

The Huntingdon Gleamer

FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR

THURSDAY, JUNE 19th, 1919

HUNTINGDON, Que.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. NO CREDIT.

SINGLE COPIES FIVE CENTS

NATIONAL AYRSHIRE SALE

The first National Sale of the Ayrshire Breeders' association of the United States proved a great success. It was held at Springfield, Mass., on Thursday. Record prices were paid for Ayrshires. Forty-four head from the United States and Canada changed hands and realized \$71,725, making an average of \$1630. The top-notch price of the sale was \$8100, paid for Lotus Jean Armour, consigned by W. P. Schanck, Avon, N.Y., and purchased by C. H. Poverill, Waterloo, Iowa. The next highest price was \$7500 paid for Highland Polly, consigned by John R. Valentine, Byrn, Pa., and sold to Stephen Bull, Racine. It was the big record behind these cows that gave them their high value. The greatest bargain of the sale was Champanton Nell 3rd (Imp.), consigned by R. R. Ness, Howick, Que., which went for \$4100 to the veteran breeder Adam Seitz, Waukesha, Wis. Maple Leaf Jean, consigned by Gilbert McMillan, Huntingdon, Que., was purchased by W. Hunter, Freeman, Ont., for \$3750. The following are the Canadian consignments and their prices—

Consigned by R. R. Ness, Howick, Que.
Hobsland Barbara (Imp.), to Stephen Bull, Racine, Wis., \$1000
Tower Cocly (Imp.), to N. J. Chisholm, Port Chester, N.Y., 525
Champanton Nell 3rd, to A. Seitz, Waukesha, Wis., 4100
Harleyholm White Rosie 5th (Imp.), W. Tonnor, Torrsville, Va., 3000
Consigned by Gilbert McMillan, Huntingdon, Que.
Maple Leaf Jean, to Wm. Hunter, Freeman, Ont., \$3750
Maple Leaf Lily, to N. B. Macfarland, San Heato, Cal., 825
Whiteside Rosebud (Imp.), to W. T. Tonnor, 750
Consigned by Wm. Brown, Howick, Que.
Hillhurst Milkmaid, to R. L. Taylor, Gwynedd Valley, Pa., 825
Consigned by Hunter Bros., Freeman, Ont.
Netherton Grace (Imp.) to P. L. Taylor, 725
Chapelhill Beatrice (Imp.) to R. W. Taylor, 1125
Auchenbansie Johanna (Imp.) to W. P. Tonner, 3000
Whitehill May Scott 4th, to R. R. Ness, 1225
Torr's Conny 5th (Imp.) to W. P. Tonner, 1375
Consigned by D. T. Ness, Howick, Que.
Edgewood Vera, to W. T. Tonner, 425
Consigned by Hector Gordon, Howick, Que.
Stonehouse Milkmaid 2nd, to Fairlea Farm, Orange, Con., 700
Consigned by John W. Logan, Howick, Que.
Sunnyside Governess, to E. B. Macfarland, 850
Sunnyside Ardyne 3rd, to Fairlea Farms, 675
Consigned by J. W. Cavers, Ormstown, Que.
Muirlaught Bonnie Annie (Imp.) to D. Gibson, Port Chester, 525

UNITED STATES AYRSHIRE BREEDERS MEET

The 44th annual meeting of the Ayrshire Breeders' association of the United States was held at Springfield, Mass., on Thursday. The chief business was the revising of the constitution. The association has made wonderful strides during the past year. They started the year of 1918 with a deficit of \$6000 and closed the year with a balance of \$9000. W. P. Schanck, Avon, N.Y., re-elected President, and J. G. Watson, Brandon, Vt., re-elected secretary-treasurer at a salary increase from \$3500 to \$5000. Wm. Hunter, Freeman, Ont., and W. F. Stephen were elected to the board of directors.

NEW ENGLAND AYRSHIRE CLUB SALE

Following the National Sale of Ayrshires at Springfield, Mass., the New England Club held their annual sale on Friday, when 57 head realized \$28,500. The two days' sale brought over \$100,000, making an average of over \$1000. The stock at the New England sale was not quite so classy as on the previous day, but it was splendid commercial stuff, and many splendid type animals were backed up by good records. Much of the stock went to Pennsylvania and Rhode Island. The highest priced animal sold was Lessnessock Audacious, consigned by Hunter Bros., Freeman, Ont., which was purchased by John R. Valentine, Bryn Hawr, Pa., for \$2000. His half sister, Lessnessock Edith Cavella, was purchased by Fenshurst Farms for \$1030. She also was consigned by Hunter Bros.

The following are the Canadian consignments and prices—
Consigned by Hunter Bros., Freeman Ont.
Lessnessock Buntie Lad, to Barclay Farms, Rosemount,

WHEN SINGING CEASES.

The duration of the singing period of our birds is of interest. There are some that come to us in March, like the song sparrow, and throughout the whole summer scarcely let up their singing, even charming us till farewells in the autumn. There are others again that sing but a few wild ecstatic strains in the height of their season of joy and then close their beaks for the year. Such a churl is the thrasher. As soon as his youngsters appear he seems to have no more heart to sing. Whether it is their ugliness on that he is too busy to sing we can only guess. The catbird does little better. The rose-breasted grosbeak is another of the same; though possessed of a rich warbling song, unsurpassed in quality perhaps by any North American bird, he, too is a miser, and his song period is extremely short. In general the field birds do much better than the wood birds. While the wren and yellow warbler last well, and the red-eyed vireo preaches away through the hot days of mid-summer, the majority of the other woods singers do not last until July. But on the fields most of the birds are much more tenacious, and our vesper sparrows and meadowlarks and horned larks, sing right into the autumn. This, however cannot be said of the bobolink. Bob moults early, and few birds can sing and shed their feathers at the same time.

But late May and early June are the periods of most song jubilation in the wild. To those of us who first attempt to recognize all the songs of a May morning the task may prove somewhat heavy. The first step is to recognize the individual song; the next is to learn who sings it. We usually hear a dozen songs for one bird we see; the ear at this time is of more value than the eye. It is all a fascinating song puzzle affair, and even with the most experienced bird student it never grows stale. Always he is discovering something new in song. While the birds of one species all sing alike, there is always some delightful new variation; there is always the element of surprise, the meeting with the new.

New York, June 4.—When the parishioners of Grace Reformed church, Bedford avenue and Lincoln road, Flatbush, arrived for services, Sunday, they found the church in a handsome new coat of paint, but it was not until the middle of the services, when the announcements for the day were made by the Rev. Gen. William Carter, the pastor, that the surprise was complete. The painting was done Saturday by twenty-five members of the congregation, and with no cost to the church.

WHERE CATS ARE POPULAR

Shops and Restaurants Need Pussys' Assistance to Keep the Rats and Mice Away.

"Cats as commercial assets are seldom heard of," said the Stewalk Tourist, "but they are quite an important fixture with some shopkeepers and restaurant proprietors. Roaming around the city, I've often been impressed by the frequency with which cats appeared in fruiterers' windows, and the other day I entered a shop and under cover of buying an apple asked about the three cats I saw perched in the store.

"The salesman told me that cats were indispensable in his line because of rats and mice. He pointed out that if one of the rodents took so much as a tiny nip at an apple or pear, the value of the fruit was impaired; for no one would buy an apple that appeared to have been nibbled. He declared that rats or mice would not eat fruit if they could get something else, but when their hunger became great enough they would attack his stock in trade.

"Everyone has noticed the cats that wander with faint 'meows' about restaurants and sit patiently at one's feet waiting for a titbit. These animals aren't there simply to give a 'homey' touch; they are working and waiting for the rats that come for blocks to get at the food. Many restaurants have a galvanized iron sheet tacked at the junction of their kitchen's floor and walls to prevent the animals from gnawing a way into that department. After the dining places close at night and the chairs are stacked on the tables, the mice or rats come out to forage. It is then that the 'watch cats' are alert hunters.

"Many hotels, especially of small, side-street type, maintain a staff of cats to patrol the corridors. Women guests and the feminine fear of mice keep these retainers on the 'pay roll.' The cat battalions start out after midnight, and many times that doleful wail that strikes your ears is not from the rear yard, as you sleepily fancy, but from the hall outside, where one cat mournfully tells another how poor the hunting is that night. While, of course, it is easy enough to keep cats in apartments, the task of training them to consider a shop or restaurant as a permanent home is more difficult."

Guinea as Watch Fowl.
The guinea is a good watch bird. While its cry is somewhat objectionable yet this bird is the first to give warning when danger threatens the poultry flock.

A MODERN FRIGATE ACTION

The British Admiralty has published despatches concerning a remarkable and picturesque naval engagement which took place on 16th March, 1917, in waters far to the north and somewhat to the east of the Shetland Islands; the interception and destruction by a large armored cruiser and a small auxiliary cruiser of a disguised German raider. Apart from the incalculable element of the torpedo, which played a considerable part in the German plan, the disparity of force in favor of the British was overwhelming; yet there were features of the actual fighting and of the maneuvering which preceded it, which render the action an affair of exceptional interest.

The raider perished so utterly that it was some time before her name was learned; she was the German auxiliary cruiser Leopard, and had begun her career as the British liner Yarrowdale, having been captured by the raider Moeve in December, 1916, and fitted out as a disguised commerce destroyer. She was a twin-crew ship of 4652 gross tons, she carried seven or eight guns, and she appears to have had a heavy torpedo armament. She flew Norwegian colors, and had painted on her side "Rena, Norge." The British ships were the Achilles, a fast and powerful armored cruiser of about 13,500 tons displacement, and the Dundee, a converted cruiser of 2,278 gross tons. Comparing the forces, the Leopard had twice the tonnage and thrice the armament, and the complement of the Dundee, while the Achilles so surpassed the Leopard in power as to make comparison impossible. Yet the German captain apparently hoped by the use of the torpedo to sink both the big cruiser, and the little boating steamer.

Shortly before noon on the 16th March the two British ships saw what purported to be a peaceful neutral merchantman—neutral, but steaming away from them. It was a rainy day, with a certain amount of sea. They gave chase, and by two o'clock in the afternoon the Achilles ordered the stranger to stop; on this signal being obeyed Captain Francis M. Leake, R.N., the captain of the larger ship, directed the Dundee to examine her, while he remained at the two and a half to three miles away; his handling of his ship, in Admiral Sir David Beatty's judgment, defeated the German. By 2.35 o'clock the Dundee was close to the alleged Rena, and sent a cutter with Lieut. Lawson to find out what she was. While the boat was on its way, the stranger sent a shell that sank the boat and his men were drowned. At the same moment the stranger dropped her disguise, her false bulwark and burning funnels, and appeared a well armed warship. The Dundee replied to her fire and a hot engagement followed. By skilful handling the Dundee got near enough to fire a torpedo which struck the German. By this time the Achilles was obtaining hits with her heavy guns, and she in turn sent a torpedo at the Leopard; it hit the German in the bow. About 4 o'clock fire was checked as the raider was well on fire, with occasional explosions forward. At 4.23 an alarm of a submarine, between the British ships and the blazing commerce-destroyer caused fire to be reopened. At 4.33 the Leopard sank, a mass of flames, and red-hot forward; she continued to fight with one gun when on fire all over. Though she had fought with courage her fire had been ineffective; the only hit on the Dundee were from fragments of shrapnel, and the British ships suffered no casualties other than the loss of Lieutenant Lawson's boat's crew. Although the final blows were given by the Achilles, the raider was a beaten ship when the Dundee drew away. Such are the prizes to be won today by alertness and marksmanship.

London, June 10.—Reuters learns that the French government has selected about 140 famous sites along the whole front which will be preserved in their present state as monuments of the war. Care will be taken to select a large variety of points of interest. For example, famous battlefields, deep dugouts, long underground galleries, ruins, pill-boxes, observation points and several of the Verdun forts will be kept, and extensive shelters carved in rock on the wooded heights of the Vosges will be preserved, as well as entrenchments on both sides of the Meuse and in Champagne Soissons and Noyon areas. Among the sites in the British sector will be the Butte de Warlencourt the ruins of Bapaume, some destroyed monuments at Peronne, several completely devastated castle estates like the Chateau de Thiepval, the underground maze of Comblès; tanks, the churchyard at Pozieres, observation points on Hill 80, Givenchy battle-field, and the famous slag heap and tower bridges at Loos.

INTERFERENCE IN BRITISH AFFAIRS.

The U. S. Senate passed a resolution recommending the British government giving Ireland its independence. This wanton dictation as to domestic affairs has evoked a few replies like these—
London Chronicle—The significant point lies not in the fact that Americans should feel qualified to intervene in our internal disputes, but that they should be so extraordinarily misinformed about the Irish question. When a great Allied people express sentiments about this question with such warmth it is important for our good relations with America that they should know the real truth, but as it is, truths which are the most commonplace in this country are entirely overlooked or unknown in America. The public there does not realize, for example, that the home rule question is an issue not between England and Ireland, but between Irishmen and Irishmen, between those of the North of Ireland who will fight rather than be subject to the people of the South of Ireland. The majority of the Senate do not realize that the men whom they would invite to seek constitutional reforms by means of the Peace Conference are the very men who at home refuse all constitutional methods whatsoever for arriving at a settlement.

There are hundreds of thousands of Irish-Americans who have never been in Europe in their lives, whose information is out of date and who inherit a notion of hostility to England as a possible duty to their ancestors. From this class are largely drawn the professional politicians of the United States. They are political wire-pullers and the makers of speeches. The Morning Post says: There is no other country in the world where such a deliberate and authoritative affront to a friendly power would be offered. Judged by all standards of international comity and decorum it is indefensible. If the incident is regarded with composure in this country it is simply because it is a familiar phenomenon on the play of American politics: Twisting the lion's tail has long been the habitual resort of party leaders in the United States. It has always been harmless and generally profitable for those who indulge in it, and our unfeeling complaisance has hitherto been assured. In this instance provocation is found in the British support of the League of Nations. We do not know whether Republican party in the United States and the Republican leaders in the Senate really suppose the British nation has adopted the League of Nations to serve its private ends, but if that astounding delusion is entertained, we hasten to dispel it, as we have repeatedly pointed out that even British sovereignty has been extensively sacrificed in an apparently futile effort to placate the representative of the American Republic. If the American people do not want the League of Nations if they regard it with profound distrust and dislike, their feelings, we can assure them, are very widely shared in this country.

It affects Anglo-American relations no more than if the House of Lords were to recommend the Peace Conference to receive a delegation from the Philippines to lead reasons why their aspirations for freedom from American control or a similar delegation from Porto Rico or of Blacks from the Southern State.

Scorpio is a constellation and the eighth sign of the zodiac. The constellation is conspicuous in early summer in the skies of the southern United States, where the whole of the magnificent fall clears the horizon. With the Chaldeans and Greeks it extended over one-sixth of the planetary circle, the Scorpion being represented with exaggerated claws embracing a circular space where Libra is now placed. From this irregularity it may be inferred that the constellation is older than the zodiac, which was formed before 2000 B. C. Libra, though later, is of no small antiquity, since it appears in the Egyptian zodiac. Its adoption by Julius Caesar in his calendar made it familiar. Ptolemy, however, though living in Egypt nearly two centuries later, follows Babylonian and Greek astronomers in covering the place of Libra with the Scorpion's claws.

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I'm optimistic, I declare,
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I'm glad the peanut does not wear
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Huntingdon Agents

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Notes of the Week

An airship left St. John, Newfoundland, on Saturday afternoon and reached Ireland next morning, having traversed the distance of 1930 miles in 16 hours, showing she had gone at the rate of 120 miles an hour. This is the first time the Atlantic has been crossed in a single flight and the two men who did it are John Alcock and Arthur W. Brown, both members of the British aviation corps. The main cause of their successful journey was that the wind favored. They left Newfoundland with a gale from the west and it kept up until Ireland came in sight. While the gale helped them it caused them much discomfort and no little danger, for it was accompanied by rain, fog, and cold. The fog was so thick that they could make no observations and, at times, were perilously close to the ocean, which was running mountains high. It speaks high skill, that the airship was so carefully steered that it hit its destination to within a few miles. In looking for a safe landing they were deceived by seeing a level plain, which they took for solid land, instead it was a bog, into which their ship plunged and received serious shocks. The men were all right, beyond being tired from the long strain and exposure and lack of sleep. They are rewarded for their venture by a prize of \$50,000. We had a terrible journey, says Alcock. It is a wonder we arrived at all. They often did not know where they were and once, in avoiding the ocean, their ship turned upside down and looped the loop. The feat of crossing the Atlantic is notable in itself, one only brave and skilful men could do, but it is of world-wide importance as marking the nearness of the time when the air will become a familiar medium for travel. It will be used for transporting mails first, then passengers, and lastly freight. The experience gained in the journey of Alcock and Brown has shown inventors weak points and what is needed for commercial service. A revolution in modes of travel has begun.

The members of the peace conference have at last come to the breaking point with Germany—they will listen to no more excuses for delay and have given notice that unless they sign by Monday General Foch will start the army on the march to Berlin. The belief is, the treaty will be signed.

A fortnight has been wasted at Ottawa by a profligate debate on the budget. Member after member rises to give his views, more particularly on Free Trade vs. Protection, with side thrusts on the shortcomings of the government. The aim of the speakers is not to enlighten the country, for they have nothing new to tell, but to gratify their vanity and impress their constituents, heedless of delaying business and adding to its expenditure. The debate establishes "what every one knew, that the prairie provinces demand Free Trade and the East favors Protection. The fact staring them in the face, that the defeat of the Government would result in the Quebec Nationalists getting into office has a sobering effect on the Western members. They want a low tariff but they do not want to put men in power who are declaring the prosecution of draftees is persecution of Quebec and that an amnesty should be declared to all who took to the woods while better men went to France to defend the right.

Our neighbors are again having trouble with Mexico. The brigand Villa, turning up on the Rio Grande frontier, assailed Americans and American property on the north bank. To end the nuisance a detachment of U. S. troops crossed the river and dispersed the enemy. This may result in a second effort to capture Villa.

Monday was nomination day and, as was anticipated, resulted in a clean sweep for Gouin, a clear majority of his supporters being returned by acclamation. Voting takes place on Monday where contests have to be held. In many counties it will be a formality, the Opposition members having no chance. All the ministers were re-elected except Seguin, opposed by a Labor nominee. Only one Conservative was returned, Col. Smart of Westmount.

The strike situation has not improved. Montreal and Toronto are menaced by sympathetic strikes, while acute trouble continues in Winnipeg and Vancouver.

The Ottawa authorities took a decisive step towards ending the strike at Winnipeg by arresting ten of its leaders. For a month the city has been kept in a state of terror by a gang of men who assumed its government, holding up street-cars, ordering police and firemen not to act, closing the post-office and telephone exchanges, and, what was worse than all, trying to regulate the supply of food. No such usurpation of government and tyranny was ever known in a British city. The local authorities having shown they were unable to put down the Bolsheviks, the Dominion government has intervened. It is a misconception to believe that strikes are got up by the workmen themselves. They are organized by a select body of fellows who devote themselves to originating them. Wherever they hear of discontent in a trade they fan it and do their best to bring about a strike. These men are professionals in their miserable occupation of creating discontent and live sumptuously on the large salaries they draw from the labor unions. These are the men at whom our government has struck and it is hoped will prosecute relentlessly. The government's action has restored a feeling of security and street cars were expected to run yesterday.

At the urgent solicitation of the Germans two days' grace has been granted them to make their answer, which must be delivered at Paris by 7 o'clock Monday evening.

It is expected the Dominion parliament will close its session on the 3rd July. There may be an extra session called to ratify the peace treaty.

The Beauharnois electors vote on Monday to decide who is to represent them at Quebec, their choice being between John Sullivan and Achille Bergevin.

Evidence has been got that the central Socialist Committee of Chicago was backing the Winnipeg strike expecting it would lead to a revolution in Canada, which would start one in the States. Large sums of money were sent to Winnipeg.

The Farmer reports Malone having many burglaries last week. The heaviest loss was that of D. P. Costello. He and his wife took a trip to Huntingdon on Sunday. On returning they found their house had been ransacked. From the room of their son McGea a satchel holding over \$5000 in Liberty bonds and money was taken.

The condensary at Fort Covington puts its product into pails instead of cans, enabling it to dispense with the girls who did the canning.

The Canadians had another riot at Witley camp on Sunday. Part of Tin-town and Little Tin-town were burned to the ground.

The United States intends keeping a standing army of 300,000 men.

The appropriation of \$36,000,000 made by the United States for aviation has been cut to \$15,000,000.

After some stormy sessions the Toronto motormen and street car conductors decided to defer their strike until Saturday night.

Great Britain has shipped gold to the amount of \$6,500,000 to the United States. This is the first shipment of a consignment of \$18,000,000.

Director General Hines estimates the total deficit of the Railway administration in the United States is \$250,000,000 for the first four months of the year.

The vote in the budget was taken this (Thursday) morning when the government was sustained by 50 majority.

Congress has decided not to renew daylight saving after it runs out this fall.

ORMSTOWN
The prizes awarded at the Ormstown Show amounted to \$8626, over \$100 more than last year. Notwithstanding the fact that the gate receipts were \$600 less the Society will be able to pay up this premium list, also for additions and improvements made to buildings amounting to \$600. The cost of painting the Stadium, \$600, will be added to the debt. Had the gate receipts been equal to last year all expenditure could have been paid.

Honorable Honore Mercier, in his speech at St. Martin, on Monday last stated that the Quebec government were giving \$3000 of a grant towards the Ormstown show this year and that this was to be increased in the near future. It is pleasing to note that both Governments are increasing their grants to this show recognizing that it is deserving of their patronage.

Rev. Donald McLeod of Montreal occupied St. Paul's church pulpit on Sunday evening, setting forth the aims of the Y.M.C.A. in rural districts emphasizing the fact that churches as a whole have not done what they should to keep the young people in the church.

HOWICK
Rev. S. A. Woods has returned from the General Assembly meeting and gave a report of the proceedings to the congregation on Sunday. He stated, that from several causes there was a loss of twenty ministers during the year; the principal cause of lack of divinity students was absence of the family altar. Another great cause was financial inducements in other callings which drew farmers' sons to the city, the ultimate cause being really an economic question.

Political contests have a great fascination for many, and the election by acclamation of Hon. Honore Mercier for this county removes the pleasing prospect of an exciting contest and mystery over increase in the flow of bills and beverages. It is going to be decidedly dull for some of us.

School examinations are taking place this week, to be followed by the summer holidays.

This section has escaped the rain storms prevailing elsewhere, but more rain would be beneficial.

St. MARTINE
At the general session of the county council held last week, all the mayors were present under the presidency of the Warden, Dr. J. A. Poirier.

A bonus of \$300 was voted to the Agronomer of the District, Mr. E. N. Blondin, for the current year.

A request of the mayor of Howick village, about the keeping of the Howick bridge by the parish of T. St. Sacrement, was put back to next session.

By a majority of three votes the council ordered the secretary-treas. to advise all the municipalities of the county, that at next session a by-law will be submitted, putting the keeping of all by-roads in the charge of the municipality wherein they are situated, except those between two municipalities.

A petition of John Milne and others, wishing to be annexed to the parish of T. St. Sacrement, was granted and Mr. T. St. Gebbie was appointed special superintendent.

A motion was made by Mr. Atias Jodoin and seconded by Mr. Medard Bouchard, that the resolution of the 11th of December last, regarding Prohibition in this county, be abrogated and repealed; the vote being taken four mayors voted against, Anthime Doray, mayor of Chateauguay; Neil Sangster, mayor of St. Malachie d'Ormstown; W. J. McLenaghan, mayor of T. St. Sacrement, and E. G. Mahon, mayor of the village of Howick. Seven voted for the motion, which was carried.

The secretary of the council was ordered to petition Hon. Meighen, to have the macadam made through the Indian Reserve direct to Ste. Philomene and Ste. Martine; he was also ordered to install the electric light in the first story of the county building.

Yesterday forenoon no one could believe it was the Nomination day for candidates to the local house; farmers were so busy in the fields that very few ventured to the village. In the afternoon, no more than two hundred persons gathered in front of the court house, when Hon. H. Mercier, re-elected by acclamation, addressed the meeting, thanking the electors for the honor he once more received from the county. He promised to devote himself to the interests of the county and the province.

BEAUHARNOIS
The funeral of Orr Wilson took place Wednesday of last week and was largely attended, many coming from a distance. The flowers were many and most beautiful. Among the wreaths was a choice one sent by the men who worked under Mr. Wilson, in Halifax.

One of the old residents of the town died last week, Mr. Vachon, who was father-in-law of Dr. Huot.

Last week Mrs. Doyle, who had been ailing for some time, was taken to the Western Hospital, Montreal. She, however, lived but a few days. She was buried in Montreal.

So many are travelling at the present time, that the 520 N.Y.C. train from Montreal has to be run in two sections.

VALLEYFIELD
On Saturday afternoon the annual excursion of the members and friends of the Valleyfield Co-operative Society was held. This outing which has always been a popular one was discontinued during the war, but this year the committee organized and chartered the old favourite steamer *Laurencia*. The rendezvous was Port Lewis and upwards of three hundred persons took advantage of the trip. The weather was ideal for such an outing and the party on arriving at their destination, indulged in games and spent a very enjoyable afternoon.

The members of the Presbyterian Church Choir held their first picnic Saturday afternoon. Several members of the congregation kindly lent their autos and a party of between thirty and forty had a pleasant run to Rockburn, when they had lunch and afterwards spent the afternoon playing games and enjoying a well earned rest.

A short but sharp storm passed over the district early on Saturday night, during which fire broke out in the transformer on the dam, fortunately it was extinguished in time and little damage was done. The street lighting was off for a considerable time.

Monday being Nomination day there was a large meeting in the city hall, when Mr. John Sullivan and Mr. A. Bergevin were duly nominated for the respective parties. Mr. Maurice Lalonde withdrawing from the contest.

Owing to the want of train connections, the lawn bowlers were obliged to cancel their visit to Montreal where they were to play Montreal West.

CHATEAUGUAY
On Tuesday, a bad accident occurred to Mr. Lapierre, who had been handling dynamite, when it exploded and damaged his leg; had very badly, losing his thumb and several fingers. His left hand and right cheek were also injured. He was sent to Montreal to the hospital, to have his fingers amputated.

On Wednesday, 11th, Mrs. Jones and her 11-year old daughter went out in a boat for a row, at Chateauguay Basin. It is supposed that Mrs. Jones stood on one side of the boat when it capsized and they both were thrown into the water. Hearing the call for help, Rene Laberge rushed from the post-office and jumped into the water; he reached the mother first and got her ashore. He then made an effort to reach the child but before he could reach her she went down for

the last time. Her body was found very soon afterwards, but life was extinct. She had a mark on her head, and it was thought she was stunned by the blow as the boat capsized. The body was taken to Montreal for interment.

We had a very severe electrical storm on Saturday night, which did a lot of damage. The telephone system was put out of commission. Several electric switches were burnt out and the place was dark. On Sunday the organ, which is pumped by electricity, could not be used. After the thunder storm the rain came down in torrents and has levelled a good many pieces of new hay. All kinds of crops are growing fast.

Rev. Mr. MacLennan, the Agent of the Bible Society will be in Chateauguay next Sabbath morning, and will take the service.

ROCKBURN
The choir of the Valleyfield Presbyterian church, accompanied by a number of their friends, motored here on Saturday afternoon and picnicked on Mr. Alex. Arthur's grove, where a clear, cold spring of water bubbles up. Towards evening the party started on the return trip, going by way of Athelstan, Huntingdon, and Ormstown, all well pleased with the outing.

While motoring near Tatehurst on Sunday, the steering gear of Archie Pollock's auto failed to operate and it ran into a deep ditch. Of the eight occupants of the car four escaped injury, the others receiving a bad shaking up and several nasty cuts from barbed wire and a broken windshield.

Milford Oliver, who went overseas in 1916 with the 148th battalion, arrived home Monday night, looking hale and hearty. He came through without a scratch, and reports the voyage home a pleasant one.

RIVERFIELD
The church was taxed to its limit, seating capacity on Friday night, when this community met to welcome home not only the boys of Riverfield but of the surrounding district. Twelve responded to the invitation. Mr. James Morris, as was fitting, occupied the chair and extended warm greetings to the soldiers, as did the Rev. Stuart A. Woods, on behalf of the congregation and district. Rev. D. J. Campbell was present, and warmly welcomed our heroes. Lieut. Jess of the 5th Mounted Rifles, a friend and comrade of Willie Kier, who was present, being a guest in the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Kier, spoke very touchingly and tenderly of the losses through the havoc of war, referring particularly to the loss he personally sustained when Willie Kier heroically fell, he himself being wounded on the same day. Capt. (Rev.) Shelley was present and gave an eloquent address on the heroic in this war and the outlook for the men, paying a well deserved compliment to the valour of the Canadian soldier. As the program proceeded the air seemed to be charged with a tenseness of feeling which reached almost to breaking point when Lieut. William MacGregor, on behalf of the boys, thanked the audience for their royal welcome, and asked them to bow their heads in memory of the boys who were left behind. It was a significant fact, that while all the other items were received with applause, the audience greeted Lieut. MacGregor's address with a silence which cannot be expressed. The Y society rendered a chorus; Mrs. Astle and Dr. Planche, accompanied by Miss Whillans, rendered solos, while Miss Craig and Miss McKell gave readings, all of which were warmly received. After the program, the ladies of the congregation served refreshments. Truly, it was a great night.

ORMSTOWN PARISH COUNCIL
Met Thursday evening, all present. Thos. Winter, Special Officer, over the cleaning out of the Dubeau Branch of the Scully Discharge, reported considerable rock would have to be blasted, and as this branch was all in one section it would mean a hardship for some of the interested parties, this report was left over to next meeting for discussion.

Moved by Coun. Greig seconded by Coun. Rodger, that all road officers be notified to see that all road ditches are properly cleaned out for the free run of water, asked that a portion of the McArdle Discharge be cleaned out.

Thos. Winter was appointed Special Officer, over complaint of Gordon Cameron, with orders to have this work done according to Procs. Verbal if found necessary.

Moved by Coun. Collum, seconded by Coun. Williams that the widening of the Island Road at certain points, and filling of hollow, be left in the hands of Coun. Rodger, and that Alfred Rodger be appointed inspector of the work.

Any extra work required to be done on the road, south side of the river was left in the hands of Couns. Williams and Greig.

Couns. Greig, Collum and Bergevin, were appointed to meet with the Franklin Township Council, with the view to dividing the 6th, and 7th, range of Jamestown road between the two Councils.

A request was read from Dr. McEachran, asking permission to drive a pipe under the road bed opposite his property. Permission was granted. The Doctor also complained of fast Auto driving on the river road.

The Secretary was asked to write the road Department at Quebec, asking why there was such delay in receiving Specifications for the gravelling of different portions of roads in the Parish.

Moved by Williams seconded by Greig that the Mayor and Secretary be authorized to sign notes amounting to \$2,000, in favor of the Howick Paving Co., said Co., to pay the interest on these notes. The Mayor and Secretary was authorized to borrow \$200, to cover current expenses.

Moved by Rodger seconded by Collum that 50c per hour be paid for man and team and 25c per hour for men doing work for the Parish.

A resolution was passed asking the Quebec Government for an allocation of \$15,905.62 on macadam work completed in 1918.

The following accounts were ordered paid:
John Hastie, Fuel Controller . . . \$25.00
Fred Murphy, Road Work . . . 12.00
Wm. Laberge Road work . . . 8.00
Louis Emmond, Road work . . . 8.80
Gordon Cameron, Road work . . . 35.00
Jas. A. McBain, Road work . . . 5.50
David McCartney, Road work . . . 5.00
Erle Hooker, Road work . . . 10.20
Nap. Mallette, Insane account . . . 109.86

ST MALACHIE SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS
Met on Monday evening June 9th all present. It was decided to close the Schools in the Municipality on June 26 and 27, and that the Commissioners would visit the Schools on these dates.

Thos. W. Winter, was appointed auditor. The different teachers were authorized to buy Prize Books, for their Scholars.

George Hooker, was appointed Manager in School District no. 5, in place of John Beattie, who has resigned.

School no. 3, Island of Jamestown, was ordered to be disinfected, as Scarlet Fever has broken out in this district.

A double drowning took place Sunday night, when two brothers, Henri and Wilfrid Billard, of River-Beaudette, Que., were apparently seized with cramps while swimming, and overcome so quickly, that help arrived too late to save them. They were 17 and 19 years old respectively, and were bathing in the river near their home. Their father, who was on the bank not far away, heard their cries for help, and hurried to the rescue. He arrived in time to help a third brother, who was with them; but it was too late to do anything for the others. The bodies were found an hour later.

London, June 16— The peace terms to be presented to Germany today are the final reply of the Allies. Andrew Bonar Law, Government spokesman in the House of Commons, declared in opening the Victory Loan campaign at the Guildhall today. The speaker said he hoped earnestly the Germans would sign the terms. "It is for them to choose within five days," Mr. Bonar Law added. "They must sign or the armistice is at an end. There must be a just peace, but a just peace must be a stern peace." The speaker said that the chief of the British staff had declared twenty-three different wars were now going on, and added: "It is not all over. It is quite possible by want of wisdom, by absence of restraint, by disunion among the Allies and by want of unity at home to lose, not the victory, but the full force of the victory which has been bought so dearly."

ORMSTOWN PARISH COUNCIL
Met Thursday evening, all present. Thos. Winter, Special Officer, over the cleaning out of the Dubeau Branch of the Scully Discharge, reported considerable rock would have to be blasted, and as this branch was all in one section it would mean a hardship for some of the interested parties, this report was left over to next meeting for discussion.

Moved by Coun. Greig seconded by Coun. Rodger, that all road officers be notified to see that all road ditches are properly cleaned out for the free run of water, asked that a portion of the McArdle Discharge be cleaned out.

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Any extra work required to be done on the road, south side of the river was left in the hands of Couns. Williams and Greig.

Couns. Greig, Collum and Bergevin, were appointed to meet with the Franklin Township Council, with the view to dividing the 6th, and 7th, range of Jamestown road between the two Councils.

A request was read from Dr. McEachran, asking permission to drive a pipe under the road bed opposite his property. Permission was granted. The Doctor also complained of fast Auto driving on the river road.

The Secretary was asked to write the road Department at Quebec, asking why there was such delay in receiving Specifications for the gravelling of different portions of roads in the Parish.

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Thos. W. Winter, was appointed auditor. The different teachers were authorized to buy Prize Books, for their Scholars.

George Hooker, was appointed Manager in School District no. 5, in place of John Beattie, who has resigned.

School no. 3, Island of Jamestown, was ordered to be disinfected, as Scarlet Fever has broken out in this district.

The following accounts were ordered paid:
Miss McClatchie, for prize books, for School no. 11 \$5.30. Leslie Rutherford, kindling fires and cleaning School no. 7 \$13.00. Jas Simpson, wood for no. 4 \$38.50. Jas Simpson, wood for no. 13 \$25.00. Walter Beattie, kindling fires no. 5 \$10.00. Totalling \$91.80

HUNTINGDON COUNTY COUNCIL
Met Wednesday, June 11th; all present, N. Goldie, Warden, presiding. Moved by R. W. Blair, seconded by Brown, that the council make a grant to the Huntingdon Agricultural Society, Division A, of \$500.00, and to Division B (Havelock) \$200.00.

A petition was presented from J. F. McCaffrey and others, asking for the appointment of a special superintendent over the Spring Creek.

Moved by C. Tallon, seconded by C. Mainville, that James McGibbon be appointed special superintendent, on the petition of J. F. McCaffrey and others, and to report by process-verbal or otherwise on or before the 20th day of August next.

Moved by C. Crawford, seconded by C. L. Brownlee, that the account of Pringle, Stark & Co., of \$14.00, for flag, be paid.

Moved by C. Mainville, seconded by C. Brownlee, that the arrears of accounts of the Beaver Creek be given to J. G. Laurendeau for collection.

The petition of W. J. Arnold et al was again brought before the board, asking for the appointment of a special superintendent, to report on the advisability of opening a public road from where the Dundee road is macadamized, at the farm of Frank McCaffrey to the by-road known as the Arnold sideroad.

Moved by C. Brown, seconded by C. H. Blair, that M. W. Leehy be appointed as special superintendent, on the petition of W. J. Arnold and others, and to report on or before the 20th day of August next, and that he be authorized to get all the information possible in regard to right-of-way and other expenses.

Coun. Gardiner dissenting. A by-law was presented by the secretary and passed by the council, for the purpose of giving a grant of \$200 to E. N. Blondin, instructor.

Another by-law was prepared and passed, laying a rate of half a mill on the dollar for county purposes.

Moved by C. Mainville, seconded by C. Crawford, that the account of the county councillors of \$26.50, in connection with the Beaver Creek, and \$56.40, in the case of Sutherland vs the County of Huntingdon be paid.

Moved by C. Mainville, seconded by C. Gardiner, that the process-verbal prepared by J. McGibbon governing the West Branch of the river LaGuerre be taken up and read.

A lengthy and somewhat lively discussion then took place when it was moved by C. Brown, seconded by C. H. Blair that this council stand adjourned to Wednesday the 18th to continue the discussion and homologation of Procs. Verbal of Jas. McGibbon and that J.G. Laurendeau be asked to attend the meeting to give advice re the same.

HUNTINGDON VILLAGE COUNCIL
Met Monday evening; absent O'Connor. Moved by Hunter, seconded by Braithwaite, that the cement walk on Cemetery street be four feet wide.

Moved by Braithwaite, seconded by Small, that the raising of the walk from Dixon's to Fortune's, on Chateauguay street, be postponed for the present.

Moved by Braithwaite, seconded by Faubert, that the report of Coun. Small regarding the walk and fence along the Lalonde ditch be left in the hands of the Road committee.

Moved by Faubert, seconded by Small, that the account of the insane \$384, be paid.

Moved by Hunter, seconded by Faubert, that a mower be purchased for \$30.

Moved by Boyd, seconded by Small, that the secretary notify J. G. Dunn to attend the next meeting of the council.

MACDONALD COLLEGE
The following scholars from this district received diplomas as follows:
Model School
Elsie Lyth, Valleyfield
Helen L. Brown, Valleyfield
Greta Cogland, Huntingdon
Mary A. E. Swanson, St. Louis
Ruth Gardner, St. Louis
Janet C. Elliot, Howick
Jessie L. Lavery, Athelstan
J. Rhoda Osmond, Ormstown
First Class Elementary
Anna V. M. Walker, Huntingdon
A. Evelyn Williams, Brysonville
Elementary

Elizabeth M. Barrie, St. Anicet
M. Irma Martin, Dewittville
Gladys M. Cameron, Ormstown
Mary O. Pringle, Huntingdon
Violet E. McNaughton, Huntingdon
Vera I. Henderson, Huntingdon
Dora Bell Upton, Hemmingford
Grace Fiskin, Howick

Florence B. Fulton, Franklin Centre
Miss Lyth took the Governor-General's prize in art of teaching.
Miss Swanson took first prize in Mathematics.
Miss Barrie, first prize for Scripture.

Godmanchester School Commissioners, Met Tuesday. Commissioners Tannahill, MacDonald and Brady present. The application of Miss Jennie F. Channel, Magog, Que. for District No. 5 was approved.

The Secretary presented notice of dissent from the following: Daniel Gauthier, Joseph Gelineau, I. B. Goyer, Mrs. Jos. O. Connor, C. Myre, Omer Brisebois, Adrien Brisebois, Theo. Billette, Mrs. Kate Newman.

On motion the account of Chas. R. Todd, for lighting fires, cleaning school and incidentals of District No. 4, also his account for \$40.27 for furnishing pickets, wire and the erection of the fence, was ordered paid.

\$20, was voted toward the prizes for the coming School Fair. It was decided to visit the Schools in the Municipality on the 25th, and 26th, of June. The chairman John Paul was elected to preside over the electing of the commissioners on July 7th.

That the storm of the sixth was of a much more serious nature than is realized in this locality is evidenced by the following clippings from the Chateauguay Record.

The greatest damage caused was sustained by the High Falls Pulp and Paper Co. at their plant on Chateauguay river. Their electric apparatus was put out of commission, and the night force were busy men. The approach to the mill is down a steep hill several hundred feet long, and during the height of the storm the water ran down this road and it looked more like a large river than anything else. So terrific was the force of the water that it completely mucked this road and gulleys from three to seven feet deep were the aftermath. Not only water but stones, mud and large rocks also were like feathers in the fury of its work. Some idea of the immense amount of the damage done to the road was the fact that large blocks that took three or four men to handle were thrown into the holes as fillers and tons of smaller ones and gravel from the banks on the side of the road were used to again make the drive-way available for use. As the mass of water reached the mill proper it caused even greater damage. The first thing in its wake was the boiler room which in a few minutes looked like a mud pond. It was over four feet deep in this room and went above the fire boxes of the boilers, extinguishing the fires, the fireman and helpers wading in water up to their waists endeavoring to shut off steam and otherwise protecting the boilers.

The loss to the Company will be in the neighborhood of \$5,000.

At Burke a landslide occurred at the hill just west of the village, smashing in the side of a house owned by a Mr. Hill. When the sides of the house collapsed it wrecked the bedroom in which Mrs. Hill and children were sleeping but fortunately they were not injured.

A bridge about two miles north of Thayers Corners nearly twenty-five feet long was carried off its foundation and down the river a short distance.

The Chasm Power Co. suffered quite a loss in the burning out of a generator at their plant, also a number of transformers were put out of commission temporarily.

PUBLIC MEETING

I have been requested to call a public meeting of the citizens of Huntingdon on Friday evening, June 20th, in the County Building to consider the advisability of celebrating the first of July. A large attendance of ladies and gentlemen is requested. 7.45 p.m. Sharp Mayor Crawford

The monthly meeting of the Y's will be held at the home of Mrs. Clouston, June 23rd., at 8 o'clock.

Entertainment committee, Miss Clouston, Mrs. C. A. Hastings, Messrs. Stanley Masten and Ross Pringle. Games committee, Misses Frances Turner and Bertha Hooker.

During my absence, until the 15th of August, Mr S. A. Lebourveau, my partner, or Mr J. T. Lowry will attend to my business.

Duncan McCormick, K.C.

O'CONNOR HALL

Huntingdon

Friday, June 20th, 1919

Monroe Salisbury

"The Blinding Trail"

A mighty picture of the Frozen North.

One reel screen magazine. Two reel comedy.

Huntingdon Jazz Band.

Admission 25c.

8.30 p.m., new time.

Lawn Supper and Social

Wednesday, June 25th

At the home of Mr Arthur Rankin, New Erin, under the auspices of the ladies of St. John's Church. A varied programme, and music by the Huntingdon Cornet Band.

Admission, including supper: Adults 25c, Children 15c.

PICNIC

The Elgin Presbyterian Congregation will hold a picnic on the grounds adjoining the church on THURSDAY JUNE 26th. Dinner will be served in the basement at 12 o'clock standard time. Tickets, Adults 40c Children 25c

ENTERTAINMENT

There will be games and races for the young people, speaking, instrumental and vocal music for the older folk. The Huntingdon Cornet Band will be present and furnish music.

Proceeds to improve the church grounds.

All are welcome. God Save the King

PICNIC

The ladies of the Athelstan Presbyterian Church will hold their annual picnic on Tuesday July 1st in the grove of Mr. Theobald, Powerscourt.

A good program of music and sports is being prepared. Strawberries, ice-cream, fruit and candy on sale. Dinner will be served from 11.30 a.m. old time. Admission 40c and 25c.

**Howick - Huntingdon
Ayrshire Breeders' Club**

A Field Day under the auspices of the above association will be held on June 27th when the following program will be carried out.

Meet in the Ormstown Show Arena 10 a.m. Standard time, where a Judging competition and demonstration will be held.

The Judging competition will be open to all men who have never acted in the capacity of judge, and prizes as follows will be awarded—1st \$10, 2nd \$8, 3rd \$6, 4th \$5, 5th, \$4, 6th \$3, 7th \$2. An entry fee of 25c will be charged. Parties are requested to bring their baskets for a picnic lunch, tea and coffee will be served.

Following lunch a tour by motor of the leading Ayrshire herds will be made, arriving at R. R. Ness's about 6 p.m. where a lawn social will be held. A good musical programme will be given. Huntingdon Orchestra in attendance. Supper will be served by the Ladies of the North Georgetown Church.

All are cordially invited
James Bryson, Gilbert McMillan,
President Secretary

DONALD M. ROWAT, Notary Trust Chambers, 107 St. James-st., Montreal, will be in Huntingdon, at the Moir Hotel, the first and third Saturdays of every month, until further notice. Phone Main 4757.

NOTICE

We beg to inform the public that S. Caza, automobile agent, O'Connor Building, Huntingdon has been appointed our local agent.

A full line of McCormick and Deering farm machinery will be carried.

We particularly solicit the farmers to visit our show rooms and examine our 8-16 International farm tractor. This tractor has been brought to such a state of perfection that it satisfactorily solves the help problem for the farmer.

International Harvester Co.

AUCTION SALE OF CATTLE

At the residence of BROWN BROS. 1 1/2 miles north of St. Louis Village and one mile from St. Louis Station, Wednesday, June 25th

The following property—20 milk cows, including two registered Holsteins and eight grade Holsteins; the balance are grade Ayrshires; 4 two-year old Holsteins, 3 yearling Holsteins, and 4 Holstein calves, one of which is registered; also registered Holstein bull 3 years old.

All these cows are first-class milkers, some have freshened and the balance are due shortly.

Terms—Eight months credit on furnishing approved joint notes.

Sale at 2 o'clock (old time).

Sales by A. Philps, Auctioneer

On SATURDAY June 28th at the residence of the Late Samuel Davis 1 1/4 miles west of Huntingdon. The following property: 1 work horse 7 years old, 1 heavy draft colt 2 years old, 1 registered Ayrshire cow 5 years old 1 heifer calf registered Ayrshire 3 months old, 4 yearling Holstein heifers 1 registered yearling Ayrshire heifer, 1 sow, 2 spring pigs, Threshing mill and blower, disc drill seeder, manure spreader, mower, disc harrow, spring tooth harrow, lever smoothing harrow, 1 hay rack, 2 double wagons, (1 new) cultivator, potato shovel, 2 farm gates, 1 2-furrow plow, 1 ten horse power gasoline engine, 1 half horse power engine (upright), buggy, cutter, 1 new set double harness, 1 set single harness, cart harness, manure cart, bob-sleighs, single sleigh, 2 genuine buffalo robes, 1 goat robe, Hay fork rope and pickets, hay rack, wood rack (new), forks, chains, shovels and other articles used about a farm; a quantity of seed oats, furniture, stove and furnace wood, 1 McLaughlin Automobile, 1 Ford runabout. The whole to be sold as the farm is sold. Terms on sums over \$10 twelve months credit. On the Automobiles engines and other heavy machinery longer time will be given. Sale at one o'clock (new time)

On MONDAY, June 30th at the residence of Reginald Graham near the village of Huntingdon. The following property—1 mare 7 years old, 1-year old gelding, 1 3-year old filly, 2 registered Shorthorn Cows, 7 grade Cows (Holstein and Shorthorn) 1 Shorthorn Bull 18 mos old. Corn binder (nearly new), horse rake, mower, plows stoneboat wagon, double harness wire for fencing, manure spreader, 20 acres of standing hay. The whole will be sold as Mr Graham is giving up dairying. Terms on sums over \$10 six months credit.

SALE BY C. A. GAVIN

On SATURDAY June 21st, at the residence of Wallace Merson, 3 miles west of the Village of Huntingdon on the Trout River Road, Township of Elgin. The following property: 1 pair work horses 5 and 7 years old, 1 brood mare with foal at foot, 1 driving filly 2 years old, 1 heavy gelding 1 year old, 23 Cows including 5 to freshen for fall and winter, milkers, also including 2 registered Ayrshires 3 years old, 26 heifers 2 years old, 2 steers 2 yrs old, 8 yearling heifers, 1 registered yearling Ayrshire bull, 1 registered Ayrshire bull 3 years old, 6 spring calves, 1 pure bred Berkshire brood sow, 5 pure bred pigs 5 weeks old, 16 grade pigs 5 weeks old, 1 milk wagon, 6 rounded cans. Sale without reserve as Mr Merson is giving up the dairy business owing to the scarcity of labor. 14 months on all sums over \$10. Sale at 1 p.m. old time.

On MONDAY June 30th at the residence of Louis Grenon senior, 1 1/2 miles east of St. Anicet on the Lakeshore road the following property—2 work horses, 1 colt 2 years old, 10 first-class cows, all fresh this spring, 1 heifer 3 years old, 1 beef cow, 2 heifers 2 yrs old 4 yearlings, 2 brood sows and also 1 fat pig, 17 young pigs., 6 weeks old, 30 hens, double wagon, bob-sleighs, milk wagon, 1 manure spreader (nearly new, drop reaper, mowing machine, horse rake, steel land roller, seeder smoothing harrow, plough, cultivator, root pulper, horse power and other small tools used about the farm, also dairy utensils, cream separator, pails strainers etc. cook stove and a set of double harness and many other articles not mentioned. Sale without reserve as Mr Grenon is giving up the farm. 12 months on all sums over \$10. Sale at 1 p.m. old time. Gavin

SALE OF STANDING HAY

By Fred J. Donnelly, Auctioneer

On SATURDAY, July 5th, 1919, at the residence of Mrs Wm. STARK, Senr., Clyde's Corners, the following property—1 mowing machine and 65 acres of standing hay, in lots to suit purchasers. The whole to be sold without reserve. Terms: \$10 and under, cash; sums over \$10 8 months' credit. Sale begins at 1 o'clock p.m. (new time).

NOTICE

All those having claims against the estate of the late Samuel N. Davis are requested to file their accounts and all parties owing the estate are notified to settle within thirty days from this date.

Margaret M. Davis
June 12th 1919 Executrix

BORN

At Guelph, Ont. on June 12th, 1919 to Mr and Mrs Allen Gillander a daughter.

At Kilbain on Sunday June 15th 1919 a daughter to Mr and Mrs Edward Jannan.

At Athelstan on June 17th 1919, to Mr and Mrs Peter Munro a son.

MARRIED

At the residence of the bride's parents on June 10th, 1919 by the Rev G. Whillans, D.D., Angus Stanley McNeil of Franklin, to Jennie, daughter of John McCartney, Brysons Station.

At Sherbrooke, on June 10, 1919, by Rev. Mr. Bright, Agnes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. Dick, to Mr. W. G. Mac Do gall of Lennoxville, Que. formerly of Ormstown.

DIED

Accidentally drowned at Chateaugay, on June 11, 1919, Doreen, daughter of Mr H. L. Jones.

FOR SALE

One choice Bull Calf, from one of our best cows. Price right.
HELM BROS., Huntingdon, Que.
Phone 609-6.

FARM HELP

Many returned soldiers are seeking employment on farms. Some are experienced, others partly experienced. Some are married men who desire a place where their families can live with them. Farmers who can give employment will please send particulars as to wages, etc., to the Repatriation League, Room 32 Peel street Barracks, Montreal, P.Q.

NOTICE

The Parish of St. Antoine Abbé, Chateaugay county, calls for tenders for 4.171 miles of gravel road. The specifications can be seen at the Secretary's office, at St. Antoine Abbé. Tenders must be in the hands of the Secretary of the Parish by June 30th, 1919.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Jos. LUSSEK, Secy.-Treas.

SHERBROOKE HOSPITAL

Training School for Nurses, has vacancies for 15 probationers. Full particulars and application forms mailed on request. Apply to Lady Superintendent, Sherbrooke, Que.

FOR SALE—3 driving horses, also 1 second hand Ford Car in good repair. Apply to Dr J. Barrington, Huntingdon Que.

FOR SALE—5 Second hand mowing machines. Apply to T. S. McFarlane, Athelstan.

TO RENT, the Rooms formerly used as Dental offices by Drs. Macpherson and Rollit.

J. H. Gilmore, Photographer

PROPERTY FOR SALE

The property of the late W. B. Cameron, situated corner Dalhousie and Wellington streets, comprising ten rooms. Good bath-room, cement cellar, and furnace; also barn and garden. Apply to Mrs A. H. Dawson, Huntingdon, Que.

FOR SALE

All the Standing Hay in the Huntingdon Park, will be sold by Auction Saturday night, at 8 p.m., in the Park. W. K. Philps, Secy.

FOR SALE—13 hundred feet of 1 inch pine lumber 12 ft. long, in different widths, \$40. per thousand, also 4 Milch Cows. One large Yearling registered Holstein Bull \$75. 1 seven H. P. gasoline engine and sawing outfit (as good as new, is complete) 8 thousand second clear shingles. One bob-sleigh (for one horse), 300 cedar posts at 8 cents each. Good reason for sale. Will continue to run a general repair shop. Come for a square deal and a bargain. H. J. Wargnier, two miles west of Cavaville.

FOR SALE, 1 Ford car and 1 3-horse power engine. Apply to Paul Galipeau, Huntingdon, Que.

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PRINGLE, STARK & CO.

Wash Goods

Colored Novelty Voiles
In dark grounds. A wonderful collection of new designs and colorings. Prices range from 75c to \$1. Colored Silk Voiles \$1.20 yd. Check Voiles 75c yd. Colored Pongees \$1.00 yd. Fancy Colored Muslins, Priced 50c to \$1.25.

A FINE LINE OF WASH SHIRTS

Just the right thing for this kind of weather. Come in and see our stock.

New Crepe de Chine Dresses

Only one of each style, in Black, Grey, Belgium Blue, Flesh and White.

SHIRTS SHIRTS

Special This Week

Lay off your Coat and Vest, slip on one of our fancy Shirts and be comfortable these hot days. The latest novelties in Shirts, with or without collars, are ready for you. SPECIAL—Regular Dollar Shirt, on Sale 79c.

Shoe Department

Women's White Canvas Sea Island Canvas Hi Cut Lace Boots, Oxfords and Pumps. All sizes in stock. Boys' and Men's Summer Canvas Lace Boots, heavy rubber soles, leather in-soles. A Summer boot, no nails or threads to hurt the feet. Half the price of leather.

Panama Hats for Men

Just the thing for this weather. Prices \$2.75 to \$6.00.

Strawberries

We are handling Goodfellow's Berries. Leave your order early.

Pringle, Stark & Co.

HUNTINGDON - - - Que.

Dental Notice

Until I can secure permanent quarters I will be at Moir Hotel on Mondays and Tuesdays commencing on June 23rd.

Dr. A. G. Park, Dentist

Buy your LUMBER, HARDWARE ROOFING PAPER, PAINT from us

Write us for everything you require. Rough or finished lumber. Doors and mouldings. We pay freight. Send your name for our PAINT COLOR CARD

South Shore Lumber Co. Ltd. St. Lambert, Chambly Co. Q.

Don't Forget We Sell Stroud's Tea

In one and half-pound packages at 65c, 75c, 80c, and \$1.00 per pound.

GEO. W. COLE

Huntingdon, Que. Phone 78

McDONALD & ROBB

Flour Feed Seed Grain

Write for prices and samples Valleyfield, Que.

HUNTINGDON PROTESTANT CEMETERY.

NOTICE

The committee of Management, respectfully requests, that visitors to the Cemetery will not pick the flowers on graves or plots, remove the markers, or disturb anything in the Cemetery. By observing this rule visitors will confer a favor to the lot holders and management.

By order, W. F. Stephen, Secretary-Treasurer. Huntingdon, Que., June 17th., 1919

HUNTINGDON

—William Morrison, who kept store here a score of years ago, is on a visit to his old home. He sees many changes, and all for the better, especially in the farms and farm buildings. A finer tract of country than along Trout river he had not met. The advance in the appearance of the village was striking to him. Mr Morrison now lives in Seattle, Wash.

—The Rev. T. E. Bourke of Montreal presented the claims of the starving people of Serbia to the Presbyterian and Methodist congregations on Sunday.

—The official report that there is a less acreage of land under crop than usual can be readily believed from conditions in this district. The rains of last fall and this spring soaked and beat the soil into a crust that made it hard to fit for sowing. To a large extent the benefit of fall plowing was lost by the luxuriant growth of grass, making it necessary to cultivate and often re-plant. The result has been a good deal of land intended for oats and wheat will yield barley and buckwheat. Getting the land fit for planting corn has been laborious, but the weather of June has been so favorable that the lumpy condition of the drills has been overcome. Meadows are so heavy and well-advanced that haying will start by the end of the month. Labor is scarcer and dearer than last year.

—That in a narrow street one side should be more favored for business than the other is remarkable but it is true of the chief street of this village. A contributing cause for many years has been that the sidewalk on the river side had jogs and ups and downs to a degree that most people prefer the west side even when it was not in the shade. This defect has now been remedied by laying a cement sidewalk which gives an uninterrupted promenade between the bridges, excepting the jog at the old Eastern Townships building, which alone remains. Donald McNairst has given the village a handsome job.

—Following a spell of heat we had two electric storms on Saturday evening and Sunday morning. The rain which accompanied the first was welcome, and there is a rapid growth of vegetation. During the early morning there were two wind and vivid electric displays.

—What about a base-ball team? —The N. Y. C. have put on an extra train between Montreal and Valleyfield. In the evening this local proceeds the regular by a few minutes and holds it up at almost every station. As there appear to be few who leave the regular at these stations, would it not be better to have her leave first?

—Harry Douglas has sold his farm below the village to Thos. P. Higgins. Reported price \$9000.

—The school examinations commenced on Monday morning. Prin. MacMillan has some good classes and gratifying results are expected.

—There was no stir over the nominations for the Lower House on Tuesday. Having heard no rumor of a possible contest only some fifteen or twenty electors were at the County building. The necessary papers nominating Mr. Andrew Philps as representative for the Liberal party were deposited and as there was no other nomination, Mr. Philps was, when the time limit had expired, elected to represent the County for the coming term. As there were so few present no speeches were made. Mr. Philps merely expressing his gratitude and thanks to the electors.

—The campaign to raise money for the Red Triangle Fund has not in some cases met with the success hoped for. That it is supported by what young men we have is evidenced by their contributions. The list of subscribers is as yet incomplete, but the committee hope to finish up during the coming week. We trust the final total will not be so small that the association will abandon their decision to start a branch in this district, for such an organization is badly needed. Mr. C. W. Thomas is secretary-treasurer. A list of the subscriptions will appear in next week's issue.

—Wm. Pringle of Boyd Settlement sold six grade Holsteins for \$900.

—Chas. Munn returned to Huntingdon from overseas on Monday. John Watterson, Beaver, returned last week.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SAHLINGS - RATES

MONTREAL - LIVERPOOL

10 a.m. Cabin	Third
Minnedosa May 27	\$90 up \$57.50
Grampian May 29	85 up 56.25
Metagama June 7	90 up 57.50
Corsican June 8	85 up 56.25
Tunisian June 15	85 up 56.25
Melita June 17	90 up 56.25
Scotian June 22	85 up 56.25
Minnedosa June 27	90 up 57.50
Scandinavian June 28	85 up 56.25
Grampian July 2	85 up 56.25
Corsican July 4	85 up 56.25
War tax	\$3.00

VANCOUVER - ORIENT

Quickest Time Across the Pacific

Empress of Japan	May 29
Empress of Russia	June 12
Monteagle	June 20
Empress of Asia	July 10

For information apply to T. B. Pringle, Huntingdon D. R. Hay, Howick

The Gift to the Bride

If to be valued or cherished, should be a piece of silverware. Not necessarily must it be the most elaborate or costly—but some small article that she will highly prize, coupled with lasting wear and durability.

In our large assortment of "Duchess Plate" hollow-ware, are to be found many pieces suitable to the purse of moderate means, and yet as equally acceptable as though it had cost many times its price.

Complete ranges of Rogers and Community Flatware always on hand.

(Anasco Cameras and Supplies.)

W. S. BROWN

Jeweller and Optician HUNTINGDON, - - - Que.

Handling the Best Goods

To mention to you where you may buy your needs, I control the following AGENCIES—

MASSEY-HARRIS COMPANY
Farm Implements. Buy from a purely Canadian Company and leave your money in Canada. With service that cannot be equalled.

BEATTY BROS.
Stable Fittings.
Anything for the barn.

GREY CARRIAGE CO.
Try us for your Rubber-tired.

SHARPLES SEPARATOR CO.
Milking Machines that do the work

QUEBEC LIGHTNING ROD CO.
Rod your barn and be protected from lightning.

ONTARIO WIND ENGINE AND PUMP CO.
Let us quote you on your Silo.

OTHER AGENCIES pending. What about that Piano?

ALSO, a snap or two left.

FOR SALE, two second-hand Tedders. We still have some new ones. You will need one for that CLOVER HAY.

JOHN SMAILL
Phone 39 Huntingdon, Q.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

HOMESEKERS' EXCURSION to Western Canada in effect from May 1st to Sept 30. For rates and information apply to ANDREW PHILIPS, Agent

Dr J. C. SHANKS, M.D., C.M. Graduate of McGill University HOWICK

Office Hours: 8-9 a.m., 1-2.30 p.m. and 6-8 p.m.

PATTERSON & JACOBS Advocates, Barristers & Solicitors City and District Bank Building 180 St. James street, Montreal.

J. G. LAURENDEAU, K.C. ADVOCATE At Moir's Hotel every Saturday of each month.

NUMA E. BROSSOIT, K.C. Advocate Recorder of the city of Valleyfield, Valleyfield, P.Q. Will attend all the courts in the District of Beauharnois and Montreal.

ASSURANCE In All Branches FIRE AUTOMOBILE LIFE ACCIDENT LIVE STOCK BAGGAGE, Etc. Attractive Policies in every line A. A. LUNAN, HUNTINGDON, QUE.

Mutual Fire Insurance of the COUNTY OF BEAUHARNOIS (Incorporated 1852) Insures nothing but Farm and Isolated Property. President, M. W. Leehy Vice-President, Robert Blackwood Directors: Anthony Doray; R. R. Ness and Alex. McMillan. ANDREW PHILIPS, Secy. and Gen. Manager Huntingdon, Que.

AUCTION SALE The undersigned has been granted a license as Public Auctioneer. Fred J. Donnelly Glenelg, Que. J. C. BRUCE, General Insurance Agent, Huntingdon, Que. Fire, Life and Accident Insurance, County Building.

MCCORMICK & LEBOURVEAU ADVOCATES & COMMISSIONERS Ontario, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, British Columbia, etc. Rooms 41 and 42 Canadian Pacific Telegraph Building, 4 Hospital street, Montreal. Mr. McCormick will attend the courts in the District of Beauharnois and will be at Moir Hotel, Huntingdon, on the last Saturday of every month, barring unforeseen circumstances. Telephone: Main 2497. Claims for collection may be left with Robt. Ellerton, Hemmingford.

A. R. LEDUC, Notary Public, Huntingdon, Que. Successor to I. I. Crovitz, Notary Public. Office in the O'Connor Block, entrance next to Moriarty's store. Money to loan. Estate and succession settlement.

ARTHUR W. SULLIVAN Q.L.S. & C.E. Successor to John L. Sullivan Q.L.S. & C.E. Surveying and Engineering of water courses and bounding of properties, borage, etc., attended to promptly. Address: P.O. Box 124 Valleyfield, Que. or Main 8586, Montreal.

The rates of the Gleaner for transient advertisements are 50 cents per inch for first insertion and 25 cents per inch for each subsequent insertion. No notice taken of Cards of Thanks or of short advertisements unless accompanied by the price, which may be remitted in postage stamps. Obituaries and resolutions of condolence, reports of marriage anniversaries, and the like one cent for each word. No advertisements inserted as reading matter. Obituary verses are not inserted.

The Huntingdon Gleaner is published weekly on Thursdays, by Leslie W. Sellar, residing in the village of Huntingdon, Que., and printed at his office in the Brown building, Chateaugay street, in said village. Subscription \$1 per year. U.S. subscribers \$1.50. Papers discontinued when the time for which they have been paid expires. No exception to this rule so that subscribers who desire to continue receiving the paper, should renew before their subscription has expired as denoted on the address label. In changing address, be sure to give name of former post-office.

BARON EDEN, Imp., 15354, 17092. SCOTCH BARON, Imp., 15555, 17680.

Both these Clydesdale stallions weigh 1800 lbs. and have proved themselves to be as good stock horses as there is in the province. Both horses will stand during the season at the old Stevenson farm adjoining the village of Huntingdon. Terms to insure: Baron Eden \$14; Scotch Baron \$12. All mares at owner's risk. THOMAS JOLLY, Huntingdon.

OUR LIGNITE DEPOSITS.

Immediate Steps Will be Taken to Utilize Them.

The order-in-council by which is created a Lignite Utilization Board for the Dominion of Canada will interest many citizens of our country. For many years past, it has been one of the anomalies of Canadian economics that whilst the Dominion has fuel resources second only to those of the United States, the greatest coal-producing country in the world, it imports, and always has imported, about fifty per cent. of its fuel. Most of this fuel is brought into the country over immense distances, unnecessarily absorbing labor and transport facilities urgently needed in other directions, and adding enormously to the cost of the fuel itself. Long before the war, the absurdities of such a system were apparent to anyone who stopped to consider the matter, but the necessity for conservation in all directions, imposed by the war has emphasized the need of a change, and has brought under the consideration of the authorities many schemes for the development of Canada's own fuel resources. Amongst the questions which have thus been forced to the front is the much discussed matter of the utilization of the Dominion's vast lignite deposits. In the original state, these deposits can be used only when freshly mined, and, even then, the lignite as it comes from the mine is not suited for household purposes. By a process of carbonizing, however, the coal may be converted into a kind of coke or charcoal, which is readily briquetted. When thus treated, the resultant product is a fuel equal in heating value to anthracite, with the additional advantage that it may be sold at \$7 a ton, and a just profit obtained from it at that price.

Some time ago, the committee appointed by the Government to inquire into the matter reported that the art of producing these carbonized briquettes had passed the laboratory stage; that no further information could be obtained from laboratory methods, and that the producer must face the question, often a very different one, of working out the results obtained in the laboratory on a large commercial scale, in other words, putting theories to a practical test. This is the great task which the Canadian Government has now undertaken, and the matter is to be pushed forward with energy. The Province of Saskatchewan, the balancing point for the fuel from the east and the west, has been chosen as the scene for the initial enterprise. After full investigation has been made of all the machines and processes at present available, the board will construct, or contract for, a plant of commercial size adjacent to the great lignite mines of Southern Saskatchewan, and will, at the earliest possible moment, begin to distribute the output through the ordinary channels of trade.

The whole question is, of course, very much a matter for the expert, but it cannot be doubted, by those who have given the matter any study, that a great future lies before such an industry. If the board can foresee the possibility of retailing the new fuel to-day at \$7 a ton, before the great question of by-products has been fully studied, in the future, when this has been done, will tend to be reduced rather than increased. The enormous value of the by-products from the manufacture of coal gas is, of course, largely responsible for the comparatively cheap rate at which coal gas may be sold, where municipally owned; and the same will, no doubt, apply to the briquetting of lignite.

Duke of North View

This purebred registered Clydesdale Stallion has proved a good and sure foal-getter. His colts are like himself, heavy-boned and sturdily built. His breeding is not surpassed by that of any horse in the district, and its impress is seen in his stock. Will travel and stand as follows: Monday morning at home, overnight at Mac. Hamilton's; Beith; Tuesday overnight at Chas. Dalgliesh's; Clyde's Corners; Wednesday overnight at Sylvester Duheme's; Thursday and Friday, Ste. Barbe and New Erin; Saturday, go home by Athelstan. Terms—\$10 to insure. Mares at owner's risk. Will travel in charge of Thomas Hingston, an experienced groom. CHAS. McHARDY, Prop.

LANARK LAD, Imp., (15321). This Clydesdale will stand for the season at his own stable. Terms to insure, \$12.00. All mares at owner's risk, and all bills payable March 1st, 1920. David Cavers, Proprietor Upper Ormstown

HEADQUARTERS FOR Hyslop Bicycles and Supplies.

A. A. LUNAN

Huntingdon, Que.

ANTOINE CAZA Jr.

Cazaville, Que.

Dealer in Willis Pianos, Singer Sewing Machines, Ranges, Furniture and McLaughlin Carriages. A stock of auto tires and accessories on hand.

S. CAZA

Dealer in McLaughlin Cars, Chevrolet Cars, Singer Sewing Machines, Willis Pianos, Stock of Auto Tires and Accessories always on hand.

Friend of Errand Boys By JANE OSBORN (Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

When Allison Preston decided to get a job for the duration of her first long vacation from college she should not be of the sort that would confine her within the four walls of an office. She wanted an outdoor job and, after having received stern parental objections to taking a land army job where she would be away from home for the vacation, she scanned the "want ads" in the daily papers several days in vain. Outdoor jobs for girls did not seem plentiful. Then her eyes fell upon that advertisement of Brown & Brown, calling for messenger girls. The wage offered was very tempting, but as the advertisement stated, the work would be for the most part doing errands in the busy downtown business section.

Brown & Brown is a very large concern, with branches in cities in various parts of the country, and when you join their force of employes in the daily routine of errands you have to submit to considerable catbitching concerning your previous experience, your parentage and your place of residence; and all this is written down on a formidable large white card that is kept in a filing case for future reference.

"There is just one thing I'll have to ask you," said the young office manager who employed Allison Preston, "and I will ask you to keep this confidential. I don't want every one to know that we are taking on girls for errands—one person in particular mustn't know. That's our vice president, Mr. Morgan Thorne. He's in the Chicago office now and—well, to make a long story short, he began as a messenger himself and he's nuts about them. He makes a hobby of giving every messenger that is employed what he calls a chance.

"That means a lot of fatherly advice, which would be all right if the boys had sense enough to profit by it. He has made up his mind that the future executives of the concern must be drawn, as he was, from the ranks of those who began at the bottom rung. So whenever we get a new messenger he takes no end of interest in him. He it was who installed this card system—wants to know all about the life history of every one that is taken into the concern. And now that he is off in Chicago he has left word to send on research of any new messengers. He wants to give them long-distance advice. So here is what I'm going to ask you," said the young clerk, coming back to his point after his long explanation: "You'll just let me put your name down here so that he won't know you're a girl. Allison, you said it is. May I put it down as Alec?"

"Why, certainly," faltered Allison. "Only, won't he find out?"

"He won't be back for months, and you say you can't stay later than the middle of September. You'll escape him completely. You see, we did our best to get boys, but we couldn't get any. He'd say we hadn't tried hard enough. And, by the way, don't say anything in that report about being in college. It might interest him too much, and then he'd write to you and the cat would be out of the bag."

So Allison reported the next day for work and, provided with her pliskin wallet that swung easily over her left shoulder and rested on her right hip, she started out on the rounds of the day, carrying stocks and bonds about to various offices, reporting at the bank and back to the office of Brown & Brown. If she attracted any attention it was because she was so much better dressed for her work than the other girls who were beginning to take the places of messengers and errand boys in the downtown section. She wore neatly polished shoes that had served for country hikes the previous winter in college. Her suit was made of khaki, such as had been chosen by well-to-do college chums of hers who had "gone in" for motor messenger service in the vacation.

The coat collar was neatly topped by a man's soft plique collar and a dark blue four-in-hand tie and a banded sailor of brown completed the equipment.

Yes, of course, she grew tired with her many errands, but the fatigue was repaired by her healthy appetite and by the soundness of the sleep that always followed her days in the open.

The first letter to Alec Preston was practically like the letter almost always received by errand boys from the vice president, Morgan Thorne, when that young officer of the concern was not present to interview them personally. Mr. Thorne assured Alec of his interest and his hope that he was regarding his new position a stepping stone to higher things in the employ of the concern of Brown & Brown. He asked him some questions that he wanted him to answer frankly in a letter that Mr. Thorne assured him would be confidential.

"Did he smoke cigarettes? If so, did he smoke in business hours?" "Did he indulge in games of chance with other errand boys?" "What did he eat for luncheon? Did he go to night school? How did he spend his evenings? What time did he go to bed?"

There were many more questions in the same vein, and Allison answered them promptly, assuring the kindly vice president that she smoked no pipe and abstained from games of chance. She ate egg salad and milk for luncheon, went to bed early and spent her evenings "at home." She didn't admit that those evenings were sometimes spent with her tired little body resting on the soft upholstery of the long chair in her own little bedroom reading some one of her favorite Spanish or Italian authors that she had learned to admire in college.

The next letter expressed approval of the young boy's steady habits, but he reproved the boy for not going to

night school, and ended by telling him that he would give a prize of \$50.00 to the boy who would be the best messenger in the concern, but had never been won—if he would devote himself so earnestly to the study of Spanish that within six months he could command a slight reading knowledge of that language. He himself, he said, had been handicapped because as a boy he had not mastered a foreign language. It was only recently, when his time for such study was limited, that he had taken up Spanish. It was the great language for business men of the future, etc., etc.

Allison really ought to have been more cautious, but the very evening after receiving this letter she wrote back a long and fluent letter in her best Spanish, explaining to Mr. Thorne that, though she did not go to night school, she had mastered Spanish the previous winter and spent much time reading it. She declined the prize, however, as she had studied it without knowledge that such a prize existed.

Then came the letter that caused consternation. Mr. Thorne wrote offering Alec a position in the Chicago office as second correspondent in the Spanish department. They were getting lots of orders from South America, he explained, and he really needed him. His wage would be more than doubled, and his traveling expenses to Chicago would be paid.

Allison was at first confused and repentant. She felt that she ought not to have consented to the office manager's deception. But then she took a different attitude toward the matter. Financial conditions in the Preston family had not been all that they might have been for the past year and it had become apparent that another year at college would be impossible for Allison at the present time. She had about decided to spend the following autumn and winter working. And here was a chance to vary the monotony of the position, confessing at the same time her sex, did not wait for an answer but, packing her little traveling bag and gaining a rather reluctant consent from her parents, started forth to take her new job. She could live on \$10 a week, she figured, especially if she continued to dress in uniform, and the other \$15 she could save to pay her next year's expenses in college.

The office manager in the New York office when he heard of the step she had taken, predicted a stormy reception for Allison. He felt that he knew just how Thorne would snub her. But the storm and the snub were not forthcoming. Thorne told her that at first he had not known, then he chanced to see the New York paper that had the office manager's advertisement for girl messengers, and, beside, he suspected from the egg-salad luncheon and the hand writing that she was a girl. But she was a thorough-going feminist, if that meant entire approval of giving girls an equal chance with boys when they proved themselves capable of grasping it. And this girl had proved herself more promising than any of the messenger boys that had ever drifted into the employ of the concern.

Then one day Thorne called Allison into his office and as she came toward him in her trim little khaki suit he laid both his hands and took hers into his.

Allison did not draw back, but stood looking down at their joined hands with a puzzled smile on her face.

"I want you here, Alec," he had always retained the first name by which he had thought of her—"I want you in the office, but more than all I want you in my heart. I want you to make a home for me. Is it so necessary to finish out that college course of yours?"

"There is always one and only one possible event that will make a college girl give up her course," said Allison.

"And that?"

"When the man in all the world she loves asks her to be his wife."

"Does that mean you have decided to finish?" asked Thorne relaxing his hold on Allison's hands. But he tightened it again when she told him that it didn't.

Fumigation on Mexican Border.

The latest disinfection project which has ever been undertaken in this country, and probably the largest in the world, was recently begun by the United States department of agriculture along the Mexican border. Five fumigation houses are to be erected at a cost approximately of \$50,000 for the disinfection of freight cars, motor trucks and wagons entering the United States from Mexico loaded with products that might introduce insect enemies, especially the pink bollworm of cotton. The largest house will accommodate fifteen freight cars. Each house will be equipped with apparatus for the generation and distribution of hydrocyanic acid gas.

FARMING AMONG INDIANS.

Agricultural Campaign Has Met With Success. A greater production campaign among the Indians of Canada was launched last spring by Hon. Arthur Meighen, who, as Minister of Interior, has the Redmen under his particular care. Reports received by the Minister show that the campaign has been an established success. The Indians made special efforts to increase production, and their crops are the best in the history of the Redskins.

In 1918 the Indians had under crop 70,638 acres, and this year there was cultivated 82,421 acres, a noteworthy increase. The total yield of grain was 1,350,324 bushels as against 1,273,559 bushels in 1917, and 1,565,659 bushels in 1918. There was an increase in the root crop of the Indians by nearly half a million dollars. The total value of the crops is estimated at \$2,834,149, as against \$2,351,807 in 1917.

of cultivable land on Indian reserves in Ontario was utilized either in the raising of crops or pasturing of cattle. Competitions were organized with prizes for the best crops, and this did much to stimulate interest. During the winter of 1917-18 short courses in agriculture were given in Mount Elgin Institute, Muncney, the Mohawk Institute, Brantford and the Shingwauk House, Sault Ste. Marie. These courses consisted of lectures on cultivation, noxious weeds, drainage, fertilization, etc. Lectures on live stock with demonstrations were also given. At the close of each course examinations were held and prizes given to those obtaining the highest standing. The reports show that the Indians at Deseronto, Muncney and Sarnia had particularly fine crops—as good as any in the province.

A new farm was started at Fort William reserve and at the request of the band the Département authorized an expenditure of \$27,000 from the fund for the purchase of land. The Indians this year cleared and ploughed sixty acres and have erected first-class buildings, the lumber being manufactured on the ground from a portable sawmill. The farm will be largely for stock to be raised for individual Indian farmers.

Special efforts were made this year to place under cultivation much of the splendid land on the western Indian reserves. In order to expedite work and utilize the services of the Department's staff to the best advantage, Mr. Meighen appointed Mr. W. M. Graham, Inspector of Indian Agencies for the northern Saskatchewan Inspectorate, as Commissioner for the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Mr. Graham, who was given large charge, has succeeded in placing large new areas under cultivation. The real fruits of his campaign will not be noticeable until next season.

In addition to the large areas placed under cultivation by the Redskins large tracts have been leased to whites for wheat farming or grazing. For instance, on the Blackfoot Reserve in Alberta two large farms with an acreage of from two to three thousand acres have been started. A greater production farm has been started by the Department on the Blood Reserve, and there have been purchased seven large Ramsey oil engines, capable of ploughing from 22 to 28 acres a day.

On the Saskatchewan reserves the same progress has been made. A Greater Production Farm of two thousand acres has been started on the Assiniboine Agency, south of Sinitaula. Sixty brood sows have been secured for this agency and the Indians are planning to go into hog production on a large scale. A five-thousand-acre farm has been started on the Crooked Lakes Agency, north of Broadview. Temporary bunkhouses, cook-houses, blacksmith shops and stables have been erected and big results are looked for next year. A similar five-thousand-acre farm has been started on the Muskeg Reserve. On the Touchwood Reserve six thousand acres have been leased for grazing.

Through the efforts of Mr. Graham the shortage of feed was partially alleviated. Mr. Graham has secured thirty thousand tons of hay on the reserves in Northern Alberta, which previously had never been cut. It is estimated that this saved fifteen thousand head of cattle. Marked progress is reported as being made by the Indians of British Columbia. According to the reports received at Ottawa, there is every prospect that the Indians of British Columbia will become expert practical fruit growers and farmers, the efforts of the Shuswaps, Kamloops, Lytton and Kootenay Agencies being particularly noticeable. The Caribou Indians, near the Stuart Lake Agency in the northern part of the province in a new agricultural country are making remarkable progress in farming. On the coast the Indians are rapidly realizing the necessity of cultivating the soil, in view of the constant depletion from year to year in the supply of game and fish foods. Every effort is being made by the Department's officers in British Columbia to further the campaign for increased production.

Dragged a Mile by Runaway Horse.

Eugenie Robin, 17 years old, of Saskatoon, was recently dragged a mile under a buggy attached to a runaway horse. Her whole body was badly cut and bruised and one leg broken, but otherwise she miraculously escaped injury.

PLUNGED INTO ABYSS.

The Great Moral Collapse of the German People.

To the roof of the world, Switzerland and Austria. Seventy per cent. of the people in Switzerland speak the German language, read German newspapers; during the three years of German domination in Switzerland the rich men of Germany, also, have large investments in Switzerland, and go to Zurich, Berne and Geneva, in summer, to look after their financial interests. Little by little the Swiss has begun to break with Germany, and for the first time had during the three months prior to the signing of the armistice, begun to talk freely about the leaders, the people and the interior conditions of the fatherland. One had much to say about Germany's forfeiture of influence and standing among the rest of the world. Another said that the entire German people had been debauched by the pan-German party in Prussia, and after years of tutelage, the people of Bavaria and Saxony alike had become as cruel, lawless and treacherous as the Prussians. The testimony of another concerned the interior conditions of Germany, so carefully concealed from the

Allied nations. Strangely enough, he at once excused and explained the cruelties of the Hun by talking about the Prussian Guard. "The Allies do not seem to realize who our Prussian Guards are, or from whence they came."

"You must remember that they are illegitimate children; this means that they are born generally of powerful and for the moment lawless parents; oftentimes they are of our very best class. At birth illegitimate boys and girls are put into the state orphan asylum, and reared to be members of the Prussian Guards. They are trained as Spartan children were trained. Any sort of kindness on the part of the nurse is rigorously forbidden. They are taught that they must protect themselves and get what they want by strength. The way in which they are educated brutalizes them thoroughly." This man claimed that no nation in the world had such a guard as the Kaiser, but he conceded their cruelties in the same breath that he was praising them for their iron Spartan lives. He spoke of them as one would suppose the old Romans would speak of pitiless gladiators. These men stated that the German losses were about 4,500,000; 2,250,000 men dead and about 2,000,000 crippled or permanently invalidated, who will never recover a man's strength. But most significant of all was a statement by a Swiss officer in Berne—that volcano where all the agents of all capitals meet, squabble, fight, trade, curse, bribe, where every breath one draws is sulphurous and filled with a deadly gas for the fatherland and in one breath, this man exclaimed in the next that there was a crime wave sweeping over the fatherland. He said that little boys have become murderers, and little girls thieves, and young women tricksters, and that he had often heard it said that since the beginning of the war, in Berlin alone, 300,000 illegitimate babies have been placed in charge of the state authorities. In view of the fact that that represented three years of time and several millions of people, he glossed over these 300,000 illegitimate babies a year, in order to emphasize the endurance of the German people. The conclusion from many facts, verified by the mouth of many witnesses in Switzerland, is that long before the war began Germany suffered a moral collapse; the people lost the sense of right and wrong; conscience, pity and kindness have been Prussianized. And this is what Dr. Muelholl, former head of the Krupp works, now living in Switzerland, published not long ago, he speaks of the Kaiser as shallow, a poseur, selfish, arrogant, treacherous and corrupt, cunning, a liar by nature and a traitor by education. In this con-

nection one recalls Burke's sentiment: "History shows that when men in high places yield to their kaiser impulses, the people, imitating their leader, straightaway plunge into the abyss."

Sunday Battles.

Some of the fiercest engagements of the war just ended were fought on Sunday. The fiercest of the battles in the Wars of the Roses was actually fought on Palm Sunday. This was the battle of Towton in 1451, and ten years later the battle of Barnet was fought on Easter Sunday. Ramillies was fought on Whit Sunday, 1706. Both Bull's Run and Shiloh, in the American Civil War, were fought on Sunday.

It was on Sunday that Wellington issued that famous order, "Clude Rodrigo must be carried by assault this evening." A glad Sunday for the British Empire was that "loud Sabbath" when Wellington defeated Napoleon at Waterloo in the vain attempt on the part of one man to dominate the world.

The Wedding Ring.

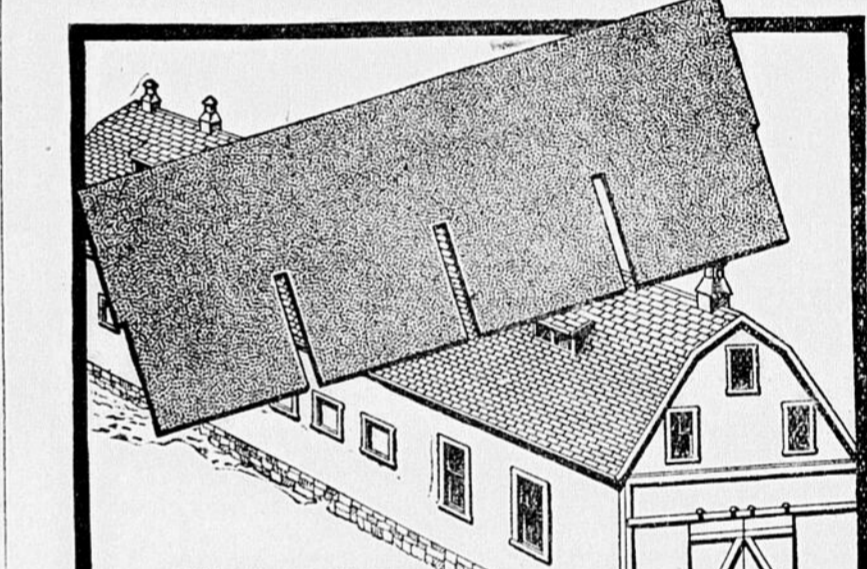
Among several theories as to the origin of the wedding ring is one which is to the effect that before the time of mins and gold coinage the gold money in Egypt was made in the form of a ring, usually worn on the finger as a convenient method of carrying and safe keeping. The men and women therefore had all their gold or wealth made into rings, and for the majority of people these rings were no larger than the plain gold bands of to-day. Thus, when the bridegroom placed the ring on the bride's finger he meant exactly what the modern service makes him say—he did exactly endow his bride with all his worldly goods.

Peace Proposals.

"I saw you fighting that boy next door." "Yes'm, I'm tired of listening to his peace proposals." "What were they?" "He says that if I'll let him keep most of the marbles he took away from me, he won't put me to the trouble of licking him any more.

Thistles as Feed.

For the first time farmers in parts of Washington state cut and stack Russian thistles for stock feed. Hay is very scarce and the price higher than has ever been known, which accounts for saving the weeds. It is said if the thistles are cut before they get too old stock will eat them readily.



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