

Various small text fragments and page numbers from the left margin of the original document.

Professional Cards.
J. RIELLE,
LAND SURVEYOR
No. 146 ST. JAMES STREET.
H. COTTE,
ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.
Address P. O. Box No. 1866.
September 15 282
ARCH. MCGOUN, Jr.,
Advocate, Barrister, Solicitor, &c.
19 PLACE D'ARMES.
January 14 13
J. A. U. BAUDRY,
Civil Engineer and Dominion Land Surveyor,
No. 3 PLACE D'ARMES HILL,
MONTREAL.
November 3 6m tis 263
MacLennan & Macdonald,
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c.,
CORNWALL, Ont.
D. B. MACLENNAN, H. SANDFELD, MAC-
DONALD, JAMES W. LEBDELL.
April 87
ARTHUR H. PLIMSOLL
AUDITOR & ACCOUNTANT,
HAMILTON CHAMBERS,
ST. JOHN STREET, Montreal.
April 4 80
CARMAN & LEITCH,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
CORNWALL, ONT.
JAS. LEITCH. R. CARMAN.
June 14 142
John McDonald,
ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR,
230 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal.
ESTABLISHED 1867.
Special attention given to auditing the
books and statements of Joint Stock Com-
panies and Corporations.
January 207
WM. WINGFIELD-BONNYN
Consulting Civil Engineer,
26 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
AGENT FOR ALL KINDS OF
RAILWAY SUPPLIES.
November 18 276
R. & L. LAFLAMME,
ADVOCATES,
42 St. James Street.
Hon. R. Laflamme, Q.C. L. Laflamme.
October 14 24
R. J. Kimball & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 25 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.
Sixteen years' experience in the business,
and all members of the firm are members
of the New York Stock Exchange.
R. J. KIMBALL. A. B. LONGBERRY. F. R. BALLARD.
January 11 6m wtd 9
MACDOUGALL BROS.
Stock Brokers,
69 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal,
64 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Of the Montreal Stock Exchange, and New
York Stock and Gold Exchange.
BUY AND SELL STOCKS, BONDS &c.
November 13 272
RIDDELL & STEVENSON
Chartered Accountants,
22 ST. JOHN STREET
Commissioners for the Provinces of Que-
bec, Ontario, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick
and Manitoba.
A. F. RIDDELL. A. W. STEVENSON.
November 274
Leys Pearson & Kingsford
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICI-
TORS, NOTARIES, &c.
Freehold Buildings,
COURT STREET, Toronto.
JOHN LEYS. JAMES PEARSON.
R. E. KINGSFORD.
August 12 219
GIBBONS & McNAB,
Barristers and Attorneys.
OFFICE
Corner Richmond and Carling Streets,
LONDON, ONT.
Geo. C. Gibbons. Geo. McNab.
January 3 2
C. H. SMITHERS & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
(ROOM 28 DREXEL BUILDING.)
No. 3 BROAD STREET,
NEW YORK.
C. H. SMITHERS.
Member N. Y. Stock Exchange.
JOHN SMITHERS.
Stocks, Bonds, Foreign Exchange, &c.,
bought and sold for cash or on margin.
December 5 290
COCKBURN & McINTYRE,
Barristers Supreme Court
AND
PARLIAMENTARY AGENTS,
OTTAWA.
Solicitors for the Bank Montreal
Hon. JAMES COCKBURN, Q.C. J. A. McINTYRE.
March 56
MERCER, BEAUSOLEIL & MARTINEAU
ADVOCATES,
No. 55 St. James Street
MONTREAL.
Hon. HONORE MERCER,
Lately Solicitor General and M.P.P. for
St. Hyacinthe.
CLOTHAS BEAUSOLEIL, J. PAUL G. MARTINEAU
Lately Official Assignee. B.C.L.
Montreal, January 29 25
Winnipeg and the North-West
The undersigned invite Correspondence
Samples and Consignments, all of which
will have prompt and personal attention.
SCHNEIDER & MEIKLE,
Commission Merchants, Brokers, Real
Estate and General Agents,
WINNIPEG.
T. H. SCHNEIDER. T. B. MEIKLE.
Formerly of Montreal. Late of Merrickville
October 1 236

Professional Cards.
J. RIELLE,
LAND SURVEYOR
No. 146 ST. JAMES STREET.
H. COTTE,
ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.
Address P. O. Box No. 1866.
September 15 282
ARCH. MCGOUN, Jr.,
Advocate, Barrister, Solicitor, &c.
19 PLACE D'ARMES.
January 14 13
J. A. U. BAUDRY,
Civil Engineer and Dominion Land Surveyor,
No. 3 PLACE D'ARMES HILL,
MONTREAL.
November 3 6m tis 263
MacLennan & Macdonald,
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c.,
CORNWALL, Ont.
D. B. MACLENNAN, H. SANDFELD, MAC-
DONALD, JAMES W. LEBDELL.
April 87
ARTHUR H. PLIMSOLL
AUDITOR & ACCOUNTANT,
HAMILTON CHAMBERS,
ST. JOHN STREET, Montreal.
April 4 80
CARMAN & LEITCH,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
CORNWALL, ONT.
JAS. LEITCH. R. CARMAN.
June 14 142
John McDonald,
ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR,
230 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal.
ESTABLISHED 1867.
Special attention given to auditing the
books and statements of Joint Stock Com-
panies and Corporations.
January 207
WM. WINGFIELD-BONNYN
Consulting Civil Engineer,
26 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.
AGENT FOR ALL KINDS OF
RAILWAY SUPPLIES.
November 18 276
R. & L. LAFLAMME,
ADVOCATES,
42 St. James Street.
Hon. R. Laflamme, Q.C. L. Laflamme.
October 14 24
R. J. Kimball & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 25 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.
Sixteen years' experience in the business,
and all members of the firm are members
of the New York Stock Exchange.
R. J. KIMBALL. A. B. LONGBERRY. F. R. BALLARD.
January 11 6m wtd 9
MACDOUGALL BROS.
Stock Brokers,
69 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal,
64 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Of the Montreal Stock Exchange, and New
York Stock and Gold Exchange.
BUY AND SELL STOCKS, BONDS &c.
November 13 272
RIDDELL & STEVENSON
Chartered Accountants,
22 ST. JOHN STREET
Commissioners for the Provinces of Que-
bec, Ontario, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick
and Manitoba.
A. F. RIDDELL. A. W. STEVENSON.
November 274
Leys Pearson & Kingsford
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICI-
TORS, NOTARIES, &c.
Freehold Buildings,
COURT STREET, Toronto.
JOHN LEYS. JAMES PEARSON.
R. E. KINGSFORD.
August 12 219
GIBBONS & McNAB,
Barristers and Attorneys.
OFFICE
Corner Richmond and Carling Streets,
LONDON, ONT.
Geo. C. Gibbons. Geo. McNab.
January 3 2
C. H. SMITHERS & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
(ROOM 28 DREXEL BUILDING.)
No. 3 BROAD STREET,
NEW YORK.
C. H. SMITHERS.
Member N. Y. Stock Exchange.
JOHN SMITHERS.
Stocks, Bonds, Foreign Exchange, &c.,
bought and sold for cash or on margin.
December 5 290
COCKBURN & McINTYRE,
Barristers Supreme Court
AND
PARLIAMENTARY AGENTS,
OTTAWA.
Solicitors for the Bank Montreal
Hon. JAMES COCKBURN, Q.C. J. A. McINTYRE.
March 56
MERCER, BEAUSOLEIL & MARTINEAU
ADVOCATES,
No. 55 St. James Street
MONTREAL.
Hon. HONORE MERCER,
Lately Solicitor General and M.P.P. for
St. Hyacinthe.
CLOTHAS BEAUSOLEIL, J. PAUL G. MARTINEAU
Lately Official Assignee. B.C.L.
Montreal, January 29 25
Winnipeg and the North-West
The undersigned invite Correspondence
Samples and Consignments, all of which
will have prompt and personal attention.
SCHNEIDER & MEIKLE,
Commission Merchants, Brokers, Real
Estate and General Agents,
WINNIPEG.
T. H. SCHNEIDER. T. B. MEIKLE.
Formerly of Montreal. Late of Merrickville
October 1 236

News by Telegraph
FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
CANADA.
QUEBEC—January 30.
It is now stated on good authority that Mr. Faucher de St. Maurice is to be the Government nominee for the Speakership. The ice bridge at Cap Rouge took during last night, and the river in front of the city has been comparatively clear of ice all day.
Mr. ELZEBERT ROY has been appointed Private Secretary to Sir Hector Langevin.
Political wire-pullers are talking of getting up a dinner to Mr. Chapleau and his colleagues, to take place here prior to the opening of the approaching session.
At a meeting of Directors of La Banque Nationale this morning, Mr. P. Lafrance, the present acting Cashier, was definitely appointed Cashier of the Bank. The position was offered to Mr. Drolet, Provincial Auditor, but the Government having increased his salary, he refused it.
Bread advanced another two cents here to-day, and consumers are talking of forming a Co-operative Bread Association to keep down prices.
An effort is being made to hush up the selling of those valuable papers by employees of the Public Works Department, but a member of the Legislature states his intention of bringing the matter before the House when it meets.
Before the Executive Council the cause of the Canada Colonization Company against Hall & Co. has been pleaded. The question at issue being the possession of the timber on the 100,000 acres of land sold to the Company by Hall & Co., in the Townships, for purposes of settlement.
The bill given by the Count Semaisons, French Consul-General, to-night, was a grand affair.
OTTAWA—January 30.
Some startling rumours are afloat to-day in reference to the sudden death of one McLean, in Gilmour & Co.'s shanty, as telegraphed last night. The story, as told, is as follows:—The cook in one of Gilmour's shanties had for his assistant a boy about seventeen. The names of neither of them are mentioned and no information on this point could be obtained.
The cook and his mate could not agree and were constantly quarrelling with each other. About a fortnight ago, it is said, they had a more than usually bitter quarrel about some trifles, and the cook commenced to beat the boy unmercifully. Some of the men in the shanty rescued the boy from him, and the cook went off to bed muttering threats of vengeance against him. Next morning neither the cook nor his assistant could be found, and it was thought the boy had run away through fear of the cook, and that the latter had taken his departure owing to his rage at men's interference. Another man was deputed to find the absent cook's place. A few days later, on going to a barrel of pork to remove some of the contents he found, to his horror and amazement, a boy's hand between two pieces of pork. Further investigation showed that the barrel contained a number of pieces of human flesh, and the horrible conviction forced itself upon the minds of those who made the discovery that the unfortunate boy had been cruelly murdered by the absent cook, who had then endeavoured to conceal his crime by chopping up the body of his victim and barrelling it up with the pork that the shantymen were to eat. Such is the story that is told. It has not yet been confirmed, and it is to be hoped that it will turn out to be untrue.
The claims of Mr. Thos. McCreedy against the Quebec Government for a sum amounting to nearly a million dollars have been referred to arbitration under bonds. The arbitrators are Mr. Walter Shanley for the Quebec Government and Chas. O'Dell Esq. for Mr. McCreedy. They have held a preliminary meeting at the Grand Union Hotel and have adjourned to resume to-morrow. Mr. Statham is acting as Secretary to the Arbitrators.
LORD LORNE, during his recent North-Western tour, was unfortunately enough to lose a valuable diamond ring and also a silver watch box. The ring was lost at a place where the Vice-regal party camped upon the plains, some distance from Fort Qu'Appelle, and the property being missed in the morning when the camp was struck, a somewhat lengthy but unsuccessful search was made for the article. A few days ago the ring was received by His Excellency the Governor-General, it having been forwarded by Col. McDonald from Qu'Appelle. The ring had been found by a half-breed, who had continued the search after the party had left, and was recently given to His Excellency by the finder, who strongly intimated his desire for some reward. The silver watch box was lost in the Bow River country, near Pine River, and was found by a Mr. Kennedy, a surveyor, who had been at work with a party surveying at that section, as he was driving on a buck board along the trail from Fort Colgaray, the shining metal attracting his attention. Upon the match-box was inscribed "Lorne," so that Mr. Kennedy knew to whom the box belonged, and within the past few days visited Rideau Hall, being now in the city, and returned the lost property. His Excellency was quite surprised at receiving the match-box.
SERGEANT MORRIS, an old soldier from Brockville, has been appointed Orderly of the Governor-General.
A DEPUTATION of the members of the press waited on the Minister of Public Works this morning to thank him for the improvements that had been made in the press accommodations of the House of Commons and to suggest certain further alterations. They were courteously received and were promised that their suggestions should be carried out.
Ice dealers in this city report the prospects of the crop in this vicinity are excellent and far better than was anticipated during the early part of the season.
MR. F. N. GIBSON, Superintendent of the Dominion Government Telegraphs,

has been conducting a series of tests with a new description of cable known as Henley's soaked India rubber cable. These tests having proved satisfactory, it has been decided to adopt it for all new lines to be laid by the Government.
MR. AQUILA WALSH, ex-M.P. for North Norfolk, and formerly Chairman of the Board of Intercolonial Railway Commissioners, has been appointed Dominion Land Commissioner at Winnipeg at a salary of \$5,000. He will also be allowed a secretary and at least one clerk. It has been decided not to remove the registration branch of the Department of the Interior to Winnipeg, as was contemplated a short time since.
THE ARBITRATORS in the case of claim of Thomas McCreedy against the Quebec Government in connection with a contract on the Q. M. O. & R. Railway have held a preliminary meeting in this city, and adjourned to resume the sitting to-morrow. Mr. Walter Shanley is the arbitrator for the Government, Mr. Charles O'Dell for McCreedy, and Mr. Sandford Fleming is arbitrator.
The Post-Office authorities are in communication with United States officers with a view to bringing the American mails at an earlier hour. A connection with the early train on the Utica and Black River Road is contemplated.
SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN and the Hon. A. P. Caron returned to the city from Quebec this morning.
The Governor-General, accompanied by Mr. and Lady Balfour, attended Haverly's Minstrel entertainment to-night in the Grand Opera House. The audience was large, and this being His Excellency's first public appearance since his return from England, he was greeted with prolonged cheers. His Excellency will give a small dinner party to-morrow evening.
TUNIS was a Cabinet Council meeting this afternoon.
TORONTO—January 30.
The recount in the St. David's Ward Aldermanic election, between Messrs. Adams and Fleming, has been enlarged till February 8th.
With the exception of a small portion near the Western Channel, the Bay is now open.
A STRONG DEPUTATION of workmen from London waited on Atty-Gen. Mowat in reference to the proposed changes in the Mechanics' Lien Act of the Province. The Attorney-General said he sympathized with the objection view and promised to give the matter his favourable consideration.
BANK shares were a little more active this a.m., and the tone of the market was unsettled. Montreal was still held at 209, without bids. Ontario steady, with sales of 53 at 60 1/2, and closing at 60 bid. Toronto was offered at Saturday's price, with buyers at 166 1/2. Merchants offered 1 per cent. lower, without bids. Commerce was easier, with sales of 155 shares in three lots at 140, and at closing offered at that price, with 139 1/2 bid. Imperial was lower, with a sale of 30 at 134, and closing at 133 bid. Federal was fairly active and steady, with sales of 25 at 155, 13 at 156 1/2 and 50 at 156 1/2. Dominion offered at 194, a decline of 1/2, without bids. Standard was lower, with a sale of 20 at 113, and 5 at 112 1/2, the stock closing at 112 bid, a decline of 1/2.
The Conservative United Empire Club is not very flourishing, and the next meeting is to decide whether it shall be continued or not. If it is not, it is stated that the Young Men's Liberal-Conservative Association may buy it up.
At a meeting of gentlemen interested in the proposed scheme to-day, it was decided to petition Parliament asking the Dominion's proportion of the money required be granted.
A SPECIAL PRAYER was yesterday offered at the Synagogue here on behalf of the persecuted Israelites in Russia.
LONDON, Ont.—January 30.
The friends of Mr. Michael Bolan, drover, are very anxious concerning his whereabouts. When last seen he was on his way back from Montreal, where he had been making a sale of a shipment of cattle. It is thought he must have been followed from the bank where he got his cattle cheque cashed. It is now four weeks since he was seen, and no tidings or clue can be obtained as to his whereabouts. Mr. Bolan is a fine, stout looking, red-faced Irishman, close shaved. Was about five feet six; wore a coloured tweed suit, soft felt hat, and was noted everywhere he went for his genial appearance and general good humour. It is feared by many that he has been waylaid and made away with for his money, which he carried in a free and easy way about his person.
VAUGHAN, Ont.—January 30.
A VERY large and influential meeting of Reformers of the North Riding of Huron was held here to-day, when short addresses were delivered by the Chairman, Mr. J. A. Morton, Col. Ross, Thos. Gibson, M. P., and M. C. Cameron, respecting the Campbell organization for the coming campaign, after which the following officers were elected:—President, Dr. McDonald; Wingham, 1st Vice-President, Geo. Fortine, Wroxeter; 2nd Vice-President, Dr. Wm. Mallough, Duncannon; Secretary, J. A. Morton, Cornham; Treasurer, John Neelans, Wincham.
ST. JOHN, N.B., January 30.
AMONG the deaths reported are two persons 95 years old and one 88. One of the first mentioned was Charles Ward, son of Major Ward, long known as "the father of the city." At the time of the death he was in the command of the British troops. He came to St. John and lived until 1875. Charles Ward for many years was an active merchant and shipowner in St. John.
At a meeting of the Common Council, this afternoon, John Kerr, a barrister, was elected Chief Engineer of the Fire Department.
WINNIPEG, Man.—January 30.
The original promoters and present stockholders of the Manitoba South-Western Railway are dissatisfied with the action of the New York parties who have contracted for the building of the road, and propose taking such legal action as will protect their own and the interests of the municipalities along the line of route.
ARCHBISHOP TACHE leaves on Wednesday for Toronto to co-operate with Archbishop Lynch in arranging for Irish immigration to Manitoba.
J. B. SOMERSET, the new Inspector of Public Schools, has arrived from Ontario and will immediately enter upon his duties.
GENERAL ROSSETT, Chief Engineer of the Canada Pacific Railway, leaves on Monday next on a tour across the Plains to the Rockies to arrange for the surveys of next season, and will be absent two months. Major Rogers, who has special charge of the Rocky Mountain surveys, is busy preparing outfits for next season and arranging for the transportation of parties to the Far West. One of the parties will go overland, but the other will go over the Northern Pacific via Bismarck.
TRACK-LAYING on the Manitoba South-Western Railway was completed to the Assiniboine at Headingley on Friday. A temporary bridge at this point has been completed and construction trains are now passing over it, and track-laying is being vigorously pushed on the Boyne division.
The grand total realized from sale of Brandon lots by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for three nights amounted to one hundred and thirty-three thousand dollars.
VICTORIA, B. C.—January 30.
The weather turned suddenly cold on Thursday, and there are now four inches of snow in the Island district. The Fraser River is filled with floating ice.
YESTERDAY a lamentable accident occurred opposite New Westminster. Four men who tried to cross the river in a canoe were caught in the ice. The canoe was smashed and the men were thrown into the river. After struggling awhile, all were drowned in full view of the townspeople, who could render no assistance. Two are named Thos. Lewis and William Gillanders, well-to-do farmers, formerly of Ontario. The other two are Indians.
A LOCAL shipping firm has purchased a steamship in London for the coast trade of the Province. The first sea-going barque built in the Province is now constructing at Nanaimo for the lumber trade.
GREAT BRITAIN.
THE FINANCIAL CRISIS.
LONDON, January 30.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was \$24,000. The *Pall Mall Gazette* says the open discount market was perfectly demoralized, business being almost at a standstill. A Paris despatch reports that the Union Generale has suspended payment.
HELP FOR THE HEBREWS.
Rev. Dr. Adler, delegate of the Chief Rabbi, in a public address, has appealed to his hearers to help raise a million pounds to enable the Jews of Russia to emigrate to the United States or Canada.
The *Pall Mall Gazette* says it may now be considered almost certain that the bank rate of discount will promptly advance to 7 per cent. The report of the stoppage of the Union Generale, and the large withdrawal of gold from the Bank of England to-day caused a very weak tone in the Stock market.
IRELAND.
LONDON, January 30.—A Dublin letter says the real cause of the military reinforcements and police activity in Ireland is the extension of the number of secret societies in Limerick and Clare. The existence of these gives no credibility to the reports concerning a projected rising. They are purely agrarian and socialistic associations, supported by Irish-American funds. Informers appear to be plentiful.
DUBLIN, January 30.—The persons under arrest for outrages in Mill Street will be charged with treason and felony. There were five more arrested to-day under the Coercion Act at Castle Ireland.
The large failure reported on Saturday is that of Young & Gordon.
Mr. Foster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has started from Dublin for this city. Mr. Biggar has returned from Paris, and has issued a note to the Parnellites summoning them to attend a meeting on Monday.
Seventy-two packages of copies of the *United Irishman*, weighing two tons, were seized on their arrival in Folkestone Harbour to-day by the Customs authorities.
Mr. Lloyd, the magistrate of Clare, Limerick and Cork counties, telegraphs that the statement crediting him with having informed the authorities of a conspiracy in his district is entirely without foundation.
A despatch from Dublin states that a large force of military and police yesterday raided for arms, ammunition and other contraband papers were found and twenty arrests were made.
DUBLIN, January 31.—The Land Court has granted a conditional order in behalf of Landlady Stapoole for an attachment against E. Dwyer Gray for contempt of Court in commenting in a newspaper on cases pending in a Limerick Court.
Arrests were made in connection with the murder of process-server Huddy and Nephew.
FRANCE.
THE NEW MINISTRY.
PARIS, January 30.—The following is the new Ministry:—De Freycinet, President of the Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs; Jules Ferry, Public Instruction; Goblet, Interior and Worship; Humbert, Justice; Leon Say, Finance; Varray, Public Works; Billot, War; Jauriegiberry, Marine; Tirard, Commerce; Cochery, Posts and Telegraphs.
TREATIES BILL PASSED.
Gambetta took his seat in the Chamber of Deputies to-day among the members of the Left. Rouvier, late Minister of Commerce, introduced a Bill for a three months' prolongation of the existing treaties of commerce. Lebaudy, on behalf of the Committee appointed to consider the question, demanded that the report be postponed for 24 hours in order that the new Ministry might be present. Gambetta insisted upon an immediate solution of the question in view of engagements with foreign Governments. The Committee assented and the Bill passed.
FAVOURABLY RECEIVED.
Almost all the newspapers here speak in very favourable terms of the new Ministry. It is stated that in view of the claims lodged against it the Union Generale, acting on legal advice, suspended payment until the general meeting of shareholders on Friday. It is also stated that a judicial administrator of its affairs has been appointed.
BURSTING OF A RESERVOIR.
CALAIS, France, January 31.—A reservoir burst here to-day, and the torrents destroyed a school-house and two other buildings which were occupied. Few of the inmates escaped. The number lost is unknown, but thus far 27 bodies have been recovered from the ruins.
It has been decided that the Department of Agriculture will be separated from the Department of Commerce, and DeMabry has accepted the Ministry of Agriculture.
An outside broker suicided, having been unable to meet his liabilities. Unauthorized brokers lose \$32,000 by his death.
GERMANY.
PRUSSIAN AND IMPERIAL FINANCES.
BERLIN, January 30.—The session of the Reichstag closed to-day by Imperial message. In the Landtag the Minister of Finance announced that in consequence of modifications in the Imperial budget passed by the Reichstag, the matriculation contribution of Prussia to the Empire would be reduced 6,000,000 marks, and the projected loan of 5,000,000 marks be withdrawn.
UNITED STATES.
FALLING OFF IN EXPORTS.
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—The excess of exports of merchandise in December was \$9,783,000; December 1880, \$51,514,000. For the twelve months ended December, 1880, \$633,396,000; twelve months, 1880, \$192,876,000. Excess of imports of gold and silver for December, \$2,116,000; December, 1880, \$15,764,000. For the twelve months ended December, \$43,327,000, twelve months, 1880, \$69,229,000.
THE FUTURE OF GUITAUX.
Saville to-day received an offer of \$50,000 from St. Louis for Guitaux's body. A Philadelphia firm, who have a process of arresting decay in media, propose to take Guitaux's body as soon as he is hanged, subject to their process in a chest with glass sides, exposing it to view and then exhibit it in this country and Europe, giving to the relatives of the refrigerated corpse half the proceeds. Guitaux continues to receive wireless cheques for fabulous sums. Saville says he will hereafter dump his mail into the river to help to fill in the Potomac flats.
THE PERUVIAN BUSINESS.
The *Post* says it has authority for saying that Godoy, a member of the Chilean Cabinet, who arrived in this country on Friday, left Santiago as soon as they heard Trescott's mission had been sent. Godoy feared the effect of the mission, and was immediately sent to counteract its influence and keep the United States from intervening on behalf of Peru. When Godoy landed in New York he found Trescott's instructions were revoked and that his work had been done for him. The property taken from Peru is estimated at \$1,500,000. The cost of the war to Chili has been less than \$200,000, the larger part of which has been collected from Peru.
ANGLOPHOBIC DEMONSTRATION.
NEW YORK, January 30.—A mass meeting of workmen was held to-night to express sympathy with the agitation in Ireland. About fifty labour organizations were represented. The manifesto of the American workmen to the workmen of all countries was adopted. After approving the "no rent" doctrine, and hoping the year 1890 will be the last of landlordism, the manifesto declares that peaceful agitation is first to be tried, but that failing, all the "resources of civilization" will be resorted to. The appeal calls on the workmen of England to assist the Irish, and then appeals to the workmen of Germany, France, Italy, Austria, and all other countries, to aid the cause espoused by the Land League. A message was ordered to be telegraphed to Ireland.
ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.
Toronto, January 30.
In reply to Mr. Madill.
The Attorney-General said the question of widening and deepening the channel of the Severn River at the outlet of Lake Couchiching, with the object of lowering the waters of Lake Simcoe, was under consideration, but that the result of certain inquiries on the subject was not yet definitely known.
Mr. Madill moved, in connection with the subject, for copies of correspondence concerning the matter, and copies of the report of the surveyor appointed by the Government to take the necessary levels around Lake Simcoe and Couchiching.—Carried.
Mr. Creighton moved for an address for copies of correspondence, subsequent to that already brought down, between the Government of Ontario and the Government of Canada or the Government of Quebec with reference to the settlement of financial matters between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec and the Dominion of Canada.
Hon. Mr. Wood said the subject was not settled, but was in progress of negotiation still.
Hon. Mr. Morris moved for correspondence on the Boundary question; but, at the request of the Attorney-General, permitted the motion to stand.
Mr. Laurier moved for an order for a return of lands in Shuniah in arrears for taxes on February 10th, 1876, with names, &c.—Carried.
Mr. Laurier moved for an order of the House for a return in detail of all moneys expended on preparation of plans and otherwise regarding new Parliamentary Buildings.
THE SMITH MURDER MYSTERY.
SHELBURNE, Ont., January 30.—As intimated on Friday, very vigorous though ineffectual efforts are being made by the Sheriff for the missing revolver, but after all the finding of the pistol case is ever more valuable than if the revolver itself was brought to light, for there may be revolvers like the one in question; but as Mr. Hannah, hardware merchant, says the revolver he sold the prisoner was the only one sold out of a lot that was gotten in but a short time before the murder, so the pistol case found is the only one that ever left the store of Hannah & Ferguson bearing the private mark, so that this information forms the most important link in the chain of evidence against the boy. The pistol case found was found partially concealed in snow and ice under a tounge near the pump in the barnyard of the murdered man, and was revealed by the recent thaw which has been of great service to the detectives in the prosecution of investigations—for by the way this law-abiding community has been so shocked by the horrible crime—that every one is willing to render all the assistance possible, and already much valuable service has thus been contributed. Although the private mark upon the pistol case was written in pencil, and has become partially obliterated, the action of water, yet the mark though faint is still there, and can be recognized by any one. People who will let their hearts run away with their heads, who will let their clemency overcome their judgment, still cannot let themselves believe that the prisoner, John Smith, the semi-silly country lad of 15 summers, has done, either singly or otherwise, the ghastly work of the deliberate cold-blooded murder of his own uncle. But sometimes those of a lower order of intelligence, under trying circumstances, are calm and collected where others would be much disturbed. It need not be wondered at that the prisoner's intellectual capacity is of a low order, for we have recently learned that the boy's father was married to his own niece. It is not expected that anything of importance will transpire until the inquest is resumed on Wednesday next. This afternoon, the children of Mr. James Braiden were returning from school, in the vicinity of an old well on their father's place, they thought they observed something that looked like a small cardboard box, and on closer examination, called their uncle, who found that it was a cardboard box, and in it and close by were found some forty cartridges of No. 22 calibre. This was along the line of the boy's flight to Robert Watts', and the discovery is of special significance in the present inquiry. There has also been found in the wood-pile a small, round birch stick, about four feet long, and broken about a foot from the end, covered with blood and hair. No doubt this was the bludgeon that did the cruel work. Several other sticks of wood in the pile are marked with blood, indicating that the victim must have been clubbed at or near the wood pile.
FIRE REPORT.
PORT DALHOUSIE, January 30.—The dwelling house owned by Mrs. O. McMahon, of Niagara Falls, Ont., lately occupied by Robert Runcey, was consumed by fire about two a.m. on Sunday. The place was insured, but amount unknown. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary as the house had been unoccupied for several weeks past.
ATLANTA, January 30, 12 p.m.—Richter & Co.'s furniture store, Dohme & Duffys and A. Shannon's groceries, McNaught & Scrutchen, hardware; Liebman & Kaufman's trunk factory, Good & Co.'s harness factory, were burned. Loss, \$100,000.
SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.
AQUATICS.
ST. JOHN, N.B., January 30.—Walace Ross told a reporter to-day, after reading the telegram announcing Hanlan's refusal to row Trickett, that if he did not receive word from Hanlan within a week fixing the Hanlan-Ross race, to take place in England, that he would row the English boat all but would remain here and row the race in America. The *Times* has instructions to arrange a race for the *Sportman's* Cup with Hanlan, but Ross will not endanger his prospects by going over water.
BILLIARDS.
The billiard match between Vignaux and Slosson began this evening. Slosson made 600; average, 50. Vignaux, 340; average, 28.
CRIMES AND ACCIDENTS.
BELLEVILLE, Ill., January 30.—A boiler in a mill exploded to-day. Several persons were seriously injured. The mill was destroyed; damage, \$20,000; 200 men are out of employment.
QUEEN'S HALL.
MONTREAL PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY'S CONCERT.
The first concert of the season of the Montreal Philharmonic Society will be held in the Queen's Hall on Thursday evening next. The features of the programme will be—Mendelssohn's 42nd Psalm and Saint-Saens Oratorio de Noel. There will be 150 voices, under the able leadership of Prof. Couture. Mr. Reid Taylor, formerly a resident of Montreal and well known here, will assist, and render a solo. The Committee announce that no tickets will be sold to non-subscribers this season.
MR. JOHN MALE is cashier of the famous Schnader's Brewery and Garden, St. Louis, Mo., and he states that for some time he suffered severely from rheumatism which defied a number of remedies, and was, apparently, becoming chronic. Through advice of a friend he tried St. Jacobs Oil, and after applying it to the affected places found immediate relief. In a short time the alarming symptoms had disappeared, and to-day he considers himself completely free from the painful complaint, without likelihood of its recurrence. Yet he is never without a supply of this valuable panacea, and has it ready for use.

9-16 money; 99¢ account; 44¢, 11¢,
 5/8, 104; Erie, 40¢; Illinois Cotton, 127¢.
 Liverpool, January 30
 COTTON—11 30 a m — Moderate in
 quiet; freely supplied; Uplands, 61-16d;
 Orleans, 63-13d.

UNITED STATES
 Chicago, January 30
 WHEAT—9 30 a m — \$1 33¢ March, 9 40
 a m — \$1 33¢ March, 10 05¢ a m — \$1 33¢
 March, 10 12 a m — \$1 33 March, 10 19 a m —
 — \$1 32¢ 1/2 \$1 33 March, 10 24 a m — \$1 33
 March, 10 35 a m — \$1 33 March, 10 42 a m —
 a m — \$1 32 February, \$1 33 March, 10 42 a m —
 a m — \$1 32 February; \$1 33 March, 11 02 a m —
 a m — \$1 33 March, 11 19 a m — \$1 31

\$ 32¹/₂ March. 11 30 a m—\$1 32 January;
 \$1 32 February; \$1 33¹/₂ March. 11 41 a m—
 —\$1 31¹/₂ February; \$1 23¹/₂ March. 11 47
 a m—\$1 32¹/₂ March. 11 54 a m—\$1 31¹/₂
 February; \$1 32¹/₂ March. 11 58 a m—
 \$1 31 February; \$1 32¹/₂ March. 12 08 p m—
 —\$1 30¹/₂ February; \$1 32¹/₂ March. 12 15
 p m—\$1 32¹/₂ March. 12 29 p m—\$1 31¹/₂
 March. 12 34 p m—\$1 31¹/₂ March. 1 02
 p m—\$1 30¹/₂ January; \$1 30¹/₂ February;
 \$1 32 March. Afternoon Call—\$1 30¹/₂;
 \$1 31 @ \$1 31¹/₂ March.
 CORN — 9 30 a m—66¹/₂c May. 10 19
 a m—66¹/₂c May. 10 35 a m—66¹/₂c May.

May. 11 8 a m—60½¢ February; 66½¢
 May. 12 15 p m—60½¢ February 12 29
 1 p m—66½¢ May 12 31 p m—66¢ May
 1 03 p m—60½¢ asked January; 60½¢ Feb-
 ruary; 66½¢ May. Afternoon Call—60½¢
 asked January; 60½¢ February; 66¢ May.
 PORK—9 30 a m—\$18 2½ March. 9 40
 a m—\$18 40 March 9 50 a m—\$18 4½
 March 10 05 a m—\$18 30 bid February.
 10 12 a m—\$18 52½ March. 10 19 a m—
 \$18 47½ March. 10 24 a m—\$18 47½ March.
 11 02 a m—\$18 50 March. 11 13 a m—
 \$18 47½ March. 11 30 a m—\$18 50 March.
 11 41 a m—\$18 50 March. 11 47 a m—
 \$18 49½ March. 11 54 a m—\$18 40 March.

\$18 30 m—\$18 42 p m—\$18 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ March.
1 02 p m—\$18 05 asked January; \$18 07 $\frac{1}{2}$ February; \$18 02 $\frac{1}{2}$ March. 1 03 p m—
\$18 02 $\frac{1}{2}$ February; \$18 25 March.
LAKO—9 30 a m—\$11 30 March.
9 55 a m—\$11 40 March. 10 05 a m—
\$11 42 $\frac{1}{2}$ March. 10 19 a m—\$11 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ Feb-
ruary; \$18 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ March. 11 59 a m—\$11 35
March. 12 15 p m—\$11 35 March. 12 25
p m—\$11 15 February. 12 29 p m—
\$11 35 March. 12 34 p m—\$11 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Feb-
ruary. 12 42 p m—\$11 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ March. 1 02
p m—\$11 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ asked January; \$11 15 Feb-
ruary; \$11 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ March. 1 03 p m—\$11 12 $\frac{1}{2}$

March.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 34,000 bush; Corn 288,000 do; Oats, 133,000 do; Rye, 7,000 do; Barley, 33,000 do.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 18,000 bushels; Corn, 197,000 do; Oats, 108,090 do; Rye, 2,000 do; Barley, 2,000 do.

RECEIPTS—Pork, 675 brls; Lard, 371, 140 lbs; Cutsmeats, 547,490.

SHIPMENTS—Pork, 1,597 brls; Lard, 1,309,371 lbs; Cutsmeats, 358,037.

LOOSEMEATS—S C, \$9 30; S R, \$9 05; L C, \$8 90; Shoulders, \$6 15; D S S C, \$9 55; S R, \$9 30; L C, \$9 15; Shoulders, \$6 40; S P R, \$10 37.

10,000; Wheat, 3,900,000 bush; Corn, 465,000 do; Oats, 70,000 do.

HOGS—U S Yards—9-33 a m—Estimated receipts, 16,000. Official yesterday, 12,006; shipments, 6,525. Light Grades, \$6 30 @ \$6 65; \$6 65; Mixed Packers, \$6 15 @ \$6 65; Heavy Shipping, \$6 75 @ \$7 35.

CATTLE—Receipts, 2,600.

New York, January 30

GRAIN—10 30 a m—Wheat, No 2 red, sales, \$1 48½ March. 10 31 a m—Wheat, No 2 Red, \$1 45½ @ \$1 46 February; \$1 48½ bid March. 10 32 a m—Wheat, No 2 Red, \$1 48½ bid March. 10 50 a m—Wheat, No

March, \$3.01 to \$4.49; April, 2 1/2; 1/2
 \$4.83 May, 1.13 1/4 m—Wheat, No 2 red,
 \$1.48; March; \$1.47 bid May, Corn, 71c
 @ 71 1/2; March, 1.14 1/4 m—Wheat, No
 2, 1/2; bid April, 1.18 1/2 bid
 March; sales, 69 1/2; April, 12 1/2 m—
 Wheat, No 2 red, sales, 47 1/2 May, Corn,
 sales, 69 1/2 February; 70 1/2 March; 70 1/2
 May, 1.05 p m—Wheat, irregular, No 2
 red, \$1.45 1/2 cash; \$1.45 1/2 February; \$1.48
 March; \$1.49 April; \$1.47 May, Corn, sales
 at 69 1/2 @ 71 1/2. Oats, cereal, 1.22
 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2;
 \$1.47 asked May, 2 red, sales, \$1.48 March
 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2;
 1,100,000, closing, Chicago; \$2.30 1/2
 Milwaukee, \$1.38 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2;
 cash; \$1.44 February; \$1.47 March, sales
 \$1.48; April; \$1.47 May, Corn, sales
 150,000, closing, 69 1/2 @ 71 1/2; cash;
 February, 70 1/2; March; 71 1/2; April; 72 1/2;
 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2;
 Red, \$1.44 February; 1/2; 1/2; 1/2;
 Corn, 70 1/2 March, 3 1/2 p m—Wheat,

Wheat, No. 3 Red, \$1 44½ February; \$1 47
March; \$1 43½ April; \$1 47 May. Corn
69c February; 70½c March; 72c May.
FREIGHTS—3½d.
TALLOW—8c @ 8½c.
DRESSED HOGS—\$8 50 @ \$8 75 per
cwt.
PORK—11 13 a m—\$17 50 asked Janu-
ary; \$17 50 @ \$18 30 March.
LARD—11 13 a m—\$11 25 bid cash
\$11 25 Feb; \$11 35 February; \$11 45 @
\$11 43½ March.
EXPORTS—Flour, 5,996 bbls.; Wheat
25,659 bush; Corn, 15,555 do.
REGIONS

Wheat, 11,000 bushels; Corn, 45,000 do
Oats, 106,000 do; Rye, 2,000 do; Barley
14,000 do.

STOCKS—Wheat, 4,264,478 bush; Corn
4,212,020 do; Oats, 388,692 do; Rye, 131,
509 do; Barley, 48,156 do; Malt, 59,405 do
Peas, 382 do.

CATTLE—US Yards, 11 00 a m—Slow
at 10c @ 11c; receipts, 2,730. Sheep
slow at 5½c @ 6c; receipts, 5,755. Calves
lively at 8c @ 10c; receipts, 16c.

COTTON—1 00 p m—Unchanged.

Milwaukee, January 30

WHEAT—9 30 a m—\$1 32 February
\$1 33 March 9 50 a m—

RECEIPTS—Flour, 7,162 brls.; Wheat,
65,000 bush.; Corn, 16,000 do. Oats, 19,000

Montreal Herald

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 31.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY THOMAS J. POTTER.
Real Estate—At his rooms, at 10 a.m.

CONTENTS OF TO-DAY'S HERALD

First Page—Summary of News; Telegraphic Despatches, Canadian and Foreign, &c.
Second Page—Trade and Commerce.
Third Page—Commercial Continued, &c.
Fourth Page—Editorial—Minority Representation in Quebec; Closed Doors; The New French Ministry; The Hervey Institute, &c.
Fifth Page—Local News, &c.
Sixth Page—Bloody Chasm, &c.
Seventh Page—City Council, &c.
Eighth Page—Grand Trunk Railway; Centre Ward; One of the Curiosities of Civic Politics, &c.

MINORITY REPRESENTATION IN QUEBEC.

The morning organ of the Chapeau-Paquet Ministry makes a half-hearted apology for Mr. Wurtelle, the new Provincial Treasurer. We made no reference to Mr. Wurtelle's religious creed, but, without being at all complimentary to that gentleman, we may safely admit that Mr. Wurtelle is as much a Protestant as Mr. Chapeau is a Catholic. The late Treasurer, however, was regarded as the representative of the English-speaking minority of Quebec Province. Mr. Wurtelle cannot afford any such distinction. Even the certificate of Protestantism obtained from the Gazette will scarcely enable him to fill the bill. Mr. Wurtelle appears to base his claim to represent the English-speaking people upon the fact that his paternal ancestor came from Germany, over a century ago, and settled in the County of Yamaska, where his family soon became assimilated with their French-Canadian neighbours. As we have said, Mr. Wurtelle's sympathies and associations are French. He cannot even be considered as much an English representative as the Hon. John J. Ross, who, at least, bears an old-fashioned Scotch patronymic, but who never claims to be anything but what he is—a French-Canadian. This miscellaneousness of race and religion is often found very advantageous, particularly in a country like Canada, where the population is mixed. For instance, one family has been known to embrace representatives of almost every nationality and creed in the country. The respective members of such a household could thus assume to be Englishmen, Irishmen, Scotchmen, Frenchmen, Anglicans, Presbyterians, Methodists or Catholics, as political expediency or local surroundings might demand. One might flourish a shamrock and march in procession on St. Patrick's Day, while another could be equally demonstrative on the 12th of July, and in case of a faction fight, the house would probably be found divided against itself. Mr. Wurtelle is perhaps the most respectable member of the Provincial Ministry, but his claims to be recognized as the "English representative" cannot for a moment be entertained. We are not particularly wedded to the doctrine of representation by creed or nationality, but so long as the practice prevails, each class should see that it has a genuine representative or representatives in the councils of the country. Any politician may arrogate to himself the right to represent a particular class of people, whose sympathies, ambitions or requirements he may be totally ignorant of or indifferent to, but this is not the sort of representation with which the minority in Lower Canada are likely to be satisfied.

The Gazette assures us that Mr. Wurtelle enters the Ministry with "an honest and zealous determination to place the finances of the Province upon a satisfactory footing." What, pray, does this mean? The same paper has, for months, been asserting that the financial affairs of the Province are in a perfectly sound and healthy condition, and, if this be true, what zeal, labour or economic skill will be required, on Mr. Wurtelle's part, to "place the finances of the Province upon a satisfactory footing?" The Gazette's plea for the new Treasurer is, at best, a very serious reflection upon the management of the late Treasurer, as well as a confession that it has been guilty of misrepresenting the state of our Provincial finances. Unless the finances are now in an unsatisfactory state, how is Mr. Wurtelle to gain credit or popularity by placing them upon a "satisfactory footing?" We question whether Mr. Robertson will permit the insinuations of the Chapeau organs to go without explanation.

But even should Mr. Wurtelle's claims be questioned, the Gazette points, exultingly, to Mr. Lynch as the recognized champion of the "Protestant minority" in the Provincial Legislature. We are not informed as to whether Mr. Lynch feels flattered at the distinction conferred on him, but even his term of office is understood to be extremely precarious. Mr. Lynch holds his seat in the Legislature by the favour of less than a dozen voters of Brome County, and the Premier is known to be quite indifferent as to how soon the Solicitor-General places his portfolio at the disposal of the Government. There is a School Inspectorship in view, however, and until that is disposed of the "Protestant minority" must submit to be represented in the Provincial Cabinet by Mr. W. W. Lynch. And we are not disposed to believe that even his withdrawal would cause any undue excitement or alarm.

CLOSED DOORS.

Our contemporary the Witness mildly charges us with having departed from journalistic propriety by publishing the proposed changes in the curriculum of McGill University. Every

one who knows the Witness is aware that it is scrupulous almost to a fault in matters of newspaper etiquette. It never condescends to subterfuge in the gathering of news; it carefully weighs the information obtained by it with a view to ascertaining whether it is accurate; whether the public will be the better off in possessing it; whether it will wound the feelings or reputation of any one. Its reporters are strictly enjoined never to enter a building the doors of the main entrance to which they are not authorized to shout upon the house-tops. The Witness is the best ideal of correct journalistic deportment, and therefore very properly corrects the waywardness of less scrupulous brethren. We do not think, however, that the HERALD has done anything worthy of condemnation in respect of the matter which has called forth the rebuke. What was our offending, or alleged offending? That we gave publicity to personal or domestic matters? Or that we said what had no foundation in truth or perverted what was essentially true? Or that we were actuated by any other motive than to give the public all the information obtainable by us in a legitimate way? Not one of these charges can be brought home to us, for we are innocent of them all. We hardly know what our contemporary is complaining about, but this we do know, that the document to which it refers came to us without any craft or pressing solicitation, that no obstruction was placed in the way of our using it, and that it relates to matters on which it is in the last degree desirable that the public should be informed. It was the printed draft of a scheme for the reshaping of the course of study at the principal seat of learning in the Dominion of Canada; what was contemplated by those who prepared it and put it into type was not the making of a few trivial alterations in administration, but the adoption of an entirely new theory of collegiate education. We will not say now whether, in our opinion, such a change is advisable, but we do say that it is most undesirable that it should be made hastily, or until the public have had ample opportunity of acquainting themselves with and forming an opinion upon it. The students attending McGill come from all parts of the country and from the States; many of them, when they first think of entering upon a collegiate course, have before them a long term of laborious study before they can face the matriculation examination. They may spend a year or two, or more, in preparatory study, which they might find, in the end, to be labour lost, the curriculum having been modified by the University authorities, and the public not having been informed of the proposed changes or the student being advised as to what will be expected from him when he applies for entrance. We allow that meetings at which the administration of the affairs of a college alone are dealt with may properly be held with closed doors, but certainly not when the character of the instruction the institution offers is to be radically changed.

THE NEW FRENCH MINISTRY.

It is a maxim of English Constitutional law that the King's Government—or the Queen's Government, as the case may be, "must go on," and Republics are, with a difference of course of the deposit of supreme authority, under the same necessity of keeping alive if they can. Gambetta's fall has not put any very perceptible strain on the political system of France. There is some one even to take his place, at least temporarily, and no difficulty is found in finding successors for his inconspicuous colleagues. As we anticipated, M. De Freycinet has succeeded to the Premiership, and has been able—a thing we did not expect—to gather to his support a corps of coadjutors of known ability. M. Jules Ferry takes the portfolio of Public Instruction, M. Leon Say that of Finance, M. Billot, the Ministry of War, M. Tirard, Commerce. The announcement of the new Ministry is accompanied by that of the extension of the existing commercial treaties between France and England for three months. Whether this will open up the way to a renewal of the tariff negotiations remains to be seen.

THE HERVEY INSTITUTE.

RESULT OF THE INVESTIGATION.

Our readers will have remarked, no doubt, that the HERALD has abstained from taking a prominent part in the discussion which has lately been going on as to the alleged defects in the management of the Hervey Institute. It has all along appeared to us that the matters in question were such as might be most conveniently disposed of within its walls. It is true that the community at large is to some extent interested in what has been paraded as a "scandal," but not so largely as to call for the publicity it has had. From the outset we felt satisfied that, when the affair was fully inquired into and all the facts were brought out, the institution would be calmly re-established in the good opinion of its friends and the public generally, and we are glad to be able to express the opinion that the subject report will have this desirable result. We do not wish it to be understood that we approve of the modes of correction to which the Lady Superintendent resorted; on the contrary, we think that she was seriously in fault in inflicting punishments so obnoxious to public sentiment. Still, when it is remembered how many heads of families are perplexed to the last degree in deciding on the most effective discipline for their own children, some consideration should be had for the difficulties which beset the Directress of a large establishment of this sort. It was very natural that some sincere and valued friends of

the Institute should have thought the Matron's indiscretion so serious as to necessitate the dispensing with her services, and probably a portion of the public would have been gratified had she been summarily dismissed; but we are glad that other counsels prevailed, and that the Matron had an opportunity of defending herself; it is also satisfactory that she confessed she had erred in the objectionable course she had taken in the supervision of a Committee of twenty-two ladies, most of them well-known to and highly esteemed by the community at large for their Christian philanthropy, and we can imagine both the pain it must have given them to have aspersed east upon an Institution in which they have taken such a lively interest, and for which they have made so many sacrifices, and also the wish they had that a thorough investigation should be made. They were fortunate in securing the assistance of eleven of our most substantial citizens to make the desired inquiry. These gentlemen have not discharged their work in a perfunctory manner, but with an evident purpose of getting at all the facts, and the result is, as we had said, satisfactory. With the exception of the confessed indiscretion, the Matron has been proved to be an efficient Directress, energetic and kind, possessing the confidence of the Managing Committee, and, as we are assured, the affection of the children under her care. We quite approve of the recommendation to the framing of plain rules regarding punishment; no doubt this will be attended to. If we may venture a word of counsel, it is that the discussion terminate at this point and that the friends of the Institution go heart and soul into the work of building up the Hervey Institute, which is and should continue to be one of the most excellent of Montreal's many charities.

The following is the report of the Special Committee to which was referred the recent trouble in the Hervey Institute. Present—Chairman, J. L. Morris; Secretary, Dr. Andrew A. F. Gault, James Court, John Lovell, John Stirling, S. Carsley, David Morrice, Alexander Mooney, J. Murray Smith, Alexander Murray.

The Committee find, after an exhaustive investigation, that, with the exception of the first, none of the charges against the Matron, contained in Miss Hervey's letter, are substantiated.

With regard to the first, which is admitted by the Matron, this Committee is of opinion that the application of mustard as a punishment was an error of judgment on her part, inasmuch as such a mode of subduing even incontinent children is repugnant to public sentiment, but they do not, in the facts established, find any proof of a cruel nature, or of unfitness for the position she occupies. On the contrary, all the evidence goes to show that she is kind in her disposition, beloved by the children, and has been for years in the highest esteem by the Committee of Management.

The Committee find that this error in judgment on the part of the Matron was shared in by Miss Hervey and by two other members of the Ladies' Committee, to whom the first application was reported by the Matron, and who did not then ensure it, or forbid its continuance in similar cases.

Considering that this mode of punishment had continued for so short a time, had been productive of no injury to any of the children, and had been voluntarily abandoned by the Matron several weeks before it was made a charge against her, the Committee regrets that any one should have felt it a duty to excite in a portion of the public press such exaggerated and sensational reports, to the possible injury of an Institution which is one of the best managed in the city, and which has the personal care and supervision of so many well-known benevolent and kind-hearted ladies.

Another charge was brought before the Committee not mentioned in Miss Hervey's letter,—that of confining for a time otherwise unmanageable children in the furnace room and basement flat of the building. The Committee finds that this has been done, but without danger or injury to any one thus disciplined. In fact, it has been established that in the only case where any protracted confinement took place, the child could have obtained her release at any moment by giving up the key that she had concealed on her person.

The Committee, after the fullest inquiry, sustains the Ladies' Committee in the action they have taken, and with every confidence recommends the Hervey Institute to the continued support of the public.

They would, however, advise the Ladies' Committee to take up the question of what necessary punishments are to be permitted for the maintenance of discipline and good conduct among so many children, and lay down rules on the subject; and they would also suggest that it may be desirable to revert to the original intentions and practice of the founder, and admit girls only into the Institution.

Signed, JOHN L. MORRIS, Chairman.

S. J. ANDRES, Secretary.

Three members were not in favor of retaining the Matron.

On the presentation of the above report at the meeting of the Managing Committee yesterday, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved,—That the Report of the Gentlemen's Committee of Investigation, now submitted to this meeting, be received and filed by the Secretary with the records of the Institute; that the thanks of this meeting be given to the gentlemen for their patient investigations and that their Report be at once communicated to the press for publication.

Resolved,—That in receiving the Report of the Gentlemen's Committee of Investigation this meeting recommends that its suggestions be so considered and carried out as early as practicable, and further, that in adopting this resolution the Committee of Management desire to place upon record their very deep regret at the painful circumstances that have emerged—their sincere hope that any unpleasant feeling engendered may on all sides be forgiven and forgotten, and their earnest resolve by God's blessing to labour as a Committee unitedly and harmoniously, and with greater zeal than ever in promoting and furthering the best interests of the Institution.

The Hon. Mr. JOLY arrived in town last night from the west, and is a guest at the Windsor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE TUNNEL CO.

Yesterday morning Mr. J. B. Rouillard of this city, was officially notified that his tender for the construction of the St. Lawrence Tunnel had been accepted by the Directors. The contract provides that the whole work shall be completed by the year 1885. The tunnel will be from shore to shore, about 16,000 feet long, 22 feet wide, and 23 feet high, with a double track of steel rails. The greatest depth will be in the centre of the river, where the bed of the track will be 75 feet below the level of the banks. The gradients from each side to the middle will be less than 105 feet to the mile. The tender also calls for a perfect and permanent system of ventilation and drainage, and the tunnel is to be lighted with the electric light throughout. The cost of the construction is put down at \$3,905,000. Most of the heavy machinery required for the works, which cannot be supplied in Canada, is to be imported from England. The contractor by the terms of his agreement is to take any point on the south shore—for his entrance and exit of the tunnel—from the current of Longueuil to St. Lambert, and on the north shore from "Elmwood" to Hochelaga. He will be guided in his choice of place by the two supervising lines made for the Company by Mr. Walter Shandy. The organization of the staff and preliminary work is to be commenced at once. The annual meeting of the shareholders takes place on Wednesday, when all the plans, &c., will be submitted. The Company have also given notice that application will be made at the next meeting of the Local Legislature for certain amendments to its charter.

ANSWER THIS.

Did you ever know any person to be ill without inaction of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys, or did you ever know one who was well when either was obstructed or inactive; and did you ever know or hear of any case of the kind that Hop Bitters would not cure? Ask your neighbour the same question.—Times.

BIRTHS.

PATTERSON.—On the 29th inst., the wife of Mr. W. J. B. Patterson, of a son.
HOWARD.—On the 26th January, Mrs. Howard, wife of R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D., of a daughter.

DEATHS.

WALLIS.—Early on the morning of the 29th, Mr. S. H. Wallis, late of the Chicago & G.T.R., in the 38th year of his age.
Funeral from his late residence, 158 Metcalfe street, on Tuesday, the 31st, at 2 p.m. Service at St. George's Church. Friends will kindly accept this notice.

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.
J. B. SPARROW, - - - Manager.
FOUR NIGHTS and Saturday Matinee.
Commencing WEDNESDAY, FEB. 1.

HEALY'S

IRISH BRIGADE BAND AND ORCHESTRA.
Comedy and Specialty Company.
The only Irish Musical Company in the World!
Popular prices—25, 35 and 50c. Matinee, 25c. to all parts of the house.
January 28 24

ART ASSOCIATION
OF MONTREAL.

A LECTURE

Will be delivered in the Art Gallery,
On TUESDAY, the 31st of JANUARY,
At EIGHT p.m.,
By MR. J. HAMPDEN FIELD,

ON
"PHOTOGRAPHY."
WITH ILLUSTRATIONS.
Members admitted by ticket. Non-members, 25c.
January 25 S. ENGLISH, Secretary. 21

New Advertisements.

Desirable Residence
FOR SALE.

I am instructed by Mr. E. G. Penny to offer for sale the Residence of the late Hon. E. G. Penny, situated on the corner of St. Mark and St. Luke Streets; size of House, 42 feet front and 45 deep, containing spacious Drawing-rooms, Library, Sleeping Apartments, &c., &c., heated by furnace throughout. The house was built by its late owner for his own occupation, and everything about it is thoroughly substantial and well finished.

The Garden attached to the residence is well stocked with a choice selection of Fruit Trees. Total area of land about 30,000 feet.

R. K. THOMAS,
Real Estate Agent,
131 ST. JAMES STREET.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Contracts for Timber and Lumber.

Tenders are invited for the supply of Timber and Lumber required for the construction and repair of Rolling Stock for the ensuing year, commencing Feb. 1st. Specifications may be obtained on application to Mr. HERBERT WALLIS, Mechanical Superintendent, Montreal.

Tenders, endorsed, "Tenders for Timber and Lumber," will be received by the undersigned up to the 31st instant.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOSEPH HICKSON,
General Manager.
Montreal, January 21st, 1882 a 19

COOPER, FAIRMAN & CO.

AGENTS FOR:

JOHN H. ANDREW & CO., Sheffield.
GUTHRIE & CO., Iron and Steel
Wires, Oberhausen.

Importers of
STEEL AND IRON RAILS
BLOMS, BILLETS and SPIEGELEISEN
PLATES, BARS, BEAMS and CHANNEL
IRON
FISH BOLTS and SPIKES
SPECIAL STEEL for Mining purposes
INGERSOLL STEAM ROCK DRILLS
Do. AIR COMPRESSORS for do.

42 and 44 FOUNDLING STREET,
MONTREAL.

January 23 24

New Advertisements.

We are glad to state that our customers are taking advantage of the great reductions made in the following goods:

S. Carsley's Show Rooms!

IN THE SHAWL DEPARTMENT

We are just as busy as in the early part of the season. The prices tell as the following quotations will show:

Heavy Shawls reduced to only 80c, \$1.10 and \$1.35.
Heavy All-Wool Shawls reduced to only \$1.50 and \$2.
Extra Heavy Checked Shawls reduced to only \$1.50.

Splendid Velvet Finished Shawls reduced to only \$2.25.
Extra Heavy Camel's Hair Shawls reduced to only \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50.
A splendid lot of Heavy Reversible Shawls reduced prices from \$3.

A lot of very fine Shawls reduced to only \$1.50, worth \$6.50 and \$7.
A splendid range of Double Shawls reduced prices from \$4.
A large assortment of Vienna Wool Shawls reduced from \$9.00 to \$5.75.

All these are beautiful Shawls, and are only offered at these prices to make room for Spring Goods, so our advice to all is to buy Shawls cheap.

All our Winter Stock of Jackets, Ulsters, Dolmans, &c., are also offered at equally low prices, so come to Carsley's for all kinds of cheap Mantles.

Our Mantles are selling well. The reduced prices keeps us busy.

All Carsley's Skirts are also being offered at great reductions.
The largest assortment and cheapest Skirts in Canada are to be had at S. Carsley's. Felt Skirts in the greatest variety, reduced prices from 60c.

Quilted Skirts in every style and quality, reduced prices from \$1.15.
Carsley's for the cheapest Ladies' Cotton Underclothing.
Carsley's for cheap Muffs, prices from 95c.
Carsley's for cheap Squirrel Tail Boas, prices from \$1.25.

S. CARSLEY.

FIRST LOT!

Just received a few barrels "PIONEER"

BEET ROOT SUGAR

FROM
COATICOOK.

GRANULATED, 93 CENTS PER POUND

PATES!

PATE DE FOIS GRAS.

PLOVER, QUAIL & PARTRIDGE PATES.

VEAL & HAM PATES.

PORK PATES.

HAM & CHICKEN PATES.

SAVOURY PATES.

ALL FROM

CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

ALEX. MCGIBBON.

January 31 20

OFFICE KNIVES.

January 31 20

JUST RECEIVED

A Large Assortment of

Office Knives

Erasers AND

Pocket Knives

OF THE BEST ENGLISH MAKE.

FOR SALE BY

DAWSON BROTHERS,

159 to 165 St. James Street.

January 26 22

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the names and styles of HARTLAUB, SMITH & CO. and WINNING, BURCH & CO., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

CHS. HARTLAUB.

ANDREW WILSON SMITH.

January 26, 1882 m 26

BOSTON MARINE INSURANCE COY

Capital Paid In, \$1,000,000.

MARINE AND INLAND RISKS ONLY.

INSURANCE GRANTED, PAYABLE IN STERLING AT THE COUNTING-HOUSE OF

Messrs. BARING BROS. & CO.,

LONDON.

Amount Current for the Year Ending December 31, 1881.

Amount Insured \$89,015,644.00

Premiums Received \$1,628,667.31

INCOME.

Premiums earned and terminated \$1,308,445.36

Salvages and interest 142,879.88

CONTRA.

Losses paid, return Premiums, rebates, re-ins., and all other

expenditures \$1,208,707.89

Increased estimates for reported but unproven losses, over the

year 1880 145,156.00

Net gain for the year 100,642.44

STATISTICS.

Amount insured since organization \$358,541,868.00

Premiums received 7,001,018.11

Losses incurred 4,046,467.92

Capital paid in \$1,000,000

ASSETS.

Cash in Bank and on hand \$208,777.87

Cash with Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co. of London 175,083.16

United States Bonds 233,000.00

Railroad Bonds and Stocks 560,313.85

Boston and other New England City Bonds 129,704.00

Bank Stock 19,850.00

Loans on Mortgages 128,404.00

Loans secured by Collateral 310,120.31

Premium Notes 448,105.17

Due on Account (Boston, New York, London and Montreal Offices) 162,710.83

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and ready for payment \$20,847.47

All reported and supposed losses, proof of which has not been presented,

Estimated 266,706.00

Gross Premiums (at 100 p. c.) on all risks not terminated 653,158.92

Capital 1,000,000.00

Net Surplus 425,768.79

\$2,366,535.18

RANSOM B. FULLER, President.

THOMAS H. LORD, Secretary. HERBERT FULLER, Vice-President.

WARD WILLIAMS, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

S. C. BLANCHARD, BAKER MCNEAR, WILLIAM H. HILL, FRANK N. THAYER,

THOMAS DANA, RANSOM B. FULLER, H. J. BOARDMAN, F. H. ODIORNE,

M. F. PICKERING, JAMES LITTLEFIELD, GEORGE HINMAN, THOMAS H. LORD,

CHARLES F. PERRY.

OFFICES OF THE COMPANY.

BOSTON 17 State Street.

NEW YORK 43 Wall Street.

CHICAGO { T. H. WHITE, General Manager.

{ GEO. L. MCGURDY, Local Agent.

LOCAL NEWS.

PASTORAL VISIT.—His Lordship Bishop Fabre paid a pastoral visit to St. Gabriel's Parish on Sunday.

Two choice properties will be sold at the Real Estate Exchange, 71 St. James Street, this morning, at 10-30. Messrs. A. B. Stewart & Son are the auctioneers.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.—The number of patients treated for week ending 29th inst. were:—Out-door patients relieved, 778; in-door average daily, 140.

VISITING GOVERNORS.—Colonel John Dyke, C. M. G., and Mr. John Hutchison are the Visiting Governors this week at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge.

A GOOD MOVE.—The Directors of the Hudson Cotton Mill at Hochelaga intend, it is said, to build a Mechanics' Institute for the accommodation of their employees.

CONVERSATION.—A conversation, under the combined auspices of the Young Men's and Young Women's Associations of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church was held in the basement of the church last evening and was well attended.

A TEST CASE.—Mr. Hugh Mackay et al., through their counsel, Messrs. Mercier & Co., have entered a test suit of assumpsit before Judge Adams, against Mr. MacCort, the dry-goods merchant who disappeared some time ago, for \$10,731.70.

WE RECOMMEND ALL SMOKERS to try Hyman's Cut Plug. It is prepared from the finest and purest tobacco, and is the only Cut Plug tobacco that smokes mild and does not bite the tongue. To be had only at St. Hyman's, 308 Notre Dame Street.

ANOTHER SUSPECTED MURDERER.—It is reported that the authorities are on the look-out for information against a man who has been serving a term in the Penitentiary for robbery, for the murder of a man in one of the parishes near St. Julie in 1875.

THE ATTENTION OF CAPITALISTS is called to the Block of Brick Tenements, corner of Seigneur and Bonaventure streets, to be sold at the Real Estate Exchange, this morning, at 10-30, yielding a handsome revenue. A. B. Stewart & Son, auctioneers.

MANITOBA.—We have received a map of the city of Winnipeg and part of the parishes of St. Boniface and St. John from surveys made by Mr. G. McPhillips, Jr., D.L.S., showing all streets, railways and their positions, with the numbers of all the town lots.

FULLY COMMITTED.—The two men Coture and Vercaut, charged with stealing the bell of the steamer "Frigate," were brought before the Police Magistrate, yesterday morning, and fully committed to stand their trial at the next term of the Court of Queen's Bench.

STEALING A FUR CAP.—Two men named Adelaide and Ephraim Gagnon and a woman by the name of Emma Duchesne were arrested yesterday morning by Detective Arcand, on charge of stealing a fur cap from Mr. C. Godwin of St. Lawrence Market Street. They will be brought up in Court to-day.

PARVALENT.—Every variety of cold, influenza, neuralgia, and rheumatism, are now holding high carnival when they might be relieved by the old established remedy provided by Parvalent in the Caledonia Water, to be had in bottle at any grocer's, or by addressing the Grand Hotel Company at Caledonia Springs, Ont.

A WARNING.—Six persons, charged with not providing their horses with loud-sounding bells, appeared before the Recorder yesterday morning and were discharged with a reprimand. The police have received orders to arrest all drivers of sleighs not providing their horses with bells, and they will be heavily punished.

THE VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.—The Vigilance Committee are now beginning their work in earnest. A meeting of the French Committee was held at St. James' Roman Catholic Church last evening, and another will be held at the Notre Dame Church to-night, at which the members of the other sections are expected to be present.

The stone cottage, 47 Tupper street, was sold at Shaw & Gowdey's rooms, yesterday, at auction, for \$3,650 and expenses. Over \$5,000 was bid for the large stone dwelling, 39 St. Mark street, an advance on what was paid for a similar house in the same street a few days before. Shaw & Gowdey have a great many inquiries for investments in real estate.

STATEMENT OF OUT-DOOR RELIEF given at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, for week ending 28th January, 1882. The number of families relieved was 209, of which 123 were English, 37 French-Canadians, 14 Germans, 4 Norwegians, 3 Irish, 2 Swedes, 3 Russians, Dane and Pole 1 of each, 18 nationality uncertain. Total relieved, 209. 63 quarter-cords of wood given.

A PRINCELY FORTUNE.—A letter has been received by His Worship the Mayor, from a person signing himself Arthur Zyromski, Russian, asking about a fortune of \$50,000 sterling, which he supposes was left by his brother, Plodward, whom he has been told died in America in 1870, and that a gentleman in Montreal knows something about the brother and intends communicating with the claimant.

THE ABATOR QUESTION.—Certain of the butchers, it is reported, have now begun to have their cattle killed at St. Jean Baptiste Village, so as not to comply with the Abattoir. By-law, but it is intended to prosecute them for selling meat not bearing the Abattoir stamp, as the law is that no fresh meat slaughtered outside the public Abattoir shall be allowed to be sold for consumption within the city.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the Natural History Society was held last evening, the President, Principal Dawson, in the Chair. Some \$1 new members were elected to the Society. Mr. Ami then read a paper on some new specimens of fossils. The Chairman then gave some interesting facts in connection with the whale at present being showed in this city. After some further business the meeting adjourned.

REAL ESTATE.—Yesterday, Mr. Potter made an important sale of St. Paul street property at about \$4 per foot. Particulars will be given in his next report of sales. He also sold by authority of Justice, for estate late Mrs. D. Lewis, the wooden house, 1,001 St. Joseph street, St. Ceneude, lot 50x106, for \$1,650, including usual Court expense, to Mr. C. A. Briggs. Two St. Catherine street lots are also under offer, and will be sold this morning.

ST. LOUIS WARD.—On Saturday evening a large and influential deputation of the ward of St. Louis Ward waited on Ald. Dubuc, at his private residence, and presented him with a requisition signed by over 300 qualified electors of the Ward, requesting him to allow himself to be brought forward once more to represent the Ward at the forthcoming election. Ald. Dubuc, after mature deliberation, finally consented, and his supporters promised him, in case of opposition, which was not, however, expected, their hearty support.

VIGILANCE WORK.—The Rev. Cure Rousset, in his last sermon at the Notre Dame Cathedral, dwelt upon the temperance question, and spoke very strongly in favour of the work of the Vigilance Committees. He also urged the congregation to join in the good work, and remarked that he had been assured by the Magistrates that they would do all they could to abate the evil by diminishing the number of drinking places. Several of the Rev. Fathers at the other churches also expressed the same opinions.

BY SHAW & GOWDEY. GRAND AUCTION SALE — OF — MANITOBA PROPERTY

WE ARE FAVOURED WITH INSTRUCTIONS FROM

The Hon. GILBERT McMICKEN, Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba,

TO OFFER AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ON

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY FIRST,

At our Rooms, No. 235 ST. JAMES STREET,

143--TOWN LOTS--143

In the Prosperous Town of Nelsonville, Manitoba.

NELSONVILLE is situated in Section 35, Township 3, Range 6, West, and in the centre of the most productive portion of the North-West Territory, and from the importance of its position there is no doubt but what it will be the railroad centre of Southern Manitoba.

The Manitoba and South-Western Railway is located directly through the Property to be offered, and the Canadian Pacific Railway have located at a point very close to the Town.

There are, at present, from 600 to 800 inhabitants in Nelsonville, and the Buildings and Business include a Good Live Newspaper, The Manitowish, three Fine Churches, the Government Land Office, and Extensive Brick Yards, employing 35 men. A large Grain Mill, Dry Goods and Grocery Stores, Boot and Shoe Stores, Crockery Store, Butcher Shops, etc., etc., and there is no doubt but what Nelsonville has a grand future.

TITLE PERFECT. TERMS LIBERAL.

Sale at 2.30 p.m., and 7.30 p.m.

SHAW & GOWDEY,
Auctioneers.

January 28

24

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE.—Statement for week ending January 28, 1882.—Number of permanent inmates, males, 39; number of permanent inmates, females, 21; number of temporary inmates, males, 53; number of temporary inmates, females, 9; total, 113. Number of night lodgings given in Night Refuge: Males, 336; females, 29; boys, 7; girls, 0; total, 372. Number of quarts of soup and extra meals distributed: Night Refuge poor, 1,111; out-door poor, 138; total, 1,249.

LA FILLE DU REGIMENT.—The members of the Choir of the Church of the Gesu have decided to give a grand Concert in this city about Easter holidays, at which will be presented the grand opera entitled "La Fille du Regiment," which was performed by the same choir fifteen years ago at the Crystal Palace, and was a grand success, over 6,000 persons being present. The best professional and amateur talent of the city will be represented. The well-known reputation of this choir is enough to ensure the success of the concert. The entertainment will be under the skillful direction of Mr. J. A. Boucher.

GO-AS-YOU-PLEASE.—An hour go-as-you-please race for persons who have never won a prize at skating, took place last evening at the Prince of Wales Skating Rink. The race started punctually at 8.20, and was well contested, there being 26 entries. The prize winners were:—1st, J. Monette, 14 miles, 4 laps, prize silver medal; 2nd, G. Smith, 13 miles, 11 laps, silver locket; 3rd, J. Hayes, 13 miles, 9 laps, pair of Thompson skates. There was a band in attendance during the evening. The whole affair passed off to the credit of Mr. Stenhouse, the proprietor.

We hear of fortunes being made every day in Manitoba. One people, for instance, just waking up to the fact that with the enormous emigration to that country this coming spring, values must go even higher. A great many are inquiring about the property belonging to the Hon. Mr. McMicken, situated in Nelsonville, advertised to be sold at Shaw & Gowdey's rooms to-morrow, the agent, Mr. Colclough, an old Montrealler, arrived yesterday from Winnipeg, and will be happy to see all his old friends at the sale, which he states will be totally unreserved.

THAT ALLIED MURDER.—Yesterday morning six more depositions were made in the Police Court in connection with the alleged murder of the girl Emma Hamilton by the two McKennas and Liverolls. The depositions taken were those of Sergeants Egan and Bouchard and Constables Lortie, Giard, Paquin, and Lefebvre, of the City Police Force. The statements made by all these officers were to the effect that on the day of the alleged murder the girl came to the Station McKenna and Liverolls, who were covered with blood, and that she was then sent to the Hospital by the Police. The prisoners have been further remanded.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.—The Superintendent of St. Andrew's Home acknowledges with thanks the following donations:—1 sheep, Mr. Geo. Macne, Q. C.; 1 parcel clothing, Wm. Seath, Esq.; 1 barrel oatmeal, result of Currier's Race between four Canadians and four Scotchmen; accounts for repairs (\$2). John Bulmer, Esq.; 4 bags potatoes, from a friend. The Treasurer of the Montreal General Hospital acknowledges with thanks the receipt of \$63.64, subscriptions of the employees of the Montreal and G. N. W. Telegraph Co., and \$5, subscriptions of the employees of J. H. Jones & Co. of McGill street. The Board of Out-Door Relief acknowledges with thanks a donation of \$5 from a friend. The Superintendent of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges with thanks the following donations:—H. W. Walker, cut-off clothing; Mrs. W. Hooy, cut-off clothing; Miss Henderson, cut-off clothing; Fish & Game Inspector, a basket of salmon trout.

ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY.—Two men, named George Smith and F. X. Charest, have been arrested by the Police on a charge of stealing the sum of \$127 from a man named Fairclough. They will be brought before the Magistrate for examination. It seems that on Sunday evening Fairclough entered a place on Craig, near Jacques Cartier street, and asked for liquor, which he was refused. While in the place he carelessly pulled out a roll of bills which he had, and this act was noticed by three men who were present. He then left and got into a cab in waiting. When he had done this the three men, who had followed him out, jumped into the cab and managed to take the money from him and they made their escape. Fairclough went to the Central Station and made his complaint yesterday when Detective Gladu started out on a search, and after energetic efforts, succeeded in arresting two of the men, Smith and Charest, in a place on St. Paul street. The third party has not yet been arrested.

MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.—A musical and literary entertainment under the auspices of the Church of St. John the Evangelist was held in Lindsay Hall, St. Catherine street, last evening. The Chair was occupied by Mr. E. Lusher, and there was a large audience present. The first

piece on the programme was a piano duet by the Misses Lusher, which was well performed. A song was then given by Mr. Roberts, followed by a reading, "A Modern Sermon," by Mr. J. Smith. Mr. Hatt then gave a violin solo, which was excellently rendered, and Mr. Hawksley sang "Simon the Cellarer," which was loudly and deservedly applauded by the audience. A song was given by Mrs. May and Mr. J. Smith read a humorous piece entitled "Col. Sellers," after which Miss Lusher sang "The Lost Chord," being accompanied on the violin by Mr. Hatt. Miss Lusher was loudly cheered by the appreciative audience. Songs were then given by Mr. Roberts, Mrs. May and Mr. Hawksley, and the choice programme concluded with a trio, "The Waltz Song," by the Misses Galsford and Lusher.

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City save Baggage Express and Carriage Hire and stop at Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot, 150 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to \$1 and upwards per day. European Plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

A delegation of boarding house keepers who went to see the play of "The Barber of Seville" at the Grand Union Hotel, declaring that the mixing of hash on the stage was a deliberate slur at them. It was evening. Three of them were killing a cat. One of them held a lantern, another held the cat, and a third jammed a pistol into the cat's ear and fired, shooting the man in the hand who held the cat, and the one with the lantern was wounded in the arm. The cat left when it saw how matters stood and that ill feeling was being engendered.

New Advertisements

NOTICE.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO.



PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the Company, will be held at their Office, 13 Bonaventure Street, On WEDNESDAY, 8th day of February, At TEN o'clock A.M.

For the purpose of Electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such business as may legally come before the meeting. By order of the Directors. EDWARD SCOTT, Secretary. January 28 m 24

BIRTHDAY CARDS!

BIRTHDAY CARDS!

I invite inspection of my beautiful collection of

RICH AND ELEGANT BIRTHDAY CARDS,

Comprising over FOUR HUNDRED NEW DESIGNS. The only complete Variety in Montreal.

Orders from a distance promptly filled.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

And 1397 ST. CATHERINE STREET. (Next door to Walter Paul's Grocery Store.)

January 17 14

MANITOBA PROPERTY.

WANTED TO PURCHASE

Winnipeg and Emerson

CITY LOTS,

AND

MANITOBA FARMS.

Apply to

H. H. GEDDES,

269 St. Francois Xavier Street. January 11 22

Auction Sales.

BY SHAW & GOWDEY.

To Property Owners

Sales of Real Estate by auction will continue to form a prominent part of our business. Our sales during the past year in this line have more than doubled and were very successful.

Every detail peculiar to sales of Real Estate carefully attended to. Cadastral plans at our office and all requisite information as to values, &c., cheerfully given. Office and sales rooms, 235 St. James Street, nearly opposite Ottawa Hotel.

SHAW & GOWDEY,
Real Estate and General Auctioneers.
January 7 6

Miscellaneous.

TO THE MUSICAL PUBLIC.

I have much pleasure in announcing that I have been entrusted with the Agency for the Province of Quebec for the justly celebrated Square and Upright Pianos of

MASON & RISCH.

OF TORONTO.

which, for tone, touch, finish, original design and durability, are unsurpassed by any instrument manufactured on this Continent. They have won the unstinted praise and admiration of some of the greatest musicians and artists who have visited Canada, and from the highest musical authority in the world, the great Maestro Franz Liszt, to whom one of these instruments was submitted for inspection, at Weimar, Germany, by Messrs. Mason & Risch. I invite the Professors, Lovers of Music and intending purchasers to examine these superb instruments at the ROSENKRANZ PIANO WAREHOUSES, in the Art Gallery Building, and assure themselves of the high position which Messrs. Mason & Risch have attained in this important department of Art Manufacture, and of the fact that Canada now produces its own high-class Pianos, and that it is no longer necessary for Canadians to buy or patronize Pianos of American manufacture.

CHARLES MARTIN,
ART GALLERY BUILDING, corner St. Catherine street and Phillips' square, Sole Agent for the Dominion for the celebrated Rosenkrantz Pianos, and for the Province of Quebec for the Mason & Risch Pianos and the Clough & Warren Organs.

October 21 252

COALS! COALS!

We are now prepared to take orders for Cargoes of the well-known

CALEDONIA MINE COAL

for delivery during season of navigation. This Coal was used during the past year by some of our largest consumers, and was highly approved of. We will quote f.o.b. at the Mines or delivered at any point in Canada.

J. & R. McLEA,

AGENTS,

8 Common Street.

January 27 23

INTENDING COMPETITORS

Prizes offered by this Society and M. H. Gault, Esq., M.P., open to Amateurs only, are notified to make their Entries not later than TUESDAY NEXT, 31st inst.

The prizes are for Greenhouses, Window Gardens and Warden or Fern Cases. The competition for the prizes offered by Mr. Gault is confined to mechanics and working men.

HENRY S. EVANS, Sec. and Treas.
January 28 m 24

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Butchers and to the public of the City of Montreal, that on and after the 3rd day of FEBRUARY next, all persons offering for sale in the said city FRESH MEAT, without bearing the stamp of the Inspector appointed for Public Abattoirs, shall be prosecuted according to the provisions of Section 9 of the By-law 129, concerning the said Abattoirs, ("Dressed Hogs brought in Winter" from foreign parts, and Farmers' Meat excepted).

HERCULE PARADIS,
Chief of Police.
January 28 b 24

New Advertisements

Atlantic & North-West Railway Co

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Atlantic & North-West Railway Company will be held at the offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Montreal, on

Wednesday, 1st day of February, 1882

At TWELVE o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the Directors, transacting the business of the Company, whether general or special, and electing Directors for the ensuing year. HARRY CUTT, Secretary. Montreal, 28th December, 1881 IF 313

THE CANADIAN SECURITIES COMPANY, (Limited).

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company, for the Election of Officers and the transaction of other business, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 151 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal, on

Wednesday, the 1st day of Feb'y. next, At THREE o'clock P.M.

T. W. RICHIE, Managing Director. Montreal, 28th January, 1882 m 25

NOTICE.

The Royal Canadian Insurance Co.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held on THURSDAY, the Second of FEBRUARY next, in the Company's Office, No. 160 St. James Street, at TWO o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the Annual Report, for the Election of Directors, and for other purposes.

A Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. has been declared, and will be payable at this Office on and after the 15th of FEBRUARY next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from this date until the FIFTEENTH (15th) of FEBRUARY next, inclusive. ARTHUR GAGNON, Secretary. Office Royal Can. Ins. Co., Montreal, 18th January, 1882. 15

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the

Guarantee Company of

North America

will be held at the Office of the Company, 260 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal, On FRIDAY, 3rd FEBRUARY, 1882, At TWELVE o'clock noon.

For the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, the Election of Directors and general purposes of the Company. By order of the Board. EDWARD RAWLINGS, General Manager. Montreal, 24th January, 1882 21

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the

Accident Insurance Company of

North America

will be held at the Office of the Company, 260 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal, On FRIDAY, 3rd FEBRUARY, 1882, At THREE o'clock p.m.

For the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, the Election of three Directors, and general purposes of the Company. By order of the Board. EDWARD RAWLINGS, General Manager. Montreal, 24th January, 1882 21

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Of the SHAREHOLDERS of the

V. Hudson Cotton Mills Co.

for the reception of the Annual Report, the Election of Directors and the transaction of general business, will be held at the MILLS, Hochelaga, on

TUESDAY, the 7th February next, At Half-past TWO p.m.

By order of the Board. F. C. CHARBONNEAU, Secretary. Montreal, 27th January, 1882 23

The Shedden Company

(LIMITED).

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting

Of the SHAREHOLDERS of THE SHEDDEN COMPANY (Limited), will be held at the Company's Office, 184 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal, on

Wednesday, the 8th day of February next, At THREE o'clock P.M.

For the purpose of Electing Directors for the current year, and transacting the ordinary business of the Company. HUGH PATON, Manager and Secretary. Montreal, 27th January, 1882 23

MONTREAL

Investment and Building Comp'y

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Of SHAREHOLDERS will be held on

Thursday, the Ninth day of February next, At THREE o'clock in the afternoon,

At the Office of the Company, No. 229 ST. JAMES STREET, for the Election of Directors and the transaction of business generally.

The Transfer Books will be closed until after the meeting. W. A. MERRY, Secretary. Montreal, January 27, 1882 87 SF 24

MONEY TO LEND

At 6 PER CENT.

PAPINEAU, DURAND & MARIN, N.P.

32 St. James Street. January 28 de 24

AUCTION SALES.

BY JOHN J. ARNTON.

Estate late Joseph Mackay.

Sale of a Magnificent Corner Emplacement.

141 feet on SHERBROOKE Street, 221 feet on SIMPSON Street, being

29,800 sq. ft. in superficies.

Sale by order of the Executor at my rooms on WEDNESDAY, 1st FEBRUARY, at ELEVEN o'clock. Situate on the north side of this fashionable thoroughfare, and on the highest part of it, the position is unrivalled.

Terms say: One-third cash, balance at 6 per cent. JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

Miscellaneous.

Clendinneng's Stoves!

BEST OF IRON.

ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS—ADAPTED TO THIS CLIMATE.

WROUGHT IRON COOKING RANGES,

COMBINATION FURNACES.

As I was not able to supply the demand last year, I have increased my facilities and added NEW PATTERNS.

Melting MORE IRON than any Foundry in the DOMINION, I can EXECUTE ORDERS PROMPTLY.

W. CLENDINNENG.

January 7 6

BURNELL'S

Four-Pointed Galvanized Steel Barb

WIRE FENCING.

MANUFACTURED BY

The Canada Wire Co.

H. R. IVES, President and Manager.

QUEEN STREET, Montreal.

Send for Circulars and Price Lists. January 11 9

THE CITY COUNCIL.

THE BY-LAW CONCERNING THE CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY PASSED BY THE COUNCIL IN 1881. RE-AFFIRMED.

The adjourned special meeting of the City Council to discuss the motion of Ald. Stephens to adopt the interim report of the Special Committee on Street Locomotion, was held yesterday afternoon, when three members present, viz. the Mayor, Ald. Grenier, and Ald. Gilman, Hood, Donovan, Allard, Mooney, Thos. Wilson, Proctor, Gauthier, Dubuc, McCord, Kennedy, Thibault, J. C. Wilson, Beauchamp, Hagar, Jeannotte, Fairbairn, Prevost, Farrell, Stephens, Brown, Laberge and Tansy.

Ald. ALLARD continued his remarks. He called the attention of the Council to the fact that if they passed the City Passenger Railway Company with too heavy taxes, the Company would have to give up business. From reports from the city of Belleville, he had learned that the street railway of that place was not a paying concern, and in the city of Halifax the street railway Company had to sell their tracks for old iron. He said that the street railway system of Montreal was not complete; they needed tracks on streets where they now had simply single tracks at present double tracks were required. He had feared, but how the service might be improved, although they might not take the same means to attain it. He had no doubt but that Ald. Mooney thought the same as he did, although he might not vote the same on the question. The question before them was not what the Company's stock was worth, but how the service might be improved. As to the five cent fare no one had complained of that; even the newspapers, who were supposed to represent public opinion, had said nothing about the fare. He maintained that there was not a city in the world that owned their street railways, but this, he said, was a mistake; the Corporation of Manchester laid down the tracks and licensed vehicles to run on them. As far as buying the road was concerned, he maintained that they could not do so without authority from the Legislature. He thought it absurd for the Council to pass such a resolution, as the one proposed without consulting the City Attorney. He then proceeded to analyse the report under discussion. Referring to the improvement made in the service, he said that further improvements might have been made had been prevented by the action of the Council themselves. Whenever the C.P.R. was mentioned in the Council there were a certain number of Aldermen who invariably voted against the Company. (Cries of "Question.") He did not wish to name any gentlemen.

Ald. HOOD—Could you name the stock holders? (Cries of "Order, order.") Ald. GILMAN (continuing), said he did not want the C. P. R. to charge an extra amount in order that the Company might pay an increased tax to the city, as was the custom in Baltimore. The city ought not to get a revenue out of the Company by increasing the fares. He found that those gentlemen who kept crying out that it was cheap enough, left the Council some time ago because they could not get them to carry passengers for four cents. The Chairman of the Special Committee had said they might do so at Baltimore, but in that city they collected five cents for the Company, and one cent for the city. But they must remember that this would hurt the poor people of the city, and not those gentlemen who were able to drive in their carriages, and never patronized the cars. In this interim report, it had advocated a reduction of the fare, but he thought that, as they considered the fare cheap enough, they should not interfere with the question. The report also spoke of the city taking over the street railways, but he maintained that this was wrong in principle; he most decidedly objected to the city having anything to do with the street railways. The street railways were certainly inadequate for the streets of the city, but it was the fault of the Council itself; the Corporation had asked for increased privileges from the Council in order to better the service, but they had been repeatedly refused. They did succeed in getting some privileges during the Exhibition; the Company now wanted to run a five-minute service on St. Joseph street. He concluded by saying that the Council should grant the Company increased privileges; they would have a service sufficient to meet all the requirements of the city.

Ald. LAURENT criticised the figures of Ald. Beauchamp as to the value of the C. P. R. property, instead of being worth only \$3,000,000 he maintained it was worth \$3,000,000 or \$9,000,000.

Ald. STANLEY asked Ald. Laurent how he made out that the property was worth so much.

Ald. J. C. WILSON disagreed with Ald. Laurent's remarks with reference to the valuation of the Company's property, and said the Committee, in presenting their report, had acted in good faith. He thought they were wandering away from the question under consideration; the question to be decided was whether the By-law of 1881 would be carried out, which provided that the Charter of the Company was given for forty years, but at the end of twenty years the Corporation, after giving certain notice to the Company, could order the Company to take up these tracks, because the privileges were only asked for during the Exhibition, and the fact that they did not ask them to take them up proved that they were willing to deal leniently. He said, again, the City Passenger Railway Company valuable franchises for which they should get better returns. On business principles alone the Company should pay something into the City Treasury for these privileges; they made \$50,000 or \$60,000 a year, and were able to do so because the Corporation would never give a put down tracks where the people desired them.

Ald. KENNEDY was very much amused at the members saying they wanted a better service. Everyone admitted that it appeared as if they could never get a settlement on the question; the C. P. R. had so many friends in the Council.

Ald. STANLEY—Hear, hear.

Ald. KENNEDY said that if the truth were known those who were thought to be opposed to the C. P. R. in the Council were the question of the valuation, the City Passenger Railway Company, he said, it was not a question of what the horses were worth last year or in 1877, but what would be their value when the agreement came to be made. He concluded by saying that the only time the C. P. R. had been asked to reduce the fare was when they were asked to reduce the fare between the hours of six and seven in the morning and six and seven in the evening, when the workingmen went to and from their work.

Ald. GRENIER said the President of the Company had been invited to confer with the Committee, but he was prevented from attending through sickness. As far as he (Ald. Grenier) was concerned, he could not see what good it would do to have the President of the C. P. R. Company had said to have met the Committee. There were two points to be considered, the first of which was accommodation; and it was for this purpose that the By-law was passed in 1881. If they re-affirmed that report of 1881, he was satisfied that in one year they would have better service, and in three years as good a service as they could desire. With reference to the financial report, he admitted that he had exaggerated this a little, but he had taken the figures from Ald. Laurent, who was conversant with the question. But he believed that the very least that experts would grant to the Company was \$500,000. He then went on to explain his estimate of \$800,000, and said that he was sure the Company were in a position to state that they had laid out over \$500,000 in material. He denied that the Council had power to borrow money to buy or lease the road, and maintained that it would be unfair for the Council to borrow \$500,000 or \$600,000 to buy the road, even if they had the right by law. The Company had done the best they could to serve the city, but they could not be heard by the Council as men beyond reproach. He then moved, seconded by Ald. Proctor, that all the words after "that" in the first line of the main motion be struck out and the following substituted:

"The arrangements with the Montreal City Passenger Railway Company, as contained in the By-law which was passed by the City Council on the 21st February, 1881 (a copy of which is herewith annexed), be now re-affirmed, subject to such modifications as may be required in Section 6, fixing the time within which such district is to be completed."

Ald. STANLEY rose to a point of order. The By-law was not on the Orders of the Day, and the main motion would need to be reconsidered first.

The Mayor decided that Ald. Grenier's amendment was in order.

Ald. HOOD was going to talk in a business point of view. There was no man in the Council that he respected more than Ald. Grenier, but he held that he (Ald. Grenier) had backed out of his first position.

Ald. GRENIER denied that he had done so. Ald. HOOD asked why it was that the By-law of 1881 was thrown over? He said it was simply because the French-Canadians did not ride on the cars but preferred to walk. He would support that By-law now, if the Company would accept it, and give them a better service. He said that the members of the Council should guard the interests of the city; they should come into the Council as men beyond reproach, and who would have nothing to do with stock-jobbing. He said that the C. P. R. had the whip-hand of the Council now, but if the Council bought the road they would then have the whip-hand of the Company. He was going to move that if a motion to buy the track was passed in the Council, the Company would accept the By-law inside of twenty-four hours.

Ald. MOONEY said that the annual visit of the C. P. R. question had now arrived, but before proceeding further, he would draw the attention of the Council to a stranger being in the room.

Ald. LAURENT immediately jumped to his feet and said that Ald. Thibault had a right to sit in the Council.

Ald. STANLEY said that Section 22 of the Municipal By-law provided that an Alderman who was absent from the meetings of the Council for two consecutive months, was disqualified, and Ald. Thibault had not attended a meeting of the Council since the 24th of October last.

Ald. GRENIER said that Ald. Stephens was right in saying that that was the law, but it had never been carried out, and he was sure a Court of Justice would not sustain Ald. Stephens' objection.

Ald. DONOVAN said it might be made a matter of litigation if Ald. Thibault's vote carried the resolution one way or another.

The Mayor said the Council had better vote on the question. It was the law.

Ald. ALLARD said that the Council could do nothing in the matter. If they wanted to disqualify Ald. Thibault they would have to go to a Court of Justice.

The matter was then brought to a close. Ald. MOONEY said the question to be considered was did the citizens want the Road? They did not want the road if they could get the service, but they could not get the service. In 1880 they asked the C. P. R. to take the By-law, and they threw it back in their face, while he did not consider fair. The citizens were crying out for a better service; it took forty minutes to go from St. Lambert's Hill to the Western end of the track, and they could walk the distance in less time. It did not make any difference whether it cost \$800,000 or \$500,000, if the citizens wanted a better service. He said that the C. P. R. Company were working with might and main to get Ald. Gilman returned to Council; of course, no doubt the President of the Company held Ald. Gilman in high esteem, but it showed the animus of the Company. They, as a Council, should take into consideration the interests of the citizens at large in preference to the Company. As far as the question of revenue was concerned, he maintained that the sum of \$100,000, which Ald. Grenier put in his By-law as the amount the Company was to pay for the use of the tracks, was a very small sum. The Corporation gave them the use of the streets of Montreal, and they should pay a reasonable sum of money for these privileges. The licensed vehicles paid more into the City Treasury than that. But if the Company would give them a better service, he would be willing to vote for Ald. Grenier's By-law. The voters paid \$50,000 into the City Treasury annually.

Ald. GRENIER—\$40,000.

Ald. MOONEY said that, taking Ald. Grenier's figures, the carfare paid \$40,000 a year to the city, while it was proposed only to exact \$100,000 in 25 years, which he considered manifestly unjust.

Ald. DONOVAN said he had always maintained that the city should own the tracks. He did not consider it right that they should bind posterity for 25 years. He said that his success at the coming election depended upon his vote. He said that Ald. Gilman would be left at home. He had been disgusted with the service which they had received, and he had no doubt that if the city were to take possession of the road they could find twenty capitalists ready to lease it. He said that the Corporation should have possession of all public property in the city.

Ald. LAURENT—The Gas Company for instance.

Ald. DONOVAN replied that if they had the running of the Gas Company themselves they would not have to pay so much for their gas. He was opposed to all monopolies. If they did not take advantage of the clause of the By-law of 1881 they would ever regret it. He would, therefore, vote for the main motion.

nothing to do with the amount subscribed; they would simply have to determine the value of the Company's property as it was brought under their notice. He said that during a conversation between himself and Ald. Grenier, that the latter said that the President of the C. P. R. Company had said that he would give \$100,000 to the members of the Corporation if the privileges they asked for were granted to them.

Ald. GRENIER indignantly replied that what was really said was that if the members of the Corporation thought the C. P. R. stock such splendid stock, the Company were ready to give them \$100,000 worth of it.

Ald. LAURENT spoke in favour of the amendment.

Ald. STANLEY then moved, seconded by Ald. Tansy, that the Council adjourn until Monday next, to continue the discussion on this question.

Ald. GILMAN moved in amendment, seconded by Ald. Grenier, that the Council adjourn until Wednesday, the 8th of February.

The amendment was lost by a vote of 9 to 16, and the motion of Ald. Stephens to adjourn was also lost by a vote of 12 to 13.

Ald. STANLEY, in reply, referred to Ald. Gilman's statement regarding the Baltimore roads, and reading from the report of the Baltimore C. P. R. showed that the fare there, after paying Park tax, was 44-50, and not 50, as Ald. Gilman stated. After replying to Ald. Allard's remarks about the valuation given by Ald. Beauchamp, and also to the trouble the Road Committee had with the C. P. R. while he was Chairman of that Committee, he proceeded to criticise the By-law passed in 1880, clause by clause.

With regard to section 31, he wished every member of the Council to understand that, if Ald. Grenier's amendment were carried, the Company would have a perpetual charter. Why not make the charter for 25 years? They ought not to put their successors in such a position as they would be in if they granted the charter to the Company for 40 years, for if it was such a bugbear for them to acquire a property worth \$300,000 now, what would they do when it would be worth \$3,000,000 or \$4,000,000? The Corporation would then have to deal with a monopoly owning all the avenues to the city, and other Companies desiring to create suburban railroads would be at the mercy of the C. P. R. He took exception to the manner in which the matter had been brought up, as the By-law was illegitimate, and should not be considered.

Ald. GRENIER expressed his surprise that Ald. Stephens should take exception to the mode of procedure.

Ald. STANLEY was about to continue, but was interrupted by a general discussion on the question of privilege and privilege, and certain remarks of Ald. Donovan and Ald. Gilman. Ald. Stephens sat down, and Ald. Tansy, having made a few remarks, urging the members to remember the reasons for which they were in the Council, adjourned.

Ald. FAIRBAIN moved a motion to adjourn, which was lost.

Ald. ALLARD moved the previous question.

Ald. STANLEY rose to a point of order, and claimed the right to speak.

Ald. GRENIER appealed from the Mayor's decision.

An excited discussion ensued, and Ald. Allard's motion for the previous question was withdrawn.

Ald. STANLEY then resumed his speech. He went on to review the terms of the By-law, and in conclusion, said there ought to be a proper By-law. The Aldermen in favour of the C. P. R. would carry their point in spite of the loyal opposition, but they should never be carried out, and he was sure that loyal opposition instead of treading them down.

Ald. HOOD asked Ald. Grenier if the amendment was in accord with the By-law of 1881?

Ald. GRENIER gave his word that it was.

Ald. HOOD said if that was the case he would vote for the amendment.

Ald. J. C. WILSON would not vote for the amendment, as he considered the 31st clause of the By-law equal to a perpetual charter.

After considerable uproar, the vote was taken on Ald. Grenier's amendment, which was carried on the following division:

Yeas—Ald. Laberge, Prevost, Jeannotte, Hagar, Thibault, Dubuc, Gauthier, Proctor, Thomas Wilson, Allard, Gilman, Laurent and Grenier—13.

Nays—Ald. Tansy, Brown, Stephens, Farrell, Fairbairn, Beauchamp, J. C. Wilson, Kennedy, McCord, Mooney, Donovan and Hood—12.

Ald. J. C. Wilson and other Aldermen then called for a vote on the main motion. Several motions to adjourn were also proposed.

The Mayor said the main motion would stand as rejected.

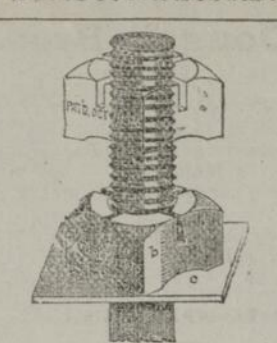
On motion of Ald. GILMAN, the Council then adjourned at eight o'clock.

FATHER IS GETTING WELL

My daughters say, "How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters." He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable, and we are so glad that he used your Bitters. A lady of Rochester, N. Y.—Union Herald.

JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a sure, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. It is the only one that cures without trifling use of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.
October 14 DW346

Miscellaneous.



THE ATWOOD SAFETY NUT

When turned hard on its bearings causes the slotted tops of the Nut to clasp the bolt and so remain fixed against any vibration. Unsurpassed on TRACK BOLTS and already in extensive demand.

JOHN TAYLOR & BROTHER,
No. 16 St. John Street,
MONTREAL.

November 7 266
USEFUL HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

We are now showing an assortment of Goods suitable for Presents, which, for elegance and usefulness, can be recommended to those desirous of making useful, as well as ornamental, presents to their friends. There are Fancy Card Receivers, in Bamboo, in Ebony and Gilt; Fancy Tables, in gilt and in wood, of different finish; Fancy Cabinets for hanging on the wall, of elegant design; Elegant Easy Chairs, of newest designs, including Platform Rocking Chairs, large and small; Horn Chairs, and our new Reclining Chairs, at \$25 each—something durable and comfortable.

FANCY CHILDREN'S CHAIRS of every description, in cane seat, perforated seat, and upholstered in leather; Children's and Misses' Bureaus, in colours; Hanging Hat-trees, of Horse-shoe and Anchor Patterns; and a variety of other Goods, which cannot be surpassed, either for price or quality.

We have this Stock on hand, and have marked it at figures which will move it away before the Holidays are over. That is our object.

Our Stock of Parlour and Bedroom Furniture is also very complete and being constantly replenished, but the goods in these lines are moving very fast this season.

Dining Tables and Chairs, Library Tables and Book-cases, Hat-trees, Davenport and Canterbury, in great variety.

Motto—Quick Sales and Light Profits. A call is respectfully requested.

OWEN MCGARVEY & SON,
7 & 11 St. Joseph Street, Montreal.
December 14 298

PICKLED FISH!
SMOKED FISH!

Daily Arriving
No. 1 BAY HERRING
HALF-BARRELS and BARRELS.

Medium Smoked Herring
IN BOXES

Tucked Smoked Herring
IN BOXES.

HARDING & HATWAY,
ST. JOHN, N.B.
October 6 299

CREEK WINES.

SANTE—Summer Wine.
BOUTZA—Sweet and delicate.
ST. ELIE—A most delicate Character.
FREDERICK KINGSTON,
WINE MERCHANT,
25 HOSPITAL STREET,
July 15 163

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
Sold by all Stationers and the World.

A. BEATTY'S PIANOFORTES—Magnificent and beautiful presents; square grand pianofortes, four very handsome round corners, rosewood cases, with elegant, Beaty's matchless iron frames, stool, book cover, boxed, \$227.75 to \$297.50; catalogue price, \$300 to \$350; standing grand pianofortes of the universe, as thousands testify; write for catalogue of testimonials; Beaty's cabinet organs, cathedral, church, chapel, parlour, \$30 upward; visitors welcome; free carriage trials; illustrated catalogue (holiday edition) free. Address or call upon **DANIEL F. BEATTY**, Washington, New Jersey.

The Best Field EMIGRANTS.

AN IMMENSE AREA OF RAILROAD AND GOVERNMENT LANDS, OF GREAT FERTILITY, WITHIN EASY REACH OF PERMANENT MARKET, AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, is now offered for sale in EASTERN OREGON AND EASTERN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

These lands form part of the great GR. IN BELT of the Pacific Slope, and are within an average distance of 250 to 300 miles from Portland, where steamships and sailing vessels are regularly loaded FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

GRAIN AT PORTLAND, OREGON, COMMANDS A PRICE EQUAL TO THAT OBTAINED IN CHICAGO.

The early completion of the Northern Pacific R.R. is not only a great benefit to settlers cheap and quick transportation and good markets both East and West. The opening of this new overland line to the Pacific, together with the construction of the network of 700 miles of railroad by the O. R. & N. Co. in the valleys of the great Columbia and its principal tributaries, renders certain a rapid increase in the value of the lands now open to purchase and settlement. There is every indication of an enormous movement of population to the Columbia River region in the immediate future.

LANDS SHOW AN AVERAGE YIELD OF 40 BUSHELS OF WHEAT PER ACRE. No failure of Crops ever known.

RAILROAD LANDS offered at the unit price of \$2.50 per acre.

CLIMATE MILD AND HEALTHY.

For pamphlets and maps, descriptive of country, its resources, climate, route of travel, rates and full information, address of the **UNITED STATES DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE**, Gen'l. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

\$777 A YEAR and expenses to Agents. Outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

Miscellaneous.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

FOR
1882!

Ledgers, Journals,

Cash Books, Day Books,

AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
BLANK BOOKS

Made to Order.

Full satisfaction, both as regards PRICES AND QUALITY, guaranteed.

All Work Done on the Premises.
Estimates Furnished.

"HERALD" OFFICE,
St. James Street.

December 2 288

MAGOR BROS. & CO.

REPRESENTING IN CANADA:

Messrs. KEEN, ROBINSON & CO., London, Eng.—Mustard, Blues and Spices.

Messrs. W. E. ATKINSON, London, Eng.—Perfumery.

Messrs. EDWARD PINK & SONS, London, Eng.—Pickles, Sauces, &c.

Messrs. W. D. HARVEY, London, Eng.—Pickles, Sauces, &c.

Mr. JOHN STEPHENS, Gloucester, Eng.—Pickles, Sauces, &c.

Messrs. GEO. NELSON, DALE & CO., London, Eng.—Gelatines.

Messrs. HUNTLEY & PALMERS, London and Reading, Eng.—Biscuits.

Mr. GEO. NIXEY, London, Eng.—Black Leads.

Mr. R. S. HUDSON, Liverpool, Eng.—Soap, Powders, &c.

Messrs. WM. HARLAND & SON, Merton Surrey, Eng.—Varnishes and Japans.

Messrs. COX BROS., Dundee—Grain and Flour Bags.

THE SOUTH DEVON TERRA COTTA WORKS,
Newton-Abbot and Torquay.

OFFICE:
18 FOUNDLING ST.,
MONTREAL.

December 24 307

GIBB & CO.

Being in WEEKLY RECEIPT of
NOVELTIES

IN
TAILORING & HABERDASHERY

Invite Inspection
December 8 293

Steel Rails!

Track Bolts,
Fish Plates.

PHOSPHOR BRONZE.
CAST IRON PIPE.

MIDDLETON & MEREDITH
17 St. John Street, Montreal.
July 21 6m 173

WILLIAM DOW & CO.

Brewers and Maltsters.

Superior Pale and Brown Malt; Indur Pale and other Ales, Extra Double and single Stout, in wood and bottle.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED.

The following bottles only are authorized to use our labels, viz:

Thos. J. Howard, 546 Dorchester at Jos. Virtue, 19 Aylmer street.

Thos. Ferguson, 289 St. Constant at Wm. Bishop, 479 LaCassiere at Thos. Kinsella, 105 Colborne street.

ORDERS RECEIVED BY TELEPHONE.

DAWES & CO.,

BREWERS AND MALTSTERS

INDIA PALE and XX MILD ALE, EXTRA and XXX STOUT PORTER (In Wood and Bottle).

Families Supplied.
LACHINE LAGER in Wood and Bottle

Office: 215 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL.

March 18 66

Jno. H. R. Molson & Bros

ALE and PORTER BREWERS,

256 St. Mary Street, MONTREAL.

Have always on hand the various kinds of

ALE and PORTER,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

FAMILIES REGULARLY SUPPLIED

ORDERS RECEIVED BY TELEPHONE.

Special Notice.

\$50 REWARD for the apprehension and conviction of the scoundrel that flung a stone (on the Grey Nun Street side) at one of the windows of the Cable Ciga Store.

8 DAVIS & SON

December 9 29

Miscellaneous.

Encore Whisky

SAFER THAN BRANDY.

Encore Whisky

PURER THAN BRANDY.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

The *Bobcaygeon Independent and Midland Counties Herald*, in a recent issue, says:—"Mr. Hickson manages the Grand Trunk with great ability, and in a general way he does all his spitting as gently as a sucking dove. But now and then he has to speak up plainly, and then it is that Mr. Hickson is seen to his best advantage in public. A week or two since the Grand Trunk was assailed by two citizens of Toronto, and to them Mr. Hickson replied in a letter in a Toronto paper, which completely shut them up. He drove his grey-goose shaft clean through them, and wrote a letter which was one of the best of his kind ever published in the Toronto papers. As the Grand Trunk is now working in harmony with the Midland, the people of this district take a deeper interest in that stupendous organization than was ever before the case. The agreement between the Grand Trunk and the Midland is no secret, though some people seem to think that there is a dreadfully deep plot somewhere by which the Grand Trunk has bought the Midland, and its amalgamation, and its officers, body and soul, for good and evil, for ever and ever. This is simply silliness. The agreement between the Midland and the Grand Trunk is as follows, as stated by the President of the Grand Trunk to the shareholders:—

"The agreement between the Grand Trunk and the Midland Amalgamation provides that the Grand Trunk Railway Company shall allow by way of rebate, out of its receipts on traffic exchanged with the Consolidated Company, a sum which shall be equal with the net earnings of the Toronto and Nipissing, and Grand Junction sections, and the surplus earnings of the Consolidated Company, to the payment of the interest upon the bond debt of those sections. The annual interest on the bonds on these sections at present issued is about \$25,000, and the average net earnings of the Toronto and Nipissing railway for the past six years have been sufficient to meet the annual interest on its bonds. The affiliation of such an important combination to the Grand Trunk system must result in great advantage to the Grand Trunk Company, in securing to it the traffic to which it is, from its position, legitimately entitled, and in preventing injurious competition, with which it has lately been openly threatened."

CENTRE WARD.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.
Sir—What has Alderman H. Watson done that he should be shoved out of the Centre Ward?
Certainly there are enough lawyers already in the Council, what we want is more practical business men.
It does not matter whether they are French or English-speaking.
Electors of the Centre Ward look at Alderman Watson's votes and you will find they were always on the right side. Why should a lawyer be elected by a ward which is essentially a commercial one.
Yours truly,
FRED. HOVDE.
Montreal, January 30, 1882.

ONE OF THE CURIOSITIES OF CIVIC POLITICS.

Any one who knows Mr. Thibault will recognize his genius in the letter which follows. It gurgles with tender sentiments, it glows with patriotic ardour, it glitters with metaphor, and it gladdens with the promise of his being silent for a while. Mr. Thibault, taken at his own showing, has drawn back the reckless city from the verge of ruin, and restoring and nurturing it made it worthy of itself—and of Thibault. There has been an economy in his salvation of us from destruction, as his attendance on Council meetings has been so rare as to suggest that he may have dropped in by accident. The letter is as follows:—

MR. THIBAUT TO HIS CONSTITUENTS.

Electors of St. Mary's Ward:—
Obliged to be often absent from the good city of Montreal, and knowing by experience that your interests require on the part of your Councilors assiduous attendance at the meetings of your City Council, I restore from the 1st of March next, in order to give you ample time to elect my successor, the trust which five years ago, after a memorable struggle, and amidst general enthusiasm, you confided to me.

The business of the Corporation was then in a bad condition; numerous abuses had slipped into the administration of Civic affairs; people spoke of tyrannical regulations, rash undertakings and scandalous contracts, &c., &c.
I have assisted to the utmost of my ability to reduce the expenses, diminish the taxes, to restore the equilibrium and re-establish order.

Without fear as without prejudice, without weakness as without hatred, I set my hand to the task.
From time to time, angry explosions took place in the Council or the offices connected with it. The storm was passing, but I was neither moved nor frightened. He who wishes to do his duty should be like a soldier on guard. Moreover, I was strong in your rights and fortified by your attachment and your support. I have tried to render you in service what you gave me in sympathy.

Now that circumstances oblige me to retire for the present from the arena, I feel that I cannot take leave of you, with whom I have lived so long in the most perfect harmony, without once more expressing to you my deepest gratitude. But while parting from you, allow me, gentlemen, to give you, once more, a friendly advice.

Your Ward, so patriotic, so Canadian, contains citizens of various nationalities. Be united. The Irish would be a power if you could make them your allies. They were my friends, for in their hearts patriotism never sleeps. I spoke to them of faith and of country. At these recollections they became enthusiasts in our cause, and gave us their support in our struggles.

English and Scotch are also entitled to gratitude. As good citizens, they like to encourage honesty and disinterestedness and a judicious criticism and a wise economy in public affairs. To me they were faithful.

The Englishman with his political views; the Scotchman with his indomitable energy; the Irishman with his devotedness, are powerful allies with whom French-Canadians should unite for the good government of our cities, our Province and our Dominion.

Let us be brothers and no longer rivals, except for the progress, the advancement and the honour of our common country.
Confide the municipal mandate only to disinterested men—men of honesty, of loyalty and of ability. In this consists your only guarantee for the proper employment of your monies, and the just and impartial administration of your affairs.

And now, while repeating my most sincere thanks, permit me to assure you,

electors of St. Mary's Ward, of my constant gratitude and unalterable attachment.
CHS. THIBAUT.
Montreal, January 30, 1882.

"LE MONDE" UNDER CENSORSHIP.

A few days ago *Le Monde* published a criticism upon the recent letters forwarded by Cardinal Simoni, Cardinal Prefect of the Propaganda, to His Grace the Archbishop of Quebec. *Le Monde's* criticism has been disapproved by Mgr. Fabre, Bishop of Montreal, as the following correspondence indicates:—

BISHOP'S PALACE, Jan. 27, 1882.

MR. EDITOR—I had charged a certain gentleman to meet you yesterday evening to signify to you on my behalf that I disapproved of the article published in *Le Monde* on the letter of His Eminence the Cardinal Prefect of the Propaganda. This gentleman was to have announced to you, moreover, that you had to disavow that article this very day; if not, that I should be under the painful necessity of taking severe measures with regard to your newspaper. As this gentleman did not find you in your office, I charge him by these presents to go ahead to see you to the same end.

Your most obedient servant,
EDOUARD CHS, Ev. de Montreal.
F. Houde, Esq. M.P.

MONTREAL, 27th January, 1882.

His Lordship Mgr. Ed. Chas. Fabre, Bishop of Montreal.

MONSIEUR—I regret not to have known before now to-day of the letter of your Lordship's Secretary and yesterday evening's date. One moment ago I was going to set out for the palace, in accordance with the request which had been made of me, when I received the letter in which your Lordship warns me to disavow the article in Thursday's *Monde* upon the letter of His Eminence Cardinal Simoni, without which your Lordship will take severe measures against my paper.

Not wishing to put myself at war with my Bishop, and, on the other hand, believing that I have fulfilled a duty which my conscience forbids me to repudiate, I remain to me one alternative to me, that of giving up journalism and of placing the proprietorship and the management of the *Monde* in the hands of other persons who, I hope, may render themselves more pleasing to your Lordship, while at the same time acting in accordance with their convictions.

In taking this determination, I am placing no obstacle in the way of what your Lordship looks upon as a duty to be performed, and I take at the same time the only means of remaining at ease with my conscience and retaining the freedom of the judgment which a Christian journalist has a right to claim, so it seems to me, in matters not pertaining to dogma. In order to give satisfaction to your Lordship, your letter will appear in the *Monde* of to-morrow, Saturday, together with the announcement of my retirement.

I have the honor, my Lord, to subscribe myself, with respect, Your Lordship's humble and obedient servant,
FRED. HOVDE.
P. S.—Friends of mine tell me that I should exercise my right of appealing to Rome. What have I to expect from the Prefect of the Propaganda after the treatment I have just seen him inflict upon Mgr. Ladéche and the Rev. Messrs. Moreau and Dumoulin? Others tell me that I am destroying my career. No more than myself understands or will feel the consequences of my determination from the point of view of temporal interests. But what more should I gain by allowing my paper to be denounced by His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal? Besides, I have never made use of my paper for personal ends, as my readers well know, and I do not wish to retain it for such ends alone. I may be ruined, but I shall not be dishonoured.

POLICE COURT STATISTICS.

The annual statistical report of the Police Court for the year 1881 has just been completed. We take the following figures from the report:—

Number of Plaints.....	2,227
Number of Judgments.....	1,435
Penalties imposed.....	\$9,941.04
BEFORE MR. C. A. DUGAS, P.M.	
Number of Plaints.....	1,279
Number of Judgments.....	993
Penalties imposed.....	\$3,185.40
BEFORE MR. C. DESROVRES, P.M.	
Number of Plaints.....	928
Number of Judgments.....	44
Penalties imposed.....	\$6,755.64

THE RESULT OF PRINCE BISMARCK'S POLICY.

The London *Spectator* hears from several sources, and indeed it is almost self-evident, that Prince Bismarck has quite made up his mind as to the course to be pursued with this refractory and, in his judgment, almost rebellious Parliament. The Chancellor has resolved to wait quietly, insist on nothing except his budgets, and watch, if it is for a few years of Parliament, five years, till public opinion comes round once more to him. The Liberals, it is calculated, will not venture to refuse supplies, and so produce administrative anarchy; and they can do nothing else, for votes of no confidence will be disregarded, and the Imperial vote will arrest all legislation suggested from below. The first thing that strikes one about this policy is the astonishing self-confidence of the Chancellor. If not, indeed, self-absorption. It would be a meaningless policy unless Prince Bismarck felt assured that he should live, that he should govern, that the next Emperor would support him as his present master does, that no great event could occur without yielding a triumph for him, and that the people, if irritated, would consider the Opposition its cause, to boot the Prince himself. A dynasty means to live for centuries, through all reverses of fortune; and some day or other the Hohenzollerns, if the present system goes on, will find themselves face to face with a people possessed of all power, but without trained leaders, unaccustomed to responsible debate, and ready to try, from sheer want of experience, any experiment, however reckless. Half the blunders of the French Constitutionalists which hurried on the Revolution and the Terror were due to ignorance. If, indeed, the German Chancellor were forming a group of Conservative Parliamentarians, or even of Conservative Ministers, the danger would be less, because victorious Liberalism would gain time to learn administration in Opposition; but notoriously, this is not the case. Under that mighty tree, nothing grows strong. Let Prince Bismarck succeed to the full, let him wait his five years in fullness of power, and still in all Germany in 1886 there will only be Prince Bismarck, then 73. Not one German of 50 will ever have seen another first-class statesman entrusted with power, or have been himself at once influential in debate and responsible for a department. Can it be even conceivably wise for a great country to run that risk?

AN ITALIAN TRAGEDY.

Considerable astonishment has been produced in the lately capital of Lombardy by the verdict recently pronounced by a Milanese jury in the following curious case. It appears that one evening last June, Teresina La Fiorina, a flower-girl of extraordinary beauty, was returning to her lodgings from a performance at the Renz Circus, when she stepped out of a cab at her door, a cloaked figure sprang upon her from the portico, with a menacing posture and then vanished in the darkness, having, however, contrived to inflict a severe wound on her right cheek, with one dexterous cut of a razor as he brushed past her. Uttering a piercing scream, she fell, bleeding profusely, to the ground, whence she was presently picked up and conveyed to the hospital, discharged for life. The police succeeded in discovering the author of this barbarous outrage, a Neapolitan by birth, who, strange to say, had no personal grudge against his victim, but had undertaken to mutilate her on behalf of a friend whom she had grievously offended. For some months previous to the catastrophe in question Teresina had carried on a liaison with a handsome young officer, as jealous as he was loving. Wearied at last of his jealousy, she threw him over, and openly transferred her affections to another of her many admirers. Driven to despair by her fickleness, the youthful Neapolitan confided his sorrows to a comrade, the Neapolitan above alluded to, who, observing that "in Naples it was the custom for jilted lovers to seek their peace," offered to act his friend's avenger, and did so with the result already stated. Incredible as it may appear, the jury before which he and his comrade were tried a few days ago acquitted both culprits, on the amazing ground that, "the impulses of jealousy being irresistible, as all men know, the accused could not be held responsible for actions committed under the influence of that overwhelming passion." A strange excuse for homicidal assault, says the *Telegraph*, has probably never figured among the "extenuating circumstances" that so frequently move French juries to the exercise of untimely and unjust leniency.

BEATTY, CHADWICK, BIGGAR & THOMSON
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Insolvency, &c.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.

OFFICES: OVER BANK OF TORONTO,
Corner of Wellington and Church Streets
TORONTO.

W. H. BEATTY. C. R. W. BIGGAR.
E. M. CHADWICK. D. E. THOMSON.
W. N. MILLER. T. G. BLACKSTOCK.
January 15 13

New Advertisements.

Day and Evening Classes
RESUMED AT
The Montreal College

Full Commercial Course, French English and Short-hand.

The Practical Department is now in successful operation. It combines Theory and Practice, and is designed to impart a sound Business Education. Actual business operations are conducted upon the Board of Trade principle, with the view of fitting young men and boys in the best possible manner for business life.

For particulars, apply at the College, corner of Place d'Armes and Notre Dame, or address
DAVIS & BUIE.
January 6 5

NOTICE.
"THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for Amendments to its Act of Incorporation, 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the Company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to Manufacture besides the articles referred to in said second section such other articles or things as the Company may deem advisable; also, to transmit messages by Telegraph as well as by Telephone; also, to purchase Telegraph as well as Telephone Lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its Telegraph and Telephone Lines from any one to any other of the Provinces of the Dominion; and whereby, also, it shall be declared that said Act of Incorporation and its Amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said Company.
Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 1m 17

DR. ROBERT'S
Celebrated Ointment,
CALLED
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbuts, eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles. It also entirely removes the foul smell arising from Cancer.
Sold in pots, 13d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.
Prepared only by BEACH AND BARNETT, COTT, Bridport, Dorset, England, and sold by all medicine Vendors.
January 10 6m t 7

PILULE ANTI-SCROPHULE OR
ALTERATIVE PILLS.

proved by more than sixty years' experience to be one of the best medicines for purifying the blood and restoring the system in all its operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, which may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.
Sold in Boxes at 13d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.
Prepared only by BEACH AND BARNETT, COTT, Bridport, Dorset, England, and sold by all medicine Vendors.
January 10 6m t 7

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE.

Is a Sure, Prompt and Effective Remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Stomachic Pain, Spasmodic, Nervous, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Weakness, rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tonic and Vigor to the Exhausted Generations. The experience of thousands proves it an UNVALUABLE REMEDY. The Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box contains sufficient for two weeks' medication, and is the cheapest and best. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at 50 cts. per box, or 12 boxes for \$5, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by addressing
MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.
Sold in Canada by all Druggists.
December 19 D&W 302

FOR SALE OR TO LET,
THAT SPLENDID VILLA,
"SOUVENIR" HOUSE,
THE RESIDENCE OF
C. J. COURSOL, ESQ., M.P.

This beautiful property is only partially within the City Limits, bounded on the north by Dorchester Street, on which it has a Carriage Entrance; on the south by St. Antoine Street, with Lodge and entrance through an Avenue of maple trees; on the west by Atwater Avenue; and on the east by the Mansions of John Hope and Henry Judah, Esquires.
For further particulars, apply to
ROBERT LANE,
Office Heirs H. F. A. Coursol,
10 Exchange Court.
January 4 3

Professional Cards.

MacDougall Bros.,

Stock Brokers.
69 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET
Buy and sell all securities quoted on New York Stock Exchange through their Agents Messrs. Prince & Whately.
Terms—Ten per cent margin on the par value.
Commission for buying 1 of one per cent. and same for selling.
December 29 311

JACKSON RAE,
OFFICE:
ROYAL INSURANCE CHAMBERS,
NOTRE DAME STREET.

GENERAL FINANCIAL INVESTMENT AND COMMISSION AGENT. MUNICIPAL OR OTHER BONDS AND STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD. LOANS ON MORTGAGES OR OTHER SECURITIES CREATED. ADVANCES ON STOCKS, MERCHANDISE OR COMMERCIAL PAPER NEGOTIATED.
April 12

BEATTY, CHADWICK, BIGGAR & THOMSON
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Insolvency, &c.

BEATTY, MILLER, BIGGAR & BLACKSTOCK,
Barristers, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.

OFFICES: OVER BANK OF TORONTO,
Corner of Wellington and Church Streets
TORONTO.

W. H. BEATTY. C. R. W. BIGGAR.
E. M. CHADWICK. D. E. THOMSON.
W. N. MILLER. T. G. BLACKSTOCK.
January 15 13

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Day and Evening Classes
RESUMED AT
The Montreal College

Full Commercial Course, French English and Short-hand.

The Practical Department is now in successful operation. It combines Theory and Practice, and is designed to impart a sound Business Education. Actual business operations are conducted upon the Board of Trade principle, with the view of fitting young men and boys in the best possible manner for business life.

For particulars, apply at the College, corner of Place d'Armes and Notre Dame, or address
DAVIS & BUIE.
January 6 5

NOTICE.
"THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA" will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for Amendments to its Act of Incorporation, 43rd Vic., ch. 67, whereby the Company shall be empowered to issue Bonds, for the purposes stated in the second section of said Act, in sums of not less than \$25 each, and to Manufacture besides the articles referred to in said second section such other articles or things as the Company may deem advisable; also, to transmit messages by Telegraph as well as by Telephone; also, to purchase Telegraph as well as Telephone Lines, and whereby it shall also be declared that the Company shall have power to extend its Telegraph and Telephone Lines from any one to any other of the Provinces of the Dominion; and whereby, also, it shall be declared that said Act of Incorporation and its Amendments and the works thereunder authorized are for the general advantage of Canada.

BETHUNE & BETHUNE,
Solicitors for said Company.
Montreal, 17th January, 1882. 1m 17

DR. ROBERT'S
Celebrated Ointment,
CALLED
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbuts, eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles. It also entirely removes the foul smell arising from Cancer.
Sold in pots, 13d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.
Prepared only by BEACH AND BARNETT, COTT, Bridport, Dorset, England, and sold by all medicine Vendors.
January 10 6m t 7

PILULE ANTI-SCROPHULE OR
ALTERATIVE PILLS.

proved by more than sixty years' experience to be one of the best medicines for purifying the blood and restoring the system in all its operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, which may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.
Sold in Boxes at 13d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.
Prepared only by BEACH AND BARNETT, COTT, Bridport, Dorset, England, and sold by all medicine Vendors.
January 10 6m t 7

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE.

Is a Sure, Prompt and Effective Remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Stomachic Pain, Spasmodic, Nervous, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Weakness, rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tonic and Vigor to the Exhausted Generations. The experience of thousands proves it an UNVALUABLE REMEDY. The Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box contains sufficient for two weeks' medication, and is the cheapest and best. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at 50 cts. per box, or 12 boxes for \$5, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by addressing
MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.
Sold in Canada by all Druggists.
December 19 D&W 302

FOR SALE OR TO LET,
THAT SPLENDID VILLA,
"SOUVENIR" HOUSE,
THE RESIDENCE OF
C. J. COURSOL, ESQ., M.P.

This beautiful property is only partially within the City Limits, bounded on the north by Dorchester Street, on which it has a Carriage Entrance; on the south by St. Antoine Street, with Lodge and entrance through an Avenue of maple trees; on the west by Atwater Avenue; and on the east by the Mansions of John Hope and Henry Judah, Esquires.
For further particulars, apply to
ROBERT LANE,
Office Heirs H. F. A. Coursol,
10 Exchange Court.
January 4 3

NOTICE.
Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate the Shareholders of the CANADA MUTUAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY, under the name of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, and to confer upon the said Company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other Telegraph Company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the Letters Patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for Applicants
Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 2m 304

NOTICE.
THE MONTREAL ABATTOIR COMPANY will apply at the next Session of the Quebec Legislature, for Amendments to its Charter concerning the management of the Company, and also for power to increase its Capital and issue Debentures.

BEIQUE, MCGOUN & EMARD,
Attys. of the said Company.
January 19 1m 16

FOR SALE.
In a good locality and good position in the East-End of the city, a small property with three frontages, forming the corner of Dorchester and Maisonneuve Streets and Munro Lane. Apply to J. McQUEEN, Herald Office.
November 11 270

INDIA OFFICE.
4th November, 1881.
\$5,600 WANTED
On a first-class West-End Property, 6 per cent. Apply to "Marsons" Herald Office.
December 24 307

Miscellaneous.

PARLIAMENT HOUSE

PRIVATE BILLS.
PARTIES intending to make application to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec for Private or Local Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights of property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the Rules of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly respectively (which are published in full in the "Quebec Official Gazette"), to give ONE MONTH'S NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Quebec Official Gazette," in the French and English languages, and also in a French and English newspaper published in the District affected, and to comply with the requirements therein mentioned, sending copies of the first and last of such notice to the Private Bill Office of each House, and any persons who shall make application shall within one week from the first publication of such notice in the "Official Gazette," forward a copy of the Bill, with the sum of one hundred dollars, to the Clerk of the Committee on Private Bills.
All petitions for PRIVATE BILLS must be presented within the "first two weeks" of the Session.
L. DELORME,
Clerk of the Assembly.
Quebec, 25th January, 1882. s 24

Five Per Cent. First Mortgage
Land Grant Bonds.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Principal payable in Gold in Montreal October 1, 1891.

Interest in Montreal, New York or London, in Gold,
APRIL 1 and OCTOBER 1.

ACCEPTED BY THE COMPANY AT 110 AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN PAYMENT OF LANDS.

Received by the Government on Deposit from Insurance Companies.

Price for the present, Par and Accrued Interest.

Application for these Bonds may be made to any of the undersigned, from whom also copies of the following papers may be obtained:—

Mortgage Deed of Trust to the Trustees,
WHO ARE
J. F. SMITHERS, Esq.,
HON. JOHN HAMILTON,
SAMUEL THORNE, Esq.

Official Memorandum of the Position and Prospects of the Railway.

Prospectus of the Bonds, giving full particulars.

The Bank of Montreal
AND ALL ITS BRANCHES.

J. S. KENNEDY & CO.,
NEW YORK.
January 9

Aylmer Street House Agency,
666 CRAIG STREET,
(Corner St. Peter Street.)
And 77 AYLMEY STREET.

TO PROPRIETORS OF HOUSES.

If you place your Houses, Stores, Offices, &c., in my hands to rent, I will endeavour to secure good tenants.
As I am only a House Agent, I devote the whole of my time to the Renting of Houses, Shops, &c., and the Collecting of Rents, &c.
My Office, 666 Craig Street, is central, and easy of access from East or West by the city cars, to parties seeking Houses, &c.
I am also prepared to undertake the care and management of Estates, &c.
Please send me the particulars of any House, Store, &c., you have to Rent, and I will see to putting up the lets and attend to the Renting.
Post Cards will receive immediate attention.
Terms—Renting each House, Office, &c., \$3.00. Collecting Rents, from 3 to 5 per cent.
I am at home from 7 to 9 P.M. to give information about the Houses, &c.
Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
CHARLES LISLEY,
77 Aylmer Street and 666 Craig Street.
January 24 1m ts 20

NOTICE.
Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate the Shareholders of the CANADA MUTUAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY, under the name of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, and to confer upon the said Company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other Telegraph Company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the Letters Patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for Applicants
Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 2m 304

NOTICE.
THE MONTREAL ABATTOIR COMPANY will apply at the next Session of the Quebec Legislature, for Amendments to its Charter concerning the management of the Company, and also for power to increase its Capital and issue Debentures.

BEIQUE, MCGOUN & EMARD,
Attys. of the said Company.
January 19 1m 16

FOR SALE.
In a good locality and good position in the East-End of the city, a small property with three frontages, forming the corner of Dorchester and Maisonneuve Streets and Munro Lane. Apply to J. McQUEEN, Herald Office.
November 11 270

INDIA OFFICE.
4th November, 1881.
\$5,600 WANTED
On a first-class West-End Property, 6 per cent. Apply to "Marsons" Herald Office.
December 24 307

NOTICE.
Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate the Shareholders of the CANADA MUTUAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY, under the name of the Canada Mutual Telegraph Company, and to confer upon the said Company all such powers and privileges as are now enjoyed or possessed by any other Telegraph Company carrying on business or incorporated in Canada, in addition to those conferred upon the said Canada Mutual Telegraph Company by the Letters Patent incorporating the same.

CARTER & CARTER,
Solicitors for Applicants
Montreal, 30th November, 1881. 2m 304

NOTICE.
THE MONTREAL ABATTOIR COMPANY will apply at the next Session of the Quebec Legislature, for Amendments to its Charter concerning the management of the Company, and also for power to increase its Capital and issue Debentures.

BEIQUE, MCGOUN & EMARD,
Attys. of the said Company.
January 19 1m 16

FOR SALE.
In a good locality and good position in the East-End of the city, a small property with three frontages, forming the corner of Dorchester and Maisonneuve Streets and Munro Lane. Apply to J. McQUEEN, Herald Office.
November 11 270

INDIA OFFICE.