

THRUST AND PARRY A FENCING BOUT BETWEEN TWO NOTED DIPLOMATS.

Interchange of Notes Between the Marquis of Salisbury and Mr. Blaine, U.S. Secretary, on the Behring Sea Question—The Marquis Denies all the Secretary's Contentions.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The correspondence from Aug. 24th, 1889, to July 19th, 1890, in the Behring Sea matter, was laid before Congress to-day. The correspondence is still in progress. The first documents were of a skirmishing nature, and the correspondence did not come down to a definite character until Sir Julian Pauncefote arrived in person.

Mr. Blaine's First Note.
Mr. Blaine wrote Sir Julian, January 23rd, 1890, defending the acts complained of by the British Government. He claims that the seized vessels were engaged in a pursuit in itself *contra bonos mores*, a pursuit involving injury to the rights of the United States. Also, that the claim of the U.S. was the same as that maintained by Russia when she possessed Alaska and which was then acquiesced in by the other nations. Also, that the taking of seals in the open sea leads to the extinction of the species and the law of the sea does not justify acts against the welfare of mankind.

Salisbury's Reply.
The Marquis of Salisbury, under date of May 22, 1890, replies to the letter and discusses the question of *contra bonos mores*, and whether, if the acts were such, this would justify seizure on the high seas in time of peace of the private vessels of a friendly nation. It is an axiom of international law, he says, that such action is only admissible in the case of piracy, or in pursuance of special international agreement. This principle has been universally admitted by jurists and was very distinctly laid down by President Tyler in his special message to Congress dated 27th February, 1843, when, after acknowledging the right to detain and search a vessel on suspicion of piracy, he goes on to say: "With this single exception no nation has in time of peace any authority to detain the ships of another upon the high seas on any pretext whatever outside the territorial jurisdiction." Now the pursuit of seals in the open sea, under whatever circumstances, has never hitherto been considered as piracy by any civilized state. Nor, even if the United States had gone so far as to make the killing of fur seals piracy by their municipal law, would this have justified them in punishing offences against such law, committed by any person other than their own citizens, outside the territorial jurisdiction of the United States. In the case of the slave trade, a practice which the civilized world has agreed to look upon with abhorrence, the right of arresting the vessels of another country is exercised only by special international agreement, and no government has been allowed that general control of morals in this respect which Mr. Blaine claims in behalf of the United States in regard to seal hunting. But her majesty's government must question whether this pursuit for special reasons can be declared unlawful even

if it has been agreed by international arrangement to forbid it. Fur seals are indisputably wild animals, *ferae naturae*, and these have universally been regarded by jurists as *res nullius*, until they are caught. No persons, therefore, can have property in them until he has actually reduced them into possession by capture.

Must Have Better Evidence.
It requires something more than a declaration that the government or citizens of the United States, or even other countries interested in the seal trade, are losers by a certain course of proceeding, to render that course an immoral one. Her Majesty's government would deeply regret that the pursuit of fur seals on the high seas should involve the slightest injury to the people of the U.S. If the case be proved, they will be ready to consider what measures can be properly taken for the remedy of such injury, but they would be unable on that ground to depart from a principle on which free commerce on the high seas depends.

The Russian Claims Argument.
The second argument advanced by Mr. Blaine is that the "fur seal fisheries of Behring Sea had been exclusively controlled by the Government of Russia, without interference and without question, from the original discovery until the cession of Alaska to the U.S., and that from 1867 to 1886 the possession in which Russia had been undisturbed was enjoyed by the U.S. Government also without interruption or intrusion from any source."

Replying to the alleged exclusive monopoly of Russia, Lord Salisbury says, after Russia at the instance of the Russian American Fur Company claimed, in 1821, the pursuit of commerce whaling and fishing from Behring Straits to the 31st degree of North latitude and not only prohibited all foreign vessels from landing on the coasts and islands of the above waters, but also prevented them from approaching within 100 miles thereof. Mr. Quincy Adams wrote as follows to the United States Minister in Russia: "The United States can admit no part of these claims. The right of navigation and fishing is perfect, and has been in constant exercise from the earliest time throughout the whole extent of the Southern Ocean, subject only to the ordinary exceptions and exclusions of the territorial jurisdictions. That the right of fishing, thus asserted, included the right of killing fur-bearing animals is shown by the case of the United States brig *Loriot*. That vessel proceeded to the waters over which Russia claimed exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of hunting the sea-otter, the killing of which is now prohibited by the United States, applicable to the fur seal, and was forced to abandon her voyage and leave the waters in question by an armed vessel of the Russian Navy."

Mr. Forsyth, on writing on the case of the American minister at St. Petersburg, on the 14th of May, 1887, said: "It is a violation of the rights of the citizens of United States, immemorably exercised and secured to them, as well by the law of nations as by the stipulations of the first article of the convention of 1826 to fish in those seas and to resort to the coast for the prosecution of their lawful commerce upon points not already occupied."

Another Argument Disposed Of.
Replying to Secretary Blaine's statement that from 1857 to 1886 the possession of the seal fisheries was enjoyed by the United States without intrusion or interruption from any source, Lord Salisbury says he cannot but think that Mr. Blaine has been misinformed as to the history of operations in Behring Sea during that period, and cites instances to prove that British vessels were engaged at intervals in the fur seal fisheries with the cognizance of the United States Government.

Protest to the British Government.
Under date of May 9, 1890, Secretary Blaine, writing to Sir Julian Pauncefote, again goes over the ground of the entire controversy and says that he is instructed by the President to protest against the course of the British Government in encouraging and protecting vessels in doing violence against seal life. The President, Secretary Blaine says, is surprised that such protest should be called forth by Lord Salisbury, because the previous declarations of his Lordship would seem to render it impossible.

On the 14th day of November, 1887, Lord Salisbury, Secretary Blaine says, in an official interview with the Minister from the United States (Mr. Phelps), cordially agreed that "a code of regulations should be adopted for the preservation of the seals in Behring Sea from destruction at improper times, by improper means, by the citizens of either country," and Lord Salisbury suggested that Mr. Phelps should obtain from his government and submit to him (Lord Salisbury) a sketch of a system of regulations which would be adequate for the purpose."

Further interviews were held during the following month of February (1888) between Lord Salisbury and the American minister accompanied by the Russian ambassador. In answer to Lord Salisbury's request, Mr. Phelps submitted the "regulations" which the government of the United States desired, and in a dispatch of February 25th, Mr. Phelps communicated the following to Mr. Bayard, Secretary of State:—"Lord Salisbury assents to your proposition to establish by mutual arrangements between the governments interested, a close time for fur seals between April 15 and Nov. 1st between 60 degrees of longitude east in the Behring Sea, and he will cause an act to be introduced in parliament effecting this arrangement as soon as it can be prepared. In his opinion, there is no doubt the act will be passed. He will also join the U.S. government in any preventive measure it may be thought best to adopt by orders issued to the naval vessels of the respective Governments in that region."

You will observe, Secretary Blaine says, then, that from the 11th of November, 1887, to the 23rd of April, 1888, Lord Salisbury had in every form of speech assented to the necessity of a close sea-

son for the protection of the seals. These assurances were given to the American Minister, to the Russian Ambassador and on more than one occasion to two of them together. The United States had no reason, therefore, to doubt that the whole dispute touching the seal fisheries was practically settled. Indeed, to have distrusted it would have been to question the good faith of Lord Salisbury. In diplomatic intercourse between Great Britain and the United States he is said, to the honor of both governments, that a verbal assurance from a minister has always been equal to his written pledge. Speaking the same language, there has been no room for misunderstanding between the representatives of the two governments as may easily have happened between those of different tongues.

For several weeks following April 28th, Mr. Blaine says, there were many calls by the American Minister at the foreign office to learn whether "Canada has been heard from." He called alone and called in company with the Russian Minister. Finally, on the 20th of June, Lord Salisbury told him that an urgent telegram had been sent to Canada, a week ago, in respect to the delay in its expedition. "What a reply had been received by the Secretary of the State for the colonies, saying that the matter will be taken up immediately."

Mr. White, relying entirely upon these assurances, ventured to "hope that shortly after Mr. Phelps' return the British Government will be in a condition to agree upon the terms of the proposed convention."

It was thus acknowledged, Mr. Blaine says, that the negotiation into which Lord Salisbury had cordially entered, and to which he had readily agreed, even himself suggesting some of its most valuable details, was entirely subordinated to the judgment and desire of the Canadian Government. This Canadian Government cannot but feel, Secretary Blaine continues, that Lord Salisbury would have dealt more frankly if in the beginning he had informed Minister Phelps that no arrangement could be made unless Canada concurred in it, and that all negotiations with the British Government direct was but a loss of time. When you, Mr. Minister (Sir Julian Pauncefote), arrived in this country a year ago there seemed the best prospect for a settlement of this question, but the Russian Minister and the American Secretary of State have had the experience of Mr. Phelps and the Russian Ambassador repeated. In our early interviews there seemed to be a ready disposition on your part to come to a reasonable and friendly adjustment as there has always been on our part to offer one. You will not forget an interview between yourself, the Russian Minister and myself, in which the lines for a close season in the Behring Sea, laid down by Lord Salisbury, were not only exactly repeated by yourself and were inscribed on maps, a copy of which is in the possession of the Russian Minister and a copy in my possession. A prompt adjustment seemed practicable, an adjustment which I am sure would have been honorable to all the countries interested. No obstacles were presented on the American side to the question. No insistence was made upon the Behring Sea as a *mare clausum*, no objection was interposed to the passage of British ships at all times on all commercial errands through the waters of the Behring Sea. But our negotiations, as in London, were suddenly broken off for many weeks by the intervention of Canada. When correspondence was resumed on the last day of April you made an offer for a mixed commission of experts to decide the questions at issue. * * *

The propositions made by Lord Salisbury in 1888 and the propositions made by Her Majesty's Minister at Washington in 1890 are insignificant contrasts. The circumstances are the same, the rights of the United States are the same in both years. The position of England has changed, because the wishes of Canada have demanded the change. The result then with which the United States is expected to be content is that her rights within the Behring Sea and on the islands thereof are not absolute, but are to be determined by one of Her Majesty's provinces. The British Government would assuredly rightfully complain if an agreement between her representative and the representative of the United States should, without notice, be broken off by the United States, on the ground that the State of California writes not willing that it should be completed. California has a governor chosen independently of the executive power of the National government. Canada has a governor appointed by the British Crown. The legislature of California enacts laws with which the executive power of the United States has no right whatever to interfere. Canada enacts laws with which the executive power of Great Britain can interfere so far as absolutely to annul them. Can the government of the United States, Mr. Blaine asks, be expected to accept as final the decision of the government of Great Britain that an agreement with the United States cannot be fulfilled because the province of Canada objects?

On June 2nd, 1890, Secretary Blaine wrote to Sir Julian that after a prolonged interview with the President, that arbitration could not be concluded in time for this season, and what the President and Secretary of State wanted to know was whether Lord Salisbury, in order to promote a friendly solution of the question, would for a single season agree to excluding British sealing vessels from the Behring Sea for the present season, a regulation which, in 1888, he offered to make permanent.

On June 4th Secretary Blaine, speaking for the President, replied, expressing regret at the rejection of his friendly proposal for the adjustment of the fisheries trouble.

The Fire Record.
PICKTON, Ont., July 23.—The Union Vale cheese factory, two miles north of Pickton, was burned down this afternoon. Loss about \$2,000. Insured for \$700.

BRONTE, Ont., July 23.—In this village about 2:30 this afternoon, a fire broke out in the store occupied and owned by Robert Joyce, consuming the contents and building. The fire spread to the two adjoining houses owned by Thomas Morrow and Duncan McDonald, the furniture being all saved. The store and stock were fully insured in the Western Insurance Company.

Do not fail to try "Monteerrat" Lime-Fruit Juice this hot weather. It is delicious.

DEATH WON THE RACE

DEPLORABLE FATALITY AT
DULUTH REGATTA.

Yacht Racing Merrily Under a Stiff Breeze
—A Sudden Squall Capsizes Several—
Lively Scene During the Rescue—Two of
the Contestants Sink to Rise No More.

DULUTH, Minn., July 23.—During the progress of the yacht race this morning a sudden squall came up and the sail boats were capsized. Two of them sank immediately. One boat contained a party of five, all of whom were provided with life preservers. They were picked up in a short time uninjured. In another boat were Rev. Mr. Lathrop and Rev. Dr. Dunn and three others. They were also picked up all right. The crew of the Roamer were not so fortunate; she was being sailed by her owner, Charles Linlner, in the yacht race, and with him was J. W. Clark, both of whom were drowned, and the rest of the crew were picked up. The Roamer was heavily weighted and sank like a shot, giving the unfortunate men no chance for their lives. Mr. Lindner leaves a wife and 3 children.

The Nushka won first prize in the yacht race this morning, Manitow second. Sweetheart won the special prize. The course was seven miles, around two buoys. Nushka's time was 1 hr. 12 min.

Afternoon Races.
There were only two entries in the first race, G. O. Nettleton and B. H. Wright, both of the Minnesotas. It was Nettleton's race from the start. Both men pulled on a 24 stroke, and at the turn Nettleton waited for his opponent to catch up on him. The race home was devoid of interest, Nettleton winning in 10:07, Wright losing by 13:14.

Hanan and Hosmer caused some stir in the crowd by taking a short spurt in front of the grand stand.

Four oared race.—It was 6:30 when the word was given for the Juniors to row for the third time. The five crews got away together, and to the turn it was as pretty a race as one would care to see. The Minnesotas turned first closely followed by the Duluths. Half way down the stretch the Duluths and Lurines came together and both stopped rowing. The Winnieps crossed the line first about a length ahead of the St. Pauls, who had about the same lead over the Minnesotas. Time—10:29, 10:34 and 10:41. Both the Lurines and Duluth claim for it.

The doubles.—In the junior double the Minnesotas and Lurines failed to start and the Cathins rowed over the course alone. The senior pair was a very tame affair. F. D. Standish, and F. A. Lynch, of the Detroit Club, were clearly too much for their opponents, W. Sargeant and W. Forbes, of the Washington Club, and the latter quit before the turn.

ODD-FELLOWS AT KINGSTON.
Charming Weather and a Successful Demonstration the Order of the Day.

KINGSTON, Ont., July 23.—The Odd-Fellows' demonstration is an unqualified success. The weather has been charming and the enjoyments constant and appreciable. There was a great company of visitors in the city to-day. The patriarchs militant were handsomely uniformed in cocked hat with white and purple plumes and with gold lace sash and epaulettes, sword and scabbard, and in fact as much decoration as would suit to shame any brigadier in the regular army. The organization is American and is made as attractive as they could desire. This was the first occasion upon which any large cantonment has occurred. The parade through the street was an imposing affair, and cantons from Oswego, Rochester, Watertown, with delegates from Kingston, Utica, Ogdensburg, Oneida, Syracuse, and other union places in New York State, cantons from Belleville, Montreal, Ottawa, St. Thomas, Kingston, and delegates from Peterboro, Toronto, Bowmanville, Hamilton and other places in Canada. The forces were under the command of Col. Lander of the second Canadian regiment. After much parading to the music of four bands the 2000 men, including subordinate lodges of Odd-Fellows from many points in Eastern Ontario, assembled on the market square, where the cantons were reviewed by Gen. Woodward of Albany, N.Y., commanding the division of the Atlantic, to which the Canadian forces are attached. He made a complimentary speech, and Mayor Drennan of Kingston was appointed his Canadian A.D.C., an honor by which he wished to mark his pleasure over his Canadian visit. This afternoon the cantons marched to the Agricultural Park and spent four hours in competitive drill for prizes. The cantons went through very fancy movements, creating the greatest delight and calling forth much applause. It was really marvelous the expertness displayed. The judges will not report until after to-morrow's exhibition.

In the bicycle contest the winners were: Three mile—J. McKay, S. McBride and H. Bawden. Two mile race—C. G. Rothwell, F. Roney, J. S. Johnston. Half mile obstacle race—C. Graetz. There was a continuation of the base ball tournament. Belleville I.O.O.F. won a fine picture for having the largest number in the morning procession. The celebration concludes to-morrow.

Apostatizing Armenians.
CONSTANTINOPLE, July 23.—Advices from Erzeroum are that 575 Armenians, inhabitants of the village of Arzay, have petitioned the Russian Metropolitan at Erivan for admission to the Greek church, to be accompanied by the protection of the Russian Consulate. The Turkish authorities are vigilantly on the outlook to suppress all similar petitions from other districts.

Correspondence Over Behring Sea Dispute.
WASHINGTON, July 23.—The correspondence between the State Department and the British Foreign Office relating to the Behring Sea controversy, was sent to Congress to-day by Secretary Blaine.

Russia Selling Silver.
ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.—The Russian Minister of Finance is giving much attention to the silver situation. Large amounts of silver are exported daily by the Bank of the Empire to Berlin and Amsterdam.

CHILL AND THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Republic to be Well Represented at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 23.—Charles E. Brookings, one of the owners of the nitrate mines in Chili is here. He says that in Chili "the people and journals are at present talking a great deal of the late Pan-American Congress, and are really anxious that something should come of it. They desire better communication with the United States, and indeed it seems to me that Americans are neglecting a marvellously rich field."

"The wonders of the north of Chili, in an agricultural way, are, I imagine, undreamed of by you Americans. The most wonderful vineyards are found there, and the exhibit of wine from that country at your world's fair will be one of the greatest surprises to you all. Yes, they are already talking of the fair, and the Chilean journals are urging the country to excel the exhibits made at Paris. I am sure that Chili will show at Chicago how greatly she leads the South American Republics, and in the effort to do so the people will be aided by most generous appropriations from the government."

MANITOBA AND NORTHWEST.

A Dishonorable Act of Winnipeg Hackmen—
—Favorable Crop Reports.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 23.—The hackmen who were engaged by the City Council to drive the visiting brotherhood around the town struck for a double tariff at the last moment this evening. There is an excursion down Red River to-morrow. After usual secret session there will be a reception at Government House and concert in the evening.

The weather continues very warm. Government immigration offices have received elaborate crop reports from Bohemian, Hungarian and Scandinavian colonies near Whitewood. The harvest gives every promise of being very bountiful.

THE ERZEROUH RIOT.

A Bishop Murdered, the Armenians Roused and Anarchy Everywhere.

LONDON, July 23.—A despatch from Tiflis to the *Daily News* says that the Armenian Bishop of Erzeroum was among those killed in the riot on June 20, and that his death has roused the Armenians to the highest pitch of excitement. The whole country is in a state of anarchy. Business is at a standstill and travelling impracticable. Half starved Turkish soldiers and Kurds, under the pretence of maintaining order, patrol the country, plundering wherever they go. The Persian Consul at Erzeroum offers the persecuted Armenians an asylum in Persia.

PORTUGUESE AFRICA.

The Government Avoid Discussion of the Shire District Cession Question.

LISBON, July 23.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Senhor Navarro questioned the government with reference to the negotiations with England regarding the Shire district. He protested against the cession of any territory between Tete and Zambeze.

Senhor Ribeiro, Minister of Foreign Affairs, replied that the government must maintain reserve. He urged the Deputies and the press to abstain from comments pending the negotiations for a settlement.

NINE PERSONS POISONED.

An Entire Family at Shawton, Wis., Likely to Die.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., July 23.—A poor family named Kingberg in Shawton, consisting of father, mother and seven children, had canned meat for their Sunday dinner. This afternoon, two hours later, they were seized with violent illness. The physicians think four or five of the children will die.

SAYS HE MISTOOK HIM FOR A BEAR.

E. J. Ferguson Fatally Shot by C. S. Lord at Farwell, Mich.

FARWELL, Mich., July 23.—E. J. Ferguson was picking berries in the woods at Silver Lake to-day, when C. J. Lord shot him through the heart at twenty paces. Lord says he mistook Ferguson for a bear.

Indians Ready for Trouble.

MILLE LACS, Minn., July 23.—The Indians on the Mille Lacs Reservation are preparing to make trouble again. They have laid in a supply of liquor and gone up the Kettle River to pick blueberries. Many of them said before they left that after they finish picking berries they will work their way towards White Earth Reservation of their own free will and not wait to see if the Government will move them there or let them remain here, as they now realize the latter is very improbable. The crop which the Indians are expecting will prove a failure. The entire Mille Lacs band only planted three patches of ground, about three and one-half acres in all, and they have danced so much this summer that weeds have choked up all vegetation.

Killed by the Same Bolt.

GOSBEN, Ind., July 23.—A single bolt of lightning, which preceded a severe thunder-storm at Nappanee Friday evening, killed Charles Hathaway, a well-known contractor of this county, and Edward Neuffer, who was driving at the time. Neuffer was terribly burned. The lightning accompanying the storm struck many buildings and damaged the crops to the extent of thousands of dollars.

Conflict in Morocco.

MADRID, July 23.—A number of Arabs fired upon a detachment of Spanish cavalry near the town of Mellila, a Spanish convict settlement on the north coast of Morocco, and several of the cavalymen were wounded. The attacking party was killed. The Arabs were killed.

Insubordinate Indian.

FORT SILL, I. T., July 23.—Colonel Carlton, with three troops of cavalry, left this evening for Anadarko Agency. Agent Adams anticipates trouble in preventing the Kiowas from holding the grass dance, and calls for troops to assist him.

FORWARD, MARCH!

GENERAL MOVE OF BRITISH AMERICAN GARRISONS.

Reliefs and Changes at Jamaica, Barbadoes, Bermuda and Halifax—Second Grenadiers to do a Penal Term at Bermuda—
Complete Their Punishment at Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 23.—The magnitude of to-day's labor demonstration is the subject of general remark, nothing of the kind having ever been seen here before. The whole affair was highly creditable to the trades organization. After marching through the city, the societies went by steamers to McNab's Island where a monster picnic and sports were held. There were about 5,000 people at the grounds. After the procession, Robert Taylor, boot and shoe manufacturer, gave his large force of employees a lunch at the factory, and Rodd McDonald, brass founder and machinist, gave the city news-boys an excursion on the harbor. The day was pretty generally observed as a holiday. Most of the stores and other places of business being closed. To-night a promenade concert was held in the public gardens.

Orders were received here to-day for the West Riding Regiment to prepare to embark for Jamaica and Barbadoes on the troopship *Tamar*, August 10th, to be relieved by the 17th Leicestershire Regiment, now at Bermuda, the latter garrison being occupied by the Grenadier Guards from London. This movement will in the usual course of events bring the Grenadier Guards to Halifax in a year or two.

FIGHTING FOR CHINA TRADE.

The Pacific Mail and Canadian Pacific Conclude to go to War.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 23.—It is now definitely settled that the Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental Steamship companies mean war to the knife against the Canadian Pacific Railroad. George H. Rice, traffic manager of the first named companies, is in Victoria making arrangements to begin the fight on their behalf.

The Canadian Pacific first declared its intention of running its China steamers to and from the East by way of San Francisco, and has carried out its threats by taking freight and passengers for that port by the *Abyssinia*, which will arrive there about the end of August. She will be followed by the entire Canadian Pacific fleet in turn.

To meet this, the American corporations have determined to invade Canada. Mr. Rice says:—"I'm in Victoria now for the purpose of arranging to run the China steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to and from San Francisco by way of either Tacoma or Victoria. The probabilities are that Victoria will be the point, at least for the present. If your big wharf is soon completed I will decide at once, and probably appoint agents before I leave here."

"The first steamer, which will be the *China*, will arrive here for San Francisco on or about August 2, for China and Japan. The first steamer from the other side will leave Hong Kong to-day for Victoria. She is the *City of Peking*, and has engaged both passengers and cargo for Victoria and Sound ports. We don't intend to do any business with our steamers between Victoria and San Francisco, as our relations with the Pacific coast steamship company are most cordial. As far as regards the Canadian Pacific we expect before that line gets its new steamships to get good hold on business. We shall take no overland business over the Northern Pacific and Oregon Short line."

What the policy of the Canadian Pacific will be is uncertain. Three new steamers for that line which are soon to be placed on the Eastern route are rapidly approaching completion in British dock yards. The contract requires the vessels to develop eighteen knots on trial and sixteen and one-half knots on a 400 miles sea trip. It is confidently expected by the builders that this will be exceeded, no expense being spared to make these vessels in every respect equal to the very finest vessels afloat.

CORNERING THE MEAT MARKET.

A Gigantic Corporation to Purchase and Control the Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The new stock yards syndicate has begun negotiations for the purchase outright of the National Stock Yards at St. Louis, the Union Stock Yards at St. Joseph, Mo., the Union Stock Yards at South St. Paul, and the smaller yards at Iowa City. These are the locations of definite negotiations. It is stated further that the immense corporation contemplates the netting of every cattle pen in this country. These developments to-day would indicate that the syndicate is destined to be the most gigantic corporation in America.

The Way They Do It in Russia.

BERLIN, July 23.—Bartenjus, the Warsaw murderer of the actress Wisniewska, has been deprived of his army rank on the ground of so-called domestic troubles, but has not received any other punishment.

Weather Report.

TORONTO, Ont., July 23.—The pressure conditions have not changed much since last night, except that the depression over Superior has become a little more, important local showers have occurred in Ontario, elsewhere the weather has been fine.

Minimum and maximum temperatures—Calgary 46-90, Prince Albert 50-82, Qu'Appelle 52-78, Minnedosa 50-82, Winnipeg 54-78, Port Arthur 58-79, Toronto 63-77, Montreal 56-80, Quebec 60-72, Halifax 50-76.

Probabilities.

Lakes—Moderate to fresh southerly to westerly winds, partly cloudy and warm, with showers and thunder storms. St. Lawrence, upper—Moderate to fresh southerly winds, generally fair and warm local showers or thunder storms.

St. Lawrence, lower gulf—Fresh winds, fair and warm; local showers to-night or to-morrow.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh southerly winds, fine and warm.

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COAL COMPANY.**

Tenders are invited for stores of various kinds required by the Company at Springhill Junction, N. S., (on line of Inter-Colonial railway) during the twelve months commencing 1st August, 1890.

Forms of tender with full particulars can be had on application to E. Laflamme, General Storekeeper at Springhill, or at the Head Office, Montreal.

Tenders endorsed "Tenders for Stores," and addressed to the undersigned will be received on or before 30th July.

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General Manager,
Springhill, N. S.

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Business Correspondence should be addressed to THE HERALD COMPANY (Limited). All other Correspondence to be addressed "The Editor," Mr. M. St. John.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 24th

CIRCULATION 1889
Daily Average.....5,112

TO-DAY'S DOINGS.

Afternoon and evening entertainments at
Sohmer Park.
Trotting at Lepine Park at 2 p.m.

THE MORMON PROBLEM.

A Vancouver, B. C., lawyer who was recently in Chicago, is reported by the Tribune of that city as saying that the Mormons who are drifting into the North West are striving to get such a hold of the Province of Alberta as will ensure them political influence enough to enable them to force the government to recognize all the peculiar tenets of Mormonism, including polygamy. He also points out that they are spreading themselves over all the western part of the United States, and that thriving Mormon settlements can now be found in Idaho, New Mexico, Montana and Wyoming. As the Mormons are completely under the control of their church leaders, they necessarily vote solidly as the church dictates. It will thus be easily seen that if their numbers increase rapidly in the North West they will be able to exercise a large degree of political influence and thus become a factor in North West politics that cannot safely be either laughed at or ignored, and that is what the Dominion Government at present seems disposed to do. There will be a good deal more danger in allowing that vicious system to be engrafted upon the life of Canada, than in allowing Chinese of the respectable and intelligent class to become citizens of the Dominion. The Mormon problem is one which the Government will be compelled to grapple with vigorously at no distant day. Would it not be better to grapple with it now before it becomes a power in the land?

A PROTECTIONIST WALL.

The fact that Canada last year imported from the United States agricultural products to the value of \$5,800,000, has alarmed the London Free Press, because the articles imported, it says, are such as "our farmers not only raise in sufficient quantities to meet local wants, but are articles which they export and intend to go on exporting." The following is the list which is causing our contemporary so much anguish:

	Value
Horses.....	\$145,843
Cattle.....	21,751
Sheep.....	81,863
Swine.....	37,002
Mutton.....	19,535
Pork.....	922,438
Bacon and Hams.....	635,159
Beef.....	100,624
Lard.....	635,539
Tallow.....	35,961
Butter.....	77,228
Cheese.....	11,209
Poultry.....	9,751
Eggs.....	91,172
Wheat.....	12,623
Barley.....	3,328
Oats.....	21,510
Pease.....	8,567
Corn.....	1,206,910
Commeal.....	388,495
Flour (wheat).....	991,227
Potatoes.....	21,469
Fruit.....	456,492

Now it may safely be assumed that these articles were not imported just for the fun of the thing, or for the purpose of flooding the markets, but because they were required in the country and came in the way of profitable exchange for other Canadian products. Is there anything wrong in that? If these products were not required for home consumption or for re-export, and if the importers did not make some profit on the transactions, they would not have been imported. Probably a considerable portion of the agricultural products specified were imported for re-export, as the Trade Returns furnish the information that in 1889 we exported of animals and their produce and agricultural products, not the produce of Canada, to the value of \$4,577,284. We recommend the Free Press not to get excited over this matter. If there is any meaning in what it says, trade is a very bad thing and the sooner a Chinese wall is erected to keep out anything that can be produced in Canada, even by hot-house process, the better. Is that what our contemporary wants?

But here is another point for our London contemporary. It complains because we imported of animals and their produce and agricultural products from the United States to the value of \$5,800,000. It should take comfort from the fact revealed by the trade returns, that our exports to the United States of the articles it specifies amounted in 1889 to \$13,148,075. Now the Americans must have wanted these things or they would not have purchased them from Canada; they certainly did not buy them just for the fun of the thing. The only inference to be drawn from the facts is that the transactions were necessary and profitable to the people of both countries. If the import of articles which a country produces is undesirable and an unprofitable investment—as the language of the Free Press seems to imply—then so far

as concerns the articles quoted by our contemporary, the United States are worse off than Canada by nearly eight millions of dollars. From the trade restrictionists' standpoint, therefore, the Americans are the people who should do the weeping, not the Canadians. The fact that in spite of tariff obstacles there should be so large a trade in agricultural products between the two countries, indicates how much larger and more profitable that trade would be to the people of both Canada and the United States if the tariff obstacles were removed.

Here is another brilliant Free Press deliverance: "Now, no one could learn of the enormous amount of meat imported last year from the United States, without feeling that the Government were amply warranted in increasing the duties." The reason why that meat was imported was because Canada did not supply the demand. The imposition of the additional duties therefore means increased cost to consumers of all classes. Indeed, it looks very much as if the imposition of the additional duty was intended as a punishment for those Canadians who preferred to use American meat because they could get it cheaper than the scarce Canadian article—a nice spirit to animate a paternal government, altogether irrespective of the fact that the increased duties constitute heavy additional burdens on important Canadian industries, and at best can only benefit a few pork-packers in western Ontario.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN WAR.

The breaking out of hostilities between San Salvador and Guatemala is not of itself a very startling event. The history of these and other Central American States is very largely a record of internal revolution and internecine strife, and hostilities between each other, which have seriously retarded the development of the country. The real importance of the outbreak of hostilities consists in whether they will be confined to the two States mentioned, or whether Costa Rica and Nicaragua, and possibly Honduras and Mexico will be drawn into the struggle. Indeed, the possibilities of war in Central America are such as may compel the intervention of other powers, and lead to international complications. But, apart from those possibilities, the Salvador-Guatemalan quarrel is regretted in some quarters because it suspends, for the present at least, the negotiations that were progressing somewhat hopefully looking to a union of the Central American States under one Government. Such a consummation, it was hoped, would put an end to inter-state jealousies, and afford scope for the establishment of a more liberal form of government and the development of the country's varied resources. It is somewhat doubtful, however, if they would behave more peacefully united than separated. The following are the area and population of the States which were expected to form the United Republic of Central America:

Area—sq. m.	Population
Nicaragua.....	49,500
Costa Rica.....	7,225
Guatemala.....	694,533
Costa Rica.....	1,224,992
Honduras.....	237,750
	431,917
	109,925
	2,924,812

A State with an area of 170,000 square miles and a population of 3,000,000 would be a very respectable power, and under a strong Government and free institutions should make steady progress, provided the people were heartily united in working out their political destiny under such institutions. Whether or not the people of Central America are prepared for an experiment of this kind remains to be demonstrated. One thing seems to be pretty clear—that they are reasonably fond of fighting.

THE TARIFF DEBATE.

The debate on the McKinley Tariff Bill has been opened in the Senate, and there is a pleasant prospect before the members of that chamber if, as is anticipated, the agony is to be continued until the 1st of September, and all the Democratic Senators and a majority of the Republican Senators are to present their views on the subject. The flood of tariff literature will be immense. In view of the trials ahead of them the public are almost to be pitted; for though they can keep away from the Senate Chamber, they can hardly avoid reading the tariff literature in the newspapers. There can be no doubt the bill will be thoroughly dissected; perhaps so badly mutilated that even its author will become ashamed of it. Prominent Republican Senators have declared that it will be radically changed before it gets through the Senate.

The Chicago Tribune says the United States do not want so well squeezed an orange as Cuba at \$200,000,000. Says our contemporary: "There is no desire on the part of the people of this country to annex Cuba. A protectorate and reciprocal trade would be of more value to us. The sale might be a good thing for the Spaniards, if they are hard up, but a great deal of missionary work will have to be done in Cuba before she will be fit to become an American Territory or State." That is about the proper gauge of the question.

THE EMPIRE.—Another drawback in the United States is the control of the legislature by rings, which aim successfully to make monopolists rich at the cost of others.

And these rings and monopolists are part and parcel of the protective system—the same as that which the Toronto organ insists shall be permanently fastened upon Canada, and which are already controlling legislation to a very unhealthy extent. For a protectionist organ the Empire admits entirely too much.

A pessimistic Tory organ says much of our trade with the United States "is actuated by market fluctuations and not by necessity," and therefore it is an un-

stable trade. The fact that our trade with Great Britain has declined from \$107,000,000 in 1873 to \$80,000,000 in 1889, while our trade with the United States has increased from \$89,000,000 in 1873 to \$94,000,000 in 1889, in spite of tariff obstacles, would seem to show that Canada's trade with the latter country is not only very convenient but profitable and stable as well.

ALD. CLERKENNEN probably thought he was doing something clever at the Council meeting on Tuesday, in speaking in favor of doing the street paving by contract, and then voting for the Finance Committee's report to have it done by day's work. The contractors' combine, so-called, will not thank him for his speech; it is his vote they wanted. If he thought the contract system the best for the city he should have voted for it man-fashion. The citizens cannot have much confidence in a representative who tries to be on both sides at the same time.

The burden of cable despatches just now is that the war cloud is about to burst on the Balkans. Things do look a little squally in the East, but that war cloud has been threatening to burst on the Balkans for so long a time that people may be excused if they regard it as a sort of put-up job between European stock speculators and the people who cable "war cloud" despatches to New York papers.

An American paper says that Queen Victoria travels on a pass, and yet every trip she makes to Balmoral costs the English Government \$5000 to defray the railroad expenses. If true, that would be something like Dominion Cabinet Ministers travelling on free passes, and still charging full travelling expenses to the country.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.

ABOLISH PROVINCIAL SUBSIDIES.
We can conceive of no method more conducive to the good administration of provincial affairs than a termination of the subsidy system, and the introduction of the American plan of direct taxation for local purposes, such as already prevails in the municipalities.—Montreal Gazette.

PRETTY SATISFACTORY.
For a free trade country Great Britain appears to be getting along tolerably well. The Board of trade returns for June were quite satisfactory. The value of the imports amounted to \$32,926,000, compared with \$29,327,000 for June of 1889, an increase of 12 per cent, and the British and Irish exports to \$21,533,000, as against \$18,697,000, and increase of 15 per cent.

BLIGHTED BY PROTECTION.
A correspondent of the Montreal Gazette, writing from Quebec remarks that "a person visiting the harbor of Quebec is struck by the almost total absence of steamships, and the scarcity of sailing vessels flying the British flag." So it seems that the policy of high taxation and trade restriction has not only killed off Quebec's ship-building industry, but has also driven British shipping away from Quebec harbor, notwithstanding the enormous amounts of public money which have been spent upon docks and other improvements there.—Ottawa Free Press.

TWO DIFFERENT THINGS.
Benjamin Harrison wants to be president once more. What Ben wants and what the people want are two different things.—Buffalo Times.

THE HANDWRITING ON THE WALL.
In the West and South the farmers' alliances are making lively campaigns in what would otherwise be a dull "off year" in politics; and in the Granger States the movement promises to result not only in the reorganization of more than one State Government but also in the election of several anti-monopoly Congressmen, who are expected to bring away from Quebec harbor, notwithstanding the enormous amounts of public money which have been spent upon docks and other improvements there.—Philadelphia Record (Ind.).

THE FORCE BILL.
Arm the present Republican administration with the means of maintaining itself, and of inflicting a successful retribution on the use of its methods, and there will be nothing but armed revolution that can overthrow the usurpation. The Lodge bill, which is to secure all this, has passed the Republican House. It would be too much to hope that it will not meet the approval of the Republican Senate. It is the darling project of the Republican President, who is exerting all his influence to have it enacted into a law. All the mean and despicable men of the Republican party are in favor of it. Statesmen like Blaine oppose it; but statesmen are now at a discount in Federal politics. The conspirators are sanguine of success.—New Orleans Picayune.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

A Social Squabble.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 23.—There has been a ripple of social excitement in the city of Woonsocket, caused by a discussion in the newspapers of the subject of dancing.

The controversy threatens to end in a lawsuit unless a minister publicly apologizes to a dancing master.

The Rev. H. E. Cooke, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, protested against the high school graduates ending up their course with a ball. He was answered by one of the young ladies who signed her public communication "Graduate."

Pastor Cooke came out with a reply to "Graduate," in which he referred, among other subjects, to a dancing master, who, he alleged, had to leave the city not long since on account of moral and financial irregularities.

Many communications were then printed, some criticising the reverend gentleman and others criticising "Graduate."

Then Professor R. J. Chute, of Lynn, formerly of Woonsocket, set the dancing master referred to, took a hand. He has, it is alleged, a warrant sworn out for criminal libel against Parson Cooke, basing his claim upon the "moral and financial cloud" statement, and it is alleged that arrest and trial will follow if the reverend gentleman does not apologize.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The court house employees have had their wages increased 25 cents per day.

The Acting Mayor is down on civic employees who are not at the City Hall by 9 o'clock.

The Catholic Young Men's Society have decided to hold their annual picnic on the 26th inst., at Highgate Springs.

The S.S. Storm King, of the Ross Line, from London, passed Father Point, inwards, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The friends of the Mercier Government claim that they will face the opposition with a majority of twenty-nine.

This time it is the stranger who is taking in Montrealers, passing off three-cent American pieces as Canadian ten-cents.

Francois Lorrain, a veteran of the war of 1812, has passed away at the ripe age of 98 years, leaving upwards of 58 descendants behind him.

About 700 young folk enjoyed a day's sail on the river yesterday on the "Cultivateur," under the auspices of the Fresh Air Fund Committee.

"If this Acting Mayor doesn't sign these contracts," said Ald. Prefontaine, "we shall have another after August 1st who will likely sign them."

Messrs. Sibert, Ivor Price, and John Haswell have formed a partnership and will establish a factory in this city as glass benders, glaziers, plumbers, etc.

The old firm of Michael Feron and Son, undertakers, has been dissolved. Mr. Michael Feron, senior, retired, and his son, Mr. M. J. Feron, continues the business.

The dirty condition of the River St. Pierre outside the city is being complained about. Trouble is feared unless the Provincial Board of Health force the local Board to act.

The residents of Cote St. Louis complain that every Sunday a race track in that vicinity is largely patronized, and a continual noise made, much to their discomfort and annoyance.

Mr. Choquette, of the firm of Mercier, Beausoleil, Choquette & Martineau, has gone to L'Assomption to commence proceedings in the contestation of the election of Mr. Marion, M.P.P. for that county.

Messrs. H. M. Kaufman and William J. Martel have formed a partnership under the title of the Rochester Chemical Company, and will carry on the business of importers and dealers in chemicals and medicinal specialties.

The annual Sunday School picnic of St. Thomas Church was held at the Athletic Club House grounds yesterday. About 200 children went out in charge of Rev. M. Lindsay and thoroughly enjoyed themselves in various ways.

Mr. Desforges, superintendent of the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company, received a despatch from Cleveland yesterday morning informing him that the new shaft for the steamer "Quebec," weighing eight tons, has been shipped, so that the boat may be expected to run in a very short time.

Referring to the recent confiscation of a number of loaves of bread La Presse says that, although the great majority of our bakers are honest, still a much greater quantity of light bread is consumed every year than is confiscated by the authorities. La Presse calls upon the City Council to take immediate steps to have a thorough and systematic inspection of this most important article.

Messrs. Fairbanks, of Chicago, have leased the building at the corner of Anne and Wellington streets for the purpose of opening a land factory. Extensive alterations are being commenced on the premises. New engines and boilers and expansive vats will be put in, the cost of which will amount to several thousand dollars. There will be 10,000 feet of working space, and a large number of employees will be required.

Sixty raftsmen went west on the "Soo" train yesterday morning, bound for the upper Ottawa lumber country. The foreman said they were going up to Petawa to bring down two hundred cribs of square timber for Mr. Joseph Mackie. As the rafts have to be taken to pieces and put together several times at the several slides by which the rapids are overcome, it will take five or six weeks before the timber reaches Quebec.

"There is three times as much square timber going down this season as last," said the foreman, "and business is good with us. It is a long time since the water has been so high at this time of the year as it is now. That is a good thing, for if water was low we could not run timber in July."

Everyone Should Try
To secure good health. The great specific for all diseases arising from disordered stomach, such as overflow of bile, sick headache, loss of appetite, nausea, palpitation, indigestion, constipation and all blood diseases, is Burdock Blood Bitters. Hundreds of people owe their health to B.B.B., purgative's regulator tonic.

"THIS IS AN AGE OF APOLLINARIS WATER."
Walter Beant.

Apollinaris
"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

The filling of the Apollinaris Spring (Rhenish Prussia) amounted to
11,894,000 bottles in 1887,
12,720,000 bottles in 1888
and
15,822,000 bottles in 1889.

NOTICE.—The well-known Yellow Labels of the Apollinaris Company, Limited, are protected by Perpetual Injunctions of the Supreme Court.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

ARMOUR'S

EXTRACTS OF BEEF

—ARE—
Strongly Recommended by the best Authorities.

SOLID EXTRACT, in Jars, 2oz., 4oz., 8oz., 1lb.

FLUID EXTRACT, in Bottles, 4oz., 8oz., 1lb.

To be had of all Wholesale Drug and Grocery Houses, or from

JAMES ALLEN,
No 6 St. Nicholas Street, Montreal.
Agent Armour & Co., Chicago.

RATHEN & CAVERHILL
Heavy Hardware and Metal Merchants

CAVERHILL, LEARMONT & CO.
Shelf Hardware Merchants

Caverhill's Buildings
89 St. Peter Street
Montreal

Carsley's Advertisement

THURSDAY JULY 24TH

JULY CLEARING SALE
Of Surplus Stock at Reduced Prices
Begins every morning at 8 o'clock.

WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
S. Carsley's July Cheap Sale ???

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
S. Carsley's July Cheap Sale ???

BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED IN
MANTLES.

WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
S. Carsley's July Cheap Sale ???

TRIMMED MILLINERY AT A GREAT
REDUCTION.

WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
S. Carsley's July Cheap Sale ???

BETTER BARGAINS THAN EVER IN
PRINTS.

WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
WILL YOU MISS
S. Carsley's July Cheap Sale ???

SECURE SOME OF THE HOSIERY AT
REDUCED PRICES.

CLAPPERTON'S POOL COTTON!
Use Clapperton's Pool Cotton and you are sure of the best thread in the market. Its strength and smoothness cannot be excelled. Always ask for

CLAPPERTON'S POOL COTTON.

S. CARSLY.

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777,

NOTRE DAME STREET,
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Telephones—Bell, No. 2020; Federal, 555. No.

CREAM SUGAR SUCCOTASH

(CORN AND BEANS)

(EXTRA QUALITY)

Packed at Portland, Cumberland Co., Me.

Cream Sugar Corn.

Winter Luxury Sugar Corn

Both Maine packing, and both of the very best quality.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

SUGAR CURED SALMON

A choice lot of the Finest Smoked Salmon just received.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

SAFE DRINKS FOR THE WARM WEATHER

Rose's Celebrated Lime Juice.

The best and purest in the market.

Rose's Royal Raspberry Vinegar, in quarts.

Rose's Royal Raspberry Vinegar, in pints.

Rose's Royal Raspberry Vinegar, in 4 pints.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

BELFAST GINGER ALES

(Imported)

THE REAL SIMON PURE.

Cantrill & Cochrane's Aromatic Belfast

Ginger Ale, in 10 dozen casks.

Rose's Royal Belfast Ginger Ale, in 10 dozen casks.

Schweppe's Dry Ginger Ale.

Schweppe's English Soda Water.

Cantrill & Cochrane's "Club" Soda Water.

Rose's Royal Belfast Soda Water.

Cantrill & Cochrane's Royal Seltzer Water in dumps.

Schweppe's English Seltzer Water, in dumps.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

OUR BOTTLINGS OF CLARET WINES!

Margaux, \$3.50 per dozen.

And the popular Table Wine throughout Canada today—our famous "Club" Claret, our bottling at our brand.

CLUB CLARET! CLUB CLARET!

Club Claret! Club Claret!

Club Claret in quarts, \$5.75 per dozen.

CLUB CLARET! CLUB CLARET!

Club Claret! Club Claret!

Club Claret, pints, \$3.50 per dozen.

BURGUNDY WINES,

OUR BOTTLINGS.

For Case, 1 doz., 2 doz., 3 doz., 4 doz., 5 doz., 6 doz., 7 doz., 8 doz., 9 doz., 10 doz.

Beaujolais, Vintage 1887.....\$7.50 \$8.50

Macon, Vintage 1887.....\$8.00 9.00

Beaujolais, Vintage 1887.....\$8.00 9.00

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

FAMILY GROCERS and WINE MERCHANTS

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,

199 ST. JAMES STREET.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name, unless having my written order.

FELIX MERCIER.
Montreal, 23rd July, 1890.

NEW HALL LAMPS

New Polished Brass Hall Lamps with artistic colored globes, \$3, \$3.50 and \$4.

New English Square Brass Hall Lamps with cathedral colored glass, very fine, \$4.50 to \$7.50.

COLE'S LAMP STORE
1792 Notre Dame Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOHMER PARK

EVERY EVEN

TORONTO TOPICS.

Unlicensed Baby Farms—Technical Schools
—False Arrest—Flower Show—Action Against a Bank for Misappropriation.

Toronto, Ont., July 23.—Staff Inspector Archibald has had summonses issued against two parties for running unlicensed baby farming institutions.

The Technical School scheme is again in a state of suspension. Assistant City Solicitor Mowat reported to the Executive that the city will have to get special legislation before it can establish such schools.

The little son of Dr. Baxter, of Spadina avenue, who was run over by a street car the other day, is in a very critical condition, and his life is despaired of.

This morning at Osgoode Hall Messrs. Kerr, McDonald, Davis and Patterson, acting on behalf of Dr. McGillivray and Mr. Cleaves, issued writs against the State Detectives Little and Campbell, claiming \$3,000 for false arrest and imprisonment. Dr. McGillivray is a Hamilton man who is separated from his wife, with whom he had a disagreement as to the custody of their child. While the dispute was at its hottest, two weeks ago, two detectives, who were supposed to be acting for the wife then, and now in Chicago, pounced on McGillivray while out driving and locked him up for several hours at Burlington, releasing him without any apology or explanation.

The annual Flower Show at the Horticultural Pavilion commenced this morning. There are over 500 entries representing nearly 600 exhibitors. The show is well represented by stoves and green-house plants, in the group classes. The feature of the exhibition this year is the introduction of the children's class, for wild flowers, roses and fruits, which secured a good entry from pupils of collegiate institutions. There was a crowded attendance yesterday. The exhibition continues to-morrow.

There was filed at the office of the Clerk of the Process at Osgoode Hall this morning a writ in an action taken by E. R. C. Clarkson, assignee of the estate and effects of Tait, Bursh & Co., against the Bank of Hamilton. According to the statement affixed to the writ, the claim is for \$300 for money received by the Bank from Tait, Bursh & Co., for the purpose of paying a promissory note made by one J. W. Dowell for \$300, which money the Bank neglected and refused to apply to retire the note and applied to other purposes contrary to the arrangement made with the firm, and for damages for the wrongful refusal of the bank to honor a cheque for a \$300 drawn by the firm upon the bank, which cheque was given to retire the note.

The 23rd election petition was filed this morning with the Clerk of the Court of Appeal at Osgoode Hall, and the end is near if it be not already come. This petition is against the election of G. K. Marter (Conservative) over A. P. Cookburn (Liberal) in Muskoka. The petitioner is John Lawrence Naines of the township of Stevenson, and his agents and solicitors are Johnston and Ross of Toronto. The usual charges of corrupt practices are made.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.**EXPERIMENTS FOR PRODUCING RAIN.**

Senator Farwell's Provision for Establishing the Office of Gapogari.

New York, July 23.—A special from Washington says: Who would have believed it possible that the progressive United States would go to backward India for a scientific idea applicable to the public welfare?

In certain villages in the Indian central provinces there is an official termed the Gapogari, whose duty it is to make rain.

It probably will surprise the great mass of the American public to learn that we are to establish in this country the office of Gapogari.

The provision for the new office occurs in a most innocent-looking amendment which was tacked on by the Senate to the bill making appropriation for the Department of Agriculture, where the generous sum of \$2,000 is set apart for the uses of the forestry division in making "experiments in the production of rainfall." Inquiry develops the fact that this is a sober, serious, bona-fide proposal, and that the experiments are expected to be made; furthermore, that forestry has nothing to do with it, but that dynamite guns, electricity, and other similar instrumentalities are to be employed in the solution of the problem. Moreover, the reports from inside of the committee rooms show that Senator Farwell, of Illinois, is the father of this remarkable provision.

"The cause of his interest," remarked a colleague of his to-day, "may be guessed when it is remembered that he was a member of a syndicate who built the Texas State Capitol, and that, in payment for the work, the State turned over to the syndicate some 3,000,000 acres of land in the Pan-Handle region, which for a large part is devoid of flowing water, and suffers also from a deficient rainfall. The soil of the arid sections is of excellent quality, needing only a copious supply of water to make it richly fertile."

It will therefore be the business of Dr. Fernow, the chief of the Forestry Division, to undertake the task of exploding the rain clouds. When approached with an inquiry, the Gapogari-elect did not express himself elated at the prospect, or even very hopeful.

"The subject of inquiry is not altogether devoid of legitimate interest," said he, "but, in my opinion, our knowledge of physical forces and meteorological phenomena is scarcely yet equal to the task which is set before us here. I am reluctant to make experiments without having first investigated the basis for them."

From another source it is learned that one of the plans discussed is to purchase a quantity of dynamite and send it up in parcels of twenty-five pounds each attached to a toy balloon, arranged with time fuses so as to explode at certain heights and intervals. The whole scientific circle in Washington is making merry over Senator Farwell's scheme, and such inquiries as, "Have you consulted the Gapogari to-day?" or "What kind of weather does the Gapogari intend to give us to-morrow?" threaten to relieve the conversational tedium for the rest of the dry season.

MY HUSBAND had asthma for eight years with severe cough, and his lungs were affected. He could neither rest, work, nor get relief from any medicine he tried. Some time ago we got Hagyard's Pectoral Balm, and after taking six or eight bottles his cough is entirely cured, the asthma greatly relieved, and his lungs greatly benefited.

Out. Mrs. Couches, Apsley, Mo.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

BALLOT REFORM IN INDIANA.

Goschen Holds a Satisfactory Election Under the Australian System.

GOSCHEN, July 23.—The Goschen Hoosier feels himself a little better than his brother Hoosiers to-day, for he has had his first practical test of the new Indiana Australian Election law. An election was held upon the question of voting a subsidy of \$52,000 in aid of the Toledo and Chicago Air Line Railroad, a road which will be built from Toledo to Chicago during the next twelve months and which will pass through this city. The aid was carried by a majority of about four hundred.

Much interest was taken in this election, as it is the first one held in the State under the new law. There has been quite a campaign of education carried on by the friends of the law, and little trouble was experienced by the inspectors keeping the election straight. Three booths were reserved for the voters, wherein they marked their ballots after having the poll clerk's signature on the back. About twenty ballots have been thrown out on account of not having the clerk's initials on the back.

The booths look a good deal like canvas-covered bird cages, and cover a man from his head down to his hips. This hood contains a board, pad and stamp for the convenience of the voter. The modus operandi is even simpler than that of the old way of voting, and the fear of various complications arising in its workings has been dispelled. It can be safely predicted that the new system will give general satisfaction.

SETTLERS DESERTING DAKOTA.

A Number of Finnish and Russian Families Forced to Go by the Bad Crops.

ELLENDALE, N. D., July 23.—Wheat operators and others are making capital out of the rumor of an exodus of farmers from Dickey and McIntosh counties owing to the failure of the crops. Fifteen families of Finlanders have left Ellendale and twenty or thirty families of Russians are leaving Ashley, but there is no general exodus.

The Finlanders have a large settlement near Ellendale, and for four years raised the best crops in the county, but last year and this, owing to the drought, their wheat has been very poor. Many of them have become bankrupt as a consequence, and being unwilling or unable to continue the struggle, they are going to Northern Michigan. The present drought has existed only since July 1. Up to that time the farmers thought there was rather too much rain for the wheat. The weather for three weeks has been dry and intensely hot. After ten days of this weather the ground was parched and a series of hot winds made sad havoc in the grain, the growing crop being at a critical stage.

The Russian settlers who are moving out are the more recent arrivals. They came with barely sufficient capital to carry them to harvest time, and were not fortified to stand the loss of a crop. Most of the Russians are in a prosperous condition, having raised two or three good crops and got a fair start in live stock. There is rather a blue feeling here over the exodus and a renewed cry for irrigation.

ABERDEEN, S. D., July 23.—The sensational reports that South Dakota farmers in large numbers were leaving the State because they were unable to make a living are false. So far as known here no farmers of this county have left their farms this summer.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

FROM THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

The Snak-Horse and Buggy Lost—An Unlucky Machine.

QUEBEC, July 23.—There is so far no clue to the whereabouts of the thieves who stole Mr. Veasy's cash box at the Union Savings Bank yesterday, which contained \$130 in cash and \$5,000 in debentures of the town of Levis, payment of which has been stopped by notice to that effect to the authorities. Fortunately no cash belonging to the bank was touched. Mr. Veasy has counted the whole and found it correct.

Mr. Campbell had a fruitless chase after his horse and buggy last night, but one of his men and Detective Walsh are still on the hunt on the south shore.

Officer Trudel of the customs made a haul of smuggled goods at St. Thomas this morning, consisting of three barrels of whisky, one of wine, two cases of Vermouth bitters, one of cognac, and one of assorted liquors.

A few days ago a young man named Carrier was killed by a flying splinter from a log in a sawmill at Scott's Junction, Beauce. The usual inquest was held, the jury being composed chiefly of the other workmen in the mill, and at its close another man named Billedeau was ordered to the same work as the deceased Carrier. He undertook it very unwillingly and had hardly been engaged in it two hours when a lever broke, and striking him in the breast killed him instantly.

Some 45,000 pilgrims have visited St. Anne so far this year; 30,000 during the present month.

White Star Line Steamers.

On and after July 30th, Fall and Winter rate passages from New York to Liverpool can be had by those favorite steamers by applying at the Montreal Agency, 364 St. Paul Street. Early application is requested.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

SOHMER PARK.

Every evening this week. Mlle Debriment and Mlle. Deland, the great French-acting Singers; comic opera transformations (in costumes); Mlle. Bellac and Mlle. Andria, from Les Folies Bergeres and Cirque d'Eté (of Paris); Satsuma (Prince Kenicki), the wonderful Japanese Juggler and Equilibrist. Music by City Band. Admission only 10 cents. 23456

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free. Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. 246

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

Disease is the beginning of death, it approaches death by metaphorical means. No better means exist than the use of Burdock Blood Bitters whenever symptoms of any disease of the stomach, liver, bowels or blood appear. B.B.B. is the best life preserver.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

FROM THE DOMINION CAPITAL.

For Dear Liberty—Titles for Settlers on Dundee Reserve—A Green Goods Swindle.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 23.—Mr. W. Howland, of Toronto, who is in Ottawa promoting the Ottawa Electric Street Railway, left for home to-night.

Another attempt to escape from the County Gaol was made this morning about 10 o'clock by a prisoner named Garlneau, who is undergoing a six months' sentence for larceny. He was engaged at work at a wood shed with nine other prisoners, when Assistant Turnkey Young, who was in charge, turned away for an instant. Garlneau then sneaked over into the coal shed adjoining the wood department, and hid himself. Upon the return of Turnkey Young Garlneau was missed, and after a minute's investigation was found among the coal. He was at once taken and placed in the punishment cell.

Mr. Julius Scriber, M. P. for Huntingdon county, is in the city to-day interviewing the Department of Justice in regard to the delay which has occurred in the granting of patents to settlers upon the Dundee Indian reserve. It will be remembered that the long pending dispute between the white settlers on the Dundee reserve lands and the Indians was adjusted last year, and the amounts payable from the settlers to the Indian department agreed upon. Some delay has occurred, however, in the granting of patents to settlers because of the imperfect titles and difficulties in tracing the original occupants or lessees. Consequently the matter was referred by the Indian department to the department of Justice, and Mr. I. N. Crevier, of St. Anicet, was appointed a commissioner to investigate the matter and report upon the titles of the various settlers. Mr. Crevier is now at work, but some misapprehension has arisen as to his power and the extent of his authority.

Mr. Scriber has urged the department to extend Mr. Crevier's authority so as to enable him to report on conflicting claims and the department has promised to forward revised instructions to the commissioner.

A few days ago a parcel addressed to Louis Larin, Gatheneau Point, was received at the Ottawa custom house. The package was called for but not delivered, and upon being opened by the customs officials was found to contain a quantity of bricks. This has evidently been one of those counterfeit money negotiations where the dupe sends money for what he supposes to be a large amount of counterfeit paper, and as in this case receives in return a worthless package. The customs officials are looking into the matter.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

LUMBERMEN STRIKE IN WISCONSIN.

Thousands of Men Out of Work with Little Chance of a Compromise.

ASHLAND, Wis., July 23.—So far the strike among lumbermen has been confined to the Ashland, Washburn and Bayfield Mills. But if the strikers win here the same demand will be made of all the country mills. Three thousand men are out, and neither mill will compromise yet, and each faction is confident of ultimate success. Mill owners say they can better afford to lie idle all summer than to shorten hours and cut lumber at a loss. The strikers are led by local politicians, who have nothing to lose, and who hope to go to the State Senate and Assembly from Ashland this fall.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., July 23.—Out of the sawmills which have been shut down all were running to-day on the old eleven-hour basis except two—those of Valley & Daniel Shaw Company. Four or five hundred men have gone to the harvest field in Dakota, 150 leaving to-day. The only gain by the workmen in this strike was the one cent per hour increase in wages five per cent to keep them from joining the strike. One of the companies will run night and day, each crew working six hours.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

BILIOUSNESS AND ACID STOMACH.

Having used your Burdock Blood Bitters successfully for some time past for my complaint, biliousness and acid stomach, I have never found its equal.

Thos. W. Sutton St. Thomas Ont.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

MILLERS' ASSOCIATION MEETING.

LONDON, O., July 23.—A meeting of the millers' western local association was held here to-day and the following resolution was passed unanimously:—

"That this meeting of four millers for the counties of Middlesex, Elgin, Essex, Kent and Lambton having discussed the action of the Government in withdrawing the order in Council making the 1-16 bushel measure, a legal standard for testing the gravity weight of grain, but at the same time permitting grain buyers to use the same to inform their own minds of its value and having been informed by the Secretary of the Dominion Millers' Association, that the grain inspector in Toronto still intends to continue the small tester in ascertaining the standard of car loads and cargoes of grain in deciding whether such cargo is number one, two or three grade, therefore resolved that this meeting of millers will continue to buy by tester, using the small tester to inform their own minds of the value of wheat, both farmers' and millers', and in any dispute between buyer and seller about the weight of any contract lots, then a peck or half peck measure be used, so as to legally decide the same."

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

AS SHOWN BY THE BYE ELECTIONS.

LONDON, June 23.—Lord Randolph Churchill, speaking at the Conservative Club to-night, maintained that the Conservative party was constantly deepening its hold upon the country, while the character and calibre of the Radicals had steadily declined. He declared that the policy of the Government was succeeding at home and abroad.

Miss Annie Bell is a young actress who, from all accounts, is destined to become famous in her profession. She is a Canadian, having been born and educated not far from Toronto. She is now 19 years of age, of commanding presence and possesses many graces of form and feature. Miss Bell has been studying for the stage under the best masters in New York and evinced such decided talent that Mr. Edwin Lawrence has organized a company to support her, and will present the young lady as a star during the coming season. The company opens at Norfolk, Va., and will travel through Canada before the end of the year.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

A PECULIAR PRODUCT OF CHICAGO.

Women With Valuable Diamonds Who Drink with Strangers.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 23.—Walter Van Valkenburg was arrested last night charged with chloroforming and robbing women. Only women who wore diamonds had any sort of attraction for him. When young Van Valkenburg was captured he had a victim in tow, Mrs. Dora May, of No. 200 East Huron street, and she was plentifully besprinkled with diamonds. Van Valkenburg had a bottle of chloroform in his pocket when captured and a revolver as well, which he tried to use on his captors. Van Valkenburg's brother George, a bookkeeper in a Wall Street insurance office, is also under arrest.

So far as the police have been able to discover the young robber's first victim was Miss Kitty Howell, a good looking young lady from Philadelphia, who has been visiting for the past two months with a cousin at No. 420 West Van Buren street. He made Miss Howell's acquaintance and took her to a concert garden. There the girl ordered a glass of lemonade. After drinking it she became ill and asked to be taken home. The young man took her to a restaurant downtown. Here he ordered a cocktail and offered the bartender \$5 to put a drug in the drink. This the bartender refused to do, but after drinking the mixture the young woman lapsed into unconsciousness. When she awoke the next day it was in a cheap hotel, and all her diamonds, worth \$550, were gone.

Last Saturday night Miss Mary Roach of No. 439 West Jackson street, went with Van Valkenburg to a North Side resort and Miss Roach took a lemonade. After that she felt very "fanny," to use her own expression, but managed to get home all right. The next morning she found her two hundred and fifty dollar gown and reported it to the police.

Late last night two detectives dropped into the restaurant where the bartender who had refused to bribe was at work, and as soon as he saw the policemen he shouted:—"He's here! He's got a woman in that room covered with diamonds!"

The detectives put Van Valkenburg under arrest after a hard struggle. Mary Roach's ring was found in his pocket. Mrs. May, his companion, nearly fainted when she learned who the young man was, for the two diamonds worth several thousand dollars, and these young Van Valkenburg would have had before many hours.

In a comparatively short time this cool youth, who knows how to use his tongue when with women and keep it still when questioned by the police, has stolen at least \$10,000 worth of diamonds.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

THE MULE IN THE BUSH.

A Cute Native Plays an Old Dodge on a Party of Railway Riders.

Opposite a little railway station about five miles below Jackson, Miss., was a dense thicket, and on one of the bushes hung a white rag. A dozen of us sat with our feet hanging off the platform, and, while every man had a revolver on his hip, no one had thought of shooting at that rag. It was a hot day and we were smoking and talking, when a native came up the track and sat down with us. Presently he put out with a big revolver and aimed at the rag and pulled the trigger. The cartridge didn't explode, and there was a general laugh over the failure.

"It was such a blamed nice mark to shoot at that I couldn't resist," he explained, seemingly much chagrined. "Perhaps some of you 'uns kin drap that rag."

Everybody out with his gun and began blazing away, some shooting high and some low, and we had fusillades for five minutes when a second native appeared, crawling out of the brush on his hands and knees, and as he stood before us he said:

"What hev I done that you all wants to kill me?"

"Good gracious, man, were you in there?" exclaimed one of the crowd.

"Right in thar, stranger, and seemed to me the wah had come back. I didn't git a hit, but you hev done killed my maw, I reckon."

We ran over with him, and sure enough there was his mule, down on his back and kicking his last, with four or five bullets in him.

"You dun didn't mean to, of co'se," said the owner, "but this ar mawl was all I had. I don't say he was wuth what a prime mawl order fetch, but I could hev sold him for \$30."

He was informed that we would make up a purse to pay the damages, and we chipped in and made it \$65. He took the money and disappeared soon after, followed by the first arrival, and they had got a long start when a third native appeared and asked:

"Bin any shuttin' year?"

"Yes."

"Shute at that ar rag?"

"Yes."

"Kill a mawl?"

"Yes."

"Pay fur him?"

"Yes. Do you know anything about it?"

"No, not much. I sold the animal to the Wheezon 'bout an hour ago fur \$10, and I sorter reckoned he wanted him to play the old dodge with. How much did you raise?"

"Sixty-five dollars."

"Wall, that's purty moderate. He generally strikes 'em for a hundred, and you got off easy. Reckon I'll look him up and see if he's not in a couple of more this week!"—New York Sun.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

ONE THAT DIDN'T KNOW HER.

Miss Rebecca—Who, do you think, is the best known woman in this country? hand. But who is she? I can't say off hand.

Miss Rebecca—Miss Rooney.

Miss Wicks—Miss Rooney? Why, I never heard of her!

Miss Rebecca—What, never heard of Annie?—Boston Democrat.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

MAKE AN EXCEPTION IN FAVOR OF DR.

Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Its known virtues as a cure for diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera morbus and all bowel complaints cause all who use it to regard it as the most reliable and effectual remedy obtainable.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

DEATHS.

SCOTT.—On Tuesday afternoon, Frank Sinclair, youngest son of John H. Scott, aged 4 years. Funeral from his father's residence, 91 St. Famille street, on Thursday, at 3 p. m. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

SPECIAL LINES
HODGSON, SUMNER & CO
Are Now Offering

New Fancy and Ombre Prints, new fancy Dress Goods, black Cashmere in 40, 44 and 46 inch, Colored Cashmere in 40, 44 and 46 inch.

New Black Spanish Lace, new Black Chantilly Lace, new Torchon Lace, Eiffel Point Lace, Black and Fancy Ribbons.

New Guipure Lace Curtains, new Roman and Fancy Curtains Chenille Curtains and Table Covers.

New fancy Metal Buttons, new Gilt and Silver Buttons, Silver and Gilt Anchor Buttons, Ivory and Pearl Buttons, Garter Elastic full range.

New Frillings, new Cashmere Hosiery and Gloves, new Silk Handkerchiefs, Scarfs and Ties, Baldwin's & Rust's Fingering.

Full range Ladies' I. R. Circulars and Mantles.

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STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING

Insure an even distribution of the current through all the pipes, require less pie ces, and consequently lessen the labor, cutting of joints, &c. in the building.

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ALL GRADES OF REFINED SUGARS AND SYRUPS

We Guarantee our Sugars to be

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AND

NO ADULTERATION

of any kind used in their manufacture.

SIDEWALKS

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that the undersigned City

Surveyor has completed the special Assessment

Roll for Flagstone Sidewalks on both

sides of Craig Street, from Lacroix street to

Victoria Square.

And that they have been deposited in his

office in the City Hall, where they may be

seen and examined by all parties interested

until Friday, the 5th day of August, next.

And that on Monday, the 11th day of

August, at ten o'clock a.m., he will then

and there hear and examine all complaints

in relation to such special roll of assessment

before the accounts are delivered to the

City Treasurer in accordance with the law.</

THINKS HE WAS MESMERIZED.

That is the Only Explanation Mr. See Gives of His Being Bounced.

ASBURY PARK, July 23.—Have bunco steers added hypnotism to their arts? Founder Bradley, of Asbury Park, is puzzling over this question, and victim Alanson See is inclined to answer it in the affirmative. There is no trace of the \$5,000 Mr. See was swindled out of yesterday nor of the two clever rogues whose game he played.

Mr. See can remember very little about the game. He therefore cannot give the police any aid in their efforts to run the confidence men down. As for recovering the money, that is not worth talking about. If the men are caught they will give the \$5,000 to some lawyer to prevent the owner from getting it. Mr. William C. Duncan, Mr. See's son-in-law, came rubbing down here early this morning and took his father-in-law all over the place in the hope that the cottage in which the swindlers worked their game might be located. The old gentleman thought it was a house on First or Second avenue, but he was utterly unable to point it out. He describes Mr. Park as a stout, sandy-haired young fellow, and the other as a taller and not so stout.

The cottage where the card playing was done could not have been far from the station, nor could it have taken long to "do" the old gentleman, for the train arrived at 5:30 and at six o'clock Mr. See was at home. He told his story in a confused manner. The family were astonished, as he had never gambled, and although nearly eighty years old had always had a clear head.

His daughter in reporting the case said: "I can not understand it. Father is the last man I would suppose could be fooled. Why, we often talked over just such cases when we saw them in the paper, and father knew all about bunco tricks."

Mr. See himself cannot explain why he swallowed the bait. He admits he knew how bunco men work their game, and the only excuse he could give is that he was mesmerized.

He says he was completely under Mr. "Parks" influence and was powerless. This is startling as well as novel. It affords a great chance for scientists and romancers and makes the future of confidence men very interesting. But in this case, at least, it has not helped the place.

Founder Bradley and Chief of Police Bailey are very much disturbed over the fact that, mesmerism or no mesmerism, a brace of swindlers have robbed a visitor to the community. They are both working hard to hunt the fellows down. It is the first case of the kind that ever occurred here. There was a rumor that two of New York Headquarters men were at the Park to-day, but Mr. Bradley and the Chief said no detective had been to see them.

The police, of course, scout the idea of mesmerism having been used and say that the cupidity of Mr. See and his age were the cause of his easy plucking. The old gentleman hardly realizes what he has done. The loss is about a sixth of his entire fortune.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

NOTE.—Particulars as to localities and descriptions of limits, area, etc., and terms and conditions of sale will be furnished on application, personally or by letter, to the Department of Crown Lands, or to Wm. Margach, Crown Timber Agent, Railway for Rainy River Berths, or Hugh Munroe, Crown Timber Agent, Port Arthur, for Thunder Bay Berths.

24 6

HARD BATTLE WITH THE FLAMES.

Loss of the National Line Steamship Egypt. NEW YORK, July 23.—The National line Steamship Company has received a telegram confirming the fire and abandonment of the "Egypt." The Company says that on July 15, five days out, fire was discovered in the lower hold of the steamer among eight hundred bales of cotton. The hatches were battened down and efforts made to smother the flames, but in spite of all the fire burned fiercely and spread to 400 cases of lard oil which were stored amidships. The heat then became so great that all hands were driven ash and all the cattle, driven mad, stampeded and overrun the ship. The crew battled with the fire all night, and at daybreak on the 16th, seeing that their efforts were futile, it was decided to abandon the vessel. The Captain and all of the 72 men, officers and crew, and 25 cattle then left the ship in three boats and after tossing about until 6 o'clock on the Thursday night, the 17th, they were picked up by the oil tank steamer Manhattan, from which steamer the rescued crew are expected to be landed at Dover to-night or to-morrow morning. The steamer Spaarndam, which arrived at Rotterdam this afternoon, and which had sighted the Manhattan and taken on board a few of the rescued men and signalled the news of the disaster to Lloyd's Agency, at the Isle of Wight, arrived at Helvoetsluis this afternoon.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. By proper, healthful exercise, and judicious use of Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites, which contains the healing and strength-giving virtues of these two valuable specifics in their fullest form. Dr. D. D. McDonald, Petticoat, N. B., says: "I have been prescribing Scott's Emulsion with good results. It is especially useful in persons of consumptive tendencies." Sold by Druggists, 50c. and \$1.00.

TIBURIDE'S SENTENCE REVIEWED.

Mexico Signs the Contract for the Loan from Bleichroder Brothers.

MEXICO, July 23.—The supreme military tribunal reviewed the sentence of Lieutenant Augustin De Tiburide yesterday, and will give its decision within the next week.

The railroad subvention loan was finally arranged last night, when a contract was signed with Mr. Blum, representative of the house of Bleichroder. According to a high financial authority, Mexico will save by this arrangement \$2,000,000 annually. The loan is for \$6,000,000 at 8 1/2 per cent, with one per cent commission and drawing six per cent annually.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c

FOR COLD OR PAIN. YELLOW OIL is the best remedy I ever used. I had a healing breast 15 months ago, which was very sore. I got no relief until I tried Haggard's Yellow Oil, which gave instant relief.

SKULL SMASHED WITH A SHOVEL.

An Italian Fracas in Brooklyn With the Usual Sanguinary Results.

NEW YORK, July 23.—A free fight took place on Monday night in an Italian colony at No. 70 Adams street, Brooklyn. Of course knives and other weapons played a prominent part in it, and the result of the fighting was the death of one of the combatants, Salvatore Savarigo, at eight o'clock yesterday morning.

As soon as word of the fracas reached the lower Fulton street police station Sergeant Carrouger and the night platoon jumped into the patrol wagon and hurried to the scene of hostilities. Upon arriving there they found a large crowd surrounding eight frenzied Italians, three of them women, who were using shovels, clubs, and knives upon each other. The appearance of the police dispersed all the fighters save Savarigo, who lay upon the sidewalk with a five inch gash on the right side of his head. Blood poured from his ears, mouth, and nose. He was taken to the Homeopathic Hospital, where a medical examination showed that his skull was crushed so badly that the bone pressed upon his brain, and he died a few hours later.

The police in the meantime followed the other rioters into No. 79 Adams street and arrested Adelle Lyons, Cipe Lyons and Catello Bogarto, the three women, and Giuseppe Casari, Salvatore Brigand, Sipio Mongi and Antonio Savarigo. The last named is a brother of the murdered man.

Nearly all of these had wounds upon some part of their bodies. They at first refused to talk about the matter, but when threatened with imprisonment said Brigand had committed the assault upon Savarigo, Brigand, who is a rag-picker, hired a room from Savarigo, who refused to let him occupy it on Monday night. Then Brigand called Savarigo names and a general fight ensued. Brigand smashed Savarigo's skull in with a shovel.

Brigand was held for examination on July 29 by Justice Tighe yesterday. All the participants in the row will be held as witnesses.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

Sometimes affections which promise an eternity of endurance, are found to be unable to withstand an underdone steak.

Some men who have cherished beautiful illusions about their wife's curls have felt everything on earth to be a ghastly mockery upon the first sight of those fat little curl-papers, which look so much like sausages, and which cause a cold shudder to run down the young husband's back.

Feeling, then, is not immutable; but gentlemen who have bought Tooke's one-dollar white shirt (177 St. James street) will wear no other. This is a sign of a once of permanency of regard and merit in the article.

IN THE Superior Court MONTREAL

Dame Sarah Dillon, Petitioner, Es-qualite of Tutrix to Her Minor Children, Alexander and Antoinette Monsean.

I, the undersigned, being duly appointed to conduct the sale of the herein mentioned property belonging by law to the said minors, hereby give notice that on Thursday, at nine o'clock of the forenoon, at No. 19 of Moreau street, on the premises in the Hochelaga village, now annexed to the city of Montreal, on the seventh day of August next, will, by and in virtue by an ordinance given this third day of July, by the Honourable Judge Mathieu at Montreal, in the Superior Court, in chambers, sell and adjudge at public auction sale to the highest bidder the following property, viz.:

A piece of land measuring twenty-two feet in width by eighty feet in depth and forming part of the lots and official subdivisions one and two (1 and 2) of the official number eighty (80) of the cadastre of the village of Hochelaga; bounded in front by Moreau street, in rear by the remainder of the said lot and subdivision one and two (1 and 2), on the south-eastern side by one part of the lot and official subdivision two (2) of the said official number eighty (80) and belonging to Olivier Robert, and also by one part of the lot official subdivision one (1) of the said official number eighty (80) belonging to Robert and A. A. Trotter, and on the north-western side the lot official subdivision three (3) of the official number eighty (80) of the said cadastre and belonging to Augustin Robert, together with the buildings thereon erected and right of passage which may exist in the lane running along the said piece of land.

The upset price, charges and conditions will be made known on the date of sale. Montreal, July 14th, 1890.

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Manufacturers of Cottonades, Ducks, Drills, Flannels, Canton Flannels, Gingham and Dyed Linings.

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VIGOR and FOR LOST or FAILING MANHOOD. General and Nervous Debility. Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Night, Nocturnal Emissions. How to restore and strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS of Body. Scientific method. HOME TREATMENT. Results in ten days from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Description Book, Specimen and Circulars sent free. Address ERIC MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS. IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

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DRILLS, A R COMPRESSORS, Steam Hoists, Selters and General Mining Machinery, Explosives, Batteries, Fuses, etc., etc.

204 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL.

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St. John, N. B. Cotton Spinners, Bleachers, Dyers and Manufacturers

Cotton Yarns, Cotton Warps, Ball Knitting Cottons, Hosiery Yarns and Yarns for Manufacturers' use.

Beam Warps for Woolen Mills, Gray Cottons, Sheetings, Drills and Ducks.

Sheeting, Shirting and Stripes.

Eight oz. Cottonades in plain and fancy mixed Patterns.

The only "Water Twist" yarn made in Canada.

AGENTS WM. HEWITT, Toronto DUNCAN BELL, Montreal.

MILLS New Brunswick Cotton Mills St. John, N. B.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

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Some of the finest sites in the city. Apply to

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MONEY TO LOAN.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Insurance Person Restored. DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Cures for Nerve Affections, Pains, Tremors, etc. If taken as directed, 50¢ per bottle, 1st day's use. Treatise and 2nd trial bottle free on 100 patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P.O. and express address at once to DR. KLINE, 255 Ave. St. Pauline, Montreal. Beware of imitations.

For Sale by J. A. Harro, 1780 Notre Dame Street.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliaryness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluctuating of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD PURIFIER.

Dr. KLINE & CO., Proprietors, Toronto

VANCOUVER, B. C. GREAT UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF CITY LOTS

IN THE City of Vancouver, B. C., THE WESTERN TERMINUS OF THE

Canadian Pacific Ry

Under instructions, the undersigned will sell by Auction, on

Wednesday, July 30, AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

A LARGE NUMBER OF CHOICE RESIDENCE AND FINE BUSINESS LOTS

In that New and Beautifully Situated portion of the City of Vancouver, known as

FAIRVIEW And being part of Lot 528.

The situation is unsurpassed, being on a gentle slope rising from the waters of

ENGLISH BAY And in the immediate vicinity of the

Proposed Ocean Docks.

The Property is within easy distance of the HANDSOME NEW OPERA HOUSE

[Now in course of erection] NEW POST OFFICE, CUSTOM HOUSE and other

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

An agreement has been entered into by which the

ELECTRIC STREET RAILWAY Will be extended through this property and give regular service as in other parts of the City by September, 1891.

As the Corporation is now negotiating with the Water Works Co. for the purchase of their whole system of

WATER SUPPLY It will doubtless be immediately extended to this part of the city.

The rapid growth of this wonderful young city.

The Western Terminus of the C.P.R.

With its Unrivaled Harbor, Extensive Lumber Trade, Door and Sash Factories, Sugar Refinery, and numerous other industries, together with its Handsome Granite Business blocks and Public Buildings, has only to be seen to satisfy the most casual observer that it is destined soon to become a city second to none on the Pacific Coast.

In addition to the Regular Line of Steamers now running to CHINA and JAPAN, it is intended shortly to have at least monthly communication between AUSTRALIA and VANCOUVER.

The lots will be sold without building conditions, but where approved buildings are erected within one year, a rebate of from ten to twenty per cent, will be allowed.

TERMS OF PAYMENT. One-third Cash, one-third in six months, and one-third in twelve months, with interest at 6 per cent, on deferred payments.

A. M. BEATTIE, AUCTIONEER.

Vancouver, July 11, 1890. 62462

WANTED

MOULDERS AND MACHINISTS

Immediate employment given to a number of good workmen, at good prices, for water-wheel and engine work.

JAMES LEFFEL & CO., Springfield, Ohio.

By James Stewart & Co.

CLARD

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

204 St. James Street.

(Mechanics' Chambers.) Special attention given to Trade Sale

National Colonization Lottery

Under the Patronage of the REV. FATHER LABELLE.

Established in 1884, under the Act of Quebec, 32 Vic., Chap. 38, for the benefit of the Ocean Societies of Colonization of the Province of Quebec.

CLASSE D.

The 5th Monthly Drawing will take place WEDNESDAY, AUG. 20th, 1890, AT TWO O'CLOCK P.M.

Prizes Value \$50,000 Capital Prize worth 9,000

TICKETS - \$1.00.

Winners' names not published unless specially authorized. Drawings on the third Wednesday of every month.

A. A. AUDET, Secretary, Offices, 19 St. James street, Montreal, Can.

FATHER MATHEW REMEDY

THE ANTIDOTE TO ALCOHOL FOUND AT LAST A NEW DEPARTURE!

FATHER MATHEW REMEDY Is a certain and speedy cure for intemperance, and destroys all appetite for alcoholic liquors.

The day after a debauch, or any intemperate indulgence, a single teaspoonful will remove all mental and physical depression.

It also cures every kind of Fever, Dyspepsia, and TORPENT OF THE LIVER, when they arise from other causes than intemperance. It is the most powerful and wholesome tonic ever used.

Sold by Druggists, - \$1.00 per Bottle.

S. LACHANCE, sole proprietor, 1538 and 1540 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL, PHILLIP'S SQUARE

Galleries open Daily, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

A few Loan Pictures in connection with the General Collection, now on view.

Admission 25 cents. Members Free

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

TO THE WHITE MOUNTAINS AND SEA SIDE

The only line running parlor and sleeping cars through the heart of the White Mountains to Portland and Old Orchard Beach.

Through sleeping car leaves Windsor Street Station at 8:15 p.m. every day, and through parlor car at 9 a.m. every week day.

TICKET OFFICES—266 St. James Street, Windsor Street Station, and Windsor and Balmoral Hotels.

John Hope & Co MONTREAL.

AGENTS IN CANADA FOR JOHN DE KUYPER & SON, Rotterdam

MARTELL & CO., Cognac.

JULES ROEY & CO., Cognac.

MOET & CHANDON, Epervier

DEINHARD & CO., Cognac.

BARTON & GUESTIER, Bordeaux

M. MISA, Cognac de la Frontera.

COCKBURN, SMITHES & CO., Oporto

MULLER & DARTHEZ, Fargona.

RODEL & FILS FRERES, Bordeaux.

E. & J. BURKE, Dublin

PATTERSON & HIBBERT, London.

BULLOCK, LADE & CO., Glasgow

WM. JAMESON & CO., Dublin.

CANTRELL & COCHRANE, Dublin

—AND—

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, etc.

N.B.—ORDERS RECEIVED FROM THE WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY.

WAGGONS, CARTS, &C.

We are prepared to manufacture all kinds of heavy draught vehicles at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms

THE DOMINION TRANSPORT CO., Limited

Shops - - - 30 Ann Street

Office - - - 11 Custom House Square

J. RIELLE,

Land Surveyor,

ST. JAMES STREET.

GOLTMAN,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,

2226 St. Catherine street

IMPERIAL

Fire Insurance Company

(ESTABLISHED 1893.)

Subscribed Capital.....\$6,000,000

Total Invested Funds.....\$8,000,000

Agencies for Insurance against Fire loss in all the principal towns of the Dominion.

CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The HON. HENRY STARNES, Chairman, EDMOND J. BARBEAU, Esq., W. J. BUCHANAN, Esq., ANDREW FREDERICK GAULT, Esq.

HOTELS. THE EXCHANGE RESTAURANT 65 and 67 St. Francois Xavier Street.

The most popular Restaurant in the city J. L. Leclaire, Proprietor.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK, Fifth Avenue, New York.

This most fashionable and centrally located hotel has been renovated from top to bottom, and is now re-opened under management of R. H. Southgate, upon the American and European plans. This hotel is the favorite resort for Canadians.

MITCHELL, KINZLER SOUTHGATE, Proprietors.

Comfortable Rooms, \$2 per day; Board, \$2.50 per day.

MONTREAL SUMMER RESORT. "THE GROVE," BEACONSFIELD.

The Prettiest Point on LAKE ST. LOUIS.

Easily reached by G.T.R. and C.P.R. Bathing, Boating and Fishing from the grounds. Photos can be seen and terms obtained on application at

55 BEAVER HALL HILL. Bell Telephone No. 4848. 3m

THE RUSSELL, OTTAWA.

The Palace Hotel of Canada.

This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now open. The Russell contains accommodations for over FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS, with passenger and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the city, Parliament grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet leading Pub. men. The entire Hotel supplied with escapes, and in case of fire there would be any confusion or danger.

Every attention paid to guests. KENLEY & ST. JACQUES, Proprietors.

Febru

ST. LOUIS HOTEL, QUEBEC.

CANADIAN NOTES.

QUEBEC, July 23.—S. S. "Idaho" on Shandon Reef, Anticosti Island, in a critical position and asking assistance.

The much-needed ambulance wagon has been ordered from England, and will arrive in Quebec and be ready for use in two months' time.

Last Saturday a young lady was going down a ladder suspended on the side of the wharf at Murray Bay into a boat, which stood at the foot of the ladder, when her feet slipped on some lichen and she fell into the water. The son of Hon. Judge Bosse, who witnessed the accident, dived from the wharf after her. He swam to the surface a minute after with the young lady in his arms. Boats hastened to the rescue and both were brought ashore unharmed.

OTTAWA, July 23.—Mr. Adam Brown, M.P., arrived here to-day. He is gathering statistical information respecting Jamaica's imports. He will visit the island shortly in order to ascertain what exhibits it is desirable that Canada should send to the approaching exhibition there.

The Canadian riflemen continue to do well at the Bisley rifle meet. A private cable received here gives the result of the shooting there in the Queen's match. Lt. Smith of St. John, N.B., and Bishop, 63rd, won \$90 each; Hogg, Guelph, 1st Batt., \$50, and Hall, 79th, \$40. They also won badges.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster and Mrs. Foster have returned from New Jersey. They will visit New Brunswick next week.

The statistical year book for 1889 has been issued by the Dept. of Agriculture. CANWILL, Ont., July 23.—An Italian laborer named Don Nicola, in the employ of Messrs. Davis & Sons, fell into the canal this morning on his way to work at lock 18, and was drowned. His body has not been recovered.

TORONTO, July 23.—Dr. McConnell of Brockton was charged in the police court this morning with assaulting the wife of a tenant of his, a Mrs. Morrison. The husband appeared and stated that his wife was so severely injured she could not appear. The trouble was that the Morrises would not pay the rent. McConnell visited the house and, according to the husband, knocked Mrs. Morrison down and jumped on her. The case was remanded.

The father of a Frenchman named John Mallett has written to Mayor Clarke for information regarding his son, who came here some years ago and had not since been heard of.

To-day is a civic holiday at West Toronto Junction. A big demonstration is being held there by the various societies, school children and corporation are taking part in the procession.

HALIFAX, N.S., July 23.—Business is largely suspended to-day in honor of labor day. The parade of the various trade organizations was a grand success, between 4,000 and 5,000 men marching, and making a fine display of flags. There was a general display of flags along the route of the procession, some hundreds of mounted teamsters appearing in the parade, and being one of its striking features. Nothing like to-day's demonstration has ever been witnessed here before. The societies are picnicing at River du Loup En Bas, Que., July 23.

At 2:30 this morning fire was discovered in Messrs. Talbot & Girard's store, and by 3 o'clock the whole building was a mass of flames, and at 5 o'clock it was all ashes. Although the pumps worked very well and water was plentiful, nothing could be saved from the store. They succeeded in saving the outbuildings and contents with little damage. Loss about \$30,000 on stock, insured for two-thirds. Loss on building, \$10,000, insured for \$5,000. Mr. Girard had some furniture and furs in one room of the building which was also destroyed. He was insured for \$500 on them.

Smoke the Sohmer Cigar, 10c.

BRAZIL'S CONSTITUTION.

Concise Summary of the Provisions of an Important Instrument.

Rio Janeiro, July 23.—The constitution of the United States of Brazil resembles that of the United States of America, after which it is copied. It provides that the President and Vice-President shall be elected indirectly through an electoral college for a term of six years. The members of the Senate will be elected by the State Legislatures for a term of nine years. The members of the Chamber of Representatives will be elected by popular vote, and their term will be three years. There will be a supreme federal tribunal, consisting of fifteen judges who will be appointed for life. There will be a federal judicial system, and the capital of the Republic will constitute a federal district similar to the District of Columbia, but with the privilege of representation in the Chamber of Representatives like any state. All the old provinces will be transformed into self-governing States. With the exception of persons who cannot read or write, mendicants, slaves in the army and the members of religious orders, the right of suffrage will be universal. Religious freedom will be guaranteed, the church and state will be separated and civil marriages will be made obligatory.

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TRADE SALE

MARCOTTE and CO.,

95 St. James Street,

Every WEDNESDAY,

at 10 A.M.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

PROMPT CASH RETURNS

MARCOTTE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS.

ROBERT MITCHELL & CO.

MONTREAL BRASS WORKS

Manufacturers of Gas and

Electric Light Fixtures for

Churches, Halls and Dwellings.

SHOWROOM

Cor. St. Peter & Craig Sts.

FACTORY

St. Cunegeonde.

Lake of the Woods Milling Co.

LIMITED.

The Most Perfect Mill in Canada

Capacity 1600 Barrels a Day

Elevators at all important wheat points in the Northwest.

All grades of hard wheat flour in barrels and bags.

Quotations and other information can be had on application.

Office, corner Port and Common sts

MONTREAL.

Auction Sale of Timber

Berths.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH.)

Toronto, 2nd July, 1890

NOTICE is hereby given, that under

Order in Council certain Timber Berths

in the Rainy River and Thunder Bay

Districts, and a Berth composed of part

of the Township of Aweres, in the Dis-

trict of Algoma, will be offered for sale

by Public Auction, on Wednesday, the

First day of October next, at one o'clock

in the afternoon, at the Department of

Crown Lands, Toronto.

ARTHUR S. HARDY,

Commissioner.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC?

District of Montreal.

In the Superior Court for the Province of Quebec,

No. 123.

In the matter of Alexandre Chaput, of the

city and district of Montreal, hardware

merchant, Insolvent.

The creditors of the said insolvent are hereby

ordered to appear before one of the judges

of this court in the Insolvency office, in the

city and district of Montreal, on the 29th

day of July, instant, at ten o'clock in the

forenoon, in order to give their advice touch-

ing the appointment of a curator to the prop-

erty of the said insolvent, and on such other

matters as may lawfully be submitted to them.

Montreal, 23rd July, 1890.

A. B. LONGPRE,

Prothonotary.

ST. CATHERINE ST. EAST

In the matter of expropri-

ation for the opening of St.

Catherine Street, from

Deserz Street to the Eastern

City limits, in the Hochelaga

Ward of this city.

Notice to All whom it May

Concern.

The Undersigned Commissioners appointed

to value the piece of land comprised in the

above matter of expropriation hereby give

public notice that they will proceed to value

the properties required for the above im-

provement on MONDAY, the TWENTY-

EIGHTH day of JULY inst., at 11.00 o'clock

in the forenoon, in the Commissioners' Room, City Hall, and that they will then

and there be ready to hear the proprietors

and all parties interested, with their wit-

nesses, title deeds, &c., &c.

CHAS. D. PROCTOR

P. O'LEARY, M.D.

J. E. O. LABADIE

Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' ROOMS,

CITY HALL,

Montreal, 21st July, 1890.

[To be published in the HERALD and

Gazette on the 22nd and 23rd July instants.]

PHENIX

Fire Insurance Company

OF LONDON, ENG.

PATERSON & SON

General Agents for the Dominion.

Head Agency Office

ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, Montreal.

Notice to Consignees.

The Dominion Line S.S. Dominion, Captain

Cross, from Liverpool, is entered at

Customs. Consignees will please pass their

entries without delay.

345 D. TORRANCE & CO.,

Agents.

WATCH REPAIRING!

R. HENRY GRANT gives his personal

attention to all watches left with us for re-

pair. Over

45 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

enables him to guarantee perfect accuracy of

workmanship. Established 29 years.

Charges moderate.

HENRY GRANT & SON,

72 Beaver Hall, corner Dorchester street.

JA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY.

MONTREAL,

all Grades of Refined Sugars and Syrups

of the well known Brand of

Redpath

CERTIFICATES OF STRENGTH AND PURITY.

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC ANALYST.

MONTREAL, September 9th, 1887.

To the Canada Sugar Refining Co., Montreal.

Gentlemen,—I have personally taken

samples from a large stock of your Granulated

Sugar, "REDPATH" brand, and carefully

tested them by the Polariscopes and find

these samples to be as near to absolute purity

as can be obtained by any process of Sugar

Refining.

The test by the Polariscopes showed in yes-

terday's yield 99.99 per cent. of Pure Cane Sugar

which may be considered commercially

as ABSOLUTELY PURE SUGAR.

JOHN BAKER EDWARDS.

Ph. D., D.C.L., F.C.S.

Public Analyst for the District of Montreal

and Professor of Chemistry.

CHEMICAL LABORATORY.

MONTREAL, September 9th, 1887.

To the Canada Sugar Refining Company:

Gentlemen,—I have taken and tested a sam-

ple of your "EXTRA GRANULATED"

Sugar, and find that it yielded 99.88 per cent.

of Pure Sugar. It is practically as pure and

good a Sugar as can be manufactured.

Yours truly,

G. P. GIRDWOOD.

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY.

AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE. For public purposes, such as Educational

Establishments, and a large Hall for the St. John Baptist Society of Montreal.

Monthly drawings for the year 1890, from the month of July

July 9, August 13, September 10, October 8, November 12, December 10.

Second Monthly Drawing August 13th, 1890.

3134 PRIZES.

Worth \$52,740.00

CAPITAL PRIZE

Worth \$15,000.00

Tickets, - - - \$1.00

11 " for - - \$10.00

3134 Prizes worth \$52,740

S. E. Lefebvre, Manager,

81 St. James St., Montreal, Canada

Ask for circulars.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

THE ROYAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,

MONTREAL, QUE.

Sole manufacturers in Canada of the

Thomson & Thomson-Houston

Systems of Electric Lighting.

Are Light Dynamos for Street Lighting,

INCANDESCENT LIGHT DYNAMOS,

Low Tension, for Hotels, Mills, Factories, Churches, &c.

ALTERNATING INCANDESCENT LIGHT DYNAMOS,

For Long Distances, for House and Commercial

Lighting.

No better proof of the superiority of our apparatus can be offered than the fact

LEPINE'S FIRST DAY

MISS PECK'S EXHIBITION THE ATTRACTION.

Fifteen Hundred People Enjoy Her Performances—A Fast Track But Slow Time—Poor Management Creates Considerable Dissatisfaction—Why the Balloon Didn't Ascend—Chess Experts Draw.

Some fifteen hundred spectators were present at Lepine Park yesterday afternoon to witness the opening of the three days' races. The weather was all that could be desired and the track in first-class condition. Before the first heat of the 2:40 class was trotted the press representatives, as has been their usual custom at this track, went up into the judges' stand to enable them to have a good view of the races. They were politely informed by the secretary that the judges had decided to carry out the National Association rules, which do not admit of anyone but the three judges occupying the stand. The reporters willingly acquiesced in the decision and retired. Great was their surprise, however, about ten minutes later to behold the judge stand filled with some dozen or more favored people fraternizing with the officials. The National Association Rules appeared to have been entirely forgotten and from that time to the close of the meeting everything was run in a sort of "happy-go-lucky, come-as-you-please style," and in consequence of the numerous delays made in the several heats at scoring, it was past seven o'clock when the two races were completed.

Between the heats Miss Myrtle Peck gave three of her equestrian exhibitions. She first rode her horse Broadham against the riderless "Long View," and a boy on "Sleepy Tom." After a capital race the riderless horse won in the slow time of 1m. 50 1/2 s.

The fair rider next did the Roman standing act with two horses to beat two minutes in a mile dash. She succeeded in covering the distance in 1m. 47 1/2 s.

The third event was a double chariot team race, distance one mile. Miss Peck drove "English" and "Sleepy Tom" against Mr. E. H. Desnoyers, who drove "Allen Oak" and "King George." Miss Peck won by a neck, after a grand struggle, amid great cheering. The time was 1m. 55 s.

On returning to the judges' stand she received a perfect ovation from the enthusiastic spectators, and it was easily to be seen that this part of the afternoon's sport was what had drawn them to Lepine Park.

The 2:40 class was won in the easiest possible manner by Tom Hamilton, who did little more than a jog throughout the three heats, his opponents being completely outclassed.

A protest was entered against him by Messrs. Aubrey and Prefontaine. It will be adjudicated upon at a later period.

The 2:30 class for which there were three competitors, proved of a very unsatisfactory character, chiefly owing to the dilatoriness of the starter, who allowed the drivers to assume control of the track, and they took their own time in going to the score. In one instance thirty-five minutes was wasted before they could be sent away on anything like even terms, and the spectators showed their disapproval of these obnoxious tactics by hisses.

It was past seven o'clock before the trotting was finished and then the spectators turned their attention to the balloon ascension, but unfortunately the management were unable to properly inflate it and when at last they let it loose it only ascended about thirty feet, and the man who was going up in the parachute attached to the car of the balloon, seeing that it was hopeless, let go, and the balloon turned a somersault, and after emitting the gas within dropped to the ground, to the disappointment of the large number who had patiently waited for over one hour.

Amongst the spectators were the Hon. Premier Mercier, Hon. James McShane, Hon. Mr. Robidoux, Ald. Prefontaine, M.P. Mr. St. Jean, Q.C., Ald. Malone, Ald. Tansey, etc.

Great dissatisfaction was expressed at the "clocking," especially when in the second heat of the 2:30 class, the official time given out was 2:29 1/2, whereas a dozen watches held by competent timekeepers made it 2:25 1/2. The spectators loudly protested against this apparent attempt to keep a horse in a class to which he has no claim whatever.

Following is the summary:

2:40 Class.
E. H. Brewster, b.g. Tom Hamilton, 1 1 1
A. R. Butler, b.g. St. Patrick, 2 2 2
F. LeBeau, b.g. Ben H., 3 3 3
F. LeBeau, b.g. Gold King, 4 4 4
R. Prefontaine, b.g. Montreal Girl, 5 5 5
Time—2:34, 2:35, 2:31.

2:30 Class.
T. J. Doherty, b.g. Sergeant, 3 3 1
F. LeBeau, b.g. Ben H., 2 2 2
A. Langevin, b.g. Dave Thompson, 2 2 2
Time—2:31, 2:29, 2:31.

Lepine Park To-Day.

There will be a 2:35 and a three minute trot at Lepine Park this afternoon. Miss Myrtle Peck will also give her equestrian performances.

Toronto Summer Races.

Toronto, July 23.—The summer meeting of the Woodbine Driving Club was commenced to-day and will continue until Friday. There were about 1,500 present; track good, weather fine. Summaries were as follows, both races being won in straight heats:—

2:30 class, trotting, purse \$300, of which \$250 to 2nd, \$50 to 3rd, and \$50 to 4th.
Minnie Moore b.m. James Dixon, Toronto, 1 1 1
Volunteer b.g. A. Collins, Toronto, 2 2 2
Crescenta b.m. R. Stewart, Aylmer, Quebec, 3 3 3
F.O.P. b.g. J. E. Smith, Cammington, Ontario, 4 4 4
Time—2:31, 2:29, 2:31.

3-minute class, trotting, purse \$300, of which \$200 to 1st, \$100 to 2nd, \$50 to 3rd, and \$50 to 4th.
M. G. G. J. B. Pettit, Port Huron, 1 1 1
Patt, ch. m. J. S. Pettit, Port Huron, 2 2 2
Jim Crack, ch. m. Patterson, Almonte, Ontario, 3 3 3
Gen. Riel, b. g. A. Sinclair, Chatham, Ontario, 4 4 4
Col. Stoner, ch. m. Martin Higgins, Prescott, Ontario, 5 5 5
Edwin Gray, ch. g. Chas. Brown, Toronto, 6 6 6
James, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 7 7 7
Chapman Maid, b. m. W. A. Chapman, Belleville, Ontario, 8 8 8
Bridgebird, b. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 9 9 9
Gray, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 10 10 10
Gen. Scott, b. g. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 11 11 11
James, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 12 12 12
Time—2:31, 2:29, 2:31.

Homebred Park Races.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—The second day's races at Homebred Driving Park was marked by a continuous rain from the start until the postponement of the first race at 5:30. Fully 6,000 people

were in attendance. Following is the summary:

First race, 2:27 trotting, purse \$1,000. [Unfinished]
Keddy, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 1 1 1
Mikagan, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 2 2 2
Vespasian, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 3 3 3
Buckskin, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 4 4 4
Honest George, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 5 5 5
Time—2:28, 2:29, 2:31.

Second race, free for all, purse \$1,000.
Halpinton, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 1 1 1
Gossip, Jr., ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 2 2 2
Mackay, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 3 3 3
Jewett, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 4 4 4
Argyle, ch. m. J. E. Clarke, Toronto, 5 5 5
Time—2:19, 2:20, 2:21.

AQUATIC.

Valeis Boating Club's Annual Regatta. To be held next Saturday.

On Saturday the Valeis Boating club will hold its eighth annual regatta at that popular summer watering place. The programme consists of thirteen events as follows: Handicap yacht race, open to all; sailing skiff race (handicap); open and decked canoe race; gentlemen's single scull race, tandem canoe, ladies' single scull, four oared race, tub race, boys' single scull, canoe race [stern foremost] canoe race, four paddles; swimming race and war canoe, fifteen paddle, race.

The yacht and sail races will be started on the arrival of the 1:30 p.m. C.P.R. train.

The swimming race is likely to prove an exciting feature. Several of the best swimmers on the island of Montreal, including the champion, Benedict, have entered for it.

A bonnet hop and the presentation of prizes will take place in the boathouse at 8 o'clock.

The last train returns to the city at 11:47 p.m.

Chess Experts Draw Again.

London, July 23.—The chess match between Blackburne and Lee, which is being played at Badford, has caused considerable excitement in local chess circles. The fact is, that very few persons thought Lee strong enough to make a show at all against his adversary, and the results thus far recorded are highly creditable to the young and rising player.

The committee of the Bradford Chess Club issued special invitations to ladies for to-day's game and a large number answered at the Exchange Club.

Blackburne had the move, this being the fifth game of the match, and not being fond of the openings on the queen's side, he commenced to-day's battle with his usual pawn to king's fourth. Lee again selected the French defence, and the game was conducted by both experts for a considerable number of moves on the same lines as in the first and third games of the match. The games, which were very evenly contested throughout, promised to become exceptionally interesting, when Blackburne by a fine combination threatened to win right off.

There was only one correct answer to Blackburne's skilful attack, which reached the climax at the forty-second move, and consequently there was considerable excitement among the spectators, who anxiously waited for Lee's reply. Lee, however, was equal to the occasion; he saw Blackburne's scheme and made the only saving move.

A series of exchanges followed, and the game assumed a very simple aspect. After fifty-three moves further fighting seemed useless, and a brilliant game, well played on both sides, ended in a draw.

The score now stands:—Blackburne, 1; Lee, 0; drawn, 4. Play will be resumed to-morrow.

BASE BALL.

Results of Games in the Three Big Leagues.

At Philadelphia.—[N. L.]
Philadelphia, 5 0 1 0 0 1—47 17 8
Pittsburg, 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 5—8 14 10
Batteries—Vickey and Clements, Bowman and Wilson. Umpire—Powers.

At Chicago.—[N. L.]
Chicago, 5 0 4 1 0 0 0 9—13 12 4
New York, 0 5 1 0 0 1 2—12 12 4
Batteries—Hutchinson and Ketteridge, Sharot, Burkett and Clark.

At Cleveland.—[N. L.]
Cleveland, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 7 3
Boston, 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2 5 3
Batteries—Garfield and Semmer, Nichols and Bennett. Umpire—Powers.

At Buffalo.—[P. L.]
Buffalo, 0 0 1 4 0 0 1 0—9 9 6
New York, 0 0 1 3 0 0 1 3—4 7 4
Batteries—Keefe and Mack, Grant and Ewing. Umpire—Ferguson and Holbert.

At Cleveland.—[P. L.]
Cleveland, 0 0 1 7 0 0 0 3—14 18 4
Brooklyn, 0 2 0 0 1 1 2 0—6 7 6
Batteries—Bakely and Sutcliffe, Weyhing and Van Haltern. Umpire—Gaffney and Sheridan.

At Chicago.—[P. L.]
Chicago, 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 2—5 13 7
Boston, 3 3 0 0 5 5—2 9 10
Batteries—Bartson and Farrell, Kilroy and Murphy. Umpire—Knight and Jones.

At Philadelphia.—[A. A.]
Philadelphia, 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—4 8 1
Athletes, 3 0 3 0 0 0 0 0—6 8 3
Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Ehret and Ryan. Umpire—Peoples.

At Rochester.—[A. A.]
Rochester, 0 1 0 0 0 2 0 3—8 12 2
Toledo, 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1—3 5 5
Batteries—McCallum and McKnight; Acely and Rogers. Umpire—Curry.

At Syracuse.—[A. A.]
Syracuse, 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—3 8 7
Columbus, 2 1 2 1 3 2 0—13 13 7
Batteries—Morrison and O'Rourke; Gastright and O'Connor. Umpire—Emslie.

At New York.—[A. A.]
Brooklyn, 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1—8 10 2
St. Louis, 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—4 9 4
Batteries—Fitzgibbon and Rainey; Stivett and Wells. Umpire—Doeschner.

Bits of Sporting Gossip.

Fuse, the English filly that recently took up 123 pounds and won the Kempsford Park Grand Two Year Stake, is a half sister to St. Blaise.

Since March, 1888, up to the present time, the Duke of Portland has won \$600,000 in stakes. The fickle goddess has truly smiled lavishly on this young lord.

Kentucky trotting horsemen favor the proposed \$20,000 stake of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders Association and the chances are that the stake will be made certain at the next meeting of the directors of the association named.

An American crew will try next year for the Stewards' Challenge Cup at the Henley-on-Thames regatta. The names of the men will be given out in due season. The trophy has been held by the English for upward of 40 years. Several American college crews have unsuccessfully sought to secure it.

Artificial salmon breeding is being carried on quite extensively in many parts of Ireland now. The Hon. Hely-Hutchinson's efforts have been very successful, the young fish hatched out this spring thriving well at Kilmanahan, where they are still kept in confinement. A larger hatchery is about to be started near Cahir. A meeting to forward this purpose will be held in the court house Clonmel, at an early date.

J. Livingstone, the National handicapper of Scotland, has declared war upon the pneumatic tire machine, and hereafter will not permit machines of this character to enter handicap races with the regular type of safety. The trouble seems to be that while the new style of machine is conceded to be the slightly faster of the two, a soft or wet track presents almost no difficulties to the "balloon tire," and on a track of this

description, other things being equal, the rider of the pneumatic has a practical "cinch" on the race before the pistols are fired.

Johnson, the veteran swimmer of Great Britain and holder of the swimming championship of the British Isles, who has recently arrived in this country and is at present in Boston, has succeeded in getting on a match with Prof. Donaldson to swim ten miles for \$1,000 a side over an ocean course. A course off Cape Cod will probably be selected, although full details have not yet been arranged.

The proposition to match Sunol and Belle Hamlin has naturally interested every one connected with trotting, and the meeting of the pair would doubtless draw an immense assemblage of spectators. But already the usual counter propositions have been promulgated. The managers of Sunol want a race for \$10,000 a side, and offered it as soon as Belle Hamlin's great furling flight was reported. The owner of the mare wants to race for only half the sum, although he is a very wealthy man. It looks as though there will be much backing and bargaining before the meeting of the two famous trotters, if they ever do meet.

The proposition of the Sunol people is open until July 30, Mr. Hamlin has time to think over it.

Peter Cannon, the Scotch distance runner, who arrived in this country some weeks ago, has not succeeded in getting on a match with any American. Peter Friday, of Pittsburg, and a number of other good men are anxious for a try at the foreigner, but the latter is without backing and the Americans are out for money. Some talk has been heard of a purse race between the Scotchman and James Grant, the speedy Cambridge veteran. The Boston Caledonian Club has been asked to hang up a purse of \$300 for such a race.

That will do so, however, is unlikely, although Cannon's manager has worked hard to that end. It looks as though Cannon would be forced to return home without a race.

DISASTER TO THE IDAHO.

She is Stranded on South West Point, Anticosti—Her Cargo.

Word was received in town yesterday afternoon of the stranding of the Dominion Line steamship Idaho at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, near South Point, on the south east coast of Anticosti. The despatch says she is making no water and hopes were entertained that she would be got off last night.

A number of wrecking schooners are at present working at West Point and it was expected that assistance would be obtained from that quarter. It is probable that a good part of her cargo would have to be discharged and her consignment of cattle landed.

The agents of the stranded steamer in this city, Messrs. D. Torrance & Co., were not in possession of any more particulars than the above last evening. The Idaho left port on Monday morning with a cargo consisting principally of the following: 200 head of cattle belonging to Ekins & Flanagan, Toronto, and Mr. Delorimer of Montreal; 88 sheep and about 40,000 boxes of cheese. The Idaho is a steamer of 2,400 tons register and 4,000 tons actual capacity. She was commanded by Captain Brotherton, and was chartered by the Dominion Line for the season from the Pinky & Sons Shipping Company of Sunderland. She is a new vessel, having been launched last autumn. Up to the time of the recent charter she has been engaged in the owners' regular line between Great Britain and the East Indies. She is 375 feet long, has a width of beam of 42 feet, has a triple expansion engine of 2,000 horse power.

It was reported at a late hour that the Idaho is a total loss.

A Peculiar Case.

Mr. L. P. Brodeur has on hand a case of a very peculiar nature. A young woman named Sophie Alarie, wife of Desire Lamothe, while on a visit to her parents in the parish of St. Sauveur, died and was buried in the local cemetery, according to the desire of her near relatives. However, her husband, who has a lot in the Cote des Neiges cemetery, is now anxious to have the body removed thither. The father of the young woman objects. Mr. Brodeur, attorney for the husband, is in consequence applying to both the archbishop and the court for leave to remove the body. The law provides that with the permission of both the Bishop and a Judge such a removal can take place, but the interesting point arises whether the court will consider the natural heirs of deceased, her parents, as she left no children, to be entitled to recover her remains, or if the body should be given over to the husband. In a recent dispute in a somewhat similar case, where both the father and the husband of the deceased had each a lot in the Cote des Neiges cemetery, Archbishop Fabre, having been accepted as sole arbitrator, pronounced in favor of the husband. In this instance, however, the body had not yet been buried.

Personal Mention.

Ald. Prefontaine and family left for Lake St. John last evening.

The Rev. Father Paradis, just returned from Europe, is a guest of Dr. Durocher.

Mr. L. J. Seagrave, traffic manager of the Grand Trunk, went West yesterday morning.

Mr. Stanley's brother-in-law has sailed for America as the great explorer's advance agent.

Ald. P. Kennedy will likely spend a couple of weeks at Cacouna, leaving at the close of next week.

Acting Mayor Stephens left last evening to join Mrs. Stephens and family at his country residence at Lac a l'Eau Claire, P.Q.

A Raymond & Whitcomb party, numbering 50, arrived at the Windsor last evening from Boston. Half go down the Saguenay and the other half to Newport, Vt.

Colonel Headmor, of New York, arrived in the city yesterday morning, on his return from a fishing expedition at Lac aux Commis, near Louisville, where he caught 118 trout in two days.

Mr. H. P. Timmerman, of Port Arthur, is to become general superintendent of the New Brunswick division of the C. P. R. Vice Mr. F. W. Gram, who retired. The C. P. R. is to assume control of the New Brunswick Railway on Saturday.

Mr. Timmerman began life on the Grand Trunk and was twelve years in the service of that company, from which he graduated into the Canadian Pacific, in whose service he has been for some years.

Grand Trunk Railway.

Return of traffic, week ending July 19, 1890:

Passenger train earnings, \$154,433 1889, \$158,501 1890.
Freight " " 259,855 1889, 269,777 1890.
Total " " \$414,288 1889, \$428,278 1890.
Increase 1890, \$6,000.

THE S. S. OREGON.

Large Shipment of Sheep and North-West Ranch Cattle.

The Dominion Line steamship Oregon, Capt. Williams, sailed this morning at day-break for Liverpool. She has a good passenger list, and there were a few scenes on ship-board last night up till a late hour, preparatory to starting on the voyage. The Oregon takes one of the largest consignments of sheep ever shipped on one vessel from this port. Besides the 1,200 sheep she takes 300 head of cattle. 140 of the latter are from the ranch of Staveley Hill, M. P., of England, which he has recently visited in the North West. The ranch cattle had to be unloaded from the cars into the steamer as they were too wild to drive from the yards at Point St. Charles through the streets to the wharf.

Mr. Hill will ship by the Dominion Line 600 head of cattle altogether from his ranch in the west. The next shipment will be made on the steamship Ontario.

Alaska Excursion.

The following telegram was received by Mr. D. McNicoll, General Passenger Agent Canadian Pacific Railway, last night:

"The Alaska excursion party, under Raymond & Whitcomb's leadership, passed through Port Arthur on its way west over the Canadian Pacific Railway this afternoon. The day has been passed in viewing the picturesque scenery along the north shores of Lake Superior, the special time table having been so constructed that everything in that line from Huron Bay west was brought into full daylight view. The trip was a source of pleasure to the passengers, who are loud in their praise of the road and its management. The railway officials are co-operating to the fullest extent with the excursion management in making the expedition satisfactory and enjoyable."

Where Money Might Have Been Saved.

The Acting Mayor, in the course of a conversation yesterday, referring to the paving of Dorchester street with Sicilian asphalt, said that the adoption of Ald. Prefontaine's motion established a dangerous precedent, inasmuch as the council was awarding a contract to one man at his own price and without competition. There was a lower tender—that of the Trinidad Company—which is equally good material at \$2.43, with a ten year guarantee, and which price might perhaps have been reduced under competition. If tenders had been asked for the city would have saved 54 cents per yard, making on the 18,000 yards to be given out amounting to \$9,720 to the city treasury.

Found Dead.

The sudden death has been announced of Mr. Alexander Spence, of 59 Mansfield Street, who was found dead in bed yesterday morning. Mr. Spence came here quite a young man, from Scotland. For many years he was a successful commission merchant and retired from business eight years ago. He was a well-known member of St. Paul's Church. He leaves seven children, his wife having died some time ago. An inquest was held this morning, and a verdict of "Death from valvular disease of the heart" was returned. The funeral will take place to-day at 2:30.

Legal Notes.

Mr. Ford has appealed against the judgment given yesterday in the Ford Whelan case. On the writ of prohibition in the Whelan-Pacaud case, judgment will be given to-day. The examination of I. B. Durocher will also take place to-day.

Answers have been filed by the Ontario Loan Co. in the Henderson case. The hearing is to be continued to-day.

Judgment was given yesterday in the Frank Stafford liquidation case. Mr. Riddell's bill amounted to \$1,225, but it was disputed on the ground that the whole costs should not be more than \$500 or \$600. Judgment was given for \$1,077.

Their Pic-Nic Postponed.

The Montreal Hackmen's Union and Benevolent Society, held a special general meeting last night, when it was unanimously resolved to postpone the annual picnic of the union from August 2nd to August 9th. This action is due to the fact that the great lacrosse match between Montreal and Cornwall will take place on the former date. The committee having the picnic in hand are making extraordinary efforts to make it the most successful, yet held by the Montreal Hackmen.

Look Out For the Coin.

The storekeepers of this city would do well to keep a sharp look out on sharpers from across the line who are at the present moment invading the city. Their policy is a simple one. They are here and boast that they can pass U. S. three cent pieces for Canadian ten cents. The coins resemble each other very much, and merchants are liable to be taken in. Some have, others will do well to take notice of the fraud.

Arrival of S. S. Dominion.

The Dominion Line steamship Dominion, Capt. Cross, arrived in port yesterday from Liverpool. She brought 21 saloon and 80 steerage passengers. The passage was an uneventful one. She reports the ice as plentiful in the straits of Belle Isle. About 300 Shropshire and South Downs sheep and some breed pigs were landed in good condition.

At the Hotels.

Mr. A. Ferguson, of Ottawa, is at the Windsor.

Mr. W. Campbell, of Quebec, is at the Balmoral.

Mr. S. E. Briggs, of New York, is at the Balmoral.

Mr. H. B. S. Lane, of Ottawa, is at the Balmoral.

Geo. O. Lapointe, Boston, is at Rian-deau Hotel.

Mr. R. T. Wells, of Canton, N. Y., is at the Balmoral.

P. E. Roy, Coaticook, is stopping at Rian-deau Hotel.

Mr. W. D. Tagg, of England, is a guest at the Windsor.

Mr. G. Hutchins, of Boston, Mass., is at the Windsor.

Col. Headmore, New York, is booked at Rian-deau Hotel.

Capt. C. B. Jameson, of Clarensville, Que., is at the Hall.

Rev. T. F. Horan, of Brooklyn, arrived at the Hall yesterday.

Mr. C. N. Higgs, of Buffalo, N. Y., is registered at the Windsor.

Lieut.-Col. McEachran, of Ormstown, is staying at the Balmoral.

Mr. H. Tilden, of Hamilton, Ont., is registered at the Windsor.

AT THE CITY HALL.

Meeting of the Markets and Roads Committees.

Ald. Malone presided at the meeting of the Markets Committee yesterday morning. It was decided to apply to Council for power to vary their appropriations so as to enable them to pay Mr. Gower's account of \$818 for concreting Viger Market.

A letter was read from Messrs. Mercier, Beaubien and Co., on behalf of Mr. Latour, of Berthier, threatening an action for damages against the city for arresting his wife at Bonsecours market. The market clerk, who was present, said she was not arrested, but only threatened to arrest her for not paying the market fees. The letter was referred to the City Attorney.

Two petitions were presented for and against the sale of groceries in the markets, and after being discussed it was agreed that the market clerks be instructed not to renew the leases of any stalls which were not used for the sale of meat and farm produce. By this means it is hoped to do away with all grocery stalls, toy stalls and restaurants in the markets.

The Chairman brought up the collection of the horse tax, when it was decided to recommend to Council that Mr. Groulx, clerk at Viger Market, Mr. Duhamel, of St. Ann's, and Mr. Flynn, of the Haymarket, be appointed to collect the horse tax.

A report was made on the frands perpetrated by farmers in not paying market fees, pretending they had already paid at another market. It was resolved to report in favor of amending by-law No. 131 so as to enact that every farmer, gardener or trader occupying a space on the market pay the regular fee.

A letter from Mr. Roy, claiming damages but naming no sum, for the breaking of his contract giving him power to collect the horse tax until Sept. 1, was referred to the City Attorney.

The Road Committee.

The minutes of the previous meeting of the Road Committee had hardly been confirmed yesterday morning when Ald. Dufresne moved that accounts be kept by the accountants of the department of all expenses connected with the wood paving, and be laid before the Committee every meeting. They wanted to find out how much it does cost to make a roadway by day's work.

Ald. Kennedy asked if his (Ald. Dufresne's) desire was to find out the difference in cost by day and contract work.

Ald. Dufresne said it was, and suggested that Mr