The Weather
CLEARING AND COLD.

The Quebec Chronicle.

Temperatures:
Minimum, 18. Maximum, 28.

ESTABLISHED 1764. QUEBEC, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1916. ONE CENT.

GERMANS HAVE RETAKEN PART OF THE BOIS DES CORBEAUX BUT SUFFERED HEAVY LOSSES

Entire Region About Verdum Is Still The Scene Of Intense Fighting—German Casualties On Upper Stripa Region Are Large—Russian Successes Continue Near Trebizond — Relief Force Near Kut-El-Amara Falls Back For Lack Of Water.

Throwing large masses of infantry against the French in the Corbeaux wood, to the north-west of Verdun, the Germans after several attacks, in which they are declared by Paris to have suffered large casualties, have retaken part of the wood from which the French had previously ejected them.

The entire region about Verdun continues the scene of intense operations. West of Douaumont and the sector embracing the village of Vaux have been points against which the Germans have launched vicious infantry attacks, but at both places their efforts to advance broke down under the heavy fire of the French.

Berlin, however, counters this assertion by announcing the taking of a ridge west of Douaumont by the Germans and says also that the Germans have succeeded in pushing forward their line through the wooded sector south-east of Damloup, which lies a short distance east of Fort Vaux.

The statement is made in the German official communication that the French have succeded in gaining a firm footing in Fort Vaux. Paris had previously categorically denied that the Germans had captured either the fort or the village of Vaux.

East and south-east of Verdun over a front of about seven and a half miles the Germans have been directing a heavy bombardment on the towns of Eix, Moulainville, Villers-Sous-Bonchamp and Bonzee, with the French guns answering them energetically.

In the Artois region the French have occupied the crater of a mine exploded by the Germans and in Lorraine have damaged with their gunfire German organizations on the front of Halleville-Bremenil.

The Germans on the upper Stripa region of the Russian front are declared by Petrograd to have suffered heavy losses in a counter-attack made on a position captured by the Russians.

Despite the bad weather the Italians are keeping up their offensive against the Austrians along the Austro-Italian line. The Tolmino bridgehead has been heavily bombarded and the Isonzo front has been the scene of intermittent shelling.

Petrograd reports a continuation of the progress of the Russians against the Turks along the Black Sea coast toward Trebizond.

A British official communication says their force which was attempting to relieve the siege of Kut-El-Amara and which had reached Essinn, seven miles east of the beleaguered town, has been forced because of lack of water to fall back to the Tigris river. The Turks, however, claim that the British retired after their ejection from a Turkish trench they had captured and that they left behind them two thousand dead.

FRENCH OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Paris, March 10, 10.35 p.m.—The Germans in infantry attacks launched with huge effectiveness, but with losses described as beyond all proportions to the objective they sought, have re-occupied a part of the Corbeaux wood, to the west of the Meuse and north-west of Verdun, according to the French official communication issued tonight.

German attacks to the west of the village of Douaumont and against the village of Vaux were put down by the French.

The official communication follows:

"In Artois the Germans to the west of the road to Lille exploded a mine, the crater of which we occupied.

"In the Argonne forest we shelled a German column which was advancing toward to Mont Faucon wood.

"To the west of the Meuse, where the bombardment has been uninterrupted during the day, the enemy attacked with particular violence our positions in the Bois Des Corbeaux. Several attacks were repulsed successively by our artillery, infantry and mitrailleuse fire, which did considerable execution in the enemy's ranks.

"Notwithstanding losses out of all proportion to their objective, the Germans for their last attack used at least one division, and in the course of the fighting they were able to occupy again part of the Bois Des Corbeaux which we had retaken from them March 8.

"To the east of the Meuse the enemy twice attacked our trenches to the west of the village of Douaumont. Brought to a stop by our mitrailleuse and our curtain fires the enemy was not able to reach our line at any point.

"An attack which was prepared against the village of Vaux was stopped by our artillery and could not be carried out.

"It is confirmed that the infantry actions the Germans directed against the village of Vaux and against our trenches at the foot of the ridge on which Fort Vaux is situated cost them heavy sacrifices.

"In the Woevre the enemy's bombardment, which was energetically replied to by our batteries, has been intense on Eix, Moulainville, Villers-Sous-Bonchamp and Bonzee.

"The Germans dropped in the Meuse at St. Mihiel floating mines, but these were fished out before any damage was done by them.

"In Lorraine we have shattered or partly destroyed enemy organizations on the front of Halleville-Bremenil."

The Belgian communication says:

"There is nothing particular to report on the Belgian front."

GERMAN "DIPLOMACY" CENSURED.

London, March 10—Telegraphing from Amsterdam the correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says:

"The German press devotes many leading articles to the German declaration of war on Portugal. Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed with the Foreign Office which, the newspapers claim, could have detached the Lisbon cabinet from Great Britain by tactful handling of the Portuguese situation.

"The German minister at Lisbon probably will retire from the diplomatic service. The Portuguese Minister with the personnel of the legation will leave Berlin tonight."

WILSON DESIRES VILLA TAKEN DEAD OR ALIVE

GENERAL FUNSTON WILL BE IN CHARGE OF THE OPERATIONS—PLANS HAVE LONG BEEN PERFECTED FOR INVASION OF MEXICO.

Washington, March 10 — American troops were ordered across the Mexican border today by President Wilson to take Francisco Villa and his bandits dead or alive.

Under the direction if not actually the leadership if Major-General Funston, who ended the Philippine insurrection by taking Aginaldo single handed. American columns are expected to be moving into Mexico before tomorrow night. They go to meet about three thousand guerilla troops in a mountainous region, from which the Carranza troops have fled.

Whether this long deferred armed action which begins purely as a punitive measure to clear northern Mexico of menacing bandit bands, over which General Carranza has no control, shall grow into a general armed intervention or occupation in Mexico, depends in a large measure upon General Cerranza and the Mexican people.

It begins with President Wilson's declaration and it is entirely in aid of the Carranza government and without thought of aggression. This statement prepared by the President himself, was given out at the White House:

President Wilson's decision to depart from the policy of watchful waiting, hastened by the Columbus massacre yesterday, was announced today after it had been unanimously approved by the Cabinet and administration leaders in Congress. The President's position was explained fully to the latter, who agreed that he should not be embarrased at this time by discussion of a majority which might arouse trouble in Mexico.

After a brief Cabinet meeting, Secretary of War Baker hurried to the War Department and as his first act in office, sent orders to the border troops.

Soon afterwards the army general staff assembled and conferred over the plans, long drawn and perfected since the Mexican situation loomed up as a disturber to the peace of the United States.

General Funston telegraphed, urging utmost secrecy of the army's plans. The border is honeycombed with Mexican spies, and it was agreed that the expedition would be pushed to success by keeping Villa and his men ignorant of its movements. It is possible that no correspondents will be permitted to accompany the columns. At any rate a strict censorship will be imposed.

Former Secretary Garrison, familiar with the army's Mexican plans by his association with the crisis of two years ago, came to Washington and offered his services to aid his successor. They were at once accepted and Mr. Garrison went into conference with Secretary Baker at the War Department.

General Carranza in a telegram to the State Department expressed regret at the Columbus massacre, but made no comment on the proposal of sending American troops to hunt down the bandits.

How many of the 12,000 troops now on the border will be employed has not fully been determined. In order not to weaken the defense of border towns it may be necessary to move other troops from interior posts to the border.

The President's action today was received with marked complacency in both House and Senate and expressions of approval were heard on both sides of the chambers.

Senators Fall and McCumber (Republicans) both introduced resolutions proposing occupation and policing of Mexico with large forces, but they consented to permit them to be referred to the Foreign Relations Committee without debate.

President Wilson left Washington late tonight with Mrs. Wilson on the naval yacht Mayflower for a week end trip down the Potomac River and Cheseapeke Bay. He plans to be away until Monday morning, unless unusual developments in the Mexican situation necessitate his return before that time.

FINANCE MINISTER'S BILL IS CRITICIZED

(Special to Chronicle)

Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 10.—The House of Commons today advanced a number of items of government legislation and then some time on estimates of the labor department. Most of the government measures were non-contentious in character and the discussion centered chiefly about Sir Thomas White's bill providing for the investment of a portion of the assets of life insurance companies in Dominion Government securities. Hon. William Pugsley suggested that to require foreign companies doing business in Canada to make their deposits with the Receiver-General from now until 1918 in Dominion Securities was unjust to the provinces and municipalities. The Finance Minister, however, held that as the Dominion Government was bearing the whole war expenditure the Provinces and municipalities had no grounds for objection.

ST. BONIFACE COUNCIL THANK QUEBEC COUNCIL

At the meeting of the City Council last night a resolution passed by the City Council of St. Boniface, Manitoba, was read thanking the City of Quebec for the resolution passed recently and addressed to the King asking for justice for the French Canadian minorities of Ontario and Manitoba.

ENTENTE ALLIES REFUSE PLANS OF WASHINGTON

CANNOT AGREE REGARDING THE DISARMAMENT OF MERCHANT VESSELS.

Washington, March 10—The Entente Allies have agreed to inform the United States that they cannot accept the proposal in Secretary Lansing recent circular memorandum that a modus vivendi be entered into for the disarmament of belligerent owned merchant ships. Conferences between the Allies on this subject have been ended and formal replies to the American suggestion are expected in the near future.

Advices to the State Department from the Embassies at London, Paris and Rome some time ago made it apparent that the disarmament plan had met with no favor, and the department has been proceeding on the assumption that it would be rejected. Without such an agreement, the law stands as it always has and it was in recognieion of this principle that the United States informed Germany that her announced intention of sinking armed merchant ships without warning was inconsistent with assurances previously given in the Lusitania and Arabic cases.

In their replies, which it is understood will be couched in the friendliest terms, the Allies will express appreciation of the high motives which moved the United States government in the interest of humanity to endeavor to remove the dangers to the lives of non-combatants. But they will express the view that the proposition to voluntarily surrender their right of a merchant ship to carry arms for her own defense, would really amount to a change in the principle of international law itself.

Attention will be directed, also to the fact that one of the cardinal principles of international law is that no change shall be made in the law itself as applied to warfare during the progress of hostilities.

The Weather

Toronto, March 10—The disturbance which was situated over Michigan last night, now covers the Maritime Provinces with greatly reduced energy. Snow is now falling in Eastern Quebec and rain and snow in New Brunswick; elsewhere the weather is fine and in the West for the most part very mild.

Temperatures:

	Min.	Max.
Prince Rupert	36	42
Victoria	44	58
Vancouver	46	52
Kamloops	36	64
Calgary	46	62
Edmonton	30	56
Battleford	2	36
Medicine Hat	28	64
Moose Jaw	9	44
Prince Albert	4	30
Winnipeg	*2	6
Port Arthur	4	28
Parry Sound	12	22
London	19	33
Toronto	20	26
Ottawa	10	24
Montreal	16	26
Quebec	16	26
St. John	20	26
Halifax	22	40

*Below zero.

Forecasts:

Lower Lakes, Georgian Bay, Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence: North-west and west winds; fine and moderately cold.

Lower St. Lawrence, the Gulf, and North Shore: Fresh to strong north-west and west winds; clearing and cold.

Maritime Provinces: Fresh to strong west to north-west winds; clearing and colder.

Lake Superior District: Fair and moderately cold.

Saskatchewan and Alberta: Fair and decidedly mild.

Patronized by H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught.

New Brazil Nuts

1916 CROP

Just received, direct from Brazil, via New York.....25c lb.

A. GRENIER.

Grocer and Wine Merchant,

Established 1882. 94-96 St. John Street. 'Phones 1247-1248.

JOHNNIE WALKER

KILMARNOCK SCOTCH WHISKY

JUST RECEIVED,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
of
MILITARY TEXT BOOKS
ALSO, WE HAVE
A COMPLETE LINE
of
Loose Leaf and Plain Note Books
PARTICULARLY SUITED FOR
TAKING NOTES AT
LECTURES,
at
JOHN E. WALSH'S Reg'd.,
11 ST. JOHN STREET.

Furriers to His Majesty The King

By Royal Appointment

Have you seen the unusual in Spring garments? A little in advance of the season, because we have found that most of the ladies look to us to show something different we have difficulty in disposing of the ordinary garments. We are expected to show styles that cannot be seen elsewhere in Quebec. We are meeting that expectation by showing original models from the best New York designs in

Suits,
Coats,
Frocks,
Blouses,
Hats.

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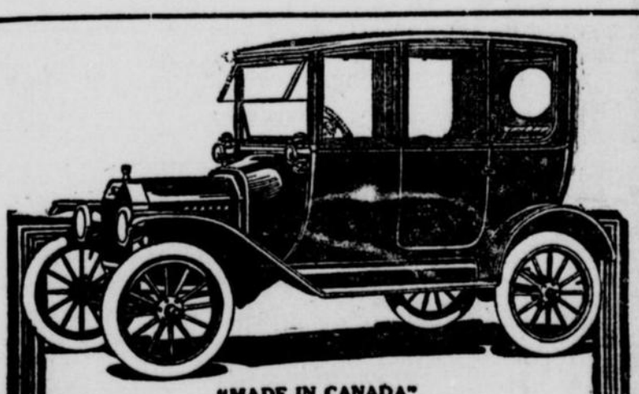

"MADE IN CANADA"

The Ford Sedan, Price $890

When the family go a' shopping—or to the theatre—or for a social call—or anywhere else that families go—they'll be comfortable in a Ford Sedan no matter what the weather. It's a luxurious closed car for five—built on the same principle that has made the Ford world-famous for utility and economy.

CALL and SEE THE NEW MODEL FORD, AT FORD GARAGE, PALACE HILL.

The Ford Runabout is $480; the Touring Car $530; the Coupelet $730; the Town Car $780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ont. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights and horn. Equipment does not include speedometer.

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'Phone 4748.

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Use Large White Potatoes

Our farmer comes to town every morning from Ste. Foye and will bring them to you fresh from the root house by 'phoning your order the day before.

Nice Home-made Bread.

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12 Fabrique Street

Phones 6567-6568

AT THE THEATRES

THE AUDITORIUM WILL PRESENT WILLIAM FARNUM MON., TUES., AND WEDNESDAY.

The Great American Star is Shown in a Fox Feature Entitled "The Broken Law—"The Horrors of War."

The next feature, which is a Fox picture in five parts entitled "The Broken Law" is a film in which William Farnum, one of the highest salaried screen actors stars.

He plays the part of Esmond, an English litterateur who, loving the freedom of the open way, joins a gypsy tribe. He has received from his dying father a message. It was years before that the old man had betrayed a young maid to whom he promised to be true. He asks of his son to find this woman and tell him his secrets.

The son cannot find the girl for the good reason that she is now dead, but he finds the daughter of that woman and finds her just in time to save her from a terrible fate.

How the end comes and how the fate made to Esmond for the cruel blows dealt him, makes one of the most thrilling and absorbing film dramas ever produced.

"The Horrors of War."

With this wonderful feature, the Auditorium will present the "Horrors of War," the great Pathe War Pictures. They have been witnessed by those who have seen all the pictures of the European conflict and are said to be the best of those released. The "Dramatic Mirror" devoted practically a whole page to a eulogistic review of this epoch-marking film and concludes its remarks by saying that the "moral effect of these three reels of film is greater than anything yet shown in regard to the war. They entirely dissipate any desire for war that may exist in our mind."

WILLIAM FARNUM in "The Broken Law," at the Auditorium, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday.

AT THE VICTORIA THEATRE MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

Emmet Carrigan in "Greater Love Hath No Man."

Boiled down to just enough words to describe a story without telling everything you are going to see, the following synopsis of the Metro Star film "Greater Love Hath No Man," in which Emmet Carrigan is playing the star part, gives a fairly accurate idea of the interest this picture is bound to create.

Doctor Merton is killed in a fit of anger by his son Harold, who persuades Varge, the adopted son to assume the blame. For his foster mother's sake, whose grief would be two-fold, Varge consents, and is convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment.

During his imprisonment, an attempt is made by a number of convicts to kill the guard and make their escape, and Varge, with his superhuman strength, aids the guard until help arrives, for which he is made the warden's gardener. At a fire in the warden's house Varge saves the life of Janet, the warden's daughter, when he first realizes that he loves her. Afraid of his love, he makes his escape, and reaching a coast town, joins a crew bound for the fishing banks.

As fate would have it, the schooner on which Varge is working is wrecked and Varge, being saved, is brought to short, where he meets Janet, who was visiting friends there. Although warned by Janet, Varge is caught by the warden and put in the town lock-up. Breaking jail, Varge again makes his escape and after some time makes his way back to the warden's house to catch a glimpse of Janet, who persuades him to take her with him. To save her from himself, Varge goes back to prison and gives himself up.

Mrs. Merton, on her deathbed, asks to see Varge, and after her death Harold confesses and kills himself, thus freeing Varge, who marries Janet. In addition to Mr Carrigan, the cast of "Greater Love Hath No Man," includes Thomas Curran, Mabel Wright, Crawford Kent, William Morse and Mary Martin.

OLYMPIA HAS ANOTHER TRIANGLE FEATURE FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

The patrons of the Olympia have seen yesterday and today a great Triangle feature which can give them an idea of the value of Triangle films. They will have for Monday and Tuesday another feature from that same company that will still encourage them more to go and see these films wherever they see them adveritsed.

"Sable Lorcha" is one of those films that one cannot see without wanting to look at it again.

Pathe News.

The Pathe News, illustrating numerous important events, will also be shown Monday and Tuesday.

"THE GOLDEN CHANCE" AT THE VICTORIA.

Today Will be Last Opportunity to See It.

Wallace Reid, the distinguished star who is co-starring with Cleo Ridgely in "The Golden Chance," which will be seen for the last time today has been a Soldier of Fortune nearly all his life.

Being the son of the famous dramatist, Hal Reid, he made his first stage appearance at the age of five, playing Little Eva in the Uncle Tom Cabin production. Later he appeared in vaudeville in one of his father's sketches. Tireing of the foot-lights, he secured a position as civil engineer and helped build the great Shoshone Dam in Montana. When his work there was completed, he ran a hotel in Wyoming, but resigned to become an editor of an Eastern magazine. Tireing of the confinement of an office and having received an excellent offer, he joined a motion picture producing company. He tired of acting and learned the mechanics of the motion picture camera. He then became a director and wrote scenarios of the photoplays he produced, also playing the leading roles. He was engaged to appear as leading man with the great Operatic Prima donna, Geraldine Farrar, in the production of "Carmen" and "Maria Rosa." Since that time he has been a prominent star.

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100% FORFEIT

increases strength of delicate, nervous, rundown people 200 per cent. in ten days in many instances. $100 forfeit if it fails as per full explanation in large article soon to appear in this paper. Ask your doctor or druggist about it. L. E. Martel and Dr. Ed. Morin & Co. always carry it in stock.

JOIN QUEBEC RIFLES

JOIN YOUR HOME BATTALION, THE "QUEBEC RIFLES,"
171st Overseas Battalion, C. E. F.
Commanded by
LT.-COLONEL SIR WILLIAM PRICE

Since the outbreak of the war, Quebecers have had no opportunity to join a really local unit until this 171st Battalion was offered by Lieut.-Colonel Sir William Price.

It is intended to do everything possible to make this the best Battalion in the district, but to do this we need the services of real men. These men who wish will be given an opportunity of following a course of training as Non-Commissioned Officers. The next course will commence on the 20th MARCH NEXT, and the Recruiting Officers will take names and addresses of any applicants.

Recruiting Offices have now been opened up at:

No. 72½ St. Peter Street, - - - - - - 'Phone 6442.
No. 213 St. John street - - - - - - - 'Phone 770
Merger Building, Crown street - - - - ' Phone 4750

The thanks of the Battalion are due to Mr. J. E. Vincent, and the Quebec Railway, Light, Heat & Power Co., who have kindly, at considerable inconvenience to themselves, granted, free of charge, Offices for Recruiting purposes.

It is now up to Quebecers to show whether the remark "Quebec is slow," can't be altered to "Quebec can do it."

WINTER SPORTS WILL BE CONCLUDED TODAY

FREAK HOCKEY MATCH, BOBSLEIGH RACES, DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES AND DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS WILL CONSTITUTE PROGRAMME.

The Winter Sports programme will be concluded today and, as already announced, the programme will consist of a freak hockey match, bobsleigh races open to bobs steered by ladies and gentlemen distribution of prizes and display of fireworks.

All the bobsleigh races will be run in heats of two starters and in both ladies' and gentlemen's events the full course from the Chateau down to the foot of Canoterie Hill will most probably be taken in.

His Worship Mayor Lavigueur will present the prizes in the Chateau tea-room at six o'clock this evening when all prize-winers are requested to be present.

Eight teams are entered for the men's bobsleigh race so that there should be some keen competition. Spectators are requested to kindly help in keeping the street clear while the heats are run off in order to prevent any danger of accidents. The start will be signalled by a bugle.

No lady can win two first prizes in bobsleigh races.

Today's Programme.

The programme is as follows:—

2.00 p.m.—Chateau Rink, Freak Hockey Match.
2.30 p.m.—Ladies' Bobsleigh Race Start from Chateau. Swiss bobs only. Heats of two.
3.15 p.m.—Men's Bobsleigh Race. Heats of Two. Swiss Bobs only.
4.30 p.m.—Final Men's Bobsleigh Race.
5.30 p.m.—Distribution of Prizes.
8.00 p.m.—Hockey Match Grande Allee Rink, Champetres of Montreal versus Crescents of Quebec.
10.00 p.m.—Grand Fireworks Display.

Throw Off Colds and Prevent Grip. When you feel a cold coming, take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. It removes cause of Colds and Grip. Only one "BROMO QUININE." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c.

TRINITY CHURCH.

The Parochial Mission in Trinity Church will open tomorrow, when the Rev. Canon Howitt will be the preacher both morning and evening.

MRS. JOLICOEUR DIES AT VENERABLE AGE.

One of the oldest and most highly esteemed residents of Quebec passed away yesterday in the person of Mrs. Marie Emelandre Labreque, wife of the late Wm. Lachaine Jolicoeur, who expired after a short illness at the venerable age of 81 years and 6 months. The late Mrs. Jolicoeur had for years resided in St. Malo, where she was well and favorably known. Up to a few days ago she was enjoying the best of health and despite her advanced years was able to be about.

Deceased leaves to mourn her loss three sons, Dr. W. Jolicoeur, who is at present in Havana; Mr. Alf. L. Jolicoeur, druggist, St. John street; Mr. N. Jolicoeur; and four daughters Mrs. Roger Godin, Mrs. Mag. Lachance, Mrs. Alf. Tardif and Mrs. (Widow) N. Dion.

LATE WILFRID FISHER LAID AT REST.

A large concourse of relatives and friends formed the cortege which followed the remains of the late Wilfrid Fisher to their last resting place in St. Patrick's cemetery yesterday morning, following a very imposing requiem service in St. Patrick's church.

The Mass was celebrated by Rev. Father McCandlish, assisted by Rev. Fathers Meehan and Healey, as deacon and subdeacon, and the Rev. Father Dagneau assisted in the sanctuary. The celebrants of the Mass were served by four nephews of deceased, the Masters John and Paul Fisher, and Frank and James Sullivan, and several solos were rendered by members of St. Patrick's choir and other friends of deceased. At the cemetery the prayers of committal were recited by Rev. Father Holland. Among the chief mourneres were the three brothers of deceased, Messrs. John B., Edgar J., and Harold Fisher, and Mr. Edgar Picard, brother-in-law.

DISAPPEARED.

Many hundreds of yards of Embroideries have already disappeared at

MARCEAU & CIE.,
155 St. Joseph Street.

But we had foreseen what was to happen at the price at which they were to be offered and we bought a quantity amply sufficient.

There is still some left at 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 cents.

PERSONAL

Mr. G. Mayrood, of Montreal, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. P. J. Carroll, of Montreal, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mrs. L. M. Buch, of New York, is a guest at the Chateau.

Mrs. N. Allnere, of New York, is staying at the Chateau.

Lt.-Col. Tancrede Pagnuelo, 206 Regiment, C. E. F., is in town.

At the St. Louis Hotel.—F. E. Harland, Brighaminton; H. Trudel, St. Genevieve de B.; H. C. MacFarland, Montreal; Richard Warren, Boston; Geo. R. Morth, St. John, N. B.; W. W. Cole, Peterboro.

Arrivals at the St. Roch's Hotel—W. G. Davison, Montreal; J. L. Suzanne, Toronto; Paul Roy, Montreal; Frank J. Mooney, Lynn, Mass.; P. E. Gaulin, Montreal; Elz. Valiquet, Ottawa; E. St. Amand, M. McAdams, F. Nowell, Montreal; A. B. Johnston, E. B. Ross, London; Jos. Belanger, J. A. Lussier, Montreal; Geo. I. Delisle, M. P. P., Yamachiche.

Hotel Victoria, Levis.—Mde. Cloutier, J. E. Hamel, Three Rivers; J. Langlois, E. L. Hudon and wife, V. V. Billiveur, B. R. Laurie, J. M. Thessiers, Montreal; Paul M. Port, Johnsonburg, Pa.; J. Mitthtardt, New York City; N. L. Wadburgh, Greton, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. Whalen, J. O. Drolet, St. George; J. Boullot, J. P. Lapiere, Montmagny; R. T. Price, Sherbrooke, Joseph Houde, Deschaillons; C. Laurent, Mr. Gilman, Montreal; J. Stephenson, Moncton; Mr. McWilliams, Father Point.

Arrivals at the Clarendon. J. A. Pelletier, A. Renaud, H. E. Filteau, J. Chs. Pelletier, L. de L. Tache, Montreal; Wm. Orr, W. L. Tuttle, Halifax; M. B. Jordan, L. A. Pare, Shawinigan Falls; M. L. Fraser, New Glasgow, N. S.; W. F. McAltise, R. M. Saxby, Toronto; R. Vincent, St. Hycianthe; H. R. Dufresne, Nicolet; F. X. Leblanc, L. W. O. Houde, J. H. Houde, Nicolet; C. T. Knowlton, Moncton; J. Em. Houde, Three Rivers; J. N. Fortier and wife, Miss Fortier, Ste. Henedine; A. A. Lefaivre, Montreal; J. T. R. Leduc, St. Timothee; A. Labrecque, Montreal; Cote, St. Come, Bce.; Dr. P. L. Duperre, Chicoutimi.

HOW FAT FOLKS MAY BECOME THIN.

By Elizabeth Thomas.

Perhaps you are suddenly becoming stout, or it may be that you have been putting on weight for years. In either case the cause is the same—lack of oxygen-carrying power of the blood. This trouble occurs in adults of both sexes and all ages, but it may be overcome very easily and without any of the privations that most people imagine necessary to reduce their weight.

Simply go to your druggist and get some oil of orilene capsules. Take one after each meal and one before going to bed. Weigh yourself so as to know just how fast you are losing weight. Wonderfful results have been accomplished by this inexpensive recipe, but be sure to get the genuine oil of orilene in capsule form. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Any large druggist can supply you, or a large size box will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 1240, Montreal, Can.

We Will Buy Your Eyes

Yes, we will—outright.

What's more, we will pay you a good price for them.

Now, if you need money, here's your chance.

What's that—we haven't enough money for you to part with them?

Why then—if you are suffering from eye strain—do you fail to wear "glasses" that will quickly remedy the trouble?

Show wisdom by having us examine your eyes and assist them to see perfectly.

J. A. Mc Clure O. D.

Optometrist and Optician,
109 ST. JOHN STREET.

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ANOTHER
METRO GEM
VICTORIA THEATRE

Mr. Emmet Corrigan

The Great Dramatic Star

in

"Greater Love Hath No Man"

MONDAY AND TUESDAY
YOU ALWAYS SEE——

Stars in Metro

ANNUAL MEETING MOUNT HERMON CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Mount Hermon Cemetery Association was held yesterday morning. The reports of the different officers were read and adopted. During the year 1915 the number of interments in the cemetery were 116, the total number now being 10,136. The Board of Directors were re-elected as follows:—Colonel J. F. Turnbull, President; J. T. Ross, Vice-President; William Shaw, John Hamilton, Geo. H. Thomson, John Laird and R. Stanley.

A large assortment of Cut Flowers, Roses, Carnations and Violets. Carnations 50c. per dozen. Proportionate reduction on all other Flowers up to Monday evening.

MRS. LEMIEUX,
Leading Florist.

Missed By Censor

Good Morning! Have you ordered shamrocks yet?

* * *

If the making of Ontario "dry" includes draining the Great Lakes it will be a bigger undertaking than damming the St. Maurice River.

* * *

There was a large audience at the City Hall last night. How about imposing the one cent charity tax.

* * *

It is said the Quebec Bridge will cost twenty-seven million dollars. If the toll system is still in vogue when it is completed most of us will have to swim or go bankrupt the first trip.

* * *

Wonders of the World—Selecting the standing committees at the City Hall.

1856 — ERIN GO BRAGH — 1916

Sixtieth Grand Annual Soiree

Under the auspices of

St. Patrick's Literary Institute

AUDITORIUM, FRIDAY EVN'G., MARCH 17, 1916.

Address by:

E. B. DEVLIN, Esq., M.P.

A select program of Vocal and Instrumental Music by some of Quebec's Leading Talent, to be followed by

A Comedy in One Act, entitled:

"O'Halloran At His Wits' End"

—or—

"Love's Young Dream Realized"

Doors open at 7.30. Entertainment begins at 8.15 sharp. The plan will be open at the Auditorium Box Office on Tuesday morning, March 14th, at 9.30 o'clock.

Price of Tickets:

Entire Ground Floor 75c
Balcony. . . . . .75c and 50c
Family Circle 25c
Box Seats $1.00

Grand Matinee

Same Afternoon at 2.00 o'clock, in the same Theatre.

A most interesting and varied Program, concluding with

A Comedy In 2 Acts

Entitled:

"Madcap Geraldine"

14 characters, introducing several nice specialties.

Tickets: Entire ground floor, 25c; Balcony, 20c; Family circle, 15c; Box seats, 50c.

PLACE D'ARMES HOUSE,
18 St. Ann Street
Newly Repaired.
Formerly the St. George House
¶ First-class Rooms, with all modern conveniences, also Table Board.
¶ Excellent Cuisine.
Phone 5582. Rates Reasonable.
MRS. BERTRAND.

Getting it Straight.

It was in the Elysian fields.

"I am gratified to see that Shakespeare is more sought after than the military heroes," declared a highbrow shade. "I consider this a tribute to the peaceful arts."

"It isn't that so much," pointed out a lowbrow shade. "Every new arrival wants ta ask him if he really wrote those plays."

F. SIMARD & CIE., Enrg.
142 St. Joseph Street

Smart Styles in New Spring Suits For Women and Misses

FANCY and TAILORED SUITS IN AN ATTRACTIVE ASSORAMENT OF THE SEASON'S NEWEST STYLES. Fashioned in Gabardine, Men's Wear Serge and Shepherd Check Fabrics; effectively trimmed and lined. Priced at... ... ...$21.75, $24.50, $27.00, $33.50

SPECIAL.—Remarkable value and smart-looking WOMEN SUITS, fashioned in this season's semi-tailored models, in Black and Navy Serge and Shepherd Check, in a complete range of sizes. Specially priced... ... ...$14.90

Afternoon and Street Dresses

An attractive collection in all new colors and materials, including Taffeta,, Ninon, and Messaline combinations. Priced from... ... ...$17.50 up to $28.50

Special This Week

WOMEN'S MESSALINE SILK DRESSES, comprising reproduction of high cost models, in Black, Navy, Belgium Blue and Green. Assorted women's sizes... ... ...$13.90

New Spring Blouses

IN FINEST GEORGETTE CREPE, FROM $7.00 TO $12.00.

Exquisite New Spring models Georgette Crepe Blouses. Colors are Peach, White, Flesh and Rose. Full range of sizes. Priced from... ... ...$7.00 up to $12.00

SPECIAL.—WOMEN'S CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES, designed in the smartest models. Colors are Rose Flesh, Peach, Copenhagen, including White and Black. Specially priced today—any size—at... ... ...$4.95

Women's Hosiery Specially Priced To-Day

BLACK CASHMERE STOCKINGS.

Women's Black ribbed Cashmere Stockings; a real 75c value; seamless feet. Priced at, per pair... ... ...49c

WOMEN'S SILK LISLE STOCKINGS.

At 49 Cents.

Reinforced heel and toe; seamless; grey, fawn and tan; deep lisle top; sizes 9, 9½ and 10. Specially priced, per pair... ... ...49c

BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS.

At 49 Cents.

Women's Heavy ribbed Wool Stockings; seamless feet; sizes 8, 8½, 9, 9½, and 10. Regular 75c. Special... ... ...49c

At 39 Cents.

Misses Heavy ribbed Wool Stockings; seamless feet; 70c value; sizes: 6, 6½, 7, 7½. Priced, per pair... ... ...39c

F. SIMARD & CIE. Enrg.,
142 St. Joseph Street.

Quebec's Leading Newspaper

The Quebec Chronicle.

Best Advertising Medium in City

ESTABLISHED 1764. QUEBEC, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1916. ONE CENT.

CITY COUNCIL ELECTS STANDING COMMITTEES

ALDERMEN DUSSAULT AND LOCKWELL HAVE ANOTHER CLASH OVER SELECTION OF CANDIDATES—LIST OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES.

The storm which broke at the first meeting of the new City Council over a week ago had an echo at the second meeting last night when the report of the special committee named to select the standing committees of the Council was tabled.

It was plain that some excitement was anticipated for long before the meeting opened the corridors were crowded with citizens anxiously awaiting admission to the galleries.

There was an atmosphere of expectation evident on all sides and after the usual correspondence had been read a disposal of Ald. Madden tabled the report of the Special Committee fixing the membership of the different standing committees of the Council.

Lists of the composition of the committees were distributed to the members of the Council and Ald. Fiset asked for a few minutes to peruse the report and find out if it was satisfactory.

At the expiration of the time requested Ald. Fiset declared that he was satisfied with the report. He noted, however, that some of the Aldermen had served themselves well. As far as he was personally concerned it did not matter, but if any of his colleagues had any reason to be dissatisfied it was the right time for them to say so.

Mayor Lavigueur said that he had also remarked that the allotment of the committees might cause some dissatisfaction but he had consulted the aldermen and they had told him that they had agreed with fellow-representatives and both were satisfied.

Ald. Madden hoped that Ald. Fiset's remarks were not directed at him as a member of the special committee, and he was assured by the representative of St. Valier Ward that they were not.

Fanning the Flame.

Up to then no direct objections had been raised, but Ald. Lockwell rising drew the attention of the Council to the fact that the representatives of St. Sauveur Ward had not been dealt with equitably. He showed how Ald. Paquet's name appeared on five committees while Ald. Bertrand was only named to three. This was an injustice not only to Ald. Bertrand but to the working classes whom he represented in the Council.

As soon as Ald. Lockwell had concluded Ald. Dussault was on his feet. "That was a fine exploit of Ald. Lockwell's," he declared. "We are become accustomed to such exploits from Ald. Lockwell. He knows how to gain popularity with the laboring classes, and he profits by every occasion to appeal to the galleries, and employs these tactics to gain favor with the working men.

Ald. Fiset hastened to the defence of Ald. Lockwell. He remarked that Ald. Dussault indulged in a little gallantry in regard to Ald. Lockwell. Like Ald. Lockwell he considered that the division of the committees for St. Sauveur Ward had not been equitable.

Turning to Ald. Dussault, he said: "Do not lose your temper, Mr. Dussault. You seem to be considerably aroused. We are not here for that."

Ald. Dussault began to intervene and was reminded by the Mayor that Ald. Fiset had the floor.

As soon as Ald. Fiset resumed his seat Aldermen Lockwell and Martin rose. They both claimed the floor.

"Speak together," said Ald. Gauvin.

The Mayor saw Ald. Lockwell first and he was given the floor. In his opening remarks he referred to Ald. Dussault as Leader of the Council.

He was interrupted by cries of "no personalities," and Ald. Dussault raised a point of order stating that he was not Leader of the Council and Ald. Lockwell had no right to refer to him as such.

The Mayor declared the point well taken and Ald. Lockwell continued in a different strain. He protested that he was not talking for the gallaries when he demanded justice for the laboring classes. He did not claim to belong to the upper ten; he was a plain man. He was a plain man and was happy to see the large attendance who would be able to judge for themselves. Here he was interrupted by Ald. Galibois who raised a point of order stating that he did not believe a member had the right to make two speeches on the same question.

The point was ruled out by the Mayor and Ald. Lockwell continuing affirmed that he wanted harmony in the Council. He declared that he was not the trouble-maker.

Ald. Martin said that he had noticed that Ald. Bertrand's name had been forgotten on one committee. It was very simple to make an amendment and settle the whole question. There was no need of speeches and personalities.

Ald. Collier remarked that there was no amendment required If the Council referred to the original draft it would be found that it was simply an error.

Mayor Lavigueur explained that he had mentioned the fact at the meeting of the special committee that Ald Bertrand should be on the Fire Committee but ,the committee had voted it down

Several members: "It is not an error, then?"

Ald. Paquet then explained that he had asked to be placed on the Fire Committee and in exchange he was ready to give Ald. Bertrand his place on the Waterworks Committee. Ald. Bertrand agreed to the exchange and the whole matter was settled.

Toll Gate Question

Ald. Fiset asked Mayor Lavigueur if the city had been consulted with regard to the bill before the Legislature for the abolition of toll gates which imposed an annual expenditure of ten thousand dollars on the city for the maintenance of the roads outside the city limits.

Mayor Lavigueur said that he had not been consulted in the matter, but as far as he was concerned he had made the abolition of the toll gates one of the items of his programme and he had declared that he would do all in his power to second any action of the Government in that direction.

Ald. Martin called the attention of the Council to the fact that the Chalmers Motor Car Company had secured letters patent to establish a factory in Canada He considered that the city should endeavor to have the company establish here

Mayor Lavigueur said that he had already taken the matter up with the representative of the company

Composition of Committees.

The Committees, which are composed as follows, will select their chairmen next week:—

Finance—Dussault, Lantier, Madden, Collier, Gauvin, Lockwell, Bouchard, Martin, Paquet, Verret, Plamondon, Galibois, Mercier.

Roads—Gibsone, Pettigrew, Madden, Dinan, Bedard. Theriault, Glode, Martin, Bertrand, Fiset, Plamondon, Bois Dussault.

Waterworks — Gibsone, Lantier, Madden, Collier, Gauvin, Theriault, Glode, J. A. Paquet, Bertrand, Fiset, Plamondan, Bois, Mercier.

Fire—Dussault, Pettigrew, Bourret, Collier, Bedard, Lockwell, Bouchard, J. A. Paquet, A. Paquet, Fiset, Plamondon, Galibois, Dussault.

Markets—Gibsone, Pettigrew, Bourret, Dinan, Gauvin, Lockwell, Bouchard, J. A. Paquet, A. Paquet, Verret, Plamondon Bois, Mercier.

Police and By-Law—Gibsone, Lantier, Burret Dinan, Gauvin, Theriault, Glode, Martin, Bertrand,, Verret Plamondon Galibois, Dussault .

Health—Dussault, Lantier, Bourret, Dinan, Bedard Lockwell, Glode, Martin, Paquet Fiset, Plamondon, Bois, Dussault.

Ferry—Dussault, Pettigrew, Madden, Collier, ,Bedard, Theriault, Bouchard Pauet Bertrand,, Verret, Plamondon Galibois, Mercier.

Mr. W. E. Simpson, of Hailybury, has arrived in the city, and is a guest at the Chateau.

CANADA'S LOSSES IN PRESENT WAR.

Ottawa, March 10—The list of actual casualties among the Canadian forces including killed in action, died of wounds and sickness, wounded and missing but not known to be prisoners of war, has been totalled up to March 1 by the Casualties Branch of the Militia Department and amounts to 13,961.

The number is much smaller than has been generally believed which is explained largely by the fact that it does not include cases of sickness or prisoners of war. There have been killed in action 2,323 Canadians Some 988 have died of wounds and 298 have succumbed to sickness, or a total of known dead of 3,624 There is besides, however, a list of missing men not known to be prisoners of war of 1,012. It is practically certain that by far the greater number of these men are dead which swells the list of Canadian dead to almost 5,000. The total number of wounded is 9,325. If prisoners of war and cases of sickness are all included the total number of casualties would be nearer 25,000 men.

OTTAWA TO BE A CITY BEAUTIFUL

(Special to Chronicle)

Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 10.—An elaborate scheme for converting the Canadian Capital into a "City Beautiful" is contained in the report of the Federal plan commission appointed in 1913. This report, which is in the form of a tastefully bound volume, was brought down in the House today. The commission was an honorary one, composed of Sir Robert Holt, Chairman; Sir Alexander Lacoste, R. Smith, Frank Darling and the Mayors of Ottawa and Hull. The report suggests a general system of parks, boulevards, street widenings and extensions, and provision for the erection of additional government buildings." We are of the firm opinion" said the commissioners "that the future improvements in the area about the Capital at Ottawa and Hill should not be attempted without first establishing a Federal District and securing for the Federal authority some control of local government."

CANADIAN REVENUE SHOWS INCREASE.

Ottawa, March 10.—The Canadian revenue for eleven months of the fiscal year shows an increase of thirty-four millions. The total revenue to the end of February was 154,348,809, the February receipts amounting to $14,798,698, or four millions in excess of the revenue for the corresponding month of last year.

The customs revenue for the eleven months reached a total of slightly less than $88,000000, excise $20,000,000 public works $20,000,000 post office $15,000,000.

The decrease of eleven millions in consolidated fund evxpenditure announced some days ago is shown in the financial statement issued today, the total outlay under this head being $98,807,910. All capital expenditures, war outlays included, amounted to $143,332,493 compared with $77,041,553 in the eleven months of lost year. The war expenditure alone was $110,618,343, as compered with $38,079,429 of war outlay in the seven war months to the end of February 1915.

SENT THREATENING LETTERS TO QUEBECER.

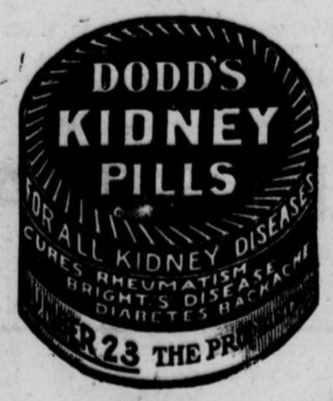
Rock Ouellet, of St. Jean Port Joli, found guilty of having sent two threatening letters to a certain Quebecer high in public life, was sentenced in the Court of Sessions yesterday to two years in the penitentiary.

In the letters placed before the Court the threat to make an exposure unless a sum of money was placed at a certain place in the country, was contained.

Summonses to two different merchants doing business in parishes outside the city have beenu issued. They are accused of having failed to place the war tax stamp on bottles of painkiller sold to customers.

INVESTIGATION INTO BEAUPORT FIRE.

The report of the investigation into the row which occurred at Beauport when the church was burned was received at the meeting of the Council last night and referred to the Fire Committee.



AMERICA MOVING FROM MOORINGS

WILL NOW DEFINITELY ENTER WORLD POLITICS AS A GREAT POWER.

London, Mar. 10.—The Nation in an article discussing the position of the United States, says:

'America is slowly moving away her old moorings and shortly she will have entered more consciously and definitely into world politics as a great power. It would be idle for the European belligerents to pretend that they will and can settle the affairs of the world without her.

"America's strength both natural and moral, will be relatively so much greater that her will and intentions must operate with weight upon the policy of reconstruction in Europe.

"The votes taken this week in both Houses of Congress show that the insolence of Germany is keeping the balance of public sentiment in American strongly on the side of the Entente Allies—where it always has been But let us not expect that America should come at once formally into the fray.

"For the present America probably thinks she can do better for the world by keeping out of the war even at a considerable sacrifice of pride and self esteem. But the time will come—it is fast approaching—when her intervention may be Europe's only means not only of ending the war but of attaining a tolerable and durable peace."

BIG WAR CONTRACT.

London, Ont. March 10.—William Gray, M. P., for London, has secured for this city the biggest war order that has yet come to western Ontario.

A London canning company has been awarded an order for one million cases of pork and beans for the British army. The order amounts to $3,000.000. The factory will have to be enlarged and much extra help secured.

U. S. AMBASSADOR TO TURKEY THANKED.

Washington, Mar. 10.—Great Britain's gratitude to Henry Morgenthau, American Ambassador to Turkey for his services as representative of the Entente Allies at Constantinople was expressed to Mr. Morgenthau today by the British Ambassador Sir Cecil Spring-Rice. Sir Cecil told the Ambassador when the latter called at the British Embassy to pay his respects, that his protection of the interests of British nationals in Turkey and his aid in caring for wounded British soldiers had made a strong impression throughout England.

BROKERS RAIDED.

Pittsburg, March 10—The offices of five members of the Pittsburg Consolidated Stock Exchange, were raided today by troopers of the State Constabulary, acting under orders from the Attorney-General at Harrisburg. All attaches were placed under arrest and the instruments seized. The officer commanding the raiding squad refused to say what charge would be made against the men arrested.

The offices raided were those of Keating & Company, A. J. Cummings & Company, Union Securities Company, F. X. Herling & Company, Scheeble Company.

The Consolidated Stock Exchange was organized when the anti-bucket-shop law became operative several years ago.

FOR ART ROSS CUP.

Ottawa Champions Will Play Lachine on Monday.

Montreal, March 11.— Lachine started at practice last night in preparation for their match with the winners of the Ottawa City League, who have challenged for the Art. Ross Trophy. The New Edinburgh team are now at the best of their form and have recently played in the United States to keep on edge for the match here. Trustee Riley Hern reported yesterday that he had written to Ottawa to play here on Monday night and the officials for the match will be appointed tomorrow afternoon. There will be only one game played, as under the rules of the trophy it is to be defended on the ice of the club holding it and the trustees reserve the right to say whether one or more games will be played. Word was sent to St. Paul that the defenders of the cup would be ready to play them on March 16. St. Paul asked what guarantee they would be given for the trip and were advised that they would receive twenty-five per cent. of the receipts.

The trustees sent word to the St. Paul club that they must furnish declarations as to their amateur status before being allowed to play for the trophy. This message was sent last night.

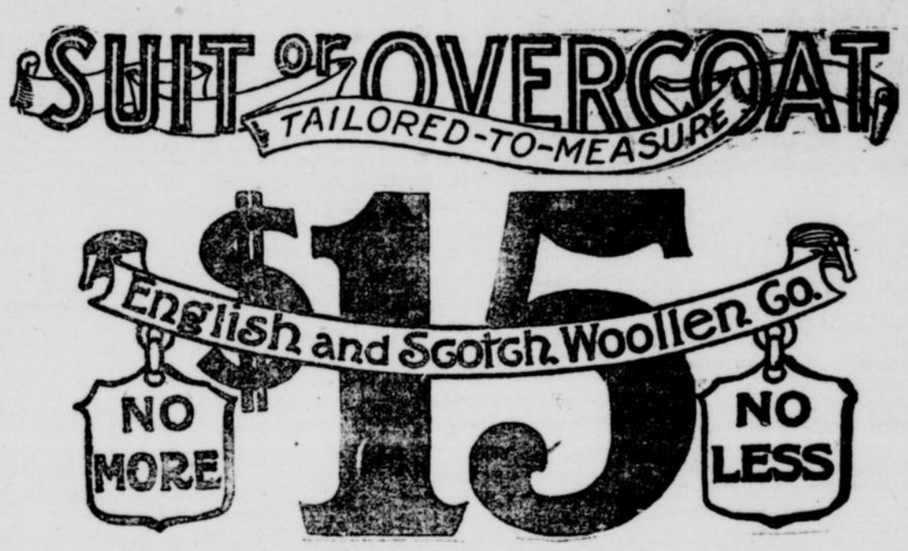
Learning it.

The Old Married One.—You will learn, my dear, that men are most contrary creatures.. The Young Married One—Oh, I know that already. The old Married One.—Indeed? The Young Married One—Yes; I cook things my husband likes and yet he doesn't like the things I cook.

We Are Not Ashamed of You Mr. $15 Man

WE do not sell our $15 Suits and Overcoats in a dingy corner of our store—we're not ashamed of them or of *you either*, Mr. $15 Man. We have provided twenty beautiful stores in Canada for our "Mill-to-Man" tailoring and we are just as glad to cater to *your* wants as we are to the wauts of men with more money. We believe that every time we sell a $15 garment *we make a friend for our stores.*

YOU will find that our $15 garments are not the kind that you ordinarily expect to get for $15---they are *better*---they *cost more* to make--they are sold at *less profit.* They are equal to any $25 suit or overcoat that you can buy elsewhere in Canada and in many instances they are worth more. It is your right to have this surprising statement *proved*---and we ll do it in detail *if you will give us the chance.*



"Satisfaction First" The spirit of a Bigger, Better, Busier Britain—the spirit that we have striven to instil into this business—the spirit that says that Britain shall do better than any other Empire in the world, shall lead the way—not follow—this spirit animates every part of our organization and makes it distinct from any other establishment.

It is the spirit that says that our Mill-to-Man Tailoring Service must give you better clothes, stronger wearing quality and a lower price than any other store in the country. It says that you must get satisfaction—ALWAYS.

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Out-of-Town Men Send today for assorted miniature size travellers' samples—self measuring chart, style book and tape FREE. $15 to Measure, any style, fit guaranteed. Address Mail Order Department, 415 St. Catherine Street East, Montreal.

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Preaching + Mission

¶ACQUAINT NOW THYSELF WITH GOD AND BE AT PEACE. ¶GOD IS SPEAKING THROUGH THE WAR. WHAT MESSAGE DOES IT BRING TO YOU?

Come to the Mission

Church	Date	Missioner
The Cathedral	March 8th to 19th.	The Rev. Ensor Sharp
Trinity	March 12th to 19th.	The Rev. Canon Howitt
St. Michael's.	March 29th to April 2.	The Rev. I. A. R. Macdonald

Mch.8x4

BRITISH HAVE SEIZED AMERICAN SECURITIES.

Amsterdam, via London, March 10—Banking circles here give $10,000,000 to $12,000,000 as the aggregate value of American securities and coupons taken by the British government from the Dutch steamers Noordam and Rotterdam on outward voyages since the middle of January. American purchasers of the securities and coupons, it is said, received empty or partly empty envelopes containing a British official notification that the missing contents would be brought before a prize court

Bankers here believed justified the British desire to put an end to the sale of German owned securities through Holland, but complain that not only have American bonds whose German stamps might arouse suspicion of German origin been seized but that important quantities of purely Dutch property has also suffered the same fate. They ask why Great Britain could not have made enemy owned securities contraband at first whereupon the bankers would have acted accordingly.

They say that Holland's investments in American railroads and industrial enterprises total $1,500,000 and point out the injustice which would arise if during the war no interest due by neutral debtors to neutral creditors could be recovered. The bankers have large accumulations of securities deliverable in America, which, however, in view of Great Britain's attitude can no longer be entrusted even to neutral mails.

In the meantime some Amsterdam bankers continue paying for American coupons in the hope that the British will soon release the securities, but the majority, more circumspect, stopped payment. The bankers have petitioned the Dutch Minister of Foreign Affairs for diplomatic assistance in clearing up the situation.

LOOK OUT FOR THIS WEEK'S SUNDAY BOSTON AMERICAN.

Contains a beautiful picture of H.R. H. Princess Patricia on heavy paper and specially prepared for framing. Ant. Langlois, Agent, 26 Mountain Hill.

The Quebec Chronicle

Printed and published by The Chronicle Printing Company, D. Watson, General Manager, at the building of the Chronicle, 9 Buade Street, Quebec.

QUEBEC, MARCH 11, 1916.

NORTHCLIFFE'S OPINION.

It is a terrible story which Lord Northcliffe tells from the new battle front at Verdun of impressions gleaned during his personal visit there. Lord Northcliffe has been somewhat of an alarmist during the progress of the war, but in his despatch he expresses the opinion that Germany is nearing the end of her tether for human material, and he bases this upon the fact that a very large proportion of the German prisoners captured are undersized men. He says five-foot-four, narrow chested youths are members of the elite corps like the 3rd or 5th army corps. He gives a list of famous German regiments, which are so depleted that they are practically all used up. Describing the scene on the battlefield, he illustrates the German losses and suffering by citing this in evidence:—

"The sudden change in the weather damaged the German plans. Never did the wounded suffer so terribly. Imagine the French horror when their lookouts trying to save the living amongst the German masses covering the plateau and slopes found that all had been frozen stiff by the icy wind."

Lord Northcliffe was also deeply impressed with the enormous masses of ambulances and motor convoys, employed in connection with the fighting, and he makes the satisfying statement that it is not only the Germans, who know how to utilize auto transports, but the French equally so.

BUSINESS AFTER THE WAR.

There is a feeling in some quarters that in this country a period of industrial depression must necessarily follow the conclusion of peace. In The New York Outlook, Mr. Thedore H. Price, a recognized American authority on economics, takes issue with those who predict that prosperity will end with the war. "The Menace of Peace" is the phrase which he uses to describe this fear as to what will happen when an end comes to the unparalleled exports of food and war munitions. Mr. Price says: "In consequence we have a case of what a doctor who knew anything about business might call 'commercial hyperaesthesia,' and are worrying ourselves unnecessarily over what is relatively very unimportant. Even if the balance of trade in our favor were all profit, which it is not, a loss or gain of the amount could not very seriously affect the profit-and-loss account of the United States. In fact, the volume of our foreign trade is so small in comparison with our internal or domestic trade that one is almost tempted to conclude that its value is largely psychological in that it flatters our national self-esteem and thereby promotes the self-confidence that is necessary to the development of a domestic trade which is vastly greater." Mr. Price then points out that during 1915 the exports of the United States were valued at $3,550,000,000, and its imports at $1,750,000,000, a total of $5,300,000. During the same period the internal commerce of the country amounted to probably $100,000,000,000, so that the foreign trade was negligible by comparison. The profit derived from trade with other countries hardly equalled the expenditures of the people upon moving picture shows, soda water, candy and chewing gum, and was far less than the national outlay on liquor and tobacco. He anticipates some temporary dislocation from the cessation of war exports, but he condemns as absurd the theory that peace can have anything but a beneficial effect on trade and be anything else than a definite stimulus to prosperity.

As a contemporary remarks, in considering the facts and arguments of Mr. Price, Canadians should view the future in much the same way. If the same proportions hold good in the Dominion as in the United States, Canada's annual foreign trade of $1,200,000,000 is overshadowed in importance by an internal commerce of $20,000,000,000. War orders will be replaced with orders for the reconstruction of Belgium and Northern France, and all the Allied nations will be disposed to deal with Canada rather than with neutral nations. The prospect is that by means of tariff and shipping regulations amongst the Allies the Teuton powers will be cut off from the markets of half the world. There is reason to expect that after the war the Dominion will have the option of receiving all the immigrants it can absorb on a sound economic basis. Our undeveloped resources are so extensive that with proper organization we can profitably increase our population by millions in the next few years.

The increase production that will result will lighten the financial burden assumed to ensure our own safety and in the defence of humanity and civilization. Canada's high spirited action in this world crisis has spread its fame all over the world, and the unprecedented advertisement thus secured will bring in handsome material as well as moral dividends for years to come. Instead, therefore, of looking with trepidation to the end of the war we should make timely preparations to reap the rewards that will legitimately be ours because of the worthy part we are playing in the world's most terrible struggle.

Twelve persons were killed and 33 injured in a zeppelin raid over England Sunday afternoon. It is difficult to imagine any military necessity that justifies an air raid. Of all forms of war this form remains the one inexcusable method of serving national honor or welfare.

In China a too talkative wife can be divorced. In China, too, a husband who stays out nights can be beheaded, which offsets that boon!

Statistics show that there was a total of 2,498,604 cars in use in the United States at the beginning of the year, of which 71,026 were commercial vehicles. On the corresponding day a year ago the automobile census indicated a registration of 1,785,613. The increase was 39.6 per cent. Truly a big stride, yet small by comparison with the probable output in 1916, it being estimated that the production this year will approximate 1,200,000 cars—an increase in the neighborhood of 50 per cent.

PRESS COMMENT.

We get some conception of the magnitude of the present German offensive in the West by reading the opinions of war correspondents to the effect that the attack upon Verdun, in which a million German troops are engaged, is only a feint to conceal the real objective of the assailants. A mere "diversion" which has already resulted in over two hundred thousand casualties, and may result in the loss of double that number of men before the issue is reached, considerably enlarges our concept of the meaning of the term. It is said that the plans now being perfected by the Germans involve not only a determined and sustained advance against the French lines, but also an ambitious programme of naval activity in which airships will co-operate on an extensive scale. Though it is impossible to be accurate in estimating the number of men engaged by any of the belligerents at any of the important theatres of this war, it seems certain that the German troops participating in the great western offensive will number at least five millions. It is therefore possible that the next two or three weeks will witness the most appalling sacrifice of human lives known in the history of the world's wars. There was some incredulity when it was announced that Germany was contemplating the present offensive. The general belief was that the season was yet too early to anticipate anything of the kind. It is, however, a case of "now or never" for the Kaiser's cause. The Allies are growing in strength too rapidly to admit of much delay on the part of the Central Powers. The ammunition problem that handicapped the Russians six months ago has evidently been at last met, as the Turk is now discovering to his cost. England can now get all the recruits she can handle. The munition factories of the neutarl world are pouring a daily supply of shells into the arsenals of the Allies. Three months hence the contest will be too uneven, in the judgment of the Central authorities. Hence the midwinter attack on Verdun, which, we are told, is a mere incident to the great offensive. We have been told in the past that we were on different occasions at the turning point of the war. It is clear we are now at what the Kaiser himself believes is the crisis of the great conflict. And fortunately there seems to be no reason for us to be apprehensive regarding its outcome. —Sydney Post.

At the request of the Berlin Board of Trade, backed by nearly 120 Boards of Trade and municipal Councils throughout the Dominion, the Commission of Conservation has investigated and is to report on Canada's terrible fire wastage. Our fire losses per capita of population are described as greatly in excess of those of any other civilized country. In peace times these losses are estimated as six times greater than those of Great Britain, France or Germany, and insurance premiums are correspondingly high. "In the past ten years, the average annual loss in 10 British cities has been but 50 cents per head, as against an average annual loss of $3.55 per head in 10 Canadian cities from Halifax to Vancouver, with an average rate of premium in the British cities of but 22 cents per $100 of insured value, as against an average of $1.46 in Canadian cities." If Canada could attain to the British standard of immunity from fire we should save $12,000,000 per annum, or with compound interest, well on to $150,000,000 every 10 years. It is to be hoped that the findings of the Conservation Commission may be so taken to heart by the people as to result in the cultivation of more careful habits, and in a marked scaling down of both fire losses and fire insurance premiums.—Toronto News.

Correspondence

ALD. LOCKWELL REBUKED BY EX-ALD MONAGHAN.

To the Editor, Chronicle:

Dear Sir,—In your report of the Council meeting of Friday evening Ald. Lockwell considered and proclaimed that the elimination of his name from the Special Committee was an insult to the electors of Montcalm Ward. The writer has every reason to believe that the rank and file of the lectors are not worried at all about the action of the majority of the Council.

I do believe that Ald. Lockwell doth presume too much when he appeals for sympathy to the taxpayers of his Ward, particularly at a time when economy and wisdom in administrating the City's finances should be the first concern of Mayor Lavigueur's regime.

Yours truly,
M. MONAGHAN.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Judgments—Writs Issued.

Judgments by the Prothonotary:

Usines Generales de Chars et de Machineries, Ltee., vs. The Montreal Quarry & Construction Supply Co.—Judgment against defendant for $313.98, interest and costs.

Hon. Justice Roy will pronounce judgment tomorrow at half past ten in the case of Hugill and Guay, vs. Donnocana Paper Co.

In the case of Lavoie vs. Poulin, the defendant who has inscribed before the Court of King's Bench, gave his bond before the Prothonotary this morning, the surety being Mr. Telesphore Poulin, of Quebec, furrier.

Judgments by Hon. Justice McCorkill:

Le Parc Richelieu, Ltee., vs. Houde.—Motion to declare service irregular and to dismiss action granted and action dismissed with costs.

Genest vs. Duhamel, and Deserre, opposant.—Motion for peremption granted, and opposition dismissed with costs.

Jacques vs. Lacroix, and City of Quebec. T.S.—Judgment by default against Tiers-Saisie for debt, interest and costs, and against Tiers-Saisie and costs, and against defendant and Tiers-Saisie jointly and severally for sub costs.

Judgments by the Prothontary:

Ross vs. McBain, Esqte—Judgment against defendant, esqualite, for $226.84, interest and costs.

Cadrin vs. Faucher.—Judgment in plaintiff's favor for $121.92, interest and costs.

Julien & Cie., vs. Tremblay—Delibere discharged.

Writs of summonses issued from the Prothonotary's Office:

Crown Furniture Co., Ltd., vs. Demerville M. Croteau, Quebec, $216.12, debt.

Ernest Bastien, vs. City of Quebec, $240., damages.

Ludger Bastien, vs. the City of Quebec, $300.00, damages.

Marie Leda Dufresne, vs. Phileas Letellier, Quebec, $128.70, rent and damages.

Andre Harvey vs. Quebec Saguenay Ry. Co., Quebec, $524.41, in factum.

Edouard Coulombe vs. Gedeon Bergeron, Chicoutimi, West, $128.41, in factum.

La Banque Nationale, vs. Germaine Marois and P. P. Marois, Lower Carquett, N.B., $363.45, promissory note.

Any Tobacco Now

Before the war, no tobacco was too fine for the Parisienne, Egyptian, Turkish, or Russian was eagerly sought. Cigarettes with real gold tips were not enough. A rose petal was considered a more dainty mouthpiece. Now the cheapest tobacco is the fashion and in their sympathy with the men at the front women have taken to smoking "caporal", as their heroes do. The ivory cigarette holder may have a circle of pearls set in it, but the cigarette must be the same as "his."

THE MARBLE STATUETTE

Semi-ready Design to Show the Versatile Type of Cutting

Each Semi-ready Suit is cut individually, and the cutter has in mind the exact type of man whom it will fit.

This season the Semi-ready Company had a marbleized statuette of a stout type of man—a miniature reproduction of an "aldermatic" type of man—with the idea that this will emphasize their method of tailoring clothes to fit the hard to fit.

Seven distinct physique types are shown—the statuette represents only one of them.

There are but two genuine Semi-ready stores in Quebec:

George Morissette, St. John street.
Jules Gauvin, St. Joseph street.

3 out of 5 WHY?

Corn is a building food, and Kellogg's made it good to the taste. Little boys and girls found it hard to struggle with heavier foods that had no more nourishment. Perhaps that is why three mothers in five feed their children Kellogg's Corn Flakes.

TOASTED
Kellogg's CORN FLAKES
MADE IN CANADA
"Our Only Product"
130

Assured or Insured-- Which?

Should we say life assurance or life insurance? Many insurance (or assurance) people have wrangled over this.

It depends upon whether you wish to refer to the policyholder or the beneficiary. The policyholder is assured, the beneficiary is insured.

The instant that a man comes into possession of a Mutual Life Policy he becomes possessed with an assured feeling as to the security of his family.

On the other hand his family is immediately insured by means of the policy against poverty and all the misery it entails.

So a policy in the Mutual of Canada is at once a policy of assurance and a policy of insurance. You are assured, your family is insured.

Our object is to give the largest amount of insurance for the least possible outlay.

DEMOCRATIC ECONOMICAL
UP-TO-THE-MINUTE

The Mutual Life of Canada WATERLOO ONTARIO

M. MONAGHAN, B.A., General Agent
81 St. Peter St., Quebec, P.Q.

64

Port and Sherry Wines

THE BEST OBTAINABLE

from 40c per bottle to $2.00; and $2.00 to $10.00 per gallon

ORDER A TRIAL BOTTLE TODAY.

GEORGES PATRY,

"The House of Quality."

'Phone 6[illegible]. 22 FABRIQUE STREET.

Our Great Winter Sale

Is Still Going On

Goods Now Offered At Very Low Prices

LADIES' NECKWEAR at Half Price.—25c, now 12½c; 30c, for 15c 38c, for 19c; 48c, for 24c; 60c, now 30c; 75c, now 38c; 85c, now 43c.

EMBROIDERIES.—2,000 yards offered at Half Price.—6c, now 3c; 9c, now 4½c; 12c, now 6c; 15c, now 7½c; 20c, now 10c.

TRIMMED FELT HATS for Ladies, all reduced to ....89c each.

CHILDREN'S VELVET HATS, at $1.75, $2.25, $2.50, Reduced to 68c each.

LADIES' HAND BAGS, in Black and Colored Leather—75c and 85c. Reduced to 59c; $1.10, reduced to 69c.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

SIMONS & MINGUY,

Telephone 338. 20 Fabrique Street, Quebec

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED

MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED

"DOMINION" STEAM and GAS COALS

Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack

For Particulars, apply to

SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

Examination for Entrance to the Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ontario.

THE regular examination for entrance to the Royal Military College, will be held on Monday, the 29th May, 1916.

2. This examination is open to all British subjects between the ages of 16 and 21 years inclusive, unmarried, and who have resided, or whose parents have resided in Canada for two years immediately preceding the date of examination.

3. Application by the parents, or guardians of any intending candidate to be made in writing to the Secretary, Militia Council, Ottawa, Ont., not later than Saturday, the 29th April, 1916, accompanied by:

(a) Birth Certificate in duplicate.
(b) Certificate of good moral character, signed by the head of the school or college at which the candidate has received his education for at least the two preceding years, or, by a clergyman of the place of worship attended by the candidate, and,
(c) Remittance of $5.00 (five dollars) in favor of the Receiver General.

4. Any further particulars regarding said examination can be obtained from the Secretary, Militia Council, Ottawa, Ontario.

5. Should the number of Candidates not be sufficient to complete the establishment of the Royal Military College, Matriculants in the Faculty of Arts and Science of Chartered Universities will be admitted without examination, if approved of. Such Matriculants should apply to the Secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa, forwarding (a) Certificate of Matriculatian and number of marks obtained in each subject; and (b) Birth Certificate in duplicate,

EUGENE FISET,
Surgeon General,
Deputy Minister.

Dept. of Militia and Defence,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1916.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.
(H.Q. 74-68-1).—93327
F.29x1aw,tux4

HAVE YOUR PICTURE TAKEN ON A POST CARD AT SHORT NOTICE.

2 for.....25c; 6 for.....50c.

Also Post Card Pictures finished while you wait.

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TELEPHONE - - 2946
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$10.00 Cash

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WILL PUT A BEAUTIFUL

PIANO

IN YOUR HOME.

Just receiving a new stock of PIANOS from the leading manufacturers.

ARTHUR LAVIGNE
54 Couillard Street

WALLACE COLLEGE.
25 ST STANISLAS ST., QUEBEC.
Eighteenth Year.

Instruction given in Bookkeeping, Shortnand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, Drawing, Music, and Modern Languages. No vacations.
Day and Evening Classes.
J. W. M. WALLACE,
Principal.

OYSTERS

Malpecque Oysters direct from Prince Edward Island, served at DUGAL'S CAFE. Auditorium.

50 CENTS PER DOZEN.

WANTED MILLINERS

English-speaking clerks; also young girl capable of bookkeeping, and a boy.

Apply to

Miss M. Brownrigg
64 St. John Street

Electric Coffee Percolators

In different Styles and Sizes.

—also—

TEA BALL TEAPOTS
And SAMORARS.

—CHAFFING DISHES.

—TOASTERS.

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(4 styles and sizes)

GRILLS—Square and Round.

EGG COOKERS—All to be had at

The CHINIC Hardware Company

CUTLERY

We have in stock a splendid line of CUTLERY—high-grade, latest designs, best finish, etc.

ENAMELWARE,
KITCHEN UTENSILS,
HOUSE FITTINGS.

In the Sporting Goods we have Sleighs, Toboggans, Skies, Skates, Skating Boots, Mocassins, Pads, Hockey and Curling Requisites, Snowshoes, Etc. Etc.

—at—

S.J. SHAW & CO.

Hardware Merchants,
Phone 573. 13 ST. JOHN ST.

BOOKS

THE WHITE FEATHER,
—By Lechmere Worrall.
THE HOPE OF THE HOUSE.
—By Agnes and Egerton Castle.
THE FLOWER OF THE GORSE,
—By Louis Tracy.

P. J. EVOY,
BOOKSELLER.
Phone 772. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL
MONTREAL.

Magnificent new entrance on St. James Street.

200 Rooms (many with baths attached).

European rate from $1.00 per day.

American Plan from $2.50 per day.

A. J. HIGGINS, LTD.

For Your Clothing

If style, cut and finish count with you, give me a trial for your WINTER CLOTHING, as I am positive I can please you :: :: I have received a new Stock of the very latest Goods, and would take pleasure in showing them to you :: :: :: :: ::

S. J. BURKE,
187 ST. JOHN ST., QUEBEC.
Telephone 781.

The ORIGINAL and only GENUINE

Beware of IMITATIONS

Sold on the merits of

Minard's Liniment

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

HEAD OFFICE AND FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC. TWO BRANCHES IN LEVIS.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES AT THE HEAD OFFICE AND ST. ROCH'S BRANCH.

GRANDE ALLEE RINK

TONIGHT, FRIDAY, (Rink Keepers Benefit)—Fancy Dress Carnival. At 8.00 o'clock. Admissions ... ... 25 Cents.

SATURDAY HOCKEY

CRESCENTS vs. CHAMPETRE

(of Quebec.) (of Montreal.)

At 8.00 o'clock, p.m. Admission... ... ... 25 Cents.

Reserved seats, twenty-five cents extra.

BAND SATURDAY AFTERNOON :: From 3.00 to 5.00 o'clock.

PHONE 3920.
PAINLESS and ANTISEPTIC TREATMENT.
Dr. WILLIAM CLARKE
FOOT SPECIALIST.
Graduate of the School of Chiropody of New York.
OFFICE: 47 CLAIRE FONTAINE STREET.
Treatment at Residence by Appointment.
Weak Ankles and Fallen Arches a Specialty.

Sp.8xmn,wd,stx6m

DIED.

ANDERSON—On March 9th, 1916, at his late residence, 6 St. Denis avenue, Edmund H. Anderson, younger son of the late H. S. Anderson, Esq.

CHAUVEAU — Suddenly, at New York, on the 7th March instant, the Honorable Alexandre Chauveau, aged 69 years.

Funeral Saturday morning, from the residence of his son, Charles A. Chauveau, 7 Drill Hall Square, Grande Allee, to the Basilica, at 9.45. a.m.

JOLICOEUR—On March 10th, 1916, at St. Malo, this city, at the age of 81 years and 6 months, Marie Emelandre Labrecque, wife of the late William Lachaine Jolicoeur. Deceased was the mother of Dr. G. Wm. Jolicoeur, and Alf. L. Jolicoeur, druggist.

Notice of interment later.

FRESH CUT FLOWERS

Received Daily.

Specialty: Wreaths, Crosses, Stars.

Please give us your order.

MDE. LEFEBVRE,

Tel. 472. :: 54 Palais Hill.

F.23xwd,stx1y

AUDITORIUM

TODAY

Mme. PETROVA, in METRO FEATURE "THE VAMPIRE."

Prices: 10c, 15c, 20c. Matinee: 10c.

OLYMPIA THEATRE

TODAY

"THE COWARD"

Triangle Feature in 6 Parts.

And a PATHE Comedy.

Admission - - - 10 Cents.

Victoria Theatre Palace Hill

TODAY

Cleo Ridgely and Wallace Reid

—in—

THE GOLDEN CHANCE,

Don't Miss It.

VERONIQUE

This Opera, of Andre Messager, one of the musical gems of modern repertoire will be given at

The AUDITORIUM, on THURSDAY, 16th INST.

Everything has been arranged to make a decided success of this performance. The choruses number fifty people and the orchestra thirty performers.

The object of the entertainment is to help the Hospital for Tuberculosis patients :: :: ::

LUCETTE

Cosets of modern cut, made exclusively to order. Specialty: Maternity Cosets recommended by physicians. Sanitary articles for ladies and babies.

28 ST. LOUIS STREET,

Telephone 447. Quebec.

WE carry the largest and most complete assortment of BRIAR PIPES in Quebec City.

WALLING,

TOBACCONIST,

46 Mountain Hill.

182 St. John Street.

J. F. LANDERS

Osteopathic Physician,

Office: 55 St. Louis Street.

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Patients attended at their home by special appointment.

Dr. Colin Holliday

Osteopathic Physician.

Office: 40 STE. ANNE ST.

Telephone 5825.

Graduate of American School of Osteopathy.

Member of American Osteopathic Association.

PETER FRENCH

ADVOCATE

13 Couillard Street

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Electric Scalp Treatment

Ladies, don't fail to take advantage of my offer of 12 treatments for $5, including a bottle of my famous hair tonic free; you have but a short time left to profit by this offer.

I wish to impress on your minds that dandruff, itchy and oily condition of the scalp, cause the hair to turn gray and to fall, and until the scalp is clear of these complaints, no tonic in the world will do any good.

Please note, I make all my own tonics.

Electric facial massage and shampooing done. A free trial given of my headache, stiff joint, and rheumatism treatments. My up-to-date Electric Vibrators require special mention.

MRS. KAY,

Phone 4035. 67½ St. Augustin St.

Quebec Curling Club

BEEF and GREENS will be served in the Rink today, at 6.30 p.m. A large attendance is requested.

S. J. GROGAN,
Hon. Secretary.

HORSES FOR SALE.

Mr. Hilaire Lelisle, horse dealer, has just returned from Montreal with a carload of splendid horses, which will be sold or exchanged at good conditions. Also horses and vehicles on hire.

Apply to HILAIRE DELISLE,
266 St. Oliver st., St. John Suburbs,
Tel. 1727. Quebec, P.Q.
Mch.10x2

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

THIRTY-THIRD ARE ENTERTAINED

QUEBEC FRIENDS ARRANGE IMPROMPTU CONCERT AT IMMIGRATION BUILDINGS.

On the eve of their departure from Quebec, the officers and men of the 33rd Battalion, who remained within the confines of their quarters at the Immigration Buildings last evening, were treated to a most agreeable surprise in the form of an impromptu concert program, which was arranged and carried out by a number of Quebec friends.

Members of the Y.M.C.A. and others prominent in church societies in this city arranged the entertainment with the object of cheering the men before leaving this city. Judging by the numerous encores, the organizers were successful in making the evening an enjoyable one for all.

During the course of the concert an address, in the form of a message of cheer, was read by Mr. W. H. Wiggs, and a response that proved touching, was made by Major Rance on behalf of the battalion.

The program follows:

Vocal solo .. .. ..Mrs. T. B. O'Neill
Selection.. .. .. .. Band of 33rd
Bappipes, selection...33rd Pipe Band
Song.. .. .. Mr. Ward
Male Quartette.. .. ..
Messrs. C. H. Thorn, F. R. Thorn, A. C. Thorn, H. C. Thorn.
Violin solo.. .. ..Mrs. (Dr.) Coffin
Selection .. ..Band of 33rd
Vocal solo .. .. Miss Lillian Fraser
Male Quartette.. .. ..
GOD SAVE THE KING.

Exhibition of magnificent assortment of Flowers today. Ophelia Roses and American Beauties in large quantities. Don't fail to pay a visit.

MRS. LEMIEUX,
Leading Florist.

RECORDER'S COURT.

Five prisoners appeared before the Recorder yesterday on charges of drunkenness. Fines ranging from $2 to $5 costs, or in default fifteen days imprisonment were inflicted.

IT MATTERS LITTLE.

It matters little if you have the intention of choosing your Costume right away or not. Visit just the same the magnificent display at

MARCEAU & CIE.,
155 St. Joseph Street.

That will guide you advantageously.

INSOLVENT SALE.

At the office of Messrs. Pedard & Belanger, St. Peter street, yesterday, the assets of the estate of Mr. R. J. G. Gore, insolvent, were sold as follows:

Stock in trade and store furniture, valued at $2,375.61, sold to Mr. Nap. Jacques, merchant, St. Joseph street, at 69 per cent.

National Cash Register, value $150, sold to Beller Bros., Reg'd., for $92.

Book debts, according to list, $119,-83, bought by Mr. A. B. O'Neill, at 14 per cent.

Large Sunkist Oranges
35 cents doz.
Strictly Fresh Eggs
45 cents doz.
C. O. SIMARD ENRG.
(Store of Specialties)
'Phone 407 — 8 St. John St.

CLAIM AN INJUSTICE.

Messrs. E. A. Anctil & Company, Tailors, in a letter addressed to the mayor and aldermen complain that they were not justly treated in the contracts recently awarded for uniforms for the police. They state that sample of serge furnished in their tender weighed between 16 and 17 ounces and the price was $15.85 per uniform, while the experts selected inferior and lighter serge at $17.39 a uniform. The letter was read at the meeting of the Council last night and was referred to the Police and By-law Committee.

Safe Milk for INFANTS AND INVALIDS

HORLICK'S Malted Milk

The Food-Drink for all Ages

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More healthful than tea or coffee. All chemists and dealers.

Manufactured in Slough, Bucks, England; and Racine, Wis., U. S. A.

Sample Free, address Gilmour Bros. & Co. 559 Plus IX Ave., Maisonneuve, Montreal, Can.

LENTEN MISSION AT THE CATHEDRAL

THE MISSIONER DELIVERED POWERFUL ADDRESS TO MEN LAST NIGHT.

A large congregation of men attended last night's Mission service at the Cathedral. The Missioner, the Rev. C. Ensor Sharp, after the first portion of the service was concluded, delivered a masterly address in which he said he was glad to have this opportunity of speaking to the men, although he always felt it a difficult matter, feeling that the words addressed to others would too often apply to himself.

The theme of the address was "The Love of God." When we are first asked to love God," the Missioner said, "the usual answer is that we never had time to think about it, or that the question is one that does not interest us. Most of us find it a supreme difficulty in answering the question with candour, yet it is rare to find a man who despises God and who has not an inate reverence, even on the part of those whose lives have been wild. A man allows his wife and children to go to church but does not go himself. Asked the reason why, the man does not answer "I do not believe in church, or the church is a humbug," but simply says that it fails to interest him. Yet the Old and New Testament show us that man's life is built upon the love of God. Jesus, himself, did not merely say Lead a straight life, etc., but "Love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, with all thy soul, with all thy mind, and with all thy strength."

The preacher then developed in a most able manner the need of regarding and of developing the essential parts of man, "body, soul and spirit." He dealt with all the excuses of the busy man whose attention to the race for wealth causes him on Sundays to turn to golf, motoring, etc., instead of attending to his religious duties. Purity of life was also strongly dwelt upon. "Impurity," he said, "is doing more to keep a man from God than anything else." The Missioner quoted a statement made by Lord Kitchener to his soldiers, "You cannot be the soldiers you should be unless you keep your bodies free from the ravages of indulgence." The chief thing that a man makes the object of his life is money, which, along with pride, affects a man's soul. You can make your soul so dead that you can commit all the sins in the decalogue and it will not keep you awake ten minutes. The address was thoroughly practical throughout, and listened to with great attention.

MONTCALMVILLE TO HAVE PICTURE HOUSE.

Valuable Property Sold on St. Cyrille Street.

The residents of Montcalmville are to have a high-class photoplay house. Plans have been drawn up and work will be started immediately. The building will cost in the neighborhood of $45,000, and will have a seating capacity of 900 people. The building will be completed in time for the summer trade.

WANT POSITION OF CITY HALL GUARDIAN.

Five applications were read at the meeting of the City Council last night seeking appointment as Guardian of the City Hall which position will be left vacant shortly by the superannuation of Mr. P. Wright who has filled the post for nearly half a century. The applicants are:—P. Watt, George Marois, Phileas Croteau, J. A. Gingras and J. Delauriers. The applications were referred to the Finance Committee.

HELP OUR ABANDONED WAIFS

On Monday next, the Lady Presidents of the different Wards will make a house to house collection, the proceeds of which will be devoted to one of the most deserving causes that claim public support and sympathy.

It is an appeal for the little abandoned babes who are sheltered at the Hospice St Vincent de Paul, St. Foye Road. The Rev. Sisters of the Good Shepherd are certainly doing a splendid work quietly but effectively. Lack of adequate funds alone limit their scope and the extent of their achievements. It is true, these are days when the demands upon the public's purse are many and unceasing. Yet, while the war and all it has brought in its train naturally have first place in our hearts, we ought not to forget that the needs of the little motherless babes are most urgent and important. Anything that can be done to bring a little more of the sunshine of life into the existence of the infants whose advent into this world is surrounded by such sadness, should have the willing and liberal support of all more fortunately situated.

Wherever you are the kindly deeds done will constantly come back in memory waves and will tend to make you happy. Every thought sends back an echo like itself. If we have been helpful and generous, sympathetic and kind we shall have echoes that will uplift, encourage and satisfy.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY ANNUAL SOIREE

WILL BE HELD AT AUDITORIUM WITH MATINEE IN THE AFTERNOON.

The Sixtieth Grand Annual Soiree under the auspices of the St. Patrick's Literary Institute will be held at the Auditorium Theatre on next Friday evening, March 17th.

This year the address will be delivered by Mr. E. B. Devlin, member for Wright County in the Ottawa House, and brother of the late Hon. C. R. Devlin, up to the time of his death Minister of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries in the Gouin Government.

Following the address there will be a programme of vocal and instrumental music by some of the leading talent of this city and the entertainment will be brought to a close with a one act comedy entitled, "O'Halloran at his wits' ends."

The direction of the Soiree will be carried out by Mr. R. Timmons.

In the afternoon the usual matinee will be held at the Auditorium and will include a varied programme concluding with a two act comedy entitled "Madcap Geraldine." The matinee will be directed by Miss McCauley.

The plan of the hall will open on Tuesday morning at the Auditorium Theatre. For further particulars see the advertisement in another column.

CABINET DIVIDES ON CANNON BILL

MEASURE TO ADMIT WOMEN TO THE BAR LOST BY ONE VOTE.

By a majority of one vote the Legislative Assembly last night rejected the Cannon bill to allow women to practise law in the Province of Quebec.

The division was 22 to 21 and even the Cabinet was divided on the question, the Premier, Hon. Messrs. Mercier and Mitchell voting in favor, while Hon. Messrs. Allard, Caron, Decarie and Taschereau voted against.

The vote was as follows:—

For:—Messrs. Bissonnet, Bugeaud, Bullock, Cannon, Finnie, Gault, Francoeur, Gosselin, Gouin, Lavergne, Lemieux, Letourneau, Mercier, Mitchell, Philps, Scott, Slater, Tessier of Rimouski, Tourville, Turcot and Vilas—21.

Against:—Messrs. Allard, Bernier, Caron of Iles de la Madeleine, Cousineau, Decarie, Delisle, Demers, Galipeault, Godbout, Gregoire, Labissonniere, Langlois, Letourneau of Quebec, Morin, Peloquin, Robillard, Sauve, Seguin, Tanguay, Taschereau, Tellier, and Trahan.—22.

CROSS FRETFUL BABIES.

The cross fretful baby is a sickly baby—the well child is always happy and smiling. Mothers if your baby is cross and cries a great deal something is wrong. His little stomach and bowels may be out of order; his teeth troubling him, or he may be bothered with worms. The mother should immediately give him Baby's Own Tablets. They never fail to relieve the baby. Concerning them Mrs. Ronald Hurley, Gilks, N.B., writes:—"I know of nothing so good for cross, fretful babies as Baby's Own Tablets and I am pleased to recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FORERUNNER SIGNS OF SPRING.

The new Spring Costumes are already on display at Marceau & Cie., 155 St. Joseph Street. They are fascinating. Go and see them.

FIREMEN APPLY FOR MORE SALARY.

A petition from the members of the Quebec Fire Brigade was read at the meeting of the Council last night asking for an increase of salary. The firemen point out in their request that with twelve dollars a week it is very difficult for them to support a wife and several children. The petition was referred to the Fire Committee.

$11 takes a pair of these "Moose Head Brand" Waterproof Shoe Packs to your boy at the front

Trench work calls for protection from water, mud and slush, and that's just why these shoe packs are needed. They keep the wearer's feet dry, and preserve him from the ills that follow continual dampness. Notice the common-sense, businesslike appearance of the shoe. It's made from Oil Tanned Skowhegan waterproof leather, and will stand all kinds of rough usage—a special knee-high, hand welted, heavy soled sporting boot. This is the boot we are sending to our boys for use in the trenches. When ordering, if possible, give foot and leg measurements, also height and weight, as well as size of shoe worn by the person for whom they are intended. We can do the rest.

Write for Catalogue B 28

John Palmer Co., Limited, Fredericton, N.B.

BB

B. B. Lager is much More Than a Mere Drink

Some of the constituents of B. B. Lager are sugars, dextrimes, albumen, alcohol, hops, phosphates and lecethin.

The sugars in B. B. Lager are nourishing and heat-producing, the dextrimes and albumen are muscle-building foods, the small quantity of alcohol, a digestive and a tonic, the hops a sedative, the phosphates and lecethin are brain and muscle building foods.

And there is no beverage made that is purer than B. B. Lager.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Girard's Brandy

A splendid assortment of GIRARD'S BRANDY is still on hand at this Store; and which is for sale at reasonable prices.

L. H. LEVASSEUR,

'Phone 1146. 48 PALACE HILL.

Mch.8xwd.stx1y

Maltese Cross

Auto Tires and Tubes
Cylinder Oil and Greases

F. H. ANDREWS & SON,
253 St. Paul Street, Quebec

SPECIAL OFFER of our tailor to MEN

FOR A FEW DAYS WE ARE OFFERING ALL SUITS TO ORDER WE HAVE IN STOCK, PRICED $23.00, $24.00, $25.00 UP TO $27.00, AT $22.00

¶ This Sale is made in view to avoid the rush of Easter week. By buying your Spring Suit now, you save 25 per cent. All Tweeds we are offering in this Sale are English Tweeds, and they cost about 50 per cent more today :: ¶ Our tailor—Mr. Pouliot—guarantees satisfaction or money back.

FANCY COLLARS.

15 dozen assorted Organdie Collars, priced 30c, for.....15c

CORSETS REDUCED.

20 Corsets "La Diva," sizes 18 to 27; value of $4.50, for.....$3.00

3 dozen Corsets, priced 75c and $1.00; sizes 24 to 30, reduced to..50c

UNDERWEAR.

Knitted Wool Undershirts, for Girls, size 26, 28 and 30; values of 75c and 85c, for.....55c

Scotch Wool Undershirts, with long sleeves, for women; regular value 55c, for.....39c

$4.25 SWEATER COATS, FOR $2.95

White and Brown Soft Woolen Heavy Sweater Coats, without collars; a regular $4.25 quality, for.....$2.95

NOVELTIES.

White Japanese Silk Waist, three nice styles, in all sizes, at..... $2.25, $3.00 and $3.50

Fagny, Lépinay & Frère

254-264 St. John Street
QUEBEC

Sons Of Ireland Are Champions

In The World of Sport

Ottawa Plays Here Monday

QUEBEC WILL MAKE EFFORT TO PUT SENATORS OUT OF LEAGUE RUNNING

Monday's Game at the Arena Will Be a Most Important One for Ottawa and Quebec Expects to Win—Ottawa Plays Canadien Tonight But Even If They Win Can't Afford to Lose in Quebec.

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Goals F.	A.	Pts
Canadien	21	13	7	1	89	70	27
Ottawa	21	12	9	0	72	63	24
Wanderer	22	10	12	0	87	100	20
Quebec	22	9	11	2	86	93	20
Toronto	22	8	13	1	83	91	17

SATURDAY'S GAMES
Ottawa at Canadien.
Wanderers at Toronto.

The Quebec hockey team will play its last home game on the Arena ice Monday night against the champion Ottawas who are doing their best to finish up with a burst of speed and beat out the Canadiens for the championship of the N.H.A.

Quebec is dangerously near the bottom of the standing and should they lose both remaining fixtures and Toronto win their duet of games the Bulldogs will finish in the old cellar position where they have not reposed since their first season in N.H.A. ranks.

Therefore it is up to Quebec to finish strongly as possible and there is no doubt whatever that the boys will try hard to throw the Senators out of the race as nothing pleases them better than a win over Ottawa.

President Quinn has appointed Cooper Smeaton and Reginald Percival to referee the contest and there should be little complaints regarding these two officials, Percival usually working well when linked with Smeaton.

Ottawa plays against the Canadiens tonight at the Montreal Arena and if the Canadiens win it will give them 29 points. Should Ottawa win in Quebec Monday and then beat the Canadiens in Ottawa, allowing for a defeat of the Canadiens in Toronto, the Senators will finish with 28 points and then their kick for the replay of the draw game if it is sustained will give them another chance as if Quebec defeated Canadiens it would take a point from the Frenchmen and cause a tie for the championship.

The way it looks just now, Canadiens will trim Ottawa in Montreal and Quebec will put the Senators down and out here on Monday. But the dope has been so often upset that it would not be a tremendous surprise if Ottawa took both games.

In any case Monday's game will be a great one and the record crowd of the season is expected to be on hand.

CASQUETTES AT ARENA TONIGHT

MONTAGNAIS PLAY THEM IN SECOND ROUND OF FONTAINE CUP SERIES.

The Montagnais and Casquettes will meet in the second round of the Fontaine Cup series at the Arena this evening.

Sam Murphy and Chas. Nolan have been requested to act as referees and, therefore, the game will be in capable hands.

The Casquettes were defeated in Montreal last Sunday, by the Montagnais, who gained a two goal lead on their Montreal opponents. Tonight the team under Lucien Riopel, expects to pull down the two-goal margin, and take the Fontaine Cup to Montreal with them.

Montagnais practiced hard at the Arena last night, when a good turnout was present, and the Quebecers feel confident of repeating their success of last Sunday.

Manager Letourneau completed all arrangements yesterday and there will likely be a large attendance of fans to watch the game.

DEFENDERS HOLD BOSWELL SHIELD

MAJOR PETRY'S RINK WON A CLOSE MATCH BY TWO SHOTS.

The Defenders of the Boswell Shield had a very keen match to play when they met the Challengers in a game played on Thursday afternoon. The score indicates how close the play was—only two shots to the good when the final end was played.

Defenders.	Challengers.
A. D. Scott	J. Laird
Arch. Laurie	D. F. Gilmour
W. J. C. Hall	A. R. M. Boulton
W. C. J. Hall	A. B. Whitehead
Maj. W. H. Petry	A. B. Whitehead.
Skip, 7-11.	Skip, 5-9.

Defenders winning by two shots.

DAVE RITCHIE AND JOE MALONE REFEREES

QUEBEC PLAYERS WILL HANDLE CRESCENT-CHAMPETRE GAME TONIGHT AT GRANDE ALLEE RINK.

Dave Ritchie and Joe Malone will referee tonight's big game at the Grande Allee Rink between the Crescents of the Quebec City League and the speedy Champetres of Montreal.

Manager Johnny Carbray of the Crescents has completed all arrangements, the game will start on time and in point of interest should attract a very large crowd. The Crescents have been members of the Quebec City League for many years past, formerly being renowned members of the Intermediate League, have done a lot to encourage and foster hockey in the city and deserve hearty support.

The Crescent team is a good one. Tommy Moore in goal is the pick of the City League custodians just now. The Delaney brothers, Reggie and Ernie are a husky pair of defencemen with plenty of speed and good shots. John LaRoche is one of the fastest centre-ice men in the league and Frank McCarthy and Hubert Hughes are first class wing men. Hughes is playing brilliant hockey just now and is looked upon as the real find of the season. Carbray has a fine set of substitutes in Acquin, Rose, George Moore, the hero of the Emmet game, Foley, Johnny Malone, Bobby Perry, the little man of iron, and young McDermott the sub goaltend who played sensational hockey in the net against the Emmets.

Champetres have a fast team and include two of the best men on the present Art Ross cupholders, Lyons and Tannahill. The visitors expect a win and as Montreal teams have been getting it put all over them by Quebec's boys, the Champetres are anxious to break the spell and carry home the first win in Quebec.

The officials of the game are:—
Referee—Joe Malone.
Judge of play—Dave Ritchie.
Timekeeper—W. Sharpe.
Penalty recorder—R. Lepine.
Scorer—M. J. Hanrahan.
Umpires—D. J. Griffin, W. Wilson.

LADIES' GAME ON THURSDAY NEXT

The first game for the Doran's Ladies Hockey Trophy will be played at the Arena next Thursday evening between the Western Ladies of Montreal and the Quebec ladies.

One of the biggest crowds of the season is likely to attend and they will witness a fast game. The Quebec ladies are quite adept in their playing, handle their sticks well, are fast skaters and can shoot.

The Westerns will have to play better hockey than they showed here against the Telegraph team to trim the fair exponents of Canada's winter game who will represent Quebec next Thursday.

Manager Dussault of the Quebec Arena is in Montreal just now completing all arrangements and full details of the game will be announced later, including the line-up, officials, etc.

SHERBROOKE MEN WON'T CURL TODAY

CANNOT COME FOR FRIENDLY GAMES— BEEF AND GREENS AT QUEBEC CLUB.

The Sherbrooke curlers who were expected here today to play friendly games with the Victoria and Quebec clubs, find they cannot come, so the games scheduled for this afternoon at the Victoria rink and tonight at the Quebec rink are cancelled.

The next important local competition will be between Victoria and Quebec rinks for the Pell Cup. This game is to take place on the Quebec Club's ice Tuesday next at 8 p.m. and as both clubs are putting in their strongest rink a good game is expected.

Beef and Greens will be served in the Quebec Club's Rink today at 6.30 p.m., after which scratch games will be arranged.

QUEBEC RAILWAY STILL WINNING

DEFEATED SAMSON & FILION AND GET GRIP ON THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

The Quebec Railway team, otherwise known as Pallbearers and Undertakers, added another nail to the coffin of the championship hopes of the other teams in the league when they defeated Samson & Filion's "Doves of Peace" by five goals to one in a Commercial league game last night.

The "doves" were off their feed and at times flew at the sombre-sweatered gents who were perspiring in the interest of the Merger with far from peaceful intentions. However, though checking was close and hard no one was hurt and there was no deliberate dirty work.

George McCarron the reputed "Bad man" of the league was more sinned against last night than sinning, but he took his bumps good naturedly and his work was a big factor in winning the game. Joe Thomson was the most effective man on the ice and was constantly in the proper position to score, getting four of the five counters for the Merger. Jimmy Kelly as usual played brilliant hockey and also greatly helped in sweeping the ice at times. After the game the same fair supporters who so earnestly followed the fortunes of their favorites presented beautiful bouquets to the players. It seems to us that there are more than three or four young ladies at the Merger. Surely they ought all to be on hand to cheer their boys on.

In the opening game of the evening the brilliantly sweatered gents of Terreau & Racine's team had a picnic with the Public Service crowd and administered a thick coat of kalsomine, the score being 6 to 0. It is only fair to say that the P.S.C. had a good share of the play in the second twenty but good goal-keeping by Lachance kept from breaking their goose-egg.

The last game of the evening was between the Mechanics' Supply team and the Canadian Northern and the Mechanics' were forced to bow to the inevitable and try on another coat of that well-known fluid called whitewash, the score being 3-0 for the "Yellow Kids" from "Le Grand Nord."

The Mechanics, however, made a good showing and played fine hockey in the second period, when they held the C. N. scoreless.

Croteau, Aubin and Baril played the most effective hockey for the winners, though Lapointe was good in flashes. The defence was very good, Vezina, St. Pierre and Watters keeping the enemy at bay. Doherty and Wheeler were the best of the losers though Laurie and Meyers played very good games on the defence and Lawson starred in goal. Louis Moore came on in the second period with flaming polo protecting his golden locks from frigid atmosphere and Louis added strength to the Mechanics. Kingsland was given a show and did his best to rock the boat but the ocean was too calm.

Sam Murphy and St. Foye Hamel handled the game in a big league style and there wasn't a whimper from any of the teams.

The Roll of honor:—

Ter. & Racine.	Pub. Serv. Corp.
Goal.	
A. Lachance	Cote
Point.	
A. Poliquin	P. Smith
Cover Point.	
P. Lepire	Denechaud
Center.	
J. Roy	A. Dinan
Left Wing.	
J. Saindon	Roach
Right Wing.	
P. Lachance	Laliberte
Substitutes.	
J. Terreau	Drolet
C. H. Terreau	Etienne

The Summary:

First Period.

1—Terreau Racine —Roy 8.00
2—Terreau Racine — Roy.....7.10

Second Period.

3—T. & R. —Roy 3.10
4—T. & R. —R. Lachance.....1.00
5—T. & R. —R. Lachance.....2.15
6—T. & R. —J. Roy.....3.40

Second Game.

Quebec Ry.	Samson & Filion.
Goals.	
M. Kerwin	A. Robitaille
Point.	
G. McCarron	G. Samson
Cover Point.	
J. Kelly	A. Pouliot
Center.	
Thomson	R. Lemieux
Left wing.	
Kirkwood	J. Belanger
Right wing.	
Legendre	A. Lemieux
Substitutes.	
M. Vallee	M. Lemieux
A. Giguere	P. Egan
P. Dussault	R. Delisle
B. Brière	J. Morissette

The summary:—

First Period.

1—Samson & Filion—Lemieux... 1.00
2—Quebec Ry. —Thomson.....12.40
3—Quebec Ry. —Legendre 3.00

Second Period

4—Quebec Ry. —Thomson 2.30
5—Quebec Ry. —Thomson 1.40
6—Quebec Ry. —Thomson 8.30

Third Period.

C. N. R.	Mec. Sup. Co.
Goal.	
St. Pierre	Lawson
Point.	
Vezina	Mayers
Cover Point.	
Watters	Laurie
Center.	
Lapointe	Wheeler
Right Wing.	
Baril	Latter
Left Wing.	
Patry	Doherty
Substitutes:	
Aubin	Kingsland
Croteau	Kennedy
E. Vezina	

Officials.
Referee—St. Foye Hamel.
Judge of play—Sam Murphy.
The Summary:—

First Period.

1—C. N. R. —Aubin 12.00
2—C. N. R. —Croteau 3.20
3—C. N. R. —Croteau 4.00

Second Period.

No score.

Sporting Notes

Where to go tonight:—
Crescents-Champetres, Grande Allee Rink.
Casquettes-Montagnais, Arena.

* * *

And on Monday night don't forget that Quebec will play its last home game of the season and it will be against Ottawa too.

* * *

Sons of Ireland are declared champions. Not even their worst enemies will begrudge them the honor.

* * *

The Champetres will bring down their regular line-up to meet the Crescents at the Grande Allee Rink this evening. The Montrealers are anxious to win in Quebec.

* * *

Montagnais had a good practice last evening at the Arena in preparation for their Fontaine Cup game this evening with La Champetres of Montreal.

* * *

Quebec Railway looks like a good bet for the honors in the "Kommershall" series. George McCarron is playing just as good hockey now as some of the best in the City League. He still packs that wicked shot of his.

* * *

The goalkeeper of the Samson & Filion outfit has started a new mode. He wore a Persian lamb cap and navy blue suit in goals last night. He is not a "Dove of Peace", however, as he went after McCarron with evident Carranza of Villa intentions.

* * *

The Lemieux brothers played good hockey for the Samson outfit and Samson also played a fine game on the defence.

* * *

Over 500 were present last night at the Rinkkeepers Benefit Masquerade at the Grande Allee Rink. General Grant was much pleased.

* * *

Ottawa will have a big job on hand when they tackle the Canadiens in Montreal tonight. Wanderers are in for another jolt in the solar plexus when they tackle the Torontos up in the Police-infested city.

* * *

The Trustees of the Art Ross Cup have requested that the St. Paul, Minn. team furnish declarations of their amateur standing before their challenge shall be considered acceptable. How about the present holders of the Cup?

Are they not suspended by the Canadian Amateur Union? Did the trustees get declarations from the Lachine Club? If so, under what rules do the trustees define "amateurs," anyway? So long as they play on a Montreal team, is it O K.?

* * *

"Hickory Bill" Stavenau warmed things up when he came on, spilling Joe Hall, Rusty Crawford and Tommie Smith in turn.—Ottawa Citizen.

This is a sample of the dope handed out in Ottawa by the press and when the Ottawa "lambs" get mussed up anywhere outside the Capital the same press will hold columns about the inhumanity of Hall, Crawford or Smith.

* * *

No, dear reader, the Casquettes have nothing to do with Cascarets.

* * *

Sons of Ireland will practice at the Grande Allee Rink tomorrow morning between 10.00 and 11.00 o'clock.

* * *

Emmets and Sons of Ireland will meet next Wednesday night. As this date is only two days from the 17th, it is to be hoped that an Irish team will win. ? ? ? ?

* * *

Lt. Hughes of the Crescents is a pretty fast hockey player. He is a fast skater, good shot and a fine stickhandler. What more do you want? And he can take the hard knocks and hand them out if necessary.

* * *

Frank McCarthy is playing good hockey. Frank is sticking to the clean play nowadays and his work is much improved.

* * *

Popular Pastime, No. 370—Listening to the Movie fan who tells everyone in a loud voice that he saw "that picture in Montreal or China."

SONS OF IRELAND ARE CHAMPIONS

CITY LEAGUE AWARDED THE TITLE TO THEM AT MEETING HELD LAST NIGHTT.

The City Hockey League met last night and considered the defaulting of the Montagnais and Laurentide clubs which gave the Sons of Ireland, who led the League with seven wins and no defeats, a clear road to the title. It was decided to award the title to the Sons of Ireland, and a challenge was forwarded to the trustees of the Art Ross Cup, asking for home and home games if possible, with the Quebec club.

The Sons of Irealnd and Emmets were ordered to play their remaining fixture on Wednesday night, the 15th.

There is no doubt that Sons of Ireland deserve the honors won by them this season. Jumping from the junior ranks, where they made an enviable record, Emmet McDonald's sturdy youngsters continued on their victorious career in the City League and beat all comers handily. They have shown that they can fight uphill games just the came as a winning one, and their playing against out-of-town teams has made a good name for the calibre of hockey played in Quebec.

The congratulations of the sporting public will be extended to its officers and players alike. They are a popular club on the ice, play clean, fast hockey and the best wishes of the Quebec hockey followers will be with them if they play a series for the Art Ross Cup, and the hope may also be expressed that several of their players may yet represent Quebec in the big show.

BOXING BOUTS HERE WEDNESDAY NEXT

ST. ROCH'S CLUB WILL OPEN MARCH 15TH WITH GOOD PROGRAMME.

You may not be able to take in the Willard-Moran fight this month, but you can see three good exhibitions, which in point of fighting may even excel the much-advertised battle, by taking a trip down to the St. Roch's Sporting Club, 83 St. Joseph Street, next Wednesday night.

In the main bout two old rivals, K. O. Lavigne and Coon Couture will meet and this mill will be a real honest-to-goodness affair from the tap of the gong. Lavigne is anxious to retrieve the laurels he lost when Couture beat him the last time while Coon knows that Gus is a customer who cannot be trifled with. Both boys are in prime condition and the bout should be a rattler.

In the semi-windup Frank McCarthy and Patsy Dillon will meet and another bout between Young Simms and Russell is on the card. Simms is a very clever boy and his workouts have been watched with interest. All three goes are bound to be interesting and Manager Filiatrault expects to follow up the first programme with some fine cards.

BOWLING.

An interesting game of bowling took place last evening at the "Olympia Bowling Alleys" between picked teams; Holt Renfrew's fur cutters against the salesmen, of same establishment. The salesmen came out winners by winning three strings.

The scores:—

Fur Cutters.

R. Drolet	137	105	105—347
O. Dallaire	119	115	123—357
G. Leclerc	117	105	128—350
H. Lachance	150	109	152—401
P. Leclerc	116	143	137—396
	639	577	645 1861

Clerks.

G. Turcotte	148	131	171—450
J. Letarte	131	124	144—399
H. Letarte	96	107	133—336
A. Bernier	140	126	140—406
J. M. Dionne	166	169	141—476
	681	657	729 2067

Talk about weight on Holt, Renfrew's bowling team. Bernier touches the scales at nothing less than 210; Latarte is about equal to 25 lbs. of peas.

For classy bowling give us H. Latarte when the game was finished this player found he had twisted his coat back to front. Bernier had every ball stamped "Croix d'Honneur."

Dionne must be practicing on the men's stiff hats in Holt, Renfrew's to roll such a score.

Pierre failed to get 400. "Alleys not wide enough"?

'Phone 5916.
Dr. C.-C. Warren
Surgeon-Dentist.
LINDSAY BUILDING.
No. 203 ST. JOHN STREET.

Chorus of Calves:—

"We don't want to lose you,
But we think you ought to go."

We hear they want more BOVRIL AT THE FRONT.

Of all Stores, etc., 1-oz. 25 c.; 2-oz. 40 c.; 4-oz. 70 c; 8-oz. $1.30; 16-oz. $2.25. Bovril Cordial, large, $1.25; 5-oz. 40 c.; 16-oz. Johnston's Fluid Beef (Vimbos), $1.20.
s.H.B.

DRAWING
For a Magnificent Trotting Horse
WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE AUDITORIUM, ON THE 20th OF MARCH, 1916.
PRICE OF TICKET - - - - - - FIFTY CENTS
Tickets can be had at the following Stores: E. Langlois, tobacconist, 42 St. John street; M. Genest, hotel, corner Des Glacis; M. Rochon, barber, St. John street; M. Demers, hotel, corner St. Augustin and St. John streets; A. Julien, tobacconist, St. John street; A. Belanger, hotel, near Palace Hill; M. Rondeau, blacksmith, Taschereau street; M. Lavallee, Neptune Inn, Mountain Hill; M. Gosselin, hotel, M. J. Brisson, Finlay Market; P. W. Willet, 388 St. John street.
Mch.7,9,11x3

ARENA
TONIGHT
Commercial League
7.30—Public Service Corporation versus Terreau & Racine.
8.30—Samson & Filion versus Quebec Railway, L, H, & P. Coy.
9.30—Mechanics Supply Co., Ltd., versus Can. Northern Railway.
SATURDAY NIGHT: LA CASQUETTE, vs. MONTAGNAIS.
MONDAY NIGHT
OTTAWA vs. QUEBEC, Plan Open

JOS. COTE
Largest Distributor of Smokers Requisites in Quebec.
Established in 1887.
Six Stores in Town.
J.C SPÉCIAL
ST. ROCH'S—Branch No. 1: 179 St. Joseph Street.
UPPER TOWN—Branch No. 2: 26 St. John Street.
ST. JOHN'S WARD—Branch No. 3: 242 St. John Street.
LOWER TOWN—Branch No. 4: 76 Mountain Hill
ST. SAUVEUR—Branch No. 5: 459 St. Joseph Street, and 700 St. Valier Street.
HEAD OFFICE and WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT: 188 St. Paul Street. 'Phone 1272.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED
MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED
"DOMINION" STEAM and GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

HARNESS! HARNESS!

Does your Harness want to be repaired, or do you require new Harness?

Remember that we have a large and complete assortment of all that you require to harness up your horses.

Thirty years of growing business has proven what we can do.

Every man working in our shop is a skilled workman.

Pay us a visit and be convinced.

GEO. MARCEAU,

21 FINLAY MARKET,

LOWER TOWN,

(Opposite the Ferry).

S-E-C-O-N-D H-A-N-D AUTOMOBILES

AT VERY LOW PRICES

1 "AMERICAN" 5 pass. 40 H.P. 4 Cyl.
1 "STUDEBAKER" 7 pass. 35 H.P. 4 Cyl.
1 "HUPMOBILE" 2 pass 30 H.P. 4 Cyl.
With Electric Starters and Light.

Complete equipments, perfect conditions in every respect.

CAN BE SEEN ANY TIME AT OUR STORE

JOS. de VARENNES,

279 ST. JOSEPH STREET - - - - - QUEBEC

Mch.4,7,9,11x4

HEADQUARTERS

for

Hockey, Skating and Ski

SUPPLIES

JERSEYS, HOSE and TOQUES made to order in any color or combination of colors.

SKATES... ... ...$ .95 to $6.00
BOOTS... ... ... 2.25 to 5.50
"NORTHLAND" SKIS, Pine, Maple or Ash... ... ... 1.50 to 6.50

Quebec Skate Manufacturing & Repair Co., Reg'd.

Phone 4999. 259 St. John St.

THE O. LACROIX GROCERY STORE

At the opening of the season of Lent, is in a position to make some tempting offers to its numerous customers and the public in general. You may judge by the following:

500 doz Fresh Eggs	$ .30	Parsnips, per bag	.50
5 lbs. Rice, for	.23	Potatoes, per bag	1.85
Buckwheat Flour, for	.05	Green Peas,	.06
Bird Seed, for	.10	6 lbs. Onions, for	.25
3 lbs. Hemp, for	.25	4 fine Carrots, for	.05
Fresh Soda Biscuits, for	.06	Dried Apples, for	.10
2,000 lbs. Frozen Haddock, per lb.	.06	Evaporated Apples, for	.10
Indian Corn	.30	Apples in cans, 1 gallon	.25
Whole Salmon,	.11	White Island Plum Jam, per bucket	2.00

With each order, we give a Cook Book, with receipes for Lent.

Goods delivered in all parts of the City.

O. LACROIX,

19 STJOSEPH ST.

Telephone 2504

Mch.10x2

NOBLE SACRIFICE OF FRENCH TROOPS

LAID DOWN THEIR LIVES TO SAVE OTHERS—TERRIBLE CANNONADING.

Paris, March 10—The story of the defense of Haumont, one of the heroic episodes of the struggle around the fortress of Verdun, as told to The Associated Press by a participant reveals how French soldiers died on the spot under the concentrated fire of heavy artillery and the shock of masses of infantry in order to gain time for the reserves to come up.

"The Germans concentrated their fire on Haumont at the outset," said the eye-witness. "They must have suspected that it would be the centre of our resistance. They undertook by systematic destruction to prepare for the capture of the place without too much loss to the infantry when they had taken Haumont woods.

"Every passage, every ravine, every clearing and every cross road that could serve us was swept by a devastating fire. The effect of the shelling was such that little by little our advanced lines weakened and at 6 o'clock on the evening of February 21st, the Haumont woods was invaded.

"The troops defending it resisted stoutly and won local successes, but the Germans came on line after line in increasing density. The shelling, which all night was so intense that it was impossible to counter attack, increased in fury at six o'clock in the morning when projectiles searched every yard of ground, felled trees and demolished houses.

"It seemed to us that the maximum destructive power of the cannon had been exercised already, but at eight o'clock the impossible was surpassed. The prodigality of German amunition redoubled and the men on watch in the advanced positions saw the German infantry attack the trenches in Consenvoye woods with trench mortars, while detachments descended the Haumont ravine marching towards the western edge of Haumont woods.

"Caught between the German shells and our own curtain of fire in front of the vilage it was impossible for us to move either ahead or to the rear. We were cut off from all communication, the telephone and telegraph wires having been literaliy hashed by the shelling. Our men installed in what remained of the defense works on the two flanks and in front of the village waited stoically under a storm of gattling fired for the attack.

"From ten big shells per minute at 10 o'clock, the number went to 20 at 2.00 o'clock. Ruins piled on ruins, yet in the midst of the inferno our men preserved remarkable placidity.

"The village had seemed to sink into the earth, while the concrete redoubt on which we had counted, crumbled and buried eighty men and several machine guns and destroyed our ammunition depot. Still no one budged. What we then held was nothing more than a razed village with the earth upheaved and transformed into a series of crevices devoid of shelter. The only thing resisting was the redoubt occupied by our colonel.

"At 5 p.m. a German battalion advanced in three columns simultaneously from east, the north, and the north-west. Those of our men surviving rose to meet this enveloping manoeuvre. The machine guns that were still intact were fired with maximum speed, making holes in the enemy's ranks and obliging the German left to stop before our barbed wire.

"Their center and right, however, came on and what was left of our force retired to new trenches south-east of Haumont, while machine guns decimated our assailants who had succeeded in advancing from the north and the north-west.

"But they were too numerous. They got into the hollow of the village and took the colonel's post in the rear, setting fire to the redoubt by liquid flames projevted through a cellar window. The colonel and his staff who had grabbed rifles and were being aided by the survivors were on the point of being captured or being burned alive.

"They came out of the redoubt with heads erect and marched through the galling fire of the machine guns. The colonel was untouched and the retreat was accomplished without further loss.

"With the machine guns left intact we made another stand and barred the road to the Germans from the Samogneux ravine, to the south of Haumont, and the fight went on."

McKENNA IS SETTING EXAMPLE OF ECONOMY

London, March 10—Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is the first member of the British Ministry to give up his motor car to set an example for the community in the interests of economy. The Chancellor is now seen daily walking to parliament and to the council meetings. No other member of the cabinet has yet followed this example though David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, uses an automobile sparingly.

Seville Nights

In all the principal places and gardens of Seville moving picture screems are erected and small tables and chairs set out, the exhibitors either making their profits from the drinks sold or by rental of chairs at 2 cents each. Thousands of people go nightly to the different plazas and gardens, and the entire life of the city for about four months centers around these moving picture shows.

ECONOMY IN A "McLAUGHLIN."

Valve in Head Motor Car is to be Considered.

A good motor in a Motor Car is the premium factor in an Automobile, and it is essential that the man who dreams of getting a car should study the different types of Motors manufactured. The **"Valve-in-Head"**, which is used in the famous **"McLaughlin-Buick"** cars have created the wonderful success of this firm, a reputation which is desired by hundreds of firms in the same line.

The "McLaughlin" is the Pioneer in "Valve-in-head" motor construction in Canada, principle has been improved from year to year, so that "McLaughlin" motor is today representing "Valve-in-Head" principle in its most powerfully developed form. It's known today with recognized facts, that our "Valve-in-Head" McLaughlin motor is being from 15 per cent to 25 per cent developing more power than the two other motors and is consequently 15 per cent to 25 per cent more **economical on fuel** than the other types, to produce the same number of Horse-power.

If you desire further information, call at Jos. deVarennes, 279 St. Joseph St. and they will always be too glad to demonstrate one of these famous "McLaughlin" Valve-in-Head" cars, and then you will be on the right way to choose the name of car that you will buy in the future.

McCUTCHEON TRIAL.

Toronto, March 10—The jury in the McCutcheon trial returned a verdict of "not guilty" this afternoon in both the remaining counts, conspiracy to defraud by misrepresentation and conspiracy to misappropriate moneys, against Messrs. Gordon D. and D. S. McCutcheon. The jury had been considering the evidence since 11.45 yesterday. The accused were immediately acquitted by Mr. Justice Middleton, but a few minutes later were bound over, with Messrs. J. H. and C. M. McCutcheon, to appear on Tuesday next to answer five other indictments that are standing against them, charging them with theft. Bail of $2,500 each was allowed Messrs. J. H. and C. M. and $5,000 each for Messrs. G. D. and D. S. McCutcheor. Today marked the thirty-fifth day of the trial.

RHEUMATISM A MYSTERY

Unless Rooted Out of the System It Grows Worse and Worse.

Some diseases give immunity from another attack, but rheumatism works just the other way. Every attack of rheumatism invites another. Worse than that it reduces the body's power so that each attack is worse than the one before. If any disease needs curing early it is rheumatism, but there are few diseases physicians find more difficult to treat successfully. Wet weather does not cause rheumatism as was once thought, though weather conditions may start the aches and pains. Rheumatism is now known to be dependent upon the blood condition and medical authorities agree that the blood becomes thin with alarming rapidity as rheumatism develops. Maintaining the quality of the blood is, therefore, a reasonable way of preventing and curing rheumatism. That it works out in fact is shown by the beneficial results which follow a fair use of Dr. Williams Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich blood which drives out the rheumatic poison, and while the blood is kept in this condition there is no danger of the trouble returning. Mr. W. T. Pell, Palermo, Ont., says:—"I was attacked with a trouble which was ultimately pronounced rheumatism. Often I was barely able to crawl into bed, and seldom able to do a full days work. In this condition I doctored for a year, absolutely getting no better. Then I consulted another doctor whose chief consolation was that unless I could get rid of the trouble I would be a cripple for life. He prescribed dieting, and I doctored with him for at least six months, but instead of getting relief I became weaker and less able to get around. Then I decided to try a doctor in Toronto, and was under his treatmen for about four months with no better results. I gave up the doctors and tried other remedies which were equally futile. Then one day our store keeper sent me a box of Dr Williams Pink Pills, saying, that if they did not help me I need not pays for them. I took them and then got some more and found they were helping me. I probably used $10.00 worth before I felt fully cured, but they did cure me and were cheap as compared with the other treatments which did not help me. The cure was made several years ago, and I have not had a twinge of rheumatism since. To-day I am well and strong and I believe I owe it all to Dr. Williams Pink Pills."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Happy Mean

"Why does Miss Oldgirl wear such exceedingly youthful costumes? She doesn't expect, does she, any one will believe her as young as all that?"

"Oh, no, but she hopes the observer will strike an average between her age and that of her apparel."

D-45 SPECIAL
Note One man top with curtains opening with doors for cold or wet weather driving

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Made in Canada, in a Canadian Factory by Canadian Workmen

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WE ARE TALKING IN THE INTEREST OF EVERYONE, when offering a Canadian car, and especially a so well reputated Automobile like the **"-Mc-L-A-U-G-H-L-I-N-"** is today.

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is unexcelled, and wherever you want to go, in every place you will always find a **McLAUGHLIN"** Agent, to take care of your needs.

The service that McLAUGHLIN car owners are entitled to receive from our firm is equally unexcelled, as we claim to satisfy our customers in every way possible.

We are asking your visit at our Show Rooms, at any time during the day, until 10 o'clock every evening, we have all the samples you see in our catalogue and it will interest you thoroughly.

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THE AUGER-RANCOURT LUMBER COMPANY.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that, under the Quebec Companies' Act, letters patent have been issued by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of January, 1916, incorporating Messrs. Oscar Auger, lumber merchant, of Quebec; Henri Lacoursiere, physician; Jean Rancourt, merchant; Joseph Bureau, and Clement Rodrigue, farmers; Gedeon Pomerleau, trader, of Saint Victor de Tring, for the following purposes:

To purchase and sell pulp wood, lumber, timber, firewood and coal;

To purchase all cuts of timber and lands necesary for their business purposes, to undertake the building of any buildings and bridges, by contract or otherwise, to build or purchase saw and planing mills, purchase any moveable or immoveable property which they may deem suitable for their business and to sell same whenever they may deem it profitable, to contract loans on the company's credit and to pledge or sell same for such price and amount as may deem proper to hypothecate the immoveable property of the company to secure the payment of notes, bonds, obligations or other securities of the company and of any loans of monies made for the company's purposes; finally, to do in the company's interest all things allowed by law, including the rights to pledge the moveable property of the company, under the name of "The Auger-Rancourt Lumber Company," with a a capital stock of forty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars ($49,900), divided into four hundred and ninety-nine shares(499), of one hundred dollars ($100.00) each.

The principal place of business of the corporation, to be at Quebec.

Dated from the office of the Provincial Secretary, this twenty-seventh day of January, 1916.

C. J. SIMARD,
Asst. Provincial Secretary.

Mch.9x4

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The figure on the left illustrates a Tire that is badly in need of a new tread.

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in water makes a delightful drink—cool, sparkling and effervescent. ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is the best tonic and digestive regulator ever prepared—a safe and valuable remedy at all times. Be prepared for emergencies by always having a bottle in the house. Ask your Druggist for ENO'S—the only genuine "FRUIT SALT" —and beware of imitations!

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Beware of Substitutes

LOYALTY OF THE FRENCH CANADIANS IN THE WAR

A DEFENSE OF HIS OWN PEOPLE BY POSTMASTER-GENERAL CASGRAIN, OF THE BORDEN CABINET AGAINST THE CHARGE OF DISLOYALTY AND REFUSAL TO SERVE.

It is a very small, almost a negligible, thing, when weighed against the loyal attitude of the French in Canada as a whole, but there does exist in remote, isolated sections of Quebec a lack of interest in the war, perhaps a lack of Willingness to serve overseas. And the best way to dispose of that fact and reduce it to its proper position of relative unimportance is to admit it at the outset, as did the Hon. T. Chase Casgrain, Postmaster General in Sir Robert Laird Borden's Ministry, in an interview he gave a representative of The New York Times the other day at Ottawa.

The facts of the case are certainly not to be had fairly either from those who would make political capital out of the situation or from those who, through prejudice, accuse the French of disloyalty and cowardice. Both this prejudice and political manoeuvring by some of the lesser leaders of the Opposition Party have been factors in the effort to show in the United States what is not true, that Canada is split, in the face of the war, on religious, racial, and political issues, and that no sense of devotion to England and no fear as to the outcome of the war can compose those differences.

As a Minister of the Crown, Mr Casgrain is qualified to speak for all Canada; as a French Canadian from the Province of Quebec he is specially qualified to answer the charges of the anti-French agitators, and as a man who has five of his own kin at the front he has a peculiar right to urge the making of one sacrifice or another which he believes to be the duty of every Canadian.

Furthermore, the Postmaster General has very definite, not to say startling, opinions as to what would happen to all Canada, and to Quebec in particular, should the Germans win the war.

"I do not believe for a moment," he said, "that Germany will win, but I will take no chances. I am not a sensationalist, but let us assume that the worst may happen, so that we will go to the utmost limit to prevent it. Germany is a country of colonists with no colonies. If she should win, if the British fleet should fail, what is to prevent Germany from making a colony of Canada, a Prussianized colony? Nothing. It is always the unexpected that happens in war, and Canada cannot afford to take any chances.

"As we are now, Canada is the freest, most popularly governed country in the world. I say that with all due respect for the United States, but still claim the superlative for Canada. With us the Government has to be more sensitive to public opinion, to what the people want, than in your country. For with you the Administration is bound to continue for four years no matter what the people think of it. With us, although chosen for five years, the administration ceases to exist the instant it loses the confidence of the people.

"But we had to fight and wait a good many years to get all this freedom and liberty and democracy, and we would lose it all overnight with Germany as the victor in this war, and our struggles would not only begin over again, but as a German colony we would be set much further back than we were at the outset of the effort to get the liberty England finally granted. For Germany does not even know what constitutional government means.

"As for Quebec, that province would become another Poland. The French Canadians in Quebec have increased numerically from 60,000 in 1760 when Great Britain took Canada from France, to 3,000,000 at the present time. They have special rights granted to them by the treaty entered into by England and France at that time, rights pertaining to the Catholic Church and to their civil laws. Their laws are based on the Code Napoleon. Imagine what changes would come to Quebec and all her institutions and traditions under Prussian control. We must imagine these things and think of them at least as prossibilities, or, in our heedlessness, they will become realities. We will lose our liberties, not to be governed once more from Downing Street, but from Berlin, and not a vestige of the liberty we now enjoy will remain.

"So preparedness, to use the word so popular in the United States just now is a more vital issue with us than with you, but in both countries it is to meet the same emergency and the same enemy—Germany. Your danger is not from Japan. It surely is not from England. But in Canada preparedness has gone beyond discussion to action, and the Dominion from coast to coast is participating in the war and ready to go on participating till the last man has sailed on a troopship and until we have reached the end of all our resources. The trenches are 3,000 miles from Quebec, 6,000 miles from Vancouver, but we have forgotten that. This is Canada's war, as it is the war of England and France and their allies. It is Canada's war, because Canada is civilized and her civilization is in danger, as is that of the rest of the world.

"And the French of Canada realize that as much as anybody else, and they, too, are participating and enlisting with the loyalty of the rest and in full proportion to their numerical strength in the whole population.

"Unfortunately, much has been said and written to convey a contrary opinion as to the French Canadians, and this misrepresentation has had undue influence in shaping public opinion in the United States as to the actual situation in Canada.

"It is true that there are two pegs upon which the anti-French and the anti-recruiting agitators can hang their greatly exaggerated statements with some degree of plausibility. One of these pegs is the bilingual issue in the schools, which is now very acute in Ontario. The other matter is the prejudice of the Catholics in Canada against France because of the persecution of the Church in that country, together with the suppression of all religious orders and the expulsion of the priests and members of the religious communities.

"This religious prejudice is strongest in the remote farming districts of Quebec, and if it is operative at all against active sympathy in the cause of the Allies, it is so in such isolated regions where the French Canadians live far apart, where they are very busy and very prosperous with their farms, and where their contact with the outside world is to some extent through the priests, many of whom were actual victims of the anti-Catholic acts of Waldeck-Rousseau and Combes in France.

"In Ontario, where there are 250,000 French Canadians, the difficulty is with the act of the provincial Legislature in hindering the teaching of French in some of the schools and actually prohibiting it in others. Until 1912 the schools in the French sections of Ontario were bilingual, as much attention being paid to French as to English. But in that year it was enacted that thereaftr in all schools then established French should be used exclusively only for French children during the first two years of their schooling and that beyond that age the language in all forms should be English except for one hour a day.

"Now, since 1912, many new French Canadian settlements have been established in the Province of Ontario, and of course they have their schools, but the provincial authorities have ruled that by the wording of an act of 1912 no French whatever can be taught in the schools opened after that law went into effect.

"When France ceded Canada to Great Britain it was stipulated in the treaty between the two mother countries that the French in Canada should retain all their civil, religious, and social rights. And, furthermore, the British North American act, which is, in part, the Constitution of Canada, recognizes French as one of the two official languages of the country. So Ontario is violating both Constitution and treaty. Two cases growing out of this very serious school disturbance, with its incidental strikes of teachers and pupils and protests of parents, are now pending in the courts and will be taken to the Privy Council of England for settlement. I believe that the final ruling will be in favor of the French Canadians, for the Privy Council has never failed to uphold our rights.

"I have gone into the details of this school muddle somewhat because it has a direct bearing on the case of the small minority of French Canadians who are opposed to the Dominion's participation in the war. There is a very strong bond of sympathy uniting all the Frenchspeaking people of all the Canadian provinces, so the people of Quebec are almost as indignant over the school legislation in Ontario as are the Ontarians, and those of them who are opposed to recruiting are making what capital they can out of the situation. They say to the French Canadians, 'See what England is doing to us in Ontario. Why should we help England in her fight with Germany?' Of course, the fallacy of their argument is that they are holding England responsible for something she has no hand in instead of blaming the Provincial Government of Ontario.

"And that is all there is to the much-talked-of apathy and disloyalty of the French in Canada. It is a drop in the bucket. The big fact is that the French Canadians, as a whole, are not apathetic and not disloyal, and all the evidence is on that side.

"In the first contingent that we sent over to England there were 33,000 men. They were for the most part natives of England. Only 20 per cent., or less than 7,000 men, were Canadian born, and of those 7,000 there were 2,500 French. There are two full regiments now at the front, made up entirely of French Canadians, and seven more purely French regiments recruited from the militia districts of Quebec are about to sail. But that by no means tells the whole story of the French Canadians' loyalty. There is not a regiment in which there are not some of them, and there are thousands of soldiers with English names whose mothers were French.

"In one Highland regiment there are 127 French Canadians, and they are wearing kilts, too. Think of French Canadians fighting in kilts! Somehow it reminds me of Kipling's story about the French cavalryman who had to fight dismounted, but insisted on wearing his spurs in the trenches because, as he said, he might have to live like an infantryman, but he'd be damned if he would be found dead looking like one.

"Another effective answer to the charge that all French Canadians are opposed to the Allies because of the expulsion of the priests is in the fact that there are 25,000 priests in the French Army today serving as chaplains and in the hospital forces, and many of them as fighting men. And a great many of them are priests who had been expelled and settled in Quebec, and who have now returned to fight as members of the Canadian regiments.

"So in view of all the facts the French Canadians are surely included when we say that Canada is in this war to stay to the end, and that there are thousands of recruits waiting to follow the thousands who have gone."

Desperation

Lady Visitor—My poor man, what first drove you to a career of crime?

Desperate Criminal—Trying to match samples for my wife.

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FRESH CALIFORNIA TOMATOES	15c per lb
GREENING APPLES	3 dozen for 25c
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SPEND 25 CENTS! DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS AND HAIR STOPS COMING OUT.

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If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf, robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?

DRUGS EXCITE YOUR KIDNEYS, USE SALTS

IF YOUR BACH HURTS OR BLADDER BOTHERS, DRINK LOTS OF WATER

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salts which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The functions of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.

Nervous & Sleepless

Take 2 Tablets at Bedtime and you will arise feeling Refreshed, Bright & Vigorous.

When you feel gloomy and depressed and cannot sleep, suspect your nerves. When you shrink from company and would rather be alone you are losing confidence in yourself, and that can only mean weak nerves. It is not natural to be solitary and unsociable, it shows clearly that vitality has become reduced, and the nervous system correspondingly weakened. But take Dr. Cassell's Tablets for such a condition and you will be astonished at the results, astonished at the bright new health you will gain, at the splendid vigour and vitality they will give you.

Mr. Poole, a business man of 60, Infirmary Road, Sheffield, England, says:—"I had lost all confidence in myself, and was actually afraid to meet people. The alertness and activity I had formerly possessed were gone. My digestion was feeble, and sleeplessness was terrible. But when I commenced taking Dr. Cassell's Tablets I soon felt better. Now I am as well and fit as any man of my age."

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are Nutritive, Restorative, Alterative, and Anti-Spasmodic, and of great Therapeutic value in all derangements of the Nerve and Functional Systems in old or young. They are the recognised modern home remedy for Nervous Breakdown, Nerve and Spinal Paralysis, Infantile Paralysis, Rickets, St. Vitus' Dance, Anæmia, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Dyspepsia, Stomach Catarrh, Brain Fag, Headache, Palpitation, Wasting Diseases, Vital Exhaustion, Loss of Flesh, and Premature Decay. Specially valuable for Nursing Mothers and during the Critical Periods of Life.

Druggists and Dealers throughout Canada sell Dr. Cassell's Tablets. If not procurable in your city send to the sole agents, Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul Street, Toronto; one tube 50 cents, six tubes for the price of five War Tax Extra, 2 cents per tube.

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Send your name and address and 5 cents for postage, etc., to Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul Street, Toronto, and a generous sample will be mailed you free of charge.

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Shortest, Quickest and Best Line.
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Superior location with an unobstructed view of beach and boardwalk. A recognized standard of excellence
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OLD POINT COMFORT
Swimming Pool, Golf, Sea food Cuisine, European Baths and Treatments. For terms, write
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Will Be A HOME
In Every Sense of the Word
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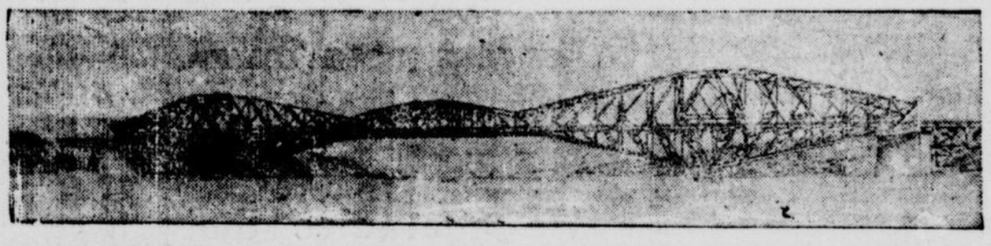

A WORD TO THE WISE

The fact that the Engineers in charge of the Quebec Bridge decided, after careful investigation, to use ELECTRIC POWER entirely in the construction of this Bridge, speaks volumes for the efficiency and economy of ELECTRIC POWER, but even more for the character of the service given by us.

They required absolutely reliable service.
They required efficient, prompt and courteous attention.
They required fair and reasonable charges.
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YOU'RE BILIOUS! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS TONIGHT

DON'T STAY HEADACHY, SICK OR HAVE BAD BREATH AND SOUR STOMACH.

Wake up Feeling Fine! Best Laxative for men, Women and Children.

Enjoy life! Remove the liver and bowel poison which is keeping your head dizzy, your tongue coated, breath offensive, and stomach sour. Don't stay bilious, headachy, constiuated and full of cold. Why don't you get a box of Cascarets from the drug store and eat one or two tonight and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. You will wake up feeling fit and fine. Cascarets never gripe or sicken like salts, pills and calonel. They act so gently that you hardly realize you have taken a cathartic. Mothers shoud give cross, sick, bilious or feverish children a whole Cascaret any time—they act thoroughly and are harmless.

Under the Winding-Up Act.

Sale By Auction

In the matter of: MODERN FOUNDRY & SOIL PIPE COMPANY, LIMITED,

In Liquidation;

NOTICE is given that on

Wednesday, March 22nd, 1916, At 11 o'clcok, a.m.,

will be sold by public auction, at No. 346 University street, Montreal, the following assets of the company in liquidation, which may be described as follows:

The lot No. 144 of the sub-division of lot official No. 416 on the official plan and book of reference of the Village of Cap de la Madeleine, in the country of Champlain, with the buildings thereon erected, the machinery and working stock of the foundry, patents and patterns, and all the moveable effects and accessories presently in the foundry.

That part of the assets which is to be sold as above comprises all the assets of the company, with the exception of the book debts and the stock in trade (pipes and fittings ready for the market and as per inventory).

The title to the immoveable property above mentioned and the inventories can be seen at the office of the undersigned liquidator, No. 11 Place d'Armes Square, Montreal.

The upset price shall not be less than $15,000, plus the auctioneer's commission.

Conditions of Payment The sale is made for CASH, the purchaser to make a deposit of $5,000 upon adjudication and the balance to be payable upon the signing of the contract of sale.

P. A. GAGNON,
Chartered Accountant,
Liquidator.

Auctioneer:
W. M. KEARNS,
346 University street,
Montreal.

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House No. 34 Ste. Genevieve Avenue, (The Cape), containing 9 rooms and cellar. Small yard in rear. Possession from 1st May next.

Apply to

The Royal Trust Company

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UPWARD TENDENCY WAGES IN FRANCE

M. PIQUENARD'S STUDY OF WAR'S EFFECT ON ECONOMIC CONDITIONS.

Paris, March, 10, (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The tendency of men's wages in France is upward now that industries have recovered from the early perturbations of the war. If the working man's income is not proportionate to his high war budget, it has responded to the law to supply and demand, and is likely to remain higher than before the war.

Monsieur Charles Piquenard in a study of the war's effect upon economic conditions says there would have been a more substantial increase in wages if industries were not working under the most uncertain conditions; they are unable to make and definite plans for the future, and operations of great scope requiring big credits are impossible, so long as the moratorium lasts; they are obliged to pay cash and sell for cash. The encouraging feature is that orders are more regular. What the readjustment of things will bring after the war is the great uncertainty that stands in the way of a complete revival of such industries as are able to procure the raw material they require and find a makret for their production.

There are about 11,000,000 wage earners in France, including 2,300,000 engaged in agriculture. Of the remaining 7,700,000 there are a million clerks and office employees, 800,000, government employees, and 900,000 domestics, leaving 5,000,000 industrial workmen, 2,000,000 of whom were deprived totally of their incomes by the war, and 3,000,000 of whom had their resources reduced either by the diminution of working hours or reduced production of piece work by reason of changed conditions.

The principal reductions were in the purely feminine industries, such as dressmaking, in which 85 per cent of the establishments reduced day wages from twenty-five per cent to 50 per cent. This discrimination against women is explaned by the fact that men are better organized for resistance against wage reductions. Had the seamstresses of Paris been organized in unions, the Employer's syndicate would perhaps hesitated to fix the general reduction of wages at fifty per cent.

In the retail and wholesale trade, the reductions were quite general, and ranged from twenty to fifty per cent.

A considerable number of the 900,000 domestics found themselves out of employment by reason of the breaking up of families and reduction of household expenses. The simple law of supply and demand operated to decrease the wages of the others.

More than eight per cent of the commercial and industrial establishments of France are now open as against 57 per cent in the fall of 1914. The proportion of help employed by those establishments has risen from 34 per cent of the normal in August 1914 to more than 75 per cent. The average proportion of mobilized men in such establishments being more than 24 per cent, it follows that the entire unmobilized staffs are again employed.

The wages of the small salaried employees have come back to the normal figure in 90 per cent of the establishments. The higher salaries still suffer certain reductions.

The increase in the number of working hours has automatically increased the earnings of workers paid by the hour in all factories whose production is taken by the army. In some cases the wage scale has been increased, making a double gain. The piece work scale also has been increased in many industries working for the government. The reasons for these increases are found in the comparative dearth of skilled workmen, and in the zeal of manufacturers to push their output to the maximum on the pressing demands of the government.

The spinners and weavers of Normandy and the North are earning from ten to twenty per cent more than before the war. The remaining ten per cent of the embroiderers and tulle makers unmobilized at Calais, who earned 50 to 60 francs a week are earning from 70 to 80 francs a week.

Local conditions entering into consideration produce remarkable variations in the wage scale of the same trades in different regions.

The construction of barracks for the English army in Normandy nearly doubled the wages of carpenters and day laborers. The urgent need of dock hands to handle with maximum speed the incoming army supplies pushed their wages up fifty per cent at some places.

Women whose earnings in distinctly feminine trades were cut are abandoning the sewing machine for the machine tool in growing numbers. What permanent effect the innovation may have upon the labor problem is a question the union leaders are studying.

Decreased number of strikes was a noticeable effect of the new conditions. Only 97 cases involving a total of 9,110 strikers were reported to the department of labor in the first sixteen months of the war. There were 1,073 strikes, involving 220,000 workmen in the year 1913. This comparative tranquility is attributed in some quarters to the contentment of the workmen, in others to the absence at the front of the younger and more aggressive labor leaders.

It is estimated that there are 850,000 women employed on piece work at their homes, and these are excluded from the beneficial operation of the lack of help upon the wages in other industries. Makers of artificial flowers earn from one franc (20 cts.) a day. Women working on linen garments make from two to four cents an hour.

An inquiry into the exploitation of these women by contractors in the region of Paris showed that a large proportion of them worked an average of fifteen hours a day to earn from twenty to thirty-five cents. The difference between fair wages that the manufacturer would pay and what the women get, goes into the pockets of intermediaries.

Senator Herriot, Mayor of Lyons, was the victim of an instance of the kind. He took from a contractor 200 pairs of trousers to be finished, and turned them over to women out of work. The contract price was thirty francs. Instead of remitting the sum on receipt of the garments, the contractor presented to Monsieur Herriot a bill for 24 francs for so called "bad work" and nine francs 50 centimes for thread furnished, leaving the women with nothing of their work and a debt of three francs 50 centimes. Senator Herriot paid the women, then set about framing a law fixing a minimum scale for piece work at domicile that has every chance of going through parliament at an early date and of making precarious the situation of the intermediary in garment-making trades.

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN" MAKES SICK, SOUR, GASSY STOMACHS FEEL FINE.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapepsin will save them from any stomach misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

Anastigmat Efficiency—Convenience—Low Cost—these all are combined in the

Premoette Sr.

A carefully made—a rigidly tested camera for two of the most popular sizes of amateur pictures. Equipped with Kodak Anastigmat lens, *f*.7.7, Kodak Ball Bearing shutter and appropriate fittings, this is a camera of very wide scope at a surprisingly low price.

For 2½ x 4¼ pictures, $15.00
For 3¼ x 5½ pictures, $17.50

Premo catalogue free at your dealer's, or mailed on request.

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TORONTO, CAN.

Beethoven's "Moonlight Sonata."

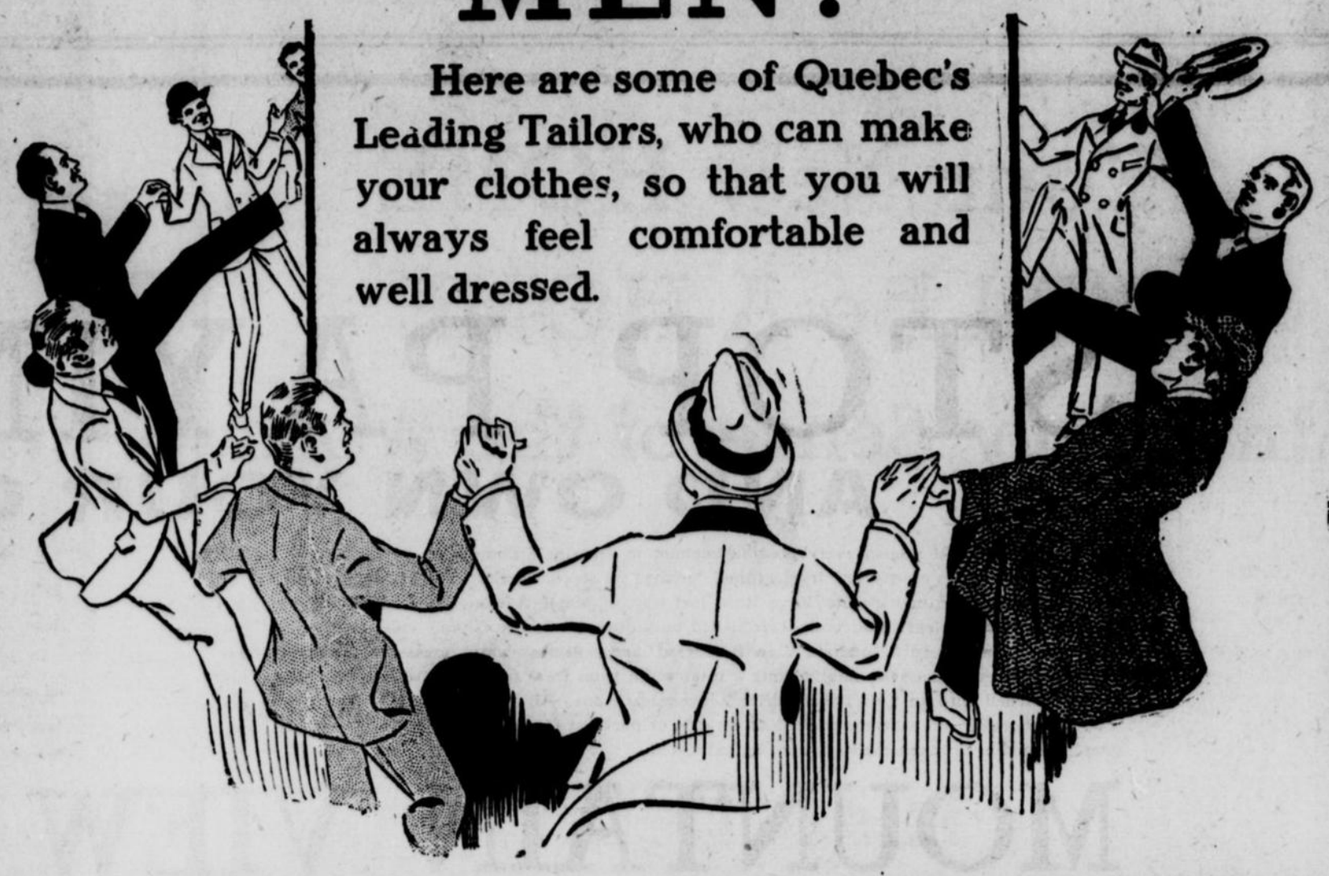
The story runs that Bethoven's "Moonlight Sonata"—always so called, though he so rarely gave a descriptive name to any of his works—was composed on an occasion when he had been playing to some stranger folk by chance. Walking with a friend, he overheard in a humble house some one playing with much feeling a bit of one of his sonatas. He paused to listen. In a moment the music ceased, and a girl spoke longingly of her wish to hear some really good concert. The voice was so appealing that the composer stepped without hesitation to the door and knocked. Admitted to the mondering host, he said, "I will play for you," and played wonderfully till the lamp burned out. Then with the moonlight filling the room he began to improvise—the mysterious delicate breathings of the beginning of that wonderful sonata, then the tricksy elflike second part, and the glory of the close.

A Gentle Hint.

He—Then you are not interested in my welfare. She—No; but if the two syllables were transposed I'd not only be interested, but enthusiastic.

MEN!

Here are some of Quebec's Leading Tailors, who can make your clothes, so that you will always feel comfortable and well dressed.



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The latest styles are followed and satisfaction guaranteed.

By the way, don't forget to give us your order for your Spring Overcoat or Suit.

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No one else can honestly offer you the genuine Semi-ready Tailoring—for the makers give us the exclusive sale here.

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HOMES FOR THE MASSES

STOP PAYING RENT

AND OWN YOUR OWN HOME

We will assist you in every possible manner in securing a home. We have ideal lots 40 feet wide by 70 feet deep on dry and level ground, situated on street running at right angles to St. Cyrille Street Car Line, through to Ste. Foye Road jest west of Maple Avenue. A beautiful view of Laurentians, and with clear country air, surrounded by first-class residences and cultivated land. The street has been named "Mountain View Boulevard" and is 66 feet wide, houses being kept 10 feet back from sidewalk on sach side, making a total width from front to front of 86 feet. All houses are to be detached with an 8 or 12 foot drive between each one. All are to be solid brick or brick encased with metal or asbestos roofs, and veranda or porch at front, no flat roofs, no stores, commercial buildings, or tenements are to be permitted.

As an instance of our values, we are now preparing plans for a house on one of these lots 28 ft. x 28 ft. with kitchen, dining-room, living-room, and reception room, a large hall on ground floor, four bedrooms and hall on first floor, furnace and coal room in cellar, solid concrete foundation, brick exterior walls, asbestos roof and full width porch across front. Mantel and opened beamed ceiling in living-room. Ground floor trim stained or painted, and upper floor white enamel. Hardwood floors in principal rooms and hot water heating system throughout; in fact house ready for occupancy, even to electric fixtures, all for the surprisingly low sum of $4,550.00 including lot.

MOUNTAIN VIEW PROPERTIES

ST. CYRILLE STREET

We are building others with all conveniences already mentioned costing from $3,000.00 to $6,000.00, and have an expert Architect who will design and plan the house to suit your taste within the possibilities of amount at your disposal. The terms are so easy that you obtain your house by paying a monthly amount not more than the average rent bill. Instead of the dreary prospect of indefinitely paying monthly rent with no future benefit, why not secure a comfortable City Home where you can enjoy the enviable sense of possession and look forward to the time when you will have "No rent to pay or no Move in May."

Give us a call and let us know your exact means and requirements, and we will do our best to start you in the way to "Home Possession." Among a number of our clients are prominent citizens of Quebec who realize that Real Estate Values and Cost of Building Material will soar skyward during the comnig boom, and are taking advantage of our low prices in lots which we are offering with our cottages to establish Our Home Building Department. We sell you the lot, we make preliminary sketches for the house, and when you are suited with these, we make complete blue-print plans and draw up specifications for every trade and accessory. We assist you in placing mortgages and insurance, in laying out your ground, and even in decorating and furnishing your completed home.

Give us a call at our office, second floor Quebec Railway Bldg. (Merger) or 'phone 1600 for further particulars, or have plans sent for examination.

V. R. LAMONTAGNE, Builder and Real Estate Broker

Phone 1600. Quebec Railway Building, 229 St. Joseph St.

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Permanent Sidewalks

Are the Most Endurable and Cheapest In the Long Run

We are in a position to lay a sidewalk for you on short notice which will be just as smooth as a billiard board, and which will last you indifinately.

We specialize in the making of Cement Sidewalks. Many years of experience in this particular line **places us in a postion** to give entire satisfaction.

Write, phone or call for particulars.

THE REID CO. Ltd.

Wholesale Dealers and Commission Merchants,

PHONE 122. 27 ST. PAUL STREET.

Sovereign brand Roofing and Building Paper, kept in stock by us.

A SIDEWALK WHICH LASTS.

And is just as level as a billiard-board is what mostly every man desires, in front of his home, before going into the matter, of a getting a permanent sidewalk, the average person would be inclined to think that the cost would not justify the end for which those sidewalks had been laid, they might be right in thinking if the sidewalks should be made of inferior material or; placed by inexperienced workmen, without having made— in the first place—a good solid foundation.

A firm making a specialty of cement sidewalks coupled with many years of experience in this particular line should be the firm from which you could get entire satisfaction.

The Reid Co., Limited, 227 St. Paul street having but recently been re-organized are now in a good position to execute—with the utmost satisfaction to the person for whom the sidewalk is to be laid—all such work with promptness, and at a fair cost. Write, phone or call on these people, all particulars will be cheerfully given.

The best roofing and building paper on the market is carried in stock by this firm particularly "Sovereign Brand" which is all that is claimed for it.

Wrapping papers and roofing materials are also carried in stock.

BUILDING NEWS ITEMS.

War conditions and money stringency prevailing elsewhere do not seem to have any effect on building operations in Quebec. In fact, many of our citizens are wisely preparing for the "Piping times of Peace" that invariably follow war, and are taking advantage of lowered values in Real Estate and Building to have their homes built.

Amongst the very ambitious projects for the coming spring is the property improvements now being arranged for, by Mr. V. R. Lamontagne of this city, who is fully prepared to handle home construction in its entirety and at whose office plans are now being prepared for a number of attractive cottages to be built on the property appropriately named "Mountain View Boulevard", which is situated just west of Maple Avenue, between St. Cyrille St. and St. Foye Road. This land is being fast taken up and a high class residential district is to be built up.

Ideal sites for home building on double width lots are here being offered for sale on rock bottom terms to suit all. Expert supervision of construction with pleasing appearance in design, combined with clean cut business methods, gives promise of a busy season for this enterprise. The plans are very interesting and show what can be done in the way of building cottages of superior quality at low cost. Amongst other plans for the assistance of those who wish to build, is one whereby the house may be temporarily used as a two family dwelling with separate entrances and may have the appearance of a self-contained cottage, into which it may be easily turned later. Many are taking advantage of this method to have homes pay for itself. Mr. Lamontagne is backed by the necessary capital and experience, in addition to a complete staff of expert assistants, and his office at the Quebec Railway Bldg. (Merger) is a daily scene of activity A phone call (1600) is all that is necessary to bring a representative who will explain terms and methods.

LAST CHANCE.

The Sale of Unassorted Footwear at

MARCEAU & CIE.,

155 St. Joseph Street.

is approaching its end. The prices are so low that certain customers can hardly believe it. Come and see this Sale.

Two-and-Ninepence for a Letter

It certainly is no great grievance in war-time for the British public to have to pay a penny an ounce for sending letters. There must be people living to-day who remember perfectly well what a revolution it seemed when, in 1840, penny postage came into force in the United Kingdom. Until then the rates had been ruinously high.

For example, 4d. was the usual charge on a letter from London to Barnet—which is eleven miles from London—the recipient paying the 4d. For longer distances the rate varied —1s. for 100 miles, and 1d. extra for any additonal part of 100 miles, besides special extra fees in the case of letters to and from Scotland and Ireland.

If you used more than one sheet of paper you had ta pay extra for it. Two sheets meant double postage, and three sheets treble.

Imagine the indignation of a papa when a three-sheet letter arrived for his daughter from Liverpool. "Two and ninepence to pay, please!"

Girls Must Carry Books on Backs

The schoolgirl of Berlin must not carry her books in a hand bag, but in a knapsack on her back. The minister of education is responsible for this new rule. The rule is directed to teachers, parents and the girls themselves. The minister declares that the habit of carrying books in hand bags is likely to lead to curvature of the spine and derangement of internal organs.

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Building Material

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We carry a large stock of all classes of Building Material, such as:

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BUILDING PAPERS

And Practically Everything to Build With.

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Mch.11x9m

MILITARY STRATEGY

Retreating Through a City is Disastrous to an Army

If you suffer defeat in front of a great town and have to retreat through it under the blows of the victorious enemy you are in the worst possible position for conducting that retreat. The streets of the town (but few of which will run parallel to your course and can, therefore, serve as avenues of escape for your army) are so many defiles in which your colums will get hopelessly congested. The operation may be compared to the pouring of too much liquid into a funnel which has too small an orifice. Masses of your transport will remain clogged outside the place. You will run the risk of a partial and perhaps of a complete disaster as the enemy presses on.

There is very much more than this. A great town cannot but contain, if you have long occupied it, the material of your organization. You will probably abandon documents which the enemy should not see. You will certainly, in the pressure of such a flight, lose accumulated stores. Again, the transverse streets are so many points of "leakage" into which your congested colums will bulge out and get confused. Again, you will be almost necessarily dealing with the complications of a mass of civilian conditions which should never be allowed to interrupt a military operation.

In general, to fight in front of a great town when the chances are against you is as great an error as to fight in front of a marsh with few causeways. So far as mere topography is concerned, it is a greater error still.—From "The Elements of the Great War," by Hilaire Belloc.

REDUCE YOUR COAL BILL

In can be done—perhaps just in the way in which you least suspect. The whole thing does not consist solely in putting up double windows or keeping the doors closed tightly.

Undoubtedly the average person is fully aware of the fact that cold, dampness and moisture penetrates the stone and brick walls of a house very easily, and consequently it calls for more heat—more coal to be used up, this is forceably brought to the attention of the housewife when after a prolonged cold spell the weather becomes milder—then the walls begin to sweat. All this can be avoided if in constructing your new home you insist on having **Denison Interlocking Hollow Tile** used in place of common brick. This Tile fills such a long felt want in building construction that it has been compared to the famous "Thermos" bottle because when a building is constructed of this material it is certain to retain the heat much longer than if the walls were of common brick or mortar. Although it may be used with a facing of brick or stucco.

To give an idea as to how extensively this tile is used it might be of interest in saying that it was used in the construction of the 13 story Royal Connaught Hotel, Hamilton, Ontario. The 7 story Hydro Electric Office Building, Toronto and is also used in office buildings in Ottawa. It is just the thing for a city with a climate such as Quebec.

All information will be cheerfully given in this connection on applying to Mr. A. H. Webster, of Webster & Sons, Limited, builders and contractors supplies, 79 Dalhousie St. Phone 6575. This firm also deals in building materials of all kinds—Cement, Rockwell, Plaster, Lime, Asbestos, Bricks, including the famous Fire Brick (Scotch Brick) Fire Clay, drain pipes, chimney lining, chimney tops, farm tiles, Terra-Cotta, crushed stone, metal laths, roofing paper, construction paper, tarred felt, mortar color, etc., etc.

Prompt deliveries and entire satisfaction is guaranteed.

BACK AGAIN.

Spring is approaching and is very welcome. With it also arrives the new Costumes at

MARCEAU & CIE.,

155 St. Joseph Street.

Go and see them.

"Service and Quality"

Build a House Like a Thermos Bottle

Cooler in Summer, Warmer in Winter.

Denison Interlocking Holland Tile

ALSO

Face brick, common brick, cement, plaster, lime, sewer pipe, Scotch brick, "certainteed roofing" and all builders supplies.

White or phone for catalogue.

WEBSTER & SONS LTD.,

PHONE 6515. , 79 DALHOUSIE STREET.

SAVED HIMSELF, UNAWARE

Showing How the Eye Sees More Than One Thinks It Does

Writing on psychological subjects in the Ladies' Home Journal, H. Addington Bruce says:

"From Dr. A. H. of Pennsyivania, one of our well known psychologists, I have received this impressive piece of testimony to the power of the eye to see more than one consciously apprehends:

"Three summers ago, when I was on a visit to my old home town, I took a short cut across familiar fields where a fair growth of weeds covered the ground. I was going along at a rapid gait, with my mind wholly occupied with matters other than my path, when suddenly, quite reflexly, my left foot, instead of going down on the spot where it should, jerked itself over to the left, and I went on fully ten steps before I realized that I had made the sharpest kind of an offset in my path. I wondered what made me do it, turned, retraced my steps and found an adder still coiled and ready to strike, exactly, as I judged, where my foot would have gone.'

"Dr. A. H., recognizing the correct explanation of his fortunate misstep, adds:

"'During my boyhood summers I used to go barefooted much of the time. Through sad experiences with stubble fields, brier patches and stony paths I learned automatically to pick my way without giving thought to the matter. As a result, I find myself frequently in my walks avoiding obstacles which at the moment I do not consciously discern.'"

A PROSPEROUS FIRM.

One of the most prosperous, and we may say the oldest firm in the city handling builders supplies, is Pruneau & Company, situated at 140-142 St. Peter St. Mr. Alfred L. Wade is the proprietor and general manager.

The firm of Pruneau & Co., formerly known as A. R. Pruneau & Co., came into existance in 1884. Mr. Pruneau opened his office where the present building of the Imperial Bank is situated, he, Mr. Pruneau, then removed to 90 Dalhousie street where he was for a number of years. It may be of interest for to know that when Mr. Pruneau started in business 32 years ago the demand for Portland Cement was not what it is today. He brought in the first consignment of this cement which consisted of 50 barrels and it took him fully a year to dispose of them.

Today this firm handles from 25 to 30,000 barrels a year which goes to show what a demand there is for Portland Cement today.

This firm was also the Pioneer in the importation of sewer pipe and paving brick. Today business is done all over the Province.

Try this easy way to clear your skin with

Resinol Soap

Bathe your face for several minutes with Resinol Soap and warm water, working the creamy lather into the skin gently with the finger-tips. Then wash o. with more Resinol Soap and warm water, finishing with a dash of clear cold water to close the pores.

Do this once or twice a day, and you will be astonished how quickly the healing, antiseptic Resinol medication soothes and cleanses the pores, lessens the tendency to pimples, and leaves the complexion clear, fresh and velvety. If the skin is in bad condition through neglect or an unwise use of cosmetics, apply a little Resinol Ointment* and let it remain on ten minutes before the final washing with Resinol Soap.

Resinol Soap contains no harsh, injurious alkali, and is not artificially colored, its rich brown being entirely due to the Resinol balsams in it. Sold by all druggists and dealers in toilet goods.

Physicians have prescribed Resinol Ointment for over twenty years in the treatment of skin and scalp affections.

Little Things Count

Even in a match you should consider the "little things"—the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "every match a light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are lepend able products—alv ays.

The Quebec Bank

98th Year in Business

LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED

Sterling Exchange Bought and Sold

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DIRECTORS.

John T. Ross, President; R. MacD. Paterson, Vice-President; Vesey Boswell, Gaspard LeMoine, Thos. McDougall, G. G. Stuart, K.C., J. E. Aldred, Peter Laing, John M. McIntyre.

FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC CITY.

110 St. Peter street, 2 Fabrique street, 217 St. John street, 781 St. Valier street, 187 St. Joseph street.

Safety Deposit Boxes at Head Office, 110 St. Peter street, and at 2 Fabrique street, Upper Town.

Libby's Sweet Potatoes 20c a Tin

Veal Loaf 20c a tin

Pork and Beans 15c a tin

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"THE RELIABLE GROCERS."

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Telephone 294. Established 1856.

ATTENTION ! ATTENTION !

WINES AND LIQUORS OF ALL SORTS

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Special attention to telephone orders.

PROMPT DELIVERY.

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First Showing of

SPRING HATS

Newest Styles and Designs

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LORD ROBERT CECIL ANSWERS GERMANS

SAYS HUN SUBMARINE MEMORANDUM EMPLOYS SAME OLD EVASIONS.

London, March 10—"Knowing well that the Germans would starve us if they got a chance, I don't believe that any intelligent German doubts for a moment that we have a perfect right to put every economic pressure possible on them to bring the war to an end in the most humane way possible," said Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, today in discussing the new German submarine memorandum and its possible consequences.

"There is really nothing new in the German submarine memorandum," said Lord Robert, "as it employs the same old evasions. They still use the reprisal argument, but they began submarining ships before the so-called blockade was adopted. With regard to the charge of mine laying: They began to sow them indiscriminately before we put out any. We never laid a mine in the trade routes of the high seas, while the Germans even planted them in neutral waters, as is witnessed in the present case of Sweden. These things we have never done.

"As far as the increase in the list of contraband goes, every belligerent in the past has exercised this right according to its needs, with due regard for existing rights. Besides, not having ratified it, we are not bound by the Declaration of London. Whether Germany has increased her contraband list in violation of the Declaration, I do not know, and it does not matter.

"It is nonsense to say that submarines, being a new departure in warfare, are not subject to existing international law. They are merely warships and therefore come under existing rules. We might as well say that German airships have a right to drop bombs on women and children, who always have been protected by international law, which prohibits their murder.

"As to the right to stop food supplies, Germany set the precedent by sinking the Dutch ship Maria and the American ship William P. Frye. Blockades always have been recognized and cannot be called inhumane, as they cause less suffering and less loss of life than actual operations in warfare, especially bombardments.

"Germany's general contention that we have no right to interfere with trade is absurd, as such interference is the antural result of a blockade. The German contention that British merchant ships are armed offensively cannot be sustained by reference to the Admiralty instructions of last October as they were issued with the purpose of enabling ships to defend themselves from attack. That such armament is only suitable for defense is shown in the case of the steamer Clan MacTavish (sunk by the German raider Moewe).

"The fact that a submarine is much more vulnerable than a merchant raider gives it no right to sink neutrals without warning.

"The general assertion that the Germans interfere less with trade than the Allies is untrue. The whole purpose of their submarine blockade was to prevent trade with England. It failed on account of the efficiency of the British navy.

"As yet there is no indication of any success being enjoyed by the new submarine campaign, but it is dangerous to prophesy. However, the navy probably will be able to deal with any new manifestation of frightfulness."

YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

IF CROSS, FEVERISH OR BILIOUS GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS.

No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given.

If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that it's little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs;" then see that is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

Quiet Times

Mrs. Kell—This neighborhood seems a bit noisy. Mrs. Flynn. Mrs. Flynn—Yis, th' only toime it's quiet here is whin the elevated train goes by and drowns th' noise.

FIGURES REVEAL GERMAN'S DOOM.

In considering the cost of the war to Great Britain and her Allies, the London "Economist" does not speak very lightly. It realizes the tremendous burden which the Allies are shouldering, but it points out that the German load is greater still; and it is of opinion that Germany and her vassals cannot carry it much longer. It is true, that Britain and her Allies have been spending, since the war began, much more money than have the Central Powers. In fact, they have been spending half as much again; their national debt is two-thirds greater and their increased interest charge 50 per cent. more. Yet, it is significant to note that British exchange is as near par as the British government desires it to be, as explained by Mr. Asquith in the House on Monday, while the German mark has declined about 25 per cent. The Economist has given the following amounts, here expressed in millions of dollars:

Tremendous Cost of War.

	Cost of War.	Added Debt.	Increased Interest
Great Britain	$10,125	$ 6,900	$ 345
France	8,775	9,500	465
Russia	7,000	7,500	375
Italy	1,125	2,000	100
Belgium and Serbia	225	1,200	60
Total, Allies.	$27,250	$27,100	$1,345
Germany	$11,350	$10,500	$ 525
Austria	5,500	5,750	330
Turkey and Bulgaria	150	900	55
Tl., Teutons.	$17,000	$17,150	$ 910

Thus, while the war cost, figured out to March 31st of this year, according to the Economist, is about $17,000,000,000 for the Teutons, the Allies will be indebted ten billions more, or $27,250,000,000, while they will be paying $435,000,000 more in annual interest. It will be noticed, however, that the figures for Germany alone are much larger than for Great Britain alone, and the interest on her debt even more disproportionate.

Relative Cost of War.

Those figures would look favorable to the Teutons standing alone and viewed superficially. Their expenses compared with those of the Allies are like the expenditures of a well-to-do banker compared with what some man of many more millions is spending. But it is the relative, not the actual, amount that counts. Comparing the figures given with the national wealth, the national income and the nation's annual normal savings, the table presents a different aspect. Proportion of cost to:

Belgium, and

	Wealth. Per Cent.	Income. Per Cent.	Savings. Per Cent.
Great Britain	8.8	71	424
France	14.7	128	766
Russia	14.1	113	678
Italy	5.9	48	328
Serbia	9.6	76	442
Total, Allies.	11.3	93	564
Germany	15.9	121	727
Austria	15.9	120	717
Turkey and Bulgaria	12.0	105	700
Total, Teutons	15.7	120	722

Spending No Capital.

All the nations are spending more than they usualy save, the expenses of France being seven times as much and those of Great Britain more than four times; but for every member of the Tuetonic alliance they are more than seven times. All the Teutons are supending more than the national yearly income; Germany 21 per cent. more, while among the Allies only France and Russia are spending more than their entire income. As a whole the Allies have been spending only 93 per cent of normal income, while the Teutons are spending 120 per cent. It is interesting to view these figures in the light of the total wealth of the belligerents. Great Britain is spending a little more than 8 per cent; the Allies as a whole, 11 per cent., while the German alliance is spending nearly 16 per cent. This is the explanation of the depreciation of the German mark, and the satisfactory condition of British exchange.

Advantage in Man Power.

The advantage of the Allies is as overwhelming in man power as in money power, as the following table will show:

		Percentage
British Empire	402,701,000	.00028
France and Colonies	89,222,000	.00303
Russia	175,000,000	.00251
Belgium	7,000,000	.00355
Italy	36,000,000	.00200
Serbia	4,600,000	.00587
Montenegro	435,000	.01034
Total, Allies	715,558,000	.00135
Germany	66,835,000	.00725
Austria	51,505,000	.00619
Turkey	20,600,000	.00213
Bulgaria	4,767,000	.00755
Total, Teutons	143,707,000	.00616

These figures are based upon the official populations for 1913, and on the assumption that up to the beginning of last December the Allies had lost in killed 967,500, and the Germans 885,510. While these figures may be only aproximate, they are as accurate for one side as the other, and the result is relative truth.

Ten Wars in Eighteen Years.

The historian of the twentieth century, which was ushered in with the thunder of South African battlefields, will have to record eight wars in the first fifteen years of its span. These eight are the following:

Boer war, Russo-Japanese war, Franco-Moroccan war, Italian-Turkish war, the two Balkan wars, the war in Mexico and the pending European war, greatest of all time.

If we add the two wars with which the nineteentth century closed—the Greco-Turkish war of 1897 and the Spanish-American war of 1898—we have a record of ten wars in eighteen years.

JUMP FROM BED IN MORNING AND DRINK HOT WATER

Open sluices of system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter, says authority.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drank each morning before breakfast, keeps us looking and feeling fit.

Life is not merely to live, but to live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of peope who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatism; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store, which will cost but little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.

Fashionable Store

T. D. DUBUC

Formerly Donohue's Store

Special Offer To Ladies

Spring Suits Made to Order for $21.00 and $23.65

$21.00—Suits made to your measurements, of All Wool Suitings, in Navy, Black, Grey and Tweed Mixtures. Special..... $21.00

$23.65—Suits made to order of very fine quality Serges, Gabardine, Cheviots in Black, Navy, Taupe, Tete de Negre, Prune and two-tone Checks. Special $23.65

T. D. DUBUC

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HOW LONG WILL THE WAR LAST?

The War Against Health Is Quickly Ended By "Fruit-a-tives".

MRS. DEWOLFE

East Ship Harbour, N.S.

"It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefit I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For years I was a dreadful sufferer from *Constipation and Headaches*, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, *I feel like a new person* and I am deeply thankful to have relief from those sickening Headaches".

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES", the medicine made from fruit juices, has relieved more sufferers from *Headaches, Constipation, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine.*

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

CANADA.
Province of Quebec.
District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 710.

Re: L. G. LEMIEUX, Merchant, of Bienville,

Insolvent;

NOTICE is hereby given that on

Thursday, March 23rd, 1916, At 11 o'clock, a.m.,

will be sold at our offices, assets of this estate as follows:

Item.

A—Stock.. .. ..$4,942.34
Furniture and fixtures.. 242.87
B—A carriage "Standhope".. 150.00
C—Book debts.. .. .. 100.00
D—Balance of lease to April 30th, 1917.

The inventory list and list of book debts can be examined at our offices.

The store will be opened for inspection of stock, furniture and fixtures, etc., Wednesday, March 22nd, next.

Conditions of sale: CASH.

LaRUE, TRUDEL & PICHER, Curators.

Offices: Dominion Building, 126 St. Peter street, Quebec

I.S. DESCHENE, Auctioneer.

Quebec, March 10th, 1916.

Mch.11,13,15,17,18,23x7

CANADA.
Province of Quebec.
District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 600.

Re:—MARY GOLDBERG, doing business under the firm name of "Oxford Silverware Company, Reg'd., of Quebec,

Insolvent;

NOTICE is hereby given that on

Thursday, March 23rd, 1916, At 11 o'clock, a.m.,

we will sell at our offices:

A "Lozier" Automobile 4 cylinder, self-starter, 7 passenger, model 34, 1915, serial 122; valued at... ... ... $3,000.00

This car can be examined at P. T. Legare's warehouse, 32 St. Valier st., Quebec.

Conditions of sale: CASH.

LaRUE, TRUDEL & PICHER, Curators.

Offices: Dominion Building, 126 St. Peter street, Quebec

I.S. DESCHENE, Auctioneer.

Quebec, March 10th, 1916.

Mch.11,13,15,17,18,23x7

Under the Winding-Up Act.
CANADA.
Province of Quebec.
District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 3176.

Re: THE ROCK SHOE MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED, of Quebec,

In Liquidation;

NOTICE is hereby given that on

Tuesday, March 14th, 1916, At 11 o'clock, a.m.,

will be sold at Mr. J. A. Scott's warehouses, 566 St. Valier street, Quebec, the following:

Item "A"—Upper Leather, comprising Dongola, Chrome Horse, Hem lock leather, Split, Red leather, dull Sheep, Chrome Cow, Black Sheep, Dull Calf, Box Kip, Red Hemlock, in all 114,386 feet, at so much a foot.

Item "B"—Sole Leather, comprising Soles, Heels, Insoling, Split Soles, Heel Board, etc., in all 80,000 lbs. at so much a pound.

The inventory can be examined at our offices.

The stock will be visible for inspection at Mr. J. A. Scott's warehouses, on March 11th and 13th, 1916.

Conditions of sale: CASH.

LaRUE, TRUDEL & PICHER, Liquidators.

Offices: Dominion Building, 126 St. Peter street, Quebec.

I.S. DESCHENES, Auctioneer.

Quebec, March 3rd, 1916.

Mch.3,4,6,8,10,11,13,14x8

CHARITY TAX WILL NOT EXCEED 1 CENT

UPPER HOUSE WITHDRAWS AMENDMENT MADE TO THE QUEBEC BILL.

It was decided in the Legislative Council yesterday not to persist in the amendment to the Quebec City Bill proposed by Hon. R. Turner to increase the charity tax on theatre tickets from one to two cents. Concurrence in the amendment had been requested by the Assembly.

There were two sittings of the Upper House yesterday and at both the business transacted was most interesting. The first vote taken this session in the Council was cast yesterday on the Robert bill.

At the first sitting the Galipeault bill was further amended by authorization being extended to school commissions to contribute 6 per cent of their revenue instead of 5 per cent for natural, patriotic and educational purposes

It was learned from Mr. Miller, of the Department of Public Instruction that the total gross revenue of all the Catholic School Commissions of the Province aggregated a sum of five million dollars.

The Robert bill establishing the secret ballot for voting on prohibition by-laws was introduced at the first sitting and given final reading at the subsequent meeting of the Upper House when the members divided on an amendment proposed by Hon. Thos. Chapais, which was defeated on a vote of twelve to three.

Hon. Mr. Chapais while in favor of secret ballot asked that the organization of voting be modified. The bill provided that there would be one voting poll in each municipality. He considered that this would not suffice in large municipalities like Montreal and Quebec. He moved an amendment to establish a poll in each voting district.

Hon. Mr. Perodeau remarked that in order to make the amendment it would be necessary to modify the entire measure. He believed that the bill should be accepted without change this year and an amendment might be made at another session.

The amendment was defeated on the following division:—

For—Hon. Mesrs. Chapais, Bryson, and Garneau.—3.

Against—Hon. Messrs. Turgeon, Perodeau, Turner, Simard, Choquette, Champagne, Dubord, De Varennes, Smith, Roberge, Kelly and Savoie.—12.

Final reading was given to the Gouin bill concerning stenographers and the Mitchell bill concerning licenses. The Desaulniers bill exempting Registry offices from taxes and the Berube bill concerning the property qualifiations of municipal valuators were both killed.

Third reading was given to the bill concerning the Municipal Code after an amendment had been made to article 646 concerning the deficits which might exist in the accounts of Secretary-treasurers of municipalities.

Five Government measures were read a third time after having been explained by Hon. Mr. Perodeau. They are as follows: the Taschereau bill concerning Stationary Engineers, the Alard bill relative to the formation of municipalities in the north of the counties of Pontiac and Temiscaming the Mitchell bill ratifying the transfer of certain estates subject to taxes, the Mercier bill amending the Fisheries Act and the Mercier bill amending the Game Laws. The last bill was slightly amended.

The following private bills were given a third reading with certain amendments : — Connaught avenue Montreal; Town of Dorion; Town of Montreal East; Town of Roberval and the Gagnon estate.

Hon. Mr. Simard refused to accept the amendments which the Lower House made to the bill incorporating the Chambly, Vercheres and Laprairie Railway in connection with securing previous consent before running lines through municipalities. The question will be taken up again at the next sitting.

He Feels Like a Young Fellow

WHY MANITOBA MAN PRAISES DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

After Experimenting With Other Medicines Max Hanjook found in Dodd's Kidney Pills the Cure That He Sought.

Pleasant Home, Man., Mar. 10th.—(Special.)—Mr. Max Hanjook, a well known resident of this place, who, after an extended period of ill-health is feeling strong and hearty again, is spreading broadcast the good news that he found a new lease of youth in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I tried all kinds of other pills, but they didnt' help me very much," Mr. Hanjook says. "But Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me feel like a differ ent man. I feel like a young fellow again. I want everybody to know thatt Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me everything that has been claimed for them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills make men and women feel young again because they spread good health all over the body. Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. They make the kidneys strong and healthy and thus put them in condition to strain all impurities, all the seeds of disease, out of the blood. The cleansed blood circulating all through the body gives new strength and energy everywhere. That's why Dodd's Kidney Pills are popular all over Canada.

HORRIBLE DEEDS OF TURKS AND KURDS

On the Galipoli the Turks fought like gentlemen, and now that they are reported to be ready to conclude a separate peace, a tendency is to be noted even in some Canadian papers to represent the Turks as rather a fine people. They may be better than the Huns, which is as much as saying that they may be better than Fiends from the Pit, but it is equally true that should they propose a separate peace the harshest terms that the Allies could impose upon them would only fail on the side of kindliness. Opposed to fighting men, the Turks are fighting men. Undoubtedly they have a better idea of the chivalry of war than have the Germans, the Austrians, or any other of their allies. Opposed to unarmed Christians, the Turks are simply murderers and torturers. We have had before now authenticated reports of what they did to the Armenians—a massacre without precedent in a hundred years. In the Brooklyn Eagle, however, a Mr. Shabaz, a Persian by birth, but a naturalized American citizen who has labored as a missionary for 17 years in Geotapa, not far from Urmia, which again is a short distance south of Erzerum, tells a story that has hardly had its equal as a revelation of horrible cruelties practised by the Kurds and Turks.

When the Russians Fell Back.

He says that shortly after the withdrawal of the Russians from Northwestern Persia more than a year ago the Kurds came out of the mountains, and with the assistance of the Turkish soldiers burned more than a hundred villages and massacred the inhabitants. He was a witness to some of the terrible scenes, and on one occasion while fleeing from the Kurds with his wife and a little baby the child disappeared. The people flocked to their churches in the hope that there they might find sanctuary, but this simply made it easier for the Turks and Kurds to carry on their work of massacre. The inhabitants were for the most part unarmed and could offer no effective resistance. Some of the passages in the story Mr. Shabaz has been telling to the people of Brooklyn are worth repeating for the purpose of showing just what manner of men are the Turks and Kurds when opposed to unarmed Christians.

Tortured a Clergyman.

"In another part of the town," he says, "they broke into the house of an aged Presbyterian minister. They found him there and they also found a saw. A crowd of them took delight in sawing off both of his legs below the knees. The rest of his family they cut to pieces. In the middle of the town gouged their eyes out. They made more than a hundred lie down in a long row, where they tied them. Then they asked them if they wished to save their lives by accepting Mohammedanism. Not one of them did so, and the Kurds after saturating their clothing with oil set them all affire and burned them to death. The next morning showed that wells were filled with bodies stuffed in until the legs protruded over the curbs. In one place 312 were shot in a group. Our church, our school, our house and all the rest of the buildings of the town were looted and burned. So it went with 104 more towns in the district.

Roads Lined With Dead.

"All of the roads leading across the plain of Urmia were lined with dead. None of these dead were ever buried. They lay ther for months.

"Twnty thousand refugees crowded into the American Mission yard in Urmia and lived there for six months under the protection of nineteen American flags which we kept floating all the time. They were so crowded that at night they all had to sit in rows rigidly upright instead of lying down to sleep. There was no sanitation. Typhus broke out. We were living on one-fourth of a loaf of bread a day and the bread baked by Mohammedan bakers was found to have had steel filings and lime mixed with the dough besides being badly baked.

"Soon people began to die so fast that it was no uncommon thing to see three drop in the yard in a few minutes, and to wake up and find a third of those sleeping around you at night, dead.

"We had to bury them in the yard, for if we put our heads outside of the gates we would be shot down. A great trench was their grave. At times we had 100 burials a day. When we had floored the trench with one layer of earth over them and began another layer, until in some trenches we had placed as many as 1,700 dead.

"People went insane and ran shrieking about the yard. Others simply dropped dead while standing engaged in conversation."

Thus they lived and died until June, when the Russians began to come back. Their advance toward Urmia was heralded by the passing of hundreds of Kurds and Turks carrying their plunder with them, and bearing on their saddles the young girls of the district whom they had made their slaves. The missionary tells us that when the Russians entered the city the inhabitants lay down on the street and kissed the very hoofs of their horses. They were saved from slaughter, but the Cossack advance guard could do very little to provide them with food. So it came about that the missionary saw people who a year before had been prosperous and respected quarreling with dogs in the gutter for the refuse. Their sufferings were such as cannot be described. Not even in Belgium or Poland, it would seem, have the hardships been so terrible as among these people in Persia, whose only offence was their belief in the religion of the Christians.

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This valuable book brings to your home thousands of savings in the things you are forever needing. It gives you the advantage of remarkably low prices, in spite of the general increase, these savings being only possible through our tremendous purchasing and manufacturing powers. It protects you fully when buying from EATON'S by mail, because every item described and illustrated in its 338 pages is covered by our unflinching guarantee of *"Goods Satisfactory or Money Refunded, including Shipping Charges."*

And this big book of values is yours, together with simple order forms, sent to you free of charge upon request. With it in your home you have at hand a picture, a description and a low price on almost any commodity you are likely to need.

WE PAY THE SHIPPING CHARGES ON ALL ORDERS OF $10.00 OR OVER AND HEAVY GOODS AS CATALOGUED.

The twelve pages of Millinery show much smarter styles than usually found in Mail Order Catalogues.

There are over forty remarkable Chain Bargains, two of which are reproduced below. These special offers cover many necessary items, and they are displayed throughout the Catalogue in such a way that you cannot miss them. Send for these two bargains to-day and read about the many others.

TWO OF THE BIG CHAIN BARGAINS

CHAIN BARGAIN No. 39 — STYLE No. 51-W1X

LOOK AT THE PRICE, ONLY **1.79**

A BEAUTIFUL DRESS HAT OF SATIN AND STRAW BRAID

Here is a sensational bargain in Millinery. New Dress Sailor shape of fine silk and muslin with foliage. Colors for hat, Black, White, Saxe Blue, Brown, Navy, New Edith Rose shade. Roses in Pink, White, American Beauty, New Rose shade, Tea, Saxe Blue. Hat measures back to front 15 ins., side to side 14 ins., head size 24 ins. Price.. **1.79**

CHAIN BARGAIN No. 7 — STYLE No. 74-186X

HANDSOME LACE AND EMBROIDERY TRIMMED GOWN **50c**

Depend upon it, all of our Whitewear offerings are wonderfully keen values, but in this Chain Bargain we offer our customers the benefit of a bargain that is really astonishing. It is a handsome gown, made in the practical, comfortable, Empire style. It is of good quality White Cotton that will wear splendidly. The yoke is of handsome lace and embroidery insertion. The neck and short sleeves are edged with lace. Silk ribbon drawstring at the neck. Truly an amazing value at this price. Length 57 inches. Price..... **50c**

T. EATON Co LIMITED
TORONTO - CANADA

FIRST, AIR BALLOONS.

Dr. Johnson's Description of the Way They Were Inflated

"The chemical philosophers have discovered a body (which I have forgotten, but will inquire) which dissolved by an acid emits a vapor lighter than the atmospherical air. This vapor is caught among other means by tying a bladder compressed upon the bottle in which the dissolution is performed.

"The vapor, rising, swells the bladder and fills it. The bladder is then tied and removed and another applied till as much of this light air is collected as is wanted. Then a large spherical case is made, and very large it must be, of the lightest matter that can be found, secured by some method like that of oiling silk against all passage of air.

"Into this are emptied all the bladders of light air, and if there is light air enough it mounts into the clouds upon the same principle as a bottle filled with water will sink in water, but a bottle filed with either will float. It rises till it comes to air of equal tenulty with its own if wind or water does not spoil it on the way. Such, madam, is an air balloon."—From Dr Johnson's Letter, Sept. 22, 1783, to Mrs. Tharle.

Ribbon of the Garter

The dark blue ribbon now worn by the Knights of the Garter was changed to its present shade from one much lighter in tone in the year 1622. The pictures of Charles I. by Vandyke always show the lighter shade. —London Mail.

WHITE HORSE Scotch

No other whisky as good as this.

BON-TON
SPRING COSTUMES

¶ WE HAVE A LARGE SELECTION ON VIEW IN OUR STORE.
¶ WE ADVISE LADIES TO HASTEN WHILE THE ASSORTMENT OF COLORS IN GOOD MATERIALS IS STILL VARIED.

TELEPHONE 2315 - - - - - - - 423 ST. JOSEPH STREET

The Universal Music Roll

We have a large and varied assortment of Universal Music Rolls, and would be pleased if you would give us an opportunity to play some over for you.

C. ROBITAILLE,

Phone 2291 320 St. Joseph St.

Bermuda and West Indies

SIX WEEKS CRUISE

$125.

The cheapest and most interesting trip known.

For further information apply to

F. S. STOCKING

General Steamship Agency,

32 St. Louis Street.

TIMBER REGULATIONS.

GOVERNING Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the North West Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, and the Three and a Half Milion Acres Located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in British Columbia.

Licenses.

A license to cut timber on a tract not exceeding twenty-five square miles in extent may be acquired only at public auction. A rental of $5 per square mile, per annum, is charged on all timber berths excepting those situated west of Yale in the province of British Columbia, on which the rental is at the rate of 5c per square acre. In addition to rental, dues are charged on the timber cut at the rates set out in section 20 of the regulations.

Timber Permots and Dues.

Permits may be granted in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to owners of portable saw mills, to cut over a definitely described tract of land not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 50 cents per thousand feet, B.M., and subject to payment of rental at the rate of $100 per square mile per annum.

Timber Permits and Dues.

Any occupant of a homestead quarter-section having no timber of his own suitable for the purpose may, provided he has not previously been granted free allowance of timber, obtain a free permit to cut the quantity of building and fencing timber set out in Section 51 of the Regulations.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Ottawa, July 29th, 1914.
—65137.

Synopsis of Canadian North-west Land Regulations.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency, for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Land Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead, on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required, except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing, may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price, $3.00 per acre.

Duties: Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price, $3.00 per acre.

Duties: Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stoney land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY,
Dept. of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 7th of April, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week between "St. Ludger and Railway station (Q.C.R.) at St. Samuel," to begin from the Postmaster-General's pleasure.

Printed notices, containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of St. Ludger, St. Samuel de Gayhurst and Drolet, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

E. TANNER GREEN,
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Quebec, March 1st, 1916.
Mch.3x1aw,frix3w

Shipping News

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

New York, Mar. 8.—The full cargo steamer market held steady, with a good demand prevailing for carriers and a very limited supply of same available. Rates were well suppored, but not quotably changed. Quotations to Liverpool, 25d! London and Glasgow, 24d; cotton to Liverpool, per 00 lbs., $3, asked.

Charters.—Steamer, 3,272 tons, New York and River Plate trade, one round trip, private terms, April; steamer, 3,462 tons, same; Norwegian steamer, 1,384 tons, general cargo, New York to Lisbon, 115s, net form, March-April; Norwegian steamer, 2,289 tons (previously), general cargo, New York to a French Atlantic port, 102s 6d, net form March; Norwegian steamer, 1,302 tons, same, 100s, March-April; Norwegian steamer, 1,104 tons, same; Norwegian steamer, 2,199 tons (previously), general cargo, Gulf to a French Atlantic port, 140s, net form, March-April; Norwegian bark, 1,020 tons, linseed, Buenos Ayres to New York, $20, April-May; schooner 452 tons, lumber, Gulf to Cay Francis, $11.; British schooner, 388 tons, lumber, Tampa oo Havana, $11.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC.

Standard Time 75th Meredian.

	March	A.M.	P.M.
Saturday	11	11.09	12.00
Sunday	12	12.08	12.14

Moon Phases.

New Moon: March 11th at 1.33 p.m.

OCEAN SAILINGS.

Compiled by F. S. Stocking, General Steamship Ticket Agent, 32 St. Louis street, Quebec.

Subject to Change.

March.	From.	To
15—Carthaginian	Portland	Glasgow
18—Cameronia	N. Y.	Liverpool
"—Noordam	N. Y.	Falmouth and Rotterdam
"—La Touraine	N. Y.	Bordeaux
'—St. Louis	N. Y.	Liverpool
22—Corinthian	St. John	London and Havre
25—Scandinavian	St. John	Liverpool
"—Philadelphia	N. Y.	Liverpool
"—Orduna	N. Y.	Liverpool
"—La Fayette	N. Y.	Bordeaux
28—Sicilian	St. John	Liverpool
29—Finland	N. Y.	Liverpool
April.	From.	To
1—Tuscania	N. Y.	Liverpool
"—Rochambeau	N. Y.	Bordeaux
4—New Am'sr'dm	N. Y.	Falmouth and Rotterdam
8—New York	N. Y.	Liverpool
"—Chicago	N. Y.	Bordeaux
"—California	N. Y.	Liverpool
15—St. Louis	N. Y.	Liverpool
"—Pretorian	St. John	Liverpool
"—Ryndam	N. Y.	Falmouth and Rotterdam
"—Espagne	N. Y.	Bordeaux
19—Carthaginian	Portland	Glasgow
22—Philadelphia	N. Y.	Liverpool
'—Lafayette	N. Y.	Bordeaux
25—Rotterdam	N. Y.	Falmouth and Rotterdam
29—St. Paul	N. Y.	Liverpool
"—Sicilian	St. John	Liverpool
"—Rochambeau	N. Y.	Bordeaux

NEW LIGHT ON CANADIAN INDUSTRIES AND SALES.

Baron Shaughnessy and the writer of this article, says "Graphica" had a chat about the business outlook in Canada the other day. We had not been talking long before his lordship opened a drawer in his desk and took out a type-written document.

"Just listen to this," he remarked. "Imported into Canada in one year before the war $20,000,000 worth of carriages.

That was the first of an amazing list of manufactured articles which he read out, all of which Canada had been importing.

"Why should we not make all these things ourselves?" he asked. "Take the carriages. We have everything necessary for making carriages—iron, steel, wood—everything in inexhaustible quantities. Yet we import carriages made in other countries from other people's raw material. Why?"

"The fact is," he remarked, answering his own question, "we have been doing this largely unthinkingly. The Canadian Pacific, for instance, has been importing expensive woods for finishing railway coaches, when all the time we have woods just as beautiful here in Canada."

Then he referred the writer to an astonishing beautiful exhibit of handsome Canadian woods which he had mounted.

"Why should we import mahogny or walnut with such beautiful woods as these growing in our own forests?" he asked. "Mahogny is of course, a very handsome wood, but look what handsome woods we have in comparison And besides, mahogny is a millionaire's wood. There is really no excuse for having the interior finish of our houses and our carriages done with millionaire's wood when we can get such beautiful and distinctive effects with our own woods. I can say this—there will be no more imported woods in Canadian Pacific coaches. We have made experiments and we are going to use our own handsome Canadian woods."

That was the start of a long talk about what Canada can do for herself if only Canada will try. "If I may venture a prophecy," he remarked, "it is this. The war is going to give Canada a new light on manufacturing and industrial conditions. We are going to utilize a far larger variety of our own natural resources, and do a far larger share of our own manufacturing than ever before."

The making of such large quantities of munitions of war is going to help us in this, too, he thought. We have set up a vast quantity of machinery adapted for work such as Canada has never done before, and this will be utilized for new lines of manufacture after the war.

ANSWERING THE CALL

How British Columbia's Sons Went to the War.

"The Lion roared, and the cub came in . . ."

Aye ! she roared—and no where was her call heard plainer than in far-off British Columbia. Yet how did those in the remote forests, mountains, and plains know that their country needed them ?

Some seemed to hear it on the wind ; others saw it in the sky. In one district, for instance, north-east of Fort George, there were seven forest rangers, each with different sections to guard. These had a signal among themselves. A beacon fire on a certain mountain meant that there was news, and acted as summons to a previously arranged spot. Three weeks after war was declared this beacon flared up, and at once the seven rangers cached their provisions, and hastened to the meeting-place. They learned of the war, and caching five canoes they packed themselves in the remaining two, and made their way down the Fraser River to enlist.

Another instance was that of "Rusty" Cameron, a trapper. At the beginning of August, 1914, he secured his winter supply of food and hit the trail for his lonely cabin in the "Nation" River district. After three weeks of paddling and tramping he arrived at his destination, built himself a new cabin, and set out to visit an outlaw trapper. This outlaw had been sought by the police for seven years, having been accused of murder, but he always foiled any attempt to capture him. "Rusty" Cameron usually brought in his provisions, and took out his furs, and it was for this purpose that he was now about to visit him. On his way he met a young surveyor, who informed him of the hostilities.

One of the most famous regiments to leave Canada is the 30th Battalion, which was organized in British Columbia, and consists of men taken for the most patr from the rougher or adventurous class. There are men who travelled by horse and canoe day and night to join the regiment. Men who had shot rapids which had never before been navigated, as it was too slow to "portage" ; for, as one said, "Well, I wanted to get down before the war was over."

There were two men in the regiment who had been cowboys down in Mexico, but at the call they boarded the first boat going to Canada and enlisted on their arrival. Being asked why they had come so far to enlist, one said :

"Only to have a swat at the Germs."

In stature there are not many regiments to equal them, and when Sir Sam Hughes was inspecting them before their departure, he remarked to the officer commanding :

"I have to look up pretty high to see your men."

Then, again, there are nowhere in the Empire men who have endured more hardships in their efforts to reach a recruiting station than have some bold Yukoners.

To Fort McPherson the mail goes but once a year on account of its distance from the nearest centre, Dawson City, for it is situated within the Arctic Circle. Even then it must be taken in by dog teams, accompanied by Indian guides.

The mail squad generally consists of five men and four teams, each team hauling six hundred pounds of food. This expedition is entrusted to the Mounted Police, as it requires men of steel.

But there is one man, and only one, that has ever made that six hundred and forty-mile journey alone, bearing His Majesty's Mail. Many have attempted that perilous trip by themselves, but where they lie today only the silent northland knows.

To Trooper Forrest, the most famous guide in Yukon, belongs the honor of having blazed the trail with an axe from Dawson to Fort McPherson.

Forrest was with a companion, on one of the many rivers of this country, when informed of the war. These two men, not having any canoes, as the ice was on the river when they had come in, felled the trees with their axes, and whipsawed the wood into the required shapes for building a boat.

Now, whip-sawing is not a very easy thing to do. In simple language, it is cutting lumber by means of a stick and a long, thin piece of hide, but it is the only way when no saw is available.

One of the most interesting things among the Yukoners band of men is the dog "Jack." Jack is a huskie, the kind of dog which is used for pulling the sleighs in this region.

Now they have brought him all the way down and intend taking him to the very Front. For, as his master remarked :

"If Jack can't go, I guess none of us wish to go."

For more than once this Arctic dog has been his sole companion in many a long, weary night.

As one man stepped off the train at Prince Rupert, who had had a strenuous time getting in from the bush, he ws heard to remark :

"Well, thank God the worst part of the war is over." Meaning that which he had endured was war itself, and many B. C.'ers re-echoed "Hear ! hear !"

CARE OF GOOD CLOTHES

The Finer the Stuff the More Watchful One Should Be

It is a very common mistake to believe that good materials, whether of cotton, silk or wool, need less care than cheap ones. How often does one complain of the lack of wearing quality in a garment for which a big price has been paid. Yet, most frequently, what has worn out the fabric has not been actual use, but the neglect it has suffered.

One of the principal differences between good and cheap materials is that the better grades are finer spun. This may mean that the fabric is stronger and, in proportion to the uses to which it is put, may wear longer, but it also means that each tiny thread by itself is weaker and more apt to injury. Anything which may attack the threads one by one, therefore, does more harm with fine goods than with coarse.

No matter how careful one may try to be, clothes that one wears gradually get a trifle of the grease from the perspiration of the body. In spite of constant watching clothes will become dusty. This combination of dust and body moisture forms a regular breeding ground for tiny little vegetable growths. These are so small that it takes the most powerful microscope even to see them.

In themselves these bacteria do but little harm, but many of them set free an acid which eats into the fiber of the material. If the individual fiber is coarse the deposit of the acid upon it is not enough to eat all the way through, but if it is sheer or woven of fine threads one by one the threads are eaten through and the texture weakened.

Good clothing, instead of being kept shut away in boxes and drawers, should be constantly aired and shaken. The finer the material the more often should it be looked after. A coarse piece of goods will wear out by using, a fine piece by being laid away.

Photographing the Voice!

If Dr. Conta, of Paris, has his way, every prospective bride will have to furnish a photograph of her voice before marriage. This French psychologist has tested the voices of a large number of people who have appeared in the French courts as defendants in divorce actions, and he declares that most of them have voices which 'set one's teeth on edge." He has worked out a combined recording phonograph and camera called a phononograph, which shows exactly what a voice looks like.

The invention is apt to prove of great value in the musical world. A singer cannot hear himself sing, but has to take the advice of a teacher—and teachers are human and might err. Suppose Caruso were told that one of his notes was harsh. He might believe it, but, on the other hand, he might only be annoyed. If, however, after he had sung the note the photograph showed him that while all his other notes were smooth and round, that one was jagged, what a boon to him it would be! Dr. Conta believes that his invention can be made to record a difference in vibration between the utterance of a falsehood and of the truth.

Your Woodwork

O-Cedar Polish is for all woods and all finishes. It is a beautifier. Woodwork that has become dirty, and grimy and scummy will be made clean and bright, and new looking again.

O-Cedar Polish.

(Made in Canada)

Used with water, according to directions, is a necessity in every home. It dusts, cleans, and polishes at the same time. It removes all dirt and leaves a hard, dry, lasting lustre. It means cleaner, brighter, prettier furniture and woodwork and floors. It is guaranteed. Try it to-day.

From your Dealer, 25c. to $3.00

CHANNEL CHEMICAL CO., LTD.

369 Sorauren Ave., Toronto.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Valuable property for sale, situated at 623 St. John street. A comfortable self-contained, white brick cottage, in perfect order, with wide veranda, hardwood floors, heated by Daisy furnace, gas and electric light, size of ground 132 ft. wide by 119 ft. deep. Easy terms of payment. For further information apply to Hubert DuChene, 116 St. Augustin St. Phone 2105. Mar. 10xtf

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

THE GREAT CIRCULATING MARKET PLACE OF OPPORTUNITIES

WANTED.

WANTED—A pantry maid, references required, Mrs. St. George Boswell, 24 Ste. Anne St. Mar.10x6

$1,000 and more to lend, mortgage. Charles Delagrave, notary, 203 John street, Lndsay Building. Telephone 1912. Mar.8x1w.

WANTED—A General Servant for a small family, no children or washing. Good wages. Apply giving references to K. S. F., care Chronicle. Mar. 8xtf

WANTED— "One 10 x 12 standard double cylinder, double drum Donkey Engine. State price, time in service and present location. Reply: W. L. Gilman, care Brown Corporation, La Tuque, Que." Mar.6x1w

WANTED—To borrow twenty-five thousand dollars at 6 per cent., for five or ten years on first mortgage. Apply by letter to A. I. M. C., No. 251 St. Joseph street, St. Roch's. Feb. 18xtf.

FARMS WANTED.

WANTED to hear from owner of good farm or unimproved land for sale. R. G. List, Minneapolis, Minn. Aug. 14x1a.m. satx5.

AGENT WANTED.

AGENTS—Do not delay. Send today for free sample and large catalogue of quick selling articles. Burrard Specialty Co., 1900 Barclay St. Vancouver, British Columbia.

GENERAL AGENT WANTED—Strong Canadian Casualty Company supported by British Capital, wishes energetic General Agent to control the City of Quebec. "Accident and Sickness, Automobiles, Plate Glass, Fidelity Guarantee, Burglary, Employer's Liability." Liberal Contract to right man. Apply with full particulars of experience, age, occupation and business presently influenced. Address: P. O. Box 1030, Montreal, Que. Mar. 10x3.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Carriage traveler wanted for Province of Quebec, must be experienced traveler in carriage or implement line, able to read, write and talk English and French, and capable of selling goods on straight terms—no commission or consignment accounts. Must be strictly temperate, well recommended and of first-class ability. Highest salary to right man. Applications strictly confidential. Apply stating age, whether married, experience, name of firm at present engaged with and salary expected. Apply T. C., care Chronicle. Mar.7xtu,th,satx3.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET—Fine modern offices, well heated. Large safety valt at No. 88 Mountain Hill. Apply to Ed. Belanger, 29 Notre Dame Street. Jan. 27xtu,th,satxtf

TO LET—Foundry; also large yard. Premises now occupied by Eusebe Picard, Founder and Stove Merchant, situated on Ramsay street, corner of Assurance Street. Apply A. Hatch, 47 St. Cyrille, or Phone 372. Mar. 8x6.

TO LET—On Desfosses St., No. 61 A Lodging of two stories, containing 12 rooms, hot water heating system, gas, etc. With all modern improvements and suitable for boarding house. Apply to Mr. E. Endler, No. 64 St. Dominique St. Mch.3x6

TO LET—Two houses on Grande Allee ready for occupation 1st May next. All modern conveniences. Apply to 286 Grande Allee or phone 6531 or 3430. Feb. 15xtf.

TO LET—Furnished Rooms, comfortably heated, W. S. Richardson, No. 2 St. Angele St. Telephone 5353. Nov. 23xtf.

TO LET—At 97 St. Foy Road a first flat of a fine house, 10 rooms surrounded by nice trees, heated by hot water furnace, gas and electric light. 5 minutes from cars. Apply at 93 St. Foy Road. Telephone 1277. Feb. 21x1m.

TO LET—The offices actually occupied by the Corporation of Pilots of Quebec, 18 1-2 Dalhousie street, on the Levis Ferry Wharf, visible every day from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Jan. 12xtf

HOUSE TO LET—On Maguire Avenue, Sillery, New brick house, modern conveniences, hot water heated, Daisy furnace, large verandah front and back, electric light, eight rooms (8) including bath room, hardwood floors, terminus Sillery line electric cars. Apply W. M. Cleary, Church Hill, Sillery. Jan. 29xtf.

TO LET—Flat of five rooms, lower part of house, 26 Ste. Anne street. Apply to W. R. LaRue, Notary, 28 St. Anne street.

OFFICE TO LET— Three splendid offices to let in the new Lindsay Building, 201-203 St. John street, corner St. Eustache, including all modern improvements, elevator service, electric light, gas, hot and cold water in each office, hardwood floors; permanent divisions. All of these offices are well lighted. Private entrance for office tenants. For prices and conditions apply to C. W. Lindsay Ltd., 201-203 St. John street, Quebec. Mar. 9x6.

TO LET.

STORE TO LET — At No. 125 St. Paul Street. Apply to LaRue, Trudel & Picher, Dominion Building, Quebec. feb.25xtf.

TO LET—Upper flat of 4 rooms, in fine house and location on Sillery car line, hot water furnace, hot and cold water, use bathroom. Fifteen dollars monthly. Apply by letter "K" Chronicle Office. Mar. 11x3.

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished house, No. 170 Grande Allee. Eight rooms and bathroom. Apply on premises or telephone 3129. Mar. 11x6.

COTTAGE TO LET—For the summer months or for the year. A furnished cottage of 14 rooms, situated at St. Foye on "La Route des Quatre Bourgeois," near the properties of Mr. Lesage and Valliquet. With all modern improvements. Electric light and heated by furnace. Orchard and garden attached. With ice house and out house. Apply to W. R. LaRue, 28 St. Anne St. Mar. 11,18,25x3.

LAND TO SELL—At Beauport, Everell, 60 by 180 feet, water supply is laid on. Address to Charles Mignault, Dominion Arsenal. Telephone during the day 3951, or 73 Cote d'Abraham. Mar. 9x1w.

STORE TO LET— The property of Mr. L. L. Paquet, corner of Dauphine and d'Auteuil streets, which has just been purchased by Mr. Paquet, pilot. The old store L. L. Paquet, and the workshops are to rent. Apply at Jos. Paquet, 35 Dauphine street. Tel. 3036 or 4742. Mar. 9x1w.

OFFICE TO RENT—In the building of The Provincial Bank of Canada, 93 St. Peter street, the office at present occupied by the Stadacona Hydraulic Co. For particulars apply to: The Manager, Provincial Bank of Canada, 93 St. Peter street, Quebec. Mar. 8x1m

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE—One situated on Grande Allee, with all modern conveniences; also one near Maple Avenue, containing 12 rooms. Easy terms. For further particulars apply by letter addressed "J. M.," care of the "Chronicle." march11x6.

BARGAIN — FOR SALE—A large lot of good Hay for sale at $12.00 per 100 bundles. Apply to Alf. Dombrowski, 131 St. Andrew Street, Rioux's Wharf. Telephone 3466. march9x5.

FOR SALE — Stock fixtures practically new, comprising tables, shelves, show-cases, trucks, etc., etc. Apply to Drolet, Lassonde & Cie., Three Rivers, Que. march9x12.

FOR SALE— Three lots, 92 feet by 80, situated on Scott Street. Will sell on good conditions. Can be seen any time. Apply to Mr. A. Bouchard, No. 150 Scott Street. Telephone 6306. Mar. 11x2w

FOR SALE— Property on St. Joseph street, Nos. 454-454 1-2. Store on the lower floor. Very central location. Specially suitable for a Bank Branch. Can be delivered after 15 days. Apply to Gagne & Gagne, 111 Mountain Hill. Mar.11x6.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET —95 Claire Fontaine St. Apply to 93 St. Amable or Phone 465. Mar.10x6

HOUSE FOR SALE— Situated on The Cape, 18 Mount Carmel street, corner Haldimand, near the Terrace, and Governor's Garden. Ready May 1st. Apply to Gagne and Gagne, 111 Mountain Hill. Telephone 1890. Mar. 9x1w.

HOUSE FOR SALE—$4,500 payable half cash, will purchase a beautiful new solid brick home in uptown district, containing 8 large rooms and bath, polished hardwood floors, large cement front porch, finishing inside all B. C. fir, panelled and plate railed, electric fixtures, open fireplace, with good heating water system, radiators in every room and good large corner lot. The house all ready for occupancy. For further particulars address: V. I. L., Chronicle Office. Mar. 9x6.

FOR SALE—A cottage at Lake St. Joseph, containing seven rooms and icehouse. Apply Geo. V. Tessier, 75 St. Peter street. Telephone No. 3818. Mar. 8xtf.

EDUCATIONAL.

English speaking persons desiring to learn French Language. May Apply to Professor J. Bart, 34 Couillard St. or Phone 1958. Feb. 22x1m.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

VICTORIA HOTEL—Harry Fontaine, Prop., Palace Hill. Tel. 6380.

PIANOS FOR SALE.

PIANOS, HARMONIUMS AND AUTOMATIC PIANOS STORED —If you discontinue to keep house we can take charge of the storing of your piano or harmonium. We have a special and very comfortable place for storing this instrument for you. Moderate prices. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, Ltd., 201-203 St. John street. Telephone 1389. Mar.9x3.

COTTAGE PIANOS, SQUARE PIANOS AND HARMONIUMS ASKED FOR — We will accept your square or cottage piano or harmonium, in exchange as part of payment on a new piano, ordinary or automatic. A reasonable price will be allowed for this instrument. We can also sell you one of the celebrated pianos, "Steinway & Sons," of New York; "Gerhard Heintzman," "Nordheimer," "Weber," or a "Lindsay," of which we are the only representatives in Quebec. Prices very moderate and at easy terms if desired. Come to our store and examine the instruments and the prices and conditions; we would place a new instrument in your home. Apply to C. W. Lindsay, Ltd., 201-203 St. John street. Store open until 10.30 o'clock Saturday evenings. Mar. 9x3

PIANO OFFERED AT REDUCTION—A superb automatic piano, made by one of the best American manufacturers, mahogany case, steel fittings, 7 1-3 octaves, ivory keys, playing 88 notes of music; when first purchased cost a high price; offered at $390. Cash payment of $20.00, and $8.00 per month for the balance. With this price we are giving $10.00 worth of music free, at purchaser's choice. Apply immediately to C. W. Lindsay, Ltd., 201-203 St. John street, Quebec. Store open until 10.30 o'clock Saturday evenings. Mar. 9x3.

PIANO OFFERED AT REDUCTION—A superb cottage piano, made by one of the best Canadian manufacturers; walnut case, ivory keys, in very good condition, very well repaired; offered for only $195. Cash payment of $10.00, and $5.00 per month for the balance. An exceptionally good chance. Apply immediately to C. W. Lindsay, Ltd., 201-203 St. John street, Quebec. Store open until 10.30 o'clock Saturday evenings. Mar. 9x3.

MISCELLANEOUS

KEY CONTEST — Chance to secure beautiful silver cabinet. One key given on every dollar cash purchase. Come and get one; it may open the lock. Watch our window for date to try keys. J. Edmond Drolet Reg., 363 St. John street. Tel. No. 4986. Mar.7x1w.

REAL ESTATE—I will buy or I will sell real estate in any part of the city. Money to loan on mortgages. Apply to J. K. Leonard, 53 St. John St. Feb. 15x1m

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WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED? Best Matrimonial paper published. Mailed FREE THE CORRESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio. Feb. 12x1m.

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CHICAGO . . . . . Apr. 8, 3 p.m.
For information, apply to:
Wm. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie st.
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Commercial

NEW YORK MARKET.

(Canadian Press)

New York, March 10—The Mexican situation loomed large on the financial horizon today, more than neutralizing the feeling of quiet confidence created by the recent turn of affairs across the water. News that the government had decided to send a punitive force into Mexican territory caused a marked halt in the strength and activity of the forenoon. Quotations of important stocks shaded 1 to 2 points from their best, but shares of companies having interests across the southern border, notably Southern Pacific, Mexican Petroleum and American Smelting, rose sharply.

Conspicuous among the strong features of the first half of the session were Butte and Superior and American Zinc, at the new high records of 99 and 89, respectively. Butte sold minus its regular and "extra" dividends of 10¾ per cent. Coppers in general were moderately higher.

Industrials and equipments which figure prominently among the munitions scored gains of 2 to 4 points, the chief features of that group being Crucible and Lakawanna Steels, American and Baldwin Locomotives, Pressed Steel Car and American Steel Foundry. Among semi-war descriptions, such as Mercantile Marine pfd., Motors, Continental Can and Cuban American Sugar, gains ranged from 2 to 5 points.

United States Steel yielded active leadership to Crucible Steel and American Locomotive and failed to make more than slight response to the February statement of unfilled tonnage. This disclosed an increase of almost 650,000 tons and brought the aggregate of unfilled orders up to the unprecedented total of about 8,569,000 tons. Bethlehem Steel was more than ordinarily active, opening off 3 at 481, rising to 495 and closing at 486. Total sales of stocks aggregated 615,000 shares.

Firmness prevailed in the exchange market, remittances to Germany ruling well above low records registered yesterday. There was little actual business, however, even sterling bills being in slight demand. The international list was steadier than recently, a condition attributed to reports that our bankers were co-operating with British financiers in the concentration of American securities.

Bonds developed an irregular tone, chiefly as a result of renewed heavy offerings of Anglo-French 5's, which were offered in large individual lots at 94, a marked concession from the recent maximum. Total sales, par value, $2,735,000.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

By private wire to Bruneau & Dupuis, Stock Brokers, 11, 13 and 15 Sault-au-Matelot Street. Tel 1596.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am Can com.	60⅝	61¼	60¼	60¾
Am Car Fdy..	69	70¾	68½	70
Am Ice	29⅝	..	..	..
Am Loco	70¾	73¾	70½	73½
Am S & R...	100¾	103⅜	100¾	103⅛
Am Sug Ref.	109	109	108⅞	108⅞
Ana Cop	87⅛	87⅜	86⅝	87⅜
Atchison	103	..	..	..
Balt & Ohio.	87¼	87⅞	87¼	87¾
Beth Steel ...	485	490	480	480
Cal Petrol'm..	24½	25½	24¼	24¾
C P R	166⅛	166½	164¼	164⅝
Cent Leather.	53¼	54½	53¼	54
Ches & Ohio.	62¼	62¼	61¼	61¼
Colo F & I...	43¾	44⅜	43⅜	44⅜
Erie	37¼	37¼	36¾	37
do 1st pfd ..	52	52¼	52	52¼
Gas "Con" ..	133¾	..	..	..
Gt Nor pfd...	121	121½	121¼	121½
Inter Met ...	17	17	16⅝	16⅝
do pfd	73½	73⅞	73½	73⅞
Lehigh Val ..	78¼	78¼	77⅞	77⅞
Mex Petrol'm.	100	105⅜	100	105¼
Nat'l Lead xd	68	68	67⅞	68
Nev Cons x-d.	16	16	15⅞	15⅞
New Haven..	65½	66	65½	66
N Y Central..	104½	104½	104⅛	104¼
Norf & West.	117⅛	118½	117⅛	118½
North Pac ...	112	113	112	113
Penna	57	57	56⅞	57
Press Stl Car.	53	56⅜	53	55⅛
Reading	84½	84⅞	84⅛	84¼
Rep I & S....	52⅛	52¾	52⅛	52½
Studebaker ..	140½	142½	140¼	140¾
St Paul	93	93½	93	93½
Rubber	50¾	52	50¾	51⅝
South Pac ...	97½	99¼	97¼	99⅛
South Ry	20⅝	21	20⅝	21
Utah Cop x-d.	83¼	83⅝	83⅛	83⅜
Union Pac ..	132	132½	132	132
U S Steel ...	84	84⅜	83⅝	84
do pfd	116¾	..	..	..
Westinghouse.	64½	65¼	64¼	65½
Baldwin	105⅝	108⅛	105⅝	106⅝
Crucible	82	86	82	84¼
Maxwell	60¼	61	60¼	60¾
Miami Cop ..	36¼	36¼	36	36¼

CLOSING LETTER.

By private wire to Bruneau & Dupuis, Stock Brokers, 11, 13 and 15 Sault-au-Matelot street. Tel. 1596.

Ne wYork, March 10—The developments in Mexico have had no effect on the market other than to improve the price of securities related to that country, like Mexican Petroleum and Smelters. The argument, presumably, would be that the whole situation was at last coming to a head and that anything would be better than conditions which have prevailed in the last two or three years. This is sound enough, except for the possibility that if anything like an all-around fight developed with Mexico, American property might be badly wrecked before it could be protected. The steel tonnage figures were better than expected and represent high water mark for the Corporation. There is no news of importance from abroad. The market for some time has evidenced a disposition to recover and the better state of affairs in Washington more than offset the bandit trouble in Mexico. If nothing goes seriously wrong the market is likely to further improve.

Total Sales: Stocks, 599,698; bonds, $2,720,000.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

Sales (Friday Afternoon)
(From Breen & Gourdeau).

Bell 'Phone—2 at 145.
Steamships—5 at 17½.
Detroit United—10 at 88¾, 25 at 88¾, 20 at 88½, 100 at 88¾.
Power—75 at 221.
Quebec Railway—5 at 16.
Shawinigan—40 at 131.
Canada Car—10 at 65.
Laurentide—50 at 182½.
Lyall—60 at 48, 25 at 47¾.
Penmans—5 at 64¾.
Scotia—100 at 99½, 5 at 100, 75 at 99½, 50 at 99¾, 75 at 100, 75 at 100¼, 5 at 100, 50 at 101, 50 at 100¾, 25 at 100⅞, 25 at 101, 100 at 100¾, 10 at 100¼, 25 at 100
Steel Corporation—50 at 46½, 15 at 46¼, 25 at 46½, 50 at 46¼, 25 at 46¼.
Steel of Canada—25 at 42¼, 100 at 42⅛, 15 at 42, 50 at 42⅛, 25 at 42, 25 at 41⅞, 10 at 41¾, 25 at 41⅞, 10 at 41¾.
Cement pfd—50 at 90⅝.
Canada Cottons pfd—5 at 77.
Steamships pfd—25 at 76½, 10 at 76⅝, 50 at 77.
Dominion Iron pfd—17 at 96½.
Illinois pfd—5 at 91.
War Loan—$200 at 97½, $7,000 at 97¼.
Nova Scotia Bank—6 at 261.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, March 10—The Bank of England today earmarked £160,000 for Argentina and £50,000 for Egypt, and shipped £200,000 to South America and £40,000 to the United States.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET

Toronto — Quotations are as follows:—

Wheat, Ontario No. 2, winter, 98c to 99c outside, according to location. Manitoba No. 1, north., $1.09¾; No. 2, north., $1.07; No. 3, north., $1.04⅜.

Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 40c; No. 3, 38c at lake ports for immediate shipment. Ontario No. 3 white, 41c to 42c outside.

Corn—American, No. 2, yel, 76c. on track, Toronto.

Peas—No. 2, $1.25 to $1.50 samples; No. 3, $1.60 car lots.

Barley—62c to 64c outside for malting and 57c to 60c for feed.

Buckwheat — 70c to 71c shipping points.

Flour — Manitoba listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents, $6.80; second patents, $6.30; strong bakers, $6.10.

Flour — Ontario, winter flour, 90 per cent. patents, $4.30 to $4.40 seaboard.

Millfeed — Millfeed bran, $25.00 per ton; shorts, $25.00 to $26.00 per ton on track, Toronto.

CLOSING MARKET LETTERS.

By private wire to Breen & Gourdeau, Stock Brokers, 63 St. Peter Street, and 6 Sault-au-Matelot 'Phone 185.

Chicago, March 10—Wheat—Bulls are timid on account of heavy stocks of wheat which the Government and cash interests, both on this side and in Europe are advertising widely. The depression which the surplus wheat is expected to exert and renewed complaints of freight congestion, have taken the bull edge off the market and on every minor rally wheat is for sale in liberal quantities. After a few weeks it is likely that the freight situation will be less bearish than it is now and that with the help of crop damage reports, prices will be higher. In the meantime, a trading position seems safer and, advisable except for the investor, who wishes to obtain a line of July wheat on a scale down.

Corn was firm at prices higher than last night's close. This steadiness is attributed to the statement which was put out by a number of cash interests to the effect that industrial demand for corn exceeds all previous records.

Oats were steady with corn, being less pressure from local traders. There was some buying by spreaders who have been short of oats and long of corn. Cash demand was slightly improved with a better tone to the eastern shipping industry.

New York, March 10—The speculative public, or, at least, a large percentage, are maintaining the waiting attitude adopted by them in stock market affairs some few months ago, with the result that the buying and selling of securities in the exchange in the interim have been largely confined to professional operations. This state of affairs accounts for the limited volume of business transacted daily, as well as the narrowness of price changes which, generally speaking, has characterized market movements for some time. Developments during the current week, however, were of a more encouraging nature, especially in connection with the political and international situations. The endorsement by Congress in the early part of the week of President Wilson's policy in the German submarine controversy followed later by report to the effect that new proposals of a less drastic character than formerly outlined were expected from Germany in their conduct of maritime warfare. While authentic or definite news on the subject failed to materialize up to the present writing quoted values were favorably affected, nevertheless, although the retirement of short commitments was largely responsible. Sound underlying conditions were again demonstrated during the week by the publication of greatly increased earnings by different business enterprises. The most conspicuous of these was the report of Crucible Steel, which showed about 78 per cent. having been earned on the common after allowing 7 per cent. for the preferred stock. The report issued by the United States Steel Corporation of its unfilled tonnage report, as of February 29th, was another item which, while highly favorable was even better than expected. The elimination of a threatened strike between the bituminous coal operators and miners through wage adjustment, also indications that strong efforts were being brought to bear tending to avert labor troubles between the railroads and their employes were additional factors favoring a more hopeful outlook.

Sales: Stocks, 599,698; bonds, $2,720,000.

MONTREAL CLOSING LETTER

McDougall & Cowans, Stock Brokers, No. 116 Mountain Hill, Quebec, 'Phones 1402-1403.

Montreal, March 10—We had a broader and more active market today and it looks as if it would continue. Dominion Iron declared a 3½ per cent. dividend for nearly two years Canadian Pacific showed $531,000 increase since the first of February. A good demand for bonds for investment continues and we are glad to say that we are having good investment buying in some of the gilt-edged stocks for the last few days. This will clean up the weak accounts. London are selling securities, and we notice that C. P. R. in Wall Street had to take considerable liquidation which we presume was also from London. All the steel and munition companies are working to capacity. Most of these companies were in bad shape but have now straightened themselves out and the shareholders can expect some returns. The announcement that U. S. will try and settle the bandit question in Mexico sent up all the Mexican securities rapidly. The market acted well today and looks like doing better.

OILS, ETC.

London, March 10—Calcutta linseed, March-April, 79s 9d.
Linseed oil, 44s 3d.
Sperm oil, £52 10s.
Petroleum, American refined, 10d; spirits, 11d.
Turpentine, spirits, 46s 9d.
Rosin, American strained, 21s 3d; type "G" 21s 6d.

Savannah, Ga., March 10—Turpentine firm, 49 to 49¼; sales, 211; receipts, 27; shipments, 372; stock, 9,729.

Rosin, firm; sales, 434; receipts, 283; shipments, 873; stock, 84,519.

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Trains Leave Levis:
7.50 a.m.—For Portland, Sherbrooke and all local stations, daily except Sunday.
3.40 p.m.—For New York and Boston and all main line stations, daily. For Chaudiere Valley and Megantic divisions, daily except on Sunday. Through New York Pullman Buffet daily, connecting at Sherbrooke with Pullman for Boston.

For further information and Pullman reservations, apply F. S. Stocking, C. and D. P. agent, 32 St. Louis street; agent for Thos. Cook & Son, and all ocean steamship lines; 'phone No. 82.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

Change of Time, March 8th, 1916.
Through Sleepers Levis and Halifax, N.S.
Maritime Express, 2.20 p.m. daily.
Connections for St. John, N.B., the Sydneys, and Prince Edward Island.
For Montreal, 12.50 p.m., daily.
TRANSCONTINENTAL RY.
(Palais Station) Quebec, P.Q.
12.05 (noon) daily except Sunday, for Fitzpatrick; Tuesdays and Thursdays for Parent. Leaves Parent Wednesdays and Fridays, connection with train leaving Fitzpatrick daily except Sunday—train arriving Quebec 1.00 p.m.
(Quebec Bridge Station.)
From Bridge 7.00 a.m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Fitzpatrick. Arrive Bridge from Fitzpatrick Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 4.30 p.m.
(Levis Station) Levis, P.Q.
6.30 a.m.—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Edmundston, N.B.
4.20 p.m.—Daily except Sunday for Monk, P.Q.
Ticket Offices No. 7 Du Fort and 22 Dalhousie streets; telephone 530.

TEMISCOUATA RAILWAY.
TIME-TABLE.
Taking Effect November 22nd, 1915.
No. 1—(a) Leaves Riviere du Loup.. 7.30 a.m.
Arrives Connors, N.B.....12.53 p.m.
No. 3—(a) Leaves Riviere du Loup.. 10.30 a.m.
Arrives Connors, N.B..... 8.31 p.m.
No. 2—(a) Leaves Connors, N.B..... 3.30 p.m.
Arrives Riviere du Loup.... 6.55 p.m.
No 4—(a) Leaves Connors, N.B.... 7.00 a.m.
Arrives Riviere du Loup.... 4.20 p.m.
All trains daily, except Sunday.
Connection at Edmundston Junction with Canadian Pacific Ry., for Woodstock, Fredericton, St. John, N.B.; Houlton, Presque Isle, Caribou and Fort Fairfield, Me.
And at Riviere du Loup with all Intercolonial Railway Express trains.
For further information, folders, etc., apply to F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis street; Jules Hone Travel Agency, 31 Buade street.
F. X. BELANGER, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent, Riviere du Loup.

P. O. Box 212 Tel. 185

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Accumulated Funds... ... ... $67,000,000
Revenue for the Year... 7,875,000
Assets in Canada... 17,000,000
Over $10,000 paid daily in Claims, Endowments, etc.
The Reversionary Bonus of Policyholders for period of 1905 to 1910, amounted to $5,857,920.00, being at the rate of $15 per $1,000 per annum on all with profit policies.
W. & G. MORTON MASSEY, Chief Agents,
111 Mountain Hill, Quebec.

Telephone: 1050.

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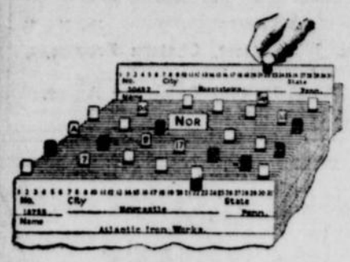

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Daffodils, per dozen	.60
Violets, per bunch (Single or double.)	.25
Violets, per hundred	1.00
Calla Lillies, each	.15
Ferns, Boston and Whitmanini, each	50c to 2.00
Ferns, small, each	.10

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Cor St. Peter and St. James Sts., 'Phone 3432.
88 St. Joseph street - 'Phone 3315.
Table and attendance unsurpassed.
Fresh Live Lobsers, daily.
Malpecque Oysters, per doz, 45c.
Little Neck Clams, in every style.
Home-made PIES:—Apple, Raisin, Cocoanut, Custard, Mince, Fig, Blueberry, Lemon, Cramberry.
Any Pie to take home, 25c.
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LEGISLATURE NOT PROROGUED YET

ASSEMBLY ADJOURNED LAST NIGHT UNTIL MONDAY AFTERNOON AT FOUR.

All hopes of being able to bring about the prorogation of the Legislature this week were abandoned late last night, by the Government, and it was decided to adjourn until Monday afternoon at 4.00 o'clock.

It is now expected that by Wednesday or Thursday next, all the sessional work will be completed and the closing will then take place.

Most of the time yesterday was taken up with estimates and there was considerable interesting discussion.

Morning Sitting.

Most of the morning sitting of the Legislative Assembly was spent yesterday in discussing the estimates of the Department of Lands and Forests. Mr. George Campbell, Conservative member for Pontiac, criticised the administration of the departmetn, especially its fire ranging system. "I can name timber limits," he said, "which have not had a fire ranger on them for years. If the Government say there have been rangers there, then they must have come at night time in an aeroplane, and left again before daylight. The Minister said the other night that he had the best fire ranging system in the Dominion. Why, he hasn't any system at all."

Mr. Campbell criticised a government report which stated in glowing terms what assets the Province had in its timbers. He considered that the figures were greatly exaggerated, and said that in some places he knew of, the timber was just as much an asset to the Province as the sky. He claimed that there were no more forests of any account north of the Transcontinental Railway, except in the valleys and streams. When they got back away from the valleys and streams there was no timber. There might be some little stuff there about the size of a broomhandle" he continued. "but I don't think you could get a board wide enough to make a coffin for a crow." Mr Campbell spoke of the rivers that had been named after the ministers, and the fact that on the maps they had descriptions of the country showing here and there "dense forests, as far as possible." What does that mean? He asked. Does it mean that here is dense forests as far as the inspector can see or does it mean as far as he can jump. He claimed that the information in the government reports concerning the timber was absolutely misleading.

Mr. Campbell contended that the government was wrong in not paying the fire rangers their transportation to and from the fires. He said it was hard for a ranger to have to pay his own transportation expenses to fight the forests, and then have to wait sometimes a year and a half before he could receive the stingy grant of the department. He ridiculed the way the department referred in their reports to clergymen and timber. He contended there were no clergymen away back in the woods, where the timber hapened to be, and he considered it peculiar that when the department wanted to enforce the laws of the Province, they should ask clergymen to do it for them.

Concluding he declared that the fire protection system in the Upper Ottawa district was not good. "There are men who have had limits year in and year out and never had a ranger, and all the time they have been paying the tax for the protection they have never received" (Opposition cheers).

Mr. Campbell questioned the figures concerning the fire losses of Quebec which had been sent from Quebec to the Forestry Journal. This statement, appearing in the Forestry Journal, in November last year, stated:—"Throughout the Dominion last summer forest fires caused losses valued at no less than $9,536,867. The loss by forest fires is considerably lower this year than it was previously. Quebec Province during the eight first months of 1915 lost through forest fires $2,254,115, which is a good deal lower than the losses in Ontario, where, although the forest areas are considerably smaller than Quebec's, the losses by fire reach the figure of $3,694,823. The small loss by forest fires in Quebec is attributed to the protective measures employed by the Government to prevent, fight and control fires."

Mr. Campbell wanted to know how the Minister had arrived at these figures of the extent of the timber fire losses in this Province. He wanted to know how they were calculated, whether on a basis of so many thousand feet, or upon the basis of the acre or upon the basis of the mile. He contended that the figures were all wrong, and could not be relied upon.

The Minister of Mines and Forests (Hon. Mr. Allard) replied to Mr. Campbell. He did not accept the responsibility for the figures quoted, and he admitted they might not be correct. He did not answer Mr. Campbell's question as to how the timber fire losses were measured.

Afternoon Sitting.

Colonization matters occupied the attention of the House yesterday afternoon and evening for a considerable time. The first item of the department of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries was for $250,000 for colonization roads. On an item to vote $4,000 for colonization societe generale, the subject of colonization and immigration was discussed. The district of Abitibi in Temiskaming came in for attention, Mr. Sauve taking up the question of a railway.

"Temiskaming is not represented in this house since the death of Hon. Mr. Devlin, and the reason is that the government is afraid to hold a by-election there because it has not kept its promise, made in 1912, to have a railway then," declared Mr. Sauve. "At the time of the election the railway was promised and the people there have been protesting ever since because it has not been built."

Hon. Mr. Mercier said he had attended meetings in Temiskaming with the late Mr. Devlin, and that no such promise had been made.

Mr. Sauve persisted that such a promise had been made. Mr. Tellier remarked that 10 people from Abitibi who had visited his county had told him that such a promise had been made.

Mr. Mercier pointed out that the work of building a railway which the C. P. R. had in hand, had been stopped owing to the outbreak of the war.

Mr. Cousineau made a few remarks and quoted a remark made by Mr. Campbell of Pontiac, to the ffect that in parts of Abitibi talked up by the government there was not enough wood to make a coffin big enough in which to bury a crow.

The Minister retorted that this was but one of several such personal remarks about the country which Mr. Campbell indulged in.

The member for Montmagny wanted to know whether it was to the knowledge of the Minister that the Imperial authorities or the federa' authorities were interfering to prevent immigration. Mr. Mercier did not know this, but poi ted out that proposed immigration of Belgians had been stopped owing to the desire of the Belgian government to keep their people at home.

Mr. Mercier remarked that the province needed immigration for there was much work to be done on the farms and other places.

The member for Montmagny said he had said the same thing in a speech a short time ago, advocating keeping the men here to do the work needed and buil'd up the country. He was glad to be backed up in his opinion by the Minister and also by Baron Shaughnessy, and he honed when he was hanged the Minister of the Crown and the peer of the Empire would be there to see him.

Mr. Sauve followed by quoting an article written by Senator David advocating a reorganization of the colonization system so that the crown lands would be filled up and not the cities.

Sir Lomer then suggested that the debate be adiourned to allow the House to take up Mr. Cannon's bill to admit women to the practice of the law.

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GERMAN CORN RESERVE.

Berlin, March 10, via wireless to Sayville—Though it had been calculated that the German corn reserve would not total more than 200,000 tons it is now stated by the official census bureau that it will reach 400,000 tons, says the Overseas News Agency.

It is added that the surplus is due to the fact that numerous farmers had underestimated their crops in the November census.

LECTURES BEFORE WOMEN'S CLUB

DR. MARY CRAWFORD TELLS OF EXPERIENCES IN HOSPITAL AT PARIS.

Dr. Mary Crawford, who has been attached to the American Hospital in Paris for twelve months narrated to the Women's Canadian Club members and a large audience at the Chateau Frontenac yesterday afternoon many of her experiences in hospital work during the first year of the war.

She first briefly reviewed facts concerning the formation of the American Hospital by Americans who were residing in France when the war broke out and then recounted numerous incidents to show the happy disposition of French, English, and other wounded soldiers, who were cheery, no matter how grave their wounds were. The speaker exercised such good taste in relating many amusing happenings among the convalescents in the hospitals that when she did touch on the more sombre part of the war and the great sacrifices of the French, particularly the women it is safe to say that none among her audience would find it in their hearts to refuse to help this galant nation. Dr. Crawford laid her facts very intelligently before her audience and won the hearty applause of all particularly when she aroused the large gathering that the whole American nation, with the exception of those of German or Austrian extraction and a few others, was decidedly in favor of the cause of the Allies.

In the absence of the President of the Women's Canadian Club the lady lecturer was introduced by Mrs. J. C. McLimont, who in her introductory remarks touched briefly on the time spent by Dr. Crawford in working for the wounded soldiers in France.

In taking the platform, Dr. Crawford said that this was her fourth address before Women's Canadian Clubs since coming to Canada. She thought it would be rather presumptious on her part to tell Canadians what their part was in the great struggle with many of those near and dear to them serving their Mother Country Overseas, it was but natural that they were bound up in the issue. It was for this reason that the lecturer preferred giving a personal picture of some phases of the titanic struggle.

Dr. Crawford then briefly summed up the early days of the war and the establishment of the American Hospital near Paris and told how gladly the offer to care for the wounded was accepted by the French Government which did everything possible to assist the organizers. The American committee with a great deal of ingenuity equipped the hospital and at the outset placed 550 beds, which number has since been increased by 100 beds.

Since the battle of the Marne the hospital has been filled. Dr. Crawford explained the scarcity of nurses and help at the outset. Among the male help was the most cosmopolitan collection imaginable, titled men of several of the Allied nations assisting in caring for the wounded with other men of difierent walks of life Among the nurses were ladies from Canada, Australia and other parts of the world.

Conected with the American Hospital was a corps of fifteen young men. They assisted in transporting the wounded on fifteen different motor cars, this task being caried out chiefly during the night, so as not to affect the civil population to too great an extent.

These young men distinguished themselves on many occasions in rescuing the wounded under fire. About a half dozen of them had been decorated with the French military cross for conspicuous bravery.

In the American Hospital wounded from the armies of the Allies were taken as patients, but no Germans were admitted, the French Military authorities deciding wisely to send them to separate hospitals. In view of the fact that all the Americans at the hospitals were rabid pro-Allies the lady speaker was glad that the Germans were not mixed up with the Allied soldiers. Another reason was the danger of Arab patients attacking Hun invalids and killing them. These Arabs would not hesitate a moment in putting an end to the earthly existence of any enemy, declared the lecturer.

Jocular deference to some of amusing incidents in hospital was made by Dr. Crawford. She related how one British Tommy accused the Americans of speaking the "United States language" and not English.

The braverv of those men who were entrusted to their care appealed greatly to Dr. Crowford, who cited numerous deeds. One poor chap named Walker said the speaker, being placed in a most precarious predicament with the alternative of losing his leg or his life, amputated the limb in the field himself. The member was terribly mutilated, and was just barely hanging onto his body.

The lecturer stated that up to the time of the battle at Ypres the French or British soldiers did not bear any particular animosity towards the Germans, but after the Huns brought their poisonous gases into play the whole aspect of affairs changed and since then the British are anything but friendly to any Germans they encounter.

Dr. Crawford illustrated the different character of the French and English patients. She also touched on the move that has been started to provide for the education of the children of distinguished Frenchmen who have or may be permanently maimed. This important step is supported chiefly by the people of England who are determined that France will retain her high rank among the most cultured and artistic nations.

Dr. Crawford paid a glowing tribute to the sacrifices of the French women who are willing to suffer anything if this war may be followed by a lasting peace.

On her concluding a vote of thanks was ably proposed by Miss Lucy Carter who took occasion to compliment Dr. Crawford on her own noble efforts, of which she (Dr. Crawford) made no mention. A message of our deep appreciation of what is being done overseas by the American people was given the lecturer.

Left Arm Became Powerless Saved From Paralytic Stroke

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This letter from Mrs. Nichols well represents what we mean, for she was undoubtedly on the verge of more serious trouble when she heard of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and sought its aid.

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After tea had been served the handsome gold mesh bag donated by Mrs. Soper, of Ottawa, for the Quebec Khaki Club was raffled. Ticket No. 27 held by Mrs. Arthur Price was the winner. The munificent sum of $200. was realized.

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Lister's Pudding, 3 for	25c	New Laid Eggs, doz.	40c
Cooking Eggs, dozen	28c	Pan Yan Pickles, bottle	20c
Lombardy Plums, 3-lb. can	15c	Strawberry Jam, 4-lb pail.	50c
Raspberry Jam, 4-lb pail	50c	Olives, per bot.	10c, 15c, 20c
Babbit's Cleanser, 3 cans	10c	Evaporated Apricot, lb.	15c

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