpose of testing cattle for shipment from Great Britain to either country, and it has been mutually agreed to accept certificates issued by either inspector. Dr. T. A. Geddes is the official inspector for Canada. Colectors are notified that they may accept any certificates of tuberculin test, signed by either of these inspectors and accompanying animals shipped to Canada through United States ports.

STOCKING WITH MOOSE.

Six of These Animals Turned Loose in the Adirondacks Yesterday.

Albany, N.Y., July 8.—Two bulls and four female moose, the first of a consignment of twenty, procured by the Forest, Fish and Game Commission, were set free in that portion of the Adirondack region known as United road, yesterday. The moose were all yearlings and arrived in excellent condition. The place in which the moose were liberated is remote from civilization and calculated to give the animals every advantage in adapting themselves to their new home.

WHAT IF IT GETS HOTTER.

The Gay Parisians Have Already Abandoned Their Shiny Silk Hats.

Paris, July 8.—Owing to the intense heat frequenters of the opera house are allowed to wear straw hats instead of the silk hats, the use of which has hitherto been compulsory.

EVIDENCES OF TRAGEDY.

Mutilated Remains of a Strange Family Found in Oklahoma.

Enid, O. T., July 8.—Near Prudence, thirty miles southwest of here, the bodies of a man, a woman and two children, apparently members of one family, mutilated into almost unrecognizable shapes, were found to-day. The bodies had been stripped of all clothing, leaving no means of identification. It is supposed that the family were strangers travelling overland and that they were robbe dand murdered by men who then made off with their team and belongings.

FREIGHT AGENTS.

Canadian Hustlers For Business Are At Sault Ste. Marie.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., July 8.—The meeting of the Canadian Freight Association was held in the International Hotel here to-day. The members of the association joined the steamer King Edward at Windsor, Sarnia and Parry Sound, and the various committee meetings of the association were held on the boat on the way up. The King Edward arrived here early this morning. Various matters regarding classification and other routine matters were dealt with. The following members were present, and most of them had their wives and other members of their families with them: Messrs. Bulling, Brown and Haldane, of the Canadian Pacific; Pullen, Cunningham, Watson, Hanna and Wagstaff, of the Grand Trunk; Smith, of the Canada Atlantic; Backus, of the T. H. & B.; Marshall, of the L. E. & D. R. R.; Mossman, of the Wabash; Howe, of the Michigan Central; Chapman, of the Bay of Quinte; Collins, of the Central Ontario; Conway, of the Kingston & Pembroke; Howland, of the Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa; Rosevear, of the Algoma Central, Seixas, of the Niagara Central & West Shore; Mackenzie, of the Pennsylvania; McGregor, of the Erie; Cooper, of the Lehigh Valley, and Riddell, of the Donaldson steamship line. The meetings were, as usual, presided over by John Earls, of Toronto.

WHY EMERY WAS KILLED.

A Letter Explains the Reasons for a Deformed Girl's Desperate Act.

Boston, July 8.—A letter alleged to have been written by Andrew J. Emery, of South Framingham, to Nina Danforth, the deformed girl of Newton, who shot and killed Emery at his home last May, has been found. Miss Danforth and Emery had been close friends. The letter said:

"Of course I am very sorry for you, but I have a wife, and I cannot keep up the life I have been leading with you any longer. I do not want to see you again, and I do not want you to come where I am. It is all over between us."

With this letter in her hand Miss Danforth confronted Emery, and the shooting terminated the interview.

Miss Danforth, who is in jail at East Cambridge, pending trial on a murder indictment, is under supervision by experts to determine her mental condition.

OFF AGAIN, ON AGAIN.

Toronto Street Railway Men Had a Short Season of Enforced Rest.

Toronto July 9. — (Special.) — Nine street railway motormen and conductors were laid off yesterday by the company for some alleged neglect of duty. They were received this morning by President McKenzie and General Manager Keating, who, after hearing their story, ordered that they be put back again on the cars; some of them, however, are off pending further investigation.

COLONIAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES

Washington, D.C., July 8. Commerce between the United States and its newly acquired territory is growing with remarkable rapidity. In 1897, the year preceding that in which Puerto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines came under the American flag, the shipments to these islands were, according to the figures of the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, $6,773,500. In 1901 they were more than $30,000,000, and in the fiscal year just ended they will be, according to the best figures that the Bureau of Statistics can obtain, fully $35,000,000.

To this may be added the estimate of $15,000,000 of shipments to Alaska in the last year. This would bring the total sales of American goods in the non-contiguous territory of the United States up to about $50,000,000 in the last fiscal year, against about $10,000,000 in that same territory in 1897.

EXPORTS IN DETAIL.

Considering the figures in detail, the Bureau of Statistics finds that the exports from the United States to Puerto Rico, which were, in 1897, $1,988,888, were, in 1900, $4,040,449; and in 1901, $6,861,917. As they were $6,651,000 in the eleven months ending with May, it is safe to assume that the figures for the last fiscal year will show a total of more than $10,000,000 of shipments to Puerto Rico.

To Hawaii the exports in the fiscal year 1897, were $4,680,075. By 1899 they had reached $9,305,470, and in 1900, $13,509,148. Subsequent to that time the statistics of shipments in Hawaii are based upon estimates supplied by collectors of customs at San Francisco and Honolulu, and are put at $20,000,000 as a conservative figure.

To the Philippines, the exports in 1897 were $94,597; in 1899, $404,193; in 1900, $2,640,449; in 1901, $4,027,064, and in the full fiscal year 1902 will be fully $5,000,000.

To Alaska the shipments in 1894 were, according to the best figures the Bureau of Statistics has been able to obtain, $3,924,000; for the calendar year 1901, $13,500,000, and for the fiscal year just ended probably $15,000,000, bringing the total shipments from the United States to its non-contiguous territory up to $50,000,000.

COLONIAL IMPORTS.

On the import side the non-contiguous territory of the United States now supplies $50,000,000 worth per annum of its products for use in this country.

Imports from Puerto Rico in 1897, were $2,181,024; those from Hawaii, $13,087,709, and from the Philippines, $4,383,740. Imports from Puerto Rico had grown by 1900 to $3,078,648; from Hawaii, $20,707,903, and from the Philippines, $5,971,208. In the fiscal year just ended the merchandise received from Puerto Rico will be, in round terms, $7,000,000; from the Hawaiian Islands, $26,000,000; from the Philippines, $7,000,000, and from Alaska, about $7,000,000, in fish, furs and other products of this character, and an equal amount in gold and silver, thus bringing the total contributions of the non-contiguous territory considerably above $50,000,000.

Commerce with Asia and Oceanica has also increased with very great rapidity, especially in the exports. Exports to Asia and Oceanica in 1897 were $61,927,678; in 1900, $107,304,082, and in the fiscal year, 1902, including shipments to Hawaiian Islands, about $120,000,000.

MORE SHIPS.

The Furness Line Will Improve Its Maritime Province Service.

London, July 8.—According to the Shipping Gazette, Sir Charles Furness, the well-known ship owner and ship-builder, has purchased four Clan line steamers, which he intends to place in the London and Halifax trade, making a regular ten day service.

The Clan line runs an extensive freight and passenger service between Liverpool and Indian ports.

The Furness line is at present running a weekly service between St. John, Halifax and London.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Umbrellas for the million at The S. Carsley Co. Prices from 25c up to $12.00.—adv.

NO CREAM; NO SCREAM

Choir Boys Went on a Strike Because Their Summer Rations Were Cut Off.

New York, July 8.—Because ten of the boys did not receive the ice cream that had been promised them by the Rev. Dr. Stuart Crockett before he sailed for Europe, nearly two weeks ago, they went on a strike, and Choirmaster Arthur Fare had to conduct the musical services yesterday in the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Transfiguration ,Fulton Street and Railroad Avenue, Brooklyn, with only six boys. The strikers occupied seats in the auditorium and calmly announced that if somebody guaranteed to buy the ice cream they would sing, but not one of the wealthy members of the congregation volunteered to gratify their desire.

Rehearsal and Sunday nights were always anticipated with great pleasure by the boys. Rector Crockett always furnished an abundant supply of cream on those nights, and the boys, after a while, began to look for it. Knowing this, Dr. Crockett promised the boys that he would leave enough money with Choirmaster Fare before he sailed to celebrate his departure with an "ice cream supper."

Mr. Fare set the date for the supper a week ago last Wednesday, but forgot to bring the money along with him on that night, and it was postponed until the following Tuesday night. The same thing happened on Tuesday night, and it was set for last Thursday. Only eight of the boys appeared, however, on that evening. Unwilling to postpone it again, Mr. Fare entrusted them with the money that belonged to the absent ones.

When the absent ones appeared and asked for their ice cream money they were told to forget it. They appealed to Mr. Fare,and demanded that he make good Dr. Crockett's promise, which the choirmaster declined to do. A strike was immediately declared by the disgruntled boys, and they informed Mr. Fare they would not sing again in the choir until they received the r cream.

Mr. Fare treated the matter lightly, believing the boys were only joking, but he was rudely jarred when he appeared in the church yesterday. The only boys in the choir were those who had received their cream. The other ten met his look of discomfiture with a broad smile in the auditorium. No amount of cajolery could induce the strikers to assume their places in the choir. Every inducement was met with the ultimatum, "When we get our cream we'll sing."

WILL STILL INSPECT.

Mr. James L. Hughes Will Be Permitted to Withdraw His Withdrawal.

Toronto, July 8.—It has been practically settled that James L. Hughes will continue his duties as school inspector of Toronto Public schools and that he did not mean what he said when he indited his communication to the board last week, but circumstances have eventuated which will enable him to withdraw his resignation gracefully and remain with the board, at least for a time. How long that will be will depend altogether on the conditons under which the inspector will find himself placed.

A PETITION FOR CLEMENCY.

Illinois People Want the Life of Fred Rice, the Murderer, Spared.

Ottawa, July 8.—(Special.)—The Department of Justice has received a letter from Governor Gates, of Illinois, enclosing a petition of Champaigne people asking for clemency for Fred. Rice, who is to be hanged in Toronto, July 18. His former respectability and good character are set forth. It is likely the department of the Secretary of State will send reply to the effect that Governor-General-in-Council has considered the case and decided that the law must be allowed to take its course.

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Notice to the Public.

William Dow & Co. will be grateful if the public will communicate with them when they have reason to suspect the genuineness of ale supplied either as "Bottled Dow" or "Draught Dow," and Wm. Dow & Co. hereby give notice that legal proceedings will be taken against any person who is detected selling as "Dow's" (either in bottle or on draught) ale which is not of their manufacture.

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