

MONTREAL WEEKLY WITNESS

COMMERCIAL REVIEW AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

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THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

SUMMARY.

The Right Rev. Augustus Short, Bishop of Adelaide, Australia, is dead.
It is reported that Russia is about to contract a loan of 100,000,000 roubles.
The Earl and Princess of Wales have left Copenhagen for Sweden on a hunting excursion.
The British Admiralty have decided that colored men cannot enter the naval service without special sanction.
James McCully alias Gallagher, has been arrested in Newcastle in connection with the Glasgow dynamite conspiracy.
It is stated that the Queen of Madagascar has invited all the chiefs to the capital to decide upon the expediency of an agreement with France.

During the month of September the British imports decreased \$28,000 compared with September last year. The exports decreased \$127,000.
Mrs. Carey, the widow of James Carey the informer, is allowed a pension of twenty-five dollars per week by the English Government.
The King of Servia on Thursday suddenly dissolved the extra session of the Skuptchina, after a radical president and vice-president had been elected.

It is understood the United States Postmaster-General in his annual report will recommend the reduction of drop letter postage to one cent per ounce.
The election at Manchester on Thursday resulted as follows: Houldsworth (Conservative), 18,188; Dr. Parkhurst (Independent Radical and Bradlaughite), 6,216.
The *Out Deutsche Zeitung*, Berlin, says Nihilist proclamations have been issued solemnly sentencing the Czar to death because he has failed to grant liberty to the people.
Batholomew Binns, railway platelayer, of Dewbury, has been appointed to the office of public executioner. He has not assisted at any hanging, but says he has witnessed several.

A PAPAL DECREE is published ordering that all contracts between any portion of the Pope's household and parties outside shall be regulated solely by the pontifical law.
The matter of the exhumation of Shakspeare's remains has been settled. The City Council of Stratford-upon-Avon has passed a resolution condemning the disturbance of the grave.
The Queen's health is greatly improved. She takes long walks daily. Her cheerfulness has returned. She will remain in Balmoral till November, and has ceased to require medical advice.
It is understood that if a site can be secured for a Catholic College at Oxford, Mr. Hartwell Grissell, a cousin of the Marquis of Bute, will meet the expense of erecting suitable buildings.

The action of the Board of Aldermen, in refusing to ratify the election of Alderman Hadley as Lord Mayor, was not due to any political motive, but it is known that he lost money recently. Another reason is that he is a bachelor, and can provide no lady mayors.
The Watertown, N.Y., *Times* redwood correspondent, who reported the discovery of a bug destroying the meadows, called the attention of the State entomologists to the fact, and he reports it to be the cinch bug of the West. Efforts will be made to arrest its multiplication.
CAPTAIN HAINVEY, late of the English Navy has left London, having been engaged by the Chinese Government. A number of retired officers are following, it being the intention of the Government at Peking that the Chinese ironclad fleet shall be officered almost entirely by Europeans.

TWO SWISS OFFICERS sent to Savoy to ascertain whether the report was true that the French were erecting fortifications report that several military works have been constructed in the neutralized portion of that territory. The Government will make an energetic protest.
The steamer "Melbourne" arrived at Marseilles from New Caledonia with Joseph Smith, an informer in the Phoenix Park murder trials, who was not permitted to land at Melbourne. Smith was recognized at Marseilles, when he suddenly left the vessel, it is believed taking passage for China.
It has been ascertained that the students in the university in St. Petersburg were the authors of the recent riots at Dorpat and of the anti-Jewish riots at Constantinople and Tschaplanka. At the latter place the police were stoned and many wounded, and the Jewish priests insulted and driven from the town.

AT THE TRIAL in Geneva of the Misses Booth and Charlesworth and other members of the Salvation Army for disturbing the peace, they pleaded that they simply obeyed the dictates of their consciences. The public prosecutor demanded that they should be sentenced in accordance with the law. The prisoners were acquitted.
The South Australian Legislature have refused to join the other colonies in any joint action as to the annexation of New Guinea and the Pacific Islands. The Melbourne *Argus* attributes this refusal to the fact that Sir William Morgan is interested in the new company formed at Noumea. This, however, is denied by the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Bray.

TWO THOUSAND PERSONS were at the meeting in Newfoundland on Sunday to demand the Salvation Army's expulsion. The proceedings were orderly. A resolution demanding the expulsion of the English Salvationists was adopted. A Councillor of State who was present said the Council would do its duty and close the gates of Switzerland to those who were trading upon her hospitality.
A LIFE-SIZE statue of John Brown is to be placed on a pedestal erected in the grounds at Balmoral. The site selected by the Queen is to the south of the castle and the statue will be visible from its windows. A monument in memory of Brown is to be put up in the Prince Consort's mausoleum at Frogmore, and he will also be commemorated by a tablet in the nave of St. George's Chapel.

It is fully expected in Germany that Prince Alexander of Batsberg will not return to Brno, where his position has been most unpleasant. The Prince is believed to have made the most of his opportunities for feathering his nest, and it is common talk at Berlin that he has not only paid his own debts, but also those of his relatives. It is almost certain that Prince Vladimir of Denmark will be his successor.
AN INGENUOUS METHOD of raising the figures of the postal notes has been discovered in Washington. The fraud consists of punching from the high figure in the note a piece of paper of the proper shape and size to fill up a hole previously punched by the postmaster through the lower figure. The written words or figures are then removed by acids and the blank filled in to correspond with the punched figures. Some notes have been changed so skillfully that it is difficult to detect the alterations.

Mr. GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA, in commenting on the tremendous bill of the Russian Government, 115,000 roubles, for entertaining the press at the coronation festivities, says that neither English nor American journalists allowed the Russian Government to pay their expenses, but that correspondents of the Continental press sponged disgracefully on the Russian Government, living shamelessly at free quarters with carriages and horses and as much money as they could get and then asked for more.

CANADIAN.

IT IS REMEMBERED that Parliament will meet during the second week of January.
LATEST RETURNS from Algoma make Mr. Lyon's majority 145, with four polls still to be heard from.
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL and the Princess Louise will take their final departure from Ottawa on next Monday morning.
IT IS SAID the Postmaster-General of the United States is considering the subject of increasing the limit of weight on letter postage.

THE CARLETON COUNTY EXHIBITION at Bell's Corner, closed on Wednesday. It was the most successful exhibition ever held by the society, over 4,000 being present.
SIR JOHN MACDONALD left for Napanea on Wednesday morning, where he will remain until after the Lennox election case is tried, the hearing of which is set down for the 10th inst.
THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE of the Sabbath-School Association of Canada met in Toronto on Thursday night and completed arrangements for holding the eighteenth annual convention at Cobourg on the 23rd to 25th inst.

A NEW TRAFFIC ROUTE from Toronto to New York is projected by water to Niagara and a new short railway to a point on the Erie line. This would shorten the route a good deal as compared with the present round about one by way of Buffalo.
THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT is not at present considering applications for ranches in the North-West and it is understood will not grant any more leases for some time to come as there is a sufficiently large area now under lease to answer all purposes.
THE YOUNG LADIES who applied for and were refused permission to attend the lectures in University College have submitted the matter to a leading barrister as to whether a mandamus could be obtained to compel the College to admit them. If an unfavorable reply is given, application will be made to the Ontario Legislature.

DR. JAMES ANTHUR SEWELL, of Quebec, died on Tuesday after a few weeks' illness. Deceased was one of our most prominent physicians, and had been practicing nearly half a century. He had held a number of important offices, and was at the time of his death chairman of the Marine Hospital commissioners and Dean of Faculty of Medicine and Professor of Practice at Laval University.
IN THE COURT OF APPEALS, Toronto, on Saturday, in the case of McLean vs. the Canada Central Railway, their Lordships being equally divided in opinion, the appeal of the railway company was dismissed with costs. Plaintiff has twice obtained a verdict for \$100,000 for the burning of a quantity of lumber by a spark from an engine at Carleton Place. The case will be carried to the Supreme Court.

A VIRULENT TYPE of diphtheria has broken out in the west end of Toronto, attributed to food and overflowing water closets in the vicinity. Three members of Mr. Hilda's family, King street west, have been stricken with the disease, one dying on Wednesday. Stagnant and filthy water has been allowed to accumulate on one or two of the adjacent streets all summer and again has been prevalent.
THE MAGNIFICENT SHIELD made by Elkington, of London, for presentation to the Canadian militia from the British auxiliary forces, was received by Col. MacPherson, Treasurer of the Dominion Rifle Association on Friday. It is a long square solid silver shield resting on wood work; on the top a lion rests; in the centre is the polished shield and surrounding the whole is a wreath of acorns, leaves and nuts.

AT THE TORONTO ASSIZES recently one Monkhouse, a "brakesman," was awarded \$1,500 damages against the Grand Trunk, for severe injuries sustained owing to a frog near the Union Station not being packed. The company appealed and on Saturday judgment was given by the Court of Appeal, Toronto, allowing the appeal with costs, on the ground that the Act of the Legislature, providing that all frogs shall be packed, was not binding on a Dominion road.
A MEETING of Methodist ministers, exhorters and others was held in Toronto on Friday, when an association was formed under the name of the Methodist Evangelical Association, having for its objects the furtherance of any neglected work of population in the circuit with preaching, prayer, class and fellowship meetings, and to assist the superintendent of any circuit or station with needed laborers under his direction. It was hoped that Hamilton, London, Kingston, and other places would follow suit.

SATURDAY was nomination day in Westmoreland County, N.B., for the vacant seat in the Legislature. Mr. A. E. Killam, Government candidate, Mr. W. W. Wells, Opposition, and Dr. Gaudet, who, it was alleged, would support the Government, were nominated. An effort was made to have Messrs. Killam and Wells retire in Dr. Gaudet's favor, so that this county would have a French-Canadian representative. Mr. Killam was willing, but Mr. Wells refused. Dr. Gaudet then retired, and the contest will be between Messrs. Killam and Wells.
AN INFLUENTIAL DEPUTATION of both shades of politics from the Canada Land Law Amendment Association, waited upon the Attorney-General in Toronto on Saturday, asking him to introduce a bill at the coming session for the adoption of the Torrens system of land laws, now in force in Australia. The system was fully explained by Messrs. Mason, Jones and Holmsted. Mr. Mowat expressed himself in favor of the system, but did not think the public sufficiently educated here introducing a bill of the system to warrant him yet in the merits.

THE PRINCESS LOUISE has made a present to the National Gallery, Ottawa, of a copy of Benjamin West's celebrated picture, "The Death of Wolfe," the original of which belongs to the Duke of Westminster. Sir Hector Langevin, in a letter of acknowledgment, says: "I have communicated your letter to my colleagues, and have now to refer respectfully the most sincere thanks of the Government of Canada to Her Royal Highness the Princess for this important addition to our National Gallery. Her Royal Highness may rest assured that the people of Canada will never forget her kindness, and will cherish the memory of the Princess, who is now about to leave our shores, accompanied by the best wishes of us all for her future prosperity and happiness."
THE CAMP AT SUSSEX, N.B., broke up on Thursday afternoon with a review and sham fight. Gen. Lauder was present, and in a general order issued he said: "It has given great satisfaction to the Major-General commanding to see the manner in which the troops in camp at Sussex turned out for his inspection. So creditable a turn out could not have been accomplished without much trouble on the part of all ranks. To all, therefore, from the commanding officer and his staff, and the officers commanding regiments downwards, the Major-General expresses his hearty thanks." As a token of the honor from the camp were passing Coldbrook Station on Friday several hundred themselves discharging blank ammunition out of one of the car windows, and the contents of one of the rifles struck the Intercolonial Railway agent in the face, and it is feared, has destroyed the sight of one of his eyes.
THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of Ontario in connection with the Baptist Church was held in Ottawa, Saturday. Thursday the new Missionary Board of the Baptist Conference also met, when the question of appropriations was disposed of. The president, Mr. C. J. S. Phillips, was in the chair. An estimate having been made, it was found that about \$2,075 could be depended upon from the entire field, and the following sums were voted: Cornwall \$150 for six months, White Lake \$125 for six months, Arnprior and Fitzroy \$50 for three months, Arnprior and Carleton \$50 for six months, Arnprior (German) \$60 till 1st of January, Morrisburg \$150 for six months, Pembroke \$100 for six months, Papineauville \$100 for six months, Farmersville and Delta, North Lancaester, St. Andrews and Renfrew each \$100 for six months. The Rev. J. R. McEwen, of Cornwall, and Mr. A. A. Ayer, of Montreal, were appointed a deputation to visit Valleyfield and advise with the friends there who propose organizing a Baptist church. The meeting then adjourned to meet in Brockville in January next.
THE case of McLean, Roger & Co., OTTAWA, against the Government for damages caused by part of the Departmental printing, which they claimed should have been done by them, being given to other printers, has been decided and an award given against the Government for \$69,781. The claim arose under the contract entered into with McLean, Roger & Co. by the Mackenzie Government, as well as under the contract made since the present Government came into power. Both governments conceived that certain kinds of printing were not covered by the contract, and gave it to other printers. McLean, Roger & Co. claimed that they were entitled to all printing, both parliamentary and departmental. The present Government denied the claim, but a petition of right was allowed in the Exchequer Court, petitioners claiming \$200,000. The Exchequer Court gave judgment in their favor when the case was appealed to the Supreme Court, which decided that petitioners were entitled to damages for loss on the departmental printing given to other parties, but not on parliamentary printing so given, and the case was referred back to the Exchequer Court to amend the award. Messrs. Robert Casalis, Registrar of the Court, and Brown Chamberlin, Queen's Printers were appointed to examine the items of the claim and fix the amount of damage, and after a long and careful investigation, they have given an award for the sum named above.

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THE FUTURE OF THE DOMINION.—The *Times* of Thursday publishes a letter from Lord Castletown, describing his recent trip to the North-West over the Canadian Pacific Railway. The *Times* has an editorial on the same subject, showing the benefits which must follow the construction of the railway, and declaring that nothing short of superhuman influence is able to stop the Dominion from a career of prosperity.
THE FISHERY EXHIBITION.—The following special from London appears in the *Globe* of Friday: The awards of the fisheries exhibition judges are now under final consideration. From information from various quarters there are good grounds for believing that the official medals will be given to the exhibitors as follows:—First in stuffed fish, pickled fish, fish culture, refrigerators, fishing boat models and fishing tugs. There is a very close contest between Nova Scotia and Canada for the first position in dried fish. The relative positions have not yet been decided. Canada is strongly recommended for a prize for the fish breeding apparatus.

THE INSULT TO THE KING OF SPAIN.—NO END OF TROUBLE.
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THE Paris *Temps* says that one of the points raised by Senator Nanes in the note to M. Ferry and Chalmers-Lacour, referred to the absence of legal proceedings against the offenders, but France's reply renders agreement easy. The fact that Senator Nanes attended the performance at the theatre and sat in M. Ferry's box is regarded as a public affirmation of cordiality existing between the French and Spanish Cabinets. Gen. Thibaudin's resignation as Minister of War has materially contributed to the removal of difficulties between the two countries. Gen. Thibaudin in a letter to M. Ferry states that although the deliberate action of his enemies prevented his defending himself before the Chambers, he tenders his resignation with the same devotion to the republic as the public as he accepted of office. General Lewal is mentioned for Minister of War.

THE AMERICAN SCIENCE ASSOCIATION WILLING TO MEET AGAIN IN MONTREAL.
BUFFALO, Oct. 5.—There is some talk of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, which at its recent meeting at Minneapolis selected Philadelphia as the place of its next convention. In view of the forthcoming visit of the British Association to Montreal, also meeting the British brethren in Canada, and prominent members of the Association here say that if the British Association desires it will formulate an invitation, there is little doubt but that the American Association will respond heartily.

THE POPE WANTS HIS TEMPORAL POWER RESTORED.
The Pope, in an allocution upon receiving a large number of Italian pilgrims, on Sunday, invited the clergy and their flocks. A conspiracy of acts had reduced the Papacy to a condition of diplomatic isolation. The approaches of learned men proved that the Papacy was no enemy of Italy, but had always been actuated by sovereign benevolence. Civilized nations were invited to show their sympathy and strength. The real object of the sectarians in depriving the Pope of his temporal power was to strike a blow at the Church and rob Italy of her crown. The jury returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter. His Lordship sentenced Caffery to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.
A POOLISH WAR MINISTER.
PARIS, Oct. 4.—Illness was not the cause of the absence of Gen. Thibaudin, Minister of War, from the reception to Alfonso. He ostentatiously held aloof so that the glaring gap had to be filled by an interim Minister of War, who had to resign himself to the duty of informing M. Ferry of the deplorable effect of Gen. Thibaudin's conduct in political circles and upon European opinion. M. Ferry, who is backed by all the ministers, declares that he will never, with his consent, become Chief of the General Staff, as the whole army acknowledge he is unfit for the post. M. Ferry shares the opinion of the Chamber that the resignation of this question the President will not back him. M. Ferry thinks Gen. Thibaudin, by enacting measures against the *Evreans* rendered a serious blow to the Republic, which he other general would not probably have agreed to perform and which imposes upon the Cabinet an obligation not to dismiss him now that no similar service is required. If M. Ferry defers Gen. Thibaudin he certainly will also refuse to mix in any intrigues aiming at the overthrow of M. Ferry. It is certain Gen. Thibaudin has resolved not to resign.

A TERRIFYING EARTHQUAKE.
PANAMA, Sept. 26.—An earthquake with a loud detonation was felt on August 29th in Salvador, Columbia and Ecuador. A tidal wave occurred at Talcahuano, Chili, on August 27th. During the last week in August noises like that produced by continuous firing during a battle were heard within thirty miles of Panama in all the towns on the Bogota plain and at Manizales in Ecuador. The inhabitants believed lightning was going on. At Zepaquiara near Bogota and at Manabico in Ecuador troops turned out.

A BISHOP ON IRISH EMIGRATION.—WHAT THE CHURCH HAS LOST.
DUBLIN, Oct. 3.—At a meeting in Lougheed street on Tuesday the Rev. Dr. O'Connell, who has been for some time in America, and denounced severely State aided emigration.

JUH KILLED WHILE DRUNK.
CORRALITAS, Mex., Oct. 3.—The instant any juh, the notorious "A" chief, has been killed by falling from his horse while drunk and going over a precipice by the roadside.

THE ASSASSIN—HIS DEFENCE.
Mr. Sullivan, counsel, gives the following account of O'Donnell's defence. Till the day after he reached Castletown, O'Donnell says he never for a moment suspected Power to be Carey. Feeling that he was an Irishman he chummed with him and was kind to his children because they seemed in misery. He was further attracted to Carey by his moody, mysterious manner, and thought he was possibly a political outlaw. The day after they left the Cape it was rumored that Carey was on board. O'Donnell was so overcome by the idea that he had been giving his hand to and chumming with such a villain, that he lay awake all night brooding and groaning. He had had, as the Crown witness Greenough testified, at the Cape, a glass of brandy from the bar. Carey overboard had he suspected his identity. To draw Carey out he drank freely with him. The informer, suspecting something, charged on his manner and on going into the saloon for beer said, "What have you done with your pistol, O'Donnell? It made me nervous when you fired at those flying fish." O'Donnell replied, "I don't know what you are afraid of. Only a man who had something on his conscience would be afraid of that." Carey took a hectoring tone, and as some men will soon be ready to go off at half cock, O'Donnell, who took Carey's collar by his left hand and paralyzed him, Carey and Power, O'Donnell said, were from America where people don't wait to inquire into a man's intentions when his pistol is against your forehead. O'Donnell, an expert shot, fired and Carey fell. Carey staggered forward to pick up the weapon. Seeing this, Carey again fired. Mr. Sullivan pleads up his father's pistol. Mr. Sullivan hopes to a postponement of the trial to the 15th inst. for fresh evidence. Carey was arrested on the 15th inst. Mr. Sullivan, O'Donnell's counsel, has been instructed, however, to ask for a postponement until November, and it is believed that the Government will accede to the request to Port Elizabeth for all the witnesses likely to prove useful to the defence. The woman who passed as O'Donnell's wife will not be called.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Mr. Roger Pryor sailed today for England to assist in the defence of O'Donnell, the slayer of the informer Carey.
ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT.
ARREST OF A GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL IN HALIFAX.—A LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY UNACCOUNTED FOR.
HALIFAX, N.S., Oct. 5.—A great sensation was created on the streets by the announcement this evening that Robert Strathers, chief clerk in the auditing office here in the Canadian Finance Department, who, it is said, is charged with falsification of accounts and embezzlement, but the magnitude of the amounts was so great that for a time reports were disbelieved. Strathers, who arrived here on a shooting excursion to eastern parts of Halifax county, returned last evening, and this morning was sent for by Mr. Thomas D. Tims, chief financial officer of the Dominion, who arrived here on Wednesday evening. On reaching the office Mr. Tims charged Strathers with making false entries in his books in a manner calculated to defraud the Government. Strathers failed to account satisfactorily for this state of affairs and his immediate arrest was ordered. On leaving the building he was apprehended by Detective Power, and he accompanied the latter to the station. It is understood the amount involved in the charge is \$100,000. The authorities believe that, as the investigation is not yet complete, may increase this sum. Mr. Sydney Howe, auditor here, on being interviewed, declared that he had examined the books of the examination of Strathers' books was not yet over. He said he had discovered the irregularities about a week ago and at once sent for Mr. Tims, and the latter, on being informed of the matter, Mr. Tims declined to state in what manner the falsification would occur. Strathers was not allowed to leave the office, and he is anything further. Strathers, on being visited by a reporter, made a denial of any criminal intention, and said he was getting information in connection with the working of the auditing office. The only officials it was Mr. Howe and himself. No other officials were present through their absence of the Marine and Fisheries Department were counterchecked and returned; weekly statements were received from all the Government departments and a memorandum of the account with the Bank of Montreal, were forwarded to Ottawa. No Inspector was present from the Customs and Excise for the past four or five years. Since the beginning of the gold excitement in Nova Scotia several years ago Strathers has been in the habit of making large deposits of money in the bank, and he has expended about seven thousand dollars, and it is known that he has had a large sum of money in the bank. Until lately he lived extravagantly, driving one of the finest teams in East Halifax, and otherwise displaying evidences of expenditure more than he could account for. He is involved in debt to a large extent. On returning last night from his shooting trip he found a card in charge of his shooting party, and he was told that he had been arrested. To-day he requested a friend to pay the amount of rent due, so that this trouble would be avoided. Strathers will be retained before the Magistrate on Monday for examination.

KEEPING PEOPLE IN CHURCH.
ALMOST A CATASTROPHE.—A QUESTIONABLE PROCEEDING.
OTTAWA, Oct. 3.—The congregation of the Basilica is about equally divided between English and French, and the services are preached every Sabbath. Of late while the French discourse was being delivered the English speaking members of the congregation, from the front of the church, called out in a loud voice several occasions this irreverence, but the desired effect was not produced, and they decided to effectually check the excess of the disturbers and ordered the sexton to lock the doors and prevent any one leaving until the reverend gentlemen who were to preach in English was the signal for the retreat of the French, who fled up the aisles and made no room for the closed portals. They were ordered to the sexton, who, carrying out his instructions, refused them exit. In the general rush that followed, two persons fainted and had to be carried to the hospital. One of the French attempted to force the sexton, but the interference of a more peaceful friend prevented a scene. The Basilica authorities have given orders that in future the doors shall be locked before Mass has begun and not opened until the conclusion of the service.

A MURDERER'S SENTENCE.
COBURN, Oct. 4.—At the Assizes here today Judge James Caffery put on trial for murdering Hugh McDowell in Cobourg on the evening of September 1st. Both Caffery and McDowell lived in a tenement on King street, Cobourg. The murder was committed on the floor, being a shoemaker by trade, and the latter dwelling with his wife on the third floor above. On the day of the murder McDowell was out of the house, and his wife, who was six o'clock in the evening, when lying on his bed, was roused by Caffery, and at his solicitation went down to the shop where he was a printer by Caffery. Fifteen or twenty minutes after Mrs. McDowell heard her husband calling for assistance, and hastened down to find him on the first landing with a terrible wound in his chest. McDowell died next day, and Caffery, on being interrogated, said that a third party had done the deed, and described how the stabber was a young man, who was backed by the murderer, but the murderer himself, though rational enough to thoroughly understand his position, positively declined to make any statement, and he revealed the identity of the murderer, declaring he was not going to squeal now and get anyone into worse trouble than he was in, though he repeatedly said he would do so if he were not so afraid of the law. The jury returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter. His Lordship sentenced Caffery to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

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PARIS, Oct. 4.—Illness was not the cause of the absence of Gen. Thibaudin, Minister of War, from the reception to Alfonso. He ostentatiously held aloof so that the glaring gap had to be filled by an interim Minister of War, who had to resign himself to the duty of informing M. Ferry of the deplorable effect of Gen. Thibaudin's conduct in political circles and upon European opinion. M. Ferry, who is backed by all the ministers, declares that he will never, with his consent, become Chief of the General Staff, as the whole army acknowledge he is unfit for the post. M. Ferry shares the opinion of the Chamber that the resignation of this question the President will not back him. M. Ferry thinks Gen. Thibaudin, by enacting measures against the *Evreans* rendered a serious blow to the Republic, which he other general would not probably have agreed to perform and which imposes upon the Cabinet an obligation not to dismiss him now that no similar service is required. If M. Ferry defers Gen. Thibaudin he certainly will also refuse to mix in any intrigues aiming at the overthrow of M. Ferry. It is certain Gen. Thibaudin has resolved not to resign.

A TERRIFYING EARTHQUAKE.
PANAMA, Sept. 26.—An earthquake with a loud detonation was felt on August 29th in Salvador, Columbia and Ecuador. A tidal wave occurred at Talcahuano, Chili, on August 27th. During the last week in August noises like that produced by continuous firing during a battle were heard within thirty miles of Panama in all the towns on the Bogota plain and at Manizales in Ecuador. The inhabitants believed lightning was going on. At Zepaquiara near Bogota and at Manabico in Ecuador troops turned out.

A BISHOP ON IRISH EMIGRATION.—WHAT THE CHURCH HAS LOST.
DUBLIN, Oct. 3.—At a meeting in Lougheed street on Tuesday the Rev. Dr. O'Connell, who has been for some time in America, and denounced severely State aided emigration.

STATE OF IRELAND.
A SENATION PROMISED.
The *United Ireland*, of Dublin, the League organ, states that an official meeting will be held with the object of forming a National Convention, has been suspended, and that the cause of his suspension when known is likely to create a considerable sensation.
"THE WARRIERS" IN PRISON.
A ballad singer named Hyne was sentenced to imprisonment for a month, in Dublin, for singing praises of O'Donnell, calling upon all Irishmen to act towards other informers as O'Donnell did to Carey.
IT IS STATED that the informers in the Phoenix Park murder trials, who were not permitted to land in Malbourn, will go to India, where Carey decided to go, until he was dissuaded by the Government. Carey was given a clerkship in the new barracks at Kurrachee.
THE MURDER OF LORD MOUNTBATTEN.
A man named Hyne, who witnessed the murder of Lord Mountbatten, near Ballinrobe, in 1870, has turned informer and given the names of the assassins, some of whom have left the country.
THE PARRELL FUND.
The Parrell fund committee has received a draft for £1,652 from Dennis O'Connor at Chicago. The fund will close at the end of December, and it is expected that with donations from Australia, it will reach £30,000.
THE ASSASSINATION OF INFORMERS.
It is reported that an inviolable vengeance committee has been formed in Dublin for the purpose of punishing all informers. The committee is said, has paid up throughout the British colonies and in North and South America.

ORANGE AND GREEN.
Col. King Harman and Lord Arthur Hill, members of Parliament laid the foundation stone of the new Orange Hall in Belfast on Saturday. The number of Orangemen present was largest that has ever congregated there in twenty years. During the proceedings a stand collapsed, and several persons were seriously injured. The procession was attacked by a mob of Orangemen, who, it is said, smashed many persons being wounded. A lady in the convent, the windows of which were smashed by the Orangemen on Friday, has decided from the shock. She was ill at the time.
THE ACT OF A BARBARIAN.
While a special train was conveying Sir Stafford Northcote and party between Donaghadee and Portlough, a large stone was thrown through the window. It struck Lady Orlieon on the back, causing her to fall heavily. She fainted and sustained severe injuries.

AN INFAMOUS ORGANIZATION.—MURDER AND ROBBERY THE OBJECT.—SPEAKING DISCLOSURES PROBABLE.
WICKELM, West Va., Oct. 4.—Noah Kittle's confession of the crimes of an organization known as the Red Men attributes chief blame to the future in the Franco-American war, and organized the Red Men, and plotted mail robberies and other crimes. It is asserted plans were laid to kill the Supreme Judge of West Virginia, and a paper called the *Red Men*, an attorney of Barbours County; James Heathery, sheriff, and G. C. Sargent, editor of the paper at Philippi. The organization had been active for some time, and had been preparing to rob banks in the smaller towns Price, Howe and Hoffman, the ring leaders, are in jail at Clarkburg. It is expected starting in the near future, the authorities intend to divulge the names of the post office men implicated. Clarkburg, near which place four of six murders were committed, is a fever hot spot. It is estimated that several prominent persons will be arrested.

KEEPING PEOPLE IN CHURCH.
ALMOST A CATASTROPHE.—A QUESTIONABLE PROCEEDING.
OTTAWA, Oct. 3.—The congregation of the Basilica is about equally divided between English and French, and the services are preached every Sabbath. Of late while the French discourse was being delivered the English speaking members of the congregation, from the front of the church, called out in a loud voice several occasions this irreverence, but the desired effect was not produced, and they decided to effectually check the excess of the disturbers and ordered the sexton to lock the doors and prevent any one leaving until the reverend gentlemen who were to preach in English was the signal for the retreat of the French, who fled up the aisles and made no room for the closed portals. They were ordered to the sexton, who, carrying out his instructions, refused them exit. In the general rush that followed, two persons fainted and had to be carried to the hospital. One of the French attempted to force the sexton, but the interference of a more peaceful friend prevented a scene. The Basilica authorities have given orders that in future the doors shall be locked before Mass has begun and not opened until the conclusion of the service.

A MURDERER'S SENTENCE.
COBURN, Oct. 4.—At the Assizes here today Judge James Caffery put on trial for murdering Hugh McDowell in Cobourg on the evening of September 1st. Both Caffery and McDowell lived in a tenement on King street, Cobourg. The murder was committed on the floor, being a shoemaker by trade, and the latter dwelling with his wife on the third floor above. On the day of the murder McDowell was out of the house, and his wife, who was six o'clock in the evening, when lying on his bed, was roused by Caffery, and at his solicitation went down to the shop where he was a printer by Caffery. Fifteen or twenty minutes after Mrs. McDowell heard her husband calling for assistance, and hastened down to find him on the first landing with a terrible wound in his chest. McDowell died next day, and Caffery, on being interrogated, said that a third party had done the deed, and described how the stabber was a young man, who was backed by the murderer, but the murderer himself, though rational enough to thoroughly understand his position, positively declined to make any statement, and he revealed the identity of the murderer, declaring he was not going to squeal now and get anyone into worse trouble than he was in, though he repeatedly said he would do so if he were not so afraid of the law. The jury returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter. His Lordship sentenced Caffery to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

THE INSULT TO THE KING OF SPAIN.—NO END OF TROUBLE.
A Cabinet Council in Madrid on Thursday, the King presiding, discussed the question of diplomatic action in regard to the demonstrations in Paris. The great reserve is manifested as to the decision reached. The *Correspondence* states that the Government intend to take a firm line in Paris that the French policy was insufficient, and if France persists in her refusal to make a satisfactory declaration the Minister will be required to leave Paris. The King and Queen held a reception at which eighteen hundred persons attended, including several Frenchmen.
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Table with 2 columns: Subscription type (Daily Witness, Weekly Witness, Monthly Witness) and Rate (All in Advance).

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Quarterly Witness—per line first insertion, and 1/2 per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notice to Subscribers—When sending orders for the Witness, please specify the number of copies.

Number copies of Weekly Witness—32,500; Daily Witness—78,954; Messenger—59,700.

Total—171,154

ISSUED LAST WEEK: Number copies of Weekly Witness—32,500; Daily Witness—78,954; Messenger—59,700.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1885.

A UNANIMOUS UTTERANCE

The Board of Trade has decided unanimously, or at least without a dissenting voice, in favor of a postal telegraph system, or at least of a system of telegraphy under the management and control of the Government.

"FREEPROTRADECTION."

The Montreal Herald has of late occasionally pleased its readers very much by the brilliancy of its writing and the correctness of its views on things in general.

been disappointed, as prices are not only twenty to twenty-five cents below those of 1881, but they are even below those of last year, when the crops were good all over the world.

THE FARMERS PUT UPON.

The time has not yet come when judgment can be finally given as to the results of the National Policy. The boom is over it is true, but the reaction has only begun.

public chest and kept out. The clique is doomed in public opinion, and Mr. Mousseau's only chance of carrying on the government of the Province is by giving unmistakable proof that he has severed all connection with them.

THE PREMIER OF QUEBEC.

Mr. Mousseau has met with what Mr. Mercier called the greatest misfortune he could wish him. He has been re-elected. One reason for calling it a misfortune is that, according to Mr. Mercier's interpretation of the law, he is already condemned to lose his seat with the possibility of that disqualification which he escaped before, and which would extend to the judicial as well as to the parliamentary bench.

VICE VERSA.

For a long time there has been a war between the glass manufacturers and their employees of this continent. Glass workers are skilled artisans, whose skill is not easily or quickly learned, and the consequence has been that their ranks have never been over full as have the ranks of most others.

A PROTECTIONIST JOURNAL thinks that free trade England cannot compete with protectionist countries for markets in which they are on equal terms.

THE STATE OF BUSINESS.

We confess to being somewhat startled by the facts as given by the Mercantile Agencies which collect statistics of the mercantile failures and other business troubles.

THE GREAT ALGOMA ELECTIONS.

THE GREAT ALGOMA ELECTIONS are at last over and they have been in some respects the queerest on record. A large part of the territory included by Ontario in Algoma is included by Manitoba in Varennes, and the elections for the two provinces being simultaneous, the residents of that region had the unwonted privilege of voting on the same day in both provinces.

CASTING OIL ON THE TROUBLED WATERS.

CASTING OIL ON THE TROUBLED WATERS is a very ancient proverbial way of securing peace, and it was supposed from the experience of some American whalers that it would be a practical means of obtaining safety for mariners.

THE APOTHE OF SWEETNESS AND LIGHT has committed himself to the following sentence in which it is hard to say which of the two qualities is most lacking.

AMERICAN PROTECTIONISTS ALWAYS CLAIM THEY WISH AMERICAN LABOR TO BE PROTECTED FROM THE PAUPER LABOR OF EUROPE.

AMERICAN PROTECTIONISTS ALWAYS CLAIM THEY WISH AMERICAN LABOR TO BE PROTECTED FROM THE PAUPER LABOR OF EUROPE. Of course they do not wish the importation of European labor prohibited; they only want the products of that labor in Europe prohibited in favor of the products of similar labor imported by themselves or engaged here.

AMONG THE MOST DEVOTED.

AMONG THE MOST DEVOTED, powerful and successful temperance workers, both in Great Britain and America, have been Roman Catholic priests and laymen.

THE CLIPPING TERMS which we introduced last year proved extremely popular, so much so that we repeat them for the ensuing season.

TO ATTEMPT FORCEFULLY TO BAR THE EXIT OF A CROWD OF PEOPLE LEAVING A BUILDING.

TO ATTEMPT FORCEFULLY TO BAR THE EXIT OF A CROWD OF PEOPLE LEAVING A BUILDING, as was attempted in the Basilica at Ottawa on Sunday week with injurious results, is madness.

A SIGN OF THE TIMES IS THE DEPRESSION OF THE IRON TRADE IN THE UNITED STATES.

A SIGN OF THE TIMES IS THE DEPRESSION OF THE IRON TRADE IN THE UNITED STATES. Although a large number of furnaces have been blown out from time to time, yet the demand is so small that the production is still too rapid, and stocks keep on increasing about as fast as before.

WE DO NOT AGREE WITH THE HONORABLE MR. JOLY IN HIS LETTER IN THIS PAPER IN ASSUMING THAT PROTECTION IS EVER IN ITSELF A REAL BENEFIT TO A COUNTRY.

WE DO NOT AGREE WITH THE HONORABLE MR. JOLY IN HIS LETTER IN THIS PAPER IN ASSUMING THAT PROTECTION IS EVER IN ITSELF A REAL BENEFIT TO A COUNTRY; that is, what is technically called protection, namely, taxing imports to force people to buy from manufacturers.

WILKESBARRE, has of late. He has been making such a successful stand against intemperance, particularly on Sunday, that the saloon keepers are in return waging war upon him.

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MONTREAL NEWS.

THE EBENEZER CAMP MEETING AT VIOLET.

NEAR THE OLD SITE—ADDRESSES—THE SABBATH MEETING—LARGE ATTENDANCE—A BRIGHT SUCCESS.

Last Wednesday, Sept. 20, the camp meeting which has been held on the old Ebenezer Camp Ground, Violet, Napanee District, closed. The site chosen for the meetings was only a few yards from that on which so many glorious revivals took place 15 or 20 years ago.

Advertisements.

THE PARTIES having assents failed to confer the necessary assent to the proposed amalgamation of the "Field Bee" and "The Witness"...

Advertisements.

CLOTHES can be washed beautifully white and clean in hard or soft water, without boiling or the use of any other chemical...

NOT TO AVOID FOULNESS of a trial of Dr. Auld's Phosphatic Mixture to continue suffering without limit, with none but yourself to blame...

HAIR THAT HAS BEEN REFINED by Clingstone Hair Restorer will remain becoming grey, sold at 50 cents per bottle by all druggists.

A DEFECTIVE'S EXPERIENCE.

HIS SUCCESSFUL UNDERKING AND ESCAPE FROM AN IMPENDING FATE. (Buffalo, N. Y., News.)

One morning several years ago, just as the dull gray light was beginning to show itself in the small hours of the night...

The man who accomplished this task was Mr. Thomas Curtin, the present superintendent of city police of Buffalo, N. Y.

At times when I was on duty I would feel an unaccountable weariness and lack of energy. My appetite was not constant, and my head seemed dull and heavy.

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WE EXHIBIT IN OPERATION AT THE TORONTO EXHIBITION

20 Horse-power Portable Saw Mill Engine, on wheels, improved iron frame and carriage and patent friction set works.

Shingle Mill, Chopping Mill. Farm Engines, plain and traction. Ewart Link Belt, Elevator Buckets, Gandy Belting.

We make a similar Exhibit at St. John, N.B. WATERBOUS ENGINE WORKS CO., Brantford, Can.

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THE GREAT WESTERN STEAMSHIP LINE.

WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN MONTREAL AND AVONMOUTH DOCK (near Bristol).

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway Co. of Canada.

For rates of freight and passage apply to ROBERT REPOIRD & CO., Montreal, or MARK WHITWILL & SON, The Grove, Bristol, England.

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THOMSON LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway Co. of Canada.

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MATTHEW MOODY & SONS

Terrebonne, P.Q.

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Sent for Catalogue and Price List.

W.H. EVANS, Agent, 93 McGill Street, Montreal.

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The State of Michigan has more than 4,000 miles of railroad and 1,000 miles of lake territory, all held for sale.

For more information apply to the COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION, Detroit, Mich.

Advertisements.

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, LINOLEUM, &c.

Advance shipments of FALL STOCK now arriving at the CARPET WAREHOUSE, commencing with the highest quality and at the lowest possible prices.

JAMES BAYLES & SON, 459 and 461 Notre Dame Street.

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MENEELY BELL FOUNDRY

Favorably known in the public since 1834, Church, Chapel, School, Fire Alarm and other bells, also Chimes and Bells.

Meneely & Co., West Troy, N.Y.

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HILL'S MANUAL

THE WORLD'S GREAT BOOK OF SOCIAL AND BUSINESS FORMS, has already reached the enormous sale of 310,000 COPIES in Canada and Great Britain.

For more information apply to BAIRD & DILLON, Publishers, Lakeside Building, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

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PROSPECTUS OF THE "WITNESS" FOR 1884.

The WITNESS commenced as a weekly in 1846, and as a daily in 1860. Roughly speaking, next year will be the thirty-ninth of the weekly and twenty-fifth of the daily.

During that time it has, with a single eye, advocated every principle of civil and religious liberty, every moral and material reform and every claim of evangelical religion.

It has seldom fought on the popular side, but always, it is hoped, on the winning one. It has never been able to claim the sympathies of the majority, for the causes it advocates have always had most need of vigorous defence just when they had fewest defenders.

On one ground or another it has been its lot and still is to be at variance with most people. In the light of these facts, the kindness shown it has been surprising. Honest people, even where they differed from it, have recognized its high aims, and it has held its own very fairly, alike against the subsidized organs of party and the weathercocks that are always found pointing towards the source of the latest breeze of popularity.

There have been added more recently the NORTHERN MESSENGER now in its nineteenth year, and the WEEKLY MESSENGER now in its second year.

The present circulation of these papers is— DAILY WITNESS.....13,300 WEEKLY WITNESS.....32,200 NORTHERN MESSENGER.....52,000 WEEKLY MESSENGER..... 6,840 105,000

This success has been due to two causes, first, to the fact that in all their publications the publishers have generally taken the lead in the matter of cheapness, and secondly, they have had the hearty support of the best people everywhere.

Ministers have regarded these papers as their best allies, and many Christians and patriots have considered the introduction of wholesome reading into families as the best work they could do for the benefit of their neighborhoods. This support has been altogether outside of that rendered by politicians, who, from interested motives, often go to great trouble and expense to force their party organs in among the voters.

We ask all our friends for a renewal of their good-will and of their efforts in behalf of this paper, and to take time, as the saying is, by the forelock in its behalf. They will find, in recommending it to their friends, the Secretary and Answer Department, which has recently developed considerable life and which is carefully edited, a useful inducement.

The following are our terms for this year:— To ministers actually in service, and to teachers actually teaching in public schools and sending with their subscription the name of the school in which they are engaged, we shall give the WEEKLY WITNESS for 75 cents, and the DAILY for \$2.00, from which prices the clubbing deductions given below may be made in proportion.

The effect of the clubbing arrangements of last year was so satisfactory, resulting in the addition of five thousand to the WEEKLY WITNESS subscription list, that we repeat them this year. If they have the same result again they will raise our circulation to the long coveted 37,000, that was set before our readers seven or eight years ago, as the circulation at which our present rates would be remunerative.

The plan of clubbing with other papers not having worked satisfactorily, is discontinued. We give no premiums of any kind, but offer the following great