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November 18 3m str 276

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November 13 272

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April 12 87

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May 27 126

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December 27 ws 30

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April 87

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January 15 13

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January 4 3

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HON. R. LAFLAMME, Q.C. L. LAFLAMME.
October 14 245

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22 ST. JOHN STREET,
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A. F. RIDDELL. | A. W. STEVENSON.
November 16 274

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Chartered Accountant and Auditor,
112 St. Francois Xavier Street.
BOOKS AUDITED, ACCOUNTS ADJUSTED, ESTATES LIQUIDATED.
May 27 21

John McDonald,
ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR,
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ESTABLISHED 1867.
Special attention given to auditing the books and statements of Joint Stock Companies and Corporations.
January 207

Levs Pearson & Kingsford,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &c.
Freehord Buildings,
COURT STREET, Toronto.
JOHN LEYS JAMES PEARSON,
R. E. KINGSFORD.
August 12 152

CARMAN & LEITCH,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
CORNWALL, ONT.
JAS. LEITCH. R. B. CARMAN.
June 14 142

H. COTTE,
ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR
Address P. O. Box No. 1,866.
September 24 ly 273

TRADE & COMMERCE.

MONTREAL, February 23.

—The SS. "Toronto," from Portland, 11th inst., with 256 cattle and 446 sheep, arrived at Liverpool Wednesday, and landed her live stock in good condition, except four oxen and nine sheep which died on the passage.

—According to Bonfort's Wine and Liquor Circular, the importation of G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Champagne in 1880 was the largest of one brand ever reached in a year by any house in the United States, the imports reaching the enormous figure of 69,308 cases.

—We undertand that, between Muddy Branch and Aylmer along the line of the Q., M., O. and O. R. R., there are large quantities of hay waiting until cars can be obtained to take it away. It is destined for Boston, and if it is not taken before long, the whole of it will be ruined, on account of the frequent thaws during the past month.

—The annual meeting of the Cornwall Manufacturing Company, of Cornwall, was held here to-day, when the usual statements were submitted, the result of the year's operations being considered satisfactory. The following Directors were elected:—Sir Hugh Allan, President; Geo. Stephens, Vice-President; John Turnbull, Managing Director; John McLennan, M.P., D. McInnes, Hon. D. A. Smith, and T. H. Ritchie, Q.C.

—The traffic returns of the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ending 19th February, 1881, and corresponding week last year, were —

	1881.	1880.
Miles open	1,404½	1,273½
Passengers, Mails and Express	$ 43,976	$ 42,871
Freight and Live Stock	160,947	152,196
Total	$204,923	$195,067
Increase in 1881	$ 9,856	

The aggregate increase for eight weeks is $65,044.

—In the district around Pointe-au-Chene, near Grenville, there is a large amount of wood, which has been cut, but still remains unsold. All the able-bodied men of that district have either gone above Ottawa into the shanties, or else across the lines, and the consequence is that there are so few men to be had for cutting wood, and that those who are left behind have been receiving exorbitant prices for their work during the past winter, in some cases being paid twice as much as they were last year. Last year, wood could be got at Pointe-au-Chene, delivered and ready for shipment at the railway stations, for $2 to $2.25 per cord, while this year they have been receiving $4 to $4.50. One gentleman from that place, who has lately sold a large quantity of wood in this city, says he wishes that his wood was all sold, for he feels certain that the price will shortly come down with a crash.

—The Derby and Chesterfield *Reporter* says:—"By this time a pretty accurate idea of last year's Wheat crop in England has been ascertained. The treshing-machine, after being largely employed during the frosty weather, has revealed the fact that the general estimate, which was made of the yield in various parts of the country in the first instance, has not come up to the sanguine expectations which were formed. This is a keen disappointment, for, during the first spell of fine weather in the early autumn, it was believed that the grain had fully matured and would make a good return. It now appears that the wet season lasted too long, and many cars of Corn did not come to maturity, and that, in short, agriculturists were deceived in their anticipations. In spite of this fact even those people who are able to show good Wheats can get little or no advance on the very low prices which rule in the market."

FINANCIAL.

The Money market since this day week has been quiet and without feature calling for special comment. The supply of loanable funds is still abundant, and good commercial bills, of which there are fair offerings, are readily negotiable at the banks at 6@7 per cent., as to name and date. Loans on Call and time continue in about the usual request, at 3@6 per cent., depending upon the strength of the collaterals and other considerations. The drawings of Sterling Exchange are comparatively light, but the firm tone of the New York market suffices to maintain rates here at 8¾ premium for round amounts of sixty-day bills between banks, and 9 cash over the counter. Demand bills are quoted at 9¼@9⅜ premium, Drafts on New York at ⅛@¼ premium. The Stock market for the week has been strong, with an upward tendency, but the volume of transactions has not been large. Compared with this day week we note the following advances:—Montreal, 2½; Ontario, ½; Peoples, 6½; Moisons, 2; Toronto, 3; Jacques Cartier, 1; Merchants ¾; Commerce, ¾; Montreal Telegraph, ¾; Richelieu, 1½; City Passenger, 2, and City Gas, ¼. The market to-day was generally stronger, but not very active for most securities. Montreal opened firm at 182¾, and sold regularly up during the day to 183½, closing at 183¼ bid, 183½ asked. Ontario changed hands higher at 98; and Toronto, in small amounts, were placed 1 per cent. better at 147, the closing quotations being firm at 147 for buyers, no sellers under 148½. A few shares of Merchants were taken at the first Call at 118½ @ 118¾, and in the afternoon the quotations were a shade easier at 118¼ @ 118½. Montreal Telegraph sold 1 per cent. higher than yesterday at both Calls at 127½. Richelieu were taken at 57¾ @ 58, and at the close of the last Call the quotations were stronger at 58 @ 58½. City Passenger and City Gas were steady. The transactions were:—

MORNING BOARD.

Montreal, 220 @ 182¾, 293 @ 183, 75 @ 183¼; Merchants, 42 @ 118¾, 30 @ 118½; Union, 25 @ 91; Montreal Telegraph, 125 @ 127½; Bell Telephone Company, 10 @ 100; Richelieu, 227 @ 58, 10 @ 57¾; City Passenger, 40 @ 116; City Gas, 25 @ 153¼.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Montreal, 107 @ 183½; Ontario, 63 @ 98; Toronto, 25 @ 147; Montreal Telegraph, 50 @ 127½; Richelieu, 85 @ 58. Dominion 5 per cent. Stock, $2,000 @ 108

The following are the quotations for the leading securities on the Montreal Stock Exchange on the dates named:

	Feb. 23, 1880.	Feb. 16, 1881.	Feb. 23, 1881.
Montreal	137¾ @ 138¼	180¾ @ 181	183¼ @ 183½
Ontario	71¾ @ 72½	97¼ @ 97½	97¼ @ 98
Peoples	60½ @ 62	83¼ @ 92*	90 @ 91
Molsons	77 @ 80	107 @ 103	109 @ 109½
Toronto	123¼ @ 130	144 @ 145	147 @ 147½
Jacques Cart.	60 @ ..	96 @ 98	97 @ 98½
Merchants	91 @ 91½	117¼ @ 118¼	118¼ @ 118½
Eastern Town	.. @ ..	.. @ 116	114 @ 116
Commerce	117½ @ 117¼	138¼ @ 138¼	138¼ @ 138½
Exchange	.. @ ..	62 @ 64	62½ @ 64
Mont. Tel.	94 @ 94½	126½ @ 127	127¼ @ 127½
Richelieu	37¾ @ 37½	56½ @ 58¼*	58 @ 58½
City P. Rail.	90½ @ 91½	113 @ 116	115 @ 117½
City Gas	118¼ @ 119½	153 @ 154	153¼ @ 153½

* Ex-dividend.

The New York Stock market was feverish and unsettled, and many of the leading securities declined. The market for Sterling Exchange is steady at $4.83½ for sixty-day bills, and $4.86 for sight. The following table gives the quotations, compared with the closing prices Tuesday (yesterday being a holiday), and the sales:

	Closing Monday.	Op.'g.	1.30.	Cl'g.	Sales
W. U. Tel	116	116¼	115¼	115¼	9,500
Lake Shore	128¼	129¾	127¾	127¾	27,800
St. Paul	112⅞	113¼	111⅞	110¾	32,900
Do pfd	124	124	..	123¼	200
Nor-West	129	129	127¼	126½	17,800
Do. pfd	139⅞	141	..	140¼	400
N. Y Cen	147¾	148⅞	146⅞	145⅞	11,800
Mich. Cen	116⅝	117¼	115¼	114¾	8,200
Erie Com	48¼	49¼	48¼	48⅝	39,000
Do. 2d	100⅜	100½	100	99¾	......
Ohio & Miss.	44	43¾	..	42	4,400
D. L. & West.	125	124⅞	122⅞	123⅜	26,100
Del. & Hud.	110	109⅞	107⅞	107⅞	9,800
N. J. Cen	107	109	106	106⅞	23,800
Wabash	48⅜	49	47	46⅞	8,600
Do pfd	89⅞	90½	88⅝	88⅝	......
Union Pac	120⅞	121¾	120¼	119⅞	30,900
Reading	70	70⅞	68½	67	13,800
Kans. & T	47¼	48	46¼	45½	5,600
Can. South'n	85⅝	85⅞	83⅞	82⅞	8,800
Rock Island	133	135½	..	134	1,500
St. P. & C	47	46⅞	..	46½	......
North Pac	46¼	46⅞	..	44⅞	7,000
Do. pfd	74¾	74⅞	72½	71¾	......
Illinois Cen	132½	135	..	134⅞	......
Han. & St. Jo.	58⅞	57⅞	..	57⅞	66,000
Do. pfd	105	104⅞	..	103¼	1,600
St. L. & St. F.	..	..	..	..	......
Iron Mt	63⅜	63½	60½	60¼	10,700
L. & N	92¼	94	92⅞	92	......
A & P. Tel	45	46½	..	46	300
Pacific Mail	59¼	59⅞	56¼	55	48,800
Man. Elv	38¾	39	..	37¾	......
C., C. & I. C.	25⅞	25	..	23½	3,400
C., C., C. & I.	..	89¼	..	88¼	......
St'l'ng Ex. 60	484	484	..	483½	......
Do. sight	486½	486½	..	486	......
Money	6	..	..	..	......

The New York Stock market has lost ground during the past few days. Compared with this day week, the following changes have taken place:—Declined—Western Union, 3½; Lake Shore, 4½; St. Paul, 4¾; do. preferred, 2¾; North-West, 5¾; N. Y. Central, 4¼; Michigan Central, 4¾; Erie common, ⅞; do. 2nd, 1; Ohio and Mississippi, 2½; D. L. and West, 3⅜; Delaware and Hudson, 4¼; N. J. Central, 1¼; Wabash, 2⅜; do. preferred, 1; Union Pacific, 5¼; Kansas and Texas, 3⅛; Canada Southern, 2½; Rock Island, 5; C., St. P. and M., ⅜; Illinois Central, ½; C., C. and I. C., 2⅞; Iron Mountain, 4½; A. and P. Telegraph, 2; Pacific Mail, ⅝; Manhattan, 4¼; Reading has advanced within the week from 62⅞ @ 67, and Hannibal and St. Joseph has improved 2¼. The following are the quotations for the leading New York stocks on the dates named:

	Feb. 9.	Feb. 16.	Feb. 23.
Western Union	115¾	118⅝	115¼
Lake Shore	128¼	131¼	127⅞
St. Paul	113⅜	115¼	110¾
Do Pref	..	126½	123¾
North-West	128⅞	132¼	126¼
Do Pref	143	..	140¼
N. Y. Central	147¼	149½	145⅜
Mich. Central	118⅜	119	114⅞
Erie Com	48½	49	48⅝
Do 2nd	100	100⅜	99¾
Ohio & Miss	43½	44½	42
Del. Lac. & West.	123	126⅝	123⅜
Del. & Hudson	107	112⅜	107⅞
Jersey Central	93	107⅞	106⅞
Wabash	48	49⅞	46⅞
Do Pref	87⅞	89⅞	88⅝
Union Pacific	117¼	124⅞	119⅞
Reading	..	62⅞	67
Kansas & T	46¼	48⅝	45½
Canada Southern	84¼	85	82⅞
Rock Island	135	139	134
C St. P. M. & G.	47⅞	47⅞	46½
Northern Pacific	41¼	44¼	44⅞
Do. Pref.	69⅞	73	71¾
Illinois Central	133⅜	134⅞	134⅞
H. & St. Joseph	51⅜	55⅜	57⅞
C. C. & I. C.	25⅞	26⅜	23½
C. C. C. & I.	..	..	88¼
Iron M.	59⅜	64⅞	60¼
L. & N.	85¼	92	92
A. & P. Tel.	..	48	46
Pacific Mail	54½	55⅝	55
Man. Elv	42	42¼	37
Exchange 60 days	483	483½	483½
On sight	486	486½	486½
Money	4	3	3

MONTREAL STOCK LIST.

MONTREAL, February 23.

STOCKS.	Value of Shares.	Last Hlf-Y'rly Divid'd	Sellers p. cent.	Buyers per cent.
Bank of Montreal	$200	4 p.c.	183½	183¼
Ontario Bank	40	3 p.c.	98	97½
Bank B. N. A.	£50	2½p.c.	......	......
Banque du Peuple	50	3 p.c.	*91½	*90
Molsons' Bank	50	3 p.c.	109½	109
Bank of Toronto	100	3½p.c.	148½	147
Bank Jac. Cartier	25	2½p.c.	98	97
Merchants' Bank	100	3 p.c.	118½	118¼
Bank d'Hochelaga	......	......	80	......
East'n Towns'ips B'k	50	3½p.c.	116	114
Quebec Bank	100	3 p.c.	......	109½
Banque Nationale	50	3 p.c.	......	......
Union Bank	100	2 p.c.	91½	90¼
Can. B'k of Commerce	50	4 p.c.	138½	138¼
Dominion Bank	50	4 p.c.	......	152¼
Bank of Hamilton	100	3½p.c.	......	......
Maritime Bank	100	......	......	......
Exchange Bank	100	......	64	62½
Ville Marie	100	......	......	......
Standard Bank	50	3 p.c.	......	......
Federal Bank	100	3½p.c.	140	137
Imperial	100	3½p.c.	......	118
Consolidated Bank	......	......	20	16
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Intercolonial Coal Co.	100	......	30	25
Huron Copper Bay Co.	4	......	......	......
Mont. Telegraph Co.	40	4 p.c.	127¾	127½
Dom. Telegraph Co.	50	2½p.c.	94½	93
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	100	2½p.c.	58¼	58
City Passenger R.R.	50	6 p.c.	117½	115
City Gas Co.	40	5 p.c.	153¾	153¼
Merchants' Exchange	100	3 p.c.	......	......
Cie. Pret. et C'dit Fon'r.	......	3 p.c.	......	......
Quebec Fire Assur'nce	100	5 p.c.	......	......
Montreal Invest. Ass.	......	......	......	......
Canada Cotton Co.	100	......	130	122½
Canada Paper Co.	100	......	......	......
Canada Shipping Co.	......	......	112	109¼
Dundas Cotton Co.	......	......	*128	*125
Graphic Printing Co.	......	......	50	35¼
Mont. Lo'n & Mortg. Co.	50	3½p.c.	110	108
Mont. Invest. & Bdg. Co	50	3 p.c.	......	......
Royal Can. Ins. Co.	100	5 p.c.	58	50
Can. Landed Credit Co.	100	4½p.c.	......	......
Bell Telephone Co.	......	......	100	99¼
Montreal Cotton Co.	......	......	......	......
L. Ch'n. & St. Law. J'n R	......	......	87½	87
Canada Central Ry Bds	......	......	99¼	98¼
Dominion Stock, 5 p.c.	......	......	......	......
Dominion Bonds	......	......	......	......
Dom. Tel. 5 p.c. stg Bds.	......	......	......	......
Gov. Deb. 6 p.c. stg	......	......	......	......
Gov. Deb. 6 p.c. cy	......	......	......	......
Gov. Deb. 5 p.c. stg	......	......	......	......
Gov. Deb. 5 p.c. cy	......	......	......	......
Mtl. Harb'r 6½ p.c. Bds.	......	......	......	......
Mtl. Harb'r 6 p.c. Bds.	......	......	......	......
Mtl. Harb'r 5 p.c. Bds.	......	......	......	......
Montreal 6 p.c. Bonds	......	......	......	......
Montreal W. W. Bds.	......	......	......	......
Montreal 7 p.c. Stock	......	......	......	......
Montreal 6 p.c. Stock	......	......	......	......
Montreal 5 p.c. Stock	......	......	......	......

*Ex dividend.

D. LORN MACDOUGALL, Stock Broker.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

The past week has been the most active in all departments of the wholesale trade since the New Year, and the volume of business has been satisfactory. January and the early part of the present month were rather dull. The demand for Dry Goods is good, and orders are being filled as rapidly as possible, considering that importations are not all received yet. There is every prospect of increased consumption during the next few months. Western buyers who have not been in the habit of supplying themselves in this market are making inquiries about the completion of stocks. The Pig-Iron market continues dull and without special feature. There is an improved demand for Leather. Wines and Liquors are in better inquiry, and the sales of the week have been considerable. In General Groceries there has been an active movement in most descriptions, and, on the whole, prices have been well maintained. Coffees are not higher, but they have sold more freely during the past few days. The demand for Fish has pretty well exhausted the supply, and prices are firm. Fruit is scarce, and held firmly, with a fair jobbing business. Sugars are dull and easy. Rice, Salt and Spices are steady and unchanged. Teas are firm and in fair inquiry. Wool is quiet, but steady.

REAL ESTATE.

Another large audience of prominent capitalists and real estate buyers assembled at Mr. Potter's room this afternoon. The final unreserved sale of the properties of the estate Racette and Lariviere brought out some very good bidding. The brick store and dwelling 625 to 631 St. Catherine street, Cadastral No. 788, St. James Ward, lot about 49 x 117, area 5,762 feet English, was put at the highest bid of the last sale, $9,100, and was rapidly bid up to $10,800, at which price it was bought by Dr. Mignault. The house No. 462 St. Catherine street brought $1,850, Mr. M. Merello was the buyer, Cadastral No. 349, St. Mary's Ward, lot 42 x 99. Both sales were for cash. Mr. Potter also sold subsequently at private sale to Mr. Henry Frothingham the stone-front house on Cote St. Antoine Road (one of the terrace of three gothic front), near the terminus of St. Catherine street cars, lot about 25 x 110, for $3,800 cash.

That valuable parcel of vacant property between the Anglican Bishop's and Mr. Alf. Leclair's, on Union Avenue, 33x97-6, was sold by Mr. John J. Arnton, at his salesroom, this morning, at the rate of $1.30 per square foot. The late Dr. Schmidt's house was withdrawn at $16,600.

STOCK YARDS FOR MONTREAL.

The rapid growth of the export trade of Montreal has rendered it necessary that all possible facilities for the safe and speedy shipment of cattle should be afforded. The great inconvenience to which shippers have been subjected in the past for want of sufficient stock yard room and proper means of loading cattle has tended to retard and discourage the trade very much. Yesterday afternoon a meeting of exporters and dealers in live stock, butchers and others was held in St. Lawrence Hall, for the purpose of forming a Company to carry on a General Stock Yard business, to be situated at or near the city of Montreal, and to elect a Provisional Board of Directors in connection therewith. The attendance was quite large, but it was found very difficult to get all parties to agree upon a site for the proposed stock yard. The promoters of the West-End Abattoir seemed too think that, should the general stock yard be located at the East-End of the city it would divert the slaughtering business almost altogether to the Montreal Abattoir, while those interested in the last named institution looked with equal dissatisfaction upon the proposal to locate the stock yard at or near the Tanneries. Mr. C. H. Chandler acted as Chairman of the meeting, and showed that the increasing cattle trade required every possible encouragement. The cattle export trade from Montreal had about doubled in five years, some 45,000 head being shipped last season. Several local cattle dealers thought that, as the West-End Abattoir Company intended to have a stock yard in connection with their establishment, sufficient accommodation would then be afforded. Mr. A. J. Thompson, of Toronto, one of the largest cattle shippers in Canada, complained that the shippers of live stock were placed at a great disadvantage for want of a special shipping place for cattle. When cattle were brought to the city they could not be placed at once on board ship, and some place should be provided where they could be let loose till the vessel was ready to receive them. Moreover, cars were not allowed to run down on the wharves in day time, and thus cattle have often to be taken on board steamers before they were ready for sea. This often caused great loss. It was a fact that all the losses in cattle shipments occurred on the passage between Montreal and Quebec, very few cattle dying after the ships once got fairly to sea. Mr. Thompson favoured the erection of a suitable stock yard, with suitable wharfage accommodation, at or near Longue Pointe, where steamers could call and take live stock on board after loading their ordinary cargo at the city wharves. This view was concurred in by Professor McEachran, Government Inspector of live stock. Alderman Mooney urged that no action be taken till the stock yard projects now under way be given a fair trial. Mr. Bickerdike and several other gentlemen spoke in a similar strain. Mr. Kennedy, another large exporter of live stock, thought there was great necessity for a stock yard, independent of the abattoir projects. He agreed with Mr. Thompson that the stock yard should be as near a wharf as possible, so that no time would be lost in transferring the cattle from the yard to the ships. There was, he said, no other place on the continent of America where the facilities for shipping cattle were so poor as at Montreal, and, considering the rapid extension of the export trade, the want was a very great one. He hoped the rival Abattoir Companies would sink their jealousies and unite upon some suitable location for a stock yard, which he felt assured would be a paying institution. After some further discussion, Mr. C. O. Perrault moved the following resolution, that Messrs. Andrew Allan, Kennedy, Thompson, McEachran, and Chandler, with power to add to their number, form a Commission to examine and report upon the facilities offered by both the West and East-Ends for the erection of cattle-yards.

Ald. MOONEY moved, in amendment, that in the opinion of this meeting, if Stock Yards are established so as to meet the wants of shipping and local interests, further proceedings should be delayed to give the proposed Stock Yard a fair trial.

Mr. PERRAULT withdrew his motion, when the amendment was declared carried and the meeting adjourned.

We trust that all interested in the live stock trade will accept the advice tendered by Messrs Kennedy and Thompson, two energetic and enterprising exporters, and sink their sectional differences in order to promote the great and growing export trade in live stock. The shippers are most likely to understand their own interests, and when they declare that a Stock Yard is necessary we are inclined to agree with them.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

BOOTS AND SHOES—There is no new feature to note since our report this day week. Travellers have for the most part completed their trips, and returned home. Manufacturers are working to their full capacity to fill orders, and shipments of spring goods are being freely made. There have been the usual complaints of cutting prices, but we believe there has been less of that evil than in former years. Prices are steady and unchanged, as per the following quotations:—

Men's Stogas, Split	$1.75 @ 2.00
" Wax No. 1	2.50 @ 0.00
" " No. 2	2.20 @ 0.00
" " Tap Sole	2.35 @ 2.25
Men's Kip Boots	2.50 @ 0.00
" French Calf	3.25 @ 3.00
" Buff Congress	1.50 @ 3.50
" Split Brogans	1.00 @ 2.00
Boys' "	0.85 @ 1.25
" Buff and Peb. Congress	1.25 @ 1.00
Women's Buff and Peb. Balmorals	1.10 @ 1.75
" Prunella Boots	0.45 @ 1.35
Misses Buff and Peb. Balmorals	0.90 @ 1.50
Women's Split Batt's	0.85 @ 1.20

BOTTLES—Continue quiet, with nothing special to report, and we repeat our former quotations at $4.50@$5, and $5.50@$6 for Brandies and Clarets.

CANDLES—Are in moderate request and steady at 9½c@10c for Montreal Mould, and 19c @ 20c for Belmont Sperm.

CHEMICALS—There has been rather more business this week than last, buyers having become more reconciled to the recent sharp advance. The coal strikes in England still influence the English markets. Bicarb Soda is quiet and quoted at $3.20 @ $3.25 for jobbing parcels, but those figures could be considerably shaded for a round lot. Sal Soda is firmer at $1.50 @ $1.60, and we hear of sales of round quantities for spring delivery at our inside quotation. There is a fair demand for Bichromate of Potash, and sales of 5 @ 10 cask lots have been effected at $13 @ $13.50. Refined Borax is a turn dearer at 13c @ 13½c. Sales are reported of round lots of Bleaching Powder for forward delivery at $1.40 @ $1.50. Flour and Roll Sulphur, Alum, Copperas and Sulphate of Copper are steady at our list quotations, but not moving. A leading Liverpool circular, dated February 4, says that "Chemicals have been active during the week, and close firm, with a rising tendency. Production is limited and reduced.".

COAL—The market continues strong, but almost exclusively of a retail character. Though stocks have been greatly reduced, importations by rail have not taken place, but if they become necessary higher prices may be expected to prevail. We quote $8.50 for Stove, and $8 for Egg, Chestnut, and Furnace. Soft Scotch Grate is quoted at $6.50. These figures represent the retail price per net ton. The *Engineering and Mining Journal* says:—"There is a large amount of Coal wanted that the Companies are still unable to deliver. The milder weather of the past week has reduced consumption at points like this city, where there have been no serious fears of a famine, while it has not opened ports where Coal is very scarce. The consequence is that there has been a falling off in new orders. The West is calling for more Coal than it can get. The total output of Coal in all the regions for the week ending February 12 was 444,995 tons, against 375,172 tons last year. Total since January 1, 2,407,059 tons, against 2,357,012 tons in 1880, 2,201,274 tons in 1879, 1,567,596 tons in 1878, 1,746,280 tons in 1877, and 1,424,415 tons for the corresponding period of 1876. The above does not include the amount of Coal consumed and sold at the mines, which is about 6 per cent of the whole production."

COFFEE—The market during the past week has been much more active, the low prices evidently stimulating purchasers to lay in stocks. There have been considerable sales of Mocha in jobbing lots at 28c @ 30c, and Old Government Java at 24½c @ 27c. The sale is also reported of 180 bags of Costa Rica on p. t., and 125 bags of Jamaica from 14½c for lowest quality up to 20c for fine. The New York *Shipping List* says:—"The demand has remained moderate, and the few transactions which have transpired point to an irregular market. The tone has not improved, Rio cable advices are rather depressing, and the general movement of stock slow and unsatisfactory. Dealers are not inclined to operate beyond their current wants, which are necessarily modified by the limited outlet at present existing, but the sales have shown a disposition to meet sellers' views for desirable invoices specially suited to present requirements. The only sale on Monday was made on the basis of 12½c for Fair, but the price was generally considered a full one, and while further offerings could not be obtained for less, there was but little disposition to base bids on this valuation. The market left off Monday dull on the basis of 12½c for Fair. The regular weekly cable despatch from Rio of Saturday's date is not encouraging to the local holding interests. The receipts have run up to the large daily average of over 15,700 bags, fair purchases have been made for this country and Europe, and the stock is gradually accumulating."

FISH—The market is firm but moderately active. Stocks of all kinds, except Green Cod, have been very much reduced, and the marketis almost bare of Labrador Herrings, which have been selling freely at $5.75 @ $6.00, as to quantity. Dry Cod is steady at $4.00 @ $4.25. Green Cod is firm and unchanged. White Fish are out of the market. A revival of the American demand for Salmon has given more tone to the market here, and prices are steady at $18.50, $17.50 and $16.50 for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respectively.

FRUIT—The market for Foreign Dried is firm, but we have very little business to report from first hands. Jobbers have been fairly busy. There is rather a better feeling for Old Layers and LooseMuscatels in, sympathy with a recent advance in New York. Valencias are very scarce, and we quote 8½c @ 8¾c for spot. The sale is reported of 500 boxes to arrive at 8¼c. There have been sales of jobbing lots of Currants—held at 6½c @ 7½c, as to quality. Prunes are about steady, 200 kegs changing hands at about 5½c. Nuts are firm and scarce, but we have no transactions to report since this day week. In New York about all kinds of Foreign Dried continue in light demand, but as there is no disposition to force goods upon a reluctant market prices remain steady, and for the most part firm, Currants and Loose Muscatel Raisins especially. Nuts are quiet, with prices nominally steady.

IRON AND HARDWARE—The market for Pig Iron displays no new symptoms, but continues to be characterized by inactivity and an under-current of want of confidence in present prices. Sales for the week have been limited to small parcels, the largest of which, so far as we learn, was 50 tons of No. 1 Summerlee. Coltness, Gartsherrie and Summerlee are now reduced to two holders, notwithstanding which no strength has been imparted to the market. Consumers West have, for the most part, sufficient Iron to last them till May or June, and are not inclined to purchase for requirements after that date before opening of navigation, when they expect lower prices to prevail. The Glasgow market is reported weak, under disheartening advices from the United States. Shipments for the year show a large falling off compared with those of last, and Iron in Connal's stores continues to increase at the rate of 4,000 tons per week, which is exclusive of stock accumulating in makers' hands. The market in the United States developes no interesting features. Demand continues to be of a hand-to-mouth character. Prices are quoted firm, notwithstanding which little confidence is felt in the future of the market. Tin Plates continue to move slowly, at prices which cannot be called remunerative to the importer. The immediate future of the market is not encouraging, for, although repeated endeavours have been made by the English trade to effect an increase in values by reduced production and other means, all efforts, so far, have proved futile to attain that end. An increased consumption is required to wipe out the present heavy stocks before any revival in this trade can be permanently maintained. The outlook for the season's trade would indicate a good, steady demand, but nothing unusual. Canada Plates are being sold in small lots for present delivery. We learn of several large contracts for June delivery on p. t., but at prices supposed to be under those now ruling. Bars, Sheets and Plates are in fair demand for the season of the year, and stocks are being gradually reduced to make way for spring importations. We hear of the sale of 250 tons of Nail Plates, and 100 tons of Siemen's Bars, at full prices. The Shelf Hardware trade is brisk, and travellers report prospects very good. Iron Pipe, owing to the advance of ten per cent. in the duty, is quoted firm at 65 per cent. discount. In New York a few sales have been made from dock at lower prices, but the market still rules dull and in buyers' favour. The *Shipping List* quotes Coltness from dock $24 @ $24.50, yard $24.75, Glengarnock dock $23, yard $24, Summerlee yard $25, Carnbroe $22.50 @ $23, Eglinton dock $22, yard $22.50, Middleborough is firm at $18.50 @ $19 for No. 3, and $20 for No. 1.

LEADS AND PAINTS—The market is quiet and unchanged. We quote $4.75 for Red Lead, $4.25 for Litharge and $5.00 for White Lead.

LEATHER—The market is steady and a better demand has sprung up, manufacturers buying more freely. In fact there is inquiry enough for the production. Considerable sales of Sole Leather have transpired during the week, chiefly to supply outside markets. We quote Spanish Sole No 1 25c @ 26c, China 21c @ 23c, No. 1 Buffalo 21c @ 23c, and No. 2 Buffalo 19c @ 21c. There has been a fair business in Upper Leathers at about our list quotations.

LIQUORS—The market is very much more active, and there has been a spirited demand for the finer qualities of Brandy, both on the spot and for delivery on the arrival of spring vessels. There has been some inquiry for fine Wines, and a very active demand for the lower grades of Ports and Sherries, of which the market is almost bare.

MOLASSES—There is a quiet, consumptive demand, and a few small lots are moving off at our list quotations.

OILS—The market is about steady and there has been a larger movement than for some weeks. Linseed is easy, and we hear of the sale of 600 @ 700 barrels of Raw on p. t., but understood to be a shade under our quotations. We quote 70c @ 72½c for Raw and 72½c @ 75c for Boiled, Imperial gallon, and for a round lot our inside quotation could probably be shaded. Lard Oil is steady and in jobbing demand. Coal Oil is steady at 59c @ 60c, and Seal Oils are reported steady and unchanged. There is an improved inquiry for Olive.

PETROLEUM—The price for Refined at London has settled down to 21c. There is a moderate demand in the local market. We quote ex-store 24½c @ 25c for car loads, 25½c @ 26c for broken lots, and 26½c for single barrels.

RICE—There is little or nothing doing, and we quote the market dull and nominally unchanged at $3.95 @ $4.10, as to size of lot.

SALT—There is only the usual quiet, jobbing winter business. We quote Coarse Salt ex-store at 60c. Factory filled is unchanged.

SPICES—The market is generally steady. Black and White Pepper are firmer, the former at 12c @ 13c, and the latter at 20c @ 22c.

SUGARS—Refiners' prices have been reduced about ⅛c in the past fortnight, and the market for Refined is still easy. We quote Granulated at 9½c@9¾, and Yellows at 7¼c@8½c, with rather more inquiry than last week. The market for Raws is dull, and quotations are purely nominal. The *Shipping List* says: The New York market for Raw has ruled quiet and about steady. Consumers' wants do not increase and their limited requirements are satisfied by occasional small purchases. The direct importations on refiners' account during the past week have been large, and these have gone a good way toward increasing their supply of raw material with the present slow movement of their production. Values are quoted on the basis of 7⅛c @ 7¼c for Fair to Good Refining, but actual sales have chiefly been made at about one-sixteenth of a cent lower, a parcel of fully good Refining having sold on Monday at 7 3-16 cents. With a light demand, free receipts and accumulating stock the tone of the market is only about steady."

TEAS—The market is steady and moderately active all round. There is a firm feeling for the better grades of Japan and Green Teas. The sales of the week comprise about 1,000 half-chests of Japans, in lots, from medium up to fine, at an advance of 1c @ 2c per lb. on January prices. We also hear of the sale of an invoice of 280 packages of Yokohama Japan at 27c, and 100 packages of Nagasaki at 23c. Common and inferior grades are neglected.

WOOL—The market is quiet, and we have no transactions of any consequence to report since this day week. Holders have confidence in the future course of values. We quote Greasy Cape at 18½c @ 19c, and Domestic Pulled at a range of 28c @ 35c. The *Shipping List* says of the New York market:—"Since our last the intervention of a holiday has lessened the volume of business somewhat, but the market yet remains in an entirely normal condition, with prices rather favouring buyers."

LIVERPOOL PROVISION REPORT.

BACON—Following the American cable advices of higher prices, holders, early in the week, gradually raised their quotations for fancy cuts from 1s @ 2s per cwt; and though buyers are now more cautious, there has been a quiet, steady trade done at about present quotations, and there is little or no accumulation of stock. We quote Staffordshire (lean on) and Birmingham Cuts, 45s @ 49s; N. Y. or Clear Staffords, 44s @ 47s 6d; Yorkshire Cut, 43s @ 46s; Cumberland, 43s @ 46s 6d; Clear Bellies, 45s @ 50s; rib in, 42s @ 46s 6d; Short Middles, rib in, 42s @ 45s; Long Rib, in good demand at 46s @ 54s; Wiltshire Cut, singed, scarce and wanted, 45s @ 49s; scalded, 43s @ 46s. Long and Short Clear is quotably dearer, 6d @ 1s per cwt, but the advance has checked the demand. We quote Short Clear 42s @ 43s; and Long Clear, ordinary cure, 40s @ 42s; medium sizes, finest brands, up to 43s 6d; Backs, 44s @ 50s; Shoulders, ordinary Western, 28s 6d @ 30s 6d.

HAMS—Staffordshire Cut sell best, and price has advanced 1s @ 2s per cwt, still meeting with a good inquiry. Short Cut Hams are also quoted 1s dearer, but the demand is small. Long Cut sell slowly at previous quotations. We quote Long Cut, 45s @ 50s per cwt for average sizes; light sizes, 11 to 12 lbs, 50s @ 54s. Short Cut, 48s @ 51s; Staffordshire Cut, 45s @ 52s.

LARD—Has fluctuated in price, advancing at the beginning of the week, since receding toour last week's quotations, viz: 50s @ 50s 6d for Prime Western, in tierces. Market closing steady, with quiet demand.

PORK—Demand is only moderate, but holders are very firm. We quote Choice Eastern Prime Mess at 70s @ 75s; Ordinary Western, 60s @ 67s 6d per 200 lbs.

BEEF—There is no alteration. Market steady, with a fair consumptive inquiry. We quote Extra India Mess, 90s @ 97s 6d; India Mess, 75s @ 82s 6d; Prime to Extra, 70s @ 75s per 304 lbs.

CHEESE—The market is without material alteration. There is a moderate consumptive inquiry. Buyers do not appear anxious to speculate, as at present prices they see no chance of making much out of them, and the demand now is entirely a weekly consumptive one, and is not extensive. It is generally admitted that the country retailers are somewhat bare of stock, and, on the other hand, the importers here certainly expected a better inquiry than is now current at this season of the year, the conclusion being that present prices check consumption. We quote Finest September makes at 69s @ 70s; medium qualities scarce, and in good demand at 50s @ 65s, as to quality.

BUTTER—The situation remains about the same as last week. The demand is still almost entirely on Finest Fresh Parcels at 115s @ 125s; medium and stale goods being a very dull sale, at 65s @ 95s, as to quality.

FLOUR AND WHEAT—The Grain market has been this week still further in favour of buyers, the demand being quiet. We quote American White Wheat, 9s 3d @ 9s 7d; American Red, 8s 7d @ 9s 10d; Canadian Red, 9s 4d @ 9s 6d; Californian, 9s 1d @ 9s 9d per 100 lbs. Flour, States and Canadian, 12s 6d @ 13s 6d per 100 lbs. Indian Corn, mixed, 5s 5d @ 5s 6d per 100 lbs. Canadian Oats, 6s 4d @ 6s 6d per 100 lbs. Canadian Peas, 6s 10d @ 7s per 100 lbs.—*Hodgson Brothers' Circular, 5th February.*

LIVERPOOL.	Feb. 21, 5.00 P. M.	Feb. 23, 5.00 P. M.
Flour	8 6 @ 11 0	8 6 @ 11 0
Spring Wheat	8 3 @ 9 3	8 3 @ 9 3
Red W'r (new)	8 10 @ 9 5	8 10 @ 9 5
White Winter	8 8 @ 9 6	8 8 @ 9 5
Club	9 4 @ 9 10	9 3 @ 9 9
Corn (new)	5 4 @ 0 0	5 4 @ 0 0
Corn (old)	5 4 @ 0 0	5 5 @ 0 0
Barley	5 3 @ 0 0	5 3 @ 0 0
Oats	6 2 @ 0 0	6 2 @ 0 0
Peas	6 8 @ 0 0	6 8 @ 0 0
Pork	68 0 @ 0 0	68 0 @ 0 0
Lard	53 0 @ 0 0	52 9 @ 0 0
Bacon	42 6 @ 44 0	41 0 @ 42 6
Tallow	36 3 @ 0 0	36 3 @ 0 0
Beef (new)	75 0 @ 0 0	75 0 @ 0 0
Cheese (new)	68 0 @ 0 0	68 0 @ 0 0

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

MONTREAL, February 23, 1881.

BLUE—	
Button	0 06½ @ 0 07
Ball	0 10 .. 0 14
BOTTLES	4 50 .. 5 00
COFFEE—	
Laguayra, Green, per lb	0 21 @ 0 23
Maracaibo	0 20 .. 0 22
Jamaica	0 17 .. 0 20
Java, ordinary	0 21 .. 0 22½
Do Old Government	0 24½ .. 0 27
Rio	0 17 .. 0 19
Ceylon Plantation	0 24 .. 0 26½
Do Native	0 00 .. 0 00
Singapore	0 00 .. 0 00
Mocha	0 28 .. 0 30
CANDLES—	
Belmont Sperm	0 19 @ 0 20½
Mould, Montreal	0 9½ .. 0 10
Parafin, 12's & 6's	0 19 .. 0 21
CORKS—1sts to 3rds, per gross	0 60 .. 2 00
COAL—	
Scotch Steam	6 25 @ 6 50
Pictou Steam	5 00 .. 5 25
Cape Breton	5 50 .. 5 75
Smith's	5 00 .. 5 15
Welsh Anthracite	0 00 .. 0 00
Do Steam	0 00 .. 0 00
English Coke	0 00 .. 0 00
American Anthracite Lump	9 00 .. 0.00
Stove	8 50 .. 0 00
Egg	8 00 .. 0 00
Grate	8 00 .. 0 00
Chestnut	8 00 .. 0 00
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS—	
Bicarb Soda	3 20 @ 3 25
Soda Ash	1 50 .. 1 60
Bichromate of Potash, ₱ 100 lbs	13 00 .. 14 50
Arrow Root, ₱ lb	0 10 .. 0 14
Borax, Refined	0 13 .. 0 13½
Cream Tartar, Crystals	0 29½ .. 0 31
Do do Ground	0 34 .. 0 35
Caustic Soda, White	2 75 .. 2 80
Sugar of Lead	0 12½ .. 0 13
Bleaching Powder	1 40 .. 1 50
Alum	1 75 .. 1 90
Copperas, ₱ 100 lbs	0 85 .. 0 95
Flour-Sulphur, ₱ 100 lbs	2 75 .. 2 80
Roll Sulphur	2 20 .. 2 30
Epsom Salts, ₱ 100 lbs	1 20 .. 1 25
Sal Soda, ₱ 100 lbs	1 15 .. 1 20
Saltpetre, per keg	9 00 .. 9 50
Sulphate of Copper (best)	5 25 .. 6 00
Fire Clay, per ton	9 00 .. 10 00
Whiting, per 100 lbs	0 60 .. 0 65
Portland Cement, per bbl	2 75 .. 2 80
FISH—	
Labrador Herrings	5 75 @ 6 00
Do No. 2	4 25 .. 4 50
No 1 Split do	5 25 .. 5 50
Dry Cod	0 00 .. 4 25
Green Cod, brl., No. 2	3 00 .. 3 25
Do No. 1	4 25 .. 4 50
Do do large	5 75 .. 6 00
Salmon, No. 1	18 50 .. 0 00
Do No. 2	17 50 .. 0 00
Do No. 3	16 50 .. 0 00
Do Columbia River, brls	14 75 .. 15 25
Lake Superior White Fish, hlf-brls	0 00 .. 0 00
Lake Superior Salmon Trout	4 25 .. 4 50
Mackerel, No. 1	6 50 .. 7 00
Do. No. 2	5 00 .. 5 50
Do. No. 3	4 00 .. 4 25
CANNED FISH—	
Lobsters	1 25 @ 1 60
Salmon	1 90 .. 2 10
Mackerel	1 20 .. 1 50
FRUIT—	
Layers, per box, new	2 00 @ 2 25
Loose Muscatels, new	2 10 .. 2 35
London Layers, new	2 60 .. 2 75
Black Basket, new	0 00 .. 0 00
Blue do new	3 65 .. 3 90
Black Crown, new	4 40 .. 4 60
Valencia Raisins, ₱ lb	0 00 .. 0 00
Do new	0 08½ .. 0 08¾
Sultana Raisins, new, ₱ lb	0 09½ .. 0 10
Seedless Raisins, ₱ lb	0 09 .. 0 10
Currants, old	0 05 .. 0 06
Do new	0 06¾ .. 0 07
Figs, Eleme	0 00 .. 0 00½
Do Malaga	0 06 .. 0 07
Do Smyrna	0 19 .. 0 20
Prunes, new	0 05½ .. 0 06½
Almonds, Languedoc	0 00 .. 0 00
Do Tarragona	0 12½ .. 0 13
Do Provence	0 15 .. 0 16
Do Fetas	0 00 .. 0 00
Hard Shell	0 00 .. 0 08
Jordan	0 45 .. 0 50
Filberts, Sicily	0 00 .. 0 08½
Do Barcelona	0 00 .. 0 08½
Brazil Nuts	0 00 .. 0 00
Walnuts, new French	0 06½ .. 0 07½
Do Grenoble	0 00 .. 0 00
Sardines, quarters	0 11½ .. 0 12½
Do halves	0 17½ .. 0 18½
GLASS—Boxes, 50 feet.	
Up to 25-inch	0 00 @ 1 80
26-inch to 40-inch	0 00 .. 1 90
41-inch to 50-inch	0 00 .. 2 20
51-inch to 60-inch	0 00 .. 2 35
INDIGO	0 65 .. 0 85
IRON AND HARDWARE—PIG IRON, ₱ ton, duty paid—Terms by agreement, four months—	
Coltness	20 50 @ 21 00
Siemens	20 00 .. 22 00
Gartsherrie	20 00 .. 20 50
Summerlee	20 00 .. 20 50
Langloan	20 50 .. 21 00
Eglinton	19 00 .. 20 00
Calder	20 00 .. 20 50
Carnbroe	19 50 .. 20 00
Glengarnock	20 00 .. 20 50
Hematite	27 00 .. 28 00
BAR, ₱ 100 lbs—	
Siemens	2 00 @ 2 10
Scotch and Staffordshire	2 00 .. 2 12
Best do	2 25 .. 2 35
Swedes	4 25 .. 4 50
Norway	5 00 .. 0 00
Lowmoor and Bowling	6 25 .. 6 50
Iron Pipe discount 65 per cent.	
CANADA PLATES, ₱ box—	
Glamorgan & Budd	3 30 @ 0 00
Penn	3 50 .. 0 00
Garth	3 50 .. 0 00
Arrow	3 75 .. 0 00
Hatton	0 00 .. 3 15
Thistle & Clifton	0 00 .. 3 40
TIN PLATES, ₱ box—	
Charcoal, I. C	5 75 @ 6 00
Charcoal, I. X	8 00 .. 9 00
Charcoal, D. C	5 50 .. 6 00
Charcoal, D. X	7 50 .. 8 00
Coke, I. C	5 00 .. 5 50
Tinned Sheets, No. 26, Charcoal	0 10½ .. 0 11
Cookley K., or Bradley	0 10½ .. 0 11
Do Coke	0 10 .. 0 10½
Galvanized Sheets, 28 best	0 06½ .. 0 07½
Hoops and Bands, ₱ 100 lbs	2 25 .. 2 50
Sheets, best brands	3 00 .. 3 12
Boiler Plate, ₱ 100 lbs, Staff'shire	2 75 .. 3 00
Bradley	4 50 .. 4 62½
Do Lowmoor & Bowling	7 00 .. 12 00
Russia Sheet Iron, ₱ lb	0 12½ .. 0 13½
LEAD—	
Pig, ₱ 100 lbs	4 50 @ 4 75
Sheet, do	5 00 .. 5 50
Bar	5 00 .. 5 50
Shot, do	6 00 .. 6 50
STEEL—	
Cast, ₱ lb	0 11½ @ 0 12½
Spring, ₱ 100 lbs	3 75 .. 4 00
Tire, do	3 50 .. 3 75
Sleigh Sheet	3 00 .. 3 25
Ingot Tin	0 25 .. 0 26
Bar Tin	0 26 .. 0 27
Ingot Copper	0 17½ .. 0 18
Zinc, sheet, ₱ 100 lbs	6 00 .. 6 50
Spelter	5 50 .. 6 00
Horse Shoes, ₱ 100 lbs	4 25 .. 4 50
Proved Coil Chain, ⅜ in	0 00 .. 5 50
Anchors	5 00 .. 5 50
Iron Wire, No. 6 ₱ bdl	1 75 .. 0 00
LEATHER—	
Spanish Sole No. 1, B. A	0 25 @ 0 26
Do No. 2, A. A	0 22 .. 0 24
China	0 21 .. 0 23
English Sole	0 46 .. 0 56
American Oak Sole	0 38 .. 0 43
Buffalo, No. 1	0 21 .. 0 22
Do No. 2	0 19 .. 0 20
Slaughter, No. 1	0 27 .. 0 29
Rough (Light)	0 27 .. 0 32
Harness	0 30 .. 0 34
Waxed Upper, Light	0 40 .. 0 44
Do do medium and heavy	0 36 .. 0 38
Grained Upper (long)	0 37 .. 0 40
Scotch Grained Upper	0 40 .. 0 45
Buff	0 15 .. 0 18
Splits, calf, ₱ lb	0 30 .. 0 35
Do Juniors	0 23 .. 0 25
Calfskin (light)	0 60 .. 0 70
Do (heavy)	0 75 .. 0 80
French Calfskin	1 00 .. 1 45
Patent Cow	0 15 .. 0 17
Enamelled Cow	0 14 .. 0 17
Green Hides	0 09 .. 0 11
Calfskins, ₱ lb	0 13 .. 0 15
Sheepskins (old)	0 00 .. 0 00
Lambskins	0 75 .. 1 10
Shearlings	0 65 .. 0 75
Sheepskins dressed No. 1	5 00 .. 5 75
Do do X	6 00 .. 6 75
Do do XX	7 00 .. 7 75
Do do XXX	8 00 .. 8 75
Do do XXXX	9 00 .. 9 75
Do do XXXXX	10 00 .. 10 30
LIQUORICE	0 18 .. 0 75
LIQUORS AND WINES—	
Brandy, Hennessy's, ₱ gal	4 50 @ 4 60
Do do cases	10 75 .. 11 00
Do Martell's, ₱ gal	4 40 .. 4 50
Do do cases	10 75 .. 11 00
Do Otard, Dupuy & Co	3 90 .. 4 05
Do do cases	10 50 .. 10 75
Do Bisquit Dubouche & Co	3 00 .. 4 00
Do do cases	8 00 .. 8 50
Do Sazerac	3 30 .. 3 60
Do Boutelliau & Co	3 30 .. 3 60
Do do cases	9 00 .. 9 50
Do Pinet's	3 30 .. 3 60
Do Vine Growers' Co	3 30 .. 3 60
Do Dulary & Co	3 30 .. 3 60
Do Jules Robin's	3 30 .. 3 60
Do Renault's, ₱ gal	3 30 .. 3 60
Do J. Denis, H. Mounie & Co	3 30 .. 3 60
Do "Matignon" & Co., ₱ gal	3 30 .. 3 60
Do do cases	9 00 .. 9 50
Do Boitard's, ₱ gal	3 80 .. 3 10
Do do cases	6 50 .. 7 00
Do Quantin & Co	3 10 .. 3 20
Do Riviere Gardrat & Co	3 15 .. 3 25
Do Pinet Castillion & Co., gal	3 30 .. 3 60
Do do cases	8 00 .. 10 00
PORT	2 10 .. 4 80
Pelee Island Wine	1 80 .. 2 40
Rum, Jamaica, 16 o.p., ₱ gal	2 65 .. 0 00
Demerara	2 25 .. 2 35
Cuba	0 00 .. 0 00
Gin, DeKuyper's, ₱ gal	2 10 .. 2 15
Do green cases	4 25 .. 4 35
Do red cases	8 00 .. 0 00
Do Boll & Dunlop's, ₱ gal	2 00 .. 2 10
Do green cases	4 10 .. 4 25
Do red cases	7 70 .. 7 75
Do Hencke's	2 00 .. 0 00
Booth's Old Tom, cases	6 50 .. 6 75
H'wines, 60 o.p., ₱ Imp.gal.in b'd	0 65 .. 0 70
Rye Whiskey, ₱ Imp. gal., do	0 37½ .. 0 40
CHAMPAGNES—	
G. H. Mumm's Dry Verzenay	25 50 @ 27 00
Louis Roederer, Carte Blanche	26 00 .. 00 28
Pommery & Greno	26 50 .. 28 50
Ayala & Co	24 00 .. 26 00
Moet & Chandon's, Extra Sup	25 00 .. 27 00
Do do No. 1	23 00 .. 25 00
Brown Creamy	25 00 .. 27 00
Heidseick's Dry Monopole	25 00 .. 26 50
Piper Heidseick	25 00 .. 26 50
H. Piper & Co.'s Sec	28 50 .. 28 30
E. Mercier & Co.'s Carte d'Or	22 00 .. 23 50
Do Carte Blanche	18 00 .. 19 50
L. Delmonico	21 50 .. 22 50
Ackerman, Laurance	12 00 .. 18 00
Duke de Montebello Ex. Sec	22 50 .. 24 00
W. H. Mills	18 00 .. 20 00
La Diamant (Wine measure.)	18 00 .. 20 00
MOLASSES—	
Muscovado	0 38 @ 0 49
Barbadoes	0 42½ .. 0 43½
Demerara	0 40 .. 0 42½
Porto Rico	0 43 .. 0 44
Trinidad	0 36 .. 0 37
Syrup	0 48 .. 0 70
NAVAL STORES—	
Rosin—Strained	3 00 .. 3 25
" No. 2	3 50 .. 4 00
No. 1 and Pale	5 00 .. 6 50
Pine, Pitch and Tar	3 00 .. 3 75
Oakum—Navy	0 08 .. 0 08½
Spirits Turpentine	0 80 .. 0 82½
OILS	
Linseed, boiled, ₱ gal	0 72½ @ 0 75
Do raw	0 70 .. 0 72
Olive	1 12½ .. 1 20
Cod	0 59 .. 0 60
Seal, Pale	0 00 .. 0 60
Do Refined	0 64 .. 0 66
Do Straw	0 52 .. 0 55
Whale, Winter bleached	0 90 .. 0 00
Do No. 1	0 80 .. 0 00
Lard, Extra	0 77½ .. 0 80
Do No. 1	0 63 .. 0 72
Palm, ₱ lb	0 14 .. 0 00
Castor ₱ lb	0 10 .. 0 11
Parafine—Canadian, ₱ gal	0 17½ .. 0 20
Do American, ₱ gal	0 30 .. 0 35
Petroleum Refined, car-loads	0 24½ .. 0 25
Do do in small lots	0 25½ .. 0 26
Do do in single bbls	0 26 .. 0 26½
LEADS AND PAINTS	
Genuine White Lead	7 00 @ 7 50
No. 1 do do	6 25 .. 6 75
Red Lead	4 75 .. 5 00
Litharge	4 50 .. 0 00
White Lead (Dry)	5 00 .. 5 25
RICE	3 95 .. 4 10
Sago	5 50 .. 6 00
Tapioca	7 00 .. 8 00
SALT—	
Factory Filled	0 90 @ 1 00
Coarse	0 60 .. 0 00
Higgins' Eureka, F. F	2 00 .. 0 00
SPICES—	
Cassia, ₱ lb	0 11 @ 0 14
Cloves	0 35 .. 0 45
Nutmegs	0 55 .. 0 95
Ginger, Jamaica bleached	0 18 .. 0 22
Do do unbleached	0 17 .. 0 20
Cochin	0 10 .. 0 12
Pimento	0 15 .. 0 16
Pepper, Black	0 12 .. 0 13
Do White	0 20 .. 0 22
Mace	0 65 .. 0 75
STARCH—	
White	0 04½ .. 0 05½
Corn	0 07 .. 0 07
SUGAR—Raw.	
Demerara	0 00 .. 0 00
Cuba, ₱ lb	0 07½ .. 0 00
Porto Rico	0 07¾ .. 0 08
Barbadoes	0 07½ .. 0 07½
Montreal Refined—	
Extra Powdered	0 10½ @ 0 10½
Powdered	0 09½ .. 0 09¾
Granulated	0 09½ .. 0 09¾
Lump Sugar	0 10 .. 0 10½
Diamond A	0 00 .. 0 00
Confectioners A	0 00 .. 0 00
Grocers' A	0 09½ .. 0 09½
Yellow	0 07¼ .. 0 08½
TEAS—	
Uncol'red Jap'ns, choicest, ₱ lb	0 47 @ 0 50
do do fine	0 37 .. 0 43
do do good medium	0 33½ .. 0 35
do do medium	0 27½ .. 0 30
do do good common	0 24 .. 0 26
do do common	0 22 .. 0 24
Japan—Pekoe	0 00 .. 0 00
Imperial	0 00 .. 0 00
Gunpowder	0 35 .. 0 70
Young Hyson, Firsts	0 45 .. 0 50
do do Seconds	0 37 .. 0 40
do do Thirds	0 32 .. 0 34
do do Common	0 28 .. 0 30
Hyson	0 30 .. 0 45
Twankay	0 00 .. 0 00
Hyson Twankay	0 00 .. 0 00
Hyson, Skin	0 00 .. 0 00
Orange, Pekoe	0 28 .. 0 65
Congou, fine	0 55 .. 0 65
do Good Medium	0 37½ .. 0 45
do Common Medium	0 32 .. 0 37
do Common	0 25 .. 0 30
Souchong	0 32½ .. 0 35
Oolong	0 27½ .. 0 30

WEEKLY REPORT OF PRODUCE, &c.

The weather experienced during the past week has not offered much occasion for remark, the cold spell having given way to a period of moderate temperatures and generally pleasant weather, with one or two considerable falls of snow. Some days have been quite spring-like, thawing rapidly in the sun. A thermometrical record of day-time temperatures since last Thursday shows a maximum range of from 25° to 33°, minimum range during same period being from 5° to 21°. Snowing this forenoon, followed by a sudden change to fine but much colder weather. Latest advices from Europe were by Atlantic cable to date, and by mail per SS. "Caspian" *via* Halifax, and SS. "Gallia" *via* New York, dates from London, Liverpool and Glasgow being up to 12th inst. Breadstuffs—Wheat, nominal; Flour, quiet. Provisions—Butter, dull; Cheese, quiet; Pork, unchanged. Ashes—Pots, weak; Pearls, neglected.

PRICES OF PRODUCE.

The equivalent sterling quotations are f.o.b. calculated at 8 per cent. Exchange on outside values, including 4 per cent. commission.

	Currency. $c.	$c.	Ster'g s. d.
WHEAT, ₱ bushel.			
Ont. Wh. Winter, No. 2	0.00 @	0.00	00 0
Cnt. Red do., No. 2	0.00	0.00	00 0
Ont. Spring do., No. 2	0.00	0.00	00 0
Mich. Wh. Win., No. 1, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Mich. Wh. Win., No. 2, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Toledo Red Win., No. 1, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Toledo Red Win., No. 2, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Chicago Spring, No. 1, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Chicago Spring, No. 2, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Chicago Spring, No. 3, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Milwaukee Spg., No. 1, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Milwaukee Spg., No. 2, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
Milwaukee Spg., No. 3, in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
MAIZE, Mxd. ₱ 56 lbs., in b	0.00	0.00	00 0
RYE, per 56 lbs.			
Western, in bond	0.00	0.00	00 0
Ontario	0.00	0.00	00 0
BARLEY, ₱ 48 lbs.	0.00	0.00	00 0
OATS, ₱ 32 lbs.	0.35	0.36	01 7½
PEAS, ₱ 60 lbs.	0.72	0.74	26 2
FLOUR, ₱ brl. of 196 lbs.			
Superior Extra	0.00	5.30	23 3
Extra Superfine	5.20	0.00	22 9¾
Fancy	5.05	5.10	22 4½
Spring Extra	5.00	5.10	22 4½
Superfine	4.65	4.75	20 10½
Strong Bakers'	5.75	6.20	27 1½
Fine	4.10	4.20	18 5½
Middlings	3.55	3.65	16 1½
Pollards	3.10	3.20	14 0
U. C. Bag Flour, ₱ 100 lbs.	2.50	2.60	00 0
City do., do., delivered	3.10	0.00	00 0
CORNMEAL, ₱ brl. of 96 lbs	3.00	3.10	13 6½
Do., kiln-dried	0.00	0.00	00 0
OATMEAL	4.40	4.45	19 1½
RYE FLOUR, ₱ brl., 196 lbs.	0.00	0.00	00 0
ASHES, in brls.			
Pots, per 100 lbs.	4.25	4.35	21 2½
Pearls, do	0.00	6.00	29 3
LARD, pails, ₱ lb	0.12½	0.13	63 4½
TALLOW, in brls., ₱ lb	0.07½	0.07½	37 10½
BUTTER, in kegs.			
Western (tubs and firkins)	0.16	0.18	87 7½
Brockville & Morrisb'g, do	0.18	0.22	107 2
Townships (pails)	0.20	0.22	107 2
Creameries	0.25	0.29	141 3½
EGGS (fresh), ₱ doz	0.28	0.30	00 0
CHEESE, ₱ lb	0.13	0.14	68 2½
HAMS, ₱ lb. (uncovered)	0.12½	0.13	63 4½
BACON, ₱ lb	0.11	0.12	58 6
PORK, in brls., ₱ 200 lbs	18.00	19.00	00 0
DRESSED HOGS, ₱ 100 lbs	8.25	8.50	00 0
SEEDS—			
Timothy, ₱ 48 lbs, nom	0.00	0.00	00 0
Clover, ₱ 60 lbs	0.00	0.00	00 0

GRAIN.—WHEAT—Local Receipts by Railway for week ending 23rd February, 2,450 bushels. Total receipts from 1st January to 23rd February, 241,729 bushels, against 296,976 bushels at corresponding date in 1880, being a decrease of 55,247 bushels. Local shipments for week ending 23rd February, *nil* bushels. Total shipments from 1st January to 23rd February, 1881, 228,629 bushels, against 241,624 bushels at corresponding date in 1880, being a decrease of 12,995 bushels. No transactione reported. Any quotations would be entirely nominal. Peas and Oats remain at figures given last week. LATEST WESTERN ADVICES—(*By Telegraph*)—CHICAGO, February 23rd, noon.—No. 2 Spring Wheat, 97⅝c for March. No. 2 Corn, 37¼c for March. MILWAUKEE, February 23rd, noon.—No. 2 Spring Wheat, 96⅝c for March.

FLOUR.—Local Receipts by Railway for week ending 23rd February, 9,304 brls. Total receipts from 1st January to 23rd February, 65,306 brls., against 47,996 brls. at corresponding date in 1880, being an increase of 17,310 brls. Local shipments for the week ending 23rd February, 1,900 brls. Total shipments from 1st January to 23rd February, 29,292 brls., against 17,681 brls. at corresponding date in 1880, being an increase of 11,611 brls. There is no change to record in the market, which continues quiet at former quotations; lower grades are somewhat more in demand, and there is a scarcity of *Choice* Spring Extra.

PROVISIONS.—BUTTER—Local receipts, 1,171 pkgs; shipments, 954 pkgs. There is but little inquiry from exporters, and the local demand is limited. Values favour inside figures. CHEESE—Local receipts, nil.; shipments, 6 boxes. Continues quiet, 13c @ 14c being paid for small lots. PORK—Canada Mess is still quoted at $18.50 @ $19.00, but some buyers' views are lower than those figures. LARD—Is steady at last week's quotation of 12½c @ 13c in pails. DRESSED HOGS—The season approaches its end; car lots bring $8.25 @ $8.50.

GENERAL PRODUCE.—ASHES—Receipts at Inspection Stores from 1st January to 23rd Feb., Pots, 1,747 brls; Pearls, 166 brls. Deliveries—Pots, 822 brls; Pearls, 37 brls. Stocks in store this morning—Pots, 1,103 brls; Pearls, 150 brls. POTS—The decline noted in last issue has continued and quotations at close are for Firsts $4.25 @ $4.25, according to tares; Seconds have been sold at from $3.75 @ $3.80; there are no Thirds offering. PEARLS—No transactions have transpired, but the feeling is not strong.

FREIGHTS.—Rates quoted from Montreal to Liverpool, *via* Portland, are:—For Heavy Grain, 6s. 6d. @ 7s. per qr. of 480 lbs.; Flour, 4s. per brl. ASHES—Pots, 35s.; Pearls, 42s. 6d. Butter and Cheese 45s. per gross ton.

MOVEMENTS OF PRODUCE.

Weekly Receipts of Produce by Rail for the week ending February 23, 1881 and 1880, with Shipments for corresponding period:—

WEEKLY RECEIPTS.

	Rail. 1881	Rail. 1880
Wheat, bushels	26,450	18,800
Corn, "	550	24,201
Peas, "	12,874	9,046
Oats, "	1,506	1,184
Barley, "	2,150	60
Flour, brls	9,804	451
Oatmeal, brls	298	117
Ashes, brls	140	119
Butter, kegs	2,334	1,824
Cheese, bxs	......	......
Pork, barrels	55	87
Lard, "	527	......
Tallow, "	270	1,204
Leather, rolls	1,278	484
Meats, pkgs	750	892

WEEKLY SHIPMENTS.

	1881	1880
Wheat, bushels	24,000	9,200
Corn, "	150	24,000
Peas, "	12,449	5,947
Oats, "	......	......
Barley, "	2,095	968
Flour, brls	2,400	1,979
Oatmeal, brls	84	102
Ashes, brls	67	115
Butter, kegs	2,117	2,027
Cheese, bxs	6	6,594
Pork, barrels	217	69
Lard, "	575	31
Tallow, "	40	854
Leather, rolls	119	334
Meats, pkgs	728	1,046

Receipts by Grand Trunk Railway from 1st Jan. to Feb. 23rd, 1881, with comparative Receipts for corresponding week of 1880; also total Shipments for corresponding period of 1881 and 1880:—

TOTAL RECEIPTS.

	Rail. 1881	Rail. 1880
Wheat, bushels	241,729	296,976
Corn, "	29,550	24,201
Peas, "	84,506	98,079
Oats, "	36,841	15,752
Barley, "	16,650	38,475
Flour, brls	65,306	47,996
Oatmeal, brls	4,834	5,686
Ashes, brls	1,112	1,256
Butter, kegs	21,359	20,653
Cheese, bxs	2,970	1,978
Pork, barrels	1,615	567
Lard, "	3,553	951
Tallow, "	1,815	4,060
Leather, rolls	8,412	7,751
Meats, pkgs	5,268	6,161

TOTAL SHIPMENTS.

	1881	1880
Wheat, bushels	228,629	241,624
Corn, "	520	24,000
Peas, "	81,599	75,071
Oats, "	2,592	9,217
Barley, "	8,673	35,863
Flour, brls	29,292	17,681
Oatmeal, brls	5,076	5,008
Ashes, brls	635	876
Butter, kegs	30,873	36,799
Cheese, bxs	22,885	11,664
Pork, barrels	1,717	284
Lard, "	3,735	643
Tallow, "	474	3,120
Leather, rolls	802	3,009
Meats, pkgs	5,467	7,205

CORN EXCHANGE REPORT.

WEDNESDAY, February 23.

Wheat in Chicago ⅛c higher.

BEERBOHM'S ADVICES.—Floating Cargoes—Wheat and Corn, firm. Cargoes on passage and for shipment—Wheat, steady. Corn, firm. Mark Lane Wheat and Corn, firmer. Medium Chicago or Milwaukee Wheat, off coast, 44s 6d; Red Winter do do, 46s 3d; Californian do do, 45s 6d; No. 2 Red Winter do, for shipment this month and next, 43s 3d; do, for prompt shipment, 44s 6d; Mixed American Corn, for shipment this month and next, 25s @ 25s 6d Liverpool—Wheat, spot, rather more enquiry; do Corn, firm. Liverpool—American Western Mixed Corn, 5s 4d (henceforth new); do Canadian Peas, 3s 9d. On passage for the Continent:—Wheat, 330,000 qrs; Corn, 230,000 qrs. Imports into the United Kingdom for week ending:—

	February 22.	February 15.
Wheat, qrs.	205 @ 205,000	230 @ 235,000
Corn, qrs.	95 @ 100,000	115 @ 120,000
Flour, brls.	115 @ 120,000	220 @ 225,000

Liverpool Exchange, 1.30 p.m.—Bacon, L. C., 41s 6d; S. C., 43s.

FLOUR—There is a little better demand for the lower grades, and *good* Spring Extra is scarce. Buyers report that the quotation of Superior Extra is being shaded by some sellers. Reported sales were:—100 brls Fine, $4.10; 200 Ontario bags, $2.50, and 250 do, $2.50.

Superior Extra	$0.00 @ $5.30
Extra Superfine	5.20 — 0.00
Fancy	5.05 — 5.10
Spring Extra	5.00 — 5.10
Superfine	4.65 — 4.75
Strong Bakers'	5.75 — 6.20
Fine	4.10 — 4.20
Middlings	3.55 — 3.65
Pollards	3.10 — 3.20
Ontario Bags	2.47½ — 2.60
City Bags (delivered)	3.10 — 0.00

BARLEY—Nominal.
OATMEAL—Ontario, $4.25 @ $4.35.
RYE—Nominal.
OATS—35c @ 36c
PEAS—80c @ 81c.
CORNMEAL—$3 @ $3.10.
BUTTER—Western, 16c @ 18c; Brockville, 18c @ 20c Morrisburg, 19c @ 22c; Eastern Townships, 20c @ 22c; Creamery, 26c @ 29c.
CHEESE—13c @ 14c, according to quality.
LARD—12½c @ 13c for pails.
PORK—Heavy Mess, $18.50 @ $19.00.
HAMS—Uncovered, 12½c @ 13c.
BACON—11c @ 12c.
DRESSED HOGS—$8.25 @ $8.50.
ASHES—Pots, $4.25 @ $4.35 per 100 lbs for Firsts.

NEW YORK, February 23, noon.—Wheat steady; Chicago, $1.14 @ $1.15; Milwaukee, $1.16 @$1.17; No. 2 Red, $1.17¾@$1.18 February; $1.18¾@$1.18¾ March; $1.19¾ April; $1.18¾ May. Corn, steady 56¾c @ 57¼c May. Oats, steady. Receipts (for two days)—Wheat, 95,000 bush; Corn, 185,000 do; Oats, 86,000 do; Rye, 5,000 do; Barley, 23,000 do.

CHICAGO, February 23.—Wheat—Receipts, 30,000 bushels; shipments, 21,000 do. 9.30 a.m.—Opens at 98½c April. 11.39 a.m.—97½c March; 98⅛c April. Corn—Receipts, 166,000 bush; shipments, 199,000 do. 9.30 a.m.—Opens at 41½c May. 11.42 a.m.—41⅞c @ 42c May. Oats—Receipts, 169,000 bushels; shipments, 169,000 do. 11.42 a. m—30½c May. Barley—Receipts, 37,000 bush; shipments, 29,000 do. Pork—9.32 a.m.—Opens at $14.65 @ $14.67½ April. 11.44 a.m. — $14.82½ March. Lard—9.33 a. m.—Opens at $10.15 April. 11.45 a.m.—$10.15 bid March.

MILWAUKEE, February 23.—Wheat—Receipts, 44,000 bushels; shipments, 5,000 do. 9.30 a. m.—Opens at 96½c March; 97¼c April. 11.30 a.m.—96½c March.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE—February 23.

	G. T. R.	Q., M., O. & O.
Oats, bush	750	700
Barley	500	....
Flour, brls	742	....
Oatmeal	....	100
Ashes, brls	57	5
Butter, kegs	31	106
Tallow	59	....
Leather, rolls	157	92
W & H Wines, hhds	52	....

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE MONTREAL HERALD.

CANADIAN.

Toronto, February 23.

WHEAT — Fall, No 1, $1 11; No 2 $1 08; No 3, $1 03; Spring, No 1, $1 17; No 2, $1 15; No 3, $1 09; Barley, No. 1, 98c; No 2, 89 @ 93c; No 3 Extra, 83c; No 3, 73c; Peas, No 1, 70c; No 2, 68c; Oats, No 1, 36c; No. 2, 35c; Corn, 55c.

FLOUR—Superior, $4 75; Extra, $4 65; Fancy, $4 55; Strong Bakers', $5 00; Spring Extra, $4 70; Superfine, $4 50; Fine, $4 00; Bran, $12 00.

SEEDS—Clover, $4 75 @ $5 00; Timothy, $2 50 @ $2 65.

HOGS—$7 50 @ $7 75.

BUTTER—15c @ 20c.

ON THE STREET—Barley, 70c @ 95c; Rye, 85c @ 87c; Spring Wheat, $1 10 @ $1 17; Fall, $1 00 @ $1 10; Oatmeal, $3 85 @ $3 90; Cornmeal, $3 00; Pork, new, $18 00. Wheat and Flour, steady and unchanged. Barley, quiet and easier. Peas, Oats and Rye, in demand. Corn dull. Hogs, unchanged. Markets firmer on Wheat and Corn. West improving.

EUROPEAN.

London, February 23.

MONETARY.—11 30 a m — Consols, 99 3-16; money, 99¼ account; 4½'s, 114¼; 5's, 103⅛; Erie, 51; Ill. Central, 137. 5 p.m.—Consols, 99 5-16; 4½'s, 114¼; 5's, 103⅛; Erie, 51; Illinois Central, 138.

Liverpool, February 23.

COTTON—Tending down; Uplands, 6⅝d; Orleans, 6¾d.

UNITED STATES.

Chicago, February 23.

WHEAT—9 30 a m— 98⅜ April. 10 06 a m—98⅜c April. 10 13 a m—98⅜c April. 10 42 a m—98⅞c @ 98⅛c. 11 28 a m—97⅞ March. 12 14 p m—97⅞c February. 12 33 a m—97¼c March; 98⅛c April. 12 53 p m—97⅞c March. 12 55 a m—97⅞c cash April. 1 01 p m—97¼c February; 97⅞c March; 98⅛c April. 2 26 p m—97⅛c March; 98⅛c April. 2 29 p m—98⅛c April.

CORN—9 30 a m—41⅞c May. 10 38 a m—41⅝ May. 11 34 a m—41⅝c May. 1 01 p m—37⅛c March; 41⅞c May. 2 36 p m—41⅞c May.

PORK—9 30 a m—$14 65 @ $14 67½ April. 9 44 a m— $14 67½ April. 10 24 a m—$14 72½ April. 11 04 a m—$14 67½ March. 11 34 a m—$14 90 April. 11 47 a m—$15 02½ April. 12 07 a m—$15 02½ April. 12 29 a m—$14 87½; $15 05 April. 1 01 p m—$14 87½ March; $15 05 April. 2 10 p m—$14 87½ @ $14 90 March; $15 07½ April. 2 11 p m—$15 02½ @ $15 05 April. 2 18 p m — $14 97½ @ $15 00.

LARD—9 44 a m—$10 12½ @ $10 15 April. 10 24 a m — $10 20 April. 10 30 a m—$10 07½ March. 11 04 a m—$10 10 March. 11 34 a m—$10 22½ April. 1 01 p m—$10 12½ March; $10 22½ April. 2 20 p m—$10 07½ @ $10 10 March; $10 20 April. 2 23 p m—$10 17½ @ $10 20.

RECEIPTS—48 hours — Flour, 71,138 brls; Wheat, 30,000 bushels; Corn, 166,000 do; Oats, 169,000 do; Rye, 3,000 do; Barley, 37,000.

SHIPMENTS—48 hours—Flour, 48,020 brls; Wheat, 21,000 bush; Corn, 199,000 do; Oats, 169,000 do; Rye, 7,000; Barley, 29,000 do.

SALES—S. R., 2,750,000; Pork, 21,000 brls; Lard, 4 500 brls; Wheat, 415,000 bush; Corn, 60,000 bush; Rye, 500 bush.

RECEIPTS.—Pork, 77 brls; Lard, 454,730 brls.

SHIPMENTS — Pork, 1,382 brls; Lard, 1,241,245 brls.

HOGS—U S Yards—9 32 a m—Estimated receipts, 16,500; official, Tuesday, 32,447; shipments, 3,485; Light Grades, $5 30 @ $5 60; Mixed Packers, $5 20 @ $5 60; Heavy Shippers, $5 70 @ $6 20.

CATTLE—Receipts, 4,300.

New York, February 23.

WHEAT—12 noon — Steady; Chicago, $1 14@$1 15; Milwaukee, $1 16 @ 1 17; No 1 White, $1 15¼ @ $1 15⅞ cash; $1 15¼ @$1 16 February; $1 15¼ @ $1 15¾ March; $1 16¼ @ $1 16½ April; $1 15 @ $1 16 May. No 2 Red, $1 17½ @$1 18 February; $1 18¼ March; 16,000, $1 19⅛ April; 16,000, $1 18⅝ May. Corn—Steady at 56¾c @ 57½c. Oats—Steady. 12 30 p m—Flour steady; Wheat steady. No 2 Red, $1 17½ @ 1 17¾ cash; $1 19⅛ @ $1 19¼ April; $1 18⅝ to 1 18¾ May; $1 18¼ @ $1 18¼ March. Corn—Firmer at 57¼c @ 57¾c. Oats—Steady. 1 00 p m—Wheat—Firm. No 2 Red, $1 17⅞ @ $1 18¼ cash; $1 18¼ @ $1 18⅜ March; $1 19¼ April; $1 18½ @ $1 18⅞ May. Corn—Steady at 57¼c @ 57¾c. 1 40 p m—Wheat—No 1 White, $1 15 @ $1 16 February; $1 15 @ $1 16 March; $1 16 @ $1 17 April; No 2 Red, $1 17½ @ $1 17⅞ February; 64,000, $1 18⅛ March; $1 19⅜ @ $1 19½ April; 8,000, $1 18¾ May. Corn—8,000, 57⅞c February. 3 30 p m—Wheat—Close—No 2 Red, $1 17⅞ @ $1 18 March; $1 19¼ @ $1 19⅝ April; $1 18½ @ $1 18⅞ May.

RECEIPTS—For two days—Flour, 37,193 brls; Wheat, 95,000 bush; Corn, 185,000 do; Oats, 86,000 do; Rye, 5,000 do; Barley, 23,000 do; Pork, 1,636 brls; Lard, 42,788; Whiskey, 662.

CATTLE—U S Yards—11 a m—Cattle, slow at 9½c @ 11c; receipts, 1,075; Sheep, slow at 5¾c @ 6¾c; receipts, 2,285; Calves, lively at 7½c @ 9c; 1,670.

COTTON—Quiet at 11 9-16.

Milwaukee, February 23.

WHEAT—10 02 a m—97 March; 97⅞c April. 10 15 a m—96⅞c March; 97⅞c April. 10 45 a m—96⅞c March; 97⅞c April. 11 00 a m—97c March; 97⅞c April. 11 30 a m—96⅞c March; 97⅞c April. 12 05 p m—77c March; 97⅞c April. 12 15 p m—96⅞c March; 97⅞c April. 1 00 p m—96⅞c February; 96⅞c March; 97⅞c April. 2 15 p m—96⅞c March; 97⅞c April. 2 35 p m—96⅞c March; 97⅞c April. 2 45 p m—96⅞c March; 97⅞c April.

RECEIPTS — Flour, 32,245 brls; Wheat, 44,000 bush; Corn, 8,000 do; Oats, 12,000 do; Rye, 1,000; Barley, 1,200 do.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 36,718 brls; Wheat, 5,000 do; Corn, none do; Oats, 50,00 do; Rye, 3,000 do; Barley, 1,900.

Toledo, February 23.

WHEAT—10 a m—Call—No 2 Red $1 03⅞ bid, $1 05 asked cash, $1 03⅞ bid, $1 04⅞ asked February; sales $1 05⅞ March; $1 07⅞ April; $1 09½ May. Corn, No 2, 42c bid, 44½c asked cash and February; sales 42⅝c March. Oats, No 2, 37½c May.

Detroit, February 23.

WHEAT—1 p m—No 1 White $1 00⅞ @ $1 00⅞ cash; $1 00⅞ February; $1 00⅞ @ $1 00⅞ March; $1 02⅞ April; $1 04⅞ May; No 2 White, 97c.

RECEIPTS—22,000 bushels.

SHIPMENTS—42,000 bushels.

Boston, February 23.

FLOUR—Business is not very brisk, nor is it so bad as it has been within the past month, because buyers will talk about Flour and name some price at which they would buy, although as yet they have not come up to the demands of sellers. Choice Patents are quite as firm to-day as they have been, and the popular brands are held a little higher. We quote Supers at $4 per brl; low extras at $4 25 @ 4 50; Wisconsin common extras at $4 50 @ 5 00 per brl; Minnesota at $4 75 @ $6; Ohio and Michigan at $5 25 @ 5 50; Indiana at $5 50 @ 6 00; St Louis and Southern Illinois at $6 @ 6 50, with now and then a brand selling at a higher price; winter wheat patents at $6 50 @ 7 75, and spring wheat do at $6 50 @ 8 00 per brl, with one or two brands at a higher price.

OATS—There is no change to note in prices, and the market is firm at 47½c @ 48½c for Nos 3 and 2 White, and 49½c @53c per bush for No 1 and extra White Oats.

BUTTER—Business is quiet to-day, and the demand is confined to small lots of the better grades. Common Butter moves slowly, and the market is quiet for all descriptions. We quote Northern winter-made choice creameries at 28c @ 30c; Western do at 32c @ 33c, with an occasional one at 34c; fair to good Western creameries at 26c @ 30c; summer-made creameries at 24c @ 27c; fine fall-made ends of New York and Vermont dairies at 25c @ 27c; with not much offering; good lots of Northern butter at 23c@25c; fair do at 20c @ 22c; freshly-made Western dairies at 24c @ 26c; freshly-made ladle butter at 20c @ 24c; common ladle butter at 14c @ 17c, and Western rolls at 17c @ 21c per lb.

EGGS—There is a light demand at 25c, and some sales, we hear, have been made at 24c. The market closes with a downward tendency to prices.

POTATOES AND ONIONS—There has not been much demand to-day for Potatoes but the market rules steady at unchanged prices. We quote Aroostook Rose at 80c; Vermont and Maine Central at 70c @ 75c; Prolifics at 70c @ 75c; and Peerless and Jacksons at 60c @ 65c per bush. Onions are firm at $3 50 @ $3 75 for red and $4 50 per brl for white.

BEANS—There continues to be a firm feeling among holders of Beans, and the market is strong at $2 00 @ $2 10 per bush for Pea Beans, and $1 95 @ $2 05 per bush for choice mediums; fair to good mediums range from $1 85 @ $1 90, and fair to good Pea beans are firm at $1 90 @ $1 95. Yellow eyes sell at $2 05 @ $2 20 per bush for choice and improved, and $1 90 @ $1 95 for common.

HAY AND STRAW—The demand is light, but there is a steady tone to prices, and we quote at $19 @ $21 per ton for common hay, and $22 @ $23 per ton for choice do. Straw is firm at $23 @ $25 per ton.—*Advertiser.*

IMPORTS.

GRAND TRUNK WEST.

O Dufresne &co 750 bush oats; J R Boswell 500 bush barley; J E Hunsicker 125 brls flour; K & Cookson 125 do; W P Howland & co 117 do; W E Johnston 250 do; Lord & Munn 125 do; K & Cookson 6 brls ashes; H Dobell &co 7 do; Tees, C & Wilson 24 do; Order 6 do; G Wait 2 do; D J Craig 2 do; Order 8 do; J Dougall &co 2 kegs butter; G S Thompson 10 do; M Coulombe 21 do; Wilson, Paterson &co 59 brls tallow; A Holden &co 30 rolls leather; B & Locke 7 do; J Dougall &co 20 do; Shaw Bros & Cassils 1 car do; Morris &co 26 csks high wines 2 csks alcohol; V Hudon 27 bles; Coaticook C Co 7 do; Pagels&F 9 hhds; Smith&Bros 1 bx; M Murphy 1 brl; Ewing Bros 10 bdls; Wille&co 37 bxs; H J Bring 13 do; J Rattray 3 cs; Bank of Montreal 71 tcs; Field&co 400 sks; J Colloway 13 hhds 1 bx; A Earling 1 tce; Wiley&co 8 brls; T Graham 8 bxs.

Q., M., O. & O. R. R.

Hochelaga—A Gauthier 3 pkgs poultry; T Rowan 1 brl ashes; L Carle 2 kegs butter; O Clermont 23 do; G Lafortune 12 do; E Elliott 4 do; S Coulter 4 do; R Ransom 7 do; J A Vaillancourt 5 do; Mrs Watson 4 do; L St Onge 700 bushels oats; Cassils, Stinson &co 69 rolls leather; Gougeon & Roby 11 do; S Delorme 12 do; Brodie Howie 200 bags oatmeal; Ewing Bros 55 bags seed; Evans 22 do; W Evans 20 do; Dupre Frere 10,000 ft lumber; Geo J Esplin 10,000 do; Dupre Bros 8,000 do; D Parizeau 10,000 do; A L Hurtubise 2 cars hay; R & Lamarche 1 do; L Roch 1 do; O Harpin 1 do; J Nault 32 cords wood; J Daoust 8 do; J L Lord 8 do; J Lawrence 8 do; S Thesier 16 do; R P Campeau 8 do; D Sleith 48 do; J Daly 1 head live stock; M Leonard 151 g s hides.

Mile End—G Laurence 2 brls ashes; T Forget 2 do; J Ronissin 8 kegs butter; S Ballock 10 do; R Beatty 8 do; H Riddle 11 do; M Haily 8 do; D Sleith jr 32 cords wood; R Racine 1 dressed hog; S Pollock 5 do.

ROUSE'S POINT.

J G McKenzie &co 2 bxs; F & Workman 12 cs 3 brls; Lawlor Mfg Co 1 bx; Benning & B 210 cs; Greene, S &co 1 cs; T Wilson & co 1 bx; Order 11 bales; L Prevost &co 3 do; McIntyre, F &co 4 do; Gault Bros &co 2 pkgs; McLaughlin B &co 10 cs; Hodgson, S &co 5 cs; J G McKenzie &co 1 bale; J Donnelly & son 1 cs; H Morgan &co 8 pkgs; Sutherland, L &co 1 cs; Mackay Bros 2 cs; A Nelson & Sons 1 cs; Order 1 bx 13 brls.

VERMONT JUNCTION.

Montreal C Co 2 cs; Order 223 bdls; A G Prevost 1 bx; Simpson H M Co 4 bxs; Liggett&H 1 cs; T Davidson 2 cs; W Grose 2 cs; Herald P&P Co 1 brl; R H Buchanan&co 4 bdles; H Richardson&co 41 hides; Prevost, H&P 25 bxs; Thibaudeau, S&co 2 bales; S McCall&co 1 cs; R Linton&co 1 do; W Grose 8 cs; J H Jones&co 2 bxs; Rice, S&co 8 do; Cadieux&D 1 cs; R Mitchell&co 1 keg; Adams Tobacco Co 2 hhds.

GRAND TRUNK EAST.

Tees, C&W 88 half-chests tea 15 brls 15 cs 130 bags; H R Ives&co 4 brls; Order 2 cs; L Berger&co 20 bdls; Seybold, S&co 4 cs; R C Adams&co 5 bxs; J Walker&co 1 do; Prevost, H&P co 1 cs 1 pkg; Benny, McP& co 1 cs; F&Workman 2 bxs; Order Bank of Montreal 260 brls wine.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

HALIFAX, N S, February 23.—The steamers Caspian and Carroll, for Boston, sailed this afternoon.

The brigantine Alice, which arrived to-day from Cienfuegos, brought the first cargo for the sugar refinery at the North-West Arm.

FOREING PORTS.

LONDON, February 23.—Arrived out—Rhein, and State of Pennsylvania.

The Norwegian bark Lovchjeite, from New York, January 22nd, has been spoken, fast in ice. She lost two men.

HAMBURG, February 23.—Arrived—SS Lessing.

NEW YORK, February 23.—Arrived—Devonia, from Glasgow, and Assyrian Monarch, from London.

Arrived, State of Florida, from Glasgow.

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure food and a properly nourished frame." *Civil Service Gazette.*—Sold only in packets labelled—"JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, Eng. Also, makers of Epps's Chocolate Essence, for afternoon use.

Montreal Herald

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24

APPOINTMENTS

Natural History Society's Rooms—Leoture, at 8 p.m.

The Wilkes' Jubilee Testimonial Presentation, in Emmanuel Church, at 8 p.m.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY SHAW & GOWDEY.

Furniture—At their Rooms, at 10 a.m.

BY M. HICKS & CO.

Furniture—At 245 St. Denis Street, at 10 a.m.

BY THOMAS J. POTTER.

Raisins and Tea—At his Rooms, at 2 p.m.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

DOMINION.

—Dr. C. P. Connell, of Woodstock, will probably be the Conservative candidate for Carleton County, New Brunswick.

General Sir Patrick McDougall, Commander of Her Majesty Forces in British North America, and Lady McDougall, have arrived in Quebec from Halifax.

—Mrs. Heyman, the confidence woman who was arrested at the Tecumseh House, London, Ont., on a charge of beating Mr. Andrew Higginson, a Montreal merchant, out of $740, was brought before the Magistrate at London yesterday, and discharged, the prosecution failing to appear. It is learned that part of the money has been refunded, and security given for the remainder.

UNITED STATES.

—Mitchell has been elected United States Senator from Pennsylvania.

—A case of black fever in Lennoxville, Pa., causes great excitement. In 1868, black fever prevailed in the coal country as a terrible epidemic.

—A Washington special says it is feared that Blaine will not accept the State Department, because his Cabinet associates are not entirely congenial.

—Five thousand dollars were cabled yesterday by the *Irish World* to the Land Secretary in Paris, making a total of $65,000 remitted by the paper.

—It is reported that the volcano in Fayette County, W. Va., proves to be simply an opening in the rock through which vapour from warm stream underneath ascends.

—The *Times* says of the Cabinet that the subordinate offices will probably be Foster Ohio; Senator Howe, Wisconsin; Horace Davis, California; Wilson or Allison, Iowa; and one tor Pennsylvania, Illinois, or South Blaine is sure, Folger is sure, and Foster comes nearest to a certainty of the others; but several influences are at work that may destroy his chance.

—The *World* says the Syndicate, which purchased the majority of the stock of the Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Wilmington Railroad, is composed of Garrett Bros., Baltimore; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; Drexel, Morgan & Co., New York; Russell Sage, Jay Gould, John Mackey, Sidney Dillon, Belmont, and others. The new arrangement will had to a new working agreement on the lines between New York and Washington.

BRITAIN AND THE COLONIES.

—Count Von Eulenberg, of Germany, insists on his resignation.

—*L'Agence Russe* says Bosnia and Herzegovina should be incorporated with the Austrian Empire.

—A small farmer was shot dead ner Buttervant, County Cork, yesterday, in consequence of a land dispute.

—Forshaw Hilton, a real estate and insurance agent, of Manchester, has failed; liabilities, £170,000.

—The Home Rulers are determined to exhaust, if they can, the stirrings of to-day with amendments to the Protection Bill.

—Mr. Parnell has once more returned to France. It is reported that he has been advised to do this in consequence of his Clara speech.

—A large quantity of pistols and ammunition have been forwarded to Bolton, Lancashire, for the use of the police in event of a Fenian outbreak.

—Venezuela advices report a rebellion in the State of Guarico. The rebels gained some advantages over the Government troops, and in consequence of this disorder it is feared that Congress will not be able to reassemble.

—The French Minister of War prohibits the sale of arms and ammunition, and orders the arsenal closed to strangers, and contracts made. A Belgian recently purchased from the French arsenals arms and ammunition for export to Greece. The Prefects of Departments have been instructed to prevent arms forwarded to points of embarkation from leaving France.

—The State of Santander is hostile to the General Government which denies the right of the State to import arms for State troops. Other matters are also in dispute. In the State of Antioquia a battalion of the Columbian Guard mutined and proclaimed as President a man of the same party as the ex-senator Pereira. Two regiments also revolted, incited it is said by the Venerable Bishop Goneyeals. The Constitutional President, with a strong force, suppressed the rebellion. There was some blood shed.

TYPHOID AT LENNOXVILLE.

We have refrained from discussing the recent outbreaks of typhoid fever at Bishop's College, Lennoxville, till we came into possession of the report of Drs. Osler, Simpson and Cameron, who were named by the College authorities to investigate the matter. Their report has been made, and published in the *Medical Journal*. Their investigation seems to have been patient and thorough. The members of the Commission visited the institution on the 19th and 20th of December, accompanied by Mr. Radford, Health Inspector, and Mr. Lowe, Drain Inspector of the city of Montreal, who carefully examined the drainage and ventilation of the premises. The report in the first place deals with the medical history of the College and Grammar School in reference to typhoid fever. About twelve years ago, a boy contracted typhoid while at school, but from that time till the winter and spring of 1880 there were no other cases. In February of the latter year, two cases of illness of a suspicious character occurred. Towards the end of May a defective drain in the quadrangle was opened for repairs, and shortly after a boy, who had entered it while open, developed typhoid fever at his home in this city. In July, after the school had been closed, other students were taken down with the disease, and the report states that the cause of twelve cases was traced back to the school. During the vacation steps were taken by the authorities to improve the sanitary condition of the institution, which investigation had shown to be very unsatisfactory, and the remedies which were applied were supposed to have been of such a complete character as to obviate any recurrence of the difficulty. That the remedial measures adopted were insufficient was pretty clearly demonstrated by the fact, that towards the end of November, six boys and one resident student were attacked by fever, and two other boys developed typhoid after reaching their homes. It was in consequence of this last outbreak that the services of Drs. Osler, Simpson and Cameron were called into requisition. The first work of the Commission was to examine the milk and water supply. A quantity of the water was sent to Professor Croft, of Toronto, for analysis, whose report emphatically condemns it as containing too much organic matter. The suggestions of the Commission in regard to the water supply recommend the closing of the well, the replacement of the wooden logs by iron pipes, the removal of the iron tank to the spring and the severing of the school drain from the reservoir, the latter to be regularly cleaned and inspected. The other suggestions refer to the proper location of the privies and a thorough system of subsoil drainage. The Commission, however, failed to ascertain the exact source of the endemic. The conclusion of their report is couched in these words:—

"In this instance, whence the poison came, or by whom introduced, we have "been unable definitely to ascertain; but "whatever may have been the precise ori- "gin of the disease, the condition of the "drainage and water supply during the "latter part of May was most favourable "for the development and diffusion of the "typhoid poison. The close proximity of "the well to the latrines favoured the con- "tamination of the drinking water; and to "the use of this water, more than to any "other single cause, we attribute the "spread of the disease. In this opinion "we are strengthened by the result of Prof. "Croft's analysis."

It will devolve upon the authorities of Bishop's College, if they wish to re-establish public confidence, not only to carry out the recommendations of the Medical Commission to the letter, in securing for the Institution thorough ventilation, perfect drainage and a pure water supply, but to afford unquestionable assurance that they have succeeded in doing so before the premises are occupied again. The occurrence has been sad and unfortunate, and it is, therefore, all the more incumbent on the authorities to deal summarily with the evil and spare no expense in eradicating it. There is very little doubt that nearly all infectious diseases, such as typhoid fever, diphtheria, scarlet fever, cerebro-spinal meningitis and epidemic bowel complaints owe their origin to defective ventilation, faulty drainage impure drinking water and filthy surroundings. The misfortunes of Lennoxville should act as a warning to other scholastic institutions to leave no stone unturned to secure the most perfect sanitary conditions. The matter is altogether too serious to be dealt with in a spirit of mock-modesty. Till the College premises at Lennoxville can be put on the proper sanitary footing, and the recommendations of the Medical Commission be carried out, the Grammar School will be conducted at Magog, where ample accommodations have been secured, and the University lectures will be held in the Lennoxville Town Hall, the students being billeted among private families in the village. The Trustees give an earnest by the steps they have taken already, that the danger of another outbreak of typhoid fever will be thoroughly removed for all time to come before the premises are reoccupied.

CHILI'S DEMANDS UPON PERU.

The Chilians having conquered Peru, are, it seems, determined to make the humiliation of the latter Power as complete as possible. The exactions of Germany from France at the close of the war of 1870–71 were intended, doubtless, to incapacitate the conquered nation from assuming a fighting status for many years. This, probably, is the object of Chili in making such heavy demands upon Peru. The exactions of territory, money and warships are such as, if complied with, must forever crush the power of the Peruvian Republic. The piece of territory which Chili demands is, and has been for nearly half a century, the chief source of Peru's wealth. The receipts from the sale of Guano have long constituted the chief resource of the Peruvian Government, and it is certain that, deprived of her Guano deposits, Peru will never be able to pay the war indemnity of $30,000,000 demanded by her victorious antagonist. Returns of the Guano shipments from Peru, for three recent years, show that nearly two hundred thousand tons were shipped to England alone, and the annual revenue derived by Peru from this source was about ten million dollars. Chili also demands that all that remains of the Peruvian fleet shall be handed over to her. The fleet was Peru's mainstay in the recent war, and deprived of that she would be indeed helpless. It is hinted in some quarters that the severe demands made by Chili will cause the interference of some friendly Powers, in order that the Peruvian Republic may not be completely dismembered.

An animated discussion is still going on in the Italian press as to the merits or demerits of large or small men-of-war. The ex-Minister of Marine, Admiral Brin, has just published a pamphlet defending large vessels of the "Duilio" and "Dandolo" type, planned under his administration. He quotes Admiral Spencer Robinson, ex-Controller of the English Navy, who said: "Italy has her old ironclad fleet, consisting only of vessels of the second order; but she has two of extra strength, the 'Duilio' and the 'Dandola.'" He quotes Mr. Bonjean, who, discussing the question in the United States Senate, said: "The 'Duilio' could alone destroy our whole fleet." He quotes King, who was sent by the American Government to inspect all the European fleets, and who in his work, "The War Ships and Navies of the World," says: "If the 'Duilio' and 'Dandolo' prove a success, Italy will possess the most powerful vessels in all Europe; and if the largest men-of-war, the 'Italia' and the 'Lepanto,' realize expectations, she will possess a squadron of men-of-war which will give grave subject of thought to one or other of the Continental Powers, with the exception of France. These vessels, in co-operation with swift cruisers, might even cause apprehension to England, France and Russia, and certainly to other European Powers."

Among the landed proprietors of Great Britain are several Cabinet officers and ex-Cabinet officers. Mr. Gladstone owns nearly 7,000 acres in Flint and Lancashire. The Duke of Argyll owns 175,000 acres, with a rental of more than £50,000; Lord Hartington's father 200,000 acres and £180,000 a year; Lord Spencer 27,000 acres and £46,000 a year; Lord Kimberley 11,000 acres and £25,000 a year; Lord Northbrook 10,000 acres and £12,000; Mr. Dodson 3,000 acres and £3,500. Lord Huntly, who has just enrolled himself in the ranks of the Administration, is lord of 90,000 acres and £27,000 a year. The late Cabinet represented the land by a more formidable array of figures, the Duke of Richmond having the largest number of acres, viz., 286,000, and the Duke of Northumberland the heaviest rent roll, £176,000. Mr. W. H. Smith is already a landed proprietor to the extent of nearly 7,000 acres and £10,500 a year. Then there were the Cabinet Ministers three Lords (apparent or presumptive) to large estates—John Manners, Lord Sandon, and Colonel Stanley. These three gentlemen may be said to have sat in the Cabinet with 150,000 acres and £280,000 a year among them. Lord Beaconsfield owns less than 2,000 acres, and is actually in receipt of a Cabinet pension.

Mr. Mackenzie Bowell's paper, the Belleville *Intelligencer*, complains bitterly because Mr. Mills has received pay from the Provincial Government for his services in reference to the Ontario boundary dispute, and also because Mr. Ross, M. P. for Middlesex, still maintains his position as Inspector of Public Schools. The *Intelligencer* is probably not aware that in this Province nearly every Conservative member of Parliament, who is a lawyer, hold an appointment as Crown Attorney from the Provincial Government. Messrs. Ouimet, Cimon, Perrault, Tellier, and others, hold such appointments, as did also Messrs. Mousseau and Caron up to the time of their admission to the Dominion Ministry.

Hymenial.—On Tuesday morning Hon Senator Howlan, of Prince Edward Island was married at St. Mary's Cathedral, Kingston, to Miss M. E. Doran, of that city. The ceremony was performed by Vicar-General Farrelly, of Belleville, assisted by Rev. Father Twohey, of Kingston, and among the guests were Hon. Senator Montgomery and Mr. Bunster, M. P. The happy couple arrived in Montreal on Tuesday evening, and are stopping at the Windsor Hotel.

To prevent the possibility of confusion at the entrance to the Queen's Hall, at the Fancy Ball to-night, it is particularly requested that sleighs may "set down" and "take up" with horses' heads facing to the west.

A Good Suggestion.—Mr. M. H. Gault, M. P. for Montreal West, if not the most verbose, is one of the most practical men in the House. In the Committee of Public Accounts on Tuesday, the matter of the $135 paid for printing Mr. Plumb's Railway speech of last session was again brought up, when Mr. Gault said that Mr. Plumb should be called upon to refund this amount. He did not think the Government had any right to pay for the printing of speeches made by private members of the House. Mr. Gault may be a strong party man, but he very properly objects to have the public money wasted in pandering to the vanity of the Niagara bard. It is to be hoped that the Committee will adopt Mr. Gault's suggestion, and request Mr. Plumb to disgorge at once.

The Contest in Bellechase.—The candidates for the approaching election in Bellechase County are Dr. Bilodeau, Liberal, and Mr. G. Amyot, Conservative. It was rumoured that Mr. Charles Langelier, M.P.P. for Montmorenci, would contest Bellechasse in the Liberal interest, but his present constituents were adverse to his resignation of his seat in the Local Legislature.

Death of an ex-M.P.—A Halifax despatch announces the death of Mr. Patrick Power, a wealthy merchant of that city, and father of Hon. Senator Power. Mr. Power had been ill for some time. He represented Halifax City and County in the Dominion House of Commons from 1868 till the general election of 1878. In politics he was a Liberal.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTES.

From our Special Reporter.

OTTAWA, February 23.

LAKE ST. JOHN RAILWAY.

There was brought down this afternoon a copy of the report made by A. L. Light, Engineer-in-Chief of the Province of Quebec, relative to the railway from Quebec to Lake St. John, and the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway. The report is dated 29th January, 1881. Mr. Light recommends the employment of traction engines. The cost of the road is estimated at $20,000 per mile, including a limited supply of rolling stock and buildings. The length of the road is set down at 179 miles, but it was thought that the final location would reduce this mileage and also improve the grades. The first four miles over the Q., M. O. & O. R.R., 31 miles from the Junction to St. Raymond, will be opened to traffic in July next, and 20 miles have been received by the Provincial Government. The railroad would develop a large extent of territory.

THE PENITENTIARY.

The discussion on the St. Vincent de Paul inquiry this afternoon was an interesting one. It is hardly safe to judge the case by but circumstances goes to show that there has been a political combination against the late Warden, which the Ministry was unable to withstand, notwithstanding Mr. Masson's protest.

PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEES.

OTTAWA, February 23.

RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

The Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines met this morning, Hon. Mr. Langevin in the Chair.

The Bill to incorporate the Ontario and Quebec Railway Company was first taken up.

Mr. Cameron (Victoria) said that this Bill was applied for by a number of gentlemen representing important interests, who believed that a line should be built from Toronto to Ottawa. The promoters of the Bill did not have any hostility to the Grand Trunk, but believed the time had come when they should have more than one route from Toronto in the East as well as the West. The Bill was opposed by the Grand Trunk and also by the holders of the charter of the Toronto and Ottawa Railway. The promoters of the Bill had the support of the Quebec Railways, and the Hon. J. A. Chapleau had allowed his name to appear as one of the provisional Directors. The Bill was favoured by the Canada Central and Grand Junction, and also by all lines centering in Toronto with exception of the Grand Trunk Railway. All the various interests were combined in support of the Bill. Against it they had the opposition of a monopoly in the shape of the Grand Trunk, and also of the Toronto & Ottawa Railway, who had held a charter for 10 years, and had failed to do anything. Last year a clause in the Canada Central Bill empowering the Company to extend to Ottawa had been passed in the Committee and in the House, and the principle of having a competing line admitted. Through the exertions of Mr. Leys, this clause had been struck out in the Senate, but only on the pledge that Mr. Cockburn would commence work in a year. He was satisfied that if the Committee thought that Mr. Gooderham was acting in the interest of the Grand Trunk, no serious opposition would be made to this Bill. He referred to the denial which Mr. Gooderham had given that he had been paid $30,000 by the Grand Trunk to get the charter, but pointed out that the gentleman also owned the Toronto and Nipissing Railway, which used the G.T.R. track for ten miles, and was consequently in the Trunk line. Next, Mr. Gooderham stated that he would build the road if he got a bonus of $300,000 from Toronto, and if the other Municipalities which had granted $800,000 in three bonuses modified their conditions. Such a promise really amounted to nothing, because it was utterly impossible that a bonus of $300,000 could be got from the city of Toronto. Mr. Gooderham had promised to commence the work of construction within a year, but it was not until December that surveyors were sent out, and at a time when notice had been given in the *Canada Gazette* of application for the incorporation of this Company, which rendered a show of doing something necessary. He also referred to the letter written at the time of granting the Ottawa bonus, and said that nothing short of a denial from Mr. Gooderham that there had been an understanding with Mr. Hickson at the time he purchased the Charter for the Toronto and Ottawa Railway would satisfy the people of this country. There was no denial in the letters written of this fact, and the promises made of going on with the work were conditional on the Company receiving $3,000,000 municipal aid. The Company had not shown the slightest sign of action until December last, when notice of application for the incorporation of this new Company made action necessary. These facts, he said, indicated Grand Trunk influence, and he appealed to the Committee to say if an independent line was not necessary. He referred to a similar Bill to the present one introduced last year, which he said he had been asked to introduce by Mr. Prentice, on the understanding that there had been some arrangement between the Quebec Government and Mr. Scott. Mr. Prentice and his principals were to have paid Mr. Scott $35,000, and the former were to have complete control of the line. The agreement had been drawn up, but the negotiations had fallen through, and the Bill was withdrawn. Shortly afterwards the charter had been sold to Mr. Gooderham. He had been a good deal surprised until he afterwards learned from Mr. Prentice an explanation. Mr. Prentice stated that he had not treated him (Mr. Cameron) fairly in this matter in concealing from him the real facts. Mr. Prentice stated he had been authorized to open the negotiations by Mr. Chapleau, but there was some difficulty about putting up the money, and he had then gone to Mr. Hickson, who authorized him to buy the charter in the interest of the Grand Trunk for $35,000 or $30,000, and had promised him $10,000 if he could get it for that figure. Thenceforth he had been acting for Mr. Hickson. Subsequently the latter found that he could get the charter cheaper through Mr. Gooderham and save his $10,000. From these facts he [Mr. Cameron] thought the Committee could draw their own inferences. He had felt, when he had introduced this Bill last session, that he was acting for Mr. Chapleau, and would not have anything to do with it had he supposed that Mr. Gooderham was behind it. He was authorized, on behalf of the supporters of the Bill—and they were abundantly able to carry out their pledge—to say that, if a charter were granted, work would be commenced at once and the road completed within a year, or the outside within two years.

Mr. Rochester moved that Mr. John E. Rose, Solicitor of the Toronto & Ottawa Railway, be heard before the Committee.

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Mr. B. B. Osler was heard in behalf of the Credit Valley Railway. He said that Mr. Gooderham had bought the Charter with his eyes open, as at that time this Committee had voted that a Charter of this kind should be granted. There was nothing in the agreement by which Mr. Gooderham got the Charter that he would proceed with the Road, but there was an agreement that the old Directors should use their influence to defeat this Bill. It had been stated that Mr. Howland had a part in selling this Charter. That gentleman had not been a party to the sale, but afterwards he was paid for his stock by the old Directors, who had covenanted to buy in all the outstanding stock. Mr. Howland had written a letter, in which he stated that he would not have been a party to selling the Charter on these terms. He (Mr. Howland) had only got his money back. He urged that Mr. Gooderham had not manifested any sincerity, as he had allowed the Lanark bonus to lapse, and had also delayed the Toronto bonus until after the change in the law came into operation. He called attention to the fact that Mr. Gooderham was very sensitive, and always appeared in the *Globe* when his interests were attacked, mentioning the Still Sleeps controversy.

A lively discussion sprung up at this point, Mr. Osler having been called to order by some members, who were sustained by the Chairman. Mr. Osler was defended by other members, including Mr. Colby, who protested against that gentleman being gagged while others had been allowed to proceed.

Mr. Osler said that he had not desired to say anything of an insulting character regarding Mr. G., but merely that while he usually answered newspaper criticisms, in this case he had allowed the criticisms of the *Globe* to remain unanswered five or six months. He spoke further in support of the Bill.

Mr. Plumb attacked the new Company, and met with constant interruption. The more he was interrupted the louder he yelled.

Mr. Rochester had no objection to the hon. gentleman speaking, but he objected to his taking up the entire time of the Committee.

Mr. Kirkpatrick suggested that the parties more directly interested should be heard before the members of the Committee proceeded to discuss the question.

Mr. Plumb, having received a hint from Sir John, sat down.

In reply to Mr. Casey, Mr. Osler said that the Credit Valley Company was in this proposal and would give it financial supports.

Mr. Robertson (Hamilton) said that the Great Western was also interested.

Mr. Rochester's meeting was next heard and detailed the history of the Toronto and Ottawa charter, and more especially of the later negotiations. He said the old properties had come to the conclusion that Mr. Prentice was not able to carry out the agreement, and Mr. Howland was going on an offer had been received from Toronto, and he said that before the sale was made Mr. H. S. Howland had given his consent to it. He thought Mr. Gooderham was in earnest. The Boultbee did not think they should allow another railway combination to get into the hands of the Syndicate, for that was what was meant in this case.

Hon. Mr. Blake said that it was important in the consideration of this application to know whether or not the Grand Trunk Railway Company had any interest in Mr. Gooderham's charter. It appeared to him that that Company must naturally be opposed to the construction of a line by any other Company, whether by favoured by the Canada Central and Grand Junction, and also by all lines centering in Toronto with exception of the Grand Trunk Railway. All the various interests were combined in support of the Bill. Against it they had the opposition of a monopoly in the shape of the Grand Trunk, and also of the Toronto & Ottawa Railway, who had held a charter for 10 years, and had failed to do anything. Last year a clause in the Canada Central Bill empowering the Company to extend to Ottawa had been passed in the Committee and in the House, and the principle of having a competing line admitted. Through the exertions of Mr. Leys, this clause had been struck out in the Senate, but only on the pledge that Mr. Cockburn would commence work in a year. He was satisfied that if the Committee thought that Mr. Gooderham was acting in the interest of the Grand Trunk, no serious opposition would be made to this Bill. He referred to the denial which Mr. Gooderham had given that he had been paid $30,000 by the Grand Trunk to get the charter, but pointed out that the gentleman also owned the Toronto and Nipissing Railway, which used the G.T.R. track for ten miles, and was consequently in the Trunk line. Next, Mr. Gooderham stated that he would build the road if he got a bonus of $300,000 from Toronto, and if the other Municipalities which had granted $800,000 in three bonuses modified their conditions. Such a promise really amounted to nothing, because it was utterly impossible that a bonus of $300,000 could be got from the city of Toronto. Mr. Gooderham had promised to commence the work of construction within a year, but it was not until December that surveyors were sent out, and at a time when notice had been given in the *Canada Gazette* of application for the incorporation of this Company, which rendered a show of doing something necessary. He also referred to the letter written at the time of granting the Ottawa bonus, and said that nothing short of a denial from Mr. Gooderham that there had been an understanding with Mr. Hickson at the time he purchased the Charter for the Toronto and Ottawa Railway would satisfy the people of this country. There was no denial in the letters written of this fact, and the promises made of going on with the work were conditional on the Company receiving $3,000,000 municipal aid. The Company had not shown the slightest sign of action until December last, when notice of application for the incorporation of this new Company made action necessary. These facts, he said, indicated Grand Trunk influence, and he appealed to the Committee to say if an independent line was not necessary. He referred to a similar Bill to the present one introduced last year, which he said he had been asked to introduce by Mr. Prentice, on the understanding that there had been some arrangement between the Quebec Government and Mr. Scott. Mr. Prentice and his principals were to have paid Mr. Scott $35,000, and the former were to have complete control of the line. The agreement had been drawn up, but the negotiations had fallen through, and the Bill was withdrawn. Shortly afterwards the charter had been sold to Mr. Gooderham. He had been a good deal surprised until he afterwards learned from Mr. Prentice an explanation. Mr. Prentice stated that he had not treated him (Mr. Cameron) fairly in this matter in concealing from him the real facts. Mr. Prentice stated he had been authorized to open the negotiations by Mr. Chapleau, but there was some difficulty about putting up the money, and he had then gone to Mr. Hickson, who authorized him to buy the charter in the interest of the Grand Trunk for $35,000 or $30,000, and had promised him $10,000 if he could get it for that figure. Thenceforth he had been acting for Mr. Hickson. Subsequently the latter found that he could get the charter cheaper through Mr. Gooderham and save his $10,000. From these facts he [Mr. Cameron] thought the Committee could draw their own inferences. He had felt, when he had introduced this Bill last session, that he was acting for Mr. Chapleau, and would not have anything to do with it had he supposed that Mr. Gooderham was behind it. He was authorized, on behalf of the supporters of the Bill—and they were abundantly able to carry out their pledge—to say that, if a charter were granted, work would be commenced at once and the road completed within a year, or the outside within two years.

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New Advertisements.

Dress Goods!

Dress Goods!

JUST RECEIVED,

Splendid Line of new Printed Beiges, for Spring Costumes, to be sold at 9c per yard.

These new Printed Beiges can be bought at S. Carsley's in all the newest shades.

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Splendid Line of new Spring Mohair de Lyon, for Costumes, to be sold at 20c per yard.

This new Mohair de Lyon is useful for School Dresses, and can be bought at S. Carsley's in all the newest shades.

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Special Line of new All-Wool Roubaix Debeiges, in Grey, Brown, Olive, Fawn, Capuchin Grey, Bronze, Live y Grey. &c., &c.

These new Roubaix Debeiges can be bought at S. Carsley's for 22c per yard.

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Special Line of new All-Wool Cashmere Beiges, to be sold at 25c per yard.

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S. CARSLEY,

MONTREAL.

Ask for our 65c Silks.

New Advertisements.

SCOTCH WHISKY.

Ben Wyvis Distillery.

COPY OF ANALYTICAL REPORT.

Analytical Laboratory,
Surgeons' Hall,
Edinburgh, 14th November, 1879.

I have made a careful and minute Chemical Analysis of a sample of New Whisky forwarded to me by Mr. D. G. Ross, of the Ben Wyvis Distillery, Rossshire, and find such to be remarkably free from all noxious oils, and to possess all the chemical properties of the highest class of malt whisky. I am decidedly of opinion that the Ben Wyvis Whisky will age into mature whisky of the finest bouquet and quality. (Signed)

STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., &c.
Lecturer on Chemistry.

XR 10313

A consignment of the above whisky, in Qr.-Casks, Half-Octaves and Cases,

FOR SALE BY

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.

38 and 40 ST. SACRAMENT STREET,

MONTREAL,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

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Encore Whisky

EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD.

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EAGLE BRAND GIN,

GINGER WINE,

&c. &c.

FOR SALE BY

OGILVY & CO.

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Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants

AND

CAPITALISTS.

Important Sale of Dry Goods.

On account of the extension our Grocery and Wine Department has taken, it is our intention in future to devote our time and energy to that special line of business.

We therefore offer to the Wholesale Trade our entire stock of Dry Goods, amounting to over $30,000, thirty thousand dollars.

We are ready to accept for the above, offers of 50c up to Tuesday, 1st March prox., after which date, if none of the offers can be entertained, it will be advertised to be sold by auction in lots to suit purchasers.

We only require PART CASH, balance remaining on undoubted security, to be paid by instalments.

The Stock is now open for inspection as well as the Inventory Book, in which the goods have been carefully entered under separate heads, at Sterling prices, at our Warehouse, Nos. 266 and 268 St. Paul street.

NEW AGENCIES.

In connection with the above decision of applying ourselves in future specially to our Grocery and Wine business, we are now ready in behalf of the Wholesale Trade only, to attend orders which may be interested to our care, for direct importation, from the following prominent Continental firms:—

Brandies

Participation Charentaise	Capital realized, 3,600,000 frcs.
La Grande Marque,	Cognac.
Quantin & Co.,	Fleac, pres Cognac.
F. L. Martin & Co.,	Cognac.
Gadrad Fils,	Cognac
A. L. Boiteau & Co.,	Angoulome.
Dubois, Jeune & Cagnion,	Cognac.

Champagnes

Duminy & Co.,
Established 1814, Ay (Champagne).
F. Taverne, Ay (Champagne).
Bouche Fils & Co., Marcuil, pres Rheims.
F. Debannes, Oger par Avize (Champagne).

Bordeaux Wines

La Participation Bordelaise,	Bordeaux.
Richard & Muller,	Bordeaux.

Burgundy Wines

Bonnet Freres, Fine Wines,	Beaune, Cote d'Or.

Canned Goods

Dandicolle & Gaudin,	Bordeaux.
Mayan de Rounard,	Marseille.

Agents and Correspondents,

A. PREVOST & CO.

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Pure Flavouring Extracts

Manufactured for the Trade

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None Genuine without the name "Henri Jonas" on each bottle.

OFFICE AND FACTORY,

295 Notre Dame Street

February 23 46

GOOD NEW BOOKS.

A History of Greece from the Earliest Times to the Present, by T. T. Timogenis, 2 vols., $3.50. The first continuous History of Greece brought down to present date, and written by a Greek.

The Religions of China—Confucianism and Taoism, described and compared with Christianity, by James Legge, Professor of Chinese at Oxford—$1.50.

The Chinese—Their Education, Philosophy and Letters, by W. A. P. Martin, D.D., President of the Tungwea College, Pekin—$1.75.

Vol. 2 of John W. Forney's Anecdotes of Public Men—$2.00.

Sister Augustine—An Old Catholic—Superior of the Sisters of Charity at the St. Johanne's Hospital at Bona—$1.75.

Madame de Stael—A Study of her Life and Times, the First Revolution and the First Empire, by Abel Stephens, L.L.D., 2 vols., $3.00.

New Edition of The Chaldean Account of Genesis, by George Smith, edited by Rev. A. M. Sayce—$3.00.

Vol. 1 of Fyffe's History of Modern Europe, by C. A. Fyffe—$2.50.

Chansons Populaires du Canada—Recueilles et Publiees avec Annotations, &c., par Ernest Gagnon—Paper, $1.00; Cloth, $1.50; Cloth gilt, $1.75.

FOR SALE BY

DAWSON BROTHERS,

ST. JAMES STREET.

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OLIVETTE!

The New and Charming Opera

AT

DeZOUCHE & CO.'S,

233 ST. JAMES STREET.

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APHRODITE REINA VICTORIAS.

GOLDEN EAGLE REINA VICTORIAS

ACACIA REINA VICTORIAS

FRESH GOODS.

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134 St. James St. and 308 Notre Dame St.

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New Spring Styles in Hats,

Direct from the best makers, and supplemented by our own famous Pullover fashions. Three hundred dozen in seventy-five different styles to hand, and more to arrive.

R. W. COWAN & CO.,

The Hatters and Furriers,

Corner of Notre Dame and St. Peter Streets.

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CHURCH, CHAPLEAU, HALL & ATWATER,

Advocates, Barristers and Commissioners.

Chambers:

No. 131 ST. JAMES STREET.

(OVER MEDICAL HALL.)

L. Ruggles Church, Q.C. | John S. Hall, Jr.
J. A. Chapleau, Q.C. | A. W. Atwater.

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Resuming Business.

CASH ADVANCES.

E. LYMAN MILLS,

Having taken the Ground Floor of 23 Hospital Street,

Is prepared to Advance on Merchandise or Commercial Paper at LOW RATES.

February 11 du 36

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, }
District of Montreal. }

SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 1,064.

MONTREAL, the fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

Be it known, that the City of Montreal, a body politic and corporate, duly incorporated, and having their chief place of business in Montreal, by their petition fyled this day, amongst other things, did set and granted by the Honourable Frederick W. Torrance, one of the Judges of this Court, pray for the sale of an immoveable situated in this district, and described in the said petition as follows, to wit:—"A certain lot or emplacement, situate in the Ward of "the City of Montreal, being No. 335 of the "official plan and book of reference of said "St. Antoine Ward, containing by admeasurement 11,287 feet, English measure, "more or less, and bounded by St. "Martin street, in rear by a lane in com- "mon, on one side, towards the south-east, "by Cadastral number 334, and on the other "side, towards the north-west, by the "property of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, with buildings thereon erected, "and more particularly described in the "above, very best drainage and easily heated, "Nos. 2, 4 and 6 Centennial Terrace, St. "Martin street, above St. Antoine street; "about the same accommodation and rent as "the above, very best drainage and easily heated, "255, no Taxes. The above were rented a few "years ago for eighty pounds sterling with "Taxes. Large Shop and Dwelling corner of "St. Antoine and Seigneurs streets, 25 ft. front "by 70 ft. in depth, large Wing Kitchen above "rear extension, metal fronts and three large "show windows; also dwelling above store, "with private entrance; a splendid stand for "a nice family grocery, provision business or "any business requiring such; Rent low. No. "571 Seigneurs street, £45, no Taxes. Nos. 378 "and 384 St. Antoine street, now undergoing "thorough repairs inside and out, front plate "and in nice Ruby colours, and perfect drainage; ready for 1st April, or sooner if required; Rent £45, no Taxes. No. 11 Coursol "street, Nos. 17 and 21 Plateau street; Rent £50 "and Taxes. Shop and Dwelling corner Cote "and Wellington streets; Shop and Dwelling, "corner Grand Trunk and Cote street; Shop "and Dwelling, No. 899 Craig street; No. 55 St. "Genevieve street, Nos. 8 and 14 Grand Trunk "street; Nos. 477 and 481 Wellington street."

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9 St. Joseph Street.

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A Beautiful Villa, Fine Grounds, Kitchen Garden, Peachery, Grapery, Conservatory, &c., &c. Will be let on very favourable terms to a desirable Tenant.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—No. 8 Prince of Wales Terrace, Sherbrooke

TELEGRAPHIC.

QUEBEC.

REFORM LECTURE.

QUEBEC, February 23.—Mr. David, of Montreal, is to deliver an address before the Reform Club here to-morrow on reforms to be adopted in this Province in the interests of the people.

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

A meeting of the Roman Catholic Council of Public Instruction takes place here to-morrow, and most of the Roman Catholic Bishops have arrived in town.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

A party of Quebecers have just left on a trip to New Orleans to witness the Grand Carnival there.

SERIOUSLY ILL.

Monsignor Cazeau is reported as being at the Good Shepherd Convent, rather seriously ill.

COLONIZATION.

A party of young men left town yesterday to settle in the Lake St. John region.

OTTAWA.

THE CONVERSION CASE.

OTTAWA, February 23.—Rev. Mr. Syvrel writes to the *Citizen* as follows this morning *in re* the Hull sensation:—Dear Sir,—Permit me to give a true version of the sensation which took place in Hull last Sunday, and which your reporter calls an "An Awkward Affair." Had your reporter been impartial enough to inquire seriously about the matter he would not have written what appears in this morning's *Citizen*. He would have known that Miss Guerret is not a little Sunday-school child; he would have been convinced that she is in her right mind; that she is over 21 years of age; that she was confined in Mr. Soucy's house for ten days against her will; that she was struck by him repeatedly for protesting against her former faith; that she was deprived of her new Testament by Rev. Mr. Gladue, who deliberately burned it in her presence; that her own brother made her leave Mr. Soucy's house because she was ill-treated there; that she came to my place from her brother's because plans were being made to put her in a convent against her will. Your reporter would also have been told that Miss Guerret publicly abjured Romanism on the 19th inst., and was baptized in the faith of the gospel of the Lord Jesus at a public meeting; that on Sunday efforts were made by me and Mrs. Soucy to have her go back to their home; that she persistently refused, because she did not believe in their assumed air of kindness or sorrow, even when they told her that a telegram announced her mother's death; that on Sunday afternoon, when in company with our Sunday-school teachers and scholars, on the way to the Dominion Church, she was forcibly, roughly, violently and publicly dragged through the streets of Hull, towards her brother-in-law's house; that the leading parties who so brutally handled that young woman are well-known to us; that they struck some of our men and women who tried to defend Miss Guerret. Your reporter would also have learned that she was liberated on Sunday evening only after they had began to realize the critical position in which they placed themselves in obstructing the highway and committing an assault on those who protected a defenceless and homeless young woman; that Mr. Soucy consented to let her go from him after making her promise that she would not have him prosecuted for what he had been doing that afternoon.

SUPREME COURT.

In the Supreme Court, to-day, the argument was concluded in the case of Chevalier *vs.* Cuvillier *et al.*, in appeal from a judgment of the Queen's Bench, Quebec, conferring unanimously a judgment by Mr. Justice Taschereau, then in the Superior Court, maintaining a demurrer to appellant's declaration. The appeal was taken on the ground that the appellant was thus deprived of recourse for a claim of $185,000, made by him, as legatee of his late wife, against Mrs. Cuvillier, Mannee Cuvillier, the late A. M. Delisle, Mrs. Delisle, the Marchioness de Bassano, and other members of the Cuvillier family, for his wife's share in her mother's rights of dower and commission in the succession of Hon. Gustin Cuvillier, her grandfather. Charges were made against the defendant of exercising undue influence and defrauding plaintiff's wife and her sister, by inducing them to sign deeds acknowledging respondent's rights. Mr. Dube, Q.C., for the appellant, abandoned the claim for power to the extent of $100,000. The case of Shaw *vs.* Mackenzie, a heavy action for damages for arrest on a *capias*, is in progress.

CURLING.

Two rinks of the "Blue Nose" Curling Club, from Newcastle, N.B., arrived to-night to play for the Governor-General's Trophy. Teams from the Royal Caledonia, Montreal Caledonia, Quebec and Toronto Curling Club, will arrive to-morrow morning. The competition opens to-morrow at nine o'clock, at the Vice-Regal Rink, between the Montreal and Quebec teams with iron, and the "Blue Noses" and Toronto, on Friday, with stone.

THE HULL SCANDAL.

Rev. Mr. Syvert denies the statement that he is a convert from Rome, he says he has always been a Protestant, and concludes "I sometimes wish I could say I abjured Romanism, but I cannot say that."

CHESS.

The chess tournament was re-opened at ten a.m., but only one game was started. The gentlemen present suspended operations to witness a great battle between two of the best players in the Dominion, Mr. Schull, of Guelph, and Mr. Henderson, of Montreal, which resulted in a victory for the latter, after a two hours splendid fight.

CATTLE BUYING.

The Messrs. Elliott, of Kingston, are in the city. They are buying stock for shipment to England in the spring, and making purchases from the cattle breeders of this locality.

THE NARBONNES.

The Minister of Justice has declined to interfere with the cause of the law in the case of the Narbonnes under sentence of death for murder. The execution will take place next Friday.

TORONTO.

HANLAN'S RECEPTION.

TORONTO, February 23.—A meeting of the Hanlan Reception Committee was held to-night, at which arrangements for the reception were completed. Hanlan is expected here on Friday of next week. He will be met at the railway station by the members of the volunteer battalion, in their private capacity, and by other citizens, and a torchlight procession will be formed, to parade through the principal streets. The procession will eventually stop at the Grand Opera House, which has been engaged, and where a gymnastic and orchestral entertainment will be given, and the presentations will be made. The latter are to be three in number. A $750 service of silver plate will be presented from the citizens by the Mayor. The Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen will also make a presentation, and finally Mr. T. B. Whitefoot, of the London *Sportsman*, who is coming over with Hanlan, will present him with the *Sportsman* Challenge Cup, worth £100 sterling, as a gift from the paper and a 25 guinea medal, another gift from the same journal. The gymnastic entertainment will be shared in by some of the best amateur gymnasts of Montreal, who have volunteered their services, in addition to the members of the Toronto Gymnasium. The reception will be one of the grandest ever made in the city. The Grand Trunk will run special excursion trains, and probably other railways will do the same.

SAD ACCIDENT.

A medical student named John Parratt was struck and instantly killed by a runaway horse on Queen street East last night while crossing the roadway. He leaves a wife and two children. The poor fellow was greatly liked, and his death is much regretted.

ST. JOHN.

BUILDING INSPECTION.

ST. JOHN, N.B., February 23.—Mr. M. W. Mahar, Inspector of Buildings, presented his annual report to the Common Council this afternoon. The whole number of permits for building, including extensions, removals, etc., for 1880, was for wood and wood-cased with brick or iron, 46; and for brick or brick and stone, 15; total, 61; costing for wood and wood-cased $41,765, and for brick and stone $73,610. The number of buildings damaged by fire and examined as required by law during the year is 12. Most of these were but slightly damaged. The total loss on buildings during the year is $35,000. The bulk of this was on one building, Mullins Brother's property, Dock street. The loss is less than last year, when it was $502,300.

LARGE BEQUESTS.

The will of the late Francis L. Ruddock has been admitted to probate. He bequeaths to his wife all of his estate, real and personal, whatsoever and wheresoever the same may be situated, during the term of her natural life. At the death of his wife he directs that the property shall be sold and the proceeds divided equally between his four sons, Andrew L., William, Francis and Joseph, and his daughter, Mary Anne Ruddock. He also bequeaths to his granddaughter, Edith May, at the decease of his wife, the sum of $4,000. He makes several other directions of a private character, and appoints his sons, Andrew L. Ruddock and Joseph Ruddock, his executors. He leaves real estate to the value of $25,000, and personal property to the value of $55,000. Mr. Joseph's Rudock's will has also been placed in the Registrar's hands. He bequeaths to his wife all his furniture, plate and household effects. To his sister, Jane Ruddock, he leaves an annuity of $1,000. To his two sons, William Smith Ruddock and Andrew Block Ruddock, he devises in equal proportions all his shipping property, or interest in ships, or other vessel property, on the condition that they shall pay his trustees the sum of $16,000 to be invested in stocks, etc., the annual income of such sum to be given to his wife, and after the decease of his wife upon trust for his daughters Jane, Catherine and Mary, who is the wife of Walter W. Welsh, to pay to them in equal parts an annual income of said sum. To his executors he bequeaths the residue of his property to sell or dispose of as they may think proper for the benefit of his wife, and after her death for the benefit of his daughters and sons. He devises all the real estate vested in him as mortgaged to his trustees, subject to equities affecting some for trusts as aforesaid. He nominates as trustees Rev. Andrew Gilmour and his son Andrew Block Ruddock, and appoints his wife and the above-named persons as executrix and executors of his will. His real estate is placed at $1,000, and personal property at $70,000.

WINNIPEG.

THE RECENT ACCIDENT.

WINNIPEG, Man., February 23.—The St. Andrew's Society has undertaken the burial of the remains of the late Charles Smith and Leonard O'Brien, victims of the nitro-glycerine explosion on the Pacific Railway. Their bodies were forwarded to Winnipeg at the expense of the contractors of Section 8.

AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

The Provincial Agricultural Association held its adjourned annual meeting to-day, and elected the following officers:—Col. W. Osborne Smith, C.M.G., President; W. S. Hall, Vice-President; Arthur F. Eden, Treasurer; Acton Burrows, Secretary.

ORANGEISM.

The Grand Orange Lodge of Manitoba and the North-West Territories held its annual meeting here yesterday, and elected the several officers for the ensuing year. The R. W. G. M. elect is Brother Nitlock, an officer of the Grand Lodge of British North America. The members of the Grand Lodge and visiting brethren were treated to a sumptuous spread in the Windsor Hotel by the brethren of the city Lodges, and an enjoyable time was spent.

NO CRIMINALS.

The Assizes open here on the 1st of March with a bank criminal calendar, and in consequence no Grand Jury has been empanelled. The civil docket, however, is large. This absence of crime speaks well for the character of the population of Winnipeg and the prairie Province.

Midnight Despatches

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE EVACUATION OF CANDAHAR.

LONDON, February 23.—The question of the evacuation of Candahar is exciting increasing interest. The subject will be shortly raised in the House of Lords by Lord Lytton, supported by the whole strength of the Conservatives. To excite public feeling against the evacuation, and for the preparation of this debate a series of meetings are being held. The first came off at St. James' Hall yesterday. Twenty members of Parliament were present. On the other hand Col. Gordon, to-day, published a letter in favour of evacuation.

GIVES UP THE LEADERSHIP.

Parnell has temporarily transferred the leadership of the Home Rulers in the House to Justin McCarthy.

THAT TRIP TO PARIS.

It is stated that Parnell has gone to Paris in connection with the further investment of League funds

IRELAND.

LAND LEAGUE EXECUTIVE MEETING.

DUBLIN, February 23.—At a meeting of the Land League to-day detectives outside took note of all who attended. A letter from Mr. Eagan was read, which stated that the Paris press of all shades of opinions cordially indorsed the League. Dillon read a telegram from Mr. Parnell, advising the League to postpone the meetings which were to be held on Sunday, as it was desirable the terms of the Land Bill should be known before the meetings were held. Dillon denied that rents were being generally paid. The small farmer reported shot near Buttevant was only wounded. Two large farmers, members of the Land League, have been arrested.

DUBLIN, February 23.—A Catholic Priest was evicted to-day from a farm near Parson town. There was an immense crowd but no disturbance.

SOUTH AMERICA.

NO PEACE YET.

LIMA, February 1.—Advices state that great distress is experienced by well-to-do classes. Hundreds of beggars swarm the streets. The Chilians cannot find any one to sign peace, and have refused to come to Lima on account of the stubborn resistance of the Peruvians. The town of Chorillos was burned by the Chilians to the ground. The streets and beach are strewn with bodies, supposed to exceed 6,000. Great fires occurred in Lima, in the market, and in the stores of wealthy Chinese merchants. It is said that Peirala has 800 men with him. Owing to false a rumour that the British Admiral and Minister had been killed by the Chilians, the British Man of War went to Collao, prepared to attack the Chilian fleet. Chilie advices Statesmen of the Argentine Republic will protest against the annexation of any conquered territory by Chili. The Argentine Government is enrolling the National Guard.

PORTUGAL.

EARTHQUAKES.

LISBON, February 23.—Thirty-six successive shocks of earthquake occurred at St. Michael's, in the Azores. A church and two hundred houses have fallen, and several persons have been killed.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, February 23.

PUSHING THROUGH THE PROTECTION BILL.

In the Commons, to-day, Gladstone gave notice that if the consideration of the Protection Bill as amended is not concluded to-day, he would give notice of motion for having the amendments put forthwith at 7 to-morrow evening, and for immediately afterwards commencing the debate on the third reading.

In the Commons, the consideration of the Protection Bill continued in a dilatory manner. Two Home Rule amendments, intended to introduce distinct provisions in the Bill, that prisoners be leniently treated, were rejected, Mr. Forster saying that the Government would do its best to prevent hardships. T. P. O'Connor was warned and Healy silenced by the Speaker for irrelevancy and repetitions. The consideration of the Bill was not finished when the House was obliged to rise by the rule governing Wednesday's sittings.

WEATHER REPORT.

MONTREAL, February 23.

TEMPERATURE in the shade by Standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co., Opticians and Mathematical Instrument makers 242 and 244 Notre Dame street:—

8 A. M.	1 P. M.	6 P. M.
32°	17°	14°
MAX.	MIN.	MEAN.
32°	14°	23°

BY STANDARD BAROMETER.

8 A. M.	1 P.M.	6 P.M.
29.65	29.84	30.00

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, February 23, 10 a.m.

The probabilities for the next 24 hours are:—Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Brisk to high winds; gradually shifting to west and north-west; cloudy weather with snow, followed by clearing and decidedly colder weather. Maritime—South-easterly to south-westerly winds; fair to cloudy mild weather to-day, with areas of snow or rain, followed to-night or to-morrow by strong westerly to north-westerly winds; clearing and colder weather.

'Lives there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said
I'll pay before I go to bed
The debt I owe the printer?
Yes, there are some we know full well
Who never such a tale could tell;
And when *they* die they'll go to—well,
The place where there's no winter."

THE IRISH BALL.

"There was a sound of revelry by night,
And Canada's capital had gathered then
Her beauty and her chivalry; and bright
The lamps shone o'er fair women and brave men."

The annual ball of our Irish fellow-citizens came off last night at the Windsor Hotel, and was, as in past years, a grand success. The Committee of Management is deserving of every praise for the excellent arrangements made by it for the comfort and pleasure of those attending. Many obstacles were thrown in the way, which at first sight looked insurmountable to the success of the ball, but with characteristic energy and perseverance, combined with the genial manner of the Irish race, all irritating troubles were swept away, and the annual ball of last night may be looked upon as not only the greatest social event of the season, but perhaps of many past years. The Windsor's handsome ball-room and suite of rooms for guest dressing-rooms were nicely put in order for the occasion. Decorations were not needed, for there are few ball-rooms on this continent can equal the "Windsor's" in artistic beauty of its coloured frescos or the massiveness and chaste design of its carved mouldings. The floor of the ball-room was in excellent condition for the dancers, and from 9 o'clock in the evening to the "wee sma'" hours of the morning, the merry, black-eyed Irish lassies, with their sisters from "Merry England," the "Land of the Heather" and our own Canada, engaged in the mazy waltz, the wild, rushing galop and the more dignified Lancers, with partners of their choice from the sterner sex. The music furnished by Gruenwald's string band was so good, that up to the last dance on the programme, the greatest spirit was infused into the dancing, and one and all enjoyed themselves thoroughly.

The Lady Patronesses were Mdme T Robitaille, Mrs M P Ryan, Mrs M Doherty, Mrs J S C Wurtele, Mrs Thos White, Mrs W H Hingston.

The Reception Committee were Messrs J J Arnton, Charles J Doherty, M Guerin, Henry Kavanagh, S H Ewing, John D Purcell, John J Hayes, E P Ronayne, G Bury.

Floor Committee—J J Milloy, P J Ronayne, M J F Quinn, J U Shortiss, Edmund Guerin and D McEntyre, jr.

The Secretary of the Ball Committee, Mr. D McEntyre, jr, is deserving of the greatest praise for the manner in which he conducted all the Committee's arrangements.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT

was tried for a time, but the light was found to be most injurious to the colours of the ladies costumes, and it was soon shut off, and the gas returned to. Certainly, for very large ball-room assemblies, Edison's light will not be the favourite.

THE SUPPER.

About one o'clock the party adjourned to a very *recherche* supper, gotten up in the Windsor's best style. The tables were decorated with handsome harps and Irish shields and other emblems of Erin. His Honour Lieutenant-Governor Robitaille and his A. D. C., Captain Sheppard, Hon. J L Beaudry, Hon J Mercier, Mr Murphy, M P P, who were among the more important guest, remained to nearly the last, all seemingly enjoying themselves.

THE DRESSES.

Of the beautiful costumes, which were worn by the ladies, it would take more space than we can this morning spare to describe them properly, even if we were fully posted in all the mysteries of the millinery and dress-making art. Among the many rich dresses, which at once arrested the attention of the eye, were the following:

LADIES' DRESSES.

Mrs J Stewart, maroon velvet and mauve overskirt trimmed with lace, gold ornaments.
Mrs Thos White, black velvet, trimmed with black lace.
Mrs Hingston, black satin and lace trimmings.
Mrs Foley, black satin and white lace trimmings.
Mrs McEntyre, cream-coloured silk.
Mrs Kimpton, black velvet and lace trimmings.
Mrs Mooney, garnet velvet and lace trimmings.
Mrs Barry, garnet velvet and corn coloured silk, lace trimmings.
Mrs Milloy, pink satin shirred, with lace trimmings.
Miss Murphy (Quebec), cream silk.
Miss Mullarky, pink silk, and lace trimmings.
Miss Harwood (Vaudreuil), pink silk, with white organdy overskirt and flowers, silver ornaments.
Miss Stewart, pale blue satin, silver ornaments.
Miss O'Brien, cream-coloured silk, with cherry-flower trimmings.
Miss Mountain (Quebec), corn-coloured silk and satin, silver ornaments.
Miss Mooney, cream-brocaded satin.
Miss White, white silk.
Miss Barclay, white silk.
Miss Bella White, pink satin, lace trimmings.
Miss MacGillis, Ecru India mull, with lace trimmings and flowers, gold ornaments.
Miss Guerin, white cashmere, silk fringe.
Miss Wilson, white silk.
Mrs Small, Pompadour satin and cardinal.
Miss Mount, cream satin, trimmed with smilax and flowers.
Mrs Parent, pale blue satin brocaded silk, trimmed with down.
Miss Paterson, cream silk, trimmed with spangled tulle.
Miss Macdonald, pink silk, trimmed with lace and flowers.
Miss O'Flaherty, white satin, trimmed with heather blossoms and poppies, diamond ornaments.

Invited Guests—Lieut.-Governor Robitaille and Madame Robitaile, Hon Edward Blake, Hon John O'Connor, Hon T W Anglin, Hon E J Flynn, John Costigan, MP, Hon W W Lynch, Dr Bergin, MP, and Hon J A Chapleau.

LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS.

LADIES.

Miss J L Jackson, Miss Alice Crompton, Miss O'Brien, Miss Emmie Southgate, Miss C McIntyre, Miss Hayes; Miss O'Donoghue, Kingston; Miss Thomit, Miss Mullen, Miss R Charteres, Mrs Stafford, Miss E Cronin, Miss McNally, Mrs M J O'Flaherty, Miss Kattie Foihey, Mrs Barry, Miss Ennis, Miss Marks, Miss Cockburn, Mrs Thos White, Miss White, Miss J White, Miss Murphy, Miss Maud Muldoon, Miss Tessie Whelen, Miss McCrudden, Miss Haines Muldoon; Miss Doherty, Sherbrooke; Miss Agnes Doherty, Sherbrooke; Miss McIver, Miss Harwood, Miss M McGillis, Miss Mountain, Miss O'Brien, Mrs Small, Miss Thompson; Miss Shea, Brooklyn, N Y; Mrs Potter, Mrs Ray, Miss Rafter, Miss Wilson, Miss Egan, Miss M Egan, Mrs McGovern, Miss Trihey, Miss Ida Trihey, Mrs O'Flaherty, Miss O'Flaherty, Miss Donovan, Misses Mount (2), Mrs J J Milloy, Miss Corbet, Brooklyn; Miss Shea, Brooklyn; Miss Mullarky, Miss Lizzie Mullarky, Miss Barclay; Miss McGiverin, St John, N B; Miss Victoria MacCallum, Miss Hagar, Mrs Walter Kavanagh, Miss Kavanagh, Mrs Kempston, Miss Patterson, Mrs Kennedy, Miss Ramsay, Mrs Clapham, Miss M A McDonald, Mrs J H Mooney, Miss Mooney, Miss Fraser, Mrs McGarvey, Miss McGrail, Miss McLaughlin, Miss O'Brien; Miss J Mountain, Quebec; Mrs W H Davis, Miss Davis, Mrs John McGarvey.

GENTLEMEN.

D E Bowie, Wm O'Brien, E A Small, P A Milloy, T J Potter, R S White, J St G Dillon, J Purcell, Chas Hagar, Walter Kavanagh, H J Kavanagh, J T McNamee, John Gettim, Alex Goyette, G W Parent, J A McCorniff, Geo C Stephens, Mr McKeown, Hon J L Beaudry, Mr M C Mullarky, F Colson, Mr Ross, W A Campbell, Chas Vinet, C A Giroux, J McDougall, Jas Reny, P T Patton, Geo Britt, P H Muldoon, B Cox, A J Bruce, Thomas Patton, James Whelan, A Crosby, R J Anderson, J T Anderson, A Notman, Jas Redmond, J G Kennedy, Capt Clapham, C McDonald, J H Mooney, Jno McGarvey, M J McGrail, E Buckley, J C O'Brien, M Cloran, Dr Hingston, James Crompton, Magor Tobin, E A O'Brien, Richard McKeown, D W McEntyre, Charles Coursol, R D McGibbon, Richard Smith, Hector Prevost, W H Arnton, M McGillivray, C J Doherty, M Guerin, E Guerin, J A Shortiss, P J Ronayne, J J Arnton, Dr Guerin, C Leprohon, J P Whelan, J J Harcevan, G Piche, W W Halpin, M DeMartigny, Mr J Hopper, Alex Power, E P Ronazne, Ed Brankin, Louis Perrault, Wm Redmond, Hon Mercier, Louis Payette, M Victor Roy, J A Rafter, Mr P Davis, H J Beemer, Frank Brennan, G W Craig, W L S Jackson, T B Murphy, Wm Farrell, M S Foley, W H Davis, J J Hayes, M J F Quinn, Emil Thourit, C Mullen, Wm Stafford, John McNally, S D Steward, M S O'Flaherty, P J Fitzpatrick, Thos Robin, D Barry, T Fogarty, B Globensky, Dr Wood, J C McCorkill, Dr E B Ibbotson, A J Fitzsimmons, A H Murphy, J H Mooney, Mr Fleming, Hon Mr Flynn, W A Owler, Wm Wilson, C Egan, P McGovern, Thos Trihey, H J Cloran, John O'Flaherty, Dr Mount, D Sincennes, J J Milloy.

WEST WARD.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.

SIR,—In order to correct some false impressions and idle rumours circulated by the active promoters of my opponent to the position as representative of the interest of the West Ward, I think it due to the electors to make the following statements:—About eight weeks ago I was solicited by some of our most worthy and respectable citizens to allow myself to be put in nomination to fill the vacancy likely to occur in the event of Ald. Nelson's resignation. I requested a delay, and about a fortnight afterwards I was again approached upon the same subject and consented. By this time the Ward had been freely canvassed, and three of our present Aldermen consenting thereto. The three are Ald. Fairbairn, Proctor and McShane, and afterwards signing a requisition promising to support my candidature and do all that they could to secure my election. As there was no likelihood of any opposition, their requisition and my acceptance was duly published between the 18th and 28th ult. in all the English and French papers in the city, and no opposition was then manifested. About two weeks after this a movement was made by a few Aldermen in the Council (in order) to secure the services of our highly-esteemed ex-Alderman Stephens, to have him oppose me in this Ward, as his services are very much wanted in the Council, in order to lead them, as things were not going as they should be. To this end a telegram was sent to New York, where he then was, impressing upon him the (difficult) awkward position in which the English-speaking members were placed. Mr. Stephens telegraphed back to them he would take no position in the City Council less than the Mayorship, which, of course, was then impossible for them to comply with, as they had already requested Ald. Nelson's acceptance of the nomination. Other two gentlemen were waited upon to oppose me, but declined, and neither of them would consent to contest the Ward with me. You may judge of my surprise on learning that this civic clique (as reported in the evening papers) waited upon Mr. Stephens to allow himself to be put in nomination to represent the West Ward, and to oppose me at the eleventh hour. This was too much of a trial on my faith. I accordingly, with Mr. Strond, waited upon him at his office at the Ottawa Hotel, and asked him if such was the fact, he acknowledged that it was so, and had consented. Addressing us he said, "the fact is, I am wanted down there; affairs have got out of order, and some one is needed to lead the English-speaking members of the Council," and added that it was under great personal inconvenience, and the necessity of the occasion, that he had consented to their request, assuring us that he would leave the Council as soon as he had accomplished this object.

During my term of service in the Council, from '75 to '78, I never pretended to lead, but only to assist, to the best of my ability; but I suspect the sore spot is I was never led, always acting for the interest of the ward I then represented, and the city in general.

I am,
Respectfully yours,
JOHN C. MCLAREN.

Montreal, February 23, 1881.

WEBER VS. DECKER.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.

DEAR SIR,—In the local news items of this morning's HERALD I read the following anent the use of the Decker at the concert last night:—"Joking apart, it is certain that no greater proof of the genuine worth of the Decker piano, as compared with its now pretentious rival, could be furnished, than by the fact that our finest musical organization preferred to procure one rather than use the Weber, which was, as usual conveniently on hand."

In reading the above, one would infer that the Weber piano was intruding where it had no business to be, whereas it was in reality at home in this the finest Concert Hall in America, having been permanently placed there by Sir Hugh Allan for the use of the leading artistes, who generally use no other.

It would hardly be decorous for the proprietor of the mansion to absent himself because a neighbour below him in the social scale should drop in for an hour to enjoy the beauties of a situation which, from his associations and habits of life, must be new to him. It was not decorous in the visitor to abuse the privilege of a guest in order to assail his host in his own house. It is hardly necessary to remind the writer of the paragraph in the HERALD that, during three years of the existence of the Eminent Musical Society he alludes to, the Decker Piano was kept on sale here, but nobody, not even its agent, who was and is still conductor of the Mendelssohn Choir, thought of using it for such a purpose as long as the Steinway and the Chickering could be had, it was, in fact, treated as a third-rate instrument. If the ambition of its present agent strives for a higher position for it, I can hardly blame him, it is the best he has, and he must make the most of it. H.

Montreal, February 23, 1881.

NORDHEIMER'S HALL BURNED.

Last night about 11.30, as the audience were retiring from Nordheimer's Hall, after listening to the complimentary concert given to Mr. E. R. Fordham, fire was discovered issuing from under the stage. An alarm was at once raised, and a panic ensued. Fortunately, however, everybody reached the street in safety, though several ladies fainted when the alarm was raised. The Fire Brigade were soon on hand, but not before the flames had made such headway that the whole interior of the hall was burned out. It took the firemen several hours to get the fire under control, and at one time the entire block was threatened with destruction. As it is, the building is very badly injured, and the stocks in the stores on the first flat have been damaged by water and smoke. The losses will be pretty heavy, but all are said to be well insured. The fire is supposed to have caught from the heating apparatus. This is the fourth fire which has occurred in Nordheimer's Hall within the past few years. The fire was extinguished at 4 o'clock this morning, the roof of the rear part having fallen in.

PRODUCTION OF BESSEMER STEEL IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1880.

We have received complete reports from the eleven Bessemer steel works of the United States detailing their production in the calendar year 1880, and promptly lay the statistics thus received before our readers. The production was larger than the estimate we formed of it at the close of the year.

The total quantity of Bessemer steel ingots produced in the United States in 1880 was 1,203,173 net tons, or 1,074, 262 gross tons, against 928,972 net tons in 1879, 732,226 net tons in 1878, and 560,587 net tons in 1877. The increase over 1879 was 274,201 net tons, or 30 per cent.; over 1878 it was 470,947 net tons, or 64 per cent.; over 1877 it was 642,586 net tons, or 115 per cent. The production of Bessemer steel ingots ingots in this country from 1872 to 1880 was as follows, in net tons:—

1872	120,108	1877	560,587
1873	170,652	1878	732,226
1874	191,933	1879	928,972
1875	375,517	1880	1,203,173
1876	525,996		

The total quantity of Bessemer steel rails produced by these eleven works in 1880 was 917,592 net tons, or 819,279 gross tons, against 683,964 net tons produced by the whole country in 1879, 550,398 net tons in 1878, and 432,169 net tons in 1877. The total Bessemer steel rail production of the country from 1872 to 1880, not including rails rolled by iron mills in 1880 from purchased blooms, was as follows, in net tons:

1872	94,070	1877	432,169
1873	129,015	1878	550,398
1874	144,944	1879	683,964
1875	290,863	1880	917,592
1876	412,461		

Several iron rolling mills rolled Bessemer steel rails in 1880 from purchased blooms, and reports of their operations have not yet been collected from those establishments, but perhaps 50,000 net tons of such rails may have been rolled by them last year.

Although the Bessemer steel production of 1880 was very large, it will be greatly exceeded in 1881. The Vulcan Steel Works, in St. Louis, did not get into operation until March 18, 1880; this year they will make full time. All the other old works are improving on their productions of last year, and some of them will have an enlarged plant at work, notably the Bethlehem Iron Company and the Pennsylvania Steel Company. Several new Bessemer steel establishments will get to work in 1881, the Pittsburgh Bessemer Steel Company, Limited, being now about ready to begin production, with a capacity of 60,000 gross tons of ingots a year, while the North Chicago Steel Company and the Colorado Coal and Iron Company are pushing their works to completion as rapidly as possible, with a prospect of turning out Bessemer steel before the snow of another winter will have made its appearance.—*Journal of the American Iron and Steel Association.*

BENEFACTORS.

When a board of eminent physicians and chemists announced the discovery that by combining some well-known valuable remedies, the most wonderful medicine was produced, which would cure such a wide range of diseases that most all other remedies could be dispensed with, many were sceptical; but proof of its merits by actual trial has dispelled all doubt, and to-day the discovery of that great medicine, Hop Bitters, are honoured and blessed by all as benefactors.

THE CHARACTER OF THE TURKS.

Ludwig Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, has written as follows upon the character of the Turks:—

"I know no people possessed of the social virtues to the same extent as the Turks. The character of the Turkish native must be studied in the provinces, especially in those parts of the Ottoman Empire where the Turk alone is to be met with. I shall here relate certain circumstances which demonstrate the noble nature of the Turk. When the Hungarian and Polish refugees proceeded from Widdin towards Schomulu we halted for a single night in a Turkish village. I was conducted to the house of a peasant, who hastened to offer me his selamlik. I expressed a wish to see my luggage. 'Effendim!' said he to me, 'they are in a safe place.' 'Are you really certain as to this place?' I replied to him. 'Suppose anyone were to walk off with them during the night?' I added. 'Oh sir,' he answered with astonishment, 'how could, anyone carry off in time of peace things which did not belong to them? That can only be done in time of war. He had not even an idea of robbery.

"The Turk dines with his family in the harem, and breakfasts in the selamlik. When the breakfast is ready the doors of the chamber are opened and the traveller is shown into it. The master of the house, without asking the religion or name of his guest, salutes him courteously, bids him 'hochgueldiniz,' and offers him the best place. The traveller, after having eaten and washed his hands, departs, saying 'Eyvallah.' The Turk always thanks God and not man. Eyvallah means 'God be thanked.'

"The Turk never beats a child nor a woman, nor even animals. He never abuses his strength against the weak. During my stay at Kutahia an officer had a young Hungarian servant who was impertinent and incorrigible. One day his master beat him with a horsewhip for having committed an unpardonable fault. The Turks were smitten with horror in consequence of this act of brutality. The Turks, true gentlemen even to the lowest peasant, and whose courtesy and kindness to foreigners is well-known, displayed after this act such antipathy towards, and contempt for this officer, that I was compelled to ask the colonel of the regiment to which the said officer was attached why he was thought so ill of by the Turks. 'Fena adam' (bad man), was the reply of the colonel. 'Wherefore, then?' I asked him. 'Because,' he replied, disdainfully shaking his head, 'he has beaten a child!' and he repeated the same words, 'Fena adam'

"The Turk entertains a profound respect for his parents. His word once given is more sacred than the Holy Scriptures of Europeans. He professes great piety towards the dead. The Turkish people strictly observe the duties claimed by religion as well as the prohibitions concerning drink. The Turk does not drink spirituous liquors (I am talking of the people whom Europe has not yet civilised by drunkenness). They bathe frequently. It is said that the consumption of soap is the criterion of civilisation. This is true, and the Turks therefore are in the highest degree civilised. There are no people in Europe, not even the Dutch, who use more soap than the Turks. In the great towns of Verona and Germallz, in Italy, the baths are closed in winter, while in Turkey there is not a village without its bath. Winter and summer the Turk goes to the bath at least once a week. In fact, if anyone has been at any time intimately acquainted with the Turks it is impossible not to sympathize with them. Without the smallest doubt he who has lived among them always enjoys their friendship. They render themselves beloved to such an extent that at times one even goes so far as to feel prejudice."

"'NOTHER ONE BUSTED."

Three years ago Detroit had about fifty amateur weeklies in full blast. One by one they have succumbed to the chicken-pox, measles, whooping-cough, and hard times, and the number yet alive can now be counted on the fingers of the left hand. The latest failure occurred yesterday just after the bells had struck 13 o'clock. An ambitious, persevering boy of 12 had established the *Twilight* in a little second floor back room beyond the parks on Woodward avenue. In his issue of twenty-three copies in the forenoon occurred the following item:

"NOTISS.—THhere is A Read-heded WOman in ThiS Sitty who LickS her Childern witH the stOve handel. LEt her beWair or We SHall puBlisH Her naim."

The editor of the *Twilight* was seated in his sanctum at the hour named when a female entered. She hadn't come to subscribe. She wasn't there to have a funeral notice published. She didn't look like the President of a female sewing-society. No one could read her errand until she had locked the door. Then she kicked the press over, upset the standing-galley, knocked the legs from under the editorial table, and laid hands on the editor. Being taken by surprise, he did not realize what was going on until he had been shaken out of his boots and jammed into the wood-box head first, and ere he had regained his editorial composure the assailant had fled. Ruin and desolation brooded there. Havoc and disaster sailed around the room. The red-headed woman who licks her children with the stove-handle had played smash and left nothing to begin anew on. No insurance, and no more *Twilight*.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Miscellaneous.

LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE
NOTICE.
The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of LA BANQUE DU PEUPLE will be held at the Office of the Bank, St. James Street, on MONDAY, the 7th of MARCH next, at Three o'clock p.m., in conformity with the 16th and 17th Clauses of the Act of Incorporation.
By order of the Board of Directors.
A. A. TROTTIER, Cashier.
Montreal, 28th January, 1881 25

NOTICE.
The Citizens' Insurance Company will apply to the Dominion Parliament, at its pression session, for an Act reducing its present Capital Stock, such reduction to take effect upon the proportion thereof called in and paid up, and for other purposes.
ABBOTT, TAIT, WOTHERSPOON & ABBOTTS, Solicitors for Applicants.
February 30

JOHN SWAN & SONS,
Live Stock Commission Agents,
Edinburgh and Glasgow
CABLE ADDRESS: SWANS, Edinburgh.
JOHN GIBLETT & SON,
Live Stock Commission Agents.
63 West Smithfield. LONDON
CABLE ADDRESS; GIBLETT, London.
January 13 T 11

J. & R. McLEA
OFFER FOR SALE:
Brls. New Canadian Prime Mess Pork
Brls. New Canadian Thin Mess Pork
Bdls. Table Codfish
Casks No. 1 Large Green Codfish
Brls. and Casks No. 1 Green Codfish
Brls. and Casks No. 2 Green Codfish
Boxes Bloaters
Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar
Brls. Jamaica Sugar
Puns. and Tcs. Barbadoes Molasses
Puns. Jamaica Rum
8 Common Street.
February 9 34

Magor Bros. & Co.
Just Received.
Boxes DIGBY SCALED HERRINGS
Brls. No. 1, Large } CODFISH.
Do do 1,
Do do 2,
Do do 1 HADDOCK
Brls. No. 1 CANSO HERRINGS
Hf-Brls. No. 1 do
Brls. No. 1 SHORE do
Hf-Brls. No. 1 do do
AND
Hf.-Brls. NOVA SCOTIA CRANBERRIES
18 Foundling St.
January 20 17

Auction Sales.
BY A. B. STEWART & SON
PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
I have admitted my Son, MR. SAMUEL D. STEWART, a partner in my business, which will in future be carried on under the name and firm of
A. B. STEWART & SON,
as general Auctioneers and valuators.
A. B. STEWART,
Montreal, 1st February, 1881.
With reference to the above the subscribers beg to intimate that they are prepared to undertake the disposal at their stores or at the stores of the trade,
ALL DESCRIPTIONS of MERCHANDISE
ALSO,
SALES OF FARM STOCK,
SALES OF REAL ESTATE
Sales of Household Furniture and effects at Salerooms or private residences, and trust to receive a share of public patronage, to secure which no effort will be wanting on their part.
A. B. STEWART & SON,
General Auctioneers and Valuators.
February 3 29

Groceries, Wines, &c
SHIPMENTS OF
BULK BRANDY
From Charente and St. Nazaire TO THE
United Kingdom,
From 1st January to 30th December, 1880, as per official documents.

	Gallons.
Rouyer, Guillet & Co.	264,270
Jas. Hennessy & Co.	232,740
Boutelleau & Co.	155,865
G. De la Garde	146,970
Martell & Co.	140,145
Pinet, Castillon & Co.	137,295
Bisquit, Dubouche & Co	133,005
Louis Salignac	119,580
La Grande Marque	115,200
Renault & Co.	109,545
Ju'es Robin & Co.	87,075
Veuve Planat & Co.	85,350
T. Hine & Co.	83,250
Lucien, Bellott & Co.	73,170
Otard, Dupuy & Co.	69,000
Riviere, Gardrat & Co.	68,415
J. Denis Henri Mounie & Co.	47,430
Loucien Foucaud & Co	47,130
J. Barnett & Son	44,640
J. Duret & Co.	43,695
Jacques, Nicot & Co.	43,200
Augier, Freres & Co.	41,220
Total Gallons	3,415,485

Rouyer, Guillet & Co.,
REPRESENTED IN CANADA BY
D. P. BEATTIE.
February 15 du 39

JOHN HOPE & CO
MONTREAL,
AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
JOHN DE KUYPER & SON, Rotterdam.
MARTELL & CO., Cognac.
JULES ROBIN & CO., Cognac.
MOET & CHANDON, Epernay.
DEINHARD & CO., Coblenz.
BARTON & GUESTIER, Bordeaux.
M. MISA, Xeres de la Frontera.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & CO., Oporto.
MULLER & DARTHEZ, Tarragona.
FREDERIC VALLETTE, Marseilles.
E. & J. BURKE, Dublin.
PATTERSON & HIBBERT, London.
BULLOCH, LADE & CO., Glasgow.
WM. JAMIESON & CO., Dublin.
CANTRELL & COCHRANE, Dublin.
&c., &c.,
N. B.—Orders received from the Whole-sale Trade only.

H. Chapman & Co.
MONTREAL
SOLE AGENTS IN THE DOMINION FOR
Messrs. Gonzalez, Byass & Co., Xeres de la Frontera, Sherries.
" T. G. Sandeman & Sons, Oporto, Ports.
" Pablo, Oliva & Castles, Tarragona, Red Wines.
" Leal Brothers & Co., Madeira Madeira Wines.
" G. H. Mumm & Co., Reims, Champagnes.
" P. A. Mumm & Co., Frankfort-O-M., Hocks and Moselles.
" Cuzol, Fils & Co., Bordeaux Fruits, &c.
" Pinet, Castillon & Co., Cognac Brandies.
" A. Houtman & Co., Schiedam Gins.
" Wm. Hay, Fairman & Co., Glasgow, Whiskies.
" R. Thorne & Sons, Greenock Whiskies.
" D. J. Thomson, Leith, Ginger Wine, Old Tom, &c.
" Machen & Co., Liverpool, Export Bottlers of Guiness & Sons' Dublin Stout.
" Robert Porter & Co., London, Export Bottlers of Bass & Co.'s Ale.
Mr. Wm. McEwan, Edinburgh, Scotch Ales.
Apollinaris Company (Limited) London.
Orders for Direct Importation Solicited from the Trade.
February 44

JULES MUMM & CO.'S
CHAMPAGNES.
Extra Dry
Extra Dry England
Verzenay
IN QUARTS AND PINTS.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.,
AGENTS.
January 20 17

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.
A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.
No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.
They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.
To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.
No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop B
Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.
D.I.C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y. and Toronto, Ont.

GIBB & CO.
Beg to inform their FRIENDS and PATRONS that they are in weekly receipt of
NOVELTIES
IN
TAILORING
AND
HABERDASHERY
AND
Invite Inspection
December 308

MR. JOHN T. HAGAR
RETIRES FROM
OUR FIRM
AS FROM
January 1st, 1881.
S. H MAY & CO.
January 4 3

Auction Sales
BY M. HICKS & CO.
THIS MORNING.
Important Sale of
Elegant Household Furniture,
"CHICKERING" PIANOFORTE, B. P. MANTEL MIRRORS, Brussels Carpets, fine collection of Paintings and Water Colours, Crystal Gasaliers, Parlour Billiard Table, Grocer's Express Waggon, &c.
On Thursday Morning, 24th Instant
The Subscribers are instructed to sell at the Residence, No. 245 ST. DENIS STREET, the whole of the handsome Household Furniture and Effects, consisting in part as above.
Sale at TEN o'clock.
45 M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers

AUCTION SALES
AT
Private Residences.
The Subscribers continue to give their personal attention to
SALES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, FARM STOCK, GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
And respectfully beg to inform parties who intend selling their Household Furniture this Spring that their Lists are now open, and an early intimation will secure a choice of days.
Having been favoured with the most important sales in this line last year, we feel confident that all Commissions entrusted to our care this Spring will be executed to the entire satisfaction of our patrons, as in the past.
Every Sale wound up with despatch and prompt returns made. Charges moderate.
Cash Advances made on all kinds of goods sent to Salesrooms, if required.
M. HICKS & CO.,
General Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Nos. 430 and 432 NOTRE DAME STREET
January 28 24

Special Notice.
TO PROPRIETORS OF STEAMBOATS, SAW MILLS, PAPER MILLS, &c.:
Before giving your Spring Orders try our CASTORINE OIL, it is just the thing for your Journals, and the superiority of this Oil, as well as the price, will astonish you.
TORONTO OIL COMPANY.
LYMAN, SONS & CO.,
MONTREAL AGENTS,
Castorine Oil Company.
January 4 3

LINSEED OIL,
RAW AND BOILED.
Whiting, Best Brands,
FOR SALE BY
W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
100 Grey Nun Street
September 11

Cotton, Connal & Co.
OFFER FOR SALE,
EX STORE AND TO ARRIVE,
CAUSTIC SODA, "Widnes" 60 p.c., White and other good brands.
BICARBONATE OF SODA, LUMP ALUM, FLOURS OF SULPHUR, EPSOM SALTS ALUM CAKE, &c., &c.
Agents for CHARLES TENNANT & CO., Glasgow, manufacturers of SAL SODA, SODA ASH, BLEACHING POWDER and ROLL SULPHUR.
ALSO,
RAW LINSEED OIL, "Rockvilla" and other brands.
DRY WHITE LEAD—FOSTER, BLACKETT & WILSON'S GENUINE.
DRY RED LEAD, GROUND LITHARGE.
BICHROMATE OF POTASH, SULPHATE of COPPER, best selected for Telegraphic purposes.
PIG LEAD, TIN PLATES, CANADA PLATES.
AND,
INGOT COPPER, from The Huntington Co.'s Mines in the Eastern Townships
ORDERS for Scotch Refined Sugars, Pig Lead, Sheet Lead, Tin Plates, and general merchandise executed, and Freights secured on best possible terms by
CONNAL, COTTON & CO.,
GLASGOW.
February 7 32

FOR SALE,
In Lots to Suit Purchasers,
500 Tons WELSH ANTHRACITE COAL
500 Tons do STEAM do
500 Tons do SMITHS' do
(This last is excellent for heavy Forging or for Melting Iron.)
28,000 "T. Carr" Newcastle FIRE BRICK
Also, small lots of the Philadelphia and Reading C. & I. Co.'s SUPERIOR AMERICAN COAL—Egg, Stove and Chestnut, and ENGLISH GARSFIELD COKE.
HART BROTHERS & CO.,
45 Notre Dame Street.
January 21 18

ALBION MINES
COAL,
For Sale by the Cargo,
Apply to
HENRY DOBELL & CO., Agents.
August 3 84

UNIVERSAL GRINDER.
To Produce Merchants, Farmers
AND OTHERS.
The Syndicate working NEWELL'S PATENT UNIVERSAL GRINDER have opened their new and extensive mill premises in this city at No. 572 William street, facing the Canal above St. Gabriel Locks. They undertake to crush or grind PHOSPHATE and other minerals, animal bones and other substances, at a rate from one to eight tons per hour, according to fineness required, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Barley, Malt, Flax, and any other cereals are reduced to COARSE or FINE meal, in quantities exceeding ONE HUNDRED BUSHELS an hour! Moulee, Cracked Corn, GRANULATED WHEAT and GRAHAM FLOUR are specialties attainable only by the use of these machines.
Orders for Grinding are now registered. For details, apply at the
DOMINION GEN'L AGENCY
26 Hospital Street,
Montreal.
December 23 tts 310

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS 1878.
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.
Sold by all dealers throughout the World.

FOR SALE.
100 Brls No. 1 Green Codfish.
BLAIKLOCK BROS,
No. 17 Common Street.
February 11 2m 225

PURE APPLE CIDER.
Sparkling and on draught. Made specially from select fruit for
FREDERICK KINGSTON
WINE MERCHANT,
25 HOSPITAL STREET.
January 1 1

J. RIELLE,
LAND SURVEYOR
No. 146 St. James Street

Auction Sales.
BY SHAW & GOWDEY.
THIS MORNING.
By Authority of Justice.
Large Sale of New and Second-Hand Furniture,
Splended Saloon Fixtures, Marble-top Etageres, Counters, Beer Pump, Range, three Pianos, Mirrors, Carpets, &c., &c., at our Salerooms, 235 St. James Street,
Thursday Morning, 24th Instant,
At TEN o'clock.
SHAW & GOWDEY,
44 Auctioneers.

General Hardware Trade Sale,
For account leading Houses, at our Sale rooms, St. James Street, in a few days.
SHAW & GOWDEY,
44 Auctioneers.

Splendid Manufacturing Premises, 25,000 Feet,
With the spacious building situated on Mullins street, immediately outside city limits, Official No. 3,101 to 3,104, main building, 82 x 155; also, 2 fine Engines and Boilers, 25 horse-power each. Commuted. Perfect title. Liberal terms. Splendid premises, suitable for almost any kind of business. Will be sold by auction, at our Salerooms, 235 St. James street, SATURDAY MORNING, 26th instant, at ELEVEN o'clock.
SHAW & GOWDEY,
41 Auctioneers.

SPRING
AUCTION CIRCULAR.
The subscribers are prepared to undertake the Leasing and Rental of Dwelling Houses and Stores, Collection of Rents, &c. Also, the sale of Real Estate by Auction or Private Contract.
Trade Sales, Dry Goods, Teas and General Groceries, Hardware, Underwriters' Sales Damaged Goods, Cargoes, &c.
Household Furniture at Private Residences or at Salesrooms.
Horses, Carriages, Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., in the city or country
The Regular Weekly Sales of Horses, &c., on the City Horse Market, College Street, and the Sales of Furniture, &c., at Stores, every Friday, are now well-established and attract the attention of city and country buyers.
Valuations and Appraisals for Executors, Underwriters, Notaries and Trust Estates.
Cash Advances and prompt settlements.
☞ Several Important Sales are already on our List for the coming Spring; an early intimation solicited from those who purpose selling their Furniture, that suitable days may be appointed.
Thoroughly efficient Assistants, finest Salesrooms and best Business Stand in the city
Storage on premises.
SHAW & GOWDEY,
House and Land Agents,
Real Estate and General Auctioneers.
235 ST. JAMES STREET, Opposite Ottawa Hotel. } 27

Miscellaneous.
BARROW HÆMATITE
STEEL CO'Y,
BARROW-IN-FURNESS.
COX & GREEN,
Agents for the Dominion of Canada.
STEEL RAILS,
Steel Fish Plates,
Bessemer Pig Iron, &c.
February 4 30

CAST IRON WATER PIPES,
&c., &c.
R. LAIDLAW & SON,
GLASGOW.
Gas Apparatus of every description.
Cast Iron Pipes, all sizes, cast in dry sand and vertically.
Wrought Iron Tube and Fittings.
Meters, wet and dry, &c., &c.
COX & GREEN,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE DOMINION,
From whom particulars and quotations can be obtained.
February 10 35

STEEL RAILS!
IN STORE:
56 lbs. Rails, and Fish Plates
Orders Taken for Direct Importation.
MIDDLETON & MEREDITH,
17 St. John Street.
MONTREAL.
December 6 291

B. J. COGHLIN,
Hardware Merchant and Spring Manufacturer. Railway Supplies &c., &c.
WORKS: Hochelaga.
OFFICE: 26 St. Sulpice Street, Montreal.
Manufacturer of all kinds of Railway and Spiral Springs, Carriage Springs, &c.
AGENT FOR
Messrs. WILSON, HAWKSWORTH, ELLISON & CO. Sheffield, England—Steel of all descriptions, Warranted Cast Steel, Spring Steel Machinery Tire and Sleigh-shoe Steel, Steel Wire, &c., &c.
Messrs. JOHN ROUND & SON (Limited), Sheffield—Best quality Electro-Plate and Nickel Silver Goods of all descriptions.
Messrs. M. HUNTER & CO. Sheffield—Superior Cutlery, Files, Saws, Tools, &c., &c.
A large supply of all the above goods always in stock. Orders solicited to Import and from Stock.
☞ Agent for the celebrated White Star Steamships.
September 28 232

JOHN TAYLOR & BRO.
16 St. John Street,
AGENTS IN CANADA FOR
DUBS & Co., Glasgow—LOCOMOTIVES, &
W. H. BAILEY & Co., England—ENGINEERS' AND CONTRACTORS SUNDRIES.
WM. SELLERS & Co., Philadelphia, U.S.—INJECTOR OF 1876, MACHINE TOOLS, &c.
MIDVALE STEEL WORKS, Philadelphia, U.S.—LOCOMOTIVE STEEL TIRES, AXLES AND FORGINGS.
EDGEMOOR IRON Co., Wilmington, Del., U.S.—WROUGHT IRON BRIDGES, ROOFS AND VIADUCTS.
U.S. METALLIC PACKING Co., Boston, U.S.—METALLIC PACKING FOR LOCOMOTIVE AND OTHER ENGINES, &c., &c.
DUNCAN STEWART & Co., Glasgow—MACHINERY FOR PRINTING, DYEING, STARCHING, CALENDERING AND FINISHING.
November 3 263

H. R. IVES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
HARDWARE,
IRON RAILINGS,
&c., &c.,
QUEEN STREET.
FULL LINES OF ALL
REGULAR GOODS!
CASTINGS
OF ALL KINDS
Furnished Promptly,
AND OF THE
BEST DESCRIPTION.
☞ ORDERS SOLICITED.
September 232

Waltzing
BY
Prof. McDonald's Perfected System.
All BALL-ROOM DANCES can be learned in one Course of Lessons.
WALTZ TAUGHT IN ONE LESSON.
Last Course this Season commences NEXT THURSDAY EVENING.
ASSEMBLIES, FRIDAY EVENINGS.
For particulars, apply personally to the LORNE ACADEMY, 301 Notre Dame St., from 12 to 1; 3 to 4; 7 to 8.30 p.m.; or by letter to
AMERICAN HOUSE
January 29 2

Auction Sales.
BY THOMAS J. POTTER.
THIS AFTERNOON.
500 BOXES
LONDON LAYER RAISINS,
50 Catties Fine Black TEA,
By auction, "For account whom it may concern," in lots to suit purchasers, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, 24th FEBRUARY, at TWO o'clock, at my Rooms, 195 St. James Street. No reserve. Terms cash.
24 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

TO CAPITALISTS
Unreserved Sale by Auction, of the Valuable Property No. 213 BONAVENTURE STREET, HOTEL and VACANT LOTS, opposite G. T. R. Depot, TUESDAY, 1st MARCH, at half-past TEN o'clock, at my Rooms. The opening of Windsor Street will make this very valuable Terms cash. No reserve whatever. Deposit required on adjudication.
47 e THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.
Good corner for Manufacturing purposes.

TRADE SALE
NEW CROP TEAS.
WITHOUT RESERVE.
1,700 Hf-Chests JAPAN.
500 Catties (5 lb.) JAPAN.
500 Boxes IMPERIALS, GUNPOWDERS and YOUNG HYSONS.
400 Boxes BLACKS, SOUCHONG and CONGOU.
For account Messrs. J. E. MULLIN & CO., at their Warehouse, Nos. 58 and 60 College Street on THURSDAY, 3rd MARCH, at 10.30 A.M. Catalogues are being prepared. Samples can be had at any time before sale.
44 THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

SALES OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
At Private Residences.
The NOTED SUCCESS that has attended all the Sales of Furniture and Effects (without any exception), held by me during the past year, is already a "household word." This is attested by the number of Sales entered in my Diary for the coming Spring.
I beg to solicit an early intimation from those intending to sell by auction, and to assure them that everything possible will be done to give the most unqualified satisfaction
Sales carefully arranged, and properly and economically advertised. Leading articles of Furniture, &c., Signed Pictures, Works of Art, &c., noted in Advertisements. Notices mailed to prominent buyers of Paintings, &c., so that nothing will be needlessly sacrificed through mismanagement and want of publicity.
Carpets and Oil Cloth correctly measured, Mattresses and Beds weighed, and full memoranda taken of Plate, Cutlery, Glassware, &c., and every detail necessary in selling and delivering attended to in the most careful manner.
The best possible results and prompt returns guaranteed in every case.
THOMAS J. POTTER,
15 Auctioneer.

Miscellaneous.
THE "DECKER" PIANO,
THE EMERSON PIANO,
The James & Holmstrom Piano,
THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN.
Second-Hand Pianos from $35 Upwards
MUSIC IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
DE ZOUCHE & CO.,
(Successors to Joseph Gould),
233 St. James Street.
January 1 1

THE GABLER PIANO
Has long been a favourite with the Montreal public. It is, without doubt, the cheapest instrument manufactured, taking into consideration its many excellent qualities. Both Uprights and Squares are brilliant in tone yet capable of modulating to the utmost sweetness, the touch light and elastic, and the form elegant and tasteful.
A. & S. NORDHEIMER,
211 ST. JAMES STREET,
Long and favourably known throughout the Dominion, have secured the sole Agency for this valuable and esteemed maker, in addition to that of Chickering, Steinway, Dunham and Haines. This secures to this old-established firm the Agencies for what are generally conceded to be the best pianos in the world. No one of moderate means need be without a first-class piano, as payment for any of the above is received in monthly and quarterly instalments.
PIRATES OF PENZANCE.—Piano Solo arrangement of this delightful Opera just out.
February 10 25F 35

FOR
Grand Square and Upright
PIANOS
Of the Finest Description
GO TO THE
N. Y. PIANO CO.,
Nos. 226 and 228 St. James Street,
AGENTS FOR THE
Principal Canadian Manufacturers,
BELL ORGANS
AND
New York Weber Pianos.
January 25 21

CARD.
Having closed our Agency in Montreal, and transferred the exclusive sale of our PIANOS, for that city and vicinity, to
THE NEW YORK PIANO CO.
ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal,
our customers hereafter will be supplied through them with ALL OUR STYLES of PIANOS.
WEBER & CO.
Kingston, 14th December, 1880 301

BISHOP'S
Safety Paper, Checks, Drafts, Notes, Bills of Exchange, etc.,
ARE BECOMING POPULAR.
GEO. BISHOP & CO.,
165 St. James Street.
January 28 24

Robert Mitchell & Co.
MONTREAL BRASS WORKS.
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
BRASS WORK
St. Peter and Craig Streets.
November 24 281

E. CHANTELOUP,
No. 587 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL
MANUFACTURER OF
Church, Tower, Clock & Locomotive
BELLS,
INCLUDING CHIMES AND PEALS.
Gas and Coal Oil Burners
Of all Descriptions.
STEAM FITTINGS, COIL SCREENS, HOT WATER AND STEAM APPARATUS.
FRENCH WINDOW FASTENERS AND ESPAGNOLETTES.
Railway Supplies of all Descriptions
ELECTRIC APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
November 20

Auction Sales.
BY JOHN J. ARNTON.
VALUABLE PROPERTY ON CRAIG ST.,
NEAR BLEURY ST. & VICTORIA SQ.,
PERTAINING THE SUCCESSION OF
Estate Late Hector Peltier, Esq., M.D
The Cut-Stone front house, 692 CRAIG ST., about 30 ft. frontage, running back bout 120 feet, and fronting on FORTIFICATION LANE, being No. 195 on said street,
Commuted. Easy terms.
The premises are in good repair; the best part of the street, and the two frontages make it very valuable for commercial purposes.
Sale at HALF-PAST TEN o'clock.
47 JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

JOHN J. ARNTON
Real Estate Auctioneer,
And Auctioneer for Trade Sales of General Groceries, Stock-in-Trade *en bloc*,
Underwriters' Sales of all Descriptions &c., &c.
Office and Salesrooms 91 St. James Street
"THE OLD STAND,"
(A few doors East of the Bank of Montreal and French Square.)
MR. ARNTON will wholly devote his time and his *personal* attention to the above classs of business.
In Real Estate matters:
The Atlases and various Maps of the City.
The Cadastral Plans of the City, Parish and Island of Montreal, with the Official Books of Reference.
A large number of Private Plans of individual Properties, Blocks of Land, large Estates, and different sections of the City, together with
Records and particulars of the "*great bulk of Real Estate transactions by Auction*" that have taken place in Montreal and its environs the past twenty years
Can be Consulted at his Rooms by intending buyers and sellers through his Agency.
The promoting and *popularizing* of the present mode of selling Real property by Auction was one of his earliest persistent and successful efforts, inducing the public to adopt so speedy and legitimate a way of bringing contracting parties together.
Trade Sales of Groceries, Fruit Cargoes, Wool, Furs and Merchandise attended to; also,
Underwriters' Sales of Damaged Goods, Grain, &c., "for account of whom it may concern." The necessary formalities complied with.
Stock-in-Trade of General Goods, it to be sold *en bloc* or in two or three lots.
The above, with kindred matters, will always be as efficiently dealt with as in the past.
His son, MR. W. H. ARNTON, will have the entire charge of the office.
Valuations of Real Property thoroughly gone into, and a reliable report of market value rendered, free from fancy figures (the time at his disposal heretofore has prevented this department getting due prominence).
Communications confidential.
Private Sales also negotiated.
Loans effected on landed or other security
Dividends and Moneys Collected and invested as directed.
In relinquishing several branches hitherto very largely followed, such as Household Sales of Furniture at private residences, Sales of ordinary Farm Stock and Cattle, the general disposal of Effects, Libraries and Books, Curiosities, &c., is simply carrying out a plan partly decided upon a couple of years since.
Hence the concentration of his energies and experience within the narrower limits will give much more leisure to profitably discuss such important interests, and largely benefit those immediately concerned.
Consultations may be had on all departments of the Auction business.
JOHN J. ARNTON,
29 Box 5, Post Office, Montreal.

Miscellaneous.
Printograph
Composition.
Send your Old Lithograms to SUTHERLAND, MILLAR & CO'S., Stationers, 94 and 96 St. Francois Xavier Street, and have them fill
Printograph
Composition.
We have just received a FRESH SUPPLY of the above, which is SUPERIOR TO ANYTHING YET MANUFACTURED.
SUTHERLAND, MILLAR & CO.
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
94 & 96 St. Francois Xavier Street
January 24 20

Fine Writing Papers,
Copying Letter Books,
Account Books,
RUSSIA WALLETS and POCKET BOOKS
ENVELOPES
MEMORANDUM BOOKS
AND
OFFICE STATIONERY.
We have just opened 50 Cases of the above goods, which we are selling at exceptionally low prices.
GEORGE HORNE & SON.
Christmas Stationery
FINE ANTIQUE and VELLUM WRITING PAPERS, nicely put up in FANCY BOXES with ENVELOPES to suit, RUSSIA POCKET BOOKS and WALLETS, GOLD PENCILS and PENS, CARD CASES, AUTOMATIC PENCILS, FANCY INK STANDS, &c., &c., &c.
WE WOULD CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION to our stock of VELLUM, ANTIQUE and HAND-MADE WRITING PAPERS, in NOTE, LETTER, AND FOOLSCAP, by the ream, and neatly put up in fancy boxes, suitable for Ladies' use and presents—the finest papers in the market.
ALSO,
Cream and Vellum Foolscap, ruled specially for NOTARIES AND LAWYERS USE, the whole offering at much reduced prices.
SAMPLES FURNISHED INTENDING PURCHASERS.
OFFICE & POCKET DIARIES for 1881 just received.
GEO. HORNE & SON.
71 & 73 St. Francois Xavier Street
December 9

SAFETY MATCHES
IGNITE ONLY ON THE BX.
LION MATCHES
Have no Sulphur, therefore, no disagreeable smell.
MANUFACTURED BY
E. B. EDDY,
HULL, P. Q.
For Sale by all Grocers
H. A. NELSON & SONS
Wholesale Agents,
MONTREAL AND TORONTO
February 18 r 42

Excellent Storage
Apply at
ASHE'S INSPECTION OFFICE.
July 3

LOCAL NEWS.

THERE will be no sale at No. 56 Victoria street to-day. Mr. Potter has sold the whole furniture in one lot.

PERSONAL.—Mr. John C. McLaren has, at the invitation of the Finance Minister, gone to Ottawa to explain a matter in connection with the Tariff.

PARDONED.—Yesterday morning Mr. Grenier, advocate, received from the Government the pardon of Alfred Ducharme, who was sentenced to four years' imprisonment in the St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, two years ago, for aggravated assault.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.—The Treasurer Montreal General Hospital acknowledges, with thanks, the receipt of $150 from the Shedden Company; also, $20 from Mr. Hugh Paton, Manager and Secretary, and $10 from "One who regrets his donation is not much larger."

LARCENIES.—In the Police Court, yesterday morning, Ann Adams, 35, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment for stealing from Ann Muir. Stanislas Prudhomme, 14, and Albert Oullette, 16, St Martin street, were fined $1 or ten days' each for stealing a coal oil lamp and five bottles from H. Riendeau.

CENTRE WARD.—The many friends of Mr. Farrell have started in earnest, and will make the contest for this important Ward very close. Mr. Wm. Farrell comes out as an independent candidate, pledged to no monopoly, and his long business connection in this city will certainly entitle him to a fair average of the votes of this Ward.

KEEPING SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS FOR SALE WITHOUT A LICENSE.—In the Recorder's Court, yesterday morning, George J. Drolet, labourer, of 981 St. Catherine street, was convicted of keeping spirituous liquors in his house for sale without a license. He was fined $20 and costs, or in default three months' imprisonment in the common gaol.

MADE DEFAULT.—James Cunningham, who assaulted John Franey, saloon-keeper, in the latter's bar-room, last week, and who gave bail to the amount of $160 for his appearance at the Police Court yesterday to be tried, failed to put in an appearance, and the bail bonds were declared forfeited. It is stated that he has fled across the lines.

THE BEN WYVIS DISTILLERY, AT DINGWALL.—Amongst the leading distilleries of Scotland, the Ben Wyvis Distillery holds a prominent place. The quality of their whiskey is unsurpassed, and their prices are as low as those of any other leading Scotch distillery. Messrs. J. S. Hamilton & Co., of this city, have been appointed sole agents for Canada.

THE MAYORALTY CONTEST.—The voters of St. Ann's Ward, favourable to the return of Mr. Nelson, will meet this evening at No. 29, William street. The Central Committee Rooms in the Mechanic's Hall are open daily from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Those willing to act as Scrutineers, and who can furnish sleighs on Polling Day are requested to send their address without delay.

FISH AND GAME PROTECTION SOCIETY.—At the Police Court, yesterday morning, before His Honour Mr. Dugas, Hormidas Tremblay, butcher, of St. Lawrence Main street, was fined $1 and $5.83 costs for having hares in his possession out of season. Daoust & Bro., butchers, of St. Lawrence Main street, were fined $1 and $7.63 costs for having venison in their possession out of season. Mr. Morris, the game-keeper of the Association, appeared to prosecute.

THE Rev. Dr. Wilkes, one of the oldest—perhaps the oldest—clergyman in the city, will be presented to-day with an address and *souvenir*, in remembrance of his long ministry, by those who for years have listened to his wise counsels in the pulpit of Zion Church. His many friends in this city, where he has spent the best and most vigorous part of his life, will, we are certain, be glad to be present and testify by such their hearty approval of so well deserved a mark of respect.

A POLICEMAN FINED.—Last week two carters were arrested for absenting themselves from their vehicles on St. Joseph street, and when brought before the Recorder were discharged, His Honour saying that, though they had literally transgressed the law, they were not a sufficient distance from their vehicles to lose control of their horses, and he wished to carry out the spirit of the law. One of these carters, Victor Fournier, in being arrested by sub-constable Ryan, refused to go, when he was taken by the collar of the coat, and compelled to do so. When he was discharged he brought a charge of assault and battery against Ryan, who was yesterday fined by the Police Magistrate $2 and costs.

LECTURE.—A lecture in aid of the funds of the Sergeants' Mess and Reading-Room, Prince of Wales Rifles, will be given by the Rev. Dr. Sullivan, Assistant-Chaplain, in the St. George's School-Room, on Monday evening, the 7th of March. The following is the programme:—1. Piano Solo, "Meditation," Jaell—Septimus Fraser. 2. Song, "How Fair Art Thou," Weidt—Mr. Maltby. 3. Aria, "Mia Piccirella," C Gomez—Mrs. Thurston. 4. Reading—Dr. Sullivan. 5. Song, "Sognia," Schira—Miss Donelly. 6. Song, "The Arab Steed," Hodson—Mr. Baynes. 7. Piano Solo, "Clochette," Hoffman—Septimus Fraser. 8. Song, "The Flower Song," Faust—Mrs. Thurston. 9.—Song, "The Tar's Farewell," Adams—Mr. Rogers. 10.—Duo, "L'Adio," Donizetti—Mrs. Thurston and Mr. Maltby. 12. God Save the Queen. Musical Director, Dr. Davies.

A REMARKABLE LADY.—Mrs. Joseph Lamer, of St. Laurent Village, died a short time ago at the venerable age of eighty years and six months. The deceased lady was the mother of Mr. Lamer, at the Custom-House. She was afflicted with dropsy. The first operation of puncture was performed in 1866, and, strange to say, she lived on, and died many years after of indigestion. Dr. Hingston, her attending physician, performed on her 46 punctures, and drew from her 186 gallons of water, all of which were endured by the old lady with the greatest fortitude, and, what was still more remarkable, in contradiction of medical laws, for four years and six months she had no puncture performed on her. The deceased lady was devoted to agriculture and horticulture, and obtained 32 prizes in Canada, one in New York for coloured beans, and one at the great Exhibition in England in 1851. Her memory was also very great, she having, two years ago, given the names of all the owners of about 200 pews in the Church of St. Laurent, which was demolished 45 years ago. The god-mother of this remarkable lady is still enjoying good health.

RECORDER'S COURT.—There were 22 cases disposed of in the Recorder's Court yesterday morning:—Gedeas Viau, 23, hackman, Cote St. Louis, assault and battery, settled; James A. Devine, 27, agent, St. Catherine street, assaulting J. H. Ireland, *en delibere*; Thomas Fitzsimmons, 21, hackman, Young street, drunk and loitering in St. James street, $5 or one month's imprisonment with hard labour; Napoleon St. Germain, 25, butcher, Ontario street, drunk, $5 or one month; Philip Furlong, 55, coachman, Sanguinet street, drunk in St. Catherine street, $1 or eight days' hard labour; Margaret Cannon, 32, vagrancy, two months' imprisonment; Joseph St. Jean, 37, stonecutter, St. Elizabeth street, drunk and assaulting Marie Therien, $5 or one month at hard labour; Marie Therien, 33, wife of George Lamontagne, Dorchester street, drunk and breaking a tin cup, six months' at hard labour; Robert Stanton, 52, labourer, drunk and breaking glass, $5 or one month at hard labour; Mary McClellan, 27, and Maggie Shaw, 18, found in a disorderly house in Dupre lane, the former was sentenced to six months at hard labour and the latter to three months at hard labour; Pat'k. Lynch, 21, carter, St. David's lane; John Lynch, 18, carter, Dupre lane, and William Quinn, 21, carter, Shannon street, found in a disorderly house in Dupre lane, $5 or one month at hard labour each; Michael Murphy, 19, carter, St. George street, and Robert Laverty, 19, labourer, St. Charles Borrommee street, found in a disorderly house in Dupre lane, discharged; Alfred Gagnon, 49, labourer, St. Charles Borrommee street, drunk in St. Joseph street, discharged; Mary McGuire, 53, drunk and loitering in Inspector street, two months' imprisonment; Daniel McGowan, 15, labourer, Murray street, drunk and fighting in William street, three years in the Reformatory; Henry Adams, 24. moulder, Condy street, drunk and fighting in William street, $5 or one month at hard labour; Zeo Renaud, 40, insanity, sent to jail.

IN TOWN.—*Windsor Hotel*—Thos W Bennett, H S Holmes, Boston; N A Sanborn; Chicago, Ill; D M Fraser, R Grant, J McGregor, P A McGregor, Alex Marshall, J Cummins, R A Walker, W G Matheson, D Macdonald, D C Fraser, New Glasgow, N S; H T Machin, Quebec; J Priestman, W W Farley, E G Cox, T H Schell, Toronto; D S White, W G White, Albany; M P Davis, Lachine; F Holloway, Mrs Kennedy, Ottawa; Hon E J Flynn, A H Murphy, Quebec; Mr and Mrs J M McDougall, Three Rivers; the Lt-Governor of Quebec, Capt Sheppard, L A Robitaille, Quebec; T J Potter and wife, city; *St. Lawrence Hall*—A R Thompson, Brookly, New York; Major Nagle, W H Gibson, Halifax; H McFarlane, Stratford; A Bliss, Compton; W L Connolly, Lennoxv'lle; N Turcotte, L Tetu, Quebec; Geo Childs, Toronto; Walton Smith, Quebec; A B Duncan, Ottawa; L McLennan, Lancaster; L E Ladd, Ariel Ladd, A M Butterfield, C S Ferre, S T Morris, Spingfield, Mass; Mr Fields, St Andrews; J W Lobree, Springfield; R M Fitzsimmons, Brockville; Walter King, Glasgow, Scotland; Geo Cox, Ottawa; R Blackburn, New Edinburgh; Jas Maclean, Buckingham. *Ottawa Hotel*—H P Derikin and wife, Winnipeg; W H Parker, St. Eli; H Morso, Toronto; T C Gale, Derby; A O Brainerd, St. Albans; T Lawrence, E D Lawrence, Waterloo; Geo Havenstrite, Newark, N J; E C Bailey, Boston; H B Losee, Albany; W J Wright, St Johns; T J Doherty, Sherbrooke; W H Darbye, St. Albans; T R Ross, City; A G Glynn, Fairfax; James Croil and wife, Iroquois. *Albion Hotel*—Geo Coombs, of Charlottetown, P E I; W Watson, Quebec; A H Leggo, Ottawa; A C Patterson, Morrisburg; E R Rees, Kingston; A R Maclellan, Glendonald; W A Manson, M P, Masonville; J A Rowe, Winnipeg; E Alcombrack, Upper Bedford; W J Burgess, of Eastern Railroad; Wm A Soper, Salem, Mass; A B Barter, Toronto; F Cadoret, St Hyacinthe; John Downing, Fournier; Joshua Callaway, New York. *American House*—R Potter, Vankleek Hill; Thos Morrow, G W McBride, Waterford, N J; E M McCoy, Napanee; D W Grommon, Adams, N Y; Edward Evans, H N Hawkins, Rome, N Y; W Quackinboss, Cowansville; W Rayce, J P Murphy, Wales, Mass; J B Burbank, Longmeadow, Mass; H N Whitcomb, Waterloo; D H Ritter, Norristown; A C Lewis, Oneonta, N Y; B H Denison, Albany, N Y; W Oliver, Cowansville; W R Robertson, Toronto; John Sheldon, Newport; F B Moffitt, Plattsburg, N Y.

ODDFELLOWSHIP.

The Grand Lodge of Quebec, I.O.O.F., at an early hour yesterday morning, installed the following officers for the ensuing term, ending February, 1882:—

Grand Master, M Hutchinson, Montreal; Deputy-Grand Master, G G Gymer, Richmond; Grand Warden, H A Jackson, Montreal; Grand Secretary, E J Fish, Montreal; Grand Treasurer, T H Christmas, Montreal; Grand Representative, W Boutelle, Sherbrooke.

The following officers were then appointed by the Grand Master, Mr M Hutchinson, for the same term, and duly installed:

Grand Marshal, N D Oatley, Valleyfield; Grand Conductor, J T Tenney, St Johns; Grand Guardian, J A Finlayson, Montreal; Grand Chaplain, B Carter, M D, Durham; Grand Herald, Thomas McKeage, Danville; D D G Master for Montreal District, Past Grand G Varey.

It was then moved, seconded and resolved, That the next regular session of this Grand Lodge be held at Richmond, P Q.

The Grand Lodge then closed its annual session in the usual form.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, February 23.

The SPEAKER took the Chair at three o'clock.

DUAL REPRESENTATION.

Mr. OUIMET introduced a Bill to restore Dual Representation.

QUESTIONS BY MEMBERS.

Mr. GAULT—Have the Government collected the duty on the cargo of wheat wrecked on board the ship "Boyne," and if so, what amount?

Hon. Mr. BOWELL said that duty had been paid as follows:—13,723 bushels of wheat, at 15c., $2,058; on 45,459 bushels of Indian corn, at 7½c., $3,419; total, $5,477. The parties paid on the whole cargo, but if it is not landed, they will receive a refund in proportion.

Mr. WELDON—In reference to the subsidy proposed to be given to a line of steamships to be run between St. John and Halifax, alternately, and Liverpool, is it the intention of the Government to ask for public tenders for the service?

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN—It is the intention.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. DESJARDINS moved for correspondence, etc., respecting the management and administration of the St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary since the 1st of January, 1880. He said that this institution had occupied more than its share of public attention. Since its establishment many dismissals had taken place, and lately another had been made. They were now inquiring what led the Ministry to that conclusion. He believed it to be a mistake to take away the management of this institution from the late body of directors, and placing it under the control of the Government. He stated in the course of his speech that some of the officials had interfered in elections.

Hon. Mr. MACDONALD [Pictou] said that when he took charge of the Administration of Justice, he found that matters connected with St. Vincent de Paul were not proceeding very pleasantly, and a Commission of Inquiry was issued, with the result that its position was improved. Subsequently, grave charges had been preferred against the management, the result being that, after inquiry, Dr. Duchesneau had been dismissed upon the evidence then charged.

Mr. BLAKE thought there was a necessity for the papers being immediately brought down. He was responsible for the appointment of Dr. Duchesneau, who had been highly recommended, and was surprised to hear that he had been superseded. As to the change in the system, he said that he was not in favour of management by Boards, which were usually screens. He favoured a management under the direct control of the Minister. The member for Hochelaga had stated that officials of the Penitentiary had taken part in elections; but at Kingston, under the management of a Board of Directors, they knew that in the good old days the officers had been driven to the polls by the Warden to vote a certain way. This showed that management by a Board of Directors would not prevent interference in politics.

Mr. OUIMET said he had something to do with the representations which led to the second inquiry and the dismissal of Dr. Duchesneau. He charged the late Warden with interfering in elections, and with partizan conduct. He also intimated that the powerful influence of the member for Terrebonne had protected Dr. Duchesneau, and the latter had boasted of it.

Mr. MASSON did not think they should discuss the reasons for Dr. Duchesneau's dismissal until they had the report of the Commission before them. The last speaker had stated that there had been some difficulty in dealing with Dr. Duchesneau, because of some powerful influence in his favour. He presumed that the hon. gentleman referred to himself. It was true that he had defended Dr. Duchesneau, believing that a man should not be dismissed for political considerations. He had been convinced that the institution had been well managed, from personal inspection, and feeling this to be the case it was his duty to defend Dr. Duchesneau, even though he was a political opponent. He quoted the report of Messrs. Miall and Tache to show that the Warden had brought the Penitentiary into an efficient state. This was only last year. He had acted in all this as he would act again, in supporting a public officer who did his duty without looking at his politics. That was his policy when he was in the Government. He still believed that, unless grave charges had been sustained in the inquiry, a mistake had been done in dismissing Dr. Duchesneau.

Mr. OUIMET said that Dr. Duchesneau had gone about stating that he had the member for Terrebonne at his back, and would not be dismissed; and also, that, when he was reinstated, he would sweep out the Penitentiary.

Mr. MASSON stated that if he listened to all the rumours about St. Vincent de Paul, he would believe that the dismissal of Dr. Duchesneau meant the defeat of Mr. Masson.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN had no doubt that the hon. gentleman would not have given his support to the late Warden if he did not believe him to be worthy of it. The same policy which prevailed when the hon. gentleman was in office still prevailed, and officers were not dismissed for political reasons. He had been sorry to see the charges made against Dr. Duchesneau because he was a political opponent, but the charges were such as to demand that an inquiry should be made.

Mr. LAURIER said that it looked as if the dismissal had been made on political grounds.

Hon. JAS. MACDONALD said that Dr. Duchesneau had not required the strong arm of anybody. While an officer of St. Vincent de Paul he had been fully sustained by himself, and also by any of the officers of the Department with whom he had communication. He had found Dr. Duchesneau discharging his duties satisfactorily, and had given him the support he deserved. But, no matter what the character of the man might be, when charges were made it was his duty to have an inquiry and see if the charges were well-founded. The evidence, in his judgment, had been of such a character as to make it inexpedient that Dr. Duchesneau should any longer occupy the position which he had occupied. He agreed with the leader of the Opposition that the Warden ought to be given control over his subordinates, and on that principle he had acted since he held his present position. The papers would be brought down at once.

Hon. Mr HUNTINGTON said that perhaps the Government were exercising a wise precedent in refraining from giving the House any intimation as to the character of the charges made against Dr. Duchesneau, but it placed that gentleman in a very unsatisfactory position. If he had full confidence in the statement of the Hon. Minister that he had always acted in the public interest, he might think that Dr. Duchesneau had committed grave and unfortunate offences which had led to his removal; but they knew that peculiar pressure sometimes came from the Province of Quebec, which gentlemen opposite could not resist, even if they wanted to. After hearing what the member for Laval had stated, as to the motives which led him to move for this inquiry, which appeared to be that Dr. Duchesneau had publicly stated that the member for Terrebonne would protect him, he thought they might well withhold their judgment, and it might turn out that this was another instance of a dismissal of an officer for political reasons by gentlemen opposite."

The motion was then carried.

THE VENTILATION.

Mr. ROCHESTER moved his motion for the appointment of a Joint Committee on the subject of ventilation and sanitary condition of the Parliament buildings. He said that all would agree that it was desirable that the ventilation should be improved, although there might be some difference of opinion as to the method to be pursued. He had a conversation with the Minister of Public Works, who had stated that a sum would be placed in the Estimates for the purpose of improving the ventilation, and under these circumstances he did not desire to press his motion.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN stated that the Government would do all they could to have the House properly ventilated.

Mr. COCKBURN wanted some shelter against westward winds.

The motion was withdrawn.

ELECTION TRIALS.

Mr. BLAKE moved for a statement of dates of proceedings with reference to each election to the House of Commons followed by a petition under either of the Acts for trial of Controverted Elections before Judges. He stated that in England election cases were disposed of promptly, but here delays had occurred with view a to eliciting information which might be of use in legislation.

The motion was carried.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. BLAKE moved for statement of the names of Graduates of the Military College holding first and second-class certificates obtained at the last annual examination. Carried.

Mr. HACKETT moved for the Engineer's report of survey made at Cascumpec Harbour, P. E. Island, during the summer of 1880.

Mr. PATTERSON moved for telegrams and correspondence relative to the loss of the Colchester light ship. He explained the nature of this claim.

It being 6 o'clock the Speaker left the Chair.

AFTER RECESS.

The following Bills passed through Committee:—

An Act to incorporate the Wrecking and Salvage Company of Canada [as amended by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills]—Mr. Gault.

An Act to incorporate the Dominion Salvage and Wrecking Company, with which has been amalgamated Bill No. 22.

An Act to incorporate the St. Lawrence Wrecking and Salvage Company of Canada [as amended by the Standing Committee on Miscellaneous Private Bills]—Mr. Girouard, Jacques Cartier.

An Act respecting the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada [as amended by the Standing Committee on Railways, Canals and Telegraph Lines]—Mr. Kirkpatrick.

An Act to incorporate the Metropolitan Fire Insurance Company of Canada [as amended by the Standing Committee on Banking and Commerce]—Mr. Beaty.

The Bills to incorporate the Montreal Board of Trade and Exchange, and to explain and amend the Act to authorize the transfer of the Windsor Branch of the Nova Scotia Railway to the Western Counties Railway Company, were read a second time.

The Bill to regulate the floating of cordwood on the navigable portion of the River St. Francis, passed through Committee, when some amendents were made.

The House went into Committee on Mr. Richey's Bill, to prevent and punish wrongs to children.

Dr. BERGIN moved the second reading of the Bill to regulate the laws of labour in the workshops, mills and factories of the Dominion of Canada.

Mr. CAMERON [Huron] asked for an explanation

Mr. PLUMB said that the Bill had been before Parliament for two sessions, and the objection was not a fair one.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN asked that the hon. gentleman should not proceed with the Bill. During the recess the Government would institute an inquiry into this question, and next year would either introduce a Bill themselves or would be able to deal with the hon. gentleman's Bill.

Dr. BERGIN expressed satisfaction at the decision at which the Government had reached, as the object he sought would thereby be maintained. He would have pleasure in withdrawing his Bill.

Sir R. J. CARTWRIGHT moved the second reading of his Bill for the better securing the Independence of Parliament, and for the prevention of corruption. He stated that he had so often allowed this Bill to stand at the request of the Government that he did not propose to allow it to stand any longer, without some sufficient reason being given, —more especially as this was probably the last opportunity he would have. They had created a corporation with extensive powers, and he thought it necessary that excessive penalties should be imposed in case this corporation should attempt to improperly influence members of Parliament. He might find instances in our own history which showed the necessity of legislation of this kind, but preferred to give examples from other countries. He cited the experience of New York State, and the transactions of Jay Gould, and said his idea was this—gigantic powers had been placed on this corporation, and he proposed that a clear line of demarcation should be drawn between them and members of Parliament. He proposed that they should be prevented from influencing the election of members of this House or of the Local Legislature. If they interfered, as a body, he proposed that the Charter should be forfeited, and if as individuals imprisonment and forfeiture of stock. It was also proposed that members of Parliament could not hold stock, and not until a certain time after they had ceased to be members. Were legislation of this kind passed the corporation or individual members would not be likely to incur the cost of such penalties, and would also have a sufficient answer to make to applications for assistance. The dealing with great Railway Corporations was fraught with great danger, and a danger entirely new, or of which they had had but little experience.

Hon. Mr. LANGEVIN was surprised that the hon. gentleman had not extended the provisions of such a Bill to all Companies. Why was this Company selected? He did not think that this Company had done anything to subject itself to the suspicion which the hon. gentleman wanted to throw upon it. He would not enter into the details of the measure, but thought the best way was to meet it with an amendment. He moved the six months' hoist.

Mr. PLUMB said that when the late Government was in power, and there had been gross violation of the Independence of Parliament Act, the hon. gentleman had remained silent. He also referred to the late Speaker, and the manner in which he had violated the Independence of Parliament Act. The hon. gentleman had been a consenting party to gross violations of the Independence of Parliament when it suited his interests, but now it suited him to insinuate that the majority of the House might be amenable to corrupt influences. They had seen that a Parliament under the rule of the Reform party had been so packed with contractors that the late Government had been compelled to bring in a white washing Bill. From his previous record, they could judge that if this Bill affected the hon. gentleman's friends, it would be made perfectly harmless.

Hon. Mr. HUNTINGTON said that, if the observations of the hon. gentleman mean anything, they meant that to declare it an offence for a member of the House to commit bribery, or accept a bribe was an insult. If the remarks of the hon. gentleman who moved the amendment meant anything, they meant that if any member of the House was guilty of receiving a bribe, there should be no power to punish him. He did not feel the force of the hon. gentleman's observations with respect to corruption. He was sure that the hon. gentleman belonged to that class of thinkers who believed that the corruption which prevailed was all on one side of the House. He pointed out that, during the time of the late Government, difficulties had arisen on both sides with regard to violation of the Independence of Parliament. In the case of the Speaker, the Committee on Privileges and Elections had practically exonorated him, but it had been found necessary to amend the law. The hon. gentleman formulated accusations which had been long since exploded. He (Mr. Plumb) talked about corruption, and about corruption in elections. No one pretended that there had not been corruption on both sides, but this side of the House had given legislation which made it possible to reach corruption and to prevent improper and dishonest practices. He did not think the gentlemen opposite were sincere in their formulations against corruption, as they had never shown any desire to legislate to prevent it until forced to do so. He did not believe that the members of the Syndicate could be drawn upon for election contributions, but there was no guarantee that they would always remain proprietors. A gigantic enterprise of this kind might fall into the hands of a Jay Gould or a Vanderbilt. He ridiculed the idea that a Bill of this kind was to be interpreted, as directed, against the gentlemen who now happened to be in the majority, and pointed out that the experience of the United States showed that this legislation was necessary.

Mr. McCUAIG could not support the Bill, because it was applied to a particular Company.

Hon. Mr. ANGLIN recapitulated the circumstances connected with the infringements of the Independence of Parliament Act in 1877, and to the fact that the difficulties arose because of a misunderstanding as to what constituted a contract. He had never understood that he had a contract with the Government. Members on both sides had alike been affected.

Mr. BOULTBEE considered members on his side to be insulted by this Bill.

Mr. GUTHRIE did not think honest men were insulted by the introduction of a Bill of this kind any more than honest men were insulted by the passing of a law against stealing. The transactions with Sir Hugh Allan and the Northern Railway showed the necessity for legislation of this kind. He also called attention to the fact that the report of the Committee on privileges and elections in 1877 had been unanimously adopted. So far as the Bill introduced at the time was concerned, several Conservative members had voted for it, because it was not considered fair to inflict the several penalties on men who had erred unwittingly. They should give the Bill further consideration, and he thought members would see that this Bill was no greater insult than the Independence of Parliament Act itself was.

After some remarks from Mr. McCallum the members were called in and the amendment carried on the following division:—Yeas, 91; Nays, 31.

Yeas,—Messrs. Allison, Arkell, Baker Beaty, Benoit, Bergeron, Bergin, Bill, Boultbee, Bourbeau, Bowell, Brecken, Brooks, Bunster, Cameron [Victoria], Cimon, Colby, Costigan, Coughlin, Coursol, Cuthbert, Daly, Dawson, De Cosmos, Desjardins, Domville, Drew, Elliott, Farrow, Ferguson, Fitzsimmons, Gault, Gigault, Girouard [Jacques Cartier], Girouard [Kent], Grandbois, Hackett, Hay, Hesson, Hilliard, Hooper, Hurteau, Ives, Jones, Kirkpatrick, Kranz, Lane, Langevin, Lantier, Longley, McDonald [Cape Breton], McDonald [Picton], McCallum, McCarthy, McConville, McCuaig, McKay, McLennan, McRory, Manson, Massue, Merner, Montplaisir, Mousseau, O'Connor, Ogden, Patterson [Essex], Pinsonneault, Platt, Plumb, Pope [Queen's], Richey, Robertson [Hamilton], Rouleau, Routhier, Royal, Ryan [Montreal], Shaw, Tellier, Tilley, Valin, Vallee, Vanasse, Wallace [Norfolk], Wallace [York], White [Cardwell], White [Hastings], White [Renfrew], Williams, Wright. Total 91.

Nays—Messrs Anglin, Bain, Blake, Borden, Cameron [Huron], Cartwright, Casey, Casgrain, Charlton, Cockburn [Muskoka], Dumont, Fleming, Geoffrion, Gillies, Gunn, Guthrie, Holton, McDonell [Lanark] Malouin, Olivier, Paterson [Brant], Rinfret, Robertson [Shelburne], Rogers, Rymal, Skinner, Smith, Thompson, Trow, Weldon, Yeo. Total, 31.

The House adjourned at 11.45 p.m.

"TIME IS, TIME WAS, TIME SHALL BE NO MORE."

The glorious oracle of the Brazen Head!—so often quoted, and so little attended to. "Taking things in time!" is so proverbially mentioned as to be almost a trite remark. But what is "in time?" A man meets a friend casually, who seems desperately ill, and naturally asks him, "What on earth is the matter with you?—what are you suffering from?" "Oh, nothing particular," replies the invalid, "I have lost my appetite, and do not sleep well at night, and of course I look poorly." And so they part; the friendly inquirer shaking his head, and muttering to himself not very cheerful prophecies as to his friend's condition. The fact of the case is simply this, videlicet: that the invalid so addressed is in want of proper treatment; his liver is out of order and will not perform its proper functions; consequently his stomach speedily becomes disordered, and alternate cold shiverings and feverishness supply the place of the natural secretions with which, during a tranquil sleep, a healthy skin recruits a healthy body.

Has this sufferer (and there are many such) ever heard of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT?—or, having heard of those remedies, does he despise the testimony of thousands, ay, we may say millions, as to those remedies' efficiency? What we say to men in the position we have supposed is this—delay no longer—Time is; but Time, with you, may soon be no more. Delay then, say we, no longer; delay may be death. A little attention, a little ordinary precaution and observance of the rules which accompany "Holloway's Remedies" will restore any sufferer, in any climate, to health, strength, and happiness. Can we say more? If more is needed, let the reader refer to the world-wide-spread testimonials in favour of the "Pills and Ointment" which have made Professor Holloway's name known as a benefactor to the human race, from the mouths of the Ganges in the East, to the sources of the Mississippi in the West; from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Sydney Harbour. And to the *doubter* we say, as is said with regard to the monument of the grand old architect, "If testimony is what you require—look around you." But to the actual *sufferer* we repeat what we have begun with—Time is—and Time may be no more.—*The Irvinite.*

BOYCOTTING.

A new paper called the *Land League*, published in New York, reports the speech of a Mr. Nowlan at a recent meeting, who said:—It may be of some interest to your readers to learn that the policy of "Boycotting," adopted by the Irish Land League, is not of Irish origin, but was pursued by the American colonies in their struggle for independence, as will be seen from the following resolution passed by the Continental Congress on June 2, 1775, copied from "Elliott's Debates on Constitution," volume 1, page 76:

Resolved, That no bill of exchange, draft or order of any officers of the British army or navy, their agents or contractors, be received or negotiated, or any money supplied to them by any person in America; that no provisions or necessaries of any kind be furnished or supplied to for the use of the British army or navy in the Colony of Massachusett's Bay; that no vessel employed in transporting British troops to America, or from one part of North America to another, or warlike stores or provisions for said troops be freighted or furnished with provisions or other necessaries until further orders from Congress.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere at 25 cents a bottle. TTS

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING

"BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA" has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago and any kind of a Pain or Ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle. TTS

SOURCE OF MUCH ILL TEMPER.

When your husband comes home in bad humour, jerks off his boots, and appears to be generally miserable, do not attribute it to business cares or hard times, but to its real cause—those terrible corns which are constantly annoying him. A word to the wise will be sufficient—buy a bottle of PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR. His corns will be quickly and painlessly removed, and his gratitude will be unbounded. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor sold everywhere.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of Manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York.* TTS DW

A LADY'S WISH.

"Oh, how I wish my skin was as clear and soft as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady. "By using Hop Bitters; that makes pure, rich blood, and blooming health. It did it for me, as you observe."

Insurance Notices.

THE WESTERN FIRE & MARINE ASSURANCE CO.

Assets, - - $1,750,000

This Company continues to insure against FIRE and MARINE Risks, at Current rates, through the undersigned. Losses payable in London when required. Cattle insured against all risks.

A. R. BETHUNE, *Manager.*

MONTREAL BRANCH OFFICE: *329 Notre Dame Street.*

January 14 TTS J14 12

21st Annual Statement OF THE EQUITABLE Life Assurance Society of the U. S

HENRY B. HYDE, President,

For the Year Ending December 31, 1880.

AMOUNT OF LEDGER ASSETS, Jan. 1, 1880	$35,980,997 62
INCOME	8,735,699 43
	$44,716,697 05

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Policy-holders for Claims by Death, Dividends, Surrender Values, Discounted and Matured Endowments and Tontine Policies and Annuities	$4,792,937 97
Other Disbursements as per detailed Statement	1,513,915 06
NET CASH ASSETS, December 31, 1880	$38,409,844 02

ASSETS.

Bonds and Mortgages	$9,053,475 50
United States Stock	2,513,591 60
State, City and other Stocks authorized by the Laws of the State	8,987,422 47
Loans secured by United and other Stocks	7,064,562 88
Real Estate	8,368,363 62
Cash and other Ledger Assets as per extended Statement	2,422,428 55
	$38,409,844 02
Market value of Stocks over Cost	1,521,051 28
Accrued Interest, Rents and Premiums, as per extended Statement	1,177,707 02
Total Assets, Dec. 31, 1880	$41,108,602 32
TOTAL LIABILITIES, including legal reserve for reinsurance of all existing policies	31,880,308 1
Total Undivided Surplus	$9,228,294 12

Risks assumed in 1880, $35,170,805 00

Risks Outstanding, $177,597,703 00

JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice-President.

SAMUEL BORROWE, 2nd Vice-President.

C. W. SCOTT, Superintendent of Agencies.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 1st, 1880.

GEN. B. H. ROBERTSON.

Dear Sir,—My experience induces me to recommend the Tontine plan of the Equitable Life Assurance Society as a better plan of insurance than any other that I know of. The profitable results of my own policy whose Tontine period ends to-day, is shown in the statement sent me by the Society, viz: Policy 55,636, issued Sept. 1st, 1870, for $10,000

Total Premiums paid $5,591.00

Cash value, Sept. 1st, 1880 $5,924.50

Paid-up value, Sept. 1st, 1880 $8,400.60

Very respectfully,

WILLIAM N. JEFFERS. Commodore U. S. Navy.

R. W. GALE, MANAGER FOR THE DOMINION,

157 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL.

January 31 26

North British and Mercantile FIRE AND LIFE Insurance Company.

Established 1809

Subscribed Capital, - - £2.000,000 Stg.

CANADA BOARD.

MANAGING DIRECTORS:

D. LORN MACDOUGALL, Esq. THOMAS DAVIDSON, Esq.

DIRECTORS:

GILBERT SCOTT, Esq., of Messrs. Wm. Dow & Co.

CHARLES F. SMITHERS, Esq., General Manager Bank of Montreal.

The Hon. THOMAS RYAN, Senator

FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMP'Y

1.—*Funds as at 31st December*, 1879.

Paid-up Capital £350,000 St'g.

Fire Reserve Fund 791,577 "

Premium Reserve 300,890 "

Balance of Profit and Loss Account 247,003 "

Life Accumulation £2,989,885 "

Annuity Funds 311,961 "

2.—*Revenue for the Year* 1879

From Fire Department: Fire Premiums £902,670

From Life Department: Life Premiums and Interest 448,696

Total Revenue £1,351,366 or, $6,944,426 73

WILLIAM EWING, Inspector.

GEORGE U. AHERN, Sub-Inspecto

Head Office for the Dominion in Montreal

D. LORN MACDOUGALL, THOMAS DAVIDSON, General Agents.

October 5 23

BRITISH AMERICA Fire and Marine ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated - - - - 1833.

ASSETS, $1,100,378.

All Descriptions of Property Insured Against Fire and Perils of Navigation at Current Rates.

OCEAN POLICIES MADE PAYABLE IN LONDON (Eng.) WHEN REQUIRED.

H. M. GAULT, W. TATLEY, Agents for the Province of Quebec.

February 1 0

INTERNATIONAL MARINE INSURANCE CO. (LIMITED) Of Liverpool.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent in Canada for this Company, is now prepared to underwrite shipments of merchandise in the usual manner and at current rates.

JACKSON RAE, Royal Insurance Chambers.

May 10 11

THE Liverpool & London & Globe INSURANCE COMPANY.

CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Honorable HY. STARNES, Chairman.

THOS. CRAMP, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

THEODORE HART, Esq.

ANGUS C. HOOPER, Esq.

EDMOND J. BARBEAU, Esq.

CAPITAL, $10,000,000

AMOUNT INVESTED IN CANADA 906,000

TOTAL INVESTMENTS, over 30,000,000

Mercantile Risks accepted at the lowest current rates.

Dwelling Houses and Farm Properties insured at reduced rates.

C. F. C. SMITH, Chief Agent for the Dominion.

October 27

COMMERCIAL UNION Assurance Company OF LONDON, ENG. FIRE AND LIFE

64 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, Corner of Hospital Street.

FRED. COLE, General Agent

April 24 98

Insurance Notices.

Capital, $1,000,000. DOMINION FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE Co. GOVERNMENT DEPOSIT, $50,000

Head Office, Province of Quebec, 119 St. Francois Xavier Street, MONTREAL.

All Classes of Risks Written at Lowest Rates.

JOHN F. NOTT, CHAS. D. HANSON, Joint General Agents.

February 23 26

SUCCESS!

THE NORTH AMERICAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

(Incorporated by Special Act of the Dominion Parliament.)

HON. ALEX. MACKENZIE, M.P., Presdent.

HON. ALEX. MORRIS, M.P.P., Vice-President.

WM. MCCABE, F.I.A., Managing Director.

Guarantee Fund $100,000

Deposited with Dominion Government $50,000

HEAD OFFICE, - - TORONTO.

MONTREAL OFFICE: 353 Notre Dame Street.

F. C. IRELAND, Manager Prov. Que.

J. A. DEVINE, Agent for Montreal.

February 21 r 44

THE Fire Insurance ASSOCIATION (LIMITED), OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Capital - - - $5,000,000

Paid-up - - - $1,000,000

Reserve Fund - - - $250,000

Gov't Deposit - - - $100,000

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

No. 42 St. John St., Montreal.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

HON. DONALD A. SMITH, Chairman, Director Bank of Montreal.

EDWARD MACKAY, Esq., Deputy-Chairman, Director Bank of Montreal.

JOHN OGILVY, Esq. (Messrs. Ogilvy & Co.)

ROBT. BENNY, Esq (Messrs. Benny, Macpherson & Co.)

JAS. S. HUNTER, Esq., N.P.

Manager: WILLIAM ROBERTSON.

JAMES BOURNE, *Fire Superintendent.*

Every description of Property Insured at the Lowest Current Rates.

February 10 3m TTS 291

The Financial Association of Ontario.

Issue price of Preference Stock increased to one per cent premium.

APPLICATIONS FOR PREFERENCE STOCK are now received at one per cent premium. Twenty per cent of the stock is payable within three months from date of subscription. It is not proposed to call in any further amount, but shareholders are at liberty to pay up any portion or entire amount of the stock at any time after allotment, with full participation in dividends from day of payment, according to the amount paid in. At the present price of issue the stock yields purchaser nearly EIGHT PER CENT per annum.

LAST FINANCIAL STATEMENT, and full particulars, may be obtained by communicating with the Head Office, LONDON ONT.

EDWARD LE RUEY, Managing Director

November 1 TM 261

Royal Insurance Co., OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, - - - $10,000,000

FUNDS INVESTED, Nearly $23,000,000

Invested in Canada for Protection of Canadian Policy-Holders, - nearly $ 600,000

Liability of Shareholders Unlimited

Fire Insurances accepted on the most favourable terms. Life business transacted in all its branches.

M. H GAULT, W. TATLEY } Chief Agents.

October 8 241

The Best Field FOR EMIGRANTS.

AN IMMENSE AREA OF RAILROAD AND GOVERNMENT LANDS, OF GREAT FERTILITY, WITHIN EASY REACH OF PERMANENT MARKET, AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, is now offered for sale in EASTERN OREGON and EASTERN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

These lands form part of the great GRAIN BELT of the Pacific Slope, and are within an average distance of 250 to 300 miles from Portland, where Steamships and Sailing vessels are directly loaded FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

GRAIN AT PORTLAND, OREGON, COMMANDS A PRICE EQUAL TO THAT OBTAINED IN CHICAGO.

The early completion of the Northern Pacific R. R. is now assured, and guarantees to settlers cheap and quick transportation and good markets both East and West. The opening of this new overland line to the Pacific, together with the construction of the network of 700 miles of railroad by the O. R. & N. Co. in the valleys of the great Columbia and its principal tributaries, renders a rapid increase in the value of the lands now open to purchase and pre-emption. There is every indication of an enormous movement of population to the Columbia River region in the immediate future.

LANDS SHOW an AVERAGE YIELD of 40 BUSHELS OF WHEAT PER ACRE. No failure of Crops ever known.

RAILROAD LANDS offered at the uniform rate of $2.50 an Acre.

Climate Mild and Healthy.

For pamphlet and maps, descriptive of country, its resources, climate, route of travel, rates and full information, address,

A. L. STOKES, General Eastern Passenger Agent, 52 Clark Street, Chicago, Illinois.

NEVER FAILING REMEDY IS

HAILSEN

Great Danish Specific.

An old German Cure, composed of costly vegetable remedies. Certain cure for Spermatorrhœal Weakness, and the terrible miseries resulting from Loss of Manhood. Nervous Debility, Pamphlets sent free describing these diseases. HAILSEN is sold by all Druggists in Montreal and elsewhere at $2 per box (in green wrappers). Mailed on addressing the GERMAN MED. CO., Markham Canadian Agency.

IMPROVED FARMS

In Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska & Minnesota FOR SALE.

Great bargains. 10 years time on three-fourths of the purchase money. Interest 8 per cent. Parties intending to go West send for lists. State locality in which the lands are desired. J. K. O. SHERWOOD, 115 Broadw'y, N.Y. City

TURKEY FEATHERS,

TAIL AND WING, Wanted. Highest price paid. Send for Circular at ONCE. Mention this paper.

THE NATIONAL FEATHER DUSTER CO'Y

44 & 46 State Street, Chicago. A. J. SANDS, Secretary.

Steamship Notices.

ALLAN LINE.

Under Contract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland for the Conveyance of the Mails.

1881. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS. 1881.

This Company's Lines are composed of the following Doubled-Engine, Clyde-built IRON STEAMSHIPS. They are built in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, and are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest.

Vessels.	Tonnage.	Commanders.
Parisian	5400	Capt. Jas. H. Wylie.
Sardinian	4650	Capt. J. E. Dutton.
Polynesian	4100	Capt. R. Brown.
Sarmatian	3600	Capt. A. D. Aird.
Circassian	4000	Lt. W. H. Smith, R.N.R
Moravian	3650	Capt. John Graham.
Peruvian	3400	Capt. Barclay.
Nova Scotian	3300	Capt. W. Richardson
Hibernian	3434	Lt. F. Archer, R.N.R.
Caspian	3200	Capt. M. Trocks.
Austrian	2700	Lt. R. Barrett, R.N.R.
Nestorian	2700	Capt. J. G. Stephen.
Prussian	3000	Capt. Joseph Ritchie.
Scandinavian	3000	Capt. Hugh Wylie.
Buenos Ayrean	3800	Capt. Neil McLean.
Corean	4000	
Grecian	3600	Capt. Legallais.
Manitoban	3150	Capt. McDougall.
Canadian	2600	Capt. C. J. Menzies.
Phœnician	2800	Capt. James Scott.
Waldensian	2600	Capt. Moore.
Corinthian	2400	Capt. McNichol.
Lucerne	2200	Capt. Kerr.
Newfoundland	1500	Capt. Mylins.
Acadian	1350	Capt. F. McGrath.

THE STEAMERS OF THE LIVERPOOL MAIL LINE,

Sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, and from Boston each WEDNESDAY, and from Halifax every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched:

FROM BOSTON.

CIRCASSIAN Thursday, Feb. 3, 1.00 p.m

*SARDINIAN " Feb. 10, 7.00 a.m

HIBERNIAN " Feb. 17, 11.30 a.m

*POLYNESIAN " Feb. 24, 5.30 a.m

CASPIAN " Mar. 3, 12. noon

*SARMATIAN " Mar. 10, 5.30 a.m

CIRCASSIAN " Mar. 17, 10.30 a.m

PARISIAN " Mar. 24, 4.30 p.m

FROM HALIFAX.

HIBERNIAN Saturday, Feb. 19

POLYNESIAN " Feb. 26

CASPIAN " Mar. 5

SARMATIAN " Mar. 12

CIRCASSIAN " Mar. 19

PARISIAN " Mar. 26

*Passengers may embark at Boston on the Steamers marked * on the evening previous to sailing, if they so desire.*

Rates of Passage from Montreal, via Halifax:

Cabin $67, $78 and $88.00. (*According to accommodation.*)

Intermediate $45.00.

Steerage $31.00.

Rates of Passage from Montreal via Boston:

Cabin $58, $78 and $88.00. (*According to accommodation.*)

Intermediate $45.00.

Steerage $31.00.

The SS. NEWFOUNDLAND is intended to perform a Winter Service between Halifax, and St. Johns, N. F. as follows, connecting with steamships leaving Liverpool for Halifax, on January 20, February 3 and 17, March 3, 17 and 31:—

FROM HALIFAX.

Tuesday, February 1 and 15, March 1, 15 and 29. April 12.

FROM ST. JOHNS.

Monday, February 7 and 21, March 7 and 21, April 4 and 18.

RATES OF PASSAGE BETWEEN HALIFAX AND ST. JOHNS:

Cabin $20.00 | Intermediate $15.00. Steerage $6.00.

GLASGOW LINE.

During the season of Winter Navigation a Steamer will be despatched each week from Glasgow for Boston (via Halifax when occasion requires), and each week from Boston for Glasgow direct.

FROM GLASGOW.

SCANDINAVIAN January 31

PRUSSIAN February 7

WALDENSIAN " 14

AUSTRIAN " 21

FROM BOSTON.

WALDENSIAN February 25

AUSTRIAN March 4

Through Bills Lading granted in Liverpool, and Glasgow and at all Continental ports, to all Points in the United States and Canada, and from all Stations in Canada and the United States to Liverpool and Glasgow.

VIA BOSTON OR HALIFAX.

Connections by the Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Railways via Halifax; and by the Central Vermont and Grand Trunk Railways (National Despatch), and by the Boston and Albany, New York Central and Great Western Railways (Merchants' Despatch,) via Boston.

Through Rates and through Bills of Lading for East-bound Traffic, can be obtained from any of the Agents of the above-named Railways.

For Freight, passage or other information, apply to JOHN M. CURRIE, 21 Quai d'Orleans Havre; ALEXANDER HUNTER, 7 Rue Scribe, Paris; AUG. SCHMITZ & Co., or RICHARD BERNS, Antwerp; RUYS & Co. Rotterdam; C. HUGO, Hamburg; JAMES MOSS & Co., Bordeaux; HEINR. RUPPEL & SONS, Bremen; CHARLEY & MALCOLM, Belfast; MONTGOMERIE & WORKMAN 17 Gracechurch street, London; JAMES & ALEX. ALLAN, 70 Great Clyde street, Glasgow; ALLAN BROTHERS, James street, Liverpool; ALLANS, RAE & Co., Quebec; ALLAN & Co., 72 La Salle street, Chicago; H. BOURLIER, Toronto; LEVE & ALDEN, 207 Broadway, New York, and 5 State street, Boston, or to

H. & A. ALLAN, 80 State Street, Boston, and 25 Common Street, Montreal.

February 1 182

WHITE STAR LINE.

Calling at Cork Harbor, Ireland.

CARRYING BRITISH AND AMERICAN MAILS.

PROVIDED WITH EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.

Sailing between NEW YORK and LIVERPOOL, *via* Queenstown, are appointed to leave as follows:—

GERMANIC Feb. 19, at 8.30 a.m.

CELTIC " 24, at 2.00 p.m.

ADRIATIC Mar. 3, at 7.00 a.m.

BRITANNIC " 12, at 2.30 p.m.

BALTIC " 17, at 6.00 a.m.

GERMANIC " 26, at 2.30 p.m.

SALOON PASSAGE.

New York to Liverpool and Queenstown, $60, $80 and $100 gold. Return Tickets, $110, $145 and $175 gold. Tickets to London, $7, and to Paris, $20, gold, additional. Children between one and twelve years, half-price. Infants free. Servants, $50.

THESE STEAMERS DO NOT CARRY CATTLE SHEEP OR PIGS.

STEERAGE PASSAGE.

From Montreal to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Glasgow, Belfast, Bristol, Cardiff, $31. To Montreal from above places, $31 prepaid.

Passengers taking the "White Star Steamers," as a rule, arrive in London in 9½ days from New York.

Passengers booked, *via* Liverpool, to all parts of Europe at moderate rates.

For further information and passage, apply to R. J. CORTIS Agent, 37 Broadway, New York. Or to

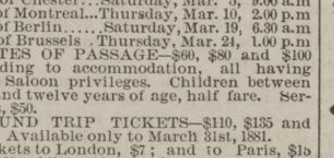
B. J. COGHLIN, SOLE AGENT, 26 St. Sulpice Street, Montreal.

January 6 114

INMAN LINE.

SAILINGS, 1881,

From NEW YORK *via* QUEENSTOWN to LIVERPOOL, Carrying the United States Mails,



PROPOSED SAILINGS.

City of Brussels Thursday, Feb. 17, 7.00 a.m

City of Richmond Saturday, Feb. 26, 3.00 p.m

City of Chester Saturday, Mar. 5, 9.00 a.m

City of Montreal Thursday, Mar. 10, 2.00 p.m

City of Berlin Saturday, Mar. 19, 6.30 a.m

City of Brussels Thursday, Mar. 24, 1.00 p.m

RATES OF PASSAGE—$60, $80 and $100 according to accommodation, all having equal Saloon privileges. Children between two and twelve years of age, half fare. Servants, $50.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS—$110, $135 and $160. Available only to March 31st, 1881.

Tickets to London, $7; and to Paris, $15 and $20 additional, according to route selected.

STEERAGE (including Railroad Fare between Montreal and New York), $31.00.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Company's Offices 31 and 33 Broadway, New York.

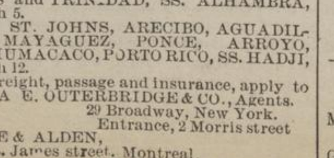
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 31 and 33 Broadway, N.Y.

Or to J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 354 St. Paul street.

Or C. C. McFALL, 143 St. James street, Agents in Montreal

10

Bermuda, West Indies and Porto Rico



QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

For BERMUDA, SS FLAMBOROUGH February 24.

For MARTINIQUE, ST. LUCIA, BARBADOES and TRINIDAD, SS. ALHAMBRA, March 5.

For ST. JOHNS, ARECIBO, AGUADILLA, MAYAGUEZ, PONCE, ARROYO, and HUMACAO, PORTO RICO, SS. HADJI, March 12.

For freight, passage and insurance, apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, 29 Broadway, New York, Entrance, 2 Morris street

EVE & ALDEN, St. James street, Montreal.

J. W. MOORE, Manager, Quebec.

February 19 27

Steamship Notices.

DOMINION LINE OF STEAMSHIPS

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada

	Tons.		Tons
Montreal	3,284	Toronto	3,284
Dominion	3,176	Ontario	3,176
Texas	2,700	Teutonia	2,700
Quebec	2,700	Ottawa	3,850
Mississippi	2,680	Sarnia (build'g)	3,850
St. Louis	2,000	Canada (build'g)	3,850
Brooklyn	3,600		

DATE OF SAILING.

Steamers will sail as follows:

FROM PORTLAND FOR LIVERPOOL.

BROOKLYN 25th Feb.

ONTARIO 11th Mar.

TORONTO 25th Mar.

FOR GLASGOW

QUEBEC 4th Mar.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN—Montreal to Liverpool, $57.50; Return, $101.25.

Pre-paid Steerage Tickets issued at the lowest rates.

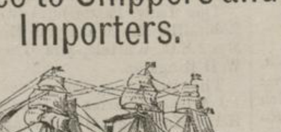
Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Offices in Canada, and Through Bills of Lading are granted to and from all parts of Canada.

For Freight or Passage, apply in London, to Bowering, Jamieson & Co., 17 East India Avenue; in Liverpool, to Flinn, Main & Montgomery, 24 James' Street; in Quebec, to W. M. Macpherson; at all Grand Trunk Railway Offices; or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., Exchange Court.

January 22 89

Notice to Shippers and Importers.



Winter Steamship Service via Portland, in conection with the GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

The Canada Shipp'g Co | The Dominion SS Co. Beaver Line. | Dominion Line.

Will perform a weekly service between Liverpool and Portland during the ensuing winter, with the following first-class Clyde-Built Steamships, leaving Liverpool on Thursday and Portland on Friday in each week:—

Beaver Line.	Tons.	Dominion Line.	Tons.
Lake Winnipeg	3,300	Brooklyn	3,600
Lake Manitoba	3,300	Ontario	3,176
Lake Champlain	2,300	Toronto	3,284

APPOINTED SAILINGS:

BEAVER LINE.

LAKE MANITOBA March 4

LAKE NEPIGON March 18

LAKE WINNIPEG April 1

PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.

DOMINION LINE.

BROOKLYN Feb. 25

ONTARIO March 11

TORONTO March 25

FOR GLASOW.

QUEBEC March 4

LAKE CHAMPLAIN April 1

These Steamships are all of large carrying capacity, will insure at the current rates, and have superior accommodation for passengers.

Through Bills Lading issued by all Grand Trunk Railway Agents in Canada.

Apply in Liverpool to H. J. SELKIRK, Manager Canada Shipping Company, Beaver Line; FLYNN, MAIN & MONTGOMERY, Dominion Line; and in Montreal to THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co., 1 Custom House Square, Agents Canada Shipping Co., and DAVID TORRANCE & Co., Exchange Court, Agent Dominion Company.

February 24 271

CUNARD LINE.

LANE ROUTE.

The Cunard Steamship Company (Limited) between NEW YORK and LIVERPOOL, calling at CORK HARBOUR.

FROM PIER 40 N. R., NEW YORK.

HECLA Wednesday, Feb. 23, 1881

GALLIA Wednesday, Mar, 2, "

SCYTHIA Wednesday, Mar. 9, "

PARTHIA Wednesday, Mar. 16, "

BOTHNIA Wednesday, Mar. 23, "

MARATHON Wednesday, Mar. 30, "

ALGERIA Wednesday, April. 6, "

SCYTHIA Wednesday, April 13 "

And every following Wednesday from New York.

RATES OF PASSAGE—$60, $80 and $100, according to accommodation.

Tickets to Paris, $15, additional.

Return tickets on favourable terms.

Steerage at very low rates. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other Ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean Ports.

For Freight and Passage, apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling Green.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO.

Or to THOS. WILSON, 5 St. Francois Xavier street.

January 6 8

STATE LINE

Passenger Steamships

SAIL EVERY THURSDAY,

New York to Glasgow, Liverpool, Queenstown, Belfast, Londonderry or Bristol.

Splendid new Steamers, with unexcelled passenger accommodation. This Company has just added to their fleet two new and powerful steamers, which will ply regularly between New York and Europe. Prices are lower than by any other first-class line.

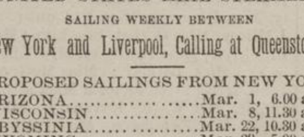
The Second Cabin accommodations offer superior facilities for travellers of moderate means. Everything is supplied, and passengers are made thoroughly comfortable.

Steerage at lowest rates, both to and from Europe. Apply, for pamphlet of information and sailing lists, to

G. H. PATTERSON, Agent, 177 ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal.

Or to, AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., General Agents, 53 Broadway, New York.

December 7 292



"GUION LINE."

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS,

SAILING WEEKLY BETWEEN

New York and Liverpool, Calling at Queenstown.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK

ARIZONA Mar. 1, 6.00 a.m.

WISCONSIN Mar. 8, 11.30 a.m.

ABYSSINIA Mar. 22, 10.30 a.m.

WYOMING Mar. 29, 5.00 a.m.

These Steamers are built of iron, in water-tight compartments, and are furnished with every requisite to make the passage across the Atlantic both safe and agreeable, having Bath-room, Smoking-room, Drawing-room, Piano and Library; also, experienced Surgeon, Stewardess and Caterer on each steamer. The State-rooms are all upper deck, thus insuring those greatest of all luxuries at sea, perfect ventilation and light.

CABIN PASSAGE,

$60, $80, and $100, according to location, &c.

INTERMEDIATE.

This is a class that affords people of moderate means a respectable way of travelling. Beds, Bedding, Wash-basins, &c., together with good food, separate Dining-room from either Cabin or Steerage being provided. Passage, $40 single; $80 round trip.

Steerage Passage at Low Rates.

Apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, New York,

Or to J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 354 St. Paul street, Montreal

December 29 334

PHOSPHATE LANDS FOR SALE,

One Thousand Acres of PHOSPHATE LANDS

In the Townships of Wakefield and Templeton, County of Ottawa, within a short distance of the Macadamised Road and Ottawa River.

The above Lands have been examined by one of the most experienced men in the Dominion, and pronounced them unequalled in that County.

All information respecting said Lands to be addressed to the undersigned at Ottawa

E. McGILLIVRAY;

Or JACKSON REA, Montreal.

June 16 134

A Rare Chance

For persons desirous of possessing a Country Villa. Lots for sale at only six miles from the city, in the best locality of Sault-au-Recollet, adjoining the "Sacred Heart." Price only 5c, 4c, and 3c a foot. Terms most liberal. For further particulars apply on the premises to

L. N. F. ROY, Sault-au-Recollet,

Or to R. CAMPBELL NELLES, 210 St. James Street.

CHARLOTTETOWN P. E. I.

REVERE HOUSE

Mrs. McNEILL - - - Proprietress

First-class Commercial and Private Hotel Good Sample Rooms, and convenient to cars and steamboats.

January 30 v1

DOMINION EXHIBITION, 1880.

HIGHEST AWARD.

DIPLOMA AND FIRST PRIZE FOR OUR CELEBRATED

WROUGHT IRON COOKING RANGE

For Hotel and Family Use.

BROILERS, OYSTER RANGES, CAKE GRIDDLERS, BAKING OVENS, &c., &c.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

BURNS & GORMLEY, Manufacturers, 675 Craig Street.

November 23 3m 247

Railway Notices.

CENTRAL VERMONT AIR LINE.

Old Reliable Short Route.

Three Express Trains Daily, equipped with Miller Platform and Westinghouse Air Brake. Sleeping Cars are attached to Night Trains between Montreal and Boston and Springfield, and New York *via* Troy, and Parlor Cars to Day Express between Montreal and Boston.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL.

8.30 a.m., Day Express for Concord, Manchester, Nashua, Lowell and Boston.

For Waterloo, 8.30 a.m.

For Waterloo and Magog, 3.20 p.m.

3.20 p.m., Night Express for New York *via* Troy, arrive at New York at 6.45 a.m. next morning.

6.30 p.m., Night Express for Boston *via* Lowell, and New York *via* Springfield.

GOING NORTH

Day Express leaves Boston, *via* Lowell at 8.30 a.m., *via* Fitchburgh at 8.00 a.m., Troy at 7.40 a.m., arriving in Montreal at 8.45 p.m.

Night Express leaves Boston at 7.00 p.m., *via* Lowell, and 6 p.m., *via* Fitchburgh, and New York at 4 p.m., *via* Springfield, arriving in Montreal at 8.45 a.m.

Night Express leaves New York *via* Troy at 8.30 p.m., arriving in Montreal at 11.50 a.m.

For Tickets and Freight Rates, apply at Central Vermont Railroad Office, 136 St. James Street.

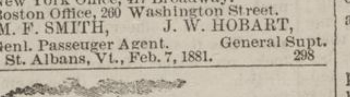
WM. B. VIALL, Canadian Passenger Agent.

New York Office, 417 Broadway.

Boston Office, 260 Washington Street.

WM. F. SMITH, Genl. Passeuger Agent. J. W. HOBART, General Supt.

St. Albans, Vt., Feb. 7, 1881. 298



Q., M., O. & O. RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

COMMENCING ON

Thursday, Dec. 23rd, 1880,

Trains will be run as follows:—

	Mixed.	Mail.	Express.
Leave Hochelaga for Ottawa	1.00 am	8.30 am	5.15 pm
Arrive at Ottawa	11.30 am	1.10 pm	9.55 pm
Leave Ottawa for Hochelaga	12.10 am	8.10 am	4.55 pm
Arrive at Hoch'laga	10.30 am	12.50 pm	9.35 pm
Leave Hochelaga for Quebec	6.00 am	3.00 pm	10.00 pm
Arrive at Quebec	8.00 am	9.55 pm	6.30 am
Leave Quebec for Hochelaga	5.30 pm	10.10 am	10.00 pm
Arrive at Hoch'laga	8.00 am	5.00 pm	6.30 am
Leave Hochelaga for St. Jerome	5.30 pm		
Arrive at St. Jerome	7.15 pm		
Leave St. Jerome for Hochelaga	6.45 am		
Arrive at Hoch'laga	9.00 am		
Leave Hochelaga for Joliette	5.00 pm		
Arrive at Joliette	7.25 pm		
Leave Joliette for Hochelaga	6.00 am		
Arrive at Hochelaga	8.20 am		

(Local Trains between Hull and Aylmer.)

Trains leave Mile-End Station seven minutes later.

Magnificent Palace Cars on all Passenger Trains and Elegant Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Trains to and from Ottawa connect with Trains to and from Quebec.

Sunday Trains leave Montreal and Quebec at 4 p.m.

All Trains Run by Montreal Time.

GENERAL OFFICE, 13 Place d'Armes.

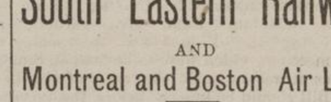
TICKET OFFICES:

13 Place d'Armes, 202 St. James Street, } MONTREAL.

Opposite St. Louis Hotel, QUEBEC.

L. A. SENECAL, General Superintendent.

December 25 296



South Eastern Railway

AND

Montreal and Boston Air Line

THE DIRECT AND BEST ROUTE TO

Concord, Manchester, Nashua, Lowell, Worcester, Providence, Boston

and all points in NEW ENGLAND, also to the EASTERN TOWNSHIPS.

The most comfortable and elaborate Sleeping Cars run on the night trains that enter Bonaventure Station.

Parlor Cars on Day Express.

ALL CARS AND TRAINS run between Bonaventure Station, Montreal, and Boston WITHOUT CHANGE. Baggage checked through to all principal points in NEW ENGLAND.

BAGGAGE PASSED BY THE CUSTOMS AT BONAVENTURE STATION, thus saving all trouble to Passengers at the Boundary Line.

Day Express leaves Bonaventure Station at 8.30 a.m. Night Express leaves at 5.30 p.m.

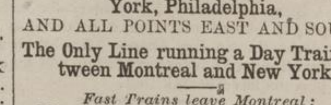
Day Express arrives at same Station from NEW ENGLAND and the TOWNSHIPS at 9.05 p.m. Night Express at 9.15 a.m.

For Tickets, apply to 202 St. James street, Windsor Hotel and Bonaventure Station.

H. P. ALDEN, Supt. Traffic. GUSTAVE LEVE, Passenger Agent.

BRADLEY BARLOW, President and General-Manager.

December 6 272



Delaware & Hudson Co's Railroads

The Saratoga Line

—TO—

Saratoga, Troy, Albany, Boston, New York, Philadelphia,

AND ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

The Only Line running a Day Train between Montreal and New York.

Fast Trains leave Montreal:

8.30 a.m.—Day Express, for Saratoga, Troy and Albany, arriving in New York at 10.00 p.m.

3.20 p.m.—Night Express—Wagner's Elegant Sleeping Car run through to New York without change, arriving in New York at 6.45 a.m next morning. This Train makes close connection at Troy and Albany with Sleeping Car Train for Boston, arriving at 9.20 a.m.

New York Through Mails and Express arrive *via* this Line.

Information given, and Tickets sold, at all Grand Trunk Offices, and at the Company's Office.

143 ST JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

D. M. KENDRICK, General Pass'r Agent, Albany, N. Y. CHAS. C. McFALL, Agent Montreal

June 19, 1880 27

FOR SALE,

"PREMIER."

Imported Clydesdale Stallion, Foaled 3rd March, 1872, Sire Mr. H. Drews' celebrated horse

"*PRINCE OF WALES*,"

Dam "BOTTERICK MAGGIE,

Winner of the First Prize as a two-year-old at the Highland Society's Show in Edinburgh. "Premier" took first prize in Quebec.

DAWES & CO., LACHINE.

January 14 D&W 12

WILLIAM DOW & CO.

Brewers and Maltsters.

Superior Pale and Brown Malt; India Pale and other Ales, Extra Double and single Stout, in wood and bottle.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED.

The following bottlers only are authorized to use our labels, viz.:

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Have always on hand the various kinds of

ALE AND PORTER, IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.

FAMILIES REGULARLY SUPPLIED

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL VITALITY AND COLOR.

IT is a most agreeable dressing, which is at once harmless and effectual, for preserving the hair. It restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray, light, and red hair, to a rich brown, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use thin hair is thickened, and baldness often though not always cured. It checks falling of the hair immediately, and causes a new growth in all cases where the glands are not decayed; while to brashy, weak, or otherwise diseased hair, it imparts vitality and strength, and renders it pliable.

The VIGOR cleanses the scalp, cures and prevents the formation of dandruff; and, by its cooling, stimulating, and soothing properties, it heals most if not all of the humors and diseases peculiar to the scalp, keeping it cool, clean, and soft, under which conditions diseases of the scalp and hair are impossible.

As a Dressing for Ladies' Hair

The VIGOR is incomparable. It is colorless, contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil white cambric. It imparts an agreeable and lasting perfume, and as an article for the toilet it is economical and unsurpassed in its excellence.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

LYMAN, SONS & CO., Montreal, Wholesale Agents.

PEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC rouses and developes the nervous energies, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels languor and depression, fortifies the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, ague, indigestion, fevers of every kind, chest affections, and in wasting diseases, scrofulous tendencies, &c. The whole frame is greatly invigorated by Pepper's Tonic, the mental faculties brightened, the constitution greatly strengthened, and a return to robust health certain. Bottles, 32 doses, 4s 6d; next size, 11s. Sold by Chemists everywhere. The name of J. Pepper, Bedford Laboratory, London, must be on the label. There is no Tonic so certain in effect as Pepper's Quinine and Iron. It is strongly recommended to residents of India and the Colonies, and should always be kept ready for use in every case of fever or febrile condition.

PEPPER'S QUININE AND IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, recruits the health. For debilitated health from the effect of hot climates this tonic is invaluable.

TARAXACUM AND PODOPHYLLIN.—Prepared only by J. Pepper, London. This Fluid combination, extracted from medicinal roots, is now used instead of blue pill and calomel for the cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, and all symptoms of congestion of the liver, which are generally pain beneath the shoulders, head-ache, drowsiness, no appetite, furred tongue, disagreeable taste in the morning, giddiness, disturbance of the stomach, and feelings of general depression. It sets the sluggish liver in motion, very slightly acts on the bowels, giving a sense of health and comfort in 24 hours. It is the safest medicine. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is a fluid made only by J. PEPPER, Bedford Laboratory, London, whose name is on every label. Bottles, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. Sold by all Chemists. A most valuable and essential medicine for India, Australia, the Cape, and Colonies generally.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR RESTORER is the best for restoring grey hair to its former colour. It produces a perfectly natural shade, and is absolutely harmless. Lockyer's Sulphur Hair Restorer, for destroying scurf and encouraging growth of new hair.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR RESTORER will darken grey hair, and in a few days completely bring back the natural color. The effect is superior to that produced by an instantaneous dye, and does not injure the skin. Large bottles, 1s. 6d.—Lockyer's is equal to the most expensive hair restorer.

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Lockyer's is equal to any of the high-priced preparations.

LIVER COMPLAINT

DR. KING'S DANDELION AND QUININE LIVER PILLS (without Mercury.)

The BEST REMEDY for BILIOUSNESS, STOMACH DERANGEMENT, FLATULENCE, PAINS BETWEEN THE SHOULDERS, BAD APPETITE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, HEADACHE, HEARTBURN, and all other symptoms of disordered liver and dyspepsia. Acknowledged by many eminent surgeons to be the safest and mildest pills for every constitution.

In boxes at 1s 1½d, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d.

Sold by Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world.

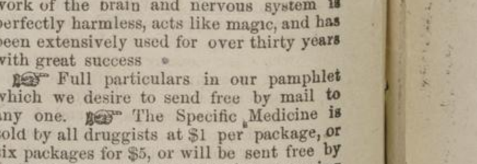
Prepared by Ja. Rorke, London.

Specially valuable Pills for residents abroad and travellers.

February 6 12

Gray's Specific Medicine

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.



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December 17 D W 5

THE INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY AND STEAM NAVIGATION

GUIDE,

Published Semi-Monthly, containing the TIME TABLES AND MAPS of all CANADIAN and the principal AMERICAN RAILWAY and STEAM NAVIGATION LINES.

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CANADA, Province of Quebec, District of Montreal.—In the Superior Court.—No. 361.—Thomas Davidson, of the City and District of Montreal, Broker, Plaintiff, vs. Dame Antonia Winteler, of the same place, wife of the said plaintiff, Defendant.—An action in separation as to property and bed and board hath this day been instituted in this cause against the said defendant.—Montreal, 2nd February, 1881.—ABBOTT, TAIT, WOTHERSPOON & ABBOTTS Attorneys for Plaintiff. 29

THE MONTREAL HERALD

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE, Printed and Published by the MONTREAL HERALD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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