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# DAILY WITNESS

Cold.

Vol. XLIV, No. 30.

MONTREAL, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1903.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## MEN MAKE DEMANDS

### Threaten to Tie up Street Cars if They are not Granted.

Late yesterday afternoon the officers of the newly-organized Street Railway Labor Union presented the following ultimatum to the Montreal Street Railway Company, and demanded a reply in twenty-four hours. The ultimatum, which is in French, reads:—

I. Recognition of the union.  
II. Adoption of a new scale of wages; to be eighteen cents an hour for men who have been from one to five years in the service, and twenty cents an hour for men who have been in the service for five years or more.

III. Promises from the company that no men be discharged without reason, and to allow all the men to answer charges brought against them.

IV. The re-installation of all employees who have been discharged without reason, or who have assisted in the formation of the union since Jan. 1, 1903.

V. In future payment of time lost by suspension.

VI. That the company employ a sufficient number of men; that section 40 of rule 210, which prohibits the company from making the men work more than sixty hours per week may be observed.

The men declare that if the demands are not agreed to by to-morrow morning there will be a strike, and in the event of any man being discharged in the meantime for being a member of the union, the cars will be left standing on the tracks and the entire system will be completely tied up, as the electrical workers will refuse to work until the trouble is settled.

At a largely attended meeting last night in Blue Label Hall, presided over by Mr. Arcade Varin, president of the union, the presidents of the various trade unions were present, by invitation of the committee.

The speakers of the evening were Mr. Varin, Mr. J. E. Hilton, president of the Electrical Workers' Union; Mr. Geo. Masters, ex-road master; Mr. John Burnaby, legal adviser of the union, son of Ald. Burnaby, and Mr. A. St. Martin, court stenographer. The speakers all advocated a peaceable policy. Mr. Burnaby asked the men to behave themselves, to make no demonstration, but when they left the hall to go to their homes like peaceable citizens.

Mr. St. Martin said that he came to the meeting as a citizen who wished to study the situation from all sides. He thought the men were within their rights in demanding to be paid against the many injustices that had been done them.

At a meeting of the committee at the conclusion of the public meeting, it was decided to obtain, if possible, the Drill Hall, or Sommer Park, for a meeting to be held to-night, at which, failing to receive a satisfactory answer from the company, arrangements for a general tie-up of the car service will probably be discussed.

The men are sanguine that the company will accede to their demands.

## THE MANAGER SPEAKS

### MR. WANKLYN STATES THE STREET RAILWAY COMPANY'S VIEWS.

Mr. Wanklyn, manager of the Montreal Street Railway, when seen by a "Witness" reporter this morning, had a few things to say about the situation. "I stayed at the office last evening," he said, "until about six o'clock. Up to that time I had received no intimation from employees or ex-employees in respect to grievances, demands or the formation of a union. Some time after I left a document was handed in at the office, I know not by whom, which was signed by E. Biron, notary, and which contained substantially the demands which have been published.

In all my experience of over thirty years I have never yet known of a strike taking place before a meeting of the parties interested had been held to discuss such grievances or demands as might be presented.

"So far, I have not had a single man, either employee or ex-employee, come to me with any complaint of unfair treatment or injustice of any kind. If they want to ventilate their troubles they have always free access to myself or the president of the company, if they prefer.

"It is simply and purely a hold-up. It is not business. It is not becoming conduct for civilized people. We cannot imagine any self-respecting man among our employees having anything to do with such a movement.

"Who are the agitators? Who are the so-called officers of this so-called union or association? They are ex-employees. The so-called president is a bar-tender in an east end saloon. Of course, he has nothing to lose in such an agitation. The union has no charter, and its members or supporters no responsibility. They pretend that they were discharged without cause. How many of them would be willing to have their records published or their cases publicly investigated?"

"There is nothing whatever in the charge of unjust dismissal. We have been very lenient with our men. We value the services of well-trained employees and it is only on the last stroke that an employee is told that his services are no longer wanted. We do not want to black-list a man and spoil his chances of obtaining employment elsewhere. We have men in our employ who have been with us for five, ten, twenty and thirty years. They are satisfied. We have voluntarily raised the men's wages twice in the last five years and given them other favors. Only last June we gave them a raise worth about fifty dollars a year all round. We be-

## WILL THERE BE TROUBLE?

### THE OGILVIE MILLING COMPANY HOCKEY TEAM WANTS ICE TO-NIGHT AT VICTORIA RINK.

Something interesting, if not exciting may happen at the Victoria Skating Rink, Drummond street, this evening. From what can be learned to-day it appears that there is scheduled for to-night a hockey match to be played at the above auditorium between the Gault Brothers and the Ogilvie Milling Company hockey teams, as arranged some time ago. This is the regular practice night of the former team at the Victoria rink, so the Milling Company has arranged to meet the Gault Brothers' team to play off the match.

As is well known, the indoor speed championship skating races are to be held at the Victoria rink this evening, owing to their being postponed from last night on account of the final struggle in the Stanley cup series, consequently the Gault Brothers' team is quite willing, upon the request of the Victoria management, to give up its hour to-night so that the races will not be interfered with in any way.

Now the latest which has reached the Victoria people is to the effect that the Ogilvie Milling Company team refuse to postpone the match with the Gault Brothers' team, and the former threaten to appear on Victoria ice in hockey uniform this evening at the appointed hour at which the match is to be played, and claim the contest in default of their opponents putting in an appearance. The rink directors reserve the right to cancel engagements and refund pro-rata, but never do so unless obliged, as in the present instance. The Victoria management said to-day that the Gault Brothers' team understands the situation and the members are perfectly agreeable, but Ogilvie's are not and insist on claiming the match by default, if not played.

Mr. F. Percy Smith, secretary of the Victoria Skating Club, said at noon to-day that he knows something about hockey and this incident in particular, and furthermore, who has a right to the ice. He intimated that should the Milling Company team appear on the ice in uniform against the wishes of the Victoria management the players would probably meet with a reception of a peculiar kind. There will be something doing," said Mr. Smith, with a smile, "if these fellows attempt any of their high-hand tricks at the Victoria auditorium this evening. However the management does not expect any further annoyance or trouble, as anything of the kind is certain to interfere with the speed skating races.

## AN EXTRAORDINARY STORY.

### YOUNG ENGLISH LADIES KEPT VIRTUALLY PRISONERS IN A SYDNEY SCHOOL.

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 5.—A sensation was caused at Sydney yesterday by the news that a number of refined English ladies, who had been living in what was supposed to be a school for education in colonial life at Sydney, had appealed to Mayor Crowe for assistance and had made their escape from what was more a prison than a school. Miss Hagen, one of the young ladies, who is a daughter of Dr. Hagen, professor of Owen College, Manchester, gives the following account of her experience: "Early last autumn an advertisement appeared in leading English papers to the effect that a school for English girls desirous of being instructed in life suitable for the colonies had been established on the farm of Captain Horsfield, situated in Westmount (a suburb and district opposite Sydney). The advertisement promised instruction in market gardening, dairying and also in English, French and Latin, and in fact everything that a young lady desirous of living in Canada would require to know. Names of prominent people were given as references, including that of the Agent-General of Canada. I and a number of other English ladies decided to go to Sydney to attend the school. We came and for a month things went well although there was not the faintest pretence of keeping school. Later we girls were left to what proved to be the far from tender mercies of Captain and Mrs. Horsfield. Our education in colonial life consisted in doing all the work of house and farm, including for cattle, poultry, sawing wood and carrying water. We were told that if we went to Sydney without leave we would be driven out of the house. Capt. Horsfield insulted us. At last we kept to our rooms and did not venture down-stairs except in couples. Finally we managed to smuggle a message to the Rev. A. R. Woodroff, English Church minister, and to Mayor Crowe, stating the position and asking for help. On Tuesday we made our escape."

## VERMONT LIQUOR ACT

### FURTHER RETURNS GIVE A MAJORITY OF 965 FOR HIGH LICENSE.

Burlington, Vt., Feb. 5.—Further returns of the vote on the liquor issue in Vermont on Tuesday give the total vote cast for high license as 30,634; for prohibition, 29,649; majority for license, 985.

## HEAVY DAMAGES ASKED

### SUIT FOR \$250,000 AGAINST THE NEW YORK CENTRAL FOR THE DEATH OF MR. ALFRED S. PERRIN.

New York, Feb. 5.—The largest suit on record for the loss of human life will be tried in the Supreme Court at White Plains to-day, when the New York Central Railway will be asked to pay \$250,000 damages for the death of Mr. Alfred S. Perrin, of New Rochelle, who was killed in the Park avenue crash. The action is brought by a trust company as executor for the Perrin estate and guardian of the children.

## BRIDGE WHIST

### A CRUSADE IN LONDON AGAINST THE EVILS OF THE GAME.

London, Feb. 5.—A satire on the society chase for "Bridge," lately written by Mr. George Russell, has initiated a crusade, which is gradually developing. Clergymen in the West End are beginning to denounce from their pulpits "the evils of the game as generating a gambling spirit, especially among society women. Many stories are current of heavy sums won and lost by members of society. In an interview, Mr. Russell declared that it was impossible to exaggerate the evil influence of the game. It was transforming social life and destroying the taste for healthful outdoor games. Week-end visits to country houses now resolve themselves into orgies of "Bridge." Play goes on day and night, Sunday included. The game seems to have taken a firmer hold upon women than men, and as it is not a game of chance, but of skill, the more experienced players, Mr. Russell suspects some individuals in exalted society of living on their winnings.

## QUARANTINE AT MANILLA.

### IT HAS BEEN RAISED AFTER A YEAR'S DURATION.

Manilla, Feb. 4.—The United States quarantine officials have declared Manilla to be free from cholera, thus ending the quarantine which has lasted nearly a year. Although the disease has disappeared from Manilla it is still epidemic in parts of the islands. The total of the reported cases since the outbreak is 130,363, with 82,955 deaths. The actual number is probably twenty percent more.

## NEWGATE PRISON RELICS.

New York, Feb. 5.—The Tribune's London correspondent says there were strange scenes at Newgate yesterday, when the relics of the famous old prison, which is being levelled to the ground, were put up at auction. The intending purchasers, including people of every class of society, began to arrive long before the advertised hour of sale, and catalogue in hand, they swarmed all over the ruins. Women as well as men scaled steep ladders and crept over rickety planks in their anxiety to pick up some gruesome curios.

## LACUERRIER EXONERATED.

### REPORT OF THE INCINERATION DEPARTMENT INVESTIGATION—A HINT TO LABOR LEADERS.

The special committee appointed to investigate the charges made against Mr. Leguerrier, superintendent of the Incineration Department, reported to the City Council yesterday. The report was to the following effect:— "The charges may be resumed as follows:—1. That Mr. Leguerrier, superintendent, is in the habit of insulting his men and addressing towards them improper language. It appears from the evidence that this charge is to a certain extent true. On several occasions Mr. Leguerrier, the superintendent used language towards certain subordinates which was not permissible for one in his position. It must be admitted, however, that in each case the provocation was extreme.

## THE KING'S HEALTH

### THE 'LANCET' SAYS THERE IS NO CAUSE FOR ANXIETY.

London, Feb. 4.—The King is still confined to his apartments at Windsor Castle, but his progress is perfectly satisfactory. The Lancet says:—"For about a week past the King has not been feeling in his usual health. On Friday, Jan. 30, he complained of feeling the cold more than usual. On Monday, Feb. 2, he found it advisable to postpone his journey to Chatsworth. On Tuesday, Feb. 3, it became evident that His Majesty was suffering from a mild attack of influenza. The attack is but slight. The King is not confined to his bed, only to his room. Care is, of course, necessary to prevent an attack by other infectious diseases, but so far there is no cause for anxiety. Insurance rates at Lloyd's yesterday were ten guineas percent that the King would live twelve months. At the time of the operation on His Majesty last June, the rates varied from twenty-five to fifty guineas percent to cover the risk of his death within a week.

## THE PLAQUE IN JAPAN

### DR. YOKOTA, AN EMINENT SCHOLAR, AMONG THE VICTIMS.

Vancouver, B.C., Feb. 5.—Mail advices received from the Orient by the steamship "Empress of China" are to the effect that the pest has broken out in Tokio with alarming results. Infected rats are being found in large numbers and the Japanese colonies are so enraged at the authors of their troubles that they are torturing captured rats to death by crucifixion and other cruel methods. Among the victims of the pest was Dr. Yokota, who caught the pest while ministering in the infected districts. While he was dying the Mikado bestowed up-

## THE TRUSTS

### Mr. Yerkes Says They are Injuring American Trade Abroad.

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Strong north-westerly winds, fair and colder; Friday, westerly winds, fine cold weather.

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Kingston, Ont., Feb. 5.—Sergt. Armourer Worth, A Field Battery, has invented a unique gun sleigh, which will effect a great saving in the wear and tear of field guns in Canada is adopted. The sleigh will be brought to the notice of the Minister of Militia.

## PREMIER ANSWERED

### Strong Utterances by the Alliance and Methodist Secretaries.

### HON. G. W. ROSS'S LOGIC HELD TO COMMIT HIM TO THE ONTARIO LIQUOR ACT.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The Hon. G. W. Ross made this reference to the prohibition question in his address at the North York Liberal convention: "We have been successful had certain differences of opinion amongst the temperance people themselves not prevailed. The Act did not carry. The great bulk of temperance men trusted us and supported us, but some did not do the fair thing, and used their best efforts to defeat the government that was putting them in a position to get what they wanted. That is not the way to play the game. Had they succeeded in that, and defeated the government, where would they have been? They opposed us, yet did not move to help the temperance cause. If the temperance people do not want me they can vote me out of the government; that is their privilege. We are going as far as we can to enact such laws as we think best to further public temperance and morality. We are not going to be revolutionary on this or any other question. You may attempt so much as to destroy the temperance cause. All that has been done by the temperance cause has been done by the temperance party. We will try and get the happy medium with the same honesty and decision with which we risked our political lives at the last election with the Liquor Act, when the very men who should have helped us opposed us."

## THE HON. MR. FOSTER'S POLICY.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The Hon. Geo. E. Foster has issued an address to the electors of North Ontario in which he claims he has always advocated a distinctively Canadian policy calculated to develop and build up Canadian interests, promote Canadian unity, and inspire the people with a warm and healthy Canadian patriotism. He believes in the employment of Canadian labor and the investment of Canadian skill and enterprise and capital in our own country under conditions that will give them a reasonable advantage over all others in the present keen and world wide competition to which they are subject. He says, "Canada for the Canadians" in its highest and truest sense, is his motto and will be his watchword if elected to parliament.

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be entered with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) covering in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

MARRIED.

BLACK-WRIGHT.—On Feb. 2, 1903, in West Presbyterian Church, Toronto, by the Rev. N. L. Mackay, assisted by the Rev. J. Turnbull, Mr. William Black, of Mimico, to Margaret Edgar, daughter of the late Alexander Wright, of Toronto.

MACCALLUM—McDERMID.—On Jan. 22, 1903, by the Rev. P. F. Langille, at the residence of the bride's parents, Island, Martintown, J. James MacCallum, to Jennie McDermid, Martintown, Ont.

REAVIE-ROBERTSON.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Jan. 28, 1903, by the Rev. G. Williams, Neil Angus Reavie, of Bellville, Ont., to Alice Margaret, daughter of Robert Robertson, Georgetown, Que.

DIED.

BRADY.—On Wednesday, Feb. 4, 1903, at 73 Cadogan street, Edith Jane Martin, beloved wife of John Brady, aged 28 years. Funeral on Saturday, 7th inst., at 3 p.m.

CHISHOLM.—At Brockville, Ont., on Feb. 2, 1903, Catherine Macdonell Chisholm, in her 86th year.

DUNLOP.—In Kingston, Ont., on Feb. 2, 1903, Eliza J. Gaskin, beloved wife of William Dunlop.

FETZER.—At Garvanzer, Cal., on Jan. 7, 1903, Louise Leggo, wife of Daniel J. Fetzer, daughter of the late Christopher Leggo, of Brockville, and sister of Dr. John Leggo, of Ottawa.

HAMILTON.—At Quebec, on Feb. 3, 1903, at the residence of her niece (Mrs. A. J. Messervy) Eliza Hamilton, of the County Tyrone, Ireland, aged 55 years.

HAMILTON.—At Sherbrooke, on Jan. 29, 1903, Bertha Isabel Hamilton, aged 14 years, 5 months and 11 days, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Hamilton, Quebec street, Sherbrooke, Que.

MARRIOTT.—On Feb. 3, 1903, at 629 Ontario street, Toronto, Francis Marriott, in his 81st year.

WRIGHT.—On Jan. 16, 1903, at 'Moverons,' Brightlingsea, England, the Rev. Octavius Camillus Wright, late vicar of Brandeston, Suffolk, youngest son of the late William Wright, Esq., Attorney-General of the Province of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, aged 52.

These notices for the above columns may read with them a list of names of interested friends together with a convenient stamp for address, and marked copies of the 'Witness,' containing the notice, will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 6.

Advertisements.

TEES & CO., Undertakers and Embalmers, 300 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal.

Ask For HARRISON'S CHEAMPETS And INSIST on getting them.

An Admirable Food EPPS'S COCOA for maintaining Robust Health in Cold Climates.

LACHINE CANAL. Notices is hereby given that the Lachine Canal will be emptied on the 15th March, next, and that the water will not be readmitted until the 1st May, 1903.

Montreal Water Works. TENDERS FOR COAL. Sealed Tenders, addressed to the City Clerk, City Hall, Montreal, and endorsed 'Tender for Coal' will be received up to noon of FRIDAY, the 13th February, instant.

OLD NEWSPAPERS. Suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 14-15, packages at \$1 per 100 lbs.

EARLY CLOSING.—The Big Store closes at 1 o'clock Saturdays during the month of February.

ATTEND THE FOOD FAIR AT THE BIG STORE. Thousands of Samples Given Away To-morrow.

The exhibitors have made arrangements to give away thousands of samples to-morrow of the goods exhibited, and give practical demonstrations of how to prepare them.

Charming music during the afternoon. The piano used has been kindly supplied by Messrs. Willis & Co., of this city.

THE S. CARSLY CO Limited. Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

FEB. 5, 1903.

FRIDAY BARGAINS. TEN THOUSAND REMNANTS TO-MORROW

Stock-taking is finished, and it has brought to light an accumulation of ends of Linens, Silks, Prints, Dress Goods, Velvets, Flannels, etc., and odd lots of Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves, Corsets, Ladies' White Goods, Jackets, Skirts, etc., the number of lots is simply immense, and the prices at which they will be marked for Friday's Special Offerings are ridiculously low.

The management have issued orders that all remnants and odd lots must be turned out on special tables in each department, and marked in plain figures. Be early at The Big Store for this Great Remnant Sale.

Table with 2 columns: Ladies' Spring Skirts, Ladies' Hose. Includes prices like \$2.25 and 25c.

100 LADIES' FUR MUFFS. Worth \$1.10. Friday Special 69c

100 Ladies' Black Russian Hare Muffs, made of choice selected skins, lined with strong material, pretty ornaments at each end. Worth in the regular way \$1.10. Friday Special... 69c

Table with 2 columns: Grey Sheet, Loom Linens. Includes prices like 18c and 60c.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

Table with 2 columns: Vito Washing Powder, Baker's Cocoa, Dried Apples, etc. Includes prices like 25c and \$1.10.

The S. CARSLY CO., Limited. 1782 & 1784 NOTRE DAME ST. 124 & 124 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

NOTICE. The Harbor Commissioners of Montreal will receive applications until noon, 23rd February...

MADE FROM HANDKERCHIEFS. With sales of white goods hanging their most attractive bait, the wide-awake-gleamoman bears in mind the numerous and dainty possibilities of handkerchiefs.

TENDERS For Steam Coal and Stores. The Harbor Commissioners of Montreal invite Tenders for about 5,000 tons of Steam Coal...

The idea of a 'creed for clubwomen' comes from Mrs. Robert J. Burdette, first vice-president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs...

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN. A CLUBWOMAN'S CREED. The idea of a 'creed for clubwomen' comes from Mrs. Robert J. Burdette...

which hang over and finish the little bag. If a stiff bottom is desired for the bag...

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

DON'T MISS THE DISCOUNTS, 10 to 50 Percent, Good in All Depts. until the Store Closes Saturday!

SPECIAL PRICE-VALUES FOR FRIDAY!

SPECIALS ON FIRST FLOOR.

1,000 yards COLORED DRESS GOODS, Assorted Makes, Camel's-Hair, Cheviots, Fancy Plaids, etc.; all at HALF-PRICE.

GREAT STOCK-TAKING REMNANT SALE.

All Remnants GINGHAMS, HALF-PRICE. All Remnants Best ENGLISH PRINTS, HALF-PRICE. All Remnants FANCY MUSLINS, HALF-PRICE.

WOMEN IN INDIA. MISS KINNAIRD SPEAKS OF HER WORK.

The Hon. Emily Kinnaird addressed the Presbyterian Women's Missionary Society yesterday afternoon, on her work in India. It was almost impossible, she said, for us to realize their social conditions...

GAITERS AND LEGGINGS. GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

LADIES' FUR GAUNTLET MITTS, \$3.50, for \$1.19 pair. LADIES' FINE FRENCH SUEDER GLOVES, in Tan shades only, sizes 4 1/2 to 7, \$1.50 each, for 59c pair.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT. PEARS' SOAP.

Nothing but Soap, good Soap, PEARS' SOAP, 5c cake. 5c TABLE. OF FRILLING, WOOL LACE, CHEFFON, ETC., ETC.

REMNANTS OF FLANNELETTE EMBROIDERY. JEWELLERY, HALF PRICE.

50 Beautiful BROOCHES and EASH PINS, CAMBON ROYAL OPALS, HAND-PAINTED SASH PINS, etc., etc., bought for the Xmas trade, but arrived late, so our they go at HALF-PRICE, 50c for 25c, 75c for 35c \$2.00 for \$1.00.

SPECIAL SALE OF ENAMELWARE. Just Received, 5 Cases First Quality English Enamelware.

Deep Blue Enamel outside, Pure White inside. Come early as at the prices marked it won't last long. LIPPED SAUCEPANS, 7 sizes, Blue Enamel, White inside, prices are 10c, 12c, 15c, 17c, 20c, 25c, 40c.

JOHN MURPHY & CO., 2341 and 2343 St. Catherine St., Cor. Maitland St. Terms Cash. Telephone Up 2740.

ing in violet, lay inside the case a small sachet and a dainty receptacle is obtained. Care must be taken in selecting the handkerchief, because unless it is absolutely square, it will not give the desired result—that of a square envelope.—Rochester Democrat.

ONE'S HABIT OF THOUGHT.

Beware of what you think, for what you think, quite as much as what you do, moulds your character, says a writer in the 'Woman's Home Companion.' Wrong acts persisted in will wreck any life, but wrong thoughts have just as sure an effect. It not infrequently happens that people who live fairly good lives, so far as their actions go, do not feel it necessary to set so close a guard on their thoughts. These are hidden, and of what harm is it occasionally cherish a vulgar thought if one does not allow it to escape in action? Of what harm is it to hate if one does not show it? To imagine one's self committing wrong acts if one does not actually commit them? But the laws of life say that every thought affects the whole being. As a man's heart is, so will he be. Evil thoughts gradually undermine the character, and some day these thoughts will burst into action which is irremediable. Therefore, look to your thoughts; keep your mind swept and garnished; and more than that, make the furniture of it beautiful and true; for if bad thoughts persisted in ruin a character, so the best characteristics may be cultivated by keeping the mind constantly on good things. Very often one is called on to act in an emergency, and then one acts along the line of one's previous thought. No act is spontaneous; the seeds of it have been sown for a long time taking root in the brain. Of two men who have lived practically the same lives outwardly, and are suddenly called on to face a danger, one may play the coward and the other rise to heroic effort. The result is no matter of chance. Little by little the motor-tracts of the brain of one have been strengthened by wrong thinking; little by little the brain of the other has been strengthened because he thought bravely. When the strain comes, one unconsciously acts along the line of least resistance. It is then that the hidden thoughts tell. We should see to it that we think heroically, think purely, think charitably. Then in action we will find ourselves doing the brave thing; we will act cleanly and sanely; we will be kind and helpful.

WOMEN IN INDIA. MISS KINNAIRD SPEAKS OF HER WORK.

The Hon. Emily Kinnaird addressed the Presbyterian Women's Missionary Society yesterday afternoon, on her work in India. It was almost impossible, she said, for us to realize their social conditions, yet our superiority was due more to our Christianity than anything else. Unfortunately too often the saying was true that the Anglo-Indian left his Christianity behind him in the Red Sea. The missionaries were the chief educators of the Indian women, and the faculty of the meer that they only reached the less intelligent was proved by the appointment of two of their converts to government colleges, where proselytism was forbidden.

Progress might seem slow, but we could not expect more devotion than we exhibited at home, and we must remember how terrible it must be to be brought up with the ideals of heathendom. The Hindu sects are numerous, but they unite in two dogmas, the depravity of women and the sanctity of the cow. Superstition was everywhere, and when at Benares the government ventured, at the risk of riots, to put in a water system, the Hindus used the pure water for washing their horses and drank Ganges water themselves, all putrid with decaying flowers and rice.

Mrs. Dewey read the report of the home work committee, and Mrs. T. D. Anderson read a paper on 'Individual Responsibility.' The following officers were elected:—

President—Mrs. G. A. Grier. Acting vice-presidents—Mrs. R. Campbell and Mrs. J. A. McMaster, with the presidents of all the auxiliaries. Recording secretary—Mrs. W. Paul. Corresponding secretary—Mrs. R. A. Dunton.

Treasurer—Miss Macintosh. Executive board—Miss S. J. McMaster, Mrs. Nairn, Mrs. James Fairie, Mrs. Barrington, Mrs. Greig, Mrs. Brodie, Mrs. Morton, Mrs. Duclos, Mrs. Bruveau, Mrs. Amarion, Mrs. G. Hyde, Mrs. d'Albenas and the representatives from the auxiliaries.

Committee on French work—Mrs. D. Crawford, convener; Mrs. Jas. Robertson, Mrs. Morton. Committee on home work—Miss Harvie, convener; Mrs. Dewey, Miss Gill. Committee on foreign work—Miss Scott, convener; Mrs. Russell and Mrs. J. C. Thompson.

Committee on literature—Mrs. E. Scott and Miss Harvie.

SOLD AT A PROFIT. SEVERAL KINGSTON MEN BUY COAL OSTENSIBLY FOR THEIR OWN USE.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 5.—A curious incident happened in this city. A number of Hebrews clubbed together, and ordered six or seven tons of coal to be sent to their homes, paying \$7 per ton for the same. Altogether they secured forty tons, which they shipped to Toronto and sold there for \$12 per ton, laid down in Toronto. The coal cost them exactly \$9 per ton, thus making a profit of \$3 on each ton.

NORTH WEST CABINET. DR. ELLIOTT, M. P. FOR WOLSELEY, SUCCEEDS MR. A. L. SIFTON.

Regina, Feb. 4.—Dr. Elliott, M. P. for Wolseley, has been called to the North-West cabinet, taking Mr. Sifton's place. Dr. Elliott will be minister of agriculture, and Mr. Bulyea minister of public works. Dr. Elliott is a Conservative.

SEALED SATISFACTION IS

# 66 Tetley's TEAS

"From ANCIENT INDIA and SWEET CEYLON."

Over 200 Cups of AROMATIC BLISS in ONE POUND OF OUR 70c TEA.

Other Qualities Proportionately as Good.

AT YOUR GROCER'S.

**Turkish Rugs**

Call and see our exhibition of Genuine Hand-made EASTERN RUGS in all sizes and colors and of the highest grades.

We are now offering them at Special Reduction to Clear

**M. HICKS & CO., 1821 Notre Dame St.**

We carry the largest and best assorted stock in the Dominion of genuine Eastern Rugs, and will close them out at from 20 to 40 percent off the regular value.

## On a Rubber Basis.

Did it ever strike you that you live on a rubber basis for six months of the year, sometimes seven. That you ought to give as much care to the selection of your overshoes as of your overcoat. When you have made up your mind to do this, you will wear a pair of :

# Granby Overshoes

"Granby Rubbers"

Wear Like Iron."

One great advantage Quaker Tea has over all competitors is that it is packed on the Island of Ceylon itself at the growers' gardens, sealed into lead packages, which are airtight, and shipped direct to us in Canada. Absolute safety from any contamination whatever is thus assured.

Black or Green.

It's worth TRYING.

# QUAKER TEA

J. A. MATHEWSON & CO., MONTREAL. WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR CANADA.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Miss M. Britton, Gananoque, is visiting in the city.

Mr. W. S. Clouston was in Brockville on Tuesday.

Mrs. J. Hugh Peattie, Westmount, is giving a tea this afternoon.

Miss Marsh, London, Ont., is the guest of Mrs. R. B. Stevenson.

Mrs. A. Baumgarten is among the hostesses of this afternoon.

Miss Ethel MacNee, Kingston, is the guest of Mrs. Frank Caverhill.

Madame Lamothe, Ottawa, is the guest of her sister, Madame Desbarats.

Miss Muriel Maddison, Toronto, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. H. W. Coyle.

Miss Balfour is going to Kingston, where she will be the guest of Mrs. H. Calvin.

Mrs. Jean Bryson, Ottawa, is visiting Mrs. Farquhar Robertson, Ontario avenue.

Mr. J. H. Smart, Deputy Minister of the Interior, left Ottawa yesterday for England.

Mrs. R. E. Stevenson, Bishop street, is giving a large dance this evening for her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Achille Frechette and Miss Frechette, Ottawa, are visiting Dr. Louis Frechette.

Mrs. G. H. Harrower, 355 Mountain street, entertained at a very pleasant tea yesterday afternoon.

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Minto will be in Montreal on Saturday for the skating races.

Mrs. James Robinson is staying with Mrs. Lachlan McKellar, Toronto, for a few days before going out to California.

Lady Cartwright will be the hostess to-morrow afternoon in Ottawa at a tea in honor of her guest, Miss Alice McLimons.

Mme. Dandurand will read a paper on "French-Canadian characteristics" at a meeting of the Caledonia Society to-morrow evening.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Mathewson, Drummond street, who have been out of the city for a few days, are expected home on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Joseph sailed from New York for Europe yesterday. Their trip will include a cruise on the Mediterranean.

The Rev. J. A. Elliott and Mrs. Elliott, Toronto, are in the city, the guests of Mrs. Elliott's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Smardon, St. Matthew street.

The marriage of Mr. Ernest H. Cooper, secretary of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, Montreal, and Miss Irene A. Henderson, only daughter of Mr. J. S. Henderson, Kingston, took place yesterday. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Richardson, at the home of the bride's father. The drawing room was decorated with palms, cut flowers and smilax. The bride was gowned in white crepe de chine over

white taffeta, with millions of lace. Mr. John A. Gann, Montreal, was best man. After the wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Cooper left for the east. The bride's going-away gown was of hunter's green cloth, tailor-made, with which was worn a green velvet hat with crown of white panne velvet. Mrs. Cooper, Montreal, mother of the groom, was present at the wedding.

Mrs. Ernest Fairman, Prince Arthur street, entertained at a tea yesterday afternoon for her guest, Mrs. W. H. Williams, of Pembroke. The tea room was prettily decorated with red carnations, the lights also being shaded in red. Mrs. Wilson Fairman and Mrs. Allan MacDuff poured tea and coffee, and Mrs. MacCombe, Miss Williams, Miss Lou, Miss Dickson and Miss Freda Fairman assisted in looking after the refreshment of the guests. Mrs. Fairman received in a gown of cream crepe de chine with chiffon trimmings, and Mrs. Williams, who received with her, wore black moire, appliqued in black and white. Among those present were Mrs. E. Munson Hill, Mrs. F. Fairman, Mrs. W. I. Shaw, Miss Shaw, Mrs. George Lamb, Mrs. Clarkson, Mrs. R. A. Duncan, Mrs. J. A. Mathewson, Mrs. T. G. Williams, Mrs. James Cooper, Mrs. A. R. Grafton, Mrs. E. Woolley, Mrs. Ross.

The marriage of Miss Edith Caddy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. St. Vincent Caddy, of Ottawa, to Mr. Allan MacKlellon, of Parry Sound, took place in St. Alban's Church yesterday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Canon MacKlellon, Perth, father of the groom, assisted by the Ven. Archdeacon Bogert, rector of St. Alban's. The bride was given away by her father, and was attended by her sisters, the Misses Georgie and Alice Caddy, and her cousin, Miss Young. Mr. Harold S. MacKlellon was best man. Dr. McCarthy and Mr. Arthur A. Kemp acted as ushers. The bride was gowned in white silk, and wore a beautiful old veil, an heirloom in the family. Her bouquet was composed of azaleas. The bridesmaids wore cream crepe de chine gowns and shepherdess hats of white beaver with white plumes and touches of black velvet. Instead of bouquets they carried white chiffon muffs adorned with azaleas and maidenhair fern. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, where azaleas were also used in the decorations. The invited guests included Mr. and Mrs. Mathewson and Mr. and Mrs. C. Reifenstein, Montreal.


An interesting wedding took place at St. Andrew's manse, Three Rivers, at two o'clock yesterday afternoon. The contracting parties were Mr. Thomas Christie, M.P. for Argenteuil, son of the late Dr. T. Christie, of Lachute, and Miss May MacLeod, eldest daughter of Rev. J. R. MacLeod, of Three Rivers. The ceremony was performed by the father of the bride, assisted by the Rev. D. Tait, B.A., of Chalmers Church, Quebec. The bridesmaid was Miss Helen N. MacLeod, sister of the bride, and Mr. W. Macdonald, Montreal, was best man. The bride wore a gown of grey voile, with white embroidered chiffon, and carried a bouquet of roses. The gown in which she went away was of navy blue panne cloth, with which was worn a hat to match, and sable furs. Mr. and Mrs. Christie left by the C. P. R. for New York, Boston and Washington, and on their return they purpose taking up their residence in Ottawa during the approaching session of the Federal Parliament. The presents were very numerous and valuable, among them being gifts from the Three Rivers Christian Endeavor Society and from the Three Rivers W. C. T. U. The groom's gift to the bride was a diamond and pearl pendant, to the bridesmaid a pearl brooch, and to the groomsmen gold cuff links.

The entertainment to be given in the Art Gallery, on March 3, under the auspices of the Victorian Order of Nurses, will be under the patronage of their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Minto, the Hon. G. A. and Mrs. Drummond, Sir William and Lady Hingston, the Hon. J. R. and Madame Thibaudau, Sir William and Lady Van Horne, Sir Alexander and Lady Lacoste, Sir Thomas and Lady Shaughnessy, Sir Melbourne and Lady Tait, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Angus, Mr. and Mrs. James Ross, the Hon. L. J. and Madame Forget, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Allan, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Hosmer, the Rev. Meldola and Mrs. De Sola, Dr. Craik and Dr. Roddick.

**MR. MANN IN NOVA SCOTIA.**

Halifax, Feb. 5.—Mr. D. D. Mann, of the firm of MacKenzie & Mann, had a conference yesterday with the members of the Local Government with respect to South Shore Railway matters. Mr. Mann stated that a large force of men would be put to work in March, and that the railway would be rushed to completion. The route by which the railway enters the city has not yet been approved of by the government.

Advertisements.



Look at the Suds if they're thin, weak, watery.

then there's very little soap in your Washing Powder. That means little cleansing power or some raw chemical.

**PEARLINE** suds are thick, rich, strong. Compare for yourself and prove how needless it is to put soap with **PEARLINE**. It does more work than any soap or other safe washing powder.

**Pearline is known by its Suds**

**WOMEN VOTERS**

**City Council Passes Charter Committee's Clauses.**

**WOMEN TENANTS, AS WELL AS PROPRIETORS, WILL HAVE THE RIGHT TO VOTE.**

The City Council spent most of the time of yesterday's sitting discussing the question of the charter amendments. Among the principal clauses passed were those regarding women's suffrage. The clauses as reported from the charter committee read as follows:

Sub-section (1) of art. 43 is replaced by the following:

(1) Every male person and every widow or spinster (or woman separated as to bed and board) whose names are inscribed on the assessment and valuation roll in force as a bona fide owner or occupant of immovable property, in the city, of the assessed value, according to said roll, of \$300 or upwards, or of an annual assessed value of \$30 or upwards. In cases where such property is held in usufruct, the name of the usufructuary shall also be inscribed on the voters' list.

Sub-section (2) of Art. 43 is amended by adding thereto the following words: (But husbands judicially separated as to bed and board from their wives shall not be entitled to be inscribed on the voters' list, in respect of property belonging to their said wives.)

Ald. Martineau moved that the clause be amended so that women tenants would not be allowed to vote. It was fair enough to allow widows and spinsters who were proprietors to vote, but to extend the right to tenants was useless and liable to cause abuses. Under the old law only five percent of the women voters cast their votes, the rest being personated by some of the most depraved types of humanity in the community. It was nothing but a public scandal.

Ald. L. A. Lapointe argued that the evil would rectify itself in time.

Ald. Martineau's amendment was voted down on the following division:

For—Aldermen Couture, Ouhmet, Martineau, Lesperance, Giroux and Hebert—4.

Against—Aldermen Laporte, Vallieres, Robertson, Clearihue, Ames, Lavallee, Turner, Sadler, Gallery, Wilson, Bumbrey, Lamarche, L. A. Lapointe, Ricard, Carter, Nelson, N. Lapointe, Walsh, Sauvageau, Stearns, Lemay and Dagenais—12.

Ald. Lavallee moved that the clauses be amended so that women separated from their husbands as to bed and board should not have the right to vote. The clause as it stood was a premium on irregularity, decidedly immoral in its tendency and unjust to women living at home regularly and decently with their husbands.

Ald. Laporte spoke in favor of the woman who supported the family, while the husband was a drunkard and did the voting. He moved in amendment to the amendment that the clauses stand as printed, with the exception that the word "legally" be inserted before the word "separated."

This sub-amendment was carried, and the clauses adopted (as amended) on the following division:

For—Aldermen Laporte, Robertson, Clearihue, Ames, Turner, Sadler, Wilson, Lesperance, Bumbrey, L. A. Lapointe, Ricard, Carter, Nelson, N. Lapointe, Walsh, Sauvageau, Stearns and Lemay—13.

Against—Aldermen Vallieres, Lavallee, Couture, Martineau, Gallery, Lamarche, Giroux, Hebert and Dagenais—9.

Ald. Martineau proposed an amendment restricting the powers of the Finance Committee.

Replying, Ald. Laporte explained the intention of the legislation was to combine a sort of board of control with the Finance Committee. Three-fourths of the council was now required to reverse a decision of the committee, and he was in favor of reducing it to two-thirds of the council, as had been reported.

Ald. Martineau's motion was to make the business of the committee defined absolutely, and that its decision could be reversed by a simple majority of the council.

The amendment was finally voted down, only six members being in the affirmative.

When some technical clauses dealing with the municipal elections were being discussed Mayor Cochrane said he was in favor of holding the elections on any other day than Saturday, as was the case last year. The reason was that over 4,000 Jews, through their religious belief, had been disfranchised. In St. Lawrence Ward alone 1,000 men had not voted for the reason given.

As there was no special need of holding the elections on Saturday, and as it would confer a favor on a class of the community, he thought the law should be amended that polling day would not fall on the Jewish Sabbath.

The proposal will be discussed at a subsequent meeting of the charter committee.

## Colonial House PHILLIPS SQUARE.

### GREAT ANNUAL DISCOUNT SALE.

All Discounts Good Till Wednesday, 11th inst.

## PICTURE SPECIAL TO-MORROW and SATURDAY

We offer all our OIL and WATER COLOR PICTURES, hung in the Main Gallery, and all FRAMED ENGRAVINGS, ETCHINGS and FAC-SIMILES

### AT HALF PRICE.

The returns from this department have been most satisfactory during the past year, and we are desirous of showing our appreciation of the encouragement that has been given us in this interesting and important branch of our business.

N.B.—We expect a considerable shipment of important works by prominent European artists early in the spring season.

### REMNANTS.

ALL REMNANTS OF COLORED DRESS GOODS, Muslins, Challies, Prints, Gingham, Cretonnes and Satens, HALF-PRICE.

### CHALLIES.

Choice Lot of Best FRENCH CHALLIES, 33 1-3 Percent.

### DRESS GOODS.

Tables containing Choice Lots of DRESS GOODS at 33 1-3 Percent to 50 Percent Discount.

### DRESS MUSLINS.

One Line ORGANDIES, 46c yard, for 15c yard.  
One Line DIMITIES, 2c for 12c.  
One Line FANCY MUSLINS, for 10c per yard.  
Three only FANCY EMBROIDERED BLOUSE WAIST PATTERNS (a French Novelty).

### LINENS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS—SPECIAL.

TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, DOYLIES, at 20 Percent, 33 1-3 Percent and 50 Percent.  
FRENCH SATIN FLANNELS for Blouses, Wrappers, Kimonas, 50 Percent.  
FRENCH OPERA FLANNELS, 30 Percent and 33 1-3 Percent.  
A few Broken Lines in BLANKETS to clear at 25 Percent.

### MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

50 Percent OFF THE FOLLOWING:

All Odd Lines in MEN'S UNDERWEAR, consisting of Light Nat. Wools, English Merinos in spring weights.  
FANCY BALBRIGGANS, Summer Weights.  
Also a few lines of very high grades in GENUINE SCOTCH LAMB'S WOOL.

MEN'S COLORED SHIRTS in French and English Cambrics, also English Oxford and Zephyrs in soft and starched fronts.  
Special Tables in MEN'S NECKWEAR, first-class Goods only.  
Regular 10c and 25c Tables of MEN'S NECKWEAR have been replaced with fresh goods.  
MEN'S UNLINED SPRING GLOVES in Assorted Tans, at 75c; regular prices \$1.00, \$1.15 and \$1.25.

### BOYS' CLOTHING.

Balance of BOYS' SAILOR SUITS, Odd Lines, sizes 22 to 32; prices \$5.00, \$5.50, \$7.00 and \$7.50, for \$2.50.  
BOYS' LINEN SAILOR RUSSIAN and DOUBLE-BREADED SUITS, at 50 Percent.  
BOYS' 3-PIECE SUITS, sizes 22 to 32; prices \$9.00 and \$10.50, 50 Percent.

### SPECIAL.

MEN'S S. B. SUITS, Best Scotch and West of England Tweed, sizes 36 to 40; prices \$12.00 to \$22.00, at 33 1-3 Percent Discount.  
RAINPROOF, all sizes, 33 1-3 Percent Discount.

### MEN'S SHOES.

All Broken Lines will be sold at a big sacrifice for the balance of the Sale.  
MEN'S ENAMEL LACED AND BUTTON BOOTS, Leather Lined, Heavy Soles; regular \$5.00, for \$3.00.  
MEN'S FRENCH PATENT CALF LACED AND BUTTON BOOTS; regular \$5.00 and \$5.75, for \$3.00.  
MEN'S TAN WILLOW AND VELOUR CALF LACED BOOTS; regular \$5.00, for \$3.00.  
MEN'S FRENCH PATENT CALF CONGRESS, Turn Soles and Serge Tops; regular \$5.00, for \$2.50.  
MEN'S BOX CALF LACED BOOTS, Goodyear Welt, Heavy Soles; regular \$2.50, for \$2.50.  
MEN'S FRENCH PATENT CALF AND VICI KID OXFORDS, Turn Soles; regular \$1.75 and \$3.50, for \$1.75.  
15 Percent to 25 Percent off all regular lines.  
20 Percent off all BOYS' BOOTS, SHOES and SLIPPERS.

### HARDWARE.

50 Percent off Tables of Powdered Wax for Dancing Floors, Carpet Renovator, Puritan Cleaner, Silver and Furniture Polishes, Nickeloid, Copper, Tea and Coffee Pots, Kitchen Cutlery, Scouring Soap, and Strongest Lye, Small Wringers, Knife Steels, Enamelled Pudding Dishes, and 3 Brass Coffee Machines.  
BARGAINS ON 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c and 50c Tables.  
20 Percent off REFRIGERATORS and OIL STOVES.

### CHINA.

Balance of DAMAGED DINNER SETS, HALF-PRICE. Complete Sets at Special Reductions.  
25 Percent and 33 1-3 Percent off entire stock of CHAMBER SETS.  
Special Tables at \$3.25 for 10 piece TOILET SETS; original prices, \$5.00 and \$6.00.  
Special Tables of 10c, 25c and 50c on Gallery.  
4 Special Tables of FANCY PLATES, CUPS and SAUCERS, VASES of all descriptions, CANDELABRAS, DISHES, Etc., Etc.  
One Special Table of 75c, with Odds and Ends, to clear.

### MEN'S HAT DEPT.

SPECIAL FOR \$1.00. One Table of the following lines:—  
BLACK FELT HATS, SOFT. BLACK FELT HATS, HARD.  
DARK GREY STITCHED HATS.  
TWEED HATS.  
BOYS' STITCHED HATS. TO BE CLEARED AT \$1.  
One Lot of CAPS, regular prices 50c to \$1.00, for 25c.  
One Lot MEN'S UMBRELLAS, only a few left, all Best English manufacture, at 50 Percent.

### CURTAINS.

TAPESTRY WINDOW CURTAINS and FORTIERES at discounts of 10 Percent, 20 Percent, 33 1-3 Percent and 50 Percent.  
Large Assortment of Swiss, Nottingham and Rembrandt LACE CURTAINS at discounts of 25 Percent and 33 1-3 Percent.  
Balance of our SNOW FLAKE CURTAINS at 50 Percent Discount.  
CUSHION TOPS at 50 Percent Discount.

### GOLF GOODS.

For balance of our Sale we will sell any SPALDING GOLF CLUB in our stock at \$1.25.  
GOLF BAGS, 50 Percent Discount.  
GOLF BALLS, 10 Percent Discount.  
SHERMAN SKIRT FORMS, \$2.50, to clear at \$1.50.

### SILK DEPT.

Balance of SILK FOULARDS, STRIPE PEAU DE SOIE and CHEUK TAFFETAS, at 50 Percent.  
ALL-SILK REMNANTS, VELVET and VELVETEEN REMNANTS, 50 Percent.

5 p.c. for Cash in Addition to All Other Discounts or Reductions

SALE TERMINATES WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst.

## HENRY MORGAN & CO, Montreal.

Weekly Calendar.



INDOOR SKATING RACES Victoria Rink, TO-NIGHT.

TO-NIGHT—GALA NIGHT GIVEN BY THE MONTAGNARD POINT ST. CHARLES A.A.A. As a Reception to the... All P.A.A.A. Passes Honored. Non-members: Special Admission 10-15 cents.



SPEED SKATING CHAMPIONSHIPS OF CANADA AND UNITED STATES Under the Auspices of the AMATEUR SKATING ASSOCIATION OF CANADA AND THE NATIONAL SKATING ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

Will be held on the M. A. A. A. OPEN AIR RINK Under the Distinguished Patronage of Their Excellencies, THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND LADY MINTO, SATURDAY, 7th FEB'Y, at 3 P. M., Sharp.

ARENA HOCKEY Saturday, Feb. 7th, 1903. OTTAWA vs. VICTORIA Usual prices. Seats on sale at 'Star' Branch Office. Phone Up. 1348. Skating Friday Night—BAND.

COCHRANE'S AUDITORIUM, PRINCE ARTHUR SKATING RINK. Open from 9 a.m. until 10.30 p.m. BAND EVERY NIGHT. Admission, 10 and 15c. LARGEST SHEET OF ICE IN THE CITY.

Windsor Hall, MONDAY, Feb. 9. 2nd GRAND by MME. ALBANI CONCERT Sale of Seats opens at Shaw's Music Store, SATURDAY, Jan. 31.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5. THE MONTREAL BRANCH OF THE LORD'S DAY ALLIANCE OF CANADA Will hold its Annual Meeting in the Lecture Hall of Emmanuel Church, St. Catherine street, on THURSDAY, Feb. 5th, 1903, at 8 o'clock p.m.

Art Association, PHILLIPS SQUARE Galleries Open Daily 9 a.m. to Dusk. ADMISSION 25c. Reading Room Open to Members Till 6 p.m.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6. Caledonian Society. The fifth of the Series of Lectures, held under the auspices of this Society, will be delivered in St. Andrew's Home, on FRIDAY EVENING, 6th inst., by Madame Raoul Dandurand. Subject: "SCOTTISH CHARACTERISTICS."

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7. M. A. A. A. NOTICE TO MEMBERS. Members are hereby notified that the Grounds and Club House at Westmount, have been rented to the Amateur Skating Association of Canada, for SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 7th Feb'y., and all Membership Passes are suspended for that date.

PASTOR INVITED TO REMAIN. At a largely attended meeting of the quarterly official board of Sherbrooke Street Methodist Church on Monday night a practically unanimous invitation was given to the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Williams, to remain for another year.

trade and shipping interests it would seem to have as clear an obligation to contribute something to the navy as the Australasian colonies. English newspapers that have drawn conclusions unfavorable to Canada from the return, have certainly good ground for their strictures. The battleship presented by Cape Colony to the Imperial Government is not included in the return. If it had been, it would have added considerably to the amount contributed. Should the sum which this country should pay for naval protection be based on that granted by Cape Colony, according to population, trade and shipping, our contribution would be at least two battleships and a million dollars a year.

In spite of the fact that travellers on British railways are practically immune from accidents, the British railway officials are seeking for further safeguards. Recently a deputation representing all the principal lines of the United Kingdom visited France to inspect an installation of automatic signalling on the Paris, Lyons, and Mediterranean lines. According to an authority, this indicates the likelihood of the adoption of the French method of traffic-working by the companies generally, so far as it is applicable to British conditions. The London and South Western line, we are told, has been the pioneer of the automatic system in England, having a short section of its main line so equipped near Andover, while a further installation is now being put in between Woking and Basingstoke. The North-Eastern and Great Central also have experimental installations in hand. Nevertheless, because the French could show the most extensive and complete example of the system, the English railway officials undertook their long journey. Here is a case, and one of inestimable importance, where 'effete Europe' is far ahead of us, both in what it has already accomplished and what it contemplates doing. It is high time that parliament passed legislation compelling our railway companies to adopt the life-saving systems that European companies are adopting voluntarily. It is time that our murderous carelessness was penalized.

According to the report of Adjutant-General Corbin, just laid before Congress, there are 10,883,398 men in the United States of the requisite size and physically fit to bear arms. These figures do not include the regular army, nor the organized militia of the several states. The militia available for service numbers 118,259 men. The proportion of men fit for army active service is about the same to population as it is in Europe, but while the nations of Europe have less population than the United States they maintain standing armies five and six times as great. This fact, strongly emphasizes the economical difference between those nations and the North American republic, and clearly reveals their inability to contend successfully with it for industrial supremacy. In France and Germany there is a popular saying, not far from the truth, that every industrial worker carries a soldier on his back; in the United States this burden is reduced to a fraction so small that it is not felt. It is obvious that European peoples thus handicapped must fall short in competitiveness in competition with their great American rival and enjoy a smaller share of the proceeds of their labor. As time advances this difference must become more strongly accentuated, as has been shown in recent years. The only plan the nations, which will not or cannot reduce their military armaments, appear able to devise to meet the situation is to increase their tariffs against American products. This is what Germany and Austria-Hungary have been doing. It seems very much like relieving the poor wage-earner by putting a second man on his back. The relation of food prices to success in manufacturing is a ruling factor in the economy of production which the British thoroughly understand. A like knowledge will be forced upon the nations of Continental Europe before long, unless their people are content to sink into a condition analogous to that of the masses in China, walled in from the rest of the world and condemned to toil for bare subsistence.

A TRADE-UNION ARMY. A bizarre light is shed upon the opera bouffe proceedings in Morocco by a Reuter's special from Tangier, where three British non-commissioned officers ('Sergeants What's 'is Name') recently arrived from Fez. These officers were attached for some time to the Sultan's army as instructors, and what they remark about it is more or less unconscious irony and ludicrous. 'One of the instructors said he doubted if the troops would ever make efficient gunners. He attempted to give instructions in gun drill to some of them, but when firing practice was begun and the Moors felt the kick of the lever and recoil of the gun, they simply turned their backs on the sultan's instructor. Any attempt to enforce obedience means wholesale desertion to the enemy of the fellow tribesmen of the man punished. Ammunition is stored in several houses in Fez, but as no proper guard is kept over it, the contents of the boxes are frequently stolen and sold to the enemy, stones being put in their place. The side which makes most noise wins the fight, and hence the advantage of numbers, who shout and blaze away until the enemy retires. On the march, the soldiers straggle as seems good to them, and tribal brawls are the rule. When the instructors left, the Sultan had about twenty-five thousand men in Fez, but of these only his body-guard of two thousand was armed with Martini's, the others being supplied either with the Talihanner rifle, which invariably jams after the first round, or with old flintlock 'gas-pipe' guns. Bu Hamara, the pretender, must, however, be given the honor of having invented the eight-hour soldier. The 'non-coms' assert that his forces are divided into eight-hour 'shifts,' or 'gangs.' The first line keeps up a constant sniping or worrying fire during eight hours, when it is relieved by the second line, which has been eating and reposing in the meantime, while the third line, which has been sleeping, replaces the second, bringing supplies along with it. The first, after a snatch of food, retires to the sleeping line. The despatch rather un-

THE EASTERN QUESTION AGAIN. Once more the clouds are piled up high and sullenly dark on the Balkan horizon. The 'Times' of yesterday asserts that 'every European chancellerie is aware that there is most imminent danger of a revolt in Macedonia on a totally different scale from the usual 'spring disturbances and an opening up of questions that may lead to a struggle, the limits and issues of which a wise man will not pretend to forecast.' On the one side the peasantry have been harried by the insurgents and on the other by the Turkish gendarmerie, until the whole country is more than usually a seething mass of disorder and ready for revolt. During the winter there has been a comparatively quiet time. The revolutionary bands have been driven into the mountains or across the Bul-

garian frontier by stress of weather, but even now the Macedonian revolutionary committee is said to be preparing for a general rising within the next few weeks, and, then—anything may happen! A few weeks ago Count Lamsdorff, representing Russia, journeyed to Belgrade, Sofia and Vienna, and as a consequence it is said that Russia and Austria-Hungary found themselves in accord as to the policy they should pursue to prevent complications. This policy aimed at providing for effective control of the 'axes,' for a gendarmerie with officers drawn from neutral European states, and for the appointment of a high administrative official unhampered by the paralyzing influence of the Yildiz—as the palace of the Sultan is called.

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This question of the form which any project should take for the reforming of Turkish misrule has, however, engaged the serious attention of the powers off and on since the time there was an 'Eastern question,' and long before the Berlin Conference. In this connection an Oriental diplomatist has recently remarked that since the Crimean war the powers have appeared only to interest themselves in the condition of the Christians instead of the whole population concerned. This has had the effect, says the Oriental, of furnishing a ready weapon to 'Muslim fanaticism, although the 'mistake' of 'diverting attention exclusively to the Christian elements has been natural, perhaps inevitable.' The Sultan himself has recently formulated 'a series of the most speciously elaborate reforms' for use in Macedonia, but this is only another attempt to delay action, which decides nobody. The same Oriental authority before quoted also remarks that the disorganization of Turkish finance, with its corollaries of a half-fed army and unpaid officials, constitutes a bar as nearly insuperable as anything can be to the effective carrying out of improved administrative methods. Radical reforms are therefore necessary at the heart of the Turkish Empire before much is to be hoped for the outlying members. At present the Macedonian peasant not only has to bear a crushing burden of legal taxation, but he is also exposed to constant extortion on the part of dishonest officials. The British people have always had abounding sympathy for the oppressed Balkan people, some of which has not, perhaps, been quite discreet, and the British Government in the present crisis is doubtless supporting the Austro-Russian demands for reforms, while at the same time desisting of maintaining peace. A war in which Turkey should be on the one side, and Russia, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, Roumania, Macedonia, and all the near east of Europe perhaps, on the other, might easily upset the world, especially if the Mohammedans of the world took it as a challenge and rose to arms to support the defender of the faith. At the end of such a war Russia might be found to have realized her long-desired ambition and be found 'thrown in Constantinople.'

It is only necessary to point out the main features of the situation in order to demonstrate the imminence of the peril. The Sultan's atrocious misgovernment of Macedonia, despite all warnings and protests, has at last aroused both the Christian and Ottoman populations to revolt. The Bulgarian Government has given formal assurances that it will do everything in its power to avoid interference in the coming quarrel. It is quite beyond its power as all concerned (know) to prevent Bulgarian people from crossing the frontier and making common cause with the Macedonian revolutionists. Serbia also professes its intention to stand aloof, but there also is no government strong enough to keep the country long out of the field after the fighting begins. It will naturally be inquired how it happens that the European concert, which especially champions the rights of the Macedonian Christians, has allowed the crisis to reach a point of such danger that now it is probably too late to avoid an outbreak of the much-dreaded conflagration. It would have been much better, as the 'Times' observes, if Europe had taken the whole population under its protection, instead of only the Christians, inasmuch as the Ottomans are suffering equally from the atrocious misrule of the corrupt governing class.

It would be unfair perhaps to question the sincerity of the efforts which Russia and Austria, as the powers chiefly concerned, are now making to avoid the crisis. None know better than the authorities of these powers how futile at this late day must be the measures on which they have agreed. It has been decided to press upon the Sultan certain reforms, the principal being the appointment of a Christian governor of Macedonia, with practically full powers. This concession, if it could be offered to Macedonia as an accomplished fact, even at this late day, might avert a revolution. The concert of Europe, as has been many times demonstrated with appalling consequences, is a useless machine for any emergency requiring prompt action. Moreover, Abdul Hamid has successfully resisted its efforts more than once, even when it was unanimous in earnest. It is almost hopeless to attempt to wring adequate concessions from him, now in time to induce the Macedonians to abandon their revolutionary programme. It is clear that he is fully understood by the powers proposing these reforms, as Russia and Austria have already begun massing troops on the frontier for a campaign, which they consider inevitable early in the spring.

RUSSIA'S GAME. The only object, apparently, of the recent announcement of the scheme of reforms by Count Lamsdorff, the Russian foreign minister, is to throw the blame for war upon Turkey. This is rather a flimsy way to evade responsibility. There has been ample warning of the present crisis. Why were not the proposed reforms forced upon the Sultan's acceptance months ago, when they would have served to avert the now almost inevitable revolution? Russia will certainly be accused in the present situation of permitting the long-dreaded crisis in the near east to arise in revenge for the temporary check to her Asiatic ambitions by the Anglo-Japanese alliances. There is no doubt that the Czar will endeavor to divide the spoils of war with Austria. Russian troops are now massing along the Roumanian frontier. Austria is pouring troops into Bosnia, ready to advance at a day's notice, through the Sandjak of Novi Bazar. The Sultan himself is by no means idle. He is preparing to put down in his usual savage fashion any rebellion in his dominions. There is no doubt of the result, however. If while struggling with the revolting provinces Abdul Hamid is confronted by the troops of Russia and Austria, the Turk will at last be driven out of Europe. But what would be the effect of a Russian seizure of Constanti-

nople? A few years ago it would have been the signal for a general European war. This is less probable to-day. But to again quote the 'Times,' a wise man will not pretend to forecast the limits and issues of the questions which would be opened up. Great Britain might now content herself with full sovereignty in Egypt and the Nile valley. All the powers would strenuously oppose her further aggrandizement, but what about the demands of Germany and France would certainly make for a share in the Turk's spoliation?

MACEDONIA. It is Believed the Threatened Revolt will be no Cry of 'Wolf!' This Time

THE OUTCOME MAY BE THE ANNIHILATION OF THE TURK.

London, Feb. 5.—The probability of the maintenance of peace in Europe beyond the next few weeks is less than the probability of war. This grave conclusion is the deliberate judgment of statesmen and private observers alike who are acquainted with the latest developments in the crisis in the near east. There have been perennial war scares over the Balkan question for many years until diplomats as well as the world at large have come to regard the cries of wolf with indifference. It is impossible to belittle the alarming nature of the present situation. The 'Times' to-day does not exaggerate when it says: 'Every European chancellerie is aware that there is most imminent danger of a revolt in Macedonia on a totally different scale from the usual spring disturbances, and an opening up of questions that may lead to a struggle the limits and issues of which a wise man will not pretend to forecast.'

The preparations of the Macedonian revolutionary committee for a general rising in the spring are so extensive that it is impossible to keep them secret, and it is impossible to offset them except by a large army and campaign arrangements. It is only necessary to point out the main features of the situation in order to demonstrate the imminence of the peril. The Sultan's atrocious misgovernment of Macedonia, despite all warnings and protests, has at last aroused both the Christian and Ottoman populations to revolt. The Bulgarian Government has given formal assurances that it will do everything in its power to avoid interference in the coming quarrel. It is quite beyond its power as all concerned (know) to prevent Bulgarian people from crossing the frontier and making common cause with the Macedonian revolutionists. Serbia also professes its intention to stand aloof, but there also is no government strong enough to keep the country long out of the field after the fighting begins.

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ACTION OF TURKEY.

Constantinople, Feb. 4.—Turkey has obtained an advance of £70,000 Turkish on the tobacco regime receipts. The money will be devoted to paying the contractors for the army in Macedonia. The contents of the French yellow book on affairs in Macedonia have pessimistically affected the Turkish officials. The Turkish ambassador in Paris has been summoned home to make an explanation.

FEELING IN LONDON.

New York, Feb. 5.—While the Venezuela affair still has precedence as the leading foreign question, says the London correspondent of the 'Tribune,' there is a general feeling in Fleet street that it will speedily be overshadowed by the Macedonian question. A formidable insurrection against the Turks is expected in the early spring by nearly all writers who are following the course of events in the Balkans. Predictions of a similar nature have been made many times after year, but never with equal confidence since the preliminary stages of the last war between Russia and the Porte. The Turkish Government clearly expects trouble, and the Russian and Austrian Governments also dread a movement from Bulgaria, which they cannot control, since they cannot agree upon a joint policy.

THE LATE MRS. TASCHEREAU FUNERAL ATTENDED BY AN IMMENSE CORTEGE.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Taschereau, wife of the Hon. Judge Henri Taschereau, which took place this morning, was attended by a very large number of citizens of all classes. The pallbearers were Acting Chief Justice Sir Melbourne Tait and Hon. Judges Mathieu, Loranger, Doherty, Lavergne and Robitoux. The chief mourners were the deceased lady's husband, Mr. Justice Taschereau; her son-in-law, Dr. de Lobiene Harwood; her stepson, Mr. Robert Taschereau; her brothers, Messrs. Leon and Eugene Globensky; her brother-in-law, Mr. A. Garneau, Messrs. Jos. Pope, Under Secretary of State; Lieut.-Col. Vidal, L. U. Lyon, A. Chauvin, sr., L. A. Chauvin, ex-M.P., Henry Harwood, M.P., Alex. Taschereau, Antoine Taschereau, E. Taschereau, Dr. P. Coats, J. P. B. Casgrain, F. D. Monk, M.P., the Hon. L. O. Taillon, the Hon. D. J. Forget, the Hon. Senator Landry, A. Turcotte, prothonotary; E. Lalonde, Ald. Laporte, J. Fortier, prothonotary of the district of Terrebonne; Dominique Leduc, Leon Derome, P. Brodeur, C. Vallee, F. L. Desaulniers, L. E. Beauchamp, E. F. Survever, Lieut.-Col. Hughes, J. A. Lamarche, D. Derome, Ald. Ames, J. Brunet, M.P., S. Lachance, J. Simard, L. O. Hetu, Hon. F. L. Beique, F. X. St. Charles, Hon. L. Goulet, A. Giesler, J. L. Archambault, Dr. E. Valois, G. E. Dorion, Hon. Sheriff Thibault, Dr. L. Fréchette, L. F. Burroughs, Ald. Desève, J. H. David, W. Mercier, Dr. Leblanc, A. Rambeault, J. O. Prendergast, H. Pelletier, E. Mathieu, E. H. Godin, L. Villeneuve, S. Globensky, A. Charlebois, R. L. de Martigny, D. Macmaster, J. A. Robitaille.

All the officials of the Court House were also present in a body. Lieutenant-Governor Sir L. Jetté, Chief Justice Sir Alexandre Laclotte and Judges Bossé and Blanchette were prevented from coming up from Quebec on account of the delay in the trains. The funeral service was held in St. James Church, which was draped in colors of deep mourning. The casket was received at the door of the church by the Rev. Father Pichon, S.J., and the Rev. Curé Chériar officiated at the requiem mass, assisted by the Rev. Abbés S. Tranchemont, and P. Provost.

Among those present in the sanctuary were Archbishop Bruchési, who officiated at the Libera; Mr. Archambault, the local clergy, Jesuits, Sulpicians, Dominicans, Redemptorists and several priests of the secular clergy. The numerous charitable institutions with whose work Mrs. Taschereau was intimately connected, were also represented by numerous delegates. After the service the remains were conveyed to the Cote des Neiges cemetery.

The floral offerings were rich and numerous and came from members of the family, personal friends, the judges of the Superior Court, the Bar of Montreal, the Bar of Terrebonne, the Hon. Mr. Prefontaine, etc.

FOURTEEN CHINESE PRINCES.

Vancouver, B.C., Feb. 5.—The Empress Dowager has notified Prince Ching to arrange for fourteen princes of the Royal house to travel in the United States and Canada.

Pe-ru-na Especializing The Old His Lo Mr. Isaac Texas, has years. He runs and spins. Mrs. After a found out a perience. 'One of the 'RELY PE-RU-NA ALL CATAR DISEASE changeable During my great many catarrh and suppressed the diseases. I years I have books and thing in partions are there properly call 'As for I have not the only affections. for many my good old age to It exactly I have some tired for which I need be especially though I have for the you Major Fr Hannibal, M. 'I am pro respondent, watched the runs plant fine the log cabin success up t in Columbus merit brings 'Up to a to test its when my sy relieved me. Some two pounds, but pounds, and subject to st loss of appet and a foreb system out months I g rejuvenated thankful the old I feel I Frank O. In old age come thicker function. This leads small and turbances. Peruna cor PREP THE GOVI ANALYST HIGH- Ottawa, Fe of the vari on the m analyst, h claims as a porridge a v place, for on form of rolle The assist says; 'The were not col of any suspi someness or believed to them to be foods. In prices at wh extravagant manufacur nutrient po widespread to what the of all the v really posses 'The use cornmeal, etc. gorned, etc. cef so-called of very recen claim to be and in view ability of unc of high imp should know there is in quires as a nitrogen, di material, pr Cons Headc gesticn, Hood Sold by

Advertisements.

# A VENERABLE PASTOR CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

### Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

#### The Oldest Man in America Attributes His Long Life and Good Health to Pe-ru-na.

Mr. Isaac Brook, of McLennan county, Texas, has attained the great age of 114 years. He is an ardent friend of Pe-ru-na and speaks of it in the following terms. Mr. Brook says:

"After a man has lived in the world as long as I have he ought to have found out a great many things by experience. I think I have done so."

"One of the things I have found out to my entire satisfaction is the proper remedy for ailments due directly to the effects of the climate."

"For 114 years I have withstood the changeable climate of the United States. During my long life I have known a great many remedies for coughs, colds, catarrh and diarrhoea. I had always supposed these affections to be different diseases. For the last ten or fifteen years I have been reading Dr. Hartman's books and have learned from them one thing in particular: That these affections are the same and that they are properly called catarrh."

"As for Dr. Hartman's remedy, Pe-ru-na, I have found it to be the best, if not the only reliable remedy for these affections. It has been my stand-by for many years and I attribute my good health and my extreme old age to this remedy."

"It exactly meets all my requirements. I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine. I believe it to be especially valuable to old people, although I have no doubt it is just as good for the young."—Isaac Brook.

#### A New Man at 79.

Major Frank O'Mahoney, West Side, Hannibal, Mo., writes:

"I am professionally a newspaper correspondent, now 79 years old. I have watched the growing power of the Pe-ru-na plant from its incipency in the little log cabin, through its gradations of success up to its present establishment in Columbus, Ohio, and I conclude that merit brings its full reward."

"Up to a few years ago I felt no need to test its medicinal potency, but lately when my system needed it, your Pe-ru-na relieved me of many catarrhal troubles. Some two years ago I weighed 210 pounds, but fell away down to 168 pounds, and besides losing flesh, I was subject to stomach troubles, indigestion, loss of appetite, insomnia, night sweats, and a foreboding of getting my entire system out of order. During some months I gave Pe-ru-na a fair trial, and it rejuvenated my whole system. I feel thankful, therefore, for although 79 years old I feel like a young man."—Major Frank O'Mahoney.

"In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose their function. This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances. Pe-ru-na corrects all this by its specific

operation on all the mucous membranes of the body.

One bottle will convince anyone. Once used and Pe-ru-na becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.

Mr. Samuel Saunders, of Blytheville, Mo., writes:—"My disease was catarrh of the urethra and bladder. I got a bottle of Pe-ru-na and began taking it, and in a few days I was relieved and could sleep and rest all night. I think that Pe-ru-na is a valuable remedy. I had tried other very highly recommended medicines, but they did me no good. My physician told me that I could not expect to be cured of my trouble, as I was getting to be an old man (57 years). I feel very thankful for what Pe-ru-na has done for me."

In a later letter Mr. Saunders says:—"I am still of the same mind with regard to your Pe-ru-na medicine."



Rev. J. N. Parker.

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In a later letter she says: "I am only

too thankful to you for your kind advice and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Pe-ru-na. Have been out to the Yellow Stone National Park and many other places of the west, and shall always thank you for your generosity."—Mrs. F. E. Little.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Pe-ru-na write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.



Strong and Vigorous at the Age of Eighty-Eight.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes:

"In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much affected but that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with severe rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Pe-ru-na and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of Pe-ru-na, and now when 88 years old can say it has invigorated my whole system. I cannot but think, dear Doctor, that you must feel very thankful to the all-loving Father that you have been permitted to live, and by your skill be such a blessing as you have been to suffering humanity."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

too thankful to you for your kind advice and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Pe-ru-na. Have been out to the Yellow Stone National Park and many other places of the west, and shall always thank you for your generosity."—Mrs. F. E. Little.

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## VERDUN HOSPITAL

### Annual Meeting of the Corporation Held Yesterday.

#### SUPERINTENDENT URGES GREATER CARE REGARDING TUBERCULOSIS.

The annual meeting of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane at Verdun was held in the Mechanics Institute, yesterday afternoon, Mr. Samuel Finley, the president, was in the chair, and there were present: Messrs. Charles Alexander, hon. vice-president; the Hon. J. K. Ward, Messrs. Peter Lyall, James Wilson, J. H. Burland, George Esplin, James Paton, A. Joyce, Henry Morton, A. D. Nelson, D. Wilson, W. H. Trenholme, James Moore, A. Mackey, the Rev. Dr. Barclay, Mr. McDuff Lamb, the Rev. F. M. Dewey and Mr. John Patterson.

The report of the superintendent was a lengthy one, and Dr. Burgess read extracts from it. He said:—

"The close of the year showed an increase of 16 in the population of the hospital, while the total under treatment was 33 more than in 1901."

The admissions consisted of 64 private and 75 public patients. Of those received 53 percent were classified as incurable from the outset. This is a state of affairs to be regretted, and may be attributed in great measure to two causes, namely, delay in the committal of acute cases of insanity until all prospect of recovery is past, and the admission of senile and degenerate cases."

Referring to discharged patients, Dr. Burgess said:—"Eighty-three patients were discharged during the year, 53 of them being registered as recovered, 20 as improved, and 10 as unimproved. This is a discharge rate of 59.71 percent, and a recovery rate of 38.18 percent."

Under the heading of deaths, Dr. Burgess said:—"Of the 38 fatal cases recorded for the year, nine were due to pulmonary tuberculosis. \* \* \* As the hospital grows older more and more cases of tuberculosis develop, and last year no less than 23.68 percent of our deaths were due to this scourge. It, therefore, becomes a grave question as to what should be done to isolate cases of this character, since isolation and the open-air treatment seem to be the only successful means of combating the disease. \* \* \* The proper solution of the problem is, undoubtedly, to be found in the provision of a separate, isolated building for tubercular patients only, one portion of the structure being set apart for suspected cases, another for those in whom the presence of the malady in an active state is positively established. Such a building should be frame, and constructed as inexpensively as possible, so that if its destruction on account of infection seemed advisable, the loss would be slight. Pending the erection of a proper hospital, it is our intention, during the coming summer, to test the merits of the tent system for the isolation of cases of tuberculosis. We are encouraged in those not only by what Dr. Macdonald has stated in his report for 1901, but by the good effects attained in two of our own cases by the outdoor department. These cases, residents of the infirmary, were kept outside on the balcony all summer, and so far this winter, even in the coldest weather, have most of the day been outdoors. Both patients have gained in weight and color, while pulse and temperature are nearly normal."

THE BOARD'S REPORT.

The annual report of the Board of Management was presented. It showed that the gross receipts for the year were \$88,457.73, and the expenditure \$92,810.92, leaving a debit balance of \$4,353.19 on the year's operations. This deficit was due to two causes: First, the increased cost of wages, and provisions, and secondly, to a falling off in the subscriptions from the public. According to the report, the average cost per annum of patients was \$222.80 in 1902, in 1901, it had been \$215.50. The issue of bonds to the amount of \$65,000 mentioned in the report of 1901 was successfully made. The government of the province having guaranteed them, they were sold at a premium of 8 percent, realizing \$70,900, the whole of which amount has been expended or appropriated for new buildings and improvements. Among the many improvements and additions of which the hospital stands in need, none appears to be of such importance as a provision for the adequate and proper treatment of tuberculous patients. There are many ways in which the public may assist in making permanent the good work done by such institutions as this besides contributing to the finances. Prevention is better than cure, and a wise policy inaugurated in this matter will be a saving to the community inasmuch as many of these cases will be prevented from reverting to their former condition and becoming a permanent charge and care. The board feels sure that the provision made for the profitable employment of the inmates is one of those phases of the work which will appeal to the business men of the city as an evidence of the desire on the part of the management to provide healthy and necessary exercise for the inmates and to utilize the result as a means to increase the resources of the institution.

The work done during the past year has been considerable and aside from that performed on the farm. 5-

## AMERICAN LENIENCY.

### DR. COLTMAN SAYS IT WILL RESULT IN TERRIBLE MASSACRE IN CHINA.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 5.—Dr. Robert Colman, jr., for six years private physician to Li Hung Chang; for the last seventeen years physician to the Imperial Chinese Court at Peking, and author of 'The Fall of Peking, or the Yellow Crime,' has just returned from the capital of the Chinese Empire and is visiting Los Angeles. Until the recent closing of the Imperial University of Peking—the suspension of which had not been generally announced—Dr. Colman occupied the chair of surgery in that institution, and long experience has familiarized him with Chinese internal affairs.

Dr. Colman declares that the civilized world soon will be face to face with another Chinese uprising, worse in its consequences than were the recent outrages that caused all Christendom to shudder. Dr. Colman says:—

Another anti-foreign uprising is forging in China and the onslaught is imminent. The havoc will be terrible. The whole responsibility for this next and fast approaching slaughter in Peking will rest upon the allied powers and especially upon the United States, for the lenient manner in which China was dealt with after the outrages of the last uprising. The foreigners now in Peking are virtually without protection and when the attack comes, the American Legation will be the objective point for the first rush."

### ENGINEERING STUDENTS' PAPERS

The Canadian Society of Civil Engineers will hold a students' meeting in its rooms tomorrow night. Illustrated papers will be read on 'The practical use of extensometers,' by Mr. K. M. Cameron, and 'Friction on lubricated surfaces,' by Mr. F. A. McKay. They are two of the four students' papers for which prizes were awarded at the recent annual meeting.

## AN INCIPIENT BLAZE.

Shortly before eight o'clock this morning the central division of the fire brigade was called out for a small fire in the top flat of Messrs. Barwick, Miller & Co.'s premises, 1778 Notre Dame street. The flames, which were extinguished with a stream, did little damage.

Advertisements.

## LILAC TEA

A very refreshing blend of carefully selected growths, 50 CENTS PER POUND.

"Lilac" Tea, 25-cents per half pound package, the choicest products of India and Ceylon.

"Lilac" Tea, 50 cents per pound package. Teas to suit the purse and palate of all. Here they are:—  
**English Breakfast.**

	Per lb.
Superbly Choicest Lapsang Souchong	\$1.00
The "Russian Karavan" very choicest, early spring picked Breakfast Congou	1.00
Choice Lapsang Souchong	.75
Extra Congou	.60
Special Blend	.45
English Breakfast	.35
Good Black	.30

Formosa Oolong.	
Formosa Oolong (Royal Dragon Chop No. 1)	1.00
Formosa Oolong (Royal Dragon Chop No. 2)	.75

Ceylon.	
Fraser's "Golden Tipped" Ceylon	.50
Fraser's "Ceylon Bouquet," in 5 lb. boxes	.50
Very Finest Ceylon	.50
Choice Ceylon	.45
Fine Selected Orange Pekoe	.60
Fine Ceylon	.35

Japan.	
Very Choicest Japan	.50
Extra Japan	.50
Very Finest Japan	.45
Choice Japan	.35
Good Japan	.30

Young Hyson.	
Finest Young Hyson	.75
Fine Gunpowder Tea	.75

All our Teas can be shipped in Cans or Cansisters 5, 10 and 20 lbs. each. Samples on application.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

## An Excess of Uric Acid

in the blood is the cause of Rheumatism, Gout and kindred troubles. "LONDON-DERRY," the Natural Lithia Water, is the best known solvent for Uric Acid poison.

	HALF GAL.	QUART.	PINT.	SPLIT.
	Plain.	Carbonated.	Carbonated.	Carbonated.
Quarts (cases of 50 bottles)	\$ 8.75	\$ 8.75	\$ 8.75	\$ 8.75
Pints (cases of 100 bottles)	11.75	11.75	11.75	11.75
Split (cases of 100 bottles)	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Half Gals. (cases of 12 bottles)	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50

Wholesale Agents, 211 St. James Street, MONTREAL, P. Q.

## The Machinery, Methods and Labor Employed by the

## TOILET LAUNDRY

are the HIGHEST GRADE MONEY CAN PROCURE. A Trial will convince you.

THE TOILET LAUNDRY CO., LIMITED, 290 QUY STREET. PHONES UP 2601-2602.

## WM. DANGERFIELD.

ESTABLISHED 1857. CANADA FIRST PRIZE Fashionable Boot and Shoe Manufacturer. Always on hand a large and well-assorted stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Fine Hand-Made Boots and Shoes. Fine Hand-Made Custom Work a specialty. Bell Tel. Main 1566. 1671 NOTRE DAME.

## IF THE MUSCLES SPECIAL

Or Nerves FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

Special Sale of PAPERIES

Fashionable shapes and the newest tints at 20 Percent Discount.

HORTON, PHILLIPS & Co., Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers 1755 & 1757 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

## New Crop

CATHARTIC and BOLLER CATH. BREAKFAST CEREALS in Variety, FAMILY and PARTY FLAVOR. BRODIE & HARVIE, 10 & 12 Henry Street

## MARRIAGE LICENSES

Issued by JOHN M. H. DUFF, 167 St. James Street and 28 Drummond Street. INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED.

## WE'LL DELIVER

## YOUR MESSAGES.

We have a corps of well-trained, bright, active boys which are always at your service to deliver letters, light parcels, advertising matter, etc. They know the city thoroughly and can get around quickly.

They'll save you time and money, for the rates are low and the service right. A telephone message will bring a boy to you at once.

## THE ADVANCE MESSENGER SERVICE,

140 St. Peter St. 807 Dorchester St. Tel. Main 1233. Tel. Up 1469.

## OLD NEWSPAPERS

suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the "Witness" Office, in 16-lb. packages at \$1 per 100 lbs.

R. A. A. Jones, Mr. A. Mackey, Mr. James Poustie, Mr. J. Scherman, representing the Hebrew Benevolent Society; Mr. W. H. Trenholme, Mr. T. Spindlo, Mr. Duncan Gordon, Mrs. J. B. Malboeuf, Mr. E. J. Cox and Mr. R. Macaulay.

A meeting for the election of officers will be held next Wednesday.

Advertisements.

## PREPARED CEREALS

### THE GOVERNMENT ASSISTANT ANALYST REPORTS ON THE HIGH-PRICED 'PERFECT FOODS.'

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—After an examination of the various lines of breakfast foods on the market the government assistant analyst, in a bulletin issued to-day, claims as a well-balanced material for porridge a very high, if not the highest place, for oatmeal, and especially in the form of rolled oats.

The assistant analyst, in his report, says: "These samples, you are aware, were not collected and examined because of any suspicion regarding their wholesomeness or genuineness, for they were believed to be, as their analysis proves them to be, nutritious and palatable foods. In view, however, of the high prices at which they are sold, and of the extravagant claims put forth by their manufacturers as to their digestibility, nutrient power, etc., there exists a widespread demand for information as to what they really are, and how much of all the value claimed for them they really possess."

The use of oatmeal, cracked wheat, cornmeal, etc., as materials for porridge, goes back as far as history, but the use of so-called prepared foods, in a thing of very recent date. Most of these foods claim to be partly or wholly cooked, and in view of the practical indigestibility of uncooked starch, it is a matter of high importance that the purchaser should know just how much of truth there is in the claim. The further inquiries as to the relative richness in nitrogen, digestibility of the nitrogenous material, proportion of salts, etc., are

scarcely of secondary importance, particularly in cases where the manufacturer promises a "perfect food" capable of satisfying every demand of the system. The analyst finds that the highest content in phosphorus, as well as the highest calorific, or heating value, are found in preparations of oatmeal, so that the popular preference for this cereal seems warranted on scientific grounds.

Of course the chief object sought in boiling porridge is to make the starch soluble; and where conditions make it difficult, or impossible to cook one's own porridge there is doubtless an advantage in using a material that has already undergone some change in this regard. Whether or not the high prices at which these goods are sold are sufficiently warranted by the saving of fuel and time, under ordinary conditions of domestic life, is a question to be solved by each housekeeper for herself.

There is, however, another point of view from which these foods may be regarded, viz.: their content in protein matter. In this respect oatmeal exceeds them all. There is, however, good reason to believe that the proteins of pea and bean, and of legumines in general, are less easily digested by man than are the proteins of the cereal grains proper. Among these oatmeal takes first rank, but several of the prepared foods stand very well in this regard. If we take into account the mineral matter (ash) which is no less necessary to complete nutrition, we find marked differences among these foods. If we were to live entirely or principally upon these foods, it would be very necessary to take account of this. Finally, on account of its very high energy factor, we may lay stress upon the content of fat; and here also oatmeal stands in the first place.

"On the whole, I am of opinion that as a well-balanced material for porridge, these analytical results justify me in claiming a very high, if not the highest, place for oatmeal, and especially in the form of rolled oats. Recognizing, however, as I do that our knowledge of the intimate character of the components of cereals, and of their relative digestibility, is yet far from complete, it would be presumption in me to pronounce judgment in an unqualified way, in this matter."

The samples examined included 'Malt Breakfast Food,' 'Force,' 'Malt-Vita,' 'Grape Nuts,' 'Life Chips,' 'Ralston Breakfast Food,' rolled oats, oatmeal, neameal and cornmeal.

## Advertisements.

## Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

## Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.



**Dr. Wood's**  
  
**Norway Pine Syrup**  
 Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, Etc.

It stops that tickling in the throat, is pleasant to take and soothing and healing to the lungs. Mr. E. Bishop Brand, the well-known Galt gardener, writes:— I had a very severe attack of sore throat and tightness in the chest. Some times when I wanted to cough and could not I would almost choke to death. My wife got me a bottle of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP, and to my surprise I found speedy relief. I would not be without it if it cost \$1.00 a bottle, and I can recommend it to everyone bothered with a cough or cold.  
 Price 25 Cents.

**LOCAL STOCKS.**  
 FIRMNESS ATTENDED BY NO GREAT AMOUNT OF BUSINESS.

Witness' Office, Feb. 5, 1903.  
 In sympathy with the former feeling on the New York market there were pretty general advances on the local stock exchange this morning. But the upward movement failed to induce business, and beyond the transfer of some 575 shares of C.P.R. the market was made of scattered sales of small amount.

**MONTREAL BOARD.**

C.P.R.—25 at 127 1/2, 100 at 127 1/2, 750 at 127 1/2, 50 at 127 1/2, 10 at 127 1/2
Mont. Power—20 at 90 1/2, 175 at 90 1/2
Dom. Iron common—5 at 55 1/2
Dom. Coal common—25 at 130
Virtue Company—500 at 8
Mont. Tel.—30 at 120, 20 at 120 1/2, 210 at 120 1/2
Bulk of Montreal—2 at 270, 1 at 270
Merchants Bank—12 at 170
Detroit Ry.—25 at 89 1/2
Twin City—10 at 119, 25 at 119 1/2
R. & O. N. Co.—125 at 107 1/2
Dom. Iron pig—4 at 95
New Toronto Ry.—5 at 115 1/2, 1 old at 117
Bell Tel. (new)—15 at 100
Dom. Iron Bonds—20,000 at 87 1/2
Com. Cable Rights—550 at 7, 5 at 7 1/2
N. W. Land Com.—100 at 250 1/2, 100 at 250 1/2
Quebec Bank—5 at 118

**COMMERCIAL.**  
 Montreal Wholesale Prices.

A firmer feeling is manifested in Manitoba wheat, which has been stationary for a few days, and prices have been advanced half a cent. Other grains are dull and inactive. In sympathy with wheat, flour and feed prices have stiffened, though there is no actual change in prices, with exception of Ontario feedstuffs, which are slightly higher. The amount of business doing is inconsiderable.

Other markets are unchanged and generally dull.

**GRAIN**—No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, 74 1/2; No. 1 northern, 72 1/2 in store, Fort William; peas, 72 to 74 1/2 high freight; oats, No. 2 in store here, 57 1/2 to 57 3/4; 2 1/2 high freight; rye, 49 1/2 east; buckwheat, 50c east.

**FLOUR**—Manitoba patents, \$4.40 to \$4.50; seconds, \$4.10 to \$4.20; Ontario straight rollers, \$3.50 to \$3.65; in bags, \$1.70 to \$1.75; patents, \$3.70 to \$4.10.

**ROLLED OATS**—Millers' prices, \$1.00, bags, and \$1.15 per barrel.

**FEED**—Manitoba bran, \$19 to \$20; shorts, \$21 to \$22; bags included. Ontario bran in bulk, \$18 to \$18.50; shorts in bulk, \$20 to \$21.

**HAY**—No. 1, \$9 to \$10; No. 2, \$8.00 to \$8.75; clover, \$6.50 to \$7 in car lots.

**BEANS**—In cars on track, \$1.20.

**PROVISIONS**—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$24 to \$25; short cut back, \$23.50 to \$24; light short cut, \$23 to \$24; compound refined lard, \$16 to \$17; pure Canadian lard 1 1/2; finest lard, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4; hams, 12 1/2 to 13 1/2; bacon, 1c to 1 1/2; dressed hogs, \$3.25; fresh killed, abattoir hogs, \$3.50 to \$3 per 100 lbs.

**EGGS**—Selected, 15c to 20c, and candied stock, 15c to 16; Montreal Hines, 14 1/2 to 15c; western, 12c to 13c.

**HONEY**—White clover in sections, 12c to 12 1/2 per section; in 10 lb. tins, 8c to 9c; in bulk, 7 1/2 to 8c; dark, 2c lower.

**ASHES**—First, \$4.50; seconds, \$3.95; and pearl, \$3.25 per 100 lbs.

**POULTRY**—Turkeys, 14c to 15c per lb.; seconds, 12c to 13c per lb.; ducks, 11c to 12c; young chickens, 11c to 12c; fowls, 9c per lb.; geese, 9c.

**CHEESE**—Ontario, 12c to 13c; Townships, 12c.

**BUTTER**—Townships creamery, 22c to 23 1/2c; dairy butter, 18c; Western Ontario rolls, 18 1/2c to 19c, bris.

**THE ALBANI CONCERT.**  
 The sale of seats for the concert on Monday indicates that Madame Albani will have a great reception. All the \$1 seats in the body of the house are sold and seats are now selling on the stage, but there are yet good seats to be had at the higher prices. Madame Albani has had a great reception in the western cities, and her English artists come in for great praise. The programme for Monday's concert is entirely different from the last one.

**SKATING RACES**

To-night the indoor championships take place at the Victoria rink, and those who go will see a very fine lot of races.

The M.A.A.A. Skaters are in fine fettle, and the outsiders express themselves as highly pleased with the Victoria rink, as it is better than most rinks outside of Montreal.

**LOCAL RACES TO-MORROW.**  
 The programme of races at the St. Lawrence rink to-morrow night will be: Half mile race for boys, 12 years of age and under; one mile race for boys, 16 years of age and under; two mile race for amateurs, and one mile race for all hockey teams playing on the St. Lawrence rink. Also a high-jumping competition.

**OFFICIALS APPOINTED**

Following are the officials appointed for Saturday's skating races at the M.A.A.A. rink, Westmount:

Referee—Mr. W. G. Ross, President, A. S. A. of C.  
 Judges—H. B. Yates, Lt.-Col. F. C. Henderson, Samuel J. Montgomery, N.Y.C. C.; Major W. B. T. Macaulay, Major Freeman.  
 Timekeepers—Messrs. James A. Taylor, T. E. Paton, W. O. H. Dodds, W. S. Welton, James F. Smith, J. G. Gilmour.  
 Starter—Mr. Sam. D. See, N.Y.A.C.  
 Scorers—Messrs. David J. Watson, Geo. Ayling, C. Cameron.  
 Clerks of course—Messrs. Laz. Rubenstein, Leslie Boyd, T. Y. Foster and Jas. Macdonald.  
 Umpires—Messrs. J. Drury, John Davidson, F. Percy Smith, W. G. Robertson.  
 Announcer—Mr. F. C. A. McIndoe.

**SHAMROCKS DEFEATED.**

Ottawa, Feb. 5.—In a rather poor exhibition of hockey the Ottawas defeated the Shamrocks, of Montreal, at Day's rink last night by a score of 5 to 2. Though the match was never sensationally fast, yet occasionally the locals put up some brilliant plays of combination. It was just 9:20 o'clock when the puck was faced and at 11:15 o'clock it was all over but the cheering. The ice was sloppy and the Ottawa players, with the exception of Frank McGee, did not exert themselves. Fred Wood was on the Ottawa forward line in place of W. Gilmour. Westwick was also unable to play. For the Shamrocks Davidson was the most prominent. He scored the first goal on a long lift. Both goal-keepers made many splendid stops. It was a nice clean game. The teams lined up as follows:

Shamrocks..... Ottawa.

Reilly..... Goal..... Huston  
 Brennan..... Point..... Moore  
 Davidson..... Cover point..... Spittal  
 G. Cummings..... Right wing..... S. Gilmour  
 Casselman..... Centre..... McGee  
 Rowe..... Rover..... D. Gilmour  
 Bright..... Left wing..... Wood

Referee—C. C. Chittick, Ottawa.

**Summary.**

Game Won by.....	Time.
1.....Shamrocks.....	6 mins.
2.....Ottawa.....	1 min.
3.....Ottawa.....	2 mins.
4.....Ottawa.....	3 mins.
5.....Ottawa.....	20 mins.
6.....Shamrocks.....	10 mins.
7.....Ottawa.....	6 mins.

**REFEREE SNOWBOUND.**  
 The Quebec and Montreal hockey teams were to play a scheduled match this evening in the intermediate series, and Mr. Henry, of Montreal, was appointed to referee the match. The latter is snowbound and the teams could not agree upon a local referee so decided at a late hour to leave the League to decide upon a date for their match.

**ELECTRICIANS WON.**  
 An interesting hockey match was played last night on the St. Lawrence skating rink between the Lachine R. H. & L. Co., and G.T.R. (Bonaventure freight offices). The Electricians won by two goals to one.

**CURLING FOR TROPHIES**

The Jubilee trophy has been won by Ormstown, and it was a very fashionable win, for Ormstown is popular, and the rinks it sends out know how to curl in the real meaning of the word.

And now there is another one. Arnprior was not only a surprise, but it developed into one of the best curling suggestions that has ever appeared in these parts. Following is the account:

**JUBILEE TROPHY.**

On Montreal Ice.

Rink No. 1.	Arnprior.
Ottawa.	A.Hood, skip.
C.S.Scott, skip.	12
Arnprior.	18
Rink No. 2.	W.J. Johnston, skip.
T.C.Boville, skip.	11
Arnprior.	13
Total	23
	31

The Jubilee Final.  
 Arnprior. Ormstown, bye.  
 A.Hood, skip. W. McGerrigle, skip. 21

Governor-General's Trophy.  
 Rink No. 1.  
 Heather. Arnprior.  
 F.Hutchison, skip. 20  
 W.J. Johnston, skip. 20  
 W.B.Hutchison, skip. A.Hood, skip. 14

**ALL-CANADA BEATEN**

Toronto, Feb. 5.—An Evening Telegram's cable from Cambridge, says: "The Canadian football team was beaten here to-day by 14 to 6. The weather was fine and the ground in splendid condition. A crowd of twelve hundred persons witnessed the match. Cambridge made a strong end of the start, but the Canadians' good defence saved points being tallied several times during the first ten minutes. The Canadians' passing has much improved during the last few games. Defeating the Toronto player, dodged from goal through the centre amidst great cheering.

After the game had been in progress 20 minutes Cambridge scored a try. Dumoulin and Marshall started to dribble; Britton passed to Farrell, who cleverly dodged over, scoring. Tait failed to improve the score.

"The Canadians' tackling was good. The half time score was: Cambridge, 5; Canada, 2.

"At the commencement of the second-half Cambridge pressed strongly, and scored a try, which was unconverted. Cambridge again scored a try. Farrell, for good defence saved points being tallied several times during the first ten minutes. The Canadians' passing has much improved during the last few games. Defeating the Toronto player, dodged from goal through the centre amidst great cheering.

**STOMACH and BOWELS OUT OF CONDITION?**  
*Angier's Petroleum Emulsion*  
 after meals and at bed time will put them right.

Pleasant to take Sold by Druggists 50c. and \$1.00

"I prescribe Angier's Emulsion because I find that it is easily borne by the stomach, and is a stomach tonic. The patient does not become tired of it. It is the best remedy I have tested during the past eighteen years." OMAA, GUNSMITH, M.D., Worcester, Mass.

**ANGIER CHEMICAL COMPANY, BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.**

**THE GREAT WEST END DEPARTMENTAL STORE.**

**O. LEMIRE & CO.,** 1163 ST. JAMES STREET COR. FULFORD.  
 (Where all Cars Transfer.)  
 CASH ONLY. ONE PRICE ONLY.  
 Bell Tel. Up 3729; March, 1903.

**FEBRUARY GREAT SALE**  
**FRIDAY'S SPECIAL SALE OF WHITEWEAR.**

<b>STOCKINGS.</b> 100 doz. of good Wool Stockings, ribbed, value 45c, for Friday. <b>19c.</b>	<b>SERGE.</b> 20 pieces of Heavy Serge, all wool, red, navy and black, value 40c, for Friday. <b>25c.</b>
<b>NIGHT GOWNS</b> 15 doz. of Lonsdale Night Gowns for ladies, finished with full, value 75c, for Friday. <b>50c</b>	<b>CREMISES</b> 30 doz. of Ladies' Lonsdale Chemises, very nicely finished, value 10c for Friday. <b>23c</b>
<b>SLIP WAISTS</b> 25 doz. of Slip Waists, made of good white cotton, value 15c, for Friday. <b>7c</b>	<b>DRAWERS.</b> Ladies' Lonsdale Drawers trimmed with lace, value 40c for Friday. <b>25c.</b>
<b>UNDER-SKIRTS.</b> 1 big lot of Lonsdale Under-skirts, value 70c, for Friday. <b>45c.</b>	<b>LONSDALE.</b> 5 cases of very nice Lonsdale in remnants, real value 18c yd. for Friday. <b>8c</b>
<b>GINGHAMS</b> 1 big lot of Colored Zephyrs and Gingham in remnants, value 15c and 17c, for Friday. <b>8c</b>	<b>TWEEDS</b> 125 remnants of Tweeds for Men's and Boys' Suits, values \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25, for Friday. <b>60c</b>
<b>SHIRTS</b> 1 doz. of Men's good Wool Fleece Shirts, real value 75-cents, for Friday. <b>45c.</b>	<b>CASHMERE</b> 15 pieces of good Black Cashmere, satin finish, value, 75c, for Friday. <b>50c</b>
<b>SPECIAL SPECIAL</b> 25 only very pretty Dinner Sets, English style, 26 pieces, very pretty design, regular price \$5.00, for Friday. <b>\$5.98</b>	<b>SPECIAL SPECIAL</b> 10 dozen of good Brooms, 2 cords, value 25c, special for Friday. <b>12c</b>

**Our Store Closes at 6 o'clock Every Thursday.**

**Business Chances.**

**FOR SALE**  
 The Merchant Tailoring Business Of the Late Wm. Paterson.  
 1729 NOTRE DAME ST., Montreal

This is one of the best known Tailoring Establishments in the city, having been in existence for over twenty years. The lease of the premises (which are most suitable) has three years to run, and the purchaser can take the store for that time. The stock is all well-selected and bought in the best markets.

Stock and books can be seen on the premises on Feb. 5th, 10th and 11th. Tenders will be received up to the 14th inst. Sale will be for cash or approved security. The executor reserves the right to withdraw the stock if no satisfactory tender is received. Address tenders to

**JOHN PATERSON,**  
 17 Victoria Square, Montreal.

**House Letting**  
**Placards, &c.**

The following announcements, printed on good paper, are For Sale at the 'Witness' Office.

Many of them are in both the French and English languages:

BASEMENT TO LET.  
 CELLAR TO LET.  
 CLOSERS AT ONE O'CLOCK.  
 COTTAGE FOR SALE.  
 DRESSMAKING DONE HERE.  
 DWELLING TO LET.  
 FLAT TO LET.  
 FACTORY TO LET.  
 FOR SALE OR TO LET.  
 FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET.  
 FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.  
 FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.  
 HOUSE TO LET.  
 HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE.  
 HOUSE FOR SALE.  
 LEASE FORMS.  
 LOT TO LET.  
 LOT FOR SALE.  
 LOWER DWELLING TO LET.  
 LOWER PART OF HOUSE TO LET.  
 MEALS AT ALL HOURS.  
 NO SMOKING.  
 OFFICE TO LET.  
 OFFICES TO LET.  
 PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.  
 ROOM TO LET.  
 ROOMS TO LET.  
 SHOP TO LET.  
 SHOP AND DWELLING TO LET.  
 STABLE TO LET.  
 STORE TO LET.  
 STORE AND DWELLING TO LET.  
 TABLE BOARD.  
 THIS FLAT TO LET.  
 THIS PROPERTY FOR SALE.  
 TRESPASS NOTICES.  
 TO LET.  
 UPPER DWELLING TO LET.  
 UPPER PART OF HOUSE TO LET.  
 UPPER FLAT TO LET.  
 YARD TO LET.

**JOHN DEGALL & SON,**  
 PUBLISHERS  
 Cor. Craig and St. Peter sts., Montreal.

**Lodge Rooms to Let.**

LODGE ROOMS TO LET Several Nights in the month by the year; also smaller Lodge Room adjoining. Apply to Caretaker, 2304 St. Catherine street, opposite English Cathedral.

**Wanted.**  
 WANTED TO PURCHASE A SECOND-hand incubator; capacity, 100 eggs. Address INCUBATOR, 'Witness' Office.

**Partner Wanted.**  
 WANTED A PARTNER WITH \$2,000 to \$3,000; capital to extend a well established business; good office man required. Address PARTNER 40, 'Witness' Office.

**To Let.**

TO RENT, IMPROVED FARM, EIGHTY acres, well cultivated, school and church (of England), convenient. WILLIAM STEWART, Barrister, Lancaster.

TO LET STORES, 16 St. Helen street, 70 McGill street (building), 2 Lemoine street, 515 St. Paul street. JESSE JOSEPH, 16 St. Sacrament street.

TO LET, 3 BRIGHT FLATS, 5 AND 6 rooms, b. and w.c., on Charlevoix street, upper and lower tenements, \$3.00 and \$5.00. Apply 330 Charlevoix street.

TO LET, 23 BELMONT STREET, Lower tenement, 7 rooms, Daisy furniture, good references required. Apply 47 Belmont Park.

TO LET, UPPER AND LOWER FLATS, six rooms, hot and cold water, etc. Apply at No. 82 Laurier avenue (formerly part of Greene ave.)

STORE TO LET, WITH HEAT, GOOD light and centrally located, on St. Peter street, between 'Witness' Office and Merchants' Bank Building. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

TO LET, IN ST. LAMBERT, A DOUBLE Cottage, known as "Poplar Place," nicely situated near the river. It contains nine apartments and a summer kitchen, b. and w.c., and a small conservatory, heated by a 'Daisy' furnace. There is also attached a good fruit and vegetable garden, poultry house and wire-enclosed yard, with stabling, if required. Rent moderate. Apply to J. BEATTY, St. Lambert, or D. BEATTY, 137 St. Peter street, Montreal.

OFFICES TO LET, ST. PETER STREET, between Merchants Bank and 'Witness' Office. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

**TO LET,**  
 No. 168 MANSFIELD ST.  
 Large House, 20 Rooms, Hot Water Furnace, Rent \$500. Apply  
 309 St. James Street.

**TO LET, 53 ARCYLE AVE.**  
 SELF-CONTAINED COTTAGE.  
 New furnace just put in. Will paint and paper throughout. Four Bedrooms. All modern conveniences.  
 Rent \$30. No Taxes.  
 Apply W. L. MALTSBY, 309 St. James St.

**TO LET,**  
 Cottages with Extension Kitchens.  
 No. 11 Tower Ave., 5 Bedrooms; Rent \$30; no taxes.  
 No. 81 Aylmer St. Rent \$22, no taxes.  
 Apply. 309 ST. JAMES ST.

**OLD NEWSPAPERS**  
 suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 14-lb. packages at \$1 per 100 lbs.

**WANT ADS.**  
 FOR THE 'WITNESS,'  
 may be left with  
 WK. DETEDALE & CO., Bookbinders and Stationers,  
 267 St. Catherine Street.  
 Or with R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles,  
 501 Wellington street, West of Subway.

**CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS**  
**CASH TARIFF.**

Situation Vacant.	20	10
Situation Wanted.	WORDS FOR	CENTS
Pupils Wanted.		
Rooms to Let.	1/2c for each additional word, six insertions for the price of four.	
Articles Found.		
Secondhand Articles Wanted or For Sale.		
Property For Sale or To Let.	25	25
Other Articles For Sale.	1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.	
Personals.	25	50
Agents Wanted.	WORDS FOR	CENTS

**NOTICE PARTICULARLY.**  
 Postage Stamps will be Accepted.  
 The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and this rate is, in consequence, much higher.  
 No charge made in our books for any advertisements of less than five agents lines space.

**Situations Vacant.**

WANTED, BY EXPERIENCED TABLE-maid, employment by the day or week; good references. Apply to MRS. RIVA, 5 Union avenue.

WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS CAKE BAKER; none but competent man need apply. W. WOOLLEY, 538 St. Denis street.

BOY WANTED TO LEARN A TRADE. Apply at 'Witness' Office, corner of Craig and St. Peter streets.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT WITH some knowledge of cooking; good wages; references required. 53 St. Matthew st.

WANTED, AT ONCE, GIRLS FOR COLLAR boxing and Laundry Dept.; also girls to learn blouse folding. Apply to Mr. WILLIAMS, Standard Shirt Co., Delorimier ave.

WANTED, JUNIOR CLERK FOR A LIFE insurance company. Application to be made in writing. Address M.L., 75, 'Witness' Office.

**Employment Wanted.**

WANTED, DAY WORK OF ANY KIND by a highly respectable woman; in a first-class Laundry. Apply to M.L., No. 15 Latour street.

WANTED, BY AN ENGLISHWOMAN, Position as bookkeeper and cashier, or in an office; have had several years' experience; am quick and correct at figures; Address X, 14, 'Witness' Office.

**Bargains.**

FOR SALE, A PRETTY LITTLE UPRIGHT Piano, in golden oak case, with brass candle brackets, ivory keys, 6 1/2 octaves, mellow tone; price only \$48; \$3 cash and \$3 per month. LAYTON BROS., The Art Piano and Organ House, 144 Peel street.

CLARK'S DISCOUNT SALE CONTINUED to 15th. Ladies' Combination Vests; Men's Shirts and Drawers, Children's Underwear, Infant's Hoods, Shawls and Knitted Wool Goods, Stockings, Socks, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., 10 to 50 per cent off prices. Room one, 210 St. James street.

FOR SALE, FIXTURES FOR BARBER'S Shop, consisting of stands with mirrors, basins and water fixtures complete. Apply 143 St. Peter street.

TO STAMP COLLECTORS—I AM BREAKING up a collection of 10,000 varieties and can sell any stamps at half of Scott's latest catalogue prices except unused current stamps. Orders promptly filled. 125 Peel street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION, Kindling \$2.00; Cut Maple, \$3.00; Tamarac Blocks, \$2.00; Birch Blocks, \$1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MACDARMID, Richmond square. Bell Telephone Up 253.

**Board and Rooms Wanted.**

WANTED, ONE OR TWO COMFORTABLE rooms, within five minutes' walk of Lake or the Wood's Milling Company's Warehouse, St. Denis street. Apply to A. M. ROBERTSON, 1511 St. Denis street.

WANTED, BY SINGLE MAN, ROOM and board in English-speaking family, within quarter of an hour's walk of Post-Office. Address stating terms, to L.O., 'Witness' Office.

**Flat Wanted.**

FLAT WANTED, MUST BE CENTRALLY located and north of St. Catherine street. Address, giving full particulars, R.M., 'Witness' Office.

**Property.**

FOR SALE, AT A BARGAIN, HOUSE ON corner Glenmont and Birton avenues, Westmount; ten rooms and conservatory; hardwood floors; all modern improvements; terms to suit buyer. Apply CAMPBELL & GILDAY, 309 St. James street.

FOR SALE, AT WESTMOUNT, Tenement property, looking on to park; a good investment. Apply at 333 Landowne ave.

WESTMOUNT, FOR SALE, OR TO LET, comfortably furnished ten-roomed double house, modern improvements, extension kitchen; need for a doctor; low rent to desirable tenant. Address P.O. Box 790, Montreal.

ESTATES MANAGED—LEASING AND Repairs receive personal supervision. Rents collected. Real Estate bought and sold. 25 years' experience. JOHN BURELL, Room 47, 135 St. James street.

FOR SALE, \$5,500 HOUSE, 204 MILTON street, between University and Sherbrooke, eleven rooms, besides bath room, pantry, etc. For particulars apply at house.

**Bronchitis** with a tickling in the throat. You can stop this at first in a single night with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Use it also for hard colds, and for coughs of all kinds.

**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.**  
 S. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

IF YOU ARE IN EARNEST

And Really Want to Cure Yourself of Cold or Cough, Don't Let Dealers Trifle with Your Health by Giving You a Substitute for

DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

Would you accept a counterfeit five-dollar bill in exchange for a good one? Would you deal with a grocer who gave you salt when you asked for sugar?

Of course, you would not. But how about your medicines? When you make up your mind that Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is what you require, are you satisfied to allow your dealer to persuade you to accept some imitation or substitute?

Imitations and substitutes are never so good as the originals, or why would they have to thrive on the reputation of the articles they are designed to take the place of? They never cost as much, or what object would the dealer have in trying to prevail on you to take them?

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine has so firmly established its reputation as a treatment for throat and lung troubles that it seems almost useless to try to put on the market a rival preparation, and hence the imitations—similar names and similar packages, but very different effects.

Far from being a mere cough mixture, Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine reaches and thoroughly cures deep-seated chest colds and lung diseases, croup, bronchitis, whooping cough and asthma.

Slowly but surely people are being awakened to the dishonest methods of many druggists, and are learning to insist on getting what they ask for. If you realize the difference between Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine and the remedies put up to sell in place of it, you will insist on getting the genuine.

Dr. Chase's portrait and signature is on every bottle. 25 cents a bottle, family size, three times as much, 60 cents. At all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

JENNER-ENDORSED.

The following interesting notification was reprinted in the London 'Times' of Jan. 19 from its issue of the same date in 1802:

EXTERMINATION OF THE SMALLPOX.

London, Jan. 10, 1802.

The invaluable discovery of Dr. Jenner for the extermination of the Small Pox, having undergone the most rigorous investigation, and received the sanction of Parliament, a Meeting will be held at the London Tavern, Bishopsgate street, on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 12 o'clock, to consider of the best means of carrying the said vaccine into effect; when the company of every Gentleman disposed to concur in this laudable Undertaking is earnestly requested. The Chair will be taken by the Lord Mayor, precisely at 1 o'clock.

- William, (Duke of) Walter Farquar, M.D. (Clarence).
Berkeley, J. C. Lettson, M.D.
Egmont, Thos. Denman, M.D.
Dorset, John Croft, M.D.
Dorset, Thos. Bradley, M.D.
Somerville, Gilbert Blane, M.D.
G. C. Berkeley, M.P. Alexander Crichton, M.D.
J. W. Anderson, M.P. Wm. Hawes, M.D.
Wm. Wilberforce, M.P. Wm. Babington, M.D.
H. Thornton, M.P. Robt. Willan, M.D.
Richard Carr-Glynn, Ald. Rich'd Powell, M.D.
Geo. Hibbert, Ald. Wm. Lister, M.D.
Wm. Leighton, Ald. Jas. Hamilton, M.D.
John Julius Angerstein, John Sims, M.D.
E. G. Boldero, Alexander Marce, M.D.
Thomson Bonar, W. P. Dimsdale, M.D.
William Bentham, Samuel Parr, M.D.
Henry Hoare, Henry Clive.
John Maitland, John Abernethy.
William Vaughan, Astley Cooper.
Richard Sharpe, Edward Ford.
Benjamin Travers, John Pearson.
Joseph Travers, John Griffiths.
Timothy Brown, C. R. Alkin.
J. H. Tritton, John Addington.
Robert Cowie, Wm. Chamberlain.
John Gurney, James Simpson.
Thomas Wilson, Joseph Fox.
Robert Barnard, Charles Johnson.
Casten Rhode, William Allen.
Jacob Wrench, George Johnson.
Samuel Thorpe, J. Potts.
John Nichols, John Christie.
Samuel Parker, John Ring.
Ebeneser Johnston, Joseph Leaper.
James Bell, John Buxton.
William Bell, Ives Hurry.
Joseph Benwell, Thomas Walker.
Henry Waymouth, E. L. McMurdo.

BOARD OF TRADE. Council Appoints Standing Committees for the Ensuing Year.

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE COMMENTS ON THE CATTLE EMBARGO.

The first meeting of the newly elected council of the Board of Trade was held yesterday afternoon, the president, Mr. Arthur Hodgson, occupying the chair. After the chairman had delivered a brief address of welcome, standing committees for the ensuing year were elected as follows: Executive—Messrs. Arthur J. Hodgson, chairman; George E. Drummond, W. I. Gear, and James Davidson.

Municipal Affairs Committee—Messrs. George B. Fraser, chairman; Ald. H. B. Ames, Robert Ironside, D. L. Lockerby and J. T. Wilson.

Dominion Legislation Committee—Messrs. James Davidson, chairman; Robert Ironside, George E. Drummond, Charles Meredith and Hugh Watson.

Provincial Legislation Committee—Messrs. W. W. Watson, chairman; W. I. Gear, Ald. H. B. Ames, E. F. Hebden and Charles Meredith.

Insolvency Legislation Committee—Messrs. Hugh Watson, chairman; George B. Fraser, E. F. Hebden, D. L. Lockerby, and John T. Wilson.

Harbor and Navigation Committee—Messrs. W. I. Gear, chairman; R. M. Ballantyne, James Carruthers, James Thom and W. W. Watson.

Railway Committee—Messrs. George E. Drummond, chairman; James Davidson, R. M. Ballantyne, James Carruthers and James Thom.

The executive was authorized to transact all business connected with the new building, both as regards matters of construction and equipment and the renting of offices.

The Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, in acknowledging a copy of a resolution adopted by the Board of Trade, with regard to the embargo on Great Britain, said he concurred in most of the statements contained in the resolution, but pointed out that nearly two years ago Mr. Hanbury publicly acknowledged that there were no contagious diseases in Canada; that there was neither foot-and-mouth disease nor pleuro-pneumonia in the Dominion, and that consequently the embargo was not maintained through fear of the introduction, at the present time, of the disease into Great Britain.

'Mr. Hanbury,' continued the letter, 'was quoted by myself in the House of Commons last session as having said this, and the quotation was noted in the press at the time. Mr. Hanbury has, on various other occasions repeated this, and publicly acknowledged that there is no disease amongst Canadian herds and that they are very healthy.'

'I shall be very glad if anything can be done to further impress the Imperial authorities with the necessity of removing the embargo on Canadian cattle.'

AT EARL'S COURT

INTERNATIONAL FIRE PREVENTION CONGRESS TO BE HELD IN LONDON.

Owing to the increasing interest in the question of fire protection the British Fire Protection Committee has been invited to aid in organizing an international fire exhibition in London, England, to take place from May to October of this year. The whole of the business arrangements will be undertaken by the London Exhibitions (Limited), whose extensive buildings and gardens at Earl's Court will be devoted to this exhibition. Every possible effort will be made to ensure that this exhibition shall be eminently practical and instructive, and present an exhaustive picture of everything relating to the subject. It is proposed to make arrangements for fire brigade and ambulance tournaments, displays and competitions and it is intended to hold an international congress of experts in connection with the exhibition.

The primary objects of the congress, among others, are as follows: 1. To discuss the practice of building construction and the application of building materials from a fire-preventive point of view; 2. To discuss the equipment of buildings particularly in relation to the application of electric power and electric light; 3. To discuss the legislative enactments in force in cities and districts, particularly in respect to the limitation of area or cubical contents for buildings; further, to consider particularly the regulations governing the construction and control of theatres and places of public resort; 4. To discuss the best means of watching or inspecting buildings and plant exposed to fire risks; 5. To discuss the practice in respect to insurance against fire; 6. To discuss the best means of recording the causes and effect of fires, and tabulating the results.

The schedule of exhibits includes fire prevention and fire-fighting methods, fire calls, salvage work, ambulance work, water supply, insurance, combustibles and explosives.

It was on the occasion of a similar exhibition, held in 1888, that Chief Benoit, accompanied by a team of ten men with apparatus, visited London, and in a keen competition won a beautiful and valuable cup which now occupies a prominent position in the chief's office.

GRADUATE OF MANITOBA COLLEGE.

South Qu'Appelle, Feb. 5.—The Rev. Hope Ross, Lacrosse, Wis., graduate of the Manitoba College, has been called by local Presbyterians.

Advertisements. Regulate Your System. You can protect yourself against chronic constipation, biliousness, typhoid fever, gripe, and all kindred complaints by using

Abbey's Effervescent Salt. It will keep the various organs of the body working smoothly and will drive out the poison that causes disease. It is the most wonderful regulator of health, the greatest preventative of disease and the best tonic and laxative known. Sold by all druggists.

HAVE YOU A COLD? Then try HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS. A SURE CURE. Price 25c. J. A. HARTE, DRUGGIST, 1789 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

OLD NEWSPAPERS suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale at the 'Witness' Office, in 10-lb. packages at \$1 per 100 lbs.

HOTEL EMPIRE, BROADWAY and 63d STREET, N.Y. CITY. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. RATES MODERATE. Excellent Cuisine, Modern Exclusive Service, Extensive Library, Orchestral Concerts Every Evening. All Cars Pass the Empire. From Grand Central Station take cars marked Broadway and 7th Ave. Seven minutes to Empire.

A Delightful Climate Makes ATLANTIC CITY, New Jersey. The Most Popular Winter and Spring Resort in America. It offers every known pleasure and diversion. HADDON HALL. Its famous hostleria on the Ocean Front, is always open and is a most attractive retreat for tourists. Golf Links within easy access to hotel. Send for illustrated literature. Apply at local ticket office for full information regarding through Pullman Vestibule Trains to Atlantic City. LEEDS & LIPPINOTT, BUSINESS MEN. Get your invoices printed at the 'Witness' Printing House.

ALLAN LINE. LIVERPOOL VIA MOVILLE. ROYAL MAIL SERVICE. From St. John From Halifax. PARISIAN, Feb. 7, Feb. 9 11 p.m. MONGOLIAN, Feb. 14, Feb. 16 11 p.m. CORINTHIAN, Feb. 21, Feb. 23 11 p.m. PNEUMONIAN, Feb. 28, Mar. 2 11 p.m. NUTMEG, Mar. 7, Mar. 9 11 p.m. TUNISIAN, Mar. 14, Mar. 16 11 p.m. PARISIAN, Mar. 21, Mar. 23 11 p.m. Tunisian and Bavarian are the largest and fastest steamers on the Canadian route. 10,576 tons. Twin screws. FIRST CLASS, Bavarian or Tunisian, \$60. Parisian \$55. Other steamers \$50 upwards. SECOND CLASS, Liverpool, London or London-derry, per Bavarian or Tunisian, \$45. Other steamers, \$37.50. Return tickets at reduced rates. THIRD CLASS, Liverpool, London or Glasgow, \$25 or \$28; Paris, \$31. Multiple saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric-light throughout. NEW YORK-GLASGOW SERVICE. From Glasgow From New York. Jan. 31, CARTHAGINIAN, Sat., Feb. 21, noon. First Cabin \$45. Second Cabin \$35. Apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal.

Professional. R. A. DUNTON and H. BABY, NOTARIES, ETC., TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 St. James Street. FUNDS FOR INVESTMENT. MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

ARCH. MCGOON, K.C., IMPERIAL BUILDING. Tel. Main 1222. Room 51.

SMITH, MARKEY & MONTGOMERY. ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, ETC., TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 ST. JAMES STREET. JOHN C. SMITH, E.C. FRID. E. MARKEY. GEO. H. A. MONTGOMERY. WALDO W. SKINNER.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS. OWEN N. EVANS, NORTON BUILDING, MONTREAL. PATENTS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS. FRATERSTONER & CO., Canada Life Building, Montreal. Also Toronto, Ottawa and Washington.

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c. DRAIN PIPES, PORTLAND CEMENTS, AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES. W. & P. F. CURRIE & CO., 245 St. James Street.

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c. FRESH ARRIVALS AT Walter Paul's GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT. Fresh Strawberries, Raspberries, New Potatoes, Raspberries, Cucumbers, Sweet Potatoes, Lettuce, Cauliflower, Parsley, Celery, Green Beans, Radishes, Water Cress.

Florida Oranges, Navel Oranges, Tangerines and Grape Fruit, the Best and Cheapest in the city. Corner Metcalfe and St. Catherine Streets, Phones, UP 1237, 1238.

Atlantic City, N.J. MARLBOROUGH HOUSE. STONE, IRON AND SLATE CONSTRUCTION. Atlantic City's newest hotel. Sea water in all baths. Telephones in rooms, music, valet service and other modern hotel conveniences. Golf, Boat, and Jockeying. JOSEPH WHITE & SONS.

DOMINION LINE STEAMSHIPS. BOSTON AND HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL via Queenstown. From Boston, From Halifax. CANADA, March 5, March 6. CANADA, April 2, April 3. BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL. SS. MERION, Feb. 19. PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL. Colonial, Jan. 31 | Californian, Feb. 14. Irishman, Feb. 7 | Norseman, Feb. 21. Avonmouth Dock and Bristol. From Portland. Turcoman, Jan. 31 | Englishman, Feb. 14. BOSTON TO MEDITERRANEAN. Cambrian, Jan. 31 | Vancouver, Feb. 21. Commodore, Feb. 14 | New England, Feb. 21. For all particulars regarding freight or passage, apply to The Dominion Line, 17 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

FURNESS, WITHEY & CO., (LIMITED). The only direct and regular steamship line between CANADA and MANCHESTER. It is proposed to dispatch the steamers of this line on or about the undermentioned dates: HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN, N.B., To Manchester. From Manchester, From St. John. Jan. 15, Manchester Trader, Feb. 5. Jan. 20, Manchester City, Feb. 10. Feb. 14, LOYALIST, Mar. 4. Feb. 20, Manchester Trader, Mar. 17. \*Fitted with cold storage.

FURNESS LINE. St. John to London. From London. Jan. 15, FLORENCE, Feb. 4. Jan. 20, EVANGELINE, Feb. 15. Feb. 14, LOYALIST, Mar. 4. Through bills of lading granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in Canada or Western States. For rates of freight and particulars, apply to any Railway Agent, or to FURNESS, WITHEY & CO., Limited, Agents, 44 St. Francis Xavier St., Montreal, P.Q.

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO. BEAVER LINE. WINTER SAILINGS. From St. John, N.B. To Liverpool. To Bristol. \*MONTREAL, Feb. 7. LAKE ONTARIO, Feb. 7. LAKE ST. LAWRENCE, Feb. 14. LAKE MEGANTIC, Feb. 21. LAKE CHAMPLAIN, Feb. 28. \*Does not carry passengers. First Cabin—Single, \$45.00, and upwards. Round trip, \$85.00, and upwards, according to steamer. Second Cabin—Single, \$35.00, and upwards. Round Trip, \$68.88, and upwards, according to steamer. Steerage rates to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast and Queenstown, \$24.50 and \$25.50, according to steamer.

NEW WINTER ROUTE TO ENGLAND VIA JAMAICA. ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO., 44 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

REFORD AGENCIES. DONALDSON LINE. Glasgow Weekly Service. From ST. JOHN, N.B. 58. CONCORDIA, Feb. 7. 58. KASTALIA, Feb. 14. 58. TRITONIA, Feb. 21. Agents, Glasgow, Donaldson B-7.

THOMSON LINE. London Weekly Service. From PORTLAND, Me. 58. CERYONA (cold storage and cool air), Feb. 14. 58. HUBONA (cold storage and cool air), Feb. 14. 58. KILDONA (cold storage and cool air), Feb. 21. 58. IONA (cold storage and cool air), Feb. 21. Agents—O'Brien, Young & Noble, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. Low, Son & Co., 7 Fenchurch Avenue, London, E.C.; W. Thomson & Co., Leslie, W. Thomson & Son, Dundee, Scotland.

FOR THE WINTER BERMUDA GO TO WEST INDIES. 30 days' trip, fifteen days in the tropics. Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices. For further particulars apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents for Quebec, 38, 39 Broadway, or J. G. BROOK & CO., 211 Commissioners St., Montreal, ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

NOTICES. PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec at its next session for an Act to erect the Village into Town, and to grant it also certain amendments to its incorporation act, to extend its limits, to obtain new powers to impose and collect taxes and licenses, to modify its borrowing powers, and to obtain also other new powers. Montreal, 26th January, 1903. FLEET, FALCONER & COOK, Attorneys for Applicants.

NOTICES. PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec at its next session for an Act to incorporate a hospital, to be carried on at or near the City of Montreal, for the care of those suffering from contagious diseases, and giving power to the said hospital to purchase, acquire by donation or otherwise, and possess, immovable property for its actual use, to sell, alienate, exchange and hypothecate such immovable property, to enter into contracts, to make by-laws, rules and regulations for its internal government and for other purposes. MONTREAL, 6th January, 1903. FLEET, FALCONER & COOK, Solicitors for Applicants.

NOTICES. PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec at its next session for an Act to extend its powers with reference to the investment of capital and funds. Montreal, 26th January, 1903. FLEET, FALCONER & COOK, Attorneys for Applicants.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY English Mail Train. Leaves SUNDAYS at 12 noon. Passengers taking this train make close connection at Halifax with Allan Line Mail steamers for Liverpool. THE MARITIME EXPRESS which leaves Montreal daily except Saturday for Quebec, Moncton, St. John, Halifax and the Sydneys, is one of the finest solid vestibule trains being run on the continent, and is so spoken of by the many who travel by it. Quebec Service. Trains leave Montreal at 7.40 a.m., 12.00 noon and 11.45 p.m. Returning trains leave Levis at 12.10 p.m. and 4.20 p.m. Improved Night Service. The Express leaving daily except Sunday at 11.45 p.m., with Sleeping car attached, arrives in Quebec at 7.06 a.m. Passengers can occupy the sleeper at 9.00 p.m., and remain in car until 8 a.m. All Trains depart from Bonaventure Station. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 148 St. James St. J. W. HRYSON, H. A. PRICE, C.P.A., A.G.P.A., Montreal.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM. Leave Bonaventure Station "INTERNATIONAL LIMITED". Daily at 9 a.m., arr. Toronto 4.40 p.m., Hamilton 5.40 p.m., Niagara Falls, Ont. 7.05 a.m., Buffalo 8.30 p.m., London, 7.40 p.m., Detroit 9.30 p.m., Chicago 7.30 a.m. Elegant Cafe Service on above Train. MONTREAL AND NEW YORK. Shortest line. Quickest Service. 2 Day trains, daily except Sunday each way. 1 Night train, daily each way. LVE. MONTREAL 7.15 a.m., 11.00 a.m., 7.35 p.m. ARR. NEW YORK 10.30 p.m., 11.53 p.m., 7.20 a.m. \*Daily, 1 daily except Sunday. TOURIST SLEEPING CARS. Leave Montreal Mondays and Wednesdays at 10.30 p.m., for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof as far as the Pacific Coast. A nominal charge is made for Bertha which may be secured in advance. CITY TICKET OFFICES, 137 St. James Street, Telephone Main 400 and 401, or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC THROUGH SERVICE. TORONTO, HAMILTON, LONDON CHATHAM and the WEST. Leave Windsor St. Station 9.30 a.m. week days 10 p.m. daily. Cafe cars between Montreal and Detroit. IMPROVED OTTAWA SERVICE. Lv. Windsor Stn., 8.45 a.m., 2.40 a.m., 10.10 a.m., 4.00 p.m., 10.50 p.m. Ar. Ottawa, 11.45 a.m., 12.40 p.m., 1.25 p.m., 7.00 p.m., 1.40 a.m. Lv. Place Viger, 8.30 a.m., 5.45 p.m. \*Daily, Sundays included. \$Sundays only. Other trains week days only.

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**Or, the Prophecy.**

**A STORY OF INDIAN WARFARE.**

**CHAPTER XXIII.—(Continued.)**

A pause ensued, but it was short. Before any one could find words to remark on the horrible circumstances, the appalling war-cry of the savages burst loudly from every quarter upon the ears of the devoted crew. In the desperation of the moment, several of the men clutched their cutlasses between their teeth, and seizing the concealed matches, rushed to their respective stations at the guns. It was in vain the boatswain called out to them, in a voice of stern authority, to desist, intimating that their only protection lay in the reservation of the fire of their batteries. Goaded and excited beyond the power of resistance to an impulse that set all subordination at defiance, they applied the matches, and almost at the same instant the terrific discharge of both broadsides took place, rocking the vessel to the water's edge and reverberating throughout the confined space in which she lay, like the deadly explosion of some deeply excavated mine.

Scarcely had the guns been fired, when the seamen became sensible of their imprudence. The echoes were yet struggling to force a passage through the dense forest, when a second yell of the Indians announced the fiercest joy and triumph, unmixed by disaster, at the result; and then the quick leaping of many forms could be heard, as they fled from the crashing underwood, and rushed forward to close with their prey. It was evident, from the differences of sound, their first cry had been pealed forth while lying prostrate on the ground, and secure from the bullets, whose harmless discharge that cry was intended to provoke; for now the voices seemed to rise progressively from the earth, until they reached the level of each individual height, and were already almost hotly breathing in the ears of those they were destined to fill with illimitable dismay.

"Shiver my tossels, but this comes of disobeying orders," roared the boatswain, in a voice of mingled anger and vexation. "The Indians are quite as cunning as ourselves, and aren't to be frightened that way. Quick, every cutlass and pistol to his gangway, and let's do our best. Pass the word forward for the axemen to return to their quarters." Recovered from their first paroxysm of alarm, the men at length became sensible of the presence of a directing power, which, humble as it was, their long habits of discipline had taught them to respect, and, headed on the one side by Captain de Haldimar, and on the other by Sir Everard Valletort, neither of whom, however, entertained the most remote chance of success, few as commanded, to their respective gangways. The yell of the Indians had ceased, and all was hushed into stillness; but as the anxious and quick-sighted officers gazed over the bulwarks, they fancied they could perceive, even through the deep gloom that everywhere prevailed, the forms of men, resting in cautious and eager attitudes, on the very verge of the banks, and at a distance of little more than half pistol shot. Every heart beat

with expectancy—every eye was riveted intently in front, to watch and meet the first movements of their foes, but not a sound of approach was audible to the equally attentive ear. In this state ofaching suspense they might have continued about five minutes, when suddenly their hearts were made to quail by a third cry, that came, not as previously, from the banks of the river, but from the very centre of their own decks, and from the topmast and rigging of the schooner. So sudden and unexpected, too, was this fresh danger, that before the two parties had time to turn, and assume a new posture of defence, several of them had already fallen under the butchering blades of their enemies. Then commenced a desperate but short conflict, mingled with yellings, that again were answered from every point; and rapidly gliding down the pentland ropes, were to be seen the active and dusky forms of men, swelling the number of assailants, who had gained the deck in the same noiseless manner, until resistance became almost hopeless.

"Ha! I hear the footsteps of our lads at last," exclaimed Mullins exultingly to his comrades, as he finished despatching a third savage with his sturdy weapon. "Quick, men, quick, up with cutlass, and take them in the rear. If we are to die, let's die in a game, he would perhaps have added, but death arrested the word on his lips; and his corpse rolled along the deck until its further progress was stopped by the stiffened body of the unhappy Fuller.

Notwithstanding the fall of their brave leader, and the whoopings of their enemies, the flagging spirits of the men were for a moment excited by the announcement of the return even of the small force of the axemen, and they defended themselves with a courage and determination worthy of a better result; but when, by the lurid light of the torches, now lying burning about the decks, they turned and beheld, not their companions, but a fresh band of Indians, at whose pouch belts dangled the reeking scalps of their murdered friends, they at once relinquished the combat as hopeless, and gave themselves unresistingly to be bound by their captors.

Meanwhile the cousins experienced a renewal of all those horrors from their distracted minds had been temporarily relieved; and, petrified with alarm, as they lay in the solitary berth that contained them both, endured sufferings infinitely more terrible than death itself. The early part of the tumult they had noticed almost without comprehending its cause, and but for the terrific cry of the Indians that had preceded them, would have mistaken the deafening broadsides for the blowing up of the vessel, so tremendous and violent had been the concussion. Nay, there was a moment when Miss de Haldimar felt a pang of deep disappointment and regret, at the misconception, for, with the fearful recollection of past events so strongly impressed on her bleeding heart, she could not but acknowledge that to be engulfed in one general and disastrous explosion was mercy compared with the alternative of falling into the hands of those to whom her loathing spirit had been too fatally taught to deny even the commonest attributes of humanity.


"As for Clara," she had not the power to think or to form a conjecture on the subject; she was merely sensible of a repetition of the horrible scenes from which she had so recently been snatched, and with a pale cheek, a fixed eye, and an almost pulseless heart, lay without motion in the inner side of the berth. The piteous spectacle of her cousin's alarm lent a forced activity to the despair of Miss de Haldimar, in whom apprehension produced that strong energy of excitement that sometimes gives to helplessness the character of true courage. With the increasing clamor of appalling conflict on deck, this excitement grew at every moment stronger, until it finally became irrepressible, so that at length, when through the cabin windows there suddenly streamed a flood of yellow light, extinguishing that of the lamp that threw its flickering beams around the cabin, she flung herself impetuously from the berth, and, despite the efforts of the aged and trembling female who attempted to detain her, burst open the narrow entrance to the cabin, and rushed up the steps communicating with the deck.

The picture that there met her eyes was at once graphic and fearful in the extreme. On either side of the river,

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Is what every two-ounce bottle of Bovril holds. Bovril is the only essence of meat in which you get all the beef. Extracts contain the juices, only. Bovril contains all the muscle forming Fiber, too; giving it staying power, as well as stimulating properties.



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Also any part of the Outfit separate. White Wood Articles for Decorating Boxes for Oil and Water Color Painting. Cases of Mathematical Instruments. Esada Drawing Boards, Whatman's Papers, Canvas, Brushes, etc. M. CARBETH & CO. Artists' Materials & Painters' Supplies. 1007 NOTRE DAME ST.

lines of streaming torches were waved by dusky warriors high above their heads, reflecting the grim countenances, not only of those who bore them, but of dense groups in their rear, whose numbers were alone concealed by the foliage of the forest in which they stood. From the branches that waved themselves across the centre of the river, and the topmast and rigging of the vessel, the same strong, yellow light produced by the bark of the birch tree steeped in gum, streamed down upon the decks below, rendering each line and block of the schooner as distinctly visible as if it had been noon on the sunniest of those far distant lakes. The deck itself was covered with the bodies of slain men—sailors and savages mixed together, and amid these were to be seen fierce warriors, reclining triumphantly and indolently on their rifles, while others were occupied in securing the arms of their captives with leathern thongs behind their backs. The silence that now prevailed was strongly in contrast with, and even more fearful than, the horrid shouts by which it had been preceded; and, but for the ghastly countenances of the captives, and the quick, rolling eyes of the savages, Miss de Haldimar might have imagined herself the sport of some extraordinary and exciting illusion. Her glance over these prominent features in the tragedy had been cursory, yet accurate. It now rested on one that had more immediate and terrifying interest for herself. At a few paces in front of the companion ladder, and with their backs turned towards her, stood two individuals, whose attitudes denoted the purpose of men resolved to sell with their lives alone a passage to a tall, fierce looking savage, whose countenance betrayed every mark of triumphant and deadly passion, while he apparently hesitated whether his uplifted arm should stay the weapon it wielded. These individuals were Captain de Haldimar and Sir Everard Valletort, and to the former of these the attention of the savage was more immediately and exultingly directed, so much so, indeed, that Miss de Haldimar thought she could read in the ferocious expression of his features the death-warrant of her cousin. In the wild terror of the moment she gave a piercing scream that was answered by a hundred yelling voices, and, rushing between her lover and his enemy, threw herself wildly and supinely at the feet of the latter. Uttering a savage laugh, the monster spurned her from him with his foot, when, quick as thought, a pistol was discharged within a few inches of his face, but, with a rapidity equal to that of his assailant, he bent aside his head and the ball passed harmlessly on. The yell that followed was terrific, and while it was yet swelling into fullness, Captain de Haldimar felt an iron hand firmly grasping his throat, and, ere the grasp was relinquished, he again stood the bound and passive victim of the warrior of the Fleur de Lis.

(To be continued.)

**BIBLE WORDS.**  
THURSDAY, FEB. 5.  
TAKE MY YOKE UPON YOU.  
In Matt. ii., Jesus invites burdened and toiling ones to come to Him for rest, and then to take upon them His yoke, which means labor and toil. When two oxen are yoked together, the larger and the stronger of the two bears the greater part of the burden, and the worker who is linked with Christ has the lightest part of the yoke. Christ's strength is His, and Christ's sympathy is also His, and Christ's company so good, that service with Him is easy, and what would be a burden becomes light. Christ came as the Father's servant and meekly bore the yoke of service, and He bore it alone, delighting in His Father's will, though it involved the drinking of a bitter cup. When He asks us to enter His service as workers, it is with the promise of His presence and power (Matt. xxviii., 19, 20), which His servants have always had. When yoked with Jesus we are very near Him. We have His strength in our weakness, and we learn to work in His way. However great the work may be we are always sure that He will enable us to accomplish it. All we need to be sure about is, that the work is His and that He has called us to it. The yoke is not the symbol of salvation, but of the service to which the saved are called. What a privilege to be co-workers with Christ, by our surrender to His will.

Jesus teaches that it is the work of the Holy Spirit to lead men into all truth. Men are more willing to discuss

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Carpenters & Builders,  
375 HAYWARD ST., near Blouery.  
Jobbing promptly and neatly done. First-class workmanship. Prices moderate. Estimates for all classes of work. Phone Uptown 1158.

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Special and general work in  
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Wholesale and Retail  
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Office 441 St. Lawrence St., cor. Ontario,  
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At 20 percent off all his fine stock of Framed and Unframed Pictures, is just what the people want. NOW is the time to decorate your homes. Call early and get the best of art at low prices.  
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Wholesale and Manufacturing Stationers, Blank Book Manufacturers, Printers and Lithographers.  
A large stock of Blank Books, Ledgers, Day Books, Journals, Binding Cases, and general office requisites always on hand; prices right. We have a Day Time Clock registering 100 numbers which will sell at a bargain. Also bankrupt stock of Silverware to be sold very low.

**BEDDING HOUSE, Estab'd 1869**  
S. J. TOWNSEND, Sole Proprietor of the Business of the late J. E. Townsend, has removed to 2504 St. Catherine St., corner Crescent, where he will manufacture, renovate and repair Spring Beds and Bedding of every description at short notice. Lowest Prices. Work guaranteed. Tel. Up. 2425.

**The LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO., Limited.**  
Mills at Kewatin and Portage la Paire, Manitoba.  
CAPACITY, 3,500 BARRELS DAILY.  
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No. 10 C. P. R. Telegraph Building, St. Francis Xavier St.

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PRACTICAL DECORATOR and PAINTER,  
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Now is the time to have your Toboggans Repolished and prepared for Racing. Old ones made like new by J. HENRY JONES. TEL. UP. 2798.

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Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.  
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ELECTRIC HOUSE WIRING A SPECIALTY.  
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PACKING CASES,  
BOXES of all descriptions,  
LUMBER, rough and planed.  
Sawdust and Kindling.  
Telephone 2421 Main.  
55 Atwater Ave., MONTREAL.

**READABLE PARAGRAPHS.**

**"PUNCH" POINTS.**  
Severe weather is reported from Jersey City. Last week two heavily laden milk waggons collided, and all the contents were upset. In a few minutes' people were chatting on a magnificent sheet of water.

We are improving. The news that Venezuela had definitely submitted was received in a quiet and dignified manner, and did not lead to a repetition of the wild and hysterical scenes which took place when peace with the Transvaal was announced.

America, it is announced, possesses a monkey that can play ping pong. We have no wish to foster international jealousies, but we have seen thousands of them in England.

There has been friction with Russia about the Dardanelles, and it has been proposed that a fresh agreement shall be concluded between the signatories to the existing treaty, by which no foreign power is on any pretext whatever to be allowed to send warships through the Dardanelles unless strong enough to insist on it.

Meanwhile, Great Britain has told Russia in no uncertain voice that it was really too bad of her.

England is not the only country that requires a Drunkards Act. A remarkable sea monster has been seen by some fishermen near Melbourne.

The War Office has been making experiments with wireless telegraphy. It is not known who told the War Office of the invention.

There is very little doubt now that a bill will shortly be introduced to prevent the influx of undesirable aliens into England. Such a measure has become absolutely necessary, as it is declared that our own criminal classes are now finding it difficult to earn a living.

The Sultan has objected to the performance of 'Dick Whittington' by the members of the British Embassy at Constantinople on the ground of the pantomime being immoral. He considers 'Dick's' rapid rise to opulence is not satisfactorily accounted for.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is better than other powders, as it is both soap and disinfectant.

**A SURE WORD OF PROPHECY.**  
The name of prophet can hardly be denied to Richard Burbage, who recited the following epilogue at the Globe Theatre in 1611, in reference to the successions of James of Scotland to Queen Elizabeth: "A Scot our King? The limping State That day must need a crutch. What next? In time a Scot will prate As Primate of our Church. When such shall be, why then you'll see That day it will be found The Saxon down through London ground Shall burrow underground. And sure enough, while Archbishop Davidson is called to Canterbury, London's 'tube' system is being pushed on.—'London News'.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"Don't worry about him, dear. All the world loves a lover." "Yes; but papa's so awfully unworldly."—'Life'.

**Children Cry for CASTORIA.**  
Children Cry for CASTORIA.  
Children Cry for CASTORIA.

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Bring your oculist's prescription for glasses to me. I will fill it with absolute accuracy. All my glasses are made to measure. The right frames; the exact adjustment, so that the lenses are held in just the right position. This is my specialty.  
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BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS,  
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WHITE WANDON,  
SILVER WANDON.  
Can supply Eggs for Incubator.  
Send for our new Incubator.  
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Victoria Square, MONTREAL.

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**SUNLIGHT SOAP**

If you want to wash nice things such as lingerie, lace handkerchiefs, curtains, fine underwear, use Sunlight Soap and follow the directions carefully. Sunlight Soap is a pure soap that contains no "free" alkali to injure delicate fabrics. It will restore articles to their original freshness without changing the color. Sunlight Soap will not injure anything that water will not damage.

**ASK FOR THE OCTAGON BAR**

Sunlight Soap washes the clothes white and won't hurt the hands.

**LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO.**

# STANLEY CUP REMAINS Winnipeg Victorias Defeated in the Final Match for the Coveted Trophy.

### CROWD IN ATTENDANCE AT THE ARENA LAST EVENING A RECORD ONE—FULL REPORT OF THE CONTEST.

#### Teams Were Entertained After Match—Victorias Leave To-night.

The cup remains. Last night's play off ended in favor of the champions by the decisive score of four goals to one.

Again that immense auditorium was packed to overflowing with an audience of wildly excited spectators, who possibly expected to see the cup slip away. Then imagine their enthusiasm over the result. Montreal retains the cup, after successfully defending it in one of the fastest, cleanest, and best hockey games ever played by the champion seven. In fact, it is doubtful if the annals of hockey tell of a more notable struggle.

On Monday night the champions were beaten fairly and squarely because they did not play their usual game, but if ever a team deserved victory it was the Montreal seven last night. Seldom has a team shown more surprising improvement in form than the Montreal did. On Monday the forwards were lethargic and slow to follow up the puck. Last night every man was in old-time form, and played winning hockey all through.

The crowd was mostly Montreal, but the Victorias had many sympathizers. When they scored the cheering was loud and long. However, when the locals found the nets after the most brilliant play, the audience rose almost as one man, and all its pent up enthusiasm was given vent to in a magnificent outburst of applause, and after the locals scored the first goal, the enthusiasm was never allowed to die away.

It was a splendid game to watch, clean generally, but aggressive always. That it was fast hockey no one will deny. The little games of former years were slow and the men of iron, and the Victorias bowed to the inevitable.

**CLEAN AND FAST.**  
It was a great crowd that assembled at the arena to see the final struggle; it was limited only by the capacity of the rink. Hundreds clamored for admission, but were unable to get room.

There were very few off-sides, nothing to be compared with previous matches, and the delays were not of an annoying nature. In these respects the game was a marked contrast to that played on Saturday, or even Monday evening. In fact, it was a better exhibition of hockey in every way.

The Victorias defence played strong, especially during the second half, and they handled the rushes of the Montreal forwards in acceptable style. But the boys in blue were out to win, and a pluckier game than they put up could not be imagined. Many were the hard body checks they received, but they never allowed them to weigh themselves, body and soul, into the weight and strength of their opponents, and into the excitement of the play.

The champions' forwards were always after the puck, and when they were having in dangerous proximity to their goal, they were there to prevent a score, and to get the rubber away.

The blue was up against the strongest defence in the business. When the champions got away from their checks, which they usually did, they generally had the two Fletts to pass before the goal was open. The game, however, was more of a defence proposition for the Victorias than it was for Montreal, and the strength of their goal defence was tested last evening to the limit, but they nobly responded. Possibly Olsen and the Flett brothers never had to work as hard as they did last night, and never did they attend to their duties better during the present series at least.

Fred Scanlan was without doubt the best player on the ice. Scanlan has become a very popular player, and whenever he makes one of his sensational runs up or down the ice, the spectators heartily applaud his work. Not once during the entire series was he ruled off.

### HOW THE GAME WAS WON.

From the very blow of the whistle it was seen that the game was going to be closely contested. Both teams got down to play in earnest. Mr. Chauncey Kirby who officiated as referee, showed immediately that he was determined to suppress all roughness or infringement of the rules in any respect, as scarcely their game began when Keane was relegated to the benches for a rough check. Play was well in Victoria territory for the first part of the match, then Scanlan carried the war into Montreal territory in a brilliant run down the ice. The latter was a mile up some distance out, and Marshall on a pass from Hooper, tried a shot. It passed between a bunch of legs, and before Olsen was aware of what had happened, it was whispered in silent tones around the rink that Montreal had scored.

Keane was responsible for the next game, and the last one for the Victorias. He blocked a lift, and instead of rushing in on the nets, he shot from the side, and in a twinkling it glanced past Nicholson, and it was hockey all the way. Time and again did the Montreal line work the puck right in on the Victoria nets, and the champions were rewarded for their efforts by adding two more games to their score before the puck to the other end, and for five minutes it was one continued "biff, bang, shoot, Archie; shoot, Jack; and let her go, boys," around the nets. Still no score. Victorias were playing a great defence. Half a dozen times the Montreal forwards were right in on top of Olsen, and he got away with the puck every time. Then Montreal scored. Marshall and Hooper

### THE SECOND HALF.

commenced, the Victorias headed the puck for the Montreal goal at the start, and kept it in that vicinity for several minutes, but Montreal was not to be overpowered, and a magnificent spurt the forwards rushed the puck to the other end, and for five minutes it was one continued "biff, bang, shoot, Archie; shoot, Jack; and let her go, boys," around the nets. Still no score. Victorias were playing a great defence. Half a dozen times the Montreal forwards were right in on top of Olsen, and he got away with the puck every time. Then Montreal scored. Marshall and Hooper

or got in a pretty combination play, and on a quick pass the latter scored.

The Victorias were ever aggressive, but there was now something lacking in their general team play; still on and on they pressed, but they were unable to penetrate the Montreal defence.

To individualize would probably be an injustice to the players, every one of which played the game of their lives. Still it may not be amiss to say a little in this direction.

Nicholson in goal was perfect. Bellingham, at point, played the game from start to finish, and when it is realized that he played under adverse circumstances, his work was all the more courageous.

Boon, at cover point, was simply a wonder. He has never been seen to better advantage.

Hooper was in great shooting form, and he put up a magnificent game.

Marshall was as alert as ever, and his skating, dodging and shooting on goal, were never used to better advantage.

Phillips excelled himself in his runs the entire length of the ice, and his shooting on the nets, were features of the game.

Smith played like a Trojan. He skated fast, passed quickly, and shot with judgment and precision.

In short, the game played by the entire Montreal team last evening was brilliant, but above all, it was effective, and the Stanley cup remains.

### THE LOSING TEAM.

While the Victorias played hard, determined and aggressive hockey, they were not in the same class last evening with the Montreal seven. Their rushes were strong, their combination good, and their checking hard. They fought hard throughout. The forwards were aggressive and clever, while the defence was big and strong. Over-confidence may have had something to do with their somewhat unexpected defeat; one thing is certain, they failed to play sufficiently strong to regain the cup. The team seemed to early realize their inferiority, and quite often the forwards failed to quickly follow up the puck. They were more or less slow in accepting chances and tardy to avail themselves of opportunities. They bunched their nets continuously, allowing Montreal to gain easy shooting access. However, it may have been the locals' great form and speed over the challengers that made the latter appear at times not any too strong.

Individually, the players were strong, but to no one in particular outside of P. Scanlan, can credit be given. All played aggressively, and each man put forth his greatest efforts to win, but it was of no avail.

Long before the teams appeared on the ice the audience was cheering lustily, and as a consequence when the teams entered the arena, they were met with a royal reception. The players indulged in a little preliminary work, when Chauncey Kirby, who officiated as referee, blew the whistle, and for a few moments he kept the players interested in what he had to say about the rules, and it might be mentioned right here that the work of Mr. Kirby last evening was ideal. He was strict from the very start, and he got after the men in great shape for what infringements he did notice, and fortunately, they were few and of a trifling nature.

The teams lined up as follows:

Montreal	Position	Victoria
Nicholson	Goal	Olsen
Bellingham	Point	R. Flett
Boon	Cover pt.	M. Flett
Hooper	Forwards	Gingras
Marshall		Cadham
Smith		Keane
		Scanlan

Referee, Chauncey Kirby.

### THE SUMMARY.

Game	Won by	Scored by
1	Montreal	1—0
2	Victoria	1—0
3	Montreal	1—0
4	Montreal	1—0
5	Montreal	1—0
6	Unfinished	

### FINAL SCORE.

Montreal	4
Winnipeg	1

### THE GAME IN DETAIL.

Play started at 8:40 o'clock. The Montreal team took the puck up on Victoria. M. Flett returns; Gingras receives and he rushes in on Nicholson, passes to Keane, who shoots wide; Bellingham goes behind the net, and Hooper, relieving the situation, Cadham quickly gets possession, dodges Marshall, passes to Scanlan, whose shot is blocked by Boon. Smith and Hooper play the puck up the ice, and Smith passes to Boon, to Hooper; who shoots, but Olsen intercepts, and Cadham gets puck and passes to Scanlan. For several minutes the Vics hold the puck in Montreal territory, but finally a long, low shot clears the situation. Hooper captures the disc, and he and Smith send several shots, but Olsen before R. Flett sends the puck up the ice by a long lift. Gingras made a pass, and Keane missed. Boon lifts. Cadham takes it into the cover; Scanlan shoots, stopped; Gingras gets it, shoots, stopped; Boon brings it up. M. Flett stops. Smith shoots. R. Flett stops. Victoria play combination, take it down.

Scanlan shoots wide; Bellingham relieves, and Phillips receives and rushes in on the Victoria goal. R. Flett intercepts and he lifts down ice. The referee warns Keane. Montreal takes puck into Victoria territory. Hooper, Marshall and Smith all shoot in turn. Flett lifts. Boon stops a hot one and takes it right up the ice. Scanlan and Keane take it down again, and Scanlan endeavors to evade Nicholson. The puck is cleared. Marshall takes it down and passes to Hooper, who tries on goal; Olsen blocks, and R. Flett clears Victoria territory. Boon brings it up, and with the rubber and passes quickly to Phillips, who shoots wide. M. Flett rushes behind the nets to secure puck, but Hooper checks and receives the disc. Olsen blocks and turns puck to side; Vics rush down the ice, and Scanlan on a pass from Cadham sends in a stiff shot at Nicholson. Bellingham sends puck up into Montreal line, when Phillips on a quick pass hands it to Marshall, who dodges Keane, and tries to

score. R. Flett blocks and rushes out with puck. Boon receives the lift and returns. Hooper gets possession, but Cadham checks and passes rubber to Gingras, who tries to pass Boon, but fails. Puck faced in Montreal territory. Vics get control of situation, and rush down the ice for a moment or so; Nicholson and Bellingham play the game, but finally the situation is settled.

Montreal forwards by combination play, work puck within inches of Victoria nets; the latter playing a great defence. Gingras carried the rubber down the ice, but Phillips takes it away, and passes to Hooper, who dodges Cadham, and gives it to Marshall, who in an instant shot on goal. Olsen failed to see it coming, and up goes the umpire's hand. Montreal had scored.

The cheer that greeted this performance was deafening, and the first game for the champions now set the audience going in earnest. Up to this time the play was clean, but the checking was hard and fast. Second Game—in an instant the puck was off again. Marshall got the better of Keane, and the puck was rushed into Victoria territory. The latter rush down with it, and Scanlan misses the nets by an inch. The Vics were now working at a terrific pace to equalize matters, and for a few minutes Nicholson was kept busy.

Finally, Bellingham got possession of the puck and sent it out of danger. Smith got it and dodged M. Flett, but lost to Gingras, who lost to Hooper. This player rushed past Keane and tried a long, low shot, but R. Flett was in the way, and he lifted the rubber down the ice. Boon returned it, and some pretty stiff shots were sent in on R. Flett and Olsen. However, they stopped them, and on a pass from M. Flett to Scanlan, the latter gained a short distance in the direction of the Montreal goal, but when he passed to Cadham, Phillips comes between and carries puck in opposite direction, and passes to Marshall; the latter loses to M. Flett, who

did not mind in the least being released from action. However, the champions dashed on, and time after time they rushed the puck from goal to goal in an attempt to score. Every man on the team was going a pace fast enough to please the most fastidious. Phillips and Keane got suddenly engaged in a fistio encounter, but it was of short duration, as the referee called it off. Both were requested to retire, and barely had they left the ice when the gong sounded full time, with the Montreal boys making a magnificent and united rush down the ice in an endeavor to reach the Victoria goal. However, their work was out short, the struggle was over, the fight was won.

The boys were carried to their rooms in triumph by their excited supporters, while hundreds more waited at the main door of the arena singing and shouting with the delight of victory. It was a great, glorious, and above all, an unexpected victory.

### AFTER THE MATCH.

Crowds of delighted supporters of the champion team paraded the streets until midnight, while hundreds more saw the champion home.

The Victorias, as Captain Cadham said last night, have to accept the inevitable. They had done their best, but had failed. He was glad it was over. The team will leave for home as soon as they can wind up their private business affairs here.

Captain 'Dicky' Boon was a happy man last night, as well as his players. He freely expressed his delight at winning the deciding match, and he still believed that the Montreal hockey club should now return the cup to the trustees at Ottawa. However, that was for the committee to decide. He felt proud of the team as the players had had a rather unfortunate week of it when all things also considered. 'Well, Olsen, Montreal make a dash for the Stanley Cup. We'll get it further down the ice, to be immediately returned by Boon. Montreal was now doing some fine combination work. End to end lifts were in order, when finally Hooper rushed in on Nicholson, who pushed down the ice, passes to Cadham, who just then fell down. The play was stopped, and it was discovered that he had received an ugly wound from a skate on the back of the foot. He was unable to stand any longer, and it was decided to play on Dan Flett on the line.

This player made a favorable impression, but his work was not as strong as Cadham's. When the puck was once more in the hands of Hooper, he made a dash for the Victoria end, and the Vics carry the puck into Montreal territory. Scanlan, Gingras and Keane shot, but Nicholson stops them, and Montreal dashes on to apparent victory. The Victoria line carries the puck down the ice again, but Boon intercepts and lifts into Vics goal limit. M. Flett returns the rubber, and Gingras carries it within shooting range of Montreal nets. Keane goes off for cross-checking Bellingham. Montreal rushes the puck back to the Victoria end, where Phillips and Hooper send in several hard and rapid shots, which Olsen looks after. End to end rushes with considerable hard checking are in order, when the latter by Scanlan, who makes a dash for the Montreal end, and in a scuffle the puck is sent to the side of the rink. 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